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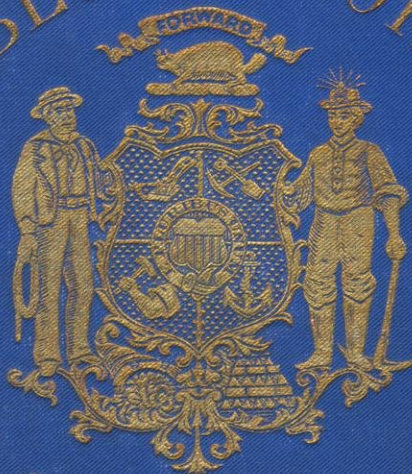
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BLUE BOOK



WISCONSIN 1905

Library
of the
University of Wisconsin







THE
BLUE BOOK

OF THE
STATE OF WISCONSIN

COMPILED AND PUBLISHED UNDER
THE DIRECTION OF

HALFORD ERICKSON
Commissioner of Labor and Industrial Statistics

J. D. BECK, Deputy.



MADISON
DEMOCRAT PRINTING Co., STATE PRINTER
1905

INTRODUCTION.

In accordance with chapter 405 of the laws of 1901, the thirty-third volume of the Wisconsin official Blue Book is herewith presented. The information herein contained has been taken from official sources and great care has been exercised to secure accuracy and eliminate errors as far as it is possible to do so in compiling a book of this kind. All of the old material which the law requires to be published in each succeeding edition remains unchanged, except that it has been brought up to date, February 1st, 1905, or later.

The increase in the size of each succeeding volume caused by the necessary additions to those parts of the Blue Book which the law provides shall be published has made it advisable not to add any new features to this edition. For this reason and because no later material can be obtained on the subject than for the year 1900, the statistics of agriculture and manufacture which appeared in the Blue Book of two years ago have been omitted, but the statistics of population have been carried forward into this volume.

In addition to the regular election statistics of state and national officers, the vote by counties on the constitutional amendment which should have appeared in the 1903 edition, but was omitted by oversight, is presented in this volume. The vote on the Primary Election law is also herein contained, and is given by counties, towns and voting districts. The vote for president is based upon the highest vote cast for any one of the electors.

On account of the great expense incurred in inserting the pictures of state institutions in former editions, they were omitted in 1903. But the sentiment of the people of the state seems to be in favor of their insertion, hence their re-appearance in this volume, but in a different form from that in former editions, and at a greatly reduced cost to the state. Heretofore the pictures have been printed on inserts and pasted in the Blue Book. In the present volume they are printed in on the same kind of paper and in the same manner as the other material, at very little additional expense.

In addition to this, the usual statistics relating to taxes, state finances, banks, schools, Grand Army of the Republic, the state militia, etc., are continued.

The diagrams of the senate and assembly chambers which the law requires to be inserted in the Blue Book have been omitted in the present volume, because the quarters used by the last legislature were only temporary and to incur the expense of making plates for other than permanent chambers was deemed inadvisable.

J. D. BECK,
Commissioner of Statistics.



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PART I.

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DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

UNANIMOUSLY PASSED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE THIRTEEN UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, JULY 4, 1776.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having, in direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people unless these people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only. He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures. He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly for opposing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people. He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise, the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the danger of invasion from without and convulsions within. He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their emigration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands. He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers. He

has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and the amount and payment of their salaries. He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance. He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislature. He has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power. He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us; for protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States; for cutting off our trade with all parts of the world; for imposing taxes on us without our consent; for depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury. For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences. For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies; for taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the powers of our governments; for suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us. He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coast, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. He is at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands. He has excited domestic insurrections among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes, and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts made by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war—in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connections between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as free and independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which independent States may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

(Signed)

JOHN HANCOCK.

And by the delegates from New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Connecticut, Rhode Island, &c., New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The house of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of *New Hampshire* shall be entitled to choose three, *Massachusetts* eight, *Rhode Island and Providence Plantations* one, *Connecticut* five, *New York* six, *New Jersey* four, *Pennsylvania* eight, *Delaware* one, *Maryland* six, *Virginia* ten, *North Carolina* five, *South Carolina* five, *Georgia* three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess

of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore* in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECTION 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECTION 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECTION 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall like-

wise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it unless the Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes;

To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECTION 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

SECTION 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural-born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress such information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made

or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact; with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States, or part of States, without the consent of the legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of

the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges of every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same. Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.

JOHN LANGDON.
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

Connecticut.

WM. SAM'L. JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN.

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON,

New Jersey.

WIL. LIVINGSTON,
DAVID BREARLY,
WM. PATERSON,
JONA DAYTON.

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBERT MORRIS,
GEO. CLYMER,
THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Delaware.

GEO. READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, Jun'r,
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO. BROOM.

Maryland.

JAMES MCHENRY,
DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER,
DANL. CARROLL.

Virginia.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, Jun'r,
North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT,
RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT,
HU. WILLIAMSON.

South Carolina.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CH'S COATESWORTH PINCKNEY,
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

Georgia.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

Attest: WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*

AMENDMENTS.

[The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the first Congress of the United States, which was begun and held at the city of New York, on the 4th of March, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.—I vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72.]

The preamble and resolution following, preceded the original proposition of the amendments, and, as they have been supposed by a high equity judge (8 Wendell's reports, p. 100) to have an important bearing on the construction of those amendments, they are here inserted. They will be found in the journals of the first session of the first Congress.]

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, begun and held at the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a number of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution,—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property,

without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the vote shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECTION 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SECTION 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SECTION 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECTION 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

HISTORY OF THE AMENDMENTS.

Twelve amendments were proposed by Congress, September 25, 1789, the last ten of which were adopted, and they are the first ten as given above. They were proclaimed in force, December 15, 1791.

The rejected Articles were as follows:

I. After the first enumeration required by the First Article of the Constitution, there shall be one representative for every 30,000 persons, until the number shall amount to one hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than one hundred Representatives nor more than one for every 40,000 persons, until the number shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every 50,000 persons.

II. No law varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives shall take effect until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

The twelve proposed amendments were acted upon as follows: All ratified by Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia—7.

All excepting Art. I ratified by Delaware—1.

All excepting Art. II ratified by Pennsylvania—1.

All excepting Arts. I and II ratified by New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island—3.

All rejected by Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts—3.

Article XI was proposed by Congress March 12, 1794, and declared in force January 8, 1798.

Article XII was proposed in the first session of the Eighth Congress and declared in force September 25, 1804.

Article XIII was proposed by Congress February 1, 1865, and declared in force December 18, 1865.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—34.

Ratified conditionally by Alabama and Mississippi. Rejected by Delaware and Kentucky—2.

Article XIV was proposed by Congress June 13, 1866, and declared in force July 28, 1868.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—33.

Of the above, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia first rejected the amendment but finally ratified it. New Jersey and Ohio rescinded their ratification.

No final action was taken by California—1.

Rejected by Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland—3.

Article XV was proposed by Congress February 23, 1869, and declared in force March 30, 1870.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota,

Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin—30.

Of the above Georgia and Ohio first rejected but finally ratified. New York rescinded her ratification. The amendment was rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Oregon—6.

No final action was taken by Tennessee—1.

HISTORICAL OUTLINE OF THE ADMIS- SION OF WISCONSIN TO THE UNION.

[By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary and Superintendent of State Historical Society of Wisconsin.]

Previous to the fall of New France (1763), what is now Wisconsin was held by the French, who had several military posts within its borders—the chief among them, at Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, and on Lake Pepin. Upon the assumption of British control, the country northwest of the River Ohio (including the present Wisconsin) was made a part of the Province of Quebec; but by the treaty of peace consequent upon the successful issue of the Revolution (1783), the country became a part of the United States. There were, at first, claims by tide-water States to some of the land in the then Northwest, but eventually these were abandoned, and the district became national domain. By the famous Ordinance of 1787, the trans-Ohio country was erected into the Northwest Territory; the ordinance provided for the ultimate establishment from this Territory, of five States. The story of how Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and Illinois were in due course of time detached, will be found set forth in detail in the article on "The Boundaries of Wisconsin," in *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, Vol. XI.

The country west of Lake Michigan and north of the Illinois line, became in course of time, a part of Michigan Territory. But the great distance from Detroit, at a time when there were no railways or telegraphs, was such as to render the exercise of civil government here, almost impracticable. Hence, after much complaint and recrimination, Congress was, in 1836, induced to erect Wisconsin Territory—the name being derived from its principal river. It is an Indian name, the exact meaning of which is unknown; popular writers are fond of telling us that it signifies "gathering of the waters," or "meeting of the waters"—but there is no warrant for this. The earliest-known French form of the word, is "Misconsing," which gradually became crystallized into "Ouisconsin." When the English language became dominant, it was necessary to change the spelling in order to preserve the sound; it thus, at first, became "Wiskonsan," or "Wiskonsin," but finally, by official action, "Wisconsin." The "k" was, however, rather strenuously insisted on by Governor Doty and many newspaper editors, in the days of the Territory.

Preliminary Agitation.—Some of the people of Wisconsin were not long content with a Territorial government. The Territory was only two years old, when a bill was introduced in Congress for a State government, but the attempt proved abortive. In 1841, Governor Doty, the leader in the movement, had the question put to popular vote, 92 voting for, and 499 against it; in 1842, there was still another vote,—ayes 619, nays 1,821; in 1843, a third attempt was defeated in the Territorial Council; and in 1845, still another met defeat in the House.

But at last, after ten years of Territorial existence, popular sentiment had been educated to a general desire for Statehood. Accordingly, Morgan L. Martin, of Green Bay, then the Territorial representative in Congress, gave notice in the House of Representatives (January 9, 1846), "of a motion for leave to introduce a bill to enable the people of Wisconsin to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union." He followed this (January 13) by the introduction of a bill to that effect; the measure was approved by President Polk, August 10.

Meanwhile, the Council and House of Wisconsin Territory had favorably voted on the proposition, and took time by the forelock by discussing some of the principal features of the proposed State constitution. This was in January and February, 1846. On the 17th of April, the question of Statehood was passed upon by the people of the Territory, the returns this time showing 12,334 votes for, and 2,487 against. August 1, Governor Dodge issued a proclamation calling a convention for the drafting of a constitution, and apportioning 124 delegates to the various counties; these delegates were elected September 7.

First Constitutional Convention.—The convention was in session in the Territorial capitol at Madison, between October 5 and December 16, 1846. Don A. J. Upham was president, and Lafayette Kellogg secretary. The membership was as follows:

Brown—David Agry, Henry S. Baird.

Calumet—Lemuel Goodell.

Columbia—Jeremiah Drake, La Fayette Hill.

Crawford—Peter A. R. Brace.

Dane—John Y. Smith, Abel Dunning, Benjamin Fuller, George B. Smith, Nathaniel F. Hyer, John M. Babcock.

Dodge—William M. Dennis, Stoddard Judd, Hiram Barber, Benjamin Granger, Horace D. Patch, John H. Manahan.

Fond du Lac—Warren Chase, Lorenzo Hazen, Moses S. Gibson.¹

Grant—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Lorenzo Bevens, Neeley Gray, J. Allen Barber, James Gilmore, Franklin Z. Hicks, Daniel R. Burt, James R. Vineyard.

Green—Davis Bowen, Noah Phelps, William C. Green, Hiram Brown.

Iowa—William R. Smith, Moses M. Strong, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Jenkins, William J. Madden, Ninian E. Whitesides, Joshua L. White, Thomas James, Andrew Burnside, Moses Meeker, Elihu B. Goodsell.

Jefferson—Patrick Rogan, Theodore Prentiss, Aaron Rankin, Elihu L. Atwood, Samuel T. Clothier, Peter H. Turner, George Hyer.

La Pointe—James P. Hayes.

Marquette—Samuel W. Beall.

Manitowoc—Evander M. Soper.

Milwaukee—Don A. J. Upham, Franz Hübschmann, Wallace W. Graham, Garrett Vilet, John Crawford, Asa Kinney, Garrett M. Fitzgerald, John Cooper, John H. Tweedy, James Magone, Horace Chase, Charles E. Browne.

Portage—Henry C. Goodrich.

Racine—Edward G. Ryan, Marshall M. Strong, Frederick S. Lovell, Elijah Steele, Stephen O. Bennett, Nathaniel Dickinson, Daniel Harkin, Chauncey Kellogg, Haynes French, Chatfield H. Parsons, Victor M. Willard, James H. Hall, James B. Carter, T. S. Stockwell.¹

Rock—A. Hyatt Smith, David Noggle, Sanford P. Hammond, James Chamberlain, Joseph S. Pierce, George B. Hall, David L. Mills, John Hackett, Joseph Kinney, Jr., Israel Inman, Jr.

Richland—Edward Coumbe.

Sauk—William H. Clark.

St. Croix—William Holcombe.

Sheboygan—David Giddings.

Washington—Bostwick O'Connor, Edward H. Janssen, Patrick Toland, Charles J. Kern, Hopewell Coxe, Joel F. Wilson.

Waukesha—Andrew E. Elmore, Pitts Ellis, George Reed, Elisha W. Edgerton, Rufus Parks, William R. Hesk, Barnes, Babcock, Charles Burchard,² James M. Moore, Benjamin Hunkins, Alexander W. Randall.

Walworth—Salmous Wakeley, Joseph Bowker, Charles M. Baker, John W. Boyd, William Bell, Lyman H. Seaver, Sewall Smith, Josiah Topping, William Berry, M. T. Hawes.¹

Winnebago—James Duane Doty.

The convention, as above constituted, was an able body of thoroughly repre-

¹This member never took his seat.

²Seat unsuccessfully contested by Matthias J. Bovee.

sentative men, of whom 42 were natives of New York State, 29 of New England, and 12 of foreign birth; 69 of them were farmers, and 26 lawyers. The oldest man was 65 years, and the youngest 23. The speeches, as recorded in the newspapers of the day, were of an exceptionally high order of excellence. The constitution which these men framed was submitted to popular vote, April 5, 1847, the result being 14,119 ayes and 20,231 nays. The contest over the document had been of an exciting nature; the defeat was owing to differences of opinion upon the article relating to the rights of married women, the article on exemptions, and those on banks, the elective judiciary, and the numerical size of the legislature.

Second Constitutional Convention. As soon as practicable, Governor Dodge (Sept. 27, 1847) called a special session of the legislature, which convened at Madison October 18, and made provisions for a second constitutional convention, with 69 members. Most of the members of the first convention declined reelection to the second; six alone were returned—Messrs. S. W. Beall, Warren Chase, Stoddard Judd, Theodore Prentiss, Garret M. Fitzgerald, and Frederick S. Lovell. The membership was as follows, Morgan L. Martin being president, and Thomas McHugh secretary:

Brown—Morgan L. Martin.

Calumet—G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

Chippewa and Crawford—Daniel G. Fenton.

Columbia—James T. Lewis.

Dane—Charles M. Nichols, William A. Wheeler, William H. Fox.

Dodge—Stoddard Judd, Samuel W. Lyman, Charles H. Larrabee.

Fond du Lac—Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase.

Grant—George W. Lakin, John H. Rountree, Alexander D. Ramsay, Orsamus Cole,¹ William Richardson.

Green—James Biggs, William McDowell.

Iowa—Stephen P. Hollenbeck, Charles Bishop, Joseph Ward.

Jefferson—Theodore Prentiss, Milo Jones, Abram Vanderpool, Jonas Folts.

La Fayette—Charles Dunn, Allen Warden, John O'Connor.

Marquette and Winnebago—Harrison Reed.

Milwaukee—Byron Kilbourn, Rufus King, Charles H. Larkin, John L. Doran, Garrett M. Fitzgerald, Moritz Schöffler, Albert Fowler.

Portage—William H. Kennedy.

Racine—Theodore Secor, Samuel R. McClellan, Horace T. Sanders, Frederick S. Lovell, Stephen A. Davenport, Andrew B. Jackson, Albert G. Cole, James D. Reymert.

Rock—Almerin M. Carter, Ezra A. Foot, Edward V. Whiton, Paul Crandall, Joseph Colley, Louis P. Harvey.

St. Croix—George W. Brownell.

Sheboygan and Manitowoc—Silas Steadman.

Walworth—James Harrington, Augustus C. Kinnle, George Gale, Experience Estabrook, Hollis Latham, Ezra A. Mulford.

Washington—Patrick Pantony, James Fagan, Harvey G. Turner.

Waukesha—Peter D. Gifford, George Scagel, Squire S. Case, Alfred L. Castleman, Emulous P. Cotton, Eleazer Root.

The second convention, which, on the whole, was thought to represent a more conservative element than the first, was in session at Madison from December 15, 1847, to February 1, 1848. The nativity list shows that 25 were born in New York State, 24 in New England, and only 7 in foreign lands. The oldest man was 65, and the youngest 25, with an average age of about 37.

The members of both conventions were men of high standing in their respective communities; and later, many of them held prominent positions in the service of the nation and the State.

The State Admitted.—As soon as possible after the close of the convention, notice was given in Congress (February 21, 1848) by our representative, John H. Tweedy, of his intention to introduce another bill for the admission of Wisconsin into the Union. March 13, the people of the Territory voted on the new constitution, and it was adopted by 16,799 ayes and 6,384 nays. March 16, in a

special message, President Polk submitted to Congress the Wisconsin constitution, with accompanying documents. March 20, Mr. Tweedy introduced his promised bill, which on April 13 was favorably reported from the committee on territories, read first and second times, and referred to the committee of the whole. It was made special order for May 9, and "each day thereafter until disposed of;" and on the 11th was engrossed, read a third time, and passed. The Senate at once took action; May 12, the bill was there read first and second times and referred to committee on territories; a week later (May 19), the bill was concurred in, and ten days later (May 29) it was approved by the President.

The State Begins Business.—Wisconsin was thus admitted to the Union of States, by the Act of Congress approved May 29, 1848.

Upon the day of the general vote on the new constitution (March 13), the Territorial legislature adjourned *sine die*, after making full arrangements for the new government which was to succeed it; for it was well understood what the popular verdict would be.

The general election for the first State officers and the members of the first State legislature was held May 8. Upon the 7th of June, Governor Nelson Dewey and his fellow officials were sworn into office, and the legislature opened its first session. Thus the State of Wisconsin began business.

Why the "Badger" State?—In the early lead-mining days in Southwestern Wisconsin, the miners from Southern Illinois and farther south returned home every winter and came back to the diggings in the spring, thus imitating the migrations of the fish popularly called the "sucker," in the Rock, Illinois, and other south-flowing rivers of the region. For this reason, the south-winterers were jocosely called "Suckers," and Illinois became known as "The Sucker State." On the other hand, lead-miners from the Eastern States were unable to return home every winter, and at first lived in rude dug-outs—burrowing into the hill-sides after the fashion of the badger (*Taxidea americana*). These men were the first permanent settlers in the mines north of the Illinois line; and thus Wisconsin, in later days, became dubbed "The Badger State." Contrary to general belief, the badger itself is not frequently found in Wisconsin.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

[The text of the State Constitution given below follows the original certified copy on file in the Department of State. The use of capital letters and punctuation marks conforms with the original.]

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom; in order to secure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquillity and promote the general welfare; do establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness: to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

SECTION 2. There shall be neither slavery, nor involuntary servitude in this state, otherwise than for the punishment of crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SECTION 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech, or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions, or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence, and if it shall appear to the jury, that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact.

SECTION 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble, to consult for the common good, and to petition the government, or any department thereof, shall never be abridged.

SECTION 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate; and shall extend to all cases at law, without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases, in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments be inflicted.

SECTION 7. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment, or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district wherein the offence shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offence, unless on the presentment, or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by Justices of the Peace, or arising in the Army, or Navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war, or public danger; and no person for the same offence shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor

shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself; all persons shall, before conviction, be ballable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offences . . . when the proof is evident, or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas-corpus shall not be suspended unless when, in cases of rebellion, or invasion, the public safety may require.

SECTION 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws, for all injuries, or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

SECTION 10. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

SECTION 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath, or affirmation and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

SECTION 12. No bill of attainder, ex-post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts shall ever be passed, and no conviction shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture of estate.

SECTION 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use, without just compensation therefor.

SECTION 14. All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited.—Leases and grants of agricultural land, for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent, or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines and like restraints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land, hereafter made, are declared to be void.

SECTION 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment, or descent of property.

SECTION 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt, arising out of, or founded on a contract, expressed or implied.

SECTION 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life, shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure, or sale for the payment of any debt, or liability hereafter contracted.

SECTION 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God, according to the dictates of his own conscience, shall never be infringed; nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry against his consent; nor shall any control of, or interference with, the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments, or modes of worship; nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious, or theological seminaries.

SECTION 19. No religious test shall ever be required as a qualification for any office of public trust under the State, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law, or equity, in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

SECTION 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SECTION 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

SECTION 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II.

BOUNDARIES.

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared, that the State of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "An act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," ap-

proved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to-wit: Beginning at the north-east corner of the State of Illinois—that is to say; at a point in the centre of Lake Michigan, where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence running with the boundary line of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menominee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule in a direct line to the centre of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the head waters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cramm; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior, thence through the centre of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nichollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the river St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the centre of the main channel of that river to the north-west corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois to the place of beginning, as established by "an act to enable the people of the Illinois Territory to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States", approved April 18th, 1818. Provided, however, that the following alteration of the aforesaid boundary be, and hereby is proposed to the Congress of the United States as the preference of the State of Wisconsin, and if the same shall be assented and agreed to by the Congress of the United States, then the same shall be and forever remain obligatory on the State of Wisconsin, viz.: Leaving the aforesaid boundary line at the foot of the rapids of the St. Louis river; thence in a direct line, bearing South-westerly, to the mouth of the Iskodewabo, or Rum river, where the same empties into the Mississippi river, thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi river as prescribed in the aforesaid boundary.

SECTION 2. The propositions contained in the act of Congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States; and it is hereby ordained that this State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to bona-fide purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land, the property of the United States; and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. PROVIDED, that nothing in this Constitution, or in the Act of Congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice, or affect the right of the State of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land, granted to said State, and to be hereafter selected and located by and under the Act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights, approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE III.

SUFFRAGE.

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the State for one year next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

First.—White citizens of the United States.

Second.—White persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens, conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.

Third.—Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of Congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

Fourth.—Civilized persons of Indian descent, not members of any tribe: PROVIDED, that the legislature may at any time extend, by law, the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated, but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election.

SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, non-compos mentis, or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason, or felony, be qualified to vote at any election, unless restored to civil rights.

SECTION 3. All votes shall be given by ballot, except for such township officers as may by law be directed, or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State, by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State.

SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman, or marine in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this State, in consequence of being stationed within the same.

SECTION 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery, or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become directly, or indirectly interested, in any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, from the right to vote at such election.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly.

SECTION 2. The number of the members of the Assembly shall never be less than fifty-four, nor more than one hundred. The Senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth of the number of the members of the Assembly.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and at the end of every ten years thereafter; and at their first session after such enumeration, and also after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, and soldiers and officers of the United States Army and Navy.

SECTION 4. The members of the Assembly shall be chosen annually by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, by the qualified electors of the several districts. Such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town, or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The Senators shall be chosen by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the Assembly are required to be chosen, and no Assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a Senate district. The Senate districts shall be numbered in regular series, and the Senators chosen by the odd-numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the first year, and the Senators chosen by the even-numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and thereafter the Senators shall be chosen for the term of two years.

SECTION 6. No person shall be eligible to the Legislature, who shall not have resided one year within the State, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

SECTION 7. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members; and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business: but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

SECTION 8. Each house may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behaviour, and with the concurrence of two-

thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

SECTION 9. Each house shall choose its own officers, and the Senate shall choose a temporary president, when the Lieutenant-Governor shall not attend as president, or shall act as Governor.

SECTION 10. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each house shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

SECTION 11. The Legislature shall meet at the seat of government, at such time as shall be provided by law, once in each year, and not oftener, unless convened by the Governor.

SECTION 12. No member of the Legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the State, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

SECTION 13. No person being a member of Congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature, and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

SECTION 14. The Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either house of the Legislature.

SECTION 15. Members of the Legislature shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process, during the session of the Legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

SECTION 16. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil action, or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

SECTION 17. The style of the laws of the State shall be "The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:" and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

SECTION 18. No private or local bill which may be passed by the Legislature shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

SECTION 19. Any bill may originate in either house of the Legislature, and a bill passed by one house may be amended by the other.

SECTION 20. The yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

SECTION 21. Each member of the Legislature shall receive for his services two dollars and fifty cents for each day's attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route.

SECTION 22. The Legislature may confer upon the boards of supervisors of the several counties of the State, such powers of a local, legislative and administrative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 23. The Legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

SECTION 24. The Legislature shall never authorize any lottery, or grant any divorce.

SECTION 25. The Legislature shall provide by law, that all stationery required for the use of the State, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder, but the Legislature may establish a maximum price; no member of the Legislature, or other State Officer shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

SECTION 26. The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant, or contractor, after the services shall have been rendered, or the contract entered into: nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased, or diminished during his term of office.

SECTION 27. The Legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what courts, suits may be brought against the State.

SECTION 28. Members of the Legislature, and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath, or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

SECTION 29. The Legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 30. In all elections to be made by the Legislature, the members thereof shall vote viva-voce, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for two years; a Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term.

SECTION 2. No person except a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the State, shall be eligible to the office of Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor.

SECTION 3. The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing members of the Legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, shall be elected; but in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor, the two houses of the Legislature, at its next annual session, shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes, for Governor, or Lieutenant-Governor. The returns of election for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

SECTION 4. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Military and Naval forces of the State. He shall have power to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions, and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of government, he may convene them at any other suitable place within the State. He shall communicate to the Legislature, at every session, the condition of the State; and recommend such matters to them for their consideration as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the Legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

SECTION 6. The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons after conviction, for all offences, except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Under conviction for treason, he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentences, until the case shall be reported to the Legislature at its next meeting, when the Legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence, or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

SECTION 7. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant-Governor for the residue of the term, or until the Governor, absent or

impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of War, at the head of the Military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-chief of the Military force of the State.

SECTION 8. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or from mental, or physical disease become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the Secretary of State shall act as Governor, until the vacancy shall be filled, or the disability shall cease.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant-Governor shall receive double the per-diem allowance of members of the Senate, for every day's attendance as President of the Senate, and the same mileage as shall be allowed to members of the Legislature.

SECTION 10. Every bill which shall have passed the Legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, unless the Legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

SECTION 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing the members of the Legislature, a Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the Legislature and Executive department of the State, and shall, when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto, before either branch of the Legislature. He shall be ex-officio Auditor and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services yearly, such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the Treasurer and Attorney General shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, Coroners, Registers of Deeds and District Attorneys shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years, and as often as vacancies shall happen; Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices. They may be required by law, to renew their security from time to time; and in default of giving such new security, their offices shall be deemed vacant. But the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the Sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him, and an opportunity of being heard in his defence.

ARTICLE VII.

JUDICIARY.

SECTION 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall have the power of impeaching all

civil officers of this State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office, after he shall have been impeached, until his acquittal. Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation, truly and impartially to try the impeachment according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust under the State; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

SECTION 2. The judicial power of this State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme court, Circuit courts, Courts of Probate, and in Justices of the Peace. The Legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in municipal courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. Provided, that the jurisdiction which may be vested in municipal courts, shall not exceed, in their respective municipalities, that of circuit courts, in their respective circuits, as prescribed in this Constitution: And that the Legislature shall provide as well for the election of Judges of the Municipal courts, as of the Judges of inferior courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said Municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the Judges of the circuit court.

SECTION 3. The Supreme court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the State; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall a trial by jury be allowed. The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas-corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari; and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

SECTION 4. For the term of five years, and thereafter until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, the judges of the several circuit courts shall be judges of the Supreme court, four of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of the judges present shall be necessary to a decision. The Legislature shall have power, if they should think it expedient and necessary, to provide by law, for the organization of a separate Supreme court, with the jurisdiction and powers prescribed in this Constitution, to consist of one chief justice, and two associate justices, to be elected by the qualified electors of the State, at such time and in such manner as the Legislature may provide. The separate Supreme court when so organized, shall not be changed or discontinued by the Legislature; the judges thereof shall be so classified that but one of them shall go out of office at the same time; and their term of office shall be the same as is provided for the judges of the circuit court. And whenever the Legislature may consider it necessary to establish a separate Supreme court, they shall have power to reduce the number of circuit court judges to four, and subdivide the judicial circuits, but no such subdivision or reduction shall take effect until after the expiration of the term of some one of said judges, or till a vacancy occur by some other means.

SECTION 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The first circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green; the second circuit, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane; the third circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage; the fourth circuit, the counties of Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet; and the fifth circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the county of St. Croix for judicial purposes until otherwise provided by the Legislature.

SECTION 6. The Legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding

them by county lines; but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this Constitution and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for the judges of the circuit court.

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be a judge chosen by the qualified electors therein, who shall hold his office as is provided in this Constitution, and until his successor shall be chosen and qualified; and after he shall have been elected, he shall reside in the circuit for which he was elected. One of said judges shall be designated as chief justice in such manner as the Legislature shall provide. And the Legislature shall at its first session provide by law as well for the election of, as for classifying the judges of the circuit court to be elected under this Constitution, in such manner that one of said judges shall go out of office in two years, one in three years, one in four years, one in five years and one in six years, and thereafter the judge elected to fill the office shall hold the same for six years.

SECTION 8. The circuit courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters civil and criminal within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law; and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

SECTION 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of judge of the Supreme or circuit courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the Governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for State or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

SECTION 10. Each of the judges of the Supreme and circuit courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them for any office, except a judicial office, given by the Legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

SECTION 11. The Supreme court shall hold at least one term, annually, at the seat of government of the State, at such time as shall be provided by law. And the Legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places when they may deem it necessary. A Circuit Court shall be held, at least twice in each year, in each county of this State organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes, by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal, as shall be provided by law. In case of a vacancy, the judge of the circuit court shall have the power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election. The clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require; and when elected shall hold his office for a full term. The Supreme court shall appoint its own clerk, and the clerk of a circuit court may be appointed clerk of the Supreme court.

SECTION 13. Any judge of the Supreme or circuit court may be removed from office, by address of both houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section, unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him, as the ground of address, and shall have had an opportunity of being heard in his defence. On the question of removal, the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

SECTION 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a Judge of Probate, who shall hold his office for two years, and until his successors shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. Provided, however, that the Legislature shall have power to abolish the office of Judge of Probate in any county, and to confer Probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

SECTION 15. The electors of the several towns, at their annual town meeting, and the electors of cities and villages, at their charter elections, shall in such manner as the Legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years, and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy, occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classification shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices, thus elected, shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 16. The legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment to be obligatory on the parties, when they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in writing.

SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The State of Wisconsin"; all criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same; and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the State.

SECTION 18. The Legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced, or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior, or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of judges.

SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law, and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 20. Any suitor, in any court of this State, shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person, or by an Attorney or agent of his choice.

SECTION 21. The Legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions, made within the State, as may be deemed expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

SECTION 22. The Legislature at its first session, after the adoption of this Constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise, and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms and proceedings, and arrange a system, adapted to the courts of record of this State, and report the same to the Legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 23. The Legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such persons such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. Provided, that said power shall not exceed that of a judge of a circuit court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII.

FINANCE.

SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe.

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SECTION 3. The credit of the State shall never be given, or loaned, in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

SECTION 4. The State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and manner herein provided.

SECTION 5. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the State for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency as well as the estimated expenses of such ensuing year.

SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts (but such debts shall never in the aggregate exceed one hundred thousand dollars). Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed, or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SECTION 7. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

SECTION 8. On the passage in either house of the Legislature, of any law which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt, or charge, or makes, continues, or renews an appropriation of public, or trust money, or releases, discharges, or commutes a claim, or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

SECTION 9. No scrip, certificate, or other evidence of State debt, whatsoever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this Article.

SECTION 10. The State shall never contract any debt for works of Internal Improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works, but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the State, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of Internal Improvement, the State may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion.

ARTICLE IX.

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE.

SECTION 1. The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on this State, so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the State, and any other State, or Territory, now or hereafter to be formed, and bounded by the same: And the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same shall be common highways and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the State, as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost or duty therefor.

SECTION 2. The title to all lands and other property which have accrued to the Territory of Wisconsin by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat, or otherwise, shall vest in the State of Wisconsin.

SECTION 3. The people of the State, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property, in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State, and all lands the title to which shall fail from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a State Superintendent, and such other officers as the Legislature shall direct. The State Superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide; his powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law, provided that his compensation shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars annually.

SECTION 2. The proceeds of all lands, that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a University) and all moneys, and the clear proceeds of all property that may accrue to the State by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty; and the clear proceeds of all fines collected, in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the State where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress entitled "An act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one; and also the five per-centum of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the State shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned) shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called "The School Fund," the interest of which and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to-wit:

First. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

Second. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of Academies and Normal Schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of District Schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable; and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition, to all children between the ages of four and twenty years; and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein.

SECTION 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise, by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes from the income of the school fund.

SECTION 5. Provision shall be made by law, for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the State, for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city, or town, for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax; nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months.

SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, at or near the seat of State government, and for connecting with the same, from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the State, as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been, or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the State for the support of a University, shall be and remain a perpetual fund, to be called "The University Fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed in such University.

SECTION 7. The Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General, shall constitute a board of commissioners for the sale of the School and University lands, and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office.

SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all School and

University lands, after they shall have been appraised; and when any portion of such lands shall be sold and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent. interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the Treasurer. The commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands, when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other University and School funds, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI.

CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts, enacted under the provisions of this section, may be altered or repealed by the Legislature at any time after their passage.

SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use, against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established by the verdict of a jury.

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations.

SECTION 4. The Legislature shall not have power to create, authorize or incorporate, by any general, or special law, any bank, or banking power or privilege, or any institution or corporation having any banking power or privilege whatever, except as provided in this article.

SECTION 5. The Legislature may submit to the voters, at any general election, the question of "BANK," or "NO BANK," and if at any such election a number of votes equal to a majority of all the votes cast at such election on that subject shall be in favor of Banks, then the Legislature shall have power to grant Bank charters, or to pass a general banking law, with such restrictions and under such regulations as they may deem expedient and proper for the security of the bill holders. Provided, that no such grant or law shall have any force or effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the State, at some general election, and been approved by a majority of the votes cast on that subject at such election.

ARTICLE XII.

AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Any amendment, or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either house of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment, or amendments, shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election; and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election, and if, in the Legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment, or amendments, shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to submit such proposed amendment, or amendments to the people in such manner, and at such time, as the Legislature shall prescribe; and if the people shall approve and ratify such

amendment, or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment, or amendments, shall become part of the Constitution; PROVIDED, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

SECTION 2. If at any time a majority of the Senate and Assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the Legislature. And if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon, have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall, at its next session, provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general election shall be holden on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November in each year.

SECTION 2. Any inhabitant of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall forever be disqualified as an elector, and from holding any office under the Constitution and laws of this State, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 3. No member of Congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (Postmasters excepted) or under any foreign power; no person convicted of any infamous crime in any court within the United States; and no person being a defaulter to the United States, or to this State, or to any county, or town therein, or to any State, or Territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit, or honor in this State.

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide a great seal for the State, which shall be kept by the Secretary of State, and all official acts of the Governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

SECTION 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands, within any county of the State, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence, for State, United States or County officers. Provided, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

SECTION 6. The elective officers of the Legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a chief clerk and a sergeant-at-arms, to be elected by each house.

SECTION 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles, or less, shall be divided, or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county, voting on the question, shall vote for the same.

SECTION 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county, voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

SECTION 9. All county officers whose election, or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities, as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof, as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed, as the Legislature may direct.

SECTION 10. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy, where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIV.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a Territorial to a permanent State government, it is declared, that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals, as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place; and all process which may be issued under the authority of the Territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the Union of the United States, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State.

SECTION 2. All laws now in force, in the Territory of Wisconsin, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the Legislature.

SECTION 3. All fines, penalties, or forfeitures, accruing to the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to the use of the State.

SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from Territorial to a permanent State government, shall remain valid, and shall pass to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the State; and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer, or court, in his, or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor or State authority, and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate, or property, real, personal, or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatsoever description, of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the State of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered, in the same manner and to the same extent by the State of Wisconsin, as the same could have been by the Territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the State. All offences committed against the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Wisconsin, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred, shall remain the same as if this Constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, at the time of the change from a Territorial to a State government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State, which shall have jurisdiction of the subject matter thereof.

SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States, or of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

SECTION 6. The first session of the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of government, until otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 7. All county, precinct and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the Legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this Constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

SECTION 8. The President of this convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this Constitution, together with a copy of the act of the Legislature of this Territory, entitled "An act in relation to the formation of a State government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the Legislature," approved October 27th, 1847, providing for the calling of this Convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of this Territory, as exhibits the number of its inhabitants, to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to be laid before the Congress of the United States, at its present session.

SECTION 9. This Constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this Territory, and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of Congress on the subject of naturalization, and all persons having such qualification shall be entitled to vote for, or against the adoption of this Constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the Constitution be ratified by the said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the word "YES" and on such as are against the Constitution, the word "NO". The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the Governor of the Territory, at any time before the tenth day of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this Constitution, by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this Territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the Senate and Assembly of the State, on the first day of their session. An election shall be held, for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Treasurer, Attorney General, members of the State Legislature, and members of Congress, on the second Monday of May next; and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

SECTION 10. Two members of Congress shall also be elected, on the second Monday of May next; and until otherwise provided by law, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green, shall constitute the first congressional district and elect one member. And the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Brown, Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Sauk, Portage, Columbia, Dodge, Dane, Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe, shall constitute the second congressional district, and shall elect one member.

SECTION 11. The several elections, provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the Territory, provided that no elector shall be entitled to vote except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of election for Senators and Members of Assembly, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the Board of Supervisors, or County Commissioners, as the case may be; and the votes shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued as now provided by law. In the first senatorial district, the returns of the election for Senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the second senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Columbia; in the third senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the fourth senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the fifth senatorial district, to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for State officers and members of Congress, shall be certified and transmitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to Congress are required to be certified and returned by the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, to the Secretary of said Territory, and in such time, that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the Legislature shall be organized, the Speaker of the Assembly, and the President of the Senate shall, in the presence of both houses, examine the returns, and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned; and give to each of the persons elected, a certificate of his election.

SECTION 12. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the Senators and Members of the Assembly, shall be apportioned among the several districts, as herein-after mentioned; and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator, or member of the Assembly, as the case may be.

The counties of Brown, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan shall constitute the First Senate District.

The counties of Columbia, Marquette, Portage and Sauk shall constitute the Second Senate District.

The counties of Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Third Senate District.

The counties of Fond du Lac and Winnebago shall constitute the Fourth Senate District.

The counties of Iowa and Richland shall constitute the Fifth Senate District.
 The county of Grant shall constitute the Sixth Senate District.
 The county of La Fayette shall constitute the Seventh Senate District.
 The county of Green shall constitute the Eighth Senate District.
 The county of Dane shall constitute the Ninth Senate District.
 The county of Dodge shall constitute the Tenth Senate District.
 The county of Washington shall constitute the Eleventh Senate District.
 The county of Jefferson shall constitute the Twelfth Senate District.
 The county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirteenth Senate District.
 The county of Walworth shall constitute the Fourteenth Senate District.
 The county of Rock shall constitute the Fifteenth Senate District.
 The towns of Southport, Pike, Pleasant Prairie, Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Sixteenth Senate District.

The towns of Racine, Caledonia, Mount Pleasant, Raymond, Norway, Rochester, Yorkville and Burlington, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Seventeenth Senate District.

The third, fourth and fifth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Eighteenth Senate District.

The first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Nineteenth Senate District.

The county of Brown shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Manitowoc shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Columbia shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of Crawford and Chippewa shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Windsor, Sun Prairie and Cottage Grove, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Madison, Cross Plains, Clarkson, Springfield, Verona, Montrose, Oregon and Greenfield, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rome, Dunkirk, Christiana, Albion and Rutland, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Burnett, Chester, Le Roy and Williamstown, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Fairfield, Hubbard and Rubicon, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hustisford, Ashippun, Lebanon and Emmett, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Elba, Lowell, Portland and Clyman, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calamus, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Trenton, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calumet, Forest, Auburn, Byron, Taychedah and Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco, Rosendale, Waupun, Oakfield and Seven Mile Creek, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Hazei Green, Fairplay, Smelser's Grove and Jamestown, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Platteville, Head of Platte, Centreville, Muscoda and Fennimore, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Pleasant Valley, Potosi, Waterloo, Hurricane and New Lisbon, in the county of Grant shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Beetown, Patch Grove, Cassville, Millville and Lancaster, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Green shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Dallas, Peddler's Creek, Mineral Point and Yellow Stone, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Franklin, Dodgeville, Porter's Grove, Arena and Percussion, in the county of Iowa, and the county of Richland, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Watertown, Aztalan and Waterloo, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Ixonia, Concord, Sullivan, Hebron, Cold Spring and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lake Mills, Oakland, Koshkonong, Farmington and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Willow Springs, Prairie, and that part of Shullsburg precinct north of town one, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Wlota, Wayne, Gratiot, White Oak Springs, Fever River, and that part of Shullsburg precinct south of town two, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Marquette shall constitute an Assembly District.

The first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly district.

The second ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The third ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The fourth and fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Franklin and Oak Creek, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Greenfield and Lake, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Granville, Wauwatosa and Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Portage shall constitute an Assembly District.

The town of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Norway, Raymond, Caledonia and Mount Pleasant, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rochester, Burlington and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Southport, Pike and Pleasant Prairie, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Janesville and Bradford, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Beloit, Turtle and Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Magnolia, Union, Porter and Fulton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Milton, Lima and Johnstown, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Newark, Rock, Avon, Spring Valley and Center, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District. *Provided*, That if the Legislature shall divide the town of Center, they may attach such part of it to the district lying next north, as they deem expedient.

The county of Sauk shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts numbered one, three and seven, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts number two, four, five and six, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Troy, East Troy and Spring Prairie, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Whitewater, Richmond and Lagrange, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Geneva, Hudson and Bloomfield, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Darien, Sharon, Walworth and Linn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delavan, Sugar Creek, La Fayette and Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lisbon, Menomonee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Warren, Oconomowoc, Summit and Ottawa, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delafield, Genesee and Pewaukee, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Waukesha and New Berlin, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Eagle, Mukwonago, Vernon and Muskego, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Port Washington, Fredonia and Clarence, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Grafton and Jackson, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Mequon and Germantown, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Polk, Richfield and Erin, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hartford, Addlson, West Bend and North Bend, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Winnebago shall constitute an Assembly District.

The foregoing Districts are subject, however, so far to be altered that when any new town shall be organized, it may be added to either of the adjoining Assembly Districts.

SECTION 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this State until altered or suspended by the Legislature.

SECTION 14. The Senators first elected in the even numbered Senate Districts, the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and other State officers first elected under this Constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in force for one year from the first Monday of January next; the Senators first elected in the odd-numbered Senate districts, and the members of the Assembly, first elected, shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

SECTION 15. The oath of office may be administered by any Judge or Justice of the Peace, until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved.—That the Congress of the United [sic] be and is hereby requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, so to alter the provisions of an act of Congress entitled “an act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river,” approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and so to alter the terms and conditions of the grant made therein, that the odd-numbered sections thereby granted and remaining unsold may be held and disposed of by the State of Wisconsin as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which said State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress entitled “an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands and to grant pre-emption rights,” approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty one; and further, that the even-numbered sections reserved by Congress, may be offered for sale by the United States for the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of pre-emption as other public lands of the United States.

Resolved.—That Congress be further requested to pass an act whereby the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, which may have been paid by the purchasers of said even-numbered sections which shall have been sold by the United States, be refunded to the present owners thereof, or they be allowed to enter any of the public lands of the United States to an amount equal in value to the excess so paid.

Resolved.—That in case the said odd-numbered sections shall be ceded to the State as aforesaid, the same shall be sold by the State in the same manner as other school lands, provided that the same rights of pre-emption as are now granted by the laws of the United States, shall be secured to persons who may be actually settled upon such lands at the time of the adoption of this Constitution; and provided further, that the excess price, over and above one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, absolutely or conditionally contracted to be paid by the purchasers of any part of said sections which shall have been sold by the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be remitted to such purchasers, their representatives or assigns.

Resolved.—That Congress be requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, to pass an act whereby the grant of five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State of Wisconsin is entitled by the provisions of an Act of Congress entitled “an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights,” approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and also the five per-centum of the net proceeds. . . . of the public lands lying within the State, to which it shall become entitled on its admission into the Union, by the provisions of an Act of Congress entitled “an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union,” approved the sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty six, shall be granted to the State of Wisconsin for the use of schools, instead of the purposes mentioned in the said acts of Congress respectively.

Resolved.—That the Congress of the United States be and hereby is requested, upon the admission of this State into the Union, so to alter the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled “an act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the Territory of Wisconsin,” that the price of the lands reserved to the United States, shall be reduced to the minimum price of the public lands.

Resolved.—That the Legislature of this State shall make provision by law for the sale of the lands granted to the State in aid of said improvements, subject to the same rights of pre-emption to the settlers thereon, as are now allowed by law to settlers on the public lands.

Resolved.—That the foregoing resolutions be appended to, and signed with the Constitution of Wisconsin, and submitted therewith to the people of this Territory, and to the Congress of the United States.

We, the undersigned, members of the Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Wisconsin, to be submitted to the people thereof for their ratification or rejection do hereby certify that the foregoing is the Constitution adopted by the Convention.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, at Madison, the first day of February A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

MORGAN L. MARTIN,

President of the Convention and Delegate from Brown County.

THOS. McHUGH, *Secretary.*

Calumet—

G. W. FEATHERSTONHAUGH.

Columbia—

JAMES T. LEWIS.

Crawford—

DANIEL G. FENTON.

Dane—

WILLIAM H. FOX,
CHARLES M. NICHOLS,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER.

Dodge—

STODDARD JUDD,
CHARLES H. LARRABEE,
SAMUEL W. LYMAN.

Fond du Lac—

SAMUEL W. BEALL,
WARREN CHASE.

Grant—

ORSAMUS COLE,
GEORGE W. LAKIN,
ALEXANDER D. RAMSAY,
WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
JOHN HAWKINS ROUNTREE.

Green—

JAMES BIGGS.

Iowa—

CHARLES BISHOP,
STEPHEN P. HOLLENBECK,
JOSEPH WARD.

Jefferson—

JONAS FOLTS,
MILO JONES,
THEODORE PRENTISS,
ABRAM VANDERPOOL.

La Fayette—

CHARLES DUNN,
JOHN O'CONNOR,
ALLEN WARDEN.

Milwaukee—

JOHN L. DORAN,
GARRETT M. FITZGERALD,
ALBERT FOWLER,

Milwaukee—(continued.)

BYRON KILBOURN,
RUFUS KING,
CHARLES H. LARKIN,
MORTIZ SCHOEFFLER.

Portage—

WILLIAM H. KENNEDY.

Racine—

ALBERT G. COLE,
STEPHEN A. DAVENPORT,
ANDREW B. JACKSON,
FREDERICK S. LOVELL,
SAMUEL R. MCCLELLAN,
JAMES D. REYMERT,
HORACE T. SANDERS,
THEODORE SECOR.

Rock—

ALMERIN M. CARTER,
JOSEPH COLLEY,
PAUL CRANDALL,
EZRA A. FOOT,
LOUIS P. HARVEY,
EDWARD V. WHITON.

Sheboygan—

SILAS STEADMAN.

Walworth—

EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK,
GEORGE GALE,
JAMES HARRINGTON,
AUGUSTUS C. KINNI,
HOLLIS LATHAM,
EZRA A. MULFORD.

Washington—

JAMES FAGAN,
PATRICK PENTONY,
HARVEY G. TURNER.

Waukesha—

SQUIRE S. CASE,
ALFRED L. CASTLEMAN,
PETER D. GIFFORD,
ELEAZER ROOT,
GEORGE SCAGEL.

Winnepago—

HARRISON REED.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE I.

[Section 8, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1870.]

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense, shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

ARTICLE III.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards belonging to either of the following classes who shall have resided within the State for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote, such time as may be prescribed by the Legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election.

1. Citizens of the United States.
2. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.
3. Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
4. Civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe; provided, that the legislature may at any time extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated: but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election; and provided further, that in incorporated cities and villages, the legislature may provide for the registration of electors and prescribe proper rules and regulations therefor.

ARTICLE IV.

[Sections 4, 5, 11, and 21, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the assembly are required to be chosen, and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and

even-numbered districts. The Senators elected, or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment, all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

SECTION 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years and no oftener, unless convened by the governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

SECTION 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services, for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.

[Sections 31 and 32, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1871, and amendment to section 31, adopted November 8, 1892.]

SECTION 31. The Legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st. For changing the name of persons or constituting one person the heir-at-law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways except in cases of State roads extending into more than one county, and military roads, to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by Congress. 3d. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams, at points wholly within this state. 4th. For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For assessment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund. 9th. For incorporating any city, town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

ARTICLE V.

[Sections 5 and 9, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869.]

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of five thousand dollars which shall be in full for all traveling or other expenses incident to his duties.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive, during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices; they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new security their office shall be deemed vacant; but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment; and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 4. The supreme court shall consist of one chief justice and four associate justices to be elected by the qualified electors of the State. The Legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, provide by law for the election of two associate justices of said court, to hold their offices for terms ending two and four years respectively, after the end of the term of the justice of the said court then last to expire. And thereafter the chief justice and associate justices of the said court shall be elected and hold their offices respectively for the term of ten years.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at an election held April 2, 1889.]

SECTION 4. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as justices of said court with the same terms of office, respectively, as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of five justices (any three of whom shall be a quorum), to be elected as now provided. The justice having been longest a continuous member of the court (or in case of two or more of such senior justices having served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires), shall be ex-officio the chief justice.

[Section 7, as amended by a vote of the people at an election held April 6, 1897.]

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be chosen by the qualified electors thereof, one circuit judge, except that in any circuit composed of one county only, which county shall contain a population according to the last state or United States census, of one hundred thousand inhabitants or over, the Legislature may, from time to time, authorize additional circuit judges to be chosen. Every circuit judge shall reside in the circuit from which he is elected, and shall hold his office for such term and receive such compensation as the Legislature shall prescribe.

[Section 12, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk; and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.

ARTICLE VIII.

[Section 2, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the State, except claims of the United States, and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

ARTICLE X.

[Section 1, as amended by vote of the people at the General Election, November 4, 1902.]

SECTION 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a state superintendent and such other officers as the legislature shall direct; and their

qualifications, powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law. The state superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the state at the same time and in the same manner as members of the supreme court, and shall hold his office for four years from the succeeding first Monday in July. The state superintendent chosen at the general election in November, 1902, shall hold and continue in his office until the first Monday in July, 1905, and his successor shall be chosen at the time of the judicial election in April, 1905. The term of office, time and manner of electing or appointing all other officers of supervision of public instruction shall be fixed by law.

ARTICLE XI.

[Section 3, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1874.]

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting by such municipal corporations. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid, shall, before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same.

[Section 4, and 5, as amended by a vote of the people at a General Election, November 4, 1902.]

SECTION 4. The legislature shall have power to enact a general banking law for the creation of banks, and for the regulation and supervision of the banking business, provided that the vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, be in favor of the passage of such law.

ARTICLE XIII.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general elections shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers, except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment, shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennially. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such office respectively, until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

[Article XIII, as amended by addition of Section 2, by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 4, 1902.]

SECTION II. No person, association, co-partnership or corporation, shall promise, offer, or give, for any purpose, to any political committee, or any member or employee thereof, to any candidate for, or incumbent of any office or position under the constitution or laws, or under any ordinance of any town or municipality of this state, or to any person at the request or for the advantage of all, or any of them, any free pass or frank, or any privilege withheld from any person, for the traveling accommodation or transportation of any person or property,

or the transmission of any message or communication. No political committee, and no member or employee thereof, no candidate for, and no incumbent of any office or position under the constitution or laws, or under any ordinance of any town or municipality of this state, shall ask for, or accept, from any person, association, co-partnership, or corporation, or use, in any manner, or for any purpose, any free pass or frank, or any privilege withheld from any person, for the traveling accommodation or transportation of any person or property, or the transmission of any message or communication. Any violation of any of the above provisions shall be bribery and be punished as provided by law, and if any officer or any member of the legislature be guilty thereof, his office shall become vacant. No person within the purview of this act shall be privileged from testifying in relation to anything therein prohibited; and no person having so testified shall be liable to any prosecution or punishment for any offense concerning which he was required to give his testimony or produce any documentary evidence. The railroad commissioner and his deputy in the discharge of duty are excepted from the provisions of this amendment.

MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON.

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MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

NOTE.—The rules and practices peculiar to the SENATE are printed between brackets, []. Those of PARLIAMENT are not so distinguished.

IMPORTANCE OF RULES.

SECTION I.

IMPORTANCE OF ADHERING TO RULES.

Mr. ONSLOW, the ablest among the Speakers of the House of Commons, used to say: "It was a maxim he had often heard when he was a young man, from old and experienced Members, that nothing tended more to throw power into the hands of the administration, and those who acted with a majority of the House of Commons, than a neglect of, or departure from, the rules of proceeding; that these forms, as instituted by our ancestors, operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority, and that they were in many instances, a shelter and protection to the minority, against the attempts of power." So far the maxim is certainly true, and it is founded in good sense, that as it is always in the power of the majority, by their numbers, to stop any improper measures proposed on the part of their opponents, the only weapons by which the minority can defend themselves against similar attempts from those in power, are the forms and rules of proceeding which have been adopted as they were found necessary, from time to time, and are become the law of the House; by a strict adherence to which, the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities and abuses which these forms were intended to check, and which the wantonness of power is but too often apt to suggest to large and successful majorities. 2 *Hats.*, 171, 172.

And whether these forms be in all cases the most rational or not, is really not of so great importance. It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the Speaker, or captiousness of the Members. It is very material that order, decency and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 *Hats.*, 149.

SECTION II.

LEGISLATIVE.

[All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives—*Constitution of the United States, Art. I, Sec. 1.*]

[The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. *Constitution of the United States, Art. I, Sec. 6.*]

[For the powers of Congress, see the following Articles and Sections of the Constitution of the United States. I, 4, 7, 8, 9. II, 1, 2. III, 3. IV, 1, 3, 5, and all the amendments.]

SECTION III.

PRIVILEGE.

The privileges of Members of Parliament, from small and obscure beginnings, have been advancing for centuries with a firm and never yielding pace. Claims seem to have been brought forward from time to time, and repeated, till some example of their admission enabled them to build law on that example. We can only, therefore, state the points of progression at which they now are. It is now acknowledged, 1st. That they are at all times exempted from question elsewhere for anything said in their own House; that during the time of privilege, 2d. Neither a Member himself, his¹ wife, nor his servants (familiales sui), for any matter of their own, may be² arrested on mesne process, in any civil suit; 3d. Nor be detained under execution, though levied before time of privilege; 4th. Nor impleaded, cited or subpoenaed in any court: 5th. Nor summoned as a witness or juror: 6th. Nor may their lands or goods be distrained: 7th. Nor their persons assaulted, or characters traduced. And the period of time covered by privilege, before and after the session, with the practice of short prorogations under the connivance of the Crown, amounts in fact to a perpetual protection against the course of justice. In one instance, indeed, it has been relaxed by the 10 G. S. c. 50, which permits judiciary proceedings to go on against them. That these privileges must be continually progressive, seems to result from their rejecting all definition of them; the doctrine being that "their dignity and independence are preserved by keeping their privileges indefinite; 'and that the maxims upon which they proceed, together with the method of proceeding, rest entirely in their own breast, and are not defined and ascertained by any particular stated laws.'" 1 *Blackst.*, 163, 164.

[It was probably from this view of the encroaching character of privilege that the framers of our constitution, in their care to provide that the law shall bind equally on all, and especially that those who make them shall not exempt themselves from their operation, have only privileged "Senators and Representatives" themselves from the single act of "arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same, and from being questioned in any other place for any speech or debate in either House." *Const. U. S.*, Art. I, Sec. 6. Under the general authority "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers given them," *Const. U. S.*, Art. II, Sec. 3, they may provide by law the details which may be necessary for giving full effect to the enjoyment of this privilege. No such law being yet made, it seems to stand at present on the following grounds: 1. The act of arrest is void, ab initio³ 2. The member arrested may be discharged on motion, 1 *Bl.*, 166; 3 *Stra.*, 990; or by habeas corpus under the Federal or State authority as the case may be; or by a writ of privilege out of the Chancery, 2 *Stra.*, 989, in those States which have adopted that part of the laws of England. *Orders of the House of Commons*, 1550, February 20. 3. The arrest being unlawful, is a trespass for which the officer and others concerned are liable to action and indictment in the ordinary courts of justice, as in other cases of unauthorized arrest. 4. The court before which the process is returnable is bound to act as in other cases of unauthorized proceeding, and liable also, as in other similar cases, to have their proceedings stayed or corrected by the superior courts.]

[The time necessary for going to, and returning from, Congress, not being defined, it will, of course, be judged of in every particular case by those who will have to decide the case.] While privilege was understood in England to extend, as it does here, only to exemption from arrest, eundo, moranda, et redeundo, the House of Commons themselves decided that "a convenient time was to be understood." (1580.) 1 *Hats.*, 99, 100. Nor is the law so strict in point of time as to require the party to set out immediately on his return, but allows him time to settle his private affairs, and to prepare for his journey; and does not even

¹ Order of House of Commons, 1663, July 16.

² *Elsynge*, 217; 1 *Hats.*, 21; *Grey's Deb.*, 133.

³ *Stra.*, 989.

scan his road very nicely, nor forfeit his protection for a little deviation from that which is most direct; some necessity perhaps constraining him to it. 2 *Str.*, 986, 987.

This privilege from arrest, privileges of course against all process, the disobedience to which is punishable by an attachment of the person; as a subpoena ad respondendum, or, testificandum, or a summons on a jury; and with reason, because a member has superior duty to perform in another place. [When a representative is withdrawn from his seat by summons, the 40,000 people whom he represents, lose their voice in debate and vote, as they do on his voluntary absence; when a Senator is withdrawn by summons, his State loses half its voice in debate and vote, as it does on his voluntary absence. The enormous disparity of evil admits no comparison.]

[So far there will probably be no difference of opinion as to the privileges of the two Houses of Congress; but in the following cases it is otherwise. In December, 1795, the House of Representatives committed two persons of the name of Randall and Whitney, for attempting to corrupt the integrity of certain members, which they considered as a contempt and breach of the privileges of the House; and the facts being proved, Whitney was detained in confinement a fortnight, and Randall three weeks, and was reprimanded by the Speaker. In March, 1796, the House of Representatives voted a challenge given to a member of their House to be a breach of the privileges of the House; but satisfactory apologies and acknowledgments being made, no further proceeding was had. The editor of the *Aurora* having, in his paper of February 19, 1800, inserted some paragraphs defamatory of the Senate, and failed in his appearance, he was ordered to be committed. In debating the legality of this order, it was insisted, in support of it that every man, by the law of nature, and every body of men, possesses the right of self-defense; that all public functionaries are essentially invested with the powers of self-preservation; that they have an inherent right to all acts necessary to keep themselves in a condition to discharge the trusts confided to them; that whenever authorities are given, the means of carrying them into execution are given by necessary implication; that thus we see the British Parliament exercise the right of punishing contempts; all the State Legislatures exercise the same power, and every court does the same; that, if we have it not, we sit at the mercy of every intruder who may enter our doors or gallery, and, by noise and tumult, render proceeding in business impracticable; that if our tranquillity is to be perpetually disturbed by newspaper defamation, it will not be possible to exercise our functions with the requisite coolness and deliberation; and that we must, therefore, have a power to punish these disturbers of our peace and proceedings. To this it was answered, that the Parliament and courts of England have cognizance of contempts by the express provisions of their law; that the State Legislatures have equal authority, because their powers are plenary; they represent their constituents completely, and possess all their powers, except such as their Constitutions have expressly denied them; that the courts of the several States have the same powers by the laws of their States, and those of the Federal Government by the same State laws adopted in each State, by a law of Congress; that none of these bodies, therefore, derive those powers from natural or necessary right, but from express law; that Congress have no such natural or necessary power, nor any powers but such as are given them by the Constitution; that that has given them, directly, exemption from personal arrest, exemption from question elsewhere for what is said in their House, and power over their own members and proceedings; for these no further law is necessary, the Constitution being the law; that, moreover, by that article of the Constitution which authorizes them "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the power vested by the Constitution in them," they may provide by law for an undisturbed exercise of their functions, e. g., for the punishment of contempt, of affrays or tumult in their presence, etc., but, till the law be made, it does not exist; and does not exist, from their own neglect; that in the mean time, however, they are not unprotected, the ordinary magistrates and courts of law being open and competent to punish all unjustifiable disturbances or defamations, and even their own sergeant, who may appoint deputies *ad libitum* to aid him, 3 *Grey*, 59, 147, 255, is equal to small disturbances; that in requiring a previous law, the Constitution had regard to the inviolability of the citizen, as well as of the member; as, should one House, in the regular form of a bill, aim at too broad privileges, it may be checked by the

other, and both by the President; and also as, the law being promulgated, the citizen will know how to avoid offense. But if one branch may assume its own privileges without control; if it may do it on the spur of the occasion, conceal the law in its own breast, and after the fact committed, make its sentence both the law and the judgment on that fact, if the offense is to be kept undefined, and to be declared only *ex re uata*, and according to the passion of the moment, and there be no limitation either in the manner or measure of the punishment, the condition of the citizen will be perilous indeed. Which if these doctrines is to prevail, time will decide. Where there is no fixed law, the judgment on any particular case, is the law of that single case only, and dies with it. When a new and even similar case arises, the judgment which is to make and at the same time apply the law, is open to question and consideration, as are all new laws. Perhaps Congress, in the meantime, in their care for the safety of the citizen as well as that for their own protection, may declare by law what is necessary and proper to enable them to carry into execution the powers vested in them, and thereby hang up a rule for the inspection of all, which may direct the conduct of the citizen, and at the same time test the judgments they shall themselves pronounce in their own case.]

Privilege from arrest takes place by force of the election; and before a return be made a member elected may be named of a committee, and is to every extent a member, except that he cannot vote until he is sworn. *Memor.*, 107, 108. *D'Ewes*, 642, col. 2; 643, col. 1. *Pet. Miscel. Parl.*, 119. *Lex. Parl.*, c. 23. 2 *Hats.*, 22, 62.

Every man must, at his peril, take notice who are members of either House returned of record. *Lex Parl.*, 23; 4 *Inst.*, 24.

On complaint of a breach of privilege the party may either be summoned or sent in custody of the sergeant. *Grey*, 88, 95.

The privilege of a member is the privilege of the House. If the member waive it without leave, it is a ground for punishing him, but cannot in effect waive the privilege of the House. 3 *Grey*, 140, 222.

For any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place. *Const. U. S.*, I, 6, *S. P.*, *Protest of the Commons to James I*, 1621; 2 *Rapin*, No. 54, pp. 211, 212. But this is restrained to things done in the House in a parliamentary course. 1 *Rush.*, 663. For he is not to have privilege *contra morem parliamentarum*, to exceed the bounds and limits of his place and duty. *Com. p.*

If an offense be committed by a member of the House, of which the House has cognizance, it is an infringement of their right for any person or court to take notice of it, till the House has punished the offender, or referred him to a due course. *Lex Parl.*, 63.

Privilege is in the power of the House, and is a restraint to proceedings of inferior courts, but not of the House itself. 2 *Nelson*, 450; 2 *Grey*, 399. For whatever is spoken in the House is subject to the censure of the House; and offenses of this kind have been severely punished by calling the person to the bar to make submission, committing him to the tower, expelling the House, etc. *Scob.*, 72; *L. Parl.*, c. 22.

It is a breach of order for the speaker to refuse to put a question which is in order. 2 *Hats.*, 175-6; 5 *Grey*, 133.

And even in cases of treason, felony, and breach of the peace, to which privilege does not extend as to substance, yet in Parliament a member is privileged as to the mode of proceeding. The case is first to be laid before the House, that it may judge of the fact and of the grounds of the accusation, and how far forth the manner of the trial may concern their privilege; otherwise it would be in the power of the other branches of government, and even of every private man, under pretense of treason, etc., to take any man from his service in the House, and so as many, one after another, as would make the House what he pleaseth. *Dec. of Com. on the King's declaring Sir John Hotham a traitor*. 4 *Rushw.*, 586. So when a member stood indicted for felony, it was adjudged that he ought to remain of the House till conviction; for it may be any man's case who is guiltless, to be accused and indicted of felony or the like crime. 23 *El.* 1580; *D'Ewes*, 283, col. 1; *Lex Parl.*, 133.

When it is found necessary for the public service to put a member under arrest, or when on any public inquiry, matter comes out which may lead to affect

the person of a member, it is the practice immediately to acquaint the House, that they may know the reasons for such a proceeding, and take such steps as they think proper. 2 *Hats.*, 259. Of which see many examples. *Ib.*, 256, 257, 258. But the communication is subsequent to the arrest. 1 *Blackst.*, 167.

It is highly expedient, says Hatsel, for the due preservation of the privileges of the separate branches of the Legislature, that neither should encroach on the other or interfere in any manner depending before them, so as to preclude or even influence that freedom of debate, which is essential to a free council. They are therefore not to take notice of any bills or other matters depending or of votes that have been given, or of speeches which have been held, by the members of either of the other branches of the Legislature, until the same have been communicated to them in the usual parliamentary manner. 2 *Hats.*, 252. 4 *Inst.*, 15. *Seld. Jud.*, 53. Thus the King's taking notice of the bill for suppressing soldiers, depending before the House; his proposing a provisional clause for a bill before it was presented to him by the two Houses; his expressing displeasure against some persons for matters moved in parliament during the debate and preparation of a bill, were breaches of privilege; 2 *Nelson*, 347; and in 1783, December 17, it was declared a breach of fundamental privileges, etc., to report any opinion or pretended opinion of the King on any bill or proceeding depending in either House of Parliament with a view to influence the votes of the members. 2 *Hats.*, 251, 6.

SECTION IV.

ELECTIONS.

[The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators. *Const.*, I, 4.

[Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. *Const.*, I, 5.]

SECTION V.

QUALIFICATIONS.

[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.]

[Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the end of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of the State, any Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.]

[No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. *Const.*, I, 3.]

[The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors of each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.]

[No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.]

[Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers; which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons; includ-

ing those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative. *Constitution of the United States*, I, 2.]

[When vacancies happen in the representation from any State the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. *Const., U. S. Art. I, Sec. 2.*]

[No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person, holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. *Const., I, 6.*]

SECTION VI.

QUORUM.

[A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide. *Const., I, 5.*]

In general, the chair is not to be taken till a quorum for business is present; unless, after due waiting, such a quorum be despaired of, when the chair may be taken and the House adjourned. And whenever, during business, it is observed that a quorum is not present, any member may call for the House to be counted; and being found deficient, business is suspended. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

[The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistakes may be corrected that shall have been made in the entries. *Rules of the Senate.*]

SECTION VII.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

On a call of the House, each person rises up as he is called and answereth; the absentees are then only noted, but no excuse to be made till the House be fully called over. Then the absentees are called a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard. *Ord. House of Commons*, 92.

They rise that their persons may be recognized; the voice in such a crowd, being an insufficient verification of their presence. But in so small a body as the Senate of the United States, the trouble of rising cannot be necessary.

Orders for calls on different days may subsist at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 72.

SECTION VIII.

ABSENCE.

[No member shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave of the Senate first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the Senate shall convene, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as the majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the Senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and in that case the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund. And this rule shall apply as well to the first convention of the Senate, at the legal time of meeting, as to each day of the session, after the hour is arrived to which the Senate stood adjourned. *Rule 8.*]

SECTION IX.

SPEAKER.

[The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. *Constitution*, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall choose their officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. *Ib.*]

[The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers *Const.*, I, 2.]

When but one person is proposed, and no objection made, it has not been usual in Parliament to put any question to the house; but without a question the members proposing him conduct him to the chair. But if there be objection, or another proposed, a question is put by the clerk. 2 *Hats.*, 168. As are also questions of adjournment. 6 *Grey*, 406. Where the House debated and exchanged messages and answers with the King for a week, without a Speaker, till they were prorogued. They have done it de die in diem for 14 days. 1 *Chand.*, 331, 335.

[In the Senate, a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President is proposed and chosen by ballot. His office is understood to be determined on the Vice President's appearing and taking the chair, or at the meeting of the Senate after the first recess.]

Where the Speaker has been ill, other Speakers pro tempore have been appointed. Instances of this are 1 *H.*, 4. Sir John Cheyney, and for Sir Wm. Sturton, and 15 *H.*, 6, Sir John Tyrrell, in 1656, January 27; 1658, March 9; 1659, January 13.

Sir Job Charlton ill, Seymour chosen, 1673.
February 18.

Seymour being ill, Sir Robert Sawyer
chosen, 1673, April 15.

Sawyer being ill, Seymour chosen.

Thorpe in execution, a new speaker chosen, 31 *H.*, VI. 3 *Grey*, 11; and March 14, 1694 Sir John Trevor chosen. There have been no later instances. 2 *Hats.*, 161; 4 *Inst.*; 8, *L. Parl.*, 263.

A speaker may be removed at the will of the House and a Speaker pro tempore appointed.* 2 *Grey*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 134.

} Not merely pro tempore. 1
Chand., 169, 276, 277.

SECTION X.

ADDRESS.

[The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A joint address of both houses of Parliament is read by the Speaker of the House of Lords. It may be attended by both Houses in a body, or by a committee from each House, or by the two Speakers only. An address of the House of Commons only may be presented by the whole House, or by the Speaker, 9 *Grey*, 473; 1 *Chandler*, 293, 301; or by such particular members as are of the privy council. 2 *Hats.*, 278.

SECTION XI.

COMMITTEES.

Standing committees, as of privileges and elections, etc., are usually appointed at the first meeting, to continue through the session. The first person named is

* **RULE 23.** The Vice President or President of the Senate pro tempore, shall have the right to name a member to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

generally permitted to act as chairman. But this is a matter of courtesy; every committee having a right to elect their own chairman, who presides over them, puts questions, and reports their proceedings to the House. 4 *Inst.*, 11, 12; *Scob.*, 9; 1 *Grey*, 122.

At these committees the members are to speak standing, and not sitting; though there is reason to conjecture it was formerly otherwise. *D'Ewes*, 630, col. 1; 4 *Parl. Hist.*, 440; 2 *Hats.*, 77.

Their proceedings are not to be published, as they are of no force till confirmed by the House. *Rushw.*, part 3, vol. 2, 74; 3 *Grey*, 401; *Scob.*, 39. Nor can they receive a petition but through the House. 9 *Grey*, 412.

When a committee is charged with an inquiry, if a member prove to be involved, they cannot proceed against him, but must make a special report to the House; whereupon the member is heard in his place, or at the bar, or a special authority is given to the committee to inquire concerning him. 9 *Grey*, 523.

So soon as the House sits, and a committee is notified of it, the chairman is in duty bound to rise instantly, and the members to attend the service of the House. 2 *Nals.*, 319.

It appears that on joint committees of the Lords and Commons, each committee acted integrally in the following instances: 7 *Grey*, 261, 278, 285, 338; 1 *Chandler*, 357, 462. In the following instances it does not appear whether they did or not: 6 *Grey*, 129; 7 *Grey*, 213, 229, 321.

SECTION XII.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The speech, message, and other matters of great concernment, are usually referred to a committee of the whole House (6*Grey*, 311), where general principles are digested in the form of resolutions, which are debated and amended till they get into a shape which meets the approbation of a majority. These being reported and confirmed by the House, are then referred to one or more select committees, according as the subject divides itself into one or more bills. *Scob.*, 36, 44. Propositions for any charge on the people are especially to be first made in a committee of the whole. 3 *Hats.*, 127. The sense of the whole is better taken in committee, because in all committees every one speaks as often as he pleases. *Scob.*, 49. They generally acquiesce in the chairman named by the Speaker; but, as well as all other committees, have a right to elect one, some member, by consent, putting the question. *Scob.*, 36; 3 *Grey*, 301. The form of going from the House into committee, is for the Speaker on motion, to put the question that the House do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole, to take into consideration such a matter, naming it. If determined in the affirmative he leaves the chair and takes a seat elsewhere, as any other member; and the person appointed chairman seats himself at the clerk's table. *Scob.*, 36. Their quorum is the same as that of the House, and if a defect happens, the chairman, on a motion and question, rises, the Speaker resumes the chair, and the chairman can make no other report than to inform the House of the cause of their dissolution. If a message is announced during a committee, the Speaker takes the chair, and receives it, because the committee cannot. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

In a Committee of the Whole, the tellers on a division, differing as to numbers, great heats and confusion arose, and danger of a decision by the sword. The Speaker took the chair, the mace was forcibly laid on the table; whereupon the members retiring to their places, the Speaker told the House "he had taken the chair without an order to bring the house into order." Some excepted against it but it was generally approved, as the only expedient to suppress the disorder. And every member was required, standing up in his place, to engage that he would proceed no further, in consequence of what had happened in the grand committee, which was done. 3 *Grey*, 128.

A Committee of the Whole being broken up in disorder, and the chair resumed by the Speaker without an order, the House was adjourned. The next day the committee was considered as thereby dissolved, and the subject again before the

House; and it was decided in the House without returning into the committee. 3 *Grey*, 130.

No previous question can be put in a committee, nor can this committee adjourn as others may; but if their business is unfinished, they rise, on a question, the House is resumed, and the chairman reports that the Committee of the Whole have, according to order, had under their consideration such a matter, and have made progress therein; but not having had time to go through the same, have directed him to ask leave to sit again. Whereupon a question is put upon their having leave, and on the time the House will again resolve itself into a committee. *Scob.*, 38. But if they have gone through the matter referred to them, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report their proceedings to the House; which being resolved, the chairman rises, the speaker resumes the chair, the chairman informs him that the committee have gone through the business referred to them, and that he is ready to make report when the House shall think proper to receive it. If the house have time to receive it, there is usually a cry of "Now, now," whereupon he makes the report; but if it be late, the cry is, "to-morrow, to-morrow," or "Monday," etc.; or a motion is made to that effect, and a question put, that it be received to-morrow, etc. *Scob.*, 38.

In other things the rules of proceedings are to be the same as in the House. *Scob.*, 39.

SECTION XIII.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Common fame is a good ground for the house to proceed by inquiry and even to accusation. *Resolution House of Commons*, 1 *Car.*, 1, 1624; *Rush.*, *L. Parl.*, 115; 1 *Grey*, 16-22, 92; *Grey*, 21, 23, 27, 45.

Witnesses are not to be produced but where the House has previously instituted an inquiry (2 *Hats.*, 102), nor then are orders for their attendance given blank. 3 *Grey*, 51.

When any person is examined before a committee, or at the bar of the House, any member wishing to ask the person a question, must address it to the Speaker or chairman, who repeats the question to the person, or says to him, "you hear the question—answer it." But if the propriety of the question be objected to, the Speaker directs the witness, counsel and parties to withdraw, for no question can be moved or put, or debated, while they are there. 2 *Hats.*, 108. Sometimes the questions are previously settled in writing before the witness enters. *Ib.*, 106, 107; 8 *Grey*, 64. The question asked must be entered in the journals. 3 *Grey*, 81. But the testimony given in answer before the House is never written down; but before a committee it must be, for the information of the House, who are not present to hear it. 7 *Grey*, 52, 334.

If either House have occasion for the presence of a person in custody of the other, they ask the other their leave that he may be brought up to them in custody. 3 *Hats.*, 52.

A Member, in his place, gives information to the House of what he knows of any matter under hearing at the bar. *Jour. II. of C.*, Jan. 22, 1744-'45.

Either House may request, but not demand, the attendance of a member of the other. They are to make the request by message to the other House, and to express clearly the purpose of attendance, that no improper subject of examination may be tendered to him. The House then gives leave to the member to attend, if he chooses it; waiting first to know from the Member himself whether he chooses to attend, till which they do not take the message into consideration. But where the Peers are sitting as a court of criminal judicature, they may order attendance, unless where it be a case of impeachment by the Commons. There, it is to be a request. 3 *Hats.*, 17; 9 *Grey*, 306, 406; 10 *Grey*, 133.

Counsel are to be heard only on private, not on public bills, and on such points of law only as the House shall direct. 10 *Grey*, 61.

SECTION XIV.

ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS.

The Speaker is not precisely bound to any rules as to what bills or other matter shall be first taken up; but is left to his own discretion, unless the House on the question decide to take up a particular subject. *Hakew.*, 136.

A settled order of business is, however, necessary for the government of the presiding person, and to restrain individual members from calling up favorite measures, or matters under their special patronage, out of their just turn. It is useful also for directing the discretion of the House, when they are moved to take up a particular matter, to the prejudice of the others having priority of right to their attention in the general order of business.

[In Senate, the bills and other papers which are in possession of the House, and in a state to be acted on, are arranged every morning, and brought on in the following order:]

[1. Bills ready for a second reading are read, that they may be referred to committees and so be put under way. But if, on their being read, no motion is made for commitment, they are then laid on the table in the general file, to be taken up in their just turn.]

[2. After 12 o'clock, bills ready for it are put on their passage.]

[3. Reports in possession of the House, which offer grounds for a bill, are to be taken up, that the bill may be ordered in.]

[4. Bills or other matters before the House, and unfinished on the preceding day, whether taken up in turn or on special order, are entitled to be resumed and passed on through their present stage.]

[5. These matters being dispatched, for preparing and expediting business, the general file of bills and other papers is then taken up, and each article of it is brought on according to its seniority, reckoned by the date of its first introduction to the House. Reports on bills belong to the dates of their bill.]

[The arrangement of the business of the Senate is now as follows:]

[1. Motions previously submitted.]

[2. Reports of Committees previously made.]

[3. Bills from the House of Representatives and those introduced on leave, which have been read the first time, are read the second time; and if not referred to a committee, are considered in Committee of the Whole, and proceeded with as in other cases.]

[4. After twelve o'clock, engrossed bills of the Senate, and bills of the House of Representatives, on third reading are put on their passage.]

[5. If the above are finished before one o'clock, the general file of bills, consisting of those reported from committees on the second reading, and those reported from committees after having been referred, are taken up in the order in which they were reported to the Senate by the respective committees.]

[6. At one o'clock, if no business be pending, or if no motion be called to proceed to other business, the special orders are called, at the head of which stands the unfinished business of the preceding day.]

[In this way we do not waste our time in debating what shall be taken up. We do one thing at a time; follow up a subject while it is fresh, and till it is done with, clear the House of business gradatim as it is brought on, and prevent to a certain degree, its immense accumulation towards the close of the session.]

[Arrangements, however, can only take hold of matters in possession of the House. New matter may be moved at any time when no question is before the House. Such are original motions and reports on bills. Such are bills from the other House, which are received at all times, and receive their first reading as soon as the question then before the House is disposed of; and bills brought in on leave, which are read first whenever presented. So messages from the other House respecting amendments to bills are taken up as soon as the House is clear of a question, unless they require to be printed for better consideration. Orders of the day may be called for even when another question is before the House.]

SECTION XV.

ORDER.

[Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish its members for disorderly behavior; and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. *Const.*, I, 5.]

In Parliament, "Instances make order," per Speaker Onslow, 2 *Hats.*, 141. But what is done only by one Parliament, cannot be called custom of Parliament; by Prynne. 1 *Grey*, 52.

SECTION XVI.

ORDER RESPECTING PAPERS.

The Clerk is to let no journals, records, accounts or papers, be taken from the table or out of his custody. 2 *Hats.*, 193, 194.

Mr. Prynne having at a Committee of the Whole amended a mistake in a bill without order or knowledge of the committee was reprimanded. 1 *Chand.*, 77.

A bill being missing, the House resolved that a protestation should be made and subscribed by the members "before Almighty God and this Honorable House, that neither myself nor any other to my knowledge have taken away, or do at this present conceal a bill entitled," etc. 5 *Grey*, 202.

After a bill is engrossed, it is put into the Speaker's hands, and he is not to let any one have it to look into. *Town.*, col. 200.

SECTION XVII.

ORDER IN DEBATE.

When the Speaker is seated in his chair, every member is to sit in his place *Scob.*, 6; 3 *Grey*, 403.

When any member means to speak, he is to stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself, not to the House, or any particular member, but to the Speaker, who calls him by his name, that the House may take notice who it is that speaks. *Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewes*, 487, col. 1; 2 *Hats.*, 77; 4 *Grey*, 66; 8 *Grey*, 108. But members who are indisposed may be indulged to speak sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 75; 1 *Grey*, 143.

[In Senate, every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair, standing in his place, and when he has finished, shall sit down. *Rule* 3.]

When a member stands up to speak, no question is to be put, but he is to be heard unless the House overrules him. 4 *Grey*, 390; 5 *Grey*, 6, 143.

If two or more rise to speak nearly together, the Speaker determines who was first up and calls him by name; whereupon he proceeds, unless he voluntarily sits down and gives way to the other. But sometimes the House does not acquiesce in the Speaker's decision, in which case the question is put, "Which member was first up?" 2 *Hats.*, 76; *Scob.*, 7; *D'Ewes*, 434, col. 1, 2.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President's decision is without appeal. Their rule is in these words: *When two members rise at the same time, the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the chair shall speak first. Rule* 5.]

No man may speak more than once on the same bill on the same day; or even on another day, if the debate be adjourned. But if it be read more than once in the same day, he may speak once at every reading. *Co.*, 12, 115; *Hakew.*, 148; *Scob.*, 58; 2 *Hats.*, 75. Even a change of opinion does not give a right to be heard a second time. *Smyth's Comw.*, I, 2, c. 3; *Arcan Parl.*, 17.

[The corresponding rule of the Senate is in these words: No member shall speak more than twice, in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the Senate. *Rule* 4.]

But he may be permitted to speak again to a clear matter of fact (3 *Grey*, 357, 416); or merely to explain himself (2 *Hats.*, 73) in some material part of his speech (*Ib.*, 75); or to the manner of words of the question, keeping himself to that only, and not traveling into the merits of it (*Memorials in Hakew.*, 29) or

to the orders of the House, if they be transgressed, keeping within that line, and not falling into the matter itself. *Memorials Hakew.*, 30, 31.

But if the Speaker rise to speak, the member standing up ought to sit down, that he may be first heard. *Town. col.*, 205; *Hale Parl.*, 133; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 30, 31. Nevertheless, though the Speaker may of right speak to matters of order, and be first heard, he is restrained from speaking on any other subject, except where the House have occasion for facts within his knowledge; that he may, with their leave, state the matter of fact. 3 *Grey*, 38.

No one is to speak impertinently or beside the question, superfluously or tediously. *Scob.*, 31, 33; 2 *Hats.*, 166, 168; *Hale Parl.*, 133.

No person is to use indecent language against the proceedings of the House; no prior determination of which is to be reflected on by any member, unless he means to conclude with a motion to rescind it. 2 *Hats.*, 169, 170; *Rushw.*, p. 3, v. 1, fol. 42. But while a proposition under consideration is still in *feri*, though it has even been reported by a committee, reflections on it are no reflections on the House. 9 *Grey*, 508.

No person in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the House, or who spoke last, or on the other side of the question, etc. (*Mem. in Hakew.*, 3; *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3); nor to digress from the matter to fall upon the person (*Scob.*, 31; *Hale Parl.*, 133; 2 *Hats.*, 166) by speaking, reviling, nipping or unmanly words against a particular member. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3. The consequences of a measure may be reprobated in strong terms; but to arraign the motives of those who propose to advocate it, is a personality, and against order. *Qui digreditur a materia ad personam*, Mr. Speaker ought to suppress. *Ord. Com.*, 1604, Apr. 19.

[* * * When a member shall be called to order by the President or a Senator, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of the Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the President, without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and the President may call for the sense of the Senate on any question of order. *Rule 6.*]

[No member shall speak to another or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the journals or public papers are reading, or when any member is speaking in any debate. *Rule 2.*]

No one is to disturb another in his speech by hissing, coughing, spitting (6 *Grey*, 332; *Scob.*, 8; *D'Ewes*, 332, col. 1, 640, col. 1) speaking or whispering to another (*Scob.*, 6; *D'Ewes.*, 487, col. 1); nor stand up to interrupt him (*Town.*, col. 205; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 31); nor to push between the Speaker and the speaking member, nor to go across the House (*Scob.*, 6), or to walk up and down it, or to take books or papers from the table, or write there. 2 *Hats.*, 171.

Nevertheless, if a member finds that it is not the inclination of the House to hear him, and that by conversation or any other noise they endeavor to drown his voice, it is his most prudent way to submit to the pleasure of the House, and sit down; for it scarcely ever happens that they are guilty of this piece of ill manners without sufficient reason, or inattentive to a member who says anything worth their hearing. 2 *Hats.*, 77, 78.

If repeated calls do not produce order, the Speaker may call by his name any member obstinately persisting in irregularity; whereupon the House may require the member to withdraw. He is then to be heard in exculpation, and to withdraw. Then the Speaker states the offense committed, and the House considers the degree of punishment they will inflict. 3 *Hats.*, 167, 7, 8, 172.

For instances of assaults and affrays in the House of Commons, and the proceedings thereon, see 1 *Pet. Misc.*, 82; 3 *Grey*, 128; 4 *Grey*, 328; 5 *Grey*, 382; 6 *Grey*, 254; 10 *Grey*, 8. Whenever warm words or an assault have passed between members, the House, for the protection of their members, requires them to declare in their places not to prosecute any quarrel (3 *Grey*, 127, 293; 5 *Grey*, 280); or orders them to attend the Speaker, who is to accommodate their differences, and report to the House (3 *Grey*, 419); and they are put under restraint if they refuse, or until they do. 9 *Grey*, 234, 312.

Disorderly words are not to be noticed till the member has finished his speech. 5 *Grey*, 356; 6 *Grey*, 60. Then the person objecting to them, and desiring them to be taken down by the clerk at the table, must repeat them. The Speaker then may direct the clerk to take them down in his minutes; but if he thinks them not disorderly, he delays the direction. If the call becomes pretty general, he orders

the clerk to take them down, as stated by the objecting member. They are then part of his minutes, and when read to the offending member, he may deny they were his words, and the House must then decide by a question whether they are his words or not. Then the member may justify them, or explain the sense in which he used them, or apologize. If the House is satisfied, no further proceeding is necessary. But if two members still insist to take the sense of the House, the member must withdraw before that question is stated, and then the sense of the House is to be taken. 2 *Hats.*, 199; 4 *Grey*, 110; 6 *Grey*, 59. When any member has spoken, or other business intervenes, after offensive words spoken, they cannot be taken notice of for censure. And this is for the common security of all, and to prevent mistakes which must happen if words are not taken down immediately. Formerly they might be taken down at any time the same day. 2 *Hats.*, 196; *Mcm. in Hakew.*, 71; 3 *Grey*, 48; 9 *Grey*, 514.

Disorderly words spoken in a committee must be written down as in the House; but the committee can only report them to the House for animadversion. 6 *Grey*, 46.

[The rule of the Senate says: "If the member be called to order by a Senator for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter." *Rule 7.*]

In Parliament, to speak irreverently or seditiously against the King is against order. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; 2 *Hats.*, 170.

It is a breach of order in debate to notice what has been said on the same subject in the other House, on the particular vote or majorities on it there; because the opinion of each House shall be left to its own independency; not to be influenced by the proceedings of the other; and the quoting them might beget reflections leading to a misunderstanding between the two Houses. 8 *Grey*, 22.

Neither House can exercise any authority over a member or officer of the other, but should complain to the House of which he is, and leave the punishment to them. Where the complaint is of words disrespectfully spoken by a member of another House, it is difficult to obtain punishment, because of the rules supposed necessary to be observed (as to the immediate noting down of words), for the security of members. Therefore, it is the duty of the House, and more particularly of the Speaker, to interfere immediately, and not to permit expressions to go unnoticed which may give a ground of complaint to the other House, and introduce proceedings and mutual accusations between the two Houses, which can hardly be terminated without difficulty and disorder. 3 *Hats.*, 51.

No member may be present when a bill or any business concerning himself is debating; nor is any member to speak to the merits of it till he withdraws. 2 *Hats.*, 219. The rule is, that if a charge against a member arise out of a report of a committee, or of examination of witnesses in the House, as the member knows from that to what points he is to direct his exculpation, he may be heard to those points, before any question is moved or stated against him. He is then to be heard, and withdraw before any question is moved. But if the question itself is the charge, as for breach of order, or matter arising in the debate, then the charge must be stated (that is the question must be moved), himself heard and then to withdraw. 2 *Hats.*, 121, 122.

Where the private interests of a member are concerned in a bill or question, he is to withdraw. And where such an interest has appeared, his voice has been disallowed even after a division. In a case so contrary, not only to the laws of decency, but to the fundamental principle of the social compact which denies to any man to be a judge in his own cause, it is for the honor of the House that this rule of immemorial observance, should be strictly adhered to. 2 *Hats.*, 119, 121; 6 *Grey*, 368.

No member is to come into the House with his head covered, nor to remove from one place to another with his hat on, nor is to put on his hat in coming in or removing until he be set down in his place. *Scob.*, 6.

A question of order may be adjourned to give time to look into precedents. 2 *Hats.*, 118.

In Parliament, all decisions of the Speaker may be controlled by the House. 3 *Grey*, 319.

SECTION XVIII.

ORDERS OF THE HOUSE.

Of right, the doors of the House ought not to be shut but to be kept by porters, or sergeant-at-arms, assigned for that purpose. *Mod. Ten. Parl.*, 23.

[By rules of the Senate, on motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require secrecy, the President shall direct the gallery to be cleared and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut. *Rule 18.*]

[No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the Senate Chamber to present any petition, memorial or address, or to hear any such read. *Rule 19.*]

The only case where a member has a right to insist on anything, is where he calls for the execution of a subsisting order of the House. Here, there having been already a resolution, any person has a right to insist that the Speaker, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry it into execution; and no debate or delay can be had on it. Thus any member has a right to have the House or gallery cleared of strangers, an order existing for that purpose; or to have the House told where there is no quorum present. *Hats.*, 87, 129. How far an order of the House is binding, see *Hakew.*, 392.

But where an order is made that any particular matter be taken up on a particular day, there a question is to be put, when it is called for, whether the House will now proceed to that matter? Where orders of the day are on important or interesting matter, they ought not to be proceeded on till an hour at which the House is usually full [*which in Senate is at noon*].

Orders of the day may be discharged at any time, and a new one made for a different day. 3 *Grey*, 48, 313.

When a session is drawn to a close, and the important bills are all brought in, the House, in order to prevent interruption by further unimportant bills, sometimes come to a resolution that no new bill be brought in, except it be sent from the other House. 3 *Grey*, 156.

All orders of the House determine with the session; and one taken under such an order may, after the session is ended, be discharged on a habeas corpus. *Raym.*, 120; *Jacob's L. D.*, by *Roughead*; *Parliament*, 1 *Lcx.*, 165 (*Pritchard's case*).

[Where the Constitution authorizes each House to determine the rules of its proceedings, it must mean in those cases (legislative, executive or judiciary) submitted to them by the Constitution, or in something relating to these, and necessary towards their execution. But orders and resolutions are sometimes entered in the journals, having no relation to these, such as acceptances of invitations to attend orations, to take part in processions, etc. These must be understood to be merely conventional among those who are willing to participate in the ceremony, and are, therefore, perhaps, improperly placed among the records of the House.]

SECTION XIX.

PETITIONS.

A petition prays something. A remonstrance has no prayer. 1 *Grey*, 58.

Petitions must be subscribed by the petitioners (*Scob.*, 87; *L. Parl.*, c. 22; 9 *Grey*, 362), unless they are attending (1 *Grey*, 401); or unable to sign, and averred by a member (3 *Grey*, 418). But a petition not subscribed, but which the member presenting it affirmed to be all in the handwriting of the petitioner, and his name written in the beginning, was on the question (Mar. 14, 1800) received by the Senate. The averment of a member, or of somebody without doors, that they know the handwriting of the petitioners, is necessary, if it be questioned. 6 *Grey*, 36. It must be presented by a member, not by the petitioners, and must be opened by him holding it in his hand. 10 *Grey*, 57.

[Before any petition or memorial addressed to the Senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the President or a

member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial shall verbally be made by the introducer. *Rule 24.*]

Regularly, a motion for receiving it must be made and seconded, and a question put, whether it shall be received. But a cry from the House of "Received," or even its silence, dispenses with the formality of this question; it is then to be read at the table, and disposed of.

SECTION XX.

MOTIONS.

When a motion has been made, it is not to be put to the question, or debated until it is seconded. *Scob., 21.*

[The Senate say, No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded. *Rule 9.*]

It is then, and not till then, in possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn but by leave of the House. It is to be put into writing if the House or Speaker require it, and must be read to the House by the Speaker as often as any member desires it for his information. *2 Hats., 82.*

[The rule of the Senate is: When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President or any member, delivered in at the table, and read before the same shall be debated. * * * *Rule 10.*]

It might be asked, whether a motion for adjournment or for the orders of the day, can be made by any one member while another is speaking. It cannot. When two members offer to speak, he who rose first is to be heard; and it is a breach of order in another to interrupt him, unless by calling him to order, if he departs from it. And the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through. A call for adjournment, or for the order of the day, or for the question, by gentlemen from their seats, is not a motion. No motion can be made without arising and addressing the Chair. Such calls are themselves breaches of order which, though the member who has risen may respect as an expression of impatience of the House against further debate, yet, if he chooses he has a right to go on.

SECTION XXI.

RESOLUTIONS.

When the House commands, it is by an "order." But facts, principles, and their own opinions and purposes, are expressed in the form of resolutions.

[A resolution for an allowance of money to the clerks being moved, it was objected to as not in order, and so ruled by the Chair; but on an appeal to the Senate (i. e., a call for their sense by the President, on account of doubt in his mind, according to rule 26), the decision was overruled. *Jour. Sen., June 1, 1796.* I presume the doubt was whether an allowance of money could be made otherwise than by bill.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS.

[Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed and the President shall give notice at each whether it be first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unanimously direct otherwise. * * * *Rule 26.*]

SECTION XXIII.

BILLS, LEAVE TO BRING IN.

[One day's notice, at least, shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in a bill. *Rule 25.*]

When a member desires to bring in a bill on any subject, he states to the House in general terms the causes for doing it, and concludes by moving for leave to

bring in a bill entitled, etc. Leave being given on the question, a committee is appointed to prepare and bring in the bill. The mover and seconder are always appointed of this committee, and one or more in addition. *Hakew.*, 122; *Scob.*, 40.

It is to be presented fairly written, without any erasure or interlineation, or the Speaker may refuse. *Scob.*, 41; 1 *Grey*, 82, 84.

SECTION XXIV.

BILLS, FIRST READING.

When a bill is first presented, the Clerk reads it at the table, and hands it to the Speaker, who, rising, states the title of the bill; that this is the first time of reading it; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a second time? then sitting down to give an opening for objections. If none be made, he rises again, and puts the question, whether it shall be read a second time? *Hakew.*, 137, 141. A bill cannot be amended on the first reading (6 *Grey*, 286); nor is it usual for it to be opposed then, but it may be done, and rejected. *D'Ewes*, 335; *col.* 1; 3 *Hats.*, 198.

SECTION XXV.

BILLS, SECOND READING.

The second reading must regularly be on another day. *Hakew.*, 143. It is done by the Clerk at the table, who then hands it to the Speaker. The Speaker, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; and that the question will be, whether it shall be committed or engrossed and read a third time? But if the bill came from the other House, as it always comes engrossed, he states that the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time, and before he has so reported the state of the bill, no one is to speak to it. *Hakew.*, 143, 146.

[In the Senate of the United States the President reports the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; that it is now to be considered as in a committee of the whole; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time? or that it may be referred to a special committee?]

SECTION XXVI.

BILLS, COMMITMENT.

If on motion and question it be decided that the bill shall be committed, it may then be moved to be referred to Committee of the Whole House, or to a special committee. If the latter, the Speaker proceeds to name the committee. Any member also may name a single person, and the Clerk is to write him down as of the committee. But the House have a controlling power over the names and number, if a question be moved against anyone; and may in any case put in and put out whom they please.

Those who take exceptions to some particulars in the bill are to be of the committee, but none who speak directly against the body of the bill, for he that would totally destroy will not mend it (*Hakew.*, 146; *Town.*, *col.* 208; *D'Ewes*, 634, *col.* 2; *Scob.*, 47); or, as it is said (5 *Grey*, 145), the child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it (6 *Grey*, 373). It is therefore a constant rule "that no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it." And when any member who is against the bill hears himself named of its committee, he ought to ask to be excused. Thus (March 7, 1606) Mr. Hadley was, on the question being put, excused from being of a committee, declaring himself to be against the matter itself. *Scob.*, 46.

[No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; after which it may be referred to a committee. *Rule* 27.]

[In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate will proceed by ballot, severally, to appoint the Chairman of each committee; and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same; and a majority of the

whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a chairman of a standing committee. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall make a choice. When any subject or matter shall have been referred to a committee, any other subject or matter of a similar nature may, on motion, be referred to such committee. *Rule 34.*

The Clerk may deliver the bill to any member of the committee (*Town., col. 3S*); but it is usual to deliver it to him who is first named.

In some cases the House has ordered a committee to withdraw immediately into the Committee Chamber and act on and bring back the bill, sitting in the House. *Scob., 48.* A committee meet when and where they please, if the House has not ordered time and place for them (*6 Grey, 370*); but they can only act when together, and not by separate consultation and consent—nothing being the report of the committee but what has been agreed to in committee actually assembled.

A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for business. *Elsynge's Method of Passing Bills, 11.*

Any member of the House may be present at any select committee, but cannot vote, and must give place to all of the committee, and sit below them. *Elsynge, 12; Scob., 49.*

The committee have full power over the bill or other paper committed to them, except that they cannot change the title or subject. *8 Grey, 228.*

The paper before a committee, whether select or of the whole, may be a bill, resolutions, draught of an address, etc., and it may either originate with them or be referred to them. In every case the whole paper is read first by the clerk and then by the chairman, by paragraphs (*Scob., 49*), pausing at the end of each paragraph, and putting questions for amending, if proposed. In the case of resolutions on distinct subjects, originating with themselves, a question is put on each separately, as amended or unamended, and no final question on the whole (*3 Hats., 276*); but if they relate to the same subject, a question is put on the whole. If it be a bill, draught of an address, or other paper originating with them, they proceed by paragraphs; putting questions for amending either by insertion or striking out, if proposed, but no question on agreeing to the paragraphs separately; this is reserved to the close, when a question is put on the whole for agreeing to it as amended or unamended. But if it be a paper referred to them, they proceed to put questions of amendment, if proposed, but no final question on the whole, because all parts of the paper, having been adopted by the House, stand, of course, unless altered or struck out by a vote. Even if they are opposed to the whole paper, and think it cannot be made good by amendments, they cannot reject it, but must report it back to the House without amendments and there make their opposition.

The natural order in considering and amending any paper is to begin at the beginning, and proceed through it by paragraphs, and this order is so strictly adhered to in Parliament, that when a latter part has been amended, you can not recur back and make any alterations in a former part. *2 Hats., 90.* In numerous assemblies this restraint is doubtless important. [But in the Senate of the United States, though in the main we consider and amend the paragraphs in their natural order, yet recurrences are indulged; and they seem on the whole, in that small body, to produce advantages outweighing their inconveniences.]

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is a single exception found in parliamentary usage. When a bill is taken up in committee, or on its second reading, they postpone the preamble till the other parts of the bill are gone through. The reason is, that on consideration of the body of the bill, such alterations may therein be made as may also occasion the alteration of the preamble. *Scob., 50; 7 Grey, 431.*

On this head the following case occurred in the Senate, March 6, 1800: A resolution which had no preamble having been already amended by the House, so that a few words only of the original remained in it, a motion was made to prefix a preamble, which having an aspect very different from the resolution, the mover intimated that he should afterwards propose a corresponding amendment in the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble could not be taken up till the body of the resolution is done with; but the preamble was received, because we are in fact through the body of the resolution; we have amended that as far as amendments have offered, and, indeed, till little of the original is left. It is the proper time, therefore, to consider a preamble; and whether the one

offered be consistent with the resolution is for the House to determine. The mover, indeed, has intimated that he shall offer a subsequent proposition for the body of the resolution; but the House is not in possession of it; it remains in his breast, and may be withheld. The rules of the House can only operate on what is before them. [The practice of the Senate, too, allows recurrences backwards and forwards, for the purposes of amendment, not permitting amendments in a subsequent to preclude those in a prior part, or *e converso*.]

When the committee is through the whole, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report the paper to the House, with or without amendments, as the case may be. 2 *Hats.*, 289. 292; *Scob.*, 53; 2 *Hats.*, 290; 8 *Scob.*, 50.

When a vote is once passed in a committee, it cannot be altered, but by the House, their votes being binding on themselves. 1607, *June 4*.

The committee may not erase, interline, or blot the bill itself; but must, in a paper by itself, set down the amendments, stating the words which are to be inserted or omitted (*Scob.* 50), and where, by references to the page, line and word of the bill. *Scob.*, 50.

SECTION XXVII.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The chairman of the committee, standing in his place, informs the House that the committee, to whom was referred such a bill, have, according to order, had the same under consideration, and have directed him to report the same without any amendment or with sundry amendments (as the case may be), which he is ready to do when the House pleases to receive it. And he or any other may move that it be now received; but the cry of "now, now," from the House, generally dispenses with the formality of a motion and question. He then reads the amendment, with the coherence in the bill, and opens the alterations and the reasons of the committee for such amendments, until he has gone through the whole. He then delivers it at the clerk's table, where the amendments reported are read by the clerk without the coherence; whereupon the papers lie upon the table till the House, at its convenience, shall take up the report. *Scob.*, 52; *Hakew.*, 148.

The report being made, the committee is dissolved and can act no more without a new power. *Scob.*, 51. But it may be revived by a vote, and the same matter recommitted to them. 4 *Grey*, 361.

SECTION XXVIII.

BILL, RECOMMITMENT.

After a bill has been committed and reported, it ought not in an ordinary course to be recommitted; but in case of importance, and for special reasons, it is sometimes recommitted, and usually to the same committee. *Hakew.*, 151. If a report be recommitted before agreed to in the House, what has passed in committee is of no validity; the whole question is again before the committee, and a new resolution must be again moved, as if nothing had passed. 2 *Hats.*, 131—note.

In Senate, January, 1800, the salvage bill was recommitted three times after the commitment.

A particular clause of a bill may be committed without the whole bill (3 *Hats.*, 131); or so much of a paper to one and so much to another committee.

SECTION XXIX.

BILL, REPORTS TAKEN UP.

When the report of a paper originating with a committee is taken up by the House, they proceed exactly as in committee. Here, as in committee, when the paragraphs have, on distinct questions, been agreed to *seriatim* (5 *Grey*, 366; 6 *Grey*, 368; 8 *Grey*, 47. 104. 360; 1 *Torbuck's Deb.*, 125; 3 *Hats.*, 348), no question need be put on the whole report. 5 *Grey*, 381.

On taking up a bill reported with amendments, the amendments only are read by the Clerk. The Speaker then reads the first, and puts it to the question, and so on until the whole are adopted or rejected, before any other amendment be admitted, except it be an amendment to an amendment. *Elsynge's Mem.*, 53. When through the amendments of the committee, the Speaker pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the house to the body of the bill as he does also if it has been reported without amendments, putting no questions but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether the bill be read the third time.

SECTION XXX.

QUASI-COMMITTEE.

If on motion and question the bill be not committed or if no proposition for commitment be made, then the proceedings in the Senate of the United States and in Parliament are totally different. The former shall be first stated.

[The 28th rule of the Senate says: "All bills on a second reading shall first be considered by the Senate in the same manner as if the Senate were in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and proceeded on by the Senate agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered;" (that is to say, unless ordered to be referred to a special committee). And when the Senate shall consider a treaty, bill, or resolution, as in Committee of the Whole, the Vice-President or President *pro tempore* may call a member to fill the chair during the time the Senate shall remain in Committee of the Whole; and the chairman (so called) shall, during such time, have the powers of a President *pro tempore*.]

[The Proceedings of the Senate, as in a Committee of the Whole, or in Quasi-Committee are precisely as in a real Committee of the Whole, taking no question but on amendments. When through the whole they consider the Quasi-Committee as risen, the House resumes without any motion, question or resolution to that effect, and the President reports that "The House, acting as in a Committee of the Whole, have had under their consideration the bill entitled, etc., and have made sundry amendments, which he will now report to the House." The bill is then before them, as it would have been if reported from a committee and the questions are regularly to be put again on every amendment; which being gone through, the President pauses to give time to the House to propose amendments to the body of the bill, and when through, puts the question whether it shall be read a third time.]

[After progress in amending the bill in Quasi-Committee a motion may be made to refer it to a special committee. If the motion prevails, it is equivalent in effect to the several votes, that the committee rise, the House resume itself, discharge the Committee of the Whole, and refer the bill to a special committee. In that case the amendments already made fall. But if the motion falls, the Quasi-Committee stands *in statu quo*.]

[How far does this 28th rule subject the House, when in Quasi-Committee, to the laws which regulate the proceedings of Committees of the Whole?] The particulars in which these differ from proceedings in the House are the following: 1. In a committee every member may speak as often as he pleases. 2. The votes of a committee may be rejected or altered when reported to the House. 3. A committee, even of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee. In a committee, no previous question can be taken; the only means to avoid any improper discussion is to move that the committee rise; and if it be apprehended that the same discussion will be attempted on returning into committee, the House can discharge them, and proceed itself on the business, keeping down the improper discussions by the previous question. 5. A committee cannot punish a breach of order in the House or in the gallery. 9 *Grey*, 113. It can only rise and report to the House, who may proceed to punish. [The first and second of these peculiarities attach to the Quasi-Committee of the Senate, as every day's practice proves, and seem to be the only ones to which the 28th rule meant to subject them; for it continues to be a House, and, therefore, though it acts in some respects as a committee, in others it preserves its character as a House. Thus: 3. It is in the daily habit of referring its business to a special committee. 4. It admits of the previous question; if it did not, it would have no means of preventing an improper discus-

sion, not being able, as a committee is, to avoid it by returning into the House, for the moment it would resume the same subject there, the 28th rule declares it again a Quasi-Committee. 5. It would doubtless exercise its powers as a House on any breach of order. 6. It takes a question by yea and nay as the House does. 7. It receives messages from the President and the other House. 8. In the midst of a debate it receives a motion to adjourn, and adjourns as a House, not a committee.]

SECTION XXXI.

BILLS, SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

In Parliament after the bill has been read a second time, if on the motion and question it be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, the Speaker reads it by paragraphs, pausing between each, but putting no question but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether it shall be read a third time? if it come from the other House; or, if originating with themselves whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time? The Speaker reads sitting, but rises to put questions. The Clerk stands while he reads.

[*But the Senate of the United States is so much in the habit of making many and material amendments at the third reading, that it has become the practice not to engross a bill until it has passed—an irregular and dangerous practice, because in this way the paper which passes the Senate is not that which goes to the other House, and that which goes to the other House as the act of the Senate has never been seen in the Senate. In reducing numerous, difficult and illegible amendments into the text, the Secretary may, with the most innocent intentions, commit errors which can never be again corrected.]

The bill being now as perfect as its friends can make it, this is the proper stage for those fundamentally opposed to make their first attack. All attempts at earlier periods are with disjointed efforts, because many who do not expect to be in favor of the bill ultimately are willing to let it go on to its perfect state, to take time to examine it themselves and to hear what can be said for it, knowing that after all they will have sufficient opportunities of giving it their veto. Its last two stages, therefore, are reserved for this—that is to say, on the question whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time, and lastly, whether it shall pass? The first of these is usually the most interesting contest, because then the whole subject is new and engaging; and the minds of the members having not yet been declared by any trying vote, the issue is the more doubtful. In this stage, therefore, is the main trial of strength between its friends and opponents, and it behooves every one to make up his mind decisively for this question, or he loses the main battle; and accident and management may, and often do, prevent a successful rallying on the next and last question, whether it shall pass.

When the bill is engrossed, the title is to be indorsed on the back and not within the bill. *Halew.*, 250.

*The former practice of the Senate referred to in this paragraph has been changed by the following rule:

[RULE 29. The final question upon the second reading of every bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, amendment or motion, unless by unanimous consent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order before the final passage of any such bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, shall be again read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.]

SECTION XXXII.

READING PAPERS.

Where papers are laid before the House or referred to a committee, every member has a right to have them once read at the table before he can be compelled to vote on them; but it is a great though common error to suppose that he has a right *toties quoties*, to have acts, journals, accounts, or papers on the table, read independently of the will of the House. The delay and interruption which this might be made to produce evince the impossibility of the existence of such a right. There is, indeed, so manifest a propriety of permitting every member to have as much information as possible on every question on which he is to vote, that when he desires the reading, if it be seen that it is really for information and not for delay, the Speaker directs it to be read without putting a question, if no one objects; but if objected to, a question must be put. 2 *Hats.*, 117, 118.

It is equally an error to suppose that any member has a right, without a question put, to lay a book or paper on the table, or have it read, on suggesting that it contains matter infringing on the privileges of the House. *Ib.*

For the same reason a member has not a right to read a paper in his place, if it be objected to, without leave of the House. But this rigor is never exercised but where there is an intentional or gross abuse of the time and patience of the House.

A member has not a right even to read his own speech, committed to writing, without leave. This also is to prevent an abuse of time and therefore is not refused but where that is intended. 2 *Grey*, 226.

A report of a committee of the Senate on a bill from the House of Representatives being under consideration, on motion that the report of the committee of the House of Representatives on the same bill be read in the Senate, it passed in the negative. *Feb.* 28, 1793.

Formerly when papers were referred to a committee, they used to be first read; but of late only the titles, unless a number insist that they shall be read, and then nobody can oppose it. 2 *Hats.*, 117.

SECTION XXXIII.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

[*While a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for the previous question, or for postponing the main question, or to commit it, or to adjourn. *Rule* 11.]

It is no possession of a bill unless it be delivered to the Clerk to be read or the Speaker reads the title. *Lea Parl.*, 274; *Elsynge's Mem.*, 85; *Ord. House of Commons*, 64.

It is a general rule that the question first moved and seconded shall be first put. *Scob.*, 28, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 81. But this rule gives way to what may be called privileged questions; and the privileged questions are of different grades among themselves.

A motion to adjourn simply takes place of all others, for otherwise the House might be kept sitting against its will, and indefinitely. Yet this motion cannot be received after another question is actually put, and while the House is engaged in voting.

Orders of the day take place of all other questions, except for adjournment—that is to say, the question which is the subject of an order is made a privileged one, *pro hac vice*. The order is a repeal of the general rule as to this special case.

*This rule has been modified so as to specify the questions entitled to preference. The rule is now as follows:

[When a question is under debate, no motion shall be made but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and be decided without debate.]

When any member moves, therefore, for the Order of the Day to be read, no further debate is permitted on the question which was before the House; for if the debate might proceed, it might continue through the day and defeat the order. This motion, to entitle it to precedence, must be for the orders generally, and not for any particular one; and if it be carried on the question, "Whether the House will now proceed to the orders of the day?" they must be read and proceeded on in the course in which they stand (2 *Hats.*, 83), for priority of order gives priority of right, which cannot be taken away by another special order.

After these there are other privileged questions which will require considerable explanation.

It is proper that every parliamentary assembly should have certain forms of questions, so adapted as to enable them fitly to dispose of every proposition which can be made to them. Such are: 1. The previous question. 2. To postpone indefinitely. 3. To adjourn a question to a definite day. 4. To lie on the table. 5. To commit. 6. To amend. The proper occasion for each of these questions should be understood.

1. When a proposition is moved which it is useless or inexpedient now to express or discuss, the previous question has been introduced for suppressing for that time the motion and its discussion. 3 *Hats.*, 188, 189.

2. But as the previous question gets rid of it only for that day, and the same proposition may recur the next day, if they wish to suppress it for the whole of that session, they postpone it indefinitely. 3 *Hats.*, 183. This quashes the proposition for that session, as an indefinite adjournment is a dissolution, or the continuance of a suit *sine die* is a discontinuance of it.

3. When a motion is made which it will be proper to act on, but information is wanted, or something more pressing claims the present time, the question or debate is adjourned to such day within the session as will answer the views of the House. 2 *Hats.*, 81. And those who have spoken before may not speak again when the adjourned debate is resumed. 2 *Hats.*, 73. Sometimes, however, this has been abusedly used by adjourning it to a day beyond the session, to get rid of it altogether, as would be done by an indefinite postponement.

4. When the House has something else which claims its present attention, but would be willing to reserve in their power to take up a proposition whenever it shall suit them, they order it to lie on the table. It may then be called for at any time.

5. If the proposition will want more amendment and digestion than the formalities of the House will conveniently admit, they refer it to a committee.

6. But if the proposition be well digested, and may need but few and simple amendments, and especially if these be of leading consequence, they then proceed to consider and amend it themselves.

The Senate, in their practice, vary from this regular gradation of forms. Their practice, comparatively with that of parliament, stands thus:

FOR THE PARLIAMENT:

Postponement indefinite,
Adjournment.

Lying on the table.

THE SENATE USES:

Postponement to a day beyond the session,
Postponement to a day within the session,
Postponement indefinite,
Lying on the table.

In their eighth rule, therefore, which declares that while the question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless it be for the previous question or to postpone, commit, or amend the main question, the term postponement must be understood according to their broad use of it and not in the parliamentary sense. Their rule then establishes as privileged questions, the previous questions, postponement, commitment and amendment.

But it may be asked, Have these questions any privileges among themselves? or are they so equal that the common principle of the "first moved first put," takes the place among them? This will need explanation. Their competitions may be as follows:

1. Previous question and postpone..... commit..... amend.....	}	In the first, second and third classes, and the first member of the fourth class, the rule "first moved first put" takes place.
2. Postpone and previous question..... commit..... amend.....	}	
3. Commit and previous question..... postpone..... amend.....	}	
4. Amend and previous question..... postpone..... commit.....	}	

In the first class, where the previous question is first moved, the effect is peculiar; for it not only prevents the after motion to postpone or commit from being put to question before it, but also from being put after it; for if the previous question be decided affirmatively, to wit, that the main question shall *now* be put, it would of course be against the decision to postpone or commit; and if it be decided negatively, to wit, that the main question shall not now be put, this puts the House out of possession of the main question, and consequently there is nothing before them to postpone or commit. So that neither voting for nor against the previous question will enable the advocates for postponing or committing to get at their object. Whether it may be amended shall be examined hereafter.

Second class. If postponement be decided affirmatively, the proposition is removed from before the House, and consequently there is no ground for the previous question, commitment, or amendment; but if decided negatively (that it shall not be postponed), the main question may then be suppressed by the previous question, or may be committed or amended.

The third class is subject to the same observations as the second.

The fourth class. Amendment of the main question first moved, and afterwards the previous question, the question of amendment shall be first put.

Amendment and postponement competing, postponement is first put, as the equivalent proposition to adjourn the main question would be in Parliament. The reason is, that the question for amendment is not suppressed by postponement or adjourning the main question, but remains before the House whenever the main question is resumed; and it might be that the occasion for other urgent business might go by, and be lost by length of debate on the amendment, if the House had it not in their power to postpone the whole subject.

Amendment and commitment. The question for committing though last moved, shall be first put; because, in truth, it facilitates and befriends the motion to amend. *Scobell* is express: "On motion to amend a bill, any one may, notwithstanding, move to commit it, and the question for commitment shall be first put." *Scob.*, 46.

We have hitherto considered the question of two or more of the privileged questions contending for privilege between themselves, when both are moved on the original or main question; but now let us suppose one of them to be moved not on the original primary question, but on the secondary one, *e. g.*

Suppose a motion to postpone, commit or amend the main question, and that it be moved to suppress that motion by putting a previous question on it. This is not allowed, because it would embarrass questions too much to allow them to be piled on one another several stories high; and the same result may be had in a more simple way, by deciding against the postponement, commitment or amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 81, 2, 3, 4.

Suppose a motion for the previous question, or commitment or amendment of the main question, and that it be then moved to postpone the motion for the previous question, or for commitment or amendment of the main question. 1. It would be absurd to postpone the previous question, commitment or amendment alone, and thus separate the appendage from its principal; yet it must be postponed separately from its original, if at all, because the eighth rule of the Senate says that "when a main question is before the House, no motion shall be received but to commit, amend or pre-question the original question," which is the parliamentary doctrine also; therefore the motion to postpone the secondary motion for the previous question, or for committing or amending, cannot be received. 2.

This is a piling of questions one on another; which to avoid embarrassment, is not allowed. 3. The same result may had more simply by voting against the previous question, commitment or amendment.

Suppose an amendment moved of a motion for the previous question, or to postpone or amend. The first, second and third reasons before stated, all hold good against this.

Suppose an amendment moved to a motion for the previous question. Answer: the previous question cannot be amended. Parliamentary usage, as well as the ninth rule of the Senate, has fixed its form to be, Shall the main question be now put?—*i. e.*, at this instant; and as the present instant is but one, it can admit of no modification. To change it to tomorrow, or any other moment, is without example and without utility. But suppose a motion to amend a motion for postponement as to one day instead of another, or to a special instead of an indefinite time. The useful character of amendment gives it a privilege of attaching itself to a secondary and privileged motion; that is, we may amend a postponement of a main question. So, we may amend a commitment of a main question, as by adding, for example, "with instructions to inquire," etc. In like manner, if an amendment be moved to an amendment, it is admitted; but it would not be admitted in another degree, to wit: to amend an amendment to an amendment of a main question. This would lead to too much embarrassment. The line must be drawn somewhere, and usage has drawn it after the amendment to the amendment. The same result must be sought by deciding against the amendment to the amendment, and then moving it again as it wished to be amended. In this form it becomes only amendment to an amendment.

[When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee, the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put. *Rule 36.*]

[In filling a blank with a sum, the largest sum shall be first put to the question, by the thirteenth rule of the Senate,*] contrary to the rule of Parliament, which privileges the smallest sum and longest time. 5 *Grey*, 179; 2 *Hats.*, 8, 83; 3 *Hats.*, 132, 133. And this is considered to be not in the form of an amendment to the question, but as alternative or successive originals. In all cases of time or number, we must consider whether the larger comprehends the lesser as in a question to what day a postponement shall be, the number of a committee, amount of fine, term of imprisonment, term of irredeemability of a loan, or the *terminus ad quem* in any other case; then the question must begin a *maximo*. Or whether the lesser includes the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on what day the session shall be closed by adjournment, on what day the next shall commence, when an act shall commence, or the *terminus a quo* in any other case where the question must begin a *minimo*; the object being not to begin at that extreme which, and more, being within every man's wish, no one could negative it, and yet, if he should vote in the affirmative, every question for more would be precluded; but at that extreme which would unite few, and then to advance or recede till you get a number which will unite a bare majority. 3 *Grey*, 376, 384, 385. "The fair question in this case, is not that to which, and more, all will agree, whether there shall be addition to the question." *Grey*, 355.

Another exception to the rule of priority is when a motion has been made to strike out or agree to a paragraph. Motions to amend it are to be put to the question before a vote is taken on striking out or agreeing to the whole paragraph.

But there are several questions which, being incidental to every one, will take place of every one, privileged or not, to wit: a question of order arising out of any other question must be decided before that question. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

A matter of privilege arising out of any question, or from a quarrel between two members or any other cause, supersedes the consideration of the original question, and must be first disposed of. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Reading papers relative to the question before the House. This question must be put before the principal one. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Leave asked to withdraw a motion. The rule of Parliament being that a motion made and seconded is in the possession of the House, and cannot be with-

[*Rule 13. In filling up blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be first put.]

drawn without leave, the very terms of the rule imply that leave may be given, and, consequently, may be asked and put to the question.

SECTION XXXIV.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

When any question is before the House, any member may move a previous question, "Whether that question (called the main question) shall now be put?" If it pass in the affirmative, then the main question is to be put immediately, and no man may speak anything further to it, either to add or alter. *Memor. in Hakew.*, 28; 4 *Grey*, 27.

The previous question being moved and seconded, the question from the chair shall be, "Shall the main question be now put?" and if the nays prevail, the main question shall not then be put.

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1604. 1 *Hats.*, 80. Sir Henry Vane introduced it. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114; 3 *Grey*, 384. When the question was put in this form, "Shall the main question be put?" a determination in the negative suppressed the main question during the session; but since the words, "now put" are used they exclude it for the present only; formerly, indeed, only till the present debate was over (4 *Grey*, 43), but now for that day and no longer. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114.

Before the question "Whether the main question shall now be put?" any person might formerly have spoken to the main question, because otherwise he would be precluded from speaking to it at all. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 28.

The proper occasion for the previous question is when a question is brought forward of a delicate nature as to high personages, etc., or the discussion of which may call forth observations which might be of injurious consequences. Then the previous question is proposed; and in the modern usage, the discussion of the main question is suspended, and the debate confined to the previous question. The use of it has been extended abusively to other cases but in these it has been an embarrassing procedure; its uses would be as well answered by other more simple parliamentary forms, and therefore it should not be favored, but restricted within as narrow limits as possible.

Whether a main question may be amended after the previous question on it has been moved and seconded? 2 *Hats.*, 88, says, if the previous question has been moved and seconded, and also proposed from the chair (by which he means stated by the Speaker for debate), it has been doubted whether an amendment can be admitted to the main question. He thinks it may, after the previous question is moved and seconded; but not after it has been proposed from the chair. In this case he thinks the friends to the amendment must vote that the main question be not now put; and then move their amended question, which being made new by the amendment, is no longer the same which has just been suppressed, and therefore the amendment, is no longer the same which was just been suppressed, and therefore may be proposed as a new one. But this proceeding certainly endangers the main question, by dividing its friends, some of whom may choose it unamended, rather than lose it altogether; while others of them may vote, as Hastell advises, that the main question be not now put, with a view to move it again in an amended form. The enemies of the main question, by this manœuvre to the previous question, get the enemies to the amendment added to them on the first vote and throw the friends of the main question under the embarrassment of rallying again as they can. To support his opinion, too, he makes the deciding circumstances, whether an amendment may or may not be made, to be, that the previous question has been proposed from the chair. But, as the rule is that the House is in possession of a question as soon as it is moved and seconded, it cannot be more than possessed of it by its being proposed from the Chair. It may be said, indeed, that the object of the previous question, being to get rid of a question, which it is not expedient should be discussed, this object may be defeated by moving to amend, and, in the discussion of that motion, involving the subject of the main question. But so may the object of the previous question be defeated, by moving the amended question, as Mr. Hastell proposes after the decision against putting the original question. He acknowledges, too, that the practice has been to admit previous

amendments, and only cites a few late instances to the contrary. On the whole, I should think it best to decide it ab inconvenienti, to wit: which is most inconvenient, to put it in the power of one side of the House to defeat a proposition by hastily moving the previous question, and thus forcing the main question to be put unamended; or to put it in the power of the other side to force on, incidentally at least, a discussion which would be better avoided? Perhaps the last is the least inconvenience; inasmuch as the Speaker, by confining the discussion rigorously to the amendment only, may prevent their going into the main question, and inasmuch also as so great a proportion of the cases in which the previous question is called for, are fair and proper subjects for public discussion, and ought not to be obstructed by a formality introduced for questions of a peculiar character.

SECTION XXXV.

AMENDMENTS.

On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment. *Scob.*, 23.

If an amendment be proposed inconsistent with one already agreed to, it is a fit ground for its rejection by the House, but not within the competence of the Speaker to suppress as if it were against order; for were he permitted to draw questions of consistence within the vortex of order, he might usurp a negative on important modifications, and suppress, instead of subserving the legislative will.

Amendments may be made so as totally to alter the nature of the proposition; and it is a way of getting rid of a proposition by making it bear a sense different from what it was intended by the movers, so that they vote against it themselves. *2 Hats.*, 79, 4, 82, 84. A new bill may be engrafted by way of amendment, on the words, "Be it enacted," etc. *1 Grey*, 190, 192.

If it be proposed to amend by leaving out certain words, it may be moved, as an amendment to this amendment, to leave out a part of the words of the amendment, which is equivalent to leaving them in the bill. *2 Hats.*, 80, 9. The parliamentary question is, always, whether the words shall stand part of the bill.

When it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, or part of one, the friends of the paragraph may make it as perfect as they can by amendments before the question is put for inserting it. If it be received, it cannot be amended afterwards, in the same stage, because the House has, on a vote, agreed to it in that form. In like manner, if it is proposed to amend by striking out a paragraph, the friends of the paragraph are first to make it as perfect as they can by amendments, before the question is put for striking it out. If on the question it be retained, it cannot be amended afterwards, because a vote against striking out is equivalent to a vote agreeing to it in that form.

When it is moved to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others, the manner of stating the question is first to read the whole passage to be amended as it stands at present, then the words proposed to be struck out, next those to be inserted, and lastly the whole passage as it will be when amended. And the question, if desired, is then to be divided, and put first on striking out. If carried, it is next on inserting the words proposed. If that be lost, it may be moved to insert others. *2 Hats.*, 80, 7.

A motion is made to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place, which is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words, and to insert others of a tenor entirely different from those first proposed. It is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words and insert nothing, which is agreed to. All this is admissible, because to strike out and insert A, is one proposition. To strike out and insert B, is a different proposition. And to strike out and insert nothing, is still different. And the rejection of one proposition does not preclude the offering a different one. Nor would it change the case where the first motion divided by putting the question first on striking out, and that negatived; for, as putting the whole motion to the question at once would not have precluded, the putting the half of it cannot do it.*

* In the case of a division of the question, and a decision against striking out, I advance doubtfully the opinion here expressed. I find no authority either way,

But if it had been carried affirmatively to strike out the words and to insert A, it could not afterwards be permitted to strike out A and insert B. The mover of B should have notified, while the insertion of A was under debate, that he would move to insert B; in which case those who preferred it would join in rejecting A.

After A is inserted, however, it may be moved to strike out a portion of the original paragraph, comprehending A, provided the coherence to be struck out be so substantial as to make this effectively a different proposition, for then it is resolved into the common case of striking out a paragraph after amending it. Nor does anything forbid a new insertion, instead of A and its coherents.

In Senate, January 25, 1798, a motion to postpone until the second Tuesday in February some amendments proposed to the Constitution; the words, "until the second Tuesday in February" were struck out by way of amendment. Then it was moved to add, "until the first day of June." Objected that it was not in order, as the question should be first put on the longest time; therefore, after a shorter time decided against a longer, cannot be put to question. It was answered that this rule takes place only in filling blanks for time. But when a specific time stands part of a motion, that may be struck out as well as any other part of a motion; and when struck out a motion may be received to insert any other. In fact, it is not until they are struck out, and a blank for the time thereby produced, that the rule can begin to operate, by receiving all the propositions for different times, and putting the question successively on the longest. Otherwise it would be in the power of the mover, by inserting originally a short time, to preclude the possibility of a longer, for till the short time is struck out, you cannot insert a longer; and if, after it is struck out, you cannot do it, then it cannot be done at all. Suppose the first motion had been made to amend by striking out "the second Tuesday in February," and inserting instead thereof "the first of June," it would have been regular, then, to divide the question, by proposing the first question to strike out and then that to insert. Now this is precisely the effect of the present proceeding; only, instead of one motion and two questions, there are two motions and two questions to effect it—the motion being divided as well as the question.

When the matter contained in two bills might better be put into one, the manner is to reject the one, and incorporate its matter into another bill by way of amendment. So if the matter of one bill would be better distributed into two, any part may be struck out by way of amendment, and put into a new bill. If a section is to be transposed, a question must be put on striking it out where it stands, and another for inserting it in the place desired.

A bill passed by the one House with blanks.—These may be filled up by the other by way of amendments, returned to the first as such, and passed. 3 *Hats.*, 83.

The number prefixed to the section of a bill, being merely a marginal indication, and no part of the text of the bill, the clerk regulates that—the House or committee is only to amend the text.

SECTION XXXVI.

DIVISION OF THE QUESTION.

If a question contain more parts than one it may be divided into two or more questions. *Mcm. in Hakev.*, 39. But not as the right of an individual member, but with the consent of the House. For who is to decide whether a question is complicated or not?—where it is complicated?—into how many propositions it may be divided? The fact is, that the only mode of separating a complicated question is by moving amendments to it; and these must be decided by the House, on a question, unless the House orders it to be divided; as, on a question, Decem-

and I know it may be viewed under a different aspect. It may be thought that having decided separately not to strike out the passage, the same question for striking out cannot be put over again, though with a view to a different insertion. Still I think it more reasonable and convenient to consider the striking out and insertion as forming one proposition; but should readily yield to any evidence that the contrary is the practice in Parliament.

ber 2, 1640, making void the election of the knights of Worcester, on a motion it was resolved to make two questions of it, to wit: one on each knight. 2 *Hats.*, 85, 86. So, wherever there are several names in question, they may be divided and put one by one. 9 *Grey*, 444. So, 1729, April 17, on an objection that a question was complicated, it was separated by amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 79.

The soundness of these observations will be evident from the embarrassments produced by the 12th rule of the Senate, which says, "if the new question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided."

1798, May 30, the alien bill in quasi-committee. To a section and proviso in the original had been added two new provisos by way of amendment. On a motion to strike out the section as amended, the question was desired to be divided. To do this it must be put first on striking out either the former proviso or some distinct member of the section. But when nothing remains but the last member or the section and the proviso, they cannot be divided so as to put the last member to the question by itself; for the proviso might then be left standing alone as exceptions to a rule when the rule is taken away; or the new provisos might be left to a second question, after having been decided on once before at the same reading, which is contrary to rule. But the question must be on striking out the last member of the section as amended. This sweeps away the exceptions with the rule, and relieves from inconsistency. A question to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire that one of them being taken away the other may stand entire. But a proviso or an exception, without an enacting clause does not contain an entire point or proposition.

May 31. The same bill being before the Senate. There was a proviso that the bill should not extend, 1, To any foreign minister; nor, 2, To any person to whom the President should give a passport; nor, 3, To any alien merchant conforming himself to such regulations as the President shall prescribe, and a division of the question into its simplest elements was called for. It was divided into four parts, the fourth taking in the words, "conforming himself," etc. It was objected that the words, "any alien merchant" could not be separated from their modifying words, "conforming," etc., because these words if left by themselves contain no substantive idea—will make no sense. But admitting that the divisions of a paragraph into separate questions must be so made that each part may stand by itself, yet the House having on the question, retained the two first divisions, the words "any alien merchant" may be struck out, and their modifying words will then attach themselves to the preceding description of persons, and become a modification of that description.

When a question is divided, after the question on the first member, the second is open to debate and amendment, because it is a known rule that a person may rise and speak at any time before the question has been completely decided, by putting the negative as well as the affirmative side. But the question is not completely put when the vote has been taken on the first member only. One-half of the question, both affirmative and negative remains still to be put. See *Execut. Jour.*, June 25, 1795. The same decision by President Adams.

SECTION XXXVII.

CO-EXISTING QUESTIONS.

It may be asked whether the House can be in possession of two motions or propositions at the same time, so that one of them being decided, the other goes to question without being moved anew? The answer must be special. When a question is interrupted by a vote of adjournment, it is thereby removed from before the House, and does not stand ipso facto before them at their next meeting, but must come forward in the usual way. So, when it is interrupted by the order of the day. Such other privileged questions also as dispose of the main question (*e. g.*, the previous question, postponement, or commitment), remove it from before the House. But it is only suspended by a motion to amend, to withdraw, to read papers, or by a question of order or privilege, and stands again before the House when these are decided. None but the class of privileged questions can be brought forward while there is another question before the House, the rule being that when a motion has been made and seconded, no other can be received, except it be a privileged one.

SECTION XXXVIII.

EQUIVALENT.

If, on a question for rejection, a bill be retained, it passes of course to its next reading. *Hakew.*, 141; *Scob.*, 42. And a question for a second reading determined negatively, is a rejection without further question. 4 *Grey*, 145. And see *Elsynge's Memor.*, 42, in what cases questions are to be taken for rejection.

Where questions are perfectly equivalent, so that the negative of the one amounts to the affirmative of the other, and leaves no other alternative, the decision of the one concludes necessarily the other. 4 *Grey*, 157. Thus the negative of striking out amounts to the affirmative of agreeing; and therefore to put a question on agreeing after that on striking out, would be to put the same question in effect twice over. Not so in questions of amendments between the two Houses. A motion to recede being negatived, does not amount to a positive vote to insist, because there is another alternative, to wit: to adhere:

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. A motion in the originating House to agree to the amendment is negatived. Does there result from this a vote of disagreement, or must the question on disagreement be expressly voted? The questions respecting amendments from another House are—1st, to agree; 2d, to disagree; 3d, to recede; 4th, insist; 5th, adhere.

- | | | |
|------------------|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1st. To agree. | } | positive of either is exactly the equivalent of the negative of the other, and no other alternative remains. On either motion amendments to the amendments may be proposed; e. g., if it be moved to disagree, those who are for the amendment have a right to propose amendments, and to make it as perfect as they can, before the question of disagreeing is put. |
| 2d. To disagree. | | |
| 3d. To recede. | } | You may then either insist or adhere. |
| 4th. To insist. | | You may then either recede or adhere. |
| 5th. To adhere. | | You may then either recede or insist. |

Consequently the negative of these is not equivalent to a positive vote the other way. It does not raise so necessary an implication as may authorize the Secretary by inference to enter another vote; for two alternatives still remain, either of which may be adopted by the House.

SECTION XXXIX.

THE QUESTION.

The question is to be put first on the affirmative and then on the negative side.

After the Speaker has put the affirmative part of the question, any member who has not spoken before to the question may rise and speak before the negative be put; because it is no full question till the negative part be put. *Scob.*, 23; 2 *Hats.*, 73.

But in small matters, and which are, of course, such as receiving petitions, reports, withdrawing motions, reading papers, etc., the Speaker most commonly supposes the consent of the House where no objection is expressed, and does not give them the trouble of putting the question formally. *Scob.*, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 87; 5 *Grey*, 129; 9 *Grey*, 301.

SECTION XL.

BILLS, THIRD READING.

To prevent bills from being passed by surprise, the House, by a standing order, directs that they shall not be put on their passage before a fixed hour, naming one at which the House is commonly full. *Hakew.*, 153.

[The usage of the Senate is, not to put bills on their passage till noon.]

A bill reported and passed to the third reading cannot on that day be read the

third time and passed; because this would be to pass on two readings in the same day.

At the third reading the Clerk reads the bill and delivers it to the Speaker, who states the title, that is the third time of reading the bill, and that the question will be whether it shall pass? Formerly the Speaker or those who prepared a bill, prepared also a breviate or summary statement of its contents, which the Speaker read when he declared the state of the bill, at the several readings. Sometimes, however, he read the bill itself, especially on its passage. *Hakew.*, 136, 137, 153; *Coke*, 22, 115. Latterly, instead of this, he at the third reading, states the whole contents of the bill, verbatim, only, instead of reading the formal parts "Be it enacted, e.c., he states that "preamble recites so and so—the first section enacts that, etc., the 2d section enacts," etc.

[But in the Senate of the United States both of these formalities are dispensed with; the breviate presenting but an imperfect view of the bill, and being capable of being made to present a false one; and the full statement being a useless waste of time, immediately after a full reading by the Clerk, and especially as every member has a printed copy in his hand.]

A bill on the third reading is not to be committed for the matter or body thereof; but to receive some particular clause or proviso, it has been sometimes suffered, but as a thing very unusual. *Hakew.*, 126. Thus, 27 *El.*, 1584, a bill was committed on the third reading, having been formerly committed on the second, but it was declared not usual. *D'Eves*, 337, col. 2; 414, col. 2.

When an essential provision has been omitted, rather than erase the bill and render it suspicious, they add a clause on a separate paper, engrossed and called a rider, which is read and put to the question three times. *Elsyng's Memorials*, 59; 6 *Grey*, 335; 1 *Blackst.*, 183. For example of riders, see 3 *Hats.*, 121, 122, 124, 126. Every one is at liberty to bring in a rider without asking leave. 10 *Grey*, 52.

It is laid down as a general rule, that amendments proposed at the second reading, shall be twice read, and those proposed at the third reading thrice read; as also all amendments from the other House. *Town*, col. 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

It is with great and almost invincible reluctance that amendments are admitted at this reading, which occasion erasures or interlineations. Sometimes a proviso has been cut off from a bill; sometimes erased. 9 *Grey*, 513.

This is the proper stage for filling up blanks; for if filled up before, and now altered by erasure, it would be peculiarly unsafe.

At this reading the bill is debated afresh, and for the most part is more spoken to at this time than on any of the former readings. *Hakew.*, 133.

The debate on the question whether it should be read a third time, has discovered to its friends and opponents the arguments on which each side relies, and which of these appear to have influence with the House; they have had time to meet them with new arguments, and to put their old ones into new shapes. The former vote has tried the strength of the former opinion, and furnished grounds to estimate the issue; and the question now offered for its passage is the last occasion which is ever to be offered for carrying or rejecting it.

When the debate is ended, the Speaker, holding the bill in his hand, puts the question for its passage by saying, "Gentlemen, all of you who are of opinion that this bill shall pass, say aye;" and after the answer of the ayes, "All those of the contrary opinion, say no." *Hakew.*, 154.

After the bill is passed there can be no further alteration of it in any point. *Hakew.*, 159.

SECTION XLI.

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

The affirmative and negative of the question having been both put and answered, the Speaker declares whether the yeas or nays have it by the sound, if he be himself satisfied, and it stands as the judgment of the House. But if he be not himself satisfied which voice is the greater, or if before any other member comes into the House, or before any new motion is made (for it is too late after

that), any member shall rise and declare himself dissatisfied with the Speaker's decision, then the Speaker is to divide the House. *Scob.*, 24; 2 *Hats.*, 140.

When the House of Commons is divided, the one party goes forth, and the other remains in the House. This has made it important which go forth and which remain; because the latter gain all the indolent, the indifferent and inattentive. Their general rule therefore, is, that those who give their vote for the preservation of the orders of the House, shall stay in; and those who are for introducing any new matter or alteration, or proceeding contrary to the established course, are to go out. But this rule is subject to many exceptions and modifications. 2 *Hats.*, 134; 1 *Rush*, p. 3, fol. 92; *Scob.*, 43, 52; *Co.*, 12, 116; *D'Ewes*, 505, col. 1; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 25, 29, as will appear by the following statement of who go forth.

Petition that it be received ¹	}	Ayes.
Read		
Lie on the table	}	Noes.
Rejected after refusal to lie on the table.....		
Referred to committee for further proceeding.....	}	Ayes.
Bill, that it be brought in.....		
Read first or second time	}	Ayes.
Engrossed or read a third time.....		
Proceedings on every other stage.....		
Committed	}	Noes.
To committee of the whole		
To select committee	}	Ayes.
Report of bill to lie on table.....		
Be now read	}	20, P. J. 251
Be taken into consideration three months hence.....		
Amendments to be read a second time.....	}	Noes.
Clause offered on report of bill be read a second time.....		
For receiving a clause	}	334
With amendments be engrossed		
That a bill be now read a third time.....	}	Noes. 398
Receive a rider		
Pass	}	260
Be printed		
Committees. That A take the chair.....	}	Noes. 291
To agree to the whole or any part of report.....		
That the House do now resolve into committee.....		
Speaker. That he now leave the chair, after order to go into committee.	}	Noes. 291
That he issue warrant for new writ.....		
Member. That none be absent without leave.....	}	Ayes. 344
Witness. That he be further examined		
Previous question	}	Noes.
Blanks. That they be filed with the largest sum.....		
Amendments. That words stand part of	}	Ayes.
Lords. That their amendment be read a second time.....		
Messenger be received	}	Ayes.
Orders of day to be now read if before 2 o'clock.....		
Adjournment. Till the next sitting day, if before 4 o'clock..	}	Noes.
If after 4 o'clock		
If after 4 o'clock	}	Ayes.
Over a sitting day (unless a previous resolution).....		
Over the 30th of January.....	}	Noes.
For sitting on Sunday, or any other day not being a sitting day		

The one party being gone forth, the Speaker names two tellers from the affirmative and two from the negative side, who first count those sitting in the House and report the number to the Speaker. Then they place themselves within the door, two on each side, and count those who went forth as they come in, and report the number to the Speaker. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26.

¹Noes. 9 Grey, 365.

A mistake in the report of the tellers may be rectified after the report made. *2 Hats.*, 145, *note*.

[But in both Houses of Congress all these intricacies are avoided. The ayes first rise, and are counted standing in their places by the President or Speaker. Then they sit, and noes rise and are counted in like manner.]

[In Senate, if they are equally divided, the Vice President announces his opinion, which decides.]

[The Constitution, however, has directed that "the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal." And again; that in all cases of reconsidering a bill disapproved by the President and returned with his objections, "the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House respectively."]

[By the 16th and 17th rules of the Senate, when the yeas and nays shall be called for by one-fifth of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the yeas and nays and upon the call of the House, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically]

[When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question in pursuance of the above rule no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair.]

[When it is proposed to take the vote by yeas and nays, the President or Speaker states that "the question is whether, *e. g.*, the bill shall pass—that it is proposed that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal. Those, therefore, who desire it, will rise." If he finds and declares that one-fifth have risen, he then states that "those who are of the opinion that the bill shall pass are to answer in the affirmative; those of a contrary opinion in the negative." The Clerk then calls over the names alphabetically, notes the yea or nay of each, and gives the list to the President or Speaker, who declares the result. In the Senate if there be an equal division the Secretary calls on the Vice President and notes his affirmative or negative, which becomes the decision of the House.]

In the House of Commons every member must give his vote, the one way or the other (*Scob.*, 24), as it is not permitted to any one to withdraw who is in the House when the question is put, nor is any one to be told in the division who was not in when the question was put. *2 Hats.*, 140.

This last position is always true when the vote is by yeas and nays; where the negative as well as affirmative of the question is stated by the President at the same time, and the vote of both sides begins and proceeds *pari passu*. It is true also when the question is put in the usual way, if the negative has also been put; but if it has not, the member entering, or any other member, may speak, and even propose amendments, by which the debate may be opened again, and the question be greatly deferred. And as some who have answered aye may have been changed by the new arguments, the affirmative must be put over again. If, then, the member entering may, by speaking a few words, occasion a repetition of a question, it would be useless to deny it on his simple call for it.

While the House is telling, no member may speak or move out of his place, for if any mistake be suspected it must be told again. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26; *2 Hats.*, 143.

If any difficulty arises in point of order during the division, the Speaker is to decide peremptorily, subject to the future censure of the House, if irregular. He sometimes permits old experienced members to assist him with their advice, which they do sitting in their seats, covered to avoid the appearance of debate; but this can only be with the Speaker's leave, else the division must last several hours. *2 Hats.*, 143.

The voice of the majority decides; for the *lex majoris partis* is the law of all councils, elections, etc., where not otherwise expressly provided. *Hakew.*, 93. But if the House be equally divided, "*semper presumatur pro negante*;" that is, the former law is not to be changed but by a majority. *Towns.*, col. 134.

[But in the Senate of the United States, the Vice President decides when the House is divided. *Const. U. S.*, 1, 3.]

When, from counting the House on a division, it appears that there is not a

quorum, the matter continues exactly in the state in which it was before the division, and must be resumed at that point on any future day. 2 *Hats.*, 126.

1606, May 1, on a question whether a member having said yea may afterwards sit and change his opinion, a precedent was remembered by the Speaker, of Mr. Morris, attorney of the wards, in 39 *Eliz.*, who in like case changed his opinion. *Mem. Hakew.*, 27.

SECTION XLII.

TITLES.

After the bill has passed, and not before, the title may be amended, and is to be fixed by question; and the bill is then sent to the other House.

SECTION XLIII.

RECONSIDERATION.

[When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter.* *Rule 20.*]

[1798, Jan. A bill on its second reading being amended and on the question whether it shall be read a third time negatived, was restored by a decision to reconsider that question. Here the votes of negative and reconsideration, like positive and negative quantities in an equation, destroy one another, and are as if they were expunged from the journal. Consequently the bill is open for amendment, just so far as it was the moment preceding the question for the third reading; that is to say, all parts of the bill are open for amendment except those on which votes have been already taken in its present stage. So, also, it may be re-committed.]

[†The rule permitting a reconsideration of a question affixing to it no limitation of time or circumstance, it may be asked whether there is no limitation? If, after the vote, the paper on which it is passed has been parted with, there can be no reconsideration; as if a vote has been for the passage of a bill, and the bill has been sent to the other house. But where the paper remains, as on a bill rejected, when, or under what circumstances does it cease to be susceptible of reconsideration? This remains to be settled; unless, a sense that the right of reconsideration is a right to waste the time of the House in repeated agitations of the same question, so that it shall never know when a question is done with, should induce them to reform this anomalous proceeding.]

In Parliament, a question once carried cannot be questioned again at the same session, but must stand as the judgment of the House. *Towns.*, col. 67; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 33. And a bill once rejected, another of the same substance cannot be brought in again the same session. *Hakew.*, 158; 6 *Grey*, 392. But this does not extend to prevent putting the same question in different stages of a bill; because every stage of a bill submits the whole and every part of it to the opinion of the House, as open for amendment, either by insertion or omission though the same amendment has been accepted or rejected in a former stage. So in reports of committees, *e. g.*, report of an address, the same question is before the House and open for free discussion. *Towns.*, col. 26; 2 *Hats.*, 98, 100, 101. So orders of the House, or instructions to committee, may be discharged. So a bill, begun in one house, and sent to the other, and there rejected, may be renewed again in that other, passed and sent back. *Ib.*, 92; 3 *Hats.*, 161. Or if, instead of being rejected, they read it once and lay it aside, or amend it, and put it off a month,

*This part of the rule has been added since the Manual was compiled.

†This rule now fixes the limitation.

they may order in another to the same effect, with the same or different title. *Hakew.*, 97, 98.

Divers expedients are used to correct the effects of this rule; as by passing an explanatory act, if anything has been omitted or ill expressed (3 *Hats.*, 278), or an act to enforce, and make more effectual an act, etc., or to rectify mistakes in act, etc., or a committee on one bill may be instructed to receive a clause to rectify the mistakes of another. Thus, June 24, 1685, a clause was inserted in a bill for rectifying a mistake committed by a clerk, in engrossing a bill of supply. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 6. Or the session may be closed for one, two, three, or more days, and a new one commenced. But then all matters depending must be finished, or they fall, and are to begin de novo. 3 *Hats.*, 94, 98. Or a part of the subject may be taken up by another bill, or taken up in a different way. 6 *Grey*, 304, 316.

And in cases of the last magnitude, this rule has not been so strictly and verbally observed as to stop indispensable proceedings altogether. 2 *Hats.*, 92, 98. Thus when the address on the preliminaries of peace in 1782 had been lost by a majority of one, on account of the importance of the question, and smallness of the majority, the same question in substance, though with some words not in the first, and which might change the opinion of some members, was brought on again and carried, as the motives for it were thought to outweigh the objection of form. 2 *Hats.*, 99, 100.

A second bill may be passed to continue an act of the same session, or to enlarge the time limited for its execution. 2 *Hats.*, 95, 98. This is not in contradiction to the first act.

SECTION XLIV.

BILLS SENT TO THE OTHER HOUSE.

[All bills passed in the Senate, shall, before they are sent to the House of Representatives, be examined by a committee, consisting of three members, whose duty shall be to examine all bills, amendments, resolutions or motions, before they go out of the possession of the Senate and to make report that they are correctly engrossed, which report shall be entered on the journal. *Rule 33.*]

A bill from the other House is sometimes ordered to lie on the table. 2 *Hats.*, 97.

When bills passed in one house and sent to the other, are grounded on special facts requiring proof, it is usual, either by message or at a conference, to ask the grounds and evidence; and this evidence, whether arising out of papers, or from the examination of witnesses, is immediately communicated. 3 *Hats.*, 48.

SECTION XLV.

AMENDMENTS BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

When either house, *e. g.*, the House of Commons, sends a bill to the other, the other may pass it with amendments. The regular progression in this case is, that the commons disagree to the amendment; the lords insist on it; the commons insist on their disagreement; the lords adhere to their amendment; the commons adhere to their disagreement. The term of insisting may be repeated as often as they choose to keep the question open. But the first adherence by either renders it necessary for the other to recede or adhere also; when the matter is usually suffered to fall. 10 *Grey*, 148. Latterly, however, there are instances of their having gone to a second adherence. There must be an absolute conclusion of the subject somewhere, or otherwise transactions between the houses would become endless. 3 *Hats.*, 268, 270. The term of insisting, we are told by Sir John Trevor, was then (1679) newly introduced into parliamentary usage by the lords. 7 *Grey*, 94. It was certainly a happy innovation, as it multiplies the opportunities of trying modifications which may bring the houses to concurrence. Either house, however, is free to pass over the term of insisting, and to adhere in the first instance; 10 *Grey*, 146; but it is not respectful to the

other. In the ordinary parliamentary course, there are two free conferences, at least, before an adherence. 10 *Grey*, 147.

Either house may recede from its amendment and agree to the bill; or recede from their disagreement to the amendment, and agree to the same absolutely, or with an amendment; for here the disagreement and receding destroy one another, and the subject stands as before the disagreement. *Eisynge*, 23, 27; 9 *Grey*, 476.

But the house cannot recede from, or insist on its own amendment, with an amendment for the same reason that it cannot send to the other house an amendment to its own act after it has passed the act. They may modify an amendment from the other house by ingrafting an amendment on it, because they have never assented to it; but they cannot amend their own amendment, because they have on the question, passed it in that form. 9 *Grey*, 363; 10 *Grey*, 240. In the Senate, March 29, 1798. Nor where one house has adhered to their amendment, and the other agrees with an amendment, can the first house depart from the form which they have fixed by an adherence.

In the case of a money bill, the lords' proposed amendments become, by delay, confessedly necessary. The commons, however, refused them, as infringing on their privileges as to money bills; but they offered themselves to add to the bill a proviso to the same effect, which had no coherence with the lords' amendments; and urged that it was an expedient warranted by precedent, and not unparliamentary in a case become impracticable, and irremediable in any other way. 3 *Hats.*, 256, 266, 270, 271. But the lords refused, and the bill was lost. 1 *Chand.*, 288. A like case, 1 *Chand.*, 311. So the commons resolved that it was unparliamentary to strike out, at a conference anything in a bill which had been agreed and passed by both Houses. 6 *Grey*, 274; 1 *Chand.*, 312.

A motion to amend an amendment from the other House takes precedence of a motion to agree or disagree.

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment.

The originating House agrees to their amendment with an amendment. The other may agree to their amendment with an amendment, that being only in the 2d and not the 3d degree; for, as to the amending House, the first amendment with which they passed the bill is a part of its text. It is the only text they have agreed to. The amendment to that text by the originating House, therefore, is only in the first degree, and the amendment to that again by the amending House is only in the 2d, to wit: an amendment to an amendment, and so admissible. Just so, when on a bill from the originating House, the other, at its second reading makes an amendment; on the third reading this amendment is become the text of the bill, and if an amendment to it be moved, an amendment to that amendment may also be moved, as being only in the 2d degree.

SECTION XLVI.

CONFERENCES.

It is on the question of amendments between the Houses that Conferences are usually asked; but they may be asked in all cases of difference of opinion between the two Houses on matters depending between them. The request of a conference, however, must always be with the House which is possessed of the papers. 3 *Hats.*, 31; 1 *Grey*, 425.

Conferences may be either simple or free. At a conference simply, written reasons are prepared by the House asking it, and they are read and delivered, without debate, to the managers of the other House at the conference; but are not then to be answered; 4 *Grey*, 144. The other house, then, if satisfied, vote the reason satisfactory, or say nothing; if not satisfied, they resolve them not satisfactory, and ask a conference on the subject of the last conference, where they read and deliver, in like manner, written answers to those reasons. 3 *Grey*, 183. They are meant chiefly to record the jurisdiction of each House to the nation at large, and to posterity, and in proof that the miscarriage of a necessary measure is not imputable to them. 3 *Grey*, 255. At free conferences the managers discuss, viva voce and freely, and interchange propositions for such

modifications as may be made in a parliamentary way, and may bring the sense of the two Houses together. And each party reports in writing to their respective Houses the substance of what is said on both sides, and it is entered in their journals. 9 *Grey*, 220; 3 *Hats.*, 280. This report can not be amended or altered, as that of a committee may be. *Journal of Senate, May 24, 1796.*

A conference may be asked, before the House asking it has come to a resolution of disagreement, insisting or adhering. 3 *Hats.*, 269, 341. In which case the papers are not left with the other conferrees, but are brought back to be the foundation of the vote to be given. And this is the most reasonable and respectful proceeding; for, as was urged by the lords on a particular occasion, "it is held vain, and below the wisdom of Parliament, to reason or argue against fixed resolutions, and upon terms of impossibility to persuade." 3 *Hats.*, 226. So the commons say, "an adherence is never delivered at a free conference, which implies debate." 10 *Grey*, 137. And on another occasion the lords made it an objection that the commons had asked a free conference after they had made resolutions of adhering. It was then affirmed, however, on the part of the commons, that nothing was more parliamentary than to proceed with free conferences after adhering (3 *Hats.*, 269), and we do in fact see inferences of conferences, or of free conference, asked after the resolution of disagreeing (3 *Hats.*, 251, 253, 260, 286, 291, 316, 349); of insisting (*Ib.*, 280, 296, 299, 319, 322, 355); of adhering (269, 270, 283, 300); and even of a second or final adherence. 3 *Hats.*, 270. And in all cases of conferences asked after a vote of disagreement, etc., the conferrees of the House asking it are to leave the papers with the conferrees of the other; and in one case where they refused to receive them, they were left on the table in the conference chamber. *Ib.*, 317, 323, 354; 10 *Grey*, 146.

After a free conference, the usage is to proceed with free conferences, and not return again to a conference. 3 *Hats.*, 270; 9 *Grey*, 229.

After a conference denied, a free conference may be asked. 1 *Grey*, 45.

When a conference is asked, the subject of it must be expressed, or the conference not agreed to. *Ord. H. Com.*, 89; 1 *Grey*, 425; 8 *Grey*, 31. They are sometimes asked to inquire concerning an offense or default of a member of the other House. 6 *Grey*, 181; 1 *Chand.*, 304. Or the failure of the other House to present to the King a bill passed by both Houses. 8 *Grey*, 302. Or on information received, and relating to the safety of the nation. 10 *Grey*, 171. Or when the methods of Parliament are thought by the one House to have been departed from by the other, a conference is asked to come to a right understanding thereon. 10 *Grey*, 148. So when an unparliamentary message has been sent, instead of answering it, they ask a conference. 3 *Grey*, 155. Formerly an address or article of impeachment, or a bill with amendments, or a vote of the House, or concurrence in a vote, or a message from the King, were sometimes communicated by way of conference. 6 *Grey*, 128, 300, 387; 7 *Grey*, 80; 8 *Grey*, 210, 255; 1 *Torbuck's Deb.*, 278; 10 *Grey*, 293; 1 *Chandler*, 49, 287. But this is not the modern practice. 8 *Grey*, 255.

A conference has been asked after the first reading of the bill. 1 *Grey*, 194. This is a singular instance.

SECTION XLVII.

MESSAGES.

Messages between the Houses are to be sent only while both Houses are sitting 2 *Hats.*, 15. They are received during debate without adjourning the debate. 3 *Hats.*, 22.

[In Senate the messages are introduced in any state of business, except: 1. While a question is putting. 2. While the yeas and nays are calling. 3. While the ballots are counting. *Rule 47.* The first case is short; the second and third are cases where any interruption might occasion errors difficult to be corrected. So arranged June 15, 1788.]

In the House of Representatives, as in Parliament, if the House be in committee when a messenger attends, the Speaker takes the chair to receive the message,

and then quits it to return into committee, without any question or interruption. 4 *Grey*, 226.

Messengers are not saluted by the members, but by the Speaker of the House. 2 *Grey*, 253, 274.

If messengers commit an error in delivering their message, they may be admitted or called in to correct their message. 4 *Grey*, 41. Accordingly, March 13, 1800, the Senate having made two amendments to a bill from the House of Representatives, their Secretary, by mistake, delivered one only, which being inadmissible by itself, that House disagreed, and notified the Senate of their disagreement. This produced a discovery of the mistake. The Secretary was sent to the other House to correct his mistake, the correction was received, and the two amendments acted on de novo.

As soon as the messenger who has brought the bills from the other House, has retired, the Speaker holds the bills in his hand, and acquaints the House "that the other House have by their messenger sent certain bills," and then reads their titles, and delivers them to the Clerk, to be safely kept till they shall be called for to be read. *Hackw.*, 178.

It is not the usage for one House to inform the other by what numbers a bill has passed. 10 *Grey*, 150. Yet they have sometimes recommended a bill as of great importance, to the consideration of the House to which it is sent. 3 *Hats.*, 25. Nor when they have rejected a bill from the other house, do they give notice of it; but it passes sub-silentio, to prevent unbecoming altercations. *Blackst.*, 183.

[But in Congress the rejection is notified by message to the House in which the bill originated.]

A question is never asked by the one House of the other by way of message, but only at a conference; for this is an interrogatory, not a message. 3 *Grey*, 151, 181.

When a bill is sent by one House to the other, and is neglected, they may send a message to remind them of it. 3 *Hats.*, 25; 5 *Grey*, 154. But if it be mere inattention, it is better to have it done informally, by communication between the Speakers or members of the two Houses.

Where the subject of a message is of a nature that can properly be communicated to both houses of Parliament, it is expected that this communication should be made to both on the same day. But where a message was accompanied with an original declaration, signed by the party to which the message referred, its being sent to one House was not noticed by the other, because the declaration, being original, could not possibly be sent to both houses at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 260, 261, 262.

The King having sent original letters to the commons, afterwards desires they may be returned, that he may communicate them to the lords. 1 *Chandler*, 303.

SECTION XLVIII.

ASSENT.

The House which has received a bill and passed it, may present it for the King's assent, and ought to do it, though they have not by message notified to the other their passage of it. Yet the notifying by message is a form which ought to be observed between the two houses, from motives of respect and good understanding. 2 *Hats.*, 142. Were the bill to be withheld from being presented to the King, it would be an infringement of the rules of Parliament. *Ib.*

[When a bill has passed both houses of Congress, the house last acting on it notifies its passage to the other, and delivers the bill to the Joint Committee of Enrollment, who see that it is truly enrolled in parchment.] When the bill is enrolled, it is not to be written in paragraphs, but solidly, and all of a piece, that the blanks between the paragraphs may not give room for forgery. 9 *Grey*, 143. [It is then put in the hands of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to have it signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then brings it by way of message to the Senate to be signed by their President. The Secretary of the Senate returns it to the Committee of enrollment, who present it to the President of the United States. If he approve, he signs, and deposits it among the rolls in the office of the

Secretary of State, and notifies by message the house in which it originated that he has approved and signed it; of which that house informs the other by message. If the President disapproves, he is to return it with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who are to enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the President's objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by its adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law. *Const. U. S., I, 7.]*

[Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except in a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill. *Const. U. S., I, 7.]*

SECTION XLIX.

JOURNALS.

[Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy. *Const., I, 5.]*

[The proceedings of the Senate, when not acting as in a Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on the journals as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true account of the proceedings. Every vote of the Senate shall be entered on the journals, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, be also inserted on the journal. *Rule 33.]*

[The titles of bills, and such parts thereof only, as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journals. *Rule 32.]*

If a question is interrupted by a vote to adjourn, or to proceed to the orders of the day, the original question is never printed in the journal, it never having been a vote, nor introductory to any vote; but when suppressed by the previous question, the first question must be stated, in order to introduce and make intelligible the second. *2 Hats., 83.*

So also when a question is postponed, adjourned, or laid on the table, the original question, though not yet a vote, must be expressed in the journals; because it makes part of the vote of postponement, adjourning, or laying it on the table.

Where amendments are made to a question, those amendments are not printed in the journals, separated from the question; but only the question as finally agreed to by the House. The rule of entering in the journals only what the House has agreed to, is founded in great prudence and good sense; as there may be many questions proposed, which it may be improper to publish to the world in the form in which they are made. *2 Hats., 85.*

[In both houses of Congress, all questions whereon the yeas and nays are desired by one-fifth of the members present, whether decided affirmatively or negatively, must be entered on the journals. *Const., I, 5.]*

The first order for printing the votes of the House of Commons was October 30, 1685. *1 Chandler, 387.*

Some judges have been of opinion that the journals of the House of Commons are no records, but only remembrances. But this is not law. *Hob., 110, 111; Lex Parl., 114, 115; Jour. H. C., Mar. 17, 1592; Hale, Parl., 105.* For the lords in their house have power of judicature, the commons in their house have power of judicature; and both houses together have power of judicature; and the Book of the Clerk of the House of Commons is a record, as is affirmed by act of

Parl., 6 *H.* 8 c. 16; 4 *Inst.*, 23, 24; and every member of the House of Commons hath a judicial place. 4 *Inst.*, 15. As records they are open to every person, and a printed vote of either house is sufficient ground for the other to notice it. Either may appoint a committee to inspect the journals of the other, and report what has been done by the other in any particular case. 2 *Hats.*, 361; 3 *Hats.*, 27-53. Every member has a right to see the journals, and take and publish votes from them. Being a record, every one may see and publish them. 6 *Grey*, 118, 119.

On information of a mis-entry or omission of an entry in the journal, a committee may be appointed to examine and rectify it, and report it to the House. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 5.

SECTION L.

ADJOURNMENT.

The two houses of Parliament have the sole, separate and independent power of adjourning each their respective Houses. The King has no authority to adjourn them; he can only signify his desire, and it is in the wisdom and prudence of either House to comply with his requisition, or not, as they see fitting. 2 *Hats.*, 332; 1 *Blacks.*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 122.

[By the Constitution of the United States a smaller number than a majority may adjourn from day to day. I, 5. But "neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting." I, 5. And in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, the President may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A motion to adjourn, simply, cannot be amended, as by adding "to a particular day;" but must be put simply "that this House do now adjourn;" and if carried in the affirmative, it is adjourned till the next sitting day, unless it has come to a previous resolution, "that at its rising it will adjourn to a particular day," and then the House is adjourned to that day. 2 *Hats.*, 82.

Where it is convenient that the business of the House be suspended for a short time, as for a conference presently to be held, etc., it adjourns during pleasure. 2 *Hats.*, 305; or for a quarter of an hour. 5 *Grey*, 331.

If a question be put for adjournment, it is no adjournment till the Speaker announces it. 5 *Grey*, 137. And from courtesy and respect, no member leaves his place till the Speaker has passed on.

SECTION LI.

SESSION.

Parliament have three modes of separation, to-wit: By adjournment, by prorogation or dissolution by the King, or by the efflux of the term for which they were elected. Prorogation or dissolution constitutes there what is called a session, provided some act has passed. In this case all matters depending before them are discontinued, and at their next meeting are to be taken up de novo, if taken up at all. 1 *Blakst.*, 186. Adjournment, which is by themselves, is no more than a continuance of the session from one day to another, or for a fortnight, a month, etc., ad libitum. All matters depending remain in statu quo, and when they meet again, be the term ever so distant, are resumed, without any fresh commencement, at the point at which they were left. 1 *Lev.*, 165; *Lea Parl.*, c. 2; 1 *Ro. Rep.*, 29; 4 *Inst.*, 7, 27, 28; *Hutt.*, 61; 1 *Mod.*, 252; *Ruffh. Jac. L. Dict. Parliament*; 1 *Blakst.*, 186. There whole session is considered in law but as one day, and has relation to the first day thereof. *Bro. Abr. Parliament*, 86.

Committees may be appointed to sit during a recess by adjournment, but not

by prorogation. 5 *Grey*, 374; 9 *Grey*, 350; 1 *Chandler*, 50. Neither house can continue any portion of itself in any parliamentary function beyond the end of the session without the consent of the other two branches. When done, it is by a bill constituting them commissioners for the particular purpose.

[Congress separate in two ways only, to wit: by adjournment, or dissolution by the efflux of their time. What, then, constitutes a session with them? A dissolution closes one session, and the meeting of the new Congress begins another. The Constitution authorizes the President, "on extraordinary occasions to convene both houses or either of them." (I, 3) If convened by the President's proclamation, this must begin a new session, and of course determine the preceding one to have been a session. So if it meets under the clause of the Constitution, which says, "the Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day" (I, 4), this must begin a new session; for even if the last adjournment was to this day, the act of adjournment is merged in the higher authority of the Constitution, and the meeting will be under that and not under their adjournment. So far we have fixed landmarks for determining sessions. In other words, it is declared by the joint vote authorizing the President of the Senate and Speaker to close the session on a fixed day, which is usually in the following form: *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*, That the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives be authorized to close the present session by adjourning their respective Houses on the —day of —.]

When it was said above all that matters depending before Parliament were discontinued by the determination of the session, it was not meant for judiciary cases depending before the House of Lords, such as impeachments, appeals and writs of error. These stand continued, of course, to the next session. *Raym.*, 120, 381; *Ruffh. Jac. L. D., Parliament*.

[Impeachments stand, in like manner, continued before the Senate of the United States.]

SECTION LII.

TREATIES.

[The President of the United States has power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur. *Const., U. S.*, II, 2.]

[All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate, shall be by the members thereof kept secret; and that all treaties which may hereafter be laid before the Senate, shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy. *Rule 39.*]

Treaties are legislative acts. A treaty is the law of the land. It differs from other laws only as it must have the consent of a foreign nation, being but a contract with respect to that nation. In all countries, I believe, except England, treaties are made by the legislative power; and there also, if they touch the laws of the land, they must be approved by Parliament. *Ware v. Hayton*, 3 *Dallas' Rep.*, 223. It is acknowledged, for instance, that the King of Great Britain cannot by a treaty make a citizen of an alien. *Vattel, b., c. 19, sec. 214*. An act of Parliament was necessary to validate the American treaty of 1783. And abundant examples of such acts can be cited. In the case of the treaty of Utrecht, in 1712, the commercial articles required the concurrence of Parliament; but a bill brought in for that purpose was rejected. France, the other contracting party, suffered these articles, in practice, to be not insisted on, and adhered to the rest of the treaty. 4 *Russell's Hist. Mod. Europe*, 457; 2 *Smollet*, 242, 246.

[By the Constitution of the United States this department of legislation is confined to two branches only of the ordinary legislature; the President originating and the Senate having a negative. To what subjects this power extends has not been defined in detail by the Constitution; nor are we entirely agreed among ourselves. 1. It is admitted that it must concern the foreign nation party to the contract, or it would be a mere nullity, *res inter alios acta*. 2. By the general power

to make treaties, the Constitution must have intended to comprehend only those subjects which are usually regulated by treaty, and cannot be otherwise regulated. 3. It must have meant to except out of these rights to the States; for surely the President and Senate cannot do by treaty what the whole government is interdicted from doing in any way. 4. And also to except those subjects of legislation in which it gave a participation to the House of Representatives. This last exception is denied by some, on the ground that it would leave very little matter for the treaty power to work on. The less the better, say others. The Constitution thought it wise to restrain the Executive and Senate from entangling and embroiling our affairs with those of Europe. Besides, as the negotiations are carried on by the Executive alone, the subjecting to the ratification of the representatives such articles as are within their participation, is no more inconvenient than to the Senate. But the ground of this exception is denied as unfounded. For examine, *c. g.*, the treaty of commerce with France, and it will be found that, out of thirty-one articles, there are not more than small portions of two or three of them which would not still remain as subjects of treaties, untouched by these exceptions.]

Treaties being declared, equally with the laws of the United States, to be the supreme law of the land, it is understood that an act of the legislature alone can declare them infringed and rescinded. This was accordingly the process adopted in the case of France in 1798.

[It has been the usage for the Executive, when it communicates a treaty to the Senate for their ratification, to communicate also the correspondence of the negotiators. This having been omitted in case of the Prussian treaty, was asked by a vote of the House, of February 12, 1800, and was obtained. And in December, 1800, the convention of that year between the United States and France, with the report of the negotiations by the envoys, but not their instructions, being laid before the Senate, the instructions were asked for, and communicated by the President.]

[The mode of voting on questions of ratification is by nominal call.]

[Whenever a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time for information only; when no motion to reject, ratify, or modify the whole, or any part, shall be received. Its second reading shall be for consideration, and on a subsequent day, when it shall be taken up as in a committee of the whole, and every one shall be free to move a question on any particular article, in this form: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?" or to propose amendments thereto, either by inserting or by leaving out words, in which last case the question shall be, "shall the words stand part of the article?" And in every one of the said cases, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be requisite to decide affirmatively. And when, through the whole, the proceedings shall be stated to the House, and questions being again severally put thereon, for confirmation, or new ones proposed, requiring in like manner a concurrence of two-thirds for whatever is retained or inserted.]

[The votes so confirmed shall, by the House, or a committee thereof, be reduced into the form of a ratification, with or without modifications, as may have been decided, and shall be proposed on a subsequent day, when every one shall again be free to move amendments either by inserting or leaving out words; in which last case the question shall be, "Shall the words stand part of the resolution?" And in both cases the concurrence of two-thirds shall be requisite to carry the affirmative; as well as on the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to. *Rule 37.*]

[When any question may have been decided by the Senate, in which two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that side which prevailed in the question may be at liberty to move for a reconsideration, and a motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes. *Rule 37.*]

SECTION LIII.

IMPEACHMENT.

[The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. *Const. U. S.*, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to remove from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States. But the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law. *Const.*, I, 3.]

[The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. *Const.*, II, 4.]

[The trial of crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. *Const.*, III, 2.]

These are the provisions of the Constitution of the United States on the subject of impeachments. The following is a sketch of some of the principles and practices of England on the same subject:

Jurisdiction. The Lords cannot impeach any to themselves, nor join in the accusation, because they are the judges. *Seld. Judic. in Parl.*, 12, 63. Nor can they proceed against a commoner but on complaint of the commons. *Ib.*, 84. The Lords may not, by the law, try a commoner for a capital offense, on the information of the King or a private person, because the accused is entitled to a trial by his peers generally; but on accusation by the House of Commons, they may proceed against the delinquent, of whatsoever degree, and whatsoever be the nature of the offense; for there they do not assume to themselves trial at common law. The commons are then instead of a jury, and the judgment is given on their demand, which is instead of a verdict. So the Lords do only judge, but not try the delinquent. *Ib.*, 6, 7. But Wooddeson denies that a commoner can now be charged capitally before the Lords, even by the commons; and cites Fitzharris's case, 1681, impeached for high treason, when the Lords remitted the prosecution to the inferior court. 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 325-7; *Wooddeson*, 601, 576; 3 *Seld.*, 1610, 1619, 1641; 4 *Blackst.*, 25; 73 *Seld.*, 1604, 1618; 9, 1656.

Accusation. The Commons, as the grand inquest of the nation, become suitors for penal justice. 2 *Woodd.*, 597; 6 *Grey*, 356. The general course is to pass a resolution containing a criminal charge against the supposed delinquent, and then to direct some member to impeach him by oral accusation, at the bar of the House of Lords, in the name of the Commons. The person signifies that the articles will be exhibited, and desires that the delinquent may be sequestered from his seat, or be committed, or that the peers will take order from his appearance. *Sachv. Trial*, 329; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701, 101; 1 *Wms.*, 616; 6 *Grey*, 324.

Process. If a party do not appear, proclamations are to be issued, giving him a day to appear. On their return they are strictly examined. If any error be found in them, a new proclamation issues, giving a short day. If he appear not, his goods may be arrested and they may proceed. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99.

Articles. The accusation (articles) of the Commons is substituted in place of an indictment. Thus, by the usage of Parliament, in impeachment for writing or speaking, the particular words need not be specified. *Sach. Tr.*, 325; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lord's Jour.*, 3 June, 1701; 1 *Wms.*, 616.

Appearance. If he appears and the case be capital, he answers in custody; though not if the accusations be general. He is not to be committed but on special accusations. If it be for a misdemeanor only, he answers, a Lord in his place, a Commoner at the bar, and not in custody, unless, on the answer, the Lords find cause to commit him, till he find sureties to attend, and lest he should fly. *Seld.*

Judd., 98, 99. A copy of the articles is given him and a day fixed for his answer. *T. Ray*; 1 *Rushw.*, 268; *Fost.*, 232; 1 *Clar. Hist. of the Reb.*, 379. Or a misdemeanor his appearance may be in person, or he may answer in writing, or by attorney. *Seld. Judd.*, 100. The general rule on accusations for a misdemeanor is, that in such a state of liberty or restraint as the party is when the commons complain of him, in such he is to answer. *Ib.*, 101. If previously committed by the commons, he answers as a prisoner. But this may be called in some sort *judicium parium suorum*. *Ib.* In misdemeanors the party has a right to counsel by the common law; but not in capital cases. *Seld. Judd.*, 102-5.

Answer. The answer need not observe great strictness of form. He may plead guilty as to part, and defend as to the residue; or, saving all exceptions, deny the whole or give a particular answer to each article separately. 1 *Rush.*, 274; 1 *Rush.*, 1374; 12 *Parl. Hist.*, 442; 3 *Lords' Jour.*, 13 Nov., 1643; *Woodd.*, 607. But he cannot plead a pardon in bar to the impeachment. 2 *Woodd.*, 615; 2 *St. Tr.*, 735.

Replication, rejoinder, etc. There may be a replication, rejoinder, etc. *Scl. Jud.*, 114; 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 233; *Sach. Tr.*, 15; *Journ. H. of Commons*, March, 1640, 1.

Witnesses. The practice is to swear the witnesses in open House, and then examine them there, or a committee may be named, who shall examine them in committee, either on interrogatories agreed on in the House, or such as the committee in their discretion shall demand. *Seld. Jud.*, 120, 123.

Jury. In the case of Alice Pierce (1 *R.* 2), a jury was empaneled for her trial before a committee. *Seld. Jud.*, 123. But this was on a complaint not on impeachment by the commons. *Seld. Jud.*, 163. It must also have been for a misdemeanor only, as the lords spiritual sat in the case, which they do on misdemeanors, but not in capital cases. *Id.*, 148. The judgment was a forfeiture of all her lands and goods. *Id.*, 188. This, Selden says, is the only jury he finds recorded in Parliament for misdemeanor; but he makes no doubt, if the delinquent doth put himself on trial of his country a jury ought to be impaneled, and he adds that it is not so on impeachment by the commons; for they are in *loco proprio*, and there no jury ought to be impaneled. *Id.*, 124. The *Ld. Berkeley*, 6 *E.*, 3, was arraigned for the murder of *L.*, 2, on an information on the part of the King, and not impeachment of the commons; for then they had been *patria sua*. He waived his peerage, and was tried by a jury of Gloucestershire and Warwickshire. *Id.*, 125. In 1 *H.*, 7, the commons protest that they are not to be considered as parties to any judgment given, or hereafter to be given in Parliament. *Seld. Jud.*, 133. They have been generally and more justly considered, as is before stated, as the grand jury; for the conceit of Selden is certainly not accurate, and they are the *patria sua* of the accused, and that the Lords do only judge, but not try. It is undeniable that they do try; for they examine witnesses as to the facts, and acquit or condemn, according to their own belief of them. And Lord Hale says, "the peers are judges of law as well as of fact;" (2 *Hale*, *P. C.*, 275); consequently of fact as well as of law.

Presence of Commons. The Commons are to be present at the examination of witnesses. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. Indeed, they are to attend throughout, either as a committee of the whole House, or otherwise, at discretion, appoint managers to conduct the proofs. *Rushw.*, *Tr. of Straff.*, 37; *Com. Journ.*, 4 Feb., 1709-10; 2 *Woodd.*, 614. And judgment is not to be given till they demand it. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. But they are not to be present on impeachment when the Lords consider of the answer of proofs and determine of their judgment. Their presence, however, is necessary at the answer and judgment in cases of capital (*Id.*, 58, 159) as well as not capital (162). The Lords debate the judgment among themselves. Then the vote is first taken on the question of guilty or not guilty; and if they convict, the question, or particular sentence, is out of that which seemeth to be most generally agreed on. *Seld. Jud.*, 167; 2 *Woodd.*, 612.

Judgment. Judgments in Parliament, for death, have been strictly guided per legem terræ which they cannot alter; and not at all according to their discretion. They can neither omit any legal part of the judgment nor add to it. Their sentence must be *secundum, non ultra legem*. *Seld. Jud.*, 168-171. This trial, though it varies in external ceremony, yet differs not in essentials from criminal

prosecutions before inferior courts. The same rules of evidence, the same legal notions of crimes and punishments, prevail; for impeachments are not framed to alter the law, but to carry it into more effectual execution against two powerful delinquents. The judgment, therefore, is to be such as is warranted by legal principles or precedents. 6 *Sta. Tr.*, 14; 2 *Woodd.*, 611. The chancellor gives judgment in misdemeanors; the lord high steward formerly in cases of life and death. *Seld. Jud.*, 180. But now the steward is deemed not necessary. *Fost.*, 144; 2 *Woodd.*, 613. In misdemeanors the greatest corporal punishment hath been imprisonment. *Seld. Jud.*, 184. The King's assent is necessary in capital judgments (2 *Woodd.*, 614, *contra*), but not in misdemeanors. *Seld. Jud.*, 136.

Continuance. An impeachment is not discontinued by the dissolution of Parliament, but may be resumed by the new Parliament. *T. Ray.*, 383; 4 *Com. Journ.*, 23 Dec., 1790; *Lords' Journ.*, May 15, 1791; 2 *Woodd.*, 618.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS, FORMS AND RULES

FOR THE USE AND GOVERNMENT OF THE WIS-
CONSIN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE AUTHORIZED BY JOINT RESOLUTION No. 62, S.,
SESSION OF 1895.

(Adopted by the Legislature of 1890.)

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

ORGANIZATION.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock M., on the second Wednesday of January in every odd numbered year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen.

In the Senate the Lieutenant Governor calls the Senators to order, the Chief Clerk of the previous session acting in that capacity until his successor is chosen. The oath of office is usually administered to the newly elected Senators by the Lieutenant Governor, who also administers the oath of office to the Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms. Immediately after the Senators take the oath of office the election of President pro tem., Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms is proceeded with in the order named.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the Clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, and subscribe to the oath of office.

The election of President pro tem. of the Senate, Speaker of the Assembly, Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms of both the respective Houses is required to be viva voce.

After the organization each House informs the other House that it is organized and ready to proceed to business.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him he may desire to make.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained, are referred by resolution to appropriate standing committees or select committees.

Drawing of Seats.

The drawing of seats by lot has been observed since the Assembly first took possession of the new Assembly Chamber.

The method heretofore pursued is as follows:

The members leave their seats, and take places in the open area behind their seats. The Clerk having placed in a box, slips of paper containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger draws them therefrom. The Clerk announces each name as it is drawn, and the member named selects his seat, and occupies it until the drawing is completed. In the Senate the seats are usually placed in such manner as will be most agreeable to the senators.

Duties of Officers.

PRESIDENT AND SPEAKER.—The duties of these officers are generally defined in the rules.

CHIEF CLERKS.—The rules set forth the duties of these officers. They have the care and custody of all the papers and records, and arrange its proper order from day to day, after its inception, all the business of the two Houses. They must, in order to have a proper knowledge of the affairs of their departments, apportion, systematize and personally supervise the labor of all their subordinates, and, when not called therefrom by more important duties, should officiate in person at the reading desk. The duties of their subordinates are properly their duties, as all are performed under their direction, and they are responsible for any deficiencies. It is their duty to prepare and furnish to the public printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed "on the same day such orders are made;" to keep the pay accounts of employes and issue certificates of per diem to them; to deliver the messages of the one House to the other and to sign subpoenas.

It is their duty to prepare an index to the journal, at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and to attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a speaker is elected, and perform the duties of clerk thereof until their successors are chosen and qualified.

They are by law responsible for the safe keeping of all the bills and other documents in possession of the Legislature, and for the proper registry of all proceedings; and are required at the close of the session, to deposit all papers in their possession as Chief Clerks, properly classified and labeled, with the Secretary of State.

Regulations in the Department of the Clerk.

To insure a systematic and correct performance of the duties of their departments, the Chief Clerks of the two Houses have established the following regulations:

THE ASSISTANT CLERKS.—It is their special duty:

1. To keep a record of each day's proceedings, and to correct the proof of same when printed.
2. To officiate at the reading desk when required by the clerk, and in case of his absence to perform his duties generally.
3. To label and file in the appropriate places all papers presented, with proper dates and references.
4. To select each day all papers ordered to be printed, make the list thereof in a book provided for that purpose, and send them to the State Printer, taking his receipt therefor.
5. To keep a list of all absentees on leave, etc.

THE BOOK-KEEPER.—It is his special duty:

1. To keep the register of bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., showing therein, and opposite to each title, all actions taken and proceedings had, with regard to such papers.
2. To distribute to the proper committee, or officers, all bills, petitions and other papers referred.

3. To make out all certificates of per diem and mileage, ready for the signature of the Speaker and Clerk.

4. To prepare the message to be delivered to the other House, and when not otherwise occupied, to help the Journal Clerk in the performance of his duties.

THE ENROSSING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

1. To engross all bills ordered to a third reading which the rules require to be engrossed, properly placing all amendments adopted prior to the order of their engrossment.

2. By the direction of the Chief or Journal Clerk to perform any necessary service appertaining to the duties of the other deputies.

THE ENROLLING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

To make clear, legible copies of all bills which have been concurred in, without erasure or interlineations.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

1. Each deputy when not occupied in the performance of his own special duties, is to render such assistance to the Clerk and his associate deputies as may be in his power, or as the pressure of duties in a particular department may render necessary.

2. The deputies are expected to notify the Chief Clerk of any interference with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests made to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their possession without leave of the Chief Clerk.

Perfect courtesy must at all times be maintained toward members, reporters, associate deputies, and all who have business to transact with the department, but interference with legislation cannot be allowed under any circumstances.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is executive officer of the House. He has charge of the Post Office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chambers, serves the subpoenas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, provides rooms for committees, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the Post Office, or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto, and keeps the pay roll of the employes in his department. He is to organize his department with such system that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly and courteously. He is required to keep the chamber open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 11 o'clock P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

The POSTMASTER attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Post office of the Assembly corresponding with the number of his seat, in which his mail matter is deposited, and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the Madison Post Office. He is, to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the Post Office), a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the Post Office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker.

The ASSISTANT POSTMASTER brings the mail to and from the Madison Post Office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

The DOORKEEPERS attend to the principal door; open and close it for the entry and exit of all persons; maintain order in the lobby and vestibule; see that visi-

tors are seated and that the regulations of the House in their departments are strictly enforced.

The assistant sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, porter, watchman, doorkeepers, and gallery, committee-room and washroom attendants are appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and are responsible to him.

DUTIES OF MESSENGERS.

1. To be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M. until 10 o'clock P. M. every day (Sunday excepted), whether the Assembly is in session or not.

2. To receive the journals and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member.

3. Not to leave the Chamber during the morning hour, or absent themselves from the session of the House during an entire day, except upon leave of the Speaker, Clerk or Sergeant-at-Arms.

4. During the morning hour to take the positions assigned to them by the Clerk, and, standing up, so as to see and be seen, hold themselves in readiness to bring all bills, resolutions, etc., from the several members to the Clerk when presented.

5. After the expiration of the morning hour, when not engaged in filing bills, etc., for the members they have in charge, to answer promptly any call, and render assistance to any member requiring it.

6. To refrain from throwing any paper balls, darts, or other missiles; to move lightly across the chamber and demean themselves respectfully towards every member and officer of the House.

Process of Passing Bills.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in the Assembly, as an illustration, is as follows:

A member having prepared a bill and endorsed the title thereof, together with his name upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such time as the introduction of bills is under order and says: "Mr. Speaker:" If recognized the Speaker responds: "The gentleman from _____." The member announces: "I ask leave to introduce a bill." The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill and the Speaker announces: "First reading of the bill."

The Clerk again reads the bill by its title, and the Speaker announces: "Second reading of the bill." And refers the same to some standing or select committee, as seems to him appropriate, unless special reference is made by request of the member introducing the bill. The bill is, in due course of time, reported back to the Assembly by the committee, when it is placed in the order: "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Under this order of business, the question put by the Speaker is as follows: "Shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time?" If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk for engrossment. When correctly engrossed and compared by the Comparing Clerks, it is delivered by the Engrossing Clerk to the committee on Engrossed Bills, who compare the engrossed bill with the original bill and amendments, if any, and cause any errors which they may find to be corrected. When found correct, or made so, the committee report them to the House as correctly engrossed, and then referred to the committee on Bills on their Third Reading and when reported by that committee the original is filed with the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "Bills ready for a third reading." When under this order of business, the bill, unless it appropriates money, is read by its title; if it appropriates money, at length, when the Speaker says as follows:

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?" If the bill passes, it is taken to the Senate with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and asking the concurrence of the Senate therein.

If the Senate concurs the bill is returned to the Assembly and is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a copy thereof, as is elsewhere described. When enrolled it goes to the committee on Enrolled Bills, who compare it with the engrossed bill. When found or made correct, they report the bill to the Assembly as correctly enrolled. The engrossed bill is filed with the Chief Clerk. The enrolled bill is then endorsed by the Chief Clerk, as having originated in the Assembly, for the information of the Governor, in case he vetoes it; then it is signed by the Speaker and sent to the President of the Senate for his signature thereto. It is then sent by the Chief Clerk of the Assembly to the Governor for his approval. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated of the fact and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State. If he vetoes the bill, information of the fact is given to the House in like manner, whereupon, the question shall be, "Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor?" The vote shall be taken by ayes and noes, and shall be lost, unless two-thirds of the members present vote in favor of the passage of the bill, over the Governor's veto. Concurrence of the Senate by a two-thirds majority of the Senators present is necessary.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all of its stages until it becomes a law.

A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority or minority reports, special orders, re-commitments, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary process, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills going into the Assembly, after passing the Senate, are read twice by title and then referred to the appropriate committee. After being reported to the House by the committee, the question shall be: "Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?" unless there be an amendment offered to the same, which shall be acted upon before the bill is ordered to a third reading. If it is decided affirmatively and the bill passes in the order of "Bills on third reading," and when read in that order, the question is, "shall the bill be concurred in?" If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate with a message informing it of that fact. If an amendment be adopted to a bill, the Senate is so informed by message, and the amendment transmitted with the bill to the Senate. The question is, "Shall the Senate concur in the amendment adopted by the Assembly to the bill?"

If it is desired to hasten the passage of a bill, it is done by motion as follows:

I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate consideration of bill No. ——. If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present, the question will be put on passage of the bill, and if passed, will go at once to the Senate.

Forms.

Of Titles:

No. —, a bill to —.

Amending bill:

A bill relating to —, and amendatory of section — of chapter — of the —.

Repealing bill:

A bill to repeal section —, of chapter —, of the —, (relating to statutes or general laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section of the chapter repealed; and in the body of every bill, the full title of the act repealed, shall be recited at length).

Appropriation bill:

"To appropriate to —, the sum of — dollars."

Titles must be written inside the bill and endorsed upon the outside as follows.*

<p>No. —, A.,</p> <p style="margin-top: 20px;">A bill to regulate the license to be paid by railroad companies.</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;"> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>Mr. GORDON.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> </div>

RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover indorsed upon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters:

Res. No. —, A.,

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor's message be furnished by the public printer to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

"Mr. TUCKER."

AN ENACTING CLAUSE must precede the body of the bill—¹

It must *invariably* be in the following form:

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:—Const., Art. IV, Sec. 17.

Investigations.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should move the appointment of a committee to take the subject in charge. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the precise subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deem necessary for a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the inquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpoena is as follows:

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

"To —: You are hereby commanded, that laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear and attend before Messrs. —, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. —, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate — at the room of said committee —, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, on the — day of —, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and —, at the hour of — in the — noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee.

"Hereof fail not, under penalty in such case made and provided.

"Given at the Assenbly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this — day of —, A. D. 18—.

"—, *Presiding Officer.*

"Attest:

"—, *Chief Clerk of the —.*"

*It is important that the titles of bills should be the same on the outside and inside of the bill, as the bill appears on the books of the Clerk by the indorsement, and is printed from the inside title and text.

¹Section 17, Article IV, Constitution of Wisconsin, provides that legislation shall be by bill, and the enacting clause is necessary to the constitutionality of the law.

In case of a refusal to appear, or a refusal to testify, the following form of certificate may be used:

"To Hon. _____, (*Presiding Officer*).

"I, _____, chairman of the *joint* committee appointed to investigate _____, do hereby certify that _____ has been duly subpoenaed to appear before said committee, as will fully appear by the writ served, and affidavit of service accompanying same, on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

"I further certify that said _____ has failed to appear before said committee, according to the exigency or mandate of said writ or subpoena.

"Dated, Madison, _____, 18—, at — o'clock.

_____."

Upon which a warrant in the following form may be used:

"The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly:

It appearing that a writ of subpoena, directed to _____, commanding him to personally appear and attend before Messrs. _____, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. _____, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate _____, at the room of said committee, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—, at the hour of _____ in the _____ noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matter of inquiry before said committee has been issued, and that the said writ of subpoena was duly personally served upon the said _____, on the _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—, and returned as provided in section one of an act entitled 'an act concerning evidence and witnesses,' approved February, 3, 1857; and it further appearing by the certificate of the chairman of the said joint committee, that the said _____ has failed or neglected to appear before the said committee in obedience to the mandate of the said subpoena; *therefore*, you are hereby commanded, in the name of the State of Wisconsin, to take the body of him, the said _____, and bring him before the _____, so that he may testify and give evidence before the said committee, and answer for his contempt of the Assembly in not obeying the mandate of subpoena. Hereof fail not.

"Given at the _____ Chamber in the city of Madison aforesaid, this _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—.

"_____, (*Presiding Officer*).

"Chief Clerk of the _____."

To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be:

"By virtue of the within process, I did, on the _____ day of _____, 18—, arrest the body of _____, and took him before the committee within named, and the said _____ having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly.

"Assembly chamber, _____, 18—.

"Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly."

A resolution declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding.

The following form of such resolution was used at the session of 1858:

"Resolved, that the neglect or failure of _____, to appear before the joint investigating committee composed of Messrs. _____, of the Senate, and Messrs. _____, of the assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpoena of this Assembly, served upon him on the _____ instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:

"Int. 1.—Why did you not appear before the *joint* investigating committee as required by the mandate of the subpoena served upon you the _____ inst.?"

To which the defaulter pleads before judgment is inflicted.

Another form is as follows :

“Resolved, That the refusal of _____ to answer the questions put to him by a member of the joint investigating committee, on the _____ instant, and which questions were certified to the House by _____, Chairman of said committee and are now in writing, on file with the Chief Clerk of the House, be, and the same is hereby declared a contempt of this House.”

Followed by the corresponding interrogatory :

“Why did you not answer the question put or propounded to you on the _____ instant, by a member of the joint investigating committee, of which _____ is Chairman?”

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged ; if otherwise, he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both ; but such imprisonment cannot extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a committee on Investigation should consist of three parts :

1. The testimony taken.
2. A statement of the facts proven thereby or conclusions derived therefrom.
3. Resolutions, or a bill providing for the action which the Committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

Quorums.

To expel a member—

“Two-thirds of all the members elected.” Const., Art. IV, Sec. 8.

To do any business, except to adjourn from day to day, and to compel the attendance of absent members—

“A majority.” Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered on the journal—

“One-sixth of those present.” Const., Art. IV, Sec. 20.

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand from the State—

“A majority of three-fifths.” Const., Art. VIII, Sec. 8.

To adjourn from day to day—

“A smaller number” (than a majority). Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To compel the attendance of absent members—

“A smaller number” (than a majority). Const., Art. IV, Sec. 7.

To agree to an amendment of the Constitution—

“A majority of the members elected.” Const., Art. XII, Sec. 1.

To recommend a Constitutional Convention—

“A majority” (present). Const., Art. XII, Sec. 2.

To contract a public debt—

“A majority of all the members elected.” Const., Art. VIII, Sec. 6.

To pass any bill, resolution or motion—

“A majority” of a quorum.

RULES OF THE LEGISLATURE.

It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is ; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business not subject to the caprice of the speaker or captiousness of the members. It is very material that order, decency, and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body.—2 *Hats.*, 149.

MEETING, QUORUM, PRIVILEGES, ETC.

1.—The hours for the meeting of the two houses shall be at 10 o'clock A. M., unless a different hour shall be prescribed by resolution.

2.—Before proceeding to business, the roll of the members in each House shall be called, and the names of those present and those absent shall be entered on the

journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of absent members.

3.—No member or officer of either House, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the session during the entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

4.—Contestants for seats shall have the privilege of the House until their respective cases are disposed of; the privilege to extend only so far as access to the Chamber during the time occupied in settling the contest.

WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

5.—Persons of the following classes, and no others, shall be admitted to the floor of the two Houses during the session thereof, viz.: The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Members of the Legislature, State Officers, Regents of the University, Regents of the Normal Schools, Members of Congress, Judges of the Supreme Court and other Courts, Ex-Members of the Wisconsin Legislature, all editors of newspapers within the State, and reporters for the press, and such other persons as the presiding officer may invite.

6.—Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the presiding officer shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons, except members and officers.

7.—No member or officer of either House shall read newspapers within the bar of the House, nor smoke therein while in session.

PRESIDING OFFICERS.

8.—The Lieutenant Governor of the State, who, by the 8th Section of the 5th Article of the Constitution, is constituted ex-officio president of the Senate, shall, when present, take the Chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the Senate, when he shall call the Senators to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and remain with their heads uncovered, while the Senate remains in session.

9.—The Senate shall elect a President pro tempore, for the session, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the President of the Senate in the absence of the President, and in the absence or inability of the President pro tem. to preside, the President shall have the right to name any Senator to perform the duties of the Chair temporarily, and who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the President, but no Senator shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the Chair; nor shall such substitute's authority as presiding officer, except to the President pro tem., extend beyond a day's adjournment of the Senate.

10.—The Assembly shall elect, viva voce, one of its members as presiding officer, who shall be styled Speaker of the Assembly, and who shall hold his office during one session.

DUTIES OF PRESIDING OFFICER.

11.—It shall be the general duty of the presiding officer:

To open the session, at the time to which adjournment is taken, by taking the chair and calling the members to order;

To announce the business before the House in the order in which it is to be acted upon;

To receive and submit, in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members;

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or which necessarily arise in the course of proceedings, and to announce the result;

To restrain the members while engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members;

To inform the House, when necessary, or when referred to for that purpose, in any point of order or practice;

To receive messages and other communications from other branches of the Government, and to announce them to the House;

To authenticate by his signature, when necessary, all the acts, orders and proceedings of the House over which he presides;

To name the members, when directed to do so in a particular case, or when it is a part of his general duty by these rules who are to serve on committees, and in general—

To represent and stand for the body over which he presides, declaring its will, and in all things obeying its commands. Every officer of each House is subordinate to his presiding officer, and, in all that relates to the discharge of his several duties, is under his supervision.

12.—The presiding officer shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to others, rising from his seat for that purpose; and he shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the House. On appeal being taken, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the house?" which question and the action thereon, shall be entered on the journal.

13.—The presiding officer may call a member to the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

14.—In the absence of the presiding officer, in either House, one of the members shall be elected to preside temporarily, until the return of the regular presiding officer.

15.—The Speaker of the Assembly shall vote on the call of yeas and nays, and his name shall be recorded with those of the other members.

16.—The Lieutenant Governor shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote in the Senate, and he shall cast the deciding vote. See Section 8 of Article V, Constitution.

CLERKS AND THEIR DUTIES.

17.—A Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. He shall keep a journal of the daily proceedings of the body, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him. He shall superintend the recording of the journal of the proceedings; the engrossing and enrolling of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records or papers belonging to the Legislature to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the presiding officer, and generally shall perform, under direction of the presiding officer, all duties pertaining to his office as clerk, and shall be responsible for the official acts of his assistants. He shall appoint his assistants as provided by law.

18.—The Chief Clerk and his engrossing clerk, in all proper cases, shall correct any mere clerical errors in any bill, memorial or resolution, such as errors in orthography, or the use of one word for another, as affect for "effect," previous for "previously," are for "is," and banks for "bank," and the like; and also all mistakes for numbering the sections and references thereto, whether such errors occur in the original bill, or are caused by amendment made thereto. It shall also be competent for the Chief Clerk at any time before the passage of any bill, to insert therein an "enacting clause," when such clause has been omitted. But no corrections, other than such as are authorized by this rule, shall be made at any time by the clerk or his assistants, unless upon the order of the House. On questions of orthography, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary shall be taken as a standard.

19.—All acts, addresses and resolutions shall be signed by the presiding officer, and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the House shall be under his hand, and attested by the clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

20.—A Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate and Assembly respectively, shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the body electing him. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the House or its presiding officer, and to perform all the duties that may be assigned to him connected with the police and good order of the body, and to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed; that the hall is properly ventilated and is open for the use of the members from 8 A. M. until 11 P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the office of Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

21.—The following standing committees shall be elected by the Senate as near the commencement of the session as may be, unless otherwise directed, as follows:

- A committee on Judiciary, to consist of seven members.
- A committee on State Affairs, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Finance, Banks and Insurance, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Railroads, to consist of nine members.
- A committee on Education, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Manufactures, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Assessment and Collection of Taxes, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Corporations, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Town and County Organization, to consist of three members.
- A committee on Public Lands, to consist of three members.
- A committee on Military Affairs, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Public Health and Sanitation, to consist of three members.
- A committee on Privileges and Elections, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Legislative Expenditures, to consist of three members.
- A committee on Federal Relations, to consist of three members.
- A committee on Roads and Bridges, to consist of three members.
- A committee on Agriculture, to consist of five members.
- A committee on Engrossed Bills, three members.
- A committee on Enrolled Bills, three members.
- A committee on Bills on Their Third Reading, to consist of three members.

The following joint committees shall be constituted as follows:

- On Claims—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.
- On Charitable and Penal Institutions—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

On Printing—Two from the Senate and three from the Assembly.

On Fish and Game—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.

22.—The standing committees of the Assembly shall be appointed by the Speaker as near the commencement of the session as possible, and shall be constituted as follows:

- On Judiciary—Eleven members.
- On State Affairs—Seven members.
- On Cities—Nine members.
- On Finance, Banks and Insurance—Seven members.
- On Railroads—Eleven members.
- On Education—Seven members.
- On Manufactures—Seven members.
- On Assessment and Collection of Taxes—Seven members.
- On Corporations—Seven members.
- On Town and County Organization—Five members.
- On Public Lands—Five members.
- On Military Affairs—Seven members.
- On Public Health and Sanitation—Five members.
- On Privileges and Elections—Seven members.
- On Legislative Expenditures—Five members.
- On Federal Relations—Five members.
- On Roads and Bridges—Five members.
- On Agriculture—Seven members.

- On Ways and Means—Five members.
- On Lumber and Mining—Five members.
- On Public Improvements—Five members.
- On Dairy and Food—Seven members.
- On Engrossed Bills—Five members.
- On Enrolled Bills—Five members.
- On Bills on Their Third Reading—Five members.

22a.—Joint hearings of the committees on Assessment and Collection of Taxes of the two houses shall be held upon agreement between the chairmen of the two committees, who shall give three days' notice to the members of their respective committees of the time and place of such hearings. Such joint hearings shall take the place of separate hearings and shall be final.

23.—Select or special committees may be provided for on motion or by resolution designating the number and object, and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be appointed by the presiding officer.

24.—It shall be the duty of the committee on Bills on Their Third Reading to carefully examine every bill ordered to a third reading and correct any errors of orthography, grammatical construction of sentences, and any other errors in the bill, so that the real object of the bill may be clearly stated. They shall report in writing, and the amendments they propose shall be read to the House before being acted upon.

25.—A majority of any committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Sub-committees, who shall report to the regular committee, may be appointed to take charge of any part of the committee's business.

26.—All business referred to a committee shall be taken up and disposed of as soon as practicable, and reported to the House at as early a date as may be consistent with a careful consideration of the same.

27.—All reports shall be in the following form:

The committee on to whom (was or were) referred (insert here the number and title of the bill or bills, resolutions or memorials reported by the committee), have had the same under consideration, and report the same back with the recommendation that it do (pass, be indefinitely postponed, referred to some other committee, etc.), or, if amended, with amendment or amendments, with the recommendation that the same do pass when so amended.

Signed Chairman.

28.—Members dissenting from a report of a committee shall be so reported when they request it.

29.—In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them, cannot agree upon a report, the majority and minority of such committee may each make a separate report; and any member dissenting in whole or in part from the reasonings and conclusions of both majority and minority, may also present a statement for his reasons and conclusions; and all reports, if decorous in language and respectful to the House, shall be entered at length on the Journal.

30.—In all cases where there shall be both majority and minority reports submitted to the House, the bill, resolution, memorial, or other matter reported upon, shall lie upon the table until the reports thereon shall have been printed in the Journal and laid upon the desks of the members.

31.—Every committee, in reporting upon any bill or memorial, shall recite at length in their report, the title of such bill or memorial, as well as the number thereof.

32.—No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the House, without special leave, except a committee of conference.

33.—All bills, resolutions, memorials, or other business, referred to a committee and reported by them to the House, shall be placed upon the calendar for the succeeding day under the order of business, "Bills ready for engrossment and third reading." Provided that during the consideration of bills under this order, one-sixth of the members present may move that any bill in said order of business shall be considered in committee of the whole, and at the close of said order of business, unless otherwise ordered, the House shall resolve itself into a committee

of the whole for the consideration of the bill or bills ordered to be so considered. The rules of the Legislature shall govern, as far as practicable, the proceedings in the committee of the whole, except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call of the yeas and nays, or for a previous question, cannot be made in the committee.

34.—All bills ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be carefully copied under direction of the engrossing clerk, together with all amendments adopted to the original bill, and, by the engrossing clerk, delivered to the committee on engrossed bills, whose duty it shall be to carefully compare the engrossed bill and the original bill, and if correctly engrossed, to report the same to the House.

35.—Whenever a bill which is fairly written without interlineation or erasure, is ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without amendment, the committee on engrossed bills may report the same back to the House as the engrossed bill.

36.—It shall be in order for the committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time, except when a vote is being taken or a call of the House is being had.

37.—No standing or select committee, or any member thereof, shall report any substitute or amendment for any bill or bills, or resolutions, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than that of the bill or resolution for which it is reported, or, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different from the original title of the bill or resolution. Any substitute bill or resolution so reported shall be rejected whenever the House is advised that the same is in violation of this rule. And this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House, and shall apply to bills or resolutions originating in either House, whether under consideration of the House in which they originated or not.

38.—No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therein, any other bill or resolution pending before the House.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

39.—The order of business in both Houses shall be as follows:

1. Call of the roll.
2. Correction of the journal.
3. Communication to the Legislature.
4. Resolutions may be offered.
5. Introduction and reference of bills.
6. Reports of standing committees.
7. Reports of select committees.
8. Executive communications.
9. Communications from either House and action thereon.
10. Resolutions may be considered.
11. Bills ready for a third reading.
12. Bills to be ordered to a third reading.
13. Bills ready for engrossment.

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS, ETC.

40.—Petitions, memorials, communications, and other papers, addressed to either House, shall be presented by a member thereof in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be endorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same.

41.—Resolutions may be offered by any member who shall endorse his name on the same. It shall then be sent to the Clerk's desk, and there read by the Clerk, and when so read shall be considered to be before the House; but it shall not be acted on the same day on which it is offered without leave.

42.—All bills and resolutions offered by any member or committee shall be endorsed by the member or committee offering the same.

43.—Every bill shall receive three several readings by title, except where otherwise provided, previous to its passage, but no bill shall receive its second and third readings on the same day. The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objection be made to it, the question shall be, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without further question.

On the second reading, every bill or memorial requiring three readings shall be referred to the appropriate standing committee, which shall be announced by the presiding officer, unless the House, on motion, make a different order in relation thereto; and this rule shall apply as well to bills, resolutions and memorials originating in either House.

44.—All joint resolutions and memorials, which will require the signature of the Governor, shall take the same course as to their reading and reference as bills.

45.—Three hundred copies of the Assembly Journal, and every Assembly bill, and two hundred and fifty copies of the Senate Journal, and every Senate bill, shall be printed after the second reading, unless otherwise ordered. And all bills, resolutions and memorials, that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files, after being printed, before being considered. If the rules be suspended for the consideration of any bill, resolution or memorial, before such bill, resolution or memorial has been printed, the same shall be read at length at least once before its final passage, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the House.

46.—The third reading of all bills appropriating money shall be at length, and the suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the House.

47.—The yeas and nays shall be called upon the passage of every bill appropriating money; a majority of three-fifths of each House being necessary to pass any bill which imposes, continues, or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand in favor of the State.

HOW BUSINESS IS CONDUCTED.

48.—When a member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the House he shall rise in his place and respectfully address the chair and upon being recognized, shall proceed, confining himself to the question under debate, avoiding personality.

49.—When any two or more persons shall rise at the same time, the presiding officer shall name the person who is first to speak.

50.—When a member is called to order he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until it shall have been determined whether or not he is in order; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing, that the presiding officer may be better able to judge as to whether they are in violation of the rules.

51.—No member shall speak except in his place, and not more than twice on a question, except on leave of the House. And if a question pending be lost by adjournment and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken twice on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave of the House.

52.—While the presiding officer is addressing the House, or submitting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the House; nor while a member is speaking, walk between him and the chair.

53.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, except:

1. To adjourn;
2. To lay on the table;
3. For the previous question;
4. To postpone to a day certain;
5. To commit to a standing committee;
6. To commit to a select committee;

7. To amend;

8. To postpone indefinitely.

These several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged in this rule.

54.—A motion to lay on the table shall only have the effect of disposing of the matter temporarily and may be taken from the table at any time by order of the House.

55.—A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be considered equivalent to a motion to indefinitely postpone.

56.—A motion to adjourn, to take a recess to lay on the table, and a call for the previous question shall be decided without debate. And all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for either of the questions named in this rule, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

57.—A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of a bill or proposition.

58.—When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the presiding officer, or read by the clerk, previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions, except to adjourn, postpone, or commit, shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the House before division or amendment.

59.—All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of the opinion that the bill pass, be concurred in, etc. (as the case may be), say, aye. Those of contrary opinion, say, no;" and in doubtful cases any member may call for a division.

60.—The yeas and nays shall be ordered when demanded by one-sixth of the members present. In recording the votes taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall report those absent or not voting.

61.—Every member present when a question is put, or when his name is called, shall vote, unless the House shall, for a special cause, excuse him, but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the House has commenced voting.

62.—Any member may call for a division of a question, which shall be divided if it comprehend propositions in substance so distinct, that one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the House. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible, but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

63.—In filling blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first submitted.

64.—In all cases when the Assembly is equally divided the question shall be lost.

65.—When a motion or question shall have been once determined, either in the affirmative or negative, it shall always be in order for any member of the majority, or when the House is equally divided, for any member who voted in the negative to move for a reconsideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day. A motion to reconsider being put and lost shall not be renewed. A motion to reconsider may be made within the time specified, and consideration of the same be postponed to some future time, by order of the House.

66.—No member or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the yeas and nays are being called.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

67.—Five Senators, or fifteen members of the Assembly, may make a call of the House and require absent members to be sent for, but a call of the House cannot be made after the voting has commenced.

68.—On a call of the House being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (if the call be moved in the Senate, five Senators, or if in the Assembly, fifteen members) to make a call of the House, those in favor of the call will rise." And if a sufficient number shall rise the call shall be thereby ordered.

69.—A call of the House being ordered, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall close the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the room.

70.—The clerk shall immediately call the roll of members, and note the absentees, whose names shall be read and entered upon the Journal in such manner as to show who are absent with leave, and who are absent without leave. The Clerk shall furnish the Sergeant-at-Arms with a list of those who are absent without leave, and the Sergeant-at-Arms shall forthwith proceed to find and bring in such absentees.

71.—While the House is under a call, no business shall be transacted, except to receive and act on the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms; and no other motion shall be in order, except a motion to adjourn, and a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call, which motions shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the motion to suspend further proceedings under the call shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members vote in favor thereof. A majority of those present may adjourn but upon re-convening, the House shall not be considered to be under the call, but a call of the House may be again ordered in the same manner as above described.

72.—When the Sergeant-at-Arms shall make a report showing that all who are absent without leave (naming them) are present such report shall be entered on the Journal and the call shall be at an end; and thereupon the doors shall be opened and the business pending when the call was made shall be proceeded with.

73.—The Sergeant-at-Arms may make a report of his proceedings at any time, which report may be accepted, and further proceedings under the call thereby dispensed with; but the motion to accept such report shall be determined by yeas and nays, and it shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members of the House shall vote in favor thereof. If such report be not accepted, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall proceed to a completion of his duties as required by rule number 69.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

74.—When any bill, memorial or resolution is under consideration, any member being in order and having the floor, may move the "previous question," but such motion must be seconded by at least five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly.

75.—The previous question being moved, the presiding officer shall say: "It requiring (five Senators or fifteen members of the Assembly, as the case may be), to second the motion for the previous question, those in favor of sustaining the motion will rise?" And if a sufficient number rise, the previous question shall be thereby seconded, and the question shall then be: "Shall the main question be now put?" which question shall be determined by the yeas and nays. The main question being ordered to be now put, its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, if there be any, and then upon the main question.

76.—When on taking the previous question, the House shall decide that the main question shall not now be put, the main question shall remain as the question before the House, in the same stage of proceedings as before the previous question was moved.

77.—On motion for the previous question, and prior to the ordering of the main question, one call of the House shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call shall have been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have ordered the main question no call shall be in order prior to the decision of such question.

AMENDMENTS.

78.—Amendments may be offered to any bill, resolution or memorial, and acted upon before they are ordered engrossed for third reading; but no amendment shall be considered after a bill has been ordered engrossed, except by unanimous consent of the members present.

Amendments reported by committees shall be acted upon by the House in the same manner as though offered from the floor. On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment.

79.—No amendment shall be considered in order that will totally alter the nature of the original bill, resolution or memorial; and the presiding officer shall rule as to the admissibility of amendments where the question is raised as to whether or not they do materially alter the nature of the original proposition.

80.—Amendments proposed by a committee or by a member of either House, shall be reduced to writing and state clearly and definitely the object which they seek to accomplish. They shall be read by the Clerk, and stated by the presiding officer to the House before being acted upon.

81.—A bill, resolution or memorial may be re-committed at any time previous to its passage. If any amendment be reported by the committee to which the bill was recommitted, the question shall be upon the amendment, or amendment to amendment, if any be offered from the floor; and if adopted, the question for its engrossment and third reading shall then be put.

82.—Every bill, resolution or memorial, ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be re-written in a plain hand, with all amendments agreed to, adopted and incorporated in the bill before being read a third time, except such bills as are fairly written, without interlineation or erasure. Upon the third reading of the bill, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is 'Shall the bill pass?'" or "be concurred in", as the case may be.

83.—Each bill which passes its third reading shall be certified by the clerk of the House passing it, and by him transmitted to the other House. The day of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the Clerk.

84.—A motion to adjourn shall always be in order except when the house is voting; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move an adjournment when another member has the floor. Any motion or resolution relating to the organization of either House, or to any of its officers, members or committees, shall be privileged and need not lie over for consideration.

85.—No standing rule or order shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given for the motion therefor, which motion shall embrace the proposed amendment. These rules shall not be rescinded or changed except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Unless there be unanimous consent for the suspension of the same the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays.

86.—Whenever by joint resolution of the two Houses, any bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the Governor for further consideration, said bill or resolution shall be deemed to be before the House for its action thereon, and may be reconsidered or otherwise acted upon; provided such bill or resolution shall have been actually returned to and be before the House when such action shall be taken.

87.—The Chief Clerk of the Senate and Assembly respectively, and Sergeant-at-Arms of each House, shall certify to the Secretary of State the names of all persons employed in their respective departments, the capacity in which they are employed, and the amount respectively due them, which certificate shall be approved by the presiding officer of the House in which they are employed.

88.—After a bill has passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled by, or under the direction of, the Chief Clerk for the House in which the same originated before it shall be presented to the Governor for his approval. When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be carefully compared by the comparing clerks, after which it shall be delivered by the enrolling clerk to the Chairman of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, which committee shall carefully compare the enrolled bill with the engrossed bill as passed in the two Houses; said committee shall cause the enrolling clerk to correct any error that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and when perfect, shall make their report forthwith to the House.

SIGNING OF BILLS.

89.—When a bill shall have been duly reported as correctly enrolled, it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated to present the bill, first to the presiding officer of the House in which it originated, and next, to the presiding officer of the other House, for their signatures, which duty shall be performed at as early an hour as possible.

90.—After a bill shall have been signed by the respective presiding officers of the two Houses, it shall be presented by the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated, to the Governor, in the Executive Chamber, for his approval; it first being indorsed on the back of the bill, certifying in which House the same originated, which certificate shall be signed by the Chief Clerk of such House. In case the bill was passed by the ayes and nays being taken thereon, the number of affirmative and negative votes in each House shall be indorsed on the back of the bill.

COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

91.—In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and Assembly on amendments, adopted by either House, to a bill, memorial or resolution, passed by the other House, a committee of conference consisting of three members from each House may be requested by either House, and the other House shall appoint a similar committee. The usual manner of procedure is as follows: The Senate, for instance, passes a bill and it is duly messaged to the Assembly, which body adopts an amendment to the bill and concurs in it as amended, returning the same, with record of the action of the Assembly, to the Senate; the Senate refuses to concur in the Assembly amendment and so notifies the Assembly; the Assembly adheres to its amendment and asks for a committee of conference, and appoints such committee on the part of the Assembly, and this action is reported to the Senate, whereupon, a like committee is appointed by the Senate. The joint committee shall, at a convenient hour agreed upon, meet and state to each other, verbally or in writing, the reason of their respective Houses for, or against the disagreement, and confer thereon, and shall report to their respective Houses such agreement as they may arrive at, if any, and if not the fact of a disagreement. The House having possession of the bill at the time the conference report is made, shall first act upon such report, if an agreement is reported, and duly message the same to the other House, together with the bill, which, if the conference report be concurred in and the bill concurred in as amended, shall be the bill that is finally passed.

92.—All bills, resolutions and memorials, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval shall also in the same manner be previously examined, enrolled and signed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

93.—These rules may be suspended by either House by vote of two-thirds of the members present thereof; the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays unless unanimous consent be given.

94.—Members may pair on any question pending in either House by filing a statement of the same with the Chief Clerk, who shall read the same to the House before the vote is taken.

95.—the title to all bills appropriating money shall state that fact in addition to the general purpose of the bill.

A BOOK FOR ENROLLED BILLS TO BE KEPT BY EACH HOUSE.

96.—It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of each House to keep a Senate and Assembly book of enrolled bills in which shall be accurately minuted the exact time at which each bill or resolution (indicating it by its number) was presented to the presiding officer of each House for signature, and to the Governor for his approval. Such book shall always be open for inspection, and shall be deposited with the Secretary of State, to be preserved by him, at the close of the session. The books shall be substantially in the following form:

SENATE BILLS PRESENTED FOR SIGNATURE AND APPROVAL.

No. of BILL.	PRESENTED TO PRESIDENT.		PRESENTED TO SPEAKER.		PRESENTED TO GOVERNOR.	
	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.
No. 1, S.	Feb. 11.	9 A. M.	Feb. 15.	10 A. M.	Feb. 15.	2 P. M.

And a like book for bills originating in the Assembly shall be kept by the Chief Clerk thereof.

OF CLAIMS.

ACCOUNTS TO BE VERIFIED.

97.—No account presented shall be acted upon, unless verified by affidavit of the person in whose favor the same may be.

ALL PAPERS CLAIMING MONEY TO BE PRESERVED.

98.—All petitions, claims, bills, accounts, or demands asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred; and such committee shall endorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account of demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same and if in favor of allowing a part thereof, only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every one of them shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk of the House to which the same was first presented, to be filed with such clerk, and delivered, at the close of the session, to the Secretary of State.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

99.—In Joint Committees, standing or select, the chairman of the Senate Committee shall be chairman of the Joint Committee.

JOINT CONVENTION.

100.—Whenever there shall be a Joint Convention of the two Houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length upon the Journal of each House. The Lieutenant Governor or President of the Senate shall preside over such Joint Convention, and the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act as Clerk thereof, assisted by the Chief Clerk of the Senate; *provided*, that the Lieutenant Governor shall not act in said convention except as the presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give the casting vote.

101.—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall be the standard in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules.

ADJOURNMENT.

102.—Neither House shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Chapter VIII, W. S., 1898.

SECTION 90. Senators in Congress shall hereafter be elected as provided by the statutes of the United States. The meeting of the Senate and Assembly in joint convention shall be held in the hall of the Assembly. Each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll, and such vote shall be entered upon the journal of the convention. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly shall cause a statement in duplicate of the result of such election to be made under their hands, certifying who has been chosen such Senator; one of which statements they shall deliver to the Governor, to be filed and recorded in the executive office, and the other they shall deliver to the Secretary of State, who shall file and record the same in his office. In case the President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to execute and deliver such statement, the Chief Clerk of the Senate or of the Assembly, respectively, shall make and deliver, as aforesaid, such statement in duplicate, setting forth the whole number of votes given on the final ballot and the number thereof received by each person then voted for.

SECTION 91. Immediately thereafter, the Governor shall certify the election of such Senator under the Great Seal to the President of the Senate of the United States, and the Secretary of State shall countersign such certificate.

Sec. 1, Ch. 131, Laws of 1899.

SECTION 1. In any legislative caucus for the nomination of a candidate for United States senator, each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll and such votes shall be entered upon the minutes of the caucus. The person receiving the number of votes required by the usages of the party holding the caucus shall be declared the nominee of such party.

STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF SENATORS.

(Title II, Chapter 1, Rev. Stat. U. S.)

SECTION 14. The Legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

SECTION 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each House shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House, shall be entered on the journal of that House by the Clerk or Secretary thereof; or if either House fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each House, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed

to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for Senator; and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote until a Senator is elected.

SECTION 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy exists in the representation of such State in the Senate, the Legislature shall proceed on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.

SECTION 17. Whenever, during the session of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy occurs in the representation of such State in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the Legislature is organized and has had notice of such vacancy.

SECTION 18. It shall be the duty of the Executive of the State from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the Secretary of State of the state.

PART II.

**CENSUS STATISTICS RELATING TO
POPULATION,
AGRICULTURE,
MANUFACTURES.**

CENSUS STATISTICS RELATING TO POPULATION.

POPULATION: 1840 TO 1900.

Table 1.

CENSUS YEARS.	Population.	INCREASE.	
		Number.	Per cent.
1840.....	30,945		
1850.....	305,391	274,446	886.9
1860.....	775,881	470,490	154.1
1870.....	1,054,670	278,789	85.9
1880.....	1,315,497	260,827	24.7
1890.....	1,685,880	371,383	22.2
1900.....	2,069,042	382,162	22.7

AREA IN SQUARE MILES OF EACH OF THE 71 COUNTIES IN THE STATE,
ALSO TOTAL AREA OF THE STATE. WISCONSIN, 54,450 SQUARE MILES.

Table 2.

Counties.	Square miles.	Counties.	Square miles.	Counties.	Square miles.
Adams.....	692	Iowa.....	763	Price.....	1,211
Ashland.....	339	Iron.....	786	Racine.....	323
Barron.....	575	Jackson.....	978	Richland.....	576
Bayfield.....	1,497	Jefferson.....	548	Rock.....	706
Brown.....	518	Juno.....	790	St. Croix.....	711
Buffalo.....	662	Kenosha.....	274	Sauk.....	820
Burnett.....	831	Kewaunee.....	317	Sawyer.....	1,342
Calumet.....	317	La Crosse.....	475	Shawano.....	1,135
Chippewa.....	1,938	Lafayette.....	634	Sheboygan.....	510
Clark.....	1,260	Langlade.....	855	Taylor.....	965
Columbia.....	776	Lincoln.....	835	Trempealeau.....	734
Crawford.....	557	Manitowoc.....	560	Vernon.....	792
Dane.....	1,183	Marathon.....	1,532	Vilas.....	507
Dodge.....	884	Marinette.....	1,396	Walworth.....	562
Door.....	454	Marquette.....	451	Washburn.....	834
Douglas.....	1,319	Milwaukee.....	228	Washington.....	423
Dunn.....	844	Monroe.....	915	Waushara.....	562
Eau Claire.....	620	Oconto.....	1,080	Waupaca.....	749
Florence.....	498	Oneida.....	900	Waushara.....	679
Fond du Lac.....	720	Outagamie.....	681	Winnebago.....	472
Forest.....	1,424	Ozaukee.....	226	Wood.....	785
Gates.....	576	Popin.....	298		
Grant.....	1,157	Pierce.....	543	Total for state...	54,450
Green.....	576	Polk.....	933		
Green Lake.....	364	Portage.....	800	Ave. each county	778

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY COUNTIES.

From 1840 to 1900, Inclusive.

Table 3.

Counties.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Adams		187	6,492	6,601	6,741	6,889	9,141
Ashland ¹			515	221	1,559	20,063	20,176
Barron ²			13	538	7,024	15,416	23,677
Bayfield ³		489	353	344	564	7,390	14,392
Brown	2,107	6,215	11,795	25,168	34,078	39,164	46,359
Buffalo			3,864	11,123	15,528	15,997	16,765
Burnett ⁴			12	706	3,140	4,393	7,478
Calumet	275	1,743	7,895	12,335	16,632	16,639	17,078
Chippewa ⁵		615	1,895	8,311	15,491	25,143	33,037
Clark			789	3,450	10,715	17,708	25,848
Columbia		9,565	24,441	28,802	28,065	28,350	31,121
Crawford	1,502	2,498	8,068	13,075	15,644	15,987	17,286
Dane	314	16,639	43,922	53,096	53,233	59,578	69,435
Dodge	67	19,138	42,818	47,035	45,931	44,934	46,631
Door			2,948	4,919	11,645	15,632	17,583
Douglas			812	1,122	655	13,468	36,335
Dunn			2,704	9,488	16,817	22,664	25,043
Eau Claire			3,162	10,769	19,993	30,673	31,692
Florence ⁶						2,604	3,197
Fond du Lac	139	14,510	34,154	46,273	46,859	44,088	47,589
Forest ⁷						1,012	1,396
Grant	3,926	16,169	31,189	37,979	37,852	36,651	38,881
Green	933	8,566	19,808	23,611	21,729	22,732	22,719
Green Lake			12,663	13,195	14,483	15,163	15,797
Iowa	3,978	9,525	18,967	24,544	23,628	22,117	23,114
Iron ⁸							6,616
Jackson			4,170	7,687	13,285	15,797	17,466
Jefferson	914	15,317	30,438	34,040	32,156	33,530	34,789
Juneau			8,770	12,372	15,582	17,121	20,629
Kenosha		10,734	13,900	13,147	13,550	15,581	21,707
Kewaunee			5,530	10,128	15,807	16,153	17,212
La Crosse			12,186	20,297	27,073	38,801	42,597
Lafayette		11,531	18,134	22,659	21,279	20,265	20,959
Langlade ⁹					685	9,465	12,553
Lincoln ¹⁰					2,011	12,008	16,269

¹Parts taken to form part of Sawyer in 1883 and part of Iron in 1893.

²Name changed from Dallas in 1869.

³Name changed from La Pointe in 1866.

⁴Part of Burnett taken to form Washburn in 1883.

⁵Part taken to form part of Sawyer in 1883.

⁶Organized from parts of Marinette and Oconto in 1882.

⁷Organized from parts of Langlade and Oconto in 1885; part annexed to Oneida since 1890.

⁸Organized from parts of Ashland and Oneida in 1893.

⁹Name changed from New in 1880; part taken to form part of Forest in 1885, and part of Lincoln annexed between 1880 and 1890.

¹⁰Part taken to form Oneida in 1885, and part annexed to Langlade between 1880 and 1890.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN BY COUNTIES.

From 1840 to 1900, Inclusive.

Table 3—Continued.

Counties.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Manitowoc	235	3,702	22,416	33,364	37,505	37,831	42,261
Marathon		508	2,892	5,885	17,121	30,369	43,256
Marinette ¹					8,929	20,304	30,822
Marquette	18	8,641	8,233	8,056	8,908	9,676	10,509
Milwaukee	5,605	31,011	62,518	89,930	138,537	236,101	330,017
Monroe			8,410	16,550	21,607	23,211	28,103
Oconto ²			3,592	8,321	9,848	15,009	20,874
Oneida ³						5,010	8,875
Outagamie			9,587	18,430	23,716	38,690	46,247
Ozaukee			15,682	15,564	15,461	14,943	16,363
Pepin			2,392	4,659	6,226	6,932	7,905
Pierce			4,672	9,958	17,744	20,385	23,943
Polk			1,400	3,422	10,018	12,968	17,801
Portage	1,623	1,250	7,507	10,634	17,731	24,798	29,483
Price					785	6,258	9,106
Racine	3,475	14,973	21,360	26,740	30,922	36,268	45,644
Richland		903	9,732	15,731	18,174	19,121	19,483
Rock	1,701	20,750	36,690	39,030	38,823	43,220	51,203
St. Croix	809	624	5,392	11,035	18,956	23,139	26,830
Sauk	102	4,371	18,963	23,860	28,729	30,575	33,006
Sawyer ⁴						1,977	3,593
Shawano ⁵			829	3,166	10,371	19,236	27,475
Sheboygan	133	8,379	26,875	31,749	34,206	42,489	50,345
Taylor					2,311	6,731	11,262
Trempealeau			2,560	10,732	17,189	18,920	23,114
Vernon ⁶			11,007	18,645	23,235	25,111	28,351
Vilas ⁷							4,929
Walworth	2,611	17,862	26,496	25,972	26,249	27,860	29,259
Washburn ⁸						2,926	5,521
Washington	343	19,485	23,622	23,919	23,442	22,751	23,589
Waukesha		19,558	26,831	28,274	28,957	33,270	35,229
Waupaca			8,851	15,589	20,955	26,794	31,615
Waushara			8,770	11,279	12,687	13,507	15,972
Winnebago	135	10,167	23,770	37,279	42,740	50,097	58,225
Wood			2,425	3,912	8,981	18,127	25,865
Total	30,945	305,391	775,881	1,054,670	1,315,497	1,686,880	2,069,042

¹Part taken to form part of Florence in 1882.²Parts taken to form part of Florence in 1882 and parts of Forest in 1885.³Organized from part of Lincoln in 1885; parts taken to form Vilas and part of Iron in 1893; part of Forest annexed since 1890.⁴Organized from parts of Ashland and Chippewa in 1883.⁵Name changed from Shawanaw in 1864.⁶Name changed from Bad Ax in 1862.⁷Organized from part of Oneida in 1893.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
ADAMS COUNTY—					
Adams town	488	588	516	+ 100	+ 20.49
Big Flats town	322	550	257	+ 228	+ 70.80
Colburn town ¹		392	267		
Dell Prairie town	448	581	516	+ 133	+ 29.68
Easton town	376	487	401	+ 111	+ 29.52
Jackson town	504	589	556	+ 85	+ 16.86
Leola town ¹	240	384	255	+ 144	+ 60.00
Lincoln town	440	479	472	+ 39	+ 8.86
Monroe town	462	595	452	+ 139	+ 28.00
New Chester town	344	397	382	+ 53	+ 15.40
New Haven town	746	693	714	— 53	— 7.10
Preston town	209	377	217	+ 168	+ 80.38
Quincy town	393	432	384	+ 39	+ 9.92
Richfield town ¹	335	417	337	+ 82	+ 24.47
Rome town	238	654	351	+ 416	+ 174.79
Springville town	474	568	500	+ 94	+ 19.83
Strong's Prairie town	870	958	955	+ 88	+ 10.11
Total	6,889	9,141	7,532	+ 2,252	+ 32.69
ASHLAND COUNTY²—					
Ashland city	9,956	13,074	12,310	+ 1,318	+ 31.31
ward 1	1,445	1,262	2,588		
ward 2	1,714	1,681	2,218		
ward 3	1,772	1,503	1,882		
ward 4	2,301	928	2,272		
ward 5	2,721	1,254	2,528		
ward 6		1,435	1,352		
ward 7		1,397			
ward 8		1,569			
ward 9		1,171			
ward 10		834			
Ashland town ⁴	1,507	709		— 798	— 52.95
Butternut town	1,210	1,680		+ 470	+ 38.84
Gordon town ⁵		231			
Jacobs town ⁶	1,277	1,270		— 7	— .50
La Pointe town ⁴		292			
Morse town ⁷		1,023			
Sanborn town ⁴		1,270			
La Pointe Indian Reservation		627			
Total	20,063	20,176	17,241	+ 113	+ .56

¹Colburn town was organized from parts of Leola and Richfield towns since 1890; the population of Leola and Richfield towns in 1890 was 575, and in 1900, including Colburn town, 1,193, an increase of 618, or 107.65 per cent.

²Knight and Vaughn towns taken to form part of Iron county in 1893.

³Includes population (6,113) of Knight and Vaughn towns.

⁴La Pointe and Sanborn towns organized from parts of Ashland town since 1890. Population of Ashland town in 1890 was 1,507, and for Ashland, La Pointe and Sanborn towns in 1900, 2,271, an increase of 764, or 50.6 per cent.

⁵Organized from part of Morse town since 1890.

⁶Part taken to form part of Morse town since 1890.

⁷Organized from parts of Jacobs town since 1890; part subsequently taken to form Gordon town. Gordon town, 231; Jacobs town, 1,270; Morse town, 1,023; total, 2,524 in 1900. Jacobs town in 1890, 1,277; increase of 1,247, or 97.6 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
BARRON COUNTY—					
Almena town ¹		713			
Barron city	329	1,493	1,204	+ 664	+ 80.09
Barron town	400	864	509	+ 464	+116.00
Cameron village ²		394	295		
Cedar Lake town	531	707	650	+ 176	+ 33.14
Chetek city ³	406	531	487	+ 125	+ 30.78
Chetek town ⁴	51,322	692	614	— 630	— 47.65
Clinton town	479	1,269	881	+ 790	+164.92
Cumberland city	1,219	1,328	1,426	+ 109	+ 8.94
Cumberland town	1,546	2,259	1,840	+ 713	+ 46.11
Dallas town	1,033	1,279	1,133	+ 246	+ 23.81
Dover town ⁵		941	716		
Maple Grove town	976	1,512	1,233	+ 536	+ 54.91
Oak Grove town	608	1,088	704	+ 480	+ 78.94
Prairie Farm town	1,047	1,428	1,212	+ 381	+ 36.39
Rice Lake city	2,130	3,002	3,162	+ 872	+ 40.93
ward 1	576	711	676		
ward 2	531	611	802		
ward 3	351	680	619		
ward 4	672	1,000	1,065		
Rice Lake town ⁷		685			
Stanford town ⁷	589	659	972	+ 70	+ 11.88
Stanley town ⁸	743	733	601	— 10	— 1.33
Summer town	365	508	492	+ 143	+ 39.19
Turtle Lake town ⁹	874	695	506	— 179	— 20.48
Turtle Lake village ¹⁰		326			
Vance Creek town	314	566	359	+ 252	+ 80.25
Total	15,416	23,677	20,122	+ 8,261	+ 53.66
BAYFIELD COUNTY—					
Bayfield town ¹¹	527	570	1,244	+ 43	+ 8.15
Bayfield village	1,373	1,689	1,368	+ 316	+ 23.01
Drummond town ¹¹	696	790	812	+ 94	+ 13.50
Iron river town ¹²		2,439	2,624		
Mason town ¹³	1,095	1,210	740	+ 115	+ 10.50
Pratt town ¹⁴		482			
Washburn town ¹¹	3,699	6,814	5,807	+ 3,115	+ 84.21
Red Cliff Indian Reservation		398			
Total	7,390	14,392	12,595	+ 7,002	+ 94.75

¹Organized from part of Turtle Lake town since 1890.²Organized from part of Stanley town since 1890.³Formerly in Chetek town, incorporated since 1890.⁴Included in Chetek village in 1890; part taken to form Dover town since 1890.⁵Exclusive of population of Chetek village.⁶Organized from part of Chetek town since 1890. In 1900 Chetek city had 531, Chetek town 692, Dover town 941, total 2,164; in 1890 Chetek village had 406, Chetek town 1,322, total 1,728; increase 436 or 25.2 per cent.⁷Rice Lake town organized from part of Stanford town since 1890; in 1900 Rice Lake town had 685, Stanford town 659, total 1,344; in 1890 Stanford town had 583; increase 755 or 128.1 per cent.⁸Part taken to form Cameron village since 1890; in 1900 Cameron village had 394, Stanley town 733, total 1,127; in 1890 Stanley town had 743; increase 384 or 53.3 per cent.⁹Part taken to form Almena town since 1890.¹⁰Organized from part of Almena town since 1890. In 1900 Almena town, Turtle Lake town and Turtle Lake village was respectively 713, 695, 326; total 1,734; in 1890 Turtle Lake town had 874; increase 858 or 98.3 per cent.¹¹Part taken to form Iron River town since 1890.¹²Organized from parts of Bayfield, Drummond, Mason and Washburn towns since 1890.¹³Parts taken to form Pratt and Iron River towns since 1890.¹⁴Organized from parts of Mason town since 1890. In 1900 Bayfield town had 570, Drummond town 790, Iron River town 2,439, Mason 1,210, Pratt 482, Washburn 3,699, total, 6,017; increase 6,283 or 104.5 per cent.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
BROWN COUNTY—					
Allouez town	363	720	378	+ 357	+ 98.34
Ashvaubenon town	479	540	558	+ 61	+ 12.73
Bellevue town	833	864	869	+ 26	+ 3.10
Depere City	3,625	4,038	4,292	+ 413	+ 11.39
ward 1	1,023				
ward 2	987				
ward 3	1,142				
ward 4	881				
Depere town	969	893	1,013		
Eaton	1,102	1,154	1,249		
Glenmore	1,441	1,421	1,539		
Green Bay City ¹	9,063	13,634	13,290	+ 9,615	+106.02
ward 1	2,995				
ward 2	2,062				
ward 3	1,509				
ward 4	2,753				
ward 5	2,587				
ward 6	2,653				
ward 7	1,679				
ward 8	2,436				
Green Bay town	1,008	920	971	— 83	— 8.73
Holland town	1,249	1,257	1,326	+ 8	+ .64
Howard town	1,261	1,509	1,502	+ 248	+ 19.66
Humboldt town	1,068	1,043	1,102	+ 25	+ 2.34
Lawrence town	949	1,048	1,044	+ 99	+ 10.43
Morrison town	1,449	1,493	1,520	+ 44	+ 3.03
New Denmark town	1,553	1,474	1,568	+ 79	+ 5.08
Pittsfield town	941	1,411	1,374	+ 470	+ 49.94
Preble town	1,160	1,957	1,536	+ 797	+ 68.76
Rockland town	800	838	833	+ 38	+ 4.75
Scott town	1,288	1,177	1,293	+ 111	+ 8.61
Suamico town	906	1,228	1,099	+ 322	+ 35.54
Wrightstown town ²	*1,693	1,575	3,267	+ 118	+ 6.97
Wrightstown village ²	476	420		— 56	— 11.76
Oneida Indian Reservation (part of)	723	695		— 28	— 3.87
Total for Oneida Indian Reser- vation, in Brown and Outa- gamie counties	1,646	1,704		+ 58	+ 3.52
Total	*39,164	46,359	45,623	+ 7,195	+ 18.37
BUFFALO COUNTY—					
Alma city	1,428	1,201	1,529	— 227	— 15.89
Alma town	710	655	709	— 55	— 7.74
Belvidere town	750	749	749	— 1	— .13
Buffalo city	223	254	291	+ 31	+ 13.89
Buffalo town	647	694	691	+ 47	+ 7.26
Canton town	744	789	763	+ 45	+ 6.04
Cross town	671	621	652	+ 50	+ 7.45
Dover town	757	861	798	+ 104	+ 13.73
Fountain City	972	1,031	1,065	+ 69	+ 6.07

¹Fort Howard city annexed since 1890.

²In 1900 Wrightstown town had 1,575. Wrightstown village 420, total 1,995; in 1890 Wrightstown, excluding village, had 1,693, Wrightstown village 476; decrease 174 or 8 per cent.

*Exclusive of Wrightstown village.

⁴Includes population (4,754) of Howard city.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.		1895.	No.	Per ct.
BUFFALO COUNTY—Continued.					
Gilmanton town	599	829	723	+ 230	+ 38.39
Glencoe town	692	787	805	+ 95	+ 13.72
Lincoln town	556	589	568	+ 33	+ 5.92
Maxville town	602	666	653	+ 64	+ 10.63
Milton town	389	366	366	— 23	— 5.91
Modena town	828	872	892	+ 44	+ 5.31
Mondovi city	503	1,208	928	+ 705	+140.15
Mondovi town	587	622	644	+ 35	+ 5.96
Montana town	840	767	803	— 73	— 8.69
Naples town	727	886	806	+ 159	+ 21.87
Nelson town	1,919	1,505	1,582	+ 414	+ 21.57
Waumandee town	853	813	912	+ 40	+ 4.68
Total	15,997	16,765	16,931	+ 768	+ 4.79
BURNETT COUNTY—					
Grantsburg town	1,447	1,688	1,713	+ 241	+ 16.65
Grantsburg village	410	612	618	+ 202	+ 49.26
Marshland town ¹	678	708	1,148	+ 30	+ 4.42
Meenon town ¹ .....	.....	1,252	.....	.....	.....
Rusk town	222	630	487	+ 398	+171.55
Trade Lake town	825	1,174	1,091	+ 349	+ 42.30
Wood Lake town	801	1,414	985	+ 613	+ 76.52
Total	4,393	7,478	5,892	+ 3,085	+ 70.22
CALUMET COUNTY—					
Brillion town	1,510	1,563	1,661	+ 53	+ 3.51
Brillion village	582	855	874	+ 273	+ 46.89
Brotherstown town	1,629	1,539	1,630	+ 90	+ 5.52
Charlestown town	1,362	1,343	1,326	+ 19	+ 1.39
Chilton city	1,424	1,460	1,601	+ 36	+ 2.52
Chilton town	1,349	1,350	1,376	+ 1	+ .07
Harrison town	1,987	2,022	2,174	+ 35	+ 1.76
Hilbert village ² .....	.....	497	.....	.....	.....
New Holstein town	1,735	1,893	1,846	+ 158	+ 9.10
Rantoul town ³	1,686	1,299	1,758	+ 387	+ 22.95
Stockbridge town	1,948	1,942	2,023	+ 6	+ .31
Woodville town	1,427	1,315	1,475	+ 112	+ 7.84
Total	16,639	17,028	17,744	+ 439	+ 2.64
CHIPPEWA COUNTY—					
Anson town	533	697	634	+ 164	+ 30.76
Arthur town	622	924	618	+ 302	+ 48.55
Anuburn town	1,584	1,678	1,584	+ 94	+ 5.93
Big Bend town	820	1,854	1,117	+ 1,034	+126.09
Bloomer town ³	1,720	1,470	1,979	+ 250	+ 14.53
Bloomer village	631	811	669	+ 180	+ 28.52
Boyd village ⁴	545	674	738	+ 129	+ 23.67
Cadott village ⁵	889	840	838	+ 49	+ 5.51

¹Meenon town organized from part of Marshland town since 1890; in 1890 Marshland town had 678; in 1900 Marshland had 708 and Meenon 1,252, total 1,960; increase 1,282 or 189.1 per cent.

²Hilbert village organized from part of Rantoul town since 1890; in 1900 Hilbert village had 497 and Rantoul 1,299, total 1,796; in 1890 Rantoul had 1,686; increase 110 or 6.5 per cent.

³Parts taken to form Strickland and part of Sampson town since 1890.

⁴Formerly in Edson town, now independent.

⁵Cadott village formerly in Sigel town, now independent. In 1900 Sigel town had 911, Cadott village 840, total 1,751; in 1890 Cadott village had 889 and Sigel town 638; increase 164 or 10.3 per cent.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
CHIPPEWA COUNTY—Con.					
Chippewa Falls city	8,670	8,094	9,196	— 576	— 6.64
ward 1	929	1,065	1,157	.....	.....
ward 2	1,174	1,189	1,311	.....	.....
ward 3	1,398	1,068	1,440	.....	.....
ward 4	685	562	682	.....	.....
ward 5	920	994	1,042	.....	.....
ward 6	902	841	958	.....	.....
ward 7	647	619	694	.....	.....
ward 8	896	711	730	.....	.....
ward 9	683	620	727	.....	.....
ward 10	436	425	455	.....	.....
Cleveland town ¹	395	577	553	+ 182	+ 46.07
Colburn town ²	347	513	457	+ 66	+ 19.02
Dewey town ³ .....	.....	683	.....	.....	.....
Eagle Point town	1,282	1,398	1,296	+ 116	+ 9.04
Edson town ⁴	1,619	1,986	2,885	+ 367	+ 22.66
Flambeau town	289	763	417	+ 474	+ 164.01
Lafayette town	1,514	1,797	1,383	+ 283	+ 18.69
Lawrence town ⁵	272	793	412	+ 521	+ 191.54
Sampson town ⁶ .....	.....	626	.....	.....	.....
Sigel town ⁷	698	911	786	+ 213	+ 80.51
Stanley city ⁸ .....	.....	2,387	.....	.....	.....
ward 1 .....	.....	956	.....	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	707	.....	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	724	.....	.....	.....
Strickland town ⁹ .....	.....	288	.....	.....	.....
Tilden town	1,313	1,413	1,422	+ 100	+ 7.61
Wheaton town	1,400	1,860	1,743	+ 460	+ 32.86
Total	25,143	33,037	28,727	+ 7,894	+ 31.39
CLARK COUNTY—					
Abotsford village ⁹ .....	.....	443	.....	.....	.....
Beaver town	355	622	.....	+ 267	+ 75.21
Colby city (west ward) ¹⁰ .....	.....	454	.....	.....	.....
Total for Colby city in Clark and Marathon counties .....	.....	667	.....	.....	.....

¹ Part taken to form Sampson town since 1890. Organized from part of Bloomer and Cleveland towns since 1890. In 1900 Cleveland town had 577, Bloomer town had 1,470, Sampson town 626; in 1890 Cleveland 395, Bloomer town, 1,720, total 2,115; increase 558 or 26.3 per cent.

² Dewey town organized from parts of Colburn and Lawrence since 1890. In 1900 Dewey town had 683, Colburn 513, and Lawrence 793, total 1,989; in 1890 Colburn town had 347, Lawrence 272, total 619; increase 1,370 or 221.3 per cent.

³ Included in Boyd village in 1890; part taken to form Stanley city since 1890.

⁴ Exclusive of Boyd village, in 1900 Boyd village had 674, Edson town 1,986, Stanley city 2,387, total 5,047; in 1890 Boyd village had 845, Edson town 1,619, total 2,464; increase 2,833 or 123.2 per cent.

⁵ Organized from parts of Bloomer and Cleveland towns since 1890. In 1890 Bloomer town 1,720; Cleveland 395, total 2,115; in 1900 Bloomer 1,470, Cleveland 577, Sampson town 626, Strickland 288, total 2,961; increase 846 or 4 per cent.

⁶ Exclusive of population of Cadott village.

⁷ Organized from part of Edson town since 1890. In 1890 Edson town had 1,619; in 1900 Edson had 1,986, Stanley city 2,387, total 4,393; increase 2,754 or 170 per cent.

⁸ Organized from parts of Bloomer town since 1890. In 1890 Bloomer town had 1,720; in 1900 Bloomer had 1,470, Strickland town 288; increase 38 or 2.2 per cent.

⁹ Organized from parts of Colby and Mayville towns since 1890.

¹⁰ Organized from parts of Colby town since 1890.

¹¹ Cadott village was formerly in Sigel town, now independent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
CLARK COUNTY—Continued.					
Colby town ¹	1,106	754	748	— 352	— 31.82
Eaton town ²	707	602	479	— 105	— 14.85
Fremont town	411	762	497	+ 351	+ 85.40
Grant town	1,143	1,277	1,212	+ 134	+ 11.72
Green Grove town	242	354	319	+ 112	+ 46.24
Greenwood city ³		708	559		
Hewett town	151	292	223	+ 141	+ 93.37
Hixon town ⁴	578	831	874	+ 253	+ 43.77
Hoard town	310	525	372	+ 215	+ 69.35
Levis town	329	746	481	+ 417	+126.75
Longwood town ⁵		422			
Loyal town ⁶	979	995	937	+ 16	+ 1.63
Loyal village ⁷		645	413		
Lynn town	453	711	513	+ 258	+ 56.95
Mayville town ⁸	1,450	1,581	1,398	+ 131	+ 9.03
Mead town ⁹		103			
Mentor town	634	1,009	842	+ 325	+ 47.51
Nellsville city	1,936	2,104	2,206	+ 168	+ 8.67
ward 1	607	671	796		
ward 2	735	642	679		
ward 3	594	791	731		
Pine Valley town	836	1,130	1,032	+ 244	+ 27.54
Reseburg town ¹⁰		615	489		
Sherman town	470	615	533	+ 145	+ 30.85
Sherwood Forest town		155	182	+ 76	+ 49.03
Thorp town ¹¹	704	856	635	+ 152	+ 21.53
Thorp village ¹²	723	833	829	+ 115	+ 15.90
Unity town	722	855	734	+ 133	+ 18.42
Warner town	591	617	635	+ 26	+ 4.39
Washburn town	200	522	315	+ 322	+161.00
Weston town	863	1,000	839	+ 137	+ 15.87
Withee town ¹³	724	1,004	628	+ 280	+ 38.67
Worden town ¹⁴		645	415		
York town	836	980	927	+ 144	+ 17.22
Total	17,708	25,848	21,342	+ 8,140	+ 45.96

¹Part taken to form Colby city and part of Abbotsford village since 1890.²Part taken to form part of Abbotsford village since 1890. In 1890 Colby town had 1,106, Mayville town 1,450, total 2,556; in 1900 Abbotsford village had 443, Colby city "westward" 454, Colby town 754, Mayville town 1,581, total 3,232; increase 676 or 26.4 per cent.³Part taken to form Greenwood city since 1890.⁴Organized from parts of Eaton and Warner towns since 1890.⁵Organized from part of Warner town since 1890. In 1890 Eaton town had 707, Warner town 591, total 1,298. In 1900 Eaton town had 602, Greenwood city 703, Mead town 103, Warner town 617, total 2,030; increase 732 or 56.4 per cent.⁶Longwood and Reseburg towns organized from parts of Hixon town since 1890. In 1890 Hixon town had 578; in 1900 Hixon town had 831, Longwood town 422, Reseburg town 615, total 1,868; increase 1,290 or 223.1 per cent.⁷Loyal village organized from part of Loyal town since 1890. In 1890 Loyal town had 979; in 1900 including Loyal village 1,640; increase 661 or 67.5 per cent.⁸Included part of Thorp village in 1890. Part taken to form Worden town since 1890.⁹Exclusive of population of Thorp village.¹⁰Formerly in Thorp and Withee towns; now independent.¹¹Included part of Thorp village in 1890.¹²Organized from part of Thorp town since 1890. In 1890 Thorp town had 704, Thorp village 723, and Withee town 724; in 1900 Thorp town had 856, Thorp village 833, Withee town 1,004, and Worden town 645; an increase of 1,192 or 55.4 per cent.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
COLUMBIA COUNTY—					
Arlington town	828	794	843	— 34	— 4.10
Caledonia town	1,336	1,188	1,318	— 148	— 11.08
Cambria village ¹	524	561	570	+ 37	+ 70.61
Columbus city	1,977	2,349	2,287	+ 372	+ 18.81
ward 1		875	811		
ward 2		700	671		
ward 3		774	805		
Columbus town	800	744	798	— 56	— 7.00
Courtland town ²	815	820	875	+ 5	+ .61
Dekorra town ³	869	908	873	+ 39	+ 4.48
Fort Winnbago town	646	655	645	+ 9	+ 1.39
Fountain Prairie town	1,315	1,409	1,366	+ 94	+ 7.14
Hampden town	861	887	923	+ 26	+ 3.02
Kilbourn City village ⁴	961	1,134	1,207	+ 173	+ 18.00
Leedstown	1,171	1,214	1,217	+ 43	+ 3.67
Lewiston town	936	901	954	— 35	— 3.73
Lodi town ⁵	639	750	743	+ 111	+ 17.37
Lodi village ⁶	736	1,068	975	+ 332	+ 45.10
Lowville town	733	784	821	+ 51	+ 6.95
Marcellon town	845	882	853	+ 37	+ 4.37
Newport town ⁷	887	955	944	+ 98	+ 20.12
Otsego town	1,127	1,226	1,266	+ 99	+ 8.78
Pacific town	255	289	272	+ 34	+ 13.33
Pardeeville village ⁸		788	574		
Portage city	5,143	5,459	5,419	+ 316	+ 6.14
ward 1		658	667		
ward 2		1,032	1,012		
ward 3		900	923		
ward 4		1,287	1,316		
ward 5		1,582	1,501		
Poynette village	517	633	593	+ 116	+ 22.43
Randolph town ⁹	880	951	912	+ 71	+ 8.07
Randolph village ⁵ (westward)	79	190	184	+ 111	+ 140.50
Total for Randolph village in Columbia and Dodge counties	405	738		+ 333	+ 82.22
Rio village	339	479	432	+ 140	+ 41.29
Scott town	824	811	882	— 13	— 1.57
Springdale town	703	751	718	+ 48	+ 6.82
West Point town	701	743	759	+ 42	+ 5.99
Wycocena town ¹²	1,303	1,158	1,118	— 145	— 11.12
Total	28,350	31,121	30,868	+ 2,771	+ 9.77

¹Formerly in Courtland and Randolph towns, now independent.

²Included part of Cambria village in 1890; part annexed to Randolph village since 1890.

³Exclusive of population of Cambria village.

⁴Included part of Cambria village in 1890.

⁵Part of Courtland town annexed since 1890. In 1890 Cambria village had 524, Courtland 815, Randolph 880 and Randolph village "westward" 79, total, 2,298; in 1900 Cambria village had 561, Courtland 820, Randolph 951, Randolph village "westward" 190, total 2,522; increase 224 or 9.7 per cent.

⁶Poynette village, formerly in Dekorra town, now independent.

⁷Exclusive of population of Poynette village. In 1890 Dekorra had 869, Poynette village 517, total 1,386; in 1900 Dekorra 908, Poynette 633, total, 1,541; increase 155 or 11.2 per cent.

⁸Kilbourn City village, formerly in Newport town, now independent.

⁹Exclusive of population of Kilbourn City village. In 1890 Kilbourn City village had 961, Newport town 487, total 1,448; in 1900 Kilbourn City village had 1,134, Newport town 535, total 1,719; increase 271 or 18.7 per cent.

¹⁰Lodi village, formerly in Lodi town, now independent.

¹¹Exclusive of population of Lodi village. In 1890 Lodi town had 639, Lodi village 736, total 1,375; in 1900 Lodi town 750, Lodi village 1,068, total 1,818; increase 443 or 32.2 per cent.

¹²Pardeeville village organized from part of Wycocena town since 1890. In 1900 Pardeeville village 783, Wycocena town 1,158, total 1,946; in 1890 Wycocena 1,303; increase 643 or 49.3 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1935.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census. 1895.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.		No.	Per ct.
CRAWFORD COUNTY—					
Bridgeport town	410	357	397	-	53 - 12.92
Clayton town ¹	2,050	2,080	1,968	+	30 + 1.46
De Soto village (part of) ²	79	87	111	+	8 + 10.12
Total for De Soto village in Crawford and Vernon counties	355	387	.....	+	32 + 9.01
Eastman town	1,436	1,471	1,483	+	35 + 2.43
Freeman town ³	1,417	1,533	1,647	+	116 + 8.19
Haney town	738	868	924	+	130 + 17.61
Lynxville village	243	322	310	-	79 - 32.51
Marietta town	1,300	1,262	1,285	-	38 - 2.92
Prairie du Chien city	3,131	3,232	3,286	+	101 + 3.22
ward 1	629	626	695	.....	.....
ward 2	1,131	1,049	1,085	.....	.....
ward 3	1,063	1,211	1,146	.....	.....
ward 4	308	346	360	.....	.....
Prairie du Chien town	602	595	592	-	7 - 1.12
Scott town	1,079	1,004	1,077	-	75 - 6.95
Seneca town	1,197	1,200	1,158	+	3 + .25
Soldiers Grove village ⁴ .....	.....	680	450	.....	.....
Utica town	1,389	1,548	1,497	+	159 + 11.44
Wauzeka town ⁵	916	576	607	-	340 - 37.11
Wauzeka village ⁶ .....	.....	471	411	.....	.....
Total	15,987	17,286	17,203	+	1,299 + 8.12
DANE COUNTY—					
Albion town	1,516	1,590	1,588	+	74 + 4.88
Belleville village ⁷	319	385	409	+	66 + 20.68
Berry town	1,003	934	1,012	+	69 + 6.87
Black Earth town	742	796	809	+	54 + 7.27
Blooming Grove town	999	1,119	1,067	+	120 + 12.01
Blue Mounds town ⁸	1,449	1,048	1,069	+	401 - 27.67
Bristol town	1,093	1,268	1,193	+	175 + 16.01
Burke town	1,129	1,230	1,247	+	101 + 8.94
Christiana town	2,379	2,401	2,380	+	22 + .92
Cottage Grove town	1,305	1,307	1,319	+	2 + .15
Cross Plains town	1,103	1,206	1,171	+	103 + 9.33
Dane town ⁹	1,161	933	976	-	228 - 19.63
Dane village ⁹ .....	.....	230	274	.....	.....
Deerfield town ¹⁰	1,235	1,104	1,200	-	131 - 10.60
Deerfield village ¹⁰	338	515	519	+	177 + 52.36

¹Soldiers Grove village, formerly Clayton town, now independent.

²Includes population of Soldiers Grove village, not separately returned in 1890. In 1900 Clayton town had 2,080. Soldiers Grove village 680, total 2,760; in 1890 Clayton town had 2,050; increase 710 or 34.63 per cent.

³De Soto village, formerly in Freeman town, now independent.

⁴Exclusive of population of De Soto village. In 1890 De Soto village (part of) had 79, Freeman town 1,417; total 1,496; in 1900 De Soto village had 87, Freeman town 1,533, total 1,620; increase 124 or 8.28 per cent.

⁵Wauzeka village organized from part of Wauzeka town since 1890. In 1900 Wauzeka town had 576, Wauzeka village 471, total 1,047; in 1890 Wauzeka town had 916; increase 131 or 14.3 per cent.

⁶Belleville village, formerly in Montrose town, now independent.

⁷Exclusive of population of Belleville village. In 1890 Belleville village had 319, Montrose town 932, total 1,251; in 1900 Belleville village 385, Montrose town 997, total 1,382; increase 131 or 10.47 per cent.

⁸Mt. Horeb village organized from part of Blue Mounds town since 1890. In 1900 Blue Mounds town 1,048, Mt. Horeb village 864, total 1,912; in 1890 Blue Mounds town 1,449; increase 463 or 31.9 per cent.

⁹Dane village organized from Dane town since 1890. In 1900 Dane town had 933, Dane village 230; in 1890 Dane town had 1,161; increase 52 or 4.47 per cent.

¹⁰Deerfield village, formerly in Deerfield town, now independent.

¹¹Exclusive of population of Deerfield village; 1890 Deerfield town had 1,235, Deerfield village 338, total 1,273; in 1900 Deerfield town 1,104, Deerfield village 515, total 1,619; increase 46 or 2.9 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
DANE COUNTY—Continued.					
Dunkirk town	1,406	1,536	1,574	+ 130	+ 9.24
Dunn town	1,113	1,155	1,167	+ 42	+ 3.77
Fitchburg town	958	1,004	1,046	+ 46	+ 4.80
Madison city	13,426	19,164	16,950	+ 5,738	+ 42.73
ward 1	2,845	1,855	3,125	.....	.....
ward 2	2,943	2,456	3,341	.....	.....
ward 3	1,512	1,588	1,757	.....	.....
ward 4	2,284	3,030	2,687	.....	.....
ward 5	2,164	3,401	3,003	.....	.....
ward 6	1,678	2,882	2,037	.....	.....
ward 7 .....	.....	1,819	.....	.....	.....
ward 8 .....	.....	2,133	.....	.....	.....
Madison town	919	1,567	1,251	+ 648	+ 70.51
Mazomanie town ¹	448	493	503	+ 45	+ 10.02
Mazomanie village ¹	1,034	902	1,015	- 132	- 12.76
Medina town	1,393	1,484	1,499	+ 91	+ 6.53
Middleton town	1,433	1,550	1,508	+ 117	+ 8.16
Montrose town ²	992	997	1,018	+ 65	+ 6.97
Mt. Horeb village ³ .....	.....	864	654	.....	.....
Oregon town ⁴	841	881	862	+ 40	+ 4.75
Oregon village ⁴	595	697	637	+ 102	+ 17.10
Perry town	996	1,050	997	+ 54	+ 5.42
Pleasant Springs town	1,501	1,453	1,510	- 48	- 3.19
Primrose town	889	817	902	- 72	- 8.09
Roxbury town	1,073	966	999	- 107	- 9.97
Rutland town	1,222	1,297	1,320	+ 75	+ 6.13
Springdale town	1,120	1,050	1,136	- 70	- 6.24
Springfield town	1,111	1,108	1,154	- 3	- .27
Stoughton city	2,470	3,431	2,936	+ 961	+ 38.90
ward 1 .....	.....	1,351	.....	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	2,080	.....	.....	.....
Sun Prairie town	912	1,039	995	+ 127	+ 13.92
Sun Prairie village	704	938	823	+ 234	+ 33.23
Vermont town	892	826	890	- 66	- 7.39
Verona town	1,225	1,335	1,251	+ 110	+ 8.98
Vienna town	1,009	1,048	1,155	+ 39	+ 3.86
Waunakee village ⁵	312	443	420	+ 131	+ 41.98
Westport town ⁶	1,581	1,472	1,543	- 109	- 6.89
Windsor town	1,329	1,809	1,757	+ 480	+ 36.11
York town	963	943	973	- 20	- 2.08
Total	59,578	69,435	65,669	+ 9,857	+ 16.54

¹Mazomanie village, formerly in Mazomanie town, now independent.

²Exclusive of population of Mazomanie village. In 1890 Mazomanie town had 448, Mazomanie village 1,034, total 1,482; in 1900 Mazomanie town had 493, Mazomanie village 902, total 1,395; decrease 87 or 5.87 per cent.

³Oregon village, formerly in Oregon town, now independent.

⁴Exclusive of population of Oregon village. In 1890 Oregon town had 841, Oregon village 595, total 1,436; in 1900 Oregon town had 881, Oregon village 697, total 1,578; increase 142 or 9.83 per cent.

⁵Waunakee village, formerly in Westport town, now independent.

⁶Exclusive of population of Waunakee village. In 1890 Waunakee village had 312, Westport town 1,581, total 1,893; in 1900 Waunakee village had 443, Westport town 1,472, total 1,915; increase 22 or 1.16 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
DODGE COUNTY—					
Ashpurn town	1,344	1,339	1,373	— 5	— .37
Beaver Dam city	4,222	5,128	5,042	+ 906	+ 21.45
ward 1		822	831		
ward 2		1,405	1,335		
ward 3		1,493	1,397		
ward 4		1,408	1,479		
Beaver Dam town	1,341	1,340	1,376	— 1	— .07
Burnett town	1,026	1,061	1,109	+ 35	+ 3.41
Calamus town	1,083	1,096	1,113	+ 13	+ 1.20
Chester town	736	707	737	+ 29	+ 3.94
Clyman town	1,293	1,236	1,219	— 57	— 4.40
Elba town	1,117	1,066	1,091	— 51	— 4.56
Emmet town	1,248	1,152	1,303	+ 96	+ 7.69
Fox Lake town ¹	802	741	830	+ 61	+ 7.60
Fox Lake village ¹	814	890	1,003	+ 76	+ 9.33
Herman town	1,473	1,394	1,439	+ 34	+ 5.68
Horicon city ²	1,354	1,276	1,513	+ 22	+ 1.62
Hubbard town	1,690	1,563	1,719	+ 127	+ 7.51
Hustisford town	1,639	1,603	1,665	+ 33	+ 2.01
Juneau city	701	891	793	+ 190	+ 27.10
Lebanon town	1,505	1,409	1,474	+ 36	+ 2.39
Leroy town	1,413	1,344	1,493	+ 69	+ 4.83
Lomira town	1,816	1,560	1,831	+ 256	+ 14.09
Lomira village ⁴		492			
Lowell town ⁵	1,859	1,713	1,811	+ 146	+ 7.85
Lowell village ⁵	304	333	331	+ 29	+ 9.54
Mayville city ⁷	1,165	1,815	1,539	+ 650	+ 55.79
ward 1		486			
ward 2		420			
ward 3		909			
Oak Grove town	1,599	1,554	1,718	+ 45	+ 2.81
Portland town	1,163	1,129	1,171	+ 34	+ 2.92
Randolph village (east ward)	326	543	454	+ 222	+ 68.69
(For total see Columbia Co.)					
Reeseville village ³	329	393	396	+ 64	+ 19.45
Rubicon town	1,520	1,449	1,472	+ 71	+ 4.66
Shields town	919	868	949	+ 51	+ 5.54
Theresa town ⁸	1,761	1,433	1,490	+ 328	+ 18.62
Theresa village ⁸		355	272		
Trenton town	1,472	1,429	1,562	+ 43	+ 2.92

¹Fox Lake village, formerly in Fox Lake town, now independent.

²Exclusive of population of Fox Lake village. In 1890 Fox Lake town had 802, Fox Lake village 814, total 1,616; in 1900 Fox Lake town had 741, Fox Lake village 890, total 1,631; increase 15 or .9 per cent.

³Incorporated as a city since 1890.

⁴Lomira village organized from part of Lomira town since 1890. In 1900 Lomira town had 1,560, Lomira village 492, total 2,052; in 1890 Lomira town had 1,816; increase 236 or 12.99 per cent.

⁵Lowell and Reeseville villages, formerly in Lowell town, now independent.

⁶Exclusive of population of Lowell and Reeseville villages. In 1890 Lowell town had 1,859, Lowell village 304, and Reeseville village 329, total 2,492; in 1900 Lowell town had 1,713, Lowell village 333, and Reeseville village 393, total 2,439; decrease 53 or 2.1 per cent.

⁷Part of Williamstown town annexed to Mayville city since 1890. In 1890 Mayville city had 1,165, Williamstown town 1,031, total 2,196; in 1900 Mayville city had 1,815, Williamstown town 1,015, total 2,830; increase 634 or 28.87 per cent.

⁸Theresa village organized from part of Theresa town since 1890. In 1900 Theresa town had 1,433, Theresa village 355, total 1,788; in 1890 Theresa town had 1,761; increase 27 or 1.53 per cent.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per ct.
DODGE COUNTY—Continued.					
Watertown city (wards 5 and 6)	2,249	2,170	2,471	— 79	— 3.51
Total for Watertown city, in Dodge and Jefferson counties.	8,755	8,437	.....	— 318	— 3.63
ward 1	2,352	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	1,430	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	929	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	538	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	902	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	1,268	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	1,008	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waupun city (south ward).....	1,695	2,067	2,011	+ 372	+ 21.94
Total for Waupun city, in Dodge and Fond du Lac counties.....	2,757	3,135	.....	+ 428	+ 15.16
North ward	1,118	.....	.....	.....	.....
South ward	2,067	.....	.....	.....	.....
Westford town	970	909	992	— 61	— 6.23
Williamstown town ¹	1,031	1,015	1,012	— 16	— 1.55
Total	44,984	46,631	47,851	+ 1,647	+ 3.66
DOOR COUNTY—					
Bailey Harbor town	603	645	695	+ 42	+ 6.96
Brussels town	1,085	1,287	1,200	+ 202	+ 18.61
Claybanks town	609	557	581	— 52	— 8.53
Egg Harbor town	821	832	949	+ 61	+ 7.43
Forestville town	1,361	1,364	1,352	+ 3	+ .22
Gardner town	805	785	823	— 20	— 2.45
Gibraltar town	934	1,185	1,158	+ 251	+ 26.87
Jacksonport town	817	913	955	+ 96	+ 11.75
Liberty Grove town	1,536	1,550	1,563	+ 14	+ .91
Nasevaupsee town	1,057	1,349	1,194	+ 292	+ 27.62
Sevastopol town	1,313	1,607	1,576	+ 294	+ 22.39
Sturgeon Bay city ¹	2,195	3,372	2,790	+ 1,167	+ 53.16
ward 1 .....	.....	1,299	.....	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	651	.....	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	721	.....	.....	.....
ward 4 .....	.....	701	.....	.....	.....
Sturgeon Bay town ¹	1,135	585	587	— 550	— 48.45
Union town	673	639	730	— 34	— 5.05
Washington town	738	863	812	+ 125	+ 16.95
Total	15,632	17,533	16,969	+ 1,901	+ 12.12
DOUGLAS COUNTY—					
Brule town	386	1,125	1,012	+ 739	+191.45
Gordon town	184	403	458	+ 219	+119.02
Nebagamain town	554	2,271	1,179	+ 1,717	+309.92
Superior city ²	11,983	31,091	26,168	+19,108	+159.45
ward 1	846	2,724	3,114	.....	.....
ward 2	1,453	2,043	1,785	.....	.....
ward 3	1,295	1,543	2,443	.....	.....
ward 4	4,486	6,859	2,153	.....	.....
ward 5	1,215	5,107	3,960	.....	.....

¹Part of Sturgeon Bay town annexed to Sturgeon Bay city since 1890. In 1890 Sturgeon Bay city had 2,195, Sturgeon Bay town, 1,135, total 3,330; in 1900 Sturgeon Bay city had 3,372, Sturgeon Bay town 585, total 3,957; increase 627 or 18.8 per cent.

²Part of Superior town annexed to Superior city since 1890. In 1890 Superior city had 11,983, Superior town 361, total 12,344; in 1900 Superior city had 31,091, Superior town 1,445, total 32,536; increase 20,192 or 163.57 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1935.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
DOUGLAS COUNTY—Continued.					
ward 6	993	2,488	1,675		
ward 7	1,695	4,621	3,713		
ward 8		1,495	1,701		
ward 9		3,150	2,624		
ward 10		1,061			
Superior town ²	361	1,445	1,169	+ 1,084	+300.23
Total	13,468	36,335	29,986	+22,866	+169.77
DUNN COUNTY—					
Colfax town	672	1,033	861	+ 411	+ 61.16
Dunn town	1,258	1,410	1,040	+ 152	+ 12.08
Eau Galle town	1,218	1,347	1,205	+ 129	+ 10.59
Elk Mound town	695	812	632	+ 117	+ 16.83
Grant town	542	667	641	+ 125	+ 23.06
Hay River town	456	501	439	+ 15	+ 3.09
Lucas town	705	855	853	+ 180	+ 25.53
Menomonie city	5,491	5,655	6,198	+ 164	+ 2.98
ward 1	1,417	1,314	1,358		
ward 2	1,176	1,148	1,493		
ward 3	1,013	1,187	1,112		
ward 4	1,835	2,006	2,235		
Menomonie town	1,633	1,849	1,859	+ 216	+ 13.22
New Haven town	521	620	493	+ 99	+ 19.00
Otter Creek town	342	337	300	+ 5	+ 1.46
Peru town	342	375	348	+ 33	+ 9.64
Red Cedar town	1,127	1,434	1,093	+ 357	+ 31.67
Rock Creek town	843	646	536	+ 197	+ 23.36
Sheridan town	620	609	544	+ 11	+ 1.77
Sherman town	423	569	543	+ 146	+ 34.51
Springbrook town	635	730	725	+ 145	+ 22.83
Stanton town	1,267	1,287	1,336	+ 20	+ 1.57
Tainter town	1,113	1,110	725	+ 3	+ .26
Tiffany town	442	479	432	+ 37	+ 8.37
Tipton town	1,118	1,219	705	+ 101	+ 9.03
Weston town	690	867	855	+ 177	+ 25.65
Wilson town	481	452	466	+ 29	+ 6.02
Total	22,664	25,043	25,006	+ 2,379	+ 10.49
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY—					
Altoona city	805	721	767	- 84	- 10.43
Augusta city	1,187	1,256	1,356	+ 69	+ 5.81
Bridge Creek town	1,122	1,230	1,155	+ 158	+ 14.08
Brunswick town	1,765	714	1,595	+ 51	+ 2.88
Clear Creek town	621	758	634	+ 137	+ 22.06
Drammen town	556	721	638	+ 165	+ 29.67
Eau Claire city	17,415	17,517	18,637	+ 102	+ .58
ward 1	3,078	1,581	3,391		
ward 2	1,604	1,595	1,776		
ward 3	1,975	1,869	2,130		
ward 4	1,035	988	1,040		
ward 5	1,538	1,422	1,627		
ward 6	3,893	1,938	4,213		
ward 7	2,123	2,019	2,236		
ward 8	2,164	2,103	2,224		
ward 9		2,156			
ward 10		1,346			

CENSUS STATISTICS.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1935.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1935.	No.	Per ct.
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY—Con.					
Fairchild town ¹	2570	658	616 +	112 +	19.65
Fairchild village ¹	645	947	781 +	302 +	46.82
Lincoln town	1,786	1,731	1,924 —	55 —	3.08
Ludington town	558	874	688 +	316 +	56.63
Otter Creek town	688	729	742 +	41 +	5.95
Pleasant Valley town	737	1,600	951 +	263 +	35.63
Seymour town	406	559	448 +	153 +	37.63
Union town	674	905	880 +	231 +	34.27
Washington town	1,138	1,322	1,310 +	184 +	16.16
Total	30,673	31,692	33,172	+ 1,019	+ 3.32
FLORENCE COUNTY—					
Commonwealth town ²	895	828	938 —	67 —	7.48
Florence town	1,709	1,824	1,551 +	115 +	6.72
Homestead town ³		545		361	.....
Total	2,604	3,197	2,850	+ 593	+ 22.77
FOND DU LAC COUNTY—					
Alto town	1,316	1,290	1,332 —	26 —	1.97
Ashford town	1,863	1,755	1,849 —	113 —	6.05
Auburn town	1,509	1,417	1,542 —	92 —	6.09
Brandon village ⁴	660	663	690 +	3 +	.45
Byron town	1,216	1,234	1,344 +	18 +	1.48
Calumet town	1,399	1,443	1,513 +	44 +	3.14
Eden town	1,333	1,393	1,399 +	60 +	4.50
Eldorado town	1,458	1,363	1,467 —	95 —	6.51
Empire town	573	865	980 —	8 —	.91
Fond du Lac city	12,024	15,110	13,051	+ 3,036	+ 25.66
ward 1	1,759	2,389	1,933		
ward 2	1,923	2,404	2,273		
ward 3	2,112	2,402	2,012		
ward 4	2,037	2,691	2,181		
ward 5	1,639	1,013	838		
ward 6		1,106	948		
ward 7	1,084	1,252	1,111		
ward 8	1,470	1,853	1,750		
Fond du Lac town	1,126	1,280	1,290 +	154 +	13.67
Forest town	1,511	1,206	1,226 —	105 —	8.00
Friendship town	856	852	777 —	4 —	.46
Lamartine town	1,232	1,223	1,273 —	5 —	.73
Marshfield town	1,938	1,992	2,131 +	94 +	2.78
Metomen town ⁴	⁵ 1,193	1,194	1,234 +	1 +	.83
Oakfield town	1,324	1,471	1,468 +	147 +	11.10
Osceola town	1,272	1,077	1,139 —	135 —	15.33
Ripon city	3,358	3,818	4,380 +	460 +	13.69
ward 1		934			
ward 2		930			
ward 3		916			
ward 4		1,038			

¹Fairchild village, formerly in Fairchild town, made independent since 1890.

²Exclusive of population of Fairchild village. In 1890 Fairchild town had 570, Fairchild village 645, total 1,215; in 1900 Fairchild town had 658, Fairchild village 947, total 1,605; increase 390 or 32 per cent.

³Homestead town organized from part of Commonwealth town since 1890. In 1900 Commonwealth town had 828, Homestead town 545; in 1890 Commonwealth town had 895; increase 473 or 53.4 per cent.

⁴Brandon village, formerly in Metomen town, now independent.

⁵Exclusive of population of Brandon village. In 1890 Brandon village had 660, Metomen town 1,193, total 1,853; in 1900 Brandon village had 633, Metomen town 1,194, total 1,827; increase 4 or .2 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages	United States Census.		State Census. 1895.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.		No.	Per ct.
FOND DU LAC COUNTY—Con.					
Ripon town	1,185	1,067	1,224	- 118	- 9.95
Rosendale town	1,099	1,106	1,164	+ 7	+ .63
Springvale town	1,092	1,189	1,161	+ 97	+ 8.88
Taycheedah town	1,269	1,293	1,382	+ 24	+ 1.89
Waupun city (north ward)	1,062	1,118	1,205	+ 56	+ 5.27
(For total see Dodge county.)					
Waupun town	1,115	1,170	1,200	+ 55	+ 4.93
Total	44,088	47,589	47,436	+ 3,501	+ 7.94
FOREST COUNTY¹—					
Cavour town ³		690			
Crandon town ⁴	370	706		+ 336	+ 90.81
Total	3,012	1,396	1,288	+ 384	+ 37.94
GRANT COUNTY—					
Beetown town	1,257	1,207	1,130	- 50	- 3.97
Bloomington town ⁵	587	630	635	+ 43	+ 7.32
Bloomington village ⁵	587	611	552	+ 24	+ 4.09
Boscobel town, incl. Boscobel city	1,692	1,775	1,608	+ 83	+ 4.90
Boscobel city	1,570	1,637	1,479	+ 67	+ 4.27
ward 1		409			
ward 2		402			
ward 3		489			
ward 4		337			
Cassville town ⁷	569	643	629	+ 74	+ 13.00
Cassville village ⁷	886	979	931	+ 33	+ 10.48
Castle Rock town	681	693	704	+ 12	+ 1.76
Clifton town	1,074	1,055	1,044	- 19	- 1.76
Cuba City village ⁹		636	442		
Ellenboro town	814	828	793	+ 14	+ 1.72
Fennimore town ¹⁰	11,807	795	824	+ 12	+ 1.43
Fennimore village ¹⁰	616	1,035	876	+ 419	+ 68.01
Glen Haven town	883	819	819	- 64	- 7.24
Harrison town	1,020	992	1,010	- 28	- 2.74
Hazel Green town ¹²	1,123	1,160	1,005	+ 37	+ 3.20
Hazel Green village ¹²	426	442	448	+ 16	+ 3.75
Hickory Grove town		793	690	- 112	- 14.03
Jamestown town	961	973	1,002	+ 17	+ 1.76

¹ Gagen town and part of Pelican Lake town annexed to Oneida county since 1890.

² Includes population (642) of Gagen and Pelican Lake towns.

³ Organized from parts of Crandon and Pelican Lake towns since 1890.

⁴ Part taken to form part of Cavour town since 1890.

⁵ Bloomington village, formerly in Bloomington town, now independent.

⁶ Exclusive of population of Bloomington village. In 1890 Bloomington town had 587, Bloomington village 587, total 1,174; in 1900 Bloomington town had 630, Bloomington village 611, total 1,241; increase .67 or 5.7 per cent.

⁷ Cassville village, formerly in Cassville town, now independent.

⁸ Exclusive of population of Cassville village. In 1890 Cassville town had 569, Cassville village 886, total 1,455; in 1900 Cassville town had 643, Cassville village 979, total 1,622; increase 167 or 11.47 per cent.

⁹ Cuba City village organized from part of Smelser town since 1890. In 1900 Cuba City village had 636, Smelser town 923, total 1,559; in 1890 Smelser town had 1,295; increase 264 or 20.38 per cent.

¹⁰ Fennimore village, formerly in Fennimore town, now independent.

¹¹ Exclusive of population of Fennimore village. In 1890 Fennimore town had 807, Fennimore village 616, total 1,423; in 1900 Fennimore town had 795, Fennimore village 1,035, total 1,830; increase 427 or 28.6 per cent.

¹² Hazel Green village, formerly in Hazel Green town, now independent.

¹³ Exclusive of population of Hazen Green village. In 1890 Hazel Green town had 1,123, Hazel Green village 426, total 1,549; in 1900 Hazel Green town had 1,160, Hazel Green village 442, total 1,602; increase 53 or 3.4 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1955.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
GRANT COUNTY—Continued.					
Lancaster town, incl. Lancaster city	3,289	4,062	.....	+ 773	+ 23.50
Lancaster city	1,543	2,403	2,174	+ 860	+ 55.73
Liberty town	881	870	902	- 11	- 1.24
Lima town	1,030	1,051	1,082	+ 11	+ 1.05
Little Grant town	693	566	629	- 102	- 14.96
Marion town	573	566	533	- 7	- 1.22
Millville town	197	268	222	+ 71	+ 36.04
Montfort village ¹	467	627	606	+ 160	+ 34.26
Mt. Hope town	640	671	664	+ 31	+ 4.84
Mt. Ida town	779	793	825	+ 14	+ 1.79
Muscoda village ²	555	454	540	- 101	- 18.19
Muscoda village ³	605	743	733	+ 138	+ 22.81
Paris town	778	792	832	+ 14	+ 1.80
Patch Grove town	690	660	662	- 30	- 4.31
Platteville town, incl. Platteville city	3,687	4,219	4,253	+ 532	+ 14.42
Platteville city	2,740	3,340	3,321	+ 600	+ 21.90
Potosi town ⁴	2,110	1,568	1,607	- 542	- 25.68
Potosi village ⁵ .....	.....	434	454	.....	.....
Smelser town ⁶	1,295	923	933	- 372	- 28.72
Waterloo town	934	966	978	+ 32	+ 3.42
Waterstown town	488	474	493	- 14	- 2.87
Wingville town ⁷	913	854	925	- 59	- 6.46
Woodman town	495	438	442	- 57	- 11.51
Wyalusing town	786	918	903	+ 132	+ 16.78
Total	36,651	38,881	38,372	+ 2,230	+ 6.08
GREEN COUNTY—					
Adams town	851	854	871	+ 3	+ .35
Albany town ⁸	682	699	719	+ 17	+ 2.49
Albany village ⁹	698	797	655	+ 99	+ 14.18
Brodhead city ¹⁰	1,461	1,584	1,717	+ 123	+ 8.41
ward 1 .....	.....	736	762	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	848	955	.....	.....
Brooklyn town	1,205	1,188	1,218	- 27	- 2.24
Browntown village ¹¹ .....	.....	246	326	.....	.....
Cadiz town ¹²	1,507	1,240	1,316	- 267	- 17.71
Clarno town	1,319	1,226	1,351	- 93	- 7.05
Decatur town ¹³	1,685	650	661	- 35	- 5.10
Exeter town	915	917	918	+ 2	+ .21

¹ Montfort village, formerly in Wingville town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Montfort village. In 1890 Montfort village had 467, Wingville town 913, total 1,380; in 1900 Montfort had 627, Wingville town 854, total 1,481; increase 101 or 7.3 per cent.

³ Muscoda village, formerly in Muscoda town, now independent.

⁴ Exclusive of population of Muscoda village. In 1890 Muscoda town had 555, Muscoda village 605, total 1,160; in 1900 Muscoda town had 454, Muscoda village 743, total 1,197; increase 37 or 3.2 per cent.

⁵ Potosi village, formerly in Potosi town, now independent.

⁶ Includes population of Potosi village, not separately returned in 1890. In 1900 Potosi town had 1,568, Potosi village 434, total 2,002; in 1890 Potosi town had 2,110; decrease 108 or 5.1 per cent.

⁷ Albany village, formerly in Albany town, now independent.

⁸ Exclusive of population of Albany village. In 1890 Albany town had 682, Albany village 698, total 1,380; in 1900 Albany town had 699, Albany village 797, total 1,496; increase 116 or 8.4 per cent.

⁹ Brodhead village, formerly in Decatur town, incorporated as a city and made independent since 1890.

¹⁰ Exclusive of population of Brodhead village. In 1890 Brodhead city had 1,461, Decatur town 685, total 2,146; in 1900 Brodhead city had 1,584, Decatur town 650, total 2,234; increase 88 or 4.1 per cent.

¹¹ Brown town village organized from part of Cadiz town since 1890. In 1900 Brown town village had 246, Cadiz town 1,240, total 1,486; in 1890 Cadiz town had 1,507; a decrease of 21 or 1.39 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1935.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.		No.	Per ct.
GREEN COUNTY—Continued.					
Jefferson town	1,278	1,184	1,282	— 94	— 7.34
Jordan town	1,101	966	1,043	— 135	— 12.26
Monroe city	3,738	3,927	3,845	+ 159	+ 4.22
ward 1		930	846		
ward 2		896	858		
ward 3	1,069		1,104		
ward 4		1,032	1,035		
Monroe town	966	942	1,033	— 24	— 2.48
Monticello village ¹	407	559	532	+ 152	+ 37.34
Mt. Pleasant town ¹	841	761	842	— 80	— 9.51
New Glarus town	1,180	1,245	1,202	+ 65	+ 5.50
Spring Grove town	1,125	1,021	1,103	— 114	— 10.04
Sylvester town	906	939	964	+ 3	+ .33
Washington town	818	768	777	— 50	— 6.11
York town	1,009	1,036	1,034	+ 27	+ 2.67
Total	22,732	22,719	23,420	— 13	— .05
GREEN LAKE COUNTY—					
Berlin city (wards 1, 3, 4, and 5 and part of ward 2)	4,118	4,448	4,279	+ 330	+ 8.01
Total for Berlin city, in Green Lake and Waushara counties	4,149	4,489		+ 340	+ 8.19
ward 1		752	749		
ward 2		1,167	1,007		
ward 3		1,034	1,027		
ward 4		658	713		
ward 5		878	738		
Berlin town	707	801	843	+ 34	+ 4.43
Brooklyn town, incl. Dartford village	1,280	1,403	1,012	+ 123	+ 9.60
Dartford village	294	450	389	+ 246	+ 120.59
Green Lake town	1,343	1,288	1,377	— 55	— 4.09
Kingston town	816	770	805	— 46	— 5.63
Mackford town ²	1,039	912	1,027	— 127	— 12.22
Manchester town	1,024	1,001	1,108	— 23	— 2.24
Markesan village ³	475	706	523	+ 231	+ 48.63
Marquette town	812	872	846	+ 60	+ 7.38
Princeton town ⁴	1,167	1,123	1,198	— 44	— 3.77
Princeton village ⁵	986	1,202	1,195	+ 216	+ 21.90
Ste. Marie town	751	626	739	— 125	— 16.64
Seneca town	575	645	634	+ 60	+ 10.25
Total	15,163	15,797	15,939	+ 634	+ 4.18
IOWA COUNTY—					
Arena town	1,479	1,363	1,483	— 116	— 7.84
Brigham town	1,341	1,435	1,384	+ 94	+ 7.00
Clyde town	610	628	618	+ 18	+ 2.95

¹ Monticello village, formerly in Mt. Pleasant town, now independent.² Exclusive of population of Monticello village. In 1890 Monticello village had 407, Mt. Pleasant town 841, total 1,248; in 1900 Monticello village had 559, Mt. Pleasant town 761, total 1,320; increase 73 or 5.76 per cent.³ Markesan village, formerly in Mackford town, now independent.⁴ Exclusive of population of Markesan village. In 1890 Mackford town had 1,039, Markesan village 475, total 1,514; in 1900 Mackford town had 912, Markesan village 706, total 1,618; increase 104 or 6.86 per cent.⁵ Princeton village, formerly in Princeton town, now independent.⁶ Exclusive of population of Princeton village. In 1890 Princeton town had 1,167, Princeton village 986, total 2,153; in 1900 Princeton town had 1,123; Princeton village 1,202, total 2,325; an increase of 172 or 7.98 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1890, as com- pared with 1880	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
IOWA COUNTY—Continued.					
Dodgeville city	1,722	1,865	2,031	+ 143	+ 8.30
ward 1	604	722	739	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	539	619	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dodgeville town	1,577	1,540	1,651	- 37	- 2.34
Eden town	63	997	968	+ 41	+ 4.28
Highland town ¹	21,577	1,642	1,589	+ 65	+ 4.12
Highland village ²	751	913	741	+ 162	21.57
Linden town ³	41,399	1,353	1,397	- 46	- 3.28
Linden village ³	462	543	494	+ 81	+ 17.53
Mifflin town	1,465	1,564	1,557	+ 99	+ 6.75
Mineral Point city	2,694	2,991	3,136	+ 297	+ 11.02
ward 1 .....	.....	734	766	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	785	1,035	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	553	600	.....	.....
ward 4 .....	.....	719	735	.....	.....
Mineral Point town	1,271	1,131	1,245	- 140	- 11.01
Moscow town	1,145	1,142	1,254	- 3	- .26
Pulaski town, incl. Avoca vil.	1,229	1,368	1,348	+ 129	+ 10.41
Avoca village	278	406	353	+ 128	+ 46.04
Ridgeway town	990	1,126	1,070	+ 136	+ 13.73
Waldwick town	810	722	798	- 88	- 10.86
Wyoming town	629	791	685	+ 162	+ 25.72
Total	23,117	23,114	23,447	+ 997	+ 4.50
IRON COUNTY⁴—					
Montreal town .....	.....	1,631	.....	.....	.....
Knight town .....	.....	1,363	1,119	.....	.....
Saxon town .....	.....	688	638	.....	.....
Vaughn town .....	.....	2,934	3,561	.....	.....
Total .....	.....	6,616	5,338	.....	.....
JACKSON COUNTY—					
Albion town ⁵	1,717	1,723	1,516	+ 6	+ .34
Alma town	1,060	1,192	1,158	+ 132	+ 12.45
Bear Bluff town ⁷ .....	.....	151	146	.....	.....
Black River Falls city	2,261	1,938	2,068	- 323	- 14.28
ward 1 .....	.....	421	513	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	415	449	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	388	397	.....	.....
ward 4 .....	.....	714	709	.....	.....
Brockway town ⁶ .....	.....	812	646	.....	.....
City Point town ⁷	329	323	177	- 6	- 1.82

¹ Highland village, formerly in Highland town, now independent.² Exclusive of population of Highland village. In 1890 Highland town had 1,577, Highland village 751, total 2,328; in 1900 Highland town had 1,642, Highland village 913, total 2,555; increase 227 or 9.75 per cent.³ Linden village, formerly in Linden town, now independent.⁴ Exclusive of population of Linden village. In 1890 Linden town had 1,399, Linden village 462, total 1,861; in 1900 Linden town had 1,353, Linden village 543, total 1,896; increase 35 or 1.88 per cent.⁵ Organized from parts of Ashland and Oneida counties in 1893.⁶ Brockway town organized from part of Albion town since 1890. In 1890 Albion town had 1,717, in 1900 Albion town had 1,732, Brockway town 812, total 2,535; increase 818 or 47.6 per cent.⁷ Bear Bluff town organized from part of City Point town (formerly Sullivan) since 1890. In 1900 Bear Bluff town had 151, City Point town 323, total 474; in 1890 City Point town had 329; increase 145 or 44.07 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
JACKSON COUNTY—Continued.					
Cleveland town	691	898	772	+ 207	+ 29.95
Curran town	706	706	697	.....	.....
Franklin town	626	715	630	+ 89	+ 12.60
Garden Valley town	703	785	714	+ 82	+ 11.66
Garfield town	502	775	774	+ 273	+ 54.38
Hixton town	696	899	879	+ 203	+ 29.16
Irving town	909	873	891	— 31	— 3.41
Knapp town	1,005	842	411	— 633	— 65.97
Manchester town	560	696	665	+ 136	+ 24.28
Melrose town	1,304	1,532	1,481	+ 228	+ 17.43
Merrillan village	639	739	749	+ 100	+ 15.64
Millston town	399	408	404	+ 9	+ 2.25
Northfield town	787	1,026	964	+ 239	+ 30.36
Springfield town	903	928	925	+ 25	+ 2.76
Total	15,797	17,466	16,722	+ 1,669	+ 10.56
JEFFERSON COUNTY—					
Aztalan town	1,349	1,313	1,285	— 36	— 2.66
Cold Spring town	649	606	621	— 43	— 6.62
Concord town	1,331	1,236	1,327	— 95	— 7.13
Farmington town	1,847	1,853	1,877	+ 6	+ .32
Ft. Atkinson city ¹	2,283	3,043	2,815	+ 760	+ 33.28
ward 1 .....	.....	793	744	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	708	724	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	659	600	.....	.....
ward 4 .....	.....	883	747	.....	.....
Hebron town	1,060	1,069	1,095	+ 9	+ .84
Ixonia town	1,491	1,374	1,480	— 117	— 7.84
Jefferson city ²	2,287	2,584	2,702	+ 297	+ 12.98
ward 1 .....	.....	727	.....	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	633	.....	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	680	.....	.....	.....
ward 4 .....	.....	544	.....	.....	.....
Jefferson town ³	1,763	1,729	1,897	— 37	— 2.09
Koshkonong town ⁴	2,499	1,475	1,576	— 24	— 1.60
Lake Mills town ⁵	1,054	1,331	1,312	+ 277	+ 26.28
Lake Mills village ⁶	1,053	1,387	1,175	+ 334	+ 31.71
Millford town	1,439	1,271	1,292	— 168	— 11.66
Oakland town	1,168	1,281	1,293	+ 119	+ 10.18
Palmyra town ⁷	790	789	734	— 1	— .12
Palmyra village ⁸	567	716	690	+ 149	+ 26.27
Sullivan town	1,323	1,239	1,391	— 84	— 6.35
Sumner town	539	555	580	+ 16	+ 2.96

¹ Ft. Atkinson city, formerly in Koshkonong town, now independent.² Exclusive of population of Fort Atkinson city. In 1890 Ft. Atkinson city had 2,283, Koshkonong 1,499, total 3,782; in 1900 Ft. Atkinson city had 3,043, Koshkonong town 1,475, total 4,518; increase 736 or 19.46 per cent.³ Jefferson city, formerly in Jefferson town, now independent.⁴ Exclusive of population of Jefferson city. In 1890 Jefferson city had 2,287, Jefferson town 1,766, total 4,053; in 1900 Jefferson city had 2,584, Jefferson town 1,729, total 4,313; increase 260 or 6.4 per cent.⁵ Lake Mills village, formerly in Lake Mills town, now independent.⁶ Exclusive of population of Lake Mills village. In 1890 Lake Mills town had 1,054, Lake Mills village 1,053, total 2,107; in 1900 Lake Mills town had 1,331, Lake Mills village 1,387, total 2,718; increase 611 or 28.99 per cent.⁷ Palmyra village, formerly in Palmyra town, now independent.⁸ Exclusive of population of Palmyra village. In 1890 Palmyra town had 790, Palmyra village 567, total 1,357; in 1900 Palmyra town had 789, Palmyra village 716, total 1,505; increase 143 or 10.9 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
JEFFERSON COUNTY—Con.					
Waterloo town ¹	2976	965	981	- 11	- 1.12
Waterloo village ¹	862	1,137	1,122	+ 275	+ 31.90
Watertown city (wards 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7)	6,506	6,267	7,451	- 239	- 3.67
(For total, see Dodge Co.)					
Watertown town	1,691	1,563	1,621	- 128	- 7.56
Total	33,530	34,789	36,317	+ 1,259	+ 3.75
JUNEAU COUNTY—					
Armenia town ²	354	801	501	+ 447	+126.27
Camp Douglas village ³	225	432	360	+ 207	+ 92.00
Clearfield town	274	531	311	+ 257	+ 93.79
Cutler town ⁴		377			
Elroy city	1,413	1,685	1,569	+ 272	+ 19.25
ward 1					
ward 2		744			
Finley town ⁵		201			
Fountain town	744	956	835	+ 212	+ 28.49
Germantown town	510	609	525	+ 99	+ 19.41
Kildare town	648	939	706	+ 291	+ 44.90
Kingston town ³	211	296	226	+ 85	+ 40.28
Lemonweir town	1,075	1,174	1,044	+ 99	+ 9.20
Lindina town	937	1,036	1,037	+ 79	+ 8.25
Lisbon town	444	576	474	+ 132	+ 29.72
Lyndon town	495	572	487	+ 77	+ 15.55
Marion town	391	418	378	+ 27	+ 6.90
Mauston city	1,343	1,718	1,547	+ 375	+ 27.92
ward 1		685			
ward 2		1,033			
Necedah town, ⁶ incl. Necedah village	2,242	1,821	2,364	- 421	- 18.77
Necedah village	1,708	1,209	1,680	- 499	- 29.21
New Lisbon city	990	1,014	1,067	+ 24	+ 2.42
Orange town ⁴	469	561	508	+ 92	+ 19.61
Plymouth town	823	867	870	+ 38	+ 4.58
Seven Mile Creek town	697	812	772	+ 115	+ 16.49
Summit town	980	1,015	982	+ 35	+ 3.57
Wonevoc town	1,211	1,407	1,405	+ 196	+ 16.13
Wonevoc village	619	811	765	+ 192	+ 31.01
Total	17,121	20,629	18,754	+ 3,508	+ 20.43
KENOSHA COUNTY—					
Brighton town	926	850	878	- 76	- 8.20
Bristol town	1,071	1,151	1,143	+ 80	+ 7.46

¹ Waterloo village, formerly in Waterloo town, now independent.

² Exclusive of population of Waterloo village. In 1890, Waterloo town had 976, Waterloo village 862, total 1,838; in 1900 Waterloo town had 965, Waterloo village had 1,137, total 2,102; increase 264 or 14.36 per cent.

³ Finley town organized from parts of Armenia and Kingston towns since 1890. In 1900 Armenia town had 801, Finley town 201, Kingston town 296, total 1,298; in 1890 Armenia town had 354, Kingston town 211, total 565; increase 733 or 129.7 per cent.

⁴ Camp Douglas village, formerly in Orange town, now independent.

⁵ Exclusive of population of Camp Douglas village. In 1890 Camp Douglas village had 225, Orange town 469, total 694; in 1900 Camp Douglas village had 432, Orange town 561, total 993; increase 299 or 43.08 per cent.

⁶ Cutler town organized from part of Necedah town since 1890. In 1900 Cutler town had 377, Necedah 1, 821, Necedah village 1,209, total 3,407; in 1890 Necedah town had 2,242, Necedah village 1,708, total 3,950; decrease 543 or 13.74 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
KENOSHA COUNTY—Continued.					
Kenosha city	6,532	11,606	8,122	+ 5,074	+ 77.63
ward 1	1,229				
ward 2	1,261				
ward 3	2,225				
ward 4	2,059				
ward 5	1,263				
ward 6	1,128				
ward 7	1,102				
ward 8	1,339				
Paris town	871	818	883	— 53	— 6.03
Pleasant Prairie town	1,646	1,776	1,624	+ 130	+ 7.89
Randall town	658	784	643	+ 126	+ 19.14
Salem town	1,493	1,846	1,887	+ 353	+ 23.64
Somers town	1,632	2,044	1,819	+ 412	+ 25.24
Wheatland town	752	832	649	+ 80	+ 10.63
Total	15,581	21,707	17,584	+ 6,126	+ 39.31
KEWAUNEE COUNTY—					
Ahnapee town	1,384	1,196	1,329	— 188	— 13.58
Algoma city ¹	1,015	1,738	1,603	+ 723	+ 71.23
ward 1		533			
ward 2		1,033			
ward 3		172			
Carlton town	1,571	1,402	1,651	— 109	— 6.94
Casco town	1,211	1,334	1,360	+ 123	+ 10.15
Franklin town	1,623	1,482	1,552	— 141	— 8.68
Kewaunee city	1,216	1,773	1,529	+ 557	+ 45.80
Lincoln town	1,181	1,250	1,275	+ 69	+ 5.84
Luxemburg town	1,600	1,693	1,617	+ 93	+ 5.81
Montpelier town	1,469	1,547	1,542	+ 78	+ 5.31
Pierce town	832	748	901	+ 104	+ 12.20
Red River town	1,411	1,367	1,464	+ 44	+ 3.11
West Kewaunee town	1,620	1,622	1,809	+ 2	+ .12
Total	16,153	17,212	17,632	+ 1,059	+ 6.55
LA CROSSE COUNTY—					
Bangor town ²	639	659	778	+ 20	+ 3.13
Bangor village ²	499	633	630	+ 134	+ 26.85
Barre town	670	548	648	— 122	— 18.20
Burns town	1,029	1,076	1,022	+ 56	+ 5.49
Campbell town ⁴	955	1,078	1,132	+ 123	+ 12.88
Farmington town	1,810	1,880	1,903	+ 70	+ 3.87
Greenfield town	751	729	746	— 22	— 2.92
Hamilton town ⁵	1,400	1,427	1,455	+ 27	+ 1.92
Holland town	1,009	1,000	1,088	+ 81	+ 8.02

¹Formerly Ahnapee.²Bangor village, formerly in Bangor town, made independent since 1890.³Exclusive of population of Bangor village. In 1890 Bangor town had 639, Bangor village 499, total 1,138; in 1900 Bangor town had 659, Bangor village 633, total 1,292; increase 154 or 13.53 per cent.⁴Part of Campbell town annexed to La Crosse city since 1890. In 1890 Campbell town had 955, La Crosse city 25,090, total 26,045; in 1900 Campbell town 1,078, La Crosse city 28,895, total 29,973; increase 3,928 or 15.03 per cent.⁵Included West Salem village in 1890.⁶Exclusive of population of West Salem village. In 1890 Hamilton town had 1,400, West Salem village 542, total 1,942; in 1900 Hamilton town had 1,427, West Salem village 725, total 2,152; increase 210 or 10.8 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
LA CROSSE COUNTY—Con.					
La Crosse city ⁴	25,090	28,895	28,769	+ 3,805	+ 15.16
ward 1	1,571	1,586	1,586		
ward 2	1,325	1,446	1,446		
ward 3	1,603	1,580	1,580		
ward 4	1,456	1,331	1,331		
ward 5	1,262	1,355	1,355		
ward 6	1,247	1,224	1,224		
ward 7	1,435	1,209	1,209		
ward 8	2,813	2,506	2,506		
ward 9	1,542	1,583	1,583		
ward 10	1,597	1,692	1,692		
ward 11	1,363	1,364	1,364		
ward 12	937	1,102	1,102		
ward 13	1,114	1,137	1,137		
ward 14	1,513	1,307	1,307		
ward 15	1,446	1,510	1,510		
ward 16	824	644	644		
ward 17	1,829	1,922	1,922		
ward 18	1,888	2,042	2,042		
ward 19	1,192	1,220	1,220		
ward 20	956	1,009	1,009		
Onalaska city	1,537	1,368	1,634	— 219	— 13.79
Onalaska town	1,080	1,041	1,156	+ 11	+ 1.06
Shelby town	1,003	1,084	1,131	+ 81	+ 8.07
Washington town	796	764	823	+ 32	+ 4.02
West Salem village ⁵	542	725	695	+ 133	+ 33.76
Total	38,801	42,997	43,610	+ 4,136	+ 10.81
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—					
Argyle town	1,268	1,419	1,355	+ 151	+ 11.90
Belmont town ¹	807	762	797	— 45	— 5.56
Belmont village ¹	378	509	477	+ 131	+ 34.65
Benton town ³	831	848	1,010	+ 18	+ 2.16
Benton village ³	414	546	448	+ 132	+ 31.88
Blanchard town ¹	650	489	486	— 161	— 24.77
Blanchard village ¹		573	523		
Darlington town, incl. Darlington city	2,682	2,964	1,125	+ 282	+ 10.51
Darlington city	1,589	1,808	1,811	+ 219	+ 13.77
ward 1		887	975		
ward 2		921	836		
Elk Grove town	738	761	802	— 27	— 3.42
Fayette town	822	837	866	+ 15	+ 1.82
Gratiot town ⁶	1,511	1,217	1,245	— 294	— 19.45
Gratiot village ⁶		335	313		

¹Belmont village, formerly in Belmont town, now independent.

²Exclusive of population of Belmont village. In 1890 Belmont town had 807, Belmont village 378, total 1,185; in 1900 Belmont town had 762, Belmont village 509, total 1,271; increase 86 or 7.25 per cent.

³Benton village, formerly in Benton town, now independent.

⁴Formerly in Hamilton town, now independent.

⁵Exclusive of population of Benton village. In 1890 Benton town had 831, Benton village 414, total 1,245; in 1900 Benton town had 848, Benton village 546, total 1,394; increase 149, or 11.96 per cent.

⁶Blanchardville village organized from part of Blanchard town since 1890. In 1900 Blanchard town had 489, Blanchardville village 573, total 1,062; in 1890 Blanchard town had 650; increase 412 or 63.38 per cent.

⁷Gratiot village organized from part of Gratiot town since 1890. In 1900 Gratiot town had 1,217, Gratiot village 335, total 1,552; in 1890 Gratiot town had 1,511; increase 41 or 2.7 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
LAFAYETTE COUNTY—Con.					
Kendall town	754	685	705	-	69 - 9.15
Lamont town	516	567	566	+	51 + 9.83
Monticello town	305	313	311	+	8 + 2.62
New Diggings town	1,374	1,122	1,325	-	252 - 18.34
Seymour town	783	779	803	-	4 - 51
Shullsburg town, incl. Shulls- burg city	2,270	2,036	2,085	-	234 - 10.30
Shullsburg city	1,393	1,250	1,225	-	143 - 10.26
Wayne town	1,170	1,200	1,227	+	30 + 2.56
White Oak Springs town	384	337	433	-	47 - 12.24
Willow Springs town	931	982	989	+	51 + 5.47
Wiota town	1,627	1,678	1,716	+	51 + 3.13
Total	20,265	20,959	21,488	+	694 + 3.42
LANGLADE COUNTY—					
Ackley town	374	582	518	+	208 + 55.61
Antigo city	4,424	5,145	5,002	+	721 + 16.29
ward 1		532	532		
ward 2		757	690		
ward 3		784	749		
ward 4		1,107	1,232		
ward 5		810	770		
ward 6		1,155	1,029		
Antigo town	643	1,120	893	+	477 + 74.13
Elcho town	175	352	194	+	177 + 101.14
Elton town ¹	191	144	183	-	47 - 24.60
Evergreen town ¹		117			
Langlade town	153	173	169	+	20 + 13.07
Neva town ²	502	788	668	+	286 + 56.97
Norwood town	663	793	765	+	130 + 19.60
Peck town ³		248	206		
Polar town	444	760	509	+	316 + 71.17
Price town	233	571	203	+	338 + 145.06
Rolling town	685	1,040	912	+	355 + 51.23
Summit town ⁴	270	361	156	+	91 + 28.79
Upham town ³		198	570		
Vilas town ⁵	316	161	144	-	155 - 49.05
Total	9,465	12,553	11,092	+	3,088 + 32.62
LINCOLN COUNTY—					
Corning town	347	567	335	+	220 + 63.40
Harrison town	457	339	223	-	118 - 25.82
Merrill city	6,809	8,537	8,607	+	1,728 + 25.37
ward 1		981	953		
ward 2		679	709		
ward 3		1,038	1,085		
ward 4		1,817	1,751		
ward 5		925	1,053		
ward 6		1,538	1,461		
ward 7		1,559	1,590		

¹Evergreen town organized from part of Elton town since 1890. In 1900 Elton town had 144, Evergreen town 117, total 261; in 1890 Elton town had 191; increase 70 or 36.64 per cent.

²Part taken to form part of Upham town since 1890.

³Organized from parts of Neva and Summit towns since 1890.

⁴Part taken to form part of Upham town, and Parrish town annexed since 1890. In 1900 Neva town had 789, Upham town 198, Summit town 361, Parrish town 392, total 1,739; in 1890 Neva town had 502, Summit town 270, total 772; increase 967 or 125.25 per cent.

⁵Peck town organized from part of Vilas town since 1890. In 1900 Peck town had 248, Vilas 161, total 409; in 1890 Vilas had 316; increase 93 or 29.4 per cent.

⁶Includes population (392) of Parrish town, annexed to Summit town since 1890.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1955.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1955.	No.	Per ct.
LINCOLN COUNTY—Continued.					
Merrill town	539	797	581	+ 258	+ 47.86
Pine River town	736	1,278	873	+ 542	+ 73.64
Rock Falls town ¹	332	414	691	+ 82	+ 24.69
Russell town	402	556	427	+ 154	+ 46.38
Scott town	570	870	732	+ 500	+ 52.63
Tomahawk city ²	1,816	2,291	2,296	+ 475	+ 26.15
Tomahawk town ³		620			
Total	12,008	16,269	14,765	+ 4,261	+ 35.48
MANITOWOC COUNTY—					
Cato town	1,793	1,743	1,792	— 50	— 2.78
Centerville town	1,374	1,443	1,419	+ 69	+ 5.02
Coerstown town	1,629	1,500	1,623	+ 129	+ 7.91
Eaton town	1,332	1,317	1,402	+ 15	+ 1.12
Franklin town	1,836	1,781	1,817	— 55	— 2.99
Gibson town	1,651	1,438	1,669	+ 153	+ 9.26
Kiel village ⁴	497	924	739	+ 427	+ 85.91
Kossuth town	1,973	1,739	1,946	+ 174	+ 8.81
Liberty town	1,277	1,383	1,379	+ 106	+ 8.30
Manitowoc city ⁵	7,710	11,786	9,427	+ 4,076	+ 52.86
ward 1		2,650	1,768		
ward 2		1,438	1,158		
ward 3		2,504	2,045		
ward 4		1,936	1,566		
ward 5		1,302	1,601		
ward 6		686	473		
ward 7		1,870	1,411		
Manitowoc town ⁶	1,275	762	451	— 513	— 40.23
Manitowoc Rapids town	1,914	1,717	2,025	+ 197	+ 10.28
Maple Grove town	1,585	1,214	1,272	+ 371	+ 23.40
Meeme town	1,434	1,482	1,487	+ 48	+ 3.34
Mishicott town	1,417	1,578	1,538	+ 161	+ 11.36
Newton town	1,726	1,770	2,139	+ 44	+ 2.54
Rockland town, incl. Reeds- ville village	1,267	1,676	1,647	+ 409	+ 32.28
Reedsville village		428	536		
Schleswig town ⁷	1,556	1,385	1,435	— 171	— 10.98
Two Creeks town	607	632	651	+ 25	+ 4.11
Two Rivers city	2,870	3,784	3,593	+ 914	+ 31.84
ward 1		724			
ward 2		674			
ward 3		800			
ward 4		902			
ward 5		684			
Two Rivers town	1,108	1,087	1,241	— 21	— 1.89
Total	37,831	42,261	40,802	+ 4,430	+ 11.70

¹Included Tomahawk city in 1890; part taken to form Tomahawk town since 1890.

²Exclusive of population of Tomahawk city.

³Formerly in Rock Falls town, now independent.

⁴Organized from part of Rock Falls town since 1890. In 1900 Rock Falls town had 414, Tomahawk city, 2,291, Tomahawk town 620, total 3,325; in 1890 Rock Falls town had 332, Tomahawk city 1,816, total 2,148; increase 1,177 or 54.79 per cent.

⁵Kiel village, formerly in Schleswig town, now independent.

⁶Exclusive of population of Kiel village. In 1890 Kiel village had 497, Schleswig town 1,556, total 2,053; in 1900 Kiel village had 924, Schleswig town 1,385, total 2,309; increase 256 or 12.46 per cent.

⁷Part of Manitowoc town annexed to Manitowoc city 1890. In 1890 Manitowoc city had 7,710, Manitowoc town 1,275, total 8,985; in 1900 Manitowoc city had 11,786, Manitowoc town 762, total 12,548; increase 3,563 or 39.65 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890		
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.	
MARATHON COUNTY—						
Bergen town	177	552	334	+	375	+211.87
Berlin town	1,083	1,078	1,192	+	5	+ 46
Brighton town	686	699	578	—	87	— 12.68
Cassel town ¹		1,034	1,031	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland town	252	1,060	527	+	808	+320.63
Colby city (east ward) ²		213	189	.....	.....	.....
(For total see Clark Co.)						
Day town	816	821	833	+	5	+ .61
Easton town ³	240	987	843	+	747	+311.25
East Pleine town	257	735	581	+	478	+185.99
Edgar village ⁴		478	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elderon town	232	568	367	+	336	+144.82
Emmet town	439	786	623	+	347	+79.04
Frankfort town	331	563	468	+	237	+71.60
Halsey town	654	1,231	1,110	+	571	+88.22
Hamburg town	693	891	720	+	198	+28.57
Harrison town ⁵	926	211	201	—	715	— 77.21
Hewitt town ⁵		287	173	.....	.....	.....
Holton town	760	1,022	911	+	262	+34.47
Hull town ²	893	796	716	—	97	— 10.86
Johnson town	313	587	591	+	274	+87.54
Knowlton town	333	435	277	+	102	+30.63
Kronenwetter town	264	434	313	+	170	+64.36
McMillan town ⁶	439	852	728	+	413	+94.07
McMillan village ⁶		200	167	.....	.....	.....
Maine town	1,178	1,119	1,077	—	59	— 5.00
Marathon town ¹	1,180	678	574	—	510	— 43.22
Marathon village	258	528	405	+	270	+104.65
Mosinee town	199	371	186	+	172	+86.43
Mosinee village	427	657	517	+	230	+53.90
Norrie town ³	353	770	558	+	417	+118.13
Pike Lake town	642	1,022	792	+	480	+88.56
Plover town ³		302	288	.....	.....	.....
Rib Falls town	674	771	667	+	97	+14.37
Rietbrock town	717	1,016	887	+	299	+41.70
Spencer town	1,018	841	736	—	177	— 17.38
Stettin town	962	1,110	1,033	+	148	+15.38
Texas town ⁴	220	1,081	813	+	861	+391.36
Wausau city	9,253	12,354	11,013	+	3,101	+33.51
ward 1		1,574	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2		1,252	.....	.....	.....	.....

¹Cassel town organized from part of Marathon town since 1890. In 1900 Cassel town had 1,034, Marathon 678, total 1,712; in 1890 Marathon town had 1,180; increase 532 or 45.08 per cent.

²Colby city, "east ward," organized from part of Hull town since 1890. In 1900 Colby city, "east ward," had 213, Hull town 796, total 1,009; in 1890 Hull town had 893; increase 116 or 12.98 per cent.

³Plover town organized from parts of Easton and Norrie towns since 1890. In 1900 Easton town had 987, Norrie town 770, Plover town 302, total 2,059; in 1890 Easton town had 240, Norrie town 353, total 593; increase 1,466 or 247.2 per cent.

⁴Organized from part of Wein town since 1890. In 1900 Edgar village had 478, Wein town 965, total 1,443; in 1890 Wein town had 444; increase 999 or 225 per cent.

⁵Hewitt town organized from parts of Harrison and Texas towns since 1890. In 1900 Harrison town had 211, Hewitt town 287, Texas town 1,081, total 1,579; in 1890 Harrison town had 926, Texas town 220, total 1,146; increase 433 or 37.73 per cent.

⁶McMillan village organized from part of McMillan town since 1890. In 1900 McMillan town had 852, McMillan village 200, total 1,052; in 1890 McMillan town had 439; increase 613 or 139.6 per cent.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
MARATHON COUNTY—Con.					
ward 3		1,149			
ward 4		1,045			
ward 5		1,527			
ward 6		1,362			
ward 7		1,421			
ward 8		1,515			
ward 9		1,509			
Wausau town	1,380	1,109	1,067	— 271	— 19.64
Wein town ¹	444	965	703	+ 521	+ 117.34
Weston town	1,776	2,137	1,719	+ 361	+ 20.32
Total	30,369	43,256	36,598	+ 12,887	+ 42.43
MARINETTE COUNTY—					
Amberg town ¹		1,375	939		
Coleman town ¹		2,545	2,135		
Crivitz town ¹		842			
Dunbar town ¹		1,136			
Grover town ¹		1,860	1,755		
Marinette city	11,523	16,195	15,286	+ 4,672	+ 40.54
ward 1	1,928	2,934	2,791		
ward 2	2,120	3,399	3,205		
ward 3	2,700	3,585	3,668		
ward 4	2,961	3,576	3,089		
ward 5	1,814	2,701	2,533		
Peshtigo town ¹	7,202	4,228	5,234	— 2,974	— 41.29
Porterfield town	460	956	762	+ 496	+ 10.78
Wausaukee town	1,119	1,685	1,180	+ 566	+ 50.58
Total	20,304	30,822	27,271	+ 10,518	+ 51.80
MARQUETTE COUNTY—					
Buffalo town	805	839	819	+ 34	+ 4.22
Crystal Lake town	667	577	624	— 90	— 13.49
Douglas town	628	684	645	+ 56	+ 8.91
Harris town	576	556	589	— 20	— 3.47
Mecan town	724	628	645	— 96	— 13.26
Montello town	1,177	1,325	1,308	+ 148	+ 12.57
Moundville town	324	562	446	+ 238	+ 73.45
Neshkoro town	561	638	635	+ 77	+ 13.72
Newton town	711	647	642	— 64	— 9.00
Oxford town	567	659	551	+ 92	+ 16.22
Packwaukee town	711	852	790	+ 141	+ 19.83
Shields town	608	698	662	+ 90	+ 14.80
Springfield town	605	644	678	+ 39	+ 6.44
Westfield town	1,012	1,200	1,169	+ 188	+ 18.57
Total	9,676	10,509	10,203	+ 833	+ 8.60

¹Amberg, Coleman, Crivitz, Dunbar and Grover towns organized from parts of Peshtigo town since 1890. In 1900 Amberg town had 1,375, Coleman town 2,545, Crivitz town 842, Dunbar town 1,136, Grover town 1,860, Peshtigo town 4,228, total 11,986; in 1890 Peshtigo town had 7,202; increase 4,784 or 66.42 per cent.

⁴Part taken to form Edgar village since 1890.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY—					
Cudahy village ¹		1,366	771		
Franklin town ²	1,868	1,738	1,824	- 130	- 6.96
Granville town ³	2,272	2,267	2,674	5	.22
Greenfield town	3,190	5,814	5,129	+ 2,624	+ 82.25
Lake town ⁴	4,899	5,302	4,598	+ 403	+ 8.22
Milwaukee city ⁵	204,468	285,315	249,290	+ 80,847	+ 39.54
ward 1		9,489	9,504		
ward 2		9,909	9,853		
ward 3		5,418	4,779		
ward 4		10,679	9,773		
ward 5		10,031	9,628		
ward 6		13,671	13,459		
ward 7		7,173	6,588		
ward 8		17,328	15,618		
ward 9		17,653	16,933		
ward 10		17,024	16,052		
ward 11		21,903	18,643		
ward 12		13,216	11,524		
ward 13		17,026	15,291		
ward 14		20,651	17,145		
ward 15		12,692	11,024		
ward 16		9,654	7,731		
ward 17		10,226	8,879		
ward 18		13,907	11,122		
ward 19		18,627	13,434		
ward 20		16,863	12,998		
ward 21		12,175	9,305		
Milwaukee town ⁷	6,403	4,610	3,796	- 1,793	- 28.00
North Milwaukee village ⁸		1,049			
Oak Creek town ⁹	2,087	1,950	1,786	- 137	- 6.56
South Milwaukee city ⁹		3,392	2,662		
ward 1		788			
ward 2		811			
ward 3		1,071			
ward 4		722			
Wauwatosa city ⁵		2,842	2,755		
ward 1		841			
ward 2		621			
ward 3		643			
ward 4		737			

¹Cudahy village organized from part of Lake town since 1890. In 1900 Cudahy village had 1,366, Lake town 5,302, total 6,668; in 1890 Lake town had 4,899; increase 1,769 or 36.1 per cent.

²Part taken to form part of North Milwaukee village since 1890.

³Organized from parts of Granville and Wauwatosa towns since 1890.

⁴Parts taken to form Wauwatosa city and part of North Milwaukee village since 1890. An act by which part of this town was annexed to Milwaukee city, took effect Sept. 4, 1900; the population of this area is 3,608.

⁵Organized from part of Wauwatosa town since 1890. In 1900 Granville town had 2,267, North Milwaukee village 1,049, Wauwatosa town 13,860, Wauwatosa city 2,842, total 20,018; in 1890 Granville town had 2,272, Wauwatosa town 10,914, total 13,186; increase 6,832 or 51.81 per cent.

⁶Part of Milwaukee town annexed since 1890. An act by which part of Wauwatosa town was annexed took effect Sept. 4, 1900; the population of this area is 3,608.

⁷Part annexed to Milwaukee city and part taken to form Whitefish Bay village since 1890.

⁸Organized from part of Milwaukee town since 1890. In 1900 Milwaukee city had 285,135, Milwaukee town 4,610, Whitefish Bay village 512, total 290,437; in 1890 Milwaukee city had 204,468, Milwaukee town 6,403, total 210,871; increase 79,566 or 37.73 per cent.

⁹South Milwaukee city organized from part of Oak Creek town since 1890. In 1900 Oak Creek town had 1,950, South Milwaukee city 3,392, total 5,342; in 1890 Oak Creek town had 2,087; increase 3,255 or 155.96 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY—Con.					
Wauwatosa town ⁴	10,914	13,860	12,173	+ 2,946	+ 26.99
Whitefish Bay village ⁵		512	464		
Total	236,101	330,017	287,922	+93,916	+ 29.78
MONROE COUNTY—					
Adrian town	615	631	657	+ 16	+ 2.60
Angelo town	477	710	570	+ 233	+ 48.84
Byron town ¹	458	825	680	+ 367	+ 80.13
Cashton village ²		510	356		
Clifton town	955	993	937	+ 38	+ 3.97
Glendale town ³	1,020	1,051	1,106	+ 31	+ 3.03
Grant town ⁶		499			
Greenfield town	592	712	658	+ 120	+ 20.27
Jefferson town ²	1,315	1,223	1,175	- 92	- 6.99
Kendall village ³	304	460	383	+ 156	+ 51.31
Lafayette town	(¹)	438	337		
La Grange town	730	1,141	1,004	+ 411	+ 56.30
Leon town	688	787	779	+ 99	+ 14.38
Lincoln town ⁶	1,065	863	1,152	- 202	- 18.96
Little Falls town	993	1,222	1,300	+ 229	+ 23.06
New Lyme town	(¹)	206	170		
Norwalk village ⁷		357	318		
Oakdale town	680	682	323	+ 2	+ .29
Ontario village (part of) ⁹		91			
Total for Ontario village in Monroe and Vernon counties		389			
Portland town	1,166	1,194	1,204	+ 28	+ 2.40
Ridgeville town ⁷	1,292	924	979	- 368	- 28.48
Scott town ¹		258			
Sheldon town ⁹	813	821	913	+ 8	+ .98
Sparta city	2,795	3,555	3,511	+ 760	+ 27.19
ward 1	928	975	1,060		
ward 2	662	817	850		
ward 3	694	970	905		
ward 4	511	793	636		
Sparta town	996	1,263	1,235	+ 267	+ 26.80
Tomah city	2,199	2,840	2,458	+ 641	+ 29.14
ward 1		871	650		
ward 2		1,063	845		
ward 3		906	923		

¹ Scott town organized from part of Byron town since 1890. In 1900 Byron town had 825, Scott town 258, total 1,083; in 1890 Byron town had 458; increase 625 or 136.46 per cent.

² Cashton village organized from part of Jefferson town since 1890. In 1900 Cashton village had 510, Jefferson town 1,223, total 1,733; in 1890 Jefferson town had 1,315; increase 418 or 31.78 per cent.

³ Kendall village, formerly in Glendale town, now independent.

⁴ Exclusive of population of Kendall village. In 1890 Glendale town had 1,020, Kendall village 304, total 1,324; in 1900 Glendale town had 1,051, Kendall village 460, total 1,511; increase 187 or 14.12 per cent.

⁵ Grant town organized from part of Lincoln town since 1890. In 1900 Grant town had 499, Lincoln town 863; total 1,362; in 1890 Lincoln town had 1,065; in crease 297 or 27.88 per cent.

⁶ Norwalk village organized from part of Ridgeville town since 1890. In 1900 Norwalk village had 357, Ridgeville town 924, total 1,281; in 1890 Ridgeville town had 1,292; decrease 11 or .85 per cent.

⁷ Ontario village organized from part of Sheldon town since 1890. In 1900 Ontario village had 91, Sheldon town 821, total 912; in 1890 Sheldon town had 813; increase 99 or 12.17 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890		
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.	
MONROE COUNTY—Continued.						
Tomah town	698	744	741	+	46	+ 6.58
Wellington town	1,120	1,091	1,072	—	29	— 2.58
Wells town	642	717	659	+	75	+ 11.68
Wilton town ²	1,086	895	903	—	191	— 17.58
Wilton village ²		400	340			
Total	23,211	28,103	26,350	+	4,892	+ 21.07
OCONTO COUNTY—						
Armstrong town ³		482	151			
Brazeau town ⁴		437	257			
Chase town	913	1,474	1,072	+	561	+ 61.44
Gillet town ⁵	938	1,249	898	+	311	+ 33.15
How town ⁶	770	1,066	597	+	313	+ 40.60
Lena town ⁷		894	567			
Little River town ⁸	1,194	1,042	1,041	—	152	— 12.72
Little Suamico town	624	844	746	+	320	+ 51.28
Maple Valley town ⁹	1,356	870	765	—	466	— 34.87
Oconto city	5,219	5,646	6,017	+	427	+ 8.18
east ward		1,492	1,667			
north ward		1,104	1,076			
south ward		2,080	2,166			
west ward		970	1,108			
Oconto town	1,068	1,042	1,241	—	26	— 2.43
Oconto Falls town	494	1,154		+	660	+ 33.50
Pensaukee town	1,585	1,763	1,762	+	183	+ 11.54
Spruce town ⁴		1,029	764			
Stiles town	863	897	835	+	29	+ 3.34
Underhill town ⁵		631	549			
Menomonie Indian Reservation (part of)		232	220			
Total for Menomonie Indian Reservation in Oconto and Shawano counties		1,487				
Total	15,009	20,874	18,339	+	5,865	+ 39.07
ONEIDA COUNTY¹⁰—						
Gagen town		554				
Hazelhurst town		1,052	1,352			
Newbold town		258				
Pelican town		568	850			

¹Lafayette and New Lyme towns (population 512) not separately returned in 1890.

²Wilton village organized from parts of Wilton town since 1890. In 1900 Wilton town had 895, Wilton village 400, total 1,295; in 1890 Wilton town had 1,086; increase 209 or 19.24 per cent.

³Organized from parts of How and Maple Valley towns since 1890.

⁴Organized from part of Maple Valley town since 1890.

⁵Part taken to form part of Underhill town since 1890.

⁶Part taken to form parts of Armstrong and Underhill towns since 1890.

⁷Parts taken to form Brazeau and Spruce towns and part of Armstrong town since 1890.

⁸Organized from parts of Gillet and How towns since 1890. In 1900 Armstrong town had 482, Brazeau town 437, Gillet town 1,249, How town 1,083, Maple Valley town 870, Spruce town 1,029, Underhill town 631, total 5,781; in 1890 Gillet town had 938, How town 770, Maple Valley town 1,356, total 3,044; increase 2,737 or 89.9 per cent.

⁹Lena town organized from part of Little River town since 1890. In 1900 Lena town had 894, Little River town 1,042, total 1,936; in 1890 Little River town had 1,194; increase 742 or 62.14 per cent.

¹⁰Parts taken to form Vilas and part of Iron counties in 1893, and part of Forest county annexed since 1890. Comparison with population for 1890 can not be made; information as to changes in minor civil divisions incomplete.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table IV—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
ONEIDA COUNTY—Continued.					
Rhineland city	2,658	4,998	4,330	+ 2,340	+ 88.03
ward 1		881	925		
ward 2		786	744		
ward 3		770	861		
ward 4		733	688		
ward 5	1,034		628		
ward 6		794	484		
Schoepke town		299			
Sugar Camp town		485			
Woodboro town		661	528		
Total	5,010	8,875	7,060	+ 3,865	+ 77.14
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY—					
Appleton city	11,869	15,085	14,641	+ 3,216	+ 27.09
ward 1	2,208	2,846	2,611		
ward 2	2,737	2,692	2,974		
ward 3	2,426	3,130	3,139		
ward 4	1,267	1,623	1,511		
ward 5		2,588	2,384		
ward 6	3,221	2,201	2,022		
Black Creek town	1,277	1,482	1,454	+ 105	+ 7.62
Bovina town	663	1,034	787	+ 371	+ 55.95
Buchanan town	1,297	2,096	2,079	+ 699	+ 50.03
Center town	1,488	1,458	1,525	+ 30	+ 2.01
Cicero town	952	1,103	1,013	+ 151	+ 15.86
Dale town	1,207	1,273	1,265	+ 66	+ 5.46
Deer Creek town	932	1,308	1,175	+ 376	+ 40.34
Ellington town	1,210	1,188	1,231	+ 27	+ 1.81
Freedom town	1,602	1,664	1,656	+ 62	+ 3.87
Grand Chute town	1,574	1,722	1,713	+ 148	+ 9.40
Greenville town	1,246	1,342	1,335	+ 96	+ 7.70
Hortonia town ¹	867	654	738	+ 213	+ 24.56
Hortonville village ¹	440	913	864	+ 473	+ 107.50
Kaukauna city	4,667	5,115	5,451	+ 448	+ 9.59
ward 1		1,155	1,201		
ward 2		1,162	1,334		
ward 3		1,281	1,426		
ward 4		1,093	1,056		
ward 5		424	434		
Kaukauna town ²	4,348	1,479	1,514	+ 131	+ 9.71
Liberty town	492	599	828	+ 107	+ 21.74
Little Chute village ³	380	944	728	+ 564	+ 48.42
Maine town	478	616	588	+ 138	+ 28.87
Maple Creek town	815	800	824	+ 15	+ 1.84

¹Hortonville village, formerly in Hortonia town, made independent since 1890.

²Exclusive of population of Hortonville village. In 1890 Hortonia town had 867, Hortonville village 440, total 1,307; in 1900 Hortonia town had 654, Hortonville village 913, total 1,567; increase 260 or 19.89 per cent.

³Little Chute village, formerly in Kaukauna town, made independent since 1890.

⁴Exclusive of population of Little Chute village. In 1890 Kaukauna town had 1,348, Little Chute village 380, total 1,728; in 1900 Kaukauna town had 1,479, Little Chute village 944, total 2,423; increase 695 or 40.21 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1955.

Table IV—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1890.		1895.	No.	Per ct.
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY—Con.					
New London city (ward 3).....	368	540	522	+	172 + 46.73
Total for New London city in Outagamie & Waupaca Cos.	2,050	2,742		+	692 + 33.75
ward 1		699			
ward 2		556			
ward 3		540			
ward 4		647			
ward 5		300			
Osborn town	685	656	712	—	29 — 4.21
Seymour city	733	1,026	932	+	293 + 28.55
Seymour town	977	1,141	1,129	+	164 + 16.78
Oneida Indian Reservation (part of)	923	1,009		+	86 + 9.31
(For total see Brown Co.)....					
Total	38,690	46,247	44,404	+	7,557 + 19.53
OZAUKEE COUNTY—					
Belgium town	1,690	1,547	1,627	—	143 — 8.46
Cedarburg city ¹	1,361	1,626	1,652	+	265 + 19.47
Cedarburg town ²	1,507	1,450	1,591	—	57 — 3.78
Fredonia town	1,666	1,652	1,721	—	14 — .84
Grafton town ³	1,010	1,060	1,567	+	50 + 4.95
Mequon town	434	478		+	44 + 10.13
Port Washington town ⁴	2,902	2,792	2,908	—	110 — 3.79
Port Washington city ⁵	1,659	3,010	2,661	+	1,351 + 81.43
Port Washington town ⁶	1,067	1,081	1,109	+	14 + 1.31
Saukville town	1,647	1,667	1,714	+	20 + 1.21
Total	14,943	16,363	16,545	+	1,420 + 9.50
PEPIN COUNTY—					
Albany town	459	650	568	+	191 + 41.61
Durand city	1,154	1,458	1,372	+	304 + 26.34
Durand town	253	267	250	+	14 + 5.53
Frankfort town	648	877	775	+	229 + 35.34
Lima town	765	743	748	—	22 — 2.87
Pepin town ⁷	1,122	1,142	1,194	+	20 + 1.78
Pepin village ⁸	369	407	375	+	38 + 10.29
Stockholm town	711	671	743	—	40 — 5.62
Waterville town	1,287	1,522	1,382	+	235 + 18.25
Waubeck town	164	168	160	+	4 + 2.43
Total	6,932	7,905	7,567	+	973 + 14.03

¹Cedarburg city, formerly in Cedarburg town, now independent.²Exclusive of population of Cedarburg city. In 1890 Cedarburg city had 1,361, Cedarburg town 1,507, total 2,868; in 1900 Cedarburg city had 1,626, Cedarburg town 1,450, total 3,076; increase 208 or 7.25 per cent.³Grafton village, formerly in Grafton town, now independent.⁴Exclusive of population of Grafton village. In 1890 Grafton town had 1,010, Grafton village 434, total 1,444; in 1900 Grafton town had 1,060, Grafton village 478, total 1,538; increase 94 or 6.50 per cent.⁵Port Washington city, formerly in Port Washington town, now independent.⁶Exclusive of population of Port Washington city. In 1890 Port Washington city had 1,659, Port Washington town 1,067, total 2,726; in 1900 Port Washington city had 3,010, Port Washington town 1,081, total 4,091; increase 1,365 or 50 per cent.⁷Exclusive of population of Pepin village. In 1890 Pepin town had 1,122, Pepin village 369, total 1,491; in 1900 Pepin town had 1,142, Pepin village 407, total 1,549; increase 58 or 3.89 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1935.

Table IV—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890	1900.	1935.	No.	Per ct.
PIERCE COUNTY—					
Clifton town	633	631	688	2	.31
Diamond Bluff town	472	506	532	34	7.20
Ellsworth town	1,338	1,481	1,495	143	10.58
Ellsworth village	670	1,052	881	382	57.01
El Paso town	845	1,084	1,015	239	28.23
Gilman town	1,239	1,378	1,288	139	11.21
Hartland town	1,201	1,182	1,206	19	1.58
Isabelle town	330	447	373	117	35.45
Malden Rock town	1,176	1,187	1,322	11	.93
Malden Rock village	343	304	312	39	11.37
Martell town	1,292	1,277	1,354	15	1.16
Oak Grove town	824	788	865	36	4.36
Prescott city	911	1,002	966	91	9.98
River Falls city wards 2, 3 & 4	1,602	1,850	1,768	248	15.43
Total for River Falls city, in Pierce & St. Croix counties	1,783	2,008	.....	225	12.61
ward 1	153	.....	151	.....	.....
ward 2	785	.....	807	.....	.....
ward 3	464	.....	449	.....	.....
ward 4	601	.....	512	.....	.....
River Falls town	1,073	1,254	1,342	181	16.86
Rock Elm town	1,047	1,270	1,141	223	21.29
Salem town	845	1,081	814	136	16.09
Spring Lake town ¹	998	1,200	1,200	202	20.24
Spring Valley village ¹ .....	.....	1,021	.....	.....	.....
Trenton town	951	965	1,048	14	1.47
Trimbelle town	1,594	1,505	1,681	89	5.58
Union town	1,001	1,478	1,326	477	47.65
Total	20,385	23,943	23,040	3,558	17.45
POLK COUNTY—					
Alden town	1,261	1,440	1,474	179	14.95
Amery village ²	451	905	902	454	100.66
Apple River town	365	512	469	147	40.27
Balsam Lake town	431	757	571	326	75.63
Beaver town	333	506	439	173	51.93
Black Brook town	708	899	812	191	26.97
Bone Lake town	62	166	120	104	167.58
Clam Falls town	203	340	218	137	67.48
Clayton town	618	836	744	218	35.27
Clear Lake town ⁴	951	752	607	190	20.92
Clear Lake village ⁴ .....	.....	527	436	.....	.....
Eureka town	808	1,041	967	233	28.83
Farmington town	899	1,059	1,062	160	17.79
Garfield town	540	831	778	291	53.88
Georgetown town	85	211	111	126	14.82
Johnstown town	100	138	117	38	38.00
Laketown town	663	811	715	143	21.40
Lincoln town ²	621	1,010	805	389	62.64

¹Spring Valley village organized from part of Spring Lake town since 1890. In 1900 Spring Lake town had 998; increase 1,223 or 122.54 per cent.

²Amery village, formerly in Lincoln town, now independent.

³Exclusive of population of Amery village. In 1890 Amery village had 451, Lincoln town 621, total 1,072; in 1900 Amery village had 905, Lincoln town 1,010, total 1,915; increase 843 or 78.63 per cent.

⁴Clear Lake village organized from part of Clear Lake town since 1890. In 1900 Clear Lake town had 752, Clear Lake village 527, total 1,279; in 1890 Clear Lake town had 951; increase 328 or 34.49 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table IV—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
POLK COUNTY—Continued.					
Loraine town ¹	210	267	258	+	57 + 27.14
Luck town	393	526	440	+	133 + 33.84
McKinley town ¹		110			
Milltown town	459	671	582	+	212 + 46.20
Osceola town ²	683	847	806	+	164 + 24.01
Osceola village ²	384	466	478	+	82 + 21.35
St. Croix Falls town ³	553	534	375	—	481 - 907.55
St. Croix Falls village ³	745	622	608	—	123 - 16.51
Sterling town	667	735	779	+	68 + 10.19
West Sweden town	270	282	314	+	12 + 4.44
Total	12,968	17,801	16,117	+	4,833 + 37.26
PORTAGE COUNTY—					
Alban town	563	878	792	+	315 + 55.95
Almond town	1,035	1,080	1,147	+	45 + 4.34
Amherst town ⁷	1,324	1,425	2,030	+	101 + 7.62
Amherst village ⁷	438	553			120 + 27.39
Belmont town	622	781	829	+	159 + 25.56
Buena Vista town	1,061	1,102	1,159	+	41 + 3.86
Carson town ⁹	961	1,505	1,000	+	544 + 56.60
Dewey town ¹⁰		734			
Eau Pleine town ¹¹	748	1,086	780	+	338 + 45.18
Grant town	417	557	465	+	140 + 33.57
Hull town ¹¹	1,477	1,469	1,434	—	81 - .54
Lanark town	797	825	907	+	28 + 3.51
Linwood town ⁹	368	677	446	+	309 + 83.96
New Hope town	885	962	1,002	+	77 + 8.70
Pine Grove town	399	565	501	+	166 + 4.16
Plover town	1,274	1,611	1,793	+	357 + 26.45
Sharon town	1,940	2,225	2,175	+	235 + 14.69
Stevens Point city	7,896	9,524	8,995	+	1,628 + 20.61
ward 1		1,448	1,362		
ward 2		1,699	1,544		
ward 3		1,600	1,482		
ward 4		2,313	2,258		
ward 5		1,623	1,487		
ward 6		841	882		
Stockton town	1,698	1,899	1,944	+	201 + 11.83
Total	24,798	29,433	28,531	+	4,685 + 18.88

¹McKinley town organized from part of Loraine town since 1890. In 1900 Loraine town had 267, McKinley town 110, total 377; in 1890 Loraine town had 210; increase 167 or 79.52 per cent.

²Osceola village, formerly in Osceola town, now independent.

³Exclusive of population of Osceola village. In 1890 Osceola town had 683, Osceola village 384, total 1,067; in 1900 Osceola town had 847, Osceola village 466, total 1,313; increase 246 or 23.05 per cent.

⁴St. Croix Falls village, formerly in St. Croix Falls town, now independent.

⁵Exclusive of population of St. Croix Falls village. In 1890 St. Croix Falls town had 53, St. Croix Falls village 745, total 798; in 1900 St. Croix Falls town had 534, St. Croix Falls village 622, total 1,156; increase 358 or 44.86 per cent.

⁶Includes population (895) of Stevens Point town; annexed to Carson, Eau Pleine, Hull and Linwood towns since 1890.

⁷Amherst village, formerly in Amherst town, now independent.

⁸Exclusive of population of Amherst village. In 1890 Amherst town had 1,324, Amherst village 438, total 1,762; in 1900 Amherst town had 1,425, Amherst village 553, total 1,983; increase 221 or 12.54 per cent.

⁹Part of Stevens Point town annexed since 1890. In 1900 Carson town had 1,505, Linwood town 677, Stevens Point town 895, total 3,077; in 1890 Carson town had 961, Linwood town 368, total 1,329; increase 1,748 or 131.52 per cent.

¹⁰Organized from parts of Eau Pleine and Hull towns since 1890.

¹¹Part taken to form part of Dewey town, and part of Stevens Point town annexed since 1890. In 1900 Dewey town had 734, Eau Pleine town 1,086, Hull town 1,463, total 3,309; in 1890 Eau Pleine town had 748, Hull town 1,477, total 2,225; increase 1,084 or 48.71 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1935.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890		
	1890.	1900.	1935.	No.	Per ct.	
PRICE COUNTY—						
Brannan town ¹	516	523	374	+	7	+ 1.35
Emery town	105	371	119	+	266	+253.33
Fifield town	357	373	494	—	484	— 56.47
Georgetown town	157	249	149	+	92	+ 58.59
Hackett town	191	219	360	+	28	+ 14.66
Hill town ¹ .....	.....	242	234	.....	.....	.....
Kennan town	96	520	215	+	424	+441.66
Knox town ¹ .....	.....	411	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lake town	409	769	657	+	360	+ 88.01
Ogema town	775	972	1,017	+	197	+ 25.28
Philips city ² .....	.....	1,820	1,652	.....	.....	.....
ward 1	740	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	547	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	533	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Prentice town	570	519	979	—	51	— 8.94
Prentice village .....	.....	939	.....	.....	.....	.....
Worcester town ²	1,582	1,179	707	—	403	— 25.47
Total	5,258	9,106	7,257	+	3,848	+ 73.18
RACINE COUNTY—						
Burlington city ³	2,043	2,526	2,428	+	483	+ 23.64
Burlington town ³	4,097	1,052	1,069	—	45	— 4.10
Caledonia town	2,732	2,805	2,853	+	73	+ 2.67
Dover town	924	853	922	—	71	— 7.68
Mt. Pleasant town	2,192	2,911	2,277	+	719	+ 32.80
Norway town	841	913	968	+	72	+ 8.56
Racine city	21,014	29,102	24,889	+	8,088	+ 38.48
ward 1	1,155	.....	1,103	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	2,662	.....	2,126	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	3,786	.....	3,568	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	3,809	.....	3,516	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	6,704	.....	5,695	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	6,691	.....	5,455	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	4,295	.....	3,426	.....	.....	.....
Raymond town	1,734	1,601	1,723	—	183	— 10.25
Rochester town	699	750	760	+	51	+ 7.29
Union Grove village ⁵	432	520	472	+	88	+ 20.37
Waterford town	1,551	1,564	1,637	+	13	+ .83
Yorkville town ⁵	959	1,047	1,112	+	88	+ 9.17
Total	36,268	45,644	41,722	+	9,376	+ 25.90
RICHLAND COUNTY—						
Akan town	982	916	993	—	66	— 6.72
Bloom town	1,361	1,261	1,365	—	100	— 7.34
Buena Vista town	797	1,104	820	+	307	+ 38.37
Dayton town	1,119	1,006	1,138	—	113	— 10.09
Eagle town	1,153	1,003	1,109	—	150	— 13.00

¹Hill and Knox towns organized from parts of Brannan town since 1890. In 1900 Brannan town had 523, Hill town 242, Knox town 411, total 1,176; in 1890 Brannan town had 516; increase 660 or 127.9 per cent.

²Philips city organized from part of Worcester town since 1890. In 1900 Philips city had 1,820, Worcester town 1,179, total 2,999; in 1890 Worcester town had 1,582; increase 1,417 or 89.57 per cent.

³Burlington village, formerly in Burlington town, incorporated as a city and made independent since 1890.

⁴Exclusive of population of Burlington village. In 1890 Burlington city had 2,043, Burlington town 1,097, total 3,140; in 1900 Burlington city had 2,526, Burlington town 1,052, total 3,578; increase 438 or 13.94 per cent.

⁵Union Grove village, formerly in Yorkville town, now independent.

⁶Exclusive of population of Union Grove village. In 1890 Union Grove village had 432, Yorkville town 959, total 1,391; in 1900 Union Grove village had 520, Yorkville town 1,047, total 1,567; increase 176 or 12.65 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
RICHLAND COUNTY—Con.					
Forest town ¹	1,151	833	1,147	- 318	- 27.62
Henrietta town	1,143	1,140	1,207	- 3	- .26
Ithaca town	1,193	916	1,319	- 277	- 23.21
Lone Rock village	342	512	393	+ 170	+ 49.70
Marshall town	909	912	886	- 3	- .33
Orion town	665	962	688	+ 297	+ 44.66
Richland town	847	834	830	- 47	- 5.54
Richland Center city	1,819	2,321	2,044	+ 502	+ 27.59
ward 1	551	796	723	.....	.....
ward 2	671	820	749	.....	.....
ward 3	597	705	569	.....	.....
Richwood town	1,343	1,209	1,358	- 44	- 3.27
Rockbridge town	1,148	981	1,161	- 157	- 13.67
Sylvan town	1,013	926	1,016	- 87	- 8.58
Viola village (part of) ¹ .....	.....	237	.....	.....	.....
Total for Viola village, in Richland and Vernon counties.....	.....	422	.....	.....	.....
Westford town	1,124	1,163	1,111	+ 39	+ 3.46
Willow town	1,012	1,037	1,037	+ 75	+ 7.41
Total	19,121	19,483	19,619	+ 362	+ 1.89
ROCK COUNTY—					
Avon town	806	773	778	- 33	- 4.09
Beloit city	6,315	10,436	7,786	+ 4,121	+ 65.25
ward 1 .....	.....	1,700	.....	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	2,699	.....	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	1,737	.....	.....	.....
ward 4 .....	.....	2,336	.....	.....	.....
ward 5 .....	.....	1,964	.....	.....	.....
Beloit town	714	728	712	+ 14	+ 1.96
Bradford town	849	919	907	+ 70	+ 8.24
Center town	1,073	1,090	1,176	+ 17	+ 1.58
Clinton town	1,105	1,011	1,111	- 94	- 8.50
Clinton village	856	871	951	+ 15	+ 1.75
Edgerton city	1,595	2,192	1,972	+ 597	+ 37.43
ward 1 .....	.....	803	.....	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	776	.....	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	613	.....	.....	.....
Evansville city ²	1,523	1,864	1,716	+ 341	+ 22.38
ward 1 .....	.....	584	.....	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	603	.....	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	677	.....	.....	.....
Fulton town	1,363	1,417	1,419	+ 54	+ 3.96
Harmony town	1,683	1,112	1,184	+ 29	+ 2.67
Janesville city	10,836	13,185	12,971	+ 2,349	+ 21.67
ward 1	2,737	2,594	2,484	.....	.....
ward 2	2,194	2,030	2,366	.....	.....
ward 3	1,579	2,985	2,776	.....	.....
ward 4	3,052	3,715	3,527	.....	.....
ward 5	1,274	1,861	1,818	.....	.....
Janesville town	926	1,132	1,193	+ 206	+ 22.24
Johnstown	1,034	932	1,027	- 102	- 9.87

¹Viola village organized from part of Forest town since 1890. In 1900 Forest town had 833. Viola village 237, total 1,070; in 1890 Forest town had 1,151; decrease 81 or 7 per cent.

²Incorporated as a city since 1890.

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POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
ROCK COUNTY—Continued.					
La Prairie town	832	943	945	+	111 + 13.34
Lima town	1,109	1,630	1,064	—	79 — 7.12
Magnolia town	1,093	1,001	1,135	—	47 — 4.23
Milton town	2,300	2,552	2,409	+	252 + 10.95
Newark town	1,039	966	1,000	—	73 — 7.02
Plymouth town	1,183	1,349	1,254	+	161 + 13.55
Porter town	1,255	1,225	1,255	—	10 — .80
Rock town	976	958	975	—	18 — 1.84
Spring Valley town	1,422	1,446	1,413	+	24 + 1.68
Turtle town	993	1,076	1,087	+	83 + 8.35
Union town	950	945	924	—	5 — .52
Total	43,220	51,203	48,414	+	7,983 + 18.49
ST. CROIX COUNTY—					
Baldwin town	1,314	1,295	1,450	+	81 + 6.16
Baldwin village	482	631	621	+	149 + 30.91
Cady town	771	1,099	844	+	328 + 42.54
Cylon town	701	991	838	+	290 + 41.36
Eau Galle town	1,374	1,084	1,149	—	290 — 21.10
Emerald town	543	767	602	+	224 + 41.25
Erin Prairie town	844	820	910	—	24 — 2.84
Forest town	190	440	170	+	250 + 131.57
Glenwood city ¹		1,789	2,008		
ward 1		425			
ward 2		485			
ward 3		417			
ward 4		462			
Glenwood town ¹	1,656	758	449	—	898 — 54.22
Hammond town	890	844	900	—	46 — 5.16
Hammond village	388	404	400	+	16 + 4.09
Hudson city	2,885	3,259	3,328	+	374 + 12.96
ward 1	518	634			
ward 2	1,176	1,251			
ward 3	1,216	1,374			
Hudson town	593	849	841	+	256 + 43.17
Kinnickinnic town	614	679	629	+	65 + 10.58
New Richmond city	1,408	1,631	1,630	+	223 + 15.83
ward 1	459	434			
ward 2	493	673			
ward 3	462	524			
Pleasant Valley town	529	426	471	—	103 — 19.47
Richmond town	826	720	850	—	106 — 12.83
River Falls city (ward 1)	181	158	151	—	23 — 12.70
(For total see Pierce Co.)					
Rush River town	650	582	633	—	68 — 10.61
St. Joseph town	774	1,024	948	+	250 + 32.29
Somerset town	1,143	1,451	1,287	+	303 + 26.39
Springfield town	1,431	1,419	1,319	—	12 — .83
Stanton town	758	780	785	+	22 + 2.90
Star Prairie town	761	1,280	968	+	519 + 68.20
Troy town	692	735	758	—	43 — 6.21
Warren town	736	815	811	+	79 + 10.73
Total	23,139	26,830	25,870	+	3,691 + 15.95

¹Glenwood city organized from part of Glenwood town since 1890. In 1900 Glenwood city had 1,789. Glenwood town 758, total 2,547; in 1890 Glenwood town had 1,656; increase 891 or 53.8 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1905.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1905, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1905.	No.	Per ct
SAUK COUNTY—					
Ableman village ¹	322	430	430	+ 98	+ 29.51
Baraboo city	4,605	5,751	5,484	+ 1,146	+ 24.88
ward 1	1,705	1,945	1,977	.....	.....
ward 2	1,545	2,471	2,006	.....	.....
ward 3	1,355	1,535	1,501	.....	.....
Baraboo town	1,356	1,464	1,446	+ 78	+ 5.62
Bear Creek town	883	976	915	+ 93	+ 10.53
Delona town	594	626	619	+ 32	+ 5.38
Delton town	829	916	855	+ 87	+ 10.49
Excelsior town ¹	2,967	954	945	- 13	- 1.34
Fairfield town	672	697	730	+ 28	+ 3.72
Franklin town	1,044	1,114	1,075	+ 70	+ 6.70
Freedom town ³	4943	962	1,036	+ 19	+ 2.01
Greenfield town	848	924	898	+ 76	+ 8.96
Honey Creek town	1,124	993	1,090	- 131	- 11.65
Ironton town	1,455	1,362	1,429	- 93	- 6.39
La Valle town	1,034	1,063	1,054	+ 29	+ 2.80
La Valle village	333	386	343	+ 53	+ 15.91
Merrimac town ⁶	847	615	895	- 202	- 23.84
Merrimac village ⁶ .....	.....	350	.....	.....	.....
North Freedom village ⁵	316	485	420	+ 169	+ 53.48
Prairie du Sac town	618	541	545	- 77	- 12.46
Prairie du Sac village	562	656	616	+ 94	+ 16.72
Reedsburg city	1,737	2,225	2,116	+ 488	+ 28.09
ward 1 .....	.....	1,027	1,095	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	1,198	1,021	.....	.....
Reedsburg town	1,112	1,204	1,110	+ 92	+ 8.27
Sauk City village	876	810	837	- 77	- 7.53
Spring Green town ⁷	583	656	634	+ 73	+ 12.52
Spring Green village ⁷	625	621	777	- 4	- .64
Sumpter town	761	724	758	- 37	- 4.86
Troy town	911	950	998	+ 39	+ 4.28
Washington town	1,206	1,226	1,263	+ 20	+ 1.65
Westfield town	1,357	1,285	1,449	- 72	- 5.30
Winfield town	793	813	821	+ 20	+ 2.52
Woodland town	1,222	1,227	1,322	+ 5	+ .40
Total	30,575	33,006	32,919	+ 2,431	+ 7.95
SAWYER COUNTY²—					
Hayward town .....	.....	2,720	3,741	.....	.....
Lac Court d'O Reilles Indian Reservation .....	.....	873	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,977	3,593	3,741	+ 1,616	+ 81.74

¹Ableman village, formerly in Excelsior town, now independent.²Exclusive of population of Ableman village. In 1890 Ableman village had 332, Excelsior town 967, total 1,299; in 1900 Ableman village had 430, Excelsior town 954, total 1,384; increase 85 or 6.54 per cent.³Included North Freedom village in 1890.⁴Exclusive of population of North Freedom village.⁵Formerly in Freedom town, now independent. In 1890 Freedom town had 943, North Freedom village 316, total 1,259; in 1900 Freedom town had 962, North Freedom village 485, total 1,447; increase 188 or 14.93 per cent.⁶Merrimac village organized from part of Merrimac town since 1890. In 1900 Merrimac town had 615, Merrimac village 350, total 965; in 1890 Merrimac town had 847; increase 118 or 13.93 per cent.⁷Spring Green village, formerly in Spring Green town, now independent.⁸Exclusive of population of Spring Green village. In 1890 Spring Green town had 583, Spring Green village 625, total 1,208; in 1900 Spring Green town had 656, Spring Green village 621, total 1,277; increase 69 or 5.71 per cent.⁹Not returned by towns in 1890.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
SHAWANO COUNTY—					
Almon town	463	700	561	+ 237	+ 51.18
Angelica town	680	1,260	1,062	+ 580	+ 85.29
Aniwa town	686	924	698	+ 248	+ 36.15
Belle Plaine town	1,028	997	1,016	- 31	- 3.01
Birnamwood town ¹	731	785	502	+ 54	+ 7.38
Birnamwood village ¹ .....	.....	475	370	.....	.....
Fairbanks town ²	792	923	726	+ 131	+ 16.54
Germania town	131	308	157	+ 177	+ 135.11
Grant town	1,026	1,169	1,108	+ 143	+ 13.93
Green Valley town	784	1,037	915	+ 253	+ 32.27
Hartland town	1,379	1,442	1,442	+ 63	+ 4.56
Herman town	853	1,111	986	+ 258	+ 20.24
Hutchins town	620	1,469	740	+ 849	+ 136.93
Lessor town	749	1,111	974	+ 362	+ 48.33
Maple Grove town	1,400	1,814	1,841	+ 414	+ 29.57
Morris town	400	689	490	+ 289	+ 7.22
Navarino town	243	413	282	+ 170	+ 69.95
Pella town	816	930	886	+ 114	+ 13.97
Richmond town	1,128	1,105	1,069	- 23	- 2.03
Seneca town	350	515	423	+ 165	+ 47.14
Shawano city	1,505	1,863	1,759	+ 358	+ 23.78
ward 1 .....	.....	800	720	.....	.....
ward 2 .....	.....	500	496	.....	.....
ward 3 .....	.....	563	541	.....	.....
Tigerson village ² .....	.....	723	480	.....	.....
Washington town	1,242	1,322	1,420	+ 80	+ 6.44
Waukechon town	846	940	950	+ 94	+ 11.11
Wittenberg town ³	658	1,011	978	+ 353	+ 53.64
Wittenberg village ³	726	798	798	+ 72	+ 9.90
Menomonie Indian Reservation (part of) .....	.....	1,255	.....	.....	.....
(For total see Oconto Co.) .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stockbridge Indian Reservation .....	.....	376	.....	.....	.....
Total	19,236	27,475	22,573	+ 8,239	+ 42.83
SHEROYGAN COUNTY—					
Cedar Grove village ⁵ .....	.....	327	.....	.....	.....
Elkhart Lake village ⁶ .....	.....	464	392	.....	.....
Greenbush town	1,690	1,689	1,758	- 1	- .05
Herman town	1,998	1,940	1,944	- 58	- 2.90
Holland town ⁵	2,874	2,551	2,846	- 323	- 11.23
Lima town	1,921	1,949	1,940	+ 28	+ 1.45
Lyndon town	1,697	1,732	1,741	+ 35	+ 2.06
Mitchell town	1,012	974	1,034	- 38	- 3.75
Mosel town	863	885	884	+ 22	+ 2.54

¹Birnamwood village organized from part of Birnamwood town since 1890. In 1900 Birnamwood town had 785; Birnamwood village 475, total 1,260; in 1890 Birnamwood town had 731; increase 529 or 72.36 per cent.

²Tigerson village organized from part of Fairbanks town since 1890. In 1900 Fairbanks town had 923, Tigerson village 723, total 1,646; in 1890 Fairbanks town had 792; increase 854 or 107.82 per cent.

³Wittenberg village, formerly in Wittenberg town, now independent.

⁴Exclusive of population of Wittenberg village. In 1890 Wittenberg town had 658, Wittenberg village 726, total 1,384; in 1900 Wittenberg town had 1,011, Wittenberg village 798, total 1,809; increase 425 or 30.7 per cent.

⁵Cedar Grove village organized from part of Holland town since 1890. In 1900 Cedar Grove village had 327, Holland town 2,551, total 2,878; in 1890 Holland town had 2,874; increase 4 or .13 per cent.

⁶Elkhart Lake village organized from part of Rhine town since 1890. Elkhart Lake village, in 1900, had 464, Rhine town 1,295, total 1,749; in 1890 Rhine town had 1,612; increase 137 or 8.49 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease— in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY—Con.					
Plymouth city	1,503	2,257	2,213	+ 754	+ 50.16
Plymouth town	1,356	1,398	1,386	+ 42	+ 3.09
Rhine town ⁶	1,612	1,285	1,494	327	- 74.48
Russell town	459	437	443	2	- .45
Scott town	1,437	1,432	1,432	41	- 2.78
Sheboygan city	16,359	22,962	21,130	+ 6,603	+ 40.36
ward 1	2,295	3,124	3,013		
ward 2	2,323	2,170	2,184		
ward 3	1,474	1,404	1,324		
ward 4		3,328	2,918		
ward 5	3,759	3,184	2,801		
ward 6		1,877	1,802		
ward 7	3,064	3,178	2,681		
ward 8	3,464	4,697	4,407		
Sheboygan town	2,117	2,181	1,915	+ 64	+ 3.02
Sheboygan Falls town	1,677	1,690	1,664	+ 13	+ .78
Sheboygan Falls village	1,118	1,301	1,220	+ 183	+ 16.36
Sherman town	1,736	1,813	1,807	+ 77	+ 4.43
Wilson town	1,044	1,078	1,133	+ 34	+ 3.25
Total	42,489	50,345	48,396	+ 7,856	+ 18.48
TAYLOR COUNTY—					
Aurora town ²		106			
Browning town	230	586	273	+ 556	+154.78
Chelsea town	613	787	584	+ 174	+ 28.38
Cleveland town ⁷		231			
Deer Creek town	573	775	663	+ 202	+ 35.25
Greenwood town	233	394	302	+ 161	+ 69.09
Grover town ³	296	333	602	+ 37	+ 12.50
Hammel town ⁴		389			
Holway town ⁵		308	199		
Little Black town	1,151	1,331	1,268	+ 200	+ 17.68
Medford city	1,193	1,758	1,518	+ 565	+ 47.36
ward 1		710	611		
ward 2		406	413		
ward 3		642	494		
Medford town	1,994	1,394	1,205	+ 300	+ 27.42
Moliter town ⁷	117	112	303	- 5	- 4.27
Rib Lake town	520	1,693	959	+ 1,173	+226.53
Westboro town	541	1,060	592	+ 519	+ 95.93
Total	16,731	11,262	8,498	+ 4,531	+ 67.31
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY—					
Albion town	847	1,126	952	+ 279	+ 32.93
Arcadia town ⁸	92,488	2,641	2,767	+ 153	+ 6.14
Arcadia village ⁸	659	1,273	1,012	+ 614	+ 93.17

¹ Includes population (1900) of Pine Creek town, taken to form Holway town and part of Aurora town since 1890.

² Organized from parts of Grover and Pine Creek towns since 1890.

³ Parts taken to form Hammel town and part of Aurora town since 1890.

⁴ Organized from part of Grover town since 1890.

⁵ Organized from part of Pine Creek town since 1890. In 1900 Aurora town had 106, Grover town 233, Pine Creek town 190, Hammel town 389, Holway 308, total 1,326; in 1890 Grover town had 296; increase 1,030 or 347.97 per cent.

⁶ Cleveland town organized from part of Moliter town since 1890. In 1900 Cleveland town had 231, Moliter town 112, total 343; in 1890 Moliter town had 117; increase 226 or 193.16 per cent.

⁷ Arcadia village, formerly in Arcadia town, now independent.

⁸ Exclusive of population of Arcadia village. In 1890 Arcadia town had 2,488, Arcadia village 659, total 3,147; in 1900 Arcadia town had 2,641, Arcadia village 1,273, total 3,914; increase 767 or 24.37 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY—Con.					
Blair village ¹		438	420	.....	.....
Burnside town ²	825	938	922	+ 113	+ 13.69
Caledonia town	379	345	359	- 34	- 8.97
Chimney Rock town	682	963	879	+ 281	+ 41.24
Dodge town	448	495	535	+ 47	+ 10.49
Ettrick town	1,841	1,969	1,916	+ 128	+ 6.95
Gale town ⁴	51,279	1,384	1,387	+ 105	+ 8.20
Galesville village ⁴	537	862	874	+ 325	+ 60.51
Hale town	1,566	1,773	1,740	+ 207	+ 13.21
Independence village ²	352	630	534	+ 248	+ 64.92
Lincoln town ⁶	7633	786	725	+ 153	+ 24.10
Osseo village ⁸		472	275	.....	.....
Pigeon town	1,038	1,209	1,167	+ 171	+ 16.47
Preston town ¹	1,811	1,693	1,692	+ 118	+ 6.51
Sumner town ⁸	854	767	727	- 87	- 10.18
Trempealeau town ⁹	101,584	1,152	1,036	+ 432	+ 27.27
Trempealeau village ⁹		609	682	.....	.....
Unity town	763	989	930	+ 226	+ 29.61
Whitehall village ⁶	304	600	402	+ 296	+ 97.36
Total	18,920	23,114	21,963	+ 4,194	+ 22.16
VERNON COUNTY—					
Birgen town	1,011	1,184	1,169	+ 173	+ 17.11
Christiana town ¹¹	1,521	1,264	1,236	- 257	- 16.89
Clinton town	1,045	1,214	1,127	+ 169	+ 16.17
Coon town	1,188	1,324	1,238	+ 136	+ 11.44
De Soto village (part of) ¹³	276	300	430	+ 24	+ 8.69
(For total see Crawford Co.)					
Forest town	1,055	1,250	1,189	+ 195	+ 18.48
Franklin town	1,289	1,237	1,276	- 52	- 4.03
Genoa town	1,026	1,077	1,077	+ 51	+ 4.97
Greenwood town	1,120	1,027	1,108	- 93	- 8.30
Hamburg town	1,081	1,070	1,056	- 11	- 1.01
Harmony town	1,100	1,108	1,170	+ 8	+ .72
Hillsboro town ⁽¹⁾	(*)1,178	1,182	1,195	+ 4	+ .33
Hillsboro village ⁽¹⁾	461	785	593	+ 324	+ 70.28

¹ Blair village organized from part of Preston town since 1890. In 1900 Blair village had 438, Preston town 1,693, total 2,131; in 1890 Preston town had 1,811; increase 320 or 17.66 per cent.

² Independence village, formerly in Burnside town, now independent.

³ Exclusive of population of Independence village. In 1890 Burnside town had 825, Independence village 382, total 1,207; in 1900 Burnside town had 938, Independence village 630, total 1,568; increase 361 or 29.9 per cent.

⁴ Galesville village, formerly in Gale town, now independent.

⁵ Exclusive of population of Galesville village. In 1890 Gale town had 1,279, Galesville village 537, total 1,816; in 1900 Gale town had 1,384, Galesville village 862, total 2,246; increase 430 or 23.67 per cent.

⁶ Whitehall village, formerly in Lincoln town, now independent.

⁷ Exclusive of population of Whitehall village. In 1890 Lincoln town had 633, Whitehall village 304, total 937; in 1900 Lincoln town had 786, Whitehall village 600, total 1,386; increase 449 or 47.9 per cent.

⁸ Osseo village organized from part of Sumner town since 1890. In 1900 Osseo village had 472, Sumner town 767, total 1,239; in 1890 Sumner town had 854; increase 385 or 45.08 per cent.

⁹ Trempealeau village, formerly in Trempealeau town, now independent.

¹⁰ Includes population of Trempealeau village, not separately returned in 1890. In 1900 Trempealeau town had 1,152, Trempealeau village 609, total 1,761; in 1890 Trempealeau town 1,584; increase 177 or 11.17 per cent.

¹¹ Part taken to form Westby village since 1890.

¹² Organized from part of Christiana town since 1890. In 1900 Christiana town had 1,264, Westby village 524, total 1,788; in 1890 Christiana town had 1,521; increase 267 or 17.55 per cent.

¹³ Formerly in Wheatland town, now independent.

¹⁴ Included De Soto village in 1890.

¹⁵ Exclusive of population of De Soto village. In 1890 De Soto village had 276, Wheatland town 603, total 879; in 1900 De Soto village had 300; Wheatland town 668, total 968; increase 89 or 10.12 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
VERNON COUNTY—Continued.					
Jefferson town	1,400	1,548	1,529	+ 148	+ 10.57
Kickapoo town ³	1,185	874	1,000	- 311	- 26.24
La Farge village ⁵		488			
Liberty town ⁷	663	539	740	- 124	- 18.70
Ontario village (part of) ⁹		298	352		
(For total see Monroe Co.)					
Readstown village ¹		403	175		
Stark town ⁶	1,033	907	1,117	- 126	- 12.19
Sterling town	1,152	1,187	1,186	+ 35	+ 3.03
Union town	819	849	826	+ 30	+ 3.66
Viola village (part of) ⁸		195	150		
(For total see Richland Co.)					
Viroqua city	1,270	1,950	1,630	+ 680	+ 53.54
ward 1		587	495		
ward 2		557	458		
ward 3		806	677		
Viroqua town	1,680	1,862	1,638	+ 182	+ 10.83
Webster town	1,092	1,123	1,117	+ 31	+ 2.83
Westby village ¹²		524	447		
Wheatland town ¹⁴	1,603	668	554	+ 65	+ 10.77
Whitestown town ¹⁰	863	914	791	+ 51	+ 5.90
Total	25,111	28,351	27,035	+ 3,240	+ 12.90
VILAS COUNTY¹¹—					
Arbor Vitae town		1,618	879		
Eagle River town		1,356	1,870		
Minocqua town, incl. Lac du Flambeau Indian Res.		1,955	1,052		
Lac du Flambeau Indian Res.		661			
Total		4,929	3,801		
WALWORTH COUNTY—					
Bloomfield town	1,197	1,314	1,281	+ 117	+ 9.77
Darien town	1,218	1,371	1,293	+ 153	+ 12.56
Delavan city ¹⁶	2,038	2,244	2,238	+ 206	+ 10.10
ward 1		719			
ward 2		772			
ward 3		753			
Delavan town ¹⁶	1,677	993	976	+ 316	+ 46.67

(1) Hillsboro village, formerly in Hillsboro town, now independent.

(2) Exclusive of population of Hillsboro village. In 1890 Hillsboro town had 1,178, Hillsboro village 461, total 1,639; in 1900 Hillsboro town had 1,182, Hillsboro village 785, total 1,967; increase 328 or 20 per cent.

³ Part taken to form Readstown village since 1890.

⁴ Organized from part of Kickapoo town since 1890. In 1900 Kickapoo town had 874, Readstown village 403, total 1,277; in 1890 Kickapoo town had 1,185; increase 92 or 7.76 per cent.

⁵ Organized from part of Stark town since 1890.

⁶ Part taken to form La Farge village since 1890. In 1900 La Farge village had 488, Stark town 907, total 1,395; in 1890 Stark town had 1,033; increase 362 or 35.04 per cent.

⁷ Part taken to form Viola village since 1890.

⁸ Organized from part of Liberty town since 1890. In 1900 Liberty town had 539, Viola village 195, total 734; in 1890 Liberty town had 663; increase 71 or 10.7 per cent.

⁹ Organized from part of Whitestown town since 1890.

¹⁰ Part taken to form Ontario village since 1890. In 1900 Ontario village had 298, Whitestown town 914, total 1,212; in 1890 Whitestown town had 963; increase 349 or 40.44 per cent.

¹¹ Organized from part of Oneida county in 1893.

¹² Delavan village, formerly in Delavan town, incorporated as a city and made independent since 1890.

¹³ Exclusive of population of Delavan village. In 1890 Delavan city had 2,038, Delavan town 677, total 2,715; in 1900 Delavan city had 2,244, Delavan town 993, total 3,237; increase 522 or 19.22 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
WALWORTH COUNTY—Con.					
East Troy town	1,406	1,513	1,482	+ 107	+ 7.61
Elkhorn city ¹	1,447	1,731	1,728	+ 284	+ 19.62
ward 1		499			
ward 2		550			
ward 3		682			
Geneva town	1,073	1,191	1,102	+ 118	+ 10.99
Lafayette town	933	924	958	— 9	— .96
La Grange town	844	882	910	+ 38	+ 4.50
Lake Geneva city	2,297	2,585	2,452	+ 288	+ 12.53
ward 1		885			
ward 2		663			
ward 3		1,037			
Linn town	854	1,082	1,021	+ 228	+ 26.69
Lyons town	1,328	1,298	1,390	— 30	— 2.25
Richmond town	799	770	822	— 29	— 3.63
Sharon town ²	1,160	1,127	1,123	— 33	— 2.84
Sharon village ²	878	945	906	+ 67	+ 7.63
Spring Prairie town	1,155	1,123	1,180	— 29	— 2.51
Sugar Creek town	1,004	931	1,023	— 73	— 7.27
Troy town	972	1,018	1,036	+ 46	+ 4.73
Walworth town	1,372	2,003	1,908	+ 631	+ 45.99
Whitewater city	4,359	3,405	3,799	— 954	— 21.88
ward 1		997			
ward 2		1,290			
ward 3		1,118			
Watertown town	849	806	832	— 43	— 5.06
Total	27,860	29,259	29,162	+ 1,399	+ 5.00
WASHBURN COUNTY—					
Bashaw town ⁴	394	904	506	+ 510	+129.44
Long Lake town	118	238	161	+ 120	+101.69
Minong town ⁴		406	458		
Shell Lake town	1,535	1,823	1,743	+ 288	+ 18.76
Spooner town ⁴	734	1,575	1,204	+ 841	+114.57
Veazie town	145	575	194	+ 430	+296.76
Total	2,926	5,521	4,266	+ 2,189	+ 74.81
WASHINGTON COUNTY—					
Addison town	1,863	1,810	1,857	— 53	— 2.84
Barton town	1,169	1,260	1,282	+ 91	+ 7.78
Erin town	1,301	1,200	1,254	+ 101	+ 7.76
Farmington town	1,501	1,461	1,606	— 40	— 2.66
Germain town	2,026	1,937	2,067	— 89	— 4.39
Hartford city	1,296	1,632	1,607	+ 336	+ 25.92
ward 1		819			
ward 2		813			
Hartford town	1,339	1,354	1,440	+ 15	+ 1.12
Jackson town	1,680	1,760	1,763	+ 80	+ 4.76
Kewaskum town ⁵	1,015	851	936	— 164	— 16.15
Kewaskum village ⁵	557	679	674	+ 122	+ 21.90

¹Incorporated as a city since 1890.

²Sharon village, formerly in Sharon town, now independent.

³Exclusive of population of Sharon village. In 1890 Sharon town had 1,160, Sharon village 878, total 2,038; in 1900 Sharon town had 1,127, Sharon village 945, total 2,072; increase 34 or 1.66 per cent.

⁴Minong town organized from parts of Bashaw and Spooner towns since 1890. In 1890 Bashaw town had 394, Minong town 406, Spooner town 1,575, total 2,885. In 1890 Bashaw town had 394, Spooner 734, total 1,123; increase 1,757 or 155.76 per cent.

⁵Kewaskum village, formerly in Kewaskum town, now independent.

⁶Exclusive of population of Kewaskum village. In 1890 Kewaskum town had 1,015, Kewaskum village 557, total 1,572; in 1900 Kewaskum town had 851, Kewaskum village 679, total 1,530; decrease 42 or 2.67 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
WASHINGTON COUNTY—Con.					
Polk town ¹	21,639	1,554	1,614	—	85 — 5.13
Richfield town	1,554	1,617	1,625	+	33 + 2.03
Schleisingsville village ¹	432	549	501	+	117 + 27.03
Trenton town	1,760	1,572	1,770	—	188 — 10.63
Wayne town	1,471	1,391	1,489	—	80 — 5.43
West Bend city	1,296	2,119	1,766	+	823 + 63.50
ward 1		970			
ward 2		1,149			
West Bend town	822	843	826	+	21 + 2.56
Total	22,751	23,589	24,077	+	838 + 3.63
WAUKESHA COUNTY—					
Brookfield town	1,960	2,174	2,079	+	214 + 10.91
Delafield town ²	21,303	1,250	1,446	—	53 — 4.06
Eagle town ³	1,020	744	798	—	276 — 27.05
Eagle village ⁵		324	322		
Genesee town	1,327	1,481	1,381	+	154 + 11.60
Hartland village ³	486	629	657	+	143 + 29.42
Lisbon town	1,443	1,510	1,575	+	67 + 4.64
Menomonie town ⁶	2,053	2,173	2,259	+	120 + 5.83
Menomonie Falls village ⁶		422	687	+	604 + 265 + 62.79
Merton town ³	21,499	1,530	1,587	+	31 + 2.07
Mukwanago town	1,217	1,263	1,361	+	46 + 3.77
Muskego town	1,390	1,349	1,432	—	41 — 2.95
New Berlin town	1,519	1,579	1,613	+	60 + 3.95
Oconomowoc city	2,729	2,880	3,178	+	151 + 5.53
ward 1		611			
ward 2		1,209			
ward 3		1,060			
Oconomowoc town	1,373	1,330	1,333	—	43 — 3.13
Ottawa town	880	883	863	+	3 + .34
Pewaukee town ⁸	2,077	1,708	2,008	—	369 — 17.75
Pewaukee village ⁸	680	714	780	+	34 + 5.00
Summit town	1,130	1,275	1,539	+	145 + 12.83
Vernon town	1,277	1,307	1,350	+	30 + 2.34
Waukesha city ¹⁰	6,321	7,419	7,222	+	1,098 + 17.37
ward 1		1,405			
ward 2		1,545			
ward 3		832			
ward 4		1,450			
ward 5		874			
ward 6		1,263			
Waukesha town ¹⁰	21,159	1,015	1,175	—	144 — 12.42
Total	33,270	35,229	36,562	+	1,959 + 5.83

¹Schleisingsville village, formerly in Polk town, now independent.

²Exclusive of population of Schleisingsville village. In 1890 Polk town had 1,639, Schleisingsville village 432, total 2,071; in 1900 Polk town had 1,554, Schleisingsville village 549, total 2,103; increase 32 or 1.54 per cent.

³Hartland village, formerly in Delafield and Merton towns, now independent. Hartland village 486, Merton town 1,499, total 3,283; in 1900 Delafield town had 1,250, Hartland village 629, Merton town 1,530, total 3,409; increase 121 or 3.63 per cent.

⁵Eagle village organized from part of Eagle town since 1890. In 1900 Eagle town had 744, Eagle village 324, total 1,068; in 1890 Eagle town had 1,020; increase 48 or 4.7 per cent.

⁶Menomonie Falls village, formerly in Menomonie town, now independent.

⁷Exclusive of population of Menomonie Falls village. In 1890 Menomonie town had 2,053, Menomonie Falls village 422, total 2,480; in 1900 Menomonie town had 2,173, Menomonie Falls village 687, total 2,865; increase 385 or 15.52 per cent.

⁸Pewaukee village, formerly in Pewaukee town, now independent.

⁹Exclusive of population of Pewaukee village. In 1890 Pewaukee town had 2,077, Pewaukee village 680, total 2,757; in 1900 Pewaukee town had 1,708, Pewaukee village 714 total 2,422; decrease 335 or 12.15 per cent.

¹⁰Waukesha village, formerly in Waukesha town, incorporated as a city and made independent since 1890.

¹¹Exclusive of population of Waukesha village. In 1890 Waukesha city had 6,321, Waukesha town 1,159, total 7,480; 1900 Waukesha city had 7,419, Waukesha town 1,015, total 8,434; increase 954 or 12.75 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease - in 1900, as com- pared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.	1895.	No.	Per ct.
WAUPACA COUNTY—					
Bear Creek town	1,136	1,257	1,194	+ 121	+ 10.65
Caledonia town	943	904	991	- 39	- 4.13
Clintonville city	1,466	1,653	1,521	+ 187	+ 12.75
Dayton town	852	891	986	+ 39	+ 4.57
Dupont town ¹	2,916	1,013	1,602	- 97	- 10.59
Embarrass village ²		270			
Farmington town	1,087	1,522	1,391	+ 435	+ 40.01
Fremont town ³	530	425	488	- 105	- 19.80
Fremont village ⁴	275	263	283	- 12	- 4.34
Harrison town ⁵		453	343		
Helvetia town ⁶	511	518	508	+ 7	+ 1.36
Iola town ⁷	1,315	804	780	- 511	- 38.85
Iola village ⁸		558	476		
Larrabee town	1,436	1,338	1,452	- 38	- 2.64
Lebanon town	932	939	1,050	+ 7	+ .75
Lind town	1,016	1,096	1,134	+ 80	+ 7.87
Little Wolf town ⁹	¹⁰ 1,137	1,421	1,384	+ 284	+ 24.97
Manawa village ⁹	350	744	123	+ 394	+ 112.57
Marion village ¹	470	602		+ 132	+ 28.03
Matteson town ³	860	867	1,031	+ 7	+ .81
Mukwa town	1,040	956	1,015	- 84	- 8.07
New London city (wards 1, 2, 4, and 5) (For total see Outagamie Co.)	1,682	2,202	1,394	+ 520	+ 30.91
Royalton town	1,193	1,272	1,263	+ 74	+ 6.18
St. Lawrence town	1,004	1,178	1,146	+ 174	+ 17.33
Scandinavia town ¹¹	1,142	921	929	- 221	- 19.34
Scandinavia village ¹²		320	335		
Union town	1,153	1,309	1,345	+ 156	+ 13.53
Waupaca city	2,127	2,912	2,823	+ 785	+ 36.90
ward 1		785	754		
ward 2		775	717		
ward 3		742	731		
ward 4		610	621		
Waupaca town	964	960	1,003	- 4	- .41
Weyauwega town ¹³	¹⁴ 546	579	593	+ 33	+ 6.04
Weyauwega village ¹³	706	911	850	+ 205	+ 29.03
Wyoming town ³		497	282		
Total	26,794	31,615	30,215	+ 4,821	+ 17.99

¹Marion village, formerly in Dupont town, now independent.

²Exclusive of population of Marion village. In 1890 Dupont town had 916, Marion village 470, total 1,386; in 1900 Dupont town had 1,013, Marion village 602, total 1,615; increase 229 or 16.52 per cent.

³Embarrass village organized from part of Matteson town since 1890. In 1900 Embarrass village had 270, Matteson town 867, total 1,137; in 1890 Matteson town had 860; increase 277 or 32.2 per cent.

⁴Fremont village, formerly in Fremont town, now independent.

⁵Exclusive of population of Fremont village. In 1890 Fremont town had 530, Fremont village 275, total 805; in 1900 Fremont town had 425, Fremont village 263, total 688; decrease 117 or 14.53 per cent.

⁶Harrison town and Iola village organized from parts of Iola town since 1890. In 1900 Harrison town had 453, Iola village 558, Iola town 804, total 1,815; in 1890 Iola town had 1,315; increase 500 or 38 per cent.

⁷Part taken to form Wyoming town since 1890.

⁸Organized from part of Helvetia town since 1890. In 1900 Helvetia town had 518, Wyoming town 497, total 1,015; in 1890 Helvetia town had 511; increase 504, or 98.63 per cent.

⁹Manawa village, formerly in Little Wolf town, now independent.

¹⁰Exclusive of population of Manawa village. In 1890 Little Wolf town had 1,137, Manawa village 350, total 1,487; in 1900 Little Wolf town had 1,421, Manawa village 744, total 2,165; increase 678 or 45.59 per cent.

¹¹Part taken to form Scandinavia village since 1890.

¹²Organized from part of Scandinavia town since 1890. In 1900 Scandinavia town had 921, Scandinavia village 320, total 1,241; in 1890 Scandinavia town had 1,142; increase 99 or 8.66 per cent.

¹³Weyauwega village formerly in Weyauwega town, now independent.

¹⁴Exclusive of population of Weyauwega village. In 1890 Weyauwega town had 546, Weyauwega village 706, total 1,252; in 1900 Weyauwega town 573, Weyauwega village 911, total 1,480; increase 238 or 19 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890		
	1890.	1900.		1895.	No.	Per ct.
WAUSHARA COUNTY—						
Aurora town	934	1,025	1,022	+	91	+ 9.74
Berlin city (part of ward 2).....	31	41	36	+	10	+ 32.25
(For total see Green Lake Co.)						
Bloomfield town	1,278	1,256	1,326	—	22	— 1.75
Coloma town	725	827	712	+	104	+ 14.33
Dakota town	573	543	566	+	30	+ 5.23
Deerfield town	453	656	566	+	203	+ 44.81
Hancock town	660	1,163	925	+	503	+ 76.21
Leon town	731	826	848	+	95	+ 12.99
Marion town	623	654	650	+	31	+ 4.97
Mt. Morris town	668	658	673	—	10	— 1.49
Oasis town	707	826	815	+	119	+ 16.38
Plainfield town	799	921	954	+	122	+ 15.27
Plainfield village	459	728	589	+	269	+ 58.60
Poysippi town	912	1,046	1,057	+	134	+ 14.69
Richford town	573	591	608	+	18	+ 3.14
Rose town	577	823	754	+	122	+ 42.63
Saxeville town	765	827	786	+	62	+ 8.10
Springwater town	541	653	662	+	112	+ 14.60
Warren town	796	848	817	+	52	+ 6.53
Wautoma town	704	1,060	888	+	356	+ 50.56
Total	13,507	15,972	15,355	+	2,465	+ 18.24
WINNEBAGO COUNTY—						
Algoma town	757	840	821	+	83	+ 10.96
Black Wolf town	837	778	763	—	58	— 6.92
Clayton town	1,170	1,161	1,242	—	9	— .76
Menasha city	4,581	5,589	6,154	+ 1,008	+ 22.00	
ward 1	1,574	1,755				
ward 2	1,392	1,607				
ward 3	905	1,101				
ward 4	1,718	1,691				
Menasha town	595	646	680	+	51	+ 8.57
Neenah city	5,083	5,954	5,781	+	871	+ 17.13
ward 1	1,870	1,851				
ward 2	1,451	1,487				
ward 3	2,099	1,893				
ward 4	534	554				
Neenah town	538	533	574	—	5	— .92
Nekimi town	1,028	990	1,070	—	38	— 3.69
Nepeuskum town	908	939	950	+	31	+ 3.41
Omro town ¹	1,038	1,163	1,227	+	125	+ 12.04
Omro village ¹	1,232	1,358	1,358	+	126	+ 10.22
Oshkosh city	22,836	28,284	26,947	+ 5,448	+ 23.85	
ward 1	1,503	1,512				
ward 2	2,179	1,964				
ward 3	1,648	1,519				
ward 4	2,264	2,427				
ward 5	2,749	2,583				
ward 6	2,566	2,366				
ward 7	1,613	2,726				
ward 8	2,008	2,247				
ward 9	2,164	2,156				
ward 10	2,660	2,359				
ward 11	1,666	1,457				
ward 12	1,863	1,575				
ward 13	3,401	3,056				

¹Omro village, formerly in Omro town, now independent.²Exclusive of population of Omro village. In 1890 Omro town had 1,038, Omro village 1,232, total 2,270; in 1900 Omro town had 1,163, Omro village 1,358, total 2,521; increase 251 or 11 per cent.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1890, 1900, 1895.

Table 4—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities, Villages.	United States Census.		State Census.	Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890	
	1890.	1900.		1895.	No.	Per ct.
WINNEBAGO COUNTY—Con.					
Oshkosh town	1,489	1,812	1,522	+ 323	+ 21.69
Poygan town	747	742	851	5	— .66
Rushford town	1,608	1,652	1,661	+ 44	+ 2.73
Utica town	981	967	1,039	— 14	— 1.42
Vinland town	936	1,018	1,023	+ 82	+ 8.76
Winchester town	1,030	1,041	1,069	+ 11	+ 1.06
Winneconne town	698	746	806	+ 48	+ 6.87
Winneconne village	1,086	1,042	1,130	— 48	— 4.05
Wolf River town	919	970	913	+ 51	+ 5.54
Total	50,097	58,225	57,627	+ 8,128	+ 16.22
WOOD COUNTY—					
Auburndale town ¹	655	959	736	+ 303	+ 46.18
Auburndale village ¹	253	241	250	— 12	— 4.74
Grand Rapids town	627	825	758	+ 198	+ 31.57
Greater Grand Rapids city ²	1,702	4,493	4,082	+ 2,791	+ 163.98
ward 1		552			
ward 2		709			
ward 3		400			
ward 4		625			
ward 5		592			
ward 6		631			
ward 7		516			
ward 8		468			
Lincoln town	870	1,128	997	+ 258	+ 29.65
Marshfield city	3,450	5,240	4,586	+ 1,790	+ 51.86
ward 1		1,013			
ward 2		569			
ward 3		1,134			
ward 4		1,140			
ward 5		926			
ward 6		458			
Marshfield town	701	881	757	+ 180	+ 25.67
Milladore town	760	1,025	878	+ 265	+ 34.87
Nekoosa village ⁴		745	415		
Pittsville city	653	634	618	— 19	— 2.90
Port Edwards town ⁴	582	1,161	777	+ 579	+ 99.48
Richfield town	427	708	618	+ 281	+ 65.80
Rock town	194	571	272	+ 377	+ 194.33
Rudolph town	597	823	562	+ 226	+ 37.85
Saratoga town	1,087	1,046	991	— 41	— 3.77
Seneca town	326	416	333	+ 90	+ 27.60
Sherry town	875	976	821	+ 161	+ 11.54
Sherry town	487	618	612	+ 131	+ 26.89
Sigel town	1,232	1,483	1,377	+ 251	+ 51.54
Vesper town	322	774	307	+ 452	+ 140.37
Wood town	891	1,118	860	+ 227	+ 25.47
Total	518,127	25,865	21,637	+ 7,738	+ 42.68

¹Auburndale village, formerly in Auburndale town, now independent.

²Exclusive of population of Auburndale village. In 1890 Auburndale town had 656, Auburndale village 253, total 909; in 1900 Auburndale town had 959, Auburndale village 241, total 1,200; increase 291 or 32 per cent.

³Formerly Grand Rapids; Centralia city annexed since 1890.

⁴Nekoosa village organized from part of Port Edwards town since 1890. In 1900 Nekoosa village had 745, Port Edwards town 1,161, total 1,906; in 1890 Port Edwards town had 582; increase 1,324 or 227.49 per cent.

⁵Includes population (1,435) of Centralia city, annexed to Greater Grand Rapids city.

SUMMARIES OF POPULATION BY COUNTIES, 1890, 1900.

Showing by counties the population of Wisconsin in 1890 and 1900, together with the increase and decrease in 1900 as compared with 1890.

Table 5.

Counties.	Population		Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890.	
	1890.	1900.	Number.	Per cent.
Adams	6,889	9,141	+ 2,252	+ 32.69
Ashland	20,063	20,176	+ 115	+ .56
Barron	15,416	23,677	+ 8,261	+ 53.60
Bayfield	7,390	14,392	+ 7,002	+ 94.75
Brown	39,164	46,359	+ 7,195	+ 18.37
Buffalo	15,997	16,765	+ 768	+ 4.79
Burnett	4,293	7,478	+ 3,085	+ 70.22
Calumet	16,639	17,078	+ 439	+ 2.64
Chippewa	25,143	33,037	+ 7,894	+ 31.32
Clark	17,708	25,848	+ 8,140	+ 45.96
Columbia	28,350	31,121	+ 2,771	+ 9.77
Crawford	15,987	17,286	+ 1,299	+ 8.12
Dane	59,578	69,435	+ 9,857	+ 16.54
Dodge	44,984	46,631	+ 1,647	+ 3.66
Door	15,682	17,563	+ 1,901	+ 12.12
Douglas	13,468	36,335	+ 22,867	+ 169.77
Dunn	22,664	25,043	+ 2,379	+ 10.49
Eau Claire	30,673	31,692	+ 1,019	+ 3.32
Florence	2,604	3,197	+ 593	+ 22.77
Fond du Lac	44,088	47,589	+ 3,501	+ 7.94
Forest	1,012	1,396	+ 384	+ 37.94
Grant	36,651	38,881	+ 2,230	+ 6.08
Green	22,732	22,719	- 13	- .05
Green Lake	15,163	15,797	+ 634	+ 4.18
Iowa	22,137	23,114	+ 977	+ 4.50
Iron .....	.....	6,616	+ 6,616	+
Jackson	15,797	17,466	+ 1,669	+ 10.56
Jefferson	33,520	34,759	+ 1,239	+ 3.75
Juneau	17,121	20,029	+ 2,908	+ 16.98
Kenosha	15,591	21,707	+ 6,126	+ 39.21
Kewaunee	16,153	17,212	+ 1,059	+ 6.55
La Crosse	38,801	42,997	+ 4,196	+ 10.81
Lafayette	20,265	20,969	+ 694	+ 3.42
Langlade	9,465	12,553	+ 3,088	+ 32.62
Lincoln	12,008	16,269	+ 4,261	+ 35.48
Manitowoc	37,831	42,231	+ 4,400	+ 11.70
Marathon	30,369	43,256	+ 12,887	+ 42.43
Marinette	20,304	30,822	+ 10,518	+ 51.80
Marquette	9,676	10,509	+ 833	+ 8.60
Milwaukee	236,101	330,017	+ 93,916	+ 39.78
Monroe	23,211	28,103	+ 4,892	+ 21.07
Oconto	15,009	20,874	+ 5,865	+ 39.07
Oneida	5,010	8,875	+ 3,865	+ 77.14
Outagamie	38,690	46,247	+ 7,557	+ 19.53
Ozaukee	14,943	16,363	+ 1,420	+ 9.50
Pepin	6,932	7,905	+ 973	+ 14.03
Pepin	20,385	23,943	+ 3,558	+ 17.45
Pierce	12,968	17,801	+ 4,833	+ 37.26
Polk	24,798	29,483	+ 4,685	+ 18.88
Portage	5,258	9,106	+ 3,848	+ 76.18
Price	36,268	45,644	+ 9,376	+ 25.90
Richland	19,121	19,483	+ 362	+ 1.89
Rock	43,200	51,203	+ 7,983	+ 18.49
St. Croix	23,139	26,830	+ 3,691	+ 15.95
Sauk	30,575	33,006	+ 2,431	+ 7.95
Sawyer	1,977	3,593	+ 1,616	+ 81.74
Shawano	19,236	27,475	+ 8,239	+ 42.83
Sheboygan	42,439	50,345	+ 7,906	+ 18.63
Taylor	6,731	11,262	+ 4,531	+ 67.31
Trempealeau	18,920	23,114	+ 4,194	+ 22.16
Vernon	25,111	28,351	+ 3,240	+ 12.90
Vilas .....	.....	4,929	+ 4,929	+
Walworth	27,890	29,259	+ 1,369	+ 5.00
Washburn	2,926	5,321	+ 2,395	+ 81.89
Washington	22,751	23,589	+ 838	+ 3.68
Waukesha	33,270	35,229	+ 1,959	+ 5.88
Waupaca	26,794	31,615	+ 4,821	+ 17.99
Waushara	13,507	15,972	+ 2,465	+ 18.24
Winnebago	50,097	58,225	+ 8,128	+ 16.22
Wood	18,127	25,865	+ 7,738	+ 42.63
Totals	1,686,880	2,069,042	+ 382,162	+ 22.65

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION IN THE CITIES IN WISCONSIN IN 1890 AND 1900.

Together with the increase or decrease in 1900 as compared with 1890.

Table 6.

Cities.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890.			
		1890.	1900.	Number.	Per cent.		
Algoma	Kewaunee	1,015	1,738	+	723	+	71.23
Alma	Buffalo	1,428	1,201	—	227	—	15.89
Altoona	Eau Claire	805	721	—	84	—	10.43
Antigo	Langlade	4,424	5,145	+	721	+	16.29
Appleton	Outagamie	11,869	15,085	+	3,216	+	27.09
Ashland	Ashland	9,956	13,074	+	1,318	+	31.31
Augusta	Eau Claire	1,187	1,256	+	69	+	5.81
Baraboo	Sauk	4,605	5,751	+	1,146	+	24.88
Barron	Barron	829	1,493	+	664	+	80.09
Beaver Dam	Dodge	4,222	5,128	+	906	+	21.45
Beloit	Rock	6,315	10,436	+	4,121	+	65.25
Berlin	Green Lake	4,149	4,489	+	340	+	8.19
Black River Falls... ..	Jackson	2,261	1,938	—	323	—	14.28
Boscobel	Grant	1,570	1,637	+	67	+	4.27
Broadhead	Green	1,461	1,584	+	123	+	8.41
Buffalo	Buffalo	223	254	+	31	+	13.89
Burlington	Racine	2,043	2,526	+	483	+	23.64
Cedarburg	Ozaukee	1,361	1,626	+	265	+	19.47
Chetek	Barron	406	531	+	125	+	30.78
Chilton	Calumet	1,424	1,460	+	36	+	2.52
Chippewa Falls	Chippewa	8,670	8,094	—	576	—	6.64
Clintonville	Waupaca	1,466	1,653	+	187	+	12.75
Colby	Clark .....	.....	667	.....	.....	.....	.....
Columbus	Columbia	1,977	2,349	+	372	+	18.81
Cumberland	Barron	1,219	1,328	+	109	+	8.94
Darlington	Lafayette	1,559	1,808	+	249	+	13.77
Delavan	Walworth	2,038	2,244	+	206	+	10.10
Depere	Brown	3,625	4,098	+	473	+	11.89
Dodgeville	Iowa	1,722	1,865	+	143	+	8.30
Durand	Pepin	1,154	1,458	+	304	+	26.24
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	17,415	17,517	+	102	+	.58
Edgerton	Rock	1,595	2,192	+	597	+	37.43
Elkhorn	Walworth	1,447	1,731	+	284	+	19.62
Elroy	Juneau	1,413	1,685	+	272	+	19.25
Evansville	Rock	1,523	1,864	+	341	+	22.38
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	12,024	15,110	+	3,086	+	25.68
Fort Atkinson	Jefferson	2,283	3,043	+	760	+	33.28
Fountain City	Buffalo	972	1,031	+	59	+	6.07
Glenwood	St. Croix .....	.....	1,789	.....	.....	.....	.....
Greater G'd Rapids.. ..	Wood	1,702	4,493	+	2,791	+	163.98
Green Bay	Brown	9,069	18,684	+	9,615	+	106.02
Greenwood	Clark .....	.....	708	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hartford	Washington	1,296	1,632	+	336	+	25.92
Horicon	Dodge	1,354	1,376	+	22	+	1.62
Hudson	St. Croix	2,835	3,259	+	374	+	12.96
Janesville	Rock	10,836	13,185	+	2,349	+	21.67
Jefferson	Jefferson	2,287	2,584	+	297	+	12.98
Juneau	Dodge	701	891	+	190	+	27.10
Kaukauna	Outagamie	4,667	5,115	+	448	+	9.59
Kenosha	Kenosha	6,532	11,606	+	5,074	+	77.68
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	1,216	1,773	+	557	+	45.80
La Crosse	La Crosse	25,090	28,895	+	3,805	+	15.16
Lake Geneva	Walworth	2,297	2,585	+	288	+	12.53
Lancaster	Grant	1,543	2,403	+	860	+	55.73
Madison	Dane	13,426	19,164	+	5,738	+	42.73
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	7,710	11,786	+	4,076	+	52.86
Marinette	Marinette	11,523	16,195	+	4,672	+	40.54
Marshfield	Wood	3,450	5,240	+	1,790	+	51.86
Mauston	Juneau	1,343	1,718	+	375	+	27.92
Mayville	Dodge	1,165	1,815	+	650	+	55.79
Medford	Taylor	1,193	1,758	+	565	+	47.36
Menasha	Winnebago	4,581	5,589	+	1,008	+	22.00
Menominee	Dunn	5,491	5,655	+	164	+	2.98
Merrill	Linncoln	6,809	8,527	+	1,728	+	25.37

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION IN THE CITIES IN WISCONSIN IN 1890 AND 1900.

Table 6—Continued.

Cities.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890.	
		1890.	1900.	Number.	Per cent.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	204,468	285,315	+ 80,847	+ 39.54
Mineral Point	Iowa	2,694	2,991	+ 297	+ 11.02
Mondovi	Buffalo	503	1,208	+ 705	+ 140.15
Monroe	Green	3,768	3,927	+ 159	+ 4.22
Neenah	Winnebago	5,083	5,954	+ 871	+ 17.13
Neillsville	Clark	1,936	2,104	+ 168	+ 8.67
New Lisbon	Juneau	990	1,014	+ 24	+ 2.42
New London	Outagamie	2,050	2,742	+ 692	+ 33.75
New Richmond	St. Croix	1,408	1,631	+ 223	+ 15.83
Oconomowoc	Waukesha	2,729	2,880	+ 151	+ 5.53
Oconto	Oconto	5,219	5,646	+ 427	+ 8.18
Onalaska	La Crosse	1,587	1,867	+ 280	+ 17.65
Oshkosh	Winnebago	22,886	28,284	+ 5,398	+ 23.59
Phillips	Price		1,820		
Pittsville	Wood	653	694	+ 41	+ 6.28
Platteville	Grant	2,740	3,340	+ 600	+ 21.90
Plymouth	Sheboygan	1,503	2,257	+ 754	+ 50.16
Portage	Columbia	5,143	5,459	+ 316	+ 6.14
Port Washington	Ozaukee	1,659	3,010	+ 1,351	+ 81.43
Prairie du Chien	Crawford	3,131	3,232	+ 101	+ 3.22
Prescott	Pierce	911	1,002	+ 91	+ 9.98
Racine	Racine	21,014	29,102	+ 8,088	+ 38.48
Reedsburg	Sauk	1,737	2,225	+ 488	+ 28.09
Rhineland	Oneida	2,658	4,998	+ 2,340	+ 88.03
Rice Lake	Barron	2,130	3,002	+ 872	+ 40.93
Richland Center	Richland	1,819	2,321	+ 502	+ 27.59
Ripon	Fond du Lac	3,258	3,818	+ 560	+ 17.19
River Falls	Pierce	1,783	2,008	+ 225	+ 12.61
Seymour	Outagamie	733	1,026	+ 293	+ 39.97
Shawano	Shawano	1,505	1,853	+ 348	+ 23.11
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	16,359	22,962	+ 6,603	+ 40.36
Shullsburg	Lafayette	1,393	1,250	- 143	- 10.26
South Milwaukee	Milwaukee		3,392		
Sparta	Monroe	2,795	3,555	+ 760	+ 27.19
Stanley	Chippewa		2,387		
Stevens Point	Portage	7,896	9,524	+ 1,628	+ 20.61
Stoughton	Dane	2,470	3,431	+ 961	+ 38.90
Sturgeon Bay	Door	2,195	3,372	+ 1,177	+ 53.16
Superior	Douglas	11,983	31,091	+ 19,108	+ 159.45
Tomah	Monroe	2,199	2,840	+ 641	+ 29.14
Tomahawk	Lincoln	1,816	2,291	+ 475	+ 26.15
Two Rivers	Manitowoc	2,870	3,784	+ 914	+ 31.84
Viroqua	Vernon	1,270	1,950	+ 680	+ 53.54
Watertown	Dodge	8,755	8,437	- 318	- 3.63
Waukesha	Waukesha	6,321	7,419	+ 1,098	+ 17.37
Waupaca	Waupaca	2,127	2,912	+ 785	+ 36.90
Waupun	Dodge	2,757	3,185	+ 428	+ 15.16
Wausau	Marathon	9,253	12,354	+ 3,101	+ 33.51
Wauwatosa	Milwaukee		2,842		
West Bend	Washington	1,296	2,119	+ 823	+ 63.50
Whitewater	Walworth	4,359	3,405	- 954	- 21.88
Total		647,713	875,868	+ 228,355	+ 35.25

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION IN THE VILLAGES IN WISCONSIN IN 1890 AND 1900.

Together with the increase and decrease in same in 1900 as compared with 1890.

Table 7.

Villages.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease — in 1900, as compared with 1890.	
		1890.	1900.	Number.	Per cent.
Abbotsford	Clark	443	443		
Ableman	Sauk	332	430	+	29.51
Albany	Green	698	797	+	14.18
Amery	Polk	451	905	+	100.66
Amherst	Portage	438	558	+	27.39
Arcadia	Trempealeau	659	1,273	+	93.17
Auburndale	Wood	253	241	-	4.74
Avoca	Iowa	273	406	+	48.04
Baldwin	St. Croix	482	631	+	30.91
Bangor	La Crosse	499	633	+	26.85
Bayfield	Bayfield	1,373	1,639	+	23.01
Belleville	Dane	319	385	+	20.68
Belmont	Lafayette	378	509	+	34.65
Benton	Lafayette	414	546	+	31.88
Birnamwood	Shawano	475	475		
Blair	Trempealeau	428	428		
Blanchardville	Lafayette	573	573		
Bloomer	Chippewa	631	811	+	28.52
Bloomington	Grant	587	611	+	4.69
Boyd	Chippewa	545	674	+	23.67
Brandon	Fond du Lac	660	663	+	.45
Brillion	Calumet	582	855	+	46.89
Browtown	Green	246	246		
Cadott	Chippewa	889	840	-	5.51
Cambria	Columbia	524	561	+	7.61
Cameron	Barron	394	394		
Camp Douglas	Juneau	225	432	+	92.00
Cashton	Monroe	510	510		
Cassville	Grant	886	979	+	10.50
Cedar Grove	Sheboygan	327	327		
Clear Lake	Polk	527	527		
Clinton	Rock	856	871	+	1.75
Cuba City	Grant	636	636		
Cudahy	Milwaukee	1,366	1,366		
Dane	Dane	280	280		
Dartford	Green Lake	204	450	+	120.59
Deerfield	Dane	338	515	+	52.36
De Soto	Crawford	355	387	+	9.01
Eagle	Waukesha	324	324		
Edgar	Marathon	478	478		
Elkhart Lake	Sheboygan	464	464		
Ellsworth	Pierce	670	1,052	+	57.01
Embarrass	Waupaca	270	270		
Fairchild	Eau Claire	645	947	+	46.82
Fennimore	Grant	616	1,035	+	68.01
Fox Lake	Dodge	814	890	+	9.33
Fremont	Waupaca	275	263	-	4.34
Galesville	Trempealeau	537	862	+	60.51
Grafton	Ozaukee	434	478	+	10.13
Grantsburg	Burnett	410	612	+	49.26
Gratiot	Lafayette	335	335		
Hammond	St. Croix	388	404	+	4.09
Hartland	Waukesha	486	629	+	29.42
Hazel Green	Grant	426	442	+	3.75
Highland	Iowa	751	913	+	21.57
Hilbert	Calumet	497	497		
Hillsboro	Vernon	461	785	+	70.28

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION IN THE VILLAGES IN WISCONSIN IN 1890 AND 1900.

Table 7—Continued.

Villages.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease— in 1900, as compared with 1890.			
		1890.	1900.	Number.	Per cent.		
Hortonville	Outagamie	440	913	+	473	+	107.50
Independence	Trempealeau	382	630	+	248	+	64.92
Iola	Waupaca		558				
Kendall	Monroe		304				
Kewaskum	Washington	557	679	+	122	+	21.90
Kiel	Manitowoc	497	924	+	427	+	85.91
Kilbourn City	Columbia	961	1,134	+	173	+	18.00
La Farge	Vernon		488				
Lake Mills	Jefferson	1,053	1,387	+	334	+	31.71
Lavalle	Sauk	333	386	+	53	+	15.91
Linden	Iowa	462	543	+	81	+	17.53
Little Chute	Outagamie	380	944	+	564	+	148.42
Lodi	Columbia	736	1,068	+	332	+	45.10
Lomira	Dodge		492				
Lone Rock	Richland	342	512	+	170	+	49.70
Lowell	Dodge	304	353	+	29	+	9.54
Loyal	Clark		645				
Lynxville	Crawford	243	322	+	79	+	32.51
McMillan	Marathon		200				
Maiden Rock	Pierce	343	304	-	39	-	11.37
Manawa	Waupaca	350	744	+	394	+	112.57
Marathon	Marathon	258	528	+	270	+	104.65
Marion	Waupaca	470	692	+	132	+	28.68
Markesan	Green Lake	475	706	+	231	+	48.63
Mazomanie	Dane	1,034	902	-	132	-	12.76
Menominee Falls	Waukesha	422	687	+	265	+	62.79
Merrillan	Jackson	659	739	+	100	+	15.64
Merrimac	Sauk		350				
Montfort	Grant	467	627	+	160	+	34.26
Monticello	Green	467	599	+	152	+	37.34
Mosinee	Marathon	427	657	+	230	+	53.80
Mt. Horeb	Dane		864				
Muscoda	Grant	605	743	+	138	+	22.81
Necedah	Juneau	1,708	1,209	-	499	-	29.21
Nekoosa	Wood		745				
North Freedom	Sauk	316	485	+	169	+	53.48
North Milwaukee	Milwaukee		1,049				
Norwalk	Monroe		357				
Omro	Winnebago	1,232	1,358	+	126	+	10.22
Ontario	Monroe		289				
Oregon	Dane	595	677	+	102	+	17.10
Osceola	Polk	334	466	+	82	+	21.35
Osseo	Trempealeau		472				
Palmyra	Jefferson	567	716	+	149	+	26.27
Pardeeville	Columbia		738				
Pepin	Pepin	369	407	+	38	+	10.29
Pewaukee	Waukesha	680	714	+	34	+	5.00
Plainfield	Wausara	459	723	+	263	+	58.69
Potosi	Grant		434				
Poynette	Columbia	517	623	+	116	+	22.43
Prairie du Sac	Sauk	562	656	+	94	+	16.72
Prentice	Price		99				
Princeton	Green Lake	936	1,202	+	216	+	21.90
Randolph	Columbia	405	778	+	333	+	82.22
Readstown	Vernon		403				
Reedsville	Manitowoc		428				
Reeseville	Dodge	329	293	-	64	-	19.45
Rio	Columbia	329	479	+	140	+	41.29

SUMMARIES SHOWING THE POPULATION IN THE VILLAGES IN WISCONSIN IN 1890 AND 1900.

Table 7—Continued.

Villages.	Counties.	Population.		Increase + Decrease— in 1900, as compared with 1890.	
		1890.	1900.	Number.	Per cent.
St. Croix Falls	Polk	745	622	— 123	— 16.51
Sauk City	Sauk	876	810	— 66	— 7.53
Scandinavia	Waupaca		320		
Schleisingsville	Washington	432	549	+ 117	+ 27.08
Sharon	Walworth	878	945	+ 67	+ 7.63
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan	1,118	1,301	+ 183	+ 16.36
Soldiers Grove	Crawford		680		
Spring Green	Sauk	625	621	— 4	— .64
Spring Valley	Pierce		1,021		
Sun Prairie	Dane	704	938	+ 234	+ 33.23
Theresa	Dodge		355		
Thorp	Clark	723	838	+ 115	+ 15.90
Tigerton	Shawano		723		
Trempealeau	Trempealeau		609		
Turtle Lake	Barron		326		
Union Grove	Racine	432	520	+ 88	+ 20.37
Viola	Richland		432		
Waterloo	Jefferson	862	1,137	+ 275	+ 31.90
Waunakee	Dane	312	443	+ 131	+ 41.98
Wauzeka	Crawford		471		
Westby	Vernon		524		
West Salem	La Crosse	542	725	+ 183	+ 33.76
Weyauwega	Waupaca	706	911	+ 205	+ 29.03
Whitefish Bay	Milwaukee		512		
Whitehall	Trempealeau	304	600	+ 296	+ 97.36
Wilton	Monroe		400		
Winneconne	Winnebago	1,086	1,042	— 48	— 4.05
Wittenberg	Shawano	726	798	+ 72	+ 9.90
Wonewoc	Juneau	619	811	+ 192	+ 31.01
Wrightstown	Brown	476	420	— 56	— 11.76
Total		55,274	94,466	+ 39,287	+ 74.73

POPULATION OF EACH OF THE FIVE LEADING CITIES IN THE STATE AT EACH FEDERAL CENSUS SINCE ORGANIZED OR SINCE 1840.

Table 8.

CENSUS YEARS.	MILWAUKEE.					
	Population.	Increase.		Population.	Increase.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
1840	1,712					
1850	20,061	18,349	1,071.8			
1860	45,246	25,185	125.5			
1870	71,440	26,194	57.9			
1880	115,587	44,147	61.3			
1890	204,468	88,881	76.9			
900	285,315	80,847	39.5			

CENSUS YEARS	LA CROSSE.			OSHKOSH.		
	Popula- tion.	Increase.		Popula- tion.	Increase.	
		Number.	Per cent		Number.	Per cent.
1860	3,860			6,086		
1870	7,785	3,925	101.7	12,663	6,577	108.1
1880	14,505	6,720	86.3	15,748	3,085	24.4
1890	25,690	10,585	73.0	22,836	7,088	45.0
1900	28,895	3,805	15.2	28,284	5,448	23.9

CENSUS YEARS.	RACINE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Popula- tion.	Increase.		Popula- tion.	Increase.	
		Number.	Per cent.		Number.	Per cent.
1850	5,107					
1860	7,822	2,715	53.2			
1870	9,880	2,058	26.3			
1880	16,031	6,151	62.3			
1890	21,014	4,983	31.1	11,983		
1900	29,102	8,088	38.5	31,091	19,108	159.5

POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE—BY COUNTIES.

(The average number of persons per square mile for the state as a whole was 31.1 in 1890 and 38 in 1900.)

Table 9.

Counties.	Population per square mile.		Counties.	Population per square mile.	
	1890	1900.		1890.	1900.
Adams	10.10	13.40	Manitowoc	64.12	71.63
Ashland	21.57	21.69	Marathon	19.82	28.23
Barron	17.56	26.97	Marquette	14.55	22.08
Bayfield	4.94	9.61	Marquette	21.45	23.30
Brown	75.60	89.50	Millwaukee	1,035.53	1,447.44
Buffalo	24.16	25.32	Monroe	25.37	30.71
Burnett	4.99	8.49	Oconto	13.90	19.33
Calumet	52.49	53.87	Oneida	5.57	9.86
Chippewa	12.97	17.05	Outagamie	61.03	72.94
Clark	14.76	21.54	Ozaukee	66.12	72.40
Columbia	36.53	40.10	Pepin	29.13	33.21
Crawford	28.70	31.03	Pierce	37.54	44.09
Dane	41.73	58.45	Polk	13.89	19.08
Dodge	50.89	52.75	Portage	31.00	36.85
Door	34.54	38.73	Price	4.24	7.34
Douglas	10.21	27.55	Racine	112.25	141.31
Dunn	26.85	29.67	Richland	33.20	33.82
Eau Claire	49.47	51.12	Rock	61.08	72.53
Florence	5.23	6.42	St. Croix	32.54	37.73
Fond du Lac	61.23	66.10	Sauk	37.29	40.25
Forest .....	.71	.98	Sawyer	1.47	2.63
Grant	31.63	33.61	Shawano	16.95	24.21
Green	39.47	39.44	Sheboygan	83.31	98.72
Green Lake	41.66	43.46	Taylor	6.98	11.67
Iowa	28.99	30.29	Trempealeau	25.78	31.49
Iron	8.42	8.42	Vernon	31.71	35.80
Jackson	16.15	17.86	Vilas .....	.....	5.43
Jefferson	61.19	63.48	Walworth	49.57	52.05
Juneau	21.67	26.11	Washburn	3.51	6.62
Kenosha	56.86	79.22	Washington	53.78	55.76
Kewaunee	49.40	52.64	Waukesha	59.20	62.69
La Crosse	81.69	90.52	Waupaca	35.77	42.21
Lafayette	31.96	33.06	Waushara	21.14	25.00
Langlade	11.17	14.68	Winnebago	106.14	123.36
Lincoln	13.57	18.38	Wood	23.09	32.95

Total Population in 1900, 1890 and 1880, Classified as to Males and Females, by Counties, in Wisconsin.

Table 10.

COUNTIES.	MALES.			FEMALES.		
	1900.	1890.	1880.	1900.	1890.	1880.
Adams	4,864	3,629	3,549	4,277	3,260	3,192
Ashland	11,318	12,709	894	8,858	7,354	665
Barron	12,529	8,361	3,902	11,148	7,055	3,122
Bayfield	8,775	4,630	299	5,617	2,760	265
Brown	23,346	20,093	17,431	23,013	19,066	16,647
Buffalo	8,741	8,551	8,294	8,024	7,446	7,234
Burnett	4,087	2,335	1,884	3,291	2,058	1,256
Calumet	8,783	8,578	8,648	8,295	8,061	7,984
Chippewa	17,540	13,596	8,791	15,497	11,547	6,700
Clark	13,581	9,450	6,084	12,267	8,258	4,631
Columbia	15,689	14,356	14,233	15,432	13,994	13,832
Crawford	8,975	8,149	8,037	8,311	7,858	7,607
Dane	35,748	30,677	27,215	33,637	28,991	26,018
Dodge	24,050	23,126	23,389	22,681	21,848	22,542
Door	9,273	8,421	6,379	8,310	7,261	5,266
Douglas	21,036	8,608	353	15,299	4,860	302
Dunn	13,026	12,652	9,185	12,017	10,612	7,632
Eau Claire	16,024	16,059	10,989	15,668	14,614	9,004
Florence	1,796	1,561	.....	1,401	1,043	.....
Fond du Lac	24,043	22,049	23,472	23,546	22,039	23,387
Forest	821	659	.....	575	373	.....
Grant	19,503	18,503	19,229	19,378	18,148	18,623
Green	11,647	11,729	11,090	11,672	11,003	10,679
Green Lake	7,939	7,026	7,272	7,858	7,537	7,211
Iowa	11,789	11,189	11,955	11,325	10,928	11,673
Iron	3,871	.....	.....	2,745	.....	.....
Jackson	9,231	8,416	7,069	8,235	7,381	6,216
Jefferson	17,531	16,938	16,251	17,258	16,562	15,905
Juneau	10,663	8,775	8,096	9,963	8,346	7,486
Kenosha	11,348	8,151	6,875	10,359	7,430	6,675
Kewaunee	8,926	8,282	8,261	8,286	7,871	7,546
La Crosse	21,278	19,767	14,148	21,719	19,034	12,925
Lafayette	10,771	10,307	10,765	10,188	9,958	10,514
Langlade	6,685	5,135	429	5,863	4,330	246
Lincoln	8,710	6,813	1,181	7,559	5,195	830
Manitowoc	21,554	19,157	19,106	20,707	18,674	18,229
Marathon	22,636	16,133	9,624	20,620	14,236	7,497
Marquette	16,349	11,371	5,360	14,473	8,933	3,569
Marquette	5,357	4,851	4,526	5,152	4,825	4,382
Milwaukee	164,989	117,935	69,606	165,028	118,116	68,931
Monroe	14,456	11,887	11,033	13,647	11,324	10,524
Oconto	11,037	8,126	5,360	9,837	6,833	4,483
Oconto	5,118	3,341	.....	3,757	1,669	.....
Oneida	23,360	19,765	14,819	22,887	18,925	13,887
Outagamie	8,518	4,643	7,889	7,845	7,300	7,572
Ozaukee	4,117	3,659	3,296	3,783	3,273	2,930
Pepin	12,532	10,765	9,396	11,411	9,630	8,348
Pierce	9,566	7,000	5,570	8,255	5,968	4,448
Polk	14,973	12,706	9,294	14,510	12,092	8,437
Portage	5,085	3,238	510	4,021	2,020	275
Price	23,417	18,375	15,754	22,227	17,893	15,168
Racine	10,036	9,800	9,352	9,447	9,321	8,822
Richland	26,201	21,775	19,589	25,062	21,445	19,234
Rock	14,060	12,278	10,193	12,780	10,861	8,760
St. Croix	16,799	15,364	14,720	16,207	15,211	14,009
Sauk	1,972	1,207	.....	1,621	770	.....
Sawyer	14,551	10,366	5,629	12,924	8,870	4,742
Shawano	25,643	21,824	17,405	24,702	20,665	16,801
Sheboygan	6,264	3,709	1,348	4,998	3,022	963
Taylor	12,063	9,883	9,022	11,056	9,037	8,167
Trempealeau	14,887	12,989	12,148	13,464	12,122	11,087
Vilas	3,169	.....	.....	1,760	.....	.....
Walworth	14,778	13,991	13,153	14,481	13,869	13,096
Washington	2,981	1,638	.....	2,540	1,288	.....
Washington	12,091	11,678	12,025	11,498	11,073	11,417
Waukesha	17,949	17,138	14,873	17,280	16,132	14,084
Waupaca	16,426	14,006	10,929	15,189	12,788	10,026
Waushara	8,438	7,078	6,515	7,534	6,429	6,172
Winnebago	28,804	25,276	21,491	29,421	24,821	21,249
Wood	13,461	9,704	4,822	12,404	8,423	4,159
Total	1,067,562	878,238	680,069	1,001,480	815,092	635,428

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

Population in 1900, 1890 and 1880, Classified as to Native and Foreign Born, by Counties, in Wisconsin.

Table 11.

COUNTIES.	NATIVE BORN.			FOREIGN BORN.		
	1900.	1890.	1880.	1900.	1890.	1880.
Adams	7,777	5,579	5,459	1,384	1,310	1,282
Ashland	13,403	10,603	1,087	6,773	9,460	472
Barron	17,016	10,372	4,682	6,661	5,044	2,342
Bayfield	8,768	3,878	502	5,624	3,512	62
Brown	35,741	27,438	22,552	10,618	11,726	11,526
Buffalo	13,063	11,082	10,022	3,702	4,915	5,506
Burnett	4,848	2,269	1,529	2,630	2,124	1,611
Calumet	13,807	12,263	11,320	3,271	4,376	5,312
Chippewa	24,810	16,934	10,043	8,227	8,209	5,448
Clark	19,910	12,970	7,901	5,938	4,738	2,814
Columbia	24,730	20,956	20,500	6,391	7,394	7,565
Crawford	14,644	12,832	12,043	2,642	3,105	3,601
Dane	53,945	42,434	37,193	15,490	17,144	16,040
Dodge	35,629	31,117	30,512	11,002	13,867	15,419
Door	13,124	10,451	7,095	4,459	5,231	4,550
Douglas	22,817	7,340	464	13,518	6,128	191
Dunn	18,933	15,805	11,747	6,110	6,859	5,070
Eau Claire	23,549	20,126	13,503	8,143	10,547	6,490
Florence	1,924	1,246	.....	1,273	1,358	.....
Fond du Lac	37,955	32,854	33,825	9,634	11,234	13,034
Forest	1,170	726	.....	226	286	.....
Grant	33,663	30,219	29,692	5,213	6,432	8,160
Green	18,320	17,606	17,579	4,399	5,126	4,150
Green Lake	11,648	10,194	9,968	4,149	4,969	4,575
Iowa	19,047	16,960	16,748	4,067	5,157	6,880
Iron	3,732	.....	.....	2,884	.....	.....
Jackson	13,514	11,443	9,433	3,952	4,354	3,852
Jefferson	26,499	23,350	22,077	8,290	10,180	10,079
Juneau	16,716	13,417	12,040	3,913	3,704	3,542
Kenosha	15,777	10,855	9,776	5,930	4,726	3,774
Kewaunee	12,726	10,582	9,021	4,486	5,571	6,786
La Crosse	32,095	25,848	17,120	10,992	12,953	9,953
Lafayette	17,646	16,007	16,126	3,313	4,258	5,153
Langlade	9,949	6,734	487	2,604	2,731	198
Lincoln	11,580	7,656	1,364	4,629	4,352	647
Manitowoc	32,217	25,180	22,867	10,044	12,651	14,678
Marathon	30,780	18,759	10,670	12,476	11,610	6,451
Marinette	20,907	11,982	4,831	9,915	8,322	4,098
Marquette	8,244	6,920	6,118	2,265	2,756	2,790
Milwaukee	227,370	144,234	83,469	102,647	91,867	55,038
Monroe	22,940	17,802	16,173	5,163	5,409	5,434
Oconto	15,082	9,845	6,220	5,792	5,164	3,628
Oneida	6,208	3,665	.....	2,667	1,345	.....
Outagamie	36,196	27,854	19,643	10,051	10,836	9,073
Ozaukee	12,697	10,485	10,063	3,666	4,458	5,398
Pepin	6,224	5,085	4,402	1,631	1,847	1,824
Pierce	18,628	14,820	12,598	5,315	5,565	5,146
Polk	12,144	8,045	6,212	5,657	4,923	3,806
Portage	22,174	16,936	12,055	6,697	7,862	5,676
Price	5,781	2,613	415	7,309	2,645	370
Racine	32,151	23,782	20,314	3,325	12,486	10,608
Richland	18,052	17,317	16,392	13,493	1,804	1,882
Rock	42,077	34,271	31,268	1,431	8,949	7,555
St. Croix	19,718	15,891	13,127	9,126	7,248	5,829
Sauk	26,698	23,108	21,477	7,112	6,806	7,252
Sawyer	2,733	1,142	.....	806	835	.....
Shawano	23,273	12,316	6,369	7,197	6,920	4,002
Sheboygan	37,693	28,714	23,271	13,252	13,775	10,995
Taylor	7,203	3,470	1,564	4,059	3,261	747
Trempealeau	16,993	12,341	10,321	6,206	6,579	6,868
Vernon	23,454	19,642	17,513	4,897	5,469	5,722
Vilas	3,554	1,375	.....	1,375	.....	.....
Walworth	24,107	22,247	21,503	5,152	5,613	4,746
Washburn	4,193	1,894	.....	1,323	1,032	.....
Washington	18,962	16,764	15,901	4,627	5,987	7,541
Waukesha	27,321	24,017	20,272	7,908	9,253	8,685
Waupaca	24,279	19,073	15,064	7,336	7,721	5,891
Waushara	13,189	10,563	9,906	2,783	2,959	2,781
Winnebago	43,731	34,814	30,448	14,494	15,283	12,292
Wood	19,233	11,809	6,346	6,627	6,238	2,635
Total	1,553,071	1,174,131	910,072	515,971	519,199	405,425

Native Born, Foreign Born and Foreign White. Classified as to Sex, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 12.

COUNTIES.	NATIVE BORN.		FOREIGN BORN.		FOREIGN WHITE.	
	Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females.
Adams	4,129	3,648	735	629	735	629
Ashland	7,147	6,256	4,171	2,602	4,165	2,601
Barron	8,752	8,264	3,777	2,884	3,776	2,884
Bayfield	4,901	3,867	3,874	1,750	3,865	1,750
Brown	17,647	18,094	5,639	4,919	5,631	4,917
Buffalo	6,711	6,352	2,030	1,672	2,030	1,672
Burnett	2,625	2,223	1,462	1,168	1,462	1,168
Calumet	6,937	6,820	1,796	1,475	1,796	1,475
Chippewa	12,801	12,009	4,739	3,488	4,736	3,488
Clark	10,250	9,660	3,331	2,607	3,331	2,607
Columbia	12,334	12,596	3,355	3,056	3,350	3,055
Crawford	7,537	7,167	1,428	1,204	1,428	1,204
Dane	27,259	26,636	8,489	7,601	8,465	7,601
Dodge	18,140	17,489	5,910	5,092	5,909	5,092
Door	6,786	6,338	2,487	1,972	2,485	1,972
Douglas	12,329	10,483	8,707	4,811	8,695	4,807
Dunn	9,659	9,274	3,367	2,743	3,365	2,743
Eau Claire	11,729	11,820	4,295	3,848	4,288	3,848
Florence	1,005	919	791	482	791	482
Fond du Lac	18,930	19,025	5,113	4,521	5,090	4,515
Forest	666	504	155	71	155	71
Grant	16,725	16,443	2,778	2,455	2,773	2,455
Green	9,214	9,106	2,433	1,965	2,433	1,966
Green Lake	5,771	5,877	2,168	1,931	2,167	1,931
Iowa	9,653	9,394	2,126	1,931	2,125	1,931
Iron	1,967	1,755	1,904	980	1,902	980
Jackson	7,080	6,434	2,151	1,801	2,150	1,801
Jefferson	13,191	13,308	4,340	3,950	4,329	3,949
Juneau	8,507	8,209	2,159	1,754	2,159	1,754
Kenosha	8,028	7,749	3,320	2,610	3,319	2,609
Kewaunee	6,508	6,218	2,418	2,063	2,417	2,063
La Crosse	15,611	16,484	5,667	5,235	5,664	5,225
Lafayette	8,966	8,680	1,805	1,508	1,804	1,508
Langlade	5,223	4,726	1,402	1,142	1,461	1,142
Lincoln	5,966	5,614	2,744	1,945	2,743	1,945
Manitowoc	16,263	15,954	5,291	4,753	5,286	4,753
Marathon	15,783	14,997	6,853	5,629	6,850	5,623
Marinette	10,633	10,274	5,716	4,199	5,712	4,199
Marquette	4,171	4,073	1,186	1,079	1,183	1,079
Milwaukee	111,173	116,197	53,816	48,831	53,783	48,817
Monroe	11,663	11,277	2,793	2,370	2,790	2,370
Oconto	7,807	7,275	3,220	2,562	3,227	2,562
Oneida	3,362	2,846	1,756	911	1,753	911
Outagamie	18,086	18,110	5,274	4,777	5,269	4,774
Ozaukee	6,511	6,186	2,007	1,659	2,007	1,659
Pepin	3,221	3,003	896	785	896	785
Pierce	9,564	9,064	2,968	2,347	2,968	3,347
Polk	6,393	5,751	3,173	2,494	3,173	2,494
Portage	11,052	11,122	3,921	3,388	3,918	3,388
Price	3,075	2,706	2,010	1,315	2,010	1,315
Racine	16,131	16,020	7,286	6,207	7,283	6,207
Richland	9,250	8,802	786	645	786	645
Rock	21,255	20,822	4,946	4,180	4,937	4,180
St. Croix	10,104	9,614	3,946	3,166	3,946	3,166
Sauk	13,414	13,284	3,385	2,923	3,384	2,923
Sawyer	1,446	1,342	526	279	524	279
Shawano	10,613	9,665	3,938	3,259	3,938	3,258
Sheboygan	18,461	18,632	7,182	6,070	7,178	6,070
Taylor	3,864	3,339	2,400	1,659	2,399	1,659
Trempealeau	8,647	8,261	3,411	2,795	3,411	2,795
Vernon	12,212	11,242	2,675	2,222	2,674	2,222
Vilas	2,164	1,390	1,005	370	1,005	370
Walworth	11,995	12,112	2,783	2,369	2,780	2,369
Washburn	2,191	2,007	790	533	790	533
Washington	9,615	9,347	2,476	2,151	2,476	2,151
Waukesha	13,711	13,610	4,238	3,670	4,235	3,670
Waupaca	12,373	11,906	4,053	3,283	4,049	3,283
Waushara	6,923	6,266	1,515	1,268	1,515	1,268
Winnebago	21,239	22,492	7,565	6,929	7,545	6,929
Wood	9,838	9,400	3,623	3,004	3,620	3,004
Total	784,927	768,134	282,625	233,346	282,393	233,312

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Total number of White Persons, total Negroes and total number of Indians, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900, 1890 and 1880.

Table 13.

COUNTIES.	WHITE.			NEGRO. ¹			INDIANS.	
	1900.	1890.	1880.	1900.	1890.	1880	1900.	1890.
Adams	9,080	6,823	6,714	8	6	1	53	60
Ashland	19,279	20,017	1,380	14	14	1	887	18
Barron	23,650	15,364	6,948	1	11		25	40
Bayfield	13,887	7,081	309	5	4	3	494	304
Brown	45,537	38,281	33,897	50	148	116	703	732
Buffalo	16,764	15,997	15,519	1				
Burnett	7,319	4,312	2,874	8			151	81
Calumet	16,788	16,305	15,900	33	169	319	257	165
Chippewa	32,924	24,969	15,295	5	34	4	102	134
Clark	25,795	17,705	10,700	1	3	5	61	
Columbia	31,090	28,335	28,028	17	15	25	9	
Crawford	17,281	15,932	15,597	5	17	47		18
Dane	69,328	69,480	53,145	82	90	87	1	11
Dodge	46,584	44,915	45,810	38	54	96	8	22
Door	17,578	15,650	11,628	3	10			183
Douglas	36,003	13,005	612	190	68	8	133	2
Dunn	25,039	22,648	16,802	2	13	11		13
Eau Claire	31,661	30,646	19,968	20	6	24		2
Florence	3,196	2,594			7			12
Fond du Lac	47,426	43,960	46,635	136	113	206	16	119
Forest	1,234	893					162	
Grant	38,821	36,583	37,771	60	68	81		
Green	22,695	22,700	21,697	24	32	32		44
Green Lake	15,793	15,157	14,438	3	6	13		
Iowa	23,095	22,103	23,588	18	14	29		
Iron	6,613			1				1
Jackson	17,266	15,786	13,198	2	10	9	197	
Jefferson	34,749	33,496	32,062	39	34	94		
Jenaua	20,571	17,009	15,479	8	13	8	49	
Kenosha	21,679	15,561	13,527	36	20	23		
Kewaunee	17,205	16,144	15,779	6	9			
La Crosse	42,926	38,732	27,000	70	66	63		
Lafayette	20,956	20,262	21,270	2	2	9		
Langlade	12,548	9,450	650	3	1			13
Lincoln	16,245	11,993	1,921	1	7		22	5
Manitowoc	42,253	37,817	37,496	3	13	7		
Marathon	43,231	30,258	17,012	4	46		18	65
Marinette	30,614	20,139	8,697	3	34	20	202	128
Marquette	10,506	9,675	8,885	3	1	1		
Milwaukee	329,095	235,621	138,214	895	458	320	4	8
Monroe	27,781	23,139	21,549	43	45	23	276	25
Oconto	20,669	14,947	9,740	9	12	3	253	48
Oneida	8,801	4,952		1	26		70	29
Outagamie	45,213	37,719	28,646	30	23	49	999	943
Ozaukee	16,363	14,938	15,461		5			
Pepin	7,905	6,932	6,225			1		
Pierce	23,933	20,264	17,663	9	19	60		
Polk	17,684	12,842	9,775	4	7	2	113	114
Portage	69,476	24,787	17,720	2	8	4		
Price	9,101	5,256	777	5	2	1		
Racine	45,544	36,157	30,761	96	111	159	1	
Richland	19,455	19,103	18,143	14	18	30	14	
Rock	51,033	43,080	38,607	101	135	203		1
St. Croix	26,827	23,135	18,926	3	4	18		
Sauk	22,972	30,542	28,688	32	33	41	2	
Sawyer	2,663	1,970		2			921	7
Shawano	25,685	18,842	10,079	22	4	14	1,768	390
Sheboygan	50,336	42,481	34,293		8	3	5	
Taylor	11,227	6,694	2,936	34	37	15		
Trempealeau	23,113	18,908	17,169	1		20		12
Vernon	28,222	25,028	23,165	95	83	120	29	
Vilas	4,667			3			259	
Walworth	29,181	27,804	26,194	74	50	55	1	
Washburn	5,430	2,895		1			90	80
Washington	25,559	22,751	23,440			6		
Waukesha	35,141	33,188	28,893	83	79	63	2	1
Waupaca	31,602	26,775	20,935	9	17	7		2
Waushara	15,964	13,494	12,651	8	11	20		2
Winnebago	58,123	49,079	42,562	58	84	115	22	44
Wood	28,849	18,123	8,961	3	2	2	10	2
Total	2,057,911	1,680,828	1,309,618	2,542	2,444	2,702	8,372	9,930

¹Includes all persons of negro descent. The totals for the state in 1890 include persons specially enumerated, but not distributed by counties.

Native White with Native Parents, Native White with Foreign Parents, Total Colored Persons and Negroes, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 14.

Counties.	Native White— Native Parents.		Native White— Foreign Parents.		Total Colored. ¹		Negro ²	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Adams	2,502	2,258	1,601	1,355	26	35	6	2
Ashland	2,169	1,753	4,532	4,050	452	454	6	8
Barron	3,483	3,300	5,257	4,950	13	14	1	.....
Bayfield	1,525	1,056	3,122	2,569	263	242	4	1
Brown	5,833	5,021	11,871	12,114	401	361	26	24
Buffalo	2,319	2,154	4,391	4,193	1	.....	1	.....
Burnett	710	593	1,842	1,544	73	86	2	6
Calumet	2,269	2,176	4,575	4,497	143	147	17	16
Chippewa	5,250	4,774	7,493	7,183	61	52	5	.....
Clark	4,716	4,947	5,509	5,286	25	27	1	.....
Columbia	5,531	5,028	6,784	6,762	24	7	10	7
Crawford	4,270	4,067	3,264	3,098	3	2	3	2
Dane	10,957	10,680	16,257	15,968	69	38	44	23
Dodge	6,191	6,242	11,915	11,235	35	12	27	11
Door	1,782	1,706	5,001	4,632	5	.....	3	.....
Douglas	4,763	3,599	7,395	6,744	133	149	104	86
Dunn	4,035	3,850	5,621	5,424	4	.....	2	.....
Eau Claire	4,412	4,437	7,299	7,377	25	6	14	6
Florence	283	227	721	692	1	.....	.....	.....
Fond du Lac	7,946	8,066	10,912	10,897	95	68	77	59
Forest	328	252	250	178	88	74	.....	.....
Grant	9,157	9,408	7,537	7,506	31	29	31	29
Green	4,946	4,936	4,256	4,158	12	12	12	12
Green Lake	2,019	2,045	3,760	3,831	3	1	2	1
Iowa	3,959	3,894	5,684	5,492	11	8	10	8
Iron	471	395	1,496	1,369	2	1	.....	1
Jackson	2,597	2,603	3,987	3,718	97	103	2	.....
Jefferson	4,970	5,044	8,203	8,244	19	21	18	21
Juneau	4,575	4,401	3,905	3,777	27	31	7	1
Kenosha	3,133	3,036	4,877	4,696	19	18	18	18
Kewaunee	1,344	1,311	5,161	4,904	4	3	3	3
La Crosse	5,413	5,477	10,162	10,975	39	32	38	32
Lafayette	4,320	4,106	4,645	4,573	2	1	1	1
Langlade	2,126	1,973	2,894	2,747	4	1	2	1
Lincoln	1,975	1,756	3,978	3,848	14	10	1	1
Manitowoc	4,613	4,566	11,649	11,386	6	2	1	2
Marathon	4,143	3,886	11,625	11,104	18	7	4	.....
Marinette	2,979	2,648	7,539	7,537	119	89	2	1
Marquette	1,563	1,502	2,608	2,571	3	.....	3	.....
Millwaukee	29,432	29,044	81,252	86,767	522	406	495	409
Monroe	5,882	5,603	5,622	5,514	162	160	18	25
Oconto	2,143	2,028	5,534	5,115	133	132	5	4
Oneida	1,353	1,086	1,987	1,731	45	29	1	.....
Outagamie	6,385	6,197	11,171	11,417	535	469	10	20
Ozaukee	2,200	2,171	4,311	4,015	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pepin	1,523	1,445	1,633	1,558	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pierce	4,220	3,948	5,335	5,115	9	1	8	1
Polk	1,930	1,720	4,352	3,975	61	56	2	2
Portage	3,957	3,972	7,091	7,150	7	.....	2	.....
Price	1,642	845	2,029	1,860	4	1	4	1
Racine	5,271	5,213	10,810	10,760	53	47	49	47
Richland	7,127	6,839	2,106	1,953	17	11	10	4
Rock	12,366	11,859	8,834	8,917	64	46	55	46
St. Croix	3,576	3,332	6,526	6,281	2	1	2	1
Sauk	6,599	6,438	6,801	6,827	15	19	14	18
Sawyer	404	362	559	540	455	440	1	1
Shawano	2,534	2,209	7,140	6,606	939	851	14	8
Shelby	5,963	6,141	12,496	12,488	6	3	.....	.....
Taylor	1,069	833	2,778	2,489	18	17	17	17
Trempleau	2,262	2,134	6,384	6,127	1	.....	1	.....
Vernon	6,884	6,262	5,256	4,934	73	46	57	33
Vilas	883	613	1,138	658	143	119	1	1
Walworth	6,988	7,154	4,962	4,928	48	30	45	29
Washburn	1,112	957	1,035	1,003	44	47	1	.....
Washington	3,536	3,561	6,079	5,786	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha	5,555	5,632	8,105	7,944	54	34	49	34
Waupaca	5,045	4,815	7,919	7,091	13	9	9	.....
Wauwasha	3,668	3,357	3,250	2,906	5	3	5	3
Winnebago	8,395	8,613	12,797	13,844	67	35	31	27
Wood	3,469	3,251	6,361	6,144	11	5	3	.....
Total	298,552	287,351	480,631	475,642	5,956	5,175	1,418	1,124

¹Persons of negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

²Includes all persons of negro descent.

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Native Males 21 years and over Classified as to Color and Literacy, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 15.

COUNTIES.	Native White.		Native Negro.		Other Native Colored.	
	Literate.	Illiterate	Literate.	Illiterate	Literate	Illiterate
Adams	1,780	45	4			8
Ashland	2,527	27	5		186	79
Barron	2,653	80		1	3	2
Bayfield	1,884	42	2	1	73	57
Brown	5,663	400	14	5	59	141
Buffalo	2,412	46		1		
Burnett	632	18			9	29
Calumet	2,496	57	9	1	79	4
Chippewa	4,478	116	4		13	16
Clark	3,734	77	1		9	4
Columbia	5,803	51	8	1	1	1
Crawford	3,214	97	1			
Dane	11,976	105	23	8	1	
Dodge	7,647	86	13	2	6	
Door	1,979	145	1			
Douglas	5,636	30	83		11	11
Dunn	3,280	101		2	1	
Eau Claire	4,025	65	9	1	4	
Florence	275	11				1
Fond du Lac	8,606	150	23	12	2	1
Forest	297	8			5	36
Grant	7,791	161	16	3		
Green	4,144	80	9	1		
Green Lake	2,225	54	2			
Iowa	4,331	83	3	3		
Iron	580	16				
Jackson	2,518	87	2		2	43
Jefferson	5,537	67	13	3		
Juneau	3,668	104	6	1	4	7
Kenosha	3,386	20	11			
Kewaunee	1,968	177	1	1		
La Crosse	6,091	58	19	5		
Lafayette	4,138	70		1		
Langlade	1,863	79	2		1	
Lincoln	2,011	31	1		3	1
Manitowoc	5,878	108	1			
Marathon	4,603	139	2	2	1	4
Marquette	3,051	174	2		13	47
Marquette	1,586	35	1			
Milwaukee	40,605	232	346	23	4	1
Monroe	4,850	82	6	1	8	22
Oconto	2,257	109	2	1	27	46
Oneida	1,467	38	1		2	16
Outagamie	6,329	162	7		72	205
Ozaukee	2,479	48				
Pepin	1,196	62				
Pierce	3,824	64	5	3	1	
Polk	1,844	26	1	1	17	12
Portage	3,482	176	2		1	
Price	943	18	2			
Racine	6,498	35	28	9		
Richland	4,472	126	6		1	5
Rock	11,050	63	37	5		
St. Croix	3,556	72	2			
Sauk	5,939	81	8	1		
Sawyer	364	10	1		93	152
Shawano	2,665	158	10	1	238	277
Sheboygan	7,008	78			1	
Taylor	1,115	22	9	1		
Trempealeau	2,799	50		1		
Vernon	4,947	199	16	1	10	
Vilas	1,085	40	2		22	47
Walworth	6,408	38	23	3		
Washburn	751	30	1		4	15
Washington	3,776	82				
Waukesha	6,134	27	22	5		1
Waupaca	4,818	93	7	1		
Waushara	2,957	71	2	1		
Winnebago	9,053	115	14	7	9	
Wood	3,146	59	3			3
Total	304,143	5,766	864	120	1,001	1,294

¹Native born persons of negro descent.

Foreign Males 21 Years and over Classified as to Naturalization and Literacy, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 16.

COUNTIES.	FOREIGN BORN.							
	Naturalized.		First papers filed.		Aliens.		Unknown.	
	Literate.	Illiterate.	Literate.	Illiterate.	Literate.	Illiterate.	Literate.	Illiterate.
Adams	392	52	113	17	25	2	68	7
Ashland	1,623	213	1,061	134	344	85	683	31
Barron	1,444	123	917	128	231	48	435	25
Bayfield	1,090	46	1,416	157	389	86	257	47
Brown	2,151	395	1,134	279	221	125	846	269
Buffalo	1,600	97	305	33	124	12	356	26
Burnett	620	37	346	43	66	6	181	10
Calumet	875	47	408	17	92	11	265	13
Chippewa	1,585	181	1,379	148	268	32	657	77
Clark	1,223	39	880	66	213	27	439	36
Columbia	1,652	101	578	37	90	3	628	54
Crawford	675	87	141	24	62	7	356	30
Dane	2,565	215	2,723	219	345	64	1,607	121
Dodge	2,608	150	1,031	74	291	21	1,275	120
Door	750	89	731	168	87	24	416	69
Douglas	3,570	145	1,998	294	595	185	952	54
Dunn	958	137	896	177	143	63	600	99
Eau Claire	1,321	134	974	80	198	24	720	43
Florence	283	23	176	20	90	38	48	11
Fond du Lac	2,082	293	911	120	118	29	1,659	163
Forest	83	1	17	1	13	1	25	.....
Grant	1,623	117	379	32	67	2	427	34
Green	713	45	842	85	153	14	301	26
Green Lake	845	186	406	124	58	16	277	61
Iowa	1,015	118	280	48	62	17	441	53
Iron	444	42	620	63	278	43	140	19
Jackson	853	83	536	104	40	11	348	30
Jefferson	1,694	79	1,103	71	140	13	867	62
Juneau	923	108	402	36	91	18	399	25
Kenosha	1,301	78	669	83	165	55	510	70
Kewaunee	1,027	99	379	42	227	70	432	73
La Crosse	2,407	114	1,374	106	191	19	1,015	62
Lafayette	769	84	233	52	44	1	413	50
Lanlade	492	62	224	34	44	11	382	47
Lincoln	1,137	71	550	31	113	12	453	35
Manitowoc	2,668	135	617	91	286	56	1,094	94
Marathon	2,316	153	1,918	266	325	59	1,063	85
Marinette	1,655	217	1,591	385	303	104	647	103
Marquette	480	88	194	39	6	2	257	52
Milwaukee	23,140	1,281	14,028	1,401	3,308	529	2,914	156
Monroe	1,177	91	550	91	109	21	537	36
Oconto	920	126	1,034	176	147	57	345	64
Oncida	490	36	607	42	177	37	159	17
Outagamie	2,180	157	1,175	96	243	44	966	85
Ozaukee	1,153	84	352	32	77	25	143	1
Pepin	322	22	231	13	35	.....	208	36
Pierce	1,065	71	921	145	106	22	423	43
Polk	1,220	90	933	137	151	29	319	38
Portage	1,447	323	589	300	120	87	553	109
Price	789	31	533	39	119	14	193	12
Racine	2,741	79	2,531	252	338	107	505	42
Richland	336	29	139	10	19	4	211	7
Rock	1,773	165	1,140	89	274	28	990	80
St. Croix	1,223	87	1,233	194	103	33	697	40
Sauk	1,512	99	527	41	148	45	751	35
Sawyer	171	15	181	16	28	6	65	4
Shawano	1,102	189	1,145	209	224	59	560	82
Sheboygan	2,919	253	1,796	125	566	112	564	45
Taylor	911	81	477	53	109	36	344	20
Trempealeau	1,369	145	861	103	122	26	598	74
Vernon	853	96	864	105	161	30	384	48
Vilas	252	39	225	43	99	38	154	16
Walworth	1,497	97	443	28	227	21	246	13
Washburn	294	22	228	17	38	2	77	9
Washington	1,223	73	545	27	256	27	192	24
Waukesha	1,919	108	1,030	102	138	21	483	24
Waupaca	1,349	113	1,041	153	259	50	705	93
Wausara	671	85	256	14	57	14	285	21
Winnebago	2,797	186	1,631	166	277	45	1,561	191
Wood	1,033	70	1,073	115	239	92	466	53
Total	112,250	8,835	69,004	8,266	14,859	3,077	37,453	3,773

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Males 18 to 44 Years Inclusive, and Males 21 Years and Over, Classified as to Native and Foreign White and Color, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900—Military and Voting Age.

Table 17.

COUNTIES.	Males 18 to 44 years inclusive.				Males 21 years and over.			
	Native whites.	Foreign whites.	Negro. 1	Oth-ers. 2	Native white.	Foreign white.	Negro. 1	Oth-ers. 2
Adams	1,490	279	3	7	1,825	676	4	8
Ashland	2,440	2,992	3	185	2,554	3,768	5	271
Barron	2,354	1,970	6	6	3,372	3,451	1	6
Bayfield	1,775	2,874	2	86	1,926	3,451	3	129
Brown	6,225	2,090	15	147	6,063	5,322	19	2.3
Buffalo	2,542	706	1	.....	2,458	1,833	1	.....
Burnett	618	690	2	27	650	1,339	.....	.....
Calumet	2,623	472	8	48	2,553	1,734	10	38
Chippewa	4,199	2,474	1	22	4,594	4,324	4	33
Clark	3,330	1,658	1	8	3,311	2,923	1	13
Columbia	5,159	1,215	7	5	5,854	3,118	9	7
Crawford	2,949	480	.....	.....	3,311	1,382	1	.....
Dane	11,580	3,938	16	23	12,081	7,382	31	25
Dodge	7,543	2,067	21	6	7,733	5,370	20	6
Door	2,262	997	2	2	2,124	2,382	1	2
Douglas	5,301	6,683	67	23	5,666	7,781	85	32
Dunn	3,089	1,549	2	2	3,381	3,072	2	2
Eau Claire	3,561	2,146	7	9	4,030	3,987	10	11
Florence	274	518	.....	.....	286	694	.....	.....
Fond du Lac	7,910	1,787	30	9	8,756	4,763	46	14
Forest	288	108	.....	26	305	141	.....	41
Grant	6,965	1,256	16	.....	7,952	2,681	19	.....
Green	3,443	1,154	4	.....	4,224	2,179	10	.....
Green Lake	1,993	854	1	1	2,289	1,972	2	1
Iowa	4,171	596	4	1	4,414	2,038	6	1
Iron	699	1,389	.....	1	596	1,644	.....	2
Jackson	2,348	911	.....	28	2,605	2,009	2	46
Jefferson	5,188	1,550	5	1	5,604	4,033	16	1
Juneau	3,132	910	8	8	3,772	2,097	7	1
Kenosha	3,147	1,844	13	.....	3,406	2,930	11	1
Kewaunee	2,478	723	1	1	2,085	2,348	2	1
La Crosse	5,858	2,526	14	1	6,149	5,285	26	1
Lafayette	3,780	604	.....	.....	4,208	1,700	1	1
Langlade	1,806	778	.....	2	1,942	1,295	2	2
Lincoln	1,999	1,672	1	3	2,042	2,401	1	5
Manitowoc	6,556	1,603	1	5	5,936	5,036	1	5
Marathon	4,891	3,500	3	6	4,747	6,122	4	8
Marinette	3,168	3,416	.....	48	3,225	5,602	2	64
Marquette	1,491	428	.....	.....	1,621	1,118	1	.....
Milwaukee	40,483	28,255	313	14	40,837	47,725	379	67
Monroe	4,151	1,051	5	33	4,932	2,609	7	33
Oconto	2,351	1,527	1	47	2,366	2,865	3	76
Oneida	1,432	1,276	1	13	1,505	1,562	1	21
Outagamie	6,392	2,102	4	200	6,501	4,941	7	282
Ozaukee	2,573	564	.....	.....	2,527	1,886	.....	.....
Pepin	1,116	358	.....	.....	1,258	847	.....	.....
Pierce	3,450	1,214	4	1	3,888	2,801	8	1
Polk	1,784	1,501	1	19	1,870	2,920	2	29
Portage	3,437	1,700	1	5	3,658	3,528	2	4
Price	914	1,289	.....	.....	961	1,735	.....	.....
Racine	6,122	3,790	24	3	6,533	6,592	37	3
Richland	3,607	268	6	5	4,598	755	6	6
Rock	8,955	2,477	27	8	11,123	4,536	42	8
St. Croix	3,413	1,904	2	.....	3,628	3,655	2	.....
Sauk	5,152	1,204	7	.....	6,020	3,157	9	1
Sawyer	293	330	.....	188	374	484	1	252
Shawano	2,985	1,895	4	359	2,823	3,570	11	515
Sheboygan	7,041	2,927	.....	3	7,086	6,376	.....	5
Taylor	7,142	1,353	8	1	1,137	2,030	10	1
Trempealeau	2,940	1,412	.....	.....	2,849	3,293	1	.....
Vernon	4,561	1,087	20	11	5,146	2,545	17	11
Vilas	1,056	732	1	52	1,175	906	2	69
Walworth	4,813	1,224	20	3	6,446	2,569	26	3
Washburn	949	491	1	13	781	697	1	19
Washington	3,748	646	.....	.....	3,858	2,352	.....	.....
Waukesha	5,356	1,615	17	3	6,161	3,873	28	3
Waupaca	4,247	1,716	3	4	4,911	3,767	8	4
Waushara	2,635	590	3	.....	3,078	1,402	3	.....
Winnebago	8,225	3,408	14	22	9,173	6,884	29	28
Wood	3,069	1,833	3	4	3,205	3,192	3	6
Total	288,588	134,751	746	1,740	309,969	237,304	1,603	2,496

¹Includes all persons of negro descent.

²Chinese, Japanese, and Indians.

Native and Foreign Males of Voting Age, by Counties, 1900.

Table 18.

Counties.	Native born males of vot- ing age.	Foreign born males of vot- ing age.	Total males of voting age.
Adams	1,837	676	2,513
Ashland	2,824	3,574	6,398
Barron	2,719	3,373	6,092
Bayfield	2,059	3,466	5,525
Brown	6,282	5,340	11,622
Buffalo	2,459	1,933	4,392
Burnett	688	1,909	2,597
Calumet	2,646	1,734	4,380
Chippewa	4,627	4,327	8,954
Clark	3,825	2,023	5,848
Columbia	5,865	3,123	8,988
Crawford	3,312	1,332	4,644
Dane	12,113	7,859	19,972
Dodge	7,759	5,570	13,329
Door	2,125	2,334	4,459
Douglas	5,771	7,793	13,564
Dunn	3,384	3,073	6,457
Eau Claire	4,104	3,994	8,098
Florence	287	694	981
Fond du Lac	8,799	4,780	13,579
Forest	346	141	487
Grant	7,971	2,681	10,652
Green	4,234	2,179	6,413
Green Lake	2,291	1,973	4,264
Iowa	4,420	2,039	6,459
Iron	596	1,646	2,242
Jackson	2,652	2,010	4,662
Jefferson	5,620	4,024	9,644
Juneau	3,790	2,607	5,797
Kenosha	3,417	2,931	6,348
Kewaunee	2,087	2,349	4,436
La Crosse	6,172	5,288	11,461
Lafayette	4,209	1,701	5,910
Langlade	1,945	1,236	3,241
Lincoln	2,047	2,402	4,449
Manitowoc	5,987	5,041	11,028
Marathon	4,756	6,125	10,881
Marinette	3,287	4,906	8,293
Marquette	1,622	1,116	2,740
Milwaukee	41,211	47,757	88,968
Monroe	4,969	2,612	7,581
Oconto	2,442	2,869	5,311
Oneida	1,524	1,565	3,089
Outagamie	6,785	4,946	11,731
Ozaukee	2,527	1,886	4,413
Pepin	1,258	847	2,105
Pierce	3,837	2,801	6,638
Polk	1,901	2,920	4,821
Portage	3,661	3,531	7,192
Price	963	1,735	2,698
Racine	6,570	6,615	13,185
Richland	4,610	755	5,365
Rock	11,165	4,544	15,709
St. Croix	3,630	3,655	7,285
Sauk	5,929	3,158	9,187
Sawyer	625	486	1,111
Shawano	3,349	3,570	6,919
Sheboygan	7,087	6,380	13,467
Taylor	1,147	2,031	3,178
Trempealeau	2,850	3,238	6,088
Vernon	5,173	2,546	7,719
Vilas	1,196	906	2,102
Walworth	6,472	2,572	9,044
Washburn	801	1,697	2,498
Washington	3,853	2,352	6,210
Waukesha	6,189	3,875	10,064
Waupaca	4,919	3,771	8,690
Waushara	3,031	1,403	4,434
Winnebago	9,203	6,904	16,107
Wood	3,211	3,196	6,407
Total	313,188	257,527	570,715

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Population 5 to 20 Years, Inclusive, Classified as to Native and Foreign White, Sex and Color, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1930—School Age.

Table 19.

COUNTIES.	5 TO 20 YEARS INCLUSIVE.							
	Native White.		Foreign White.		Negro. ¹		Other Colored. ²	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Adams	1,645	1,594	59	46	1	1	9	10
Ashland	2,720	2,669	388	382	.....	4	116	166
Barron	4,215	4,183	395	372	.....	.....	6	6
Bayfield	1,705	1,629	394	280	1	.....	85	100
Brown	8,167	8,338	353	329	5	8	122	122
Buffalo	3,084	3,007	97	86	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burnett	1,339	1,169	148	133	2	1	23	23
Calumet	3,198	3,156	61	32	4	6	33	43
Chippewa	5,824	5,723	405	409	1	.....	17	21
Clark	4,626	4,538	397	360	.....	.....	6	10
Columbia	4,843	4,832	226	212	1	3	6	.....
Crawford	3,137	3,162	55	67	2	1	.....	.....
Dane	11,361	10,990	619	480	10	4	.....	.....
Dodge	7,754	7,460	333	308	6	4	2	.....
Door	3,467	3,345	152	133	2	.....	.....	.....
Douglas	4,211	4,282	885	773	15	22	36	23
Dunn	4,581	4,498	282	214	.....	.....	.....	.....
Èau Claire	5,655	5,622	296	318	3	3	.....	.....
Florence	490	514	93	90	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fond du Lac	7,573	7,572	327	290	23	15	4	5
Forest	180	149	14	14	.....	.....	34	31
Grant	6,565	6,657	96	82	10	7	.....	.....
Green	3,678	3,524	254	173	2	3	.....	.....
Green Lake	2,576	2,645	191	187	.....	1	.....	.....
Iowa	3,968	3,866	91	92	3	2	.....	.....
Iron	860	854	244	189	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	3,187	2,967	141	127	.....	.....	41	41
Jefferson	5,720	5,519	297	259	2	8	.....	.....
Juneau	3,468	3,448	151	148	.....	.....	8	10
Kenosha	3,216	3,160	381	399	5	6	.....	.....
Kewaunee	3,283	3,263	67	64	1	1	.....	.....
La Crosse	7,016	7,434	369	599	10	12	.....	.....
Lafayette	3,545	3,460	102	74	.....	1	.....	.....
Langlade	2,852	2,249	163	162	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lincoln	2,716	2,705	329	296	.....	.....	6	5
Manitowoc	7,619	7,478	245	211	.....	1	4	2
Marathon	7,793	7,679	713	686	.....	.....	4	2
Marinette	5,093	5,021	691	683	.....	1	42	29
Marquette	1,869	1,895	66	56	2	.....	.....	.....
Milwaukee	49,419	51,952	5,924	6,381	89	94	.....	.....
Monroe	4,913	4,709	176	179	10	15	105	97
Oconto	3,761	3,660	333	314	1	1	36	55
Oneida	1,222	1,212	184	133	.....	.....	19	9
Outagamie	7,890	8,012	325	388	2	7	160	189
Ozaukee	2,999	2,883	115	95	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pepin	1,436	1,362	47	52	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pierce	4,211	4,123	163	156	.....	1	.....	.....
Polk	3,207	2,984	248	203	.....	.....	25	23
Portage	5,396	5,296	385	383	2	.....	1	.....
Price	1,390	1,302	273	226	2	1	.....	.....
Racine	6,790	6,831	681	666	10	20	1	.....
Richland	3,193	3,308	30	16	1	2	.....	1
Rock	7,534	7,425	392	373	12	17	1	.....
St. Croix	4,729	4,586	288	254	.....	1	.....	.....
Sauk	5,498	5,449	223	213	4	8	.....	1
Sawyer	375	411	40	48	.....	.....	163	158
Shawano	4,393	4,684	365	311	3	3	112	328
Sheboygan	8,168	8,198	779	730	.....	.....	1	2
Taylor	1,896	1,724	363	266	6	9	.....	.....
Trempealeau	4,285	4,118	166	146	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vernon	5,049	4,825	128	131	30	18	3	4
Vilas	583	489	98	57	.....	.....	43	42
Walworth	4,170	4,136	208	191	14	6	.....	.....
Washburn	959	904	93	76	.....	.....	14	13
Washington	4,329	4,095	122	93	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha	5,762	5,294	362	320	17	8	2	.....
Waupaca	5,436	5,416	280	192	1	.....	.....	.....
Waushara	2,858	2,583	107	108	2	2	.....	.....
Winnebago	8,835	9,273	646	655	6	12	6	4
Wood	4,732	4,589	421	407	.....	.....	2	2
Total	340,518	338,389	24,535	23,508	321	340	1,499	1,575

¹Includes all persons of negro descent.

²Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

Foreign Born Population, Distributed According to Country of Birth, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 20.

Counties.	Total foreign born.	Asia. ¹	Austria.	Belgium.	Bohemia	Canada.	
						English. ²	French ²
Adams	1,364		23		150	55	11
Ashland	6,773		151	26	119	975	510
Barron	6,661		73	3	210	417	382
Bayfield	5,624	1	45	6	9	714	925
Brown	10,618	17	94	2,155	233	516	318
Buffalo	3,702	2	57		6	43	10
Burnett	2,630		1		9	36	21
Calumet	3,271		46	26	16	39	6
Chippewa	8,227	1	88	12	439	1,215	975
Clark	5,938	2	90	7	111	555	91
Columbia	6,391		29	1	51	178	20
Crawford	2,642		16		562	113	49
Dane	15,490	26	89	6	214	322	27
Dodge	11,002		44	2	30	152	20
Door	4,459		50	466	171	215	98
Douglas	13,518	1	69	143	27	2,851	632
Dunn	6,110		77	1	2	323	35
Eau Claire	8,143	5	64	1	41	861	205
Florence	1,273		46	24		54	146
Fond du Lac	9,634	24	21	8	53	282	252
Forest	226				1	48	16
Grant	5,213	1	33	1	406	150	13
Green	4,399		22		1	74	9
Green Lake	4,149		4	1	1	54	6
Iowa	4,067	4	38	1	171	127	13
Iron	2,884		200	24	24	273	196
Jackson	3,952	1	21		142	188	33
Jefferson	8,290	2	104		135	97	18
Juneau	3,913	1	66	3	135	147	33
Kenosha	5,930		82	1	10	210	23
Kewaunee	4,486		209	660	1,737	50	13
La Crosse	10,902	13	220	1	549	311	121
Lafayette	3,313		3		1	67	7
Langlade	2,604		83	12	479	161	75
Lincoln	4,689		36	32	14	593	241
Manitowoc	10,044		147	14	1,666	111	111
Marathon	12,476	1	236	5	369	354	249
Marinette	9,915		159	134	105	1,323	1,291
Marquette	2,265		2		2	51	7
Milwaukee	102,647	45	1,872	51	1,806	1,981	282
Monroe	5,163	1	41	2	34	179	15
Oconto	5,792	3	29	211	342	730	463
Oneida	2,667	2	29	31	34	402	243
Outagamie	10,051	9	182	124	189	472	109
Ozaukee	3,666		49	68	1	51	1
Pepin	1,681		339	7	1	60	77
Pierce	5,315		73	5	150	260	36
Polk	5,657		7	1		275	122
Portage	7,309	6	58	12	68	296	71
Price	3,225		79	5	65	236	82
Racine	13,493		63	5	890	229	22
Richland	1,431		6		139	79	12
Rock	9,126	11	70		23	378	45
St. Croix	7,112		45	5	15	607	270
Sauk	6,308	1	26	4	15	167	29
Sawyer	1,805		11			146	55
Shawano	7,197	1	74	10	344	210	48
Sheboygan	13,252		282	11	52	112	18
Taylor	4,059		160	8	216	202	1,033
Trempealeau	6,206		11		26	88	7
Vernon	4,897		46	1	402	98	11
Vilas	1,375		36	7	9	301	180
Walworth	5,152	1	28	4	14	218	47
Washburn	1,223		25		12	190	95
Washington	4,627		64	1	87	212	33
Waukesha	7,868		27	3	68	88	4
Waupaca	7,336	4	29	8	10	248	65
Waushara	2,783		2	1	20	104	16
Winnebago	14,494	13	289	19	573	651	31
Wood	6,627	3	418	5	189	343	211
Total	515,971	202	7,319	4,412	14,145	23,860	10,091

¹Asia includes Japan and India.²Canada (English and French) includes Newfoundland.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Foreign Born Population, Distributed According to Country of Birth, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 21.

Counties,	China.	Den- mark.	Eng- land.	Fin- land.	France	Ger- many.	Hol- land.	Hun- gary.
Adams		135	84		1	383	1	8
Ashland	5	99	127	131	21	1,776	17	9
Barron	2	164	119	28	15	1,182	15	71
Bayfield	6	43	67	222	21	441	9	7
Brown	8	704	154	4	66	2,893	1,195	2
Buffalo	4	7	34		6	1,828	2	1
Burnett		16	10	11	4	94		
Calumet		28	36		14	2,738	63	
Chippewa	3	112	158	5	40	2,186	19	15
Clark		251	146	16	9	3,091	21	1
Columbia	5	74	488		11	3,272	129	4
Crawford		4	95		14	553	1	
Dane	20	485	798	4	99	4,981	12	7
Dodge		49	285	1	36	8,863	155	12
Door	2	284	69	15	17	1,451	12	
Douglas	11	252	429	500	60	926	37	45
Dunn	1	114	117	1	7	2,161	4	13
Eau Claire	7	99	211	2	19	2,755	8	39
Florence		33	32	68	1	187	3	3
Fond du Lac	11	56	463		31	6,551	276	6
Forest		7	13		1	82		
Grant		9	991		16	2,557	23	
Green		54	213	1	8	1,200		1
Green Lake	1	70	170		5	2,705	8	1
Iowa	1	16	1,056		2	926	3	1
Iron	2	33	159	519	10	222		20
Jackson	1	43	100		11	814		3
Jefferson	1	32	373	2	11	6,739	3	7
Juneau		330	242		1	1,617	23	2
Kenosha	1	703	408	15	12	3,045	173	11
Kewaunee	1	27	19	1	13	1,400	4	1
La Crosse	1	91	219		40	4,297	195	12
Lafayette	1	8	719		5	661	7	
Langlade	1	64	46		1	1,205	50	11
Lincoln	2	107	56	61	13	2,526	36	3
Manitowoc	5	40	83	4	17	5,923	18	6
Marathon	3	115	93	21	34	8,732	20	77
Marinette	4	295	138	152	42	2,428	64	19
Marquette		53	96		1	1,506	1	
Milwaukee	22	620	2,517	29	318	63,952	733	413
Monroe	4	294	213	1	13	2,936	16	2
Oconto	3	421	83	4	46	1,933	66	7
Oncida	3	43	42	82	15	565	5	7
Outagamie	5	203	198	12	58	6,736	719	7
Ozaukee		5	29		18	2,972	15	1
Pepin			30		3	313	2	4
Pierce		257	110	6	7	1,001	10	
Polk		1,040	66	6	12	574	11	
Portage	3	171	170	1	22	2,146	28	91
Price		36	50	119	6	960	26	3
Racine	3	3,679	651	5	49	4,874	140	31
Richland		26	121		13	501	4	
Rock	8	204	1,012	1	53	3,218	8	1
St. Croix		362	145	4	19	1,279	222	4
Sauk		41	429		51	4,493	12	
Sawyer		6	10		1	47		
Shawano	1	170	49	29	19	4,524	28	3
Sheboygan	4	35	146		21	10,067	1,400	8
Taylor	1	78	46	8	12	2,462	6	51
Trempealeau	1	33	118		7	571	34	
Vernon	1	37	125	1	9	779	1	1
Vilas		23	16	15	4	336	2	
Walworth	3	162	660	1	7	2,354	25	3
Washburn		49	32	13	3	204	3	
Washington		32	33		20	3,984	7	
Waukesha	3	354	760	2	27	4,821	63	13
Waupaca	4	981	171	3	40	3,711	7	12
Wausnara		321	124		3	1,457	2	16
Winnebago	19	1,131	694	5	19	8,299	31	25
Wood	3	251	99	66	12	3,538	93	2
Total	203	16,171	17,995	2,198	1,637	242,777	6,496	1,123

Foreign Born Population, Distributed According to Country of Birth, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 22.

Counties.	Ire-land.	Italy.	Lux'm-burg.	Mexico	Nor-way.	Poland (Aust.)	Poland (Ger.)	Poland (Rus.)
Adams	93				312		21	10
Ashland	222	83			772	2	37	17
Barron	54	255	16		2,473	6	26	7
Bayfield	142				1,542		17	10
Brown	676		3		367	107	658	58
Buffalo	98				889	3	166	
Burnett	8				615		4	
Calumet	157		3		9		13	1
Chippewa	335	7	2		1,794	17	158	23
Clark	66	4			599	94	240	166
Columbia	474	2		1	801		23	
Crawford	248	1			786			
Dane	1,163	15			6,288	1	3	6
Dodge	576	3	2		93		213	20
Door	153				901		45	1
Douglas	684	44	1		2,341	13	113	132
Dunn	149	1		474	2,254	3	7	5
Eau Claire	314	2			2,875		31	19
Florence	27	73			19	29		2
Fond du Lac	882	30	4		49		63	26
Forest	8				7		9	1
Grant	509	2	2		319	1	14	
Green	318				441			1
Green Lake	128	1			14	1	704	58
Iowa	459		12	1	749			
Iron	115	378			190	14	38	97
Jackson	83				2,083		46	2
Jefferson	299	13	1		209		15	2
Juneau	470	1			496	5	23	13
Kenosha	306	102		1	87	5	40	107
Kewaunee	86		11		60		146	4
La Crosse	269	12	22		3,450	12	126	45
Lafayette	715	4		2	753			
Langlade	58				57	23	150	35
Lincoln	81		4		416		31	8
Manitowoc	317	5	2		670	10	482	53
Marathon	116	3	1		420	17	918	84
Marinette	241	3	3	1	866	22	238	123
Marquette	225				12	12	150	7
Milwaukee	3,420	749	30	8	1,900	647	15,588	1,353
Monroe	368	1			787		6	4
Oconto	178		15		184	109	274	253
Oneida	80			2	374	3	75	17
Outagamie	519	10	17		71	2	34	8
Ozaukee	70		257		44		4	38
Pepin	32			1	59			1
Pierce	272		3		1,635			5
Polk	79	6	1		1,263		3	4
Portage	203			1	900	39	2,602	98
Price	32	2	22		192	4	17	15
Racine	516	85	1		967	5	55	41
Richland	219	1			229		4	
Rock	1,454	15		2	1,640		7	3
St. Croix	742	1	1		2,393			3
Sauk	424	31		1	115	1	33	14
Sawyer	22				385			
Shawano	52	3	1		684	190	879	51
Sheboygan	330	2	23		150	1	50	59
Taylor	23	1	9		168	2	3	3
Trempealeau	126	1	1		3,839	10	874	15
Vernon	130	79	1		3,061	7	3	1
Vilas	49	2		1	198			
Walworth	831	7			575		8	13
Washburn	33	18			244			
Washington	155	49	5		23	2		
Waukesha	502	7	2	1	269		29	
Waupaca	312	3			1,203	2	59	
Waushara	80				220		146	5
Winnebago	662	6		2	453	2	89	13
Wood	132		2		372	24	164	36
Total	23,544	2,172	480	499	61,575	1,268	25,607	3,807

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

Foreign Born Population, Distributed According to Country of Birth, by Counties, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 23.

Counties.	Poland (unk'n)	Russia.	Scot- land.	Swe- den.	Switz- erland	Turkey	Wales.	Other count's	Born at sea.
Adams	8		20	23	21		2	3	
Ashland	70	236	57	1,247	50		6	2	6
Barron	3	85	19	926	68		5	1	6
Bayfield	26	81	35	1,226	20		2	2	5
Brown	72	53	75	83	51	2	12	31	8
Buffalo	15	4	28	28	496		18	10	7
Burnett		4	7	1,784	1				3
Calumet		5	5	10	43		8	1	3
Chippewa	14	41	57	354	144	3	4	5	2
Clark		79	19	198	61		5	11	5
Columbia		22	269	33	49		442	2	11
Crawford	1	1	26	11	55		3	1	2
Dane	4	70	269	285	293		48	13	12
Dodge	9	25	82	21	130		144	11	19
Door	2	5	21	433	33		1	3	1
Douglas	69	288	225	3,557	48		10	11	9
Dunn		1	42	207	80		18	8	5
Eau Claire	11	49	60	357	92		12	7	6
Florence		11	6	494	7				
Fond du Lac	8	35	112	22	107		82	10	15
Forest			2	21	3				3
Grant	2	17	62	15	59	4	18	6	3
Green		67	14	24	1,787		61		3
Green Lake	2	50	71	11	11	3	69	2	9
Iowa		2	25	6	121		315	1	7
Iron	7	53	13	257	11		2	15	1
Jackson	5	7	39	309	13		4		4
Jefferson	1	24	58	25	43	2	62	4	8
Juneau	22	42	56	131	21		11	4	3
Kenosha	4	84	59	317	57		60	8	4
Kewaunee	4	12	3	5	13		1	3	3
La Crosse	21	49	79	210	245	24	116	14	8
Lafayette		1	38	81	205		27	1	7
Langlade	3	13	10	34	21		2	7	3
Lincoln		38	19	340	21	2	1	2	6
Manitowoc	181	33	24	30	60		10	5	14
Marathon	45	58	29	304	168		5	4	15
Marinette	58	243	70	1,848	17		9	5	9
Marquette	1	9	103	5	7		9	2	4
Milwaukee	54	1,175	796	759	839	67	336	192	91
Monroe	2	9	48	40	57		80	1	9
Oconto	32	38	21	263	18		6	3	7
Oneida	35	47	22	473	24		6	3	
Outagamie	5	28	59	97	86	7	18	9	8
Ozaukee		6	4	10	14		4	2	3
Pepin	7	4	8	711	20				2
Pierce		19	32	1,311	119			2	7
Polk		4	20	2,037	16		3	3	4
Portage	11	47	49	163	17		13	8	12
Price	4	13	13	1,232	44		4	3	1
Racine	10	130	205	369	69	12	364	13	8
Richland		1	18	26	5		62	2	3
Rock	11	28	300	422	125	9	50	10	13
St. Croix	28	17	74	789	37		9	12	7
Sauk		30	53	32	248	1	42	2	8
Sawyer				111	3	1	1	3	1
Shawano	12	17	10	145	25	1	2	3	3
Sheboygan	2	236	20	34	89		7	20	11
Taylor	3	77	5	206	166		2	5	3
Trempealeau	19	4	92	233	52		4	1	10
Vernon		1	42	47	36		1		6
Vilas		18	6	140	15				3
Walworth	4	11	131	246	49		14	1	4
Washburn		23	4	370	5				
Washington		10	8	29	66			4	16
Waukesha	2	23	168	69	117		343	10	20
Waupaca	3	125	47	177	55		26	26	10
Waushara	6	44	35	27	9		124	2	4
Winnebago	540	101	99	158	238	8	261	3	14
Wood	49	78	32	198	219		5	11	6
Total	1,507	4,243	4,569	26,196	7,666	146	3,356	583	524

Showing by Ages, the Native White with Native Parents, the Native White with Foreign Parents, the Total Colored and the Negro, Classified as to Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 24.

Ages.	Native White— Native Parents		Native White— Foreign Parents		Total Colored. ¹		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
Under 1 month....	1,046	1,007	1,154	1,113	19	18	3	4
1 to 2 months	2,207	2,194	2,453	2,478	26	21	3	2
3 to 5 months	3,025	2,931	3,563	3,477	31	28	5	6
6 to 8 months	2,844	2,896	3,325	3,366	27	30	2	4
9 to 11 months	3,210	3,017	3,424	3,421	34	26	5	3
Under 1 year	12,332	12,075	13,919	13,855	137	123	18	19
1 year	11,457	11,037	13,283	13,114	121	92	23	6
2 years	11,360	11,148	14,204	13,875	120	119	19	17
3 years	11,226	10,755	14,754	14,308	128	141	18	23
4 years	10,932	10,542	15,259	14,939	128	140	13	20
1 to 4 years	43,025	43,482	57,500	56,236	497	492	73	66
5 years	10,323	10,119	14,937	14,882	126	133	18	17
6 years	10,073	9,981	15,218	15,099	132	137	19	17
7 years	9,784	9,706	15,320	14,816	115	131	15	17
8 years	9,408	9,289	14,881	14,868	127	143	17	19
9 years	8,929	8,668	14,420	14,131	142	120	19	18
5 to 9 years	48,497	47,763	74,776	73,796	642	664	83	88
10 years	8,789	8,631	14,658	14,598	128	126	18	24
11 years	8,059	7,963	13,786	13,729	126	121	21	22
12 years	7,997	7,697	14,411	13,966	134	117	16	18
13 years	7,287	7,295	13,251	12,451	105	123	21	27
14 years	7,345	7,207	14,114	13,675	102	122	16	15
10 to 14 years	39,477	38,843	70,220	62,229	595	614	92	106
15 years	6,879	6,896	13,583	13,606	102	104	17	19
16 years	6,751	6,896	13,160	13,385	98	120	15	23
17 years	6,255	6,147	12,524	12,260	104	80	28	15
18 years	5,872	5,897	11,325	11,516	88	107	21	32
19 years	5,368	5,367	10,451	10,640	90	104	30	30
15 to 19 years	31,125	31,203	61,653	61,407	482	515	111	119
20 years	5,143	5,243	10,227	10,905	101	122	30	27
21 years	4,788	4,686	10,092	9,877	101	58	29	16
22 years	4,393	4,560	10,079	10,438	122	81	40	30
23 years	4,033	4,362	9,836	10,232	116	83	45	28
24 years	4,017	3,967	9,902	10,283	110	90	22	35
20 to 24 years	22,374	22,818	50,136	51,755	550	434	166	136
25 years	3,578	3,653	9,503	9,856	115	86	28	23
26 years	3,447	3,324	9,033	8,944	104	89	27	27
27 years	3,322	3,081	8,606	8,648	84	73	33	21
28 years	3,427	3,080	8,557	8,558	126	99	45	29
29 years	3,029	2,783	7,601	7,563	92	68	27	21
25 to 29 years	16,803	15,926	43,300	43,569	521	415	160	121
30 years	3,459	3,119	8,513	8,197	123	112	36	26
31 years	2,631	2,516	6,431	6,566	56	55	21	21
32 years	2,828	2,657	6,680	6,570	74	65	24	21
33 years	2,761	2,467	6,360	6,366	87	48	24	18
34 years	2,431	2,177	5,830	5,683	76	57	17	16
30 to 34 years	14,110	12,936	33,814	33,367	416	337	122	102
35 years	2,534	2,222	5,880	5,715	118	80	43	29
36 years	2,387	2,187	5,576	5,503	77	74	21	27
37 years	2,318	2,273	5,497	5,398	73	60	23	17
38 years	2,569	2,424	5,833	5,536	92	58	24	19
39 years	2,576	2,348	5,378	5,289	92	45	26	15
35 to 39 years	12,384	11,454	28,164	27,441	467	317	142	107
40 years	2,779	2,440	3,786	5,438	142	103	44	16
41 years	2,508	1,956	4,562	4,297	44	27	12	8
42 years	2,342	2,152	4,731	4,635	69	35	20	14
43 years	2,157	1,923	4,774	3,925	57	41	19	13
44 years	2,138	1,973	3,670	3,440	52	42	10	6
40 to 44 years	11,754	10,407	22,723	21,754	364	248	105	57

¹Persons of negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

²Includes all persons of negro descent.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Showing by Ages, the Native White with Native Parents, the Native White with Foreign Parents, the Total Colored and the Negro, Classified as to Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 24—Continued.

Ages.	Native White— Native Parents		Native White— Foreign Parents		Total Colored. ¹		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
45 years	2,323	1,907	3,473	3,186	81	87	18	15
46 years	1,947	1,710	2,660	2,572	60	39	22	13
47 years	1,849	1,676	2,359	2,297	63	41	19	11
48 years	1,963	1,742	2,216	2,109	57	36	18	4
49 years	1,791	1,584	1,836	1,727	61	43	8	11
45 to 49 years	9,873	8,619	12,547	11,891	322	246	85	84
50 years	2,035	1,795	1,867	1,698	102	75	26	15
51 years	1,665	1,448	1,282	1,161	47	18	23	6
52 years	1,724	1,491	1,216	1,093	49	37	15	8
53 years	1,523	1,421	984	828	36	19	13	4
54 years	1,511	1,325	810	788	48	43	12	12
50 to 54 years	8,438	7,480	6,159	5,568	282	192	89	45
55 years	1,618	1,493	790	682	52	41	10	8
56 years	1,413	1,356	628	579	40	26	14	7
57 years	1,300	1,300	495	531	30	16	9	5
58 years	1,189	1,245	423	414	33	23	10	6
59 years	1,313	1,236	410	390	25	28	6	6
55 to 59 years	6,838	6,630	2,746	2,596	180	134	49	31
60 years	1,296	1,320	385	400	68	71	8	3
61 years	922	1,022	242	243	21	12	2	2
62 years	1,136	1,021	278	281	22	13	1	2
63 years	1,133	1,041	281	284	20	20	5	7
64 years	1,020	1,051	229	224	21	20	4	.....
60 to 64 years	5,507	5,465	1,415	1,382	152	136	20	14
65 years	1,092	1,010	230	207	41	26	9	3
66 years	1,055	973	210	179	22	17	8	3
67 years	1,038	850	176	145	14	8	3	.....
68 years	903	843	123	109	24	24	6	8
69 years	853	811	110	108	15	24	4	5
65 to 69 years	4,941	4,489	849	748	116	99	30	19
70 years	893	832	133	114	33	48	6	7
71 years	664	608	87	67	9	5	3	.....
72 years	757	710	114	70	10	12	2	5
73 years	699	580	74	83	14	10	3	1
74 years	639	594	75	79	15	7	2	2
70 to 74 years	3,657	3,324	483	413	81	82	16	15
75 years	590	615	66	70	26	19	5	2
76 years	550	459	77	41	9	6	2	2
77 years	475	411	64	66	12	3	5	.....
78 years	443	371	48	45	4	9	.....	3
79 years	394	379	51	46	5	3	.....	.....
75 to 79 years	2,452	2,235	306	268	56	40	12	7
80 years	355	345	56	50	16	26	6	5
81 years	312	255	41	20	3	1	1	.....
82 years	262	228	33	27	2	5	1	3
83 years	195	179	31	19	2	.....	2	.....
84 years	189	151	21	26	4	5	.....	.....
80 to 84 years	1,313	1,158	182	142	27	37	10	8
85 years	157	141	18	12	5	4	.....	.....
86 years	93	103	16	11	3	1	1	.....
87 years	78	87	9	11	4	2	3	1
88 years	64	61	9	9	2	1	2	.....
89 years	50	49	6	10	2	1	.....	.....
85 to 89 years	442	441	58	53	16	9	6	1
90 years	35	47	7	1	7	8	1	.....
91 years	32	17	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
92 years	23	21	3	1	.....	1	.....	.....
93 years	14	14	1	3	.....	2	.....	.....
94 years	7	11	.....	2	2	1	.....	2
90 to 94 years	111	110	13	8	9	12	1	3

¹Persons of negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

²Includes all persons of negro descent.

Showing by Ages, the Native White with Native Parents, the Native White with Foreign Parents, the Total Colored and the Negro, Classified as to Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 24—Continued.

Ages.	Native White— Native Parents		Native White— For'gn Parents		Total Colored.		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
95 years	4	6	2	1				
96 years	1	3	3					
97 years	1	8	2	1				
98 years	2	2	1	1		1		
99 years	1	1	1					
95 to 99 years	9	20	9	3		1		
100 years and over	1	2		2	2	2		
Age unknown	1,059	481	289	159	52	26	23	6
All ages	298,552	287,351	480,661	475,642	5,956	5,175	1,418	1,124

¹Persons of negro descent. Chinese, Japanese, and Indian.

²Includes all persons of negro descent.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

Showing by Ages the Aggregate Population, the Native Born, the Foreign Born, and the Foreign White, Classified as to Sex, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 25.

Ages.	Aggregate.		Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Foreign White	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Under 1 month ..	2,220	2,138	2,219	2,138	1	.....	1	.....
1 to 2 months ..	4,639	4,638	4,636	4,633	3	5	3	5
3 to 5 months ..	6,634	6,476	6,619	6,466	15	10	15	10
6 to 8 months ..	6,201	6,303	6,196	6,292	5	11	5	11
9 to 11 months ..	6,681	6,482	6,668	6,466	13	18	13	18
Under 1 year ..	26,425	26,097	26,388	26,053	37	44	37	44
1 year	24,938	24,312	24,861	24,243	77	69	77	69
2 years	25,811	25,250	25,684	25,142	127	108	127	108
3 years	26,250	25,336	26,107	25,204	143	132	142	132
4 years	26,550	25,765	26,378	25,621	172	144	171	144
1 to 4 years	103,549	100,663	103,030	100,210	519	453	517	453
5 years	25,590	25,323	25,386	25,134	204	189	204	189
6 years	25,683	25,459	25,423	25,216	265	243	265	242
7 years	25,623	25,081	25,198	24,653	425	428	424	428
8 years	25,096	24,999	24,416	24,299	680	700	680	699
9 years	24,468	23,375	23,491	22,919	977	906	977	906
5 to 9 years	126,465	124,687	123,914	122,221	2,551	2,466	2,550	2,464
10 years	24,656	24,257	23,575	23,205	1,081	1,052	1,081	1,052
11 years	23,100	22,934	21,970	21,822	1,130	1,112	1,129	1,111
12 years	23,917	23,104	22,542	21,730	1,375	1,324	1,375	1,324
13 years	22,061	22,242	20,643	20,874	1,418	1,368	1,418	1,368
14 years	23,229	22,612	21,561	21,004	1,668	1,608	1,668	1,608
10 to 14 years ..	116,963	115,149	110,291	108,685	6,672	6,464	6,671	6,463
15 years	22,271	22,365	20,564	20,606	1,707	1,759	1,707	1,759
16 years	21,953	22,245	20,009	20,401	1,949	1,844	1,949	1,844
17 years	21,169	20,615	18,883	18,487	2,286	2,128	2,286	2,128
18 years	20,152	20,169	17,294	17,519	2,858	2,650	2,857	2,649
19 years	18,969	19,025	15,907	16,110	3,002	2,915	3,000	2,914
15 to 19 years ..	104,519	104,419	92,657	93,123	11,862	11,293	11,859	11,294
20 years	18,926	19,557	15,469	16,270	3,457	3,287	3,455	3,287
21 years	18,476	17,703	14,973	14,621	3,498	3,082	3,495	3,082
22 years	18,226	18,317	14,592	15,077	3,634	3,240	3,632	3,238
23 years	17,557	17,904	13,985	14,695	3,572	3,209	3,572	3,207
24 years	18,019	17,568	14,027	14,339	3,992	3,229	3,990	3,223
20 to 24 years ..	91,204	91,049	73,051	75,002	18,153	16,047	18,144	16,042
25 years	17,176	16,920	13,191	13,598	3,985	3,322	3,980	3,320
26 years	16,671	15,659	12,577	12,357	4,094	3,302	4,087	3,302
27 years	16,484	15,222	12,009	11,802	4,445	3,420	4,442	3,420
28 years	16,887	15,462	12,104	11,735	4,783	3,727	4,777	3,725
29 years	15,406	13,976	10,717	10,414	4,689	3,562	4,684	3,562
25 to 29 years ..	82,504	77,239	60,598	59,906	21,996	17,333	21,970	17,329
30 years	18,227	15,999	12,088	11,426	6,139	4,573	6,132	4,571
31 years	13,710	12,736	9,110	9,136	4,600	3,600	4,592	3,599
32 years	15,156	13,767	9,575	9,288	5,581	4,479	5,574	4,475
33 years	15,095	13,435	9,201	8,881	5,894	4,554	5,887	4,554
34 years	14,170	12,508	8,324	7,900	5,846	4,608	5,833	4,608
30 to 34 years ..	76,358	68,445	48,298	46,631	28,060	21,814	28,018	21,805
35 years	15,112	12,912	8,517	8,016	6,595	4,896	6,580	4,895
36 years	14,434	12,699	8,025	7,764	6,409	4,935	6,394	4,935
37 years	13,830	12,205	7,888	7,730	5,942	4,475	5,937	4,474
38 years	14,782	12,632	8,478	8,015	6,304	4,617	6,288	4,614
39 years	14,366	12,274	8,034	7,682	6,272	4,592	6,260	4,592
35 to 39 years ..	72,464	62,722	40,942	39,207	31,552	23,515	31,459	23,510
40 years	16,066	13,120	8,690	7,981	7,376	5,139	7,359	5,139
41 years	12,046	10,290	6,846	6,280	5,200	4,400	5,192	4,400
42 years	13,298	11,287	7,176	6,822	6,102	4,615	6,096	4,465
43 years	11,523	9,837	6,313	5,899	5,210	3,938	5,205	3,928
44 years	11,211	9,620	5,816	5,426	5,395	4,194	5,391	4,193
40 to 44 years ..	64,084	54,154	34,801	32,408	29,233	21,746	29,223	21,745

Showing by Ages the Aggregate Population, the Native Born, the Foreign Born, and the Foreign White, Classified as to Sex, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 25—Continued.

Ages.	Aggregate.		Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Foreign White.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
45 years	11,922	9,693	5,873	5,180	6,049	4,513	6,045	4,513
46 years	9,793	8,311	4,660	4,321	5,133	3,990	5,126	3,990
47 years	9,069	7,975	4,269	4,014	4,800	3,961	4,798	3,961
48 years	9,467	8,199	4,232	3,887	5,235	4,312	5,231	4,312
49 years	8,907	7,569	3,688	3,354	5,219	4,215	5,216	4,215
45 to 49 years ..	49,158	41,747	22,722	20,756	26,436	20,391	26,416	20,391
50 years	10,402	8,562	3,996	3,567	6,406	4,995	6,398	4,994
51 years	7,690	6,340	2,993	2,627	4,697	3,713	4,696	3,713
52 years	8,039	6,762	2,986	2,621	5,053	4,141	5,050	4,141
53 years	7,151	6,109	2,541	2,268	4,610	3,841	4,608	3,841
54 years	7,089	6,294	2,367	2,156	4,732	4,138	4,730	4,138
50 to 54 years...	40,381	34,067	14,883	13,239	25,498	20,828	25,482	20,827
55 years	7,734	6,618	2,459	2,215	5,275	4,403	5,274	4,402
56 years	6,627	5,901	2,079	1,961	4,548	3,940	4,546	3,940
57 years	5,966	5,436	1,824	1,846	4,142	3,590	4,141	3,589
58 years	5,716	5,235	1,645	1,682	4,071	3,553	4,071	3,553
59 years	5,649	5,041	1,753	1,654	3,896	3,387	3,896	3,387
55 to 59 years...	31,692	28,231	9,760	9,358	21,932	18,873	21,928	18,871
60 years	6,341	5,942	1,749	1,791	4,592	4,151	4,592	4,151
61 years	4,275	3,940	1,185	1,277	3,090	2,663	3,090	2,663
62 years	4,904	4,422	1,434	1,315	3,470	3,107	3,468	3,107
63 years	5,127	4,518	1,434	1,295	3,693	3,223	3,693	3,223
64 years	4,581	4,519	1,270	1,295	3,311	3,224	3,311	3,224
60 to 64 years...	25,228	23,341	7,072	6,973	13,156	16,368	13,154	16,368
65 years	4,951	4,635	1,363	1,245	3,588	3,390	3,588	3,390
66 years	4,589	4,103	1,287	1,169	3,302	2,934	3,302	2,934
67 years	4,295	3,690	1,228	1,003	3,067	2,687	3,067	2,687
68 years	3,653	3,415	1,050	976	2,603	2,439	2,603	2,439
69 years	3,675	3,238	978	942	2,697	2,296	2,697	2,295
65 to 69 years...	21,163	19,081	5,906	5,335	15,257	13,746	15,257	13,745
70 years	4,018	3,748	1,058	994	2,960	2,754	2,959	2,754
71 years	2,918	2,382	764	680	2,154	1,702	2,153	1,702
72 years	3,200	2,821	881	792	2,319	2,029	2,319	2,029
73 years	2,930	2,539	787	673	2,143	1,866	2,143	1,866
74 years	2,735	2,396	729	680	2,006	1,716	2,006	1,716
70 to 74 years...	15,801	13,886	4,219	3,819	11,582	10,067	11,580	10,067
75 years	2,758	2,520	682	704	2,076	1,816	2,076	1,816
76 years	2,341	2,028	636	506	1,705	1,522	1,705	1,522
77 years	2,014	1,778	551	480	1,463	1,298	1,463	1,298
78 years	1,821	1,563	495	425	1,326	1,138	1,326	1,138
79 years	1,602	1,351	450	428	1,152	923	1,152	923
75 to 79 years...	10,536	9,240	2,814	2,543	7,722	6,697	7,722	6,697
80 years	1,583	1,376	427	421	1,156	955	1,156	955
81 years	1,077	878	356	276	721	602	721	602
82 years	953	761	297	260	656	501	656	501
83 years	764	671	228	198	536	473	536	473
84 years	639	614	214	181	425	433	425	432
80 to 84 years...	5,016	4,300	1,522	1,336	3,494	2,964	3,494	2,963
85 years	556	474	180	157	376	317	376	317
86 years	380	368	112	115	268	253	268	253
87 years	321	295	91	100	230	195	230	195
88 years	234	232	75	71	159	161	159	161
89 years	175	179	58	60	117	119.	117	119
85 to 89 years...	1,666	1,548	516	503	1,150	1,045.	1,150	1,045
90 years	147	163	49	56	98	112	98	112
91 years	74	66	34	18	40	48	40	48
92 years	63	63	26	23	42	40	42	40
93 years	45	48	15	19	30	29	30	29
94 years	30	34	9	14	21	20	21	20
90 to 94 years...	364	379	133	130	231	249	231	249

Showing by Ages the Aggregate Population, the Native Born, the Foreign Born, and the Foreign White, Classified as to Sex, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 25—Continued.

Ages.	Aggregate.		Native Born.		Foreign Born		Foreign White.	
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
95 years	31	27	6	7	25	20	25	20
96 years	22	21	4	3	18	18	18	18
97 years	8	20	3	9	5	11	5	11
98 years	10	15	3	4	7	11	7	11
99 years	13	9	2	1	11	8	11	8
95 to 99 years..	84	92	18	24	66	68	66	68
100 yrs. & over.	14	22	3	6	11	16	11	16
Age unknown ..	1,834	922	1,399	666	435	256	434	256
Total all ages	1,067,562	1,001,480	784,937	768,134	282,025	233,346	282,393	233,312

Total Population Classified as to Sex and Nativity, in Cities of Wisconsin, having 2,500 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 26.

Cities.	Total population	Sex.		Native and Foreign Born.	
		Male.	Female.	Native	Foreign.
Antigo	5,145	2,603	2,542	4,180	965
Appleton	15,085	7,220	7,865	11,480	3,605
Ashland	13,074	7,113	5,961	8,657	4,417
Baraboo	5,751	2,746	3,005	5,019	732
Beaver Dam	5,128	2,442	2,686	4,105	1,023
Beloit	10,436	5,383	5,053	8,968	1,468
Berlin	4,489	2,108	2,381	3,342	1,147
Burlington	2,526	1,194	1,332	1,983	543
Chippewa Falls	8,004	3,990	4,104	5,737	2,357
Depere	4,038	1,920	2,118	2,013	1,025
Eau Claire	17,517	8,577	8,940	12,521	4,996
Fond du Lac	15,110	7,315	7,795	12,158	2,952
Fort Atkinson	3,043	1,448	1,595	2,542	501
Grand Rapids	4,493	2,257	2,256	3,420	1,073
Green Bay	18,684	9,086	9,598	14,662	4,022
Hudson	3,259	1,671	1,588	2,276	983
Janesville	13,185	6,375	6,810	10,776	2,409
Jefferson	2,584	1,266	1,318	2,003	581
Kaukauna	5,115	2,510	2,605	4,071	1,044
Kenosha	11,606	5,950	5,656	8,273	3,333
La Crosse	28,895	13,959	14,936	21,673	7,222
Lake Geneva	2,585	1,257	1,328	2,117	468
Madison	19,164	9,453	9,711	15,802	3,362
Manitowoc	11,786	5,820	5,966	8,788	2,998
Marinette	16,195	8,278	7,917	10,653	5,542
Marshfield	5,240	2,632	2,608	4,079	1,161
Menasha	5,589	2,759	2,830	4,054	1,535
Menominee	5,655	2,791	2,864	3,883	1,772
Merrill	8,537	4,440	4,097	6,138	2,399
Milwaukee	285,315	140,536	144,779	199,324	85,991
Mineral Point	2,991	1,414	1,577	2,450	541
Monroe	3,927	1,780	2,147	3,192	735
Neeah	5,954	2,860	3,094	4,395	1,559
New London	2,742	1,372	1,370	2,227	515
Oconomowoc	2,880	1,325	1,555	2,233	647
Oconto	5,646	2,874	2,772	4,102	1,544
Oshkosh	28,284	13,543	14,741	20,928	7,356
Platteville	3,340	1,498	1,842	2,784	556
Portage	5,459	2,555	2,904	4,275	1,184
Port Washington	3,010	1,600	1,410	2,285	725
Prairie du Chien	3,232	1,590	1,642	2,536	696
Racine	29,102	14,780	14,322	19,890	9,242
Rhinelander	4,998	2,682	2,316	3,590	1,408
Rice Lake	3,002	1,518	1,484	2,205	797
Ripon	3,818	1,749	2,069	2,933	885
Sheboygan	22,962	11,607	11,955	15,563	7,399
South Milwaukee	3,392	1,837	1,555	2,459	953
Sparta	3,555	1,650	1,905	3,095	460
Stevens Point	9,524	4,524	4,990	7,319	2,205
Stoughton	3,431	1,725	1,706	2,589	1,051
Sturgeon Bay	3,372	1,703	1,669	2,749	623
Superior	31,691	17,628	13,463	19,672	11,479
Tomah	2,840	1,582	1,458	2,327	513
Two Rivers	3,784	1,886	1,898	2,924	860
Watertown	8,437	4,034	4,403	5,990	2,447
Waukesha	7,419	3,674	3,745	6,001	1,408
Waupaca	2,912	1,440	1,472	2,242	670
Waupun	3,185	1,742	1,443	2,614	571
Wausau	12,854	6,148	6,206	8,607	3,747
Wauwatosa	2,842	1,319	1,523	2,163	679
Whitewater	3,405	1,488	1,917	2,849	556
Total	791,213	392,016	398,197	571,636	218,577
Balance of state	1,278,829	675,546	603,283	981,435	297,394
Total population	2,069,042	1,067,562	1,001,480	1,553,071	515,971

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White and Colored Population in Cities in Wisconsin, 1900, having 2,500 Inhabitants or More.

Table 27.

Cities.	Color.				
	White.	Negro.	Chinese.	Japanese	Indian.
Antigo	5,143		2		
Appleton	15,059	18	5		3
Ashland	13,033	12	5		24
Baraboo	5,724	25			2
Beaver Dam	5,123	1	1		3
Beloit	10,367	66	3		
Berlin	4,487	1	1		
Burlington	2,525	1			
Chippewa Falls	8,087	1	6		
Depere	4,024	7	2		5
Eau Claire	17,495	11	11		
Fond du Lac	14,951	136	7		16
Port Atkinson	3,034	9			
Grand Rapids	4,491		2		
Green Bay	18,640	33	7		4
Hudson	3,257	2			
Janesville	13,162	18	5		
Jefferson	2,584				
Kaukauna	5,102	3			10
Kenosha	11,673	32	1		
La Crosse	28,838	56	1		
Lake Geneva	2,584		1		
Madison	19,073	69	18	4	
Manitowoc	11,780	3	3		
Marinette	16,083	1	3		108
Marshfield	5,226	3	1		
Menasha	5,587	2			
Menominee	5,653		2		
Merrill	8,536		1		
Milwaukee	284,431	862	21		1
Mineral Point	2,976	15			
Monroe	3,925	2			
Neeah	5,959	2	2		11
New London	2,739	1	2		
Oconomowoc	2,877	1	2		
Oconto	5,631	7	3		5
Oshkosh	28,203	52	18		11
Platteville	3,359	1			
Portage	5,444	11	4		
Port Washington	3,010				
Prairie du Chien	3,232				
Racine	29,012	37	3		
Rhinclander	4,994	1	3		
Rice Lake	2,995		1		6
Ripon	3,314		4		
Sheboygan	22,954		4		4
South Milwaukee	3,390		2		
Sparta	3,521	33	1		
Stevens Point	9,519		5		
Stoughton	3,428	1	2		
Sturgeon Bay	3,367	3	2		
Superior	30,868	186	8		29
Tomah	2,833	5	2		
Two Rivers	3,732		2		
Watertown	8,436		1		
Waukesha	7,369	47	1		2
Waupaca	2,904	6	2		
Waupun	3,165	17			3
Wausau	12,360	1	3		
Wauwatosa	2,842		2		
Whitewater	3,395	8	2		
Total	787,915	1,879	188	4	247
Balance of state	1,069,996	683	24	1	8,125
Total population	2,057,911	2,542	212	5	8,372

Total Native and Foreign Born Population in Cities in Wisconsin, 1900, having a Population of 2,500 Persons and more, Classified as to Sex.

Table 28.

Cities.	Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Foreign White.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Antigo	2,096	2,084	507	458	506	458
Appleton	5,417	6,063	1,803	1,802	1,798	1,802
Ashland	4,491	4,166	2,622	1,795	2,617	1,795
Baraboo	2,370	2,649	376	356	375	356
Beaver Dam	1,939	2,166	503	520	503	520
Beloit	4,606	4,362	777	691	774	691
Berlin	1,531	1,811	577	570	576	570
Burlington	942	1,041	252	291	252	291
Chippewa Falls	2,736	3,061	1,254	1,103	1,251	1,103
Depere	1,384	1,629	536	489	534	489
Eau Claire	5,990	6,531	2,587	2,409	2,580	2,409
Pond du Lac	5,778	6,380	1,537	1,415	1,513	1,409
Fort Atkinson	1,184	1,358	264	237	264	237
Grand Rapids	1,676	1,744	561	512	559	512
Green Bay	6,940	7,722	2,146	1,876	2,140	1,876
Hudson	1,116	1,166	555	428	555	428
Janesville	5,156	5,620	1,219	1,190	1,214	1,190
Jefferson	964	1,039	302	279	302	279
Kaukauna	1,960	2,111	550	494	550	494
Kenosha	4,106	4,167	1,844	1,489	1,843	1,488
La Crosse	10,304	11,369	3,655	3,567	3,652	3,567
Lake Geneva	1,002	1,115	255	213	254	213
Madison	7,694	8,108	1,759	1,603	1,737	1,603
Manitowoc	4,254	4,534	1,566	1,432	1,563	1,432
Marinette	5,231	5,422	3,047	2,495	3,044	2,495
Marshfield	2,013	2,066	619	542	618	542
Menasha	2,006	2,048	753	732	752	732
Menomonie	1,815	2,068	976	796	975	796
Merrill	3,066	3,072	1,374	1,025	1,373	1,025
Milwaukee	94,714	101,610	45,822	43,169	45,791	43,157
Mineral Point	1,151	1,299	263	278	263	278
Monroe	1,434	1,758	346	389	346	389
Menasha	2,053	2,342	807	752	805	752
New London	1,095	1,132	277	238	275	238
Oconomowoc	1,002	1,231	523	324	521	324
Oconto	2,040	2,062	834	710	831	710
Oshkosh	9,778	11,150	3,765	3,591	3,748	3,591
Platteville	1,225	1,559	273	283	273	283
Portage	2,011	2,264	544	640	540	640
Port Washington	1,178	1,107	422	383	422	383
Prairie du Chien	1,206	1,330	384	312	384	312
Racine	9,806	10,054	4,974	4,268	4,971	4,268
Rhineland	1,842	1,743	840	568	837	568
Rice Lake	1,066	1,130	452	345	451	345
Ripon	1,314	1,619	435	450	431	450
Sheboygan	7,565	7,998	4,042	3,357	4,038	3,357
South Milwaukee	1,287	1,152	550	403	548	403
Sparta	1,425	1,670	225	235	224	235
Stevens Point	3,411	3,908	1,123	1,082	1,120	1,082
Stoughton	1,182	1,198	543	508	541	508
Sturgeon Bay	1,363	1,386	340	283	338	283
Superior	10,467	9,265	7,161	4,258	7,150	4,254
Toinah	1,122	1,205	260	253	258	253
Two Rivers	1,415	1,509	471	389	469	389
Watertown	2,835	3,154	1,198	1,249	1,197	1,249
Waukesha	2,865	3,046	709	699	708	699
Waupaca	1,068	1,174	372	298	370	298
Waupun	1,370	1,244	372	199	372	199
Wausau	4,181	4,426	1,967	1,780	1,964	1,780
Wausatosa	970	1,193	349	330	349	330
Whitewater	1,244	1,605	244	312	242	312
Total	276,553	305,183	75,463	103,114	115,256	103,091
Balance of state	508,384	462,951	207,162	130,232	167,137	130,221
Total population	784,937	768,134	282,625	233,346	282,393	233,312

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Total Native White Population of Native and Foreign Parents and Colored, in Cities having 2,500 Inhabitants or more in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 29.

Cities.	Native White— Native Parents		Native White— Foreign Parents		Total Colored.		Negro	
	Males.	Fe- males.	Males.	Fe- males.	Males	Fe- males	Males.	Fe- males.
Antigo	997	868	1,098	1,216	2	.....	.....	.....
Appleton	2,059	2,077	3,351	3,972	12	14	5	13
Ashland	1,557	1,357	2,914	2,793	25	16	6	6
Baraboo	1,438	1,471	922	1,162	11	16	10	15
Beaver Dam	882	936	1,053	1,229	4	1	1	.....
Beloit	2,919	2,619	1,651	1,713	39	30	36	30
Berlin	645	709	886	1,101	1	1	.....	1
Burlington	418	404	523	637	1	.....	1	.....
Chippewa	853	902	1,879	2,099	7	.....	1	.....
Deperre	496	549	882	1,074	8	6	3	4
Eau Claire	2,052	2,227	3,926	4,301	19	3	8	3
Fond du Lac	2,657	2,738	3,049	3,580	91	68	77	59
Fort Atkinson	672	762	509	590	3	6	3	6
Grand Rapids	706	639	970	1,105	2	.....	.....	.....
Green Bay	2,468	2,680	4,451	5,025	27	17	19	14
Hudson	459	421	656	738	1	1	1	1
Janesville	2,951	3,074	2,197	2,536	13	10	8	10
Jefferson	762	379	582	660	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kaukauna	762	776	1,190	1,330	.....	.....	.....	2
Kenosha	1,518	1,527	2,572	2,625	17	16	16	16
La Crosse	3,692	3,791	6,585	7,551	30	27	29	27
Lake Geneva	644	653	858	462	1	.....	.....	.....
Madison	3,591	3,513	4,069	4,560	56	35	34	35
Manitowoc	1,239	1,258	3,014	3,274	4	2	1	2
Marinette	1,405	1,369	3,770	4,004	59	53	.....	.....
Marshfield	770	816	1,240	1,250	4	.....	3	.....
Menasha	581	572	1,425	1,475	1	1	1	1
Menomonie	490	612	1,324	1,456	2	.....	.....	.....
Merrill	1,049	982	2,017	2,090	1	.....	.....	.....
Milwaukee	23,943	24,655	70,309	76,576	493	391	471	391
Mineral Point	492	535	851	757	8	7	8	7
Monroe	844	992	589	765	1	1	.....	1
Neenah	731	813	1,312	1,526	12	3	2	.....
New London	509	502	585	630	3	.....	1	.....
Oconomowoc	475	588	526	643	3	.....	.....	.....
Oconto	611	566	1,422	1,490	9	6	4	3
Oshkosh	3,668	3,936	6,077	7,183	50	31	26	26
Platteville	657	852	568	766	.....	1	.....	1
Portage	814	917	1,192	1,341	9	6	5	6
Port Washington	391	379	787	728	.....	.....	.....	.....
Prairie du Chien	604	533	702	797	.....	.....	.....	.....
Racine	3,085	3,033	6,678	6,077	46	44	43	44
Rhinelander	754	682	1,087	1,066	4	.....	1	.....
Rice Lake	448	503	815	633	4	3	.....	.....
Ripon	615	709	699	910	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sheboygan	2,057	2,123	5,507	5,872	5	3	.....	.....
South Milwaukee	411	369	876	733	2	.....	.....	.....
Sparta	994	1,069	418	581	14	20	13	20
Stevens Point	1,460	1,604	1,949	2,304	5	.....	.....	.....
Stoughton	408	366	773	832	3	.....	.....	.....
Sturgeon Bay	521	573	829	813	5	.....	3	.....
Superior	4,101	3,218	6,250	5,895	127	96	102	84
Tomah	630	674	492	526	.....	5	.....	5
Two Rivers	365	398	1,050	1,111	2	.....	.....	.....
Watertown	807	867	2,029	2,287	1	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha	1,456	1,420	1,477	1,609	33	17	30	17
Waupaca	533	598	509	576	8	.....	6	.....
Waupun	715	660	635	584	20	.....	17	.....
Wausau	1,130	1,076	3,050	3,350	4	.....	1	.....
Wauwatosa	440	532	530	661	.....	.....	.....	.....
Whitewater	749	964	492	636	5	5	3	5
Total	95,690	97,383	179,739	196,756	1,331	967	1,004	855
Balance of state ..	202,862	189,968	300,922	278,886	4,624	4,208	414	269
Total pop.	298,552	287,351	490,661	475,642	5,955	5,175	1,418	1,124

Males 18 to 44 Years of Age and 21 Years and Over, or of Military and Voting Age, Classified as to Nativity and Color, in Cities in Wisconsin having 2,500 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 30.

Cities.	Males 18 to 44 Years, Inclusive				Males 21 Years and Over.			
	Native white	Foreign white.	Ne-gro	Other col'd*	Native white	Foreign white.	Ne-gro	Other col'd*
Antigo	733	264	.....	2	819	453	.....	2
Appleton	1,985	803	1	7	2,094	1,663	3	7
Ashland	1,092	1,982	3	9	1,766	2,435	5	8
Baraboo	1,050	142	5	.....	1,300	361	6	1
Beaver Dam	798	156	1	3	885	488	1	2
Beloit	2,300	432	16	3	2,632	716	27	3
Berlin	458	268	.....	1	642	521	.....	1
Burlington	378	77	1	.....	440	242	.....	.....
Chippewa	827	656	.....	4	944	1,173	1	6
Depere	449	187	1	3	503	499	1	4
Eau Claire	1,720	1,419	5	9	2,053	2,392	7	11
Fond du Lac	2,577	597	30	9	2,952	1,409	46	10
Fort Atkinson	579	118	1	.....	650	252	2	.....
Grand Rapids	598	279	.....	1	673	496	.....	2
Green Bay	2,719	965	12	8	2,758	1,938	17	8
Hudson	388	342	1	.....	474	507	1	.....
Janesville	2,312	562	7	4	2,833	1,134	6	5
Jefferson	402	100	.....	.....	406	288	.....	.....
Kaukauna	697	259	1	1	741	514	1	1
Kenosha	1,640	1,099	12	.....	1,688	1,624	10	1
La Crosse	3,912	1,738	13	1	4,166	3,390	20	1
Lake Geneva	363	124	.....	1	530	223	.....	1
Madison	3,977	840	10	20	4,015	1,649	22	22
Manitowoc	1,769	605	1	3	1,679	1,448	1	3
Marinette	1,478	1,873	.....	24	1,529	2,620	1	31
Marshfield	695	336	3	1	719	544	3	1
Menasha	662	327	1	.....	671	650	1	.....
Menominee	474	517	.....	2	502	880	.....	2
Merrill	1,029	864	.....	.....	1,048	1,194	.....	1
Milwaukee	35,171	25,044	312	13	34,185	40,455	358	22
Mineral Point	512	58	2	.....	587	258	4	.....
Monroe	553	121	.....	.....	767	319	1	.....
Neenah	745	384	1	4	801	738	2	6
New London	461	113	.....	2	523	264	1	2
Oconomowoc	362	117	.....	2	472	297	1	2
Oconto	640	391	1	3	672	764	2	5
Oshkosh	3,787	1,872	11	17	4,114	3,222	17	20
Platteville	503	45	.....	.....	624	285	.....	.....
Portage	857	173	2	4	990	519	5	4
Port Washington	510	187	.....	.....	492	376	.....	.....
Prairie du Chien	471	140	.....	.....	591	364	.....	.....
Racine	3,683	2,863	21	3	3,810	4,428	32	3
Rhineland	776	620	1	3	811	752	1	3
Rice Lake	340	261	.....	4	393	403	.....	4
Ripon	512	162	.....	.....	654	401	.....	4
Sheboygan	2,708	2,038	.....	2	2,606	3,434	.....	4
South Milwaukee	507	322	.....	1	518	488	.....	2
Sparta	518	83	3	1	739	207	4	1
Stevens Point	1,164	548	.....	5	1,327	1,023	.....	4
Stoughton	405	327	1	2	449	509	1	2
Sturgeon Bay	546	144	.....	2	588	322	1	2
Superior	4,523	5,606	66	10	4,818	6,404	84	14
Tomah	430	114	.....	2	534	229	.....	2
Two Rivers	549	193	.....	2	486	436	.....	2
Watertown	1,074	369	.....	1	1,042	1,141	.....	1
Waukesha	1,129	304	11	1	1,359	625	19	1
Wausau	359	203	3	2	482	347	5	2
Waupun	726	171	15	3	913	362	16	3
Wausau	1,312	1,113	1	3	1,351	1,739	1	3
Wauwatosa	316	153	.....	1	411	304	.....	.....
Whitewater	472	56	.....	2	723	238	1	2
Total	105,223	62,217	576	210	110,884	103,641	738	254
Balance of state	183,365	72,534	170	1,530	199,025	153,663	268	2,242
Total pop.	288,588	134,751	746	1,740	309,909	257,304	1,006	2,496

* Includes all persons of negro descent.

* Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

Total Persons 5 to 20 Years of Age Classified as to Nativity, Sex and Color, in Cities, 1900.

Table 31.

CITIES.	5 TO 20 YEARS, INCLUSIVE.							
	Native White.		Foreign White.		Negro. ¹		Other Colored ²	
	Males.	Fe- males.	Males.	Fe- males.	Males.	Fe- males.	Males.	Fe- males.
Antigo	934	950	53	64				
Appleton	2,391	2,591	132	199	1	5		
Ashland	1,737	1,843	199	252			9	
Baraboo	733	890	14	33	3	7		5
Beaver Dam	807	827	14	45			1	
Beloit	1,450	1,443	57	61	8	12		
Berlin	644	775	44	69		1		
Burlington	555	406	10	17	1			
Chippewa	1,280	1,426	78	126				
Depere	639	746	35	39	1	3	1	1
Eau Claire	2,933	3,110	186	225		2		
Fond du Lac	2,064	2,311	109	110	23	15	4	5
Fort Atkinson	387	462	12	23	1	3		
Grand Rapids	730	771	62	72				
Green Bay	2,938	3,284	152	158	2	4		
Hudson	478	531	47	35				
Janesville	1,750	1,849	80	113	2	3		
Jefferson	418	436	14	10				
Kaukauna	890	964	36	56		1	4	1
Kenosha	1,670	1,677	215	245	5	5		
La Crosse	4,492	4,963	253	317	7	10		
Lake Geneva	362	379	20	20				
Madison	2,839	2,843	85	109	9	4		
Manitowoc	1,847	2,026	111	105		1		
Marinette	2,535	2,609	412	415			19	18
Marshfield	961	1,006	73	77				
Menasha	920	833	100	116		1		
Menominee	971	1,041	93	72				
Merrill	1,417	1,438	171	154				
Milwaukee	42,465	45,174	5,219	5,765	86	93		
Mineral Point	442	480	5	5	3	2		
Monroe	521	627	27	38				
Neenah	923	1,038	65	77			4	2
New London	418	459	11	17				
Oconomowoc	379	445	24	29				
Oconto	999	991	64	76	1	1		2
Oshkosh	4,107	4,616	375	371	6	11	2	2
Platteville	459	575	8	8				
Portage	782	895	21	41		2		
Port Washington ..	492	459	46	30				
Prairie du Chien ..	516	583	19	21				
Racine	4,140	4,360	525	535	9	20		
Rhinclander	686	728	82	79				
Rice Lake	467	536	48	55				1
Ripon	524	584	30	42				
Sheboygan	3,452	3,594	585	561			1	2
South Milwaukee ..	517	514	56	56				
Sparta	524	572	16	27	8	12		
Stevens Point	1,561	1,733	96	136			1	
Stoughton	525	539	32	51				
Sturgeon Bay	564	615	16	22	2			
Superior	3,582	3,831	719	690	14	21	8	6
Tomah	435	454	19	28		3		
Two Rivers	674	675	32	25				
Watertown	1,404	1,316	54	85				
Waukesha	1,254	1,036	82	92	10	3	2	
Waupaca	432	486	23	23	1			
Waupun	243	284	10	18	1			
Wausau	2,009	2,167	221	264				
Wauwatosa	295	477	44	54				
Whitewater	404	488	4	11	2	2		
Total	118,097	125,861	11,445	12,669	207	250	66	46
Balance of state	222,421	212,528	13,090	10,839	114	90	1,443	1,529
Total pop.	340,518	338,389	24,535	23,508	321	340	1,499	1,575

¹Includes all persons of negro descent.

²Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

Showing the Total Number of Dwellings, the Total Number of Families or Separate Homes, the Total Number of Private Families and the Total and Average Population of Same, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 32.

Counties.	Total Dwellings.	Total Families.	Private Families.		Average Size.
			Number.	Population.	
Adams	1,946	1,979	1,975	9,110	4.6
Ashland	3,477	3,894	3,732	17,368	4.7
Barron	4,627	4,721	4,659	23,175	5.0
Bayfield	2,522	2,631	2,504	12,112	4.8
Brown	8,713	9,072	8,950	44,574	5.0
Buffalo	3,291	3,403	3,380	16,608	4.9
Burnett	1,513	1,529	1,531	7,437	4.9
Calumet	3,327	3,384	3,348	16,788	5.0
Chippewa	6,143	6,409	6,306	31,165	4.9
Clark	5,083	5,204	5,144	25,353	4.9
Columbia	6,863	7,020	6,962	30,496	4.4
Crawford	3,411	3,476	3,434	16,856	4.9
Dane	13,507	14,277	14,045	66,497	4.7
Dodge	9,660	9,938	9,858	45,329	4.6
Door	3,247	3,335	3,307	17,386	5.3
Douglas	5,861	6,592	6,263	30,258	4.8
Dunn	4,931	5,068	5,024	24,531	4.9
Eau Claire	6,089	6,527	6,441	30,504	4.7
Florence	610	627	607	2,966	4.9
Fond du Lac	9,888	10,244	10,123	45,998	4.5
Forest	284	290	266	1,151	4.3
Grant	8,243	8,595	8,324	37,911	4.6
Green	5,106	5,216	5,180	22,343	4.3
Green Lake	3,597	3,444	3,414	15,504	4.5
Iowa	4,751	4,941	4,905	25,607	4.6
Iron	1,110	1,144	1,076	5,823	5.4
Jackson	3,499	3,567	3,541	17,220	4.9
Jefferson	7,569	7,728	7,658	35,941	4.4
Juneau	4,352	4,468	4,426	20,142	4.6
Kenosha	4,165	4,514	4,440	21,009	4.7
Kewaunee	3,146	3,225	3,201	15,958	5.3
La Crosse	8,486	8,940	8,810	41,260	4.7
Lafayette	4,379	4,425	4,392	20,721	4.7
Langlade	2,427	2,442	2,396	12,090	5.0
Langlade	3,075	3,187	3,117	15,423	5.0
Lincoln	7,849	8,429	8,322	40,829	4.9
Manitowish	7,721	8,126	8,052	42,063	5.2
Marathon	5,401	5,863	5,745	29,320	5.1
Marquette	2,142	2,167	2,152	10,377	4.8
Marquette	53,349	67,736	66,725	313,971	4.7
Milwaukee	5,864	5,980	5,932	27,270	4.6
Monroe	3,892	3,974	3,924	20,467	5.2
Oconto	1,621	1,713	1,649	7,617	4.6
Oneida	9,094	9,372	9,286	45,205	4.9
Outagamie	3,144	3,282	3,235	15,944	4.9
Ozaukee	1,622	1,633	1,624	7,823	4.8
Pepin	5,035	5,119	5,082	23,593	4.6
Pierce	3,622	3,643	3,626	17,618	4.9
Polk	5,666	5,735	5,715	28,986	5.1
Portage	1,805	1,863	1,820	8,517	4.7
Price	9,022	9,851	9,727	44,297	4.6
Racine	4,149	4,258	4,230	19,170	4.5
Richland	10,916	11,505	11,346	49,075	4.3
Rock	5,151	5,233	5,208	26,173	5.0
St. Croix	7,190	7,318	7,264	32,445	4.5
Sauk	728	756	725	3,345	4.6
Sawyer	5,034	5,170	5,084	26,413	5.2
Schawano	9,534	10,543	10,440	49,344	4.7
Sherburn	2,064	2,133	2,088	10,458	5.0
Taylor	4,412	4,543	4,507	22,733	5.0
Trempealeau	5,743	5,874	5,842	27,921	4.8
Vernon	995	913	825	3,656	4.4
Vilas	6,823	7,046	6,935	28,265	4.7
Walworth	1,109	1,125	1,113	5,235	4.7
Washburn	4,481	4,621	4,566	23,073	5.0
Washington	7,562	7,680	7,558	35,759	4.5
Waukesha	6,462	6,525	6,464	30,418	4.7
Waupaca	3,456	3,494	3,475	15,784	4.5
Waushara	11,971	12,461	12,329	56,045	4.5
Winnebago	4,938	5,009	4,933	25,149	5.1
Wood					
Total	393,017	425,063	420,327	1,991,415	4.7

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Showing the Number of Farm Homes Owned Free from Encumbrance, and Encumbered, the Number that Were Hired or Rented and the Number Unknown in this Respect by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 33.

COUNTIES.	FARM HOMES.					
	Total.	Owned.			Hired.	Unknown.
		Free.	Encumbered.	Unknown.		
Adams	1,792	988	583	12	197	12
Ashland	501	317	142	18	22	2
Barron	2,932	1,580	1,185	26	181	10
Bayfield	463	389	46	2	29	2
Brown	3,794	1,895	1,536	78	260	25
Buffalo	2,245	992	907	33	303	10
Burnett	1,196	921	225	23	25	2
Calumet	2,187	1,015	1,009	11	150	2
Chippewa	3,029	1,757	998	32	227	15
Clark	3,402	1,509	1,632	33	214	14
Columbia	3,890	1,344	1,269	60	702	15
Crawford	2,058	1,094	582	148	226	8
Dane	6,459	2,652	2,111	90	1,518	88
Dodge	5,056	2,143	1,966	54	866	27
Door	2,207	1,141	947	13	95	11
Douglas	254	189	34	5	26	.....
Dunn	3,146	1,529	1,218	63	323	13
Eau Claire	2,019	968	829	35	180	7
Florence	176	138	21	5	10	2
Fond du Lac ..	4,327	1,771	1,617	105	812	22
Forest	61	26	25	.....	9	1
Grant	4,260	1,771	1,601	47	828	13
Green	2,577	846	1,036	27	662	6
Green Lake ..	1,750	645	692	91	315	7
Iowa	2,573	1,043	1,012	38	467	13
Iron	76	56	14	.....	6	.....
Jackson	2,449	1,298	869	23	215	14
Jefferson	3,544	1,598	1,235	70	615	26
Juneau	2,658	1,806	965	29	350	8
Kenosha	1,317	509	383	22	394	9
Kewaunee	2,189	1,246	851	20	64	8
La Crosse	1,895	893	607	35	350	10
Lafayette	2,503	933	847	28	683	12
Langlade	1,052	438	501	15	76	2
Lincoln	859	505	328	13	31	12
Manitowoc	4,056	1,824	2,040	24	159	9
Marathon	4,169	1,855	1,885	281	140	8
Marinette	1,284	591	581	26	73	13
Marquette	1,521	742	601	14	163	3
Milwaukee	2,543	1,073	665	9	789	7
Monroe	3,679	1,874	1,385	37	372	11
Monroeville ..	2,198	1,060	937	82	113	6
Oneida	337	220	64	27	24	2
Outagamie	3,652	1,478	1,775	20	343	16
Ozaukee	1,755	856	679	14	173	4
Pepin	1,098	578	363	7	88	2
Pierce	3,249	1,432	1,296	178	332	11
Polk	2,912	1,453	1,141	150	154	14
Portage	3,141	1,308	1,482	28	295	28
Price	862	581	254	6	16	5
Racine	2,148	842	769	22	509	6
Richland	2,783	1,274	1,014	38	423	34
Rock	3,876	1,761	1,311	25	1,343	36
St. Croix	3,023	1,319	1,321	38	334	11
Sauk	3,876	1,613	1,563	178	515	7
Sawyer	151	124	15	1	11	.....
Shawano	3,147	1,349	1,693	10	80	15
Sheboygan	3,599	1,500	1,477	38	485	9
Taylor	1,202	763	401	4	31	3
Trempealeau ..	3,127	1,299	1,377	30	300	31
Vernon	4,196	2,164	1,517	44	453	18
Vilas	73	58	7	4	3	1
Walworth	2,787	977	901	24	870	15
Washburn	440	343	70	2	24	1
Washington ..	2,891	1,336	1,204	23	311	17
Waukesha	3,599	1,595	1,194	40	752	18
Waupaca	3,691	1,586	1,684	72	302	47
Wausara	2,681	1,273	1,037	17	340	14
Winnebago	2,857	1,298	959	78	516	15
Wood	2,323	1,057	1,083	22	147	14
Total	169,287	77,490	65,589	2,917	62,414	877

Showing the Number of Other than Farm Homes Owned Free from Encumbrance, the Number Encumbered, the Number Hired and the Number Unknown, by Counties in Wisconsin, 1900.

Table 34.

COUNTIES.	OTHER HOMES.					
	Total	Owned.			Hired.	Unknown.
		Free.	Encumbered.	Unknown.		
Adams	183	82	13	2	63	23
Ashland	3,231	1,094	238	28	1,736	85
Barron	1,677	740	167	101	611	88
Bayfield	2,036	821	234	7	892	82
Brown	5,156	1,828	675	207	2,305	1,111
Buffalo	1,135	508	123	28	385	91
Burnett	325	175	27	6	101	26
Calumet	1,161	606	131	7	380	37
Chippewa	3,277	1,418	354	48	1,323	134
Clark	1,742	704	249	37	661	91
Columbia	3,572	1,753	415	49	1,222	133
Crawford	1,376	516	82	172	533	73
Dane	7,586	2,849	1,054	164	3,125	394
Dodge	4,802	2,169	847	51	1,550	205
Door	1,100	412	140	26	414	108
Douglas	6,009	1,569	354	374	3,540	232
Dunn	1,878	638	178	233	633	86
Eau Claire	4,422	1,618	645	60	1,973	126
Florence	451	191	24	2	182	32
Fond du Lac	5,796	2,281	726	396	2,086	307
Forest	205	59	27	9	79	31
Grant	4,064	2,158	376	46	1,357	127
Green	2,603	1,176	243	28	1,028	128
Green Lake	1,664	764	258	36	563	43
Iowa	2,332	1,169	198	37	812	116
Iron	1,000	452	16	12	480	40
Jackson	1,692	521	78	10	377	106
Jefferson	4,114	1,655	706	215	1,334	204
Juneau	1,768	801	185	53	640	89
Kenosha	3,123	913	673	22	1,415	100
Kewaunee	1,012	383	93	75	373	88
La Crosse	6,915	2,179	1,157	48	3,231	270
Lafayette	1,889	866	130	55	745	43
Langlade	1,364	518	214	15	580	37
Lincoln	2,228	986	306	68	783	85
Manitowoc	4,266	1,660	746	30	1,671	159
Marathon	3,883	1,653	581	52	1,479	118
Marinette	4,461	1,757	617	28	1,898	161
Maquette	631	432	70	11	212	46
Milwaukee	64,132	10,656	12,809	168	39,896	553
Monroe	2,233	1,060	247	56	779	111
Oconto	1,726	777	158	44	639	108
Oneida	1,312	339	136	32	662	83
Outagamie	5,654	2,157	1,142	78	2,161	111
Ozaukee	1,510	639	225	16	538	72
Pepin	536	291	57	20	203	15
Pierce	1,833	775	218	75	680	85
Polk	714	283	68	23	259	81
Portage	2,574	1,076	366	47	951	134
Price	958	426	89	20	365	58
Racine	7,579	2,062	1,763	127	3,484	143
Richland	1,447	512	139	41	679	96
Rock	7,470	2,721	1,135	100	3,268	246
St. Croix	2,185	982	236	27	816	124
Sauk	3,388	1,396	445	126	1,281	140
Sawyer	574	380	32	1	131	30
Shawano	1,937	330	263	36	618	90
Sheboygan	6,841	2,121	1,439	46	3,050	125
Taylor	886	319	115	12	385	55
Trempealeau	1,370	623	141	17	500	89
Vernon	1,646	644	172	41	653	136
Vilas	752	299	16	7	397	33
Walworth	4,178	1,859	621	31	1,552	115
Washburn	673	363	46	7	237	20
Washington	1,675	692	263	49	577	94
Waukesha	3,939	1,239	675	191	1,627	207
Waupaca	2,773	1,192	376	86	935	134
Wausara	794	285	99	5	254	50
Winnebago	9,482	3,240	2,027	617	3,121	477
Wood	2,610	1,126	389	19	965	111
Total	251,040	83,569	39,377	5,068	114,595	8,431

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Total Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 35.

OCCUPATION.	RACINE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Agricultural Pursuits:						
Agricultural laborers	29		29	14	2	16
Dairymen and dairywomen	1		1	16		16
Farmers, planters and overseers	29		29	29		29
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen, etc.	16	1	17	7	1	8
Lumbermen and raftsmen	1		1	148		148
Stock raisers, herders and drovers				4		4
Wood choppers				5		5
Other agricultural pursuits				1		1
Total	76	1	77	224	3	227
Professional Service:						
Actors, professional showmen, etc.	6	1	7	14	10	24
Architects, designers, draughtsmen, etc.	18		18	10		10
Artists and teachers of art	7	3	10	4	4	8
Clergymen	26	2	28	42	2	44
Dentists	14	1	15	18		18
Electricians	21		21	59		29
Engineers (civil, etc.) and surveyors	19		15	49		49
Journalists	17		17	22	3	25
Lawyers	31		31	117	1	113
Literary and scientific persons	4	3	7	4	6	10
Musicians and teachers of music	10	23	28	18	25	43
Officials (government)	39	2	47	55	2	57
Physicians and surgeons	35	3	38	44	2	43
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	23	166	194	30	203	233
Other professional service	4		8	2	2	4
Total	281	213	494	458	265	723
Domestic and Personal Service:						
Barbers and hairdressers	65	3	69	74	8	82
Bartenders	38		38	153	1	154
Boarding and lodging house keepers	1	27	28	16	71	87
Hotelkeepers	18		18	53	12	65
Housekeepers and stewards	2	63	65	4	40	44
Janitors and sextons	75		25	32	1	33
Laborers (not specified)	1,283	11	1,294	3,976	36	3,942
Launderers and laundresses	23	66	89	21	97	118
Nurses and midwives		33	33	1	53	54
Restaurant keepers	4		4	20	1	21
Saloonkeepers	80		80	111	1	132
Servants and waiters	41	464	505	149	679	828
Soldiers, sailors and marines (U. S.)	7		7	7		7
Watchmen, policemen, firemen, etc.	82		82	122		122
Other domestic and personal service	7	5	12	9	1	10
Total	1,677	672	2,349	4,678	1,001	5,679
Trade and Transportation:						
Agents	161	4	165	194	8	202
Bankers and brokers	43		43	24		24
Boatmen and sailors	81		81	52		52
Bookkeepers and accountants	122	5	127	122	35	167
Clerks and copyists	217	128	445	318	61	379
Commercial travelers	48		48	58		58
Draymen, hackmen, teamsters, etc.	251	1	252	326		326
Foremen and overseers	16		16	53		53
Hostlers	19		19	15		15
Hucksters and peddlers	50		20	30	1	31
Livery stable keepers	14		14	8		8
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale) ..	324	18	342	369	3	372
Merchants and dealers (wholesale)	5		5	50		50
Messengers and errand and office boys	16	3	19	22		22
Officials of banks and companies	33		33	78	1	79
Packers and shippers	15	5	20	74		74
Porters and helpers (in stores, etc.)	7		7	18		18
Salesmen and saleswomen	181	93	274	188	68	256
Steam railroad employees	85		85	917	1	918

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1930.

Table 35—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	RACINE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Trade and transportation—Con.:						
Stenographers and typewriters	10	114	124	20	75	95
Street railway employes	40	.....	40	57	1	58
Telegraph and telephone linemen	9	.....	9	21	.....	21
Telegraph and telephone operators	17	10	27	42	32	74
Undertakers	7	.....	7	8	.....	8
Other persons in trade and transportation..	14	.....	14	56	.....	56
Total	1,836	431	2,297	3,130	236	3,416
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits.						
Building Trades:						
Carpenters and joiners	468	.....	468	592	.....	592
Masons (brick and stone)	119	.....	119	76	.....	76
Painters, glaziers and varnishers	478	.....	478	156	2	158
Paper hangers	5	.....	5	21	.....	21
Plasterers	6	.....	6	26	.....	26
Plumbers and gas and steamfitters	74	.....	74	83	.....	83
Roofers and slaters	6	.....	6	2	.....	2
Mechanics not otherwise specified	2	.....	2	3	.....	3
Chemicals and Allied Products:						
Oil well and oil works employes .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other chemical workers .....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Clay, Glass and Stone Products:						
Brick and tile makers, etc.	33	.....	33	.....	.....	.....
Glass workers	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Marble and stone cutters	10	.....	10	25	.....	25
Fishing and Mining:						
Fishermen and cystermen	14	.....	14	12	.....	12
Miners and quarrymen	4	.....	4	18	.....	18
Food and Kindred Products:						
Bakers	34	2	36	41	1	42
Butchers	76	.....	76	64	.....	64
Butter and cheesemakers .....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	7
Confectioners	6	12	18	27	8	35
Millers	8	.....	8	204	.....	204
Other food preparers	13	22	45	.....	.....	.....
Iron and Steel and their Products:						
Blacksmiths	427	1	428	113	.....	113
Iron and steel workers	691	.....	691	135	.....	135
Machinists	533	.....	533	213	.....	213
Steam boiler-makers	98	.....	98	61	.....	61
Tool and cutlery makers	8	.....	8	10	.....	10
Wheelwrights	37	.....	37	4	.....	4
Wireworkers	40	.....	40	.....	.....	.....
Leather and Its Finished Products:						
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	221	118	329	31	.....	31
Harness and saddle makers and repairers....	17	.....	17	7	.....	7
Leather curriers and tanners	74	3	77	1	.....	1
Trunks and leather case makers, etc.	131	16	147	1	.....	1
Liquors and Beverages:						
Bottlers and soda water makers, etc.	2	.....	2	6	.....	6
Brewers and maltsters	11	.....	11	13	.....	13
Lumber and Its Remanufactures:						
Cabinetmakers	9	.....	9	7	.....	7
Coopers	3	.....	3	82	.....	82
Saw and planing mill employes	51	.....	51	134	1	135
Other woodworkers	273	2	281	23	.....	23

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 35—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	RACINE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits.—Con.						
Metals and Metal Products other than Iron and Steel:						
Brass workers	10		10	7		7
Clock and watch makers and repairers.....	7		7	3		3
Gold and silver workers				3		3
Tinplate and inware makers	39		39	32		32
Other metal workers	45		45	6		6
Paper and Printing:						
Bookbinders	2	5	7	7	3	10
Box makers (paper)	1	12	13			
Paper and pulp mill operatives	4	5	9			
Printer, lithographer and pressmen	73	14	87	82	3	85
Textiles:						
Bleachery and dye works operatives.....	7	1	8			
Carpet factory operatives	4		4		1	1
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	6	45	51			
Silk mill operatives		1	1			
Woolen mill operatives	18	47	65			
Other textile mill operatives	7	18	25			
Dress makers		191	191	1	184	185
Hat and cap makers					1	1
Milliners	1	49	50	1	38	39
Seamstresses		183	183		7	7
Shirt, collar and cuff makers.....		11	11	1		1
Tailors and tailoresses	66	60	126	58	9	67
Other textile workers	5	7	12	6	3	9
Miscellaneous Industries:						
Broom and brush makers	1		1	2		2
Charcoal, coke and lime burners.....				11		11
Engineers and firemen (not locomotive)....	139		139	316		316
Manufacturers, officials, etc.	236	4	240	162	1	163
Model and pattern makers	42		42	9		9
Photographers	13	1	14	14	1	15
Rubber factory operatives	6	6	12			
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	56	1	57	49	2	51
Upholsterers	70	10	80	10	2	12
Other miscellaneous industries	546	98	644	338	3	341
Total	5394	955	6349	3317	271	3588
Total of all occupations	9294	2272	11566	11807	1826	13633
Population 10 years of age and over.....	11223	11054	22277	13902	9656	23558

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 36.

OCCUPATION.	LA CROSSE.			SUPERIOR.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Agricultural Pursuits:						
Agricultural laborers	82	7	89	37	2	39
Farmers, planters and overseers	40	1	41	31	.....	31
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen, etc.	17	3	20	23	.....	23
Lumbermen and raftsmen	77	.....	77	73	1	74
Stock raisers, herders and drovers	2	.....	2	1	.....	1
Wood choppers	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Other agricultural pursuits	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Total	222	11	233	165	3	168
Professional Service:						
Actors, professional showmen, etc.	9	2	11	7	.....	7
Architects, designers, draughtsmen, etc. ...	10	.....	10	16	.....	16
Artists and teachers of art	9	9	18	6	4	10
Clergymen	49	3	52	42	2	44
Dentists	21	2	23	17	.....	17
Electricians	28	.....	28	14	.....	14
Engineers (civil, etc.) and surveyors	25	.....	25	17	.....	17
Journalists	15	1	16	19	.....	19
Lawyers	52	1	53	59	.....	60
Literary and scientific persons	2	1	3	.....	10	10
Musicians and teachers of music	25	48	73	19	36	55
Officials (government)	37	.....	37	27	1	28
Physicians and surgeons	43	5	48	39	12	51
Teachers and professors in colleges, etc.	18	203	221	55	203	258
Other professional service	8	9	17	7	.....	8
Total	351	284	635	344	270	614
Domestic and Personal Service:						
Barbers and hairdressers	75	2	77	68	7	75
Bartenders	64	.....	64	55	.....	55
Boarding and lodging house keepers	5	30	35	8	33	41
Hotel keepers	25	3	28	12	1	13
Housekeepers and stewards .....	.....	69	69	.....	39	39
Janitors and sextons	36	.....	36	21	3	24
Laborers (not specified)	1,433	18	1,451	1,693	50	1,643
Laundrers and laundresses	16	148	164	20	72	92
Nurses and midwives	2	45	47	15	76	91
Restaurant keepers	9	2	11	8	5	13
Saloonkeepers	123	.....	123	99	1	100
Servants and waiters	76	699	775	51	623	674
Soldiers, sailors and marines (U. S.)	9	.....	9	2	.....	2
Watchmen, policemen, firemen, etc.	111	.....	111	82	.....	82
Other domestic and personal service	10	1	11	13	3	16
Total	1,994	1,017	3,011	2,047	913	2,960
Trade and Transportation:						
Agents	136	8	144	144	6	150
Bankers and brokers	23	.....	23	32	.....	32
Boatmen and sailors	43	.....	43	34	.....	34
Bookkeepers and accountants	133	41	174	86	63	149
Clerks and copyists	317	91	408	188	45	233
Commercial travelers	141	2	143	109	2	111
Draymen, hackmen, teamsters, etc.	327	.....	327	326	.....	326
Foremen and overseers	27	.....	27	14	1	15
Hostlers	21	.....	21	24	.....	24
Hucksters and peddlers	23	1	24	21	1	22
Livery stable keepers	13	.....	13	14	.....	14
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale) ..	353	12	365	351	12	363
Merchants and dealers (wholesale)	26	.....	26	21	.....	21
Messengers, and errand and office boys	16	2	18	14	2	16
Officials of banks and companies	59	1	60	30	1	31
Packers and shippers	17	45	62	8	18	26
Porters and helpers (in stores, etc.)	8	.....	8	3	1	4
Salesmen and saleswomen	213	118	331	213	153	366
Steam railroad employes	524	.....	524	245	.....	245
Stenographers and typewriters	26	69	95	17	56	73
Street railway employes	46	46	34	34

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 36—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	LA CROSSE.			OSHKOSH.		
	Male.	Fe- male.	Total	Male	Fe- male.	Total
Trade and Transportation—Continued.						
Telegraph and telephone linemen	15	.....	15	11	.....	11
Telegraph and telephone operators	33	23	56	24	15	39
Undertakers	11	.....	11	8	.....	8
Other persons in trade and transportation	19	1	20	33	.....	33
Total	2,570	414	2,984	2,004	376	2,380
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits.						
Building Trades:						
Carpenters and joiners	354	.....	354	381	.....	381
Masons (brick and stone)	97	.....	97	88	.....	88
Painters, glaziers and varnishers	190	.....	190	265	11	276
Paper hangers	15	1	16	10	.....	10
Plasterers	22	.....	22	5	.....	5
Plumbers and gas and steam fitters	61	.....	61	40	.....	40
Roofers and slaters .....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Mechanics (not otherwise specified)	7	.....	7	.....	.....	.....
Chemicals and Allied Products:						
Oil well and oil works employees	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Other chemical workers .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clay, Glass and Stone Products:						
Brick and tile makers, etc.	5	.....	5	.....	.....	.....
Glass workers	1	1	2	7	.....	7
Marble and stone cutters	27	.....	27	23	.....	23
Potters	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Fishing and Mining:						
Fishermen and oystermen	7	.....	7	17	.....	17
Miners and quarrymen	13	.....	13	12	.....	12
Food and Kindred Products:						
Bakers	31	3	34	23	2	25
Butchers	102	.....	102	52	.....	52
Butter and cheese makers	1	.....	1	5	.....	5
Confectioners	35	93	128	6	.....	6
Millers	13	1	14	8	.....	8
Other food preparers	3	.....	3	4	.....	4
Iron and Steel and Their Products:						
Blacksmiths	101	.....	101	150	.....	150
Iron and steel workers	81	.....	81	44	.....	44
Machinists	99	.....	99	143	.....	143
Steam boiler makers	34	.....	34	18	.....	18
Stove, furnace and grate makers	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Tool and cutlery makers	27	.....	27	32	3	35
Wheelwrights	4	.....	4	.....	.....	.....
Wireworkers .....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	2
Leather and Its Finished Products:						
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	56	5	61	30	.....	30
Harness and saddle makers and repairers	28	.....	28	13	.....	13
Leather curriers and tanners	46	.....	46	3	.....	3
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc.	3	.....	3	61	15	76
Liquors and Beverages:						
Bottlers and soda water makers, etc.	13	13	26	12	.....	12
Brewers and maltsters	39	2	41	11	.....	11
Distillers and rectifiers .....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	2
Lumber and Its Remanufactures:						
Cabinet makers	19	.....	19	60	1	61
Coopers	66	.....	66	8	.....	8
Saw and planing-mill employees	156	9	165	585	6	591
Other wood workers	64	6	70	275	35	310

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 36—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	LA CROSSE.			OSHKOSH.		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits—Con.						
Metals and Metal Products Other Than Iron and Steel:						
Brass workers	1	.....	1	2	.....	2
Clock and watch makers and repairers.....	2	.....	2	8	1	9
Gold and silver workers	1	.....	1	.....	1	1
Tinplate and tinware makers	31	.....	31	23	.....	23
Other metal workers	6	.....	6	13	.....	13
Paper and Printing:						
Book binders	7	1	8	6	5	11
Box makers (paper)	2	2	4	5	3	8
Engravers	3	.....	3	.....	.....	1
Paper and pulp mill operatives .....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1
Printers, lithographers and pressmen	83	4	87	69	5	74
Textiles:						
Bleachery and dyeworks operatives	3	.....	3	2	.....	2
Carpet factory operatives	5	2	7	2	3	5
Cotton mill operatives .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives.....	11	97	108	.....	.....	.....
Silk mill operatives .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Woolen mill operatives	3	3	6	.....	.....	.....
Other textile mill operatives	3	1	4	20	53	82
Dress makers	2	264	266	1	560	561
Hat and cap makers .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milliners	3	59	62	2	94	96
Seamstresses .....	.....	131	131	.....	49	49
Shirt, collar and cuff makers	5	6	11	1	2	3
Tailors and tailoresses.....	81	29	110	46	38	84
Other textile workers	4	15	19	4	3	7
Miscellaneous Industries:						
Broom and brush makers	13	.....	13	6	1	7
Charcoal, coke and lime burners.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	3
Engineers and firemen (not locomotive) ...	153	.....	153	131	.....	131
Glove makers .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	140	1	141	168	2	170
Model and pattern makers	6	.....	6	4	.....	4
Photographers	14	6	20	20	5	25
Rubber factory operatives	30	65	95	.....	1	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives.....	166	33	199	71	13	84
Upholsterers	14	4	18	36	13	49
Other miscellaneous industries	245	42	287	433	163	596
Total	2,800	899	3,699	3,462	889	4,351
Total of all occupations	7,937	2,625	10,562	8,022	2,451	10,473
Population 10 years of age and over....	10,658	11,629	22,287	10,447	11,557	22,004

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 37.

OCCUPATION.	MILWAUKEE.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural Pursuits:			
Agricultural laborers	276	42	318
Dairy men and dairy women	12	2	14
Farmers, planters and overseers	97	4	102
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen, etc.	107	8	115
Lumbermen and raftsmen	16	.....	16
Stock raisers, herders and drovers	18	.....	18
Wood choppers	4	.....	4
Other agricultural pursuits	1	.....	1
Total	532	56	588
Professional Service:			
Actors, professional showmen, etc.	106	27	133
Architects, designers, draughtsmen, etc.	350	2	352
Artists and teachers of art	97	40	137
Clergymen	237	15	252
Dentists	133	9	197
Electricians	430	5	435
Engineers (civil, etc.) and surveyors	211	.....	211
Journalists	136	9	145
Lawyers	450	5	455
Literary and scientific persons	76	34	110
Musicians and teachers of music	336	258	594
Officials (government)	306	10	316
Physicians and surgeons	440	33	478
Teachers and professors in colleges etc.	340	1,255	1,595
Other professional service	112	11	123
Total	3,815	1,718	5,533
Domestic and Personal Service:			
Barbers and hairdressers	653	69	727
Bartenders	505	11	516
Boarding and lodging house keepers	34	301	335
Hotel keepers	99	5	104
Housekeepers and stewards	47	357	404
Janitors and sextons	299	30	329
Laborers (not specified)	10,635	170	10,805
Launderers and laundresses	132	1,177	1,309
Nurses and midwives	18	564	582
Restaurant keepers	47	23	70
Saloon keepers	1,170	89	1,259
Servants and waiters	824	6,420	7,264
Soldiers, sailors and marines (U. S.)	68	.....	68
Watchmen, policemen, firemen, etc.	947	1	948
Other domestic and personal service	166	72	238
Total	15,659	9,290	24,958
Trade and Transportation:			
Agents	1,997	55	2,052
Bankers and brokers	255	.....	255
Boatmen and sailors	548	.....	548
Bookkeepers and accountants	1,776	571	2,327
Clerks and copyists	3,245	545	3,790
Commercial travelers	890	7	897
Draymen, hackmen, teamsters, etc.	3,313	2	3,315
Foremen and overseers	216	12	228
Hostlers	231	.....	231
Hucksters and peddlers	525	24	549
Livery stable keepers	84	3	87
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale)	3,477	246	3,663
Merchants and dealers (wholesale)	367	3	370
Messengers and errand office boys	541	195	726
Officials of banks and companies	447	5	452
Packers and shippers	384	301	685

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 37—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	MILWAUKEE.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Trade and Transportation:—Continued.			
Porters and helpers (in stores, etc.)	235	5	240
Salesmen and saleswomen	2,846	1,709	4,555
Steam railroad employes	2,573	3	2,381
Stenographers and typewriters	271	397	1,168
Street railway employes	710		710
Telegraph and telephone linemen	98		98
Telegraph and telephone operators	224	128	352
Undertakers	77	2	79
Other persons in trade and transportation	305	19	324
Total	25,360	4,732	30,092
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits.			
Building Trades:			
Carpenters and joiners	3,228		3,228
Masons (brick and stone)	821		821
Painters, glaziers, and varnishers	1,896	17	1,913
Paper hangers	101		101
Plasterers	175		175
Plumbers, gas and steam fitters	903		903
Roofers and slaters	49		49
Mechanics (not otherwise specified)	26		26
Chemicals and Allied Products:			
Oil well and oil works employes	10		10
Other chemical workers	13		13
Clay, Glass and Stone Products:			
Brick and tile makers, etc.	133		133
Glass workers	254	3	257
Marble and stone cutters	275		275
Potters	19		19
Fishing and Mining:			
Fishermen and oystermen	93	1	94
Miners and quarrymen	33		33
Food and Kindred Products:			
Bakers	772	50	772
Butchers	837	3	840
Butter and cheese makers	13	1	14
Confectioners	259	317	606
Millers	163	1	164
Other food preparers	192	3	195
Iron and Steel and Their Products:			
Blacksmiths	959	1	960
Iron and steel workers	4,404	42	4,446
Machinists	2,966	4	2,970
Steam boiler makers	264		264
Stove, furnace and graters	170	2	172
Tool and cutlery makers	80		80
Wheelwrights	24		24
Wire workers	66		66
Leather and Its Finished Products:			
Boot and shoe makers and repairers	1,188	353	1,541
Harness and saddle makers and repairers	278	7	285
Leather curriers and tanners	2,169	168	2,337
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc.	264	46	310
Liquors and Beverages:			
Bottlers and soda water makers, etc.	254	172	426
Brewers and maltsters	1,277	195	1,472
Distillers and rectifiers	41		41

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex for Cities Having 25,000 Inhabitants or More, 1900.

Table 37—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	MILWAUKEE.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits—Continued.			
Lumber and Its Manufactures:			
Cabinet makers	329	.....	329
Coopers	668	1	669
Saw and planing mill employes	585	.....	585
Other wood workers	907	75	982
Metals and Metal Products other than Iron and Steel:			
Brass workers	372	2	374
Clock and watch makers and repairers	80	2	82
Gold and silver workers	9	.....	9
Tinplate and tinware makers	917	124	1,041
Other metal workers	458	6	464
Paper and Printing:			
Bookbinders	219	267	486
Box makers (paper)	14	149	163
Engravers	109	.....	109
Paper and pulp mill operatives	43	78	121
Printers, lithographers and pressmen	1,305	37	1,342
Textiles:			
Bleachery and dye works operatives.....	73	25	98
Carpet factory operatives	26	4	30
Cotton mill operatives .....	.....	.....	.....
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	123	862	985
Silk mill operatives .....	.....	.....	.....
Woolen mill operatives	33	69	102
Other textile mill operatives	107	323	430
Dressmakers	9	3,134	3,143
Hat and cap makers	114	88	202
Milliners	7	771	778
Seamstresses	12	1,042	1,054
Shirt, collar and cuff makers	18	51	69
Tailors and tailoresses	1,338	790	2,128
Other textile workers	41	82	123
Miscellaneous Industries:			
Broom and brush makers	79	3	82
Charcoal, coke and lime burners.....	1	.....	1
Engineers and firemen (not locomotive).....	1,303	.....	1,303
Glovmakers	91	134	225
Manufacturers and officials, etc.	1,876	19	1,895
Model and pattern makers	241	.....	241
Photographers	141	26	167
Rubber factory operatives	1	.....	1
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	626	240	876
Upholsterers	391	10	401
Other miscellaneous industries	2,566	794	3,300
Total	39,791	10,594	50,385
All occupations	85,157	26,399	111,556
Population 10 years of age and over	105,784	110,572	216,356

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural Pursuits.			
Agricultural laborers:			
Farm and plantation laborers	37,298	360	37,658
Farm laborers (members of family)	53,978	1,221	55,199
Garden and nursery laborers	797	64	861
Total	92,073	1,645	93,718
Dairymen and dairy women	111	20	131
Farmers, planters and overseers:			
Farmers and planters	157,991	6,423	164,414
Farmers (members of family)	3,617	341	3,958
Farm and plantation overseers	271	50	321
Milk farmers	48	2	50
Total	161,927	6,816	168,743
Gardeners, florists, nurserymen, etc.:			
Gardeners	732	32	814
Florists, nurserymen and vine growers	237	24	261
Fruit growers	70	.....	70
Total	1,039	56	1,145
Lumbermen and raftsmen	5,572	6	5,578
Stock raisers, herders and drovers:			
Stock raisers	46	1	47
Stock herders and drovers	117	1	118
Total	163	2	165
Turpentine farmers and laborers:			
Woodchoppers	371	5	376
Other agricultural pursuits:			
Aplarists	91	4	95
Not specified	53	3	56
Total	144	7	151
Total agricultural pursuits	261,450	8,557	270,007
Professional Service.			
Actors, professional showmen, etc.:			
Actors	116	60	176
Professional showmen	336	4	340
Theatrical managers, etc.	63	.....	63
Total	515	64	579
Architects, designers, draughtsmen, etc.:			
Architects	235	.....	235
Designers, draughtsmen and inventors	349	5	354
Total	584	5	589
Artists and teachers of art			
Artists and teachers of art	197	185	382
Clergymen	2,693	65	2,758
Dentists	893	24	892
Electricians	933	6	909
Engineers (civil, etc.) and surveyors:			
Engineers (civil)	280	.....	280
Engineers (mechanical and electrical)	251	.....	251
Engineers (mining)	18	.....	18
Surveyors	170	.....	170
Total	719	.....	719

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Professional Service.—Continued.			
Journalists	611	32	643
Lawyers	2,226	23	2,249
Literary and scientific persons:			
Authors and scientists	66	44	110
Librarians and assistants	13	120	133
Chemists, assayers and metallurgists	83	1	84
Total	162	165	327
Musicians and teachers of music	791	1,239	2,030
Officials (government):			
Officials (national government)	711	139	850
Officials (state government)	106	2	108
Officials (county government)	473	18	491
Officials (city or town government)	566	14	580
Total	1,856	173	2,029
Physicians and surgeons	2,335	154	2,489
Teachers and professors in colleges:			
Teachers	2,771	12,134	14,905
Professors in colleges and universities	222	12	234
Total	2,993	12,146	15,139
Other professional service:			
Veterinary surgeons	343	54	397
Not specified	135	.....	135
Total	478	54	532
Total professional service	17,931	14,335	32,266
Domestic and Personal Service.			
Barbers and hairdressers	2,932	130	3,062
Bartenders	2,492	24	2,516
Boarding and lodging house keepers	293	1,041	1,339
Hotelkeepers	1,877	231	2,108
Housekeepers and stewards	107	3,796	3,903
Janitors and sextons:			
Janitors	916	64	980
Sextons	93	.....	93
Total	1,009	64	1,073
Laborers (not specified):			
Elevator tenders	219	.....	219
Laborers (coal yard)	913	2	920
Laborers (general)	73,266	1,008	74,274
Longshore-men	541	.....	541
Stevadores	102	1	103
Total	75,046	1,011	76,057
Launderers and laundresses:			
Laundry work (hand)	397	2,792	3,189
Laundry work (steam)	227	344	581
Total	624	3,136	3,770
Nurses and midwives:			
Nurses (trained) .....	.....	184	184
Nurses (not specified)	266	1,747	2,013
Midwives .....	.....	227	227
Total	266	2,158	2,424

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Domestic and Personal Service.—Continued.			
Restaurant keepers	377	109	486
Saloonkeepers	5,303	143	5,446
Servants and waiters:			
Servants	3,230	38,305	41,535
Waiters	417	872	1,292
Total	3,647	39,177	42,824
Soldiers, sailors and marines (U. S.):			
Soldiers (U. S.)	231		231
Sailors (U. S.)	31		31
Marines (U. S.)	8		8
Total	270		270
Watchmen, policemen, firemen, etc.:			
Watchmen, policemen and detectives	2,019	17	2,036
Firemen (fire department)	513		513
Total	2,532	17	2,549
Other domestic and personal service:			
Bootblacks	50	1	51
Hunters, trappers, guides and scouts	145		145
Not specified	329	139	468
Total	524	140	664
Total domestic and personal service.....	97,314	51,177	148,391
Trade and Transportation.			
Agents:			
Agents (insurance and real estate)	2,736	57	2,793
Agents (not specified)	3,527	186	4,713
Total	6,263	243	6,506
Bankers and brokers:			
Bankers and brokers (money and stocks)	2,770	2	2,772
Brokers (commercial)	55		55
Total	2,825	2	2,827
Boatmen and sailors:			
Boatmen and canalmen	91	2	93
Pilots	64		64
Sailors	1,345		1,345
Total	1,500	2	1,502
Bookkeepers and accountants	4,145	1,653	5,798
Clerks and copyists:			
Clerks and copyists	7,101	1,910	9,011
Clerks (shipping)	1,000	9	1,009
Letter and mail carriers	619	7	626
Total	8,720	1,926	10,646
Commercial travelers	2,737	27	2,764
Draymen, hackmen, teamsters, etc.:			
Draymen, teamsters and expressmen	11,786	9	11,795
Carriage and hackdrivers	663		663
Total	12,449	9	12,458

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Trade and Transportation.—Continued.			
Foremen and overseers:			
Foremen and overseers (livery stable)	68	.....	68
Foremen and overseers (steam railroad)	1,029	.....	1,029
Foremen and overseers (street railway)	27	.....	27
Foremen and overseers (not specified)	250	29	279.
Total	1,374	29	1,403
Hostlers	1,321	.....	1,371
Hucksters and peddlers	1,119	43	1,172
Livery stable keepers	892	6	898
Merchants and dealers (except wholesale):			
Boots and shoes	510	6	516
Cigars and tobacco	201	7	208
Clothing and men's furnishings	442	6	448
Coal and wood	328	1	329
Drugs and medicines	1,241	31	1,372
Dry goods, fancy goods and notions	900	71	971
(General store	1,128	38	1,166
Groceries	2,726	179	2,905
Liquor and wines	193	.....	193
Lumber	509	1	510
Produce and provisions	751	16	767
Not specified	8,132	290	8,422
Total	17,161	646	17,807
Merchants and dealers (wholesale).....	803	3	806
Messengers and errand and office boys:			
Bundle and cash boys	118	160	278
Messengers	510	17	527
Office boys	183	35	218
Total	811	212	1,023
Officials of banks and companies:			
Bank officials and cashiers	344	8	352
Officials (insurance and trust companies, etc.).....	93	.....	93
Officials (trade companies)	493	11	414
Officials (transportation companies)	795	11	806
Total	1,635	30	1,665
Packers and shippers	1,002	652	1,654
Porters and helpers (in stores, etc.).....	249	7	256
Salesmen and saleswomen	8,931	4,205	13,296
Steam railroad employees:			
Baggagemen	524	.....	524
Brakemen	1,713	.....	1,713
Conductors	915	.....	915
Engineers and firemen	3,072	.....	3,052
Laborers	5,625	8	5,643
Station agents and employees	1,095	8	1,103
Switchmen, yardmen and flagmen	1,188	.....	1,188
Total	14,132	16	14,148
Stenographers and typewriters:			
Stenographers	543	1,921	2,464
Typewriters	34	106	140
Total	577	2,027	2,604

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 33—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Trade and Transportation.—Continued.			
Street railway employees:			
Conductors	466	.....	466
Drivers	11	.....	11
Laborers	102	.....	102
Motormen	552	.....	552
Station agents and employees	15	1	16
Total	1,146	1	1,147
Telegraph and telephone linemen	387	.....	387
Telegraph and telephone operators:			
Telegraph operators	1,297	139	6
Telephone operators	62	373	435
Total	1,359	512	1,871
Undertakers	282	5	287
Other persons in trade and transportation:			
Auctioneers	29	.....	29
Decorators, drapers and window dressers	97	2	99
Newspaper carriers and newsboys	79	.....	79
Weighers, gaugers and measurers	125	1	126
Not specified	549	32	581
Total	879	35	914
Total trade and transportation	92,869	12,391	105,260
Manufacturing and Mechanical Pursuits—Building Trades.			
Carpenters and joiners:			
Carpenters and joiners	18,076	9	18,085
Ship carpenters	202	.....	202
Apprentices and helpers	92	.....	92
Total	18,370	9	18,379
Masons (brick and stone):			
Masons	5,017	.....	5,017
Masons' laborers	188	.....	188
Apprentices and helpers	132	.....	132
Total	5,337	.....	5,337
Painters, glaziers and varnishers:			
Painters, glaziers and varnishers	7,020	74	7,094
Painters, carriages and wagons	540	.....	540
Apprentices and helpers	46	1	47
Total	7,606	75	7,681
Paper hangers:			
Paper hangers	361	10	371
Apprentices and helpers	2	.....	2
Total	363	10	373
Plasterers:			
Plasterers	486	.....	486
Apprentices and helpers	9	.....	9
Total	495	.....	495

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male	Female.	Total.
Mfg. and Mechanical Pursuits—Building Trades.			
Plumbers and gas and steam fitters:			
Plumbers and gas and steam fitters.....	1,763	2	1,765
Apprentices and helpers	116	.....	116
Total	1,879	2	1,881
Roofers and slaters:			
Roofers and slaters	71	.....	71
Apprentices and helpers	1	.....	1
Total	72	.....	72
Mechanics (not otherwise specified)	125	.....	125
Chemical and Allied Products.			
Oil well and oil work employees:			
Oil well employees .....	.....	.....	.....
Oil works employees	14	.....	14
Total	14	.....	14
Other chemical workers:			
Chemical works employees	49	5	54
Powder and cartridge makers	14	.....	14
Salt works employees	2	.....	2
Starch makers	2	1	3
Total	67	6	73
Clay, Glass and Stone Products.			
Brick and tile makers, etc.:			
Brick makers	1,020	2	1,022
Tile makers	16	.....	16
Total	1,036	2	1,038
Glass workers	298	4	302
Marble and stone cutters	1,020	.....	1,020
Potters	23	.....	23
Fishing and Mining.			
Fishermen and oystermen	1,243	4	1,247
Miners and quarrymen:			
Miners (coal)	10	.....	10
Miners (gold and silver)	19	.....	19
Miners (not otherwise specified)	2,194	1	2,195
Quarrymen	691	.....	691
Total	2,914	1	2,915
Food and Kindred Products.			
Bakers	1,460	104	1,564
Butchers	3,115	8	3,123
Butter and cheese makers	2,893	23	2,916
Confectioners	533	437	1,030
Millers	1,544	4	1,548
Other food preparers:			
Fish curers and packers	6	.....	6
Meat and fruit canners and preservers	74	24	98
Meat packers, curers and picklers	216	1	217
Sugar makers and refiners	4	.....	4
Not specified	37	34	71
Total	337	59	396

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Iron and Steel and Their Products.			
Blacksmiths:			
Blacksmiths	6,653	16	6,669
Apprentices and helpers	252	.....	252
Total	6,885	16	6,901
Iron and steel workers:			
Iron and steel workers	4,250	29	4,279
Molders	3,694	28	3,722
Total	7,944	57	8,001
Machinists:			
Machinists	6,424	5	6,429
Apprentices and helpers	503	2	505
Total	6,927	7	6,934
Steam boiler workers:			
Steam boiler makers	679	.....	679
Helpers	78	.....	78
Total	757	.....	757
Stove, furnace and grate makers	224	2	226
Tool and cutlery makers	625	3	628
Wheelwrights	290	.....	290
Wire workers	200	13	213
Leather and Its Finished Products.			
Boot and shoe makers and repairers:			
Boot and shoe factory operatives	696	632	1,328
Shoe makers (not in shoe factory)	2,614	56	2,670
Apprentices	25	.....	25
Total	3,335	638	4,023
Harness and saddle makers and repairers	1,399	8	1,407
Leather curriers and tanners:			
Curriers	185	1	186
Tanners	3,421	176	3,597
Apprentices	1	.....	1
Total	3,607	177	3,784
Trunk and leather-case makers, etc.:			
Trunk makers	445	73	518
Leather-case and pocketbook makers	55	16	71
Total	500	89	589
Liquors and Beverages.			
Bottlers and soda water makers, etc.:			
Bottlers	405	212	617
Mineral and soda water makers	32	.....	32
Total	437	212	649
Brewers and maltsters	2,107	205	2,312
Distillers and rectifiers	59	.....	59

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 33—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Lumber and Its Manufactures.			
Cabinet makers	952	2	954
Coopers	1,557	3	1,540
Saw and planing mill employees:			
Saw and planing mill employees	10,715	28	10,743
Lumber yard employees	1,399	1	1,400
Total	12,114	29	12,143
Other wood workers:			
Basket makers	133	15	148
Box makers (wood)	433	76	509
Furniture manufactory employees	2,346	123	2,469
Piano and organ makers	27	2	27
Not specified	1,874	25	1,899
Total	4,813	239	5,052
Metal and Metal Products Other Than Steel.			
Brass workers:			
Brass workers	453	12	465
Molders	124		124
Helpers	5		5
Total	582	12	594
Clock and watch makers and repairers:			
Clock factory operatives	1	1	2
Watch factory operatives	190	3	193
Clock and watch repairers	128	4	132
Total	319	8	327
Gold and silver workers:			
Gold and silver workers	8	1	9
Jewelry manufactory employees	24	2	26
Total	32	3	35
Tinplate and tinware makers:			
Tinners and tinware makers	1,908	127	2,035
Tinplate makers	5	1	6
Apprentices (tinsmiths)	53		53
Total	1,966	128	2,094
Metals and Metal Products Other Than Iron or Steel.			
Other metal workers:			
Copper workers	45		45
Electroplaters	119	1	120
Gunsmiths, locksmiths and bell hangers	127	2	129
Lead and zinc workers	182	6	188
Molders (metals)	85	1	86
Not specified	372	20	392
Total	930	30	960
Paper and Printing.			
Bookbinders	308	313	621
Box makers (paper)	34	261	295
Engravers	195		195
Paper and pulp mill operatives	2,258	656	2,914

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 38—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN.		
	Male	Female.	Total.
Paper and Printing—Continued.			
Printers, lithographers and pressmen:			
Printers and pressmen	1,911	107	2,018
Lithographers	248	4	252
Compositors	552	343	895
Electrotypers and stereotypers	41	1	42
Apprentices (printers)	91	2	93
Total	2,843	457	3,300
Textiles.			
Bleachery and dye works operatives:			
Bleachery operatives	9		9
Dye works operatives	128	26	154
Total	137	26	163
Carpet factory operatives	89	97	186
Cotton mill operatives	112	146	258
Hosiery and knitting mill operatives	259	1,618	1,917
Silk mill operatives	1	1	2
Woolen mill operatives	361	423	784
Other textile mill operatives:			
Hemp and jute mill operatives	8	5	13
Linen mill operatives	31	63	94
Print works operatives	3		3
Rope and cordage factory operatives	119	234	353
Worsted mill operatives	11	13	24
Textiles not specified	75	306	381
Total	247	621	868
Dressmakers:			
Dressmakers	35	12,341	12,376
Apprentices		160	160
Total	35	12,501	12,536
Hat and cap makers	121	99	220
Milliners:			
Milliners	27	2,734	2,761
Apprentices	1	119	120
Total	28	2,853	2,881
Seamstresses	14	2,479	2,493
Shirt, collar and cuff makers	38	161	189
Tailors and tailoresses:			
Tailors and tailoresses	3,057	1,306	4,363
Apprentices	45	6	51
Total	3,102	1,312	4,414
Other textile workers:			
Carpet makers (rag)	73	155	228
Lace and embroidery makers	4	54	58
Sail, awning and tent makers	39	15	54
Sewing machine operators	3	80	83
Not specified	3	13	16
Total	122	317	439
Miscellaneous Industries.			
Broom and brush makers	168	9	177
Charcoal, coke and lime burners	155	1	156
Engineers and firemen (not locomotive).....	5,685		5,685
Glove makers	137	266	403

Total Persons 10 Years of Age and Over Engaged in Each Specified Occupation, Classified by Sex, in Wisconsin—Total for the State, 1900.

Table 33—Continued.

OCCUPATION.	WISCONSIN		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Miscellaneous Industries—Continued.			
Manufacturers and officials, etc.:			
...anufacturers and officials, etc.	4,386	63	4,449
Builders and contractors	1,334	1	1,335
Publishers of books, maps and newspapers	251	10	261
Officials of mining and quarrying companies.....	109	.....	109
Total	6,080	74	6,154
Model and pattern makers	462	.....	462
Photographers	734	124	858
Rubber factory operatives	42	74	116
Tobacco and cigar factory operatives	2,139	476	2,615
Upholsterers	748	52	800
Other miscellaneous industries:			
Apprentices and helpers (not specified)	897	75	972
Artificial flower makers .....	.....	8	8
Button makers	80	15	95
Candle, soap and tallow makers	68	22	90
Corset makers .....	.....	2	2
Electric light and power company employees.....	120	1	121
Gas works employees	185	.....	185
Piano and organ tuners	82	.....	82
Straw workers	95	168	263
Turpentine distillers .....	.....	1	1
Umbrella and parasol makers	18	16	34
Well borers	547	.....	547
Whitewashers	36	.....	36
Not specified	8,790	1,233	10,023
Total	10,918	1,541	12,459
Total manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	29,687	176,514
All occupations	616,391	116,147	732,538
Total population 10 years of age and over..	811,123	750,033	1,561,156

SUMMARIES, TABLE 10.

Population in 1900, 1890, and 1880, Classified as to Sex, with Percentages.

CLASSIFICATION.	1900.		1890.		1880.	
	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.
Male	1,067,562	51.6	878,238	51.9	680,069	51.7
Female	1,001,480	48.4	815,092	48.1	625,428	48.3
Total	2,069,042	100.0	1,693,330	100.0	1,315,497	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 11.

Population in 1900, 1890 and 1880, Classified as to Native and Foreign Born, with Percentages.

CLASSIFICATION.	1900.		1890.		1880.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.	Number	Per ct.
Native born	1,553,071	75.1	1,174,131	69.3	910,072	69.2
Foreign born	515,971	24.9	519,199	30.7	405,425	30.8
Total	2,069,042	100.0	1,693,330	100.0	1,315,497	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 12.

Native and Foreign Born Classified as to Sex, with Percentages, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native born, 1900	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	50.5	49.5	100.0
Foreign born, 1900	282,625	233,346	515,971	54.8	45.2	100.0
Total	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	51.6	48.4	100.0
Foreign born white, 1900	282,393	233,312	515,705	54.8	45.2	100.0
Foreign born colored, 1900	232	34	266	87.2	12.8	100.0
Total	282,625	233,346	515,971	54.8	45.2	100.0
Native born white, 1900	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	50.5	49.5	100.0
Native born colored, 1900	5,724	5,141	10,865	52.7	47.3	100.0
Total	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	50.5	49.5	100.0

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

SUMMARIES, TABLE 12.—Continued.

Native and Foreign Born Classified as to Sex, with Percentages, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native born, 1900	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	73.5	76.7	75.1
Foreign born, 1900	282,625	233,346	515,971	26.5	23.3	24.9
Total	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foreign born white, 1900	282,393	233,312	515,705	99.9	100.0	99.9
Foreign born colored, 1900	232	34	266	.1	.....	.1
Total	282,625	233,346	515,971	100.0	100.0	100.0
Native born white, 1900	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	99.3	99.3	99.3
Native born colored, 1900	5,724	5,141	10,865	.7	.7	.7
Total	734,937	768,134	1,553,071	100.0	100.0	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 13.

White and Colored Population, 1900 and 1890, with Percentages.

CLASSIFICATION.	1900.		1890.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
White	2,057,911	93.47	1,680,828	99.26
Negro	2,542	0.12	2,444	0.14
Indians	8,372	0.40	9,930	0.59
Other colored	217	0.01	128	0.01
Total	2,069,042	100.00	1,693,320	100.00

SUMMARIES, TABLE 13.—Continued.

Showing Total Population Classified by Parentage, Color and Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NATIVE PARENTAGE.			FOREIGN PARENTAGE.			Total, both Native and Foreign Parentage.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
White	298,803	287,485	586,288	762,803	708,890	1,471,623	2,057,911
Negro	1,311	1,037	2,348	107	87	194	2,542
Indian	4,163	3,916	8,079	158	135	293	8,372
Chinese .....	.....	.....	.....	212	.....	212	212
Japanese .....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	5	5
Total	304,277	292,438	596,715	763,285	709,042	1,472,327	2,069,042

SUMMARIES, TABLE 13.—Continued.

Showing Total Native and Foreign Born Population Classified by Parentage, Color and Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NATIVE PARENTAGE.			FOREIGN PARENTAGE.			Total Native and Foreign Parentage.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Native born:							
White	298,552	287,351	585,903	480,661	475,642	956,303	1,542,206
Negro	1,310	1,031	2,341	78	67	145	2,486
Indian	4,163	3,916	8,079	151	127	278	8,357
Chinese				22		22	22
Total native born	304,025	292,298	596,323	480,912	475,836	956,748	1,553,071
Foreign born:							
White	251	134	385	282,142	233,178	515,320	515,705
Negro	1	6	7	29	20	49	56
Indian				7	8	15	15
Chinese				190		190	190
Japanese				5		5	5
Total foreign born	252	140	392	282,373	233,206	515,579	515,971
Total for state ...	304,277	292,438	596,715	763,285	709,042	1,472,327	2,069,042

SUMMARIES, TABLE 13.—Continued.

Showing Total Population Classified by General Nativity, Color and Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NATIVE BORN.			FOREIGN BORN.			Total Native and Foreign born
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
White	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	282,393	233,312	515,705	2,057,911
Negro	1,388	1,098	2,486	80	26	56	2,542
Indians	4,314	4,043	8,357	7	8	15	8,372
Chinese	22		22	190		190	212
Japanese				5		5	5
Total	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	282,625	233,346	515,971	2,069,042

SUMMARIES, TABLE 14.

Native White, with Native Parents, Native White with Foreign Parents, Total Colored and Negroes in 1900, Classified as to Sex.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, native parents...	298,552	287,351	585,903	50.9	49.1	100.0
Native white, foreign parents..	480,661	475,642	956,303	50.2	49.8	100.0
Total	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	50.5	49.5	100.0
Negroes	1,418	1,124	2,542	55.7	44.3	100.0
Other colored	4,538	4,051	8,589	52.8	47.2	100.0
Total	5,956	5,175	11,131	53.5	46.5	100.0

SUMMARIES RELATING TO LITERACY.

Showing the Total Number of Persons 10 Years of Age and Over, Classified as to Sex and General Nativity, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, native parents...	192,688	184,031	376,719	51.0	49.0	100.0
Native white, foreign parents..	334,466	331,755	666,221	50.2	49.8	100.0
Foreign white	279,289	230,351	509,640	54.8	45.2	100.0
Colored	4,679	3,897	8,576	54.5	45.5	100.0
Total 10 years and over..	811,122	750,034	1,561,156	51.9	48.1	100.0
Under 10 years of age.....	256,440	251,446	507,886	50.4	49.6	100.0
Total population	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	51.5	48.5	100.0

SUMMARIES RELATING TO LITERACY.

Showing the Total Number of Persons 10 Years of Age and Over, Classified as to Sex, General Nativity and Literacy, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	MALES 10 YRS. AND OVER.			FEMALES 10 YRS. AND OVER		
	Total.	Illiterate	Per ct.	Total.	Illiterate	Per ct.
Native white, native parents	192,688	2,156	1.1	184,031	1,533	0.8
Native white, foreign parents	334,466	5,722	1.7	331,755	4,573	1.4
Foreign white	279,289	24,696	8.8	230,351	31,700	13.8
Colored	4,679	1,710	36.5	3,897	1,684	43.2
Total	811,122	34,284	4.2	750,034	39,495	5.3

SUMMARIES RELATING TO LITERACY.

Showing, for Wisconsin 1900 and 1890, the Total Population, 10 Years and Over, and the Number and Per Cent. of those who were Illiterate.

CLASSIFICATION.	10 YEARS AND OVER, 1900.			10 YEARS AND OVER, 1890.		
	Total.	Illiterate	Per ct.	Total.	Illiterate	Per ct.
Native white, native parents	376,719	3,689	1.0	290,578	5,227	1.8
Native white, foreign parents	666,221	10,300	1.5	462,100	10,386	2.2
Foreign white	509,640	56,396	11.1	500,916	67,371	13.4
Colored	8,576	3,394	39.6	4,796	1,761	36.7
Total 10 yrs. and over...	1,561,156	73,779	4.7	1,258,390	84,745	6.7

SUMMARIES RELATING TO LITERACY.

Showing Illiterate Population Classified as to General Nativity, the Number Who Can Read but not Write, the Number Who Can Neither Read Nor Write, with Percentages in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Can read but not write.	Can neither read nor write.	Total illiterate.	Can read but not write.	Can neither read nor write.	Total.
Illiterate population, 1900:						
Native white, native parents	967	2,722	3,689	26.2	73.8	100.0
Native white, foreign parents	2,079	8,221	10,300	20.2	79.8	100.0
Foreign white	15,542	40,854	56,396	27.6	72.4	100.0
Colored	111	3,283	3,394	3.5	96.5	100.0
Total	18,699	55,080	73,779	25.4	74.6	100.0
Illiterate population, 1890:						
Native white, native parents	1,627	3,600	5,227	31.2	68.8	100.0
Native white, foreign parents	2,453	7,933	10,386	23.6	76.4	100.0
Foreign white	19,437	47,934	67,371	28.8	71.2	100.0
Colored	103	1,658	1,761	5.8	94.2	100.0
Total	23,620	61,125	84,745	27.9	22.1	100.0

SUMMARIES TABLES 15 AND 16.

Showing, for Wisconsin, the Total Male Population of Voting Age, or 21 Years and over, in 1900, Classified as to Nativity, Color and Literacy, with Percentages of the total.

CLASSIFICATION.	LITERATE.		ILLITERATE.		TOTAL.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
Native white, native parents.	115,199	21.36	1,744	5.61	116,943	20.48
Native white, foreign parents	183,944	35.00	4,022	12.92	192,966	33.86
Foreign white	233,411	43.25	23,893	76.73	257,304	45.07
Negroes	878	.17	128	.41	1,006	.17
Chinese	156	.04	55	.18	211	.03
Japanese	4	.....	.....	.....	4	.....
Indians	987	.18	1,294	4.15	2,281	.39
Total	539,579	100.00	31,136	100.00	570,715	100.00

SUMMARIES. TABLES 15 AND 16.—Continued.

Male Population of Voting Age, or 21 Years and Over, 1900, Classified as to Color and Literacy, with Percentages.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Literate.	Illiterate.	Total.	Literate.	Illiterate.	Total.
Native white	304,143	5,766	309,909	99.4	80.3	99.0
Native negroes	864	120	984	00.3	01.7	00.3
Other native colored	1,001	1,294	2,295	00.3	18.0	00.7
Total native born	306,008	7,180	313,188	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foreign born, naturalized	112,250	8,835	121,085	48.1	36.8	47.0
Foreign born, first papers.....	69,004	8,266	77,270	29.5	34.5	30.0
Allens	14,859	3,077	17,936	6.4	13.0	7.0
For. born, unknown citizenship	37,458	3,778	41,236	16.0	15.7	16.0
Total foreign born.....	233,571	23,956	257,527	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total males, voting age	539,579	31,136	570,715	94.5	5.5	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLES 15 AND 16.—Continued.

Showing, for Wisconsin, the Total Male Population of Voting Age, or 21 Years and over, in 1900, Classified as to Nativity, Color and Literacy, with Percentages of Literate and Illiterate.

CLASSIFICATION.	LITERATE.		ILLITERATE		TOTAL.	
	Number	Per ct	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
Native white, native parents.	115,199	98.5	1,744	1.5	116,943	100.0
Native white, foreign parents.	188,944	97.9	4,022	2.1	192,966	100.0
Foreign white	233,411	90.7	23,893	9.3	257,304	100.0
Negroes	878	87.3	128	12.7	1,006	100.0
Chinese	156	73.9	55	26.1	211	100.0
Japanese	4	100.0	.....	.....	4	100.0
Indians	987	43.3	1,294	56.7	2,281	100.0
Total	539,579	94.5	31,136	5.5	570,715	100.0

SUMMARIES, TABLE 17.

Male Population, 18 to 44 Years, and over 21 Years, Classified as Native and Foreign White, and Color, with Percentages, Military and Voting Ages, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	MALES 18 TO 44 YEARS.		MALES 21 YEARS AND OVER.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
Native white	288,588	67.8	369,909	54.3
Foreign white	134,751	31.6	257,304	45.1
Negroes	746	0.2	1,006	0.2
Other colored	1,740	0.4	2,496	0.4
Total	425,825	100.0	570,715	100.0

OTHER SUMMARIES, TABLE 17.—Continued.

Showing Persons of Military and Voting Age in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	MILITARY AGE, 18 TO 41 YEARS.		VOTING AGE, 21 YEARS AND OVER.	
	Number.	Per ct	Number.	Per ct
Native white, native parents—males.....	88,665	20.8	116,943	20.5
Native whites, foreign parents—males.....	199,923	47.0	192,966	33.8
Foreign white—males	134,751	31.6	257,304	45.1
Negro—males	746	0.2	1,006	0.2
Other colored—males	1,740	0.4	2,496	0.4
Total	425,825	100.0	570,715	100.0

SUMMARIES TABLE 18.

Showing Total Males of Voting Age, with Percentages, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	VOTING AGE.	
	Number.	Per Cent.
Native born males voting age.....	313,188	54.86
Foreign born males voting age.....	257,527	45.14
Total males of voting age.....	570,715	100.00

SUMMARIES TABLE 19.

Population 5 to 20 Years Inclusive, Classified as to Sex and Color—School Age.
1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, 5 to 20 years, inclusive.....	340,518	338,389	678,907	50.10	49.90	100.00
Foreign white, 5 to 20 years inclusive.....	24,535	23,508	48,043	51.10	48.90	100.00
Negroes, 5 to 20 years, inclusive.....	321	340	661	48.60	51.40	100.00
Other colored, 5 to 20 years, inclusive.....	1,499	1,575	3,074	48.70	51.30	100.00
Total.....	366,873	363,812	730,685	50.21	49.79	100.00

OTHER SUMMARIES, TABLE 19.—Continued.

Showing Population of 5 to 20 Years of Age, Inclusive, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Native white, native parents, 5 to 20 years.....	124,242	123,052	247,294	50.2	49.8	100.0
Native white, foreign parents, 5 to 20 years.....	216,276	215,337	431,613	50.1	49.9	100.0
Total native white, 5 to 20 years.....	340,518	338,389	678,907	50.2	49.8	100.0
Foreign white, 5 to 20 years....	24,535	23,508	48,043	51.1	48.9	100.0
Total white, 5 to 20 years.....	365,055	361,897	726,950	50.2	49.8	100.0
Negroes, 5 to 20 years.....	321	340	661	48.6	51.4	100.0
Other colored, 5 to 20 years....	1,499	1,575	3,074	48.8	51.2	100.0
Total colored, 5 to 20 years.....	1,820	1,915	3,735	48.7	51.3	100.0
Total native born, 5 to 20 years.....	342,331	340,299	682,630	50.2	49.8	100.0
Total foreign born, 5 to 20 years.....	24,542	23,513	48,055	51.1	48.9	100.0
Total, 5 to 20 years.....	366,873	363,812	730,685	50.2	49.8	100.0

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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OTHER SUMMARIES RELATING TO TABLE 19.—Continued.

Showing Population, 5 to 17 Years of Age, inclusive, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female	Total	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Native white, native parents, 5 to 17 years	107,859	106,545	214,404	50.3	49.7	100.0
Native white, foreign parents, 5 to 17 years	184,263	182,276	366,539	50.3	49.7	100.0
Total native white, 5 to 17 years	292,122	288,821	580,943	50.3	49.7	100.0
Foreign white, 5 to 17 years...	15,163	14,658	29,821	50.8	49.2	100.0
Total white, 5 to 17 years	307,285	303,479	610,764	50.3	49.7	100.0
Negroes, 5 to 17 years.....	240	251	491	48.9	51.1	100.0
Other colored, 5 to 17 years...	1,301	1,331	2,632	49.4	50.6	100.0
Total colored, 5 to 17 years	1,541	1,582	3,123	49.3	50.7	100.0
Total native born, 5 to 17 years	293,661	290,400	584,061	50.3	49.7	100.0
Total foreign born, 5 to 17 yrs.	15,165	14,661	29,826	50.8	49.2	100.0
Total persons, 5 to 17 yrs.	308,826	305,061	613,887	50.3	49.7	100.0

OTHER SUMMARIES RELATING TO TABLE 19.—Continued.

Showing Population, 18 to 20 Years, Inclusive, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.
Native white, native parents, 18 to 20 years	16,383	16,507	32,890	49.8	50.2	100.0
Native white, foreign parents, 18 to 20 years	32,013	33,061	65,074	49.2	50.8	100.0
Total native white, 18 to 20 years	48,396	49,568	97,964	49.4	50.6	100.0
Foreign white, 18 to 20 years	9,372	8,850	18,222	51.4	48.6	100.0
Total white, 18 to 20 years	57,768	58,418	116,186	49.7	50.3	100.0
Negroes, 18 to 20 years	81	89	170	47.6	52.4	100.0
Other colored, 18 to 20 years..	198	244	442	44.8	55.2	100.0
Total colored, 18 to 20 years	279	333	612	45.6	54.4	100.0
Native born, 18 to 20 years....	48,670	49,899	98,569	49.4	50.6	100.0
Foreign born, 18 to 20 years..	9,377	8,852	18,229	51.4	48.6	100.0
Total persons, 18 to 20 years	58,047	58,751	116,798	49.7	50.3	100.0

OTHER SUMMARIES RELATING TO TABLE 19.—Continued.
Total Population in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	NUMBER.			PER CENT.		
	Male	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total
Native white, native parents, all ages	298,552	287,351	585,903	51.0	49.0	100.0
Native white, foreign parents, all ages	480,661	475,642	956,303	50.2	49.8	100.0
Total native white, all ages	779,213	762,993	1,542,206	50.5	49.5	100.0
Foreign white, all ages	282,393	233,312	515,705	54.8	45.2	100.0
Total white, all ages....	1,061,606	986,305	2,047,911	51.8	48.2	100.0
Foreign born, colored, all ages.	232	34	266	87.2	12.8	100.0
Native born colored, all ages..	5,724	5,141	10,865	52.7	47.3	100.0
Total colored, all ages	5,956	5,175	11,131	53.5	46.5	100.0
Native born, all ages	784,937	768,134	1,553,071	50.5	49.5	100.0
Foreign born, all ages	282,625	233,346	515,971	54.8	45.2	100.0
Total population, 1900, all ages	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	51.6	48.4	100.0

SUMMARIES OF TABLES 20 TO 23, INCLUSIVE.

Showing the Number of Persons Born in Each of the Foreign Countries Included, the Total Foreign and Native Born with Percentages, 1900.

COUNTRIES WHERE BORN.	Foreign Born.	PER CENT. OF	
		Foreign born.	Total population.
Asia	202	.04	.01
Austria	7,319	1.42	.35
Belgium	4,412	.85	.21
Bohemia	14,145	2.74	.68
Canada, English	23,860	4.62	1.15
Canada, French	10,091	1.96	.49
China	203	.04	.01
Denmark	16,171	3.13	.78
England	17,995	3.49	.87
Finland	2,198	.43	.11
France	1,637	.32	.08
Germany	242,777	47.05	11.73
Holland	6,496	1.26	.31
Hungary	1,123	.22	.06
Ireland	23,544	4.56	1.14
Italy	2,172	.42	.10
Luxemburg	480	.09	.02
Mexico	499	.10	.02
Norway	61,575	11.93	2.98
Poland, Austria	1,368	.27	.07
Poland, Germany	25,607	4.96	1.24
Poland, Russia	3,307	.64	.16
Poland, unknown	1,507	.29	.07
Russia	4,243	.82	.21
Scotland	4,569	.89	.22
Sweden	26,196	5.08	1.27
Switzerland	7,666	1.49	.37
Turkey	146	.03	.01
Wales	3,356	.65	.16
Other countries	583	.11	.03
Born at sea	524	.10	.03
Foreign born—white, 515,705; colored, 266.....	515,971	100.00	.....
Native white with foreign parents.....	956,303	.....	46.22
Native white with native parents.....	585,903	.....	28.32
Native born colored (foreign born colored, 266)..	10,86552
Total	2,069,042	100.06

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SUMMARIES OF TABLE 24.

Showing the Classification as to Age of the Native White with Native Parents, the Native White with Foreign Parents, the Total Colored and the Negro in Wisconsin, 1900.

Ages.	Native White— Native Parents		Native White— For'gn Parents		Total Colored. ¹		Negro. ²	
	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.
Under 1 year	12,332	12,075	13,919	13,855	137	123	18	19
1 to 4 years.....	45,035	43,482	57,500	56,236	497	492	73	66
5 to 9 years.....	48,497	47,763	74,776	73,796	642	664	88	88
10 to 14 years.....	39,477	38,843	70,220	62,229	595	614	92	106
15 to 19 years.....	31,125	31,203	61,053	61,407	482	515	111	119
20 to 24 years.....	22,374	22,818	50,136	51,765	550	434	166	136
25 to 29 years.....	16,803	15,926	43,300	43,569	521	415	160	121
30 to 34 years.....	14,110	12,936	33,814	33,367	416	337	122	102
35 to 39 years.....	12,384	11,454	28,164	27,441	457	317	142	107
40 to 44 years.....	11,754	10,407	22,723	21,754	364	248	105	57
45 to 49 years.....	9,873	8,619	12,547	11,891	322	246	85	54
50 to 54 years.....	8,458	7,480	6,159	5,568	282	192	89	45
55 to 59 years.....	6,838	6,630	2,746	2,596	180	134	49	31
60 to 64 years.....	5,507	5,455	1,415	1,382	152	136	20	14
65 to 69 years.....	4,941	4,489	849	748	116	99	30	19
70 to 74 years.....	3,657	3,324	483	413	81	82	16	15
75 to 79 years.....	2,452	2,295	306	268	56	40	12	7
80 to 84 years.....	1,313	1,158	182	142	27	37	10	8
85 to 89 years.....	442	441	58	53	16	9	6	1
90 to 94 years.....	111	110	13	8	9	12	1	3
95 to 99 years.....	9	20	9	3	.....	1	.....	.....
100 years and over.....	1	2	.....	2	2	2	.....	.....
Age unknown	1,059	481	289	159	52	26	23	6
Total	298,552	287,351	480,661	475,642	5,956	5,175	1,418	1,124

¹ Persons of Negro, Chinese, Japanese and Indian descent.

² Includes all persons of Negro descent.

SUMMARIES OF TABLE 25.

Showing the Classification as to Age of the Aggregate Population, the Foreign and Native Born, and the Native White, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Ages.	Aggregate.		Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Foreign White	
	Male.	Female	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male	Fe- male.
Under 1 year...	26,425	26,697	26,388	26,053	37	44	37	44
1 to 4 years...	103,549	100,653	103,030	100,210	519	453	517	453
5 to 9 years...	126,465	124,687	123,914	122,021	2,551	2,466	2,550	2,464
10 to 14 years...	116,963	115,149	110,291	108,685	6,672	6,464	6,671	6,463
15 to 19 years...	104,519	104,419	92,657	93,123	11,862	11,296	11,859	11,294
20 to 24 years...	91,204	91,049	73,051	75,002	18,153	16,047	18,144	16,042
25 to 29 years...	82,594	77,239	60,598	59,906	21,996	17,333	21,970	17,329
30 to 34 years...	76,358	68,445	48,298	46,631	28,060	21,814	28,018	21,865
35 to 39 years...	72,464	62,722	40,942	39,207	31,552	23,515	31,459	23,510
40 to 44 years...	64,084	54,154	34,801	32,408	29,283	21,746	29,243	21,745
45 to 49 years...	49,158	41,747	22,722	20,756	26,436	20,991	26,416	20,991
50 to 54 years...	40,381	34,067	14,883	13,239	25,498	20,828	25,482	20,827
55 to 59 years...	31,692	28,231	9,760	9,358	21,932	18,873	21,928	18,871
60 to 64 years...	25,228	23,341	7,072	6,973	18,156	16,368	18,154	16,368
65 to 69 years...	21,163	19,081	5,906	5,335	15,257	13,746	15,257	13,745
70 to 74 years...	15,801	13,886	4,219	3,819	11,582	10,067	11,580	10,067
75 to 79 years...	10,536	9,240	2,814	2,543	7,722	6,697	7,722	6,697
80 to 84 years...	5,016	4,300	1,522	1,336	3,494	2,964	3,494	2,963
85 to 89 years...	1,666	1,548	516	503	1,150	1,045	1,150	1,045
90 to 94 years...	364	379	133	130	231	249	231	249
95 to 99 years...	84	92	18	24	66	68	66	68
100 years and over	14	22	3	6	11	16	11	16
Age unknown ..	1,834	922	1,399	666	435	256	434	256
Total	1,067,562	1,001,480	784,627	768,134	282,625	233,346	282,393	233,312

SUMMARIES, TABLES 32, 33, 34.

Showing the Total Number of Dwellings and of Private and Other Families with Population, Together with the Number of Farm and Other Homes, Classified as to Ownership with Percentages, in Wisconsin, 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	AGGREGATE.	
	Number..	Per ct
Dwellings and families, 1900:		
Total number of dwellings	398,017	.....
Total number of families	426,063	.....
Total number of private families	420,327	.....
Total population in private families	1,991,415	.....
Average persons to each private family.....	4.7	.....
Farm homes, 1900:		
Owned free from encumbrance	77,490	45.78
Owned but encumbered	65,589	38.74
Owned but unknown as to encumbrance	2,917	1.72
Hired	22,414	13.24
Unknown	877	0.52
Total	169,287	100.00
Other than farm homes, 1900:		
Owned free from encumbrance	83,569	33.29
Owned but encumbered	39,377	15.68
Owned but unknown as to encumbrance	5,068	2.02
Hired	114,595	45.65
Unknown	8,431	3.36
Total	251,040	100.00
All homes in 1900:		
Owned free from encumbrance	161,059	33.31
Owned but encumbered	104,966	24.97
Owned but unknown as to encumbrance.....	7,985	1.82
Hired	137,009	32.69
Unknown	9,308	2.21
Total	420,327	100.00

SUMMARIES TABLES 35, 36, 37.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years and over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Number above this Age not Employed, the Number Under 10 Years of Age, and the Total Number of Persons, Classified as to Sex, in cities in Wisconsin, having 25,000 Inhabitants and over in 1900.

OCCUPATION.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.			PER CENT. OF PERSONS.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural pursuits	1,219	74	1,293	94.3	5.7	100.0
Professional service	5,249	2,750	7,999	65.6	34.4	100.0
Domestic and professional service	26,055	12,902	38,957	66.9	33.1	100.0
Trade and transportation	34,930	6,239	41,169	84.8	15.2	100.0
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	54,764	13,608	68,372	80.1	19.9	100.0
Total 10 years and over employed	122,217	35,573	157,790	77.5	22.5	100.0
10 years and over not employed	29,897	118,895	148,792	20.1	79.9	100.0
Under 10 years age	48,322	47,773	96,105	50.3	49.7	100.0
Total	400,446	202,241	602,687	50.2	49.8	100.0

SUMMARIES TABLES 35, 36, 37.—Continued.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years and over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Number of this Age not Employed, the Number Under 10 Years of Age, and the Total Number of Persons Classified as to Sex, in places having less than 25,000 Inhabitants, in 1900.

OCCUPATION.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.			PER CENT. OF PERSONS.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural pursuits	260,231	8,493	268,714	96.8	3.2	100.0
Professional service	12,682	11,585	24,267	52.3	47.7	100.0
Domestic and personal service	71,229	38,275	109,504	65.0	35.0	100.0
Trade and transportation	57,939	6,152	64,091	90.4	9.6	100.0
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	92,063	16,079	108,142	85.1	14.9	100.0
Total	494,174	80,574	574,748	86.0	14.0	100.0
10 years and over not employed	164,825	514,991	679,826	24.2	75.8	100.0
Under 10 years	208,197	203,671	411,781	50.5	49.5	100.0
Total	867,116	799,239	1,666,355	52.0	48.0	100.0

SUMMARIES TABLE 37.

Showing the Total Number Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Number 10 Years and over not Employed, the Number Under 10 Years, and the Total Number of Persons, Classified as to Sex, in Wisconsin, 1900.

OCCUPATION.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.			PER CENT. OF PERSONS.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural pursuits	261,450	8,557	270,007	96.8	3.2	100.0
Professional service	17,931	14,335	32,266	55.6	44.4	100.0
Domestic and personal service	97,314	51,177	148,491	65.5	34.5	100.0
Trade and transportation	92,869	12,391	105,260	88.2	11.8	100.0
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	29,687	176,514	83.2	16.8	100.0
Total	616,391	116,147	732,538	84.2	15.8	100.0
10 years and over not employed	194,732	633,886	828,618	23.5	76.5	100.0
Under 10 years	256,439	251,447	507,886	50.5	49.5	100.0
Total	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042	51.6	48.4	100.0

SUMMARIES TABLES 25, 26, 27—Continued.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years and over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Total Number of Persons 10 Years and over, and the Total Number of Persons with Percentages in Cities in Wisconsin Having 25,000 Inhabitants and over, in 1900.

CLASSIFICATION.	MALE.		FEMALE.		TOTAL.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
Persons 10 years and over employed:						
Agricultural pursuits	1,219	1.0	74	.3	1,293	.3
Professional service	5,249	4.3	2,750	7.7	7,999	5.1
Domestic and personal service	26,055	21.3	12,902	36.3	38,957	24.6
Trade and transportation	34,930	28.5	6,239	17.5	41,169	26.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	54,764	44.9	13,608	38.2	68,372	43.4
Total	122,217	100.0	35,573	100.0	157,790	100.0
Total persons 10 years and over:						
Agricultural pursuits	1,219	0.8	74	.....	1,293	0.4
Professional service	5,249	3.5	2,750	1.8	7,999	2.6
Domestic and personal service	26,055	17.1	12,902	8.4	38,957	12.7
Trade and transportation	34,930	23.0	6,239	4.0	41,169	13.5
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	54,764	36.0	13,608	8.8	68,372	22.3
Over 10 years not employed..	29,897	19.6	118,895	77.0	148,792	48.5
Total	152,114	100.0	154,468	100.0	306,582	100.0
Total persons all ages:						
Agricultural pursuits	1,219	0.6	74	.....	1,293	0.3
Professional service	5,249	2.6	2,750	1.4	7,999	2.0
Domestic and personal service	26,055	13.0	12,902	6.4	38,957	9.7
Trade and transportation	34,930	17.5	6,239	3.1	41,169	10.2
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	54,764	27.3	13,608	6.7	68,372	17.0
Over 10 years not employed..	29,897	14.9	118,895	58.8	148,792	37.0
Under 10 years	48,332	24.1	47,773	23.6	96,105	23.8
Total	260,446	100.0	202,241	100.0	462,687	100.0

SUMMARIES TABLES 35, 36, 37—Continued.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years of Age and over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Total Number 10 Years and over, and the Total Persons of all Ages with Percentages, in Places in Wisconsin having less than 25,000 Inhabitants, in 1900:

CLASSIFICATION.	MALE.		FEMALE.		TOTAL.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
Persons 10 years and over employed:						
Agricultural pursuits	260,231	52.6	8,483	10.5	268,714	46.8
Professional service	12,682	2.6	11,585	14.4	24,267	4.2
Domestic and personal service	71,259	14.4	38,275	47.5	109,534	19.0
Trade and transportation....	57,939	11.7	6,152	7.6	64,091	11.2
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	92,063	18.7	16,079	20.0	108,142	18.8
Total	494,174	100.0	80,574	100.0	574,748	100.0
Total persons 10 years and over:						
Agricultural pursuits	260,231	39.5	8,483	1.4	268,714	21.4
Professional service	12,682	1.9	11,585	2.0	24,267	1.9
Domestic and personal service	71,259	10.8	38,275	6.4	109,534	8.7
Trade and transportation....	57,939	8.8	6,152	1.0	64,091	5.2
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	92,063	14.0	16,079	2.7	108,142	8.6
Over 10 years not employed..	164,835	25.0	514,991	86.5	679,826	54.2
Total	659,009	100.0	595,565	100.0	1,254,574	100.0
Total persons all ages:						
Agricultural pursuits	260,231	30.0	8,483	1.0	268,714	16.1
Professional service	12,682	1.5	11,585	1.5	24,267	1.5
Domestic and personal service	71,259	8.2	38,275	4.8	109,534	6.6
Trade and transportation....	57,939	6.7	6,152	0.8	64,091	3.8
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	92,063	10.6	16,079	2.0	108,142	6.5
Over 10 years not employed..	164,835	19.0	514,991	64.4	679,826	40.8
Under 10 years	208,107	24.0	203,674	25.5	411,781	24.7
Total	867,116	100.0	799,239	100.0	1,666,355	100.0

SUMMARIES TABLE 33.

Showing the Number of Persons 10 Years and over Engaged in Specified Occupations, the Total Number 10 Years and over, and the Total Number of Persons of all Ages with Percentages, in Wisconsin, in 1900.

Total for the State.

CLASSIFICATION.	MALE.		FEMALE.		TOTAL.	
	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.	Number.	Per ct.
Persons 10 years and over employed:						
Agricultural pursuits	261,450	42.4	8,557	7.4	270,007	36.8
Professional service	17,931	2.9	14,335	12.3	32,266	4.4
Domestic and personal service	97,314	15.8	51,177	44.1	148,491	20.3
Trade and transportation....	92,869	15.1	12,391	10.7	105,260	14.4
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	23.8	29,687	25.5	176,514	24.1
Total	616,391	100.0	116,147	100.0	732,538	100.0
Total persons 10 years and over:						
Agricultural pursuits	261,450	32.2	8,557	1.1	270,007	17.3
Professional service	17,931	2.2	14,335	1.9	32,266	2.0
Domestic and personal service	97,314	12.0	51,177	6.8	148,491	9.5
Trade and transportation....	92,869	11.5	12,391	1.7	105,260	6.8
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	18.1	29,687	4.0	176,514	11.3
Over 10 years not employed	194,732	24.0	633,886	84.5	828,618	53.1
Total	811,123	100.0	750,033	100.0	1,561,156	100.0
Total persons, all ages:						
Agricultural pursuits	261,450	24.5	8,557	.9	270,007	13.1
Professional service	17,931	1.7	14,335	1.4	32,266	1.6
Domestic and personal service	97,314	9.1	51,177	5.1	148,491	7.2
Trade and transportation....	92,869	8.7	12,391	1.2	105,260	5.1
Manufacturing and mechanical pursuits	146,827	13.8	29,687	3.0	176,514	8.5
Over 10 years of age not employed	194,732	18.2	633,886	63.4	828,618	40.0
Under 10 years	256,439	24.0	251,447	25.0	507,886	24.5
Total	1,067,562	100.0	1,001,480	100.0	2,069,042	100.0

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Conjugal Condition of the Female Population in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classification by age.	Single.	Married.	Widow'd	Divorced	Un-known.	TOTAL.	
						Number.	Per ct.
Females:							
Under 15 years	366,543	27	1	.....	25	366,596	36.60
15 to 19 years.....	98,000	6,175	68	32	144	104,419	10.43
20 to 24 years.....	52,629	37,642	434	229	115	91,049	9.09
25 to 29 years.....	21,210	54,543	1,028	376	82	77,239	7.72
30 to 34 years.....	10,137	56,159	1,669	430	50	68,445	6.84
35 to 44 years.....	10,924	98,797	6,232	841	82	116,876	11.67
45 to 54 years.....	4,186	61,440	9,521	619	48	75,814	7.57
55 to 64 years.....	1,843	35,770	13,564	343	52	51,572	5.15
65 and over	1,129	20,587	26,581	171	80	48,548	4.84
Unknown age	248	340	115	21	198	922	.09
Total	566,849	371,480	59,213	3,062	876	1,001,480	.....
Per cent.	56.60	37.10	5.92	.30	.08	100.0	.....

SUMMARIES.

Showing Conjugal Condition of the Male Population in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classification of age.	Single.	Married.	Widow'd	Divorced	Un-known.	TOTAL.	
						Number.	Per ct.
Males:							
Under 15 years	373,370	24	.....	.....	8	373,402	34.97
15 to 19 years.....	104,079	265	10	3	162	104,519	9.79
20 to 24 years.....	78,616	12,135	119	44	230	91,204	8.55
25 to 29 years.....	42,785	38,922	522	156	209	82,594	7.73
30 to 34 years.....	22,044	53,051	928	203	132	76,358	7.15
35 to 44 years.....	22,465	109,829	3,422	618	214	136,548	12.80
45 to 54 years.....	8,578	75,673	4,538	608	142	89,539	8.40
55 to 64 years.....	3,834	46,869	5,683	444	90	56,920	5.33
65 and over	2,547	36,814	14,764	358	161	54,644	5.11
Unknown age	529	526	50	19	710	1,834	.17
Total	658,847	374,108	30,036	2,453	2,118	1,067,562	.....
Per cent.	61.72	35.04	2.81	.23	.20	100.0	.....

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Number of Native White Persons of Native Parentage Attending School During the Census Year 1900, in Wisconsin.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	57,367	55,557	112,924
Number attending school	760	803	1,563
Number not attending school	56,607	54,754	111,361
Per cent. not attending school.....	98.67	98.55	98.61
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	48,497	47,763	96,260
Number attending school	29,749	29,418	59,167
Number not attending school	18,748	18,345	37,093
Per cent. not attending school.....	38.66	38.41	38.53
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	39,477	38,843	78,320
Number attending school	36,352	35,852	72,204
Number not attending school	3,125	2,991	6,116
Per cent. not attending school.....	7.92	7.70	7.81
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	31,125	31,203	62,328
Number attending school	12,617	14,016	26,633
Number not attending school	18,508	17,187	35,695
Per cent. not attending school.....	59.46	55.08	57.27
20 years and over:			
Total number	122,086	113,985	236,071
Number attending school	1,304	936	2,240
Number not attending school	120,782	113,049	233,831
Per cent. not attending school.....	98.93	99.18	99.05
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	87,974	86,606	174,580
Number attending school	66,101	65,270	131,371
Number not attending school	21,873	21,336	43,209
Per cent. not attending school.....	24.86	24.63	24.75
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	176,466	173,366	349,832
Number attending school	79,478	80,089	159,567
Number not attending school	96,988	93,277	190,265
Per cent. not attending school.....	54.95	53.80	54.38
Total all ages:			
Total population	298,552	287,351	585,903
Number attending school	80,782	81,025	161,807
Number not attending school	217,770	206,326	424,096
Per cent. not attending school.....	72.94	71.80	72.38

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Number of Native White Persons of Foreign Parentage Attending School During the Census Year 1900, in Wisconsin.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	71,419	70,091	141,510
Number attending school	951	994	1,945
Number not attending school	70,468	69,097	139,565
Per cent. not attending school.....	98.67	98.58	98.63
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	74,776	73,796	148,572
Number attending school	46,001	45,146	91,147
Number not attending school	28,775	28,650	57,425
Per cent. not attending school.....	38.49	38.82	38.65
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	70,220	69,229	139,449
Number attending school	61,695	60,459	122,154
Number not attending school	8,525	8,770	17,295
Per cent. not attending school.....	12.14	12.67	12.40
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	61,053	61,407	122,460
Number attending school	15,194	15,228	30,422
Number not attending school.....	45,859	46,179	92,038
Per cent. not attending school	75.11	75.20	75.16
20 years and over:			
Total number	203,193	201,119	404,312
Number attending school	1,497	917	2,414
Number not attending school.....	201,696	200,202	401,898
Per cent. not attending school.....	99.26	99.54	99.40
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	144,996	143,025	288,021
Number attending school	107,696	105,665	213,361
Number not attending school.....	37,300	37,420	74,720
Per cent. not attending school	25.72	26.16	25.94
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	277,468	274,523	551,991
Number attending school	123,841	121,827	245,668
Number not attending school	153,627	152,696	306,323
Per cent. not attending school.....	55.37	55.62	55.49
Total all ages:			
Total population	480,661	475,642	956,303
Number attending school	125,333	122,744	248,082
Number not attending school	355,323	352,898	708,221
Per cent. not attending school.....	73.92	74.19	74.05

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Number of Foreign White Persons Attending School During the Census Year 1900, in Wisconsin.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	554	497	1,051
Number attending school	11	10	21
Number not attending school	543	487	1,030
Per cent. not attending school	98.01	97.99	98.00
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	2,550	2,464	5,014
Number attending school	1,718	1,663	3,381
Number not attending school	832	801	1,633
Per cent. not attending school	32.63	32.51	32.57
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	6,671	6,463	13,134
Number attending school	5,091	4,911	10,002
Number not attending school	1,580	1,552	3,132
Per cent. not attending school	23.68	24.01	23.85
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	11,859	11,294	23,153
Number attending school	1,198	1,064	2,262
Number not attending school	10,661	10,230	20,891
Per cent. not attending school	89.90	90.58	90.23
20 years and over:			
Total number	260,759	212,594	473,353
Number attending school	284	130	414
Number not attending school	260,475	212,464	472,939
Per cent. not attending school	99.88	99.93	99.91
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	9,221	8,927	18,148
Number attending school	6,809	6,574	13,383
Number not attending school	2,412	2,353	4,765
Per cent. not attending school	26.16	26.36	26.26
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	21,634	20,718	42,352
Number attending school	8,018	7,648	15,666
Number not attending school	13,616	13,070	26,686
Per cent. not attending school	62.94	63.08	63.01
Total all ages:			
Total population	282,393	233,312	515,705
Number attending school	8,202	7,778	16,080
Number not attending school	274,091	225,534	499,625
Per cent. not attending school	97.06	96.67	96.88

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Number of Colored Persons¹ Attending School During the Census Year 1900, in Wisconsin.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	634	615	1,249
Number attending school	1	5	6
Number not attending school	633	610	1,243
Per cent. not attending school	99.84	99.18	99.52
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	642	664	1,306
Number attending school	165	147	312
Number not attending school	477	517	994
Per cent. not attending school	74.30	77.92	76.11
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	595	614	1,209
Number attending school	432	489	921
Number not attending school	163	125	288
Per cent. not attending school	27.39	20.36	23.82
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	482	515	997
Number attending school	164	202	366
Number not attending school	318	313	631
Per cent. not attending school	65.97	60.78	63.29
20 years and over:			
Total number	3,603	2,767	6,370
Number attending school	31	19	50
Number not attending school	3,572	2,748	6,320
Per cent. not attending school	99.14	99.31	99.23
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	1,237	1,278	2,515
Number attending school	597	676	1,273
Number not attending school	640	642	1,282
Per cent. not attending school	51.74	50.23	50.97
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	2,353	2,408	4,761
Number attending school	762	843	1,605
Number not attending school	1,591	1,565	3,156
Per cent. not attending school	67.62	64.99	66.29
Total all ages:			
Total population	5,956	5,175	11,131
Number attending school	733	862	1,595
Number not attending school	5,163	4,313	9,476
Per cent. not attending school	86.69	83.34	85.13

¹Persons of Negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

SUMMARIES.

Showing the Total Number of Persons of School Age, the Number Attending School, and the Number and Percentage not Attending School, in Wisconsin, in 1900.

Classification by age.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years of age:			
Total number	129,974	126,760	256,734
Number attending school	1,723	1,812	3,535
Number not attending school	128,251	124,948	253,199
Per cent. not attending school	98.67	98.57	98.62
5 to 9 years:			
Total number	126,465	124,687	251,152
Number attending school	77,633	76,374	154,007
Number not attending school	48,832	48,313	97,145
Per cent. not attending school	38.61	38.75	38.68
10 to 14 years:			
Total number	116,963	115,149	232,112
Number attending school	103,570	101,711	205,281
Number not attending school	13,393	13,438	26,831
Per cent. not attending school	11.45	11.67	11.56
15 to 19 years:			
Total number	104,519	104,419	208,938
Number attending school	29,173	30,510	59,683
Number not attending school	75,346	73,909	149,255
Per cent. not attending school	72.09	70.78	71.44
20 years and over:			
Total number	589,641	530,465	1,120,106
Number attending school	3,116	2,002	5,118
Number not attending school	586,525	528,463	1,114,988
Per cent. not attending school	99.47	99.62	99.54
5 to 14 years:			
Total number	243,428	239,836	483,264
Number attending school	181,203	178,085	359,288
Number not attending school	62,225	61,751	123,976
Per cent. not attending school	25.56	25.75	25.65
Under 5 to 19 years:			
Total number	477,921	471,015	948,936
Number attending school	212,099	210,407	422,506
Number not attending school	265,822	260,608	526,430
Per cent. not attending school	55.62	55.33	55.48
Total all ages:			
Total population	1,067,562	1,001,480	2,069,042
Number attending school	215,215	212,409	427,624
Number not attending school	852,347	789,071	1,641,418
Per cent. not attending school	79.84	78.79	79.32

SUMMARY.

Showing Native White Persons of Native Parentage Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Period, and Months of School Attendance in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Males	439	2,295	2,075	25,700	30,509
Females	465	2,480	2,119	25,157	30,221
Total	904	4,775	4,194	50,857	60,730
Per cent.	1.48	7.86	6.92	83.74	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Males	106	961	2,504	32,781	36,352
Females	97	767	1,535	33,453	35,852
Total	203	1,728	4,039	66,234	72,204
Per cent. ....	.22	2.42	5.61	91.75	100.00
15 years and over:					
Males	97	902	1,900	11,022	13,921
Females	80	540	838	13,444	14,952
Total	177	1,442	2,738	24,466	28,873
Per cent. ....	.63	5.00	9.66	84.71	100.00
All persons:					
Males	642	4,158	6,479	69,503	80,782
Females	642	3,787	4,542	72,054	81,025
Total	1,284	7,945	11,021	141,557	161,807
Per cent.	0.79	4.91	6.81	87.49	100.00

SUMMARY.

Showing Native White Persons of Foreign Parentage Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Period and Months of School Attendance in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Male	595	2,950	2,944	40,463	46,952
Female	709	3,067	3,017	39,347	46,140
Total	1,304	6,017	5,961	79,810	93,092
Per cent.	1.41	6.46	6.40	85.73	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Male	209	1,884	4,781	54,821	61,695
Female	204	1,565	3,561	55,129	60,459
Total	413	3,449	8,342	109,950	122,154
Per cent. ....	.33	2.82	6.83	90.02	100.00
15 years and over:					
Males	196	1,375	2,537	12,583	16,691
Female	148	822	1,337	13,333	16,145
Total	344	2,197	3,874	26,421	32,836
Per cent.	1.06	6.69	11.79	80.46	100.00
All persons:					
Male	1,000	6,209	10,262	107,867	125,338
Female	1,061	5,454	7,915	108,314	122,744
Total	2,061	11,663	18,177	216,181	248,082
Per cent. ....	.82	4.72	7.32	87.14	100.00

SUMMARY.

Showing Foreign White Persons Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Period, and Months of School Attendance, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Male	18	56	86	1,569	1,723
Female	23	60	85	1,505	1,673
Total	41	116	171	3,074	3,402
Per cent.	1.20	3.78	5.00	90.02	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Male	21	147	322	4,601	5,091
Female	21	141	246	4,593	4,911
Total	42	288	568	9,194	10,002
Per cent.	0.42	2.88	5.68	9,102	100.00
15 years and over:					
Male	20	122	156	1,184	1,482
Female	13	67	99	1,015	1,194
Total	33	189	255	2,199	2,676
Per cent.	1.22	7.23	9.81	81.74	100.00
All persons:					
Male	59	325	564	7,354	8,302
Female	57	268	430	7,023	7,778
Total	116	593	994	14,377	16,080
Per cent. ....	.71	3.69	6.15	89.45	100.00

SUMMARY.

Showing Colored Persons¹ Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Periods, and Months of School Attendance, in Wisconsin, in 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months.	4 to 5 months.	6 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Male	4	12	7	143	166
Female	3	13	6	130	152
Total	7	25	13	273	318
Per cent.	2.21	7.53	4.41	85.85	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Male	3	33	23	373	432
Female	1	34	25	429	489
Total	4	67	48	802	921
Per cent.	0.43	7.00	5.50	87.10	100.00
15 years and over:					
Male	5	17	12	161	195
Female	1	12	16	193	221
Total	6	29	28	354	416
Per cent.	1.00	7.00	7.00	85.00	100.00
All persons:					
Male	12	62	42	677	793
Female	4	59	47	752	862
Total	16	121	89	1,429	1,655
Per cent.	1.00	8.10	5.00	85.90	100.00

¹Persons of Negro descent, Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

STATISTICS OF POPULATION.

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SUMMARY.

Showing Total Persons Attending School During the Census Year, Classified by Sex, Age Periods, and Months of School Attendance, in Wisconsin, 1900.

Classified by age and sex.	1 month or less.	2 to 3 months	4 to 5 months	5 months or more.	Total.
Under 10 years:					
Males	1,056	5,313	5,112	67,875	79,356
Females	1,200	5,620	5,327	66,139	73,186
Total	2,256	10,933	10,339	134,014	157,542
Per cent.	1.43	6.94	6.56	85.07	100.00
10 to 14 years:					
Males	329	3,025	7,630	92,576	103,570
Female	323	2,507	5,367	93,514	101,711
Total	652	5,532	12,997	186,090	205,281
Per cent. ....	.33	2.69	6.33	90.65	100.00
15 years and over:					
Males	318	2,416	4,605	24,950	32,289
Females	241	1,441	2,340	28,490	32,512
Total	559	3,857	6,945	53,440	64,801
Per cent. ....	.86	5.95	10.72	82.47	100.00
All persons:					
Males	1,713	10,754	17,347	185,401	215,215
Females	1,704	9,568	12,934	188,143	212,409
Total	3,477	20,322	30,281	373,544	427,624
Per cent. ....	.81	4.76	7.08	87.35	100.00

PART III.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

*PRESIDENT, VICE-PRESIDENT,
STATE OFFICERS,
MEMBERS OF CONGRESS,
STATE SENATORS,
MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY,
JUSTICES OF SUPREME COURT,
PRIMARY ELECTION,
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT,*

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.

At each election from 1864 to 1904.

STATES. (45)	1864.*		1868.†		1872.		1876.		1880.		1884.		1888.		1892.			1896.		1900.		1904.	
	Lincoln—Rep.	McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Heuricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep.	Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep.	Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Harrison—Rep.	Weaver—Pro.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	Parker—Dem.	Roosevelt—Rep.
Alabama.....			8		10		10		10	10			10	11				11		11			
Arkansas.....			5		6		6		6	6			7	8				8		8			
California.....	5		5		6		6		6	5			8	8				8		9		10	
Colorado.....																							
Connecticut.....	6		5		6		6		6	6			6	6				6		6		5	
Delaware.....		3		3																			
Florida.....			3		4		4		4	4			4	4				4		4		5	
Georgia.....				9																		13	
Idaho.....																							
Illinois.....	16		16		21		21		21			22	22	24				24		24		26	
Indiana.....	13		13		15		15		15			15	15	15				15		15		15	
Iowa.....	8		8		11		11		11			13	13	13				13		13		13	
Kansas.....	3		3		5		5		5			9	9	9				10		10		9	
Kentucky.....		11		11		8		12		12		13	13	13				12		13		13	
Louisiana.....				7			8		8					8				8		8		9	
Maine.....	7		7		7		7		7			6	6	6				6		6		6	
Maryland.....	7		7		8		8		8					8				8		8		7	
Massachusetts.....	12		12		13		13		13			14	14	15				15		15		16	
Michigan.....	8		8		11		11		11			13	13	6				14		14		14	
Minnesota.....	4		4		5		5		5			7	7	9				9		9		11	
Mississippi.....					8		8		8			6	6	9				9		9		10	
Missouri.....	11		11		6		15		15			16	16	17				17		17		18	
Montana.....																							
Nebraska.....			3		3		3		3			5	5	3				3		3		3	
Nevada.....	2		3		3		3		3			3	3	3				3		3		3	
New Hampshire.....	5		5		5		5		5			4	4	4				4		4		4	

*Eleven southern states did not vote in 1864.

† Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1868.

ELECTORAL VOIE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

At each election from 1864 to 1904.

STATES. (45)	1864.*		1868.†		1872.		1876.		1880.		1884.		1888.		1904.			1896.		1900.		1904.	
	Lincoln—Rep.	McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Hendricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep.	Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep.	Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Harrison—Rep.	Weaver—Pro.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	McKinley—Rep.	Bryan—Dem.	Parker—Dem.	Roosevelt—Rep.
New Jersey.....		7		7	9			9		9				9	10			10		10			12
New York.....	33			33	35			35		35				36	36			36		36			39
North Carolina.....			9		10			10		11				11	11			11		11		12	
North Dakota.....					22			22							1	3		3		3			4
Ohio.....	21		21		22			22				23		23	22			23		23			23
Oregon.....	3			3	3			3				3		3	3			3		3			4
Pennsylvania.....	26		26		29			29				30		30	32			32		32			34
Rhode Island.....	4				4			4				4		4	4			4		4			4
South Carolina.....			6		7			7		9				9	9			9		9		9	4
South Dakota.....																4							4
Tennessee.....			10			8		12		12				12	12			12		12		12	4
Texas.....						8		8		13				13	15					15		18	4
Utah.....																							3
Vermont.....	5		5		5			5		4			4	4	4			4		4		4	4
Virginia.....					11			11		12				12	12			12		12		12	5
Washington.....															4					4			7
West Virginia.....	5		5		5			5		6				6	6			6		6			7
Wisconsin.....	8		8		10			10			11			11	12			12		12			13
Wyoming.....															6	3		3		3			3
Total.....	212	21	214	80	286	42	185	184	214	155	219	182	233	168	289	128	32	271	176	292	155	149	325
Number states voting.....	36		37		37		38		38		38		38		44		45	45		45		45	

* Eleven southern states did not vote in 1864.

† Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1868.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1904, WITH PLURALITIES, AND POPULATION BY STATES.

THE VOTE OBTAINED DIRECT FROM SECRETARIES OF STATE.

STATES.	Parker, Dem.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Corri-gan, Soc Lab.	Watson, Pop.	PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov. 8, 1904.	Popula-tion, 1900.	States.
							Roosevelt.	Parker.	Roose-velt.	Parker.			
Alabama.....	79,857	22,472	853	612	839	5,051	57,385	11	109,684	1,828,697	Ala.		
Arkansas.....	64,434	46,860	1,816	983		2,318	17,574	9	116,411	1,311,564	Ark.		
California.....	89,404	205,226	29,555	7,380			115,822	10	331,545	1,485,053	Calif.		
Colorado.....	100,105	134,687	4,304	3,438	335	824	34,582	5	243,693	539,700	Col.		
Connecticut.....	72,909	111,089	4,543	1,506	575	494	38,180	7	191,116	908,355	Conn.		
Delaware.....	19,360	23,714	146	637		46	4,354	3	42,873	181,735	Del.		
Florida.....	27,046	8,314	2,337			1,605	18,732	5	39,302	528,542	Fla.		
Georgia.....	88,631	25,335	197	845		23,490	62,996	13	138,198	2,216,331	Ga.		
Idaho.....	18,480	47,783	4,949	1,013		353	29,303	3	72,578	161,772	Idaho.		
Illinois.....	327,006	632,645	69,225	34,770	4,098	6,725	305,039	27	1,068,944	4,821,550	Illinois.		
Indiana.....	274,945	368,289	12,013	23,496	1,598	2,444	93,944	15	682,185	2,516,462	Ind.		
Iowa.....	149,141	307,907	14,347	11,601		2,207	158,766	13	485,703	2,281,853	Iowa.		
Kansas.....	84,300	210,893	15,494	7,245		6,156	126,093	10	324,588	1,470,495	Kas.		
Kentucky.....	217,170	205,277	3,602	6,609	596	2,511		13	435,765	2,147,174	Ky.		
Louisiana.....	47,708	5,205	995				11,893	9	53,308	1,381,625	La.		
Maine.....	27,638	64,438	2,103	1,510		338	42,503	6	96,027	694,466	Me.		
Maryland.....	109,446	109,497	2,247	3,034			36,800	7	224,224	1,190,050	Md.		
Massachusetts.....	165,746	257,822	13,604	4,279	2,359	1,294	92,076	16	445,104	2,805,346	Mass.		
Michigan.....	134,151	361,866	8,941	13,338	1,012	1,159	227,715	14	520,437	2,420,582	Mich.		
Minnesota.....	68,631	214,978	6,376	5,603		2,004	146,347	11	297,592	1,751,394	Minn.		
Mississippi.....	53,376	3,189	393			1,425	50,187	10	58,385	1,551,270	Miss.		
Missouri.....	296,312	321,449	13,009	7,191	1,674	4,226	25,137	18	643,861	3,106,665	Mo.		
Montana.....	21,773	34,932	5,676	335	208	1,520	13,159	3	64,444	243,329	Mont.		
Nebraska.....	51,876	138,558	7,412	6,338		20,518	86,682	8	224,702	1,068,539	Nebr.		
Nevada.....	3,982	6,867	925			344	2,885	3	36,154	42,335	Nevada.		
New Hampshire.....	33,992	54,177	1,090	749		81	20,185	4	90,089	411,588	N. H.		
New Jersey.....	164,566	245,164	9,537	6,845	2,680	3,705	80,598	12	432,547	1,883,669	N. J.		
New York.....	683,981	859,533	36,883	20,787	9,127	7,459	175,552	39	1,617,770	7,268,012	N. Y.		
North Carolina.....	124,121	82,442	124	361		819		12	207,867	1,893,810	N. C.		
North Dakota.....	14,273	52,595	2,005	1,137		165	38,322	4	70,175	319,146	N. Dak.		
Ohio.....	344,674	600,095	36,260	19,339	2,633	1,392	255,421	23	1,004,393	4,157,545	Ohio.		
Oregon.....	17,551	60,455	7,619	3,806		752	42,994	4	90,184	413,536	Oregon.		
Pennsylvania.....	335,430	840,949	21,863	33,717		2,211	505,519	34	1,231,170	6,302,110	Penn.		
Rhode Island.....	24,839	41,605	956	768	483		16,766	4	68,656	428,556	R. I.		
South Carolina.....	54,635	2,254	22			1		9	1,340,912	1,340,316	S. Car.		
South Dakota.....	21,969	72,083	3,138	2,965		1,840	50,114	4	101,995	401,570	S. Dak.		

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1904, WITH PLURALITIES, AND POPULATION BY STATES—Continued.

THE VOTE OBTAINED DIRECT FROM SECRETARIES OF STATE.

STATES.	Parker, Dem.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Swa low, Pro.	Corri- gan, Soc Lab	Watson, Pop.	PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov 8, 1904.	Popula- tion, 1900	States.
							Roosevelt.	Parker.	Roose- velt.	Parker.			
Tennessee.....	131,653	105,369	1,351	1,889	.....	2,491	.....	26,281	.....	12	242,753	2,020,616	Tenn.
Texas.....	167,200	51,212	2,791	4,292	.....	8,062	.....	115,953	.....	18	234,008	3,018,710	Texas.
Utah.....	33,413	62,444	5,767	.....	.....	.....	29,031	.....	3	.....	101,624	276,749	Utah.
Vermont.....	9,777	40,459	859	792	.....	.....	30,682	.....	4	.....	51,887	319,641	Vt.
Virginia.....	80,648	47,880	218	1,383	53	359	.....	32,763	.....	12	130,514	1,854,484	Va.
Washington.....	28,015	100,698	.....	.....	.....	.....	72,683	.....	5	.....	128,713	518,403	W. Va.
West Virginia.....	109,859	132,003	1,572	4,413	.....	337	.....	31,758	.....	7	234,760	958,800	W. Va.
Wisconsin.....	124,107	280,164	28,220	9,770	223	539	.....	156,057	.....	13	443,844	2,069,042	Wis.
Wyoming.....	8,994	20,467	1,077	207	.....	.....	.....	11,563	.....	3	30,655	92,531	Wyom'g
Total.....	5,098,225	7,621,975	336,955	254,923	29,222	117,257	3,054,090	530,340	336	140	13,523,518	74,610,523	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1900, WITH PLURALITIES, POPULATION BY STATES AND NUMBER OF INHABITANTS PER VOTE CAST.

THE VOTE OBTAINED DIRECT FROM SECRETARIES OF STATE

STATES.	McKinley, Rep.	Woolley, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Mal-loney, Soc. Lab.	Bar-ker, Pop.	Ellis, U. R.	Scat-tering	McKin-ley, Plu.	Bryan, Plu.	ELECTORAL VOTE		Total vote Nov. 6, 1900.	Popu-lation, 1900.	Popu-lation per vote cast.	State.
											McK	Bry'n				
Alabama	55,634	1,407	96,368	928		3,796				40,731		11	158,133	1,828,697	11.564	Ala.
Arkansas	44,800	584	81,142			972	311			36,342		8	127,849	1,311,564	10.250	Ark.
California	194,755	5,004	124,955	7,554				1,475	39,770		9	303,773	1,485,053	4.892	Cal.	
Colorado	93,072	3,790	122,733	684	714	389						4	221,382	539,703	2.458	Colo.
Connecticut	102,572	1,617	74,014	1,023	903					29,661		3	180,195	908,355	5.042	Conn.
Delaware	24,535	546	18,863	57						3,612		6	42,001	184,735	4.398	Del.
Florida	7,314	2,234	28,107	601		1,070				10,693		4	39,225	528,542	13.464	Fla.
Georgia	35,035	1,396	81,700			4,531				46,665		13	122,715	2,216,331	18.080	Geo.
Idaho	27,198	857	21,414	3						2,216		3	57,472	161,772	2.796	Ida.
Illinois	597,985	17,623	503,091	9,687	1,373		672	352	91,924		21	1,130,756	4,821,550	4.264	Ill.	
Indiana	336,063	13,718	309,584	2,374	663	1,438	234		26,479		15	664,094	2,516,462	3.789	Ind.	
Iowa	307,803	9,502	209,235	2,742	259	613	166		98,543		13	530,375	2,231,853	4.204	Iowa.	
Kansas	185,955	3,605	162,601	766	293	2,017			23,354		10	353,766	1,470,493	4.004	Kan.	
Kentucky	223,801	2,814	234,899							8,008		13	467,595	2,147,174	4.582	Ky.
Louisiana	14,233	2,814	53,671							39,438		8	67,904	1,341,625	20.346	La.
Maine	65,435	2,555	33,823	378								6	103,724	694,466	6.588	Me.
Maryland	136,212	4,582	122,271	908	391		147	3	23,612		8	234,511	1,190,050	4.492	Md.	
Massachusetts	238,866	6,202	156,997	9,607	2,599				13,941		8	63,525	243,823	3.830	Mont.	
Michigan	316,269	11,859	211,685	2,823	903		837		81,869		15	414,271	2,803,346	6.788	Mass.	
Minnesota	190,461	8,555	112,901	3,065	1,329				104,581		14	514,379	2,420,982	4.447	Mich.	
Mississippi	5,703		51,706			1,644			77,560		9	316,311	1,751,394	5.533	Miss.	
Missouri	314,092	5,965	351,922	6,128	1,291					46,003		9	59,053	1,551,270	23.269	Mont.
Montana	25,373	298	37,146	703						37,830		7	679,401	3,108,665	4.572	Mo.
Nebraska	121,835	3,655	114,013	823						11,773		3	63,525	243,823	3.830	Mont.
Nevada	3,803		6,329			1,101			7,822		8	241,430	1,068,529	4.446	Neb.	
New Hampshire	54,798	1,271	35,489	790						2,526		3	10,132	42,335	4.187	Nev.
New Jersey	221,707	7,133	164,808	4,609	2,974	669			19,309		4	92,348	411,588	4.456	N. H.	
New York	821,992	22,043	678,386	12,869	12,622				56,899		10	401,050	1,883,669	4.697	N. J.	
North Carolina	133,040	991	157,733			737			143,606		36	1,547,912	7,218,012	4.691	N. C.	
North Dakota	35,898	735	20,531	520		111				24,653		11	22,511	1,893,810	6.470	N. Y.
Ohio	543,918	10,201	474,882	4,847	1,658	251	4,281		15,367		3	57,795	319,146	5.572	N. D.	
Oregon	46,526	2,536	33,385	1,494		269			69,036		23	1,040,073	4,157,543	3.997	Ohio.	
									13,141		4	84,210	413,536	4.926	Ore.	

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL FOR PRESIDENT, 1900—Continued.

STATES.	McKinley, Rep.	Woolley, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Maloney, Soc. Lab.	Barker, Pop.	Ellis, U. R.	Scattering.	McKinley, Plu.	Bryan, Plu.	ELECTORAL VOTE.		Total vote Nov 6, 1900.	Population, 1900.	Population per vote cast.	States.
											McK.	Bry'n				
Pennsylvania.....	712,665	27,968	424,232	4,831	2,936	638	.....	.....	288,433	.....	32	.....	1,173,210	6,302,115	5.371	Penn.
Rhode Island.....	35,784	1,529	19,812	.....	1,423	.....	.....	.....	13,972	.....	4	.....	56,548	428,556	7.578	R. I.
South Carolina.....	5,579	.....	47,253	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43,654	.....	9	50,812	1,340,316	26.378	S. C.
South Dakota.....	54,530	1,512	39,514	169	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,986	.....	4	.....	95,785	401,570	4.191	S. D.
Tennessee.....	123,008	3,860	145,250	346	1,322	.....	.....	.....	.....	22,242	.....	12	273,786	2,020,616	7.380	Tenn.
Texas.....	130,641	2,614	267,434	1,846	162	20,981	.....	.....	.....	133,793	.....	15	423,708	3,048,710	7.194	Tex.
Utah.....	47,099	205	44,944	717	102	.....	.....	9	2,155	.....	3	.....	93,076	276,749	2.973	Utah.
Vermont.....	42,568	.....	12,849	.....	.....	.....	.....	431	29,719	.....	4	.....	56,216	343,641	6.118	Vt.
Virginia.....	115,865	2,150	146,080	145	167	368	.....	63	.....	30,215	.....	12	261,533	1,854,184	7.011	Va.
Washington.....	57,453	2,345	44,833	2,008	833	63	.....	.....	12,623	.....	4	.....	107,503	518,103	4.342	Wash.
West Virginia.....	119,851	1,588	98,791	283	.....	279	.....	.....	21,060	.....	6	.....	220,793	958,800	4.342	W. Va.
Wisconsin.....	265,760	10,027	159,163	7,048	503	.....	.....	.....	106,597	.....	12	.....	442,501	2,069,042	4.674	Wis.
Wyoming.....	14,482	.....	10,164	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	4,318	.....	3	.....	24,696	92,531	3.746	Wyo.
Totals.....	7,219,016	207,159	6,357,613	95,499	31,593	42,830	5,864	2,438	1,440,909	579,536	292	155	13,965,042	*74,610,523	†5.342	

* Population of 45 states only, exclusive of territories. † Number of inhabitants per vote cast; fractions of 1,000th of 1 per cent. omitted.

Popular vote, McKinley over Bryan.....	861,373
Popular vote, McKinley over all other votes.....	472,990
Electoral vote, McKinley over Bryan.....	137
Range of population for vote cast; 2 458-1000 in Colorado to 23 378-1000 in South Carolina.	

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATES,
WITH PLURALITIES — 1893.

STATES. (45)	POPULAR VOTE.					PLURALITIES.		ELECTORAL VOTE.	
	McKinley, Rep.	Levering, Pro.	Bryan, Dem.	Palmer, N. Dem.	Matchett, Soc. Lab.	McKinley, Rep.	Bryan, Dem.	McKinley,	Bryan,
Alabama.....	51,737	2,117	130,307	6,462			73,570		11
Arkansas.....	37,512	839	110,103				72,591		8
California.....	113,170	2,573	143,373	1,730	1,611	2,797		8	*1
Colorado.....	23,271	1,717	161,153	1	159		131,882		4
Connecticut.....	110,233	1,808	56,740	4,331	1,223	53,515		6	
D-Idawaro.....	16,801	355	13,424	877		3,330		3	
Florida.....	11,288	1,778	32,735				21,448		4
Georgia.....	60,091	5,613	94,232	2,703			34,141		13
Idaho.....	6,324	179	23,192				16,865		3
Illinois.....	677,130	9,796	461,632	6,300	1,147	142,498		24	
Indiana.....	223,734	3,076	305,573	2,145	321	18,181		15	
Iowa.....	234,253	3,122	223,741	4,516	433	65,592		13	
Kansas.....	139,511	1,921	171,810	1,209			12,269		10
Kentucky.....	218,171	4,781	217,890	5,114		231		12	*1
Louisiana.....	22,033		77,175	1,831			55,138		8
Maine.....	80,465	1,570	31,688	1,870		45,777		6	
Maryland.....	134,959	5,918	104,735	2,507	587			8	
Massachusetts.....	279,976	2,938	105,711	11,749	2,114	173,255		15	
Michigan.....	243,522	5,025	235,714	6,879	297	56,898		14	
Minnesota.....	193,501	4,343	139,623	3,202	867	53,875		9	
Mississippi.....	5,120	485	63,859	1,071			58,729		9
Missouri.....	304,940	2,169	363,667	2,355	596		58,727		17
Montana.....	1,499	188	42,537				32,043		3
Nebraska.....	102,304	1,193	115,800	2,885	186		13,576		14
Nevada.....	1,938		8,377				6,439		3
New Hampshire.....	57,444	779	21,650	3,520	228	35,791		4	
New Jersey.....	221,367	5,614	134,635	6,373	3,953	87,692		10	
New York.....	819,838	16,032	531,368	18,940	17,697	268,469		33	
North Carolina.....	15,222	675	174,188	578			19,266		11
North Dakota.....	25,355	328	20,895					3	
Ohio.....	525,991	5,068	477,494	1,857	1,167	5,649		23	
Oregon.....	48,779	919	46,662	977		48,497		4	
Pennsylvania.....	724,300	19,271	433,223	11,000	1,683	295,072		32	
Rhode Island.....	37,437	1,160	14,459	1,166	558	22,975		4	
South Carolina.....	9,281		58,798	828			49,517		9
South Dakota.....	41,012	685	41,225				183		4
Tennessee.....	148,773	3,098	166,238	1,951			17,495		12
Texas.....	167,520	1,786	370,431	5,046			202,914		15
Utah.....	13,484		64,517	21			51,033		3
Vermont.....	51,127	733	10,637	1,331		40,490		4	
Virginia.....	135,368	2,350	154,709	2,129	108		19,341		12
Washington.....	39,153	968	51,646	1,668			12,493		4
West Virginia.....	104,414	1,203	92,927	677		11,487		6	
Wisconsin.....	268,135	7,597	165,523	4,584	1,314	102,612		12	
Wyoming.....	10,072	136	10,655				583		3
Total.....	7,103,779	132,007	6,502,925	133,148	36,274	1,569,100	965,246	271	176
McKinley's net plurality.....	663,851					965,246			

* California and Kentucky each gave one Bryan candidate for elector more votes than were received by the McKinley candidate for elector receiving the lowest number of votes.

In the election of 1836 Bentley, National, received 13,645 votes.
Total popular vote, as per above figures, 13,924,778.

POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATES, WITH PLURALITIES.

STATES. (41)	1892.				PLURALITIES.			ELECTORAL VOTE.		
	VOTES.				Cleveland Plu.	Harrison Plu.	Weaver Plu.	Cleveland.	Harrison.	Weaver.
	Cleveland, Dem.	Harrison, Rep.	Weaver, Pop.	Bidwell, Pro.						
Alabama.....	138,138	9,197	83,181	239	52,937			11		
Arkansas.....	87,884	46,979	11,831	129	40,855			8		
California.....	118,174	118,027	23,311	8,096	147					
Colorado.....		35,620	53,884	1,687			14,931			
Connecticut.....	82,395	77,032	809	4,026	5,333			6		
Delaware.....	18,581	18,077		561	504			3		
Florida.....	30,143		4,843	569	25,300			4		
Georgia.....	129,386	48,303	42,939	388	81,081			3		
Idaho.....	2	8,599	10,520	2-8			1,921			
Illinois.....	426,281	399,289	22,207	25,870	28,993			24		
Indiana.....	262,740	235,615	22,203	13,050	7,125			15		
Iowa.....	196,337	219,795	20,595	6,402		23,423			13	
Kansas.....		137,241	163,111	4,553			5,870			10
Kentucky.....	175,461	135,441	26,132	6,442	40,020			13		
Louisiana.....	87,632	62,871	2,333	3,052	61,490			8		
Maine.....	48,014	92,735	796	5,877	21,130		14,827	8		6
Maryland.....	118,836	202,927	3,348	7,539			26,099	8		15
Massachusetts.....	176,858	222,708	19,796	20,837			20,412	6		8
Michigan.....	202,396	122,823	20,313	14,182	21,903			6		9
Minnesota.....	130,920	1,406	10,256	910	29,981			9		
Mississippi.....	40,237	226,918	41,213	4,331	41,483			17		
Missouri.....	264,318	18,851	7,331	549		1,270		3		
Montana.....	24,943	87,227	83,131	4,902		4,093				8
Nebraska.....	714	2,811	7,264	89			4,453			3
Nevada.....	42,031	45,658	293	1,297		3,577			4	
New Hampshire.....	171,036	156,101	985	8,134	14,965			10		
New Jersey.....	654,908	609,459	16,436	38,193	45,449			36		
New York.....	132,931	100,346	44,732	2,543	32,605			11		
North Carolina.....		17,519	17,700	899			181			3
North Dakota.....		405,187	14,852	26,012		1,072		1		22
Ohio.....	14,243	35,022	26,965	2,231		8,031				4
Oregon.....	452,264	516,011	8,714	25,123		63,747				32
Pennsylvania.....	24,336	26,975	228	1,651		2,633				4
Rhode Island.....	54,698	13,384	2,410		41,314			9		
South Carolina.....	9,081	34,888	26,544			8,344				4
South Dakota.....	176,594	29,851	23,780	4,776	36,743			12		
Tennessee.....	239,148	77,475	99,688	2,165	161,673			15		
Texas.....	16,325	37,992	41	1,424		21,667				4
Vermont.....	163,977	113,262	12,275	2,738	50,715			12		
Virginia.....	29,844	36,400	19,054	2,553		6,616				4
Washington.....	84,467	80,293	4,166	2,145	4,174			6		
West Virginia.....	177,325	171,101	10,019	13,136	6,489			12		
Wisconsin.....		8,451	7,722	530		752				3
Wyoming.....										
Total.....	5,554,501	5,158,912	1,654,215	239,801	850,436	206,530	27,389	236	123	32

NOTE.—In 1892 the Democratic party placed no electoral ticket in the field in Colorado, Idaho, Kansas or North Dakota, the Republican party none in Georgia or Louisiana.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1888, WITH PLURALITIES.

[BY STATES.]

STATES, (23)	1888.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, U. Lab.	Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.
Alabama	57,197	117,310	583			60,113
Arkansas	58,752	85,932	614	10,613		21,210
California	124,830	117,729	5,761		7,680	
Colorado	51,996	37,610	2,210	112	14,18	
Connecticut	74,584	74,920	4,231			75
Delaware	12,973	16,414	400			3,441
Florida	26,657	32,561	417			12,804
Georgia	40,496	100,499	1,800	131		63,033
Illinois	370,473	218,272	21,695	7,090	22,211	
Indiana	263,341	251,013	9,881	2,091	2,515	
Iowa	211,518	179,877	3,550	9,105	31,721	
Kansas	182,901	102,745	6,779	37,78	83,150	
Kentucky	155,131	183,800	5,225	622		23,669
Louisiana	30,701	85,032	127			51,331
Maine	73,731	50,481	2,691	1,344	23,253	
Maryland	99,986	106,168	4,767			6,182
Massachusetts	183,892	151,590	8,701		32,302	
Michigan	236,307	213,404	20,942	4,512	22,933	
Minnesota	142,482	104,885	15,311	1,095	38,001	
Mississippi	30,096	85,471	218	22		55,375
Missouri	236,253	261,954	4,510	18,584		23,701
Nebraska	108,423	80,552	9,429	4,220	27,879	
Nevada	7,218	5,326	45		1,891	
New Hampshire	46,725	43,358	1,592	13	2,370	
New Jersey	144,344	151,493	7,104			7,140
New York	650,383	615,965	30,231	626	14,371	
North Carolina	131,784	147,902	2,789	37		13,118
Ohio	416,054	336,455	24,366	3,490	19,591	
Oregon	34,293	23,522	1,677		6,77	
Pennsylvania	526,091	416,613	20,941	3,813	79,15	
Rhode Island	21,969	17,530	1,251		4,434	
South Carolina	13,740	65,813				52,073
Tennessee	134,989	158,787	5,960			18,798
Texas	88,422	231,883	4,749	29,450		146,461
Vermont	45,182	16,788	1,460		28,401	
Virginia	150,433	151,977	1,678			1,549
West Virginia	78,491	79,330				839
Wisconsin	176,553	155,232	14,277	8,552	21,321	
Total	5,445,274	5,538,755	248,800	112,034	480,770	574,251
Plurality		93,481				93,481

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1854, WITH PLURALITIES.

[BY STATES.]

STATES. (33)	1854.					
	VOES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Butler. Grcon.	St. John. Pro.	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.
Alabama.....	59,591	93,951	873	612	.....	34,370
Arkansas.....	50,895	72,927	1,847	.....	.....	22,032
California.....	102,416	89,288	2,017	2,920	13,158	.....
Colorado.....	36,290	27,723	1,958	761	8,567	.....
Connecticut.....	65,923	67,199	1,688	2,305	.....	1,274
Delaware.....	12,951	16,964	6	55	.....	4,013
Florida.....	28,031	31,766	.....	72	.....	3,735
Georgia.....	48,693	91,667	.....	115	.....	46,064
Illinois.....	337,474	312,355	10,910	12,074	25,119	.....
Indiana.....	238,161	244,990	8,293	3,028	.....	6,527
Iowa.....	197,089	177,316	.....	1,472	19,773	.....
Kansas.....	154,406	90,132	16,311	4,495	61,274	.....
Kentucky.....	118,122	152,961	1,691	3,133	.....	31,839
Louisiana.....	46,347	62,540	.....	.....	.....	16,193
Maine.....	72,209	52,140	3,953	2,160	20,069	.....
Maryland.....	85,699	96,932	531	2,794	.....	11,233
Massachusetts.....	146,724	122,481	24,433	10,026	21,243	.....
Michigan.....	192,669	149,835	42,243	18,404	42,844	.....
Minnesota.....	111,923	70,144	3,583	4,684	41,779	.....
Mississippi.....	43,509	76,510	.....	.....	.....	33,001
Missouri.....	202,909	235,988	.....	2,153	.....	33,059
Nebraska.....	76,912	51,391	.....	2,899	22,521	.....
Nevada.....	7,193	5,578	26	.....	1,615	.....
New Hampshire.....	43,249	39,183	552	1,571	4,063	.....
New Jersey.....	124,440	127,798	3,496	6,159	.....	4,378
New York.....	562,005	564,154	16,491	25,016	.....	1,149
North Carolina.....	125,038	142,952	.....	454	.....	17,864
Ohio.....	400,082	363,280	5,179	11,069	31,802	.....
Oregon.....	26,860	24,604	726	442	2,256	.....
Pennsylvania.....	473,804	392,785	16,992	15,283	81,019	.....
Rhode Island.....	19,630	12,391	422	928	6,669	.....
South Carolina.....	21,733	60,890	.....	.....	.....	48,157
Tennessee.....	124,078	133,258	957	1,131	.....	9,180
Texas.....	93,141	225,309	3,321	3,534	.....	132,168
Vermont.....	39,514	17,331	785	1,752	22,183	.....
Virginia.....	139,356	145,497	.....	138	.....	6,141
West Virginia.....	63,096	67,317	810	949	.....	4,221
Wisconsin.....	161,135	146,453	4,595	7,649	14,682	.....
Total.....	4,851,909	4,874,980	175,370	150,362	416,563	469,584
Plurality.....	.....	23,021	.....	.....	.....	23,021

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1880 AND 1876.

STATES.	1880.				1876.	
	Garfield. Rep.	Hancock. Dem.	Weaver. Gr.	Scat- tering.	Tilden. Dem.	Hayes. Rep.
Alabama	56,178	90,687	4,642		102,002	68,230
Arkansas	41,661	60,489	4,070		58,071	38,669
California	60,348	80,426	3,392		76,464	79,269
Colorado	27,450	24,647	1,435		13,316	14,154
Connecticut	67,073	64,417	868	412	61,934	59,631
Delaware	14,150	15,153			13,381	10,752
Florida	23,654	27,064			224,285	24,327
Georgia	52,648	102,522	481		130,088	50,446
Illinois	318,037	277,321	26,358	506	253,001	278,232
Indiana	232,164	225,528	12,986		213,526	207,971
Iowa	183,904	105,845	32,327	630	112,121	171,326
Kansas	121,520	59,789	19,710		37,902	78,322
Kentucky	104,550	147,909	11,498	257	159,690	97,156
Louisiana	37,994	65,310	439		270,508	75,135
Maine	74,039	65,171	4,408	235	49,823	66,300
Maryland	78,515	93,706	818		91,779	71,980
Massachusetts	165,205	111,960	4,548	799	108,777	150,063
Michigan	185,190	131,300	31,795	1,156	141,595	166,901
Minnesota	93,903	53,315	3,267	286	48,799	72,962
Mississippi	24,854	75,750	5,797	677	112,173	52,605
Missouri	153,567	208,009	35,045		203,077	145,029
Nebraska	54,979	28,523	3,823		17,554	31,916
Nevada	8,732	9,611			9,308	10,383
New Hampshire	44,852	40,791	528	189	38,509	41,539
New Jersey	120,555	122,565	2,617	191	115,962	103,517
New York	555,544	534,511	12,373	2,177	521,949	489,207
North Carolina	115,878	124,204	1,136		125,427	108,419
Ohio	375,048	340,821	6,456	2,642	323,182	330,698
Oregon	20,619	19,948	249		14,149	15,206
Pennsylvania	444,704	407,428	20,668	1,963	366,158	334,122
Rhode Island	18,195	10,779	235	25	10,712	15,787
South Carolina	58,071	112,312	566	7	90,896	91,786
Tennessee	107,677	128,191	5,916	43	133,166	89,566
Texas	57,845	156,228	27,405		104,803	44,803
Vermont	45,090	18,181	1,212	110	29,254	44,092
Virginia	84,020	127,976	139		139,670	95,558
West Virginia	46,243	57,391	9,079		56,455	42,698
Wisconsin	144,397	114,634	7,980	161	123,927	130,068
Total	4,449,053	4,442,035	307,306	12,576	4,259,893	4,048,228
Total vote				9,210,970		8,442,049

1 The vote in Florida, as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that state on the face of the returns.

2 The vote in Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the electoral commission. The McEnery returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties in the state, gave Tilden 83,723; Hayes, 77,114.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1872, 1868 AND 1864.

STATES.	1872.		1868.		1864.	
	Grant. Rep.	Greeley. Lib. Dem.	Grant. Rep.	Seymour. Dem.	Lincoln. Rep.	McClellan. Dem.
Alabama	90,272	79,444	76,366	72,086	.....	.....
Arkansas	41,073	37,927	22,152	19,078	.....	.....
California	54,020	40,718	54,592	54,078	62,134	43,841
Connecticut	50,633	45,872	50,966	47,951	44,691	42,285
Delaware	11,115	10,205	7,063	10,980	8,155	8,767
Florida	17,765	15,428	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia	62,715	76,287	57,131	162,822	.....	.....
Illinois	241,248	184,770	250,293	199,143	149,996	158,739
Indiana	186,144	163,437	176,552	166,960	150,422	180,233
Iowa	191,333	71,134	150,399	74,040	89,075	49,596
Kansas	67,043	32,970	31,047	14,019	16,441	3,691
Kentucky	88,816	100,212	39,569	115,899	27,786	64,391
Louisiana	59,975	66,466	33,263	40,225	.....	.....
Maine	61,422	29,087	70,426	42,396	68,114	46,992
Maryland	66,760	67,685	30,433	62,357	40,153	32,731
Maryland	133,472	59,260	136,447	59,408	125,742	48,745
Massachusetts	134,202	77,027	128,550	87,069	91,521	74,604
Michigan	55,709	35,211	43,542	28,072	21,060	17,375
Minnesota	81,016	47,191	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mississippi	119,196	151,423	85,671	59,788	72,750	31,678
Missouri	18,245	7,705	9,729	5,439	.....	.....
Nebraska	8,413	6,236	6,480	5,218	9,826	6,594
Nevada	37,163	31,425	23,191	31,224	36,400	31,871
New Hampshire	91,611	76,801	40,121	43,001	60,723	68,024
New Jersey	440,759	337,279	419,813	429,833	368,735	361,936
New York	94,304	69,474	96,226	84,000	.....	.....
North Carolina	281,852	244,321	280,128	238,700	265,154	205,568
Ohio	11,820	7,746	10,961	11,125	9,888	8,457
Oregon	349,659	211,961	342,230	312,312	296,391	276,316
Pennsylvania	13,665	5,329	12,903	6,548	14,349	8,718
Rhode Island	72,200	22,963	62,391	45,237	.....	.....
South Carolina	43,665	94,391	56,757	26,311	.....	.....
Tennessee	47,405	66,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Texas	41,487	10,947	44,167	12,045	42,419	13,321
Vermont	93,415	91,440	.....	.....	.....	.....
Virginia	32,213	29,537	29,025	20,306	23,152	10,433
West Virginia	104,992	86,477	108,857	84,710	43,458	65,884
Wisconsin .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	3,579,793	2,842,425	3,013,188	2,703,600	2,223,635	811,754
Majority	737,368	.....	309,588	.....	1,411,281	.....
Whole vote	6,457,318	.....	5,716,788	.....	4,034,789	.....

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1860 AND 1856.

STATES.	1860.				1856.		
	Lincoln, Rep.	Breckin- ridge, Dem.	Bell, Union.	Douglas, Dem.	Fremont, Dem.	Fill- more, Amer.	Buch- anan, Dem.
Alabama		48,831	27,875	13,651			
Arkansas		28,732	20,093	5,227		28,552	46,739
California		34,344	6,817	33,516		10,787	21,919
Connecticut	39,173	14,611	3,291	15,322	20,691	36,165	53,365
Delaware	3,815	7,337	3,804	1,023		42,715	2,615
Florida		8,313	5,437	397	308	6,175	34,995
Georgia		51,889	42,886	11,530		4,833	8,024
Illinois	172,161	2,404	4,913	160,215		42,228	6,358
Indiana	139,033	12,295	5,206	115,509		37,444	56,598
Iowa	70,409	1,048	1,763	55,111	94,375	22,386	105,348
Kansas					43,954	9,180	118,670
Kentucky	1,361	53,143	66,058	25,651			36,107
Louisiana		22,681	20,204	7,625	314	67,416	74,642
Maine	62,811	6,368	2,046	26,693		20,709	22,161
Maryland	2,294	42,482	41,760	5,966	67,379	3,325	39,080
Massachusetts	106,533	5,939	22,331	34,372	281	47,460	39,115
Michigan	88,480	805	405	65,057	108,190	19,620	39,240
Minnesota	22,069	748	62	11,920	71,762	1,660	52,136
Mississippi		40,797	25,040	3,283			
Missouri	17,028	31,317	58,372	58,081		24,195	35,446
Nebraska						48,524	58,164
Nevada							
New Hampshire	37,519	2,112	441	22,811			
New Jersey	58,324			62,500	38,345	422	32,789
New York	392,646			312,731	28,338	24,115	46,943
North Carolina		48,539	44,900	18,822	276,007	124,604	195,878
Ohio	231,610	11,403	12,194	3,951	187,497	26,886	48,246
Oregon	5,270	5,036	183	16,765		28,126	170,874
Pennsylvania	268,030	178,871	12,776	7,707	147,510	82,175	239,710
Rhode Island	12,244				11,467	1,675	6,680
South Carolina*							
Tennessee		64,700	69,274	11,350		66,178	73,638
Texas		47,548	15,438			15,639	31,109
Vermont	33,808	218	1,969	6,849	39,561	545	10,569
Virginia	1,929	74,323	74,681	16,290	291	60,310	89,706
West Virginia							
Wisconsin	86,110	888	161	65,021	66,090	579	52,843
Total	1,866,452	847,953	560,631	1,375,157	1,341,264	874,534	1,838,189
Whole vote		4,680,193				4,053,987	

*Electors chosen by legislature.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES

For President and Vice-President of the United States, 1789 to 1900.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elect. Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents. ¹			Vice-Presidents.		
				CANDIDATES.	VOTE.		CANDIDATES.	Elect. Vote.	
					States.	Popular.			Electoral.
1789	10 ²	73	.....	Geo. Washington.	.....	69	.....	34	
				John Adams.	.....	.....	.....	9	
				John Jay.	.....	.....	.....	6	
				R. H. Harrison.	.....	.....	.....	6	
				John Rutledge.	.....	.....	.....	4	
				John Hancock.	.....	.....	.....	3	
				George Clinton.	.....	.....	.....	2	
				Sam. Huntingdon.	.....	.....	.....	2	
				John Milton.	.....	.....	.....	1	
				James Armstrong.	.....	.....	.....	1	
				Benj. Lincoln.	.....	.....	.....	1	
Edward Telfair.	.....	.....	.....	1					
Vacancies.	.....	.....	.....	4					
1792	15	135	Fed.	Geo. Washington.	.....	122	.....	77	
				Fed.	John Adams.	.....	.....	.....	50
				Rep.	George Clinton.	.....	.....	.....	4
				.....	Thomas Jefferson.	.....	.....	.....	1
				.....	Aaron Burr.	.....	.....	.....	3
Vacancies.	.....	.....	.....	3					
1796	16	133	Fed.	John Adams.	.....	71	.....	68	
				Rep.	Thomas Jefferson.	.....	.....	.....	59
				Fed.	Thos. Pinckney.	.....	.....	.....	30
				Rep.	Aaron Burr.	.....	.....	.....	15
				.....	Samuel Adams.	.....	.....	.....	11
				.....	Oliver Ellsworth.	.....	.....	.....	7
				.....	George Clinton.	.....	.....	.....	5
				.....	John Jay.	.....	.....	.....	3
				.....	James Iredell.	.....	.....	.....	2
				.....	Geo. Washington.	.....	.....	.....	2
				.....	John Henry.	.....	.....	.....	2
.....	S. Johnson.	.....	.....	.....	1				
1800	16	133	Rep. ³	C. C. Pinckney.	.....	.....	.....	73	
				Rep.	Thos. Jefferson.	.....	.....	.....	73
				Fed.	Aaron Burr.	.....	.....	.....	65
				Fed.	John Adams.	.....	.....	.....	64
Vacancies.	.....	.....	.....	1					
1804	17	176	Rep.	Thos. Jefferson.	15	162	Geo. Clinton.	162	
				Fed.	C. C. Pinckney.	2	14	Rufus King.	14
			
1803	17	176	Rep.	James Madison.	12	122	Geo. Clinton.	113	
				Fed.	C. C. Pinckney.	5	47	Rufus King.	47
			
			
Vacancy.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1812	18	213	Rep.	James Madison.	11	128	E. Gerry.	131	
				Fed.	De Witt Clinton.	7	86	J. Ingersoll.	86
			
Vacancy.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1816	19	221	Rep.	James Monroe.	16	183	D. D. Tompkins.	183	
				Fed.	Rufus King.	3	34	J. E. Howard.	22
			
			
			
Vacancy.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

¹ Previous to the election of 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President; and the next highest Vice-President.

² Threestates out of thirteen did not vote: New York which had not passed an electoral law, and North Carolina and Rhode Island, which had not adopted the constitution.

³ There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made upon the 36th ballot, which was as follows: Jefferson — Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia — 10 states; Burr — Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island — 4 states; Blank — Delaware and South Carolina — 2 states.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES — Continued.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elect. Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents.			Vice-Presidents.		
				CANDIDATES.	VOTE.		CANDIDATES.	Elect. Vote.	
					States.	Popular.			Electoral.
1872	37	366	Rep...	Ulysses S. Grant.	31	3,597,070	286	Henry Wilson...	286
			D. & L.	Horace Greeley..	6	2,831,079		B. Gratz Brown..	47
			Dem..	Chas. O'Connor...		29,408		Geo. W. Julian...	5
			Temp.	James Black...		5,608		A. H. Colquitt...	3
				T. A. Hendricks...			42	J. M. Palmer...	3
				B. Gratz Brown...			18	T. E. Bramlette...	1
				Chas. J. Jenkins...			2	W. S. Groesbeck...	1
				David Davis...			1	W. D. Machen...	1
				Not counted!			17	N. P. Banks...	1
							17		14
1876	33	330	Rep...	R. B. Hayes...	21	4,018,228	185	W. A. Wheeler...	185
			Dem..	Samuel J. Tilden.	17	4,299,893	184	T. A. Hendricks...	184
			G. B.	Peter Cooper...		81,740			
			Prohi.	Green Clay Smith		9,552			
				Scattering		2,636			
1880	33	369	Rep...	Jas. A. Garfield.	19	4,449,187	214	Chest. A. Arthur	214
			Dem..	W. S. Hancock...	19	4,435,121	155	W. H. English...	155
			G. B.	J. B. Weaver...		302,754			
			Prohi.	Neal Dow...		9,861			
				Scattering		1,145			
1884	38	401	Dem..	Grover Cleveland	20	4,908,892	219	T. A. Hendricks...	219
			Rep...	James G. Blaine.	18	4,814,031	12	John A. Logan...	12
			Prohi.	John P. St. John.		150,335			
1888	38	401	Pro...	Benj. F. Butler...		131,163			
			Rep...	Benj. Harrison...	20	5,445,274	233	Levi P. Morton...	233
			Dem..	Grover Cleveland	18	5,538,755	168	A. G. Thurman...	168
			Pro...	Clinton B. Fisk...		248,800			
			Lab...	A. J. Streeter...		142,034			
1892	44	422	Dem..	Grover Cleveland		5,554,591	227	A. E. Stevenson...	227
			Rep...	Benj. Harrison...		5,158,912	145	Whitelaw Reid...	145
			Pro...	Jas. F. Weaver...		1,051,215	22	J. G. Field...	22
			Dem..	John Bidwell...		261,006			
			Rep...	Wm. McKinley...	23	7,101,779	271	Gar'tt A. Hobart	271
1896	45	447	D. m.	Wm. J. Bryan...	22	6,502,925	176	Arthur Sewell...	171
			Pop...					Thos. E. Watson	5
			N. Dm	John M. Palmer...		131,148		Sim'n B. Buckn'r	
			Pro...	Joshua Levering...		132,097		Hale Johnson...	
			S. Pro.	Chas. E. Bentley...		13,969		J. H. Southgate...	
			Sc. Lb	Chs. M. Matchett...		36,274		Matt. McGuire...	
			Rep...	Wm. McKinley...	28	7,219,016	292	T. Roosevelt...	292
			Dem..	Wm. J. Bryan...	17	6,357,613	155	A. E. Stevenson...	155
			Prohi.	J. G. Wooley...		207,159		H. B. Metcalf...	
			S. Dm.	E. V. Debs...		95,499		J. Harriman...	
1900	45	447	S. Lab	J. F. Malloney...		34,593		V. Remmel...	
			Pop...	W. Barker...		42,830		Ig. Donnelly...	
			U. Ref	S. H. Ellis...		5,864		S. T. Nichols...	
				Scattering		2,433			
			Rep...	Theo. Roosevelt.	33	7,621,975	325	C. W. Fairbanks...	325
			Dem..	Alton B. Parker...	12	5,098,225	149	H. G. Davis...	149
			S. Dm	Eugene V. Debs...		386,955		Benj. Hanford...	
1904	45	476	Pro...	S. C. Swallow...		254,923		G. W. Carroll...	
			Pop...	T. E. Watson...		117,257		T. H. Prebles...	
			S. Lab	C. H. Corregan...		29,222		W. W. Cox...	
				Scattering		14,961			

Three electoral votes of Georgia cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, 6, and Louisiana, 3, cast for U. S. Grant, were rejected. If all had been included in the count, the electoral vote would have been 300 for U. S. Grant and 66 for opposing candidates.

ELECTION STATISTICS, 1904.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
ADAMS Co.—2d dist.								
Adams.....	32	6	91	1				59
Big Flats.....	14		86	4				72
Colburn.....	11	3	75	5				64
Dell Prairie.....	27	2	81	2				54
Easton.....	17	1	85					68
Jackson.....	16	9	102					86
Leola.....	5	3	58	2				53
Lincoln.....	19	2	71					52
Monroe.....	2	2	113					111
New Chester.....	5	6	56	3				51
New Haven.....	52		109	1				57
Preston.....	5	2	37	6				32
Quincy.....	13	1	60		1			47
Richfield.....	17	4	64					47
Rome.....	15	2	72	2				57
Springville.....	13	2	76	2	1			63
Strong's Prairie.....	10	3	163	1				153
Total.....	273	48	1,399	29	2			1,126
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								1,126
ASHLAND Co.—10th dist.								
Ashland, city:	604	70	2,034	172				1,430
1st ward.....	28	5	250	7	2	1		
2d ward.....	39	13	298	14				
3d ward.....	61	8	247	8				
4th ward.....	39	2	132	9				
5th ward.....	95	7	205	12				
6th ward.....	66	7	173	12				
7th ward.....	73	3	198	30				
8th ward.....	68	2	184	41				
9th ward.....	72	7	139	24				
10th ward.....	63	11	208	15				
Agenda, town.....	29	4	90	1	1			61
Ashland, town.....	23	1	121	3				98
Butternut.....	26	7	52	2				26
Butternut, village.....	33	8	92	2				59
Gordon.....	9	1	55	8				46
Jacobs.....	80	7	303	13				223
La Pointe.....	10	2	28	2				18
Morse.....	63	5	242	14				177
Sanborn:	123	12	389	18	2	2		264
1st precinct.....	17	1	49					
2d precinct.....	103	7	292	15				
3d precinct.....	5	4	48	2	2	2		
Total.....	1,004	117	3,406	235	5	3		2,402
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								2,402
BARRON Co.—11th dist.								
Almena.....	53	1	56			3		3
Barron.....	13	12	120					107
Bear Lake.....	20	1	27		1			7
Cedar Lake.....	11	1	35	7				24
Chetek.....	9	1	123	4	2			119
Clinton.....	39	4	174	3				135
Crystal Lake.....	12	7	86	2		1		74
Cumberland.....	18	6	176	2		1		158
Dallas.....	2	35	158	3				156
Dover.....	11	27	128	3				117
Doyle.....	9	2	71	2	1			62

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
BARRON Co.—Con.								
Lakeland	13	5	76			1		63
Maple Grove	22	32	250				2	228
Oak Grove	59	1	60		5			1
Prairie Farm	9	8	173					164
Rice Lake	28	1	64		6			36
Stanford	7	3	87		2	1		80
Stanley	17	6	130					113
Sumner	8	5	78		2			70
Turtle Lake	16	3	78		5			62
Vance Creek	9	4	51			1		72
Cameron, village	24	2	72				1	48
Dallas, village	2	5	82		1			80
Prairie Farm, village	1	6	55					55
Turtle Lake, village	13		70				3	57
Barron, city	37	21	256		5	1	1	219
Chetek, city	14	7	138					124
Cumberland, city	37	16	225		2			188
Rice Lake, city:	112		440		43	1		328
1st ward	26	2	100	13				
2d ward	32	2	123	6				
3rd ward	29	5	72	7				
4th ward	25	6	145	17	1			
Total	625	243	3,575	103	9	11		2,950
Dem. plurality								
Net Rep. plurality								2,950
BAYFIELD Co.—11th dist.								
Bayfield	107	13	392	6		3		285
Bell	3		13	9				10
Cable	10	1	69					59
Drummond	5	4	143	2				138
Eileen	6	3	60	1	1			54
Iron River	58	11	544	4				486
1st precinct	57	11	531	4				
2d precinct	1		13					
Mason		24	300	1				276
Pratt		8	139	1		1		131
Port Wing		9	138	4		1		129
Washburn, town		8	78	1				70
Washburn, city		112	789	3		2		677
1st ward	5		38	1				
2d ward	29		99			1		
3d ward	23	3	109	1				
4th ward	7	3	132	1				
5th ward	16	10	194					
6th ward	13	4	73					
7th ward	10	4	104			1		
8th ward	4	1	40					
Total	350	81	2,665	32	1	7		2,315
Dem. plurality								
Net Rep. plurality								2,315
BROWN Co.—9th dist.								
Allouez	28	2	58	9	1	1		30
Ashwaubenon	23	1	87					59
Bellevue	84	3	60	1				24
De Pere	81		46					35
Eaton	98	1	79	1				19
Glenmore	85	5	165					80
Green Bay	36	2	119	4				83
Holland	159	4	59	1			109	
Howard	77	1	238	1				161
Humboldt	42	4	109					67
Lawrence	48	2	153					103
Morrison	96	2	214		1			118
New Denmark	52	4	218	1				166
Pittsfield	52	3	151	1				79
Preble	77	6	194	17		2		117
Rockland	89	1	48				41	

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swal- low, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Dabs, Soc. Dem.	Peo- ple's party	Soc. Lab party	PLURALI- TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
BROWN Co.—Cont.								
Scott.....	95		95	2				1
Suamico.....	41	6	195	1				151
Wrightstown.....	91	2	135	6				44
Wrightstown, village.	54	2	64					10
De Pere, city of:	311	10	559	21	2			248
1st ward.....	66	3	174	4	1			
2d ward.....	93	3	125	6				
3d ward.....	77		167	3	1			
4th ward.....	75	4	93	8				
Green Bay, city of:	940	46	3,009	263	4	11		2,669
1st ward.....	129	3	412	27				
2d ward.....	116	5	377	18		1		
3d ward.....	99	2	288	7				
4th ward.....	139	8	438	54	3	9		
5th ward.....	125	6	344	41				
6th ward, 1st precinct	106	5	236	19				
6th ward, 2d precinct	56	3	154	7	1	1		
7th ward, 1st precinct	47	3	210	13				
7th ward, 2d precinct	23	2	130	9				
8th ward, 1st precinct	69	6	279	35				
8th ward, 2d precinct	31	3	141	33				
Total.....	2,667	109	6,027	329	8	14	228	3,588
Dem. plurality.....								228
Net Rep. plurality.....								3,360
BUFFALO Co.—7th dist.								
Alma, town.....	36	1	88		6			52
Alma, city.....	108	1	147					39
1st ward.....	54	1	42					
2d ward.....	23		49					
3d ward.....	31		56					
Belvedere, town.....	58	1	86	1	1			28
Buffalo.....	54		35				19	
Buffalo, city.....	26	1	19				7	
Canton, town.....	35	3	69	1				64
Cross, town.....	47		46				1	
Dover, town.....	23	2	147					124
Fountain City.....	93		151					58
1st ward.....	38		71					
2d ward.....	55		80					
Gilmanston, town.....	22	2	133	1				111
Glencoe.....	65	2	57	2			3	
Lincoln.....	53	1	42	2	1		14	
Maxville.....	12	10	66					54
Milton.....	25		24				1	
Modena.....	14	19	121					128
Mondovi.....	11	4	143	1				132
Mondovi, city:..	39	7	248	1	1			209
1st ward.....	19	6	122					
2d ward.....	20	1	126	1				
Montana.....	32	2	53	1				21
Naples.....	1		162					161
Neelson.....	72	8	213					141
Waumandee.....	87		45		1		41	
Total.....	911	61	2,147	10	9		86	1,322
Dem. plurality.....								86
Net Rep. plurality.....								1,236
BURNETT Co.—11th dist.								
Anderson.....	2	3	102	2	1	1		100
Blaine.....	6	2	71		2			65
Grantsburg.....	14	4	171	3				157
Grantsburg, village.....	20	21	131	6	3			111
Jackson.....	2		63	1				64
Jackson.....	2		2					50
La Follette.....	8	2	53			1		50
Marshland.....	3	6	138	8				135
Meenou.....	4	2	103	4	1			102
Rusk.....	6	2	57	1				51

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, S. c. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
CLARK Co.—7th dist.								
Beaver.....	11	4	101	10				90
Colby.....	43	3	90	2				47
Dewhurst.....	3	3	25					22
Eaton.....	18	1	111					53
Fremont.....	15	4	144	1				129
Grant.....	45	7	195	1				150
Green Grove.....	26	2	83					57
Hewett.....	3	1	40					37
Hixon.....	21	1	142	12				121
Hoard.....	4		111	4				107
Lewis.....	22	2	68					46
Loyal.....	21	6	133	3				104
Lynn.....	27	6	98	1				71
Longwood.....	17	4	72	1				55
Mayville.....	28	3	132	2				104
Mead.....	5	1	24					19
Mentor.....	41	19	121	2				77
Pine Valley.....	45	7	177					132
Reseburg.....	39	12	68	3				29
Sherman.....	20	3	132	1				112
Seif.....	11		17	1				6
Sherwood.....	22		49					47
Thorp.....	14	3	91	1				75
Unity.....	6	8	139	2				123
Warner.....	28	8	108	1				80
Washburn.....	26	3	63	3				27
Weston.....	75	5	100	1				25
Withee.....	27	1	73	7		1		51
Worden.....	29	1	89	2	1			51
York.....	19	18	166					147
Abbotsford, village.....	31	5	168	4				134
Colby, city.....	51	1	86	1				35
Dorchester, village.....	26	3	70	1				44
Greenwood, city.....	31	5	129					95
Loyal, village.....	33	11	124	1				86
Neillsville, city.....	100	10	30	3				
1st ward.....	25	2	119					
2d ward.....	32	2	105					270
3d ward.....	43	6	146	3				
Thorp, village.....	32	9	107	2				75
Withee, village.....	13	5	71	6				58
Total.....	1,050	181	4,091	79	1	1		3,041
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								3,041
COLUMBIA Co.—2d dist.								
Arlington.....	52	6	128	2				76
Caledonia.....	59	9	135	2				76
Columbus, town.....	76	1	73	1		3		114
Courtland.....	33	8	144					60
Dekorra.....	49	5	139	3				13
Fort Winnebago.....	60		73	1				24
Fountain Prairie.....	94	3	118					52
Hampden.....	67	1	119	2				89
Leeds.....	66	2	155	3				87
Lewiston.....	41	4	128	3				91
Lodi.....	35	4	126					77
Lowville.....	35	7	112	1				66
Marcellon.....	43	13	109					71
Newport.....	18	2	89	1				161
Otsego.....	48	5	209	4				7
Pacific.....	14	5	21	18				95
Randolph.....	51	2	146	1				95
Scott.....	74	7	109	1				104
Springvale.....	21	7	125	2				66
West Point.....	41	4	107	1				145
Wycocna.....	35	17	189	14				95
Cambria, village.....	25	14	120	3				48
Fall River.....	25	1	73	1				123
Kilbourn City.....	75	3	204	3	2			

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities, and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swal- low, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo- ple's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALI- TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
COLUMBIA Co.—Cont.								
Lodi, village	54	8	213	2				159
Pardeeville	27	14	160	9				133
Poynette, village	47	7	115	11				68
Randolph, village, W.W.	4	5	51					47
Rio, village	27	3	130	1				103
Columbus	202	7	356	8				
1st ward	66	3	136	3				
2d ward	59	2	110	3				154
3d ward	77	2	110	2				
Portage	472	32	763	60				
1st ward	83	3	64	10				
2d ward	82	14	145	6				
3d ward	53	10	143	9	1			291
4th ward	121		195	14				
5th ward	133	5	211	21				
Total	1,907	200	4,730	153	3		3	2,826
Dem. plurality								3
Net Rep. plurality								2,823
CRAWFORD Co.—3rd dist.								
Bridgeport	35	2	22	1			13	
Clayton	164	10	221	1				57
Eastman	163	2	110	5			53	
Freeman	39	7	302	2				263
Haney	37	2	114	1				77
Haney	45	2	120	2				75
Marietta	73		32				41	
Prairie du Chien	85	8	112	1				27
Scott	139		128	1			15	
Seneca	49		297	2				248
Ut ca	36	3	71	4				35
Wauzeka	13	2	45					32
Bell Center, village	2	3	19					17
De Sota, village	18		90					72
Gays Mills, village	8	3	69					63
Lynxville, village	8	5	282	10				
Prairie du Chien, city	60		40	1				
1st ward	133	1	102	5			75	
2d ward	130	3	111	3				
3d ward	130	1	29	1				
4th ward	34	1	29	1				
Soldiers Grove, village	41	6	140					99
Stauben, village	25	2	34	1				9
Stauben, village	33	1	75	1				42
Wauzeka, village	33	1	75	1				42
Total	1,362	58	2,279	32			197	1,114
Dem. plurality								197
Net Rep. plurality								917
DANE Co.—2d dist.								
Albion	35	20	324					289
Belleville, village	36	3	74	1				83
Berry	144	2	50				94	7
Black Earth	34	10	41	1				78
Black Earth, village	18	8	96					60
Blooming Grove	142	3	202	1				10
Blue Mounds	42	8	192	1	1			22
Bristol	123	5	106					125
Burke	81	4	206	5				112
Cambridge, village	16	2	123	1				278
Christiana	75	5	353	2				135
Cottage Grove	93	13	223	3				157
Cross Plains	203	2	46	1				28
Dane	79	4	107	1				32
Dane, village	33		32				1	85
Deerfield	63	3	148	1				90
Deerfield, village	26	3	116	5				62
De Forest, village	18	1	80					217
Dunkirk	16	1	277	2				148
Dunn	36	4	216					

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
DANE Co.—2d dist. Con.								
Elchburg.....	94	2	122					28
Madison, town.....	79	4	173		1			94
Madison, city.....	2,018	70	3,466	13	2	1		1,448
1st ward.....	148	7	352	4				
2d ward.....	170	3	514	21				
3d ward.....	191	4	261	20				
4th ward.....	240	12	322	12				
5th ward, 1st precinct	163	6	435	11				
5th ward, 2d precinct	124	7	233	7				
6th ward, 1st precinct	197	3	295	13				
6th ward, 2d precinct	128	9	247	21				
7th ward.....	266	3	274	20	1	1		
8th ward.....	268	9	285	31				
9th ward.....	165	13	144	9				
10th ward.....	18	1	104	2	1			
Mazomanie.....	40	5	60					20
Mazomanie, village.....	87	10	127		2			40
Medina.....	109	22	167					58
Middleton.....	212	4	161		1			
Montrose.....	90	15	81		2			51
Mt. Horeb, village.....	61	8	168					9
Oregon.....	72	2	135					107
Oregon, village.....	62	8	127		2			63
Perry.....	26	5	189		4			65
Primrose.....	31	5	125		1			163
Pleasant Springs.....	24	3	317		3			94
Roxbury.....	139	3	34		2			293
Rutland.....	20	12	283		1			105
Springdale.....	68	1	174					263
Springfield.....	183	2	31					166
Stoughton, city.....	114	67	831		1			152
1st ward.....	29	19	195		5			717
2d ward.....	12	12	297		3			
3d ward.....	27	21	190		2			
4th ward.....	31	15	149					
Sun Prairie.....	105	2	102					3
Sun Prairie, village.....	115	11	174		1			59
Vienna.....	42	5	183					141
Verona.....	105	14	111					6
Vermont.....	50		126					76
Wauaukee, village.....	80		50		2			30
We tport.....	113	3	119					6
Windsor.....	60	9	287		2			227
York.....	86	11	96		1			10
Total.....	5,679	419	11,041	242	4	1	624	5,986
Dem. plurality.....								624
Net Rep. plurality.....								5,362
DODGE Co.—6th dist.								
Ashippun.....	119	1	135		4			16
Beaver Dam.....	119	1	112					7
Burnett.....	121	3	113					8
Calamus.....	57	13	83					26
Chester.....	62		73		1	2		11
Clyman.....	156	1	91					65
Elba.....	169	8	83					26
Emmett.....	148		73		1			75
Fox Lake.....	41	4	93					52
Herman.....	147	1	124		1			23
Hubbard.....	51	4	137					86
Hustisford.....	244	2	135					109
Lebanon.....	206	1	57		1			149
Leroy.....	132	2	124					8
Lomira.....	112	5	199		3			87
Lowell.....	154	6	153					1
Oak Grove.....	166	5	126		2			40
Portland.....	123	2	83					40
Rubicon.....	116	5	132					16
Shields.....	140	1	30					110

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
DOUGLAS Co.—11th dist.								
Brule	33	6	333	4				300
1st precinct.....	15	3	105	2				
2d precinct.....	12	2	183	2		2		
3d precinct.....	6	1	45					
Gordon	32	6	150	2				113
1st precinct.....	24	5	123	1				
2d precinct.....	8	1	27	1				
Nebegamun	87	12	527	19	1	1		440
1st precinct.....	61	10	331	16	1		1	
2d precinct.....	6		71	1				
3d precinct.....	19	1	79	2				
4th precinct.....	1	1	46			1		
Superior	37	3	205	13		1		168
1st precinct.....	7		67	4		1		
2d precinct.....	8	3	51	4				
3d precinct.....	10		29	3				
4th precinct*.....								
5th precinct.....	12		55	2				
Superior City	785	103	3,349	511	10	25		2,594
1st ward.....	98	7	293	52		1		
2d ward.....	65	5	179	12	2	1		
3d ward.....	29	4	135	16				
4th ward.....	30	2	102	28	1			
1st precinct.....	30	4	103	33		4		
2d precinct.....	52	5	288	45		3		
3d precinct.....	28	6	137	17		6		
4th precinct.....	31	4	277	23		4		
5th ward, east prec't.....	57	8	277	28				
west prec't.....	125	10	321	65		1		
south prec't.....	55	7	242	35	6			
6th ward.....	54	9	239	30		1		
7th ward, 1st precinct.....	22	14	211	29				
2d precinct.....	55	10	349	62	1	4		
8th ward.....	51	3	196	36				
9th ward.....	58							
10th ward.....								
Total	974	130	4,564	549	11	29		3,590
Dem. plurality								
Net Rep. plurality								3,590
DENN Co.—11th dist.								
Colfax, town	4	5	121	1				117
Colfax, village	7	10	114	3				107
Dunn	42	12	153	1				111
Eau Galle	60	10	131	1				71
Elk Mound	11	4	138	1				127
Grant		3	107	2		1		107
Hay River	13	4	91	3				81
Lucas	22	2	89			1		67
Menomonie, town	47	3	185	3		2		138
Menomonie, city	158	16	694	8		1		536
1st ward.....	20	2	147	3				
2d ward.....	44	3	162	2				
3d ward.....	33	4	162	1	1			
4th ward.....	58	7	223	2	1			
New Haven.....	9	2	82					73
Otter Creek.....	1	1	64	6		2	1	63
Peru	12		70					58
Red Cedar.....	28	3	129	6				101
Rock Creek.....	9	2	112					103
Sand Creek.....	10	6	127					117
Sheridan	2		75	2				73
Sherman.....	9	3	113	1				104
Spring Brook.....	16	16	123	1				107
Stanton.....	35	7	178			1		143
Tainter.....	9	1	71	11				62
Tiffany.....	23	3	119	26	1			96
Weston.....	12	6	95	3				83
Wilson.....	7	4	119	3				112
Total	516	123	3,303	84	7	2		2,757
Dem. plurality								
Net Rep plurality								2,757

*No election.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
EAU CLAIRE CO.—7th dist.								
City of Altoona:	46	1	138	1				92
1st ward	21	1	58					
2d ward	25		80	1				
City of Augusta:	53	11	194	27				136
City of Eau Claire:	665	97	2,559	143	8	2		1,894
1st ward	78	4	167					
2d ward	77	8	270	23	1			
3d ward	56	19	318	4	1			
4th ward	18	4	138	3		1		
5th ward	52	6	206	8				
6th ward	69	18	278	5				
7th ward	43	12	298	11	5			
8th ward	89	8	322	34				
9th ward	107	13	299	16	1	1		
10th ward	76	5	233	39				
Bridge Creek	71	5	102	1	1	1		31
Brunswick	36	2	87	3				51
Clear Creek	33	2	90	2				57
Drammen	3	5	141					158
Fairchild	26	4	61	2				35
Village of Fairchild	25		157	2	1			132
Lincoln	11)	6	105		2		5	
Luddington	16	1	132	4		1		116
Otter Creek	10	1	108	1				98
Pleasant Valley	20	9	165					145
Seymour	27	7	64	5				37
Union	34	5	89	5		1		55
Washington	44	4	151	2		1		107
Total	1,224	160	4,313	108	12	6	5	3,124
Dem. plurality								5
Net Rep. plurality								3,119
FLORENCE CO.—10 dist.								
Commonwealth:								
1st precinct	7	2	105					98
2d precinct	9		23					14
Florence	57	5	326	3				269
Homestead	10	1	108	2				98
Total	83	8	562	5				479
Dem. plurality								
Net Rep. plurality								479
FOND DU LAC CO.—6th dist								
Alto	45	3	217	1				172
Ashford	150	3	158	1				8
Auburn	82	2	157	2				75
Byron	91	9	182	2				91
Calumet	201	4	64	1	1		157	
Eden	131	3	231	6				100
Eldorado	94	4	215	1				121
Empire	86	2	117	1				31
Fond du Lac	163	1	128	6				25
Forest	119	3	119					
Friendship	67	2	121	4	1			54
Lamartine	70	5	198	2				128
Marshfield	348	3	45				203	
Mitomen	61	10	155					124
Oakfield	33	3	159					126
Osceola	77	7	185		1			108
Ripon	50	5	179					129
Rosendale	35	12	183					153
Springvale	78	4	159		1			81
Taychedah	190	3	69		1		121	
Waupun	38	3	147		2			109

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peop- le's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALI- TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
GRANT Co.—3d dist.								
Beetown	59	4	139	24	3			80
Bloomington	55	4	88	1				33
Boscobel	125	5	320	8				195
Cassville	75	5	50			25		
Castle Rock	95	1	37		1	58		
Clifton	41	11	190	1				149
Ellenboro	24	1	155					131
Fennimore	42	7	148		1			166
Glen Haven	62	3	115	2				53
Harrison	64		148					84
Hazel Green	102	2	86			16		
Hickory Grove	40	2	110	1				70
Jamestown	137	1	39	2		98		
Lancaster	79	7	272	1				193
Liberty	78		102					24
Lima	71	8	129					58
Little Grant	17	4	101					84
Marion	63	6	51			12		
Millville	6	11	49			1		43
Mt Hope	40	14	125					85
Mt. Ida	45	13	115	1				70
Muscoda	47		46			1		
Paris	89	1	67			22		
Patch Grove	49	9	102	1				53
Platteville	56	3	117					61
Potosi	143	2	147	1				4
Smelse	65	6	150					85
Waterloo	36	3	140	1				104
Watterstown	33	4	103					70
Wingville	48		140					92
Woodman	59	9	43	3		16		
Wyalusing	44	8	176					132
Bloomington, village	41	9	107	7	1			66
Cassville, village	98	3	121	4	1			23
Cuba City, village	69	4	100					31
Fennimore, village	73	9	189	1				116
Hazel Green, village	35	5	91					56
Montfort, village	38	7	89	2				51
Muscoda, village	107	3	69	2		38		
Potosi, village	52		53	2				1
Lancaster, city	128	9	486	2				358
1st ward	30	2	114					
2d ward	29	3	119					
3d ward	36	1	115					
4th ward	33	3	138					
Platteville, city	256	16	699	2	10	1		443
1st ward	85		186					
2d ward	68	8	186	6	1			
3d ward	43	4	186					
4th ward	60	4	141	4				
Total	2,886	219	5,804	77	8	1	2.6	3,204
Dem plurality								286
Net Rep. plurality								2,918
GREEN Co.—1st dist.								
Adams	76		66	1			10	
Albany	32	20	99					67
Albany, village	42	34	113	4	1			71
Brookland	48	20	186	3	1	1		138
Brookhead:								240
1st ward	37	13	313	24	55			
2d ward	36	10	167	31				
Browntown	27	3	39					17
Cadiz	70	19	144			2		74
Clarno	85	3	127		1			42
Decatur	21	8	111	3				53
Exeter	47	18	83					36
Jefferson	6	27	174					114
Jordan	70	2	84	1				14
Monroe	79		83					4

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swal- low, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo- ple's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALI- TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
GREEN Co.—Con.								
Monroe, city.....	355	24	589	31				234
1st ward.....	71	5	162	4				
2d ward.....	83	5	125	14				
3d ward.....	100	10	155	10				
4th ward.....	101	4	147	3				
Mt. Pleasant.....	64	3	64	2				
Monticello.....	50	4	82	8				32
New Glarus.....	47	3	60	2				13
New Glarus, village.....	54	1	80	18				26
Spring Grove.....	46	8	127	8				81
Sylvester.....	19	6	140					121
Washington.....	79		56				23	
York.....	22	3	167	2				145
Total.....	1,466	219	2,990	139	5	1	33	1,557
Dem. Plurality.....								33
Net Rep. plurality.....								1,524
GREEN LAKE Co.—2d dist.								
Berlin, city.....	318	24	654	21	1			336
1st ward.....	51	7	130	6				
2d ward.....	90	2	164	4				
3d ward.....	73	3	163	4				
4th ward.....	48	8	89	2				
5th ward.....	56	4	108	6	1			
Town of Berlin.....	41	5	126	2				85
Town of Brooklyn.....	47	7	161	2				114
Town of Green Lake.....	85	9	171	2				86
Town of Kingston.....	93	7	102					9
Town of Mackford.....	63	8	139		1			76
Town of Manchester.....	103	2	107	1	1			4
Town of Marquette.....	76	6	67	1			9	
Town of Princeton.....	77	2	131	1				54
Town of Seneca.....	58	2	47	1			11	
Town of St. Marie.....	62	2	74					12
Village of Da ford.....	23	1	119					96
Village of Markesan.....	68	5	121	4				53
Village of Princeton.....	155	4	162	8				7
Total.....	1,269	84	2,181	43	3		20	932
Dem. plurality.....								20
Net Rep. plurality.....								912
Iowa Co.—3d dist.								
Arena.....	75	22	177					102
Brigham.....	64	3	249	1				185
Clyde.....	80	2	54				26	
Dodgeville.....	100	12	248	1				148
Eden.....	47	4	86					39
Highland.....	145	1	132	1			13	
Lindea.....	61	16	193	4				132
Mifflin.....	37	12	212	2				175
Mineral Point.....	84	11	148		1			64
Moscow.....	54	4	222	1				168
Pulaski.....	116		172					56
Ridgeway.....	82	10	93	3	1			11
Waldwick.....	65	3	109					44
Wyoming.....	48	7	87	1				39
Dodgeville, city.....	114	23	392	2				278
Mineral Point, city.....	255	20	370					115
1st ward.....	60	8	82	1				
2d ward.....	79	8	125					
3d ward.....	47	2	78					
4th ward.....	69	2	85					
Cobb, village.....	20	3	39					19
Highland, village.....	127	1	77				50	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo. ple's party	Soc. Lab party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
IOWA Co.—Con.								
Linden, vi lage.....	14	6	143	1	.....	.....	.....	129
Rewey, village.....	9	1	61	1	1	.....	.....	52
Ridgeway, village.....	42	1	64	2	.....	.....	.....	22
Total.....	1,639	102	3,223	21	3	.....	89	1,778
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	89
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,689
IRON Co.—10th Dist.								
Anderson.....	17	2	69	1	.....	.....	.....	43
Knight.....	22	1	249	3	1	.....	.....	227
Montreal.....	25	7	170	.....	1	.....	.....	145
Saxon.....	20	5	184	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Vaughn:	162	10	587	10	.....	1	.....	164
1st precinct.....	87	6	314	4	.....	1	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	54	3	162	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	4	.....	28	2	.....	.....	.....	425
4th precinct.....	17	1	63	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	246	25	1,250	16	3	1	.....	1,001
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,004
JACKSON Co.—7th Dist.								
Albion.....	36	5	264	.....	1	.....	.....	228
Alma.....	21	7	120	.....	.....	.....	.....	99
Alma Center, village ..	23	3	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	43
Bear Bluff.....	3	1	20	1	.....	.....	.....	17
Black River Falls, city	71	10	351	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	11	5	82	.....	.....	.....	.....	280
2d ward.....	5	3	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	17	1	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	33	1	122	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brockway.....	22	1	77	13	.....	.....	.....	55
City Point.....	9	.....	45	1	.....	.....	.....	37
Cleveland.....	70	1	67	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Curran.....	9	1	157	.....	.....	.....	.....	128
Franklin.....	3	4	125	2	.....	.....	.....	122
Garden Valley.....	24	.....	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	57
Garfield.....	2	9	134	1	.....	.....	.....	132
Hixton.....	32	14	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	92
Irving.....	55	2	120	.....	.....	.....	.....	65
Knapp.....	6	1	59	2	.....	.....	.....	44
Manchester.....	8	4	89	.....	.....	.....	.....	81
Melrose.....	30	8	243	.....	.....	.....	.....	216
Merrillan, village.....	21	7	122	2	.....	.....	.....	101
Millston.....	12	2	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	61
Northfield.....	4	7	210	1	.....	.....	.....	206
Springfield.....	13	5	224	2	.....	.....	.....	206
Total.....	479	92	2,716	23	1	.....	3	2,270
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,267
JEFFERSON Co.—2d dist.								
Aztalan.....	131	2	95	5	.....	.....	23	.....
Cold Spring.....	31	5	61	2	.....	.....	.....	97
Concord.....	151	2	105	2	.....	.....	49	.....
Farmington.....	238	4	74	.....	.....	.....	164	.....
Hebron.....	86	3	123	1	.....	.....	.....	37
Ixonia.....	163	7	124	2	.....	.....	39	.....
Jefferson:	231	1	115	.....	.....	.....	116	.....
1st precinct.....	145	.....	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2nd precinct.....	86	.....	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Koshkonong.....	141	7	163	1	.....	.....	.....	25
Lake Mills.....	80	5	152	3	1	.....	.....	72
Millford.....	89	10	115	1	26
Oakland.....	95	177	2	82
Palmyra.....	22	5	121	99
Sullivan.....	169	10	209	1	100

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Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
JEFFERSON Co.—Con.								
Sumner.....	49	8	64	.....	.....	.....	71	15
Waterloo.....	126	4	55	1	.....	.....	109	.....
Watertown.....	214	1	105	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Franklinson.....	323	34	477	9	.....	.....	.....	154
1st ward.....	64	9	155	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	61	13	128	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	88	11	77	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	110	1	127	2	1	1	.....	.....
Jefferson:	458	5	220	7	.....	.....	218	.....
1st ward.....	83	2	82	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	12	1	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	121	1	58	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	112	1	25	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown:	693	9	510	27	.....	.....	156	.....
1st ward.....	213	4	167	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	153	2	153	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	115	1	99	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	76	.....	69	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	131	2	52	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Johnson Creek, village..	85	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	37	.....
Lake Mills, village.....	76	10	231	9	.....	.....	.....	205
Palmyra, village.....	37	5	111	3	.....	.....	.....	104
Waterloo, village.....	161	9	131	14	.....	.....	60	.....
Total.....	3,773	147	3,600	99	2	1	1055	916
Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	916	.....
Net Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	109	.....
ONEAU Co.—3d dist.								
Armenia.....	30	2	139	4	.....	.....	.....	109
Clearfield.....	24	2	69	10	.....	.....	.....	45
Cutler.....	14	2	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	42
Finley.....	7	3	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	19
Fountain.....	33	3	185	.....	1	.....	.....	152
Germantown.....	33	4	96	.....	2	.....	.....	52
Kildare.....	44	2	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	46
Kingston.....	12	.....	47	2	.....	.....	.....	35
Lemonweir.....	74	8	176	.....	2	2	.....	102
Lindina.....	80	11	133	.....	.....	.....	.....	56
Lisbon.....	22	1	123	2	.....	.....	.....	101
Lyndon.....	50	1	59	.....	.....	.....	.....	9
Marion.....	36	.....	36	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Necedah.....	79	10	324	.....	1	.....	.....	245
Orange.....	11	2	93	1	2	.....	.....	82
Plymouth.....	55	.....	160	1	.....	.....	.....	105
Seven Mile Creek.....	91	.....	70	.....	.....	.....	21	.....
Summit.....	67	2	98	1	.....	.....	.....	31
Woneoc.....	102	5	155	2	1	.....	.....	53
Camp Douglas, village..	25	2	88	1	.....	.....	.....	63
Lyndon Station, village..	29	.....	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	17
Woneoc, village.....	47	2	151	.....	.....	.....	.....	107
Elroy, city:	103	5	320	11	.....	.....	.....	217
1st ward.....	28	3	145	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	65	2	175	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mauston, city:	131	7	286	.....	.....	.....	.....	155
1st ward.....	51	1	109	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	77	6	177	2	3	.....	.....	.....
New Lisbon.....	40	5	208	.....	.....	.....	.....	168
1st ward.....	26	1	108	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	14	4	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,214	79	3,234	42	12	2	21	2,011
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,990
KENOSHA Co.—1st dist.								
Brighton.....	111	4	87	.....	1	.....	24	.....
Bristol.....	46	3	246	1	.....	.....	.....	200
Paris.....	88	7	83	3	.....	.....	2	.....
Pleasant Prairie.....	87	6	250	14	.....	.....	.....	193

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parter, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc Lab. party	PLURALITY TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
KENOSHA Co.—Con.								
Randall	39	3	145	2				106
Salem	132	1	279	2				147
Somers	73	10	285	8				212
Wheatland	90	1	108	1				18
Kenosha, city:	926	42	1,777	409	4	4		851
1st ward	146	5	211	53				
2d ward	68	7	214	23				
3rd ward	150	15	405	95	1	1		
4th ward	123	5	359	81				
5th ward	94	5	224	71	2			
6th ward	95	1	113	22				
7th ward	112	2	114	33		2		
8th ward	138	2	137	28		1		
Total	1,592	77	3,263	440	5	4	26	1,727
Dem. plurality								26
Net Rep. plurality								1,701
KEWAUNEE Co.—9th dist.								
Algoma, city	175	3	225	15				50
Ahnapee, town	146		69	1			77	
Carlton, town	66	1	190	8				124
Casco, town	160	2	73	2			87	
Franklin, town	167	6	104	8			63	
Kewaunee, city	169	2	165	34			4	
Lincoln, town	84	2	82	1			2	
Luxemburg, town	129	7	146	6				17
Montpelier, town	108	4	150	4				42
Pierce, town	89	2	76	3	1		43	
Red River, town	21	1	195	1				174
West Kewaunee, town	143	6	133	17	2		10	
Total	1,457	36	1,578	100	3		286	407
Dem. plurality								286
Net Rep. plurality								121
LA CROSSE Co.—7th dist.								
Bangor	41	4	88					47
Bangor, village	75	3	122	3				47
Bane	72	1	59				22	
Burns	64	10	133	1				89
Campbell	61	5	91					30
Farmington	98	9	253	8				155
Greenfield	76	2	74	1			2	
Hamilton	35	4	213	1				268
Holland	9	8	223	2				214
Onalaska, village	34	17	175	1				141
Shelby	96	3	84	1		2	12	
Washington	90		71				19	
West Salem, village	47	4	163	2				116
Onalaska, city	39	21	174					135
1st ward	9	2	46					
2d ward	18	16	74					
3d ward	12	3	54					
La Crosse, city	2,252	99	3,512	99	7	2		1,290
1st ward	168	6	178	5				
2d ward	118	3	181	3				
3d ward	192	1	144	8	3			
4th ward	94	7	225	1				
5th ward	86	4	144	4				
6th ward	103	4	178	2				
7th ward	75	12	215	4				
8th ward	218	9	174	15				
9th ward	51	16	244	5				
10th ward	68	3	233	8	3	1		
11th ward	97	5	172	4				
12th ward	99	5	129	4	1			
13th ward	117	3	144	2				
14th ward	81		211	3				
15th ward	154		136	6		1		

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities, and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swal- low, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo- ple's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALI- TIES	
							Dem.	Rep.
LA CROSSE Co.—Con.								
16th ward.....	38	2	139	2				
17th ward.....	126	2	197	7				
18th ward.....	194	4	151	9				
19th ward.....	53	5	153	4				
20th ward.....	40	4	123	2				
21st ward.....	75	4	53	1				
Total.....	3,039	150	5,503	119	7	4	53	2,472
Dem. plurality.....								55
Net Rep. plurality.....								2,417
LA FAYETTE Co.—1st dist.								
Argyle.....	52	5	127					75
Belmont.....	92	3	73				19	33
Benton.....	72	3	124					52
Blanchard.....	33	3	71					23
Darlington.....	110	6	153	1				43
Elk Grove.....	70	4	112					42
Fayette.....	74	4	114	1				40
Gratiot.....	113	5	148	1				35
Kendall.....	100	1	47				62	
Lamont.....	41	2	103	1				62
Monticello.....	21		52					31
New Diggings.....	78	6	174	1				93
Seymour.....	97	1	84				13	
Shullsburg.....	90	1	93					3
Wayne.....	45	17	197		1			152
White Oak Springs.....	16		69					53
Willow Springs.....	133	13	83	1			50	
Wiota.....	69	6	259	4		1		180
Argyle, village.....	44	3	105					61
Belmont, village.....	53	5	77					24
Benton, village.....	50	3	74					15
Blanchardville, village.....	33	4	115	1		2		82
Gratiot, village.....	47		43	6			4	
Darlington:	225	6	245	11				20
1st ward.....	118	2	133	5				
2d ward.....	107	4	137	6				
Shullsburg:	152	6	133					19
1st ward.....	48	2	70					
2d ward.....	104	4	63					
Total.....	1,928	106	2,875	28	1	3	167	1,114
Dem. plurality.....								167
Net Rep. plurality.....								947
LANGLADE Co.—10th dist.								
Ackley.....	52	4	83	4				31
Antigo.....	79	1	130	2				51
Etcho.....	15		103	1				83
Elton.....	12		42	1				30
Evergreen.....	40	2	40					
Langlade.....	23		42					19
Neva.....	80	2	88	2				8
Norwood.....	60	3	132	2				72
Peck.....	12	1	72	1				60
Polar.....	65	3	130	2				65
Price.....	48		65		1			17
Rolling.....	77	3	133	1				56
Sommit.....	13		30					17
Upham.....	16	1	65					49
Vilas.....	14		23					14
City of Antigo.....	412	26	922	13	1	1		510
1st ward.....	38	4	129	3	1			
2d ward.....	54	2	173					
3d ward.....	69	3	116	1		1		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab party	PLURALITIES	
							Dem.	Rep.
LANGLADE Co.—Con.								
City of Antigo.....	115	8	132	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	59	7	140	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	77	2	232	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,018	43	2,105	31	2	1	.....	1,037
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,037
LINCOLN Co.—10th dist.								
Buch, town.....	9	1	71	4	.....	.....	.....	62
Bradley, town.....	20	4	53	5	.....	.....	.....	33
Corning, town.....	27	1	93	4	.....	.....	.....	69
Harrison, town.....	31	1	74	3	.....	.....	.....	43
King, town.....	4	1	23	3	.....	.....	.....	22
Merrill, town.....	25	1	110	.....	.....	.....	.....	55
Merrill, city.....	533	33	1,433	21	12	2	.....	950
1st ward.....	84	3	119	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	49	1	116	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	70	8	194	.....	7	1	.....	.....
4th ward.....	83	5	313	4	2	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	44	5	201	3	1	1	.....	.....
6th ward.....	89	13	270	4	2	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	114	3	210	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pine River, town.....	60	.....	143	4	.....	.....	.....	83
Russell, town.....	15	3	87	3	.....	.....	.....	72
Rock Falls, town.....	13	3	46	24	.....	.....	.....	33
Scott, town.....	61	4	130	2	.....	.....	.....	63
Schley, town.....	27	5	153	.....	1	.....	.....	132
Tomahawk, town.....	20	4	69	1	1	.....	.....	49
Tomahawk, city.....	159	3	393	35	.....	1	.....	144
1st ward.....	34	.....	68	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	46	1	61	12	.....	1	.....	.....
3d ward.....	51	2	83	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	28	.....	91	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,004	69	2,850	109	14	3	.....	1,846
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,846
MANITOWOC Co.—8th dist.								
Cato.....	153	6	205	7	.....	.....	.....	52
Centerville.....	105	1	177	10	.....	.....	.....	72
Cooperstown.....	114	5	174	4	.....	.....	.....	60
Eaton.....	122	2	143	.....	.....	.....	.....	21
Franklin.....	120	10	178	1	1	.....	.....	53
Gibson.....	72	2	153	19	.....	.....	.....	81
Kossuth.....	111	5	146	14	.....	.....	.....	35
Liberty.....	96	2	203	.....	.....	.....	.....	110
Manitowoc.....	42	1	103	4	.....	.....	.....	66
Manitowoc, city.....	855	22	1,352	334	.....	.....	.....	497
1st ward.....	140	5	251	35	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	65	2	201	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	181	8	339	81	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	101	2	236	32	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	123	2	138	78	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	44	1	111	28	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	201	2	56	75	.....	2	.....	.....
Manitowoc Rapids.....	102	4	227	10	.....	.....	.....	125
Maple Grove.....	104	1	124	1	.....	.....	.....	17
Meeme.....	150	3	123	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mishicot.....	177	6	103	19	.....	.....	21	74
Newton.....	109	7	207	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rockland.....	57	2	196	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schleswig.....	107	2	97	21	.....	.....	.....	.....
Two Creeks.....	51	3	48	11	.....	.....	10	3
Two Rivers.....	114	3	82	5	.....	.....	.....	32
Two Rivers, city.....	401	5	395	143	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	65	2	59	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	54	1	73	20	.....	.....	.....	.....

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
MANITOWOC Co.—Con.								
Two Rivers, city—Con..								
3d ward.....	60		94	27			5	
4th ward.....	101	2	92	48				
5th ward.....	121		78	33				
Reedsville, village.....	48		58					10
Kiel, village.....	64	1	123	63				59
Total.....	3,274	93	4,620	687	1	2	148	1,500
Dem. plurality.....								148
Net Rep. plurality.....								1,352
MARATHON Co.—								
Athens, village.....	55	5	123	5				68
Bergen.....	19	4	104	1				85
Berlin.....	83	1	105					18
Bern.....	37		35			2		
Brighton.....	40	3	101	1				61
Brokaw, village.....	15	1	91	2				76
Cassel.....	115	3	69	3		46		
Cleveland.....	68	4	255	7				187
Colby, east ward.....	7		37	1				30
Day.....	85	2	73	2		12		
Easton.....	41	4	101	1				63
Eau Claire.....	54	1	88	2				34
Edgar, village.....	40	6	127	10				87
Eldron.....	27	2	114	5				87
Emmet.....	121	4	54			67		
Frankfort.....	40	2	74	2				31
Franklin.....	4	1	37					33
Fenwood, village.....	18	1	32	3				14
Halsey.....	43		47					4
Hamburg.....	77	2	97					20
Harrison.....	19	3	33					14
Hewitt.....	12	2	35	1				23
Holton.....	61	1	145	3		1		84
Hull.....	52	2	134	3				82
Johnson.....	60	1	86	2				26
Knowlton.....	11	1	90	2				79
Kronenwetter.....	30		49	1				19
Maine.....	90	4	83	1				
Marathon.....	78	2	39	1		39		
Marathon, village.....	48	1	65					18
McMillan.....	60	1	115	1				55
McMillan, village.....	4	1	35	1				31
Mosinee.....	36		48					12
Mosinee, village.....	27		83	7				61
Norrie.....	31	19	117	1				86
Pike Lake.....	130	1	46	5		84		
Plover.....	13	4	56	2				43
Rib Falls.....	53	1	89	2				36
Reithrock.....	63	1	123	1				60
Ringle.....	28	1	43					20
Spencer.....	33		55	1				41
Spencer, village.....	19	7	60	1				19
Stettin.....	90	2	74	2			16	
Schofield, village.....	35	3	103	2				68
Texas.....	49	6	138	3				89
Wausau.....	84		83	2			1	
Weston.....	67	2	126	3				59
Wein.....	42	3	92	1				50
Wausau, city.....	903	44	2,120	86				
1st ward.....	155	5	170	6	2	4	6	
2d ward.....	152	4	217	4	1	2		
3d ward.....	93	3	204	5				
4th ward.....	70	6	207	5				
5th ward.....	123	7	340	11				1,217
6th ward.....	86	3	195	8	1	1		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con

Counties, Towns, Cities, and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swal- low, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo- ple's party	Soc Lab. party	PLURAL TIES	
							Dem.	Rep.
MARATHON Co.—Con.								
7th ward.....	61	8	322	26	.....	1	.....	.....
8th ward.....	93	4	221	10	.....	1	.....	.....
9th ward.....	65	4	235	11	.....	1	.....	.....
Total	3,225	159	6,144	177	4	7	274	3,193
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	274
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,919
MARINETTE Co.—9th dist.								
Marinette, city.....	455	96	1,858	163	2	4	1	.....
1st ward.....	83	16	289	62	1	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	81	32	361	52	1	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	75	20	465	24	1	.....	.....	1,403
4th ward.....	123	12	337	17	.....	1	.....	.....
5th ward.....	90	16	346	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Peshigo.....	47	9	303	6	4	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	23	6	87	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	14	3	99	2	.....	.....	.....	256
3d ward.....	10	.....	117	3	4	.....	.....	.....
Amberg.....	62	7	333	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	13	1	104	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	5	1	63	5	.....	.....	.....	270
3d ward.....	39	5	132	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Peshigo.....	40	7	251	2	1	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	15	2	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	8	1	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	11	2	91	2	1	.....	.....	214
4th ward.....	4	1	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	2	1	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Porterfield ..	13	4	129	2	.....	.....	.....	116
Grover.....	21	1	243	5	.....	.....	.....	222
Pound.....	52	9	325	2	1	.....	.....	273
Crovitz.....	25	.....	152	.....	.....	.....	.....	127
Wausaukee.....	32	6	205	2	.....	1	.....	123
Dunbar.....	13	4	169	.....	.....	.....	.....	96
Coleman, village.....	6	1	67	2	1	.....	.....	61
Total	816	144	3,977	195	11	2	.....	3,161
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,161
MARQUETTE Co.—1st dist.								
Buffalo.....	85	18	79	4	.....	.....	6	58
Crystal Lake.....	25	2	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	63
Douglas.....	42	3	105	1	.....	.....	.....	58
Harris.....	34	.....	92	.....	.....	.....	.....	14
Mecan.....	45	.....	59	.....	.....	.....	.....	12
Montello.....	46	1	58	2	.....	.....	.....	104
Moundville.....	17	17	121	.....	.....	.....	2	.....
Neshkoro.....	86	2	84	.....	.....	.....	.....	21
Newton.....	41	3	62	1	.....	.....	.....	111
Oxford.....	11	7	125	1	1	1	.....	99
Packwaukee.....	53	10	157	1	.....	.....	.....	7
Shields.....	55	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	81
Springfield.....	27	6	108	.....	1	.....	.....	32
Westfield.....	33	3	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	110
Montello, village.....	96	4	206	.....	.....	.....	.....	87
Westfield, village.....	46	5	133	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	752	81	1,604	10	2	1	8	860
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	852
MILWAUKEE Co.—4th and 5th dists:								
Milwaukee, city:	16,558	807	27,049	17,078	17	48	.....	9,962
1st ward.....	629	15	1098	261	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	594	24	950	603	.....	1	.....	.....
3d ward.....	628	13	416	133	.....	.....	.....	.....

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE Co.—Con.								
Milwaukee, city—Con..								
4th ward.....	986	36	1193	391				
5 h ward.....	678	34	919	622				
6 h ward.....	718	28	1363	749	4	3		
7th ward.....	475	19	913	197	2			
8th ward.....	575	41	1178	609	2	1		
9th ward.....	772	45	1337	1278		5		
10th ward.....	565	30	1510	1156	1	2		
11th ward.....	1071	74	1661	1453		3		
12th ward.....	733	34	893	919		1		
13th ward.....	736	27	1481	1075				
14th ward.....	1525	81	946	963	1			
15th ward.....	720	33	1737	579	3	2		
16th ward.....	788	33	1521	267				
17th ward.....	437	41	1060	724				
18th ward.....	1275	19	1281	370	1	2		
19th ward.....	672	24	977	701				
20th ward.....	610	42	1449	1161	1	12		
21st ward.....	400	35	1044	1132		11		
22d ward.....	451	37	1637	874	1	1		
23d ward.....	514	33	1652	571	1			
South Milwaukee.....	233	15	565	130				217
1st ward.....	43	5	152	26				
2d ward.....	59	1	157	53				
3d ward.....	85	9	190	51				
4th ward.....	60		86	9				
Wauwatosa, city.....	98	15	445	32				317
1st ward.....	26	7	149	4				
2d ward.....	21	3	85	5				
3d ward.....	27	5	115	6				
4th ward.....	24		96	17				
East Milwaukee, village.....	4	1	58	13		1		45
North Milwaukee, vil.....	67	5	173	30		1		106
Whitefish Bay, village..	30	2	63	4		1		58
West Allis, village.....	101	10	318	75				217
Cudahy, village.....	100	6	225	105		4		120
Wauwatosa, town.....	521	37	1,553	333	11	2		1,035
Greenfield, town.....	197	13	613	182	1	1		416
Lake, town.....	279	7	549	179	1			270
Milwaukee, town.....	33	4	337	140		3		237
Granville, town.....	98	7	202	12				104
Franklin, town.....	92	2	186	4				94
Oak Creek, town.....	117	3	163	11				46
Total.....	18,560	931	32,587	18,340	30	61		13,431
Dem. Plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								13,424
MONROE Co.—7th dist.								
Adrian.....	38	7	88	1				50
Angelo.....	17	3	97					80
Byron.....	22	4	109	3				87
Clifton.....	48	1	122					24
Glendale.....	30	12	159	1				120
Grant.....	23	2	75					52
Greenfield.....	59		95	1				36
Jefferson.....	119	4	56	2			63	
Lafayette.....	16	2	67	1		1		51
La Grange.....	32	5	100	1				78
Leon.....	25	2	131	1				109
Lincoln.....	17	1	167	5				150
Little Falls.....	81	6	159	1				78
New Lynne.....	10	1	40					30
Oakdale.....	51	2	84			2		39
Portland.....	42		183	1				144
Ridgeville.....	78		90	1				21
Scott.....	9	2	41	3				32
Sheldon.....	41	13	99	1		4		46
Sparta.....	51	15	183					129
Tomah.....	59	4	113					54
Wellington.....	62	4	123	2				64

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Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo-ple's party	Soc Lab party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
MONROE Co.—Con.								
Wells	61	2	40	1			21	.....
Welton	107		65				41	.....
Sparta, city	197	29	602	3				405
1st ward	47	4	128					.....
2d ward	43	12	159	1				.....
3d ward	48	5	165	1				.....
4th ward	59	8	150	1				.....
Tomah, city	235	13	462	3				227
15t ward	49	7	160	1				.....
2d ward	93	6	171	2				.....
3d ward	93		131					.....
Cashton, village	44	6	89	1				45
Kendall	27		88					61
Norwalk	33		69	1				31
Ontario	4	6	19					15
Welton	47		66	1				19
Total	1,749	146	3,892	35	7		125	2,268
Dem. plurality								125
Net Rep. plurality								2,143
OCONTO Co.—9th dist.								
Armstrong	13	3	187	8				174
Breed	2	2	58					56
Brazeau	34	1	40					57
Chase	32	7	110					78
Howe	66	2	119	1				53
Lena	50	2	109	1				59
Little River	38	5	152	4				114
Little Suamico	37	3	134	1	2	1		97
Maple Valley	16	4	139	23				123
Morgan	23		59					61
Oconto	83	2	122	1				34
Oconto Falls	34	3	77					43
Pensaukee	27	3	345	1				318
1st precinct	17	2	131					.....
2d precinct	6		65					.....
3d precinct	4	1	149	1				.....
Spruce	48	2	110	3	1	1		62
Stiles	41	3	93	1	1			52
Underhill	14	1	122	1				108
Gillett	31	3	212	1				181
Gillett, vil.	22	5	91	4				69
Oconto Falls, village	56	9	185	2	1	1		129
Oconto, city	347	11	735	8				338
N. ward	92	2	142	1		1		.....
E. ward	116	1	225	1				.....
S. ward	65	8	261	6				.....
W. ward	74		107					.....
Total	1,024	71	3,279	65	6	4		2,255
Dem. plurality								.....
Net. Rep. plurality								2,255
ONEIDA Co.—10th dist.								
Cassian	5		53	1				48
Crescent	14	1	42	3		2		28
Gagen	12	5	143	2	1			136
Hazelhurst, 1st precinct	16	4	239	2				207
2d precinct	13	2	41					28
Lynne	2		11					9
Monico	14	5	62	1				48
Newbold	15		35	3				20
Pelican	20	2	94	5				74
Pine Lake	4	1	17					13
Rhineland, city	232	24	733	102	1			536
1st ward	17	5	125	13				.....
2d ward	20	6	121	25				.....
3d ward	27	3	135	11	1			.....
4th ward	41	9	139	14				.....
5th ward	53	1	165	14				.....
6th ward	38		122	22				.....

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swal- low, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Obs. Soc. Dem.	Peo- ple's party	Soc Lab. party	PLURALI- TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
ONEIDA Co.—Con.								
Sugar Camp.....	19		59					40
Schoepke.....	30	2	100					75
Woodboro, 1st precinct.....	9		11	9				2
2d precinct.....			21	1				21
Total.....	375	43	1,710	130	2	2		1,335
Dem. plurality.....								1,335
Net Rep. plurality.....								1,335
OUTAGAMIE Co.—9th dist.								
Appleton, city.....	1,189	55	2,043	54	3			851
1st ward, 1st precinct.....	64	9	255	5	1			
2d precinct.....	48	11	231	5				
2d ward, 1st precinct.....	140	5	277	5	2	2		
2d precinct.....	71	6	160	1				
3d ward, 1st precinct.....	244	1	139	6				
2d precinct.....	54	5	138	4				
4th ward.....	153	3	106	5				
5th ward.....	287	7	261	13				
6th ward.....	123	8	306	10				
Black Creek, town.....	43	2	142					99
Black Creek, village.....	17	1	91	1				74
Bovina.....	30	1	113					83
Buchanan.....	231	6	146	13			88	
Center.....	113	2	132					19
Cicero.....	30	5	170	1				140
Dale.....	113	3	179	2				66
Deer Creek.....	34	3	110					76
Ellington.....	64	8	171					107
Freedom.....	123	3	164	1				36
Grand Chute.....	114	6	159	3				45
Greenville.....	79	2	163	2				87
Hortonia.....	25	2	90	1				65
Hortonville, village.....	53	7	138					82
Kaukauna, town.....	26		97					41
Kaukauna, city.....	330	7	754	18				424
North precinct.....	143	4	338	3				
South precinct.....	187	3	416	15				
Little Chute.....	145	1	56	3			89	
Liberty.....	32	1	70	1				38
Maine.....	20	3	103	3				83
Maple Creek.....	42	3	87					45
New London, 3d ward.....	33		75	2				39
Osborne.....	22	1	85	2				63
Oneida.....	8	1	142	3				134
Seymour, town.....	57		146					89
Seymour, city.....	45	6	183					138
1st ward.....	22	3	108					
2d ward.....	23	3	75	1				
Shiocton, village.....	16		106					90
Vandenbrook.....	73	7	12	2			61	
Welcome, village.....	22		49					27
Total.....	3,143	136	5,949	113	3	2	238	3,044
Dem. plurality.....								253
Net Rep. plurality.....								2,806
OZAUKEE Co.—6th dist.								
Belgium.....	214	2	108	3			106	
Cedarburg.....	108		99	3			9	
Fredonia.....	200	2	123	4	1		77	
Grafton.....	69	1	68	4	1	2	1	
Mequon.....	176	3	257	9				81
Port Washington.....	169	3	71	7			38	
Saukville.....	130	3	152	12	3			2

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
OZAUKEE Co.—Con.								
Cedarburg, city.....	130	1	161	24	1			34
Port Washington, city..	324	12	410	42				86
Grafton, village.....	41		60	4				19
To all.....	1,501	27	1,432	112	6	2	231	222
Rep. plurality.....							222	
Net Dem. plurality.....							9	
PEPIN Co.—7th dist.								
Albany.....	13	2	80	2				67
Franfort.....	15	6	140					125
Durand.....	20	2	34					14
Durand, city.....	101	9	163					67
1st ward.....								
2d ward.....	50	2	71					
Lima.....	51	7	97				1	
Pepin.....							56	
Stockholm.....	82	1	25					220
Stockholm, village.....	39	8	25		1			83
Waterville.....	5		33					33
Waubeek.....	7		45			1	1	122
Total.....	342	30	1,631	3	1	2	56	757
Dem. plurality.....								56
Net Rep. plurality.....								691
PIERCE Co.—11th dist.								
Clifton.....	16	3	66					50
Diamond Bluff.....	8	2	98					90
Ellsworth.....	18	4	196	1	1			178
Elpaso.....	60	2	167	5				47
Gilman.....	11	3	210	4				199
Hartland.....	13	12	188	2				175
Isabella.....	11	1	61					58
Martell.....	17	7	211					204
Maiden Rock.....	5	7	237			1		202
Oak Grove.....	23	5	67	1				41
River Falls.....	53	10	144					88
Rock Elm.....	29	13	153					121
Salem.....	16	10	158	1				137
Spring Lake.....	14	11	163	6	1			152
Trenton.....	8	4	153					145
Timbelle.....	50	2	223					170
Union.....	33	11	202	1				169
Ellsworth, village.....	50	3	133	1				113
Maiden Rock, village..	9	4	67					58
Spring Valley, village..	13	3	204					186
Prescott, city.....	67	10	108					41
1st ward.....	28	2	25					
2d ward.....	27	5	19					
3d ward.....	12	3	44					
River Falls, city:								
2d election district ..	59	3	333	3				274
Total.....	594	130	3,492	25	3			2,898
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								2,898
POLK Co.—11th dist.								
Alden.....	13	17	81	256	1			239
precinct No. 1.....	4	6	146					
precinct No. 2.....		2	110		1			
Apple River.....		5	1	78				73
Balsam Lake.....		16		126	2			110
Beaver.....		8		63	1	1		55
Black Brook.....		3	4	135	4			132
Bone Lake.....		4		39	6			35
Clam Falls.....		11		51	3	1		43
Clayton.....		11	7	120	5			109

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swal- low, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Sec. Dem.	Peo- ple's party	Soc Lab. party	PLURALI- TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
POLK Co.—Cont.								
Clear Lake.....	3	3	125					122
Eureka.....	9	15	162	6		1		153
Farmington.....	35	2	102	1				67
Garfield.....	8	19	134	4		2		126
Georgetown.....	4	1	32	3				28
Johnstown.....			21					21
Laketown.....	11	7	117	3				106
Lincoln.....	12	2	147	1				135
Lorain.....	11		30	1				19
Luck.....	15	1	131	12				116
McKinley.....	1		33					32
Milwaukee.....	13	1	122	11				199
Osceola.....	10	2	152	2				142
St. Croix Falls.....	7	3	91	1				84
Sterling.....	2	3	120					118
West Sweden.....	5		42	9		4		37
Amery, village.....	19	2	136	2				117
Clear Lake, village.....	13	5	88					75
Centoria, village.....	2	4	42	1				40
Frederick, village.....	11	1	113	3				99
Osceola, village.....	16	5	89	4				73
St. Croix Falls, village.....	11	5	85	2				74
Total.....	296	101	2,955	98	2	7		2,689
Dem. plurality.....								2,689
Net Rep. plurality.....								2,689
PORTAGE Co.—8th dist.								
Albion.....	63		193	2				130
Almond.....	41	5	268	2				227
Amherst.....	61	2	298					237
Amherst, village.....	20	1	123	1				108
Belmont.....	37	3	132					95
Buena Vista.....	71	6	166	3				95
Carson.....	116	4	145	1				29
Dewey.....	97	2	20			77		
Eau Claire.....	47	3	146	5				99
Grant.....	33	1	75					42
Hull.....	174	4	53	1		121		
Lanark.....	41	7	142					101
Lenwood.....	24	4	86	3				62
New Hope.....	33		208	1	1			175
Pine Grove.....	16	9	122	1				106
Plover.....	87	13	238	2				151
Sharon.....	280	6	47	2			233	
Stockton.....	238	3	90				148	
Stockton, city.....	689	28	1,076	20				387
1st ward.....	88	3	195	5				
2d ward.....	98	5	267	5				
3d ward.....	103	7	213	1				
4th ward.....	311	10	121	2				
5th ward.....	53	3	169	6				
6th ward.....	31		111	1				
Total.....	2,168	101	3,633	44	1		579	2,044
Dem. plurality.....								579
Net Rep. plurality.....								1,465
PRICE Co.—10th dist.								
Brannan.....	10	7	115	3				105
Catawba.....	17	3	81	2				64
Emery.....	22		59	1				37
Eisenstein.....	10	1	49	2				39
Fifield.....	37	2	90					53
Georgetown.....	15	2	64	1				49
Hackett.....	1	1	46	1				45
Hill.....	11		48					37
Kennan.....	6		55	2				49
Kennan, village.....	20	4	37	2				17

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
PRICE Co.—Con.								
Knox	3	2	184	11	.....	.....	.....	181
Lake	9	6	61	7	.....	.....	.....	52
Ogema	5	4	254	.....	1	.....	.....	249
Prentice	10	4	110	.....	.....	.....	.....	100
Prentice, village.....	32	11	135	6	.....	.....	.....	103
Park Falls, village.....	46	6	286	2	.....	.....	.....	240
Waresboro.....	56	4	196	10	.....	.....	.....	140
Phillips, city.....	91	16	332	21	.....	.....	.....	241
1st ward.....	19	7	104	4	1	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	42	6	133	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	30	3	95	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	401	73	2,202	71	2	.....	.....	1,801
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,801
RACINE Co.—1st dist.								
Racine, City.....	1,441	148	3,286	1,382	145	5	.....	1,845
1st ward.....	116	7	141	50	10	.....	.....	.....
2d ward N.....	45	9	25	22	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward S.....	72	6	156	61	11	.....	.....	.....
3d ward N.....	191	7	259	63	10	.....	.....	.....
3d ward S.....	125	3	209	47	9	.....	.....	.....
4th ward E.....	112	3	126	83	6	1	.....	.....
4th ward W.....	126	10	149	89	16	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	92	13	259	170	13	1	.....	.....
6th ward.....	75	15	228	89	9	1	.....	.....
7th ward E.....	152	7	229	107	13	.....	.....	.....
7th ward W.....	122	9	146	87	11	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	34	10	323	87	6	1	.....	.....
9th ward.....	68	17	254	156	.....	.....	.....	.....
10th ward.....	159	13	238	130	21	1	.....	.....
11th ward.....	52	19	316	121	10	.....	.....	.....
Burlington, city.....	298	8	322	3	.....	.....	.....	24
1st ward.....	53	1	71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	69	1	110	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	98	3	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	78	3	94	2	1	.....	.....	.....
Burlington.....	156	8	66	.....	.....	90	.....	.....
Caledonia.....	217	5	268	7	.....	.....	.....	51
Dover.....	86	5	121	.....	.....	.....	.....	35
Mt. Pleasant.....	86	16	415	72	.....	.....	.....	329
Norway.....	33	2	178	2	.....	.....	.....	145
Raymond.....	57	4	262	4	.....	.....	.....	205
Rochester.....	56	7	116	1	.....	.....	.....	60
Union Grove.....	8	13	134	.....	1	.....	.....	126
Waterford.....	125	23	218	1	.....	.....	.....	93
Yorkville.....	21	19	187	2	.....	.....	.....	166
Total.....	2,584	258	5,573	1,454	147	5	90	3,079
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	90
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,989
RICHLAND Co.—3d dist.								
Akan.....	82	6	126	5	.....	.....	.....	44
Bloom.....	67	24	168	2	.....	.....	.....	101
Buena Vista.....	71	13	163	4	.....	.....	.....	92
Village of Cazenovia.....	49	1	27	.....	.....	22	.....	.....
Dayton.....	81	11	132	.....	.....	.....	.....	51
Eagle.....	69	4	127	3	.....	.....	.....	58
Forest.....	48	4	130	.....	.....	.....	.....	82
Henrietta.....	98	23	129	5	.....	.....	.....	31
Ithaca.....	98	13	83	5	.....	15	.....	.....
Lone Rock, village.....	52	3	71	1	.....	.....	.....	19
Marshall.....	27	17	148	.....	.....	.....	.....	121
Orion.....	62	2	134	1	1	.....	.....	72
Richland.....	49	12	119	3	1	.....	.....	70
Richland Center, city.....	159	54	446	10	.....	.....	.....	287
1st ward.....	41	23	143	1	1	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	63	17	146	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	50	14	157	3	.....	.....	.....	.....

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
RICHLAND Co.—Con.								
Richwood	92	8	185	5				93
Rockbridge.....	67	22	120	3				53
Sylvan.....	40	59	102	1				62
Viola, village.....	19	2	73					54
Westford.....	75	2	58				17	
Willow.....	35	16	157	1				122
Total.....	1,310	286	2,698	49	3		54	1,412
Dem. plurality.....								54
Net Rep. Plurality.....								1,358
ROCK Co.—1st dist.								
Avon.....	20	1	141	1	7			121
Beloit.....	16		123	2				107
Bradford.....	33	1	95	1				62
Center.....	32	1	168					136
Clinton.....	41	1	176					135
Fulton.....	90	12	173	1				83
Harmony.....	53	9	127					74
Janesville.....	48	1	125					77
Johnstown.....	38	6	103	2	1			65
La Prairie.....	37	6	108					71
Lima.....	31	6	150					119
Maenolia.....	51	17	123	1	7			75
Milton.....	83	29	484	7	1			401
1st precinct.....	61	15	237	7	1			
2d precinct.....	22	14	247					
Newark.....	13	2	180					167
Plymouth.....	53	1	237	1	1			179
Porter.....	91	2	163					72
Rock.....	90	4	126	2				35
Spring Valley.....	23	3	113	3	3			170
Turtle.....	39	2	156	3				117
Union.....	23	12	173	1				150
Clinton, village.....	45	5	181					135
Orfordville.....	9	5	120					111
Beloit, city.....	344	60	1,934	262		1		1,620
1st ward.....	76	10	268	21				
2d ward.....	94	24	442	33				
3d ward.....	55	4	331	35		1		
4th ward.....	52	15	377	72				
5th ward.....	67	7	476	46				
Edgerton, city.....	171	20	370	8				199
Evansville, city.....	53	54	407	5				354
Janesville, city.....	816	59	1,634	156	3			788
1st ward.....	124	15	354	32				
2d ward.....	115	11	280	33				
3d ward.....	118	15	469	27	1	1		
4th ward.....	267	17	357	50	1			
5th ward.....	192	1	144	14	1			
Total.....	2,318	319	7,972	463	23	2		5,624
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								5,624
ST CROIX Co.—11th dist.								
Baldwin.....	31	7	285					251
Cady.....	21	10	151	3				133
Cylon.....	43	7	157	2	1			114
Eau Galle.....	35	3	187	1				152
Emerald.....	80	3	119					39
Eria Prairie.....	185		39	1	1		147	
Forest.....	29	1	62	1				33
Glenwood.....	34	4	47	7	7			13
Hammond.....	75	3	153	2				61
Hudson.....	37	1	138	13		1		101
Kinnickinnic.....	44	1	78	1				31
Pleasant Valley.....	22		88	1		1		66
Richmond.....	75		59				16	
Rush River.....	18	6	123					105

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peoples' party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
SAWYER CO.—11th dist.								
Hayward, town.....	205	29	782	13				577
1st precinct.....	130	18	426	6				
2d precinct.....	22	3	21	1	1			
3rd precinct.....	11	2	24	3				
4th precinct.....	19	1	99	2				
5th precinct.....	8		62					
6th precinct.....	15	5	150	1				
Total.....	205	20	782	13	1			577
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								577
SHAWANO CO.—10th dist.								
Almon.....	33	1	103	1	1			70
Angelica.....	73	6	112	2				30
Aniwa.....	30	2	65	1				35
Belle Plaine.....	87	1	114	1				27
Biramwood.....	27	11	152	1				125
Pairbanks.....	29	1	116	2				87
Germania.....	7		69					62
Grant.....	33	2	176	1				128
Green Valley.....	21	4	208					187
Hartland.....	54	8	184	2	1	1		130
Herman.....	77	8	171	1	2			91
Hutchins.....	14	8	93					79
Lessor.....	25	4	168	1	2			143
Maple Grove.....	105	1	117	2	1			12
Morris.....	1	3	150	1				149
Navarino.....	12	3	60	4	3			48
Pella.....	66	5	85					20
Richmond.....	64	1	107					43
Seneca.....	24		71					47
Washington.....	89	3	174		1			85
Waukechon.....	65	7	104					39
Wescott.....	19	3	37					18
Wittenburg.....	14	3	133	1		1		169
Shawano, city.....	161	4	311					150
1st ward.....	76	3	112					
2d ward.....	43	1	71					
3d ward.....	42		128					
Aniwa, village.....	7	2	65					58
Biramwood, village..	34	15	102	1				68
Mattoon, village.....	17	5	130	1				113
Tigerton, village.....	22	5	87	1				65
Wittenburg, village..	24	1	169					115
Total.....	1,230	117	3,634	24	11	2		2,445
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								2,445
SHEBOYGAN CO.—6th dist.								
Cedar Grove.....	7		100	3	1			93
Elkhart Lake, village	62	1	43	2			10	
Greenbush.....	84	16	234					159
Herman.....	130	1	233	3				58
Holland, 1st precinct..	76	3	233					222
2d precinct.....	6	1	204					193
Lima.....	95	6	315					220
Lyndon.....	75	8	310	6				235
Mitchell.....	92	2	132	2				40
Mosel.....	28		124	1	1			96
Plymouth.....	106	2	198	5				92
Plymouth, city.....	212	3	317	39	1			135
1st ward.....	133	2	205	31				
2d ward.....	79	1	142	8	1			
Rhine.....	90	1	113	3		1		23
Russell.....	36	1	49					13
Scott.....	63	2	231	4		1		168
Sheboyan.....	155	5	177	24		4		22

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Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
SHEBOYGAN Co.—Cont.								
Sheboygan, city.....	1,471	135	2,408	734	26	12	.....	937
1st ward.....	203	18	378	52	3	1	.....	.....
2d ward.....	153	32	276	34	13	3	.....	.....
3d ward.....	70	6	238	26	1	1	.....	.....
4th ward.....	194	25	347	103	2	2	.....	.....
5th ward.....	117	18	310	138	3	2	.....	.....
6th ward.....	85	6	258	83	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	206	6	194	143	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward, 1st precinct.	170	16	240	57	3	1	.....	.....
8th ward, 2d precinct.	273	8	167	38	1	2	.....	.....
Sheboygan Falls.....	175	.....	147	21	.....	.....	28	.....
Sheboygan Falls, village	192	7	117	51	3	.....	75	.....
Sherman.....	153	2	196	2	1	1	.....	43
Wilson.....	72	4	140	1	.....	.....	.....	68
Total.....	3,430	200	6,121	901	33	19	122	2,813
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	122
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,691
TAYLOR Co.—10th dist.								
Aurora.....	4	.....	43	6	.....	.....	.....	39
Browning.....	41	.....	48	2	.....	.....	.....	7
Chelsea.....	52	2	122	2	.....	.....	.....	70
Cleveland.....	6	2	21	1	1	1	.....	15
Deer Creek.....	63	.....	108	6	.....	.....	.....	42
Greenwood.....	34	.....	61	1	.....	.....	.....	27
Grover.....	6	.....	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	20
Goodrich.....	1	1	49	2	.....	.....	.....	48
Hammel.....	29	.....	35	1	.....	.....	.....	6
Holway.....	19	.....	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	51
Little Black.....	109	4	154	3	.....	.....	.....	45
Medford.....	124	4	153	2	2	.....	.....	29
Medford, city.....	108	1	280	11	.....	.....	.....	172
1st ward.....	35	1	108	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	34	.....	74	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	39	.....	98	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Molitor.....	17	1	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	11
Rib Lake.....	50	2	88	1	.....	.....	.....	33
Rib Lake, village.....	29	15	229	4	.....	.....	.....	200
Westboro.....	33	11	210	2	.....	.....	.....	177
Total.....	728	43	1,725	44	3	1	.....	997
Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	997
TREMPEALEAU Co.—7th d.								
Albion.....	15	2	152	.....	.....	.....	.....	137
Arcadia.....	224	13	240	.....	.....	.....	.....	16
1st precinct.....	108	4	155	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	116	9	85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burnside.....	78	3	58	.....	.....	20	.....	.....
Caledonia.....	18	.....	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	31
Chimney Rock.....	8	4	163	.....	.....	.....	.....	155
Dodge.....	48	3	36	1	.....	12	.....	.....
Etrick.....	51	14	416	1	.....	.....	.....	365
Gale.....	47	5	247	1	2	.....	.....	200
Hale.....	47	4	243	2	.....	.....	.....	196
Lincoln.....	17	10	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	70
Pigeon.....	17	6	201	.....	.....	.....	.....	184
Preston.....	17	14	358	.....	1	.....	.....	341
Sumner.....	9	2	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	141
Trempealeau.....	37	14	140	.....	.....	.....	.....	103
Unity.....	14	15	177	.....	1	.....	.....	163
Arcadia, village.....	159	11	107	1	.....	52	.....	.....
Blair, village.....	5	4	108	.....	1	.....	.....	103
Eleva, village.....	8	4	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	64
Gatesville, village.....	36	7	162	176
Independence, village.....	59	3	81	22

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. labor party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
WALWORTH Co.—1st. dist.								
Bloomfield.....	39	1	127					88
Darien.....	76	13	214					138
Delavan, town.....	49	7	143					94
Delavan, city.....	119	13	383	1				264
1st ward.....	31	4	101					
2d ward.....	53	7	131	1				
3d ward.....	35	2	151	1				
East Troy.....	48	6	162	2				114
East Troy, village.....	59	4	103	2				64
Elkhorn, city.....	117	29	300	2	1			183
1st ward.....	36	12	97	1				
2d ward.....	39	6	106		1			
3d ward.....	42	11	97	1				
Geneva.....	44	18	131	8				87
Genoa Junction, village.....	25	1	144					119
La Fayette.....	71	8	149					78
La Grange.....	27	4	153	2				131
Lake Geneva.....	119	30	492	7				373
1st ward.....	38	13	169	3				
2d ward.....	38	6	138	2				
3d ward.....	43	11	185	2				
Linn.....	57	7	172	3	1			115
Lyons.....	119	6	159	1				40
Richmond.....	26	3	125					99
Sharon.....	11	5	133	2				122
Sharon, village.....	40	24	170	3				133
Spring Prairie.....	43	6	209	1				166
Sugar Creek.....	19	16	150	7	1			131
Troy.....	60	7	173	5				113
Walworth.....	45	16	283	5				285
Walworth, village.....	6	8	121	1				115
Whitewater.....	30	4	141	4				111
Whitewater, city.....	141	27	553	80				412
1st ward.....	48	11	136	30				
2d ward.....	41	9	239	27				
3d ward.....	52	7	178	23				
Total.....	1,370	263	4,892	153	3			3,522
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								3,522
WASHBURN Co.—11th dist								
Bashaw.....	15	6	114	2				99
Brooklyn.....	2		27					25
Casey.....	2	1	31	2				29
Chicago.....	2		15	5				13
Gull Lake.....	6	1	15					9
Long Lake.....	18	2	34					16
Loomis.....	12	1	73					61
Mills.....	12	3	68	3				56
Minig.....	10	2	73					63
Sorona.....	8	1	25					37
Shell Lake.....	46	7	180		1			134
Spooner, village.....	35	2	202	26	1			167
Spooner.....	16	1	46	8				30
Stinnett.....	7	3	41	1				31
Veazie.....	16	2	45	2				29
Total.....	207	32	989	49	1	1		782
Dem. plurality.....								
Net Rep. plurality.....								782
WASHINGTON Co.—6th dist								
Addison.....	237	4	109	3			123	
Barton.....	132	7	108	1		1		
Brim.....	17	2	98	5			49	
Farrington.....	115	2	165	1				50
Germantown.....	159	4	231	2				72
Hartford.....	133	3	141	2				7

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swal- low, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo- ple's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALI- TIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
WASHINGTON Co.—Con.								
Hartford, city of.....	151	4	320	22				169
1st ward.....	79	1	170	13				
2d ward.....	72	3	150	9				
Jackson.....	97	3	247	3				150
Kewaskum.....	78		105					27
Kewaskum, village.....	55	2	95	2				40
Polk.....	90		183	2				93
Richfield.....	186	5	139	3			47	
Schlesingerville, village	38	1	44	10				6
Trenton.....	195	5	114				81	
Wayne.....	86	3	192	1				106
West Bend.....	96	3	76	3			20	
West Bend, city.....	248	7	199	8		1	49	
1st ward.....	134	1	92	2				
2d ward.....	114	6	107	6		1		
Total.....	2,243	55	2,555	68		2	308	720
Dem. plurality.....								308
Net Rep. plurality.....								322
WAUKESHA Co—5th dist.								
Brookfield.....	160		227	8				67
Delafield.....	74	3	248	3				174
Eagle.....	81	3	116	5				35
Eagle, village.....	37	2	50	1				13
Genesee.....	94	23	219	8				125
Hartland, village.....	40	3	116	13				76
Lisbon.....	125	14	259	7				125
Menomonee.....	174	15	223	17				49
Menomonee Falls, vil..	68	32	141	15				75
Merton.....	143	1	247	9				104
Mukwonago.....	61	17	218	1				187
Muskego.....	105	1	179	8				74
New Berlin.....	169	3	15	6			34	
Oconomowoc.....	89	3	176	4				87
Oconomowoc, city.....	203	10	433	17				230
1st ward.....	136	4	204	6				
2d ward.....	67	6	229	11				
Ottawa.....	76	4	144	1				68
Pewaukee.....	148	5	232	7				84
Pewaukee, village.....	59	2	129	3				70
Summit.....	65	6	183	3				121
Vernon.....	52	24	261					209
Waukesha.....	84	6	152	4				68
Waukesha, city 1.....	585	28	1,135	91		1	1	549
1st ward.....	80	4	176	22				
2d ward.....	163	2	212	31		1	1	
3d ward.....	91	1	110	23				
4th ward.....	110	4	223	6				
5th ward.....	47	3	172	3				
6th ward.....	92	14	242	6				
Total.....	2,693	205	5,247	231		1	1	2,588
Dem. plurality.....								34
Net Rep. plurality.....								2,554
WAUPAGA Co—8th dist.								
Bear Creek.....	51	3	124	4		1		73
Dayton.....	6	25	167	5				161
Dupont.....	20	2	152	1				132
Farrington, 1st precinct	9	7	180					171
2d precinct.....	22	14	295	3				273
Fremont.....	16	6	70	1				54
Harrison.....	1	1	116					115
Helvetia.....	2		116					114
Iola.....	3	2	215					212
Lebanon.....	95	1	72	4		1	23	
Lind.....	18	8	157		1			139
Little Wolf.....	43	3	168	2				125
Matteson.....	12	2	116					104

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE, 1904, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.—Con.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party	Soc. Lab. party	PLURALITIES.	
							Dem.	Rep.
Winnebago Co.—8th dist.								
Algoma	25	12	141	1				116
Black Wolf	53	2	106	1				53
Clayton	66	2	149	2				83
Menasha	59		64	6	1	1		14
Neenah	31	4	84	4				59
Nekimi	33	5	173					137
Nepeskung.	23	13	159					121
Omro	43	15	163	2				129
Omro, village	48	33	210	5		1		192
Oshkosh	59	3	161	9				175
Poygan	63	1	93					30
Rushford	63	12	239	2	1			191
Utica	21	4	187	1				163
Vianland	41	1	149	2				103
Winchester	32	3	176					111
Winneconne	33	6	100	1				67
Winneconne, village	60		139	2				159
Wolf River	49		73	2				24
Menasha, city	662	12	497	54	4	2	16	
1st ward	173	1	155	15	2	2		
2d ward	244		99	14				
3d ward	73	3	118	11				
4th ward	207	8	125	14	2	2		
Neenah, city	403	25	709	14	2	3		393
1st ward	107	12	237	45	1	2		
2d ward	96	5	175	29	1	2		
3d ward	162	8	217	52				
4th ward	38		50	12		1		
Oshkosh	2,137	110	3,874	79	9	2		1,737
1st ward	92	4	235	4				
2d ward	202	1	272	5		1		
3d ward	115	2	213	1				
4th ward	203	8	291	2				
5th ward	125	25	492	9	1			
6th ward	280	5	218	9				
7th ward	73	6	313	4				
8th ward	162	9	259	6				
9th ward	146	3	322	10	2			
10th ward	151	15	420	10	1			
11th ward	169	4	211	9	1			
12th ward	122	1	314	1	2			
13th ward	297	27	330	12	2	1		
Total	4,006	263	7,720	311	17	9	165	3,879
Dem. plurality								165
Net Rep plurality								3,714
Wood Co.—10th dist.								
Arpin, town	41	5	87	10				46
Auburndale, town	38	3	141	1				103
Auburndale, village	1	1	59	2				58
Cary, town	7	1	29	2				22
Cameron, town	9		42					33
Cranmoor, town	14		28	2	1			14
Dexter, town	37		62	7				25
Grand Rapids, city	289	14	858	33				569
1st ward	41	2	97	1				
2d ward	42	1	133	6				
3d ward	30	4	109					
4th ward	31	2	131	5				
5th ward	35	1	112	8				
6th ward	39	3	104	6				
7th ward	43		103	6				
8th ward	25	2	69	1				
Grand Rapids, town	56		129	6	1			73
Hanson, town	31	1	95	13				64
Hiles, town	9	1	13	2				4
Lincoln, town	91	4	138	7				47
Marshfield, city	383	20	836	57				453
1st ward	99	4	102	20				
2d ward	46	3	77	11				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

BY COUNTIES, WITH POPULATION, 1904 AND 1900,

COUNTIES.	Population in 1900	PRESIDENT, 1904.							
		Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party.	Soc. Lab. party.	Dem. Plu.	Rep. Plu.
Adams	9,141	273	48	1,399	29	2			1,126
Ashland	20,175	1,001	117	3,495	235	5	3		2,402
Barron	23,677	625	243	3,575	103	9	11		2,950
Bayfield	14,392	350	81	2,655	32	1	7		2,315
Brown	46,359	2,637	103	6,027	329	8	14	228	3,558
Buffalo	16,765	911	64	2,147	10	9		86	1,322
Burnett	7,478	82	67	1,232	35	9	3		1,178
Calumet	17,078	1,253	38	1,735	117	9		115	593
Chippewa	33,037	1,670	141	3,744	59	12	5	12	2,086
Clark	25,843	1,050	184	4,091	79	1	1		3,011
Columbia	31,121	1,977	205	4,730	158	3		3	2,826
Crawford	17,236	1,362	58	2,279	32			197	1,114
Dane	69,435	5,679	419	11,041	242	4	1	624	5,936
Dodge	46,631	5,005	133	4,248	68	4	1	1,437	680
Door	17,583	515	103	2,689	33	3			2,174
Douglas	26,353	974	130	4,564	549	11	29		3,590
Dunn	25,013	546	123	3,303	84	7	2		2,757
Eau Claire	31,682	1,224	100	4,343	198	12	6	5	3,124
Florence	3,197	83	8	562	5				479
Fond du Lac	47,589	4,417	178	7,027	149	22	1	561	3,171
Forest	1,393	160	23	991	24	2	1		851
*Gates	2,847	247	49	1,415	23	1	1		1,168
Grant	38,881	2,886	219	5,804	77	8	1	286	3,204
Green	22,719	1,466	219	2,992	139	5	1	33	1,557
Green Lake	15,797	1,239	84	2,181	43	9		20	952
Iowa	23,116	1,639	162	3,328	21	3		89	1,778
Iron	6,614	246	25	1,250	16	3	1		1,004
Jackson	17,466	479	92	2,745	1			3	2,270
Jefferson	31,789	3,778	147	3,639	99	2		1,055	946
Juneau	20,629	1,244	79	3,234	42	12	2	21	2,011
Kenosha	21,707	1,592	77	3,293	440	5	4	26	1,727
Kewaunee	17,212	1,457	36	1,578	100	3		286	407
Lafayette	42,997	3,089	190	5,506	119	7		55	2,472
La Crosse	20,959	1,928	103	2,875	28	1	3	167	1,114
Lafayette	12,553	1,018	46	2,405	31	2	1		1,087
Langlade	16,260	1,004	69	2,850	139	14	3		1,816
Lincoln	42,261	3,274	93	4,623	687	1	2	148	1,500
Manitowoc	43,253	3,225	159	6,144	177	4	7	274	3,193
Marathon	33,822	816	144	3,977	195	11	2		3,161
Marquette	10,509	752	81	1,634	10	2	1	8	830
Milwaukee	330,017	18,560	934	32,587	18,340	30	61		13,443
Monroe	28,103	1,749	146	3,842	35	7		125	2,246
Oconto	20,874	1,024	71	3,279	65	6	4		2,55
Oneida	8,875	375	46	1,710	130	2	2		1,335
Outagamie	46,247	3,143	133	5,949	113	3	2	233	3,044
Ozaukee	16,333	1,501	27	1,492	112	6	2	231	222
Pepin	7,905	312	30	1,033	3	1	2	56	757
Pierce	23,913	594	130	3,492	25	3			2,898
Polk	17,801	293	101	2,985	98	2	7		2,689
Portage	29,483	2,168	101	3,633	44	1		579	2,044
Price	9,106	401	73	2,242	71	2			1,801
Racine	45,644	2,584	253	5,573	1,454	147	5	90	3,079
Richard	19,483	1,310	293	2,698	49	3		54	1,412
Rock	51,203	2,348	319	7,972	463	23	2		5,624
St. Croix	26,830	1,669	116	3,898	109	10	3	163	2,492
Sauk	33,006	1,914	343	4,805	53			118	3,029
Sawyer	3,593	205	29	782	13	1			577
Shawano	27,475	1,239	117	3,634	21	11	2		2,445
Sheboygan	50,345	3,430	200	6,121	901	33	19	122	2,813
Taylor	11,262	728	43	1,725	44	3	1		997
Trempealeau	23,114	981	157	3,560	10	5		84	2,663
Vernon	28,351	762	220	4,744	28	6	1		3,982
Vilas	4,929	322	25	1,467	39	1	1		1,145
Walworth	29,259	1,370	263	4,892	135	3			3,522
Washburn	5,521	207	32	989	49	1	1		782
Washington	23,589	2,243	55	2,565	68		2	398	720
Waukesha	35,229	2,693	235	5,247	231	1	1	34	2,588
Waupaca	31,615	942	237	5,471	73	3		21	4,552
Wausara	15,972	325	96	3,140	27	4	3		2,815
Winnebago	58,225	4,003	263	7,720	311	17	9	165	3,879
Wood	25,865	1,673	93	4,002	195	5		6	2,335
Total	2,069,042	124,235	9,872	230,313	28,240	565	249	8,225	163,687

* Population of Gates included in population of Chippewa.

TOTAL POPULATION MALES OF VOTING AGE 1900 AND VOTES CAST 1904.

COUNTIES.	Total population in 1900.	Males 21 Yrs. or Above			Vote for President, 1904.				
		Total number.	Per cent to population	Percent to each male 21 years and over.	Total vote 1904.	Per cent to population.	Per cent to males of voting age.	Population to each vote cast.	Males 21 years and over to each vote.
Adams	9,141	2,513	27.5	3.6	1,751	19.1	69.6	5.2	1.4
Ashland	20,176	6,598	32.7	3.1	4,770	23.6	72.4	4.2	1.3
Barron	23,677	6,092	25.7	3.8	4,536	19.2	74.9	5.1	1.3
Bayfield	14,392	5,325	38.4	2.6	3,133	21.7	55.7	4.5	1.4
Brown	46,859	11,622	25.1	4.0	9,151	19.9	78.7	5.0	1.2
Buffalo	16,765	4,392	26.2	3.8	3,141	18.7	71.5	5.3	1.3
Burnett	7,478	1,977	26.7	3.7	1,459	19.5	73.0	5.1	1.3
Calumet	17,078	4,330	25.6	3.9	3,158	18.4	72.1	5.4	1.3
Chippewa	33,637	8,951	27.1	3.7	5,631	22.2	82.2	4.4	1.2
Clark	25,848	6,748	26.1	3.8	5,403	20.9	81.1	4.7	1.2
Columbia	31,121	8,883	28.4	3.5	7,074	22.5	77.8	4.4	1.2
Crawford	17,286	4,631	27.2	3.7	3,731	21.5	79.4	4.6	1.2
Dane	69,456	19,972	28.8	3.5	17,386	25.0	87.0	3.9	1.1
Dodge	46,631	13,329	28.6	3.5	9,459	20.2	70.9	4.9	1.4
Door	17,583	4,459	25.4	3.9	3,340	18.9	71.8	5.2	1.5
Douglas	36,335	13,574	37.3	3.7	6,257	17.2	46.1	5.8	2.1
Dunn	25,043	6,457	25.8	3.9	4,005	16.2	62.9	6.1	1.5
Eau Claire	31,692	8,693	27.6	3.9	5,943	18.6	73.3	5.3	1.3
Florence	3,197	981	30.7	3.3	658	20.5	67.1	4.8	1.4
Fond du Lac	47,589	13,579	28.5	3.5	11,794	24.8	85.8	4.0	1.1
Forest	1,396	487	34.9	2.9	1,201	86.0	244.6	1.1	2
Gates*					1,733				
Grant	38,881	10,652	27.3	3.7	8,995	23.1	84.4	4.3	1.1
Green	22,719	6,413	28.2	3.5	4,820	28.0	75.1	4.7	1.3
Green Lake	15,797	4,261	27.0	3.7	3,580	21.2	85.9	4.4	1.2
Iowa	23,116	6,450	27.9	3.6	5,153	22.2	79.7	4.4	1.2
Iron	6,614	2,242	33.9	2.9	1,544	25.2	68.7	4.3	1.5
Jackson	17,466	4,682	26.7	3.7	3,318	18.9	71.1	5.2	1.4
Jefferson	34,799	9,654	27.7	3.6	7,693	22.1	79.7	4.5	1.2
Juneau	20,629	5,797	28.1	3.6	4,613	22.3	79.5	4.4	1.2
Kenosha	21,777	6,348	29.2	3.4	5,411	24.7	85.1	4.0	1.1
Kewaunee	17,212	4,436	25.8	3.9	3,174	18.4	77.5	5.7	1.4
La Crosse	42,997	11,461	26.7	3.8	8,915	20.7	77.7	4.8	1.2
Lafayette	20,959	5,910	28.2	3.5	4,911	23.5	83.6	4.2	1.2
Langlade	12,553	3,241	25.8	3.9	3,238	25.5	93.8	3.9	1.0
Lincoln	16,269	4,449	27.3	3.7	4,019	24.3	91.0	4.0	1.1
Manitowoc	42,261	11,028	26.1	3.8	8,683	20.5	78.7	4.9	1.2
Marathon	43,255	10,881	25.2	4.0	9,716	26.3	89.3	4.4	1.2
Marinette	30,822	8,293	26.9	3.7	5,145	16.6	62.0	5.9	1.6
Marquette	10,559	2,740	26.1	3.8	2,450	23.3	89.4	4.7	1.1
Milwaukee	330,017	88,958	27.0	3.7	73,512	21.3	79.2	4.6	1.2
Monroe	28,103	7,581	27.0	3.7	5,829	20.7	76.8	4.8	1.3
Oconto	20,874	5,311	25.4	3.9	4,449	21.3	83.7	4.7	1.1
Oneida	8,875	3,089	31.8	2.9	2,265	25.5	73.3	3.9	1.3
Outagamie	46,247	11,731	25.4	3.1	9,346	20.2	79.8	4.9	1.2
Ozaukee	16,333	4,413	27.0	3.7	3,150	19.1	71.1	5.2	1.4
Pepin	7,905	2,105	26.6	3.8	1,411	17.8	67.0	5.6	1.4
Pierce	23,943	6,638	28.0	3.6	4,244	17.7	63.1	5.6	1.5
Polk	17,831	4,821	27.1	3.7	3,489	19.6	72.3	5.1	1.3
Portage	29,483	7,192	24.4	4.1	5,947	20.1	82.6	4.9	1.2
Price	9,106	2,628	29.6	3.4	2,749	30.1	101.9	3.3	9
Racine	45,644	13,165	28.8	3.5	10,021	21.9	76.1	4.5	1.5
Richland	19,483	5,355	27.5	3.6	4,386	23.0	81.7	4.3	1.2
Rock	51,203	15,709	30.7	3.3	11,127	21.7	70.8	4.6	1.4
St. Croix	26,830	7,285	27.2	3.7	5,705	21.2	78.2	4.7	1.2
Sauk	33,006	9,187	27.8	3.6	7,115	21.2	77.4	4.6	1.2
Sawyer	3,593	1,111	30.9	3.2	1,083	25.9	92.7	3.5	1.1
Shawano	27,475	6,919	25.2	4.0	5,077	18.4	73.5	5.4	1.3
Sheboygan	50,345	13,467	26.7	3.7	10,704	21.2	79.0	4.7	1.2
Taylor	11,262	3,178	28.2	3.5	2,514	22.5	79.9	4.4	1.2
Trempealeau	23,114	6,088	26.3	3.8	4,713	20.3	77.4	4.0	1.2
Vernon	28,351	7,719	27.2	3.7	5,761	20.3	72.7	4.9	1.3
Vilas	4,929	2,102	42.6	2.3	1,855	37.6	88.2	2.6	1.1
Walworth	29,259	9,044	30.9	3.2	6,633	22.7	73.6	4.3	1.3
Washburn	5,521	1,498	27.1	3.7	1,279	23.1	85.3	4.3	1.1
Washingt'n	23,589	6,210	26.3	3.8	4,933	20.9	79.4	4.8	1.2
Waukesha	35,229	10,064	28.6	3.5	8,378	23.7	83.2	4.2	1.2
Waupaca	31,615	8,630	27.5	3.6	6,726	21.2	77.3	4.7	1.2
Waushara	15,972	4,431	27.8	3.6	3,595	22.5	81.0	4.4	1.2
Winnebago	58,225	16,107	27.7	3.6	12,326	21.1	76.5	4.7	1.3
Wood	25,865	6,407	24.8	4.0	5,971	23.0	93.5	4.3	1.0
Total	2,069,042	570,715	27.6	3.6	443,439	21.4	77.7	4.6	1.2

* Gates included in Chippewa.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

PER CENT OF VOTE FOR EACH CANDIDATE IN 1904, TO POPULATION, 1900.

COUNTIES.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roosevelt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	People's party.	Soc. Lab. party.	Total population not voting in 1904.	Total population in 1901, per cent.
Adams....	3.0	.5	15.3	.3	.....	.....	80.9	103.0
Ashland...	4.9	.5	16.8	1.1	.....	.....	76.7	100.0
Barron....	2.7	1.0	15.8	.5	.....	.....	80.7	100.0
Bayfield...	2.3	.6	18.5	.3	.....	.....	78.3	130.0
Brown....	5.7	.3	13.0	.7	.....	.....	80.3	103.0
Buffalo...	5.4	.4	12.7	.1	.1	.....	81.3	100.0
Burlington...	1.1	.9	15.9	.5	.1	.....	80.5	103.0
Calumet...	7.4	.2	10.2	.7	.1	.....	81.4	100.0
Chippewa...	5.8	.7	15.6	.2	.....	.....	77.8	100.0
Clark....	4.1	.7	15.3	.3	.....	.....	79.1	100.0
Columbia...	6.1	.6	15.3	.5	.....	.....	77.5	101.0
Crawford...	7.9	.3	13.3	.2	.....	.....	78.4	101.0
Dane....	8.2	.6	15.8	.4	.....	.....	75.0	103.0
Dodge....	10.7	.3	9.1	.1	.....	.....	79.8	100.0
Door....	2.0	.5	15.3	.2	.....	.....	81.1	100.0
Douglas...	2.7	.4	15.5	1.5	.....	1	82.8	103.0
Dunn....	2.2	.5	13.2	.3	.....	.....	83.8	100.0
Eau Claire...	3.8	.2	13.7	.6	.....	.....	81.4	103.0
Florence...	2.6	.2	17.6	.2	.....	.....	79.4	100.0
F. du Lac...	9.4	.3	14.8	.3	.....	.....	75.2	100.0
Forest....	11.5	1.6	71.7	1.7	1	1	13.1	100.0
*Gates.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grant....	7.4	.5	14.9	.2	.....	.....	77.0	100.0
Green....	6.4	.9	13.2	.6	.....	.....	79.9	100.0
GreenLake...	8.0	.5	13.8	.2	.....	.....	77.5	100.0
Iowa....	7.1	.7	14.4	.1	.....	.....	77.7	100.0
Iron....	3.7	.5	13.9	.2	.....	.....	76.7	100.0
Jackson...	2.7	.5	15.7	.....	.....	.....	81.1	103.0
Jefferson..	10.8	.4	10.5	.3	.....	.....	88.0	100.0
Juneau...	6.0	.3	15.6	.2	1	.....	87.8	100.0
Kenosha...	7.3	.4	15.2	2.0	.....	.....	75.1	103.0
Kewaunee...	8.4	.2	9.2	.6	.....	.....	81.6	100.0
La Crosse...	7.2	.4	12.8	.3	.....	.....	79.3	100.0
Lafayette...	9.2	.5	13.7	.1	.....	.....	76.5	103.0
Langlade...	8.1	.4	16.8	.2	.....	.....	74.5	103.0
Lincoln...	6.2	.4	17.5	.7	1	.....	75.1	100.0
Manitowoc...	7.7	.2	10.9	1.6	.....	.....	79.6	103.0
Marathon...	7.4	.3	14.2	.4	.....	.....	77.7	100.0
Marinette...	2.6	.4	12.9	.6	.....	.....	83.5	100.0
Marquette...	7.1	.8	15.2	.2	1	.....	76.6	100.0
Milwaukee...	5.9	.3	9.8	5.8	.....	.....	78.2	103.0
Monroe...	6.2	.5	13.8	.1	.....	.....	79.4	100.0
Oconto....	4.9	.3	15.7	.6	.....	.....	78.5	100.0
Oneida....	4.2	.5	19.2	1.5	.....	.....	74.6	100.0
Outagamie...	6.8	.2	12.8	.2	.....	.....	80.0	100.0
Ozaukee...	9.2	.2	9.1	.6	.....	.....	80.9	100.0
Pepin....	4.3	.4	13.1	.....	.....	.....	82.2	100.0
Pierce....	2.1	.5	14.6	.1	.....	.....	82.7	103.0
Polk....	1.6	.6	16.7	.6	.....	.....	83.5	100.0
Portage...	7.3	.3	12.2	.2	.....	.....	77.9	100.0
Price....	4.4	.8	24.1	.8	.....	.....	69.9	100.0
Racine....	5.6	.6	12.2	3.2	3	.....	78.1	103.0
Richland...	6.9	1.5	13.9	.3	.....	.....	77.4	100.0
Rock....	4.6	.6	15.5	.9	.....	.....	78.4	100.0
St. Croix...	5.8	.4	14.5	.4	.....	.....	78.9	100.0
Sauk....	5.7	1.0	14.5	.1	.....	.....	78.7	100.0
Sawyer....	5.7	.8	21.8	.3	.....	.....	71.4	103.0
Shawano...	4.5	.4	13.4	.1	.....	.....	81.6	100.0
Sheboygan...	6.8	.4	12.1	1.7	1	.....	78.9	100.0
Taylor....	6.6	.3	15.3	.4	.....	.....	77.4	100.0
Trempl'au...	4.3	.6	15.4	.....	.....	.....	79.7	103.0
Vernon...	2.7	.8	16.7	.1	.....	.....	79.7	100.0
Vilas....	6.5	.5	29.7	.8	.....	.....	62.5	100.0
Walworth...	4.7	.9	16.1	.5	.....	.....	77.8	103.0
Washburn...	3.7	.6	17.9	.9	.....	.....	76.9	103.0
Washing'n...	9.5	.2	10.9	.3	.....	.....	79.1	100.0
Waukesha...	7.6	.6	14.3	.7	.....	.....	76.3	100.0
Waupaca...	2.9	.7	17.3	.2	.....	.....	78.9	103.0
Waushara...	2.0	.6	19.6	.2	.....	.....	77.6	100.0
Winneb'o...	6.9	.4	13.3	.5	.....	.....	78.9	103.0
Wood....	6.5	.4	15.5	.7	.....	.....	76.9	103.0
Total.	6.0	.4	13.5	1.3	.....	.....	78.8	100.0

*Gates included in Chippewa.

VOTES, PLURALITIES AND MALES OF VOTING AGE, NOT VOTING, 1904.

Counties.	Par-ker, Dem.	Swal-low, Pro.	Roose-velt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo-ple's party.	Soc. Lab. party.	Total vote.	Party.	Plu-ralities	Males 21 yrs. not voting.
Adams.....	273	48	1,399	29	2	.....	1,751	R.	1,126	762
Ashland....	1,004	117	3,406	235	5	.....	4,770	R.	2,402	1,828
Barron.....	625	243	3,575	103	9	3	4,506	R.	2,650	1,526
Bayfield....	350	81	2,665	32	1	7	3,126	R.	2,315	2,839
Brown.....	2,667	109	6,027	329	8	14	9,154	R.	3,300	2,468
Buffalo.....	911	61	2,147	10	9	.....	3,141	R.	1,238	1,251
Burnett....	82	67	1,262	36	9	3	1,459	R.	1,180	538
Calumet....	1,258	38	1,736	117	9	.....	3,158	R.	478	1,222
Chippewa....	1,670	141	3,744	59	12	5	5,631	R.	2,674	1,587
Clark.....	1,050	184	4,031	79	1	1	5,404	R.	3,041	1,842
Columbia....	1,997	205	4,730	158	3	.....	7,004	R.	2,823	1,981
Crawford....	1,332	58	2,279	32	.....	.....	3,731	R.	927	863
Dane.....	5,679	419	11,041	242	4	1	17,386	R.	5,302	2,586
Dodge.....	5,005	133	4,248	68	4	1	9,459	D.	2,757	3,870
Door.....	515	100	2,689	33	3	.....	3,340	R.	2,570	1,119
Douglas....	974	130	4,734	549	11	29	6,257	R.	3,520	7,807
Dunn.....	546	123	3,333	84	7	2	4,065	R.	2,707	2,392
Eau Claire..	1,224	160	4,313	198	12	6	5,945	R.	3,119	2,455
Florence....	83	8	5,2	5	.....	.....	658	R.	479	323
Fond du L'c	4,417	178	7,027	149	22	1	11,794	R.	2,610	1,785
Forest.....	160	23	901	24	2	1	1,264	R.	831	714
Gates*.....	247	49	1,415	23	1	1	1,733	R.	1,168	1,657
Grant.....	2,886	219	5,804	77	8	1	8,955	R.	2,918	1,393
Green.....	1,466	219	2,930	139	5	1	4,820	R.	1,524	684
Green Lake	1,269	84	2,181	43	3	.....	3,580	R.	912	1,887
Iowa.....	1,639	162	3,328	21	3	.....	5,153	R.	1,689	1,206
Iron.....	246	25	1,250	16	3	1	1,511	R.	1,004	701
Jackson....	479	92	2,746	1	.....	.....	3,318	R.	2,267	1,344
Jefferson...	3,778	147	3,669	99	2	1	7,636	D.	1,093	1,558
Juneau....	1,244	79	3,234	42	12	2	4,613	R.	1,930	1,384
Kenosha...	1,592	77	3,293	440	5	4	5,411	R.	1,701	937
Kewaunee..	1,457	36	1,578	100	3	.....	3,174	R.	121	1,262
La Crosse..	3,089	190	5,506	119	7	4	8,915	R.	2,417	2,546
Lafayette..	1,928	106	2,875	28	1	3	4,941	R.	947	969
Langlade..	1,018	46	2,105	31	2	1	3,203	R.	1,057	38
Lincoln....	1,004	69	2,850	109	14	3	4,049	R.	1,846	400
Manitowoc	3,274	93	4,626	687	1	2	8,633	R.	1,352	2,345
Marathon..	3,225	159	6,144	177	4	7	9,716	R.	2,919	1,165
Marquette..	816	144	3,977	195	11	2	5,145	R.	3,161	3,118
Marquette..	732	81	1,604	10	2	1	2,459	R.	852	290
Milwaukee..	18,500	934	32,587	18,340	30	61	70,512	R.	13,444	18,456
Monroe....	1,719	146	3,892	55	7	.....	5,829	R.	2,143	1,752
Oconto....	1,024	71	3,279	65	6	4	4,449	R.	2,255	862
Oneida....	375	45	1,710	130	2	2	2,265	R.	1,335	824
Outagamie..	3,143	136	5,949	113	3	2	9,346	R.	2,800	2,385
Ozaukee....	1,501	27	1,492	112	6	1	3,440	D.	.....	1,273
Pepin.....	342	30	1,033	3	1	2	1,411	R.	691	694
Pierce.....	597	130	3,492	25	3	.....	4,244	R.	2,838	2,454
Polk.....	296	101	2,885	98	2	7	3,489	R.	2,689	1,332
Portage....	2,168	101	3,633	44	1	.....	5,947	R.	1,465	1,245
Price.....	401	73	2,202	71	2	.....	2,749	R.	1,801	51
Racine....	2,534	258	3,573	1,454	147	5	10,021	R.	2,989	3,144
Richland...	1,340	296	2,838	49	3	.....	4,386	R.	1,558	979
Rock.....	2,318	319	7,972	463	23	2	11,127	R.	5,624	4,582
St. Croix...	1,539	116	3,808	109	10	3	5,705	R.	2,329	1,580
Sauk.....	1,914	343	4,835	53	.....	.....	7,115	R.	2,891	2,072
Sawyer....	235	29	782	13	1	.....	1,030	R.	577	81
Shawano...	1,239	117	3,684	24	1	2	5,077	R.	2,445	1,842
Sheboygan..	3,430	200	6,121	901	33	19	10,701	R.	2,691	2,763
Taylor.....	728	43	1,725	40	3	.....	2,544	R.	997	634
Trimp'leau	981	157	3,560	10	3	1	4,713	R.	2,579	1,375
Vernon....	762	220	4,744	28	6	.....	5,761	R.	3,982	1,958
Vilas.....	322	25	1,467	39	1	1	1,855	R.	1,145	247
Walworth...	1,370	263	4,892	135	3	.....	6,663	R.	3,522	2,381
Washburn..	207	32	989	49	1	1	1,279	R.	782	216
Washi'gton	2,243	55	2,565	68	.....	.....	4,933	R.	322	1,277
Waukesha..	2,693	205	5,247	231	1	1	8,378	R.	2,554	1,686
Waupaca...	942	237	5,471	73	3	.....	6,726	R.	4,529	1,954
Waushara..	325	96	3,140	27	4	3	3,935	R.	2,815	839
Winnebago..	4,006	263	7,720	311	17	9	12,329	R.	3,714	3,781
Wood.....	1,673	96	4,002	195	5	.....	5,970	R.	2,329	433
Total....	124,205	9,872	285,313	28,240	530	249	443,430	R. D.	156,330 875	127,276

* Males 21 years not voting in Gates county included in Chippewa county.

PER CENT OF VOTES TO MALES OF VOTING AGE.

Counties.	Parker, Dem.	Swallow, Pro.	Roose- velt, Rep.	Debs, Soc. Dem.	Peo- ples party.	Soc Labor party.	Total males of voting age, not voting. Per cent.	Total males of voting age. Per cent.
Adams.....	10.9	1.9	55.7	1.2	.1	.....	30.3	100.0
Ashland.....	15.2	1.8	51.6	3.6	.1	.1	27.6	100.0
Barron.....	10.3	4.0	58.7	1.6	.1	.2	25.1	100.0
Bayfield.....	6.4	1.5	48.1	.6	.....	.1	43.3	100.0
Brown.....	23.0	.9	51.9	2.8	.....	.1	21.3	100.0
Buffalo.....	20.6	1.4	49.1	.2	.....	.2	28.5	100.0
Burnett.....	4.1	3.3	63.1	1.8	.5	.2	23.0	100.0
Calumet.....	23.7	.9	39.6	2.7	.2	.....	27.9	100.0
Chippewa.....	21.4	2.2	57.4	1.0	.1	.1	17.8	100.0
Clark.....	15.6	2.7	60.6	1.2	.....	.....	19.9	100.0
Columbia.....	21.2	2.3	52.5	1.8	.....	.....	22.2	100.0
Crawford.....	29.0	1.2	48.5	.7	.....	.....	20.6	100.0
Dane.....	28.4	2.1	55.3	1.2	.....	.....	13.0	100.0
Dodge.....	37.5	1.0	31.9	.5	.....	.....	29.1	100.0
Door.....	11.6	2.2	60.3	.7	.....	.....	25.2	100.0
Douglas.....	7.2	1.0	33.6	4.0	.1	.2	53.9	100.0
Dunn.....	8.5	1.9	51.2	1.3	.....	.....	37.1	100.0
Eau Claire.....	15.1	2.0	53.5	2.4	.2	.1	26.7	100.0
Florence.....	8.5	.8	57.3	.5	.....	.....	32.9	100.0
Fond du Lac.....	32.5	1.3	51.7	1.1	.2	.....	13.2	100.0
Forest.....	32.8	4.8	202.4	5.0	.4	.2	.....	24.6
*Gates.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grant.....	27.1	2.0	54.5	.7	.1	.....	15.6	100.0
Green.....	22.9	3.4	46.6	2.1	.1	.2	24.9	100.0
Green Lake.....	29.8	1.9	51.0	1.0	.1	.....	16.1	100.0
Iowa.....	25.4	2.5	51.5	.3	.....	.....	20.3	100.0
Iron.....	11.2	1.1	55.7	.6	.1	.....	31.3	100.0
Jackson.....	10.3	2.0	53.8	.....	.....	.....	20.3	100.0
Jefferson.....	39.3	1.5	37.9	1.0	.....	.....	20.5	100.0
Juneau.....	21.5	1.4	55.7	.7	.2	.....	14.9	100.0
Kenosha.....	25.0	1.2	51.8	6.9	.1	.1	28.5	100.0
Kewaunee.....	32.8	.8	35.5	2.3	.1	.....	22.3	100.0
La Crosse.....	26.9	1.7	48.0	1.0	.1	.....	16.4	100.0
Lafayette.....	32.7	1.8	48.7	.4	.....	.....	1.2	100.0
Langlade.....	31.4	1.4	64.9	1.0	.1	.....	9.0	100.0
Lincoln.....	22.6	1.5	64.1	.....	.3	.1	.....	100.0
Manitowoc.....	29.7	.8	42.0	6.2	.....	.....	21.3	100.0
Marathon.....	29.6	1.5	56.5	1.5	.....	.1	10.7	100.0
Marinette.....	9.9	1.3	47.9	2.3	.1	.....	38.0	100.0
Marquette.....	27.4	2.0	59.6	.3	.1	.....	10.6	100.0
Milwaukee.....	20.9	1.0	35.6	20.6	.....	.1	20.8	100.0
Mourne.....	23.1	1.9	51.3	.4	.1	.....	23.2	100.0
Oconto.....	19.3	1.3	61.7	1.2	.1	.1	16.3	100.0
Oneida.....	12.1	1.5	55.3	4.2	.1	.1	26.7	100.0
Ou'agamie.....	26.3	1.2	50.9	1.0	.....	.....	20.2	100.0
Ozaukee.....	34.0	.6	33.9	2.5	.1	.....	28.9	100.0
Pepin.....	16.3	1.4	49.1	.1	.....	.1	33.0	100.0
Pierce.....	8.8	2.9	52.3	.1	.....	.....	33.9	100.0
Polk.....	6.2	1.3	61.8	2.0	.....	.2	27.7	100.0
Portage.....	30.2	1.3	50.6	.5	.....	.....	17.4	100.0
Price.....	14.9	2.7	81.5	2.7	.1	.....	.....	101.9
Racine.....	19.6	2.0	42.4	11.0	1.1	.....	23.9	100.0
Richland.....	24.9	5.6	59.2	.9	.1	.....	18.3	100.0
Rock.....	15.0	2.0	50.7	3.0	.1	.....	29.2	100.0
St. Croix.....	21.5	1.6	53.5	1.5	.1	.....	21.8	100.0
Sauk.....	20.8	3.8	52.3	.5	.....	.....	23.6	100.0
Sawyer.....	18.4	2.6	79.4	1.2	.1	.....	7.3	100.0
Shawano.....	17.7	1.6	53.9	.2	.1	.....	26.5	100.0
Sheboygan.....	25.4	1.4	45.3	6.6	.2	.1	21.0	100.0
Taylor.....	22.8	1.4	54.1	1.4	.1	.....	20.1	100.0
Templeau.....	16.2	2.7	58.4	.1	.....	.....	22.3	100.0
Vernon.....	9.9	2.3	61.6	.3	.1	.....	25.3	100.0
Vilas.....	15.3	1.1	69.8	1.8	.1	.1	11.8	100.0
Walworth.....	15.1	2.9	54.2	1.4	.....	.....	26.4	100.0
Washington.....	33.8	2.1	66.0	3.3	.....	.1	14.7	100.0
Waushara.....	36.3	.9	41.5	1.2	.....	.....	29.1	100.0
Waukesha.....	26.7	2.0	52.1	2.2	.1	.1	16.3	100.0
Waupaca.....	10.8	2.7	63.0	.8	.....	.....	22.7	100.0
Waushara.....	7.4	2.2	70.6	.6	.1	.1	19.0	100.0
Winnebago.....	21.9	1.6	48.0	1.9	.1	.....	23.5	100.0
Wood.....	26.2	1.6	62.5	3.1	.1	.....	6.5	100.0
Total.....	21.8	1.7	49.1	5.0	.1	.....	22.3	100.0

* Gates included in Chippewa

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
ADAMS Co.—2d dist.																	
Adams	42	3	4	83	1		133		41	26	8	89			123		63
Big Flats	16	2		87	2		107		71	12	1	75			88		63
Colburn	22		2	67	3		94		45	17		63			80		46
Dell Prairie	35	2		75	1		113		40	36		56			92		48
Easton	23	1	1	79			104		56	21		69			90		35
Jackson	23	1	7	97	3		131		74	23	6	97			128		74
Leola	8	1	3	55	1		68		47	8	2	43	1		84		35
Lincoln	23	4	2	65			94		42	27	1	49			77		22
Monroe	8	3	1	108			118		102	7	3	109	1		120		102
New Chester	8		5	56	2		71		48		6	59			72		52
New Haven	55	4		105	1		165		50	52		104			156		52
Preston	12		2	31	5		59		19	15		31			50		26
Quincy	13	4	1	57			75		44	18		45	1		65		17
Richfield	17		4	64			85		47	15	1	67			83		52
Rome	21	2	2	65	2		92		44	23	6	48			77		25
Springville	27	1	3	59	2		92		32	19	2	83			104		64
Strongs Prairie	9	2	3	164	1		179		155	12	3	149	1		165		137
Total	360	30	40	1,317	24		1,771		957	338	44	1,236	4		1,622		898
Democratic plurality									957								898
Net Republican plurality																	
ASHLAND Co.—10th dist.																	
Ashland, city	896	55	38	1,821	92		2,902		925	1,057	75	1,514	55	4	2,705		457
1st ward	34	9	5	247	3				77	8		209	3				
2d ward	70	5	1	272	11				81	11		233	7				
3d ward	103	3	5	210	6				76	13		200	7				
4th ward	61	2	1	109	6				64	5		110	1				
5th ward	117	5	5	187	5				128	11		145					
6th ward	107	10	5	137	6				174	10		133	7	2			
7th ward	92	3	3	192	16				121	5		129	11	1			
8th ward	85	6	2	189	23				134	3		141	8				
9th ward	104	3	6	122	7				133	6		141		1			
10th ward	120	9	5	156	9				109	3		140	4				

Agendo	46	1	4	71	1	123	25	59	2	60	1	122	1			
Ashland	42	2	1	100	3	148	58	178	12	131	4	325	47			
Butternut	39	1	7	38	2	87	1	9								
Butternut, village	60		6	69	1	137		25	2	24	1	52	1			
Gordon	10	1	1	54	8	74		98	3	233	2	336				
Jacobs	125	9	5	254	13	406	129	18	6	143	1	42				
La Pointe	20	1	8	14		43	6	100	6	157	4	251	43			
Morse	106	5	6	208	9	334		217	3			381	60			
Sanborn	217	13	10	299	10	550										
1st precinct	18	3		46				33		22						
2d precinct	190	10	7	297	10	1		172	2	112	3					
3d precinct	9		3	46				12	1	23	1					
Total	1,561	88	86	2,928	139	2	4,804	1,752	109	2,280	68	5	4,214	108	636	
Democratic plurality								7							108	
Net Republican plurality								1,367							528	
BARRON CO.—11th dist.																
Almena	56	8	1	51		116	5	43		30	4	77	13			
Barron	22	1	16	110		149		14	2	64	1	81		50		
Bear Lake	27			22	1	52	5	12		9		21	3			
Cedar Lake	23	2		25	4	54		16	2	63		81		47		
Chetek	48	6	7	85	3	149		12	4	91		108		79		
Clinton*	42	3	2	171	3	221		37	4	78		120		41		
Crystal Lake	21		1	75	2	99										
Cumberland	36		5	154	2	197		22	8	174		205		152		
Dallas	8	2	32	155	3	261		5	24	167	1	197		162		
Dover	12	4	13	133	3	179		2	23	66		91		64		
Doyle	12		3	69	1	85										
Lakeland	21	3		67		85		16		33	2	52		17		
Maple Grove	24	3	36	244	3	307		15	5	119		139		104		
Oak Grove*	68	5	2	52	3	132	16	37		26		63	11			
Prairie Farm	8			175		193		4	2	115	2	123		111		
Rice Lake	44	1	2	50	6	102		25	1	22	2	50	3			
Stanford	13	2	2	78	2	97		8	1	41	1	52		33		
Stanley	21	1	5	127	2	154		15	2	56	2	73		44		
Sumner	17	3	2	71	2	93		54	5	57	2	78		44		
Turtle Lake	17	3	3	78	4	165		61	15	26		41		11		
Vance Creek	8	1		86		93	1	7	3	33	2	50		29		
Cameron, village	28		2	67		97		24	3	37		64		13		
Dallas, village	11	2	4	76	1	94		3	5	53	1	63		50		
Prairie Farm, village	11		5	56		63				43		59		32		
Turtle Lake, village	23			59	1	87	3	11	5	12	2	230		156		
Barron, city	90	8	19	205	3	325		30	12	186		104		66		
Chetek, city	64	6	4	88		162		17	4	83		101		66		
Cumberland, city	101	9	11	162		263		61	9	191	7	250		148		

*Scattering 1, Clinton; scattering 1, Oak Grove.

BROWN CO.—9th dist.

Allouez	33			1	2	55	8		97		22	30		32		2		64		2	
Ashwanbenon	29	3				85			119		56	27	1	64	4			97		37	
Bellevue	97	3				45	1		149			89	1	30				120	59		
De Pere	84	3				42			130			42	2	28				101	43		
Eaton	112			1		65			179			91		42				135	51		
(Hammore)	95	4		5		151			258			59		110				214	7		
Gr. en Bay	38	2		2		117	4		163			32		103				111		45	
Holland	163	3		4		47	1		218	116		79		77	2			200	138		
Howard	151	4		2		161			318			10		30				214		25	
Humboldt	45	3		4		106			153			61	3	119				138		25	
Lawrence	58	7		3		137			205			79	2	79				154		25	
Morrison	128	3		3		180			314			52	6	103				281		55	
New Denmark	57	10		4		208			285			62	6	186				204		99	
Pittsfield	53	5		3		123			190			89	2	138				148	47	76	
Preble	92	10		6		181	9	2	320			1	1	50				240	27		
Rockland	81	3		1		52			137			29		98	10			129	45		
Scott	97	12				87	2		188	10		103	2	41				168	40		
Suamico	72	1		6		163	2		214			63	8	63				148		13	
Wrightstown	110	7		2		116	5		240			118	3	76				95	21		
Wrightstown, village	69			2		58			120	2		55	1	95				106	23		
De Pere, city	366	15		9		504	15		909		2	301	18	49				377	6	76	
1st ward	75	6		3	158	4			76			3		126				2			
2d ward	102	1		2	122	5			91			9		76				8			
3rd ward	103	7			139				70			2		122				3			
4th ward	86	1		4	85	6			64			4		53				1			
Green Bay, city	1,666	92		43	2,340	6	162	1	4,304		674	1,370	65	1,774				131	2	8	
1st ward	257	12		273	27				204			9		236				14		3,347	
2d ward	251	11		251	10		1		192			6		234				3			
3rd ward	155	11		235					148			3		156				20			
4th ward	165	20		414	30				181			3		269				39			
5th ward	203	8		292	25				194			2		235				13			
6th ward, 1st precinct	181	5		181	3				147			14		121				10			
2d precinct	104	8		100	5				76			6		73				4			
7th ward, 1st precinct	76	2		184	10				64			5		112				1			
2d precinct	60	5		93	5				45			4		86				3			
8th ward, 1st precinct	145	6		210	25				69			10		159				7			
2d precinct	69	4		107	22				50			3		93				17			
Total	3,992	190		107	5,027		211	3	9,230	297	1,632	3,283	126	3,654	174		14	7,250	486	857	
Democratic plurality											297									486	
Net Republican plurality											1,335										371

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902--Continued

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COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
BUFFALO Co.--7th dist.																	
Alma, town.....	37		1	.....	93	.....	131	.....	56	.....	27	.....	1	.....	75	.....	20
Alma, city.....	129	.....	.....	.....	130	.....	269	.....	1	.....	114	.....	4	.....	215	.....	17
1st ward.....	57	.....	.....	1	39	.....	.....	.....	51	.....	1	.....	39	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	23	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	.....	38	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	49	.....	.....	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	38	.....	3	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belvidere, town.....	75	.....	2	.....	71	.....	148	.....	4	.....	70	.....	1	.....	113	.....	28
Buffalo,.....	57	.....	1	.....	31	.....	89	.....	26	.....	54	.....	13	.....	67	.....	41
Buffalo, city.....	28	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	43	.....	13	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	20
Canton, town.....	43	.....	4	.....	89	.....	140	.....	46	.....	22	.....	35	.....	53	.....	14
Cross, town.....	53	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	93	.....	13	.....	33	.....	1	.....	66	.....	1
Dover, town.....	36	.....	1	.....	3	.....	128	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	3	.....	91	.....	54
Fountain City.....	131	.....	4	.....	113	.....	248	.....	18	.....	104	.....	1	.....	189	.....	21
1st ward.....	58	.....	2	.....	52	.....	.....	.....	50	.....	1	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	73	.....	2	.....	61	.....	.....	.....	54	.....	.....	.....	42	.....	1	.....	.....
Gilmanton, town.....	49	.....	1	.....	1	.....	159	.....	59	.....	26	.....	1	.....	95	.....	42
Glencoe town.....	71	.....	5	.....	2	.....	121	.....	29	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	68
Lincoln, town.....	57	.....	3	.....	1	.....	103	.....	16	.....	36	.....	1	.....	61	.....	9
Maxville, town.....	15	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	88	.....	.....	.....	17	.....	2	.....	50	.....	14
Milton, town.....	32	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	49	.....	16	.....	25	.....	.....	.....	39	.....	11
Modena, town.....	12	.....	.....	.....	18	.....	177	.....	129	.....	7	.....	11	.....	102	.....	77
Mondovi, town.....	64	.....	2	.....	3	.....	160	.....	106	.....	13	.....	4	.....	116	.....	86
Mondovi, city.....	24	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	224	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	3	.....	253	.....	180
1st ward.....	31	.....	5	.....	110	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	2	.....	102	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	33	.....	3	.....	114	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	1	.....	116	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montana, town.....	32	.....	1	.....	2	.....	53	.....	1	.....	16	.....	4	.....	43	.....	7
Naples.....	5	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	163	.....	147	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	94	.....	86
Nelson.....	81	.....	4	.....	4	.....	204	.....	.....	.....	74	.....	6	.....	201	.....	47
Waumandee.....	93	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	.....	62	.....	.....	.....	100	.....	25
Total.....	1,127	.....	41	.....	51	.....	1,933	.....	6	.....	3,158	.....	188	.....	988	.....	633
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188	.....	192
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	441

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

BURNETT Co.—11th dist.														
Anderson.....	1		3	104	2		310		101					
Blaine.....	5	2	2	69			78		64					
Grantsburg.....	15	1	3	170	1		190		154	16	14	212	1	4
Grantsburg, village.....	21	1	7	123			157		107	28	14	93		
Jackson.....	4	1		65			50		91					
LaFollette.....	13	4	2	50	2	1	72		37	4	1	36	1	3
Marshall.....	5	1	5	140	6		157		134	7	2	76	4	2
Meenon.....	8	3	1	107			119		99	9	7	166	3	
Rusk.....	6	1	2	56	1		66		50	13	2	54		
Roosevelt.....	10			32			53		31					
Trade Lake.....	1	2	7	80	3		202		170	10	4	150	7	3
Wood Lake.....	3	3	10	155	2		173		145	3	13	129	2	
Total.....	33	19	41	1,256	17	1	1,427		1,153	90	57	865	18	12
Democratic plurality.....														
Net Republican plurality.....									1,153					
CALUMET Co.—8th dist.														
Brillion.....	81	5	6	187			279		106	74	5	155	4	
Brillion, village.....	70	4		115			189		45	64	1	105	6	
Brothertown.....	108	6	6	83			203	25	106	66	3	83		
Charlestown.....	111	4	1	115	20		251		4	89	2	95	58	1
Chilton.....	148	5	2	86	9		250	62	139	3	3	74	4	
Chilton, city.....	210	5	2	103	24		344	107	174	4	4	122	29	
Harrison.....	187	3	3	126	1		320	61	166	1		77		1
Hilbert, village.....	70	3	1	49	2		125	21	58	1		33	2	
New Holstein.....	84	5	1	142	6		238		61			123	3	
New Holstein, village.....	33	2	1	116	6		158		83	25		111	8	
Rantoul.....	97	3		152	1		253		55	84	3	124	1	
Stockbridge.....	246	22	7	88	9		372	158	158	5	5	116	7	
Woodville.....	126	3		76			205	50	126	2		37	1	
Total.....	1,571	70	80	1,433	78		3,187	484	351	1,325	30	1,238	123	2
Republican plurality.....								551						
Net Democratic plurality.....								133						
CHIPPEWA Co.—11th dist.														
Anson.....	26			119			145		93	21	1	101		123
Arthur.....	51	4	5	146	6		213		94	40	3	61	1	105
Auburn.....	44	3	4	158			212		114	43	2	109		154
Bloomer.....	94	4	7	134	3	1	243		40	91	2	78	2	173
Cleveland.....	51	2	1	70			94		49	7	1	50		58
Scattering 3 Rantoul.														

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
CHIPPEWA Co.—Con.																	
Colburn	29	3	3	92			127		63	14	3	67			84		53
Delmar	72	3	2	51	3		131	21									
Eagle Point	93	4	7	118	2		224		25	89	5	130			224		41
Edson	98	3	3	86			190	12		164	3	113	2		232	51	
La Fayette	57	3	7	196	1	1	265		139	42	5	169			216		127
Sampson	27	4	5	65			101		38	16	2	54			72		38
Sigel	81	8	2	120	2		213		39	60		102	2		164		42
Tilden	119	3	1	106	1		230	13		111		79			190	32	
Wheaton	92	5	6	208			311		116	75	3	154	1		233		79
Auburn, village	17	4	6	62			89		45	14	1	54	1		70		40
Bloomer, village	76	5	12	143			236		67	48	6	135			199		77
Boyd, village	91	1		53			145	38		46	3	74	1		124		28
Cadot, village	63		5	94			173		26	43	3	101	2		149		58
Stanley, city	175	4	8	354	5	1	549		179	84	9	361	2		456		277
1st ward	25			81	1	1				5	2	84					
2d ward	32		5	76						24	2	59	1				
3d ward	62	2		109	2	1				22	4	129	1				
4th ward	56	2	2	88	2	1				33	1	89					
Chippewa Falls, city	729	33	31	987	11		1,791		258	588	32	975	10		1,605		337
1st ward	52	3	6	130						48	6	113	1				
2d ward	110	4	7	121						98	5	131	1				
3d ward	122	1	3	173	3					99	5	152	1				
4th ward	52	3		65						40	2	64	1				
5th ward	88	3	2	88	1					79	3	90	2				
6th ward	98	6	5	94	2					72	1	90	1				
7th ward	49	3	5	86	2					42	4	90					
8th ward	64	3	2	95						40	5	113					
9th ward	51	1		75						43	1	84	2				
10th ward	43	1	2	60	3					27		48	1				
Total	2,051	101	115	3,362	37	6	5,682	84	1,335	1,611	84	2,907	24		4,636	96	1,452
Democratic plurality								84	84								96
Net Republican plurality								1,301									1,356

CLARK Co—7th dist.

Beaver.....	25	3	4	74	10	127	38	22	13	63	2	165	46	
Colby.....	91	4	2	41	.....	138	50	76	2	33	.....	111	43
Dewhurst.....	4	1	2	25	.....	32	21	19	2	19	.....	23	17
Eaton.....	29	3	1	98	.....	131	69	23	5	78	1	167	55
Fremont.....	32	1	4	126	.....	123	94	46	4	110	.....	150	64
Graut.....	125	3	5	119	1	253	6	112	4	103	.....	219	9
Green Grove.....	72	2	1	32	.....	167	40	42	1	16	.....	53	26
Hewett.....	6	3	1	35	.....	45	29	9	.....	33	.....	42	24
Hixon.....	84	5	2	92	3	183	8	15	4	58	.....	77	43
Hoard.....	26	1	1	92	.....	120	66	20	4	52	3	79	32
Levis.....	34	2	3	57	.....	86	33	42	6	39	.....	81	3
Loyal.....	84	5	6	82	.....	179	2	80	12	59	.....	151	21
Lynn.....	63	2	6	64	.....	135	1	51	2	77	.....	87	26
Longwood.....	32	4	.....	57	.....	97	25	27	.....	71	.....	98	26
Mayville.....	64	3	3	94	2	167	30	20	3	94	1	118	44	
Mead.....	9	.....	.....	21	.....	39	12	4	.....	14	.....	18	74
Mentor.....	69	5	17	98	.....	189	29	58	11	82	.....	151	24
Pine Valley.....	115	3	7	106	.....	231	9	89	6	109	.....	204	20
Reseburg.....	54	4	12	53	2	125	1	57	15	26	.....	98	31
Sherman.....	83	2	3	69	1	158	14	47	2	76	.....	125	29
S-if.....	15	1	.....	13	.....	29	2	19	.....	10	.....	31	9
Sherwood.....	17	.....	.....	32	.....	49	15	13	.....	27	.....	49	5
Thorp.....	27	6	4	92	1	130	65	32	.....	62	1	95	20
Unity.....	91	4	.....	64	.....	166	27	36	8	76	.....	120	40
Warner.....	56	4	8	80	1	149	8	29	5	97	.....	122	77
Washburn.....	41	4	3	49	1	96	24	27	2	67	.....	96	40
Weston.....	104	2	3	76	1	187	28	83	2	90	.....	175	7
Withee.....	34	2	.....	72	7	116	.....	37	2	27	2	79	10
Warden.....	47	3	1	67	.....	118	.....	41	3	31	.....	74	9
York.....	47	.....	17	138	.....	265	.....	50	14	153	.....	189	75
Abbottsford, village.....	108	3	3	.....	3	215	10	44	4	78	1	127	34
Colby, city.....	75	3	2	59	2	141	16	68	2	65	2	137	3	
Dorchester, village.....	33	1	3	62	1	100	.....	21	.....	45	.....	67	24
Greenwo d, city.....	64	1	5	98	.....	169	34	33	9	110	.....	152	77
Loyal, village.....	90	11	14	66	1	182	24	64	22	67	1	154	3	
Neillsville, city.....	233	7	5	244	1	450	11	212	8	262	1	423	50	
1st ward.....	65	1	.....	84	.....	.....	.....	58	1	88	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	71	1	3	67	.....	.....	.....	60	4	79	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	59	5	2	93	1	.....	.....	94	3	95	1	.....	.....
Thorp, village.....	63	4	8	74	1	150	11	50	7	78	.....	155	23
Withee, village.....	58	5	.....	32	1	96	36	29	4	43	1	77	14
Total.....	2,315	120	167	2,851	40	2 5,495	265	1,729	191	2,577	15	12	4,524	164
Democratic plurality.....
Net Republican plurality.....	536	848

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1901 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1901.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
COLUMBIA Co.—2d dist.																	
Arlington.....	71	5	2	108	2	188	37	43	11	78				132		35	
Caledonia.....	79	12	5	107		203	23	67	11	112				192		43	
Columbus.....	91	7	1	50	1	150	41	23		33				95	23		
Courtland.....	42	11	7	125		185		83	10	98		1		132		75	
De Korra.....	61	6	3	123	2	195	62	50	1	95			1	127		65	
Fort Winnebago.....	77	2	1	63	1	144	14	87	2	49				138	38		
Fountain Prairie.....	127	11	3	79		220	48	134	7	106				247	28		
Hampden.....	68	2	1	119	1	191	51	68	4	78				150		10	
Leeds.....	98	5	2	118	3	226	20	60	5	103		1		169		43	
Lewiston.....	77	1	2	93	3	177	16	63	5	112		3		183		49	
Lodi.....	53	2	4	101		165	43	40	3	96		2		144		56	
Lowville.....	44	2	5	105	1	157	61	47	8	71		2		123		24	
Marcellon.....	73	2	11	77		133	4	59	13	76		1		149		17	
Newport.....	21		2	87		110	66	25	1	59				85		34	
Osego.....	70	3	4	190	1	268	120	66	2	130				198		64	
Pacific.....	24	1	2	15	15	60	9	13	7	24		13		57		11	
Randolph.....	78	2	5	116	1	199	38	48	3	84		1		136		36	
Scott.....	42	1	6	81	1	131	39	26	5	88		1		120		62	
Springvale.....	32	5	3	111	1	152	79	26	7	88			1	122		62	
West Point.....	68	7	3	74	1	133	6	66	2	82				150		16	
Wycena.....	65	7	15	153	6	246	88	41	18	170		2		231		129	
Cambria, village.....	44	1	13	99	2	159	105	55	32	118				164		86	
Fall River.....	58	6	1	39	1	105	19										
Kilbourn, city.....	137	8	1	142	1	239	5	112	4	151		1		268		39	
Lodi, village.....	135	2	7	131	2	277	4	71	7	164				242		93	
Pardeeville.....	80	5	11	113	6	215	33	36	9	128		2		175		92	
Poynette, village.....	56	1	7	109	9	182	53	23	13	86		1		128		58	
Randolph, vil. (W. Wd.).....	17	2	6	35		60	18	4	3	45		1		52		41	
Rio, village.....	53	2	5	106	1	167	53	34	5	90				129		56	
Columbus, city.....	317	12	5	228	7	569	89	259	14	223				496	26		
1st ward.....	107	2	2	91	3			85	5	96							
2d ward.....	94	4	2	71	2			74	3	59							
3d ward.....	116	6	1	66	2			100	6	68							
Portage, city.....	748	36	31	483	42	1,340	255	571	35	639		12		1,257		63	
1st ward.....	95	5	3	51	8			93	2	37							
2d ward.....	134	9	14	51	2			92	14	103		1					

31 ward	112	11	8	83	9					76	7	121	1					
4th ward	190	7		123	8					148	5	226						
5th ward	217	4	6	125	15					162	7	119	3					
Total	3,011	160	175	3,580	111			7,046	489	1,058	2,240	229	3,470	43	2	5,993	125	1,364
Democratic plurality										489								125
Net Republican plurality										569								1,230
CRAWFORD Co.—3d dist.																		
Bridgeport	46		2	11				59	35		31		25			56	6	
Clayton	203	4	8	181				396	22		168	13	183			364		15
Eastman	188	8	2	88	4			290	100		165	3	82			250	83	
Freeman	69	6	6	268	3			352		199	55	7	212			274		157
Haney	63	4	3	85				155		22	52	3	102			157		50
Marietta	99	4	2	62	1			168	37		42	1	117			160		75
Prairie du Chien	89	1		16				106	73		80		21			101	59	
Scott	99	3		87				201	24		99	7	87			193	12	
Seneca	162	3	1	98	1			265	64		138	5	87	1		231	51	
Utica	92	2		253				347		161	53	6	237			296		184
Wauzeka	62	1	2	49		2		116	13		48	1	44			93	4	
Lynxville, vil.	32		3	47				82		15	13		68			85		55
Soldiers Grove, vil.	63	2		120				185		57	60	6	94			160		34
Wauzeka, vil.	76	3	1	34				114	42		55	4	57			116		2
De Soto, vil.	3		5	16				24		11	7	1	4			12	5	
Gay's Mill, vil.	55		5	52				107	3		24	3	64	1		92		40
Stauben, vil.	31	3	2	24	1			61	7		29	2	40			71		11
Bell Center, vil.	42	3	2	13				60	29		17	2	35			54		18
Prairie du Chien, city	510	8	5	134	2			659	376		436	5	187	6		634	249	
1st ward	75	1		27							76		21					
2d ward	179	4	1	59							147	1	69	2				
3d ward	203	1	3	41	1						164	3	82	1				
4th ward	53	2	1	7	1						49		15	1				
Total	1,996	55	44	1,638	12	2	3,747	825	465		1,572	73	1,746	8		3,399	467	641
Republican plurality									465									
Democratic plurality										360								467
Net Democratic plu., 1901																		
Net Republican plu., 1902																		174
DANE Co.—2d dist.																		
Albion*	93	5	21	260			379		167	*49	27		221	1		269		172
Belleville, village	44	2	2	65	1		114		21	34	5		58	1		43		24

* Albion, scattering 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, (CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS,	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Seo- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
DANE Co.—Con.																	
Berry.....	158	4	2	23	.....	197	125	.....	147	2	33	.....	1	186	111	.....
Black Earth.....	46	2	7	30	1	86	16	.....	35	9	39	.....	.....	83	.....	4
Black Earth, vil.....	54	3	6	62	.....	125	.....	8	*36	9	62	2	.....	110	.....	26
Blooming Grove.....	179	5	2	165	1	352	14	.....	126	4	84	.....	.....	242	15	.....
Blue wounds.....	49	.....	4	191	.....	245	.....	142	66	3	111	1	.....	201	.....	65
Bristol.....	137	2	3	98	1	241	39	.....	140	4	131	.....	.....	228	.....	.....
Burke.....	111	8	2	173	4	298	.....	62	106	9	119	.....	.....	236	56	.....
Cambridge, vil.....	45	1	2	99	1	148	.....	54	44	2	94	2	.....	140	.....	13
Christiana.....	127	8	3	296	2	436	169	.....	†116	7	216	.....	.....	340	.....	50
Cottage Grove.....	128	8	13	191	3	343	63	.....	130	15	169	2	.....	340	.....	100
Cross Plains.....	205	6	1	41	1	254	164	.....	208	1	36	.....	.....	307	.....	30
Dane.....	104	5	4	77	1	191	27	.....	104	2	71	4	.....	249	172	.....
Dane, village.....	54	.....	.....	11	.....	65	43	.....	48	1	9	.....	.....	178	33	.....
Deerfield.....	103	3	3	106	2	217	.....	3	92	.....	94	.....	.....	186	.....	2
Deerfield, village.....	53	1	1	90	4	149	.....	37	39	.....	71	.....	.....	122	.....	32
De Forest, village.....	34	.....	.....	60	.....	95	.....	26	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dunkirk.....	87	2	2	250	.....	357	.....	163	72	.....	7	.....	.....	308	.....	157
Dunn.....	89	.....	16	196	2	291	.....	107	67	7	229	.....	.....	243	.....	4
Fitchburg.....	92	3	3	129	.....	224	.....	37	93	.....	9	2	.....	196	.....	98
Madison, town.....	101	4	1	156	7	275	.....	52	130	6	97	.....	.....	346	.....	4
Madison, city.....	2,582	93	54	2,874	99	5,703	.....	292	2,292	10	201	4	1	4,671	116	71
1st ward.....	246	13	6	255	1	.....	.....	.....	187	16	228	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	284	16	4	300	10	.....	.....	.....	228	16	309	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	228	6	3	135	7	.....	.....	.....	244	4	172	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	312	3	7	262	11	.....	.....	.....	380	24	317	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward, 1st precinct.....	240	8	4	365	4	.....	.....	.....	173	15	317	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward, 2d precinct.....	135	5	6	220	4	.....	.....	.....	127	13	16	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward, 1st precinct.....	246	5	2	248	6	.....	.....	.....	240	10	182	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward, 2d precinct.....	160	5	1	219	15	.....	.....	.....	139	7	147	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	259	16	8	218	11	.....	.....	.....	240	8	154	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	309	8	1	249	23	.....	.....	.....	334	11	164	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
9th ward.....	128	3	11	135	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10th ward.....	35	5	.....	88	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mazomanie.....	56	5	4	40	1	106	16	.....	44	6	37	.....	.....	87	7	.....

*Black Earth village, scattering 1.

†Christiana, scattering 1,

‡Madison, 7th ward, scattering 1.

Mazomanie, village	129	3	5	89		226	40	105	3	93		201	12		
Medina	131	9	20	143		302		126	11	153		261	3		
Middle-ton	237	5	3	133		378	101	214	3	82	1	301	132		
Montrose	91	3	12	83	2	191	8	85	11	62	2	158	23		
Mt Horeb, village	55	1	5	138		239		94	4	115		214			
Oregon	72	2	1	134	2	211		62	74	7	2	190	33		
Oregon, village	74	4	7	115	3	203		41	67	11		183	38		
Perry	37	1	4	182	2	22		145	33	6		150	117		
Primrose	43	3	4	110		169		67	32	2	3	85	53		
Pleasant Springs	48	10	3	286		347		238	34	6	1	276	201		
Roxbury	140	1	3	30	2	176	110	122	1	18		141	104		
Rutland	28	2	7	276	1	314		248	25	11		219	194		
Springdale	92			152		244		60	61	3		127	66		
Springfield	186	4	1	25		216	161	181	1	17		199	164		
Stoughton, city	225	23	63	707	3	1,011	482	143	40	579	4	766	436		
1st ward	41		17	181				58	21	261	3				
2d ward	64	4	12	256	2			85	19	365	1				
3d ward	46	3	21	170	1										
4th ward	74	10	13	97											
Sun Prairie	121	7		84		212	37	131	4	85		220	46		
Sun Prairie, village	142	3	8	152	1	3.6	10	129	6	123	1	259	6		
Vienna	63	1	5	162		231		46	3	132		183	84		
Verona	120	3	11	96		239	24	167	16	90		213	17		
Vermont	50	1		127		178	77	51	3	97		151	46		
Waunakee, village	93	2		37	1	133	56	63	2	33	3	104	27		
Westport	121	3	1	109	1	235	12	115	*5	83		214	42		
Windsor	114	5	6	232	3	360		107	11	210		323	103		
York	83	8	11	93	1	196		88	17	71		170	17		
Total	7,268	277	333	9,388	154	17,426	996	3,116		7,561	113	8	14,604	1,142	2,240
Democratic plurality								9.6						1,142	
Net Republican plurality								2,120							1,098
DODGE CO.—6th dist.															
Ashippun	119	7	1	131	1	259	12	114	3	109		226	5		
Beaver Dam	159	7		68		235	91	121	4	47		172	74		
Burnett	155	12	5	67		239	88	124	5	59	1	189	65		
Calamus	79	11	14	53		157	26	57	11	27		95	30		
Chester	80	4	1	57		140	25	59	3	46		108	13		
Clyman	186	5	1	57		249	129	100	3	60	1	224	100		
Elba	130	6	8	67		211	63	98	4	31		133	67		
Emmett	159	5		60	1	225	99	156		50		266	106		
Fox Lake	60	7	4	69	1	141		39		30		134			51
Herman	181	14	1	83		279	98	148	1	88	2	239	60		

* Westport, scattering 1.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902									
	Peck, Dem.	Scofield, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
DODGE Co.—Cont.																	
Hubbard	175	5	5	109			294	66		177	7	72	1		257	165	
Hustisford	264	6		114			336	150		269	5	89			363	180	
Lebanon	212	6	1	45	1		265	167		188		46			234	142	
Leroy	160	8	2	89			259	71		129	2	81			215	45	
Lomira	135	8	4	163	3		313		28	127	5	120	1		253	7	
Lowell	179	8	5	117			309	62		154	5	81			243	70	
Oak Grove	214	12	4	66	2		298	148		180	1	85	1		267	95	
Portland	140	4	2	64			210	76		124	1	31			159	90	
Rubicon	150	5	5	96			254	54		123	6	87	4		220	36	
Shields	151	4	1	18			174	133		123	1	24			148	99	
Theresa	163	6	1	83			255	82		135	1	53			189	82	
Trenton	126	13		99			240	27		99	7	131			237		
Westford	105			29	1		133	76		86	3	18			117	78	
Williamstown	117	3	3	60	2		185	57		108	2	40			150	68	
Beaver Dam, city	776	37	31	319	6		1,169	457		668	43	357	3		1,071	311	
1st ward	103	1	1	30						133	1	29					
2d ward	126	8	2	27	1					210	10	79	2				
3d ward	65	5	10	72						109	26	145					
4th ward	127	4	3	33	2					216	6	104	1				
5th ward	83	2		10	2												
6th ward	97	4	3	35													
7th ward	76	3	5	69													
8th ward	99	10	7	43	1												
Horicon, city	310	3	4	45	1	2	364	265		260	4	57			*322	203	
1st ward	111	1		11	1					99		10					
2d ward	103		2	11	1					50	3	13					
3d ward	96	2	2	23						71	1	34					
Juneau, city	207	3		38		1	249	169		202	2	56			260	146	
1st ward	95	3		18						100	1	21					
2d ward	112			20	1					102	1	35					
Mayville, city	282	10	2	144		1	443	133		276	2	119	11		408	157	
1st ward	69	2		44	2	1				64		42	6				
2d ward	70	2	1	12						64	1	11	1				
3d ward	143	6	1	88	2					143	1	66	4				

* Scattering in Horicon City, 1 in total.

Watertown.....	460				72	24	.....	514	337	.....	357	7	82	8	1	1	455	275	.....
5th ward.....	171	1	1	19	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	148	2	24	3	1	1	455	275	.....
6th ward.....	223	4	3	53	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	209	5	58	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wauwun, city.....	117		8	6	229	.....	.....	360	112	.....	83	18	219	.....	.....	.....	329	.....	123
1st ward.....	38	2	3	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	55	2	.....	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	27	.....	.....	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	17	4	1	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fox Lake, village.....	122	5	1	89	1	.....	223	43	.....	83	8	.....	118	1	.....	.....	213	.....	32
Lomira, village.....	78	1	2	34	1	.....	116	41	.....	60	1	.....	40	.....	.....	.....	101	.....	20
Lowell, village.....	39	.....	.....	31	.....	.....	70	8	.....	39	1	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	64	.....	15
Randolph, east ward.....	60	4	7	75	1	.....	147	15	.....	31	12	.....	81	1	.....	.....	128	.....	47
Reeseville, village.....	58	5	.....	34	.....	.....	57	21	.....	58	1	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	100	.....	17
Theresa, village.....	51	.....	.....	31	.....	.....	82	29	.....	60	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	.....	79	.....	41
Neosha.....	47	3	.....	32	.....	.....	82	15	.....	52	3	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	78	.....	29
Total.....	6,167	248	132	3,035	53	1	9,636	3,303	176	.....	5,313	186	2,810	36	1	.....	8,377	2,831	298
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	176	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	298	.....
Net Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,132	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,533	.....
Door Co.—9th dist.																			
Bailey's Harbor.....	92	5	4	38	2	.....	141	54	.....	38	2	.....	77	.....	.....	.....	117	.....	39
Brussels.....	69	6	4	92	.....	.....	171	.....	23	36	1	.....	140	2	.....	.....	179	.....	104
Clay Banks.....	69	3	.....	41	.....	.....	113	28	.....	36	.....	.....	58	1	.....	.....	95	.....	22
Egg Harbor.....	72	.....	4	73	3	.....	152	.....	1	41	1	.....	92	.....	1	.....	136	.....	51
Forestville.....	204	11	1	44	.....	.....	260	160	.....	91	.....	.....	104	1	.....	.....	196	.....	13
Gardner.....	96	3	.....	42	.....	.....	141	54	.....	15	1	.....	100	1	.....	.....	117	.....	85
Gibraltar.....	70	11	5	121	1	.....	238	.....	51	29	1	.....	105	1	1	.....	137	.....	76
Jacksonport.....	81	2	1	78	.....	.....	192	3	.....	15	1	.....	115	.....	.....	.....	161	.....	130
Liberty Grove.....	117	6	37	108	4	.....	332	.....	51	23	18	.....	229	.....	.....	.....	262	.....	197
Nasauwaupee.....	123	9	3	40	1	.....	351	88	.....	45	6	.....	67	.....	.....	.....	118	.....	72
Savastapol.....	194	3	3	58	.....	.....	258	136	.....	68	4	.....	142	1	.....	.....	215	.....	74
Sturgeon Bay.....	50	5	4	39	2	.....	100	11	.....	12	2	.....	63	.....	.....	.....	77	.....	51
Sturgeon Bay, city.....	451	25	20	346	9	.....	851	105	.....	225	13	.....	449	.....	.....	.....	1,689	.....	224
1st ward.....	152	9	9	99	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	83	3	.....	134	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	91	3	4	66	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	4	.....	92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	101	8	1	78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	52	3	.....	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	107	5	6	103	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	31	2	.....	117	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union.....	6	1	1	71	2	.....	81	65	.....	6	.....	.....	42	.....	.....	.....	45	.....	36
Washington.....	17	6	8	132	.....	.....	163	.....	115	27	3	.....	81	2	.....	.....	116	.....	57
Total.....	1,716	96	95	1,383	24	.....	3,314	629	366	.....	707	53	1,888	11	2	.....	2,663	.....	1,181
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	306	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plu. 1904.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Democratic plu 1902.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	333	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,181

Scattering, 2.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902 - Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.										
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck- Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.	
Douglas Co.—11th dist.																		
Superior, city.....	1,143	96	99	3,098	46	354	26	4,816	.....	1,955	1,458	105	2,319	103	57	4,012	.....	861
1st ward.....	130	9	5	275	46	1	1	.....	.....	.....	160	4	252	12	1	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	83	7	5	158	10	1	1	.....	.....	.....	61	13	153	5	5	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	33	4	2	131	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	67	3	81	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward, 1st precinct	33	1	3	108	25	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	6	70	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d prec nct	32	7	3	106	29	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	144	.....	79	2	2	.....	.....	.....
3rd precinct	67	4	5	286	34	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	147	5	203	6	13	.....	.....	.....
5th ward, east prec't	37	1	4	131	10	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	63	6	112	7	5	.....	.....	.....
west prec't	46	7	11	260	16	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	12	185	2	4	.....	.....	.....
south prec't	95	16	8	243	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	74	9	167	4	3	.....	.....	.....
6th ward	170	9	21	285	45	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	193	4	243	11	3	.....	.....	.....
7th ward, 1st precinct	98	6	4	212	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	97	4	153	4	3	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct	98	6	7	209	16	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	90	9	181	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward	40	6	11	204	22	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	25	151	5	2	.....	.....	.....
9th ward	72	5	9	342	40	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	82	4	195	30	9	.....	.....	.....
10th ward.....	104	8	1	148	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	1	94	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brule, town	49	3	5	319	2	4	.....	382	.....	270	65	10	183	2	2	260	.....	118
1st precinct	30	1	3	92	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	4	89	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2nd precinct	12	2	2	183	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	6	61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct	7	.....	.....	44	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gordon, town	42	3	6	138	.....	.....	.....	190	.....	96	28	5	48	.....	.....	81	.....	20
1st precinct	34	3	5	112	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	4	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct	8	.....	1	26	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	1	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebagamain	114	10	10	502	15	18	.....	655	.....	383	155	19	270	4	1	449	.....	115
1st precinct	82	5	9	315	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	123	14	172	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct	11	1	.....	63	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	33	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct	19	2	1	79	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	2	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th precinct	2	2	.....	45	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	5	3	32	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Superior, town	80	.....	.....	161	3	9	.....	259	.....	84	56	2	113	.....	.....	171	.....	57
1st precinct	10	.....	.....	63	3	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct	8	.....	3	51	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	1	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3rd precinct	7	2	.....	34	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th precinct (no elec.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th precinct	55	.....	.....	13	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	1	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,428	114	123	4,221	386	30	6,302	.....	2,793	1,762	141	2,933	109	58	5,033	.....	1,171	

Florence	269	6	3	124	1	403	145	108	11	164	1	284	56
Homestead	13		1	101	2	120	91	10	2	42	1	56	32
Total	343	13	5	302	3	666	145	169	15	267	4	456	98
Democratic plurality							104						
Net Republican plurality							41						98
FOND DU LAC CO.—6th dist													
Ait.	56	8	3	201		268	115	48	5	123		181	80
Ashford	161	3	3	145	1	316	19	132	4	110		246	22
Auburn	104	6	2	133	2	247	29	91	3	121	2	217	30
Byron	156	9	8	110	1	284	46	104	12	94	1	211	10
Calumet	207	3	2	61		273	146	180	4	35		229	155
Eden	167	8	3	195		373		159	3	208	3	373	49
Eldorado	163	8	4	145	1	321	18	97	2	122	2	223	25
Empire	117	8	4	80	1	210	37	93	5	93		191	
Fond du Lac	143	13	4	82	6	248	61	116	7	122	3	219	6
Forest	130	5	4	104	1	244	26	130		98		228	32
Friendship	100	8	2	84	1	195	16	152	2	147	2	363	5
Lamartine	167	5	5	96	1	274	71	102	8	109	1	220	7
Marshfield	360	5	7	34	1	407	326	349	3	21	1	374	328
Mitomen	81	8	12	158	4	263		90	11	103		204	13
Oakfield	67	6	2	117		192		50	12	197	1	285	122
Oscoda	104	11	7	140		262		36	93	1		274	37
Ripon	92	4	4	134		234		42	90	1	1	173	4
Rosendale	82	10	1	128		221		46	52	14		109	57
Springvale	136	9	5	93		243	43	78	4	163		183	23
Taycheedah	215	9	7	41		272	174	158	3	34	2	197	124
Waupun	65	15	2	116		198		30	7	104		141	74
Fond du Lac, city	2,297	110	24	1,744	49	4,225	553	1,847	69	1,499	72	3,488	348
1st ward	83	5		120		127		273		266	14	273	
2d ward	153	10		127	10	153		291	14	253	4	291	
3d ward	132	8		88	3	132		202	5	219	10	202	
4th ward	150	13		132		150		371	9	205	17	371	
5th ward	107	7		113	7	107		139	4	103	3	139	
6th ward	122	6	2	97	8	122		134	5	70	3	134	
7th ward	153	2		130	1	153		141	8	133	11	141	
8th ward	151	5	4	122	2	151		216	15	250	10	216	
9th ward	144	11		105		144	1						
10th ward	155	5	2	122		155							
11th ward	193	13	3	87		193							
12th ward	194	3	3	104	3	194							
13th ward	151	2	2	95		151							
14th ward	122	2	2	97		122							
15th ward	141	2	2	120		141							
16th ward	146	3	1	85		146							

Scattering 1 in Fond du Lac.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902 - Continued

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, S c Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Pack, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
FOND DU LAC Co.—Con.																	
Ripon, city.....	378	17	24	532	5	956	154	408	26	387	3	824	21	...	...	...
1st ward.....	76	2	3	130	.....	.....	.....	101	3	72	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	95	6	5	168	.....	.....	.....	80	11	116	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	100	3	5	108	3	.....	.....	118	5	92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	107	6	11	126	2	.....	.....	109	7	107	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brandon, village.....	82	12	5	65	.....	164	.....	60	9	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waupun, city.....	125	5	2	135	.....	267	17	92	6	122	1	152	23	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	56	2	.....	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	69	3	2	89	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Campbelsport, village.	78	7	4	91	.....	189	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oakfield, village.....	62	6	3	89	.....	160	27	67	6	78	.....	151	11	.....	.....	.....
North Fond du Lac, vil.	217	15	8	218	8	466	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	6,115	333	161	5,271	82	1,196	1,553	4,903	227	4,443	95	9,671	1,049	589	589	589	
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	709	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	844	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
FOREST Co.—10th dist.																	
Caswell.....	17	12	1	32	.....	62	15	64	2	33	.....	99	31	.....	.....	.....
Crandon.....	67	19	9	309	7	411	242	125	7	224	3	359	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st precinct.....	57	11	8	281	7	.....	.....	97	6	175	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	10	8	1	28	.....	.....	.....	28	1	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hiles.....	58	.....	.....	54	1	113	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Laona.....	39	5	.....	201	5	251	162	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North Crandon.....	24	3	1	73	1	102	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wabeno.....	46	9	4	237	5	310	191	83	5	227	3	318	144	.....	.....	.....
1st precinct.....	26	5	1	121	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	16	4	2	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	4	1	.....	82	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	251	48	15	906	19	1,240	4	272	14	484	6	776	31	243	31	243	
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	655	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

GATES Co.—11th dist.

Atlanta	21	4	7	135	2	169	114	18	3	67		88	49
Big Bend	26	2	5	68		101	42	6	6	41		53	35
Bruce	32	2	4	87	2	127	55	24	2	38		64	14
Dewey	52	2		49		94	12	36	1	19	1	57	17
Flambeau	5	2	1	39	1	48		2	2	18		22	16
Grant	19			52		71		4	2	32		38	28
Hawkins	5	1		77		83							
Ladysmith	92	9	5	236	4	246	144	53	4	149		186	116
Lawrence	17	4	3	87		111		19		28	1	48	9
Marshall	2	2	1	27	1	33		4	1	21		26	17
Rusk	12	1		43		56		9	2	23		34	14
Strickland	13	1	2	25		41		15	1	8	1	25	7
Stubbs	41	3	8	124	6	185		34	2	55	1	93	21
Thornapple	90	1	2	65		158	25	9	1	24	1	35	15
1st precinct	66	1	1	31									
2d precinct	24		1	34									
True	6	2	5	103	3	119		9	2	50		61	41
Total	436	36	43	1,208	19	1,742	37	809	29	573	5	1	830
Democratic plurality							37	37					24
Net Republican plurality							72						351

GRANT Co.—3d dist.

Beetown	70	8	3	139	16	233	69	63	8	137		208	74
Bloomington	70	6	4	67	1	148	3	37	8	100	1	146	63
Boscobel	271	4	5	173	3	456	98	136	12	264	1	413	128
Casville	78	3	2	49		132	29	62	3	50		115	12
Castle Rock	99	1	1	32		133	67	74		25	1	100	49
Clifton	81	7	9	146	1	244	65	42	13	161		216	119
Ellenboro	92	15	2	72		181	20	32	2	99	1	134	67
Fennimore	80	3	1	107		191	27	55	7	124	1	187	69
Glen Haven	93	4	2	83	1	183	10	64	2	66	1	133	2
Harrison	111	3	1	93		208	18	37	3	97	1	138	60
Hazel Green	110	1	1	77		189	33	80	5	75		161	5
Hickory Grove	45	4	2	103	1	155	58	29	2	93		124	64
Jamestown	143	4	1	31	2	181	112	83		34		117	49
Lancaster	113	8	4	236		331	123	101	8	195	1	305	94
Liberty	88	7		88		183		76	1	83		160	7
Lima	99	6	16	93		208	6	79	6	107		192	28
Little Grant	49	2	4	65		120	16	29	3	78	1	111	49
Marion	75	6		41		122	34	52	6	34		92	18
Millville	8	2	11	45		67	1	8	13	46		67	38
Mt. Hope	70	5	13	92		180		32	22	91	2	147	59
Mt. Ida	70	4	11	91		176		48	18	80	1	147	32
Muscoda	44	4		39		57	5	45	3	31		79	14

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
GRANT Co.—Con.																	
Paris.....	104	5	1	51	.....	161	53	.....	61	.....	46	2	.....	109	15	.....
Patch Grove.....	51	3	.....	101	.....	160	.....	50	43	10	89	2	.....	145	.....	46
Platteville.....	82	7	3	85	1	178	.....	3	59	2	63	.....	1	125	.....	4
Potosi.....	176	3	2	113	.....	294	63	.....	113	5	109	6	.....	233	4	.....
Smelse.....	71	4	3	141	1	220	.....	70	55	1	95	.....	.....	151	.....	40
Waterloo.....	42	6	3	133	.....	184	.....	91	34	3	99	1	.....	137	.....	65
Watterstown.....	51	1	3	86	.....	141	.....	35	18	2	88	.....	.....	108	.....	70
Wingville.....	54	2	.....	131	3	190	.....	77	37	3	114	.....	.....	154	.....	77
Woodman.....	68	2	5	36	.....	111	32	.....	58	9	45	1	.....	113	13	.....
Wyalusing.....	65	2	8	150	4	229	.....	85	50	8	115	1	.....	174	.....	65
Bloomington, village.....	70	3	4	86	.....	163	.....	16	29	13	87	2	.....	131	.....	58
Cassville, village.....	138	2	3	84	.....	227	54	.....	56	3	98	.....	2	159	.....	42
Cuba City, village.....	80	3	1	88	.....	173	.....	8	67	4	99	1	1	172	.....	32
Fennimore, village.....	145	4	7	116	1	273	29	.....	91	13	123	.....	.....	227	.....	32
Hazel Green, village.....	60	2	4	66	2	134	.....	6	34	9	74	.....	.....	117	.....	40
Montfort, village.....	44	1	5	85	.....	135	.....	41	30	5	89	.....	.....	124	.....	59
Muscoda, village.....	103	2	3	74	2	184	29	.....	93	5	78	.....	.....	176	15	.....
Potosi, village.....	58	2	1	44	.....	105	14	.....	40	1	40	.....	1	82	.....	.....
Lancaster, city.....	278	13	5	328	.....	624	.....	50	141	19	346	3	.....	509	.....	205
1st ward.....	65	.....	1	79	.....	.....	.....	.....	31	5	88	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	79	3	2	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	41	5	85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	64	5	2	84	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	2	85	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	70	.....	.....	99	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	7	88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Platteville, city.....	471	19	8	480	6	984	9	269	23	23	444	2	2	738	.....	175
1st ward.....	141	9	.....	127	.....	.....	.....	.....	91	8	114	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	119	5	.....	140	4	.....	.....	.....	76	5	134	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	88	3	4	134	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	8	108	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	123	2	4	79	2	.....	.....	.....	63	2	88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	4,170	193	161	4,440	46	9,011	709	976	2,642	283	4,411	32	8	7,376	194	1,963	
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	709	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	194
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	267	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,769

GREEN CO.—1st dist.

Adams.....	81	1			62	1		145	19		56		57			113		1				
Albany.....	36	1	4	8	96			141		60	38		99			144		61				
Albany, village.....	71			32	89	2		198		18	52	25	91		1	172		39				
Brookland.....	138		3	16	104			261	34		60	8	106	3		177		46				
Brodhead, village.....	165		8	14	231	41		459		66	117	20	257	25		419		140				
1st ward.....	84	4		10	106	16		59		58	59	15	111	10								
2d ward.....	81	4		4	125	25		58			5	5	146	15								
Browntown.....	39		6	7	21			69	18		31	2	23	2		58	8					
Cadiz.....	106		7	17	106			235			90	11	90	3		194						
Clarno.....	115		2	2	103	1		223	12		83	3	98			184		15				
Decatur.....	59		2	2	78			148		19	41	8	72	2		123		31				
Exeter.....	73		1	18	59			151	14		76	7	70			153	6					
Jefferson.....	85		1	17	156			265		71	58	21	127			206		69				
Jordan.....	81		2	2	76	1		162	5		73	3	68	1		145	5					
Monroe.....	102		1	1	59			162	43		75	2	67	1		145	8					
Monroe, city.....	505	15		18	451	25		1,014	54		353	30	482	16		881		129				
1st ward.....	112	5		5	120	4					85		133	5								
2d ward.....	121	4		4	97	12					78		107	4								
3d ward.....	187	2		9	116	9					106	15	110	5								
4th ward.....	135	4			118						84	5	132	2								
Mt. Pleasant.....	82		1	3	48	1		135	34		56	3	55	1		115	1					
Monticello.....	76		2		61	4		143	15		51	4	60	2		117		9				
New Glarus.....	48		2	3	57	2		112		9	39	1	34	1		75	5					
New Glarus, village.....	69		1	2	72	10		154		3	59	3	61	6		129		2				
Spring Grove.....	74		3	7	101	7		202		27	59	5	75	2		141						
Sylvester.....	46		5	5	112			168		66	44	4	85			133		16				
Washington.....	95		4		38			137	57		67	3	44	2		116	23	41				
York.....	24		2	1	166	2		195		142	24	2	110			136		86				
Total.....	2,170	80		187	2,346	97		4,880	305		481		1,602	172		2,231	70	1	4,076	56	685	
Democratic plurality.....											305										56	629
Net Republican plurality.....											176											

GREEN LAKE Co.—2d dist.

Berlin, city.....	475	28		22	480	8					445	32	425	29		7	938	20			
1st ward.....	88	6		8	91			193			74	8	79	5		1					
2d ward.....	126	3		2	129	2		262			100	3	104	6							
3d ward.....	106	4		3	121	1		235		5	86	14	116	7		5					
4th ward.....	68	11		5	59	2		145			98	3	72	6							
5th ward.....	87	4		4	80	3		178			87	4	54	5		1					
Berlin.....	63		6	3	105	2		179		42	58	1	104				163				46
Brooklyn.....	105		4	8	100	2		219		5	95	9	87			1	192			8	
Green Lake.....	134		8	10	113			265		21	112	6	81				199			31	
Kingston.....	118		6	6	72			202		46	52	9	113				174				61
Mackford.....	72		8	5	131			216		59	58		83				152				25

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
GREEN LAKE Co.—Cod.																	
Manchester	120	8	2	82	1	213	38		98	3	79	1		181	19	.....
Marquette	88	1	4	54		147	34		81	6	58			145	23	.....
Princeton	112	2	1	97		212	15		99	1	83	1		189	11	.....
Seneca	64	1	2	36	1	104	28		58	2	34	2		96	24	.....
St. Marie	86	7	1	51		145	35		61	2	41			104	20	.....
Dartford, village	45	6	3	88		142		43	27	5	84			116		57	
Markesan, village	88	10	4	95	4	231		7	88	6	99	1	1	195		11	
Princeton, village	208	1	2	106	7	324	102		200	3	84	3		290	116	.....
Total	1,778	96	73	1,610	25	3,582	324	156	1,532	96	1,460	37	9	3,134	272	200	
Republican plurality							156								200		
Net Democratic plurality								168								72	
IOWA Co.—3d dist.																	
Arena	90	2	13	165		270		75	82	13	146			241		64	
Brigham	72	5	4	240		321		168	74	11	206	1		292		132	
Clyde	86			51		137	35		78	3	40			122	38		
Dodgeville	132	1	12	218	1	364		86	109	16	187	1		313		78	
Eden	60		4	72		136		12	89	11	123			223		34	
Highland	173		1	108	1	283	65		173		70		1	244	103		
Lindea	75	1	8	190	2	276		115	61	20	159			240		98	
M. Hill	66	4	12	183	2	267		117	56	15	228	1		300		172	
Mineral Point	84	2	6	154		246		70	93	7	121			221		28	
Moscow	72	4	5	199		281		127	55	4	183			242		128	
Pulaski	130	8	2	155		295		25	133	6	117	1		257	16		
Ridgeway	81	5	6	99	3	194		18	124	15	117			257			
Waldwick	66	1	2	108		177		42	62		100			162		38	
Wyomung	63	2	5	71	1	145		5	41	4	90			135		49	
Dodgeville, city	238	3	15	270		526		32	147	34	289	1	1	472		142	
Mineral Point, city	331	9	17	290	1	648	41		253	21	327						
1st ward	79	1	7	62	1				61	9	84			154		23	
2d ward	109	4	7	94					80	4	106			190		26	

3d ward.....	61	1	1	65					58	2	75			135		17	
4th ward.....	82	3	2	69					64	6	62			132	2		
Cobb, village...	26	1	3	33			63										
Highland, village.....	130	1	1	73			205	57	7								
Linden, village.....	26	3	3	132		1	165		106	1	48	2		185	86		
Revey, village.....	48	1	1	59			75		45	7	1CS			135		88	
Ridgeway, village.....	48	1	1	61		1	112		13								
Total.....	2,006	55	121	2,031	13		5,186	198	1,063	1,794	188	2,659	9	2	4,652	252	1,117
Democratic plurality.....									198								252
Net Republican plurality.....									865								865
IRON CO.—10th dist.																	
Anderson.....	22	1	1	57			81		35								
Knight.....	70	3	1	203		3	280		133	31	6	284	1		322		253
Montreal.....	61	5	7	131			204		70	69	4	237	1	1	312		168
Saxon.....	34	5	5	172		1	217		138	21	1	121			143		100
Vaughn.....	418	9	9	335		6	778			213	11	483	3	3	712		270
1st precinct.....	245	6	5	156		3				118	4	233		1			
2d precinct.....	124	1	3	95		1				73	6	177		1			
3d precinct.....	14			19				82		12	1	37					
4th precinct.....	35	2	1	66						10		36					
Vogel.....										14		40	1		55		26
Total.....	695	23	23	899	10		1,500	82	376	348	22	1,165	6	3	1,544		817
Democratic plurality.....									82								
Net Republican plurality.....									294								817
JACKSON CO.—7th dist.																	
Albion.....	63	9	3	234			309		171	31		168	2		201		137
Alma.....	41	4	6	97			148		56	*49	5	128			182		79
Alma Center, village.....	71	2	3	16			92	55	2			15			21		10
Bear Bluff.....	13			11		1	25			5	1	232	1	1	365		113
Black River Falls, city.....	196	6	10	221		1	434		25	119	12						
1st ward.....	50	2	5	41						37	6	43					
2d ward.....	16	2	3	59						10	3	68					
3d ward.....	42	1	1	51						23	2	51		1			
4th ward.....	88	2	1	70		1				*9	1	70	1				
Brockway.....	40	1	1	59		13	114		19	41		47	5		93		6
City Point.....	17	1		38		1	57		21	13	1	27			41		14
Cleveland.....	69	2	1	68			140	1		38		18			56	20	
Curran.....	24	3		120			147		96	8	2	65	1		76		57

* Includes village of Alma Center.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Seo- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
JACKSON Co.—Con.																	
Franklin.....	7	3	4	119	1	.....	134	112	3	2	91	1	.....	97	.....	88
Garden Valley.....	28	7	1	69	1	.....	106	41	23	2	56	.....	.....	81	.....	33
Garfield.....	5	1	8	132	1	.....	147	124	1	2	71	.....	.....	74	.....	70
Hixton.....	71	2	12	88	.....	.....	173	17	34	20	91	.....	.....	145	.....	57
Irving.....	79	3	2	94	.....	.....	178	15	63	4	41	.....	.....	149	.....	18
Knapp.....	11	.....	1	45	2	.....	59	34	14	4	81	1	.....	57	.....	27
Manchester.....	34	2	4	61	.....	.....	101	27	25	1	41	1	.....	82	.....	31
Melrose.....	59	13	7	209	.....	.....	288	150	38	2	131	.....	.....	171	.....	93
Merrillan, village.....	59	10	5	81	.....	.....	155	22	56	5	106	.....	.....	167	.....	50
Millston.....	37	2	2	48	.....	.....	89	11	21	.....	39	.....	.....	60	.....	18
Northfield.....	6	.....	6	208	1	.....	221	202	4	3	128	.....	.....	185	.....	124
Springfield.....	30	1	4	210	2	.....	247	180	7	1	144	1	.....	153	.....	157
Total.....	960	72	80	2,228	24	3,364	58	2,223	593	64	1,735	13	1	2,406	20	1,162
Democratic plurality.....	58	20
Net Republican plurality.....	2,165	1,142
JEFFERSON Co.—2d dist.																	
Aztalan.....	150	4	1	74	3	.....	232	76	149	7	52	.....	.....	208	97	.....
Cold Spring.....	46	4	5	46	2	.....	103	.....	26	6	49	.....	.....	81	.....	23
Concord.....	163	1	2	95	2	.....	263	68	143	3	47	1	.....	194	96	.....
Farmington.....	248	2	3	56	.....	.....	309	192	259	6	69	.....	1	335	190	.....
Hebron.....	101	6	3	101	.....	.....	211	.....	76	1	102	.....	.....	179	.....	26
Ixonia.....	171	6	5	107	2	.....	291	64	138	6	86	.....	.....	230	52	.....
Jefferson.....	252	12	1	88	.....	.....	231	164	231	6	86	3	.....	326	145	.....
1st precinct.....	151	9	.....	55	.....	.....	216	.....	144	6	86	2	3	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	101	3	1	33	.....	.....	157	.....	87	6	30	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Koshkonong.....	156	9	7	142	1	.....	315	14	157	11	130	.....	.....	298	27	.....
Lake Mills.....	99	5	5	129	3	.....	241	30	65	3	64	.....	.....	132	1	.....
Milford.....	110	2	8	91	1	.....	215	19	80	7	61	.....	.....	148	19	.....
Oakland.....	110	2	.....	157	2	.....	271	47	63	2	106	.....	.....	201	.....	13
Palmyra.....	34	.....	6	103	.....	.....	151	69	23	6	118	1	.....	148	.....	95
Sullivan.....	120	5	10	195	1	.....	331	75	100	6	173	.....	.....	285	.....	79

ELECTION STATISTICS.

Sumner.....	51	3	8	62			124	11	36	6	55			97		19	
Waterloo.....	135	1	4	45	1		186	90	87	2	21			110	66		
Watertown.....	214	8		108			330	106	182	1	59			243	123		
Ft Atkinson, city.....	405	19	33	395	7			10	370	44	344	2	2	762	26		
1st ward.....	89	4	8	122	2		225		68	14	109						
2d ward.....	88	9	14	94	4		209		77	11	91			1			
3rd ward.....	96	4	9	70			179		94	12	49			1			
4th ward.....	132	2	2	109	1		246		131	7	95			2			
Jefferson, city.....	478	7	4	182	4		296		445	8	166	2	2	623	279		
1st ward.....	102	4	2	66			174		92	1	64	1	1				
2d ward.....	121	3		53	2		183		101	3	53			1			
3rd ward.....	112		1	39			182		142	4	37	1					
4th ward.....	113		1	21	2		140		110		12						
Watertown, city.....	922	33	8	402	30		520		835	13	328	9	3	1,188	507		
1st ward.....	335	9	4	137	6		491		301	5	132	1		1			
2d ward.....	200	9	1	111	12		333		200	5	83	5	1				
3rd ward.....	144	5	1	69	4		223		122	1	51	1					
4th ward.....	97	1		50	1		149		81	1	38	1					
7th ward.....	146	9	2	35	7		199		131	1	24	1	2				
Johnson Creek, village.....	94		2	37			134	57									
Lake Mills, village.....	140	14	10	208	6		378	68	101	22	193	2	1	319		92	
Palmyra, village.....	80	9	6	89	3		187	9	63	10	89			102		26	
Waterloo, village.....	198	6	6	70	10		290	128	184	7	88			279	96		
Total.....	4,477	171	136	2,982	78		7,845	1,804	309	3,843	183	2,492	20	10	6,548	1,724	373
Republican plurality.....								339							373		
Net Democratic plurality.....								1,495							1,351		
JUNEAU Co.—3d dist.																	
Armenia.....	37	4	2	132	2		177	95	29	3	91			122		62	
Clearfield.....	40	9	1	51	7		108	11	34	3	52		1	90		18	
Cutler.....	18	2	1	32			73	34	9	2	47			58		38	
Finley.....	49		1	23			35	18	11	2	24			37		13	
Fountain.....	49	4	167				225	118	49	4	135			179		95	
Germantown.....	60	5	4	74			133	26	35	4	51			30		16	
Kildare.....	48	2	2	72			136	12	48	1	49	1	1	100		1	
Kingston.....	19	2	1	37			59	18	12	2	35			49		23	
Lemonweir.....	95	10	8	151			264	56	110	7	133			253		26	
Lundina.....	97	12	7	168			224	11	94	4	149			247		55	
Lisbon.....	38	1	1	107	2		149	69	24	2	101			127		77	
Lyndon.....	71	1	1	38			111	33	68		25		1	94	43		
Marion.....	48	1		22	4		75	26	49		23	1		73	26		
Necedah.....	110	7	9	294			420	184	111	7	229	1		348		118	
Orange.....	19		2	88			109	69	16	3	63			82		47	
Plymouth.....	51	2		163			216	112	51	2	126			179		75	

*Jefferson—2nd ward, scattering, 1.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1901 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1901.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Pack, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc Dem.	Puck, Soc Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
JUNEAU Co.—Con.																	
Seven Mile Creek.....	100	2		60			132	40		101		42	1		144	59	
Summit.....	75	4	2	89	1		171		14	52	2	64		118		12	
Wonewoc.....	139	5	5	120			269	19		90	4	114	1	239		24	
Camp Douglas, village.	40		1	73	1		115		83	17	1	75		93		58	
Lyndon Station.....	42	1		33			76	9		41	2	42		86		1	
Wonewoc, village.....	102	2	3	97			204	5		34	4	123		161		89	
Elroy.....	171	5	4	244	11		435		73								
1st ward.....	63	2	3	123						45	3	103	5	156		58	
2d ward.....	108	3	1	121	6					56	1	115	12	184		59	
Mauston	221	9	4	200			434	21									
1st ward.....	84	6	1	75						84	2	101		187		17	
2d ward.....	137	3	3	125						118	7	125	2	252		7	
New Lisbon.	108	9	3	144			264		36								
1st ward.....	60	6	1	73						42	1	77		120		35	
2d ward.....	48	3	2	71						14	2	81		97		67	
Total	1,806	102	66	2,612	28		4,644	153	989	1,435	75	2,398	24	3,935	128	1,091	
Democratic plurality								153								128	
Net Republican plurality								836								963	
KENOSHA Co.—1st dist.																	
Brighton.....	121	4	3	76	1		205	45		120	4	72		196	48		
Bristol.....	103	2	4	180	1		290		77	49	3	155	2	209		103	
Paris.....	100	2	5	72	3		182	23		99	1	69		169	30		
Pleasant Prairie.....	142	8	5	220	10		385		78	130	4	175	13	323		45	
Randall.....	78	9	1	102	1		191		24	46	3	50		99		4	
Salem.....	169	6		253	2		430		84	147	5	169	1	322		13	
Somers.....	116	12	6	238	9	2	383		122	88	10	136	5	239		48	
Wheatland.....	132	3		62	1		198	70		98		45		147	53		
Kenosha, city.	1,316	80	39	1,405	350	11	3,198	89	1,118	1,118	31	1,038	372	2,621	30		
1st ward.....	193	10	5	160	47	1				193	8	123	27	2			
2d ward.....	131	8	6	156	20					92	2	154	18	147			
3d ward.....	242	21	15	324	73					154	4	231	84	2			

4th ward	212	14	4	278	71	7				174	7	201	67	2			
5th ward	118	11	3	198	67	1				111	6	146	63				
6th ward	129	7	1	77	20	1				108	5	93	35	1			
7th ward	135	4	2	90	28	2				144	1	55	32				
8th ward	156	5		122	24					142	1	85	46				
Total	2,277	126	60	2,603	378	13	5,462	143	474	1,895	68	1,959	398	8	4,330	161	225
Dem. plurality									143								161
Net Rep. plurality									331								64
KEWAUNEE Co.—9th dist.																	
Algoma, city	230	8	3	174	13		428	56		220	9	114		1	314	106	
Ahnapee, town	154			63	1		218	91		136	2	56	3		197	80	
Carlton, town	71	1		187	8		237		116	98		155			255		57
Casco, town	159		3	73	2		233	86		149	1	86	2	1	240	63	
Franklin, town	176	3	6	99	8		292	77		214	6	66	1		282	148	
Kewaunee, city	169	3	1	156	43		372	13		182	6	135	7		330	47	
Lincoln, town	87		2	83	1		173	4		114	2	95	2		213	19	
Luxemburg, town	161	5	7	129	6		308	32		170	4	131	1		306	39	
Montpelier, town	114	4	4	147	3		272		33	141		132	1		274	9	
Pierce, town	88	5	2	48			145	40		86	2	57			145	29	
Red River, town	21	1	1	194	1		218		173	24		154			178		130
West Kewaunee, town	156	5	6	122	11		300	34		184	2	121	2		309	63	
Total	1,586	35	35	1,475	99		3,230	433	322	1,718	29	1,302	19	2	*3,071	603	187
Republican plurality								322								187	
Net Democratic Plurality								111								416	
LA CROSSE Co.—7th dist.																	
Bangor	51	2	4	78			135		27	51	5	64			120		13
Bangor, village	113	1	2	83	3		202	30		68	6	70	1		145		2
Barre	80		1	43			124	37		58	3	40			101	13	
Burns	73	1	10	143			227		70	67	12	95	1		175		28
Campbell	83	6	5	65			159	18		71	3	59			133	12	
Farmington	123		9	224	8		364		101	118	1	169			288		51
Greenfield	79	1	2	71	1		151	8		59	2	63			124		4
Hamilton	54	4	4	71	1		281		167	59	7	177	1		244		118
Holland	25	2	10	205	1		243		180	21	8	158	1		188		137
Onalaska, village	52	1	15	153	2		225		103	60	17	119			197		59
Shelby	111	4	3	68		1	187	43		111	3	60		2	176	51	
Washington	94	1		68			162	27		52	1	58			111		6
West Salem, village	74	5	4	131	2		216		57	46	8	144	1		199		98
Onalaska, city	106	2	23	104			235	2		67	19	74			160		7

*Kenosha. fifth ward. scattering 1. Scattering 2 in total vote Scattering in total for 2 1902. Scattering Onalaska 1.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Seo- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
LA CROSSE Co.—Con.																	
1st ward.....	20	1	3	33					20	2	23						
2d ward.....	42	1	17	49					27	12	35						
3d ward.....	44		3	22					20	5	16						
La Crosse, city.....	3,121	90	94	2,629	65	2	6,002	492	2,392	131	2,456	60	14	5,053		64	
1st ward.....	202	7	6	140	2				165	8	147	3					
2d ward.....	158	5	3	141	2				127	3	137	3					
3d ward.....	222	2	1	118	5				192	4	126	6	1				
4th ward.....	196	6	7	119					124	12	140		1				
5th ward.....	105	4		123	3				96	6	107	1					
6th ward.....	181	10	5	85	1				111	6	122	1	2				
7th ward.....	106	6	13	178	3				79	9	152	2					
8th ward.....	245	3	9	140	14				283	12	133	10					
9th ward.....	96	4	15	196	5				46	13	173						
10th ward.....	127	3	3	182	2	1			79	8	145	2					
11th ward.....	13	3	4	137	4				121	3	107	2	1				
12th ward.....	143	1	4	87	3				98	1	74						
13th ward.....	149	4	3	109	2				121	3	123		1				
14th ward.....	163	6	2	120	2				94	9	164	4					
15th ward.....	173	3		121	3	1			149	3	72	4	3				
16th ward.....	99	2	1	76					48	4	86	4	3				
17th ward.....	169	7	2	154	3				136	4	143	4	1				
18th ward.....	209	9	4	131	7				221	5	103	13	3				
19th ward.....	77	1	5	139	2				62	14	105	2					
20th ward.....	78	3	4	89					40	4	97		1				
21st ward.....	90	1	3	44	1												
Total.....	4,239	120	186	4,287	83	3	8,919	657	3,300	226	3,806	65	16	7,414	81	587	
Democratic plurality.....								705							81	81	
Net Republican plurality.....								48								506	

Scattering, 16th ward 1.

LA FAYETTE CO.—1st dist.																
Argyle	59	3	5	118			185		59	80	7	209		297		129
Belmont	109	2		54			165	53		74	3	57		194	17	
Benton	88	2	1	110			201		22	66	5	111		184		45
Blanchard	40		3	63			103		23	42	4	54		101		12
Darlington	130	2		134			238		4			94				19
Elk Grove	80	1	2	104			188		24	75	3	94				117
Fayette	79		3	113			164		34	76	1	117				148
Gratiot	121	6	3	137	1		268		16	118	5	122				245
Kendall	120			34			155	86		118		28				148
Lamont	53	1	2	90			148		35	46	4	86	2			136
Monticello	26	1		46			73		20	39		38				78
New Diggings	105	4	1	147	1		258		42	103	1	123				226
Seymour	106	3		71			180	35		116		82				198
Shullsburg	97	6	1	84			188	13		277	12	200				489
Wayne	65	4	10	184			263		119	54	1	160				215
White Oak Springs	13			72			85	59		19	2	54				75
Willow Springs	145	3	10	76	1		235	69		132	8	55				195
Wiota	97	8	4	233	3		345		133	92	5	208				305
Argyle, village	46	2	2	106			156		60							
Belmont, village	69	1	3	61			134	8		65	5	57	1			128
Benton, village	73			63			136	10		72	1	63	1			137
Blanchardville, village	55	1	4	95			156		40	35	3	104				142
Gratiot, village	61	2		35	1		99	26		54		38				92
Darlington city	297	1	1	185						391	8	316	20			735
1st ward	158			105	1					246	3	200	14			
2d ward	139	1	1	80	1		486	112		145	5	116	6			
Shullsburg	174	3	3	107												
1st ward	62	2	1	56												
2d ward	112	1	2	51			287	67								
Total	2,310	56	61	2,522	9	1	4,959	481	693	2,144	78	2,376	28	4,626	404	636
Democratic plurality									481							404
Net Republican plurality									212							232
LANGLADE CO.—10th dist.																
Ackley	62		4	74			140		12	54		50		104	4	
Antigo	90	3	1	117	2		213		27	94	6	64		164	30	
Eicho	20	1		93	1		115		73	21	2	53	2	78		32
Eiton	25	1		29			55		4	11	1	21		33		10
Evergreen	46	3	2	31			82	15		16	1	47	1	65		31
Langlade	28			33			66		10	28	3	26		57	2	
Neva	88	3	1	80	1		173	8		107	2	43		132	61	
Norwood	70	5	4	121	2		202		51	95		72	2	170	23	
Peck	25	1	1	58	1		86		33	15	2	28		45		13
Polar	77	3	2	118	2		202		41	69	4	85		158		16

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1901 AND 1902—Continued.

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COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1901.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
LANGLADE Co.—Cod.																	
Price	61	2		54			117	7		53		46	2		101	7	
Rolling	91	3	3	121			218	30		102	3	60		1	166	42	
Sommit	16	1		27			44	11		17	1	23	2		43		6
Upham	36	2	1	44			83	8		24		28	2		54		4
Vilas	20	2		20			42			18	1	22			41		4
Antigo, city	655	21	14	688	7	1	1,356	33		522	31	499	4		1,056	23	4
1st ward	72			97					40	3	85	2					
2d ward	98	3		127					68	6	101	1					
3d ward	102	3	1	86	1	1			89	4	46						
4th ward	160	6	5	123	1				130	7	65						
5th ward	105	3	6	94	3				80	7	81	1					
6th ward	118	6	2	161	2				115	4	121						
Total	1,410	51	33	1,713	16	1	3,224	30	333	1,246	57	1,167	15	2	2,487	195	116
Democratic plurality									30								
Republican plurality																	116
Net Republican plu., 1901									303								
Net Democratic plu., 1902																	79
LINCOLN Co.—10th dist.																	
Birch	10	1		70	4		85	60									
Bradley	23		4	49	5		88	26									
Corning	41	3	1	81	4		130	40		59	1	52			112	7	
Harrison	53	4	1	47	2		108	5		37	2	30			69		
King	4	2	1	25	3		35	21		11	1	27	1		40		13
Merrill	43	5		90			138	47		46	3	127			176		81
Merrill, city	995	23	18	1,021	11		2,068	26		707	46	1,112	10		1,876		465
1st ward	143	2	4	91	5				103	4	113	1					
2d ward	93	4	1	73	1				63	4	91	1					
3d ward	112	7	4	154					84	4	151	2					
4th ward	207	1	2	224					136	3	270	2					
5th ward	131	8	1	114	2				87	7	124	1					

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

6th ward.....	144	2	5	213	1					127	15	199	2		1										
7th ward.....	165	4	1	152						107	9	164	1												
Pine River.....	81	4	4	125	4			214	44	99	3	135	2												
Russell.....	35	3	2	67	3			110	32	57	7	92	1												
Rock Falls, town.....	16	3	2	42	13			86	19	29	2	51	2												
Scott.....	92	3	4	99				198	7	96	3	95	1												
Schley.....	61	5	5	125				196	6	6	6	60	1												
Tomahawk.....	23	1	3	68	1			91	45	57	15	222	20												
Tomahawk, city.....	198	11	5	265	29	1		509	67	214	6	5	1												
1st ward.....	49	1		53	5					51	6	39	7												
2d ward.....	50		1	62	9					54	15	42	4												
3d ward.....	66	3	2	69	9					61	6	81	5												
4th ward.....	33	7	2	81	6					48	5	81	4												
Total.....	1,675	75	46	2,175	89	1	4,061	5	498	1,412	89	1,992	37		3	3,533	15						595	15	
Democrat c plurality.....									5																
Net Republican plurality.....									493																580
MANTOWOC Co.—3th dist																									
Cato.....	175	12	6	175	6			374		153	5	140	4												
Centerville.....	113	4	1	162	10			290	49	92	1	136	7												
Cooperstown.....	123	7	2	150	2			296	36	117	2	117	2												
Eaton.....	133	4	2	132				271	1	98	2	123	1												
Franklin.....	130		10	162				305	29	126	3	115	2												
Gibson.....	74	3	2	141	18			238	67	82		128	4												
Kossuth.....	118	13	6	136	12			285	18	120	6	133	3												
Liberty.....	104	12	2	191	2			309	87	52	2	192	2												
Manitowoc.....	51	6	1	97	2			157	46	50	1	83	1												
Manitowoc, city.....	1,278	75	26	964	241			2,584	314	1,084	23	1,171	120												
1st ward.....	235	13	6	169	22					184	3	223	5												
2d ward.....	113	11	2	114	7					103	5	131	1												
3d ward.....	253	20	10	245	62					241	11	281	27												
4th ward.....	192	6	3	188	25					149	3	231	22												
5th ward.....	151	11	1	110	64					128		143	29												
6th ward.....	69	4	1	95	15					49	1	95	13												
7th ward.....	227	10	3	43	46					230		67	12												
Manitowoc Rapids.....	127	12	5	195	8			347	68	102	4	179	6												
Maple Grove.....	121	4		98	1			226	23	89	1	57													
Meeme.....	156	3	3	121	6			289	35	129	4	51	12												
Mishicott.....	183	8	6	103	16			316	80	167	4	88	24												
Newton.....	124	11	7	186	1			329		115	2	157	2												
Rockland.....	74	1	2	181	3			261	107	51	4	139													
Schleswig.....	108	8	2	94	21			233	14	105	3	61	20												
Two Creeks.....	60	3	3	41	9			116	19	35	1	64	6												
Two Rivers.....	128	8	3	67	5			211	61	107	2	65													

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
MANITOWOC Co.—Con.																	
Two Rivers, city	444	13	5	355	132	949	89		401	7	249	132	2	791	152		
1st ward	65	1	2	60	20	.....	.....	.....	56	1	40	16	2	.....	.....	.....
2d ward	67	3	1	61	18	.....	.....	.....	77	1	69	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward	68	1	.....	86	25	.....	.....	.....	63	1	61	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward	113	5	2	84	42	.....	.....	.....	88	3	43	39	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward	131	3	.....	64	27	.....	.....	.....	117	1	36	26	.....	.....	.....	.....
Reedsville, village	61	1	.....	44	.....	106	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	85	.....	21
Kiel, village	89	5	1	94	64	253	5	.....	78	1	.....	69	1	230	.....	14
Total	3,977	213	100	3,898	537	8,745	574	.....	3,376	78	3,584	420	7	7,465	451	659
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	451
Net Democratic plu., 1904 .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plu., 1902 .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
MARATHON Co.—10th dist																	
Athens, village	76	2	5	99	4	186	23	.....	75	1	64	2	.....	142	11	.....
Bergen	26	1	4	98	1	151	72	.....	34	3	63	.....	.....	100	.....	29
Berlin	98	2	1	96	.....	197	2	.....	115	1	70	.....	.....	186	45	.....
Bern	32	1	.....	38	.....	71	6	.....	25	1	19	.....	1	46	6	.....
Brighton	68	2	2	72	.....	145	4	.....	45	2	66	.....	.....	107	.....	15
Brokaw, village	67	2	.....	37	2	108	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cassel	115	1	3	69	5	188	46	.....	112	.....	33	.....	.....	145	79	.....
Cleveland	69	2	4	252	.....	45	.....	.....	105	9	122	2	.....	239	.....	16
Colby, east ward	18	3	.....	24	.....	35	6	.....	21	1	24	.....	.....	46	.....	3
Day	91	1	2	61	2	157	30	.....	106	4	44	.....	.....	154	62	.....
Easton	50	1	2	95	1	149	45	.....	35	.....	64	1	.....	101	.....	28
Eau Pleine	86	1	1	54	5	142	32	.....	64	.....	45	1	.....	110	19	.....
Edgar, village	86	.....	5	84	.....	180	2	.....	1	1	45	.....	.....	125	.....	10
Eldrou	42	4	2	104	.....	152	62	.....	56	9	66	1	1	87	.....	68
Emmet	122	1	4	53	.....	180	69	.....	124	1	26	.....	.....	154	98	.....
Frankfort	54	7	1	58	2	122	4	.....	39	1	34	2	.....	76	5	.....

VOICE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
MARINETTE Co.—9th dist.																	
Marinette, city	699	127	102	1,533	156	1	2,618	834	1,010	103	1,459	15	9	2,596	449		
1st ward	83	14	16	259	62				193	13	246	5					
2d ward	122	18	36	321	45				228	34	303	4	2				
3d ward	147	24	22	372	24				182	25	350	2	3				
4th ward	184	54	12	317	17				255	18	313	4	4				
5th ward	163	17	16	264	8	1			172	13	247						
Peshigo	125	18	7	206	4	4	360	81	211	29	344	2	2	586	133		
1st ward	52	8	4	45	1				146	25	243	2					
2d ward	34	5	3	76	1				28		11						
3d ward	39	5		85	2				25	2	56						
4th ward									12		34						
Peshigo, town	70	13	6	214	3	3	306	144									
1st precinct	30	2	2	53	1												
2d precinct	17	4		12													
3d precinct	12	4	2	90	2												
4th precinct	8	4	1	29													
5th precinct	3	1	1	30													
Amberg	140	18	6	232	10		406	92	172	15	179	3	2	371	7		
1st precinct	46	5	1	69					30	4	44	1					
2d precinct	36	4	1	34	5				36	2	32		2				
3d precinct	58	9	4	129	5				106	9	103	2					
Porterfield	17	2	3	125	2		149	108	15	1	94			111	79		
Grover	146	5		117	5		273	29	104	5	150			259	46		
Pound	81	7	8	296	2		394	215									
Cravitz	48	10		118			176	70	29	2	120			151	91		
Wausaukee	131	5	6	154	2	2	300	23	103	7	229		1	340	126		
Duabar	14	2	4	105			125	91	16	10	63	1		90	47		
Coleman, village	48	2	1	25	2		78	23	109	9	242	1		361	133		
Total	1,519	209	143	3,125	186	3	5,185	52	1,769	181	2,880	22	13	4,865	1,111		
Democratic plurality								52									
Net Republican plurality								1,606							1,111		

MARQUETTE Co.—2d dist.																	
Buifalo.....	80	8	15	82	3	188	2	85	16	91	2	194	6				
Crystal Lako.....	73	1	1	36	.....	111	37	83	1	22	.....	106	61		
Douglas.....	46	1	3	102	1	153	56	50	.....	93	.....	143	43		
Harris.....	68	7	.....	56	.....	131	12	66	1	67	.....	134	1	
Mecan.....	89	3	.....	25	.....	117	64	74	.....	44	1	119	30	
Montello.....	64	7	1	38	1	111	23	206	8	168	1	383	38				
Moundville.....	35	8	20	98	.....	161	.....	25	20	96	.....	*142	77	
Neshkoro.....	116	2	2	52	.....	172	64	110	1	33	.....	144	33		
Newton.....	68	.....	.....	37	.....	105	31	74	.....	41	.....	144	.....			
Oxford.....	17	2	7	118	.....	144	101	17	14	112	1	215	84			
Packwaukee.....	85	1	10	129	1	226	44	62	7	146	.....	125	5			
Shields.....	87	3	.....	29	.....	119	53	63	3	58	1	134	54		
Springfield.....	57	3	6	74	.....	141	17	38	4	92	.....	126	38		
Westfield.....	47	1	3	59	.....	110	12	43	2	81	.....	.....	.....	
Montello, village.....	179	6	3	121	.....	309	58	.....	.....	.....	.....	176	73
Westfield, village.....	81	5	4	164	1	195	23	49	5	122	.....	.....	.....	
Total.....	1,192	58	75	1,160	7	2,493	318	1,045	82	1,266	6	2,400	244				
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	318	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 ⁶⁵ 244
Net Democratic pl. rality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	221
MILWAUKEE Co.—4th and 5th dists.																	
Milwaukee, city.....	20,539	2,910	796	23,328	16,218	78	63,869	2,789	800	25	817	149	7	1,858	43		
1st ward.....	1,044	82	12	695	248	9	2,060	845	22	919	405	9	2,200	74		
2d ward.....	764	132	22	795	569	4	2,236	954	11	321	50	1,336	633		
3d ward.....	704	71	14	855	117	1,261	1,234	28	983	170	3	2,518	351		
4th ward.....	1,227	165	41	958	370	1	2,762	919	22	835	337	6	2,119	84		
5th ward.....	772	86	32	846	592	2,328	982	23	1,251	439	25	2,725	269		
6th ward.....	856	119	30	1,202	703	3	2,916	689	18	808	80	3	1,598	119		
7th ward.....	786	116	13	637	175	1,727	710	27	1,047	391	9	2,184	337		
8th ward.....	687	91	39	1,076	559	2,452	1,008	32	1,255	863	29	3,157	247		
9th ward.....	880	139	46	1,264	1,221	9	3,550	807	20	1,366	774	16	2,983	559		
10th ward.....	715	123	38	1,439	1,072	4	3,391	1,077	44	1,311	1,012	25	3,469	234		
11th ward.....	1,115	146	71	1,623	1,417	3	4,405	932	27	822	553	12	2,351	110		
12th ward.....	798	288	34	846	889	2	2,857	1,027	52	1,201	604	50	2,934	174		
13th ward.....	91	155	34	1,349	1,022	7	3,468	1,791	31	591	492	16	2,921	1,200		
14th ward.....	1,570	190	80	938	942	3,720	827	37	1,536	367	2	2,769	709		
15th ward.....	1,052	143	32	1,420	518	3	3,168	1,124	129	2	2	2,140	280		
16th ward.....	1,320	142	32	972	232	2,638	538	30	1,009	327	9	1,913	471		
17th ward.....	526	111	38	971	702	1	2,349	1,416	19	996	221	2,652	420		
18th ward.....	1,648	124	21	937	342	2	3,074		

* Scattering, one Moundville.

VOLE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1901 AND 1902 -Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1901.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Ro-e, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck- Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
MILWAUKEE CO.—Con.																	
Milwaukee, city—Con.																	
19th ward.....	777	71	22		663	.....	2,415	.....	705	16	794	490	7	2,012	.....	89
20th ward.....	618	134	44	1,335	1,397	12	3,510	.....	544	25	1,316	924	24	2,833	.....	832
21st ward.....	454	103	35	1,004	1,044	17	2,707	.....	531	25	860	646	38	2,100	.....	329
22d ward.....	606	101	34	903	811	1	2,486	.....	497	24	817	544	11	1,893	.....	320
23d ward.....	719	87	32	881	530	.....	2,249	.....	540	23	866	397	5	1,831	.....	326
South Milwaukee, city.	259	44	14	538	136	.....	.....	279	260	15	415	68	.....	758	.....	155
1st ward.....	53	12	4	133	25	.....	227	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	61	4	1	146	51	.....	263	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	89	16	9	183	50	.....	347	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	59	12	.....	76	10	.....	154	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wauwatosa, city.....	247	30	17	275	26	.....	.....	28	140	17	304	20	.....	481	.....	164
1st ward.....	79	10	9	88	3	.....	189	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	50	7	4	50	3	.....	114	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	76	7	4	64	4	.....	155	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	42	6	.....	73	16	.....	137	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Milwaukee, village	14	2	1	49	12	1	79	.....	35	14	1	42	5	62	.....	28
Whitefish Bay, village.	25	1	2	51	4	.....	84	.....	26	9	1	37	3	50	.....	28
North Milwaukee, vil..	86	5	4	153	30	1	279	.....	67	57	8	96	26	188	.....	39
West Allis, village.....	149	17	11	265	74	.....	516	.....	116	115	8	180	24	327	.....	65
Cudahy, village.....	154	9	6	187	85	4	445	.....	33	110	2	123	22	8	265	13
Greenfield.....	136	25	13	575	166	1	1,016	.....	339	165	10	337	65	3	610	202
Wauwatosa.....	694	112	37	1,361	329	3	2,539	.....	667	505	36	1,210	178	1	1,930	705
Lake.....	295	25	6	540	163	.....	1,029	.....	245	276	16	401	40	2	735	125
Milwaukee.....	129	17	4	346	129	2	627	.....	217	111	9	324	81	3	528	213
Granville.....	99	14	3	191	9	.....	316	.....	92	101	6	162	3	272	.....	61
Franklin.....	95	4	1	181	2	.....	283	.....	86	75	7	130	1	243	.....	55
Oak Creek.....	122	13	3	145	11	.....	294	.....	23	118	3	121	6	249	.....	3
Total.....	23,143	3,228	918	28,185	17,394	91	72,958	5,042	22,403	766	26,787	10,881	327	61,164	2,841	7,225
Democratic plurality.....	2,841
Net Republican plurality.	5,042	4,384

MONROE Co.—7th dist....

Adrian.....	65	3	7	57	1	138	8	44	4	60	1	109	16
Angelo.....	50	5	2	61		118	11	22	11	64		97	42
Byron.....	18	2	4	117	2	143	99	23	3	76		101	54
Clifton.....	114	3	1	105		223	9	86	2	102		180	16
Glendale.....	43	5	28	136	1	213		26	3	109	1	134	78
Grant.....	29		2	70		101	41	25	3	47		75	22
Greenfield.....	80	5		72	1	158	8	52	4	59		115	7
Jefferson.....	121		4	57	2	184	64	112	1	42	1	156	70
Lafayette.....	16	2	1	69	1	89		13	2	60		75	47
La Grange.....	51	6	4	91	1	153	40	41	1	70		112	29
Leon.....	35	2	2	123	1	103		84	6	81		121	47
Lincoln.....	36	7	1	144	2	190		108	8	128		159	105
Little falls.....	93	8	7	142	1	231		49	6	109		201	23
New Lyme.....	13	4	1	34		52		21		86		32	14
Oakdale.....	64	1	2	76		143		12	3	46		104	9
Portland.....	43	1		181	1	226	188	55	2	46		32	97
Ridgeville.....	98	1	2	79		178	19	33	6	130		165	27
Scott.....	5	1	8	51	2	61		15		57		134	14
Sheldon.....	49	5	8	86	1	149		37	2	64	1	41	10
Sparta.....	74	5	15	162		256		62	21	121		103	27
Tomah.....	95	7	4	72		178	23	83	4	62		204	59
Wellington.....	74	2	3	117	1	197		83	3	83		149	21
Wells.....	65	1	2	35	1	104	30	42	1	36	1	80	25
Wilton.....	124	1		50		175	74	118	3	37		158	6
Sparta, city.....	380	13	28	432	2	855	52	283	40	435	1	760	81
1st ward.....	99	5	5	86				75	2	103			
2d ward.....	86	5	9	119	1			65	15	125			
3d ward.....	103	1	5	112				77	9	103	1		
4th ward.....	92	2	9	115	1			66	14	105			
Tomah, city.....	420	10	14	265	4	713	155	301	17	307	2	627	6
1st ward.....	115	7	6	93	1			90	3	92			
2d ward.....	141	2	6	117	2			111	9	116	1		
3d ward.....	164	1	2	55	1			100	5	99	1		
Cashton, village.....	61	1	2	76		140	15	45	5	83		138	43
Kendall, village.....	34	6		78		118	44	18	5	62		85	44
Norwalk, village.....	61			42	1	104	19	46	2	35	1	85	10
Ontario, village.....	7		4	17		28	10	4		17		21	13
Wilton, village.....	65	1		49		115	16	46	1	61		108	15
Total.....	2,483	108	148	3,146	26	5,911	425	1,088	169	2,693	9	4,784	211
Democratic plurality.....							425						211
Net Republican plurality.....							663						781

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Seo- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Folletto, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Folletto, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Pack, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
Oconto Co.—9th dist.																	
Armstrong.....	29	4	2	176	2	.....	213	.....	147	42	4	92	1	.....	139	.....	50
Breed.....	2	1	2	58	.....	.....	63	.....	56	17	.....	34	.....	1	52	.....	17
Brazeau.....	69	4	1	50	.....	.....	124	19	.....	33	.....	39	.....	1	76	.....	3
Chase.....	89	10	1	49	.....	.....	149	40	.....	64	4	97	1	.....	166	.....	33
Gillett.....	49	1	3	191	1	.....	245	.....	142	66	5	111	1	.....	183	.....	45
Howe.....	74	1	2	111	.....	.....	188	.....	37	90	2	87	.....	1	179	3	.....
Lena.....	75	7	3	83	.....	.....	168	.....	8	88	2	81	.....	.....	171	7	.....
Little River.....	59	1	5	134	3	.....	202	.....	75	63	2	120	.....	.....	185	.....	57
Little Suamico.....	82	7	2	90	1	1	183	.....	8	105	2	65	.....	.....	172	40	.....
Maple Valley.....	16	2	3	147	21	.....	189	.....	126	27	7	116	7	1	158	.....	89
Morgan.....	54	1	.....	62	.....	.....	117	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oconto.....	107	7	2	99	1	.....	216	8	.....	105	2	89	.....	.....	196	16	.....
Oconto Falls.....	39	1	3	71	.....	.....	114	.....	32	91	17	148	2	.....	258	.....	57
Pensaukee.....	79	30	2	277	1	.....	389	.....	198	82	15	287	.....	1	365	.....	185
1st precinct.....	31	14	2	108	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	5	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	21	3	.....	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	2	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d precinct.....	27	13	.....	120	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	8	105	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Spruce.....	48	5	2	107	3	.....	165	.....	59	83	2	64	1	.....	150	19	.....
Stites.....	58	7	.....	76	.....	.....	141	.....	18	67	.....	71	.....	.....	140	.....	4
Underhill.....	18	6	1	115	.....	.....	140	.....	97	24	1	67	.....	.....	92	.....	43
Gillett, vil.....	51	3	4	65	3	.....	126	.....	14	66	2	50	.....	.....	118	16	.....
Oconto Falls, village.....	89	4	8	150	2	.....	253	.....	61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oconto, city.....	616	36	8	452	5	1	1,118	164	.....	503	23	499	5	1	1,031	4	.....
N. ward.....	161	10	2	64	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	122	3	96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
E. ward.....	208	7	1	129	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	160	11	141	2	1	.....	.....	.....
S. ward.....	146	13	5	185	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	137	4	183	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
W. ward.....	101	6	.....	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	84	5	79	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,703	138	54	2,563	43	2	4,503	231	1,086	1,619	92	2,097	18	5	3,831	105	583
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	231	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	860	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	478

OZAUKEE Co.—6th dist.																	
Belgium.....	234	5	2	88	1	.....	330	146	.....	226	2	44	3	.....	275	182	.....
Cedarburg.....	115	2	.....	88	3	.....	208	27	.....	115	1	64	3	.....	183	51	.....
Fredonia.....	193	4	2	123	4	.....	326	70	.....	211	.....	72	1	1	285	139	.....
Grafton.....	65	.....	.....	71	2	1	139	.....	6	76	.....	46	5	.....	127	39	24
Mequon.....	201	8	3	255	6	.....	453	.....	34	161	1	185	5	.....	352	.....	.....
Port Washington.....	108	3	3	74	7	.....	195	34	.....	137	3	51	2	.....	193	86	.....
Saukville.....	146	2	4	113	14	.....	279	33	.....	138	.....	97	7	.....	242	41	.....
Cedarburg, city.....	167	1	1	130	22	.....	321	37	.....	164	2	124	5	.....	295	40	.....
Port Washington, city.....	465	10	11	288	30	.....	834	177	.....	388	12	260	7	1	678	138	.....
Grafton, village.....	52	2	.....	48	4	.....	106	4	.....	51	.....	34	6	1	92	17	.....
Total.....	1,746	37	26	1,258	93	1	3,161	528	40	1,677	21	977	44	3	2,722	724	24
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	.....
Net Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	488	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	700	.....	.....
PEPIN Co.—7th dist.																	
Albany.....	16	.....	1	78	.....	.....	95	.....	62	7	.....	49	.....	.....	56	.....	42
Durand.....	26	2	1	28	.....	.....	57	.....	2	21	.....	23	.....	.....	44	.....	3
Durand, city.....	174	8	8	91	1	.....	282	83	.....	120	3	132	.....	.....	255	.....	12
1st ward.....	89	2	2	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	65	3	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	85	6	6	57	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	55	.....	88	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frankfort.....	30	2	5	125	.....	.....	162	.....	95	18	2	65	.....	.....	85	.....	47
Lima.....	92	1	1	13	.....	.....	107	79	.....	38	1	13	.....	.....	52	25	.....
Pepin.....	53	17	7	219	.....	.....	287	.....	157	32	5	133	1	1	192	.....	81
Stookholm.....	5	5	.....	83	.....	.....	93	.....	78	14	.....	94	.....	.....	108	.....	80
Stookholm, village.....	8	3	.....	43	.....	.....	55	.....	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waterville.....	82	4	.....	162	.....	.....	243	.....	80	50	7	90	1	.....	157	.....	31
Waubeek.....	10	1	1	15	.....	.....	27	.....	5	12	2	12	.....	.....	26	.....	.....
Total.....	496	43	24	848	1	1	1,413	162	514	341	20	611	2	1	975	25	295
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	162	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	352	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270
PERCE Co.—11th dist.																	
Clifton.....	24	7	3	49	.....	.....	83	.....	25	6	6	17	.....	.....	29	.....	11
Diamond Bluff.....	15	4	2	86	.....	.....	137	.....	71	14	2	27	.....	.....	43	.....	13
Elisworth.....	41	7	3	175	1	.....	257	.....	134	42	4	61	2	.....	109	.....	19
Elpaso.....	73	3	3	96	4	.....	179	.....	23	31	1	40	2	.....	74	.....	9
Gilman.....	16	5	3	201	3	.....	228	.....	185	16	1	71	2	.....	90	.....	55
Hartland.....	26	11	11	164	2	.....	214	.....	138	43	6	61	.....	.....	110	.....	18
Isabella.....	35	.....	1	44	.....	.....	80	.....	9	14	1	41	1	.....	57	.....	27
Martell.....	31	8	7	205	.....	.....	251	.....	174	35	9	118	.....	.....	162	.....	83
Maiden Rock.....	9	8	6	199	.....	.....	222	.....	190	3	5	48	.....	.....	56	.....	45

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
PIERCE Co.—Con.																	
Oak Grove.....	40	5	6	48	1	100	8		25	3	13			41	12	27	
River Falls.....	81	7	9	116		213	35		32	13	59			104		20	
Rock Elm.....	70	6	13	101		189	44		44	22	64	2		132		45	
Salom.....	18	5	12	155	1	189	137		16	5	61	1		83		53	
Spring Lake.....	23	6	6	156	4	200	133		6	9	59	5		79		41	
Trenton.....	12	6	2	144		168	132		11	3	52	2		68			
Timbelle.....	110	8	2	151		271	41		63	6	55			124	8	23	
Union.....	45	3	10	191	1	259	146		43	14	66	1		124			
Ellsworth, village.....	112	7		103		222	9		123	4	64	1		182	69	57	
Maiden Rock, village.....	4	1	2	75		82	71		4	4	61	1		70		70	
Spring Valley, village.....	57	6	3	162		228	105		25	5	60			115		70	
Prescott, city.....	103	8	6	74		191	29		59	14	60			133		1	
1st ward.....	37	2	2	16					17	6	12						
2d ward.....	40	2	2	29					25	3	21						
3d ward.....	26	4	2	29					17	5	24						
River Falls, city, 2d election district.....	179	15	6	208	4	412	29		115	15	137	2	2	271		22	
Total.....	1,124	130	120	2,906	21	4,301	38	1,810	765	152	1,315	22	2	2,256	95	645	
Democratic plurality.....								38								95	
Net Republican plurality.....								1,782								550	
POLK Co.—11th dist.																	
Alden.....	11	5	4	264	1	285			21	9	125			156		104	
precinct No. 1.....	7			153				146	17								
precinct No. 2.....	4	2	3	111	1			107	4	6	61	1					
Apple River.....	3			82	1	86		79			31	2		36		34	
Balsam Lake.....	18	4		126	7	155		108	8	1	51	23	1	84		43	
Beaver.....	7	3		60	1	71		53	4	2	24			30		20	
Black Brook.....	11	1	5	126	3	146		115	6	1	63	2		72		57	
Bone Lake.....	1			45	3	49		42	1	1	24	3		29		23	
Clam Falls.....	10	1		54	3	68		44	3		25	1	2	31		22	
Clayton.....	13	4	7	120	5	149		107	13	3	40	6		62		27	

Clear Lake*	3		2	125		1	130		122	6	2	53			62		47
Eureka	19	3	14	156	5		198		137	2	8	79	1		94		77
Farmington	36	2	2	102			142		66	42		35			77	7	80
Garfield	9	6	18	128	4		165		110	2	4	82	2		90		11
Georgetown	2	1		37			40		35	2		13		1	16		9
Johnstown	2			18			20		16	2		11			13		69
Laketown	9	2	6	119	3		139		110	2	6	71	2		81		44
Lincoln	12		2	148			162		136	8	2	52	1		63		12
Loraine	14			28			42		14	6	2	18			26		51
Luck	16	1	1	132	10		160		116	8	1	59	1	5	74		12
McKinley	2			32			34		30	1		13			14		52
Milltown	14	7		119	8		148		105	8	2	60	5	4	79		71
Osceola	16	5	3	141	2		167		125	8	3	79	3		93		38
St. Croix Falls	8	6	3	86			103		78	3	1	41	1		46		51
Sterling	7	7	3	110			129		101	3	1	54	1		59		33
West Sweden	5			47	5	2	59		42	1		34	9	4	48		64
Amery, village	51	3	3	101	2		160		50	17	1	81	2	2	103		29
Clear Lake, village	52	2	5	43			102	9		17	2	46			65		
Centoria, village	3	2	4	41			51		37								
Frederick, village	16	2	1	116			136		100								
Osceola, village	43	7	4	61			116		18	19	5	52	4		80		33
St. Croix Falls, village	30	3	6	65			106		35	2	3	67			72		65
Total	443	79	93	2,832	68	3	3,520	9	2,384	215	60	1,386	74	20	1,755	7	1,178
Democratic plurality									9								7
Net Republican plurality									2,389								
PORTAGE Co.—8th dist.																	
Albion	70	4	1	185	2		262		115	40		129	1		170		89
Almond	60	11	6	244	2		323		184	57	4	201			262		144
Amherst	84	9		277			370		193	60	6	230	1		297		170
Amherst, village	49	2		94			146		45	36	2	103	1		142		67
Belmont	45	4	4	121			174		76	39	5	102	1		147		63
Buena Vista	85	4	6	152	3		250		67	84	6	133			223		49
Carson	130	4	3	129	1		267	1		111	3	106	2		222	5	
Dewey	102	4	1	14			122	89		109	2	2			113	107	
Eau Claire	76	4	3	119	4		205		43	51	5	87	3		146		36
Grant	36	2		71			109		35	35		58			93		23
Hull	178	3	3	35	2		222	142		222	5	19			246	203	
Leafield	55	12	7	114			188		59	41	7	84			132		43
Leafield	70	1	3	41	2		117	29		26	2	64	2		94		38
New Hope	33	1		207	1		242		174	31	3	183			217		152
Pine Grove	32	7	9	103			151		71	21	7	84			112		63
Plover	115	14	8	202	2		311		87	123	17	204	1		345		81
Sharon	306	4	3	26	2		341	280		280	3	15			268	235	

*Wm. T. Kennedy, scattering 1, Clear Lake. †Andrew Lindberg, scattering 1, Garfield.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
PORTAGE CO.—CON.																	
Stockton	255	1	3	72													
Sevens Point, city.....	1,043	40	23	726	9		331	183									
1st ward	166	7	1	118	2		291	48		126	4		67				
2d ward	202	3	5	167			327	35		149	18		153	2			
3d ward	163	5	6	152			325	11		121	5		156	2			
4th ward	346	15	10	83			455	263		315	3		73	2			
5th ward	108	5	3	123	6		245		15	88	2		120	1			
6th ward	58	5		83			146		25	40	5		71	2			
Total	2,825	131	86	2,933	30		6,005	1,081	1,189	2,459	117		2,601	23			
Democratic plurality									1,081								
Net Republican plurality									108								
PRICE CO.—10th dist.																	
Brannan.....	32	1	7	94	2		133		62	32	11		63	3			
Catawba	23		2	76	2		103		53	22			31				
Emery	24	1		54			79		30	11	1		40	2			
Eisenstein	34	1		26	2		63	8									
Fifield	43		2	83	1		129		40	41	4		59				
Georgetown.....	24		1	57	1		82		33	16	1		25	2			
Hackett.....	11	1		35			49		24	31	6		16				
Hill.....	15			45			60		30	24	2		36				
Kennan.....	18	5		41			64		23	38	1		46				
Kennan, village	33		4	26			63	7									
Knox	4		2	183	8		197		175	20	1		52	2			
Lake	19	2	5	51	5		82		32	53	1		29	4			
Ozema	36	7	5	219			267		184	45	12		175	1			
Prentice*	16	2	4	104	2		123		88	30	2		47	3			
Prentice, village	46		11	121			184		78	67	12		86	1			
Park Falls, village	111	4	3	221			310		110	55	5		80				
Worcester.....	93	1	4	160	10		268		67	105	10		98	7			

* Prentice village, scattering, 3.

Phillips, city	220	7	12	218	18	475	19	183	27	201	8	419	14	32
1st ward	52	4	6	71	4	19	49	15	64	1	.....	.....	15	.....
2d ward	102	3	6	81	4	21	63	9	80	1	.....	.....	17	.....
3d ward	66	.....	.....	66	10	.....	71	3	57	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	802	32	64	1,817	52	1	2,771	36	1,047	33	8	1,997	60	374
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	60
Net Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,015	.....	.....	.....	.....	314
RACINE Co.—1st dist.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Racine, City	2,198	375	149	2,694	1,153	13	6,582	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	153	15	6	114	42	39	163	8	180	5	3	359	.....	17
2d ward N. prec't	189	23	10	104	19	85	187	21	353	3	2	569	.....	169
2d ward S. prec't	130	22	8	98	53	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward N. prec't	160	26	10	180	57	20	140	14	254	8	1	417	.....	114
3d ward S. prec't	199	17	3	144	39	55	202	13	158	10	2	385	.....	44
4th ward E. prec't	125	18	3	128	65	1	186	7	125	15	1	334	.....	61
4th ward W. prec't	143	22	10	155	69	.....	12	242	146	16	1	412	.....	96
5th ward	115	30	9	233	142	1	91	350	36	743	40	7	1,256	313
6th ward	119	25	16	143	78	1	74	599	45	715	72	19	1,450	116
7th ward E. prec't	188	31	8	205	90	.....	17	254	10	177	40	2	483	77
7th ward W. prec't	152	22	7	124	75	28	219	6	109	11	1	346	110	.....
8th ward	70	27	11	283	82	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9th ward	90	31	15	253	139	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10th ward	217	29	15	200	109	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11th ward	118	56	18	274	94	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burlington, city	415	10	9	204	1	639	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward	82	3	4	46	.....	36	74	3	38	1	.....	116	36	.....
2d ward	103	.....	1	73	.....	27	77	1	61	.....	.....	139	16	.....
3d ward	117	.....	3	27	.....	90	111	.....	31	.....	.....	142	80	.....
4th ward	113	6	5	55	1	58	82	2	60	.....	.....	144	22	.....
Burlington	174	4	8	47	.....	233	131	9	61	.....	.....	201	70	.....
Caledonia	230	10	3	245	6	491	194	7	145	2	2	350	49	.....
Dover	111	6	6	100	.....	219	114	11	81	.....	.....	208	33	.....
Mt. Pleasant	120	17	11	358	64	570	132	11	191	23	3	360	.....	59
Norway	55	4	2	175	2	218	140	22	134	.....	.....	161	116	.....
Raymond	68	10	4	243	4	329	175	5	208	1	.....	264	158	.....
Rochester	71	7	6	93	1	181	181	25	107	.....	.....	151	67	.....
Union Grove, village	31	9	8	112	.....	160	81	14	14	.....	.....	133	91	.....
Waterford	149	5	24	196	1	375	132	16	175	.....	.....	323	43	.....
Yorkville	37	11	19	165	.....	232	29	12	88	.....	.....	129	59	.....
Total	3,639	464	249	4,635	1,292	13	10,232	605	1,552	249	44	8,832	694	1,322
Democratic plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	605	.....	.....	.....	.....	694
Net Republican plurality	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	996	.....	.....	.....	.....	628

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1901 AND 1902 - Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck- Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
RICHLAND Co.—3d dist.																	
Akaut.....	101	3	5	108	5	.....	222	.....	7	81	4	114	3	.....	202	.....	33
Bloom.....	122	5	21	112	1	.....	261	10	.....	72	30	135	1	.....	238	.....	63
Buena Vista.....	122	4	13	109	1	.....	249	13	.....	68	17	112	.....	.....	197	.....	44
Cazenovia, village.....	50	.....	.....	26	.....	.....	76	24	.....	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	63	10	.....
Dayton.....	115	5	10	93	.....	.....	223	22	.....	99	15	99	.....	.....	211	.....	.....
Eagle.....	94	6	4	97	2	.....	203	.....	3	66	5	89	.....	.....	160	.....	23
Forest.....	53	3	4	118	.....	.....	178	.....	65	46	2	113	.....	.....	161	.....	67
Henrietta.....	123	5	17	103	6	.....	257	23	.....	97	21	92	5	.....	218	.....	5
Ithaca.....	114	4	12	66	.....	.....	196	48	.....	101	21	66	.....	.....	191	35	.....
Lone Rock, village.....	81	.....	1	45	1	.....	131	39	.....	49	6	62	.....	.....	117	.....	13
Marshall.....	60	7	15	111	.....	.....	193	.....	51	46	19	124	.....	.....	189	.....	78
Orion.....	89	6	3	102	.....	.....	200	.....	13	84	8	77	.....	.....	169	.....	7
Richland.....	69	7	11	92	.....	.....	179	.....	23	69	13	80	.....	.....	162	.....	11
Richland Center, city ..	279	15	48	326	6	.....	674	.....	47	172	43	322	3	.....	511	.....	150
1st ward.....	79	7	20	101	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	17	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	103	4	14	117	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	69	13	119	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3rd ward.....	97	4	14	108	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	60	13	103	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richwood.....	104	12	4	167	.....	.....	287	.....	63	77	8	157	1	.....	243	.....	80
Rockbridge.....	76	4	17	113	1	.....	211	.....	37	66	22	107	.....	.....	195	.....	41
Sylvan.....	58	10	58	78	.....	.....	204	.....	20	53	42	90	.....	.....	185	.....	36
Viola, village.....	23	.....	2	69	.....	.....	94	.....	46	13	.....	76	.....	.....	89	.....	63
Westford.....	81	.....	2	52	.....	.....	138	.....	32	80	1	38	.....	.....	119	.....	42
Willow.....	160	3	15	88	1	.....	207	.....	12	39	15	105	.....	.....	160	.....	66
Total.....	1,923	99	262	2,075	24	.....	4,383	223	375	1,419	295	2,080	13	2	3,810	108	769
Democratic plurality.....									223								108
Net Republican plurality.....									152								661
ROCK Co.—1st dist.																	
Avon.....	49	7	.....	116	1	.....	173	.....	67	23	3	85	2	.....	115	.....	62
Blot.....	62	11	.....	68	2	.....	143	.....	6	35	1	57	.....	.....	93	.....	22
Bradford.....	67	7	.....	51	1	.....	132	10	.....	20	2	39	.....	.....	62	.....	19
Center*.....	66	3	1	132	.....	.....	202	.....	66	29	1	106	.....	.....	137	.....	77

* Scattering, 1.

Clinton	50	2	2	166			220		116		41	5	126		1	173		85
Fulton	171	11	13	88			283		83		110	6	101		1	218		9
Harmony	106	11	10	68			195		38		60	9	50		1	120		10
Janesville	85	5	3	84			177		1		56	2	66			121		10
Johnstown	64	2	2	79	2		149		15		45	9	60			114		15
La Prairie	87	7	6	52			132		35		41	2	51		1	95		10
Lima	76	11	5	101			193		25		24	8	95			127		71
Magnolia	71	11	17	111			210		40		43	11	89			143		46
Milton	269	37	37	249		1	593		20		124	52	299		2	477		75
1st precinct	140	17	15	138						76	18	151		2				
2d precinct	129	20	22	111		1				48	34	148						
Newark	60	11		124			195		64		59	1	96		2	110		85
Plymouth*	132	21		152		1	306		20		51	7	138			236		79
Porter	127	8	2	123			239		4		90	8	107			205		17
Rock	140	2	3	76			222		64		123	4	46			173		77
Spring Valley*	45	9	2	103		1	226		123		51	3	131		1	158		109
Turde*	113	11	3	75			268		38		51	3	81			136		30
Union	74	17	15	105			212		31		37	4	113			154		76
Clinton, village	64	12	10	147		1	233		83		46	12	127			185		81
Orfordville, village	42	2	5	88			137		46		10	3	101			114		91
Beloit, city	991	145	62	1,348		182	2,728		357		546	58	1,380		25	2,010		834
1st ward	191	12	9	173		10				141	9	175		3				
2d ward	252	53	25	281		63				144	20	320		4				
3d ward	153	13	4	205		19				85	5	267		2				
4th ward	208	43	17	221		58				90	15	315		5				
5th ward	182	24	7	378		32				86	9	303		11				
Edgerton, city		332	9	201		5	567		131		184	20	239			444		55
Evansville, city	201	34	48	240		2	525		39		131	50	290			473		159
Janesville, city	1,396	229	74	1,024		125	2,849		372		1,185	77	1,005		83	2,354		180
1st ward	280	55	15	195		27				158	14	241		12				
2d ward	198	38	15	194		19				171	14	224		18				
3d ward	304	69	22	278		31				285	24	269		11				
4th ward	383	44	21	241		39				372	19	192		27				
5th ward	231	23	2	116		9				199	6	79		15				
Total	4,940	635	340	5,242		326	11,484		796	1,098	3,146	361	5,078		120	8,720		2,208
Democratic plurality									796									276
Net Republican plurality									302									1,932
†St. Croix Co.—11th dist.																		
Baldwin	66	2	3	234		1	326		188		57	10	178		1	247		121
Cady	39		8	130		3	189		100		17	3	70		1	91		53
Cylon	72		5	132		1	210		60		66	6	97		2	171		31
Eau Galle	45	2	2	183			232		138		45	4	139			188		94
Emerald	99		2	111			203		21		83		84		3	176		1
Eria Prairie	197	1		23		1	227		169		159	1	9			169		150

*Scattering, Plymouth, 2; Spring Valley, 1; Turtle, 1. †Scattering 2.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND FLECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1901.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
St. Croix Co.—Con.																	
Forest.....	46		1	46	1	94		73	27	3	29			59		2	
Glenwood.....	53	2	3	126	7	191		73	41	3	80	6		130		39	
Hammond.....	97		2	115	2	216		18	70	4	75	4		153		5	
Hudson.....	100	2		83	6	192	17		72	2	65	11		150	7		
Kinnickinnic.....	69	1	1	59		124	1		39	3	41			83		2	
Pleasant Valley.....	32			78	1	112		46	34		59			93		25	
Richmond.....	76	4		58		138	18		81	3	44			128	37		
Rush River.....	25		6	115		146		90	24	6	89			118		66	
Somerset.....	107	1		132		240		25	72	5	138	1		216		65	
Springfield.....	67	4	2	198	1	272		131	50	2	109	1	1	163		59	
Stanton.....	97	1	1	90	1	189	7		91	2	53	1		147	38		
Star Prairie.....	29		3	148	2	183		119	19	3	134			156		115	
St. Joseph.....	59	2	4	124		189		65	72	8	72	1		136		17	
Troy.....	69		2	78		149		9	32	1	58		1	92		26	
Warren.....	145	3	9	61	1	219	84		107	3	70			180	37		
Glenwood, city*.....	46	3	11	129		189		85	50	24	84			158		35	
1st ward.....	14			41		55			12	8	20						
2d ward.....	13	3	4	21		48			14	6	13						
3d ward.....	19		6	57		85			19	5	28						
4th ward.....									5	5	23						
Hudson, city.....	403	8	5	316	29	761	87		329	18	273	52	6	688	46		
1st ward.....	58	1		62	5	126			68	3	58	6	4				
2d ward.....	181	4	2	109	13	333			128	7	96	15	2				
3d ward.....	161	6	3	145	14	332			133	8	129	31					
New Richmond, city.....	227	3	5	191	3	430	36		168	13	141	1		313	17		
1st ward.....	72	1	2	50	1	126			61	7	32						
2d ward.....	93	1	4	70	2	170			72	4	47						
3d ward.....	62	1		71		134			25	2	62	1					
River Falls, 1st ward.....	23	1		13		37	10		9		17			26		8	
Baldwin, village.....	49	1	4	112	1	167		63	53	13	95			161		42	
Hammond, village.....	61	1	11	50		123	11		38	12	44	1		95		6	
Star Prairie, village.....	9		1	57		67		48	9	1	51			61		42	
Total.....	2,389	47	91	3,223	61	5,815	440	1,277	1,886	159	2,408	86	9	4,548	333	855	
Democratic plurality.....								440								333	
Net Republican plurality.....								837								522	

*Three wards in 1901.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902 - Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Seo- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
SAWYER Co.—11th dist.																	
Hayward, town.....									467	15	578	13		1,073		11	
1st precinct.....	174	13	14	385	5	501	211	8	226	7	310	2					
2d precinct.....	23	1	3	31	1	63	8	14	19	2	38						
3d precinct.....	15	2	2	23	1	43	67	1	14		21						
4th precinct.....	25	4	1	92	2	124	47	53	61		64	2					
5th precinct.....	12			58		70	46	41	2		56						
6th precinct.....	15	1	5	150	1	172	135	114	3		89	9					
Total.....	264	21	25	739	10	1,050	475		467	15	578	13		1,073		111	
Democratic plurality.....																	
Net Republican plurality.....							475									111	
SHAWANO Co.—10 dist.																	
Almon.....	42	1	1	90	1	135	48		44	1	62			107		18	
Angelica.....	94	3	6	88	2	193	6		65		54	1		120	11		
Aniwa.....	49	1	1	47		98	2		40		14			54	26		
Belle Plaine.....	102	4	1	99	1	207	3		78	3	83			164		5	
Biramwood.....	55	10	8	116	1	190		61	34	1	94	1		129		61	
Fairbanks.....	43	1	1	102	2	149		59	55	3	49	2		109	6		
German a.....	14	4		58	1	77		44	4	2	35			31		21	
Grant.....	53	3	2	159	1	218		106	72	3	101			176		29	
Green Valley.....	52	4	2	173		231		121	13	3	140			156		127	
Hartlan.....	72	1	7	165	2	247		93	38	3	122			163		84	
Herman.....	105	2	8	140	1	256		35	74	5	103			182		29	
Hutchins.....	21	4	8	86		119		65	13	4	60			77		47	
Lessor.....	34	6	4	159		263		125	29	2	108	1	1	141		79	
Maple Grove.....	122	2	1	100	1	227	22		61		65	1	1	128		4	
Morris.....	35	1	3	115	1	155		80	24		104			128		80	
Navarino.....	15	1	3	60	4	83		45	10	3	58			71		48	
Pella.....	96	1	5	52		154	44		67	5	68	1		141		1	
Richmond.....	96	3		74		173	22		43	3	89			135		46	
Senneca.....	28	4		64		96		36	27	5	51			83		21	
Washington.....	124	6	2	140		272		16	92	3	105	4	1	205		13	

Waukechon.....	79		2		4		91		179		80		1		49		133	31		2
Wescott.....	27				3		30		60		27		2		29		59			
Wittenburg.....	17				3		181		203	164	21		7		121	1	139			
Shawano, city.....	249		9		8		210		476	39	199		4		132	3	139			100
1st ward.....	107	3		4		78					96		4		69	1	338			
2d ward.....	71	2		1		42					52				43	1				
3rd ward.....	71	4		3		90					51				80	1				
Aniwa, village.....	25		2		4		44		75		19		1		37					18
Biramwood, village...	58		7		12		73	1	151		15		4		74					32
Mattoon, village.....	30		7		3		115	1	155		85		35		94	1				59
Tigerton, village.....	42		3		3		65	1	114		23		55		46	2				9
Wittenburg, village....	57		3				137		197		80		2		101					68
Total.....	1,836		95		106		3,033	22	5,094	133	1,335		77		2,298	18		4	3,790	995
Democratic plurality...											138									90
Net Republican plurality											1,197									905
SHEBOYGAN CO.—6th dist.																				
Cedar Grove, village...	36	1				69	3	1	110	33	12		2		89	1			104	77
Elkhart Lake, village...	76	2				30	1		109	46	59				46	4			109	13
Greenbush.....	119	10		15		195			339	76	83		8		166	2			259	83
Herman.....	211	8		1		205	4		429	6	175		3		168	2			348	7
Holland.....	264	31		3		279			577	15	99		8		462	2			571	363
1st precinct.....	152	21		2		197					86		4		286	1				
2d precinct.....	112	10		1		82					13		4		176	1				
Lima.....	183	21		7		210			421	27	109		7		255	1			372	146
Lyndon.....	119	8		10		259	6		402	140	83		12		272	4			369	192
Mitchell.....	97	3		2		127	2		231	30	102				110		1		212	8
Mosel.....	41	5				109	1		156	68	43		1		96	2			112	53
Plymouth.....	129	7		2		168	5		311	39	114		4		162	3			383	48
Plymouth, city.....	307	8		2		261	28		606	46	221		12		236	62			531	15
1st ward.....	182	5		1		160	21				135		7		147	44				
2d ward.....	125	3		1		101	7				86		5		89	18				
Rhine.....	105	5		1		97			212		105		4		90	4			203	15
Russell.....	36	1		1		50	3		88	8					25	2			67	15
Scott*.....	83	17		2		197			305		114				208	2			274	139
Sheboygan.....	177	14		4		154	22		373	23	159		3		113	31			308	46
Sheboygan, city.....	1,907	253		107		2,051	646		4,976	144	1,642		58		1,497	1,183			4,405	145
1st ward.....	333	39		18		255	43				225		9		287	95				
2d ward.....	246	37		11		180	30				214		7		195	30				
3d ward.....	140	9		2		172	23				110		2		136	64				
4th ward.....	231	40		24		319	93				210		8		265	158				
5th ward.....	135	30		17		299	130				140		9		155	222				
6th ward.....	115	20		4		240	68				117		3		128	125				

*Scott, scattering, 1

VOICE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1901 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
SHEBOYGAN Co.—Con.																	
Sheboygan, city—Con.																	
7th ward	220	32	7	204	119				209	8	91	222	2				
8th ward, 1st precinct	198	23	17	223	49	1			200	3	138	107	1				
8th ward, 2d precinct	289	23	7	159	91	2			217	9	102	167	3				
Sheboygan Falls	214	6		106	18		344	108	178	1	108	16		303	70		
Sheboygan Falls, village	230	5	4	83	48		370	147	202	3	112	34	2	353	90		
Sherman	173	14	2	166	2		357	7	154	8	153	2	2	319	1		
Wilson	91	4	4	120	1	1	221	29	90	3	97	1		191		7	
Total	4,598	423	167	4,936	794	18	10937	391	729	3,731	142	4,460	1,358	32	9,723	402	1,131
Democratic plurality									391								402
Net Republican plurality									338								729
TAYLOR Co.—10th dist																	
Aurora	5			42	6		53	36	1		17			18		16	
Browning	52	1		39			92	13	63		27	1		91	36		
Chelsea	77	3	2	93		1	176	16	82	2	57			141	25		
Cleveland	7		1	20	1		29	13	10		12	1		23		2	
Deer Creek	89	5		81	6		181	8	89	1	65	2		157	24		
Greenwood	57	3		38	1		99	19	64	2	29			95	25		
Grover	8			33			31		17		25			42		8	
Goodrich	4		1	46	2		53	42									
Hammel	33	3		28	1		65	5	43	2	18			64	35		
Holway	25	1		62			88	37	18		38			56		20	
Little Black	129	11	3	125	3		271	4	136	3	107	4	1	251	29		
Medford	148	5	3	129	1		286	19	171	6	70			247	101		
Medford, city	179	10		203	8		400	24	168	9	230	6		413		62	
1st ward	66	3		75	4				55	2	91	4					
2d ward	55	5		52	2				52								
3d ward	58	2		76	2				61	7	87	2					
Molitor	18		1	23			42	5	20		6			26	14		
Rib Lake	52	3	2	86			143	34	62	4	33	1	1	106	24		

Rd Lake, village.....	45		15	214	1	275	169	56	4	128	2	2	193		72		
Westboro.....	38	4	7	204	1	251	166	50	18	153			227		109		
Total.....	966	49	35	1,456	31	1,538	68	557	68	1,050	51	1,026	17	4	2,150	313	289
Democratic plurality.....																289	
Republican plurality.....																	
Net Republican plu. 1904.....								490									
Net Democratic plu. 1902.....																24	
TREMPEALEAU CO.—7th d.																	
Albion.....	18	3	2	149		172		13	4	104							91
Arcadia.....	236	10	11	225		482	11	131		114					121		83
1st precinct.....	112	7	3	152				46	5	78							
2d precinct.....	124	3	8	73				30	6	36							
Burnside.....	81	3	2	56		142	25	17	3	35							18
Caledonia.....	38	4	1	25		68	13	5		29					55		24
Chimney Rock.....	8	1	3	165		177		5		76					82		71
Dodge.....	54	2		29	1	86	25	29		15					44		14
Ettrick.....	71	5	13	392		481		20	5	310					336		280
Gale.....	83	7	6	209	1	306	3	30	2	115	1				147		85
Hale.....	51	2	4	240	1	293		189	3	117					141		96
Lincoln.....	18	1	9	87		115		69	3	47					144		44
Pigeon.....	18	2	6	200		226		182	7	135	1				141		123
Preston.....	18	3	12	357		390		339	3	232	1				241		229
Sumner.....	21		2	133		161		117	11	62					77		51
Trempealeau.....	48	5	13	122		188		74	17	58					85		41
Unity.....	14	4	13	179		210		165	7	125					142		118
Arcadia, village.....	202	6	7	52		267	150	101	12	75					188	26	
Blair, village.....	6	3	4	107		120		101	1	105					110		104
Eleva, village.....	12	3	5	64		84		10	5	45					60		35
Galesville, village.....	83	7	7	110		207		27	41	6					129		41
Independence, village.....	71	3	4	67		145	4	43	2	53					99		10
Osseo, village.....	38	3	4	80	2	127		42	14	50	1				70		36
Trempealeau, village.....	82	6	6	36		130	46	30	9	52					91		22
Whitehall, village.....	26	2	13	113	1	155		87	15	105					131		90
Total.....	1,297	85	147	3,202	6	4,737	274	2,179	116	2,141	4	3	2,783	40	1,662		
Democratic plurality.....								274							40		
Net Republican plurality.....								1,905									
VERNON CO.—3d dist.																	
Bergen.....	32	4	3	98	1	138		66	39	71					112		32
Christiana.....	20	1	4	233		307		262	10	219					233		209
Clinton.....	15	3	4	173	1	201		163	7	127	1				136		120
Coon.....	13	1	4	296	1	315		283	6	173					182		167

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902--Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.									GOVERNOR, 1902.							
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- lev, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
WALWORTH Co.—Con.																	
Richmond.....	70	14	3	72			159		2	41	3	77			121		36
Sharon.....	62	11	5	76	2		156		14	18	4	81			103		63
Sharon, village.....	56	8	21	155			240		99	29	17	122			169		93
Spring Prairie.....	122	4	5	127	1		259		5	52	3	96	1		152		44
Sugar Creek.....	39	7	12	129	7		194		90	18	16	78	2		114		60
Troy.....	119	8	7	111	1		246	8		67	9	106	2		184		39
Walworth.....	127	24	18	176	4		349		49	42	11	96			149		54
Walworth, village.....	63	11	12	55	1		142	8		7	11	55			73		48
Whitewater.....	64	5	3	104	3		179		40	58	11	92	1		162		34
Whitewater, city.....	354	33	27	361	61		836		7	224	36	387	36	1	684		163
1st ward.....	98	8	9	95	27					71	8	103	11				
2d ward.....	143	18	12	136	19					84	15	178	14	1			
3d ward.....	113	7	6	130	15					69	13	106	11				
Total.....	2,948	219	245	3,246	104		6,762	282	580	1,488	272	2,838	53	2	4,654	48	1,398
Democratic plurality.....									282								48
Net Republican plurality.....								298									1,350
WASHBURN Co.—11th dist																	
Bashaw.....	19	2		118			139		99	13	4	77		1	95		64
Brooklyn.....	4	5		20			29		17								
Casey.....	2	3	1	30	2		38		27								
Chicog.....	2	1		18	2		23		16	17	4	84			105		67
Gull Lake.....	6	1		16			23		10								
Long Lake.....	20	2	1	31			54		11	16	2	19	1		38		3
Loomis.....	23	1	1	60	1		86		37								
Mills.....	16	2	3	64	3		88		48								
Minong.....	18	4	2	65			89		47	21	1	37	1	2	62		16
Sarona.....	7	1		27			35		20								
Shell Lake.....	67	6	9	155			237		83	69	7	215	1		292		146
Spooner, village, inc.....	168	6	1	73	16		264	95	20	60	2	104	3		169		44
Spooner.....	21		1	45	5		72		24	36		52	2		10		16

Stinnett.....	5		3	43			51	38											
Veazie.....	14	3	2	47	2		68	33	20	2	56			78					36
Total.....	392	37	24	812	31		1,296	95	513	252	22	644	5	3	929				392
Democratic plurality.....								95											
Net Republican plurality.....								420											392
WASHINGTON Co.—6th dist																			
Addison.....	256	3	3	86	4		352	170	240	4	84			328	156				
Barton.....	139	8	5	93	1	1	247	46	111	2	96			209	15				
Erin.....	150	3	2	93	3		251	57	150	4	82			236	68				
Farmington.....	130	8	2	142	1		283		126		152	1		279					26
Germantown.....	226	14	4	150	2		396	76	157	7	202	3		369					45
Hartford.....	166	4	6	106	2		284	60	147	6	111	1		265	36				
Hartford, city.....	251	11	5	225	13		505	26	204	6	210	7		427					6
1st ward.....	147	6	2	102	9				108	3	102	5							
2d ward.....	104	5	3	123	4				96	3	108	2							
Jackson.....	138	26		187			351	49	101	5	228	3		337					127
Kewaskum.....	87	11		82			180	5	77	2	87	1	1	168					10
Kewaskum, village.....	78	3	2	71	1		155	7	70		86			156					16
Polk.....	115	2	1	158	1		277	43	82	5	160	1		248					78
Richfield.....	212	14		99	4		329	113	203	4	103			310	100				
Schlesingerville, village.....	42			45	8		95	3	41		59	2	2	104					18
Trenton.....	206	5	3	103			317	103	196	6	87	1		290	109				
Wayne.....	129	11	3	135			278	6	97	4	146	1		248					49
West Bend.....	106	3	2	67	3		181	39	101	1	58	3		163	43				
West Bend, city.....	286	10	3	157	7	1	464	129	224	3	189	6		422	35				
1st ward.....	155	3		73	2				120	1	97	1							
2d ward.....	131	7	3	84	5	1			104	2	92	5							
Total.....	2,717	136	41	1,999	50	2	4,945	831	113	2,327	59	2,140	30	3	4,559	562			375
Republican plurality.....								113											
Net Democratic plurality.....								718											187
WAUKESHA Co.—5th dist.																			
Brookfield.....	197	6		190	5		398	7	211	3	110	1		325	101				
Delafield.....	131	3	3	188	2		328	57	85	1	176	1		263					91
Bag e.....	103	8	4	94	3		211	9	86	8	85	1	1	181	1				
Eagle, village.....	42		2	43			88	1	43	2	40			85	3				
Genesee.....	127	7	22	182	8		346	55	94	15	192	2		333					98
Hartland, village.....	65	6	3	88	11		173	23	62	2	79			133					17
Lisbon.....	188	5	6	196	5		400	8	144	10	185	3		342					41
Menomonee.....	182	10	12	211	15		430	29	165	13	172	8		358					7
Menomonee Falls, vil'ge.....	83	3	26	130	14		256	47	49	27	95	3		174					46

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.								GOVERNOR, 1902.								
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
WAUKESHA Co. Con.																	
Merton.....	171	5	2	225	5	408	54	54	150	4	187	4	345	37			
Mukwonago.....	84	9	17	227	8	337	143	143	66	21	168	1	256	102			
Muskego.....	132	3	1	151	5	295	19	19	84	5	113	1	203	29			
New Berlin.....	167	8	.....	141	3	321	26	26	141	3	104	2	250	37		
Oconomowoc.....	106	2	3	157	15	271	51	51	91	2	144	.....	237	53		
Oconomowoc, city.....	317	19	5	327	.....	683	10	10	290	24	315	1	630	25		
1st precinct.....	198	8	.....	179	10	.....	.....	.....	186	14	168	.....	.....	.....
2d precinct.....	119	11	5	148	5	.....	.....	.....	104	20	147	1	.....	.....	
Ottawa.....	104	4	4	112	2	226	8	8	80	3	131	.....	215	51		
Pewaukee.....	162	2	1	218	8	391	56	56	175	1	190	4	379	15			
Pewaukee, village.....	92	6	.....	96	3	198	4	4	73	2	105	.....	180	32	
Summit.....	104	9	6	145	3	267	41	41	77	2	129	3	212	52			
Vernoo.....	108	3	25	202	.....	338	94	94	62	25	170	1	258	108		
Waukesha.....	141	5	4	99	3	252	42	42	90	9	112	2	213	22			
Waukesha, city.....	961	24	33	757	74	1,850	204	204	773	48	797	3	1,686	24			
1st ward.....	146	6	4	110	19	.....	.....	.....	143	16	92	17	.....	.....	
2d ward.....	212	6	2	167	23	1	.....	.....	189	3	164	27	.....	.....	
3d ward.....	115	5	1	87	21	.....	.....	.....	113	7	86	10	.....	.....	
4th ward.....	193	5	5	137	5	.....	.....	.....	120	5	173	4	.....	.....	
5th ward.....	102	.....	4	114	2	.....	.....	.....	78	4	126	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	153	2	17	142	4	.....	.....	.....	130	13	156	7	.....	.....	
Total.....	3,767	147	180	4,179	193	1	8,467	288	700	3,091	230	3,799	103	6	7,229	142	850
Democratic plurality.....	142
Net Republican plurality.....	412	708
WAUPACA Co.—8th dist.																	
Bear Creek.....	53	3	2	120	4	182	67	67	64	3	62	.....	129	2		
Dayton.....	37	9	31	120	4	231	83	83	17	31	96	1	145	79			
DuPont.....	16	4	2	157	1	180	141	141	14	5	85	.....	104	71		
Farrington.....	111	36	25	362	4	538	251	251	37	33	285	4	359	248			
1st precinct.....	14	3	6	174	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	5	117	1	.....	.....	
2d precinct.....	97	33	19	188	4	.....	.....	.....	31	28	163	3	.....	.....	

Fremont	30	3	6	55	1	95	25	18	2	42	62	24						
Harrison	2	1	1	114		118	112	5	1	77	83	72						
Helvetia	12			105		117	93	6		62	68	56						
Iola	3	1	2	214		223	211	2	2	150	154	148						
Lebanon	107	3	7	61	4	176	46	80		36	117	44						
Lind	45	6	1	129		187	84	16	11	85	113	69						
Little Wolf	62	10	5	148	2	227	86	97		89	141	43						
Matteson	14	3	3	111		131	97	32	4	74	86	64						
Mukwa	33	6	5	105		122	150	10	2	69	105	37						
Royalton	80	7	17	101	1	227	72	33	13	91	137	58						
Scandinavia	7	2	2	225		236	218	3	1	161	165	158						
St. Lawrence	22	7	10	243		282	221	15	12	193	220	178						
Union	45	5	8	128		186	83	24	5	56	89	28						
Waupaca	40	6	10	156	1	213	116	17	3	93	120	76						
Weyauwega	42	6	5	51		101	9	28	4	46	78	18						
Wyoming	18	1	3	102		124	84	5	1	54	60	49						
Embarrass, village	10	1	1	54		67	44	11	1	43	55	32						
Fremont, village	29	2	1	27		57	2	13	2	42	57	29						
Iola, village	33		1	174		208	141	7	2	141	150	134						
Manawa, village	33	3	9	134	1	198	83	17	8	123	150	106						
Marion, village	51	9	6	101	1	172	46	59	7	81	150	22						
Scandinavia, village	10	2	1	86		99	76	6	1	72	79	66						
Weyauwega, village	114	2	11	91	1	219	23	0	13	88	195	2						
Clintonville, city	84	13	14	235		346	151	76	11	189	277	113						
New London	216	9	10	282	6	523	66	127	5	236	384	119						
1st ward	53	2	4	71	3			41	2	63								
2d ward	74	2	2	63	1			40		60								
4th ward	69	4	1	83	2			33	2	73								
5th ward	20	1	3	65				13	1	50								
Waupaca	174	16	36	407	17	652	233	75	45	373	508	298						
1st ward	43	6	8	134	2			21	13	106								
2d ward	51	4	13	80	8			25	8	75								
3d ward	31	2	8	125	2			12	15	104								
4th ward	49	4	7	68	5			17	9	88								
Caledonia	52	4	3	106	1	166	54	34	4	82	121	48						
Larrabee	36	3	2	163		206	129	39	5	103	147	64						
Total	1,643	182	240	4,690	50	2	6,807	71	3,118	71	1,030	247	3,489	40	1	4,808	48	2,507
Democratic plurality																		48
Net Republican plurality									3,047									2,459
WAUSHARA CO.—8th dist.																		
Aurora	50	8	10	134	1	203	84	41	6	112	159	71						
Bloomfield	60	2	3	86	3	154	26	34	2	72	109	38						

*Waupaca, scattering 1.

VOLE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
WAUSHARA Co.—Con.																	
Coloma	21	5	3	159			188	138	22	2	119			143		97	
Dakota *	19	18	5	49			91	30	28	2	36			68		8	
Deerfield	11	3	2	123			139	112	2	3	88			93		86	
Hancock	27	4	3	146			180	119	43	8	217	2		270		174	
Leon	18	6	4	146			174	128	12	4	118		2	136		106	
Marion	54	10	2	107		1	174	53	48	10	54			112		6	
Mt. Morris	13	6	1	140			160	127	9	5	112			125		103	
Oasis	48	3	5	95			151	47	38	13	83			134		45	
Plainfield	27	10		159	1		197	132	16	7	140	2		165		124	
Poysippi	35	10	4	169	5		223	134	20	4	128	2	1	155		108	
Richford	49	4		51		1	105	2	31	2	43			76		12	
Rose	6	5	9	126			146	117	25	19	148			192		123	
Saxeville	25	6	3	103			137	78	13	6	72	1		92		59	
Springwater	9	5	.5	121	1		141	112	14	10	135			159		121	
Warren	27	1	2	85	1		116	58	48	4	43	1		96	5		
Wautoma	26	7	2	117	1		153	91	25	1	105	1		132		80	
City of Berlin							9	1						8		1	
2d ward, 2d precinct.	5			4					3	1	4						
Hancock, village	56	2	3	77	1		139	21									
Plainfield, village	52	5	2	149	3		211	97	34	12	140	2	2	190		106	
Redgranite, village	14		1	80	1		96	66									
Wautoma, village	76	4	1	140			221	64	59	5	133	1		203		79	
Wild Rose, village	23	4	9	97			133	74									
Total	751	128	79	2,663	18	2	3,641	1,910	565	126	2,107	13	5	2,818	5	1,547	
Democratic plurality								1								5	
Net Republican plurality								1,909								1,542	
WINNEBAGO Co.—8th dist																	
Algoma	67	17	10	90			184	23	33	11	118			162		85	
Black Wolf	97	3	2	55	1		158	42	67	3	69			139		2	
Clayton	105	14	2	99	3		223	6	71	2	120	2		195		99	

*Dakota, scattering 2.

Menasha.....	61	3		53	5		122	8		57	2	48	2		109	9		
Necnah.....	41	4	4	74	4		127		33	28	4	74	4		108		46	
Nekimi.....	57	10	4	142			213		85	47	3	131	2		183		84	
Nepenshum.....	53	16	18	105			194		50	38	18	106	1		163		68	
Omro.....	33	21	18	92			225		41	44	12	153			209		109	
Omro, village.....	152	26	31	109	2		321	13		67	31	211			309		141	
Oshkosh.....	102	3	3	126	5	1	239		24	52	2	143		6	203		91	
Poyran.....	102	7	2	50			161	52		73	2	68		2	145	5		
Rushford.....	174	15	13	127			329	47		83	15	202		1	301		119	
Utica.....	38	12	4	165	1		220		127	33	7	174			214		141	
Vineyard.....	92	19	2	77	1		191	15		41	3	120			164		79	
Winchester.....	77	7	2	127			213		50	32	2	164			198		132	
Winneconne.....	72	11	4	57	1		145	15		52	4	80			136		28	
Winneconne, village.....	131	5	7	95			238	36		83	11	111			205		28	
Wolf River.....	66	6		56	2		130	10		53	2	68			123		15	
Menasha, city.....	766	24	9	410	27		1,236	356		747	8	384		21	1,160	363		
1st ward.....	214	5		121	1				215	2		111		3				
2d ward.....	229	2		77	8				207	1		98		4				
3rd ward.....	101	9	3	91	7				89	2		100		8				
4th ward.....	222	8	6	121	11				233	3		75		6				
Neenah, city.....	554	40	24	596	81	2	1,297		42	526	29	608		100	6	1,269	82	
1st ward.....	176	14	13	180	25				151	10		194		25				
2d ward.....	125	12	5	147	23	2			146	9		151		18	4			
3d ward.....	212	13	6	215	27				190	5		216		36	2			
4th ward.....	41	1		54	6				39	5		47		21				
Oshkosh, city.....	3,232	240	110	2,717	61	3	6,363	515		2,584	120	3,039		43	9	5,795	455	
1st ward.....	177	10	4	148	1				143	6		171		3				
2d ward.....	355	5	2	177	2				279	4		203			2			
3d ward.....	153	8	2	172	1	1			147	3		163		2	1			
4th ward.....	296	18	8	189	2				241	8		244		2				
5th ward.....	252	43	26	260	8	1			159	22		354		2				
6th ward.....	307	15	5	207	9				306	7		199		7	1			
7th ward.....	219	18	6	151	6				103	14		234		2	2			
8th ward.....	221	7	5	192	4				224	4		179		1				
9th ward.....	204	16	3	276	4				160	6		223		11				
10th ward.....	289	41	15	270	5				187	16		378		1				
11th ward.....	225	7	3	149	7				225	4		99		5				
12th ward.....	257	8	3	209	1				119	12		250						
13th ward.....	323	44	28	326	11	1			306	14		342		8	2			
Total.....	6,134	503	269	5,422	195	6	12,520	1,146	434	434	4,811	289	6,191	184	15	11,490	377	1,757
Republican plurality.....																		377
Democratic plurality.....																		
Net Democratic plu., 1901.....								712										
Net R. publican plu., 1902.....																		1,380

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR BY COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS, 1904 AND 1902—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	GOVERNOR, 1904.							GOVERNOR, 1902.									
	Peck, Dem.	Seo- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total vote.	Plurality.		Rose, Dem.	Drake, Pro.	La Follette, Rep.	Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Lab.	Total vote	Plurality.	
								Dem.	Rep.							Dem.	Rep.
Wood Co.—10th dist.																	
Arpin.....	57	4	4	70	9	.....	144	.....	13	26	5	63	3	.....	97	.....	37
Auburndale.....	53	.....	.....	127	.....	.....	180	.....	74	10	1	30	1	.....	42	.....	20
Auburndale, village.....	2	.....	1	59	1	.....	63	.....	57	48	1	67	.....	.....	116	.....	19
Cary.....	7	1	.....	31	2	.....	41	.....	24	4	2	32	.....	.....	38	.....	28
Cameron.....	12	1	.....	34	.....	.....	53	.....	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cranmoor.....	11	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	45	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dexter.....	54	4	.....	46	4	.....	108	.....	8	30	3	51	1	.....	85	.....	21
Grand Rapids, city.....	466	23	9	699	26	.....	1,223	.....	233	378	9	601	6	.....	995	.....	233
1st ward.....	59	1	1	84	.....	.....	145	.....	.....	64	1	63	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	70	3	1	108	3	.....	185	.....	.....	37	2	98	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	44	4	2	93	.....	.....	143	.....	.....	35	1	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	52	.....	2	116	5	.....	175	.....	.....	47	.....	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	60	9	1	88	8	.....	168	.....	.....	51	.....	71	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	72	1	.....	74	4	.....	151	.....	.....	64	2	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	88	1	.....	81	5	.....	155	.....	.....	47	1	56	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	41	4	2	55	1	.....	163	.....	.....	33	2	62	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand Rapids.....	69	1	.....	115	4	.....	189	.....	46	73	3	96	.....	.....	172	.....	23
Hansen.....	40	3	1	89	10	.....	143	.....	49	60	.....	60	3	.....	105	.....	21
Hiles.....	12	.....	1	11	1	.....	25	.....	1	4	.....	9	.....	.....	13	.....	5
Lincoln.....	105	1	1	123	5	.....	235	.....	18	71	4	107	.....	.....	182	.....	33
Marshfield, city.....	694	13	19	536	37	.....	1,299	.....	158	513	24	519	32	.....	1,090	.....	6
1st ward.....	139	1	2	70	14	.....	226	.....	.....	146	3	41	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	79	.....	.....	46	8	.....	133	.....	.....	50	2	60	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	124	7	5	116	8	.....	260	.....	.....	80	5	121	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	165	1	7	144	4	.....	321	.....	.....	101	7	141	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	111	3	3	110	2	.....	229	.....	.....	73	5	113	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	76	1	2	50	1	.....	130	.....	.....	63	2	43	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Marshfield.....	103	3	5	63	.....	.....	174	.....	40	88	4	51	.....	.....	143	.....	37
Milladore.....	106	2	.....	69	.....	.....	177	.....	37	94	4	51	.....	.....	152	.....	43
Nekoosa, village.....	128	7	5	122	.....	.....	262	.....	6	92	5	73	1	.....	172	.....	19
Port Edwards, village.....	40	.....	1	49	2	.....	93	.....	1	18	2	54	.....	.....	74	.....	36
Port Edwards.....	44	1	2	73	2	.....	122	.....	29	44	.....	79	2	.....	125	.....	35
Pittsville, city.....	47	3	1	80	5	.....	136	.....	33	20	1	115	5	.....	142	.....	95
1st ward.....	19	3	1	50	1	.....	74	.....	.....	10	1	58	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	10	.....	.....	13	2	.....	25	.....	.....	5	.....	31	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	18	.....	.....	17	2	.....	37	.....	.....	5	.....	26	1	.....	.....	.....	.....

Remington.....	84	2	1	60	3	.....	150	24	.....	57	3	.....	73	.....	133	.....	16
Richfield.....	35	.....	4	83	4	.....	126	.....	48	16	.....	75	1	.....	92	.....	59
Rudolph.....	95	6	1	105	1	.....	208	.....	10	91	8	79	.....	.....	178	12	.....
Hock.....	28	1	6	124	1	.....	160	.....	96	21	4	119	.....	.....	144	.....	98
Sherry.....	31	3	.....	97	.....	.....	131	.....	66	17	2	76	.....	.....	95	.....	59
Sigel.....	99	2	5	173	.....	.....	279	.....	74	103	8	97	3	.....	211	6	.....
Saratoga.....	21	2	.....	60	3	.....	86	.....	39	15	1	59	1	1	77	.....	44
Seneca.....	8	4	1	59	1	.....	73	.....	51	10	.....	45	.....	.....	55	.....	35
Wood.....	55	2	.....	48	.....	.....	105	7	.....	38	3	59	7	.....	107	.....	21
Total.....	2,506	89	68	3,245	121	1	6,030	281	1,020	1,920	99	2,740	68	7	4,835	117	937
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	281	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	117
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	739	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	820

POPULATION, 1900, VOTE AND PLURALITIES FOR GOVERNOR, 1901.

COUNTIES.	Popula- tion, 1900.	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc Dem.	Mink- ley, Soc. Labor.	Total.	PLURALITY	
									Dem.	Rep.
Adams	9,140	360	30	40	1,317	24	.....	1,771	.....	957
Ashland	20,176	1,561	88	86	2,928	139	2	4,804	7	1,371
Barron	23,677	1,124	81	200	3,112	68	8	4,533	58	2,001
Bayfield	14,392	499	50	74	2,512	27	4	3,166	.....	2,015
Brown	46,359	3,692	190	107	5,027	211	3	9,230	297	1,632
Buffalo	10,765	1,127	41	51	1,933	6	.....	3,158	188	994
Burlington	7,478	93	19	41	1,256	17	1	1,427	.....	1,151
Calumet	17,078	1,571	70	30	1,438	78	.....	3,187	484	351
Chippewa	33,037	2,061	101	115	3,332	37	6	5,682	84	1,385
Clark	25,848	2,315	120	167	2,851	40	2	5,495	265	831
Columbia	31,121	3,011	169	175	3,580	111	.....	7,046	489	1,053
Crawford	17,286	1,938	55	44	1,638	12	2	3,747	825	467
Dane	69,435	7,268	277	333	9,388	154	.....	17,426	936	3,116
Dodge	46,631	6,187	248	132	3,035	53	1	9,633	3,338	1,776
Door	17,533	1,716	96	95	1,333	24	.....	3,314	639	396
Douglas	36,335	1,428	114	123	4,221	386	30	6,332	.....	2,793
Dunn	25,043	925	111	111	2,836	57	.....	4,090	.....	1,956
Eau Claire	31,692	2,337	70	137	3,230	144	3	5,921	279	1,172
Flournoe	3,197	343	13	5	302	3	.....	663	115	104
F. du Lac	47,589	6,115	333	161	5,271	82	1	11,903	1,553	709
Forest	1,396	251	48	15	936	19	.....	1,210	4	659
*Grant .....	.....	436	36	43	1,208	19	.....	1,742	37	809
Grant	38,881	4,170	193	161	4,440	46	.....	9,011	709	976
Green	22,719	2,170	80	187	2,346	97	1	4,880	305	481
Green Lake	15,797	1,778	96	73	1,610	25	.....	3,582	324	156
Iowa	23,116	2,066	55	121	2,931	13	.....	5,186	198	1,033
Iron	6,614	605	23	23	899	10	.....	1,500	82	376
Jackson	17,466	960	72	80	2,228	24	.....	3,394	58	2,273
Jefferson	34,799	4,477	171	136	2,982	78	.....	7,845	1,804	309
Juneau	20,629	1,806	102	66	2,642	28	.....	4,641	153	989
Kenosha	21,707	2,277	126	60	2,608	378	13	5,463	143	474
Kewaunee	17,212	1,585	35	35	1,475	99	.....	3,230	433	322
La Crosse	42,997	4,239	120	186	4,287	83	3	8,919	637	705
Lafayette	20,959	2,310	56	61	2,522	9	1	4,959	481	693
Langlade	12,553	1,410	51	33	1,713	16	1	3,224	30	393
Lincoln	16,269	1,675	75	46	2,175	89	1	4,031	5	505
Manitowoc	42,261	3,571	213	100	3,898	557	.....	8,745	653	574
Marathon	43,255	4,556	160	131	4,782	131	4	9,761	637	803
Marinette	30,822	1,519	209	143	3,125	186	3	5,185	52	1,638
Marquette	10,509	1,192	58	75	1,160	7	.....	2,493	350	318
Milwaukee	330,017	23,143	3,228	918	28,185	17,394	91	72,959	.....	318
Monroe	28,103	2,483	108	148	3,146	26	.....	3,931	425	1,088
Oconto	20,874	1,703	138	54	2,563	43	2	5,503	231	1,031
Oneida	8,875	689	39	36	1,424	119	4	2,311	69	803
Outagamie	46,247	3,996	216	105	5,042	74	1	9,434	353	1,399
Ozaukee	16,363	1,746	37	26	1,258	93	1	3,161	528	40
Pepin	7,905	496	43	24	848	1	.....	1,413	162	514
Pierce	23,943	1,124	130	120	2,906	21	.....	4,301	38	1,810
Polk	17,801	443	79	93	2,832	68	3	3,520	9	2,386
Portage	29,483	2,825	131	86	2,933	30	.....	6,005	1,081	1,189
Price	9,106	802	32	64	1,817	52	1	2,771	36	1,051
Racine	45,644	3,639	464	249	4,635	1,232	13	10,232	605	1,601
Richland	19,483	1,923	99	262	2,075	24	.....	4,383	223	375
Rock	51,203	4,910	635	340	5,242	326	1	11,484	796	1,098
St. Croix	26,830	2,389	47	91	3,326	61	1	5,815	440	1,277
Sauk	33,038	3,280	228	319	3,297	31	.....	7,455	453	570
Sawyer	3,593	264	21	25	739	10	1	1,060	.....	475
Shawano	27,475	1,836	95	106	3,033	22	2	5,094	138	1,335
Sheboygan	50,345	4,598	423	167	4,936	794	18	10,937	391	729
Taylor	11,262	966	49	35	1,456	31	1	2,538	68	558
Trimp'au	23,114	1,297	85	147	3,202	6	.....	4,737	274	2,179
Vernon	28,351	1,126	78	178	4,378	20	1	5,781	.....	3,252
Vilas	4,929	566	35	18	1,217	30	1	1,867	.....	651
Walworth	29,259	2,948	219	245	3,246	104	.....	6,762	282	580
Washburn	5,521	392	37	24	812	.....	.....	1,296	95	513
Washing'n	23,589	2,717	136	41	1,999	50	2	4,945	831	113
Waukesha	35,229	3,767	147	180	4,479	193	1	8,467	288	700
Waupaca	31,615	1,613	182	240	4,690	50	2	6,807	71	3,118
Waushara	15,972	751	128	79	2,663	18	2	3,614	1	1,913
Winneb'o	58,225	6,134	503	269	5,422	195	6	12,529	1,146	454
Wood	25,865	2,506	89	68	3,245	121	1	6,093	281	1,020
Total	2,069,042	176,301	12,136	8,764	227,253	24,857	249	449,570	23,027	77,894

*Scattering vote 10, included in total vote. Population of Gates county included in Chippewa county.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE AND PLURALITIES BY COUNTIES, 1902.

COUNTIES.	Popu- lation 1900.	David S. Rose, Dem.	E. W. Drake, Pro.	R. M. La Fol- lette, Rep.	Emil Seidel, Soc. Dem.	Henry E. D. reck, so. La.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
								Dem.	Rep.
Adams	9,141	338	44	1,236	4	1	1,622		538
Ashland	20,176	1,752	109	2,280	63	5	4,214		528
Barron	23,677	620	140	2,174	34	11	2,981		1,554
Bayfield	14,392	426	53	1,892	17	6	2,394		1,466
Brown	46,359	3,283	126	3,654	174	13	7,250		371
Buffalo	16,765	826	43	1,267	1	2	2,139		441
Burnett	7,478	90	57	865	1	12	1,042		775
Calumet	17,078	1,325	30	1,238	123	2	2,721	87	
Chippewa	23,066	1,611	84	2,967	24	2	4,686		1,356
Clark	25,848	1,729	191	2,577	15	12	4,524		848
Columbia	31,121	2,240	229	3,479	43	2	5,993		1,239
Crawford	17,286	1,572	78	1,746	8	8	3,339		174
Dane	69,435	6,463	449	7,561	118	8	14,604		1,098
Dodge	46,631	5,343	186	2,810	36	1	8,377	2,533	
Door	17,583	707	53	1,888	11	2	2,663		1,131
Douglas	36,335	1,702	141	2,933	109	58	5,003		1,171
Dunn	25,043	817	111	1,736	13	7	2,656		919
Eau Claire	31,692	1,597	136	2,762	68	13	4,576		1,165
Florence	3,197	169	15	267	4	1	456		93
Fond du Lac	47,589	4,903	227	4,443	95	2	9,671	460	
Forest	1,396	272	14	484	6	5	776		212
Gates	4,971	222	29	573	5	1	830		351
Grant	33,881	2,642	233	4,411	32	1	7,376		1,169
Green	22,719	1,602	172	2,231	70	1	4,016		629
Green Lake	15,797	1,532	96	1,460	37	9	3,134	72	
Iowa	23,114	1,794	188	2,659	9	2	4,652		865
Iron	6,616	343	22	1,165	13	3	1,544		817
Jackson	17,466	593	64	1,735	16	1	2,404		1,142
Jefferson	34,789	3,843	133	2,492	20	10	6,548	1,351	
Juneau	20,629	1,435	75	2,398	24	3	3,935		963
Kenosha	21,707	1,895	68	1,959	308	3	4,330		64
Kewaunee	17,212	1,718	29	1,302	19	2	3,070	416	
La Crosse	42,997	3,300	226	3,806	65	16	7,414		506
Lafayette	20,959	2,144	78	2,376	28	2	4,626		232
Langlade	12,553	1,246	57	1,167	15	2	2,457	79	
Lincoln	16,269	1,412	39	1,922	57	3	3,333		580
Manitowoc	42,261	3,376	73	3,584	420	7	7,487		208
Marathon	43,256	3,637	129	3,745	86	22	7,629		88
Marinette	30,322	1,769	131	2,830	22	13	4,865		1,111
Marquette	10,509	1,045	32	1,266	6	1	2,400		181
Milwaukee	330,017	22,403	766	26,787	10,881	327	61,164		4,384
Monroe	28,103	1,912	169	2,693	99	1	4,784		781
Oconto	20,874	1,619	92	2,097	18	5	3,831		474
Oneida	8,575	670	49	1,154	21	1	1,894		484
Ozaukee	46,247	3,257	192	3,806	116	2	7,403		519
Pepin	16,363	1,677	21	977	44	3	2,792	700	
Pierce	7,905	341	20	611	2	1	975		270
Polk	23,943	765	152	1,315	22	2	2,956		550
Portage	17,801	215	60	1,386	74	20	1,755		1,171
Price	29,483	2,459	117	2,601	23	3	5,200		1,142
Racine	9,106	773	96	1,087	33	8	1,997		314
Randolph	45,644	3,824	263	4,452	249	44	8,832		628
Rochester	19,483	1,419	263	2,080	13	2	3,810		661
Rock	51,203	3,146	361	5,073	120	10	8,720		1,932
St. Croix	26,830	1,886	159	2,408	86	9	4,548		522
Sauk	33,006	2,085	248	2,775	19	3	5,132		690
Sawyer	3,593	467	15	578	13	1	1,073		111
Shawano	27,475	1,993	77	2,998	18	4	3,790		600
Sheboygan	50,345	3,731	142	4,460	1,358	32	9,723		720
Taylor	11,262	1,050	51	1,026	17	4	2,150	24	
Trempealeau	23,114	519	116	2,141	4	3	2,783		1,692
Vernon	28,351	759	176	3,439	23	7	4,397		2,680
Vilas	4,969	516	25	760	7	1	1,309		244
Walworth	29,259	1,488	272	2,838	53	2	4,654		1,550
Washington	5,521	252	22	644	8	3	929		392
Waushara	23,589	2,371	59	2,140	30	3	4,559	187	
Waupaca	35,299	3,091	230	3,799	103	6	7,299		708
Waupesa	31,615	1,090	247	3,489	40	11	4,808		2,459
Waushara	15,972	565	126	2,107	13	5	2,818		1,512
Winnebago	58,225	4,811	289	6,191	184	15	11,490		1,380
Wood	25,865	1,920	99	2,740	68	7	4,835		820
Total	2,069,042	145,818	9,647	193,417	15,970	791	365,676	5,909	53,508
Rose's plurality									5,900
La Follette's net plurality									47,590

Total blank vote, 3; scattering, 30; total 33.

TOTAL POPULATION, MALES OF VOTING AGE, AND VOTES CAST, 1904.

COUNTIES.	Total population, 1900.	MALES 21 YEARS AND OVER.			Total vote, 1904.	VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1904.			Males 21 yrs. and over to each vote.
		Total number.	Per ct. to population.	Pop. to each male 21 yrs. and over		Per ct. to population.	Per cent. to males of voting age.	Pop. to each vote cast.	
Adams	9,441	2,513	27.5	3.6	1,771	19.3	70.4	5.2	1.4
Ashland	20,176	6,598	32.7	3.1	4,804	23.8	72.8	4.2	1.3
Barron	23,677	6,092	25.7	3.8	4,593	19.4	75.4	5.2	1.3
Bayfield	14,892	5,525	38.4	2.6	3,466	21.9	57.3	4.5	1.4
Brown	46,359	11,622	25.1	4.0	9,230	19.9	79.4	5.2	1.2
Buffalo	16,765	4,332	26.2	3.8	3,158	18.8	72.1	5.3	1.4
Burnett	7,478	1,997	26.7	3.7	3,427	19.1	72.0	5.2	1.4
Calumet	17,078	4,380	25.6	3.9	1,427	18.6	72.7	5.3	1.3
Chippewa	33,037	8,954	27.1	3.7	5,982	22.4	82.9	4.6	1.2
Clark	25,818	6,748	26.1	3.8	5,495	21.3	81.4	4.7	1.2
Columbia	31,121	8,988	28.4	3.5	7,045	22.6	78.3	4.4	1.2
Crawford	17,286	4,634	27.2	3.7	3,747	21.6	79.8	4.6	1.2
Dane	69,435	19,972	28.8	3.5	17,426	24.8	87.2	3.9	1.1
Dodge	46,631	13,329	28.6	3.5	9,636	20.6	72.2	4.8	1.3
Door	17,585	4,459	25.4	3.9	3,314	18.8	74.3	5.3	1.3
Douglas'	36,335	13,554	37.3	2.7	6,302	17.3	61.4	6.7	2.0
Dunn	25,743	6,457	25.8	3.9	4,000	16.3	63.3	6.1	1.5
Eau Claire	31,692	8,098	25.6	3.9	5,921	18.9	73.1	5.4	1.3
Florence	3,197	981	30.7	3.3	663	20.8	67.8	4.8	1.4
Fond du Lac	47,589	13,578	28.5	3.5	11,933	25.1	83.0	3.9	1.1
Forest	1,396	487	34.9	2.9	1,240	88.8	231.6	1.1	.3
*Gates					1,742				
Grant	38,881	10,652	27.3	3.7	9,011	23.2	84.5	4.3	1.1
Green	22,719	6,413	28.2	3.5	4,880	21.5	76.2	4.6	1.1
Green Lake	15,797	4,254	27.0	3.7	3,582	22.6	84.0	4.1	1.1
Iowa	23,116	6,459	27.9	3.6	5,183	22.4	80.2	4.5	1.2
Iron	6,614	2,242	33.9	2.9	1,553	23.6	69.5	5.2	1.4
Jackson	17,466	4,632	26.7	3.7	3,364	19.2	72.1	4.2	1.3
Jefferson	31,795	9,651	27.7	3.6	7,845	22.5	81.2	4.4	1.2
Juneau	20,629	5,797	28.1	3.6	4,644	22.5	80.1	4.4	1.2
Kenosha	21,707	6,348	29.2	3.4	5,463	25.2	86.0	4.7	1.1
Kewaunee	17,212	4,433	25.8	3.9	3,233	18.7	72.8	5.3	1.3
La Crosse	42,997	11,451	26.7	3.8	8,919	20.7	77.8	4.8	1.2
Lafayette	20,959	5,910	28.2	3.5	4,959	23.6	83.9	4.2	1.1
Langlade	12,553	3,244	25.8	3.9	3,224	25.7	99.4	3.8	1.0
Lincoln	16,269	4,443	27.3	3.7	4,061	24.9	91.2	4.0	1.0
Manitowoc	42,261	11,028	26.1	3.8	8,745	20.7	79.2	4.9	1.2
Marathon	43,255	10,881	25.2	4.0	9,764	22.5	89.7	4.4	1.1
Marinette	31,822	8,295	26.1	3.7	5,185	16.8	62.5	5.9	1.5
Marquette	10,539	2,776	26.9	3.8	2,493	23.7	91.1	4.2	1.1
Milwaukee	330,617	88,968	27.0	3.7	72,959	22.1	82.0	4.5	1.1
Monroe	23,103	7,581	27.0	3.7	5,911	21.0	77.9	4.7	1.2
Oconto	20,874	5,311	25.4	3.9	4,503	21.5	84.7	4.6	1.1
Oneida	8,875	3,089	34.8	2.9	2,311	26.0	74.8	3.8	1.3
Outagamie	46,247	11,731	25.4	3.1	9,434	20.4	81.2	4.8	1.2
Ozaukee	16,363	4,415	27.0	3.7	3,161	19.3	71.6	5.2	1.4
Peplin	7,905	2,103	26.6	3.8	1,413	17.8	67.1	5.6	1.4
Pierce	23,943	6,693	28.0	3.6	4,301	18.4	63.9	5.5	1.5
Polk	17,801	4,821	27.1	3.7	3,520	19.8	73.0	5.1	1.3
Portage	29,483	7,192	24.4	4.1	6,005	20.4	83.4	4.9	1.1
Price	9,106	2,688	29.6	3.4	2,771	30.4	102.7	3.3	.9
Racine	45,644	13,165	28.8	3.5	10,232	22.4	77.7	4.4	1.2
Richard	19,483	5,363	27.5	3.6	4,383	22.4	81.6	4.4	1.2
Rock	51,243	15,709	30.7	3.3	11,484	22.4	73.1	4.5	1.3
St. Croix	26,830	7,283	27.2	3.7	5,815	21.7	79.8	4.6	1.2
Sauk	33,036	9,187	27.8	3.6	7,155	21.7	77.8	4.6	1.4
Sawyer	3,593	1,111	30.9	3.2	1,060	29.5	95.4	3.4	1.0
Shawano	27,475	6,919	25.2	4.0	5,094	18.9	73.6	5.4	1.3
Sheboygan	50,315	13,467	26.7	3.7	10,937	21.7	81.2	4.6	1.2
Taylor	11,292	3,178	28.2	3.5	2,538	22.5	79.9	4.4	1.2
Trempealeau	23,114	6,088	26.3	3.8	4,737	20.5	77.7	4.9	1.2
Vernon	28,351	7,719	27.2	3.7	5,781	20.4	74.8	4.9	1.3
Vilas	4,929	2,102	42.6	2.3	1,897	37.8	88.8	2.6	1.1
Walworth	29,259	9,044	30.9	3.2	6,762	23.1	74.7	4.3	1.2
Washburn	5,524	1,498	27.1	3.7	1,296	23.5	86.5	4.3	1.1
Washington	23,589	6,210	26.3	3.8	4,945	20.9	79.6	4.8	1.2
Waukesha	35,229	10,064	28.6	3.5	8,467	24.0	83.1	4.1	1.1
Waupaca	31,615	8,690	27.5	3.6	6,807	21.5	78.3	4.6	1.2
Wausara	15,972	4,434	27.8	3.6	3,641	22.8	82.1	4.4	1.2
Winnebago	58,225	16,107	27.7	3.6	12,529	21.5	77.1	1.3	1.2
Wood	25,865	6,407	24.8	4.0	6,030	23.3	94.1	4.3	1.0
Total	2,039,042	573,715	27.6	3.6	449,570	21.7	78.7	4.6	1.2

Scattering vote, 10, included in total vote. Gates county included in Chippewa county.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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PER CENT OF VOTE FOR EACH CANDIDATE TO TOTAL POPULATION, 1904.

Counties.	Peck, Dem.	Schofield Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	LaFollette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Minkley, Soc. Lab.	Total population not voting.	otal Population.
Adams.....	3.9	.3	.4	14.4	.3	.....	80.7	100.0
Ashland.....	7.7	.4	.4	14.5	.7	.....	77.3	100.0
Barron.....	4.7	.3	.8	13.5	.3	.....	80.4	100.0
Bayfield.....	3.4	.3	.5	17.4	.2	.....	73.2	100.0
Brown.....	7.9	.4	.2	10.8	.4	.....	80.3	100.0
Buffalo.....	6.7	.2	.3	11.5	.....	.....	81.3	100.0
Burnett.....	1.2	.2	.5	16.8	.2	1	81.0	100.0
Calumet.....	9.2	.4	.1	8.4	.5	.....	81.4	100.0
Chippewa.....	7.6	.4	.5	13.8	.....	.....	77.7	100.0
Clark.....	8.9	.4	.7	11.0	.1	.....	78.9	100.0
Columbia.....	9.6	.7	.7	11.5	.1	.....	77.6	100.0
Crawford.....	11.5	.3	.3	9.5	.1	.....	78.3	100.0
Dane.....	10.4	.4	.4	13.5	.2	.....	75.1	100.0
Dodge.....	13.4	.5	.3	6.5	.1	.....	79.2	100.0
Door.....	9.7	.5	.5	7.9	.1	.....	81.3	10.0
Douglas.....	3.9	.3	.4	11.9	.1	.....	82.6	100.0
Dunn.....	3.7	.4	.4	11.5	.2	.....	85.8	100.0
Eau Claire.....	7.4	.2	.4	10.2	.4	.....	81.4	100.0
Florence.....	10.7	.7	.2	9.4	.1	.....	79.2	100.0
Fond du Lac.....	12.8	.7	.3	11.1	.2	.....	74.9	100.0
Forest.....	17.9	3.4	1.1	64.3	1.4	1	11.3	100.0
*Gates.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100.0
Grant.....	10.7	.5	.4	11.4	.1	.....	76.9	100.0
Green.....	9.6	.3	.8	10.3	.4	.....	78.6	100.0
Green Lake.....	11.2	.6	.4	10.2	.2	.....	77.4	100.0
Iowa.....	8.9	.2	.5	12.7	.1	.....	77.6	100.0
Iron.....	9.1	.3	.3	13.6	.2	.....	76.5	100.0
Jackson.....	5.5	.4	.5	12.7	.1	.....	80.8	100.0
Jefferson.....	12.8	.5	.4	8.6	.2	.....	77.5	100.0
Juneau.....	8.7	.4	.3	12.8	.3	.....	77.5	100.0
Kenosha.....	10.5	.6	.3	12.0	.1	.....	74.8	100.0
Kewaunee.....	9.2	.2	.2	8.6	.6	.....	81.2	100.0
La Crosse.....	9.3	.2	.4	9.9	.2	.....	79.5	100.0
Lafayette.....	11.0	.2	.3	12.0	.....	.....	76.5	100.0
Langlade.....	11.2	.4	.3	13.6	.1	.....	74.4	100.0
Lincoln.....	10.3	.4	.3	13.4	.1	.....	75.1	100.0
Manitowoc.....	9.4	.5	.2	9.2	1.6	.....	79.1	100.0
Marathon.....	10.5	.4	.3	11.0	.3	.....	77.5	100.0
Marinette.....	4.9	.6	.5	10.1	.6	.....	83.3	100.0
Marquette.....	11.3	.5	.7	11.0	.....	.....	76.5	100.0
Milwaukee.....	7.0	.9	.3	8.5	5.3	.....	78.0	100.0
Monroe.....	8.3	.4	.5	11.2	.1	.....	79.0	100.0
Oconto.....	8.1	.6	.2	12.2	.2	.....	78.7	100.0
Oneida.....	7.8	.4	.4	16.1	1.3	.....	74.0	100.0
Outagamie.....	8.6	.4	.2	10.9	.2	.....	79.7	100.0
Ozaukee.....	10.7	.2	.1	7.7	.6	.....	80.7	100.0
Pepin.....	6.3	.5	.3	10.7	.....	.....	82.2	100.0
Pierce.....	4.8	.6	.5	12.1	.1	.....	81.9	100.0
Polk.....	2.5	.4	.5	15.9	.4	.....	80.3	100.0
Portage.....	9.6	.5	.3	9.9	.1	.....	79.6	100.0
Price.....	8.8	.3	.7	19.9	.6	.....	69.7	100.0
Racine.....	7.9	1.0	.5	10.2	2.7	.....	77.7	100.0
Richland.....	9.8	.5	1.3	10.0	.1	.....	77.7	100.0
Rock.....	9.6	1.2	.6	10.2	.6	.....	77.8	100.0
St. Croix.....	8.9	.2	.3	12.0	.2	.....	78.4	100.0
Sauk.....	9.9	.7	.9	10.0	.2	.....	78.4	100.0
Sawyer.....	7.3	.6	.7	20.6	.3	.....	79.5	100.0
Shawano.....	6.7	.3	.4	11.0	.1	.....	81.5	100.0
Sheboygan.....	9.1	.8	.3	9.8	1.5	.....	78.5	100.0
Taylor.....	8.6	.4	.3	12.9	.3	.....	77.5	100.0
Tempealeau.....	5.6	.4	.6	13.3	.....	.....	79.6	100.0
Vernon.....	3.9	.3	.6	15.4	.1	.....	79.7	100.0
Vilas.....	11.5	.7	.4	24.6	.6	.....	62.2	100.0
Walworth.....	10.1	.7	.8	11.1	.3	.....	77.0	100.0
Washburn.....	7.1	.7	.4	14.7	.6	.....	76.5	100.0
Washington.....	11.1	.6	.2	8.5	.2	.....	79.4	100.0
Waukesha.....	10.7	.4	.5	11.9	.5	.....	76.0	100.0
Waupaca.....	5.2	.6	.8	14.5	.2	.....	78.7	100.0
Waushara.....	4.7	.8	.5	16.7	.1	.....	77.2	100.0
Witnebago.....	10.5	.9	.4	9.3	.3	.....	78.6	100.0
Wood.....	9.7	.3	.2	12.6	.5	.....	76.7	100.0
Total.....	8.5	.6	.4	10.9	1.2	.....	78.4	100.0

*Percentages for Gates county included in Chippewa county.

VOTES, PLURALITIES AND MALES OF VOTING AGE NOT VOTING, 1904.

Counties.	Peck, Dem.	Scho- field, Nat. R.p.	Clark, Pro.	La Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold Dem	Mink- ley, Soc. Lab.	Total.	Party.	Plur- alities.	Males 21 yrs. or over not voting.
Adams	360	30	40	1,317	24	.....	1,771	R	957	712
Ashland	1,561	88	86	2,928	139	.....	4,801	R	1,367	1,791
Barron	1,124	81	209	3,112	68	.....	4,593	R	1,943	1,497
Bayfield	499	50	71	2,512	27	.....	3,166	R	2,013	2,359
Brown	3,692	150	107	5,027	211	.....	9,239	R	1,335	2,392
Buffalo	1,127	41	51	1,933	6	.....	3,158	R	1,806	1,231
Burnet	193	19	41	1,253	17	.....	1,427	R	1,154	1,570
Calumet	1,571	70	39	1,438	78	.....	3,187	D	1,133	1,193
Chippewa	2,061	101	115	3,362	37	.....	5,682	R	1,301	1,530
Clark	2,315	120	167	2,851	40	.....	5,495	R	536	1,253
Columbia	3,011	169	175	3,589	111	.....	7,046	R	569	1,942
Crawford	1,996	55	41	1,638	12	.....	3,747	D	358	947
Dane	7,238	277	338	9,338	154	.....	17,426	R	2,120	2,546
Dodge	6,167	248	132	3,035	53	.....	9,636	D	3,132	3,693
Door	1,716	96	95	1,333	24	.....	3,314	D	333	1,145
Douglas	1,428	114	123	4,221	386	.....	6,302	R	2,793	6,241
Dunn	925	111	111	2,886	57	.....	4,099	R	1,956	2,336
Eau Claire	2,337	70	137	3,230	144	.....	5,921	R	893	2,197
Florence	313	13	5	302	3	.....	666	D	41	315
Fond du Lac	6,115	333	161	5,271	82	.....	11,963	D	844	1,617
Forest	251	48	15	906	19	.....	1,240	R	655	-753
Gates	436	36	43	1,208	19	.....	1,742	R	772	.....
Grant	4,170	193	161	4,440	48	.....	9,011	R	267	1,611
Green	2,170	83	187	2,346	97	.....	4,880	R	176	1,533
Green Lake	1,778	96	73	1,610	25	.....	3,582	D	168	682
Iowa	2,036	55	121	2,931	13	.....	5,186	R	865	1,273
Iron	695	23	23	899	10	.....	1,560	R	294	682
Jackson	960	72	80	2,228	24	.....	3,334	R	2,165	1,298
Jefferson	4,477	171	136	2,982	78	.....	7,815	D	1,495	1,810
Juneau	1,806	102	66	2,642	28	.....	4,644	R	836	1,153
Kenosha	2,277	123	60	2,608	378	.....	5,463	R	331	885
Kewaunee	1,586	35	35	1,475	99	.....	3,230	D	111	1,206
La Crosse	4,239	123	186	4,287	83	.....	8,919	R	48	2,542
Lafayette	2,310	56	61	2,522	9	.....	4,959	R	212	951
Langlade	1,410	51	33	1,713	16	.....	3,224	R	303	17
Lincoln	1,675	75	46	2,175	89	.....	4,061	R	500	308
Manitowoc	3,977	213	100	3,898	557	.....	8,745	D	79	2,223
Marathon	4,556	160	131	4,782	131	.....	9,764	R	226	1,117
Marinette	1,519	209	143	3,125	186	.....	5,185	R	1,606	3,108
Marquette	1,192	58	75	1,160	7	.....	2,493	D	32	246
Milwaukee	23,143	3,228	918	28,185	17,391	.....	72,959	R	5,042	16,009
Monroe	2,483	108	148	3,146	26	.....	5,911	R	663	1,670
Oconto	1,703	138	51	2,563	43	.....	4,503	R	860	808
Oneida	639	39	36	1,424	119	.....	2,311	R	734	778
Outagamie	3,996	216	105	5,012	74	.....	9,431	R	1,151	2,202
Ozaukee	1,746	37	26	1,258	93	.....	3,161	D	488	1,252
Pepin	496	43	24	848	1	.....	1,413	R	352	694
Pierce	1,124	130	120	2,906	21	.....	4,301	R	1,772	2,337
Polk	443	79	93	2,832	68	.....	3,520	R	2,377	1,301
Portage	2,825	131	86	2,933	30	.....	6,005	R	109	1,187
Price	892	32	64	1,817	52	.....	2,771	R	1,015	-73
Racine	3,639	464	249	4,635	1,232	.....	10,232	R	996	2,933
Richland	1,923	99	262	2,075	24	.....	4,383	R	152	982
Rock	4,940	635	310	5,242	326	.....	11,484	R	322	4,225
St. Croix	2,389	47	91	3,226	61	.....	5,815	R	837	1,468
Sauk	3,230	228	319	3,297	31	.....	7,155	R	17	2,032
Sawyer	264	21	25	739	10	.....	1,060	R	475	51
Shawano	1,833	95	106	3,033	22	.....	5,094	R	1,197	1,825
Sheboygan	4,598	423	167	4,936	794	.....	10,937	R	338	2,530
Taylor	966	49	35	1,456	31	.....	2,538	R	490	638
Trempealeau	1,297	85	147	3,202	6	.....	4,737	R	1,905	1,351
Vernon	1,126	78	178	4,378	20	.....	5,781	R	3,252	1,938
Vilas	563	35	18	1,217	30	.....	1,867	R	651	255
Walworth	2,948	219	245	3,246	104	.....	6,762	R	298	2,282
Washington	392	37	24	812	31	.....	1,296	R	418	232
Waukesha	2,717	136	41	1,999	50	.....	4,945	D	718	1,265
Waushara	3,767	147	180	4,179	193	.....	8,467	R	412	1,597
Waupaca	1,643	182	240	4,690	53	.....	6,807	R	3,047	1,882
Waushara	751	128	79	2,663	18	.....	3,641	R	1,912	793
Winnebago	6,134	503	269	5,422	195	.....	12,529	D	712	3,578
Wood	2,506	89	63	3,245	121	.....	6,030	R	739	377
Total	176,301	12,136	8,764	227,253	24,857	.....	449,570	R D	60512 8644	120,154

Males not voting in Gates county included in Chippewa.

SUMMARIES OF VOTES AND PLURALITIES, BY CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS, 1904.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THE FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, Nov. 8, 1904.

(Gubernatorial.)

COUNTIES.	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La- Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Min- kies, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
								Dem.	Rep.
Green	2,170	80	187	2,246	97	.....	4,880	.....	176
Kenosha	2,277	126	60	2,608	378	13	5,463	.....	371
Lafayette	2,310	56	61	2,527	9	1	4,958	.....	212
Racine	3,639	464	249	4,635	1,232	13	10,232	.....	996
Rock	4,940	635	340	5,242	325	1	11,484	.....	332
Walworth	2,948	219	245	3,246	104	.....	6,762	.....	293
Total	18,284	1,530	1,142	20,599	2,146	28	43,780	.....	2,315
Net Rep. plur. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,315

Scattering vote—Kenosha County 1, included in total vote.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THE SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, Nov. 8, 1904.

(Gubernatorial.)

COUNTIES.	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La- Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Min- kies, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
								Dem.	Rep.
Adams	360	30	40	1,317	24	.....	1,771	.....	957
Columbia	3,011	169	175	3,580	111	.....	7,046	.....	569
Dane	7,268	277	338	9,388	154	.....	17,426	.....	2,129
Green Lake	1,778	96	73	1,610	25	.....	3,552	.....	168
Jefferson	4,477	171	136	2,982	78	.....	7,845	1,495	.....
Marquette	1,192	58	75	1,160	7	1	2,493	32	.....
Total	18,086	801	837	20,037	399	1	40,163	1,695	3,643
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,655
Net Rep. plur. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,951

Dane Co. scattering 1, included in total.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT,
NOV. 8, 1904.

(Gubernatorial.)

COUNTIES.	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Min- kley, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
								Dem.	Rep.
Crawford	1,996	55	44	1,638	12	2	3,747	358	.....
Grant	4,170	193	161	4,440	46	1	9,011	.....	270
Iowa	2,066	55	121	2,331	13	.....	5,136	.....	865
Juneau	1,806	102	66	2,642	28	.....	4,644	.....	836
Richland	1,923	99	262	2,075	24	.....	4,333	.....	152
Sank	3,280	223	319	3,297	31	.....	7,155	.....	17
Vernon	1,126	78	178	4,378	29	1	5,781	.....	3,252
Total	16,367	810	1,151	21,401	174	4	39,907	358	5,392
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	353
Net Rep. plur... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,034

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT,
NOV. 8, 1904.

(Gubernatorial.)

COUNTIES.	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Min- kley, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
								Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee city, pt.—									
ward 2	764	132	22	795	569	4	2,286	.....	31
ward 3	704	71	14	355	117	.....	1,261	3.9	.....
ward 4	1,227	165	41	953	379	1	2,762	269	.....
ward 5	772	86	32	846	592	.....	2,323	.....	74
ward 7	786	116	13	637	175	.....	1,727	149	.....
ward 8	687	91	39	1,076	559	.....	2,452	.....	389
ward 11	1,145	146	71	1,623	1,417	3	4,405	.....	206
ward 12	798	288	34	846	889	2	2,857	*43	.....
ward 14	1,570	190	80	933	942	.....	3,720	628	.....
ward 15	1,052	143	32	1,420	518	3	3,168	.....	368
ward 16	1,329	142	32	972	232	.....	2,698	348	.....
ward 17	526	111	38	971	702	1	2,349	.....	269
ward 23	719	87	32	831	530	.....	2,249	.....	162
Bal. Milwaukee Co..	2,251	279	168	4,067	992	8	7,705	.....	1,816
Total	14,321	2,047	588	16,385	8,604	22	41,967	1,743	3,315
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,743
Soc. Dem. plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43
Net Rep. plur... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,064

*Social Democrat.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 8, 1904.

(Gubernatorial.)

COUNTIES.	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Min- kley, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
								Dem.	Rep.
Milw. Co. (part).									
Milwaukee, city—									
ward 1.....	1,014	82	12	695	248	9	2,060	319	.....
ward 6.....	856	119	30	1,202	706	3	2,916	.....	346
ward 9.....	880	135	46	1,264	1,221	9	3,550	.....	43
ward 10.....	715	123	38	1,439	1,072	4	3,391	.....	367
ward 13.....	901	155	34	1,349	1,022	7	3,463	.....	327
ward 18.....	1,648	124	21	937	342	2	3,074	711	.....
ward 19.....	777	71	22	882	633	.....	2,415	.....	105
ward 20.....	618	134	44	1,335	1,237	12	3,540	*62	.....
ward 21.....	454	103	35	1,004	1,034	17	2,707	*90	.....
ward 22.....	606	161	34	993	841	1	2,483	.....	62
Balance Milw. Co.	553	39	14	730	184	5	1,385	.....	437
Waukesha county.	3,767	147	180	4,179	193	1	8,437	*152	412
Total	12,539	1,328	510	15,979	8,933	70	39,459	1,030	2,099
Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,030
Soc. Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	152
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,390

*Social Democrat; total, 152.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 8, 1904.

(Gubernatorial.)

COUNTIES.	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Min- kley, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
								Dem.	Rep.
Dodge	6,167	248	132	3,035	53	1	9,636	2,132	.....
Fond du Lac.....	6,115	333	161	5,271	82	1	11,963	844	.....
Ozaukee	1,746	37	26	1,238	33	1	3,161	488	.....
Sheboygan	4,593	423	167	4,933	794	18	10,937	.....	328
Washington	2,717	136	41	1,919	50	2	4,945	718	.....
Total	21,343	1,177	527	16,439	1,672	23	40,642	5,182	338
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	328
Net Dem. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,844

Scattering votes Sheboygan county included in total vote.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 8, 1904.

[Gubernatorial.]

COUNTIES.	Peck, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La- Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Min- kley, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
								Dem.	Rep.
Ashland	1,561	88	86	2,928	139	2	4,804	.....	1,367
Florence	343	13	5	862	3	.....	636	41	.....
Forest	251	48	15	366	19	1	1,240	.....	655
Iron	695	23	23	839	10	.....	1,569	.....	294
Langlade	1,410	51	33	1,713	16	1	3,224	.....	363
Lincoln	1,675	75	46	2,175	89	1	4,661	.....	509
Marathon	4,556	160	131	4,782	131	4	9,764	.....	226
Oneida	639	39	36	1,424	119	4	2,311	.....	735
Price	802	32	64	1,317	52	1	2,771	.....	1,015
Shawano	1,836	95	106	3,033	22	2	5,034	.....	1,197
Taylor	966	49	35	1,456	31	1	2,538	.....	499
Vilas	566	35	18	1,217	30	1	1,897	.....	651
Wood	2,503	89	68	3,245	121	1	6,030	.....	739
Total	17,766	797	666	25,897	782	19	45,932	41	8,172
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41
Net Rep. plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,131

Price county scattering 3, included in total.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN ELEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 8, 1904.

[Gubernatorial.]

COUNTIES.	Pec't, Dem.	Sco- field, Nat. Rep.	Clark, Pro.	La- Fol- lette, Rep.	Arnold, Soc. Dem.	Min- kley, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
								Dem.	Rep.
Barron	1,124	81	200	3,112	68	8	4,593	.....	1,983
Bayfield	499	50	74	2,512	27	4	3,166	.....	2,013
Burnett	93	19	41	1,256	17	1	1,427	.....	1,163
Chippewa	2,061	101	115	3,362	37	6	5,632	.....	1,301
Douglas	1,428	114	123	4,221	286	30	6,332	.....	2,793
Dunn	925	111	111	2,886	57	.....	4,690	.....	1,961
Gates	436	35	43	1,268	19	.....	1,742	.....	772
Pierce	1,124	130	120	2,906	21	.....	4,301	.....	1,782
Polk	443	79	93	2,832	68	3	3,520	.....	2,389
St. Croix	2,389	47	81	3,226	61	1	5,815	.....	837
Sawyer	264	21	25	739	10	1	1,060	.....	475
Washburn	392	37	24	812	31	.....	1,236	.....	420
Total	11,178	826	1,060	29,072	802	54	42,994	.....	17,894
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality	17,894

Polk county, scattering 2, included in total.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTES AND PLURALITIES FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1904—Continued.

COUNTIES.	STATE TREASURER.							PLURALITY	
	Jenson, Dom.	Wollag-er, jr., Nat. Rep.	Berg, Pro.	Kempf, Rep.	Luth-er, Soc. Dem.	Puck, Soc. Labor.	Total.	Dem.	Rep.
	Adams.....	339	24	44	1,336	24	1,758	.....	1,006
Ashland.....	1,311	96	110	3,024	179	2	4,752	.....	1,683
Barron.....	791	74	234	3,344	83	9	4,555	.....	2,553
Bayfield.....	435	55	81	2,557	31	5	3,165	.....	2,121
Brown.....	3,239	181	111	5,184	280	8	9,006	.....	1,945
Buffalo.....	1,025	36	60	2,010	9	.....	3,140	.....	985
Barnett.....	82	16	50	1,244	27	2	1,421	.....	1,162
Calumet.....	1,384	70	36	1,570	78	.....	3,139	.....	186
Chippewa.....	1,941	113	125	3,388	44	6	5,617	.....	1,447
Clark.....	1,962	108	18	3,120	49	1	5,426	.....	1,158
Columbia.....	2,589	159	213	3,881	131	1	6,977	.....	1,295
Crawford.....	1,691	48	41	1,920	16	.....	3,716	.....	229
Dane.....	7,928	237	420	8,412	190	3	17,244	.....	484
Dodge.....	5,620	263	144	3,484	59	1	9,571	2,133	.....
Door.....	1,213	66	94	1,836	26	.....	3,265	.....	593
Douglas.....	1,263	114	137	4,221	425	30	6,190	.....	2,958
Dunn.....	691	101	119	3,063	74	1	4,057	.....	2,371
Eau Claire.....	1,916	73	176	3,433	177	5	5,785	.....	1,522
Florence.....	116	7	8	524	4	.....	659	.....	408
Fond du Lac.....	5,272	306	190	5,762	108	11	11,639	.....	490
Forest.....	197	55	20	943	22	.....	1,237	.....	746
Gates.....	335	25	47	1,280	18	2	1,707	.....	945
Grant.....	3,461	138	221	5,036	61	1	8,968	.....	1,625
Green.....	1,887	76	216	2,520	118	.....	4,817	.....	633
Green Lake.....	1,463	86	85	1,895	39	.....	3,503	.....	432
Iowa.....	1,933	51	165	2,937	22	.....	5,141	.....	974
Iron.....	334	22	22	1,153	12	1	1,544	.....	819
Jackson.....	745	44	89	2,432	26	.....	3,337	.....	1,687
Jefferson.....	4,150	190	150	3,235	82	1	7,809	915	.....
Juneau.....	1,515	93	77	2,881	23	.....	4,632	.....	1,339
Kenosha.....	2,037	128	76	2,701	403	6	5,331	.....	634
Kewaunee.....	1,529	55	37	1,490	155	.....	3,216	39	.....
La Crosse.....	4,105	151	228	4,271	91	3	8,852	.....	163
Lafayette.....	2,197	51	87	2,583	13	1	4,940	.....	391
Langlade.....	1,251	52	35	1,835	19	2	3,193	.....	581
Lincoln.....	1,244	92	47	2,447	103	.....	3,935	.....	1,203
Manitowoc.....	3,672	219	101	4,053	621	1	8,697	.....	411
Marathon.....	3,932	187	146	5,265	150	4	9,684	.....	1,333
Marquette.....	934	170	114	3,639	192	2	5,201	.....	2,715
Marquette.....	830	61	76	1,454	10	.....	2,461	.....	594
Milwaukee.....	21,818	4,464	1,075	23,819	19,315	89	72,610	.....	4,031
Monroe.....	2,175	98	154	3,375	32	.....	5,334	.....	1,200
Oconto.....	1,309	123	74	2,903	49	1	4,459	.....	1,594
Oneida.....	592	42	42	1,462	113	3	2,261	.....	870
Outagamie.....	3,755	227	121	5,187	89	1	9,384	.....	1,432
Ozaukee.....	1,731	86	24	1,193	96	1	3,131	533	.....
Pepin.....	415	30	31	923	2	.....	1,402	.....	508
Pierce.....	775	107	143	3,201	26	.....	4,253	.....	2,426
Polk.....	331	135	96	2,922	83	4	3,490	.....	2,591
Portage.....	2,452	54	96	3,244	35	1	5,963	.....	792
Price.....	565	42	70	1,979	59	1	2,716	.....	1,414
Racine.....	3,212	486	235	4,831	1,412	16	10,242	.....	1,619
Richland.....	1,570	43	292	2,428	33	.....	4,368	.....	858
Rock.....	3,984	656	356	5,967	402	.....	11,365	.....	1,983
St. Croix.....	2,218	43	111	3,335	75	3	5,785	.....	1,117
Sauk.....	2,476	187	359	4,052	40	.....	7,114	.....	1,576
Sawyer.....	238	27	757	757	10	1	1,054	.....	519
Shawano.....	1,605	101	115	3,190	24	2	5,013	.....	1,585
Sheboygan.....	4,067	473	169	5,273	899	18	10,995	.....	1,211
Taylor.....	859	52	40	1,536	33	2	2,522	.....	677
Trempealeau.....	1,174	63	166	3,276	7	.....	4,686	.....	2,102
Vernon.....	1,294	78	224	4,169	26	1	5,743	.....	2,924
Wilas.....	423	36	25	1,399	30	1	1,824	.....	886
Walworth.....	2,192	181	273	3,869	123	.....	6,646	.....	1,677
Washburn.....	321	32	30	870	31	.....	1,287	.....	549
Washington.....	2,559	145	39	2,103	53	2	4,907	451	.....
Waushara.....	3,321	173	216	4,449	221	1	8,382	.....	1,128
Waupaca.....	1,294	205	268	4,939	67	.....	6,773	.....	3,645
Waushara.....	499	85	95	2,938	21	3	3,611	.....	2,409
Winnebago.....	4,999	471	293	6,469	210	11	12,488	.....	1,470
Wood.....	2,499	104	81	3,257	147	5	6,006	.....	818
Total.....	155,340	13,219	10,061	233,759	27,945	269	445,607	4,079	87,498
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,079
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	83,419

Scattering 14.

VOTES AND PLURALITIES FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1901.

COUNTIES.	ATTORNEY GENERAL.						
	Wolfe, Dem.	Classon, Nat. Rep.	Mott, Pro.	Sturde- vant, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Adams.....	337	20	44	1,369	1,749	.....	1,062
Ashland.....	1,302	86	163	3,685	4,577	.....	1,754
Barren.....	780	72	228	3,283	4,363	.....	2,643
Bayfield.....	460	51	75	2,538	3,124	.....	2,143
Brown.....	3,172	177	103	5,289	8,741	.....	2,117
Buffalo.....	958	28	69	2,052	3,159	.....	1,655
Burgett.....	78	16	50	1,258	1,402	.....	1,180
Calumet.....	1,363	60	82	1,622	3,077	.....	259
Chippewa.....	1,893	91	121	3,498	5,373	.....	1,635
Clark.....	1,941	99	184	3,153	5,377	.....	1,212
Columbia.....	2,469	157	210	4,060	6,842	.....	1,537
Crawford.....	1,656	43	41	2,049	3,639	.....	403
Dane.....	6,813	254	359	9,612	17,114	.....	2,824
Dodge.....	5,532	261	114	5,592	9,529	2,000	.....
Door.....	1,233	66	60	1,854	3,249	.....	618
Douglas.....	1,492	111	127	4,323	5,753	.....	3,131
Dunn.....	1,657	90	115	3,093	3,974	.....	2,426
EAU CLAIRE.....	1,893	78	166	3,501	5,638	.....	1,698
Florence.....	112	7	.....	825	651	.....	413
Fond du Lac.....	5,222	286	175	9,577	11,564	.....	648
Forest.....	159	50	22	657	1,214	.....	772
Genesee.....	333	25	48	1,239	1,695	.....	556
Grant.....	3,336	104	209	5,270	8,919	.....	1,434
Green.....	1,858	67	268	2,584	4,667	.....	746
Green Lake.....	1,428	68	84	1,955	3,535	.....	527
Iowa.....	1,827	47	157	3,401	5,132	.....	1,274
Iron.....	357	22	21	1,132	1,532	.....	1,475
Jackson.....	712	41	86	2,478	3,317	.....	1,766
Jeherson.....	4,065	155	148	3,375	7,713	690	.....
Juneau.....	1,454	78	76	2,953	4,574	.....	1,492
Keosauqua.....	2,643	116	76	2,734	4,589	.....	681
Kewaunee.....	1,533	37	35	1,494	3,699	39	.....
La Crosse.....	4,403	142	197	4,423	8,779	.....	415
Lafayette.....	2,170	46	85	2,624	4,925	.....	454
Langlade.....	1,233	46	30	1,874	3,183	.....	611
Lincoln.....	1,208	83	51	2,697	3,549	.....	1,399
Manitowoc.....	3,639	186	98	4,129	8,162	.....	440
Marathon.....	3,544	140	146	5,381	9,511	.....	1,537
Marquette.....	971	168	157	3,707	5,603	.....	2,736
Marquette.....	854	44	75	1,476	2,449	.....	622
Milwaukee.....	21,026	3,174	951	28,913	51,064	.....	7,887
Monroe.....	2,408	87	135	3,463	5,895	.....	1,358
Oconto.....	1,259	181	72	2,902	4,414	.....	1,613
Oneida.....	573	49	43	1,495	2,160	.....	922
Outagamie.....	3,645	202	124	5,314	9,285	.....	1,669
Ozaukee.....	1,768	42	23	1,275	3,048	433	.....
Pepin.....	410	26	31	953	1,460	.....	523
Pierce.....	751	103	126	3,256	4,236	.....	2,561
Polk.....	324	56	96	2,939	3,407	.....	2,606
Portage.....	2,414	116	89	3,319	5,929	.....	896
Price.....	551	27	64	2,014	2,655	.....	1,463
Racine.....	3,159	455	264	4,958	8,827	.....	1,898
Richland.....	1,563	42	291	2,439	4,335	.....	876
Rock.....	3,369	634	375	6,533	10,944	.....	3,167
St. Croix.....	2,178	37	110	3,354	5,679	.....	1,176
Sauk.....	2,420	166	345	4,176	7,107	.....	1,756
Sawyer.....	237	21	27	757	1,042	.....	520
Shawano.....	1,569	88	105	3,275	5,037	.....	1,706
Sheboygan.....	3,970	418	191	5,479	10,049	.....	1,500
Taylor.....	858	42	37	1,550	2,493	.....	701
Trempealeau.....	1,178	67	163	3,201	4,769	.....	2,123
Vernon.....	925	62	216	4,515	5,718	.....	3,590
Vilas.....	414	35	25	1,318	1,794	.....	904
Walworth.....	2,134	180	276	3,955	6,545	.....	1,821
Washington.....	320	32	28	881	1,261	.....	561
Washington.....	2,546	100	43	2,174	4,863	372	.....
Waukesha.....	3,246	159	206	4,554	8,165	.....	1,308
Waupaca.....	1,226	158	247	5,077	6,703	.....	3,851
Waushara.....	454	76	90	2,975	3,595	.....	2,521
Winnebago.....	4,943	415	307	6,579	12,244	.....	1,636
Wood.....	2,352	87	85	3,332	5,856	.....	930
Total.....	149,960	11,035	9,680	248,253	418,631	3,534	101,827
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,534
Net Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	98,293

VOTES AND PLURALITIES FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1904—Continued.

COUNTIES.	COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE.							PLURALITY	
	Fetzer, Dem.	Roenitz, Nat. Rep.	Reed, Pro.	Host, Rep.	Zauder Soc. Dem.	Eyer, Soc. Labor.	Total.	Dem.	Rep.
	Adams	301	20	44	1,369	24	1,758	1,678	8
Ashland.....	1,271	88	99	3,110	168	4,738	.....	4,738	1,819
Barron.....	769	72	225	3,334	80	4,543	.....	4,543	2,615
Bayfield.....	388	47	74	2,606	31	3,151	.....	3,151	2,218
Brown	3,202	155	92	5,247	210	8,090	.....	8,090	2,048
Buffalo	994	29	59	2,056	8	3,146	.....	3,146	1,062
Burnett	78	14	48	1,251	27	1,422	.....	1,422	1,173
Calumet.....	1,362	54	32	1,615	106	3,169	.....	3,169	1,693
Chippewa.....	1,850	89	116	3,512	45	5,616	.....	5,616	1,692
Clark	1,914	93	182	3,158	48	5,396	.....	5,396	1,244
Columbia	2,436	142	204	4,034	131	6,947	.....	6,947	1,598
Crawford	1,577	42	41	2,020	16	3,696	.....	3,696	443
Dane	6,747	232	355	9,705	184	17,256	.....	17,256	2,938
Dodge	5,551	194	137	3,633	55	9,570	1,918	.....	.....
Door	1,659	46	81	1,486	26	3,298	173	.....	.....
Douglas.....	1,168	102	157	4,285	413	6,155	.....	6,155	3,117
Dunn	662	95	111	3,197	72	4,038	.....	4,038	2,435
Eau Claire	1,842	77	161	3,527	168	5,778	.....	5,778	1,685
Florence	109	7	8	525	4	653	.....	653	416
Fond du Lac	5,176	295	179	6,019	100	11,770	.....	11,770	843
Forest	183	49	21	958	21	1,232	.....	1,232	775
Gates	328	25	45	1,284	18	1,701	.....	1,701	956
Grant	3,335	106	204	5,269	56	8,971	.....	8,971	1,934
Green	1,814	67	211	2,590	115	4,797	.....	4,797	776
Green Lake	1,420	69	80	1,957	36	3,564	.....	3,564	537
Iowa	1,834	46	164	3,097	16	5,157	.....	5,157	1,233
Iron	34	22	22	1,148	12	1,541	.....	1,541	814
Jackson.....	691	39	61	2,479	26	3,322	.....	3,322	1,788
Jefferson.....	4,039	155	141	3,288	83	7,807	651	.....	.....
Juneau	1,461	79	78	2,948	25	4,595	.....	4,595	1,487
Kenosha	2,028	120	73	2,730	393	5,352	.....	5,352	702
Kewaunee	1,553	31	26	1,480	105	3,207	73	.....	.....
La Crosse	3,812	133	197	4,577	86	8,813	.....	8,813	765
Lafayette	2,165	43	85	2,630	13	4,637	.....	4,637	465
Langlade	1,226	52	36	1,870	21	3,206	.....	3,206	644
Lincoln	1,184	80	41	2,605	99	4,011	.....	4,011	1,421
Manitowoc	3,617	180	96	4,121	648	8,692	.....	8,692	474
Marathon	3,847	113	133	5,411	144	9,932	.....	9,932	1,564
Marquette	981	155	155	3,715	190	5,193	.....	5,193	2,731
Marquette	851	43	74	1,480	9	2,457	.....	2,457	629
Milwaukee	20,854	3,183	984	28,650	19,336	73,091	.....	73,091	7,796
Monroe	2,090	85	144	3,474	29	5,823	.....	5,823	1,384
Oconto	1,290	123	70	2,927	48	4,460	.....	4,460	1,637
Oneida	590	48	37	1,495	108	2,253	.....	2,253	935
Outagamie	3,539	206	112	5,316	81	9,336	.....	9,336	1,757
Ozaukee	1,718	40	23	1,266	72	3,141	452	.....	.....
Pepin	410	25	17	932	2	1,897	.....	1,897	522
Pierce	739	100	129	3,230	27	4,253	.....	4,253	2,521
Folk	318	54	95	2,934	82	4,387	.....	4,387	2,616
Portage	2,404	106	55	3,321	30	5,951	.....	5,951	920
Price	546	33	62	2,010	56	2,709	.....	2,709	1,464
Racine	3,132	449	252	4,933	1,406	10,216	.....	10,216	1,831
Richland	1,529	37	286	2,482	33	4,365	.....	4,365	953
Rock	3,281	644	355	6,516	397	11,191	.....	11,191	3,215
St. Croix	2,153	34	112	3,402	66	5,773	.....	5,773	1,249
Sauk	2,398	151	344	4,192	38	7,123	.....	7,123	1,791
Sawyer	1,357	82	26	753	10	1,052	.....	1,052	518
Shawano	1,897	74	74	3,291	22	5,038	.....	5,038	1,734
Sheboygan	3,899	546	173	5,408	875	10,919	.....	10,919	1,599
Taylor	841	40	40	1,564	35	2,521	.....	2,521	723
Trempealeau	1,172	59	85	3,914	7	4,715	.....	4,715	2,142
Vernon	938	61	210	4,482	27	5,722	.....	5,722	3,544
Vilas	403	36	17	1,824	30	1,820	.....	1,820	921
Walworth	2,087	170	272	4,009	116	6,654	.....	6,654	1,922
Washburn	302	30	26	892	33	1,283	.....	1,283	509
Washington	2,516	98	41	2,293	49	5,003	223	.....	.....
Waukesha	3,215	157	239	4,573	219	8,379	.....	8,379	1,363
Waupaca	1,207	152	241	5,089	63	6,752	.....	6,752	3,882
Wausara	444	72	218	2,853	24	3,610	.....	3,610	2,409
Winnebago	4,877	423	287	6,646	233	12,430	.....	12,430	1,769
Wood	2,340	85	82	3,333	143	5,984	.....	5,984	993
Total	148,836	10,891	9,458	218,381	27,817	297	445,840	3,490	109,035
Democratic plurality	3,490
Net Republican plurality	89,545

Scattering, 100.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, FIRST DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Calvin Stewart, Dem.	Henry H. Tubbs, Pro.	Henry Allen Cooper, Rep.	J. W. Born, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Rock Co.—1st Cong. Dist.							
Avon	32	1	128	1	162	.....	96
Beloit	19	1	113	2	135	.....	94
Bradford	35	1	91	1	128	.....	56
Center	43	1	147	.....	191	.....	104
Clinton	43	3	172	.....	218	.....	129
Fulton	103	12	154	.....	269	.....	51
Harmony	64	8	114	.....	186	.....	50
Janesville	55	.....	114	.....	169	.....	59
Johnstown	44	3	99	2	148	.....	55
La Prairie	39	6	100	.....	145	.....	61
Lime	41	8	129	.....	178	.....	88
Magnolia	55	17	124	.....	196	.....	69
Milton	108	35	456	3	602	.....	348
precinct 1	76	15	230	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	32	20	226	.....	.....	.....	.....
Newark	20	.....	175	.....	195	.....	155
Plymouth	71	1	226	1	299	.....	155
Porter	96	2	153	.....	250	.....	58
Rock	111	5	104	1	221	7	.....
Spring Valley	37	.....	174	1	212	.....	137
Turtle	44	2	141	.....	190	.....	97
Union	35	14	163	1	213	.....	128
Clinton village	50	12	167	.....	229	.....	117
Orfordville village	12	5	111	.....	129	.....	98
Beloit, city	411	65	1,771	258	2,494	.....	1,360
ward 1	76	8	171	11	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	114	27	412	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	68	5	379	29	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	68	16	354	72	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	85	9	455	43	.....	.....	.....
Edgerton, city	224	19	297	6	546	.....	73
Evansville, city	82	54	354	3	493	.....	272
Janesville, city	933	62	1,464	148	2,607	.....	531
ward 1	142	16	328	34	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	133	11	263	25	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	149	16	426	27	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	290	19	329	48	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	219	.....	118	1½	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,867	337	7,241	403	10,865	7	4,441
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,434
Walworth Co.—1st Dist.							
Bloomfield	47	.....	115	.....	162	.....	68
Darien	89	13	197	1	300	.....	108
Delavan, town	74	7	117	.....	198	.....	43
Delavan, city	166	15	317	2	500	.....	151
ward 1	41	6	87	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	72	6	111	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	53	3	119	1	.....	.....	.....
East Troy	72	7	139	2	220	.....	67
East Troy, village	61	3	76	2	14	.....	15
Elkhorn, city	129	52	256	2	439	.....	127
ward 1	43	19	80	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	40	13	97	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	46	20	79	1	.....	.....	.....
Geneva	50	21	125	6	202	.....	79
Genoa Junction, village	31	1	135	.....	167	.....	164
Lafayette	92	8	120	3	228	.....	31
La Grange	29	4	155	2	190	.....	126
Lake Geneva	170	29	434	5	638	.....	264
ward 1	58	15	146	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	52	2	121	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	60	12	167	2	.....	.....	.....

Scattering, Turtle 3; Beloit city, 1st ward 3, 2d ward 5, 5th ward 1, inclusive in total.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Herman Grothorst, Dem.	H. J. Noyes, Pro.	J. W. Babcock, Rep.	Scattering.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Crawford Co.—3d Dist.							
Bridgeport	33	2	24		59	9	.....
Clayton	216	13	159		388	57	.....
Eastman	182		85		267	97	.....
Freeman	79	2	262		343		183
Haney	66	3	84		153		18
Marietta	56	2	106		164		50
Prairie du Chien	67		38		105	29	.....
Scott	109		90		199	19	.....
Seneca	167		94		261	73	.....
Utica	162		185		347		23
Nauzeke	52		54		106		2
Bell Center, village.....	11		47		58		36
De Soto, village.....	4		18		22		14
Gays Mills, village.....	27		80		107		53
Lynxville, village.....	20	3	57		80		37
Prairie du Chien.....	328	7	311		646	17	.....
ward 1	56		46				
ward 2	126	2	112				
ward 3	119	4	118				
ward 4	27	1	35				
Soldiers Grove, village.....	103	2	74		179	29	.....
Steuben, village.....	24	1	34		59		10
Nauzeke, village.....	57	1	53		111	4	.....
Total	1,763	36	1,855		3,654	334	426
Democratic plurality							334
Net republican plurality							92
Grant Co.—3d Dist.							
Beetown	112	8	89		209	23	.....
Bloomington	75	7	66		148	9	.....
Boscobel	216	7	225		448		9
Cassville	76		49		125	27	.....
Castle Rock	103	1	29		133	74	.....
Clifton	107	13	116		236		9
Ellenboro	57	2	119		178		62
Fennimore	77	8	110		195		33
Glen Haven	69	2	112		183		43
Harrison	71		139		210		68
Hazel Green	80	2	110		192		30
Hickory Grove	89	3	59		151	30	.....
Jamestown	137	1	41		179	96	.....
Lancaster	223	7	115		350	113	.....
Liberty	129	3	45		177	84	.....
Lima	97	9	98		204		1
Little Grant	45	5	72		122		27
Marion	91	6	25		122	66	.....
Millville	19	12	34	1	66		15
Mt. Hope	83	14	78		180	10	.....
Mt. Ida	89	15	69	1	174	20	.....
Muscoda	60	1	16		77	44	.....
Paris	78	1	73		152	5	.....
Patch Grove	98	9	53		160	45	.....
Platteville	74	3	190		177		26
Potosi	178	2	112		292	66	.....
Smelser	119	7	87		213	32	.....
Waterloo	100	5	71		176	29	.....
Watterstown	72	2	67		141	5	.....
Wingville	103	3	76		182	27	.....
Woodman	64	9	39		112	25	.....
Wyalusing	67	12	145		224		73
Bloomington, village.....	64	10	89		163		25
Cassville, village.....	108	4	113		225		5
Cuba City, village.....	68	4	102		174		34
Fennimore, village.....	123	10	122		265		9
Hazel Green, village.....	53	4	81		138		23
Montfort, village.....	80	10	41		131	39	.....

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Herman Grotto-phorst, Dem.	H. J. Noyes, Pro.	J. W. Bab-cock, Rep.	Scat-tering.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Grant Co.—Con.							
Muscoda, village	140	4	36		180	104	.....
Potosi, village	58	1	47		106	11	.....
Lancaster City	299	8	306		613		7
ward 1	76	2	65				
ward 2	56	2	90				
ward 3	80	2	70				
ward 4	87	2	81				
Platteville City	370	20	580		970		210
ward 1	108	4	166				
ward 2	108	4	146				
ward 3	85	7	135				
ward 4	69	5	133				
Total	4,431	254	4,166	2	8,853	984	719
Republican plurality						719	
Net democratic plurality						265	
Iowa Co.—3d Dist.							
Arena	126	20	121		267	5	.....
Brigham	178	6	120		304	58	.....
Clyde	88	1	48		137	40	.....
Dodgeville	167	16	176		343		9
Eden	60	4	70		134		10
Highland	158	1	124		283	34	.....
Lindem	110	19	133		262		23
Mifflin	63	16	181		260		118
Mineral Point	177	10	49		235	128	.....
Moscow	144	7	123		274	21	.....
Pulaski	199	3	81		283	118	.....
Ridgeway	85	12	88		185		3
Waldwick	152	1	24		177	128	.....
Wyoming	87	5	50		142	37	.....
Dodgeville City	210	22	289		521		79
Mineral Point City	292	20	328		640		36
ward 1	67	6	77				
ward 2	89	10	119				
ward 3	58	2	66				
ward 4	78	2	72				
Cobb, village	30	5	27		62	3	.....
Highland, village	127		79		206	48	.....
Linden village	55	9	90		154		35
Rewey, village	25	2	45		72		20
Ridgeway	44	3	61		108		17
Totals	2,577	182	2,307		5,066	620	350
Republican plurality						350	
Net democratic plurality						270	
Juneau Co.—3d Dist.							
Armenia	39	4	128		171		89
Clearfield	50		53		103		3
Cutler	34	1	36		71		2
Finley	23	3	10		36	13	.....
Fountain	83	4	135	1	223		52
Germantown	56	5	72		133		16
Kildare	84		51		135	33	.....
Kingston	43	1	12		56	31	.....
Lemonwier	117	9	133		250		16
Lindina	114	5	93		214	18	.....
Lisbon	66	2	77		145		11
Lyndon	61		49		110	12	.....
Marion	43		28		71	15	.....
Necedah	101	10	301		412		203
Orange	47		57		104		19
Plymouth	127		83		210	44	.....
Seven Mile Creek	104	1	55		160	49	.....
Summit	91		73		164	18	.....

ELECTION STATISTICS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Herman Grotendorst, Dem.	H. J. Noyes, Pro.	J. W. Babcock, Rep.	Scattering.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Juneau Co.—Con.							
Wonewoc	142		116		258	26	.....
Camp Douglas, village.....	61		53		114	8	.....
Lyndon Station	38		37		75	1	.....
Wonewoc Station	94		105		199		11
Elroy	245	3	170		418	75	.....
ward 1	124	2	62				
ward 2	131	1	134				
Mauston	202	2	224		428		22
ward 1	71		90				
ward 2	131	2	134				
New Lisbon	100	6	152		258		52
ward 1	55	4	79				
ward 2	45	2	73				
Total	2,165	56	2,306	1	4,528	343	484
Democratic plurality							343
Net republican plurality							141
Richland Co.—3rd Dist.							
Akan	149	8	59		216	90	.....
Bloom	72	20	170		262		98
Buena Vista	100	14	134		248		34
Cazenovia (village)	52	1	25		78	27	.....
Dayton	103	10	109		222		6
Eagle	96	4	101		200		4
Forest	84	5	73		162	11	.....
Henrietta	101	20	130		251		29
Ithaca	118	14	65		197	53	.....
Lone Rock, village	64	4	58		126	6	.....
Marshall	55	16	119		190		64
Orion	70	3	123		199		55
Richland	62	15	102		179		40
Richland Center	245	59	356		660		111
ward 1	67	23	113				
ward 2	94	21	120				
ward 3	84	15	123				
Richwood	140	5	129		284		.....
Rockbridge	88	21	98				10
Sylvan	63	64	73		200		9
Viola, village	50	2	26		88	14	.....
Westford	83	2	52		137	31	.....
Willow	33	14	158		210		120
Total	1,833	301	2,182		4,316	233	581
Democratic plurality							233
Net Republican plurality							348
Sank Co.—3d Dist.							
Ableman, village	49	1	50		100		1
Baraboo	94	16	203		313		109
Baraboo, city	555	41	816		1,412		261
ward 1	166	20	206				
ward 2	235	18	313				
ward 3	154	3	197				
Bear Creek	109		79		188	30	.....
Dellona	65	6	68		139		3
Delton	43	18	134		209		86
Excelsior	61	15	35	1	172		34
Fairfield	27	28	33		148		66
Franklin	142	1	69		212	73	.....
Freedom	53		157		210		104
Greenfield	61	6	102		169		41
Honey Creek	86	2	114		202		28
Ironton	104	35	119		258		15
La Valle	104	4	92		200	12	.....

Republican plurality over prohibition in town of Sylvan.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, THIRD DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Herman Grotzphorst, Dem.	H. J. Noyes, Pro.	J. W. Babcock, Rep.	Scattering.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Sauk Co.—Con.							
La Valle, village	30	9	48	.....	87	.....	18
Merrimack	53	2	63	.....	118	.....	10
Merrimack, village	18	4	46	.....	68	.....	28
North Freedom, village..	39	7	88	.....	134	.....	49
Prairie du Sac	59	.....	38	.....	97	2	.....
Prairie du Sac, village..	74	5	95	.....	174	.....	21
Reedsburg	118	6	74	.....	198	44	.....
Reedsburg, city	312	26	265	.....	603	47	.....
ward 1	159	8	126	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	153	18	139	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sauk City, village	121	.....	61	.....	182	60	.....
Spring Green	53	3	69	.....	125	.....	16
Spring Green, village ..	77	3	102	.....	182	.....	25
Sumpter	83	11	78	.....	172	5	.....
Troy	57	4	155	.....	216	.....	98
Washington	73	.....	152	.....	225	.....	79
Westfield	101	2	109	.....	212	.....	8
Winfield	99	10	60	.....	169	39	.....
Woodland	71	47	94	.....	212	.....	23
Total	2,996	312	3,788	1	7,097	331	1,123
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	331
Net Republican plurality..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	792
Vernon Co.—3d Dist.							
Bergen	58	3	68	.....	129	.....	10
Christiana	153	4	146	.....	303	7	.....
Clinton	112	5	69	.....	186	43	.....
Coon	127	6	176	.....	309	.....	49
Forest	101	13	106	.....	220	.....	5
Franklin	156	8	95	.....	259	61	.....
Genoa	90	3	48	.....	141	42	.....
Greenwood	143	1	20	.....	164	123	.....
Hamburg	82	4	128	.....	214	.....	46
Harmony	92	4	79	.....	175	13	.....
Hillsboro	54	1	117	.....	172	.....	63
Jefferson	122	35	119	.....	276	3	.....
Kickapoo	87	6	85	.....	178	2	.....
Liberty	63	2	31	1	97	32	.....
Stark	110	10	61	.....	171	59	.....
Sterling	123	7	117	.....	247	6	.....
Union	70	2	44	1	117	26	.....
Viroqua	213	11	142	.....	366	71	.....
Webster	148	3	56	.....	207	92	.....
Wheatland	78	3	38	.....	119	40	.....
Whitestown	94	19	61	.....	174	33	.....
De Soto, village	23	3	37	.....	63	.....	14
Hillsboro	73	2	93	.....	168	.....	20
La Farge	99	18	59	.....	176	40	.....
Ontario	38	9	31	.....	78	7	.....
Readstown	35	17	50	.....	102	.....	15
Stoddard	32	1	32	.....	65	.....	.....
Viola	16	2	38	.....	56	.....	22
Westby	100	5	76	.....	181	24	.....
Viroqua, city	205	9	231	.....	445	.....	26
ward 1	76	6	77	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	63	1	63	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	66	2	91	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,897	216	2,443	2	5,558	724	270
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	270	.....
Net Democratic plurality..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	454	.....

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 8TH, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Peter J. Sommers, Dem.	Thomas Gardner, Pro.	Theobald Otjen, Rep.	W. R. Gaylord, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.—4th Dist.							
Milwaukee city, part...	10,480	483	13,220	8,372	32,555	.....	2,740
Balance Milwaukee Co..	1,995	102	4,362	1,253	7,622	.....	2,457
Total	12,385	585	17,582	9,625	40,177	.....	5,197
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							5,197

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, FIFTH DISTRICT, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Arthur Dopp, Dem.	Moritz Schmoeyer, Pro.	Wm. H. Stafford, Rep.	V. L. Berger, Soc. Dem.	Frank Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
							Dem.	Rep.
Mil. Co.—Pt. 5th Dis.								
Milwaukee, city...	6,903	337	11,489	9,957	61	28,747	.....	1,532
ward 1	660	13	996	318	8	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	752	32	1217	835	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	786	53	1226	1367	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	589	42	1367	1289	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	748	34	1364	1181	8	.....	.....	.....
ward 18	1338	21	1169	438	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 19	637	22	922	770	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 20	510	45	1339	1587	12	.....	.....	.....
ward 21	418	38	934	1224	14	.....	.....	.....
ward 22	465	37	955	948	1	.....	.....	.....
Milwaukee	87	6	371	146	3	613	.....	284
Granville	92	3	205	12	.....	312	.....	113
East Milwaukee ..	5	1	54	17	1	78	.....	49
Whitefish Bay	21	2	54	3	1	81	.....	33
North Milwaukee..	71	4	152	46	1	274	.....	81
Total	7,179	353	12,325	10,181	67	30,105	.....	2,092
Democratic plur.								
Net Republican plu.								2,144

City Milwaukee, Republican plurality over Social Democrat.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, FIFTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Arthur Dopp, Dem.	Moritz Schmo- yer, Pro.	Wm. H. Stafford, Rep.	V. L. Berger, Soc. Dem.	Frank Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
							Dem.	Rep.
Waukesha Co.								
Brookfield	141		236	12		389		95
Delafield	63	4	260	4		331		197
Eagle	79	3	108	15		205		29
Eagle, village	28	2	41	17		88		13
Genesee	100	22	205	16		343		105
Hartland	39		115	16		170		76
Lisbon	110	12	265	7		394		155
Menomonee	157	16	235	18		426		78
Menom. Falls, vil... ..	68	32	142	15		257		74
Merton	142	1	249	18		401		98
Mukwonago	61	17	233	10		326		177
Muskego	106	2	176	8		292		70
New Berlin	157	3	145	10		315	12	.....
Oconomowoc	92	3	167	6		268		75
Oconomowoc, city	218	11	413	2		670		195
ward 1	145	5	221	16				
ward 2	73	6	192	12				
Ottawa	66	3	153	4		226		87
Pewaukee	142	6	232	12		392		90
Pewaukee, village.. ..	58	1	125	8		192		67
Summit	64	6	186	3		259		122
Vernon	56	25	240	8		329		184
Waukesha	97	4	129	15		245		32
Waukesha, city	755	30	855	195		1,835		100
ward 1	113	6	119	41				
ward 2	193	1	161	57				
ward 3	102	1	87	35				
ward 4	144	5	171	23				
ward 5	61	3	139	19				
ward 6	140	14	178	20				
Total	2,799	203	4,036	445		8,353	12	2,119
Democratic plurality								12
Net Rep. plurality								2,107

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOVEMBER 8, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Arthur Dopp, Dem.	Moritz Schmo- yer, Pro.	Wm. H. Stafford, Rep.	V. L. Berger, Soc. Dem.	Frank Wilke, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
							Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee, city	6,903	337	11,459	9,957	61	28,747		1,532
Bal. Milw. Co.....	276	16	836	224	6	1,358		560
Waukesha Co.....	2,799	203	4,906	445		8,353		2,107
Total	9,978	556	17,231	10,626	67	38,458		4,199
Democratic plurality .....								.....
Net Rep. plurality								6,605

Rep. plurality in Milwaukee City over Soc. Dem.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SIXTH DISTRICT, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. H. Weisse, Dem.	Wm. J. Perry, Pro.	Roy L. Morse, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dodge Co.—6th Dist.						
Ashippun	117	2	132	251	.....	15
Beaver Dam	133	1	94	233	44	.....
Burnett	135	3	98	236	37	.....
Calamus	65	14	74	153	.....	9
Chester	80	.....	57	137	23	.....
Clyman	167	1	78	246	89	.....
Elba	117	9	78	204	39	.....
Emmet	151	.....	67	218	84	.....
Fox Lake	42	4	90	136	.....	48
Herman	163	1	108	272	55	.....
Hubbard	165	3	123	291	42	.....
Hustisford	251	2	125	378	126	.....
Lebanon	210	1	53	264	157	.....
Le Roy	143	3	113	259	30	.....
Lomira	128	4	182	314	.....	54
Lowell	163	5	139	307	24	.....
Oak Grove	182	4	107	293	75	.....
Portland	142	2	63	207	79	.....
Rubicon	134	5	110	249	24	.....
Shields	146	1	24	171	122	.....
Theresa	154	1	96	251	58	.....
Trenton	87	1	143	231	.....	56
Westford	97	3	31	138	59	.....
Williamstown	113	3	67	177	52	.....
Beaver Dam, city	731	32	377	1,140	354	.....
ward 1	108	1	24	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	117	1	43	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	52	12	84	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	119	3	42	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	83	.....	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	90	2	43	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	68	7	78	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	94	6	53	.....	.....	.....
Horicon, city	288	.....	69	357	219	.....
ward 1	163	.....	19	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	99	.....	16	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	86	.....	34	.....	.....	.....
Juneau, city	203	.....	44	247	159	.....
ward 1	92	.....	23	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	111	.....	21	.....	.....	.....
Mayville, city	273	2	154	429	119	.....
ward 1	74	.....	40	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	66	1	16	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	133	1	98	.....	.....	.....
Watertown	381	5	102	488	279	.....
ward 5	179	1	31	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	222	4	71	.....	.....	.....
Waupun, city	111	5	240	356	.....	129
ward 1	27	4	85	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	35	.....	70	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	26	1	42	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	23	.....	43	.....	.....	.....
Fox Lake, village	101	2	118	221	.....	17
Lomira, village	64	1	49	114	15	.....
Lowell, village	38	.....	32	70	6	.....
Randolph, village	55	7	82	144	.....	27
Reeseville, village	50	1	43	94	7	.....
Theresa, village	54	.....	26	80	28	.....
Neosho, village	41	1	36	78	5	.....
Total	5,630	129	3,625	9,434	2,410	355
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	355	.....
Net Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,055	.....
Fond du Lac Co.—6th Dist.						
Alto	53	9	211	273	.....	158
Ashford	171	2	133	306	38	.....
Auburn	95	1	144	240	.....	49
Byron	116	9	155	280	.....	39

ELECTION STATISTICS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SIXTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. H. Weisse, Dem.	Wm. J. Perry, Pro.	Roy L. Morse, Rep.	Total	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Fond du Lac Co.—Con.						
Calumet	224	4	46	274	178	.....
Eden	150	3	215	368	.....	65
Eldorado	122	2	185	309	.....	63
Empire	105	3	99	207	6	.....
Fond du Lac	123	4	109	236	14	.....
Forest	121	3	107	231	14	.....
Friendship	88	2	160	190	.....	12
Lamartine	106	5	162	273	.....	56
Marshfield	561	2	33	396	328	.....
Metomen	73	11	172	256	.....	99
Oakfield	47	6	141	194	.....	94
Osceola	99	7	153	259	.....	54
Ripon	71	4	159	234	.....	88
Rosendale	54	13	162	229	.....	108
Springvale	104	3	139	246	.....	55
Waupun	55	3	155	194	.....	81
Fond du Lac, city	2,041	34	2,016	4,091	25	.....
ward 1	90	.....	113	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	150	5	139	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	124	3	107	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	106	.....	181	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	124	2	160	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	108	2	118	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	130	1	171	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	131	4	146	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	122	.....	124	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	163	9	177	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	113	.....	108	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	177	.....	125	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	156	.....	99	.....	.....	.....
ward 14	129	5	87	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	134	1	128	.....	.....	.....
ward 16	144	2	93	.....	.....	.....
Ripon, city	371	24	498	893	.....	127
ward 1	82	2	122	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	83	6	137	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	98	5	110	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	108	11	129	.....	.....	.....
Waupun, city	130	5	127	262	3	.....
ward 5	56	.....	44	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	74	5	83	.....	.....	.....
N. Fond du Lac, village	165	8	269	442	.....	104
Brandon, village	57	4	141	162	.....	44
Campbellsport	88	4	85	177	3	.....
Taycheedah	205	3	55	264	151	.....
Oakfield, village	39	3	113	155	.....	74
Total	5,435	181	6,025	11,641	760	1,350
Democratic plurality						760
Net Republican plurality						590
Ozaukee Co.—6th Dist.						
Belgium, town	250	.....	72	322	178	.....
Cedarburg, town	131	.....	76	207	55	.....
Fredonia, town	228	.....	95	323	133	.....
Grafton, town	102	.....	36	138	66	.....
Megnon, town	242	.....	193	440	44	.....
Port Washington, town	120	.....	65	185	55	.....
Saukville, town	166	.....	102	268	64	.....
Cedarburg, city	200	.....	100	300	100	.....
Port Washington, city	458	.....	313	771	145	.....
Grafton, village	57	.....	46	103	11	.....
Total	1,954		1,103	3,057	851	.....
Net Democratic plurality					851	.....

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SIXTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. H. Weisse, Dem.	Wm. J. Perry, Pro.	Roy L. Morse, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Sheboygan Co.—6th Dist.						
Cedar Grove, village	27	.....	80	107	.....	53
Elkhart Lake, village	78	.....	29	107	49	.....
Greenbush	159	.....	160	319	.....	1
Herman	230	.....	193	423	37	.....
Holland	122	.....	457	580	.....	335
precinct 1	101	.....	270	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	21	.....	187	.....	.....	.....
Lima	171	.....	242	413	.....	71
Lyndon	135	.....	253	397	.....	118
Mitchell	105	.....	116	223	.....	11
Mosel	45	.....	169	154	.....	61
Plymouth, town	133	.....	170	303	.....	37
Plymouth, city	312	.....	251	565	61	.....
ward 1	178	.....	165	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	134	.....	86	.....	.....	.....
Rhine	106	.....	98	204	8	.....
Russell	58	.....	29	87	.....	.....
Scott	90	.....	205	295	.....	115
Sheboygan, town	217	.....	121	338	96	.....
Sheboygan, city	2,299	.....	1,684	3,983	615	.....
ward 1	328	.....	261	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	240	.....	192	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	150	.....	156	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	287	.....	266	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	210	.....	233	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	184	.....	170	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	304	.....	128	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	256	.....	161	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	340	.....	117	.....	.....	.....
Sheboygan Falls	236	.....	96	332	140	.....
Sheboygan Falls, village	269	.....	70	340	199	.....
Sherman	190	.....	162	354	28	.....
Wilson	100	.....	114	218	.....	14
Total	5,082	.....	4,639	9,722	1,232	819
Republican plurality .....	.....	20	.....	.....	819	.....
Net Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	443	.....
Washington Co.—6th Dist.						
Addison	237	.....	104	345	133	.....
Barton	142	.....	97	245	45	.....
Erin	151	.....	97	250	54	.....
Farmington	129	.....	150	281	.....	21
Germanatown	191	.....	195	386	.....	4
Hartford	149	.....	124	276	25	.....
Hartford, city	220	.....	259	485	.....	39
ward 1	117	.....	133	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	103	.....	126	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	116	.....	234	350	.....	118
Kewaskon	77	.....	102	179	.....	25
Kewaskon, village	69	.....	79	148	.....	10
Polk	98	.....	174	272	.....	76
Richfield	199	.....	121	321	78	.....
Schleisingsville, village	46	.....	42	89	4	.....
Trenton	208	.....	101	312	107	.....
Wayne	99	.....	174	276	.....	75
West Bend, city	279	.....	172	457	107	.....
ward 1	145	.....	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	134	.....	89	.....	.....	.....
West Bend	104	.....	70	175	34	.....
Totals	2,514	.....	2,295	4,847	587	368
Democratic plurality .....	.....	38	.....	.....	368	.....
Net Republican plurality	219

Scattering 1, Sheboygan Falls, village (in total).

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 8, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. H. Weisse, Dem.	Wm. J. Perry, Pro.	Roy L. Morse, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dodge Co.	5,680	129	3,625	9,434	2,055	590
Fond du Lac Co.	5,435	181	6,025	11,641	.....	.....
Ozaukee Co.	1,954	.....	1,103	3,057	851	.....
Sheboygan Co.	5,082	20	4,639	9,742	443	.....
Washington Co.	2,514	38	2,295	4,847	219	.....
Total	20,665	368	17,687	38,721	3,568	590
Republican plurality					590	.....
Net Democratic plurality					2,978	.....

Scattering 1 in Sheboygan, included in total.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	N. C. Basheler, Dem.	Geo. A. Markam, Pro.	Jno. J. Esch, Rep.	H. Leinenger, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Buffalo Co.—7th Dist.							
Alma	35	1	94	1	131	.....	59
Alma, city	116	1	139	.....	255	.....	23
Alma, ward 1	55	.....	42	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alma, ward 2	23	.....	47	.....	.....	.....	.....
Alma, ward 3	38	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belvidere	60	.....	87	.....	147	.....	27
Buffalo	49	.....	40	.....	89	9	.....
Buffalo, city	28	.....	16	.....	44	12	.....
Canton	36	2	99	1	138	.....	63
Cross	44	.....	49	.....	93	.....	5
Dover	24	3	140	.....	167	.....	116
Fountain City	91	.....	152	.....	243	.....	61
Fountain City, ward 1	39	.....	69	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fountain City, ward 2	52	.....	83	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gilmanton	20	2	126	.....	158	.....	93
Glencoe	61	2	56	1	120	5	.....
Lincoln	58	1	41	1	101	17	.....
Maxville	15	.....	63	.....	78	.....	43
Milton	24	.....	25	.....	49	.....	1
Modena	16	19	142	.....	177	.....	126
Mondovi	12	3	142	1	158	.....	130
Mondovi, city	33	6	249	1	294	.....	211
Mondovi, ward 1	16	5	124	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mondovi, ward 2	22	1	125	1	.....	.....	.....
Montana	32	2	52	1	87	.....	20
Naples	2	.....	159	.....	161	.....	157
Nelson	74	4	211	1	290	.....	137
Nelson	39	.....	45	.....	134	44	.....
Waumandee							
Total	924	46	2,127	8	3,115	87	1,280
Democratic plurality							87
Net Republican plurality							1,193

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	N. C. Bashel-ler, Dem.	Geo. A. Markam, Pro.	Jno. J. Esch, Rep.	H. Lein-enkug-el, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Clark Co.—7th Dist.							
Beaver	20	4	87	10	121		67
Colby	68	2	58	2	130	10	
Dewhurst	3	2	26		31		23
Eaton	19	1	110		130		91
Fremont	27	4	132		163		105
Grant	93	6	146	1	246		53
Green Grove	59	3	45		107	14	
Hewitt	2	1	40		43		38
Hixon	48	2	119	5	174		71
Hoard	17		99		116		82
Levis	25	3	66		94		41
Loyal	63	1	96		165		28
Lynn	52	6	74		132		22
Longwood	30	4	60	1	95		30
Mayville	46	3	114	2	165		68
Mead	7		28		30		16
Mentor	58	17	107		182		49
Pine Valley	94	7	129		230		35
Reseburg	45	12	63	2	122		18
Sherman	72	1	82	1	156		10
Seif	14		15		29		1
Sherwood	11		38		49		27
Thorp	27	4	93	1	125		66
Unity	59	6	101		166		42
Warner	40	9	91	1	141		51
Washburn	34	3	54	1	92		20
Weston	93	1	86	1	181	7	
WitLee	28	1	78	7	114		50
Warden	42	1	71		114		29
York	33	18	152		203		119
Abbotsford, village	65	5	133	4	207		68
Colby, city	62	2	73	2	139		11
Dorchester, village	31	3	65	1	109		34
Greenwood, city	45	6	116		167		71
Loyal, village	64	15	93	1	173		29
Neillsville, city	173	11	297	2	483		124
ward 1	47	2	98				
ward 2	51	3	84				
ward 3	75	6	115	2			
Thorp, village	46	9	89	1	145		43
Withee, village	39	5	58	2	104		19
Total	1,759	178	3,379	48	5,354	31	1,651
Democratic plurality							31
Net Republican plurality							1,620
Eau Claire Co.—7th Dist.							
Altoona, city	83	1	101		185		18
ward 1	40	1	88				
ward 2	43		63				
Angusta, city	69	10	181		260		112
Eau Claire, city	748	101	2,322	179	3,350		1,171
ward 1	85	6	156	31			
ward 2	85	7	260	25			
ward 3	84	20	303	2			
ward 4	33	5	119	1			
ward 5	56	8	193	6			
ward 6	89	17	236	10			
ward 7	53	12	289	6			
ward 8	98	8	303	34			
ward 9	71	11	261	18			
ward 10	94	7	202	46			
Bridge Creek	75	6	95	1	177		29
Brunswick	45	3	78	2	128		33
Clear Creek	32	2	90	2	117		57
Drammen	3	4	141		148		138
Fairchild	26	4	59	2	91		33
Fairchild, village	28		153	1	182		125

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	N. C. Basher, Dem.	Geo. A. Markam, Pro.	Jno. J. Esch, Rep.	H. Lein- en- kug- el, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Eau Claire Co.—Con.							
Lincoln	119	6	86	2	213	33	.....
Ludington	29	1	121	3	154	.....	92
Otter Creek	18	1	95	1	115	.....	77
Pleasant Valley	26	7	158	.....	191	.....	132
Seymour	33	6	60	5	104	.....	27
Union	37	7	84	5	133	.....	47
Washington	42	6	148	2	193	.....	106
Total	1,414	165	3,972	205	5,756	33	2,591
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,558
Jackson Co.—7th Dist.†							
Albion	46	4	256	.....	306	.....	210
Alma	24	6	116	.....	146	.....	92
Alma Center, village	34	3	54	.....	91	.....	20
Bear Bluff .....	.....	2	17	1	25	.....	15
Black River Falls	107	10	500	1	418	.....	193
ward 1	18	4	75	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	7	4	69	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	27	1	67	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	55	1	89	1	.....	.....	.....
Brockway	14	1	74	13	113	.....	60
City Point	14	.....	39	1	54	.....	25
Cleveland	70	.....	67	.....	137	3	.....
Curran	16	.....	131	.....	147	.....	115
Franklin .....	.....	4	125	2	134	.....	121
Garden Valley	25	.....	89	.....	105	.....	51
Garfield .....	.....	9	134	1	146	.....	125
Hixton	49	13	107	2	171	.....	58
Irving	64	2	112	.....	178	.....	48
Knapp	7	1	49	1	53	.....	42
Manchester	12	4	85	.....	101	.....	73
Melrose	35	6	243	.....	284	.....	203
Merrillan, village	23	7	113	2	150	.....	95
Millston	22	2	62	.....	86	.....	40
Northfield	5	7	209	1	222	.....	202
Springfield	18	4	224	2	248	.....	206
Total	585	85	2,602	27	3,320	3	2,003
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,017
La Crosse Co.—7th Dist.*							
Bangor	46	4	83	.....	133	.....	37
Bangor, village	80	2	116	3	201	.....	36
Barre	73	1	49	.....	123	24	.....
Burns	63	8	155	.....	226	.....	92
Campbell	67	4	85	.....	156	.....	18
Farmington	103	.....	249	8	369	.....	146
Greenfield	77	2	73	1	153	4	.....
Hamilton	35	4	243	1	283	.....	208
Holland	14	8	236	2	240	.....	202
Onalaska	38	17	170	1	227	.....	132
Shelby	101	3	79	.....	183	22	.....
Washington	90	.....	71	.....	161	19	.....
West Salem, village	52	4	152	3	211	.....	100
Onalaska	54	20	157	.....	231	.....	103
ward 1	12	3	41	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	26	15	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	16	2	51	.....	.....	.....	.....
La Crosse	2,305	93	3,433	65	5,901	.....	1,133
ward 1	160	6	183	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	126	.....	178	2	.....	.....	.....

†In 4 towns republican plurality over prohibition vote, 17.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	N. C. Bash-ler, Dem.	Geo. A. Markam, Pro.	Jno. J. Esch, Rep.	H. Lein-enkug-el, Soc. Dem.	Total	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Ca Crosse Co.—Con.							
ward 3	186	1	151	2			
ward 4	102	7	217				
ward 5	88		141	3			
ward 6	108	3	172				
ward 7	65	11	224	5			
ward 8	224	9	161	14			
ward 9	58	15	231	4			
ward 10	77	6	257	6			
ward 11	108	4	133	4			
ward 12	108	3	118	4			
ward 13	112	4	146	1			
ward 14	78		211				
ward 15	152		132	3			
ward 16	38	2	137	2			
ward 17	127	3	197	3			
ward 18	193	5	153	7			
ward 19	62	5	144	2			
ward 20	56	6	107				
ward 21	77	3	55	1			
Total	3,198	170	5,336	84	8,789	69	2,237
Democratic plurality							69
Net Republican plurality							2,138
Monroe Co.*—7th Dist.							
Adrian	46	6	75		127		29
Angelo	24	3	88		115		64
Byron	21	5	112	2	141		91
Clifton	163	1	117		221		14
Glendale	33	5	146	1	185		113
Grant	26	2	73		101		47
Greenfield	61		93	1	155		32
Jefferson	119	5	58	2	184	61	
Lafayette	16		63	1	85		52
La Grange	34	5	108	1	148		74
Leon	31	2	128	1	162		97
Lincoln	19	1	164	2	186		145
Little Falls	83	6	156		245		73
New Lyme	10	1	39		50		29
Oakdale	51	2	86		139		25
Portland	42		184	1	221		142
Ridgeville	78		99	1	178		21
Scott	9	3	47	2	61		28
Sheldon	45	16	85	1	147		40
Sparta	54	14	184		252		139
Tomah	69	4	105		178		26
Wellington	65	4	125	2	195		60
Wells	62	2	59	1	194	23	
Wilton	117		57		174	60	
Sparta city	219	26	600	3	839		390
ward 1	53	3	124				
ward 2	45	9	160	1			
ward 3	52	6	161	1			
ward 4	60	8	145	1			
Tomah	320	16	319	5	690		29
ward 1	69	7	120	1			
ward 2	104	6	156	3			
ward 3	147	3	73	1			
Cashton, village	47	3	87		137		40
Kendall, village	29		86		115		57
Norwalk, village	41		62	1	163		21
Ontario, village	3	5	29		28		15
Welton, village	55	1	60		116		5
Total	1,923	138	3,700	28	5,799	144	1,919
Democratic plurality							144
Net Republican plurality							1,777

*Scattering vote, 1.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, SEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	N. C. Bashel- ler, Dem.	Geo. A. Markam, Pro.	Jno. J. Esch, Rep.	H Lein- enkug- el. Soc. Dem.	Total	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Pepin Co.—7th Dist.							
Albany	14	2	79	2	97	.....	65
Durand	21	1	34	.....	55	.....	13
Durand, city	117	8	151	.....	276	.....	34
ward 1	57	2	65	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	60	6	86	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lima	84	1	22	.....	107	62	.....
Pepin	33	7	246	.....	286	.....	213
Stockholm	3	1	87	.....	91	.....	84
Stockholm, village	8	.....	44	.....	52	.....	36
Waterville	67	.....	176	.....	243	.....	109
Wanbeck	9	1	17	.....	27	.....	8
Frankfort	7	7	136	.....	150	.....	129
Total	363	28	992	2	1,385	62	691
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	629
Trempealeau Co.—7th Dist.							
Albion	18	2	149	.....	169	.....	131
Arcadia	225	11	239	.....	475	.....	14
precinct 1	109	3	156	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	116	8	83	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burnside	79	3	57	.....	139	22	.....
Caledonia	34	.....	31	.....	65	3	.....
Chimney Rock	8	4	163	.....	175	.....	155
Dodge	50	3	33	1	87	17	.....
Ettrick	63	13	401	1	478	.....	338
Gale	59	5	232	1	297	.....	173
Hale	51	4	240	1	296	.....	189
Lincoln	18	10	86	.....	114	.....	68
Pigeon	18	6	200	.....	224	.....	182
Preston	17	14	359	.....	390	.....	342
Sumner	13	2	145	.....	160	.....	132
Trempealeau	35	15	135	.....	185	.....	160
Unity	16	14	176	.....	206	.....	160
Arcadia, village	169	9	88	.....	266	81	.....
Blair, village .....	.....	4	109	.....	118	.....	109
Eleva, village	8	.....	69	.....	77	.....	61
Galesville, village	71	8	125	.....	204	.....	54
Independence, village	58	5	80	.....	143	.....	22
Osseo, village	23	4	92	2	121	.....	69
Trempealeau, village	43	5	70	.....	118	.....	27
Whitehall, village	19	12	118	1	150	.....	99
Total	1,095	153	3,397	7	4,657	123	2,425
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	123
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,302

*Scattering vote, 5.

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 3, 1904.

COUNTIES.	N. C. Basher, Dem.	G. A. Markam, Pro.	Jno. J. Esch, Rep.	H. Leinenkugel, Soc. Dem.	Scattering.	Total.	PLURALITY	
							Dem.	Rep.
Buffalo Co.	924	46	2,127	8	.....	3,115	.....	1,193
Clark Co.	1,759	178	3,379	48	.....	5,364	.....	1,620
Eau Claire Co.	1,414	165	3,972	255	.....	5,755	.....	2,558
Jackson Co.	555	85	2,602	27	.....	3,220	.....	2,617
La Crosse Co.	3,198	170	5,336	84	21	5,779	.....	2,138
Monroe Co.	1,923	138	3,700	28	1	5,790	.....	1,777
Pepin Co.	363	28	992	2	.....	1,585	.....	629
Trempealeau	1,095	153	3,397	7	5	4,657	.....	2,302
Total	11,271	963	25,505	409	28	38,176	.....	14,234
Democratic plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Rep. plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,234

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. F. Crane, Dem.	C. A. Smart, Pro.	J. H. Davidson, Rep.	J. J. Pitz, Soc. Dem.	Total	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Calumet Co.—8th Dist.							
Brillion	59	6	211	.....	276	.....	152
Brillion, village	58	.....	129	4	191	.....	71
Brotherstown	85	5	169	.....	199	.....	24
Charlestown	102	2	125	25	254	.....	23
Chilton	134	2	90	.....	225	44	.....
Chilton, city	175	2	134	29	349	41	.....
Harrison	175	.....	132	.....	307	43	.....
Hilbert, village	61	1	55	3	129	6	.....
New Holstein	66	1	158	7	232	.....	92
New Holstein, village	21	1	127	7	156	.....	106
Rantoul	86	.....	162	2	250	.....	76
Stocbridge	170	9	177	8	364	.....	7
Woodville	115	.....	88	1	204	27	.....
Total	1,307	29	1,697	95	3,128	161	551
Democratic plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	551
Manitowoc Co.—8th Dist.							
Cato	147	.....	206	7	360	.....	59
Centerville	106	.....	174	10	290	.....	68
Cooperstown	105	.....	180	3	288	.....	75
Eaton	125	.....	139	.....	264	.....	14
Franklin	98	10	199	.....	307	.....	101
Gibson	71	2	143	18	234	.....	72
Kossuth	103	6	150	14	273	.....	47
Liberty	97	.....	202	.....	299	.....	105
Manitowoc	43	.....	108	3	154	.....	65
Manitowoc, city	941	25	1,287	306	2,559	.....	346
ward 1	162	5	238	30	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	75	3	189	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	195	11	302	76	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	118	3	263	32
ward 5	128	1	142	70
ward 6	49	2	105	27
ward 7	214	48	62

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. F. Crane, Dem.	C. A. Smart, Pro.	J. H. Davidson, Rep.	J. J. Pitz, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep
Manitowoc Co.—Con.							
Manitowoc Rapids	106	4	223	8	341	.....	117
Maple Grove	82	1	138	1	222	.....	56
Mecme	153	.....	124	7	284	29	.....
Mishicot	181	5	103	18	307	78	.....
Newton	167	.....	207	1	315	.....	100
Rockland	66	1	189	3	259	.....	123
Schleswig	168	2	96	21	227	12	.....
Two Creeks	56	.....	41	11	198	15	.....
Two Rivers	116	3	89	5	294	36	.....
Two Rivers, city	412	1	378	145	936	34	.....
ward 1	67	.....	57	29	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	58	1	68	20	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	61	.....	93	27	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	103	.....	87	49	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	123	.....	73	29	.....	.....	.....
Village of Reedsville	49	.....	55	.....	104	.....	6
Village of Kiel	69	.....	117	66	252	.....	48
Total	3,341	60	4,539	647	8,587	204	1,402
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	204
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,198
Portage Co.—8th Dist.							
Alban	66	1	199	2	259	.....	124
Almond	47	4	261	.....	312	.....	214
Amherst	84	.....	277	.....	361	.....	193
Amherst, village	25	.....	120	.....	145	.....	95
Belmont	19	4	125	.....	168	.....	86
Buena Vista	76	6	61	3	146	15	.....
Carron	124	3	137	1	265	.....	13
Dewey	100	1	18	.....	119	82	.....
Eau Pleine	52	3	142	.....	197	.....	41
Grant	33	1	74	.....	198	.....	.....
Hull	171	.....	46	.....	217	125	.....
Lanark	42	4	142	.....	188	.....	100
Linwood	27	2	83	3	115	.....	53
New Hope	33	.....	208	1	242	.....	175
Pine Grove	22	9	119	.....	159	.....	97
Plover	86	11	237	.....	334	.....	151
Sharon	282	6	46	2	336	236	.....
Stockton	239	2	89	.....	330	150	.....
Stevens Point, city	772	24	984	13	1,793	.....	212
ward 1	103	2	176	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	125	2	241	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	110	7	206	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	331	10	102	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	69	3	160	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	43	.....	99	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,320	81	3,359	25	5,785	608	1,647
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	608
Net republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,039
Waupaca Co.—8th Dist.							
Bear Creek	55	3	118	5	181	.....	63
Caledonia	48	3	110	1	162	.....	62
Dayton	12	26	155	5	198	.....	143
Dupont	20	2	152	1	175	.....	132
Farmington	35	24	456	4	519	.....	421
precinct 1	9	7	176	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	26	17	289	4	.....	.....	.....
Fremont	31	6	55	1	93	.....	24
Harrison	1	1	116	.....	118	.....	115
Helvetia	7	.....	111	.....	118	.....	104
Iola	3	3	214	.....	220	.....	211
Lafabee	36	3	163	2	207	.....	130
Lebanon	98	1	69	4	172	29	.....
Lind	32	8	144	.....	184	.....	112
Little Wolf	54	4	156	2	216	.....	102

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, EIGHTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. F. Crane, Dem.	C. A. Smart, Pro.	J. H. Davidson, Rep.	J. J. Pitz, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Matteson	13	3	112		128		89
Mukwa	35	5	105		146		70
Royalton	94	15	112	1	222		18
Scandinavia	2	3	231		236		229
St. Lawrence	12	14	253		279		241
Union	25	8	160		193		125
Waupaca	33	16	159	2	210		126
Weyauwega	45	3	52		100		7
Wyoming	19	3	102		124		83
Embarrass, village	12	1	54		67		42
Fremont, village	21	1	36		58		15
Iola, village	14	1	193		208		179
Manawa, village	30	6	154		191		124
Marion	40	6	121	1	171		81
Scandinavia, village	6	1	91	4	98		80
Werauwega, village	123		85		210	38	
Clintonville, city	61	19	257	2	337		196
New London, city	184	13	330	7	504		176
ward 1	45	6	75	3			
ward 2	53	3	80	1			
ward 4	45	1	103	3			
ward 5	11	3	72				
Waupaca, city	74	42	502	18	636		423
ward 1	21	7	154	2			
ward 2	26	18	97	7			
ward 3	11	10	150	3			
ward 4	16	7	101	6			
Total	1,245	244	5,121	61	6,671	67	3,943
Democratic plurality							67
Net Republican plurality							3,873
Waushara Co.—Sth Dist.							
Aurora	30	11	156	1	193		126
Bloomfield	17	3	129	3	152		112
Coloma	19	3	163		185		141
Dakota	3	4	73		86		75
Deerfield	8	2	128	1	139		129
Hancock	13	3	157		178		139
Leon	11	4	155		170		127
Marion	20	3	147		170		127
Mt. Morris	7	3	149		159		142
Oasis	41	5	103		149		62
Plainfield	10	3	182	1	196		172
Poyssippi	19	5	183	7	219		169
Richford	25		71		96		46
Rose	4	10	128		142		118
Saxeville	14	4	116		134		132
Springwater	7	4	119	1	141		122
Warren	17	2	95	1	115		73
Wautoma	13	2	136	1	152		123
Berlin, city:							
ward 2, precinct 2			4		4		4
Hancock, village	23	3	105	1	132		82
Plainfield, village	38	8	162	5	213		124
Redgranite, village	15	1	79	1	96		64
Wautoma, village	25	1	194		220		169
Wild Rose, village	17	15	94		126		77
Total	401	99	3,049	23	3,572		2,641
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							2,648

Republican pluralities over Prohibition in towns of Dakota and Rose.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, NINTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	R. J. McGeehan, Dem.	C. W. Lomas, Pro.	E. S. Minor, Rep.	J. W. Harris, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Door Co.—9th Dist.							
Bailey's Harbor	42	5	86	3	136		44
Brussels	33	4	129		166		96
Clay Banks	36		61	3	100		25
Egg Harbor	42	3	103	4	152		61
Forestville	82	6	166	1	255		84
Gardner	28	1	115		144		87
Gibraltar	55		147	2	204		92
Jacksonport	48		115	1	164		67
Liberty Grove	29		263		297		239
Nasewaupsee	43	5	124	2	174		81
Sevastopol	64	3	189	1	257		125
Sturgeon Bay	7	3	90		100		83
Sturgeon Bay, city	192	15	617	10	834		425
ward 1	78	10	172	7			
ward 2	52	5	110	1			
ward 3	38		149				
ward 4	24		186	2			
Union	15		59	2	76		44
Washington	18	11	130		159		112
Total	734	56	2,399	29	3,218		1,665
Democratic plurality							1,665
Net Republican plurality							1
Kewaunee Co.—9th Dist.							
Algoma, city	228		177	16	421	51	
Ahnapee	150		64	1	215	86	
Carlton	63		192	9	264		120
Casco	176		54	2	232	122	
Franklin	166		108	8	282	58	
Franklin	177		145	47	369	32	
Kewaunee, city	103		68	1	172	35	
Lincoln	108		140	3	299	16	
Luxemburg	109		149	3	361		40
Montpelier	161		36	3	140	65	
Pierce	25		194	1	220		169
Red River	156		120	10	286	36	
West Kewaunee							
Total	1,610		1,447	104	3,161	501	338
Republican plurality						153	
Net Democratic plurality							
Marquette Co.—9th Dist.							
Marquette, city	605	101	1,693	163	2,562		1,088
ward 1	101	16	269	64			
ward 2	113	35	336	48			
ward 3	102	21	428	25			
ward 4	146	13	363	18			
ward 5	143	16	294	8			
Peshigo	51	10	297	6	361		243
ward 1	25	7	83	1			
ward 2	14	3	99	2			
ward 3	12		115	3			
Peshigo, town	42	7	252	2	303		210
precinct 1	15	2	71				
precinct 2	8	1	24				
precinct 3	11	2	92	2			
precinct 4	5	1	35				
precinct 5	3	1	30				
Amberg	78	8	315	10	411		237
precinct 1	21	2	96				
precinct 2	12	5	57	5			
precinct 3	45		162				
Porterfield	13	4	130	2	149		117
Grover	24	1	241	5	271		217
Found	65	9	312	2	388		247

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, NINTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	R. J. Mc- Geehan, Dem.	C. W. Lomas, Pro.	E. S. Minor, Rep.	J. W. Harris Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Marinette Co.—Con.							
Crivitz	27		148		175		121
Wausaukee	87	8	198	2	295		111
Dunbar	15	4	102		121		87
Coleman, village	16	1	53	2	77		42
Total	1,023	153	3,746	194	5,116		2,723
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							2,723
Oconto Co.—9th Dist.							
Armstrong			162		205		119
Breed	43		54		99		49
Brazeau	45	1	71		117		23
Chase	42		104		146		62
Gillett	35	3	204	1	243		163
Howe	94	2	91		187	3	
Lena	63		96		159		33
Little River	44	5	147	3	199		103
Little Suamico	65		106		171		41
Maple Valley	43	4	116		163		73
Morgan	34		83		117		49
Oconto	101		111		212		10
Oconto Falls	37		75		112		33
Pensaukee	43		329		373		236
precinct 1	19		129				
precinct 2	9		62				
precinct 3	15		138	1			
Spruce	68		89		157		21
Stiles	46	3	88		137		42
Underhill	14	1	118		133		104
Gillett, village	33		81		114		48
Oconto Falls	79		161		240		82
Oconto, city	470	5	606	4	1,085		126
north ward	125		162				
east ward	157		180				
south ward	109	5	219	4			
west ward	79		105				
Total	1,404	24	2,892	9	4,329	3	1,491
Democratic plurality							3
Net Republican plurality							1,488
Outagamie Co.—9th Dist.							
Appleton, city	1,639	55	1,588	39	3,321	51	
ward 1, precinct 1	109	10	202	4			
ward 1, precinct 2	86	12	196	2			
ward 2, precinct 1	210	3	206	5			
ward 2, precinct 2	118	4	113	1			
ward 3, precinct 1	304	1	132	5			
ward 3, precinct 2	74	5	118	3			
ward 4	197	4	127	3			
ward 5	336	8	214	10			
ward 6	205	8	280	6			
Black Creek	75	2	107		184		32
Black Creek, village	35	1	72	1	109		37
Bovina	34	1	109		149		75
Buchanan	261	5	128	8	402	133	
Center	178	2	65		245	113	
Cicero	60		140		200		80
Dale	186	3	104	2	295	82	
Deer Creek	36	3	106		145		70
Ellington	103	4	137		244		34
Freedom	187		104	1	292	83	
Grand Chute	167	4	104	3	278	63	
Greenville	169	1	76	2	248	93	
Hortonia	44		70		114		26
Hortonville, village	99	7	92		198	7	
Kaukauna	41		52		93		11

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	David W. Emerson, Pro.	W. E. Brown, Rep.	A. B. Crawford, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Ashland Co.—10th Dist.							
Ashland, city	934	56	1,752	104	2,846		818
ward 1	28	5	241	4			
ward 2	78	18	260	11			
ward 3	89	6	221	7			
ward 4	65	2	107	5			
ward 5	153	7	151	3			
ward 6	112	6	132	8			
ward 7	112	4	166	18			
ward 8	94	2	172	25			
ward 9	102		118	11			
ward 10	91	6	184	12			
Agenda	30	4	85	1	120		55
Ashland	40	1	104	3	143		64
Butternut	33	7	43	2	85		10
Butternut, village	55	6	72	2	135		17
Gordon	10	1	54	8	73		44
Jacobs	117	5	263	12	397		146
La Pointe	15	4	21	2	42		6
Morse	184	5	139	2	330	45	
Sanborn	167	10	352	9	538		185
precinct 1	18		48				
precinct 2	139	7	259	9			
precinct 3	10	3	45				
Total	1,585	69	2,885	145	4,714	45	1,345
Democratic plurality							45
Net Republican plurality							1,300
Florence Co.—10th Dist.							
Commonwealth	16	2	128		146		112
precinct 1	7	2	105				
precinct 2	9		23				
Florence	69	5	207	2	383		238
Homestead	9	1	111	2	123		102
Total	94	8	546	4	652		452
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							452
Forest Co.—10th Dist.							
Caswell	13	1	30		53		26
Crandon	53	10	322	6	391		269
precinct 1	43	9	293	6			
precinct 2	10	1	29				
Hiles	19	4	91		114		72
Laona	34		205	2	241		171
North Crandon	23		72		95		49
Wabena	39	3	244	2	288		205
precinct 1	22	1	125	2			
precinct 2	13	2	37				
precinct 3	4		82				
Total	181	18	973	10	1,182		792
Republican plurality							792
Iron Co.—10th Dist.							
Anderson	48		31		79	17	
Knight	33	1	239	3	276		206
Montreal	27	7	167		201		140
Saxon	23	5	175		208		147
Vaughn	246	12	497	8	763		251
precinct 1	147	7	248	4			
precinct 2	69	3	147	1			
precinct 3	6		26	2			
precinct 4	24	2	76	1			
Total	382	25	1,109	11	1,527	17	744
Democratic plurality							17
Net Republican plurality							727

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	David W. Emerson, Pro.	W. E. Brown, Rep.	A. B. Crawford, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Langlade Co.—10th Dist.							
Ackley	52	4	83	.....	139	.....	31
Antigo	85	1	124	2	212	.....	89
Elcho	18	.....	98	1	117	.....	80
Elton	13	.....	39	1	53	.....	26
Evergreen	44	.....	37	1	82	7	.....
Langlade	23	1	42	.....	66	.....	10
Neva	34	1	85	1	171	.....	1
Norwood	65	3	127	2	197	.....	62
Peck	16	1	68	1	86	.....	62
Polar	69	2	127	2	200	.....	68
Price	53	.....	61	.....	114	.....	8
Rolling	85	3	125	1	214	.....	49
Summit	15	.....	23	.....	43	.....	13
Uplam	25	3	50	.....	78	.....	25
Vilas	14	.....	28	.....	42	.....	14
Antigo, city	586	16	780	10	1,372	.....	214
ward 1	56	1	113	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	72	2	153	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	103	1	87	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	147	4	137	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	85	6	114	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	103	2	176	2	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,227	35	1,902	22	3,186	7	682
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	675
Lincoln Co.—10th Dist.							
Birch	10	.....	71	4	85	.....	61
Bradley	19	4	54	5	82	.....	37
Corning	30	1	94	4	129	.....	64
Harrison	34	1	67	3	105	.....	23
King	6	1	24	3	34	.....	18
Merrill	32	.....	106	.....	138	.....	74
Merrill, city	652	23	1,353	16	2,049	.....	703
ward 1	104	4	123	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	58	1	106	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	83	5	186	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	118	3	307	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	69	2	186	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	104	6	252	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	125	2	193	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pine River	69	.....	135	4	208	.....	66
Russell	17	2	85	3	107	.....	63
Rock Falls	15	2	46	23	86	.....	31
Scott	62	4	128	2	196	.....	66
Schley	36	5	151	.....	192	.....	115
Tomahawk	24	4	64	1	93	.....	40
Tomahawk, city	187	6	278	30	501	.....	91
ward 1	40	.....	61	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	46	2	61	10	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	63	2	76	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	38	2	80	6	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,193	53	2,661	98	4,005	.....	1,468
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,468
Marathon Co.—10th Dist.							
Athens, village	60	5	112	5	182	.....	52
Bergen	27	4	98	1	130	.....	74
Berlin	91	.....	104	.....	195	.....	13
Bern	35	.....	38	.....	75	.....	3
Brighton	50	2	91	1	144	.....	41
Brokan, village	19	1	87	2	109	.....	68
Cassol	113	3	69	.....	185	44	.....
Cleveland	73	4	250	5	332	.....	177
Colby, east ward	16	.....	28	.....	44	.....	12
Day	88	.....	64	2	154	24	.....

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	David W. Emer- son, Pro.	W. E. Brown, Rep.	A. B. Craw- ford, Sec. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Marathon Co.—Con.							
Easton	43	4	101	1	149		53
Eau Claire	70	1	69	1	141		
Edgar, village	48	7	116	8	179	1	68
Eldron	41	2	97	3	143		56
Emmet	123	4	49		176	74	
Frankfort	42	2	73	1	118		31
Franzen	4	1	36		41		32
Fenwood, village	19	1	30	3	53		11
Halsey	43		47		90		4
Hamburg	73	2	94		175		15
Harrison	20	3	33		56		13
Hewitt	12	2	35	1	50		23
Holton	69		132	2	203		63
Hull	59		129	3	191		70
Johnson	62	1	82	1	146		20
Knowlton	13	1	87	2	103		74
Kronenwetter	40		38	1	79	2	
Maine	94	3	81	1	179	13	
Marathon	83		36		119	47	
Marathon, village	53	1	61		115		8
McMillan	87	1	89	1	178		2
McMillan, village	6	2	33		41		27
Mosinee	41		43		84		2
Mosinee, village	30		84	6	120		54
Morris	39	18	107		164		68
Pike Lake	153	1	25	4	183	128	
Plover	15	4	54	2	75		39
Rib Falls	54	2	87	1	144		33
Rietbrock	63	1	122	1	187		59
Ringle	29	1	47		77		18
Spencer	44		47	2	93		
Spencer, village	24	6	53	1	84		3
Stettin	95		71	2	168	24	29
Scotfield, village	49	3	90	2	144		41
Texas	49	7	139	3	198		90
Wausau	89		78	2	169	11	
Weston	74	2	120		196		46
Wien	40	2	89	2	133		49
Wausau, city	1,073	46	1,950	73	3,142		877
ward 1	184	5	158	4			
ward 2	177	3	196	2			
ward 3	116	3	186	5			
ward 4	89	8	184	4			
ward 5	151	7	310	9			
ward 6	89	3	185	5			
ward 7	72	9	360	26			
ward 8	111	3	201	8			
ward 9	74	5	230	10			
Total	3,643	150	5,695	146	9,634	368	2,420
Democratic plurality							368
Net Republican plurality							2,052
Oneida Co.—10th Dist.							
Cassian	7	51	1		59		44
Crescent	14	43	3		60		29
Gagen	13	148	2		163		135
Hazelhurst	51	242	2		295		191
precinct 1	38	203	2				
precinct 2	13	39					
Lyme	2	11			13		9
Monico	17	55	1		73		38
Newbold	17	33	4		54		16
Pelican	24	92	4		120		63
Pine Lake	5	17	1		23		12
Rhineland, city	196	819	74		1,089		623
ward 1	14	128	7				
ward 2	23	124	19				
ward 3	25	131	9				
ward 4	39	159	12				
ward 5	52	176	12				
ward 6	43	121	15				

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Wells M Ruggles, Dem	David W. Emer- son, Pro.	W. E. Brown, Rep.	A. B. Craw- ford, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Oneida Co.—Con.							
Sugar Camp	16	62	.....	.....	78	.....	46
Schoepke	36	100	.....	8	144	.....	64
Woodboro	8	33	.....	1	42	.....	25
precinct 1 .....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2 .....	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	406	1,706	101	.....	2,213	.....	1,300
Democratic plurality							1,300
Republican plurality							1,300
Price Co.—10th Dist.							
Brennan	11	7	114	3	135	.....	103
Catawba	16	3	81	2	102	.....	65
Emery	23	.....	58	.....	81	.....	35
Eisenstein	44	.....	17	2	63	27	.....
Field	39	2	87	1	129	.....	48
Georgetown	18	2	59	.....	79	.....	41
Hackett	2	1	47	.....	50	.....	45
Hill	11	.....	47	.....	58	.....	36
Kennan	12	.....	51	.....	63	.....	39
Kennan, village	22	3	36	.....	61	.....	14
Knox	3	1	184	7	195	.....	181
Lake	11	5	60	6	82	.....	49
Ogema	9	6	247	1	263	.....	220
Prentice	16	4	103	2	125	.....	87
Prentice, village	51	10	121	.....	182	.....	70
Park Falls, village	65	3	267	1	326	.....	202
Worcester	72	2	178	9	261	.....	106
Phillips, city—							
ward 1	31	8	85	3	127	.....	54
ward 2	58	7	102	4	171	.....	44
ward 3	42	.....	78	10	130	.....	36
Total	556	64	2,022	51	2,693	27	1,493
Democratic plurality							27
Net Republican plurality							1,466
Shawano Co.—10th Dist.							
Almon	34	1	101	1	137	.....	67
Angella	83	.....	99	2	184	.....	16
Aniwa	48	.....	48	.....	96	.....	.....
Belle Plain	94	1	106	.....	201	.....	12
Biramwood	35	1	138	1	175	.....	103
Fairbanks	55	1	107	2	146	.....	71
Germania	7	.....	68	.....	75	.....	61
Grant	46	3	166	1	216	.....	120
Green Valley	28	3	195	.....	226	.....	160
Hartland	59	7	178	2	246	.....	120
Herman	91	8	154	1	254	.....	60
Hutchins	19	8	86	.....	113	.....	67
Lesser	29	4	167	.....	200	.....	138
Maple Grove	114	1	107	1	223	7	.....
Morris	7	3	143	1	154	.....	136
Navarino	14	3	59	5	81	.....	45
Pella	94	6	54	.....	154	40	.....
Richmond	77	.....	95	.....	172	.....	18
Seneca	26	.....	69	.....	95	.....	43
Washington	107	2	157	.....	266	.....	59
Wankechon	69	7	100	.....	176	.....	31
Wescott	20	.....	32	.....	52	.....	12
Wittenberg	14	3	181	1	199	.....	161
Shawano, city	193	2	271	3	469	.....	78
ward 1	84	.....	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	54	1	59	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	55	1	112	3	.....	.....	.....

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, TENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	David W. Emer- son, Pro.	W. E. Brown, Rep.	A B Craw- ford, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Shawano Co.—Con.							
Aniwa, village ..	15		57		72		42
Biramwood, village ..	37	1	101	1	140		64
Mattoon, village ..	23	5	124	1	153		101
Tigerton, village ..	32	4	74	1	111		42
Wittenberg, village ..	26		168		194		142
Total	1,477	74	3,405	24	4,980	47	1,975
Democratic plurality							47
Net Republican plurality							1,928
Taylor Co.—10th Dist.							
Aurora	4		43		47		39
Browning	42		49		91		7
Chelsea	55		115		170		60
Cleveland	6		20		26		14
Deer Creek	79		96		175		17
Greenwood	35		60		95		25
Grover	7		24		31		17
Goodrich	2		49		51		47
Hammel	30		34		64		4
Holway	20		70		90		50
Little Black	122		141		263		19
Medford	139		139		278		
Medford, city	139		230		369		111
ward 1	46		98				
ward 2	46		62				
ward 3	47		90				
Malitor	18		24		42		6
Rib Lake	54		84		138		30
Rib Lake, village	39		217		256		178
Westboro	39		233		242		164
Total	830		1,618		2,448		788
Net Republican plurality							788
Vilas Co.—10th Dist.							
Arbor Vitae	87	10	492	11	600		405
precinct 1	34	3	289	4			
precinct 2	53	7	203	7			
Eagle River	176	7	416	9	608		240
precinct 1	116	1	131	1			
precinct 2	22	1	72	4			
precinct 3	15	2	89				
precinct 4	12		54	2			
precinct 5	11	3	79	2			
Flambeau	14	4	143		161		129
precinct 1	14	4	143				
Minoqua	118	4	296	12	430		178
precinct 1	73	2	169	1			
precinct 2	45	2	127	11			
Total	395	25	1,347	32	1,799		952
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							952
Wood Co.—10th Dist.							
Arpin, town	47	5	78	9	139		31
Aburndale	49		128		177		79
Aburndale, village	2		59	1	62		57
Cary	7		30	2	39		23
Cameron	12		39		51		27
Cranmore	14		28	3	45		14
Dexter	48		51	6	105		3

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN TENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, NOV. 8, 1904.

COUNTIES.	Wells M. Ruggles, Dem.	David W. Emerson, Pro.	W. E. Brown, Rep.	A. B. Crawford, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Ashland	1,585	99	2,885	145	4,714	.....	1,300
Florence	94	8	546	4	652	.....	452
Forest	181	18	973	10	1,182	.....	792
Iron	332	25	1,109	11	1,527	.....	727
Langlade	1,227	35	1,902	22	3,186	.....	675
Lincoln	1,193	53	2,661	98	4,005	.....	1,463
Marathon	3,643	150	5,695	146	9,634	.....	2,052
Oneida	496	.....	1,706	101	2,213	.....	1,300
Price	556	64	2,022	51	2,693	.....	1,466
Shawano	1,477	74	3,405	24	4,980	.....	1,923
Taylor	850	.....	1,618	.....	2,448	.....	788
Vilas	395	25	1,347	32	1,769	.....	952
Wood	2,152	63	3,523	146	5,889	.....	1,371
Total	14,121	619	29,392	790	44,922	.....	15,271
Net Republican plurality .....						.....	15,271

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Geo. C. Cooper, Dem.	J. S. White, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	W. P. Fre J, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Barron Co.—11th Dist.							
Almena, town	52	1	57	1	111	.....	5
Barron	16	12	117	.....	145	.....	101
Bear Lake, town	18	.....	27	.....	45	.....	9
Cedar Lake	14	.....	52	.....	66	.....	.....
Chetek	14	8	123	2	147	.....	109
Cumberland, town	18	6	169	.....	193	.....	151
Crystal Falls	16	2	76	2	96	.....	60
Clinton	41	4	173	3	221	.....	132
Dallas, town	5	35	158	.....	198	.....	123
Dover	13	23	125	3	169	.....	97
Doyle	10	3	71	1	85	.....	61
Lakeland, town	17	6	68	.....	91	.....	51
Maple Grove	22	33	250	.....	315	.....	217
Oak Grove	61	3	53	4	121	8	.....
Prairie Farm, town	8	9	171	4	192	.....	162
Rice Lake	29	1	63	6	99	.....	34
Stanord	7	2	85	2	96	.....	78
Stanley	17	6	130	.....	153	.....	113
Summer, town	9	.....	76	2	87	.....	87
Turtle Lake	18	.....	78	.....	96	.....	60
Vance Creek, town	8	3	83	.....	94	.....	73
Cameron, village	25	.....	71	.....	96	.....	46
Dallas, village	4	6	78	2	90	.....	72
Prairie Farm, village	1	6	56	.....	63	.....	55
Turtle Lake, village	17	.....	67	.....	84	.....	50
Barron, city	43	17	253	6	319	.....	210
Chetek, city	22	7	127	.....	156	.....	106
Cumberland, city	63	14	188	1	266	.....	125
Rice Lake, city	165	14	386	30	595	.....	221
ward 1	39	3	91	8	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	39	2	113	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	58	4	43	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	29	5	139	10	.....	.....	.....
Totals	753	226	3,411	69	4,459	8	2,602
Democratic plurality .....						.....	8
Net Republican plurality .....						.....	2,658

Republican pluralities over Prohibition vote in the towns of Dallas, Maple Grove, Prairie Farm and villages of Dallas and Prairie Farm.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Geo. C. Cooper, Dem.	J. S. White, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	W. R. Freil, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Bayfield Co.—11th Dist.							
Bayfield	113	11	390	6	520		277
Bell	3		13	8	21		10
Cable	10		69		79		53
Drummond	5	4	144	2	155		13
Flem	5	3	70	1	69		15
Iron River, city	63	15	545	5	628		482
precinct 1	62	9	532	5			
precinct 2	1	6	13				
Mason	27	3	293	2	325		266
Pratt	10	5	137	1	153		127
Port Wing	13	6	130	3	152		117
Washburn	8		80		88		72
Washburn, city	140	23	765	5	933		625
ward 1	12		31	1			
ward 2	36	1	91				
ward 3	31	3	110	1			
ward 4	11	10	127	1			
ward 5	18	4	194	2			
ward 6	15	4	73				
ward 7	12	1	99				
ward 8	5		40				
Totals	597	70	2,626	33	3,126		2,229
Democratic plurality							2,229
Net Republican plurality							2,229
Burnett Co.—11th Dist.*							
Anderson, town	1	3	103	3	110		100
Blaine, town	4	2	69		76		65
Grantsburg, town	15	2	169	3	189		154
Grantsburg, village	12	15	123	3	153		108
Jackson, town	4		65		69		61
La Follette, town	9	1	60	2	72		51
Marshland, town	4	5	141	7	157		134
Mecnon	4	1	109	3	117		105
Rusk, town	5	2	58	1	66		53
Roosevelt, town	1		31	1	33		30
Trade Lake, town	8	8	181	3	200		173
Wood Lake, town	4	11	154	3	172		143
Total	71	50	1,263	29	1,414		1,177
Democratic plurality							1,192
Net Republican plurality							1,192
Chippewa Co.—11th Dist.							
Anson	25	6	119		150		94
Arthur	47		154		201		107
Arnburn	47	6	149		202		102
Bloomer	96	3	136	2	237		4
Cleveland	21	1	70		92		4
Colburn	24	4	93		121		6
Delmar	65	2	58	3	128	7	
Eagle Point	92	7	120		219		28
Edson	91	3	95		189		4
Lafayette	47	5	219		262		163
Sampson	57	5	69		99		44
Sigel	25	2	144	2	205		87
Tilden	120	1	105	1	227	15	
Wheaton	75	9	219		303		144
Auburn, village	13	5	69		87		56
Bloomer, village	61	12	160		233		99

*Republican plurality in Anderson over Prohibition.
 Republican plurality in Grantsburg village over Prohibition.
 Republican plurality in Marshland over Social Democrat.
 Republican plurality in Trade Lake over Prohibition.
 Scattering, 1 town of Blaine.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Geo. C. Cooper, Dem.	J. S. White, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	W. B. Freil, Soc Dem.	Total	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Chippewa Co.—Con.							
Boyd, village	70		75		145		5
Cadott, village	45	5	118	1	169		73
Stanley, city	87	4	418	2	511		331
ward 1	7	1	98				
ward 2	27		81				
ward 3	17	1	134	2			
ward 4	36	2	105				
Chippewa Falls, city	667	34	1,047	1	1,749		380
ward 1	55	8	125	1			
ward 2	113	7	118				
ward 3	116	4	174				
ward 4	35		85				
ward 5	72		105				
ward 6	91	2	107				
ward 7	51	5	84				
ward 8	56	3	102				
ward 9	37	3	85				
ward 10	41	2	62				
Total	1,775	114	3,628	12	5,529	22	1,875
Democratic plurality							22
Net Republican plurality							1,853
Douglas Co.—11th Dist.							
Superior, city	1,183	85	3,034	346	4,648		1,851
ward 1	133	3	270	39			
ward 2	91	5	143	9			
ward 3	34	2	128	5			
ward 4, precinct 1	30		108				
ward 4, precinct 2	41	5	90	27			
ward 4, precinct 3	76	7	274	36			
ward 5, east precinct	34	4	133	14			
ward 5, west precinct	47	11	250	16			
ward 5, south precinct	107	9	237	18			
ward 6	213	4	262	44			
ward 7, precinct 1	97	4	212	28			
ward 7, precinct 2	93	6	214	16			
ward 8	37	13	203	22			
ward 9	73	10	331	45			
ward 10	77	2	174	27			
Brule	44	5	322	3	374		271
precinct 1	19	3	102	2			
precinct 2	17	2	177	1			
precinct 3	8		43				
Gordon	37	1	146	2	186		130
precinct 1	29		119	1			
precinct 2	8	1	27	1			
Nebagamon	97	13	514	19	643		417
precinct 1	69	11	322	15			
precinct 2	8		69	1			
precinct 3	19	2	78	2			
precinct 4	1		45	1			
Superior	40	1	201	7	249		161
precinct 1	9		63	3			
precinct 2	9	1	53				
precinct 3	10		30	2			
precinct 4*							
precinct 5	12		55	2			
Total	1,401	105	4,217	377	6,100		2,813
Democratic plurality							2,813
Net Republican plurality							2,813

*No election.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Geo. C. Cooper, Dem.	J. S. White, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	W. B. Frel, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Dunn Co.—11th Dist.							
Colfax	4	5	121	1	131		116
Colfax, village	7		110		117		103
Dunn	43	9	151		203		108
Eau Galle	61	11	125	1	198		64
Elk Mound	13		132	1	146		119
Grant	2	6	104		112		98
Hay River	14		94		108		80
Lucas	28	1	82		111		54
Menomonie	49	3	183	3	238		134
Menomonie, city	183	10	645	7	845		462
ward 1	20		145	3			
ward 2	46	3	156	2			
ward 3	42		152				
ward 4	75	7	192	2			
New Haven	11	2	79		92		68
Otter Creek	1	1	64	2	68		63
Peru	13		69		82		58
Red Cedar	30		126	5	161		96
Rock Creek	7	2	101		110		94
Sand Creek	10		128		138		118
Sheridan	3		74	1	78		71
Sherman	9		112		121		103
Spring Brooks	9	14	122		146		108
Stanton	34	6	177	1	218		143
Tainter	10	1	69	10	90		59
Tiffany	24	3	120	24	171		96
Weston	12	6	94	3	115		82
Wilson	9	2	118	3	132		109
Total	586	82	3,200	63	3,931		2,604
Net Republican plurality							2,614
Gates Co.—11th Dist.							
Atlanta	15		144		159		129
Big Bend	13	5	79		97		66
Bruce	22	4	99	2	127		77
Dewey	37		43		80		6
Flambeau	4		40	1	45		36
Grant	18		53		71		35
Hawkins	5		76	1	82		71
Ladysmith	50	5	272	5	332		222
Lawrence	14	3	85		102		71
Marshall	2	1	28		31		26
Rusk	7		48		55		41
Strickland	12	3	26		41		14
Stubbs	40	8	129	6	183		89
Thornapple	81	2	70		153	11	
precinct 1	63	1	31				
precinct 2	18	1	39				
True	6	4	105	3	118		79
Total	326	35	1,297	18	1,676	11	978
Democratic plurality							11
Net Republican plurality							971
Pierce Co.—11th Dist.							
Clifton	18	3	63		84		45
Diamond Bluff	8	2	95		105		87
Ellsworth	20	4	193	1	218		173
El Paso	60	2	107	5	174		47
Gilman	12	4	208	4	228		196
Hartland	14	12	185	2	213		171
Isabelle	18	1	62		81		44
Martell	21	7	212		240		191
Maiden Rock	5	7	203		215		198
Oak Grove	30	5	61		96		31

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Geo. C. Cooper, Dem	J. S. White, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	W. B. Freil, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem	Rep.
Pierce Co.—Con.							
River Falls	57	10	137		204		80
Rock Elm	31	12	147		190		116
Salem	16	10	152	1	179		136
Spring Lake	14	12	166	4	196		152
Trenton	8	4	153		165		145
Trembelle	56	3	210		269		154
Union	37	11	197	1	246		160
Ellsworth, village	61	5	150	1	217		89
Malden Rock, village	9	5	63		80		57
Spring Valley, village	28	4	193	1	226		165
Prescott, city	76	8	92	2	178		16
ward 1	31		16				
ward 2	32	3	35				
ward 3	13	3	41	2			
River Falls, city: 2d election dist.	87	6	207	6	305		120
Total	686	136	3,259	28	4,109		2,573
Democratic plurality							2,573
Net Republican plurality							2,573
Polk Co.—11th Dist.							
Alden	15	7	260	1	283		245
precinct 1	11	6	138				
precinct 2	4	1	112	1			
Apple River	6	1	76	3	86		70
Balsam Lake	14		129	9	152		115
Beaver	7		64	1	72		57
Black Brook	3	4	133	3	143		139
Bone Lake	3		40	4	47		37
Clam Falls	10		53	3	66		43
Clayton	10	7	121	5	143		111
Clear Lake	2	2	125		131		123
Eureka		13	165	5	134		163
Farmington	34	2	104		140		79
Garfield	7	15	137	4	163		136
Georgetown	4	1	31	2	38		27
Johnstown			21		21		21
Laketown	9	6	119		134		110
Lincoln	11	2	149		162		138
Lorraine	14		27		41		13
Luck	15	1	131	11	158		116
McKinley			3		33		33
Milltown	13	2	120	12	147		101
Osceola	10	3	150	2	165		149
St. Croix Falls	9	3	91		102		82
Sterling	2	4	119		125		117
West Sweden	5		44		49		39
Amery, village	17	2	137	2	158		120
Clear Lake	15	5	82		102		67
Centoria	2	5	41	1	49		39
Frederic	15		115		130		100
Osceola	19	4	87	1	111		68
St. Croix Falls	13	4	82	3	102		69
Total	284	93	2,936	72	3,428		2,702
Democratic plurality							2,702
Net Republican plurality							2,702
St. Croix Co.—11th Dist.							
Baldwin	48	5	270	1	324		222
Cady	29	9	147	3	188		118
Ceylon	53	9	150	1	213		97
Eau Galle	49	2	184		226		144
Emerald	85	2	113	1	201		28
Erin Prairie	201		26	1	228	175	
Scattering, Clear Lake 2, Eureka 1.							

ELECTION STATISTICS.

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE, ELEVENTH DISTRICT, 1904.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Geo. C. Cooper, Dem.	J. S. White, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	N. B. Friel, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
St. Croix Co.—Con.							
Forest	38	2	52		92		14
Glenwood	43	2	136	7	188		33
Hammond	87	3	124		214		37
Hudson	63	1	120	5	189		57
Kinnickinnic	51	1	70		122		19
Pleasant Valley	23		87	1	111		64
Richmond	74		61		135	13	
Rush River	26	6	114		146		83
Somerset	89	1	149	3	242		60
Springfield	64	4	199	2	269		135
Stanton	96		84	1	181	12	
Star Prairie	21	4	155	2	182		134
St. Joseph	51	4	132		187		81
Troy	51	4	99		154		48
Warren	112	10	95	1	218	17	
Glenwood, city	24	13	141		180		117
ward 1	10	2	42				
ward 2	6	4	33				
ward 3	8	9	66				
Hudson	260	6	441	37	744		181
ward 1	48		65	5			
ward 2	109	4	172	15			
ward 3	103	2	204	17			
New Richmond, city	150	7	254	4	415		104
ward 1	48	2	61	1			
ward 2	78	5	85	2			
ward 3	24		108	1			
River Falls, city, ward 1	10		22		32		12
Baldwin, village	44	6	114		164		70
Hammond, village	41	12	70		123		29
Star Prairie, village	9	1	57		67		48
Total	1,883	116	3,666	70	5,735	217	2,000
Democratic plurality							217
Net Republican plurality							1,783
Sawyer Co.—11th Dist.							
Hayward, town:							
precinct 1	153	16	404	5	578		251
precinct 2	23	3	31	1	58		8
precinct 3	14	2	23	1	40		9
precinct 4	20		93	2	120		78
precinct 5	9		61		70		52
precinct 6	16	5	149	1	171		133
Total	235	26	766	10	1,037		531
Net Republican plurality							531
Washburn Co.—11th Dist.							
Bashaw	19	7	111	6	143		92
Brooklyn	27		27		54		25
Casey	2	1	31	2	36		29
Chicog	2		17	3	22		15
Gull Lake	5	1	16		22		11
Long Lake	17	1	35		53		18
Loomis	14	1	71		86		57
Mills	12	3	68	3	86		56
Minong	12	2	71		85		59
Sarona	7	1	27		35		20
Shell Lake	49	8	176		233		127
Spooner, village	55	3	181	18	257		126
Spooner	20	1	41	5	67		21
Stinnett	7	3	40		50		33
Veazie	17	2	44	2	65		27
Total	240	34	956	39	1,269		716
Democratic plurality							
Net Republican plurality							716

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN ELEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.
NOV. 8, 1904.

COUNTIES.	Geo. C. Cooper, Dem.	J. S. White, Pro.	John J. Jenkins, Rep.	W. B. Freil, Soc. Dem	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Barron	753	226	3,411	64	4,459	.....	2,653
Bayfield	357	70	2,626	73	3,126	.....	2,229
Burnett	71	50	1,263	29	1,414	.....	1,192
Chippewa	1,775	114	3,623	12	5,529	.....	1,853
Douglas	1,401	165	4,217	377	6,190	.....	2,816
Dunn	588	82	3,200	63	3,931	.....	2,614
Gates	326	35	1,297	18	1,676	.....	971
Pierce	686	136	3,259	28	4,109	.....	2,573
Polk	284	93	2,986	72	3,435	.....	2,762
St. Croix	1,883	116	3,666	70	5,735	.....	1,783
Sawyer	235	26	766	10	1,037	.....	531
Washburn	240	34	956	39	1,269	.....	715
Total	8,637	1,087	31,275	820	41,823	.....	22,638
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net Republican plurality..	22,638

Burnett Co., scattering 1; Polk Co., scattering 3.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—SECOND DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	F. R. Singleton, Dem.	Henry F. Hase-meister, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Brown Co.					
Allouez	51	39	90	12	.....
Ashwaufenon	59	55	114	4	.....
Belleveue	91	54	145	37	.....
DePere	76	48	124	28	.....
Baton	118	59	177	59	.....
Glenmore	117	132	249	.....	15
Green Bay	45	105	150	.....	60
Holland	166	46	212	120	.....
Howard	94	221	315	.....	127
Humboldt	77	73	150	4	.....
Lawrence	83	117	200	.....	34
Morrison	119	185	304	.....	66
New Denmark	66	205	271	.....	139
Pittsfield	64	120	184	.....	56
Pubel	135	141	276	.....	6
Rockland	95	42	137	53	.....
Scott	97	92	189	5	.....
Suamico	57	180	237	.....	123
Wrightstown	95	130	225	.....	35
Wrightstown, village	59	59	118	.....	.....
DePere, city	451	414	865	37	.....
ward 1	103	155	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	112	167	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	128	110	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	108	62	.....	.....	.....
Green Bay	1,598	2,204	3,902	.....	706
ward 1	253	305	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	200	303	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	155	165	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	258	321	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	227	265	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 1	146	224	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 2	76	127	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 1	91	165	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 2	38	118	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	122	195	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	52	116	.....	.....	.....
Total	3,813	4,821	8,634	359	1,367
Democratic plurality					359
Net Republican plurality					1,008
Oconto Co.					
Armstrong	42	162	204	.....	12)
Breed	23	36	59	.....	13
Brazeau	47	70	117	.....	33
Chase	43	103	146	.....	60
Gillett	34	208	242	.....	174
Howe	96	89	185	7	.....
Lena	73	88	161	.....	15
Little River	47	147	194	.....	100
Little Suamico	58	113	171	.....	55
Maple Valley	65	95	160	.....	30
Morgan	34	83	117	.....	49
Oconto	102	108	210	.....	6
Oconto Falls	46	63	109	.....	17
Pensaukee	54	311	365	.....	257
precinct 1	21	123	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	10	61	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	23	127	.....	.....	.....

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—SECOND DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	F. R. Singleton, Dem.	Henry F. Hagemester, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Oconto Co.—Con.					
Spruce	89	69	158	20	.....
Stiles	56	77	133		21
Underhill	14	119	133		105
Gillett, village	36	79	115		43
Oconto Falls, village	84	161	245		77
Oconto, city	462	604	1,066		142
north ward	119	108			
east ward	160	171			
south ward	101	226			
west ward	82	99			
Total	1,505	2,785	4,290	27	1,397
Democratic plurality					27
Net Republican plurality					1,280

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—FOURTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Herman Reel, Dem.	Theo. C. Froemling, Rep.	Alexis Fischer, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city (part).						
ward 1, precinct 1	139	100	95			
ward 1, precinct 2	218	251	103			
ward 1, precinct 3	136	259	27			
ward 1, precinct 4	271	328	45			
	764	938	270	1,972		174
ward 13, precinct 1	71	211	224			
ward 13, precinct 2	71	255	179			
ward 13, precinct 3	104	302	123			
ward 13, precinct 4	84	275	158			
ward 13, precinct 5	184	238	246			
ward 13, precinct 6	274	129	148			
	788	1,391	1,118	3,297		273
ward 18, precinct 1	262	69	106			
ward 18, precinct 2	483	79	49			
ward 18, precinct 3	192	302	38			
ward 18, precinct 4	298	257	115			
ward 18, precinct 5	191	386	85			
	1,426	1,123	393	2,942	503	
ward 21, precinct 1	76	222	267			
ward 21, precinct 2	194	281	315			
ward 21, precinct 3	56	182	228			
ward 21, precinct 4	99	271	380			
	425	956	1,190	2,571	*234	
East Milwaukee, village.....	4	58	12	74		46
Whitefish Bay	22	53	3	78		31
North Milwaukee, village...	72	161	36	269		89
Milwaukee, town	98	364	154	616		210
precinct 1	50	148	32			
precinct 2	48	216	122			
Granville, village	98	202	8	308		104
Total	3,697	5,246	3,184	12,127	303	927
Democratic plurality						303
Social Democratic plurality...						234
Net Republican plurality						1,549

*Social Democratic.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—SIXTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Gottfried Hergarten, Dem.	A. J. Langhoff, Rep.	Jacob Rummel, Soc. Dem.	Total,	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city (part).						
ward 9, precinct 1	144	244	201	.....	.....	.....
ward 9, precinct 2	157	171	181	.....	.....	.....
ward 9, precinct 3	148	142	219	.....	.....	.....
ward 9, precinct 4	125	186	228	.....	.....	.....
ward 9, precinct 5	159	259	249	.....	.....	.....
ward 9, precinct 6	65	246	271	.....	.....	.....
	798	1,239	1,349	3,386	*110	.....
ward 10, precinct 1	92	186	168	.....	.....	.....
ward 10, precinct 2	105	171	151	.....	.....	.....
ward 10, precinct 3	119	257	213	.....	.....	.....
ward 10, precinct 4	105	261	189	.....	.....	.....
ward 10, precinct 5	113	261	244	.....	.....	.....
ward 10, precinct 6	83	263	278	.....	.....	.....
	608	1,399	1,243	3,259	.....	156
ward 19, precinct 1	222	134	163	.....	.....	.....
ward 19, precinct 2	170	196	245	.....	.....	.....
ward 19, precinct 3	149	265	180	.....	.....	.....
ward 19, precinct 4	147	291	164	.....	.....	.....
	688	886	762	2,336	.....	124
ward 20, precinct 1	167	269	269	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 2	128	249	309	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 3	105	251	267	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 4	73	170	273	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 5	64	168	218	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 6	79	222	216	.....	.....	.....
	556	1,329	1,552	3,437	*223	.....
ward 22, precinct 1	80	243	311	.....	.....	.....
ward 22, precinct 2	85	177	116	.....	.....	.....
ward 22, precinct 3	92	234	292	.....	.....	.....
ward 22, precinct 4	86	173	86	.....	.....	.....
ward 22, precinct 5	135	121	127	.....	.....	.....
	478	948	942	2,368	.....	6
Total	3,128	5,801	5,848	14,777	*333	286
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	286	.....
Net Social Dem. plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47	.....

*Social Democratic.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—EIGHTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	R. T. Ziarnek, Dem.	J. E. Roehr, Rep.	F. N. Rehfeld, Soc Dem	Total.	PLURALITY.	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city (part).						
ward 5, precinct 1	135	72	89	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 2	152	221	168	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 3	163	194	166	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 4	174	102	109	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 5	19	193	161	.....	.....	.....
	718	782	693	2,193		64
ward 8, precinct 1	146	168	162	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	172	242	159	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 3	135	241	167	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 4	188	293	253	.....	.....	.....
	641	944	741	2,326		203
ward 11, precinct 1	220	193	199	.....	.....	.....
ward 11, precinct 2	149	210	173	.....	.....	.....
ward 11, precinct 3	188	261	290	.....	.....	.....
ward 11, precinct 4	173	278	319	.....	.....	.....
ward 11, precinct 5	165	169	158	.....	.....	.....
ward 11, precinct 6	144	184	219	.....	.....	.....
ward 11, precinct 7	122	220	202	.....	.....	.....
	1,161	1,465	1,560	4,186	*95	
ward 12, precinct 1	112	175	217	.....	.....	.....
ward 12, precinct 2	154	156	125	.....	.....	.....
ward 12, precinct 3	170	98	149	.....	.....	.....
ward 12, precinct 4	214	99	155	.....	.....	.....
ward 12, precinct 5	144	244	318	.....	.....	.....
	794	766	964	2,524	*170	
ward 23, precinct 1	89	181	209	.....	.....	.....
ward 23, precinct 2	127	237	203	.....	.....	.....
ward 23, precinct 3	182	215	111	.....	.....	.....
ward 23, precinct 4	196	198	175	.....	.....	.....
	595	831	698	2,124		133
Total	3,909	4,788	4,656	13,353	265	400
Social Democratic plurality ..						265
Net Republican plurality						132

*Social Democratic.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TENTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Ferris M. White, Dem.	James A. Frear, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Pierce Co.					
Clifton	46	35	81	11	.....
Diamond Bluff	18	86	104	.....	63
Hillsworth	35	180	215	.....	145
El Paso	75	97	172	.....	22
Gilman	20	201	221	.....	181
Hartland	21	177	198	.....	156
Isabelle	33	48	81	.....	15
Martell	43	195	238	.....	152
Maiden Rock	5	210	215	.....	205
Oak Grove	62	31	93	31
River Falls	116	86	202	30
Rock Elm	61	120	181	59

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TENTH DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Ferris M. White, Dem.	James A. Frear, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Pierce Co.—Con.					
Salem	19	152	171	.....	133
Sprink Lake	19	163	182	.....	144
Trenton	16	144	160	.....	125
Trimbelle	101	169	266	.....	61
Union	45	191	236	.....	146
Ellisworth, village	112	104	216	8	.....
Maiden Rock, village	14	61	78	.....	50
Spring Valley, village	61	161	222	.....	100
Prescott, city:					
ward 1	37	16	53	21	.....
ward 2	49	22	71	27	.....
ward 3	26	30	56	.....	4
River Falls, city, 2d election district	268	115	403	133	.....
Total	1,302	2,823	4,115	261	1,772
Democratic plurality					261
Net Republican plurality					1,511
St. Croix Co.					
Baldwin	62	254	316	.....	192
Cady	34	145	179	.....	111
Cylon	65	140	205	.....	75
Eau Claire	41	184	225	.....	143
Emerald	93	108	201	.....	15
Erin	195	33	228	162	.....
Forest	41	49	90	.....	8
Glenwood	50	133	183	.....	83
Hammond	98	113	211	.....	15
Hudson	94	92	186	2	.....
Kinnickinnic	63	54	122	14	.....
Pleasant Valley	31	79	110	.....	48
Richmond	77	59	136	18	.....
Rush River	31	109	140	.....	78
Somerset	98	140	238	.....	42
Springfield	72	194	266	.....	122
Stanton	94	87	181	7	.....
Star Prairie	35	145	180	.....	110
St. Joseph	50	133	183	.....	83
Troy	76	74	150	2	.....
Warren	149	61	210	88	.....
Glenwood:					
ward 1	12	44	56	.....	32
ward 2	9	32	41	.....	23
ward 3	16	61	77	.....	45
Hudson:					
ward 1	57	65	122	.....	8
ward 2	172	123	295	49	.....
ward 3	163	154	317	9	.....
New Richmond					
ward 1	67	50	117	17	.....
ward 2	93	73	166	20	.....
ward 3	39	94	133	.....	55
River Falls	27	10	37	17	.....
Baldwin, village	63	100	163	.....	37
Hammond, village	64	48	112	16	.....
Star Prairie, village	12	54	66	.....	42
Total	2,248	3,294	5,642	421	1,267
Democratic plurality					421
Net Republican plurality					946

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TWELFTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Gabriel E. Schwindt, Dem.	Alb't W. Sanborn, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Ashland Co.					
Ashland, city	892	1,842	2,734		950
ward 1	42	241			
ward 2	73	275			
ward 3	72	240			
ward 4	59	116			
ward 5	127	184			
ward 6	104	143			
ward 7	107	181			
ward 8	101	167			
ward 9	104	115			
ward 10	103	180			
Agenda	28	87	115		59
Ashland	25	117	142		92
Butternut	33	47	80		14
Butternut, village	48	80	128		32
Gordon	7	59	66		52
Jacobs	95	286	381		191
La Pointe	14	24	38		10
Morse	81	236	317		155
Sanborn	157	361	518		204
precinct 1	17	49			
precinct 2	132	264			
precinct 3	8	48			
Total	1,380	3,139	4,519		1,759
Net Republican plurality					1,759
Bayfield Co.					
Bayfield	111	594	505		283
Bell	4	13	17		9
Cable	11	68	79		57
Drummond	5	144	149		139
Elleen	5	60	65		55
Iron River	63	458	521		395
district 1	63	443			
district 2		15			
Mason	28	295	323		267
Pratt	11	137	148		126
Port Wing	13	129	142		116
Washburn	8	80	88		72
Washburn, city	125	779	904		654
ward 1	5	38			
ward 2	31	99			
ward 3	33	104			
ward 4	9	130			
ward 5	19	191			
ward 6	13	75			
ward 7	11	102			
ward 8	4	40			
Total	384	2,557	2,941		2,173
Net Republican plurality					2,173
Price Co.					
Brennan	17	111	128		94
Catawba	17	81	98		64
Emery	23	57	80		31
Eisenstein	15	45	60		30
Fifield	39	88	127		49
Georgetown	20	58	78		38
Hackett	2	47	49		45
Hill	12	46	58		34
Kennan	14	49	63		35
Kennan, village	22	35	57		13
Knox	5	187	192		182
Lake	8	65	73		57
Ogema	10	248	259		238
Scattering, 1.					

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TWELFTH DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Gabriel E. Schwindt, Dem.	Alb't W. Sanborn, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Price Co.—Con.					
Prentice	14	110	124		96
Prentice, village	46	129	175		83
Park Falls, village	58	274	332		216
Worcester	72	183	255		111
Phillips, city	145	274	419		129
ward 1	31	95			
ward 2	67	100			
ward 3	47	79			
Total	5.9	2,087	2,627		1,548
Net Republican plurality					1,548
Sawyer Co.—Hayward:					
precinct 1	153	406	559		253
precinct 2	23	31	54		8
precinct 3	14	23	37		9
precinct 4	20	93	118		78
precinct 5	9	61	70		52
precinct 6	16	149	165		133
Total	235	763	1,003		533
Net Republican plurality					533
Taylor Co.					
Aurora	5	42	47		37
Browning	43	45	91		5
Chelsea	59	113	172		54
Cleveland	6	20	26		14
Deer Creek	73	97	175		19
Greenwood	33	59	95		23
Grover	7	24	31		17
Goodrich	2	49	51		47
Hammel	30	34	64		4
Holway	19	70	89		51
Little Black	122	142	264		20
Medford	141	135	276	6	
Medford, city	1.2	257	359		125
ward 1	47	99			
ward 2	42	66			
ward 3	43	92			
Molitor	18	24	42		6
Rib Lake	53	85	133		32
Rib Lake, village	30	226	2 6		195
Westboro	34	207	241		173
Total	815	1,632	2,447	6	823
Democratic plurality					6
Net Republican plurality					817
Washburn Co.					
Dashard	20	107	127		87
Brooklyn	2	27	29		25
Casey	2	31	33		29
Chicog	3	15	18		12
Gull Lake	7	15	22		8
Long Lake	18	34	52		16
Loomis	15	69	84		54
Mills	13	67	80		54
Minong	11	72	83		61
Saron		25	25		25
Shell Lake	51	175	226		124
Spoener, village	56	183	239		127
Spoener	20	41	61		21
Stimmet	7	40	47		33
Veazie	17	45	62		28
Total	242	946	1,188		704
Net Republican plurality					704

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Theo. Knappstein, Dem.	F. M. Wilcox, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Outagamie Co.					
Appleton, city	1,402	1,825	3,227		423
ward 1, precinct 1	85	231			
ward 1, precinct 2	72	212			
ward 2, precinct 1	168	251			
ward 2, precinct 2	50	144			
ward 3, precinct 1	293	148			
ward 3, precinct 2	26	128			
ward 4	179	149			
ward 5	326	228			
ward 6	163	334			
Black Creek	58	128	186		79
Black Creek, village	19	91	110		72
Bovina	23	112	145		79
Buchanan	254	123	387	121	
Center	163	79	242	84	
Cicero	45	155	201		111
Vale	184	106	290	78	
Deer Creek	37	105	142		68
Ellington	81	161	242		80
Freedom	156	134	290	22	
Grand Chute	139	131	270	8	
Greenville	154	91	245	63	
Hortonia	40	74	114		34
Hortonville, village	94	96	190		2
Kaukauna	28	63	91		35
Kaukauna, city:					
north 1st and north 2d precincts ..	171	315	486		144
north 3d, south 4th and south 5th precincts ..	260	348	608		88
Little Chute	145	53	198	92	
Liberty	49	51	100		2
Maine	32	85	127		61
Maple Creek	52	74	126		22
New London, ward 3	67	45	112	22	
Osborn	32	74	106		42
Oneida	8	142	150		134
Seymour	66	133	204		72
Seymour, city	56	172	228		116
ward 1	31	100			
ward 2	25	72			
Shiocton, village	16	105	121		89
Vandenbrook	72	15	87	57	
Welcome	29	42	71		13
Total	3,942	5,154	9,096	547	1,759
Democratic plurality					547
Net Republican plurality					1,212
Shawano Co.					
Almon	34	101	135		67
Angelica	84	98	182		14
Aniwa	49	37	86	12	
Belle Plains	94	106	200		12
Biramwood	36	137	173		161
Fairbanks	35	108	143		73
Germania	7	67	74		69
Grant	44	168	212		124
Green Valley	28	194	222		165
Hartland	59	179	238		120
Herman	92	151	243		59
Hutchins	19	86	105		67
Lessor	27	169	196		142
Maple Grove	114	103	222	6	
Morris	6	143	149		137
Navarino	14	60	74		43
Pella	95	53	148	42	
Richmond	82	89	171		7
Seneca	27	68	95		41
Washington	111	154	265		43
Waukechon	70	97	167		27

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Theo. Knapstein, Dem.	F. M. Wilcox, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Shawano Co.—Con.					
Wescott	21	33	54		12
Wittenberg	15	181	196		181
Shawano, city	220	244	464		244
ward 1	92	92			
ward 2	63	50			
ward 3	65	102			
Aniwa, village	18	54	72		36
Birnamwood, village	46	89	135		43
Mattoon, village	23	124	147		124
Tigerton, village	25	70	95		35
Wittenberg, village	40	154	194		114
Total	1,545	3,322	4,867	60	1,837
Democratic plurality					63
Net Republican plurality					1,777

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	W. W. Gilman, Dem.	Josiah Thomas, Pro.	Edward E. Burns, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
					Dem.	Rep.
Crawford Co.						
Bridgeport	37		20	57	17	
Bell Center	24		34	58		10
Clayton	174		211	385		37
Eastman	167		106	273	61	
Freeman	45		298	343		253
Gays Mills	24		82	106		58
Haney	41		111	152		73
Lynxville	13		66	79		53
Marietta	61		103	164		42
Prairie du Chien, town	80		24	104		42
Steuben	27		32	59		5
Seneca	144		119	263	25	
Scott	88		110	198		22
Soldiers' Grove	52		128	180		76
Utica	58		288	346		230
Wauzeka	40		67	107		27
Prairie du Chien, city	411		200	611	211	
ward 1	63		38			
ward 2	152		85			
ward 3	154		51			
ward 4	42		26			
Desoto	2		21	23		19
Wauzeka, village	53		59	112		6
Total	1,541		2,079	3,620	370	908
Democratic plurality						370
Net Republican plurality						538

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	W. W. Gilman, Dem.	Josiah Thomas, Pro.	Edward E. Burns, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
					Dem.	Rep.
Grant Co.						
Beetown	67	4	141	212		74
Bloomington	63	5	79	147		16
Boscobel	270	4	184	458	56	
Cassville	76		49	125	27	
Castle Rock	94	1	38	133	56	
Clifton	60	11	167	238		107
Ellenboro	38	1	140	179		102
Fennimore	46	6	145	197		59
Glen Haven	75	3	100	180		27
Harrison	63		15	211		85
Hazel Green	106	2	82	190	24	
Hickory Grove	42	2	107	151		65
Jamestown	135	1	43	179	92	
Lancaster	87	7	260	354		173
Liberty	80	1	98	179		18
Lima	79	9	116	204		37
Little Grant	20	4	98	122		78
Marion	70	6	46	122	24	
Millville	6	11	48	65		37
Mt. Hope	55	13	112	180		57
Mt. Ida	50	13	110	173		60
Muscoda	47		46	93	1	
Paris	93	1	60	154	33	
Patch Grove	49	9	102	160		53
Platteville	59	3	114	176		55
Potosi	148	2	142	292	6	
Smelser	66	2	149	217		83
Waterloo	38		133	176		160
Waterstown	43	3	93	139		59
Woodman	49		139	188		90
Wyalusing	64	8	39	111	25	
Bloomington, village	51	9	165	225		114
Cassville, village	50	8	100	158		59
Cuba City, village	111		111	225		
Fennimore, village	75	3	93	171		18
Hazel Green	99	10	159	263		60
Montfort, village	45	6	79	130		34
Muscoda, village	40	5	89	134		49
Potosi, village	110	3	67	180	43	
Lancaster, city	79		46	165	13	
ward 1	192	9	409	610		217
ward 2	39	2	101			
ward 3	52	2	90			
ward 4	50	2	100			
Platteville, city	51	3	118			
ward 1	101	12	171	633	558	320
ward 2	85	4	166			
ward 3	54	4	168			
ward 4	73	4	128			
Total	3,383	200	5,286	8,839	430	2,328
Democratic plurality						430
Net Republican plurality						1,903

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS CITIES, AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Chas. H. Smith, Dem.	Otto A. Piggott, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Fond du Lac Co.					
Waupun, city	131	118	249	13	
ward 5	51	43			
ward 6	80	75			
Brandon, village	91	67	158	24	
Campbellsport, village	90	81	171	9	
North Fond du Lac, village	188	251	439		63
Oakfield, village	87	96	153		21
Alto	67	196	263		129
Ashford	171	140	311	31	
Auburn	104	137	241		33
Bryon	151	126	277	25	
Calumet	217	50	267	167	
Eden	195	171	366	24	
El dorado	155	153	308	2	
Empire	129	74	203	55	
Fond du Lac	133	99	232	34	
Forest	159	77	236	82	
Friendship	106	81	187	25	
Lamartine	165	104	269	61	
Marshfield	360	34	394	226	
Metomon	104	143	247		39
Oakfield	68	125	193		57
Osceola	135	119	254	16	
Ripon	76	157	233		81
Rosendale	75	148	223		81
Springvale	141	102	243	39	
Springdale	211	50	261	161	
Waupun	86	106	192		20
Fond du Lac, city	2,243	1,866	4,109	377	
ward 1	74	131			
ward 2	152	126			
ward 3	134	95			
ward 4	148	125			
ward 5	132	64			
ward 6	123	103			
ward 7	158	148			
ward 8	153	126			
ward 9	135	116			
ward 10	148	136			
ward 11	152	141			
ward 12	178	125			
ward 13	158	97			
ward 14	110	101			
ward 15	138	124			
ward 16	150	86			
Ripon, city	451	459	910		8
ward 1	98	107			
ward 2	112	108			
ward 3	119	89			
ward 4	122	155			
Total	6,259	5,330	11,589	1,471	542
Republican plurality				542	
Net Democratic plurality				929	
Green Lake Co.					
Berlin, city	448	512	960		64
ward 1	84	95			
ward 2	123	130			
ward 3	107	130			
ward 4	60	68			
ward 5	74	89			
Berlin	60	110	170		70
Brooklyn	90	122	212		22
Green Lake	167	91	258	76	
Kingston	114	86	200	28	
Mackford	90	114	204		24
Manchester	135	76	211	59	
Marquette	88	55	143	33	

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Chas. H. Smith, Rep.	Otto A. Piggott, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Green Lake—Con.					
Princeton					
Seneca	106	101	207	5	.....
St. Marie	62	39	101	23	.....
Dartford, village	68	68	136		.....
Markesan, village	31	112	143		81
Princeton, village	120	77	197	43	.....
	186	131	317	55	.....
Total					
Republican plurality	1,765	1,694	3,459	322	251
Net Democratic plurality				251	.....
				71	.....

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS	A. C. McComb, Dem.	E. E. Stevens, Rep.	W. E. Monroe, Pro.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
					Dem.	Rep.
Winnebago Co.						
Algoma	40	124	14	178		84
Black Wolf	53	103	2	158		50
Clayton	82	123	2	217		51
Menasha	50	60	2	112		10
Neenah	34	83	4	121		43
Nekimi	44	164	5	213		120
Nepenskum	30	145	18	193		115
Omro	48	153	17	218		105
Omro, village	83	203	32	318		120
Oshkosh	70	158	3	231		88
Poygun	71	85	1	157		34
Rushford	93	233	14	340		140
Utica	26	179	4	209		153
Vinland	48	138	1	187		90
Winchester	42	165	3	210		123
Winneconna	37	96	5	138		57
Winneconne, village	54	129	9	192		90
Wolf River	51	72		123		55
Menasha, city	702	461	9	1,172	241	21
ward 1	183	142	1			
ward 2	213	93	1			
ward 3	89	110				
ward 4	217	116	7			
Neenah, city	480	665	37	1,182		185
ward 1	142	213	13			
ward 2	108	167	10			
ward 3	189	236	10			
ward 4	41	49	4			
Oshkosh, city	2,651	3,364	125	6,140		713
ward 1	146	180	5			
ward 2	243	231	1			
ward 3	127	200	3			
ward 4	243	245	10			
ward 5	183	344	25			
ward 6	293	238	5			
ward 7	152	220	12			
ward 8	194	220	6			
ward 9	187	203	4			
ward 10	208	360	19			
ward 11	189	187	1			
ward 12	174	295	2			
ward 13	312	351	29			
Total	4,819	6,923	307	12,049	241	2,345
Democratic plurality						241
Net Republican plurality						2,104

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	E. R. Boulter, Dem.	G. W. Wolff, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Ozaukee Co.					
Port Washington, city.....	428	336	764	92	.....
Belgium	221	91	312	130	.....
Cedarburg	112	99	211	13	.....
Fredonia	202	115	317	87	.....
Mequon	178	254	432	.....	76
Grafton	84	54	138	30	.....
Port Washington	116	68	184	48	.....
Cedarburg, city	151	149	291	11	.....
Saukville	146	119	265	27	.....
Graftonville	42	60	102	.....	18
Total	1,680	1,336	3,016	488	94
Republican plurality				94	.....
Net Democratic plurality				344	.....
Sheboygan Co.					
Cedar Grove, village	16	90	106	.....	74
Elkart Lake, village	62	46	103	16	.....
Greenbush	157	160	317	.....	3
Herman	237	181	418	56	.....
Holland	105	475	580	.....	370
precinct 1	83	278	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	12	197	.....	.....	.....
Lima	129	284	413	.....	155
Lyndon	122	264	386	.....	142
Mitchell	122	103	229	14	.....
Mosel	43	110	153	.....	67
Plymouth	155	148	303	.....	.....
Plymouth, city	304	257	561	47	.....
ward 1	173	164	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	131	93	.....	.....	.....
Rhine	68	125	263	.....	67
Russell	41	44	85	.....	3
Scott	90	196	286	.....	166
Sheboygan, city	1,914	1,995	3,909	.....	81
ward 1	281	297	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	225	265	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	109	260	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	244	298	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	157	272	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	141	205	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	228	176	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	226	191	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	363	151	.....	.....	.....
Sheboygan	179	152	331	27	.....
Sheboygan Falls	186	136	322	50	.....
Sheboygan Falls, village	221	96	317	125	.....
Sherman	186	164	350	22	.....
Wilson	80	133	213	.....	53
Totals	4,417	5,174	9,551	364	1,121
Democratic plurality .....				.....	364
Net Republican plurality .....				.....	757

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.	R. M. Rich- mond, Dem.	T. W. North, Pro.	J. M. White- head, Rep.	Morris Morti- mer, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Rock Co.							
Avon	32		133	1	166		101
Beloit	25	1	103	2	131		73
Bradford	39	1	89	1	130		59
Center	136		57		193	79	
Clinton	90	3	9		102		29
Fulton	122	12	129		273		17
Harmony	89	9	91		189		2
Janesville	79	7	89		169		10
Johnstown	75	1	66	5	147	9	
La Prairie	49	8	90		149		29
Lena	49	9	121		179		72
Magnolia	103	14	84		201	19	
Milton	173	49	373	3	603		195
precinct 1	128	20	174	2			
precinct 2	50	29	139	1			
Newark	92		100		192		8
Plymouth	149	1	143	1	294	6	
Porter	102	2	89		253	73	
Rock	103	7	80	1	221	53	
Spring Valley	104		105	3	212		1
Turtle	6	4	120		188		5
Vernon	49	15	143	1	249		94
Clinton, village	113	14	82	2	221	21	
Oxfordville	41	6	73	1	126		37
Beloit, city	604	88	1,517	239	2,508		973
ward 1	103	10	163	13			
ward 2	140	32	383	32			
ward 3	103	10	337	32			
ward 4	118	21	293	70			
ward 5	140	15	334	42			
Edgerton	253	28	265	5			12
Evansville	194	47	272	3	516		78
Janesville, city	1,175	74	1,192	159	2,600		17
ward 1	194	19	263	35			
ward 2	159	14	196	29			
ward 3	210	22	365	29			
ward 4	317	19	366	52			
ward 5	265		102	14			
Totals	4,200	401	5,810	428	10,841	260	1,870
Democratic plurality							260
Net Republican plurality							1,610

Scattering, Turtle 1, Union 1, included in total.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Wm. H. Stafford, Dem.	Frank E. Cummings, Pro.	James H. Noble, Rep.	Aug. Schreiber, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Chippewa Co.							
Anson	69		79		148		10
Arthur	87	5	116		208		29
Auburn	57	5	141		203		84
Bloomer	110		122	2	234		12
Cleveland	73		16		94	62	
Colburn	45	3	75		123		30
Delmar	64	4	56	3	127	8	
Eagle Point	123	7	91		221	32	
Edson	106	1	82		189	24	
Lafayette	115	6	140		261		55
Sampson	29	5	65		99		33
Sigel	82	2	121	2	207		39
Tilden	134	1	93	1	229	41	
Wheaton	111	6	151		308		80
Auburn, village	30	3	50		83		20
Bloomer, village	32	10	130		232		33
Boyd, village	84		61		145	23	
Cadott, village	47	4	97		148		30
Stanley	154	7	359	3	523		255
ward 1	18	1	88	1			
ward 2	32	4	76				
ward 3	47		108	2			
ward 4	57	2	87				
Chippewa Falls	901	38	820	1	1,700	81	
ward 1	62	6	119	1			
ward 2	139	10	99				
ward 3	132	5	133				
ward 4	77		45				
ward 5	104	2	75				
ward 6	128	3	70				
ward 7	65	5	71				
ward 8	76	2	83				
ward 9	58	3	64				
ward 10	49	2	55				
Total	2,538	107	2,905	12	5,562	271	673
Democratic plurality							271
Net Republican plurality							337
Eau Claire Co.							
Altoona, city	134	1	52		187	82	
ward 1	59		19				
ward 2	75		33				
Augusta, city	97	9	151		257		54
Eau Claire, city	1,156	103	1,372	155	3,386		816
ward 1	110	6	135	26			
ward 2	145	7	201	21			
ward 3	186	21	235	2			
ward 4	40	5	112	1			
ward 5	39	13	152	6			
ward 6	136	16	195	5			
ward 7	93	14	251	4			
ward 8	125	7	277	34			
ward 9	90	12	247	16			
ward 10	132	2	176	40			
Bridge Creek, town	85	6	87		178		2
Brunswick, town	46	2	79	1	128		33
Clear Creek, town	33	3	89	2	127		55
Drammen, town	3	4	141		148		138
Fairchild, town	27	4	59	2	92		32
Fairchild, village	34		146	1	181		112
Lincoln, town	131	5	75		211	76	

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS	Wm. H. Stafford, Dem.	Frank E. Cummings, Pro.	James H. Noble, Rep.	Aug. Schreiber, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Eau Claire Co.—Con.							
Ludington, town	39	1	111	3	154	.....	72
Otter Creek, town	28	1	86	1	116	.....	53
Pleasant Valley, town....	31	19	159	.....	191	.....	119
Seymour, town	33	6	69	5	104	.....	27
Union, town	42	4	85	3	134	.....	43
Washington, town	59	1	131	1	195	.....	75
Total	1,978	160	3,477	174	5,789	138	1,637
Democratic plurality							138
Net Republican plurality ..							1,490
Gates Co.							
Atlanta	21	.....	143	.....	164	.....	123
Big Bend	16	.....	76	.....	92	.....	60
Bruce	35	.....	86	.....	121	.....	51
Dewey	41	.....	42	.....	83	.....	1
Plambeau	5	.....	49	.....	45	.....	35
Grant	20	.....	52	.....	72	.....	32
Hawkins	13	.....	63	.....	81	.....	55
Lawrence	22	.....	86	.....	108	.....	61
Ladysmith	67	.....	258	.....	325	.....	191
Marshall	13	.....	16	.....	29	.....	3
Rusk	7	.....	48	.....	55	.....	41
Strickland	14	.....	24	.....	38	.....	19
Stubbs	53	.....	124	.....	177	.....	71
Thernapple	113	.....	28	42	155	71	.....
precinct 1	69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	44	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
True	7	.....	104	.....	111	.....	97
Total	447	.....	1,209	.....	1,655	71	833
Democratic plurality							71
Net Republican plurality ..							762

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Jas M. Clancey, Dem.	Lucius F. Bigelow, Pro.	Albert N. Stoddall, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dane Co.						
Albion	72	20	279	371	.....	207
Belleville, village	42	3	67	112	.....	25
Berry	149	2	46	197	103	.....
Black Earth	40	9	36	85	4	.....
Black Earth, village	49	9	73	124	.....	31
Blooming Grove	175	3	168	346	7	.....
Blue Mounds	45	4	193	242	.....	148
Bristol	131	3	103	237	28	.....
Burke	106	2	183	291	.....	77
Cambridge, village	48	2	96	146	.....	48
Christiania	119	3	307	429	.....	183
Cottage Grove	119	14	197	330	78
Cross Plains	209	1	42	252	167
Dane	83	4	91	178	8

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.—Con.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Jas. M. Clancey, Dem.	Lucius F. Bigelow, Pro.	Albert N. Stondahl, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dane Co.—Con.						
Dane, village	48		17	65	31	.....
Deerfield	96	3	113	212		17
Deerfield, village	56	3	87	146		31
De Forest, village	25		72	97		47
Dunkirk	104	12	239	355		139
Dunn	92	4	191	287		99
Fitchburg	57	2	120	219		23
Madison, town	98	4	153	255		55
Madison	2,521	69	2,944	5,531		423
ward 1	228	8	278	514		.....
ward 2	288	5	386	679		.....
ward 3	235	3	222	460		.....
ward 4	312	10	259	581		.....
ward 5, precinct 1	214	5	384	603		.....
ward 5, precinct 2	137	8	219	364		.....
ward 6, precinct 1	232		260	492		.....
ward 6, precinct 2	160	2	223	385		.....
ward 7	250	10	223	493		.....
ward 8	311	5	246	562		.....
ward 9	126	10	140	276		.....
ward 10	28	3	94	125		.....
Mazomanie	44	5	54	103		10
Mazomanie, village	111	9	100	220	11	.....
Medina	116	21	161	298		45
Middleton	232	4	135	371	97	.....
Montrose	90	15	82	187	8	.....
Mt. Horeb, village	96	7	134	237		38
Oregon	73	2	132	207		59
Oregon, village	75	10	114	199		99
Perry	32	4	187	223		155
Primrose	35	5	121	161		86
Pleasant Springs	57	4	285	346		223
Roxbury	137	3	34	174	103	.....
Rutland	33	10	271	314		238
Springdale	77		164	241		87
Springfield	183	2	28	213	155	.....
Stoughton, city	352	50	611	1,013		259
ward 1	61	16	168	245		.....
ward 2	59	9	224	332		.....
ward 3	83	19	139	241		.....
ward 4	109	6	80	195		.....
Sun Prairie	109		97	206	12	.....
Sun Prairie, village	137	7	150	294		13
Vienna	56	5	163	224		107
Verona	117	15	98	230	19	.....
Vermont	48		128	176		80
Waukegan, village	94		35	130	59	.....
Westport	120	1	103	224	27	.....
Windsor	102	8	246	356		144
York	83	11	97	191		14
Total	7,136	375	9,547	17,058	831	3,242
Democratic plurality						831
Net Republican plurality						2,411

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	David H. Walker, Dem.	Jas. A. Wright, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Florence Co.					
Commonwealth	24	120	144		96
precinct 1	5	107			
precinct 2	19	13			
Florence	39	342	381		303
Homestead	9	111	120		102
Total	72	573	645		501
Democratic plurality					
Net Republican plurality					501
Forest Co.					
Caswell	14	37	51		23
Crandon	66	310	376		244
precinct 1	56	281			
precinct 2	10	29			
Hiles	19	91	110		72
Laona	34	205	239		171
North Crandon	34	63	97		29
Wabeno	44	238	282		191
precinct 1	28	119			
precinct 2	12	37			
precinct 3	4	82			
Total	211	944	1,155		733
Net Republican plurality					733
Iron Co.					
Anderson	20	59	79		39
Knight	27	249	272		218
Montreal	26	167	193		141
Saxon	23	176	199		153
Vaughn	218	526	744		308
precinct 1	127	268			
precinct 2	60	156			
precinct 3	5	27			
precinct 4	26	75			
Total	314	1,173	1,487		859
Net Republican plurality					859
Langlade Co.					
Ackley	59	78	137		19
Antigo	85	124	209		39
Elcho	19	96	115		77
Elton	13	40	53		27
Evergreen	41	37	78	4	
Langlade	23	42	65		19
Neva	85	84	169	1	
Norwood	70	125	195		55
Peck	18	66	84		48
Polar	70	126	196		56
Price	55	59	114		4
Rolling	89	126	215		37
Summit	14	29	43		15
Upham	28	53	81		25
Vilas	14	28	42		14
Antigo, city	551	802	1,353		251
ward 1	55	113			
ward 2	82	145			
ward 3	95	95			
ward 4	142	144			
ward 5	80	122			
ward 6	97	183			
Total	1,234	1,915	3,149	5	686
Democratic plurality					5
Net Republican plurality					681

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—THIRTIETH DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	David H. Walker, Dem.	Jas. A. Wright, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Lincoln Co.					
Birch	28	53	81		25
Bradley	21	53	74		32
Coming	31	91	122		61
Harrison	35	66	101		31
King	10	22	32		12
Merrill	38	100	138		62
Merrill, city	745	1,272	2,017		527
ward 1		129			
ward 2	105	95			
ward 3	65	170			
ward 4	97	257			
ward 5	142	189			
ward 6	59	234			
ward 7	125	168			
Pine River	152				
Russell	75	131	206		56
Rock Falls	21	83	104		62
Scott	34	35	69		1
Schiey	63	131	194		68
Tomahawk	38	149	187		111
Tomahawk, city	27	65	92		38
ward 1	216	259	455		23
ward 2	44	58			
ward 3	51	55			
ward 4	72	63			
ward 4	49	62			
Total	1,352	2,490	3,872		1,108
Democratic plurality					1,108
Net Republican plurality					1,108
Oneida Co.					
Cassian	12	46	58		34
Crescent	23	36	59		13
Gagen	26	134	160		108
Hazelhurst	57	234	291		177
precinct 1	41	198			
precinct 2	16	36			
Lynne	2	11	13		9
Monico	24	47	71		23
Newbold	21	32	53		11
Pelican	28	89	117		61
Pine Lake	9	13	22		4
Rhinclander	439	583	1,022		144
ward 1	38	106			
ward 2	52	95			
ward 3	54	103			
ward 4	95	85			
ward 5	123	105			
ward 6	77	89			
Sugar Camp	24	53	77		29
Schoepke	39	97	136		58
Woodboro	14	27	41		13
precinct 1	11	9			
precinct 2	3	18			
Total	718	1,402	2,120		634
Democratic plurality					634
Net Republican plurality					634
Vilas Co.					
Arbor Vitae	100	482	582		282
precinct 1	39	286			
precinct 2	61	196			
Eagle River	204	389	593		185
precinct 1	116	131			
precinct 2	43	52			
precinct 3	18	77			
precinct 4	14	53			
precinct 5	13	76			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904.—THIRTIETH DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	David H. Walker, Dem.	J. S. A. Wright, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY.	
				Dem.	Rep.
Vilas Co.—Con.					
Plambeau, precinct 1	15	143	158		128
Minoqua	132	221	413		149
precinct 1	88	155			
precinct 2	44	126			
Total	451	1,295	1,746		844
Democratic plurality					
Net Republican plurality					844

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Stephen Richmond, Dem.	Thos. Morris, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
La Crosse Co.					
Bangor	46	84	130		33
Bangor, village	102	92	194	10	
Barre	73	49	122	24	
Burns	64	150	214		86
Campbell	70	81	151		11
Farmington	110	234	344		121
Greenfield	76	74	150	2	
Hamilton	58	239	277		201
Holland	14	214	228		200
Onalaska	44	164	208		129
Shelby	105	75	180	30	
Washington	92	69	161	23	
West Salem, village	63	119	202		76
Onalaska, city	83	129	212		46
ward 1	19	35			
ward 2	34	57			
ward 3	30	36			
La Crosse, city	2,662	3,108	5,770		446
ward 1	182	157			
ward 2	182	172			
ward 3	206	135			
ward 4	150	177			
ward 5	90	149			
ward 6	144	124			
ward 7	85	204			
ward 8	233	152			
ward 9	67	225			
ward 10	94	215			
ward 11	116	143			
ward 12	124	167			
ward 13	129	132			
ward 14	114	167			
ward 15	160	132			
ward 16	77	97			
ward 17	143	182			
ward 18	202	145			
ward 19	58	152			
ward 20	74	94			
ward 21	82	51			
Total vote	3,642	4,901	8,544	89	1,348
Total Democratic plurality					89
Net Republican plurality					1,259

Scattering 1, in Onalaska.

SENATORIAL VOTE, 1904—THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.—Continued.

TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Steven Richmond, Dem.	Thos. Morris, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem	Rep.
Trempealeau Co.					
Albion	18	149	167		131
Arcadia—					
precinct 1	109	155	264		46
precinct 2	118	81	199	37	
Burnside	80	58	133	22	
Caledonia	34	22	66	2	
Chimney Rock	8	164	172		156
Dodge	59	25	84	31	
Etrick	67	397	464		330
Gale	67	224	291		157
Hale	49	240	289		191
Lincoln	18	86	104		68
Pigeon	18	200	218		182
Preston	17	359	376		342
Sumner	14	145	160		131
Trempealeau	43	129	172		86
Unity	17	175	192		153
Arcadia, village	190	69	259	121	
Blair, village	6	108	114		102
Elleva, village	12	66	78		54
Galesville, village	79	118	197		59
Independence, village	73	69	142	4	
Osseo	32	84	116		52
Trempealeau	73	45	118	23	
Whitehall	26	114	140		88
Total	1,227	3,292	4,520	248	2,313
Democratic plurality					243
Net Republican plurality					2,065

Scattering, Sumner 1.

SUMMARY OF SENATORIAL VOTE IN 1902 AND 1904.

Dist. No.	Population 1900.	Counties or parts thereof constituting senate district apportionment of 1901.	Elected to senate for four years term; odd numbered districts in 1902; even numbered districts in 1904.	Votes Received.	Plurality.	Term ends.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes Received.
1	65,617	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette.....	Harlan P. Bird, Rep.....	6,042	2,094	1906	Charles Metzner, Dem..... J. J. Sherman, Pro.....	3,948 208
2	67,233	Brown and Oconto.....	Henry F. Hagemester, Rep....	7,606	2,288	1908	F. R. Singleton, Rep.....	5,318
3	67,351	Kenosha and Racine.....	Otis W. Johnson, Rep.....	6,095	72	1906	Michael Higgins, Jr., Dem..... James P. Corse, Pro.....	6,023 311
4	61,035	Part of Milwaukee.....	Theo. C. Froemming, Rep.....	5,246	1,549	1908	Herman Reel, Dem..... Alexis Fischer, Soc. Dem.....	3,697 3,184
5	69,196	Part of Milwaukee.....	Charles C. Rogers, Rep.....	7,380	1,641	1906	Adolph Huebschmann, Dem.... Nicholas Peterson, Soc. Dem..	5,739 1,753
6	71,771	Part of Milwaukee.....	Jacob Rummel, Soc. Dem.....	5,848	47	1908	A. J. Langhoff, Rep..... Gottfried Hergarten, Dem.....	5,801 3,127
7	63,533	Part of Milwaukee.....	Barney A. Eaton, Rep.....	4,442	294	1906	Thomas J. Flemming, Dem..... Frank Conine, Soc. Dem.....	4,148 1,323
8	64,482	Part of Milwaukee.....	Julius E. Roehr, Rep.....	4,788	132	1908	F. N. Rehfield, Soc. Dem..... R. T. Ziarnek, Dem.....	4,656 3,909
9	61,487	Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood.	Herman C. Wipperman, Rep....	7,323	3,753	1906	Edward Lynch, Dem.....	3,575
10	50,773	Pierce and St. Croix.....	James A. Frear, Rep.....	6,107	2,457	1908	Ferris M. White, Dem.....	3,650
11	61,614	Burnette, Douglas and Polk.....	Geo. B. Hudnall, Rep.....	5,531	5,523	1906	Scattering.....	8
12	64,050	Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor and Washburn.	Albert W. Sanborn, Rep.....	11,129	7,534	1908	Gabriel E. Schwind, Dem..... Scattering.....	3,595 1
13	46,631	Dodge.....	Wm. C. North, Dem.....	5,065	2,089	1906	M. P. Elkington, Rep..... Benjamin F. Sawyer, Pro..... Scattering.....	2,976 164 1
14	73,722	Outagamie and Shawano.....	F. M. Wilcox, Rep.....	8,476	2,989	1908	Theodore Knapstein, Dem.....	5,487
15	59,339	Calumet and Manitowoc.....	Samuel W. Randolph, Dem.....	4,758	143	1906	William N. Knauf, Rep..... Albert L. Rucker, Soc. Dem.....	4,615 531
16	56,167	Crawford and Grant.....	Edward E. Burns, Rep.....	7,365	2,441	1908	Winfield W. Gilman, Dem..... Josiah Thomas, Pro.....	4,924 400
17	66,792	Green, Iowa and LaFayette.....	Henry C. Martin, Rep.....	7,236	1,893	1906	George W. Crawford, Dem.....	5,343
18	63,336	Fond du Lac and Green Lake.....	Charles H. Smith, Dem.....	8,024	1,000	1908	Otto A. Fizzott, Rep.....	7,024
19	58,225	Winnetago.....	E. E. Stevens, Rep.....	6,923	2,104	1906	A. C. McComb, Dem..... W. E. Monroe, Pro.....	4,819 307
20	66,708	Ozaukee and Sheboygan.....	George W. Wolf, Rep.....	6,510	413	1908	E. R. Bowler, Dem.....	6,097
21	61,093	Portage and Waupaca.....	William H. Hatten, Rep.....	6,170	2,912	1906	Charles F. Crane, Dem..... Scattering.....	3,258 1

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ELECTION STATISTICS.

SUMMARY OF SENATORIAL VOTE IN 1902 AND 1904,

Dist. No.	Population 1900.	Counties or parts thereof constituting senate district apportionment of 1901.	Elected to senate for four years term; odd numbered districts in 1902; even numbered districts in 1904.	Votes Received.	Plurality.	Term ends.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes Received.
22	51,203	Rock	John M. Withead, Rep.	5,810	1,610	1908	Robert M. Richmond, Dem. Morris Mortimer, Soc. Dem. Thomas W. North, Pro. Scattering.	4,200 428 401 2
23	64,048	Jefferson and Walworth	Zadoc P. Beach, Rep.	5,661	797	1906	O. J. Kirschenstoiner, Dem. William E. Mack, Pro. Scattering.	4,864 446 1
24	64,729	Chippewa, Eau Claire and Gates.	James H. Noble, Rep.	7,591	2,628	1908	Wm. H. Stafford, Dem. Frank E. Cummings, Pro. August Schrieber, Soc. Dem.	4,963 267 186
25	69,104	Clark and Marathon	Andrew L. Kreutzer, Rep.	6,680	1,786	1906	Henry S. Mulvey, Dem.	4,894
26	69,435	Dane.	Albert M. Stoddall, Rep.	9,547	2,411	1908	James M. Clancey Rep. Lucius F. Bigelow, Pro.	7,136 375
27	64,127	Columbia and Sauk.	George Wylie, Rep.	6,198	2,123	1906	John M. Kelley, Dem. Benjamin F. Thomas Pro. Scattering.	4,075 449 1
28	47,834	Richland and Verona	Oliver G. Munson, Rep.	6,654	3,715	1908	Henry Conser, Dem. Earl E. Pease, Pro. Scattering.	2,939 55 4
29	73,390	Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin	James H. Stout, Rep.	6,010	5,936	1906	Theodore Buehler, Dem. Scattering.	74 3
30	53,835	Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln Oneida and Vilas.	Joseph A. Wright, Rep.	9,792	5,410	1908	David H. Walker, Dem.	4,382
31	66,198	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe.	James J. McGillivray	6,808	3,015	1906	Archie D. Gill, Dem.	3,793
32	66,111	La Crosse and Trempealeau.	Thomas Morris, Rep.	8,193	3,324	1908	Stephen Richmond, Dem. Scattering.	4,869 2
33	58,818	Washington and Waukesha.	Ernst Merton, Dem.	5,848	494	1906	A. M. Jones, Rep.	5,354

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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ASSEMBLY VOTE, 1904.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Martin Quan- tius, Dem.	J. A. Henry, Rep.	Scat- tering.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Adams Co.						
Adams	18	85	1	104		67
Big Flats		86	1	87		86
Colburn	33	48		81		15
Dell Prairie	13	73		91		65
Easton	26	72		98		46
Jackson	19	89		108		70
Leola	7	53		60		46
Lincoln	6	71		77		65
Monroe		110		110		110
New Chester	5	49	1	55		44
New Haven	34	95		129		61
Preston		37		37		37
Quincy	7	55		62		48
Richfield		65		65		65
Rome	5	72		77		67
Springville	23	56		79		33
Strong's Prairie	4	163		167		159
Total	200	1,284	3	1,487		1,084
Net Republican plurality						1,084
Marquette Co.						
Buffalo	74	58		132	16	
Crystal Lake	68	31		99	37	
Douglas	24	101		125		77
Harris	62	55	1	118	7	
Mecan	77	10		87	67	
Montello	89	14		103	75	
Moundville	17	105		122		88
Neshkoro	109	48		157	61	
Newton	58	32		90	26	
Oxford	19	112		131		93
Packwaukee	73	116		189		43
Shields	104	15		119	89	
Springfield	85	42		127	43	
Westfield	54	47		101	7	
Montello, village	206	66		272	140	
Westfield, village	60	106		166		46
Total	1,179	958		2,138	568	347
Republican plurality					347	
Net independent plurality					221	
Total for assembly district	1,379	2,242	1	3,625	568	1,431
Independent plurality						568
Net Republican plurality						863

ASHLAND COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Fred. J. Colignon, Dem.	Edw. B. Gordon, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Ashland Co.					
Ashland, city	992	1,694	2,686		702
ward 1	48	234			
ward 2	94	255			
ward 3	109	204			
ward 4	67	109			
ward 5	150	101			
ward 6	107	140			
ward 7	118	116			
ward 8	105	167			
ward 9	93	126			
ward 10	101	182			
Agenda	28	87	115		59
Ashland	27	116	143		89
Butternut	32	45	77		13
Butternut, village of	52	78	130		26
Gordon	5	64	69		59
Jacobs	58	329	387		271
La Pointe	14	24	38		10
Morse	79	239	318		100
Sanborn, city	162	357	519		195
precinct 1	18	48			
precinct 2	136	260			
precinct 3	8	49			
Total	1,449	3,033	4,482		1,584
Net Republican plurality					1,584

BARRON COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	G.E. Scott, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
			Dem.	Rep.
Barron Co.				
Almena	60	60		60
Barron	122	122		122
Bear Lake	28	28		28
Cedar Lake	31	31		31
Chetek	124	124		124
Clinton	178	178		178
Crystal Lake	82	82		82
Cumberland	171	171		171
Dallas	162	162		162
Dover	129	129		129
Doyle	74	74		74
Lakeland	77	77		77
Maple Grove	253	253		253
Oak Grove	66	66		66
Prairie Farm	173	173		173
Rice Lake	65	65		65
Stanford	86	86		86
Sumner	132	132		132
Turtle Lake	77	77		77
Vance Creek	79	79		79
Cameroon, village	84	84		84
Cameron, village	75	75		75
Dallas, village	85	85		85
Prairie Farm, village	69	69		69
Turtle Lake, village	60	60		60
Barron, city	275	275		275
Chetek, city	135	135		135
Cumberland, city	206	206		206
Rice Lake, city	415	415		415
ward 1	99	99		99
ward 2	122	122		122
ward 3	49	49		49
ward 4	145	145		145
Total	3,573	3,573		3,573

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	W. E. Tripp, Dem.	L. N. Clausen, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Bayfield Co.					
Bayfield	137	369	506	.....	232
Bell	4	13	17	.....	9
Cable	13	66	79	.....	53
Drummond	11	133	149	.....	127
Bileen	6	59	65	.....	53
Iron River, city	341	283	624	58	.....
precinct 1 .....	.....	268	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2 .....	.....	15	.....	.....	.....
Mason	41	281	322	.....	240
Pratt	20	123	143	.....	108
Port Wing	28	116	144	.....	88
Washburn	14	72	86	.....	58
Washburn, city	355	552	907	.....	197
ward 1	9	35	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	45	82	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	56	83	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	52	85	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	80	130	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	27	61	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	57	61	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	29	15	.....	.....	.....
Total	970	2,077	3,047	58	1,165
Democratic plurality					58
Net Republican plurality					1,107
Sawyer Co.					
Hayward, town	269	733	1,002	.....	464
precinct 1	182	376	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	22	32	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	14	23	.....	.....	.....
precinct 4	20	98	.....	.....	.....
precinct 5	13	57	.....	.....	.....
precinct 6	18	147	.....	.....	.....
Total	269	733	1,002	.....	464
Net Republican plurality					464
Washburn Co.					
Bashaw	23	108	131	.....	85
Brooklyn	2	27	29	.....	25
Casey	3	31	34	.....	28
Chicog	5	15	20	.....	10
Gull Lake	6	15	21	.....	9
Long Lake	21	31	52	.....	10
Loomis	17	68	85	.....	51
Mills	15	65	80	.....	50
Minong	15	68	83	.....	63
Sarona	7	25	32	.....	18
Shell Lake	61	165	226	.....	104
Spooner, village	58	182	240	.....	124
Spooner	19	42	61	.....	23
Stimett	7	40	47	.....	33
Veazie	17	45	62	.....	28
Total	276	927	1,203	.....	651
Net Republican plurality					651
Total for assembly district	1,515	3,737	5,252	58	2,280
Democratic plurality					58
Net Republican plurality					2,222

BROWN COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Andrew Reis, Dem.	Willard E. Burdeau, Rep.	Fred Schete, Pro.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Brown Co.						
Ashwaubenon	41	73	.....	114	.....	32
Howard	145	171	.....	316	.....	26
Pittsfield	59	125	.....	184	.....	66
Sumico	44	192	.....	238	.....	148
Green Bay, city	2,066	1,890	149	4,165	176	.....
ward 1	275	252	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	253	249	11	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	220	165	7	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	392	217	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	329	168	26	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 1	169	184	14	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 2	89	116	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 1	98	160	11	.....	.....	.....
ward 7, precinct 2	60	93	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	124	177	36	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	57	109	31	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,355	2,451	151	4,957	176	272
Democratic plurality						176
Net Republican plurality						96

BROWN COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Michael Flaherty, Dem.	Maurice B. Brennan, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Brown Co.					
Allouez	40	52	92	.....	12
Bellevue	84	60	144	24	.....
De Pere	78	48	126	30	.....
Eaton	46	128	174	.....	82
Glenmore	88	168	256	.....	80
Green Bay	37	117	154	.....	70
Holland	152	59	211	93	.....
Humboldt	49	103	152	.....	54
Lawrence	49	153	202	.....	104
Morrison	119	191	310	.....	72
New Denmark	64	206	270	.....	142
Preble	87	186	273	.....	99
Rockland	80	57	137	23	.....
Scott	93	96	189	.....	3
Wrightstown	87	145	232	.....	68
Wrightstown, village	50	70	120	.....	20
De Pere, city	378	497	875	.....	119
ward 1	80	159	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	107	114	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	102	141	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	89	83	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,581	2,336	3,917	170	925
Democratic plurality					170
Net Republican plurality					755

BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Henry Pattison, Dem.	Fred J. Bohri, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Buffalo Co.					
Alma	40	89	129		49
Alma, city	123	134	257		11
ward 1	56	41			
ward 2	24	48			
ward 3	43	45			
Belvidere	59	88	147		29
Buffalo	51	40	91	11	
Buffalo, city	27	17	44	10	
Canton	41	93	134		52
Cross	39	54	93		15
Dover	32	133	165		101
Fountain, city	82	164	246		82
ward 1	35	75			
ward 2	47	89			
Gilmanton	52	102	154		50
Glenco	63	54	117	9	
Lincoln	61	41	102	20	
Maxville	42	42	84		
Milton	22	27	49		5
Modena	19	140	159		121
Mondovi	18	138	156		120
Mondovi, city	53	236	289		183
ward 1		118			
ward 2	24	118			
Montana	31	53	84		22
Naples	4	157	161		153
Nelson	85	202	287		117
Waumandee	87	47	134	40	
Total	1,031	2,051	3,082	90	1,110
Democratic plurality					90
Net Republican plurality					1,020
Pepin Co.					
Albany	17	77	94		60
Durand	30	26	56	4	
Durand, city	190	87	277	103	
ward 1	92	32			
ward 2	98	55			
Frankfort	29	127	156		98
Lima	87	21	108	66	
Pepin	54	224	278		170
Stockholm	6	83	89		77
Stockholm, village	9	44	53		35
Waterville	112	133	245		21
Waubeek	11	15	26		4
Total	545	837	1,382	173	465
Democratic plurality					173
Net Republican plurality					292
Total assembly district	1,576	2,888	4,464	263	1,575
Democratic plurality					263
Net Republican plurality					1,312

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CALUMET COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Louis Rupp, Dem.	Edgar W. Dick, Pro.	D. R. Curtis, Rep.	Albert Buss, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Calumet Co.							
Woodville	112		91	2	205	21	.....
Stockbridge	175	10	169	9	363	6	.....
Rantoul	81		171	1	253		90
New Holstein, village..	22	1	126	7	156		104
New Holstein, town.....	76	1	148	7	232		72
Hilbert, village	63	1	54	3	121	9	.....
Harrison	177		130		307	47	.....
Chilton, city	195	1	117	27	340	78	.....
Chilton, town	132	2	96	8	238	36	.....
Charlestown	141		92	25	258	49	.....
Brothertown	101	5	96		202	5	.....
Brillion, village	62		121	4	187		53
Brillion, town	52	6	219		277		167
Totals	1,389	27	1,630	93	3,139	251	492
Democratic plurality							251
Net Republican plurality							241

CHIPPEWA COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Geo. R. McCall, Dem.	Thos. A. Roycraft, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Chippewa Co.					
Delmar	69	54	123	15	.....
Edson	97	90	187	7	.....
Lafayette	34	224	258		193
Sigel	60	141	201		81
Tilden	120	104	224	16	.....
Wheaton	89	209	298		123
Boyd, village	84	62	146	22	.....
Cadott, village	60	105	165		45
Stanley, city	135	377	512		242
ward 1	14	91			.....
ward 2	32	76			.....
ward 3	43	113			.....
ward 4	46	97			.....
Chippewa Falls, city	578	603	1,181		25
ward 3	133	162			.....
ward 4	63	56			.....
ward 5	93	86			.....
ward 6	121	78			.....
ward 8	72	80			.....
ward 9	44	78			.....
ward 10	52	53			.....
	1,326	1,929	3,295	60	703
					60
					643

CHIPPEWA (part of) AND GATES COUNTIES.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Jabez C. Stubbs, Dem.	Louis L. Thayer, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Chippewa Co.					
Anson	26	119	145	.....	93
Arthur	52	145	197	.....	93
Auburn	44	156	200	.....	112
Bloomer	95	136	231	.....	41
Cleveland	22	70	92	.....	48
Colburn	25	95	120	.....	70
Eagle Point	99	112	211	.....	13
Sampson	26	70	96	.....	44
Auburn, village	18	66	84	.....	48
Bloomer, village	53	170	223	.....	117
Chippewa Falls, city	233	320	553	.....	87
ward 1	56	126	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	117	117	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	60	77	.....	.....	.....
Totals	693	1,459	2,152	.....	766
				.....	766
Gates Co.					
Atlanta	22	144	166	.....	122
Big Bend	16	76	92	.....	60
Bruce	38	83	121	.....	45
Dewey	39	42	81	.....	3
Flambeau	4	43	47	.....	39
Grant	21	53	74	.....	32
Hawkins	13	69	82	.....	55
Lawrence	21	85	106	.....	64
Ladysmith	71	249	320	.....	178
Marshall	13	18	31	.....	5
Rusk .....	.....	49	49	.....	49
Strickland	22	24	46	.....	2
Stubbs	124	55	179	69	.....
Thornapple .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 1	68	28	96	40	.....
precinct 2	39	20	59	19	.....
True	7	104	111	.....	97
Total vote	518	1,142	1,660	128	752
Total Democratic plurality					128
Net Republican plurality					624
Total assembly district	1,211	2,601	3,812	128	1,518
Democratic plurality					128
Net Republican plurality					1,390

COLUMBIA COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	N. P. Jamison Dem.	Wm. F. Ochran, Pro.	John Scott, Rep.	J. F. Anderson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Columbia Co.							
Arlington	113		68	4	185	45	.....
Caledonia	70	15	117		202		47
Dekorra	74	4	117	2	197		43
Fort Winnebago	64	4	62	1	331	2	.....
Lewiston	57	3	107	4	171		50
Lodi	61	4	68		133		7
Newport	24	2	84		110		63
Pacific	15	6	19	19	59		4
West Point	65	4	81	1	151		16
Kilbourn City, village..	71	3	211	2	287		140
Lodi, village	122	8	139	2	271		17
Poynette, village	104	4	57	10	175	47	.....
Portage	560	36	656	47	1,293		96
ward 1	83	4	63	7			
ward 2	88	13	130	3			
ward 3	94	10	105	8			
ward 4	141	3	172	9			
ward 5	159	6	186	20			
Totals	1,400	93	1,786	92	3,371	94	480
Democratic plurality							94
Net Republican plurality							386

COLUMBIA COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. E. Smith, Dem.	Fred W. Turner, Pro.	Wm. R. Turner, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Columbia Co.							
Columbus	85		62		147	23	.....
Courtland	44	8	128		180		84
Fountain Prairie	123	3	88		214	35	.....
Hampden	66	1	119		186		53
Leeds	80	4	157		221		57
Lowville	41	8	104		153		63
Marcellon	61	13	88		162		27
Otsego	63	4	199		265		133
Randolph	118		80		198	38	.....
Scott	37	6	87		130		50
Springvale	20	6	120		146		160
Wycocna	60	18	162		240		102
Cambria, village	36	13	107		156		71
Fall River, village	54	1	46		101	8	.....
Pardeeville, village	60	14	127		201		67
Randolph, village	33	5	22		60	11	.....
Rio, village	37	6	118		161		81
Columbia City	260	13	281		4		21
ward 1	93	4	104				
ward 2	67	4	96				
ward 3	100	5	81				
Totals	1,278	123	2,075		3,386	115	912
Democratic plurality							115
Net Republican plurality							797

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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CRAWFORD COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Jeremiah O'Neil, Dem.	James Dinsdale, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Crawford Co.					
Bridgeport	43	14	57	29	.....
Clayton	177	210	387	.....	33
Eastman	180	96	276	84	.....
Freeman	54	290	344	.....	236
Haney	54	99	153	.....	45
Marietta	76	93	169	.....	17
Prairie du Chien	82	22	104	60	.....
Scott	93	107	200	.....	14
Seneca	143	113	261	35	.....
Utica	71	274	345	.....	203
Wauzeka	76	35	111	41	.....
Lynxville, village	28	52	80	.....	24
Soldiers Grove, village	56	136	186	.....	74
Wauzeka, village	81	32	113	49	.....
De Soto, village	3	20	23	.....	17
Gays Mill, village	38	66	104	.....	23
Steuben, village	33	26	59	7	.....
Bell Center, village	32	27	59	5	.....
Prairie du Chien—					
ward 1	63	38	101	25	.....
ward 2	162	78	240	84	.....
ward 3	172	71	243	101	.....
ward 4	48	15	63	33	.....
Total	1,770	1,908	3,678	553	691
Total Democratic plurality					553
Net Republican plurality					138

DANE COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Jos. C. Schu- bert, Dem.	Wm. W. Bewick, Pro	Ernest H. Warner, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Dane Co.							
City of Madison	2,526	69	2,946	.....	5,541	.....	420
ward 1	213	7	291	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	287	5	396	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	235	3	224	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	306	11	261	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 1	202	5	394	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 2	137	6	222	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 1	231	1	256	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 2	164	1	222	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	282	11	204	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	311	6	247	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	123	11	136	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	30	2	93	.....	.....	.....	.....
Blooming Grove	179	3	163	.....	345	16	.....
Dunn	85	3	197	.....	285	.....	112
Pleasant Springs	46	3	235	1	345	.....	249
Madison, town	90	4	160	.....	254	.....	70
Total	2,926	82	3,761	1	6,770	16	851
Democratic plurality							16
Net Republican plurality							835

DANE COUNTY—THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Wm. F. Pierstorff, Dem.	Peter C. Gilber- sen, Pro.	John S. Donald, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Dane Co.							
Belleville, village	40	2	71		113		31
Berry	150	2	45		197	105	
Black Earth	38	10	36		84	2	
Black Earth, village	42	7	75		124		33
Blue Mounds	40	4	198		242		158
Cross Plains	197	1	55		253	142	
Dane	73		108	1	182		35
Dane, village	49		16		65	33	
Fitchburg	82	1	136		219		54
Mazomanie	41	3	59		103		18
Mazomanie, village	105	7	109		221		4
Middleton	254	3	113		370	141	
Montrose	84	13	89		186		5
Mt. Horeb	75	5	157		237		82
Oregon	66	2	129		207		73
Oregon, village	71	8	120		199		49
Perry	30	4	190		224		160
Primrose	28	4	130		162		102
Roxbury	135	3	34		172	101	
Rutland	21	9	281		311		260
Springdale	55		188		243		133
Springfield	186	1	27		214	159	
Vienna	58	5	168		231		110
Verona	112	11	107		230	5	
Vermont	48		127		175		79
Total	2,080	105	2,778	1	4,964	688	1,386
Democratic plurality							688
Republican plurality							698

DANE COUTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Peter N. Johnson, Dem.	Robt. S. Pearsall, Pro.	Henry G. Huber, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dane Co.						
Albion	78	20	278	376		200
Bristol	132	3	103	238	29	
Burke	97	2	193	292		96
Cambridge, village	46	2	98	146		52
Christianna	145	2	283	430		138
Cottage Grove	103	14	215	332		112
Deerfield	96	3	113	212		17
Deerfield, village	48	2	96	146		48
De Forest	24		73	97		49
Dunkirk	68	14	268	350		200
Medina	114	21	163	298		49
Stoughton, city	162	58	780	1,000		618
ward 1	37	15	193			
ward 2	38	12	280			
ward 3	35	18	181			
ward 4	52	13	126			
Sun Prairie	109		98	207	11	
Sun Prairie, village	134	8	152	294		18
Waunakee	94	1	34	129	60	
Westport	123	1	111	235	12	
Windsor	86	9	259	354		173
York	81	13	96	190		15
Total	1,740	173	3,413	5,326	112	1,785
Democratic plurality						112
Net Republican plurality						1,673

DODGE COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Frank S. Bauer, Dem.	Thos. P. Perkins, Rep.	Scatter-ing.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dodge Co.						
Ashippun	116	135	.....	251	.....	19
Clyman	164	82	.....	246	82	.....
Emmett	149	70	.....	219	79	.....
Herman	162	110	.....	272	52	.....
Hubbard	161	124	.....	288	40	.....
Hustisford	230	146	.....	376	84	.....
Lebanon	208	55	.....	263	153	.....
Le Roy	148	109	.....	257	39	.....
Lomira	124	185	.....	309	.....	61
Rubicon	128	115	.....	243	13	.....
Shields	144	26	.....	170	118	.....
Theresa	149	101	.....	250	48	.....
Williamstown	111	62	.....	173	49	.....
Horicon, city	288	66	1	355	222	.....
ward 1	105	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	99	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	84	34	1	.....	.....	.....
Mayville, city	280	149	.....	429	131	.....
ward 1	70	46	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	71	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	139	91	.....	.....	.....	.....
Watertown, city	381	101	.....	482	280	.....
ward 5	160	28	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	221	73	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lomira, village	63	50	.....	113	13	.....
Theresa, village	50	30	.....	80	20	.....
Neosho, village	39	37	.....	76	2	.....
Total	3,098	1,753	1	4,852	1,425	80
Republican plurality					80	.....
Net Democratic plurality					1,345	.....

DODGE COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	D. L. Hanni-fin, Dem.	C. H. Smith, Rep.	D. E. Jones, Pro.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dodge Co.						
Beaver Dam	125	105	1	231	20	.....
Burnett	133	97	7	237	36	.....
Calamus	63	76	14	153	.....	13
Chester	75	63	.....	138	12	.....
Fox Lake	42	89	4	135	.....	47
Lowell	154	146	6	306	8	.....
Oak Grove	178	112	4	294	66	.....
Portland	166	39	2	207	127	.....
Trenton	86	145	1	232	.....	59
Westfort	91	43	3	137	48	.....
Beaver Dam, city	656	440	33	1,129	216	.....
ward 1	100	29	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	110	47	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	44	91	13	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	100	60	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	82	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	87	45	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	62	82	7	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	71	76	6	.....	.....	.....
Juneau, city	192	54	.....	246	138	.....
ward 1	90	25	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	102	29	.....	.....	.....	.....

DODGE COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Dan. L. Hannin, Dem.	Chas. H. Smith, Rep.	David E. Jones, Pro.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Dodge Co.—Con.						
Waupun, city	98	250	8	356	.....	152
ward 1	29	84	4	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	30	74	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	23	45	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	16	47	3	.....	.....	.....
Fox Lake, village	94	124	2	220	.....	30
Lowell, village	34	36	.....	70	.....	2
Randolph, village	55	82	7	144	.....	27
Reeseville, village	46	47	1	94	.....	1
Total	2,288	1,948	93	4,329	671	331
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	331	.....
Net Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	340	.....

DOOR COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Charles Reynolds, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
			Dem.	Rep.
Door Co.				
Bailey's Harbor	93	93	.....	93
Brussels	129	129	.....	129
Clay Banks	67	67	.....	67
Egg Harbor	112	112	.....	112
Forestville	180	180	.....	180
Gardner	122	122	.....	122
Gibraltar	162	162	.....	162
Jacksonport	134	134	.....	134
Liberty Grove	273	273	.....	273
Nasevaupsee	139	139	.....	139
Sevastapol	217	217	.....	217
Sturgeon Bay	93	93	.....	93
Sturgeon Bay, city	641	641	.....	641
ward 1	185	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	118	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	157	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	181	.....	.....	.....
Union	64	64	.....	64
Washington	135	135	.....	135
Total	2,561	2,561	2,561
Democratic plurality
Net Republican plurality	2,561

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DOUGLAS COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	John A. Hobe, Dem.	Irvine L. Lenroot, Rep.	Henry M. Parks, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Douglas Co. Superior, city	717	1,659	181	2,557		942
ward 2	87	160	6			
ward 3	44	124	3			
ward 4, precinct 1	41	106	23			
ward 4, precinct 2	44	94	28			
ward 4, precinct 3	88	179	33			
ward 5, east precinct	41	126	12			
ward 5, west precinct	61	254	16			
ward 5, south precinct	117	233	16			
ward 6	194	283	44			
Total	717	1,659	181	2,557		942
Net Republican plurality						942

DOUGLAS COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Geo. W. Kane, Dem.	Wallace W. Andrew, Rep.	F. H. Clark, Soc Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Douglas Co. Brule	64	303	3	370		239
precinct 1	29	92	2			
precinct 2	24	171	1			
precinct 3	11	40				
Gordon	37	147	1	185		110
precinct 1	29	119				
precinct 2	8	28	1			
Nebagamon	100	514	18	632		414
precinct 1	67	326	14			
precinct 2	9	68	1			
precinct 3	22	76	2			
precinct 4	2	44	1			
Superior	45	198	7	250		153
precinct 1	16	57	3			
precinct 2	6	57				
precinct 3	10	30	2			
precinct 4, not voting						
precinct 5	13	54	2			
Superior, city	570	1,386	164	2,120		813
ward 1	186	232	31			
ward 7, precinct 1	89	221	29			
ward 7, precinct 2	100	212	14			
ward 8	38	216	22			
ward 9	74	336	45			
ward 10	83	169	23			
Total	816	2,548	193	3,557		1,732
Net Republican plurality						1,732

DUNN COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	I. C. Dammon, Dem.	O. G. Kinney, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Dunn Co.					
Colfax	6	119	125		113
Colfax, village	8	109	117		101
Dunn	42	158	206		116
Eau Galle	63	124	187		61
Elk Mound	11	135	146		124
Grant	2	107	109		105
Hay River	17	93	110		76
Lucas	26	84	110		53
Menomonie	49	183	232		134
Menomonie, city	207	622	829		415
ward 1	20	146			
ward 2	58	144			
ward 3	49	146			
ward 4	80	186			
New Haven	10	80	90		70
Otter Creek	4	60	64		56
Peru	15	67	82		52
Red Cedar	32	124	156		92
Rock Creek	9	97	106		88
Sand Creek	10	127	137		117
Sheridan	3	75	78		72
Sherman	13	108	121		95
Spring Brook	22	122	144		100
Stanton	36	175	211		139
Tainter	13	68	81		55
Tiffany	28	118	146		90
Weston	13	95	108		82
Wilson	8	119	127		111
Total	647	3,169	3,816		2,522
Net Republican plurality					2,522

EAU CLAIRE CO.—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	John H. Fleming, Dem.	Granvil F. Hurd, Pro.	Chas. A. Evans, Rep.	William Muller, Sec. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Eau Claire.							
Altoona, city	137	10	40		187	97	
ward 1	60	6	14				
ward 2	77	4	26				
Eau Claire, city	1,099	281	1,268	224	2,872		169
wadr 1	115	10	107	46			
ward 2	173	27	148	28			
ward 3	183	82	140	4			
ward 5	91	48	126	9			
ward 6	146	57	151	11			
ward 8	146	15	241	48			
ward 9	121	24	202	17			
ward 10	127	18	153	61			
Seymour, town	41	10	50	4	105		9
Total	1,277	801	1,358	228	3,164	97	178
Democratic plurality							97
Net Republican plurality							81

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EAU CLAIRE COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Bert Fred- erick, Dem.	John H. Mayo, Pro.	Chris. M. Saugen, Rep,	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Eau Claire.						
Augusta	102	10	144	256		42
Eau Claire, city.....	137	23	346	506		209
ward 4	42					
ward 7	95	5	109			
Bridge Creek		18	237			
Brunswick	90	6	79	175	11	
Clear Creek	46	2	79	107		33
Drammen	33	2	93	123		60
Fairchild	3	4	141	148		138
Fairchild, village	28	4	63	95		35
Lincoln	43		140	183		97
Ludington	123	6	78	213	51	
Otter Creek	36	2	113	151		77
Pleasant Valley	30	2	84	116		54
Union	18	7	160	185		142
Washington	39	14	77	130		38
Washington	37	5	153	195		116
Total	771	87	1,750	2,608	62	1,041
Democratic plurality						62
Net Republican plurality						979

FLORENCE, FOREST AND LANGLADE COUNTIES.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Hugh R. Edwards, Dem.	Elwyn F. Nelson, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY		
				Dem.	Rep.	
Florence Co.						
Commonwealth		24	120	144		96
precinct 1	7					
precinct 2	17	105	15			
Florence		165	215	380		50
Homestead		9	111	120		102
Total		198	446	644		248
Net Republican plurality						248
Forest Co.						
Caswell		13	39	52		26
Crandon—						
precinct 1		49	287	336		238
precinct 2		10	29	39		19
Hiles		20	90	110		70
Laona		34	205	239		171
North Crandon		29	70	99		41
Wabeno—						
precinct 1		26	121	147		95
precinct 2		12	37	49		25
precinct 3		4	82	86		78
Total		197	960	1,157		763
Net Republican plurality						763
Langlade Co.						
Ackley		66	70	136		4
Antigo		86	123	209		37
Elcho		22	85	117		53
Elton		16	33	54		22
Evergreen		47	34	81	13	
Langlade		25	40	65		15
Neva		99	71	170	28	
Norwood		73	121	194		48

FLORENCE, FOREST AND LANGLADE COUNTIES.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Hugh R. Edwards, Dem.	Elwyn F. Nelson, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Langlade Co.—Con.					
Peck	18	66	84	.....	48
Polar	77	119	195	.....	42
Price	59	54	113	5	.....
Rolling	80	137	217	.....	57
Summit	14	29	43	.....	15
Upham	28	50	78	.....	22
Vilas	15	27	42	.....	12
Antigo, city	721	638	1,359	83	.....
ward 1	83	87	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	112	114	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	111	80	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	172	115	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	114	89	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	129	153	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,456	1,702	3,158	129	57
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	129
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	246
Total assembly district	1,851	3,108	4,959	129	1,386
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	129
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,257

FOND DU LAC COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Christ Pickart, Dem.	Ray C. Fairbanks, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Fond du Lac Co.					
Calumet	223	57	280	166	.....
Empire	97	106	203	.....	9
Fond du Lac	105	124	229	.....	19
Forest	124	113	237	11	.....
Friendship	78	107	185	.....	29
Marshfield	359	36	395	323	.....
Taycheedah	230	34	264	196	.....
Fond du Lac, city	1,922	2,143	4,065	.....	221
ward 1	84	119	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	141	140	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	106	120	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	112	171	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	115	97	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	96	129	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	116	174	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	130	148	.....	.....	.....
ward 9	110	139	.....	.....	.....
ward 10	111	165	.....	.....	.....
ward 11	112	177	.....	.....	.....
ward 12	159	144	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	153	98	.....	.....	.....
ward 14	114	98	.....	.....	.....
ward 15	120	131	.....	.....	.....
ward 16	143	93	.....	.....	.....
North Fond du Lac ward	171	264	435	.....	93
Total	3,309	2,984	6,293	696	371
Republican plurality	371
Net Democratic plurality	325

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FOND DU LAC COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	James Bannon, Dem.	Wes'ley E. Webb, Pro.	John W. Powell, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Fond du Lac Co.						
Alto	48		125	173		77
Ashford	179	2	131	312	48	
Auburn	126		116	242	10	
Byron	126		141	267		15
Bden	166	3	199	363		33
Eldorado	123		186	309		63
Lamortina	129	2	139	270		10
Metomen	67	10	177	251		110
Oakfield	40	4	148	192		103
Osceola	123	7	134	264		11
Ripon	67	4	163	231		96
Rosendale	64	12	157	233		93
Springvale	102	2	140	244		38
Waupun	49	2	139	190		90
Ripon, city	353	26	502	881		149
ward 1	71		132			
ward 2	88	2	123			
ward 3	94	6	111			
ward 4	100	10	136			
Waupun, city	117	4	157	258		20
ward 5	51		49			
ward 6	66	4	38			
Brandon, village	70		87	157		17
Campbellsport, village	111	4	62	177	49	
Oakfield ward	42	3	110	155		68
Total	2,102	85	2,993	5,180	107	893
Democratic plurality						107
Net Republican plurality						891

GRANT COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	James W. Murphy, Dem.	John Nicholas McLeod, Pro.	Duncan Mc- Gregor, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Grant County.						
Beetown	69	4	142	215		73
Cassville	76		49	125	27	
Clifton	63	11	165	239		102
Ellensboro	46	2	132	180		36
Glen Haven	83	3	94	180		11
Harrison	92	1	119	212		27
Hazel Green	106	2	82	190	24	
Jamestown	141	1	35	177	106	
Lima	101	11	93	205	8	
Paris	98	1	56	155	42	
Platteville	103	4	68	175	35	
Potosi	170	2	121	293	49	
Smelser	75	2	142	219		67
Waterloo	39		127	176		98
Cassville, village	127	3	96	226	31	
Cuba City, village	79	2	94	175		15
Hazel Green, village	49	4	78	131		29
Potosi, village	62	1	42	105	20	
Platteville, city	516	11	448	975	68	
ward 1	164	4	169			
ward 2	135		126			
ward 3	90	4	136			
ward 4	127	3	77			
Total	2,695	65	2,193	4,353	410	508
Democratic plurality						410
Net Republican plurality						98

GRANT COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Thomas Edre, Dem.	Arasmus E. Cooley, Pro.	Joseph P. Chandler Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Grant Co.						
Bloomington	65	5	76	146	.....	11
Boscobel	209	4	241	454	.....	32
Castle Rock	97	1	35	133	62	.....
Fennimore	95	4	96	195	.....	1
Hickory Grove	46	1	104	151	.....	58
Lancaster	160	7	250	357	.....	150
Liberty	88	.....	94	180	.....	8
Little Grant	35	3	84	122	.....	49
Marion	69	6	44	119	25	.....
Millville	6	12	48	66	.....	33
Mt. Hope	74	14	92	180	.....	18
Mt. Ida	72	13	89	174	.....	17
Muscoda	43	.....	48	91	.....	5
Patch Grove	53	11	97	161	.....	44
Watertown	46	3	90	139	.....	44
Wingville	67	.....	122	189	.....	55
Woodman	63	10	38	111	25	.....
Wyalusing	53	8	165	228	.....	112
Bloomington, village	58	9	90	157	.....	32
Fennimore, village	176	9	87	272	89	.....
Montfort, village	43	5	83	131	.....	40
Muscoda, village	111	3	67	181	44	.....
Lancaster, city	213	10	387	610	.....	174
ward 1	48	2	94	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	56	3	84	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	53	2	98	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	56	3	111	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,880	138	2,527	4,545	245	883
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	245
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	647

Republican plurality over Prohibition vote in Millville.

GREEN COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Willis Ludlow, Dem.	Fred Ties, Rep.	Wm. Smiley, Pro.	Peter R. Burns, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Green Co.							
Adams	80	66	.....	1	147	14	.....
Albany	35	87	20	.....	142	.....	52
Albany, village	75	86	35	2	198	.....	11
Brooklyn	102	134	18	2	256	.....	32
Brodhead	146	244	14	47	451	.....	98
ward 1	69	115	10	21	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	77	129	4	26	.....	.....	.....
Browntown	32	34	3	.....	69	.....	2
Cadiz	103	114	.....	.....	217	.....	11
Clarno	107	112	.....	1	220	.....	5
Decatur	58	79	8	.....	145	.....	21
Exeter	64	69	16	1	150	.....	5
Jefferson	82	158	19	.....	259	.....	76
Jordan	74	79	2	1	156	.....	5
Monroe	100	60	.....	.....	160	40	.....

IOWA COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Michael H. Mur- phy, Dem.	Daniel Lee, Pro.	Roy C. Smelker, Rep.	Total vote.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Iowa Co.						
Arena	81	21	166	268		85
Brigham	74	4	241	319		167
Clyde	117		20	137	97	
Dodgeville	130	19	210	359		80
Eden	52	2	79	131		27
Highland	179		95	276	84	
Linden	67	14	187	268		20
Mifflin	43	13	205	261		162
Mineral Point	89		150	243		61
Moscow	62	4	215	282		153
Pulaski	141		145	286		4
Ridgeway	88	7	91	186		3
Waldwick	67	4	106	177		39
Wyoming	80	4	58	142	22	
Dodgeville, city	231	16	284	531		53
Mineral Point, city	325	18	297	640	28	
ward 1	79	7	61			
ward 2	107	8	95			
ward 3	56	2	69			
ward 4	83	1	72			
Cobb, village	22		26	62		14
Highland, village	139	1	65	205	74	
Linden, village	18	8	133	159		115
Rewey, village	11	1	30	42		19
Ridgeway, village	48	2	58	108		10
Total	2,064	147	2,871	5,082	305	1,112
Democratic plurality						305
Net Republican plurality						807

IRON, ONEIDA AND VILAS COUNTIES—ONE ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Mart. Hirzel, Dem.	E. A. Everett, Rep.	Root. R. Ruther- ford, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Iron Co.						
Anderson	18	60		78		42
Knight	25	246	4	275		221
Montreal	28	163		191		135
Saxon	24	175		199		151
Vaughn	222	592	8	822		370
precinct 1	131	265	4			
precinct 2	61	224	1			
precinct 3	5	27	2			
precinct 4	25	76	1			
Total	317	1,236	12	1,565		919
Net Republican plurality						919
Oneida Co.						
Rhineland	302	667		969		365
ward 1	25	116				
ward 2	30	117				
ward 3	33	120				
ward 4	58	117				
ward 5	93	96				
ward 6	63	101				

JACKSON COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Charles F. Hille, Dem.	W. F. Murray, Pro.	W. S Brad- dock, Rep.	Scat- tering	Total	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Jackson Co.							
Albion	52	4	248		304		196
Alma	37	6	102		145		65
Alma Center	65	3	24		92	41	
Bear Bluff	5	2	17		24		12
Black River Falls	175	16	235		426		60
ward 1	43	8	47				
ward 2	19	4	55				
ward 3	36	1	58				
ward 4	77	3	74				
Brockway	32	2	65		99		33
City Point	15	1	39		55		24
Cleveland	70		67		137	3	
Curran	18		126	1	145		108
Franklin	3	5	124		132		119
Garden Valley	28	1	76		105		48
Garfield	2	9	134		145		132
Hixton	52	14	165		171		53
Irving	65	2	103		173		40
Knapp	8	2	48		58		40
Manchester	14	5	82		101		68
Melrose	43	9	233		285		190
Merrillan	29	7	113		149		84
Millston	31	2	55		88		24
Northfield	13	7	201		221		188
Springfield	23	5	219		247		196
Total	783	102	2,421	1	3,307	44	1,680
Democratic plurality							44
Net Republican plurality							1,638

JEFFERSON COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Edward Raeck, Dem.	Robert Jones, Rep.	Total	PLURALITY	
				Dem	Rep.
Jefferson Co.					
Concord	148	111	259	37	
Farmington	234	74	308	160	
Hebron	86	119	205		33
Ixonia	160	121	281	39	
Milford	92	113	205		21
Palmyra	21	122	143		101
Sullivan	112	203	315		91
Watertown	212	110	322	102	
Watertown, city	674	662	1,336	12	
ward 1	209	274			
ward 2	156	155			
ward 3	113	100			
ward 4	70	73			
ward 7	126	60			
Johnson Creek, village	45	29	74	16	
Palmyra, village	35	142	177		107
Total	1,819	1,806	3,625	263	353
Republican plurality				353	
Net Democratic plurality				13	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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JEFFERSON COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Lewis Benson, Dem.	C. F. Greenwood, Rep.	W. E. Mack, Pro.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep
Jefferson Co.						
Aztalan	125	99	2	226	26	.....
Cold Spring	39	58	5	102	.....	19
Jefferson	232	111	1	344	121	.....
precinct 1	144	66	1	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	88	45	.....	.....	.....	.....
Koshkonong	140	166	7	313	.....	23
Lake Mills	55	178	5	238	.....	123
Oakland	133	137	.....	270	.....	4
Summer	53	62	7	122	.....	9
Waterloo	169	71	3	243	38	.....
Port Atkinson, city	355	450	37	842	.....	95
ward 1	72	140	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	67	117	17	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	92	73	19	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	124	120	1	.....	.....	.....
Jefferson, city	433	231	4	668	202	.....
ward 1	80	89	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	111	65	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	131	51	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	111	26	1	.....	.....	.....
Johnson Creek, village	31	27	.....	58	4	.....
Lake Mills, village	52	315	4	371	.....	263
Waterloo, village	184	82	8	274	102	.....
Total	1,941	1,987	83	4,011	493	539
Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	493
Net Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46

JUNEAU COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Peter A. Cleary, Dem.	Frank M. Reed, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Juneau Co.					
Armenia	46	122	168	.....	76
Clearfield	52	48	100	4	.....
Cutler	26	44	70	.....	18
Finley	26	7	33	19	.....
Fountain	83	126	219	.....	53
Germantown	61	72	133	.....	11
Kildare	90	43	133	47	.....
Kingston	37	23	60	14	.....
Lemonweir	120	132	252	.....	12
Lindina	115	96	211	19	.....
Lisbon	59	86	145	.....	27
Lyndon	67	42	109	25	.....
Marion	40	31	71	9	.....
Necedah	95	307	402	.....	212
Orange	42	66	108	.....	24
Plymouth	145	69	214	76	.....
Seven Mile Creek	169	51	220	.....	.....
Summit	85	75	160	58	.....
Wanawana	135	121	256	14	.....
Camp Douglas, village	54	60	114	.....	6
Lyndon Station, village	45	30	75	15	.....
Wanawana, village	101	102	203	.....	1
Eloy	339	89	428	250	.....
ward 1	148	42	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	191	47	.....	.....	.....
Mauston	208	215	423	.....	7
ward 1	72	87	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	136	128	.....	.....	.....
New Lisbon	135	118	253	17	.....
ward 1	82	54	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	53	64	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,315	2,185	4,500	577	447
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	447	.....
Net Democratic plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	130	.....

KENOSHA COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Walter L. Dexter, Dem.	Chester E. Ozanne, Pro.	Walker M. Curtiss, Rep.	Walter W. Butten, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Kenosha Co.							
Brigton	113	4	84		201	29	.....
Bristol	92	3	189	1	285		97
Paris	95	6	74	3	178	21	.....
Pleasant Prairie	156	6	210	10	282		54
Randall	67	2	114		183		47
Salem	156	1	269	2	428		113
Somers	97	8	263	8	376		166
Wheatland	119	1	74		194	45	.....
Kenosha, city	1,273	45	1,418	362	3,103		140
ward 1	199	7	157	45			
ward 2	125	8	155	21			
ward 3	226	16	324	79			
ward 4	195	5	289	73			
ward 5	116	3	198	71			
ward 6	122	2	82	19			
ward 7	131	2	90	29			
ward 8	154	2	123	25			
Total	2,173	76	2,695	386	5,330	95	617
Democratic plurality							95
Net Republican plurality							522

KEWAUNEE CO.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Edward Decker, Jr., Dem.	A. G. Schauer, Rep.	Charles Waegli, Soc. Dem.	Total	PLURALITY		
					Dem.	Rep.	
Kewaunee Co.							
Algoma, city		294	114	13	421	180	.....
Ahnapee		157	57	2	216	100	.....
Carlton		41	220	5	266		179
Casco		165	65	3	233	100	.....
Franklin		86	187	8	281		101
Kewaunee, city		140	189	43	372		49
Lincoln		94	77	1	172	17	.....
Luxemburg		162	134	3	299	28	.....
Montpelier		95	163	3	261		68
Pierce		76	61	4	141	15	.....
Red River		47	170	1	218		123
West Kewaunee		139	143	8	290		4
Total		1,496	1,580	94	3,170	440	524
Democratic plurality							440
Net Republican plurality							84

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LA CROSSE COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Benard F. Keeler, Dem.	Sam. A. Johnson, Pro.	Jno. S. Durland, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
La Crosse Co.						
Campbell	71	4	80	155		9
La Crosse, city	1,904	68	2,276	4,248		372
ward 1	184	7	149			
ward 2	142	...	161			
ward 4	140	8	180			
ward 5	96	...	130			
ward 6	150	4	132			
ward 7	96	13	188			
ward 9	96	...	192			
ward 10	163	8	190			
ward 11	117	5	140			
ward 12	125	3	96			
ward 13	145	4	115			
ward 14	122	...	153			
ward 15	171	1	114			
ward 16	56	4	116			
ward 19	71	6	127			
ward 20	80	4	88			
Total	1,975	72	2,356	4,403		381
Democratic plurality						
Net Republican plurality						381

LA CROSSE COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Elias Jones, Dem.	Christ. M. Casberg, Pro.	Thos. Johnson, Rep.	Scattering	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
La Crosse Co.							
Bangor	66	4	64		134	2	.....
Bangor, village	140	.....	57	1	198	83	.....
Barre	70	.....	51	2	123	19	.....
Burns	73	10	143	.....	226	.....	70
Farmington	118	.....	228	.....	346	.....	110
Greenfield	78	.....	72	2	152	6	.....
Hamilton	41	.....	237	4	282	.....	196
Holland	14	12	213	.....	239	.....	199
Onalaska	41	18	165	.....	224	.....	124
Shelby	166	3	74	.....	183	32	.....
Washington	93	.....	68	.....	161	25	.....
West Salem, village	63	4	142	.....	209	.....	79
Onalaska, city	80	23	125	.....	228	.....	45
ward 1	17	3	34	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	36	17	53	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	27	3	38	.....	.....	.....	.....
La Crosse, city	873	21	640	.....	1,534	233	.....
ward 3	214	1	123	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 8	233	10	144	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 17	139	2	183	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 13	206	5	140	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 21	81	3	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,856	95	2,219	9	4,239	400	823
Democratic plurality							400
Net Republican plurality							423

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	John Kettler, Dem.	Hans H. Nord, Pro.	Richard E. Tarrell, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Lafayette Co.						
Argyle	51	5	127	183	.....	76
Belmont	124		41	165	83	.....
Benton	74	1	123	198	.....	49
Blanchard	40	3	64	107	.....	24
Darlington	129	5	142	267	.....	22
Elk Grove	87		97	184	.....	10
Fayette	77	3	113	183	.....	36
Gratiot	119	5	143	267	.....	24
Kendall	128	1	27	156	101	.....
Lamont	48	2	98	148	.....	50
Monticello	28		45	73	.....	17
New Diggings	94	4	158	256	.....	64
Seymour	107		70	177	37	.....
Shullsburg	101	1	81	183	29	.....
Wayne	53	13	193	259	.....	140
White Oak Springs	20		65	85	.....	45
Willow Springs	143	11	75	229	68	.....
Wiota	89	5	241	335	.....	122
Argyle village	45	2	107	154	.....	62
Belmont, village	67	4	61	132	6	.....
Benton, village	71		63	134	8	.....
Blanchardville, village	51	3	99	153	.....	48
Gratiot, village	60		36	96	24	.....
Darlington, city	251	4	229	484	22	.....
ward 1	130		133	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	121	4	96	.....	.....	.....
Shullsburg, city	171	3	111	285	60	.....
ward 1	63	1	56	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	108	2	55	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,219	75	2,639	4,903	429	829
Democratic plurality						429
Net Republican plurality						390

LINCOLN COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Hall L. Brooks, Dem.	Joseph Weiss, Soc. Dem.	J. E. Leary, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Lincoln Co.						
Birch	52	3	30	85	.....	.....
Bradley	53	5	20	78	33	.....
Corning	87	4	36	127	51	.....
Harrison	66	3	37	106	29	.....
King	20	3	10	33	10	.....
Merrill	96		41	137	55	.....
Merrill, city	1,118	15	905	2,038	213	.....
ward 1	123	3	111	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	89	3	75	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	157	1	111	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	220	4	210	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	144	2	105	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	226		133	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	159	2	160	.....	.....	.....
Pine River	121	2	83	206	38	.....
Russell	72	4	31	107	41	.....
Rock Falls	33	23	30	86	3	.....
Scott	123	3	67	188	61	.....
Schley	145	1	41	187	104	.....
Tomahawk	69		24	93	45	.....
Tomahawk, city	279	32	184	495	95	.....
ward 1	65	4	37	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	61	10	48	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	76	9	62	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	77	9	37	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,339	98	1,539	3,976	800	.....
Republican plurality						800
Net Democratic plurality						800

MARATHON COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Willis F. La Du, Dem.	Fred Prehn, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				D. m.	Rep.
Marathon Co.					
Athens, village	74	100	174	.....	26
Bergen	48	79	127	.....	31
Berlin	96	101	197	.....	5
Bern	35	37	79	.....	2
Brighton	58	82	140	.....	24
Cassel	115	73	188	42	.....
Cleveland	78	245	323	.....	167
Colby, E. ward	19	25	44	.....	6
Day	89	62	151	27	.....
Eau Pleine	85	54	139	31	.....
Edgar, village	94	73	167	21	.....
Emmet	132	40	172	92	.....
Frankfort	54	62	116	.....	8
Fenwood, village	22	27	49	.....	5
Halsey	50	40	90	10	.....
Hamburg	73	102	175	.....	29
Holton	72	131	203	.....	59
Hull	63	127	190	.....	64
Johnson	66	80	146	.....	14
Maine	98	78	176	20	.....
Marathon	79	40	119	39	.....
Marathon, village	50	67	117	.....	17
McMillan	91	88	179	3	.....
McMillan, village	12	28	40	.....	16
Mosinee	56	27	83	29	.....
Mosinee, village	46	72	118	.....	26
Rib Falls	44	101	145	.....	57
Rietbrock	102	83	185	19	.....
Spencer	47	45	92	2	.....
Spencer, village	49	35	84	14	.....
Stettin	86	81	167	5	.....
Wein	62	69	131	.....	7
Total	2,145	2,354	4,499	354	563
Democratic plurality					354
Net Republican plurality					209

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MARATHON COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	J. H. Reiser, Dem.	A. R. Bucknam, Pro.	Aug. F. Macquardt, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Marathon Co.						
Brokaw, village	23	1	82	106		59
Easton	48	3	96	147		48
Eldron	46	2	96	144		59
Franzen	4	1	36	41		32
Harrison	18	3	34	55		16
Hewitt	15	2	32	49		17
Knowlton	22	1	80	103		53
Kronenwetter	42		37	79	5	
Norrie	49	47	76	163		36
Pike Lake	155	1	23	179	132	
Plover	16	4	54	74		33
Ringle	32	1	43	75		11
Scofield, village	53	3	86	142		33
Texas	57	7	131	195		74
Wausau	84		83	167	1	
Weston	78	3	115	196		37
Wausau, city	1,284	56	1,738	3,108		484
ward 1	192	6	150			
ward 2	190	4	186			
ward 3	137	4	167			
ward 4	129	9	147			
ward 5	208	11	250			
ward 6	103	4	180			
ward 7	99	9	234			
ward 8	140	3	178			
ward 9	86	6	226			
Total	2,017	135	2,872	5,024	138	893
Democratic plurality						133
Net Republican plurality						855

MARINETTE COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	L. J. Evans, Dem.	H. W. Pope, Pro.	E. W. Le Roy, Rep.	James Larson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Marinette Co.							
ward 1	100	15	262	70	447		162
ward 2	118	39	323	52	532		265
ward 3	133	29	388	27	577		255
ward 4	186	15	323	18	542		187
ward 5	152	16	234	8	460		132
Total	689	114	1,580	175	2,558		891
Republican plurality							891

MARINETTE COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	R. L. Thomas Pro.	J. F. Slight, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Pro.	Rep.
Marinette Co.					
Amberg, village		96	96		96
Pembiné		60	62		53
Magara	2	139	135		125
Coleman, village	5	65	66		61
Crevitz	1	151	151		151
Dunbar		108	112		104
Grover		243	243		243
Porterfield	8	130	138		122
Peshigo, city—					
ward 1	8	86	94		78
ward 2	3	99	102		96
ward 3		120	120		120
Peshigo, town (main road).....	2	71	7		69
Peshigo, town (Air Line road).....	1	25	26		24
Homestead	2	92	94		90
Middle Inlet	1	38	39		37
Intervale	2	30	32		23
Pound	9	325	334		313
Wausaukee	19	195	214		176
Total	67	2,064	2,131		1,997
Republican plurality					1,997

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Joseph M. Crowley, Dem.	Edward L. Tracy, Rep.	Swan Nelson, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee, city.						
ward 1, precinct 1.....	143	96	96			
ward 1, precinct 2.....	240	229	102			
ward 1, precinct 3.....	174	218	29			
ward 1, precinct 4.....	297	300	45			
	854	843	272	1,969	11	
ward 18, precinct 1.....	278	59	99			
ward 18, precinct 2.....	483	78	51			
ward 18, precinct 3.....	224	269	38			
ward 18, precinct 4.....	323	258	115			
ward 18, precinct 5.....	223	359	84			
	1,531	1,023	387	2,941	508	
Total	2,385	1,866	659	4,910	519	
Republican plurality					519	
Net Democratic plurality.....					519	

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Gustar A. Dick, Dem.	J. S. Bletcher, Rep.	Fred Koll, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city.						
ward 2, precinct 1.....	138	127	116	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, precinct 2.....	166	179	139	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, precinct 3.....	148	101	116	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, precinct 4.....	144	197	180	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, precinct 5.....	166	166	57	.....	.....	.....
	762	770	608	2,140		8
ward 6, precinct 1.....	143	163	100	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 2.....	166	193	114	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 3.....	184	231	156	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 4.....	116	249	135	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 5.....	101	174	155	.....	.....	.....
ward 6, precinct 6.....	117	206	125	.....	.....	.....
	827	1,207	735	2,819		380
Total	1,589	1,977	1,393	4,959		388
Democratic plurality						
Net Republican plurality						388

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Arbrose Mc- Gingam, Dem.	Geo. E. Page, Rep.	William Flamm, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city.						
ward 17, precinct 1.....	148	203	232	.....	.....	.....
ward 17, precinct 2.....	157	313	247	.....	.....	.....
ward 17, precinct 3.....	127	253	149	.....	.....	.....
ward 17, precinct 4.....	142	88	153	.....	.....	.....
	574	857	781	2,212		76
City So. Milwaukee	244	550	149	943		306
ward 1	55	132	31	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	52	148	53	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	84	186	50	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	53	84	10	.....	.....	.....
Cudahy, village	105	208	109	422		99
Oak Creek, town	118	161	12	291		43
Lake, town	363	443	197	1,003		80
precinct 1	137	345	155	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	226	98	42	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,404	2,219	1,248	4,871		694
Democratic plurality						
Net Republican plurality						815

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—FOURTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	J. M. Clarke, Dem.	Fred C. Westfabl Rep.	G. Underhill, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city.						
ward 15, precinct 1.....	245	344	179	.....	.....	.....
ward 15, precinct 2.....	141	246	152	.....	.....	.....
ward 15, precinct 3.....	159	299	106	.....	.....	.....
ward 15, precinct 4.....	167	431	107	.....	.....	.....
ward 15, precinct 5.....	108	282	68	.....	.....	.....
	820	1,602	612	3,034		782
ward 16, precinct 1.....	173	275	54	.....	.....	.....
ward 16, precinct 2.....	216	334	35	.....	.....	.....
ward 16, precinct 3.....	199	302	91	.....	.....	.....
ward 16, precinct 4.....	341	446	105	.....	.....	.....
	929	1,357	285	2,571		428
Total	1,749	2,959	897	5,605		1,210
Democratic plurality						
Net Republican plurality						1,210

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—FIFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Joseph O'Hearn, Dem.	Wm. T. Duke, Rep.	Wm. J. Alldridge Soc. Dem.	Chas M. Frink, Ind. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.							
Milwaukee, city.							
ward 5, precinct 1..	143	71	89	...	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 2..	163	228	156	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 3..	176	194	156	6	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 4..	175	107	102	...	.....	.....	.....
ward 5, precinct 5..	87	204	146	10	.....	.....	.....
	744	804	649	17	2,214		60
ward 12, precinct 1..	115	169	216	5	.....	.....	.....
ward 12, precinct 2..	145	151	125	9	.....	.....	.....
ward 12, precinct 3..	167	97	155	...	.....	.....	.....
ward 12, precinct 4..	204	111	156	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 12, precinct 5..	143	236	328	3	.....	.....	.....
	774	764	980	17	2,535	*26	.....
Total	1,518	1,568	1,629	34	4,749	26	60
Republican plurality						60	.....
Net So. Dem. plurality..						61	.....

*Social Democratic.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Thos. F. Ramsey, Dem.	Albert J. Vaunaman, Rep.	John P. Lahm, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee, city.						
ward 3, precinct 1.....	175	82	31			
ward 3, precinct 2.....	299	88	42			
ward 3, precinct 3.....	254	162	49			
	728	332	122	1,182	396	
ward 4, precinct 1.....	260	213	165			
ward 4, precinct 2.....	223	230	126			
ward 4, precinct 3.....	191	172	59			
ward 4, precinct 4.....	203	221	63			
ward 4, precinct 5.....	217	227	60			
	1,094	1,063	413	2,570	31	
ward 7, precinct 1.....	165	163	89			
ward 7, precinct 2.....	272	336	102			
ward 7, precinct 3.....	145	255	24			
	582	804	215	1,601		222
Total	2,404	2,189	750	5,253	437	222
Republican plurality					222	
Net Democratic plurality					205	

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	F. L. Bell, Dem.	Fred Hartung, Rep.	Wm. Meller, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Franklin, town	91	185	4	280		94
Greenfield, town	276	528	179	983		252
precinct 1	76	195	18			
precinct 2	92	56	5			
precinct 3	163	277	156			
Wauwatosa, town	568	1,504	347	2,419		333
precinct 1	68	154	26			
precinct 2	261	294	162			
precinct 3	59	107	21			
precinct 4	115	428	91			
precinct 5	125	521	47			
Wauwatosa, city	158	367	37	562		209
ward 1	55	115	7			
ward 2	35	69	6			
ward 3	33	96	6			
ward 4	30	87	18			
West Allis, village	145	268	82	495		123
Total	1,238	2,852	649	4,739		1,614
Democratic plurality						1,614
Net Republican plurality						1,614

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—EIGHTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	David Geraghty, Dem.	O. F. Thieme, Rep.	Wm. E. Bau- mann, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city	619	1,069	657	2,345		412
ward 8, precinct 1	143	177	153			
ward 8, precinct 2	170	263	140			
ward 8, precinct 3	127	283	143			
ward 8, precinct 4	179	341	216			
Milwaukee, city	615	925	604	2,144		310
ward 23, precinct 1	82	217	187			
ward 23, precinct 2	134	272	161			
ward 23, precinct 3	192	228	93			
ward 23, precinct 4	267	208	103			
Total	1,234	1,994	1,261	4,489		722
Democratic plurality						
Net Republican plurality						733

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Jacob Kehrain, Dem.	Frank Mueller, Rep.	E. J. Berner, Soc. Dem.	Elias Lehman, Ind. Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.							
Milwaukee, city	844	1,168	1,343	23	3,388	*180	
ward 9, precinct 1	145	235	201	5			
ward 9, precinct 2	172	146	186	6			
ward 9, precinct 3	154	136	208	4			
ward 9, precinct 4	123	187	236	3			
ward 9, precinct 5	174	235	247	3			
ward 9, precinct 6	76	229	270	7			
Total	844	1,168	1,348	23	3,388	180	
Republican plurality							
Net Soc. Democratic plur.						180	

*Social Democrat.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—TENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Wm. Biesel, Dem.	Louis Metzler, Rep.	Jacob Hunger, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city	627	1,411	1,209	3,247		202
ward 10, precinct 1	91	186	167			
ward 10, precinct 2	119	165	145			
ward 10, precinct 3	116	253	210			
ward 10, precinct 4	110	262	182			
ward 10, precinct 5	112	276	231			
ward 10, precinct 6	79	269	274			
Total	627	1,411	1,209	3,247		202
Soc. Democratic plurality						
Net Republican plurality						202

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—FOURTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	John H. Szymarek, Dem.	John J. Derwort, Rep.	Martin Gorecki, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.						
Milwaukee, city	1,623	855	975	3,453	648	.....
ward 14, precinct 1	281	93	132	.....	.....	.....
ward 14, precinct 2	464	158	218	.....	.....	.....
ward 14, precinct 3	249	77	96	.....	.....	.....
ward 14, precinct 4	187	207	162	.....	.....	.....
ward 14, precinct 5	265	188	161	.....	.....	.....
ward 14, precinct 6	287	132	206	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,623	855	975	3,453	648	.....
Republican plurality .....						.....
Net Democratic plurality .....						.....

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—FIFTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Chas. Desfield, Dem.	Phil. H. Hamm, Rep.	H. G. Hansen, Soc. Dem.	E. M. Rubringer, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						S. D.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.							
Milwaukee, city	455	907	1,202	12	2,576	*295	.....
ward 21, precinct 1	75	217	273	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 21, precinct 2	205	259	323	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 21, precinct 3	58	181	228	1	.....	.....	.....
ward 21, precinct 4	117	250	378	6	.....	.....	.....
Granville	102	196	10	.....	308	.....	94
Milwaukee	123	339	139	1	607	.....	200
precinct 1	72	132	18	.....	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	56	207	121	1	.....	.....	.....
East Milwaukee, village	6	55	14	1	76	.....	41
North Milwaukee, vil... ..	89	147	35	1	272	.....	53
Whitefish Bay, village..	24	49	3	1	77	.....	25
Total	804	1,693	1,403	16	3,916	295	418
Soc. Democratic plurality							295
Net Republican plurality							290

*Social Democratic.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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MILWAUKEE COUNTY--SIXTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Joseph Heller, Dem.	F. B. Breit- wisch, Rep.	Aug. N. Streh- low, Soc. Dem.	Carl Oberken, Soc. Lab.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Milwaukee Co.							
Milwaukee, city	533	1,349	1,549	11	3,442	*200	.....
ward 20, precinct 1..	117	261	264	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 2..	125	249	311	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 3..	97	258	267	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 4..	65	180	273	2	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 5..	56	171	220	3	.....	.....	.....
ward 20, precinct 6..	73	230	214	1	.....	.....	.....
Total	533	1,349	1,549	11	3,442	200	.....
Republican plurality .....							.....
Net Soc. Democratic plur.						200	.....

MONROE COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Chas. I. Hall, Dem.	W. W. Link, Pro.	Geo. P. Stevens, Rep	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Monroe Co.						
Adrian	56	5	72	133	.....	16
Angelo	35	4	76	115	.....	41
Byron	25	5	108	133	.....	83
Clifton	105	1	115	221	.....	10
Glendale	35	6	144	185	.....	169
Grant	29	2	70	101	.....	41
Greenfield	87	.....	67	154	20	.....
Jefferson	119	5	58	182	61	.....
Lafayette	19	1	63	83	.....	44
La Grange	42	5	101	143	.....	59
Leon	35	2	125	162	.....	91
Lincoln	27	1	156	184	.....	129
Little Falls	87	6	145	238	.....	58
New Lyme	14	1	35	50	.....	21
Oakdale	58	2	79	139	.....	21
Portland	43	.....	183	226	.....	140
Ridgeville	86	.....	91	177	.....	5
Scott	10	2	48	60	.....	38
Sheldon	45	13	88	146	.....	43
Sparta	60	14	180	251	.....	43
Tomah	91	4	83	178	8	.....
Wellington	70	4	129	194	.....	50
Wells	66	2	36	104	30	.....
Wilton	118	.....	56	174	62	.....
Sparta, city	291	30	513	834	.....	222
ward 1	70	5	115	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	69	11	124	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	66	7	141	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	86	7	122	.....	.....	.....
Tomah, city	387	14	290	691	97	.....
ward 1	102	7	91	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	125	5	136	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	160	2	63	.....	.....	.....
Cashton, village	50	3	84	137	.....	34
Kendall, village	34	.....	82	116	.....	48
Norwalk, village	46	.....	59	105	.....	13
Ontario, village	5	4	19	28	.....	14
Wilton, village	66	1	51	118	15	.....
Total	2,241	137	3,297	5,775	293	1,449
Democratic plurality						293
Net Republican plurality						1,156

OCONTO COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Peter J. Webber, Dem.	Henry Johnson, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Oconto Co.					
Armstrong	26	180	206	.....	154
Breed	3	57	60	.....	54
Brazeau	46	72	118	.....	26
Chase	68	73	141	.....	5
Gillett	31	210	241	.....	179
Howe	51	136	187	.....	85
Lena	64	97	161	.....	33
Little River	47	145	192	.....	98
Little Suamico	84	74	158	10	.....
Maple Valley	13	148	161	.....	135
Morgan	36	81	117	.....	45
Oconto	99	114	213	.....	15
Oconto Falls	37	74	111	.....	37
Pensaukee	40	332	372	.....	292
precinct 1	20	129	372	.....	292
precinct 2	9	62	.....	.....	.....
precinct 3	11	141	.....	.....	.....
Spruce	51	113	167	.....	59
Stiles	45	89	134	.....	44
Underhill	17	117	134	.....	100
Gillett, village	40	74	114	.....	34
Oconto Falls, village	82	163	245	.....	81
Oconto, city	539	540	1,079	.....	.....
south ward	152	76	.....	76	.....
east ward	190	151	.....	39	.....
north ward	118	210	.....	.....	92
west ward	79	163	.....	.....	24
Total	1,422	2,889	4,311	125	1,592
Democratic plurality					125
Net Republican plurality					1,467

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Fred Petersen, Jr., Dem.	Chas. H. Banke, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Outagamie Co.					
Appleton, city	1,663	1,585	3,248	78	.....
ward 1, precinct 1	126	189	.....	.....	.....
ward 1, precinct 2	102	180	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, precinct 1	211	204	.....	.....	.....
ward 2, precinct 2	127	106	.....	.....	.....
ward 3, precinct 1	273	168	.....	.....	.....
ward 3, precinct 2	79	124	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	192	133	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	333	219	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	229	262	.....	.....	.....
Bovina	37	106	143	.....	60
Custer	187	54	241	133	.....
Dale	189	101	290	88	.....
Ellington	138	109	247	29	.....
Grand Chute	187	85	272	102	.....
Greenville	176	71	247	105	.....
Shiocton, village	18	104	122	.....	86
Total	2,595	2,215	4,810	595	155
Republican plurality				155
Net Democratic plurality				380

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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OUTAGAMIE COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	John Bull, Dem.	Chas. Hagen, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Outagamie Co.					
Black Creek	48	141	189	.....	93
Black Creek, village	13	98	111	.....	85
Buchanan	270	120	390	150	.....
Cicero	40	162	202	.....	122
Deer Creek	34	109	143	.....	75
Freedom	171	121	292	50	.....
Hortonia	31	83	114	.....	52
Hortonia, village	72	121	193	.....	49
Kaukauna	31	60	91	.....	29
Kaukauna, city	500	559	1,099	.....	99
north precinct	195	291	.....	.....	.....
south precinct	305	308	.....	.....	.....
Little Chute	147	52	199	95	.....
Liberty	37	62	99	.....	25
Maine	43	86	129	.....	25
Maple Creek	44	82	126	.....	43
New London, ward 3	46	63	109	.....	17
Osborn	23	80	106	.....	54
Oncida	8	142	150	.....	134
Seymour	69	147	209	.....	71
Seymour, city	50	179	229	.....	129
ward 1	26	107	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	24	72	.....	.....	.....
Vandenbrook	74	15	89	59	.....
Welcome	25	46	71	.....	21
Total	1,779	2,561	4,340	354	1,133
Democratic plurality					354
Net Republican plurality					782

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	M. G. Bohm, Dem.	Peter L. Pierron, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Ozaukee Co.						
Belgium	134	193	.....	327	.....	59
Cedarburg	107	107	.....	207	7	.....
Fredonia	160	187	.....	317	3	.....
Grafton	77	61	1	139	16	.....
Mequon	161	274	.....	435	.....	113
Port Washington	92	92	.....	184	.....	.....
Saukville	121	151	.....	272	.....	30
Cedarburg, city	162	137	.....	299	25	.....
Port Washington, city	470	302	.....	772	168	.....
Grafton, village	42	60	.....	102	.....	18
Total	1,526	1,527	1	3,054	219	220
Democratic plurality						219
Net Republican plurality						1

PIERCE COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Thomas J Griffin, Dem.	Hugh Bell, Pro.	William L. Ottman, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Pierce Co.						
Clifton	18	3	62	83		44
Diamond Bluff	9	2	96	107		87
Ellsworth	23	4	180	217		167
El Paso	63	2	103	170		44
Gilman	12	3	208	223		156
Hartland	15	12	184	211		169
Isabelle	19		62	81		43
Martell	19	7	215	241		196
Maiden Rock	5	5	205	215		200
Oak Grove	40	6	51	97		11
River Falls	57	9	138	204		81
Rock Elm	44	17	139	191		86
Salem	17	10	152	179		135
Spring Lake	15	14	163	192		143
Trenton	9	5	151	165		142
Trimbelle	52	3	213	268		161
Union	36	11	196	243		169
Ellsworth, village	72	3	144	219		72
Malden Rock, village	10	4	66	80		53
Spring Valley	31	3	192	226		161
Prescott, city:						
ward 1	35	2	16	53	19	
ward 2	45	3	24	72	21	
ward 3	23	2	34	59		71
River Falls, 2d election district..	98	7	281	386		183
Total	766	137	3,279	4,182	40	2,553
Democratic plurality						40
Net Republican plurality						2,513

PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES--ONE ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	M. M. Ryan, Dem.	John B. Hagarty, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Price Co.					
Brennan	32	96	123		61
Catawba	21	78	99		57
Emery	23	56	79		33
Eisenstein	19	41	60		22
Fifield	45	82	127		37
Georgetown	24	54	78		30
Hackett	3	46	49		43
Hill	16	42	58		23
Kennan	17	46	63		29
Kennan, village	31	29	60	2	
Knox	6	187	193		181
Lake	11	64	75		53
Ogema	44	214	258		170
Prentice	16	106	122		90
Prentice, village	56	121	177		65
Park Falls, village	67	265	332		198
Worcester	84	173	257		89
Phillips, city:					
ward 1	40	84	124		44
ward 2	95	79	174	16	
ward 3	55	75	130		20
Total	705	1,938	2,643	18	1,251
Democratic plurality					18
Net Republican plurality					1,233

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PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES—ONE ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.—Con.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	M. M. Ryan, Dem.	John B. Hagarty, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Taylor Co.					
Aurora	5	42	47	.....	37
Browning	59	31	90	28	.....
Chelsea	83	88	171	.....	5
Cleveland	8	19	27	.....	11
Deer Creek	84	91	175	.....	7
Greenwood	55	43	98	12	.....
Grover	7	24	31	.....	17
Goodrich	17	34	51	.....	17
Hammel	35	29	64	6	.....
Holway	21	68	89	.....	47
Little Black	137	128	265	9	.....
Medford	171	169	340	62	.....
Medford, city	206	184	390	22	.....
ward 1	79	64	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	63	46	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	64	74	.....	.....	.....
Molitor	23	18	41	5	.....
Rib Lake	56	82	138	.....	25
Rib Lake, village	52	25	257	.....	153
Westboro	61	180	241	.....	119
Total	1,050	1,375	2,425	144	430
Democratic plurality					144
Net Republican plurality					285
Total assembly district	1,785	3,313	5,098	162	1,690
Democratic plurality					162
Net Republican plurality					1,528

PORTAGE COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Frank E. Poll, Dem.	Fred J. Carpenter, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Portage Co.					
Alban	66	190	256	.....	124
Almond	63	248	311	.....	185
Amherst	77	296	373	.....	219
Amherst, village	24	124	148	.....	100
Belmont	40	126	166	.....	86
Buena Vista	73	165	238	.....	92
Carson	122	136	258	.....	14
Dewey	100	18	118	82	.....
Eau Claire	50	145	195	.....	95
Grant	26	83	109	.....	57
Hull	162	56	218	106	.....
Lanark	45	140	185	.....	95
Linwood	29	82	111	.....	53
New Hope	33	268	241	.....	175
Pine Grove	23	120	143	.....	67
Plover	81	245	226	.....	161
Sharon	284	41	325	243	.....
Stockton	236	94	330	142	.....
Stevens Point, city	695	1,098	1,793	.....	403
ward 1	81	202	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	92	294	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	112	265	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	316	116	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	57	177	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	37	104	.....	.....	.....
Total	2,229	3,615	5,844	513	1,909
Democratic plurality					573
Net Republican plurality					1,336

RACINE COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. D. Finch, Dem.	S. L. Jackson, Pro.	W. H. Bell, Rep.	M Bid- dinger, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Racine Co.							
Racine, city							
ward 1	150	8	114	46	318	36	.....
ward 2, N. Prec.	126	10	165	20	321	.....	39
ward 2, S. Prec.	110	11	124	54	299	.....	14
ward 3, N. Prec.	158	9	216	58	441	.....	58
ward 3, S. Prec.	198	3	139	44	384	59	.....
ward 4, E. Prec.	147	4	101	67	319	46	.....
ward 4, W. Prec.	182	8	122	67	379	60	.....
ward 5	188	9	229	153	529	.....	91
ward 6	105	17	195	88	405	.....	90
ward 8	64	12	290	82	448	.....	226
ward 9	102	18	229	145	494	.....	127
ward 10	269	16	203	114	542	6	.....
ward 11	100	16	284	105	505	.....	184
Totals	1,789	141	2,411	1,043	5,384	207	829
Democratic plurality							207
Net Republican plurality							622

RACINE COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Edward Rakow, Dem.	Thos. P. Griffith, Pro.	J. O. Thomas, Rep.	Chas. Dobber- mann, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Racine Co.							
Racine, city							
ward 7, E. Prec.	175	7	217	97	364	176	54
ward 7, W. Prec.	135	7	147	79	212	.....	.....
Burlington, city	434	7	191	2	634	243	.....
ward 1	93	.....	35	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	169	2	71	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	120	3	26	.....	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	112	3	59	2	.....	.....	.....
Burlington	171	8	50	.....	239	121	.....
Caledonia	121	2	378	6	507	.....	257
Dover	98	5	112	2	217	.....	14
Mt. Pleasant	103	15	403	67	588	.....	300
Norway	35	2	176	2	215	.....	141
Raymond	60	4	254	5	323	.....	194
Rochester	63	6	106	1	176	.....	43
Union Grove	20	13	121	.....	154	.....	101
Waterford	137	23	204	1	365	.....	67
Yorkville	25	20	176	2	223	.....	151
Total	1,577	112	2,535	264	4,488	364	1,322
Democratic plurality							364
Net Republican plurality							953

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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RICHLAND COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	James Edward Coffland, Dem.	Lee Allen McIntyre, Pro.	M. H. B. Cunningham, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Richland Co.						
Akan	113	2	103	218	10	.....
Bloom	163	17	75	250	93	.....
Buena Vista	132	12	105	239	27	.....
Cazenovia, village	55	1	20	76	35	.....
Dayton	139	2	77	218	62	.....
East	120	3	80	203	40	.....
Forest	76	3	163	182	.....	27
Henrietta	154	15	83	252	71	.....
Ithaca	117	14	68	199	43	.....
Lone Rock, village	75	2	52	129	23	.....
Marshall	94	13	84	191	10	.....
Orion	108	5	86	199	22	.....
Richland	99	16	65	180	34	.....
Richland Center, city	373	76	230	679	143	.....
ward 1	119	33	60	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	128	22	91	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	126	21	79	.....	.....	.....
Richwood	119	7	161	287	.....	42
Rockbridge	112	19	81	202	31	.....
Sylvan	80	54	67	201	13	.....
Viola, village	29	2	63	114	.....	34
Westford	92	2	42	136	50	.....
Willow	95	11	102	208	.....	7
Total	2,350	276	1,747	4,373	713	110
Republican plurality					110	
Net Democratic plurality					603	

ROCK COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	C. B. Palmer, Dem.	Wm. W. Gillier, Pro.	Allen J. Baker, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Rock Co.						
Center	125	1	71	197	54	.....
Fulton	104	12	153	269	.....	49
Janesville	19	.....	112	171	.....	53
Lima	52	7	119	173	.....	67
Milton, city	130	37	439	606	.....	309
precinct 1	91	16	216	.....	.....	.....
precinct 2	39	21	223	.....	.....	.....
Magnolia	74	18	105	197	.....	31
Porter	121	3	121	245	.....	.....
Rock	125	6	88	219	37	.....
Spring Valley	79	.....	132	211	.....	63
Union	27	22	161	210	.....	134
Edgerton, city	219	21	299	549	.....	70
Evansville, city	90	59	353	507	.....	268
Oxfordville, village	19	5	108	132	.....	19
Total	1,234	191	2,266	3,691	91	1,123
Democratic plurality	91
Net Republican plurality						1,032

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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ST. CROIX COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Herman Hebink, Dem.	L. Webster, Pro.	Julius Beer, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
St. Croix Co.						
Baldwin	116	1	209	326	.....	93
Cady	37	9	138	184	.....	93
Cylon	62	9	140	211	.....	78
Eau Galle	50	2	175	127	.....	125
Emerald	103	2	97	202	6	.....
Erin	209	.....	19	228	190	.....
Forest	39	2	52	93	.....	13
Glenwood	52	2	132	186	.....	80
Hammond	117	3	94	214	23	.....
Hudson	81	1	103	185	.....	22
Kinnickinnic	60	3	60	123	.....	.....
Pleasant Valley	30	.....	80	110	.....	50
Richmond	75	.....	60	135	15	.....
Rush River	55	4	85	144	.....	30
Somerset	92	1	146	239	.....	54
Springfield	80	1	187	268	.....	107
Stanton	94	.....	86	180	8	.....
Star Prairie	28	2	149	179	.....	121
St. Joseph	33	4	152	189	.....	119
Troy	62	3	86	151	.....	24
Warren	146	9	62	217	84	.....
Glenwood	39	12	133	184	.....	94
ward 1	16	1	40	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	10	4	30	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	13	7	63	.....	.....	.....
Hudson	348	10	371	719	.....	23
ward 1	47	1	71	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	158	3	133	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	143	6	167	.....	.....	.....
New Richmond	196	6	216	418	.....	29
ward 1	70	2	45	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	94	3	72	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	32	1	99	.....	.....	.....
River Falls	15	1	16	32	.....	1
Baldwin, village	99	4	63	166	36	.....
Hammond, village	70	11	41	122	29	.....
Star Prairie, village	8	1	58	67	.....	50
Total	2,396	103	3,210	5,709	391	1,205
Democratic plurality						391
Net Republican plurality						814

SAUK COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Ed C. Perkins, Dem.	Albert R. Spaulding, Pro.	Jas. B. Ragatz, Rep.	Scatter- ing.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Sauk Co.							
Ableman, village	31	2	65		98		34
Baraboo	84	18	209		311		125
Baraboo, city	528	41	824		1,393		293
ward 1	156	18	316				
ward 2	227	20	310				
ward 3	145	3	198				
Dellona	56	5	78		139		22
Delton	35		147		182		112
Excelsior	39	19	112		170		73
Fairfield	27	35	86		148		59
Freedom	49		161		210		112
Greenfield	46	6	120		172		74
Merrimack	57	2	57		116		
Merrimack, village	18	6	43		67		25
North Freedom, village	40	8	87		135		47
Prairie du Sac	68		30		98	38	
Prairie du Sac, village	75	3	96		174		21
Sauk City, village	128		54		182	74	
Sumpter	99	10	61	1	171	38	
Total	1,380	155	2,230	1	3,766	150	1,600
Democratic plurality						150	150
Net Republican plurality							850

SAUK COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Henry Sarge, Dem.	Joshua Bible, Pro.	David B. Hulburt, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Sauk Co.						
Bear Creek	99	1	85	185	14	
Franklin	144	1	68	213	76	
Honey Creek	69		130	199		61
Ironton	92	37	130	259		33
La Valle	81	3	114	198		33
La Valle, village	21	9	58	88		37
Reedsburg	129	5	64	198	65	
Reedsburg, city	316	26	262	604	54	
ward 1	153	8	127			
ward 2	153	18	135			
Spring Green	55	3	68	126		13
Spring Green, village	69	1	111	181		42
Troy	40	3	175	218		135
Washington	99	6	118	223		19
Westfield	93	2	117	212		24
Winfield	93	10	66	169	27	
Woodland	63	47	99	212		33
Total	1,463	154	1,665	3,285	236	437
Democratic plurality					236	236
Net Republican plurality						199

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SHAWANO COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	F. F. Koske, Dem.	Jonas Swenholt, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Shawano Co.					
Almott	31	102	133	.....	71
Angelica	86	95	181	.....	9
Aniwa	49	47	96	2	.....
Belle Plaine	94	105	199	.....	11
Biramwood	34	141	175	.....	107
Fairbanks	36	108	144	.....	72
Germania	7	68	75	.....	61
Grant	43	168	211	.....	125
Green Valley	46	179	225	.....	133
Hartland	57	180	237	.....	123
Herman	98	143	241	.....	45
Hutchins	19	86	105	.....	67
Lessor	26	170	196	.....	144
Maple Grove	111	110	221	1	.....
Morris	8	143	151	.....	135
Navarino	12	63	75	.....	51
Pella	95	53	148	42	.....
Richmond	84	87	171	.....	3
Seneca	27	69	96	.....	42
Washington	112	154	266	.....	42
Waukechon	72	97	169	.....	25
Wescott	22	32	54	.....	10
Wittenberg	14	182	196	.....	168
Shawano, city	223	244	467	.....	21
ward 1	93	94	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	64	50	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	66	100	.....	.....	.....
Aniwa, village	16	56	72	.....	40
Biramwood, village	47	88	135	.....	41
Mattoon, village	23	124	147	.....	101
Tigerton, village	34	72	106	.....	38
Wittenberg, village	39	154	193	.....	115
Total	1,565	3,320	4,885	45	1,800
Democratic plurality					45
Net Republican plurality					1,755

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	P. Bartzen, Dem.	H. Heineke, Rep.	H. E. Meier, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Sheboygan Co.						
Sheboygan	180	146	34	360	.....	.....
Sheboygan, city	1,670	2,075	841	4,586	34	405
ward 1	242	318	71	.....	.....	.....
ward 2	192	224	47	.....	.....	.....
ward 3	79	221	32	.....	.....	.....
ward 4	214	321	108	.....	.....	.....
ward 5	124	276	160	.....	.....	.....
ward 6	104	223	93	.....	.....	.....
ward 7	223	156	152	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	198	192	76	.....	.....	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	294	144	102	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,850	2,221	875	4,946	34	405
Democratic plurality						34
Net Republican plurality						371

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	E. E. Eastman, Dem.	A. G. Meyers, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Sheboygan Co.					
Cedar Grove, village	14	92	106		78
Elkhart, village	70	35	105	35	
Greenbush	120	198	318		78
Herman	197	220	417		23
Holland	142	435	577		293
precinct 1	93	275			
precinct 2	49	160			
Lima	178	237	415		50
Lyndon	109	277	386		16
Mitchell	102	121	223		19
Mosel	35	117	152		82
Plymouth	154	151	305	3	
Rhine	96	107	203		11
Russell	39	45	84		6
Scott	74	221	295		147
Sheboygan Falls	193	131	324	62	
Sherman	168	181	349		13
Wilson	81	132	213		51
Shell Lake, village	224	92	316	132	
Plymouth	344	225	569	119	
ward 1	197	149			
ward 2	147	76			
Total	2,340	3,017	5,357	351	1,028
Democratic plurality					351
Net Republican plurality					677

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Albert D. Burnet, Dem.	H. L. Ekern, Rep.	Henry Russel- ing, Pro.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Trempealeau Co.						
Albion	17	149	2	168		132
Arcadia	225	237	3	465		12
precinct 1	109	155	3			
precinct 2	116	82				
Burnside	79	57	2	138	22	
Caledonia	34	31		65	3	
Chimney Rock	8	164	3	175		156
Dodge	53	31		84	22	
Ettrick	67	398		465		331
Gale	71	220	5	296		149
Hale	51	240	4	295		189
Lincoln	18	86	10	114		6
Pigeon	17	201	6	224		184
Preston	17	359	14	390		342
Sumner	17	140	2	159		123
Trempealeau	53	133	16	187		95
Unity	18	176	13	207		158
Arcadia, village	178	77	9	264	101	
Blair, village	6	108		114		102
Elva, village	10	67	6	83		57
Galesville, village	84	113	7	204		29
Independence, village	69	70	3	142		1
Osseo, village	33	84	5	122		51
Trempealeau, village	71	46	5	122	25	
Whitehall	20	122	12	154		102
Total	1,201	3,369	127	4,637	173	2,281
Democratic plurality						173
Net Republican plurality						2,108

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VERNON COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	P. D. Miller, Dem.	V. A. Stod- dard, Pro.	A. H. Dahl, Rep.	Scat- tering.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Vernon Co.							
Bergen	32	3	101		136		69
Christiana	28	6	268		302		240
Clinton	23	4	172		199		149
Coon	16	5	289		310		273
Forest	43	12	172		227		129
Franklin	47	6	211		264		164
Genoa	44	3	93		145		54
Greenwood	73	1	89		163		16
Hamburg	29	4	183		216		154
Harmony	9	5	159		173		150
Hillsboro	33	1	137		171		104
Jefferson	27	35	224		286		197
Kickapoo	25	5	151		181		125
Liberty	26	2	73		101		47
Stark	23	9	143	1	176		120
Sterling	33	3	218		254		185
Union	46	1	72		119		36
Viroqua	68	11	288		367		220
Webster	27	4	182		213		155
Wheatland	11	4	117		132		106
Whitestown	29	19	128		176		99
De Soto, village	7	3	55		65		48
Hillsboro, village	49	1	116		166		67
La Farge, village	35	18	128		181		93
Ontario, village	15	20	45		80		30
Readstown, village	20	15	67		102		47
Stoddard, village	20	1	44		65		24
Viola, village	8	1	49		58		41
Westby	18	4	162		184		144
Viroqua, city	154	26	276		456		122
ward 1	50	15	96				
ward 2	44	6	83				
ward 3	60	5	97				
Total	1,018	232	4,417	1	5,668		3,389
Net Republican plurality							3,399

WALWORTH COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Jos. Cassin, Dem.	Jas. Hague, Pro.	Frank H. Johnson, Rep.	Robert McBeath Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Walworth Co.							
Bloomfield	53		113		166		60
Darien	75	17	210		302		137
Delavan	60	8	128	1	196		68
Delavan, city	143	16	343	2	504		200
ward 1	36	6	90				
ward 2	68	7	115	1			
ward 3	39	3	138				
East Troy	70	7	140	1	219		70
East Troy, village	65	3	78	2	148		13
Elkhorn	169	31	245	2	447		76
ward 1	46	12	85	1			
ward 2	54	8	92				
ward 3	69	11	68	1			
Geneva	65	24	108	5	202		43
Geneva Junction, vil.	26	1	141		168		115
Lafayette	74	11	143		228		60
La Grange	39	4	147	2	192		108
Lake Geneva, city	233	35	372	5	645		139
ward 1	78	15	127	2			
ward 2	74	7	98	1			
ward 3	81	13	147	2			

WALWORTH COUNTY.—Continued.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	Jos. Cassin, Dem.	Jas. Hague, Pro.	Frank H. Johnson, Rep.	R. B. Mc- Beath, Sec. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
						Dem.	Rep.
Walworth Co.—Con.							
Linn	70	7	157	3	237		87
Lyons	141	7	137		285	4	
Richmond	34	4	117		155		83
Sharon	16		131		147		115
Sharon, village	59	27	145	3	234		86
Spring Prairie	60	6	188	1	255		123
Sugar Creek	34	16	132	7	189		93
Troy	81	8	150	1	240		69
Walworth	50	17	263	5	335		213
Walworth, village	8	11	107	2	128		99
Whitewater	33	6	130	8	177		97
Whitewater, city	172	30	518	75	795		346
ward 1	56	10	123	27			
ward 2	51	13	221	27			
ward 3	65	7	169	21			
Total	1,830	296	4,343	126	6,595	4	2,517
Democratic plurality							4
Net Republican plurality							2,513

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	B. S. Potter, Dem.	Ole Halverson, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Washington Co.					
Addison		238	105	343	133
Barton		147	97	244	50
Erin		130	118	248	12
Farmington		127	151	278	
Germantown		187	200	387	
Hartford		156	116	272	40
Hartford, city		230	252	482	
ward 1	122				
ward 2	108	133	119		
Jackson		110	235	345	
Kewaskum		77	102	179	
Kewaskum, village		70	78	148	
Polk		100	172	272	
Richfield		199	122	321	77
Schleisingsville		43	43	86	
Trenton		210	101	311	109
Wayne		98	177	275	
West Bend		109	66	175	43
West Bend, city		303	154	457	149
ward 1	156				
ward 2	147	74	80		
Total		2,534	2,289	4,823	613
Republican plurality					368
Net Democratic plurality					245

WAUPACA COUNTY—FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	J. M. Ware, Dem.	H. A. Larson, Pro.	P. H. Peterson, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Waupaca Co.						
Caledonia	48	12	99	159		51
Dayton	25	84	87	196		3
Farmington	79	100	338	517		238
precinct 1	12	45	137			
precinct 2	67	55	201			
Fremont	26	18	48	92		22
Lind	39	26	118	183		79
Little Wolf	49	31	148	228		99
Royalton	72	73	76	221		3
Scandinavia	4	77	155	236		78
St. Lawrence	18	53	205	276		152
Waupaca	55	49	107	211		52
Weyauvega	36	14	50	100		14
Fremont, village	22	7	29	58		7
Manawa, village	36	37	121	194		84
Scandinavia, village	7	22	71	100		49
Weyauvega, village	88	62	69	219	19	
Waupaca, city	181	181	280	642		99
ward 1	40	52	99			
ward 2	54	47	49			
ward 3	32	51	88			
ward 4	55	31	44			
Total	785	846	2,001	3,632	19	1,039
Democratic plurality						19
Net Republican plurality						1,155

WAUPACA COUNTY—SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	M. W. Knappstein, Dem.	Geo. E. Beedle, Rep.	Total.	PLURALITY	
				Dem.	Rep.
Waupaca Co.					
Bear Creek	58	117	175		59
Dupont	20	152	172		132
Harrison	1	116	117		115
Helvetia	8	110	118		102
Iola	3	214	217		211
Larabee	36	166	202		130
Lebanon	106	61	167	45	
Matteson	13	112	125		99
Mukwa	31	108	139		77
Union	26	150	176		124
Wyoming	17	103	120		86
Embarrass, village	12	55	67		43
Iola, village	14	192	206		178
Marion, village	46	115	161		69
Clintonville, city	63	259	322		196
New London, city	206	298	504		92
ward 1	58	75			
ward 2	64	70			
ward 4	66	86			
ward 5	18	67			
Total	669	2,328	2,988	45	1,713
Democratic plurality					45
Net Republican plurality					1,668

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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WOOD COUNTY.

TOWNS, WARDS, ETC.	A. E. Germer, Dem.	E. E. Winch, Rep.	H. E. Ward, Soc. Dem.	Total.	PLURALITY	
					Dem.	Rep.
Wood Co.						
Arpin, town	53	73	9	135		21
Auburndale, town	49	126		155		77
Auburndale, village	2	59	1	62		57
Cary, town	7	30	2	39		23
Cameron, town	11	39		50		28
Cranmoore, town	15	29	1	45		14
Dexter, town	70	33	4	107	37	
Grand Rapids, city	435	728	26	1,189		293
ward 1	63	81	1			
ward 2	60	121	3			
ward 3	42	97				
ward 4	48	120				
ward 5	57	93	8			
ward 6	65	75	5			
ward 7	65	81	8			
ward 8	35	60	1			
Grand Rapids, town	62	125	5	192		63
Hansen, town	42	87	10	139		45
Hiles, town	14	11		25	3	
Lincoln, town	104	120	6	230		16
Marshfield, city	625	595	41	1,261	30	
ward 1	155	69	15			
ward 2	58	63	9			
ward 3	109	131	10			
ward 4	149	159	4			
ward 5	101	120	1			
ward 6	73	53	2			
Marshfield, town	103	66		169	37	
Milladore, town	95	75	1	171	20	
Nekoosa, village	108	140		248		32
Port Edwards	35	57	3	95		22
Port Edwards, town	38	81	2	121		43
Pittsville, city	57	72	6	135		15
ward 1	22	49	2			
ward 2	13	10	2			
ward 3	22	13	2			
Remington, town	86	60	3	149	26	
Richfield, town	28	90	4	122		22
Rudolph, town	87	113	1	201		28
Rock, town	27	127	1	155		100
Sherry, town	28	101		129		73
Sigel, town	101	173		274		72
Saratoga, town	22	59	3	84		37
Seneca, town	10	53	1	63		48
Wood	55	45		100	10	
Total	2,369	3,372	130	5,871	163	1,166
Democratic plurality						163
Net Republican plurality						1,003

SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE, 1904.

District number.	Population, 1900.	Counties or parts thereof constituting the several assembly districts. (Apportionment of, 1901.)	Elected Nov 8th, 1904, to two year's membership in the Assembly.	Votes Received.	Plurality.	Scattering.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes Received.
1	29,483	Portage Co	Fred J. Carpenter, rep.....	3,615	1,386	.....	Frank E. Poll, dem.....	2,229
2	29,259	Walworth Co.....	Frank H. Johnson, rep.....	4,343	2,513	.....	Jos. Cassin, dem.....	1,830
3	29,351	Vernon Co.....	A. H. Dahl, rep.....	4,417	3,399	1	Jas. Hague, pro.....	256
4	28,103	Monroe Co	George P. Stevens, rep.....	3,397	1,156	.....	Robert McBeath, soc. dem.....	126
5	27,475	Shawano Co	Jonas Swenholt, rep.....	3,320	1,755	.....	P. D. Miller, dem.....	1,018
6	26,830	St. Croix Co.....	Julius Beer, rep.....	3,210	814	.....	Vernon A. Stoddard, pro.....	232
7	25,865	Wood Co.....	Eli E. Winch, rep.....	3,372	1,003	.....	Charles D. Hall, dem.....	2,241
8	25,848	Clark Co.....	William S. Irvine, rep.....	3,221	1,319	.....	W. W. Link, pro.....	137
9	25,279	Burnett and Polk Cos.....	Amund P. Jerdee, rep.....	3,373	2,164	9	F. F. Koske, dem.....	1,565
10	25,202	Sheboygan Co., 2d dist.....	August G. Meyers, rep.....	3,017	677	.....	Herman Heebink, dem.....	2,396
11	25,143	Sheboygan Co., 1st dist.....	H. Heineke, rep.....	2,221	371	.....	L. Webster, pro.....	103
12	25,013	Dunn Co.....	O. G. Kinney, rep.....	3,169	2,522	.....	Amos E. Germer, dem.....	2,369
13	24,847	Racine Co., 1st dist.....	William H. Bell, rep.....	2,411	622	.....	Henry E. Ward, soc. dem.....	130
14	24,670	Buffalo and Pepin Cos.....	Fred J. Bohri, rep.....	2,888	1,312	.....	Julian C. Baker, dem.....	1,902
15	24,458	Dane Co., 1st dist.....	Ernest N. Warner.....	3,761	835	1	William A. Sheldon, pro.....	186
16	24,041	Fond du Lac Co., 1st dist.....	Christ Pickart, dem.....	3,309	325	.....	William T. Kennedy, ind.....	1,209
17	23,943	Pierce Co.....	William L. Oltman, rep.....	3,279	2,513	.....	E. E. Eastman, dem.....	2,340
18	23,848	Fond du Lac Co., 2d dist.....	John W. Powell, rep.....	2,993	891	.....	Peter Barzen, dem.....	1,850
19	23,677	Barron Co.....	George E. Scott, rep.....	3,573	3,573	.....	H. E. Meier, Soc. dem.....	875
20	23,636	Dodge Co., 1st dist.....	Frank S. Bauer, dem.....	3,008	1,345	1	I. C. Dammon, dem.....	647
21	23,589	Washington Co.....	B. S. Potter, dem.....	2,531	245	.....	C. D. Finch, dem.....	1,789
22	23,506	Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn Cos.....	Lorenzo N. Clausen, rep.....	3,737	2,222	.....	M. Biddinger, soc. dem.....	1,043
23	23,580	Milwaukee Co., 2d dist.....	J. S. Bletcher, rep.....	1,977	388	.....	S. L. Jackson, pro.....	141
							Henry Pattison, dem.....	1,576
							Joseph C. Schubert, dem.....	2,926
							William W. Bewick, pro.....	82
							Ray C. Fairbanks, rep.....	2,984
							Thomas J. Griffin, dem.....	766
							Hugh Bell, pro.....	137
							James Bannon, dem.....	2,102
							Westby E. Webb, pro.....	85
							Thomas P. Perkins, rep.....	1,753
							Ote Halverson, rep.....	2,289
							Winfield E. Tripp, dem.....	1,515
							Gustav A. Dick, dem.....	1,589
							Fred Koll, soc. dem.....	1,393

24	23,396	Milwaukee Co., 1st dist.....	Joseph M. Crowley, dem.....	2,385	519	.....	Edward L. Tracy, rep.....	1,866
							Swan Nelson, soc. dem.....	659
25	23,372	Brown Co., 1st dist.....	Willard E. Burdeau, rep.....	2,451	96	.....	Andrew Reis, dem.....	2,355
							Fred Scheff, soc. dem.....	151
26	23,270	Milwaukee Co., 6th dist.....	Thomas F. Ramsey, dem.....	2,494	205	.....	Albert J. Vannaman, rep.....	2,199
							John P. Lahm, soc. dem.....	750
27	23,247	Milwaukee Co., 5th dist.....	William J. Aldridge, soc. dem.....	1,629	61	.....	William T. Duke, rep.....	1,568
							Joseph O'Hearn, dem.....	1,518
							Charles M. Frink, ind. dem.....	34
28	23,145	Outagamie Co., 2d dist.....	Charles Hagen, rep.....	2,561	782	.....	John Brill, dem.....	1,779
29	23,114	Iowa Co.....	Roy C. Smelker, rep.....	2,871	807	.....	Michael H. Murphy, dem.....	2,064
							Daniel Lee, pro.....	147
30	23,114	Trempealeau Co.....	Herman L. Ekern, rep.....	3,309	2,108	.....	Albert D. Bernet, dem.....	1,201
							Henry Russeling, rep.....	127
31	23,102	Outagamie Co., 1st dist.....	Fred Peterson, Jr., dem.....	2,595	380	.....	Charles H. Banke, pro.....	2,215
32	22,995	Dodge Co., 2d dist.....	Dan L. Hannifin, dem.....	2,238	340	.....	Charles H. Smith, rep.....	1,948
							David E. Jones, pro.....	93
33	22,987	Frown Co., 2d dist.....	Maurice B. Brennan, rep.....	2,236	755	.....	Michael Flaherty, dem.....	1,581
34	22,791	Green Co.....	Fred Ties, rep.....	2,474	435	.....	Willis Ludlow, dem.....	2,039
							William Smiley, pro.....	175
							Peter R. Burns, soc. dem.....	105
35	22,510	Dane Co., 2d dist.....	Henry A. Huber, rep.....	3,413	1,673	.....	Peter N. Johnson, dem.....	1,740
							Robt. S. Pearsall, pro.....	173
36	22,467	Dane Co., 3d dist.....	John S. Donald, rep.....	2,778	698	1	William F. Pierstorff, dem.....	2,080
							Peter C. Gilbertsen, pro.....	105
37	22,346	Milwaukee Co., 4th dist.....	Fred C. Westfahl, Jr., rep.....	2,959	1,210	.....	J. M. Clark, dem.....	1,749
							Jerome Underhill, soc. dem.....	897
38	22,236	Milwaukee Co., 3d dist.....	George E. Page, rep.....	2,219	815	.....	Ambrose McQuigan, dem.....	1,404
							William Flamm, soc. dem.....	1,248
39	21,918	Manitowoc Co., 2d dist.....	Lawrence Ledvina, rep.....	2,298	568	.....	G. A. Geimer, dem.....	1,730
							James Zaborik, soc. dem.....	307
40	21,903	Milwaukee Co., 11th dist.....	Fred Brockhausen, soc. dem.....	1,524	9	.....	Herman J. Pomrenning, rep.....	1,515
							Charles Miksch, dem.....	1,163
41	21,840	La Crosse Co., 1st dist.....	John S. Durland, rep.....	2,356	381	.....	Bernard F. Keeler, dem.....	1,975
							Sam. A. Johnson, pro.....	72
42	21,707	Kenosha Co.....	Walker M. Curtiss, rep.....	2,695	522	.....	Walter L. Dexter, dem.....	2,173
							Walter W. Britten, soc. dem.....	386
							Chester E. Ozaane, pro.....	76
43	21,697	Marathon Co., 2d dist.....	Aug. F. Marquardt, rep.....	2,872	855	.....	Joseph H. Reiser, dem.....	2,017
							A. R. Bucknam, pro.....	135
44	21,559	Marathon Co., 1st dist.....	Fred Prehn, rep.....	2,354	209	.....	Willis F. La Du, dem.....	2,145
45	21,137	La Crosse Co., 2d dist.....	Thomas Johnson, rep.....	2,279	423	9	Elias Jones, dem.....	1,856
							Christian M. Casberg, pro.....	95
46	20,959	Lafayette Co.....	Richard E. Tarrell, rep.....	2,609	390	.....	John Kettler, dem.....	2,219
							Hans H. Moe, pro.....	75
47	20,871	Oconto Co.....	Henry Johnson, rep.....	2,889	1,467	.....	Peter J. Webber, dem.....	1,422
48	21,837	Racine Co., 2d dist.....	J. O. Thomas, rep.....	2,535	958	.....	Edward Bakow, dem.....	1,577
							Charles Dobbermann, soc. dem.....	264
							Thomas P. Griffith, pro.....	112

SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE, 1904—Continued.

District number.	Population, 1900.	Counties or parts thereof constituting the several assembly districts. (Apportionment of 1901.)	Elected Nov. 8th, 1904, to two years' membership in the Assembly.	Votes Received.	Plurality.	Scattering.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes Received.
49	20,651	Milwaukee Co., 14th dist	John H. Szymarek, dem.	1,623	648	.....	Martin Gorecki, soc. dem	975
50	20,646	Milwaukee Co., 7th dist	Fredrick Hartung, rep.	2,852	1,614	.....	John J. Derwort, rep.	855
51	20,629	Juneau Co.	Peter A. Cleary, dem	2,315	130	.....	F. L. Bell, dem	1,238
52	20,613	Milwaukee Co., 15th dist	Phillip H. Hamm, rep	1,093	290	.....	William Meller, soc. dem	649
							Frank M. Reed, rep	2,185
							Herman G. Hansen, soc. dem.	1,403
							Charles Desfield, dem	804
							E. M. Rubinger, soc. lab	16
53	20,420	Iron, Oneida and Vilas Cos.	Edward A. Everett, rep	3,938	2,548	.....	Mart. Hitzel, dem	1,390
54	20,368	Price and Taylor Cos	John B. Hagarty, rep	3,313	1,528	.....	Robert R. Rutherford, soc. dem	42
55	20,343	Manitowoc Co., 1st dist.	Simon Wehrwein, Jr., rep.	2,180	445	.....	Michael M. Ryan, dem	1,785
							Daniel Tracy, dem	1,735
							Fred Koepke, soc. dem.	314
56	20,317	Winnebago Co., 1st dist.	William M. Perry, rep	2,276	280	.....	Joseph E. Mallary, dem	1,996
57	20,231	Milwaukee Co., 12th dist.	August Dietrich, rep	1,740	44	.....	Albert E. Bousfield, pro	82
							John Hassmann, soc. dem	1,696
							S. J. Leahy, dem.	1,261
58	20,176	Ashland Co.	Edward B. Gordon, rep.	3,033	1,584	.....	Ferdinand J. Colignon, dem	1,449
59	19,692	Grant Co., 1st dist	Duncan McGregor, rep.	2,193	98	.....	James W. Murphy, dem	2,095
							John N. McLeod, pro	65
60	19,650	Adams and Marquette Cos	John A. Henry, rep	2,242	863	4	Martin Quantius, ind	1,379
61	19,483	Richland Co.	James E. Coffland, dem.	2,350	608	.....	M. H. B. Cunningham, rep	1,747
							Lee A. McIntyre, pro.	276
62	19,332	Milwaukee Co., 8th dist	Oscar F. Thieme, rep	1,994	733	.....	Wm. E. Baumann, soc. dem.	1,261
							David Geraghty, dem	1,234
63	19,238	Winnebago Co., 3d dist	John A. Fridd, rep	2,456	1,037	.....	Joseph Klockner, dem.	1,419
							Frank Cole, pro	149
64	19,189	Grant Co., 2d dist.	Joseph P. Chandler, rep.	2,527	647	.....	Thomas Edge, dem	1,880
							Arasmus E. Cooley, pro.	133
65	18,670	Winnebago Co., 2d dist.	A. D. Eldridge, rep	2,030	401	2	Maximilian M. Schoetz, dem	1,629
66	18,295	Douglas Co., 2d dist.	Wallace W. Andrew, rep.	2,548	1,732	.....	Geo. W. Kane, dem	816
							F. H. Clark, soc. dem	193
67	18,040	Douglas Co., 1st dist	Irvine L. Lenroot, rep.	1,659	942	.....	John A. Hobe, dem.	717
							Henry M. Parks, soc. dem	181
68	17,865	Waukesha Co., 2d dist.	Roderick Ainsworth, rep.	2,386	792	.....	Eugene W. Delaney, dem	1,594
							Fred C. Soll, soc. dem	95
69	17,653	Milwaukee Co., 9th dist.	Edw. J. Berner, soc. dem.	1,348	180	.....	Frank Mueller, rep.	1,168
							Jacob Kehrein, dem	84
							Elias Lehman, ind. rep	28

70	17,583	Door Co	Chas. Reynolds, rep.....	2,561	2,561				
71	17,466	Jackson Co.	Winfield S. Braudock, rep.....	2,421	1,638	1	Chas. F. Hille, dem	773	
							W. F. Murray, pro	102	
72	17,412	Jefferson Co., 2d dist.....	C. F. Greenwood, rep.....	1,987	46		Lewis Benson, dem	1,911	
							W. E. Mack, pro	83	
73	17,377	Jefferson Co., 1st dist.....	Edw. Racek, dem	1,819	13		Robert Jones, rep.....	1,806	
74	17,364	Waukesha Co., 1st dist.....	James A. McKenzie, rep.....	2,100	217		Wm. H. Twohy, dem	1,883	
							Daniel W. Hoon, soc. dem	109	
							Solomon Vanderwalker, pro	102	
75		Part of Chippewa and Gates Cos.	Louis J. Thayer, rep.....	2,601	1,390		Jabez C. Stubbs, dem	1,211	
76	17,286	Crawford Co.....	James Dinsdale rep	1,908	193		Jeremiah O'Neil, dem	1,770	
77	17,212	Kewaunee Co	Anton G. Schauer, rep.....	1,580	84		Edw. Decker, Jr., dem	1,496	
							Chas. Waegli, soc. dem	94	
78	17,210	Rock Co., 3d dist.....	Wm. O. Hanson, rep	2,368	1,251		Chas. Oliver, dem	1,117	
							Wm. L. Tuttle, soc. dem	248	
							Wm. H. Grinnell, pro	233	
79	17,146	Forest, Florence and Langlade.	Elwyn F. Nelson, rep	3,108	1,257		Hugh R. Edwards, dem	1,851	
80	17,001	Rock Co., 2d dist.....	Priny Norcross, rep.....	1,687	391		J. W. St. John, dem	1,296	
							T. J. McKlign, soc. dem	179	
81	17,078	Caumet Co.....	D. R. Curtin, rep.....	1,630	241		Louis Rupp, dem	1,388	
							Albert Buss, soc. dem	93	
							Edgar M. Dick, pro	27	
82	17,026	Milwaukee Co., 13th dist.....	Henry J. Holle, rep	1,320	103		Fred Buenger, soc. dem	1,217	
							Joseph Skobis, dem	815	
							August Schnobel, soc. lab	6	
83	17,024	Milwaukee Co., 10th dist.....	Louis Metzler, rep	1,411	202		Jacob Hunger, soc. dem	1,209	
							Wm. Biesel, dem	627	
84	16,905	Sauk Co., 1st dist.....	James B. Ragatz, rep	2,230	850	1	Edw. C. Perkins, dem	1,380	
							Albert R. Spaulding, pro	355	
85	16,902	Rock Co., 1st dist.....	Allen S. Baker, rep.....	2,266	1,032		Clark B. Palmer, dem	1,234	
							Wm. W. Gillier, pro	181	
86	16,863	Milwaukee Co., 16th dist.....	Aug. W. Strehlow, soc. dem	1,549	200		F. B. Breitwisch, rep.....	1,319	
							Joseph Heller, dem	533	
							Carl Oberhen, soc. lab	11	
87	16,363	Ozaukee Co.....	Peter L. Pierron, rep.....	1,527	1	1	M. G. Boham, dem	1,526	
88	16,337	Waupaca Co., 1st dist.....	P. H. Peterson, rep.....	2,001	1,155		H. A. Larson, pro	846	
							J. M. Ware, dem	785	
89	16,269	Lincoln Co	Hall L. Brooks, rep	2,339	800		James E. Leary, dem	1,539	
							Joseph Weiss, soc. dem	98	
90	16,195	Marinette Co., 1st dist.....	E. W. LeRoy, rep	1,580	891		L. J. Evans, dem	689	
							James Larson, soc. dem	175	
							H. W. Pope, pro	114	
91	16,101	Sauk Co., 2d dist.....	David B. Hulbert rep.....	1,665	199		Henry Sorge, dem.....	1,463	
							Joshua Bible, pro.....	154	
92	16,004	Columbia Co., 2d dist.....	Wm. R. Turner, rep	2,075	797		Clinton E. Smith, dem.....	1,278	
							Fred W. Turner, pro.....	123	
93	15,974	Waushara Co	B. O. Storm, rep.....	2,899	2,361	1	F. B. Rawson, dem	538	
							O. A. Olson, pro	105	

SUMMARY OF ASSEMBLY VOTE, 1904—Continued.

Dis- trict num- ber.	Popu- lation, 1900.	Counties or parts thereof constituting the several assembly districts. (Apportionment of 1901.)	Elected Nov. 8th, 1904, to two years' membership in the Assembly.	Votes Re- ceived	Plural- ity.	Scat- tering.	Defeated Candidates.	Votes Re- ceived.
94	15,904	Eau Claire Co., 2d dist.....	Chris. M. Saugen, rep.....	1,750	979	.....	Bert Frederick, dem.....	771
95	15,797	Green Lake Co.....	Gard Miller, rep.....	1,814	193	.....	John H. Mayo, pro.....	87
96	15,790	Eau Claire Co., 1st dist.....	Chas. A. Evans, rep.....	1,358	81	.....	Harry C. Truesdell, dem.....	1,621
97	15,676	Chippewa Co., 1st dist.....	Thomas A. Roycraft, rep.....	1,969	643	.....	Horace Van Kirk, pro.....	81
98	15,278	Waupaca Co., 2d dist.....	Geo. E. Beedle, rep.....	2,328	1,668	.....	John H. Flemming, dem.....	1,277
99	15,117	Columbia Co., 1st dist.....	John Scott, rep.....	1,786	386	.....	Wm. Miller, soc. dem.....	223
100	14,627	Marinette Co., 2d dist.....	J. F. Slight, rep.....	2,064	1,997	.....	Granvil F. Hurd, pro.....	301
							Geo. B. McCall, dem.....	1,326
							M. W. Kuappstein, dem.....	660
							H. F. Jamieson, dem.....	1,400
							Wm. F. Cochran, pro.....	93
							J. E. Anderson, soc. dem.....	92
							R. L. Thomas, pro.....	67

PRIMARY ELECTION LAW.

Shall chapter 451 of the laws of 1903, entitled An Act to provide for party nomination by direct vote, be adopted.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Adams Co.			
Adams	69	25	94
Big Flats	71	4	75
Colburn	23	4	27
Dell Prairie	56	10	66
Easton	51	12	63
Jackson	54	13	67
Leola	39	8	47
Lincoln	20	3	23
Monroe	99	4	103
New Chester	43	4	47
New Haven	43	30	73
Preston	31	5	36
Quincy	55	1	56
Richfield	36	4	40
Rome	54	6	60
Springville	51	11	62
Strong's Prairie	123	3	126
Total	918	147	1,065
Against	147		
Plurality	771		
Ashland Co.			
Ashland, city	1,192	150	1,342
ward 1	135	10	
ward 2	150	19	
ward 3	134	12	
ward 4	100	14	
ward 5	170	12	
ward 6	104	21	
ward 7	125	16	
ward 8	146	11	
ward 9	44	16	
ward 10	84	19	
Agenda, town	43	7	50
Ashland, town	30	3	33
Butternut, town	46	18	64
Butternut, village	40	13	53
Gordon, town	22	5	27
Jacobs, town	154	21	175
La Pointe, town	22	4	26
Morse, town	141	6	147
Sanborn, town	117	55	172
precinct 1	22	3	
precinct 2	79	49	
precinct 3	16	3	
Total	1,807	282	2,089
Against	282		
Plurality	1,525		
Barron Co.			
Almena	23	4	27
Barron	26	9	35
Bear Lake	5	13	18
Cedar Lake	5	17	22

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Barron Co.—Con.			
Chetek	23	27	50
Clinton	150	5	155
Crystal Lake	47	1	48
Cumberland	83	17	100
Dallas	142	4	146
Dover	93	7	100
Doyle	50	7	57
Lakeland	36	13	49
Maple Grove	198	15	213
Oak Grove	21	45	66
Prairie Farm	149	4	153
Rice Lake	11	27	38
Stanford	30	5	35
Stanley	102	3	105
Sumner	34	7	41
Turtle Lake	17	6	23
Vance Creek	87	3	90
Cameron, village	22	9	31
Dallas, village	83	2	85
Prairie Farm, village	50	3	53
Turtle Lake, village	21	25	46
Barron, city	124	32	156
Chetek, city	31	48	79
Cumberland, city	98	39	137
Rice Lake, city	123	76	199
ward 1	35	27	.....
ward 2	42	26	.....
ward 3	15	15	.....
ward 4	31	8	.....
Total	1,881	476	2,357
Total against	476		
Net plurality for	1,405		
Bayfield Co			
Bayfield	147	29	176
Bell		1	1
Cable	34	8	42
Drummond	42	2	44
Ellen	12		12
Iron River	456	9	465
precinct 1			
precinct 2			
Mason	174	5	179
Pratt	58	6	64
Port Wing	56	6	62
Washburn	38	1	39
Washburn, city	427	29	456
ward 1	20	2	.....
ward 2	49	8	.....
ward 3	49	5	.....
ward 4	99	7	.....
ward 5	101	2	.....
ward 6	35	3	.....
ward 7	53	2	.....
ward 8	30		.....
Total	1,444	96	1,540
Total against	96		
Net plurality for	1,348		
Brown Co.			
Allouez	53	9	62
Ashwaubenon	49	7	56
Bellevue	33	14	52
De Pere	23	15	38
Eaton	41	6	47
Glenmore	125	27	152
Green Bay	60	2	62

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Brown Co.—Con.			
Holland	65	45	110
Howard	40	101	141
Humboldt	70	7	77
Lawrence			
Morrison	83	26	119
New Denmark	52	23	75
Pittsfield	30	16	46
Preble	82	22	104
Rockland	43	21	64
Scott	26	54	80
Suamico	41	27	68
Wrightstown	45	43	93
Wrightstown, village	52	5	57
De Pere, city	297	127	424
ward 1	107	41	
ward 2	55	15	
ward 3	94	46	
ward 4	41	25	
Green Bay, city	1,310	586	1,896
ward 1	100	106	
ward 2	195	160	
ward 3	116	52	
ward 4	161	51	
ward 5	175	76	
ward 6, precinct 1	74	49	
ward 6, precinct 2	60	31	
ward 7, precinct 1	133	37	
ward 7, precinct 2	45	25	
ward 8, precinct 1	165	37	
ward 8, precinct 2	86	31	
Total	2,625	1,188	3,823
Against	1,188		
Plurality for	1,447		
Buffalo Co.			
Alma	64	8	72
Alma, city	68	32	100
ward 1	21	24	
ward 2	29	3	
ward 3	18	5	
Belvidere	29	12	41
Buffalo	12	52	64
Buffalo, city	12		12
Canton	33	16	49
Cross	28	12	40
Dover	57	23	80
Pountain City	68	65	133
ward 1	24	24	
ward 2	34	41	
Gilmanton	37	14	51
Glencoe	10	35	45
Lincoln	21	4	25
Maxville	16	1	17
Milton			
Modena	118	7	125
Mondovi	74	18	92
Mondovi, city	141	35	176
ward 1	75	19	
ward 2	66	16	
Montana	12	15	27
Naples	154	4	158
Nelson	94	11	105
Waumandee	23	38	61
Total	1,071	402	1,473
Total against	402		
Net plurality for	669		

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Burnett Co.			
Anderson	89	2	91
Blaine	44	9	53
Grantsburg	135	5	140
Grantsburg, village	122	3	125
Jackson	49	1	50
La Follette	40	4	44
Marshfield	101	5	106
Meenon	57	6	63
Rusk	55	2	57
Roosevelt	22	.....	22
Trade Lake	132	4	136
Wood Lake	135	.....	135
Total	981	41	1,022
Against	41	.....	.....
Plurality	940	.....	.....
Calumet Co.			
Brillon	72	66	138
Brillon, village	78	47	125
Brothertown	20	52	72
Charlestown	72	59	131
Chilton	40	80	120
Chilton, city	72	149	221
Harrison	57	97	154
Hilbert, village	26	35	59
New Holstein	88	39	127
New Holstein, village	69	12	81
Rantoul	116	98	209
Stockbridge	40	156	196
Woodville	35	79	114
Total	785	962	1,747
Vote for	785	785	.....
Plurality against .....	.....	177	.....
Chippewa Co.			
Anson	91	7	98
Arthur	64	12	76
Auburn	64	27	91
Bloomer	53	40	93
Cleveland	68	14	82
Colburn	44	4	48
Delmar	35	12	47
Eagle Point	33	19	52
Edson	43	63	106
Lafayette	145	15	160
Sampson	18	14	32
Sigel	99	29	128
Tilden	56	21	77
Wheaton	95	51	146
Auburn, village	23	18	41
Bloomer, village	57	48	105
Boyd, village	32	53	85
Cadott, village	56	38	94
Stanley, city	249	64	313
ward 1	60	11	.....
ward 2	55	15	.....
ward 3	90	24	.....
ward 4	44	14	.....
Chippewa Falls, city	697	159	856
ward 1	100	10
ward 2	106	14
ward 3	73	16
ward 4	51	23
ward 5	68	37

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Chippewa Co.—Con.			
Chippewa Falls, city:			
ward 6	43	9	.....
ward 7	87	10	.....
ward 8	64	18	.....
ward 9	62	19	.....
ward 10	43	3	.....
Total	2,022	703	2,730
Total against	708		
Net plurality for	1,314		
Clark Co.			
Beaver	80	16	96
Colby	20	65	85
Dewhurst	11	3	14
Eaton	43	15	63
Freemont	88	27	115
Grant	67	49	116
Green Grove	16	33	49
Hewett	34	6	40
Hixon	72	35	107
Hoard	101	8	109
Levis	40	9	49
Loyal	37	61	98
Lynn	41	46	87
Longwood	45	9	54
Mayville	75	18	93
Mead	9	4	13
Mentor	103	43	146
Pine Valley	63	86	149
Reseburg	29	24	53
Sherman	48	60	108
Seif	5	9	14
Sherwood	34	14	48
Thorp	49	12	61
Unity	31	71	102
Warner	49	35	84
Washburn	25	17	42
Weston	63	51	114
Withee	30	8	38
Worden	36	27	63
York	102	21	123
Abbotsford, village	110	21	131
Colby, city	63	31	99
Dorchester, village	60	14	74
Greenwood, city	84	40	124
Loyal, village	42	68	110
Neillsville	178	187	365
ward 1	61	49	.....
ward 2	51	59	.....
ward 3	66	79	.....
Thorp, village	56	23	79
Withee, village	27	43	70
Total	2,086	1,309	3,395
Total against	1,309		
Net plurality for	777		
Columbia Co.			
Arlington	74	56	130
Caledonia	51	31	82
Columbus	18	104	122
Courtland	79	45	124
Dekora	105	43	151
Ft. Winnebago	31	45	76
Fountain Prairie	25	113	138
Hampden	78	12	90

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Columbia Co.—Con.			
Leeds	56	58	114
Lewiston	45	58	103
Lodi	57	50	107
Lowville	83	30	113
Marcellon	45	42	91
Newport	59	14	73
Otsego	130	61	191
Pacific	6	24	30
Randolph	77	36	113
Scott	60	24	84
Springvale	63	12	75
West Point	35	44	79
Wyocena	91	31	122
Cambria, village	84	25	109
Fall River, village	14	39	53
Kilbourn City, village	94	90	184
Lodi, village	88	105	193
Pardeeville, village	54	51	105
Poynette, village	109	19	128
Randolph, village, N. W.	5	12	17
Rio, village	75	22	97
Columbus, city	99	222	321
ward 1	51	85	.....
ward 2	22	65	.....
ward 3	26	72	.....
Portage city	278	452	730
ward 1	24	42	.....
ward 2	49	91	.....
ward 3	56	98	.....
ward 4	50	68	.....
ward 5	99	153	.....
Total	2,171	1,974	4,145
Against	1,974	.....	.....
Plurality for	157	.....	.....
Crawford Co.			
Bridgeport	4	18	22
Clayton	99	149	248
Eastman	40	84	124
Freeman	129	47	176
Haney	59	31	90
Marietta	14	117	131
Prairie du Chien	12	77	89
Scott	46	121	167
Seneca	52	118	170
Utica	171	49	220
Wauzeka	27	45	72
Bell Center, village	4	39	43
De Soto, village	9	8	17
Grays Mills, village	23	42	65
Lynxville	29	22	51
Prairie du Chien, city	110	322	432
ward 1	18	55	.....
ward 2	47	96	.....
ward 3	37	125	.....
ward 4	8	45	.....
Soldiers Grove, village	75	44	119
Steuben, village	11	26	37
Wauzeka, village	15	43	58
Total	929	1,402	2,331
For	929
Plurality against	473

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Dane Co.			
Albion	222	58	280
Belleville, village	32	23	55
Berry	20	130	150
Black Earth	18	26	44
Black Earth, village	38	46	84
Blooming Grove	100	109	209
Blue Mounds	168	19	187
Bristol	80	109	189
Burke	142	54	196
Cambridge, village	71	32	103
Christiana	223	74	302
Cottage Grove	129	169	298
Cross Plains	22	188	210
Dane	73	80	153
Dane, village	10	41	51
Deerfield	80	68	148
Deerfield, village	69	39	108
De Forest, village	38	17	55
Dunkirk	187	53	240
Dunn	129	41	170
Fitchburg	76	31	107
Madison, town	111	49	160
Madison, city	2,113	1,287	3,400
ward 1	213	156	.....
ward 2	253	169	.....
ward 3	184	112	.....
ward 4	202	167	.....
ward 5, precinct 1	268	122	.....
ward 5, precinct 2	156	59	.....
ward 6, precinct 1	199	114	.....
ward 6, precinct 2	131	62	.....
ward 7	128	134	.....
ward 8	212	130	.....
ward 9	92	40	.....
ward 10	70	22	.....
Mazomanie	23	32	55
Mazomanie, village	72	79	151
Medina	94	89	183
Middleton	84	168	252
Montrose	27	33	60
Mt. Horeb, village	79	51	130
Oregon	68	28	96
Oregon, village	64	48	112
Perry	159	31	190
Primrose	92	20	112
Pleasant Springs	207	30	237
Roxbury	25	71	96
Rutland	217	27	244
Springdale	96	49	145
Springfield	17	168	185
Stoughton, city	560	148	708
ward 1	142	29	.....
ward 2	204	25	.....
ward 3	131	34	.....
ward 4	83	60	.....
Sun Prairie	71	66	137
Sun Prairie, village	103	77	180
Vienna	141	35	176
Verona	32	96	128
Vermont	128	20	148
Waunakee, village	22	52	74
Westport	80	52	132
Windsor	134	73	207
York	79	40	119
Total	6,830	4,256	11,086
Against	4,256	.....	.....
Plurality for	2,574	.....	.....

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Dodge Co.			
Ashiippun	109	38	147
Beaver Dam	25	56	81
Burnett	26	191	127
Calamus	32	47	79
Chester	29	64	93
Clyman	36	87	123
Elba	45	48	93
Emmet	34	93	127
Fox Lake	38	43	81
German	42	94	136
Hubbard	93	92	185
Hustisford	117	135	252
Lebanon	31	174	205
Le Roy	44	91	135
Lomira	70	72	142
Lowell	34	68	102
Oak Grove	23	140	163
Portland	20	166	126
Rubicon	51	39	90
Shields	19	36	55
Theresa	28	50	78
Trenton	31	73	104
Westford	9	50	59
Williamstown	32	42	74
Beaver Dam	213	400	613
ward 1	35	55	.....
ward 2	24	70	.....
ward 3	38	42	.....
ward 4	33	69	.....
ward 5	12	32	.....
ward 6	20	44	.....
ward 7	21	51	.....
ward 8	25	37	.....
Horicon	26	252	278
ward 1	8	93	.....
ward 2	4	87	.....
ward 3	14	72	.....
Juneau	46	150	196
ward 1	18	74	.....
ward 2	28	76	.....
Mayville	127	123	250
ward 1	47	26	.....
ward 2	14	29	.....
ward 3	66	68	.....
Watertown	9	223	242
ward 5	9	104	.....
ward 6 .....	.....	129	.....
Waupun	147	50	197
ward 1	40	22	.....
ward 2	44	12	.....
ward 3	30	10	.....
ward 4	33	6	.....
Fox Lake	65	95	160
Lomira	17	26	43
Lowell	14	18	32
Randolph	34	43	77
Reeseville	25	25	50
Theresa	25	7	32
Neosho	42	14	56
Total	1,808	3,275	5,083
Total for .....	.....	1,808	.....
Plurality against .....	.....	1,467	.....
Door Co.			
Bailey's Harbor	14	44	58
Brussels	73	48	121
Clay Banks	44	32	76
Egg Harbor	37	20	57
Forestville	18	163	181

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Door Co.—Con.			
Gardner	20	60	80
Gabraltar		SHR SH	SHR IIHH
Jacksonport	88	36	124
Liberty Grove	79	73	152
Nasewaupce	15	62	77
Sevastopol	32	115	147
Sturgeon Bay	33	38	71
Sturgeon Bay, city	168	216	384
ward 1	62	60	
ward 2	41	48	
ward 3	33	62	
ward 4	32	46	
Union	62	6	68
Washington	105	15	120
Total	905	949	1,854
Total for		905	
Plurality against		44	
Douglas Co.			
Superior, city	2,006	347	2,353
ward 1	160	42	
ward 2	113	29	
ward 3	69	1	
ward 4, precinct 1	58	3	
ward 4, precinct 2	63	13	
ward 4, precinct 3	165	22	
ward 5, east precinct	79	3	
ward 5, west precinct	182	16	
ward 5, south precinct	191	32	
ward 6	245	64	
ward 7, precinct 1	202	41	
ward 7, precinct 2	141	34	
ward 8	100	14	
ward 9	181	17	
ward 10	56	16	
Brute	104	12	116
precinct 1	28	8	
precinct 2	58	3	
precinct 3	18	1	
Gordon	32	6	38
precinct 1	28	6	
precinct 2	4		
Nebagamon	285	25	310
precinct 1	165	14	
precinct 2	45	4	
precinct 3	36	7	
precinct 4	39		
Superior	112	6	118
precinct 1	45		
precinct 2	48	1	
precinct 3	9	1	
precinct 4			
precinct 5	10	4	
Total	2,539	366	2,935
Total against	296		
Plurality for	2,143		
Dunn Co.			
Colfax, town	106	9	115
Colfax, village	64	6	70
Dunn	142	18	160
Eau Galle	90	13	103
Elk Mound	63	12	75
Grant	98	3	101
Hay River	69		69
Lucas	56	5	61
Menomonie, town	84	11	95

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Dunn Co.—Con.			
Menomonie, city	238	155	393
ward 1	32	5	
ward 2	69	36	
ward 3	43	67	
ward 4	44	47	
New Haven	38	7	45
Otter Creek	50	3	62
Peru	28	17	45
Red Cedar	45	7	52
Rock Creek	62	30	92
Sand Creek	37	5	92
Sheridan	57	13	70
Sherman	25	8	33
Spring Brook	58	14	72
Stanton	152	8	160
Tainter	19	15	34
Tiffany	86	25	111
Weston	62	10	72
Wilson	60	6	66
Total	1,848	400	2,248
Total against	400		
Plurality for	1,448		
Eau Claire Co.			
Altoona, city	24	57	81
ward 1	13	23	
ward 2	11	34	
Augusta	62	65	127
Eau Claire, city	1,331	576	1,907
ward 1	108	53	
ward 2	134	64	
ward 3	127	126	
ward 4	51	22	
ward 5	95	54	
ward 6	141	77	
ward 7	186	40	
ward 8	183	37	
ward 9	172	45	
ward 10	134	58	
Bridge Creek, town	66	20	86
Brunswick	38	15	53
Clear Creek	33	26	64
Drammen	121	11	132
Fairchild	22	9	31
Fairchild, village	72	12	84
Lincoln, town	45	17	62
Luddington	48	14	62
Otter Creek			
Pleasant Valley	128	15	143
Seymour	40	15	55
Union	47	13	60
Washington	103	15	118
Total	2,185	880	3,065
Against	880		
Plurality for	1,305		
Florence Co.			
Commonwealth	45	23	73
precinct 1	27	26	
precinct 2	18	2	
Florence	41	303	344
Homestead	80	3	83
Total	166	324	500
Total for		166	
Plurality against		163	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Fond du Lac Co.			
Alto	40	89	129
Ashford	92	117	209
Auburn	45	96	141
Byron	37	74	111
Calumet	44	59	94
Eden	35	77	112
Eldorado	66	83	149
Empire	13	17	30
Fond du Lac	33	55	88
Forest	31	56	87
Friendship	53	47	100
Lamartine	23	137	215
Marshfield	35	169	204
Metomen	54	32	86
Oakfield	72	52	124
Osceola	34	52	86
Ripon	57	45	102
Rosendale	100	63	163
Springvale	42	90	132
Taycheedah	52	58	110
Waupun	60	30	90
Fond du Lac, city	1,064	923	1,987
ward 1	62	41	
ward 2	62	55	
ward 3	51	47	
ward 4	69	72	
ward 5	48	47	
ward 6	59	40	
ward 7	102	70	
ward 8	76	56	
ward 9	54	45	
ward 10	95	88	
ward 11	71	101	
ward 12	76	75	
ward 13	66	55	
ward 14	55	44	
ward 15	65	36	
ward 16	53	51	
Ripon, city	319	149	468
ward 1	77	18	
ward 2	82	48	
ward 3	76	41	
ward 4	84	42	
Waupun, city	86	40	126
ward 5	26	15	
ward 6	60	25	
Brandon, village	27	61	88
Campbellsport, village	67	55	122
Oakfield, village	79	27	106
N. Fond du Lac, village	111	34	145
Total	2,776	2,833	5,609
Total for		2,776	
Plurality against		57	
Forest Co.			
Caswell	12	5	17
Crandon	179	21	200
precinct 1	163	19	
precinct 2	16	2	
Hiles	5	24	29
Laona	116	9	125
North Crandon	62	8	70
Waubesa	133	5	138
precinct 1	59	3	
precinct 2	10	2	
precinct 3	64		
Total	507	72	579
Against	72		
Plurality for	435		

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Gates Co.			
Atlanta	45	2	47
Big Bend	33	1	39
Bruce	40	11	51
Dewey	6	22	28
Flambeau	33	3	33
Grant	36	3	39
Hawkins	61	5	66
Ladysmith	146	22	168
Lawrence	19	17	36
Marshall	18	3	21
Rusk	38	2	40
Strickland	7	2	9
Stubbs	77	9	86
Thornapple	40	63	103
precinct 1	9	66	.....
precinct 2	31	2	.....
True	72	5	77
Total	676	175	851
Against	175	.....	.....
Plurality for	501	.....	.....
Grant Co.			
Beetown	70	24	94
Bloomington	42	41	83
Boscobel	98	157	255
Cassville	19	64	83
Castle Rock	28	80	118
Clifton	70	49	119
Ellenboro	31	99	130
Fennimore	75	70	145
Glen Haven	49	81	130
Harrison	45	129	174
Hazel Green	37	79	116
Hickory Grove	68	42	110
Jamestown	13	92	105
Lancaster	181	56	237
Liberty	70	33	103
Lima	44	108	152
Little Grant	19	39	58
Marion	26	42	68
Millville	17	12	29
Mt. Hope	89	35	124
Mt. Ida	68	42	110
Muscoda	42	9	51
Paris	16	87	103
Patch Grove	59	29	88
Platteville	18	70	88
Potosi	67	171	238
Smelser	91	53	144
Waterloo	106	22	128
Waterstown	72	32	104
Wingville	96	51	147
Woodman	33	14	47
Wyalusing	102	30	132
Bloomington, village	20	63	93
Cassville, village	48	106	154
Cuba, city	53	48	101
Fennimore, village	115	85	200
Hazel Green, village	32	41	73
Montfort, village	79	44	123
Muscoda, village	114	20	134
Potosi, village	32	51	83
Lancaster, city	194	162	356
ward 1	52	30
ward 2	37	62
ward 3	43	21
ward 4	62	49

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Grant Co.—Con.			
Platteville, city	206	391	597
ward 1	37	84	.....
ward 2	54	106	.....
ward 3	85	101	.....
ward 4	30	100	.....
Total	2,764	2,963	5,727
Total for		2,764	.....
Net plurality against		199	.....
Green Co.			
Adams	18	31	49
Albany	38	32	70
Albany, village	58	51	109
Brooklyn	43	87	130
Brodhead, city	179	107	286
ward 1	97	48	.....
ward 2	82	59	.....
Browntown	12	39	51
Cadiz	41	49	90
Clarno	52	96	148
Decatur	41	35	76
Exeter	24	28	52
Jefferson	111	40	151
Jordan	32	32	64
Monroe	34	45	79
Monroe, city	311	240	551
ward 1	96	55	.....
ward 2	57	48	.....
ward 3	73	66	.....
ward 4	85	71	.....
Mt. Pleasant	32	35	67
Monticello	38	22	60
New Glarus	47	25	72
New Glarus, village	61	27	88
Spring Grove	50	29	79
Sylvester	50	26	76
Washington	21	36	57
York	137	11	148
Total	1,430	1,123	2,553
Vote against	1,123	.....	.....
Plurality for	307	.....	.....
Green Lake Co.			
Berlin, city	350	215	565
ward 1	69	45	.....
ward 2	94	65	.....
ward 3	107	39	.....
ward 4	38	26	.....
ward 5	42	40	.....
Berlin	68	22	90
Brooklyn	29	58	87
Green Lake	23	58	81
Kingston	33	55	88
Mackford	62	14	76
Manchester	20	100	120
Marquette	47	38	85
Princeton	56	31	137
Seneca	3	20	23
St. Marie	14	50	64
Dartford, village	37	34	71
Markesan	50	19	69
Princeton	77	136	213
Total	869	900	1,769
Total for		869	.....
Plurality against		31	.....

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Iowa Co.			
Arena	113	45	158
Brigham	158	24	182
Clyde	23	47	70
Dodgeville	109	76	185
Eden	39	39	78
Highland	16	119	135
Linden	79	35	114
Mifflin	115	101	216
Mineral Point	107	55	162
Moscow	148	46	194
Pulaski	78	59	137
Ridgeway	26	27	53
Waldwick	98	27	125
Wyoming	53	56	109
Dodgeville, city	186	181	367
Mineral Point, city	142	242	384
ward 1	35	56	.....
ward 2	44	78	.....
ward 3	29	48	.....
ward 4	34	60	.....
Cobb, village	22	21	43
Highland, village	29	43	72
Linden, village	19	12	31
Rewey	39	8	47
Ridgeway	32	26	58
Total	1,631	1,289	2,920
Vote against	1,289	.....	.....
Plurality for	342	.....	.....
Iron Co.			
Anderson	11	14	25
Knight	148	6	154
Montreal	45	16	61
Saxon	99	8	107
Vaughn	147	60	207
precinct 1	82	39	.....
precinct 2	46	15	.....
precinct 3	2	1	.....
precinct 4	17	5	.....
Total	450	104	554
Total against	104	.....	.....
Plurality for	346	.....	.....
Jackson, Co.			
Albion	149	34	183
Alma	62	26	88
Alma Center, village	16	51	67
Bear Bluff	4	4	8
Black River Falls	155	126	281
ward 1	40	40	.....
ward 2	43	14	.....
ward 3	31	25	.....
ward 4	41	47	.....
Brockway	20	2	22
City Point	21	19	40
Cleveland	46	43	89
Curran	91	12	103
Franklin	111	2	113
Garden Valley	41	12	53
Garfield	128	3	131
Hixton	48	49	97
Irwing	96	31	127
Knapp	39	6	45
Manchester	27	17	44
Melrose	142	53	195
Merrillan, village	42	22	64
Millston	23	11	34
Northfield	211	5	216
Springfield	180	17	197
Total	1,652	545	2,197
Total against	545
Plurality for	1,107

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Jefferson Co.	28	104	132
Aztalan	7	18	25
Cold Spring	38	124	162
Concord	12	267	279
Farmington	53	60	113
Hebron	49	124	173
Ixonia	57	210	267
Jefferson	53	110	163
precinct 1	4	100	104
precinct 2	68	89	157
Koshkonong	47	39	86
Lake Mills	15	43	58
Melford	83	61	144
Oakland	48	28	76
Palmyra	112	133	245
Sullivan	34	42	76
Sumner	12	119	131
Waterloo	43	110	153
Watertown	139	147	286
Fort Atkinson	51	51	102
ward 1	67	40	107
ward 2	32	30	62
ward 3	49	26	75
ward 4	132	318	450
Jefferson, city	40	64	104
ward 1	41	74	115
ward 2	35	95	130
ward 3	16	85	101
ward 4	162	417	579
Watertown	44	108	152
ward 1	43	118	161
ward 2	35	59	94
ward 3	20	61	81
ward 4	20	71	91
Johnson Creek, village	24	74	98
Lake Mills	121	75	196
Palmyra	35	33	68
Waterloo, village	52	133	185
Total	1,431	2,759	4,190
For	1,431		
Plurality against		1,328	
Juneau Co.			
Armenia	103	26	129
Clearfield	22	21	43
Cutter	27	8	35
Winley	16	5	21
Mountain	51	16	67
Mount Pleasant	36	22	58
Germantown	33	32	65
Kildare	42	6	48
Kingston	87	36	123
Lemonweir	42	19	61
Lindina	56	18	74
Lisbon	23	42	65
Lyndon	21	31	52
Marion	193	33	226
Necedah	51	18	69
Orange	130	14	144
Plymouth	36	24	60
Seven Mile Creek	44	15	59
Summit	62	75	137
Wonewoc	61	12	73
Camp Douglas, village	26	28	54
Lyndon Sta.	66	44	110
Wonewoc	171	69	240
Elroy	81	32	113
ward 1	90	37	127
ward 2			

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Juneau Co.—Con.			
Mauston	112	133	245
ward 1	38	53	
ward 2	74	80	
New Lisbon	117	83	200
ward 1	61	35	
ward 2	56	48	
Total	1,628	835	2,463
Total against	835		
Plurality for	793		
Kenosha Co.			
Brighton	44	40	84
Bristol	126	53	179
Paris	75	33	108
Pleasant Prairie	105	78	183
Randall	66	43	109
Salem	113	54	167
Somers	171	49	220
Wheatland	30	92	122
Kenosha, city	683	381	1,064
ward 1	79	53	
ward 2	91	60	
ward 3	148	72	
ward 4	120	68	
ward 5	73	31	
ward 6	34	31	
ward 7	35	25	
ward 8	103	41	
Total	1,413	823	2,236
Total against	823		
Plurality for	590		
Kewaunee Co.			
Algoma, city	119	99	218
Ahnapee	32	65	97
Carlton	62	11	73
Casco	37	49	86
Franklin	35	36	71
Kewaunee, city	86	64	150
Lincoln	98	19	117
Luxemburg	32	18	50
Montpelier	85	24	109
Pierce	42	35	77
Red River	72	33	105
West Kewaunee	46	55	101
Total	746	508	1,254
Total against	508		
Plurality for	238		
La Crosse Co.			
Bangor	36	25	61
Bangor, village	61	58	119
Barre	14	31	45
Burns	96	23	124
Campbell	36	33	69
Farmington	155	44	199
Greenfield	21	22	43
Hamilton	151	47	198
Holland	170	23	193
Onalaska	128	30	158
Shelby	26	40	66

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
La Crosse Co.—Con.			
Washington	43	40	83
West Salem, village	79	39	118
Onalaska, village	51	94	145
ward 1	11	21	
ward 2	23	40	
ward 3	17	33	
La Crosse, city	1,405	1,195	2,600
ward 1	81	84	
ward 2	72	55	
ward 3	31	28	
ward 4	80	97	
ward 5	56	36	
ward 6	79	74	
ward 7	121	38	
ward 8	62	21	
ward 9	105	53	
ward 10	67	56	
ward 11	55	61	
ward 12	64	60	
ward 13	58	46	
ward 14	89	99	
ward 15	62	82	
ward 16	56	50	
ward 17	76	66	
ward 18	79	68	
ward 19	60	25	
ward 20	36	42	
ward 21	16	54	
Total	2,472	1,749	4,221
Vote against	1,749		
Plurality for	723		
Lafayette Co.			
Argyle	84	26	110
Belmont	21	76	97
Benton	62	76	138
Blanchard	48	28	76
Darlington	95	98	193
Elk Grove	47	52	99
Fayette	52	41	93
Gratiot	108	92	200
Kendall	20	88	108
Lamont	65	30	95
Monticello	32	12	44
New Diggings	48	42	90
Seymour	88	79	117
Shullsburg	41	79	120
Wayne	130	33	163
White Oak Springs	71	8	79
Willow Springs	57	98	155
Wiota	146	81	227
Argyle, village	72	32	104
Belmont, village	43	54	97
Benton, village	35	64	99
Blanchardville	68	40	108
Gratiot, village	14	46	60
Darlington, city	105	274	379
ward 1	56	144	
ward 2	49	130	
Shullsburg, city	37	50	204
ward 1	27	99	
ward 2			
Total	1,566	1,689	3,255
Total for		1,566	
Plurality against		123	

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Langlade Co.			
Ackley	32	19	51
Antigo	52	30	82
Elcho	69	9	78
Elton	3	8	11
Evergreen	8	10	18
Langlade	32	2	34
Neva	17	5	22
Norwood	66	45	111
Peck	21	14	35
Polan	85	15	100
Price	16	7	23
Rolling	118	12	130
Summit	18	3	21
Updam	12	18	30
Vilas	4	7	11
Antigo, city	429	326	755
ward 1	85	51	.....
ward 2	85	41	.....
ward 3	53	43	.....
ward 4	53	70	.....
ward 5	61	55	.....
ward 6	92	66	.....
Total	982	530	1,512
Total against	530		
Plurality for	452		
Lincoln Co.			
Birch, town	59	5	64
Bradley	12	5	17
Corning	44	12	56
Harrison	13	9	22
King	21	3	24
Merrill	35	12	47
Merrill, city	595	310	905
ward 1	63	44	.....
ward 2	33	45	.....
ward 3	108	43	.....
ward 4	96	40	.....
ward 5	74	39	.....
ward 6	101	36	.....
ward 7	120	63	.....
Pine River	102	20	122
Russell	31	10	41
Rock Falls	18	3	21
Scott	28	23	51
Schley	90	15	105
Tomahawk	17	1	18
Tomahawk, city	141	64	205
ward 1	22	9	.....
ward 2	29	20	.....
ward 3	51	20	.....
ward 4	39	15	.....
Total	1,206	492	1,698
Total against	492		
Plurality	714		
Manitowoc Co.			
Cato	73	122	195
Centerville	130	73	203
Cooperstown	57	48	105
Eaton	61	31	92
Franklin	27	35	62
Gibson	65	37	102
Kossuth	44	64	108
Liberty	91	82	173
Manitowoc	104	27	131

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Manitowoc Co.—Con.			
Manitowoc, city	607	748	1,355
ward 1	130	105	
ward 2	75	74	
ward 3	129	149	
ward 4	120	85	
ward 5	88	57	
ward 6	31	15	
ward 7	34	263	
Manitowoc Rapids	126	37	163
Maple Grove	36	48	84
Mecme	71	149	220
Mishicot	119	34	153
Newton	80	56	136
Rockland	103	52	155
Schleswig	67	67	134
Two Creeks	20	3	23
Two Rivers	41	54	95
Two Rivers, city	265	85	350
ward 1	42	11	
ward 2	61	17	
ward 3	36	30	
ward 4	69	8	
ward 5	57	19	
Reedsville, village	24	24	48
Kiel, village	36	30	66
Total	2,247	1,906	4,153
Vote against	1,906		
Plurality for	341		
Marathon Co.			
Athens, village	68	69	128
Bergen	36	14	50
Berlin	48	76	124
Bern	23	8	31
Brighton	52	43	95
Brokaw, village	15	19	34
Cassel	21	58	79
Cleveland	197	24	221
Colby, east ward	20	9	29
Day	62	54	116
Raston	15	61	76
Eau Plaine	18	63	81
Edgar, village	14	47	61
Eldron	66	28	94
Emmel	18	70	88
Frankfort	15	61	76
Franzen	16	6	22
Fernwood, village	6	17	23
Halsey	24	21	45
Hamburg	52	34	86
Harrison	24	8	32
Hewitt	5	10	15
Holten	60	78	138
Hull	99	36	135
Johnson	34	40	74
Knowlton	19	12	31
Kronenwetter	11	8	19
Maine	26	34	60
Marathon	27	29	56
Marathon, village	46	29	75
McMillan	41	86	127
McMillan, village	6	29	35
Mosinee	20	28	48
Mosinee, village	58	21	79
Norrie	36	31	67
Pike Lake	5	142	147
Plover	8	11	19
Rib Falls	30	28	58
Rietbrock	28	85	113
Ringle	4	17	21

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Marathon Co.—Con.			
Spencer	19	31	50
Spencer, village	14	46	60
Stettin	58	42	100
Schofield, village	17	23	40
Texas	44	18	62
Wausau	16	91	107
Weston	33	11	44
Wien	14	43	57
Wausau, city	997	829	1,826
ward 1	98	93	
ward 2	124	81	
ward 3	105	95	
ward 4	63	94	
ward 5	168	175	
ward 6	91	70	
ward 7	129	81	
ward 8	106	71	
ward 9	163	69	
Total	2,585	2,669	5,254
Total for		2,585	
Plurality against		84	
Marinette Co.			
Marinette, city	692	286	978
ward 1	162	40	
ward 2	136	67	
ward 3	238	67	
ward 4	31	31	
ward 5	125	81	
Peshtigo, city	65	51	116
ward 1	23	24	
ward 2	19	10	
ward 3	23	17	
Amberg	86	70	156
precinct 1	32	19	
precinct 2	18	11	
precinct 3	36	40	
Peshtigo	77	42	119
precinct 1	14	16	
precinct 2	2	11	
precinct 3	43	9	
precinct 4	11	6	
precinct 5	7	....
Porterfield	62	3	65
Grover	58	168	226
Pound	206	25	231
Crivitz	98	22	120
Wausaukee	50	74	124
Dunbar	98	4	102
Coleman, village	4	21	25
Total	1,496	766	2,262
Vote against		766	
Plurality for	730		
Marquette Co.			
Buffalo	67	26	93
Crystal Lake	6	69	75
Douglas	64	23	87
Harris	14	56	70
Mecan	3	86	89
Montello	7	26	33
Moundville	65	26	91
Neshkora	11	71	82
Newton	3	83	86
Oxford	109	2	111

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Marquette Co.—Con.			
Packwaukee	63	38	101
Shields	12	82	94
Springfield	23	34	63
Westfield	20	17	37
Montello, village	35	123	158
Westfield, village	20	32	62
Total	533	794	1,322
For		538	
Plurality against		256	
Milwaukee Co.			
Milwaukee, city	8,484	4,104	12,588
ward 1	282	332	
ward 2	198	143	
ward 3	498	51	
ward 4	326	136	
ward 5	282	66	
ward 6	463	70	
ward 7	348	224	
ward 8	515	151	
ward 9	478	126	
ward 10	323	302	
ward 11	353	78	
ward 12	299	69	
ward 13	548	204	
ward 14	128	51	
ward 15	499	469	
ward 16	545	409	
ward 17	245	166	
ward 18	429	312	
ward 19	339	143	
ward 20	367	112	
ward 21	297	74	
ward 22	309	213	
ward 23	343	203	
South Milwaukee, city	257	95	352
ward 1	105	33	
ward 2	78	25	
ward 3	54	27	
ward 4	20	10	
Wauwatosa, city	135	126	261
ward 1	52	47	
ward 2	29	22	
ward 3	29	43	
ward 4	25	14	
East Milwaukee, village	42	5	47
Whitefish Bay, village	33	21	54
North Milwaukee, village	85	42	127
West Allis, village	32	34	126
Cudahy, village	78	50	128
Greenfield	194	77	271
Wauwatosa	204	170	374
Lake	270	93	363
Milwaukee	161	66	227
Granville	103	33	136
Franklin	39	25	62
Oak Creek	22	29	51
Total	10,139	4,938	15,107
Vote against	4,968		
Plurality for	5,171		
Monroe Co.			
Adrian	18	13	26
Angelo	31	34	65
Byron	68	6	74
Clifton	62	65	127
Glendale	117	17	134

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Monroe Co.—Con.			
Grant	48	10	58
Greenfield	23	32	55
Jefferson	69	41	110
Lafayette	35	4	39
La Grange	43	16	59
Leon	92	15	107
Lincoln	115	25	140
Little Falls	54	49	103
New Lyme	21	4	25
Oakdale	25	36	59
Portland	107	4	111
Ridgeville	24	54	78
Scott	42	2	44
Sheldon	76	13	94
Sparta	145	36	181
Tomah	33	21	54
Wellington	38	21	59
Wells	12	22	34
Wilton	25	54	79
Sparta, city	289	186	475
ward 1	61	56	117
ward 2	95	57	152
ward 3	68	46	114
ward 4	65	27	92
Tomah	160	186	346
ward 1	54	71	125
ward 2	69	75	144
ward 3	37	40	77
Cashton, village	65	25	90
Kendale, village	51	21	72
Norwalk, village	11	28	39
Ontario, village	21	3	24
Wilton, village	27	30	57
Total	1,945	1,083	3,028
Against	1,083		
Plurality against	862		
Oconto Co.			
Armstrong	91	14	105
Breed	52	5	57
Brazeau	14	82	96
Chase	17	90	107
Gillet	150	12	162
Howe	79	32	111
Lena	52	41	93
Little River	109	42	151
Little Suamico	48	63	101
Maple Valley	127	7	134
Morgan	41	47	88
Oconto	47	51	98
Pensaukee	119	81	200
precinct 1	48	46	94
precinct 2	25	5	30
precinct 3	46	30	76
Spruce	74	9	83
Stiles	46	30	76
Underhill	105	13	118
Gillett, village	34	27	61
Oconto Falls, village	74	29	103
Oconto, city	242	353	595
north ward	42	95	137
east ward	81	108	189
south ward	99	90	189
west ward	20	60	80
Oconto Falls	55	9	64
Total	1,576	1,027	2,603
Against	1,027		
Plurality for	549		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Onelda Co .			
Cassian	42	6	48
Crescent	18	1	19
Gagen	109	4	113
Hazelhurst	56	61	117
precinct 1	49	60	
precinct 2	7	1	
Lyme	8		8
Monico	35	2	37
Newbold	19	2	21
Pelican	32	9	41
Pine Lake	14	1	15
Rhinelanders	578	62	640
ward 1	103	3	
ward 2	98	2	
ward 3	78	3	
ward 4	83	18	
ward 5	107	29	
ward 6	109	7	
Sugar Camp	36	2	38
Schoepke	71	7	78
Woodboro	13	6	19
precinct 1	7		
precinct 2	6		
Total	1,031	163	1,194
Against	163		
Plurality for	868		
Outagamie Co.			
Appleton, city	1,177	308	1,485
ward 1, precinct 1	84	35	
ward 1, precinct 2	119	29	
ward 2, precinct 1	163	64	
ward 2, precinct 2	93	41	
ward 3, precinct 1	133	40	
ward 3, precinct 2	52	6	
ward 4	110	25	
ward 5	190	38	
ward 6	223	30	
Black Creek	92	7	99
Black Creek, village	67	9	76
Borrina	23	17	40
Buchanan	84	37	121
Center	130	25	155
Cicero	67	9	76
Dole	172	33	205
Deer Creek	83	3	86
Ellington	107	21	128
Freedom	233	20	262
Grand Chute	198	36	234
Greenville	158	17	175
Hortonia	60	13	73
Hortonville, village	104	28	132
Kaukauna	26	14	40
Kaukauna, city	323	229	552
north precinct	151	103	
south precinct	172	126	
Little Chute	15	12	27
Liberty	8	6	14
Maine	65	14	79
Maple Creek	37	38	75
New London, ward 3	42	22	64
Osborn	52	8	60
Onelda	12	3	15
Seymour	123	22	145
Seymour, city	89	35	124
ward 1	44	17	
ward 2	45	18	

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Outagamie Co.—Con.			
Shiocton, village	22	22	44
Vandenbrook	13	37	50
Welcome	19	3	22
Total	3,601	1,057	4,658
Vote against	1,057		
Plurality for	2,544		
Ozaukee Co.			
Belgium	49	138	187
Cedarburg	59	42	101
Fredonia	61	86	147
Grafton	63	23	86
Mequon	95	179	274
Port Washington	60	33	93
Saukville	80	66	146
Cedarburg, city	74	85	159
Port Washington, city	229	265	495
Grafton, village	27	44	71
Total	797	962	1,759
For		797	
Plurality against		165	
Pepin Co.			
Albany	59	13	72
Durand	11	16	27
Durand, city	53	111	169
ward 1	24		
ward 2	34	54	
Frankfort	29	47	76
Lima	6	88	94
Pepin	40	51	91
Stockholm	41	3	44
Stockholm, village	24	2	26
Waterville	71	71	142
Waubeek	5	5	10
Total	344	467	751
For		344	
Plurality against		63	
Pierce Co.			
Clifton	21	13	34
Diamond Bluff	74	3	77
Ellsworth	86	37	123
El Paso	45	15	60
Gilmon	97	22	119
Hartland	125	30	155
Isabelle	23	40	63
Martell	82	33	115
Maiden Rock	40	10	50
Oak Grove	10	17	27
River Falls	25	23	48
Rock Elm	42	36	78
Salem	100	11	111
Spring Lake	120	13	133
Trenton	80	10	90
Trimbelle	93	96	189
Union	72	17	89
Ellsworth, village	52	60	112
Maiden Rock, village	59	4	63
Spring Valley, village	57	25	82

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Pierce Co.—Con.			
Prescott, city	38	41	79
ward 1	3	9	12
ward 2	15	15	30
ward 3	20	17	37
River Falls, city, 2d election district.....	82	122	204
Total	1,423	678	2,101
Against	678		
Plurality for	745		
Polk Co.			
Alden	215	14	229
precinct 1	129	7	136
precinct 2	86	7	93
Apple River	75	3	78
Balsam Lake	103	3	106
Beaver	36	16	52
Black Brook	73	9	82
Bone Lake	44	1	45
Clam Falls	36	1	37
Clayton	51	7	58
Clear Lake	22	6	28
Eureka	119	18	137
Farmington	47	6	53
Garfield	125	6	131
Georgetown	32	1	33
Johnstown	1	11	12
Laketown	88	2	90
Lincoln	82	3	85
Lorraine	16	3	19
Luck	77	7	84
McKinley	26	2	28
Milltown	68	2	70
Osceola	108	13	121
St. Croix Falls	44	7	51
Sterling	44	9	53
West Sweden	51	2	53
Amery, village	40	4	44
Clear Lake, village	51	27	78
Centuria, village	14	23	37
Frederick, village	24	1	25
Osceola, village	53	8	61
St. Croix Falls, village	37	34	71
Total	1,809	255	2,064
Vote against	255		
Plurality for	1,554		
Portage Co.			
Alban	193	23	216
Almond	138	38	176
Amherst	239	43	282
Amherst, village	66	27	93
Belmont	70	48	118
Buena Vista	65	19	84
Carson	52	60	112
Dewey	44	4	48
Eau Claire	45	44	89
Grant	65	9	74
Hull	12	84	96
Lanark	91	47	138
Linwood	10	57	67
New Hope	193	30	223
Pine Grove	49	26	75
Plover	107	40	147
Sharon	17	72	89
Stockton	43	141	184

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Portage Co.—Con.			
Stevens Point, city	404	514	918
ward 1	65	93	
ward 2	98	123	
ward 3	86	76	
ward 4	40	144	
ward 5	67	43	
ward 6	48	35	
Total	1,902	1,327	3,236
Vote against	1,327		
Plurality for	576		
Price Co.			
Brennan	67	10	77
Catawba	26	15	41
Emery	68	10	78
Eisenstein	16	13	29
Fifield	50	11	101
Georgetown	25	6	31
Hackett	16	3	19
Hill	15	5	20
Kennan	13	7	20
Kennan, village	11	18	29
Knox	88	2	90
Lake	19	6	25
Ogema	165	13	178
Prentice	73	6	81
Prentice, village	94	6	100
Park Falls, village	97	29	126
Worcester	95	36	131
Phillips, city	155	118	273
ward 1	56	34	
ward 2	59	51	
ward 3	40	33	
Total	1,135	314	1,449
Total against	314		
Plurality for	821		
Racine Co.			
Racine, city	1,544	1,264	2,808
ward 1	72	58	
ward 2, north precinct	108	149	
ward 2, south precinct	92	102	
ward 3, north precinct	130	104	
ward 3, south precinct	70	108	
ward 4, east precinct	59	37	
ward 4, west precinct	121	69	
ward 5	148	162	
ward 6	96	54	
ward 7, east precinct	74	77	
ward 7, west precinct	44	57	
ward 8	179	63	
ward 9	118	56	
ward 10	113	89	
ward 11	120	79	
Burlington, city	136	227	363
ward 1	15	35	
ward 2	77	33	
ward 3	19	97	
ward 4	25	62	
Burlington	30	79	109
Caledonia	84	42	126
Dover	55	53	108
Mt. Pleasant	118	46	164
Norway	140	19	159
Raymond	149	59	208

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Racine Co.—Con.			
Rochester	52	60	112
Union Grove, village	84	21	105
Waterford	96	79	175
Yorkville	106	23	129
Total	2,594	1,872	4,466
Against	1,872		
Plurality for	722		
Richland Co.			
Akan	122	54	176
Bloom	47	49	96
Buena Vista	52	46	98
Cazenovia, village	18	33	51
Dayton	52	46	98
Eagle	56	54	110
Forest	74	34	108
Henrietta	67	36	103
Ithaca	38	58	96
Lone Rock, village	38	24	62
Marshall	40	18	58
Orion	109	22	131
Richland	54	27	81
Richland Center, city	219	132	351
ward 1	62	38	
ward 2	79	36	
ward 3	78	58	
Richwood	102	51	153
Rockbridge	61	25	86
Sylvan	67	35	102
Viola	60	16	76
Westford	31	57	88
Willow	23	54	77
Total	1,330	871	2,201
Vote against	871		
Plurality for	459		
Rock Co.			
Avon	30	58	88
Beloit	20	35	55
Bradford	17	26	43
Center	77	28	105
Clinton	109	14	123
Fulton	44	101	145
Harmony	30	62	92
Janesville	43	35	78
Johnstown	46	19	65
La Prairie	26	28	54
Lima	30	53	83
Magnolia	92	30	122
Milton	149	230	379
precinct 1		113	
precinct 2	52	117	
Newark	95	51	146
Plymouth	96	90	186
Porter	74	52	126
Rock	40	72	112
Spring Valley	130	26	156
Turtle	25	68	93
Union	49	56	105
Clinton, village	85	51	136
Orfordville, village	55	31	86
Beloit, city	532	610	1,142
ward 1	71	97	
ward 2	109	171	
ward 3	109	104	
ward 4	94	129	
ward 5	149	109	

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Rock Co.—			
Edgerton, city	109	214	323
Evansville	125	155	280
Janesville	397	585	982
ward 1	84	109	
ward 2	96	94	
ward 3	95	170	
ward 4	94	153	
ward 5	28	59	
Total	2,525	2,780	5,305
Total for		2,525	
Net plurality against		255	
St. Croix Co.			
Baldwin	176	49	225
Cady	109	21	130
Cylon	92	46	138
Eau Galle	130	20	150
Emerald	62	36	98
Erin Prairie	22	187	209
Forest	45	23	68
Glenwood	91	19	110
Hammond	74	57	131
Hudson	57	39	96
Kinnickinnic	37	28	65
Pleasant Valley	61	17	78
Richmond	41	42	83
Rush River	83	22	105
Somerset	87	35	122
Springfield	103	39	142
Stanton	55	33	88
Star Prairie	82	26	108
St. Joseph	78	31	109
Troy	49	33	82
Warren	33	117	155
Glenwood, city	71	39	110
ward 1	24	9	
ward 2	14	7	
ward 3	33	23	
Hudson	281	222	503
ward 1	45	32	
ward 2	104	95	
ward 3	132	95	
New Richmond	110	87	197
ward 1	38	32	
ward 2	28	26	
ward 3	44	29	
River Falls, 1st ward	13	12	25
Baldwin, village	70	32	102
Hammond, village	24	33	57
Star Prairie	37	6	43
Total	2,178	1,351	3,529
Total against	1,351		
Plurality for	827		
Sauk Co.			
Alberman, village	17	31	48
Baraboo	101	57	158
Baraboo, city	491	306	797
ward 1	172	115	
ward 2	198	123	
ward 3	121	68	
Bear Creek	45	60	105
Dellona	42	19	61
Delton	32	87	119
Excelsior	42	47	89

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Sauk Co.—Con.			
Fairfield	33	46	79
Franklin	27	54	81
Freedom	26	40	66
Greenfield	39	47	86
Honey Creek	43	30	73
Ironton	129	58	187
La Valle	86	38	124
La Valle, village	32	18	50
Merrimack	43	26	69
Merrimack, village	13	20	33
North Freedom, village	43	19	62
Prairie du Sac	16	19	35
Prairie du Sac, village	49	47	96
Reedsburg	48	30	78
Reedsburg, city	251	108	359
ward 1	126	45	
ward 2	125	63	
Sauk City, village	85	25	110
Spring Green	15	65	80
Spring Green, village	54	65	119
Sumpter	79	54	133
Troy	42	38	80
Washington	38	35	73
Westfield	13	33	46
Winfield	64	6	70
Woodland	76	15	91
Total	2,114	1,593	3,707
Vote against	1,593		
Plurality for	521		
Sawyer Co.			
Hayward, town	247	47	294
precinct 1	187	25	
precinct 2	11	6	
precinct 3	14	1	
precinct 4	7	2	
precinct 5	19		
precinct 6	9	13	
Total	247	47	294
Total against	47		
Net plurality for	200		
Shawano Co.			
Almon	65	11	76
Angelica	52	32	84
Aniwa	22	38	60
Belle Plaine	48	59	107
Birnamwood	64	23	87
Fairbanks	73	8	81
Germany	37	14	51
Grant	122	11	133
Green Valley	97	30	127
Hartland	69	29	98
Herman	68	73	141
Hutchins	58	12	70
Lessor	143	14	157
Maple Grove	64	41	105
Morris	69	34	103
Navarino	57	8	65
Pella	38	37	75
Richmond	59	50	109
Seneca	37	29	66
Washington	65	74	139
Waukechon	51	47	98
Wescott	14	22	36

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Shawano Co.—Con.			
Wittenberg	117	8	125
Shawano, city	139	139	278
ward 1	50	52	.....
ward 2	33	34	.....
ward 3	56	53	.....
Aniwa, village	17	12	29
Biramwood, village	60	37	97
Mattoon, village	65	30	95
Tigerton, village	30	26	56
Wittenberg, village	96	46	142
Total	1,896	994	2,890
Total against	194		
Net plurality for	902		
Sheboygan Co.			
Cedar Grove, village	24	36	60
Elkhart Lake, village	19	29	48
Greenbush	100	53	153
Herman	114	78	192
Holland	83	187	270
precinct 1	53	87	.....
precinct 2	30	100	.....
Lima	46	115	161
Lyndon	204	72	276
Mitchell	100	35	135
Mosel	16	15	31
Plymouth	112	67	179
Plymouth, city	125	175	300
ward 1	77	97	.....
ward 2	48	78	.....
Rhine	39	26	65
Russell	12	10	22
Scott	64	53	117
Sheboygan	59	57	116
Sheboygan, city	407	364	771
ward 1	58	73	.....
ward 2	71	56	.....
ward 3	22	34	.....
ward 4	32	15	.....
ward 5	13	45	.....
ward 6	33	29	.....
ward 7	60	35	.....
ward 8, precinct 1	37	16	.....
ward 8, precinct 2	21	61	.....
Sheboygan Falls	42	33	125
Sheboygan Falls, village	94	86	180
Sherman	72	33	105
Wilson	14	68	82
Total	1,746	1,642	3,388
Vote against	1,612		
Plurality for	104		
Taylor Co.			
Aurora	43	2	45
Browning	31	37	68
Chelsea	37	52	89
Cleveland .....	.....	.....	.....
Deer Creek	68	48	116
Greenwood	31	14	45
Grover	11	3	14
Goodrich	24	2	26
Hammond	22	12	34
Holway	50	11	61
Little Black	79	94	173
Medford	66	63	129
Medford, city	146	81	227
ward 1	51	33
ward 2	43	21
ward 3	52	27

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Taylor Co.—Con.			
Molitor	22	12	34
Itib Lake	29	18	47
Itib Lake, village	115	22	137
Westboro	138	17	155
Total	912	488	1,400
Vote against	488		
Plurality for	424		
Trempealeau Co.			
Albion	112	19	131
Arcadia	160	138	298
precinct 1	116	53	
precinct 2	44	85	
Burnside	34	55	89
Caledonia	15	41	56
Chimney Rock	119	8	127
Dodge	24	4	28
Ettrick	384	59	443
Gale	127	83	210
Hale	183	56	239
Lincoln	73	16	89
Pigeon	186	6	192
Preston	365	9	374
Sumner	107	15	122
Trempealeau	58	49	107
Unity	149	5	154
Arcadia, village	32	168	200
Blair, village	103	3	106
Eleva, village	40	8	48
Galesville, village	62	68	130
Independence	37	52	89
Osseo, village	50	40	90
Trempealeau, village	10	88	98
Whitehall	72	24	96
Total	2,502	1,014	3,516
Against	1,014		
Plurality for	1,488		
Vernon Co.			
Bergen	88	15	103
Christiana	210	10	220
Clinton	131	17	148
Coon	232	10	242
Forest	137	32	169
Franklin	192	21	213
Genoa	29	20	49
Greenwood	104	9	113
Hamburg	112	11	123
Harmony	127	3	130
Hillsboro	118	16	134
Jefferson	169	16	185
Kickapoo	91	25	116
Liberty	46	14	60
Stark	132	7	139
Sterling	129	28	157
Union	84	8	92
viroqua	210	36	246
Webster	140	22	162
Wheatland	109	2	111
Whitestown	97	18	115
De Soto, village	50	3	53
Hillsboro, village	88	31	119
La Farge, village	132	21	153
Ontario, village	57	6	63
Readstown, village	52	12	64
Stoddard, village	29	16	45
Viola, village	15	7	22

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Vernon Co.—Con.			
Westby, village	104	6	110
Viroqua, city	181	109	290
ward 1	51	31	
ward 2	57	41	
ward 3	73	37	
Total	3,395	551	3,946
Vote against	551		
Plurality for	2,844		
Vilas Co.			
Arbor Vitae	190	46	236
precinct 1	126	38	
precinct 2	64	8	
Eagle River	154	50	204
precinct 1	81	36	
precinct 2	24	3	
precinct 3	15	7	
precinct 4	3	4	
precinct 5	31		
Flambeau, 1st precinct	18	4	22
Minocqua	58	17	75
precinct 1			
precinct 2			
Total	420	117	537
Vote against	117		
Plurality for	303		
Walworth Co.			
Bloomfield	50	61	111
Darien	49	164	213
Delavan, town	57	97	154
Delavan, city	165	164	329
ward 1	40	49	
ward 2	75	52	
ward 3	50	63	
East Troy	69	49	118
East Troy, village	42	45	87
Elkhart, city	203	127	330
ward 1	56	44	
ward 2	81	41	
ward 3	66	42	
Geneva	83	29	112
Genoa Junction, village	56	59	115
Lafayette	72	49	121
La Grange	59	57	116
Lake Geneva, city	251	185	436
ward 1	89	83	
ward 2	76	42	
ward 3	86	60	
Linn	111	78	189
Lyons	64	159	222
Richmond	22	33	55
Sharon	24	70	94
Sharon, village	79	41	120
Spring Prairie	108	105	213
Sugar Creek	103	32	140
Troy	79	85	165
Walworth	39	33	123
Walworth, village	19	36	55
Whitewater	90	28	118
Whitewater, city	193	195	388
ward 1	46	43	
ward 2	108	103	
ward 3	39	49	
Total	2,683	2,042	4,125
Total against	2,042		
Net plurality for	41		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Washburn Co.			
Bashaw	75	9	84
Brooklyn	8	3	11
Casey	12	2	14
Chicog	19	1	20
Gull Lake	9		9
Long Lake	19	2	21
Loomis	18	1	19
Mills	54	4	58
Minong	34	10	44
Sarona	15		15
Shell Lake	140	14	154
Spooner, village	41	86	127
Spooner	19	9	28
Stinnett	21	1	22
Veazie	21	2	23
Total	505	144	649
Total against	144		
Plurality for	361		
Washington Co.			
Addison	69	63	132
Barton	60	90	150
Erin	67	34	101
Farmington	74	34	108
Germantown	40	105	145
Hartford	68	65	133
Hartford, city	178	88	266
ward 1	95	65	
ward 2	83	23	
Jackson	57	82	139
Kewaskum	27	57	84
Kewaskum, village	46	38	84
Polk	90	34	124
Richfield	49	72	121
Schleisingserville, village	30	5	35
Trenton	67	55	122
Wayne	63	65	128
West Bend	45	32	77
West Bend, city	116	61	177
ward 1	31	21	
ward 2	85	40	
Total	1,146	980	2,126
Against	980		
Plurality for	166		
Waukesha Co.			
Brookfield	112	83	195
Delafield	130	51	181
Eagle	50	68	118
Eagle, village	28	24	52
Genesee	112	32	144
Hartland, village	54	45	99
Lisbon	156	101	257
Menomonee	73	87	160
Menomonee Falls, village	72	23	100
Merton	128	46	174
Muckvonago	136	48	184
Muskego	75	73	148
New Berlin	65	42	107
Oconomowoc	69	31	103
Oconomowoc, city	299	118	417
precinct 1	163	72	
precinct 2	136	46	
Ottawa	89	43	132
Pewaukee	192	76	268

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Washington Co.—Con.			
Pewaukee, village	77	35	112
Summit	102	59	161
Vernon	105	67	172
Waukesha	54	90	144
Waukesha, city	524	622	1,147
ward 1	89	79	.....
ward 2	118	106	.....
ward 3	54	71	.....
ward 4	84	182	.....
ward 5	77	72	.....
ward 6	102	113	.....
Total	2,702	1,873	4,575
Total against	1,873	.....	.....
Plurality for	829	.....	.....
Waupaca Co.			
Bear Creek	97	27	124
Caledonia	59	14	73
Dayton	110	27	137
Dupont	103	6	114
Farmington	229	84	313
precinct 1	147	3	.....
precinct 2	82	76	.....
Fremont	46	7	53
Harrison	99	3	102
Helvetia	78	3	81
Iola	184	5	189
Larabee	173	16	189
Lebanon	44	25	69
Lind	91	38	129
Little Wolf	73	28	101
Matteson	61	12	73
Mukwa	100	13	113
Royalton	80	34	114
Scandinavia	173	3	176
St. Lawrence	213	26	239
Union	47	19	66
Waupaca	85	17	102
Weyauwego	26	21	47
Wyoming	83	5	88
Embarass, village	53	3	56
Fremont, village	25	5	30
Iola, village	117	8	125
Manawa, village	79	43	122
Marion, village	74	21	95
Scandinavia, village	72	4	78
Weyauwega, village	54	82	136
Clintonville, city	240	43	282
New London, city	206	92	298
ward 1	82	27	.....
ward 2	31	30	.....
ward 4	45	30	.....
ward 5	48	15	.....
Waupaca, city	272	78	350
ward 1	85	15	.....
ward 2	63	19	.....
ward 3	72	14	.....
ward 4	47	39	.....
Total	3,467	812	4,279
Vote against	812	.....	.....
Plurality for	2,655	.....	.....
Waushara Co.			
Anrora	109	38	147
Bloomfield	46	14	60
Coloma	111	14	125
Dakota	83	8	41
Deerfield	106	7	113

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Waushara Co.—Con.			
Hancock	101	14	115
Leon	116	7	123
Marion	39	24	63
Mt. Morris	96	18	114
Oasis	64	18	82
Plainfield	135	22	157
Poysippi	72	18	90
Richford	45	8	53
Rose	105	8	113
Saxeville	113	12	125
Springwater	100	10	110
Warren	52	12	64
Wautoma	93	15	111
Wautoma	4	2	6
Berlin, city, ward 2, precinct 2	51	40	91
Hancock, village	121	35	156
Plainfield, village	65	.....	65
Red Granite, village	123	50	173
Wautoma, village	77	14	91
Wild Rose, village .....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,980	408	2,388
Total against	408	.....	.....
Plurality for	1,572	.....	.....
Winnebago Co.			
Algoma	80	12	92
Black Wolf	26	29	55
Clayton	56	58	114
Menasha	29	18	47
Neenah	43	11	54
Nekimi	106	10	116
Nepeuskum	53	23	76
Omro	39	27	66
Omro, village	66	88	154
Oshkosh	69	16	76
Poygan	34	65	99
Rushford	61	81	142
Utica	67	19	86
Vinland	41	13	54
Winchester	116	20	136
Winneconne	47	21	68
Winneconne, village	54	50	104
Wolf River	59	18	77
Menasha, city	208	405	613
ward 1	67	136	.....
ward 2	47	88	.....
ward 3	47	52	.....
ward 4	47	129	.....
Neenah	400	196	596
ward 1	110	68	.....
ward 2	84	48	.....
ward 3	144	66	.....
ward 4	62	14	.....
Oshkosh, city	1,483	688	2,171
ward 1	106	34	.....
ward 2	157	83	.....
ward 3	97	33	.....
ward 4	173	71	.....
ward 5	91	49	.....
ward 6	93	55	.....
ward 7	79	92	.....
ward 8	136	64	.....
ward 9	142	49	.....
ward 10	97	34	.....
ward 11	96	45	.....
ward 12	154	51	.....
ward 13	62	23	.....
Total	3,128	1,868	4,996
Against	1,868	.....	.....
Plurality for	1,260	.....	.....

VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW, 1904—Continued.

	For.	Against.	Total.
Wood Co.			
Arpin	44	34	78
Auburndale	109	31	140
Anburndale, village	52	3	55
Cary	22	7	29
Cameron	26	8	34
Cranmoor	23	2	25
Dexter	29	37	66
Grand Rapids, city	423	174	602
ward 1	35	16	
ward 2	49	11	
ward 3	78	20	
ward 4	87	24	
ward 5	33	25	
ward 6	50	28	
ward 7	54	31	
ward 8	37	19	
Grand Rapids	54	30	84
Hansen	63	12	80
Liles	6	3	9
Lincoln	89	77	166
Marshfield, city	321	509	830
ward 1	39	104	
ward 2	11	31	
ward 3	77	104	
ward 4	88	127	
ward 5	75	92	
ward 6	31	50	
Marshfield	33	78	111
Milladore	22	76	98
Nekoosa, village	49	32	81
Port Edwards, village	31	9	40
Port Edwards	67	40	107
Pittsville, city	46	44	90
ward 1	35	15	
ward 2	6	12	
ward 3	5	17	
Remington	32	52	84
Richfield	46	23	69
Rudolph	73	41	119
Rock	89	25	114
Sheny	71	19	90
Sigel	86	70	156
Saratoga	59	5	64
Seneca	49	7	56
Wood	21	55	76
Total	2,070	1,503	3,553
Total against	1,503		
Plurality for	547		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SUMMARY BY COUNTIES OF VOTE ON PRIMARY ELECTION LAW.
 Shall Chapter 451 of the Laws of 1903, entitled, "An act to provide for party nominations by direct vote" be adopted?

Counties.	For.	Against.	No votes cast.	Plurality for.	Plurality against.
Adams	918	147	1,065	771	
Ashland	1,807	282	2,089	1,525	
Barron	1,881	476	2,357	1,405	
Bayfield	1,444	96	1,540	1,343	
Brown	2,635	1,188	3,823	1,447	
Buffalo	1,071	402	1,473	669	
Burnett	981	41	1,022	940	
Calumet	753	962	1,747		177
Chippewa	2,022	708	2,730	1,314	
Clark	2,086	1,309	3,395	777	
Columbia	2,171	1,974	4,145	197	
Crawford	929	1,402	2,331		473
Dane	6,830	4,206	11,036	2,574	
Dodge	1,808	3,275	5,083		1,467
Door	905	949	1,854		44
Douglas	2,539	336	2,935	2,143	
Dunn	1,848	400	2,248	1,448	
Eau Claire	2,185	880	3,065	1,305	
Florence	166	334	500		168
Fond du Lac	2,776	2,833	5,609		57
Forest	507	72	579	455	
Gates	676	175	851	501	
Grant	2,764	2,963	5,727		199
Green	1,430	1,123	2,553	307	
Green Lake	869	900	1,769		31
Iowa	1,631	1,289	2,920	342	
Iron	450	104	554	346	
Jackson	1,652	545	2,197	1,107	
Jefferson	1,431	2,759	4,190		1,328
Juneau	1,628	835	2,463	793	
Kenosha	1,413	823	2,236	590	
Kewaunee	746	508	1,254	238	
La Crosse	2,472	1,749	4,221	723	
Lafayette	1,566	1,689	3,255		123
Langlade	982	530	1,512	452	
Lincoln	1,206	492	1,698	714	
Manitowoc	2,247	1,806	4,153	341	
Marathon	2,585	2,069	5,294		84
Marquette	1,496	766	2,262	730	
Milwaukee	538	794	1,332		256
Milwaukee	10,139	4,963	15,107	5,171	
Monroe	1,945	1,083	3,028	802	
Oconto	1,576	1,021	2,603	549	
Oneida	1,031	163	1,194	868	
Outagamie	3,601	1,057	4,658	2,544	
Ozaukee	797	962	1,759		163
Pepin	344	407	751		63
Pierce	1,423	678	2,101	745	
Polk	1,809	255	2,064	1,554	
Portage	1,903	1,327	3,230	576	
Price	1,135	314	1,449	821	
Racine	2,594	1,872	4,466	722	
Richland	1,330	871	2,201	459	
Rock	2,525	2,780	5,305		255
St. Croix	2,178	1,351	3,529	827	
Sauk	2,114	1,593	3,707	521	
Sawyer	247	47	294	200	
Shawano	1,896	394	2,890	902	
Sheboygan	1,746	1,642	3,388	104	
Taylor	912	488	1,400	424	
Trempealeau	2,502	1,014	3,516	1,488	
Vernon	3,295	551	3,946	2,844	
Vilas	420	117	537	303	
Walworth	2,083	2,042	4,125	41	
Washburn	505	144	649	361	
Washington	1,146	980	2,126	166	
Waukesha	2,702	1,873	4,575	829	
Waupaca	3,467	812	4,279	2,635	
Waushara	1,989	408	2,398	1,572	
Winnebago	3,128	1,863	4,993	1,260	
Wood	2,050	1,503	3,553	547	
Total	130,699	80,192	210,891	65,397	4,890
Total plurality against				4,890	
Net plurality for				50,507	

VOTE FOR STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
APRIL 4, 1905.
Term beginning first Monday in July, 1905.

County	Charles P. Cary.	Albert Salisbury.	Scattering.	Blank.	Total.	Cary's plurality	Salisbury's plurality
Adams	437	320			757	117	
Ashland	1,766	1,013			2,779	753	
Barron	1,472	1,130			2,602	342	
Bayfield	1,090	790			1,880	300	
Brown	2,706	1,733	1		4,440	973	
Buffalo	883	496			1,379	387	
Burnett	789	173			962	616	
Calumet	831	822			1,653	9	
Chippewa	1,951	1,247			3,198	704	
Clark	1,955	964	2		2,921	991	
Columbia	1,950	1,217	1		3,168	733	
Crawford	1,035	895	3		1,933	140	
Dane	4,815	3,690	1		8,506	1,125	
Dodge	1,825	1,477			3,302	348	
Door	1,476	295			1,771	1,181	
Douglas	2,348	1,687	3	34	4,072	661	
Dunn	1,180	1,187	2		2,369		7
Eau Claire	2,333	1,507	1		3,841	826	
Florence	183	325			508		142
Fond du Lac	2,875	1,935			4,810	940	
Forest	557	142	1		700	445	
Gates	798	471	2		1,269	327	
Grant	2,078	1,776	1		3,855	302	
Green	865	1,551			2,416		636
Green Lake	1,408	687		101	2,196	721	
Iowa	1,329	1,603	1	15	2,948		274
Iron	670	374			944	196	
Jackson	969	1,046			1,955		137
Jefferson	1,640	1,945	1		2,586		365
Juneau	1,459	1,146			2,605	313	
Kenosha	824	1,302	1		2,127		478
Kewaunee	1,389	480			1,869	909	
La Crosse	2,978	1,523	3	131	4,635	1,455	
Lafayette	1,393	1,173			2,566	220	
Langlade	1,307	644	1		1,952	663	
Lincoln	865	689			1,554	176	
Manitowoc	2,715	2,672			5,387	43	
Marathon	1,863	1,556			3,424	312	
Marquette	1,765	789			2,554	976	
Marquette	574	1,191			1,765		617
Millwaukee	10,473	6,952	1		17,426	3,521	
Monroe	1,813	1,386		107	3,306	427	
Oconto	1,440	1,097	2		2,539	343	
Oneida	706	330	1		1,037	376	
Outagamie	2,613	1,405			4,018	1,208	
Ozaukee	1,589	453			2,042	1,136	
Pepin	310	352		2	664		42
Pierce	1,359	947	1		2,307	412	
Polk	1,585	734	1		2,320	851	
Portage	1,763	1,687			3,450	76	
Price	1,029	578			1,607	451	
Racine	1,496	1,116			2,612	380	
Richland	1,320	785	4		2,109	535	
Rock	987	2,856	2		3,845		1,869
St. Croix	1,374	1,621			2,995		247
Sauk	1,812	1,808	1		3,621	4	
Sawyer	370	146			516	224	
Shavano	1,590	914			2,504	676	
Sheboygan	1,820	1,799	1		3,630	31	
Taylor	804	655	1		1,460	149	
Trempealeau	1,203	839			2,042	364	
Vernon	1,751	557			2,308	1,194	
Vilas	290	146			436	144	
Walworth	1,500	3,089			4,589		1,539
Washington	515	884			899	731	
Washington	1,499	717			2,216	782	
Waukesha	2,332	1,741		35	4,108	591	
Waupaca	1,983	1,307			3,290	676	
Waushara	1,331	898			2,229	433	
Winnebago	3,255	2,719	1		5,975	536	
Wood	2,141	1,114	1		3,256	1,027	
Total	115,284	86,745	42	425	202,494	34,882 6,343	6,343
Cary's net plur.						28,539	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT, APRIL 4, 1905.

For full term beginning first Monday in January, 1906.

Counties.	John B. Winslow.	Scattering.	Blank.	Total.
Adams	649	1		650
Ashland	1,698			1,698
Barron	2,121			2,121
Bayfield	1,182			1,182
Brown	1,903	1		1,904
Buffalo	1,104			1,104
Burnett	967			967
Calumet	1,203	1		1,204
Chippewa	1,858			1,858
Clark	2,294	1		2,295
Columbia	1,849			1,849
Crawford	1,311	2		1,313
Dane	6,305	30		6,335
Dodge	1,886			1,866
Door	1,569			1,559
Douglas	2,466		82	2,548
Dunn	1,659	43		1,702
Eau Claire	2,747	2		2,749
Florence	493			493
Fond du Lac	2,038			2,038
Forest	492			492
Gates	822			822
Grant	2,907	6		2,913
Green	1,203	3		1,206
Green Lake	1,126	1	137	1,264
Iowa	1,549	2	51	1,602
Iron	203			203
Jackson	1,379	1		1,380
Jefferson	2,231			2,231
Juneau	1,041			1,041
Kenosha	1,225	5		1,230
Kewaunee	1,096			1,096
La Crosse	2,867	1	130	2,998
Lafayette	1,318	2		1,320
Langlade	1,282	3		1,285
Lincoln	1,209	1		1,200
Manitowoc	4,051	1		4,051
Marathon	1,640			1,640
Marinette	1,178			1,178
Marquette	1,040			1,040
Milwaukee	12,387	1		12,388
Monroe	2,154		340	2,494
Oconto	1,529			1,529
Oneida	805			805
Outagamie	3,072			3,072
Ozaukee	1,390	1		1,391
Pepin	571	1	4	576
Pierce	1,664			1,664
Polk	1,673	1		1,674
Portage	1,284	2		1,286
Price	1,146			1,146
Racine	2,056	2		2,058
Richland	1,531	11		1,542
Rock	2,728	5		2,733
St. Croix	1,669	1		1,670
Sauk	1,987	3		1,990
Sawyer	377			377
Shawano	2,148			2,148
Sheboygan	1,593			1,592
Taylor	1,058			1,058
Trempealeau	1,600	2		1,602
Vernon	2,106			2,106
Wilas	250			250
Walworth	3,018			3,018
Washburn	698			698
Washington	1,455	1		1,456
Waukesha	3,108			3,108
Waupaca	2,205			2,205
Waushara	1,628			1,628
Winnebago	2,449			2,449
Wood	2,429			2,429
Total	131,574	137	744	132,455

VOTE FOR JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT.

For full term beginning first Monday in January, 1904.

Counties.	William Ruger.	Robert G Siebäcker.	J. G. M. Wittig.	Scatter-ing.	Blank.	Total.
Adams	57	536	53	2	22	670
Ashland	311	476	154			951
Barron	541	526	118			1,185
Bayfield	541	631	285			1,457
Brown	1,202	1,164	671			3,037
Buffalo	288	684	186			1,158
Burnett	178	401	132			711
Calumet	395	541	169			1,105
Chippewa	151	523	121			755
Clark	1,034	746	181			1,961
Columbia	201	2,687	153	2		3,043
Crawford	130	474	77	5		686
Dane	197	6,157	233	6		6,593
Dodge	184	1,406	224			1,814
Door	387	1,215	287			1,889
Douglas	716	526	327		1	1,570
Dunn	305	710	264	1		1,280
Eau Claire	503	484	97			1,084
Florence	130	166	15			311
Fond du Lac	470	1,447	264			2,181
Forest	105	96	71			272
Gates	65	220	56	1		342
Grant	549	1,624	475	11		2,659
Green	328	859	180	6		1,373
Green Lake	282	763	189	1		1,175
Iowa	541	1,243	364	4		2,152
Iron	30	108	33	1		172
Jackson	367	313	24	1		645
Jefferson	185	993	83	14		1,275
Juneau	195	1,201	131			1,527
Kenosha	424	548	273	5		1,280
Kewaunee	601	798	204			1,603
La Crosse	879	2,193	616	2		3,690
Lafayette	258	1,009	182	1		1,450
Langlade	421	693	394	1		1,419
Lincoln	293	587	96			976
Manitowoc	390	1,231	312			1,933
Marathon	937	1,812	130	7		2,886
Marquette	161	294	157			612
Marquette	25	1,123	16			1,169
Milwaukee	1,552	4,111	2,184	5		7,852
Monroe	448	1,543	300			2,321
Oconto	206	349	163	2		725
Oneida	353	267	28			643
Outagamie	825	1,009	243			2,077
Ozaukee	96	491	200	2		787
Pepin	51	204	45	2		302
Pierce	438	522	400	1		1,361
Polk	276	510	157	10		947
Portage	168	689	129	2		983
Price	251	535	200	2		988
Racine	977	1,619	816	9		3,421
Richland	114	808	91	6		1,019
Rock	2,250	1,712	541	1	167	4,671
St. Croix	170	346	64	3		583
Sauk	76	2,056	54	6		2,192
Sawyer	21	60	6			87
Shawano	902	922	507			2,331
Sheboygan	254	1,243	133	6		1,641
Taylor	386	691	235	3		1,315
Trempealeau	72	574	79	1		726
Vernon	419	1,307	249	2		1,977
Vilas	106	92	25			223
Walworth	637	932	384			1,953
Washburn	75	131	39			245
Washington	193	989	315	1		1,508
Waukesha	650	1,833	602	7		3,092
Waupaca	433	1,306	399			2,138
Waushara	70	745	74			889
Winnebago	256	981	195	9		1,441
Wood	561	1,047	321			1,929
Total	28,177	68,822	17,130	149	190	114,468

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE FOR JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT.

For full term beginning first Monday in January, 1905.

Counties.	James C. Kerwin.	Louis K. Luse.	Blank ballots.	Scatter-ing.	Total.
Adams	690	212		2	904
Ashland	739	1,214			1,953
Barron	1,654	1,004			2,658
Bayfield	933	1,286			2,219
Brown	2,764	2,297			5,061
Buffalo	1,292	569			1,862
Burnett	928	189		4	1,121
Calumet	1,012	735			1,747
Chippewa	2,490	1,046			3,536
Clark	2,632	1,622		9	3,633
Columbia	1,654	2,077			3,731
Crawford	1,240	980		1	2,221
Dane	4,026	6,363			10,389
Dodge	1,974	3,366		65	5,435
Door	1,281	1,325			2,606
Douglas	1,099	3,855			4,954
Dunn	1,293	1,140		2	2,435
Eau Claire	2,332	2,037			4,369
Florence	71	568			639
Fond du Lac	2,393	2,920			6,323
Forest	451	158		3	612
Gates	620	391		1	1,012
Grant	2,974	1,916		4	4,894
Green	1,301	1,186	46		2,533
Green Lake	1,070	831		4	1,905
Iowa	1,844	1,221		4	3,069
Iron	97	1,136			1,233
Jackson	888	832		2	1,722
Jefferson	1,831	2,364		7	4,202
Juneau	1,301	1,528	57	1	2,887
Kenosha	1,439	1,356	222	4	3,021
Kewaunee	1,688	490			2,178
La Crosse	1,110	1,644		7	2,761
Lafayette	1,551	964		5	2,520
Langlade	1,587	758		1	2,346
Lincoln	1,285	1,915		3	3,203
Manitowoc	1,870	1,413			3,283
Marathon	1,695	4,598			6,293
Marinette	1,231	1,759			2,990
Marquette	717	454			1,171
Milwaukee	11,752	11,973		2	23,727
Monroe	2,047	1,379		4	3,430
Oconto	1,319	2,074			3,393
Oneida	766	510			1,276
Outagamie	4,383	1,796			6,179
Ozaukee	1,156	1,211			2,367
Pepin	344	442		2	788
Pierce	1,137	10,71		4	2,212
Polk	1,928	492	90	10	2,520
Portage	1,833	1,886		3	3,722
Price	1,143	578		5	1,726
Racine	1,875	2,188		2	4,065
Richland	1,173	1,097		14	2,284
Rock	3,218	3,952		1	7,172
St. Croix	1,413	1,475		3	2,891
Sauk	1,866	2,096		1	3,963
Sawyer	115	352			467
Shawano	2,047	1,115			3,182
Sheboygan	3,766	1,440	84		5,290
Taylor	1,073	501		7	1,581
Trempealeau	1,438	779			2,217
Vernon	2,859	743			3,602
Vilas	217	495			712
Walworth	1,499	2,465	112		4,016
Washburn	512	470			982
Washington	1,652	1,358		1	2,411
Waukesha	2,848	2,453	231	1	5,533
Waupaca	2,613	1,048			3,661
Waushara	1,193	549		2	1,744
Winnebago	3,664	1,308			4,972
Wood	2,132	1,422		1	3,555
Total	123,828	112,428	842	192	237,290

AMENDMENT TO SECTION I, ARTICLE 7, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF WISCONSIN, 1902.

(Omitted by mistake from 1903 Blue Book.)

Counties.	For.	Against.	No. votes cast.	Plurality for.	Plurality against.
Adams	200	209	409		9
Ashland	906	258	1,164	648	
Barron	507	327	834	180	
Bayfield	622	299	921	323	
Brown	1,074	1,056	2,130	18	
Buffalo	458	339	797	119	
Burnett	283	244	527	39	
Calumet	465	572	1,037		107
Chippewa	685	456	1,231	139	
Clark	663	468	1,121	205	
Columbia	735	517	1,252	233	
Crawford	395	357	752	38	
Dane	2,270	1,743	4,013	527	
Dodge	901	1,154	2,055		253
Door	631	550	1,181	81	
Douglas	1,004	1,485	2,489	513	
Dunn	588	477	1,065	111	
Eau Claire	584	539	1,123		5
Florence	247	32	279	215	
Fond du Lac	1,544	1,479	3,023	65	
Forest	113	84	197	79	
Gates	313	169	482	144	
Grant	558	2,010	2,548		1,472
Green	429	654	1,083		225
Green Lake	293	288	581	5	
Iowa	493	630	1,053		227
Iron	124	47	171	77	
Jackson	391	424	815		33
Jefferson	668	473	1,141	155	
Juneau	456	269	716	196	
Kenosha	610	390	1,000	220	
Kewaunee	415	509	915		85
La Crosse	1,739	722	2,521	1,077	
Lafayette	632	564	1,196	68	
Langlade	263	169	437	99	
Lincoln	365	184	549	181	
Manitowoc	1,689	1,789	3,469		109
Marathon	1,301	1,356	2,657		35
Marquette	520	153	673	367	
Marquette	272	497	769		225
Milwaukee	3,189	1,697	4,796	1,582	
Monroe	570	535	1,105	35	
Oconto	642	452	1,094	190	
Oncida	198	193	391	95	
Outagamie	1,219	628	1,847	591	
Ozaukee	425	542	967		117
Pepin	229	168	397	61	
Pierce	752	467	1,219	285	
Polk	489	343	832	146	
Portage	740	572	1,312	168	
Price	511	273	789	233	
Racine	1,748	1,236	3,084	412	
Richland	541	650	1,191		109
Rock	1,642	642	2,284	1,000	
St. Croix	473	293	766	180	
Sauk	697	417	1,114	280	
Sawyer	76	2	78	74	
Shawano	559	724	1,274		174
Sheboygan	1,713	1,196	2,909	517	
Taylor	654	377	1,031	277	
Trempealeau	587	244	931	243	
Vernon	626	563	1,189	63	
Vilas	189	27	216	162	
Walworth	848	559	1,407	289	
Washburn	188	69	257	119	
Washington	485	742	1,227		257
Waukesha	1,135	973	2,108	162	
Waupaca	988	413	1,401	575	
Waushara	523	305	828	218	
Winnebago	1,594	1,200	2,794	394	
Wood	784	349	1,121	444	
Total	51,877	39,857	91,234	14,962	3,442
Plurality against				3,442	
Net plurality for				11,520	

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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VOTE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES.

SECOND CIRCUIT, BRANCH 3, 1904.

COUNTY.	Orran T. Williams.	Scattering.	Total.
Milwaukee.....	6,778	20	6,798

SECOND CIRCUIT—MILWAUKEE COUNTY, 1905.

CITIES, VILLAGES AND WARDS.	BRANCH No. 1.			BRANCH No. 2.	BRANCH No. 4.
	Franz C. Eschweiler	Lawrence W. Halsey.	William B. Rubin.	Warren D. Tarrant.	John C. Ludwig.
Milwaukee, city:					
ward 1.....	307	527	175	697	542
ward 2.....	187	227	364	396	437
ward 3.....	170	286	43	253	230
ward 4.....	268	326	214	423	409
ward 5.....	198	207	217	288	285
ward 6.....	392	407	564	635	688
ward 7.....	190	351	152	468	454
ward 8.....	278	219	178	384	502
ward 9.....	317	343	451	542	584
ward 10.....	342	261	362	514	541
ward 11.....	512	322	317	560	604
ward 12.....	152	288	271	300	307
ward 13.....	264	354	494	519	537
ward 14.....	365	362	243	331	347
ward 15.....	488	482	304	827	830
ward 16.....	417	480	123	670	648
ward 17.....	215	294	367	305	298
ward 18.....	473	742	284	842	828
ward 19.....	270	244	209	389	429
ward 20.....	210	233	313	407	415
ward 21.....	152	135	304	270	298
ward 22.....	203	218	200	360	368
ward 23.....	342	198	27	438	431
Wauwatosa, city.....	168	213	62	333	297
South Milwaukee, city.....	195	148	112	273	263
Greenfield, town.....	161	124	89	240	245
Wauwatosa, town.....	163	175	217	257	237
Milwaukee, town.....	57	95	107	155	160
Lake, town.....	262	110	63	298	303
Granville, town.....	37	66	18	97	98
Franklin, town.....	31	57	9	71	75
Oak Creek, town.....	53	66	41	84	85
East Milwaukee, village.....	15	29	24	42	36
Whitefish Bay, village.....	20	20	18	37	35
North Milwaukee, village.....	113	64	38	150	124
West Allis, village.....	95	91	86	131	141
Cudahy village.....	104	108	80	150	138
Total.....	8,186	8,872	7,320	13,089	13,136

FOURTH CIRCUIT, 1904.

Counties.	Michael Kirwan.	Scattering.	Blank.	Total.
Fond du Lac.....	2,707	.....	.....	2,709
Manitowoc.....	2,937	.....	.....	2,937
Sheboygan.....	3,174	2	241	3,417
Kewaunee.....	1,643	.....	.....	1,643
Total.....	10,463	2	241	10,706

NINTH CIRCUIT, 1904.

Counties.	E. Ray Stevens.	Scattering.	Total.
Sauk	2,311	.....	2,311
Columbia	1,573	.....	1,573
Marquette	817	.....	817
Dane.....	6,163	17	6,180
Total.....	10,864	17	10,881

TENTH CIRCUIT, 1904.

Counties.	John Goodland.	John Bottensek.	Edson J. Goodrich.	Total.
Florence	475	18	25	518
Forest	325	28	140	493
Langlade	466	220	1,469	2,155
Outagamie.....	2,831	1,213	672	4,716
Shawano.....	1,528	803	902	3,233
Total.....	5,625	2,312	3,208	11,145

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT, 1905.

County.	Whole No of votes.	James J. Dick.	Fred Wolf.	Philip Miller.	John Rus- sell.	Leopold Weyer, St.	Senator Mer- ton.	John F. Romes.	A. J. Dopp.	T. E. Ryan.
Dodge.....	2,390	2,390	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ozaukee.....	1,486	1,485	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington	1,490	1,482	.....	1	4	1	1	1	.....	.....
Waukesha	3,037	3,019	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	5
Total.....	8,403	8,376	1	1	4	1	1	1	13	5

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT, 1905.

County.	Whole No. of votes.	Elias C. Alvord.	John K. Parish.	Gullick N. Risjord.	Albert Zimmerli	E. H. Sch- weppe
Ashland.....	3,523	554	1,237	1,732	.....	.....
Bayfield.....	2,443	977	556	910	.....	.....
Gates.....	1,240	398	743	99	.....	.....
Iron.....	918	253	448	247	.....	.....
Price.....	1,905	320	687	898	.....	.....
Sawyer.....	820	200	220	400	.....	.....
Taylor.....	1,536	296	1,129	159	1	1
Total.....	12,465	2,998	5,020	4,445	1	1

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT, 1904.

Counties.	W. C. Silverthorn.	Elisha L. Bump.	Total.
Lincoln	565	1,092	1,657
Marathon	2,773	1,958	4,731
Oneida	635	232	867
Vilas	418	82	500
Total	4,421	3,364	7,785

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT, 1904.

Counties.	James O'Neil.	Scattering.	Total.
Clark	1,934	4	1,938
Eau Claire	1,349	3	1,349
Jackson	840	3	843
Total	4,123	7	4,130

EIGHTEENTH CIRCUIT, 1905.

County.	Whole No. of votes.	Chester A. Fowler.	William E. Griswold.	Samuel M. Pedrick.	Daniel D. Sutherland.
Columbia	3,597	2,480	799	89	229
Fond du Lac	5,909	338	2,288	803	2,480
Green Lake	2,007	1,035	381	212	409
Marquette	1,771	1,086	374	97	214
Total	13,284	4,909	3,842	1,201	3,332

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.

1848.		1867.	
Dewey, democrat.....	19,538	Fairchild, republican.....	73,637
Tweedy, whig.....	14,449	Tallmadge, democrat.....	68,873
Total vote.....	33,987	Total vote.....	142,510
Dewey's majority.....	5,089	Fairchild's majority.....	4,764
1849.		1869.	
Dewey, democrat.....	16,649	Fairchild, republican.....	69,502
Collins, whig.....	11,317	Robinson, democrat.....	61,239
Total vote.....	27,966	Total vote.....	130,741
Dewey's majority.....	5,332	Fairchild's majority.....	8,263
1851.		1871.	
Farwell, whig.....	22,319	Washburn, republican.....	78,301
Upham, democrat.....	21,812	Doolittle, democrat.....	68,910
Total vote.....	43,131	Total vote.....	147,211
Farwell's majority.....	507	Washburn's majority.....	9,391
1853.		1873.	
Barstow, democrat.....	30,405	Taylor, democrat.....	81,599
Holton, republican.....	21,883	Washburn, republican.....	66,224
Baird, whig.....	3,304	Total vote.....	147,823
Total vote.....	55,595	Taylor's majority.....	15,375
Barstow's plurality.....	8,519	1875.	
Barstow's majority.....	5,215	Ludington, republican.....	85,155
1855.		Taylor, democrat.....	84,314
Barstow, democrat.....	36,355	Total vote.....	169,469
Bashford, republican.....	36,198	Ludington's majority.....	841
Total vote.....	72,553	1877.	
Barstow's majority ¹	157	Smith, republican.....	78,759
1857.		Mallory, democrat.....	70,486
Randall, republican.....	44,693	Allis, greenback.....	28,216
Cross, democrat.....	44,239	Total vote.....	175,461
Total vote.....	88,932	Smith's plurality.....	8,273
Randall's majority.....	454	1879.	
1859.		Smith, republican.....	100,535
Randall, republican.....	59,999	Jenkins, democrat.....	75,080
Hobart, democrat.....	52,539	May, greenback.....	12,096
Total vote.....	112,538	Total vote.....	187,711
Randall's majority.....	7,460	Smith's plurality.....	25,455
1861.		Smith's net majority.....	13,559
Harvey, republican.....	53,777	1881.	
Ferguson, democrat.....	44,456	Rusk, republican.....	81,754
Total vote.....	98,233	Erat, democrat.....	69,797
Harvey's majority.....	9,323	Kanouse, prohibition.....	13,225
1863.		Allis, greenback.....	7,002
Lewis, republican.....	72,717	Total vote.....	171,778
Palmer, democrat.....	49,053	Rusk's plurality.....	11,957
Total vote.....	121,770	1884.	
Lewis' majority.....	23,664	Rusk, republican.....	163,214
1865.		Erat, democrat.....	143,945
Fairchild, republican.....	58,332	Hastings, prohibition.....	8,545
Hobart, democrat.....	43,330	Utley, greenback.....	4,274
Total vote.....	106,662	Total vote.....	319,978
Fairchild's majority.....	10,002	Rusk's plurality.....	19,269
		Rusk's net majority.....	6,450

¹ In the election of 1855 Barstow's certificate of election was set aside by the Supreme Court, and Bashford became Governor March 23, 1859.

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE—Continued.

1886.		1896.	
Rusk, republican.....	133,247	Scofield, republican.....	261,981
Woodward, democrat.....	114,529	Silverthorn, democrat..	169,257
Olin, prohibition.....	17,089	Berkey, prohibition.....	8,140
Cochrane, people's.....	21,467	Tuttrop, socialistic labor	1,306
Total vote.....	286,332	Henderson, national.....	407
Rusk's plurality.....	18,718	Total vote.....	444,091
1888.		Scofield's plurality.....	93,724
Hoard, republican.....	175,696	Scofield's net majority.....	85,871
Morgan, democrat.....	155,423	1898.	
Durant, prohibition.....	14,373	Scofield, republican.....	173,13
Powell, labor.....	9,196	Sawyer, democratic.....	135,35
Total vote.....	354,688	Worsley, people's.....	8,51
Hoard's plurality.....	20,273	Chafin, prohibition.....	8,08
1890.		Tuttle, social dem. of America..	2,544
Peck, democratic.....	160,388	Riese, socialistic labor.....	1,473
Hoard, republican.....	132,068	Total vote.....	329,113
Alexander, prohibition.....	11,246	Scofield's plurality.....	37,784
May, union labor.....	5,447	Scofield's net majority.....	17,164
Total vote.....	309,149	1900.	
Peck's plurality.....	28,320	LaFollette, republican.....	263,419
Peck's net majority.....	11,627	Bomrich, democrat.....	160,674
1892.		Smith, prohibition.....	9,707
Peck, democrat.....	178,245	Tuttle, social democrat.....	6,590
Spooner, republican.....	170,538	Wilke, social labor.....	507
Richmond, prohibition.....	13,255	Total vote.....	440,897
Butt, people's.....	9,640	LaFollette's plurality.....	102,745
Total vote.....	371,688	LaFollette's net majority.....	83,941
Peck's plurality.....	7,707	1902.	
1894.		LaFollette, republican.....	193,417
Upham, republican.....	196,116	Rose, democrat.....	145,818
Peck, democrat..	142,250	Seidel, social democrat.....	15,970
Powell, people's.....	25,604	Drake, prohibition.....	9,647
Cleghorn, prohibition.....	11,240	Puck, social labor.....	791
Total vote.....	375,210	Total vote.....	365,643
Upham's plurality.....	53,866	LaFollette's plurality.....	47,599
Upham's net majority.....	17,022	LaFollette's net majority.....	21,191
1904.			
Robert M. LaFollette, republican.....			227,253
George W. Peck, democrat.....			176,301
William A. Arnold, social democrat.....			24,857
Edward Scofield, national republican.....			12,136
William H. Clark, prohibition.....			8,764
Charles H. Minkley, social labor.....			249
Total vote.....			449,560
LaFollette's plurality.....			50,952
LaFollette's majority.....			4,946

COMPARATIVE SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS,
1902-1904.

1902.		1904.	
For Governor.		For Governor.	
D. S. Rose, dem.....	145,818	Geo. W. Peck, dem.....	176,301
E. W. Drake, pro.....	9,647	Edward Scofield, nat. rep.....	12,136
R. M. LaFollette, rep.....	193,417	William H. Clark, pro.....	8,764
Emil Seidel, soc. dem.....	15,970	Robert M. LaFollette, rep.....	227,253
H. E. D. Puck, soc. lab.....	791	William A. Arnold, soc. dem.....	24,857
		Charles H. Minkley, soc. lab.....	249
Total vote.....	365,643	Total vote.....	449,560
LaFollette's plurality.....	47,599	LaFollette's plurality.....	50,952
For Lieutenant Governor.		For Lieutenant Governor.	
J. Wattawa, dem.....	135,127	Henry A. Lathrop, dem.....	151,403
W. Mott, pro.....	9,471	George H. Ray, nat. rep.....	10,864
J. O. Davidson, rep.....	194,449	John H. Nicholson, pro.....	9,152
H. Saltiel, soc. dem.....	17,064	James O. Davidson, rep.....	247,159
H. Hillman, soc. labor.....	858	Henry J. Amman.....	28,108
		Oscar T. Rosass, soc. dem.....	256
Total vote.....	356,969	Total vote.....	446,942
Davidson's plurality.....	59,322	Davidson's plurality.....	95,756
For Secretary of State.		For Secretary of State.	
L. A. Large, dem.....	134,735	James T. Nolan, dem.....	150,424
J. C. Martin, pro.....	9,648	Nels. Holman, nat. rep.....	10,952
W. L. Houser, rep.....	193,631	Charles L. Hill, pro.....	9,514
E. Ziegler, soc. dem.....	17,360	Walter L. Houser, rep.....	247,080
J. Vierthaler, soc. lab.....	854	Rudolph O. Stoll, soc. dem.....	26,390
		Michael Gross, soc. lab.,.....	247
Total vote.....	346,248	Total vote.....	444,607
Houser's plurality.....	58,876	Houser's plurality.....	96,656
For State Treasurer.		For State Treasurer.	
E. L. Lukow, dem.....	134,343	Andrew Jensen, dem.....	155,340
H. A. Russell, pro.....	9,725	Gustav Wollaeger, Jr., nat. rep.....	13,219
J. J. Kempf, rep.....	193,697	John A. Berg, pro.....	10,061
H. J. Amman, soc. dem.....	17,389	John J. Kempf, rep.....	288,759
N. E. Hanson, soc. lab.....	906	Henry Luther, soc. dem.....	27,945
		Henry D. Puck, soc. lab.....	269
Total vote.....	356,060	Total vote.....	445,593
Kempf's plurality.....	59,354	Kempf's plurality.....	83,419
For Attorney General.		For Attorney General.	
O. R. Skaar, dem.....	134,001	William F. Wolfe, dem.....	149,960
C. L. Allen, pro.....	9,617	David G. Classon, nat. rep.....	11,035
L. M. Sturdevant, rep.....	193,453	W. Mayhew Mott, pro.....	9,680
R. Elaner, soc. dem.....	17,484	Lafayette M. Sturdevant, rep.....	248,253
Paul Fisher, soc. lab.....	900		
		Total vote.....	418,928
Total vote.....	355,455	Sturdevant's plurality.....	98,293
Sturdevant's plurality.....	59,452		
For Railroad Commissioner.		For Railroad Commissioner.	
W. A. Redner, dem.....	138,119	Edward L. Hanton, dem.....	148,887
J. W. Evans, pro.....	9,428	Fred O. Tarbox, nat. rep.....	11,285
J. W. Thomas, rep.....	189,905	David Wood, pro.....	9,581
O. S. Lowry, soc. dem.....	17,197	John W. Thomas, rep.....	248,499
A. Simon, soc. lab.....	866	Harry E. Briggs, soc. dem.....	27,509
		Carl Gross, soc. lab.....	266
		Total vote.....	446,027
Total vote.....	355,515	Thomas' plurality.....	99,612
Thomas' plurality.....	51,786		
For Insurance Commissioner.		For Insurance Commissioner.	
W. H. Ferber, dem.....	133,426	Henry Fetzter, dem.....	148,836
Hans H. Moe, pro.....	9,456	Wm. C. Rocritz, nat. rep.....	10,891
Z. M. Host, rep.....	192,926	Albert E. Mieleuz, pro.....	9,453
A. Zander, soc. dem.....	17,171	Zeno M. Host, rep.....	248,381
O. Maury, soc. lab.....	874	Arnold Zander, soc. dem.....	27,817
		Wm. Beyer, soc. lab.....	297
		Total vote.....	445,680
Total vote.....	353,863	Host's plurality.....	99,545
Host's plurality.....	58,516		

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE STATE SENATE, SESSION OF 1905.

Dist. No.	Name.	Politics	Counties or Parts of Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Term expires.	Age.	Came to State.	Years in Legislature.
23	Beach, Jadoc P.....	R.	Jefferson and Walworth .	Whitewater.....	Produce dealer	Wisconsin.....	1906	44	1861	1903-05.
1	Bird, Harlan P.....	R.	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette	Wausaukee	Lumb'n and merch't. Lawyer.....	Pennsylvania	1906	62	1861	1903-05.
16	Burns, Edward B ..	R.	Crawford and Grant	Platteville	Lawyer.....	Illinois.....	1908	47	1858	1901-03-05.
7	Eaton, Barney A ..	R.	Part of Milwaukee Co	Cudahy	Horticulturist	Wisconsin.....	1906	52	1838	1895-7-9-01-3-5
10	Frear, James A ..	R.	Pierce and St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1908	44	1861	1905.
4	Frorming, Theo. C.	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee	Contractor.....	Wisconsin.....	1908	32	1873	1905.
2	Hagemeister, Hen. F.	R.	Brown and Oconto	Green Bay	Brewer.....	Wisconsin.....	1908	50	1855	1893-5-01-03-05
21	Hatton, Wilian H ..	R.	Portage and Waupaca	New London	Lumberman.....	New York.....	1906	44	1873	1899-1901-03-05
11	Hudnall, George B ..	R.	Burnett, Douglas and Polk	Superior.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1866	41	1864	1903-05.
3	Johnson, Otis W ..	R.	Kenosha and Racine	Racine.....	Manufacturer.....	Michigan.....	1906	50	1890	1903-05.
25	Kreutzer, Andrew, L.	R.	Clark and Marathon	Wausau.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1906	42	1863	1899-01-3-5.
17	Martin, Harry C ..	R.	Green, Iowa and LaFayette	Darlington.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1906	51	1854	1895-9-01-03-05
31	McGillivray, Jas. J.	R.	Jackson, Juneau, Monroe.	Black River Falls... ..	Architect and mfr ..	Canada.....	1906	57	1866	1891-3-5-7-9 1901-3-5.
33	Merton, Ernest.....	D.	Wash'gton and Waukesha ..	Waukesha.....	Lawyer.....	Germany.....	1906	56	1858	1903-05.
32	Morris, Thomas.....	R.	La Crosse, Trempealeau ..	Platteville.....	Lawyer.....	Canada.....	1908	44	1883	1905.
28	Munson, Oliver G ..	R.	Richland and Vernon	Viroqua.....	Editor and publisher	Iowa.....	1908	49	1876	1897-9-1901-3-5
24	Noble James H ..	R.	Chippewa, Eau Claire and Gates.....	Eau Claire.....	Doctor.....	Wisconsin.....	1908	54	1851	1905.
13	North, William C....	D.	Dodge.....	Fox Lake.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1906	45	1859	1903-05.
15	Rondolph, Samuel W.	D.	Calumet and Manitowoc ..	Manitowoc.....	Harbor master.....	Wisconsin.....	1906	32	1872	1903-05.
8	Roehr, Julius E ..	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee	Lawyer.....	New York.....	1908	45	1873	1897-99-01-02-5
5	Rogers, Charles C ..	R.	Part of Milwaukee.....	3130 Wells S., Mil'kee	Grain commissioner.	Maine.....	1906	55	1859	1903-05.
6	Rummel, Jacob.....	S. D.	Part of Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee	Cigar maker.....	Wisconsin.....	1908	48	1857	1905.
12	Sanborn, Albert W ..	R.	Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor, Whburn	Ashland.....	Lawyer.....	Vermont.....	1908	52	1876	1905.
18	Smith, Charles H....	D.	Fond du Lac and Green Lake	Markesan.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin.....	1908	42	1863	1905.
19	Stevens, Ephraim E..	R.	Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	Contractor.....	Maine.....	1906	54	1852	1905.
26	Stondall, Albert M ..	R.	Dane.....	Madison.....	Real estate.....	Wisconsin.....	1908	40	1865	1905.
29	Stout, James H ..	R.	Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin	Menomonie.....	Lumberman.....	Iowa.....	1906	56	1839	1895-7-9-01-9-5
22	Whitehead, John M ..	R.	Rock.....	Janesville.....	Lawyer.....	Illinois.....	1908	53	1833	1897-9-1901-3-5
14	Wilcox, Fred M ..	R.	Outagamie and Shawano ..	Appleton.....	Lawyer.....	Iowa.....	1908	35	1894	1905.
9	Wipperman, Herm.C.	R.	Adams, Marquette, Wausau and Wood	Grand Rapids.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	1906	52	1853	1895-7-1903-5.
20	Wolff, George W ..	R.	Ozaukee and Sheboygan ..	Rhine.....	Farmer.....	Wisconsin ..	1908	57	1848	1895-7-1901-3-5
30	Wright, James A ..	R.	Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida and Vilas	Merrill.....	Lumberman.....	Wisconsin.....	1908	32	1873	1905.
27	Wylie, George.....	R.	Columbia and Sauk.....	Morrisonville	Farmer.....	Scotland.....	1906	57	1877	1897-9-1903-5.

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MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE, 1905.

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STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, SESSION OF 1905.

Dist. No.	Name.	Politics.	Counties or Parts of Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age	Came to State.	Years in Legislature.
68	Ainsworth, Roderick	R.	Waukesha, 2d dist.	Merton	Farmer	Illinois	63	1844	1901, 08, 05.
27	Aldridge, William J.	S. D.	Milwaukee, 5th dist.	Milwaukee.	Merchant	Wisconsin	26	1879	1905.
66	Andrew, Wallace W.	R.	Douglas, 2d dist.	S. Superior	Manufacturer	Wisconsin	55	1850	1901, 03, 05.
85	Baker, Allen S.	R.	Rock, 1st dist.	Evansville	Manufacturer	Wisconsin	63	1842	1905.
20	Bauer, Frank S.	D.	Dodge, 1st dist.	Le Roy	Merchant	Wisconsin	49	1856	1905.
96	Beedle, George E.	R.	Waupara, 2d dist.	Embarrass.	Lumberman	Wisconsin	41	1864	1903, 05.
13	Beer, Julius	R.	St. Croix	Buckhardt.	Merchant	Germany	62	1869	1905.
6	Bell, William H.	R.	Racine, 1st dist.	Racine	Real estate	England	42	1880	1905.
22	Berner, Ed. J.	S. D.	Milwaukee, 9th dist.	Milwaukee.	Cigar Maker.	Wisconsin	41	1864	1905.
69	Bletcher, J. S.	R.	Milwaukee, 2d dist.	Milwaukee.	Printer	Ohio	55	1881	1905.
14	Bohri, Fred J.	R.	Buffalo and Pepin	Fountain City	Merchant	Wisconsin	35	1870	1905.
71	Braddock, Winfield S.	R.	Jackson	Mather.	Real Estate	Pennsylvania	57	1888	1903, 05.
33	Bronnan, Maurice B.	S. D.	Brown, 2d dist.	Morrison	Farmer	Ireland	63	1852	1881, 1905.
40	Brockhausen, Fred.	S. D.	Milwaukee, 11th dist.	Milwaukee.	Cigar Maker.	Denmark	47	1803	1905.
89	Brooks, Hall L.	R.	Lincoln	Tomahawk	Lumberman	Massachusetts.	41	1885	1905.
25	Burdeau, Willard E.	R.	Brown, 1st dist.	Flintville	Farmer and Merchant.	New York	45	1868	1901, 05.
64	Carpenter, Fred J.	R.	Portage	Stevens Point.	Lawyer	Wisconsin	34	1871	1903, 05.
1	Chandler, Joseph P.	R.	Grant, 2d dist.	Montford	Farmer	Missouri	65	1847	1903, 05.
23	Clausen, Lorenzo N.	R.	Bayfield, Sawyer and Washburn	Washburn	Real Estate & Insurance	Norway	60	1884	1905.
51	Clary, P. A.	D.	Juneau	Elroy.	Real Estate	New York	32	1881	1905.
61	Coffland, J. E.	D.	Richland	Richland Center.	Merchant	Ohio	41	1887	1903, 05.
24	Crowley, Joseph M.	D.	Milwaukee, 1st dist.	Milwaukee.	Real Estate	Wisconsin	34	1871	1903, 05.
81	Curtin, Daniel R.	R.	Calumet	Hilbert	Real Estate	Wisconsin	48	1857	1905.
42	Curtiss, W. M.	R.	Kenosha	Trevor	Farmer	Wisconsin	53	1852	1905.
3	Dahl, Andrew H.	R.	Vernon	Westby	Merchant	Wisconsin	46	1859	1899, 01, 03, 05.
57	Dietrich, August	R.	Milwaukee, 12th dist.	Milwaukee.	Real Estate & Insurance	New York	47	1868	1905.
76	Dinsdale, James	R.	Crawford	Soldiers Grove.	Physician	England	57	1849	1903, 05.
36	Donald, John S.	R.	Dane, 3d dist.	Mt. Horeb.	Farmer	Wisconsin	36	1869	1903, 05.
41	Durland, John S.	R.	La Crosse, 1st dist.	La Crosse	Merchant	New York	58	1888	1905.
65	Eldridge, A. D.	R.	Winnepago, 2d dist.	Neenah	Merchant	Wisconsin	54	1851	1905.
30	Ekers, Herman L.	R.	Trempealeau	Whitehall	Lawyer	Wisconsin	32	1872	1903, 05.
96	Evans, Charles A.	R.	Eau Claire, 1st dist.	Eau Claire.	Blacksmith.	Wisconsin	43	1862	1905.
53	Everett, Edw. A.	R.	Iron, Oneida and Vilas	Eagle River	Summer Resort	Wisconsin	44	1861	1905.
63	Fridd, John A.	R.	Winnepago, 3d dist.	Koro	Farmer	Wisconsin	54	1850	1903, 05.
58	Gordon, Edw. B.	R.	Ashland	Glidden	Merchant	Massachusetts.	42	1879	1905.
72	Greenwood, Chas. F.	R.	Jefferson, 2d dist.	Lake Mills.	Banker	Wisconsin	53	1852	1905.
54	Hagarty, John B.	R.	Price and Taylor	Medford	Lawyer	Ireland	53	1879	1905.

28	Hagen, Charles	R.	Outagamie, 2d dist.	Black Creek	Manufacturer	Wisconsin	42	1863	1905.
52	Hamm, Phillip H.	R.	Milwaukee, 15th dist.	Milwaukee	Real Estate	Wisconsin	46	1859	1903, 05.
32	Hannifin, Daniel L.	D.	Dodge, 2d dist.	Waterloo	Farmer	Wisconsin	41	1864	1903, 05.
78	Hansen, William O.	R.	Rock, 3d dist.	Beloit	Machinist	Wisconsin	45	1860	1905.
11	Heinecke, Herman	R.	Sheboygan, 1st dist.	Sheboygan	Merchant	Wisconsin	46	1859	1905.
60	Henry, John A.	R.	Adams and Marquette	Easton	Postmaster	New York	59	1850	1901, 05.
82	Holle, Henry J.	R.	Milwaukee, 13th dist.	Milwaukee	Liquor Dealer	Wisconsin	46	1859	1905.
35	Huber, Henry A.	R.	Dano, 2d dist.	Stoughton	Lawyer	Pennsylvania	36	1879	1905.
50	Hartung, Frederick	R.	Milwaukee, 7th dist.	Wauwatosa	Farmer	Wisconsin	48	1857	1899, 01, 03, 05.
91	Hulburt, David B.	R.	Sauk, 2d dist.	Loganville	Farmer	New York	76	1857	1875-7-9, 1905.
8	Irvine, William S.	R.	Clark	Loyal	Farmer	Maryland	54	1852	1903, 05.
9	Jerdee, Amund F.	R.	Burnette and Polk	Deronda	Farmer	Wisconsin	54	1850	1905.
2	Johnson, Frank H.	R.	Walworth	Darien	Produce Merchant	Montana	38	1875	1905.
45	Johnson, Henry	R.	Oconto	Suring	Farmer	Denmark	50	1873	1901, 03, 05.
47	Johnson, Thomas	R.	La Crosse, 2d dist.	Holmen	Farmer	Norway	51	1854	1903, 05.
12	Kinney, Ole G.	R.	Dunn	Colfax	Merchant	Wisconsin	47	1858	1903, 05.
39	Ledvina, Lawrence W.	R.	Manitowoc, 2d dist.	Kellnersville	Lawyer	Wisconsin	25	1880	1905.
67	Lenroot, Irvine L.	R.	Douglas, 1st dist.	West Superior	Lawyer	Wisconsin	35	1869	1901, 03, 05.
90	LeRoy, Edward W.	R.	Marinette, 1st dist.	Marinette	Printer	Wisconsin	31	1874	1903, 05.
43	Marquardt, Aug. E.	R.	Marathon, 2d dist.	Wausau	Farmer	Wisconsin	55	1866	1905.
59	McGregor, Duncan	R.	Grant, 1st dist.	Platteville	Teacher	Germany	69	1857	1905.
74	McKenzie, James A.	R.	Waukesha, 1st dist.	Vernon	Merchant	Scotland	43	1862	1905.
83	Metzler, Louis	R.	Milwaukee, 10th dist.	Milwaukee	Auditor	Wisconsin	41	1864	1905.
10	Meyers, August G.	R.	Sheboygan, 2d dist.	Howards Grove	Hotel Keeper	Wisconsin	41	1864	1905.
95	Miller, Gard.	R.	Green Lake	Ripon	Farmer	Wisconsin	54	1851	1905.
79	Nelson, E. F.	R.	Florence, Forest and Langlade	Elmhurst	Manufacturer	Wisconsin	37	1868	1905.
80	Norcross, Pliny	R.	Rock, 2d dist.	Janesville	Lawyer	Massachusetts	67	1852	1867, 1885, 1905.
17	Oldman, William L.	R.	Pierce	Ellsworth	Farmer	Germany	39	1868	1905.
38	Page, George E.	R.	Milwaukee, 3d dist.	Milwaukee	Lawyer	Wisconsin	32	1873	1905.
56	Perry, William M.	R.	Winnebago, 1st dist.	Oshkosh	Contractor	Ohio	65	1865	1905.
31	Peterson, Fred, Jr.	D.	Outagamie, 1st dist.	Appleton	Stock Dealer	Wisconsin	45	1860	1905.
88	Peterson, P. H.	R.	Waupaca, 1st dist.	Ogdensburg	Farmer	Wisconsin	49	1856	1905.
16	Pickart, Christian	D.	Fond du Lac, 1st dist.	Malone	Merchant	Wisconsin	35	1870	1905.
87	Pierron, Peter L.	R.	Ozaukee	Port Washington	Farmer	Wisconsin	45	1860	1905.
21	Potter, B. S.	D.	Washington	West Bend	Real Estate	New York	69	1856	1903, 05.
18	Powell, John W.	R.	Fond du Lac, 2d dist.	Rosendale	Physician	Illinois	59	1832	1905.
44	Prehn, Fred.	D.	Marathon, 1st dist.	Marathon	Merchant	Wisconsin	45	1860	1905.
73	Racek, Edward	D.	Jefferson, 1st dist.	Watertown	Merchant	Austria	59	1851	1905.
84	Ragatz, Jos. B.	R.	Sauk, 1st dist.	Prairie du Sac	Merchant	Wisconsin	43	1882	1905.
26	Ramsov, Thos. F.	D.	Milwaukee, 6th dist.	370 Jackson St., Milw.	Real Estate	Wisconsin	47	1858	1905.
70	Reynolds, Chas.	R.	Door	Sturgeon Bay	Real Estate	Ireland	65	1860	1903, 05.
87	Roycraft, Thos. A.	R.	Chippewa, 1st dist.	Chippewa Falls, R. D.	Farmer	Ireland	52	1863	1905.
94	Saugen, Chris. N.	R.	Eau Claire, 2d dist.	Cleghorn	Farmer	Norway	53	1866	1905.
77	Schauer, Anton G.	R.	Kewaunee	Tisch Mills	Farmer	Wisconsin	45	1890	1905.
19	Scott, Geo. E.	R.	Barron	Prairie Farm	Merchant	Wisconsin	45	1860	1905.
69	Scott, John	R.	Columbia, 1st dist.	Poyuette, R. D.	Farmer	Wisconsin	44	1861	1905.
100	Slight, James F.	R.	Marinette, 2d dist.	Peshigo	Real Estate	Wisconsin	46	1859	1905.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY, SESSION OF 1905—Continued.

Dist. No.	Name.	Politics.	Counties or Parts of Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Came to State.	Years in Legislature.
29	Smelker, Roy C.	R.	Iowa	Dodgeville	Lawyer	Wisconsin	30	1875	1903, 05.
4	Stevens, George P. ...	R.	Monroe	Tomah	Farmer	Wisconsin	54	1851	1903, 05.
93	Storm, Byron O.	R.	Waushara	Plainfield	Farmer	Wisconsin	54	1851	1905.
86	Strehlow, A. W.	S. D.	Milwaukee, 16th dist. .	1265 Hopkins Road, Mil.	Contractor	Germany	38	1881	1905.
5	Swenholt, Joas.	R.	Shawano	Shawano	Real Estate	Wisconsin	50	1855	1905.
49	Szymarek, John H. ...	D.	Milwaukee, 14th dist. .	783 Wind Lake Ave. Mil.	Salesman	Poland	30	1879	1903, 05.
46	Tarrell, Richard E. ...	R.	La Fayette	Darlington	Furniture and Undertk'g	Wisconsin	49	1856	1903, 05.
75	Thayer, L. L.	R.	Gates and Chippewa, 2d dist.	Bloomer	Minister	Wisconsin	42	1863	1905.
62	Thieme, Oscar F.	R.	Milwaukee, 8th dist. .	471 6th Ave. Milwaukee	Real Estate	Wisconsin	36	1869	1905.
48	Thomas, John O.	R.	Racine, 2d dist.	Franksville, R. D.	Farmer	Wisconsin	38	1867	1905.
34	Ties, Fred	R.	Green	Broadhead	Farmer	Prussia	64	1853	1905.
92	Turner, William R. ...	R.	Columbia, 2d dist.	Columbus	Salesman	Wisconsin	50	1855	1905.
15	Warner, Ernest N. ...	R.	Dane, 1st dist.	Madison	Lawyer	Wisconsin	37	1863	1905.
53	Wehrwein, Simon Jr. .	R.	Manitowoc, 1st dist. .	Manitowoc, R. D. 2. .	Farmer	Wisconsin	36	1869	1905.
37	Westfahl, Fred C. Jr. .	R.	Milwaukee, 4th dist. .	431 15th St., Milwaukee	Lawyer	Wisconsin	29	1876	1903, 05.
7	Winch, Eli E.	R.	Wood	Marshfield	Manufacturer	New York	57	1855	1905.

OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

1905.

OFFICERS.

Lieut. Governor JAMES O. DAVIDSON, Soldier's Grove President.
 Senator JAMES J. MCGILLIVRAY, Black River Falls..... President pro tem.
 LEO. K. EATON, Oshkosh Chief Clerk.
 R. C. FALCONER, Camp Douglas Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

Judiciary—Senators Kreutzer, chairman; Burns, Hudnall, Wipperman, Martin, Sanborn, Frear, Wilcox, Morris, Whitehead, Roehr, Merton and North.
State Affairs—Senators Munson, chairman; Rogers, Wilcox, Noble, Stoddall and Smith.
Finance, Banks and Insurance—Senators Roehr, chairman; Munson, Noble, Froemming, Stoddall, Stevens and Rummel.
Railroads—Senators Hatton, chairman; Frear, Munson, Hudnall, Beach, Wipperman, Johnson, Morris and Merton.
Education—Senators Stout, chairman; Hatton, Kreutzer, Rogers and Morris.
Manufactures and Labor—Senators Rummel, chairman; Hagemeister, Wilcox, Stoddall and Randolph.
Assessment and Collection of Taxes—Senators Hudnall, chairman; Hatton, Johnson, Bird, McGillivray, Sanborn and Wright.
Corporations—Senators Beach, chairman; McGillivray, Stevens, Merton, Rummel, Froemming, Wylie, North and Stoddall.
Town and County Organization—Senators Sanborn, chairman; Wolf and Frear.
Public Lands—Senators Rogers, chairman; McGillivray and Wright.
Military Affairs—Senators Frear, chairman; Burns, Roehr, Stevens and Smith.
Public Health—Senators Noble, chairman; Eaton and Rummel.
Privileges and Elections—Senators Martin, chairman; Whitehead, Bird, Frear and Merton.
Legislative Expenses—Senators Stevens, chairman; Wylie and Randolph.
Federal Relations—Senators Froemming, chairman; Wolf and Smith.
Roads and Bridges—Senators Wolf, chairman; Wylie and Smith.
Agriculture—Senators Wylie, chairman; Beach, Eaton, Bird and Kreutzer.
Engrossed Bills—Senators Wilcox, chairman; Hatton and North.
Enrolled Bills—Senators Merton, chairman; Eaton and Wright.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

Claims—Senators Burns, chairman; Martin and Randolph.
Charitable and Penal Institutions—Senators Hagemeister, chairman; Stout and Whitehead.
Fish and Game—Senators Wipperman, chairman; Wylie and Wright.
Printing—Senators Morris and Munson.
Capitol and Grounds—Senators Stout, Whitehead and Merton.
Revision of Bills—Senators Whitehead, chairman; Roehr and Sanborn.
Rules—Senators Johnson, chairman; Whitehead and Hudnall.
Forestry and Lumber—Senators Bird, chairman; Stout and Burns.

OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1905.

OFFICERS.

IRVINE L. LENROOT, West Superior Speaker.
 C. O. MARSH, Antigo Chief Clerk.
 NICHOLAS STREVELER, Marshfield..... Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

Judiciary—Herman L. Ekern, chairman; R. C. Smelker, F. J. Carpenter, Ernest N. Warner, John B. Hagarty, H. A. Huber, F. C. Westfahl, Jr., Pliny Norcross, Lawrence Ledvina, Peter A. Cleary, W. J. Alldridge.
State Affairs—O. G. Kinney, chairman; J. P. Chandler, J. A. Fridd, Chas. F. Greenwood, Wm. R. Turner, A. P. Jerdee, J. E. Coffland.
Cities—W. W. Andrew, chairman; R. C. Smelker, W. H. Bell, Henry J. Holle, Wm. M. Perry, Philip H. Hamm, Aug. F. Marquardt, Oscar F. Thieme, A. W. Strehlow.
Manufactures—Philip H. Hamm, chairman; Chas. A. Evans, W. H. Bell, H. A. Huber, James F. Slight, Herman Heinecke, F. Brockhausen.
Assessment and Collection of Taxes—A. H. Dahl, chairman; Henry Johnson, John O. Thomas, Fred Ties, E. F. Nelson, L. N. Clausen, Christ Pickart.
Corporations—Fred J. Carpenter, chairman; Frederick Hartung, August G. Meyers, Fred Prehn, Simon Wehrwein, Jr., Allen S. Baker, J. H. Szymarek.
Finance, Banks and Insurance—R. E. Tarrell, chairman; Jas. Dinsdale, Geo. E. Scott, John A. Henry, F. J. Bohrl, J. S. Bletcher, Jos. M. Crowley.
Railroads—W. S. Braddock, chairman; Geo. P. Stevens, Geo. E. Beedle, W. S. Irvine, L. L. Thayer, E. E. Winch, J. W. Powell, W. L. Oltman, James A. McKenzie, Louis Metzler, Fred Petersen, Jr.
Education—Duncan McGregor, chairman; John S. Donald, R. Ainsworth, John A. Henry, D. B. Hulburt, Anton G. Schauer, L. L. Thayer.
Town and County Organization—W. S. Irvine, chairman; Fred Prehn, Julius Beer, R. E. Tarrell, J. B. Ragatz.
Public Lands—Geo. P. Stevens, chairman; Geo. E. Scott, Byron O. Storm, Gard Miller, Edward Racek.
Military Affairs—John A. Henry, chairman; Chas. Reynolds, Pliny Norcross, Wm. M. Perry, Duncan McGregor, Henry J. Holle, Gard Miller.
Public Health and Sanitation—James Dinsdale, chairman; J. W. Powell, August Dietrich, B. S. Potter, E. J. Berner.
Legislative Expenditures—R. C. Smelker, chairman; W. E. Burdeau; W. O. Hansen, Frank H. Johnson, Thos. F. Ramsey.
Privileges and Elections—Edward W. LeRoy, chairman; Thomas Johnson, A. G. Meyers, Chas. A. Evans, Thos. A. Roycraft, E. B. Gordon, Daniel L. Hannifin.
Federal Relations—A. J. Jerdee, chairman; Allen S. Baker, W. E. Burdeau, E. A. Everett, John Scott.
Public Improvements—Jos. P. Chandler, chairman; Chas. Hagen, D. B. Hulburt, P. H. Peterson, Aug. F. Marquardt.
Dairy and Food—John S. Donald, chairman; Thos. Johnson, A. D. Eldridge, Thos. A. Roycraft, D. R. Curtin, B. O. Storm, Anton G. Schauer, Peter L. Pierron, Frank S. Bauer.
Engrossed Bills—J. S. Bletcher, chairman; O. G. Kinney, W. R. Turner, L. N. Clausen, Thos. F. Ramsey.

- Roads and Bridges*—Thos. Johnson, chairman; Chris. N. Saugen, Fred Ties, M. B. Brennan, John Scott.
Agriculture—John A. Fridd, chairman; Chris. N. Saugen, Peter H. Peterson, Simon Wehrwein, Jr., Julius Beer, M. B. Brennan, Peter L. Pierron.
Ways and Means—Frederick Hartung, chairman; Frank H. Johnson, Geo. E. Page, J. B. Ragatz, H. L. Brooks.
Lumber and Mining—Geo. E. Beedle, chairman; E. B. Gordon, E. F. Nelson, D. R. Curtin, W. O. Hansen.
Enrolled Bills—F. J. Bohrl, chairman; Louis Metzler, Geo. E. Page, Herman Heinecke, F. C. Westfahl, Jr.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

- Claims*—R. Ainsworth, chairman; Jonas Swenholt, W. M. Curtiss, Ernest N. Warner, B. S. Potter.
Printing—John B. Hagarty, chairman; Herman L. Ekern, Edward W. LeRoy.
Fish and Game—Jonas Swenholt, chairman; L. L. Thayer, Edward A. Everett, Wm. L. Oltman, Oscar F. Thieme.
Forestry and Lumber—E. E. Winch, chairman; James A. McKenzle, W. S. Brad-dock, James F. Slight, Chas. Reynolds.
Charitable and Penal Institutions—Henry Johnson, chairman; W. W. Andrew, W. M. Curtiss, Chas. Hagen, John J. Durland.
Revision of Bills—Roy C. Smelker, chairman; Fred J. Carpenter, Ernest N. War-ner, H. A. Huber, J. B. Hagarty.

JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

- Rules*—Herman L. Ekern, chairman; Edward W. LeRoy, Roy C. Smelker, W. W. Andrew and B. S. Potter.
Capitol and Grounds—I. L. Lenroot, chairman; Chas. F. Greenwood, Jos. P. Chandler, H. L. Brooks and Peter A. Cleary.

REPORTERS.

SENATE.

Name.	Paper represented.
Robert E. Knoff	Madison Democrat.
J. Winter Everett	Milwaukee News.
W. W. Powell	Milwaukee Free Press.
G. E. Vandercook	Milwaukee Sentinel.
Geo. F. Grasse	Evening Wisconsin.
A. B. Cargill	Milwaukee Journal.
C. A. Worth	La Crosse Leader and Press.
E. R. Petherick	Associated Press.
A. P. Wilder	Wisconsin State Journal
H. S. Fairall	Superior Evening Telegram

ASSEMBLY.

E. F. Hannan	Milwaukee Free Press.
F. C. McGowan	Milwaukee Free Press.
O. D. Brandenburg	Madison Democrat.
Henry Casson, Jr.	Madison Democrat.
Albert O. Barton	Wisconsin State Journal.
Robert E. Knoff	Madison Democrat.
C. W. Rhodes	Fond du Lac Commonwealth.
W. D. Schoenfeld	Milwaukee Sentinel.
Aug. Pott	Der Germania.
C. H. Kelsey	Milwaukee Journal.

PART IV.

STATE FINANCES.

Taxes, State and Local,

WISCONSIN PRESS.

WISCONSIN POST-OFFICES.

STATE FINANCES.

STATE AND LOCAL TAXES IN WISCONSIN, LEVIED 1901 AND COLLECTED IN 1901-2.

Counties.	Total county tax.	Total of town, city and village tax.	State tax.	Total.
Adams	\$17,744 79	\$26,781 36	\$4,816 67	\$49,342 82
Ashland	156,430 70	208,803 21	17,550 82	382,784 73
Barron	44,030 91	104,919 93	35,103 76	184,054 60
Bayfield	73,117 56	142,971 59	22,040 87	239,030 02
Brown	167,597 19	224,215 15	32,857 51	424,649 85
Buffalo	28,300 00	66,403 28	10,397 71	105,000 99
Burnett	19,075 00	41,300 31	3,521 33	63,956 64
Calumet	31,461 21	63,845 94	12,356 98	107,663 53
Chippewa	79,175 92	229,207 50	27,980 95	336,364 37
Clark	73,242 62	146,243 71	19,145 49	238,631 82
Columbia	62,249 34	161,840 75	23,562 62	427,653 01
Crawford	40,318 11	58,439 02	11,146 21	109,903 34
Dane	123,028 00	380,351 53	78,376 53	581,756 06
Dodge	96,704 32	178,864 05	35,755 43	311,323 80
Door	30,161 00	60,706 19	17,493 56	108,360 75
Douglas	136,414 33	444,320 93	27,229 14	607,964 40
Dunn	54,302 98	117,672 20	21,452 54	193,427 72
Eau Claire	74,340 34	259,208 32	31,409 22	364,957 88
Florence	13,090 40	38,147 97	3,520 52	55,088 89
Fond du Lac	120,410 21	297,595 77	34,466 20	452,472 18
Forest	27,459 43	42,755 35	3,639 25	73,814 03
Gates	34,576 07	99,203 49	5,993 99	139,773 55
Grant	75,913 32	204,208 17	40,216 73	320,338 22
Green	43,822 72	125,838 17	20,721 12	190,382 01
Green Lake	36,428 14	71,880 11	12,384 83	120,693 13
Iowa	43,425 99	106,130 78	20,179 31	169,736 08
Iron	36,017 16	64,557 01	3,682 06	110,256 23
Jackson	46,579 50	75,147 87	11,179 71	132,907 08
Jefferson	108,567 78	172,328 53	32,063 27	313,559 58
Juneau	41,845 56	106,232 72	17,989 76	166,068 04
Kenosha	40,848 70	127,840 63	18,798 61	187,487 99
Kewaunee	32,120 36	56,042 91	15,281 31	103,444 53
La Crosse	135,563 22	266,841 66	24,568 48	426,973 36
Lafayette	45,535 70	105,934 18	21,804 52	173,074 40
Langlade	38,424 33	103,153 73	11,534 21	153,112 27
Lincoln	67,407 50	146,264 89	8,722 64	222,395 03
Manitowoc	91,037 74	247,725 03	25,504 33	364,267 10
Marathon	109,446 80	228,664 94	26,552 96	364,664 70
Marinette	78,259 74	203,696 11	20,580 37	302,536 22
Marquette	21,665 92	29,120 81	7,955 77	58,742 50
Milwaukee	1,065,971 76	3,271,790 91	246,207 25	4,583,969 92
Monroe	82,850 62	141,793 49	19,384 22	244,028 33
Oconto	46,911 30	111,564 11	20,086 91	178,562 32
Oneida	30,223 78	98,791 19	12,171 89	141,286 86
Outagamie	93,896 46	295,959 18	33,437 96	423,093 60
Ozaukee	39,165 07	77,804 59	15,217 86	132,187 52
Pepin	16,780 92	30,682 18	5,904 47	53,367 57
Pierce	37,763 93	107,560 39	14,222 50	159,551 87
Folk	38,026 75	84,244 00	12,632 04	134,902 79
Portage	53,389 09	118,930 01	28,453 91	200,773 01
Price	46,934 89	108,602 87	10,013 23	165,551 04

STATE AND LOCAL TAXES IN WISCONSIN, LEVIED 1901 AND COLLECTED IN 1901-2.—Continued.

Counties.	Total county tax.	Total of town, city and village tax.	State tax.	Total.
Racine	112,925 48	344,102 01	28,146 10	485,173 59
Richland	47,392 09	90,463 59	11,996 38	149,852 06
Rock	105,804 90	337,403 33	38,408 81	481,117 04
St. Croix	52,661 38	130,573 87	14,954 65	198,189 90
Sauk	72,272 92	192,046 58	18,822 82	283,142 32
Sawyer	52,524 96	38,777 42	8,271 42	99,573 80
Shawano	58,232 84	163,942 98	17,736 09	179,971 91
Sheboygan	83,666 17	312,253 43	34,258 80	429,584 40
Taylor	60,253 03	117,754 42	9,101 89	187,109 31
Trempealeau	47,367 22	109,950 23	22,517 87	179,835 32
Vernon	76,763 25	122,618 62	14,938 44	214,260 31
Vilas	22,400 00	77,864 55	15,733 54	115,998 09
Walworth	75,068 27	223,829 95	28,854 46	327,752 68
Washburn	22,292 92	56,517 60	8,434 91	87,245 43
Washington	52,905 48	89,490 99	16,440 35	158,836 82
Waukesha	112,638 70	183,534 48	33,889 94	330,063 12
Waupaca	79,388 24	145,947 81	28,737 44	254,072 99
Waushara	28,120 85	51,266 38	12,622 99	92,010 22
Winnebago	138,329 59	428,877 81	43,976 37	611,183 77
Wood	62,840 28	177,253 68	18,167 90	258,261 86
Total	\$5,510,908 80	\$13,618,262 40	\$1,670,851 10	\$20,800,022 30

STATEMENT SHOWING ITEMS OF ALL COUNTY TAXES, EXCLUSIVE OF TOWN, CITY AND VILLAGE TAXES, LEVIED IN 1903.

Counties.	For county purposes.	County school tax.	Salary of supt. of schools.	Total county taxes (excl. of town, city and village taxes.)
Adams	\$10,370 47	\$7,374 32		\$17,744 79
Ashland	139,993 36	15,437 34	\$1,000 00	156,430 70
Barron	19,844 21	23,036 70	1,100 00	44,030 91
Bayfield	62,497 04	9,820 52	800 00	73,117 56
Brown	127,439 25	38,957 94	1,200 00	167,597 19
Buffalo	12,800 00	14,700 00	800 00	28,300 00
Burnett	10,810 00	8,265 00		19,075 00
Calumet	16,708 08	14,753 13		31,461 21
Chippewa	63,166 56	24,861 92	1,147 50	79,176 92
Clark	48,584 92	24,707 70		73,292 62
Columbia	38,361 22	22,364 41	1,523 71	62,249 34
Crawford	25,035 00	14,178 46	1,104 65	40,318 11
Dane	70,000 00	50,628 00	2,460 60	123,028 00
Dodge	60,065 59	35,493 73	1,200 00	96,764 32
Door	13,300 00	10,061 00	800 00	30,161 00
Douglas	114,045 51	21,268 82	1,100 00	136,414 33
Dunn	31,724 34	21,778 64	800 00	54,302 98
Eau Claire	45,160 00	28,180 34	1,000 00	74,340 34
Florence	12,850 40		240 00	13,090 40
Fond du Lac	83,348 62	36,062 19	1,000 00	120,410 21
Forest	25,860 31	1,293 12	30 00	27,153 43
Gates	27,768 45	6,107 62	700 00	34,556 07
Grant	45,672 17	29,041 15	1,200 00	75,913 32
Green	25,922 40	17,009 31	900 01	43,832 72
Green Lake	22,675 43	12,702 71	1,050 00	36,428 14
Iowa	24,776 00	17,849 99	800 00	43,425 99
Iron	27,863 40	7,453 76	700 00	36,017 16
Jackson	30,617 50	14,962 60	1,000 00	46,579 50
Jefferson	79,622 50	27,545 28	1,400 00	108,567 78
Juneau	23,813 39	16,631 35	1,400 82	41,845 70
Kenosha	23,022 70	17,026 00	800 00	40,848 70
Kewaunee	16,260 00	15,060 36	800 00	32,120 36
La Crosse	100,575 00	33,788 22	1,200 00	135,563 22
Lafayette	28,167 20	16,163 50	1,200 00	45,535 70
Langlade	25,584 70	11,839 63	1,000 00	38,424 33
Lincoln	51,167 50	15,440 00	800 00	67,407 50
Manitowoc	54,620 00	36,417 74		91,037 74
Marathon	65,000 00	42,396 80	2,050 00	109,446 80
Marinette	49,550 00	27,969 74	800 00	78,259 74
Marquette	12,000 00	8,865 92	800 00	21,665 92
Milwaukee	801,275 31	262,696 45	2,000 00	1,065,971 76
Monroe	60,056 86	22,793 76		82,850 62
Oconto	26,000 00	19,911 30	1,000 00	46,911 30
Oneida	29,523 78		800 00	30,323 78
Outagamie	54,916 46	37,980 00	1,000 00	93,896 46
Ozaukee	24,100 00	14,165 07	900 00	39,165 07
Pepin	10,000 00	6,280 92	500 00	16,780 92
Pierce	18,000 00	18,768 98	1,000 00	37,768 98
Polk	21,114 12	16,112 63	800 00	38,026 75
Portage	25,223 93	27,165 16	1,000 00	53,389 09
Price	37,135 00	8,999 89	800 00	46,934 89
Racine	55,655 48	56,070 00	1,200 00	112,925 48
Richland	31,700 00	14,592 09	800 00	47,092 09
Rock	65,000 00	38,304 90	2,000 00	105,304 90
St. Croix	28,782 63	22,253 98	1,594 77	52,661 38
Sauk	45,466 68	25,356 24	1,450 00	72,272 92
Sawyer	49,801 14	2,423 82	300 00	52,524 96
Shawano	32,446 77	24,786 07	1,060 00	58,292 84
Sheboygan	39,394 40	42,224 62	1,447 15	83,066 17
Taylor	50,351 14	9,101 89	800 00	60,253 03
Trempealeau	26,969 00	19,498 22	900 00	47,367 22
Vernon	54,117 45	22,585 80		76,703 25
Vilas	17,000 00	5,000 00	400 00	22,400 00
Walworth	54,339 01	19,529 26	1,200 00	75,068 27
Washburn	16,000 00	6,292 92		22,292 92
Washington	37,202 65	14,762 83	1,000 00	52,965 48
Waukesha	86,149 89	25,488 81	1,000 00	112,638 70
Waupaca	52,539 71	25,518 53	1,300 00	79,382 24
Waushara	15,000 00	13,120 85		28,120 85
Winnebago	93,547 49	43,682 10	1,100 00	138,329 59
Wood	36,454 60	25,085 68	1,300 00	62,840 28
Total	\$3,751,796 06	\$1,694,344 13	\$64,768 61	\$5,510,908 80

STATEMENT SHOWING ITEMS OF TOWN, CITY AND VILLAGE TAXES,
1903—Continued.

Counties.	Support of poor.	Loans or interest.	School district tax.	Highway tax.
Adams		\$707 80	\$8,198 93	\$10,043 42
Ashland		650 00	78,156 33	26,197 20
Barron	\$1,493 63	872 02	44,231 20	26,727 81
Bayfield	2,300 00	5,554 00	56,036 57	14,500 00
Brown	2,710 90	17,222 27	53,544 85	26,928 96
Buffalo	454 00	1,056 00	19,052 60	17,412 51
Burnett	2,950 00	528 75	14,705 81	10,674 95
Calumet	396 00	3,424 99	11,163 97	25,314 40
Chippewa		7,805 50	58,507 64	32,627 11
Clark	2,955 00	5,178 69	46,093 74	35,737 51
Columbia		3,309 36	51,201 55	35,281 63
Crawford		3,278 00	15,565 74	16,156 87
Dane		28,279 31	106,617 47	59,744 42
Dodge	1,687 72	9,972 00	50,536 33	55,099 96
Door	1,950 00		19,990 15	17,378 29
Douglas			192,996 00	15,300 00
Dunn	1,025 00	1,200 00	40,097 64	21,872 91
Eau Claire	800 00	14,246 20	89,649 47	38,726 31
Florence	500 00	500 00	19,906 83	5,700 00
Fond du Lac	6,237 11	30,221 93	93,782 72	42,974 69
Forest	1,100 00		20,461 60	5,300 00
Gates	825 00	1,500 00	33,083 20	23,470 52
Grant	3,035 50	8,969 10	61,714 34	46,995 38
Green		10,650 00	36,172 56	25,018 03
Green Lake	2,155 00	14,203 17	23,633 11	14,815 96
Iowa		850 00	36,751 05	22,892 85
Iron	4,599 51	3,389 09	19,227 12	11,705 18
Jackson	850 00	656 00	21,555 39	21,560 13
Jefferson		10,876 77	53,847 11	33,762 75
Juneau		400 00	38,312 98	20,505 23
Kenosha	650 00	17,000 00	41,703 80	10,715 78
Kewaunee	291 00	1,426 75	13,743 99	19,216 92
La Crosse		49,682 10	16,026 40	12,876 30
Lafayette	655 00	1,636 00	38,978 52	21,594 93
Langlade	2,211 00	2,597 81	26,708 08	18,307 24
Lincoln		12,425 33	38,873 57	34,847 48
Manitowoc	9,098 51	5,620 00	61,667 31	49,017 48
Marathon	2,400 00	18,620 00	55,771 97	45,785 53
Marinette	7,150 00	17,155 75	68,237 59	22,182 42
Marquette	311 95		8,595 67	11,337 36
Milwaukee		15,000 00	89,056 31	36,610 04
Monroe		2,705 77	43,993 77	33,161 04
Oconto	2,879 90		24,984 26	19,306 91
Oneida		709 13	31,939 14	10,934 47
Outagamie	4,448 49	81,898 00	72,885 70	36,129 05
Ozaukee	670 00	6,800 00	16,708 99	23,339 34
Pepin	200 00	1,454 00	9,482 10	7,610 56
Pierce	1,129 00	4,096 20	35,149 22	29,614 70
Polk	1,360 00	539 00	27,470 25	31,214 63
Portage	3,075 00	5,848 00	42,448 14	26,513 45
Price	4,219 00	2,851 27	44,706 86	19,218 57
Racine	1,122 00		23,460 11	29,021 89
Richland		1,300 00	23,934 25	22,045 78
Rock		3,310 00	99,389 62	33,304 51
St. Croix	675 00	1,004 47	45,214 93	33,774 89
Sauk		8,554 00	66,495 68	35,675 12
Sawyer			22,000 00	2,000 00
Shawano	2,180 00		27,786 15	34,638 34
Sheboygan	1,022 00	12,125 12	74,481 24	45,850 75
Taylor	3,110 00	2,236 75	35,435 60	37,611 98
Trempealeau	3,300 00	6,134 96	22,967 44	30,042 16
Vernon		605 00	34,503 30	26,466 99
Vilas	600 00	2,708 23	24,490 00	20,900 00
Walworth		7,960 00	94,675 54	37,768 03
Washburn	950 00		25,391 10	13,497 18
Washington	50 00	3,812 50	23,620 67	39,141 77
Waukesha	1,550 00	11,860 00	67,266 87	43,416 92
Waupaca	625 00	3,604 37	41,164 54	32,803 13
Waushara	1,350 00		18,507 81	15,459 47
Winnebago	13,587 64	46,748 77	133,143 69	31,307 94
Wood	852 32	10,991 00	54,232 56	21,735 78
Total	\$109,747 23	\$556,521 23	\$3,187,091 79	\$1,866,421 90

STATE FINANCES.

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STATEMENT SHOWING ITEMS OF TOWN, CITY AND VILLAGE TAXES,
1903—Continued.

Counties.	Poll tax.	All other purposes.	Overrun of tax roll.	Total of town, city and village taxes.
Adams	\$1,392 50	\$1,504 44	\$30 14	\$26,781 36
Ashland		4,089 17	331 31	208,803 21
Barron	1,733 50	13,350 37	1,121 54	104,919 93
Bayfield	102 00	20,281 75	271 98	142,971 59
Brown	1,724 50	40,225 29	179 39	224,215 15
Buffalo	2,542 50	9,896 07	218 60	66,403 28
Burnett	1,612 50	2,281 93	67 39	41,360 31
Calumet	1,039 00	10,667 28	256 99	63,845 34
Chippewa	1,372 50	51,872 86	1,252 05	229,207 50
Clark	3,213 83	26,031 96	464 38	146,243 71
Columbia	3,157 50	17,707 80	55 66	161,840 75
Crawford	1,874 92	5,112 13	258 25	58,439 02
Dane	5,584 60	32,280 06	356 48	380,351 53
Dodge	2,500 00	17,617 28	487 86	178,864 05
Door	2,781 87	4,799 33	70 63	60,706 19
Douglas		25,434 00	760 93	444,320 93
Dunn	2,687 50	14,024 62	330 99	117,672 20
Eau Claire	1,331 90	23,088 18	202 65	259,208 32
Florence		3,091 81	21 83	38,147 97
Fond du Lac	2,721 50	19,543 61	229 93	297,595 77
Forest		8,554 30	202 06	42,755 35
Gates	238 50	13,054 65	547 61	99,203 49
Grant	4,319 50	34,068 74	763 28	204,208 17
Green	1,570 00	17,866 41	170 08	125,838 17
Green Lake	3,947 50	3,569 31	30 81	71,880 11
Iowa	3,037 00	7,651 98	272 60	106,130 78
Iron	30 00	4,952 86	403 25	64,557 01
Jackson	1,292 00	10,396 20	239 06	75,147 87
Jefferson	2,435 00	25,126 88	612 65	172,928 53
Juneau	1,412 50	16,915 02	112 21	106,232 72
Kenosha	240 00	41,023 50	14 88	127,840 68
Kewaunee	774 00	4,340 38	210 07	56,042 91
La Crosse	433 00	7,987 60	92 38	266,841 66
Lafayette	1,677 50	12,993 40	461 48	105,934 18
Langlade	961 20	16,104 98	978 42	102,153 73
Lincoln		10,808 97	854 31	146,264 89
Manitowoc	2,167 50	32,885 72	280 43	247,725 03
Marathon	4,739 00	28,423 54	613 01	228,664 94
Marquette	2,435 00	7,489 02	221 32	202,696 11
Marquette	1,850 25	1,577 95	192 35	29,120 81
Milwaukee	1,478 50	39,042 14	436 39	3,271,790 91
Monroe	4,400 50	24,061 69	151 25	141,793 49
Oconto	1,145 82	36,869 94	507 97	111,564 11
Oneida		10,967 46	344 21	98,791 19
Outagamie	3,494 89	23,494 79	425 44	295,959 18
Ozaukee	1,664 68	9,943 29	95 41	77,804 59
Peplin	623 50	1,429 11	156 65	30,632 18
Pierce	3,139 12	14,038 69	47 24	107,560 39
Polk	2,902 55	7,374 83	146 10	84,244 00
Portage	3,471 47	12,425 32	510 89	118,930 01
Price	1,374 50	8,371 45	763 78	108,602 87
Racine	105 00	181,231 47	87 33	344,102 01
Richland	3,102 50	11,973 72	60 83	90,465 59
Rock	1,436 50	95,989 29	275 05	337,403 33
St. Croix	2,729 00	7,944 60	287 57	190,573 87
Sauk	3,378 50	28,834 47	324 17	192,046 58
Sawyer				38,777 42
Shawano	3,420 50	18,279 13	455 92	103,942 98
Sheboygan	3,272 59	41,995 94	636 32	312,253 43
Taylor	1,191 00	18,966 88	313 69	117,754 42
Trempealeau	3,600 42	14,294 67	174 19	169,950 23
Vernon	5,221 25	22,351 07	407 06	122,618 62
Vilas		10,375 35	30 97	77,864 55
Walworth	2,239 50	20,551 72	200 33	228,829 95
Washburn	103 50	5,988 50	159 12	50,517 60
Washington	2,535 00	6,910 06	326 56	89,490 99
Waukesha	1,767 00	8,168 42	56 85	183,534 48
Waupaca	2,791 50	17,305 30	445 37	145,947 31
Waushara	1,829 00	5,052 40	367 55	51,266 33
Winnebago	2,086 50	29,091 36	136 03	428,877 81
Wood	3,199 50	9,552 78	486 98	177,253 68
Total	\$135,636 27	\$1,391,417 39	\$23,118 51	\$13,618,262 40

SPECIAL LEVIES, 1904.

Counties.	Special charges.	Special loans.	School district loans.	Mill tax.	Total.	Reapportionment of mill tax to counties.
Adams	\$1,412 82		\$569 95	\$2,833 90	\$4,816 67	\$6,084 04
Ashland	5,321 52	\$5,223 34	464 00	6,441 96	17,550 82	12,309 49
Barron	5,289 39	19,019 66	5,011 62	5,783 10	35,103 76	19,460 04
Bayfield	4,457 31	7,656 33	3,600 00	7,227 23	22,940 87	8,455 58
Brown	3,056 19	11,468 00	1,045 25	17,207 07	32,837 51	32,638 20
Buffalo	3,690 79		835 96	6,370 96	10,897 71	11,560 38
Burnett	1,608 10	107 00	435 68	1,370 55	3,521 33	6,519 91
Calumet	3,199 57			9,157 41	12,556 98	12,094 16
Chippewa	2,247 79	11,573 26	4,334 23	9,825 67	27,980 95	21,205 40
Clark	4,085 49	2,758 46	2,845 82	9,465 72	19,145 49	20,854 49
Columbia	1,739 91	2,025 00	1,858 63	17,939 38	23,552 92	18,412 78
Crawford	4,807 65	400 00	1,229 43	4,709 13	11,146 21	11,599 16
Dane	5,753 37	16,718 19	9,363 36	46,541 61	78,376 53	42,157 80
Dodge	3,052 06		1,353 25	31,345 12	35,750 43	28,791 09
Door	3,121 89	9,191 00	851 92	4,328 75	17,493 56	13,503 44
Douglas	8,999 95	2,069 68	605 00	15,354 51	27,229 14	18,717 53
Dunn	2,158 36	10,245 00	1,496 96	7,552 22	21,452 54	18,267 64
Eau Claire	2,726 27	11,218 73	7,623 01	9,835 21	31,409 22	23,338 60
Florence	707 19	1,399 50	533 20	1,210 63	3,850 52	2,218 25
Fond du Lac	3,776 87	2,302 50	1,190 33	27,196 50	34,466 20	29,716 40
Forest	196 71	1,518 60		1,914 54	3,699 25	1,645 71
Gates	1,073 86	1,490 40	910 98	2,513 75	5,993 99	5,535 48
Grant	2,637 16	10,800 00	6,807 29	19,932 28	40,216 73	22,838 05
Green	1,312 05	1,455 00	933 70	16,970 37	20,721 12	13,653 02
Green Lake	3,540 86			8,844 02	12,384 88	10,527 90
Iowa	1,022 58	3,941 30	2,313 14	12,902 29	20,179 31	14,011 36
Iron	2,089 82	3,660 00	1,016 27	2,915 97	9,682 06	3,974 75
Jackson	4,867 98	224 58	1,181 20	4,905 95	11,179 71	12,108 41
Jefferson	3,579 19	2,080 00	2,620 00	23,784 08	32,063 27	22,230 49
Juneau	6,037 45	1,719 14	3,599 69	6,633 48	17,989 76	13,701 07
Kenosha	5,135 76			13,662 85	18,798 61	14,306 86
Kewaunee	2,923 71	5,929 90	516 00	5,912 60	15,281 31	12,101 51
La Crosse	4,799 05		231 50	19,537 93	24,568 48	27,688 38
Lafayette	4,196 70	910 36	2,591 35	13,906 11	21,604 52	13,363 03
Langlade	3,080 44	3,206 50	1,254 57	3,992 70	11,531 21	10,036 60
Lincoln	3,774 08		190 35	4,758 21	8,722 64	12,736 93
Manitowoc	4,327 42	328 75	580 00	20,268 16	25,504 33	30,320 35
Marathon	3,618 60	6,133 75	5,247 54	11,553 07	26,552 96	35,671 14
Marinette	6,981 07	2,831 83	1,484 02	9,282 55	20,580 37	23,604 27
Marquette	3,123 01		1,360 30	3,532 46	7,955 70	7,711 27
Milwaukee	10,646 97	420 00	5,791 80	229,348 48	246,207 25	219,630 30
Monroe	4,418 01		5,452 49	9,513 72	19,384 22	18,689 86
Oconto	6,227 54	3,170 00	4,466 97	6,222 40	20,086 91	17,284 28
Oneida	2,019 80	5,608 61	390 00	4,153 48	12,171 59	5,445 00
Outagamie	3,485 96	621 00	7,968 67	21,362 33	33,437 96	30,743 33
Ozaukee	4,291 93		1,525 00	9,400 93	15,217 86	11,718 89
Pepin	2,284 87	535 00	842 85	2,271 75	5,901 47	5,081 10
Pierce	5,069 36		1,233 82	7,869 32	14,222 50	15,365 26
Polk	3,923 13	384 00	2,875 35	5,451 56	12,632 04	13,856 27
Portage	7,586 05	12,100 00	469 94	6,297 92	28,453 91	23,097 22
Price	3,083 91	1,363 99	2,611 79	2,953 59	10,013 28	7,705 73
Racine	3,217 33		963 00	23,960 77	28,146 10	29,803 77
Richland	1,512 50		2,992 34	7,491 54	11,996 38	12,157 01
Rock	4,260 64		694 86	33,453 31	38,408 81	32,743 63
St. Croix	2,839 37	182 60	2,501 50	9,431 18	14,954 05	13,176 37
Sauk	1,792 88		1,767 75	15,262 69	18,822 62	21,063 95
Sawyer	643 61	5,875 00		1,752 81	8,271 42	2,157 30
Shawano	3,361 51	2,620 00	5,039 29	6,715 29	17,736 29	20,830 43
Sheboygan	5,069 93		2,095 79	27,093 08	34,255 80	34,708 80
Taylor	3,550 71	663 00	1,159 42	3,728 76	9,101 89	8,673 51
Trempealeau	2,027 19	8,541 39	3,811 75	8,137 54	22,517 87	16,558 36
Vernon	2,593 89		2,354 33	9,990 22	14,933 44	18,767 37
Vilas	932 02	11,960 00		2,841 52	15,733 54	2,127 74
Walworth	2,182 55		2,214 50	24,457 41	28,854 46	15,793 69
Washington	1,289 90	4,353 75	1,187 64	1,703 62	8,494 91	4,807 74
Washburn	1,718 70		18 80	14,702 85	16,440 35	16,310 86
Waukesha	8,684 95		151 29	25,053 79	33,889 94	20,773 21
Waupaca	2,594 72	12,355 08	3,010 72	10,776 92	28,737 44	21,106 65
Waushara	2,610 27	922 22	3,455 65	5,624 85	12,622 99	10,677 52
Winnebago	4,734 21	6,810 00	2,065 30	30,366 86	43,976 37	36,424 69
Wood	4,654 16	3,908 25	1,540 98	8,064 51	18,167 90	21,347 64
Total	\$252,828 05	\$242,008 15	\$148,794 90	\$1,027,220 00	\$1,670,851 10	\$1,400,308 02

STATE FINANCES.

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STATEMENT SHOWING THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE COUNTY TAX
WAS EXPENDED IN 1903.

Counties.	Support of poor.	County buildings.	Railroad aid or indebted- ness.	Roads and bridges.
Adams	\$1,160 00			
Ashland	11,063 42	\$858 92	\$13,149 24	\$6,616 00
Barron	3,199 38			2,998 62
Bayfield	3,780 54		40,211 17	1,200 00
Brown	11,760 00	12,000 00	9,172 00	3,581 00
Buffalo	2,682 88			1,822 20
Burnett	165 69	83 70		150 00
Calumet	677 36	372 02		
Chippewa	3,861 00	1,364 40		1,061 09
Clark	3,405 60	537 50		8,828 22
Columbia	13,500 00	1,619 45		491 00
Crawford	3,734 47			670 00
Dane	18,206 70			1,000 00
Dodge	1,100 21	2,013 69		5,345 00
Door	827 00	200 00	4,680 00	
Douglas	15,248 11			7,850 95
Dunn		566 80		10,650 00
Eau Claire	440 71			4,000 00
Florence	861 81			153 43
Fond du Lac	2,696 67	5,153 37		
Forest	2,374 42			10,096 46
Gates	480 39			2,650 57
Grant		118 50		12,783 57
Green	1,500 00	261 19		1,700 00
Green Lake	1,750 00	5,900 00		
Iowa	3,143 91			38 44
Iron	2,698 55	234 75		1,518 59
Jackson	1,941 45			1,300 87
Jefferson	7,500 00	2,250 00		
Juneau	4,287 93	1,637 44		2,594 00
Kenosha		1,390 43		
Kewaunee	3,372 20			930 00
La Crosse	12,000 00	28,075 00		8,000 00
Lafayette	3,305 81			4,649 73
Langlade	1,983 56			1,470 60
Lincoln	5,657 04	09,257 16		899 00
Manitowoc	1,682 42	633 34	16,840 00	5,975 00
Marathon	3,792 15	2,500 00		10,369 00
Marinette	1,365 49	675 12		4,592 98
Marquette	490 00	300 00		1,700 00
Milwaukee	24,940 02	57,530 88		563 85
Monroe	4,560 00	11,930 00		5,960 50
Oconto	2,237 73	1,490 00		
Oneida	1,530 28			
Outagamie	3,297 55	500 00		5,358 17
Ozaukee	1,645 00	3,275 66		2,645 00
Pepin	200 00	100 00		150 00
Pierce	4,180 66			1,225 00
Polk	1,216 03			1,551 10
Portage	340 38	4,428 45	17,450 00	2,734 60
Price	2,477 33			301 50
Racine	4,514 14			
Richland	3,462 51			
Rock	5,174 15	1,580 59		
St. Croix	2,452 05			564 00
Sauk	14,474 06	9,178 00		1,000 00
Sawyer	4,240 32			7,311 35
Shawano	1,877 46	2,093 38		4,100 00
Sheboygan	3,671 47	675 00		
Taylor	1,500 00			12,143 91
Trempealeau	1,377 58	2,048 57		8,825 00
Vernon	5,047 85			13,551 70
Vilas	1,161 00	250 00	8,750 00	
Walworth	16,000 00	3,107 00		
Washburn	525 00	500 00		500 00
Washington	1,000 00	6,500 00		
Waukesha	828 92	16,045 60		
Waupaca	3,254 21	1,112 56		6,586 29
Waushara	988 04		738 00	
Winnebago	22,000 00	5,000 00		1,000 00
Wood	2,498 15	2,252 48		
Total	\$299,232 37	\$267,082 75	\$110,950 50	\$263,821 19

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE COUNTY TAX
WAS EXPENDED IN 1903.—Continued.

Counties.	Salaries of county officers.	Court expenses.	Sheriff's accounts.	Jail expenses.
Adams	\$3,450 00	\$1,677 15	\$618 04	.....
Ashland	10,155 21	9,228 53	12,796 78	\$2,444 93
Barron	8,837 50	2,107 39	408 63	3,104 12
Bayfield	9,600 00	5,773 65	11,349 85	854 60
Brown	10,040 00	14,025 04	4,560 00	1,354 06
Buffalo	3,622 50	5,621 44	872 55	221 01
Burnett	2,825 00	326 55	748 77	242 08
Calumet	4,100 00	1,030 08	325 00	.....
Chippewa	10,442 00	2,508 93	6,064 28	767 75
Clark	5,960 60	10,024 59	2,589 09	886 89
Columbia	11,880 00	2,616 45	444 20	660 30
Crawford	6,487 00	2,063 23	2,639 83	.....
Dane	21,499 97	6,290 57	2,584 12	5,104 31
Dodge	12,625 00	6,660 00	3,920 74	3,041 80
Door	4,200 00	556 26	867 45	182 60
Douglas	14,965 32	27,259 42	14,079 09	.....
Dunn	6,080 60	.....	2,331 62	.....
Eau Claire	4,700 00	6,798 79	3,584 69	.....
Florence	4,159 29	835 42	111 60	262 51
Fond du Lac	23,312 60	9,289 53	.....	.....
Forest	6,916 38	2,772 86	87 06	.....
Gates	6,800 60	887 56	1,611 09	190 25
Grant	7,966 00	4,000 00	2,423 74	.....
Green	5,200 00	3,257 75	2,531 02	1,179 89
Green Lake	6,500 00	1,500 00	.....	.....
Iowa	5,550 00	3,911 35	1,285 01	264 73
Iron	6,114 87	2,046 89	.....	2,499 96
Jackson	6,043 83	4,162 76	2,992 54	.....
Jefferson	9,975 00	3,500 00	3,808 69	.....
Juneau	5,100 60	3,478 29	3,269 74	100 45
Kenosha	9,644 13	3,288 42	.....	.....
Kewaunee	4,860 00	846 44	391 99	.....
La Crosse	14,000 00	10,000 00	4,060 00	.....
Lafayette	7,116 85	1,771 66	4,251 66	.....
Langlade	5,992 51	988 85	1,547 32	1,051 58
Lincoln	6,477 21	7,295 93	4,508 10	436 48
Manitowoc	12,149 33	4,707 26	4,271 46	1,125 25
Marathon	15,080 60	8,506 30	.....	1,800 00
Marinette	8,625 00	4,265 01	9,328 53	586 87
Marquette	3,825 00	863 00	1,000 00	50 00
Milwaukee	238,098 86	67,212 46	16,521 73	.....
Monroe	8,300 00	3,000 00	2,738 13	.....
Oconto	6,088 00	1,542 72	3,729 29	869 19
Oneida	9,372 60	6,014 31	1,345 39	1,883 00
Outagamie	7,333 20	11,523 67	3,319 42	.....
Ozaukee	5,310 74	1,972 30	1,498 30	560 00
Pepin	2,000 00	740 22	278 76	118 00
Pierce	5,500 00	3,497 65	1,844 27	400 00
Polk	4,549 87	2,185 70	2,240 44	.....
Portage	5,533 33	9,862 73	2,611 87	934 00
Price	6,840 89	2,499 37	.....	.....
Racine	12,600 00	7,354 00	4,694 47	.....
Richland	4,274 94	2,545 27	988 03	.....
Rock	14,783 33	9,390 13	912 12	2,850 80
St. Croix	4,365 00	4,936 95	3,593 52	376 08
Sauk	3,050 00	3,224 84	400 00	1,135 19
Sawyer	5,120 70	497 22	3,985 87	512 52
Shawano	4,460 00	2,904 66	1,712 42	440 35
Sheboygan	8,350 00	5,413 63	7,048 06	.....
Taylor	5,300 00	3,500 00	2,000 60	.....
Trempealeau	4,200 00	3,560 10	2,109 24	420 00
Vernon	4,860 00	2,709 34	1,252 08	200 00
Vilas	5,000 00	1,638 78	2,500 00	2,000 60
Walworth	7,780 00	4,000 00	900 00	2,080 00
Washburn	4,960 00	738 00	973 00	800 00
Washington	6,695 30	1,848 08	3,120 32	499 00
Waukesha	12,520 00	10,000 00	5,150 00	.....
Waupaca	5,650 00	2,947 21	3,176 48	583 00
Waushara	3,221 00	1,588 22	1,302 61	.....
Winnebago	20,300 00	15,869 85	15,000 00	1,500 60
Wood	7,454 43	5,164 33	2,460 12
Total	\$784,223 14	\$385,905 09	\$217,420 22	\$46,572 05

STATE FINANCES.

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STATEMENT SHOWING THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE COUNTY TAX WAS EXPENDED IN 1903.—Continued.

Counties.	Relief for indigent soldiers.	All other county expenses.	Total tax expended.
Adams	\$339 00	\$2,072 46	\$9,856 65
Ashland	649 32	29,878 94	96,841 29
Barron	1,052 91	8,371 68	30,080 23
Bayfield	586 85	17,592 41	99,948 47
Brown	2,450 00	98,655 09	167,597 19
Buffalo		6,919 13	21,761 71
Burnett	85 00	11,281 08	15,967 87
Calumet	836 68	4,899 33	12,240 47
Chippewa	2,844 34	14,162 55	43,079 34
Clark	462 63	64,657 39	97,311 91
Columbia	1,539 25	23,685 83	56,439 48
Crawford	839 00	10,859 70	27,233 23
Dane	4,254 75	49,005 51	107,955 93
Dodge	1,400 00	24,559 75	60,005 59
Door	610 00	3,350 00	15,472 71
Douglas	4,000 00	33,261 47	116,694 36
Dunn	1,000 00	13,556 22	34,184 64
Eau Claire	3,160 00	22,475 81	45,160 00
Florence	188 75	2,701 61	9,214 42
Fond du Lac	3,348 02	36,409 29	80,209 48
Forest	350 00	4,476 75	27,073 93
Gates	275 66	13,920 81	26,816 33
Grant	2,500 00	15,946 36	45,672 17
Green	1,950 00	5,198 43	22,778 23
Green Lake	800 00	6,225 43	22,675 43
Iowa	2,174 00	27,058 55	43,425 99
Iron	270 11	14,194 49	28,978 21
Jackson	253 90	40,849 45	87,544 50
Jefferson	3,003 00	78,431 09	108,567 78
Juneau	475 00	8,152 38	28,495 23
Kenosha	829 67	7,015 19	22,167 84
Kewaunee	305 40	5,938 86	16,644 89
La Crosse	2,000 00	22,500 00	100,575 00
Lafayette	1,286 00	28,042 88	59,424 59
Langlade	953 24	16,264 35	30,251 41
Lincoln	281 00	17,035 96	111,247 53
Manitowoc	1,598 35	26,001 37	74,383 83
Marathon	1,413 21	16,366 20	59,766 86
Marinette	2,576 00	14,289 18	46,204 18
Marquette	302 00	4,360 00	12,860 00
Milwaukee	12,814 50	352,191 34	769,873 74
Monroe	600 00	28,082 14	65,110 77
Oconto	555 86	30,398 57	46,911 36
Oneida	171 12	7,845 02	28,161 72
Outagamie	3,500 00	36,127 16	70,959 17
Ozaukee	50 00	8,043 00	25,000 00
Pepin	138 25	4,364 67	8,149 90
Pierce	415 00	5,966 24	23,028 82
Polk	819 00	10,076 47	22,638 71
Portage	360 00	11,867 09	56,122 45
Price	437 00	21,059 32	33,616 01
Racine	971 50	20,514 49	51,648 60
Richland	280 53	35,786 76	47,338 09
Rock	3,456 75	66,012 11	104,159 69
St. Croix	308 25	38,381 40	55,357 25
Sauk	676 00	7,075 00	45,213 09
Sawyer		7,726 40	29,424 58
Shawano	847 60	5,245 42	25,591 29
Sheboygan	4,000 00	10,236 24	39,394 40
Taylor	400 00	35,409 12	60,253 03
Trempealeau	1,692 41	7,255 02	30,887 92
Vernon	1,223 00	5,315 98	34,189 95
Vilas		1,500 00	22,739 78
Walworth	1,000 00	9,420 00	44,280 00
Washburn	350 00	6,654 00	16,000 00
Washington	708 00	8,307 68	28,678 38
Waukesha	3,396 15	38,199 82	86,149 89
Waupaca	1,555 00	44,342 73	69,207 48
Waushara	300 00	6,738 61	14,876 57
Winnebago	4,243 00	98,907 19	184,820 04
Wood	200 00	20,024 21	40,053 72
Total	\$99,112 01	\$1,840,236 18	\$4,254,595 50

TOTAL STATE TAXES RECEIVED FROM THE COUNTIES IN 1904.

Counties.	Mill tax.	Charitable tax.	Tax for losses.	Accruing taxes.	Total.
Adams	\$2,833 90	\$1,412 82	\$569 95	\$28 00	\$4,844 67
Ashland	6,441 96	5,321 52	5,787 34	204 51	17,755 36
Barron	5,783 10	5,289 38	24,031 28	55 00	35,158 76
Bayfield	7,227 23	4,457 31	11,256 33	92 41	23,033 28
Brown	17,267 07	3,056 19	12,514 25	233 21	33,130 72
Buffalo	6,370 96	2,690 79	835 96	14 00	10,911 71
Burnett	1,370 55	1,608 10	542 68	7 00	3,528 33
Calumet	9,137 41	3,199 57	.....	106 10	12,463 08
Chippewa	9,825 67	2,247 79	15,907 49	96 62	28,077 57
Clark	9,455 72	4,085 49	5,604 28	102 00	19,247 49
Columbia	17,9 9 38	1,739 91	3,583 63	506 92	24,069 84
Crawford	4,7 9 13	4,507 65	1,629 43	46 00	11,192 21
Dane	46,5 1 61	5,753 37	26,081 55	449 53	78,817 11
Dodge	31,3 5 12	3,052 06	1,358 25	177 38	35 92 81
Door	4,228 75	3,121 89	10,042 92	166 57	17,669 13
Douglas	15,354 11	8,940 95	2,674 68	118 00	27,347 14
Dunn	7,552 22	2,153 36	11,741 96	35 00	21,487 54
Eau Claire	9,835 21	2,726 27	18,347 74	116 00	31,525 22
Florence	1,210 63	707 19	1,932 70	19 60	3,869 52
Fond du Lac	27,196 50	3,776 87	3,492 83	149 28	34,615 48
Forest	1,984 54	196 71	1,518 00	20 00	3,719 25
Gates	2,518 75	1,073 86	2,401 38	34 00	6,027 99
Grant	19,932 28	2,657 16	17,607 29	161 86	40,378 59
Green	16,970 37	1,312 05	2,438 70	192 11	20,913 23
Green Lake	8,844 02	3,540 86	.....	119 49	12,504 37
Iowa	12,902 29	1,022 58	6,254 44	44 00	20,223 31
Iron	2,915 97	2,089 82	4,676 27	36 00	9,718 06
Jackson	4,905 95	4,867 98	1,405 78	32 00	11,211 71
Jefferson	23,784 08	3,579 19	4,700 00	181 21	32,244 48
Juneau	6,633 48	6,037 45	5,313 83	64 60	18,653 76
Kenosha	13,662 85	5,135 76	.....	36 00	18,834 61
Kewaunee	5,912 60	2,923 71	6,445 00	14 33	15,295 64
Kwa Crosse	19,537 93	4,799 05	231 50	107 00	24,675 48
Lafayette	13,906 11	4,196 70	3,501 71	28 00	21,632 52
Langlade	3,992 07	3,089 44	4,461 07	93 00	11,627 21
Lincoln	4,738 21	3,774 08	190 85	82 00	8,804 64
Manitowoc	20,268 16	4,327 42	908 75	71 89	25,576 22
Marathon	11,553 07	3,618 60	11,331 29	133 01	26,685 97
Marinette	9,282 55	6,981 07	4,316 75	157 17	20,797 54
Marquette	3,532 46	3,123 01	1,300 30	21 00	7,976 77
Milwaukee	229,348 48	10,643 97	6,211 89	2,271 26	248,478 51
Monroe	9,513 72	4,418 01	5,452 49	61 00	19,445 22
Oconto	6,222 40	6,227 54	7,636 97	77 00	20,133 91
Oneida	4,153 43	2,019 80	5,698 61	61 00	12,232 89
Outagamie	21,362 33	3,485 96	8,589 67	164 52	33,602 48
Ozaukee	9,400 93	4,591 93	1,525 00	26 95	15,244 81
Pepin	2,271 75	2,254 87	1,377 85	11 00	5,915 47
Pierce	7,869 32	5,069 36	1,283 82	66 00	14,288 50
Polk	5,451 56	3,927 13	3,257 85	153 74	12,785 78
Portage	6,297 92	7,586 05	12,569 91	73 60	28,526 91
Price	2,953 59	3,073 91	3,975 78	52 00	10,065 28
Racine	23,960 77	3,217 33	963 00	660 94	28,747 04
Richland	7,491 54	1,512 50	2,992 34	65 00	12,061 38
Rock	33,453 31	4,260 64	694 80	201 24	38,610 05
St. Croix	9,431 18	2,839 37	2,684 10	58 00	15,012 65
Sauk	15,262 09	1,792 38	1,767 75	133 31	19,096 13
Sawyer	1,732 81	643 61	5,875 00	43 30	8,314 42
Shawano	6,715 29	3,561 51	7,659 29	61 00	17,797 09
Sheboygan	27,633 68	5,069 93	2,095 79	285 85	34,544 65
Taylor	3,723 76	3,550 71	1,822 42	41 00	9,142 89
Trempealeau	8,137 54	2,027 19	12,353 14	34 00	22,551 87
Vernon	9,990 22	2,593 89	2,354 33	61 00	14,939 44
Vilas	2,841 52	932 02	11,960 00	56 00	15,789 54
Walworth	24,457 41	2,182 55	2,214 50	482 91	29,337 37
Washburn	1,703 62	1,289 90	5,441 39	37 00	8,471 91
Washington	14,702 85	1,718 70	18 80	82 35	16,522 70
Waukesha	25,053 79	8,694 95	151 20	281 37	34,171 31
Waupaca	10,776 92	2,594 72	15,365 50	69 00	28,806 94
Waushara	5,624 85	2,610 27	4,387 87	48 00	12,670 99
Winnebago	30,366 86	4,734 21	8,875 30	1,468 53	45,444 90
Wood	8,064 51	4,654 16	5,449 23	22 00	18,189 90
Total	\$1,027,220 00	\$252,828 05	\$390,803 05	\$11,600 65	\$1,632,451 75

SPECIAL CHARGES LEVIED ON COUNTIES FOR CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, COLLECTED IN 1963-1904.

Counties.	State hosp.tal.	Northern hospital.	Industrial school for boys.	Home for feeble minded.	Care of chronic insane.	Total charitable.
Adams	\$413 35			\$422 60	\$576 87	\$1,412 82
Ashland		\$1,830 82	\$327 76	354 60	2,808 34	5,321 52
Brown	1,063 14	110 16	158 84	536 95	3,450 29	5,289 38
Bayfield		2,350 96	294 13	344 40	1,467 82	4,457 31
Brown		1,754 24	248 84	974 90	78 21	3,053 19
Buffalo	646 37			541 05	2,503 37	3,690 79
Burnett	69 41				1,538 69	1,608 10
Calumet		712 62	21 86	228 82	2,236 27	3,199 57
Chippewa	920 92		166 40	1,160 47		2,247 79
Clark	589 21		44 14	738 80	2,713 34	4,085 49
Columbia	806 24		41 57	892 10		1,739 91
Crawford	1,028 08		246 71	885 15	2,647 71	4,807 65
Dane	3,232 78	158 27	576 06	1,785 60		5,753 37
Dodge	85 81	1,866 08	63 57	1,035 69		3,052 06
Door		1,260 46	189 42	929 13	742 88	3,121 89
Douglas	2,639 01		574 55	703 76	5,032 63	8,995 95
Dunn	1,074 10	89 11	344 41	650 74		2,158 36
Eau Claire	1,038 77		390 40	1,277 10		2,726 27
Florence		245 51		108 21	353 47	707 19
Fond du Lac		2,606 61	224 99	945 27		3,778 87
Forest		18 09			178 62	196 71
Gates	53 88		4 43	369 32	646 23	1,073 86
Grant	1,569 45		289 84	857 87		2,657 16
Green	1,120 77		71 57	119 71		1,312 05
Green Lake		902 72	184 13	432 84	2,021 17	3,540 86
Iowa	657 15	30 09		335 34		1,022 58
Iron		639 79	159 70	108 21	1,132 12	2,089 82
Jackson	1,206 93		129 14	757 47	2,774 44	4,867 93
Jefferson		2,430 16	188 27	980 76		3,579 19
Juneau	1,003 08		50 57	631 79	4,352 01	6,037 45
Kenosha		1,314 19	232 84	432 84	3,155 89	5,135 76
Kewaunee		569 39		501 41	1,912 91	2,983 71
La Crosse	2,124 44		769 03	1,905 58		4,799 05
Lafayette	646 57		54 56	324 63	3,170 94	4,196 70
Langlade		1,090 40	831 63	108 21	1,050 15	3,080 44
Lincoln		845 60	176 14	419 23	2,333 11	3,774 08
Manitowoc		2,847 55	3 56	1,389 34	86 97	4,327 42
Marathon		2,391 29	193 85	1,035 46		3,618 60
Marinette		3,030 50	720 68	541 05	2,638 84	6,981 07
Marquette		856 57		294 63	1,971 81	3,123 01
Milwaukee		554 91	2,734 98	7,276 27	80 81	10,646 97
Monroe	924 49		273 25	865 68	2,354 59	4,413 01
Oconto		1,585 83	167 12	322 71	4,211 88	6,227 54
Oneida		536 15	52 00	403 84	1,027 81	2,019 80
Outagamie		2,212 22	400 46	873 28		3,485 96
Ozaukee		851 79		170 10	3,270 04	4,291 93
Pepin	417 09		43 00	216 42	1,578 36	2,254 87
Pierce	1,271 81		14 00	470 48	3,313 07	5,069 36
Polk	636 58		90 71	110 50	3,035 34	3,923 13
Portage		1,592 98	127 90	842 70	5,022 47	7,586 05
Price		977 98	221 27	324 63	1,560 03	3,083 91
Racine		1,770 31	461 76	985 26		3,217 33
Richland	898 51			613 99		1,512 50
Rock	1,588 40	36 62	659 23	1,976 39		4,260 64
St. Croix	1,141 90		289 72	1,318 58	89 17	2,839 37
Sauk	763 98	86 53	73 00	869 02		1,792 38
Sawyer	106 56		48 14	108 21	380 70	643 61
Shawano		644 17	55 57	701 34	1,960 43	3,351 51
Sheboygan		3,639 72	334 54	1,095 67		5,069 93
Taylor		752 59	145 56	772 36	1,880 20	3,550 71
Trempealeau	1,492 50		92 71	441 98		2,027 19
Vernon	1,483 93		184 99	924 97		2,593 89
Vilas		319 53	52 14		560 35	932 02
Walworth	1,054 83		52 41	1,075 31		2,182 55
Washburn	576 30	62 77	13 86	58 25	578 72	1,289 90
Washington		1,103 69		615 01		1,718 70
Waukesha		2,060 08	334 69	554 06	5,736 12	8,684 95
Waupaca		1,073 73	61 43	931 21	523 35	2,594 72
Wausara		457 86	74 57	431 51	1,646 33	2,610 27
Winnebago		2,791 79	405 54	1,536 88		4,734 21
Wood		1,078 04	166 85	892 29	2,516 98	4,654 16
Total	\$34,246 34	\$54,180 32	\$15,545 64	\$53,818 90	\$95,036 85	\$252,828 05

SPECIAL LEVIES FOR REPAYMENT OF INTEREST AND LOANS OF STATE FUNDS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS, ETC., COLLECTED, 1903-1904.

Counties.	School district loans.	Special loans.	Total.
Adams	\$569 95		\$569 95
Ashland	464 00	\$5,323 34	5,787 34
Barron	5,011 62	19,019 66	24,031 28
Bayfield	3,690 00	7,656 33	11,256 33
Brown	1,046 25	11,468 00	12,514 25
Buffalo	835 96		835 96
Burnett	435 68	107 00	542 68
Calumet			
Chippewa	4,334 23	11,573 26	15,907 49
Clark	2,845 82	2,758 46	5,604 28
Columbia	1,858 63	2,025 00	3,583 63
Crawford	1,229 43	400 00	1,629 43
Dane	9,363 36	16,718 19	26,081 55
Dodge	1,358 25		1,358 25
Door	851 92	9,191 00	10,042 92
Douglas	605 00	2,069 68	2,674 68
Dunn	1,496 96	10,245 00	11,741 96
Eau Claire	7,629 01	11,218 73	18,847 74
Florence	533 20	1,369 50	1,932 70
Fond du Lac	1,190 33	2,762 50	3,492 83
Forest		1,513 00	1,513 00
Gates	916 98	1,490 40	2,401 38
Grant	6,837 29	10,800 60	17,637 29
Green	983 70	1,455 00	2,438 70
Green Lake			
Iowa	2,313 14	3,941 30	6,254 44
Iron	1,016 27	3,660 00	4,676 27
Jackson	1,181 20	224 53	1,405 73
Jefferson	2,620 60	2,680 00	4,700 00
Juneau	3,599 69	1,719 14	5,318 83
Kenosha			
Kewaunee	516 00	5,929 00	6,445 00
La Crosse	231 50		231 50
Lafayette	2,591 35	910 36	3,501 71
Langlade	1,254 57	3,206 50	4,461 07
Lincoln	190 35		190 35
Manitowoc	589 00	328 75	908 75
Marathon	5,247 54	6,133 75	11,381 29
Marinette	1,484 92	2,831 83	4,316 75
Marquette	1,360 30		1,360 30
Milwaukee	5,791 80	420 00	6,211 80
Monroe	5,452 49		5,452 49
Oconto	4,466 97	3,170 00	7,636 97
Oneida	390 00	5,608 61	5,998 61
Outagamie	7,968 67	621 00	8,589 67
Ozaukee	1,525 00		1,525 00
Pepin	842 85	535 00	1,377 85
Pierce	1,233 82		1,233 82
Polk	2,873 35	384 00	3,257 35
Portage	469 91	12,400 00	12,569 91
Price	2,611 79	1,363 99	3,975 78
Racine	968 00		968 00
Richland	2,932 34		2,932 34
Rock	694 86		694 86
St. Croix	2,501 50	182 60	2,684 10
Sauk	1,767 75		1,767 75
Sawyer		5,875 00	5,875 00
Shawano	5,039 29	2,620 00	7,659 29
Sheboygan	2,095 79		2,095 79
Taylor	1,159 42	663 00	1,822 42
Trempealeau	3,811 75	8,541 39	12,353 14
Vernon	2,354 33		2,354 33
Vilas		11,960 00	11,960 00
Walworth	2,214 50		2,214 50
Washburn	1,187 64	4,253 75	5,441 39
Washington	18 80		18 80
Waukesha	151 20		151 20
Waupaca	3,010 72	12,355 08	15,365 80
Wausara	3,455 65	932 22	4,387 87
Winnebago	2,065 30	6,810 00	8,875 30
Wood	1,540 98	3,968 25	5,449 23
Total	\$148,794 90	\$242,008 15	\$390,803 05

TAXES COLLECTED IN THE COUNTIES AND ACCRUING BY LAW TO
THE STATE, COLLECTED 1903-1904.

Counties.	Suit tax.	Legacy tax.	Vessel tonnage tax.	Total.
Adams	\$28 00			\$28 00
Ashland	192 00		\$12 54	204 54
Barron	55 00			55 00
Bayfield	91 00		1 41	92 41
Brown	116 00		177 21	293 21
Buffalo	14 00			14 00
Burnett	7 00			7 00
Calumet	16 60	\$90 10		106 10
Chippewa	63 00	33 62		96 62
Clark	102 00			102 00
Columbia	63 00	438 92		506 92
Crawford	46 00			46 00
Dane	187 00	253 58		440 58
Dodge	42 00	135 38		177 38
Door	19 00		147 57	166 57
Douglas	118 00			118 00
Dunn	35 00			35 00
Eau Claire	116 00			116 00
Florence	19 00			19 00
Fond du Lac	56 00	93 28		149 28
Forest	20 00			20 00
Gates	34 00			34 00
Grant	95 00	66 86		161 86
Green	64 00	123 11		192 11
Green Lake	32 00	87 49		119 49
Iowa	44 00			44 00
Iron	36 00			36 00
Jackson	32 00			32 00
Jefferson	21 00	160 21		181 21
Juneau	64 00			64 00
Kenosha	36 00			36 00
Kewaunee	14 00		33	14 33
La Crosse	107 00			107 00
Lafayette	28 00			28 00
Langlade	93 00			93 00
Lincoln	82 00			82 00
Manitowoc	61 00		10 89	71 89
Marathon	107 00	26 01		133 01
Marinette	140 00		17 17	157 17
Marquette	21 00			21 00
Milwaukee	1,145 00		1,126 26	2,271 26
Monroe	61 00			61 00
Oconto	77 00			77 00
Oneida	61 00			61 00
Outagamie	133 00	31 52		164 52
Ozaukee	22 00		4 95	26 95
Pepin	11 00			11 00
Pierce	66 00			66 00
Polk	68 00	85 74		153 74
Portage	73 00			73 00
Price	52 00			52 00
Racine	96 00	504 94		600 94
Richland	65 00			65 00
Rock	195 00	6 24		201 24
St. Croix	58 00			58 00
Sauk	109 00	74 31		183 31
Sawyer	43 00			43 00
Shawano	61 00			61 00
Sheboygan	94 00	19 95	171 90	285 85
Taylor	41 00			41 00
Trempealeau	34 00			34 00
Vernon	61 00			61 00
Vilas	56 00			56 00
Walworth	79 00	403 91		482 91
Washburn	37 00			37 00
Washington	27 00	55 35		82 35
Waukesha	50 00	231 37		281 37
Waupaca	69 00			69 00
Waushara	48 00			48 00
Winnebago	74 00	1,292 88	1 65	1,468 53
Wood	22 00			22 00
Total	\$5,609 00	\$4,319 77	\$1,671 88	\$11,600 65

RECEIPTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1897-1904, INCLUSIVE.

Showing amount received from all sources for the support of state government and institutions and state aid to education, etc., during the last eight fiscal years.

SOURCE OF INCOME.	YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30TH.					Nine months end- ing June 30.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH.	
	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
Taxes:								
Tax for payment of interest on state debt.....	\$157,570 00	\$157,570 00	\$157,570 00	\$157,570 00	\$157,570 00	\$157,570 00	\$157,570 00	.....
Tax for support of the university.....	255,000 00	255,000 00	255,000 00	268,000 00	268,000 00	289,000 00	289,000 00	.....
Tax for support of the state normal schools.....	120,000 00	180,000 00	190,000 00	190,000 00	190,000 00	215,000 00	215,000 00	.....
Tax for state aid to free high schools.....	50,000 00	50,000 00	50,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	.....
Tax for state aid to graded schools.....						60,000 00	60,000 00	.....
Common school tax.....	599,429 38	600,570 62	600,000 00	625,000 00	630,018 02	1,436,284 00	1,502,425 51	1,029,332 50
Tax for manual training schools.....	2,500 00	2,500 00						
Special tax for fifth normal in school.....	10,000 00	10,000 00						
Special tax for state his. library building.....		60,000 00	60,000 00					
Special tax for general expenses, Ch. 148, L. 1897.....		180,000 00	180,000 00					
Additional special tax for general expenses, Sec. 1071, W. S.....		500,000 00						
Legacy tax.....				5,109 73	26,298 37	29,914 16		4,319 77
Vessel tonage tax.....					1,390 15	1,105 26	1,311 03	1,671 88
Suit tax.....	7,183 00	7,023 00	5,835 00	5,130 00	5,043 00	5,871 00	5,230 00	5,609 00
Total receipts from taxes.....	\$1,201,682 38	\$2,002,663 62	\$1,498,405 00	\$1,350,809 73	\$1,378,919 54	\$2,294,744 42	\$2,330,536 54	\$1,040,933 15
Special charges collected from counties for support of their inmates in charitable and penal institutions.....	\$171,368 09	\$182,207 70	\$216,628 37	\$231,653 94	\$239,224 20	\$250,500 52	\$193,151 52	\$252,828 05
Licenses:								
Steam railway companies.....	\$1,265,094 54	\$1,247,357 03	\$1,360,120 14	\$1,547,141 64	\$1,600,379 79	\$87,854 55	\$1,795,285 60	\$1,913,396 28
Palace and sleeping car companies.....	904 75	852 69	949 40	16,900 31	9,145 88		6,246 05	3,581 60
Freight line companies.....				1,150 99	973 40	1,222 08	990 68	1,997 66
Express companies.....				7,247 01	14,084 54		4,765 80	8,865 12
Telegraph companies.....	10,684 28	10,882 15	11,199 60	11,312 15	11,507 85	11,721 80	11,431 20	13,067 46
Telephone companies.....	10,777 14	15,477 59	17,314 74	21,426 73	25,224 32	31,770 45	37,414 24	44,398 22
Street railway and electric light companies.....	697 17	4,131 90	4,915 82	8,322 06	9,323 62	10,029 07	12,000 64	12,671 35
Loan and trust companies.....	2,272 80	2,604 10	2,317 01	2,261 50	2,487 89	2,357 43	2,426 52	3,640 43
Boom and improvement companies.....	1,329 63	1,769 92	1,886 10	1,292 72	1,578 50	779 45	558 71	305 01
Plank road companies.....	613 70	683 59	606 00	524 85	352 99	33 38	275 21	289 87
Insurance companies.....	128,955 68	145,420 72	312,078 79	386,947 62	384,080 46	419,222 15	450,807 35	506,788 25
Hawkers' and peddlers' licenses.....	12,499 90	11,220 61	8,735 86	10,900 45	14,412 93	14,684 58	17,107 10	15,165 17
Hunting licenses.....		1,140 25	15,664 58	30,259 56	41,051 88	55,389 86	79,726 23	84,720 84
Total receipts from licenses.....	\$1,433,829 59	\$1,441,540 55	\$1,735,788 04	\$2,045,687 59	\$2,114,603 55	\$1,405,064 80	\$2,419,035 33	\$2,608,427 26

<i>Interest on trust funds and fund income deposits, not including on loans to the state:</i>									
School fund and fund income deposits	\$89,521 88	\$82,473 19	\$78,747 68	\$82,458 13	\$100,554 62	\$62,915 89	\$69,517 66	\$70,529 81	
University fund and fund income deposits	5,132 15	3,782 59	3,464 74	3,871 09	8,247 18	3,343 65	7,373 88	8,422 73	
Agr. college fund and fund income deposits	8,008 00	8,950 27	7,520 34	8,197 54	18,037 19	9,097 98	8,526 27	9,757 51	
Nor. school fund and fund income deposits and incomes.....	69,793 60	71,448 56	59,938 37	52,394 34	66,690 91	43,009 68	50,149 71	53,926 04	
Total receipts from interest on trust funds	\$172,455 63	\$166,654 61	\$149,671 13	\$147,921 10	\$193,529 90	\$118,367 20	\$135,567 52	\$142,636 09	
<i>All Other Sources:</i>									
Charitable, penal and reformatory institutions, contract work and sales.....	\$79,916 32	\$92,702 44	\$83,427 75	\$83,812 76	\$85,824 40	\$77,926 40	\$101,964 80	\$112,383 04	
United States, by governor, veterans' home, Spanish war, etc	9,459 72	53,353 17	92,561 83	31,676 26	64,666 64	28,293 13	26,261 20	29,896 54	
Sec'y of state, incorporation and office fees	10,887 45	20,953 11	40,807 46	31,183 65	59,073 40	49,014 95	102,360 58	58,287 92	
Insurance commissioner, fees	38,232 87	94,858 55	75,865 25	44,277 85	50,340 18	48,281 40	51,029 25	58,258 80	
Bank examiner, fees and reports	5,660 00	6,511 00	5,494 96	6,715 00	6,655 00	5,070 00	7,858 59	5,816 70	
Sales of books, dictionaries, and condemned property	1,879 47	2,994 99	1,653 10	4,248 50	2,745 85	2,461 23	3,787 29	4,297 79	
Land office, land sales and fees	789 65	97,814 62	27,278 07	35,632 10	12,591 64	5,956 80	11,327 25	97,853 21	
Free library commission					2,010 18	1,893 00	3,005 33	893 80	
Patents, penalties, trespasses & advertising	3,415 39	1,898 60	654 51		471 10	638 80	3,582 04	909 02	
Oil inspection fees					4,541 98	23,519 22	30,255 53	30,517 27	
United States, appropriation for university and agricultural college	38,000 00	39,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	11,250 00	40,000 00	40,000 00	
University, tuitions and farm sales (a).....	95,033 41	70,081 69	87,649 04	106,575 75			63,805 00	183,973 10	
Normal schools, tuitions (b)	19,922 50	19,545 24	1,542 45	2,503 54			10,128 74	23,593 93	
Insurance and recovered fees, River Falls normal.....		44,870 13	2,032 84						
Miscellaneous	1,820 46	9,182 99	11,444 76	15,471 92	15,239 57	16,996 61	18,688 21	62,947 05	
United States, by governor, civil war claims							458,677 90		
Total from sundry sources.	\$305,077 24	\$553,796 53	\$470,412 02	\$402,397 33	\$344,159 94	\$270,831 54	\$932,731 67	\$709,657 63	
<i>Recapitulation:</i>									
Receipts from taxes.....	\$1,201,682 33	\$2,002,663 62	\$1,498,405 00	\$1,350,809 73	\$1,378,919 54	\$2,294,744 42	\$2,330,536 54	\$1,040,933 15	
Special charges collected from counties....	171,368 09	182,207 70	216,628 37	231,653 94	239,224 20	250,590 52	193,151 52	252,828 05	
Receipts from licenses	1,433,829 59	1,441,540 55	1,735,788 04	2,015,687 59	2,114,603 55	1,405,064 80	2,419,035 33	2,608,427 26	
Receipts from interest on trust funds and incomes.....	172,455 63	166,654 61	149,671 13	147,921 10	193,529 90	118,367 20	135,567 52	142,636 09	
Receipts from all other sources	305,077 24	553,796 53	470,412 02	402,397 33	344,159 94	270,831 54	932,731 67	709,657 63	
Grand total receipts from all sources.	\$3,284,412 93	\$4,346,863 01	\$4,070,904 56	\$4,178,469 69	\$4,270,437 13	\$4,339,598 48	\$6,011,022 53	\$4,754,482 18	

a This statement is incomplete for the years 1901, 1902 and 1903. During these years \$141,057.22, \$131,763.95, and \$105,084.00 respectively were received from this source but expended by the university regents without being placed in the income fund and therefore not recorded in the accounts of the secretary of state.

b This statement is incomplete except for the year 1904. Prior to the introduction of the central book keeping system the receipts from this source were largely expended upon orders of the regents and only the unexpended balances turned in to the income fund. These periodical returns are the only items appearing in the report of the secretary of state as received in this fund on account of tuitions, etc., prior to the inauguration of the present system in 1903, and constitute only an uncertain portion of the money actually received from this source and expended on account of these institutions.

RECEIPTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1897-1904, INCLUSIVE—BY FUNDS.

SOURCES OF INCOME.	YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30TH.					Nine months ending June 30.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH.	
	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
<i>Statement by funds, etc.</i> —Total receipts in the several funds and fund incomes, available for current use:								
General fund	\$2,324,572 01	\$2,971,140 72	\$2,746,453 89	\$2,768,209 74	\$2,904,091 98	\$2,197,140 16	\$3,653,554 78	\$3,227,631 18
Less transfers:—								
Loans from trust funds	340,000 00							
Erroneous collection of hunting licenses, etc.			14,235 63					
Balance transferred from oil insp. fund.					796 63	6,381 96	8,440 73	7,952 73
Net general fund receipts	\$1,984,572 01	\$2,971,140 72	\$2,732,218 26	\$2,768,209 74	\$2,903,295 35	\$2,190,758 20	\$3,654,114 05	\$3,219,678 45
School fund income ..	\$798,410 26	\$792,502 81	\$788,206 68	\$816,917 13	\$840,031 64	\$1,608,658 89	\$1,681,402 17	\$1,409,821 31
Less transfers from general fund	109,459 00	109,459 00	109,459 00	109,459 00	109,459 00	109,459 00	109,459 00	309,459 00
Net school fund income receipts	\$688,951 26	\$683,043 81	\$678,747 68	\$707,458 13	\$730,572 64	\$1,499,199 89	\$1,571,943 17	\$1,099,862 31
University and agr. coll. fund incomes	\$441,058 86	\$417,173 44	\$427,444 60	\$595,454 86	\$361,296 37	\$389,703 63	\$540,717 15	725,665 34
Less transfers from general fund	39,885 30	40,558 89	33,810 48	168,810 48	27,012 00	77,012 00	132,012 00	483,512 00
Net univ. & agr. coll. fund inc. rec'ts	\$401,173 56	\$376,614 55	\$393,634 12	\$426,644 38	\$334,284 37	\$312,691 63	\$408,705 15	\$242,153 34
Normal school fund income ..	\$246,815 10	\$352,962 93	\$287,579 82	\$339,689 69	\$318,586 30	\$320,312 29	\$318,377 45	\$350,618 97
Less transfers from general fund	37,099 00	37,099 00	36,099 00	93,791 81	61,895 39	62,302 61	43,099 00	273,099 00
Net normal sch'l fund income rec'ts	\$209,716 10	\$315,863 93	\$251,480 82	\$245,897 88	\$256,690 91	\$258,009 68	\$275,278 45	\$77,519 97
Hunting license fund			\$14,823 68	\$30,259 56	\$41,051 88	\$55,389 86	\$79,726 23	\$84,720 84
Oil inspection fund					4,541 98	23,549 22	30,255 53	30,547 27
Total receipts, all available funds and fund incomes	\$3,284,412 63	\$4,346,863 01	\$4,070,904 56	\$4,178,469 69	\$4,270,437 13	\$4,339,598 48	\$6,011,022 58	\$4,754,482 18

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1897 TO 1904, INCLUSIVE.

Showing disbursements for all purposes of maintaining state government and institutions and state aid to education, etc.

DEPARTMENTS. INSTITUTIONS, ETC.	YEAR ENDING, SEPTEMBER 30TH.					Nine month's end- ing, June 30.	YEAR ENDING, JUNE 30TH	
	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904
<i>Administrative, regular:</i>								
Executive department.....	\$14,767 59	\$17,410 05	\$18,847 65	\$15,781 51	\$15,667 06	\$10,292 83	\$18,577 40	\$15,3 51 59
State department.....	40,665 18	38,528 09	42,802 96	39,522 75	40,216 30	28,999 05	40,436 46	41,991 13
Treasury department.....	20,453 52	20,934 44	20,118 48	18,778 24	18,801 19	14,053 69	19,789 89	20,297 34
Attorney-General's department.....	10,737 72	13,753 22	12,237 86	12,420 56	11,992 37	9,225 95	12,322 67	12,775 31
State superintendent of public instruction.....	21,834 03	19,954 54	26,526 69	25,525 47	28,729 37	30,733 43	37,372 50	34,189 67
Railroad commissioner's department.....	11,868 24	11,701 65	18,341 55	7,129 74	-17,959 09	5,110 50	16,727 63	13,782 78
Insurance commissioner's department.....	14,369 12	22,370 90	21,535 52	21,245 06	17,648 56	14,879 17	18,743 80	23,193 98
Tax commissioner and board of assessment.....		5 78	6,313 12	17,675 35	17,814 88	14,477 06	23,104 96	45,842 17
Land office.....	30,188 11	23,152 46	34,257 25	12,189 67	14,040 92	12,672 31	44,572 98	10,431 10
Banking department.....	8,967 22	11,112 27	11,365 14	12,574 54	12,415 35	10,472 09	14,311 96	16,861 40
Bureau of labor and industrial statistics.....	9,568 48	7,289 93	12,002 92	10,149 63	11,484 52	6,938 96	11,937 85	13,010 37
Factory inspection.....	3,656 72	5,312 89	5,903 52	12,312 21	12,539 62	11,030 91	14,048 63	14,959 34
Free employment offices.....					947 43	1,978 26	2,803 72	2,440 17
Dairy and food commissioner's department.....	9,849 44	10,117 16	13,684 02	12,216 46	13,599 06	8,029 84	9,773 53	18,106 51
Board of control.....	21,032 32	19,822 32	24,093 86	24,084 77	23,141 62	15,442 13	21,177 11	19,859 32
State charitable and penal institutions.....	744,390 12	842,327 45	702,729 24	694,746 32	781,622 21	673,858 83	782,705 98	803,698 80
Support of insane in county asylums.....	348,115 94	365,130 56	390,779 58	375,860 62	441,886 56	404,435 32	348,145 12	458,331 78
Industrial school for girls.....	5,513 37		6,000 00	13,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00		24,367 33
Veterans home.....	78,074 26	69,270 96	95,652 72	93,989 40	112,015 43	67,832 83	90,057 24	100,371 94
Board of health.....	6,821 03	5,187 27	5,432 32	10,016 05	6,264 33	4,227 80	5,693 52	5,542 89
State veterinarian and live stock sanitary board.....	4,736 09	4,557 20	5,845 91	8,548 08	14,094 16	7,976 54	10,241 10	13,741 39
Commission of fisheries.....	27,240 59	20,178 37	26,344 10	31,180 69	24,117 52	17,265 21	28,262 43	26,622 35
Fish and game department, general fund.....	9,312 81	11,021 14	13,107 74	3,052 41	3,592 20	3,446 40	6,772 95	5,291 70
Deputy fish and game wardens, hunting license fund.....			125 00	37,762 56	33,695 47	47,074 76	85,081 78	85,599 03
Oil inspection department.....	30 02		104 41		3,865 52	17,308 40	22,017 28	22,870 13
Treasury agent.....	3,491 57	3,134 87	2,403 66	2,940 65	3,911 23	3,791 86	4,399 36	4,011 59
Superintendent of public property.....	89,307 91	82,858 17	90,875 52	87,112 38	74,895 62	55,882 16	87,025 53	99,025 92
Wisconsin national guard.....	109,292 45	72,573 85	122,200 78	120,957 11	122,451 36	67,225 30	131,732 05	135,497 11
Publishing public printing notice.....		690 40		692 53		54 55	662 21	88 29
Inspection of apertures.....	348 57	589 07	522 40	373 43	414 77	527 40	246 65	650 47
Prevention of San Jose scale.....				294 19	170 15	22 05	200 01	350 55
Bounty on wild animals.....	9,974 00	10,993 00	10,033 00	9,786 00	12,185 00	11,452 00	12,699 00	16,3 2 00
State forestry commission.....	5 54	226 79	65 39					1,601 61

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1897 TO 1901, INCLUSIVE.—Continued.

DEPARTMENTS, INSTITUTIONS, ETC.	YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30TH.					Nine month's end- ing, June 30.	YEAR ENDING, JUNE 30TH.	
	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904
<i>Administrative—Continued.</i>								
Board of immigration	\$1,811 03	\$5,332 00	\$2,583 18	\$5,207 71	\$1,757 56			
State agricultural society	6,123 73	3,216 84						
State board of agriculture			16,300 15	8,574 41	26,513 05	\$8,502 10	\$10,010 66	\$23,272 56
County agricultural societies	42,258 62	46,989 26	50,265 31	52,258 53	55,854 65	57,721 77	68,301 74	66,036 60
Northern Wisconsin state fair		2,821 77	2,914 30	2,813 41	2,806 60	3,619 96		3,726 13
LaCrosse inter-state fair						2,375 13		2,970 51
Statement of real estate sales	1,178 89	959 09	1,385 50	1,262 42	1,663 46	1,630 80	2,392 84	2,544 92
Inter-state park commission					4,389 47	3,930 10	510 75	463 90
Paper account—excess of purchase over dis- tribution	*10,234 86	*17,722 96			15,269 47		17,391 20	
Stationery account—excess of purchase over distribution	2,454 92			766 40			1,592 76	
Miscellaneous	254 50	27 080 00	36,797 37	12,939 60	2,652 29	1,465 57	11,780 87	3,686 11
Total	\$1,717,958 51	\$1,814,331 72	\$1,850,528 17	\$1,824,770 86	\$2,006,065 42	\$1,658,463 92	\$2,033,624 12	\$2,210,357 79
Less paper and stationery—excess of distri- butions over purchases		787 97	5,176 26	5,738 04	167 98	13,663 36		8,343 12
Total regular administrative expenditures	\$1,717,958 51	\$1,813,543 75	\$1,845,351 91	\$1,819,032 82	\$2,005,897 44	\$1,644,800 56	\$2,033,624 12	\$2,202,014 67
<i>Special appropriations—administrative:</i>								
Railroad investigation committee		1,114 60	862 36					
Prison labor committee		574 93	673 14					
Prison investigation		982 04						
Industrial school, buildings and investiga- tion	535 18	8 08	2,895 69					
Building, ch. 180, laws 1891						30,000 00		
Board of health, ch. 200, laws 1901						9,214 99		
Remodeling and refurnishing capitol	4,911 26	6,335 83			8,557 82	4,939 69		
Spanish-American war		119,427 50	19,627 75					
Chickamauga, etc., commission	765 19							
Chatanooga and Mission Ridge commission		3,870 20	165 10					
Vicksburg and Shiloh commissions						1,197 82	30 58	2,641 54
Wisconsin battleship commission		30 82	10,013 11					

*Reports of Commissioners of public printing for these years do not show the amount of paper used by each department and the amount purchased is charged here in total and the statements of the several departmental expenses are incomplete to the extent of the paper used for these years.

<i>Special appropriations—Continued.</i>									
Expert accountants, ch. 133, laws 1899.....			\$1,071 15	\$2,287 64					
Pan-American exposition.....				3,000 00	\$22,000 00				
St. Louis World's fair.....						\$1,000 00	\$2,000 00	\$50,000 00	
Collection of claims against U. S. govern- ment.....			771 13	1,007 54	4,626 40	2,322 19	3,689 35	4,298 26	
Drainage fund reimbursement.....						17,933 80			
Presidential electors.....	\$505 40					418 70			
Babcock medal.....						300 00			
Agricultural college, indebtedness.....	8,117 60								
Wisconsin semi-centennial celebration.....		\$2,493 00							
Legacy tax refunded.....								59,767 14	
Vessel tonnage tax refunded.....					1,555 12	667 17		727 14	787 82
Special appropriations, improvements, charitable and penal institutions*.....									17,000 00
City of New Richmond, loans, ch. 409, laws 1903.....								21,400 00	749 00
Portage levee commission.....								1,074 82	
Reimbursement of trust funds for losses.....								23,348 40	1,000 00
Capitol fire, repairs, excess of appropria- tion for repairs over insurance premiums paid.....									23,484 66
Ventilating and lighting plant, capitol.....								59,872 05	
Total special appropriations.....	\$14,834 63	\$184,836 50	\$36,080 43	\$6,385 18	\$37,458 04	\$67,304 66	\$171,909 48	\$99,961 28	
<i>Legislative expenses:</i>	205,897 68	4,524 78	207,681 38	7,769 23	205,736 28	26,780 56	172,239 42	41,625 95	
<i>Judiciary expenses:</i>									
Board of arbitration.....	1,695 92	1,578 27	950 00	826 78	959 33	416 68	366 32	926 52	
Supreme court.....	36,203 63	39,064 77	38,557 57	39,307 55	38,299 32	30,184 56	39,614 61	41,230 77	
State law library.....	6,122 50	7,157 93	7,448 47	8,716 09	6,633 63	6,074 86	7,403 06	8,385 03	
State bar examiners.....	1,156 44	1,322 98	1,524 59	1,872 52	1,987 53	1,721 27	2,967 09	3,407 16	
Circuit courts.....	76,861 91	74,679 45	76,366 87	79,524 70	82,081 33	63,231 64	84,031 66	86,465 00	
Total judiciary.....	\$122,040 40	\$123,803 46	\$124,747 50	\$130,247 64	\$129,961 14	\$101,629 01	\$134,649 74	\$140,414 48	
<i>Educational:</i>									
State historical society.....	13,512 37	14,561 41	14,371 56	15,863 17	25,006 44	22,566 10	31,762 55	32,852 34	
Free library commission.....	2,564 06	4,691 56	6,275 30	8,751 56	10,796 70	9,704 29	14,312 88	19,473 89	
Geological and natural history survey.....	1,594 96	6,219 26	9,505 43	18,041 39	11,342 54	2,718 37	12,781 12	11,837 14	
Deaf mute instruction, in cities.....		35,365 05	19,222 87	25,749 64	29,435 34		26,075 13	26,961 56	
Academy of sciences, arts and letters.....	10 05	1,540 34	616 41	539 65	1,173 95	275 65	719 07	1,020 80	
County training schools.....				2,500 00	3,347 35		5,544 30	11,787 98	
Free high schools.....	47,931 85	48,016 62	48,163 11	97,371 80	97,607 83	97,598 37	97,927 73	97,437 95	

* During the latter years covered by this statement a considerable amount of money had been expended for permanent improvements at the state institutions by the State Board of Control from their current expense fund and does not appear in this statement.

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1897 TO 1904, INCLUSIVE—Continued.

DEPARTMENTS, INSTITUTIONS, ETC.	YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30TH.					Nine months ending June 30,	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH.	
	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
<i>Educational:—Continued.</i>								
Manual training in high schools.....	\$1,250 00	\$2,750 00	\$500 00	\$3,500 00	\$250 00	\$2,000 00	\$1,750 00	\$2,000 00
Wisconsin dairymen's ass'n.....	1,000 00	2,618 56	2,782 35	2,520 43	3,000 00	2,727 34	5,748 44	4,611 83
Wisconsin firemen's ass'n.....	500 00	500 00	500 00	500 00	500 00	375 00	675 00	550 00
Wisconsin cranberry growers' ass'n.....	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00	250 00
State horticultural society.....	2,788 64	2,681 34	3,258 43	2,796 18	2,829 78	3,234 28	2,218 71	5,698 91
Wisconsin cheesemakers' ass'n.....			400 00	868 52		830 04	803 65	881 33
Wisconsin poultry ass'n.....								200 00
Wisconsin buttermakers' ass'n.....							500 00	500 00
Wisconsin agricultural experiment ass'n.....								1,008 45
County schools of agriculture.....								7,541 75
Common schools.....	806,138 42	670,955 64	779,577 47	801,804 12	822,614 34	1,641,741 82	1,686,093 70	1,402,028 87
University and agricultural college (a).....	450,173 56	422,882 95	431,959 20	466,476 97	366,598 58	342,876 61	484,065 49	776,308 17
State normal schools (b).....	239,919 80	343,997 93	290,295 80	291,029 69	298,750 11	295,312 29	182,229 91	327,457 45
Grade schools.....							50,800 00	56,236 05
Total educational.....	\$1,567,633 71	\$1,557,030 66	\$1,607,677 93	\$1,738,563 12	\$1,674,333 00	\$2,422,141 45	\$2,604,257 68	\$2,786,734 47
<i>Special appropriations for buildings for educational institutions:</i>								
University and agricultural college.....			2,700 31	135,000 00		50,000 00		
Normal schools.....	10,000 00	10,000 00		50,000 00	20,000 00	25,000 00		
Historical library building.....		60,000 00	60,000 00	150,000 00	150,000 00	100,000 00	100,000 00	
Total special appropriations for bldgs....	\$10,000 00	\$70,000 00	\$62,700 31	\$335,000 00	\$170,000 00	\$175,000 00	\$100,000 00	.....
<i>Recapitulation:</i>								
Administrative disbursements, regular.....	1,717,953 51	1,813,543 75	1,845,351 91	1,819,032 82	2,005,897 44	1,644,800 56	2,033,624 12	\$2,202,014 67
Special appropriations, administration.....	14,834 63	131,836 50	36,080 43	6,385 18	37,458 04	67,304 66	171,909 48	99,961 23
Legislative expenditures.....	205,897 68	4,524 78	207,781 38	7,769 23	205,736 28	26,780 56	172,239 42	41,625 95
Judiciary expenditures.....	122,040 40	123,203 46	124,747 50	130,247 64	129,961 14	101,629 01	134,649 74	140,414 48
Educational expenditures.....	1,567,633 71	1,557,030 66	1,607,677 93	1,738,563 12	1,674,333 00	2,422,141 46	2,604,257 68	2,786,734 47
Special, for educational buildings.....	10,000 00	70,000 00	62,700 31	335,000 00	170,000 00	175,000 00	100,000 00	.....
Grand total disbursements, all purposes	\$3,638,364 93	\$3,703,739 15	\$3,884,339 46	\$4,036,907 99	\$4,223,385 90	\$4,437,656 25	\$5,216,680 44	\$5,270,750 85

a See page note a. b See page, note b.

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1897 TO 1904, INCLUSIVE—BY FUNDS.

FUNDS AND FUND INCOMES.	YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30TH.					Nine month: ending June 30,	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30TH,	
	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.		1902.	1903.	1904.
<i>Disbursements</i> —Showing total net disbursements by funds:								
General fund.....	\$2,340,709 36	\$2,803,776 07	\$2,584,104 90	\$2,635,192 85	\$2,882,658 58	\$2,271,058 30	\$3,018,209 54	\$3,731,025 78
Less transfers; repayment of trust fund loans.....		310,000 00						
educational fund incomes.....	195,443 30	200,200 35	193,004 11	372,061 29	198,366 39	248,773 61	284,570 00	1,067 723 33
Net general fund disbursements.....	\$2,145,266 06	\$2,263,575 72	\$2,390,500 79	\$2,263,131 56	\$2,684,292 19	\$2,022,284 69	\$2,763,639 54	\$2,663,302 45
School fund income.....	805,224 91	670,027 06	778,689 25	800,959 32	821,770 22	1,641,113 72	1,684,809 19	1,400,751 72
University and agr. college fund incomes.....	441,058 86	417,173 44	427,444 60	595,454 86	361,296 37	389,703 63	479,195 59	771,053 36
Normal school fund incomes.....	246,815 10	352,962 93	287,579 82	339,689 69	318,586 30	320,312 29	182,178 54	327,449 75
Hunting license fund.....			125 00	37,762 56	33,095 47	47,074 66	85,081 78	85,599 03
Oil inspection fund.....					\$1,541 98	\$23,549 22	\$30,255 53	\$30,547 27
Less reversion to general fund.....					796 63	6,381 96	8,440 73	7,952 73
Net oil inspection disbursements.....					\$3,745 35	\$17,167 26	\$21,814 80	\$22,594 54
Grand total disbursements.....	\$3,638,364 93	\$3,703,739 15	\$3,884,339 46	\$4,036,997 99	\$4,223,385 90	\$4,437,656 25	\$5,216,680 44	\$5,270,750 85

SUMMARY OF STATE FINANCES.

RECEIPTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1895-1904 INCLUSIVE—BI-ENNIAL PERIODS.

Showing, by bi-ennial fiscal periods, amounts received from all sources for the support of state government and institutions, and for state aid to education, etc., during the last ten fiscal years.

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WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

SOURCES OF INCOME.	Bi-ennial period 1895 and 1896, 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1897 and 1898, 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1899 and 1900, 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1901 and 1902, 21 months.	Bi-ennial period 1903 and 1904, 24 months.
<i>Taxes:</i>					
Tax for payment of interest on state debt	\$315,140 00	\$315,140 00	\$315,140 00	\$315,140 00	\$157,570 00
Tax for support of the university	258,906 00	510,000 00	525,000 00	557,000 00	289,000 00
Tax for support of the state normal schools	222,694 00	300,000 00	380,000 00	405,000 00	215,000 00
Tax for state aid to free high schools	100,000 00	100,000 00	150,000 00	200,000 00	100,000 00
Tax for state aid to graded schools .....	.....	.....	60,000 00	60,000 00	60,000 00
Common school tax	603,473 00	1,200,000 00	1,225,000 00	2,066,302 02	2,531,758 01
Tax for manual training in schools	2,500 00	5,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Special tax for fifth normal school	10,000 00	20,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Special tax for state historical library building .....	.....	60,000 00	60,000 00	.....	.....
Special tax for general expenses, ch 148 laws 1897 .....	.....	180,000 00	180,000 00	.....	.....
Additional special tax for general expenses under sec. 1071, W. S. ....	.....	500,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Legacy tax .....	.....	.....	5,109 73	56,212 53	4,319 77
Vessel tonnage tax .....	.....	.....	.....	2,495 41	2,982 91
Suit tax	15,134 00	14,206 00	10,965 00	11,514 00	10,839 00
Total receipts from taxes	\$1,527,847 00	\$3,204,346 00	\$2,849,214 73	\$3,673,663 96	\$3,371,469 69
Special charges collected from counties for support of their inmates in charitable and penal institutions	\$437,154 84	\$353,575 79	\$448,282 31	\$480,814 72	\$445,979 57
<i>Licenses:</i>					
Steam railway companies	\$2,348,516 14	\$2,512,451 57	\$2,907,261 78	\$2,458,234 34	\$3,708,681 88
Palace and sleeping car companies	2,534 94	1,757 44	17,849 71	9,145 88	9,827 65
Freight line companies .....	.....	.....	1,150 99	2,195 48	2,988 34
Express companies .....	.....	.....	7,247 01	14,084 54	13,630 92
Telegraph companies	20,817 01	21,566 43	22,511 75	23,229 15	21,498 66
Telephone companies	19,583 63	26,254 73	33,741 47	56,994 77	81,812 46
Street railway and electric light companies	746 73	4,829 07	13,237 88	19,352 69	24,671 99
Loan and trust companies	4,872 26	4,876 90	4,578 51	4,845 32	5,516 95
Boom and improvement companies	3,556 09	3,099 55	3,173 82	2,357 95	953 72
Plank road companies .....	.....	1,297 29	1,130 85	386 37	565 08
Insurance companies	265,079 73	274,376 40	699,026 41	803,302 61	957,596 60
Hawkers' and peddlers' licenses	35,658 26	23,720 51	19,636 31	29,097 51	32,272 27
Hunting licenses .....	.....	1,140 25	45,924 14	96,441 74	164,447 07
Total receipts from licenses	\$2,701,394 79	\$2,875,370 14	\$3,781,475 63	\$3,519,668 35	\$5,027,462 59

Interest on trust funds and fund income:

Deposits, not including on loans to the state:

School fund and fund income deposits	\$185,364 76	\$171,995 07	\$161,205 81	\$163,470 51	\$140,047 47
University fund and fund income deposits	14,010 84	8,914 74	7,335 83	11,590 83	15,796 61
Agricultural college fund and fund income deposits.....	23,275 77	16,958 27	15,717 88	27,135 17	18,283 78
Normal school fund and fund income deposits	127,973 66	141,242 16	113,332 71	109,700 59	104,075 75
Total receipts from interest on trust funds and incomes.....	\$350,625 03	\$339,110 24	\$297,592 23	\$311,897 10	\$278,203 61
<i>All other sources:</i>					
Charitable, penal and reformatory institutions, contract work and sales..	\$114,606 81	\$172,618 76	\$167,240 51	\$163,750 80	\$214,347 84
United States, by governor, veterans' home, Spanish war, etc	41,514 79	62,812 89	124,238 09	92,959 77	56,157 70
Secretary of state, incorporation and office fees.....	21,174 19	31,840 56	71,991 11	108,088 35	160,648 50
Insurance commissioner, fees	55,719 54	133,151 42	120,143 10	96,621 58	109,287 55
Bank examiner, fees and reports.....	7,791 03	12,201 00	12,209 96	11,725 00	13,675 25
Sales of books, dictionaries and condemned property.....	4,249 42	4,874 46	5,901 60	5,207 08	8,085 08
Land office, land sales and fees	2,254 75	98,604 27	63,210 17	18,518 44	109,180 46
Free library commission.....				3,403 18	3,899 13
Patents, penalties, trespasses and advertising	4,590 33	5,313 99	654 51	1,109 90	4,491 06
Oil inspection fees				28,091 20	60,802 80
United States, appropriation for university and agricultural college.....	73,000 00	77,000 00	80,000 00	51,250 00	80,000 00
University, tuitions and farm sales (a).....	122,119 10	165,115 10	194,224 79		247,778 10
Normal schools, tuitions (b)	33,055 54	39,467 74	4,045 99		33,722 67
Insurance and recovered fees River Falls normal		44,870 13	2,032 84		
Miscellaneous	63,960 65	11,003 45	26,916 68	32,236 18	81,635 26
United States, by governor, civil war claims					458,677 90
Total from sundry sources.....	\$544,033 15	\$858,873 77	\$872,809 35	\$614,991 48	\$1,642,389 80
<i>Recapitulation:</i>					
Receipts from taxes.....	\$1,527,847 00	\$3,204,346 00	\$2,849,214 73	\$3,673,663 96	\$3,371,469 69
Special charges collected from counties	437,154 84	353,575 79	448,282 31	489,814 72	445,979 57
Receipts from licenses.....	2,701,394 79	2,875,370 14	3,781,473 63	3,519,668 35	5,027,462 59
Receipts from interest on trust funds and income deposits.....	350,625 03	339,110 24	297,592 23	311,897 10	278,203 61
Receipts from all other sources.....	544,033 15	858,873 77	872,809 35	614,991 48	1,642,389 80
Grand total receipts from all sources	\$5,561,034 81	\$7,681,275 94	\$8,249,374 25	\$8,610,035 61	\$10,765,589 76

a—See page —, note a. b—See page —, note b.

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1895-1904 INCLUSIVE—BI-ENNIAL PERIODS.

Showing by bi-ennial fiscal periods, the disbursements in the state of Wisconsin for all purposes of maintaining state government and institutions and state aid to education, etc.

DEPARTMENTS. INSTITUTIONS, ETC.	Bi-ennial period 1895-1896 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1897-1898 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1899-1900 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1901-1902 21 months.	Bi-ennial period 1903-1904 24 months.
<i>Administrative, regular:</i>					
Executive department.....	\$27,591 47	\$32,177 64	\$31,629 16	\$25,959 89	\$33,928 59
State department.....	77,961 02	79,193 27	82,325 71	69,215 35	82,427 59
Treasury department.....	38,428 05	41,387 96	38,896 72	32,834 88	40,097 23
Attorney general's department.....	15,084 02	24,490 94	24,658 42	21,218 32	25,097 98
State superintendent of public instructions.....	41,147 86	41,788 57	52,032 16	59,462 80	71,562 17
Railroad commissioner's department.....	15,244 09	23,569 89	25,471 30	23,069 59	30,510 41
Insurance commissioner's department.....	24,909 52	36,740 02	42,780 58	32,527 73	41,937 78
Tax commissioner and board of assessment.....	.....	5 78	23,988 47	32,291 94	68,947 13
Land office.....	48,756 08	53,340 57	55,446 92	26,713 23	55,004 08
Banking department.....	14,090 79	20,079 49	23,939 08	22,887 44	31,173 36
Bureau of labor and industrial statist.cs.....	13,717 91	16,858 41	22,152 55	18,423 48	24,948 22
Factory inspection.....	6,839 92	8,969 61	18,245 74	23,570 53	29,007 97
Free employment offices.....	.....	.....	.....	2,925 69	5,243 89
Dairy and food commission.....	21,385 88	19,966 60	25,900 48	21,628 90	27,880 04
Board of control.....	42,304 62	40,854 64	48,478 63	38,583 75	41,036 43
State charitable and penal institutions.....	1,108,971 64	1,586,717 57	1,397,475 56	1,455,481 04	1,588,404 78
Support of insane in county asylums.....	617,616 44	713,246 50	766,640 20	846,321 88	806,476 90
Industrial school for girls.....	33,600 00	5,543 37	19,000 00	6,000 00	24,367 33
Veterans' home.....	133,427 34	147,345 22	189,642 12	179,848 26	190,429 18
Board of health.....	10,895 08	12,008 30	15,448 37	10,492 13	11,236 41
State veterinarian and live stock sanitary board.....	11,845 11	9,293 29	14,393 99	22,070 70	23,982 49
Commission of fisheries.....	39,234 83	47,418 96	57,524 79	41,382 73	54,884 78
Fish and game department, general fund.....	10,929 37	20,333 95	16,160 15	7,038 60	12,064 65
Deputy fish and game wardens, hunting license fund.....	.....	.....	37,887 56	80,770 13	170,680 81
Oil inspection department.....	84 90	30 02	104 41	21,173 92	44,887 41
Treasury agent.....	11,209 39	6,626 44	5,341 31	7,703 09	8,410 95
Superintendent of public property.....	156,757 31	172,166 08	177,987 90	130,277 78	186,651 45
Wisconsin national guard.....	233,101 68	181,866 30	243,157 89	189,636 06	267,229 16
Publishing public printing notice.....	.....	690 40	692 53	54 55	750 50
Inspection of apiaries.....	.....	937 64	895 83	942 17	897 12
Prevention of San Jose scale.....	.....	.....	294 19	192 20	550 56
Bounty on wild animals.....	20,978 00	20,972 00	19,819 00	23,637 00	29,001 00
State forestry commission.....	.....	232 33	65 39	.....	1,601 61
Board of Immigration.....	6,597 47	7,143 03	7,790 89	1,737 56	.....

State agricultural society.....	\$19,166 02	\$8,340 57	\$21,874 56	\$35,015 15	\$33,283 22
State board of agriculture.....					
County agricultural societies.....	71,857 01	89,247 88	102,523 87	113,576 42	134,338 34
Northern Wisconsin state fair.....		2,821 77	5,757 71	6,426 56	3,726 13
La Crosse inter-state fair.....				2,376 13	2,970 51
Statement of real estate sales.....	2,633 37	2,137 88	2,647 92	3,294 26	4,937 76
Inter-state park commission.....				8,319 57	974 65
Paper and stationery acct.—excess of purchase over distribution.....	\$17,506 06	\$29,624 77		1,438 13	10,640 84
Miscellaneous.....	20,766 27	27,334 50	49,736 97	4,117 86	15,466 98
Total.....	\$2,910,628 52	\$3,531,502 26	\$3,674,532 63	\$3,650,698 00	\$4,235,638 79
Less paper and stationery—excess distribution over purchase.....	37 68		10,147 90		
Total regular administrative expenditures.....	\$2,910,590 84	\$3,531,502 26	\$3,664,384 73	\$3,650,698 00	\$4,235,638 79
<i>Special appropriations, administrative:</i>					
Railway license fees refunded St. C., G. & A. Ry.....	917 35				
State census of 1895.....	101,126 74				
Ex-state treasurer's suits.....	9,424 59				
Compiling war records.....	742 92				
State aid to fire sufferers.....	9,930 06				
Pere Marquette statute, ch. 544, laws 1837.....	8,000 00				
Railroad investigation commission.....		1,114 60	862 36		
Prison labor commission.....		574 93	673 14		
Prison investigation.....		982 04			
Industrial school, buildings and investigation.....		543 26	2,895 69		
Building, ch. 180, laws 1891.....				30,000 00	
Board of health, ch. 200, laws 1901.....				9,214 99	
Remodeling and furnishing capitol.....		11,247 09		13,497 51	
Spanish-American war.....		119,427 50	19,627 75		
Chickamaugua, etc., commission.....	16,131 22	765 19			
Chatanooga and Mission Ridge commission.....		3,870 20	166 10		
Vicksburg and Shiloh commission.....				1,197 82	2,672 12
Wisconsin battleship commission.....		30 32	10,013 11		
Expert accountants, ch. 133, laws 1899.....			3,358 79		
Fan-American exposition.....			3,000 00	22,000 00	
St. Louis world's fair.....				1,000 00	52,000 00
Collection of claims against United States.....			1,868 67	6,948 59	7,987 61
Drainage fund reimbursement.....				17,933 80	
Presidential electors.....		505 40		418 70	
Babcock medal.....				300 00	
Agricultural society indebtedness.....		8,117 60			
Wisconsin semi-centennial celebration.....		2,493 00			
Legacy tax refunded.....					59,767 14
Vessel tonnage tax refunded.....				2,251 29	1,514 96

* Reports of commissioners of public printing for these years do not show the amount of paper used by each department and the amount purchased is charged herein total and the statements of the several departmental expenses are incomplete to the extent of the paper used for these years.

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, 1895-1904, INCLUSIVE—BIENNIAL PERIODS—Continued.

DEPARTMENTS, INSTITUTIONS, ETC.	Bi-ennial period 1895-1896, 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1897-1898, 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1899-1900, 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1901-1902, 24 months.	Bi-ennial period 1903-1904, 24 months.
<i>Special appropriations—Continued.</i>					
Special appropriations, improvements charitable and penal institutions*	\$15,419 20				\$17,000 00
City of New Richmond, loans, ch. 409, laws 1903.....					22,149 00
Portage levee commission.....					1,074 82
Reimbursement of trust fund losses.....					24,348 40
Capitol fire, excess of appropriations for repairs over insurance premiums paid.....					23,484 66
Ventilating and lighting plant, capitol.....					59,872 05
Total special appropriations, administrative.....	\$161,742 03	\$149,671 13	\$42,465 61	\$104,762 78	\$271,870 76
<i>Legislative expenses.....</i>	219,382 90	210,422 46	215,550 61	232,516 84	213,865 37
<i>Judiciary expenses:</i>					
Board of arbitration.....	1,017 37	3,274 19	1,776 78	1,376 01	1,559 84
Supreme court.....	74,087 34	75,268 40	77,865 12	68,483 88	80,845 38
State law library.....	9,732 94	13,280 49	16,134 56	12,708 49	15,788 09
State bar examiners.....	1,532 20	2,479 42	3,397 11	3,708 80	6,374 25
Circuit courts.....	154,872 37	151,541 36	155,821 57	145,312 97	170,496 66
Total judiciary.....	\$241,262 22	\$245,843 86	\$254,995 14	\$231,590 15	\$275,064 22
<i>Educational:</i>					
State historical society.....	\$28,467 33	\$28,073 78	\$30,234 73	\$47,572 54	\$64,614 89
Free library commission.....	611 14	7,255 62	15,026 86	20,500 99	33,786 77
Geological and natural history survey.....		7,814 22	27,546 82	14,060 91	24,618 28
Deaf mute instruction in cities.....	22,816 74	35,365 05	44,972 51	29,435 34	53,036 69
Academy of sciences, arts and letters.....	1,585 12	1,550 39	1,156 06	1,449 60	1,739 87
County training schools.....			2,500 00	3,347 35	17,332 28
Free high schools.....	95,490 38	95,948 47	145,534 91	195,206 20	195,865 68
Manual training in high schools.....		4,000 00	4,000 00	2,250 00	3,750 00
Wisconsin dairymen's ass'n.....	6,329 08	3,618 56	5,302 78	5,727 34	10,350 27
Wisconsin Firemen's ass'n.....	1,400 00	1,000 00	1,000 00	875 00	1,225 00
Wisconsin cranberry growers' ass'n.....	500 00	500 00	500 00	500 00	500 00

*During the latter years covered by this statement a considerable amount of money has been expended for permanent improvements at the state institutions by the State Board of Control from their current expense fund, and does not appear in this statement.

State horticultural society	\$6,277 01	\$5,469 98	\$6,051 61	\$6,064 06	\$7,917 62
Wisconsin cheesemakers' ass'n			1,268 52	1,591 38	1,684 98
Wisconsin poultry ass'n					200 00
Wisconsin buttermakers' ass'n					1,000 00
Wisconsin agricultural experiment ass'n					1,008 45
County schools of agriculture					7,541 75
Common schools	1,600,987 55	1,477,094 06	1,581,381 59	2,464,356 16	3,088,122 57
University and agricultural college (a)	716,407 75	873,056 51	898,436 17	709,475 19	1,260,463 66
State normal schools (b)	393,433 68	583,917 73	581,325 49	594,062 40	509,687 36
Graded schools					107,036 05
Total educational	\$2,874,345 78	\$3,124,664 37	\$3,316,241 05	\$4,096,474 46	\$5,390,992 15
Special appropriations for building for educational institutions:					
University and agricultural college			137,700 31	50,000 00	
Normal schools	72,500 00	20,000 00	50,000 00	45,000 00	
Historical library building		60,000 00	210,000 00	250,000 00	100,000 00
Total special for educational buildings	\$72,500 00	\$80,000 00	\$397,700 31	\$345,000 00	\$100,000 00
Recapitulation:					
Administrative, disbursements, regular	\$2,910,590 84	\$3,531,502 26	\$3,664,384 73	\$3,650,698 00	\$4,235,628 79
Special appropriations, administrative	161,742 08	149,671 13	42,465 61	104,762 70	271,870 76
Legislative expenditures	219,382 90	210,422 46	215,550 61	232,516 84	213,865 37
Judiciary expenditures	241,262 22	245,843 86	254,995 14	231,590 15	275,064 22
Educational expenditures, regular	2,874,345 78	3,124,664 37	3,346,241 05	4,096,474 46	5,390,992 15
Special for educational buildings	72,500 00	80,000 00	397,700 31	345,000 00	100,000 00
Grand total disbursements for all purposes	\$6,479,823 82	\$7,342,104 08	\$7,921,337 45	\$8,661,042 15	\$10,487,431 29

a See page, note a. b See page, note b.

THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

The following list of newspapers and periodicals published in Wisconsin has been carefully revised according to the best information obtainable up to January 1, 1905. The language in which the papers are published is English when no other statement is given. The abbreviations used are as follows: Rep., Republican; Dem., Democrat; Pro., Prohibitionist; Peo., Peoples; Ind., Independent; Rel., Religious; Ed., Educational; Agr., Agricultural; T., Temperance; M., Musical; Med., Medical; Frat., Fraternal; Lit., Literary; Soc., Socialistic; Ju., Juvenile; Com., Commercial; D., Daily; S. W., Semi-weekly; M., Monthly; S. M., Semi-monthly; Q., Quarterly; G., German; N., Norwegian; P., Polish; Sw., Swedish; H., Hollandish; B., Bohemian; Sk., Scandinavian; D., Danish.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
ADAMS—					
Friendship....	Adams County Press	S. W. Pierce Est.	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Friendship....	Adams Co. Reporter.	P. G. Collipp	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
ASHLAND—					
Ashland.....	Ashland Herald (G).	G. M. Hotschick.	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Ashland.....	Ashland News	J. C. Williams...	Dem ..	D & W.	W. Wed.
Ashland.....	Ashland Posten (Sw)	Swedish Pub. Co.	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Ashland.....	Ashland Press	J. M. Chapple & Co	Rep ..	D & W.	W. Sat.
Ashland.....	Chequamegon Critic	J. S. Duket.....	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Butternut.....	Butternut Eagle.....	F. C. Friedrichs..	Dem ..	W.	Saturday.
Glidden	Der Berichterstatler	(G)			
Mellen	Mellen Weekly	Herman Roethig.	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
		H. E. Veeder	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
BARRON—					
Barron.....	Barron Co. Shield...	Thomas Davery.	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Barron.....	Weekly News	N. S. Gordon.....	Ind ..	W.	Saturday.
Cameron.....	Cameron Review	E. V. Nevins.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Chetek.....	Chetek Alert.....	L. P. Charies....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Cumberland..	Cumberland Advocate	T. O. Mason.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Dallas.....	Dallas Rep.....	H. Erickson.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Rice Lake....	Rice Lake Chrono-				
	type	E. N. Bowers.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Rice Lake....	Rice Lake Leader....	G. C. Elwood.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Rice Lake....	Rice Lake Times....	C. F. Fone.....	Dem ..	W.	Thursday.
Turtle Lake..	Turtle Lake Bugle ..	A. H. Neusse....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
BAYFIELD—					
Bayfield....	Bayfield Co. Press..	Currie G. Bell ...	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Iron River....	The Iron River Pioneer				
	.....	Peter J. Savage..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Washburn....	News and Itemizer ..	News Pub. Co	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Washburn....	The Washburn Times	J. E. Jones.....	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
BROWN—					
De Pere.....	Brown Co. Democrat	Heyrman & Kuy-	Dem ..	W.	Friday.
		pers	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
De Pere.....	De Pere News	P. L. Hallino.....	Dem ..	W.	Wednesday.
De Pere.....	Onze Standard (H)..	E. Van de Caste'le	Dem ..	W.	Wednesday.
De Pere.....	De Volkstem (H)....	Heyrman & Kuy-	Rel... W.	Wednesday.	
		pers	Ind... W.	Thursday.	
De Pere.....	The Standard	E. Van de Caste'le			
Green Bay....	Green Bay Advocate				
	Co.		Dem ..	D & W.	W. Tue.
Green Bay....	Green Bay Gazette ..	Gazette Pub. Co.	Rep ..	D&S-W	Wed. & Sat.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication day.
BROWN— Green Bay Green Bay	Der Landsman (G).. Green Bay Review ..	Lehman & Miles. James Kerr & Son	Ind .. Rep ..	W. W.	Wednesday. Wednesday.
BUFFALO— Alma Cochrane	Buffalo Co. Journal. Landsmann (G).....	E. F. Gans..... Leifi & Guettin- ger	Rep .. Ind...	W. W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Fountain City	Buffalo Co. Republi- canner & Alma Blatetter (G)	Emil Wittzack .. W. H. Smith.....	Dem.. Rep..	S-W. W.	Tuesday & Thursday. Friday.
Mondovi .. Mondovi	Mondovi Herald..... Buffalo Co. News....	H. H. Scott	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
BURNETT— Grantsburg ... Grantsburg. . .	Sentinel..... The Journal.....	Ahlstrom & Myr- land..... F. R. Huth.....	Rep .. Rep..	W. W.	Thursday. Friday.
CALUMET— Brillion	Brillion News.	Otto Zander	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Chilton	Chilton Times	Wm. A. Hume ..	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Chilton	Wis. Demokrat (G)..	Jos. Grassold....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
CHIPPEWA— Auburn	Auburn Times	H. G. Goddard..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Bloomer	Bloomer Advance ..	F. E. Andrews ..	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Bloomer	Bloomer Advocate ..	W. N. Priddy ...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Boyd	Boyd Times-Herald .	Geo. W. Deuel... W. R. Monroe...	Ind.. Rep..	W. W.	Thursday. Friday.
Cadott	Cadott Blade.....	Catholic Sentinel Pub. Co.....	Ind...	W. D.	Wednesday.
Chippewa F'ls	Chippewa Herald ...	Herald Print'g Co Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.....	Dem..	W.	Monday.
Chippewa F'ls	Chippewa Times	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.....	Dem..	D.	
Chippewa F'ls	Daily Independent ..	Herald Ptg. Co.. W. H. Bridgman	Rep.. Rep..	W. W.	Friday. Saturday.
Chippewa F'ls	Weekly Herald.....				
Stanley	Stanley Republican.				
CLARK— Abbotsford ... Colby	The Weekly Clarion. Colby Phonograph..	Fred A. Pier Joel Shafer	Rep.. Dem..	W. W.	Friday. Thursday.
Dorchester ..	The Herrold	B. J. Fuller.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Granton.....	Granton News.....	F. J. Baer.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Greenwood ...	Greenwood	J. E. Noyes.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Humbird	Enterprise	Howell & Bennet	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Loyal	Loyal Tribune.....	J. E. Noyes.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Neillsville ..	Badger Workman ..	C. Rabenstein...	Frat..	M.	
Neillsville ..	Deutsch Amerikaner (G)	Carl Rabenstein.	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Neillsville ..	Neillsville Times ..	L. B. Ring	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Neillsville ..	Republican & Press .	Crothers & Tift..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Thorp	Thorp Courier.....	Wm. Wagner	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Withee	Sentinel.....	J. A. Barager ..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
COLUMBIA— Cambria	Cambria News.....	J. F. Streeter ...	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Columbus ..	Columbus Democrat	S. T. Davies	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Columbus ..	Columbus Republic'n	J. R. Decker	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Kilbourn	The Dells Reporter..	H. L. Booher	Ind ..	W.	Thursday.
Kilbourn	The Mirror Gazette..	E. J. Wheeler	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Lodi	Lodi Enterprise.....	C. L. Coward	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Pardeeville ..	Pardeeville Times..	Davis & Thomp- son	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Portage	Columbia Co. Week- er (G).....	Mrs. G.A.Selbach	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Portage	Portage Daily Regis- ter.....	Maurice Goodm'n	Rep..	D.	
Portage	Portage Democrat..	J. E. Jones.....	Rep..	D & W.	W. Friday.
Portage	Wis Rundschau (G) .	Frank Heidt.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.

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Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
COLUMBIA—					
Continued.					
Portage.....	Wis. State Register..	Maurice Goodman	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Poynette.....	Poynette Press	G. L. Swartz	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Rio.....	Columbia County Reporter.....	John H. Bath....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Rio.....	Badger Blade.....	Lemuel H. Doyle	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
CRAWFORD—					
Pra. du Chien.	Fra. du Chien Union.	Messer Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Pra. du Chien.	The Courier	Wm. D. Merrel...	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Pra. du Chien.	Pearl City Record...	Record Pub. Co...	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Pra. du Chien.	The Press.....	Martin & Beach..	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Soldiers Grove.	The Journal.....	W. Blake.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Wauzeka.....	The Kickapoo Chief.	J. O'Neil.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
DANE—					
Belleville.....	Recorder.....	Williams & Son..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Cambridge.....	Cambridge News	Patterson & Banks	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Deerfield.....	The News.....	Nels Holman.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
De Forest.....	De Forest Times.....	Times Pub. Co....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Madison.....	Amer-ka (N).....	R. B. Anderson..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Madison.....	Am. Thresherman	B. B. Clark.....	Trade	M.	
Madison.....	Botschafter (G)	F. C. Blied & Co.	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Madison.....	Cardinal.....	Students.....	Ind...	D.	
Madison.....	Democrat.....	Democrat Ptg. Co.	Ind.	D. S-W.	Wed. & Sat.
Madison.....	Madisonian.....	Sommers & Reynolds.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Madison.....	Monona Lake Ass'm.	J. E. Moseley.....	Rel..	Q.	
Madison.....	Northwestern Mail..	H. A. Miner.....	Pro..	M.	Thursday.
Madison.....	Sendbote (G).....	Ev. Luth. Synod..	Rel...	M.	
Madison.....	Sphinx.....	U. W. Students..	Lit...	Bi-W.	Saturday.
Madison.....	State Journal.....	State Journal Ptg. Co.....	Rep...	D & W.	W. Friday.
Madison.....	The Arrow.....	Students.....	Lit...	Q.	
Madison.....	The Motor.....	W. C. T. U.....	Tomp.	M.	
Madison.....	The State.....	State Pub. Co....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Madison.....	Wisconsin Engineer.	Students.....	Lit...	Q.	
Madison.....	Wisconsin Farmer..	Wis. Farmer Co..	Agr...	W.	Friday.
Madison.....	Wisconsin Lit. Mag.	U. W. Students..	Lit...	M.	Friday.
Madison.....	Wisconsin Staats-Zeitung (G).....	Staats-Zeit'ng Co.	Dem..	W.	Wednesday
Madison.....	Wis. Alumni Mag... Record	U. W. Alu. Ass'n.	Ed...	M.	
Marshall.....	Record.....	Chas. W. Lake...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Mazomanie.....	Sickle.....	H. L. Swan.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Middleton.....	Times-Herald.....	Thos. A. Everill..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Mt. Horeb.....	Mt. Horeb Times	Times Ptg. Co....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Oregon.....	Observer.....	H. D. Hanson....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Stoughton.....	Amer. Scandinavian.	Am. Scan. Pub. Co	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Stoughton.....	Courier.....	J. M. Hibbard...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Stoughton.....	Hub.....	C. S. Cross.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Sun Prairie... ..	Countryman.....	W. R. Dunphy...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
DODGE—					
Beaver Dam ..	Argus.....	B. F. Sherman & Son.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Beaver Dam ..	Dodge Co. Citizen...	Thos. Hughes...	Rep..	W.	Wednesday
Beaver Dam ..	Dodge Co. Farmer..	E. E. Parker.....	Ed...	M.	
Peaer Dam ..	Greetings	Wayland Fac'ty..	Ind...	Q.	
Fox Lake.....	Representative	D. J. Hotchkiss..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Horicon.....	Reporter.....	A. A. Washburn..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Juneau.....	Independent.....	Clifford Bros....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Juneau.....	Telephone.....	John Kelley.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Mayville	Dodge Co. Banner(G)	E. Schwartz Ptg. Co.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Mayville.....	Dodge Co. Pioneer (G)	Jacob Mueller...	Ind...	S-W.	Tues. & Fri.
Mayville.....	Mayville News.....	Henry Spiering..	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Neosho.....	Neosho Standard..	Neosho Stand. Co	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Randolph.....	Advance.....	T. A. Commings..	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Reeseville.....	Reeseville Review..	J. F. Hughes.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Waupun.....	Waupun Democrat..	Powell & Sanborn	Dem..	W.	Saturday.

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DOOR— Sturgeon Bay. Sturgeon Bay.	The Advocate.....	Frank Long.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
	Door Co. Democrat..	J. J. Pinney.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
DOUGLAS— Lake Nebagamon.....	Nebagamon Enterprise.....	Carr & Hand.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Superior.....	The Clarion Citizen..	J. S. Konkel.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Superior.....	The Even'g Telegram	Telegram Pub.Co	Rep..	D.	
Superior.....	Superior Tidende (N)	John L. Erickson	Rep..	W.	Friday.
So. Superior..	South Superior Sun.	R. E. Kenyon....	Pro..	W.	Saturday.
Superior.....	Superior Times.....	C. L. Day.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
West Superior	Svenska Trib'ne (Sw)	Swedish Pub. & Printing Co....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
West Superior	Northwestern Herald (Sw).....	N. L. Bendz.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
DUNN— Colfax.....	Colfax Messenger....	A. C. Chase.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Knapp.....	Knapp News.....	R. A. Axtell.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Menomonie....	Dunn Co. News.....	Flint & Morgan...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Menomonie...	Menomonie Times...	Times Print'g Co	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
EAU CLAIRE— Augusta.....	Augusta Eagle.....	Wilson & Masters	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Augusta.....	Augusta Times.....	Clark.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Eau Claire....	Der Herold (G)....	J. J. Auer.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Eau Claire....	Eau Claire Leader..	The Leader Co..	Rep..	D & W.	
Eau Claire....	Reform (N).....	Fremad Pub. Co.	Pro..	W.	W. Tuesday.
Eau Claire....	The Telegram.....	Telegram Pub Co	Rep..	D & W.	
Fairchild....	Fairchild Observer..	C. C. Nettesheim.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
FLORENCE— Florence.....	Mining News.....	Geo. C. Youngs...	Ind....	W.	Saturday.
FOND DU LAC— Brandon.....	Brandon Times.....	Jenkinson & Yorty	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Campbellsport	News.....	C. E. Broughton.	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Fond du Lac..	Commonwealth and Commercial.....	P. R. Haber Pt. Co.	Rep..	S-W.	Tues. Friday
Fond du Lac..	Commonwealth and News.....	P. R. Haber Pt. Co.	Rep..	D	
Fond du Lac.	Reporter.....	Reporter Ptg. Co.	Dem..	D & W.	
Fond du Lac.	Nord West Cour'r (G)	W. F. Weber.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Oakfield.....	The Oakfield Eagle..	Ernest D. Susan.	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Ripon.....	The Ripon Press....	E. L. Howe.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Ripon.....	Ripon Commonw'lth	C. H. Elsworth.	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Waupun.....	Waupun Leader....	Oliver Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Waupun.....	Waupun Democrat..	Powell & Sanb'rn	Dem..	W.	Friday.
FOREST— Crandon.....	Forest Republican..	Shaw Pub. Co....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
North Crandon	Forest Leaves.....	Wm. J. Neu.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Wabeno.....	N. W. Advertiser....	C. G. Hinley.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
GATES— Apollonia.....	The Apollonia Cause	J. A. Blackwell..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Bruce.....	News Letter.....	A. W. McCormack	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Glen Flora....	Glen Flora Star....	D. W. Maloney...	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Ingram.....	News.....	News Pub. Co....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Ladysmith....	Weekly Budget.....	Martin & True...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Ladysmith....	Gates Co. Journal..	D. H. Richards...	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Tony.....	Tony Enterprise.....	R. W. Richardson	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
GRANT— Boscobel.....	Boscobel Sentinel...	G. W. Goldsmith.	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Boscobel.....	The Dial-Enterprise.	Blake & Son.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Bloomington..	The Bloom'gt'n R'e'd	H. C. Craig.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Cassville.....	Record.....	J. M. Klauer.....	Rep..	W.	
Cassville.....	The Cassville Index.	John Foley.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Cuba City....	Herald.....	Thos. Snyder....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Cuba City....	Cuba City News....	W. H. Goldthorpe	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Fennimore....	Fennimore Times....	H. E. Roethe & Bro	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.

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GRANT—Con.					
Lancaster.....	Grant Co. Herald....	H. J. Johnson....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Lancaster.....	The Teller.....	Edw. Pollock....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Montfort.....	Montfort Mail.....	Rufus D. Quack..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Muscoda.....	The Valley Voice....	Geo. W. Rankin..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Platteville.....	Grant Co. News....	R. J. Dugdale....	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Platteville.....	Grant Co. Witness..	W. M. Rindla b.	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Platteville.....	Platteville Journal..	C. H. Gribble....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
GREEN—					
Albany.....	Albany Vindicator...	E. E. Atherton...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Brodhead.....	Brodhead Indep'nd't	E. B. McCormick	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Brodhead.....	Brodhead Register..	Steele & Schempp	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Brodhead.....	Wisconsin Citizen...	Wis. Suffrage Assn	W. Suf.	M.	
Brooklyn.....	Brooklyn News....	W. Z. Diamond...	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	Green Co. Herald (G)	Robt. Kohl.....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	Journal Gazette....	L. A. Woodcock & Son	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Monroe.....	Monroe Daily Journ'l	L. A. Woodcock & Son	Rep...	D.	
Monroe.....	Monroe Evening Times	Emery A. Odell..	Rep...	D.	
Monroe.....	Monroe Sentinel....	Chas. A. Booth...	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	The Weekly Times...	Emery A. Odell..	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Monticello.....	Monticello Messeng'r	S. E. Richards...	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Monticello.....	Monticello News....	J. A. Smith.....	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
New Glarus...	New Glarus Co'er (G)	John Theiler....	Ind...	W.	Tuesday.
GREEN LAKE—					
Berlin.....	Berlin Courant.....	L. E. Davis.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Berlin.....	Berlin Journal.....	Chas. G. Starks..	Ind...	D & W.	W. Wed.
Dartford.....	Green Lake Reporter	M. S. Carpenter..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Dartford.....	Dartford Advance...	M. S. Carpenter..	Ind...	W.	Monday.
Kingston.....	Kingston Spy.....	Wm E W. Williams	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Markesan.....	Markesan Herald...	Chas. Richards..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Princeton.....	Princeton Republic..	Kelley & Co.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Princeton.....	The Princeton Star.	Beebe & Clark...	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
IOWA—					
Barneveld....	Register and Friend.	Anton Immel....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville....	Dodgeville Chronicle	A. S. Hearn.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville....	Dodgeville Sun.....	F. W. Hadden....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Dodgeville....	Iowa Co. Republic...	M. A. Richardson	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Highland.....	Highland Press....	Howe Printing Co	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Hollandale....	Weekly Review.....	J. W. Laughlin..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Linden.....	Southwest Wisconsin	J. W. Taylor....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Mineral Point	Iowa Co. Democrat..	Crawford Bros..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Mineral Point.	Tribune.....	W. H. & B. J. Bennett.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
IRON—					
Hurley.....	La Nostra Terra....	F. Martin.....	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Hurley.....	Montreal River Min'r	F. B. Hand.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
JACKSON—					
Alma Center..	Alma Center News...	Peabody & P'b'dy	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Black Riv. Falls	Badger State Banner	Geo. F. Cooper...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Black Riv. Falls	Jackson Co. Journal.	Mart n Hull....	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Melrose.....	Melrose Chronicle...	E. E. Gilbertson..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Merrillan.....	Wisconsin Leader...	H. C. Warren....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Taylor.....	Taylor Enterprise...	W. A. Young....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
JEFFERSON—					
Ft. Atkinson..	Jefferson Co. Dem...	Alva Merrill....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Ft. Atkinson..	Hoard's Dairyman...	W. D. Hoard Co.	Agr...	W.	Friday.
Ft. Atkinson..	Jefferson Co. Union.	W. D. Hoard Co.	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Banner...	Banner Ptg. Co..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Co. Journal (G)	Jefferson Ptg. Co.	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson Co. Record	Jefferson Ptg. Co.	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Lake Mills....	Lake Mills Leader..	C. L. Hubbs.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Palmyra.....	Palmyra Enterprise.	Laura Dow.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Waterloo.....	Waterloo Democrat..	H. A. Whipple...	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Waterloo.....	Waterloo Journal...	H. M. Knowlton.	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Watertown...	Brueder Bottschafter	Rev. K. Mueller	Rel...	W.	Wednesday.

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JEFFERSON—					
Continued.					
Watertown ...	Watertown Gazette.	Jas. W. Moore...	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Watertown ...	Watertown Republic- can	C. A. Pettibone..	Rep...	W.	Saturday.
Watertown ...	Watertown Times...	Times Pub. Co...	Ind...	D.	
Watertown ...	Watertown Welt- buerger (G).....	D Blumenfeld & Son	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
JUNEAU—					
Elroy	Elroy Leader	W. B. Showers. .	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Elroy	Elroy Tribune.....	T. K. Dunn.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Mauston	Juneau Co. Chronicle	Williard Temple.	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Mauston	Mauston Star....	John Turner.....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Necedah	Necedah Republican	C. M. Hutchinson	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
New Lisbon...	Juneau Co Argus...	E. N. Hurd	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
New Lisbon...	New Lisbon Times..	Chas. A. Leicht..	Rep...	W.	Wednesday.
Wonewoc	Wonewoc Reporter	O. D. Whitehill..	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
KENOSHA—					
Kenosha	Daily Gazette.....	W. C. Jenkins ..	Ind...	D.	
Kenosha	Telegraph Courier..	Head & Simmons	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha	The Evening News..	Head & Simmons	Rep...	D.	
Kenosha	The Kenosha Union.	John A. Killeen..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha	Volksfreund (G)....	Lewis Ewe.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha	The Reminder.....	M. E. Church....	Rel...	W.	Saturday.
Kenosha	The Recorder.....	Cong. Church....	Rel...	W.	Saturday.
Wilmot	The Agitator	Swenson Bros...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
KEWAUNEE—					
Algoma	Algoma Record.....	W. H. Machia ...	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Kewaunee...	Kewaunee Banner(G)	Kewaunee Prg.Co	Ind...	W.	
Kewaunee...	Kewaunee Ent'prise	Kewaunee-Prg.Co	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Kewaunee...	Kewaunee Liste(Bo)	Joseph H. Janda	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Kewaunee...	The Owl.....	George D. Wing..	Home	M.	
LA CROSSE—					
Bangor.....	Bangor Independent.	Frank B. Gesler.	Ind...	W.	Friday.
La Crosse...	Abendstern (G)....	A. Candrian....	Rep...	D.	
La Crosse...	Argus	F. H. Hartwell..	Rep...	W.	Friday.
La Crosse...	Chronicle (Morning)	W. F. Hooker....	Rep...	D & W.	W. Thurs.
La Crosse...	Leader-Press	R. B. Gelatt....	Rep...	D	
La Crosse...	Her'ld Volksfr'ud(G)	M. Hahn.....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
La Crosse...	Nordstern (G).....	A. Candrian....	Rep...	S-W.	Tues. & Fri.
La Crosse...	Patriot (G).....	Excelsior Pub.Co	Agr...	W.	
La Crosse...	Vlastenec (Bo)....	Soukup Bros....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
La Crosse...	Volkspost (Bo)....	A. Candrian....	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Onalaska ...	La Crosse Co Record	W. J. Showers...	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
West Salem...	Nonpareil-Journal..	D. Trimbell.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
LA FAYETTE—					
Argyle.....	Argyle Atlas.....	Geo. G. Gaskill..	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Benton.....	Benton Advocate...	Chambers & Vail.	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Blanchardville	Blanchardville Blade	Carl Chandler...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Darlington...	Darlington Democrat	L. B. Hovey....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Darlington...	Republican-Journal.	Greene & Van Matre	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Darlington...	The Rep. Farmer...	C. A. Smith.....	Rep...	W.	Friday.
Shullsburg...	Pick and Gad.....	T. J. Law	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
LANGLADE—					
Antigo	Antigo Herold (G)...	Ed. Goebel.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Antigo	Antigo Journal.....	G. W. Berner....	Dan..	S-W.	Tues. & Fri.
Antigo	Antigo Republican..	C. O. Marsh....	Rep...	W.	Thursday.
Antigo	Weekly News Item..	W. H. Dawley...	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
LINCOLN—					
Merrill.....	Merrill Advocate...	A. O. Thomason..	Rep...	W.	Tuesday.
Merrill.....	Wis. Thalbote (G)...	Otto Susemihl...	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Merrill.....	The Merrill News...	A. G. Christenson	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Merrill.....	The Merrill Star....	Wm. Allen.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Tomahawk...	The Tomahawk.....	W. D. Sambert...	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Tomahawk...	Tomahawk Leader..	See & Ware	Rep...	W.	Friday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
MANITOWOC—					
Kiel.....	Kiel National Zeitung (G)	H. A. Kuenne	Ind. Rep..	W. W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Citizen..	Citizens Pub. Co.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Daily Herald	Herald Press Pub. Co.	Ind. Rep..	D.	
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Daily News.....	Citizens Pub. Co.	Rep..	D.	
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Pilot.....	S. T. Pratt.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Times Press.....	Herald Press Pub Co.	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Manitowoc....	Manitowoc Post (G) ..	Baench & Genrich.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Nord-Westen (G)	Carl G. Schmidt..	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc....	Retort.....	Milwaukee Med. College Press..	Med..	M.	
Manitowoc....	Wahrheit (G)	C. Otto Schmidt..	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Two Rivers....	Chronicle	W. F. Nash.....	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
MARATHON—					
Athens.....	Record.....	Record Ptg. Co.	Ind. Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Edgar.....	Edgar Press.....	J. L. Hutchins... Mosinee Times Pub. Co.	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Mosinee.....	The Times.....	Mosinee Times Pub. Co.	Ind. Rep..	W.	Friday.
Wausau.....	Central Wisconsin Gefluergelzuechter (G) ..	R. H. Johnson	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Wausau.....	Deutsch Pioneer (G) ..	Henry Voigt.....	P'try.	M.	
Wausau.....	The Philosopher.....	Paul Stolze	Rep..	S-W.	Wed. & Sat.
Wausau.....	The Wausau Herald.	Van Vechten & Ellis	Lit. Dem..	M. W.	Friday.
Wausau.....	Wausau Pilot.....	Powers & Lohmar ..	Dem..	W.	Tuesday.
Wausau.....	Wausau Record.....	E. B. Thayer.....	Rep..	D. & W.	Wed. & Thurs.
Wausau.....	Wochenblatt (G).....	Martin & Dodge..	Rep..	S-W.	Tues. & Fri.
Wausau.....	North Wausau News	H. J. Heise	Dem..	S-W.	Tues. & Fri.
Unity.....	Marathon Co. Register.....	Dunn, Jaeger & Brandt.....	Rep..	D. & W.	Mon. & Wed.
		L. H. Cook.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
MARINETTE—					
Marinette....	The Eagle-Star.....	Noyes & Le Roy..	Rep..	D-S-W.	Tues. & Wed
Marinette....	The Student.....	H. Sch. Studenis ..	Ed. Rep..	M.	
Marinette....	Tribunen (Sw).....	O. B. Olsen.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Marinette....	Volksbote (G).....	Herman Schomanker.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Niagara.....	Enterprise.....	Do'ld McDonald..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Peshigo.....	Peshigo Times.....	Thos Barrett	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Wausaukee....	The Independent	Geo. E. Bogrand..	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Wausaukee....	The Index.....	E. F. McElroy....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
MARQUETTE—					
Endeavor....	Epitome.....	R. E. Helms	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Montello....	Montello Express.....	Express Pub. Co.	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Westfield....	Central Union.....	Forbes Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

MILWAUKEE.

County.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily, weekly, monthly, etc.
MILWAUKEE—				
Milwaukee...	Acker and Gartenbau Zeitung (G)	Herold Pub. Co.....	Agr...	W.
Milwaukee...	Advance	Robert Schilling.....	Pop...	W.
Milwaukee...	American Journal of Education.....	S. Y. Gillan & Co.....	Ed....	M.
Milwaukee...	American Monthly and Agent's News.....	C. P. Dietz	Com..	M.
Milwaukee...	American School Board Journal.....	W. G. Bouce.....	Ed....	M.
Milwaukee...	American Soap Journal Manufacturers.....	.....	Com..	M.
Milwaukee...	Amerikanische Turnzeitung (G)	Freidenker Pub. Co.....	Ind..	W.
Milwaukee...	Arminia (G)	Friedenker Pub. Co.....	Ind..	M.
Milwaukee...	Badger	Badger Pub. Co.....	Lit..	M.
Milwaukee...	Banner and Volksfreund	Banner Co.....	Lit..	W.
Milwaukee...	Banner and Volksfreund	Banner Co.....	Lit..	M.
Milwaukee...	Bonded Attorney, The	Ass'n Bonded Attorneys..	Leg..	Q.
Milwaukee...	Brooms, Brushes and Hauldes .....	.....	Com..	M.
Milwaukee...	Bunte Blaetter (G).....	N. W. Pub House	Rel..	W.
Milwaukee...	Catholic Citizen	Citizen Pub. Co.....	Lit..	M.
Milwaukee...	Catholic Directory.....	H. M. Wiltzens Co.....	Rel..	Q.
Milwaukee...	Catholic Forester .....	.....	Frat..	M.
Milwaukee...	Catholic School Journal	Catholic School Journal Pub. Co.....	Ed....	M.
Milwaukee...	Cereals and Feed	Cereals and Feed Pub Co.	Com..	M.
Milwaukee...	Chemist .....	.....	Com..	W.
Milwaukee...	Chronicle.....	Chronicle Pub. Co.....	Rel..	W.
Milwaukee...	Church Times.....	.....	Rel..	M.
Milwaukee...	Columbia (G)	Columbia Pub. Co.....	Rel..	M.
Milwaukee...	Cynosure	W. C. Alhauser	Lit..	D.
Milwaukee...	Daily Commercial Letter	F. W. Friese	Com..	W.
Milwaukee...	Der Landmann (G) .....	.....	Agr..	W.
Milwaukee...	Deutsche Warte (G).....	Geo. Brumbder	Lit..	W.
Milwaukee...	Deutsches Volksblatt (G)	Geo. Brumbder	Com..	Q.
Milwaukee...	Directory Bulletin .....	.....	Rep..	W.
Milwaukee...	Demacnost (B)	Anton Novak	Rep..	W.
Milwaukee...	Dreamer, The	Julius O. Roehl	Com..	W.
Milwaukee...	Druggist's Weeklies.....	Druggist's Pub. Co.....	Com..	D.
Milwaukee...	Dziennik Milwaukee (P) .....	.....	Lit..	W.
Milwaukee...	Erholungsstunden (G)	Geo. Brumbder .....	.....	.....
Milwaukee...	Evening Prayer	Young Churchmens Pub. Co.....	Rel..	W.
Milwaukee...	Evening Wisconsin	Evening Wisconsin Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D. & W.
Milwaukee...	Excelsior (G)	Excelsior Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.
Milwaukee...	Farmer's Sentinel.....	Sentinel Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.
Milwaukee...	Free Press.....	Free Press Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D., S., W.
Milwaukee...	Freidenker (G)	Freidenker Pub. Co.....	Ind..	W.
Milwaukee...	Fuer Unserra Jugend (G)	Freidenker Pub. Co.....	Ind..	M.
Milwaukee...	Gazeta Wisconsinka (P)	Kuryer Pub. Co.....	Agr..	W.
Milwaukee...	Gemeindeblatt (G).....	N. W. Pub. House	Rel..	S—W.
Milwaukee...	Germania (G)	Geo. Brumbder	Rep..	S—W.
Milwaukee...	Germania and Abenpost (G) .....	.....	.....	.....
Milwaukee...	Germania und Sontagspost (G)	Germania Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D. & S.
Milwaukee...	Globe Trotter .....	.....	Rep..	S.
Milwaukee...	Haus und Bauernfreund (G) .....	.....	.....	M.
Milwaukee...	Herold (G)	Herold Pub. Co.....	Agr..	W.
Milwaukee...	Journal.....	Journal Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D. & S.
Milwaukee...	Journal of Education.....	S. Y. Gillan & Co.....	Ed....	M.
Milwaukee...	Kinderfreude (G)	N. W. Pub. House	Rel..	M.
Milwaukee...	Kinderposter (G)	Herold Pub. Co.....	.....	W.
Milwaukee...	Kirchenglocke (G).....	.....	Rel..	Q.
Milwaukee...	Kraukentrost (G).....	.....	Rel..	Q.
Milwaukee...	Kuryer Poliski (P).....	Kuryer Pub. Co.....	Rep..	D.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

MILWAUKEE.

County.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily, weekly, monthly, etc.
MILWAUKEE—Continued.				
Milwaukee	Landsman (G)	Excelsior Pub. Co.	Agr.	W.
Milwaukee	Living Church, The.	Young Churchman Pub. Co.	Rel.	W.
Milwaukee	Lord's Day papers.		Rel.	M.
Milwaukee	Marquette College J'nal	Students Marquette Col.	Lit.	M.
Milwaukee	Masonic Tiding		Frat.	M.
Milwaukee	Medical Journal		Med.	M.
Milwaukee	Medical Magazine	F. A. Forsbeck	Med.	M.
Milwaukee	Midland Review	Wm. F. Hontkamp.	Lit.	M.
Milwaukee	Mind and Body.	Freidenker Pub Co.	Ed.	W.
Milwaukee	National Advance, The.			W.
Milwaukee	National Reformer (G).			W.
Milwaukee	News	News Pub. Co.	Dem.	D.
Milwaukee	Norden Herald (G).			W.
Milwaukee	North Milwaukee News.		Rep.	W.
Milwaukee	Northwestern Chronicle.	Chronicle Pub. Co.	Rel.	M.
Milwaukee	Northwestern Sportsman	N. W. Pub and Adv. Co.	Sport.	W.
Milwaukee	Northwestern Times	Towell Bros.	Rep.	W.
Milwaukee	Odd Fellows Friend.	R. Hoe	Frat.	M.
Milwaukee	Our Young people.		Rel.	S.—M.
Milwaukee	Packages	Packages Pub. Co.	Com.	M.
Milwaukee	Patriot (G)	Excelsior Pub. Co.	Rep.	W.
Milwaukee	Pedagogisch Monatshefte (G)		Ed.	M.
Milwaukee	People's Companion		Com.	M.
Milwaukee	Ph'rmaceutical Archive.	Phar. Rev. Pub. Co.	Sci.	M.
Milwaukee	Pharmaceutical Review.	Phar. Rev. Pub. Co.	Sci.	M.
Milwaukee	Progress.		Ed.	Q.
Milwaukee	Pythian Age.	C. H. Wheeler	Frat.	M.
Milwaukee	Healthy Record.			W.
Milwaukee	Reformer.		Pop.	W.
Milwaukee	Reporter, Daily.	Reporter Pub. Co.	Com.	D.
Milwaukee	Review (For the Blind).		Lit.	W.
Milwaukee	Revnost (B)		Ind.	W.
Milwaukee	Rundschau (G)		Rel.	M.
Milwaukee	Searchlight	Searchlight Pub. Co.		M.
Milwaukee	Seebote, The (G)	P. V. Deuster	Dem.	S.—W
Milwaukee	Sentinel	Sentinel Pub. Co.	Rep.	D. & S.
Milwaukee	Shepherd's Arm	Young Churchman Pub. Co.		W.
Milwaukee	Shepherd's Arm	Young Churchman Pub. Co.	Rel.	M.
Milwaukee	Social Democrat Herold	Victor L. Burger	S. Dem.	W.
Milwaukee	Souvenir, The	George Bach	Mus.	M.
Milwaukee	Teachers Guide and Students Pride.		Lit.	Q.
Milwaukee	Times	Times Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.
Milwaukee	Tygodnik Milwaukee (P)	Tygodnik Pub. Co.	Dem.	W.
Milwaukee	Union Signal.	Signal Pub. Co.	Lab.	W.
Milwaukee	Union Forrester.	Forrester Pub. Co.	Frat.	M.
Milwaukee	Vorwaerts (G)	Victor L. Burger	S. Dem.	S.
Milwaukee	Wahrheit, Die (G).	Victor L. Burger	S Dem	W.
Milwaukee	Western Builder			M.
Milwaukee	Western Teacher.	S. Y. Gillan Co.	Ed.	M.
Milwaukee	Whist.	Whist Pub. Co.	Lit.	M.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin Children's Home Finder.		Char.	M.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin Weekly Advocate.			W.
Milwaukee	Young Churchman.	R. B. Montgomery.		W.
Milwaukee	Young Churchman.	Young Churchman Pub. Co.	Rel.	W.
Milwaukee	Young Churchman.	Young Churchman Pub. Co.	Rel.	M.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
MONROE—					
Cashton.....	Cashton Independ'nt	J. A. Norris	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Cashton.....	Cashton Record.....	O. G. Briggs.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Sparta.....	Advertiser.....	Herald-Adv. Co ..	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Sparta.....	Daily Herald-Advertiser.....	Herald-Adv. Co ..	Rep ..	D.	
Sparta.....	Monroe Co. Democrat.....	J. P. Rice	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Sparta.....	Sparta Herald.....	McBride Bros.....	Rep ..	W.	Tuesday.
Tomah.....	Tomah Journal.....	L. B. Squier.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Tomah.....	Tomah Monitor-Herald.....	J. A. & C. J. Wells	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
Warrens ..	Warrens Index.....	Index Print'g Co.	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Wilton.....	Wilton Herald.....	J. G. Gruber	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
OCONTO—					
Gillett.....	Gillett Times.....	Lewis P. Perry..	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Oconto.....	Oconto Enterprise ..	Phil A. Badour..	Dem..	S-W	Tue. & Fri.
Oconto.....	The Enquirer.....	Rose A. Sharp.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Oconto.....	Oconto Lumberman.	J. W. Hall.....	Rep ..	W.	Saturday.
Oconto.....	Oconto Co. Reporter	W. M. Comstock	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Oconto Falls..	Oconto Falls Herald	R. P. Smith.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
ONEIDA—					
Rhinelanders..	The New North	Park & Co	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Rhinelanders..	The Rhinelanders Herold.....	A. W. Shelton ...	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Rhinelanders..	The Vindicator.....	W. H. Trumbull.	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
OUTAGAMIE—					
Appleton.....	Appleton Crescent..	Ryan & Bro.....	Dem..	D & W.	W. Sat.
Appleton.....	Appleton Post.....	Post Pub. Co....	Rep ..	D & W.	W. Thurs.
Appleton.....	Appleton Volksfreund (G).....	H. W. Meyer	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Appleton Wecker (G)	Christ Roehmer ..	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Appleton.....	Das Montags Blatt (G).....	H. W. Meyer	Ind..	W.	Monday.
Appleton.....	Fox River Journal ..	E. J. Westphal..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Appleton.....	Gegenwart (G).....	Gegenwart Co	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Dale.....	Dale Recorder.....	J. Senftenberg ..	.....	W.	Friday.
Hortonville...	Hortonville Review.	Hollenback & Nye	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Kaukauna.....	Kaukauna Sun.....	J. I. Toner	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Kaukauna.....	Kaukauna Times.....	C. E. Raught.....	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Seymour.....	Seymour Press.....	H. J. Van Buren..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Shiocton.....	Shiocton News.....	F. H. Colburn ...	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
OZAUKEE—					
Cedarburg.....	The Cedarburg News	A. W. Horn	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Port Washington ..	Ozaukee Co. Advertiser.....	M. G. Bohan	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Port Washington ..	Port Washington Herold (G).....	W. B. Krause.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Port Washington ..	Port Washington Pilot.....	H. Schoensigel ..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Port Washington ..	Port Washington Star.....	Star Printing Co.	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Port Washington ..	Port Washington Zeitung (G).....	Carl Fehlandt...	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
PEPIN—					
Durand.....	The Pepin Co Courier	J. D. Eldridge ..	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Durand.....	Entering Wedge.....	Wedge Pub. Co..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Pepin.....	The Pepin Star.....	Axtell & Morsbach	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
PIERCE—					
Ellsworth.....	Ellsworth Record...	J. F. Shaw	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Ellsworth.....	Pierce Co. Herald...	Herald Ptg. Co..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Maiden Rock.	Maiden Rock Press..	B. J. Keeler.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Prescott.....	Prescott Tribune.....	H. Hulbert.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
River Falls.....	River Falls Journal.	C. R. Morse	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
River Falls.....	River Falls Times...	Smith Ptg. Co..	Ind..	W.	Tuesday.
Spring Valley..	Spring Valley Sun...	Chas. Lowater ..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
POLK—					
Amery.....	Amery Free Press....	W. E. Harding..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Balsam Lake.	The Ledger.....	Perkins Bros....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Centuria.....	Outlook.....	J. R. Lowe.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Clear Lake....	Clear Lake Star....	Wallace & Son..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Frederick....	Frederick Star....	J. W. Blackstone	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Luck.....	Enterprise.....	Oscar W. Lund..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Osceola.....	Osceola Sun.....	A. E. Roese....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
St. Croix Falls	St. Croix Valley Standard.....	E. H. Folsom....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
PORTAGE—					
Almond.....	Portage Co. Press..	Lillian G. Phillips	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Amherst.....	Amherst Advocate..	Hattie B. Mooberg	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Stevens Point.	Rolnik (P).....	S. Hutter.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Stevens Point.	Stevens P. Journal.	E. McGlathlin..	Rep..	D & W.	Wed. & Sat.
Stevens Point.	The Gazette.....	Ed D. Glennon..	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
PRICE—					
Fifield.....	The Fifield Tribune.	M. K. Belt.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Park Falls....	Park Falls Herald..	Young Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Phillips.....	The Bee.....	Waggoner & Peck	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Phillips.....	The Phillips Times..	Sackett Bros....	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Prentice.....	The Prentice Cal'met	Mark R. Bell....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Prentice.....	The Prentice News..	E. R. Barager....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
RACINE—					
Burlington....	Burlington Free Press	Wm. R. Dever..	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Burlington....	Standard Democrat.	H. E. Zimmerman	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Burlington....	Stand. Democrat (G)	H. E. Zimmerman	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Racine.....	Folket Avis (D)....	Edw. Jensen....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Racine.....	The Racine Correspondent (G)....	Henry Bonn....	Ind..	M.	
Racine.....	Racine Daily Times.	Times Ptz. Co..	Ind..	D.	
Racine.....	Racine Journal....	Journal Ptz. Co.	Rep..	D & S-W	Tues. & Fri.
Racine.....	The Racine News....	News Pub. Co..	Ind..	D.	
Racine.....	The Slave (Bo)....	John Elias.....	Ind..	W.	Tuesday.
Racine.....	Semi-Weekly Times.	Times Ptz. Co..	Ind..	S-W	Tues. & Fri.
Racine.....	Wis. Agriculturist..	Wis. Agr. Pub. Co	Agr..	W.	Thursday.
Union Grove..	Enterprise.....	A. P. Colby....	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Waterford....	Waterford Post....	Edw. Malone....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
RICHLAND—					
Lone Rock....	Tri-County Review..	P. C. Pitkin.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Richland Center.	Republican Observer	S. W. Fogo.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Richland Center.	Richland Democrat.	Wilber G. Barry.	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Richland Center.	Richland Rustic....	Bailey & Bailey..	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Viola.....	Viola Intelligencer..	Frazier & Frazier	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Rock—					
Beloit.....	Beloit Daily News..	D. B. Worthington.	Ind..	D & W	Wed. & Fri.
Beloit.....	Beloit Free Press ..	Cham. Ingersoll.	Rep..	D & W.	W. & Thurs.
Beloit.....	Our Church Life....	Home Mission Society.	Rel..	M.	
Beloit.....	Round Table.....	Beloit College..	Lit..	W.	
Clinton.....	Rock Co. Banner ..	Wm. Moore.....	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Clinton.....	Clinton Herald....	R. W. Cheever..	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Edgerton....	The Eagle.....	Davis & Reed...	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Edgerton....	Wis. Tob. Reporter..	Frad W. Coon...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Evansville....	The Badger.....	Marilla Andrews & Co	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Evansville....	The Enterprise....	C. A. Libby.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Evansville....	The Review.....	Autes & Magee..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Evansville....	The Tribune.....	C. A. Libby.....	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Janesville....	Church Echoes....	First Bap. Church	Rel..	M.	
Janesville....	Independnt.....	S. A. Cooper....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Janesville....	Janesville Gazette..	Gazette Ptz. Co..	Rep..	D & S-W	Tues. & Fri.
Janesville....	Janesville Journ'l (G)	H. W. Frick....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Rock—Con-Janesville..... Janesville.....	Janesville Recorder. Phoenix	Recorder Ptg. Co. Janesville High School	Dem..	D & W.	W. Thurs.
Janesville,.... Milton..... Milton Junct.	Wis. M'dic'l Rec'rder Rock Co. Journal.... Milton Telephone ...	J. P. Thorne.... W. K. Davis..... W. C. Oviatt	Lit ... Med .. Rep .. Rep ..	M. M. W. W.	Wednesday. Thursday.
St. Croix—					
Baldwin	Baldwin Bulletin....	J. K. Hawley ...	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Glenwood	Glenwood Tribune ..	C. J. Augustin ..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Hammond	Hammond News.....	F. N. Barry	Ind... W.	W.	Thursday.
Hudson	Star-Times	B. J. Price	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Hudson	True Republican ..	Geo. D. Cline	Dem.. W.	W.	Thursday.
Hudson	The St Croix Obs'r'r	L. B. Nagler ..	Rep ..	W.	Tuesday.
New Richm'nd	Republicaun Voice ...	C. H. Van Meter.	Rep ..	S-W.	Tue. & Fri.
New Richm'nd	New Richmond News	Strong & Evans..	Rep ..	W.	Wednesday.
SAUK—					
Baraboo	Baraboo News.....	Cole & Dorsett ..	Rep... D & W.	W. Wed.	W. Wed.
Baraboo	Baraboo News (G)...	Cole & Dorsett ..	Rep... D & W.	W. Wed.	W. Wed.
Baraboo	Baraboo Republic...	Hood Bros	Rep... D & W.	W. Wed.	W. Wed.
Baraboo	Sauk Co. Democrat.	Ed. L. Luckow ..	Dem.. W.	W.	Thursday.
North Freed'm	The North Freedom Journal	Jos. Seftenberg.	Ind... W.	W.	Wednesday.
Prairie du Sac	The Sauk Co. News.	Giegerich & Just.	Ind... W.	W.	Thursday.
Reedsburg	Reedsb'rg Free Press	Geo. J. Seaman's	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Reedsburg	Reedsburg Times ...	Ninman & Quimby	Rep ..	W.	Friday.
Sauk City	Pioneer Presse (G) ..	C. F. Ninman ..	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
Spring Green.	Weekly Home News.	W. R. Purdy	Ind... W.	W.	Thursday.
SAWYER—					
Hayward	Hayward Republic'n	W. L. McCormick	Rep ..	W.	Thursday.
SHAWANO—					
Biramwood..	Biramwood News..	S. K. Adams.....	Rep... W.	W.	Wednesday.
Mattoon	Mattoon Herald	Chas. E. Soper..	Rep... W.	W.	Saturday.
Shawano	Shawano Co. Advocates	E. J. Scott	Dem.. W.	W.	Thursday.
Shawano	Shawano Co. Journal	Gorham Bros	Rep... W.	W.	Thursday.
Shawano	Volksbote-Wochenblatt (G)	Volksbote Pub. Co	IndRep	W.	Friday.
Tigerton	The Tigerton Chronicle	Geo. Meacham ..	Rep... W.	W.	Friday.
Wittenberg ...	For Gammel og Ung (N)	Rev. K. O. Eidahl	Rel ... W.	W.	Tuesday.
Wittenberg ...	The Enterprise	I. R. Nye.....	Rep... W.	W.	Friday.
Wittenberg ...	Sontagskolebladet (N)	Rev. K. O. Eidahl	Rel ... W.	W.	Tuesday.
Wittenberg ...	The Christian Youth	Rev. K. O. Eidahl	Rel ... Semi-M	W.	Tuesday.
SHEBOYGAN—					
Franklin.....	"M. H. Aerolith" (E & G)	Mission Course College.....	Rel ... M.	M.	
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Post (G)..	Wandersleben Bros	Ind... W.	W.	Thursday.
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Reporter	John H. Matthews	Dem.. W.	W.	Thursday.
Plymouth.....	Plymouth Review...	Review Pub. Co.	Rep.. W.	W.	Wednesday
Sheboygan	Lake Breeze	High Sch'l Pupils	Lit ... M.	M.	
Sheboygan	National Demokrat (G)	Demokrat Pub Co	Dem.. S-W.	S-W.	Wed. & Sat.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Daily Journal	W. M. Root.....	Dem.. D.	D.	
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Herald ..	L. K. Howe.....	Rep... W.	W.	Friday.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Star	W. M. Root.....	Dem.. W.	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Telegram	Telegram Ptg. Co	Rep... D.	D.	
Sheboygan	Sheboygan Volksblatt (G)	Volksbla't Pub. Co	Soc. D.	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan....	Sheboygan Zeitung (G)	A. W. Pott	Rep... D & SW	D & SW	Tues. & Fri.
Sheboygan F'ls	Sheboygan Co. News	W. C. Thomas..	Ind... W.	W.	Wednesday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
TAYLOR—					
Medford.....	Der Waldbote (G)...	German Pub. Co.	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Medford.....	Medford Democrat..	J. R. Shattuck...	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Medford.....	Taylor County Star- News.....	Wag'ner&With'rs Hand&Voemast'k	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Bib Lake.....	Rib Lake Herald...		Rep..	W.	Friday.
TREMPEALEAU—					
Arcadia.....	Arcadia Anzeiger (G)	Emil Schulze....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Arcadia.....	The Arcadian.....	D. J. Stevens....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Arcadia.....	The Leader.....	Albert Hess.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Blair.....	Blair Press.....	A. H. Young.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Galesville.....	Galesville Independ't	Bunsen Bros.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Galesville.....	Galesville Republi'n	B. A. Gipple.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Independence.	Independence News- Wave.....	Geo. A. Markham	Ind...	W.	Saturday.
Independence.	Wis. Good Templar..	Geo. A. Markham	Temp.	W.	Thursday.
Ossau.....	Weekly Recorder...	Gilpin & Gilpin..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Trempealeau..	Trempealeau Gazette	Bohen & Co.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Trempealeau..	Trempealeau Herald	A. D. Goodhue...	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Whitehall.....	The Whitehall Times and Blair Banner..	J. B. Beach.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
VERNON—					
DeSoto.....	DeSoto Argus.....	Cooper & Perrin..	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Hillsboro.....	Hillsboro Sentry- Enterprise.....	W. O. Shear.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
La Farge.....	La Farge Enterprise	B. R. Moyle.....	Ind...	W.	Friday.
Readstown.....	Readstown Herald..	Maib'n & d'tchi'n	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Censor..	O. G. Munson....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Leader..	F. H. Graves.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
Viroqua.....	Vernon Co. Advocate	W. J. Robinson..	Pro..	W.	
Viroqua.....	Viroqua Republican	L. S. Griffin.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
Westby.....	Westby Times.....	F. C. Bunn.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
VILAS—					
Eagle River...	Eagle River Review..	N. A. Colman....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Eagle River...	Vilas County News..	D. E. Riordan...	Rep..	W.	Monday.
Minocqua.....	Minocqua Times....	Chas. W. Hooper	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
WALWORTH—					
Delavan.....	Enterprise.....	Dean & Passage..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	Republican.....	W. G. Weeks....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Delavan.....	The Flash Light...	Del. High School	Lit....	M.	
Delavan.....	Wisconsin Times...	Fred C. Larson..	Lit....	W.	Thursday.
East Troy.....	East Troy News....	O. R. Kurzrok...	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
Elkhorn.....	Elkhorn Blade.....	H. H. Turbs....	Pro..	W.	Tuesday.
Elkhorn.....	Independent.....	Eames & Snyder.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Genoa Jct....	Times.....	Sweason Bros...	Indj..	W.	Thursday.
Lake Geneva..	Herald.....	J. E. Nethercut..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Lake Geneva..	News.....	L. Gen. Pub. Co..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Sharon.....	Reporter.....	Geo. F. Ziegau...	Ind...	W.	Thursday.
Walworth.....	Walworth Times...	Savery & Alden..	Rep..	W.	Tuesday.
Whitewater..	Whitewater Gazette.	F. R. Bloodgood.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Whitewater..	Whitewater Register	E. D. Coe.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
WASHBURN—					
Shell Lake...	Shell L. Watchman..	Andrew J. Kennedy	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
Shell Lake...	Wash'b'n Co. Regist'r	Register Pub. Co.	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Spooner.....	Spooner Advocate...	Frank Hammill..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
WASHINGTON—					
Hartford.....	Hartford Press.....	Le Count & L'Cnt	Rep..	S.-W.	Thurs.&Fri.
Hartford.....	Hartford Times.....	A. J. Hamny....	Ind...	S.-W.	Thurs.&Fri.
Kewaskum.....	Kewaskum's atesm'n	Chas. E. Krahn..	Dem..	W.	Saturday.
Schleisings'rv'e	Botschafter (G)....	Gustave Meister.	Ind...	W.	Wednesday.
West Bend...	Beobachter (G)....	Washington Co. Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
West Bend...	Washington County Pilot.....	Henry B. Kasmp- fer.....	Dem..	W.	Wednesday.
West Bend....	West Bend News....	Washington Co. Pub. Co.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
WAUKESHA—					
Delafield.....	Cadet Days.....	E. Hoffman.....	Ed..	M.	Friday.
Eagle.....	Eagle Quill.....	H. M. Loibl.....	Dem..	W.	
Hartland.....	Hartland News.....	Schwantes & Hansen.....	Ind..	W.	Saturday.
Menom. Falls.	The Wis. Sugar Beet	C. W. Frazer.....	Agr..	M.	
Menom. Falls.	Menomonee Falls				
	News.....	Cam. W. Frazier.	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Mukwonago..	Mukwonago Chief..	Chief Printing Co.	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Oconomowoc..	Oconomowoc Enter- prise.....	Hathaway & Pal- mer.....	Ind..	W.	Friday.
Oconomowoc..	Wis. Free Press.....	Edwin Hurlbut..	Rep..	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Dispatch.	G. W. Morris.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Freeman.	H. M. Youmans..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waukesha....	Waukesha Press....	G. C. Weiss.....	Rep..	W.	Wednesday.
WAUPACA—					
Clintonville..	Clintonville Tribune	Barnum & Cotton	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Iola.....	Iola Herald.....	Herald Pub. Co..	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Manawa.....	Manawa Advocate..	A. C. Walsh.....	Rep..	W.	Thu sday.
Marion.....	Marion Advertiser..	S. L. Perry.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
New London..	New London Press..	Chas. F. Carr.....	Dem..	W.	Thursday.
New London..	New London Rep....	Hollenback & Nye	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Assembly Herald....	H. A. Larson.....	Temp.	Q.	
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Post.....	Sturtevant & Ware	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Record....	Mrs. A. R. Carpen- ter.....	Rep..	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca Republic'n	W. H. Holmes.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Weyauwega..	Chronicle.....	F. H. Voshardt..	Ind..	W.	Wednesday.
Weyauwega..	Die Deutsche Chra- nik (G).....	F. H. Voshardt..	Ind..	W.	Friday.
WAUSHARA—					
Hancock.....	Hancock News.....	Roy L. Thompson	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Plainfield....	Plainfield Sun.....	L. W. Chapman..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Wautoma.....	Wauhsara Argus....	Ellarson & Barry	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Wild Rose....	Wild Rose Times....	I. R. Nash.....	Rep..	W.	Friday.
WINNEBAGO—					
Menasha.....	Menasha Citizen....	G. Banta Pub. Co.	Dem..	D.	
Menasha.....	Menasha Record....	C. W. Lamb.....	Rep..	D.	
Menasha.....	Winnebago Anzeiger (G).....	J. C. Klinker.....	Dem..	W.	Friday.
Neenah.....	Friend and Guide..	Equitable Frater- nal Union.....	Frat..	M.	
Neenah.....	Times.....	J. N. Stone.....	Dem..	D & W.	W. Sat.
Neenah.....	Daily News.....	News Pub. Co....	Rep..	D & W.	W. Fri.
Omro.....	Omro Herald.....	C. H. Sloeman..	Rep..	W.	Friday.
Omro.....	Omro Journal.....	P. M. Wright.....	Ind..	W.	Thursday.
Oshkosh.....	Labor News.....	W. E. Glover.....	Ind..	W.	Monday.
Oshkosh.....	Oshkosh Times.....	Times Pub. Co..	Dem..	D & W.	W. Sat.
Oshkosh.....	The Northwestern..	Hicks Ptg. Co....	Rep..	D & W.	W. Sat.
Oshkosh.....	Wis. Christian Advo- cate.....	A. J. Benjamin..	Pro... M.		
Oshkosh.....	Observer.....	W. E. Glover.....	Rep.. W.		Friday.
Oshkosh.....	Wis. Telegraph (G)..	Allea & Weidner.	Dem.. W.		Friday.
Winneconne..	The Local.....	R. R. Crowe.....	Ind.. W.		Friday.
WOOD—					
Grand Rapids.	Wis. Valley Leader..	Coolley & Emmons		W.	Thursday.
Grand Rapids.	Grand Rapids Trib- une.....	Drum & Sutor...	Dem.. W.		Wednesday
Grand Rapids.	Wood Co. Reporter..	A. L. Fontaine..	Rep.. S-W.		Tus. & Thur
Marshfield....	Demokrat (G).....	A. G. & H. A. Pan- kow.....	Dem.. W.		Thursday.
Marshfield....	The Marshfield News	Adam Pulus.....	Dem.. W.		Thursday.
Marshfield....	The Marshfield Times	Williams & Bailey	Rep.. W.		Friday.
Pittsville.....	Yellow River Pilot..	Pitt Bros.....	Rep.. W.		Friday.

SUMMARY OF THE PRESS OF WISCONSIN.

The foregoing pages with reference to the press of Wisconsin show 728 newspapers and periodicals published in the state, of which sixty-three are dailies, five hundred fifty-two weeklies and twenty-five semi-weeklies, a detailed summary follows:

Dailies, also publishing weekly issues	29	
Dailies, also publishing semi-weekly issues	7	
Dailies, daily issue only	27	
Total daily papers		63
Weekly papers, weekly issue only	523	
Weekly in connection with dailies	29	
Total weeklies		552
Individual semi-weekly papers	17	
Semi-weeklies with dailies	7	
Bi-weekly	1	
Total semi-weeklies		25
Total monthly publications		73
Semi-monthly publications		3
Quarterly publications		12
As to Politics, etc.:		
Republican		344
Democratic		124
Independent		13b
Religious		32
Educational		12
Prohibition and temperance		15
Agricultural		10
Populism		2
Socialism		4
Women suffrage		1
Literary, fraternal, trade, etc.		5b
Total		728

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

The following is a list of the post offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically, with counties, and corrected from official sources up to January 1, 1906, at which date there were 1,411 post offices in Wisconsin. Of these 7 were of the first class, 38 in the second class, 140 in the third class, and 1,226 in the fourth class. There were 185 presidential offices, 957 money order offices and 52 money order stations. Offices in italic type are money order offices authorized to issue and pay money orders. Those with a double dagger (‡) are post offices discontinued for the winter. By the letters (c. h.) in parentheses, county seats are indicated.

A.

Aaron Burnett
Abbotsford Clark
Ablesman Sauk
Abrams Oconto
Ackerville Washington
Adams Center Adams
Ada Sheboygan
Addison Washington
Adell Sheboygan
Advance Shawano
Afton Rock
Alabama Polk
Alban Portage
Albany Green
Alberville Chippewa
Alton Dane
Algona Kewaunee
Allensgrove Walworth
Alenton Washington
Allenville Winnebago
Allouez Ind. Sta., Superior
Alma (c. h.) Buffalo
Alma Center Jackson
Almena Barron
Almond Portage
Alstad Burnett
Altdorf Wood
Altoona Eau Claire
Alverno Manitowoc
Amberg Marinette
Amery Polk
Amherst Portage
Amherst Junction Portage
Anah Washburn
Anchorage Buffalo
Andrus Polk
Angelica Shawano
Anira Shawano
Annita Bayfield
Antigo (c. h.) Langlade
Apolonia Gates
Appleriver Polk
Appleton (c. h.) Outagamie
Batley F. R. D. Sta.
Arbor Vitae Vilas
Arbutus Adams
Arcadia Trempealeau
Arena Iowa
Argyle Lafayette

Arkansaw Pepin
Arkdale Adams
Arland Barron
Arlington Columbia
Armenia Juneau
Armstrong Creek Forest
Arnott Portage
Arpin Wood
Ashippun Dodge
Ashland (c. h.) Ashland
Ashland Junction Bayfield
Ashley Marathon
Askeaton Brown
Athelstane Marinette
Athens Marathon
Atlanta Gates
Atlas Polk
Attica Green
Atwater Dodge
Aubrey Richland
Auburndale Wood
Augusta Eau Claire
Auroraville Waushara
Avalon Rock
Avoca Iowa

B.

Babcock Wood
Bacon Monroe
Bagley Grant
Baileys Harbor Door
Baldwin St. Croix
Balsam Lake (c. h.) Polk
Bancroft Portage
Bangor La Crosse
Baraboo (c. h.) Sauk
Barkdale Bayfield
Barneveld Iowa
Barnum Crawford
Barron (c. h.) Barron
Baronett Barron
Barton Washington
Basco Dane
Bassett Kenosha
Pass Lake Langlade
Basswood Richland
Batley, F. R. D. Sta.
Batory Portage
Bay City Pierce
Bayfield Bayfield

Bay Settlement	Brown	<i>Brule</i>	Douglas
(Bay View, Station)	Milwaukee	<i>Brushville</i>	Waushara
<i>Bear Valley</i>	Richland	<i>Brussels</i>	Door
<i>Beatrice</i>	Adams	<i>Bryant</i>	Langlade
<i>Beauchen</i>	Sawyer	<i>Buckman</i>	Brown
<i>Beaver</i>	Marquette	<i>Budsin</i>	Marquette
<i>Beaver Dam</i>	Dodge	<i>Bundy</i>	Lincoln
<i>Beeton</i>	Grant	<i>Bunyan</i>	Polk
<i>Beldenville</i>	Pierce	<i>Burke</i>	Dane
<i>Belgium</i>	Ozaukee	<i>Burkhardt</i>	St. Croix
<i>Bell</i>	Bayfield	<i>Burlington</i>	Racine
<i>Bell Center</i>	Crawford	<i>Burnett Junction</i>	Dodge
<i>Belleplaine</i>	Shawano	<i>Burr</i>	Vernon
<i>Bellville</i>	Dane	<i>Burroak</i>	La Crosse
<i>Bellwood</i>	Douglas	<i>Butte des Morts</i>	Winnebago
<i>Belmont</i>	Lafayette	<i>Butternut</i>	Ashland
<i>Beloit</i>	Rock	<i>Byrdscreek</i>	Richland
<i>Bennet</i>	Douglas	<i>Byron</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Benoit</i>	Bayfield		
<i>Benton</i>	Lafayette	C.	
<i>Berlin</i>	Green Lake	<i>Cable</i>	Bayfield
<i>Bethel</i>	Wood	<i>Cadott</i>	Chippewa
<i>Bevent</i>	Marathon	<i>Cainville</i>	Rock
<i>Bibon</i>	Bayfield	<i>Calamine</i>	Lafayette
<i>Bigfalls</i>	Waupaca	<i>Caledonia</i>	Racine
<i>Bigflats</i>	Adams	<i>Calhoun</i>	Waukesha
<i>Birch Island</i>	Burnett	<i>Calumetville</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Birchlake</i>	Bayfield	<i>Calvary</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Birchwood</i>	Washburn	<i>Cambria</i>	Columbia
<i>Biramwood</i>	Shawano	<i>Cambridge</i>	Dane
<i>Blackcreek</i>	Outagamie	<i>Cameron</i>	Barron
<i>Black Earth</i>	Dane	<i>Campbellsport</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Blackhawk</i>	Sauk	<i>Camp Douglas</i>	Juneau
<i>Black River Falls (c. h.)</i>	Jackson	<i>Campia</i>	Barron
<i>Blair</i>	Trempealeau	<i>Camp Lake</i>	Kenosha
<i>Blairmoor</i>	Dunn	<i>Canton</i>	Barron
<i>Blake</i>	Polk	<i>Carnot</i>	Door
<i>Blanchardville</i>	Lafayette	<i>Caroline</i>	Shawano
<i>Blenker</i>	Wood	<i>Carter</i>	Forest
<i>Bloom City</i>	Richland	<i>Caryville</i>	Dunn
<i>Bloomer</i>	Chippewa	<i>Cascade</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Bloomfield</i>	Walworth	<i>Casco</i>	Kewaunee
<i>Bloomington</i>	Grant	<i>Cashton</i>	Monroe
<i>Bloomville</i>	Lincoln	<i>Casimir</i>	Portage
<i>Blueberry</i>	Douglas	<i>Cassian</i>	Oneida
<i>Bluemounds</i>	Dane	<i>Cassville</i>	Grant
<i>Blue River</i>	Grant	<i>Castlerock</i>	Grant
<i>Boardman</i>	St. Croix	<i>Catawact</i>	Monroe
<i>Boaz</i>	Richland	<i>Catawba</i>	Price
<i>Boltonville</i>	Washington	<i>Cato</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Bonduel</i>	Shawan	<i>Cavour</i>	Forest
<i>Borth</i>	Waushara	<i>Cazenovia</i>	Richland
<i>Boscobel</i>	Grant	<i>Cecil</i>	Shawano
<i>Bowers</i>	Walworth	<i>Cedar</i>	Iron
<i>Boyceville</i>	Dunn	<i>Cedarburg</i>	Ozaukee
<i>Boys</i>	Chippewa	<i>Cedarfalls</i>	Dunn
<i>Brackett</i>	Eau Claire	<i>Cedargrove</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Branch</i>	Manitowoc	<i>Centerville</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Brandan</i>	Fond du Lac	<i>Centuria</i>	Polk
<i>Brantwood</i>	Price	<i>Chaffey</i>	Douglas
<i>Breed</i>	Oconto	<i>Champion</i>	Brown
<i>Brehm</i>	Taylor	<i>Chapman</i>	Barron
<i>Bridgeport</i>	Crawford	<i>Chase</i>	Oconto
<i>Bright</i>	Clark	<i>Chaseburg</i>	Vernon
<i>Briggsville</i>	Marquette	<i>Chat</i>	Lincoln
<i>Brill</i>	Barron	<i>Chelsea</i>	Taylor
<i>Brillion</i>	Calumet	<i>Chester</i>	Dodge
<i>Brinkman</i>	Vernon	<i>Chetek</i>	Barron
<i>Bristol</i>	Kenosha	<i>Chicog</i>	Washburn
<i>Bristow</i>	Vernon	<i>Chili</i>	Clark
<i>Broadhead</i>	Green	<i>Chilton (c. h.)</i>	Calumet
<i>Broederville</i>	Taylor	<i>Chimneyrock</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Brokaw</i>	Marathon	<i>Chippewa Falls (c. h.)</i>	Chippewa
<i>Brookfield</i>	Waukesha	<i>Citypoint</i>	Jackson
<i>Brooklyn</i>	Green	<i>Clam Falls</i>	Polk
<i>Brookside</i>	Oconto	<i>Clarno</i>	Green
<i>Browning</i>	Marquette	<i>Clay</i>	Jackson
<i>Brownsville</i>	Dodge	<i>Clayton</i>	Folk
<i>Brownstown</i>	Green		
<i>Bruce</i>	Gates		

Claywood Oconto
 Clearlake Polk
 Cleveland Manitowoc
 Clifford Price
 Clinton Rock
 Clintonville Waupaca
 Clyde Iowa
 Clyman Dodge
 Cobb Iowa
 Cobban Chippewa
 Cochran Buffalo
 Colburn Chippewa
 Colby Marathon
 Coleman Marinette
 Colfax Dunn
 Colgate Washington
 Collins Manitowoc
 Coloma Waushara
 Coloma Station Waushara
 Columbia Clark
 Columbus Columbia
 Combined Locks Outagamie
 Commonweath Florence
 Comstock Barron
 Conover Vilas
 Coomer Burnett
 Coon Valley Vernon
 (Coopers Station, Racine.)
 Cooperstown Manitowoc
 Corinth Marathon
 Corliss Racine
 Cornell Chippewa
 Cornucopia Bayfield
 Cottagegrove Dane
 Cotter Lincoln
 Couderay Sawyer
 Cox Chippewa
 Coyne Douglas
 Cranberry Center Juneau
 Grandon (c. h.) Forest
 Cranmor Wood
 Cream Buffalo
 Crivitz Marinette
 Crockers Landing Portage
 Crossplains Dane
 Cuba Grant
 Cudahy Milwaukee
 Cumberland Barron
 Curtiss Clark
 Cushing Polk
 Custer Portage
 Cylon St. Croix

D.

Dakota Waushara
 Dale Outagamie
 Dallas Barron
 Dancy Marathon
 Dane Dane
 Danville Dodge
 Darien Walworth
 Darlington (c. h.) Lafayette
 Dartford (c. h.) Green Lake
 Dayton Green
 Dedham Douglas
 Deerbrook Langlade
 Deerfield Dane
 Deerpark St. Croix
 Deforest Dane
 Delafield Waukesha
 Delavan Walworth
 Dellwood Bayfield
 Delton Sauk
 Denmark Brown
 Denzer Sauk
 DePere Brown
 Deronda Polk
 De Soto Vernon

Detroit Harbor Door
 Devil's Lake Sauk
 Dewhurst Clark
 Dexterville Wood
 Diamond Bluff Pierce
 Dickneysville Grant
 Dilly Vernon
 Disco Jackson
 Dodge Trempealeau
 Dodgeville (c. h.) Iowa
 Doelle Buffalo
 Doering Lincoln
 Donald Taylor
 Dongola Burnett
 Doran Burnett
 Dorchester Clark
 Dousman Waukesha
 Downing Dunn
 Downsview Dunn
 Doylestown Columbia
 Dracser Junction Polk
 Druecker Ozaukee
 Drummond Bayfield
 Dudley Lincoln
 Ducholm Polk
 Dunbar Marinette
 Dunbarton Lafayette
 Dundas Calumet
 Dunfield Lincoln
 Dunnville Dunn
 Duplainville Waukesha
 Durand (c. h.) Pepin

E.

Eagle Waukesha
 Eaglepoint Chippewa
 Eagle River (c. h.) Vilas
 East Bristol Dane
 East Delavan Walworth
 Eastman Crawford
 Easton Adams
 East Troy Walworth
 Eau Claire (c. h.) Eau Claire
 Eau Galle Dunn
 Eden Fond du Lac
 Edgar Marathon
 Edgerton Rock
 Edmund Iowa
 Edson Chippewa
 Eggan Chippewa
 Egg Harbor Door
 Ekdall Burnett
 Eland Shawano
 Etcho Langlade
 Elderon Marathon
 Eldorado Fond du Lac
 Eleva Trempealeau
 Elk creek Trempealeau
 Elkgrove Lafayette
 Elkhart Sheboygan
 Elkhorn (c. h.) Walworth
 Elkmound Dunn
 Ellenboro Grant
 Ellis Portage
 Ellison Bay Door
 Ellsworth (c. h.) Pierce
 Elmgrove Waukesha
 Elmhurst Langlade
 Elmo Grant
 Elmwood Pierce
 Elo Winnebago
 Elroy Juneau
 Elton Langlade
 Embarrass Waupaca
 Emerald St. Croix
 Emery Price
 Emet Gates

Hebel Brown
 Hegg Trempealeau
 Heineman Lincoln
 Helbig Polk
 Helenville Jefferson
 Heller Lincoln
 Herbert Pierce
 Herbster Bayfield
 Herman Dodge
 Hersey St. Croix
 Hertel Burnett
 Hewitt Wood
 Hickory Oconto
 Highbridge Ashland
 Highcliff Calumet
 Highland Iowa
 Hika Manitowoc
 Hubert Calumet
 Hilda Shawano
 Hiles Forest
 Hillsboro Vernon
 Hillsdale Barron
 Hillside Iowa
 Hines Douglas
 Hingham Sheboygan
 Hinkle Iron
 Hintz Oconto
 Hixton Jackson
 Hochheim Dodge
 Hofa Park Shawano
 Hogarty Marathon
 Holcombe Chippewa
 Holland Brown
 Hollandale Iowa
 Holmen La Crosse
 Holt Marathon
 Honeycreek Walworth
 Horicon Dodge
 Horns Corners Ozaukee
 Horseman Gates
 Hortonville Outagamie
 Houghton Bayfield
 Houlton St. Croix
 Howards Grove Sheboygan
 Hubberton Jefferson
 Hub City Richland
 Hubertus Washington
 Hudson (c. h.) St. Croix
 Hulsburg Dodge
 Humbird Clark
 Hunting Shawano
 Hurley (c. h.) Iron
 Huron Chippewa
 Hustisford Dodge
 Hustler Juneau

I.

Independence Trempealeau
 Ingram Gates
 Institute Door
 Intervale Marinette
 Interwald Taylor
 Iota Waupaca
 Ipswich Lafayette
 Irma Lincoln
 Ironbelt Iron
 Iron Mountain Dodge
 Ironridge Dodge
 Iron River Bayfield
 Ironton Sauk
 Irving Jackson
 Irvington Dunn
 Island Lake Gates
 (Itasca, Ind. Sta. Superior.)
 Ithaca Richland
 Ironta Jefferson

J.

Jackson Washington
 Jacksonport Door
 Janesville (c. h.) Rock
 Station No. 1, N. Main & Milwaukee St.
 Jefferson (c. h.) Jefferson
 Jefferson Junction Jefferson
 Jennings Oneida
 Jensen Polk
 Jewett St. Croix
 Jim Falls Chippewa
 Joel Polk
 Johnson Marathon
 Johnson Creek Jefferson
 Jonesdale Iowa
 Juda Green
 Julia Washburn
 Junction Portage
 Juneau (c. h.) Dodge

K.

Kansville Racine
 Karlsborg Burnett
 Kaukauna Outagamie
 Rural Station.
 Sagole.
 Keegan Oconto
 Keelers Oneida
 Kekoskee Dodge
 Kelleybrook Oconto
 Kellnersville Manitowoc
 Kempster Langlade
 Kendall Monroe
 Kennan Price
 Kenosha (c. h.) Kenosha
 Station.

No. 1, 119 Milwaukee Ave.
 Kent Langlade
 Keshena Shawano
 Kewaskum Washington
 Kewaunee (c. h.) Kewaunee
 Keyeser Columbia
 Keystone Chippewa
 Kickbush Lincoln
 Kiel Manitowoc
 Kilbourn Columbia
 Kimball Iron
 Kimberly Outagamie
 Kingston Green Lake
 Kirchharn Washington
 Klevenville Dane
 Knapp Dunn
 Knowles Dodge
 Knowlton Marathon
 Knox Mills Price
 Koepnick Langlade
 Kohler Ozaukee
 Kolberg Door
 Konsted Marinette
 Konz Taylor
 Koshkonong Rock
 Kreinersville Burnett
 Kruger Burnett
 Kunesh Brown

L.

Lac du Flambeau Vilas
 La Crosse (c. h.) La Crosse
 Stations.
 No. 1, 803 Rose Street.
 No. 2, 1553 George Street.
 No. 3, 810 Market Street.
 Ladysmith (c. h.) Gates
 Lafarge Vernon

Milton Junction Rock
 Milwaukee (c. h.) Milwaukee

Stations.

A (South Side), 316-18 Reed Street.
 B (North West), 574-76 12th Street.
 C 744 3d Street.
 D 1015 Kinnickinnic.
 E 1390 Green Bay Ave.
 No. 1, 115 Grand Avenue.
 No. 2, 496 Murray Avenue.
 No. 3, 1112 Teutonia Avenue.
 No. 4, 2702 North Avenue.
 No. 5, 2629 Grand Avenue.
 No. 6, 420 Eleventh Avenue.
 No. 7, 468 Mitchell Street.
 No. 8, 1261 National Avenue.
 No. 9, 322 Chestnut St.
 No. 10, 1099 3d Street.
 No. 11, State and 48th Streets.
 No. 12, 2325 Vliet Street.
 No. 13, Ellen Street and Russell Avenue.
 No. 14, 1317 Forest Home Ave.
 No. 15, 194 Ogden Avenue.
 No. 16, Brady Street and Farwell Avenue.
 No. 17, 2828 Lisbon Avenue.
 No. 18, 2402 State Street.
 No. 19, 600 Grand Avenue.
 No. 20, 981 Booth Street.
 No. 21, 2104 Wells St.
 No. 22, 619 East Water Street.
 No. 23, 2101 North Ave. 2
 No. 24, 328 Grove St.
 No. 25, N. Ave. & 35th St.

Mindoro La Crosse
 Miner Juneau
 Mineral Point Iowa
 Minnesota Junction Dodge
 Minocqua Vilas
 Minong Washburn
 Misha Mokwa Buffalo
 Mishicot Manitowoc
 Mission Outagamie
 Modena Buffalo
 Monches Waukesha
 Mondovi Buffalo
 Monico Oneida
 Monroe (c. h.) Green
 Monroe Center Adams
 Montana Buffalo
 Montello (c. h.) Marquette
 Montfort Grant
 Monticello Green
 Montreal Iron
 Moon Marathon
 Moqua Bayfield
 Morgan Oconto
 Morley Langlade
 Moro Burnett
 Morris Shawano
 Morrison Brown
 Morrisonville Dane
 Morse Ashland
 Mosinee Marathon
 Mosling Oconto
 Mountain Oconto
 Mount Calvary Fond du Lac
 Mount Hope Grant
 Mount Horeb Dane

Rural Stations.

Mt. Vernon.
 Perry.
 Mount Ida Grant
 Mount Morris Waushara
 Mount Sterling Crawford
 Mount Tabor Vernon
 (Mount Vernon, R. Sta. Mount Horeb.)
 Mukwonago Waukesha
 Murry Gates
 Muscoda Grant

Muskego Waukesha
 Mylrea Marathon

N.

Namur Door
 Neshotah Waukesha
 Nashville Forest
 National Home Milwaukee
 Naugart Marathon
 Nayda Shawano
 Necedah Juneau
 Neenah Winnebago
 Neillsville (c. h.) Clark
 Nekoosa Wood
 Nelson Buffalo
 Nelsonville Portage
 Nenno Washington
 Nesho Dodge
 Neptune Richland
 Nero Manitowoc
 Neshkoro Marquette
 Newark Rock
 Newburg Washington
 Newcassel Fond du Lac
 New Centerville St. Croix
 New Diggings Lafayette
 Newfane Fond du Lac
 New Franken Brown
 New Glarus Green
 New Holstein Calumet
 New Lisbon Juneau
 New London Waupaca
 New Munster Kenosha
 New Richmond St. Croix
 New Rome Adams
 Newry Vernon
 Newton Vernon
 Niagara Marinette
 Niebull Adams
 Nobleton Washburn
 Norrie Marathon
 Norske Waupaca
 North Andover Grant
 Northbend Jackson
 North Bloomfield Walworth
 North Bristol Dane
 Northcape Racine
 North Crandon Forest
 Northfield Jackson
 North Fork Price
 North Fond du Lac Sta. Fond du Lac
 North Freedom Sauk
 North Hudson St. Croix
 Northlake Waukesha
 Northland Waupaca
 North Menomonie Dunn
 North Milwaukee Milwaukee
 Northport Waupaca
 North Prairie Waukesha
 Norwalk Monroe
 Norwaygrove Dane
 Norway Ridge Monroe
 Nutt Douglas
 Nye Polk

O.

Oak Center Fond du Lac
 Oakdale Monroe
 Oakfield Fond du Lac
 Oakgrove Dodge
 Oakland Burnett
 Oakridge Adams
 Oakwood Milwaukee
 Oconomowoc Waukesha
 Oconto (c. h.) Oconto
 Oconto Falls Oconto
 Odanah Ashland
 Ogdensburg Waupaca
 Ogema Price

<i>Okauchee</i>	Waukesha
<i>Okeo</i>	Columbia
<i>Olivet</i>	Pierce
<i>Omro</i>	Winnebago
<i>Onalaska</i>	La Crosse
<i>Oneida</i>	Brown
<i>Ono</i>	Pierce
<i>Ontario</i>	Vernon
<i>Oostburg</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Orange</i>	Burnett
<i>Oregon</i>	Dane
<i>Orfordville</i>	Rock
<i>Orienta</i>	Bayfield
<i>Ormsby</i>	Langlade
<i>Oscola</i> (c. h.)	Pierce
<i>Oshkosh</i> (c. h.)	Winnebago
	<i>Station.</i>
<i>Osseo</i>	No. 1, 87 Oregon St.
<i>Otjen</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Oulu</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Owen</i>	Bayfield
<i>Oxford</i>	Clark
	<i>Marquette</i>

P.

<i>Packwaukee</i>	Marquette
<i>Padus</i>	Forest
<i>Palmyra</i>	Jefferson
<i>Pansy</i>	Burnett
<i>Paoli</i>	Dane
<i>Pardeeville</i>	Columbia
<i>Parkfalls</i>	Price
<i>Parrish</i>	Langlade
<i>Paskin</i>	Barron
<i>Patchgrove</i>	Grant
<i>Pearson</i>	Langlade
<i>Pebbles</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Peet</i>	Burnett
<i>Pelicanlake</i>	Oneida
<i>Pella</i>	Shawano
<i>Pembine</i>	Marinette
<i>Pence</i>	Iron
<i>Pennington</i>	Price
<i>Pensaukee</i>	Oconto
<i>Pepin</i>	Pepin
<i>Perida</i>	Burnett
<i>Perkinstown</i>	Taylor
(Perry, R. Sta. Mount Horeb.)	
<i>Peru</i>	Portage
<i>Peshigo</i>	Marinette
<i>Petersburg</i>	Crawford
<i>Percaukee</i>	Waukesha
<i>Phillips</i> (c. h.)	Price
<i>Phipps</i>	Sawyer
<i>Phlox</i>	Langlade
<i>Pickerel</i>	Langlade
<i>Pickett</i>	Winnebago
<i>Pigeonfalls</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Pikelake</i>	Marathon
<i>Pinegrove</i>	Brown
<i>Pine River</i>	Waushara
<i>Piscataway</i>	Polk
<i>Pittsfield</i>	Brown
<i>Pittsville</i>	Wood
<i>Plain</i>	Sauk
<i>Plainfield</i>	Waushara
<i>Plainville</i>	Adams
<i>Plat</i>	Washington
<i>Platteville</i>	Grant
<i>Pleasant Prairie</i>	Kenosha
<i>Plotter</i>	Portage
<i>Plum City</i>	Pierce
<i>Plummer</i>	Iron
<i>Plymouth</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Pointbluff</i>	Adams
<i>Poland</i>	Brown
<i>Polar</i>	Langlade
<i>Polonia</i>	Portage
<i>Ponlatowski</i>	Marathon
<i>Poplar</i>	Douglas

<i>Porcupine</i>	Pepin
<i>Portage</i> (c. h.)	Columbia
<i>Port Edwards</i>	Wood
<i>Porterfield</i>	Marinette
<i>Portland</i>	Monroe
<i>Port Washington</i> (c. h.)	Ozaukee
<i>Portwing</i>	Bayfield
<i>Postlake</i>	Langlade
<i>Potosi</i>	Grant
<i>Potter</i>	Calumet
<i>Pound</i>	Marinette
<i>Powers Lake</i>	Kenosha
<i>Poynette</i>	Columbia
<i>Poyssippi</i>	Waushara
<i>Prairie du Chien</i> (c. h.)	Crawford
<i>Prairie du Sac</i>	Sauk
<i>Prairie Farm</i>	Barron
<i>Pratt</i>	Bayfield
<i>Pray</i>	Jackson
<i>Prentice</i>	Price
<i>Prescott</i>	Pierce
<i>Preston</i>	Grant
<i>Price</i>	Jackson
<i>Princeton</i>	Green Lake
<i>Progress</i>	Wood
<i>Pulaski</i>	Brown
<i>Pulifer</i>	Shawano

Q.

<i>Quarry</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Quincy</i>	Adams

R.

<i>Racine</i> (c. h.)	Racine
	<i>Independent Station.</i>
	<i>Racine Junction.</i>
	<i>Stations.</i>
	No. 1, 523 High St.
<i>Radisson</i>	Sawyer
<i>Ramona</i>	Green
<i>Randall</i>	Burnett
<i>Randolph</i>	Dodge
<i>Random Lake</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Range</i>	Polk
<i>Ranney</i>	Kenosha
<i>Rapp</i>	Monroe
<i>Readfield</i>	Waupaca
<i>Readstown</i>	Vernon
<i>Redcedar</i>	Dunn
<i>Redcliff</i>	Bayfield
<i>Redgranite</i>	Waushara
<i>Red Springs</i>	Shawano
<i>Reedsburg</i>	Sauk
<i>Reedsville</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Reeseville</i>	Dodge
<i>Reeve</i>	Barron
<i>Regina</i>	Shawano
<i>Reserve</i>	Sawyer
<i>Retreat</i>	Vernon
<i>Rewey</i>	Iowa
<i>Rhinelander</i> (c. h.)	Oneida
<i>Rib Falls</i>	Marathon
<i>Riblake</i>	Taylor
<i>Rice Lake</i>	Barron
<i>Richardson</i>	Polk
<i>Richfield</i>	Washington
<i>Richford</i>	Waushara
<i>Richland Center</i> (c. h.)	Richland
<i>Richmond</i>	Walworth
<i>Richwood</i>	Dodge
<i>Ridgeland</i>	Dunn
<i>Ridgeway</i>	Iowa
<i>Riley</i>	Dane
<i>Ringle</i>	Marathon
<i>Rio</i>	Columbia
<i>Ripon</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>River Falls</i>	Pierce
<i>Riverside</i>	Shawano

Robbins Oneida
 Roberts St. Croix
 Roche a Cri Adams
 Rochester Racine
 Rockbridge Richland
 Rockdale Dane
 Rockelm Pierce
 Rockfalls Dunn
 Rockfield Washington
 Rockland La Crosse
 Rockmont Douglas
 Rockton Vernon
 Rockville Grant
 Rodney Waushara
 Rolling Prairie Dodge
 Rome Jefferson
 Rooney Burnett
 Roosevelt Shawano
 Rootcreek Milwaukee
 Roseau Shawano
 Rosendale Fond du Lac
 Rosholt Portage
 Roy Gates
 Royalton Waupaca
 Rozellville Marathon
 Rubicon Dodge
 Ruby Chippewa
 Rudolph Wood
 Rushlake Winnebago
 Rusk Dunn
 Russell Trempealeau

S.

Sabin Richland
 (Sagole R. Stat. Kaukauna.)
 Saint Anna Sheboygan
 Saint Cloud Fond du Lac
 Saint Croix Falls Polk
 Saint Francis Milwaukee
 Saint Joseph La Crosse
 Saint Lawrence Washington
 Saint Michaels Washington
 Saint Nazians Manitowoc
 Salem Kenosha
 Salter Washington
 Sampson Oconto
 Sams Taylor
 Sanborn Ashland
 Sandcreek Dunn
 Sandrock Iron
 Sandusky Sauk
 Saratoga Wood
 Sarona Washburn
 Sauk City Sauk
 Saukville Ozaukee
 Sawyer Door
 Sawville Waushara
 Saxon Iron
 Sayner Vilas
 Scandinavia Waupaca
 Shaack Taylor
 Schleisingerville Washington
 Schofield Marathon
 Schultz Green
 Sechternville Jackson
 Seneca Crawford
 Seatonville Richland
 Seymour Outagamie
 Shamrock Jackson
 Shanagolden Ashland
 Shantytown Marathon
 Sharon Walworth
 Shawano (c. h.) Shawano
 Sheboygan (c. h.) Sheboygan
 Sheboygan Falls Sheboygan
 Shell Lake (c. h.) Washburn
 Shemington Monroe
 Sheridan Waupaca
 Sherman Waupaca
 Sherry Wood

Sherwood Calumet
 Shiocton Outagamie
 Shirley Brown
 Shopiere Rock
 Shullsburg Lafayette
 Silverlake Kenosha
 Sinsinawa Grant
 Siren Burnett
 Sister Bay Door
 Stades Corners Kenosha
 Slim Lake Washburn
 Snell Marathon
 Sobieski Oconto
 Soldiers Grove Crawford
 Solon Springs Douglas
 Somers Kenosha
 Somerset St. Croix
 Somo Lincoln
 South Byron Fond du Lac
 South Germantown Washington
 South Kaukauna Outagamie
 South Milwaukee Milwaukee
 South Range Douglas
 (South Side Sta. Milwaukee.)
 South Wayne Lafayette
 Sparta (c. h.) Monroe
 Spencer Marathon
 Spirit Price
 Spider Lake Vilas
 Spirit Price
 Spirit Falls Lincoln
 Splitrock Shawano
 Spokeville Clark
 Spooner Washburn
 Springbluff Adams
 Springbrook Washburn
 Springcreek Adams
 Springfield Walworth
 Springgreen Sauk
 Springlake Waushara
 Spring Prairie Walworth
 Springvalley Pierce
 Springville Vernon
 Spruce Oconto
 Staadt Marathon
 Stangelville Kewaunee
 Stanley Chippewa
 Stanton Saint Croix
 Stark Manitowoc
 Starlake Vilas
 Star Prairie Saint Croix
 Stateline Vilas
 Stetsonville Taylor
 Stettin Marathon
 Steuben Crawford
 Stevensons Pier Door
 Stevens Point (c. h.) Portage
 Stiles Oconto
 Stitzer Grant
 Stockbridge Calumet
 Stockholm Pepin
 Stockton Portage
 Stoddard Vernon
 Stoughton Dane
 Stratford Marathon
 Strickland Gates
 Strongs Prairie Adams
 Strum Trempealeau
 Sturgeon Bay (c. h.) Door
 Suamico Brown
 Sugarbush Outagamie
 Sullivan Jefferson
 Summit Lake Langlade
 Sun Prairie Dane
 Superior (c. h.) Douglas

Independent Stations.

Allouez.
 Itasca.
 A. (Old Superior.)
 B. (South Superior.)
 Station.
 No. 1, 1905 Iowa Ave.

<i>Surging</i>	Oconto	<i>Verona</i>	Dane
<i>Swesed</i>	Waukesha	<i>Vesper</i>	Wood
<i>Sweden</i>	Bayfield	<i>Veteran</i>	Burnett
<i>Swiss</i>	Burnett	<i>Victory</i>	Vernon
<i>Syene</i>	Dane	<i>Vienna</i>	Walworth
<i>Sylvan</i>	Richland	<i>Viola</i>	Richland
<i>Symco</i>	Waupaca	<i>Viroqua (c. h.)</i>	Vernon

T.

<i>Tamarack</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Tarrant</i>	Pepin
<i>Tavera</i>	Richland
<i>Taycheedah</i>	Pond du Lac
<i>Taylor</i>	Jackson
<i>Tell</i>	Buffalo
<i>Templeton</i>	Waukesha
<i>Terেসita</i>	Gates
<i>Theresa</i>	Dodge
<i>Thiensville</i>	Ozaukee
<i>Thorp</i>	Clark
<i>Three Lakes</i>	Oneida
<i>Tiffany</i>	Rock
<i>Tigeyton</i>	Shawano
<i>Tilleda</i>	Shawano
<i>Timberland</i>	Burnett
<i>Timme</i>	Oconto
<i>Timothy</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Tioga</i>	Clark
<i>Tisch Mills</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Tomah</i>	Monroe
<i>Tomahawk</i>	Lincoln
<i>Tomahawk Lake</i>	Oneida
<i>Tony</i>	Gates
<i>Tornado</i>	Door
<i>Townsend</i>	Oconto
<i>Tracelake</i>	Burnett
<i>Trade River</i>	Burnett
<i>Tramway</i>	Dunn
<i>Trempealeau</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Trevor</i>	Kenosha
<i>Tripoli</i>	Oneida
<i>Trippville</i>	Vernon
<i>Troy</i>	Walworth
<i>Troy Center</i>	Walworth
<i>Truesdell</i>	Kenosha
<i>Truman</i>	Lafayette
<i>Tunnel City</i>	Monroe
<i>Turtle Lake</i>	Barron
<i>Tascobla</i>	Barron
<i>Tustin</i>	Waushara
<i>Twinbluffs</i>	Richland
<i>Twinlakes</i>	Kenosha
<i>Two Rivers</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Tyrone</i>	Green

U.

<i>Underhill</i>	Oconto
<i>Union Center</i>	Juneau
<i>Uniongrove</i>	Racine
<i>Unity</i>	Marathon
<i>Upson</i>	Iron
<i>Urne</i>	Buffalo
<i>Urquhart</i>	Taylor

V.

<i>Valders</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Valley</i>	Vernon
<i>Valley Junction</i>	Monroe
<i>Valton</i>	Sauk
<i>Van Buskirk</i>	Iron
<i>Vandriessen</i>	Adams
<i>Fandyne</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Veedum</i>	Wood
<i>Veefkind</i>	Clark

W.

<i>Wabeno</i>	Forest
<i>Wagner</i>	Marinette
<i>Waino</i>	Douglas
<i>Waldo</i>	Sheboygan
<i>Waldwick</i>	Iowa
<i>Wales</i>	Waukesha
<i>Wallace</i>	Sawyer
<i>Walsh</i>	Marinette
<i>Walworth</i>	Walworth
<i>Warrens</i>	Monroe
<i>Wascott</i>	Douglas
<i>Washburn (c. h.)</i>	Bayfield
<i>Washington Harbor</i>	Door
<i>Waterford</i>	Racine
<i>Waterloo</i>	Jefferson
<i>Watertown</i>	Jefferson
<i>Waucousta</i>	Forest
<i>Waukau</i>	Winnebago
<i>Waukesha (c. h.)</i>	Waukesha
<i>Waumandee</i>	Buffalo
<i>Waunakee</i>	Dane
<i>Waupaca (c. h.)</i>	Waupaca
<i>Waupun</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>Wausau (c. h.)</i>	Marathon
<i>Wausaukee</i>	Marinette
<i>Wautoma (c. h.)</i>	Waushara
<i>Waucatosa</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Wauzeka</i>	Crawford
<i>Wayne</i>	Washington
<i>Wayside</i>	Brown
<i>Webake</i>	Burnett
<i>Webster</i>	Burnett
<i>Welcome</i>	Outagamie
<i>Wentworth</i>	Douglas
<i>Wequock</i>	Brown
<i>Werley</i>	Grant
<i>West Allis</i>	Milwaukee
<i>West Bend (c. h.)</i>	Washington
<i>West Bloomfield</i>	Waushara
<i>Westboro</i>	Taylor
<i>Westby</i>	Vernon
<i>West DePere</i>	Brown
<i>Westfield</i>	Marquette
<i>West Lima</i>	Richland
<i>Weston</i>	Dunn
<i>West Prairie</i>	Vernon
<i>West Rosendale</i>	Fond du Lac
<i>West Salem</i>	La Crosse
<i>West Sweden</i>	Polk
<i>Weyauvega</i>	Waupaca
<i>Weyerhaeuser</i>	Gates
<i>Wheatland</i>	Kenosha
<i>Wheeler</i>	Dunn
<i>Whitcomb</i>	Shawano
<i>Whitcreek</i>	Adams
<i>Whitefish Bay</i>	Milwaukee
<i>Whitehall (c. h.)</i>	Trempealeau
<i>Whitelaw</i>	Manitowoc
<i>Whitemound</i>	Sauk
<i>Whiteoak</i>	Lafayette
<i>Whitewater</i>	Walworth
<i>Whittlesey</i>	Taylor
<i>Wiehe</i>	Douglas
<i>Wildrose</i>	Waushara
<i>Williams Bay</i>	Walworth
<i>(Williamsburg, Sta. Milwaukee.)</i>	
<i>Wilmot</i>	Kenosha
<i>Wilson</i>	St. Croix
<i>Willton</i>	Monroe
<i>Windsor</i>	Dane

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

623

Winnebago	Winnebago	Wrightstown	Brown
Winneconne	Winnebago	Wyalusing	Grant
Wiotia	Lafayette	Wyeville	Monroe
Wisconsin Veterans' Home	Waupaca	Wycocena	Columbia
Withee	Clark	Wyoming	Iowa
Wittenberg	Shawano		
Witwen	Sauk		
Wolfcreek	Polk		
Wonevoo	Juneau		
Woodboro	Oneida	Yellowlake	Burnett
Woodford	Lafayette	Yellowstone	Lafayette
Woodland	Dodge	York	Jackson
Woodlawn	Sauk	Yuba	Richland
Woodman	Grant		
Woodruff	Vilas		
Woodstock	Richland		
Woodville	St. Croix		
Woodworth	Kenosha	Zander	Manitowoc
Worcester	Price	Zanoni	Juneau
Worden	Clark	Zenda	Walworth
Worth	Polk	Ziegler	Marathon

Y.

Z.

POST OFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

JANUARY 1, 1905.

ARRANGED BY COUNTIES.

Offices in *italic* type are money order offices, authorized to issue and pay money orders. Offices indicated by the sign § are authorized to issue "limited money orders," but not money orders, nor to pay either limited money or money orders, and those marked with a double dagger (§) post offices discontinued for the winter.

By the letters *c. h.* in parentheses, thus: (*c. h.*), county seats are indicated.

ADAMS.	<i>Hagen.</i> <i>Hillsdale.</i> Lehigh. <i>Mikana.</i> <i>Paskin.</i> <i>Prairie Farm.</i> <i>Reeve.</i> <i>Rice Lake.</i> <i>Turtle Lake.</i> Tuscobia.	Langes. Lark. Little Rapids. Mills Center. <i>Morrison.</i> <i>New Franken.</i> Oneida. Pinegrove. Pittsfield. Poland. Pulaski. Shirley. <i>Suamico.</i> <i>Wayside.</i> Wequico. <i>West Deper.</i> <i>Wrightstown.</i>	<i>Orange.</i> Pansy. Peet. Perida. Randall. Rooney. Siren. Swiss. Timberland. <i>Tradelake.</i> Trade River. Veteran. <i>Weblake.</i> <i>Webster.</i> Yellow Lake.
<i>Adams Center.</i> Arbutus. <i>Arkdale.</i> Beatrice. Bigflats. <i>Easton.</i> <i>Friendship (c. h.)</i> Glen. Grandmarsh. Hadlock Leola. Mars. Monroe Center. New Rome. Niebull. Oakbridge. Plainville. Pointbluff. Quincy. Roche a Cri. Springbluff. Springcreek. <i>Strongs Prairie.</i> Vandriessen. <i>Whitcreek.</i>	BAYFIELD. Annita. Ashland Junction. Barksdale. § <i>Bayfield.</i> Bell. Benoit. <i>Bibon.</i> Birchlake. <i>Cable.</i> <i>Cornucopia.</i> Dellwood. <i>Drummond.</i> Engoe. Herbster. Houghton. <i>Iron River.</i> Leonard. <i>Mason.</i> Moquah. Orienta. Oulu. <i>Portwing.</i> <i>Pratt.</i> Redcliff. Sweden. <i>Washburn (c. h.)</i>	BUFFALO. <i>Alma (c. h.)</i> Anchorage. <i>Cochrane.</i> <i>Cream.</i> Doelle. <i>Fountain City.</i> <i>Gilmanton.</i> Lookout. Misha Mokwa. <i>Modena.</i> <i>Mondovi.</i> <i>Montana.</i> <i>Nelson.</i> <i>Tell.</i> Urne. <i>Waumandee.</i>	CALUMET. <i>Brillon.</i> <i>Chilton (c. h.)</i> Dundas. <i>Forst Junction.</i> <i>Hayton.</i> Highcliff. <i>Hilbert.</i> <i>New Holstein.</i> Potter. <i>Sherwood.</i> <i>Stockbridge.</i>
ASHLAND.			CHIPPEWA.
<i>Ashland (c. h.)</i> <i>Butternut.</i> <i>Glidden.</i> Highbridge. Lapointe. <i>Marcngo.</i> Mellen. Morse. <i>Odanah.</i> Sanborn. Shanagolden.	BROWN. Askeaton. Barksdale. Bay Settlement. Buckman. Champion. <i>Denmark.</i> <i>DePere.</i> Flintville. Fontenoy. Forks. (Port Howard.) <i>Greenbay (c. h.)</i> Hebel. Holland. Kunesh.	BURNETT. Aaron. Alstad. Birch Island. Coomer. Dangola. Doran. Ekdall. <i>Falun.</i> Gaslyn. <i>Grantsburg (c. h.)</i> <i>Hertel.</i> Karlsborg. Kreinersville. <i>Kruger.</i> Leaf. <i>May.</i> Moro. Oakland.	Albertville. <i>Bloomer.</i> <i>Boyd.</i> <i>Cadott.</i> <i>Chippewa</i> Falls (<i>c. h.</i>) Cobban. Colburn. Cornel.. Cox. Eaglepoint. Edson. Eggan. Estella. <i>Holcombe.</i> Huron. Jim Falls. Keystone. <i>New Auburn.</i> Ruby. <i>Stanley.</i>
BARRON.			CLARK.
<i>Almena.</i> Arland. <i>Barron (c. h.)</i> Barronett. <i>Brill.</i> <i>Cameron.</i> Campla. <i>Canton.</i> <i>Chapman.</i> <i>Chetek.</i> <i>Comstock.</i> <i>Cumberland.</i> <i>Davas.</i>			Abbotsford.

Bright.
Chili.
Columbia.
Curtiss.
Dewhurst.
Dorchester.
Globe.
Granton.
Greenwood.
Humbird.
Longwood.
Loyal.
Neillsville (c. h.)
Owen.
Spokeville.
Thorp.
Tioga.
Veeckind.
Withee.
Worden.

COLUMBIA.

Arlington.
Cambria.
Columbus.
Doylestown.
Fallriver.
Keyeser.
Kilbourn.
Levee.
Lodi.
Okee.
Pardecville.
Portage (c. h.)
Poynette.
Rio.
Wyocena.

CRAWFORD.

Barnum.
Bell Center.
Bridgeport.
Eastman.
Ferryville.
Gays Mills.
Lynxville.
Mount Sterling.
Petersburg.
Prairie du
Chien (c. h.)
Seneca.
Soldiers Grove.
Steuben.
Wauzeka.

DANE.

Albion.
Basco.
Belleville.
Black Earth.
Blumounds.
Burke.
Cambridge.
Cottagegrove.
Crossplains.
Dane.
Deerfield.
Deforest.
East Bristol.
Fitchburg.
Klevenville.
London.
Macfarland.
Madison (c. h.)
Marshall.
Mazomanie.
Mendota.
Middleton.
Morrisonville.
Mount Horeb.

(Mount Vernon.)
North Bristol.
Norwaygrove.
Oregon.
Paoli.
(Perry.)
Riley.
Rockdale.
Stoughton.
Sun Prairie.
Syene.
Verona.
Waunakee.
Windsor.

DODGE.

Ashippun.
Atwater.
Beaverdam.
Brownsville.
Burnett Junction.
Chester.

Clyman.
Danville.
Fossilake.
Herman.
Hochheim.
Horicon.
Hullsburg.
Hustisford.
Iron Mountain.
Ironridge.
Juncou (c. h.)
Kekoskec.
Knowles.
Lebanon.
Leroy.
Lomira.
Lowell.
Marshville.
Mayville.
Minnesota Junction.
Neosho.
Oakgrove.
Randolph.
Reeseville.
Richwood.
Rolling Prairie.
Rubicon.
Theresa.
Woodland.

DOOR.

Baileys Harbor.
Brussels.
Carnot.
Detroit Harbor.
Egg Harbor.
Ellison Bay.
Ephraim.
Fishcreek.
Forestville.
Institute.
Jacksonport.
Kolberg.
Little Sturgeon.
Namur.
Sawyer.
Sister Bay.
Stevensons Pier.
Sturgeon Bay (c. h.)
Tornado.
Washington Harbor.

DOUGLAS.

(Allouez.)
Bellwood.

Bennett.
Blueberry.
Brule.
Chaffey.
Coyle.
Dedham.
Foxboro.
Gordon.
Hawthorne.
Hines.
(Itaska.)
Lake Nebagamon.
Maple.
Nutt.
Poplar.
Rockmont.
Solon Springs.
South Range.
Superior (c. h.)
Waino.
Wascott.
Wentworth.
Wiehe.

DUNN.

Blairmoor.
Boycerville.
Caryville.
Cedarfalls.
Colfax.
Downing.
Downsville.
Dunnville.
Eau Galle.
Elkmound.
Graytown.
Irvington.
Knapp.
Lochiel.
Menomonie (c. h.)
Meridian.
North Menomonie.
Redcedar.
Ridgeland.
Rockfalls.
Rusk.
Sandcreek.
Tramway.
Weston.
Wheeler.

EAU CLAIRE.

Altoona.
Augusta.
Brackett.
Eau Claire (c. h.)
Fairchild.
Fallcreek.
Luddington.

FLORENCE.

Commonwealth.
Fence.
Florence (c. h.)

FOND DU LAC.

Brandon.
Byron.
Calumetville.
Calvary.
Campbellsport.
Eden.
Eldorado.
Fairwater.
Fond du Lac (c. h.)
Garnet.
Hamilton.
Malone.

Marblehead.
Mount Calvary.
Newcassel.
Newfane.
(North Fond du Lac.)

Oak Center.
Oakfield.
Peebles.
Ripon.
Rosendale.
Saint Cloud.
South Byron.
Taycheedah.
Vandyne.
Waucosta.
Waupun.
West Rosendale.

FOREST.

Armstrong Creek.
Carter.
Cavour.
Crandon (c. h.)
Hiles.
Laona.
Nashville.
North Crandon.
Padus.
Wabeno.

GATES.

Apollonia.
Atlanta.
Bruce.
Emet.
Fern.
Flambeau.
Glenora.
Hawkins.
Horseman.
Ingram.
Island Lake.
Ladysmith (c. h.)
Murry.
Roy.
Strickland.
Teresita.
Tony.
Weyerhauser.

GRANT.

Bagley.
Beetown.
Bloomington.
Blue River.
Boscobel.
Cassville.
Castlerock.
Cuba.
Dickeysville.
Ellenboro.
Elmo.
Fairplay.
Fennimore.
Georgetown.
Glenhaven.
Hazeegreen.
Lancaster (c. h.)
Livingston.
Louisburg.
McCartney.
Millville.
Moutfort.
Mounthope.
Mount Ida.
Muscodia.
North Andover.
Patchgrove.
Platteville.

Potosi.
Preston.
Rockville.
Sinsinawa.
Stitzer.
Werley.
Woodman.
Wyalusing.

GREEN.

Albany.
Attica.
Brodhead.
Brooklyn.
Browntown.
Clarno.
Dayton.
Juda.
Martintown.
Monroe (c. h.)
Monticello.
New Glarus.
Ramona.
Schultz.
Tyrone.

GREEN LAKE.

Berlin.
Dartford (c. h.)
Fairburn.
Kingston.
Manchester.
Markesan.
Marquette.
Princeton.

IOWA.

Arena.
Avoca.
Barnesville.
Clyde.
Cobb.
Dodgeville (c. h.)
Edmund.
Highland.
Hillside.
Hollandale.
Jonesdale.
Linden.
Mifflin.
Mineralpoint.
Rewey.
Ridgeway.
Waldwick.
Wyoming.

IRON.

Cedar.
Gile.
Hinkle.
Hurley (c. h.)
Ironbelt.
Kimball.
Manitowish.
Mercer.
Montreal.
Pence.
Plummer.
Sandrock.
Saron.
Upson.
Van Buskirk.

JACKSON.

Alma Center.
Black River Falls
(c. h.)
Citypoint.

Clay.
Disco.
Hatfield.
Horton.
Irving.
Levis.
Melrose.
Merrillan.
Millston.
Northbend.
Northfield.
Pray.
Price.
Secherville.
Shanrock.
Taylor.
York.

JEFFERSON.

Fort Atkinson.
Helenville.
Hubbleton.
Ionia.
Jefferson (c. h.)
Jefferson Junction.
Johnson Creek.
Lakemills.
Palmyra.
Rome.
Sullivan.
Waterloo.
Watertown.

JUNEAU.

Armenia.
Camp Douglas.
Cranberry Center.
Etroy.
Finley.
Germanatown.
Hustler.
Lyndon Station.
Mather.
Mauston (c. h.)
Meadow Valley.
Miner.
Necedah.
New Lisbon.
Union Center.
Woneewoc.
Zanoni.

KENOSHA.

Bassett.
Bristol.
Camp Lake.
Foxriver.
Kenosha (c. h.)
New Munster.
Pleasant Prairie.
Powers Lake.
Ranney.
Salem.
Silverlake.
Slades Corners.
Somers.
Trevor.
Truesdell.
Trimbles.
Wheatland.
Wilnot.
Woodworth.

KEWAUNEE.

Algoma.
Casco.
Kewaunee (c. h.)
Luxembourg.

Stangelville.

LA CROSSE.

Bangor.
Burroak.
Holmen.
La Crosse (c. h.)
Lytle.
Midway.
Mindoro.
Onalaska.
Rockland.
Saint Joseph.
West Salem.

LAFAYETTE.

Argyle.
Belmont.
Benton.
Blanchardville.
Calamine.
Darlington (c. h.)
Dunbarton.
Elkgrove.
Etna.
Fayette.
Gratiot.
Ipswich.
Lamont.
Leadmine.
Leslie.
Meeker's Grove.
New Diggings.
Shullsburg.
South Wayne.
Truman.
Whiteoak.
Wiota.
Woodford.
Yellowstone.

LANGLADE.

Antigo (c. h.)
Bass Lake.
Bryant.
Deerbrook.
Elcho.
Elmhurst.
Elton.
Kempster.
Kent.
Koepenick.
Langlade.
Lily.
Markton.
Morley.
Ormsby.
Parrish.
Pearson.
Phlox.
Pickerel.
Polar.
Postlake.
Summit Lake.

LINCOLN.

Bloomville.
Bundy.
Chat.
Cotter.
Doering.
Dudley.
Dunfield.
Gleason.
Gonda.
Heineman.
Heller.

Irma.
Kickbush.
Merrill (c. h.)
Somo.
Spirit Falls.
Tomahawk.

MANITOWOC.

Alverno.
Branch.
Cato.
Cleveland.
Collins.
Cooperstown.
Grimms.
Hika.
Kellnersville.
Kiel.
Manitowoc (c. h.)
Mishicot.
Nero.
Quarry.
Reedsville.
Saint Nazianz.
Stark.
Timothy.
Tisch Mills.
Two Rivers.
Valders.
Whitelaw.
Zander.

MARATHON.

Ashley.
Athens.
Bevent.
Brokaw.
Colby.
Corinth.
Dancy.
Edgar.
Elderon.
Emmerich.
Fenwood.
Galoway.
Granite Heights.
Halder.
Hamburg.
Hatley.
Hogarfy.
Holt.
Johnson.
Knorlton.
McMillan.
Marathon.
March.
Milan.
Moon.
Mosinec.
Mytrea.
Naugart.
Norrie.
Pikelake.
Ponlatowski.
Rib Falls.
Ringle.
Rozellville.
Schofield.
Shantytown.
Snell.
Spencer.
Staad.
Stettin.
Stratford.
Unity.
Wausau (c. h.)
Ziegler.

MARINETTE.

Ahberg.
Athelstane.
Beaver.
Coleman.
Crivitz.
Dunbar.
Goll.
Intervale.
Konsted.
McAllister.
Marinette (c. h.)
Menekaunee.
Middle Inlet.
Niagara.
Pembine.
Peshigo.
Porterfield.
Pound.
Wagner.
Walsh.
Wausaukee.

MARQUETTE.

Briggsville.
Browning.
Budsln.
Endeavor.
Germania.
Harrisville.
Mecan.
Montello (c. h.)
Neshkoro.
Oxford.
Packwaukee.
Westfield.

MILWAUKEE.

(Bay View.)
Cudahy.
Granville.
Hales Corners.
Milwaukee (c. h.)
National Home.
North Milwaukee.
Oakwood.
Otjen.
Rootcreek.
Saint Francis.
South Milwaukee.
(South Side.)
Wauwatosa.
West Allis.
Whitefish Bay.
(Williamsburg.)

MONROE.

Bacon.
Cashton.
Cataract.
Glendale.
Kendall.
Leon.
Melvina.
Norwalk.
Norway Ridge.
Oakdale.
Portland.
Rapp.
Shennington.
Sparta (c. h.)
Tomah.
Tunnel City.
Valley Junction.
Warrens.

Wilton.
Wyeville.

OCONTO.

Abrams.
Breed.
Brookside.
Chase.
Claywood.
Gillett.
Hayes.
Hickory.
Hintz.
Keegan.
Kelleybrook.
Lakewood.
Lena.
Little Suamico.
Logan.
Maplevalley.
Morgan.
Mosling.
Mountain.
Oconto (c. h.)
Oconto Falls.
Pensaukee.
Sampson.
Sobieski.
Spruce.
Stiles.
Suring.
Timme.
Townsend.
Underhill.

ONEIDA.

Cassian.
Gagen.
Harshaw.
Hazelhurst.
Jennings.
Keelers.
McCord.
Monico.
Pelicanlake.
Rhineclander (c. h.)
Robbins.
Three Lakes.
Tomahawk Lake.
Tripoli.
Woodboro.

OUTAGAMIE.

Appleton (c. h.)
(Batley.)
Blackcreek.
Combined Locks.
Dale.
Greenville.
Hortonville.
Kaukauna.
Kimberly.
Leeman.
Littlechute.
Medina.
Mission.
(Sagole.)
Seymour.
Shiocton.
South Kaukauna.
Sugarbush.
Welcome.

OZAUKEE.

Belgium.
Cedarburg.

Druecker.
(Fredonia.)
Fredonia.
Freistadt.
Grafton.
Horns Corners.
Kohler.
Lake Church.
Mequon.
Port Washington
(c. h.)
Saukville.
Thiensville.

PEPIN.

Arkansas.
Durand (c. h.)
Pepin.
Porcupine.
Stockholm.
Tarrant.

PIERCE.

Bay City.
Beidenville.
Diamond Bluff.
Ellsworth (c. h.)
Elmwood.
Exile.
Farmhill.
Hager City.
Herbert.
Lund.
Maiden Rock.
Martell.
Olivet.
Plum City.
Prescott.
River Falls.
Rockelm.
Springvalley.

POLK.

Alabama.
Amery.
Andrus.
Appleriver.
Atlas.
Balsam Lake
(c. h.)
Blake.
Bunyan.
Centuria.
Clam Falls.
Clayton.
Clearlake.
Cushing.
Deronda.
Dresser Junction.
Ducholm.
Evergreen.
Frederie.
Helbig.
Jenson.
Joel.
Lamar.
Loraine.
Luck.
Lykens.
Milltown.
Nye.
Oscola.
Pineville.
Range.
Richardson.
Saint Croix Falls.

West Swetona.
Wolfcreek.
Worth.

PORTAGE.

Alban.
Almond.
Amherst.
Amherst Junction.
Arnot.
Baneroff.
Batory.
Casimir.
Crookers Landing.
Custer.
Ellis.
Fancher.
Garfield.
Junction.
Meehan.
Nelsonville.
Peru.
Plover.
Polonia.
Rosholt.
Stevens Point
(c. h.)
Stockton.

PRICE.

Brantwood.
Catawba.
Clifford.
Emery.
Fisfield.
Kennan.
Ono.
Knox Mills.
North Fork.
Ogema.
Parkfalls.
Pennington.
Phillips (c. h.)
Prentice.
Spirit.
Worcester.

RACINE.

Burlington.
Caledonia.
(Cooper.)
Cortiss.
Franksville.
Kansasville.
Lamberton.
Northcape.
Racine (c. h.)
Rochester.
Uniongrove.
Waterford.

RICHLAND.

Aubrey.
Basswood.
Bear Valley.
Bloom City.
Boaz.
Byrdscreck.
Cazenovia.
Eacelsior.
Fivepoints.
Gillingham.
Gotham.
Hub City.
Ithaca.
Lonerock.
Loyd.

Neptune.
 Richland Center
 (c. h.)
 Rockbridge.
 Sabin.
 Seatonville.
 Sylvan.
 Tavera.
 Twinbluffs.
 Viola.
 West Lima.
 Woodstock.
 Yuba.

ROCK.

Afton.
 Avalon.
 Beloit.
 Cainville.
 Clinton.
 Edgerton.
 Evansville.
 Footville.
 Hanover.
 Janesville (c. h.)
 Koshkonong.
 Lima Center.
 Milton.
 Milton Junction.
 Newark.
 Orfordville.
 Shopiere.
 Tiffany.

SAINT CROIX.

Baldwin.
 Boardman.
 Burkhardt.
 Cyton.
 Deerpark.
 Emerald.
 Forest.
 Glenwood.
 Hammond.
 Hersey.
 Houlton.
 Hudson (c. h.)
 Jewett.
 New Centerville.
 New Richmond.
 North Hudson.
 Roberts.
 Somerset.
 Stanton.
 Star Prairie.
 Wilson.
 Woodville.

SAUK.

Ableman.
 Baraboo (c. h.)
 Blackhawk.
 Delton.
 Denzer.
 Devils Lake.
 Ironton.
 Lavalle.
 Leland.
 Limeridge.
 Loganville.
 Loreto.
 Merrimack.
 North Freedom.
 Plain.
 Prairie du Sac.
 Reedsburg.
 Sandusky.

Sauk City.
 Springgreen.
 Valton.
 Whitemound.
 Witwen.
 Woodlawn.

SAWYER.

Beauchen.
 Conderay.
 Hayward (c. h.)
 McConnell.
 Phipps.
 Radisson.
 Reserve.
 Wallace.

SHAWANO.

Advance.
 Angelica.
 Anwa.
 Belleplaine.
 Birnamwood.
 Bonduel.
 Caroline.
 Cecil.
 Eland.
 Frazer.
 Gresham.
 Hilda.
 Hofa Park.
 Hunting.
 Keshena.
 Laney.
 Leopols.
 Mattoon.
 Morris.
 Nayda.
 Pella.
 Pulcifer.
 Red Springs.
 Regina.
 Riverside.
 Roosevelt.
 Rosetown.
 Shawano (c. h.)
 Splitrock.
 Tigertown.
 Tilleda.
 Whitcomb.
 Wittenberg.

SHEBOYGAN.

Ada.
 Adell.
 Cascade.
 Cedargrove.
 Elkhart.
 Franklin.
 Gibbsville.
 Glenbeulah.
 Greenbush.
 Haven.
 Hingham.
 Howards Grove.
 Oostburg.
 Plymouth.
 Random Lake.
 Saint Anna.
 Sheboygan (c. h.)
 Sheboygan Falls.
 Waldo.

TAYLOR.

Brehm.
 Broderville.

Chelsea.
 Donald.
 Gad.
 Goodrich.
 Hannibal.
 Interwald.
 Konz.
 Littleblack.
 Lynch.
 Mapiehurst.
 Medford (c. h.)
 Perkinstown.
 Riblake.
 Sams.
 Schaack.
 Stetsonville.
 Urquhart.
 Westboro.
 Whittlesey.

TREMPEALEAU.

Arcadia.
 Blair.
 Centerville.
 Chimneyrock.
 Dodge.
 Eleca.
 Elk creek.
 Ettrick.
 Frenchville.
 Galesville.
 Hegg.
 Independence.
 Osseo.
 Pigeonfalls.
 Russell.
 Strum.
 Tamarack.
 Trempealeau.
 Whitehall (c. h.)

VERNON.

Brinkman.
 Bristow.
 Burr.
 Chaseburg.
 Coon Valley.
 Dell.
 De Soto.
 Dilly.
 Esofea.
 Genoa.
 Hillsboro.
 Lafarge.
 Mount Tabor.
 Newry.
 Newton.
 Ontario.
 Readstown.
 Retreat.
 Rockton.
 Springville.
 Stoddard.
 Trippville.
 Valley.
 Victory.
 Viroqua (c. h.)
 Westby.
 West Prairie.

VILAS.

Arborvitae.
 Conover.
 Eagle River (c. h.)
 Hackley.
 Lac du Flambeau.
 †Lakota.
 Minoqua.

Sayner.
 †Spider Lake.
 Starlake.
 Stateline.
 Woodruff.

WALWORTH.

Allengrove.
 Bloomfield.
 Bowers.
 Darion.
 Delavan.
 East Delavan.
 East Troy.
 Elkhorn (c. h.)
 Fayetteville.
 Fontana.
 Genoa Junction.
 Honeycreek.
 Lake Beulah.
 Lake Geneva.
 Lyons.
 Mayhew.
 Millard.
 North Bloomfield.
 Richmond.
 Sharon.
 Springfield.
 Spring Prairie.
 Troy.
 Troy Center.
 Vienna.
 Walworth.
 Whitewater.
 Williams Bay.
 Zenda.

WASHBURN.

Anah.
 Birchwood.
 Chrcog.
 Filbey.
 Julia.
 Lampson.
 Laurel.
 Midge.
 Menah.
 Mills.
 Minong.
 Nobleton.
 Sarona.
 Shell Lake (c. h.)
 Slim Lake.
 Spooner.
 Springbrook.

WASHINGTON.

Ackerville.
 Addison.
 Allenton.
 Barton.
 Boltonville.
 Colgate.
 Fillmore.
 Frank.
 Hartford.
 Hubertus.
 Jackson.
 Kewaskum.
 Kirshayn.
 Nenko.
 Newburg.
 Plat.
 Richfield.
 Rockfield.
 Saint Lawrence.
 Saint Michaels.
 Salter.

Schleisingerville.
South German-
town.
Wayne.
Westbend (c. h.)

WAUKESHA.

Brookfield.
Calhoun.
Delafield.
Dousman.
Duplainville.
Eagle.
Elmgrove.
Genesee.
Genesee Depot.
Harland.
Lannon.
Menomonee Falls.
Merion.
Monches.
Mukwonago.
Muskogo.
Nashotah.
Northlake.
North Prairie.
Oconomowoc.
Okauchee.
Pewaukee.
Sussex.
Templeton.

Wales.
Waukesha (c. h.)

WAUPACA.

Bigfalls.
Clintonville.
Embarrass.
Fremont.
Iola.
Manawa.
Marion.
New London.
Norske.
Northland.
Northport.
Ogdensburg.
Readfield.
Royalton.
Scandinavia.
Sheridan.
Sherman.
Symco.
Waupaca (c. h.)
Weyauwega.
Wisconsin Veterans
Home.

WAUSHARA.

Aurorahville.
Borth.

Brushville.
Coloma.
Coloma Station.
Dakota.
Hancock.
Lohrville.
Mount Morris.
Pine River.
Plainfield.
Poysippi.
Redgranite.
Richford.
Rodney.
Sawville.
Springlake.
Tustin.
Wautoma (c. h.)
West Bloomfield.
Wildrose.

WINNEBAGO.

Allenville.
Butte des Morts.
Elo.
Eureka.
Fish.
Larsen.
Menasha.
Metz.
Neenah.
Omro.

Oshkosh (c. h.)
Pickett.
Rushlake.
Waukau.
Winnebago.
Winneconne.

WOOD.

Aldorf.
Arpin.
Auburndale.
Babcock.
Bethel.
Bleaker.
Cranmoor.
Dexterville.
Grand Rapids (c. h.)
Hansen.
Hewitt.
Lindsey.
Marshfield.
Milladore.
Nekoosa.
Pittsville.
Port Edwards.
Progress.
Rudolph.
Saratoga.
Sherry.
Veedun.
Vesper.

LIST OF POST OFFICES

OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES IN WISCONSIN, WITH SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS TO JANUARY 1, 1904.

The Postmasters of these offices are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. All other Postmasters rank as fourth class, and are appointed by the Postmaster General.

Corrected from the official U. S. Postal Guide for Jan. 1, 1904.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Algoma	Kewaunee	3	\$1,200
Alma	Buffalo	3	1,100
Antigo	Langlade	2	2,200
Appleton	Outagamie	2	2,800
Arcadia	Trempealeau	3	1,400
Ashland	Ashland	2	2,700
Augusta	Eau Claire	3	1,500
Baldwin	St. Croix	3	1,400
Baraboo	Sauk	2	2,300
Barron	Barron	3	1,600
Bayfield	Bayfield	3	1,300
Beaver Dam	Dodge	2	2,200
Beloit	Rock	2	2,600
Berlin	Green Lake	2	2,100
Black River Falls	Jackson	3	1,700
Bloomer	Chippewa	3	1,400
Boscobel	Grant	3	1,500
Brodhead	Green	3	1,600
Burlington	Racine	3	1,900
Cadott	Chippewa	3	1,100
Cedarburg	Ozaukee	3	1,100
Centralia	Wood	3	1,500
Chetek	Barron	3	1,100
Chilton	Calumet	3	1,400
Chippewa Falls	Chippewa	2	2,400
Clinton	Rock	3	1,400
Clintonville	Waupaca	3	1,500
Colby	Marathon	3	1,100
Columbus	Columbia	3	1,800
Cudahy	Milwaukee	3	1,500
Cumberland	Barron	3	1,500
Darlington	Lafayette	3	1,600
Delavan	Walworth	3	1,800
De Pere	Brown	3	1,700
Dodgeville	Iowa	3	1,600
Durand	Pepin	3	1,300
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	2	2,700
Edgerton	Rock	3	1,700
Elkhorn	Walworth	3	1,900
Ellsworth	Pierce	3	1,400
Elroy	Juneau	3	1,500
Evansville	Rock	3	1,700
Fairchild	Eau Claire	3	1,300
Fennimore	Grant	3	1,100
Florence	Florence	3	1,200
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	2	2,800
Ft. Atkinson	Jefferson	2	2,400
Fox Lake	Dodge	3	1,200
Galesville	Trempealeau	3	1,200
Glenwood	St. Croix	3	1,200
Grand Rapids	Wood	3	1,800
Grantsburg	Burnett	3	1,200
Green Bay	Brown	2	3,000
Greenwood	Clark	3	1,200
Hartford	Washington	3	1,500
Hartland	Waukesha	3	1,100
Hayward	Sawyer	3	1,600

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES.

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POSTOFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Horicon	Dodge	3	1,300
Hudson	St. Croix	3	1,800
Hurley	Iron	3	1,500
Iola	Waupaca	3	1,000
Iron River	Bayfield	3	1,500
Janesville	Rock	2	2,800
Jefferson	Jefferson	3	1,700
Juneau	Dodge	3	1,400
Kaukauna	Outagamie	3	1,500
Kenosha	Kenosha	2	2,600
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	3	1,400
Kiel	Manitowoc	3	1,400
Kilbourn	Columbia	3	1,600
La Crosse	La Crosse	1	3,200
Ladysmith	Gates	3	1,200
Lake Geneva	Walworth	3	2,000
Lake Mills	Jefferson	3	1,500
Lake Nebagamon	Douglas	3	1,100
Lancaster	Grant	3	1,700
Lodi	Columbia	3	1,600
Madison	Dane	1	3,300
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	2	2,600
Marinette	Marquette	3	2,500
Markesan	Green Lake	3	1,200
Marshfield	Wood	2	2,300
Mauston	Juneau	3	1,600
Mayville	Dodge	3	1,400
Mazomanie	Dane	3	1,100
Medford	Taylor	3	1,700
Mellen	Ashland	3	1,000
Menasha	Winnebago	2	2,200
Menomonie	Dunn	2	2,100
Merrill	Lincoln	2	2,300
Milton	Rock	3	1,300
Milton Junction	Rock	3	1,100
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1	6,000
Mineral Point	Iowa	3	1,600
Mondovi	Buffalo	3	1,400
Monroe	Green	2	2,100
Montello	Marquette	3	1,000
Monticello	Green	3	1,000
Mount Horeb	Dane	3	1,200
Necedah	Juneau	3	1,300
Neenah	Winnebago	2	2,300
Neillsville	Clark	3	1,800
New Lisbon	Juneau	3	1,400
New London	Waupaca	3	1,700
New Richmond	St. Croix	3	1,700
Oconomowoc	Waukesha	3	1,900
Oconto	Oconto	3	2,600
Omro	Winnebago	3	1,200
Osceola	Polk	3	1,600
Oshkosh	Winnebago	1	3,100
Palmyra	Jefferson	3	1,000
Peshigo	Marinette	3	1,400
Phillips	Price	3	1,600
Plainfield	Waushara	3	1,300
Platteville	Grant	2	2,000
Plymouth	Sheboygan	3	1,800
Portage	Columbia	2	2,300
Port Washington	Ozaukee	3	1,800
Poynette	Columbia	3	1,000
Prairie du Chien	Crawford	3	1,600
Princeton	Green Lake	3	1,100
Racine	Racine	1	3,600
Randolph	Dodge	3	1,200

POSTOFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class	Salary.
Reedsburg	Sauk	3	1,800
Rhinelander	Oneida	2	2,200
Rice Lake	Barron	3	1,800
Richland Center	Richland	3	1,700
Ripon	Fond du Lac	2	2,200
River Falls	Pierce	3	1,700
Seymour	Outagamie	3	1,200
Sharon	Walworth	3	1,500
Shawano	Shawano	3	1,600
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	2	2,800
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan	3	1,600
Shell Lake	Washburn	3	1,200
Shullsburg	Lafayette	3	1,100
South Kaukauna	Outagamie	3	1,400
South Milwaukee	Milwaukee	3	1,700
South Superior	Douglas	3	1,200
Sparta	Monroe	2	2,100
Spooner	Washburn	3	1,200
Spring Green	Sauk	3	1,200
Spring Valley	Pierce	3	1,200
Stanley	Chippewa	3	1,500
Stevens Point	Portage	2	2,400
Stoughton	Dane	3	1,950
Sturgeon Bay	Door	3	1,800
Sun Prairie	Dane	3	1,200
Superior	Douglas	3	2,900
Thorp	Clark	3	1,100
Tomah	Monroe	3	1,700
Tomahawk	Lincoln	3	1,600
Two Rivers	Manitowoc	3	1,700
Viola	Richland	3	1,600
Viroqua	Vernon	3	1,700
Washburn	Bayfield	3	1,700
Waterloo	Jefferson	3	1,400
Watertown	Jefferson	2	2,400
Waukesha	Waukesha	2	2,500
Waupaca	Waupaca	2	2,000
Waupun	Fond du Lac	3	1,800
Wausau	Marathon	2	2,600
Wausaukee	Marinette	3	1,000
Wautoma	Waushara	3	1,100
Wauwatosa	Milwaukee	2	2,500
West Bend	Washington	3	1,600
West De Pere	Brown	3	1,500
West Salem	La Crosse	3	1,400
Weyauwega	Waupaca	3	1,400
Whitehall	Trempealeau	3	1,300
Whitewater	Walworth	2	2,200
Wittenberg	Shawano	3	1,100
Wonegoc	Juneau	3	1,500

POSTAL INFORMATION.

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LIST OF FREE DELIVERY POSTOFFICES IN WISCONSIN.

Antigo.	Milwaukee:	Marinette.
Appleton.	*a South Side, 316-318 Reed St.	Marshfield.
Ashland.	*b Northwest, 574-76 Twelfth St.	Merrill.
Baraboo.	*c 744 Third St.	Neenah.
Beaver Dam.	*d 1015 Kinnickinnic Ave.	Oshkosh.
Beloit.	*e 1390 Green Bay Ave.	Portage.
Chippewa Falls.	Sub-Stations.	Racine.
Eau Claire.	No. 1, 115 Grand Ave.	Sheboygan.
Fond du Lac.	No. 2, 496 Murray Ave.	Stevens Point.
Fort Atkinson.	No. 3, 1112 Tentionia Ave.	Superior.
Greenbay.	No. 4, 2702 North Ave.	Watertown.
Janesville.	No. 5, 2629 Grand Ave.	Waukesha.
Kenosha.	No. 6, 420 Eleventh Ave.	Wausau.
La Crosse.	No. 7, 468 Mitchell St.	Wauwatosa.
Madison.	No. 8, 1261 National Ave.	
Manitowoc.	No. 9, 322 Chestnut St.	
	No. 10, 1099 Third St.	
	No. 11, State and 48th Sts.	
	No. 12, 27th and Vleit Sts.	
	No. 13, Ellen St. and Russell Ave.	
	No. 14, 1317 Forest Home Ave.	
	No. 15, 194 Ogden Ave.	
	No. 16, Brady St. and Farwell Ave.	
	No. 17, 2828 Lisbon Ave.	
	No. 18, 2402 State St.	
	No. 19, 600 Grand Ave.	
	No. 20, 981 Booth St.	
	No. 21, 2104 Wells St.	
	No. 22, 619 E. Water St.	
	No. 23, 2101 North Ave.	
	No. 24, 328 Grove St.	
	No. 25, North Ave. and 35th St.	

POSTAL INFORMATION.

(Revised December, 1904, at the New York Postoffice.)

DOMESTIC RATES OF POSTAGE.

All mailable matter for transmission by the United States mails within the United States is divided into four classes, under the following regulations. Domestic rates apply to Canada, Mexico, Cuba, Tutuila, Porto Rico, Guam, Hawaii, the Philippines, and certain places in China served through the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai.)

First-Class Matter.—This class includes letters, postal cards, "post cards," and anything sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or anything containing writing not allowed as an accompaniment to printed matter under class three.

Rates of letter postage to any part of the United States or its possessions, *two cents per ounce or fraction thereof.*

Rates on local or drop letters at free delivery offices, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. At offices where there is no free delivery by carriers, one cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

Rates on *postal cards*, one cent (double or "reply" cards, two cents). Nothing must be added or attached to a postal card, except that a printed address slip not larger than 2 inches by $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch may be pasted on the address or message side. The addition of anything else subjects the card to letter postage. A card containing any threat, offensive dun, or any scurrilous or indecent communication will not be forwarded. Words on a postal card indicating the occupation of the addressee, used to better identify him, are regarded as a part of the address; anything more—as the repetition of the words on a postal card, etc., business or the several capacities in which the addressee serves, the various kinds of goods dealt in, and similar attempts at advertising—on the address side

of the postal card is not regarded as a "proper description of the person," and will subject the postal card to the letter rate. Cards that have been spoiled in printing or otherwise will be redeemed from the *original purchasers* at 75 per cent of their face value, if unutilated.

"PRIVATE MAILING CARDS," "Post Cards," bearing written messages may be transmitted in the domestic mails at the rate of a cent apiece, stamps to be affixed by the sender; such cards to be sent openly in the mails.

1. To be entitled to the privileges of this act, the cards must conform to the following conditions:

(a) Each card must be an unfolded piece of cardboard, not exceeding the size fixed by the Convention of the Universal Postal Union (9x14 centimetres, which is approximately 3 9-16 by 5 9-16 inches) nor less than the minimum size of domestic postal cards (2 15-16 by 5 7/8 inches.)

(b) The form of card and the quality and weight of paper used in its manufacture must be substantially that of the Government postal cards of like size.

(c) They may be of any color which does not interfere with the legibility of the address and postmark.

(d) Each card must bear the words "Post Card" at the top of the address side, unobstructed by any other matter; said words to be placed thereon in conspicuous letters and in such manner as not to interfere with a perfectly distinct address and postmark.

(e) The address may be in writing, printing, or by means of a hand-stamp, or adhesive label of not more than 3/4 of an inch by 2 inches in size, and the sender may, in the same manner, place his name and address on the back or the face of the card.

The message may be in writing or in print.

2. Cards conforming to the foregoing conditions are transmissible in the domestic mails (including the island possessions), and to places in Cuba, Canada, and Mexico, at the postage rate of one cent each, and in the mails of the Postal Union at the postage rate of two cents each, prepaid by stamps affixed.

3. Any card of foreign origin which, from its title in any language, appears to be a "Post Card" and conforms to the requirements of this order as to size, form, quality and weight, shall be admissible to the mails (domestic or international) when prepaid in United States postage stamps.

4. When post cards are prepared by printers and stationers for sale, they should, in addition to conformity with the requirements of this order, also bear in the upper right hand corner of the face an oblong diagram containing the words, "Place postage stamp here," and across the bottom the words, "This side for the address."

5. Advertisements and illustrations in any color may be printed upon either or both sides of a post card, provided they do not, when placed upon the face thereof, interfere with a perfectly distinct address and postmark.

6. The words "Post Card" are authorized only on cards which conform to the conditions prescribed by this order; other cards bearing these words or otherwise purporting to be issued under authority of the act of May 19, 1898, are unmailable as "post cards," and, whether the message be written or printed, are subject to postage at the letter rate.

7. The privilege given by the act is not intended to work a discontinuance of the Government postal cards. These will be issued and sold the same as heretofore; and in all correspondence will be designated "postal cards" to distinguish them from "post cards," provided for in this order.

Rates on specially delivered letters, ten cents on each letter in *addition* to the regular postage. This entitles the letter to immediate delivery by special messenger. Special delivery stamps are sold at postoffices, and must be affixed to such letters. An ordinary ten-cent stamp affixed to a letter will *not* entitle it to special delivery. The delivery, at carrier offices, extends to the limits of the carrier routes. At non-carrier offices it extends to one mile from the post-office. Postmasters are not obliged to deliver beyond these limits, and letters addressed to places beyond must await delivery in the usual way, notwithstanding the special delivery stamp.

Prepayment by stamps invariably required. Postage on all letters should be

fully prepaid, but if prepaid one full rate and no more, they will be forwarded and the amount of deficient postage collected on delivery; if wholly unpaid, or prepaid with less than one full rate and deposited at a postoffice, the addressee will be notified to remit postage; and if he fails to do so, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office; but they will be returned to the sender if he is located at the place of mailing, and if his address be printed or written upon them.

Letter rates are charged on all productions by the typewriter or manifold process, and on all printed imitations of typewriting or manuscript, unless such reproductions are presented at postoffice windows in the minimum number of twenty identical copies separately addressed.

Letters (but no other class of mail matter) will be returned to the sender free, if a request to that effect is printed or written on the envelope. The limit of weight for first-class matter is four pounds.

Prepaid letters will be reforwarded from one postoffice to another upon the written request of the person addressed, without additional charge for postage. The direction on, forwarded letters may be changed as many times as may be necessary to reach the person addressed.

Second-Class Matter.—This class includes all newspapers and periodicals exclusively in print that have been "Entered as second-class matter" and are regularly issued at stated intervals as frequently as four times a year, from a known office of publication or news agency to actual subscribers or news agents, and newspapers and publications of this class mailed by persons other than publishers. Publications having the characteristics of books and such as are not subscribed for on account of their merits, but because of other inducements, are not eligible to second-class privileges. Also periodical publications of benevolent and fraternal societies, organized under the lodge system and having a membership of a thousand persons, and of the bulletins and proceedings of strictly professional, literary, historical, and scientific associations and institutions, trade unions, etc., provided only that these be published at stated intervals not less than four times a year, and that they be printed on and be bound in paper. Publishers who wish to avail themselves of the privileges of the act are required to make formal application to the department through the postmaster at the place of publication, producing satisfactory evidence that the organizations represented come within the purview of the law, and that the object of the publications is to further the objects and purposes of the organizations.

Rates of postage to publishers, *one cent a pound or fractional part thereof*, prepaid in currency. Publications designed primarily for advertising or free circulation, or not having a legitimate list of subscribers, are excluded from the pound rate, and pay the third-class rate.

Second-class publications must possess legitimate subscription lists approximating 50 per cent of the number of copies regularly issued and circulated by mail or otherwise. Unless they do pound-rate privileges are revoked or withheld.

Whenever the general character and manner of issue of a periodical publication is changed in the interest of the publisher, or of advertisers or other persons, by the addition of unusual quantities of advertisements, or of matter different from that usually appearing in the publication, or calculated to give special prominence to some particular business or businesses, or otherwise—especially where large numbers of copies are circulated by or in the interest of particular persons—the second-class rates of postage will be denied that issue; and if there be repeated instances of such irregularities, the publication will be excluded from the mails as second-class matter.

Such "Christmas," "New Year's," and other special issues, including "Almanacs," as are excluded from second-class privileges by the terms above specified may be transmitted by mail only when prepaid by postage stamps at the rate applicable to third-class matter—one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Publications sent to actual subscribers in the county where published are free, unless mailed for local delivery at a letter-carrier office.

Rates of postage on second-class newspapers, magazines, or periodicals, mailed by others than the publishers or news agents, *one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof*. It should be observed that the rate is one cent for each four ounces, not one cent for each paper contained in the same wrapper. This rate

applies only when a complete copy is mailed. Parts of second-class publications or partial or incomplete copies are *third-class matter*. Second-class matter will be entitled to special delivery when special delivery ten-cent stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage.

Second-class matter must be so wrapped as to enable the postmaster to inspect it. The sender's name and address may be written in them, but any other writing subjects the matter to letter postage. The name and address of the sender may also be written on the wrapper.

Third-Class Matter.—Mail matter of the third class includes printed books, pamphlets, engravings, circulars in print (or by the hectograph, electric-pen, or similar process when at least twenty identical copies, separately addressed, are mailed at the postoffice windows at one time), and other matter wholly in print, proof-sheets, corrected proof-sheets, and manuscript copy accompanying the same.

The rate on matter of this class is *one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof*.

Manuscripts unaccompanied by proof-sheets must pay letter rates.

Third-class matter must admit of easy inspection, otherwise it will be charged letter rates on delivery. It must be fully prepaid, or it will not be dispatched. New postage must be prepaid for forwarding to a new address or returning to senders.

The limit of weight is four pounds, except single books in separate packages, on which the weight is not limited. It is entitled, like matter of the other classes, to special delivery when special delivery stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage.

Upon matter of the third class, or upon the wrapper or envelope inclosing the same, or the tag or label attached thereto, the sender may write his own name, occupation, and residence or business address, preceded by the word "from," and may make marks other than by written or printed words to call attention to any word or passage in the text, and may correct any typographical errors. There may be placed upon the blank leaves or cover of any book, or printed matter of the third class a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not of the nature of a personal correspondence. Upon the wrapper or envelope of third class matter, or the tag or label attached thereto, may be printed any matter mailable as third-class, but there must be left on the address side a space sufficient for the legible address and necessary stamps.

Fourth-Class Matter.—Fourth-class matter is all mailable matter not included in the three preceding classes which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily withdrawn from the wrapper and examined. It embraces merchandise and samples of every description, and coin or specie.

Rate of postage, *one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof* (except seeds, roots, bulbs, cuttings, scions, and plants, the rate on which is *one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof*). This matter must be fully prepaid, or it will not be dispatched. New postage must be prepaid for forwarding or returning. The affixing of special delivery ten-cent stamps in addition to the regular postage entitles fourth-class matter to special delivery. (See remarks under "first-class matter.")

Articles of this class that are liable to injure or deface the mails, such as glass, sugar, needles, nails, pens, etc., must be first wrapped in a bag, box, or open envelope and then secured in another outside tube or box, made of metal or hard wood, without sharp corners or edges, and having a sliding clasp or screw lid, thus securing the articles in a double package. The public should bear in mind that the first object of the department is to transport the mails safely, and every other interest is made subordinate.

Such articles as poisons, explosives, or inflammable articles, live animals, insects, fruits or vegetable matter liable to decomposition, or substances exhaling a bad odor will not be forwarded in any case.

Firearms may only be sent in detached parts.

The regulations respecting the mailing of liquids are as follows: Liquids, not ardent, vinous, spirituous, or malt, and not liable to explosion, spontaneous combustion, or ignition by shock or jar, and not inflammable (such as kerosene,

naphtha, or turpentine), may be admitted to the mails for transportation within the United States. Samples of altar or communion wine are mailable. When in glass bottles or vials, such bottles or vials must be strong enough to stand the shock of handling in the mails, and must be inclosed in a metal, wooden, or papier-mache block or tube, not less than three-sixteenths of an inch thick in the thinnest part, strong enough to support the weight of mails piled in bags and resist rough handling; and there must be provided, between the bottle and said block or tube, a cushion of cotton, felt, or some other absorbent sufficient to protect the glass from shock in handling; the block or tube to be impervious to liquids, including oils, and closed by a tightly fitting lid or cover, so adjusted as to make the block or tube water tight and to prevent the leakage of the contents in case of breaking of the glass. When inclosed in a tin cylinder, metal case, or tube, such cylinder, case, or tube should have a lid or cover so secured as to make the case or tube water tight, and should be securely fastened in a wooden or papier-mache block (open only at one end), and not less in thickness and strength than above described. Manufacturers or dealers intending to transmit articles or samples in considerable quantities should submit a sample package, showing their mode of packing, to the postmaster at the mailing office, who will see that the conditions of this section are carefully observed. The limit of admissible liquids and oils is not exceeding four ounces, liquid measure.

Limit of weight of fourth-class matter (excepting liquids), four pounds.

The name and address of the sender, preceded by the word "from," also any marks, numbers, names, or letters for the purpose of description, such as prices, quantity, etc., may be written on the wrapper of fourth-class matter without additional postal charge. A request to the delivering postmaster may also be written asking him to notify the sender in case the package is not delivered.

Third or Fourth Class Matter Mailable Without Stamps.—Under special permits postage may be paid in money for third or fourth class matter mailed in quantities of 2,000 or more *identical* pieces. For information concerning the regulations governing such mailings inquiry should be made of the postmaster.

Registration.—All kinds of postal matter may be registered at the rate of eight cents for each package in addition to the regular rates of postage, to be fully prepaid by stamps. Each package must bear the name and address of the sender, and a receipt will be returned from the person to whom addressed. Mail matter can be registered at all post-offices in the United States.

An indemnity—not to exceed \$25 for any one registered piece, or the actual value of the piece, if it is less than \$25—shall be paid for the loss of first-class registered matter.

Domestic Money Orders.—Domestic money orders are issued by money-order post-offices for any amount up to \$100, at the following rates:

For sums not exceeding \$2.50, 3 cents; over \$2.50 to \$5, 5 cents; over \$5 to \$10, 8 cents; over \$10 to \$20, 10 cents; over \$20 to \$30, 12 cents; over \$30 to \$40, 15 cents; over \$40 to \$50, 18 cents; over \$50 to \$60, 20 cents; over \$60 to \$75, 25 cents; over \$75 to \$100, 30 cents.

Stamped Envelopes.—Embossed stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers of several denominations, sizes and colors are kept on sale at post-offices, singly or in quantities, at a small advance on the postage rate. Stamps cut from stamped envelopes are valueless; but postmasters are authorized to give good stamps for stamped envelopes or newspaper wrappers that may be spoiled in directing, if presented in whole condition and with satisfactory evidence.

All matter concerning lotteries, gift concerts, or schemes devised to defraud the public, or for the purpose of obtaining money under false pretenses, is denied transmission in the mails.

Applications for the establishment of post-offices should be addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster General, accompanied by a statement of the necessity therefor. Instructions will then be given and blanks furnished to enable the petitioners to provide the department with the necessary information.

The franking privilege was abolished July 1, 1873, but the following mail matter may be sent free by legislative saving clauses, viz.:

1. All public documents printed by order of Congress, the Congressional Record and speeches contained therein, franked by Members of Congress, or the Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House.

2. Seeds transmitted by the Secretary of Agriculture, or by any Member of Congress, procured from that Department.

3. Letters and packages relating exclusively to the business of the Government of the United States, mailed only by officers of the same, publications required to be mailed to the Librarian of Congress by the Copyright law, and letters and parcels mailed by the Smithsonian Institution. All these must be covered by specially printed "penalty" envelopes or labels.

4. The Vice-President, Members and Members-elect and Delegates and Delegates-elect to Congress may frank any mail matter, not over four ounces in weight, upon official or departmental business.

All communications to Government officers and to Members of Congress are required to be prepaid by stamps.

Suggestions to the Public (from the United States Official Postal-Guide).— Mail all letters, etc., as early as practicable, especially when sent in large numbers, as is frequently the case with newspapers and circulars.

All mail matter at large post-offices is necessarily handled in great haste and should therefore in all cases be so PLAINLY addressed as to leave NO ROOM FOR DOUBT AND NO EXCUSE FOR ERROR on the part of the postal employes. Names of states should be written in full (or their abbreviations very distinctly written) in order to prevent errors which arise from the similarity of such abbreviations as Cal., Col.; Pa., Va., Vt.; Me., Mo., Md.; Ioa., Ind.; N. H., N. M., N. Y., N. J., N. C., D. C.; Miss., Minn., Mass.; Nev., Neb.; Penn., Tenn., etc., when hastily or carelessly written. This is especially necessary in addressing mail matter to places of which the names are borne by several post-offices in different states.

Avoid as much as possible using envelopes made of flimsy paper, especially where more than one sheet of paper, or any other article than paper, is inclosed. Being often handled, and even in the mail-bags subject to pressure, such envelopes not infrequently split open, giving cause of complaint.

Never send money or any other article of value through the mail except either by means of a money order or in a registered letter. Any person who sends money or jewelry in an unregistered letter not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation every one through whose hands his letter passes, and may be the means of ultimately bringing some clerk or letter-carrier to ruin.

See that every letter or package bears the full name and post-office address of the writer, in order to secure the return of the letter, if the person to whom it is directed cannot be found. A much larger portion of the undelivered letters could be returned if the names and addresses of the senders were always fully and plainly written or printed inside or on the envelopes. Persons who have large correspondence find it most convenient to use "special request envelopes;" but those who only mail an occasional letter can avoid much trouble by writing a request to "return if not delivered," etc., on the envelope.

When dropping a letter, newspaper, etc., into a street mailing-box, or into the receptacle at a post-office, always see that the packet falls into the box and does not stick in its passage; observe, also, particularly, whether the postage stamps remain securely in their places.

Postage stamps should be placed on the upper right-hand corner of the address side of all mail matter.

The street and number (or box number) should form a part of the address of all mail matter directed to cities. In most cities there are many persons, and even firms, bearing the same name. Before depositing any package or other article for mailing, the sender should assure himself that it is wrapped and packed in the manner prescribed by postal regulations; that it does not contain *unavailable* matter nor exceed the limit of size and weight as fixed by law; and that it is fully prepaid and properly addressed. The postage stamps on all mail matter are necessarily cancelled at once, and the value of those affixed to pack-

ages that are afterward discovered to be short-paid or otherwise unmailable is therefore liable to be lost to the senders.

It is unlawful to send an ordinary letter by express or otherwise outside of the mails unless it be inclosed in a government-stamped envelope. It is also unlawful to inclose a letter in an express package unless it pertains wholly to the contents of the package.

It is forbidden by the regulations of the Post-Office Department for postmasters to give to any person information concerning the mail matter of another, or to disclose the name of a box-holder at a post-office.

Letters addressed to persons temporarily sojourning in a city where the Free Delivery System is in operation should be marked "Transient" or "General Delivery," if not addressed to a street and number or some other designated place of delivery.

Foreign books, etc., infringing United States copyright are *undeliverable* if received in foreign mails, or mailed here.

The foregoing rates, rules and suggestions apply to postal matters in the United States.

FOREIGN MAILS.

POSTAGE RATES AND CONDITIONS.

The rates of postage to all foreign countries and colonies, including Newfoundland (except Canada, Cuba, and Mexico), are as follows:

Letters, per 15 grams ($\frac{1}{2}$ ounce)	5 cents.
Postal cards, each	2 cents.
Newspapers and other printed matter, per 2 ounces.....	1 cent.
Commercial papers (such as legal and insurance papers, deeds, bills of lading, invoices, manuscript for publication, etc.):	
Packets not in excess of 10 ounces	5 cents.
Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Samples of merchandise:	
Packets not in excess of 4 ounces	2 cents.
Packets in excess of 4 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Registration fee on letters or other articles	8 cents.

On printed matter and commercial papers the limit of weight is 4 pounds 6 ounces, except that single volumes of books to Salvador, Canada, Mexico, Cuba are unrestricted as to weight. Size—The limit of size is 18 inches in any one direction, except that printed matter or commercial papers in rolls may be 30 inches long by 4 inches in diameter.

Ordinary letters for countries of the Postal Union (except Canada and Mexico) will be forwarded, whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid at least partially. Domestic rates apply to Porto Rico, Guam, Philippine Islands, Cuba, Tutuila, and Hawaii.

CANADA.

Letters, per ounce, prepayment compulsory	2 cents.
Postal cards, each	1 cent.
Newspapers, per 4 ounces	1 cent.
Merchandise (not exceeding 4 pounds 6 ounces), per ounce.....	1 cent.
Samples of merchandise, same as to other Postal Union countries.	
Commercial papers, same as to other Postal Union countries.	
Registration fee	8 cents.

Any article of correspondence may be registered. Packages of merchandise are subject to the regulations of either country to prevent violations of the revenue laws; must not be closed against inspection, and must be so wrapped and inclosed as to be easily examined. Samples must not exceed 12 ounces in weight. No sealed packages other than letters in their usual and ordinary form may be sent by mail to Canada.

SHANGHAI, CHINA.

Domestic postage rates and conditions apply to articles addressed for delivery in the city of Shanghai, but for the other places in China (named below), served through the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai, the Universal Postal Union (foreign) rates apply to letters, postal cards, and printed matter, and the domestic rate only to merchandise (fourth-class matter) :

*Chefoo, or Yentai,	Kalgan,	Taku,
Chin Kiang,	Kiukiang,	Tientsin,
Chung King,	Nanking,	Wenchow,
*Foochow,	Newchwang,	Wuchang,
Hangchow,	*Ningpo,	Wuhn,
*Hankow,	Ourga,	*Yentai, or Chefoo.
Ichang,	Peking,	
Kaiping,	*Shanghai,	

Merchandise may also be sent by "Parcels Post" to the places marked *.

MEXICO.

Letters, newspapers, and printed matter are now carried between the United States and Mexico at same rates as in the United States. Samples, 2 cents for first 4 ounces, and 1 cent for each additional 2 ounces; limit of weight, 12 ounces. Merchandise other than samples may be sent by Parcels Post. No sealed packages other than letters in their usual and ordinary form may be sent by mail to Mexico, nor any package over 4 pounds 6 ounces in weight, except Parcels Post packages to certain cities. (See Parcels Post.)

SAMPLES.

Packets of samples of merchandise are admissible up to 12 ounces in weight, and the following dimensions apply to all Postal Union countries: 12 inches in length, 8 inches in width, and 4 inches in depth, or if they are in the form of a roll, 12 inches in length and 6 inches in diameter. Merchandise of salable value and goods not in execution of orders, or as gifts, must be paid at full letter rate.

PARCELS POST.

Unsealed packages of mailable merchandise may be sent by Parcels Post to Jamaica (including Turk's Island), Barbados, the Bahamas, British Honduras, Mexico, the Leeward Islands, the Republic of Columbia, Costa Rica, Salvador, British Guiana, Danish West Indies (St. Thomas, St. Croix, and St. John) and the Windward Islands (St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Grenada, and the Grenadines), Trinidad, including Tobago, Venezuela (Bolivia and Chile, 20 cents per pound), Newfoundland, Honduras (Republic of), Germany, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Guatemala, Norway, Panama, Japan, Hong Kong, at the following postage rate: For a parcel not exceeding one pound in weight, 12 cents; for each additional pound or fraction thereof, 12 cents. The maximum weight allowed is eleven pounds—except that to certain places in Mexico and to all parts of Germany, Norway, Hong Kong, and Japan the limit is 4 pounds 6 ounces—the extreme dimensions allowed for Mexico, Costa Rica, and Colombia being two feet length by four feet girth, and for the other countries not more than three feet six inches in length, nor more than six feet in length and girth combined. Parcels must be wrapped so as to permit their contents to be easily examined by postmasters. Poisonous, explosive, and inflammable substances are excluded. Parcels may be registered for 8 cents each to any of the above places, except Barbados.

Parcels for the following places in China and Korea are included in the Parcels Post mails for Japan, viz.: In Korea—Seoul, Chemulpo, Pingyang, Chinsampo, Kunsan, Mokpo, Masan, Fusan, Genzan. In China—Peking, Tientsin, Chefoo, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Shasi, Soochow, Hangchow, Foochow, Amoy, also Island of Formosa.

Parcels for the following cities in China are included in the Parcels Post mails for Hong Kong, viz.: Shanghai, Canton, Amoy, Swatow, Foochow, Hankow, Haihow, Ningpo, Lin Kung Tan, Chefoo.

A Customs declaration (furnished on application at any post-office) must be attached to any Parcels-Post package. Parcels for Salvador must have two declarations, and parcels for Venezuela three declarations attached.

Rates and conditions to countries not in the Universal Postal Union are now the same as those to Universal Postal Union countries.

GENERAL REGULATIONS RESPECTING FOREIGN MAILS.

Postage can be prepaid upon articles only by means of the postage stamps of the country *in* which the articles are mailed. Hence articles mailed in one country addressed to another country which bear postage stamps of the country to which they are addressed are treated as if they had no postage stamps attached to them.

Unpaid letters received from the Postal Union are chargeable with 10 cents per 15 grams ($\frac{1}{2}$ ounce). Insufficiently prepaid correspondence of all kinds is chargeable with double the amount of the deficient postage.

Matter to be sent in the mails at less than letter rates must be so wrapped that it can be readily examined at the office of delivery, as well as the mailing office, without destroying the wrapper.

Newspapers and periodicals sent in the mails to foreign countries other than those of the Postal Union should be wrapped singly. Those sent by publishers to regular subscribers in Canada, Cuba, and Mexico are transmissible as in domestic mails, except that packages addressed to Mexico and Cuba must not exceed 4 pounds 6 ounces in weight.

The United States two-cent postal card should be used for card correspondence with foreign countries (except Canada, Cuba, and Mexico, to which countries the one-cent card is transmissible), but where these cards cannot be obtained, it is allowable to use for this purpose the United States one-cent postal card with a one-cent United States adhesive postage stamp attached thereto. Private cards can now be used if conforming in size, etc., to government cards, and bearing words, "Postal Card—Carte Postale."

Mail matter of *all kinds* received from any country of the Postal Union is required to be reforwarded at the request of the addressee, from one post-office to another, or to any foreign country embraced in the Postal Union, without additional charge for postage.

All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from circulation in the mails to and from foreign countries. Postal cards or letters addressed to go around the world will not be forwarded, being prohibited.

The act of March 3, 1883, imposes a duty of 25 per cent ad valorem on all printed matter not therein otherwise provided for, without regard to mode of importation. Under said act all printed matter, *except newspapers and periodicals*, and except printed matter other than books imported in the mails for personal use, is subject to the regular duty of 25 per cent ad valorem.

FOREIGN (INTERNATIONAL) MONEY ORDERS.

When payable in Switzerland, Jamaica, New Zealand, the Leeward Islands, Belgium, Sweden, Norway, Japan, Denmark, Netherlands, the Bahamas, Trinidad, British Guiana, Austria, Hungary, Bermuda, Luxembourg, Chile, Egypt, Bolivia, Mexico, Liberia, Costa Rica, Peru, and the Transvaal, the charge is as follows:

For order not exceeding \$10, 8 cents; over \$10 and not exceeding \$20, 10 cents; over \$20 and not exceeding \$30, 15 cents; over \$30 and not exceeding \$40, 20 cents; over \$40 and not exceeding \$50, 25 cents; over \$50 and not exceeding \$60, 30 cents; over \$60 and not exceeding \$70, 35 cents; over \$70 and not ex-

ceeding \$80, 40 cents; over \$80 and not exceeding \$90, 45 cents; over \$90 and not exceeding \$100, 50 cents.

When payable in any other foreign country, the charge is as follows: For order not exceeding \$10, 10 cents; over \$10 and not exceeding \$20, 20 cents; over \$20 and not exceeding \$30, 30 cents; over \$30 and not exceeding \$40, 40 cents; over \$40 and not exceeding \$50, 50 cents; over \$50 and not exceeding \$60, 60 cents; over \$60 and not exceeding \$70, 70 cents; over \$70 and not exceeding \$80, 80 cents; over \$80 and not exceeding \$90, 90 cents; over \$90 and not exceeding \$100, \$1.

The maximum amount for which a money order may be drawn payable in Cape Colony is \$50. There is no limitation to the number of international orders that may be issued, in one day, to a remitter, in favor of the same payee.

Domestic rates and regulations apply to money orders for Canada, Cuba, Hawaii, Newfoundland, Porto Rico, and the Philippine Islands, also Windward Islands.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR, 1904.

The expenditures of the postal service for the year ending June 30, 1901, are shown by items in the following statement:

Items.	Expenditures.
Office of the Postmaster-General:	
Advertising	\$1,496 88
Miscellaneous items	2,785 19
Printing and binding the opinions of the Assistant Attorney-General for the Post-Office Department	
Printing, binding and wrapping Postal Laws and Regulations.....	
New territory and military postal service	
Office of the First Assistant Postmaster-General:	
Compensation to postmasters	22,273,343 90
Compensation to assistant postmasters at first and second-class postoffices	1,806,428 19
Compensation to clerks in postoffices	19,231,873 47
Rent, light and fuel for first, second, and third class post-offices.....	2,642,549 17
Miscellaneous items, including furniture, etc., at first and second class post-offices	245,461 95
Advertising and purchasing newspapers, at first and second-class post-offices	24,866 34
Canceling machines	174,651 45
Compensation to assistant superintendents, salary and allowance division	11,702 36
Per diem allowance to assistant superintendents, salary and allowance division	7,068 75
Stationery for postal service	74,860 40
Wrapping twine	164,869 11
Wrapping paper	54,978 92
Letter balances, scale, and test weights	13,423 17
Postmarking and rating stamps	37,446 11
Rubber stamps, type, etc.	4,287 16
Packing boxes, sawdust, paste, and hardware	1,339 16
Printing and cutting facing slips, card-slide labels, etc.	20,991 62
Blanks, blank books, etc., for money-order service	94,974 34
Rubber and metal stamps for money-order service	6,040 72
Copying presses, typewriters, etc., for money-order service.....	18,113 32
Exchange on drafts, stationery, etc., for money-order service....	5,388 61
Miscellaneous items	722 10
Hire of vehicle	113 00
Payment of money orders more than one year old	158,036 75
Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster-General:	
Inland mail transportation:	
Star	7,025,123 97
Steamboat	663,326 65
Mail messenger	1,148,258 79
Pneumatic tubes	214,406 36
Regulation screen or other wagon service	1,070,314 39
Railroad	28,556,551 62

FINANCIAL STATEMENT—Continued.

Items.	Expenditures.
Railway post-office car service	5,256,081 49
Electric and cable cars	484,346 24
Special facilities trunk lines	114,349 30
Mail bags, cord fasteners, label cases, etc.	334,971 96
Mail locks and keys, chains, etc.	44,057 74
Mail-bag and mail-lock repair shop	9,480 81
Railway mail service:	
Salaries	*11,895,113 65
Substitutes for clerks on vacation	*41,164 81
Acting clerks for clerks injured, and death indemnity	*83,680 84
Traveling expenses	*17,169 86
Miscellaneous office expenses:	
Per diem	*24,504 00
Miscellaneous items	957 05
Transportation of foreign mails	2,561,888 53
Balance due foreign countries	133 938 93
Compensation and expenses for delegate to Postal Congress at Rome	1,250 00
Investigation, pneumatic-tube service .....	.....
Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster-General:	
Manufacture of postage stamps	364 659 63
Distribution of postage stamps	11 904 01
Manufacture of stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers.....	798 798 77
Distribution of stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers.....	17 985 18
Manufacture of postal cards	157 972 33
Distribution of postal cards	12 672 42
Registered package, tag, official, and dead-letter envelopes.....	169 919 50
Ship, steamboat, and way letters	261 14
Indemnity for lost registered mail, first class.....	2 186 39
Blanks, blank books, etc., for registry system	16 70
Special counsel, suits second-class matter	13 029 20
Miscellaneous items	885 87
Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General:	
Salaries of post-office inspectors	*112 442 16
Per diem allowance for inspectors	*154 440 00
Salaries of clerks at division headquarters and miscellaneous expenses	*84 646 21
Payment of rewards	1 950 00
City free-delivery service	20 561 208 01
Rural free-delivery service	12 640 070 75
Miscellaneous items	353 64
Total	\$152,107,557 30

*Appropriations for 1902 and 1903 not itemized.

The postal revenue from all sources was as follows:

Items.	Receipts.
Letter postage paid in money	\$106 683 29
Box rents and branch offices	3 111 573 58
Fines and penalties	85 552 63
Postage stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards, newspaper wrappers, etc.	131 949 152 55
Second-class postage (pound rate paid in money)	5 637 198 19
Dead letters	22 202 77
Revenue from money-order business	2 528 492 64
Miscellaneous	87 872 64
Total	\$143 582 624 34
Excess of expenditures over receipts	\$8 524 912 96

RURAL MAIL ROUTES.

Total number of pieces of various classes delivered on rural routes for the period from July 1, 1903, to June 30, 1904.

States.	Number of routes	Pieces Delivered.						Total delivered.
		Registered mail.	Letters.	Postals.	Papers.	Circulars.	Packages.	
Alabama....	301	4,941	1,691,888	239,909	3,052,544	665,798	150,857	5,805,937
Arizona.....	8	938	149,659	18,353	395,589	19,893	11,069	499,508
Arkansas....	74	1,085	491,924	64,598	1,059,048	202,749	45,510	1,924,884
California..	200	13,612	3,528,267	576,260	4,150,066	742,269	192,249	9,202,723
Colorado....	70	2,677	978,946	372,983	2,140,920	320,551	71,054	3,887,131
Connecticut.	207	9,329	2,869,808	518,646	4,448,382	677,611	188,712	8,682,548
Delaware....	101	2,522	817,349	206,644	1,531,789	201,375	75,679	2,835,558
Dist. of Col.	3	62	15,873	2,959	28,223	2,517	1,314	50,444
Florida.....	22	3,761	149,749	28,306	206,734	46,038	12,401	447,139
Georgia.....	804	9,433	4,489,600	839,448	10,095,032	1,915,518	457,720	17,807,311
Idaho.....	26	1,133	296,760	46,834	621,030	83,677	30,459	1,079,826
Illinois.....	2,123	24,334	13,750,610	1,803,863	52,467,741	8,777,190	1,834,421	78,161,159
Indiana.....	1,653	21,130	10,986,058	2,726,081	50,887,631	6,868,734	1,143,431	72,613,064
Indian Terr.	2	33	8,838	1,045	27,880	2,438	631	40,905
Iowa.....	1,863	29,261	14,574,472	3,103,726	58,442,979	9,933,422	1,424,368	87,508,236
Kansas.....	1,157	13,489	8,089,440	1,677,188	31,701,334	4,141,253	875,466	49,498,241
Kentucky....	320	6,649	2,272,269	356,002	6,300,381	1,040,636	193,497	10,139,487
Louisiana...	13	712	149,800	20,875	94,619	27,129	7,391	300,526
Maine.....	311	11,580	2,840,227	558,241	5,192,911	938,804	265,794	9,807,567
Maryland....	330	11,920	3,400,364	785,272	5,895,696	1,146,199	315,618	11,504,969
Massach'tts.	187	6,743	2,546,872	562,151	3,379,437	795,340	173,918	7,461,841
Michigan....	1,351	22,737	11,374,623	2,441,497	44,066,256	6,147,229	1,125,230	65,177,569
Minnesota..	964	11,970	5,975,045	1,179,704	21,405,032	3,081,069	592,184	32,245,004
Mississippi..	153	3,938	676,456	107,123	76,323	313,875	83,704	1,261,419
Missouri....	1,245	18,412	7,784,944	1,691,759	46,255,330	5,478,961	772,556	62,001,962
Montana....	11	254	86,382	7,800	220,332	19,506	7,782	342,086
Nebraska....	723	9,234	4,611,922	958,148	21,016,102	3,071,346	504,080	30,170,892
Nevada.....	1	22	8,455	851	19,325	2,778	904	32,335
N. Hamp's're	161	5,901	1,913,064	338,605	3,186,332	774,345	164,383	6,382,630
New Jersey..	155	5,404	1,619,352	386,323	2,757,885	327,785	110,887	5,207,636
New Mexico.	3	107	39,743	4,162	54,020	6,402	4,178	108,512
New York....	1,423	28,791	12,741,341	3,042,018	36,585,768	4,479,281	1,031,507	57,900,706
No. Carolina	578	10,974	2,933,914	632,924	5,858,919	1,151,795	312,451	10,903,977
No Dakota..	72	765	437,458	51,905	1,172,838	169,156	40,611	1,872,753
Ohio.....	1,816	30,074	13,488,857	3,740,637	53,878,936	10,082,846	1,447,200	82,668,550
Oklahoma..	128	1,798	721,725	101,922	2,366,015	243,587	78,772	3,513,819
Oregon.....	216	3,440	1,139,471	244,587	2,811,840	322,101	103,682	4,625,121
Penn'syl'ia	1,432	28,012	9,911,858	1,950,962	26,325,065	3,360,403	978,810	42,555,069
Rhode Is'la'd	22	1,324	391,621	54,569	512,351	124,007	24,880	1,168,743
So. Carolina	331	4,545	1,948,163	454,654	4,331,490	945,837	282,668	7,997,357
So. Dakota.	174	2,116	1,055,474	191,124	3,824,719	470,648	103,468	5,617,549
Tennessee...	1,019	29,320	6,395,005	1,028,232	15,451,454	2,731,593	680,434	26,316,778
Texas.....	717	10,917	3,791,727	493,759	8,844,906	1,589,167	362,553	15,063,325
Utah.....	30	2,323	615,232	67,832	1,053,369	151,231	38,105	1,928,096
Vermont....	212	4,493	1,815,251	333,131	3,688,028	592,670	169,798	6,030,374
Virginia....	517	16,212	2,631,287	459,889	4,024,741	815,245	285,711	8,293,685
Washington.	110	11,932	970,008	116,916	2,795,764	268,283	85,792	4,278,605
Wt. Virginia	136	3,433	940,901	161,768	1,956,225	320,572	98,805	3,481,704
Wisconsin...	1,076	14,322	7,441,831	1,477,070	21,836,337	4,743,517	767,033	39,280,170
Wyoming...	5	269	51,781	5,523	113,019	11,203	4,495	186,290
Total....	24,566	459,025	177,668,277	36,157,689	534,477,963	80,396,679	17,264,488	906,424,121

NUMBER OF RURAL ROUTES IN WISCONSIN, JANUARY 1, 1905.

County.	Offices.	No. of routes estab.	County.	Offices.	No. of routes estab.
Adams	Arkdale	1	Dane	Basco.....	1
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	1		Belleville.....	3
Barron.....	Barron.....	4		Black Earth.....	2
	Cameron.....	2		Blue Mounds.....	3
	Chetek.....	4		Cambridge.....	5
	Cumberland.....	2		Cottage Grove.....	3
	Dallas.....	2		Cross Plains.....	2
	Prairie Farm.....	2		Dane.....	2
	Rice Lake.....	4		Deerfield.....	3
	Turtle Lake.....	2		Deforest.....	1
Brown	De Pere.....	2		Rlevenville.....	1
	Green Bay.....	9		London.....	1
	Greenleaf.....	3		MacFarland.....	1
	West De Pere.....	1		Madison.....	7
Buffalo	Alma.....	2		Marshall.....	5
	Cochran.....	1		Mazomanie.....	4
	Cream.....	1		Middleton.....	3
	Fountain City.....	3		Morrisonville.....	2
	Mondovi.....	6		Mt. Horeb.....	7
	Nelson.....	1		Oregon.....	4
	Tell.....	2		Riley.....	1
Burnett	Grantsburg.....	3		Stoughton.....	7
Calumet	Brillion.....	3		Sun Prairie.....	5
	Chilton.....	5		Verona.....	3
	Forest Junction.....	1		Waunakee.....	3
	Hayton.....	1		Windsor.....	2
	Hilbert.....	5			
	New Holstein.....	3	Dodge.....	Beaver Dam.....	4
	Sherwood.....	1		Burnett Junct.....	1
Chippewa.....	Bloomer.....	5		Fox Lake.....	2
	Boyd.....	1		Horicon.....	2
	Cadott.....	3		Ironridge.....	1
	Chippewa Falls.....	9		Juneau.....	3
	New Auburn.....	2		Lomira.....	1
	Stanley.....	3		Lowell.....	1
Clark	Abbotsford.....	1		Maville.....	1
	Curtiss.....	1		Randolph.....	3
	Dorchester.....	1		Reeseville.....	2
	Granton.....	4		Rubicon.....	1
	Greenwood.....	3		Theresa.....	1
	Humbird.....	1		Woodland.....	3
	Loyal.....	1			
	Neillsville.....	4	Door.....	Baileys Harbor.....	1
	Thorp.....	1		Detroit Harbor.....	1
Columbia.....	Arlington.....	1		Egg Harbor.....	1
	Cambria.....	3		Ellison Bay.....	1
	Columbus.....	5		Ephraim.....	1
	Fall River.....	2		Fish Creek.....	1
	Kilbourn.....	3		Forestville.....	3
	Lodi.....	3		Jacksonport.....	1
	Pardeeville.....	1		Sawyer.....	3
	Portage.....	4		Sister Bay.....	2
	Poynette.....	3		Sturgeon Bay.....	4
	Rio.....	1	Dunn.....	Boyceville.....	2
	Wycena.....	2		Colfax.....	4
Crawford.....	Barnum.....	1		Downing.....	2
	Bridgeport.....	2		Downsville.....	2
	Ferryville.....	3		Eau Galle.....	2
	Lynxville.....	1		Elk Mound.....	3
	Soldiers Grove.....	5		Knapp.....	2
	Wauzeka.....	2		Menomonie.....	9
				Ridgeland.....	1
			Eau Claire.....	Wheeler.....	1
			Augusta.....		
			Eau Claire.....		
			Fairchild.....		
			Fall Creek.....		

RURAL ROUTES IN WISCONSIN, JANUARY 1, 1935—Continued.

County.	Offices.	No. of routes estab.	County.	Offices.	No. of routes estab.	
Fond du Lac.....	Brandon.....	3	Jefferson.....	Ft. Atkinson.....	5	
	Calvary.....	3		Heleuville.....	1	
	Campbellsport...	5		Ixonia.....	1	
	Elen.....	2		Jefferson.....	5	
	Eldorado.....	2		Johnson Creek...	2	
	Fairwater.....	1		Lake Mills.....	2	
	Fond du Lac.....	8		Palmyra.....	2	
	Malone.....	1		Sullivan.....	2	
	Oakfield.....	3		Waterloo.....	3	
	Peebles.....	1		Watertown.....	7	
	Ripon.....	5				
	Rosendale.....	1		Juneau.....	Camp Douglas...	2
	St. Cloud.....	2		Elroy.....	4	
	Van Dyne.....	1		Lyndon Station..	2	
	Waucousta.....	1		Mauston.....	7	
	Waupun.....	4		Necedah.....	2	
		New Lisbon.....	3			
Gates.....	Bruce.....	1	Union Center...	2		
			Wonewoc.....	1		
Grant.....	Bagley.....	2	Kenosha.....	Bristol.....	3	
	Heetown.....	1		Kenosha.....	4	
	Bloomington.....	3		Pleasant Prairie..	2	
	Blue River.....	1		Salem.....	2	
	Boscobel.....	6		Silver Lake.....	2	
	Cassville.....	2		Somers.....	1	
	Cuba.....	3				
	Fennimore.....	6	Kewaunee.....	Algoma.....	4	
	Glen Haven.....	3		Casco.....	2	
	Hazel Green.....	1		Kewaunee.....	7	
	Lancaster.....	9		Luxembourg.....	6	
	Livingston.....	3	Stangelville.....	2		
	Louisburg.....	2				
	Montfort.....	2	La Crosse.....	Bangor.....	3	
Mount Hope.....	3	Holman.....		2		
Muscoda.....	5	La Crosse.....		3		
Platteville.....	10	Midway.....		1		
Potosi.....	5	Mindora.....		2		
Steizer.....	2	Onalaska.....		1		
		Rockland.....		1		
Green.....	Albany.....	2	St. Joseph.....	1		
	Brodhead.....	5	West Salem.....	3		
	Brooklyn.....	3				
	Browntown.....	1	Lafayette.....	Argyle.....	3	
	Juda.....	2		Belmont.....	1	
	Monroe.....	6		Blanchardville...	3	
	Monticello.....	1		Darlington.....	3	
New Glarus.....	2	Gratiot.....		1		
		Shullsburg.....		2		
		South Wayne.....	2			
Green Lake.....	Berlin.....	4	Woodford.....	2		
	Dartford.....	1				
	Kingston.....	1	Langlade.....	Antigo.....	5	
	Markesan.....	5				
	Princeton.....	1	Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	5	
Iowa.....	Arena.....	1	Manitowoc.....	Cato.....	2	
	Avoca.....	1		Cleveland.....	3	
	Barneveld.....	2		Grimms.....	1	
	Cobb.....	1		Kellnersville.....	2	
	Dodgeville.....	4		Kiel.....	4	
	Edmund.....	1		Manitowoc.....	7	
	Highland.....	2		Mishicott.....	3	
	Hollandale.....	2		Timothy.....	1	
	Mineral Point...	3		Two Rivers.....	3	
	Ridgeway.....	1		Valders.....	2	
				Whitelaw.....	1	
Jackson.....	Alma Center.....	3	Marathon.....	Athens.....	2	
	Black River Falls	5		Colby.....	2	
	Hixton.....	2		Edgar.....	3	
	Melrose.....	2		Hamburg.....	1	
	Merrill.....	1		Marathon.....	1	
	Northfield.....	1				
	Sechlerville.....	1				
	Taylor.....	2				

POSTAL INFORMATION.

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RURAL ROUTES IN WISCONSIN, JANUARY 1, 1905—Continued.

County.	Offices.	No. of routes estab.	County.	Offices.	No. of routes estab.
Marathon—Con.	Ringle	1	Pierce.....	Bay City.....	2
	Spencer	2		Beldenville	1
	Unity	1		Ellsworth	4
	Wausau.....	4		Hagar City	2
Marinette.....	Colman	1	Maiden Rock	3	
	Marinette	1	Prescott	5	
	Peshigo	3	River Falls	4	
	Pound.....	1	Spring Valley	4	
Marquette.....	Endeavor	2	Polk	Amery.....	4
	Montello	3		Centuria.....	1
	Neshkora	1		Clayton.....	2
	Oxford	1		Clear Lake	1
	Packwaukee	1		Deronda.....	1
	Westfield	2		Dresser Junction	1
Milwaukee.....	Hales Corners... ..	2	Luck.....	1	
	Milwaukee.....	8	Milltown.....	1	
	North Milwaukee	4	Nye.....	1	
	Oakwood	1	Osceola.....	3	
	South Milwaukee	1	St. Croix Falls	1	
	Wauwatosa	1	Portage.....	Almond.....	4
West Allis	1	Amherst		2	
Monroe	Cashton.....	3		Amherst Junct	1
	Kendall.....	3		Bancroft.....	1
	Leon.....	1		Plover.....	1
	Melvina.....	1		Stevens Point.....	6
	Norwalk.....	2	Racine.....	Burlington.....	6
	Oakdale	1		Caledonia.....	3
	Sparta.....	5		Corliss.....	1
	Tomah.....	3		Franksville	3
	Tunnel City.....	1		Kansasville	2
	Warrens.....	1		Racine.....	4
Wilton.....	2	Union Grove.....	3		
Oconto.....	Abrams.....	1	Waterford.....	3	
	Gillett.....	1	Richland.....	Bloom City.....	1
	Lena.....	1		Hoaz.....	2
	Oconto.....	3		Cazenovia.....	2
	Sobieski.....	1		Gillingham.....	1
	Underhill.....	1		Lone Rock.....	1
Oneida.....	Rhinelanders	1		Richland Center.....	5
	Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	5	Rockbridge.....	3
Black Creek		3	Viola.....	3	
Dale.....		2	Yuba.....	1	
Greenville.....		1	Rock.....	Avalon.....	1
Hortonville.....		4		Beloit.....	7
Kaukauna.....		4		Clinton.....	3
Leeman.....		1		Edgerton.....	5
Little Chute.....		1		Evansville.....	5
Seymour.....		5		Janesville.....	9
Shiocton.....		3	Milton.....	2	
South Kaukauna		2	Milton Junction.....	2	
Sugarbush.....		1	Orfordville.....	1	
Welcome.....		2	St. Croix.....	Baldwin.....	4
Ozaukee.....	Belgium.....	1		Cylon.....	1
	Cedarburg.....	2		Deer Park.....	3
	Fredonia Stat'n.....	3		Glenwood.....	3
	Grafton.....	1		Hammond.....	1
	Port Washington	2		Hersey.....	1
	Saukville.....	1	Hudson.....	2	
Thiensville.....	2	New Richmond.....	6		
Pepin.....	Arkansaw.....	2	Roberts.....	1	
	Durand.....	2	Somerset.....	1	
	Pepin.....	2	Woodville.....	1	
	Stockholm.....	2	Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	6
Pierce.....	Delton.....	1		Lavalle.....	4
	Lavalle.....	4			

RURAL ROUTES IN WISCONSIN, JANUARY 1, 1905—Continued.

County.	Offices.	No. of routes estab.	County.	Offices.	No. of routes estab.
Sauk—Con.....	Limeridge.....	1	Washington.....	Allenton.....	1
	Loganville.....	1		Barton.....	2
	Merrimack.....	2		Colgate.....	1
	North Freedom..	2		Hartford.....	4
	Plaib.....	1		Jackson.....	1
	Prairie du Sac..	4		Kewaskum.....	2
	Reedsburg.....	5		Richfield.....	1
	Sauk City.....	2		So. Germantown..	2
Spring Green....	3	West Bend.....	6		
Shawano.....	Bonduel.....	2	Waukesha.....	Brookfield.....	2
	Cecil.....	1		Calhoun.....	1
	Eland.....	1		Dousman.....	2
	Roselawn.....	2		Eagle.....	3
	Shawano.....	3		Hartland.....	1
	Splitrock.....	1		Menomonie Falls	3
Sneboygan.....	Adell.....	1	Mukwonago.....	3	
	Cascade.....	2	Muskego.....	1	
	Cedar Grove....	2	Nashotah.....	2	
	Elkhart.....	3	North Prairie..	1	
	Glen Beulah....	3	Oconomowoc....	8	
	Haven.....	1	Pewaukee.....	3	
	Oostburg.....	1	Trempleton.....	1	
	Plymouth.....	6	Wales.....	1	
	Random Lake...	2	Waukesha.....	9	
	Sheboygan.....	3	Waupaca.....	Clintonville....	4
	Sheboygan Falls.	2		Embarras.....	1
Waldo.....	2	Fremont.....		2	
		Iola.....		2	
		Manawa.....		1	
		Marion.....		2	
Taylor.....	Medford.....	4	New London....	5	
Trempealeau....	Arcadia.....	2	Ogdensburg....	1	
	Blair.....	3	Royalton.....	1	
	Eleva.....	3	Scandinavia....	2	
	Etrick.....	2	Waupaca.....	6	
	Galesville.....	2	Weyauwega....	3	
	Independence..	1	Waushara.....	Coloma Sta....	8
	Osseo.....	4		Hancock.....	2
	Pigeon Falls..	2		Plainfield.....	3
	Strum.....	2		Red Granite....	1
	Trempealeau..	3		Wautoma.....	4
Whitehall.....	3	Wildrose.....		2	
Vernon.....	De Soto.....	1	Winnebago.....	Allenville.....	1
	Dilly.....	1		Fisk.....	1
	Genoa.....	2		Larsen.....	3
	Hillsboro.....	2		Menasha.....	1
	La Farge.....	1		Neenah.....	4
	Readstown.....	1		Omro.....	5
	Stoddard.....	5		Oshkosh.....	7
	Viroqua.....	4		Pickett.....	2
Westby.....	4	Rushlake.....	1		
Washburn.....	Darica.....	2	Wood.....	Winneconne...	2
	Delavan.....	3		Arpin.....	1
	Elkhorn.....	6		Auburndale...	1
	Honey Creek...	1		Grand Rapids..	6
	Lake Beulah...	2		Marshfield....	5
	Lake Geneva...	1		Milladore.....	1
	Lyons.....	1		Nekoosa.....	1
	Sharon.....	2		Vesper.....	1
	Troy Center...	2			
	Walworth.....	5			
Shhitewater...	5				
Walworth.....	Shell Lake...	2	Total.....		1,274

PART V.

STATE AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.
GRAND ARMY DATA.



STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Wisconsin, with an area of 56,000 square miles of forest and prairie land, became an organized territory in 1836, with a population of 11,000. It was admitted as a state May 29, 1848, with a population approximating 250,000. Her growth since her admission into the Union, has been steady and rapid. The lead and zinc mines in the southwest part of the state, attracted a considerable population of miners while Wisconsin was a territory. The surface mines were quite generally worked out in 1863 or '64. Until recently mining in that section has been carried on by but few individuals, and in no regular way. Recently, however, several very valuable mines have been opened, and owing to the general disappearance of the water that in the earlier days proved a serious obstacle, lower leads have been uncovered and large deposits of zinc ore, as well as galena, are now being mined. The development of iron mining in the northern part of the state has brought a large amount of additional wealth. The pine forests have generally disappeared, but in their place are today found large sections of valuable agricultural land, and perhaps no state in the Union at the present time offers greater inducements to settlers than does northern and central Wisconsin.

In the matter of state institutions for the improvement of the condition of those physically and mentally unfortunate, and for reformatory purposes, Wisconsin stands second to no state in the Union, population and resources considered. These institutions are under the general direction of a state board of control, comprised of able men who have within the last few years, succeeded in bringing about a system in the general management and conduct of these institutions that has attracted the attention of nearly every other state in the Union. In the matter of strictly educational institutions, the state has made wonderful advancement. There are today 7,453 public school buildings, 237 free high schools, and 15 independent high schools; 138 of these are on the accredited list of the state university,—that is, pupils who graduated from these schools are admitted to the university upon the reputation of the school, and without any further examination,—seven state normal schools, a score or more of colleges, seminaries, and academies, a state university among the foremost in the entire country in domination of education in the higher branches, and an agricultural college giving an exceptionally attractive and valuable four year course in the science of agriculture. For several years past short courses in agriculture, dairying, horticulture, and domestic science, have been a regular part of the university work. The students in these schools are almost without exception boys directly from the farm, and vitally interested in gaining agricultural knowledge. The course extends through two years of fourteen weeks each year.

The following table is a summary of the expenditures for educational purposes for a period of three years, ending with 1904.

Disbursements.	1901-1902.	1902-1903.	1903-1904.
Amount expended in support of the University	\$549,953 78	\$466,384 14	\$771,053 36
Amount expended for Normal Schools.....	344,179 96	324,783 55	319,912 34
Amount expended for Common Schools, High Schools and Graded Schools	6,477,638 88	7,250,628 04	8,189,213 52
Amount for salaries and allowances to county superintendents	74,749 00	80,675 00	80,190 00
Amount for maintenance of Teachers' Institutes	12,980 00	13,973 00	14,334 89
Amount paid by the state for Day Schools for the Deaf	26,075 28	25,719 49	29,152 07
Amount paid by the state for Manual Training Departments	2,250 00	1,750 00	22,000 00
Amount paid by the state for Agricultural Schools		7,541 75	8,000 00
Amount paid by the state for County Training Schools for Teachers	5,544 30	11,787 98	14,360 31
Amount paid for dictionaries	1,848 00	1,827 00	2,065 00
Total	\$7,495,219 20	\$8,185,070 10	\$9,450,281 49

STATE UNIVERSITY FINANCES—TWO YEARS.

Following is a summary of State University finances for the two years ending June 30, 1904. The receipts and expenditures for each year are given separately, as well as in combination. The tables are recompiled from a statement by the University printed in the latest report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction. The aim has been to put the figures in such form that anyone interested can understand them and see the various purposes for which funds are used. The figures representing the expenditures do not include printing done for different departments of the University and paid for out of the General Fund of the state.

RECEIPTS.

RECEIVED FROM	FOR THE YEAR ENDING		Total receipts for two years.
	June 30, 1903.	June 30, 1904.	
State appropriations	\$409,000 00	\$471,500 00	\$880,500 00
United States appropriations	40,000 00	40,000 00	80,000 00
Productive funds	26,000 11	14,939 57	40,939 68
Income on bequests	1,265 34	1,315 66	2,581 00
Miscellaneous	160,251 14	177,640 91	337,891 55
From gifts	4,361 57	6,269 69	10,631 26
Total	\$640,878 16	\$711,665 83	\$1,352,543 99
Balance from last year	93,051 73	2,133 48	.....

Statistics relating to the State University and the Normal Schools will be found in their appropriate places. The number of students catalogued in the University for the year ending June 30th, 1904, was 3,151. The number enrolled this year is now 3,342. Reports relating to the reformatory, charitable and penal institutions will be found under their appropriate headings.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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DISBURSEMENTS.

Disbursements.	1902 and 1903.	1903 and 1904.	Total expenditure. Two years.
Agricultural Col. and Experimental Station	\$122,479 70	\$159,235 00	\$281,714 70
College of Letters and Science	185,065 56	214,577 66	399,643 22
College of Mechanics and Engineering	73,226 92	74,790 38	148,017 30
Administration	18,581 13	19,216 31	37,797 44
College of Law	13,661 86	15,800 85	29,462 71
Washburn Observatory	6,495 10	6,232 63	12,727 73
General Library	17,364 55	23,510 53	41,445 08
Laboratory supplies	18,800 33	18,634 78	37,435 11
School of Pharmacy	8,700 22	5,854 35	14,554 57
Agricultural Institutes	14,542 51	15,199 87	29,742 38
Summer Session	11,687 92	9,830 25	21,538 27
Repairs and improvements	11,460 78	30,938 98	42,399 76
Heat and light	31,693 80	41,871 64	73,565 44
Printing and advertising	7,323 83	4,664 30	11,988 13
General account	5 3 6 91	6,023 22	11 35 13
Roads and grounds	4,954 63	6,078 98	11,033 66
Agricultural College building	95,422 53	32,577 47	128,000 00
Historical Library building (acc. expenses)	750 59		750 59
School of Economics Library Fund	814 89	126 38	941 27
School of Commerce Library Fund	375 60	171 22	546 82
Anatomical Laboratory	9,430 77		9,430 77
Henrik Wergeland Book Fund	121 95		121 95
Hebrew Fellowship	355 00		355 00
W. F. Allen Graduate Scholarship	250 00		250 00
J. C. Freeman Graduate Scholarship	250 00		250 00
Sheboygan Graduate Scholarship	300 00	300 00	600 00
Biblical Alliance Scholarships	1,290 00		1,290 00
Kletzsch Scholarship Fund	400 00	400 00	800 00
Chicago Social Settlement Fellowship	85 00		85 00
Jackson Bequest Income	1,000 00	1,000 00	2,000 00
Amelia E. H. Doyon Bequest Fund	13 75		13 75
Lewis Medal Fund principal	100 00		100 00
Louis Lotz Scholarship	50 00	50 00	100 00
Lillian Page-Allis Scholarships	150 00	150 00	300 00
Political Science Library Fund	500 00		500 00
Amelia B. H. Doyon Scholarship	250 00	250 00	500 00
B. K. Miller Scholarship	50 00	50 00	100 00
Jerman-Pflueger Scholarship	25 00		25 00
Johnson Endowment Fund	300 00	224 00	524 00
Henrik Wergeland Scholarship	200 00		200 00
University Grounds	8,000 00	9,000 00	17,000 00
Lewis Medal Fund interest	18 00	18 00	36 00
Agricultural Hall		23,556 15	23,556 15
Water Works		11,053 53	11,053 53
Chemical Laboratory building		2,715 10	2,715 10
Cold storage		3,202 59	3,202 59
St. Louis Exposition		2,557 91	2,557 91
Pennoyer Scholarship		50 00	50 00
Refund students' fees		1,749 68	1,749 68
Adams' estates principal		4,951 43	4,951 43
University Park		24,338 47	24,338 47
Christian A. Stein Scholarship		50 00	50 00
The Allis Fund		26 60	26 60
Total	\$672,408 88	\$771,053 36	\$1,443,462 24
Balance on hand at end of year	61,521 01	2,133 48	

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts, two years	\$1,852,543 99
Balance, Sept. 30, 1902	93,051 73
Total funds available	\$1,445,595 72
Total expenditures for two years	1,443,462 24
Balance June 30, 1904	\$2,133 48

THE STATE CAPITOL.

(By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary and Superintendent of State Historical Society.)

Wisconsin Territory, partitioned from Michigan Territory, had been organized at Mineral Point, July 4, 1836. The first legislature met at Belmont, October 25. Then ensued a long struggle over the location of the permanent seat of government. There were seventeen applicants (Fond du Lac, Dubuque, Portage, Helena, Milwaukee, Racine, Belmont, Mineral Point, Platteville, Green Bay, Cassville, Bellevue, Koshkonong, Wisconsinapolis, Peru, Wisconsin City, and Madison), several of them existing only on maps issued by real estate "boomers." Madison, one of the latter class, won, through the influence of James Duane Doty, who had been circuit judge for Michigan Territory, west of Lake Michigan. He, together with Stevens T. Mason, governor of Michigan Territory, had, just previous to the contest, purchased from the United States government about 1,000 acres in sections 13, 14, 23, and 24, in township 7, range 9 east. The Capitol Park, which they laid out, is upon the common corners of these sections; it was formally deeded to the Territory by the owners, in a document dated Mineral Point, January 16, 1839, and still preserved in the State archives. The prospective town was called Madison, from the fourth president of the United States. The first house was built in Madison in the spring of 1837. In June, work was commenced upon the Capitol; its corner stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies upon July 4.

The legislature met for the first time in Madison, November 26, 1838. The Capitol was not then in a suitable condition for the sessions, which were held in the basement of the old American House, where Governor Dodge delivered his annual message. Here the legislature met and adjourned from day to day, until temporary arrangements could be made for the reception of members in the Assembly Hall. During 1836 and 1837, the national government appropriated \$40,000 for the Capitol, Dane county \$4,000, and the territorial legislature about \$16,000; making the complete cost of the old Capitol \$60,000. The building, when finished, was a substantial structure, which, in architectural design and convenience of arrangements, at the time compared favorably with capitols of adjacent and older states.

The Capitol proving inadequate to the growing wants of the State, the legislature of 1857 provided for its enlargement. By this act, the commissioners of school and university lands were directed to sell the ten sections of land appropriated by congress "for the completion of public buildings," and apply the proceeds toward enlarging and improving the Capitol. The State also appropriated \$30,000 for the same object, and \$50,000 was given by the city of Madison. The work was begun in the fall of 1857, and continued from year to year until 1869, when the dome (the most satisfactory portion of the structure) was completed.

The legislature of 1882 appropriated \$200,000 for the construction of two transverse wings to the Capitol, one on the north and the other on the south sides thereof, in order to provide additional room for the State Historical Society, the Supreme Court, the State Library, and the increasing staffs of the State offices. November 8, 1883, the south wing fell while in process of construction, an accident which led to the death of eight workmen. The height of the building from the basement to the top of the flagstaff is 225½ feet, while the total length from north to south (exclusive of steps and porticos) is 396 feet, and from east to west, 226 feet. The total appropriations for the enlargement of the Capitol and for the improvement of the park to the present time are about \$900,000—exclusive of the appropriation by the legislature of 1905.

Early in the morning of the 27th of February, 1904, a large part of the interior of the Capitol was, with its contents, destroyed by fire; the central portion and the north wing particularly suffered. The department to suffer the greatest loss was the Wisconsin Free Library Commission, which lost a considerable library of expensive books, its traveling libraries, and all its records.

A building commission, appointed by the legislature of 1903 was, at the time of the fire, taking into consideration the construction of a new and larger Capitol. After the disaster the matter was taken up with vigor, and plans for a new building were submitted to the present legislature (1905.)

The Capitol Park is seven hundred and ninety-two feet square, cornering on the cardinal points of the compass, contains fourteen and four-tenths acres, and is handsomely situated on an elevation commanding a view of Lakes Monona and Mendota and the surrounding Four Lake country. In the center of this square stands the Capitol.

STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

MEMBERS.

	Term expires April 15, 1907.	
GUSTAVE KUSTERMANN		Green Bay
	Term expires April 15, 1908.	
HARVEY CLARK		Monroe
	Term expires April 15, 1905.	
ALLAN D. CONOVER		Madison
	Term expires April 15, 1909.	
LESTER B. DRESSER		St. Croix Falls.
	Term expires April 15, 1906.	
HERMAN GROTOPHORST		Baraboo

INSTITUTIONS UNDER ITS CHARGE.

State Hospital for the Insane	Mendota
Northern Hospital for the Insane	Winnebago
School for the Deaf	Delavan
School for the Blind	Janesville
Industrial School for Boys	Waukesha
State Prison	Waupun
State School for Dependent Children	Sparta
Wisconsin Home for Feeble-Minded	Chippewa Falls
Wisconsin State Reformatory	Green Bay

OTHER INSTITUTIONS INSPECTED.

Five Semi-State Institutions.
 Thirty-one County Insane Asylums.
 Sixty-nine Jails.
 Forty-eight Poor Houses.
 Fifty Private Benevolent Institutions.
 Two hundred and six Police Stations and Lockups.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

GUSTAVE KUSTERMANN	President
HARVEY CLARK	Vice President
M. J. TAPPINS	Secretary

The State Board of Control of Reformatory, Charitable and Penal Institutions, established by Chapter 202, Laws of 1895, consists of five members appointed by the governor, subject to the approval of the senate, for a term of five years. tentent, one assistant physician, a matron, and a steward; and for the Institu-

The members first appointed under the act, however, are to hold office for the term of one, two, three, four and five years respectively. The members are required to devote their entire time to the discharge of their duties, and receive a salary of two thousand dollars each, per annum, and all necessary disbursements in the discharge of their duties. They are authorized to elect a secretary, three clerks and a stenographer. All accounts for disbursements and charges and debts contracted by the stewards of the institutions or the board are audited by the board.

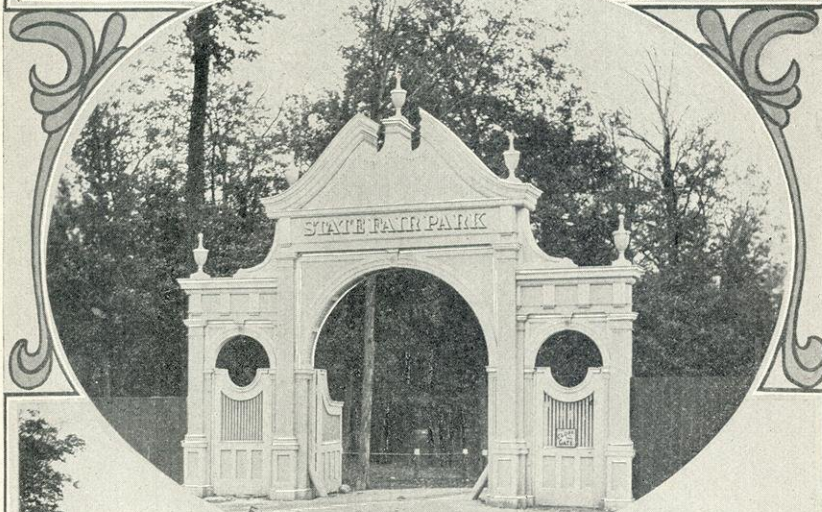
Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners in lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any insane asylum or hospital, public or private, or restrained of his liberty by reason of alleged insanity, at any place within this state, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in its opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or management thereof; to send for books and papers, summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses; and conduct at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as it shall deem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such Board or any member thereof, by any inmate, employee, or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

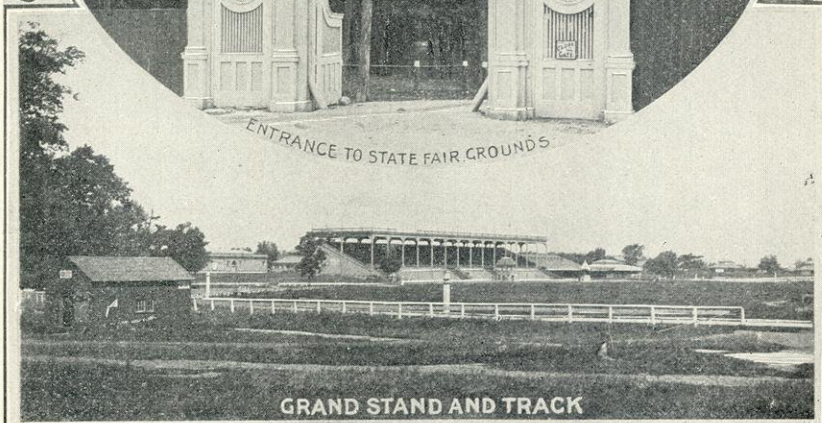
Section 9. The duties of such Board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the State Public School for Dependent or Neglected Children, the Home for Feeble-Minded, the State Reformatory, and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, ground and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith, and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-laws, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted. 8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens. 9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superin-



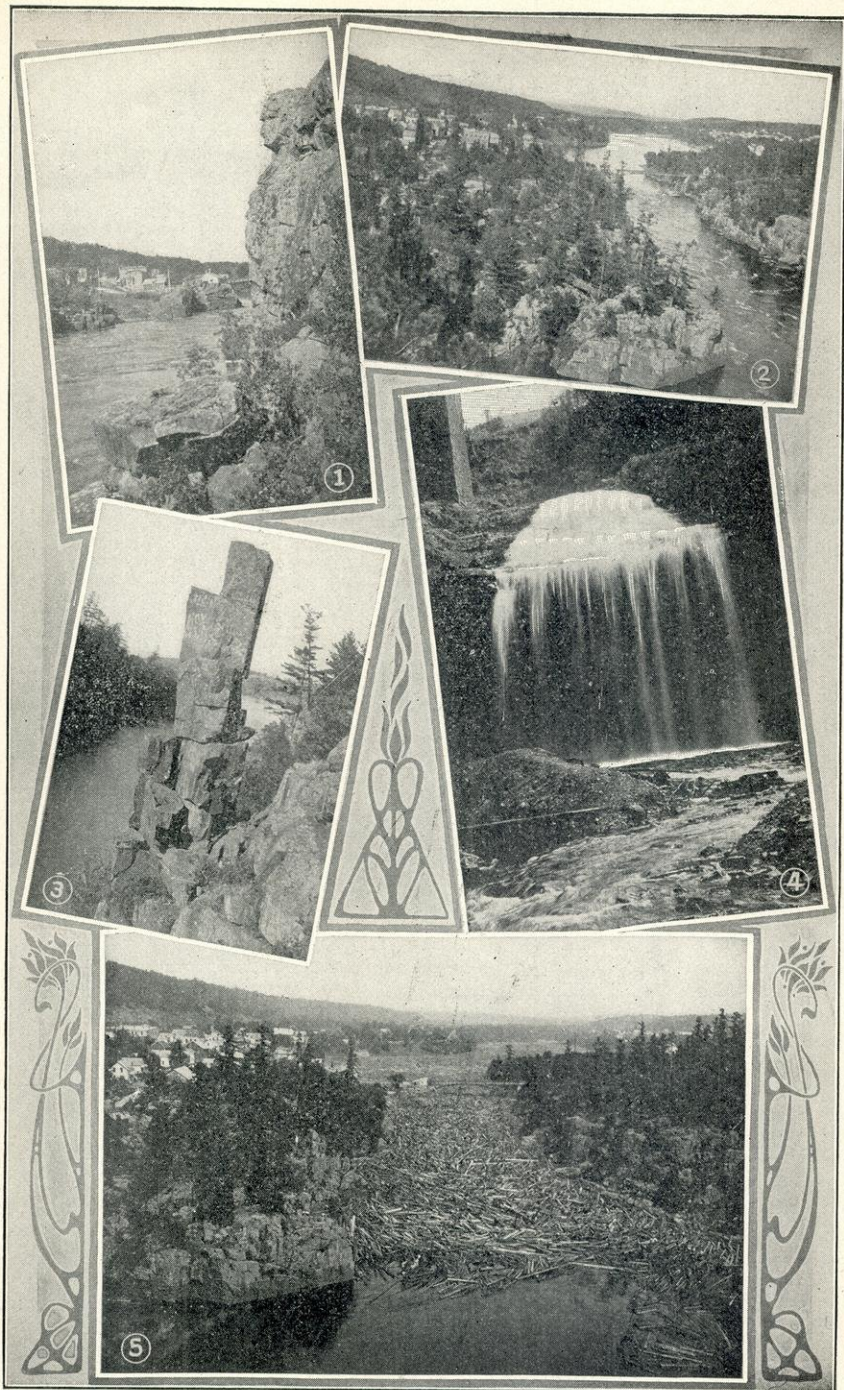
SECTION OF GROVE



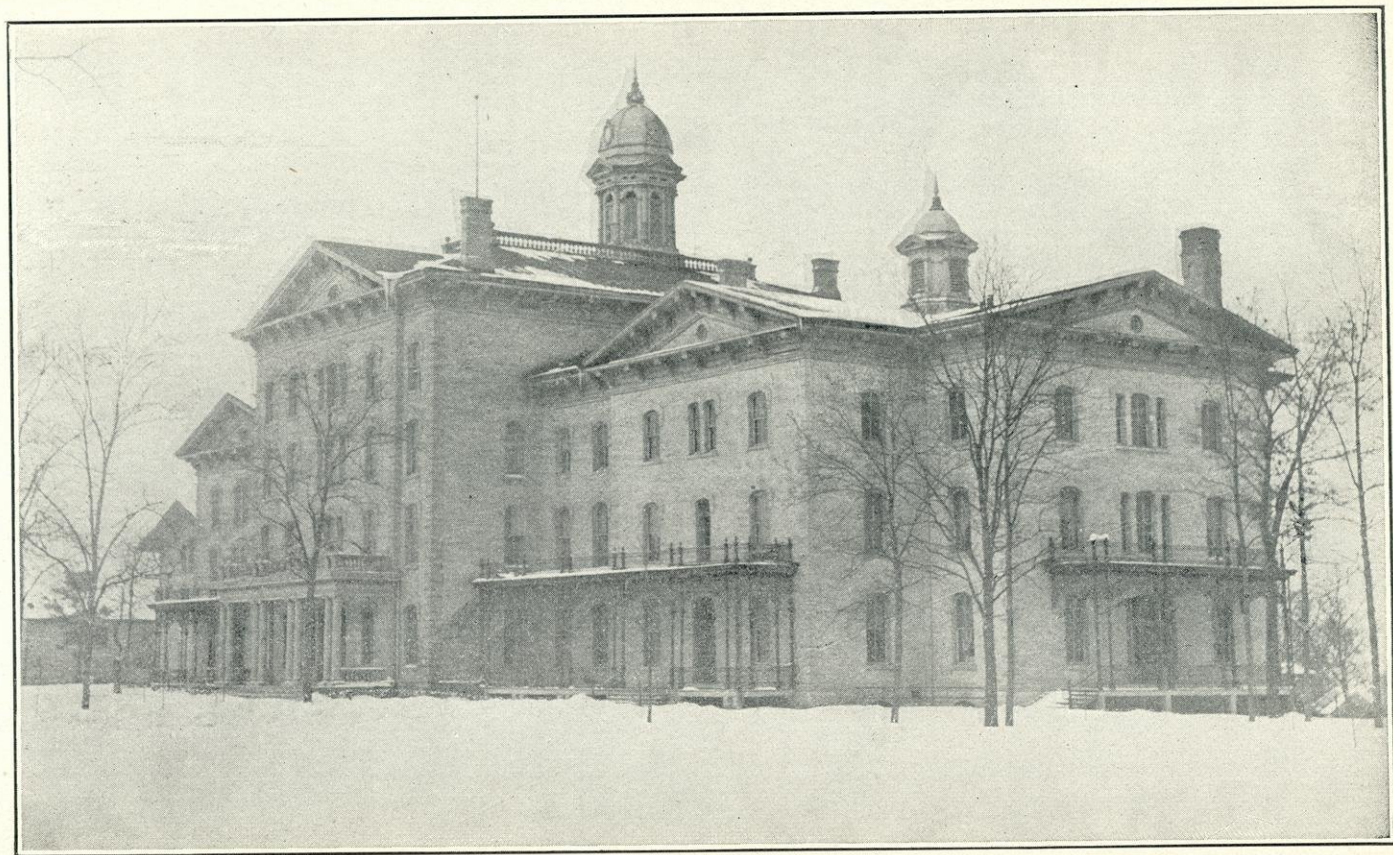
ENTRANCE TO STATE FAIR GROUNDS



GRAND STAND AND TRACK



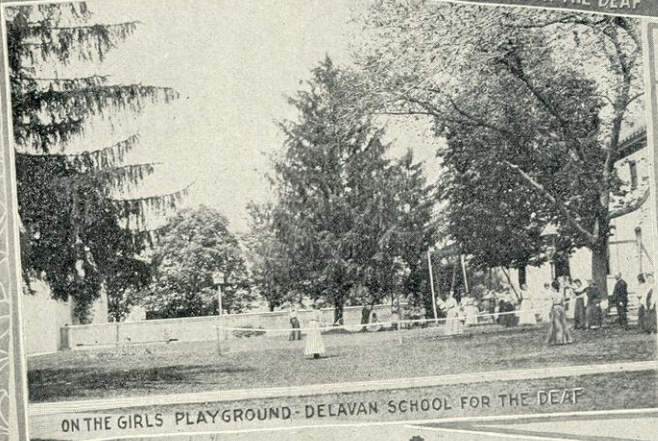
INTER-STATE PARK VIEWS, DALLES OF THE ST. CROIX.
 1, Old Man of the Dalles; 2, St. Croix Falls, Wis., on the right, Taylor Falls, Minn., on the left; 3, The Devil's Chair (150 feet high); 4, Osceola Cascade; 5, Log Jam at St. Croix and Taylor Falls.



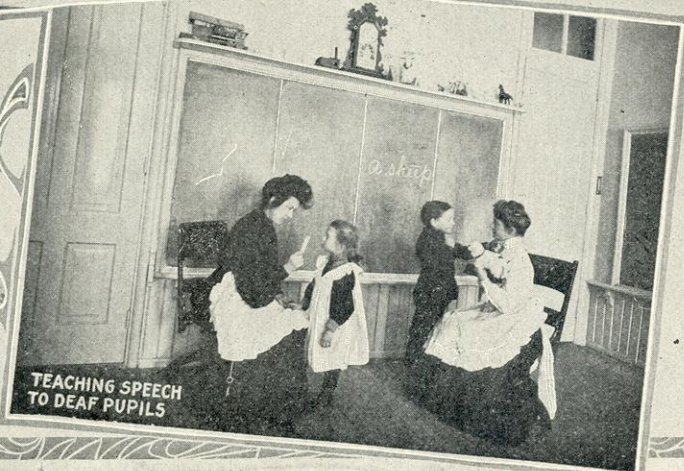
SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, JANESVILLE.



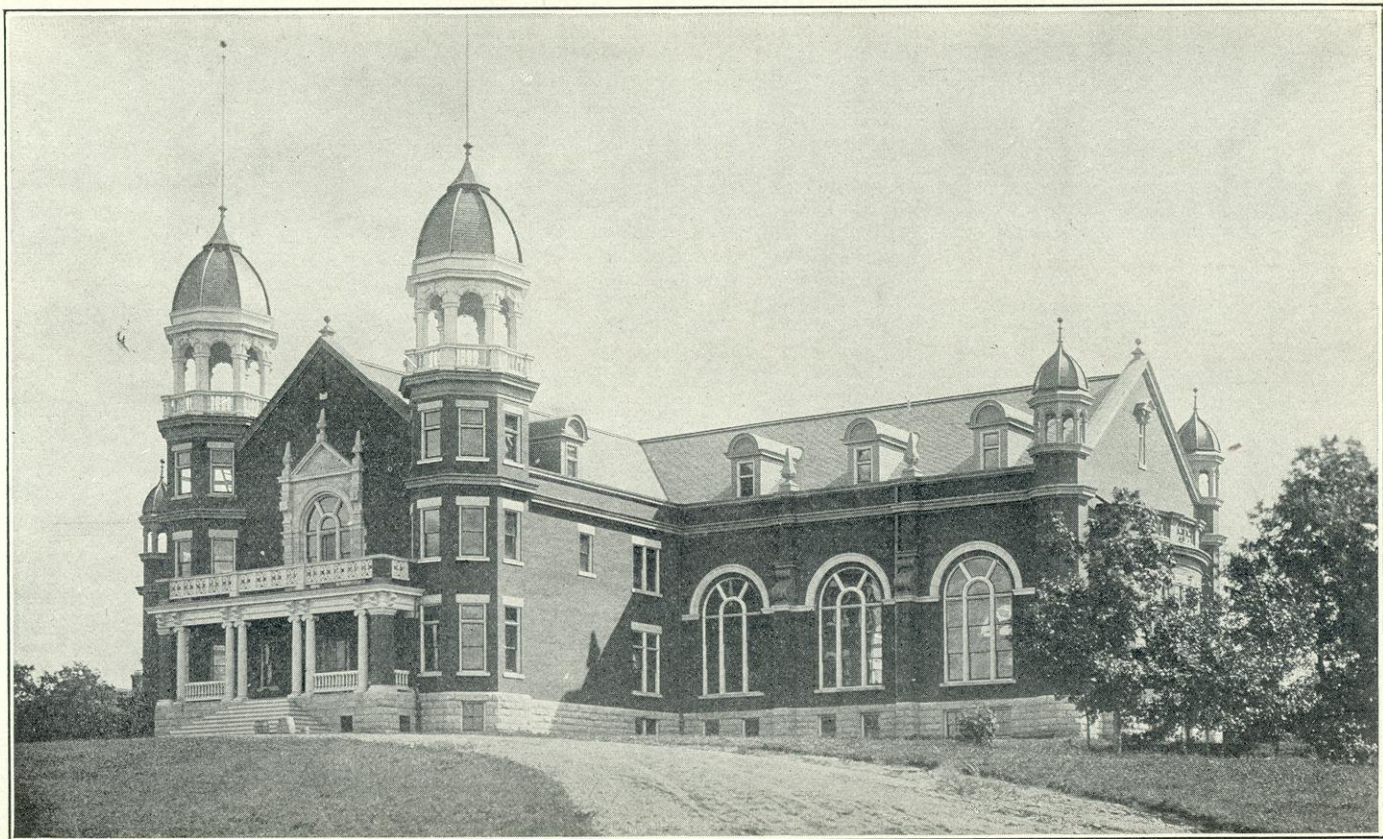
ADMINISTRATION BUILDING-DELAVAN SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF



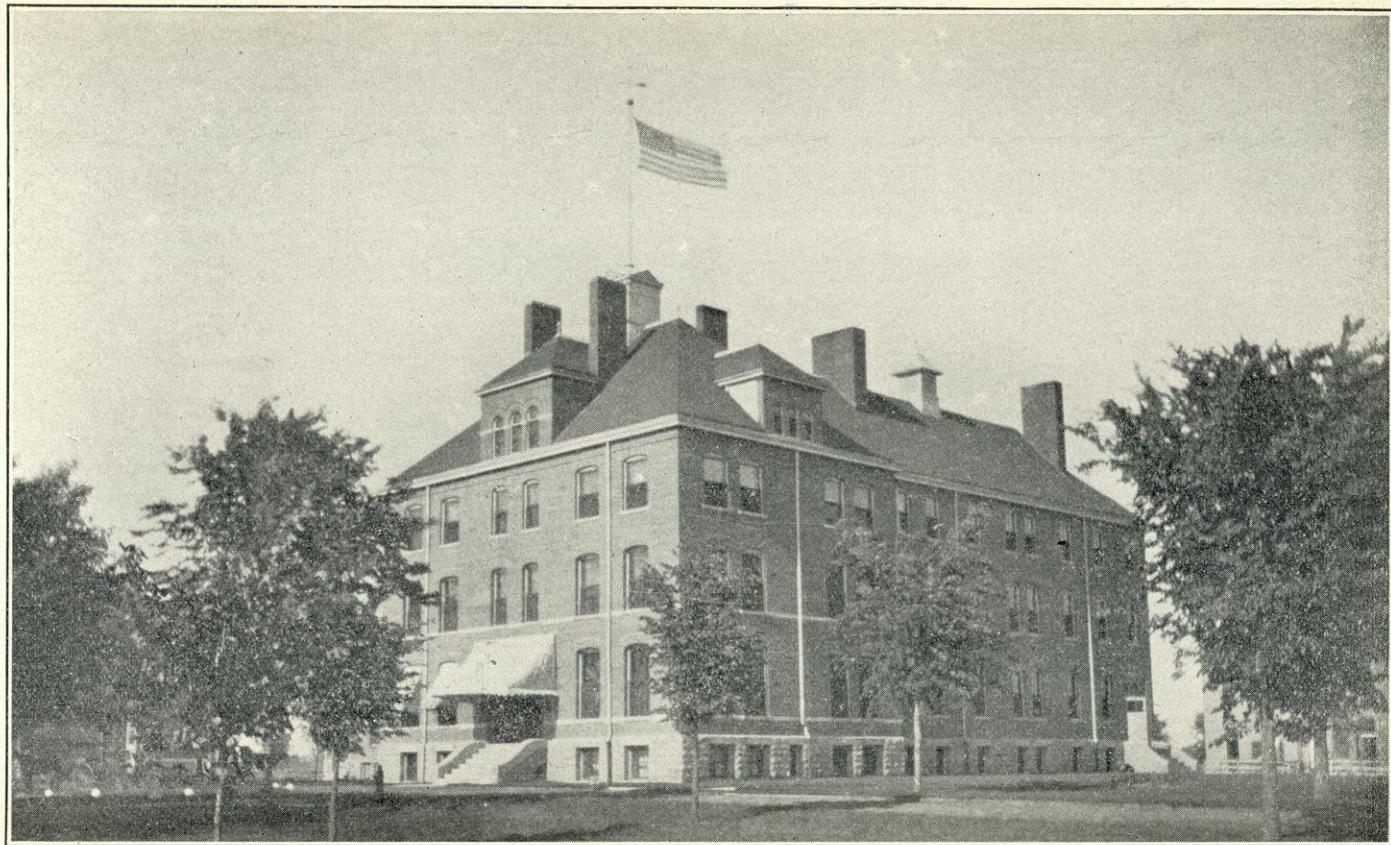
ON THE GIRLS PLAYGROUND-DELAVAN SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF



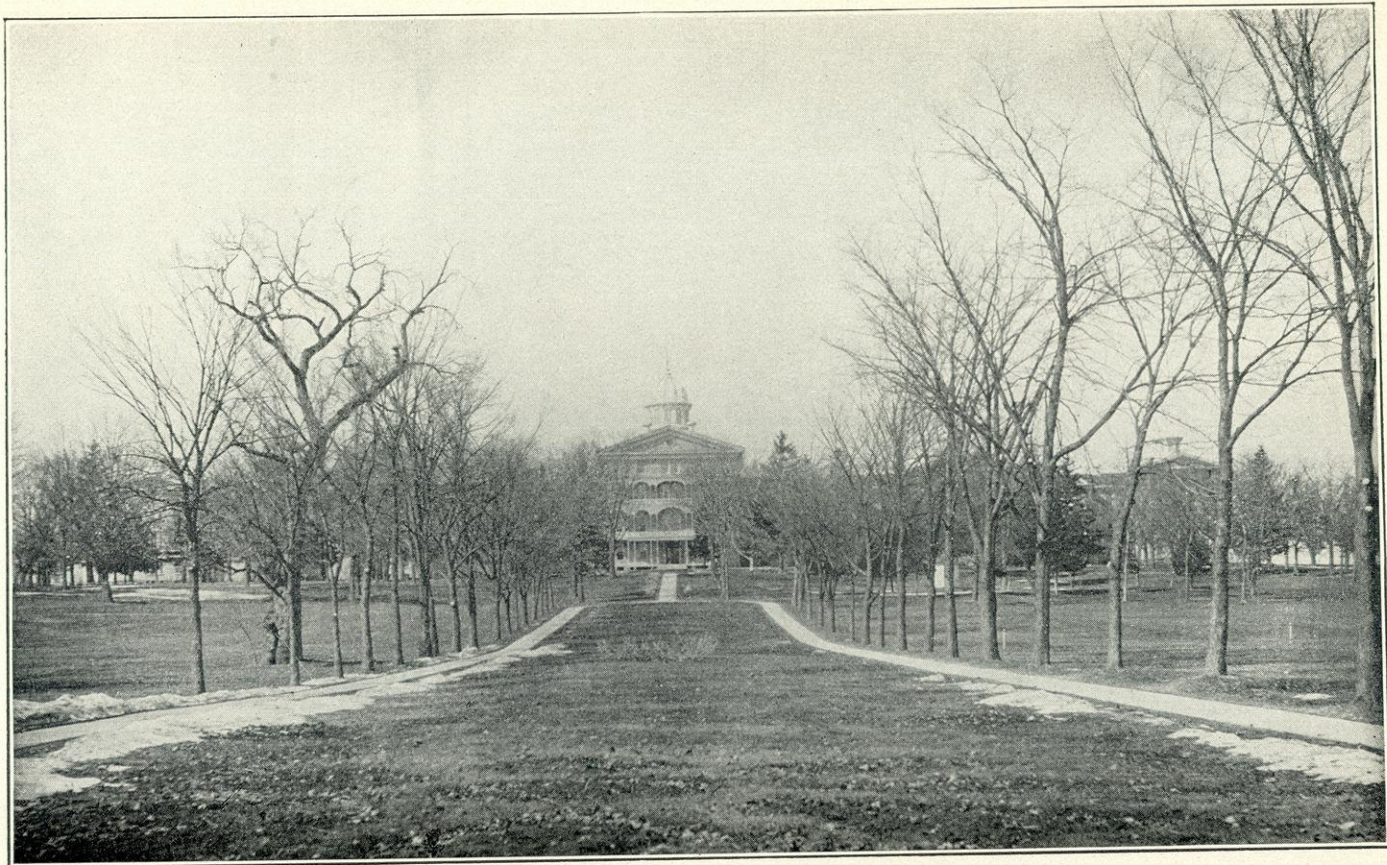
TEACHING SPEECH TO DEAF PUPILS



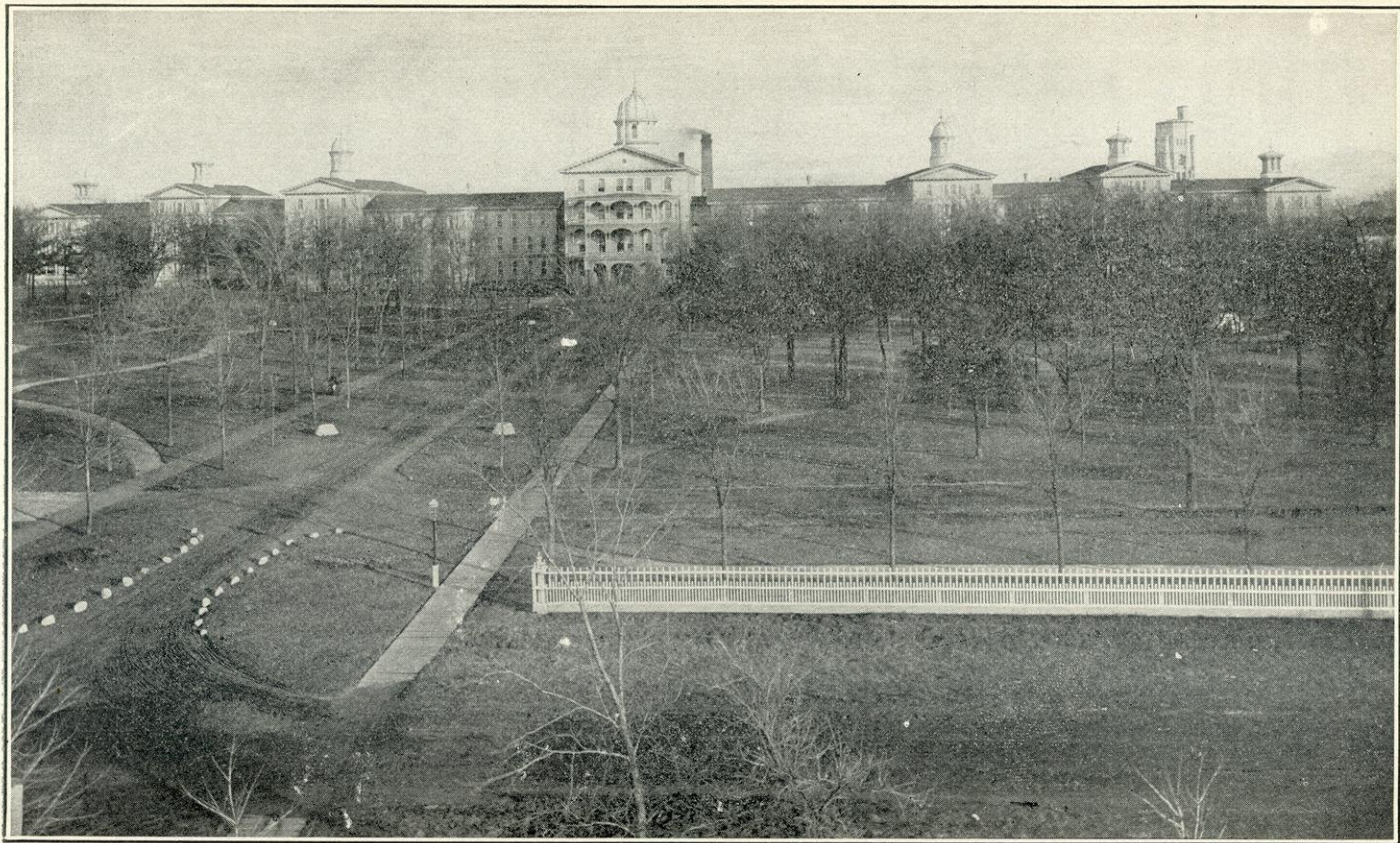
ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, HOME FOR FEEBLE MINDED, CHIPPEWA FALLS.



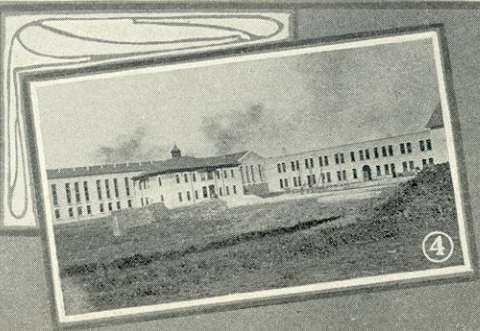
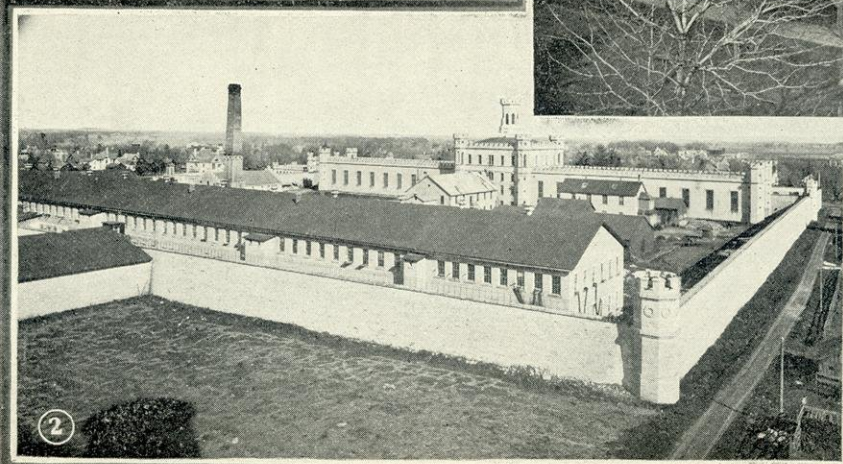
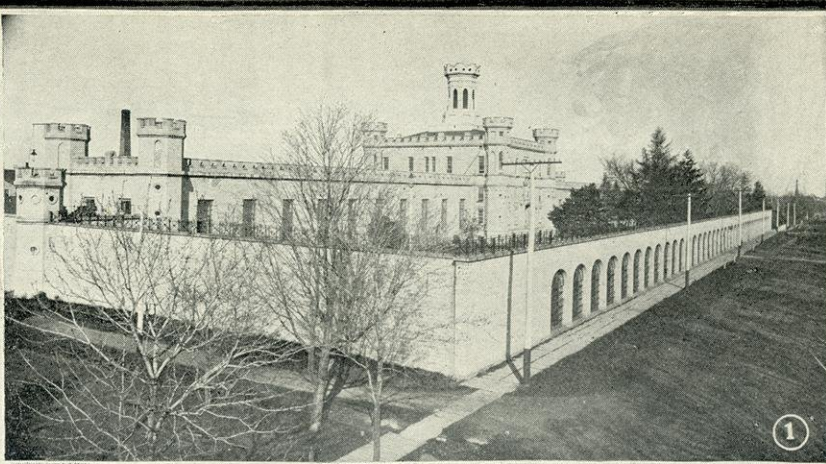
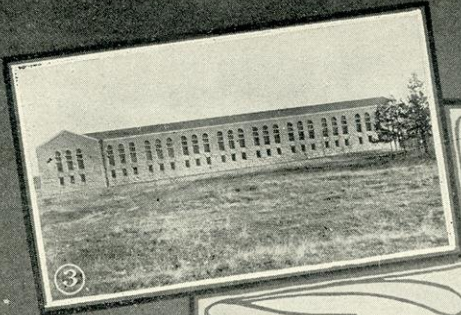
ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN, SPARTA.



WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, MENDOTA.



NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, NEAR OSHKOSH.



1 AND 2 WISCONSIN STATE PRISON, WAUPUN.
3 AND 4 WISCONSIN STATE REFORMATORY, GREEN BAY.



1870



CLARK
ENG. & PRTG. CO.
MIL.

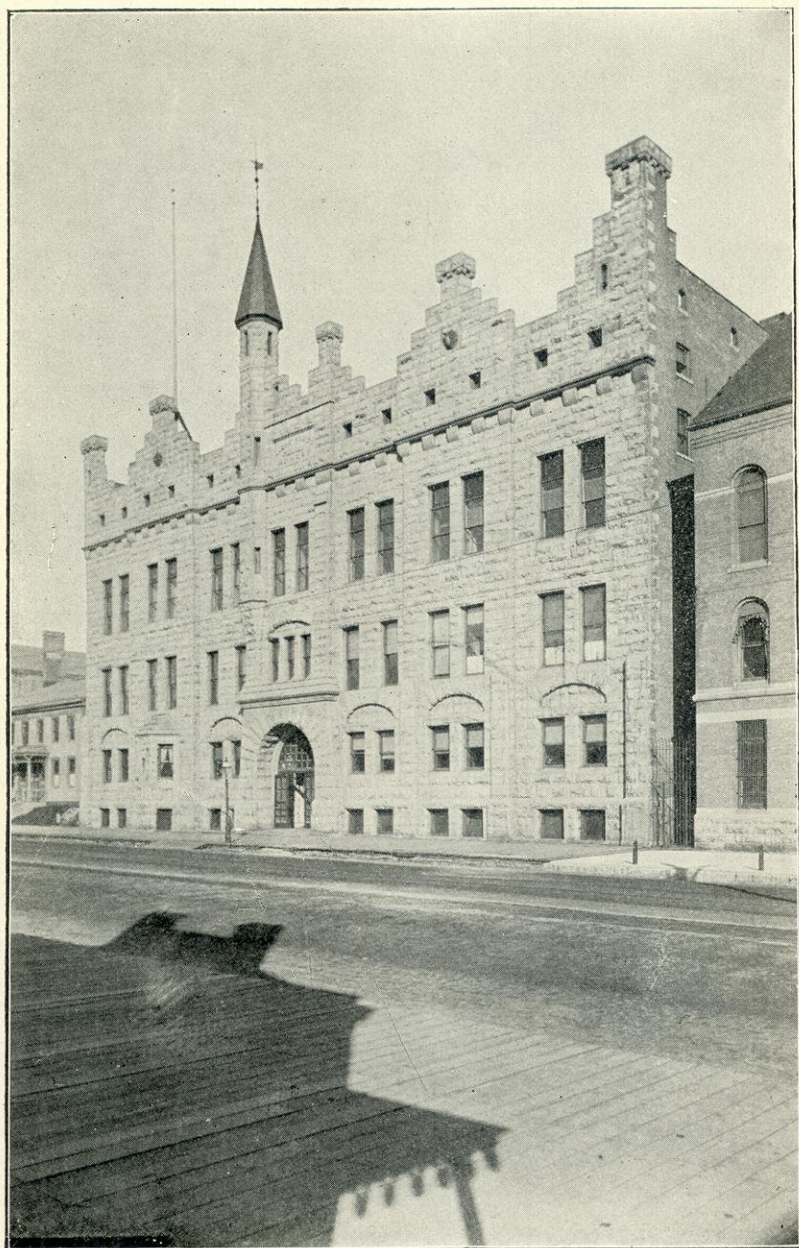
WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, WAUKESHA.



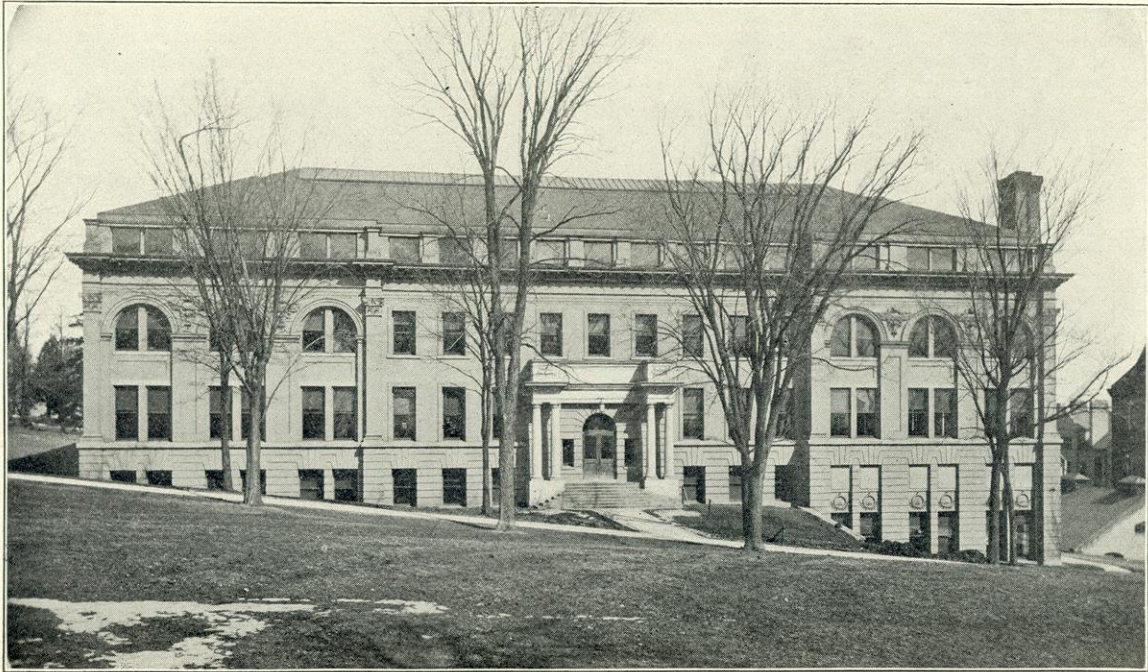
WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, MILWAUKEE.



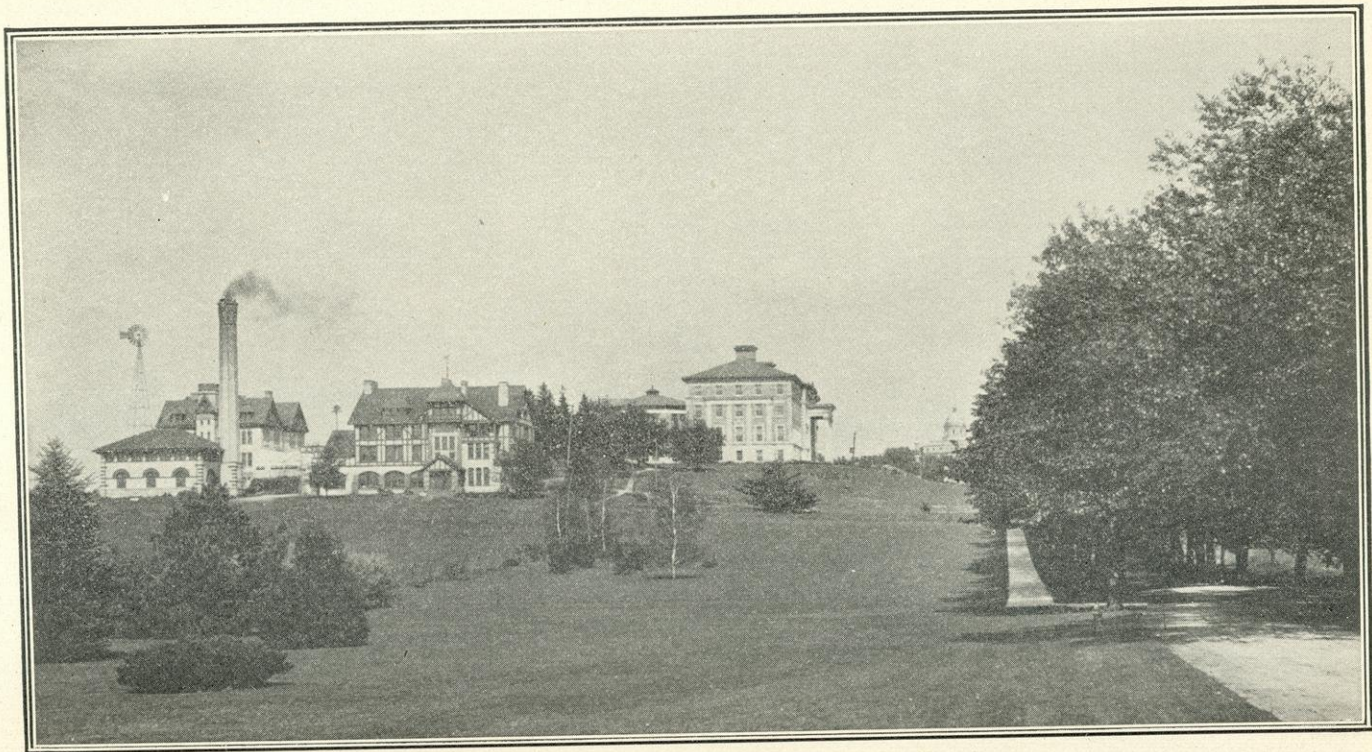
BASS HATCHERY, MINOCQUA, WIS.



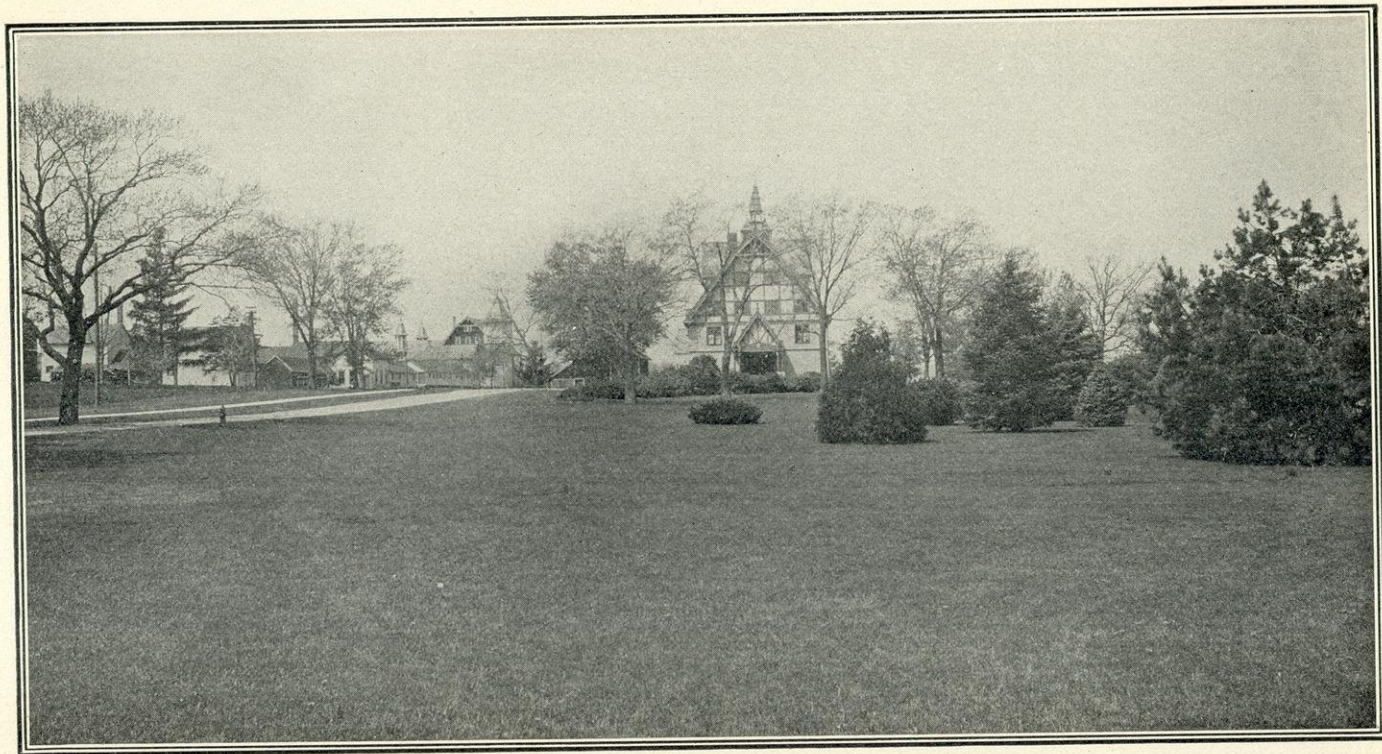
LIGHT HORSE SQUADRON ARMORY (STATE ARSENAL), MILWAUKEE.



ENGINEERING BUILDING, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.



BUILDINGS OF THE WISCONSIN COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.



FARM BUILDINGS OF THE WISCONSIN COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.

tion for the Education of the Blind and the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, and all necessary teachers; for the State Prison, a warden and a steward, who shall be the officers of said institutions, respectively, and whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus and means of instruction for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition, and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks, and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

WISCONSIN INSANE IN INSTITUTIONS.

September 30, 1904, there were 5,519 insane under public care. Of these 442 were in the State hospital, 625 in the Northern hospital and 499 in the Milwaukee hospital for the insane; a total of 1,566 in hospitals. There were 3,953 in the 30 county asylums for the chronic insane, making 5,519 confined in asylums and hospitals.

WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA FOR INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE.

For the Last 10 Years.

INSTITUTIONS.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902, 9 mos	1903.	1904.
State Hospital.....	\$5 03	\$5 01	\$5 38	\$5 18	\$5 01	\$4 79	\$5 26	\$5 40	\$4 57	\$4 67
Northern Hospital.....	4 56	4 07	4 75	5 09	4 18	3 88	4 21	4 51	3 99	4 07
Milwaukee Hospital.....	3 63	3 79	3 37	3 39	3 30	3 32	3 30	3 29	3 56	3 58
County Asylums.										
Brown.....	1 85	2 05	1 95	2 07	1 87	2 47	2 84	3 67	4 78	3 34
Chippewa.....	2 67	1 55	1 48	1 04	1 76	1 74	1 86	2 20	2 44	2 44
Columbia.....	1 32	1 28	1 32	1 20	1 54	1 75	1 76	1 60	1 35	1 17
Dane.....	1 18	1 38	1 35	1 22	1 19	1 57	1 67	1 88	1 82	2 06
Dodge.....	1 85	1 74	1 65	1 73	1 82	2 31	2 38	2 11	2 17	2 08
Dunn.....	1 53	1 32	1 81	1 73	1 78	2 54	1 99	2 06	1 59	2 18
Eau Claire.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 69	3 49	2 80	2 53
Fond du Lac.....	1 96	1 67	1 80	1 81	1 61	2 50	2 17	3 62	2 23	2 38
Grant.....	1 72	1 60	1 56	1 60	1 28	1 99	1 65	1 76	1 64	2 55
Green.....	1 73	1 68	1 66	1 79	1 51	1 92	1 92	2 03	2 01	1 99
Iowa.....	1 65	1 44	1 34	1 17	1 16	1 79	2 20	2 01	1 87	2 12
Jackson.....	1 70	1 66	2 05	1 54	1 42	1 47	1 72	2 40	1 98	1 80
La Crosse.....	1 39	1 36	2 27	1 56	1 41	2 26	2 24	2 24	2 31	2 06
Marion.....	1 67	1 61	1 33	1 61	1 77	2 74	2 63	2 20	2 41	2 84
Marathon.....	1 77	1 49	1 70	1 70	1 70	2 15	2 29	2 82	2 06	2 42
Monroe.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 00	1 95
Milwaukee.....	2 48	3 41	2 52	2 27	2 36	2 70	2 79	3 17	2 28	2 12
Outagamie.....	1 47	1 62	1 75	1 30	1 37	2 17	2 26	2 28	2 46	2 38
Racine.....	1 95	2 05	1 98	1 72	2 35	2 46	2 55	2 63	2 47	3 84
Richland.....	.....	.....	2 38	1 70	1 82	1 97	2 29	2 37	2 12	2 15
Rock.....	1 58	1 31	1 30	1 43	1 40	2 35	2 45	2 32	1 98	2 40
Sauk.....	1 31	1 31	1 22	1 25	1 39	1 57	1 68	1 91	1 65	1 90
Shoebogyan.....	1 90	2 19	2 14	1 86	1 93	2 42	2 35	2 69	2 62	2 04
St. Croix.....	.....	.....	1 88	1 45	1 26	2 35	1 81	2 58	1 81	1 66
Trempealeau.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 96	3 17	2 88	1 98	2 22
Vernon.....	1 63	1 76	1 93	1 89	1 67	2 19	2 37	2 27	2 56	3 08
Walworth.....	1 12	1 17	1 00	1 24	98	1 58	1 93	1 63	2 01	2 18
Waupaca.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4 33	2 32
Washington.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 02	2 54	2 64	2 47	2 28	2 28
Waukesha.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 01	4 78
Winnebago.....	1 93	2 08	1 68	1 65	1 63	2 35	2 12	2 02	2 35	2 31
Average.....	\$1 68	\$1 73	\$1 66	\$1 60	\$1 65	\$2 22	\$2 20	\$2 39	\$2 23	2 37

COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR THE CHRONIC INSANE.

Counties.	Postoffice of the Asylum.	Superintendents.
Brown	Green Bay	F. M. Loftus.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	R. P. Dickinson.
Columbia	Wyoceua	B. Miller.
Dane	Verona	L. P. Edwin.
Dodge	Juneau	Slomon Rudolf.
Dunn	Menomonie	S. W. Jackson.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	O. H. Kitzman.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Louis Manderschies.
Grant	Lancaster	W. J. Dyer.
Green	Monroe	R. C. Whitcomb.
Iowa	Dodgeville	E. J. Perkins.
Jefferson	Jefferson	W. E. Voigt.
La Crosse	West Salem	C. S. McKown.
Marathon	Wausau	J. B. Thomas.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	H. Goedjen.
Monroe	Sparta	P. J. Mooney.
Milwaukee	Wauwatosa	Dr. W. F. Beutler.
Outagamie	Appleton	G. R. Downer.
Racine	Racine	F. E. Ovenson.
Richland	Richland Center	L. T. Johnson.
Rock	Janesville	K. Killam.
St. Croix	New Richmond	T. D. Wheeler.
Sauk	Reedsburg	J. S. Hall.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	A. J. Whiffin.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	J. A. Johnson.
Vernon	Viroqua	Fred Wilkins.
Walworth	Elkhoru	D. W. Stanford.
Washington	West Bend	Peter Lochen.
Waukesha	Waukesha	Geo. F. Carroll.
Waupaca	Weyauwega	C. M. Hayward.
Winnebago	Winnebago	C. F. Appleby.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

CHAS. GORST, M. D.	Superintendent.
EUGENE CHANEY, M. D., AND M. K. GREEN.	Assistants.
A. C. NORDVI	Pharmacist.
P. D. CRAMER	Steward.
H. T. LERDALL	Assistant Steward.
MRS. J. I. BREWER	Matron.

The Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, located at Mendota, near Madison, was opened for patients in July, 1860. Two years later, one longitudinal and one transverse wing on the west side were completed, since which time other additions have been made. The entire length of the hospital building is 569 feet, the center building being 65x120 feet. The first longitudinal wing on each side of the center is 132 feet, and the last on each extremity is 119 feet. The transverse wings are 87 feet long. This commodious building is surrounded by ornamental grounds, woods and farming lands, to the extent of 497 acres and is well adapted for the care of the unfortunate needing its protection. The hospital will now accommodate comfortably 520 patients.

J. Edwards Lee, M. D., was the first medical superintendent, having been elected by the first board of trustees on the 22d of June, 1859, and the furniture and furnishing of the center building and first wing, and arrangements for the reception of patients, were conducted under his supervision.

The second board of trustees was organized April 10, 1860, and on the 22d of May following appointed John P. Clement, M. D., to supersede Dr. Lee as superintendent, and in June, 1860, Mrs. Mary C. Halliday was appointed matron. The first patient was admitted July 14, 1860.

Dr. Clement resigned Jan. 1, 1864, and from that time until April 20, the hospital was in charge of John W. Sawyer, M. D., assistant physician, when A. H. Van Norstrand, M. D., was elected superintendent.

Dr. Van Norstrand resigned June 6, 1868, and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D.

Dr. McDill resigned in October, 1872; and on the 29th of April, 1873, Mark Ranney, M. D., was appointed superintendent, and entered upon his duties July 23.

Dr. Ranney resigned and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D., in April, 1875. Dr. McDill was removed by death November 12, 1875.

O. F. Boughton, M. D., who had served a number of years as assistant physician in the hospital, was chosen to fill the vacancy occasioned by Dr. McDill's death, and he held that position until July 1, 1881.

Dr. R. M. Wigginton, of Watertown, was chosen his successor by the Board of Supervision July 1, 1881, and having been duly elected to be superintendent of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, was succeeded by Dr. S. B. Buckmaster, July 1, 1884.

Dr. Buckmaster held the position until December 1, 1889, when he resigned, and was succeeded by Dr. Louis R. Head, of Oakwood Retreat, at Lake Geneva, Wis.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. E. P. Taylor was elected to be the successor of Dr. Head and entered upon the duties of his office Aug. 1, 1891. Dr. Taylor resigned July 1, 1893, and Dr. John B. Edwards of Mauston was chosen to succeed him. In July, 1895, Dr. Wm. B. Lyman was elected to the position in place of Dr. Edwards. In February, 1901, Dr. Lyman resigned and was succeeded by Dr. E. L. Bullard of Waukesha. Dr. E. L. Bullard resigned July 7, 1904, and was succeeded by Dr. Chas. Gorst of Baraboo.

There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to June 30, 1904, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$4,655,709.05.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital July 14, 1860.....		10,476
Paroled	5,545	
Discharged as sane	7	
Transferred to other institutions	3,175	
Died	1,276	
Eloped	31	
Under treatment June 30, 1904	442	
		10,476

The average number of patients in the hospital the 2-year period ending June 30, has been 425, as against 415 the previous year, and the current expenses \$103,784.56, as against \$98,825.91.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

W. A. GORDON, M. D.	Superintendent
A. SHERMAN, M. D., THOMAS R. JONES, M. D., BERTHA V. THOMAS, M. D., and F. W. POPE	Assistants.
J. V. N. SONN	Pharmacist
A. P. ALLER	Steward
A. E. CHASE	Assistant Steward
MISS MINNIE SCHRIBER	Matron

In 1870 a law was passed authorizing an additional hospital for the insane. After an examination of several sites in different parts of the state by a commission appointed for that purpose, choice was made of the location offered by the citizens of Oshkosh, consisting of 337 acres of land, about four miles north of the city, on the west shore of Lake Winnebago. The necessary appropriations were made, and the north wing and central building were completed and opened for the admission of patients in 1873. Further appropriations were made from time to time for additional wings, and in 1875, the hospital was completed according to the original design, at a total cost to the state of six hundred and twenty-five thousand, two hundred and fifty dollars. Since that time some additional land has been purchased, the original buildings modified, and others erected. This hospital will now, without crowding, suitably accommodate 650 patients.

In December, 1873, Dr. Walter Kempster, of Utica, New York, was elected superintendent and continued to act as such by successive re-elections, until the close of the term ending July 1, 1884, when he was succeeded by Dr. R. M. Wigginton, who had had several years' experience as assistant and superintendent in the State Hospital for the Insane near Madison. Upon the close of the official year, July 1, 1887, Dr. Walter Kempster was again elected superintendent, but after serving three months, he resigned the position, and Dr. Charles E. Booth, of Elroy, Wis., was elected his successor.

On July 21, 1891, Dr. W. F. Wegge, of Milwaukee, was elected to succeed Dr. Booth, and became superintendent August 1, 1891.

Dr. Wegge resigned October 1, 1894, and Dr. D. G. Hathaway, of Wauwatosa, was elected his successor. Dr. Hathaway resigned July 1, 1895, and was succeeded by Dr. W. A. Gordon, of Oshkosh.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to June 30, 1904, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$4,385,430.23.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital, April 21, 1873	11,140
Escaped	33
Paroled	5,779
Discharged not insane	30
Transferred to other institutions	3,207
Died	1,466
Under treatment June 30, 1904.....	625
	<hr/> 11,140

The average number of patients in the hospital for the year ending June 30, 1904, has been 614, as against 600 the previous year, and the current expenses \$130,514.51, as against \$124,951.61.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

OFFICERS.

E. W. WALKER	Superintendent and Steward.
EDGAR D. FISK	Clerk.
MRS. E. W. WALKER	Matron.
MISS TILLIE CANNAN	Assistant Matron.

This institution is located at Delavan, Walworth county, on the Southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, sixty miles from Milwaukee. The land first occupied, comprising 11 46-100 acres, was donated by Hon. F. K. Phoenix, one of the first trustees, but the original boundaries have since been enlarged by the purchase of twenty-two acres. The main building was burned to the ground on the 16th of September, 1879, but during the year 1880 four new buildings were erected, and with the increased facilities provided, 250 children may be well cared for.

The new buildings are a school house, boys' dormitory, dining room and chapel, with a main or administration building. These buildings are plain, neat, substantial structures and well fitted for the uses intended.

The institution was originally a private school for the deaf, but was incorporated by act of the Legislature, April 19, 1852, and it is now maintained by the State of Wisconsin for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools. It has three departments:

First—The school, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history, natural science, and drawing. Instruction in lip-reading and oral speech is given to the semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes.

Second—The shops, where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet making and shoemaking.

Third—The domestic department, in which they discharge various household duties, and learn baking and sewing.

The law provides that all deaf and dumb residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about eight years. The latest and most popular text-books, globes, maps, charts, etc.,—so far as they are adapted to deaf mute instruction,—are employed. Articulation and lip-reading are taught by ladies of skill and experience with very gratifying results.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study, and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry and of promoting health as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in cases of sickness or extreme necessity.

Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to pay the traveling and incidental expenses, and to provide clothing, a sufficient supply of which should be furnished at the beginning of the school year, or sent by express as needed.

Candidates for admission should not be under eight nor more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles and good physical health. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children are not received.

The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September, and continues forty weeks.

The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution.

There has been paid from the state treasury, up to July 1, 1904, for real es-

tate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,795,765.25.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school in 1852 is 1,308, of whom 180 were in attendance June 30, 1904.

The average number of pupils the past year was 184, as against 166 the previous year, and the current expenses \$49,755.92, as against \$40,875.54.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

C. R. SHOWALTER Superintendent and Steward.
 MISS LIZZIE J. CURTIS Matron.
 MISS FRANCES RYAN Clerk.

This is the first charitable institution established by the state. A school for the blind had been opened at Janesville, in the latter part of 1849, which received its support from the citizens of that place and vicinity. At the next session of the legislature it was adopted by the state, by an act approved February 9, 1850. On October 7, 1850, it was opened for the reception of pupils under the direction of the board of trustees appointed by the governor. It occupied rented rooms until June 1, 1852, when it was removed to a building erected for its use at a cost of about \$3,000. The lot of ten acres had been donated by the owners, and now forms a part of the grounds, forty acres in extent, belonging to the institution. This building was so arranged as to admit of becoming the wing of a larger one, which was commenced in 1854, and fully completed in 1859. In 1864-5, a brick building was erected for a shop and other purposes. The foundation of the wing first built proved defective, and in 1867 that portion of the building had to be taken down. The next year work was begun on an extension which should replace the demolished portion and afford room for the growth of the school. That was completed in 1870, and the value of the buildings, grounds and personal property belonging to the institution was estimated at \$182,000. On the 13th of April, 1874, the building was destroyed by fire, and at the ensuing session of the legislature an appropriation of \$55,000 was made for the erection of a wing of a new building on the old site, but on a somewhat different plan; and in 1876, a further appropriation of \$90,000 was made for rebuilding the main structure.

The school was not allowed to close on account of the fire. Suitable accommodations were procured for the pupils by the board of trustees in the city of Janesville, where at some disadvantage, the work of the institution was carried on until January 1, 1876, when the wing of the new building was ready for occupancy. The main structure has since been completed. It is designed to accommodate one hundred pupils, the same number as the building destroyed in 1874. The exterior is plainer than in the former structure, but a considerable sum has been expended in fire-proofing and in laying solid foundations under the main building. It is now believed to be practically fire-proof.

The object of the institution as declared by law is "to qualify, as far as may be," the blind "for the enjoyment of the blessings of a free government, obtaining the means of subsistence and the discharge of those duties, social and political, devolving upon American citizens." The institution is therefore neither a hospital nor an asylum, but a school, into which blind persons residing in Wisconsin, "of suitable age and capacity to receive instruction," are admitted for education. For the purposes of the institution, those persons are regarded as blind who are shut out from the benefits of the common schools by deficiency of sight. Pupils are regularly received who are between the ages of eight and

twenty-one years. In occasional instances others have been admitted. Tuition and board during the school year are furnished by the state without charge, but parents and guardians are expected to provide clothing, traveling expenses, and a home during the summer vacation. The school year commences on the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks.

The operations of the school fall naturally into three departments. In one, instruction is given in the subjects usually taught in the common schools. Some use is made of books printed in raised letters; but instruction is mostly given orally. In another department musical training, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, is imparted to an extent sufficient to furnish to most an important source of enjoyment, and to some the means of support. These two departments were opened at the commencement of the school, and have been ever since maintained. A little later the third department was opened, in which weaving, seating cane bottomed chairs, sewing, knitting, and various kinds of fancy work are systematically taught. The "Kindergarten" was established in 1883 and proves a most valuable adjunct to all the departments.

The care exercised over the pupils of this institution, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed course of study abundantly attest.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to July 1, 1904, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all, the sum of \$1,398,568.33.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school, October 7, 1850, is 865, of whom 94 were in attendance June 30, 1904.

The average number of pupils the past year was 94, as against 90 the previous year; and the current expenses \$32,513.54, as against \$30,902.77.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

OFFICERS.

A. J. HUTTON	Superintendent and Steward.
E. H. HUEBING	Assistant Steward.
H. R. RAWSON	Field Agent.
J. S. ROESELLY	Principal Teacher.
MRS. A. J. HUTTON	Matron.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is situated about three-fourths of a mile west of the railroad depots in the village of Waukesha, the county seat of Waukesha county.

It was organized as a house of refuge, and opened in 1860. The name was afterward changed to "State Reform School," and again to "Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys," its present title. The buildings are located on the southern bank of Fox river, in view of the trains as they pass to and from Milwaukee and Madison, presenting an attractive sight to the traveling public and furnishing good evidence of the parental care of the State authorities for the juvenile wards within its borders.

The buildings include a main central edifice, three stories high, used for the residence of the superintendent's family, office, officers' kitchen, dining and lodging rooms, furnace room and cellar. On March 26, 1898, the factory building with all its contents, was destroyed by fire, the loss being about \$40,000. The Governor, Attorney General and Secretary of State authorized an indebtedness of \$40,000.00, and a new building was built during the summer of 1898.

On the east of the main central building are three family buildings, three stories high, each with a dining hall, play room, bath room, dressing room, hospital room, officers' rooms, dormitory and store room.

On the west of the main central buildings are four family buildings like those on the east in all respects, with the exception of the building at the west end of this line, which is a wooden building with a stone basement.

In the rear of this line of buildings is the shop building, 38x258 feet, three stories high, which embraces boot factory, sock and knitting factory, tailor shop, carpenter shop, laundry and steam drying room, store, store rooms, bakery and cellar, and three family buildings with room for fifty boys each, also an engine and boiler room and a blacksmith shop.

There is on the farm, which consists of 404 acres of land, a stone carriage and horse barn, two stories high, built in the most substantial manner, three convenient wooden barns, with sheds for cattle, wagons and farm machinery, cellars for roots, and a silo in connection with cow barn.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury up to June 30, 1904, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs, and current expenses is \$2,398,001.66.

The whole number of commitments since the opening of the schools, August 3, 1860, is 5,306, of whom 327 were present June 30, 1904.

The average number of boys the past year was 315, as against 292 the previous year, and the current expenses were \$64,769.96, as against \$72,772.87.

STATE PRISON.

OFFICERS.

HENRY TOWN	Warden and Steward.
E. S. HARVEY	Deputy Warden.
JACOB FUSS	Clerk.
J. F. BROWN	Prison Physician.
REV. GEO. W. PEPPER	Chaplain.
REV. J. C. HARTMAN	Chaplain, Catholic.
Mrs. M. H. SCHILLING	Matron.

The State prison was located in Waupun in July, 1851, by Messrs. John Bullen, John Taylor and A. W. Worth, who were appointed commissioners to determine such location under a law enacted that year. A contract was at once entered into for the construction of a temporary prison; in 1853 the contract was let for the mason work upon the south wing of the prison; and additions have been made from time to time since that date.

From March 28, 1853, to January 4, 1874, the office of the Prison Commissioner was an elective office, the commissioner having full control of the management of the prison.

From January 3, 1874, to June 1, 1881, the management was in the hands of three directors appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In place of a commissioner, the directors appointed a warden, who had charge and custody of the prison, to serve three years.

In June, 1881, the management of the prison was placed in the hands of the State Board, who have continued the control and custody as established by the directors.

The warden, steward, clerk, deputy warden and matron are appointed by the State Board of Control annually. All other officers are appointed by the board from time to time as vacancies occur, upon the nomination of the warden.

The convict labor was leased to M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, for the manufacture of boots and shoes, for five years, from January 1, 1878, and the contract

was renewed with that firm for five years, beginning with January 1, 1883, at the rate of fifty cents per day of ten hours. Upon the expiration of the contract at the close of the year 1887, the contractors, by consent of the Board of Supervision, continued to employ the prisoners for several months, when the contract was renewed for five years without change of terms. On the expiration of said contract at the close of the year 1892, it was similarly renewed by consent of the Board of Control, for a further period of five years. On the expiration of the contract period at the close of the year 1897 it was again renewed on the same terms for a further period of 5 years.

On July 1st, 1903, a contract was entered into with the Paramount Knitting Co. of Chicago for the manufacture of socks and stockings. The State receives 65 cents per day per convict employed. This contract provides that not less than 300 convicts shall be employed. At present time convicts earn from \$6,000.00 to \$6,250.00 per month.

Manufacture on the part of the state was therefore discontinued on January 1, 1878. The prisoners' earnings for the 2-year period ending June 30, 1904, were \$108,016.93.

The grounds about the buildings embrace 24 acres, and a farm of 112 acres about a mile distant was added in 1885. The buildings comprise the center, 85x90 feet, occupied for offices, dining and lodging rooms for officers, kitchens, bakery, etc. The two wings, 50x200 feet each, contain 504 cells, the deputy warden's residence and female prison with thirty-six cells, a work-shop 54x500 feet, two stories high, bath house, blacksmith, carpenter shop, barn, etc., and warden's residence.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses up to June 30, 1904, was \$2,495,896.85.

The whole number of prisoners received since the opening of the prison is 9,095. The number in confinement June 30, 1904, was 621—608 males and 13 females. The average number of prisoners during the past year was 575, as against 553 the preceding year, and the current expenses were (not including prisoners' earnings) \$72,029.18, as against \$88,550.03.

STATE SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

OFFICERS.

M. T. PARK	Superintendent and Steward.
Mrs. ISABEL C. PARK	General Matron.
A. F. BRANDT, ELSIE M. LOOMIS	State Agents.
ARTHUR DEGROFF	Bookkeeper.
W. T. SARLES	Physician

The State Public School for dependent and neglected children is located at Sparta, in the valley of the La Crosse river, and is surrounded by hills which impart a varied and pleasant scenery. The location is a most desirable one for the healthfulness and happiness of the inmates. The grounds are spacious and well laid out, affording ample play grounds for the children. Flowing wells abound, furnishing the purest water.

The school was established in 1886, and from its opening to June 30, 1904, 2,631 children had been received within its doors, and after a few weeks or months, as might be necessary for preparation, passed on to homes where opportunities have been given them to develop into useful citizenship. More than 85 per cent. of the children thus placed have accepted these opportunities and have grown and are growing to be good men and women. Rescued from neglect, squalor and vice, where the downward road was the easier, lifted up to useful

lives, in 85 of each 100 cases is a record which is very gratifying to the friends who urged the passage of the bill to create the school.

The school is intended for a depot between the children in their neglected conditions in the several counties and the many homes to which children will be welcome. Some of these children, however, have some physical, mental or moral deformity which may require attention for awhile before they are ready for a home. Thus the school is the place where, when possible, the child may be cured of some habits, and finally passed on to commence real life in a home surrounded by good influences. To do this requires comprehensive and careful teachers and matrons and those employed in the Sparta School are doing a noble work in preparing their charges for worthy homes and lives of usefulness.

The utmost care is taken in selecting homes for the children. The great number of applications in excess of the children enables agents of the school to accept only the best homes, and these only on personal inspection and thorough investigation. After a child is placed in a home it is frequently visited by the agent, and to supplement this means of supervision, the guardian is required to make monthly reports to the superintendent regarding health, conduct, attendance at school, and any other items of interest concerning the ward.

For reasons already given, some children cannot be placed in homes. These are given the opportunities of a common school education and the larger girls are taught sewing and cooking under a competent teacher. The larger boys are taught farming. The farm connected with the school consists of 234 acres. About 100 acres are under cultivation, the remainder being pasture, some being of light, sandy soil, unfit for cultivation at present. Sufficient vegetables are raised for the population of the school, and a herd of cows furnishes all the milk required.

The buildings consist of a main building in which are offices, superintendent's living rooms, dining rooms for children and employes, a small assembly room, and sleeping rooms; five cottages with a capacity for 250 pupils; a large new hospital, and an old frame building used for epidemics; a school house containing six rooms; a laundry building with heating plant, cold storage and ice house, and farm buildings.

Visitors are made welcome at the school, as it is the desire of the present administration to interest the people in one of the most essential charities of the state, that which may make true men and women of those who, if left uncared for, might descend to unuseful and degraded lives.

From its inception in 1886 to June 30, 1904, the total cost of this school to the state for all purposes, including land and buildings, has been \$864,529.05.

The whole number of children admitted up to June 30, 1904, was 2,631; the average number in the school for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, was 144, and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, the average number was 146. At the last named date 2,634 children had been placed in homes.

WISCONSIN HOME FOR FEEBLE-MINDED.

OFFICERS.

ALFRED W. WILMARTH	Superintendent and Steward.
E. M. WILSON	Assistant Physician.
VIOLA L. HAYTER	Assistant Steward.
Mrs. W. R. TAYLOR. Mrs. S. J. JENKINS, Mrs. E. J. BOYCE, Mrs. H. S. BUXTON, Mrs. M. R. VOIGHT	Matrons.

The legislature of 1895 instructed the Board of Control to acquire, by purchase or donation, sufficient land for a home for the feeble-minded and epileptic of the state, and appropriated \$100,000.00 for this purpose and the erection of suitable buildings.

In doing this the legislature builded well. The insane, the blind and the deaf, for many years have enjoyed the fostering care and liberal favors provided for them by the state. Their claims upon the practical sympathy of the community have been munificently responded to, and no one questions the duty of prospering people to make the helpless the objects of their special care. But during all these years the public has ignored and neglected the idiot and the feeble-minded classes equally abject, equally deserving and in all respects equally entitled to our care and support. We confidently believe that the establishment now ready for them, if carried to the hoped-for development, will be the means of giving consolation to as many homes and happiness to as many stricken hearts as any or all of our other magnificent state institutions of which the people of Wisconsin are so justly proud.

The Board of Control obtained warranty deeds to the state of the 600 acres donated. In addition, a part of the cash bonus was used in purchasing adjoining lands likely to be needed in the near future, so that now the state owns a clear title to 1,021 acres of good land. The rest of the bonus, in accordance with a verbal agreement, with the officials of the city of Chippewa Falls, has been used in grading and laying out drives and walks through 190 acres of this land set aside for the park grounds of the institution.

In the plans and arrangements of the buildings the Board has given much careful study and consideration. Visits to similar institutions in other states were made by members of the Board and the architect, in order to profit by the experiences and experiments of others.

The first point to be settled was the ultimate capacity of the institution. The highest authorities in the land were consulted, and they agreed that no institution of this kind should contain over 1,000 inmates. The Board, in view of the fact that the census shows about 3,000 feeble-minded and idiotic persons in the state, decided to cover the extreme limit and set the final capacity of the Home at 1,000. Everything so far has been constructed with that object in view. The power-house and heating plant has been built large enough for all future requirements; and so has the laundry building. The sewer system, the water works pipes and the electric light mains are all large enough for any future use. It will be only necessary to put in additional machinery. The underground pipes will not have to be disturbed, nor will the buildings need to be enlarged. When the institution has been completed to its limited capacity of 1,000, there will be about twenty buildings, as follows:

An administration building; a dormitory for boys of 1st grade; a dormitory for girls of 1st grade; a dormitory for boys of 2d grade; a dormitory for girls of 2d grade; a dormitory for boys of 3d grade; a dormitory for girls of 3d grade; a dormitory for boys (epileptics); a dormitory for girls (epileptics); a custodial cottage for boys; a custodial cottage for girls; a gymnasium and assembly hall; a school building for boys; a school building for girls; a kitchen and general dining room for both classes; hospital building, laundry, power house, shops, farm, colony, barns, railway station, etc.

The appropriation of \$100,000.00 made by the legislature of 1895 was used as follows:

Contract for one custodial building and one dormitory.....	\$57,987
Contract for power-house and laundry	10,350
Contract for steam-heating equipment	15,794
Contract for sewerage system	2,857
Contract for electric light plant	2,491
Contract for pumping machinery	1,720
Contract for water-works system	1,735
Preliminary work, architect's plans, surveying, superintendence of construction, lumber, implements and tools	4,037

The legislature of 1897 made a further appropriation of \$75,000.00, out of which a second cottage with a capacity of 150 inmates was built and other improvements made.

The legislature of 1899 made a further appropriation of \$158,000 for new buildings, equipments and supervision. Of this amount about \$44,000 has been

expended in erecting a building for epileptics and furnishing the same. This new building has a capacity of about 125 inmates.

The legislature of 1901 appropriated a further sum of \$50,000 for the erecting and furnishing of new buildings. From this appropriation and the remainder of the former appropriation four new buildings were erected during the summer of 1902. The buildings erected in 1902 were an administration building and dining hall, a schoolhouse with a capacity of about six hundred, and two dormitories with a capacity of one hundred each. With the addition of these buildings the institution now has a capacity of about seven hundred.

The whole number of patients received since the opening of the institution is 942. The average during the year ending June 30, 1904, was 602, as against 505 the preceding year, and the current expenses were \$99,754.35, as against \$81,068.78.

The buildings have been constructed with a view to solidity and permanence, and not one dollar has been spent for ornamentation. Nevertheless the cottages are handsome and imposing. There is nothing cheap and flimsy about them, but every kind of material used is of the very best. The roofs are slate, the gutters and cornices of copper, all the partitions are of brick, and the buildings are of slow-burning construction throughout, and as nearly fire-proof as is necessary.

WISCONSIN STATE REFORMATORY.

OFFICERS.

CHAS. W. BOWRON General Superintendent and Steward.
 O. E. BICKFORD Assistant Superintendent.
 T. J. BAST Clerk.

The legislature of 1897, under authority of chapter 246, instructed the Board of Control to purchase at its lowest cash price, not more than 200 acres of land and to proceed to construct and organize a state reformatory for criminal first offenders, between the ages of sixteen to thirty years, appropriating \$75,000 to start the work.

In accordance therewith the Board purchased a tract of 198 acres lying east of Fox river, and just mid-way between Green Bay and De Pere, paying \$15,000 therefor.

A. C. Clas of Milwaukee and John Charles of Menomonie were selected as architects and plans were prepared as directed by the law, for an institution to contain six hundred inmates.

In April, 1898, James E. Heg was appointed superintendent, with instructions to proceed with the work of constructing such portion of the buildings as was possible with the amount remaining of the appropriation. On August 31st of the same year, the institution was opened in temporary quarters, with twenty-four prisoners transferred from the state prison at Waupun. These men were used in construction work of various kinds, such as making sewers, roads, side walks, grading and other necessary building operations in preparing the cell room for occupancy. A portion of the north cell room, containing one hundred and four cells, was finished for occupancy March 1st, 1899. This is about one-third of the cell room on that side. When completed the cell room will be one of the best in the country. The buildings are of cream brick, except the front, which is of gray granite from Amberg, Wis. The cells are five feet eight inches by nine feet and seven feet six inches high, the front of each cell being composed of heavy iron gratings. The institution has all modern improvements as regards sanitation, light, heat and security.

The object of the Reformatory is to return to society, in the shortest time

possible, such young men who through ignorance, bad environments, poor training or naturally vicious habits, have committed some offense against the law. The Reformatory is organized with the design to give every one within it a chance, by good conduct and his own efforts, to shorten his stay therein; to give proper schooling; to teach industrious and honest habits; and, by all available means, to advance his material, mental and moral interests. The training is compulsory and the discipline strict. The individual capacity of each man is studied and he is required to reach the standard set for him. When, by good behavior, diligence in work and progress in school, he shall have reached this point, he is eligible for parole. A position is found for him for a specified term with some approved person. He is given a complete outfit of new clothing, sufficient money to pay his expenses until his first pay day and is started on his new life with every encouragement and incentive to be an honest citizen. The hand of the Reformatory is still over him, either to help or to punish as may be needed. He reports once a month, in detail, his work and actions during the month, which report is verified by his employer and by others when necessary. He is braced and steadied until he can walk alone, when he is given his full liberty. The number of parole breakers is very small and violation generally consists in leaving their place of work, going with loose company, visiting saloons and the like.

The legislature of 1899, appropriated a further sum of \$150,000 to continue the erection and furnishing of buildings. From this appropriation four cottages were built for officers during the years 1900 and 1901 at a cost of about \$7,000. The early part of the year 1901 James E. Heg resigned as superintendent and was succeeded by C. W. Bowron of Oshkosh. During the year 1902 an addition was built to the north cell wing at a cost of about \$80,000. This addition gives the institution a capacity of about three hundred and fifty inmates. Many of the inmates of the institution are employed in making overalls and jackets under a contract with Milton F. Goodman of Chicago, and the revenues derived therefrom by the state for the year ending June 30, 1904, were \$2,546.94 per month.

The rest of the inmates are employed in making brooms, brick, working in engine room, cabinet shop and on the farm. During the two years that the broom factory has been in operation it has yielded an income of \$150.00 per month. During the years 1903-4 a brickyard was established and equipped at a cost of \$8,275.10, and on June 30, 1904, it had produced over 200,000 marketable brick, which will be used, together with others, that will be manufactured, in the construction of whatever buildings may become necessary in the future. During the last two years a barn has been built at a cost of \$2,366.10. The total number of prisoners received since the opening of the institution up to June 30, 1904, was 615. The number returned after violating parole or escaping, 44. The number discharged since the opening of the institution by expiration of sentence, parole, death and escape, was 437. There remained in the institution on June 30, '04, 222. The average population during the year ending June 30, 1903, was 163, and the current expenses for that year were \$36,526.85. The average population during the year ending June 30, '04, was 206, and the current expenses for that year were \$44,794.37.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES.

At the several state institutions for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1933, and 1934, after taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year, and receipts and transfers from the different departments.

CLASSIFICATION OF ITEMS.	STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.		NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.		SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.		SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.		INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.	
	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.
	Amusement and Means of Instruction	\$761 52	\$798 80	\$845 21	\$1,150 98	\$115 05	\$1,014 52			\$123 21	$37 44
Agents' expenses									1,232 24	1,100 61
Barn, farm and garden	*6,981 02	*4,865 36	*11,006 40	*12,048 05	*39 40	*8 93	*790 88	*1,360 20	*5,682 31	*4,536 83
Clothing	4,499 52	3,765 43	8,910 06	8,766 78	325 15	336 29	119 76	159 83	5,076 89	4,071 12
Discharged patients	1,408 96	1,203 46	1,250 19	1,887 88						
Discounts	*491 01	*437 56	*642 94	585 35	*62 83	*88 81	*55 84	*45 53	*220 60	*178 34
Drug and medical department	726 43	793 71	1,703 44	1,710 16	467 42	555 41	54 70	46 75	3,845 78	493 66
Elopers	80 35	59 68	72 19	23 29					371 32	202 28
Engine and boilers	906 22	509 28	2,546 97	2,688 29	122 81	204 70	369 98	300 65	1,851 14	1,087 19
Exchange							2 00	4 70		
Fire apparatus		2 25	117 81	82 95	86 53	62 16	18 60	4 35	229 18	11 82
Fire and Boiler insurance	17 84	44 68	23 55	107 57	5 85	44 90	5 85	26 90	67 37	54 00
Freight and express	47 35	71 03	102 99	120 74	3 13	4 30			4 27	7 97
Fuel	12,568 99	15,112 97	11,810 78	15,385 83	3,820 53	4,090 44	1,644 69	2,526 76	7,485 63	7,255 20
Furniture	72 05	238 21	131 96	108 62	17 50	801 48	122 43	172 04	102 25	22 40
Gas and other lights	1,470 05	3,215 04	2,851 55	2,416 31	185 27	1,209 30	998 61	719 74	1,246 65	1,615 14
House furnishing	4,406 97	5,199 82	5,100 19	3,497 40	839 29	1,468 90	376 45	440 06	2,514 18	1,214 75
Laundry	959 34	997 83	1,278 65	1,157 39	134 84	176 76	284 41	195 12	214 70	351 39
Library	119 90	117 25	319 96	667 01	6 51	104 33			130 87	841 42
Machinery and tools	115 61	56 86	44 26	184 63	31 01	168 08	7 30	2 44	220 24	19 89
Means of Inst.							1,425 08	155 28	449 65	481 97
Miscellaneous	209 96	173 16	167 03	179 83	200 27	441 29	918 49	666 31	1,015 49	1,046 13
Officers' expenses	135 37	141 73	85 80	166 99	223 86	221 81	188 14	55 21	51 67	44 48
Printing office							572 75	802 48		
Printing, postage, stationary & tel.	640 93	487 08	841 28	874 30	197 94	291 06	347 57	163 14	778 59	654 91
Repairs and renewals	2,631 02	2,844 93	5,583 21	5,506 67	1,417 78	1,826 24	1,024 93	1,611 08	3,602 39	2,622 06
Restraints	3 20	61 66	2 25	7 14						
Shoe shop					614 00	613 62			756 53	394 18
Subsistence	32,048 92	30,556 25	44,796 90	44,701 66	8,542 70	9,785 41	8,713 24	10,718 98	21,185 63	19,642 84
Surgical Inst. and appl.	12 83	59 78	263 65	575 90						
Tobacco	619 89	651.07	143 20	210 86						

Wages and salaries	41,752 87	41,257 82	47,527 19	49,890 49	23,037 58	25,431 29	15,058 45	15,788 29	26,082 29	26,429 84
Work department							53 92	35 86		
Laboratory			9 38	6 40						
Totals.....	106,216 09	108,359 78	136,559 65	142,076 07	\$40,967 77	\$49,657 82	\$31,734 69	\$33,753 63	\$78,638 06	\$69,202 69
Gains deducted.....	*7,472 03	*3,302 92	*11,649 34	*12,631 40	*102 23	*97 74	846 72	*1,441 59	*5,902 91	*4,715 17
Net expenditures.....	\$98,744 03	103,056 86	124,910 31	129,444 67	\$40,865 54	\$49,560 08	\$30,887 88	\$32,312 04	\$72,735 15	\$64,487 52
Amount deducted by Sec. of State:										
For insurance		649 05		1,008 19		187 36		187 78		249 80
For printing.....	81 85	78 65	41 30	61 65	10 00	8 48	14 89	13 72	37 72	32 64
Total cost.....	\$98,825 91	103,884 56	124,951 61	130,514 51	\$40,875 54	\$49,755 92	\$30,902 77	\$32,513 54	\$72,772 87	\$64,769 96
Received from counties.....	26,056 06	34,246 34	41,406 75	54,180 32					13,148 87	15,545 64
Net cost to state	\$72,769 85	\$69,538,22	\$83,544 86	\$76,334 19	\$40,875 54	\$49,755 92	\$30,902 77	\$32,513 54	\$59,624 00	\$49,224 32

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES—Continued.

At the several state institutions for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1903 and 1904, after taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year, and receipts and transfers from the different departments.

CLASSIFICATION OF ITEMS.	STATE PRISON.		STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.		HOME FOR FEEBLE MINDED.		STATE REFORMATORY.	
	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.	1903.	1904.
Amusement and means of instruction.....			\$237 02	\$148 86	\$321 47	\$452 09		
Accounts receivable.....	*\$66 00	*\$11 53						
Agents' expenses.....			1,735 86	1,898 37				
Armory.....	13 00	\$2 50					\$3 23	81 49
Barn, farm and garden.....	*4,076 60	*3,293 99	*1,659 96	*1,156 32	10,128 82	*8,505 98	*2,288 63	*2,865 51
Brick yard.....							104 43	*767 72
Cab net shop.....							3 98	24 41
Children's transportation.....			318 45	190 51				
Clothing.....	7,075 92	5,556 72	2,221 38	2,220 31	5,842 23	7,828 04	696 03	3,997 96
Convicts' earnings.....	274 08	304 91					41 64	1 00
Convicts discharged.....	3,772 73	3,389 57						
Discount.....	*345 00	*341 30	*129 29	*121 81	*357 48	*458 34	*109 03	*129 10
Drug and medical department.....	1,022 18	1,017 88	751 51	583 88	360 72	436 96	840 27	566 74
Elopers.....			12 80		48 70	154 36		
Engines and boilers.....	1,302 86	5,817 02	41 11	65 82	124 01	590 59	514 25	617 05
Escapes.....		5 00					143 03	256 56
Fire apparatus.....	82 40	176 40	2 10	593 99	30 50		70 10	10 10
Fire and boiler insurance.....	23 41	59 86	4 04	65 93	45 51	45 90	55 00	50 70
Freight and express.....			10 35	11 30	6 95	15 03	22 00	4 50
Fuel.....	15,083 39	20,605 67	4,864 12	6,448 92	10,831 78	13,808 74	8,443 56	8,855 39
Furniture.....	638 64	92 85	57 23	14 42	175 91	239 32	193 61	6 95
Gas and other lights.....	2,527 85	2,506 29	762 16	856 18	2,055 30	2,111 52	297 84	1,350 47
House furnishings.....	3,155 95	1,847 71	907 65	888 04	2,658 65	3,227 05	1,224 31	1,083 21
Indebtedness.....	88 38	134 56						
Laundry.....	844 66	752 22	101 87	92 65	227 55	695 00	103 81	145 68
Library.....	190 79	20 55	17 85	23 55	16 12	12 99	16 09	46 80
Machinery and tools.....	269 35	932 60	74 69	9 66	91 80	210 26	88 59	16 34
Mattress factor.....					19 42	196 91		
Means of instruction.....	223 93	124 86					209 92	145 96
Miscellaneous.....	755 95	1,290 53	638 21	400 87	302 37	877 92	357 06	347 87
Officers' expenses.....	209 44	278 69	209 96	200 04	144 24	68 85	82 98	64 24
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph.....	825 25	674 62	492 37	550 64	343 38	300 30	493 11	409 67
Repairs and renewals.....	3,194 98	3,166 23	1,612 10	913 69	2,054 99	1,702 03	380 33	886 17

Shoe shop.....					235 11	335 59	313 65	346 94
Subsistence.....	32,490 64	36,552 19	8,889 95	9,050 48	30,638 01	32,815 92	10,595 40	11,993 99
Surgical instruments and appliances.....					18 43	32 10		
Tailor shop.....					*84 99	*48 10		
Tobacco.....	761 98	844 76						
Transferring prisoners.....							742 95	1,155 43
Wages and salaries.....	30,633 85	31,702 17	16,855 72	17,011 99	35,015 87	41,538 34	15,137 51	15,531 91
Broom factory.....							*1,757 09	
Rent of cottages.....							*616 90	
Blacksmith shop.....								14 14
Totals.....	\$105,461 61	\$117,856 36	\$40,818 60	\$42,240 10	\$91,612 02	\$107,695 81	\$41,184 68	\$47,921 67
Gains deducted.....	*4,487 60	*3,946 82	*2,089 25	*1,281 13	*10,571 29	*9,012 42	*4,771 65	*3,762 33
	\$100,974 01	\$113,909 54	\$38,729 35	\$40,958 97	\$81,040 73	\$98,683 39	\$36,413 03	\$44,159 34
Amount deducted by secretary of state:								
For insurance.....		611 28		253 88		1,012 61		493 36
For printing.....	110 16	84 45	32 13	20 12	28 05	58 35	113 82	141 67
Net expenditures.....	\$101,084 17	\$114,605 27	\$38,761 48	\$41,232 97	\$81,068 78	\$99,754 35	\$36,526 85	\$44,794 37
Received from counties.....					38,975 16	53,818 90		
Receipts for convict labor.....	47,694 36	60,322 57					15,283 47	21,967 41
Net cost to state.....	\$53,389 81	\$54,282 70	\$38,761 48	\$41,232 97	\$42,093 62	\$45,935 45	\$21,243 38	\$22,826 96

COMPARATIVE TABLE.

Showing current expense expenditures, current expenses, average population and per capita cost per week at the various institutions for years 1897 to 1904, inclusive. (The current expenses are determined by taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of each year and receipts and transfers from different departments.)

Institution.	Year.	Current expense. Expenditures.	Current expenses.	Average population.	Per capita cost per week.
State Hospital for Insane	1897	\$112,994 73	\$113,320 94	405	\$5 38
	1898	109,399 60	110,497 07	410	5 18
	1899	109,817 76	104,185 67	397	5 04
	1900	108,969 67	101,120 85	405	4 79
	1901	122,070 78	110,568 45	403	5 26
	1902	89,628 03	86,966 90	413	5 40
	1903	110,373 18	98,825 91	415	4 57
	1904	108,978 14	103,784 56	425	4 67
Northern Hospital for Insane	1897	129,884 92	133,374 70	539	4 75
	1898	137,427 14	144,687 77	546	5 09
	1899	133,049 94	121,106 41	556	4 18
	1900	127,568 56	114,525 94	566	3 88
	1901	133,159 30	130,326 38	589	4 24
	1902	93,686 68	105,392 24	599	4 51
	1903	141,251 75	124,951 61	600	3 99
	1904	136,128 52	130,514 51	614	4 07
School for Deaf	1897	53,871 99	*46,874 90	139	6 48
	1898	44,442 72	45,992 53	145	6 09
	1899	41,847 39	37,850 05	195	3 72
	1900	41,122 41	37,836 42	175	4 15
	1901	40,827 71	41,510 15	197	4 04
	1902	26,966 47	36,942 28	202	4 69
	1903	42,152 30	40,875 54	166	4 72
	1904	51,209 99	49,765 92	184	5 17
School for Blind	1897	36,720 66	*33,039 78	80	7 94
	1898	33,798 30	31,017 20	82	7 27
	1899	35,671 41	31,964 72	109	5 62
	1900	35,869 94	32,520 49	108	5 77
	1901	37,089 64	34,246 76	107	6 14
	1902	26,616 74	26,116 35	111	6 03
	1903	36,000 10	30,902 77	90	6 58
	1904	36,727 15	32,513 54	94	6 61
Industrial School for Boys	1897	64,313 79	63,797 94	346	3 54
	1898	78,115 53	91,787 79	307	5 75
	1899	68,097 81	65,135 51	301	4 16
	1900	68,977 76	61,060 54	324	3 62
	1901	71,595 39	69,947 76	320	4 19
	1902	49,914 33	58,070 20	339	4 39
	1903	85,732 71	72,772 87	292	4 78
	1904	68,649 14	64,769 96	315	3 93
State Prison	1897	97,514 04	90,443 33	601	2 89
	1898	100,516 46	97,829 91	645	2 91
	1899	88,416 57	92,504 49	591	3 01
	1900	95,147 68	86,951 98	532	3 13
	1901	92,507 82	88,550 03	511	3 34
	1902	74,957 44	72,029 18	562	3 28
	1903	106,005 45	101,084 17	553	3 51
	1904	132,512 79	114,605 27	575	3 81
State Public School	1897	53,975 59	47,896 81	262	3 51
	1898	46,404 97	47,220 71	196	4 63
	1899	41,266 67	41,368 36	163	4 87
	1900	43,126 97	40,977 03	159	4 94
	1901	42,666 07	41,061 99	144	5 47
	1902	30,852 09	33,136 39	147	5 78
	1903	41,683 63	38,761 48	142	5 23
	1904	41,896 22	41,232 97	149	5 29

COMPARATIVE TABLE.—Continued.

Institution.	Year.	Current expense. Expendi- tures.	Current expenses.	Average popula- tion.	Per cap- ita cost per week.
Home for Feeble Minded	1897	21,139 64	15,477 97	42	7 08
	1898	65,823 07	55,695 79	234	3 77
	1899	63,802 39	61,327 23	370	3 18
	1900	77,773 25	62,462 53	387	3 10
	1901	83,142 66	75,482 38	457	3 17
	1902	65,877 52	67,748 22	484	3 59
	1903	84,159 22	81,068 78	505	3 08
	1904	116,245 60	99,636 00	602	3 16
State Reformatory	1901	48,412 82	35,568 19	128	5 33
	1902	35,170 33	29,972 16	149	5 16
	1903	61,679 84	36,526 85	163	4 30
	1904	68,524 87	44,794 37	206	4 16

*At school for deaf and school for blind for the two fiscal years 1897 and 1898 the per capita cost is based upon the average population for the entire year. For the other years the per capita cost is based upon the average population for the school year.

TABLE SHOWING CENSUS OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE JUNE 30, 1903.

Counties.	In State hospital.	In North- ern hospital.	In Mil- waukee hospital.	In county asylums for chronic insane.	Total.	Popula- tion in 1900.	Ratio of insanity to pop- ulation.
Adams	4			8	12	9,141	762
Ashland		16		33	49	20,176	412
Barron	12			42	55	23,677	430
Bayfield		24		18	42	14,392	343
Brown	1	22		81	104	46,359	445
Buffalo	8			29	37	16,765	453
Burnett				17	17	7,478	439
Calumet		9		25	34	17,078	502
Chippewa	14			58	72	28,357	393
Clark	8	1		25	34	25,848	760
Columbia	9			68	77	31,121	404
Crawford	8			37	45	17,286	384
Dane	39	6		43	188	69,435	369
Dodge	1	30		99	130	46,631	358
Door		9		20	29	17,583	606
Douglas	22	1		59	82	36,335	443
Dunn	13	1		63	77	25,043	325
Eau Claire	6			73	79	31,692	401
Florence		1		4	5	3,197	639
Fond du Lac		26		82	108	47,589	440
Forest		2		2	4	1,396	349
Gates				7	7	4,680	669
Grant	18			103	121	38,881	321
Green	14			71	85	22,719	267
Green Lake		7		23	30	15,797	526
Iowa	8			58	66	23,114	350
Iron		5		14	19	6,616	348
Jackson	10			31	41	17,466	426
Jefferson		26		101	127	34,789	274
Juneau	15	1		57	68	20,629	303
Kenosha		14		37	51	21,707	425
Kewaunee		5		22	27	17,212	637
La Crosse	22			105	127	42,997	338
Lafayette	8			32	40	20,959	524
Langlade		13		13	26	12,553	483
Lincoln		7		25	32	16,269	508
Manitowoc		23		63	91	42,261	464
Marathon		24		56	80	43,256	540
Marquette		26		33	59	30,822	522
Marquette		10		20	30	10,509	350
Milwaukee		3	510	220	733	330,017	450
Monroe	15			45	60	28,103	468
Oconto		21		48	69	20,874	302
Oneida		10		13	23	8,875	386
Outagamie		16		80	96	46,247	482
Ozaukee		5		39	44	16,263	372
Pepin	4			17	21	7,905	376
Pierce	11			36	47	23,943	509
Polk	8			34	42	17,801	421
Portage		19		58	77	29,483	383
Price		7		19	26	9,106	350
Racine		21		108	129	45,644	354
Richland	8			33	41	19,483	475
Rock	19	1		112	132	51,203	388
St. Croix	6			67	73	26,830	367
Sauk	4	1		82	87	33,006	379
Sawyer	1			3	4	3,593	898
Shawano		14		23	37	27,475	742
Sheboygan		34		106	140	50,345	360
Taylor		12		22	34	11,262	331
Trempealeau	15			48	63	23,114	366
Vernon	15			56	71	28,351	399
Vilas		1		7	8	4,929	616
Walworth	14			64	78	29,259	375
Washburn	6			7	13	5,521	424
Washington		13		53	58	23,580	443
Waukesha	1	10		69	80	35,229	440
Waupaca		14		62	76	31,615	416
Waushara		4		19	23	15,972	694
Wausabago		31		133	164	58,225	355
Wood		13		30	43	25,865	601
State-at-large	39	61		270	370		
Total	406	625	510	3,823	5,364	2,069,042	385

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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TABLE SHOWING CENSUS OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE JUNE 30, 1904.

Counties.	In State hospital.	In North-ern hospital.	In Mil-waukee hospital.	In county asylums for chronic insane.	Total.	Popula-tion in 1900.	Ratio of insanity to popu-lation.
Adams	7	1		14	22	9,141	415
Ashland		15		32	47	20,176	429
Barron	9			47	56	23,677	423
Bayfield		23		24	47	14,392	306
Brown	1	22		85	108	46,359	429
Buffalo	7			28	35	16,765	479
Burnett	2			16	18	7,478	415
Calumet				26	36	17,078	474
Chippewa	12	10		56	63	28,357	417
Clark	15	1		24	40	25,848	646
Columbia	18			67	85	31,121	366
Crawford	6			37	43	17,286	402
Dane	43	4		154	201	69,435	345
Dodge		26		107	133	46,631	350
Dcor		12		24	36	17,533	438
Douglas	31			58	89	36,335	408
Dunn	11	1		61	73	25,043	343
Eau Claire	9			70	79	31,692	401
Florence		3		5	8	3,197	400
Fond du Lac		26		83	109	47,589	437
Forest		1		2	3	1,396	465
Gates	1			7	8	4,680	535
Grant	18			105	123	38,881	316
Green	16			65	81	22,719	280
Green Lake		15		26	41	15,797	385
Iowa	10			64	74	23,114	312
Iron		4		17	21	6,616	315
Jackson	14			29	43	17,466	406
Jefferson	1	33		165	139	34,759	250
Juneau	8			51	59	20,629	349
Kenosha		14		36	50	21,707	434
Kewaunee		4		25	29	17,212	593
La Crosse	22			116	138	42,997	312
Lafayette	8			32	40	20,959	524
Langlade		7		13	20	12,553	627
Lincoln		10		29	39	16,269	417
Manitowoc		30		65	95	42,261	444
Marathon		21		62	83	43,256	521
Marinette		30		33	63	30,822	318
Marquette		10		23	33	10,509	318
Milwaukee	1		499	222	726	330,017	454
Monroe	13			50	63	28,103	446
Oconto		16		51	67	29,874	311
Oneida		7		15	22	8,875	403
Outagamie		22		79	101	46,247	458
Ozaukee		7		42	49	16,363	334
Pepin	6			16	22	7,905	359
Pierce	12			37	49	23,943	438
Polk	17			31	48	17,801	371
Portage		22		59	81	29,433	364
Price		15		22	37	9,106	246
Racine		16		104	120	45,644	380
Richland	2			40	42	19,433	464
Rock	13			113	126	51,203	407
St. Croix	13			63	76	26,830	353
Sauk	12	2		77	91	33,006	362
Sawyer	2			3	5	3,593	718
Shawano		7		26	33	27,475	832
Sheboygan		34		111	145	50,345	347
Taylor		8		25	33	11,262	341
Trempealeau	8			50	58	23,114	398
Vernon	19			59	78	28,351	363
Vilas		2		7	9	4,929	548
Walworth	14			65	79	29,259	370
Washburn	6			8	14	5,521	394
Washington		17		42	59	23,589	398
Waukesha	1	22		90	113	35,229	311
Waupaca		14		59	73	31,615	433
Waushara		6		20	26	15,972	614
Winnebago		32		132	164	58,225	355
Wood		10		31	41	25,865	631
State-at-large	34	57		276	367		
Total	442	643	499	3,953	5,537	2,069,042	373

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF PATIENTS IN EACH COUNTY ASYLUM ON JUNE 30, 1903, AND THE COUNTIES TO WHICH THEY BELONG.

Counties.	Brown.	Chippewa.	Columbia.	Dane.	Dodge.	Dunn.	Eau Claire.	Fond du Lac.	Grant.	Green.	Iowa.	Jefferson.	La Crosse.	Manitowoc.	Marathon.	Milwaukee.	Monroe.	Outagamie.	Racine.	Richland.	Rock.	St Croix.	Sauk.	Sheboygan.	Trempealeau.	Vernon.	Walworth.	Washington.	Winnebago.	Waupaca.	Total.
Adams			2																	2											2
Ashland	1	7					1				1	1			13							5	1					1	2		33
Barron		13				11	2								3							3									43
Bayfield		6							1				1																		13
Brown	80																														80
Buffalo						1	3			2	1		13		1							1									29
Burnett		2				6																2	1								17
Calumet														5				7					4	1							25
Chippewa		53																						5							53
Clark		3					2						3		8																17
Columbia			63																						6	3					68
Crawford								12			1										20										37
Dane				143																											143
Dodge					99																										99
Door	1					3	16					1		10				7												20	
Douglas		15								2																					59
Dunn						63																									63
Eau Claire							73																								73
Florence															2																4
Fond du Lac								82																							82
Forest																		1													2
Gates		7																													7
Grant									103																						103
Green										71																					71
Green Lake					4			13																							23
Iowa											58																				58
Iron	1	2					1				1				5																14
Jackson			1			1				3	1		4		4										10	7					31
Jefferson												101																			101
Juneau			1						15				1							4			21		3	7					52
Kenosha																															37
Kewaunee	5																	8	14								23				22
La Crosse													105	6																	105

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF PATIENTS IN EACH COUNTY ASYLUM ON JUNE 30, 1904, AND THE COUNTIES TO WHICH THEY BELONG.

Counties.	Brown.	Chippewa.	Columbia.	Dane.	Dodge.	Dunn.	Fond du Lac.	Grant.	Green.	Iowa.	Jefferson.	La Crosse.	Manitowoc.	Marathon.	Milwaukee.	Outagamie.	Racine.	Richland.	Rock.	St. Croix.	Sauk.	Sheboygan.	Vernon.	Walworth.	Washington.	Winnebago.	Waupaca.	Waukesha.	Eau Claire.	Monroe.	Trempealeau.	Total.		
Adams			2																													14		
Ashland	1	7								1	1							3					2									32		
Barron		13				14		1						13									2		1	2						47		
Bayfield		8										1		3																		24		
Brown	84																		1													85		
Buffalo						5			2			13		1					1													28		
Burnett		2				5					1									2												16		
Columnet													5							4		1	3									16		
Chippewa		53														6							5									56		
Clark		3										3		8																		24		
Columbia			67																					3								67		
Crawford							12			1								19					5									67		
Dane					154																											154		
Dodge					107																												107	
Door	2												13																			154		
Douglas		13							2							8																107		
Dunn						61														16			3		1							24		
Eau Claire																																	58	
Florence														2																			61	
Fond du Lac							83									1																	70	
Forast.																																	5	
Gates		7																															83	
Grant								105																									2	
Green									65																								105	
Green Lake					4		15																										65	
Iowa										64																							26	
Iron	1	3								1				6																			64	
Jackson			1											4																			17	
Jefferson						1			3	1			4										6										23	
Juneau			1								105																						105	
Kenosha									14									4					6										51	
Kewaunee	5								10										5				22		20								36	
La Crosse												116		8																			25	
																																		116

WISCONSIN WORKSHOP FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

OSCAR KUSTERMANN Superintendent.
 WILLIAM SCHROEDER AND MICHAEL ZANAInstructors.

The legislature of 1903, under chapter 432, authorized the State Board of Control to procure proper quarters in the city of Milwaukee, to be used as a workshop for blind adults residing in our state. By instructing them in some trade, furnishing the necessary tools, and assisting them in the purchase of material and the sale of articles manufactured by them, the blind were to be given a chance to become self-supporting.

The sum of five thousand dollars per year was appropriated by the legislature for meeting the expense of starting and running the shop. In December, 1903, a suitable building was rented at 1323 Vliet street and the workshop started. While still in its infancy the results of the first year have clearly demonstrated the benefits to be derived from this shop by the blind people of our state.

None of those, who availed themselves of the opportunities offered here, had any previous experience in willow work, the trade found most suitable for blind artisans, but among these are a number of persons who have become experts in this line and are now earning from four to nine dollars per week, these earnings representing, as the law contemplated, the difference between the cost of material and the price of the manufactured article.

To lower the cost of raw material and in order to give the blind workmen the benefit of such reduction, a willow farm was started last year in connection with the "Industrial School for Boys" at Waukesha, and it is the intention to also raise willow at several other state institutions on land otherwise not utilized. Last year's work consisted of 4,873 doll buggies, 3,013 baskets and hampers, and 97 chairs recaned, for which the workmen received \$1,441.43. The present number of men employed is 19. The total amount received from the state during 1904 was \$4,612.05, of which \$1,742.31 was expended for material, furniture and fixtures, machinery, tools and raising willow, while \$2,869.74 covered salaries, rent, fuel, power and other expenses.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

OFFICERS.

Mrs. GEO. C. SWALLOW, 280 Prospect Ave. President.
 Mrs. A. N. FAIRCHILD, 643 Shepard Ave. Treasurer.
 Mrs. A. J. KAINÉ, 582 Maryland Ave. Secretary.

VICE-PRESIDENTS: Mrs. H. R. Vedder, 199 Tenth St.; Mrs. Isaac Ellsworth, 567 Van Buren St.; Miss Christine Doig, 650 Astor St.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

Miss MARY J. BERRY Superintendent.
 Miss H. C. HURLBUT Clerk.

MATRONS.

Miss SARA E. BULLOCK Main Home.
 Miss MARY L. ATWOOD Russell Cottage.
 Mrs. SARAH J. DIXON Lynde Cottage.
 Miss LOTTIE PHELPS Cottage Annex.
 Miss AMELIA KNEBLAND Merrill Model Home.

TEACHERS.

Miss HARIET MCCREDEY.....	Main Home.
Miss BELVA MCCREDEY	Main Home Assistant.
Miss ANNETTE PURDY	Russell Cottage.
Miss WINIFRED GOWER	Assistant.
Miss JENNIE GOWER	Lynde Cottage.
Miss LAURA MCCORKLE.....	Assistant.
Miss LOUISE CHASE	Cottage Annex.
Miss ALICE STACY	Domestic Science (Cooking).
Miss IDA PARKS.....	Domestic Science (Dressmaking and Millinery).
JOHN R. LOVE	Steward.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls is located in Milwaukee, on Lake Avenue, in that part of the city known as North Point. It is capable of accommodating 240 inmates

Its proper subjects are:

1. Viciously inclined girls under 18.
2. The stubborn and unruly, who refuse to obey their proper guardians.
3. Truants, vagrants, and beggars.
4. Those found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality, for want of proper care.
5. Those under the above ages who have committed any offense punishable by fine or imprisonment in adult offenders.

Although the school was founded by private charity, and is under the control of a self-perpetuating board of managers, it is incorporated and employed by the state for the custody, guardianship, discipline and instruction of the aforementioned children. In default of responsible and efficient guardianship they are treated as minors and wards of the state, and by it they are committed to the guardianship of this board of ladies during minority.

The present statute provides that for each girl so committed the county from which such commitment is made shall pay not more than two dollars and fifty cents per week.

It is designed to be in no sense a penal institution, but it is a reformatory for the older, a temporary place of detention and instruction for the younger. Its objects are detention and reformation.

The school was organized under the act of 1875, and has received from the Legislature, in 1878, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1885, 1887, 1889, 1891, 1893, 1901 and 1903 sums amounting to \$153,000 for buildings, improvements, stocks and furnishings. The city of Milwaukee has also given for its use a tract of over eight acres of land, the state holding the title to this property.

The buildings, as completed by the successive appropriations, and affording the requisites for distinct family life, are designated as the Main Building, Merrill Model Home, Russell Cottage, Lynde Cottage, Cottage Annex, Assembly Hall, Steward's Home and Steam Heating Plant.

The main building consists of the administration part and a family building for girls from 10 to 20 years of age, who are simply wayward or needing the protection of the school. The Merrill Model is for those who have reached "honor grade" and enter this home for more special training preparatory to being paroled and enjoy more privileges and advantages than in the other families.

The cottages are additional and entirely separate buildings for proper restraint and influence over unchaste girls.

On leaving the school, children are either returned to their former homes or relatives, or given by adoption or indenture to the care of well-recommended families.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BOARD OF REGENTS.**EX-OFFICIO.**

HON. C. P. CARY, STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

APPOINTED.

	Terms ending February 1, 1905.	
G. E. McDILL, Stevens Point.		Z. P. BEACH, Whitewater.
	Terms ending February 1, 1906.	
F. A. ROSS, West Superior.		KATE S. STEVENS, Madison.
	Terms ending February 1, 1907.	
FRED. SCHEIBER, Milwaukee.		DUNCAN MCGREGOR, Platteville.
	Terms ending February 1, 1908.	
THOMAS MORRIS, La Crosse.		J. A. PEACOCK, Oconomowoc.
	Terms ending February 1, 1909.	
F. H. LORD, River Falls.		JOHN HARRINGTON, Oshkosh.

OFFICERS.

FREEMAN H. LORD	PRESIDENT.
Z. P. BEACH	VICE PRESIDENT.
S. S. ROCKWOOD	SECRETARY.
THE STATE TREASURER	TREASURER.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

Executive—The President, Regents Beach and Ross.

Finance—Regents McDill, Morris and Scheiber.

Graduating Classes—Regents Cary, Stevens, McDill, Harrington, Morris and McGregor.

Teachers—Regents Cary, Beach, and Peacock.

Teachers' Institutes—Regents Cary, Stevens and Harrington.

Inspection—Regents Ross, Peacock, Scheiber, and the President.

Libraries—Regents Ross, Cary and Stevens.

HISTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The constitution of the state, adopted in 1848, provides, "That the revenue of the school fund shall be exclusively applied to the following objects:

"1st. To the support and maintenance of common schools, in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

"2nd. The residue shall be appropriated for the support of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

No advantage of these provisions for the endowment of normal schools was taken until 1857, when an act was passed (chapter 82) providing, "That the income of twenty-five per cent. of the gross proceeds arising from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands" should be apportioned for the support of normal institutes and academies, under the supervision and direction of a board of re-

gents of normal schools, who were to be appointed in pursuance of the provisions of that act. Under this law, the income placed at the disposal of the board was distributed for several years to such colleges, academies and high schools as maintained a normal class, and in proportion to the number of pupils in the class who passed satisfactory examinations conducted by an agent of the board.

In 1865, the legislature (chapter 537) divided the swamp lands and swamp land fund into two equal parts, one to constitute the normal school fund and the other to be denominated the drainage fund. It was further provided by this act that the normal school fund be permanently invested and the income thereof should be applied to establish and maintain normal schools, under the direction and management of the board of regents, with a proviso that one-fourth of such income should be transferred to the common school fund, until the annual income of that fund should reach \$1,000,000. During the same year, proposals were invited for extending aid in the establishment of a normal school, and propositions were received from various places.

In 1866, the board of regents of normal schools was incorporated by the legislature. In February, Platteville was conditionally selected as a place for a school. The productive fund of about \$600,000.00 with a net income of over \$30,000.00 was already accumulated, with a prospect of a steady increase by the sales of lands, and the board determined upon the policy of establishing several schools, to be located in different parts of the state.

At a meeting held on the second day of May, 1866, the board designated Whitewater as a place for a school, where a building was subsequently erected. The academy building at Platteville having been donated for normal purposes, the board permanently located a school at that place, and a school was opened October 9, 1866, under Charles H. Allen, a former agent of the board. President Allen resigned at the close of four years' service, and E. A. Charleton, from Lockport, N. Y., was placed in charge. President Charleton resigned in 1878, after more than eight years' service, and Duncan McGregor, long connected with the school as a professor, was elected to the presidency, and served in that capacity until June, 1894, when he resigned, and Dr. James Chalmers, Ph. D., of Columbus, O., was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. McGregor's resignation. In June, 1897, Dr. Chalmers resigned, and in July following Prof. D. McGregor was again elected to the presidency and served until June, 1904, when he resigned and J. W. Livingston, of the Stevens Point Normal School, was chosen president. Prof. Livingston is a graduate of the Platteville school, and for a long time was a high school principal before becoming Institute Conductor at the Stevens Point school.

The school at Whitewater was opened on the 21st of April, 1868, under Oliver Arey, A. M., formerly connected with normal schools at Albany and Brockport, N. Y., and the building was on the same day dedicated with appropriate ceremonies. On the resignation of President Arey, in 1877, William F. Phelps, A. M., an educator of large experience and of wide reputation, was appointed to take charge of the school. He was succeeded at the end of two years by J. W. Stearns, A. M., who had attained distinction in normal and college service, but he resigned in January, 1885, to take the professorship of theory and art of teaching in the University of Wisconsin. Prof. T. B. Pray, of the local faculty, acted as president for the remainder of the school year, and Albert Salisbury was elected and assumed the presidency at the opening of the year 1885-6. President Salisbury formerly taught in the school but for two years had been engaged in supervisory educational work in the South.

A building was completed at Oshkosh during the year 1870, for a third normal school, but owing to lack of funds it was not opened immediately for the admission of pupils. The dedication of the building and the opening of the school took place September 19, 1871, and the school was under the constant direction of George S. Albee, A. M., previously superintendent and principal of public schools at Kenosha and Racine, till September, 1898, when he died. On the first day of December following, Superintendent R. H. Halsey, of Binghamton, N. Y., was elected to the presidency. Prof. Halsey was for many years principal of the High School and superintendent of schools in Oshkosh before he was called to Binghamton.

The fourth school was opened in September, 1875, at River Falls, under the charge of Warren D. Parker, A. M., formerly superintendent and principal of public schools at Janesville. On the resignation of Mr. Parker, in June, 1889, J. Q. Emery, A. M., principal of the schools at Fort Atkinson, was elected president, and served until June, 1893. John Hull, ex-president of Southern Illinois Normal University, served as president during the year closing June, 1894. Warren D. Parker, A. M., was re-elected president and entered service September, 1894. In August, 1898, President Parker again resigned, and Prof. W. J. Brier, for many years institute conductor of the school, was elected to the presidency and began service early in September following.

September 14, 1885, the fifth normal school was opened in the city of Milwaukee, pursuant to chapter 364 of the laws of 1885, and J. J. Mapel, formerly principal of the local high school, was elected president; he was succeeded by L. D. Harvey, A. M., for many years conductor of teachers' institutes from Oshkosh Normal School. Upon the completion of the building, and the conveyance of the same to the state, the legislature made an appropriation of \$10,000.00 to aid in the maintenance of this school. In November, 1898, President Harvey was elected to the state superintendency of schools, and the school was put in charge of Acting President W. H. Cheever. On December 20, 1899, Charles McKenney, then president of the State normal school at Mt. Clemons Mich., was elected president and assumed the duties of his office in April, 1900.

September 17, 1894, the sixth normal school was opened in the city of Stevens Point, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, and Theron B. Pray, A. M., formerly professor and institute conductor in the Whitewater Normal School, was elected president. The school building at Stevens Point, although commodious and well fitted for normal school purposes, became overcrowded and a considerable addition has been made to the building. The original building, together with heating and ventilating apparatus, cost, in round numbers, \$75,000, and one addition cost about \$50,000.

September 8th, 1896, the seventh normal school was opened in the city of Superior, pursuant to chapter 185, laws of 1893, with I. C. McNeill, formerly assistant superintendent of schools, Kansas City, Mo., as president. The building is one of the best of its class in the west, and its equipment, when completed, will be all that the highest standards require. The cost of the building, and the heating and ventilating plant was \$74,790.00; the estimated value of the grounds (donated) was \$30,000, and the portion of the appropriation made by the law cited above, available for equipment, was \$20,640.93. Besides the land, the city donated \$65,000.00 cash.

The law under which the normal schools are organized provides that "The exclusive purpose and objects of each normal school shall be the instruction and training of persons, both male and female, in the theory and art of teaching, and in all the various branches that pertain to common school education, and in all subjects needful to qualify for teaching in the public schools; also to give instruction in the fundamental laws of the United States and of this state, in what regards the rights and duties of citizens."

In extension of the work of the normal schools, the Board is authorized to expend a sum not exceeding \$14,000 annually, to support teachers' institutes, and may employ agents for that purpose. At present one professor from each normal school is employed at different seasons in conducting institutes.

The permanent Normal School Fund, at the close of the last fiscal year, was \$1,954,084.36. The fund for the support of Normal Schools is increased annually by the amount received for tuition in the training and preparatory schools attached to the Normal Schools, and for book rents, and from an annual tax of \$230,000.

The total number of pupils in attendance during the past two school years at all the State Normal Schools was as follows:

Total enrollment of students.

Schools.	Normal.	Preparatory.	Grammar.	Intermediate.	Primary and kindergarten.	Special	Totals.
1902-03.							
Milwaukee.....	406	*	51	103	79	.....	639
Oshkosh.....	562	†	118	85	97	15	877
Platteville.....	283	23	33	22	52	2	420
River Falls.....	294	5	50	47	82	.....	478
St. Point.....	313	9	84	44	63	7	520
Superior.....	296	20	38	51	83	.....	488
Whitewater.....	288	2	25	52	124	.....	491
Totals.....	2,442	61	399	404	580	24	3,913
1903-04.							
Milwaukee.....	421	*	41	108	79	.....	652
Oshkosh.....	565	†	114	62	112	20	873
Platteville.....	322	23	32	40	41	.....	458
River Falls.....	277	6	44	44	94	2	467
St. Point‡	287	9	91	58	65	5	515
Superior.....	267	25	35	47	78	.....	452
Whitewater.....	276	3	42	55	99	3	478
Totals.....	2,418	66	399	414	568	30	3,895

* No preparatory class. Has no elementary course and admits no pupils with preparation less than a four years high school course.

† No preparatory work done in this school.

‡ Has control of primary and intermediate department of Third ward public school in which were enrolled an average of 81 pupils during 1902-4, furnishes a critic teacher, and uses the school as part of model school.

Number of graduates in two years.

YEAR.	1902-3.		1903-4.		TOTALS.		
	Elementary.	Advanced.	Elementary.	Advanced.	Elementary.	Advanced.	Both courses.
Milwaukee.....	*	160	.....	186	.....	346	346
Oshkosh.....	42	60	41	87	83	147	230
Platteville.....	13	42	10	55	23	97	120
River Falls.....	21	19	19	33	40	55	95
Stevens Point.....	53	28	42	45	95	73	168
Superior.....	13	42	11	26	24	68	92
Whitewater.....	34	43	39	57	73	100	173
Totals.....	176	394	162	492	338	886	1,224

* School has no elementary course.

Total number of graduates. (None counted twice.)

SCHOOLS.	When opened.	COURSE.		Both.
		Elementary.	Advanced.	
Milwaukee.....	1885	*	1,558	1,558
Oshkosh.....	1871	649	754	1,403
Platteville.....	1866	168	823	991
River Falls.....	1875	369	228	597
Stevens Point.....	1894	321	253	574
Superior.....	1896	77	184	261
Whitewater.....	1868	613	616	1,229
Totals.....		2,197	4,416	6,613

* Has no elementary course.

PLATTEVILLE NORMAL SCHOOL.

This school was established on the 28th of February, 1866, by authority conferred by chapter 216 of the general laws. The building and grounds of the Platteville Academy having been donated, the school was opened on the 9th day of October, in the same year. The building has been repeatedly enlarged, and it accommodates the school liberally at present.

Platteville is a city of 3,321 (census 1895) inhabitants, pleasantly situated on the rolling ground between the Platte and Sinsinawa Mounds, in the midst of a fine agricultural region. The location is eminently healthful, and the community is deeply interested in the success and prosperity of the school. Students will find few temptations to idleness or dissipation, but will meet with encouragement to faithful work and upright conduct.

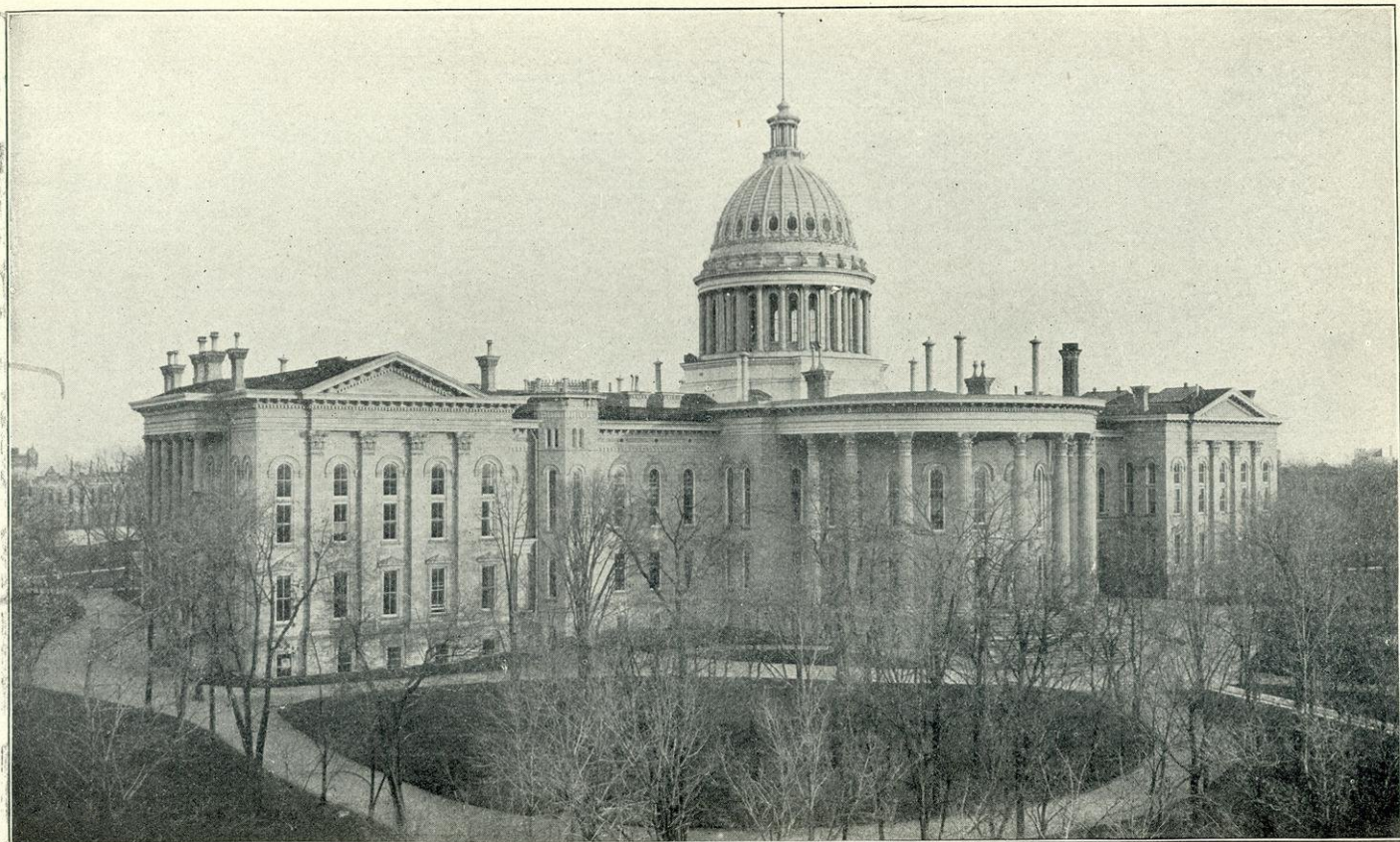
Platteville is a terminus of a branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, connecting with the Illinois Central at Warren. It is reached from the north and south by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, and has connection with points on the Chicago, Burlington & Northern Railroad. Stages run daily to interior towns.

FACULTY.

J. W. LIVINGSTON, President.
 O. J. SCHUSTER, Institute Conductor.
 MERTON C. LEONARD, Physics and Geology.
 THOMAS H. GENTLE, Methods, Supervisor of Practice.
 WM. H. DUDLEY, Biology and Chemistry.
 J. A. WILGUS, Political Economy, History.
 MYRTLE L. CARPENTER, Literature.
 W. H. WILLIAMS, Higher Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry.
 LOREN W. LOY, Rhetoricals, Assistant in Psychology and Pedagogy.
 F. F. CHURCHILL, Music.
 V. M. RUSSELL, Manual Training.
 JESSIE B. MONTGOMERY, Principal and Critic Grammar Grade.
 MYRTA V. WHITNEY, Latin.
 CLARA SCHUSTER, German.
 ISABELLA PRETLOW, Grammar, Orthoepy, Reading.
 GAIL CALMERTON, Principal and Critic Primary Grade.
 MAUDE J. MITCHELL, Drawing.
 JESSIE TODD, Critic Intermediate Department.
 AGNES O. BRIGHAM, Physical Culture, Physiology.
 LAURA H. WELD, American History, Geography, Civil Government.
 BEE A. GARDNER, Librarian.
 MARY CALKINS, Assistant in Grammar Grade.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

Ellen C. Sabin Milwaukee.
 Geo. F. Snyder Baraboo.
 Colin W. Wright Monroe

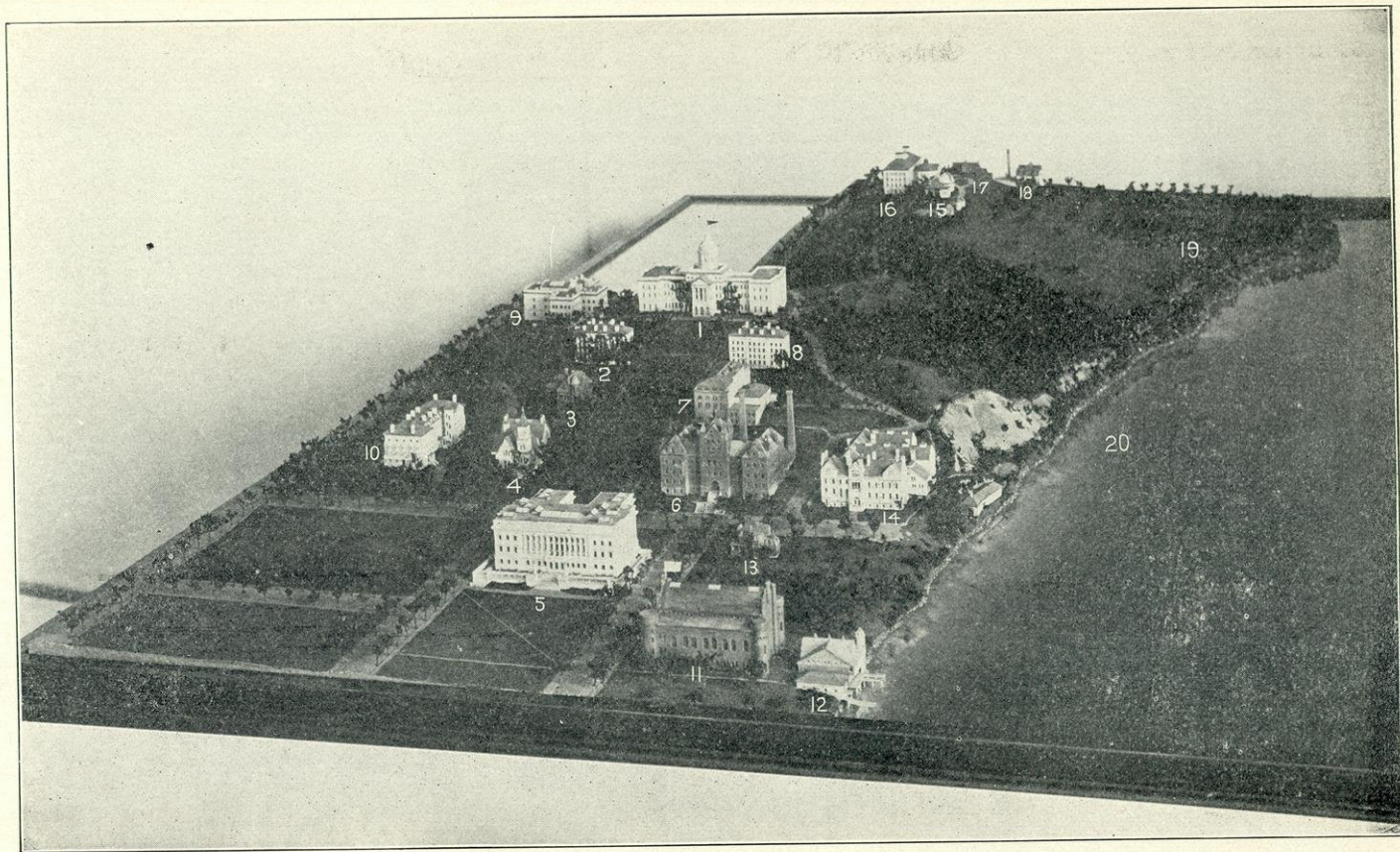


WISCONSIN STATE CAPITOL, MADISON.





EXECUTIVE MANSION, MADISON.



1, Main Hall; 2, South Hall; 3, College of Law Building; 4, Library Hall; 5, State Historical Library Building; 6, Science Hall; 7, Engineering Building; 8, North Hall; 9, New Chemical Building; 10, Chadbourne Hall; 11, Armory and Gymnasium; 12, Boat House; 13, President's Residence; 14, Old Chemical Building; 15, Washburn Observatory; 16, Agricultural Building; 17, Dairy Building; 18, Horticultural Building; 19, Orchard; 20, Lake Mendota.



STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING, MADISON.



AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE BUILDING, UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MADISON.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, PLATTEVILLE.



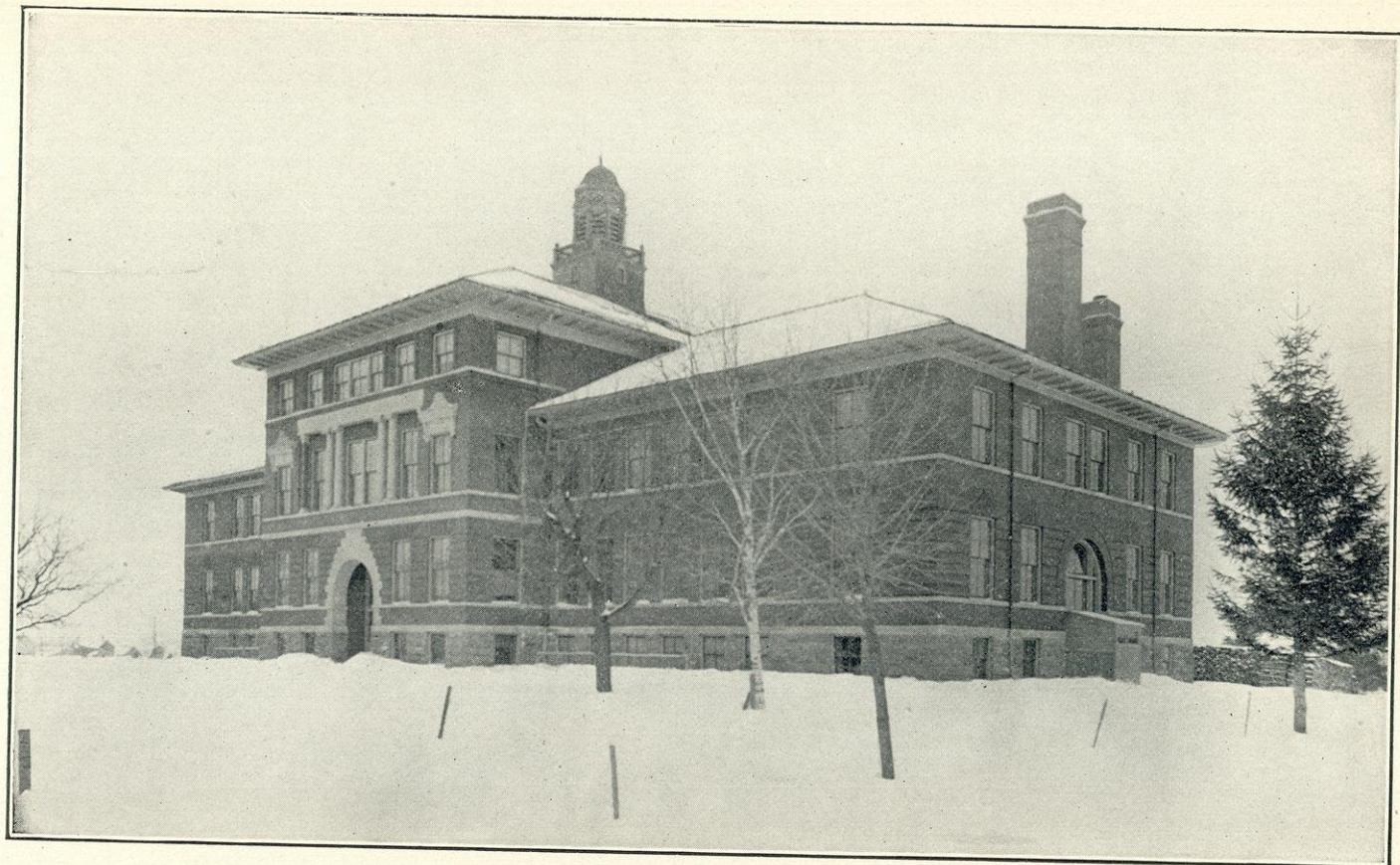
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, OSHKOSH.



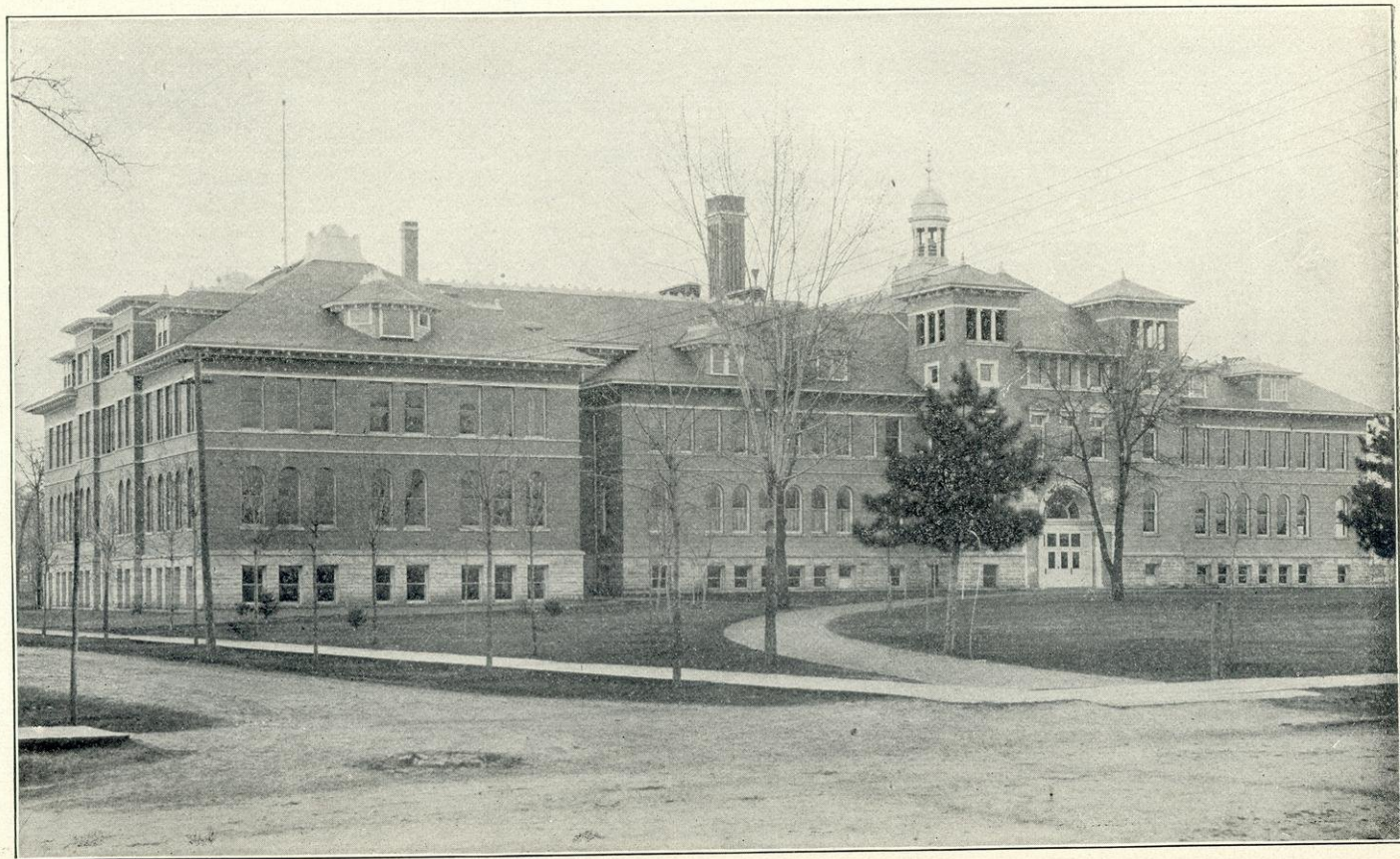
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, WHITEWATER.



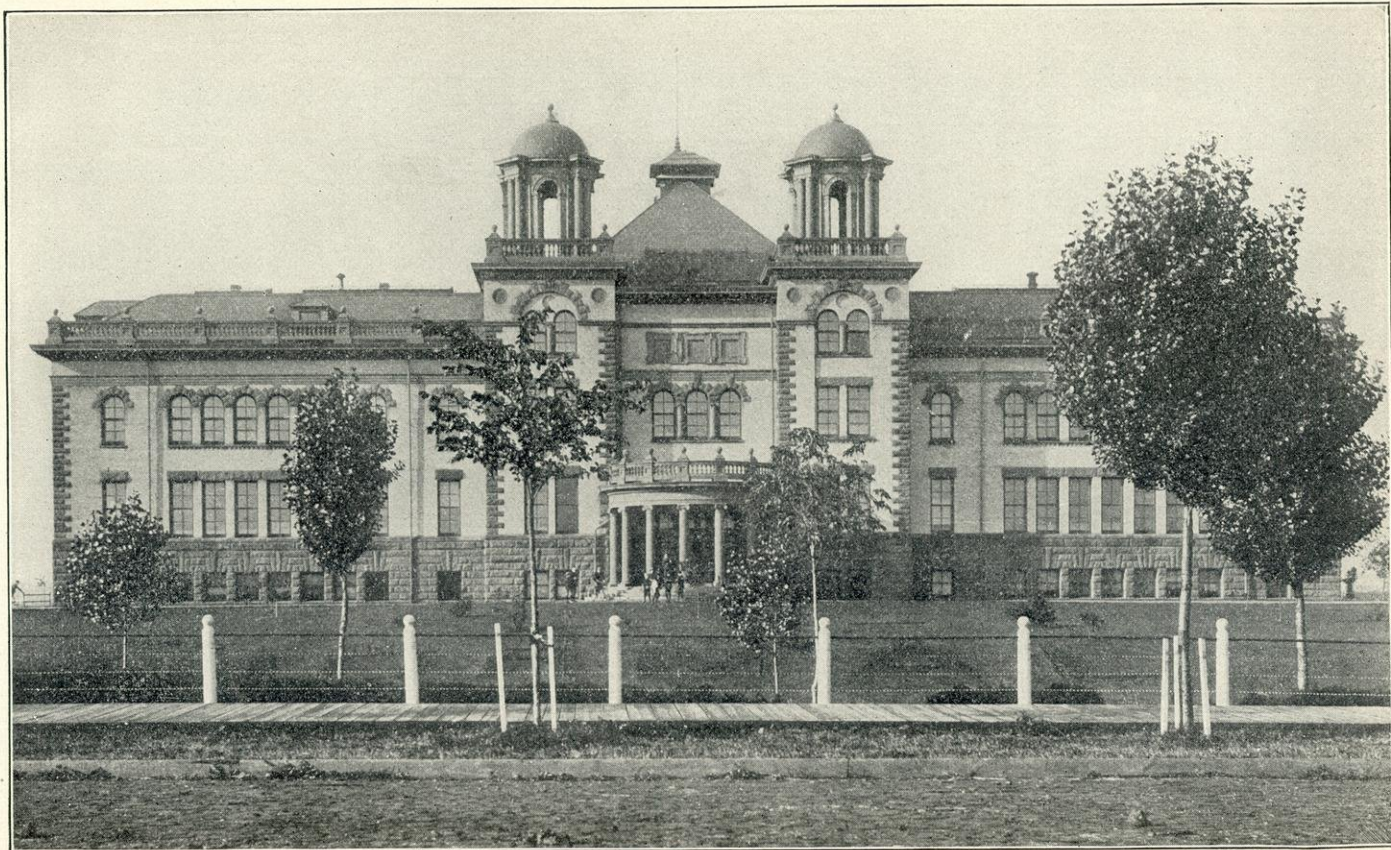
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, MILWAUKEE.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVER FALLS.



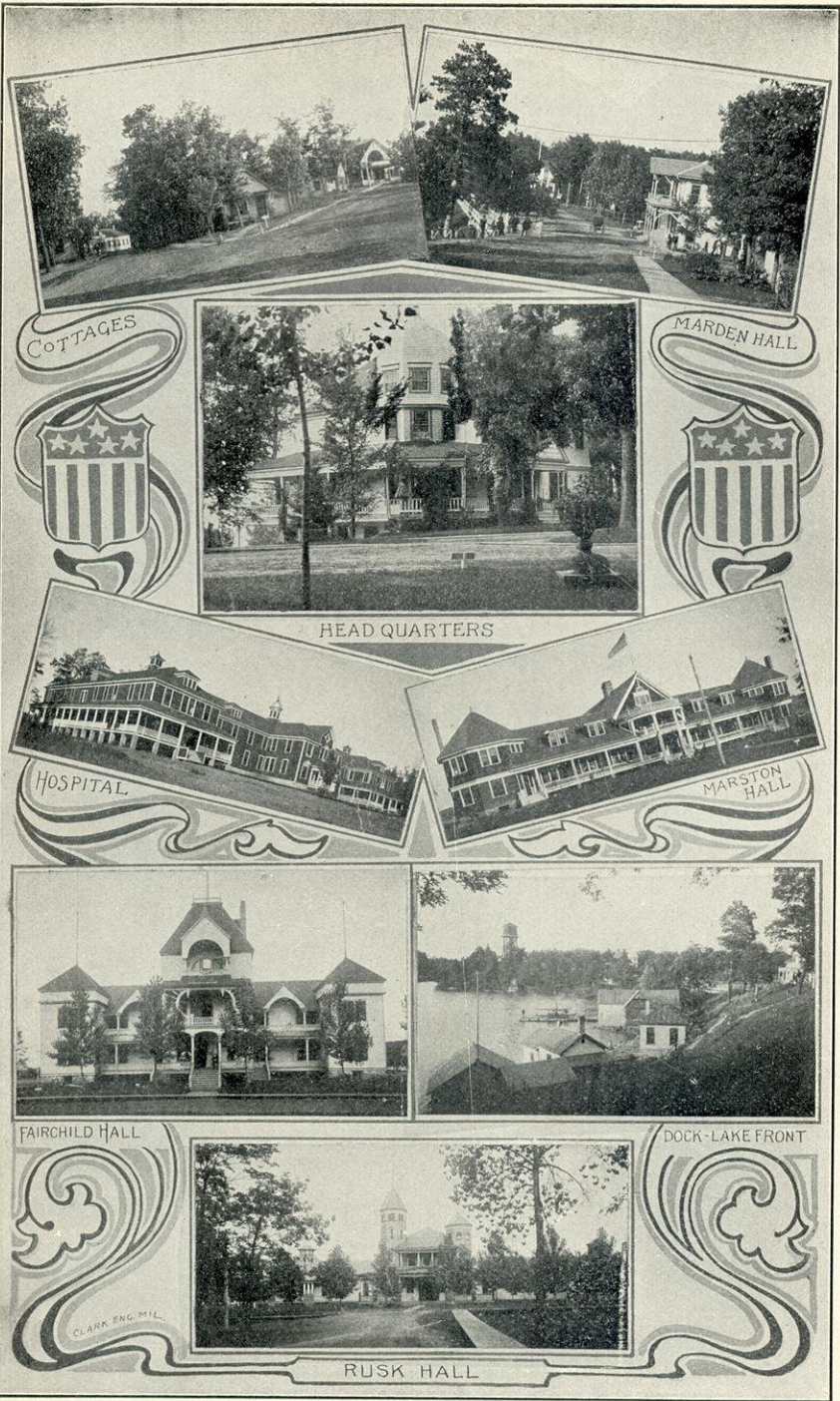
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, STEVENS POINT.



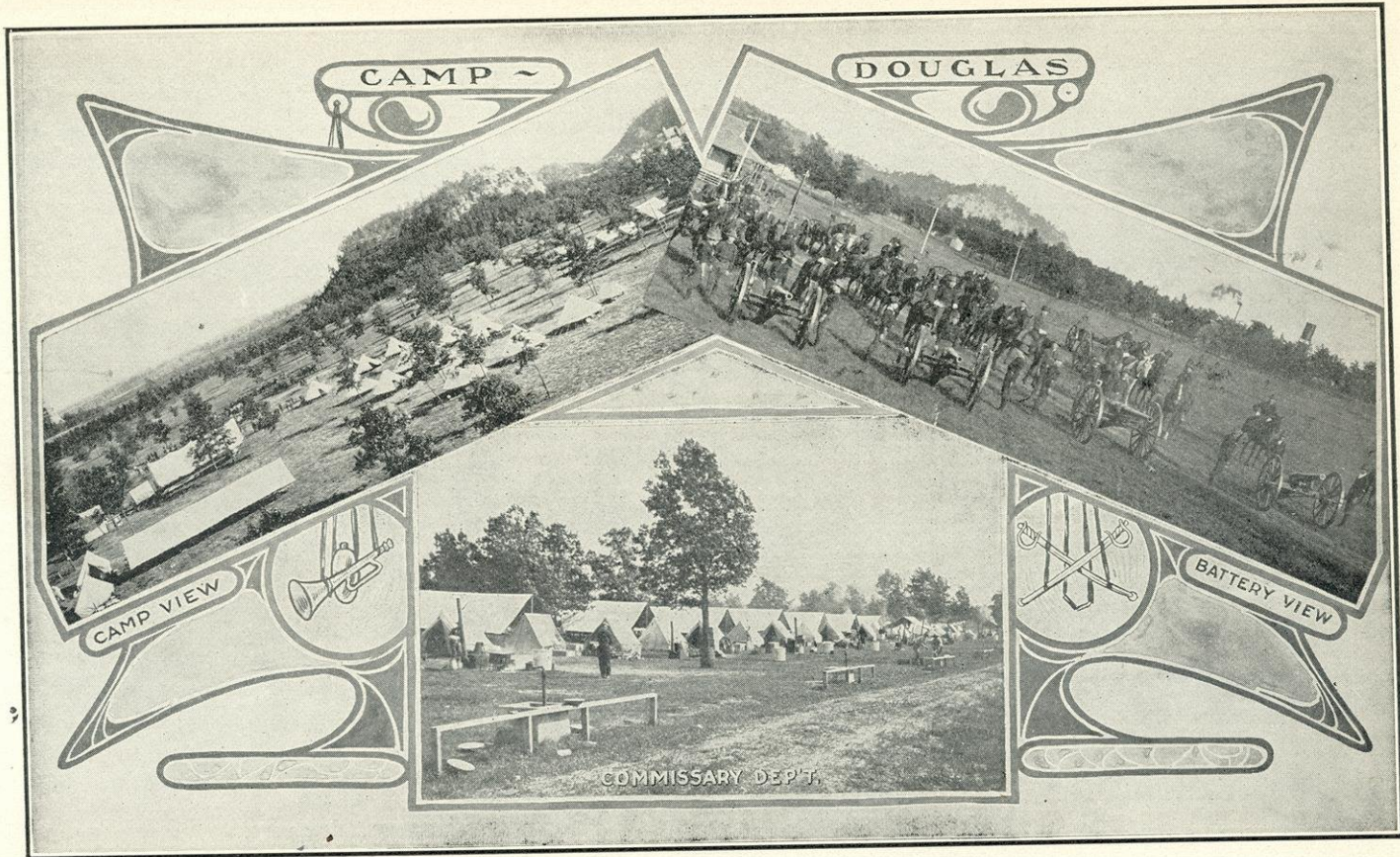
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, SUPERIOR.



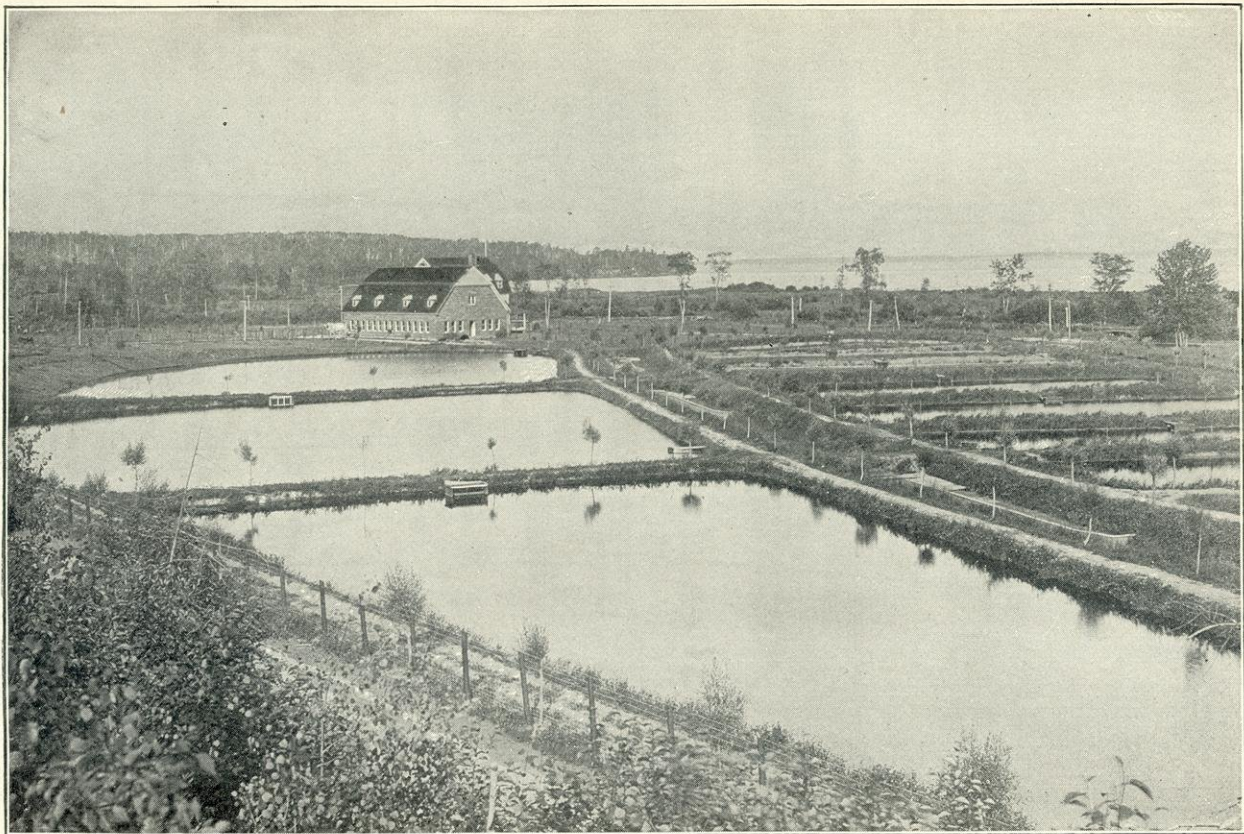
NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, NEAR MILWAUKEE.



WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME, WAUPACA.



WISCONSIN MILITARY RESERVATION, CAMP DOUGLAS.



FISH HATCHERY AND PONDS, BAYFIELD.

WHITEWATER NORMAL SCHOOL.

The Whitewater Normal School was dedicated April 21, 1868, it being the second normal school in the state. Its first president was Oliver Arey, who remained in charge until July, 1876. Wm. F. Phelps was president for the next two years, and J. W. Stearns from July, 1878, to January, 1885. For the next half year Prof. T. B. Pray was acting president. Albert Salisbury became president in July, 1885, and remains in charge to the present time.

The site and surroundings of the school are among the finest in the whole country. The original building was enlarged in 1876; and in 1891 yet another wing was added, including an elegant and well equipped gymnasium. In 1897, yet another enlargement was made, giving the building a new front and providing improved facilities for all departments of work, especially in the library and laboratories.

The school graduated its first class in 1870. Since that time it has graduated 616 persons from the Advanced Course, and 613 others from the Elementary Course, making a total of 1,229 who have received the sanction of the school. Of these, all but 54 have taught for a greater or less period of time since graduation.

FACULTY.

ALBERT SALISBURY, PH. D., President, Mental Science and Pedagogics.
 GEORGE C. SHUTTS, PH. B., Mathematics and School Management; Conductor of Institutes, 2d District.
 ARTHUR A. UPHAM, Physical Science.
 DELOS O. KINSMAN, PH. D., General History, Civics, and Economics.
 WALTER S. WATSON, M. S., Biology.
 JOHN R. SHERRICK, PH. B., Latin and Word Analysis.
 HERMAN H. SCHROEDER, PH. B., German.
 C. R. ROUNDS, B. L., Reading and English Branches.
 ANNIE M. COTTRELL, M. S., Rhetoric and Literature.
 CORNELIA E. ROGERS, Geography and Botany.
 MARGARET HOSFORD, U. S. History and Algebra.
 ESTELLE HAYDEN, English Composition and Rhetoric.
 LUCY A. BAKER, Vocal Music.
 LIZZIE HUGHES, Drawing and Penmanship.
 MARGARET M. BOGENRIEF, Physical Training.
 LIDA B. EARHART, A. B., Methods and Supervision of Practice Teaching.
 MARY L. McCUTCHEAN, Preparatory Department and Grammar Grades.
 SARAH R. DEVLIN, Assistant Preparatory and Grammar Grades.
 ANNIE REYNOLDS, Teacher Intermediate Grades.
 GRACE R. POTTER, Teacher Primary Grades. (Absent. Sick leave.)
 MARIE E. BECKWITH, Kindergarten Director.
 GRACE E. SALISBURY, Librarian.
 ETHEL W. AZBILL, Assistant Librarian.
 ELISE M. HALVERSON, Stenographer and Clerk.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

Geo. E. Bunsa Columbus.
 Julia R. Rockafellow Waukesha.
 T. L. Cleary Plattville.

OSHKOSH NORMAL SCHOOL.

This school was organized as third in the system of normal schools in September, 1871.

It soon took rank as the largest one of the schools, and gave instruction to more than 6,000 students during the first quarter century of work.

The building has been enlarged three times to meet its increasing needs, and through such growth has become adapted for efficient management of large numbers with ease. The laboratories and library are thoroughly appointed for the special needs of teachers in training.

Through careful management of conditions, the cost of living to students is below that of any other city of its size, the entire expense for a year ranging from \$125 to \$160.

COURSES OF STUDY.

The courses of study, uniform in specification for all regular schools of the system, are as follows:

1. Common School Course—Requiring one year of work, and designed to train teachers for work in rural schools.
2. An Elementary Course of Two Years—Leading to Limited State Certificate.
3. The Advanced Course of Four Years—Entitling to Life State Certificate.
4. A Graduate Course of Two Years—Entitling to Diploma and Life Certificate.

The last course is especially provided for graduates from High Schools.

FACULTY.

R. H. HALSEY, President.
 KATHERINE S. ALVORD, Associate in History and Latin.
 MARY E. APTHORP, Latin.
 L. W. BRIGGS, Civics, School Law.
 HARRIET C. MAGEE, Drawing.
 HARRIET E. CLARK, Expression and Elocution.
 F. R. CLOW, History and Economics.
 W. F. COOLIDGE, Associate in Mathematics.
 B. MACK DRESDEN, German.
 H. R. FLING, Biology.
 H. N. GODDARD, Chemistry, Nature Study.
 ANNIE L. ROONEY, Reading, Associate in English.
 JOSEPHINE HENDERSON, Rhetoric.
 ADELYN S. DOWNING, Vocal Music.
 W. C. HEWITT, Conductor of Institutes, School Economy.
 LILLIAN G. KIMBALL, English Language
 MARY I. McFADDEN, Associate Supervisor of Practice Teaching.
 F. E. MITCHELL, Geography, Geology.
 ELLEN F. P. PEAKE, English Literature, Library Readings.
 ELSIE LEITCH BOWMAN, Associate in Drawing.
 MAURICE H. SMALL, Psychology, Pedagogy.
 A. H. SAGE, Physics.
 GRACE SHEPARDSON, Director of Gymnasium, Lecturer on Hygiene.
 L. L. SUMMERS, Director of Manual Training.
 ROSE C. SWART, Supervisor of Practice.
 A. W. TRETTIEN, Observation and Method.
 EMILY F. WEBSTER, Mathematics.
 JULIA E. TURNER, English.
 ELLA G. PARMELE, Librarian, Library Methods.
 LUCIE POTTER, Assistant Librarian.
 CLARA E. MARVIN, Secretary.

TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

JENNIE G. MARVIN, Principal and Critic, Grammar Grade.
 ELIZABETH ARNOLD, Assistant in Grammar Grades.
 ADELAIDE M. PARSONS, Teacher and Critic, Intermediate Grades.
 GRACE MEAD, Teacher and Critic, Second Primary Grades.
 ELIZABETH STEVENS, Teacher and Critic, First Primary Grades.
 FAYE HENLEY, Kindergartner.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

Albert KagelMilwaukee.
 John A. HazelwoodJefferson
 Richard C. HughesRipon.

RIVER FALLS NORMAL SCHOOL.

The fourth normal school was established in 1875. It is situated in a beautiful little city on the C., St. P., M. & O. R. R., its location being in an attractive and picturesque country, well settled and prosperous. The city of River Falls is a city of homes and in it the students find ideal conditions for the prosecution of the purposes for which the school is maintained. The normal school building is conveniently situated on a beautiful campus in the edge of the city and affords attractive views of the surrounding country. It is a model in its heating, lighting, and ventilation, as well as in all other conditions favorable to health and comfort.

There are three departments in the school: the Normal, the Preparatory, and the Model. The courses of study in the Normal department are the same as those in the other Wisconsin Normals offering four years of work. A complete Manual Training Course (Sloyd) affords a part of the work in the Model Grades, while a successful Kindergarten is carried on as a preliminary to the other grade work.

FACULTY.

WARREN J. BRIER, President, Psychology.
 L. H. CLARK, Mathematics.
 MYRTES E. CLARK, English, Assistant Supervisor.
 J. F. GARBER, Zoology, Botany.
 A. L. EWING, Physics, Chemistry, Geology.
 A. H. FLETCHER, English, Physical Geography.
 V. B. HOAG, Manual Training.
 ANNA G. SABA, Latin, German.
 CARRIE T. PARDEE, Drawing.
 LAURA W. PECKHAM, Primary Grades.
 LUCY K. PECKHAM, Kindergarten.
 VESTA M. CORNISH, Grammar Grades.
 BELLE C. SCOFIELD, Intermediate Grades.
 ALICE H. SHULTES, Supervisor of Practice, Elementary Psychology.
 CAROLINE E. SILLIMAN, Librarian.
 J. F. SIMS, Teachers' Institutes, Geography, U. S. History.
 LENA LEONARD, Music.
 MRS. JULIA LORRAINE TRUESDELL, Orthoepy, Rhetoricals.
 JESSIE KELLOGG, Physical Training.
 H. L. WILSON, Literature, Reading, General History.
 LILIAN CURRIER, Secretary.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

Karl MathieWausau
 R. H. BurnsRichland Center
 Mrs. Ida M. Hill StarrEau Claire.

MILWAUKEE NORMAL SCHOOL.

The state normal school located in Milwaukee was authorized by an act of the legislature in 1880. The school was formally opened in September, 1885. The total enrollment during the year was, in the normal department, forty-six. The enrollment during the year 1903-1904 was, in the same department, 424.

This school offers four courses of study: English, Latin, German, and a Kindergarten Training course. In the English course are several groups of elective studies which make it possible for a student to specialize to some extent. The English course is the equivalent of the last two years of the full English course in the other normal schools, while the Latin and German courses are the equivalent of the last two years of these courses in the other schools except that four years' preparatory work is required in the Latin and two in the German, respectively, to enter these courses.

The Kindergarten Training course is designed especially to give training to students who desire to fit themselves for Kindergarten work. No other normal school in the state offers a kindergarten training course.

All students entering the school must have completed a high school course in one of the four years' course high schools, or have equivalent preparation.

No elementary or preparatory course is connected with the school.

Students have an opportunity to do practice work in the public schools of the city.

The building is well equipped for the work of the school and will accommodate three hundred students comfortably.

FACULTY.

CHARLES MCKENNY, B. S., A. M., President.

WALTER H. CHEEVER, Ph. M., State Institute Conductor, Social Science and Economics.

M. A. BUSSEWITZ, Chemistry and Mathematics.

ERMINE C. CASE, Ph. D., Physics, Physiography, Geology.

LUCIUS T. GOULD, A. B., Geography, and Assistant Supervisor of Practice.

LUCY DORRIT HALE, Drawing.

H. C. HENDERSON, A. M., Psychology and Pedagogy.

RACHEL M. KELSEY, B. L., Literature, and Director of Library Reading.

ORITHIA JOSEPHINE HOLT, B. L., Expression.

IRVING E. MILLER, Psychology and Pedagogy.

EDITH E. WHITE, Grammar and Composition.

IRVING N. MITCHELL, Ph. B., Biology.

ANNA C. NERMAN, Sloyd.

CONRAD E. PATZER, Supervisor of Practice.

CARL E. PRAY, B. L., History.

ANNA W. LYTLE, B. A., English and Literature.

CHARLES H. SEARS, Ph. D., Psychology and History of Education.

EMMA W. SHRIEVES, Physical Training.

NINA C. VANDEWALKER, B. L., M. Ph., Director of Kindergarten Training Department.

RUTH ELIZABETH WALLING, Music and Literature.

PAULINE WIES, Ph. G., Latin and German.

MAUD B. CURTISS, Kindergarten Director, Kindergarten Technics.

MYRTA M. WILSEY, Teacher and Critic, Seventh and Eighth Grades.

LOU ALICE HICKS, Teacher and Critic, Fifth and Sixth Grades.

EMILY W. STRONG, Teacher and Critic, Third and Fourth Grades.

FLORENCE C. COX, Teacher and Critic, First and Second Grades.
 MAUD BURDICK, Clerk and Stenographer.
 DELIA OVITZ, Librarian.
 DOROTHY ENDERIS, Assistant Librarian.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

F. A. Lowell Rhinelander.
 J. G. Voss Elkhorn.
 Dr. Samuel Sparling Madison.

 STEVENS POINT NORMAL SCHOOL.

The sixth state normal school was opened September 17, 1894.

The following courses are provided: German, Latin, and English-Scientific courses of four years each, leading to the diploma, which may become a life state certificate; an Elementary course of two years and a Professional course of one year, leading to the elementary certificate, which may become a five years' state certificate; a One Year Common School course. High School graduates are admitted to advanced standing in either course.

In 1902 a new course, to prepare teachers of Domestic Science, was authorized and established by the Board of Regents. This is a thorough two years' course for High School graduates. It includes abundant instruction in sewing and cooking and the necessary science as a basis, with laboratory work and practice teaching in these branches, as well as the general professional training of the other regular courses.

Special courses may be arranged by selection from the regular courses to fit the needs of individual teachers.

Special preparation for teachers of Primary and Intermediate grades, by selection of studies in regular courses, and addition of special courses in Practice and Pedagogy.

The building is modern, thoroughly adapted to the uses of a school; is well equipped; has one of the largest and best fitted gymnasiums in the state, second only to that at the University. This is under the care of a trained specialist. A carefully selected library of about 8,000 volumes is in the care of a trained librarian, whose entire time is given to the students.

The total enrollment in all departments in June, 1902, was 626 students, coming from upwards of forty counties in the state.

Stevens Point is a quiet, orderly town, with paved streets and pleasant homes; is lighted by gas and electricity; has a good water supply, well distributed; a paid fire department and free mail delivery; is accessible by two railroads from all the central part of the state.

Necessary school expenses, including board, for year of forty weeks, need not exceed \$135.00 and may be made less.

School year begins last Tuesday in August.

FACULTY.

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 FRANK S. HYER, Institute Conductor, School Observation, Professional Reviews.
 GARRY E. CULVER, Physical Sciences.
 JOSEPH V. COLLINS, PH. D., Mathematics.
 ALBERT H. SANFORD, A. M., History, Government, Political Economy.
 MRS. MARY D. BRADFORD, Methods, Supervisor of Practice Teaching.

FRANK K. SECHRIST, English and American Literature.
 FRANK N. SPINDLER, Psychology.
 GEORGE A. TALBERT, Biology.
 MISS KATHARINE R. PRAY, Latin.
 ELLA L. FINK, Vocal Music.
 DAVID OLSON, Geography.
 MISS NANNIE R. GRAY, German, Principal Ninth Grade.
 MISS A. CAROLINE EDMAND, Assistant in English.
 CHARLES B. BACON, Reading and Mathematics.
 MISS JANETTE REITLER, Drawing.
 HELENA M. PINCOMB, Domestic Science.
 MARGARET E. LEE, Director of Kindergarten.
 MISS CHARLOTTE B. GERRISH, Physical Training.
 MARY G. ALLERTON, Librarian, Library Reading.

TRAINING DEPARTMENT.

MISS IDA M. DENSMORE, Critic Teacher, Grammar Grades.
 MISS M. FRANCES QUINN, Critic Teacher, Intermediate Grades.
 JENNIE R. FADDIS, Critic Teacher, Primary Grades.
 MISS JOSEPHINE FITZGERALD, Supervisory Primary Grades. in charge of
 Practice Teaching in Public School, Third Ward.
 GRACE H. HAYNER, Clerk.
 MARY DUNEGAN, Assistant Librarian.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

R. W. PRINGLE Appleton
 ROBERT MORRIS Arpin
 WM. H. HATTON New London

SUPERIOR NORMAL SCHOOL.

The seventh normal school was opened September 8, 1896. Its building is probably the best of its kind in the Northwest. The total enrollment in all departments for the eighth year was 452, coming chiefly from twenty-two different counties in Wisconsin. The same courses of study that exist in the other schools are carried on here. A very large majority of all who withdraw from the school go out to teach. Two new departments, a kindergarten and a domestic science department, were installed by the Board of Regents last year.

This normal school has been unable to meet the demands of boards of education for graduates to teach. Twice as many teachers as are found in the graduating classes each year could readily be placed in Northern Wisconsin.

FACULTY.

I. C. McNEILL, President, Psychology.
 V. E. McCASKILL, Institute Conductor; Geography, History and Science of
 Education, School Management and School Law.
 J. A. MERRILL, Natural and Physical Sciences.
 A. D. S. GILLETT, History, Civics and Political Economy.
 MARY E. DOYLE, Supervisor of Practice, Theory and Art.
 S. A. LYNCH, Literature, English Composition, Rhetoric.
 G. B. BERGEN, Reading, Grammar.
 C. W. SMITH, Mathematics.
 GRACE GEARY, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Preparatory Classes.
 ADDIE E. BETTES, Critic Teacher, Grammar Department.

CORA A. MERRY, Music.
 KATHERINE SCHLEGEL, German, Preparatory Classes.
 A. D. WHEALDON, Assistant in Science.
 MARY LAWTON, Drawing.
 AMELIA HARRINGTON, Critic Teacher, Intermediate Department.
 MARY A. KROMER, Critic Teacher, Primary Department.
 JULIET V. YEAKLE, Physical Culture.
 EMILIE B. WRIGHT, Latin, Records.
 FLORENCE D. PETTENGILL, Domestic Science.
 CAROLINE W. BARBOUR, Teacher Kindergarten Department.
 HARRIET L. EATON, Librarian.
 LEONA PINKHAM, Text-book Librarian, Stenographer, Clerk.

OFFICIAL VISITORS.

JOHN D. O'KEEFEHammond
 P. B. BORDENMarshfield
 DR. I. G. BABCOCK.....Cumberland

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

HISTORY AND LOCATION.

The University of Wisconsin was founded in the days of the pioneers of the State. In the first year of the existence of the territory (1836), an act was passed for the establishment of "Wisconsin University" at Belmont; but, except for the naming of trustees, the project was never carried out. In 1837, another act to establish the "Wisconsin University of Green Bay" eventuated in the formation of a temporary local college called Hobart University. It was in 1838 that the University of the Territory of Wisconsin was provided for by law, and endowed by the act of congress, in the same year with the customary grant of two townships of land. Its governing body, a Board of Visitors, alone evidenced the existence of this University for ten years. Section 6 of the constitution of the new state, in 1848, declared that "Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a state university, at or near the seat of the state government, and for connecting with the same from time to time such colleges in different parts of the state as the interests of education may require." The land grants of the United States for the support of the University were made a perpetual fund for its support, and it was provided that no sectarian instruction should be allowed in the institution. The University was incorporated by the act of July 26, 1848, and a board of regents, to be chosen by the legislature, was made its governing body. At the first meeting of this board, October 7, 1848, a preparatory department was established, to open in February, 1849, under the charge of John W. Sterling, a graduate of the University of New Jersey (Princeton). The site for the University, on "College Hill," was selected, and John H. Lathrop, a graduate, and afterwards tutor, of Yale college, was called from the presidency of the University of Missouri to become Chancellor. He was formally inaugurated January 16, 1850. North Hall, the first building, was constructed in the same year, and opened September 17, 1851. The first class graduated on July 26, 1854, consisting of Levi Booth and Charles T. Wakeley. At this time the faculty consisted of Chancellor Lathrop, occupying the chair of ethics, civi

polity, and political economy, Professor Sterling, who taught mathematics, natural philosophy, and astronomy; O. M. Conover, professor of ancient languages and literature, and S. H. Carpenter, tutor. The attendance was forty-one, exclusive of fifteen students in the preparatory course. Under Chancellor Lathrop, the group of buildings was increased by South Hall, completed in 1855, and University Hall, completed in 1859. Congress granted Wisconsin in 1854 a second two townships of land for the University; but this, as well as the first grant, was sacrificed at low rates to attract immigration. Thus the income from the University fund was very small. Moreover, the State required the regents to construct their buildings by loans drawn from the same land fund instead of providing them by state bounty. Until 1870, the University struggled along on the meager income furnished by the lands donated by the federal government. The State made its higher education subordinate to the demand of its citizens for cheap lands.

The University in these years was criticized because of its preparatory department, and because of the alleged narrowness of the curriculum; it was demanded that "a more distinct bias should be given to its instructions in the direction of the several arts and avocations as they exist among men." In 1858, as the outcome of these demands, the preparatory department was restricted in its scope, and the University was reorganized into a department of science, literature and the arts, consisting of six schools: philosophy, philology, natural science, civil and mechanical engineering, agriculture, and polity.

Chancellor Lathrop was succeeded in 1859 by Henry Barnard, a graduate of Yale, prominent in the reorganization of the schools of Connecticut and Rhode Island, founder of the *American Journal of Education*, and (1867) first national Commissioner of Education. His policy centered in elevating the public school system of the state as a basis for university growth, but ill health caused his resignation in 1860.

Under the *ad interim* direction of Professor Sterling, the University remained without a chancellor until 1867. The Civil War took a large proportion of the students into the field, and no commencement was held in 1864, all but one of the senior class having joined the army.

The close of the war brought a new inspiration and growth to the University. The returning soldiers took up their studies, and by 1870 the University had nearly 500 students. A reorganization was effected in 1866, and Dr. Paul A. Chadbourne, a graduate of Williams College, was called to the presidency. Among the important developments of this period was the founding of the College of Law, the maturing of plans providing for coeducation, and the institution of the agricultural department as an integral part of the University. This constituted a radical departure from the policy of the other states of the middle west. In many instances agricultural and engineering colleges have been founded apart from the state university. The rapid growth of the University of Wisconsin and its hold upon the people have been in a considerable measure due to the fact that it contains within its organization the colleges which appeal to the farmer and artisan, as well as to the business and professional classes of the state.

It was through the efforts of President Chadbourne that an appropriation of \$50,000 was secured from the legislature of 1870 for the erection of a separate building for the women students of the University. This building, now known as Chadbourne Hall, was constructed during the following year, when Professor Sterling as vice-president administered the University, and was occupied in the fall of 1871.

President Twombly came to the University at the beginning of the academic year 1871-72. He was a graduate of Wesleyan University at Middletown, Connecticut, one of the overseers of Harvard College, and a founder of Boston University.

The reorganization of 1866 had provided for co-education, but during these years the work of the women was kept separate from that of the men. It was significant, however, of an increasing recognition of the importance of the education of women, that the first appropriation which the legislature ever made to the University was for the women's building, and only a few years elapsed

when complete co-education was adopted. Perhaps the most important development of the period of Dr. Twombly's presidency was the provision made by the legislature for a state tax of \$10,000 a year to form a part of the University income. In thus adopting the policy of a special annual tax for the support of the University, the legislature made the formal explanation in the preamble to the law, that the policy of disposing of the land grants by congress at a low price, in order to attract actual settlers, had prevented the increase of the productive funds, and that it was the duty of the State to see to it that the University should not suffer. A system of free tuition to the graduates of the high schools of the State who passed the University entrance requirements, was also adopted at this time. This step was the beginning of the elimination of the preparatory department of the University. By resting its growth upon the high schools of the State, and receiving an annual income from the taxpayers, the University merged itself completely with the educational life of the State, and, in the long run, felt the benefits of this change.

With the coming of President Bascom from Williams College, in 1874, the University entered upon a new life. The finances of the institution were put on a better basis by the grant of the legislature of a tenth of a mill tax, which afforded increasing revenue as the wealth of the state increased. Large specific grants for new buildings, including Assembly Hall, Science Hall, the Chemical Building, and the Machine Shop, were made in the same period. The farmers' institutes and the short course in agriculture brought the University into closer touch with the farmers of the State. Under Dr. Bascom's presidency the preparatory department was abolished, and the University found all the students it could care for among the graduates of the high schools. At the beginning of his presidency the attendance, excluding the preparatory department, was about 300. At its close, thirteen years later, it was but 500; but the University had thoroughly gained the respect of the State.

President Bascom was succeeded by President Chamberlin of the United States Geological Survey, a graduate of Beloit College. He gave the University a strong impulse toward graduate study by the emphasis which he laid on research. Courses of study were increased, the standards of admission raised, and fellowships provided for graduate study. When he resigned, after five years of service, in 1892, the University had doubled its numbers, rising from five hundred to one thousand. During his presidency, a new science building had been finished, and buildings erected for the dairy school and the College of Law. In addition, a University boat house had been built, and the contracts had been let for the Armory and Gymnasium that are now such a prominent feature of the Lower Campus.

President Adams came to Wisconsin from Cornell, whose presidency he had just resigned. Under his administration the University rose from one thousand students in 1892 to two thousand six hundred in 1901. The beautiful building for the library of the State Historical Society and the University, costing nearly three-quarters of a million of dollars, and housing treasures of incalculable value, is the most impressive monument of his presidency. The University developed into a larger life in all directions during these ten years. Particularly the great increase in the number of graduate students and the emphasis upon graduate teaching should be noted. At the close of his presidency there were over one hundred graduate students, while ten years before there were only twenty-two. Athletics had reached their largest development in the same period, and Camp Randall, an athletic field of forty-two acres, was purchased for the University. The University began its summer sessions in 1899, a development which has been very important in increasing the influence of the University.

During the absence of Dr. Adams, caused by illness, and after his resignation, Professor Birge, Dean of the College of Letters and Science, served as Acting President during the three academic years, 1900-03.

Professor Charles R. Van Hise, the first alumnus of the University to hold the presidency, was elected in the spring of 1903, and assumed the active duties of the position at the beginning of the succeeding academic year.

THE SUPPORT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The University is supported partly by the income of federal grants, partly by taxation of the people of the State, and partly by private gifts. For such support there have been five federal grants, namely: the Two-Township Grant of 1848; the Supplementary Two-Township Grant of 1854; the Morrill Grant of 1862 for the support of studies pertaining to agricultural and mechanic arts; the Hatch Grant of 1887 for the support of agricultural experiment stations, and the Supplementary Morrill Grant of 1890.

Besides numerous and large appropriations for buildings and other specific purposes, the State of Wisconsin has made eight continuing grants, namely: the one-tenth mill tax of 1876, increased to one-eighth mill in 1883; the additional one-tenth mill tax of 1891; the appropriation for the support of the Observatory in 1887; the appropriation for the support of Farmers' Institutes in 1885, increased in 1887; the appropriation for the College of Engineering, in 1889, of one per cent. of the railroad license tax; and the additional one-fifth mill grant of 1897. The legislature of 1899 consolidated the various mill taxes, specified above, and the grant of one per cent. of the railroad licenses, into a specific continuous annual grant of an amount equal to the annual revenue from these various grants. This appropriation was increased by the legislature of 1901, and again by the legislature of 1903.

Of the gifts that have come to the University, that of Dane county for the purchase of lands for the University farm, that of the late Governor C. C. Washburn for the founding of the Washburn Observatory, and that of the late Judge Mortimer M. Jackson for the establishment of the Mortimer M. Jackson Professorship of Law, have been the most considerable and important.

THE UNIVERSITY AND THE STATE.

The University of Wisconsin is the culmination of the free educational system of the State. In the educational policy of the State, the University sustains a similar relation to the high schools that the high schools sustain to the primary and grammar schools. As those who have passed through the grammar grades may freely avail themselves of the high schools, so those who have completed with credit a full high school course may advance to the opportunities offered by the University. It is not expected that all pupils who complete the grammar grades will advance to the high school; nor is it expected that all those who complete a high school course shall go forward to the University. But the school system of the State has been so arranged as to make the passage from one grade to another as easy and natural as possible, in order to afford every encouragement to thorough education. The State through the University undertakes to furnish instruction in the various branches requisite for a liberal education, in the technical branches of engineering, law, agriculture, pharmacy, commerce, home economics, and music. It also aims to encourage research work in all departments, to produce creative scholars, and thus do its part in the enlargement of the domain of knowledge. Thus it is the general policy of the institution to foster the higher educational interests of the State, broadly and generously interpreted. By prescribing a large number of studies during the first two years of undergraduate work, and by leaving all, or a large part of the work of the last two years to the free selection of the student, under a definite system, the University endeavors to give a wise measure of direction, leaving at the same time sufficient room for choice to encourage individual adaptation and special development. The graduate work is, of course, wholly elective.

THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY.THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY, *ex-officio*.THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, *ex-officio*.*Term Expires.*

State at Large—WILLIAM F. VILAS, Madison	1904
State at Large—ALMAH J. FRISBY, Milwaukee	1906
First District—HOMER C. TAYLOR, Orfordville	1904
Second District—LUCIEN S. HANKS, Madison	1905
Third District—DWIGHT T. PARKER, Fennimore	1904
Fourth District—JAMES M. PERELES, Milwaukee	1904
Fifth District—ARTHUR J. PULS, Milwaukee	1905
Sixth District—MAJOR C. MEAD, Plymouth	1905
Seventh District—EDWARD EVANS, La Crosse	1905
Eighth District—JAMES C. KERWIN, Neenah	1904
Ninth District—ORLANDO E. CLARK, Appleton	1907
Tenth District—GEORGE F. MERRILL, Ashland	1906
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 PARKINSON, JOHN BARBER, A. M., Vice President, Professor of Constitutional and International Law.

(Arranged in Alphabetical Order.)

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 ALEXANDER, ALEXANDER SEPTIMUS, F. H. A. S., M. D. C., Professor of Veterinary Science.
 ALLEN, CHARLES ELMER, B. S., Assistant Professor of Botany.
 BABCOCK, STEPHEN MOULTON, PH. D., LL. D., Assistant Director and Chief Chemist of the Agricultural Experiment Station, Professor of Agricultural Chemistry.
 BARDEEN, CHARLES RUSSELL, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.

- BARTLETT, JAMES L., B. S., Observer, Weather Bureau.
- BASHFORD, ROBERT MCKEE, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law.
- BIRGE, EDWARD ASAHEL, PH. D., Sc. D., LL. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science.
- BROWN, ARTHUR CHARLES LEWIS, PH. D., Assistant Professor of English.
- BULL, STORM, M. E., Professor of Steam Engineering.
- BURCHELL, DURWARD EARLE, A. B., Assistant Professor of Business Administration.
- BURGESS, CHARLES FREDERICK, E. E., Associate Professor of Electrical Engineering.
- BURNSIDE, CHARLEE HOWARD, M. A., Assistant Professor of Mechanics.
- CAIRNS, WILLIAM B., PH. D., Assistant Professor of American Literature.
- CARPENTER, JAIRUS HARVLIN, LL. D., Mortimer M. Jackson Professor of Contracts.
- COFFIN, VICTOR, PH. D., Assistant Professor of European History.
- COMMONS, JOHN ROGERS, A. M., Professor of Political Economy.
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- DUDBLEY, WILLIAM HENRY, A. B., Assistant Librarian.
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- FISH, CARL RUSSELL, PH. D., Assistant Professor of American History.
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- FLINT, ALBERT STOWEL, A. M., Astronomer.
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- GAY, LUCY MARIE, B. L., Assistant Professor of French.
- GIESE, WILLIAM FREDERICK, A. M., Associate Professor of Romance Languages.
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- HUBBARD, FRANK GAYLORD, PH. D., Professor of the English Language.
- HUMPHREY, GEORGE COLVIN, B. S., Assistant Professor of Animal Husbandry.
- HUNT, CAROLINE LOUISA, A. B., Professor of Home Economics.
- JACKSON, DUGALD CALIB, C. E., Professor of Electrical Engineering.
- JASTROW, JOSEPH, PH. D., Professor of Experimental and Comparative Psychology.
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- KERR, ALEXANDER, A. M., Professor of the Greek Language and Literature.
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- LENHER, VICTOR, PH. D., Associate Professor of Chemistry.
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- MACK, JOHN GIVAN DAVIS, M. E., Professor of Machine Design.
- MARSHALL, WILLIAM STANLEY, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Zoology.
- MAURER, EDWARD ROSE, B. C. E., Professor of Mechanics.
- MAYHEW, ABBY SHAW, Assistant Professor of Physical Culture.
- McKERRROW, GEORGE, Superintendent of Agricultural Institutes.
- MEAD, DANIEL WEBSTER, C. E., Professor of Hydraulic and Sanitary Engineering.
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- MOORE, RANSOM ASA, Assistant Professor of Agronomy.
- MUNRO, DANA CARLETON, A. M., Professor of European History.
- OLIN, JOHN MYERS, A. M., LL. B., Professor of Law.
- OLSON, JULIUS EMIL, B. L., Professor of the Scandinavian Languages and Literature.
- O'SHEA, MICHAEL VINCENT, B. L., Professor of the Science and Art of Education.
- OWEN, EDWARD THOMAS, PH. D., Professor of the French Language and Literature.
- PARKER, FLETCHER ANDREW, Director of the School of Music. Professor of Music.
- PHILLIPS, JAMES DAVID, B. S., Assistant Professor of Mechanical Drawing.
- PYRE, JAMES FRANCIS AUGUSTINE, PH. D., Assistant Professor of English Literature.
- REINSCH, PAUL SAMUEL, PH. D., Professor of Political Science.
- RICHARDS, HARRY SANGER, LL. D., Dean of the College of Law, Professor of Law.
- RICHTER, ARTHUR WILLIAM, M. E., Professor of Experimental Engineering.
- ROEDDER, EDWIN CARL LOTHAR CLEMENS, PH. D., Assistant Professor of German Philology.
- RUSSELL, HARRY LUMAN, PH. D., Professor of Bacteriology.
- SANDSTEIN, EMIL PETER, PH. D., Professor of Horticulture.
- SCOTT, WILLIAM AMASA, PH. D., Director of the Course in Commerce. Professor of Political Economy.
- SHAAD, GEORGE CARL, B. S., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.
- SHARP, FRANK CHAPMAN, PH. D., Associate Professor of Philosophy.
- SHOWERMAN, GRANT, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Latin.
- SHUSTER, JOHN WESLEY, B. S., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.
- SKINNER, ERNEST BROWN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.
- SLAUGHTER, MOSES STEPHEN, PH. D., Professor of Latin.
- SLICHTER, CHARLES SUMNER, M. S., Professor of Applied Mathematics.
- SMITH, CHARLES FORSTER, PH. D., Professor of Greek and Classical Philology.
- SMITH, HOWARD LESLIE, A. B., LL. B., Professor of Law.
- SMITH, LEONARD SEWELL, C. E., Assistant Professor of Topographic and Geodetic Engineering.
- SMITH, WALTER McMYNN, A. B., Librarian.

- SNOW, BENJAMIN WARNER, PH. D., Professor of Physics.
 SPARLING, SAMUEL EDWIN, PH. D., Assistant Professor of Political Science.
 STERLING, SUSAN ADELAIDE, M. L., Assistant Professor of German.
 SWENSON, BERNARD VICTOR, E. E., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.
 TAYLOR, WILLIAM DANA, C. E., Professor of Railway Engineering.
 THORKELSON, HALSTEN JOSEPH BERFORD, M. E., Assistant Professor of Steam Engineering.
 TRESSLER, ALBERT WILLIS, A. B. Inspector of Schools.
 TROWBRIDGE, AUGUSTUS, PH. D., Professor of Mathematical Physics.
 TURNEAURE, FREDERICK EUGENE, C. E., Dean of the College of Engineering, Professor of Engineering.
 TURNER, FREDERICK JACKSON, PH. D., Professor of American History.
 VAN VELZER, CHARLES AMBROSE, PH. D., Professor of Mathematics.
 VOSS, ERNST KARL JOHANN HEINRICH, PH. D., Professor of German Philology.
 WHITSON, ANDREW ROBINSON, B. S., Professor of Agricultural Physics.
 WILLIAMS, WILLIAM HOLME, A. B., Professor of Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
 WOLL, FRITZ WILHELM, PH. D., Associate Professor of Agricultural Chemistry and Chemist of Experiment Station.
 ZIMMERMAN, OLIVER BRUNNER, M. E., Assistant Professor of Machine Design.

INSTRUCTORS AND ASSISTANTS.

- ADAMS, PHILIP, B. A., Instructor in English.
 ALLEN, BENNETT MILLS, PH. D., Instructor in Comparative Anatomy.
 ALLEN, FLORENCE ELIZA, M. L., Instructor in Mathematics.
 ALLEN, KATHARINE, PH. D., Instructor in Latin.
 ALLINGER, HENRY WESLEY, A. B., Assistant in German.
 ANDERSON, ANDREW RUNNI, PH. D., Instructor in Greek.
 ANDERSON, WILLIAM BALLANTYNE, M. S., Assistant in Physics.
 ANGELL, EMMETT DUNN, Instructor in Gymnastics.
 ANGELL, MARTIN FULLER, B. S., Assistant in Physics.
 ATWOOD, JAMES THOMAS, B. S., Instructor in Mechanical Laboratory.
 BURNETT, JAMES DUFF, A. B., Assistant in Political Science.
 BEATY, ARTHUR, PH. D., Instructor in English.
 BENNER, RAYMOND C., B. S., Instructor in Chemistry.
 BISHOP, EDWIN SHERWIN, B. L., Assistant in Physics.
 BLEYER, WILLARD GROSVENOR, PH. D., Instructor in English.
 BOARDMAN, ELIOT, A. B., Assistant in French.
 BODE, BOYD HENRY, PH. D., Instructor in Philosophy.
 BOSWELL, FOSTER PARTRIDGE, PH. D., Assistant in Philosophy.
 BRADFORD, WILLIAM, B. S., Instructor in Experimental Engineering.
 BRANDEL, IRVIN WALTER, M. S., Instructor in Pharmaceutical Technique.
 BREDIN, ELIAS ARNOLD, Instructor in Music.
 BROWN, JOHN CLARENCE, M. S., Instructor in Agricultural Chemistry.
 BROWN, WALTER SHELDON, A. B., B. S. A., Instructor in Horticulture.
 CARSON, WILLIAM JOHN, B. S. A., Instructor in Dairying.
 COFFEY, ALEXANDER BRAINARD, M. A., Lecturer in Education.
 COLTON, ALLEN LYSANDER, M. A., Instructor in Physics.
 COOK, EDWARD ALBERT, B. L., Instructor in English.
 CRAWFORD, CLARENCE CORY, M. A., Assistant in History.
 DENNISTON, ROLLIN HENRY, PH. D., Instructor in Pharmaceutical Botany.
 DICKINSON, THOMAS HERBERT, M. A., Instructor in English.
 DOWD, JEROME, M. A., Resident Lecturer in Sociology.
 ELLIOTT, HOWARD STICKNEY, B. S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
 EVANS, MARSHALL BLAKEMORE, PH. D., Instructor in German.
 FULLER, CALIB ALLEN, PH. D., Assistant in State Hygienic Laboratory.
 FULLER, JAMES GARFIELD, B. S. A., Assistant in Animal Husbandry.

- GENTNER, PHILIP JACOB, M. A., Instructor in English.
 GILMAN, STEPHEN WARREN, Assistant in Commerce.
 GOODNIGHT, SCOTT HOLLAND, M. A., Instructor in German.
 HAERTEL, MARTIN HENRY, B. S., PH. B., Assistant in German.
 HANDSCHIN, CHARLES HART, PH. D., Instructor in German.
 HASTINGS, EDWIN GEORGE, M. S., Instructor in Bacteriology.
 HAUSSMANN, JOHN FRED, A. M., Assistant in German.
 HERFURTH, SABINA MILDRED, M. L., Assistant in German.
 HOLTY, JOSEPH GERARD, B. S., Assistant in Chemistry.
 HORACK, HUGO CLAUDE, PH. B., LL. B., Instructor in Law.
 HOTCHKISS, WILLIAM OTIS, B. S., Instructor in Geology.
 HUELS, FREDERICK WILLIAM, B. S., Instructor in Mechanical Laboratory.
 HUNTINGTON, ELLEN ALDEN, A. B., Instructor in Home Economics.
 HUTCHINS, EDGAR BURTON, JR., M. S., Assistant in Analytical Chemistry.
 KELLY, FREDERICK THOMAS, PH. D., Instructor in Hebrew and Hellenistic Greek.
 KEMMERER, GEORGE IRVING, A. B., Assistant in Chemistry.
 KINNE, WILLIAM SPAULDING, B. S., Instructor in Drawing and Descriptive Geometry.
 LAMONT, MARION BELL, Instructor in Elocution.
 LORENZ, MAX OTTO, A. B., Instructor in Political Economy.
 MACNISH, RALPH BENJAMIN, B. L., Instructor in French.
 MARQUETTE, WILLIAM GEORGE, B. S., Assistant in Botany.
 MCCULLOUGH, FRANCIS MICHAEL, C. E., Instructor in Civil Engineering.
 MCNELL, ANNE HOLMQUIST, PH. M., Assistant in Education.
 MCPHERSON, HENRY HUME, M. E., Instructor in Experimental Engineering.
 MEISNEST, FREDERICK WILLIAM, PH. D., Instructor in German.
 MILLAR, ADAM VAUSE, M. S., Instructor in Descriptive Geometry and Mechanical Drawing.
 MILLER, LOUALLEN FREDERICK, M. A., Instructor in Physics.
 MOORE, HERBERT FISHER, M. M. E., Instructor in Testing Laboratory.
 MORRILL, GEORGIANA LEA, PH. D., Instructor in English.
 NORMAN, GEORGE MILLER, B. S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
 NORTH, HARRY BRIGGS, B. S., Assistant in Chemistry.
 NORTROP, GEORGE NORTON, A. B., Instructor in English.
 NORTON, EDWIN LEE, PH. D., Instructor in Philosophy.
 O'DEA ANDREW M., Instructor in Athletics.
 OLBRICH, MICHAEL BALTHASAR, LL. B., Instructor in Rhetoric and Oratory.
 OLIVE, EDGAR WILLIAM, PH. D., Resident Lecturer in Botany.
 OLSON, GEORGE ALFRED, B. S., Instructor in Agricultural Chemistry.
 OVERTON, JAMES BERTRAM, PH. D., Instructor in Botany.
 PATTEN, HARRISON EASTMAN, PH. D., Instructor in Chemistry.
 PATZER, OTTO, M. L., Instructor in French.
 PERSONS, WARREN MILTON, B. S., Instructor in Mathematics.
 PHILLIPS, ULRICH BONNELL, PH. D., Instructor in History.
 POST, GEORGE GILBERT, B. S., Assistant in Electrical Engineering.
 POTTER, JOHN CHURCH, B. S., Assistant in Electrical Engineering.
 PRICE, WILLARD AHERTON, B. S., Instructor in Civil Engineering.
 RABAK, FRANK, PH. G., Assistant in Plant Chemistry and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
 RANUM, ARTHUR, A. B., Instructor in Mathematics.
 RASTALL, B. M., M. A., Assistant in Mathematics.
 REED, GEORGE MATTHEW, A. B., Assistant in Botany.
 SCHMITTER, FERDINAND, A. B., M. D., Instructor in Anatomy.
 SCHLATTER, EDWARD BUNKER, M. A., Instructor in French.
 SELLEY, GEORGE CLARK, PH. D., Instructor in European History.
 SEYMOUR, ARTHUR ROMEYN, M. L., Instructor in French.
 SHERMAN, HELEN, B. S., Laboratory Assistant in Botany.
 SHINN, FREDERICK LAFAYETTE, M. A., Assistant in Physical Chemistry.
 SMILEY, CHARLES NEWTON, JR., M. A., Instructor in Latin.

STEWART, CLINTON BROWN, M. E., Instructor in Mechanics.
 STODDARD, CHARLES WILLIAM, M. A., Instructor in Agricultural Physics.
 SUTER, JESSE DWIGHT, Student Assistant in Mathematics.
 TAYLOR, A. HOYT, B. S., Instructor in Physics.
 TAYLOR, HENRY CHARLES, Ph. D., Instructor in Political Economy.
 TERRY, EARLE MELVIN, M. A., Instructor in Physics.
 TIBBALS, CHARLES AUSTIN, JR., A. B., Instructor in Chemistry and Assaying.
 TILTON, ASA CURRIER, Ph. D., Instructor in European History.
 TUTHILL, JAMES EDWARD, M. A., Assistant in European History.
 TWEEDEN, MELVIN EUGENE, Ph. G., Assistant in Practical Pharmacy.
 VAN HAGAN, LESLIE FLANDERS, B. S., Instructor in Drawing and Descriptive Geometry.
 VEERHUSEN, ELSEBETH, Ph. D., Instructor in German.
 VORHIES, CHARLES TAYLOR, B. S., Instructor in Zoology.
 WAGNER, GEORGE, M. A., Instructor in Zoology.
 WATSON, JAMES WEBSTER, B. S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.
 WERNAER, ROBERT MAXIMILIAN, Ph. D., LL. B., Instructor in German.
 WILLIAMS, LESTER DENNISON, C. E., Instructor in Civil Engineering.
 WOLFF, HENRY CHARLES, M. S., Instructor in Mathematics.
 WORTHING, ARCHIE GARFIELD, A. B., Assistant in Physics.

STAFF OF THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC.

PARKER, FLETCHER ANDREW, Director. Organ, Harmony, and History of Music.
 ANDERSON, MRS. GEORGE K., Harp.
 BACH, FRANK CHARLES, Mandolin.
 BIRD, ADA, Piano.
 BRAND, BESSIE, Secretary.
 BRAND, MRS. M. E., Guitar and Banjo.
 BRIDIN, ELIAS A., Voice and Organ.
 CURTIS, WINIFRED CARD, Piano.
 DANIELL, MARGARET, Voice.
 FORESMAN, ADELAIDE, Voice.
 FOWLER, MARY MAUD, Piano.
 NITSCHKE, CHARLES, Violin and other Orchestral Instruments.
 OWEN, HERMAN T., Public School Methods.
 REGAN, ALICE S., Piano.
 SANBERG, MRS. INGA, Piano.

LIBRARY STAFF.

SMITH, WALTER McMYNN, A. B., Librarian.
 DUDLEY, WILLIAM HENRY, A. B., Assistant Librarian.
 BURKE, LAURANCE CHARLES, B. L., Library Assistant.
 CODDINGTON, HESTER, Head Cataloguer.
 DAVIDSON, FLORA NEIL, B. L., Library Assistant.
 GROVER, ARLENE, B. L., Library Assistant.
 McCULLOCH, ISABELLA, B. L., Library Assistant.
 MINER, SARAH HELEN, Cataloguer.
 SWENSON, BEATRICE, Library Assistant.

INSTRUCTORS AND ASSISTANTS IN SHOP PRACTICE.

ANDERSON, BERTIE SAMUEL, Machinist and Assistant in Shop Practice.
 KRATSCHE, HENRY, Instructor in Mechanical Practice.
 LOTTES, WILLIAM GEORGE, Instructor in Forge Practice and Repairing.
 McINTOSH, WALTER HARLAND, Instructor in Wood Mechanics.

ASSISTANTS IN COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.

HASKINS, LEON P., Assistant in Agricultural Physics.
 HUTTON, JAMES, Assistant in Animal Husbandry (horse department).
 KLEINHEINZ, FRANK, Assistant in Animal Husbandry (sheep department).
 MEYER, MARTIN, Assistant in Creamery.
 SANDELL, HARVEY, Assistant in Agricultural Physics.
 STONE, ALDEN LESCOMBE, Assistant in Agronomy.

OTHER OFFICERS.

RILEY, EDWARD F., Secretary of the Board of Regents, Office of the Board of Regents.
 HESTAND, WILLIAM DIXON, University Registrar and Secretary of the Faculty.
 JENNINGS, JOHN THOMPSON WILSON, B. S., C. E., Superintending Architect of Buildings and Grounds.
 ADAMS, LESLIE H., Farm Superintendent.
 CROWE, BELLE, Matron.
 DOWNER, GEORGE FORD, B. L., General Secretary of the Alumni Association and Graduate Manager of Athletics.

SUMMATION OF STUDENTS, 1904-1905.

Fellows and Scholars	39
Other Graduates	109
College of Letters and Science	1,345
College of Mechanics and Engineering	794
College of Agriculture	519
College of Law	183
School of Music	153
Students in Summer Session	403
Students also included in above courses	132
	271
Deducting twice classified	71
Total	3,342

The endeavor of the University is—

1. To provide amply for higher learning and disciplinary training by a group of college courses, each capable of extensive modification by elective studies.
2. To provide thorough technical training in the leading professions.
3. To contribute to the advancement of knowledge, and to train students in investigation.
4. To contribute directly to the higher education of the people.

ORGANIZATION,

The University embraces—

THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS AND SCIENCE.
 THE COLLEGE OF MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING.
 THE COLLEGE OF LAW.
 THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.
 THE GRADUATE SCHOOL.

The College of Letters and Science embraces—

GENERAL COURSES IN LIBERAL ARTS.

SPECIAL COURSES, which include:

COMMERCE.
 PRE-MEDICAL STUDIES.
 PHARMACY.
 EDUCATION.
 MUSIC.
 HOME ECONOMICS.

The college year is divided into two semesters. The first semester opens on the last Wednesday in September. Registration and examinations for admission will be held on the preceding Tuesday, and on the opening day of the semester. The second semester ordinarily begins on the second Monday in February. Commencement Day falls on the Thursday preceding the last Wednesday in June.

There are two recesses or vacations during the college year, one at Christmas and one at Easter. The Christmas recess begins at the end of the second day before Christmas, and closes at the beginning of the second day after New Year's Day, when this falls on Sunday, Monday or Tuesday. When New Year's Day comes later in the week than Tuesday, the recess closes at the beginning of the following Tuesday. The Easter recess begins on the Thursday morning before Easter Sunday, and closes on the morning of the following Tuesday.

PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM.

The public school system of the state was adopted at the time of the constitution and went into effect in 1848. The schools were supervised by town superintendents at that time. These officers were presumed to visit the schools, advise with the teachers in the matter of graduation, course of study, etc. They were also empowered to grant teachers' certificates. In 1861 the law providing for county superintendents went into effect and the town superintendency was abolished. The number of county superintendent districts in Wisconsin at the present time is 73, two counties having two superintendents each. The term of office is two years and the election under the provisions of chapter 307, laws of 1903, will hereafter take place in the spring at the time of the annual town meeting. These officers are clothed with authority to grant teachers' certificates and the responsibility of visiting each school under their supervision at least once in each year, advising with the teacher in regard to the course of study, discipline and management of the school, and also advising with school boards in regard to building, grounds, out buildings, etc. There are now in this state 57 cities under city superintendents and 6,863 districts under the supervision of county superintendents. The number of persons of school age (between 4 and 20 years) for the year ending June 30th, 1902, was 751,639, 1903—758,626, 1904—766,548. A compulsory school law was enacted by the legislature of 1903. This law requires that all persons between the ages of 7 and 14 residing outside of cities, whether under city superintendents or not, shall attend school for at least twenty weeks, including legal holidays, each year, and those residing within the city limits shall attend for at least thirty-two weeks during the year. This attendance may be upon any private, parochial or public school. This law does not affect those living more than two miles from the school by the nearest traveled public highway. The total enrollment in the public schools for the year ending June 30th, 1902, was 453,711, for 1903 450,883, for 1904, 460,489. The number of schoolhouses in the state is reported as 7,453, with a seating capacity of 553,101. The number of male teachers employed is gradually decreasing, as will be seen from the table under the head of "Teachers' wages, etc." This table will show the wages as reported for the last twenty years. The graduates from the Normal Schools and Universities are hired quite largely by cities. The number employed in counties was, for 1902, 931, for 1903, 999, for 1904, 993. One thousand four hundred and eighty-one graduates were employed during the last year. The number of teachers holding first-grade certificates granted by county superintendents is reported as 332, by city superintendents as 137; of second-grade certificates, county—1,394, city—136; third-grade certificates, county—5,455, city—294; of limited certificates 644 were issued. The total number granted was 7,748, and 1,011 applicants were refused. The expenditure for the common schools for the year was \$3,189,213.52, the amount of money remaining on hand in the treasuries of the districts throughout the state was \$2,694,038.15. The expenditure per individual between 4 and 20 years of age in cities having city superintendents was \$11.93, in counties

\$10.00. This conclusion is based upon the total school population. Upon the basis of enrollment the cities under city superintendents expended \$23.32 per capita, while the counties expended \$15.39 per capita. The number of free high schools, four year course, is now 232, three years' course 16, independent high schools 15, day schools for the deaf 16, state graded schools of the first class, that is (having three or more departments), 146, of the second class (two departments), 213. The number of private schools reported in counties is 422. In the counties there were 227 male and 417 female teachers in these schools and an enrollment reported of 14,533, between 7 and 14 years of age, of whom 10,309 attended twenty weeks or more. In the cities there are 201 private schools reported, with 220 male and 766 female teachers and an attendance between the ages of 7 and 14 for thirty-two weeks of 38,171. The number of teachers employed in the four year course high schools, 313 males, 495 females. In the state graded schools of the first class 544 teachers were employed, and in the second class 323. The total amount expended during the year for carrying on the schools of the first class was \$102,144.51, and of the second class \$44,248.16. Of the 6,863 districts, 34 report an enrollment of 5 or less, 234 between 5 and 11, 527 between 10 and 16, 788 between 15 and 21, 962 between 20 and 26, 1,029 between 25 and 31, 1,017 between 30 and 36, 941 between 35 and 41. Six hundred and twenty-five districts report an enrollment of more than 60. These are generally districts having graded schools and usually a village constitutes part of the district. Of the 6,863 districts under county superintendents 2,178 are reported as having free text books. The tables give in detail the enrollment of teachers qualified in counties. The statistics in the table classifying teachers' wages for a few districts were omitted from the annual reports. The total expense of the Day Schools for the Deaf was \$29,808.56, the number of pupils enrolled 222. Statistics for college academies and seminaries will be found in the tables given elsewhere.

PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS.

These figures pertain entirely to schools exclusive of those in cities employing city superintendents, and are for the school year ending June 30, 1931.

COUNTIES— Exclusive of cities under city superintendents.	Children between 4 and 20.	Enrollment in public schools.	Children between 7 and 14			Teachers employed.	Total amount paid out during year.	School Houses.		From state school fund income
			Number of such children.	No. who attended public school 20 weeks or more.	No. who attended private school 20 weeks or more.			Number.	Will accommo- date.	
Adams.....	3,234	2,527	1,642	1,322	...	131	\$24,659 81	83	3,369	\$6,380 21
Ashland.....	2,801	1,829	1,576	1,110	83	64	36 043 17	46	2,410	5,313 31
Barron.....	9,744	6,983	4,829	2,461	66	230	124,070 07	134	7,648	16,880 19
Bayfield.....	4,728	3,350	2,576	2,191	...	100	79,694 67	62	4,265	9,399 03
Brown.....	10,093	4,831	4,920	2,626	689	101	52,869 18	87	6,339	17,984 67
Buffalo.....	6,188	4,160	3,119	2,016	105	132	51,434 58	88	5,477	11,603 06
Burnett.....	3,604	2,431	1,872	924	...	108	31,673 41	70	3,001	6,719 52
Calumet.....	6,430	3,215	3,034	1,927	750	90	38,161 77	72	4,465	12,156 84
Chippewa.....	7,171	4,606	3,777	2,703	183	189	77,121 78	139	6,426	12,965 12
Clark.....	11,233	7,550	5,901	4,177	156	228	102,626 93	141	8,824	20,652 55
Columbia.....	7,594	5,830	3,794	3,068	24	249	81,602 63	151	8,076	13,745 06
Crawford.....	5,328	3,837	2,412	1,717	26	120	37,981 26	106	4,279	9,823 55
Dane.....	15,561	9,968	7,659	5,675	865	190	127,184 71	263	13,446	28,065 60
Dodge.....	12,862	7,839	5,975	3,291	990	277	107,133 57	196	11,527	23,214 93
Door.....	5,989	3,717	2,994	1,837	59	75	38,704 78	69	4,411	10,760 78
Douglas.....	2,021	1,567	1,279	784	...	58	41,691 15	57	1,965	2,570 15
Dunn.....	7,872	5,312	3,358	2,586	...	184	54,675 32	127	6,035	13,802 26
Eau Claire.....	5,698	3,815	2,861	1,746	2	124	49,039 06	81	4,625	10,455 95
Florence.....	1,206	959	673	517	...	30	25,168 29	16	1,259	3,653 58
Fond du Lac.....	10,065	5,993	10,065	5,137	5	203	71,078 77	164	8,181	18,042 30
Forest.....	1,105	751	562	378	...	28	36,137 08	21	886	1,645 71
Gates.....	3,114	2,425	1,761	1,288	...	97	67,806 66	59	3,242	5,364 21
Grant.....	12,944	10,423	6,830	3,604	312	349	128,820 34	164	9,990	25,866 50
Green.....	5,605	4,177	2,498	2,481	...	210	50,345 00	125	5,891	9,947 18
Green Lake.....	4,104	2,512	1,971	1,110	183	105	32,669 50	66	3,434	12,501 36

PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS—Continued.

COUNTIES— Exclusive of cities under city superin- tendents.	Children between 4 and 20.	Enrollment in public schools.	Children between 7 and 14		Teachers employed.	Total amount paid out during year.	School Houses.		From state school fund income.
			Number of such children.	No. who attended public school 20 weeks or more.			Number.	Will accommo- date.	
Iowa.....	6,588	5,004	3,341	2,058	68	\$68,880 60	130	7,307	\$7,257 55
Iron.....	2,168	1,809	1,360	1,209	49	34,848 72	26	2,429	2,677 20
Jackson.....	6,577	4,493	3,282	2,104	55	55,906 33	102	5,816	12,503 36
Jefferson.....	9,331	5,796	5,015	3,665	181	95,904 88	135	7,928	20,184 78
Juneau.....	7,389	5,371	4,104	2,176	82	78,926 92	118	6,665	13,703 14
Kenosha.....	3,485	2,151	1,566	1,294	69	31,397 12	62	2,738	6,079 71
Kewaunee.....	6,590	4,001	3,236	2,100	150	44,258 11	57	5,225	11,955 43
LaCrosse.....	4,469	2,896	2,197	1,724	140	39,688 75	71	3,931	7,827 23
LaFayette.....	6,909	5,150	3,426	2,487	12	83,450 05	125	6,974	5,696 52
Langlade.....	3,391	2,133	1,731	1,492	63	35,875 74	69	2,733	4,788 23
Lincoln.....	2,753	1,817	1,554	1,256	85	36,672 62	74	2,477	15,454 07
Manitowoc.....	16,021	8,597	7,860	2,559	846	147,764 33	117	10,810	29,363 94
Marathon.....	14,301	7,827	7,219	5,119	591	94,084 55	178	10,028	26,301 04
Marinette.....	5,881	3,692	3,052	1,828	87	57,930 40	69	3,871	8,884 95
Marquette.....	4,083	2,767	2,068	1,409	12	30,318 31	63	3,593	7,378 78
Milwaukee.....	14,691	7,124	8,103	4,592	1,419	125,530 23	81	7,979	21,892 46
Monroe.....	10,136	7,246	5,174	3,019	132	92,373 17	151	9,094	18,823 89
Oconto.....	7,224	4,413	3,763	2,683	142	56,579 20	83	5,541	12,188 71
Oneida.....	1,384	971	717	229	.....	26,333 65	38	1,295	2,766 40
Outagamie.....	9,416	5,284	4,585	3,449	511	88,952 94	122	6,682	16,535 06
Ozaukee.....	6,330	3,162	3,208	1,328	551	47,236 32	59	4,321	11,862 89
Pepin.....	2,741	2,022	1,501	903	.....	21,229 91	39	2,533	4,473 07
Pierce.....	8,149	5,918	4,124	2,539	61	85,634 71	115	6,949	14,713 90
Polk.....	7,742	5,343	3,885	2,658	14	63,683 85	112	6,111	13,088 80
Portage.....	8,502	4,853	4,223	2,600	212	60,872 12	112	5,866	14,770 51
Price.....	4,445	3,208	2,410	1,562	1	63,661 50	80	4,278	7,583 20
Racine.....	5,799	3,400	3,134	1,681	306	59,019 92	77	4,341	10,565 58
Richland.....	6,620	5,493	2,962	2,008	82	65,685 90	104	6,926	12,049 13
Rock.....	8,805	6,389	4,586	3,350	14	105,076 94	170	8,550	17,159 33
St. Croix.....	8,951	6,417	4,617	3,046	88	85,989 09	126	7,430	15,361 19
Sauk.....	8,639	5,897	4,102	3,074	419	79,697 93	166	7,975	15,229 18
Sawyer.....	1,231	973	648	150	9	20,838 25	28	1,470	2,425 82
Shawano.....	11,464	6,932	6,353	3,793	174	116,192 68	115	7,604	21,710 84
Sheboygan.....	10,094	6,092	6,010	3,282	491	119,589 80	113	8,066	18,441 89
Taylor.....	4,888	3,331	2,658	1,651	84	57,059 56	76	5,516	7,924 03
Trempealeau.....	8,823	5,311	4,213	2,940	219	70,017 02	110	6,469	15,937 82
Vernon.....	10,265	7,825	5,186	3,583	9	89,522 19	155	9,602	18,436 00
Vilas.....	1,249	1,084	683	594	1	37,578 47	19	1,550	1,958 82
Walworth.....	7,638	6,041	3,885	.....	204	128,802 70	113	7,685	15,163 76
Washington.....	2,661	1,844	1,399	1,107	2	35,651 98	52	2,418	4,178 11
Washington.....	8,808	4,659	4,402	2,492	779	69,686 29	100	6,564	16,049 84
Waushara.....	11,181	6,897	5,569	.....	197	119,394 11	126	8,895	20,315 82
Waupaca.....	9,884	6,236	4,967	3,514	269	86,627 77	135	8,547	18,011 51
Waushara.....	5,829	4,039	2,943	2,135	105	45,989 32	103	5,435	9,631 00
Winnebago.....	5,637	3,775	2,164	.....	215	46,453 53	99	4,824	9,807 78
Wood.....	9,763	5,442	4,738	2,439	464	86,973 43	99	6,922	18,207 35
Total...	495,468	321,755	256,322	161,919	13,646	\$4,953,544 99	7,048	408,828	\$940,676 36

ENROLLMENT OF PUPILS CLASSIFIED IN COUNTIES, 1903-1904—Continued.

COUNTIES—Exclusive of cities under city superintendents.	Five or less than 5.	No. schools in counties enrolling more than 5 and less than 11 pupils.	More than 10 and less than 15.	More than 15 and less than 21.	More than 20 and less than 25.	More than 25 and less than 31.	More than 30 and less than 35.	More than 35 and less than 41.	More than 40 and less than 45.	More than 45 and less than 51.	More than 50 and less than 55.	More than 55 and less than 61.	More than 60.
Taylor	2		7	12	12	7	6	13	7	5	5	7	4
Trempealeau		3	6	7	18	10	20	29	30	10	1	4	11
Vernon			3	3	15	26	27	33	19	20	20	10	5
Vilas		10	1	1	5	5	10	10					
Walworth				22	41	40	25	31	18	30			
Washburn													
Washington			4	15	10	11	10	7	5	10	5	5	14
Waukesha		2	3	13	23	23	22	26	18	9	10	3	12
Waupaca		1	3	8	22	24	27	13	18	16	13	9	13
Waushara		1	1	13	12	18	20	19	11	7	1	9	4
Winnebago		1	4	13	17	11	11	18	11	7	1	3	3
Wood		3	5	7	13	19	13	11	9	11	1	2	15

TEACHERS' WAGES CLASSIFIED, 1903-1904.

COUNTIES—Exclusive of cities under city superintendents.	Less than \$20 per month.		Teachers receiving \$20 to \$25 per month.		From \$25 to \$30 per month.		From \$31 to \$35 per month.		From \$36 to \$40 per month.		From \$41 to \$45 per month.		From \$46 to \$50 per month.		More than \$50 per month.	
	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.
	1	11	29	918	149	2930	205	2169	300	1186	161	448	148	305	458	237
Totals	1	11	29	918	149	2930	205	2169	300	1186	161	448	148	305	458	237
Adams	6		1	41	3	23	1	23	3		2					1
Ashland						1	1	1	14	1	10	1	8	3		
Barron			9		61	10	53	9	23	3	7	1	6	3	10	
Bayfield					1	1	5	2	38	1	15		29	3	7	
Brown			2	25	2	25	27	6	15	8	3	3				
Buffalo			1	9	2	35	4	11	18	4	6	5	4	4	2	
Burnett			1	9	4	23	6	33	4	15	5	1	1	1	1	
Calumet				11	2	25	3	21	5	8	1	1	1	4		
Chippewa					3	95	4	48	12	14	1	10	3	3		
Clark					7	68	6	57	14	20	6	10	4	13	10	
Columbia			4	82	2	75	6	27	5	30	2	6	3	3	1	
Crawford			1	50	4	40	4	8					1	1	1	
Dane			1	31	6	141	6	52	8	18	9	15	3	11	5	
Dodge				44	9	98	8	39	12	18	3	13	3	10	10	
Door						5	6	19	2	14	4	7	3	4	4	
Douglas								4			1	11	1	4	1	7
Dunn					5	47	5	39	4	20	5	3	3	3		
Eau Claire						32	1	42	3	7		3	3	2	1	
Florence							1	1	5				3	3		
Fond du Lac			44		1	92	3	22	8	20	4	9	4	4	4	
Forest						1		9	1	9		3	1	3	3	
Fates					3	20	2	44		11		8	1	2	4	
Grant			2	88	11	93	1	30	5	27		5	8	6	7	
Green					9	80	5	59	2	13	1	2	3	6	6	
Green Lake					1	48	5	7		8		6	1	6	6	
Iron			14		1	80	8	23	4	11		1	3	11	3	
Jackson			2		1	82		31	2	10	1	20	3	5	5	

TEACHERS' WAGES CLASSIFIED, 1903-1904—Continued.

COUNTIES— Exclusive of cities under city superin- tendents.	Less than \$20 per month		Teach- ers re- ceiving \$20 to \$25 per month.		From \$26 to \$30 per month.		From \$31 to \$35 per month.		From \$36 to \$40 per month.		From \$41 to \$45 per month.		From \$46 to \$50 per month.		More than \$50 per month.	
	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.	Male.	Fem.
Jefferson.....			18	41	5	45	6	11	4	10	2	6	10	10		
Juneau.....		3	28	9	2	27	4	20	1	7	2	7	7	8		
Kenosha.....				5	4	19	1	17	1	10	4	7	2	4		
Kewaunee.....			2	1	4	13	14	9	8	5	3	3	5	2		
La Crosse.....			8	8	2	24	4	12	2	6	4	4	2	2		
Lafayette.....	1	1	33	4	57	45	5	15	2	2	3	2	1	13		
Langlade.....			4	18	4	42	4	7		2	2	2	2	2		
Lincoln.....				1	34	2	2	26								
Manitowoc.....		1		4	8	32	23	39	16	15	12	9	20	18		
Marathon.....				1	42	2	2	75	16	7	5	2	10	1		
Marinette.....			1	16	1	20	1	15	2	4	1	5	5	1		
Marquette.....		3	31	3	29	2	2	6								
Milwaukee.....								26	2	36	28	36	37			
Monroe.....		2	65	5	76	4	33	3	17	1	1	10	12			
Oconto.....				1	16	1	55	1	9	2	6	4	3			
Oneida.....				2	33	3	3	9								
Outagamie.....	1		9	2	52	4	4	13	5	3	1	6	4			
Ozaukee.....				6	6	4	4	24	3	3	1	1	18	3		
Pepin.....			1	18	2	14	1	2	4	4	1	4	4	2		
Pepin.....				22	2	45	4	49	3	16	13	14	14	9		
Pierce.....				51	1	60	7	28	7	8	2	3	3	2		
Polk.....				2	93	1	1	5	5	1	1	1	3	3		
Portage.....		2	19	2	10	3	52	1	21	1	8	5	5	1		
Price.....				1	35	1	18	3	9	5	11	8	3	3		
Racine.....	1	12		1	1	10	1	32	2	20	1	8	8	5		
Richland.....			20	13	114	10	18	10	4	7	1	7	7	5		
Rock.....	1	31		1	113		48	1	1	1	11	11	8	7		
St. Croix.....					49	3	72	2	5	2	12	12	12	7		
Sauk.....			15	6	70	7	67	1	20	1	3	3	8	5		
Sawyer.....				1	1	1	18	1	7	1	3	2	2	1		
Shawano.....			2	1	52	3	49	7	22	6	4	8	8	2		
Sheboygan.....			6	1	43	1	38	7	16	5	7	10	10	4		
Taylor.....			3	1	28	5	24	4	12	11	1	5	5	2		
Templeau.....			14	4	52	2	40	4	26	3	3	6	6	3		
Vernon.....	1	44		2	100	10	30	7	23	5	6	3	9	3		
Vilas.....				2	2	2	19	1	9	2	9	4	4	3		
Walworth.....			22	1	40	1	30	2	23	2	19	13	17	17		
Washburn.....																
Washington.....					19	3	37	8	17	6	8	9	1	1		
Waukesha.....			2	1	27	1	34	8	28	4	5	11	5	5		
Waupaca.....			5	3	42	3	42	6	23	1	4	12	12	1		
Waushara.....		1	9	4	59	3	29	3	12	3	1	2	5	1		
Winnebago.....		1	3	34	4	64	3	30	2	11	1	3	5	3		
Wood.....			1	1	3	3	39	4	17	1	13	4	4	3		

WAGES PAID FOR TEACHERS IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The following table will show at a glance the average wages of teachers, the number of teachers—male and female, total enrollment of pupils and total number of teachers employed for the past twenty years. These statistics are compiled from the reports sent to this department by the county superintendents of schools. Some apparent discrepancies will be noted in the column "Total number of teachers employed." These apparent discrepancies can be accounted for in part at least from the fact that county superintendents during certain years have made special efforts in their superintendent districts to have the teachers engaged by the year. In many school districts throughout the state as many as three teachers are employed during the year, one for the fall term, one for the winter term and another one for the spring term. Certain county superintendents have, especially in years past, made strong efforts to break up this system, or rather lack of system on the part of school boards and the differences may to some extent at least be accounted for on this ground.

COMPARISON OF AVERAGE WAGES.

Number of teachers and enrolments of pupils in counties outside of cities under city superintendents from 1885 to 1904, inclusive.

Yea's.	Av. wages, male teachers.	Av. wages, female teachers.	Number male teachers.	Number female teachers.	Total enrollment pupils between 4 and 20 years of age.	Total number of teachers employed.
1885.....	\$44 75	\$28 20	2,296	7,504	259,372	9,800
1886.....	42 61	28 15	2,214	7,718	263,351	9,929
1887.....	42 25	29 58	2,224	7,846	262,214	8,852
1888.....	43 94	28 91	2,300	7,818	265,477	10,123
1889.....	44 50	29 00	2,216	8,273	269,063	10,489
1890.....	43 50	29 00	2,222	8,302	273,561	10,524
1891.....	44 96	29 65	2,138	8,540	274,807	10,678
1892.....	45 00	29 40	2,089	8,443	270,325	10,532
1893.....	48 70	29 48	2,003	8,478	275,840	10,481
1894.....	No av. reported.		2,081	8,351	288,717	10,432
1895.....	44 68	29 78	2,107	7,972	309,257	10,079
1896.....	47 04	31 02	2,176	7,712	298,530	9,888
1897.....	44 50	30 38	2,218	7,582	306,644	9,800
1898.....	41 00	26 50	2,365	7,434	306,574	9,800
1899.....	41 89	29 78	2,247	7,496	314,150	9,743
1900.....	43 84	31 79	2,076	8,126	316,465	10,202
1901.....	47 99	32 67	1,908	8,284	316,159	10,192
1902.....	50 93	33 19	1,819	8,485	321,607	10,304
1903.....	52 46	34 11	1,690	8,619	321,054	10,339
1904.....	55 50	35 26	1,555	8,704	322,142	10,259

EARLY SCHOOLS IN WISCONSIN—OPENING DATES.

[Furnished by C. L. Harper.]

James (or Jacques) Porlier taught a school at Green Bay in 1791. This man was probably the first professional teacher in charge of school work in Wisconsin. In 1817 a garrison school was organized at Prairie du Chien (Fort Crawford) and maintained for many years. The first school house in southwestern Wisconsin was built at Mineral Point in 1830; the second at Platteville in 1833. The first Kindergarten school officially connected with any state Normal School in the United States was opened at Oshkosh in 1880. Township system of school government provided for by the Laws of 1869. Free High Schools provided for by Laws of 1875. The first Kindergarten school in Wisconsin was opened in Milwaukee, first ward in 1872 with 70 pupils. Farmers' Institutes provided for by the legislature of 1885. The bill was introduced by Hon. Charles E. Estabrook, now a resident of Milwaukee. First school in Milwaukee, 1834, sustained by S. Juneau for his children, Dr. Heth, teacher; first high school in Milwaukee (private), 1841; first public school in Milwaukee opened in second ward, fall of 1836, Edward West, teacher (claimed to be first public school in state); Janesville Academy, 1845; Southport (Kenosha) first free public school, 1845; School Dist. No. 1, town of Fond du Lac (Franklin school dist.), 1847; five ward schools, Milwaukee, 648 pupils (av. attendance, 355), school population 2,128, 1847; St. Clara's Academy, opened at Benton in 1847 and transferred to Sinsinawa Mound in 1867; Nashotah House, Nashotah, 1847; Milwaukee College (women's), 1848; German and English Academy, Milwaukee, 1850; State University, Madison, 1850; St. Francis Seminary, Milwaukee, 1856; School for the Blind, established at Janesville, as a private enterprise by the citizens of that place, 1849, but adopted and afterwards supported by the state, Feb. 9th, 1850; Lawrence University, Appleton, opened Nov. 12, 1849; Beloit College, opened Nov. 4, 1849; Ripon College, opened spring of 1853; Milton College, organized as an academy, 1844; as a college, March 13, 1867; Downer College, Fox Lake, opened Sept., 1856; Milwaukee Downer, located at Milwaukee, since consolidated with Milwaukee (women's) College; Carroll College, incorporated as an academy Feb. 19, 1841; as a college, Jan. 31, 1846; Wayland Academy, Beaver Dam, opened 1855; Kemper Hall, Kenosha, opened 1871; University School, Kenosha, founded 1889.

PUBLIC SCHOOL STATISTICS.

The following table pertains exclusively to schools in cities in which city superintendents of schools are employed. Figures are for the school year ending June 30, 1904.

CITIES.	No. between 4 and 20	Under 4.	Over 20.	Total number enrolled.	Number between 7 and 14.	NUMBER BETWEEN 7 AND 14 WHO ATTENDED.		TEACHERS EMPLOYED.			Total expenses for school year.	1903-1904.		From income of school fund.
						Public school, 32 weeks or more.	Private school, 32 weeks or more.	Male	Female.	Total		No. pupils school-houses will accommodate	No. school houses.	
Antigo.....	2,214		2	1,349	1,182	830	277	2	29	31	\$19,892 84	1,600	5	\$3,952 58
Appleton.....	5,131	14	1	2,758	2,427	1,333	1,041	12	74	86	130,940 65	3,113	7	9,676 44
Ashland.....	4,704		2	2,861	2,480	1,680	800	7	67	74	62,552 09	2,600	10	8,649 50
Baraboo.....	1,775		2	1,473	757	793		4	34	38	30,915 07	1,600	5	3,753 63
Beaver Dam.....	1,782	2	2	1,046	946	588	227	2	25	27	19,266 71	1,200	5	3,775 78
Beloit.....	4,670			2,977	2,005	1,442	25	4	72	76	75,333 73	2,700	11	9,061 90
Berlin.....	1,643	146		677	767	622	376	2	17	19	14,413 66	1,003	3	3,036 47
Broadhead.....	439			410	221	214		1	12	13	8,964 68	550	2	836 92
Chippewa Falls.....	3,481			1,431	1,684	929	656	9	31	40	33,535 95	1,467	8	6,383 23
Columbus.....	700			539	325	305		1	13	14	9,117 23	600	3	1,198 70
De Pere.....	810			261	298	112	173	2	7	9	7,104 71	450	2	1,490 50
Eau Claire.....	6,851			4,302	2,817	2,536	258	11	92	103	126,925 16	4,600	13	12,677 81
Fond du Lac.....	5,239			3,197	3,349	2,197	677	5	73	78	79,681 33	3,500	8	11,469 57
Grand Rapids.....	2,024	50		1,445	1,023	711	150	5	29	34	56,459 22	1,422	6	3,431 72
Green Bay.....	7,015			3,859	3,630	2,534	939	5	79	84	69,915 04	3,800	13	12,636 14
Hudson.....	1,096		1	831	523	508		3	17	20	14,003 21	1,050	5	2,129 59
Janesville.....	4,036		5	2,594	1,776	1,448	285	6	64	70	56,406 95	2,500	9	8,193 29
Kaukauna.....	2,187	9		718	903	460	608	4	21	25	19,233 96	900	2	4,101 89
Kenosha.....	4,097			2,028	2,094	1,221	841	6	39	45	39,415 58	1,900	6	5,857 14
La Crosse.....	10,032		10	5,227	4,475	3,168	1,262	10	119	129	104,314 12	5,592	15	18,503 25
Madison.....	5,704		3	3,480	2,869	2,239	551	5	81	86	100,773 23	3,400	11	10,426 32
Marionette.....	6,271			3,759	3,230	2,533	565	6	68	74	61,739 22	3,660	7	11,575 17
Menasha.....	2,377	13		754	1,062	335	382	3	20	23	13,436 19	900	3	4,575 02
Menomonie.....	2,037	19	5	1,551	1,020	788	164	9	37	46	45,344 48	1,800	8	3,553 91
Merrill.....	3,450	5		1,733	1,604	865	736	10	36	46	27,439 05	2,400	8	6,420 17
Milwaukee.....	105,953		6	43,439	47,613	22,878	20,000	128	856	984	1,057,074 82	42,947	83	191,945 79
Mineral Point.....	941		3	577	550	204	80	1	15	16	9,279 15	800	3	2,227 48
Monroe.....	1,245		2	1,145	473	463	3	2	23	25	17,473 95	1,100	4	2,216 48
Neenah.....	1,939			1,281	975	799	152	1	34	35	22,530 52	1,100	4	3,543 09
New London.....	873			481	525	254	265	2	11	13	9,980 79	500	2	1,130 36

Oconto.....	2,236			800	1,099	591	474	7	15	22	13,552	14	900	4	4,773	10
Oralaska.....	438			377	209	192	2	1	8	9	4,945	66	500	1	849	62
Oshkosh.....	9,635			4,763	4,530	2,525	1,313	15	112	127	109,158	20	5,866	12	17,784	76
Peshtigo.....	850			611	445	382	53	1	14	15	13,455	63	620	7	1,525	62
Portage.....	1,788			978	817	599	204	1	22	23	17,079	88	1,300	5	3,291	35
Prairie du Chien.....	1,099		2	498	480	285	195	1	13	14	8,486	36	700	5	2,115	26
Racine.....	10,855		5	5,650	4,877	3,304	821	16	132	148	118,798	06	6,410	11	20,896	28
Reedsburg.....	829			654	327	279	45	2	12	14	56,245	55	800	3	2,005	12
Rhineland.....	1,705			1,199	882	685	185	1	25	26	18,540	56	1,300	6	2,829	61
Rice Lake.....	1,239	3	1	937	1,070	447	77	1	17	18	11,837	79	841	5	2,138	83
Ripon.....	1,053			803	454	418		3	18	21	16,554	79	889	4	1,885	94
Sheboygan.....	8,918		3	4,050	4,131	2,412	1,656	18	97	115	83,834	83	4,600	11	15,928	53
Stanley.....	734		1	650	412	375		2	12	14	8,709	10	680	6	1,468	37
Stevens Point.....	4,056			1,694	1,748	1,076	672	2	43	45	31,944	99	1,750	10	7,890	91
Stoughton.....	1,367	5		1,029	670	617		2	21	23	15,964	18			2,266	27
Sturgeon Bay.....	1,183			896	609	486	106	1	19	20	13,499	56	1,300	3	2,249	65
Superior.....	7,779		5	6,662	4,207	3,350	831	24	154	178	181,722	35	6,000	11	15,298	71
Tomahawk.....	716			624	353	339		1	17	18	9,319	93	725	5	1,536	70
Watertown.....	3,574			1,160	1,593	987	606	3	27	30	21,093	07	800	2	1,641	98
Waupaca.....	865			721	394	377		2	14	16	11,258	90	800	6	3,843	61
Waukesha.....	2,076		8	1,485	969	749	204	6	30	33	28,581	34	1,600	2	3,843	61
Wausau.....	5,523		2	3,241	2,491	2,006	439	11	68	79	63,415	63	3,200	9	10,001	51
Wauwatosa.....	1,057			764	542	464	74	1	16	17	11,900	91	700	1	1,954	13
Whitewater.....	929		1	641	405	381	17	2	17	19	16,314	89	641	3	1,665	99
Total.....	271,080	266	62	139,062	127,297	78,315	39,467	392	3,018	3,410	\$3,235,668	53	144,273	405	\$501,438	73

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS OF WISCONSIN.

There are 248 free and 15 independent high schools in the state of Wisconsin. All of these but 16 have a four years' course of study. The statute providing for free high schools was first taken advantage of in 1875. This statute provides that when the total amount, including salary of the free high school inspector, is sufficient each shall receive annually from the state in the form of special aid, one-half of the total sum paid for instruction in the high school departments, providing that in no case (except in the case of a town free high school) shall such aid exceed \$500. The number of free high schools, each of which now pays more than \$1,000 for strictly high school work, has so increased that while in 1899 all such schools received \$500 each from the state, the high school apportionment of 1900 reached as a maximum \$481.40 (except in the case of town free high schools), said schools receiving one-half the amount expended for instruction without any maximum limit, in 1901, \$466.20; 1902, \$458.05; 1903, \$434.57; 1904, \$400.22. The principals of these high schools must have high and approved educational qualifications. This is also true of the assistants. The number of teachers employed for the year ending June 30, 1904, in free high schools having a four years' course of study, was males 313, females 495; the pupils enrolled, males 7,478, females 10,566, a total of 18,044. The preponderance of female students in high school work over male students is quite noticeable in this item. One hundred and sixty-two are over 20 years of age. The average daily attendance in the schools was 74. The pupils studying the English branches only, numbered 9,861, the pupils in German 4,239, in Latin, 3,681, in both German and Latin, 1,537. The amount expended for instruction in German alone was \$31,768.97, for Latin \$37,330.60. The number of graduates for 1904 was males 1,081, females 1,575. The number of schools on the accredited list, that is those the graduates of which are permitted to enter the state University freshman class without any further examination, is 138. The number of non-resident pupils attending these schools is 4,987, the average rate of tuition per month for such persons \$1.97, the total amount reported received by the high schools for tuition \$75,199.18. The number of pupils enrolled in the first or freshman year is reported as 7,023, in the second or sophomore year 4,962, in the third year 3,741, and in the senior year 3,011. The number of high school districts that furnish text books free is 62. The number of three year high schools has very much diminished. The number of teachers employed in the three year schools is, males 33, females 19, and the enrollment 372 males, 569 females, a total of 942, with but eight over twenty years of age. The number of graduates is 49 males, 100 females, non-resident pupils 293, the average rate of tuition \$1.89 per month, and the total amount received \$4,121.26. Seven of these districts furnish text books free. There are 415 pupils enrolled in the first year, 348 in the second, and 205 in the senior. The number of what are known as "independent high schools" is 15. These are not under the direct supervision of the state department. The number of teachers employed is, males 78, females 107; enrollment 2,079 males, 2,749 females, with thirty over 20 years of age. The average daily attendance is 252. The number of graduates this year is, males 215, females 268, non-resident pupils 232. The average monthly rate of tuition \$3.24, the total amount received for tuition \$7,715. Five of these schools furnish free text books.

INDEPENDENT HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING FOUR YEARS' COURSE. SALARIES OF PRINCIPAL, ASSISTANTS, ENROLLMENT, ETC.

LOCATION.	Salary of the Principal.	NO. TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		Average yearly salary of assistants.	Total amount of salaries of principals and assistants.	TOTAL NUMBER OF PUPILS ENROLLED.				Average daily attendance.	Pupils in English branch only.	Pupils in German.	Pupils in Latin.	Pupils in both Latin and German.	COST OF INSTRUCTION.	
		Male.	Female.			1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.	4th grade.						German.	Latin.
Kilbourn	\$1,080 00	1	2	\$495 00	\$2,070 00	23	18	15	16	54	46	27	.....	.....	\$100 00	.....
La Crosse	1,700 00	4	9	744 00	10,625 00	151	51	48	49	222	10	235	212	40	1,325 00	\$1445 00
Madison	2,000 00	7	14	697 22	14,550 00	210	159	138	90	525	97	447	212	212	2,100 00	1,450 00
Manitowoc, North Side.....	1,700 00	2	6	700 00	6,600 00	58	26	21	14	113	.....	108	35	35	325 00	325 00
Manitowoc, South Side.....	1,500 00	4	.....	750 00	3,750 00	31	22	15	7	64	7	68	6	6	325 00	325 00
Manitowoc, West Side.....	1,300 00	3	3	683 33	3,350 00	32	20	12	7	60	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Neuomonie	1,600 00	3	1	728 25	5,240 00	53	45	33	35	150	118	33	15	4	337 50	337 50
Milwaukee (East Division)...	2,000 00	10	11	1,036 25	22,425 00	210	153	103	79	484	229	265	180	85	2,400 00	1,798 00
Milwaukee (West Division)...	2,500 00	9	16	1,070 00	27,700 00	293	172	152	92	597	254	241	204	77	2,500 00	2,250 00
Milwaukee (North Division)...	2,000 00	3	4	908 33	6,783 32	211	.....	.....	.....	158	141	40	35	5	333 00	345 00
Milwaukee (South Division)...	2,300 00	9	9	1,098 53	20,875 00	172	108	90	67	423	127	224	146	86	1,900 00	1,733 60
Oshkosh	1,500 00	5	12	668 00	11,525 00	150	69	42	39	231	150	79	68	2	780 00	675 00
Racine	1,800 00	7	9	821 00	11,750 00	201	100	70	45	354	166	105	145	46	806 00	500 00
Superior (Dewey).....	1,400 00	6	6	840 00	5,030 00	45	30	30	14	115	80	20	30	15	709 00	600 00
Superior (Blaine).....	1,530 00	5	5	760 60	7,560 00	145	91	33	31	229	196	54	57	15	425 00	550 00
Totals and averages.....	\$25,880 00	78	107	\$11,999 66	\$159,803 32	1,985	1,064	802	585	252	1,695	1,945	1,345	628	14031 50	12333 50

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING A FOUR YEARS COURSE.

Salary of Principal, Number of Teachers, Salary of Assistants, Enrollment, Etc.

Location.	Salary of Principal.	No. Teachers Employed.		Total pupil- under 20 years of age.	Average yearly salary of assistants.	Total amount of salaries of principal and assistants.	Total No. Pupils Enrolled.				Average daily attendance.	No. non-resident pupils during year.	Rate tuition for non-resident pupils per month.	Total amount received for tuition
		Male.	Fe- male.				1st grade	2d grade	3d grade	4th grade				
Albany	\$630 00	1	1	167	\$405 00	\$1,035 00	14	11	4	.....	23	10	\$2 00	\$145 60
Algoma	1,100 00	1	2	79	525 00	2,250 00	22	20	23	14	75	24	2 00	513 08
Alma	925 00	1	1	51	495 00	1,420 00	20	18	6	8	45	11	2 00	150 00
Alma Center	750 00	1	1	38	427 50	1,102 50	18	9	9	3	28	11	2 00	.....
Amherst	800 00	1	1	39	450 00	1,250 00	21	7	5	6	30	20	1 50	226 87
Antigo	1,400 00	2	4	151	518 00	3,945 00	82	33	23	19	138	58	2 00	558 50
Appleton 2d.	1,800 00	4	6	184	812 50	3,300 00	72	44	35	33	167	79	2 00	1,284 00
Appleton 3d.	1,200 00	3	3	37	531 00	3,855 00	33	12	58	8	55	6	1 66	.....
Arcadia	1,000 00	1	2	65	472 50	1,945 00	24	20	15	11	62	21	2 00	209 50
Argyle	810 00	1	1	48	459 00	1,260 00	8	16	14	11	44	13	1 50	153 25
Ashland	1,200 00	4	7	276	677 92	7,522 75	118	90	50	18	240	20	2 00	403 50
Augusta	1,150 00	1	3	90	458 50	2,475 50	25	32	22	11	78	30	2 00	485 00
Baldwin	900 00	2	.....	49	475 00	1,375 00	26	5	10	8	40	17	2 00	238 63
Bangor	810 00	1	2	46	427 50	1,665 00	14	14	9	9	41	19	2 00	314 00
Baraboo	1,400 00	4	5	247	644 62	6,557 00	76	68	67	36	220	42	2 00	637 00
Baron	1,000 00	1	3	73	560 00	2,735 00	22	21	14	16	65	20	2 00	360 00
Bayfield	1,200 00	1	2	44	546 25	2,292 50	21	14	9	.....	37	4	.....	.....
Beaver Dam	1,750 00	2	4	120	572 00	4,610 00	20	15	26	61	106	5	2 00	280 00
Bellville	855 00	1	1	53	405 00	1,260 00	20	19	10	5	41	25	2 00	365 00
Belmont	652 50	1	1	29	405 00	1,057 50	7	8	2	12	24	10	1 50	175 50
Beloit	1,000 00	3	7	310	614 70	6,225 00	122	74	61	53	249	32	2 00	547 00
Berlin	1,400 00	2	3	159	625 00	3,900 00	60	40	32	27	147	43	2 00	769 50
Bernamwood	750 00	1	1	23	405 00	1,155 00	7	6	6	6	21	8	2 00	157 50
Blackearth	855 00	1	1	44	468 75	1,323 75	13	10	10	13	39	13	2 00	176 00
Black River Falls	1,200 00	2	2	121	600 00	3,000 00	42	34	23	23	107	38	2 00	609 05
Blair	675 00	1	1	61	405 00	1,080 00	30	17	10	4	51	23	2 00	355 00
Bloomer	1,000 00	1	1	60	435 00	1,435 00	31	11	11	8	55	33	2 00	510 30
Bloomington	810 00	1	2	58	418 00	1,460 00	22	10	14	12	47	30	1 60	370 40
Boscobel	1,100 00	2	2	90	524 30	2,672 50	38	18	12	23	74	33	2 00	557 00
Brandon	800 00	1	2	46	475 00	1,375 00	13	15	9	9	35	24	1 52	275 33
Brotherhood	1,136 00	1	3	78	542 50	2,704 50	27	17	22	12	62	25	2 00	336 50
Burlington	1,450 00	1	4	135	522 50	3,492 50	44	43	26	21	115	55	2 00	779 00
Cambria	765 00	1	1	31	450 00	1,215 00	14	7	4	6	30	10	2 00	166 00
Camb.idge	700 00	1	1	43	504 00	1,204 00	17	15	12	9	45	2	2 00	350 00

Cashton	950 00	1	1	51	540 00	1,490 00	23	12	10	8	41	28	2 00	354 50
Cassville	1,200 00	2	2	51	405 00	1,205 00	20	17	8		42	10	2 00	134 00
Cedarburg	900 00	1	1	44	700 00	1,600 00	19	13	10	2	39	11	2 00	431 57
Chilton	1,200 00	2	2	47	562 50	2,325 00	30	20	10	7	56	17	2 00	358 50
Chippewa Falls	1,750 00	3	4	175	690 00	5,890 00	73	39	39	24	161	22	2 00	389 50
Clinton	1,200 00	1	2	69	495 00	2,190 00	21	19	18	12	63	25	2 00	402 00
Clintonville	930 00	1	2	89	495 00	1,890 00	39	21	14	15	76	23	2 00	323 00
Cobb	750 00	1	1	29	450 00	1,080 00	9	7	8	5	26	5	1 00	19 00
Cobby	950 00	2	2	47	450 00	1,400 00	16	10	14	7	43	17	2 00	27 00
Columbus	1,400 00	1	4	4	546 25	3,685 00	25	40	36	32	107	65	2 00	981 00
Cuba City	675 00	1	1	46	360 00	1,035 00	22	13	7	4	36	7	2 00	108 50
Cumberland	1,000 00	1	2	58	495 00	1,990 00	21	17	10	11	48	20	2 00	183 00
Darien	585 00	1	1	30	315 00	900 00	17	4	9		23	11	2 00	141 50
Darien														
Darlington	1,200 00	3	1	114	585 86	2,975 50	30	39	29	16	97	26	2 00	273 40
Deerfield	800 00	1	1	43	405 00	1,205 00	19	9	9	8	38	21	2 00	374 50
De Forest	1,200 00	1	2	96	585 00	2,370 00	31	31	21	19	81	48	2 00	722 00
Delavan	1,100 00	2	2	110	570 00	2,810 00	45	28	26	14	97	27	2 00	450 50
De Pere	1,250 00	2	2	67	554 00	2,862 00	17	17	15	18	56	22	2 00	397 00
Dodgeville	1,200 00	3	3	157	665 00	3,100 00	32	50	45	36	146	45	2 00	953 00
Durand	1,200 00	1	2	58	517 50	2,235 00	23	16	14	9	51	13	2 00	156 75
Eagle River	900 00	1	1	31	633 00	1,530 00	11	12	8		27	6	2 00	75 00
East Troy	900 00	1	2	69	405 00	1,710 00	19	21	12	19	62	50	2 00	834 00
Eau Claire	1,750 00	3	10	498	671 66	9,730 00	194	140	88	76	379	47	2 00	846 00
Edgerton	1,200 00	1	3	90	495 00	2,685 00	31	29	18	12	83	42	2 00	746 50
Elkhorn	1,300 00	1	4	165	517 50	3,370 00	64	44	37	20	145	55	2 00	869 00
Elroy	1,200 00	1	3	94	504 50	2,652 41	28	26	26	16	78	38	2 00	234 00
Elsworth	1,200 00	1	3	76	540 00	1,820 00	21	22	19	14	66	32	2 00	436 90
Evansville	1,350 00	2	3	124	508 25	3,375 00	34	27	46	17	90	44	2 00	575 00
Fairchild	950 00	1	1	46	495 00	1,445 00	19	16	12	13	36	7	2 00	96 00
Fennimore	1,035 00	1	2	64	450 00	1,935 00	18	16	12	8	56	16	2 00	248 00
Florence	1,200 00	1	3	61	585 83	2,957 50	17	24	12		60	2	2 00	70 00
Fond du Lac	1,300 00	3	10	354	708 32	9,475 00	146	95	63	50	300	60	2 00	998 00
Fort Atkinson	1,700 00	2	4	153	585 00	4,475 00	57	40	35	21	141	41	2 00	700 00
Fountain City	900 00	1	1	49	450 00	1,350 00	13	13	7	7	34	5	2 00	76 00
Fox Lake	975 00	1	2	60	538 25	2,017 50	18	16	10	6	47	5	1 00	93 00
Galesville	875 00	1	2	52	600 00	1,760 00	20	15	15	12	49	16	2 00	260 00
Glenwood	900 00	2	1	85	495 00	1,890 00	37	23	14	11	72	34	2 00	546 00
Grad Rapids	1,000 00	4	5	200	655 65	5,590 00	63	56	59	22	183	38	2 00	631 50
Green Bay, E. S.	1,425 00	1	6	180	615 00	4,812 50	71	55	31	23	152	11	2 00	207 00
Green Bay, W. S.	1,400 00	2	5	153	604 16	5,025 00	51	52	25	25	129	11	2 00	190 00
Greenwood	800 00	1	1	52	517 50	1,417 50	16	12	13	11	43	16	2 00	137 00
Hammond	750 00	1	1	52	450 00	1,125 00	16	15	7	14	41	22	2 00	201 00
Hartford	1,000 00	1	3	111	522 00	2,566 00	53	24	19	18	101	83	2 00	1,042 00
Hayward	1,080 00	2	1	44	540 00	2,160 00	19	13	9	3	38			
Highland	720 00	1	2	40	450 00	1,238 00	18	9	6	7	34	8	2 00	164 00
Hillsboro	800 00	1	1	50	456 00	1,250 00	15	9	16	10	42	5	2 00	204 50
Hilton	1,000 00	1	2	61	1,100 00	2,100 00	17	17	17	10	56	21	2 00	487 50

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING A FOUR YEARS COURSE—Continued.

Location.	Salary of principal.	No. Teachers Employed.		Total pupils under 20 years of age.	Average yearly salary of assistants.	Total amount of salaries of principal and assistants.	Total Number Pupils Enrolled.				Average daily attendance.	No. non-resident pupils during year.	Rate tuition for non-resident pupils per month	Total amount received for tuition.
		Male.	Female.				1st grade	2d grade	3d grade	4th grade				
Hortonville.....	\$765 00	1	1	27	\$360 00	\$1,025 00	18	9			23	4	\$2 00	\$52 00
Hudson.....	1,550 00	2	3	148	561 85	3,795 00	43	41	31	31	126	28	2 00	312 57
Hurley.....	1,200 00	2	1	41	625 00	2,450 00	12	16	4	9	32			
Janesville.....	2,100 00	6	8	387	685 40	11,010 00	160	124	70	38	332	70	2 00	1,050 00
Jefferson.....	1,100 00	1	3	83	605 00	2,915 00	38	19	14	12	75	20	2 00	326 00
Juneau.....	1,600 00	1	2	40	425 00	1,850 00	14	12	8	6	29	11	1 50	151 50
Kaukauna.....	1,200 00	2	3	120	573 75	3,495 00	38	29	27	26	107	19	2 00	330 00
Kenosha.....	1,600 00	3	5		730 36	6,712 50	81	63	42	28	183	46	2 00	846 00
Kewaunee.....	950 00	2	1	89	625 00	2,200 00	26	29	19	15	67	13	2 00	225 50
Kiel.....	900 00	2	1	30	350 00	2,000 00	4	7	9	10	24	16	2 00	311 50
Lake Geneva.....	1,350 00	2	4	132	559 50	4,140 00	55	27	22	28	113	45	2 00	810 00
Lake Mills.....	1,300 00	2	2	95	444 00	2,632 00	30	30	23	12	85	27	2 00	424 00
Lancaster.....	1,300 00	2	3	124	562 50	3,550 00	37	35	28	24	103	32	2 00	369 70
Linden.....	630 00	1	1	26	360 00	990 00	14	4	2	6	22	3	2 00	72 00
Lodi.....	1,000 00	1	3	110	450 00	2,102 50	39	25	29	17	160	56	2 00	916 00
Loyal.....	665 00	2	1	45	405 00	1,170 00	16	14	9	6	38	7	1 50	133 87
Manawa.....	720 00	2		43	495 00	1,215 00	14	12	9	8	38	3	1 67	45 00
Marquette.....	1,000 00	3	6	235	596 25	5,770 00	78	83	45	49	240	1	2 00	18 00
Marshall.....	1,100 00	2	2	52	450 00	2,000 00	15	23	10	4	41	50	2 00	834 00
Marshfield.....	1,900 00	2	5	126	630 00	5,177 50	44	49	22	11	104	23	2 00	211 85
Mauston.....	1,200 00	1	3	112	495 00	2,685 00	42	37	23	11	91	45	2 00	591 00
Mayville.....	1,250 00	2	2	66	562 50	2,375 00	35	15	10	7	57	16	2 00	304 50
Mazomanie.....	1,200 00	1	2	77	495 00	2,190 00	25	9	23	20	77	17	2 00	348 50
Medford.....	1,400 00	1	3	83	495 00	2,967 50	26	25	17	15	72	31	2 00	226 00
Menasha.....	1,500 00	2	2	57	616 66	3,350 00	19	20	10	8	52	7	2 00	326 00
Merrill.....	1,000 00	5	2	267	558 00	4,240 00	126	64	48	29	229	11	2 00	198 00
Merrillan.....	800 00	1	1	61	450 00	1,250 00	30	16	6	9	49	25	2 00	360 00
Middleton.....	675 00	1	1	31	405 00	720 00	9	8	3		28	5	2 00	66 50
Milton.....	810 00	1	1	44	450 00	1,260 00	9	17	12	6	40	11	2 00	166 00
Milton Junction.....	700 00	2	2	56	412 50	1,937 50	16	16	17	8	49	17	2 00	345 50
Mineral Point.....	1,400 00	1	3	105	532 50	2,997 50	41	24	25	18	94	17	2 00	273 00
Mondovi.....	1,100 00	1	2	56	472 50	2,045 00	22	14	12	8	51	17	2 00	210 00
Monroe.....	1,650 00	2	3	124	6 0 00	4,170 00	52	29	25	20	116	22	2 00	355 00
Montello.....	765 00	1	1	44	495 00	1,260 00	12	12	6	14	39	7	2 00	122 00
Montfort.....	1,000 00	1	2	75	450 00	1,900 00	30	18	16	11	68	18	2 00	315 00
Mt. Horeb.....	900 00	2	1	68	5 3 50	1,485 00	32	23	14	2	53	37	2 00	523 50

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Mukwonago	675 00	1	2	48	405 00	1,485 00	16	21	8	9	40	23	2 00	366 00
Necedah	1,100 00	1	2	60	500 00	2,050 00	15	12	20	13	95	2	2 00	50 00
Neenah	1,300 00	1	2	98	675 00	4,000 00	41	21	24	13	85	18	2 00	296 00
Neillsville	1,500 00	1	3	107	555 00	3,165 00	52	29	18	12	92	29	2 00	318 00
New Lisbon	1,100 00	1	1	58	472 50	2,045 00	20	13	8	15	46	19	2 00	276 00
New London	1,200 00	2	2	87	660 00	3,180 00	26	18	27	16	70	17	2 00	281 00
New Richmond	1,500 00	2	4	151	652 50	4,110 00	60	40	34	19	132	87	2 00	1,357 50
Oakfield	800 00	1	1	49	450 00	1,250 00	18	14	14	5	45	22	2 00	376 00
Oconomowoc	1,400 00	1	3	150	545 00	4,127 00	71	40	22	17	130	64	2 00	839 00
Oconto	1,200 00	2	3	101	527 19	3,308 75	30	34	25	12	92	1	2 00	22 50
Oconto Falls	630 00	1	1	23	450 00	1,080 00	13	6	4	.....	19	3	1 50	28 50
Omro	1,000 00	1	2	73	360 00	1,720 00	35	20	8	12	63	80	2 00	458 00
Onalaska	900 00	1	2	63	427 50	1,755 00	21	26	11	5	54	19	2 00	304 00
Ontario	720 00	1	1	28	405 00	1,125 00	11	8	9	.....	20	2	2 00	126 00
Oregon	1,000 00	1	1	49	472 50	1,945 00	16	18	5	10	40	9	2 00	428 00
Oscello	585 00	.....	3	46	382 50	1,350 00	16	9	9	12	37	15	2 00	353 80
Palmyra	720 00	1	1	52	405 00	1,125 00	20	15	8	9	44	16	2 00	286 00
Peshigo	900 00	1	1	47	540 00	1,440 00	25	15	7	.....	42	6	2 00	103 00
Pewaukee	550 00	1	1	37	567 00	1,517 00	16	12	8	3	31	7	2 00	87 00
Phillips	1,000 00	1	3	43	486 65	2,460 00	24	4	12	3	38	12	2 00	168 00
Plainfield	900 00	2	1	31	427 50	1,755 00	8	7	9	7	26	11	1 52	192 34
Platteville	1,300 00	1	3	67	472 50	2,515 00	28	17	13	9	52	5	1 60	110 40
Plymouth	1,100 00	2	3	166	562 50	3,350 00	50	45	43	28	143	57	2 00	981 00
Portage	1,600 00	1	4	151	662 50	4,250 00	33	31	35	52	130	31	2 00	773 00
Potosi	885 00	1	1	25	315 00	1,000 00	10	2	8	6	20	13	2 00	136 00
Port Washington	1,000 00	1	2	40	550 00	1,550 00	19	11	8	2	33	20	2 00	248 00
Poynette	900 00	1	2	47	427 50	1,755 00	15	11	7	14	42	12	1 50	240 00
Prairie du Chien	1,175 00	1	2	41	450 00	2,000 00	16	10	7	8	36	6	2 00	80 00
Prairie du Sac	900 00	1	2	67	540 00	1,980 00	20	13	20	13	37	27	2 00	421 10
Prentice	765 00	1	1	54	450 00	1,215 00	14	4	6	7	25	2	1 50	27 00
Prescott	900 00	1	2	61	450 00	1,800 00	24	22	9	6	5	5	2 00	82 50
Randolph	900 00	1	2	57	450 00	1,800 00	20	19	10	12	57	23	2 00	378 00
Reedsburg	1,400 00	2	2	107	570 00	3,110 00	24	36	31	16	91	43	2 00	494 00
Rewey	585 00	1	1	24	360 00	945 00	9	5	15	.....	23	9	2 00	138 00
Rhineland	1,600 00	1	5	114	596 65	3,271 82	50	35	18	11	90	5	2 00	57 00
Rice Lake	1,200 00	1	3	94	510 33	2,755 00	44	24	16	11	79	20	2 00	305 00
Richland Center	1,250 00	2	3	144	565 00	3,510 00	50	42	31	23	130	57	2 00	904 00
Ripon	1,250 00	2	3	123	625 50	3,775 00	46	52	33	12	108	26	2 00	395 40
River Falls	1,400 00	3	2	113	550 00	2,740 00	65	35	23	11	97	49	2 00	1,210 25
Rosendale	630 00	1	1	52	360 00	990 00	21	18	9	4	40	28	2 00	476 00
Sauk City	800 00	2	1	38	517 50	1,835 00	10	10	8	10	52	5	2 00	90 00
Sextonville	720 00	1	3	44	337 50	1,080 00	17	17	6	6	35	12	2 00	225 00
Seymour	950 00	2	1	63	500 00	1,940 00	22	10	19	13	59	23	2 00	414 00
Sharon	900 00	2	1	45	472 50	1,845 00	18	12	7	12	43	19	2 00	306 00
Shawano	1,000 00	1	1	76	570 00	2,312 50	40	17	10	9	68	25	2 00	384 50
Sheboygan	1,200 00	5	6	271	690 00	8,100 00	104	84	52	36	238	34	2 00	562 00
Sheboygan Falls	1,100 00	1	1	48	550 00	2,250 00	19	14	7	8	39	13	2 00	168 50
Shell Lake	1,000 00	1	2	32	562 50	2,125 00	14	9	4	5	25	2	2 00	562 50

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

FREE HIGH SCHOOLS HAVING THREE YEARS COURSE, SALARY OF PRINCIPAL, NO. TEACHERS EMPLOYED, ENROLLMENT, ETC.

Location.	Salary of Principal.	No. Teachers Employed.		Enrollment in High School.	Average Yearly Salary of Assistants.	Total Amt. of Salaries of Principals and Assistants.	Total number of pupils enrolled.			Average Daily Attendance.	Non-resident Pupils During Year.	Rate Tuition Non-residents - per Month.	Total Amount Received for Tuition.
		Male.	Female				1st grade.	2d grade.	3d grade.				
Almond	\$560 00	1		42		\$560 00	14	16	13	39	11	\$2 00	\$70 00
Amery	675 00		2	44	\$405 00	855 00	28	12	4	26	15	2 00	171 00
Avoca	630 00	1	1	25	315 00	945 00	12	8	5	20			
Benton	675 00	1	1	35	360 00	1,620 00	20	7	5	31	6		
Brillion	765 00	1		35		765 00	12	16	10	30			
Cadott	630 00	1	1	31		810 00	9	13	7	28	11	2 00	100 00
Chetek	585 00	1		29	360 00	585 00	12	11	6	27	8	1 00	52 00
Crandon	630 00	2	2	16		900 00	10	5	1	11	5	2 00	72 00
Friendship	585 00					585 00	13	9	3	15			
Glen Beulah	585 00	1		28		585 00	15	7	6	17	13	1 50	80 00
Grantsburg	1,000 00	1		37		1,000 00	14	12	11	30	14	2 00	130 00
Hazel Green	630 00	1		22		675 00	12	7	3	16	6	2 00	221 00
Humbird	585 00	1		18		585 00	8	4	6	13	2	2 00	97 50
Iola	720 00	2		39	247 50	967 50	28	7	4	29	17	2 00	10 00
Iron River	1,125 00	1	1	36	495 00	1,620 00	16	8	12	29	1	2 00	200 00
Kewaskum	810 00	1		30		810 00	15	10	6	28	7	2 00	16 20
Lone Rock	650 00	1	1	26	360 00	1,010 00	15	8	4	22	7	2 00	126 00
Markesan	720 00	1	1	28	405 00	1,125 00	14	10	4	21	10	2 00	79 50
Marion	720 00	1		25		720 00	7	13	5	20	4	2 00	127 50
Mt. Hope	540 00		1	15	540 00		10	6		13	8	2 00	72 00
Muscoda	700 00	1	1	25	450 00	750 00	9	12	5	20	4	1 60	99 20
Oakwood	585 00	1		19		585 00	6	9	4	16	9	1 50	54 00
Pepin	675 00	1		34		675 00	9			16	9	2 00	180 00
Princeton	810 00	2		28	450 00	1,260 00	29	17	8	27	12	2 00	54 00
Reeseville	630 00	1		17		630 00	12	4	1	21	7	2 00	188 50
Stockbridge	680 00	2	2	41	160 00	840 00	11	21	9	33	15	2 00	93 50
Thorp	765 00	1	1	39	360 00	1,125 00	14	15	10	31	8	2 00	207 36
Unity	630 00	1		32		630 00	9	14	9	26	14	2 00	241 50
Viola	720 00	1	1	31	450 00	1,170 00	10	12	9	31	8	2 00	73 00
Waldo	675 00		1	62		675 00	25	7	24	25	10	2 00	236 00
Wautoma	675 00	1	1	28	450 00	1,125 00	16	13		22	5	2 00	228 50
Wilmot	630 00	1	1	25	405 00	1,035 00	10	8	7	20	8	2 00	675 00
Wilmot	630 00	1	1	25	405 00	1,035 00	10	8	7	20	8	2 00	70 00
Wilmot	630 00	1	1	25	405 00	1,035 00	10	8	7	20	8	2 00	150 00
Total and ave	\$21,995 00	33	19	942	\$6,482 50	\$27,222 50	415	348	205	765	293	\$1 89	\$4,121 26

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS.

Chapter 439, laws of 1901, provides for a classification of the graded schools of this state into first and second classes. The legislature also made an appropriation of \$60,000, to be annually given as a special aid for these schools, provided they comply with the general provisions of the law. The state graded school of the first class must have at least three separate departments, maintained for at least nine months during the year, with an average daily attendance of not less than fifteen in each of the departments in the case of schools of the second class, and at least three departments in schools of the first class. The principal of the school of the first class must have some form of state certificate, one assistant may hold a third grade certificate and all other assistants must hold either a first grade of county certificate or some form of a state certificate. In schools of the second class the principal must have at least a first grade county certificate, and his assistant may be qualified with a third grade. The rule, however, applies that in cases where the teacher holds a third-grade only, one year's previous successful experience in teaching is demanded. The school buildings, grounds and accessories must be free from unsanitary features and the equipment in the matter of seats, furniture and apparatus must be good, and sufficient to meet the demands of the pupils enrolled. The law also provides that two graded school inspectors shall be appointed by the state superintendent. It is the duty of these officers to visit these schools at least once during each year, to advise with the teachers and members of the school board with reference to the existing conditions, and recommend such things in the way of equipment, etc., as may be necessary to bring the school up to the required standard. The law provides that graded schools of the first class may receive special aid to the amount of \$300, while those of the second class may receive \$100. It is also provided that should the sum of \$60,000 be insufficient to enable the state superintendent to apportion the maximum amount to each school, the apportionment shall be made per capita. The following tables will show some of the statistics in detail:

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS FOR 1903-1904.

First Class.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average Attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1903, to June 30, 1904.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	Total.
Totals and averages..	544	11,096	11,289	22,385	3,507	3,701	7,208	\$232,527 84	\$448,767 90
Abbotsford	5	116	120	236	70	79	149	\$1,035 00	\$2,448 89
Ablemans	3	59	96	155	45	51	99	2,100 00	3,493 30
Amberg	3	77	81	158	47	47	94	1,650 00	2,331 75
Apollonia	3	62	50	112	37	33	70	1,110 00	3,304 99
Arbor Vitae	6	119	115	234	85	80	165	2,430 00	3,085 21
Arena	3	54	49	103	35	32	67	1,147 50	1,637 21
Athens	3	72	58	130	53	44	97	1,395 00	3,232 20
Baraboo	3	70	61	131	48	40	80	1,125 00	1,676 21
Barneveld	3	51	56	107	34	35	69	1,147 50	1,523 98
Black Creek	3	64	63	132	46	48	94	1,035 00	6,607 33
Blanchardville	6	131	108	239	87	69	156	2,377 75	3,104 55
Boyd	4	67	81	148	46	58	104	1,735 00	2,234 10
Brooklyn	4	67	64	131	55	60	115	1,532 50	2,333 56
Bruce	6	117	126	243	65	80	145	1,249 83	4,124 94
Butternut	5	109	111	220	68	73	141	2,305 00	2,733 00
Cameron	4	115	82	197	61	40	101	1,545 00	2,387 30

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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STATE GRADED SCHOOLS FOR 1903-1904.

First Class—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average Attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1903, to June 30, 1904.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	Total.
Campbellsport	3	48	47	95	32	32	64	\$1,076 00	\$1,479 64
Camp Douglas	4	73	63	136	40	51	91	1,563 00	2,296 77
Cedar Falls	3	58	61	119	36	39	75	1,125 00	1,409 17
Chelsia	3	70	53	123	44	32	76	1,395 00	1,966 16
Clear Lake	5	82	109	191	55	72	127	2,130 00	1,833 80
Colfax	3	76	74	150	42	42	84	1,278 00	1,624 64
Commonwealth	4	98	74	172	77	59	136	1,986 25	3,994 12
Corliss	3	41	53	94	30	43	73	1,161 00	2,532 98
Dallas	3	51	71	125	33	37	70	1,080 00	1,921 23
Deer Park	3	55	55	110	34	36	70	1,075 00	2,161 00
De Soto	3	72	59	131	48	36	84	1,215 00	1,502 07
Dorchester	4	70	85	155	41	70	111	1,575 00	1,940 06
Downing	3	48	70	118	27	55	82	1,441 90	2,001 73
Downsville	3	66	57	123	44	44	88	1,197 50	1,542 86
Drummond	3	52	48	100	43	37	80	1,260 00	1,695 80
Dunbar	4	81	102	183	50	67	117	2,025 00	5,35 03
Eau Claire	3	48	65	113	26	40	66	1,155 00	2,615 21
Edgar	4	85	112	197	62	89	151	1,755 00	3,157 79
Eleva	3	66	54	120	38	43	81	1,350 00	2,753 95
Elkhart Lake	3	66	73	139	47	51	98	1,314 00	6,468 96
Embarass	3	26	34	60	20	30	50	1,125 00	1,508 13
Etrick	3	47	45	92	30	36	66	1,15 00	1,477 13
Fall Creek									
Fall River	3	52	59	111	37	37	75	1,073 11	1,490 18
Fernwood									
Fifield	4	41	43	84	43	43	86	1,755 00	3,737 00
Fontana	3	48	44	92	32	35	67	1,125 00	1,676 32
Footeville	3	51	52	103	35	30	65	1,215 00	1,545 18
Fredonia	3	63	39	102	41	30	71	1,282 50	1,954 92
Genoa Junction	5	86	88	174	70	71	141	2,297 00	5,570 80
Gillett	4	99	85	184	79	74	153	1,850 00	2,898 09
Glen Flora	3	70	73	143	55	56	111	1,395 00	2,307 44
Glidden	6	147	151	298	92	106	198		
Granton	3	46	52	98	31	43	74	1,215 00	1,460 59
Gratiot	3	69	52	121	57	40	97	1,215 00	7,797 15
Greenbush	3	43	53	96	30	39	69	1,035 00	1,727 44
Hancock	3	43	94	137	28	59	87	1,215 00	1,391 26
Hartland	4	79	63	142	61	43	104	1,710 00	2,504 44
Hazellhurst	3	57	57	114	40	50	90	1,335 00	1,895 40
Hilbert Junction	3	95	103	198	55	60	115	1,107 00	1,339 32
Hixton	4	70	67	137	52	47	99	1,787 50	2,530 84
Hustisford	3	51	52	103	36	37	73	1,220 50	1,645 12
Independence	5	88	71	159	66	59	125	1,900 00	2,570 71
Iron Belt	4	105	98	203	85	70	155	2,325 00	4,248 74
Johnson Creek	3	60	64	124	44	50	94	1,224 00	1,927 46
Junction City	3	68	64	132	42	36	78	90 00	1,167 07
Kendall	4	91	80	171	56	58	114	1,405 00	2,623 39
Knapp	3	89	89	178	53	56	109	1,200 00	2,380 79
Lac d. Flambeau	3	59	55	114	47	39	86	1,550 00	2,620 49
Ladysmith	8	179	213	392	109	131	240	3,615 00	13,643 31
La Farge	5	102	105	207	65	64	129	2,070 00	3,098 21
Lake Nebagamon	6	126	110	236	80	74	154	4,198 50	4,413 50
La Valle	3	45	65	110	21	47	68	1,215 00	1,933 33
Layton Park	6	180	190	370	130	129	259	2,935 00	5,150 92
Leadmine	3	52	46	98	54	75	129	1,080 00	1,409 40
Lena	4	74	82	156	55	66	121	1,460 25	3,617 79
Little Chute	3	56	40	96	37	25	62	910 00	2,036 87
Lowell	3	56	39	95	33	27	60	1,275 00	1,537 60
McFarland	3	59	51	110	15	12	27	1,215 00	1,819 41
Maiden Rock	3	63	43	106	39	28	67	1,217 00	1,518 53
Marquette	3	45	49	94	32	29	61	1,035 00	1,142 35
Mason	4	84	67	151	63	49	112	2,025 00	2,580 50
Mattoon	4	137	147	284	83	85	168	1,770 00	3,713 10
Mellen	9	144	160	304	93	111	204	4,298 50	18,121 85
Melrose	3	57	60	117	31	40	71	1,260 00	2,174 09

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS FOR 1903-1904.

First Class—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average Attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1903, to June 30, 1904.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	Total.
Menomonee Falls.....	6	115	106	221	93	82	175	\$2,677 50	\$5,133 50
Merrimac.....	3	64	50	114	46	34	80	1,031 25	2,461 38
Milford.....	3	44	43	87	28	28	55	1,080 00	1,404 36
Milwaukee No. 5.....	5	73	91	172	57	66	123	2,650 00	3,767 37
Milwaukee No. 6.....	4	83	51	137	53	38	101	2,350 00	4,177 02
Milwaukee No. 9.....	4	200	136	336	133	100	233	2,978 25	6,779 21
Minocqua.....	4	69	65	128	48	45	93	3,690 00	3,776 93
Monticello.....	4	167	112	279	82	82	164	2,510 00	3,409 62
Mosinee.....	3	89	89	177	62	66	128	2,115 00	2,977 44
Nekoosa.....	7	123	143	268	74	82	156	5,001 00	3,923 74
New Digings.....	3	31	54	85	16	37	53	1,037 50	1,282 02
New Glarus.....	3	102	98	200	70	69	139	2,310 00	3,064 22
Niagara.....	4	139	142	281	81	91	172	2,385 00	2,988 74
North Fond du Lac.....	6	185	179	364	124	130	254	2,403 50	5,335 52
North Freedom.....	4	91	79	170	82	68	150	1,405 50	2,363 19
North Hudson.....	3	54	52	106	41	38	79	1,125 00	2,499 35
North Milwaukee.....	6	132	150	302	95	106	201	3,500 00	5,815 45
Norwalk.....	4	77	72	149	53	52	105	1,467 00	2,226 51
Norfordville.....	3	43	67	110	40	49	89	1,300 00	2,511 07
Oasco.....	4	79	110	189	58	72	130	1,600 50	2,421 58
Owen.....	3	57	35	112	40	42	82	1,215 00	2,324 95
Pardeeville.....	5	122	131	253	90	98	188	2,025 00	4,438 87
Park Falls.....	6	137	150	287	102	108	210	3,235 00	10,157 74
Patch Grove.....	3	26	36	62	18	26	44	1,130 00	1,444 93
Pittsville.....	6	107	126	233	73	89	167	2,418 75	2,996 67
Plum City.....	3	44	56	100	26	33	59	1,350 00	1,645 89
Port Edwards.....	3	71	57	128	53	42	95	1,152 00	2,352 78
Port Wing.....	4	82	66	148	50	45	95	1,755 00	2,637 30
Prairie Farm.....	3	41	77	118	25	51	76	1,035 00	1,405 97
Readine.....	4	53	67	120	41	50	91	1,106 25	2,273 13
Reedstown.....	4	68	111	179	46	68	114	1,485 00	2,716 43
Rib Lake.....	8	180	210	390	121	142	263	4,007 50	5,420 18
Ridgeway.....	3	67	69	136	42	49	91	1,305 00	1,664 73
Rio.....	3	74	79	153	47	51	98	1,189 50	1,743 44
Saxon.....	3	68	67	135	40	28	68	1,150 00	2,455 53
Scandinavia.....	3	56	53	109	34	32	66	1,125 00	1,588 87
Schofield.....	4	97	108	205	60	80	140	1,755 00	2,907 22
Sherry.....	3	56	62	118	28	30	58	1,035 00	1,954 97
Shiocton.....	3	68	85	153	40	50	90	1,237 50	1,742 66
Somerset.....	3	40	31	71	27	24	51	1,395 00	2,022 00
South Wayne.....	3	49	53	102	32	40	72	1,305 00	1,802 24
Spencer.....	3	63	62	125	40	39	79	1,170 00	1,904 06
Spooner.....	5	130	149	279	79	103	182	2,115 00	3,904 48
Star Lake.....	3	59	48	107	42	37	79	1,530 00	2,040 71
Stratford.....	3	55	58	113	32	35	67	1,242 00	1,548 16
Three Lakes.....	3	73	80	153	39	44	83	1,377 00	2,225 21
Tigerton.....	6	157	127	284	98	99	197	2,395 00	30,913 70
Tony.....	3	63	56	119	36	37	73	1,440 00	2,886 75
Turtle Lake.....	3	64	71	135	37	43	80	1,305 00	1,487 30
Warrens.....	3	44	68	112	22	37	59	1,170 00	1,307 00
Waterford.....	4	63	49	112	46	38	84	1,455 00	2,265 06
Wauzeka.....	4	58	69	127	50	43	93	1,290 00	2,930 32
West Allis.....	8	171	174	345	123	114	237	4,600 00	7,258 43
Westboro.....	4	91	95	186	63	63	126	1,860 00	3,036 55
Westby.....	4	94	91	185	80	63	143	1,777 50	2,377 86
Weyerhauser.....	3	81	64	145	51	44	95	1,238 50	4,718 27
Whitefish Bay.....	3	49	64	113	34	45	79	1,750 00	2,639 85
Wild Rose.....	3	85	56	141	56	26	85	1,440 00	4,303 03
Williams Bay.....	3	63	54	117	41	39	80	1,260 00	2,867 80
Withee.....	4	71	76	147	56	51	107	1,496 25	3,690 98
Woodville.....	3	54	58	112	30	38	68	1,098 00	1,933 75
Wycocena.....	3	59	71	130	40	52	92	1,327 50	2,079 15

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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STATE GRADED SCHOOLS FOR 1903-1904.

Second Class.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average Attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1903, to June 30, 1904.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	Total.
Totals and averages..	323	7,576	7,597	15,173	4,794	4,992	9,786	\$139,227 28	\$238,774 72
Abrams	2	76	72	149	41	38	79	\$765 00	\$975 12
Adell	2	43	36	79	27	18	45	765 00	848 99
Afton	2	30	37	67	21	25	46	630 00	1,045 60
Alaska	2	41	55	96	30	34	64	789 00	953 80
Alonzo	2	30	20	50	19	12	31	720 00	1,059 74
Allen Grove	2	36	33	69	22	23	45	785 00	870 15
Aniwa	2	58	66	124	33	37	70	850 00	1,622 21
Ange o	2	58	54	112	33	43	76	765 00	6,012 82
Antigo	2	37	39	76	19	18	37	630 00	843 21
Arcadia	2	46	27	73	24	17	41	702 00	968 57
Arkansaw	2	31	27	58	19	17	36	648 00	813 55
Auburn	2	43	48	96	22	28	50	630 00	725 28
Auburdale	2	26	37	63	20	26	46	900 00	1,280 00
Bagley	2	71	57	128	38	30	58	662 59	830 37
Bailey's Harbor	2	51	56	107	33	36	69	765 00	906 08
Barton	2	42	43	85	24	27	51	765 00	953 37
Bay City	2	44	32	76	23	20	48	720 00	994 47
Beldenville	2	32	38	70	21	21	45	765 00	1,202 85
Belle Center	2	38	37	75	24	22	46	603 00	786 00
Blue Mounds	2	47	32	79	31	23	54	720 00	1,013 42
Boaz	2	39	50	89	15	39	54	810 00	968 90
Brookside	2	48	54	102	30	28	58	720 00	915 99
Browtown	2	27	26	53	20	20	40	650 00	988 88
Brule	2	34	19	53	28	15	43	720 00	826 13
Burnett Junction	2	35	37	72	22	31	53	900 00	1,151 54
Cable	2	36	38	74	20	21	41	720 00	4,400 49
Campbellsport	2	61	24	85	33	13	46	585 00	756 20
Campbell No. 5	2	33	30	63	21	17	38	650 00	868 42
Campbell No. 6	2	28	26	54	22	21	43	630 00	817 26
Carlton	2	71	62	133	45	39	84	900 00	1,088 64
Casco	2	40	45	85	18	24	42	634 00	806 58
Cataract	2	50	48	98	30	28	58	835 00	1,242 46
Catawba	2	40	48	88	23	34	57	675 00	880 14
Cazenovia	2	51	49	100	38	32	70	675 00	779 00
Cecil	2	25	31	59	21	24	45	585 00	821 44
Cedar Gr., No. 10	2	45	49	94	32	38	70	680 00	981 51
Cedar Gr., No. 2	2	46	53	99	23	25	48	810 00	1,284 70
Centuria	2	32	29	61	20	18	38	810 00	1,351 01
Chipp'wa Falls, No. 1	2	37	42	79	28	30	58	630 00	787 03
Cochrane	2	81	59	140	43	32	75	810 00	1,227 29
Coleman	2	43	38	81	18	18	36	675 00	828 42
Coloma	2	37	39	76	20	19	39	693 00	2,123 33
Columbia	2	64	38	102	33	20	53	918 00	2,033 00
Crivitz	2	47	45	92	35	36	71	765 00	881 97
Curtiss	2	38	32	70	22	21	43	778 75	946 45
Ceylon	2	35	30	65	18	18	36	585 00	809 49
Delton	2	45	32	78	28	23	51	720 00	935 20
Dexterville	2	25	32	57	15	20	35	675 00	833 72
Disco	2	13	25	38	12	16	28	670 00	1,772 27
Dudley	2	59	37	96	32	33	65	1,035 00	1,286 03
Eagle	2	30	45	75	25	31	56	720 00	1,246 79
Eastman	2	48	36	84	28	16	44	675 00	805 05
Easton	2	58	68	126	28	35	63	945 00	1,357 85
Eland	2	35	45	80	16	15	31	810 00	2,042 32
Elcho	2	30	42	72	22	33	55	675 00	1,421 15
Elk Mound No. 2	2	42	38	80	22	25	47	747 00	876 98
Elk Mound Jt. No. 2	2	27	26	53	16	17	33	675 00	1,015 37
Emerald Grove	2	29	50	79	16	29	45	810 00	1,477 51
Eureka	2	38	56	94	22	30	52	720 00	886 80

STATE GRADED SCHOOLS FOR 1903-1904.

Second Class—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1903, to June 30, 1904.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	Total.
Fair Water	2	40	38	78	27	30	57	\$822 50	\$1,011 97
Fenwood	2	47	41	88	27	31	58	765 00	1,066 46
Ferryville	2	45	46	91	20	23	43	675 00	838 63
Fillmore	2	38	38	76	27	26	53	770 00	1,520 56
Fish Creek	2	46	52	98	19	31	50	810 00	1,161 68
Forestville	2	64	45	109	39	31	70	751 25	5,586 98
Franklin	2	39	46	85	33	42	75	783 00	1,517 39
Franklinville	2	38	28	65	24	16	40	630 00	1,280 38
Fremont	2	20	61	81	27	38	65	720 00	1,358 82
Fulton	2	19	32	51	13	14	27	630 05	796 13
Gays Mills	2	34	60	94	20	38	58	720 00	1,073 97
Genesee	2	23	34	57	21	22	43	765 00	1,309 80
Georgetown	2	54	60	114	24	31	55	720 00	876 65
Germania	2	30	30	60	17	20	37	720 00	867 37
Gilmanstown	2	37	30	67	22	24	46	720 00	1,015 35
Glendale	2	46	34	80	22	28	50	765 00	852 80
Grafton	2	51	55	106	28	24	52	765 00	923 16
Grand Rapids	2	40	36	76	39	38	77	1,160 00	1,380 41
Greenleaf	2	55	36	91	21	19	40	720 00	1,064 29
Hales Corners	2	39	31	70	38	23	61	720 00	851 60
Hanover	2	30	20	50	28	20	48	810 00	1,070 49
Hawkins	2	47	42	89	18	17	35	585 03	771 80
Hawthorne	2	72	67	139	23	27	50	855 00	4,033 66
Hayton	2	27	16	43	28	29	57	812 50	987 20
Hebron	2	34	41	75	17	14	31	711 00	771 56
Hersey	2	63	61	124	22	27	49	720 00	933 40
Hingham	2	41	45	86	32	32	64	810 00	1,325 38
Hollandale	2	42	32	74	23	18	41	918 00	4,690 57
Homestead	2	29	34	63	18	22	40	765 00	1,116 03
Honey Creek	2	22	36	58	14	22	36	891 00	1,069 54
Houlton	2	49	58	107	34	44	78	720 00	883 79
Ingram	2	44	28	72	30	25	55	765 00	1,265 46
Ironton	2	42	40	82	29	30	59	900 00	3,807 00
Ithaca	2	43	35	78	31	23	54	675 00	1,043 70
Jackson	2	29	37	66	22	31	53	675 00	826 89
Jacksonport	2	41	53	94	23	35	58	855 00	1,221 26
Kennan	2	37	62	99	24	40	64	785 50	1,416 66
Kingston	2	47	32	79	38	17	55	500 00	1,197 99
Lambertson	2	40	24	64	28	14	42	877 50	967 26
Lannon	2	45	39	84	27	27	54	675 00	901 60
Laona	2	2	2	4	2	2	4	832 50	1,193 82
Lopolis	2	47	47	94	30	29	59	792 00	1,298 33
Limeridge	2	39	57	96	23	47	70	720 00	830 71
Lind	2	33	32	65	19	21	40	640 00	830 71
Little Black	2	38	40	78	29	28	57	685 00	1,021 03
Lomira	2	54	41	95	35	24	59	742 50	897 77
London	2	51	38	89	33	20	53	675 00	893 84
Lynxville	2	44	52	96	38	36	74	832 24	1,012 24
Lyons	2	37	37	74	23	31	54	765 00	1,002 08
Mauison, No. 11	2	48	39	87	37	23	60	813 00	1,201 09
Manchester	2	34	33	67	19	15	34	665 00	945 03
Manitowoc, No. 1	2	32	38	70	22	26	48	805 00	910 00
Mifflin	2	32	50	82	19	32	51	765 00	1,590 75
Milladore	2	54	58	112	32	40	72	792 00	1,112 68
Milwaukee, No. 2	2	68	47	115	39	27	66	1,150 00	1,525 80
Milwaukee, No. 5	2	42	40	82	30	26	56	900 00	1,066 81
Mindoro	2	27	56	83	21	30	51	762 00	814 73
Monico	2	2	2	4	2	2	4	2	2
Morrisonville	2	34	30	64	22	18	40	618 00	914 53
Mosel	2	54	46	100	30	27	57	630 00	860 31
Mountain	2	39	36	75	22	20	42	765 00	1,160 00
Mt. Sterling	2	31	32	63	16	18	34	675 00	732 93
Nelson	2	58	54	112	35	42	77	765 00	964 17
Nesho	2	35	29	64	24	22	46	720 00	1,097 26
Newberg	2	30	23	53	19	16	35	855 00	1,756 77

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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STATE GRADED SCHOOLS FOR 1903-1904.

Second Class—Continued.

Location.	No. of departments.	Enrollment.			Average attendance.			Amount expended from June 30, 1903, to June 30, 1904.	
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Teachers' wages.	Total.
N. Holst'n, No. 1.....	2	30	27	57	24	20	44	\$783 00	\$1,022 30
N. Holst'n, No. 5.....	2	41	48	89	36	40	76	945 00	1,307 16
Norrie.....	2	53	46	99	23	27	50	810 00	1,099 65
North Craudon.....	2	34	29	63	34	20	54	720 00	1,055 00
Northport.....	2	36	41	77	23	27	50	720 00	1,123 19
Odanah.....	2	32	37	69	22	24	46	810 00	971 38
Osema.....	2	26	30	56	18	23	41	765 00	1,155 09
Oostburg.....	2	85	82	167	35	33	68	750 00	911 87
Otjen.....	2	48	44	92	28	14	42	900 00	1,751 72
Paoli.....	2	25	45	70	17	33	50	793 00	937 65
Pembine.....	2	32	24	56	21	15	36	855 00	4,183 26
Phlox.....	2	11	13	24	9	11	20	405 00	435 11
Pigeon Falls.....	2	38	51	89	20	31	51	420 00	1,791 56
Pl. Prairie, No. 1.....	2	31	39	70	18	28	46	900 00	1,202 23
Pl. Prairie, No. 11.....	2	36	39	75	25	25	50	770 00	1,247 76
Plover.....	2	59	70	129	35	46	81	855 25	956 33
Polar.....	2	42	47	89	25	24	49	695 00	3,063 88
Poplar.....	2	39	59	98	21	33	54	750 25	954 78
Poy Sippi.....	2	51	62	113	39	44	83	1,008 00	2,850 59
Reedsville.....	2	37	37	74	27	26	53	765 00	950 17
Richfield.....	2	41	46	87	24	33	57	745 00	1,465 34
Richland City.....	2	53	30	83	38	32	70	720 00	998 14
River Falls.....	2	37	41	78	25	29	54	675 00	1,179 10
Roberts.....	2	34	28	62	24	22	46	765 00	990 81
Rochester.....	2	37	32	69	23	21	44	810 00	924 44
Rome.....	2	29	41	70	18	33	51	747 00	847 92
Royalton.....	2	52	70	122	36	46	82	810 00	3,015 35
Salem.....	2	41	46	87	32	31	63	1,035 00	1,244 18
Saukville.....	2	37	56	93	28	31	59	945 00	1,280 31
Schleisingserville.....	2	47	43	90	36	31	67	1,075 00	1,374 22
Seneca.....	2	40	41	81	26	28	54	664 00	756 39
Sheboygan, No. 4.....	2	50	39	89	30	34	64	630 00	1,200 19
Sheboygan, No. 1.....	2	29	23	62	21	12	33	720 00	1,031 03
Sheboygan Falls.....	2	41	46	87	30	39	69	720 00	976 00
Shopiere.....	2	41	32	73	25	23	48	810 00	1,137 18
Silver Creek.....	2	51	29	80	36	20	56	765 00	1,326 34
Silver Springs.....	2	48	33	81	32	21	53	765 00	1,675 21
So. Germantown.....	2	49	54	103	42	44	86	960 00	1,364 65
Sparta.....	2	41	50	91	21	33	54	590 00	889 05
Spruce.....	2	43	49	92	13	28	41	675 00	814 06
Star Prairie.....	2	40	37	77	35	30	65	720 00	895 97
Steuben.....	2	30	27	57	22	18	40	6 00	813 96
Stiles.....	2	49	44	93	40	38	78	675 00	961 32
Stitzer.....	2	36	44	80	23	32	55	651 00	738 33
Stockholm.....	2	41	48	89	28	33	61	855 00	1,015 64
Stone Bank.....	2	32	27	59	18	18	36	675 00	785 75
Superior.....	2	44	42	86	36	34	70	675 00	766 17
Suring.....	2	37	48	85	31	30	61	945 00	1,165 15
Sussex.....	2	50	53	103	28	25	53	855 00	1,509 15
Symco.....	2	43	27	70	26	17	43	797 50	1,684 10
Theresa.....	2	47	53	100	35	44	79	1,100 00	1,511 51
Thiensville.....	2	31	26	57	24	18	42	720 00	962 07
Tunnel City.....	2	37	42	79	30	32	62	765 00	915 32
Union Center.....	2	42	36	78	26	28	54	900 00	2,633 82
Waukau.....	2	33	27	60	23	21	44	765 00	1,087 49
Waunakee.....	2	67	74	141	41	53	94	810 00	1,025 59
Welcome.....	2	43	36	79	25	21	46	760 00	911 53
West Kewaunee.....	2	34	43	77	23	27	50	765 00	1,190 70
West La Crosse.....	2	39	33	72	20	21	41	675 00	925 19
Wilson.....	2	31	43	74	28	30	58	683 75	801 49
Windsor.....	2	30	33	63	21	24	45	585 00	8,776 93
Wolf Creek.....	2	30	33	63	21	24	45	585 00	8,776 93
Woodruff.....	2	30	33	63	21	24	45	585 00	8,776 93

COLLEGES, ACADEMIES AND SEMINARIES, 1903-1904.

CORPORATE NAME.	Location.	When founded.	Religious Denomination.	STUDENTS DURING THE YEAR.			WHOLE NO. OF GRADUATES.			NO. OF INSTRUCTORS.		
				Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Totals.....				1,564	1,087	2,651	1,881	544	3,363	145	114	259
Beloit College	Beloit.....	1837	Undenominational.....	131	93	224	706	76	782	25	2	27
Concordia College.....	Milwaukee	1881	Lutheran.....	249	.....	249	342	.....	342	10	.....	10
College of the Sacred Heart.....	Prairie du Chien.....	1880	Roman Catholic.....	103	.....	103	80	.....	80	21	.....	21
Evansville Seminary.....	Evansville.....	1854	Free Methodist.....	67	69	136	63	79	142	.....	7	9
Lawrence University.....	Appleton.....	1847	Inter-denominational.....	241	166	407	.....	.....	595	15	9	24
Marquette College.....	Milwaukee.....	1864	Roman Catholic.....	277	.....	277	149	.....	149	15	.....	15
Milton College.....	Milton.....	1867	7th Day Baptists.....	19	19	38	.....	.....	295	8	4	12
Milton Academy.....	Milton.....	1848	7th Day Baptists.....	39	24	63	.....	.....	.....	8	5	13
Milwaukee Academy.....	Milwaukee.....	1864	Non-sectarian.....	108	.....	108	175	.....	175	4	.....	4
Milwaukee-Downer College.....	Milwaukee.....	1895	Non-sectarian.....	.....	353	353	.....	363	363	2	28	30
Mission House of the Reformed Church of the United States.....	Franklin.....	1859	Reformed.....	82	.....	82	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	8
North Wisconsin Academy.....	Ashland.....	1892	Congregational.....	34	45	79	.....	.....	48	1	2	3
Poynette Academy.....	Poynette.....	1884	Presbyterian.....	27	31	58	.....	26	44	.....	4	.....
St. Lawrence College.....	Mt. Calvary.....	1861	Roman Catholic.....	101	.....	101	343	.....	343	12	.....	12
St. Clara College.....	Sinsinawa.....	1854	Roman Catholic.....	.....	215	215	.....	.....	.....	.....	36	36
Sacred Heart College.....	Watertown.....	1872	Roman Catholic.....	83	.....	83	5	.....	5	10	.....	10
St. Mary's Academy.....	Prairie du Chien.....	1872	Roman Catholic.....	.....	72	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	12

COLLEGES, ACADEMIES AND SEMINARIES, 1903-1904.

CORPORATE NAME.	RECEIPTS.				DISBURSEMENTS.			
	Contributions.	From funds and endowment.	Tuition and fees.	Total.	Paid for instruct.on.	Building and repairs.	Incidental.	Total.
Totals.....	\$43,315 30	\$93,992 59	\$152,274 13	\$288,982 02	\$81,041 15	\$64,061 91	\$71,176 97	\$236,280 03
Beloit College	\$2,400 00	\$41,900 00	\$12,300 00	\$56,600 00	\$24,000 00	\$8,000 00	\$24,500 00	\$56,500 00
Concordia College.....		75 00	420 00	495 00	8,630 00	3,000 00		11,630 00
College of the Sacred Heart								
Evansville Seminary	3,300 00	250 00	2,500 00	6,050 00	2,200 00	150 00	175 00	2,525 00
Lawrence University.....	18,000 00	18,800 00	13,000 00	49,800 00				
Marquette College		169 45	8,808 95	8,978 40	862 00	800 00	8,500 00	10,162 00
Milton College	2,000 00	5,200 00	3,000 00	10,200 00	6,000 00	1,200 00	3,000 00	10,200 00
Milton Academy.....								
Milwaukee Academy.....	600 00				7,500 00	500 00	1,500 00	9,500 00
Milwaukee-Downer College.....	10,515 30	26,204 14	93,478 68	130,198 12	20,449 15	45,061 91	51,401 97	117,513 03
Mission House of the Reformed Church of the United States		794 00	3,686 50	4,480 50	5,600 00	1,200 00	700 00	7,500 00
North Wisconsin Academy.....	5,000 00		1,103 00	6,100 00	2,800 00	2,300 00	1,000 00	6,100 00
Poynette Academy	1,500 00	600 00	900 00	3,000 00	2,250 00	350 00	400 00	3,000 00
St. Lawrence College.....			8,080 00	8,080 00	750 00			750 00
St. Clara College								
Sacred Heart College.....								
St. Mary's Academy.....			5,000 00	5,000 00		900 00		900 00

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

WISCONSIN FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION.

<i>Name.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
JAMES H. STOUT.....	Menomonie	1909
MRS. C. S. MORRIS.....	Berlin	1905
C. R. VAN HISE.....	Madison	<i>ex-officio</i>
C. P. CARY.....	Madison	<i>ex-officio</i>
REUBEN G. THWAITES.....	Madison	<i>ex-officio</i>

OFFICERS AND STAFF OF THE COMMISSION.

JAMES H. STOUT.....	Menomonie	Chairman
REUBEN G. THWAITES.....	Madison	Vice Chairman
HENRY E. LEGLER.....	Madison	Secretary
MISS L. E. STEARNS.....	Milwaukee	Library Visitor
MISS CORNELIA MARVIN.....	Madison	Instructor
MISS K. I. MACDONALD.....	Madison	Assistant Secretary
CHARLES MCCARTHY.....	Madison	Librarian Document Dept.

The Wisconsin Free Library Commission was created by an act of the legislature in 1895. It consists of five members and its duties are to "give advice and counsel to all free libraries in the state and to all communities which may propose to establish them, as to the best means of establishing and administering such libraries, the selection of books, cataloging and other details of library management."

The Commission was organized December 3, 1895, and, although its means were very limited, it proved so useful that the legislature of 1897 gave it larger means and duties. It was reorganized under the amended law, April 24, 1897. It has a permanent office in the capitol at Madison to which all official correspondence should be addressed and where all friends of libraries will be welcomed.

The Commission is not only willing but anxious to promote the free public library interests of Wisconsin and will cordially accept opportunities to give personal counsel and aid. It also invites information and suggestions from all friends of libraries.

The Commission issues a "Hand Book," which gives the text of the laws of the state relating to free public libraries, suggestions as to establishing, organizing and administering them and other useful information for members of library boards, librarians and others who are interested in libraries. It also issues a "Suggestive List of Books for Small Libraries," and other reports upon the various phases of library work which are undertaken in the state, and frequent book lists giving the titles of the best of the current books.

During the nine years of the existence of the Commission there has been an unprecedented growth in the number and quality of the public libraries of the state,—a growth so remarkable that it has attracted the attention of educators throughout the nation. During that period the number of free public libraries in the state has increased from 28 to 126, and while but two of the libraries of nine years ago were conducted on modern methods there are now in the state at least a score which may be classed as excellent, and twice as many more that are well administered. In the period under review private individuals have given more than \$20,000 to traveling libraries, and \$2,291,300 has been expended in public library buildings. In addition to this many cities have built fine city halls with spacious rooms especially designed for their public libraries.

Especial attention has been given to the training of librarians and the Commission has a Summer School for Library Training which is conducted in connection with the summer session of the University of Wisconsin. The tenth session of this school was held in the months of July and August, 1904.

The legislature of 1901 passed a law permitting county boards to establish county systems of traveling libraries. In that year Winnebago county established a system which has been remarkably successful. Marinette, Brown, Oconto, Portage, Sauk, Chippewa, La Crosse and Trempealeau counties have followed the example of Winnebago. Quite a number of counties will undoubtedly follow these examples next year.

In 1896 the late J. D. Witter, of Grand Rapids, started a system of free traveling libraries in Wood county. By his will he gave an endowment of \$5,000 to maintain this system, founding, it is believed, the first county traveling library system in this country upon so permanent a basis.

Traveling libraries are small collections of books, generally from fifty to sixty in number, which are sent by the state from one community to another. The traveling libraries sent out by the Wisconsin Free Library Commission are maintained by the state, and are circulated from the offices of the Commission in the Capitol, free of all charges except the cost of transportation. These collections are made up of the best popular books in fiction, history, travel, biography, science and literature for adults and children. They are shipped in stout pine cases and are accompanied by printed catalogs and supplies necessary for keeping records of circulation. The traveling libraries are intended for farming communities and small villages not enjoying public library privileges; for villages and towns able to support public libraries, for the purpose of showing the worth of a public library and how to manage one, and also to encourage the establishment of local libraries; for villages and towns already having public libraries but with book funds insufficient for frequent buying necessary to sustain public interest; for study clubs not having access to public libraries offering adequate service; and for communities whose libraries have a large number of Scandinavian and German patrons.

Until the summer of 1903 the books in the traveling libraries came from private gifts, gifts of clubs and the subscriptions of associations receiving traveling libraries. The legislature of 1903 appropriated money for books for traveling libraries, enabling the Commission to satisfy the demands for books as has not been possible in the past. The demand is still greater than the supply. Because of these limitations the Commission must help first the smaller communities manifesting most interest in securing books and least able to get them by their own efforts.

The libraries are shipped by freight, all transportation charges being paid by the station receiving them. When the people of one station have read the volumes of a library it is returned to the Commission, where its books are checked up, record of their circulation made, necessary repairs made, and then it is sent to another station.

STATE DOCUMENTS.

Under chapter 168, laws of 1901, the Commission was directed (1) to make a check list of the public documents of Wisconsin; (2) to prepare catalogue cards for such documents, as published, and distribute them to public libraries; (3) to maintain a reference room in the capitol for the use of the state departments, legislators and students of state affairs; (4) to loan from its working library books of permanent value to students throughout the state. This work has met with popular approval and extensive use is being made of the facilities offered.

STATISTICS OF PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

PLACE.	City control.	Population.	Tax, 1904.	Other receipts.	Total.	EXPENDITURES.				Volumes added 1904.	Total volumes in library.	Borrowers, city.	Borrowers, country.	Circulation.	Librarian.
						Books.	Binding.	Periodicals.	Salaries.						
Antigo	1900	5,145	\$1,500 00	\$117 27	\$1,617 27	\$135 57	\$44 12	\$78 15	\$517 50	575	2,674	2,649	46	30,392	Clara H. Kunst.
Appleton	1897	15,035	2,464 91	388 91	2,853 82	502 13	133 20	106 72	1,200 00	662	8,302	3,582	22	46,441	Agnes L. Dwight.
Arcadia	1899	1,273	200 00	25 00	225 00	144 87	.....	.....	60 00	248	1,431	710	182	4,166	Louise Gasser.
Ashland	<i>g</i>	13,074	<i>e</i>	52 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	650	5,303	2,224	10	21,523	Tryphena G. Mitchell.
Baraboo	1897	5,751	1,000 00	78 68	1,078 68	417 02	62 35	50 40	470 00	581	5,074	1,808	4	29,419	Kate M. Potter.
Bayfield	1886	1,639	1,000 00	50 00	1,050 00	15 31	.....	74 95	.....	53	3,053	772	58	6,876	Katherine Mussell.
Beaver Dam	1885	5,123	1,186 29	1,413 80	2,600 09	436 23	48 25	99 55	.....	446	7,950	1,470	.....	23,219	Hattie A. Doolittle.
Belleville	1893	385	198 18	7 51	205 69	194 63	.....	6 25	35 00	225	2,422	217	3	3,466	Grace Knox.
Beloit	1895	10,436	2,600 00	267 00	2,867 00	176 23	230 51	85 98	.....	779	9,191	3,373	17	44,913	Nettie E. Bell.
Berlin	1903	4,489	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	62 50	269	2,689	2,129	3	7,009	Margaret Biggart.
Black Riv. F'ls	1872	1,938	200 00	119 84	319 84	139 66	5 20	16 15	144 00	148	1,513	772	.....	5,233	Anna C. Wylie.
Brodhead	<i>f</i>	1,584	<i>e</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	108	1,195	.....	.....	.....	Mrs. E. C. Randall.
Chippewa F'ls	1894	8,094	2,069 00	111 16	2,111 16	131 63	107 35	72 76	675 31	476	7,867	2,973	83	30,291	Belle Walrath.
Colby	1900	687	85 52	4 50	90 02	40 44	.....	.....	27 72	55	625	.....	.....	1,123	Rena Young.
Columbus	1901	2,349	650 00	103 52	758 52	185 64	18 60	41 45	480 00	231	2,874	980	33	13,008	Henrietta von Briesen.
Cumberland	1898	1,328	273 32	9 50	288 82	161 97	17 75	.....	560 00	406	1,620	468	2	7,208	Mrs. G. E. Carr.
Darlington	1899	1,808	300 00	615 16	915 16	397 76	47 80	22 80	95 00	460	1,950	.....	.....	9,404	Isabella Bird.
De Pere	1896	4,038	905 00	905 00	905 00	342 76	41 46	.....	300 00	317	3,148	1,288	7	15,257	Helen S. Mathews.
Dodgeville	1900	1,865	200 00	23 34	223 34	40 90	.....	.....	60 00	47	995	775	.....	4,776	Lita M. Johns.
Durand	1900	1,458	500 00	350 23	850 23	115 02	35 25	10 00	71 25	124	1,207	281	26	4,409	Mrs. E. M. Dunlap.
E. Milwaukee	1903	1,512	<i>b</i>	48 39	23 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	57	169	68	.....	701	Julia E. Olsen.
Eau Claire	1875	17,517	5,000 00	106 18	5,106 18	586 41	273 45	251 85	1,980 26	1,625	15,036	2,828	6	41,361	Jean Hawkins.
Edgerton	1900	2,192	700 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	129	1,752	117	32	6,271	Mrs. Hannah Croft.
Eleva	1903	225	15 00	36 05	51 05	28 24	.....	.....	.....	316	318	144	.....	1,370	Emma Gilbert.
Elkhorn	1900	1,731	400 00	296 78	696 78	66 97	40 55	31 75	180 00	327	3,020	585	29	3,773	Edna L. Derthick.
Evansville	1899	1,864	200 00	30 11	230 11	79 63	69 53	31 30	180 00	477	3,234	1,075	.....	11,258	Maggie Gillies.
Fairchild	1899	947	.....	9 62	9 62	6 25	.....	.....	.....	6	370	378	.....	2,015	Ruth Hood.
Fond du Lac	1876	15,110	3,000 00	128 20	3,128 20	476 35	197 35	134 45	.....	1,115	21,470	4,600	6	42,032	Emma E. Rose.
Footville	<i>d</i>	300	<i>e</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fort Atkinson	1893	3,043	500 00	25 29	525 29	137 22	94 20	44 80	172 90	114	2,453	644	10	9,759	Sue C. Nichols.

a Supported by income from endowment. *b* No tax. *bb* Supported by individuals. *c* Income from school fund. *d* Association free library. *e* Unincorporated place. *f* School library. *g* Free library controlled by private board. *h* Subscription library. *†* Report incomplete. *** No report received. *‡* Recently organized; no statistics ready.

Galesville.....	<i>d</i>	862	<i>b</i>			1 75			26	200	124	25	637	
Grand Rapids.....	1890	4,499		59 08	1,889 62	344 75	26 10	76 65	360 00					
Green Bay.....	1888	18,684	2,500 00	287 31	2,787 31	279 09	239 85	141 85	941 00	328	10,192	3,073	10	44,650
†Hartford.....	<i>d</i>	1,632	<i>b</i>	45 29				17 10						
Hartland.....	1897	1,629								125	842	503		1,962
Hayward.....	1887	2,525	777 42	15 04	792 46	175 22		38 35	300 00	154	2,748	553	27	7,426
Hillsboro.....	1898	755	350 00		350 00	188 86		33 50	125 00	213	960	336	10	4,308
Horicon.....	1890	1,376	300 00	6 50	306 50	38 46		24 70	180 00	38	1,205	682		3,468
Hortonville.....	1903	913		35 22	35 22	28 15				45	134	106	18	739
†Hudson.....	1903	3,259	1,064 55	524 24	1,588 79	464 72		49 90	200 00	2,362	2,362			
Janesville.....	1883	13,185	3,500 00	76 85	3,576 85	712 00	453 65	127 80	1,943 32	559	16,065	3,222		44,989
Johnson's Crk.....	<i>d</i>	375	<i>e</i>	57 06		26 40		6 10		347	347	129		
Kaukauna.....	1899	5,115	1,000 00	68 66	1,068 66	88 28	51 41	41 75	370 00	108	2,800	1,754	17	15,641
Kenosha.....	1896	11,606	10,536 16	322 03	10,858 19	1,493 90	167 23	169 22	2,608 70	1,286	14,836	4,100		64,836
Kilbourn.....	1898	1,134	375 00	18 50	393 50					232	1,683	584	10	8,444
Lake Geneva.....	<i>a</i>	28,895	1,500 00	146 34	1,646 34	300 00	200 00	50 00	960 00	267	13,582	3,664		235,160
Lake Mills.....	1898	2,585	1,451 00	89 00	1,540 00			111 63	520 00	234	485	936	37	11,795
†Lake Geneva.....	1902	1,387		26 67		105 15				213	1,676	742		8,391
Lancaster.....	1901	2,403	600 00	62 95	662 95	105 15		46 87	150 00	126	1,802	1,284		12,960
La Valle.....	<i>d</i>	386	<i>b</i>	202 41		96 09				269	269			
†Lodi.....	<i>d</i>	1,068	<i>b</i>											
Madison.....	1875	19,164	5,250 00	514 53	5,764 53	1,157 65	718 88		3,239 16	1,374	14,722	9,079		82,145
Manitowoc.....	1900	11,786	2,224 15	113 02	2,337 17	352 56	70 30	86 28	1,022 75	366	6,513	3,900		2 35,762
Marinette.....	1878	16,195	4,000 00	598 11	4,598 11	726 80	296 17	150 93	1,495 05	852	9,670	4,021		24 47,519
Marshfield.....	1901	5,240	1,434 58	546 62	1,981 20	354 48	79 35	53 46	861 00	510	3,441	1,767		57 19,213
Mazomanie.....	1899	902	50 00	58 52	108 52	60 09	10 40		18 75	77	473	300		30 3,036
Medford.....	1903	1,758	500 00	290 09	730 09	55 42	9 30	8 15	360 00	300	1,514	753		9 12,420
Menasha.....	1896	5,589	2,189 21	730 77	2,919 93	364 51	274 78	41 35	800 00	816	5,491	1,717		24 19,794
†Menomonie.....	<i>a</i>	5,655				500 00		100 00		661	9,132	2,708		218 35,451
Merrill.....	1891	8,537	<i>o</i>	553 30		158 50	102 50	67 38		335	8,440	810		20 39,000
Milwaukee.....	1878	285,315	55,002 32	2,162 01	57,164 33	14870 17	501 31	1224 93	33968 03	14,962	145781			545466
Mineral Point.....	<i>d</i>	2,991	150 00	261 35	411 35	49 17	44 40		25 00	120	3,602	850		
Mondovi.....	1902	1,208	200 00	45 84	245 84	72 72	26 05	36 80	20 00	95	1,168	555		77 6,706
Monroe.....	<i>f</i>	3,927	1,250 00	29 50	1,279 50	293 04	126 60	68 65	445 00	458	5,685	1,711		3 19,867
*Montello.....	<i>d</i>	875	<i>b</i>			92 71		10 33		176	1,436	303		25 5,729
Mosinee.....	<i>a</i>	657	<i>bb</i>	107 29										
†Mount Horeb.....	1904	864												
Neenah.....	1884	5,934	2,714 86	154 09	2,868 95	294 98	167 79	50 46	775 03	577	8,404	1,778		76 25,856
Neillsville.....	1897	2,104	541 14	59 00	600 14	143 98	78 30	41 03	285 00	303	2,669	1,317		20 14,154
New London.....	1900	2,742	150 00	10 00	160 00	24 00	10 00	10 00	120 00		1,372	870		29 4,695
*New Richmond.....	1899	1,631				102 49	1 90		24 00	148	447	158		2,045
North Freedom.....	1899	485	40 00	79 65	119 65									
†N. Greenfield.....	<i>d</i>	1,075												

B. May Currier.
 Edith L. Rablin.
 Deborah B. Martin.
 Juno H. Goetz
 Mabel V. Hansen.
 Mrs. Christie Goulette
 R. T. O'Neil.
 Clara B. Carr.
 Anna Ritger.
 Florence S. Wing.
 Mrs. Louise S. Best.
 Grace E. Mansfield.
 Lillian E. Bell.
 Mrs. Clara P. Barnes.)
 Lillian Ramsay.
 *Annie E. Hanscome.
 Gertrude J. Noyes.
 Clara M. Mosher.
 Bessie McNair.
 Mrs. Henry Thornton.
 Edith Whitlaw.
 Julia A. Hopkins.
 Florence C. Hays.
 Julia E. Elliott.
 H. Della Ellinwood.
 Edna B. Woolrich.
 Joanna Hislop.
 Lucy L. Pleasants.
 Stella Lucas.
 Janet Russell.
 Geo. W. Peckham.
 Mrs. March Chase.
 Mrs. C. MacGregor.
 Katherine Smock.
 Mrs. J. E. Underwood.
 Clara E. Boyd.
 Mrs. Marie Eidsmore.
 Zana K. Miller.
 Mame Woodward.
 Jennie Radkey.
 Susie Petteys.
 Carl Conrad.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

a Salaries, light and heat furnished by city. * Mary A. Smith, Librarian-elect.
a Support by income from endowment. *b* No tax. *bb* Supported by individuals. *c* Income from school fund. *d* Association free library.
e Unincorporated place. *f* School library. *g* Free library controlled by private board. *h* Subscription library.
† Report incomplete. * No report received. † Recently organized; no statistics ready.

STATISTICS OF PUBLIC LIBRARIES—Continued.

PLACE.	City control.	Population.	Tax, 1904.	Other receipts.	Total.	EXPENDITURES.				Volumes added 1904.	Total volumes in library.	Borrowers, city.	Borrowers, country.	Circulation.	Librarian.
						Books.	Binding.	Periodicals.	Salaries.						
N. Milwaukee.	1898	1,049	\$300 00	\$5 54	\$305 54	\$81 75	\$5 72		\$144 00	119	767	410	2	4,097	Annie G. Godfrey.
Oakfield	1899	475	.....	9 50	.....	151 57	17 88		30 50	134	922	340	1	5,080	Nellie O. Raymond.
† Oconomowoc.	<i>d</i>	2,880	<i>b</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....	318	3,787	1,017	168	16,492	Gabriella Ackley.
Oconto	1902	5,646	1,500 00	1,765 68	3,265 68	2,003 66	9 40	71 87	860 50	2,320	3,796	1,683	.....	32,375	Elizabeth B. Wales.
Omro	1902	1,558	87 50	1 78	89 58	62 27	.....	.....	37 50	60	434	625	78	6,531	John S. Shelp.
Oshkosh	1895	28,284	6,000 00	3,215 62	9,215 62	3,023 47	488 71	129 45	2,254 50	3,250	17,449	7,016	.....	94,742	Emily Turner.
† Peshtigo	1904	1,725	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Matie E. McFarlane.
† Pewaukee	1904	714	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Bessie Waite.
† Platteville.	<i>d</i>	3,540	<i>b</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Volunteer help.
Plymouth	1901	2,237	899 45	57 86	957 31	301 34	15 45	22 25	265 00	242	1,641	826	159	12,494	Mrs. Ella C. Ames.
Portage	1901	5,459	1,400 00	107 56	1,507 56	734 33	133 20	97 43	642 00	1,213	5,188	2,163	176	26,618	Mrs. W. G. Clough.
† Pt. Washin'ton	<i>d</i>	3,010	<i>b</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Edwin R. Smith.
Prairie du Sac.	1901	656	.....	10 05	.....	15 88	.....	14 80	57 20	16	380	292	52	2,876	Ruth Hutchins.
Prescott.	<i>d</i>	1,002	200 00	34 65	234 65	58 43	.....	.....	.....	3	653	352	.....	2,912	E. H. Wallace.
Racine	1896	29,102	5,000 00	158 40	5,158 40	1,453 55	370 42	133 33	1,603 55	1,330	11,115	5,527	7	49,067	Mary J. Calkins.
Reedsburg.	1899	2,225	400 00	186 74	586 74	215 12	42 00	42 25	200 00	289	2,414	1,333	.....	2,10,144	Hattie C. Swetland.
Rhineland	1897	4,998	1,500 00	78 37	1,578 37	241 96	69 45	34 65	739 60	253	2,442	1,128	104	18,132	Mary A. Smith.
Rice Lake.	<i>d</i>	625	.....	95 02	.....	.....	6 00	10 65	33 24	75	562	66	.....	.....	Anna M. Kennedy.
Rice Lake.	1896	3,002	1,000 00	.....	.....	307 41	24 95	58 55	239 25	315	2,590	832	.....	1,12,048	Mrs. James Robbins.
Richland Cent.	1898	2,321	582 22	16 90	599 12	92 50	65 40	46 00	240 00	386	1,882	1,995	12	13,305	Mrs. O. F. Black.
Ripon	1898	3,818	1,116 92	49 67	1,166 59	300 00	40 00	50 00	420 00	335	5,639	.....	.....	.....	Frances P. Scribner.
Seymour.	1901	1,026	<i>b</i>	15 04	.....	63 23	18 00	.....	.....	78	738	480	.....	2,548	Mrs. J. A. Stewart.
Shawano	1899	1,863	.....	139 00	.....	36 88	.....	.....	.....	8	200	47 00	.....	.....	Lulu Roberts.
Sheboygan	1897	22,962	3,559 48	252 82	3,812 30	864 55	157 24	75 55	1,390 00	1,143	7,759	2,476	.....	33,538	Bertha Marx.
Shiocton.	<i>d</i>	300	50 00	1 00	51 00	47 00	.....	.....	.....	67	302	327	75	1,693	E. O. Sarber.
So. Milwaukee.	1899	3,392	100 00	4 46	104 46	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	300	123	.....	2,020	Max Hofmann.
Sparta	1874	3,555	2,219 40	50 00	2,269 40	405 78	22 80	38 95	450 00	392	4,706	1,362	.....	19,654	Jennie Scouten.
Spring Green.	1897	621	100 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38	536	223	.....	1 3,182	Henrietta Watson.
Stanley.	1900	2,387	1,000 00	18 08	1,018 08	149 87	74 05	58 50	416 00	306	2,335	943	101	10,334	Martha E. Dunn.
Stevens Point.	1897	9,524	900 00	57 98	957 98	96 73	74 60	.....	475 00	286	5,300	4,099	.....	152,689	Mollie L. Catlin.

a Supported by income from endowment. *b* No tax. *bb* Supported by individuals. *c* Income from school fund. *d* Association free library. *e* Unincorporated place. *f* School library. *g* Free library controlled by private board. *h* Subscription library. *†* Report incomplete. *** No report received. *‡* Recently organized; no statistics ready.

Stoughton.....	1901	3,431	976 20	46 53	1,022 73	214 43	113 77	70 93	265 00	402	2,077	1,448	34	14,858	Hilda Bjoin.
Sun Prairie.....	1901	938	100 00	47 05	147 05	28 89	5 60	.....	15 00	45	336	257	17	2,352	Letta Veerhusen.
Superior.....	1899	31,091	5,000 00	133 51	5,133 51	789 55	312 75	221 45	2,508 25	1,290	15,803	4,228	.....	53,228	Grace O. Edwards.
Thorp.....	1898	838	100 00	73 93	173 93	88 67	33 95	.....	36 00	111	992	.....	.....	5,696	Mrs. W. S. Parks.
Token Creek.....	<i>h</i>	100	.....	9 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	212	26	.....	90	Mary Connor.
Tonah.....	1902	2,840	700 00	40 61	740 61	263 14	33 10	24 34	183 47	316	1,477	921	28	16,918	C. W. D. Voswinkel.
Two Rivers.....	1892	3,784	750 00	321 54	1,071 54	168 09	90 45	26 74	510 00	220	3,329	366	.....	15,056	Lizzie G. Baetz.
Viroqua.....	1898	1,950	800 00	28 00	828 00	268 20	8 70	10 15	240 00	321	2,284	738	.....	9,677	Anna E. Turner.
Washburn.....	1891	6,025	2,700 00	10 42	2,710 32	118 36	40 35	70 10	450 00	152	2,675	1,354	24	15,287	Mrs. M. M. Greenwood
Waterloo.....	<i>h</i>	1,137	<i>b</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	185	598	96	.....	.....	Hattie E. Andrews.
Watertown.....	1902	8,437	1,753 92	316 06	2,069 98	470 32	400 85	79 70	821 80	1,048	3,746	1,943	4	36,136	Maud R. Macpherson.
Waukesha.....	1900	7,419	1,500 00	81 79	1,581 79	402 00	21 05	19 00	415 00	1,056	4,198	1,870	5	17,874	Fannie L. Ellis.
Waupaca.....	1900	2,912	450 00	16 50	466 50	174 00	70 10	35 05	120 00	282	2,133	3,169	.....	13,723	Winnifred Bailey.
Waupun.....	1904	3,185	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80	12,330	Mrs Sarah P. Doney.
Wausau.....	1897	12,354	1,300 00	43 79	1,343 79	88 06	.....	16 25	406 00	256	4,090	3,701	.....	18,521	Nellie Silverthorn.
Wausaukee.....	<i>g</i>	500	<i>bb</i>	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,573	50	10	.....	Edna Nichol.
Wauwatosa.....	1897	2,812	700 00	48 02	748 02	189 87	24 95	66 05	380 00	229	4,454	430	26	7,748	Mrs. Agnes B. Roddis.
West Bend.....	1902	2,119	320 00	108 97	428 97	122 82	14 75	.....	120 00	206	1,919	880	.....	7,628	Anna Klumb.
Westby.....	1902	524	100 00	6 64	106 64	90 94	.....	5 25	10 00	99	301	155	.....	4,800	Carl Olson.
Whitehall.....	1899	600	200 00	409 05	609 05	100 00	37 60	13 60	325 00	135	1,514	.....	.....	2,652	C. J Van Tassel.
Whitewater.....	1899	3,405	625 00	66 45	691 45	473 66	103 55	63 45	450 00	533	4,124	2,181	4	20,867	Ella A. Hamilton.

a Supported by income from endowment. *b* No tax. *bb* Supported by individuals. *c* Income from school fund. *d* Association free library.
e Unincorporated place. *f* School library. *g* Free library controlled by private board. *h* Subscription library.
† Report incomplete. * No report received. ‡ Recently organized; no statistics ready.

SOME NOTABLE GIFTS, 1903-1904.

Place.	Money.	Place.	Money
Antigo (Carnegie).....	\$15,000 00	New London (Carnegie).....	\$10,000 00
Bayfield (Carnegie).....	10,000 00	Oconto (O. A. Ellis, for books).....	1,206 99
Baraboo (A. Andrus).....	1,000 00	Oconto (J. C. Brooks, for books).....	500 00
Berlin.....	12,500 00	Peshigo.....	525 00
Darlington (Carnegie).....	10,000 00	Platteville (Neely).....	10,000 00
Evansville (Eager).....	10,000 00	Platteville (Citizens).....	500 00
Evansville (Citizens).....	2,000 00	Racine (Woman's Club).....	500 00
Green Bay (Carnegie).....	5,000 00	Rhineland (Carnegie).....	15,000 00
Hartford (Citizens).....	500 00	Rhineland (Citizens).....	1,500 00
Hayward (Carnegie).....	10,000 00	Rice Lake (Carnegie).....	10,000 00
Hudson (Citizens).....	524 00	Richland Center (Carnegie).....	10,000 00
Hudson (Carnegie).....	12,000 00	Stevens Point (Carnegie).....	1,850 00
Kaukauna (Carnegie).....	10,000 00	Tomah (Citizens).....	2,500 00
Kilbourn (Citizens).....	1,500 00	Tomahawk (Citizens).....	250 00
La Crosse (L. C. Coleman).....	1,000 00	Viroqua (Carnegie).....	10,000 00
Manitowoc (Carnegie).....	25,000 00	Washburn (Carnegie).....	15,000 00
Marshfield (W. D. Connor).....	500 00	Watertown (Carl Manz).....	500 00
Milwaukee (Mrs. M. H. Keenan).....	5,000 00	Waukesha (Carnegie).....	9,000 00
Milwaukee Downer College (Upham).....	10,000 00	Waupun (Carnegie).....	10,000 00
Monroe (Ludlow).....	12,500 00	Wausau (Carnegie).....	25,000 00

LIBRARIES IN STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Name of library.	City.	No. of vols.	Librarian.
State Law	Madison	39,614	John R. Berryman.
State Historical Society	Madison	*250,000	Isaac S. Bradley.
State University	Madison	81,461	Walter M. Smith.
Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters	Madison	5,500	
Normal School	Milwaukee	*15,558	Cordelia G. Ovitz.
Normal School	Oshkosh	*11,700	Ella G. Parmelee.
Normal School	Platteville	*7,330	Bee A. Gardner.
Normal School	River Falls	4,676	Caroline E. Silliman.
Normal School	Stevens Point... ..	*10,300	Elizabeth F. Simpson
Normal School	Superior	*6,400	Harriet L. Eaton.
Normal School	Whitewater	*9,934	Grace E. Salisbury.
Normal School	Waukesha	1,425	J. S. Roessler.
Industrial School for Boys	Milwaukee		
Industrial School for Girls	Oshkosh	1,206	
State Hospital for Insane	Mendota	1,515	Miss E. M. Bullard.
State Public School	Sparta	450	Mrs. Isabel C. Park.
School for the Blind	Janesville.....	2,210	Frances E. Ryan.
School for the Deaf	Delavan	*3,679	E. W. Walker.
State Prison	Waupun	3,000	G. W. Pepper.
State Reformatory	Green Bay	700	C. W. Rowron.
Veterans' Home	Waupaca	*1,200	John Howard.

* Including pamphlets.

COLLEGE AND ACADEMY LIBRARIES.

Name of library.	City.	No. of vols.	Librarian.
Lawrence University	Appleton.....	* 29,463	Zelia Smith.
North Wisconsin Academy.....	Ashland.....	* 3,500	Hattie Eribnow.
Wayland Academy.....	Beaver Dam.....	* 2,500	David Merriam.
Beloit College.....	Beloit.....	* 42,000	James A. Blaisdell.
St. John's Military Academy.....	Delafield.....	† 1,500	
Hillside Home.....	Hillside.....	† 1,500	
Milton College.....	Milton.....	† 5,900	
Concordia College.....	Milwaukee.....	* 2,400	Prof. C. Ross.
German-English Academy.....	Milwaukee.....	† 1,243	
Marquette College.....	Milwaukee.....	* 11,750	V. Putten.
Milwaukee Academy.....	Milwaukee.....	† 1,700	Julius H. Pratt.
Milwaukee-Downer College.....	Milwaukee.....	* 6,380	Florence E. Weissert.
National German-American Teachers' Seminary.....	Milwaukee.....	† 1,503	
St. Lawrence College.....	Mt. Calvary.....	3,350	Justin Hausmann.
Nashotah House.....	Nashotah.....	† 10,000	
Sacred Heart College.....	Prairie du Chien.....	† 11,000	
Racine College.....	Racine.....	† 11,000	
Home School.....	Racine.....	† 4,000	
St. Catherine's Academy.....	Racine.....	* 3,895	Mother M. Cecilia.
Ripon College.....	Ripon.....	12,000	O. J. Marston.
Catholic Normal School.....	St. Francis.....	* 4,798	J. M. Kasel.
St. Clara Female Academy.....	Sinsinawa.....	† 3,000	
Stoughton Academy.....	Stoughton.....	† 7,000	
Northwestern University.....	Watertown.....	† 4,913	
Sacred Heart College.....	Watertown.....	† 1,500	
Carroll College.....	Waukesha.....	† 1,000	

* Including pamphlets. † From report of 1902.

COUNTY TRAVELING LIBRARY SYSTEM.

County.	Year established.	Amount appropriated.	No. of stations.	No. of libraries.	Circulation.	Foreign books.
Brown.....	1897	.....	9	11	.....	.....
Marinette.....	1902	\$250	17	18	999	.....
Portage.....	1904	500	17	17	.....	Polish.
Sauk.....	1904	500	10	10	.....	.....
Winnebago.....	1901	200	22	27	4,221	German.

WISCONSIN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

This Association was formed February 11, 1891, and was the third State Library Association formed in the United States.

DR. E. A. BIRGE, Madison.....	President
MISS GRACE O. EDWARDS, Superior.....	Vice-President
HENRY E. LEGLER, Madison.....	Secretary
MISS GRACE SALISBURY, Whitewater	Treasurer

NORTHERN WISCONSIN TRAVELING LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Organized in December, 1896, with headquarters in Ashland. It keeps twenty-five traveling libraries in circulation in Ashland and the adjoining counties.

B. WILLIAMS, Ashland	President
MISS TRYPHENA MITCHELL, Ashland.....	Secretary

FOX RIVER VALLEY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Organized October 21, 1898.

HON. H. P. BIRD, Wausaukee	President
MISS EMMA ROSE, Fond du Lac	Vice President
MISS LILLIAN BELL, Kaukauna	Secretary
MISS AGNES DWIGHT, Appleton	Treasurer

WEST WISCONSIN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Organized December 5, 1898.

JAS. H. STOUT, Menomonie	President
L. M. NEWMAN, Chippewa Falls	Vice President
MISS STELLA LUCAS, Menomonie	Secretary

WISCONSIN VALLEY LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Organized at Mosinee February 11, 1899.

H. M. THOMPSON, Milwaukee	President
MRS. MARY M. DICKENS, Wausau	Secretary
MRS. HENRY CURRAN, Stevens Point	Treasurer

WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

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O. F. CHASE, Oshkosh	Vice President
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MAJ. T. L. JEFFERS	Adjutant
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CAPT. A. G. DINSMORE	Quartermaster
REV. W. R. BROWN	Chaplain
FATHER WM. MORPELL	Chaplain

The Wisconsin Veterans' Home was founded by the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Wisconsin, Nov. 16, 1887, to care for honorably discharged indigent soldiers, sailors or marines of the war of the Rebellion, who cannot be received into any national home for disabled volunteer soldiers, and for their indigent wives or widows, for whom no provision is made at the National Homes, and who previously had been separated, the wife to go to the poor house, the husband going to the National Home.

The Wisconsin Home was built on what is known as the cottage plan, each cottage being for two persons, in every instance, man and wife. The cooking was done in a large, centrally located, two-story building, the Widows' dormitory being overhead. Meals were served in a commodious dining room in connection with a kitchen.

The Home soon outgrew the calculations of its founders and it became necessary to provide large buildings in lieu of building more cottages. Fairchild Hall, Jerry Rusk Hall and Marston Hall were all built for the accommodation of men and wives; three buildings for single men were also provided. The buildings for men and wives each have a dining room and kitchen attached. The single men, the occupants of cottages and the widows who occupy the widows' dormitory, all take their meals in the main dining hall.

During 1899 many extensive improvements were carried out in order that the urgent demands upon the institution from all parts of the state could be met. A large hospital building was provided after the most approved plan. This building is pronounced by the government inspector, who visits the Home frequently, the finest hospital connected with any National or State Home in the country. It is now filled to its utmost capacity.

A new system for heating and lighting all of the new buildings was put in and has proved itself a great success. An entire new sewerage system had become a necessity, as the State Board of Health had condemned the old system, which had become a menace to the health of the people. A new brick power house equipped with boilers adapted to burn coal was provided, as wood had become too expensive to be longer used. A new brick pump house, equipped with a modern electric pump, was also provided to meet the increased demands of the institution. The large sink hole, in which had been deposited for many years the

sewage, was filled up, and about ten acres of ground fully reclaimed and all danger of contagion removed.

The property is now owned by the state but is controlled by a board of trustees elected by the department of the G. A. R. It is supported by an appropriation of \$3.00 per week for each enrolled member, made by the state for the maintenance of these people, based on actual time cared for, all absences from any cause deducted. An alphabetical list of members is sent to the secretary of state each month showing the number of days that each individual has been maintained during that month. This report is attested by the commandant and adjutant and sworn to by the president and secretary of the Board of Trustees. The State Board of Control visit the Home frequently and have full power under the law to investigate the management in every particular. Every official and employe of the institution is required by law to furnish the State Board of Control with any and all information asked for.

The visits of the Board of Control are much appreciated by the management and any suggestions made by them are given careful consideration.

The Home is situated on the shores of a chain of sixteen beautiful lakes near the city of Waupaca, and is unsurpassed for its healthfulness and for its beautiful scenery and surroundings.

The Woman's Relief Corps, the Grand Army of the Republic, and many generous citizens of our state have expended in buildings and furnishings at the Home over \$50,000 and are justly proud of the institution.

The state receives from the government the sum of one hundred dollars per annum for every male inmate based upon the actual time he is cared for by the Home. Up to June 30, 1904, the state has received from this source \$291,776.81. There is still due the state on account of deficiency in funds for the June quarter of 1904, \$2,165.82. This money is paid directly to the state, none of it being received by the Home. The liberal appropriations made by the state have made it competent for the trustees to make this one of the best institutions of its kind in the United States.

The home comprises 90 acres of land upon which there are 75 buildings, all in good condition. It has the appearance of a flourishing village instead of an institution.

During 1904, a steel water tank was constructed and an additional water system of eight-inch water mains was put in, which gives proper fire protection to all buildings. Nearly all buildings were painted and all urgent repairs were made. A heavy stone wall was built on the lake front, and a cement walk in place of the old wood sidewalk. An additional boiler has been added to the equipment of the power house to meet the demands on that department. The demand for admission has been so great the past year that it became necessary to convert several sitting rooms in the various buildings into sleeping rooms. The increased age and decrepitude of many veterans has made it impossible for them to support themselves longer, and they have been compelled to seek the shelter of the Home.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

743

WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME.

Statement Showing Membership, Deaths, Cost of Maintenance, Amount Paid State by United States, and Net Cost to State from Opening of Home to December 31, 1904.

YEAR.	MEMBERSHIP.			Deaths during year.	Total cost to maintain.	Paid to state by U. S.	Net cost to the state.
	Men.	Women.	Total				
1888 ..	55	15	70	4	\$5,330 58	*	\$5,330 58
1889 ...	105	23	128	8	16,041 01	\$4,279 89	11,761 12
1890 ...	143	73	216	10	19,843 27	5,731 81	14,111 46
1891 ...	146	68	214	4	25,745 58	9,900 00	15,845 58
1892 ...	171	83	254	10	28,824 28	11,925 00	16,909 28
1893 ...	207	81	288	19	34,753 45	13,911 90	20,846 55
1894 ...	219	92	311	14	41,496 41	17,291 31	24,205 10
1895 ...	230	109	339	25	43,872 84	18,178 85	25,693 98
1896 ...	240	124	364	28	47,617 99	18,706 77	28,911 22
1897 ...	309	157	466	14	55,953 03	18,889 71	37,066 32
1898 ...	312	193	505	17	68,737 41	24,310 31	44,377 10
1899 ...	337	207	544	25	69,758 98	27,291 65	42,467 33
1900 ...	403	277	680	43	79,754 97	†19,625 39	60,129 58
1901 ...	421	295	716	39	87,347 14	23,099 72	64,247 42
1902 ...	397	306	703	34	81,136 66	26,737 25	54,399 41
1903 ...	412	321	733	41	91,171 68	24,277 56	66,894 12
1904 ...	390	310	700	49	98,402 97	†27,522 68	70,880 29
Total	.....	.....	.....	334	\$895,853 25	\$291,776 81	\$604,076 44

*No appropriation.

†Appropriation exhausted.

‡\$2,165.82 unpaid as appropriation was exhausted.

Thirty-seven approved applications are now on file.

The average number present for 1904 was the largest in the history of the home.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

The objects of this order are (1) to keep green the memory of the events and associations of the Civil War; (2) to aid unfortunate comrades, and (3) to keep alive and active the spirit of patriotism. The first post was organized April 6, 1866, at Decatur, Ill. The first National Encampment was held November 20, 1866, at Indianapolis. The last Annual Encampment was held August 17-20, 1904, in Boston, Mass.; that for 1905 will be held in Denver, Colo., Sept. 5-9, 1905. The National Headquarters are now in Boston, Mass. The present officers are: Commander-in-Chief, Wilmon W. Blackmar, Boston, Mass.; Senior Vice Commander, John R. King, Washington, D. C.; Junior Vice Commander, George W. Patton, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Surgeon General, Warren R. King, Greenfield, Ind.; Chaplain-in-Chief, A. H. Bradford, Washington, D. C.; Adjutant General, John E. Gilman, Boston, Mass.; Assistant Adjutant General, E. B. Stillings, Boston, Mass.; Quartermaster General, Charles Burrows, Rutherford, N. J.; Assistant Quartermaster General J. H. Holcomb, Philadelphia, Penn. The following table gives the number of Posts, with membership, June 30, 1904:

Departments.	No. of Posts.	Membership.	Departments.	No. of Posts.	Membership.
Alabama	12	125	New Jersey	110	5,734
Arizona	7	159	New Mexico	7	192
Arkansas	35	422	New York	615	29,227
California and Nevada	96	5,636	North Dakota	28	510
Colorado and Wyoming	49	2,164	Ohio	494	22,972
Connecticut	61	3,879	Oklahoma	74	1,527
Delaware	21	639	Oregon	50	1,735
Florida	20	328	Pennsylvania	523	25,358
Georgia	13	465	Potomac	17	2,348
Idaho	19	460	Rhode Island	26	1,547
Illinois	532	20,100	South Dakota	79	1,669
Indiana	412	15,502	Tennessee	54	1,493
Indian Territory	19	367	Texas	32	637
Iowa	372	11,877	Utah	5	238
Kansas	305	11,093	Vermont	100	3,010
Kentucky	56	1,552	Virginia and N. Carolina	42	747
Louisiana and Mississippi	36	1,047	Washington and Alaska	56	2,197
Maine	153	6,092	West Virginia	38	1,129
Maryland	55	2,277	Wisconsin	247	8,724
Massachusetts	211	16,579			
Michigan	355	12,945	Total	6,179	216,876
Minnesota	170	5,746	Membership June 30, 1902	6,557	256,510
Missouri	266	8,942			
Montana	13	430	Loss in two years	378	9,634
Nebraska	210	4,643	No. of deaths in two years		17,395
New Hampshire	85	3,009			

The order reached its greatest membership in 1890—409,469.

THE WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT.

The Department of Wisconsin was organized June 7, 1866, and the first Wisconsin Post was chartered at Madison June 10, 1866. This Post, now known as Lucius Fairchild, No. 11, is still active and has 180 members. Post No. 4, of Berlin, was chartered Sept. 8, 1866, and has maintained ever since an unbroken organization. It is said to be the oldest Post in existence with an unbroken record. Post No. 10, Oshkosh, was chartered Aug. 1, 1866.

General James K. Proudft was the leading spirit in the organization of the G. A. R. in Wisconsin and became the first Department Commander. He is now the oldest Post Commander and Department Commander living. The following is the list of all Commanders up to the present:

James K. Proudft...	1865	*James Davidson...	1885	W. D. Hoard.....	1895
*H. A. Starr.....	1867	*Lucius Fairchild†	1886	*D. Lloyd Jones...	1896
*J. M. Rusk.....	1838	H. P. Fischer, from		*E. B. Gray.....	1897
T. S. Allen.....	1869-70	September.....	1886	Charles H. Russell	1898
*Edward Ferguson...	1871-72	*Michael Griffin...	1887	*Henry Harnden...	1899
*A. J. McCoy.....	1873	A. G. Weissert†...	1888-89	S. H. Tallmudge,	
G. A. Hannaford...	1874-75	Leander Ferguson...		from March.....	1900
*John Hancock.....	1876	from October....	1889	David G. James....	1900
Henry G. Rogers...	1877	Benjamin F. Bryant	1890	A. H. Detroff.....	1901
S. F. Hammond....	1878	W. H. Upham....	1891	James H. Agen....	1902
Griff J. Thomas....	1879-81	C. B. Welton.....	1892	Joseph P. Rundle..	1903
H. M. Baos.....	1882	E. A. Shores.....	1893	Pliny Norcross....	1904
Phil Cheek.....	1883-84	J. A. Watrous....	1894		

*Deceased. †Elected Commander-in-Chief.

The Department reached its largest membership in 1889, when it was 13,044, June 30, 1904, there were 253 Posts, with 9,378 members.

The legislature of 1901 established in the capitol a permanent G. A. R. memorial hall for the preservation of relics and books commemorative of the war, pictures of war scenes, and portraits of men and women who did good service in war times. This hall was to be maintained by the state. It was the headquarters of the Department of Wisconsin and was well equipped by the state for that purpose. It was the finest department headquarters in the United States. When, Feb. 27, 1904, fire broke out in the capitol, this hall, with all it contained, was completely destroyed; but in the new capitol there will be a larger room of this kind and much better equipped. H. W. Rood, Company E 12th Wisconsin, is Custodian of this Memorial Hall. At present the Department is at home at 117 North Hamilton street. Wisconsin is generous in her attitude toward the old soldiers.

At the last Encampment—Madison, June 15-17, 1904—the following named offices were chosen: Commander, Pliny Norcross, Janesville; Senior Vice Commander, George S. Martin, Madison; Junior Vice Commander, Byron S. Williams, Wautoma; Medical Director, Dr. Hugo Philler, Waukesha; Chaplain, Rev. Lucius Carr, Fond du Lac; Asst. Adjt. General, E. O. Kimberley, Janesville; Asst. Quartermaster General, F. A. Bird, Madison; Inspector, W. H. Howieson, Chippewa Falls; Judge Advocate, E. M. Bartlett, Eau Claire; Chief Mustering Officer, J. M. Whitley, DePere; Senior Aide-de-camp and Chief of Staff, W. H. Grinnell, Beloit; Council of Administration, M. Herrick, Hudson; D. J. Ryan, Appleton; F. A. Copeland, La Crosse; Louis Sholes, Milwaukee; B. S. Miller, Wausau. Trustees, William Handeyside, DePere, till 1905; Phillip The Encampment for 1905 will be held at La Crosse, June 13 and 14.

LADIES OF THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

This society of loyal and patriotic women is said to have had its origin in Portland, Maine, in 1867, under the name of the Loyal Ladies' League. The first organized Department was that of New Jersey, 1881, with eight subordinate

Leagues. Mrs. Carrie M. Burge, of Vineland, was the first Department President. The following were the stated objects of the order:

"To unite with loyalty, love for one another; to practice precepts of true fraternity of feeling toward all the sisters of our order, thus emulating the spirit that unites our fathers, husbands and brothers; to honor the memory of our fallen heroes; to perpetuate and keep forever sacred Memorial Day; to assist the Grand Army of the Republic in its high and holy mission—aid, encourage and sympathize with them in their noble work of charity; to extend needful aid to members in times of sickness and distress; to aid sick soldiers, sailors and marines, and do all in our power to alleviate suffering."

Eligibility to membership required an applicant to be of good moral character, and the mother or wife, sister or daughter of an honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine who served in the Union Army during the Civil War of 1861-65. These requirements differed from those of the Woman's Relief Corps, which organization decided at its national convention in Denver, in 1883, to admit to membership any loyal woman of worthy character.

On November 18, 1866, at a convention in Chicago, a National organization was effected, and the name changed to "Ladies of the G. A. R.," local societies to be known as Circles. Mrs. Laura McNeir, Camden, New Jersey, was chosen president. All loyal mothers and wives, sisters and daughters, and all lineal female descendants—sixteen years of age or over—of honorably discharged Union soldiers, sailors or marines and ex-army nurses, of good moral character, were declared eligible to membership. Veterans of that war may become honorary members.

The order now has, January 1, 1905, 23 departments, with a total membership of 25,600. The National President is Mrs. Mary T. Hager, Chicago; Secretary, Mrs. Geneveive H. Longfield, Chicago; Treasurer, Mrs. Julia M. Gordon, Topeka, Kansas.

The Department of Wisconsin was organized in 1893. It now numbers 707 active members and 229 honorary,—total 936; and has the following officers: President, Mrs. Dora Snyder, Oshkosh; Secretary, Mrs. Dora Frees, Oshkosh; Treasurer, Mrs. Jennie Hopkins, Milwaukee. The following named ladies have been Department Presidents: Mary A. Dix, Clara B. Sloane, Flora Miller, Lennie Grimes, Emma Wheldon, Irene W. Jones and Martha Showalter.

There are at present 20 Circles in Wisconsin, located as follows: La Crosse, Antigo, Superior, Hagar City, Durand, Green Bay, Milwaukee (4), Oshkosh, Turtle Lake, Oconto, Omro, Alma, Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan, Lancaster, Waupaca and Fond du Lac.

The Ladies of the G. A. R. do not make public the amount of their benevolences. They hold their department and national conventions at the same times and places with the annual encampments of the Grand Army of the Republic.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS.

This auxiliary society of the Grand Army of the Republic had its origin at Portland, Maine, in a local organization there in connection with the G. A. R. Post, in 1869. The first state organization was perfected at Fitchburg, Massachusetts, in April, 1879, when it took the name it now bears. In 1881 the Society received the official recognition of the G. A. R., and they then took the full title, "Woman's Relief Corps, Auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic." The first national gathering was at Denver, Col., July 25, 1883. It was there decided that all loyal women, whether of kin to soldiers of the war or not, should be eligible to membership. Those positively in favor of admitting only women of the families of soldiers withdrew and organized the "Ladies Loyal League," now "Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic."

The plan of organization is much like that of the G. A. R. Local societies are called corps; state associations, departments; and the national meeting a con-

vention. Department and national annual meetings are held at the same times and places with those of the G. A. R.

The objects of the society are: "To specially aid and assist the Grand Army of the Republic and to perpetuate the memory of their heroic dead. To assist such union veterans as need our help and protection, and to extend needful aid to their widows and orphans. To find them homes and employment, and assure them of sympathy and friends. To cherish and emulate the deeds of our army nurses and of all loyal women who rendered loving service to their country in her hour of peril. To inculcate lessons of patriotism and love of country among our children, and in the communities in which we live. To maintain true allegiance to the United States of America. To discountenance whatever tends to weaken, loyalty, and to encourage the spread of universal liberty and equal rights to all men."

The first national president, in 1883, was Mrs. Florence Baker, Malden, Mass. The present officers are: President, Fanny E. Minot, Concord, N. H.; Secretary, Helen M. Ayers, Concord, N. H.; Treasurer, Sarah E. Phillis, Syracuse, N. Y. There are at present 35 departments, comprising 2,734 corps, with 121,585 members. Up to June 30, 1904, relief to the amount of \$2,677,415.09 had been expended in aid of old soldiers and their families.

The Department of Wisconsin was organized at La Crosse, June 26, 1884. Seven local corps were there represented, and, if the records are correct, there were eleven voting members present. The order has grown steadily since then, and now has 153 corps in Wisconsin, with something more than 6,640 members.

Up to June 30, 1904, relief funds had been expended amounting to \$124,804.74.

Of this amount, \$16,039.54 was for Wisconsin Veterans' Home, \$7,823.86 for assistance in the Spanish-American war, and \$708.89 for the Galveston flood sufferers. The order has done much toward the building and comfortable equipment of the cottages, halls and hospital at the Wisconsin Veterans' Home at Waupaca.

The present officers, January 1, 1905, are: President, Ellen P. Weatherby, Shullsburg; senior vice-president, Mary Nichols, Oshkosh; junior vice-president, Elizabeth Spencer, Waukesha; counselor, Celestia L. Edwards, Oconomowoc; secretary, Luella A. Simpson, Shullsburg; treasurer, Annie E. Noyes, Madison; chaplain, Martha B. Yerkes, Milton; inspector, Isabelle Reed, Madison; instituting and installing officer, Libbie McCabe, La Crosse; patriotic instructor, Margaret Hughes, Dodgeville; press correspondent, Cora M. Evans, Waupaca.

The following named persons have been presidents of this department: Harriet Dunlap, Lodi, 1884-85-86; Gertie Rogers, Milwaukee, 1886-87-88; Caroline H. Bell, Milwaukee, 1888-89-90; Helen Holmes Charlton, Brodhead, 1890-91; Helen M. Puffer, Monroe, 1891-92; Louise C. Williams, Oconomowoc, 1892-93; Belle S. Hanover, Merrill, 1893-94-95; Elizabeth Skeel, Menomonie, 1895-96; Lucinda C. Burchard, Fort Atkinson, 1896-97; Lettie F. Withers, Eau Claire, 1897-98; Libbie C. Baer, Appleton, 1898-99; Bell W. Bliss, Baraboo, 1899-1900; Myra C. Grinnell, Beloit, 1900-01; Harriet L. Welton, Madison, 1901-02; Cora M. Evans, Waupaca, 1902-03; and Celesta L. Edwards, Oconomowoc, 1903-04.

The time and place of annual meetings correspond to those of the Grand Army of the Republic. The next national convention will be held in Denver; that for the department of Wisconsin, at La Crosse.

THE SONS OF VETERANS.

One of the most active organizations auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic is The Sons of Veterans of the United States of America. The order was established November 12, 1881, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, by Major A. P. Davis, and it has grown rapidly. It is based upon the following:

Principles.—(1) A firm belief and trust in Almighty God, and a realization that under His beneficent guidance the free institutions of our land, consecrated

by the services and blood of our fathers, have been preserved, and the integrity and life of the nation maintained.

(2) True allegiance to the government of the United States, based upon a respect for, and devotion and fidelity to, its constitution and laws, manifested by discountenancing anything that may tend to weaken loyalty, incite to insurrection, treason or rebellion, or in any way impair the efficiency and permanency of our national union.

Objects.—To keep green the memories of our fathers and their sacrifices for the maintenance of the Union; to aid the members of the Grand Army of the Republic in caring for disabled and helpless veterans; to extend aid and protection to their widows and orphans; to perpetuate the memory and history of their heroic dead, and maintain the proper observance of Memorial Day; to aid and assist worthy and needy members of our order; to inculcate patriotism and love of country, not alone among our members, but among all people of our land; and to spread and sustain the doctrine of equal rights, universal liberty and justice to all.

Membership.—Members must be at least eighteen years old, and the sons of deceased or honorably discharged Union soldiers. The sons of members of the order are eligible to membership on becoming twenty-one years of age.

The following is the report of the number of members, January 1, 1904:

Divisions.	No. of camps.	Membership.	Division.	No. of camps.	Membership.
Alabama and Tennessee....	8	178	Missouri.....	15	446
California.....	17	460	Nebraska.....	5	86
Colorado.....	5	116	New Hampshire.....	30	792
Connecticut.....	19	622	New Jersey.....	22	968
Illinois.....	46	1,257	New York.....	66	2,677
Indiana.....	32	822	Ohio.....	40	1,467
Iowa.....	14	320	Oregon.....	4	72
Kansas.....	9	216	Pennsylvania.....	134	9,112
Kentucky.....	4	73	Rhode Island.....	12	422
Maine.....	33	988	South Dakota.....	1	12
Maryland.....	12	223	Vermont.....	23	598
Massachusetts.....	123	4,322	Washington.....	5	108
Michigan.....	21	380	West Virginia.....	11	265
Minnesota.....	12	462	Wisconsin.....	32	927
			Total.....	755	28,389

The present national officers are: Commander-in-chief, William G. Dustin, Dwight, Ills.; senior vice commander-in-chief, George S. Geis, San Francisco, Cal.; junior vice commander-in-chief, M. D. Friedman, Birmingham, Ala.; national secretary, James E. Seabert, Dwight, Ills.; national treasurer, Fred E. Bolton, Boston, Mass.; council-in-chief, William H. Congdon, Providence, R. I.; H. V. Speelman, Cincinnati, Ohio, and N. J. McGuire, Indianapolis, Ind.

Wisconsin Division.—Headquarters are now at 902 State street, Racine. The first camp in this division was organized at Waukesha, in 1883. The first annual encampment was held in Oshkosh, June 3, 1884. Dr. John Finney, of Clintonville, was the commander. There are now camps in Milwaukee, Madison, Ellsworth, Blaine, Keshena, Mayville, Endeavor, Jefferson, Butternut, Racine, Sheboygan, Berlin, River Falls, Thorpe, Plover, Stockbridge, Wausau, Friendship, Necedah, La Crosse, Bloomer, Watertown and Eau Claire.

The present officers of the Wisconsin division are: Commander, F. H. B. McDowell, Racine; senior vice commander, John Hazelwood, Jefferson; junior vice commander, L. F. Small, Madison; division council, A. B. Swisher, Bloomer; F. B. Fox, Meehan, and J. H. Coon, Endeavor; secretary, Thomas F. McNamara, Racine; treasurer, Angus B. Callendar, Racine; inspector, Martin A. Grasse, Milwaukee; chaplain, Oren D. Wilbur, La Crosse; judge advocate, J. C. Bogart, Milwaukee; mustering officer, A. E. Black, Racine; sergeant major, F. E. Merryfield, Stevens Point.

The following named men have been division commanders: John Finney, 1884-85; S. E. Peacock, 1886; F. J. Walthers, 1887; J. P. Sheridan, 1888; C. H.

Hudson, 1889-90; H. S. Fuller, 1891; G. W. Wing, 1892; R. L. McCormick, 1893; W. C. Winter, 1894; B. H. Wood, 1895; Thomas L. Jacobs, 1896; W. J. Patton, 1897; C. C. Townsend, 1898; R. M. Smith, 1899; J. W. T. Ames, 1900; M. A. Grasse, 1901; G. A. Geisler, 1902; B. S. Fox, 1903.

Memorial University.—The Sons of Veterans have established at Mason City, Iowa, a Memorial University costing, so far, a quarter of a million dollars, and dedicated to the Grand Army of the Republic. It receives both men and women as students. It has several full courses of study, but emphasizes the value of American history,—the development, growth and preservation of our free institutions. Instruction there is neither sectarian nor partisan, but is intensely patriotic. There are more than forty instructors and lecturers. In establishing this school the Sons of Veterans have given a worthy example of practical patriotism.

The annual encampments of the Sons of Veterans are held at the same time and place with those of the Grand Army of the Republic. The next meeting will be held June 13-14, 1905, at La Crosse.

SONS OF VETERANS' AUXILIARY.

This Auxiliary society was incorporated in 1885 under the laws of Ohio. The following are the principles upon which its work is based:

Principles.—1. A firm belief and trust in Almighty God, and a realization that under His beneficent care and guidance the free institutions of our land—by the assistance and sacrifice of our soldiers—have been preserved, and the integrity and life of the nation maintained.

2. True allegiance to the government of the United States of America, and a respect for and devotion and fidelity to its constitution and laws, with a firm opposition to anything that may tend to weaken loyalty, or in any manner impair the efficiency and permanency of our National Union.

Objects.—1. To assist the Sons of Veterans in keeping green the memories of our soldiers and their sacrifices for the maintenance of the Union.

2. To aid the members of the Grand Army of the Republic in caring for their helpless and disabled veterans; to extend aid and protection to their widows and orphans; to perpetuate the memory and history of their heroic dead, and the proper observance of Memorial Day.

3. To aid and assist the Sons of Veterans in all their objects, both financially and otherwise.

4. To aid and assist worthy and needy members of our Society.

5. To inculcate true patriotism and love of country, not only among our membership, but all the people of our land, and to spread and sustain the doctrine of equal rights, universal liberty and justice to all.

Eligibility.—Membership shall consist of: 1st. Mothers, wives, nieces or sisters of deceased or honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines who served in the Union Army or Navy during the civil war of 1861-1865.

2d. Female lineal descendants, not less than sixteen years of age, of soldiers, sailors or marines.

3d. Wives or mothers of Sons of Veterans.

The total membership of this order January 1, 1905, was 9,863. The officers of the national body are: President, Mrs. Kate E. Hardestel, Philadelphia; vice president, Mrs. Estella Richards, East Waymouth, Mass.; secretary, Miss Anna Meiss, Philadelphia; treasurer, Miss Mame E. Herbst, Canton, Ohio; press correspondent, Miss Kate Raynor, Toledo, Ohio.

There are local societies in Wisconsin at Racine, Milwaukee, Meehan and Bloomer.

PENSION LAWS, PENSIONERS AND PENSIONS.

To obtain a pension the applicant must file a claim with the Commissioner of Pensions at Washington, D. C. In his claim the soldier should set forth all his military or naval service, giving dates of enlistment and discharge. He should also clearly state the name or nature of all disabilities for which a pension is claimed, giving the time when, the place where and the circumstances under which each was contracted. The prime requirement to establish a claim under the act of July 14, 1862, usually called the general law, is to show that the disability for which pension is claimed had its origin while in the service and line of duty; that it has existed as a disabling cause from the date of discharge, and now exists in a degree pensionable under the law.

In a claim under the act of June 27, 1890, the essential requirements are: A service of ninety days or more in the war of the Rebellion, an honorable discharge therefrom and proof that the disability for which a pension is claimed is not due to vicious habits, but it need not necessarily be of service origin.

Survivors of the various Indian wars and uprisings—who served thirty days or more—from 1817 to 1856, inclusive, and who were honorably discharged under United States military, state, territorial or provisional authority, are entitled to pensions, as are also the surviving widows of such soldiers, whether officers or enlisted men, excepting in cases where widows have remarried. Soldiers who were in the military or naval service of the Confederate states, but subsequently enlisted in the United States army or navy, performed faithful service and were honorably discharged therefrom, and the widows and minor children of such soldiers, are pensionable. This provision, however, does not include surviving members of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th United States Volunteers, who had prior Confederate service, but were enlisted while prisoners of war under special stipulation that they were not to be pensionable.

Soldiers who deserted, but subsequently enlisted and rendered faithful service for a period of six months or more, and were honorably discharged, but received no bounty or other gratuity from the United States than that to which they would have been entitled had they been regularly discharged from their prior service, are also entitled to be placed upon the pension rolls.

In a widow's claim it is necessary to prove the fact of her legal marriage to the soldier, the date of his death, and, under the general law, that it was of service origin. She must also show that she has remained his widow. If there are children of the soldier under sixteen years of age at the date of his death, their names should be given and the date of birth of each clearly shown. If any have died the date or dates of death should be proved. In a widow's claim under act of June 27, 1890, the requirement concerning the fact of service is the same as under the claim for an invalid, but in addition thereto she must prove the fact of her legal marriage to the soldier prior to the passage of the act, the fact of his death,—though it need not be shown that it was caused by his army service,—her continued widowhood and that she is without other means of support than her daily labor. The act of May 9, 1900, so amends that of June 27, 1890, as to make a widow pensionable if without means of support other than her daily labor and a net annual income of \$250.

By act of congress, approved March 3, 1901, a widow who was pensioned, or entitled to a pension, under the general law, but forfeited her claim by re-marriage, may, upon proving the fact of the death of her last husband, and that her net annual income is less than \$250, be restored to the pension roll if the widow was entitled to, but had never proved her right to a pension. She must first prosecute and receive the pension due her from the death of the soldier to the date of her re-marriage, and then prosecute the claim for reissue.

A minor child's title to a pension is good, only on the death or re-marriage of the widow, which fact must be shown in addition to the requirements in a widow's claim. A dependent mother must show her relationship to the soldier, his celibacy, that he contributed to her support, that his death was due to some cause of service origin, the date of his death, and, under the general law, that she was dependent upon him for support at the time of his death. Under the

GRAND ARMY DATA.

act of June 27, 1890, it is necessary only to show her dependence at the time of filing her claim and since then. A dependent father must show relationship by legal marriage to the soldiers' mother, the date of the soldier's birth and of the mother's death, in addition to the requirements in a mother's claim. Applications rejected by a Board of Pension Surgeons may be reconsidered on the evidence of two physicians that the disability exists.

March 15, 1904, the Commissioner of Pensions issued an order, approved by the Secretary of the Interior, to become effective April 13, 1904, and known as Order No. 78, or the "age order," which provides that in all claims under the act of June 27, 1890, the age of the claimant should be considered as a disability and in the adjudication of claims under this act "it shall be taken and considered as an evidential fact, if the contrary does not appear, and, if all other legal requirements are properly met that, when a claimant has passed the age of 62 years, he is disabled one-half and is entitled to be rated at \$6.00 per month; after 65 years at \$8.00 per month; after 68 years at \$10.00 per month, and after 70 years at \$12.00 per month." If the soldier is pensioned under the general law at less than \$12.00 per month, he can obtain the benefit of this order by filing a claim for "Original" pension under the act of June 27, 1890; if pensioned under this latter act at less than \$12.00 per month he simply files a claim for "increase;" proof of age in both cases should be submitted.

Pensions for privates range, in most cases, from \$6 to \$30 per month, though \$72 per month is granted to those who have lost both feet or both eyes, and \$100 per month to those who have lost both hands. The number of pensioners on the rolls in the several states and territories on June 30, 1904, with the total amount paid during the fiscal year that ended on that day, is shown in the following table:

NUMBER OF PENSIONERS AND AMOUNT PAID IN EVERY STATE.

States.	Number.	Amount Paid.	States.	Number.	Amount Paid.
Alabama.....	3,903	\$583,255 52	Montana.....	1,895	\$260,347 29
Alaska.....	61	10,455 50	Nebraska.....	16,836	2,230,305 99
Arizona.....	11,757	115,848 02	Nevada.....	918	40,550 90
Arkansas.....	11,598	1,691,118 21	New Hampshire.....	8,598	1,258,976 52
California.....	22,798	3,103,515 21	New Jersey.....	20,251	2,817,114 54
Colorado.....	8,251	1,170,400 42	New Mexico.....	1,970	289,128 67
Connecticut.....	12,366	1,512,027 31	New York.....	89,142	11,956,592 97
Delaware.....	2,702	389,637 46	North Carolina.....	4,253	659,922 96
District of Columbia.....	8,684	1,447,707 04	North Dakota.....	1,983	254,086 32
Florida.....	3,714	553,776 71	Ohio.....	100,700	14,995,535 52
Georgia.....	3,725	530,332 87	Oklahoma.....	8,758	1,234,625 74
Idaho.....	1,949	267,007 12	Oregon.....	7,067	908,928 52
Illinois.....	71,647	10,000,689 82	Pennsylvania.....	100,940	13,464,201 27
Indiana.....	62,964	10,139,709 43	Rhode Island.....	5,154	624,781 23
Indian Territory.....	3,758	538,468 49	South Carolina.....	2,090	206,516 89
Iowa.....	36,510	5,501,281 30	South Dakota.....	5,052	519,524 39
Kansas.....	40,409	5,692,064 06	Tennessee.....	18,804	2,813,306 71
Kentucky.....	28,333	4,056,808 02	Texas.....	8,985	1,223,908 96
Louisiana.....	6,712	881,970 54	Utah.....	926	131,114 64
Maine.....	19,265	2,939,954 33	Vermont.....	8,643	1,400,661 41
Maryland.....	12,847	1,696,712 27	Virginia.....	8,846	1,286,424 66
Massachusetts.....	39,833	5,121,831 86	Washington.....	8,773	166,419 80
Michigan.....	42,821	6,605,031 29	West Virginia.....	12,260	1,769,112 79
Minnesota.....	16,638	2,03,709 98	Wisconsin.....	27,511	4,110,017 76
Mississippi.....	4,846	656,629 59	Wyoming.....	836	118,130 17
Missouri.....	52,170	7,365,647 98			
			Total.....	989,852	140,257,029 03
				4,865	709,783 80
				45	12,706 89
			Grand Total.....	994,762	140,979,469 72
			Payments by Treasury Department—Treasury Settlement.....		114,101 77
			Total number of pensioners and amount paid them.....	994,762	141,093,571 49

4,910 pensioners reside outside the United States, who drew \$722,440 69 in 1904.

**PENSION AGENCIES, GAINS AND LOSSES, PENSIONERS
CLASSIFIED.**

The various pension agencies in the country are located at: Augusta, Me.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Chicago, Ill.; Columbus, Ohio; Concord, N. H.; Des Moines, Iowa; Detroit, Mich.; Indianapolis, Ind.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Milwaukee, Wis.; New York, N. Y.; Philadelphia, Penn.; San Francisco, Cal.; Topeka, Kan., and Washington, D. C.

Additions to the pension rolls during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 1904, were as follows:

Gain by act of the Bureau	47,048
Gain by special acts of Congress.....	325
Total	47,374
Lost to the rolls during the same period:	
By death	43,820
By remarriage	1,019
By legal limitations—minors	1,609
By failure to claim	1,337
By all other causes	1,282
Total	49,157
Decrease during the year	1,783

The 994,762 pensioners on the rolls July 1, 1904, are classified as follows:

FOR SERVICE PRIOR TO MARCH 4, 1861,	No.	Wid- ows.	Daugh- ters.	Total.	Grand total.
Widows and soldiers of the Revolution		1	2	3	
Survivors of war of 1812	1	918		919	
Survivors of Indian wars, 1832-42	2,367	3,519		5,886	
Survivors of Mexican wars.....	5,214	7,821		13,035	
Total					19,843
FOR SERVICE SINCE MARCH 4, 1861.					
<i>(a) Under act of July 14, 1862.</i>					
Army invalids.....	238,555	84,218		322,773	
Navy invalids	2,230	1,153		3,383	
Army nurses	606			606	
Total					326,762
<i>(b) Under act of June 27, 1890.</i>					
Army invalids.....	433,552	161,383		594,935	
Navy invalids	16,455	7,206		23,661	
Total					618,596
<i>(c) War with Spain.</i>					
Army invalids.....	11,946	4,187		16,133	
Navy invalids.....	494	202		696	
Total					16,829
<i>(d) Regular establishment.</i>					
Army invalids.....	7,816	2,137		9,953	
Navy invalids	1,685	1,094		2,779	
Total					12,732
Grand total					994,762

Pension Commissioner Ware says that of the 50,128 old soldiers reported to the Bureau as having died during the year, only 27,043 were pensioners.

STATE PENSION AGENCY.

The state of Wisconsin has by law constituted the adjutant general,—at present Charles R. Boardman,—state agent for pensions. He will, upon application, supply *free* all necessary blanks for applications and evidence in all classes of pensions; will give advice and all possible assistance in procuring evidence; will file copies of testimony and perform all the various offices of pension attorney for all soldiers or their heirs residing in Wisconsin free of *charge*, regardless of the branch of service or organization to which the applicant was attached.

Since this free state pension agency was established in 1889 nearly 8,000 claims have been filed with the adjutant general, over 6,500 of which have been adjudicated and more than 80 per cent. successfully prosecuted.

MILITARY ORDER OF THE LOYAL LEGION OF THE UNITED STATES.

[Organized April 15, 1865.]

Objects.—The objects of this Order shall be to cherish the memories and associations of the war waged in defense of the unity and indivisibility of the republic; strengthen the ties of fraternal fellowship and sympathy formed by companionship-in-arms; advance the best interests of the soldiers and sailors of the United States, especially of those associated as companions of this Order, and extend all possible relief to their widows and children; foster the cultivation of military and naval science; enforce unqualified allegiance to the general government; protect the rights and liberties of American citizenship, and maintain national honor, union and independence. The members are of three classes: (1), Commissioned officers and honorably discharged commissioned officers of the army, navy and marine corps (regulars and volunteers) actually engaged in suppressing the rebellion prior to April 15, 1865, and eldest sons of deceased officers who served as above. (2) The eldest sons of living original companions of the first class who are twenty-one years old. (3) Gentlemen who in civil life, during the rebellion, were specially distinguished for conspicuous loyalty to the national government.

Membership July 31, 1904, 8,949; composed of, first class, 7,988; second class, 941; third class, 20. Largest commanderies, New York, 1,233 members, New York city; Pennsylvania, 1,106, Philadelphia. The other 18 state commanderies in order of their organization and place of headquarters are: Maine 180, Portland; Massachusetts 935, Boston; California 691, San Francisco; Wisconsin 192, Milwaukee; Illinois 647, Chicago; District of Columbia 865; Ohio 818, Cincinnati; Michigan 314, Detroit; Minnesota 289, St. Paul; Oregon 67, Portland; Missouri 280, St. Louis; Nebraska 115, Omaha; Kansas 172, Leavenworth; Iowa 264, Des Moines; Colorado 224, Denver; Indiana 339, Indianapolis; Washington 90, Tacoma; Vermont 128, Burlington.

The present national officers are: Commander-in-chief, Brevet Major-General D. McM. Gregg; senior vice commander, Major-General John R. Brooke; recorder, Colonel John P. Nicholson; registrar, Major William P. Huxford; treasurer, Paymaster George DeF. Barton; Chancellor, Brevet Captain, John O. Feering; chaplain, Brevet Major Henry S. Burrage; headquarters, Philadelphia, Penn.

Wisconsin commandery, Milwaukee; headquarters, 85-87 Oneida street; meetings, first Wednesday each month, October to May; no regular meetings May to October. Officers elected May, 1904: Commander, First Lieut. Arthur Holbrock, 39th Wis. Inf.; senior vice commander, First Lieut. Lucius D. Hinkley, 10th Wis. Inf.; junior vice commander, First Lieut. Thomas L. Kennan, 10th Wis. Inf.; recorder, Captain A. Ross Houston, Captain A. A. D. C.; registrar, Vol. Lieut. Amos P. Foster, U. S. N.; treasurer, Andrew A. Hathaway; chancellor, Charles A.

Pride; chaplain, Captain Joseph W. Sanderson, 3d Penn. Arty.; council, First Lieut.* D. Lloyd Jones, 16th Wis. Inf.; Second Lieut. Ferdinand A. Wilde, 27th U. S. C. T.; Second Lieut. William A. Trowbridge, 16th Wis. Inf.; Richard B. Watrous; Ralph Chandler.

The past commanders of the commandery of the state of Wisconsin are: Colonel James H. Howe, 32nd Wis. Inf., 1874; Colonel Charles D. Robinson, 50th Wis. Inf., 1875 and 1876; Brig.-Gen. E. W. Hincks, U. S. V., 1877 and 1879; Captain Garth W. James, 54th Mass. Inf., 1878; Major-General Chas. S. Hamilton, U. S. V., 1880; Captain Irving M. Bean, 5th Wis. Inf., 1881 and 1882; Colonel Chas. A. Hamilton, 7th Wis. Inf., 1883; Brig.-Gen. Lucius Fairchild, U. S. V., 1884, 1885 and 1886; Captain George W. Burnell, 10th Vermont Inf., 1887; Captain George I. Robinson, Chicago Board of Trade Battery, 1888; Lieut.-Colonel Chester D. Cleveland, 2nd Conn. H. Arty., 1889; Major Charles H. Anson, 1st Vermont Arty., 1890; Lieut. Edward Ferguson, 1st Wis. Inf., 1891; Lieut.-Colonel Joseph McC. Bell, A. A. G., 1892; Bvt.-Brig.-Gen. Frederick C. Winkler, 26th Wis. Inf., 1893; Captain George E. Sutherland, 13th Heavy Arty., U. S. C. T., 1894; Lieut. Henry B. Harshaw, 2nd Wis. Inf., 1895; Major Charles H. Ross, 13th Ind. Inf., 1896; Lieut. Cornelius Wheeler, 2nd Wis. Inf., 1897; Captain Frederick H. Magdeburg, 14th Wis. Inf., 1898; First Lieut. Theron W. Haight, 24th New York Inf., 1899; First Lieut. Frank A. Anson, 1st Vermont Arty., 1900; First Lieut. Walter Kempster, 10th New York Cav., 1901; First Lieut. Albert H. Hollister, 30th U. S. C. T., 1902; Captain Edwin B. Parsons, 24th Wis. Inf., 1903; First Lieut. and Adjutant Arthur Holbrook, 39th Wis. Inf., 1904.

The recorders of this commandery have been as follows: Captain Garth W. James, 54th Mass. Inf., 1874 to 1876; Lieut.-Colonel Joseph McC. Bell, A. A. G., 1877 to 1881; Lieut.-Colonel John L. Hathaway, A. C. S., 1882 and 1883; Lieut. James R. Saville, U. S. V., 1884 and 1885; Chandler P. Chapman, U. S. V., 1886; Captain Charles King, U. S. A., 1887 and 1888; Captain A. Ross Houston, U. S. V., 1889 to the present time.

The officers of the state commanderies are the commander, senior and junior vice-commanders, recorder, registrar, treasurer, chancellor, chaplain, and a council of five.

The commandery-in-chief is constituted of the commanders, the senior and junior vice-commanders, and recorders, all past and present, of the state commanderies. Its meetings are held annually and every other year at Philadelphia, which is regarded as the headquarters of the Order.

UNITED SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

Directly after the return of the volunteers of the Spanish-American War the men began to form various local or regimental organizations, the general object being to perpetuate the associations of the camp and field, also to inculcate a general spirit of patriotism. Not long after these societies were merged into a national organization known as the Spanish-American War Veterans. This national society was formed at Trenton, New Jersey, December 14, 1899. Camps were soon established in every state and territory in the Union. Later this society was joined with that known as the Spanish War Veterans under the name of the United Spanish War Veterans. The first annual encampment of this organization was held at St. Louis on the 19th and 20th of September, 1904. This meeting was largely attended, the proceedings were most harmonious and the greatest interest was manifested in the present and future of the consolidated Encampment. Delegates were present from all the consolidated Societies, and all comrades mingled in the happiest and most fraternal manner. The character and attendance of this First Encampment demonstrated that the organization is now

*Died December 29, 1904.

established on a permanent and effective basis and has entered upon a bright and useful career.

Number of Camps in Departments, August 31, 1904:

Arizona	1
California	10
Connecticut	6
District of Columbia	7
Indiana	11
Illinois	19
Kentucky	3
Massachusetts	5
Michigan	13
Maine	5
Missouri	2
Minnesota	2
Montana	4
New York	26
New Jersey	11
Ohio	36
Pennsylvania	18
Wisconsin	11
Hawaii	1

The following are the officers of the national association: Commander-in-chief, William E. English, Indianapolis, Ind.; senior vice commander, George M. Moulton, Chicago, Ill.; junior vice commander, H. L. Warren, Bay City, Mich.; judge advocate, W. J. Schroeder, Cincinnati, O.; surgeon general, John D. Howland, Buffalo, N. Y.; chaplain-in-chief, Rev. W. H. I. Reaney, Brooklyn, N. Y.; commissary-general, Philip Schumacher, St. Louis, Mo.; paymaster general, S. D. C. Hayes, Denver, Col.; chief of engineers, Robert L. Patterson, Elizabeth, N. J.; chief signal officer, James H. Nolan, San Francisco, Cal.; chief of ordnance, W. H. Davis, Pittsburg, Pa.; chief of artillery, Herbert W. Meyers, Washington, D. C.; chief mustering officer, J. L. Whitley, Rochester, N. Y.; historian, J. A. Welch, Taunton, Mass., council of administration.

Robert H. Wood, Washington, D. C.; J. Jay Enderton, Davenport, Iowa; Chesley R. Perry, Chicago, Ill.; John W. McConnell, Chicago, Ill.

Department of Wisconsin.—Headquarters, second floor, Empire Building, Milwaukee.

At the convention of this department held at Oshkosh, June 24–26, 1904, the following officers were chosen:

Commander, A. J. Baum, Milwaukee; senior vice commander, F. W. Gruetzmacher, Ripon; junior vice commander, J. C. Brandel, Fort Atkinson; assistant inspector general, Byron Beveridge, Appleton; assistant surgeon general, F. S. Foat, Ripon; judge advocate, Leo Haben, Oshkosh; chaplain, Rev. E. H. Smith, Oshkosh; council of administration, William Abel, Manitowoc; A. N. Jarvis, La Crosse; G. A. Harper, Milwaukee; George Merkel, Appleton; P. H. Downey, Milwaukee; O. B. Bock, Sheboygan; Emil Phillips, Oshkosh; F. T. Imig, Fort Atkinson. Assistant adjutant general, Henry R. Bracken, Milwaukee; assistant quartermaster general, G. A. Harper, Milwaukee.

Delegates to National Convention.—Charles Schumacher, Manitowoc; H. L. Lenz, Oshkosh; W. H. Zuehlke, Appleton; F. W. Gruetzmacher, Ripon.

WISCONSIN IN THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR, 1898.

Name of organization.	Where perfected.	Date of organization.	Original strength.	Gained by recruits.	Total strength.
Battery A, 1st Lt. Artillery	Camp Douglas.	July 7, 1898	109	.....	109
1st Regiment Infantry.....	Camp Harvey..	Apr. 28, 1898	1,357	.....	1,357
2d Regiment Infantry.....	Camp Harvey..	Apr. 28, 1898	1,349	.....	1,349
3d Regiment Infantry.....	Camp Harvey..	Apr. 28, 1898	1,353	.....	1,353
4th Regiment Infantry.....	Camp Douglas.	June 27, 1898	1,301	.....	1,301
Total			5,469		5,469

Name of organization.	Killed in action.	Died of disease.	Died of wounds.	Total loss.	No. engagements.	Date of muster out.
Battery A, 1st Lt. Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Oct. 8, 1898
1st Regiment Infantry.....	.....	45	.....	45	.....	Oct. 19, 1898
2d Regiment Infantry.....	.....	38	.....	38	2	Nov. 21, 1898
3d Regiment Infantry.....	2	41	.....	43	2	Jan. 15, 1899
4th Regiment Infantry.....	.....	17	.....	17	.....	Feb. 28, 1899
Total	2	141		143	4	

MILITARY ORDER OF FOREIGN WARS OF UNITED STATES,

WISCONSIN COMMANDERY.

The war with Spain and the later conflicts with the insurgents of the Philippine Islands and the "Boxers" of the Chinese Empire, have given rise to a number of military societies differing but little in their purpose, but sufficiently in their articles of association to create between them a spirit of rivalry. Officers of repute and standing have found it difficult to decide between these several societies and have as yet joined none. To these especially, and to all officers of honorable record the Society of Foreign Wars presents unusual attractions. It has no rival society. Its sons derive their right of membership from personal service in the War with Mexico or those waged in later years with Spain, with the Filipinos, with the Chinese bandits, or else by inheritance from ancestors who fought with England, France or the Algerians in the earlier days of the nation. The National Society embraces the most historic names of America. The state societies are rapidly growing and throughout the society there is harmony of spirit and just pride in the membership. In the Eastern States no Order is more highly regarded. In the West it seems as yet, but imperfectly understood.

Roster of Wisconsin Commandery, Military Order of Foreign Wars, 1904.

COL. HORACE M. SEAMAN, Commander Milwaukee, Wis.
 LIEUT. COL. ALBERT SOLLIDAY, Vice Commander Watertown, Wis.
 GEN. CHARLES KING, Vice Commander General Milwaukee, Wis.
 LIEUT. FRED. P. COOK, Secretary Milwaukee, Wis.
 MAJ. THEO. K. BIRKHAUSER, Treasurer Milwaukee, Wis.
 CAPT. MARSHALL COUSINS, Deputy Secretary Eau Claire, Wis.
 CAPT. E. C. BARNES, Registrar Ripon, Wis.
 CAPT. R. B. MCCOY, Judge Advocate Sparta, Wis.
 MAJOR JOHN B. EDWARDS, Surgeon Mauston
 CAPT. E. H. SMITH, Chaplain Oshkosh
 COUNCIL.—Lieut. Col. Otto H. Falk, Milwaukee; Capt. O. E. Lewis, Milwaukee; Lieut. C. F. Ludington, Milwaukee; Capt. Orlando Holway, La Crosse; Major W. P. Greene, Marinette.

WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Number of United States Troops, Militia and Volunteers Engaged.

Wars.	From.	To.	Regulars.	Militia and Volunteers.	Total. ¹
War of the Revolution.	Apr. 19, 1775	Apr. 11, 1783	130,711	164,080	309,781
Northwest ² Indian Wars	Sept. 19, 1790	Aug. 3, 1795	.....	.....	8,988
War with France.....	July 9, 1798	Sept. 30, 1800	.....	.....	24,593
War with Tripoli.....	June 10, 1801	June 4, 1805	.....	.....	23,380
Creek Indian War.....	July 27, 1813	Aug. 9, 1814	600	13,121	13,781
With Great Britain, 1812	June 18, 1812	Feb. 17, 1815	85,000	471,622	576,622
Seminole Indian War....	Nov. 20, 1817	Oct. 21, 1818	1,000	6,911	7,911
Black Hawk Indian War	Apr. 21, 1831	Sept. 31, 1832	1,339	5,126	6,465
Cherokee Disturbance...	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,494
Creek Indian War.....	May 5, 1836	Sept. 30, 1837	935	12,483	13,418
Florida Indian War.....	Dec. 23, 1835	Aug. 14, 1843	11,169	29,953	41,122
Aroostook Disturbance...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,500
War with Mexico.....	Apr. 24, 1846	July 4, 1848	30,954	73,776	112,230
Apache and Navajo War.	.....	.....	1,500	1,061	2,561
Seminole Indian War....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,687
War of the Rebellion....	.....	.....	.....	.....	³ 277,403
Spanish-American War..	Apr. 21, 1898	Aug. 12, 1898	.....	.....	⁴ 274,717
Philippine Insurrection..	.....	.....	.....	.....	60,000

¹Including all branches of the service. ²Naval forces engaged. ³Confederate troops about 600,000. ⁴Troops actually engaged, about 60,000.

WISCONSIN IN THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

Table compiled from Records in the Adjutant General's Department in Madison concisely showing important statistical features

Name of Organization.	Organized at	Organiz'tion perfected.	Original strength	Gained by recruits.	Total strength	Killed or died of wounds.	Died of disease.	Died of accident.	Total loss.	Per cent. of death rate.	No. of engagements.	Date of final muster out.
1st Wisconsin Cavalry..	Ripon and Kenosha....	Feb. 2, 1862	1,124	1,417	2,541	72	320	12	404	15.93%	45	July 19, 1865
2d Wisconsin Cavalry..	Milwaukee....	Mar. 10, 1862	1,127	998	2,125	23	285	8	316	14.87%	18	Nov. 15, 1865
3d Wisconsin Cavalry..	Janesville....	Jan. 31, 1862	1,183	980	2,163	66	127	27	220	11.56%	37	Oct. 27, 1865
4th Wisconsin Cavalry..	Racine.....	July 2, 1861	1,047	998	2,045	116	284	33	433	20.68%	31	May 28, 1865
1st Wis. Heavy Art ^y	Madison.....	Jun. 11, 1861	1,777	386	2,163	4	74	9	87	4.20%	4	Sept. 2, 1865
1st Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 10, 1861	155	114	269	4	25	2	31	11.52%	15	July 18, 1865
2d Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 10, 1861	153	42	195	.....	13	.....	13	6.66%	1	July 10, 1865
3d Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 10, 1861	170	67	237	4	20	.....	24	10.12%	5	July 2, 1865
4th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 1, 1861	151	100	251	2	21	.....	1	9.52%	7	July 3, 1865
5th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 1, 1861	155	70	225	5	19	.....	24	10.66%	7	June 6, 1865
6th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 1, 1861	157	85	242	6	20	2	28	11.57%	10	July 3, 1865
7th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Oct. 4, 1861	158	94	252	9	20	2	31	12.30%	6	July 20, 1865
8th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Racine.....	Jan. 8, 1862	161	102	263	1	28	.....	29	11.02%	11	Aug. 70, 1865
9th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Burlington....	Jan. 27, 1862	155	63	218	.....	5	1	6	2.75%	1	Sept. 30, 1865
10th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Milwaukee....	Feb. 10, 1862	47	121	168	2	26	.....	2	16.66%	35	Apr. 20, 1865
11th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art ^y ..	Oconto.....	Feb. 22, 1862	87	8	95	.....	1	1	2	2.11%	12	July 10, 1865
12th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Madison.....	Apr. 2, 1862	99	212	311	9	22	1	32	10.29%	12	June 7, 1865
13th Bat. Wis. Lt. Art....	Milwaukee ..	Dec. 29, 1863	153	32	188	.....	13	2	15	7.97%	.....	July 20, 1865
Co. G., 1st U. S. (Berdan's) Sharpshooters.....	Wisconsin ..	Sep. 23, 1861	103	5	185	21	13	.....	34	18.37%	37	Sep. 22, 1864
1st Wis. Infantry (3 mo.)	Milwaukee ..	Apr. 20, 1861	810	.....	810	2	.....	1	3	0.37%	1	Aug. 21, 1861
1st Wis. Infantry (3 yrs.)	Milwaukee ..	Oct. 19, 1861	945	563	1,508	132	103	.....	235	15.53%	5	Oct. 21, 1865
2d Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Jun. 11, 1861	1,051	152	1,203	235	74	6	318	25.60%	25	July 2, 1864
3d Wisconsin Infantry..	Fond du Lac.	Jun. 29, 1861	979	940	1,919	165	116	2	283	14.74%	26	July 18, 1865
5th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	July 13, 1861	1,058	994	2,052	194	136	3	327	15.93%	30	July 11, 1865
6th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	July 16, 1861	1,103	832	1,940	243	110	6	359	18.49%	30	July 14, 1865
7th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Sep. 2, 1861	1,029	601	1,630	281	139	7	427	19.26%	31	July 3, 1865
8th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Sep. 13, 1861	973	369	1,342	59	208	13	280	20.86%	43	Sept. 5, 1865
9th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee ..	Nov. 26, 1861	870	333	1,203	78	106	11	195	16.20%	8	Jan. 30, 1866
10th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee ..	Oct. 14, 1861	916	105	1,021	95	145	8	248	24.23%	20	Nov. 3, 1864
11th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Oct. 18, 1861	1,029	573	1,602	86	284	11	381	23.73%	16	Sept. 4, 1865
12th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Nov. 5, 1861	1,045	622	1,667	96	229	4	329	19.73%	19	July 16, 1865
13th Wisconsin Infantry..	Janesville....	Nov. 13, 1861	970	569	1,539	5	182	14	201	19.73%	7	Nov. 24, 1865
14th Wisconsin Infantry..	Fond du Lac.	Jun. 30, 1862	970	940	1,910	123	194	10	327	17.12%	26	Oct. 3, 1865
15th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Feb. 13, 1862	801	98	899	94	237	14	345	38.37%	26	Feb. 13, 1865
16th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison.....	Jan. 31, 1862	1,066	891	1,957	147	246	18	401	20.49%	16	July 12, 1865

17th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison	Mar. 15, 1862	941	736	1,677	41	220	14	275	16,410	16	July 14, 1865
18th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee...	Mar. 15, 1862	962	467	1,419	54	163	9	226	15,815	11	July 18, 1865
19th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison	Apr. 30, 1862	973	241	1,214	43	113	5	161	13,262	7	Aug. 9, 1865
20th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison	Aug. 23, 1862	990	139	1,129	107	138	10	255	22,585	8	July 14, 1865
21st Wisconsin Infantry..	Oshkosh	Sep. 5, 1862	1,002	169	1,171	121	174	11	306	26,135	21	June 8, 1865
22d Wisconsin Infantry..	Racine	Sep. 2, 1862	1,009	496	1,505	79	163	6	248	16,478	13	July 12, 1865
23d Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison	Aug. 30, 1862	994	123	1,117	41	292	13	516	28,299	17	July 4, 1865
24th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee...	Aug. 22, 1862	1,003	74	1,077	110	83	4	199	18,477	18	June 10, 1865
25th Wisconsin Infantry..	La Crosse	Sep. 14, 1862	1,018	425	1,444	53	414	4	471	32,618	20	June 7, 1865
26th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee...	Sep. 17, 1862	1,002	87	1,089	137	73	6	236	21,426	17	June 13, 1865
27th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee...	Mar. 7, 1863	895	381	1,196	22	239	5	266	22,241	6	Aug. 29, 1865
28th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee...	Oct. 14, 1862	961	176	1,137	13	226	10	249	25,857	6	Aug. 23, 1865
29th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison	Sep. 27, 1862	961	123	1,089	81	235	13	334	30,370	19	June 22, 1865
30th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison	Oct. 21, 1862	906	313	1,219	2	63	3	73	6,939	1	Sep. 20, 1865
31st Wisconsin Infantry ⁴ .	Pra. du Chien	Oct. 9, 1862	878	200	1,078	23	90	3	116	10,761	6	July 8, 1865
32d Wisconsin Infantry..	Oshkosh	Sep. 25, 1864	993	481	1,474	27	232	7	286	19,402	18	June 12, 1865
33d Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee...	Oct. 18, 1862	892	174	1,066	33	167	10	210	19,700	24	Aug. 9, 1865
34th Wisconsin Infantry ⁵ .	Mad. & Milw	Dec. 31, 1862	961	.....	961	.....	19	4	23	2,393	.....	Sep. 8, 1866
35th Wisconsin Infantry..	Milwaukee...	Feb. 27, 1864	1,066	22	1,088	2	275	5	282	25,919	2	Mar. 15, 1866
36th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison	Mar. 23, 1864	990	24	1,014	156	172	12	310	33,530	18	July 12, 1865
37th Wisconsin Infantry..	Madison	Jun. 25, 1864	708	436	1,144	155	87	5	247	21,599	10	July 26, 1865
38th Wisconsin Infantry ⁶ .	Madison	Apr. 15, 1864	913	119	1,032	57	55	2	115	11,143	10	July 27, 1865
39th Wisconsin Infantry ⁷ .	Milwaukee...	Jun. 3, 1864	780	.....	780	3	29	.....	32	4,102	1	Sep. 15, 1861
40th Wisconsin Infantry ⁷ .	Madison	Jun. 9, 1864	776	.....	776	.....	19	1	20	2,577	1	Sep. 16, 1864
41st Wisconsin Infantry ⁷ .	Milwaukee...	Jun. 15, 1864	578	.....	578	.....	18	.....	18	3,114	1	Sep. 17, 1864
42d Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison	Sep. 9, 1864	877	131	1,008	57	3	3	60	5,952	.....	Jun. 20, 1835
43d Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Milwaukee...	Sep. 30, 1864	887	46	913	1	76	1	78	8,434	1	Jun. 24, 1865
44th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison	Feb. 15, 1865	877	237	1,114	.....	60	1	61	5,475	1	Aug. 28, 1865
45th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison	Feb. 7, 1865	859	142	1,001	.....	36	1	37	3,096	.....	July 17, 1855
46th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison	Mar. 2, 1865	914	33	947	.....	21	.....	21	2,218	.....	Sep. 27, 1865
47th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison	Feb. 23, 1865	927	53	985	.....	42	.....	42	4,264	.....	Sep. 4, 1866
48th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Milwaukee...	Apr. 4, 1865	828	4	832	.....	16	.....	16	4,191	.....	Mar. 21, 1866
49th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison	Mar. 5, 1865	986	16	1,002	.....	48	1	49	4,939	.....	Nov. 8, 1865
50th Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison	Apr. 18, 1865	942	16	958	1	40	4	45	4,697	.....	Jun. 14, 1866
51st Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Milwaukee...	Apr. 29, 1865	811	391	1,232	.....	23	1	24	1,984	.....	Aug. 30, 1865
52d Wisconsin Infantry ⁸ .	Madison	Apr. 18, 1865	486	25	511	.....	9	.....	9	1,761	.....	July 28, 1865
Total			56,316	21,012	77,328	3,794	8,022	400	12,216			
Assigned to other organizations and unassigned.....			.....	.....	14,051							
Total number furnished by Wisconsin					91,379							

The total muster out from specific Wisconsin organizations at the close of the war was 54,052 men. During the war 15,193 were discharged. The remainder embraces 4,635 remaining in the service, transfers to other organizations, missing, desertions, etc.

¹ Organized as infantry and changed to cavalry Sept. 1, 1863. ² Co. "A" organized at Madison; "B," "C" and "D" at Milwaukee; "E" to "M" at Madison. ³ Also known as Battery "L," 1st Reg. Illinois Light Artillery. ⁴ Four companies organized at Racine, Dec. 24, 1862. ⁵ Organized at Madison and Milwaukee to serve nine months. ⁶ Four companies organized April 15, six others later. ⁷ Organized to serve 100 days. ⁸ Organized to serve one year.

The 53d regiment was started, several companies recruited and merged into the 51st. Official date of close of war, ruling by U. S. Supreme court, Aug. 26, 1866.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

BRANCHES AND POST OFFICE ADDRESSES.

- Central Branch*—Montgomery County, Ohio.
Northwestern Branch—Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.
Eastern Branch—Togus, Kennebec County, Maine.
Southern Branch—Elizabeth City County, Virginia.
Western Branch—Leavenworth County, Kansas.
Pacific Branch—Los Angeles County, California.
Marion Branch—Grant County, Indiana.
Danville Branch—Vermillion County, Illinois.
Mountain Branch—Washington County, Tennessee.
Battle Mountain Sanitarium—Hot Springs, South Dakota.

MANAGERS.

- THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; THE CHIEF JUSTICE; THE SECRETARY OF WAR—Ex-officio, Washington, D. C.
 GENERAL MARTIN T. McMAHON, President, 346 Broadway (New York Life Building), New York, N. Y. Term expires 1910.
 GENERAL THOMAS J. HENDERSON, 1st Vice-President, Princeton, Illinois. Term expires 1908.
 GENERAL CHARLES M. ANDERSON, 2d Vice-President, Greenville, O. Term expires 1906.
 GENERAL J. MARSHALL BROWN, Portland, Maine. Term expires 1908.
 CAPTAIN HENRY E. PALMER, Omaha, Nebraska. Term expires 1910.
 COLONEL WALTER P. BROWNLOW, Jonesboro, Tennessee. Term expires 1908.
 JOHN M. HOLLEY, Esq., La Crosse, Wisconsin. Term expires 1910.
 MAJOR WILLIAM WARNER, Kansas City, Missouri. Term expires 1906.
 COLONEL HENRY H. MARKHAM, Los Angeles, California. Term expires 1910.
 COLONEL FRANKLIN MURPHY, Newark, New Jersey. Term expires 1906.

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH, MILWAUKEE.

LOCAL MANAGER,

JOHN M. HOLLEY, Esq., La Crosse, Wis.

GOVERNOR,

COLONEL CORNELIUS WHEELER.

- Treasurer—MAJOR J. E. ARMITAGE.
 Surgeon—MAJOR OSCAR CHRYSLER.
 Quartermaster—CAPTAIN W. W. ROWLEY.
 Commissary of Subsistence—CAPTAIN CHARLES O. COLLINS.
 Adjutant and Inspector—CAPTAIN H. A. VALENTIN.
 Chaplain—REV. E. P. WRIGHT, D. D.
 Chaplain—REV. M. J. HUSTON.
 Matron—MRS. ANNIE KNOX.

STATISTICS.

Number of members present date of last annual report, June 30, 1904 . . .	2,057
Number present and absent at date of last annual report, June 30, 1904 . . .	2,567
Number present February 1, 1904	2,304
Number present and absent February 1, 1904	2,661

SITUATION, SURROUNDINGS AND EQUIPMENT.

The Northwestern branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers is beautifully situated about three miles from the city of Milwaukee, with which it is connected by two lines of electric railway. The main building,

which affords quarters for 800 disabled volunteers, is an imposing structure, from the lofty tower of which floats our national banner. Five other substantially-built barracks furnish comfortable quarters for the remaining members. The hospital is a commodious and well-lighted building, in which about 400 sick and decrepit old soldiers receive kind care and attention from the attending surgeons and a corps of trained female nurses. A theater, in which entertainments are given by professional actors engaged for that purpose, a fine military band and orchestra, billiard, card and reading rooms, and a library of about 11,500 volumes, 87 newspapers and 24 magazines, provide recreation and amusement for the disabled veterans. The Home grounds contain 385 acres, about a half of which is under cultivation. The remainder is a wooded park, beautifully undulating, traversed by shady walks and drives, and with several charming little lakes well supplied with pleasure boats.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

(Extracts from Acts of Congress, approved March 21, 1866, May 26, 1900, and January 28, 1901.)

FIRST—"The following persons only shall be entitled to the benefits of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers and may be admitted thereto upon the order of member of the Board of Managers, namely: All honorably discharged officers, soldiers and sailors who served in the regular or volunteer forces of the United States in any war in which the country has been engaged, including the Spanish-American war, and the provisional army, authorized by act of congress, approved March 2, 1899, who are disabled by disease, wounds, or otherwise, and who have no adequate means of support, are not otherwise provided for by law, and by reason of such disability are incapable of earning their living.

SECOND—In making application for original admission (for which purpose a blank form is provided by the Home with full directions printed thereon), the applicant is required to make oath as follows: The said applicant further swears that he has never been a member of either of the branches of the National Home, nor within six months a member of a State Home for disabled volunteer soldiers and sailors. And said applicant further stipulates and agrees that he will abide by and obey all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by their order; that he will perform all duties required of him, and obey all lawful orders of the officers of the Home; and he hereby authorizes and empowers the Treasurer of the Home to draw his pension money and hold the same, subject to his order, under the laws of Congress and the rules, regulations and orders which have been or may hereafter be made by the Board of Managers of said National Home in accordance with such laws."

THIRD—All members of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers are by law subject to the rules and articles of war.

FOURTH—The soldier or sailor making application for admission must forward with his application his discharge, or a certified copy thereof, and when he is a pensioner his pension certificate, before his application is granted, which papers will be returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificates, and to hinder fraudulent practices.

MEM.—Soldiers and sailors whose pensions exceed sixteen dollars per month will not be admitted to the Home unless for special reasons.

Those who have been members of State Homes must have been discharged from those Homes at least six months, before they can be admitted to a branch of the National Home, except by a vote of the Board of Managers.

Soldiers or sailors who have been previously members of the Home, and who desire to be readmitted, will make their application upon the blank form provided for that purpose (No. 18), which will be furnished on application to any branch.

Applicants are requested to conform strictly to the above requirements.

Admission to the Home may be procured, when vacancies exist, by applying to Colonel Cornelius Wheeler, National Home, Milwaukee County, Wisconsin, Governor of the Northwestern Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer soldiers.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AND STAFF.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of rank.
Commander-in-Chief.	Governor.....	R. M. La Follette....	Madison.....	Jan. 7, 1901
Adjutant and Inspector General.....	Brig. General	C. R. Boardman.....	Oshkosh.....	Jan. 4, 1897
Assistant Adjutant General.....	Colonel.....	Jno. G. Salsman.....	Milwaukee...	July 1, 1901
Quartermaster and Commissary Gen'l	Brig. General	Joshua Hodgins....	Marinette....	July 1, 1901
Quartermaster.....	Major.....	C. R. Williams.....	Camp Dougl's	April 2, 1897
Commissary of Subsistence.....	Captain.....	Edwin T. Markle....	Fond du Lac.	April 5, 1892
Surgeon General.....	Brig. General	John B. Edwards....	Mauston.....	Jan. 2, 1889
Paymaster.....	Major.....	Marcus C. Bergh....	Madison.....	July 23, 1901
Additional Paymaster Genl. Insp. of Small Arms Practice.....	Captain.....	Gordon H. McNeil...	Fond du Lac.	April 30, 1887
	Colonel.....	Geo. Graham.....	Tomah.....	Jan. 7, 1895

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Nativity.
Adjutant General....	Brig. General	Charles R. Boardman	Oshkosh.	Wisconsin.
Assistant Adjutant General.....	Colonel.....	John G. Salsman....	Milwaukee...	Wisconsin.
Clerk National Guard Division.....	.....	Mary W. Priestley...	Mineral Point	Wisconsin.
Clerk Pension Division.....	.....	Chas. H. Russell....	Berlin.....	Vermont.
Clerk.....	.....	John M. Williams...	Belleville....	New York.
Stenographer.....	.....	Earl S. Driver.....	Darlington...	Wisconsin.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Nativity.
Quartermaster General and Chief of Ordnance.....	Brig. General	Joshua Hodgins....	Marinette....	Canada
Quartermaster and Acting Ordnance Officer.....	Major.....	C. R. Williams..	Ca'p Douglas	Wisconsin.
Quartermaster Sergeant.....	.....	Edward S. Burroughs	Eau Claire...	Wisconsin.
Ordnance Sergeant...	.....	Henry Schall.....	Mauston.....	Germany.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of Rank.
Surgeon General.....	Brig. Gen.....	John B. Edwards....	Mauston....	Jan. 2, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Edward H. Grannis..	Menomonie ..	June 15, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Frank G. Moulding..	Watertown ..	June 16, 1899
Surgeon	Major	Gilbert E. Seaman...	Milwaukee...	Mch. 13, 1905
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain.....	Charles F. King.....	Hudson.....	July 1, 1893
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain.....	William J. Cronyn ..	Milwaukee...	Jan. 23, 1895
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain.....	Edgar C. Barnes ..	Ripon.....	Mch. 1, 1900
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain.....	Daniel S. McArthur ..	La Crosse....	Dec. 16, 1901
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain.....	Geo. N. Hidershield..	Arcadia.....	July 19, 1903
Assistant Surgeon...	Captain.....	Theo. J. Redelings ..	Marinette....	June 18, 1904
Assistant Surgeon...	First Lieut.	W. Thorndike.....	Milwaukee...	Feb. 8, 1904
Assistant Surgeon...	First Lieut.	J. W. Frew.....	Milwaukee...	Sept. 19, 1904
Assistant Surgeon...	First Lieut.	John Dunn.....	Whitewater..	Mch. 29, 1905

AIDES TO THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

MILITARY SECRETARY.

Rank.	Name.	Residence.	Date of Rank.
Colonel.....	John Hannan.....	Milwaukee ..	June 15, 1903

AIDES-DE-CAMP.

Colonel.....	E. E. Tennant.....	Ashland.....	June 26, 1901
Colonel.....	J. Watson Stephenson.	Marinette. .	June 26, 1901
Colonel.....	James A. Frear.....	Hudson.....	June 26, 1901
Colonel.....	Geo. N. K. Reinhardt...	Milwaukee ..	June 26, 1901
Colonel.....	A. T. Rogers.....	Madison.....	June 15, 1904
Colonel.....	F. C. Spensley.....	Madison.....	July 7, 1904
Colonel.....	Hugh Lewis.....	Madison.....	Jan. 2, 1905
Major.....	Roy F. Farrand.....	Delafield.....	Apr. 12, 1905

COMPANIES AND COMPANY OFFICERS.

First Regiment of Infantry.

Co.	Organized.	Reorganized	Location.	Strength Sept. 30, 1902.	Captains.	First Lieutenants.	Second Lieutenants.
A	January 23, 1869.....	Dec. 6, 1898	Milwaukee	49	T. J. Sullivan.....	E. G. McCartney	Oscar S. Pritchard.
B	April 25, 1889.....	Dec. 9, 1898	Ft. Atkinson.....	68	G. W. Warlock.....	G. W. Schilling	J. Mueller.
C	July 7, 1877.....	Nov. 28, 1898	Whitewater.....	64	E. T. Weyher.....	O. Johnson.....	H. J. Cadman.
D	July 26, 1898.....	.....	Milwaukee.....	67	E. Wilde.....	F. Meske.....	W. Mehl.
E	October 24, 1889.....	May 1, 1899	Milwaukee.....	56	Henry R. Prescott.....	Martin D. Imhof.....	Gardner E. Bacon.
F	April 28, 1889.....	Jun. 12, 1899	Milwaukee.....	46	G. A. Fritsche.....	R. J. Parks.....	R. T. Lawson.
G	March 24, 1875.....	Dec. 22, 1888	Madison.....	61	J. P. Joachim.....	J. W. O'Connell.....	G. F. O'Connell.
H	March 30, 1882.....	Nov. 29, 1898	Monroe.....	57	F. F. West.....	F. W. Buehler.....	F. Odell.
I	February 27, 1902.....	.....	Neenah.....	72	J. R. Schneller.....	F. J. Schneider.....	W. Weaver.
K	August 24, 1877.....	Dec. 12, 1898	Milwaukee.....	56	P. Piasecki.....	S. E. Piasecki.....	J. B. Zawodney.
L	May 10, 1900.....	.....	Beloit.....	54	R. P. M. Rossman.....	J. A. Armstrong.....	W. I. Maurer.
M	July 27, 1898.....	.....	Oconomowoc.....	68	E. M. Webb.....	P. Hanson.....	O. Schoen.
				718			

Second Regiment of Infantry.

A	September 25, 1889.....	Dec. 20, 1898	Marshfield.....	64	O. Meyer.....	B. McLees.....	L. H. Schoenhofin.
B	March 25, 1876.....	Dec. 17, 1898	Oshkosh.....	54	L. H. Lawson.....	John H. Laabs.....	O. Burkhardt.
C	November 4, 1877.....	Dec. 19, 1898	Sheboygan.....	62	C. B. damer.....	H. Olson.....	E. Eckert.
D	March 28, 1879.....	Dec. 15, 1898	Ripon.....	60	F. J. Graham.....	.....	A. E. Brunet,
E	April 7, 1880.....	.....	Poni du Lac.....	65	W. J. Seave.....	A. M. Trier.....	John Plier,
F	April 8, 1880.....	Dec. 28, 1898	Oshkosh.....	60	Emil F. Krueing.....	Wm. Zwicky.....	Geo. Merkel,
G	Oct. 27, 1881.....	Dec. 14, 1898	Appleton.....	61	Hugh E. Pomeroy.....	W. H. Zuehlke.....	Louis Shimck.
H	December 23, 1881.....	Dec. 16, 1898	Manitowoc.....	70	C. M. Krumm.....	Richard T. Buerstatte.....	F. E. Bent.
I	May 1, 1889.....	Dec. 13, 1898	Marinette.....	44	S. K. Prescott.....	P. Wood.....	F. W. Jillson.
K	October 4, 1880.....	Dec. 26, 1898	Beaver Dam.....	67	P. J. Zink.....	W. Bearder.....	.....
L	July 30, 1898.....	.....	Rhineland.....	56	E. O. Brown.....	D. H. Walker.....	.....
M	May 2, 1889.....	Nov. 23, 1898	Oconto.....	68	W. B. Hall.....	A. J. Cummings.....	P. Peterson.
				731			

Third Regiment of Infantry.

A	May 15, 1875	May 5, 1899.	Neillsville	68	H. W. Klopf	F. Burnett	A. F. Knoop.
B	August 1, 1873	May 4, 1899.	La Crosse	66	F. Schultz	A. A. Weisbecke	P. J. Wendling.
C	June 18, 1887	May 10, 1899.	Hudson	68	W. Y. Burton	C. C. Remington	Henry J. Lyon.
D	October 11, 1875	May 1, 1899.	Mauston	62	C. C. Wetherby	T. W. Grober	C. W. Dinser.
E	July 25, 1898		Eau Claire	60	E. S. Pearsall	Guy Goodell	L. O. Mueller.
F	June 23, 1877	May 3, 1899.	Portage	69	F. E. Burbach	E. I. Lucas	O. Abraham.
G	December 30, 1882	May 4, 1899	Wausau	66	H. J. Abraham		W. A. Neys
H	January 16, 1887	May 9, 1899	Menomonie	50	M. F. Swant	S. K. Duff, Jr.	A. C. Earnshaw.
I	November 29, 1895	May 27, 1899	West Superior	68	E. Rossiter	Max P. Curtius	B. Trowbridge.
K	May 28, 1884	May 2, 1899	Tomah	67	Arthur E. Winter	O. L. Arnold	Fred E. Bauchop.
L	July 15, 1896	May 1, 1899.	Sparta	59	R. B. McCoy	E. W. Gautsch	G. H. Hale.
M	December 28, 1892	May 3, 1899.	La Crosse	65	C. H. Rawlinson		
				768			

Tenth Separate Battalion of Infantry.

A	July 27, 1898		Rice Lake	68	S. A. Peterson	L. S. Everts	V. H. Paradis.
B	July 25, 1898		Reedsburg	66	W. A. Wyse	A. H. Clark	Wm. J. Meyers.
C	July 26, 1898		Chippewa Falls	52	E. Firth		Grant Childs.
D	July 28, 1838		Ashland	66	E. A. Scott	H. C. Adley	
				252			

Troop A, 1st Cavalry.

	April 27, 1880		Milwaukee	72	R. W. Mueller	W. J. Classen	F. E. Fritz.
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1st Battery Field Artillery.

	May 11, 1885	Oct. 18, 1898.	Milwaukee	74	C. F. Ludington	G. D Armitage	P. C. Westfahl.
						F. M. Bement	
	General Staff			17			
	Medical Department			13			
	Field and Staff Officers			48			
	Non-Commissioned Staff			26			
	Musicians			84			
	Total			2,803			

REGIMENTAL FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.

FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Colonel. *Date of Rank.*

Otto H. Falk, Milwaukee June 10, 1899

Lieutenant Colonel.

George H. Joachim, Madison June 11, 1899

Majors.

Daniel A. Stearns, Monroe June 27, 1893
Benjamin H. Dally, Milwaukee Mar. 22, 1901
Oliver E. Lewis

Adjutant—Captain.

Clinton G. Price, Milwaukee May 2, 1903

Quartermaster—Captain.

Walter E. Burke, Milwaukee June 24, 1903

Commissary—Captain.

Irving A. Fish, Madison June 25, 1903

Chaplain—Captain.

Herbert H. Jacobs, Milwaukee July 11, 1898

Battalion Adjutants—1st Lieutenants.

Henry C. Baker, Madison May 25, 1893
Richard C. Guetzlaff, Milwaukee July 7, 1903
Otto W. Geyer, Milwaukee Jan. 13, 1904

Battalion Quartermasters and Commissaries—2d Lieutenants.

Alfred E. Gaartz, Waukesha June 28, 1901
Frank A. Shriner, Monroe Aug. 2, 1901
Paul Ahnert, Milwaukee July 7, 1903

SECOND REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Organized by General Orders No. 25, April 26, 1882. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Appleton.

Colonel. *Date of Rank.*

Nathan E. Morgan, Appleton June 11, 1899

Lieutenant Colonel.

Frank W. Gruelzmacher, Ripon June 12, 1899

Majors.

Wallace P. Greene, Marinette July 15, 1898
Wilbur M. Lee, Oconto June 10, 1899
Julius A. Nemitz, Oshkosh June 13, 1899

Adjutant—Captain.

C. A. Green, Appleton.Feb. 14, 1905

Quartermaster—Captain.

Walter A. Marden, Oshkosh.....Jan. 19, 1897

Commissary—Captain.

James McCully, Ashland.June 4, 1901

Chaplain—Captain.

Edward H. Smith, Oshkosh.....July 27, 1892

Battalion Adjutants—1st Lieutenants.

Gustave Disch, Marinette.July 19, 1895

Harry R. Lee, AppletonJune 16, 1899

John H. Laabs, OshkoshJune 16, 1899

Battalion Quartermasters and Commissaries—2d Lieutenants.

Ulrich Moeckli, SheboyganJune 8, 1901

Charles J. McCrory, MarinetteJune 8, 1901

Geo. O. Sanders, OshkoshJune 11, 1901

THIRD REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Organized by General Orders No. 10, April 30, 1883. Re-organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, La Crosse.

Colonel.

Date of Rank.

Orlando Holway, La Crosse.....June 12, 1899

Lieutenant Colonel.

Julius E. Kirches, La CrosseJune 10, 1899

Majors.

Randolph A. Richards, Sparta.....Oct. 19, 1897

Joseph M. Ballard, Eau ClaireJune 11, 1899

John W. Hommel, Neillsville.....June 12, 1899

Adjutant—Captain.

Marshall Cousins, Eau Claire.....June 17, 1899

Quartermaster—Captain.

John Turner, MaustonFeb. 14, 1895

Commissary—Captain.

William H. Becker, MenomonieJune 4, 1901

Chaplain—Captain.

Charles E. Butters, ViroquaOct. 1, 1898

Battalion Adjutants—1st Lieutenants.

Percy C. Atkinson, Eau Claire.....July 21, 1902

Daniel L. Remington, Mauston.....July 26, 1902

Arthur De Groff, Sparta.....Jan. 25 1905

Battalion Quartermasters and Commissaries—2d Lieutenants.

Fred M. Foster, Sparta.....July 20, 1901
 W. A. Grimmer, Mauston.....July 6, 1904
 Henry Hallauer, La CrosseAug. 11, 1902

TENTH SEPARATE BATTALION OF INFANTRY.

Organized by General Orders No. 4, June 10, 1899. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Major.

John J. Lynch, Milwaukee.....Oct. 2, 1896

Adjutant—1st Lieutenant.

John E. Driscoll, MilwaukeeAug. 5, 1899

Battalion Quartermaster and Commissary—2d Lieutenant.

Joseph W. Brown, MilwaukeeJuly 9, 1901

PART VI.

U. S. GOVERNMENT.

Executive.

Legislative.

Consular and Diplomatic Service.

Judicial.

TERRITORIAL AND STATE GOVERNMENTS.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS.

U. S. Money.

U. S. Finances.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

	Salary.
President—Theodore Roosevelt, of New York,* salary	\$50,000
Vice-President—Charles W. Fairbanks,† salary	8,000

THE CABINET.

Arranged in the order of succession for the Presidency declared by Chapter 4, Acts of 49th Congress, 1st Session.‡

Secretary of State—John Hay, of Ohio.
Secretary of the Treasury—Leslie M. Shaw, of Iowa.
Secretary of War—William H. Taft, of Ohio.
Attorney-General—Wm. H. Moody, of Massachusetts.
Postmaster-General—Robert J. Wynne, of Pennsylvania.
Secretary of the Navy—Paul Morton, of Illinois.
Secretary of Interior—Ethan A. Hitchcock, of Missouri.
Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, of Iowa.
Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Victor B. Metcalf, of California.
The salaries of the Cabinet officers are \$8,000 each.

THE DEPARTMENTS.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

	Salary
Assistant Secretary—Francis B. Loomis, Ohio	\$4,500
Second Ass't Secretary—A. A. Adeo, D. C.	4,000
Third Ass't Secretary—H. H. D. Peirce, Mass.	4,000
Chief Clerk—Wm. H. Michael, Neb.	3,000
Ass't Solicitor—Frederick Van Dyne, D. C.	3,000
Ch. Diplomatic Bureau—S. Y. Smith, D. C.	2,100
Ch. Consular Bureau—Wilbur J. Carr, D. C.	2,100
Ch. Indexes & Archives—Pendleton King, N. C.	2,100
Ch. Bureau Accounts—Thos. Morrison, N. Y.	2,100
Ch. Bureau Rolls and Library—A. H. Allen, N. C.	2,100
Ch. Bureau Trade Relations—F. Emory, Md.	2,100
Ch. Bureau Appointments—R. B. Mosher, Ky.	2,100
Ch. Bureau Passports—Gaillard Hunt, D. C.	2,100

*Secretary to the President, William Loeb, Jr.

†On March 4, 1905, Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, became Vice-President.

‡The Departments of Agriculture and Commerce and Labor were made executive departments and their secretaries were made Cabinet officers subsequent to the passage of the Succession act of the 49th Congress.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
Assistant Secretary—Robt. B. Armstrong, Ill.	\$4,500
Assistant Secretary—Chas. H. Keep, N. Y.	4,500
Assistant Secretary—Horace A. Taylor, Wis.	4,500
Chief Clerk—Wallace H. Hills, N. Y.	3,000
Chief Appointment Div.—Chas. Lyman, Conn.	2,750
Chief Bookkeeping Div.—W. F. MacLennan, N. Y.	3,500
Chief Public Moneys Div.—E. B. Daskam, Conn.	2,500
Chief Customs Div.—James L. Gerry, Ill.	2,750
Chief Loans and Cur. Div.—A. T. Huntington, Mass.	3,000
Chief Stationery and Printing Div.—G. Simmons, D. C.	2,500
Chief Mails and Files Div.—S. M. Gaines, Ky.	2,500
Chief Miscellaneous Div.—Lewis Jordan, Ind.	2,500
Chief Revenue Cutter Service—C. F. Shoemaker .....	.....
Director of Mint—Geo. E. Roberts, Iowa	4,500
Government Actuary—Joseph S. McCoy, N. J.	1,800
Superv. Surgeon-Gen.—Walter Wyman, Mo.	4,000
Ch. Bur. Eng. & Printing—W. M. Meredith, Ill.	4,500
Supervising Architect—James K. Taylor, Pa.	4,500
Compt. of Treasury—Robt. J. Tracewell, Ind.	5,500
Auditor for Treasury—Wm. E. Andrews, Neb.	4,000
Auditor for War Dept.—F. E. Rittmann, O.	4,000
Auditor for Int. Dept.—R. S. Person, S. D.	4,000
Auditor for Navy Dept.—W. W. Brown, Pa.	4,000
Auditor for State, etc.—Ernest G. Timme, Wis.	4,000
Auditor for P. O. Dept.—J. J. McCardy, Minn.	4,000
Treasurer of U. S.—Ellis H. Roberts, N. Y.	6,000
Assistant Treasurer—James F. Meline, Ohio	3,600
Register Treasury—Judson W. Lyons, Ga.	4,000
Deputy Register—Cyrus F. Adams, Ill.	2,250
Comp'r of Currency—Wm. B. Ridgely, Ill.	5,000
Comms. Internal Rev.—John W. Yerkes, Ky.	6,000
Dep. Com. Internal Rev.—R. Williams, Jr., La.	4,000
Dep. Com. Internal Rev.—J. C. Wheeler, Mich.	3,600
Solicitor Internal Rev.—Geo. M. Thomas	4,500
Solicitor of Treasury—M. D. O'Connell, Iowa	4,500
Chief Secret Service—Jno. E. Wilkie, Ill.	4,000

WAR DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
Asst. Secretary—Robt. Shaw Oliver, N. Y.	\$4,500
Chief Clerk—John C. Scofield, Ga.	3,000
Adjutant-Gen.—Maj.-Gen. H. C. Corbin	7,500
Chief Clerk—R. P. Thian, N. Y.	2,000
Mil. Secretary—Maj.-Gen. F. C. Ainsworth	7,500
Chief Clerk—Jacob Frech, D. C.	2,000
Insp.-Gen.—Brig.-Gen. George H. Burton	5,500
Chief Clerk—Warren H. Orcutt, Me.	1,800
Judge Adv.-Gen.—Brig.-Gen. Geo. B. Davis	5,500
Chief Clerk—L. W. Call, Kan.	2,000
Quartermaster-Gen.—Brig.-Gen. C. F. Humphrey	5,500
Chief Clerk—Henry D. Saxton, Mass.	2,000
Commissary-Gen.—Brig.-Gen. J. F. Weston	5,500
Chief Clerk—Emmet Hamilton, Minn.	2,000
Surgeon-Gen.—Brig.-Gen. R. M. O'Reilly	5,500
Chief Clerk—George A. Jones, N. Y.	2,000
Paymaster-Gen.—Brig.-Gen. Francis S. Dodge	5,500

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

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	Salary.
Chief Clerk—Thomas M. Exley, Mass.	2,900
Ch. of Engineers—Brig.-Gen. Alex. Mackenzie	5,300
Chief Clerk—Phineas J. Dempsey, Va.	2,000
Chief of Ordnance—Brig.-Gen. Wm. Crozier	5,500
Chief Clerk—John J. Cook, D. C.	2,400
Chief Signal Officer—Brig.-Gen. A. W. Greely	5,500
Chief Clerk—George A. Warren, N. Y.	2,000
Ch. Bu. Insular Aff.—Col. C. R. Edwards	3,500
Officer Charge Pub. Bldgs.—Col. T. W. Symons	4,500
Chief Clerk—E. F. Concklin, N. Y.	2,400
Landscape Gardner—Geo. H. Brown, D. C.	2,000

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
Assistant Secretary—Charles H. Darling, Vt.	\$4,500
Chief Clerk—Benj. F. Peters, Pa.	3,000
Pres. General Board—Admiral George Dewey .....	..
Chief Yards and Docks—Civil Engineer M. T. Endicott§	5,500
Chief Ordnance—R.-Adm. N. E. Mason	5,500
Chief Supplies and Accounts—Paymaster-Gen. Henry T. B. Harris§....	5,500
Chief Medicine—Sur-Gen. Presley M. Rixey§.....	5,500
Chief Equipment—R.-Adm. H. N. Manney§	5,500
Chief Construction—Naval Constructor Washington L. Capps§.....	5,500
Chief Navigation—R.-Adm. G. A. Converse	7,500
Engineer-in-Chief—R.-Adm. Charles W. Rae	5,500
Judge-Adv.-Gen.—Capt. S. W. B. Diehl	4,500
Pres. Naval Exam. Board—Rear-Admiral Charles E. Clark.....	6,375
Pres. Naval Retir. Board—Rear-Admiral Charles E. Clark.....	6,375
Ch. Intelligence Office—Capt. S. Schroeder	4,165
Supt. Naval Obs.—R.-Adm. Colby M. Chester	4,165
Director Nautical Alm.—Prof. W. S. Harshman	2,700
Hydrographer—Commander H. M. Hodges	3,570
Marine Corps—Brig.-Gen. G. F. Elliott	5,500

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
Chief Clerk—Merritt O. Chance, Ill.	\$2,500
First Assistant P. M. G.—Vacant	5,000
Second Asst. P. M. G.—W. S. Shallenberger, Pa.	4,500
Third Asst. P. M. G.—E. C. Madden, Mich.	4,500
Fourth Asst. P. M. G.—J. L. Bristow, Kan.	4,500
Assistant Attorney-Gen.—Russell P. Goodwin	4,500
Purchasing Agent—W. E. Cochran, Col.	2,000
Appointment Clerk—W. S. Nicholson, Pa.	2,000
Supt. Foreign Mails—N. M. Brooks, Va.	3,000
Supt. Money Order—E. F. Kimball, Mass.	3,000
Gen. Supt. Railway M. S.—Jas. E. White, Ill.	3,500
Supt. Dead-Letter Office—James R. Young, Pa.	2,500
Chief P. O. Inspector—Wm. J. Vickery, Ind.	3,000
Supt. and Disbursing Clerk—R. B. Merchant, Va.	2,250

§Rank and title of Rear-Admiral while holding said office.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
First Asst. Secretary—Thomas Ryan, Kan.	\$6,000
Assistant Secretary—Melville W. Miller, Ind.	4,000
Chief Clerk—Edward M. Dawson, Md.	3,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—Frank L. Campbell, D. C.	5,000
Commis. Land Office—Wm. A. Richards, Wyo.	5,000
Asst. Commis.—John H. Fimple, Ohio	3,500
Commis. Pensions—Eugene F. Ware, Kan.	5,000
First Deputy Com. of Pensions—James L. Davenport, N. H.	3,600
Second Deputy Com. of Pensions—Leverett M. Kelley, Ill.	3,600
Commis. Education—Wm. T. Harris, Mass.	3,500
Com. Indian Affairs—Francis E. Leupp, D. C.	4,000
Asst. Commis.—A. Clarke Tonner, Ohio	3,000
Commis. Patents—Frederick I. Allen, N. Y.	5,000
Asst. Commis.—Edward B. Moore, Mich.	3,000
Dirac. Geol. Survey—Chas. D. Wolcott, N. Y.	6,000
Chief Clerk Geol. Survey—H. C. Rizer, Kan.	2,500

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

	Salary.
Solicitor-Gen.—Henry M. Hoyt, Pa.	7,500
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—William A. Day, D. C.	7,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—John G. Thompson, Ill.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—Louis A. Pradt, Wis.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—Milton D. Purdy, Minn.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—Jas. C. McReynolds, Tenn.	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—William E. Fuller	5,000
Asst. Atty.-Gen.—Charles H. Robb	5,000
Solicitor State Dept.—William L. Penfield, Ind.	4,000
Chief Clerk—O. J. Field, Kan.	2,750
General Agent—Cecil Clay, W. Va.	4,000
Appointment Clerk—J. Harwood Graves, Va.	2,000
Atty. for Pardons—Peyton Gordon, Md.	2,400
Disbursing Clerk—Alex. C. Caine, Ohio	2,750

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

	Salary.
Asst. Secretary—Willet H. Hayes, Minn.	\$4,500
Chief Clerk—S. R. Burch, Kan.	2,500
Appointment Clerk—Joseph B. Bennett, Wis.	2,000
Chief Weather Bureau—Willis L. Moore, Ill.	5,000
Chief Bur. Animal Indust.—D. E. Salmon, N. C.	4,500
Director Experiment Stations—A. C. True, Conn.	3,500
Chief Div. Publications—Geo. Wm. Hill, Minn.	2,500
Chief Div. Accounts—F. L. Evans, Pa.	2,500
Chief Bureau Soils—Milton Whitney, Md.	3,500
Chief Bureau Forestry—Gifford Pinchot, N. Y.	3,500
Statistician—John Hyde, Neb.	3,000
Entomologist—L. O. Howard, N. Y.	2,750
Chemist—H. W. Wiley, Ind.	3,500
Chief Div. Biological Survey—C. H. Merriam, N. Y.	2,750
Director Road Inquiry—M. Dodge, Ohio	2,750
Chief Div. For. Markets—G. K. Holmes, D. C.	2,500
Chief Bureau of Plant Industry—B. T. Galloway, Mo.	4,000

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

	Salary.
Chief Clerk—Frank H. Bowen, Mass.	\$3,000
Disbursing Clerk—Wm. L. Soleau, Md.	2,500
Commis. Corporations—Jas. R. Garfield, Ohio	5,000
Commissioner of Labor—C. P. Neill, D. C.	5,000
Chair. Lt.-H. Bd.—R.-Adm. R. D. Evans, Utah.....	..
Director Census—S. N. D. North, Mass.	7,500
Supt. Coast & Geod. Survey—O. H. Tittmann, Mo.	5,000
Ch. Bureau Statistics—Oscar P. Austin, D. C.	3,500
Sup. Insp.-Gen. Stbt. Serv.—Geo. Uhler, Pa.	3,500
Commissioner Fisheries—G. M. Bowers, W. Va.	5,000
Commis. Navigation—E. T. Chamberlain, N. Y.	3,600
Commis.-Gen. Immigration—F. P. Sargent, Ill.	5,000
Director Bureau Standards—S. W. Stratton, Ill.	5,000
—	
Civil Service Commis.—John C. Black, Ill.	3,500
Civil Service Commis.—A. W. Cooley, N. Y.	3,500
Civil Service Commis.—H. F. Greene, Minn.	3,500
Chief Examiner Civil Ser.—F. M. Kiggins, Tenn.	3,000
Secretary Civil Service—John T. Doyle, N. Y.	2,250
Government Printer—Frank W. Palmer, Ill.	4,500
Librarian of Congress—Herbert Putnam, Mass.	6,000
Assistant Librarian—A. R. Spofford, Ohio.....	4,000
Director Bureau of American Republics—Wm. W. Rockhill, D. C.....	5,000
Chief Clerk Bureau Amer. Rep.—Williams C. Fox, D. C.	2,000
Secretary—N. Velez-Goiticoa, D. C. ....	..
Sec. Smithsonian Institute—S. P. Langley, Pa. ....	..
Dir. Bureau Amer. Ethnology—W. H. Holmes .....	..
Reciprocity Commissioner—John A. Kasson, Iowa .....	..

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

	Salary.
Martin A. Knapp, N. Y., Chairman	\$7,500
Judson C. Clements, Ga.	7,500
James D. Yeomans, Iowa	7,500
Charles A. Prouty, Vt.	7,500
Joseph W. Fifer, Ill.	7,500
Edward A. Moseley, Mass., Secretary	3,500
Martin S. Decker, N. Y., Asst. Secretary	3,000

SPANISH-AMERICAN CLAIMS COMMISSION.

	Salary.
William E. Chandler, N. H.	5,000
Gerrit J. Diekema, Mich.	5,000
James Perry Wood, Ohio	5,000
William A. Maury, D. C.	5,000
William L. Chambers, Alabama	5,000

BOARD OF INDIAN COMMISSIONERS.

Chairman—Darwin R. James, N. Y.
 Sec.—Merrill E. Gates, Wash., D. C.
 Albert K. Smiley, N. Y.
 E. Whittlesey, D. C.
 William D. Walker, N. Y.

Joseph T. Jacobs, Mich.
 Philip C. Garrett, Pa.
 Patrick J. Ryan, Pa.
 C. J. Bonaparte, Md.
 Andrew S. Draper, Ill.

The board serves without salary.

COMMISSION TO CODIFY THE PENAL LAWS.

	Salary.
Chairman—Alexander C. Botkin, Wis.	\$5,000
David K. Watson, Ohio	5,000
William D. Bynum, Ind.	5,000

UNITED STATES PENSION AGENTS.

Augusta, Me.	Selden Connor
Boston, Mass.	Augustus J. Hoitt
Buffalo, N. Y.	Charles A. Orr
Chicago, Ill.	Jonathan Merriam
Columbus, Ohio	Joseph W. Jones
Concord, N. H.	Hugh Henry
Des Moines, Iowa	Richard P. Clarkson
Detroit, Mich.	Oscar A. Janes
Indianapolis, Ind.	Albert O. Marsh
Knoxville, Tenn.	John T. Wilder
Louisville, Ky.	Andrew T. Wood
Milwaukee, Wis.	Edwin D. Coe
New York City, N. Y.	Michael Kerwin
Philadelphia, Pa.	St. Clair A. Mulholland
Pittsburg, Pa.	John W. Nesbit
San Francisco, Cal.	Jesse B. Fuller
Topeka, Kan.	Wilder S. Metcalf
Washington, D. C.	John R. King

Salaries of Pension Agents, \$4,000.

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The Librarian's Office and the Department of Bibliography are open for the transaction of business from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. week days, and from 2 p. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays.

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U. S. SENATOR JOHN C. SPOONER.

THE FIFTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

BEGINS MARCH 4, 1905, AND ENDS MARCH 4, 1907.

SENATE.

President—Charles W. Fairbanks, R., of Indiana.

Total number of senators, 90, of whom 58 will be republicans and 32 democrats. The senatorial vacancies will be filled by the legislatures meeting in January, 1905.

ALABAMA.
Expire. Senators. P. O. Address.
 1907—John T. Morgan, d. Selma
 1909—Edmund W. Pettus, d. Selma
 ARKANSAS.
 1907—James H. Berry, d. Bentonville
 1909—James P. Clarke, d. Little Rock
 CALIFORNIA.
 1909—George C. Perkins, r. Oakland
 1911—Frank P. Flint, r. Los Angeles
 COLORADO.
 1907—T. MacD. Patterson, d. Denver
 1909—Henry M. Teller, d. Central City
 CONNECTICUT.
 1909—Morgan G. Buckley, r. Hartford
 1911—F. B. Brandegee, r. New London
 DELAWARE.
 1907—J. Frank Allee, r. Dover
 1911—A Republican.
 FLORIDA.
 1909—Stephen R. Mallory, d. Pensacola
 1911—Jas. P. Taliaferro, d. Jacksonville
 GEORGIA.
 1907—Augustus O. Bacon, d. Macon
 1909—Alexander S. Clay, d. Marietta
 IDAHO.
 1907—Fred. T. Dubois, d. Blackfoot
 1909—Welden B. Heyburn, r. Wallace
 ILLINOIS.
 1907—Shelby M. Cullom, r. Springfield
 1909—Albert J. Hopkins, r. Aurora
 INDIANA.
 1909—Albert J. Beveridge, r. Indianapolis
 1911—James A. Hemenway, r. Boonville
 IOWA.
 1907—Jona. P. Dolliver, r. Ft. Dodge
 1909—William B. Allison, r. Dubuque
 KANSAS.
 1907—Joseph R. Burton, r. Abilene
 1909—Ches. I. Long, r. Medicine Lodge
 KENTUCKY.
 1907—J. C. S. Blackburn, d. Versailles
 1909—Jas. B. McCreary, d. Richmond
 LOUISIANA.
 1907—Murphy J. Foster, d. Franklin
 1909—S. D. McEnery, d. New Orleans
 MAINE.
 1907—William P. Frye, r. Lewiston
 1911—Eugene Hale, r. Ellsworth
 MARYLAND.
 1909—Arthur P. Gorman, d. Laurel
 1911—Isador Rayner, d. Baltimore
 MASSACHUSETTS.
 1907—Winthrop M. Crane, r. Dalton
 1911—Henry Cabot Lodge, r. Nahant
 MICHIGAN.
 1907—Russell A. Alger, r. Detroit
 1911—Julius C. Burrows, r. Kalamazoo
 MINNESOTA.
 1907—Knute Nelson, r. Alexandria
 1911—Moses E. Clapp, r. St. Paul
 MISSISSIPPI.
 1907—Anselm J. McLaurin, d. Brandon
 1911—Hernando D. Money, d. Carrollton
 MISSOURI.
 1909—William J. Stone, d. St. Louis
 1911—Wm. Warner, r. Kansas City
 MONTANA.
 1907—William A. Clark, d. Butte
 1911—Thos. H. Carter, r. Helena

NEBRASKA.
Expire. Senators. P. O. Address.
 1907—Joseph H. Millard, r. Omaha
 1911—Elmer J. Burkett, r. Lincoln
 NEVADA.
 1909—Francis G. Newlands, d. Reno
 1911—George S. Nixon, r. Minnemucca
 NEW HAMPSHIRE.
 1907—H. E. Burnham, r. Manchester
 1909—Jacob H. Gallinger, r. Concord
 NEW JERSEY.
 1907—John F. Dryden, r. Newark
 1911—John Kean, r. Elizabeth
 NEW YORK.
 1909—Thomas C. Platt, r. Owego
 1911—Chauncey M. Depew, r. New York
 NORTH CAROLINA.
 1907—Fernfold M. Simmons, d. Raleigh
 1909—Lee S. Overman, d. Salisbury
 NORTH DAKOTA.
 1909—H. C. Hansbrough, r. Devil's Lake
 1911—Porter J. McCumber, r. Wahpeton
 OHIO.
 1909—Joseph B. Foraker, r. Cincinnati
 1911—Charles Dick, r. Akron
 OREGON.
 1907—John H. Mitchell, r. Portland
 1909—Charles W. Fulton, r. Astoria
 PENNSYLVANIA.
 1909—Boles Penrose, r. Philadelphia
 1911—Philander C. Knox, r. Pittsburg
 RHODE ISLAND.
 1907—George P. Wetmore, r. Newport
 1911—Nelson W. Aldrich, r. Providence
 SOUTH CAROLINA.
 1907—Benj. R. Tillman, d. Trenton
 1909—Asbury C. Latimer, d. Belton
 SOUTH DAKOTA.
 1907—Robert J. Gamble, r. Yankton
 1909—Albert B. Kitttridge, r. Sioux Falls
 TENNESSEE.
 1907—Edward W. Carmack, d. Memphis
 1911—James B. Frazier, d. Chattanooga
 TEXAS.
 1907—Joseph W. Bailey, d. Gainesville
 1911—Chas. A. Culberson, d. Dallas
 UTAH.
 1909—Reed Smoot, r. Provo
 1911—Geo. Sutherland, r. Salt Lake City
 VERMONT.
 1909—Wm. P. Dillingham, r. Waterbury
 1911—Redfield Proctor, r. Proctor
 VIRGINIA.
 1907—Thomas S. Martin, d. Scottsville
 1911—John W. Daniel, d. Lynchburg
 WASHINGTON.
 1909—Levi Ankeny, r. Walla Walla
 1911—Samuel H. Piles, r. Seattle
 WEST VIRGINIA.
 1907—Stephen B. Elkins, r. Elkins
 1911—Nathan B. Scott, r. Wheeling
 WISCONSIN.
 1907—John C. Spooner, r. Madison
 1911—Robert M. La Follette, r. Madison
 WYOMING.
 1907—Francis E. Warren, r. Cheyenne
 1911—Clarence D. Clark, r. Evanston

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—ELECT.

Republicans, 250; Democrats, 136; whole number, 386.

* Served in the Fifty-eighth Congress.

† Served in a previous Congress.

ALABAMA.	
<i>Loc.</i>	<i>Rep. P. O. Address</i>
1	George W. Taylor,* d. Demopolis
2	Ariosto A. Wiley, d. Montgomery
3	Henry D. Clayton,* d. Eufaula
4	Sidney J. Bowie,* d. Anniston
5	J. Thomas Hefflin,* d. Lafayette
6	John H. Bankhead,* d. Fayette
7	John L. Burnett,* d. Gadsden
8	William Richardson,* d. Huntsville
9	O. W. Underwood,* d. Birmingham
ARKANSAS.	
1	Robert Bruce Macom,* d. Helena
2	Stephen Brundidge, Jr.,* d. Searcy
3	J. C. Floyd, d. Yellville
4	John S. Little,* d. Greenwood
5	Charles C. Reid,* d. Morrillton
6	Joseph T. Robinson,* d. Lonoke
7	Robert M. Wallace,* d. Magnolia
CALIFORNIA.	
1	James N. Gillett,* r. Eureka
2	D. E. McKinley, r. Santa Rosa
3	Joseph R. Knowlton,* r. Alameda
4	Julius Kahn,† r. San Francisco
5	E. A. Hayes, r. San Jose
6	James C. Needham,* r. Modesta
7	James McLachlan,* r. Pasadena
8	S. C. Smith, r. Bakersville
COLORADO.	
<i>At Large.</i>	
Franklin E. Brooks, r. Colorado Springs	
1	Robert W. Bonyng,* r. Denver
2	Herschel M. Hogg,* r. Telluride
CONNECTICUT.	
<i>At Large.</i>	
George L. Lilley,* r. Waterbury	
1	E. Stevens Henry,* r. Rockville
2	Nehemiah D. Sperry,* r. New Haven
3	Frank B. Brandegee,* r. New London
4	Ebenezer J. Hill,* r. Norwalk
DELAWARE.	
<i>At Large.</i>	
Hiram R. Burton, r. Lewes	
FLORIDA.	
1	Stephen M. Sparkman,* d. Tampa
2	Frank Clark, d. Lake City
3	William B. Lamar,* d. Tallahassee
GEORGIA.	
1	Rufus E. Lester,* d. Savannah
2	James M. Griggs,* d. Dawson
3	Elijah B. Lewis,* d. Montezuma
4	William C. Adamson,* d. Carrollton
5	Leonidas F. Livingston,* d. Covington
6	Charles L. Bartlett,* d. Macon
7	Gordon Lee, d. Chickamauga
8	William M. Howard,* d. Lexington
9	Thomas M. Bell, d. Gainesville
10	Thos. W. Hardwick,* d. Sandersville
11	William G. Brantley,* d. Brunswick
IDAHO.	
1	Burton L. French,* r. Moscow
ILLINOIS.	
1	Martin B. Madden, r. Chicago
2	James R. Mann,* r. Chicago
3	William W. Wilson,* r. Chicago
4	Charles F. Wharton, r. Chicago
5	Anthony Michalek, r. Chicago
6	William Lorimer,* r. Chicago
7	Philip Knopf,* r. Chicago
8	Charles McGavin, r. Chicago
9	Henry S. Boutell,* r. Chicago

ILLINOIS—Continued.	
<i>Dist.</i>	<i>Rep. P. O. Address</i>
10	George Edmund Foss,* r. Chicago
11	Howard M. Snapp,* r. Joliet
12	Charles E. Fuller,* r. Belvidere
13	Robert R. Hitt,* r. Mount Morris
14	Benjamin F. Marsh,* r. Warsaw
15	George W. Prince,* r. Galesburg
16	Joseph V. Graff,* r. Peoria
17	John A. Sterling,* r. Bloomington
18	Joseph G. Cannon,* r. Danville
19	William B. McKinley, r. Champaign
20	Henry T. Rainey,* d. Carrollton
21	Zeno J. Rives, r. Litchfield
22	Wm. A. Rodenberg,* r. East St. Louis
23	Frank L. Dickson, r. Ramsey
24	Pleasant T. Chapman, r. Vienna
25	Geo. W. Smith,* r. Murphysboro
INDIANA.	
1	James A. Hemenway,* r. Booneville
2	John C. Chaney, r. Sullivan
3	William T. Zenor,* d. Corydon
4	Lincoln Dixon, d. North Vernon
5	Elias S. Holliday, r. Brazil
6	James E. Watson,* r. Rushville
7	Jesse Overstreet,* r. Indianapolis
8	George W. Cromer,* r. Alunice
9	Charles B. Landis,* r. Delphi
10	Edgar D. Crumpacker,* r. Valparaiso
11	Frederick Landis,* r. Logansport
12	Newton W. Gilbert, r. Fort Wayne
13	Abraham L. Brick,* r. South Bend
IOWA.	
1	Thomas Hedge,* r. Burlington
2	Albert F. Dawson, r. Preston
3	Benj. P. Birdsall,* r. Clarion
4	Gilbert N. Haugen,* r. Northwood
5	Robert G. Cousins,* r. Tipton
6	John F. Lacey,* r. Oskaloosa
7	John A. T. Hull,* r. Des Moines
8	William P. Hepburn,* r. Clarinda
9	Walter I. Smith,* r. Council Bluffs
10	James P. Conner,* r. Denison
11	E. H. Hubbar, r. Sioux City
KANSAS.	
<i>At Large.</i>	
Charles F. Scott, r. Iola	
1	Charles Curtis,* r. Topeka
2	Justin D. Bowersock,* r. Lawrence
3	Phillip P. Campbell,* r. Pittsburgh
4	James M. Miller,* r. Council Grove
5	Wm. A. Calderhead,* r. Marysville
6	William A. Reeder,* r. Logan
7	Victor Murdock,* r. Wichita
KENTUCKY.	
1	Ollie M. James,* d. Marion
2	Augustus O. Stanley,* d. Henderson
3	James M. Richardson, d. Glasgow
4	David H. Smith,* d. Hodgenville
5	Swager Sherley,* d. Louisville
6	Joseph L. Rhinock, d. Covington
7	South Trimble,* d. Frankfort
8	George G. Gilbert,* d. Shelbyville
9	James B. Bennett, r. Greenvu
10	Frank A. Hopkins,* d. Prestonburg
11	Don C. Edwards, r. London
LOUISIANA.	
1	Adolph Meyer,* d. New Orleans
2	Robert C. Davey,* d. New Orleans
3	Robert F. Broussard,* d. Iberia
4	John T. Watkins,* d. Minden
5	J. E. Ransdell,* d. Lake Providence
6	Sam. M. Robertson,* d. Baton Rouge
7	Arsene P. Pujo,* d. Lake Charles

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

MAINE.
 1 Amos L. Allen,* r.....Alfred
 2 Chas. E. Littlefield,* r.....Rockland
 3 Edwin C. Burleigh,* r.....August
 4 Llewellyn Powers,* r.....Houiton

MARYLAND.
 1 Thomas A. Smith, d.....Ridgely
 2 Joshua F. C. Talbot,* d.Lutherville
 3 Frank C. Wachter,* r.....Baltimore
 4 John Gill, Jr., d.....Baltimore
 5 Sydney E. Mudd,* r.....La Plata
 6 George A. Pearre,* r.....Cumberland

MASSACHUSETTS.
 1 Geo. P. Lawrence,* r.....North Adams
 2 Frederick H. Gillett,* r.....Springfield
 3 Rockwood Hoar, r.....Worcester
 4 Charles Q. Tirrell,* r.....Natick
 5 Butler Ames,* r.....Lowell
 6 Augustus P. Gardner,* r.....Hamilton
 7 Ernest W. Roberts,* r.....Chelsea
 8 Samuel W. McCall,* r.....Winchester
 9 John A. Keliher,* d.....Boston
 10 William S. McNary,* d.....Boston
 11 John A. Sullivan,* d.....Boston
 12 John W. Weeks, r.....Newton
 13 William S. Greene,* r.....Fall River
 14 William C. Lovering,* r.....Taunton

MICHIGAN.
 1 Edwin Denby, r.....Detroit
 2 Charles E. Townsend,* r.....Jackson
 3 Washington Gardner,* r.....Albion
 4 Edward L. Hamilton,* r.....Niles
 5 Wm. Alden Smith,* r.....Grand Rapids
 6 Samuel W. Smith,* r.....Pontiac
 7 Henry McMorran,* r.....Port Huron
 8 Joseph W. Fordney,* r.....Saginaw
 9 Roswell P. Bishop,* r.....Ludington
 10 George A. Loud,* r.....Au Sable
 11 Archibald B. Darragh,* r.....St. Louis
 12 H. Olin Young,* r.....Ishpeming

MINNESOTA.
 1 James A. Tawney,* r.....Winona
 2 James T. McCleary,* r.....Mankato
 3 Charles R. Davis,* r.....St. Peter
 4 Fred C. Steven,* r.....St. Paul
 5 Loren Fletcher,* r.....Minneapolis
 6 Charles B. Buckman,* r.....Little Falls
 7 Andrew J. Volstead,* r.....Granite Falls
 8 J. Adam Bede,* r.....Pine City
 9 Halvor Steenerson,* r.....Crookston

MISSISSIPPI.
 1 Ezekiel S. Candler, Jr.,* d.....Corinth
 2 Thomas Spight,* d.....Ripley
 3 Benj. G. Humphreys,* d.....Greenville
 4 Wilson S. Hill,* d.....Winona
 5 Adam M. Byrd,* d.....Philadelphia
 6 Eaton J. Bowers,* d.....Bay St. Louis
 7 Frank A. McLain,* d.....Gloster
 8 J. Sharp Williams,* d.....Yazoo City

MISSOURI.
 1 James T. Lloyd,* d.....Shelbyville
 2 W. W. Rucker,* d.....Keytesville
 3 Frank B. Keppler, r.....Kingston
 4 Frank B. Fulkerson, r.....St. Joseph
 5 Edgar C. Ellis, r.....Kansas City
 6 David A. De Armond,* d.....Butler
 7 John Welborn, r.....Lexington
 8 D. W. Shackelford,* d.....Jefferson City
 9 Champ Clark,* d.....Bowling Green
 10 Richard Bartholdt,* r.....St. Louis
 11 John T. Hunt,* d.....St. Louis
 12 Ernest E. Wood, d.....St. Louis
 13 Marion E. Rhodes, r.....Potosi
 14 William T. Tindall, r.....Sparta
 15 Cassius M. Shartel, r.....Neosho
 16 Arthur P. Murphy, r.....Crocker

MONTANA.
 At Large.
 1 Joseph M. Dixon,* r.....Missoula

NEBRASKA.
 1 Elmer J. Burkett,* r.....Lincoln
 2 J. L. Kennedy, r.....Omaha
 3 John J. McCarthy,* r.....Ponca
 4 Edmund H. Hinchshaw,* r.....Fairbury
 5 George W. Norris, r.....McCook
 6 Moses P. Kinkaid,* r.....O'Neill

NEVADA.
 At Large.
 1 Clarence D. Van Duzer,* d.....Tonopah

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
 1 Cyrus A. Sulloway,* r.....Manchester
 2 Frank D. Currier,* r.....Canaan

NEW JERSEY.
 1 Henry C. Loudenslager,* r.....Paulsboro
 2 John J. Gardner,* r.....Atlantic City
 3 Benj. F. Howell,* r.....New Brunswick
 4 Ira W. Wood,* r.....Trenton
 5 Charles N. Fowler,* r.....Elizabeth
 6 Henry C. Allen, r.....Paterson
 7 Richard Wayne Parker,* r.....Newark
 8 William H. Wiley,* r.....East Orange
 9 Marshall Van Winkle, r.....Jersey City
 10 Allan L. McDermott,* d.....Jersey City

NEW YORK.
 1 William W. Cocks, r.....Old Westbury
 2 George H. Lindsay,* d.....Brooklyn
 3 Charles T. Duuwell,* r.....Brooklyn
 4 Charles B. Law, r.....Brooklyn
 5 George E. Waldo, r.....Brooklyn
 6 William M. Calder, r.....Brooklyn
 7 John J. Fitzerald,* d.....New York
 8 Timothy D. Sullivan,* d.....New York
 9 Henry M. Goldfogle,* d.....New York
 10 William Sulzer,* d.....New York
 11 Wm. Randolph Hearst,* d.....New York
 12 W. Bourke Cockran,* d.....New York
 13 Herbert Parsons, r.....New York
 14 Charles A. Towne,* d.....New York
 15 J. Van Vechten Cleot,* r.....New York
 16 Jacob Ruppert, Jr.,* d.....New York
 17 William S. Bennett, r.....New York
 18 Joseph A. Goulden,* d.....New York
 19 John E. Andrus, r.....Yonkers
 20 Thomas W. Bradley,* r.....Walden
 21 John H. Ketcham, r.....Dover Plains
 22 William H. Draper,* r.....Troy
 23 George N. Southwick,* r.....Albany
 24 Frank J. Lefevre, r.....New Paltz
 25 Lucius N. Littauer,* r.....Gloversville
 26 William H. Plack,* r.....Malone
 27 James S. Sherman,* r.....Utica
 28 Charles L. Knapp,* r.....Lowville
 29 Michael E. Driscoll,* r.....Syracuse
 30 John W. Dwight,* r.....Dryden
 31 Sereno E. Payne,* r.....Auburn
 32 James Breck Perkins,* r.....Rochester
 33 J. Sloat Fassett, r.....Elmira
 34 James W. Wadsworth,* r.....Geneseo
 35 William H. Ryan,* d.....Buffalo
 36 De Alva S. Alexander,* r.....Buffalo
 37 Edward B. Vreeland,* r.....Salamanca

NORTH CAROLINA.
 1 John H. Small,* d.....Washington
 2 Claude Kitchin,* d.....Scotland Neck
 3 Charles R. Thomas,* d.....Newbern
 4 Edward W. Pou,* d.....Smithfield
 5 William W. Kitchin, d.....Roxboro
 6 Gilbert B. Patterson,* d.....Maxton
 7 Robert N. Page,* d.....Biscoe
 8 E. Spencer Blackburn,* r.....Wilkesboro
 9 Edwin Y. Webb,* d.....Shelby
 10 James M. Gudger, Jr.,* d.....Asheville

NORTH DAKOTA.
 At Large
 1 Thomas F. Marshall,* r.....Oakes
 2 A. J. Gronna, r.....Lakota

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

OHIO.

- 1 Nicholas Longworth,* r..Cincinnati
- 2 Herman P. Goebel,* r...Cincinnati
- 3 Robert N. Nevin,* r.....Dayton
- 4 Harvey C. Garber,* d.....Greenville
- 5 W. W. Campbell, r.....Napoleon
- 6 T. E. Scroggy, r.....Xenia
- 7 J. Warren Keifer,† r.....Springfield
- 8 Ralph D. Cole, r.....Pindley
- 9 James H. Southard,* r.....Toledo
- 10 Henry T. Bannon, r.....Portsmouth
- 11 Charles H. Grosvenor,* r.....Athens
- 12 E. L. Taylor, r.....Columbus
- 13 G. E. Mouser, r.....Marion
- 14 Amos R. Webber,* r.....Elyria
- 15 B. G. Dawes, r.....Marietta
- 16 Capell L. Weems,* r..St. Clairsville
- 17 M. L. F. Smyser,† r.....Wooster
- 18 James Kennedy,* r.....Youngstown
- 19 W. Aubrey Thomas,* r.....Niles
- 20 Jacob A. Beidler,* r.....Willoughby
- 21 Theodore E. Burton,* r...Cleveland

OREGON.

- 1 Binger Hermann,* r.....Roseburg
- 2 John N. Williamson,* r..The Dalles

PENNSYLVANIA.

- 1 Henry H. Bingham,* r..Philadelphia
- 2 Robert Adams, Jr.,* r..Philadelphia
- 3 George A. Castor,* r..Philadelphia
- 4 Reuben O. Moon,* r..Philadelphia
- 5 Ed. de V. Morrell,* r..Philadelphia
- 6 George D. McCreary,* r..Philadelphia
- 7 Thomas S. Butler,* r..West Chester
- 8 Irving P. Wanger,* r.....Norristown
- 9 H. Burd Cassel,* r.....Marietta
- 10 Thomas H. Dale, r.....Scranton
- 11 Henry W. Palmer,* r..Wilkes-Barre
- 12 George R. Patterson,* r.....Ashland
- 13 Marcus C. L. Kline,* r.....Allentown
- 14 Mial E. Lilly, r.....Towanda
- 15 Elias Deemer,* r.....Williamsport
- 16 E. W. Samuels, r.....Mount Carmel
- 17 Thad. M. Mahon,* r..Chambersburg
- 18 Marlin E. Olmsted,* r..Harrisburg
- 19 John M. Reynolds,* r.....Bedford
- 20 Daniel F. Lafean,* r.....York
- 21 Solomon R. Dresser,* r..Bradford
- 22 George F. Huff,* r.....Greensburg
- 23 Allen F. Cooper,* r.....Uniontown
- 24 Ernest F. Acheson,* r..Washington
- 25 Arthur L. Bates,* r.....Meadville
- 26 Gus. A. Schneebell, r.....Nazareth
- 27 William O. Smith,* r.Punxsutawney
- 28 Joseph C. Sibley,* r.....Franklin
- 29 William H. Graham,† r..Allegheny
- 30 John Dalzell,* r.....Pittsburgh
- 31 James F. Burke, r.....Pittsburgh
- 32 A. J. Barchfeld, r.....Pittsburgh

RHODE ISLAND.

- 1 Daniel L. D. Granger,* d.Providence
- 2 Adin B. Capron,* r.....Smithfield

SOUTH CAROLINA.

- 1 George S. Legare,* d....Charleston
- 2 James O. Patterson, d....Barnwell
- 3 Wyatt Aiken,* d.....Abbeville
- 4 Joseph T. Johnson,* d..Spartanburg
- 5 David E. Finley,* d.....Yorkville
- 6 J. Edward Ellerbe,* d.....Sellers
- 7 Asbury F. Lever,* d....Wallaceville

SOUTH DAKOTA.

- At Large.*
- Charles H. Burke,* r.....Pierre
Eben W. Martin,* r.....Deadwood

TENNESSEE.

- 1 Walter P. Brownlow,* r..Jonesboro
- 2 Nathan W. Hale, r.....Knoxville
- 3 John A. Moon,* d.....Chattanooga
- 4 M. G. Butler, d.....Gainesboro
- 5 W. C. Houston, d.....Woodbury

TENNESSEE—Continued.

- 6 John W. Gaines, d.....Nashville
- 7 Lemuel P. Padgett,* d....Columbia
- 8 Thetus W. Sims,* d.....Linden
- 9 Finis J. Garrett, d.....Dresden
- 10 Malcolm R. Patterson,* d..Memphis

TEXAS.

- At Large.*
- 1 Morris Sheppard,* d....Texarkana
2 M. L. Brooks, d.....San Augustin
3 Gordon Russell, d.....Tyler
4 Choice B. Randell,* d.....Sherman
5 Jack Beall,* d.....Waxahachie
6 Scott Field,* d.....Calvert
7 Alexander W. Gregg,* d..Palestine
8 John M. Pinckney,* d....Hempstead
9 George F. Burgess,* d....Gonzales
10 Albert S. Burleson,* d.....Austin
11 Robert L. Henry,* d.....Waco
12 Oscar W. Gillespie,* d....Fort Worth
13 John H. Stephens,* d.....Vernon
14 James L. Slayden,* d....San Antonio
15 John N. Garner,* d.....Uvalde
16 William R. Smith,* d....Colorado

UTAH.

- At Large.*
- Joseph Howell,* r.....Wellsville

VERMONT.

- 1 David J. Foster,* r.....Burlington
- 2 Kittredge Haskins,* r...Brattleboro

VIRGINIA.

- 1 William A. Jones,* d.....Warsaw
- 2 Harry L. Maynard,* d..Portsmouth
- 3 John Lamb,* d.....Richmond
- 4 Robert G. Southall,* d.....Amelia
- 5 Claude A. Swanson,* d....Chatham
- 6 Carter Glass,* d.....Lynchburg
- 7 James Hay,* d.....Madison
- 8 John F. Rixey,* d.....Brandy
- 9 Campbell Slemm,* r..Big Stone Gap
- 10 Henry D. Flood,* d..W. Appomattox

WASHINGTON.

- At Large.*
- Wesley L. Jones,* r.....Yakima
Francis W. Cushman,* r...Tacoma
William E. Humphrey,* r...Seattle

WEST VIRGINIA.

- 1 Blackburn B. Dovenor,* r..Wheeling
- 2 Alston G. Dayton,* r.....Phillippi
- 3 Joseph Holt Gaines,* r...Charleston
- 4 Harry C. Woodyard,* r...Spencer
- 5 James A. Hughes,* r.....Huntington

WISCONSIN.

- 1 Henry A. Cooper,* r.....Racine
- 2 Henry C. Adams,* r.....Madison
- 3 Joseph W. Babcock,* r...Necedah
- 4 Theobald Otjen,* r.....Milwaukee
- 5 William H. Stafford,* r..Milwaukee
- 6 Chas. H. Weisse,* d..Sheboygan Falls
- 7 John J. Esch,* r.....La Crosse
- 8 James H. Davidson,* r...Oshkosh
- 9 Edward S. Minor,* r...Sturgeon Bay
- 10 Webster E. Brown,* r..Rhineland
- 11 John J. Jenkins,* r...Chippewa Falls

WYOMING.

- 1 Frank W. Mondell,* r...Newcastle

DELEGATES FROM THE TERRITORIES.

ARIZONA.

- Marcus A. Smith,† d.....Tucson

NEW MEXICO.

- William H. Andrews, r...Santa Fe

OKLAHOMA.

- Bird S. McGuire,* r.....Pawnee

HAWAII.

- Jonah Kalaianole,* r.....Honolulu

PORTO RICO.

- Julian Larrinaga, com....San Juan

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS UNDER THE TWELFTH CENSUS.

(*386 MEMBERS.)

STATES.	No. of Congressmen.	STATES.	No. of Congressmen.
Alabama.....	9	Nebraska.....	6
Arkansas (increase 1).....	7	Nevada.....	1
California (increase 1).....	8	New Hampshire.....	2
Colorado (increase 1).....	3	New Jersey (increase 2).....	10
Connecticut (increase 1).....	5	New York (increase 3).....	37
Delaware.....	1	North Carolina (increase 1).....	10
Florida (increase 1).....	3	North Dakota (increase 1).....	2
Georgia.....	11	Ohio.....	21
Idaho.....	1	Oregon.....	2
Illinois (increase 3).....	25	Pennsylvania (increase 2).....	32
Indiana.....	13	Rhode Island.....	2
Iowa.....	11	South Carolina.....	7
Kansas.....	8	South Dakota.....	2
Kentucky.....	11	Tennessee.....	10
Louisiana (increase 1).....	7	Texas (increase 3).....	16
Maine.....	4	Utah.....	1
Maryland.....	6	Vermont.....	2
Massachusetts (increase 1).....	14	Virginia.....	10
Michigan.....	12	Washington (increase 1).....	3
Minnesota (increase 2).....	9	West Virginia (increase 1).....	5
Mississippi (increase 1).....	8	Wisconsin (increase 1).....	11
Missouri (increase 1).....	16	Wyoming.....	1
Montana.....	1		

* Under the eleventh census the lower house contained 356 members. In this table the increase over the representation given by the eleventh census, is put in parenthesis, thereby showing the states receiving increased representation under the present apportionment.

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION IN CONGRESS.

(1789 to 1901.)

Constitution.....	1789	Ratio.	30,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	65
First census.....	1793	Ratio.	33,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	105
Second census.....	1803	Ratio.	33,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	141
Third census.....	1813	Ratio.	35,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	181
Fourth census.....	1823	Ratio.	40,000	Whole Number of Representatives.....	213
Fifth census.....	1833	Ratio.	47,700	Whole Number of Representatives.....	210
Sixth census.....	1843	Ratio.	70,680	Whole Number of Representatives.....	228
Seventh census.....	1853	Ratio.	93,423	Whole Number of Representatives.....	233
Eighth census.....	1863	Ratio.	127,381	Whole Number of Representatives.....	243
Ninth census.....	1873	Ratio.	131,425	Whole Number of Representatives.....	293
Tenth census.....	1883	Ratio.	151,911	Whole Number of Representatives.....	325
Eleventh census.....	1893	Ratio.	173,901	Whole Number of Representatives.....	356
Twelfth census.....	1901	Ratio.	193,272	Whole Number of Representatives.....	386

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES

Under each census since the formation of the government.

States.	Admitted.	Under const'n. Ratio 30,000.	First census. Ratio 33,000.	Second census. Ratio 33,000.	Third census. Ratio 35,000.	Fourth census. Ratio 40,000.	Fifth census. Ratio 47,000.	Sixth census. Ratio 70,000.	Seventh census. Ratio 93,423.	Eighth census. Ratio 127,331.	Ninth census. Ratio 131,425.	Tenth census. Ratio 151,911.	Eleventh census. Ratio 173,901.	Twelfth census. Ratio 193,272.
Alabama.....	1819					3	5	7	7	6	8	9	9	9
Arkansas.....	1836							1	1	4	4	5	6	7
California.....	1850								2	2	4	4	6	8
Colorado.....	1876										1	1	2	3
Connecticut.....		5	7	7	7	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Delaware.....		1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Florida.....	1845									1	1	1	2	2
Georgia.....		3	2	4	6	7	9	8	8	7	9	10	11	11
Idaho.....	1890													1
Illinois.....	1818					1	2	3	9	14	19	20	22	25
Indiana.....	1816					3	7	10	11	11	13	13	13	13
Iowa.....	1846								2	6	9	11	11	11
Kansas.....	1861									1	1	3	7	8
Kentucky.....	1792		2	6	10	13	15	10	10	9	10	11	11	11
Louisiana.....	1812									4	4	6	6	7
Maine.....	1820									3	3	4	4	4
Maryland.....		6	8	9	9	9	8	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Massachusetts.....		8	14	17	20	13	12	10	11	10	11	12	13	14
Michigan.....	1837								3	4	6	9	11	12
Minnesota.....	1858								2	2	3	3	7	9
Mississippi.....	1817									5	5	6	7	8
Missouri.....	1821					1	2	4	5	5	7	7	15	16
Montana.....	1860						2	5	7					1
Nebraska.....	1867												1	1
Nevada.....	1864									1	1	1	1	1
New Hampshire.....		3	4	5	6	6	5	4	3	3	3	2	2	2
New Jersey.....		4	5	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	10
New York.....		6	10	17	27	34	40	34	33	31	33	34	34	37
North Carolina.....		5	10	12	13	13	13	9	8	7	8	9	9	10
North Dakota.....	1889													1
Ohio.....	1802				6	14	19	21	21	19	20	21	21	21
Oregon.....	1859									1	1	1	1	2
Pennsylvania.....		8	13	18	23	26	28	24	25	24	27	28	30	32
Rhode Island.....		1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
South Carolina.....		5	6	8	9	9	9	7	6	4	5	7	7	7
South Dakota.....	1889												2	2
Tennessee.....	1796			3	6	9	13	11	10	8	10	10	10	10
Texas.....	1845									2	4	6	11	13
Utah.....	1895													1
Vermont.....	1791		2	4	6	5	5	4	3	3	3	2	2	2
Virginia.....		10	19	22	23	22	21	15	13	11	9	10	10	10
Washington.....	1889												1	2
West Virginia.....	1863										3	4	4	5
Wisconsin.....	1848								3	6	8	9	10	11
Wyoming.....	1890											1	1	1
Total.....		65	105	141	181	213	240	223	234	243	203	332	357	386

PARTY DIVISIONS.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 58TH AND 59TH CONGRESSES.

STATES.	Fifty-Eighth Congress.*			Fifty-Ninth Congress.*			STATES.	Fifty-Eighth Congress.*			Fifty-Ninth Congress.*		
	Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Lab.		Dem.	Rep.	Pop.	Dem.	Rep.	Lab.
Alabama	9	...	...	9	...	...	Nevada	1	...	...	1	...	...
Arkansas	7	...	...	7	...	...	New Hampshire	...	2	...	...	2	...
California	1	5	2	...	8	...	New Jersey	3	7	...	1	9	...
Colorado	1	2	...	...	3	...	New York	17	20	...	11	26	...
Connecticut	...	5	...	...	5	...	North Carolina	10	...	...	9	1	...
Delaware	1	...	...	...	1	...	North Dakota	...	2	...	...	2	...
Florida	3	...	...	3	...	...	Ohio	4	17	...	1	20	...
Georgia	11	...	...	11	...	...	Oregon	...	2	...	...	2	...
Idaho	...	1	...	...	1	...	Pennsylvania	4	27	...	1	31	...
Illinois	8	17	...	1	24	...	Rhode Island	1	1	...	1	1	...
Indiana	4	9	...	2	11	...	South Carolina	7	...	...	7	...	...
Iowa	1	10	...	...	11	...	South Dakota	...	2	...	...	2	...
Kansas	...	8	...	...	8	...	Tennessee	8	2	...	8	2	...
Kentucky	10	1	...	9	2	...	Texas	15	...	...	16	...	...
Louisiana	7	...	...	7	...	...	Utah	...	1	...	...	1	...
Maine	...	4	...	...	4	...	Vermont	...	2	...	...	2	...
Maryland	2	4	...	3	3	...	Virginia	9	1	...	9	1	...
Massachusetts	4	10	...	3	11	...	Washington	...	3	...	...	3	...
Michigan	1	11	...	...	12	...	West Virginia	...	5	...	...	5	...
Minnesota	1	8	...	...	9	...	Wisconsin	1	10	...	1	10	...
Mississippi	8	...	...	8	...	...	Wyoming	...	1	...	...	1	...
Missouri	15	1	...	7	9	...							
Montana	...	1	...	...	1	...	Total	175	207	2	136	250	...
Nebraska	1	5	...	...	6	...							

* As constituted at beginning of congress. † One vacancy. ‡ One vacancy.

PARTY DIVISIONS

IN CONGRESS SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN 1856

CONGRESSES.	Years.	SENATE.					HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.				
		Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.	Dem.	Rep.	Amer.	Union.	Ind.
XXXV	1857-1859	30	20				131	92	14		
XXXVI	1859-1861	38	26				101	113	23		
XXXVII	1861-1863 ¹	10	31				42	106			
XXXVIII	1863-1865 ¹	9	36				75	102		28	
XXXIX	1865-1867	11	41				40	145			9
XL	1867-1869	11	42				49	143			
XLI	1869-1871	11	58				78	151			
XLII	1871-1873	17	57				103	133			5 ²
XLIII	1873-1875	20	47			7 ³	93	194			14
XLIV	1875-1877	29	43			2 ²	168	107			
XLV	1877-1879	29	36			1 ²	151	142			
XLVI	1879-1881	44	32				148	129			16 ³
XLVII	1881-1883	38	37			14	138	146			10 ³
XLVIII	1883-1885	36	40 ⁶				198	124			1 ³
XLIX	1885-1887	34	42				204	120			1 ³
L	1887-1889	37	39				168	153			4
LI	1889-1891	37	39				159	166			
LII	1891-1893	39	47			2 ⁶	236	88			8 ⁶
LIII ⁷	1893-1895	44	38			3 ⁶	220	126			8 ⁶
LIV	1895-1897	39	42				104	246			7 ⁶
LV	1897-1899	34	46			10 ⁹	134 ⁹	206			16 ¹⁰
LVI	1899-1901	26	53			11 ¹²	163	185			9 ¹¹
LVII	1901-1903	29	56			3 ¹⁴	153	198			5 ¹³
LVIII	1903-1905	32	58				174	206			2 ¹⁵
LXIX	1905-1907	32	58				250	136			

Parties as constituted at the beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were liable to change by contests for seats, etc. ¹ During the civil war most of the southern states were unrepresented in Congress. ² Liberal republicans. ³ Greenbackers. ⁴ David Davis, Independent, of Illinois. ⁵ Two Virginia senators were Readjusters, and voted with the Republicans. ⁶ People's party, except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress one member is classed as Silver party. ⁷ Three Senate seats were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled (Rhode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans. ⁸ Five Populists, two Silver party, three Independents. ⁹ Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. ¹⁰ Including three members classed as Silver party. There was one vacancy. ¹¹ Six Populists, three Silver party. ¹² Five Populists, one Silver party, two Independents, and three vacancies. ¹³ Three Populists, one Silver party, one Fusion party, one vacancy. ¹⁴ One Populist, one Silver party, one Fusionist, two vacancies. ¹⁵ Two Union Labor and two vacancies—one Democratic, one Republican.

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

AMBASSADORS EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Austria-Hungary	Bellamy Storer, Ohio	\$12,000
France	Horace Porter, N. Y.	17,500
Germany	Charlamagne Tower, Pa.	17,500
Great Britain	Joseph H. Choate, N. Y.	17,500
Italy	George V. L. Meyer, Mass.	12,000
Mexico	Powell Clayton, Ark.	17,500
Russia	Robert S. McCormick, Ill.	17,500

ENVOYS EXTRAORDINARY AND MINISTERS
PLENIPOTENTIARY.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Argentine Republic.	Arthur M. Beaupre, Ill.	\$10,000
Belgium	Lawrence Townsend, Pa.	10,000
Bolivia	William B. Sorsby, Miss.	7,500
Brazil	David E. Thompson, Neb.	12,000
Chili	Henry L. Wilson, Wash.	10,000
China	Edwin H. Conger, Iowa.	12,000
Colombia	William W. Russell, D. C.	10,000
Cuba	Herbert G. Squires, N. Y.	12,000
Denmark	Laurits S. Swenson, Minn.	7,500
Ecuador	Arch. J. Sampson, Ariz.	7,500
Greece	John B. Jackson, N. J.*	6,500
Guatemala.	Leslie Combs, Ky.	10,000
Hayti	Wm. F. Powell, N. J.	7,500
Japan	Lloyd C. Griscom, Pa.	12,000
Korea	Horace N. Allen, Ohio.	7,500
Netherlands	Stanford Newel, Minn.**	10,000
Nicaragua	William L. Merry, Cal.†	10,000
Panama	John Barrett, Ore.	7,500
Paraguay and Uruguay	William R. Finch, Wis.	7,500
Persia	Richard Pearson, N. C.	5,000
Peru	Irving B. Dudley, Cal.	10,000
Portugal.	Charles Page Bryan, Ill.	7,500
Siam	Hamilton King, Mich.	7,500
Spain	Arthur S. Hardy, N. H.	12,000
Sweden and Norway	Wm. W. Thomas, Jr., Me.	7,500
Switzerland	David J. Huu, N. Y.	7,500
Turkey	John G. A. Leishman, Pa.	10,000
Venezuela.	Herbert W. Bowen, N. Y.	10,000

MINISTERS RESIDENT AND CONSULS—GENERAL.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Dominican Republic	Thomas C. Dawson, Iowa. ....	.....
Liberia	Ernest Lyon, Md.	\$4,000
Siam	Hamilton King, Mich.	7,500

SECRETARIES OF EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Argentine Republic.	Charles D. White, N. J.	\$1,800
Austria-Hungary.	Chandler Hale, Me.	2,250
Austria-Hungary.	Geo. B. Rives, N. Y. (2d sec.)	2,000
Brazil	Charles Richardson, Mass. ..	1,800
Belgium	Stanton Sickles, N. Y.	1,800
Chili	Edward W. Ames, Mass.	1,800
China	J. G. Coolidge, Mass.	2,625
China	H. P. Fletcher, Pa. (2d sec.)	1,800
Colombia	Alban G. Snyder, W. Va.	2,000
Cuba	Jacob Sleeper, Mass.	2,000
France	Henry Vignaud, La.	2,625
France	A. B. Blanchard, La. (2d sec.)	2,000
France	Lewis Einstein, N. Y. (3d sec.)	1,200
Germany.	H. Percival Dodge, Mass.	2,625
Germany.	R. S. R. Hitt, Ill. (2d sec.) ..	2,000
Germany.	F. G. Landon, N. Y. (3d sec.)	1,200
Great Britain	Henry White, R. I.	2,625
Great Britain	John R. Carter, Md. (2d sec.)	2,000
Great Britain	C. W. Wadsworth, N. Y. (3d sec.)	1,200
Greece.	Charles S. Wilson, Me.*	1,800
Guatemala.	Philip M. Brown, Mass. † ...	1,800
Italy	Lewis M. Iddings, N. Y.	2,625
Italy	L. M. Thomas, Pa. (2d sec.) .	2,000
Japan	Huntington Wilson, Ill.	2,625
Japan	J. M. Ferguson, Pa. (2d sec.)	1,800
Korea	Gordon Paddock, N. Y.	1,500
Mexico	Fenton R. McCreery, Mich. ..	2,625
Mexico	Wm. Helmke, N. Y. (2d sec.)	2,000
Netherlands	John W. Garrett, Md.**	1,800
Nicaragua	James G. Bailey, Ky.	1,800
Panama	Joseph W. J. Lee, Md.	1,800
Peru	Richard R. Neill, Pa.	1,800
Russia	Spencer F. Eddy, Ill.	2,625
Russia	R. W. Bliss, N. Y. (2d sec.) .	2,000
Siam	M. Schuyler, Jr., N. Y.	1,800
Spain	R. M. Winthrop, Mass.	1,800
Sweden and Norway	E. L. Adams, N. Y.	1,500
Switzerland	Roger S. G. Boutell, Ill.	1,500
Turkey	Peter Augustus Jay, R. I.	1,800
Turkey	U. G. Smith, Pa. (2d sec.) ...	1,600
Venezuela	Norman Hutchinson, Cal.	1,800

*Also accredited to Roumania and Servia, and Diplomatic Agent in Bulgaria.
 †Also accredited to Honduras. ‡Also accredited to Costa Rica and Salvador.
 §Also Secretary of Legation at Costa Rica and Salvador. - Also Secretary of Legation at Honduras. **Also accredited to Luxembourg.

CONSULAR SERVICE.

C. G., Consul-General; C., Consul; V. C., Vice-Consul; D. C., Deputy Consul; C. A., Commercial Agent; Agt., Consular Agent.
 There are about 750 consular representatives of the United States of the several grades abroad. Those at the principal places in the world are given here. Where there are a consul and vice or deputy consul at the same place only the consul is given. Consular offices are *ex-officio* notaries for all the states of the United States.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
Argentine Republic.		
Buenos Ayres	Daniel Mayer W. Va., C.....	\$2,500
Cordoba	John M. Thome, Pa., V. C....	Fees
Rosario	James M. Ayers, Ohio, C.....	1,500
Austria-Hungary.		
Buda-Pesth.	Frank D. Chester, Mass., C....	Fees.
Carlsbad	John S. Twells, Pa., C. A....	Fees.
Prague	Urbain J. Ledoux, Me., C.....	3,000
Reichenberg.	S. C. McFarland, Iowa, C.....	2,500
Trieste	F. W. Hossfeld, Iowa, C.....	2,000
Vienna	W. A. Rublee, Wis., D.C., C.G.	3,500
Belgium.		
Antwerp	Church Howe, Neb., C. G.....	3,500
Brussels.	George W. Roosevelt, Pa., C....	2,500
Ghent	Frank R. Mowrer, Ohio, C.....	2,000
Liege.	James C. McNally, Pa., C.....	2,000
Bolivia.		
La Paz	Vacant, V. C.....	Fees
Brazil.		
Bahia	Henry W. Furniss, Ind., C....	2,500
Para.	Louis H. Ayme, Ill., C.....	3,000
Pernambuco.	William L. Sewell, Ohio, C....	3,000
Rio de Janeiro.	Eugene Seeger, Ill., C. G.....	5,000
Santos	Jesse H. Johnson, Tex., C.....	3,000
Chili.		
Arica	John W. Lutz, Ohio, C.....	Fees.
Iquique	Charles S. Winans, Mich., C....	Fees.
Valparaiso.	Robert E. Mansfield, Ind., C....	3,000
China.		
Amoy.	John H. Fesler, Col., C.....	3,500
Canton	Julius G. Lay, D. C., C. G....	4,000
Chefoo	John Fowler, Mass., C.....	3,000
Foochow.	Samuel L. Gracey, Mass., C....	3,000
Hankau	Levi S. Wilcox, Ill., C.....	3,000
Nankin.	William Martin, N. Y., C.....	3,000
Niuchwang.	Henry B. Miller, Ore., C.....	3,000
Shanghai	John Goodnow, Minn., C. G....	5,000
Tientsin.	James W. Ragsdale, Cal., C....	3,500
Colombia.		
Barranquilla	Clair A. Orr, Ill., C.....	2,000
Bogota	Alban G. Snyder, W. Va., C. G.	2,000
Cartagena.	Luther T. Ellsworth, Ill., C....	1,500
Costa Rica.		
San Jose	John C. Caldwell, Kan., C....	2,000
Cuba.		
Cienfuegos.	Max J. Baehr, Neb., C.....	3,000
Havana	Frank Steinhart, Pa., C. G....	5,000
Santiago.	Ross E. Holaday, Ohio, C....	3,000
Denmark and Dominions.		
Copenhagen	Raymond R. Frazier, Wis., C....	2,000
St. Thomas	Chris. H. Payne, W. Va., C....	2,500

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
<i>Dominican Republic.</i>		
Puerto Plata	Thomas Simpson, R. I., C. . . .	Fees.
Samana	Vacant.	Fees.
San Domingo.	Thomas C. Dawson, Ia, C. G.	\$2,000
<i>Ecuador.</i>		
Guayaquil	Herman R. Dietrich, C. G. . . .	3,000
<i>France and Dominions.</i>		
Algiers, Africa.	Daniel S. Kidder, Fla., C. . . .	1,500
Bordeaux	Albion W. Tourgee, N. Y., C. . .	3,000
Boulogne-surmer	Wm. Whitman, Agt. . . . .	.....
Brest.	A. Pitel, France, Agt. . . . .	.....
Calais.	Jas. B. Milner, Ind., C.	2,000
Cannes	Jean B. Cognet, Fr., Agt. . . .	.....
Cette	Carl D. Hagelin, Fr., Agt. . . .	.....
Cherbourg	H. J. E. Hainneville, Fr., Agt.	.....
Dieppe	Raoul le Bourgeois, Fr., Agt.	.....
Dijon.	Charles Laureau, Fr., Agt. . . .	.....
Goree-Dakar, Africa	Peter Strickland, Ct., C.	Fees.
Grenoble.	Chas. P. H. Nason, Pa., C. . . .	1,500
Guadel'pe, W. I.	George B. Anderson, D. C., C.	1,500
Havre.	A. M. Thackara, Pa., C.	3,500
Honfleur	Henry M. Hardy, Fr., Agt. . . .	.....
La Rochelle.	George H. Jackson, Ct., C. . . .	1,500
Lille	Chris. J. King, R. I., Agt. . . .	.....
Limoges.	Walter T. Griffin, N. Y., C. A.	1,500
Lyons.	John C. Covert, Ohio, C.	3,000
Marseilles	Robt. P. Skinner, Ohio, C. G. . .	2,500
Martinique, W. I.	John F. Jewell, Ill., C.	1,500
Monaco	Emile de Loth, Monaco, Agt. . .	.....
Nantes	Louis Goldschmidt, N. H., C. . .	1,500
Nice	Har. S. Van Buren, N. J., C. . .	1,500
Paris	John K. Gowdy, Ind., C. G. . . .	5,000
Paris	Hanson C. Coxé, N. Y., D. C. G.	.....
Paris	P. F. Paquet, N. Y., V. C. G. . .	.....
Rennes	Ernest Folliard, Fr., Agt. . . .	.....
Rheims.	Wm. A. Prickett, N. J., C.	2,000
Roubaix	Wm. P. Atwell, D. C., C.	2,000
Rouen.	Thornwell Haynes, S. C., C. . .	1,500
Saigon, Cochin China.	E. Schneegans, Saigon, C. A. . .	Fees.
St. Etienne	Hilary S. Brunot, Pa., C.	2,000
St. Pierre	C. M. Freeman, N. H., C. A. . .	1,500
Tahiti, Soc. Isl.	William F. Doty, N. Y., C. . . .	1,000
Tamatave, Madagascar	William H. Hunt, N. Y., C. . . .	2,000
Toulon	Benj. A. Jouve, France, Agt. . .	.....
<i>Germany.</i>		
Aix la Chapelle	F. M. Brundage, Pa., C.	2,500
Annaberg	John F. Winter, Ill., C.	2,500
Apia, Samoa	George E. Heimrod, C. G.	3,000
Bamberg	William Bardel, N. Y., C. A. . .	2,000
Barmen.	Theodore Bluthardt, Ill., C. . .	3,000
Berlin.	Frank H. Mason, Ohio, C. G. . .	4,000
Bremen	H. W. Diederich, D. C., C. . . .	2,500
Breslau	Ernest A. Man, Fla., C.	1,500
Brunswick	Talbot J. Albert, Md., C.	2,000
Chemnitz.	Jos. F. Monaghan, R. I., C. . . .	2,500
Coburg	Henry D. Saylor, Pa., C. G. . . .	2,500
Cologne	Charles E. Barnes, Ill., C.	2,500
Crefeld.	Thos. R. Wallace, Iowa, C. . . .	2,000
Dantzic	Ernest A. Claaszen, Ger., Agt.	.....
Dresden	Charles L. Cole, Pa., C. G.	3,000
Dusseldorf.	Peter Lieber, Ind., C.	2,000
Frankfort.	Richard Guenther, Wis., C. G.	3,000
Freiburg, Baden	E. Theophilus Liefeld, Ct., C. .	2,000
Glauchau	Edward A. Creevey, Ct., C. . . .	2,000
Hamburg	Hugh Pitcairn, Pa., C.	2,500
Hanover.	Jay White, Mich., C.	1,500
Kehl	Joseph I. Brittain, O., C.	2,000
Lelpsic.	S. P. Warner, Md., C.	2,000
Madgeburg.	Frank S. Hannah, Ill., C.	2,000
Mainz	Walter Schumann, N. Y., C. . . .	2,500

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
<i>Germany—Continued.</i>		
Mannheim	Heaton W. Harris, O., C.	2,000
Munich	William F. Wright, Pa., C.	2,000
Nuremberg	George E. Baldwin, Ohio, C.	3,000
Plauen	Hugo Muench, Mo., C.	2,500
Solingen	Joseph J. Langer, Neb., C.	2,000
Stettin	John E. Kehl, Ohio, C.	1,500
Stuttgart	Edward H. Ozmun, Minn., C.	2,500
Weimar	Thos. Ewing Moore, D. C., C.	2,000
Zittau	William J. Pike, Pa., C.	1,500
<i>Great Britain and Dominions.</i>		
Aberdeen	Adolphe Danziger, Cal., Agt.	.....
Aden, Arabia	Wm. W. Masterson, Ky., C.	\$1,500
Amherstburg, Ont.	C. W. Martin, Mich., C.	1,500
Antigua, W. I.	William R. Estes, Minn., C.	1,500
Auckland, N. Z.	Frank Dillingham, Cal., C.	2,000
Barbados, W. I.	David F. Wilber, N. Y., C.	2,500
Belfast, Ireland	Edward Harvey, C.	3,000
Belize, Hond.	William L. Avery, Mont., C.	2,000
Belleville, Ont.	Mich'l J. Hendrick, N. Y., C.	Fees.
Birmingham	Marshal Halstead, N. Y., C.	2,500
Bloemfontein	Henry F. Gill, Agt.	.....
Bombay, India	William T. Fee, Ohio, C.	2,000
Bradford, England	Erastus Sheldon Day, Ct., C.	3,000
Bristol, England	Lorin A. Lathrop, Cal., C.	1,500
Brockville, Ont.	E. S. Hotchkiss, Wis., C.	1,500
Calcutta, India	R. F. Patterson, Tenn., C. G.	5,000
Campb'tn, N. B.	Jas. S. Benedict, N. Y., C. A.	Fees.
Cape Town	W. R. Bigham, Kan., C. G.	3,000
Cardiff, Wales	Daniel T. Phillips, Ill., C.	2,000
Ceylon	William Morey, Me., C.	1,500
Charlottetown, P. E. I.	Delmar J. Vail, Vt., C.	1,500
Chatham, Ont.	Chas. E. Monteith, Idaho, C.	2,000
Conticook, Que.	Franklin D. Hale, Vt., C.	1,500
Collingwood, Ont.	William Small, D. C., C.	2,000
Cork, Queenst.	Daniel Swiney, Ohio, C.	2,000
Dawson, N. W. T.	Leo Bergholz, N. Y., C.	3,000
Demerara	George H. Moulton, Col., C.	3,000
Dover	Arthur G. Fuller, Mass., Agt.	.....
Dublin	Alfred K. Moe, N. J., C.	2,000
Dundee	John C. Higgins, Del., C.	2,500
Dunfermline	John N. McCunn, Wis., C.	2,000
Durban, Natal	John T. Rennie, Natal, Agt.	.....
Edinburgh	Rufus Fleming, Ohio, C.	2,500
Falmouth	Howard Fox, England, C.	Fees.
Fort Erie, Ont.	Horace J. Harvey, N. Y., C.	1,500
Gaspé Basin, Que.	Almar F. Dickson, Mass., C.	1,000
Gibraltar	Richard L. Sprague, C.	1,500
Glasgow	Samuel M. Taylor, Ohio, C.	3,000
Goderich, Ont.	John H. Shirley, Ill., C. A.	1,500
Guelpf, Ont.	Charles N. Daly, N. J., C.	1,500
Halifax, N. S.	W. R. Holloway, Ind., C. G.	3,500
Hamilton, Ber.	W. Maxwell Greene, R. I., C.	2,000
Hamilton, Ont.	Jas. M. Shepard, Mich., C.	2,600
Hobart, Tasm.	Alex. G. Webster, Tasm., C.	Fees.
Hong Kong	Edw. S. Bragg, Wis., C. G.	5,000
Huddersfield	Benjamin F. Stone, Ohio, C.	2,500
Hull, England	Walter C. Hamm, Pa., C.	1,500
Kimberly, S. A.	Gardner Williams, Agt.	.....
Kingston, Jam.	George H. Bridgman, N. J., C.	3,000
Kingston, Ont.	Marsh. H. Twitichell, Ia., C.	1,500
Leeds	Lewis Dexter, R. I., C.	2,000
Liverpool	James Boyle, Ohio, C.	5,000
Londonderry	P. T. Rodger, Ireland, Agt.	.....
Limerick	Edmund Ludlow, Agt.	.....
London	Hy. Clay Evans, Tenn., C. G.	5,000
London	R. Westacott, Mass., V. C. G.	.....
London	F. W. Frigout, Eng., D. C. G.	.....
London, Ont.	Henry S. Culver, Ohio, C.	2,000
Madras	Henry Scott, India, Agt.	.....
Malta	John H. Grout, Mass., C.	2,000
Manchester	Wm. H. Bradley, Ill., C.	3,000

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
<i>Great Britain and Dominions—Con.</i>		
Melbourne	John P. Bray, N. Dak., C. G.	4,500
Moncton, N. B.	G. Beutelspacher, O., C. A.	Fees.
Montreal	A. W. Edwards, N. Dak., C. G.	4,000
Nassau, N. P.	Julian Potter, N. Y., C.	2,000
Newcastle-on-Tyne	Horace W. Metcalf, Me., C.	2,000
Newcastle, N. S. W.	Frederick W. Goding, Ill., C.	Fees.
Niagara Falls, Ont.	W. H. H. Webster, N. Y., C.	1,500
Nottingham	Frank W. Mahin, Iowa, C.	3,000
Ottawa, Ont.	John G. Foster, Vt., C. G.	4,000
Plymouth	Joseph G. Stephens, Ind., C.	Fees.
Port Hope, Ont.	Harry P. Dill, Me., C.	1,500
Port Louis, Mauritius	Harry M. Blythe, V. C.	2,000
Port Sarnia, Ont.	Neal McMillan, Mich., C.	1,500
Portsmouth	Joseph G. Stephens, Ind., C.	.....
Pt. Stanley, F. I.	John E. Rowen, Iowa, C.	1,500
Prescott, Ont.	Martin R. Sackett, N. Y., C.	1,500
Pretoria, S. A.	Joseph E. Proffit, W. Va., C.	3,000
Quebec	William W. Henry, Vt., C.	3,000
St. Christopher	Joseph Haven, Ill., C. A.	1,500
St. Helena	Robert P. Pooley, N. Y., C.	2,000
St. John, N. B.	Ira B. Myers, Ind., C.	2,000
St. John's, N. F.	George O. Cornelius, Pa., C.	2,000
St. John's, Que.	Charles Deal, N. Y., C.	1,500
St. Stephen, N. B.	Chas. A. McCullough, Me., C.	1,500
St. Thomas, Ont.	Michael J. Burke, Ill., C.	2,000
Sheffield	Charles N. Daniels, Ct., C.	2,500
Sherbr'ke, Que.	Paul Lang, N. H., C.	2,000
Sierre Leone	John T. Williams, N. C., C.	1,500
Singapore	Oscar F. Williams, N. Y., C. G.	3,000
Southampton	Albert W. Swalm, Iowa, C.	2,500
St. Lucia, W. I.	William Peter, Agt.	.....
Stratford, Ont.	August G. Seyfert, Pa., C.	1,500
St. Vincent, W. I.	Ernest A. Richards, Agt.	.....
Suva, Fiji	Leslie E. Brown, Fiji, C. A.	Fees.
Swansea, Wales	Griffith W. Prees, Wis., C.	2,500
Sydney, N. S.	George N. West, D. C., C.	1,500
Sydney, N. S. W.	Orlando H. Baker, C.	2,000
Three Rivers	Jas. H. Worman, N. Y., C.	2,000
Toronto, Ont.	Edwin N. Gunsaulus, O., C.	2,000
Trinidad, W. I.	Alvin Smith, O., C.	2,000
Vancouver, B. C.	Edwin Dudley, Mass., C.	2,000
Vancouver, B. C. L.	Abraham E. Smith, Ill., C.	2,500
Wellington, N. Z.	John Duncan, Agt.	.....
Windsor, N. S.	Joseph T. Hoke, W. Va., C.	1,000
Windsor, Ont.	Roland J. Hemmick, Pa., C.	1,500
Winnipeg, Man.	Samuel H. Shank, Ind., C.	1,500
Woodstock, N. B.	Frank C. Denison, Vt., C.	1,500
Yarmouth, N. S.	Martin J. Carter, Pa., C.	1,500
<i>Greece.</i>		
Athens	Daniel E. McGinley, Wis., C.	\$2,500
Patras	James Verner Long, Pa., C.	1,000
<i>Guatemala.</i>		
Guatemala	Alf'd A. Winslow, Ind., C. G.	\$2,000
<i>Haiti.</i>		
Aux Cayes	Ernest L. Dutton, Agt.	.....
Cape Haytien	Lem. W. Livingston, Fla., C.	\$1,000
Jacmel	Louis Vital, Agt.	.....
Port au Prince	J. B. Terres, Hayti, V. C. G.	Fees.
<i>Honduras.</i>		
Tegucigalpa	Wm. F. Seger, Mass., C.	\$2,000
Utilla	John B. Richardson, Kan., C.	1,000
<i>Italy.</i>		
Bologna	Carlo Gardini, Italy, Agt.	.....
Catania	Alex. Heingartner, Ohio, C.	\$1,500
Civita Vecchia	James B. Ingle, Italy, Agt.	.....
Florence	Francis B. Keene, Wis., C.	1,500
Genoa	Wm. H. Bishop, Ct., C.	2,000

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
<i>Italy—Continued.</i>		
Leghorn	James A. Smith, Vt., C.	2,000
Messina	Charles M. Caughy, Md., C.	1,500
Milan	Harlan W. Brush, N. Y., C.	2,000
Naples	A. Homer Byington, Ct., C.	2,000
Palermo	James Johnston, N. J., C.	2,000
Rome	Hector de Castro, N. Y., C. G.	3,000
San Remo	Albert Ameglio, Agt. ....	.....
Sorrento	Fran. Ciampa, Italy, Agt. ....	.....
Turin	Pietro Cuneo, Ohio, C.	1,000
Venice	Paul Nash, N. Y., C.	1,500
<i>Japan.</i>		
Nagasaki	Charles B. Harris, Ind., C.	\$3,000
Kobe	Samuel S. Lyon, N. J., C.	3,000
Tamsui, Formo.	Fred D. Fisher, Ore., C.	1,500
Yokohama	E. C. Bellows, Wash., C. G.	4,000
<i>Korea.</i>		
Seoul	G. Paddock, N.Y., V. & D. C. G.	1,500
<i>Liberia.</i>		
Monrovia	Ernest Lyon, Md., C. G.	\$4,000
<i>Mexico.</i>		
Acapulco	Geo. W. Dickinson, N. Y., C.	\$2,000
Chihuahua	William W. Mills, Tex., C.	2,000
Ciudad Porfirio Diaz	Lewis A. Martin, W. Va., C.	2,000
Durango	James A. Leroy, Mich., C.	1,500
Matamoros	P. Merrill Griffith, Ohio, C.	1,500
Mazatlan	Louis Kaiser, Ill., C.	2,000
Mexico	J. R. Parsons, Jr., N. Y., C. G.	4,000
Monterey	Philip C. Hanna, Iowa, C. G.	2,500
Nuevo Laredo	Alonzo B. Garrett, W. Va., C.	2,000
Tampico	Samuel E. Magill, Ill., C.	2,000
Vera Cruz	Wm. W. Canada, Ind. C.	3,000
<i>Morocco .</i>		
Tangier	S. R. Gummeré, N. J., C. G.	\$2,000
<i>Netherlands and Dominions.</i>		
Amsterdam	Frank D. Hill, Minn., C.	\$2,000
Batavia, Java	B. S. Rairden, Me., C.	1,000
Curacao, W. I.	Elias H. Cheney, N. H., C.	2,000
Rotterdam	Soren Listoe, Minn., C.	2,500
<i>Nicaragua.</i>		
Managua	Chester Donaldson, N. Y., C.	\$2,000
S. Juan del Norte	John T. Hill, C., V. & D. C.	2,500
<i>Panama.</i>		
Colon	Oscar Malmros, Minn., C.	\$3,000
Panama	M. A. Gudger, N. C., C. G.	4,000
<i>Paraguay.</i>		
Ascuncion	John N. Ruffin Tenn., C.	\$1,500
<i>Persia.</i>		
Teheran	John Tyler, Persia, V. C. G.	Fees.
<i>Peru.</i>		
Callao	A. L. M. Gottschalk, N. Y., C.	\$3,500
<i>Portugal and Dominions.</i>		
Fayal	M. Benarus, Azores, Agt. ....	.....
Funchal, Mad.	Thomas C. Jones, Ky., C.	\$1,500
Lisbon	Jacob H. Thieriot, N. Y., C.	Fees.
Oporto	William Struve, Port., Agt. ....	.....
St. Michael's	Geo. H. Pickrell, Ohio, C.	1,500
<i>Roumania.</i>		
Bucharest	W. G. Boxshall, Rou., V. C.G.	Fees.

CONSULAR SERVICE—Continued.

Country.	Name and State.	Salary.
<i>Russia</i>		
Cronstadt	Peter Wigiun, Agt. ....	.....
Moscow	Samuel Smith, N. J., C.	\$2,000
Odessa	Thos. E. Heenan, Minn., C.	2,500
Riga	N. P. A. Bornholdt, Russia, C.	1,000
St. Petersburg	Ethelbert Watts, Pa., C. G.	3,000
Vladivostock	Rich. T. Greener, N. Y., C. A.	2,500
Warsaw	C. Rice Slocum, N. Y., C.	Fees.
<i>Salvador.</i>		
San Salvador	John Jenkins, Neb., C.	\$2,000
<i>Servia.</i>		
Belgrade	C. Vogell, Servia, C. V. G.	Fees.
<i>Spain and Dominions.</i>		
Barcelona	Benj. H. Ridgely, Ky., C. G.	\$3,000
Cadiz	Vacant .....	.....
Carthage	Joseph Bowron, Spain, C.	Fees.
Corunna	Julio Harmony, N. Y., C.	Fees.
Madrid	M. Summers, Tenn., V. C.	Fees.
Malaga	David R. Birch, N. Y., C.	1,500
Seville	R. M. Bartleman, Mass., C.	1,500
Teneriffe	Solomon Berliner, N. Y., C.	1,500
Valencia	Henry A. Johnson, D. C., C.	1,500
<i>Sweden and Norway.</i>		
Bergen	E. S. Cunningham, Tenn., C.	Fees.
Christiania	Henry Bordevich, Minn., C.	\$2,000
Gothenburg	Robt. S. S. Bergh, N. Dak., C.	1,500
Stockholm	Edw. L. Adams, N. Y., C. G.	1,500
<i>Switzerland.</i>		
Basel	George Gifford, Me., C.	\$3,000
Berne	Edward Higgins, Mass., C.	2,000
Geneva	H. L. Washington, D. C., C.	2,000
St. Gall	Thos. W. Peters, D. C., C. G.	3,000
Zurich	Adam Lieberknecht, Ill., C.	2,500
<i>Turkey and Dominions.</i>		
Alexandretta	Wm. Ross Davis, Ohio, C.	\$1,500
Alexandria	James Hewat, Egypt, Agt. ....	.....
Beirut, Syria	Gab. Bie Ravndal, S. D., C.	2,000
Cairo	John W. Riddle, Minn., C. G.	5,000
Constantinople	C. M. Dickinson, N. Y., C. G.	5,000
Erzeroum	Edward J. Sullivan, N. Y., C.	2,000
Jerusalem	Selah Merrill, Mass., C.	2,500
Port Said	Harry Broadbent, Agt. ....	.....
Smyrna	Rufus W. Lane, Ohio, C.	2,500
Suez	St. Ledger A. Touhary, Agt. ....	.....
Trebizond	H. Z. Longworth, Agt. ....	.....
<i>Uruguay</i>		
Montevideo	John E. Hopley, Ky., C.	3,000
Caracas	Rudolph Doige, N. Y., Agt. ....	.....
La Guayra	Carl B. Hurst, D. C., C.	\$2,000
Maracaibo	E. H. Plumacher, Tenn., C.	2,000
Puerto Cabello	Jerome B. Peterson, N. Y., C.	1,500
<i>Zanzibar.</i>		
Zanzibar	Mason Mitchell, N. Y., C.	\$2,000

It is not necessary to address a consul by name if the business is of an official nature. "Official business" should be written on the envelope.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

- Argentine Republic—Senor Don Martin Garcia Merou, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Argentine Republic—Senor Don Carlos E. Zavalia, First Secretary of Legation.
- Austria-Hungary—Mr. L. Hengelmuller von Hengelvar, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Austria-Hungary—Baron Karl von Giskra, Counsellor of Embassy.
- Austria-Hungary—Mr. Ivan von Rubido-Zichy, Secretary.
- Belgium—Baron Ludovic Moncheur, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Belgium—Mr. Charles Wauters, Counselor of Legation.
- Bolivia—Senor Don Ignacio Calderon, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Bolivia—Senor Don Jorge E. Zalles, Secretary of Legation.
- Brazil—Senhor J. F. de Assis Brasil, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Brazil—Senhor Alfredo de M. Gomez Ferreirer, Charge d'Affaires ad interim.
- Brazil—Senhor Rinaldo de Lima e Silva, Second Secretary.
- Chile—Senor Don J. Walker-Martinez, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Chile—Senor Don Manuel Jose Vega, First Secretary of Legation.
- China—Sir Chentung Liang-Cheng, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- China—Mr. Chow Tszchi, First Secretary of Legation.
- China—Mr. Chang Chuan, Second Secretary of Legation.
- Colombia—Senor Don Eduardo P. Triana, Secretary of Legation in Charge.
- Costa Rica—Senor Don Joaquin Barnardo Calvo, Minister Resident.
- Cuba—Senor Don Gonzalo de Quesada, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Cuba—Senor Don Martin Rivero, First Secretary.
- Denmark—Mr. Constantine Brun, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Dominican Republic—Senor Don Emilio C. Joubert, Charge d'Affaires.
- Dominican Republic—Mr. Henry G. K. Heath, Counselor of Legation.
- Ecuador—Senor Dr. Alfredo Baquerizo, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Ecuador—Senor Dr. Serafin S. Wither, Secretary of Legation.
- France—M. J. J. Jusserand, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
- France—M. des Portes de la Fosse, Counsellor of the Embassy.
- France—Captain Fournier, Military Attache.
- France—Vicomte Charles de Chambrun, Secretary.
- France—Lieut.-Com. de Faramond de Lafajole, Naval Attache.
- France—Prince de Beara, Attache.
- German Empire—Freiherr Speck von Sternburg, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
- German Empire—Freiherr von dem Bussche-Haddenhausen, Counsellor of Legation and First Secretary of Embassy.
- German Empire—Herr Robert R. Scheller-Steinwartz, Second Secretary.
- German Empire—Herr von Verdy du Vernois, Third Secretary.
- German Empire—Commander Hebbinhaus, Naval Attache.
- German Empire—Major Otto von Etzel, Military Attache.
- German Empire—Lieutenant Martin, Attache.
- Great Britain—Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
- Great Britain—Mr. Percy Wyndham, First Secretary of Embassy.
- Great Britain—Mr. Herbert G. Dering, Second Secretary of Embassy.
- Great Britain—Mr. Hugh Gurney, Third Secretary.
- Great Britain—Capt. Dudley Rawson de Chair, R. N., Naval Attache.
- Great Britain—Lieut.-Col. H. J. Foster, Military Attache.
- Great Britain—Mr. W. H. Lee Ewart, Attache.
- Guatemala—Senor Don Jorge Munoz, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Hayti—Mr. J. N. Leger, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Italy—Signor Edmondo Mayor des Planches, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
- Italy—Signor Giulio Cesare Montaga, Secretary of Embassy.
- Italy—Signor Riccardo Borghetti, Attache.
- Italy—Lieut. Carlo Pfister, Naval Attache.
- Japan—Mr. Kogoro Takahira, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
- Japan—Mr. Eki Hioki, First Secretary.
- Japan—Mr. Shosuke Akatsuka, Third Secretary.
- Japan—Mr. Masanao Hanihara, Third Secretary.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

- Korea—Mr. Teh Moo Sin, Charge d'Affaires ad interim.
 Mexico—Senor Don Manuel Azpiroz, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
 Mexico—Senor Don Frederico Gamba, First Secretary of Embassy.
 Mexico—Senor Don Rodrigo de Azpiroz, Second Secretary.
 Mexico—Senor Don Crisoforo Canseco, Second Secretary.
 Netherlands—Jonkheer R. de Marees van Swinderen, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Netherlands—Baron van Tuyll van Serooskerken, Secretary of Legation.
 Nicaragua—Senor Don Luis F. Corea, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Nicaragua—Senor Don Nicolas Veloz, Secretary of Legation.
 Panama—Senor Don J. Domingo de Obaldia, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Paraguay—Senor Don Cecilio Baez, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Persia—Morteza Kahn, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Peru—Senor Manuel Alvarez Calderon, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Peru—Senor Alfredo A. Calderon, Secretary.
 Portugal—Visconde de Alte, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Russia—Comte Cassini, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.
 Russia—Mr. Theodore Hansen, First Secretary of Embassy.
 Russia—Mr. Bobroff, Second Secretary.
 Russia—Colonel Raspopoff, Military Attache.
 Russia—Commander Boutakoff, Naval Attache.
 Russia—Baron E. Schilling, Attache.
 Salvador—Mr. Rafael S. Lopez, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Salvador—Mr. Frederico Mejia, Secretary of Legation.
 Siam—Phya Akharaz Varadhara, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Siam—Mr. Edward H. Loftus, Counselor of Legation.
 Spain—Senor Dom Emelio de Ojeda, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Spain—Senor Don Juan Riano, First Secretary of Legation.
 Spain—Senor Don Manuel Walls y Merino, Second Secretary of Legation.
 Spain—Lieut.-Col. Frederico de Monteverde, Military Attache.
 Sweden and Norway—Mr. A. Grip, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Sweden and Norway—Mr. C. Hauge, Secretary of Legation.
 Switzerland—Mr. Fernand Du Martheray, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Switzerland—Mr. Ernest Probst, Secretary of Legation.
 Turkey—Chekib Bey, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.
 Turkey—Djelal Munif Bey, First Secretary of Legation.
 Uruguay—Senor Dr. Eduardo Acevedo Diaz, First Secretary and Charge d'Affaires ad interim.
 Venezuela—Senor Don Augusto F. Pulido, First Secretary and Charge d'Affaires ad interim.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES.

(In Principal Places. For Foreign Consuls in the City of New York, consult Index.)

C. G., Consul-General; C., Consul; V. C., Vice-Consul; C. A., Consular Agent.

Argentine Republic

Alabama—Mobile, Manuel S. Macias, C.
 California—San Francisco, George de Urioste, C.
 Florida—Apalachicola, William J. Owen.
 Georgia—Savannah, Andrés E. Moynelo, V. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, P. L. Hudson, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Alfred Le Blanc, C.
 Maine—Bangor, J. Swett Rowe, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, James F. Ferguson, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Guillermo McKissock, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, William P. Wilson, C.
 Virginia—Norfolk, Guillermo Klyver, V. C.

Austria-Hungary.

Alabama—Mobile, W. F. Stoutz, C.
 California—San Francisco, Francis Korbel, C.
 Florida—Pensacola, H. Baars, V. C.
 Georgia—Savannah, Edward Karow, V. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Alexander Nuber, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Franz Hindermann, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, G. Louis Hester, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Arthur Donner, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Ferdinand Diehm, C.
 Pennsylvania—Hazelton, vacant, C. A.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, T. R. von Thodorovitch in charge.
 Pennsylvania—Pittsburgh, Adalbert Merle, C. G.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, Alphons Debrunner, C.
 South Carolina—Charleston, Charles Witte, V. C.
 Texas—Galveston, John Reymershoffer, C.
 Wisconsin—Milwaukee, Anton G. Veith, C.

Belgium.

Alabama—Mobile, Robert B. Du Mont, C.
 California—San Francisco, R. Halewyck, C.
 Colorado—Denver, J. Mignolet, C.
 Georgia—Aalanta, Laurent de Give, C.
 Georgia—Savannah, Leopold Charrier, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Ch. Henrotin, C.
 Kentucky—Louisville, St. De Ridder, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, C. S. Schaefer, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, E. S. Mansfield, C.
 Michigan—Detroit, Théophile François, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, L. Seguenot, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Paul Hagemans, C. G.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, Dr. P. Verhagen, V. C.
 South Carolina—Charleston, D. McKay Frost, C.
 Virginia—Richmond, W. O. Nolting, C.
 Washington—Seattle, E. C. Neufelder, V. C.

Bolivia.

California—San Francisco, José Aguirre Aclá, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, Frederick Harnwell, C.
 Missouri—Kansas City, E. R. Heath, Hon. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Wilfred H. Schoff, Hon. C.

Brazil.

California—San Francisco, Archibald Barnard, V. C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Charles Dittman, V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Antonio C. de Magalhaes, V. C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Affonso de Figueiredo, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Napoleon Bonaparte Kelly, V. C.

Chile.

California—San Francisco, E. Mejia, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, M. J. Steffens, V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, R. G. Leupold, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Horacio N. Fisher, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Dudley Bartlett, C.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

China.

California—San Francisco, vacant.
 Hawaii—Honolulu, Chang Choh-Fan, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Stephen W. Nickerson, Hon. V. C.
 Philippine Islands—Mun-Yew-Chung, C. G.

Colombia.

Illinois—Chicago, Erskine M. Phelps, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Jorge Vargas Heredia, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, J. Arbuckle, C.

Costa Rica.

California—San Francisco, Eucarnacion Mejia, Act. Con.
 Illinois—Chicago, Berthold Singer, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Lamar C. Quintero, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, William A. Riordan, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Joseph J. Corbett, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Gustavo Niederlein, C.

Denmark.

Alabama—Mobile, Louis Donald, V. C. for Alabama.
 California—San Francisco, H. H. Birkholm, C.
 Georgia—Savannah, J. B. Hoist, V. C.
 Hawaii—Honolulu, A. R. Macfarlane, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Christian H. Hansson, C.
 Kansas—Kansas City, Jep Hansen Malland, V. C.
 Kentucky—Louisville, Charles E. Currie, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Thyge Soegaard, V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Morris Whitridge, V. C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Gustaf Lundberg, C.
 Michigan—Detroit, Peter Sorensen, V. C.
 Minnesota—St. Paul, John C. Nelson, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, C. E. Ramlose, V. C.
 Nebraska—Omaha, T. Olsen, V. C.
 Ohio—Cleveland, William Secher, V. C.
 Oregon—Portland, William Elsen, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, J. N. Wallem, V. C.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, R. H. Wood, C.

Dominican Republic.

Illinois—Chicago, F. W. Job, V. C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Osvold Bazil, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Thomas B. Wanamaker, C.
 Porto Rico, San Juan, J. E. Medina y Cortes, C. G.

Ecuador.

California—San Francisco, Alejandro Noboa, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, Luis Millet, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Gustavo Preston, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Cassius A. Green, C.

France.

Alabama—Mobile, Jean Marquès, C. A.
 Alaska—Nome City, Albert Schneider, C. A.
 California—San Francisco, E. M. Louis Lanel, C. G.
 Colorado—Denver, A. Bourquin, C. A.
 Georgia—Savannah, F. Chastanet, V. C.
 Hawaii—Honolulu, Jean A. Vizzavona, V. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Henri Antoine Joseph Mérou, C.
 Kentucky—Louisville, Michel Hermann, C. A.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Pierre M. Richard, C. G.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Léonce Rabillon, C. A.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Duncan Bailly Blanchard, C. A.
 Michigan—Detroit, Joseph Belanger, C. A.
 Minnesota—St. Paul, François Célestin Boucher, C. A.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Louis Seguenot, C. A.
 Ohio—Cincinnati, Eugene C. Pociy, C. A.
 Oregon—Portland, Charles Henri Labbe, C. A.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Edouard Pesoli, C.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, Charles A. Pinard, C. G.
 Porto Rico—San Juan, Geo. A. Gaston, V. C.
 Texas—Galveston, Auguste Marie Jouve, V. C.
 Washington—Seattle, P. J. B. Bonjou-Roche, C. A.
 Washington—Seattle, P. J. B. Joujou-Roche, C. A.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Germany.

Alabama—Mobile, E. Hotzborn, C.
 California—San Francisco, Adolph Rosenthal, C. G.
 Colorado—Denver, Oswald Lohan, V. C.
 District of Columbia—Washington, Gustave Dittmar, C. A.
 Georgia—Savannah, Ernst Eichhorn, C.
 Hawaii, Honolulu, H. A. Isenberg, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Walther Wever, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, F. von Nordenflyclet, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, George A. von Lingen, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Wilhelm T. Reineke, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Frederick Rieloff, C.
 North Carolina—Wilmington, George L. Peschau, C.
 Ohio—Cincinnati, Karl Pollier, C.
 Oregon—Portland, Oswald Lohan, Acting C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Ferdinand Ritschl, C.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, Franz Grunenwald, C.
 Porto Rico—Ponce, Julius Wurbach, V. C.
 South Carolina—Charleston, Charles Otto Witte, C.
 Texas—Galveston, Julius Runge, C.
 Virginia—Richmond, Carl E. Victor, C.
 Washington—Tacoma, Hans Giese, C.

Great Britain.

Alabama—Mobile, Edmund J. Seiders, V. C.
 California—San Francisco, Courtenay W. Bennett, C. G.
 Colorado—Denver, Harold V. Pearce, V. C.
 Florida—Jacksonville, Edward Sudlow, V. C.
 Florida—Key West, W. J. H. Taylor, V. C.
 Georgia—Savannah, W. R. de Coetgou, C.
 Hawaii—Honolulu, William R. Hoare, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Alexander Finn, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, H. T. Carew-Hunt, C.
 Maine—Portland, John Bernard Keating, V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Gilbert Fraser, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, William Wyndham, C.
 Mississippi—Biloxi, J. J. Lemon, V. C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Western Bascome, V. C.
 Missouri—Kansas City, Frank S. Young, V. C.
 Nebraska—Omaha, Mathew Alexander Hall, V. C.
 North Carolina—Wilmington, James Sprunt, V. C.
 Oregon—Portland, James Laidlaw, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Wilfred Powell, C.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, William J. Kenny, C. G.
 Philippine Islands—Cebu, Chas. A. Fulcher, V. C.
 Porto Rico—San Juan, William B. Churchward, C.
 Rhode Island—Providence, George A. Stockwell, V. C.
 South Carolina—Charleston, Alexander Barksness, V. C. C.
 Texas—Galveston, Horace Dickinson Nugent, C.
 Virginia—Richmond, Philip Arthur Sherard Brine, V. C.
 Washington—Seattle, Bernard Pelly, V. C.

Greece.

California—San Francisco, Henry S. Martin, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Nikolaos Sallopoulos, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Demosthenes Th. Timayenis, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, D. Jannopoulos, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, S. Edwin Megargee, C.

Guatemala.

California—San Francisco, Felipe Galicia, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, George F. Stone, Hon. C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Benjamin Preston Clark, Hon. C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, L. D. Kingsland, Hon. C. G.

Hayti.

Georgia—Savannah, T. B. Harris, V. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Cuthbert Singleton, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Benjamin C. Clark, V. C.

Honduras.

California—San Francisco, Benjamin Bloon, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, George F. Stone, C. G.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, J. J. Fernandez, C. G.
 Maryland—Baltimore, C. Morton Stewart, Jr., C. G.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Italy.

Alabama—Mobile, A. Festorazzi, C. A.
 California—San Francisco, Carlo Filippo Serra, C.
 Connecticut—New Haven, Michele Riccio, C. A.
 Florida—Pensacola, G. B. Cafiero, C. A.
 Georgia—Savannah, Trapani Luigi, C. A.
 Hawaii, Honolulu, F. A. Schaefer, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Antonio Ladislao Rozwadowski, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Giacomo Fara Forni, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Prospero Schiaffino, C. A.
 Michigan—Detroit, C. Pietro di Antonia, C. A.
 Massachusetts—Boston, O. Gaetani d' A. di Castelmola, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Domenico Ginocchio, C. A.
 Ohio—Cleveland, Nicola Cerri, C. A.
 Oregon—Portland, F. C. d'Olivola.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Gerolamo Naselli, C.
 Pennsylvania—Pittsburgh, Lionello Scelsi, V. C.
 Rhode Island—Providence, M. Vervena, C. A.
 South Carolina—Charleston, Giovanni Sottile, C. A.
 Texas—Galveston, C. Nicolini, C. A.
 Virginia—Norfolk, Arturo Parati, C. A.
 Washington—Seattle, Giovanni R. Frank Villa, C. A.

Japan.

Alabama—Mobile, Wm. P. Hutchison, Hon. V. C.
 California—San Francisco, Kisaburo Uyeno, C.
 Hawaii, Honolulu, Miki Saitow, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Shimidzu Siezaburo, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, John Walker Phillips, Hon. C.
 Oregon—Portland, Tenneji Aiba, C. A.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, J. M. McFadden, Hon. C.
 Washington—Seattle, Saburo Hisamidzu, C. G.

Liberia.

Massachusetts—Boston, Charles Hall Adams, C. G.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Thomas J. Hunt, C.

Mexico.

Alabama—Mobile, L. D. Le Baron, V. C.
 Arizona—Phoenix, Augustin Pina, C.
 California—San Francisco, Dr. Plutarco Ornelas, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, Felipe Berriozábal, C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Anselmo de la Portilla, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, José V. Dosal, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Arturo P. Cushing, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Rafael P. Serrano, C.
 Ohio—Cincinnati, Ernesto Subikurski, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Julio W. Baz, C.
 Texas—Galveston, Angel G. de la Torre, C.
 Virginia—Norfolk, A. C. Humphreys, V. C.

Netherlands.

California—San Francisco, G. J. G. Marsily, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, G. Birkhoff, Jr., C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, W. J. Hammond, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, R. H. Mortu, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, C. V. Dasey, C.
 Minnesota—St. Paul, Theodore F. Koch, V. C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, B. B. Haagsma, C.
 Ohio—Cincinnati, F. Matt, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Arnold Katz, V. C.
 Texas—Galveston, E. S. Flint, C.

Nicaragua.

California—San Francisco, Dr. F. R. Mayorga, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, George F. Stone, C. G.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Ramon Echazarreta, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Charles H. Adams, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, C. A. Green, C.

Paraguay.

District of Columbia—Washington.

Peru.

California—San Francisco, Enrique Grau, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Wilfredo H. Schoff, Hon. C.

FOREIGN CONSULS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Portugal.

California—San Francisco, Ignacio R. da Costa Duarte, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, S. Chapman Simms, V. C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Maurice Genereley, V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Frank Frik, Jr., V. C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Viscount de Valle da Costa, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, John Mason, V. C.

Russia.

Alabama—Mobile, Murray Wheeler, V. C.
 California—San Francisco, Paul Kozakévitch, C.
 Georgia—Savannah, W. W. Williamson, V. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Albert Schlippenbach, C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Charles Nitze, V. C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Charles F. Wyman, V. C.
 Oregon—Portland, Gustave Wilson, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, William R. Tucker, V. C.

Salvador.

California—San Francisco, Eucarnacion Mejia, C. G.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Geo. A. Lewis, Hon. C.

Spain.

Alabama—Mobile, Luis Marty Moragues, Hon. V. C.
 California—San Francisco, O. M. G. y Echevarria, Hon. V. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Berthold Singer, Hon. V. C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Paul Gelfir, Hon. V. C.
 Maryland—Baltimore, Prospero Schiaffino, Hon. V. C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, José M. Trigo de Claver, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Horatio C. Newcomb, Hon. V. C.
 Philippine Islands—Manila, Emilio de P. y Blesa, C. G.
 Porto Rico, San Juan, E. de V. y San Miguel, C.

Sweden and Norway.

Alabama—Mobile, Louis Donald, V. C.
 California—San Francisco, Knud H. Lund, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, J. R. Lindgren, V. C.
 Louisiana—New Orleans, Pearl Wight, V. C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Gert Loetz, V. C.
 Minnesota—St. Paul, Engelbreth H. Hobe, V. C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Fredrik Waage, V. C.
 Nebraska—Omaha, Emric M. Stenberg, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, J. N. Wallem, V. C.
 South Carolina—Charleston, Carl Otto Witte, V. C.

Switzerland.

California—San Francisco, Antoine Borel, C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Arnold Holinger, C.
 Missouri—St. Louis, Jacques Buff, C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, R. Korrad, C.

Turkey.

California—San Francisco, George E. Hall, C. G.
 District of Columbia—Washington, Dr. Schoenfeld, C. G.
 Illinois—Chicago, Charles Henrotin, C. G.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Mr. Macomber, Hon. C. G.

Uruguay.

Illinois—Chicago, Juan Moffit, C.
 Massachusetts—Boston, Arthur Carroll, V. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, Antonio Sans, C.

Venezuela.

California—San Francisco, Adolph Canal, Hon. C.
 Illinois—Chicago, Pedro Alvizua, Hon. C.
 Ohio—Cincinnati, Paul T. Walker, Hon. C.
 Pennsylvania—Philadelphia, F. Salcedo Ochoa, C.

THE NATION'S FIGHTING FORCES.

CONGRESSIONAL AND MILITARY.

STATES.	CONGRESSIONAL APPOINTMENT, 1901.			NATIONAL GUARD OF THE STATES.				
	Population, 1900.	No. of congressmen.	Population per congressman.	General staff officers	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Infantry.	Total No. authorized.
Alabama.....	1,828,697	9	203,189	15	249	246	1,995	7,788
Arkansas.....	1,311,564	7	187,366	12	.....	53	1,597	.....
California.....	1,485,053	8	185,632	49	201	279	2,797	6,471
Colorado.....	553,700	3	179,900	5	329	54	1,459	.....
Connecticut.....	908,355	5	181,671	16	61	252	2,397	4,108
Delaware.....	184,735	1	184,735	15	.....	.....	317	750
Florida.....	528,542	3	176,181	1	.....	37	1,172	1,458
Georgia.....	2,216,331	11	201,485	13	409	272	3,035	12,344
Idaho.....	164,772	1	161,772	1	.....	.....	658	21,000
Illinois.....	4,821,550	25	191,862	2	379	130	5,878	10,626
Indiana.....	2,516,462	13	193,574	61	.....	234	2,250	4,601
Iowa.....	2,231,853	11	202,896	2	.....	.....	2,440	3,694
Kentucky.....	1,470,495	8	183,812	19	.....	90	1,152	2,131
Kansas.....	2,147,174	11	195,198	11	48	263	995	3,500
Louisiana.....	1,381,625	7	197,375	1	196	428	398	.....
Maine.....	694,466	4	173,817	11	.....	.....	1,189	2,051
Maryland.....	1,190,650	6	198,342	25	52	.....	2,087	2,700
Massachusetts.....	2,805,346	14	200,382	11	243	1,041	4,267	6,592
Michigan.....	2,420,982	12	201,749	15	.....	.....	2,768	3,428
Minnesota.....	1,751,394	9	194,599	5	.....	160	1,733	3,729
Mississippi.....	1,551,270	8	193,484	1	.....	90	1,062	1,800
Missouri.....	3,106,665	16	194,167	37	.....	77	2,645	3,000
Montana.....	243,329	1	243,329	7	.....	52	507	1,124
Nebraska.....	1,068,539	6	178,090	1	46	49	1,193	2,113
Nevada.....	42,335	1	42,335	12	.....	.....	155	.....
New Hampshire.....	411,538	2	205,794	1	60	75	1,055	1,699
New Jersey.....	1,833,669	10	183,367	47	131	123	4,176	5,127
New York.....	7,238,012	37	199,135	102	423	1,448	11,660	18,000
North Carolina.....	1,893,811	10	189,381	21	.....	57	1,754	5,000
North Dakota.....	319,146	2	159,573	1	.....	50	699	933
Ohio.....	4,157,545	21	197,978	23	103	225	5,197	9,486
Oregon.....	413,536	2	206,768	2	58	78	928	1,585
Pennsylvania.....	6,302,115	32	193,842	66	285	139	9,238	11,103
Rhode Island.....	428,556	2	214,278	13	110	95	791	1,030
South Carolina.....	1,300,316	7	191,474	28	728	93	2,896	5,000
South Dakota.....	401,570	2	200,785	14	128	36	1,037	1,000
Tennessee.....	2,020,616	10	202,062	1	64	.....	2,075	3,000
Texas.....	3,048,710	16	190,571	30	229	205	2,593	.....
Utah.....	276,749	1	276,749	16	33	47	203	1,000
Vermont.....	345,641	2	172,821	14	.....	80	658	.....
Virginia.....	1,854,184	10	185,418	13	55	208	2,141	5,177
Washington.....	518,103	3	172,701	12	44	.....	766	1,877
West Virginia.....	958,800	5	191,760	32	.....	.....	1,023	8,359
Wisconsin.....	2,069,042	11	188,045	31	66	67	2,771	3,122
Wyoming.....	92,531	1	92,531	1	52	43	237	1,078
Total & ave....	74,610,524	386	193,292	821	4,785	6,872	98,019	190,312
TERRITORIAL MILITIA.								
Alaska.....	63,592	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	898
Arizona.....	122,931	.....	.....	1	93	.....	311	.....
Dist. of Columbia.....	278,718	.....	.....	12	.....	197	1,227	3,320
Guam.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hawaii.....	154,001	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	473	2,000
Indian Territory.....	392,060	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oklahoma.....	388,331	.....	.....	1	33	.....	690	2,164
Porto Rico.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000
Samoa.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Mexico.....	195,310	.....	.....	1	61	.....	221	.....
Total.....	1,604,943	.....	.....	15	187	197	2,932	9,382

Total organized forces 112,996 exclusive of 1,596 in signal and ambulance corps.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Name and Office.	Whence appointed.	Appointed.	Salary.
<i>Chief Justice.</i>			
Melville W. Fuller.....	Illinois.....	July 20, 1888	\$10,500
<i>Associate Justices.</i>			
John M. Harlan.....	Kentucky.....	Nov. 29, 1877	10,000
David J. Brewer.....	Kansas.....	Dec. 18, 1889	10,000
Henry B. Brown.....	Michigan.....	Dec. 29, 1890	10,000
Edward D. White.....	Louisiana.....	Feb. 19, 1894	10,000
Rufus W. Peckham.....	New York.....	Dec. 9, 1895	10,000
Joseph McKenna.....	California.....	Jan. 21, 1898	10,000
Oliver W. Holmes, Jr.....	Massachusetts.....	Dec. 4, 1902	10,000
William R. Day.....	Ohio.....	Feb. 25, 1903	10,000
<i>Clerk.</i>			
James H. McKenney.....	District of Columbia ..	May 10, 1880	Fees
<i>Marshal.</i>			
J. M. Wright.....	Kentucky.....	Jan. 4, 1888	3,500
<i>Reporter.</i>			
Charles H. Butler.....	New York.....	Dec. 4, 1902	4,500

Terms.—Second Monday in October annually, and such adjourned or special terms as it may find necessary for the dispatch of business. (Sec. 684, R. S.)

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS.

FIRST CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice Oliver W. Holmes; Circuit Judges, Le Baron B. Colt, W. L. Putnam; District Judges, Clarence Hale, Edgar Aldrich, Francis C. Lowell, Arthur L. Brown.

SECOND CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice Rufus W. Peckham; Circuit Judges, Wm. J. Wallace, E. Henry Lacombe, Wm. K. Townsend, Alfred C. Cox; District Judges, George C. Holt, James P. Platt, George W. Ray, George B. Adams, Edward B. Thomas, Hoyt H. Wheeler, John R. Hazel.

THIRD CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice Henry B. Brown; Circuit Judges, Marcus W. Acheson, George M. Dallas, George Gray; District Judges, Edward G. Bradford, John B. McPherson, Robert W. Archbald, Joseph Buffington, William M. Lanning, J. B. Hoiland.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice Melville W. Fuller; Circuit Judges, Nathan Goff, Jeter C. Pritchard; District Judges, Thomas J. Morris, Thomas R. Purnell, James Edmund Boyd, William H. Brawley, Edmund Waddill, Jr., Henry Clay McDowell, John J. Jackson, Benjamin F. Keller.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice Edward D. White; Circuit Judges, Don A. Pardee, Andrew P. McCormick, David D. Shelby; District Judges, William T. Newman, Emory Speer, Charles Swayne, James W. Locke, Thomas G. Jones, Henry T. Toulmin, Henry C. Niles, Charles Parlange, Aleck Boardman, Edward R. Meek, Waller T. Burns, David E. Bryant, Thomas S. Maxey.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice John M. Harlan; Circuit Judges, Horace H. Lurton, John K. Richards, Henry F. Severens; District Judges, Augustus J. Ricks, Francis J. Wing, Albert C. Thompson, Henry H. Swan, George P. Wanty, A. M. J. Cochran, Walter Evans, Charles D. Clark, Eli S. Hammond.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice William R. Day; Circuit Judges, Joseph V. Quarles, Peter S. Grosscup, Francis E. Baker; District Judges, Christian C. Kohlsaat, Albert B. Henderson, J. Otis Humphrey, Wm. H. Seaman, Arthur L. Sanborn.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice David J. Brewer; Circuit Judges, Walter H. Sanborn, Amos M. Thayer, Willis Van Devanter, William C. Hook; District Judges, William Lochren, Smith McPherson, Elmer B. Adams, John F. Phillips, Jacob Trieber, John H. Rogers, William H. Munger, Moses Hallett, John A. Riner, Chas. H. Amidon, John E. Carland, John A. Marshall, John C. Pollock, Page Morris, Henry T. Reed.

NINTH CIRCUIT.

Judges—Mr. Justice Joseph McKenna; Circuit Judges, William W. Morrow, William B. Gilbert, Erskine M. Ross; District Judges, John J. De Haven, Olin Wellborn, Charles B. Bellinger, Thos. P. Hawley, Cornelius H. Hanford, Jas. H. Beatty, William H. Hunt.

CLERKS UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURTS OF APPEALS

Name and Circuit.	Official Address.	Appointed.	Salary.
First Circuit—John G. Stetson.	Boston, Mass.	June 16, 1891	\$3,000
Second Circuit—Wm. Parkin.	New York, N. Y.	May 10, 1897	3,000
Third Circuit—William H. Merrick.	Philadelphia, Pa.	Mar. 7, 1898	3,000
Fourth Circuit—Henry T. Meloney.	Richmond, Va.	June 16, 1891	3,000
Fifth Circuit—Charles H. Lednum.	New Orleans, La.	Oct. 23, 1901	3,000
Sixth Circuit—Frank O. Loveland.	Cincinnati, Ohio.	Oct. 3, 1894	3,000
Seventh Circuit—Edward M. Holloway.	Chicago, Ill.	Oct. 20, 1898	3,000
Eighth Circuit—John D. Jordan.	St. Louis, Mo.	June 16, 1891	3,000
Ninth Circuit—Frank D. Monckton.	San Francisco, Cal.	June 16, 1891	3,000

Times and places of holding Circuit Courts of Appeal.—First circuit: Annual term, first Tuesday in October; stated sessions, first Tuesday in every month; sessions for hearing cases, first Tuesday in January, April, and October. at Boston, Mass.

Second circuit: Last Tuesday in October, at New York City.

Third circuit: First Tuesday in March and third Tuesday in September, at Philadelphia.

Fourth circuit: First Tuesday in February, first Tuesday in May, and first Tuesday in November, at Richmond, Va.

Fifth circuit: First Monday in October, at Atlanta, Ga., and third Monday in November, at New Orleans, La.

Sixth circuit: Tuesday after first Monday of each month in the year, except August and September, at Cincinnati, Ohio.

Seventh circuit: First Tuesday in October. Term is divided into three sessions, beginning on first Tuesday in October, first Tuesday in January, and first Tuesday in May, at Chicago, Ill.

Eighth circuit: First Monday in May, at St. Paul, Minn.; first Monday in September, at Denver, Colo.; first Monday in December, at St. Louis, Mo.

Ninth circuit: At San Francisco, Cal., annual term, first Monday in October and adjourned sessions on the first Monday in each month. At Seattle, Wash., annual term, second Monday in September. At Portland, Oregon, annual term, third Monday in September.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$6,000 each.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice Holmes, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. *Circuit Judges*—Le Baron B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 5, 1884; W. L. Putnam, Portland, Me., March 17, 1892.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice Peckham, Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. *Circuit Judges*—Wm. J. Wallace, Albany, N. Y., April 6, 1882; E. H. Lacombe, New York City, May 26, 1887; William K. Townsend, New Haven, Conn., March 23, 1902; Alfred C. Coxe, Utica, N. Y., June 3, 1902.

THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice Brown. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. *Circuit Judges*—Marcus W. Acheson, Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 3, 1891; George M. Dallas, Philadelphia, Pa., March 17, 1892; George Gray, Wilmington, Del.

FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina. *Circuit Judges*—Jeter C. Pritchard, Asheville, N. C., April 27, 1904; Nathan Goff, Clarksburg, W. Va., March 17, 1892.

FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice White. Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. *Circuit Judges*—Don A. Pardee, Atlanta, Ga., May 13, 1881; A. P. McCormick, Dallas, Texas, March 17, 1892; David D. Shelby, Huntsville, Ala.

SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice Harlan. Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. *Circuit Judges*—Henry F. Severens, Kalamazoo, Mich.; H. H. Lurton, Nashville, Tenn. March 27, 1893; John K. Richards, Ironton, Ohio.

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice Day. Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. *Circuit Judges*—Peter S. Grosscup, Chicago, Ill., Jan., 1899; Francis E. Baker, Indianapolis, Ind., June 21, 1902; Wm. Henry Seaman, Sheboygan, Mar. 1, 1905; Christian C. Kohlsaat, Mar. 18, 1905.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, and territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Indian Territory. *Circuit Judges*—W. H. Sanborn, St. Paul, Minn., March 17, 1892; Amos M. Thayer, St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 9, 1894; Willis Van Devanter, Cheyenne, Wyo.; William C. Hook, Leavenworth, Kans.

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice McKenna, San Francisco, Cal. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada, and territories of Alaska and Arizona. *Circuit Judges*—E. M. Ross, Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 22, 1895; W. B. Gilbert, Portland, Ore., March 18, 1892; William W. Morrow, San Francisco, Cal., May 20, 1897.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Salaries of Judges, \$4,500 each.)

Chief Justice—C. C. Nott, New York.

Judges—

Lawrence Weldon, Illinois	1883
S. J. Peelle, Indiana	1892
Chas. E. Howry, Mississippi	1897
Francis M. Wright .....	..

Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873, \$3,000.

JUSTICES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

(Names of the Chief Justices in italics.)

NAME.	SERVICE.		Born.	Died.
	Term.	Yrs.		
<i>John Jay</i> , New York	1789-1794	5	1745	1829
John Rutledge, South Carolina	1789-1791	2	1739	1800
William Cushing, Massachusetts	1789-1810	21	1732	1810
James Wilson, Pennsylvania	1789-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia	1789-1796	7	1732	1800
*Robert H. Harrison, Maryland .....	.....	.....	1745	1790
James Iredell, North Carolina	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Maryland	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Patterson, New Jersey	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
<i>John Rutledge</i> , South Carolina	Not confir.	med.	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
<i>Oliver Ellsworth</i> , Connecticut	1796-1800	4	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Virginia	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina	1799-1804	4	1755	1810
<i>John Marshall</i> , Virginia	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, South Carolina	1804-1834	30	1771	1851
Brockholst Livingston, New York	1805-1823	17	1757	1853
Thomas Todd, Kentucky	1807-1826	19	1765	1826
Joseph Story, Massachusetts	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Maryland	1811-1836	24	1752	1844
Smith Thompson, New York	1823-1843	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Kentucky	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pennsylvania	1830-1844	14	1780	1844
James M. Wayne, Georgia	1835-1837	32	1790	1867
<i>Roger B. Taney</i> , Maryland	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia	1836-1841	5	1788	1841
John Catron, Tennessee	1837-1855	18	1783	1855
John McKinley, Alabama	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniel, Virginia	1841-1880	19	1785	1880
Samuel Nelson, New York	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benjamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Alabama	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
Nathan Clifford, Maine	1853-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio	1862-1881	19	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois	1862-1877	15	1815	1886
Stephen J. Field, California	1863-1897	35	1816	1899
<i>Salmon P. Chase</i> , Ohio	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
William Strong, Pennsylvania	1870-1880	11	1808	1895
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Ward Hunt, New York	1872-1882	10	1810	1886
<i>Morrison R. Waite</i> , Ohio	1874-1883	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky	1877-.....	.....	1833	.....
William B. Woods, Georgia	1880-1887	6	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts	1881-1902	21	1828	1902
Samuel Blatchford, New York	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi	1883-1893	5	1825	1893
<i>Melville W. Fuller</i> , Illinois	1888-.....	.....	1833	.....
David J. Brewer, Kansas	1890-.....	.....	1837	.....
Henry B. Brown, Michigan	1891-.....	.....	1836	.....
George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania	1892-1903	11	1832	.....
Howell E. Jackson, Tennessee	1893-1895	2	1832	1895
Edward D. White, Louisiana	1894-.....	.....	1845	.....
Rufus W. Peckham, New York	1896-.....	.....	1838	.....
Joseph McKenna, California	1898-.....	.....	1843	.....
Oliver W. Holmes, Jr., Massachusetts	1902-.....	.....	1841	.....
William R. Day, Ohio	1903-.....	.....	1819	.....

* Declined the appointment to accept the chancellorship of Maryland.

JUDGES OF THE U. S. DISTRICT AND TERRITORIAL COURTS, U. S. DIST. ATTORNEYS AND U. S. MARSHALS.

Districts.	JUDGES.		ATTORNEYS.		MARSHALS.	
	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.	Name.	Address.
Alabama, Northern Dist.	Thomas G. Jones ..	Montgomery	W. S. Resse, Jr.	Montgomery	Daniel N. Cooper ..	Birmingham.
Alabama, Middle Dist.	Thomas G. Jones ..	Montgomery	M. D. Wickersham ..	Mobile	Leander J. Bryan ..	Montgomery.
Alabama, Southern Dist.	H. T. Toulmin	Mobile	R. A. Friedrich	Juneau	F. Simmons	Mobile.
Alaska Div. No. 1	Melv. C. Brown	Juneau	Melvin Grigsby	Nome	Jas. M. Shoup	Juneau.
Alaska Div. No. 2	Alfred S. Moore	Nome	N. V. Harlan	Eagle	F. H. Richards	Nome.
Alaska Div. No. 3	James Wickersham ..	Eagle	Fred. S. Nave	Tucson	Geo. G. Perry	Eagle.
Arizona	Edward Kent	Phoenix	Wm. Whipple	Little Rock	M. H. McCord	Phoenix.
Arkansas, Eastern Dist.	Jacob T. Ieber	Little Rock	Jas. K. Barnes	Fort Smith	Asbury S. Fowler ..	Little Rock.
Arkansas, Western Dist.	John H. Rogers	Fort Smith	M. B. Woodworth ..	San Francisco	Salmon F. Stahl	Fort Smith.
California, Northern Dist.	J. J. De Haven	San Francisco	L. H. Valentine	Los Angeles	John H. Shine	San Francisco.
California, Southern Dist.	Olin Welborn	Los Angeles	Earl M. Cranston ..	Denver	Henry Z. Osborne ..	Los Angeles.
Colorado	Moses Hallett	Denver	F. H. Parker	Hartford	Dewey C. Bailey	Denver.
Connecticut	Jas. P. Hallett	Hartford	William M. Byrne ..	Wilmington	Edson S. Bishop	Hartford.
Delaware	E. G. Bradford	Wilmington	Ashley M. Gould	Washington	John C. Short	Wilmington.
District of Columbia	Edw. F. Bingham	Washington	John Eagan	Pensacola	Aulick Palmor	Washington.
Florida, Northern Dist.	Charles Swaine	Pensacola	Jos. M. Stripling ..	Jacksonville	T. F. McGourin	Pensacola.
Florida, Southern Dist.	James W. Locke	Jacksonville	E. A. Angier	Atlanta	John F. Horr	Tampa.
Georgia, Northern Dist.	Wm. T. Newman	Atlanta	Marion Erwin	Macon	W. H. Johnson	Atlanta.
Georgia, Southern Dist.	Emery Speer	Macon	Robt. W. Breckons ..	Honolulu	John M. Barnes	Macon.
Hawaii	W. K. Frear	Honolulu	Robt. V. Cozier	Honolulu	E. K. Hendry	Honolulu.
Idaho	James H. Boatty	Boise	Sol. H. Bethea	Chicago	Ruel Rounds	Boise.
Illinois, Northern Dist.	Chr. C. Kohlsaat	Chicago	T. Worthington	Springfield	John C. Ames	Chicago.
Illinois, Southern Dist.	J. Otis Humphrey ..	Springfield	Jos. B. Kealing	Indianapolis	Chas. P. Hitch	Springfield.
Indiana	John H. Baker	Indianapolis	Pliny L. Soper	Indianapolis	Henry C. Pettit	Indianapolis.
Indian Ter., Northern Dist.	Joseph A. Gill	Vinita	W. M. Mellette	Muscogee	W. H. Darrough	Vinita.
Indian Ter., Western Dist.	C. W. Raymond	Muscogee	John H. Wilkins	South McAlester ..	Leo E. Bennett	Muscogee.
Indian Ter., Central Dist.	W. H. H. Clayton ..	South McAlester ..	Wm. B. Johnson	Ardmore	Benj. F. Hackett ..	South McAlester.
Indian Ter., Southern Dist.	Hosea Townsend	Ardmore	H. G. McMillan	Cedar Rapids	Benj. H. Colbert ..	Ardmore.
Iowa, Northern Dist.	Oliver P. Shiras	Dubuque	Lewis Miles	Corydon	Edward Knott	Dubuque.
Iowa, Southern Dist.	S. McPherson	Red Oak	John S. Dean	Topeka	Geo. M. Christian ..	Des Moines.
Kansas	Wm. C. Hook	Leavenworth	Jas. H. Tinsley	Covington	W. H. Mackey, Jr. ..	Topeka.
Kentucky, Eastern Dist.	A. M. J. Cochran	Maysville	Reuben D. Hill	Louisville	Stephen G. Sharp ..	Covington.
Kentucky, Western Dist.	Walter Evans	Louisville	Wm. W. Howe	New Orleans	Adison D. James ..	Louisville.
Louisiana, Eastern Dist.	Chas. Parlange	New Orleans	Milton C. Elstner ..	Shreveport	Chas. Fontelleu	New Orleans.
Louisiana, Western Dist.	Aleck Boardman	Shreveport	Isaac W. Dyer	Portland	H. B. Saunders	Portland.
Maine	Clarence Hale	Portland	John C. Rose	Baltimore	J. F. Laughton	Baltimore.
Maryland	Thos. J. Morris	Baltimore	H. P. Moulton	Boston	Chas. K. Darling	Boston.
Massachusetts	Francis C. Lowell ..	Boston	Wm. D. Gordon	Detroit	Wm. R. Bates	Detroit.
Michigan, Eastern Dist.	Henry H. Swan	Detroit	Geo. G. Covell	Grand Rapids	A. Oren Wheeler	Grand Rapids.
Michigan, Western Dist.	Geo. P. Wanty	Grand Rapids				

Minnesota	William Lochren	Minneapolis	Chas. C. Houpt	St. Paul	W. H. Grinshaw	St. Paul
Mississippi, Northern Dist.	Henry C. Niles	Kosciusko	M. A. Montgomery	Oxford	G. M. Buchanan	Oxford
Mississippi, Southern Dist.	Henry C. Niles	Kosciusko	Robert C. Lee	Jackson	Edgar S. Wilson	Jackson
Missouri, Eastern Dist.	Elmer B. Adams	St. Louis	David P. Dyer	Jt. Lewis	Wm. L. Morsey	Sr. Louis
Missouri, Western Dist.	John F. Phillips	Kansas City	Wm. Warner	Kansas City	E. R. Durham	Kansas City
Montana	Hiram Knowles	Helena	Carl Rasch	Helena	Jos. F. Woolman	Helena
Nebra ka	Wm. H. Munger	Omaha	W. S. Sammers	Omaha	T. L. Mathews	Omaha
Nevada	Thos. P. Hawley	Carson City	S. Summerfield	Carson City	J. F. Emmitt	Carson City
New Hampshire	Edgar Aldrich	Littleton	C. J. Hamblett	Concord	E. P. Nutt	Concord
New Jersey	A. Kirkpatrick	Newark	D. O. Watkins	Woodbury	Thos. J. Alcott	Trenton
New Mexico	William J. Mills	Las Vegas	Wm. B. Childers	Albuquerque	C. M. Foraker	Albuquerque
New York, Northern Dist.	Geo. W. Kay	Norwich	Geo. B. Curtiss	Binghamton	C. D. MacDonnell	Auburn
New York, Southern Dist.	George B. Adams	New York	Henry L. Burnet	New York	William Hentzell	New York
New York, Eastern Dist.	E. B. Thomas	Brooklyn	Geo. H. Pettit	Brooklyn	Chas. J. Haubert	Brooklyn
New York, Western Dist.	John R. Hazel	Buffalo	Chas. H. Brown	Buffalo	Wm. R. Compton	Elmira
North Carolina, East. Dist.	Thos. R. Purnell	Raleigh	Heary Skinner	Raleigh	H. C. Dockery	Raleigh
North Carolina, West. Dist.	James E. Boyd	Greensboro	Alfred E. Holton	Winston	Jas. M. Millikan	Greensboro
North Dakota	Chas. F. Amidon	Fargo	Pat. H. Rourke	Fargo	John E. Haggart	Fargo
Ohio, Northern Dist.	A. J. Ricks	Cleveland	John J. Sullivan	Cleveland	F. M. Chandler	Cleveland
Ohio, Southern Dist.	Francis J. Wing	Cleveland	Wm. E. Bundy	Cincinnati	Vivian J. Fagin	Cincinnati
Oklahoma	A. C. Thompson	Cincinnati	Horace Speed	Guthrie	Wm. D. Fossett	Guthrie
Oregon	John H. Burford	Portland	John H. Hall	Portland	W. F. Mathews	Portland
Pennsylvania, Eastern Dist.	C. B. Bellinger	Philadelphia	Jas. B. Holland	Philadelphia	J. B. Robinson	Philadelphia
Pennsylvania, Middle Dist.	J. B. McWherson	Seranton	S. J. M. McCarrell	Harrisburg	Fred C. Leonard	Harrisburg
Pennsylvania, Western Dist.	R. W. Archibald	Pittsburg	Jas. S. Young	Pit. sburg	Stephen P. Stone	Pittsburg
Porto Rico	Jos. Buffington	San Juan	N. B. K. Pettingill	San Juan	Edw. S. Wilson	San Juan
Rhode Island	William H. Holt	Providence	Chas. A. Wilson	Providence	John E. Kendrick	Providence
South Carolina	Arthur L. Brown	Charleston	John G. Capers	Charleston	G. I. Cunningham	Charleston
South Dakota	Wm. H. Brawley	Sioux Falls	James D. Elliott	Sioux Falls	E. G. Kennedy	Sioux Falls
Tennessee, Eastern Dist.	John E. Carland	Chattanooga	Wm. D. Wright	Knoxville	Rich. W. Austin	Knoxville
Tennessee, Middle Dist.	Charles D. Clark	Chattanooga	A. M. Tillman	Nashville	John W. Overall	Nashville
Tennessee, Western Dist.	E. S. Hammond	Memphis	George Randolph	Memphis	Frank S. Elrin	Memphis
Texas, Northern Dist.	Edward R. Meek	Fort Worth	Wm. H. Atwell	Dallas	George H. Green	Dallas
Texas, Southern Dist.	Walter T. Burns	Houston	M. C. McLemore	Galveston	Wm. M. Hanson	Galveston
Texas, Eastern Dist.	David E. Bryant	Sherman	Jas. W. Ownby	Paris	A. J. Hoonston	Paris
Texas, Western Dist.	Thos. S. Maxey	Austin	Henry Terrell	San Antonio	Geo. L. Siebrecht	San Antonio
Utah	J. A. Marshall	Salt Lake City	Jos. Lippman	Salt Lake City	B. B. Heywood	Salt Lake City
Vermont	H. H. Wheeler	Brattleboro	Jas. L. Martin	Brattleboro	Fred A. Field	Rutland
Virginia, Eastern Dist.	E. Waddill, Jr.	Richmond	Edgar Allen	Norfolk	Morgan Treat	Richmond
Virginia, Western Dist.	H. C. McDowell	Birgstone Gap	T. Lee Moore	Roanoke	S. Brown Allen	Harrisonburg
Washington	C. H. Hanford	Seattle	Jesse A. Fre	Seattle	Chas. B. Hopkins	Tacoma
West Virginia, North Dist.	John J. Jackson	Parker-burg	Reese Bizzard	Parkersburg	Chas. D. Elliott	Parker-burg
West Virginia, South. Dist.	Benj. F. Keller	Bramwell	Geo. W. Atkinson	Charleston	J. K. Thompson	Charleston
Wisconsin, Eastern Dist.	Wm. H. Seaman	Sheboygan	H. K. Butterfield	Milwaukee	Thomas B. Reid	Milwaukee
Wisconsin, Western Dist.	Arthur L. Sanborn	Madison	Wm. G. Wheeler	Madison	Chas. Lewiston	Madison
Wyoming	John A. Riner	Cheyenne	Timothy F. Burke	Cheyenne	Frank A. Hadsell	Cheyenne

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURTS FOR
WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Circuit Judge—WM. HENRY SEAMAN, SHEBOYGAN.
District Judge—J. V. QUARLES, MILWAUKEE.
District Attorney—H. K. BUTTERFIELD, MILWAUKEE.
Marshal—THOMAS B. REID, MILWAUKEE.
Clerk—EDWARD KURTZ, MILWAUKEE.

TERMS OF COURT.

At MILWAUKEE—First Monday in January and October.
At OSHKOSH—Second Tuesday in June.

COUNTIES COMPRISING DISTRICT.

Brown, Calumet, Dodge, Door, Florence, Forest, Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Kenosha, Kewaunee, Langlade (except townships 31, 32, 33, and 34, of ranges 9 and 10 east), Manitowoc, Marinette, Marquette, Milwaukee, Oconto, Oneida (townships 35, 36, 37, 38, and 39, of range 11 east), Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Shawano, Sheboygan, Vilas (townships 40, 41, and 42, of range 11 east), Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

District Judge—ARTHUR L. SANEORN, MADISON.
District Attorney—WILLIAM G. WHEELER, MADISON.
Assistant District Attorney—HENRY H. MORGAN, MADISON.
Marshal—CHARLES LEWISTON, MADISON.
Deputy Marshal—WILLIAM T. PUGH, MADISON.
Clerk—F. W. OAKLEY, MADISON.
Clerk—ALFRED HARRISON, LA CROSSE.

TERMS OF COURT.

At MADISON—First Tuesday in December.
Special Term—Fourth Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in October.
At LA CROSSE—Third Tuesday in September.
At EAU CLAIRE—First Tuesday in June.
At SUPERIOR—Third Tuesday in June.

COUNTIES COMPRISING DISTRICT.

Adams, Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Chippewa, Clark, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Grant, Green, Iowa, Iron, Jackson, Jefferson, Juneau, La Crosse, Lafayette, Langlade (townships 31, 32, 33, and 34, ranges 9 and 10 east), Lincoln, Marathon, Monroe, Oneida (except townships 35, 36, 37, 38, and 39, range 11 east), Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Portage, Price, Richland, Rock, Rusk, St. Croix, Sauk, Sawyer, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Vilas (except township 40, 41, and 42, range 11 east), Washburn, Wood.

UNITED STATES COURT COMMISSIONERS IN WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.		WESTERN DISTRICT.	
Francis Bloodgood.....	Milwaukee.....	W. D. McCue.....	Madison.
John F. Harper	Milwaukee.....	S. C. Hanks	Madison.
Gustav E. Matile.....	Green Bay.....	L. A. Doolittle	Eau Claire.
Charles F. Dillett.....	Shawano.....	Alfred Harrison	La Crosse.
A. H. Kellogg.....	Appleton.....	Guy C. Prentice	La Crosse.
Francis Williams	Sheboygan.....	M. S. Bright.....	Superior.
John E. Martin.....	Antigo.....	Phil. H. Perkins.....	West Superior.
James Anderson.....	Manitowoc.....	C. A. Lamoreux.....	Ashland.
Daniel McDonald.....	Oshkosh.....	W. M. Tomkins.....	Ashland.
		F. E. Bump.....	Wausau.
		Levi J. Billings.....	Rhineland.
		Henry McBain.....	Eau Claire.

PROOF OF DEEDS COMMISSIONER FOR OTHER STATES.

FRANCIS BLOODGOODMilwaukee

MASTER IN CHANCERY AND EXAMINER UNITED STATES
CIRCUIT COURT.

W. D. McCUEMadison

INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS—WISCONSIN.

1st—HENRY FINK, Collector, Milwaukee.

Counties—Brown, Calumet, Dodge, Door, Florence, Fond du Lac, Forest, Green Lake, Kenosha, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Marinette, Marquette, Milwaukee, Oconto, Outagamie, Ozaukee, Racine, Shawano, Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago, Langlade (except eight townships in western portion of said county). Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, \$6,552,985.85. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, \$6,657,328.19.

2d—JAMES G. MONAHAN, Collector, Madison.

Counties—Adams, Ashland, Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Chippewa, Clark, Columbia, Crawford, Dane, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Grant, Green, Iowa, Iron, Jackson, Jefferson, Juneau, La Crosse, Lafayette, Lincoln, Marathon, Monroe, Oneida, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, Portage, Price, Richland, Rock, Rusk, St. Croix, Sauk, Sawyer, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Vilas, Washburn, Wood, and western eight towns, Langlade county. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, \$779,066.16. Collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, \$807,281.73.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.

ALABAMA—CAPITAL, MONTGOMERY.

Governor—W. D. Jelks.
Lieut. Gov.—R. M. Cunningham.
Secretary of State—E. R. McDavid.
Auditor—T. L. Sowell.
Adjutant General—W. W. Brandon.
Treasurer—J. C. Smith.
Attorney General—Massey Wilson.
Superintendent of Education—I. W. Hill.
Commis'sner of Agriculture—R. R. Poole.
Commis'sner of Insurance—W. M. Byrd.
Chief Justice—T. N. McClellan.

ALASKA—CAPITAL, SITKA.

Governor—J. G. Brady.
Secretary—W. L. Distin.
U. S. District Judge:
1st Division—M. C. Brown.
2nd Division—A. S. Moore.
3rd Division—Jas. Witchersham.

ARIZONA TERRITORY—CAPITAL, PHOENIX.

Governor—A. O. Brodie.
Secretary—W. F. Nichols.
Treasurer—I. E. Kirkland.
Auditor—I. M. Cristy.
Attorney General—E. W. Wells.
Adjutant General—B. W. Leavell.
Supt. of Education—N. G. Seighton.
Chief Justice—Edward Kent.

ARKANSAS—CAPITAL, LITTLE ROCK.

Governor—Jeff. Davis.
Lieutenant Governor—O. N. Killough.
Secretary of State—O. C. Ludwig.
Treasurer—H. C. Tipton.
Auditor—A. E. Moore.
Attorney General—R. L. Rogers.
Supt. of Education—J. H. Hinemon.
Commissioner of Agriculture—H. T. Bradford.
Commissioner of Insurance and Public Lands—F. E. Conway.
Chief Justice—Jos. N. Hill.

CALIFORNIA—CAPITAL, SACRAMENTO.

Governor—G. C. Pardee.
Lieutenant Governor—Alden Anderson.
Secretary of State—C. F. Curry.
Treasurer—T. Reeves.
Adjutant General—J. B. Lauch.
Comptroller—E. P. Colgan.
Attorney General—W. S. Webb.
Supt. of Education—T. J. Kirk.
Commis'sner of Insurance—Myron Wolf.
Commis'sner of Pub. Lands—V. H. Woods.
Chief Justice—W. H. Beatty.

COLORADO—CAPITAL, DENVER.

Governor—Alva Adams.
Lieutenant Gov.—Jesse F. McDonald.
Secretary of State—Jas. Cowie.
Treasurer—John A. Holmberg.
Auditor—A. E. Bent.
Adjutant General—Sherman Bell.
Attorney General—N. C. Miller.
Supt. of Education—Katharine L. Craig.

CONNECTICUT—CAPITAL, HARTFORD.

Governor—Henry Roberts.
Lieutenant Governor—R. S. Woodruff.
Secretary of State—Theodore Eodenwein.
Treasurer—J. M. Walsh.
Comptroller—A. W. Mitchell.
Attorney General—W. A. King.
Adjutant General—G. M. Cole.
Chief Justice—David Torrance.

DELAWARE—CAPITAL, DOVER.

Governor—Preston Lee.
Lieutenant Governor—J. T. Parker.
Secretary of State—C. R. Dayton.
Treasurer—T. N. Rawlins.
Auditor—G. A. Dick.
Attorney General—R. H. Richards.
Adjutant General—J. P. Wickersham.
Commissioner of Insurance—G. W. Marshall.
Chief Justice—C. B. Lore.

FLORIDA—CAPITAL, TALLAHASSEE.

Governor—N. B. Broward.
 Secretary of State—H. C. Crawford.
 Treasurer—W. V. Knott.
 Comptroller—A. C. Croon.
 Attorney General—W. H. Ellis.
 Adjutant General—J. C. R. Foster.
 Supt. of Public Instruction—W. M. Hal-
 loway.
 Commissioner of Agriculture—B. E. Mc-
 Lin.
 Chief Justice—R. F. Taylor.

GEORGIA—CAPITAL, ATLANTA.

Governor—J. M. Terrel.
 Secretary of State—Phil. Cook.
 Treasurer—R. E. Park.
 Comptroller and Com. of Ins.—W. A.
 Wright.
 Adjutant General—S. P. Harris.
 Attorney General—John C. Hart.
 Supt. of Education—W. B. Merritt.
 Commissioner of Agriculture—O. B. Ste-
 vens.
 Chief Justice—T. J. Simmons.

**HAWAII (TERRITORY)—CAPITAL,
HONOLULU.**

Governor—G. R. Carter.
 Secretary—A. L. C. Atkinson.
 Treasurer—H. E. Cooper.
 Attorney General—Lorin Andrews.
 Chief Justice—W. F. Freon.

IDAHO—CAPITAL, BOISE.

Governor—F. R. Gooding.
 Lieutenant Governor—B. P. Stevens.
 Secretary of State—W. H. Gibson.
 Treasurer—H. N. Coffin.
 Auditor—R. S. Bragaw.
 Attorney General—J. J. Guheen.
 Adjutant General—David Vickers.
 Supt. of Education—May L. Scott.
 Inspector of Mines—Robt. Bell.
 Chief Justice—C. O. Stockslager.

ILLINOIS—CAPITAL, SPRINGFIELD.

Governor—C. S. Deneen.
 Lieutenant Governor—S. Y. Sherman.
 Secretary of State—J. A. Rose.
 Treasurer—F. A. Busse.
 Auditor—J. S. McCullough.
 Attorney General—W. H. Stead.
 Adjutant General—T. W. Scott.
 Supt. of Insurance—W. R. Vredenburg.
 Supt. of Public Instruction—Alfred
 Bayliss.
 Chief Justice—J. R. Ricks.

INDIANA—CAPITAL, INDIANAPOLIS.

Governor—J. F. Hanley.
 Lieutenant Governor—H. T. Miller.
 Secretary of State—D. E. Storms.
 Treasurer—Nat. U. Hill.
 Auditor—D. E. Sherrick.
 Attorney General—C. W. Miller.
 Adjutant General—John T. Ward.
 Supt. of Education—F. E. Cotton.
 Commissioner of Insurance—D. E. Sher-
 rick.
 Chief Justice—J. H. Jordan.

IOWA—CAPITAL, DES MOINES.

Governor—A. B. Cummins.
 Lieutenant Governor—John Herriott.
 Secretary of State—W. B. Martin.
 Treasurer—G. S. Gilbertson.
 Auditor—B. F. Carroll.
 Attorney General—C. W. Mullan.
 Adjutant General—M. H. Byers.
 Supt. of Education—J. F. Riggs.
 Chief Justice—J. C. Sherwin.

KANSAS—CAPITAL, TOPEKA.

Governor—E. W. Hoch.
 Lieutenant Governor—D. J. Hanna.
 Secretary of State—J. R. Burrow.
 Treasurer—T. T. Kelly.
 Auditor—S. G. Wells.
 Attorney General—C. C. Coleman.
 Adjutant General—H. S. Kelsey.
 Supt. of Education—T. L. Dayhoff.
 Commissioner of Agriculture—F. D. Co-
 burn.
 Supt. of Insurance—C. H. Lulling.
 Chief Justice—W. A. Johnson.

KENTUCKY—CAPITAL, FRANKFORT.

Governor—J. C. W. Beckham.
 Lieutenant Governor—W. P. Thorne.
 Secretary of State—H. B. McChesney.
 Treasurer—H. M. Bosworth.

Auditor—S. W. Hager.
 Attorney General—N. B. Hayes.
 Adjutant General—P. W. Haley.
 Supt. of Education—J. H. Fugua.
 Commissioner of Agriculture—Hubert
 Vreeland.
 Chief Justice—J. P. Hobson.

**LOUISIANA—CAPITAL, BATON
ROUGE.**

Governor—N. C. Blanchard.
 Lieutenant Governor—J. Y. Sanders.
 Secretary of State—J. T. Michel.
 Auditor—Paul Capdeville.
 Treasurer—J. M. Smith.
 Attorney General—Walter Gulon.
 Supt. of Education—J. B. Aswell.
 Chief Justice—J. A. Breaux.

MAINE—CAPITAL, AUGUSTA.

Governor—W. T. Cobb.
 Secretary of State—Byron Boyd.
 Treasurer—Oromandel Smith.
 Attorney General—H. E. Hamlin.
 Adjutant General—A. B. Farnham.
 Supt. of Education—W. W. Stetson.
 Insurance Commissioner—S. W. Carr.
 Chief Justice—A. P. Wiswell.

MARYLAND—CAPITAL, ANNAPOLIS.

Governor—Edwin Warfield.
 Secretary of State—Oswald Telgham.
 Treasurer—Murray Vandiver.
 Comptroller—G. T. Atkinson.
 Attorney General—Wm. S. Bryan, Jr.
 Adjutant General—C. L. Riggs.
 Supt. of Education—M. B. Stevens.
 Commissioner of Insurance—Lloyd Wilkin-
 kinson.
 Commissioner of Public Lands—E. S.
 Toadwin.
 Chief Justice—Jas. McSherry.

**MASSACHUSETTS—CAPITAL, BOS-
TON.**

Governor—Wm. L. Douglas.
 Lieutenant Governor—Curtis Guild, Jr.
 Secretary of State—W. M. Olin.
 Treasurer—A. B. Chapin.
 Auditor—H. E. Turner.
 Attorney General—Herbert Parker.
 Adjutant General—Sam'l Dalton.
 Secretary Board of Education — F. A.
 Hill.
 Secretary Board of Agriculture — J. L.
 Ellsworth.
 Insurance Commissioner—F. L. Cutting.
 Chief Justice—M. P. Knowlton.

MICHIGAN—CAPITAL, LANSING.

Governor—F. M. Warner.
 Lieutenant Governor — Alexander Mait-
 land.
 Secretary of State—G. A. Prescott.
 Treasurer—F. P. Glazier.
 Auditor—J. B. Bradley.
 Attorney General—J. E. Bird.
 Supt. of Education—P. H. Kelley.
 Commissioner State Land Office—W. H.
 Rose.
 Chief Justice—J. B. Moore.

MINNESOTA—CAPITAL, ST. PAUL.

Governor—John A. Johnson.
 Lieutenant Governor—Rae W. Jones.
 Secretary of State—F. E. Hanson.
 Auditor—S. G. Iverson.
 Treasurer—J. H. Block.
 Attorney General—E. T. Young.
 Adjutant General—E. D. Libbey.
 Supt. of Education—J. W. Olson.
 Commiss'r of Insurance—E. H. Dearth.
 Chief Justice—Charles M. Start.

MISSISSIPPI—CAPITAL, JACKSON.

Governor—J. K. Vardaman.
 Lieutenant Governor—J. P. Carter.
 Secretary of State—J. W. Power.
 Treasurer—W. J. Miller.
 Auditor—T. M. Henry.
 Supt. of Education—H. L. Whitfield.
 Attorney General—Wm. Williams.
 Adjutant General—A. Fudge.
 Land Commissioner—E. H. Nall.
 Chief Justice—A. H. Whitfield.

**MISSOURI — CAPITAL, JEFFERSON
CITY.**

Governor—Jos. W. Folk.
 Lieutenant Governor—John C. McKinley.
 Secretary of State—J. B. Swanger.
 Auditor—W. W. Wilder.
 Treasurer—J. F. Gruelich.
 Attorney General—H. S. Hadley.
 Supt. of Public Schools—Wm. T. Carr-
 ington.
 Adjutant General—W. T. Dameron.
 Secretary Board of Agriculture—Geo. B.
 Ellis.
 Supt. of Insurance—Robert G. Yates.
 Chief Justice—Waltour M. Robinson.

MONTANA—CAPITAL, HELENA.

Governor—J. K. Toole.
 Lieutenant Governor—Edw. Norris.
 Secretary of State—A. N. Yoder.
 Treasurer—J. H. Rice.
 Auditor—R. H. Cunningham.
 Attorney General—A. J. Galen.
 Adjutant General—S. C. Ashby.
 Supt. of Education—W. E. Harmon.
 Chief Justice—Theodore Brantley.

NEBRASKA—CAPITAL, LINCOLN.

Governor—John Mickey.
 Lieut. Gov.—E. G. McGilton.
 Secretary of State—Algernon Galusha.
 Treasurer—Peter Mortensen.
 Auditor—Edward M. Searle.
 Attorney General—Morris Brown.
 Supt. of Education—J. L. McBrien.
 Com. of Public Lands—H. M. Eaton.
 Chief Justice—S. A. Holcomb.

NEVADA—CAPITAL, CARSON CITY.

Governor—John Sparks.
 Lieut. Gov.—Lemuel Allen.
 Secretary of State—Gib. Douglas.
 Treasurer—D. M. Ryan.
 Comptroller—S. P. Davis.
 Supt. of Pub. Ins.—Orris Ring.
 Atty. Gen.—William Woodburn.
 Chief Justice—C. H. Belknap.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—CAPITAL, CONCORD.

Governor—John McLane.
 Secretary of State—Edward N. Pearson.
 Treasurer—Solon A. Carter.
 Adjutant General—Augustus D. Ayling.
 Attorney General—Edwin G. Eastman.
 Supt. of Education—H. C. Morrison.
 Secretary Board of Agriculture—Nathan J. Bacheider.
 Commissioner of Insurance—J. C. Linahan.
 Chief Justice—Frank N. Parsons.

NEW JERSEY—CAPITAL, TRENTON.

Governor—E. C. Stokes.
 Secretary of State—S. D. Dickinson.
 Treasurer—Frank O. Briggs.
 Comptroller—J. W. Morgan.
 Attorney General—R. H. McCarter.
 Adjutant General—R. H. Brintnall.
 Supt. of Education—C. J. Baxter.
 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance—D. O. Watkins.
 Chief Justice—W. S. Gummere.

NEW MEXICO—CAPITAL, SANTA FE.

Governor—Miguel A. Otero.
 Secretary—J. W. Reynolds.
 Treasurer—J. H. Vaughn.
 Auditor—W. G. Sargent.
 Adjutant General—W. H. Whiteman.
 Attorney General—Geo. W. Prichard.
 Supt. of Education—Amando Chares.
 Chief Justice—William J. Mills.

NEW YORK—CAPITAL, ALBANY.

Governor—Francis W. Higgins.
 Lieutenant Governor—M. L. Bruce.
 Secretary of State—John F. O'Brien.
 Comptroller—Otto Kelsey.
 Treasurer—J. G. Wallenmeier.
 Attorney General—J. M. Mayer.
 State Engineer—H. A. Van Alstyne.
 Supt. of Public Instruction—A. S. Draper.
 Supt. of Insurance—Francis Hendricks.
 Supt. of Banking—Frederick D. Kilburn.
 Supt. State Prisons—C. V. Collins.
 Chief Justice—Samuel Greenbaum.

NORTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, RALEIGH.

Governor—C. B. Aycock.
 Lieutenant Governor—F. T. Winston.
 Secretary of State—J. B. Grimes.
 Treasurer—B. R. Lacey.
 Auditor—B. F. Dixon.
 Attorney General—R. D. Gilmer.
 Supt. of Education—J. Y. Joyner.
 Commissioner of Agriculture—S. L. Patterson.
 Commissioner of Insurance—J. R. Young.
 Adjutant General—B. S. Royster.
 Chief Justice—Walter Clark.

NORTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, BISMARCK.

Governor—E. Y. Searles.
 Lieutenant Governor—David Bartlett.
 Secretary of State—E. F. Porter.
 Treasurer—A. Peterson.
 Auditor—H. L. Holmes.
 Attorney General—C. N. Fritch.
 Supt. of Education—W. L. Stockwell.
 Adjutant General—E. S. Miller.
 Commissioner of Agriculture—W. C. Gilbrath.
 Commissioner of Insurance—E. C. Cooper.
 Commissioner of Public Lands—D. J. Laxdahl.
 Chief Justice—N. C. Young.

OHIO—CAPITAL, COLUMBUS.

Governor—M. T. Herrick.
 Lieutenant Governor—W. G. Harding.
 Secretary of State—Lewis C. Laylin.
 Treasurer—W. S. McKinnon.
 Auditor—W. D. Guilbert.
 Commissioner of Schools—E. A. Jones.
 Attorney General—W. H. Ellis.
 Adjutant General—A. B. Critchfield.
 Commissioner of Insurance—S. I. Vorys.
 Secretary, Board of Agriculture—W. W. Miller.
 Chief Justice—W. Z. Davis.

OKLAHOMA TERRITORY—CAPITAL, GUTHRIE.

Governor—Thomas B. Ferguson.
 Secretary—William Grimes.
 Treasurer—Cassius Rambo.
 Auditor—L. W. Baxter.
 Attorney General—P. C. Simons.
 Chief Justice—J. H. Burford.

OREGON—CAPITAL, SALEM.

Governor—G. E. Chamberlain.
 Secretary of State—F. I. Dunbar.
 Treasurer—C. S. Moore.
 Supt. of Instruction—J. H. Ackerman.
 Adjutant General—W. E. Finzer.
 Attorney General—A. M. Crawford.
 Chief Justice—C. E. Wolverton.

PENNSYLVANIA—CAPITAL, HARRISBURG.

Governor—Samuel W. Pennypacker.
 Lieutenant Governor—Wm. M. Brown.
 Secretary of State—F. M. Fuller.
 Auditor—Frank G. Harris.
 Auditor General—W. P. Snyder.
 Adjutant General—Thos. J. Stewart.
 Attorney General—H. L. Carson.
 Supt. of Public Instruction—N. C. Schaeffer.
 Insurance Commissioner—Israel W. Durham.
 Secretary of Agriculture—N. B. Critchfield.
 Secretary of Internal Affairs—I. B. Brown.
 Chief Justice—J. T. Mitchell.

PORTO RICO TERRITORY—CAPITAL, SAN JUAN.

Governor—Beckman Winthrop.
 Secretary—R. H. Post.
 Treasurer—Wm. F. Willoughby.
 Auditor—John R. Garrison.
 Commissioner of Interior—Wm. H. Elliott.
 Commissioner of Education—R. P. Falkner.
 Attorney General—Willis Sweet.
 Commissioner to U. S.—Frederico Dege-tau.

RHODE ISLAND—CAPITAL, PROVIDENCE.

Governor—Lucius G. H. Utter.
 Secretary of State—F. H. Jackson.
 Attorney General—Chas. P. Bennett.
 Attorney General—H. W. Greenough.
 Treasurer—Walter A. Read.
 Adjutant General—Frederick M. Sackett.
 Auditor—C. C. Gray.
 Commissioner of Public Schools—Thos. B. Stockwell.
 Commissioner of Insurance—Charles C. Gray.
 Chief Justice—P. E. Tillinghast.

SOUTH CAROLINA—CAPITAL, COLUMBIA.

Governor—D. C. Hayward.
 Lieutenant Governor—John T. Sloan.
 Secretary of State—V. T. Gantt.
 Attorney General—U. X. Gunter.
 Treasurer—R. H. Jennings.
 Comptroller General—A. W. Jones.
 Supt. of Education—O. B. Martin.
 Adjutant General—J. D. Frost.
 Chief Justice—Y. J. Pope.

SOUTH DAKOTA—CAPITAL, PIERRE.

Governor—S. H. Elrod.
 Lieutenant Governor—J. E. McDougal.
 Secretary of State—D. D. Wipf.
 Treasurer—C. B. Collins.
 Auditor—J. F. Halliday.
 Attorney General—Philo Hall.
 Supt. of Public Instruction—Geo. W. Nash.
 Commissioner of Schools and public Lands—C. J. Bach.
 Chief Justice—Dighton Corson.

TENNESSEE—CAPITAL, NASHVILLE.

Governor—James B. Frazer.
 Secretary of State—John W. Morton.
 Treasurer—R. E. Folk.

Commissioner of Agriculture—W. W. Ogilvie.
 Supt. of Public Instruction—S. A. Mynders.
 Comptroller—Frank Debrell.
 Adjutant General—H. H. Hannah.
 Attorney General—C. T. Cotes.
 Chief Justice—W. D. Beard.

TEXAS—CAPITAL, AUSTIN.

Governor—S. W. T. Lanahan.
 Lieutenant Governor—Geo. D. Neal.
 Secretary of State—J. R. Curl.
 Treasurer—J. W. Robbins.
 Comptroller—John W. Stephens.
 Supt. of Public Instruction—R. B. Cousins.
 Commissioner of Agriculture—W. J. Clay.
 Attorney General—R. V. Davidson.
 Chief Justice—Reuben R. Gaines.

UTAH—CAPITAL, SALT LAKE CITY.

Governor—J. C. Cutler.
 Secretary of State—C. S. Tingley.
 Treasurer—Jas. Christianson.
 Auditor—J. A. Edwards.
 Adjutant General—C. S. Burton.
 Attorney General—M. A. Breeden.
 Supt. of Education—A. C. Nelson.
 Chief Justice—G. W. Barch.

VERMONT—CAPITAL, MONTPELIER.

Governor—C. J. Bell.
 Lieutenant Governor—C. N. Stearns.
 Secretary of State—Frederick G. Fleetwood.
 Treasurer—John L. Bacon.
 Auditor—Horace F. Graham.
 Adjutant General—Wm. H. Gilmore.
 Commissioner of Insurance—J. C. Bacon.
 Supt. of Education—W. E. Ranger.
 Chief Justice—John W. Rowell.

VIRGINIA—CAPITAL, RICHMOND.

Governor—A. J. Montague.
 Lieutenant Governor—J. E. Willard.
 Secretary of State—D. O. Eggleston.
 First Auditor—Morton Marje.
 Second Auditor—J. G. Dev.
 Treasurer—A. W. Harmon, Jr.
 Supt. of Free Schools—J. W. Southall.
 Adjutant General—Wm. Nalle.
 Attorney General—W. A. Anderson.
 Chief Justice—James Keith.

WASHINGTON—CAPITAL, OLYMPIA.

Governor—A. E. Mead.
 Secretary of State—Sam H. Nichols.
 Treasurer—G. Y. Mills.

Auditor—C. W. Clausen.
 Adjutant General—J. A. Drain.
 Attorney General—J. D. Atkinson.
 Supt. of Education—W. B. Bryan.
 Commissioner of Public Lands—E. W.
 Ross.
 Supt. of Election—R. B. Bryan.
 Chief Justice—M. A. Fullerton.

WEST VA.—CAPITAL, CHARLESTON.

Governor—W. M. O. Dawson.
 Secretary of State—C. W. Swisher.
 Treasurer—Newton Oeden.
 Auditor—A. C. Scherr.
 Attorney General—C. W. May.
 Supt. of Schools—T. C. Miller.
 Adjutant General—S. B. Baker.
 Commissioner of Agriculture—J. O.
 Thompson.

Commissioner of Labor—J. V. Barton.
 Chief Justice—Henry C. McWorter.

WYOMING—CAPITAL, CHEYENNE.

Governor—B. B. Brooks.
 Secretary of State—F. Chatterton.
 Treasurer—W. C. Irvine.
 Auditor—Leroy Grant.
 Adjutant General—Frank H. Stitzer.
 Attorney General—J. H. Van Orsdel.
 Supt. of Education—T. T. Tynan.
 Chief Justice—Jesse Knight.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—CAPITAL,
 MANILA.

Governor—L. E. Wright.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES WITH POPULATION—1850 TO 1900.

States and Territories.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Total.....	23,191,876	31,443,221	33,558,371	50,135,783	62,622,250	76,215,129
Alabama.....	12 771,623	13 964,301	16 996,992	17 1,262,505	17 1,513,017	18 1,828,697
Alaska.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arizona.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arkansas.....	26 209,897	26 435,450	26 481,471	25 602,522	24 1,128,179	25 1,311,561
California.....	29 92,597	25 379,934	24 560,247	24 891,691	22 1,208,130	21 1,458,755
Colorado.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut.....	21 370,792	21 460,147	25 537,454	23 622,700	23 746,278	23 539,700
Delaware.....	30 51,532	32 112,216	35 125,013	33 146,678	32 168,493	33 184,755
District of Col	33 87,442	31 110,424	33 187,748	34 290,493	32 391,422	32 528,542
Florida.....	9 908,185	11 1,057,286	12 1,184,109	13 1,542,189	12 1,837,358	11 2,266,331
Georgia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hawaii.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Idaho.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois.....	11 851,470	4 1,711,951	4 2,539,891	4 3,077,871	3 3,828,351	3 4,821,500
Indiana.....	7 983,416	6 1,350,428	6 1,680,637	6 1,978,301	8 2,192,404	8 2,516,462
Indian Ter.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iowa.....	27 192,214	20 674,913	11 1,194,623	10 1,624,615	10 1,911,896	10 2,231,853
Kansas.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky.....	8 982,405	9 1,155,681	8 1,321,011	8 1,648,690	11 1,878,633	12 2,147,174
Louisiana.....	1- 517,762	17 708,002	21 726,915	2 939,949	25 1,118,577	24 1,381,625
Maine.....	18 583,069	22 628,279	23 626,915	7 648,936	30 661,086	30 691,066
Maryland.....	17 583,134	19 687,019	20 780,894	23 934,941	27 1,012,390	27 1,190,050
Massachusetts.....	6 994,514	7 1,231,066	7 1,457,351	7 1,783,083	6 2,238,913	7 2,805,346
Michigan.....	20 397,654	16 749,113	13 1,184,059	9 1,636,937	9 2,093,881	9 2,420,682
Minnesota.....	36 6,077	30 172,023	28 439,706	26 780,772	20 1,301,826	15 1,751,294
Mississippi.....	15 606,526	14 791,295	18 827,922	18 1,131,597	21 1,289,600	20 1,551,200
Missouri.....	13 682,044	8 1,182,012	5 1,721,295	5 2,168,850	5 2,679,181	5 3,106,665
Montana.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nevada.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
N. Hampshire.....	22 317,976	27 326,073	31 318,300	31 316,991	31 376,526	33 411,583
New Jersey.....	19 489,555	21 672,035	17 906,096	19 1,131,116	18 1,444,917	16 1,883,669
New Mexico.....	32 61,547	34 93,516	37 91,874	40 119,565	13 153,593	15 195,310
New York.....	1 3,097,394	1 3,800,735	1 4,382,759	1 5,082,311	1 5,997,853	1 7,264,012
N. Carolina.....	10 869,039	12 992,622	14 1,071,361	15 1,399,750	16 1,617,917	15 1,893,810
N. Dakota.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ohio.....	3 1,980,329	3 2,339,511	3 2,665,200	3 3,198,062	4 3,672,316	4 4,157,545
Oklahoma.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oregon.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pennsylvania.....	2 2,311,786	2 2,906,215	2 3,521,951	2 4,282,891	2 5,258,011	2 6,302,115
Rhode Island.....	28 147,515	29 174,629	32 217,353	33 276,531	35 315,503	34 428,556
S. Carolina.....	14 668,507	18 703,708	22 705,606	21 995,577	23 1,151,149	21 1,340,316
South Dakota.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee.....	5 1,002,717	10 1,109,801	9 1,258,520	12 1,542,359	13 1,767,518	14 2,020,616
Texas.....	25 212,592	23 604,215	19 818,579	11 1,591,749	7 2,255,812	6 3,048,710
Utah.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont.....	23 314,120	23 315,038	30 380,551	32 532,286	36 632,422	40 343,641
Virginia.....	4 1,421,661	5 1,596,318	10 1,225,163	14 1,512,565	15 1,655,980	17 1,854,181
Washington.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Virginia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wisconsin.....	24 305,391	15 775,834	15 1,054,670	16 1,315,497	14 1,636,889	13 2,069,042
Wyoming.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories according to population.

Porto Rico practically became a territory May 1, 1900. Population 1900, 953,243.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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AREAS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES IN SQUARE MILES.

TWELFTH CENSUS UNITED STATES, 1900.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross area.	Water surface.	Land surface.
Total.....	3,025,600	55,600	2,970,000
Alabama.....	52,250	710	51,540
Arizona.....	113,020	100	112,920
Arkansas.....	53,850	805	53,045
California.....	153,300	2,380	155,980
Colorado.....	103,925	280	103,645
Connecticut.....	4,990	145	4,845
Delaware.....	2,050	90	1,960
District of Columbia.....	70	10	60
Florida.....	58,680	4,440	54,240
Georgia.....	59,475	495	58,980
Idaho.....	84,800	510	84,290
Illinois.....	59,650	650	59,000
Indian Territory.....	39,350	440	38,910
Iowa.....	31,400	400	31,000
Kansas.....	55,025	550	54,475
Kentucky.....	32,030	380	31,650
Louisiana.....	49,400	400	49,000
Maine.....	48,720	3,300	45,420
Maryland.....	33,040	3,145	29,895
Massachusetts.....	12,210	2,350	9,860
Michigan.....	8,315	275	8,040
Minnesota.....	58,915	1,485	57,430
Mississippi.....	83,965	4,160	79,805
Missouri.....	46,810	470	46,340
Montana.....	69,415	630	68,785
Nebraska.....	146,080	770	145,310
Nevada.....	77,510	670	76,840
New Hampshire.....	110,700	960	109,740
New Jersey.....	9,305	300	9,005
New Mexico.....	7,815	360	7,455
New York.....	122,580	120	122,460
North Carolina.....	49,170	1,550	47,620
North Dakota.....	52,250	3,670	48,580
Ohio.....	70,795	600	70,195
Oklahoma (α).....	41,060	300	40,760
Oregon.....	39,030	200	38,830
Pennsylvania.....	96,030	1,470	94,560
Rhode Island.....	45,215	230	44,985
South Carolina.....	1,250	165	1,085
South Dakota.....	20,570	400	20,170
Tennessee.....	77,650	800	76,850
Texas.....	42,050	300	41,750
Utah.....	265,780	3,490	262,290
Vermont.....	84,970	2,780	82,190
Virginia.....	9,565	430	9,135
Washington.....	42,450	2,325	40,125
West Virginia.....	69,180	2,300	66,880
Wisconsin.....	24,780	135	24,645
Wyoming.....	56,040	1,590	54,450
Delaware bay.....	97,890	315	97,575
Raritan bay and Lower New York bay.....	620	620	.....
	100	100	.....

α Including Cherokee country and No Man's Land.

Table of States admitted, with date of ratification of constitution and date of admission into Union since adoption of same, and how formed.

	Name of States and Territories.	Date of Admission.	How Formed.
1	Alabama	1819	Formed from territory ceded United States by South Carolina and Georgia; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted July 13, 1863.
2	Alaska		Russia, treaty 1867.
3	Arizona		Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852.
4	Arkansas	1836	France, treaty 1803, under name of "Louisiana."
5	California	1850	Mexico, treaty 1848.
6	Colorado	1876	Mexico, treaty 1848, and France, 1803.
7	Connecticut	1783	One of the thirteen original states.
8	Delaware	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
9	Dis. of Columbia		Established under 17th clause of 8th section, constitution United States. From Maryland and Virginia acts of states, 1783-89.
10	Florida	1845	From territory ceded United States by Spain, treaty 1819; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted June 25, 1863.
11	Georgia	1783	One of the thirteen original states; seceded January 19, 1861; readmitted act of July 15, 1870.
12	Hawaii		Admitted as a territory July 6, 1893, by joint resolution of congress.
13	Idaho	1890	From territory ceded by France, treaty 1803.
14	Illinois	1818	Virginia.
15	Indiana	1816	Virginia.
16	Indian Territory		France, treaty 1803.
17	Iowa	1846	From portion of territory of Wisconsin as territory of Iowa, June 12, 1838.
18	Kansas	1861	Territory ceded by France, 1803, and Texas, 1850.
19	Kentucky	1792	Territory of Virginia.
20	Louisiana	1812	France, treaty, 1803; seceded January 26, 1861; readmitted July 9, 1863.
21	Maine	1820	Massachusetts.
22	Maryland	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
23	Massachusetts	1783	One of the thirteen original states.
24	Michigan	1837	Virginia.
25	Minnesota	1858	France, treaty 1803.
26	Mississippi	1817	France, treaty 1803; Georgia and South Carolina; seceded, January 9, 1861; readmitted act Feb. 23, 1870.
27	Missouri	1821	France, treaty 1803.
28	Montana	1889	France, treaty 1803.
29	Nebraska	1837	France, treaty 1803.
30	Nevada	1864	Mexico, treaty 1848.
31	New Hampshire	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
32	New Jersey	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
33	New Mexico		Mexico, treaty 1848.
34	New York	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
35	North Carolina	1789	One of the thirteen original states, seceded May 21, 1861; readmitted July 4, 1863.
36	North Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
37	Ohio	1802	Virginia.
38	Oklahoma		From portion of Indian Territory.
39	Oregon	1859	France, 1803; Spain, 1819, and Great Britain, 1846.
40	Pennsylvania	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
41	Rhode Island	1790	One of the thirteen original states.
42	South Carolina	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded December 20, 1863; readmitted July 9, 1863.
43	South Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
44	Tennessee	1796	North Carolina; seceded May 6, 1861; readmitted July 24, 1865.
45	Texas	1845	Originally part of Republic of Mexico. By revolt independence established and annexed to United States; seceded February 1, 1861; readmitted act March 30, 1870.
46	Utah	1896	Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1852.
47	Vermont	1791	New York.
48	Virginia	1783	One of the thirteen original states; area at date of ratification was 61,352 square miles; on December 31, 1862, portion was set off and admitted into Union as "West Virginia"; seceded April 17, 1860; readmitted act of January 26, 1870.
49	Washington	1889	France, 1803; northern boundary settled by treaty with Great Britain; "Oregon treaty," June 15, 1846.
50	West Virginia	1862	Virginia.
51	Wisconsin	1848	Michigan, as territory of Wisconsin, April 20, 1836.
52	Wyoming	1890	France, 1803.

VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

Value of gold and silver coin and bullion imported into and exported from the United States, fiscal years 1933-1934.

YEAR ENDING SEPT- EMBER 30—	GOLD.		SILVER.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
1933.....	\$11,674,883	\$740,243	\$6,072,223	\$2,767,783
1939.....	1,161,580	2,892,310	4,439,506	5,884,433
1940.....	3,685,157	1,468,300	5,797,656	6,918,714
1941.....	1,269,449	843,343	3,719,184	9,190,949
1942.....	757,294	1,131,002	3,329,722	3,679,537
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30—				
1843 ¹	17,066,437	300,258	5,253,898	1,220,533
1844.....	1,613,304	1,183,116	4,217,125	4,271,098
1845.....	818,859	2,210,979	3,251,392	6,395,516
1846.....	910,443	1,629,348	2,867,319	2,275,920
1847.....	21,574,931	975,201	2,546,358	931,723
1848.....	3,498,755	8,370,785	1,951,529	7,470,831
1849.....	4,068,647	1,015,359	2,582,593	4,389,289
1850.....	1,776,706	2,543,948	2,852,086	5,009,046
1851.....	3,569,090	4,767,333	1,884,413	24,705,419
1852.....	3,658,059	2,636,142	1,846,985	40,037,993
1853.....	2,427,356	1,894,323	1,774,026	25,592,552
1854.....	3,212,719	2,491,894	3,726,623	38,789,610
1855.....	1,092,802	1,151,797	2,567,010	55,095,546
1856.....	990,305	852,698	3,217,327	44,892,787
1857.....	6,654,636	151,301	5,807,163	63,982,621
1858.....	11,596,063	7,503,558	7,780,428	45,037,589
1859.....	2,125,397	3,665,748	5,309,392	60,281,063
1860.....	2,508,786	1,499,188	6,011,349	65,047,051
1861.....	242,391,930	2,624,103	4,017,681	226,166,977
1862.....	13,007,011	35,439,903	2,508,041	1,447,737
1863.....	5,520,538	6,169,276	4,053,567	57,987,335
1864.....	11,176,739	100,661,631	1,938,843	4,731,907
1865.....	6,494,228	58,331,633	3,311,844	9,262,193
1866.....	8,196,261	71,197,309	2,503,831	14,846,762
1867.....	17,024,866	30,023,627	5,045,609	21,841,745
1868.....	8,737,443	73,366,314	5,450,925	21,387,758
1869.....	14,132,568	36,063,438	5,675,308	21,194,882
1870.....	12,056,950	33,653,962	14,562,229	24,519,704
1871.....	6,883,561	66,686,208	14,386,463	31,755,780
1872.....	8,717,458	49,548,760	5,026,231	30,328,774
1873.....	8,682,447	44,856,717	12,768,490	39,751,859
1874.....	19,393,137	34,042,420	8,951,769	32,587,985
1875.....	13,696,793	66,980,977	7,204,924	25,151,165
1876.....	7,992,709	31,177,050	7,943,972	25,320,252
1877.....	26,246,234	26,590,374	14,528,180	29,571,868
1878.....	13,330,215	9,204,455	16,491,099	20,409,827
1879.....	5,624,943	4,587,614	14,671,032	13,503,894
1880.....	80,758,396	3,659,025	12,275,914	16,841,715
1881.....	100,031,259	2,565,132	10,544,238	16,829,599
1882.....	34,377,054	32,587,880	8,095,336	20,219,445
1883.....	17,734,149	11,600,888	10,755,242	26,051,426
1884.....	22,831,317	41,081,957	14,594,945	33,753,693
1885.....	26,691,636	8,477,892	16,550,627	29,511,219
1886.....	20,743,349	42,852,191	17,290,191	26,296,504
1887.....	42,910,601	9,701,187	20,514,232	28,149,510
1888.....	43,934,317	18,376,234	24,632,380	26,716,783
1889.....	210,372,145	460,039,246	27,524,147	36,069,002
1890.....	213,097,146	417,350,193	26,278,916	23,533,551
1891.....	218,516,112	486,461,830	28,764,734	23,800,562
1892.....	250,162,879	450,303,533	34,293,999	41,947,812
1893.....	222,069,380	408,966,655	619,965,713	51,007,072
1894.....	272,989,563	466,502,136	20,211,179	47,812,968
1895.....	338,384,700	466,502,136	27,314,015	60,576,273
1896.....	33,507,853	40,412,151	30,588,438	63,223,273
1897.....	85,021,992	15,533,719	30,929,451	55,751,597
1898.....	120,402,195	37,519,873	31,120,518	56,655,335
1899.....	88,978,882	48,266,759	35,265,302	56,712,275
1900.....	44,573,184	53,185,177	36,386,521	64,285,180
1901.....	66,051,137	48,564,950	28,232,254	49,732,390
1902.....	52,021,234	47,090,595	24,163,491	44,250,259
1903.....	44,682,027	81,459,986	27,168,814	49,497,702
1904.....	99,055,363			
Total.....	\$1,604,421,545	\$2,070,281,538	\$822,584,369	\$1,969,408,954

¹ Nine months. ² Includes gold and silver coin and bullion. ³ Includes gold in ores.
⁴ Includes gold in ores and copper matte. ⁵ Includes silver in ores.
⁶ Includes silver in ores and copper matte.

COIN AND PAPER CIRCULATION OF THE UNITED STATES
FROM 1860 TO 1904, INCLUSIVE,

With amount of circulation per capita.

Year.	Coin, including bullion in treasury.	United States notes and bank notes.	Total money.	Coin, bullion, and paper money in Treasury, as assets.	Circulation.	Population.	Circulation per capita.
1860....	\$235,000,000	\$207,102,477	\$442,102,477	\$6,695,225	\$435,407,252	31,443,321	\$13 85
1861....	250,000,000	202,095,767	452,095,767	3,600,000	448,495,767	32,061,000	13 98
1862....	25,000,000	339,452,079	358,452,079	23,754,355	334,697,744	32,701,000	10 23
1863....	25,000,000	619,864,283	674,867,283	79,473,245	595,394,038	33,365,000	17 84
1864....	25,000,000	680,588,067	705,588,067	35,916,589	669,641,478	34,016,000	19 67
1865....	25,000,000	745,129,755	770,129,755	55,426,769	714,702,985	34,748,000	20 57
1866....	25,000,000	729,327,254	754,327,254	80,839,010	673,488,244	35,469,000	18 99
1867....	25,000,000	703,200,612	728,200,612	66,208,543	662,002,069	34,211,000	19 28
1868....	25,000,000	651,553,578	716,553,578	36,449,917	680,103,661	36,973,000	18 39
1869....	25,000,000	690,351,180	715,351,180	50,898,280	664,452,891	37,756,000	17 60
1870....	25,000,000	697,868,461	722,868,461	47,655,667	675,212,794	38,558,371	17 50
1871....	25,000,000	716,812,174	741,812,174	25,923,169	715,889,005	39,555,000	18 10
1872....	25,000,000	737,721,565	762,721,565	24,412,016	738,309,549	40,593,000	18 19
1873....	25,000,000	749,445,610	774,445,610	22,563,801	751,881,809	41,677,000	18 04
1874....	25,000,000	781,024,781	806,024,781	29,941,750	776,083,031	42,706,000	18 13
1875....	25,000,000	773,273,509	798,273,509	44,171,562	754,101,947	43,951,000	17 16
1876....	52,418,734	738,264,550	790,683,284	63,073,896	727,609,388	45,137,000	16 12
1877....	65,837,506	697,216,341	763,053,847	40,738,964	722,314,883	46,353,000	15 58
1878....	102,017,907	687,743,069	789,760,976	60,658,312	729,102,634	47,568,000	15 32
1879....	357,268,178	676,372,713	1,033,640,891	215,609,098	818,031,793	48,866,000	16 75
1880....	494,363,884	691,186,443	1,185,550,327	212,169,099	973,382,228	50,155,783	19 41
1881....	647,808,682	701,723,691	1,349,592,373	235,354,254	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	21 71
1882....	703,974,839	705,423,050	1,409,397,889	235,107,470	1,174,290,419	52,495,000	22 37
1883....	769,740,018	702,754,297	1,472,494,315	242,188,649	1,230,305,665	53,693,000	22 91
1884....	801,008,939	689,189,899	1,487,249,838	243,323,859	1,243,925,979	54,911,000	22 65
1885....	872,175,823	665,257,727	1,537,433,550	244,864,935	1,292,568,615	55,148,000	23 02
1886....	903,027,304	658,380,470	1,561,407,774	308,707,249	1,252,700,525	57,434,000	21 82
1887....	1,007,513,901	625,895,804	1,633,412,705	315,873,562	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	22 45
1888....	1,092,391,690	599,019,337	1,691,411,027	319,270,157	1,372,140,870	59,971,000	22 88
1889....	1,100,612,434	558,059,979	1,658,672,413	278,310,764	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	22 52
1890....	1,152,471,638	532,651,791	1,685,123,429	255,872,159	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	22 82
1891....	1,112,956,637	564,837,407	1,677,794,044	180,353,337	1,497,440,707	63,947,000	23 42
1892....	1,131,142,260	621,076,937	1,752,219,197	150,872,010	1,601,347,187	65,191,000	24 53
1893....	1,066,223,357	672,585,115	1,738,808,472	142,107,227	1,596,701,245	66,456,000	24 03
1894....	1,008,958,741	706,120,220	1,805,078,961	144,270,253	1,660,808,708	67,749,000	24 52
1895....	1,114,899,105	704,460,451	1,819,359,557	217,394,034	1,601,963,473	69,013,000	23 29
1896....	1,097,610,190	702,364,843	1,799,975,033	293,540,067	1,506,434,966	70,365,000	21 41
1897....	1,213,783,289	692,216,330	1,905,999,619	265,787,100	1,640,209,519	71,704,000	22 87
1898....	1,397,785,969	675,788,473	2,073,574,442	235,714,547	1,837,859,895	73,060,000	25 15
1899....	1,508,543,738	681,550,167	2,190,093,905	286,022,024	1,904,071,881	74,433,000	25 58
1900....	1,607,352,213	732,348,460	2,339,700,673	284,549,675	2,055,150,998	76,295,220	26 94
1901....	1,734,861,774	748,206,203	2,483,067,977	307,760,015	2,175,307,962	77,754,000	27 98
1902....	1,829,913,551	733,353,107	2,563,266,658	313,876,107	2,249,390,551	79,117,000	28 43
1903....	1,905,116,321	779,594,666	2,684,710,987	317,018,818	2,367,692,169	80,487,000	29 42
1904....	1,994,610,024	808,894,111	2,803,504,135	284,361,275	2,519,142,860	81,867,000	30 77

NOTE 1.—Specie payments were suspended from January 1, 1862, to January 1, 1879. During the greater part of that period gold and silver coins were not in circulation except on the Pacific coast, where, it is estimated, the specie circulation was generally about \$25,000,000. This estimated amount is the only coin included in the above statement from 1862 to 1875, inclusive.

NOTE 2.—In 1876 subsidiary silver again came into use, and is included in this statement, beginning with that year.

NOTE 3.—The coinage of standard silver dollars began in 1878, under the act of February 28, 1878.

NOTE 4.—Specie payments were resumed January 1, 1879, and all gold and silver coins, as well as gold and silver bullion in the Treasury, are included in this statement from and after that date.

NOTE 5.—For redemption of outstanding certificates an exact equivalent in amount of the appropriate kinds of money is held in the Treasury, and is not included in the account of money held as assets of the government.

NOTE 6.—This table represents the circulation of the United States as shown by the revised statements of the Treasury Department for June 30 of each of the years specified.

NOTE 7.—The details of the foregoing table, showing the amount of each kind of money in circulation each year since 1860, are omitted, but they may be had upon application to the Secretary of the Treasury, Division of Loans and Currency, where a circular covering information on the subject has been prepared for distribution.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, 1875—1904.

Revenue by fiscal years.

Years ending June 30.	Customs.	Internal revenue.	Direct tax.	Sales of public lands.	Miscellaneous Sources.		Total Revenue.	Excess of revenue over ordinary expenditures.
					Premiums on loans and sales of gold coin.	Other miscellaneous items.		
1875.....	\$157,167,722	\$110,007,494	.....	\$1,413,640	\$3,979,280	\$15,431,915	\$288,000,051	\$13,376,658
1876.....	148,071,985	116,700,732	.....	1,129,467	4,029,281	17,456,776	287,482,039	29,022,242
1877.....	130,956,493	118,630,408	.....	976,254	405,777	18,031,655	269,000,587	30,310,578
1878.....	130,170,680	110,581,625	.....	1,079,743	317,102	15,614,728	257,763,879	20,739,552
1879.....	137,250,048	113,561,611	.....	924,731	1,505,048	20,585,697	273,827,184	6,879,301
1880.....	186,522,065	124,009,374	.....	1,016,507	110	21,978,525	333,526,611	65,883,653
1881.....	198,159,676	135,264,386	.....	2,201,863	.....	25,154,851	360,782,293	100,069,405
1882.....	220,410,730	146,497,595	.....	160,142	.....	31,703,043	463,525,250	145,543,811
1883.....	214,706,497	144,721,369	.....	4,753,110	.....	30,730,695	538,287,582	132,879,444
1884.....	195,057,490	121,586,073	.....	7,655,864	.....	21,334,832	548,519,870	101,393,626
1885.....	181,471,939	112,498,726	.....	9,810,705	.....	24,014,055	323,639,706	63,463,771
1886.....	192,905,023	116,805,936	.....	5,705,986	.....	20,989,528	336,439,727	93,956,589
1887.....	217,286,893	118,823,391	.....	5,639,999	.....	26,005,815	371,403,273	103,471,098
1888.....	219,091,174	124,296,872	.....	9,254,286	.....	24,674,446	379,266,065	111,341,274
1889.....	223,832,742	130,881,514	.....	8,038,652	.....	24,297,151	387,050,059	87,761,081
1890.....	229,668,585	142,606,706	.....	6,358,273	.....	24,447,420	403,080,983	85,040,272
1891.....	219,522,205	145,636,249	.....	4,029,535	.....	23,374,457	392,612,447	26,833,542
1892.....	177,452,964	153,971,072	.....	3,261,376	.....	20,251,872	354,937,784	9,914,454
1893.....	203,355,017	160,296,130	.....	3,182,000	.....	18,253,898	385,818,629	2,341,674
1894.....	131,818,531	147,111,232	.....	1,673,637	.....	17,118,618	297,722,019	*69,803,261
1895.....	132,158,617	143,421,672	.....	1,103,347	.....	16,706,438	313,390,075	*42,805,223
1896.....	160,021,752	146,762,865	.....	1,005,523	.....	19,186,061	326,976,200	*25,203,246
1897.....	176,554,126	146,638,774	.....	864,581	.....	23,614,422	347,721,905	*18,052,254
1898.....	149,819,591	169,943,040	.....	1,243,129	.....	84,845,631	405,321,335	*38,047,247
1899.....	206,141,225	272,486,648	.....	3,070,137	.....	33,324,840	515,652,666	*89,898,657
1900.....	233,164,871	295,327,927	.....	2,836,883	.....	35,911,171	567,240,852	*79,297,060
1901.....	238,585,456	307,180,664	.....	2,965,120	.....	38,954,098	587,685,338	77,717,884
1902.....	234,444,709	271,880,122	.....	6,261,927	.....	29,891,476	562,478,233	91,287,376
1903.....	284,479,582	230,810,124	.....	11,021,744	.....	34,082,224	560,396,674	54,297,667
1904.....	261,274,565	232,904,119	.....	9,283,312	.....	37,169,723	540,631,749	*41,770,572

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, 1875-1904.—Continued.

Expenditures by fiscal years.

Years ending June 30.	Premium on loans and purchase of bonds, etc.	Other civil and miscellaneous items.	War department.	Navy department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on public debt.	Total ordinary expenditures.
1875		\$71,070,703	\$41,120,646	\$21,497,626	\$8,384,657	\$20,456,216	\$103,093,545	\$274,623,393
1876		66,958,374	38,070,889	18,963,310	5,966,558	28,257,396	100,243,271	258,459,797
1877		56,252,067	37,082,736	14,959,935	5,277,007	27,963,572	97,124,512	238,600,009
1878		53,177,704	32,154,148	17,365,301	4,639,280	27,137,019	102,500,875	236,964,327
1879		65,741,555	40,425,661	15,125,127	5,206,109	35,121,482	105,327,949	266,947,883
1880	\$2,795,320	54,713,530	38,116,916	13,536,985	5,945,457	56,777,174	95,757,575	267,642,958
1881	1,061,249	64,416,325	40,466,461	15,686,672	6,514,161	50,059,280	82,508,741	230,712,888
1882		57,219,751	43,570,494	15,032,046	9,736,747	61,345,194	71,077,207	265,408,138
1883		68,678,022	48,911,333	15,283,437	7,362,590	66,012,574	59,160,131	244,126,244
1884		70,920,434	39,429,603	17,292,601	6,475,999	55,429,228	54,578,378	260,226,935
1885		87,494,258	42,670,578	16,021,080	6,552,495	56,102,267	51,366,256	242,483,138
1886		74,166,930	34,324,153	13,907,888	6,099,153	63,404,864	50,580,146	267,924,801
1887		85,264,826	38,561,026	15,141,127	6,194,523	75,029,102	47,741,577	267,932,180
1888		72,652,261	38,522,436	16,926,438	6,249,308	80,288,509	44,715,007	299,288,978
1889	8,270,842	80,664,064	44,455,271	21,378,809	6,892,208	87,624,779	41,001,484	366,099,284
1890	17,292,363	81,403,256	44,582,833	22,006,206	6,708,047	106,936,855	37,547,135	365,773,905
1891	20,304,244	110,048,167	48,720,065	26,113,896	8,527,469	124,415,951	23,978,116	345,023,330
1892	10,401,221	99,841,988	46,895,456	29,174,139	11,150,578	159,357,558	27,264,392	383,477,954
1893		103,732,799	49,041,773	30,136,084	13,345,347	10,293,482	141,177,285	367,746,867
1894		102,165,471	54,567,930	31,701,294	9,939,754	141,395,229	50,978,030	356,195,298
1895		93,279,730	51,894,739	28,797,796	12,165,528	139,434,001	35,385,029	352,179,446
1896		87,216,235	50,899,321	27,147,732	13,016,802	141,053,164	37,791,110	365,774,159
1897		90,401,267	48,992,000	58,823,985	10,994,668	147,452,369	37,585,056	443,368,583
1898		96,520,505	61,992,254	63,942,104	12,805,711	139,394,929	39,896,925	605,072,180
1899		119,191,256	229,811,254	55,953,078	10,175,107	140,877,316	40,160,333	487,713,792
1900		105,773,190	134,774,768	55,953,078	60,506,978	139,323,622	32,342,979	509,967,353
1901		122,282,003	144,615,697	67,803,128	10,896,073	138,488,560	29,108,045	471,190,858
1902		113,469,324	112,272,216	82,618,034	12,935,168	138,425,646	28,556,385	506,099,007
1903		124,944,290	115,035,411	102,956,102	10,438,350	142,550,266	24,646,490	582,402,321
1904		186,766,703						

The total receipts of the United States from the beginning of the Government, 1789, to 1904 have been: From customs, \$9,442,510,435; internal revenue, \$3,790,515,037; direct tax, \$328,131,944; public lands, \$353,088,151; miscellaneous, \$1,065,372,395; total, excluding loans, \$18,337,239,455.

The total expenditures of the United States from the beginning of the Government, 1789, to 1904 have been: For civil and miscellaneous, \$3,714,742,762; war, \$6,026,732,412; navy, \$1,882,567,734; Indians, \$412,664,503; pensions, \$3,317,446,790; interest, \$3,007,009,081; total, \$18,451,131,548.

* Expenditures in excess of revenue.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE INTO THE UNITED STATES.

By countries, during the years 1895-1904.

COUNTRIES FROM WHICH IMPORTED.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.									
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
Europe.										
United Kingdom	\$159,083,243	\$169,963,454	\$168,947,820	\$108,945,185	\$118,488,217	\$159,583,030	\$143,365,901	\$165,865,720	\$190,021,658	\$164,282,043
Germany	81,014,065	94,240,833	111,210,614	69,697,378	84,225,777	97,334,095	100,293,666	101,990,089	119,772,511	109,129,047
France	61,580,509	66,266,967	67,530,231	52,739,848	62,146,056	72,938,631	75,454,088	82,886,276	90,050,172	81,133,990
Italy	20,851,761	22,142,487	19,067,352	20,332,537	24,832,746	27,924,176	24,618,137	30,557,532	36,246,412	33,278,093
Switzerland	14,988,954	14,080,053	13,824,782	11,380,835	14,826,480	17,393,168	15,799,402	17,790,243	21,183,328	19,542,388
Netherlands	15,182,581	13,295,767	12,824,126	12,525,065	14,457,326	15,850,969	20,596,272	19,649,598	22,868,978	19,592,743
Belgium	10,141,485	13,776,014	14,082,414	8,741,826	10,552,030	12,940,806	14,000,360	16,502,770	22,567,337	23,232,563
Austria-Hungary	6,510,319	7,644,154	8,188,328	4,716,510	6,551,256	9,080,988	20,067,175	10,154,031	10,569,929	10,366,311
Spain	3,574,126	4,131,184	3,631,973	3,575,565	3,982,363	5,950,047	5,409,301	8,270,703	8,478,587	8,472,732
Sweden and Norway	2,531,327	3,320,321	2,500,118	2,675,053	2,605,555	4,244,302	3,487,639	3,804,149	4,675,254	5,361,045
Turkey in Europe	2,097,702	2,665,127	2,766,194	2,119,337	2,359,830	3,930,866	3,386,782	4,935,345	5,672,578	3,932,039
Portugal	1,690,668	2,255,731	2,234,291	2,605,370	2,975,504	3,743,216	3,370,430	3,173,921	3,483,562	5,238,293
Russia	3,575,388	3,626,934	3,199,659	4,539,689	4,540,383	7,245,973	7,030,892	7,308,469	9,234,739	11,863,536
Greece	327,201	720,386	732,707	910,390	944,521	1,122,855	1,124,875	1,860,913	1,326,635	1,591,239
Roumania	324,827	334,586	356,355	211,877	280,198	920,455	645,098	613,297	599,402	760,077
Greenland, Iceland, etc	127,323	93,198	40,056	144,227	78,408	101,042	82,533	21,289	6,554	5,332
Gibraltar	7,807	31,114	26,462	32,519	17,996	78,658	52,863	61,116	100,606	85,341
Azores and Maderia Islands, Malta, Gozo, etc	25,965	22,121	12,535	23,797	9,823	40,206	25,395	21,494	6,471	266,985
Servia	10,558	28,730	21,293	13,476	9,770	19,431	19,431	19,273	16,588	22,914
				18,476	9,770	10,536	14,744	17,556	45,306	56,019
				12,095			10,699	32,781	25,263	9,592
Total, Europe	\$383,645,813	\$418,639,121	\$430,192,205	\$305,933,691	\$353,884,534	\$440,509,480	\$429,436,180	\$475,229,366	\$547,226,887	\$498,172,632
North America.										
West Indies:										
Cuba	\$52,871,259	\$40,017,730	\$18,406,815	\$15,232,477	\$25,408,828	\$31,371,704	\$13,423,088	\$34,694,684	\$62,942,790	\$76,983,418
British	9,777,444	10,800,618	12,285,885	10,632,187	14,150,482	11,894,520	12,853,307	12,191,202	13,450,248	8,300,561
Santo Domingo	1,514,583	2,395,069	2,369,424	2,382,139	3,125,779	3,680,413	3,533,776	2,553,470	2,833,676	2,885,432
Porto Rico	1,506,512	2,236,653	2,181,024	2,414,356	2,179,827	3,078,415				
Haiti	2,746,539	1,697,618	1,460,220	876,582	826,550	1,184,897	1,199,240	1,204,461	1,109,729	1,214,133
Danish	239,775	310,339	367,289	327,755	599,328	568,935	478,462	395,412	734,020	422,307

Dutch.....	176,408	163,134	96,343	174,243	246,902	315,809	240,019	208,001	405,831	268,866
French.....	27,632	12,786	9,944	30,888	28,735	30,176	13,972	3,245	13,298	20,852
Total West Indies.....	\$68,860,152	\$58,193,947	\$37,176,944	\$32,070,631	\$47,566,411	\$52,124,769	\$61,761,864	\$51,250,475	\$81,489,592	\$90,095,569
British North America:										
Quebec, Ontario, etc.....	\$26,919,413	\$30,681,387	\$30,919,400	\$23,143,411	\$23,031,743	\$27,816,604	\$27,599,857	\$33,290,893	\$31,941,207	\$33,265,412
British Columbia.....	3,803,299	3,536,682	3,638,679	4,631,744	4,486,234	5,814,528	9,376,912	7,255,001	6,378,873	7,432,929
Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, etc..	5,851,615	6,669,496	5,751,302	4,095,331	3,702,990	5,673,370	5,493,776	7,618,130	10,461,338	8,707,924
Newfoundland and Labrador.....	431,836	324,435	413,421	372,115	383,163	502,759	420,315	711,499	868,238	1,135,659
Total British North America	\$37,006,163	\$41,212,000	\$40,722,792	\$32,242,601	\$31,604,135	\$39,867,261	\$42,890,860	\$48,875,478	\$55,649,656	\$52,539,324
Mexico.....	\$15,635,788	\$17,456,177	\$18,511,572	\$19,004,863	\$22,935,722	\$28,615,881	\$28,863,011	\$40,380,594	\$41,313,711	\$43,627,155
Central American States:										
Costa Rica.....	\$3,295,596	\$3,835,187	\$3,439,374	\$2,732,426	\$3,581,899	\$2,980,030	\$2,990,559	\$3,138,091	\$3,761,523	\$3,529,809
Guatemala.....	2,699,384	2,080,027	1,862,589	1,854,303	2,111,264	2,402,978	3,512,445	2,993,336	2,400,063	2,665,578
Nicaragua.....	1,538,792	1,268,922	1,262,701	1,095,865	1,514,630	1,520,266	2,025,639	1,978,025	1,865,297	1,514,643
Honduras.....	872,312	776,644	847,230	784,741	911,849	988,606	1,238,317	1,093,853	1,375,897	2,046,113
Salvador.....	3,174,677	1,166,970	1,112,534	799,145	1,085,703	738,674	1,037,715	616,887	891,987	948,412
Panama†.....									440,744	440,744
Total Central American States..	\$11,580,761	\$9,127,750	\$8,524,428	\$7,266,480	\$9,205,345	\$8,630,554	\$10,834,663	\$9,816,192	\$10,294,867	\$11,145,299
Bermuda.....	\$465,707	\$522,674	\$621,831	\$459,282	\$494,812	\$436,661	\$531,323	\$487,195	\$592,107	\$572,219
British Honduras.....	181,807	200,212	226,683	171,920	198,203	198,040	241,509	234,232	376,967	630,038
Miquelon, Langley, etc.....	185,302	164,366	139,803	161,030	86,283	66,709	32,814	58,548	19,575	1,619
Total North America.....	\$133,915,682	\$126,877,126	\$105,924,053	\$91,376,807	\$112,150,911	\$129,939,875	\$145,161,044	\$151,102,714	\$189,736,475	\$198,619,223

*The commerce between the United States and Porto Rico is not included in the statement of the foreign commerce of the United States after June 30, 1900, and after July 1, 1901, the commerce of Porto Rico with foreign countries is included in the statement of the foreign commerce of the United States. †Included with Columbia prior to January 1, 1904.

IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE INTO THE UNITED STATES.

By countries during the years 1895-1904.

COUNTRIES FROM WHICH IMPORTED.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.									
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
South America.										
Brazil	\$78,831,476	\$71,060,046	\$69,039,389	\$61,750,369	\$57,875,747	\$58,073,457	\$70,643,347	\$79,183,037	\$67,221,030	\$76,152,745
Argentina	7,675,270	9,313,385	10,772,627	5,915,879	5,112,561	8,114,304	8,065,318	11,120,721	9,430,278	9,765,164
Chili	4,463,561	4,709,017	3,792,434	3,736,307	2,942,962	7,081,186	8,645,604	7,746,789	9,380,204	10,685,189
Venezuela	10,073,951	9,640,911	9,543,072	7,722,564	6,507,847	5,500,019	6,645,848	6,280,121	5,318,569	6,876,348
Guianas:										
British	\$2,512,704	\$3,418,578	\$3,661,956	\$3,060,968	\$3,500,208	\$3,795,358	\$4,805,395	\$3,416,816	\$3,351,656	\$1,446,123
Dutch	855,508	957,247	1,036,638	1,457,135	1,651,009	1,230,412	1,272,731	1,386,870	874,434	413,636
French	25,065	31,419	8,137	12,551	37,929	37,564	54,018	26,643	25,030	17,842
Total Guianas	\$3,402,277	\$4,407,244	\$4,706,781	\$4,530,654	\$5,189,145	\$5,063,334	\$6,132,144	\$4,830,334	\$4,251,140	\$1,877,601
Colombia	\$3,713,682	\$4,970,092	\$4,730,993	\$5,183,604	\$5,126,731	\$4,307,814	\$3,230,652	\$3,271,894	\$4,215,568	\$7,948,611
Peru	473,315	712,696	722,089	714,247	1,496,978	2,122,513	3,656,180	3,269,411	2,900,664	3,008,534
Uruguay	2,699,648	3,242,428	3,513,054	1,772,480	1,281,109	1,848,077	1,883,994	2,509,112	2,981,632	1,644,313
Ecuador	821,666	763,643	566,526	765,590	1,054,653	1,524,378	1,424,840	1,546,564	1,724,851	2,347,668
Bolivia .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	257	1,500	.....
Paraguay	10,274	.....	.....	.....	160	.....	1,740	1,959	2,887	416
Falkland Islands .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,005
Total South America	\$112,167,120	\$108,828,462	\$107,389,405	\$92,091,694	\$86,587,893	\$93,635,134	\$10,329,667	\$119,785,319	\$107,428,323	\$120,306,589
Asia.										
East Indies:										
British	\$21,266,013	\$20,370,558	\$20,567,122	\$27,238,459	\$32,560,312	\$45,355,976	\$43,865,574	\$48,408,058	\$51,826,778	\$47,663,247
Dutch	7,727,282	14,854,026	15,604,866	14,529,335	21,313,945	27,886,814	19,026,481	14,749,241	16,232,332	10,472,729
Portuguese .....	.....	603	519	.....	9	529	.....	.....	28	20,498
French .....	.....	78,158	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	6,882	11	21,875
Total East Indies	\$28,998,295	\$35,303,345	\$36,172,507	\$41,767,794	\$53,874,266	\$73,243,323	\$62,892,055	\$63,164,181	\$68,159,149	\$58,178,349
Japan	\$23,695,957	\$25,537,038	\$24,009,756	\$25,223,610	\$26,716,814	\$32,724,418	\$29,115,370	\$37,544,726	\$44,143,728	\$47,166,576
Chinese Empire	20,545,829	22,023,004	10,403,862	20,326,436	18,619,268	26,896,117	18,303,330	21,055,630	26,648,846	29,342,488
Turkey in Asia	3,089,951	3,266,205	4,009,027	2,395,078	3,284,250	3,823,371	3,897,854	3,912,286	4,897,428	5,693,177
Aden	1,382,673	1,656,100	2,503,802	2,017,756	1,924,947	1,542,335	1,520,629	1,930,644	2,328,654	2,014,528
Hongkong	776,476	1,419,124	2,283,842	746,517	2,479,274	1,256,253	1,390,224	1,286,173	1,359,905	1,652,938
All other Asia	83,743	40,771	20,380	10,152	78,431	325,257	396,115	685,857	213,385	184,521

British China.....						4,536	81	6,722	22,494	10,890
Russia, Asiatic.....	441,013	346,649	201,421	111,050	113,562	1,008	3,529	34,183	28,230	136,094
Korea.....	100	82			408	105	768		22	543
Total Asia.....	\$79,009,037	\$89,592,318	\$87,294,597	\$92,594,593	\$107,091,214	\$139,817,023	\$117,519,955	\$129,620,432	\$147,702,374	\$144,409,697
Oceania.										
Hawaiian Islands*.....	\$7,188,961	\$11,757,704	\$13,687,799	\$17,187,380	\$17,831,463	\$20,707,903				
Philippine Islands.....	4,731,366	4,982,857	4,383,740	3,830,415	4,409,774	5,971,208	\$4,420,289	\$6,612,700	\$11,372,584	\$12,066,384
British Australasia.....	4,620,828	7,579,259	5,900,144	5,578,898	3,502,402	5,453,130	4,615,950	5,386,935	6,968,183	7,134,406
Auklund, Fiji, etc.....			926,849			1,947,320	1,472,117	1,475,909		
French Oceania.....	209,771	251,321	378,144	185,121	290,557	437,707	657,336	678,884	579,457	589,563
Tonga, Samoa, etc.....		38,216	40,971	68,605	26,183	76,833	70,594	807		
Guam.....		5,320	5,047	8,811	10,649	1,320	1,044			
German Oceania.....			4,594			621	5,381	11,652	25,442	305
British Oceania.....									2,097,861	519,735
Total Oceania.....	\$17,450,926	\$24,614,668	\$24,400,439	\$26,859,230	\$26,997,877	\$34,596,042	211,272,711	\$14,166,887	\$21,013,527	\$20,310,943
Africa.										
Turkey in Africa:										
Egypt.....	\$3,628,462	\$8,043,797	\$7,027,005	\$5,017,707	\$7,489,929	8,278,001	\$7,212,282	\$11,364,826	\$10,714,205	\$7,725,328
Tripoli.....	90,776	71,014	119,238	65,810	60,066	174,297	183,743	209,494	133,524	48,047
Total Turkey in Africa.....	\$3,719,238	\$8,114,811	\$7,146,243	\$5,083,517	\$7,549,995	\$8,452,298	\$7,396,025	\$11,574,320	\$10,847,729	\$7,773,375
Other Africa:										
British Africa.....	\$776,114	\$1,732,147	\$1,468,994	\$875,338	\$1,306,746	\$1,039,182	\$813,440	\$1,009,888	\$971,908	849,001
All other Africa.....	797,554	809,964	582,448	692,847	916,927	1,021,744	281,431	335,375	203,792	301,409
French Africa.....	282,790	406,916	251,755	476,836	585,629	657,256	417,223	444,085	445,310	246,715
Canary Islands.....	48,394	44,979	49,909	26,283	24,193	21,637	32,896	27,074	42,547	75,044
Portuguese Africa.....	6,629	16,006	23,253	15,343	11,705	17,312	1,643	17,216	10,450	8,863
Madagascar.....	68,675	19,637	17,088	16,772	1,475	4,061	547	575		
Liberia.....	9,775	11,547	7,023	6,670	9,390	2,936	4,837	2,672	2,747	1,948
Spanish Africa.....		16,972		53		750	5,387	10,631	25,028	15,539
German Africa.....									29,526	
Italian Africa.....									2,584	
Kongo Free State.....										
Total Africa.....	\$5,709,169	\$11,172,979	\$9,529,713	\$7,193,639	\$10,436,000	\$11,217,156	\$8,953,454	\$13,421,236	\$12,581,651	\$9,271,894
All other countries.....	72,218							1,117		
Grand Total.....	\$731,969,965	\$779,724,674	\$764,730,412	\$616,049,654	\$697,148,489	\$849,714,670	\$822,673,016	\$903,327,071	\$1,025,719,237	\$991,090,978

*The commerce between the United States and Hawaii is not included in the statements of foreign trade of the United States after June 30, 1890, and after this date the trade of Hawaii with foreign countries is included in the statements of the foreign commerce of the United States.

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE FROM THE UNITED STATES,

By countries, during the years 1895-1904.

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COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.									
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
Europe.										
United Kingdom	\$387,135,458	\$405,741,339	\$483,270,398	\$540,940,605	\$511,778,705	\$533,829,374	\$631,266,263	\$548,505,117	\$524,262,656	\$537,781,207
Germany	92,053,753	97,897,197	125,246,088	155,089,972	155,772,197	187,370,199	191,072,252	173,148,010	193,841,636	213,723,593
Netherlands	31,011,775	39,022,899	51,045,011	64,274,524	79,305,998	89,376,676	84,352,470	75,135,656	78,245,419	72,148,393
France	45,149,137	47,040,660	57,554,541	95,459,290	60,593,899	83,312,687	78,923,914	71,512,984	77,285,239	85,005,693
Belgium	25,242,580	27,070,625	33,071,555	47,619,201	44,158,033	48,307,011	49,390,259	46,128,102	47,087,939	40,841,561
Italy	16,363,125	19,143,600	21,502,423	23,290,858	25,034,940	33,256,620	34,468,939	31,388,135	35,032,680	55,714,055
Denmark	3,475,326	6,557,148	10,194,857	12,697,421	16,605,828	18,487,991	16,178,613	15,464,622	16,157,583	14,004,921
Spain	10,927,069	11,492,428	10,912,745	10,228,545	9,077,807	13,999,680	15,484,738	15,511,987	17,682,210	15,675,011
Sweden and Norway	4,652,601	5,031,002	5,463,641	6,313,786	12,218,289	10,436,467	11,844,152	10,108,163	10,101,904	11,506,332
Austria Hungary	2,125,772	2,439,651	4,023,011	5,697,912	7,378,935	7,046,619	7,222,650	6,316,967	7,156,688	8,214,942
Portugal	2,971,396	3,156,991	2,520,058	3,532,057	4,132,400	5,886,542	5,294,240	3,055,817	3,652,194	1,935,078
Russia	5,957,856	7,496,650	7,602,276	7,336,082	8,486,677	7,438,317	8,084,228	9,302,359	16,169,262	19,060,080
Gibraltar	381,875	407,584	332,245	304,829	567,961	500,152	678,814	505,956	482,870	435,581
Azores and Madeira Islands	258,784	204,803	298,809	364,828	361,252	414,113	427,434	355,518	396,799	281,818
Turkey in Europe	41,733	34,905	54,767	139,075	354,457	340,377	392,958	604,775	496,785	461,351
Greece	152,544	191,046	110,763	127,559	213,507	290,709	291,538	305,950	330,844	242,229
Switzerland	17,578	32,954	70,871	263,970	267,732	250,477	255,360	217,515	205,697	271,266
Malta, Gozo, etc .....	.....	34,683	29,520	64,352	144,080	175,734	438,982	321,251	453,529	359,539
Roumania	19,330	47,305	42,065	111,134	146,048	41,562	23,567	128,879	214,215	238,918
Greenland, Iceland, etc .....	.....	.....	.....	228	159	6,005	520	458	508	50
Servia .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	217	.....	369	.....	.....	.....
Total Europe	\$627,927,692	\$673,043,753	\$813,385,644	\$973,806,245	\$936,602,093	1,040,167,312	1,136,092,200	1,008,108,221	1,029,256,657	1,057,901,618
North America.										
British North America:										
Quebec, Ontario, etc	\$46,712,706	\$52,804,176	\$57,139,661	\$74,917,794	\$79,026,530	\$83,009,739	\$90,984,821	\$95,580,292	\$109,883,264	\$117,508,127
Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, etc ..	4,011,775	4,394,970	42,477,725	4,538,968	4,710,048	6,447,711	7,009,766	5,893,648	7,623,394	7,641,866
British Columbia	2,100,288	2,483,875	3,541,436	4,257,324	4,238,383	5,566,798	7,831,940	7,947,726	5,700,130	6,124,353
New Foundland and Labrador	1,126,999	1,398,123	1,090,904	1,175,733	1,595,497	2,017,524	1,962,805	2,065,282	2,500,415	2,628,065
Total British North America	\$53,931,768	\$61,086,046	\$66,028,725	\$84,889,810	\$89,570,458	\$97,041,772	\$107,789,333	\$111,486,948	\$125,776,203	\$133,902,411

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

West Indies:												
Cuba.....	\$12,807,661	\$7,530,880	\$8,259,776	\$9,561,656	\$18,616,377	\$26,513,614	\$25,964,801	\$26,623,500	\$21,761,638	\$26,908,986		
British.....	7,764,178	8,734,153	7,943,299	8,386,240	8,751,817	8,895,163	8,870,552	9,723,227	10,126,221	9,852,807		
Porto Rico*.....	1,833,544	2,102,094	1,988,888	1,505,946	2,685,848	4,460,431	.....	.....	.....	.....
Haiti.....	5,092,801	4,423,502	3,832,388	2,968,579	2,443,966	2,966,869	3,424,682	2,691,413	2,385,424	2,597,905		
French.....	1,589,858	1,530,326	1,697,625	1,617,130	1,542,966	1,897,188	1,849,278	1,692,077	1,654,089	1,769,963		
Santo Domingo.....	4,361,067	1,064,116	1,098,635	1,151,253	1,104,013	1,317,098	1,800,385	1,577,592	1,371,758	1,533,454		
Danish.....	495,216	537,373	521,765	707,622	498,066	624,524	692,150	704,022	646,206	807,524		
Dutch.....	619,505	622,761	652,341	544,463	474,435	582,185	647,598	630,480	981,063	806,200		
Total West Indies.....	\$31,563,830	\$26,545,205	\$25,976,717	\$26,442,804	\$36,129,506	\$47,436,892	\$43,219,426	\$43,614,311	\$38,926,399	\$44,276,839		
Mexico.....	\$15,005,906	\$19,450,256	\$23,421,064	\$21,206,936	\$25,483,075	\$34,974,361	\$36,475,350	\$39,872,670	\$42,257,106	\$45,900,748		
Central American States:												
Nicaragua.....	\$1,073,467	\$1,269,015	\$1,190,695	\$1,049,505	\$1,186,511	\$1,815,129	\$1,482,194	\$1,351,386	\$1,398,723	\$1,837,682		
Costa Rica.....	984,085	1,198,612	1,357,472	1,520,161	1,240,950	1,462,355	1,946,726	1,405,842	1,858,604	1,936,369		
Honduras.....	645,781	610,621	724,991	752,203	832,016	1,184,193	1,115,009	983,595	956,164	1,604,298		
Guatemala.....	2,665,408	3,158,059	3,047,181	1,201,714	4,102,963	785,462	1,424,814	1,680,939	1,128,015	1,281,382		
Salvador.....	1,260,628	1,638,573	1,619,568	796,575	625,414	679,440	738,722	892,923	798,261	937,171		
Panama†.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	976,724
Total Central American States..	\$6,629,369	\$7,844,880	\$7,939,907	\$5,320,158	\$4,987,854	\$5,926,579	\$6,707,465	\$6,314,685	\$6,139,797	\$8,576,626		
Bermuda.....	\$821,564	\$924,047	\$854,832	\$986,915	\$1,065,388	\$1,119,880	\$1,314,007	\$1,490,868	\$1,323,536	\$1,291,284		
British Honduras.....	402,933	571,615	569,767	576,111	500,802	620,447	813,817	875,303	868,578	1,070,856		
Miquelon, Langley, etc.....	170,224	145,447	167,445	205,005	194,624	179,387	220,720	169,019	191,150	78,290		
Total North America.....	\$108,575,594	\$116,567,496	\$124,953,461	\$139,627,841	\$157,931,707	\$187,299,318	\$196,570,118	\$203,853,804	\$215,482,769	\$235,096,484		

*The commerce between the United States and Porto Rico is not included in the statement of the foreign commerce of the United States after June 30, 1900, and after July 1, 1901, the commerce of Porto Rico with foreign countries is included in the statement of the foreign commerce of the United States.

†Included with Columbia prior to Jan. 1, 1904.

EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE FROM THE UN. TED STATES,

By countries during years 1895-1904.

COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30-									
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
South America.										
Brazil.....	\$15,165,079	\$14,258,187	\$12,441,065	\$13,317,036	\$12,239,036	\$11,578,119	\$12,034,267	\$10,391,130	\$10,736,748	\$11,046,856
Argentina.....	4,456,163	5,979,046	6,384,984	6,429,070	9,365,510	11,558,237	11,537,068	9,801,804	11,437,570	16,902,027
Chile.....	2,794,099	3,431,808	2,590,539	2,351,727	2,107,124	3,287,362	5,291,726	3,710,708	4,088,875	4,879,762
Colombia.....	2,596,302	3,382,588	3,807,165	3,277,257	3,012,094	2,710,688	3,142,052	3,003,460	4,305,629	4,678,104
Guianas:										
British.....	\$1,705,631	\$1,749,193	\$1,565,936	\$1,747,375	\$1,749,545	\$1,912,844	\$1,734,404	\$1,954,394	\$1,931,089	\$1,741,102
Dutch.....	343,509	361,657	384,336	408,414	443,757	491,236	610,987	490,153	560,833	629,231
French.....	86,073	103,854	113,674	150,041	170,090	195,037	200,007	208,592	357,126	238,150
Total Guianas.....	\$2,135,213	\$2,214,704	\$2,063,946	\$2,305,830	\$2,363,392	\$2,599,087	\$2,545,378	\$2,653,144	\$2,849,048	\$2,608,483
Venezuela.....	\$3,740,464	\$3,838,746	\$3,417,522	\$2,746,261	\$2,851,634	\$2,452,757	\$3,271,877	\$2,793,743	\$1,878,202	\$3,155,465
Uruguay.....	1,262,001	1,481,200	1,213,426	1,214,248	1,212,822	1,816,881	1,637,072	1,586,459	1,505,099	2,171,352
Peru.....	630,385	999,381	1,108,436	1,302,695	1,325,650	1,662,475	3,126,934	2,558,939	2,971,411	3,991,390
Ecuador.....	735,341	639,416	734,868	855,193	882,591	1,216,008	2,015,085	1,461,815	1,353,162	1,354,928
Bolivia.....	10,888	21,907	5,155	20,675	51,298	59,223	152,315	889,141	49,107	54,344
Paraguay.....	.....	.....	740	699	10,751	4,884	12,695	16,884	13,021	12,604
Falkland Islands.....	.....	688	800	1,010	.....	.....	797	1,005	.....	.....
Total South America.....	\$33,525,935	\$36,297,671	\$33,768,646	\$33,821,701	\$35,659,902	\$38,945,721	\$44,770,888	\$38,074,292	\$41,137,872	\$50,825,285
Asia.										
Japan.....	\$4,634,717	\$7,689,685	\$13,255,478	\$20,385,541	\$17,264,688	\$29,087,642	\$19,000,207	\$21,485,883	\$20,933,692	\$24,955,032
Chinese Empire.....	3,005,840	6,921,933	11,924,433	9,992,894	14,493,140	15,258,748	10,405,834	24,715,861	18,898,163	12,862,202
Hongkong.....	4,253,010	4,691,201	6,060,039	6,265,200	7,732,525	8,485,988	8,039,481	8,030,606	8,772,453	10,412,548
East Indies:										
British.....	\$2,853,941	\$3,225,368	\$3,844,911	\$4,696,013	\$4,341,936	\$4,892,323	\$6,252,254	\$4,621,877	\$4,739,067	\$6,677,122
Dutch.....	1,147,315	1,576,316	2,094,109	1,201,416	1,548,973	1,534,149	2,064,705	2,076,097	1,184,886	1,619,718
French.....	69,136	163,955	135,183	132,265	7,632	207,587	58,333	1,311	141,316	18,876
Portuguese.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,034	.....	82	52
Total East Indies.....	\$4,070,392	\$4,965,639	\$6,074,202	\$6,049,634	\$5,898,541	\$6,634,059	\$8,376,326	\$6,699,277	\$6,065,351	\$8,315,768

Russia, Asiatic.....	\$204,937	\$568,002	\$413,942	\$618,015	\$1,543,126	\$3,050,102	\$1,461,676	\$1,030,520	\$892,428	\$309,551
Aden.....		510,160	991,397	593,345	993,741	1,490,662	999,898	916,896	1,651,229	1,465,881
Russian China.....						397,310	377,252	517,809	704,668	500,156
Turkey in Asia.....	130,236	41,249	74,893	243,190	167,743	226,655	194,162	192,295	276,322	648,885
All other Asia.....	427,895	242,129	480,005	433,976	124,678	186,651	362,727	110,368	83,310	175,360
Korea.....		32	509	125,936	141,679	136,965	215,551	251,563	171,400	430,933
German China.....						29,202		9,067		
Total Asia.....	\$17,325,057	\$25,630,029	\$39,274,905	\$44,707,791	\$48,360,161	\$64,913,984	\$49,402,814	\$63,960,148	\$58,359,016	\$60,136,316
Oceania.										
British Australasia.....	\$9,014,268	\$12,748,074	\$17,460,283	\$15,609,863	\$19,777,129	\$26,725,702	\$30,713,345	\$28,373,099	\$32,749,395	\$27,343,741
Hawaiian Islands*.....	3,723,057	3,935,707	4,690,075	5,907,155	9,303,470	13,509,148				
Philippine Islands.....	119,255	162,446	94,597	127,804	404,193	2,610,469	4,027,068	5,254,669	4,038,909	4,832,600
French Oceania.....	252,651	219,251	330,364	300,684	287,124	323,138	411,219	355,364	439,270	407,910
Tonga, Samoa, etc.....			46,576	39,982	56,522	146,267	129,054	180,921		
Auckland, Fiji, etc.....				4,743	10,121	22,281	15,982	25,733		
Gaum.....		81,751	30,878	4,070	6,883	13,247	34,691	22,547		
German Oceania.....				8,721	27,573	10,695	45,821	43,608	138,601	150,163
British Oceania.....									102,337	51,138
Total.....	\$13,109,231	\$17,197,229	\$22,652,773	\$22,003,052	\$29,875,015	\$43,390,927	\$35,377,176	\$34,559,941	\$37,468,512	\$32,791,852
Africa.										
British Africa.....	\$5,203,378	\$11,290,995	\$13,096,642	\$12,027,142	\$15,155,610	\$16,269,482	\$216,540,058	\$28,779,105	\$33,844,395	\$20,707,765
Turkey in Africa:										
Egypt.....	\$137,694	\$215,540	\$323,761	\$816,915	\$494,196	\$1,095,613	\$1,216,773	\$1,269,449	\$692,580	\$564,957
Tripoli.....			37		278	50	1,469			
Total Turkey in Africa.....	\$137,694	\$215,540	\$323,978	\$816,915	\$494,474	\$1,095,663	\$1,218,242	\$1,269,449	\$692,580	\$564,957
Portuguese Africa.....	\$106,255	\$800,658	\$1,869,933	\$2,898,058	\$1,505,008	\$802,164	\$1,410,235	\$2,375,681	\$2,328,369	\$1,887,696
French Africa.....	496,170	266,213	302,010	608,186	543,555	601,165	843,414	318,592	416,571	431,912
All other Africa.....	183,189	519,154	573,329	559,188	659,605	412,563	51,770	115,870	285,836	65,073
Canary Islands.....	232,997	266,182	297,878	274,827	216,626	238,706	254,920	340,801	811,959	364,967
Liberia.....	18,159	22,689	11,443	12,683	18,412	25,048	25,495	41,888	29,286	35,906
Italian Africa.....						13,375	10,200	1,100		
Madagascar.....	696,814	489,139	473,353	226,738	1,134	43,121	10,235	220,054	19,278	11,047
German Africa.....		180		2,319		708	8,039	4,330	6,313	34,923
Spanish Africa.....			4,740	29,674			13,585		2,266	12,334
Kongo Free State.....							8,822	125		
Total Africa.....	\$7,074,656	\$13,870,760	\$16,953,127	\$17,515,730	\$18,594,424	\$19,469,109	\$25,542,301	\$33,466,995	\$38,436,853	\$24,116,630
Grand total.....	\$807,538,165	\$882,606,938	1,050,993,556	1,231,482,330	1,227,023,302	1,394,186,371	1,487,755,557	1,381,719,401	1,420,141,679	1,460,868,185

*The commerce between the United States and Hawaii is not included in the statements of foreign trade of the United States after June 30, 1900, and after this date the trade of Hawaii with foreign countries is included in the statements of the foreign commerce of the United States.

RECAPITULATION OF IMPORTS, 1895-1904.

COUNTRIES FROM WHICH IMPORTED.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.									
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
Europe.....	\$383,645,813	\$418,639,121	\$430,192,205	\$305,933,691	\$353,884,534	\$440,509,480	\$429,436,180	\$475,229,366	\$547,226,887	\$498,172,632
North America.....	133,915,682	126,877,126	105,924,053	91,376,807	112,150,911	129,939,875	145,161,044	151,102,714	189,736,475	198,619,223
South America.....	112,167,120	108,828,462	107,389,405	92,091,694	86,587,893	93,635,134	110,329,667	119,785,319	107,428,223	120,306,589
Asia.....	79,009,037	89,592,318	87,291,597	92,594,593	107,091,214	139,817,023	117,519,955	129,620,432	147,702,374	144,409,697
Oceania.....	17,450,926	24,614,668	24,400,439	26,859,230	26,997,877	34,596,042	11,272,711	14,166,887	21,043,527	20,510,943
Africa.....	5,709,169	11,172,979	9,529,713	7,193,639	10,436,060	11,217,116	8,953,459	13,421,236	12,581,651	9,271,894
All other countries.....	72,218							1,117		
Total.....	\$781,969,965	\$779,724,674	\$764,730,412	\$616,049,654	\$697,148,489	\$849,714,670	\$822,673,016	\$903,327,071	\$1,025,719,237	\$991,090,978

RECAPITULATION OF EXPORTS, 1895-1904.

COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.									
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
Europe.....	\$627,927,692	\$673,013,753	\$813,385,644	\$973,806,245	\$936,602,093	\$1,010,167,312	\$1,136,092,260	\$1,008,108,221	\$1,029,256,657	\$1,057,901,618
North America.....	108,575,594	116,567,495	124,953,461	159,627,841	157,931,707	187,299,318	196,570,118	203,853,804	215,482,769	235,096,484
South America.....	38,525,935	36,297,671	39,768,949	53,821,701	35,659,902	38,945,721	44,770,888	38,074,292	41,137,872	50,825,285
Asia.....	17,325,037	23,630,020	30,274,965	44,707,791	48,300,161	64,913,984	49,402,814	63,960,148	58,359,016	60,136,316
Oceania.....	13,109,231	17,197,229	22,652,773	22,003,022	29,875,015	45,390,927	35,377,176	34,255,941	37,468,512	32,791,852
Africa.....	7,074,656	13,870,760	16,953,127	17,515,730	18,594,424	19,469,109	25,542,301	33,466,995	38,436,853	24,116,630
Total.....	\$807,538,165	\$882,606,938	\$1,050,993,556	\$1,231,482,330	\$1,227,023,302	\$1,394,186,371	\$1,487,755,557	\$1,381,719,401	\$1,420,141,679	\$1,460,863,185

EXCESS OF EXPORTS OVER IMPORTS, BALANCE OF TRADE, 1895-1904

COUNTRIES.	YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.									
	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.
Europe.....	\$214,281,879	\$254,404,632	\$383,193,439	\$667,872,554	\$582,717,559	\$599,657,832	\$706,656,080	\$532,878,855	\$482,029,770	\$559,728,986
North America.....	24,340,088	10,309,630	19,034,408	48,251,034	45,780,796	57,359,443	51,409,074	52,751,090	25,745,294	36,477,261
South America.....	78,641,185	72,500,791	73,620,759	58,269,993	50,927,991	54,689,413	65,558,779	81,711,027	66,290,451	69,481,304
Asia.....	61,683,980	63,962,289	48,019,692	47,886,802	58,731,053	84,903,039	68,117,141	65,660,284	89,343,354	84,273,381
Oceania.....	4,341,695	7,417,439	1,747,666	4,856,208	2,877,138	8,794,885	24,104,465	20,089,054	16,424,985	12,480,909
Africa.....	1,365,487	1,697,781	7,423,414	10,322,091	8,158,364	8,251,993	16,588,842	20,334,705	25,855,202	14,844,736
All other countries.....	72,218							1,177		
Total.....	\$75,568,200	\$102,882,264	\$286,263,144	\$615,432,676	\$529,874,813	\$544,471,701	\$665,082,541	\$478,392,330	\$394,422,442	\$469,777,207

HEADS OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE WORLD.

December 1, 1904.

Country.	Official Head.	Title.	Born.	Ac- ceded.
Abyssinia	Menelik II.	Emperor	1813	1889
Afghanistan	Habibulla Khan	Ameer		1901
Annam	Thaoh Thai	King	1879	1889
Argentine Republic.	Manuel Quintana	President	1839	1904
Austria-Hungary.	Francis Joseph	Emperor	1830	1848
Baluchistan.	Mir Mahmud	Khan		1893
Belgium.	Leopold II.	King	1835	1865
Bokhara	Seid Abul Ahad	Ameer	1864	1885
Bolivia	Ismael Montes	President		1904
Brazil	Francisco de P. Rodrigues Alves	President	1818	1902
Bulgaria	Ferdinand	Prince	1861	1887
Chile	Jerman Riesco	President	1851	1901
China.	Kuang Hsu (Queen, his aunt, rules)	Emperor	1872	1875
Colombia	General Rafael Reyes	President		1904
Congo Free State.	Leopold (King of Belgians)	Sovereign	1835	1885
Costa Rica	Asuncion Esquivel	President		1902
Cuba	Tomas Estrada Palma	President	1835	1902
Denmark.	Christian IX.	King	1818	1863
Dominican Republic.	Carlo F. Morales	President	1864	1904
Ecuador	General Leonidas Plaza	President		1901
Egypt.	Abbas Pacha	Khedive	1874	1892
France	Emile Loubet	President	1838	1899
Germany	William II.	Emperor	1859	1888
Prussia.	William II.	King		
Bavaria.	Otto	King	1818	1866
Saxony	Augustus III.	King	1865	1904
Wurtemberg.	William II.	King	1818	1891
Baden	Frederick	Grand Duke	1826	1856
Hesse	Ernst Louis V.	Grand Duke	1868	1892
Lippe Detmold.	Alexander (A Regency)	Prince	1831	1895
Anhalt	Frederick	Duke	1856	1904
Brunswick.	Prince Albrecht	Regent	1837	1885
Mecklenb-Schwerin	Frederick Francis IV.	Grand Duke	1882	1897
Mecklenb-Strelitz	Adolphus Frederick	Grand Duke	1848	1904
Oldenburg	Frederick Augustus	Grand Duke	1852	1900
Saxe-Altenburg.	Ernest	Duke	1826	1853
Saxe-Co. and Gotha	Leopold (Duke of Albany)	Duke	1884	1800
Saxe-Meiningen.	George II.	Duke	1826	1866
Saxe-Weimar.	William Ernest	Grand Duke	1876	1901
Waldeck-Pyrmont.	Frederick	Prince	1865	1893
Great B. and Ireland.	Edward VII.	King	1841	1901
Greece	George	King	1845	1863
Guatemala	Manuel Estrada Cabrera	President	1856	1898
Hayi	General Nord Alexis	President	1811	1902
Honduras	General Manuel Bonilla	President	1849	1903
India, Empire of.	Edward	Emperor	1841	1901
Italy	Victor Emmanuel III.	King	1869	1900
Japan	Mutsuhito	Mikado	1852	1867
Khiva	Seid Mahomed Rahim	Kahn	1845	1865
Korea.	Yi Hiung	Emperor	1851	1864
Liberia.	A. Barclay	President	1854	1903
Luxembourg.	Adolphus (Duke of Nassau)	Grand Duke	1817	1890
Mexico.	General Porfirio Diaz	President	1836	1884
Monaco	Albert	Prince	1848	1889
Montenegro	Nicholas	Prince	1841	1860
Morocco.	Muley Abdul Azziz	Sultan	1878	1894
Nepal	Surendra Birtram Shamsher Jang	Maharaja	1875	1881
Netherlands.	Wilhelmina	Queen	1880	1898
Nicaragua.	General Jose S. Zelaya	President	1852	1893
Oman	Seyyid Faysal bin Turkee	Sultan		1888
Panama	Manuel Amador	President	1833	1904
Paraguay.	Manuel Dominguez	President		1904
Persia.	Muzafer ed Din	Shah	1853	1866
Peru.	Jose Pardo	President	1864	1904
Portugal	Carlos	King	1863	1889
Roumania	Charles	King	1839	1881
Russia	Nicholas II.	Emperor	1868	1894
Salvador.	Pedro Jose Escalon	President	1857	1903
Servia	Peter (Karageorgevitch)	King	1844	1903
Siam	Khoulalonkorn	King	1853	1868
Spain.	Alphonso XIII.	King	1886	1886
Sweden and Norway.	Oscar II.	King	1829	1872
Switzerland.	M. Ruchet	President		1905
Tunis.	El Hadi Pasha	Bey		1902
Turkey	Abdul Hamid II.	Sultan	1842	1876
U. S. of America.	Theodore Roosevelt	President	1858	1901
Uruguay.	Jose Battle y Ordenez	President		1903
Venezuela.	Cipriano Castro	President		1899
Zanzibar.	Seyyid Ali	Sultan	1856	1902

STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Popu- lation.	Square miles.	Capital.
China	426,047,325	4,277,170	Pekin.
British Empire*	336,968,798	11,146,084	London.
Russian Empire	129,004,514	8,660,395	St. Petersburg.
United States†	81,752,000	3,602,990	Washington.
United States and Islands†	91,000,000	3,756,884	Washington.
Philippines	8,000,000	122,000	Manila.
Porto Rico	953,243	3,606	San Juan.
Hawaii	154,001	6,449	Honolulu.
Tutuila, Samoa	5,500	54	
Guam	9,000	200	
France and Colonies	92,374,285	4,296,130	Paris.
France	53,961,915	207,051	Paris.
Colonies	53,412,340	4,089,076	
Algeria	4,739,556	181,474	Algiers.
Senegal, etc.	4,523,000	806,000	St. Louis.
Tunis	1,900,000	51,000	Tunis.
Cayenne	32,908	30,500	Cayenne.
Cambodia	1,500,000	37,400	Saigon.
Cochin-China	2,968,529	22,000	
Tonquin	7,000,000	46,400	Hanoi.
New Caledonia	51,514	7,650	Noumea.
Tahiti	10,300	600	
Sahara	2,550,000	1,544,000	
Madagascar	2,550,000	227,000	Antananarivo.
German Empire, in Europe	56,367,178	268,820	Berlin.
Prussia	34,472,509	134,603	Berlin.
Bavaria	6,176,057	29,282	Munich.
Saxony	4,202,216	5,787	Dresden.
Wurtemberg	2,169,480	7,528	Stuttgart.
Baden	1,867,944	5,821	Karlsruhe.
Alsace-Lorraine	1,719,470	5,000	Strasbourg.
Hesse	1,119,893	2,965	Darmstadt.
Mecklenburg-Schwerin	607,770	5,135	Schwerin.
Hamburg	768,349	153	
Brunswick	464,333	1,424	Brunswick.
Oldenburg	399,180	2,479	Oldenburg.
Saxe-Weimar	662,873	1,388	Weimar.
Anhalt	316,085	906	Dessau.
Saxe-Meiningen	250,731	953	Meiningen.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	229,550	755	Gotha.
Bremen	224,832	99	
Saxe-Altenburg	194,914	511	Altenburg.
Lippe	138,952	469	Detmold.
Reuss (Younger line)	139,210	319	Gera.
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	102,602	1,131	Neu Strelitz.
Schwartzburg-Rudolstadt	93,059	963	Rudolstadt.
Schwartzburg-Sond's'n	80,898	353	S'ndershausen.
Lubbeck	96,775	115	
Waldeck	57,918	423	Arolsen.
Reuss (Elder line)	68,396	122	Greiz.
Schaumburg-Lippe	43,132	151	Buckeburg.
German Africa	7,047,000	706,450	
Austro-Hungarian Empire	46,973,359	261,035	Vienna.
Japan	44,805,937	147,655	Tokio.
Netherlands	5,347,182	12,648	The Hague.
Netherlands and Colonies	41,347,182	795,643	The Hague.
Borneo	1,129,889	212,737	
Celebes	1,878,473	71,470	
Java	28,746,688	50,554	Batavia.
Moluccas	410,190	43,864	Amboyna.
New Guinea	200,000	151,789	
Sumatra	3,168,312	161,612	
Surinam	70,007	46,060	Paramaribo.
Turkish Empire	39,787,640	1,622,080	Constantinople.
European Turkey	6,130,200	65,350	
Asiatic Turkey	16,898,700	693,610	
Tripoli	1,050,000	398,000	Tripoli.
Bulgaria	3,744,300	37,200	Sofia.
Egypt	9,821,100	400,000	Cairo.
Italy	32,475,253	110,550	Rome.
Italy and Colonies	36,825,153	449,050	Rome.
Abyssinia	3,500,000	150,000	
Eritrea	450,000	88,500	
Somal Coast	400,000	100,000	
Spain	18,618,086	194,783	Madrid.
Spanish Africa	273,709	152,539	
Spanish Islands	127,172	1,957	

STATISTICS OF THE COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD—Continued.

Countries.	Popula- tion.	Square miles.	Capital.
Brazil.....	14,333,915	3,218,130	Rio Janeiro.
Mexico.....	13,605,919	767,005	City of Mexico.
Korea.....	10,519,000	82,000	Seoul.
Congo States.....	30,000,000	900,000	
Persia.....	7,653,000	623,000	Teheran.
Portugal.....	5,423,132	35,490	Lisbon.
Portugal and Colonies.....	14,582,084	838,442	Lisbon.
Portuguese Africa.....	8,248,527	793,980	
Portuguese Asia.....	910,425	8,972	
Sweeden and Norway.....	7,376,473	296,005	
Sweeden.....	5,136,441	172,876	Stockholm.
Norway.....	2,240,032	124,129	Kristiania.
Morocco.....	5,000,000	219,000	Fez.
Belgium.....	6,693,518	17,373	Brussels.
Siam.....	5,000,000	220,000	Bangkok.
Roumania.....	5,912,520	50,720	Bucharest.
Argentine Republic.....	5,022,248	1,135,840	Buenos Ayers.
Columbia.....	3,878,600	504,773	Bogota.
Afganistan.....	4,000,000	215,400	Cabul.
Chile.....	2,712,145	307,620	Santiago.
Peru.....	4,609,999	695,733	Lima.
Switzerland.....	3,315,443	15,976	Berne.
Bolivia.....	1,633,610	703,400	La Paz.
Greece.....	2,433,806	25,014	Athens.
Denmark.....	2,464,770	102,022	Copenhagen.
Denmark and Colonies.....	2,585,660	39,756	Rejkjavik.
Iceland.....	78,470	46,740	Godthaab.
Greenland.....	11,893		
West Indies.....	30,517	138	
Venezuela.....	2,323,517	593,943	Caracas.
Serbia.....	2,463,770	18,630	Belgrade.
Liberia.....	2,060,000	35,000	Monrovia.
Nepaul.....	4,000,000	54,000	Khatmandu.
Cuba.....	1,572,845	44,000	Havana.
Oman.....	1,500,000	82,000	Muscat.
Guatemala.....	1,647,300	48,290	N. Guatemala.
Ecuador.....	1,205,600	116,000	Quito.
Hayti.....	1,294,400	10,204	Port au Prince.
Salvador.....	1,006,848	7,225	San Salvador.
Uruguay.....	978,048	72,210	Montevideo.
Khiva.....	800,000	22,320	Khiva.
Paraguay.....	530,103	157,000	Asuncion.
Honduras.....	650,000	46,250	Tegucigalpa.
Nicaragua.....	420,000	49,200	Managua.
Dominican Republic.....	610,000	18,045	San Domingo.
Costa Rica.....	316,733	18,400	San Jose.
Panama.....	340,000	31,570	Panama.
Montenegro.....	228,000	3,630	Cettinje.

*These estimates of the population and area of the British empire include the recently acquired great possessions in Africa. †Estimate for 1904 by the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor. ‡Estimated for January 1, 1905. §For Central and South American countries last census returns are given.

REVENUE, EXPENDITURE, INDEBTEDNESS AND COMMERCE
OF THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

COUNTRIES.	Year	National debts.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	COMMERCE WITH THE UNITED STATES.	
					Exports from United States to—	Imports into United States from—
Argentina....	1901	\$479,765,265	\$62,723,000	\$60,757,000	\$9,808,529	\$10,396,878
Australasia...	1902-3	1,081,605,444	140,755,000	142,148,000	28,101,784	13,845,001
Austria-Hun...	1902-3	1,107,464,025	75,896,000	75,896,000	6,672,580	10,093,346
Austria.....	1903	739,020,208	350,509,000	330,424,000	.....	.....
Hungary.....	1902	1,038,585,000	220,672,000	221,649,000	.....	.....
Belgium.....	1901	544,052,979	122,657,000	216,500,000	43,515,112	17,912,084
Bolivia.....	1902	6,180,632	3,614,000	3,663,000	76,926	1,731
Brazil.....	1901	549,693,936	137,295,000	99,366,000	11,155,565	71,583,086
British Col.*	1902-3	368,763,125	121,885,000	117,381,000	57,886,757	22,875,024
Canada.....	1902	271,829,090	53,051,000	50,759,000	123,472,416	54,660,410
Central Am :						
Costa Rica...	1902-3	14,603,556	2,820,000	2,812,000	1,697,043	3,291,545
Guatemala...	1902	12,142,334	2,046,000	2,169,000	1,128,418	2,190,145
Honduras...	1902	96,249,771	1,373,000	1,264,000	969,963	1,136,220
Nicaragua...	1901	5,590,636	2,403,040	2,393,000	1,364,518	2,199,313
Salvador....	1902	3,696,472	3,281,000	3,274,000	868,329	583,459
Chile.....	1901	107,304,151	38,684,000	44,001,000	3,755,222	7,155,839
China.....	1901	613,140,000	62,710,000	71,896,000	12,698,282	26,182,113
Columbia.....	1898	14,494,792	.....	.....	2,923,404	3,140,043
Cuba.....	1902	.....	18,791,000	19,515,000	21,769,572	62,341,942
Denmark.....	1902-3	66,033,849	20,306,000	20,792,000	14,812,900	68,494
Ecuador.....	1901	5,746,028	5,203,000	4,540,000	1,347,850	1,823,166
Egypt.....	1902	500,743,871	60,051,000	56,511,000	607,577	10,854,628
France.....	1902	5,856,706,403	695,276,000	695,250,000	70,437,327	87,895,253
German Em...	1901	698,849,400	495,853,000	553,222,000	174,263,495	111,959,904
German Stat...	1901-2	2,687,621,000	904,287,000	902,990,000	.....	.....
Greece.....	1903	159,787,136	14,664,000	14,327,000	369,919	1,220,144
Haiti.....	1901-2	27,961,249	47,327,000	47,341,000	1,956,343	1,127,641
India (Brit ^h)	1902	1,102,905,139	371,531,000	346,410,000	4,866,633	51,831,665
Italy.....	1902-3	2,560,605,000	375,000,000	356,492,000	33,135,512	33,612,864
Japan.....	1901-2	261,857,143	133,039,000	132,895,000	21,622,603	40,597,582
Mexico.....	1901-2	175,945,342	29,171,000	27,819,000	42,227,736	61,802,902
Netherlands...	1901	463,150,901	61,526,000	61,468,000	74,576,164	20,899,588
Norway.....	1901-2	70,376,355	27,000,000	27,259,000	.....	.....
Paraguay.....	1902	11,223,805	11,007,000	11,007,000	.....	.....
Persia.....	1898-9	16,737,500	7,300,000	7,300,000	14,815	3,890
Peru.....	1901	23,159,700	7,533,000	7,016,000	2,573,289	2,826,493
Portugal.....	1901-2	819,886,580	57,336,000	62,170,000	2,915,897	3,229,813
Roumania....	1901-2	272,774,501	42,114,000	38,906,000	138,635	65
Russia.....	1902	3,414,061,734	1,101,107,000	1,116,095,000	7,518,177	7,262,757
Santo Domin...	1902-3	26,219,449	1,910,000	1,722,000	1,700,371	3,361,313
Servia.....	1902	80,806,223	13,619,000	14,086,000	.....	33,149
Spain.....	1902	2,061,389,972	197,077,000	187,846,000	15,976,788	8,787,621
Sweden.....	1901	92,833,396	49,712,000	49,593,000	9,530,137	4,193,307
Switzerland...	1902	17,400,567	20,691,000	20,563,000	203,357	19,864,787
Turkey.....	1897-8	723,125,400	81,450,000	81,089,000	354,457	2,359,830
United King...	1902-3	3,885,106,333	737,526,000	897,790,000	523,773,397	180,249,114
United States	1903	925,011,637	1,694,621,000	640,323,000	.....	.....
Uruguay.....	1902	127,362,827	16,703,000	15,032,000	1,549,812	2,830,069
Venezuela....	1902	49,335,647	4,818,000	5,026,000	2,736,726	6,609,919
Totals.....	.....	34,633,164,406	\$7,901,486,000	\$7,980,856,000	\$1,356,965,925	\$1,003,224,820

* Except Australasia, Canada and British India. † Largely in depreciated paper.
‡ Included under Sweden. § Totals include figures of a few small countries not included in this table.

MONETARY STATISTICS.

(Compiled from the Report of the Director of the Mint.)

MONETARY SYSTEMS AND APPROXIMATE STOCKS OF MONEY IN THE AGGREGATE AND PER CAPITA IN THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD JANUARY 1, 1903.

COUNTRIES.	Estimated population.	Stock of gold.	STOCK OF SILVER.			Uncovered paper.	PER CAPITA.			
			Full tender.	Limited tender.	Total.		Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.
United States	79,800,000	\$1,218,000,000	\$573,200,000	\$100,100,000	\$673,300,000	\$456,100,000	\$15.64	\$8.44	\$5.71	\$29.79
Austria-Hungary	47,100,000	*283,000,000	.....	*81,100,000	*81,100,000	*46,600,000	6.01	1.72	.99	8.72
Belgium	6,700,000	†16,000,000	†20,000,000	‡5,600,000	†25,600,000	†108,300,000	2.39	3.82	16.16	22.37
British Empire:										
Australasia	5,500,000	*128,600,000	.....	*6,100,000	*6,100,000	.....	23.38	1.11	.....	24.49
Canada	5,400,000	†33,800,000	.....	*6,700,000	*6,700,000	*56,900,000	6.26	1.24	10.54	18.04
Cape Colony	2,400,000	†37,500,000	.....	†1,000,000	†1,000,000	.....	15.62	.42	.....	16.04
Great Britain	41,600,000	†548,100,000	.....	*116,800,000	*116,800,000	*117,900,000	13.18	2.80	2.83	18.81
India	295,200,000	*63,200,000	*515,800,000	.....	*515,800,000	*32,400,000	.21	1.75	.11	2.07
S. African Rep.	1,200,000	†29,200,000	.....	†1,200,000	†1,200,000	.....	24.33	1.00	.....	25.33
Bulgaria	3,700,000	†1,000,000	†2,000,000	.....	†4,900,000	†1,000,000	.27	.78	.27	1.32
Cuba	1,600,000	†2,000,000	.....	†1,500,000	†1,500,000	.....	1.25	.94	.....	2.19
Denmark	2,600,000	*15,500,000	.....	*5,900,000	*5,900,000	*7,800,000	5.96	2.27	3.00	11.23
Egypt	9,800,000	†30,000,000	.....	*6,400,000	*6,400,000	.....	3.06	.65	.....	3.71
Finland	2,700,000	†4,100,000	.....	†600,000	†600,000	†9,100,000	1.52	.22	3.37	5.11
France	35,900,000	†947,700,000	*373,500,000	*46,300,000	*419,800,000	*158,200,000	24.36	10.79	4.07	39.22
Germany	56,400,000	†763,500,000	*62,800,000	*144,700,000	*207,500,000	*184,100,000	13.54	3.68	3.26	20.48
Greece	2,400,000	†200,000	†500,000	.....	†1,000,000	†48,700,000	.08	.63	20.29	21.00
Hayti	1,000,000	*1,600,000	*1,000,000	.....	*1,200,000	*3,500,000	1.00	2.20	3.50	6.70
Italy	32,500,000	*107,700,000	†16,000,000	.....	*21,700,000	*171,300,000	3.31	1.16	5.27	9.74
Japan	47,600,000	*62,600,000	.....	*30,400,000	*30,400,000	*61,300,000	1.31	.64	1.29	3.24
Netherlands	5,500,000	*21,300,000	*52,600,000	.....	*4,000,000	*56,600,000	4.02	10.68	3.92	18.62
Norway	2,200,000	*8,200,000	.....	*3,500,000	*3,500,000	*7,900,000	3.73	1.59	3.59	8.91
Portugal	5,400,000	*5,300,000	.....	*6,500,000	*6,500,000	*63,000,000	.98	1.20	11.67	13.85
Roumania	6,000,000	†14,300,000	.....	†800,000	†800,000	†8,100,000	2.33	.13	1.35	3.86
Russia	130,900,000	*746,200,000	.....	*104,000,000	*104,000,000	.....	5.70	.80	.....	6.50
Servia	2,500,000	†1,900,000	.....	†1,700,000	†1,700,000	†4,300,000	.76	.68	1.72	3.16
So. American States] ..	38,800,000	*77,600,000	*4,000,000	.....	*16,200,000	*29,200,000	2.00	.53	27.90	30.43
Spain	18,600,000	*75,800,000	.....	*173,700,000	*173,700,000	*142,300,000	4.08	9.54	7.68	21.10
Sweden	5,200,000	*17,800,000	.....	*7,000,000	*7,000,000	*29,000,000	3.42	1.33	5.58	10.35
Switzerland	3,300,000	†29,900,000	.....	†10,700,000	†10,700,000	*20,700,000	9.06	3.24	6.27	18.57
Turkey	24,000,000	†50,000,000	†30,000,000	.....	†10,000,000	.....	2.08	1.67	.....	3.75
Cent. American States]†	4,200,000	*2,000,000	*7,000,000	.....	*7,000,000	*30,200,000	.48	1.66	7.19	9.33

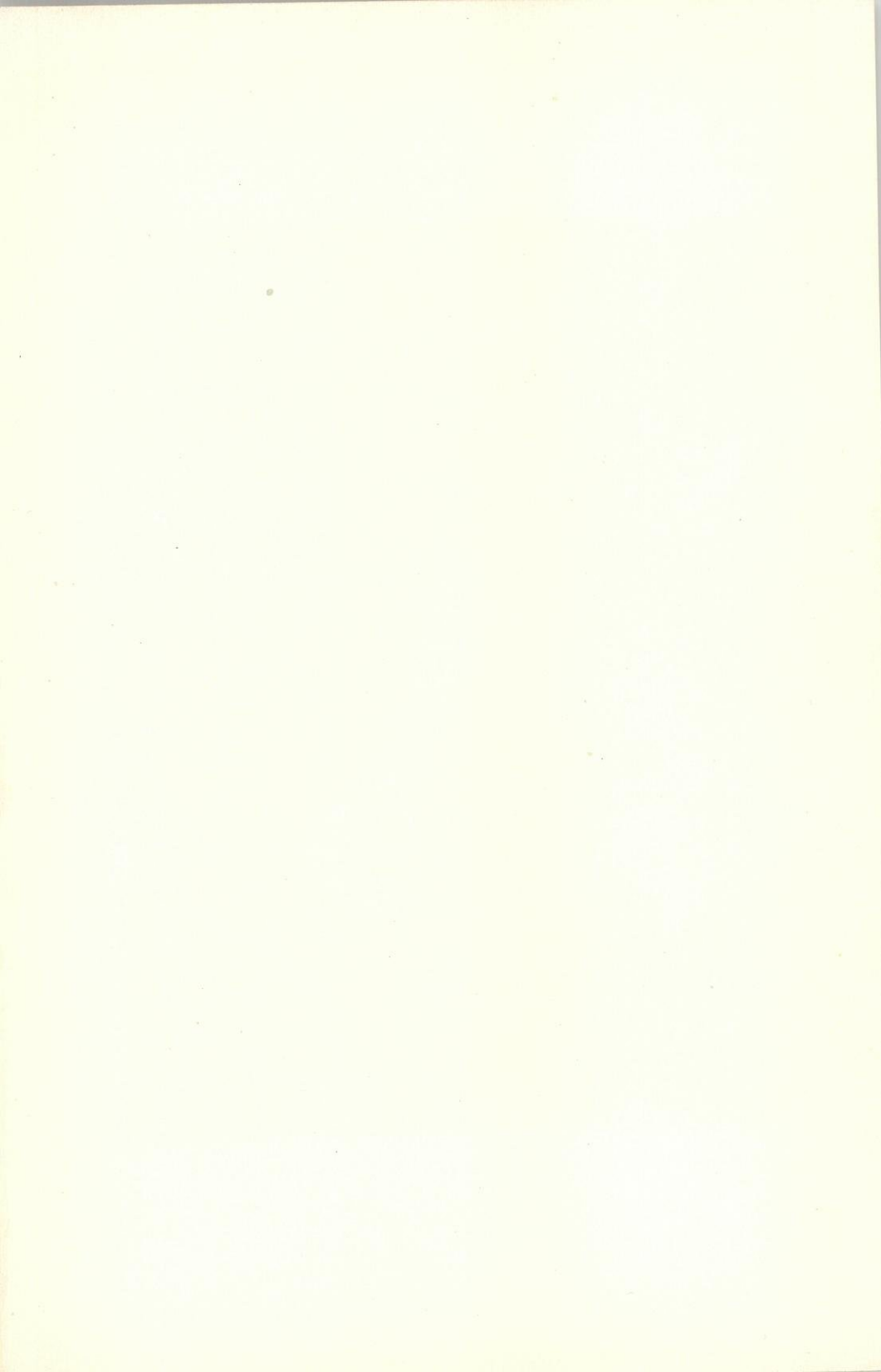
China††	330,100,000	.....	750,000,000	.....	750,000,000	.....	2.27	.....	2.27
Mexico††	13,600,000	†8,600,000	*105,000,000	.....	*105,000,000	*54,000,000	.63	7.79	3.97
Siam††	6,300,000	†1,000,000	*193,000,000	.....	*193,000,000	*2,600,000	.16	30.63	.41
Sts. Settlements†††	5,100,000	.....	*240,000,000	*2,000,000	*212,000,000	*4,100,000	.....	47.45	.80
Total	1,285,600,000	\$5,382,600,000	\$2,947,400,000	\$921,900,000	\$3,869,300,000	\$2,933,500,000	\$4.19	\$3.00	\$2.28	\$9.47

* Information furnished through United States representatives. † Estimate, Bureau of the Mint. ‡ L'Economiste, European, January, 1902 (Stock in Banks). § C. Cramer Frey. ¶ Except Bolivia and Colombia. †† Includes Aden, Perim, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Labuan, and Straits Settlements. ** Report of Head Commissioner of Paper Currency. ††† The value of the monetary stock of silver standard countries has not been changed to conform to the decline in silver values. The monetary stock of Mexico and other countries where the Mexican dollar circulates is given in Mexican dollars.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN 1903.

Countries.	Gold.		Silver.		Countries.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Oz., fine.	Value.	Oz., fine.	Coin'g Val.		Oz., fine.	Value.	Oz., fine.	Coin'g Val.
United States	3,560,000	\$73,591,700	54,300,000	\$70,206,000	Colombia	131,795	\$2,724,400	1,128,799	\$1,453,500
Mexico	516,524	10,677,500	70,499,942	91,151,400	Ecuador	13,272	274,400	.....	.....
Canada	911,118	18,834,500	3,149,591	4,072,200	Brazil	110,016	2,274,000	.....	.....
Africa	3,289,409	67,998,100	543,214	443,800	Venezuela	.....	81,500	.....	.....
Australasia	4,315,538	89,210,100	9,682,856	12,519,300	Guiana (British)	77,948	1,611,300	.....	.....
Russia	1,191,582	24,432,200	151,835	194,300	Guiana (French)	101,658	2,101,500	.....	.....
Austria-Hungary	108,609	2,245,100	1,624,048	2,099,800	Peru	28,669	592,600	1,746,674	2,258,300
Germany	3,412	70,500	5,822,152	7,528,000	Central America	90,716	1,875,300	2,116,063	2,735,900
Italy	1,291	26,700	806,335	1,042,500	Japan	95,881	2,002,700	542,428	701,300
Spain	262	5,400	4,090,876	5,289,200	China	354,334	7,324,700	.....	.....
Greece	.....	.....	1,062,177	1,373,300	Korea	145,125	3,000,000	.....	.....
Turkey	999	20,700	458,830	593,200	India (British)	552,873	11,428,900	.....	.....
France	.....	.....	747,359	966,300	East Indies (Br.)	56,899	1,176,200	.....	.....
Great Britain	3,737	77,300	146,289	189,200	Total	15,747,378	\$325,527,200	170,443,670	\$220,371,600
Bolivia	48	1,000	8,969,596	11,597,100					
Chili	32,262	666,900	2,597,355	3,358,200					

Fine ounce of gold, \$20.671834+; fine ounce of silver, \$1.292929+; coining rate in United States silver dollars.





ROBERT M. LAFOLLETTE, United States Senator Elect.

PART VII.

WISCONSIN—HISTORICAL SKETCH.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Courts and Court Commissioners.

Railroad Mileage.

Bank Examiner's Report.

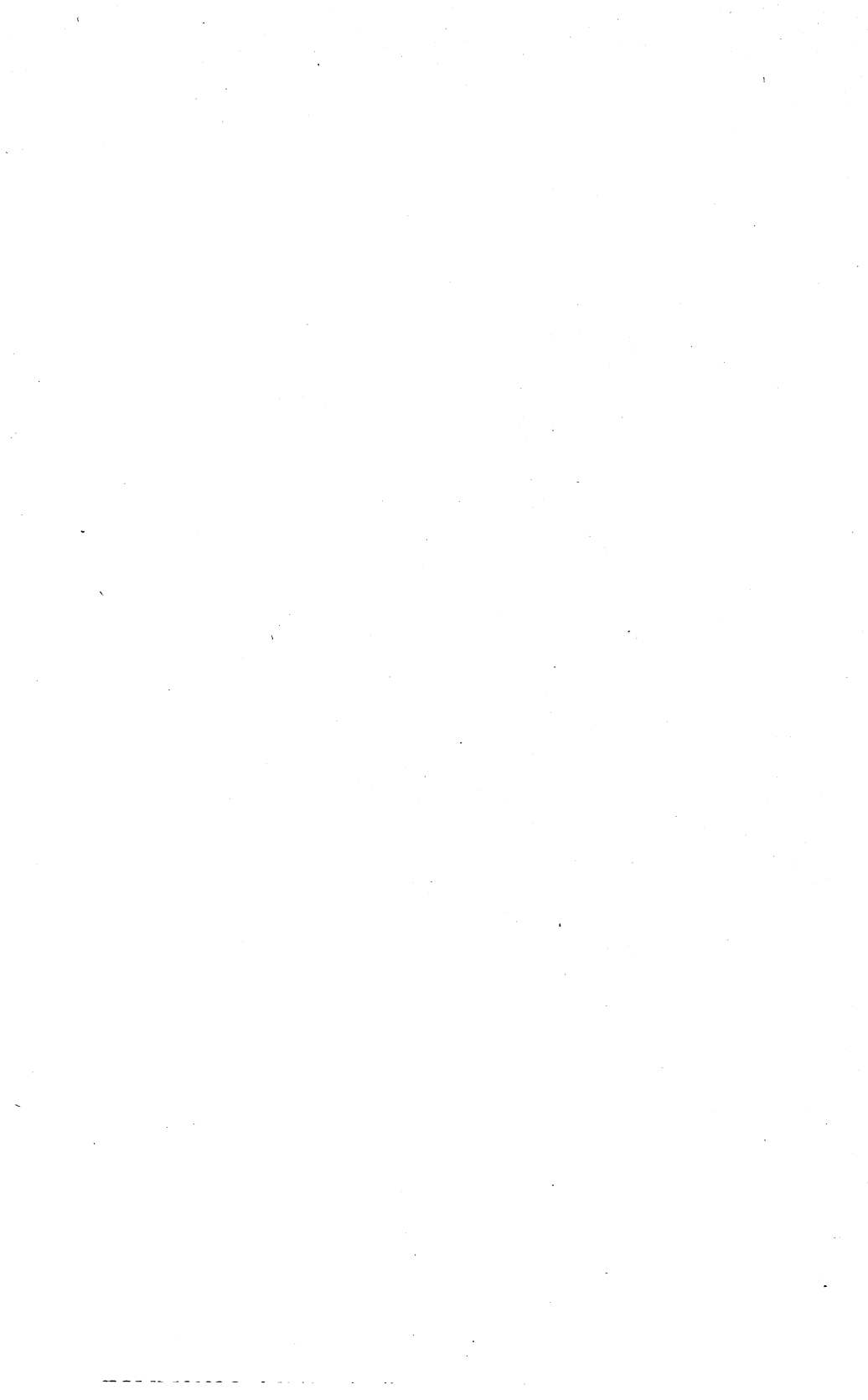
County Officers.

Agricultural Societies of Wisconsin.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

POLITICAL PARTIES AND PLATFORMS.

POLITICAL DISTRICT APPORTIONMENT, 1881.



THE EVOLUTION OF WISCONSIN.

(By REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary and Superintendent of State Historical Society.)

Spanish Dominion—1512-1634.

Because of early discoveries by her navigators and inland explorers, Spain laid a general but undefined claim to the greater part of the wilderness of North America, to which the name of Florida was given. This condition of affairs lasted from about 1512 until the irruption of the French, who penetrated the continent by means of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa rivers and the Great Lakes, and gradually made claim to the inland water systems, as fast as discovered by their adventurous fur traders and missionaries. It should be understood, however, that within this vast territory there were few if any Spaniards, nearer than the Gulf of Mexico.

The kings of Spain, therefore of nebulous Wisconsin, during this period were: Ferdinand V. (1512-1516), Charles I. (1516-1556), Philip II. (1556-1598), Philip III. (1598-1621), and Philip IV. (1621-1665).

French Dominion—1634-1760.

In 1634 (twenty-six years after the founding of Quebec) the explorer Jean Nicolet, sent out by Champlain, then governor of New France (later, Canada), entered what is now Wisconsin and introduced the French fur trade to our savages. Wisconsin may thereafter, until the downfall of New France in 1759-60, be considered as part of New France, of which the governors were as follows:

- 1608-1635—Samuel de Champlain.
- 1635-1636—Marc Antoine de Brasferfer de Chasteaufort.
- 1636-1648—Charles Huault de Montmagny.
- 1648-1651—Louis d'Ailleboust de Coulonge.
- 1651-1656—Jean de Lauson.
- 1656-1657—Charles de Lauson de Charny.
- 1657-1658—Louis d'Ailleboust de Coulonge.
- 1658-1661—Pierre de Voyer, vicomte d'Argenson.
- 1661-1663—Pierre du Bois, baron d'Avaugour.
- 1663-1665—Augustin de Safray, chevalier de Mczy.
- 1665— — — Jacques le Neuf de la Poterie.
- 1665-1672—Daniel de Rémy de Courcelles.
- 1672-1682—Louis de Buade, comte de Frontenac.
- 1682-1685—Le Fèvre de la Barre.
- 1685-1689—Jacques René de Brisay, marquis de Denonville.
- 1689-1698—Count Frontenac again.
- 1698-1703—Louis Hector de Callières.
- 1703-1725—Philip de Rigault, marquis de Vaudreuil.
- 1725-1726—Charles Lemoyne, baron de Longueuil.
- 1726-1747—Charles, marquis de Beauharnois.
- 1747-1749—Michael Rolland Barrin, comte de la Galissonnière.
- 1749-1752—Jacques Pierre de Taffanel, marquis de la Jonquière.
- 1752— — — Charles Lemoyne again.
- 1752-1755—Marquis Duquesne de Menneville.
- 1755-1760—Marquis de Vaudreuil again.

During the period when Wisconsin was owned by the French (practically 1634-1760), France had only three successive kings—Louis XIII., who reigned from 1610 to 1643; his successor, Louis XIV., who reigned till 1715; and Louis XV., who reigned till 1774. All white persons then in Wisconsin, and (nominally) all the savages within our borders, were subjects of these monarchs.

English Dominion—1760-1783.

Immediately upon the surrender of New France to the English, as the result of the French and Indian War, Wisconsin became, with other western country, English colonial territory, sacred to the prosecution of the fur trade. In 1774, King George III., by the so-called "Quebec Act" made it a part of the Province of Quebec, and thus it remained until the close of the Revolutionary War., when by the treaty of 1783 the country "Northwest of the River Ohio" and eastward of the Mississippi River was ceded to the United States.

The governors of Canada, during the time Wisconsin was under English dominion, were: Sir Jeffery Amherst (as commander-in-chief), 1760-1763; Gen. Thomas Gage (commander-in-chief), 1763-1764; Gen. James Murray (the first governor general), 1763-1766; Palinus Emelius Irvine (as president of council, to cover a hiatus of three months), 1766; Sir Guy Carleton (as lieutenant governor and commander-in-chief), 1766-1778; but from 1770-1774 Hector Theophilus Cramahé was acting lieutenant-governor while Carleton was in England; Gen. Sir Frederick Haldimand (governor general), 1778-1784. While the Northwest nominally became United States territory by the treaty of 1783, England still held the military posts on the upper lakes till 1796—among them, Mackinac, of which Green Bay was a recognized dependency. Henry Hamilton (lieutenant-governor of Canada) succeeded Haldimand in 1784; then followed Gen. Henry Hope (president of council), 1785-1786; Guy Carleton again (now as Lord Dorchester, and governor general), 1786-1796; and John Graves Simcoe (lieutenant-governor of the Upper Province of Canada), 1792-1796.

American Dominion—1783 to date.

Wisconsin a part of the Northwest Territory.—Owing to the vague and undefined boundaries given to the original English coast colonies in their respective charters, at a time when little or nothing was known of the geography of North America, several of the states claimed territory in the Northwest; but finally they compromised by ceding these claims to the federal government, in order to form a national domain, from which to create new states. The country northwest of the River Ohio was therefore, by the Ordinance of 1787, erected into the Northwest Territory, of which Wisconsin of course became a part. The governor was Gen. Arthur St. Clair, 1789-1802.

A part of Indian Territory.—May 7, 1800, the Northwest Territory was divided into two territories on the line beginning on the Ohio river opposite the mouth of Kentucky river, and running thence to Fort Recovery (near the present Greenville, Ohio), and thence north to the international boundary; all east of that line became Ohio, and west of it Indiana Territory. Thus Wisconsin became a part of the latter. The governor of Indiana Territory at this time was Gen. William Henry Harrison, 1800-1811.

Various changes took place in the shape of Indiana Territory—as when (Feb. 19, 1803) what is now all of the lower Michigan peninsula was added to Indiana; and when (Jan. 11, 1805) Michigan Territory was set off, consisting only of the lower peninsula.

A part of Illinois Territory—February 3, 1809, Indiana Territory was cut down into the present limits of the state of that name, and all the rest of what had been Indiana Territory was set off as Illinois Territory—the latter of course taking in what is now Wisconsin. The governor of Illinois Territory was Ninian Edwards, 1809-1818.

Attached to Michigan Territory.—April 18, 1818, the state of Illinois was created, with its existing boundaries; and all west of Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river was added to Michigan Territory—that is how Wisconsin became a

part of Michigan. Michigan Territory was further aggrandized (June 28, 1834) by adding to it, for administrative purposes, all the country west of the Mississippi and north of Missouri, as far as the Missouri river—thus including the site of what is now the city of Bismarck, N. D. The governors of Michigan Territory at this time were, Lewis Cass, 1813-1831; George B. Porter, 1831-1834; and S. T. Mason, 1834-1836.

Wisconsin Territory.—April 20, 1836, Wisconsin Territory was erected, embracing all of what is now Wisconsin, westward to the Missouri river, thus including the present Minnesota, Iowa, and much of the two Dakotas.

June 12, 1838, the Territory of Iowa was erected out of that portion of Wisconsin lying west of the Mississippi river. When Wisconsin was admitted into the Union (May 23, 1848), the portion lying between St. Croix river and the Mississippi was detached and given to the new Territory of Minnesota—Wisconsin thus being awarded the same boundaries it possesses today.

For details of these several boundary changes, with illustrative maps, see article in *Wisconsin Historical Collections*, xi, pp. 451-501. The story of how Wisconsin acquired statehood, is given in a previous article, see pp. 17-20.

AN OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

(Edited and brought down to date by REUBEN G. THWAITES, Secretary and Superintendent of State Historical Society.)

Early Explorations.—1634.—Jean Nicolet was sent by Samuel de Champlain, governor of New France, at Quebec, to explore the Northwest. He came by way of the Ottawa River, and Lakes Huron and Michigan, and landed on what is now Wisconsin soil just below the mouth of Fox River, at the head of Green Bay. Clothed in a silken robe, he advanced into a village of the Winnebago, discharging pistols held in each hand. He was received with welcome, the Indians thinking him the god of lightning and thunder. A great feast was then held, a hundred and twenty beavers being eaten. He then proceeded up the Fox River to near the present site of Berlin, where was a palisaded village of the Mascoutins. A large painting of Nicolet's arrival among the Winnebago, by Edwin Willard Deming, of New York, is to be seen in the museum of the State Historical Society, at Madison.

1654.—Pierre Esprit Radisson and Medard Chouart des Grosselliers followed in the wake of Nicolet and wintered among the Potawatomi in the Green Bay region. In the spring of 1655 they ascended Fox River, portaged across, and entered the Wisconsin, spending four months on the trip. The published narrative of Radisson indicates that possibly they proceeded as far as the mouth of the Wisconsin and saw the Mississippi; but scholars do not agree upon this.

1659.—The same adventurers, Radisson and Grosseilliers, with six other fur-traders and a band of Huron Indians, skirted the south shore of Lake Superior in their canoes, passed the Pictured Rocks, learned of the great mines of copper, and, late in the autumn, entered Chequamegon Bay. Near the present site of Ashland they built a crude fort close to the water's edge. Hiding their stores in a *cache*, they visited the Huron village on the headwaters of what was apparently the Chippewa River, and wandered as far west as the Mille Lac region in Minnesota, there wintering among the Sioux.

1660.—The same party returned to Chequamegon Bay and built a fort on Oak Point, eastward of Ashland. They returned to Three Rivers in Canada the same year.

Father Pierre Ménéard, a Jesuit missionary, came to Keweenaw Bay this year. In the spring of 1661, after a winter of great hardship among the Indians, he and a white companion set out to visit the Huron villages on the Chippewa and Black rivers. They suffered intensely from mosquitoes, hunger, and the insolence and cruelty of the Indian guide, but finally, in safety, reached the Wisconsin River, which they descended for a considerable distance. While portaging Bill Cross rapids, Ménéard lost the obscure trail, and was never seen again. He probably died from exposure. His kettle, breviary, and cassock are said to have been afterward seen in the possession of the Indians.

1665.—Father Claude Allouez, another Jesuit missionary, was now sent to re-open the mission on Lake Superior. He came from Canada, by way of the lakes, into Chequamegon Bay, and chose for the site of the mission a point on the southwest shore, between the sites now occupied by Washburn and Ashland, which he named "La Pointe du Saint Esprit." Remaining here four years, he was relieved by a younger priest, Father Jacques Marquette.

1669.—Father Allouez was invited by the Potawatomi to Depere (abbreviated from Rapides des Pères, or the "Fathers' Rapids"), where he established the mission of St. Francis Xavier.

1670.—The Sieur Saint Lussou, piloted by a prominent fur-trade adventurer, Nicolas Perrot, came to Sault Ste. Marie and there in the presence of Allouez and other Jesuits, with Perrot acting as interpreter, took possession of the Northwest in the name of the French king. Among the party was Louis Jolliet, a professional fur-trader and explorer.

1672.—Father Allouez established the mission of St. Mark, probably on the Little Wolf River, within the present Waupaca county. He made a voyage up Fox River, visiting the Foxes and Mascoutin, above Lake Winnebago; among them he established the mission of St. James, the following year.

1673.—Louis Jolliet and Father Marquette set out in May, from St. Ignace mission, at the Straits of Mackinac, in canoes paddled by *voyageurs*, or boatmen, and reached the Mascoutin village on the Upper Fox, June 7; they then pushed up through its reeds, made the portage at the present site of Portage, into the Wisconsin River, which they descended to its mouth, arriving there June 17. They descended the Mississippi as far as the mouth of the Arkansas. The narrative and map of this voyage and journey by Marquette have made the names of Jolliet and Marquette immortal; Jolliet's papers unfortunately were lost by the upsetting of his canoe in La Chine rapids, near Montreal.

1674.—Jolliet and Marquette, returning from their canoe voyage, came up the Mississippi and Illinois rivers, made portage to Chicago, thence paddled down the shores of Lake Michigan and in September were again at the St. Francis Xavier mission, at Depere. In October, 1674, Marquette started with two assistants to establish a mission at Kaskaskia, among the Illinois Indians. Proceeding by way of Green Bay, they came to Sturgeon Bay; thence they made the portage eastward across the peninsula, where the Sturgeon Bay ship canal now is, and paddled up the lake to the mouth of the Chicago River, where they wintered on a sand dune near the shore, in much discomfort. In the spring they proceeded to the Illinois River and Kaskaskia. But a mortal sickness was on the intrepid Marquette; and he turned back to Mackinac, hoping to die among his brethren. He died on the journey, May 19, of a dysentery brought on by the hardships and privations he had suffered. He was buried at the mouth of the little stream called by his name on the Michigan side of the lake, near Ludington.

1679.—The great explorer, La Salle, arrived at Green Bay early in September, in a schooner built at Niagara River above the Falls, called the "Griffon," a rude figure of which fabulous monster graced the prow. Sending her back laden with furs, to satisfy his creditors at Quebec, La Salle started with a party of fourteen men in canoes laden with forges, merchandise, and arms, up the west shore of the lake. The voyage was one of great peril, as the lake was swept by gales. They were nearly swamped in landing. Touching at one of these landings and camps, at or near the present site of Milwaukee, in the bay of that name (which the Jesuit *Relation* for that year called "Millioke"), they were visited by a band of Fox (or Outagamie) Indians, who stole several articles from their camp. La Salle captured a young savage and bringing him into camp to hold as a hostage, prepared to fight the Indians, who were six score strong. He then held a parley, induced them to restore the stolen property or make recompense; this accomplished, he moved on up the lake coast.

The same year a daring chief of the *coureurs des bois* (wood-rangers), Daniel Greysolon du Luth (from whom the city of Duluth was named), explored the Upper Mississippi, taking special note of the Wisconsin and Black rivers. Visiting the Mille Lac Sioux, his party went with their band on a great buffalo hunt, below the St. Croix River on the Wisconsin side.

1680.—Father Hennepin, a Recollet friar of La Salle's party, with two *voyageurs*, Accau and Auguel, set out, under orders of La Salle, to explore the Upper Mississippi. Leaving the mouth of Illinois River, March 12, they passed the mouth of the Wisconsin, and the site of Prairie du Chien. Below Lake Pepin the party were taken prisoners by the Sioux, and carried to the present site of St. Paul, thence to the Mille Lacs. Kept here for two months, they started with a party on a buffalo hunt. At the mouth of Rum River, Hennepin

and Auguel were set at liberty, given a gun, knife, an earthen pot and a small canoe. They began their journey, descended the river into the Mississippi, and passed the great falls, which Hennepin named after St. Anthony. Nearing the mouth of the Chippewa River, being driven by starvation, they ascended that river and joined a party of Sioux hunters, by whom they were roughly treated, but permitted to live.

Du Luth voyaged from Lake Superior to the Mississippi with a small party. He canoed up the Bois Brulé—now a famous trout stream, midway between Bayfield and Superior—crossed over from its upper waters to the head of the Saint Croix, and descended that river into the Mississippi. He there heard of some white men with the Sioux, and pushing on found Hennepin and Auguel, with the Indian hunting party near the mouth of the Chippewa River. Rescuing Hennepin and his companion, the united parties returned to the Mille Lacs. That year, in his voyage up the river, Father Hennepin was the first white man to visit the fine prairie on this river, now Prairie du Chien. In autumn, Du Luth and Hennepin drifted down to the mouth of the Wisconsin River, thence up that stream; they then portaged across to the Fox, down which they paddled, and proceeded to Mackinac. Later, Du Luth made several voyages of this kind.

1683.—Le Sueur, a prominent fur-trader, passed the Fox and Wisconsin route, thence ascended the Mississippi to the Falls of St. Anthony (at the present Minneapolis).

1685.—Nicolas Perrot, a daring chief of the *coureurs des bois*, whose previous explorations are above narrated, was appointed "commandant of the west," with a small squad of twenty soldiers. He came to Green Bay, and there met Indians from the west, who told him of white men far to the southwest who lived in houses that "walked on the water"—probably Spaniards in sailing vessels. Perrot, desirous of further discoveries, passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route. He wintered on the east bank of the Mississippi, about a mile above where is now the village of Trempealeau. Afterwards he established several trading posts on the river, among them Fort St. Nicolas, near the site of Prairie du Chien, and worked lead mines in Iowa and Wisconsin.

1689.—Perrot took possession of the St. Croix, St. Peter, and Upper Mississippi valleys, in the name of the French king.

1693.—Le Sueur was sent by the authorities of New France, at Quebec, to restore the French prestige in the west, which had been much weakened by the intrigues of the Dutch-English traders from Albany on the Hudson. He built a stockaded fort at La Pointe, on Chequamegon Bay, and another on an island in the Mississippi, near Red Wing, Minnesota, which latter became the centre of western commerce.

1699.—Returning from France, which he had visited, Perrot brought with him thirty experienced miners, and on his voyage up the Mississippi found lead mines at or near the sites of Dubuque and Galena, and at the "Smoke Diggings," near Potosi, Wisconsin.

In October, Father St. Cosme, a Sulpitian missionary from Quebec, found the Fox Indians opposed to his passing up the Fox River route to the Mississippi, and went south to the west shore of the lake. He stopped, as he supposed, at the present site of Sheboygan, where another missionary, Father Marest, had wintered and planted a cross.

1700.—Father St. Cosme visited Milwaukee Bay, finding there many Mascoutin Foxes, Potawatoni, etc. He calls the Milwaukee River the "Milwarick." Le Sueur, ascending the Mississippi by request of Louisiana authorities, discovered lead mines in southwest Wisconsin.

1711.—The Illinois country and all Wisconsin placed in command of Governor-General Diron d'Artaguette, with headquarters at the site of Mobile (Ala.).

Wars With the Fox or Outagamie Indians.—1712-1743.—The Fox Indians having grown quite insolent and obstructive of the passage of the great water-way from Green Bay to the Mississippi, demanded tribute of all traders and voyagers. In 1712 they made a desperate attempt to destroy Detroit, but were thwarted and themselves severely punished. Full of hate, they robbed and butchered all travelers. De Louvigny, the king's lieutenant at Quebec, was sent at the head of 800 men to destroy them.

1716.—Leaving Quebec, in the spring of 1716 he appeared before the Indian village, near the Little Butte des Morts, 37 miles above Green Bay, surrounded their fort, which was heavily palisaded, laid siege to it and approached it by trenches. He set about mining and blowing up the works when the Indians sued for peace. It was granted upon severe conditions, which the Indians promised faithfully to perform. But they were faithless, savage, untamable, and persistent in their hostility.

1718.—Post at Chequamegon founded. Captain de St. Pierre and Ensign de Linctot, with a detachment of soldiers stationed there to keep the Chippewa tranquil.

1718-20.—Fort St. Francis erected at Green Bay. Sieur de la Morandière holds conference with Indians, but fails to pacify Foxes, and put a stop to Illinois war.

1718-24.—Foxes and allies at war with Illinois and other French allied Indians.

1721.—Father Charlevoix, the Jesuit historian, visited Wisconsin, accompanied by Sieur de Montigny, the new commandant at Green Bay.

1724.—De Lignery held a council at Green Bay, and pacified all the tribes except the Foxes and Illinois.

1725.—Fresh hostilities with the Foxes.

1726.—De Lignery made a temporary peace.

1727.—French attempt to detach Sioux from Fox alliance; Foxes fear treachery. Fort Beauharnois built on Lake Pepin among the Sioux, with Sieur de la Perrière in command.

1728.—War upon Foxes declared. De Lignery with 450 French and 1,200 savages left Mackinac early in August, and advanced up Fox River only to find the tribe he sought had fled from their villages. These he destroyed, as well as large crops of maize. On his return the French Fort at Green Bay was destroyed, and messengers sent to warn the garrison at Fort Beauharnois. October 3, the French evacuated the latter, were captured and retained as hostages by Mascoutin and Kickapoo on their descent of the Mississippi.

1729.—Captive French detached Mascoutin and Kickapoo from Fox alliance, and made peace between them and the Illinois. Foxes, attacked by neighbors and deserted by allies, sued for peace.

1730.—Marin, in charge of Menominee Indians, aided the Winnebago in an attack upon Fox fort on Little Lake Butte des Morts. News of a copper mine discovered on Lake Superior. Foxes attempting to seek asylum with the Iroquois, were stopped and badly defeated by French forces under command of Sieur de Villiers, from Forts St. Joseph, Fort Chartres, and Ouatanon.

1731.—Remnants of Foxes attacked by Illinois and a band of Mission Indians from Canada.

1732.—Post at Green Bay re-established. Sieur de Linctot, with company of traders, rebuilt post on Lake Pepin.

1733.—La Ronde gains concession for working copper mines on Lake Superior. Remnant of Foxes, attacked by various bands of French allies, gathered at Green Bay and placed themselves under protection of the Sauk. De Villiers, the new commandant, demanded that they be delivered up to be sent to Canada, to slavery and exile. Sauk defended the Foxes and killed De Villiers, then abandoned their fort and fled to the territory beyond the Mississippi.

1734-35.—De Noyelles undertook a land-journey of seven months against the Sauk and Foxes, whom he pursued into Iowa, but without decisive results.

1735.—Reports made to French, on copper mines of Lake Superior.

1737.—St. Pierre abandoned fort on Lake Pepin, because of hostility of Sioux. Sauk and Foxes were granted a truce.

1738.—Report on copper-mines, by skilled miners, sent from France.

1739-40.—Marin, sent to take charge on the Mississippi, pacified all the neighboring Indians, and ended the Fox wars.

1741.—Marin persuaded the Sauk and Foxes to return to Green Bay.

1743.—Post at Green Bay auctioned to the highest bidder.

1745.—Lease of post caused dissatisfaction.

1747.—New lease for Green Bay post. Indians of Detroit and Mackinac in revolt against French authority; Wisconsin Indians refused to join conspiracy.

1749.—Marin, in command at Green Bay, has son sent to Chequamegon.

1750.—Marin re-established post among the Sioux.

1752.—Marin junior relieved his father at Sioux post.

1754.—The Menominee, Foxes, Sauk, Winnebago, Potawatomi, Ottawa, Chippewa, and Sioux were engaged to attack the English colonies on the western borders of Pennsylvania.

1755.—Charles de Langlade (who had recently settled at Green Bay, its first permanent inhabitant), with Wisconsin Indians, led them in the onslaught upon Braddock's army July 9. Later he was at Fort George, and, with his braves from Wisconsin, fought against Wolfe on the plains of Abraham.

1758.—Eleven Frenchmen killed at Green Bay by Menominee, who pillage a storehouse.

1760.—The French dominions reverted to the English. Alexander Henry, a celebrated Lake Superior fur-trader, visited Milwaukee.

1761.—Capt. Balfour of the British army came with troops to Green Bay, took possession of the fort, naming it Fort Edward. He left here Lieut. James Gorrell of the Sixtieth (or Royal American) regiment, with a sergeant, corporal, and fifteen privates, who spent a wretched winter in the old fort. In the spring, Gorrell made treaties with the neighboring Indians.

1763.—The territories of New France, including Wisconsin, formally ceded by the French to the English. Fur-trade posts established at Milwaukee, and elsewhere on Lake Michigan.

Pontiac's conspiracy led to a confederation of Miami, Ottawa, Chippewa, Wyandot, Potawatomi, Missisagua, Shawnee, Foxes, and Winnebago. They organized and burst upon the English posts upon the upper Great Lakes, eight of which were captured. After the massacre of a large part of the garrison at Mackinac, a friendly band of Indians escorted Gorrell and his party from Green Bay to L'Arbre Croche (on the east shore of Lake Michigan), where the remnants of the garrison that had been spared in the Mackinac slaughter were refuged.

1766.—Capt. Jonathan Carver, a medical student and officer of Massachusetts militia, visited Green Bay. He was searching for a northwest passage to the Pacific ocean, and passed over the Fox-Wisconsin route, wintering with the Sioux on the plains. Disappointed in his search, he returned next year by way of Lake Superior.

1774.—Civil government established over the Northwest and Canada by the "Quebec Act," under which Wisconsin became a part of the English Province of Quebec.

1777.—Indians under Charles de Langlade and Gautier join the British against the colonies in the Revolutionary War, and harry the American border settlers.

1779.—Capt. Robertson of the British sloop "Felicity" made a voyage of reconnaissance around Lake Michigan, inducing traders and Indians to support the English. George Rogers Clark's agent, Godefroy Linctot, Indian trader at Prairie du Chien, detached many Wisconsin Indians from British alliance.

1780.—Expedition of Canadians and Indians from Wisconsin, against the Spaniards at St. Louis and the Americans in the Illinois, is repulsed and driven back, after killing and capturing several whites and negroes.

In October John Long led an expedition to Prairie du Chien to rescue from the Americans a large quantity of furs stored at this place.

1781.—Lieut.-Gov. Patrick Sinclair, of Canada, purchased Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, etc., from the Indians. His purchase was not confirmed by the Americans, when the latter took possession. The settlement of Prairie du Chien commenced by Basil Giard, Augustin Ange, and Pierre Antaya.

1783.—Treaty of Paris. Territory East of the Mississippi ceded to the United States. Great Council at Prairie du Chien. Indians won to British interest.

1786.—Julien Dubuque explored the lead regions of the Upper Mississippi, and worked lead mines both in Wisconsin and Iowa.

1787.—The country northwest of the Ohio (now the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin), placed under an American government, as The Northwest Territory.

1788.—An Indian council at Green Bay. Permission given Dubuque to work the lead mines on a large scale.

1789.—Jean Baptiste Mirandean said to have settled at Milwaukee.

1793.—Lawrence Barth built a cabin at the portage of the Wisconsin and Fox rivers and engaged in the carrying trade.

1795.—Jacques Vieau, agent of the Northwest Company of fur-traders, established posts at Kewaunee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, and Milwaukee.

1796.—The western posts surrendered by the British to the United States, and the Ordinance of 1787 extended over all the Northwest.

1800.—Indiana Territory organized, embracing the region now comprising Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, and Minnesota east of the Mississippi. Gen. William Henry Harrison appointed governor. Wisconsin included in St. Clair county.

1804.—General Harrison made a treaty with the Sauk and Foxes at St. Louis, in which their title to lands in the southern portion of Wisconsin, including the lead region, is extinguished.

1805.—Michigan Territory organized.

1809.—Thomas Nuttall, the botanist, and John Bradbury, the Scotch naturalist, explored Wisconsin.

John Jacob Astor's party of explorers, under William P. Hunt and Ramsay Crooks, passed Green Bay and Prairie du Chien, en route for the Pacific ocean.

Illinois Territory created, including what is now Wisconsin, which remains a part of St. Clair county.

1811.—Wisconsin Indians participated in Tecumseh's war, on the British side.

Wisconsin in the War of 1812.—The Indians assembled at Green Bay to join the English. French traders in Wisconsin held commissions in the English army.

1814.—An expedition by the British organized at Mackinac for the capture of the American military post at Prairie du Chien (Fort Shelby), started June 28, reaching Green Bay six days later, was joined by Louis Grignon, a Creole leader with 30 *habitants* of Green Bay, and about 100 Indians, and rowed up the Fox River in grand procession. July 17 they landed at the mouth of the Wisconsin a few miles below Fort Shelby. The American garrison numbered some 60 or 70 effective men with six pieces of cannon. The fort consisted of a small stockade and two block houses; and a gun boat manned by part of the garrison, and with 14 cannon lay in the river. The attacking force was about 500 whites and 120 Indians. The British commander, Major McKay, demanded the surrender of the fort. Lieutenant Perkins, the American officer in command, declined to surrender. The one British cannon opened upon the gun boat. After receiving some fifty or more shots the boat dropped down stream. The fort was then attacked and Perkins, abandoned by the gun boat, was forced to surrender. McKay, with difficulty saved the prisoners from massacre by his Indian allies. The American loss was 5 killed and 10 wounded in the boat and 3 killed in the fort. Soon after, Perkins and his men were given back their arms and sent down the river. The name of the fort was then changed from Fort Shelby to Fort McKay.

1815.—After peace with Great Britain the British commander of the fort offered to turn the post over to the American governor at St. Louis, and (May 24) hauled down his flag and proceeded up the Wisconsin, thence to Mackinac.

1816.—Treaty with Indians confirming that of 1804. Erection of Fort Crawford at Prairie du Chien; Fort Howard at Green Bay, begun; Major Morgan in command at the former, Col. John Miller at the latter fort.

1818.—Illinois admitted into the Union. Wisconsin attached to the territory of Michigan. Brown, Crawford, and Michillimackinac counties organized in Michigan embrace the whole of Wisconsin, besides other territory. Solomon Juneau arrived in Milwaukee.

1820.—United States commissioners adjusted land claims in Green Bay. John Jacob Astor's American Fur Company had stations at Green Bay, on the Menominee, Peshigo, Oconto, and Upper Wolf rivers. Milwaukee, the entrepôt of trade with the Potawatomi. Augustin Grignon had a trading shanty at the present site of Kaukauna, for the trade on the Lower Fox. At Prairie du Chien, Joseph Rolette was the chief trader for the American Fur Company, his field being on

the Mississippi from Dubuque upwards. The same company had stations at La Pointe, and on Lac du Flambeau, Lac Chetac, Rice Lake, Tomahawk Lake, Lac Court Oreilles, Namekagon Lake and other points in the Chippewa country.

The fur-traders, at various times in this period, established posts, which ultimately led to settlements at Milwaukee, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, La Crosse, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Madison, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Two Rivers, Kewaunee, Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, Depere, Kaukauna, Neenah, Hudson, Portage, Menomonee, Oconto, Peshtigo, Black River Falls, Rice Lake, Baraboo, and Shullsburg.

On July 9, of this year the first Protestant sermon preached in Wisconsin was delivered at Fort Howard, by Rev. Jedediah Morse, father of the inventor of the telegraph.

1822.—The New York Indians, transplanted, purchased lands east of Lake Winnebago. James Johnson obtained from the Indians the right to dig for lead with negro slaves from Kentucky. Government leases lands for mining purposes.

1823.—Counties of Brown, Crawford, and Michillimackinac made a separate judicial district by Congress. The first steamboat ascended the Mississippi. Lake Superior surveyed by Lieutenant Bayfield of the British navy. Judge James Duane Doty held the first district court of the territory at Prairie du Chien, October 17.

1824.—First court held in Brown county, opened July 12, with Jacques Porlier, chief justice. Judge Doty opened the first United States district court at Green Bay, October 4.

1825.—Treaty concluded in August between the Indians of Illinois, Minnesota, and Wisconsin by William Clark and Lewis Cass, the former then serving as superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, the latter as governor of Michigan Territory. The Indians begin to grow sullen. An Episcopal mission established at Green Bay, by Rev. Norman Nash.

1826.—First steamboat on Lake Michigan. The lead mines received increased attention. The mining population increased from 100 to 406.

1827.—The rush to the lead mines continued. The Indians sullen and inimical to the whites. Fort Crawford abandoned, and the troops sent to Fort Snelling, near St. Paul. The Winnebago murdered a half-breed named Methode and his family near Prairie du Chien. Red Bird, and two other Indians, inflamed by rumors that Winnebago prisoners had been killed by the whites, murdered and scalped Rigeste Gagnier and Solomon Lipcap near Prairie du Chien. About the same time, a band of thirty-seven Winnebago attacked two keel boats on the Mississippi, laden with provisions for the troops at Fort Snelling, killing two whites, and wounding two mortally and two slightly, but were repulsed. These outrages produced great alarm. The settlers fled to Prairie du Chien and there organized and manned the abandoned fort. The news spread through Southwestern Wisconsin and thousands of settlers fled in the greatest precipitation to Galena. Gov. Lewis Cass, of Michigan Territory, soon came upon the scene. Colonel Snelling reinforced Fort Crawford. Col. Henry Dodge raised a hundred mounted volunteers in the lead mines. Major Whistler, in command at Fort Howard, moved up the Fox to Portage, and the troops on the Lower Wisconsin moved up that river, pursuing the fleeing Winnebago. They were overtaken near Portage, and seeing themselves overpowered, gave up the murderers. Red Bird soon after died in prison. His associates were tried and sentenced, but afterwards pardoned on condition that the Winnebago cede lands.

1828.—Fort Winnebago built at the Portage. An Indian treaty held at Green Bay. The Indian claim to the lead region purchased.

1829.—Thousands of miners settled in the lead region. Speculation rife. A Methodist mission established at Green Bay.

1830.—The Sioux killed seventeen Sauk and Foxes near Prairie du Chien. A Protestant mission was founded on Madeline, one of the Apostle islands, in Lake Superior, opposite Bayfield—the first of the island missions at La Pointe. Rev. Cutting Marsh arrived at Green Bay, to open Presbyterian mission to Stockbridge Indians at Statesburg (South Kaukauna).

The Black Hawk War.—1832.—Black Hawk, chief of the Sauk, had a village at the mouth of the Rock River. He hated the Americans and loved the

English. Returning from a visit to Canada in 1830, where he had been flattered by the English, he found that the settlers had pre-empted the site of his village and the burial ground of his fathers. He was enraged and made threats. The militia were called out. Then companies of United States troops came to the mouth of the Rock River, and Black Hawk was compelled to cross the Mississippi promising never to return. But he failed to keep his promise. He re-crossed the river in April, passed up the Rock to Prophetstown, intending to raise a crop there. This "invasion" aroused general alarm in Illinois and Wisconsin. Settlers fled or gathered into log forts. Gen. Henry Atkinson, with 1,600 horse and 200 foot volunteers—of whom Abraham Lincoln commanded one company—and 300 regulars marched from Fort Armstrong. Black Hawk sent a defiant message and retreated up Rock River. At Stillman's Creek he halted to surrender. His messengers of peace were seized by the pickets when they approached the lines. With a mere handful of braves, he then attacked and drove in retreat 275 horsemen, under command of Major Stillman. Removing his women and children to the swamps of Lake Koshkonong, in Wisconsin. Black Hawk descended into Illinois, scattering consternation. Skirmishes took place in many places in Northern Illinois, and at Pecatonica, Blue Mounds, and Sinsiniwa Mounds in Wisconsin. Some 250 whites and as many Indians lost their lives in these battles, skirmishes, and surprises.

Meanwhile, forts had been thrown up in the lead region—Fort Union at Dodgeville, where Major Dodge's headquarters had been; Fort Defiance at the farm of D. M. Parkinson; Fort Hamilton at Wiota; Fort Jackson at Mineral Point; Mound Fort at Blue Mounds and others.

Pending this outbreak, Col. Henry Dodge came with Captains John H. Rountree, and James H. Gentry, to the head of the Four Lakes, near where Madison now is, and had a council with the Winnebago, urging them not to join the Sauk in the war.

General Atkinson, in command, sent Dodge's command, with Major Henry's and Major Alexander's brigades to Fort Winnebago at Portage for supplies. Arriving there, he learned from the Winnebago the hiding place of the Sauk and Foxes, Black Hawk's band. They were then at the rapids of Rock River, near what is now Hustisford. The force at once set out to attack them.

The Indians, however, had fled. Their trail was discovered, bearing toward Wisconsin River, and they were pursued. Reaching the Catfish River, between Third and Fourth Lakes, a few straggling Indians were found on the site of the city of Madison—one of whom was shot and left dead near the present capitol. The next day (July 21) the Indians were pursued; they fled westward to the bluffs of the Wisconsin. A battle here ensued. The Indians lost several killed and many wounded. The American loss was one killed and eight wounded. Thence, Black Hawk and his party fled westward to the Mississippi. A few days later Colonel Dodge pursued them, with fresh troops, and came up with them near the mouth of the Bad Axe, forty miles above Prairie du Chien. A steambot had been sent up the river to prevent their escape across the river. The Sauk were now in a bad plight. Colonel Dodge attacked them. Some escaped across the river. The rest were captured. Black Hawk escaped to seek refuge among the Winnebago; but a large reward was offered for him; and the Winnebago arrested and gave him up. He was sent to Prairie du Chien, thence to Jefferson Barracks. Of the 1,000 Indians who crossed the Mississippi with him in the spring not over 150 survived the famous Black Hawk war. The chief died in 1838 near Des Moines. This outbreak served one purpose: it advertised Wisconsin and stimulated settlement.

1833.—An Indian treaty at Chicago. The lands south and west of Milwaukee were ceded to the government. Milwaukee settled in the fall. The first newspaper, the *Green Bay Intelligencer*, established. First Congregational church in Wisconsin organized at La Pointe, on Madelaine island.

1834.—Land offices established at Mineral Point and Green Bay. First public land sale at Mineral Point. Census showed population to be 4,795.

1835.—The first steambot landed at Milwaukee, June 17. Public lands surveyed by William A. Burt. Great influx of settlers. By December 1, 1836, 878,014 acres of land had been sold to settlers and speculators. Bishop Baraga founded a Catholic mission on Madelaine island.

1836.—The territory of Wisconsin organized by act of Congress. April 30, Henry Dodge appointed governor by President Jackson. July 4, territory organized. John S. Horner of Virginia appointed secretary; Charles Dunn, of Illinois, chief justice; David Irwin and William Frazer, of Pennsylvania, associate justices. They were sworn in at Mineral Point, amid great festivity. Territorial council met at Belmont, October 25. United States Land office opened at Milwaukee. December 3, capitol located at Madison, "between the Third and Fourth of the four lakes, on the corner of sections 13, 14, 23, and 24, in township 7, north of range 9, east." The same year, July 14, the *Milwaukee Advertiser* commenced publication. The first school opened in Milwaukee.

George W. Jones elected as the delegate in Congress.

The supreme court held its first session at Belmont. The *Belmont Gazette* published.

1837.—Michigan admitted into the Union. The Northern Peninsula was attached to it, in violation of the claims of Wisconsin under the Ordinance of 1787, thereby causing great indignation among the people of this territory.

A treaty made by Governor Dodge with the Menominee, in which they ceded to the United States about four million acres of land in Michigan and Wisconsin.

The people of Milwaukee organize two municipal corporations—"Milwaukee-on-the-east-side-of-the-river," and "Milwaukee-on-the-west-side-of-the-river." Great strife between them.

Copper ore found near Mineral Point. The corner stone of the capitol laid at Madison, July 4, with great solemnities.

1838.—Congress appropriated land to endow the University of the Territory of Wisconsin. Eighty postoffices established in the territory.

1839.—Battle between Sioux and Chippewa in northern Wisconsin; 200 said to have been killed.

1840.—First brewing of beer in Milwaukee. U. S. census showed population of 30,945 white persons.

1842.—C. C. P. Arndt, a member of the legislative council, shot and killed in the council chamber by James R. Vineyard, who was afterward tried in Green County and acquitted.

1844.—The Wisconsin Phalanx, a communistic organization, settled at Ceresco, now Ripon, under the leadership of Jesse Strong. Gov. Doty removed and Nathaniel P. Tallmadge appointed.

1845.—Tallmadge removed and Doty reappointed. Large Swiss colony planted at New Glarus, Green County.

1846.—The people voted in favor of a state government. Congress passed act to enable and authorize the formation of state government. First constitutional convention met at Madison, October 15.

1847.—First railroad charter in Wisconsin granted to the Milwaukee & Waukesha Railroad Company. Census showed population of 210,546. Second constitutional convention opened at Madison, December 15.

1848.—Wisconsin admitted into the Union under act of Congress approved May 29. First legislature convened June 5. State officers sworn in June 7. Henry Dodge and Isaac P. Walker elected United States senators. Andrew G. Miller appointed judge of United States district court. Large German immigration this year. Partially successful attempt made to remove the Wisconsin Winnebago to Long Prairie, Minnesota. Free school system established by law.

1849.—Construction of railroad from Milwaukee westward begun. In January, first telegram received in Milwaukee. Legislature instruct I. P. Walker to resign because of his vote in interest of the south. Cholera epidemic. "Gold Fever" causes great exodus to California. State Historical Society organized by members of first state legislature, January 30. State university organized.

1850.—Mob in Milwaukee attack and wreck house of John B. Smith for introducing a liquor law in the legislature. Census reported population at 305,391.

1851.—First railroad train run from Milwaukee to Waukesha.

1852.—Numerous railroad enterprises started in southern part of the state.

1853.—Charges made for the impeachment of Judge Levi Hubbell, judge of the second judicial district, who after a protracted trial was acquitted.

1854.—Meeting at Ripon, February 28, to organize the Republican party; the name "Republican" suggested by A. E. Bovay. Joshua Glover, a fugitive slave,

arrested at Racine, March 10; rescued at Milwaukee by force, from the United States marshal, on the following day. Sherman M. Booth arrested and committed to jail on the 26th of May for aiding in Glover's rescue. A writ of *habeas corpus* was granted by Associate Justice Abram D. Smith, who decided on the hearing that the "Fugitive Slave law" of 1850 was void, and discharged the prisoner. The supreme court of the state sustained him. The supreme court of Wisconsin held the fugitive slave law void, and that it had the power to discharge from the custody of the United States marshal, those who were held in custody charged with violating the law. This decision was reversed by the supreme court of the United States, July 13. A mass convention held in the Capitol Park at Madison. The Republican party organized, and so named. German immigration very large.

1856.—Gov. William A. Barstow having been certified by the state board of canvassers as re-elected and taken the office of governor, Coles Bashford brought an information in the nature of *quo warranto* to oust Barstow and establish his own claim to the election. The proceedings resulted in Bashford's favor. Sept. 24, the steamer Niagara burned off Port Washington. Hon. John B. Macy, pioneer member of congress, perished in the boat.

1857.—Railway completed to Prairie du Chien. Monetary panic of this year severely felt in Wisconsin.

1858.—November 1. Excursion train celebrating opening of the Chicago & Fond du Lac Railway (now Chicago & Northwestern) wrecked at Johnson's Creek, Jefferson county; fourteen persons killed and seven wounded.

1860.—Steamer Lady Elgin, with 600 excursionists, sunk in collision off Racine, and 225 persons, mostly of the third ward in Milwaukee, drowned.

1861.—April 16, President Lincoln's call for one regiment received. Governor Randall's proclamation issued calling for volunteers. Thirty-six companies tender service within one week. Troops organized during the year as follows:

May 17, First regiment mustered; June 7, left for the field.
 June 11, Second regiment mustered; June 20, left for the field.
 June 29, Third regiment mustered; July 12, left for the field.
 July 2, Fourth regiment mustered; July 15, left for the field.
 July 13, Fifth regiment mustered; July 22, left for the field.
 July 16, Sixth regiment mustered; July 28, left for the field.
 September 2, Seventh regiment mustered; September 21, left for the field.
 September 4, Eighth regiment mustered; October 12, left for the field.
 October 14, Tenth regiment mustered; November 9, left for the field.
 October 18, Eleventh regiment mustered; November 20, left for the field.
 October and November, Twelfth regiment mustered; January 11, 1862, left for the field.

October 17, Thirteenth regiment mustered; January 15, 1862, left for the field.

November 14, Fourteenth regiment organized; January, 1862, mustered; March 10, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Fifteenth regiment organized; February 14, 1862, mustered; March 9, 1862, left for the field.

November, 1861, Sixteenth regiment organized; January 31, 1862, mustered; March 13, 1862, left for the field.

Bank riot at Milwaukee, Mitchell's bank attacked, June 24.

July 2, first Wisconsin soldier, George C. Drake, Company A, First Infantry, killed at Falling Waters.

1862.—April 10, Gov. Louis P. Harvey started south to care for Wisconsin soldiers wounded at Shiloh. April 19, he was drowned at Pittsburg Landing in the Tennessee River. In April, about 700 Confederate prisoners received at Camp Randall, Madison. In May, the President called for 75,000 more troops. Wisconsin quota assigned at about 2,976. July, 300,000 troops called for. The Wisconsin quota assigned at 11,904. November 10, draft made to fill Wisconsin quota.

1863.—August 5, Democratic state convention held at Milwaukee. The "Ryan address" to the people of the state adopted. Matt. H. Carpenter published reply to the address. The "War Democrats" held mass-convention at Janesville to

protest against the Ryan address. October 17, further call for troops; Wisconsin's quota, 11,904. November, draft made to fill quota.

1864.—February 1. President calls for 300,000 more volunteers; in March for 200,000; in July for 500,000; and in December for 300,000. Wisconsin's quota about 53,483. On these calls 5,784 veterans in Wisconsin organizations re-enlisted. Nov. 2, Ex-Gov. N. P. Tallmadge died.

1865.—Several regiments sent to the field in completion of quotas under calls for troops. Whole number of troops furnished by Wisconsin, 91,379. June 23, Viroqua struck by cyclone, 17 persons killed and 150 wounded. Most of the Wisconsin troops mustered out of service during the summer and autumn. July 13, Ex-Gov. James D. Doty died. December 13, Ex-Gov. William A. Barstow died.

1866.—James R. Doolittle, U. S. Senator, was requested to resign, because of his support of President Johnson's policy. Fourth regiment mustered out after serving over five years.

1867.—June 19, Ex-Gov. Henry Dodge died.

1868.—Colonel Dunbar discovered the medicinal properties of the "Bethesda spring" at Waukesha. April 8, the "Sea-Bird" burned on Lake Michigan. All on board lost, save two. Effort made to remove the state capitol to Milwaukee. Towns, cities, and villages authorized to take stock in railroads.

1871.—Great fires in Door, Oconto, Shawano, Outagamie, Brown, and Manitowoc counties. One thousand or more persons perished and three thousand reduced to destitution. Large contributions poured in from all parts of the United States, Great Britain and Canada, France and Germany, relieved the sufferers and provided them with comfortable homes, food, implements and clothing.

1872.—July 26, Ex-Gov. Alex. W. Randall, the first war governor died.

1873.—July 4, great hurricane on Green Lake in county of that name. Eleven persons drowned. The Wisconsin Winnebago removed to Nebraska, and placed on reservation there.

1874.—"Potter Law" placing limit on railroad freights and fares enacted. April 27, presidents of railroad companies announce, through communication to the governor, that they regard the law invalid. Gov. William R. Taylor issues proclamation demanding obedience to the law. Action brought to enjoin companies from violating the law, and, after able trial, the injunction granted, Chief Justice Ryan delivering an opinion now quite famous.

1875.—April 28, Oshkosh burned. Manufacture of cotton cloth started in Janesville—the first in the state. Women first made eligible to school offices.

1876.—Supreme court decided that under our laws women cannot be admitted to practice law at the bar of that court.

1877.—Law passed admitting women to the privilege of practicing law. Cyclone at Pensaukee, Oconto county.

1878.—State overrun with tramps. Disturbances and lawlessness at various points where tramps congregate. June, cyclone sweeps through Grant, Iowa, Dane, Jefferson and counties eastward. Some twelve or fifteen persons killed and great destruction of property. Indian scare in Burnett county. Hundreds of settlers leave their homes on account of large assemblies of Indians gathering to hold dances. April 25, Ex-Gov. Coles Bashford died.

1880.—October 19, Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan died.

1881.—U. S. Senator Matt. H. Carpenter died in Washington, February 24. Strike of cigarmakers in Milwaukee. September, strike at Eau Claire of workmen in mills for reduction of hours. Property injured, national guard called out, and eight companies stationed there. Milwaukee Industrial Exposition opened in September.

1882.—Ex-Gov. Cadwallader C. Washburn died. Constitution amended to have biennial legislative sessions.

1883.—January 10, Newhall house burned. About seventy persons perished in the flames or in leaping from the upper stories of the building. March 25, Timothy O. Howe, post master general, died at Racine. November 8, south wing of the capitol extension fell, killing seven workmen. February 23, Ex-Gov. William E. Smith died.

1884.—December 1, Science Hall, State University, burned to the ground.

1886.—May 1, workmen in Milwaukee struck to enforce eight hours for a

day's work. May 3-5, becoming riotous and refusing to obey the authorities, they were fired upon by the national guard and several killed and wounded. In October, the limited express on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway wrecked and burned at East Rio, Columbia county. From eleven to fifteen persons killed or burned.

1887.—Great boom in Gogebic iron stocks.

1888.—Collapse in Gogebic iron stocks.

1889.—Great strike at West Superior. National guard ordered to the scene to preserve order. April 10, Ex-Gov. Leonard J. Farwell died. July 21, Ex-Gov. Nelson Dewey died.

1890.—Eleventh census gives population of Wisconsin 1,686,880.

1891.—June 17, Ex-Gov. Harrison Ludington died. August 27, Lyman C. Draper, Secretary Wisconsin State Historical Society, and one of the leading spirits in its work, died.

1892.—A disastrous succession of fires in Milwaukee including the great Third Ward fire October 28. \$5,000,000 of property destroyed. September 1, Daniel S. Durrie, for thirty-seven years librarian of State Historical Society, died.

1893.—Panic resulting in failure of the Plankinton, the Fire & Marine, and other important banks in Milwaukee. Ex-Gov. J. M. Rusk died November 21. R. L. D. Potter, author of Potter Railroad Law, died November 9. Gen. Joshua Cuppy died December 8.

1894.—Disastrous forest fires in Douglas, Bayfield, Ashland, Chippewa, Price, Portage and Washburn counties. Moses M. Strong died July 20. Experience Estabrook, prominently identified with formation of state constitution, died March 26.

1895.—State census taken, giving a population of 1,937,915. Severe drought and light crops in southern Wisconsin; abundance of rain and heavy crops in northern Wisconsin. Chief Justice Harlow S. Orton died July 4. Peter Parkinson, last survivor of the Black Hawk war, died May 30. Simeon Mills died June 1. Hiram H. Giles died May 10. Mrs. Cordelia A. P. Chester died February 27.

1896.—Very large immigration to northern Wisconsin as a result of special effort to induce settlement and the liberal state and county appropriations for the same purpose. Gen. Lucius Fairchild died May 23. Horace Rublee, editor of the Milwaukee Sentinel, died Oct. 19. Carl Jonas, United States consul at Crefeld, Germany, died January 15. George W. Jones, a Wisconsin pioneer, died in Iowa, July 22. Milwaukee celebrated the centennial year of her settlement. Free traveling library system initiated by State Senator James H. Stout, in Dunn county. Seventh state normal school opened, at Superior.

1897.—State school for feeble-minded opened at Chippewa Falls, June 1. Gen. Chandler P. Chapman, adjutant general under Governor Rusk, and to whose organizing ability is largely due the present efficiency of the Wisconsin national guard, died at Madison, May 12; Jerome R. Brigham, a noted pioneer teacher and lawyer, died at Milwaukee, January 21; Chauncey C. Britt, pioneer editor, died at Portage, July 31; Rev. Solomon S. Burleson, pioneer missionary, died at Oneida, February 22; Col. Conrad Krez, poet, soldier, and lawyer, died at Milwaukee, March 8; Mrs. William P. Lynde, prominent as a member of state board of charities, and commissioner to Centennial Exposition (1876) and World's Fair (1893), died at Milwaukee, June 26; Joseph T. Mills, pioneer Wisconsin lawyer, judge, and assemblyman, died in Denver, November 22; Allen Warden, member of second Wisconsin constitutional convention, died at Lamar, Mo., March 11.

1898.—Wisconsin raised and equipped four regiments of infantry and one battery, for the Spanish-American war,—5,390 men in all. May 29 the fiftieth anniversary of approval of act of congress admitting Wisconsin to the Union, was fittingly observed at several county seats by local celebrations. June 7 being fiftieth anniversary of swearing in of first state officers, was observed at Madison, June 7-9, by appropriate literary and patriotic exercises, in the presence of a large crowd of visitors. June 27-July 2, Milwaukee celebrated by a splendid semi-centennial carnival, emphasizing the industrial and commercial progress of the State. July and August, great strike of woodworkers in mills and factories of Oshkosh, accompanied by rioting and bloodshed; State troops

called out, and affair finally settled by compromise. State reformatory opened at Green Bay, August 1. Disastrous forest fires in northwest Wisconsin, during September; several lives lost, and much property destroyed; relief agencies established in various cities of the State.

1899.—Jan. 23, Milwaukee public museum opened in new building. Jan. 31, Joseph V. Quarles elected United States senator. Feb. 19-20, burning of Wisconsin Chair Co.'s plant at Port Washington; loss \$350,000. Feb. 22, celebration of fiftieth anniversary of formation of State Historical Society. Feb. 28, fourth regiment, Wisconsin Volunteers, mustered out at Anniston, Ala. April 12, burning of Choate-Hollister furniture factory; at Oshkosh; loss \$160,000. May 20, five dams break in Pike River flood; loss, \$50,000. June 12, cyclone destroys New Richmond, and does much damage in Northwestern Wisconsin; large loss of life and property. July 19, burning of Hotel Grace, at Milwaukee; forty firemen injured, and one killed, by falling roof. Sept. 6, unveiling by State Historical Society, of bronze tablet on site of Father Allouez's Jesuit mission at De Pere (founded 1671-72). Nov. 13, semi-centennial anniversary of founding of Lawrence University, Appleton.

1900.—Jan. 31, burning of Masonic building at Stevens Point; loss, \$40,000. Feb. 8, death at Anaconda, Mont., of Beriah Brown, a noted Wisconsin pioneer editor. Feb. 21, railroad wreck near Curtis; seventeen persons injured. March 17, death at Madison, of Gen. Henry Harnden, captor of Jefferson Davis. March 29, death at Oshkosh, of former U. S. Senator Philetus Sawyer. June 4-9, meeting in Milwaukee of General Federation of Women's Clubs. June 5, death at Madison, of Col. John G. McMynn, prominent as a Wisconsin educator. June 10, death at Gurnee, Ill., of George W. Featherstonhaugh, member of constitutional convention. July 5, death at Hartford, Conn., of Dr. Henry Barnard, a famous educator, once chancellor of University of Wisconsin. Aug. 4, death at Beloit, of Prof. Joseph Emerson, for 52 years prominently connected with Beloit College. Sept. 3, dedication of Oshkosh public library, costing \$150,000. Oct. 4, death at Fort Atkinson, of Nathan S. Greene, prominent in Wisconsin business circles since 1846. Oct. 19, dedication of new State Historical Library building at Madison; principal address by Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts. Oct. 24, death at Sheboygan Falls, of David Giddings, member of constitutional convention; death at Jersey City, N. J., of Peter Doyle, former secretary of state. Dec. 7, tablet erected on site of first county buildings in Milwaukee. Dec. 9, burning of Anson-Eldred Co.'s mills near Stiles; loss, \$75,000. Dec. 13, death at Green Bay, of Malcolm Sellers, an early editor and one of the founders of the Republican party. Dec. 25, death at Oshkosh, of Col. H. B. Harshaw, former state treasurer. Dec. 30, dedication of Merrill school, at Oshkosh, costing \$40,000.

1901.—The following prominent Wisconsin pioneers died: James Bintliff, March 16; William H. Blodgett, Aug. 27; Charles L. Catlin; Willard H. Chandler, March 24; Alexander Lynn Collins, Oct. 31; Rev. Fayette Durlin, Aug. 31; Achsa Perry Dutton, Oct. 31; Frederick S. Eldred, Feb. 19; Charles W. Felker, Nov. 15; J. W. Hinton, April 19; De Wayne Stebbins, June 12; Thompson D. Weeks, Feb. 12.

1902.—The following prominent Wisconsin citizens died: President C. K. Adams, July 26; Gen. H. C. Hobart, Jan. 26; G. G. Houghton, March 19; E. I. Kidd, Feb. 25; W. S. Main, July 5; Gysbert van Steenwyck, April 13; Lieut. Gov. Jesse Stone, May 11; Daniel Wells, Jr., March 18; President W. C. Whitford, May 5.

1903.—The following prominent Wisconsin citizens died: A. E. Bovay, January 29; Gen. E. E. Bryant, August 11; Michael J. Cantwell, December 1; Orsamus Cole, May 5; Edwin Ellis, May 3; John M. Evans, August 23; John M. Ewing, November 27; Samuel Dexter Hastings, March 26; Buell E. Hutchinson, March 10; Samuel C. Johnson, October 16; John H. Knight, August 22; William T. Sterling, January 12; Edward West, May 27.

1904.—The following prominent Wisconsin citizens died: Joseph Collie, July 8; Charles de Groat, August 15; Joseph T. Dodge, February 6; Edward W. Dwight, March 6; Elisha W. Edgerton, April 15; Frederick Kraus, October 27; Delos S. Mills, May 1; Samuel E. Miner, June 26; John L. Mitchell, June 29; Frederick Pabst, January 1; David S. Ordway, September 20; Henry W. Tenney, January 2; Joseph H. Turner, May 22; Otto Zweitusch, October 27.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF WISCONSIN.

GOVERNORS.

Henry Dodgefrom July 4, 1836, to October 5, 1841
James Duane Dotyfrom Oct. 5, 1841, to September 16, 1844
Nathaniel P. Tallmadgefrom September 16, 1844, to May 13, 1845
Henry Dodgefrom May 13, 1845, to June 7, 1848

SECRETARIES.

John S. Hornerappointed by Andrew Jackson, May 6, 1836
William B. Slaughterappointed by Andrew Jackson, Feb. 16, 1837
Francis J. Dunn.....appointed by Martin Van Buren, Jan. 25, 1841
A. P. Field.....appointed by John Tyler, April 23, 1841
George R. C. Floydappointed by James K. Polk, Oct. 30, 1843
John Catlinappointed by James K. Polk, Feb. 24, 1846

SUPREME COURT.

Charles Dunn, C. J.appointed by Andrew Jackson, Aug., 1836
William C. Frazer, A. J.appointed by Andrew Jackson, July, 1836
David Irvin, A. J.appointed by Andrew Jackson, Sept., 1836
Andrew G. Miller, A. J.appointed by Martin Van Buren, Nov., 1838

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

Henry S. Baird.....appointed by Governor Dodge, Dec. 7, 1836
Horatio N. Wellsappointed by Governor Dodge, March 30, 1839
Mortimer M. Jacksonappointed by Governor Dodge, June 26, 1841
William Pitt Lyndeappointed by Governor Tallmadge, Feb. 22, 1845
A. Hyatt Smithappointed by Governor Dodge, Aug. 4, 1845

CLERKS OF THE COURT.

John Catlinappointed at December term, 1836
Simeon Millsappointed at July term, 1839
La Fayette Kelloggappointed at July term, 1840

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

William W. Chapmanappointed by Andrew Jackson, 1836
Moses M. Strongappointed by Martin Van Buren, 1838
Thomas W. Sutherland.....appointed by John Tyler, 1841
William Pitt Lyndeappointed by James K. Polk, 1846

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURES.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1836.

Convened at Belmont, Iowa county, Oct. 25, and adjourned Dec. 9, 1836.

COUNCIL.

President—Henry S. Baird, of Brown. *Secretary*—Edward McSherry. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Henry.

Brown—Henry S. Baird, John P. Arndt.

Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Dubuque—Thomas McCraney, John Foley, Thomas McKnight.

Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.*]

Milwaukee—Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Des Moines—Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Peter Hill Engle, of Dubuque. *Chief Clerk*—Warren Lewis. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Jesse M. Harrison.

Des Moines—Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, Eli Reynolds.

Crawford—James H. Lockwood, James B. Dallam.

Milwaukee—William B. Sheldon, Madison W. Cornwall, Charles Durkee.

Iowa—William Boyles, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox.

Dubuque—Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Hosea T. Camp, Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Albert G. Ellis, Alexander J. Irwin.¹

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines county, Nov. 6, 1837, and adjourned Jan. 20, 1838.

COUNCIL

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Levi Sterling.

Brown—John P. Arndt, Joseph Dickinson.²

Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John H. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee—Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Dubuque—John Foley, Thomas McKnight, Thomas McCraney.

Des Moines—Jeremiah Smith, Jr. Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.]

* Thomas P. Burnett claimed a seat, but was rejected by a vote of the Council, as the appointment of members belonged exclusively to the Executive of the Territory.

¹ Seat successfully contested by George McWilliams.

² In place of Henry S. Baird, resigned. Mr. Dickinson's seat was contested and vacated; replaced by Alexander J. Irwin.

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.—Continued.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Isaac Lefler, of Des Moines. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes.
Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkinson.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson,¹ Jean Brunet.²
Des Moines—Isaac Lefler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, John Reynolds.
Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley,³ Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Alexander McGregor.⁴
Milwaukee—William R. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, June 11, 1838, and adjourned June 25, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—George W. Harris.

(Officers elected by resolution.)

Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, John P. Arndt.
Iowa—Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.
Milwaukee—Gilbert Knapp, Alanson Sweet.
Dubuque—John Foley, Thomas McCraney, Thomas McKnight.
Des Moines—Arthur B. Ingraham, Joseph B. Teas, Jeremiah Smith, Jr.
Crawford—[Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William B. Sheldon, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William Morgan.
Brown—George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes, Ebenezer Childs.
Iowa—William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Daniel M. Parkinson, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, James Collins.⁵
Milwaukee—Wm. B. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.
Dubuque—Peter Hill Engle, Hardin Nowlin, Patrick Quigley, Lucius H. Langworthy,⁶ Loring Wheeler.
Des Moines—Isaac Lefler, Warren L. Jenkins, Thomas Blair, John Reynolds, George W. Teas, John Box, David R. Chance.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Jean Brunet.

¹In place of James B. Dallam.

²In place of James H. Lockwood.

³Mr. Quigley resigned his seat on the 17th of January, 1838, for cause arising out of McGregor's case, wherein he felt his dignity as a member overlooked and unsupported by the House.

⁴Mr. McGregor was elected in place of Hosea T. Camp, deceased. Was charged with having accepted a bribe at this session, and resigned his seat while the investigation was pending; but by a resolution of the House, at its June session, he was declared "unworthy of confidence," by a vote of the House.

⁵In place of George F. Smith, resigned.

⁶In place of A. McGregor, resigned.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Madison, November 26, 1838, and adjourned December 22, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President—William Bullen, of Racine. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.
Brown—Alexander J. Irwin, Morgan L. Martin.
Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—John W. Blackstone, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas Morgan.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.
Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.
Crawford—Alexander McGregor.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.
Dane, Dodge Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Bearceley, Edward V. Whiton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.
Iowa—Russel Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins.

SECOND SESSION, 1839.

Convened at Madison, January 21, 1839, and adjourned March 11, 1839.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Alexander J. Irwin.
Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Lucius I. Barber, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.
Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.
Racine—Tristram C. Hoyt, Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Crawford—Alexander McGregor, Ira B. Brunson.
Rock and Walworth—Edward V. Whiton, Othni Beardsley.
Iowa—Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Thomas Jenkins, Henry M. Billings,
 Charles Bracken.

THIRD SESSION, 1839-40.

Convened at Madison, December 2, 1839, and adjourned January 13, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Noyes.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.¹
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—Joseph Brisbois.²

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Edward V. Whiton, of Rock. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—James Durlay.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Jacob W. Conroe, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford.
Milwaukee and Washington—Augustus Story, Adam E. Ray, William R. Longstreet, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.
Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

FOURTH (EXTRA) SESSION, 1840.

Convened at Madison, August 3, 1840, and adjourned August 14, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—William A. Prentiss, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Gilbert Knapp.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.¹
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.
Crawford—Charles J. Learned.³

¹In place of Marshall M. Strong, resigned.

²In place of Geo. Wilson, resigned.

³In place of Joseph Brisbois, resigned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—D. M. Whitney.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Barlow Shackelford, Charles C. Sholes, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells, Augustus Story, William R. Longstreet.

Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.

Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1840-1.

Convened at Madison, December 7, 1840, and adjourned February 19, 1841.

COUNCIL.

President—James Maxwell, of Walworth. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Miles M. Vineyard.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—Charles C. P. Arndt, Morgan L. Martin.

Milwaukee and Washington—Jonathan E. Arnold, Don A. J. Upham.

Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.

Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Francis M. Rublee.

Racine—George Batchelder, Thomas E. Parmelee, Reuben H. Deming.

Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Hugh Long, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—William H. Bruce,¹ Mason C. Darling, David Giddings.

Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Jacob Brazelton, Adam E. Ray, John S. Rockwell, William F. Shephard.

Iowa—Francis J. Dunn, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkinson, David Newland.

Grant—Daniel H. Burt, Nelson Dewey, Neely Gray.

Crawford and St. Croix—Alfred Brunson,² Joseph R. Brown.

¹ Seat successfully contested by Albert G. Ellis.

² Seat contested by Theophilus La Chappelle, and Jacob B. Brown appointed Commissioner to take testimony and report.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

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SECOND SESSION, 1841-2.

Convened at Madison, December 6, 1841, and adjourned February 10, 1842.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Ebenezer Childs.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.¹
Milwaukee and Washington—John H. Tweedy,² Don A. J. Upham.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Moses M. Strong.
Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.³
Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Mason C. Darling, Albert G. Ellis, David Giddings.
Racine—George Batchelder, Jonathan Eastman, Thomas E. Parmelee.⁴
Crawford and St. Croix—Joseph R. Brown, Alfred Brunson.⁵
Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Adam E. Ray, William F. Shephard, John S. Rockwell, Jacob Brazelton.
Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton, James Tripp.⁶
Iowa—Thomas Jenkins,⁷ David Newland, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkinson.
Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Neely Gray, Nelson Dewey.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1842-43.

The two Houses organized on the 5th of December, 1842, but the Governor (J. D. Doty) refused to communicate with them, as a body legally assembled, according to the act of Congress, as no appropriation for that object had been previously made by Congress. The Houses continued in session until the 10th day of December, when they adjourned until the 30th of January, 1843, when they again met, and continued in session until February, 1843, when they adjourned until March 6, 1843, on which latter day they again convened, as well in pursuance of their vote of adjournment, as in pursuance of the Governor's

¹ Killed by James R. Vineyard, Feb. 11, 1842.

² In place of Jonathan E. Arnold, resigned.

³ Resignation sent to Council, Feb. 14, which was refused acceptance, and a vote expelling him from the Council was passed.

⁴ Elisha S. Gill claimed a seat as an additional member, but was not admitted Mr. Parmelee afterwards resigned.

⁵ Seat contested and awarded to Theophilus La Chappelle.

⁶ In place of Hugh Long, resigned.

⁷ In place of Francis J. Dunn, resigned.

Proclamation calling them together as of a special session, on that day. Of this intention of the Governor, they had been appraised by resolutions referring to his Proclamation, introduced by one of their members at their first session. The Houses continued in session subsequently until the 25th day of March, when they adjourned without day. Both Houses again assembled on the 27th day of March, as of the second session, and adjourned on the 17th of April, 1843. The session was held at Madison. Officers the same in both sessions.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa [resigned March 18th, and Morgan L. Martin, of Brown, elected to fill vacancy]. *Secretary*—John V. Ingersoll. [Mr. Ingersoll resigned March 31, 1843, and John P. Sheldon appointed for balance of the session.] *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Charles C. Brown.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.
Racine—Consider Heath,* Peter D. Hugunin.*
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber.
Grant—John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.
Milwaukee and Washington—Hans Croker, Lemuel White, David Newland.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Crawford and St. Croix—Theophilus La Chappelle.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Albert G. Ellis, of Portage. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—William S. Anderson.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Albert G. Ellis, Mason C. Darling, David Agry.
Walworth and Rock—John Hopkins, James Tripp, John M. Capron, Wm. A. Bartlett.
Milwaukee and Washington—Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.
Iowa—Robert M. Long, Moses Meeker, William S. Hamilton.
Crawford and St. Croix—John H. Manahan.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Isaac H. Palmer, Lyman Crossman, Robert Masters.
Racine—Philander Judson, John T. Trowbridge, Peter Van Vliet.
Grant—Franklin Z. Hicks, Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price.

SECOND SESSION, 1843-4.

Convened at Madison,, December 4, 1843, and adjourned January 31, 1844.

COUNCIL.

President—Marshall M. Strong, of Racine. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.
Sergeant-at-Arms—G. C. S. Vail.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Lemuel White, Hans Croker, David Newland.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Crawford and St. Croix—Theophilus La Chappelle.
Grant—John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.
Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber.

* These Councilmen did not take their seats until March 6, 1843.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—J. W. Trowbridge.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Albert G. Ellis, David Agry, Mason C. Darling.
Crawford and St. Croix—John H. Manahan.
Iowa—Moses Meeker, George Messersmith, Robert M. Long.
Milwaukee and Washington—Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Robert Masters, Lyman Crossman, Isaac H. Palmer.
Rock and Walworth—John M. Capron, William A. Bartlett, John Hopkins, James Tripp.
Grant—Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price, Franklin Z. Hicks.
Racine—John T. Trowbridge, Levi Grant, Ezra Birchard.

THIRD SESSION, 1845.

Convened at Madison, January 6th, 1845, and adjourned February 24, 1845.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Charles H. Larkin.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.
Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, James Kneeland, Jacob H. Kimball.
Crawford and St. Croix—Wiram Knowlton.
Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Chauncey Davis.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling, Abraham Brawley, William Fowler.¹
Rock and Walworth—Stephen Field, Jesse C. Mills, Salmon Thomas, Jesse Moore.
Crawford and St. Croix—James Fisher.
Racine—Robert McClellan, Orson Sheldon, Albert G. Northway.
Milwaukee and Washington—Charles E. Brown, Pitts Ellis, Byron Kilbourn, Benjamin H. Mooers, William Shew, George H. Walker.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Charles S. Bristol, Noah Phelps, Geo. H. Slaughter.
Iowa—James Collins, Robert C. Hoard, Solomon Oliver.
Grant—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Franklin Z. Hicks.

FOURTH SESSION, 1846.

Convened at Madison, January 5th, and adjourned February 3, 1846.

COUNCIL.

President—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.² *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Joseph Brisbois.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.

¹ Brothertown Indian. ² Mr. Eastman resigned Jan. 19, and William R. Smith elected.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—Wiram Knowlton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Curtis Reed, Jacob H. Kimball, James Kneeland.
Iowa—Moses M. Strong.
Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.
Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Mason C. Darling, of Fond du Lac. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—David Bonham.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Abraham Brawley, Mason C. Darling, Elisha Morrow.
Racine—Andrew B. Jackson, Orson Sheldon, Julius Wooster.
Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—James Fisher.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson.
Walworth—Caleb Crosswell, Warren Earl, Gaylord Graves.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Mark R. Clapp, William M. Dennis, Noah Phelps.
Milwaukee and Washington—Samuel H. Barstow, John Crawford, James Magone, Benjamin H. Mooers, Luther Parker, William H. Thomas.
Iowa—Henry M. Billings, Robert C. Hoard, Charles Pole.
Rock—Ira Jones.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1847.

Convened at Madison, January 4, and adjourned February 11, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—John Bevins.
Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Marshall M. Strong.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Iowa and Richland—William Singer.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Crawford—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.
Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncey M. Phelps.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William Shew, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Secretary-at-Arms*—E. R. Hugunin.
Racine—Uriah Wood, Elisha Raymond.
Walworth—Charles A. Bronson, Palmer Gardner.
Milwaukee—William Shew, Andrew Sullivan, William W. Brown.
Iowa and Richland—Timothy Burns, James D. Jenkins, Thomas Chilton.
Grant—Armstead C. Brown, William Richardson.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Charles Lum, William A. Wheeler, John W. Stewart.
Sheboygan and Washington—Harrison C. Hobart.

Dodge and Jefferson—George W. Green, John T. Haight, James Giddings.
Rock—Jared G. Winslow, James M. Burgess.
Waukesha—Joseph Bond, Chauncey F. Heath.
Crawford—Joseph W. Furber.
Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—
 Elisha Morrow, Hugh McFarlane.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1847.

Convened October 18, and adjourned October 27, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Edward P. Lockhart.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.
Iowa, Lafayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.
Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncey M. Phelps.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Grant—Orris McCartney.
Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.
Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Jefferson and Dodge—John E. Holmes.
Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Benjamin F. Manahan.
*Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and
 Winnebago*—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Isaac P. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg.
Sergeant-at-Arms—E. R. Hugunin.
Racine—G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.
Walworth—Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.
Iowa, Lafayette and Richland—Timothy Burns, M. M. Cothren, Charles Pole.
Milwaukee—Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.
Grant—Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.
Dane, Green and Sauk—E. T. Gardner, Alexander Botkin, John W. Stewart.
Jefferson and Dodge—Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.
Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Henry Jackson.
Washington and Sheboygan—Benjamin H. Mooers.
Waukesha—George Reed, L. Martin.
Rock—Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.
*Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and
 Winnebago*—Moses S. Gibson, G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

SECOND SESSION, 1848.

Convened February 7, and adjourned March 13, 1848.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Edward P. Lockhart.
Iowa, Lafayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.
Waukesha—Joseph Turner.
Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.
Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix—Benjamin F. Manahan.
Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.
Walworth—Henry Clark.
Rock—Andrew Palmer.

Grant—Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.

Sheboygan and Washington—Chauncey M. Phelps.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Timothy Burns, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant at-Arms*—John Mullanphy.

Iowa, Lafayette and Richland—Timothy Burns, Charles Pole, M. M. Cothren.

Grant—Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Sheboygan and Washington—Benjamin H. Mooers.*

Dane, Green and Sauk—E. T. Gardner, John W. Stewart, Alexander Potkin.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—G. W. Featherstonhaugh, Moses S. Gibson.

Racine—G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth—Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Rock—Eleazer Wakeley, George H. Williston.

Milwaukee—Isaa P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Waukesha—George Reed, Leonard Martin.

Dodge and Jefferson—Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix—Henry Jackson.

* Resigned his seat because a bill in relation to Washington county was rejected.

STATE GOVERNMENT OF WISCONSIN.

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

NOTE.—The term of office of all elective state officers commences on the first Monday in January of the odd numbered years. Previous to the constitutional amendment of 1882, the term of office began in the even numbered years.

GOVERNORS.

Nelson Dewey	Lancaster	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Leonard J. Farwell	Madison	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Wm. A. Barstow	Waukesha	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Mar. 21, 1856
Arthur McArthur	Milwaukee	from Mar. 21, 1856, to Mar. 25, 1858
Coles Bashford	Oshkosh	from Mar. 25, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Alex. W. Randall	Waukesha	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 6, 1862
Louis P. Harvey	Shopiere	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1864
Edward Salomon	Milwaukee	from Apr. 19, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
James T. Lewis	Columbus	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Lucius Fairchild	Madison	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1872
C. C. Washburn	La Crosse	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Jan. 5, 1874
William R. Taylor	Cottage Grove	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876
Harrison Ludington	Milwaukee	from Jan. 3, 1876, to Jan. 7, 1878
Wm. E. Smith	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Jeremiah M. Rusk	Viroqua	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 7, 1889
William D. Hoard	Ft. Atkinson	from Jan. 7, 1889, to Jan. 5, 1891
George W. Peck	Milwaukee	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Upham	Marshfield	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 4, 1897
Edward Scofield	Oconto	from Jan. 4, 1897, to Jan. 7, 1901
Robert M. La Follette	Madison	from Jan. 7, 1901, to

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

John B. Holmes	Jefferson	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Samuel W. Beal	Taycheedah	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Timothy Burns	La Crosse	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
James T. Lewis	Columbus	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Arthur McArthur	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
E. D. Campbell	La Crosse	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Butler G. Noble	Whitewater	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Edward Salomon	Milwaukee	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1864
Wyman Spooner	Elkhorn	from Jan. 14, 1863, to Jan. 3, 1870
Thaddeus C. Pound	Chippewa Falls	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 1, 1872
Milton H. Pettit	Kenosha	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Mar. 23, 1873
Charles D. Parker	Pleasant Valley	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
James M. Bingham	Chippewa Falls	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Sam S. Field	Ashland	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Geo. W. Ryland	Lancaster	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Charles Jonas	Racine	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Apr. 4, 1894
Emil Bensch	Manitowoc	from Jan. 8, 1893, to Jan. 2, 1899
Jesse Stone	Watertown	from Jan. 2, 1899, to Jan. 5, 1904
James O. Davidson	Soldiers' Grove	from Jan. 5, 1903, to

SECRETARIES OF STATE

Thos. McHugh	Delavan	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Wm. A. Barstow	Waukesha	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
C. D. Robinson	Green Bay	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Alex. T. Gray	Janesville	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
David W. Jones	Belmont	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 2, 1860
Louis P. Harvey	Shopiere	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
James T. Lewis	Columbus	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Lucius Fairchild	Madison	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Thomas S. Allen	Mineral Point	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Llywelyn Breese	Portage	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Peter Doyle	Prairie du Chien	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Hans B. Warner	Ellsworth	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Ernst G. Timme	Kenosha	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas J. Cunningham	Chippewa Falls	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Henry Casson	Viroqua	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
William H. Froehlich	Jackson	from Jan. 2, 1899, to Jan. 5, 1903
Walter L. Houser	Mondovi	from Jan. 5, 1903, to

STATE TREASURERS.

Jairus C. Fairchild	Madison	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Edward H. Janssen	Cedarburg	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 7, 1856
Charles Kuehn	Manitowoc	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Samuel D. Hastings	Trempealeau	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 1, 1866
William E. Smith	Fox Lake	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Henry Baetz	Manitowoc	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Ferdinand Kuehn	Milwaukee	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Richard Guenther	Oshkosh	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Edward C. McPetridge	Beaver Dam	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Henry B. Harshaw	Oshkosh	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
John Hunner	Eau Claire	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
Sewell A. Peterson	Rice Lake	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
James O. Davidson	Soldiers' Grove	from Jan. 2, 1899, to Jan. 5, 1903
John J. Kempf	Milwaukee	from Jan. 5, 1903, to July 30, 1904
Thos. M. Putell*	Cumberland	from July 30, 1904, to Jan. 2, 1905
John J. Kempf	Milwaukee	from Jan. 2, 1905, to

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

James S. Brown	Milwaukee	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
S. Park Coon	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Experience Estabrook	Geneva	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
George B. Smith	Madison	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
William R. Smith	Mineral Point	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Gabriel Bouck	Oshkosh	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
James H. Howe	Green Bay	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Oct. 7, 1862
Winfield Smith	Milwaukee	from Oct. 7, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Charles R. Gill	Watertown	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Stephen S. Barlow	Dellona	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
A. Scott Sloan	Beaver Dam	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Alexander Wilson	Mineral Point	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Leander F. Frisby	West Bend	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Charles E. Estabrook	Manitowoc	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
James L. O'Connor	Madison	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
William H. Mylrea	Wausau	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Emmett R. Hicks	Oshkosh	from Jan. 2, 1899, to Jan. 5, 1903
L. M. Sturdevant	Neillsville	from Jan. 5, 1903, to

*Appointed to fill vacancy caused by failure of John J. Kempf to file required bond.

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS.

(Office created August 16, 1848.)

Eleazer Root	Waukesha	from Jan. 1, 1849, to Jan. 5, 1852
Azel P. Ladd	Shullsburg	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Hiram A. Wright	Prairie du Chien	from Jan. 2, 1854, to May 29, 1855
A. Constantine Barry	Racine	from June 26, 1855, to Jan. 4, 1858
Lyman C. Draper	Madison	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Josiah L. Pickard	Platteville	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Sep. 30, 1864
John G. McMynn	Racine	from Oct. 1, 1864, to Jan. 6, 1868
Alexander J. Craig	Madison	from Jan. 6, 1868, to July 6, 1870
Samuel Fallows	Milwaukee	from July 6, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874
Edward Searing	Milton	from Jan. 4, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
William C. Whitford	Milton	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Robert Graham	Oshkosh	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Jesse B. Thayer	River Falls	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Oliver E. Wells	Appleton	from Jan. 5, 1891, to Jan. 7, 1895
John Q. Emery	Albion	from Jan. 7, 1895, to Jan. 2, 1899
Lorenzo D. Harvey	Milwaukee	from Jan. 2, 1899, to Jan. 5, 1903
Charles P. Cary	Delavan	from Jan. 5, 1903, to

BANK COMPTROLLERS.

(Office created by Chapter 479, Laws 1852—Abolished January 3, 1870, Chapter 28, Laws of 1868.)

James S. Baker	Green Bay	from Nov. 20, 1852 to Jan. 2, 1854
William M. Dennis	Watertown	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 4, 1858
Joel C. Squires	Mineral Point	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Gysbert Van Steenwyk	Kilbourn City	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
William H. Ramsey	Ozaukee	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Jeremiah M. Rusk	Viroqua	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870

STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Chapter 24, Laws of 1853—Abolished January 4, 1874, by Chapter 193, Laws of 1873.)

John Taylor	Waupun	from Mar. 28, 1853, to Apr. 2, 1853
Henry Brown	Fond du Lac	from Apr. 2, 1853, to Jan. 2, 1854
Argalus W. Starks	Baraboo	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Edward McGarry	Milwaukee	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Edward M. MacGraw	Sheboygan	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Hans C. Heg	Waterford	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Alexander P. Hodges	Oshkosh	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Henry Cordier	Waupun	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 3, 1870
George F. Wheeler	Springvale	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874

STATE COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION.

(Office created by Chap. 155, Laws of 1871—Abolished January 3, 1876, by Chap. 238, Laws of 1874.)

Ole C. Johnson	Beloit	from Apr. 3, 1871, to Jan. 5, 1874
Martin J. Argard	Eau Claire	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Section 8 of Chapter 273, Laws of 1874; made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

John W. Hoyt	.....Madison	.....	from Apr.29, 1874, to	Mar.10, 1876
Geo. H. Paul	.....Milwaukee	.....	from Apr.29, 1874, to	Mar.10, 1876
Joseph H. Osborn	....Oshkosh	.....	from Apr.29, 1874, to	Mar.10, 1876
Dana C. Lamb	.....Fond du Lac	.....	from Mar. 10, 1876, to	Feb.1, 1878
A. J. Turner	.....Portage	.....	from Feb. 1, 1878, to	Feb.15, 1882
N. P. Haugen	.....River Falls	.....	from Feb. 15, 1882, to	Jan 3, 1887
Atley Peterson	.....Soldiers' Grove	.....	from Jan. 3, 1887, to	Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas Thompson	...Independence	.....	from Jan. 5, 1891, to	Jan. 7, 1895
Duncan J. McKenzie	..Alma	.....	from Jan. 7, 1895, to	Jan. 2, 1899
Graham L. Rice	.....West Superior	.....	from Jan. 2, 1899, to	Jan. 5, 1903
John W. Thomas	.....Chippewa Falls	.....	from Jan. 5, 1903, to	.....

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

(By Chapter 56, Section 32, General Laws of 1867, the Secretary of State was Commissioner of Insurance *ex-officio* until the passage of Chapter 214, Laws of 1878, creating the office of Insurance Commissioner, which office was made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

Philip L. Spooner Jr.	.....Madison	.....	from Apr. 1, 1878, to	Jan. 3, 1887
Philip Cheek, Jr.	.....Baraboo	.....	from Jan. 3, 1887, to	Jan. 5, 1891
Wilbur M. Root	.....Sheboygan	.....	from Jan. 5, 1891, to	Jan. 7, 1895
William A. Fricke	...Milwaukee	.....	from Jan. 7, 1895, to	Oct. 15, 1898
Emil Giljohann	.....Milwaukee	.....	from Oct. 15, 1898, to	Jan. 5, 1902
Zeno M. Host	.....Milwaukee	.....	from Jan. 5, 1903, to	.....

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(The Supreme Court was not separately organized until 1853, previous to which time the judges of the Circuit Court were *ex-officio* Justices of the Supreme Court.)

Name	Circuit.	Date of oath of office.	Exp'n of term.
Alex. W. Stow, C. J.	.....4th	August 28, 1848, to....	Jan. 1, 1853
Edward V. Whiton, A. J.	.....1st	August 28, 1848, to....	June 1, 1853
Levi Hubbell, A. J. ¹	.....2d	August 28, 1848, to....	June 1, 1853
Charles H. Larrabee, A. J.	.....3d	August 28, 1848, to....	June 1, 1853
Mortimer M. Jackson, A. J.	.....5th	August 28, 1848, to....	June 1, 1853
Timothy O. Howe, A. J.	.....4th	January 1, 1851, to....	June 1, 1853
Wiram Knowlton, A. J.	.....6th	August 6, 1850, to....	June 1, 1853

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Name.	Title.	Date.	Term'tion of service.
Edward V. Whiton	.....C. J.	June 1, 1853, to....	Apr. 12, 1859
Luther S. Dixon	.....C. J.	April 20, 1859, to....	June 17, 1874
Edward G. Ryan	.....C. J.	June 17, 1874, to....	Oct. 19, 1880
Orsamus Cole	.....C. J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to....	Jan. 4, 1892
Samuel Crawford	.....A. J.	June 1, 1853, to....	June 19, 1855
Abram D. Smith	.....A. J.	June 1, 1853, to....	June 21, 1859
Orsamus Cole	.....A. J.	June 18, 1855, to....	Nov. 11, 1880
Byron Paine	.....A. J.	June 21, 1859, to....	Nov. 15, 1864

¹Elected Chief Justice June 18, 1851.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—SEPARATE ORGANIZATION—Con.

Jason Downer	A. J.	Nov. 15, 1864, to.....	Sept. 11, 1867
Byron Paine	A. J.	Sept. 11, 1867, to.....	Jan. 13, 1871
William P. Lyon ¹	J.	Jan. 20, 1871, to.....	Jan. 1, 1894
David Taylor ²	J.	April 18, 1878, to.....	Apr. 3, 1891
Harlow S. Orton ³	J.	April 18, 1878, to.....	July 4, 1895
John B. Cassoday ⁴	J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to...*	1st M. Jan., 1910
John B. Winslow	J.	May 4, 1891, to...*	1st M. Jan., 1906
Silas U. Pinney ⁵	J.	Jan. 1, 1892, to.....	Nov. 9, 1898
Alfred W. Newman ⁶	J.	Jan. 1, 1894, to.....	Jan. 12, 1898
Roujet D. Marshall	J.	Aug. 5, 1895, to...*	1st M. Jan., 1908
Charles V. Bardeen ⁷	J.	Apr. 5, 1898, to.....	Mar. 20, 1903
Joshua E. Dodge ⁸	J.	Nov. 19, 1898, to...*	1st M. Jan., 1912
Robert G. Siebecker ⁹	J.	Apr. 9, 1903, to...*	1st M. Jan., 1914
James C. Kerwin	J.	Jan. 1, 1905, to...*	1st M. Jan., 1915

CLERKS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

James R. Brigham	Appointed August term	1848
Samuel W. Beale	Appointed December 12	1851
Lafayette Kellogg	Appointed June 1	1853
Clarence Kellogg	Appointed June 11	1878

¹Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1892. ²Deceased Apr. 3, 1891. ³Became Chief Justice on 1st M. Jan., 1894. Died July 4, 1895.

⁴Ex-officio Chief Justice. ⁵Resigned Nov. 9, 1898. ⁶Deceased Jan. 12, 1898.

⁷Deceased March 20, 1903.

⁸Appointed to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Silas U. Pinney. Elected April 4, 1899, to fill unexpired term, ending 1902.

⁹Appointed to fill vacancy caused by the death of Justice Bardeen. Elected April 7, 1903, for full term.

*Expiration of term.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES

FROM 1848 TO 1895 INCLUSIVE.

SENATORS.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abert, George A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 78, b.
Abrams, Wm. J.	Green Bay, Brown.....	1868, 69, b.
Ackley, Henry M.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha....	1882, 83.
Adams, Henry	Monticello, Green	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Adams, John	Black Earth, Dane.....	1882, 83, b.
Adams, John Q.	Fall River, Columbia	1854, 55, 56, b.
Alban, James S.	Plover, Portage	1852, 53.
Allen, Benjamin	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1853, 54.
Altpeter, Oscar	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1893, 95.
Anderson, Matthew	Cross Plains, Dane	1878, 79, 80, 81, b.
Andrews, Abram D.	River Falls, Pierce.....	1878, 79.
Anson, Frank A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1899, 01, b.
Apple, Adam	North Cape, Racine.....	1891, 93, b.
Arnold, Alexander A.	Galesville, Trempealeau ..	1877, 78, b.
Austin, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee....	1895, 97.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk	1889, 91, b.
Bacon, Orrin	Monticello, Green	1872, 73, b.
Bailey, Dana R.	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1878, 79.
Baker, Robert H.	Racine, Racine	1873, 75, 76.
Baldwin, George	Chilton, Calumet	1870, 71, b.
Barber, J. Allen	Lancaster, Grant	1856, 57, b.
Barden, Levi W.	Portage, Columbia	1875, 76, 77, 78, b.
Barlow, Stephen S.	Delton, Sauk	1868, 69, b.
Barnes, S. W.	Waterloo, Jefferson	1856, 57.
Barney, John A.	Mayville, Dodge	1875, 76.
Barnum, George S.	Waukau, Winnebago	1865, 66, b.
Barron, Henry D.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1874, 75, 76, b.
Bartlett, M. D.	Durand, Pepin	1862, 63.
Bartlett, Oscar F.	East Troy, Walworth	1860, 61.
Bashford, Coles	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853, 54, 55.
Bashford, Robert M.	Madison, Dane	1893, 95.
Baxter, Charles H.	Lancaster, Grant	1893, 95, 97, 99.
Beach, Z. P.	Whitewater, Walworth	1903, 05.
Bean, Samuel C.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1857, 58, 61, 62.
Bechtner, Paul	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891, 93.
Belden, Philo	Rochester, Racine	1871, 72, b.
Bennett, Alden I.	Beloit, Rock	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Bennett, George	Kenosha, Kenosha	1860, 61.
Bennett, Joseph B.	Watertown, Jefferson	1879, 80.
Bennett, Stephen O.	Raymond, Racine	1851, 52, b.
Bennett, Van S.	Rockton, Vernon	1882, 83, b.
Bentley, John A.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1865, 66.
Billings, Henry M.	Highland, Iowa	1848, b.
Bird, H. P.	Wausaukee, Marinette	1903, 05.
Bissell, William G.	Lodi, Columbia	1899, 1901.
Black, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, 75, b.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Blackstone, John W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1880, 81.
Blake, Edward R.	Port Washington, Ozaukee.	1883, 85, b.
Blair, Andrew M.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1853, 54.
Blair, William	Waukesha, Waukesha	1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.	Tomah, Monroe	1874, 75, b.
Bohan, John R.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1863, 64, b.
Bones, Thomas A.	Racine, Racine	1877, 78.
Botkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane	1849, 50, b.
Bovee, Marvin H.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1853.
Bowen, Ezra B.	Mayville, Dodge	1864, 55.
Bowen, Thomas S.	Waupun, Dodge	1882, 53.
Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia...	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Royd, John W.	Geneva, Walworth	1848, 49, 58, 59.
Bragg, Edward S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1866, 69.
Briggs, John R., Jr.	Beloit, Rock	1853.
Brown, Neal	Wausau, Marathon	1893, 95, b.
Brown, Orlando	Modena, Buffalo	1872, 73, b.
Browne, Edward L.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1861, 62, 67, 68.
Bryant, George E.	Madison, Dane	1875, 76, b.
Buckstaff, Geo. II.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1887, 89, b.
Budlong, S. W.	Waterloo, Jefferson	1865, 66.
Bugh, Samuel G.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1851, 52.
Bull, Benjamin	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1866, 67.
Bull, Hiram C.	Madison, Dane	1857.
Burchard, Samuel D.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1870, 71, 73, 74.
Burdge, R. J.	Beloit, Rock	1879, 80, 91, 93, b.
Burdick, Zebulon P.	Janesville, Rock	1859, 60, b.
Burke, Michael E.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1895, 97.
Burns, Edward E.	Platteville, Grant	1901, 63, 65.
Burrows, George B.	Madison, Dane	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Butt, Cyrus M.	Viroqua, Vernon	1869, 70.
Cameron, Angus	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1863, 64, 71, 72, b.
Campbell, Archibald	Middlebury, Iowa	1878, 89.
Campbell, Francis	Gratiot, Lafayette	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Carey, John	Osman, Manitowoc	1883, 85, 87, b.
Carter, Benjamin F.	Sherwood, Calumet	1880, 81, b.
Cary, John W.	Racine, Racine	1853, 54, b.
Cary, Luther H.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1861, 62, b.
Case, Jerome I.	Racine, Racine	1865, 66.
Cate, N. S.	De Sota, Vernon	1862.
Cavanaugh, Daniel	Osceola, Fond du Lac.....	1876, 77, b.
Chandler, John A.	Sparta, Monroe	1865, 66.
Chandler, Willard H.	Windsor, Dane	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Chappell, William	Watertown, Jefferson	1858, 59, b.
Chase, C. S.	Racine, Racine	1857, 58.
Chase, Enoch	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882, 83, b.
Chase, Warren	Ceasco, Fond du Lac	1848, 49.
Chipman, William E.	Burlington, Racine	1879, 80.
Clapp, J. D.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson...	1863, 64.
Clark, Satterlee	Horicon, Dodge	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, b.
Clark, Temple	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1857, 58.
Clawson, F. J.	Monroe, Green	1889, 91.
Clement, Charles	Racine, Racine	1855, 56.
Cobb, Amasa	Mineral Point, Iowa	1855, 56, b.
Cole, Samuel	Gratiot, Lafayette	1861, 62, 65, 66.
Colladay, William M.	Stoughton, Dane	1871, 72, b.
Colman, Edward	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882, 83.
Comstock, Cicero	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859, 60.
Comstock, Noah D.	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1883, 85, b.
Conger, William F.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1895, 97.
Conkey, Theodore	Appleton, Outagamie	1851, 52, b.
Conklin, James	Madison, Dane	1886, 87.
Conner, Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1891, 93.
Cook, E. Fox	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1857, 58.
Cooper, Henry Allen	Racine, Racine	1887, 89.
Copp, William J.	Prescott, Pierce	1868, 69.
Cotfren, Montgomery M.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1849, 50.
Cottrell, J. P. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Cotzhausen, Frederick W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873, 74.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Cox, Charles P.	River Falls, Pierce	1860, 61.
Crane, H. O.	Neenah, Winnebago	1861.
Crosby, Charles F.	Wausau, Marathon	1881, 82.
Cunning, Hugh	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1861, 62.
Curtis, Henry W.	Delton, Sauk	1859, 60.
Davis, Horatio N.	Beloit, Rock	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Davis, Moses M.	Portage City, Columbia.....	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Davis, Romanzo E.	Middleton, Dane	1870, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Davis, Charles W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1895, 97.
Day, C. W.	De Pere, Brown	1887.
Dean, Eliab B., Jr.	Madison, Dane	1851, 52.
Decker, Edward	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1860, 61.
DeGroff, John W.	Alma, Buffalo	1881, 82, b.
Delaney, Arthur K.	Mayville, Dodge	1887, 89, b.
Dennett, Fred A.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1897, 99.
Dennis, William M.	Watertown, Jefferson	1848, 49, b.
Dering, Charles L.	Columbus, Columbia	1879, 80.
Deuster, Peter V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 71, b.
Devos, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99, 01.
Dewey, Nelson	Lancaster, Grant	1854, 55.
Dexter, George E.	Monroe, Green	1856, 57.
Douglas, Mark	Melrose, Jackson	1876, 77, b.
Downs, Daniel L.	Richland Center, Richland	1876, 77, b.
Dunn, Charles	Belmont, Lafayette	1853, 54, 55, 56.
Dyson, T. A.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1887, 89.
Earnest, James H.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1863, 64, 67, 68, b.
Eastman, Enos	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1875, 76, b.
Eastman, J. A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1850, 51.
Eaton, Barney A.	Cudahy, Milwaukee	1899, 01 03, 05, b.
Eaton, Henry L.	Lone Rock, Richland	1872, 73, b.
Egan, Michael J.	Franklin, Milwaukee	1869, 61, b.
Eldredge, Charles A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1854, 55.
Ellis, Frederick S.	Green Bay, Brown	1864, 65, b.
Ellis, William A.	Peshigo, Oconto	1881, 82.
Elwood, G. DeWitt	Princeton, Green Lake	1865, 66.
Erwin, Charles K.	Tomah, Monroe	1882, 83, 85, 87.
Falconer, Russel C.	Portage, Columbia	1801, 93.
Farr, Asahel	Kenosha, Kenosha	1876, 77, b.
Fearne, Thomas	Colomo, Waushara	1859, 01.
Fenton, Daniel G.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1848.
Fetzer, John	Forestville, Door	1885, 91, 93, b.
Ferguson, Benjamin	Fox Lake, Dodge	1860, 61.
Field, R. C.	Osseo, Trempealeau	1874, 75, b.
Fiffeld, Sam S.	Ashland, Ashland	1877, 80, 81, b.
Finkelnburg, Augustus	Fountain City, Buffalo	1881, 82, b.
Fisher, Charles T.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Fisher, Ira W.	Menasha, Winnebago	1869, 70.
Fisher, James	Eastman, Crawford	1849, 50, b.
Fitch, George	Berlin, Green Lake	1887, 89.
Fitzgerald, John	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1856.
Flint, Edwin	La Crosse La Crosse	1862.
Flint, Rockwell J.	Menomonie, Dunn	1846, 77, 82, 83, b.
Flint, Waldo S.	Princeton, Green Lake	1871, 72, b.
Foot, Ezra A.	Footville, Rock	1861, 62, b.
Foster, James H.	Koro, Winnebago	1871, 72, b.
Fratt, Nicholas D.	Racine, Racine	1859, 60.
Frear, Jas. A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1905, b.
Fritz, Theodore	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887, 89.
Froemming, Theo.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Frost, Geo. L.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1863, 64, b.
Fulton, Marcus A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1866, 67, b.
Gale, George	Elkhorn, Walworth	1850, 51.
Gardner, E. T.	Monroe, Green	1848, 49.
Gary, George	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1866, b.
Gaveny, John C.	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1901, 03.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Gernon, Edward	Genesee, Waukesha	1856, 57.
Gibson, Thomas K.	Benton, Lafayette	1848.
Gibson, William J.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1855, 56, b.
Giddings, James	Chester, Dodge	1850, 51.
Giles, Hiram H.	Stoughton, Dane	1855, 56, 57, 58, b.
Gill, Bolivar G.	Grafton, Ozaukee	1855, 56.
Gill, Charles R.	Watertown, Jefferson	1860, 61.
Ginly, George C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1885, 87, b.
Goodell, Lemuel	Stockbridge, Calumet	1849, 50, b.
Graham, Hiram P.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1874, 75.
Grant, Levi	Kenosha, Kenosha	1854.
Gray, Hamilton H.	Darlington, Lafayette	1869, 70, b.
Greene, Walter S.	Milford, Jefferson	1873, 74, b.
Green, J. Herbert	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson...	1887, 89.
Greenlich, Augustus	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 99, 01, 03.
Griffin, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 58, b.
Grimmer, George	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1880, 81, b.
Griswold, William M.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1877, 78, 79, 80.
	Columbus, Columbia	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Haben, Andrew	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1879, 80, b.
Habich, Carl	Madison, Dane	1868, 69.
Hadley, Jackson	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855, 56, b.
Hagemeister, Henry F.	Green Bay, Brown	1901, 03, 05, b.
Hall, John C.	Monroe, Green	1870, 71.
Hamilton, J. B.	Neenah, Winnebago	1862, 63, 81, 82.
Hanchett, Luther	Plover, Portage	1857, 58, 59, 60.
Hatton, William H.	New London, Waupaca	1899, 01, 03, 05.
Harris, John H.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1864, 65.
Harris, Joseph	Elkhorn, Walworth	1899, 01.
Harvey, Louis P.	Shopiere, Rock	1854, 55, 56, 57.
Hathaway, Oscar C.	Beetown, Grant	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Hay, Samuel M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1862, b.
Hazelton, George C.	Boscobel, Grant	1863, 69, 70, 71.
Hazelton, Gerry W.	Columbus, Columbia	1861, 62.
Head, Orson S.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1851.
Herrick, Charles	Racine, Racine	1874.
Hicks, Edward	Green Bay, Brown	1862, 63, b.
Hilgen, Frederick	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1860.
Hill, James	Warren, St. Croix	1882, 83, b.
Hlner, William H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Hixon, Gideon C.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1873, 74, b.
Hobart, Harrison C.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1848.
Holloway, John C.	Lancaster, Grant	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Hood, Thomas	Madison, Dane	1864, 65.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.	Madison, Dane	1862, 63, b.
Horn, Frederick W.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1848, 49, 50, 91, 93, b.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1859, 60, 63, b.
Houghton, Horace E.	Durand, Pepin	1879, 80, b.
Howell, Daniel	Jefferson, Jefferson	1854, 55, b.
Hoyt, J. W.	Chaseburg, Vernon	1885, 87.
	Appleton, Outagamie	1862, 63.
Hudd, Thomas R.	Green Bay, Brown	1876, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 85, b.
Hudnall, George B.	Superior, Douglas	1903, 05.
Huebschmann, Francis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, 52, 62, 71, 72.
Hulburt, David B.	Loganville, Sauk	1885, 87, b.
Humphrey, Herman L.	Hudson, St. Croix	1862, 63, b.
Hunt, George F.	West Bend, Washington....	1881, 82.
Hunter, Ed. M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 54.
Hutchinson, Buell E.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1860, 61, b.
Hyde, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, b.
Hyer, George	Waukesha, Waukesha	1851, b.
Irish, Joseph E.	New Richmond, St. Croix..	1872, 73.
Ives, Edward H.	Trimbelle, Pierce	1870, 71, b.
Jacobs, Michael A.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1899, 01.
Jacobs, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
James, Norman L.	Richland Center, Richland.	1885, 87, b.
Jenkins, George A.	Charlestown, Calumet	1862, b.
Johnson, John A.	Madison, Dane	1873, 74, b.
Johnson, O. W.	Racine, Racine	1903, 05.
Joiner, Lemuel W.	Wyoming, Iowa	1857, 58, 61, 62, 69, 70, b.
Joiner, R. L.	Wyoming, Iowa	1889, 91.
Jonas, Charles	Racine, Racine	1883, 85, b.
Jones, Alfred M.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1899, 01.
Jones, Evan O.	Cambria, Columbia	1873, 74.
Jones, John II.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1871, 72.
Judd, Stoddard	Fox Lake, Dodge	1866, 67, b.
Kellogg, John A.	Wausau, Marathon	1879, 80.
Kelly, David M.	Green Bay, Brown	1890, 81, b.
Kelsey, Charles S.	Montello, Marquette	1861, 62, 63, 64, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.	Montello, Marquette	1855, 56, b.
Kempf, John J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889, 91.
Kennedy, William	Appleton, Outagamie	1885, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95.
Keogh, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862, 63, b.
Kershaw, William J.	Big Springs, Adams	1869, 70, b.
Ketcham, William	Richland Center, Richland.	1864, 67, 68, 69.
Kidd, Edward I.	Millville, Grant	1855, 87, 89, 91, b.
Kimball, Alanson M.	Pine River, Waushara	1869, 64.
Kimball, M. L.	Berlin, Green Lake	1857, 58.
Kingston, John T.	Necedah, Juneau	1857, 59.
Kingston, J. T., Jr.	Ashland, Ashland	1891, 93.
Kinney, Asa	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848, 49.
Klotz, Ignatius	Campbellspt, Fond du Lac.	1888, 87, b.
Knudson, Norman A.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1869, 01.
Koenitzer, C. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891, 93.
Kreiss, George	Appleton, Outagamie	1872, 73, b.
Kreutzer, Andrew L.	Wausau, Marathon	1889, 01, 03, 05.
Kroeger, Herman	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889, 91.
Krouskop, George	Richland Center, Richland.	1870, 71, 74, 75.
Kruzka, M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, 25, b.
Kusel, Frederick	Watertown, Jefferson	1881, 82.
Lakin, George W.	Platteville, Grant	1848, 49.
Lamoureux, Clarence A.	Ashland, Ashland	1897, 99.
Lander, H. W.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1863, 69.
Larkin, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Lawrence, William A.	Janesville, Rock	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Leahy, John E.	Wausau, Marathon	1887, 89, b.
Lees, Robert	Alma, Buffalo	1891, 93, b.
Lewis, James T.	Columbus, Columbia	1853, b.
Lincoln, Wyman L.	Avoca, Iowa	1865, 66, b.
Lindsley, Myron P.	Green Bay, Brown	1872, 73.
Ins, John A.	Eagle, Waukesha	1885, 87, b.
Little, Francis	Mineral Point, Iowa	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Littlejohn, N. M.	Whitewater, Walworth	1864, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69.
Lochen, Peter	Newberg, Washington	1887, 89.
Leper, Alonzo A.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1878, 79, b.
Lord, Simon L.	Edgerton, Rock	1883, 85, b.
Lorejoy, A. P.	Janesville, Rock	1887, 89.
Lor, Joseph F.	De Pere, Brown	1854, 55.
Lynde, William Pitt	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 70, b.
MacBride, Robert J.	Neillsville, Clark	1891, 93, b.
Magoon, Henry S.	Darlington, Lafayette	1871, 72.
Mailier, Andrew C.	De Pere, Brown	1897, 99.
Main, Willett S.	Madison, Dane	1889, 91.
Mann, Curtis	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1868, 69.
Manz, Baltus	Meeker, Washington	1854.
Martin, Harry C.	Darlington, Lafayette	1899, 01, 03, 05, b.
Martin, Levi F.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1893, 95.
Martin, Morgan L.	Green Bay, Brown	1858, 59, b.
Masters, E. D.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1859, 60.
Maxon, Densmore W.	Cedar Creek, Washington.	1858, 59, 60, 61, b.
Maxwell, Walter S.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1885, 87, b.
Mayer, Stephan F.	West Bend, Washington	1895, 97.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
McClellan, Samuel R.	Wilmot, Kenosha	1858, 59.
McCord, Myron H.	Shawano, Shawano	1873, 74, b.
McCurdy, Robert	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873, 74.
McDill, Alexander S.	Plover, Portage	1863, 64, b.
McDonald, Donald A.	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883, 85, b.
McDonough, Frank	Eau Claire	1901, 1903.
McFarland, David	Highland, Iowa	1875, 76, b.
McFetridge, Edward C.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1879, 80, b.
McGarry, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854, 55, b.
McGeehan, Robert J.	De Pere, Brown	1893, 95, b.
McGillivray, James J.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1895, 97, 99, 01, 03, 05, b.
McGrew, Joseph B.	Richland Center, Richland.	1880, 81, b.
McKeeby, Gilbert E.	Lodi, Columbia	1881, 82.
McLane George R.	Summit, Waukesha	1853, 54.
McMullen, John E.	Chilton, Calumet	1895, 97.
Mead, M. C.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1889, 91.
Meade, Matt J.	Green Bay, Brown	1866, 67.
Mears, Daniel	Osceola Mills, Polk	1858, 59.
McFerrt, William O.	Arena, Iowa	1882, 83.
Merrell, Henry	Fort Winnebago, Columbia	1848, 49.
Merrill, Geo. F.	Ashland, Ashland	1887, 89.
Merton, Ernst	Waukesha, Waukesha	1903, 05.
Messinger, R. N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Miller, Ezra	Beloit, Rock	1853, 54.
Miller George P.	Madison, Dane	1901 03.
Miller, Wm.	Rusk, Dunn	1889, 91, b.
Mills, Edgar G.	Superior, Douglas	1899, 01.
Mills, Jesse C.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1856, 57.
Mills, Simeon	Madison, Dane	1848.
Mills, Thomas B.	Superior, Douglas	1895, 97, b.
Miner, Eliphalet S.	Necedah, Juneau	1871, 72, b.
Minor, Edward S.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1883, 85, b.
Mitchell, George W.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1862, 63.
Mitchell, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, 73, 76, 77.
Montgomery, Edwin	Farmington, Jefferson	1861, 62, b.
Moore, G. De G.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1850, 51.
Moore, Harvey T.	Brodhead, Green	1874, 75.
Morgan, Lyman	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 79, 80.
Morris, Thos.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1905.
Morris, T. D.	Whitesville, Racine	1863, 64.
Morse, Elmer D.	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1901, 03.
Mosher, Orville W.	New Richmond, St. Croix...	1901, 03, b.
Mumbrue, Henry C.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1877, 78, b.
Munson, Oliver G.	Viroqua, Vernon	1897, 99, 01, 03, 05.
Murphy, Dennis	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1849, 50.
Murphy, J. W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 93, b.
Nash, Wm. F.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1889, 91, 93, b.
Nason, Joel F.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1885, 87.
Nelson, William	Viroqua, Vernon	1872, 73.
Nevins, Sylvester L.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1875, 76.
Newman, Alfred W.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1868, 69, b.
Noble, J. H.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1905.
North, Wm. C.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1903, 05.
Norton, Otis W.	Milton, Rock	1848, 49, 50.
Officer, James C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
O'Neill, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856, 57, b.
O'Neill, William	Washburn, Bayfield	1901, 03, b.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.	Cascade, Sheboygan	1873, 74, b.
Paddock, Francis	Salem, Kenosha	1855.
Palmer, Andrew	Janesville, Rock	1851, 52.
Palmer, Henry L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68, b.
Palmetier, Charles	Lake Geneva, Walworth...	1882, 83.
Parry, William T.	Portage, Columbia	1883, 85, b.
Paul, George H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878, 79, 80, 81.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Peirce, Clarence E.	Germania, Marquette	1895, 97.
Persons, E. W.	De Pere, Brown	1889, 91.
Pettibone, C. A.	Juneau, Dodge	1887, 89.
Pettit, Milton H.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1870, 71.
Phalen, Dennis T.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1893, 95, b.
Phillips, Albert L.	Racine, Racine	1881, 82, b.
Phillips, Charles H.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1879, b.
Phillips, E. S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1860, 61.
Phillips, John	Stevens Point, Portage	1895, 97.
Phipps, W. H.	Hudson, St. Croix	1891, 93.
Pier, Edward	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1856, 57, 58, 59.
Pingel, John L.	Appleton, Outagamie	1882, 83.
Pinckney, Bertine	Rosendale, Fond du Lac....	1852, 53, b.
Pond, L. E.	Westfield, Marquette	1887, 89.
Popo, Carl C.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1864, 65, b.
Potter, Robert L. D.	Wautoma, Waushara	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Pratt, George C.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1862, 63.
Pratt, George W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1891, 93 b.
Prentice, Judson	Spring Prairie, Walworth....	1870, 71, 72, 73, b.
Price, Samuel	Watertown, Jefferson	1852, 53.
Price, H. H.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1889, 91.
Price, William T.	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1857, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, b.
Proudfit, Andrew	Madison, Dane	1858, 59.
Proudfit, James K.	Madison, Dane	1866, 67.
Purdy, William S.	Viroqua, Vernon	1863.
Putnam, Henry C.	Brodhead, Green	1895, 97.
Quarles, Joseph V.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1880, 81, b.
Quentin, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861, 62.
Quimby, John B.	Sauk City, Sauk	1872, 73, 74, 75.
Randall, Archibald N.	Brodhead, Green	1882, 83.
Randolph, Samuel W.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1903, 05.
Rankin, Joseph	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Ranney, Joel W.	West Salem, La Crosse	1867, 68.
Reed, Duncan C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 51, 52, 53.
Reed, George	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70.
Reed, John M.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1874, 75, b.
Reed, Myron	Waupaca, Waupaca	1871, 72.
Reed, Orson	Summit, Waukesha	1866, 67, b.
Reed, William W.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1875, 76, 77, 78, 83, 85, b.
Reukema, Rip.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Reymert, James D.	Denoon, Waukesha	1854, 55, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O.	Geneva, Walworth	1878, 79, b.
Reynolds, H. P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 65.
Reynolds, J. C.	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1889, 91.
Reynolds, John F.	Genoa Junction, Racine	1899, 01.
Rice, John A.	Merton, Waukesha	1870, 71, 74, 75, 78, 79.
Rich, Joel	Juneau, Dodge	1862, 63.
Richardson, Hamilton	Janesville, Rock	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Richmond, George N.	Appleton, Outagamie	1878, 79, b.
Ring, M. C.	Neillsville, Clark	1885, b.
Ringle, John	Wausau, Marathon	1883, 85, b.
Ritch, William G.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1868.
Rittenhouse, W.	Monroe, Green	1850, 51.
Riordan, Daniel E.	Eagle River, Vilas	1897, 99, 01, 03.
Rodolf, Charles G.	Orion, Richland	1859, 60, b.
Rochr, Julius E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99, 01, 03, 05.
Rogers, C. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903, 05.
Rolfe, James	Jackson, Washington	1855.
Rose, Solomon L.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1856, 57, b.
Rounds, William P.	Menasha, Winnebago	1875, 76, b.
Rountree, John H.	Platteville, Grant	1850, 51, 66, 67, b.
Rummel, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Rust, William A.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1887, 89.
Ryan, James	Appleton, Outagamie	1876, 77.
Ryland, George W.	Lancaster, Grant	1880, 81, 82, 83.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Sacket, Hobart S.	Berlin, Green Lake	1877, 78, 79, 80, b.
Sanborn, A. W.	Ashland, Ashland	1905, b.
Sanderson, Robert B.	Poynette, Columbia	1867, 68, b.
Sarau, C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1903, b.
Schantz, Adam	Addison, Washington	1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
Schlichting, Reinhard	Chilton, Calumet	1874, 75.
Schmidt, Carl H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Schneider, Philip	Barton, Washington	1877, 78, b.
Scofield, Edward	Oconto, Oconto	1887, 89.
Schuette, John	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1875, 76.
Schulteis, H. J.	Port Washington, Ozaukee	1857, 58.
Scott, Thomas B.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Seaton, James W.	Potosi, Grant	1853, b.
Seeley, M. W.	Marquette, Green Lake	1859, 60.
Sessions, Milan H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1865, 66, b.
Sharpstein, John R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852, 53, b.
Sherman, Benjamin F.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1883, 85, b.
Sholes, Charles C.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1866, 67, b.
Sholes, C. Latham	Racine, Racine	1848, 49.
Silverman, Lion	Kenosha, Kenosha	1856, 57, b.
Silverthorn, Willis C.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1859.
Simpson, Edward B.	Wausau, Marathon	1875, 76, b.
Simpson, Philemon B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881, 82, b.
Smead, S. M.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Smith, Augustus L.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1893.
Smith, C. H.	Appleton, Outagamie	1866, 67.
Smith, Horatio N.	Markesan, Green Lake	1905, b.
Smith, John B.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1853, 54, b.
Smith, Patrick H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50.
Smith, Perry H.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Smith, William E.	Appleton, Outagamie	1856, 57, b.
Solliday, Albert	Fox Lake, Dodge	1858, 59, 64, 65, b.
Spensley, Calvert	Watertown, Jefferson	1891, 93, 95, 97.
Spooner, Wyman	Mineral Point, Iowa	1893, 95.
Sprague, Fred A.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1862, 63, b.
Squires, Joel C.	Eagleville, Waukesha	1849, 50.
Stanchfield, S. B.	Lancaster, Grant	1852, 53, b.
Stanley, Wm. S. Jr.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1889, 91, b.
Starks, Argalus W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85, b.
Stebbins, De Wayne	Baraboo, Sauk	1866, 67, b.
Steele, Elijah	Algoma, Kewaunee	1895, 97, 99, 01, b.
Sterling, Levi	Pike, Kenosha	1850.
Stevens, E. E.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1851, 52, 53, 54, b.
Stevens Henry	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1905.
Stewart, Alva	Caledonia Center, Racine	1867, 68, 69, 70, b.
Stewart, John W.	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson	1852, 53, b.
Stondall, A. M.	Monroe, Green	1860, 61.
Strong, Bennett U.	Madison, Dane	1905.
Stout, James H.	Spring Green, Sauk	1870, 71.
Sutherland, George E.	Menomonie, Dunn	1895, 97, 99, 01, 03, 05.
Sutherland, James	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1880, 81.
Swain, George W.	Janesville, Rock	1855, 56, 57, 58.
Sweet, John B.	Chaseburg, Vernon	1878, 79.
Sweet, Benjamin J.	Black Earth, Dane	1860, 61, b.
	Chilton, Calumet	1861.
Tate, J. Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1876, 77, b.
Taylor, Chas. S.	Barron, Barron	1889, 91, b.
Taylor, David	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1855, 56, 69, 70, b.
Taylor, H. A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1889.
Taylor, William E.	Cottage Grove, Dane	1859, 60, b.
Thayer, Lyman W.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1893, 95, 97, 99, b.
Thomas, John E.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1863, 64, b.
Thomas, Ormsby B.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1880, 81.
Thorn, Gerrit T.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1867, 68, b.
Thorp, Frederick O.	West Bend, Washington	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.
Thorp, Herman S.	Cypress, Kenosha	1862, 63, b.
Thorp, Joseph G.	Eau Claire Eau Claire	1866, 67, 72, 73.
Thurber, Samuel H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1859, 60.
Timme, Ernest G.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1895, 97.

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Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Todd, S. J.	Beloit, Rock	1867, 68.
Torry, Return D.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1877, 78.
Town, Hiram S.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1870, 71.
Treat, Joseph B.	Monroe, Green	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Tucker, William H.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1853, 59.
Turner, Harvey G.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1851, 52.
Turner, Joseph	Prairieville, Waukesha	1848.
Turner, Peter H.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1850, 51.
Utley, William L.	Racine, Racine	1861, 62, b.
Van Schaick, Isaac W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert	La Crosse, La Crosse	1879, 80, b.
Van Wyck, Anthony	Kenosha, Kenosha	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Vilas, Joseph, Jr.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1863, 64.
Virgin, Noah H.	Platteville, Grant	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Vittum, David S.	Baraboo, Sauk	1853, 54.
Voss, Wm. F.	Watertown, Jefferson	1891, 93.
Waddington, J. S.	Argyle, Lafayette	1885, 87.
Wagner, Joseph	Calvary, Fond du Lac	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Wakeley, Eleazer	Whitewater, Walworth	1852, 53, 54, 55, b.
Walker, Lyman	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1870, 71, b.
Wall, Thomas	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853, 85, b.
Walsh, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858, 59, b.
Ware, James F.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1885, 87, b.
Waring, George D.	Berlin, Green Lake	1869, 70.
Warner, Clement E.	Windsor, Dane	1867, 68, b.
Warner, Hans B.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1883, 85.
Warren, John H.	Albany, Green	1858, 59.
Washburn, G. W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1859, 60.
Weaver, Richard	Sussex, Waukesha	1880, 81, b.
Webb, Charles M.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1869, 70, 83.
Webb, Henry G.	Wautoma, Waushara	1865, 66, 67, 68, b.
Wechselberg, Julius	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885, 87.
Weed, Henry I.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1899, 01.
Weeks, Thompson D.	Whitewater, Walworth	1874, 75, 93, 95, b.
Well, Baruch S.	West Bend, Washington	1853, 56, 57, b.
Welch, David E.	Baraboo, Sauk	1876, 77, 78, 79, b.
Welton, Chauncey B.	Madison, Dane	1897, 99.
Wescott, Davne E.	Shawano, Shawano	1893, 95.
Wescott, Walter S.	Monroe, Green	1856, 65, b.
West, E. B.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1852.
West, Edmund A.	Monroe, Green	1862, 63, b.
West, Francis H.	Monroe, Green	1854, 55, b.
Whelan, John W.	Mondovi, Buffalo	1897, 99, b.
Wheeler, Edwin	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1857, 58.
Wheeler, Geo. F.	Nanaupa, Fond du Lac	1864, 65, 66, 67.
White, Philo	Racine, Racine	1897, 99.
Whitehead, John M.	Janesville, Rock	1897, 99, 01, 03, 05.
Whitman, Alexander B.	Appleton, Outagamie	1897, 99.
Whitman, Joel	Dodgeville, Iowa	1867, 68.
Whittlesey, T. T.	Madison, Dane	1853, 54.
Widule, Christian	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 89, b.
Wilcox, F. W.	Appleton, Outagamie	1905.
Wiley, James F.	Hancock, Waushara	1831, 82, 83, 85.
Wilkinson, Smith S.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1862, 63, 64, 65.
Willard, Victor M.	Waterford, Racine	1849, 50.
Williams, Charles G.	Janesville, Rock	1869, 70, 71, 72.
Williams, Charles H.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1877, 78.
Williams, M. B.	Watertown, Jefferson	1848, 49.
Williams, Nelson	Stoughton, Dane	1869, 70, b.
Willy, T. Albert	Appleton, Outagamie	1901, 03, b.
Wilmot, Gilead J.	West Bend, Washington	1875, 76.
Wilson, DeWitt C.	Sparta, Monroe	1863, b.
Wilson, William	Menomonie, Dunn	1857.
Wilson, William K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Wing, Merrick P.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1877, 78, 81, 82.
Wipperman, H. C.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1903, 06, b.

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SENATORS—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Withee, Levi	La Crosse, La Crosse	1893, 95, 97, 99.
Wolf, Louis	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878, 79, b.
Wolf, George W.	Rhine, Sheboygan	1901, 03, 05, b.
Woodman, Edwin E.	Baraboo, Sauk	1880, 81.
Woodman, William W.	Farmington, Jefferson	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Woodnort, J. H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1891, 93.
Woodworth, D. W.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1895, 97, 99.
Worthington, Denison	Summit, Waukesha	1855, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, b.
Wright, Hiram A.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1851, 52, b.
Wright, J. A.	Merrill, Lincoln	1905.
Wylie, Geo.	Leeds, Columbia	1903, 05, b.
Yahr, F. T.	Princeton, Green Lake	1884, 93.
Youmans, Clarion A.	Neillsville, Clark	1895, 97.
Young, Austin H.	Prescott, Pierce	1864, 65.
Young, Milas K.	Glen Haven, Grant	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Young, Van Eps	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1867.
Young, William	Medina, Outagamie	1868, 69.

b. See list of Assemblymen.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Abbott, Chauncy	Madison, Dane	1850.
Abbott, Samuel G.	Verona Dane	1855.
Abbott, Simeon W.	Spring Valley, Rock	1852.
Abell, Alfred H.	Geneva, Walworth	1877.
Abert, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861, 62, 63, 68, 69, 70, 72.
Abert, George A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882, 83, 93, b.
Abrams, Delos	Bloomington, Grant	1875.
Abrams, William J.	Green Bay, Brown	1864, 65, 66, 67, b.
Ackermann, Christian	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1895, 97.
Adams, Benjamin F.	Door Creek, Dane	1862, 72.
Adams, Ebenezer	Yorkville, Racine	1855.
Adams, George H.	Danville, Dodge	1864.
Adams, Henry	Monticello, Green	1848, b.
Adams, Henry C.	Madison, Dane	1883, 85.
Adams, Isaac	Door Creek, Dane	1867, 75.
Aqams, James M.	Oconto, Oconto	1870.
Adams, John	Black Earth, Dane	1869, 70, 72, b.
Adams, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Adams, John Q.	Fall River, Columbia	1883, 63, b.
Aqams, John W.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1899.
Adams, Michael	Columbus, Columbia	1872, 83.
Adamson, Wm. A.	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac	1880.
Adland, Knud	North Cape, Racine	1879.
Agen, James H.	West Superior, Douglas	1887.
Agry, David	Green Bay, Brown	1848.
Ahlhauser, Anthony	Saukville, Ozaukee	1860.
Ainsworth, Roderick	Merton, Waukesha	1901, 03, 05.
Akan, Robert	Richland, Richland	1856.
Albers, Wilhelm T.	Hika, Manitowoc	1883.
Alcott, Denison	Spring Valley, Rock	1863.
Alden, Albert	Delafield, Waukesha	1849, 58, 60.
Alden, Alvin E.	Portage, Columbia	1858.
Alden, Levi	Janesville, Rock	1856.
Aldrich, Alma M.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1878.
Alorich, William	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1859.
Auridge, W. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Allen, Ahaz F.	Gilmanton, Buffalo	1871.
Allen, Anson C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879.
Allen, Dwight S.	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1889.
Allen, Fayette	Durand, Pepin	1864, 67, 69.
Allen, George	Linn, Walworth	1855.
Allen, George R.	Genoa Junction, Walworth	1880.
Allen, Gideon W.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1872.
Allen, Henry	Port Washington, Wash.	1848.
Allan, James, Jr.	Adell, Sheboygan	1879.
Allen, James H.	Sparta, Monroe	1873.
Allen, Joseph	New California, Grant	1867.
Allen, Lucius	East Troy, Walworth	1864.
Allen, Philip	Browntown, Green	1889.
Allen, Thomas S.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1857.
Allen, William C.	Delavan, Walworth	1866, 67.
Allen, William P.	Sharon, Walworth	1880.
Alling Alexander M.	Saukville, Ozaukee	1858.
Allison, William	Durand, Pepin	1880.
Altenhofen, Mathias	Kewaskum, Washington	1860.
Anderson, Andrew J.	Argyle, Lafayette	1877.
Anderson, Canute	Grantsburg, Burnett	1878, 83.
Anderson, Henry	Baldwin, St. Croix	1901.
Anderson, John	Apple River (Ill.), Lafayette	1879.
Anderson, J. S.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1889.
Anderson, Matthew	Cross Plains, Dane	1871, b.
Anderson, Nels	Scandinavia, Waupaca	1880.
Anderson, Nicholas	Albion, Dane	1889.
Anderson, Ole	Esofea, Vernon	1875.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Anderson, Thomas W.	Stevens Point, Portage	1876.
Andrew, Wallace W.	Superior, Douglas	1901, 03, 05.
Anson, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Anson, Frank A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Anunson, John	Winchester, Winnebago ...	1859, 57.
Apple, Adam	North Cape, Racine	1882, 83, 85, 87, b.
Armstrong, Charles	Baraboo, Sauk	1853.
Armstrong, John	Wiota, Lafayette	1866.
Armstrong, William H.	Darlington, Lafayette	1873.
Arnemann, W. M.	Neeenah, Winnebago	1903.
Arnold, Alexander H.	Galesville, Trempealeau ...	1871, 80, b.
Arnold, Alorsius	New Coelin, Milwaukee ...	1877.
Arnold, Douglas	Williamsburg, Trempealeau	1860.
Arnold, Fayette P.	South Grove, Walworth ...	1862.
Arnold, Josiah	Portage, Columbia	1878.
Arnot, William L.	Plover, Portage	1877.
Ashley, Oliver	Fox Lake, Dodge	1863, 66.
Ashley, Yates	Pardeeville, Columbia	1863, 61.
Aspinwall, Delatus M.	Farmington, Jefferson	1857.
Atherton, G. F. A.	Emerald Grove, Rock	1848.
Atherton, George R.	Clinton, Rock	1857.
Atwater, Allen H.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1854, 71, 72.
Atwood, David	Madison, Dane	1861.
Ausman, Henry	Elk Mound, Dunn	1879.
Austin, Wm. H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Austin, William J.	Leon, Monroe	1881.
Averbeck, Maximilian	Emmett, Dodge	1852.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk	1887, b.
Ayers, Almon P.	Quincy, Adams	1858.
Ayres, D. Cooper	Fort Howard, Brown	1868, 71, 72.
Ayres, Maurice L.	Burlington, Racine	1849.
Babb, John H.	Sabin, Richland	1901.
Babcock, Alexander O.	East Troy, Walworth	1850.
Babcock, Ezekiel	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1882.
Babcock, J. W.	Necedah, Juneau	1889, 91.
Babcock, Oscar	Decotah, Waushara	1865, 66.
Bachuber, Andrew	Knowles, Dodge	1885.
Bachhuber, Max	Farmersville, Dodge	1869, 64, 75.
Bacon, Frank L.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1895.
Bacon, Orrin	Monticello, Green	1871, b.
Bacon, Winchel D.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1853.
Bailey, Alexander	Salem, Kenosha	1870.
Bailey, Elias P.	Menomonie, Dunn	1872.
Bailey, Elihu	Mill Creek, Richland	1861, 71, 77, 79.
Bailey, L. S.	Oconto, Oconto	1889.
Bailey, S. J.	Menomonie, Dunn	1872, 81.
Bainbridge, Thomas	Centon, Lafayette	1891.
Baker, Allen S.	Evansville, Rock	1905.
Baker, Edmund U.	Edmund, Iowa	1891.
Baker, James	East Troy, Walworth	1858.
Baker, John A.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1871.
Baker, P. O.	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1889.
Baker, Samuel H.	Bristol, Dane	1854.
Baker, Thomas	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1875.
Baker, William Y.	Tomah, Monroe	1878.
Balch, Albert V.	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1870.
Baldock, Jeremiah W.	Brant, Calumet	1899.
Baldwin, Asa L.	Baldwins Mills, Waupaca ...	1877.
Baldwin, George	Chilton, Calumet	1866, b.
Baldwin, Lewis L.	Racine, Racine	1869.
Baldwin, Phineas	Oregon, Dane	1872, 77.
Ball, Hiram J.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1871, 78.
Ballach, William	Yorkville, Racine	1859.
Ballantine, George	Patch Grove, Grant	1869.
Bancroft, Jarlus L.	Waupun, Dodge	1852, 74.
Bannister, John	Beloit, Rock	1851, 62.
Bannon, James	New Cassel, Fond du Lac..	1891.
Barney, A. B.	Spencer, Marathon	1893.
Barber, Hiram	Oak Grove, Dodge	1849.
Barber, J. Allen	Lancaster, Grant	1852, 53, 63, 64, b.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Barber, Silas	Waukesha, Waukesha	1868, 75.
Barber, Whitman A.	Waldo, Sheboygan	1899.
Barber, William A.	Warren Mills, Monroe.....	1882.
Barden, Levi W.	Portage, Columbia	1865, b.
Barden, Marcus	Pardeeville, Columbia	1860, 75.
Bardwell, Sherman	Plainfield, Waushara	1873.
Barker, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901, 03.
Barness, Andrew	Emerald Grove, Rock	1874, 75, 76.
Barlow, Frederic G.	Rock Falls, Dunn	1878.
Barlow, John M.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1899, 01.
Barlow, Stephen S.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1852, b.
Barnard, Henry C.	Delton, Sauk	1867, b.
Barnes, Caleb P.	Avoca, Iowa	1870, 71.
Barnes, Dwight B.	Burlington, Racine	1850, 55.
Barnes, Harry	Delavan, Walworth	1880, 81.
Barnes, Henry W.	Middleton, Dane	1853, 54.
Barnes, Horace W.	Wiot, Lafayette	1857, 70, 71.
Barnes, S. K.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1862, 68.
Barnes, William P.	—, Fond du Lac	1859.
Barnett, Morris S.	Barton, Washington	1853.
Barney, Benj. F.	Eldorado, Fond du Lac	1851, 57.
Barney, J. A.	Mayville, Dodge	1854, 56.
Barnum, George S.	Mayville, Dodge	1889.
Barnum, Marcus H.	Waukau, Winnebago	1860, 64, b.
Barrett, James M.	Wausau, Marathon	1897.
Barron, Henry D.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1878.
Barron, Quartus H.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1863, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, b.
Barron, Warren C. S.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1857, 62.
Barrows, Augustus R.	Loyd, Richland	1868.
Barry, A. Constantine	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1878.
Barry, James	Sylvania, Kenosha	1864.
Barry, Thomas	Pepin, Pepin	1879.
Bartor, Samuel	Erin, Washington	1862.
Barth, John	Milkesan, Green Lake	1879.
Barthol, J. C.	Kiel, Manitowoc	1870.
Bartholomew, G. M.	Milton, Rock	1885, 87.
Bartlett, Frederick K.	Lodi, Columbia	1857.
Bartlett, James O.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Bartlett, Oscar F.	Racine, Racine	1866.
Bartlett, William B.	East Troy, Walworth	1853, 54.
Bartlett, William P.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1882, 1903.
Bartzen, Peter	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1860, 73.
Bartran, William H.	Flintville, Brown	1873, 74.
Bashford, Luther	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1903.
Bassett, Reuben L.	Glen Haven, Grant	1859, 70.
Bassinger, Samuel H.	Wilmot, Kenosha	1862.
Bate, Arthur	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1858.
Bate, James A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Bates, Allen C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1871.
Bates, Richard B.	Janesville, Rock	1862, 63, 66.
Bauer, Frank S.	Racine, Racine	1872.
Baxter, John R. G.	Le Roy, Dodge	1905.
Beach, Carmi W.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1869.
Beach, Horace	Pardeeville, Columbia	1870.
Beach, Joseph B.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1864.
Beach, Wood R.	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1897.
Beach, Zenas	Beetown, Grant	1864.
Bean, David R.	Eastman, Crawford	1878.
Beard, John	Waukau, Winnebago	1862, 80.
Beard, John F.	Plain, Sauk	1861.
Beardsley, James W.	Warren (Ill.), Lafayette	1874.
Beath, John	Prescott, Pierce	1862.
Beattie, Thomas	Verona, Dane	1860.
Beaumont, Eph.	Stoughton, Dane	1880.
Becher, John A.	Hartland, Waukesha	1889.
Bechtel, Daniel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Beck, Jacob	Madison, Dane	1897.
Beck, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Becker, Moritz N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Becker, Nicholas E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, 73.
	Fredonia, Ozaukee	1899, 03.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Beckman, Charles	Watertown, Jefferson	1874.
Beckwith, Abijah	Lone Rock, Sauk	1882.
Beckwith, George	Omro, Winnebago	1859.
Beckwith, Nelson F.	Omro, Winnebago	1872.
Beebe, M. P.	Wausau, Marathon	1889.
Beecroft, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Beedle, Geo. E.	Embarass, Waupaca	1903, 05.
Beer, Julius	Burkhardt, St. Croix	1905.
Beger, Charles	Port Washington, Ozaukee.	1856.
Belden, Philo	Rochester, Racine	1853, 64, 66, b.
Belding, Henry K.	Black Earth, Dane	1858.
Bell, Charles J.	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.	1854.
Bell, John	Lafayette, Walworth	1853.
Bell, Wm. H.	Racine, Racine	1905.
Bemis, Kiron W.	Janesville, Rock	1858.
Bennett, Alvery A.	Glen Haven, Grant	1866, 67.
Bennett, George	Kenosha, Kenosha	1859.
Bennett, Isaac M.	Evansville, Rock	1870.
Bennett, James	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1855.
Bennett, Jesse	Fountain City, Buffalo.	1859.
Bennett, Joseph	Sparta, Monroe	1869.
Bennett, Michael J.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1876.
	Pine Knob, Iowa	1887.
	Clyde, Iowa	1889.
Bennett, Steven O.	Raymond, Racine	1850, d.
Bennett, Van S.	Rockton, Vernon	1869, 70, b.
Benson, Lewis	Oakland, Jefferson	1899, 01, 03.
Benson, Lewis M.	Lowell, Dodge	1863.
Benson, Sychuler W.	Genoa Junction, Walworth.	1861.
Bentley, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 78, 79, 80.
Berg, Frederick R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Bernard, Theodore	Watertown, Jefferson	1824.
Berner, Ed. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Berry, James	Springville, Vernon	1865.
Bertram, Henry	Watertown, Dodge	1870.
Besse, Henry L.	Butternut, Ashland	1895.
Bettis, Benjamin H.	Ladoga, Fond du Lac	1860, 61, 69, 81.
Biddlecome, William R.	Potosi, Grant	1851.
Billingshurst, Charles	Juneau, Dodge	1848.
Billings, Henry M.	Constance, Iowa	1853, b.
	Palmyra, Jefferson	1863, 64, 69, 70.
Bingham, James M.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1874.
	Fennimore, Grant	1868.
Birchard, Matthew	Madison, Dane	1851, 56.
Bird, Augustus A.	Madison, Dane	1849.
Bird, Ira W.	Madison, Dane	1869.
Bird, Joseph N. P.	Wautoma, Waushara	1869.
Bishop, Benjamin P.	Brownsville, Dodge	1882.
Bishop, George W.	Wonewoc, Juneau	1882, 83.
Bishop, John C.	Le Roy, Dodge	1859.
Bjornson, Gabriel	Perry, Dane	1851.
Black, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, b.
Black, Samuel	Menomonie, Dunn	1877.
Blackman, William W.	Stoughton, Dane	1859, 63, 64.
Blackstock, Thomas	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1869.
Blackstone, John W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1879.
Blake, Edward R.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1874, b.
Blake, George H.	Rochester, Racine	1895.
Blake, Lucius S.	Racine, Racine	1871.
Blakeslee, Albert P.	Johnstown, Rock	1848.
Blakeslee, Chauncy	Sparta, Monroe	1877.
Blakeslee, Ephraim	Ironton, Sauk	1880, 81.
Blanchard, Caleb S.	East Troy, Walworth	1880.
Blanshan, Jacob	Scott, Sheboygan	1870.
Blazer, Henry	Mequon River, Sheboygan.	1855.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.	Tomah, Monroe	1873, b.
Blenski, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Bletcher, J. S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Bliss, Albert	Rendstown, Vernon	1864, 67.
Bliss, Charles F.	Racine, Racine	1874, 75.
Bliss, George W.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1870.
Block, Hyman E.	Potosi, Grant	1853.
Blodgett, Dudley C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1852.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Blood, Ira	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1859.
Blount, Jere A.	Janesville, Rock	1876.
Bly, George W.	Waupun, Dodge	1861.
Blyton, William H.	Sparta, Monroe	1883, 85, 89.
Bock, Joseph	Lancaster, Grant	1876, 77.
Bodden, Jacob	Theresa, Dodge	1861, 66, 74.
Bodenstab, Julius	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1873, 74.
Boeener, Edward	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1854.
Bogan, W. H. P.	Appleton, Outagamie	1866, 67.
Bohan, John R.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1859, 72, b.
Bohne, Johan H.	Meeme, Manitowoc	1868, 69.
Bohri, Fred J.	Fountain City, Buffalo	1905.
Bolender, John	Monroe, Green	1882, 83.
Boncel, Andrew H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Bond, Joseph	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1848, 55.
Bonney, James H.	Bellefontaine, Columbia	1861.
Bonnin, Christian	Bonduel, Shawano	1895.
Bonniwell, W. T., Jr.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1864, 65.
Boomer, Edward J.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1874.
Boorse, Washington	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Booth, Charles E.	Elroy, Juneau	1876.
Borchardt, Francis J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Borchsenius, Hans	Baldwin, St. Croix	1897.
Bostedo, Louis	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1856.
Bostwick, Perry	Beloit, Rock	1864.
Bosustow, John	Yorkville, Racine	1880.
Botkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane	1882, b.
Bottum, Henry C.	W. Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1868, 69, 73.
Bouck, Gabriel	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1860, 74.
Bouffeur, Phillip	Springville, Vernon	1885.
Boutin, Nelson	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1864.
Bovay, Alvan E.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1859, 60.
Bow, Orrin W.	Kingston, Green Lake	1860, 78, 83, 93.
Bowe, Frank	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1891.
Bowen, Jehdehah	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1871.
Bowles, Thomas J.	Elo, Winnebago	1881, 82.
Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1862, 74, b.
Bowron, Joseph	Hudson, St. Croix	1848, 49.
Boyce, Abram A.	Lodi, Dane	1851, 65.
Boyce, Hilton W.	Geneva, Walworth	1862.
Boyd, John	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1855, 60, 62, 70.
Boyd, Thomas	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1865.
Boyden, Philo Q.	Hudson, St. Croix	1875, 76.
Brace, Henry C.	Fall River, Columbia	1872, 73.
Bracken, Charles	Mineral Point, Lafayette	1858.
Brackett, Joseph W.	Brookfield, Waukesha	1848.
Brader, Isaac G.	Waunakee, Dane	1893.
Bradberry, Joshua	Mt. Ida, Grant	1895.
Braddock, W. S.	Mather, Jackson	1903, 65.
Bradford, Ira B.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1880, 81, 1903.
Bradford, Simeon S.	Union Grove, Racine	1861.
Bradley, John	Bangor, La Crosse	1875, 76, 79, 80, 81.
Bradley, Wm. T.	Leeds, Columbia	1851.
Brand, Frederick C. G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Brandon, William	Smelser's Grove, Grant	1862, 65.
Brannan, Samuel S.	Portage, Columbia	1873.
Brauer, Henry A.	Shawano, Shawano	1893.
Braton, Lorentus J.	Marquette, Green Lake	1865, 85.
Brazeau, Alexander	Oconto, Oconto	1873.
Brazelton, Reed C.	Scott, Sheboygan	1856.
Bredemeyer, John	Edwards, Sheboygan	1861.
Breitwisch, F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Bremner, George	Union Grove, Racine	1871.
Brennan, Maurice B.	Wayside, Brown	1881, 65.
Brick, Nathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870.
Briggs, Andrew	Bad Ax, Vernon	1862, 56.
Briggs, Darius W.	Mt. Sterling, Crawford	1871.
Briggs, H. E.	Madison, Dane	1891.
Briggs, John R.	Beloit, Rock	1850.
Briggs, Melancthon J.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1851.
Briggs, Perry R.	Mauston, Juneau	1871.
Briggs, Robert M.	Beetown, Grant	1849, 51.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Briggs, Suel	New Amsterdam, La Crosse	1878.
Brigham, Ebenezer	Blue Mounds, Dane	1848.
Brigham, J. R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Brill, John	So. Kaukaunā, Outagamie	1893.
Brimi, Syver E.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1887.
Brindley, John	Boscobel, Grant	1879, 80.
Brinkerhoff, John H.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1865.
Brittan, J. A.	Beloit, Rock	1903.
Britton, William B.	Janesville, Rock	1883.
Brook, George H.	Potosi, Grant	1869.
Brockway, Eustace L.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1872.
Brockhausen, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Broderrick, George	Hazel Green, Grant	1859.
Bronson, Seldon M.	Menasha, Winnebago	1881.
Brooks, Hall L.	Tomahawk, Lincoln	1905.
Brooks, Wolcott T.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1860, 77.
Brost, Lambert	Hinesburg, Fond du Lac	1876, 77.
Brown, Armstead C.	Potosi, Grant	1848.
Brown, Charles	Brookfield Cen., Waukesha	1872.
Brown, Daniel	Elm Grove, Waukesha	1866.
Brown, Elda W.	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1883.
Brown, George	Woodman, Grant	1876.
Brown, George W.	Brookfield Cen., Waukesha	1862.
Brown, Isaac	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1856.
Brown, James T.	Clinton, Grant	1856.
Brown, Jedediah	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1848, 49.
Brown, Neal	Wausau, Marathon	1891.
Brown, Orlando	Gilmantown, Buffalo	1862, b.
Brown, Samuel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.
Brown, William G.	Skinner, Green	1853.
Brown, William W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Brownson, John W.	Sharon, Walworth	1882.
Bruemmer, Lewis	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1853.
Brunquest, William	Waupaca, Waupaca	1866.
Erunson, Delford S.	Fennimore, Grant	1901.
Bryant, Edwin E.	Madison, Dane	1878.
Bryant, Gustavus H.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1867.
Bryant, George E.	Madison, Dane	1899, b.
Bryant, Oliver B.	Rutland, Dane	1850.
Buchan, Alfred L.	Racine	1889.
Buck, Erastus J.	Westfield, Marquette	1861.
Buckbee, Francis A.	Springfield, Walworth	1867, 74.
Buckstaff, George A.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1895, 97.
Buckstaff, George H.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1881, 82, b.
Buell, Chas. E.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1885.
Buffington, Byron A.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1837, 99.
Bugh, Jacob S.	Wautoma, Waushara	1860, 83.
Bugh, William A.	Berlin, Green Lake	1866.
Bullard, Ernest L.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1891.
Bullard, Silas	Menasha, Winnebago	1895, 97.
Bullen, Winslow	Poynette, Columbia	1870.
Bullock, John D.	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Bump, Menzus R.	Troy Falls, Dunn	1876.
Bunker, Nathaniel M.	Troy Center, Walworth	1875.
Bunn, Romanzo	Galesville, Trempealeau	1860.
Burbank, Jerome	Brodhead, Green	1864.
Burehard, Charles	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1856.
Burdeau, Willard E.	Flintville, Brown	1891, 05.
Burdge, Richard J.	Beloit, Rock	1879, 80, b.
Burdick, Burrows	Edgerton, Rock	1866.
Burdick, Henry P.	Oscola Mills, Polk	1893, 95.
Burdick, Joseph C.	Berlin, Green Lake	1870.
Burdick, Perez C.	Albion, Dane	1853.
Burdick, Zebulon P.	Janesville, Rock	1858, 72, 75, b.
Burgess, D. L.	Salem, Kenosha	1889.
Burgess, John	Maxwell, Buffalo	1865.
Burgess, Lathrop	Salem, Kenosha	1882, 87.
Burgit, William	East Troy, Walworth	1870, 74.
Burke, Michael E.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1891, 93.
Burnett, Ellsworth	River Falls, Pierce	1877.
Burnham, Charles T.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Burnham, John E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1837.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Burnham, Jonathan L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Burnham, Miles	Danville, Dodge	1867.
Burns, David M.	Fort Howard, Brown	1878.
Burns, Timothy	Dodgeville, Iowa	1849.
Burr, Benjamin	Stevens Point, Portage	1868.
Burroughs, Nelson	Waukesha, Waukesha	1863.
Burrows, George B.	Madison, Dane	1895. b.
Burt, James W.	Mackford, Green Lake	1860.
Burtch, Albert	Mayville, Dodge	1863.
Burtch, Henry S.	Farmersville, Dodge	1870.
Burton, Samuel S.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1864.
Burke, Timothy	Wayside, Brown	1895.
Bushnell, Allen R.	Lancaster, Grant	1872.
Bushnell, Milo C.	Omro, Winnebago	1867. 63.
Butler, Ammi R. R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866.
Butler, Thomas	Mt. Pleasant, Racine	1862.
Butterfield, Henry L.	Waupun, Dodge	1856.
Buttles, Mark M.	Onalaska, La Crosse	1897. 99.
Button, Balza W.	City Point, Jackson	1883.
Button, Seth W.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1873.
Buxton, Luther	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1868. 99.
Byers, F. W.	Monroe, Green	1882.
Cabanis, George E.	Big Patch, Grant	1872.
Cabanis, James H.	Georgetown, Grant	1881. 82.
Cadby, John N.	Merton, Waukesha	1865.
Cady, Charles A.	Dell Prairie, Adams	1873. 74. 79.
Cady, Frank A.	Marshfield, Wood	1901. 93.
Cahill, James	Franklin, Manitowoc	1862. 63.
Cain, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Cairncross, George	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1857.
Caldwell, Columbus	Lind, Waupaca	1873. 74.
Caldwell, Geo. F.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1889.
Caldwell, William	Barton, Washington	1848.
Calkins, George H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1875.
Callahan, Jonathan G.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1875.
Callis, John B.	Lancaster, Grant	1874.
Calwell, Sylvester	Cascade, Sheboygan	1869.
Cameron, Angus	La Crosse, La Crosse	1866. 67. b.
Cameron, Dugald D.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1856. 57.
Cameron, Duncan E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Cameron, John E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.
Campbell, Alexander	—, Iowa	1862.
Campbell, James	Albany, Green	1861.
Campbell, James M.	Stevens Point, Portage	1848.
Campbell, Robert	Glendale, Monroe	1880.
Campion, James	Mackville, Outagamie	1883.
Cance, Robert	Ettrick, Trempealeau	1883.
Cannon, Lucius	Pepin, Pepin	1858.
Cantwell, Michael J.	Madison, Dane	1885. 87.
Carberry, J.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1903.
Carbys, William	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1876.
Carel, John	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1879.
Carey, John	Osman, Manitowoc	1879. 80. b.
Carey, Robert T.	Beloit, Rock	1848.
Carlisle, Richard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Carmichael, Thomas	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1874. 77. 82. 83.
Carney, Joseph	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1858.
Carpenter, Elisha L.	Beloit, Rock	1859.
Carpenter, Fred J.	Stevens Point, Portage	1903. 05.
Carpenter, Joel R.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1864.
Carpenter, Newton F.	De Soto, Vernon	1866.
Carr, Egbert E.	Monroe, Green	1866.
Carr, Solomon C.	Milton Junction, Rock	1865. 74.
Carr, Warner C.	Crystal Lake, Waupaca	1859.
Carroll, John P.	Adell, Sheboygan	1866.
Carter, Almerin E.	Johnstown, Rock	1868.
Carter, Benjamin F.	Sherwood, Calumet	1874. 77. b.
Carter, Jarvis W.	New London, Waupaca	1868.
Carter, William E.	Platteville, Grant	1877. 78. 79.
Carthew, John	Rockville, Grant	1867. 70.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Cary, Alfred L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Cary, Benjamin F.	Johnstown, Rock	1861.
Cary, John W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, b.
Cary, Luther H.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1855.
Case, John H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1867, b.
Cash, William H. H.	Eagle Corners, Richland	1880, 81.
Cashin, Patrick H.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1877.
Caskey, La Fayette	Stevens Point, Portage	1897, 99.
Cassoday, John B.	Potosi, Grant	1875.
Caswell, Lucien B.	Janesville, Rock	1865, 77.
Caswell, Napoleon B.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1863, 72, 74.
Caswell, Oliver A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Cate, George W.	Mount Sterling, Crawford.	1872.
Caracart, Hugh	Amherst, Portage	1852, 53.
Catlin, Charles L.	Madison, Dane	1867.
Catlin, Horace	Superior, Douglas	1891.
Catton, James	Cassville, Grant	1856.
Cavanaugh, Daniel	Burlington, Racine	1852, 57, 62.
Caverno, Charles	Osceola, Fond du Lac	1870, b.
Caverny, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Challoner, Frank	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Chamberlain, A. O.	Omro, Winnebago	1885, 87.
Chamberlain, Charles E.	Darlington, Lafayette	1881, 82.
Chamberlain, George H.	Grafton, Washington	1853.
Chambers, George H.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1873.
Champagne, Peter B.	Rock Falls, Dunn	1881.
Chandler, Joseph P.	Bloomington, Grant	1871.
Chandler, Willard H.	Merrill, Lincoln	1883.
Chapin, William D.	Montfort, Grant	1903, 05.
Chapman, Horace M.	Windsor, Dane	1861, 62, 70, b.
Chapman, James F.	Bloomfield, Walworth	1856.
Chapman, Samuel E.	Racine, Racine	1850.
Chappell, William	Potosi, Grant	1863.
Charleton, William	Watertown, Racine	1848, 61.
Chase, Enoch	Verona, Dane	1856, 57, b.
Chase, George H.	Madison, Dane	1866.
Chase, Henry	Lake, Milwaukee	1876.
Chase, Henry A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50.
Chase, Horace	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, 53, 70, b.
Chase, Leroy S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Chase, Reuben	Chaseburg, Vernon	1868.
Chase, Seth A.	Viroqua, Vernon	1871, 72.
Cheever, Dustin G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Cheeves, Patrick G.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1875, 76.
Cheney, David D.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1855.
Cheney, Rufus, Jr.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1868.
Chesak, Jos.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1872, 73.
Child, James	Clinton, Rock	1856, 73.
Child, John	North Cape, Racine	1871.
Chipman, William F.	Sparta, Monroe	1850.
Christians, Henry C.	Whitewater, Rock	1889.
Christiansen, Geo.	Pontatowski, Marathon	1860.
Church, Francis R.	East Troy, Walworth	1856.
Church, Leonard C.	Elma, Rock	1856.
Cirkel, William F.	Warren	1856.
Clack, Charles	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson	1835.
Clapp, Harvey S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Clark, Charles B.	Menomonie, Dunn	1865.
Clark, Eugene F.	Walworth, Walworth	1897.
Clark, George F.	Seymour, Outagamie	1885.
Clark, Gid H.	Apple Creek, Outagamie	1897.
Clark, Isaac	New Richmond, St. Croix.	1874.
Clark, John C.	Neenah, Winnebago	1885.
Clark, John G.	Galesville, Trempealeau	1895, 01.
Clark, Kendall P.	Bugle, Fond du Lac	1866.
Clark, Lyman	Rhinclander, Oneida	1897.
Clark, Samuel	Galesville, Trempealeau	1870.
Clark, Samuel E.	Wausau, Marathon	1882.
	Lancaster, Grant	1861.
	Portland, Jefferson	1857.
	Kildare, Juneau	1864.
	Randolph Center, Columbia	1887.
	Brushville, Waushara	1878, 79, 85.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Clark, Saterlee	Green Lake, Marquette	1873, b.
Clarke, Frank E.	Horicon, Dodge	1849.
Clason, Jesse A.	Princeton, Green Lake	1895.
Clason, George W.	Neosho, Dodge	1895.
Clason, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Clausen, Lorenzo N.	Brookfield, Waukesha	1874.
Cleary, P. A.	Washburn, Bayfield	1905.
Clements, David R.	Elroy, Juneau	1905.
Clemmons, Noah	Stevens Point, Portage	1873, 74.
Cleophas, Halvor	Platteville, Grant	1852.
Clifford, Patrick	Beloit, Rock	1901.
Clise, Samuel F.	Marinette, Marinette	1880.
Clise, William H.	Ellenboro, Grant	1890.
Clothier, Samuel T.	Lancaster, Grant	1873.
Clough, Darwin P.	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1865.
Coapman, Lynn N.	Darien, Walworth	1899.
Coates, Benjamin M.	Wyocena, Columbia	1901.
Coates, Kearton	Boscobel, Grant	1869, 75.
Cobb, Amasa	Linden, Iowa	1875, 76.
Cobb, Nathan	Mineral Point, Iowa	1860, 61, b.
Cochrane, Robert	Neenah, Winnebago	1865.
Cochrane, William A.	Westfield, Marquette	1864.
Coe, Edwin D.	Delavan, Walworth	1893.
Coffland, J. E.	Whitewater, Walworth	1878, 79.
Colburn, Albert T.	Richland Center, Richland	1903, 05.
Colby, Charles L.	Cataract, Monroe	1876.
Coldwell, Samuel J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Cole, Luther A.	Mazomanie, Dane	1881.
Cole, Samuel	Watertown, Jefferson	1859.
Cole, William	Gratiot LaFayette	1851, 60, 64, 68, b.
Coleman, Charles B.	Beetown, Grant	1856.
Coleman, David M.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1853.
Coleman, James	Lowell, Dodge	1875.
Coles, Milo	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1866, 67.
Colladay, William M.	Rovina, Outagamie	1860.
Colley, Samuel G. ....	....., Milwaukee	1862.
Collins, Edward	Stoughton, Dane	1856, 65, b.
Collins, Samuel	Beloit, Rock	1849, 54, 55.
Collins, William F.	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1863.
Colman, Elihu	Yorkville, Racine	1858.
Colman, Orrin	Stevens Point, Portage	1901.
Colomy, George W.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1872.
Colwell, Otis	Marcellon, Columbia	1853.
Combs, Lester D.	Alderly, Dodge	1868.
Comdohr, Fred N.	Southport, Racine	1849.
Comstock, John	North Royalton, Waupaca	1861, 62.
Comstock, Noah D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Condit, Frederick T.	Hudson, St. Croix	1861.
Condit, James D.	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1872, 74, 75, 76, b.
Cone, Sterling M.	Merrillan, Jackson	1879.
Cone, William A.	Sparta, Monroe	1858, 78, 79.
Conger, David B.	Waterloo, Jefferson	1861.
Conkey, Theodore	New Berlin, Waukesha	1851.
Conklin, Edgar	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852.
Conklin, Sylvester J.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1863.
Conley, John	Appleton, Outagamie	1857, b.
Conner, Edward	Green Bay, Brown	1857, 58.
Conner, Henry	Waterloo, Jefferson	1859, 69.
Connor, Lawrence	Clinton, Rock	1882, 83.
Connor, Robert	Woodville, St. Croix	1889.
Connors, Mathew J.	Port Andrew, Richland	1853.
Converse, Henry	Fox Lake, Dodge	1856, 68.
Conway, John G.	Auburndale, Wood	1889.
Conway, Patrick J.	Hurley, Iron	1897.
Cook, Alfred	Wyocena, Columbia	1857.
Cook, Bernard F.	Watertown, Jefferson	1895.
Coolidge, Evan	Meeme, Manitowoc	1891, 93.
Coons, Henry B.	Unity, Marathon	1901.
Cooper, Joel H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
	Waupaca, Waupaca	1889.
	Potosi, Grant	1871.
	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1852.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Copp, William J.	Prescott, Pierce	1866.
Corbett, C. A.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1889.
Corbett, Thomas M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Corcoran, B. H.	Prescott, Pierce	1893.
Cornick, Edward P.	Delavan, Walworth	1859.
Corning, William W.	Portage, Columbia	1872.
Cornwell, Almon D.	Salem, Kenosha	1858.
Cornwell, Hiram H.	Verona, Dane	1873.
Corson, Dighton	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Cory, Jerome B.	Patch Grove, Grant	1872.
Cory, Jonathan	Footville, Rock	1863.
Cosgrove, P. Stanley	Chippewa	1903.
Costigan, William	Marshall, Waukesha	1864.
Cotton, Zelotas A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
Cottrell, Daniel	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1861.
Cotzhausen, Alexander	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Couch, Charles	Amherst, Portage	1891, 93.
Coughlin, Cornelius	West Bend, Washington	1878.
Cousins, Henry	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1871.
Cousins, Marshall	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1895.
Cowie, George	Glencoe, Buffalo	1872.
Cowling, W. C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1903.
Cox, Charles B.	River Falls, Pierce	1863.
Cox, George G.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1879, 80, 85, 87.
Cox, Lemuel B.	Stevenstown, La Crosse	1893, 95.
Coxe, Honewell	Hartford, Washington	1857.
Craig, Alexander J.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1859.
Craig, Samuel A.	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1880, 81, 83, 85.
Craite, Isaac	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1887, 89.
Cram, Eliphalet	Racine, Racine	1856.
Cramond, James	Manchester, Calumet	1852, 56.
Crandall, Daniel B.	Utica, Dane	1858.
Crandall, Paul	Lima, Rock	1849.
Cravath, Prosper	Whitewater, Walworth	1848.
Crary, Leonard P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Crawford, Henry	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1850.
Crawford, John	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1856.
Crawford, John C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Crawford, Robert M.	Monroe, Green	1849.
Crocker, John R.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1891.
Crockett, Samuel	Belleville, Dane	1870.
Croll, William	Westfield, Marquette	1877.
Crosby, Geo. H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1891, 93, 95.
Crosby, John B.	Beloit, Rock	1875.
Cross, James B.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1862.
Cross, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50, 55.
Crosse, Charles G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Crosswell, Caleb	Sun Prairie, Dane	1880.
Crowley, Joseph Martin	Baraboo, Sauk	1850.
Cunningham, Thomas	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903, 05.
Cunningham, Thomas J.	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc	1857.
Curler, Thomas	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1887.
Curtin, Daniel E.	Belle Center, Crawford	1883, 85.
Curtis, David W.	Hilbert, Calumet	1905.
Curtis, Dexter	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1876.
Curtis, Joseph S.	Madison, Dane	1880.
Curtis, Mark	Green Bay, Brown	1869, 71, 73.
Curtis, Thurman H.	Hebron, Jefferson	1859.
Curtiss, W. M.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1866.
	Trevor, Kenosha	1905.
Daane, Peter, Jr.	Oostburg, Sheboygan	1873.
Daggart, Charles B.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1865.
Daggett, Henry L.	Bear Creek, Waupaca	1899.
Dahl, Andrew H.	Westby, Vernon	1869, 01, 03, 05.
Dailley, Guy W.	Hudson, St. Croix	1877.
Daily, Charles C.	Marinette, Marinette	1893.
Daily, John G.	Hustisford, Dodge	1884.
Dakin Wm. H.	Dartford, Green Lake	1875.
Dale, Peter J.	Coon Prairie, Vernon	1877.
Daley, Edward	Brown Deer, Milwaukee	1866.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dana, Stillman E.	Portage City, Columbia	1871.
Danielson, George	Neenah, Winnebago	1893.
Darbellay, Joseph E.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1880, 81, 85.
Darling, Lorenzo E.	Shiocton, Shawano	1874.
Dassow, John	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1893.
Daugherty, Jonathan	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1848, 49.
Davenport, C. A.	Aurora, Waushara	1891, 93.
Davidson, J. O.	Soldiers Grove, Crawford	1893, 95, 97.
Davies, David C.	Cambria, Columbia	1868.
Davis, Charles A.	Bear Creek, Waupaca	1881, 82.
Davis, DeWitt	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Davis, Emery F.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1863.
Davis, John J.	Mifflin, Iowa	1871.
Davis, John W.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1853, 54, 73.
Davis, Moses M.	Portage, Columbia	1856, b.
Davis, Orsamus S.	Cato, Manitowoc	1873.
Davis, Richard H.	Baraboo, Sauk	1855.
Davis, Thomas	Millard, Walworth	1865, 66.
Davison, James	Waupun, Dodge	1879.
Davison, Robert W.	Beverly, Dane	1857.
Dawson, John	La Crosse, La Crosse	1883, 91.
Day, John	Green Bay, Brown	1856.
Day, Rufus M.	Mt. Hope, Grant	1885, 87.
Dean, Charles K.	Doscobel, Grant	1868.
Dean, Nathaniel W.	Madison, Dane	1867.
DeGroof, Allen H.	Nelson, Buffalo	1895.
DeGroof, John W.	Alma, Buffalo	1879, b.
Deissner, Charles T.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1859.
DeLand, Ambrose D.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1877.
Deleglise, Frank A.	Antigo, Langlade	1893.
Delaney, Arthur K.	Horicon, Dodge	1869, b.
Delaney, Mitchell L.	Barton, Washington	1855, 65, 66.
Delano, George W.	Pensaukee, Oconto	1882.
Delany, John	Stevens Point, Portage	1849.
DeLap, R. H.	Viola, Richland	1889.
DeLong, Cornelius	Rilmont, Lafayette	1850.
Dengel, Edward J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Deniston, Charles R.	Cadiz, Green	1874, 75.
Dennis, John E., Jr.	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1885.
Dennis, Wm. M.	Watertown, Dodge	1853, b.
Dennis, W. L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Dent, James S.	Menomonie Falls, W'kesha	1876.
Defhrick, Walter G.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1882.
Desmond, H. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Desnoyer, Francis	Green Bay, Brown	1854.
Detmering, Charles W.	Newburg, Washington	1858.
Detling, Val.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1889.
Dexaner, Dominick	Montello, Marquette	1856.
Dexy, Patrick	Watertown, Jefferson	1873.
Deuster, John H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866.
Deuster, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Deuster, Peter V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, b.
Dewane, Dennis	Cooperstown, Brown	1873, 76.
Dewey, William Pitt	Lancaster, Grant	1869, 70.
Dewhurst, Richard	Neillsville, Clark	1859, 65, 75, 87.
Dewing, Eli B.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1879.
DeWolf, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
DeWolf, John	Delavan, Walworth	1860.
Dexter, Walter L.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1878.
Dick, Alonzo D.	Manchester, Calumet	1849.
Dick, John C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Dick, Wm. H.	Brothertown, Calumet	1851, 71.
Dickinson, P. Ensign	Platteville, Grant	1883.
Dickson, John P.	Janesville, Rock	1859, 60.
Dieckman, Theodore	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1893.
Dieringer, Andrew	Auburn, Fond du Lac	1866, 69.
Dietrich, August	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Dieves, William	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1861.
Dike, Henry B.	Oscola Mills, Polk	1891.
Dill, Dan J.	Prescott, Pierce	1889, 91.
Diamond, Neil	Midland, Marquette	1872.
Dinnsdale, James	Soldiers Grove, Crawford	1903, 05.
Dittmar, F. R.	Seymour, Outagamie	1887.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Dittmar, Nicholas	Meeme, Manitowoc	1863, 67.
Divin, Edward	Richfield, Washington	1854.
Dixon, Hannibal S.	New London, Waupaca	1877.
Dixon, John	Racine, Racine	1903.
Dixon, William	Ithaca, Richland	1859, 72.
Dobbs, Jerry, Jr.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1870.
Dockry, Michael	Morrison, Brown	1870.
Dockry, Patrick	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1869.
Dockstader, Benjamin	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1862, 63.
Dodge, A. Clark	Monroe, Green	1869, 61.
Dodge, Jeremiah E.	Lancaster, Grant	1854, 53, 63.
Dodge, Joshua E.	Racine, Racine	1891.
Dodge, Henry S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Doc, William H.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1860.
Dole, Augustus O.	Poyette, Columbia	1876.
Donald, John S.	Mt. Horeb, Dane	1903, 65.
Donaldson, Nicholas M.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1852, 53, 54.
Donovan, Richard	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1868, 63.
Doolittle, H. C.	Cumberland, Barron	1903.
Doran, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Dorwin, Vivus W.	Durand, Pepin	1877, 78, 85, 89.
Doty, Charles	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1848.
Doud, Reuben	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1865.
Douglas, A. S.	Monroe, Green	1903.
Douglas, Alanson C.	Hanover, Rock	1866.
Douglas, Byron	Appleton, Outagamie	1863.
Douglas, Carlos L.	Walworth, Walworth	1873.
Douglas, Mark	Melrose, Jackson	1874, b
Dousman, Hercules F.	Waterville, Waukesha	1877.
Dow, Everett E.	La Grange, Walworth	1861.
Dow, John T.	Cooksville, Rock	1867.
Dowe, Carl	Horicon, Dodge	1878.
Downs, Daniel L.	Richmond, Richland	1855, b.
Doxtader, Harry	Pomah, Monroe	1877.
Doyle, Peter	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1873.
Drake, Henry C.	Milford, Jefferson	1856.
Dresser, Lester B.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1897, 99.
Dresser, Samuel B.	Osceola Mills, Polk	1870.
Dreutzer, Gus A.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1887.
Drew, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 69, 76.
Duchman, William	Menasha, Winnebago	1855.
Dudgeon, M. S.	Madison, Dane	1903.
Duerwaechter, Philip G.	S. Germantown, Washington	1901.
Duffy, Thomas T.	Benton, Lafayette	1870.
Dufur, Andrew J.	Iola, Waupaca	1853.
Dunlap, Charles	Elkhorn, Walworth	1875.
Dunn, James B.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1858, 59.
Dunn, John, Jr.	Mapleton, Dodge	1874.
Dunn, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887, 89.
Dunn, Tarleton	Elk Grove, Lafayette	1884.
Dunn, Thaddeus K.	Wauwoc, Juneau	1881.
Dunning, Philo	Madison, Dane	1874.
Dunwiddie, David	Brodhead, Green	1865, 67.
Dupont, Gregoire	Robinson, Brown	1887.
Durgin, Ezra	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1848.
Duriland, John S.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1865.
Durcher, William	Columbus, Columbia	1862.
Dwight, Edward W.	Oregon, Dane	1861.
Dwinnell, John B.	Lodi, Columbia	1875.
Dyer, Charles E.	Racine, Racine	1867, 68.
Dyer, Edward G.	Burlington, Racine	1868.
Eager, Almeron	Evansville, Rock	1901.
Earl, Thomas	Fulton, Rock	1864.
Earle, Jonathan W.	Pardeeville, Columbia	1858.
Earnest, James H.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1852, 54, 55, 57, 58, 77, b.
Eastman, Edward	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1851.
Eastman, Enos	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1871, b.
Eastman, Lafayette	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1879.
Easton, Elijah	Walworth, Walworth	1861, 58.
Eaton, Barney A.	Cudahy, Milwaukee	1895, 97, b.
Eaton, Addison	Lodi, Columbia	1880.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Eaton, Henry L.	Lone Rock, Richland	1865, 66, b.
Eatough, William	Brant's Mills, Manitowoc ...	1866.
Ebbetts, William H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac ...	1855.
Eble, Andrew	—, Milwaukee	1860.
Eckhardt, Jacob, Jr.	De Soto, Vernon	1879, 80.
Edgerton, Elisha W.	Waterville, Waukesha	1863.
Edgerton, Stephen B.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1870.
Edmonds, D. A.	Oconto Falls, Oconto	1891
Edwards, John	Port Edwards, Wood	1893.
Edwards, Wynn	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1897.
Egan, Michael	St. Martin's, Milwaukee	1883, b.
Egery, Edward Alden	Racine, Racine	1887.
Ehinger, Frederick H.	Clyman, Dodge	1856.
Eidemiller, Louts	New Castle, Fond du Lac	1882.
Eighme, Richard P.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1859.
Ekern, Herman L.	Whitehall, Trempealeau ...	1903, 05.
Ekern, Peder	Pigeon Falls, Trempealeau ...	1881.
Ela, George	Rochester, Racine	1899, 01.
Eldridge, A. D.	Neenah, Winnebago	1905.
Elina, Francis M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1840, 01.
Elkert, Chas.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885, 89.
Elkins, John	Racine, Racine	1873.
Ellarson, James T.	Wautoma, Waushara	1895.
Ellefson, Christen	Liberty Pole, Vernon	1878, 83.
Ellenwood, Alexander P. ...	Reedsburg, Sauk	1878, 79.
Elliott, George W.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1862.
Ellis, Frederick S.	Green Bay, Brown	861, 62, 63, b.
Ellis, Pitt	Gennesee, Waukesha	1850.
Ellsworth, Lemuel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	875, 76.
Ellsworth, Orlando	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Elmore, Andrew E.	Mukwonago, Waukesha	859, 60.
Elston, A. C. V.	Muscoda, Iowa	1889.
Elver, Fritz	Middleton, Dane	1882.
Elwell, Joseph S.	Hudson, St. Croix	864.
Emery, Albert W.	Potosi, Grant	857, 58.
Emery, Harvey W.	Portage City, Columbia ...	861.
Emmons, Newton H.	Stevens Point, Portage ...	1865.
Emmons, Wales	Watertown, Jefferson	1848.
English, Thomas W.	Baraboo, Sauk	1891.
Eno, Edgar	Valley, Vernon	874, 81.
Enos, Elihu, Jr.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1857.
Erickson, Ole	Grantsburg, Burnett	1901.
Erskine, George Q.	Racine, Racine	1866.
Esau, Fred	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Esser, Bernard	Middleton, Dane	1883.
Estabrook, Charles E.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc ...	881, 82, 83.
Estabrook, Edward	Platteville, Grant	1854.
Estabrook, Experience ...	Whitewater, Walworth	1851.
Eugene, John B.	Green Bay, Brown	1868.
Eustis, William	Oakland, Jefferson	1854.
Evans, Chas. A.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1905.
Evans, David, Jr.	Berlin, Green Lake	1901, 03.
Evans, Evan W.	Spring Green, Sauk	1885, 87, 01, 03.
Evans, John M.	Union, Rock	1856, 73.
Evans, Llewelyn J.	Racine, Racine	1857.
Evans, Nells C.	Mt. Horeb, Dane	1893.
Evans, Rees	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1869.
Evans, William H.	Yanketown, Crawford ...	1874.
Everett, Edw. A.	Eagle River, Vilas	1905.
Everley, Francis, Jr.	West Bend, Washington ...	1851.
Everts, Almeron B.	Appleton, Outagamie	1861.
Everts, Edward L.	Halls City, Dunn	1882.
Everts, George W.	Granville Sta., Milwaukee..	1883.
Evrison, John W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 64.
Evrison, Thomas H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Feber, William	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1891.
Fagan, James	Cedarburg, Washington ...	1849, 57.
Fagg, Peter	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76.
Fairchild, Cassius	Madison, Dane	1869.
Fairchild, H. O.	Marinette, Marinette	1883, 85.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Falvey, Thomas	Racine, Racine	1855, 56.
Farnsworth, Nathaniel C....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1875.
Farr, Asa W.	Geneva, Walworth	1856.
Farr, Asahel	Kenosha, Kenosha	1873, b.
Farr, Joseph R.	Phillips, Price	1899.
Farwell, Leonard J.	Madison, Dane	1860.
Fay, Benjamin F.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1869.
Fay, Reuel K.	Star Prairie, St. Croix	1871.
Fay, Truman M.	Roche-a-Cri, Adams	1865.
Fehland, H. R.	Byron, Fond du Lac	1873.
Fehlandt, William	Merrill, Lincoln	1889.
Feige, Julius	Mazomanie, Dane	1889.
Feld, Carl R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99.
Fellenz, Joan	Watertown, Jefferson	1885, 87, 89.
Fellows, Timothy H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 69, 70, 72, 83.
Felt, Eugene K.	Genoa Junction, Walworth.	1852, 53.
Fenelon, James	Beloit, Rock	1872, 73.
Fenton, Thomas	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1901.
Ferrin, Samuel A.	Attica, Green	1853.
Ferris, George H.	Montford, Grant	1872.
Fesenfeld, Herman	Lamartine, Fond du Lac....	1887.
Fetzer, John	Black Earth, Dane	1901.
Fiebrantz, W. J.	Forestville, Door	1885.
Field, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Field, Norton J.	Berlin, Green Lake	1844.
Field, Robert C.	Racine, Racine	1876, 77, 79, 81.
Field, Storer W.	Richland City, Richland	1857, b.
Field, William, Jr.	Fitchburg, Dane	1853, 68.
Field, William W.	De Pere, Brown	1853.
Fifield, Sam S.	Fennimore, Grant	1855, 62, 63, 64, 65, 71.
Filer, Alanson	Ashland, Ashland	1874, 75, 76, b.
Filz, Joseph	Racine, Racine	1859.
Finch, Earl P.	Luxemburg, Kewaunee	1891, 93.
Finch, Oscar	Augusta, Eau Claire	1891.
Findago, Charles	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1833.
Finger, Adam	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1882.
Fink, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Finkelberg, Augustus	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77.
Finley, William S.	Fountain City, Buffalo	1874, b.
Finn, David	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1861.
Finnegan, W.	Merrill, Lincoln	1893, 95.
Finnerty, Patrick	Green Bay, Brown	1903.
Fischer, Francis	Wrightstown, Brown	1887.
Fischer, Henry P.	Cross Plains, Dane	1860.
Fischer, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Fisher, Lewis S.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1855, 63, 68, b.
Fisher, Lucius G.	Sparta, Monroe	1887.
Fisher Seth	Beloit, Rock	1857.
Fisk, Harmon J.	Center, Rock	1869.
Fisk, William J.	Fall River, Columbia	1877.
Fitzgerald, Frank	Fort Howard, Brown	1875, 76.
Fitzgerald, Garrett M.	Hartford, Washington	1877.
Fitzgerald, James	Franklin, Milwaukee	1850.
Fitzgerald, Michael	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1878.
Fitzgerald, William H.	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1870, 71.
FitzGibbon, E. E.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1878, 79, 80, 91, 93.
Flaherty, Michael J.	Waukegan, Dane	1885.
Flagg, Abner S.	Stark, Brown	1899, 01.
Flanders, James G.	Edgerton, Rock	1897.
Flett, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Fletcher, Daniel	Merrill, Lincoln	1897.
Fleming, John G.	Hustisford, Dodge	1856.
Fleming, William	Wilmot, Kenosha	1887.
Flinn, Ezekiah	Emmett, Dodge	1879, 80.
Flint, Alvin L.	Watertown, Jefferson	1877, 78, 79.
Flint, John M.	Princeton, Green Lake	1861.
Flint, Rockwell J.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1866, 67.
Flint, Waldo S.	Menomonie, Dunn	1875, b.
Flood, Martin	Princeton, Green Lake	1876, b.
	Brooklyn, Green	1856.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Flynn, John	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1849.
Forbes, Jabez L.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc ..	1861, 69.
Fogo, William M.	Richland Center, Richland.	1897, 99.
Folts, Jonas	Black River, Jefferson	1863.
Fontaine, Benjamin	Green Bay, Brown	1880, 81.
Foot, Ezra A.	Footville, Rock	1857, 67, b.
Foote, Apollos D.	Berlin, Green Lake	1873.
Ford, David	Waunakee, Dane	1865, 75.
Ford, Ira H.	Columbus, Columbia	1867, 68.
Ford, Milan	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878, 79.
Forsyth, Wm. P.	Golden Lake, Jefferson	1863.
Foster, Carlton	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873, 74, 83.
Foster, Edward N.	Mayville, Dodge	1853, 57.
Foster, Egbert	Foster, Fond du Lac	1863.
Foster, Geo. H.	Whitewater, Walworth	1863.
Foster, Henry L.	Deerfield, Dane	1853.
Foster, James H.	Koro, Winnebago	1869, 70 b.
Fowle, Jacob	Emerald, Rock	1863.
Fowler, E. Adams	Columbus, Dodge	1870.
Fowler, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865, 67, 72.
Fox, George	Herman, Dodge	1854.
Frackenber, Ernst	Newberg, Washington	1865.
Frank, John G.	Jackson, Washington	1879.
Frank, Michael	Kenosha, Kenosha	1861.
Frary, John S.	Oregon, Dane	1865.
Fraser, Frank L.	Lake Beulah, Walworth ..	1891, 93, 95.
Frazell, James B.	Wonewoc Juneau	1863.
Frazier, William	Enterprise, Vernon	1874.
Frear, J. A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1803, b.
Freeman, Charles F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1811, 80.
Freeman, James W.	Herman, Dodge	1861.
French, Asa W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1887, 89, 95.
Frey, Anton	Franklin, Milwaukee	1864.
Friend, Jacob E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Friidd, John A.	Koro, Winnebago	1903, 05.
Frink, Charles N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Frisby, Leander F.	West Bend, Washington ..	1861.
Fritzke, R. W. E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Froelich, William H.	Jackson, Washington	1895, 97.
Frost, Andrew C.	Mountain, Oconto	1895.
Frost, Fred J.	Almond, Portage	1899, 01.
Frost, George L.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1879, b.
Frost, Joseph	Avoca, Iowa	1867.
Frost, Richard D.	Madison, Dane	1887.
Fryer, Nelson	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1871.
Fuessenich, Peter P.	Eden, Manitowoc	1864.
Fuller, Hosea, Jr.	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1851.
Fuller, M. D. L.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1881.
Fuller, Wilfred	Waupun, Dodge	1873.
Fullerton, Thomas M.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1850.
Fullmer, Baldwin M.	Loyal, Clark	1893.
Fulton, David C.	Hudson, St. Croix	1873.
Fulton, Marcus A.	Hudson, St. Croix	1865, 68, b.
Funke, Ernst	Oconto, Oconto	1878, 81.
Fyffe, Jonathan W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1852.
Gaarder, O. P.	Oxfordville, Rock	1891.
Gabriel, Hiram	Stewart, Green	1882, 83.
Gage, Charles D.	New Fane, Fond du Lac..	1853, 67.
Gage, Leroy D.	Richland Center, Richland.	1862.
Gagnon, Jonas	Two Rivers, Manitowoc ..	1899, 01.
Gallaghan, Patrick	Darlington, Lafayette	1871.
Gallagher, John E.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1850.
Gallager, James S.	Gratiot, Lafayette	1883.
Gallett, Charles R.	Portage, Columbia	1879.
Galloway, Martin O.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1899, 01.
Galloway, Edwin H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1863, 64.
Gardner, George R.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1883.
Gardner, William	Emerald Grove, Rock	1879.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Garrison, Orestes	Centralia, Wood	1861.
Gary, George	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1854, 55, b.
Garside, Ben Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Gault, Frank	Pheasant Branch, Dane	1858, 67, 63.
Gaynor, John A.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1893.
Gawin, August M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897, 99, 01.
Gee, James E.	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1881.
Gee, John	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1861.
Geise, William	Waterloo, Dodge	1879.
Geisse, Charles	Taycheedah, Fond du Lac..	1864, 69, 70.
Geraghty, Patrick	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan..	1875.
Germain, Columbus	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1876.
Germer, Amos E.	Dexterville, Wood	1899.
Gibb, John	Ixonia, Jefferson	1855, 58.
Gibbs, Benjamin F.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1858.
Gibbs, Charles R.	Whitewater, Walworth	1873.
Gibson, Moses S.	Hudson, St. Croix	1859.
Gibson, William J.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1854, b.
Gifford, Peter D.	North Prairie, Waukesha..	1851, 62, 66.
Gilbert, Alvarus E.	Prospect Hill, Waukesha..	1873, 79.
Gilbert, Julius L.	Racine, Racine	1848.
Gilbert, Myron	Prospect Hill, Waukesha..	1861, 65.
Giles, Hiram H.	Stoughton, Dane	1852, b.
Gillen, Simon	Cascade, Sheboygan	1882.
Gillespie, John	Dellona, Sauk	1863, 69.
Gillespie, Thomas	Kilbourn City, Columbia ..	1880, 81.
Gillilan, Davis	Potosi, Grant	1849.
Gilman, Charles W.	Mondovi, Buffalo	1901, 03.
Gilman, Franklin	Gilmantown, Buffalo	1880.
Gilmore, Henry S.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1856, 99.
Gilmore, Hiram L.	North Cape, Racine	1863, 68, 69.
Gilmore, James	Jamestown, Grant	1848.
Gilson, Franklin L.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1881, 82.
Gilson, Luther F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880, 81.
Ginty, George C.	Oconto, Oconto	1863, b.
Gleason, Charles R.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1870.
Gleason, George	Whitewater, Rock	1876.
Gleason, Thomas	Grimm's, Manitowoc	1881.
Glenn, Robert	Wyalusing, Grant	1863, 65, 74.
Gnewuch, Ferdinand	Hustisford, Dodge	1865, 73.
Goddard, H. J.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa..	1885.
Goedjen, Henry	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1882, 83.
Goetze, Gustav	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1875, 76, 77.
Golden, George	Brodhead, Green	1860.
Goodall, I. E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
Goodall, B. Frank	Montello, Marquette	1876.
Goodell, Emilius S.	Viroqua, Vernon	1897.
Goodhue, Lemuel	Stockbridge, Calumet	1848, b.
Goodhue, Thomas H.	Whitewater, Rock	1864, 70.
Goodrich, Charles P.	Christiana, Jefferson	1868.
Goodrich, Joseph	Milton, Rock	1855.
Goodsell, Elihu B.	Highland, Iowa	1865, 66.
Goodwin, Charles E.	Mayville, Dodge	1868.
Goodwin, George B.	Menasha, Winnebago	1860.
Gordon, Abram	Racine, Racine	1852.
Gordon, Edw. B.	Glidden, Ashland	1905.
Gorman, Michael	North Port, Shawano	1872.
Goss, Benjamin F.	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1855, 93.
Gowdy, David C.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1874.
Graham, Alexander	Janesville, Rock	1861, 70, 72.
Graham, Thomas J.	Muscoda, Grant	1878.
Graham, Wallace W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Granger, Jeddediah W.	Menomonie, Dunn	1870.
Grant, Harvey	Tichora, Marquette	1855.
Grant, Job N.	Union Center, Juneau	1875.
Grant, Willard	Hebron, Jefferson	1855.
Graves, Gaylord	East Troy, Walworth	1848.
Graves, George S.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygn	1867, 68, 69.
Graves, LeRoy	Gravesville, Calumet	1861.
Graves, Sereno W.	Rutland, Dane	1861.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Gray, Albert L.	Ft. Howard, Brown	1879, 82, 85, 89, 91.
Gray, Almond D.	Hudson, St. Croix	1856.
Gray, Amos S.	Osceola, Polk	1865.
Gray, Ansley	Avoca, Iowa	1876.
Gray, Hamilton H.	Darlington, Lafayette	1856, 58, b.
Gray, James B.	Hudson, St. Croix	1853.
Gray, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1877, 78.
Greenman, John W.	Bergen, Vernon	1867.
Green, Asaph	Chilton, Calumet	1860.
Green, John	Moscow, Iowa	1867.
Green, Paul M.	Milton, Rock	1893.
Green, William C.	York, Green	1850.
Green, William H.	Lowell, Dodge	1862, 64.
Greene, Nathan S.	Milford, Jefferson	1863.
Greene, Walter S.	Milford, Jefferson	1862, b.
Greening, Philip	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1879.
Greening, William	Little Prairie, Walworth	1877.
Greenwood, Charles F.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1905.
Gregory, George K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Greulich, Augustus	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848, 56, b.
Grier, Thomas H.	Bloomfield, Walworth	1895.
Griffin, Cornelius S.	Saukville, Washington	1850.
Griffin, Harvey C.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1860, 62.
Griffin, John D.	Shields, Dodge	1855.
Griffin, John G.	Randolph, Columbia	1876.
Griffin, Michael	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1876, b.
Griffin, Patrick	Waterloo, Dodge	1876.
Grimm, Christopher	Jefferson, Jefferson	1893.
Grimm, George	Jefferson, Jefferson	1857.
Grimmer, Thomas D.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1872.
Grimshaw, John	Elroy, Juneau	1887.
Grinde, Hans S.	De Forest, Dane	1887.
Griswold, William M.	Columbus, Columbia	1858, 59, 60, b.
Groesbeck, Benjamin F.	Tarade, Walworth	1865.
Groot, Aaron V.	Brookfield, Waukesha	1851.
Grootemaat, Abraham L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1890.
Grover, Eleazer, Jr.	Madison, Dane	1860.
Grover, Woodbury S.	Prairie Farm, Barron	1877.
Grubb, William S.	Baraboo, Sauk	1882, 83.
Grube, Herman	Watertown, Dodge	1875.
Grube, Herman G.	Watertown, Jefferson	1899.
Guernsey, Francis M.	Clintonville, Waupaca	1878.
Guernsey, George H.	Almond, Portage	1876.
Guernsey, Orrin	Janesville, Rock	1862.
Gulick, Joachim	Ora Oak, Grant	1867.
Gunderson, Lars L.	Cumberland, Barron	1880.
Gunn, Smith R.	Prescott, Pierce	1875.
Gunning, J. W.	Friendship, Adams	1889.
Gurnee, John D.	Madison, Dane	1872.
Guth, Louis D.	Kewaskum, Washington	1899.
Haben, Andrew	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1882, 85, b.
Hackett, John	Beloit, Rock	1852.
Haderer, Frank	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895, 03.
Hadley, Jackson	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 65, 66, 67, b.
Hadfield, Joseph J.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1887.
Haertel, Herman	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 57.
Hagarty, John B.	Medford, Taylor	1905.
Hagemeister, H. F.	Green Bay, Brown	1893, 95, b.
Hagen, Charles	Black Creek, Outagamie	1905.
Hagerly, Timothy	Franklin, Milwaukee	1854.
Hagstad, K. K.	Eitrick, Trempealeau	1889.
Haggerty, John A.	Ferryville, Crawford	1901.
Hahn, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Haight, J. Hayward	Brothertown, Calumet	1878.
Halbert, Thomas L.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1875.
Hale, Obed P.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1851.
Hale, Samuel	Kenosha, Kenosha	1854.
	Racine, Racine	1850.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hall, Albert R.	Knapp, Dunn	1891, 93, 95, 97, 99, 01.
Hall, Charles	Oconto, Oconto	1887, 89.
Hall, Daniel	Watertown, Jefferson	1870, 71, 72.
Hall, Erasmus D.	Waukau, Winnebago	1848.
Hall, George H.	Dell Prairie, Adams	1862.
Hall, Henry	Walworth, Walworth	1870.
Hall, John W.	Dotyville, Fond du Lac....	1861.
Hall, Jonathan C.	Marinette, Marinette	1888.
Hall Thomas W.	Mourne, Green	1877.
Hallock, James L.	Burnside, Buffalo	1870.
Ham, Philip A.	Crystal Lake, Waupaca	1895.
Hambright, C. M.	Racine, Racine	1895.
Hamilton, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Hamilton, Henry C.	Wauconga, Fond du Lac....	1862.
	Two Rivers, Manitowoc....	1858.
	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac....	1869.
Hamilton, Irenus K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874 77.
Hamilton, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903, 05.
Hamm, Philip H.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1860.
Hammquist, Ch. G.	Appleton, Outagamie	1876, 77.
Hammel, David	Appleton, Outagamie	1885, 87.
Hammel, Leopold	—, Lafayette	1882.
Hammitt, George W.	Montfort, Grant	1866.
Hammon, Alason P.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1861, 62.
Hammond, Charles F.	Clinton, Rock	1870, 71.
Hammond, John	Rocky Run, Columbia	1865.
Hand, Jesse F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Haney, Robert	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1887.
Haney, M. C.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1893, 95.
Hanke, Charles F.	Waterloo, Dodge	1903, 05.
Hannifin, Daniel L.	Good Hope, Milwaukee	1861, 63.
Hanrahan, John	Good Hope, Milwaukee	1858.
Hanrahan, Michael	Beloit, Rock	1895.
Hansen, Edward F.	Beloit, Rock	1905.
Hansen, William O.	Mindoro, La Crosse	1901.
Hanson, Andrew C.	Ephraim, Door	1895.
Hanson, James	La Grange, Walworth	1862.
Hanson, Sylvester	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1862, 63.
Hanson, William E.	Armstr's Cor., F'd du Lac	1883.
Hardgrove, John	Genesee, Waukesha	1874, 76.
Hardy, William H.	New Diggings, Lafayette....	1865.
Harkér, James	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa..	1895.
Harmon, John C.	Platteville, Grant	1863.
Harms, John	Rome, Jefferson	1866.
Harnden, Henry	Byron, Fond du Lac	1855.
Harrington, Benjamin R. ...	Boscobel, Crawford	1866.
Harrington, George E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Harrington, George P.	Sugar Creek, Walworth	1854.
Harrington, Perry G.	Dousman, Waukesha	1895.
Harris, Caleb C.	Jacksonport, Door	1872.
Harris, Charles L.	Fairview, Grant	1861, 69, 71.
Harris, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 75.
Harrison, Stephen A.	Stockbridge, Calumet	1875.
Harsh, John	Lima, Calumet	1854.
Hart, Alexander H.	Elroy, Juneau	1885.
Hart, Edmond	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1879.
Hart, Judson G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Hartmann, Theodore O.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1899, 01, 03, 05.
Hartung, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Hartung, Theodore	Oconto, Oconto	1897, 99.
Harvey, Leslie C.	York, Dane	1860.
Hasey, John	Columbus, Columbia	1874.
Hasey, Samuel	Saukville, Ozaukee	1869.
Haskell, Job	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Hassa, F.	Watertown, Jefferson	1864.
Hass, Robert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852, 50.
Hasse, Edward	Geneva, Walworth	1849.
Hastings, Samuel D.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1867.
Hatch, Benjamin T.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1863.
Hatcher, Willam W.	Waupun, Fond du Lac....	1862.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Haugen, Nils P.	River Falls, Pierce	1879, 80.
Hawkins, William A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 56.
Hawks, Eli	Juneau, Dodge	1878, 83.
Hawley, Charles S.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1856, 57, 58.
Hawley, George	Poysippi, Waushara	1857.
Hawn, Charles A.	Rock Elm Center, Pierce..	1878.
Hay, Samuel M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853, b.
Hayden, Edward G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Hayden, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Hayes, Henry	Cascade, Sheboygan	1863.
Hayes, Titus	Platteville, Grant	1853.
Hayes, Thomas	Richfield, Washington	1856.
Hays, James B.	Juneau, Dodge	1867.
Hays, Samuel	Neosho, Jefferson	1861.
Hayward, Paul D.	Kingston, Marquette	1857.
Hazard, Enos I.	La Grange, Walworth	1849.
Hazeltine, Ira S.	Richland Center, Richland.	1867.
Hazen, Chester	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1885.
Hazen, Nathan	Poynette, Columbia	1861.
Head, Charles R.	Albion, Dane	1854, 56, 63.
Heath, Chauncey G.	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1848.
Heimdahl, Knudt O.	Deerfield, Dane	1871.
Heimler, Joseph, Jr.	Farmersville, Dodge	1880.
Heinecke, Herman	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1905.
Hellberg, Louis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Hemenway, H. C.	Richmond, Walworth	1851.
Hemmi, Ulrich	Black Hawk, Sauk	1879.
Hemschemeyer, W. H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1879, 80.
Henderson, Asabel	Beloit, Rock	1874.
Henderson, Joseph R.	Riley, Dane	1891.
Henning, John O.	Hudson, St. Croix	1851.
Henry, Andrew	Madison, Dane	1869.
Henry, John A.	Easton, Adams	1901, 05.
Henry, Robert	Anchorage, Buffalo	1869.
Henton, Theodore	Otsego, Columbia	1889.
Herrick, Merton	Hudson, St. Croix	1881.
Herron, Wilson R.	Sharon, Walworth	1874, 77.
Herzer, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Hesk, William R.	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1860.
Hetzel, Henry C.	Merrill, Lincoln	1887.
Heyl, Charles W.	Madison, Dane	1893.
Hicks, Edward	Green Bay, Brown	1870, b.
Hicks, Franklin Z.	Avoca, Iowa	1861.
Higgins, James	Hubbleton, Dodge	1876.
Higgins, Patrick	Menomonee, Waukesha	1850.
Hildebrant, Henry	Station, Washington	1863, 64.
Hiles, George	Dexterville, Wood	1867.
Hill, James	Warren, St. Croix	1878, 79, 80, b.
Hill, Thomas	Spring Green, Sauk	1889.
Hill, Thomas W.	Springfield, Walworth	1853, 63.
Hill, William	New Diggings, Lafayette..	1849.
Hilliard, John U.	Merton, Waukesha	1852.
Hillyer, Edwin	Waupun, Dodge	1853.
Hineman, Miles Leroy	Tomah, Monroe	1887.
Hineckley, J. R.	Tomah, Monroe	1883.
Hineckley, Leonard D.	Eagle, Waukesha	1871.
Hindes, Lemuel P.	Lodi, Columbia	1897.
Hinn, Christopher	Fennimore, Grant	1891.
Hintze, C. F. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Hirschinger, Charles	Baraboo, Sauk	1893, 95.
Hitt, Henry D.	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1858.
Hixon, Gideon C.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1871, 72, b.
Hobart, Adin P.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1872.
	Chilton, Calumet	1859.
Hobart, Harrison C.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1849, b.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Hobart, M. C.	Fall River, Columbia	1874, 75.
Hobbins, Patrick	Morrison, Brown	1874, 75.
Hodgins, David	Hortonville, Outagamie	1901, 63.
Hodgson, Manville S.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1876.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Hoeflinger, Carl	Wausau, Marathon	1862, 70.
Hoehle, William E.	Superior, Douglas	1899.
Hoffman, Herman H.	Amherst Junction, Portage.	1895.
Hogan, James J.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1889, 91.
Hogan, John M.	Green Bay, Brown	1882, 97.
Hogan, Michael	Menasha, Winnebago	1862, 63.
Holcomb, David L.	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1893, 99.
Holehouse, Joseph W.	Barton, Washington	1881, 82.
Holland, Bjorn	Hollandale, Iowa	1899, 01.
Holle, Henry J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Hollenbeck, Stephen P.	Highland, Iowa	1855.
Hollman, James V.	Platteville, Grant	1885.
Holloway, John C.	Lancaster, Grant	1871, b.
Holly, Alanson	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1868.
Holman, Nels	Deerfield, Dane	1893.
Holmes, Harvey	Janesville, Rock	1853.
Holmes, John E.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1853.
Holmes, Miles	Palmyra, Jefferson	1858.
Holt, Eleazor	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1868.
Holtton, Edward D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Holzhauser, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Hooker, Culver E.	Waupun, Dodge	1887.
Hooker, Daniel P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1833, 85.
Hooker, Jesse	Salem, Kenosha	1854.
Hooper, Daniel	Troy, Walworth	1855, 59, 69.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.	Madison, Dane	1866, b.
Hoppock, David D.	Rubicon, Dodge	1862.
Horn, Frederick W.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1851, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67, 68, 72, 75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horn, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Horst, Henry	Hayton, Calumet	1876.
Horton, Norman	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1860.
Horton, Townsend N.	West Salem, La Crosse	1865.
Hoskins, Leander	Union, Rock	1850.
Hoskins, William	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1871, 72.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1857, b.
Houghton, Horace E.	Durand, Pepin	1873, b.
Houston, Robert S.	Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha	1874, 91.
Howard, Nathan B.	Magnolia, Rock	1855, 62.
Howe, Henry B.	Nora, Dane	1881.
Howe, Oliver C.	Lowville, Columbia	1856, 57.
Howell, Henry S.	Watertown, Jefferson	1863.
Howell, Richard P.	Racine, Racine	1852.
Howland, Meredith	Kenosha, Kenosha	1860.
Hoyle, Edwin L.	Manchester, Green Lake	1869.
Hoye, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 71.
Hoyt, Charles M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Hoyt, Emerson D.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887, 93, 95, 97.
Hoyt, Franklin E.	Rochester, Racine	1859.
Hoyt, Henry H.	West Branch, Richland	1876.
Hoyt, Joseph W.	Chaseburg, Vernon	1871, b.
Hoyt, Otis	Hudson, St. Croix	1852.
Hubbard, Benj. W.	Evansville, Rock	1893.
Hubbard, Samuel D.	Waldo, Sheboygan	1861, 73, 77.
Hubbell, Levi	Mondovi, Buffalo	1885.
Hubbell, Richard W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864.
Huber, Henry A.	Oconto, Oconto	1872, 73.
Hutching, Arnold	Stoughton, Dane	1905.
Hudd, Thomas R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Huebner, John F.	Appleton, Outagamie	1868, b.
Hughes, William	Green Bay, Brown	1875, b.
Hulbert, David B.	Lowell, Dodge	1857.
Hullbert, Julius	Waushara, Waushara	1897, 99.
Hullett, Oliver P.	Loganville, Sauk	1876, 77, 78, 05, b.
Hull, David P.	Albany, Green	1851.
Hull, William	Menomonee Falls, W'kesha	1858.
Humain, Mathias	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Humphrey, Cadwallader	Potosi, Grant	1854, 55, 56.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
	Cascade, Sheboygan	1861.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Humphrey, Frank W.	Shawano, Shawano	1899.
Humphrey, George M.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1848.
Humphrey, Herman L.	Hudson, St. Croix	1887, b.
Humphrey, Humphrey E. ..	Ixonia Center, Jefferson ..	1881.
Humphrey, Jasper	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Humphrey, Lemuel O.	Albion, Dane	1871.
Hunkins, Benjamin	New Berlin, Waukesha	1870.
Hunt, Charles A.	Melvina, Monroe	1868, 70.
Hunt, Henry C.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1891, 93.
Hunt, Jeremiah	Menasha, Winnebago	1864.
Hunt, Robert O.	Marinette, Marinette	1899.
Hunt, Samuel W.	Menomonie, Dunn	1868.
Hunter, George	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac ..	1875.
Huntington, Augustus A. ..	York, Dane	1876.
Huntington, William H.	Durand, Pepin	1883.
Huntley, Frederick	Buena Vista, Portage	1869, 70.
Hurd, Frank E.	Brodhead, Green	1882, 83.
Hurlbut, Edwin	New Lisbon, Juneau	1885, 97.
Hurlbut, William H.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha ..	1869.
Hurlbut Oscar	Elkhorn, Walworth	1897, 99.
Huse, Jesse B.	Lomira, Dodge	1850.
Hutchinson, Buell E.}	Rewey, Iowa	1885.
Hutchinson, Christopher ...	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1857.
Hyde, Edwin	Madison, Dane	1879, b.
Hyer, George	Beetown, Grant	1873.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 77, 73, b.
	Madison, Dane	1863, b.
Inden, Gottfried	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Ingram, Julius G.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1878, 79.
Innis, William T.	W. Rosendale, Fond du Lac ..	1877.
Irish, George	Clinton, Rock	1858.
Irvine, Wm. S.	Loyal, Clark	1903, 05.
Isenring, Fred B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Isham, Willard	Delavan, Walworth	1855.
Iverson, Jacob J.	South Wayne, Lafayette ..	1893.
Ives, Edward H.	Trimabelle, Pierce	1869, b.
Ives, F. Badger	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1899.
Jabas, Louis L.	Appleton, Outagamie	1889.
Jackson, Jeremiah L.	Viola, Richland	1860.
Jackson, Robert Wallace ...	Shawano, Shawano	1887, 89.
Jackson, Thomas A.	Brodhead, Green	1866, 70.
Jackson, William W.	Tomah, Monroe	1863, 75.
Jacobi, C. Hugo	Watertown, Jefferson	1891, 93.
Jacobs, John B.	_____, Oconto	1854.
James, John	Eagle, Waukesha	1856.
James, Norman L.	Richland Center, Richland ..	1873, 75, b.
Jamieson, Hugh P.	Poynette, Columbia	1893.
Jarvis, Birney M.	Cazenovia, Richland	1881.
Jeche, William	Hustisford, Dodge	1882, 95.
Jeffers, John	Darien, Walworth	1864, 71.
Jeffrey, James	Georgetown, Grant	1875.
Jeffrey, William	Ellenboro, Grant	1854.
Jenkins, Charles E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 51.
Jenkins George A.	Charlestown, Calumet	1857, b.
Jenkins, John J.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa ..	1872.
Jenkins, Thomas	Platteville, Grant	1874.
	Dodgeville, Iowa	1848.
Jenne, Daniel C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1860.
Jennings, Charles B.	Benton, Lafayette	1862.
Jennings, David	Northport, Waupaca	1891, 93.
Jensen, Andrew	Ogdensburg, Waupaca	1897, 99, 01.
Jerdee, Amund P.	Deronda, Polk	1905.
Jerman, Peter	Rising Sun, Vernon	1873.
Jeske, Gustav J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, 95.
Jess, George	Waupun, Dodge	1881.
Jewell, Henry C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1867.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Jewell, James H.	Ferryville, Crawford	1878.
Johnson, Calvin R.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1861, 64,
Johnson, Daniel	Evansville, Rock	1865.
Johnson, Daniel H.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1869, 70.
Johnson, Frank H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Johnson, Franklin	Darien, Walworth	1905.
Johnson, Frederick P.	Baraboo, Sauk	1901, 03.
Johnson, Hans	Ontario, Monroe	1899.
Johnson, Henry	Newport, Door	1889.
Johnson, Henry	Somers, Kenosha	1851, 56.
Johnson, James B.	Suring, Oconto	1901, 03, 05.
Johnson, Jeremiah	Fairplay, Grant	1851.
Johnson, John	Evansville, Rock	1860.
Johnson, John A.	York, Dane	1874.
Johnson, John B.	Stoughton, Dane	1857, b.
Johnson, John E.	Darien, Walworth	1885.
Johnson, Joseph B.	Utica, Dane	1869.
Johnson, Lars E.	Montfort, Grant	1893.
Johnson, Michael	Wiotia, Lafayette	1878.
Johnson, Ole	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1874, 75, 76, 77.
Johnson, Peter	Breckenridge, Bad Axe	1862.
Johnson, Phineas M.	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1866.
Johnson, Roger S.	Grafton, Washington	1852.
Johnson, Solon	New London, Waupaca	1895.
Johnson, Stephen B.	Port Washington, Wash.	1849, 50.
Johnson, Thomas	Tomah, Monroe	1867.
Johnson, William H.	Holman, La Crosse	1903, 05.
Johnson, William W.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1849.
Johnston, Francis	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1679.
Johnston, James	Waupun, Dodge	1870.
Johnston, James	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1899, 01, 03.
Johnston, Peter	Boardman, St. Croix	1883.
Joiner, Lemuel W.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1877.
Jonas, Charles	Wyoming, Iowa	1854, b.
Jones, David F.	Racine, Racine	1878, b.
Jones, Evan O.	Sparta, Monroe	1897.
Jones, Evan R.	Cambria, Columbia	1866, 67, b.
Jones, James V.	Sparta, Monroe	1901.
Jones, John N.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878.
Jones, John O.	Platteville, Grant	1851.
Jones, Joseph Vernon	Cambria, Columbia	1887.
Jones, Oscar F.	Urne, Buffalo	1859.
Jones, Owen B.	Juneau, Dodge	1863, 64, 65.
Jones, Samuel S.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1875.
Jones, Stephen	Clinton Junction, Rock	1876.
Jones, Thomas J.	Lowell, Dodge	1848.
Jones, William D.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1882.
Jones, William A.	Hazel Green, Grant	1899.
Jordan, Timothy S.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1895, 97.
Joslin, William H.	West Lima, Vernon	1876.
Judd, Russell J.	Richland Center, Richland	1880.
Judd, Stoddard	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871.
Judd, Truman H.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1860, 65, b.
Judson, Philander	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Julius, Charles L.	Bristol, Kenosha	1855.
Juneau, Narcisse M.	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1851.
Juneau, Paul	Theresa, Dodge	1855, 58.
Jussen, Edmund	Juneau, Dodge	1849, 58.
Juve, T. O.	Madison, Dane	1862.
	Rising Sun, Vernon	1881, 82.
Karel, Albert	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1903.
Karel, John C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Kast, John D.	Shawano, Shawano	1877.
Kastler, John	Wayne, Washington	1800.
Katz, Raphael	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1901.
Keenan, John	Fitchburg, Dane	1899.
Keenan, Matthew W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1841.
Keene, Francis B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899, 01.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Keene, Henry S.	Lancaster, Grant	1881.
Kehl, John B.	Black Earth, Dane	1874.
Kehrein, J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Kelfer, George	Nenno, Washington	1860.
Kellam, Alphonso G.	Delavan, Walworth	1869.
Kelley, Patrick	Elba, Dodge	1853.
Kellogg, Austin	Concord, Jefferson	1850, 74, 75.
Kellogg, John	Reedsburg, Sauk	1873.
Kelly, David M.	Green Bay, Brown	1877, 78, 79, b.
Kelly, Rollin C.	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1868.
Kelsey, Charles S.	Montello, Marquette	1867, 73, 80, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.	Montello, Marquette	1853, b.
Keisey Milo	Delavan, Walworth	1848, 49.
Kempey, Charles H.	Packwaukee, Marquette	1899.
Kempter, Richard R.	Alma, Buffalo	1881.
Kendall, Nathaniel W.	Wyalusing, Grant	1863.
Kenealy, James	Toland's Prairie, Wash.	1858, 66.
Kenealy, James	Thompson, Washington	1835, 87.
Kennedy, Duncan A.	Stevenstown, La Crosse	1887.
Kennedy, James E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1870.
Kennedy, Richard	Highland, Iowa	1880, 83.
Kennedy, O. G.	Colfax, Dunn	1903.
Kenyon, George P.	Wonevoo, Juneau	1889.
Keogh, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860, 61, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 87, 89, 91, 93, b.
Keogh, James	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1893.
Kerl, Otto	Cross Plains, Dane	1873.
Kern, Charles J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
Kern, George J.	Rome, Jefferson	1901, 03.
Kerr, Joseph	Randolph, Columbia	1848, 49.
Kershaw, William J.	Big Spring, Adams	1875.
Kessler, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68, b.
Ketchum, Asa C.	Watertown, Jefferson	1899.
Keyes, Elisha W.	Portage City, Columbia	1854.
Kickbush, F. W.	Madison, Dane	1882.
Kidd, Edward I.	Wausau, Marathon	1878.
Kilbourne, Charles	Millville, Grant	1881, 82, 83, b.
Kilgore, Moses	Princeton, Green Lake	1867.
Killilea, Matthew R.	Bailey's Harbor, Door	1868.
Kimball, Frank	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Kimball, Fenner	Briggsville, Marquette	1903.
Kimball, Jedediah	Janesville, Rock	1878, 95.
King, Edward P.	Portland, Dodge	1849.
King, George G.	Beloit, Rock	1865, 66.
King, George W.	Shields, Dodge	1871.
King, Owen	Humbird, Clark	1871.
King, William P.	Helena, Iowa	1875, 78.
Kingsbury, James T.	Merton, Waukesha	1859.
Kingson, John T.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1860.
Kingston, William M.	Necedah, Juneau	1874, 80, 81, b.
Kinney, Asal	Chaseburg, Vernon	1887.
Kinney, Joseph, Jr.	Lima Center, Rock	1882.
Kinney, Ole G.	Lima, Rock	1851.
Kinzie, Robert H.	Colfax, Dunn	1903, 65.
Kirchoff, Henry	Avoca, Iowa	1877.
Kirkpatrick, Amos D.	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1862.
Kirkpatrick, James	Dayton, Green	1855.
Kite, Charles E.	Brodhead, Rock	1861.
Kizer, F. C.	Mavville, Dodge	1876.
Klabunde, Reinhardt	Whitewater, Walworth	1839, 91.
Klefer, George H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Klein, L. C.	West Bend, Washington	1868.
Kleinfelter, H. G.	Racine, Racine	1855.
Klindt, John A.	Nora, Dane	1880.
Klotz, Ignatius	Cassville, Grant	1880.
Klotz, Nicholas	Campbellsport, F'd du Lac	1880, b.
Knab, David	Eden, Fond du Lac	1868.
Knapstein, T. E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1884, 65.
Knapp, Gilbert	New London, Outagamie	1888, 91.
	Racine, Racine	1861.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Knapp, Gaines A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1887.
Knapp, Levi E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871, 78.
Knapp, William A.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1865.
Kneeland, Cyrus S.	Waupun, Dodge	1859.
Knoell, Valentine	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852, 67, 71.
Knowlton, Ephraim	Highland, Iowa	1856, 67.
Knowlton, James H.	Janesville, Rock	1858.
	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1854, 56.
Knowlton, John J.	Seymour, Outagamie	1876, 77.
Knox, Seymour M.	Markesan, Green Lake	1874.
Konrad, August	Hartford, Washington	1891, 93
Koch, G. W.	Beachwood, Sheboygan	1903.
Konz, Frederick	Calvary, Fond du Lac	1881.
Kraatz, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
Krauss, Charles A. W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Kreiss, George	Appleton, Outagamie	1864, b.
Krebs, Konrad	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Krebs, Frederick H.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1858 61.
Kroenenwetter, S.	Mosinee, Marathon	1855.
Kroncke, George H.	Wilmot, Kenosha	1893.
Kruger, A. H. F.	Neenah, Winnebago	1850, 82.
Krumrey, Henry	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1911.
Kruszka, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Kuehn, Charles	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1849, 50.
Kuntz, Carl C.	Sauk City, Sauk	1883.
	Black Hawk, Sauk	1870, 71, 74
Kussow, B. O. Zastrow....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1858.
Kyle, David W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1859.
Kyle, James L.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1854.
La Du, Willis F.	Mosinee, Marathon	1903.
La Due, Albert D.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1853.
	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1851.
La Due, Nelson	Spafford, Lafayette	1879.
Lafferty, James	Empire, Fond du Lac	1874.
Lagrande, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Lamberson, Jay G.	Sextonville, Richland	1841, 93, 95.
Lain, Isaac	Waukesha, Waukesha	1861.
Lake, Phipps W.	Walworth, Walworth	1854.
Lamoureux, Oliver H.	Plover, Portage	1872.
Lamoureux, Silas W.	Mayville, Dodge	1872.
Lamure, Wm.	Ledyard, Outagamie	1885, 87.
Landt, Sophronius S.	Friendship, Adams	1895.
Lane, Charles A.	Plover, Portage	1882, 83.
Lane, Nathan E.	Phillips, Price	1901 03.
Lang, R. A.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1903.
Lange, Louie A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1893, 95, 97, 99.
Langenfeld, Peter	Theresa, Dodge	1878.
Langer, William	Waukesha, Waukesha	1882.
Langland, Knud	North Cape	1860.
Langworthy, Joseph	Mauston, Juneau	1857.
Lapham, Otis B.	Friendship, Adams	1861, 63, 69.
Large, Jonathan	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1865.
Larkin, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, 74, 75, b.
Larkin, Martin, Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863.
Larsin, James	Menasha, Marinette	1891.
LaSelle, William B.	Plainfield, Waushara	1887, 89.
Latham, Hollis	Elkhorn, Walworth	1862.
Lathrop, Henry Allison	Marshfield, Wood	1887.
Latta, George W.	Antigo, Langlade	1895, 97.
Lauderdale, James	La Grange, Walworth	1853, 56.
Laverranz, Otto	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889, 81.
Lavies, Hubert	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1876.
Lavis, Peter	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1854, 55, 56.
Lawler, William	New Coeln, Milwaukee	1878.
Lawrence, Franklin S.	Janesville, Rock	1880, 81.
Lawrence, George H.	Burnett Station, Dodge	1876.
Lawrence, William A.	Janesville, Rock	1852, b.
Lawton, A. F.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1885.
Layne, James H.	Viroqua, Vernon	1863.
Lca, A. R.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1891.

D. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Leach, Frank	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1874, 75.
Leahy, John E.	Wausau, Marathon	1883, b.
Leavens, Henry P.	Neenah, Winnebago	1877.
Lebeis, Henry	Bloomer, Chippewa	1893.
Ledvina, Lawrence W.	Kellnersville, Manitowoc ..	1905.
Lee, Daniel	De Pere, Brown	1872.
Lee, Levi	Elkhorn, Walworth	1855.
Lee, Ole C.	Stoughton, Dane	1895.
Lees, Edward	Ottawa, Waukesha	1853, 54.
Lees, Robert	Fountain City, Buffalo	1875, 76.
Legler, H. E.	Gilman town, Buffalo	1873, b.
Legried, Christ	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Lehmann, August H.	Cambridge, Dane	1897.
Leigh, John	Hustisford, Dodge	1874.
Leissring, Alfred A.	Oconto, Oconto	1875.
Leland, Cyrus	La Crosse, La Crosse	1893.
Leland, Frank	Sauk City, Sauk	1849.
Lemont, James	Elkhorn, Walworth	1873.
Lenck, C. H.	Bay View, Milwaukee	1855.
Lennon, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Lenroot, Irvine L.	Appleton, Outagamie	1883.
Leonard, Calvin D. W.	Superior, Douglas	1901, 03, 05.
Leonard, Peter H.	Dayton, Green	1862, 70.
Leonardson, J. C.	Fifield, Ashland	1889.
Leonhardt, Christopher	Waterloo, Jefferson	1882.
Leonhardy, John	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1853.
Leroy, Edward Webster	Alma, Buffalo	1891.
Leslie, John	Marinette, Marinette	1903, 05.
Lessey, John F.	Juneau, Dodge	1855.
Lewis, Andrew H.	Green Bay, Brown	1851.
Lewis, Calvin E.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha ..	1855.
Lewis, Charles G.	Columbus, Columbia	1872.
Lewis, James M.	Hale, Trempealeau	1879.
Lewis, James T.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1857.
Lewis, John C.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1852, b.
Lewis, Rensselear M.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac ..	1859, 60.
Lewis, William T.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac ..	1873.
Liebenstein, John W.	Racine, Racine	1897.
Lincoln, Weyman L.	Scott, Sheboygan	1893.
Linderman, James L.	Avoca, Iowa	1864, b.
Lindsay, Freeman D.	Osseo, Trempealeau	1877.
Lindsay, William	Neillsville, Clark	1877.
Lins, John A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Lince, Chas.	Eagle, Waukesha	1881, b.
Linsley, Marcus	La Crosse, La Crosse	1885.
Liscow, William	Kenosha, Kenosha	1861.
Little, Francis	Iron Ridge, Dodge	1881.
Little, James	Mineral Point, Iowa	1864, 65, b.
Littlefield, Stephen D.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan ..	1859.
Lloyd, Evan W.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan ..	1859.
Lloyd, John	Cambria, Columbia	1881.
Loehr, Peter	Clyman, Dodge	1875.
Loehr, Querin	Dotyville, Fond du Lac	1889.
Logan, Frank	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1853.
Loneragan, Michael	Hurley, Iron	1899.
Long, Chester D.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1871.
Long, Hugh	Darien, Walworth	1861.
Longbotham, John	Darien, Walworth	1848.
Loomis, Charles D.	Dickeyville, Grant	1891, 93.
Loper, Alonzo A.	Necedah, Juneau	1882.
Lord, Freeman H.	Eden, Fond du Lac	1873, b.
Lord, Simon L.	River Falls, Pierce	1895, 03.
Lorigan, Bryan S.	Edgerton, Rock	1880, b.
Loth, Ernest	Maple Grove, Manitowoc ..	1874, 75.
Love, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Lovejoy, Allen P.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1885.
Loveland, Carpus	Janesville, Rock	1879, b.
Lovell, Frederick S.	Rutland, Dane	1879.
Low, Jacob	Kenosha, Kenosha	1877, 53.
	Lowville, Columbia	1872.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Lown, George H.	Walworth, Walworth	1849.
Lowth, John	Lowell, Dodge	1850, 51, 59.
Lowth, Matthew	Columbus, Columbia	1880.
Lowth, Michael F.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1865.
Lowry, Goodwan	Helena Station, Iowa	1868.
Luchsinger, John	New Glarus, Green	1873, 76, 77, 78.
Luse, Louis K.	Monroe, Green	1887.
Luscher, Gustav S.	Stoughton, Dane	1881.
Lutkin, Peter C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1891, 93.
Lyle, John	Whitesville, Racine	1857.
Lynch, Felix	Paoli, Dane	1878.
Lynch, Thomas	Danville, Dodge	1885.
Lynde, William Pitt	Chilton, Calumet	1873, 83.
Lyon, James R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, b.
Lyon, Joseph F.	Glendale, Monroe	1889.
Lyon, Waldo	Darien, Walworth	1868.
Lyon, William P.	Hastisford, Dodge	1859.
	Racine, Racine	1859, 60.
Macanley, Robert	Menomonie, Dunn	1883.
MacBride, Robert J.	Nellsville, Clark	1882, 83, b.
Mackay, Thomas C. L.	Elk Grove, Lafayette	1860, 61.
Madden, Henry	Dodgeville, Iowa	1853.
Maertz, Fred C.	Reedsville, Manitowoc	1895, 97.
Mahoney, Daniel A.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1893.
Mahoney, Daniel O.	Viroqua, Vernon	1893, 95.
Mahoney, George R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Main, Robert P.	Oregon, Dane	1857.
Malmros, G. C. Oscar	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1851.
Maloy, Michael	Richfield, Washington	1862.
Manley, Ira, Jr.	Markesan, Green Lake	1868.
Manney, Francis G.	Linden, Sheboygan	1850.
Manson, Rufus P.	Wausau, Marathon	1871.
Manuel, Herman E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1901.
Marsh, Joseph C.	Spokeville, Clark	1895, 97.
Markham, George H.	Independence, Trempealeau	1879.
Marquardt, August F.	Wausau, Marathon	2905.
Marsden, Thomas B.	Friendship, Adams	1866.
Marshall, Charles W.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1859.
Marshall, George M.	Big Springs, Adams	1875, 76.
Marshall, John	Adell, Sheboygan	1882.
Marshall, William R.	St. Croix Falls, St. Croix	1848.
Marston, Warren	Lomira, Dodge	1867.
Martin, Andrew	Riceville, Washington	1875, 76.
Martin, Constant	Dykesville, Kewaunee	1866.
Martin, Harry C.	Darlington, Lafayette	1895, Spl. Ses.
Martin, Jacob, Sr.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1883.
Martin, J. F.	Onion River, Sheboygan	1863.
Martin, Mark	Green Bay, Brown	1864.
Martin, Morgan L.	Green Bay, Brown	1855, 74, b.
Martin, N. T.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1889.
Martin, Stoddard H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
Martin, Thomas L.	Wilton, Monroe	1836.
Margin, George G.	Westford, Columbia	1871.
Marx, Nicholas	Wayne, Washington	1864, 77.
Mason, Albert L.	Elton, Walworth	1879.
Mason, Jacob	Monroe, Green	1866.
Mason, John	Wiota, Lafayette	1885.
Mason, Zebulon	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1857, 58.
Masters, William	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1887.
Masse, Charles A.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1879.
Massey, Henry L.	Potosi, Grant	1861.
Mather, Samuel W.	Markesan, Marquette	1853.
Mathes, John	Rhine, Sheboygan	1854.
Matteson, Silas C.	Wauconsta, Fond du Lac	1859.
Matthews, Eschines P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Matts, Nicholas M.	Verona, Dane	1862.
Matts, Peter W.	Montrose, Dane	1854.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented	Sessions.
Maxon, Densmore W.	Cedar Creek, Washington..	1848, 52, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 82, b.
Maxon, Joseph S.	Walworth, Walworth	1891.
Maxson, Darwin E.	Milton, Rock	1869.
Maxson, Orrin T.	Prescott, Pierce	1853, 57.
Maxwell, Walter S.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1877, 81, 84, b.
May, Reuben	Springville, Vernon	1870, 72.
Mayer, Christian	Watertown, Jefferson	1875.
Mayer, Jacob G.	Le Roy, Dodge	1862.
McAllister, William P.	Omro, Winnebago	1857, 58.
McArthur, Eric	Winneconne, Winnebago ..	1846.
McCabe, Maurice A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
McCarthy, James	Port Washington, Ozaukee.	1866.
McCartney, Alexander R.	Cassville, Grant	1869.
McCarty, Frank D.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1853.
McCarty, Thomas	Menom. Falls, Waukesha..	1870, 77.
McCaul, Thomas	Tomah, Monroe	1874.
McCollum, John F.	Trenton, Dodge	1862, 63.
McCollum, J. L. R.	Sextonville, Richland	1876, 77.
McComb, Isaac N.	Brillon, Calumet	1901.
McConnell, Chas. D.	Ripon, Green Lake	1882, 87.
McConnell, Thomas	Winneconne, Winnebago ..	1873.
McConochie, R. N.	Cambria, Columbia	1893.
McCord, Myron H.	Merrill, Lincoln	1881, b.
McCormick, Andrew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856, 57.
McCormick, Francis	Ashippun, Dodge	1854.
McCormick, Joseph	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1871.
McCormick, William L.	Hayward, Sawyer	1901.
McCoy, James B.	Platteville, Grant	1887, 89.
McCoy, William J.	Beetown, Grant	1876, 78.
McCourt, James Henry	Lancaster, Grant	1883, 85.
McCracken, M. W.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1887, 89.
McCracken, Samuel	Superior, Douglas	1859.
McDill, Alexander S.	Marquette, Marquette	1854.
McDill, George D.	Plover, Portage	1862, b.
McDill, Thomas H.	Osceola Mills, Polk	1881, 82, 83.
McDonald, Thomas, Jr.	Plover, Portage	1867, 71, 79, 80.
McDonald, A. S.	Lancaster, Grant	1897, 99.
McDonald, Alexander A.	Marion, Waupaca	1885, 87.
McDonald, David	Madison, Dane	1858.
McDonald, Donald A.	Racine, Racine	1848.
McDonald, James	La Crosse, La Crosse	1874, b.
McDonald, John D.	Sussex, Waukesha	1869.
McDonald, John R.	Summit, Waukesha	1870, 71.
McDonald, Martin W.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1889.
McDonough, Frank	Alma, Buffalo	1892.
McDowell, Samuel C.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1893, b.
McElroy, James	Fox Lake, Dodge	1882.
McElroy, William	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1864.
McFarland, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887, 89.
McFarlane, Hugh	Highland, Iowa	1863, b.
McFetridge, Edward C.	Portage City, Columbia	1850.
McGalloway, Peter	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1878, 81, b.
McGarry, Edward	Forest, Fond du Lac	1895.
McGeehan, M. G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 53, 64, b.
McGeehan, R. J.	Hurley, Ashland	1893.
McGill, Leroy E.	De Pere, Brown	1889, 91.
McGillivray, Jas. J.	Florence, Florence	1901.
McGilton, John	Black River Falls, Jackson	1891, 93, b.
McGinty, Bernard	Cedar Falls, Dunn	1880.
McGlachlin, E.	Calamine, Lafayette	1878, 80.
McGonigal, William	Stevens Point, Portage	1889.
McGranahan, William	Wingville, Grant	1850.
McGrath, James	Fayette, Lafayette	1859.
McGrath, Thomas J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865, 66, 67, 68, 70, 72, 74.
McGreer, John	Green Bay, Brown	1897, 99.
McGrew, Joseph B.	Antigo, Langlade	1899.
McGregor, Duncan	Richland Center, Richland.	1874, b.
McGuigan, Ambrose	Platteville, Grant	1905.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
McGuire, James M.	Danville, Dodge	1865.
McIndoe, Walter D.	Wausau, Marathon	1850, 54, 55.
McIntosh, Charles E.	Line Rock, Outagamie	1879, 70, 71.
McIntyre, Eugene	Waldo, Sheboygan	1880.
McIver, James	Bay View, Milwaukee	1874.
McKay, John J.	Sparta, Monroe	1860.
McKee, David	Potosi, Grant	1852.
McKenzie, Duncan J.	Alma, Buffalo	1893.
McKenzie, James A.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1905.
McKenzie, John	Dekorra, Columbia	1883.
McKibbin, John	Geneva, Walworth	1858.
McKisson, James C.	Wheatland, Kenosha	1853, 59.
McLean, Campbell	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1862.
McLean, Hector	Stockbridge, Calumet	1865.
McLean, Thomas	Stockbridge, Calumet	1864.
McLees, John M.	Harmony, Vernon	1869.
McLeod, Arthur W.	Washburn, Bayfield	1899.
McLeran, J. B.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1887.
McLaughlin, William M.	Oregon, Green	1864, 65.
McMichael, William	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1860.
McMillan, Alexander	La Crosse, La Crosse	1873.
McMillan, George	Arlington, Columbia	1901.
McMullen, W. V.	Brillion, Calumet	1889, 91.
McMurdo, James H.	Hortonville, Outagamie	1880, 81.
McNair, Hugh A.	Fennimore, Grant	1859, 67, 70.
McNaughton, F.	Vernon, Waukesha	1852.
McNeel, J. Henry	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1870.
McNitt, Edwin W.	Otsego, Columbia	1864.
McNamara, Martin	Maple Grove, Manitowoc....	1872.
McRea, Hector C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa....	1879, 80.
McRaith, M. J.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1866.
McWhorter, George	Waukesha, Waukesha	1858.
Mead, L. H.	Shell Lake, Washburn	1889, 91.
Mead, Zerah	Whitewater, Walworth	1852.
Meads, John F.	Green Bay, Brown	1849.
Meadows, William	Lyons, Walworth	1881.
Meehan, James	Meehan, Portage	1878.
Meigs, Gardner C.	Arena, Iowa	1859, 60.
Meiklejohn, John	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882.
Meissner, Gustav	Ashippun, Dodge	1883.
Meloney, Joseph	Bloomer, Chippewa	1901.
Meloy, Charles J.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1891.
Melvin, Fordyce R.	Brooklyn, Green	1879.
Menzies, James	Rock Prairie, Rock	1881.
Merriman, Charles W.	Beloit, Rock	1897.
Merriam, Amzy	Geneva, Walworth	1871.
Merriam, John G.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1855.
Merrill, Addison W.	Alma Center, Jefferson	1897.
Merrill, Almond	Charleston, Calumet	1855.
Merrill, Hiram	Janesville, Rock	1875.
Merrill, Lorenzo	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1848, 59.
Merrill, Leander G.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1866.
Merrill, Soreno T.	Beloit, Rock	1876, 77.
Merrill, Willard	Janesville, Rock	1871.
Merritt, Edward E.	Neillsville, Clark	1873.
Merrity, Patrick	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee....	1880.
Messmore, Isaac E.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1861.
Metcalf, Theophilus F.	Spring Lake, Waushara....	1870.
Metzler, Louis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Meyers, August G.	Howards Grove, Sheboygan	1905.
Meyer, Charles G.	Fredonia, Ozaukee	1871, 81.
Meyer, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Meyer, Joseph A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Middleton, William J.	Berlin, Green Lake	1889, 01.
Milbrath, C. W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Mihills, Uriah D.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1870, 71.
Millard, Burton	Wausau, Marathon	1853.
Millard, B. F.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa....	1889.
Miller, Chas. H.	West Bend, Washington	1867.
Miller, Clarkson	Geneva, Walworth	1860.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Miller, Edwin E.	Hixton, Jackson	1901.
Miller, Gard	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1905.
Miller, Henry	Wausau, Marathon	1887.
Miller, Herman	Wausau, Marathon	1901, 03.
Miller, Joseph	Brillion, Manitowoc	1883, 85.
Miller, Jerome B.	Alma Center, Jackson	1895.
Miller, Lucius M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853.
Miller, Samuel	Shopiere, Rock	1862.
Miller, Samuel S.	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1887.
Miller, William	Rusk, Dunn	1887, b.
Miller, William H.	Door Creek, Dane	1863, 64.
Miller, W. L.	Winneconne, Winnebago	1889.
Millikin, N. W.	Saxeville, Waushara	1882.
Mills, Edgar G.	West Superior, Douglas	1893, b.
Mills, Ferguson	Seneca, Crawford	1876.
Mills, Hugh B.	Lancaster, Grant	1876.
Mills, Joseph T.	Millston, Jackson	1856, 57, 62, 79.
Mills, Thomas B.	Millston, Jackson	1885, 87, 89.
Minch, Oscar F.	Paoli, Dane	1897, 99.
Miner, Cyrus	Janesville, Rock	1889.
Miner, Eliphalet S.	Necedah, Juneau	1865, 66, b.
Miner, James H.	Richland Center, Richland	1870.
Miner, Levi A.	So. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Minor, David N.	Rubicon, Dodge	1861.
Minor, Edward S.	Fish Creek, Door	1878, 80, 81, b.
Mitchell, Abner	Spring Grove, Green	1854.
Mitchell, Franklin	Juda, Green	1877, 78, 79.
Mitchell, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Mitchell, Martin	Brodhead, Green	1860.
Mitchell, Robert	Douglas Center, Marquette	1875.
Mitchell, William F.	Gibbsville, Sheboygan	1861.
Moeller, Adolph	New Holstein, Calumet	1882.
Mohr, Charles	Portage, Columbia	1895.
Mohr, Christian Frederick	Portage, Columbia	1887, 89.
Mohr, Thomas	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1876, 77.
Moldenhauer, Henry R.	Lebanon, Dodge	1901, 03.
Monroe, Publius V.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1852.
Monroe, William	Fayette, Lafayette	1867.
Monteith, John	Fennimore, Grant	1873.
Monteith, John B.	Genesee, Waukesha	1865.
Montgomery, Edwin	Hancock, Waushara	1871, b.
Moers, Benjamin H.	Grafton, Washington	1848.
Moore, Benjamin F.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852.
Moore, Chas. W.	Chetek, Barron	1889, 01.
Moore, Harvey	Ozaukee, Washington	1851.
Moore, Harvey T.	Brodhead, Green	1862.
Moore, John B.	Muscoda, Grant	1860.
Moore, William V.	Burlington, Racine	1872.
Moran, Patrick H.	Morrison, Brown	1882.
More, George E.	Royalton, Waupaca	1871.
More, Robert	Emerald Grove, Rock	1899.
Moors, Chas. W.	Hancock, Waushara	1880, 81.
Morgan D. H.	Albany, Green	1885.
Morgan, Frederick A.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871.
Morgan, John E.	Spring Green, Sauk	1897, 99.
Morgan, R. J.	Polar, Florence, For. Lang.	1903.
Morrill, John	Hixton, Jackson	1870.
Morris, Chas. E.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1848.
Morris, Chas. F.	Iron River, Bayfield	1903.
Morrisson, David L.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1854, 56.
Morman, Thomas J.	Stevens Point, Portage	1851.
Morrow, Joseph M.	Sparta, Monroe	1862.
Morse, Calvin R.	River Falls, Pierce	1899.
Morse, Hiram D.	Waterford, Racine	1867.
Morse, William M.	Alderly, Jefferson	1857.
	Ashippun, Dodge	1866, 75.
Moscovitz, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855, 57, 59, 75, 78.
Moser, Conrad, Jr.	Alma, Buffalo	1897, 68.
Mosher, John	Waterloo, Jefferson	1866.
Mosher, Jonathan	Stoughton, Dane	1855.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Mosher, Orville W.	New Richmond, St. Croix.	1899.
Mosher, Thomas H.	Kneeland, Racine	1897.
Mott, Thomas R.	Watertown, Jefferson	1852.
Moulton, Powers G.	Onalaska, La Crosse	1870, 71.
Mowe, Daniel	Orfordville, Rock	1865.
Muckerheide, Jacob H.	Kewaskum, Washington ...	1879.
Muchl, Adam	St. Martin, Waukesha	1868.
Mulholland, Henry	Meeme, Manitowoc	1860, 65.
Mulloyney, James	Kildare, Juneau	1878, 79.
Mumbrue, Henry C.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1876, b.
Munger, A. R.	Boltonville, Sheboygan	1891.
Munn, Henry B.	Portage, Columbia	1860.
Monroe, Orlando C.	Racine, Racine	1861, 63.
Murdock, James	Neosho, Dodge	1850.
Murphy, James L.	Marinette, Marinette	1887.
Murphy, James S.	Benton, Lafayette	1859.
Murphy, James W.	Briggsville, Marquette	1879, b.
Murphy, John D.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1851.
Murphy, John A.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1887.
Murphy, Matthew	New Diggings, Lafayette...	1882, 56.
Murphy, Michael	Maple Grove, Manitowoc ...	1865, 67.
Murphey, Newton S.	Whitewater, Walworth	1859.
Murphy, William	Briggsville, Marquette	1869, 74.
Murray, Horatio J.	Turtle, Rock	1856.
Murray, James	Beloit, Rock	1867.
Murray, Nathaniel O.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1867.
Murray, William D.	Pepin, Pepin	1882.
Muzzy, John	Beloit, Rock	1853.
	Mayville, Rock	1851.
Naber, Herman	Shawano, Shawano	1864, 75, 80, 83.
Naracong, Jonas W.	Lodi, Columbia	1870.
Nash, Jonathan W.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1860.
Nash, Thomas F.	Centralia, Wood	1885.
Nash, William F.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc ...	1878, b.
Nason, Solomon L.	Nasonville, Wood	1878.
Neavil, James H.	Potosi, Grant	1868.
Needham, Randolph J.	Stockbridge, Calumet	1867.
Neeves, George A.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1872.
Neff, Danverse	Calamine, Lafayette	1876.
Nelson, Andrew G.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1855.
Nelson, E. F.	Elmhurst, Langlade	1905.
Nelson, Homer	Markesan, Green Lake	1877.
Nelson, Joseph	Raymond, Racine	1857.
Nelson, Jerome	Nelsonville, Portage	1887.
Nelson, Knute	Cambridge, Dane	1868, 69.
Nelson, Peter	Racine, Racine	1893.
Nelson, Thomas L.	Prescott, Pierce	1875.
Neuhauser, Francis A.	Le Roy, Dodge	1877.
Newcomb, John	Pepin, Pepin	1887.
Neville, John C.	Green Bay, Brown	1860.
Newell, Franklin	Paris, Kenosha	1856, 66.
Newell, James E.	Viroqua, Vernon	1875.
Newick, Samuel	Beetown, Grant	1862.
Newman, Alfred W.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1863, b.
Newman, Gideon E.	Cooksville, Rock	1877.
Newton, Selim	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1861.
Nichols, Abner	Mineral Point, Iowa	1848.
Nichols, Archibald	Markesan, Green Lake	1848, 54, 62, 71, 72.
Nichols, Henry F. C.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1872, 73, 79.
Nichols, Marshall C.	Viroqua, Vernon	1883.
Nicholls, John	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1867, 68.
Niedermann, J. C. U.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee ...	1864.
Niss, Charles, Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee ...	1897.
Noble, Butler G.	Whitewater, Walworth	1858.
Noble, Morgan L.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1849, 50.
Noggle, David	Janesville, Rock	1854, 57.
Nolan, J. P.	Maple Grove, Manitowoc...	1891.
Noll, William	Cascade, Sheboygan	1876.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Noller, George	Lake Five, Washington ...	1883.
Noon, Jeremiah	Merton, Waukesha	1856.
Norcross, Phlay	Janesville, Rock	1867, 85, 05.
Northrop, George C.	Racine, Racine	1864.
Northrop, Samuel	Dellona, Sauk	1858.
Northrop, Stiles S.	Ogden, Rock	1861.
Norton, John B.	Sta. B. Milw'kee, Milw'kee	1901.
Norton, Nelson R.	Burlington, Racine	1854.
Notbohm, Edward C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Noyes, David K.	Baraboo, Sauk	1856.
Nute, Benjamin	Milford, Jefferson	1849.
Nye, Frank M.	Clear Lake, Polk	1885.
Nye, William M.	Beloit, Rock	1887.
Oberman, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
O'Brien, John	Milton, Monroe	1881.
Ockler, William	Muskego Center, Waukesha	1871.
O'Connor, Eugene	Watertown, Jefferson	1869.
O'Connor, Thomas	Halder, Marathon	1891.
Oddie, J. M.	Boyceville, Dunn	1885.
Oetling, Charles	Howard's Grove, Sheb'gan.	1863, 71.
Officer, William	Springville, Vernon	1864, 65.
O'Flaherty, John	Morrison, Brown	1879.
O'Hara, Samuel	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1863.
Oliver, E. C.	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan ...	1889.
Ollis, John	De Forest, Dane	1878.
Olmstead, Nathan	Cottage Inn, Lafayette ...	1851, 53.
Olson, Brown	Westby, Vernon	1891.
Olson, George	Taylor, Jackson	1829.
Olson, Hans H.	Berlin, Green Lake	1897.
Oltman, W. L.	Ellsworth, Pierce	1905.
O'Malley, Dominick	Westport, Dane	1861.
O'Neil, William	Washburn, Bayfield	1893, 95.
O'Neil, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854, 55, b.
O'Neill, James	Black River Falls, Jackson.	1868.
O'Neill, James	Neillsville, Clark	1849.
O'Neill, John	Neillsville, Clark	1885.
O'Neill, Thomas	Shullsburg, Lafayette ...	1882, 83.
Opitz, William F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875.
Ordway, David S.	Mequon River, Ozaukee ...	1861.
Ormsby, James B.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1869.
Orton, Charles H.	Oxford, Marquette	1859.
Orton, Harlow S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868.
Orton, Philo A.	Madison, Dane	1854, 59, 71.
O'Rourke, John	Darlington, Lafayette ...	1899, 01.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.	Kildare, Juneau	1868.
Osborn, A. L.	Cascade, Sheboygan	1872, b.
Osborn, Albert K.	Hurley, Iron, Oneida, Vilas	1903.
Osborn, Charles F.	Iola, Waupaca	1863, 65, 66.
Osborn, Sylvester W.	Darlington, Lafayette ...	1889, 91.
Osborne, Marvin	Darlington, Lafayette ...	1865.
Osborne, Tobias G.	Magnolia, Rock	1874, 75.
Ostrander, James H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Ostrander, James W.	Aztalan, Jefferson	1853.
Ostrander, Jared F.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1873, 75, 79, 82.
Oswald, John J.	Aztalan, Jefferson	1857.
Overbeck, Henry, Jr.	Lancaster, Grant	1891.
Owen, David	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1897, 99, 01.
Owen, John W.	Portage, Columbia	1877.
Owen, William	Racine, Racine	1801.
	Cambria, Columbia	1865.
Packard, William P.	Racine, Racine	1880, 83.
Paddock, B. G.	La Valle, Sauk	1889.
Paddock, William	Markesan, Green Lake ...	1881.
Page, George E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Page, Lucius H.	Fulton, Rock	1849.
Pahl, Louis P.	Oconto, Oconto	1876.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Palne, Charles P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Palmer, Alexander S.	Geneva, Walworth	1850.
Palmer, Cassius C.	West Salem, La Crosse	1869.
Palmer, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.
Palmer, Ephraim	Edgerton, Rock	1862.
Palmer, Henry L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 60, 62, 73, b.
Palmer, John T.	Waterford, Racine	1866.
Palmer, Rodman	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1861.
Palmer, Thomas	Mayville, Dodge	1850.
Palmer, William	Logansville, Sauk	1865, 66.
Pape, A. H.	New London, Outagamie	1832, 83.
Parish, John K.	Medford, Taylor	1855.
Park, Harry J.	Spring Valley, Pierce	1901.
Parker, Charles D.	Pleasant Valley, St. Croix	1869, 70.
Parker, Charles H.	Beloit, Rock	1868, 69, 79.
Parker, George W.	Metomen, Fond du Lac	1855, 56.
Parker, L. Holden	Beloit, Rock	1899.
Parker, Maynard T.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1897.
Parker, Nathan	Hartford, Washington	1861.
Parker, Ruel	Portland, Dodge	1854.
Parkinson, Daniel M.	Willow Springs, Lafayette	1849.
Parkinson, J. W.	Brothertown, Calumet	1830, 93.
Parkinson, Peter, Jr.	Fayette, Lafayette	1854.
Parks, Francis G.	Eagle, Waukesha	1873.
Parks, Rufus	Waterville, Waukesha	1867.
Parry, William T.	Portage, Columbia	1881, 82, b.
Patch, Henry	Patch Grove, Grant	1858.
Patch, Horace B.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1852.
Patchin, Melvin E.	Fremont, Waupaca	1860.
Pattin, Azel W.	Neenah, Winnebago	1872.
Patterson, Andrew	Fox River, Kenosha	1885.
Patterson, Henry A.	Janesville, Rock	1873.
Paulus, C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Peak, Uriel H.	Green Bay, Brown	1852.
Pearl, Elisha	Lisbon, Waukesha	1853.
Pease, Harlow	Waterloo, Jefferson	1858.
Pease, Spencer A.	Montello, Marquette	1865, 66, 70, 71.
Peckham, Wm. P.	Neenah, Winnebago	1874.
Pederson, Eli	Primrose, Dane	1883.
Peirce, Clarence E.	Germania, Marquette	1891, 93, b.
Peirce, Jabez	Mineral Point, Iowa	1849.
Pemberton, John	Delavan, Walworth	1878.
Pengra, Marshal H.	Juda, Green	1871, 72.
Perkins, Albert J.	Medford, Taylor	1893.
Perkins, James W.	New Chester, Adams	1885, 87.
Perkins, Nathaniel	Sauk City, Sauk	1851.
Perry Cyrus	Waterloo, Dodge	1869.
Perry, Eli P.	New London, Waupaca	1867.
Perry, Wm. M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1905.
Perry, William W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1872.
Persons, E. W.	De Pere, Brown	1887, b.
Persons, James H.	Plum City, Pierce	1873, 74.
Peters, Peter	Rubicon, Dodge	1861, 65.
Peters, William H.	Montello, Marquette	1878.
Peterson, F., Jr.	Appleton, Outagamie	1905.
Peterson, Atley	Soldier's Grove, Crawford	1879, 80, 81, 82.
Peterson, B. S.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1903.
Peterson, C. H. M.	New Holstein, Calumet	1868, 69, 72, 81.
Peterson, John C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1879, 80.
Peterson, Halvor H.	Orfordville, Rock	1871.
Peterson, P. H.	Ogdenburg, Waupaca	1905.
Peterson, Peter N.	Amherst, Portage	1897.
Peterson, Sewall A.	Rice Lake, Barron	1893.
Petrie, Jost D.	Concord, Jefferson	1861, 67.
Petters, O. Hugo	Murone, Fond du Lac	1859.
Pettit, Paris	East Troy, Walworth	1866.
Pfaff, Frederick A.	Cross Plains, Dane	1861.
Pfunder, Frederick	Nero, Manitowoc	1880.
Phalen, Dennis T.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1891.
Phelps, A. Warren	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Phelps, Chauncey M.	Addison, Washington	1849.
Phelps, Joseph A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Phillips, Albert L.	Racine, Racine	1869, 70, b.
Phillips, Benjamin F.	Mukwa, Manitowoc	1857.
Phillips, Bradley	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1872.
Phillips, Charles H.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1870, 76, 77, b.
Phillips, Enos M.	Big Valley, La Crosse	1863.
Phillips, John	Stevens Point, Portage	1860, 64.
Phillips, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, 67, 69.
Phillips, Peter	Meeme, Manitowoc	1882.
Phillips, Sewell A.	Royalton, Waupaca	1880, 81.
Pickart, Christian	Malone, Fond du Lac	1905.
Pickett, Armine	Weclauence, Winnebago	1861.
Pierce, Albert H.	Monticeno, Green	1859, 63.
Pierce, Humphrey	Appleton, Outagamie	1882.
Pierce, Robert W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Pierce, Solon W.	Friendship, Adams	1870, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 97.
Pierce, William A.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1852.
Pierron, Peter L.	Port Washington, Ozaukee	1905.
Pierron, William	Silver Springs, Milwaukee	1881, 91.
Pike, Alanson	Whitewater, Jefferson	1865.
Pike, Jarvis K.	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1849.
Pinkney, Bertine	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1850, b.
Pinnay, Silas U.	Madison, Dane	1875.
Piper, Francis V.	Pipersville, Jefferson	1883.
Piper, Jonathan	Ixonia Center, Jefferson	1865.
Place, Jacob B.	Hartford, Washington	1880.
Platto, John V. V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Plisch, Robert	Zeigler, Marathon	1895.
Plocker, William	Fair Water, Fond du Lac	1875.
Plumer, Bradley G.	Wausau, Marathon	1866.
Plumer, Daniel L.	Wausau, Marathon	1873.
Plummer, Samuel L.	Arkansaw, Pepin	1874.
Plummer, Samuel F.	Durand, Pepin	1897.
Plummer, William E.	Durand, Pepin	1881.
Poertner, Adam	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863.
Polacheck, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Pole, Charles	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1863, 69.
Polley, Horace N.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1897, 99.
Pomrening, Herman	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901.
Pooler, Frank	Onalaska, La Crosse	1882.
Pope, Anson W.	Janesville, Rock	1849, 61, 66.
Pope, Carl C.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1862, 63, 77, 78, b.
Poppert, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Porter, Hugh	Seneca, Crawford	1887, 89, 99.
Porter, James W.	Port Washington, Wash.	1883.
Porter, John L.	Pacific, Columbia	1873.
Porter, Joseph K. P.	Cooksville, Rock	1859.
Porter, Thomas	New Richmond, St. Croix	1885.
Porter, William H.	Marshall, Dane	1891.
Porth, Peter	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Post, Lorenzo L.	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1878, 79.
Potter, B. S.	West Bend, Washington	1903 65.
Potter, Jerome B.	Sentinel, Juneau	1869, 70.
Potter, John F.	East Troy, Walworth	1856.
Potter, John, Jr.	Menasha, Winnebago	1878, 79.
Potter, Peter	Le Roy, Dodge	1857.
Potter, William D.	Cambridge, Dane	1866.
Pound, Albert E.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1873.
Pound, Thaddeus C.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1864, 66, 67, 69.
Powell, Abner	Mineral Point, Iowa	1869.
Powell, Henry	Mazomanie, Dane	1887.
Powell, John W.	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1905.
Powell, Oliver S.	River Falls, Pierce	1870, 71, 72.
Powell, Robert T.	Indian Ford, Rock	1871.
Power, Robert	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1863.
Powers, David J.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1853.
Powers, Joseph	Hebron, Jefferson	1864.
Powers, Levi P.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1863.
Powers, Simeon D.	Tomah, Monroe	1862.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Powers, Simon D.	Port Washington, Wash. ..	1852.
Pratt, Delando	Baraboo, Sauk	1848.
Pratt, Geo. W.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1889, b.
Pratt, George E.	River Falls, Pierce	1897.
Pratt, Martin V.	Evansville, Rock	1881, 89.
Pratt, Oris	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1883.
Pratt, Samuel	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1849, 55, 63, b.
Prehn, Fred	Marathon, Marathon	1905.
Prentice, Wm. H.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheb'gan	1858.
Prentiss, Theodore	Watertown, Jefferson	1861.
Prentiss, Wm. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68.
Price, David J.	Bay View, Milwaukee	1881.
Price, Frederick M.	Peshigo, Marinette	1901, 03.
Price, William T.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1851, 82, b.
Prickett, Harlow E.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1858.
Priest, Daniel B.	Viroqua, Vernon	1863, 68.
Priestly, Chas. W.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1885.
Pritchard, Richard	Manchester, Green Lake ..	1880.
Prochnow, Theodore	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Proctor, John	Necedah, Winnebago	1866, 67.
Proctor, Wm. H.	Fall River, Columbia	1882.
Pugh, Wm. T.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1891.
Puleifer, Daniel H.	Shawano, Shawano	1867, 79.
Puhlman, Otto	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1873.
Pullen, Lloyd T.	Evansville, Rock	1876.
Pullen, Lloyd T.	Argyle, Lafayette	1861, 63.
Purple, Chauncey H.	Brookfield Cen., Waukesha ..	1854.
Putnam, Edson A.	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1876.
Putnam, George W.	Ash Ridge, Richland	1872, 73.
Putnam, John D.	River Falls, Pierce	1883.
Putnam, Henry C.	Brodhead, Green	1891, 93.
Quarles, Joseph V.	Kenosha	1879, b.
Quigg, Charles E.	Tomah, Monroe	1893.
Race, John J.	Fredonia Station, Ozaukee ..	1885.
Raeck, E.	Watertown, Jefferson	1905.
Rademacher, Peter J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Roesser, Christopher S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, 83.
Ragatz, J. B.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1905.
Rahr, Reinhard	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1887.
Ramsey, George R.	Janesville, Rock	1852.
Ramsey, Thomas F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Ramsey, William H.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1855, 61.
Rand, Elijah K.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1862, 63.
Randall, Alexander W.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1855.
Randall, Benjamin	Lebanon, Dodge	1848.
Rankin, Joseph	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1869.
Rankl, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1901, 03.
Rasmussen, Kapp E.	Rice Lake, Barron	1899, 01.
Rankin, Joseph	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Rasmussen, James J.	Fort Howard, Brown	1881, 83.
Ray, Adam E.	Troy, Walworth	1851.
Ray, George A.	La Grange, Walworth	1868.
Ray, George H.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1895, 97, 99, 01, 03.
Raymond, James O.	Plover, Portage	1896.
Raymond, Shepard O.	Geneva, Walworth	1896.
Raymond, William	Belle Center, Crawford	1870.
Read, John M.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1881, b.
Reed, Curtis	Menasha, Winnebago	1853, 61.
Reed, Darius	Sullivan, Jefferson	1854, 56.
Reed, Dennis A.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1865, 74.
Reed, F. M.	Necedah, Juneau	1903.
Reed, Henry	Grand Rapids, Wood	1869.
Reed, Horatio G. H.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1879.
Reed, Orson	Summit, Waukesha	1855, b.
Reed, William W.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1862, 66, 67, b.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Regan, Mathias J.	Eagle, Waukesha	1883.
Reinholdt, Henry O.	Genoa Junction, Kenosha..	1897.
Reinhard, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Remington, Cyrus C.	Baraboo, Sauk	1854.
Remington, H. W.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1865.
Resch, Michael	Green Bay, Brown	1876.
Resley, Arthur	Appleton, Outagamie	1853.
Reuter, Christian	Roxbury, Dane	1891.
Reuther, Peter	Centerville, Manitowoc	1872.
Rewey, Jefferson W.	Rewey, Iowa	1868, 81, 82.
Reymert, James D.	Norway, Racine	1849, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, b.
Reynolds, Chas.	Geneva, Walworth	1876, b.
Reynolds, James	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1903, 65.
Reynolds, James C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 68.
Reynolds, John F.	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1885, 87, b.
Reynolds, Joseph B.	Genoa Junction, Kenosha ..	1895, 97, b.
Reukema, Rip	Chilton, Calumet	1879.
Reuschlein, Francis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893, b.
Rhoda, David	Burlington, Racine	1893.
Rhodes, Jonas W.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1873.
Ribble, John B.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1871.
Rice, Carlton E.	Horicon, Dodge	1855.
Rice, Ira A.	Sparta, Monroe	1864.
Rice, John T.	Waterford, Racine	1870.
Rice, William	Waterford, Racine	1877.
Rich, Corydon L.	Morrison, Brown	1878.
Richards, Daniel H.	Shiocton, Shawano	1873.
Richards, John F.	Winland, Winnebago	1854.
Richards, Richard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 70, 71, 74, 75.
Ricaudson, E. D.	Tomah, Monroe	1872.
Richardson, Hamilton	Racine, Racine	1873.
Richardson, John E.	Geneva, Walworth	1849.
Richardson, N. B.	Janesville, Rock	1864, b.
Richardson, Silas	Sheboygan Falls, Sheb'gan	1899.
Richardson, William	Warren, Lafayette	1869.
Richmond, George N.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1863.
Richter, August	Fairplay, Grant	1852.
Richer, Ezekiel	Appleton, Outagamie	1874, 75, b.
Rickerson, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Riemer, Gustav J.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1852, 53.
Ries, Florian J.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1849.
Ring, M. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Ringle, Beortholomew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Ringle, John	Neillsville, Clark	1839, b.
Riordan, James	Wausau, Marathon	1864, 72, 75, 76, 77.
Riordan, Jeremiah	Wausau, Marathon	1879, 80, 81, 93, b.
Ripley, Henry A.	Franklin, Milwaukee	1861.
Risum, Otto A.	West Bend, Washington	1874.
Robbins, Hanmer	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1899.
Roberts, David	Pulcifer, Shawano	1897.
Roberts, Henry B.	Platteville, Grant	1857, 58, 61, 64, 66, 67, 68
Robertson, Robert C.	North Prairie, Waukesha ..	1858.
Robinson, Charles D.	Caledonia, Racine	1848.
Robinson, Eli	Vernon, Waukesha	1860.
Robinson, Frederick	Green Bay, Brown	1850.
Robinson, George M.	Benton, Lafayette	1853.
Robinson, James	Kenosha, Kenosha	1872, 76.
Robinson, John	Salem, Racine	1850.
Robinson, Nathaniel S.	Chilton, Calumet	1853, 58, 63, 70.
Robinson, Thomas	Francis Creek, Manitowoc ..	1885.
Robler, Hiram W.	Neenah, Winnebago	1875.
Roche, Matthew	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1867.
Roche, Patrick	Mineral Point, Iowa	1873, 74.
Rockwell, D. Henry	Wyocena, Columbia	1874.
Rockwell, Reuben	Westport, Dane	1853.
	Danville, Dodge	1877.
	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1849.
	Springfield, Walworth	1859.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Rodolph, Charles G.}	Highland, Iowa	1858.
Rodolph, Theodore	Orion, Richland	1851, b.
Rodrian, Jacob	La Crosse, La Crosse	1868, 70.
Roe, Ole K.	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1895.
Roc, William H.	Stoughton, Dane	1901.
Rocmer, John A.	Mt. Pleasant, Racine	1853.
Roethe, Henry	Appleton, Outagamie	1873.
Roettiger, Henry, Jr.	Painsville, Milwaukee	1869.
Rogan, Patrick	Fountain City, Buffalo	1899.
Rogan, Peter	Watertown, Jefferson	1851, 53, 55, 66.
Rogers, Asa	Watertown, Jefferson	1858, 62.
Rogers, Chas.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1875.
Rogers, E. D.	Hingham, Sheboygan	1865.
Rogers, James E.	Necedah, Juneau	1878.
Rogers, Oran	Stevens Point, Portage	1881.
Rogers, William	Cascade, Sheboygan	1860.
Rollis, Christopher J.	Carleton, Kewaunee	1882.
Rolph, Frederick B.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1901.
Rood, Anson	Oregon, Dane	1885.
Rood, Davenport	Monroe, Green	1864.
Rood, Lewis	Stevens Point, Portage	1857.
Rood, Samuel R.	Kilbourn City, Adams	1864, 71.
Root, Eleazer	Jefferson, Jefferson	1848.
Root, Warrane L.	Hazel Green, Grant	1854.
Root, Wilbur M.	Packwaukee, Marquette	1855.
Rose, Solomon L.	Dartford, Marquette	1852.
Rosenkranz, Herman	Appleton, Outagamie	1901, 03.
Rosenkrans, Omar L.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1879, 80, 82, 87.
Rosenthal, Adolph	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1855, b.
Roskie, C. F.	Lomira, Dodge	1895.
Ross, Freeman M.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1891, 97.
Ross, James	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1854.
Rossman, George P.	Montello, Marquette	1881.
Rossman, Lewis	Cambria, Cambria	1869.
Rossman, Philip	Madison, Dane	1865.
Rowell, Mark W.	Ashland, Ashland	1901.
Rothe, Emil	Phillips, Price	1891.
Rounds, William P.	Greenwood, Clark	1891.
Roundy, Daniel C.	Hartland, Waukesha	1899.
Rounseville, Samuel	Watertown, Jefferson	1863.
Rountree, John H.	Menasha, Winnebago	1870, 71, b.
Rowe, William E.	Geneva, Walworth	1864.
Rowlands, John R.	Mceme, Manitowoc	1862.
Royce, Henry M.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheb'gan	1866.
Roycraft, Thos. A.	Platteville, Grant	1863, b.
Roys, Samuel H.	Arena, Iowa	1869, 72, 73, 74.
Ruan, John	Cambria, Columbia	1875.
Ruch, John	Oconto, Oconto	1874.
Rudinski, Theodore	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1866.
Rudd, Eli O.}	Stoughton aDne	1848, 49.
Ruger, John	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1855, 60.
Runals Edmund L.	Boltonville, Sheboygan	1880.
Runkel, Henry C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Runkel, John	Reedsburg, Sauk	1859.
Rupp, Louis	Rudd's Mills, Monroe	1872.
Rusch, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Rush, John D.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1857, 58.
Rusk, Allen	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 69, 70.
Rusk, Jeremiah M.	Lowell, Dodge	1873.
Rusk, Lycurgus J.	Charlesburg, Calumet	1903.
Russell, Francis	Herman, Dodge	1871.
Russell, Richard C.	Winneconne, Winnebago	1859.
Rutherford, Gilbert	Liberty, Vernon	1878, 81.
Rutledge, John	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1862.
Ryan, Hugh	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1899.
	Westfield, Marquette	1863.
	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1864.
	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1894.
	Ixonia Center, Jefferson	1869.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Ryan, James	Ridgeway, Iowa	1882, 83.
Ryan, John	North Andover, Grant	1899.
Ryan, Michael W.	Medford, Taylor	1899.
Ryan, Sam, Jr.	Appleton, Outagamie	1865.
Sacket, Hobert S.	Berlin, Waushara	1872, b.
Safford, Truman J.	Exeter, Green	1852.
Sage, Ezra C.	New Lisbon, Juneau	1867.
Sage, Sidney A.	Western Union, Racine	1881.
Salentine, Peter	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Salisbury, Elijah C.	Union Grove, Racine	1865.
Salter, Robert	Newburg, Washington	1862.
Sampson, Bennett E.	Oakfield, Dodge	1891, 93.
Samuelson, Svend	Eaton, Manitowoc	1871.
Sanborn, Alden S.	Mazomanie, Dane	1862, 63, 64, 70.
Sanborn, A. W.	Stevens Point	1885, b.
Sander Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Sanders, Horace T.	Racine, Racine	1853.
Sanderson, John	Cambria, Columbia	1879.
Sanderson, Joseph	Randolph, Columbia	1895.
Sanderson, Robert B.	Poyrette, Columbia	1862, 66, b.
Sanderson, Thomas	Leeds, Columbia	1871.
Sanger, Casper M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Sarau, Christian	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1899, 01.
Sarnow, Christian	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 79.
Saugen, Chris. M.	Cleghorn, Eau Claire	1905.
Saugestad, Oluf A.	Baldwin, St. Croix	1882.
Savage, James R.	Springville, Bad Axe	1858.
Sawyer, Hiram	Burnett, Dodge	1866.
Sawyer, Hiram W.	Hartford, Washington	1873, 74.
Sawyer, James	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1865.
Sawyer, Parker	Summit, Waukesha	1859.
Sawyer, Philetus	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1857, 61.
Sayles, Whitman	Rubicon, Dodge	1853.
Sayre, David F.	Fulton, Rock	1873.
Scanlon, John	Symco, Waupaca	1849.
Schaetzl, Valentine	Menomonee Falls, Wash.	1861.
Schaubs, Ernest	Brillion, Calumet	1887.
Schauer, Anton G.	Tisch Mills, Manitowoc	1905.
Schautz, Adam	Audison, Washington	1864, 63, b.
Schatz, Herman	Brookfield, Waukesha	1882.
Schiebe, Emil P.	Hika, Manitowoc	1889.
Scheiber, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Scheffel, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
Schellenberg, Herman	Horn's Corners, Ozaukee	1895, 97.
Schemerhorn, W. S.	Lodi, Columbia	1867.
Scheuber, Adolph	Erfurt, Jefferson	1877.
Schoenbaum, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Schletz, John A.	Grafton, Ozaukee	1862.
Schlichting, Bernard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875.
Schmidkofer, Andrew	Calvary, Fond du Lac	1885, 87.
Schmidt, Carl H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1870, b.
Schmidt, Casper	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1889.
Schmidt, John	Tess Corners, Waukesha	1864, 80, 93.
Schmidtner, Louis A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Schmitz, Frederick	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1875.
Schmitz Philip, Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891, 93.
Schultz, Henry	Williamsburg, Milwaukee	1891.
Schneider, Phillip	Barton, Washington	1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schoenwetter, Aug. F.	Lowell, Dodge	1885.
Schott, George	Rubicon, Dodge	1872, 76.
Schottler, Martin	Staatsville, Washington	1863, 64.
Schrage, Joseph	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1855.
Schutte, Charles	Mecker, Washington	1853.
Schwalbach, John F., Jr.	So. Germantown, Wash'n.	1881.
Schwefel, Fred F.	Lebanon, Dodge	1855.
Schwefel, William	Lebanon, Dodge	1891, 93.
Scoffield, Charles	Red River, Door	1875.
Schollard, William	Hartford, Washington	1873.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Schuler, Fred C.	Boltonville, Washington ...	1885, 87, 89.
Schulze, Fred	Portage, Columbia	1885.
Scott, David	Waupaca, Waupaca	1854.
Scott, George E.	Prairie Farm, Barron	1905.
Scott, James	Darlington, Lafayette	1887.
Scott, John	Poynette, Columbia	1905.
Scribner, James K.	Eldorado Mills, F. du Lac..	1876.
Scribner, Wiley S.	Fairplay, Grant	1866.
Seabold, John E.	Menomonee Falls, W'kesha ..	1881.
Seaman, Galen B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Seamonson, William	Stoughton, Dane	1876.
Sears, Edgar	Pine River, Waushara	1867, 68.
Seaton, James W.	Potosi, Grant	1859, 60, b.
Seaver, John D.	Cooksville, Rock	1851.
Seaver, Joseph W.	Darien, Walworth	1853.
Sedgwick, David E.	Wrightstown, Brown	1880.
Seely, David J.	Elk Grove, Lafayette	1866, 67.
Segar, John A.	Johnstown, Rock	1850.
Selden, George W.	Racine, Racine	1858.
Sell, John	Addison, Washington	1856.
Sellers, Malcolm	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1850.
Selsemyar, August	Howard's Grove, Sheboyg'n ..	1881.
Semmann, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871, 74.
Semmon, L.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1872.
Semple, Parlan	Shawano, Shawano	1869, 71.
Senn, John J.	Fountain City, Buffalo	1877, 78.
Serwe, Michael	Ashland, Fond du Lac	1875.
Sessions, Milan H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1869, b.
Sether, Ole C.	Scandinavia, Waupaca	1897.
Seymour, Robt. T.	Lafayette, Walworth	1856.
Seymour, Silas J.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1876, 77.
Shafter, James M.	Sueboygan, Sheboygan	1852.
Shafter, William N.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1859.
Shannahan, Daniel	Newtonboro, Manitowoc	1863.
Sharp, Elijah M.	Delavan, Walworth	1872, 75.
Sharp, John W.	Door Creek, Dane	1858.
Sharp, Terrett C.	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan..	1883, 85.
Sharpstein, John R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, b.
Shaw, Major	Hingham, Sheboygan	1872.
Shear, Thomas J.	Hillsboro, Vernon	1882, 89.
Shears, Henry	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1850.
Sheffer, George P.	New Diggings, Lafayette..	1897.
Sheldon, Thomas H.	Darlington, Lafayette	1880.
Shepard, Ashbel K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Shepard, Charles E.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac ..	1882.
Shepard, J. L.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboyg'n ..	1878.
Shepard, Leander H.	Burnett, Dodge	1877.
Sherman, Adelmon	Janesville, Rock	1869, 70, 71.
Sherman, Benjamin F.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1880, b.
Sherman, John M.	Burnett, Dodge	1855.
Shibley, Jacob B.	Bassett's Station, Kenosha ..	1868.
Shinnick, Thomas	Watertown, Jefferson	1867, 76.
Sholes, Charles C.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1855, b.
Sholes, C. Latham	Kenosha, Kenosha	1852, 53, b.
Short, Dennis	Theresa, Dodge	1873.
Showalter, Reuben B.	Lancaster, Grant	1887, 89.
Shuffelt, Sidney A.	Omro, Winnebago	1876, 77.
Shultis, Norman	North Prairie, Waukesha	1864.
Shumway, Perley J.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1848, 62.
Sidler, C. A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Siebers, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Sieker, William F.	Franklin, Sheboygan	1895, 97.
Sikes, George	Sharon, Walworth	1850.
Silkworth, Charles A.	Ossco, Trempealeau	1901.
Silverthorn, Willis C.	Wausau, Marathon	1868, 71, b.
Simon, Matthias	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1859, 63.
Simmons, C. F.	Idipon, Fond du Lac	1889.
Simmons, Rouse	Kenosha, Kenosha	1875.
Simmons, William	Nckimi, Winnebago	1865, 66.
Simmons, Zalmon G.	Kenosha, Kenosha	1865.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Simpson, Edward B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, b.
Simpson, Elva	Iron Ridge, Dodge	1860.
Simpson, Philemon B.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1853, b.
Skeels, Albert M.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1866, 67.
Skinner, Jacob	Palmyra, Jefferson	1852.
Slade, Edwin	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1865.
Slade, S. Dwight	Slade's Corners, Kenosha	1899, 01, 03.
Slaughter, George H.	Mendota, Dane	1866.
Sleyster, Roelof	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1870.
Slight, James F.	Peshigo, Marinette	1905.
Soan, A. Scott	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1857.
Sloan, Henry C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1881, 95.
Sloggy, Samuel	Ontario, Vernon	1885, 87.
Slothower, Elias	Gratiot, Lafayette	1848.
Stupocki, E. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Small, William	Sussex, Waukesha	1890.
Smalley, Sherman E.	Cuba City, Grant	1901, 03.
Smart, Renben D.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1875.
Smelker, Roy C.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1903, 05.
Smiley, Daniel	Albany, Green	1866.
Smiley, John	Orfordville, Rock	1885.
Smith, Aaron B.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1865.
Smith, Adam	Burke, Dane	1859.
Smith, Albert E.	Delavan, Walworth	1901, 03.
Smith, Archibald D.	Lind, Waupaca	1872.
Smith, Byron	Erin, Washington	1855.
Smith, C. E.	Randolph, Columbia	1891.
Smith, C. H.	Markesan, Green Lake	1903.
Smith, Daniel	Richmond, Walworth	1864.
Smith, Delbert K.	Big Bend, Waukesha	1895, 97.
Smith, E. C.	Markesan, Green Lake	1889, 91, b.
Smith, Ezekial C.	Spring Valley, Rock	1850.
Smith, Francis	Millard, Walworth	1861.
Smith, George B.	Madison, Dane	1859, 64, 69.
Smith, George C.	Oakfield, Jefferson	1858, 59.
Smith, George H.	Galesville, Trempealeau	1882.
Smith, Heber	Watertown, Jefferson	1860.
Smith, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Smith, Hiram	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1871.
Smith, Horatio N.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1850, b.
Smith, Ira P.	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1881.
Smith, Jesse	Vernon, Waukesha	1854.
Smith, Jonathan J.	Dodge's Corners, Waukesha	1866, 67.
Smith, J. M.	Barron, Barron	1895, 97.
Smith, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1893.
Smith, John	Caledonia, Racine	1854.
Smith, John A.	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1868.
Smith, John A.	Geneva, Walworth	1868, 69.
Smith, L. H.	Arlington, Columbia	1891.
Smith, Lindsey J.	Troy Center, Walworth	1881.
Smith, Perry H.	Appleton, Outagamie	1855, 58, 59, b.
Smith, Philip M.	Janneys, Richland	1874.
Smith, Richard M.	Richland Center, Richland	1878.
Smith, Samuel W.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1856.
Smith, Winfield	Markesan, Green Lake	1863.
Smith, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872.
Smith, William E.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1889.
Smith, William H.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1851, 71, b.
Smith, William H.	Eau Galle, Dunn	1863.
Smoke, David	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1864, 66, 68.
Sneddin, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Snover, David G.	Eagle, Waukesha	1863.
Snover, John C.	Eagle, Waukesha	1851.
Solon, John	Richwood, Dodge	1872.
Solon, T. F.	Richwood, Dodge	1887, 89.
Soltwedel, Henry J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899, 01.
Sorge, Henry	Reedsburg, Sauk	1895.
Sparfard, Simeon W.	Geneva, Walworth	1854.
Spaulding, Benjamin B.	Arcade, Marquette	1850.
Spaulding, Hiland J.	Vienna, Dane	1895.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Spaulding, Joseph	Harmony, Rock	1854, 63.
Spense, Thomas W.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1877, 79.
Spensley, James	Mineral Point, Iowa	1866.
Splering, Henry	Mayville, Dodge	1873, 83, 87.
Spooner, John C.	Hudson, St. Croix	1872.
Spooner, Wyman	Elkhorn, Walworth	1850, 51, 57, 61, b.
Spoor, Gardner	Aztalan, Jefferson	1865.
Spottswood, James K.	Hazel Green, Grant	1860.
Sprague, Burr	Brodhead, Green	1880, 81.
Spratt, George	Orfordville, Rock	1868.
Squires, Joel C.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1857, 01.
Staats, Adam	Platteville, Grant	1870, b.
Stack, John M.	Staatsville, Washington	1852.
Stafford, Amos W.	Mitchell, Fond du Lac	1893.
Stamm, Godfrey	Geneva, Walworth	1872.
Stanchfield, Samuel B.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1862.
Stanley, Charles A.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1885, b.
Stanley, William S., Jr.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1855, 97.
Stannard, Erastus W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881, 82, b.
Stanton, Horace	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1861.
Staples, King G.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1861.
Stapleton, Richard	Iron River, Bayfield	1897.
Stark, Joshua	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Stark, William H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Starks, Argalus W.	Tiffany Rock	1867, 78.
Starr, William	Shopiere Rock	1858.
Stearns D. Manfield	Baraboo, Sauk	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Stebbins, De Wayne	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1863, 64.
Stebbins, Harrison	Elkhorn, Walworth	1876.
Steele, John	Abnapee, Door	1873, b.
Stever, Mitchell	Union, Rock	1853.
Steffen, Francis	Alderley, Dodge	1881.
Steiger, Emil H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Stemper, John B.	Hortonville, Outagamie	1878, 79.
Sternwald, Daniel	Fremont, Waupaca	1899, 01.
Steinfort, Casper H.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1873.
Steiner, John	Adell, Sheboygan	1887.
Stephens, David	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1873.
Stephens, John	Woodland, Dodge	1858.
Stephens, Thomas G.	Madison, Dane	1859.
Stephenson, Isaac	Waukesha, Waukesha	1885.
Stephenson, Joseph	Hazel Green, Grant	1873.
Sterling, Levi	Marinette, Marinette	1866, 68.
Sterling, Timothy B.	Meeme, Manitowoc	1861.
Sterling, William T.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1853, b.
Stevens, Charles	Iowa Ridge, Dodge	1852.
Stevens, Chase A.	Mt. Sterling, Crawford	1843, 50.
Stevens, Daniel E.	Janesville, Rock	1853.
Stevens, E. Ray	La Crosse, La Crosse	1855.
Stevens, Ezra B.	Cassville, Grant	1882.
Stevens, Geo. P.	Madison, Dane	1901.
Stevens, Henry	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1857, 62.
Stevenson, John	Tomah, Monroe	1903, 05.
Stewart, Alva	Caledonia Center, Racine	1864, b.
Stewart, Andrew J.	Enterprise, Vernon	1876.
Stewart, Donald	Newton, Vernon	1889.
Stillman, Ellicott R.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1850, b.
Stock, Frederick	Richmond, Walworth	1857.
Stocking, Hobart M.	Delavan, Walworth	1882, 93.
Stoddard, Thomas B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Stoddard, John	Mequon, Washington	1851.
Stone, Eliphalet S.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1876, 89.
Stone, Glenville W.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1862.
Stone, Jesse	Fox Lake, Dodge	1889.
Stonewall, John M.	Summit, Waukesha	1872.
Stoppenbach, Joseph	Winooski, Sheboygan	1857.
Storm, Byron O.	Watertown, Jefferson	1880, 82, 97.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
	Jefferson, Jefferson	1891.
	Plainfield, Waushara	1905.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Stowers, Charles H.	Tustin, Waushara	1874.
Strachan, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1872.
Strasser, Leopold	Stockbridge, Calumet	1885.
Streckewald, Gustave	Hartford, Washington	1859.
Strehlow, A. W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Strong, E. A.	Ashland, Ashland	1903.
Strong, George	Hudson, St. Croix	1857.
Strong, Luman M.	Highland, Iowa	1852.
Strong, Marshall M.	Racine, Racine	1849.
Strong, Moses M.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1850.
Strong, Nathaniel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Strong, Rolin M.	Beloit, Rock	1848.
Struve, Franz G. L.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1866.
Stuntz, A. C.	Lielenville, Jefferson	1863.
Stuntz, George R.	Bayfield, Bayfield	1865.
Sturdevant, Lafayette M.	Superior City, Douglas	1862.
Sturtevant, Charles H.	Neillsville, Clark	1899, 61.
Suelfow, Frank W.	Delavan, Walworth	1863.
Sugden, Thomas	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1893.
Sullivan, Andrew	North Prairie, Waukesha	1849, 52, 57.
Sullivan, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
Sumner, John	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1868.
Sutton, John	Baraboo, Sauk	1860.
Swain, George G.	Milford, Jefferson	1860.
Swain, James A.	Kilbourn City, Sauk	1879, 71.
Swain, Almon A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Swart, Alfred L.	Oak Center, Fond du Lac	1878.
Sweat, John B.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1883.
Sweeting, Charles W.	Black Earth, Dane	1857, b.
Swenholt, Jonas	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc	1897.
Sylvester, Daniel R.	Shawano, Shawano	1901, 65.
Szymarek, John H.	Castle Rock, Grant	1877.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903, 65.
Tallmadge, Isaac S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1853, 54.
Tanner, Samuel	Westfield, Marquette	1882, 83.
Tarbell, Samuel E.	Woodworth, Kenosha	1869.
Tarr, Joseph M.	Tunnel City, Monroe	1865.
Tarrant, George	Durand, Pepin	1881.
Tarrant, Henry	Janesville, Rock	1889, 91.
Tarrell, Richard E.	Darlington, Lafayette	1903, 65.
Tate, George E.	Viola, Richland	1887.
Tate, George H.	Viola, Richland	1882.
Tate, J. Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1873.
Taylor, Allen	Hazel Green, Grant	1855, 56, 57, 62, 64.
Taylor, Anson H.	Muskegon, Waukesha	1850.
Taylor, Chas. S.	Barron, Barron	1855, 87, b.
Taylor, Christopher L.	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1876.
Taylor, David	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1853, b.
Taylor, George W.	Marinette, Marinette	1855, 97.
Taylor, Horatio T.	Racine, Racine	1863.
Taylor, James A.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1881, 83, 91.
Taylor, Jonathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Taylor, William R.	Cottage Grove, Dane	1855, b.
Temple, Charles S.	Darien, Walworth	1876.
Temple, Marsena	Newport, Sauk	1861.
Tenney, Horace A.	Madison, Dane	1857.
Terbune, William F.	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1854.
Terrill, Richard	Dane Station, Dane	1887.
Terrens, N.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1903.
Tester, John A.	Alma, Buffalo	1883.
Textor, Clinton	Medford, Taylor	1891.
Thalacker, August	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1895.
Thayer, J. E.	River Falls, Pierce	1885.
Thayer, L. L.	Bloomer, Chippewa	1905.
Thayer, Lyman W.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1893, b.
Thayer, Mason A.	Sparta, Monroe	1882.
Theisen, Mathias	Roxbury, Dane	1879.
Thelen, Michael	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1879.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Thieme, Oscar F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1905.
Thiessenhusen, Reinhold	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899, 01, 03.
Thomas, Amos	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1889.
Thomas, Charles G.	Sextonville, Richland	1883, 85.
Thomas, Horatio S.	Moundsville, Marquette	1856.
	Briggsville, Marquette	1862, 63.
Thomas, Jesse	Green Lake, Green Lake	1859.
Thomas, John E.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1862.
Thomas, John H.	Berlin City, Waushara	1875.
Thomas, John O.	Franksville, Racine	1905.
Thomas, John L. V.	Beloit, Rock	1854.
Thomas, John W.	Anson, Chippewa	1895, 97, 99, 01.
Thomas, Joseph M.	Lone Rock, Richland	1869, 78, 79.
Thomas, Major J.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1854, 57.
Thomas, Ormsby B.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1862, 65, 67, b.
Thomas, Philip W.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1863.
Thomas, Salmon	Darien, Walworth	1856.
Thomas, William H.	Lisbon, Waukesha	1849, 61.
Thomas, William H.	Sumner, Trempealeau	1866.
Thompson, Alexander M.	Janesville, Rock	1868, 69.
Thompson, Ambrose	Seneca, Crawford	1891.
Thompson, Charles	Monticello, Green	1857.
Thompson, George P.	Cross Plains, Dane	1855, 56.
Thompson, Henry M.	Mosinee, Marathon	1897.
Thompson, Jared, Jr.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Thompson, Monroe	Fox Lake, Dodge	1848.
Thompson, Samuel	Hartland, Waukesha	1862, 66.
Thompson, Thornton	Rio, Columbia	1869.
Thompson, T. G.	Cambridge, Dane	1903.
Thompson, William	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1860.
Thoreson, S.	Grantsburg, Burnett	1902.
Thorne, Gerret T.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1871, b.
Thornton, Oliver W.	Marshall, Dane	1873.
Thornton, Thomas	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc	1864, 77, 78.
Thorp, Adelbert D.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1882.
Thorp, Hermon S.	Bristol, Racine	1849, b.
Tichenor, Vernon	Waukesha, Waukesha	1869.
Tilton, Hezekiah C.	Allen's Grove, Walworth	1865.
Tiernay, John H.	Waukegan, Dane	1880.
Ties, Fred	Brodhead, Green	1905.
Timlin, T. F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Tinker, James	Dover, Racine	1851.
Tisch, Charles	Nero, Kewaunee	1877, 78.
Tish, William	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1876.
Toay, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1852, 54, 59.
Tobey, John William	Neenah, Winnebago	1887.
Tobin, John	Granville, Milwaukee	1854, 56.
Tobin, Thomas	Five Mile House, Milwaukee	1873.
Toldnad, Patrick	Erin, Washington	1849.
Toll, John C.	Cedar Creek, Washington	1851.
Tollefson, Gunnuf	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1868.
Tompkins, William F.	Janesville, Rock	1850, 51.
Topliff, Alfred	East Hamden, Columbia	1854, 55.
Torbert, William M.	Hudson, St. Croix	1854.
Torgerson, Ole	Perry, Dane	1871.
Torney, James	Tomah, Monroe	1891.
Totten, Henry	Waukesha, Waukesha	1870.
Touhey, Michael J.	Morrison, Brown	1877.
Tousley, Wilber H.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1870.
Tower, Thomas W.	Towerville, Crawford	1859.
Townsend, A. A.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1855.
Townsend, Elijah C.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1860, 61.
Townsend, Lucius B.	Nepesuskun, Winnebago	1856.
Townsend, Thomas J.	Winnebago, Winnebago	1849.
Tracy, Daniel	Osman, Manitowoc	1887.
Tracy, John	Appleton, Outagamie	1891, 93.
Train, James G.	Merrimack, Sauk	1857.
Trask, George W.	Winneconne, Winnebago	1868, 69.
Treat, C. Mortimer	Ogden, Rock	1863.
Treat, Nathaniel B.	Monroe, Green	1895, 97.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Tregaskis, Richard	Mineral Point, Iowa	1851.
Treleven, Daniel D.	Byron, Fond du Lac	1880.
Tripp, J. Stephen S.	Sauk City, Sauk	1862.
Tripp, Roswell H.	Hingham, Sheboygan	1881.
Tripp, William H.	Janesville, Rock	1857.
Trow, Alvin S.	Merrillan, Jackson	1881.
Troy, Cyrus	Monticello, Green	1880, 81.
True, John M.	Baraboo, Sauk	1897, 99.
Truell, David	Lyndon Station, Juneau	1877.
Truesdell, Gideon	Kenosha, Kenosha	1867.
Trumbull, John D.	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1867.
Trumer, Marcus	Rubicon, Dodge	7, 71.
Tucker, Frank T.	Omro, Winnebago	89, 97.
Turk, Peter	Mequon, Washington	1849.
Turley, John B.	Cassville, Grant	1852.
Turner, A. J.	Portage, Columbia	1863, 64, 66, 69.
Turner Eugene S.	Graton, Washington	1850.
Turner, Henry	Appleton, Outagamie	1866.
Turner, John	Mauston, Juneau	1859.
Turner, Peter H.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1848.
Turner, William Rufus	Columbus, Columbia	1905.
Turner, William W. D.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1883.
Tuttle, William S.	New Fane, Fond du Lac	1858.
Twedy, John H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Uecke, John	Seymour, Outagamie	1895.
Upham, Calvin H.	Racine, Racine	1862.
Upson, Salmon	Kenosha, Kenosha	1860.
Utley, William L.	Racine, Racine	1851, 52, b.
Utt, Adelbert L.	Platteville, Grant	1895, 97.
Utt, Henry	Platteville, Grant	1865.
Valentine, Charles L.	Janesville, Rock	1601, 63.
Vance, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77.
Vander Cook, T. E.	Newburg, Washington	1860.
Van der Heiden, Ant.	Wrightstown, Brown	1893.
Vandercook, G. E.	Spencer, Marathon	1899.
Vanderpool, Abram	Waterloo, Jefferson	1850.
Vanderpool, William A.	Vernon, Waukesha	1862.
Van Norstrand, A. H.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1852, 55.
Van Ostrand, De W. C.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1865.
Van Schaick, Isaac W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873, 75, b.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1859, b.
Van Valkenberg, R. B.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1867.
Van Vliet, Peter	Caledonia, Racine	1851.
Van Vliet, Leonard S.	Caledonia Center, Racine	1859.
Van Walters, William	West Salem, La Crosse	1877.
Van Wie, Abraham H.	Cascade, Sheboygan	1858.
Yarbeck, S. F.	Lodi, Columbia	1903.
Yaughan, Alanson B.	Union, Rock	1848.
Yaughan, John	Racine, Racine	1865.
Yaughn, David	Bangor, La Crosse	1857.
Yaughn, Samuel S.	Bayfield, Bayfield	1871.
Vilas, Levi B.	Madison, Dane	1855, 68, 73.
Vilas, Wm. F.	Madison, Dane	1885.
Vincent, Edward	Milton, Rock	1851, 59.
Vincent, George R.	Tomah, Monroe	1879.
Vincent, Louis	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1877.
Vincent, William J.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1879.
Vineyard, James R.	Platteville, Grant	1849.
Vinton, James E.	Albany, Green	1858.
Virgin, Noah H.	Platteville, Grant	1848, 55.
Vits, Henry	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1878.
Vivina, John H.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1862, 63.
Vliet, Jasper	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
Vogel, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Vogenitz, William	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1856.
Vogt, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.

b. See list of Senators,

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Vollmar, James	West Bend, Washington...	1857, 59.
Voorhees, Samuel W.	Sharon, Walworth	1857.
Vosburgh, John B.	Richmond (Ill.), Kenosha ..	1882.
Vredenbergh, Peter	Winneconne, Winnebago ..	1883.
Wadsworth, H. L.	River Falls, St. Croix	1867.
Wadsworth, James	Darlington, Lafayette	1862.
Wagner, Ferdinand	Watertown, Jefferson	1859.
Wagner, John C.	Watertown, Dodge	1863.
Wagner, Joseph	Racine, Racine	1867.
Waite, David H.	Marshfield, Fond du Lac...	1856, 58, 66, 67, 68, 71, b.
Wakefield, Josephus	Princeton, Marquette	1857.
Wakeley, Eleazer	Fremont, Waupaca	1882.
Wakeley, Solomous	Madison, Dane	1867, b.
Waldo, Charles	Whitewater, Walworth	1856, 57.
Waldorf, Jesse	Kingston, Green Lake	1851.
Walker, Charles H.	Platteville, Grant	1859.
Walker, Geo. H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1856, 57.
Walker, Jabez K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Walker, Lyman	East Oasis, Waushara	1876, 77.
Wallace, Levi	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1866, b.
Waller, Nathan P.	Oil City, Monroe	1885.
Wall, Edward C.	West Salem, La Crosse...	1863, 69.
Wall, John A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878, 79.
Wall, Thomas	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863.
Wall, William	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873, 76, 77, b.
Wallber, Emil	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1879, 80, 81.
Wallihan, Orlando F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872.
Wallrich, M. J.	Footville, Rock	1872.
Walsh, Michael P.	Shawano, Shawano	1903.
Walsh, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882, 85.
Walter, Joseph	Hales' Corners, Milwaukee.	1868, b.
Walters, Aaron	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Walther, George H.	Foster, Fond du Lac	1857, 72.
Walvoord, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
Walworth, John	Cear Grove, Sheboygan	1885.
Wannemaker, Samuel L.	Richland Center, Richland.	1863, 64.
Ward, William T.	Boscobel, Crawford	1877.
Warden, A. F.	Hustisford, Dodge	1880.
Ware, James F.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1891.
Warner, Clement E.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1880, 81, 63, b.
Warner, Ernest Noble	Windsor, Dane	1883, b.
Warner, Francis L.	Madison, Dane	1905.
Warner, Henry M.	Deansville, Dane	1882.
Warner, Herman	Cottage Grove, Dane	1848.
Warner, Jared	Racine, Racine	1858.
Warner, M. J.	Patch Grove, Grant	1861.
Warner, William S.	Elk Creek, Trempealeau	1891.
Warner, William S.	Lamartine, Fond du Lac ..	1869.
Warren, Dewey K.	Appleton, Outagamie	1878.
Warren, George	Delafield, Waukesha	1848.
Warren, Parker	Clintonville, Waupaca	1883.
Warren, Stephen	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1849.
Washburn, Benjamin F.	Delafield, Waukesha	1855.
Washburn, George H.	Excelstor, Richland	1875.
Washburn, James	Millville, Grant	1866.
Washburn, Leroy M.	Buck Creek, Richland	1882.
Washburn, William H.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1876.
Wason, Robert, Jr.	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1879.
Waste, Eli	Granville, Milwaukee	1849.
Waterbury, Chester N.	Sparta, Monroe	1874, 75, 80.
Waterbury, James I.	Roxbury, Dane	1859.
Waterman, H. W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1867, 68.
Watrous, Jerome A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903.
Watrous, John S.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1867, 68.
Watrous, William F.	La Pointe, La Pointe	1850.
Watson, Charles	Charlestown, Calumet	1862.
Watson, J. W.	Washburn, Grant	1880.
	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1889, 91.

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MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Watts, James	Granville, Milwaukee	1864, 71.
Wenge, Frederick A.	Waterford, Racine	1860, 65.
Weatherly, John	Hustisford, Dodge	1867.
Weaver, James	Lisbon, Waukesha	1856.
Weaver, Richard	Sussex, Waukesha	1878, b.
Weaver, Thomas	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1865.
Webb, Henry G.	Wautoma, Waushara	1861, b.
Webb, William C.	Wautoma, Waushara	1858, 62, 63, 64.
Webster, Enoch	Amherst, Portage	1863.
Webster, Hiram W.	Omro, Winnebago	1879, 80.
Webster, Samuel R.	Danville, Dodge	1897.
Webster, William E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Wedig, Joseph	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1885, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77.
Weeden, George W.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1872, 83.
Weeks, George	Columbus, Dane	1877.
Weeks, Thompson D.	Whitewater, Walworth	1897, b.
Weeks, Thomas S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1874.
Wehrle, Gottlieb	Fennimore, Grant	1874.
Wehrwein, Simon, Jr.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1905.
Weil, Baruch S.	West Bend, Washington	1882, 80.
Well, Henry	Schleisingsville, Wash.	1871, 72, 73, b.
Well, Paul A.	West Bend, Washington	1850.
Weiss, Gottlieb E.	Richfield, Washington	1853.
Weiler, John W.	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1865.
Welch, Charles H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Welch, David E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Welch, Ebenezer S.	Baraboo, Sauk	1874, 75, b.
Wells, Charles D.	Neeuh, Winnebago	1855.
Wells, Jabez H.	Tomah, Monroe	1876.
Wells, John M.	Portage, Columbia	1899.
Wentworth, Robert B.	Prairieville, Waukesha	1849.
Werheim, George	Juneau, Dodge	1857.
Wery, Joseph	Wausau, Marathon	1895, 99.
Wescott, Ezra	Darbellay, Kewaunee	1889.
Wescott, Jefferson F.	Skinner, Green	1863.
Wescott, Marion	Farmer's Grove, Green	1869.
Wescott, Walter S.	Shawano, Shawano	1885.
West, Abram	Monroe, Green	1860, 63, b.
West, Edmund A.	Reedsburg, Sauk	1857.
West, Francis H.	Monroe, Green	1859, b.
West, Henry C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, b.
West, Samuel C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
West, Thomas	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
Westby, Thomas C.	Raymond, Racine	1853, 54.
Westfahl, F. C.	Emerald Grove, Rock	1860.
Whedon, Milo M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1903, 05.
Wheeler, Ezra	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1854.
Wheeler, Freeman M.	Berlin, Green Lake	1859.
Wheeler, Guy	Nanaupa, Fond du Lac	1863.
Wheeler, Nathaniel	Janesville, Rock	1864.
Wheeler, Nelson	Richland Center, Richland	1854.
Wheeler, William E.	Humboldt, Sauk	1859.
Wheeler, William G.	Beloit, Rock	1859, 60.
Wheelihan, W. Peter	Janesville, Rock	1897, 99.
Whelan, J. W.	Necedah, Juneau	1893.
Whipple, Cephas	Mondovi, Buffalo	1889, b.
Whirry, William T.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheb'yan	1865.
White, Charles	Randolph, Columbia	1855.
White, Elias N.	Caloma, Waushara	1859.
White, James	Burlington, Racine	1874, 75, 76.
White, James S.	Random Lake, Sheboygan	1878.
White, Jarvis	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
White, Joseph	South Superior, Douglas	1897.
White, Julius	Cottage Inn, Lafayette	1855, 57, 63.
White, Obadiah J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
White, Richard	Monroe, Green	1861.
White, Samuel A.	Lamberton, Milwaukee	1865.
White, A.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1857.
	Whitewater, Walworth	1871, 72.
	Fulton, Rock	1903.

b. See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Whiting, Anderson	Richmond, Walworth	1854, 60.
Whiting, A. Chapin	Ladoga, Fond du Lac	1867.
Whiting, Warren	Ladoga, Fond du Lac	1859.
Whitesides, Ninian E.	Belmont, Lafayette	1848.
Whitesides, C. M.	Sawyer, Door	1891.
Whitford, William C.	Milton, Rock	1863.
Whitson, Edward W.	Tomahawk, Lincoln	1901, 03.
Whitton, Charles B.	Ashippun, Dodge	1851.
Whitton, David	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Whittlesey, Asaph	Bayfield, Bayfield	1860.
Widule, Christian	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, b.
Wiegand, O. O.	Shawano, Shawano	1891.
Wilbor John B.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1857.
Wilcox, Alonzo	Spring Green, Sauk	1863, 64.
Wilcox, Chester G.	De Pere, Brown	1880.
Wilcox, Edgar	Byron, Fond du Lac	1864.
Wilcox, Randall	De Pere, Brown	1853, 67, 69.
Wiley, John	Shawano, Shawano	1860.
Willie, Henry F.	Verona, Dane	1895.
Willard, Andrew	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1866.
Willard, Gustavus A.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1878.
Willard, Horace B.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1861.
Willard, Josiah F.	Janesville, Rock	1849.
Williams, Billie	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1866.
Williams, Cornelius	Bristol Kenosha	1880.
Williams, David	Springfield, Walworth	1857.
Williams, De Witt C.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1880.
Williams, D. R. W.	Werner, Juneau	1862.
Williams, Edward C.	Elba, Dodge	1858.
Williams, Edwin A.	Neenah, Winnebago	1899, 01.
Williams, George J.	Hartford, Washington	1865.
Williams, John D.	Shullsburg, Lafayette	1850.
Williams, John K.	Lowell, Dodge	1857, 61.
Williams, Joseph C.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1901.
Williams, Nelson	Stoughton, Dane	1868, b.
Williams, O. T.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891.
Williams, Orrin J.	New Richmond, St. Croix..	1892, 95.
Williams, Roger	Hillsborough, Vernon	1879.
Williams, D. G.	Cambria, Columbia	1903.
Williams, Thos. E.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1885.
Williams, William M.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1882.
Williston, George H.	Janesville, Rock	1855.
Willot, Joseph, Jr.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1899, 01, 03.
Willy, Theophilus A.	Appleton, Outagamie	1899, b.
Willmont, Henry V. R.	Newberg, Washington	1870.
Wilson, Agostinus O.	Janesville, Rock	1893.
Wilson, DeWitt C.	Sparta, Monroe	1866, b.
Wilson, Robert	Dodgeville, Iowa	1862.
Wilson, Robert D.	North Bend, Jackson	1880.
Wilson, William K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, b.
Wiltse, Cadwallader J.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1876.
Winans George	Waukesha, Waukesha	1889.
Winans, John	Janesville, Rock	1874, 82, 87, 91.
Winch, Eli E.	Marshfield, Wood	1905.
Wing, Alonzo	Jefferson, Jefferson	1851.
Winkler, Carl	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Winkler, Frederick C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872.
Winslow, Joseph	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson	1869.
Winsor, Horatio S.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1865.
Winter, Charles A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895.
Winter, Hermann H.	Watertown, Jefferson	1860.
Winter, Michael	Adell, Sheboygan	1864.
Wipf, Jacob	Iola, Waupaca	1889, 93.
Wipperman, Herman C.	Grand Rapids, Wood	1895, 97, b.
Wipperman, William	Mosel, Sheboygan	1856.
Wirth, Philip M.	Green Bay, Brown	1883.
Wirtz, Michael	Summit, Fond du Lac	1878.
Withec, Nathan H.	Neillsville, Clark	1879, 80.
Woelz, Christian	Green Bay, Brown	1872.
Wolfinger, Joseph	Dundas, Calumet	1895, 97.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address and County Represented.	Sessions.
Wolf, Louis	Sheboyg'n Falls, Sheboyg'n	1864, 74, 76, b.
Wolfe, Hubert	Greenville, Outagamie	1895.
Wolff, Julius	Rhine, Sheboygan	1866.
Wolff, George W.	Rhine, Sheboygan	1895, 97.
Woller, Albert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1895, 97.
Woller, Frank E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Wolter, Bernard C.	Appleton, Outagamie	1897.
Wood, Albert	Quincy, Adams	1860.
Wood, Alson	Waukau, Winnebago	1872, 73.
Wood, David E.	Manchester Calumet	1850.
Wood, Joseph	Grand Rapids, Marathon	1856.
Wood, Louis N.	Walworth, Walworth	1852.
Wood, Uriah	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1878.
Woodard, Lester	Pardeeville, Columbia	1878.
Woodman, Cyrus	—, Iowa	1862.
Woodman, William W.	Farmington, Jefferson	1853, 56, b.
Woods, Alexander	Hillsboro, Vernon	1866.
Woodworth, Elias, Jr.	Bristol, Racine	1848.
Wooster, Henry S.	Clinton, Rock	1865, 66.
Worth, Arthur W.	Lancaster, Grant	1848.
Worthington, Denison	Summit, Waukesha	1852, 54, b.
Woxciehowski, Albert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1899.
Wright, Charles S.	Racine, Racine	1854.
Wright, George	Mt. Horeb, Dane	1893, 64.
Wright, Hiram A.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1853, b.
Wright, Jarvis T.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1877.
Wright, Lucius W.	Monticello, Green	1867.
Wroc, William H. H.	Medina, Outagamie	1872.
Wunderly, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Wyatt, Henry H.	Starr, Vernon	1877.
Wylie, George	Leeds, Columbia	1897, 99, b.
Yakey, David C.	Bloomington, Vernon	1880.
Yawkey, Cyrus C.	Hazelhurst, Oneida	1895.
York, Henry D.	Hazel Green, Grant	1850, 53, 58.
Yorkey, John H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1897.
Yorty, Andrew J.	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1872.
Youmans, Henry A.	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1861.
Young, Ephraim W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1830.
Young, James S.	Stevens Point, Portage	1859.
Young, John	Black Hawk, Sauk	1873.
Young, John H.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1901.
Young, Milas K.	Cassville, Grant	1854, b.
Young, Robert R.	Wyalusing, Grant	1849.
Young, William H.	Oconto, Oconto	1885.
Youngs, David	Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1867.
Zabel, C. A. M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Zander, Peter	Cross Plains, Dane	1876.
Zander, William	Larabee, Manitowoc	1879.
Zautecke, Frederick A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 76.
Zieman, William	Horicon, Dodge	1877.
Zotteler, Frederick T.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 75.
Ziller, Carl	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1863, 64.
Zimmerman, Adolph	Mequon, Washington	1848.
Zimmerman, Philip	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1870, 73, 74.
Zimmerman, J. Conrad	Germantown, Washington	1854, 59.
Zinn, August	New Glarus, Green	1857.
Zorn, Charles R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 01.
	Kiel, Manitowoc	1873, 74, 76.

b. See list of Senators.

SPEAKERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1848—1905.

Legislature.	Names.	Counties.	Date.
1.....	Ninian E. Whitesides.....	Lafayette.....	1848
2.....	Harrison C. Hobart.....	Sheboygan.....	1849
3.....	Moses M. Strong.....	Iowa.....	1850
4.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Washington.....	1851
5.....	James M. Shafter.....	Sheboygan.....	1852
6.....	Henry L. Palmer.....	Milwaukee.....	1853
7.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Ozaukee.....	1854
8.....	Charles C. Scholes.....	Kenosha.....	1855
9.....	William Hull.....	Grant.....	1856
10.....	Wyman Spooner.....	Walworth.....	1857
11.....	Frederick S. Lovell.....	Kenosha.....	1858
12.....	William P. Lyon.....	Racine.....	1859
13.....	William P. Lyon.....	Racine.....	1860
14.....	Amasa Cobb.....	Iowa.....	1861
15.....	James W. Beardsley.....	Pierce.....	1862
16.....	J. Allen Barber.....	Grant.....	1863
17.....	William W. Field.....	Grant.....	1864
18.....	William W. Field.....	Grant.....	1865
19.....	Henry D. Barron.....	Polk.....	1866
20.....	Angus Cameron.....	La Crosse.....	1867
21.....	Alexander M. Thomson.....	Rock.....	1868
22.....	Alexander M. Thomson.....	Rock.....	1869
23.....	James M. Bingham.....	Jefferson.....	1870
24.....	William E. Smith.....	Dodge.....	1871
25.....	Daniel Hall.....	Jefferson.....	1872
26.....	Henry D. Barron.....	Polk.....	1873
27.....	Gabe Bouck.....	Winnebago.....	1874
28.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Ozaukee.....	1875
29.....	Sam S. Fifield.....	Ashland.....	1876
30.....	John B. Cassoday.....	Rock.....	1877
31.....	Augustus R. Barrows.....	Chippewa.....	1878
32.....	David M. Kelly.....	Brown.....	1879
33.....	Alexander A. Arnold.....	Trempealeau.....	1880
34.....	Ira B. Bradford.....	Eau Claire.....	1881
35.....	Franklin L. Gilson.....	Pierce.....	1882
36.....	Earl P. Finch.....	Winnebago.....	1883
37.....	Hiram O. Fairchild.....	Marquette.....	1885
38.....	Thos. B. Mills.....	Jackson.....	1887
39.....	Thos. B. Mills.....	Jackson.....	1889
40.....	James J. Hogan.....	La Crosse.....	1891
41.....	Edward Koch.....	Milwaukee.....	1893
42.....	Geo. B. Burrows.....	Dane.....	1895
43.....	Geo. A. Buckstaff.....	Winnebago.....	1897
44.....	Geo. H. Ray.....	La Crosse.....	1899
45.....	Geo. H. Ray.....	La Crosse.....	1901
46.....	Irvine L. Lenroot.....	Superior.....	1903
47.....	Irvine L. Lenroot.....	Superior.....	1905

CHIEF CLERKS OF THE LEGISLATURE

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1	1818	Henry G. Abbey	Daniel N. Johnson
2	1819	William R. Smith	Robert L. Ream
3	1820	William R. Smith	Alex T. Gray
4	1821	William Hull	Alex T. Gray
5	1822	John K. Williams	Alex T. Gray
6	1823	John K. Williams	Thomas McHugh
7	1824	Samuel G. Bugh	Thomas McHugh
8	1825	Samuel G. Bugh	David Atwood
9	1826	Byron Paine	Jas. Armstrong
10	1827	Wm. Henry Brisbane	William C. Webb
11	1828	John L. V. Thomas	L. H. D. Crane
12	1829	Hiram Bowen	L. H. D. Crane
13	1830	J. H. Warren	L. H. D. Crane
14	1831	J. H. Warren	L. H. D. Crane
15	1832	J. H. Warren	John S. Dean
16	1833	Frank M. Stewart	John S. Dean
17	1834	Frank M. Stewart	John S. Dean
18	1835	Frank M. Stewart	John S. Dean
19	1836	Frank M. Stewart	E. W. Young
20	1837	Leander B. Hills	E. W. Young
21	1838	Leander B. Hills	E. W. Young
22	1839	Leander B. Hills	E. W. Young
23	1840	Leander B. Hills	E. W. Young
24	1841	O. R. Smith	E. W. Young
25	1842	J. H. Waggoner	E. W. Young
26	1843	J. H. Waggoner	E. W. Young
27	1844	J. H. Waggoner	George W. Peck
28	1845	Fred A. Dennett	R. M. Strong
29	1846	A. J. Turner	R. M. Strong
30	1847	A. J. Turner	W. A. Nowell
31	1848	{ A. J. Turner ¹ } { Charles E. Bross }	Jabez R. Hunter
32	1849	Charles E. Bross	John E. Eldred
33	1850	Charles E. Bross	John E. Eldred
34	1851	Charles E. Bross	John E. Eldred
35	1852	Charles E. Bross	E. D. Coe
36	1853	Charles E. Bross	I. T. Carr
37	1854	Charles E. Bross	E. D. Coe
38	1855	Charles E. Bross	E. D. Coe
39	1856	Charles E. Bross	E. D. Coe
40	1857	J. P. Hume	George W. Porth
41	1858	Sam J. Shafer	George W. Porth
42	1859	Walter L. Houser	W. A. Nowell
43	1860	Walter L. Houser	W. A. Nowell
44	1861	Walter L. Houser	W. A. Nowell
45	1862	Walter L. Houser	W. A. Nowell
46	1863	Theodore W. Goldin	C. O. Marsh
47	1864	S. K. Eaton	C. O. Marsh

¹ Resigned February 7, 1848, and Charles E. Bross elected to fill vacancy; also elected Chief Clerk for extra session in June, 1848.

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Session.	Year.	Senate.	Assembly.
1	1848	Lyman H. Seaver	John Mullanphy.
2	1849	F. W. Shollner	Felix McLinden
3	1850	James Hanrahan	E. R. Hugunin.
4	1851	E. D. Masters	G. M. Kingsbury.
5	1852	Patrick Cosgrove	Elisha Starr.
6	1853	Thomas Hood	Richard F. Wilson.
7	1854	J. M. Sherwood	William H. Gleason.
8	1855	William H. Gleason	William Blake.
9	1856	Joseph Baker	Egbert Mosely.
10	1857	Alanson Filer	William C. Rogers.
11	1858	Nathaniel L. Stout	Francis Massing.
12	1859	Asa Kinney	Emanuel Munk.
13	1860	Asa Kinney	Joseph Gates.
14	1861	J. A. Hadley	Craig B. Beebe.
15	1862	B. U. Caswell	A. A. Huntington.
16	1863	Luther Bashford	A. M. Thompson.
17	1864	Nelson Williams	A. M. Thompson.
18	1865	Nelson Williams	Alonzo Wilcox.
19	1866	Nelson Williams	L. M. Hammond.
20	1867	Asa Kinney	Daniel Webster.
21	1868	W. H. Hamilton	C. L. Harris.
22	1869	W. H. Hamilton	Rollin C. Kelly.
23	1870	E. M. Rogers	Ole C. Johnson.
24	1871	W. W. Baker	Sam S. Fifield.
25	1872	W. D. Hoard	Sam S. Fifield.
26	1873	Albert Emonson	O. C. Bissel.
27	1874	O. U. Akin	Joseph Deuster.
28	1875	O. U. Akin	J. W. Brackett.
29	1876	E. T. Gardner	Elisha Starr.
30	1877	C. E. Bullard	Tho. B. Reid.
31	1878	L. J. Brayton	Anton Klaus.
32	1879	Chalmers Ingersoll	Miletus Knight.
33	1880	Chalmers Ingersoll	D. H. Pulcifer.
34	1881	W. W. Baker	G. W. Church.
35	1882	A. T. Glaze	D. E. Welch.
36	1883	A. D. Thorp	Thomas Kennedy.
37	1885	Hubert Wolcott	John M. Ewing.
38	1887	T. J. George	Wm. A. Adamson.
39	1889	T. J. George	F. E. Parsons.
40	1891	John A. Barney	Patrick Whelan.
41	1893	John B. Becker	Theo. Knapstein.
42	1895	Charles Pettibone	B. F. Millard.
43	1897	Charles Pettibone	C. M. Hambright.
44	1899	Charles Pettibone	James H. Agen.
45	1901	Charles Pettibone	A. M. Anderson.
46	1903	Sanfield McDonald	A. M. Anderson.
47	1905	R. C. Falconer	Nicholas Streveler.

LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No. Reprs.
1836	October 25th	Dec. 9, 1836	46 days	39
1837	November 6th	Jan. 20, 1838	76 days	39
1838	June 11th	June 25, 1838	15 days	38
1838	November 26th	Dec. 22, 1838	27 days	37
1839	January 21st	March 11, 1839	50 days	39
1839	December 2d	Jan. 13, 1840	43 days	39
1840	August 3d	August 14, 1840	12 days	39
1840	December 7th	Feb. 19, 1841	75 days	39
1841	December 6th	Feb. 19, 1842	76 days	39
1843	March 6th	March 25, 1843	20 days	39
1843	March 27th	April 17, 1843	22 days	35
1843	December 4th	J. n. 31, 1844	59 days	35
1845	January 6th	Feb. 24, 1845	50 days	35
1845	January 5th	Feb. 3, 1846	30 days	35
1847	January 4th	Feb. 11, 1847	39 days	35
1847	October 18th	Oct. 27, 1847	10 days	35
1848	February 7th	March 13, 1848	36 days	39

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No. Reprs.
1846	October 5th	Dec. 16, 1846	73 days	124

SECOND CONVENTION.

1847	December 15th	Feb. 1, 1848	48 days	65
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STATE ORGANIZATION.

First Session—The first session of the State Legislature was held at the Capitol at Madison, on Monday, the fifth day of June, A. D. 1848, pursuant to the Constitution, which had been adopted by a large majority of the people. The apportionment of Senators and Representatives was under Constitutional provisions, until otherwise declared by law. It convened June 5, 1848, and adjourned August 21, 1848, seventy-eight days. There were eighty-five members.

Second Session—Convened on the 10th of January, 1849, and adjourned April 2, 1849, eighty-three days, eighty-five members.

Third Session—Convened January 9, and adjourned February 11, 1850, thirty-four days, eighty-five members.

- Fourth Session*—Convened January 8, 1851, and adjourned March 17, 1851, sixty-nine days, eighty-five members.
- Fifth Session*—Convened January 14, 1852, and adjourned April 19, 1852, ninety-seven days, eighty-five members.
- Sixth Session*—This Legislature convened on the 12th of January, 1853, and adjourned on the 4th of April, 1853, until the 6th day of June following, for the purpose that the Senate might sit as a Court of Impeachment, and the Assembly be present to prosecute the trial of Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, against whom Articles of Impeachment had been exhibited, charging him with acts of corrupt conduct and malfeasance in office. For this purpose the Legislature again convened on the 6th day of June, and adjourned finally on the 13th of July, 1853. The legislative session amounted to one hundred and twenty-one days, with one hundred and seven members.
- Seventh Session*—Convened January 11, 1854, and adjourned April 3, 1854, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eighth Session*—Convened January 10, 1855, and adjourned April 2, 1855, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Ninth Session*—Convened January 9, 1856, and took a recess from March 31, 1856, to September 3, 1856, and adjourned October 14, 1856, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Tenth Session*—Convened January 14, and adjourned March 9, 1857, fifty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eleventh Session*—Convened January 13, and adjourned May 17, 1858, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Twelfth Session*—Convened January 12, 1859, and adjourned March 21, 1859, sixty-nine days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Thirteenth Session*—Convened January 11, 1860, and adjourned April 2, 1860, eighty-three days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fourteenth Session*—Convened January 9, and adjourned April 17, 1861. Reconvened May 15, and adjourned May 27, 1861, a total of one hundred and twelve days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fifteenth Session*—Convened January 8, 1862, and adjourned April 7, 1862. Reconvened June 3, 1862, and adjourned June 17, 1862. Met in extra session September 10, 1862, and adjourned September 26, 1862, a total of one hundred and twenty-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Sixteenth Session*—Convened January 14, 1863, and adjourned April 2, 1863, seventy-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Seventeenth Session*—Convened January 13, 1864, and adjourned April 4, 1864, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Eighteenth Session*—Convened January 11, 1865, and adjourned April 10, 1865, ninety days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Nineteenth Session*—Convened January 10, 1866, and adjourned April 12, 1866, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twentieth Session*—Convened January 9, 1867, and adjourned April 11, 1867.
- Twenty-first Session*—Convened January 8, 1868, and adjourned March 6, 1868, fifty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-second Session*—Convened January 13, 1869, and adjourned March 11, 1869, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-third Session*—Convened January 12, 1870, and adjourned March 17, 1870, sixty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fourth Session*—Convened January 11, 1871, and adjourned March 25, 1871, seventy-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fifth Session*—Convened January 10, 1872, and adjourned March 26, 1872, seventy-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-sixth Session*—Convened January 8, 1873, and adjourned March 20, 1873, seventy-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-seventh Session*—Convened January 14, 1874, and adjourned March 12, 1874, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-eighth Session*—Convened January 13, 1875, and adjourned March 6, 1875, fifty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

- Twenty-ninth Session*—Convencd January 12, 1876, and adjourned March 14, 1876, sixty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirtieth Session*—Convencd January 10, 1877, and adjourned March 8, 1877, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-first Session*—Convencd January 9, 1878, and adjourned March 21, 1878. Met in extra session June 4, 1878, for the purpose of completing the revision of the statutes, and adjourned June 7, 1878. Officers same as at regular session. Seventy-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-second Session*—Convencd January 8, 1879, and adjourned March 5, 1879, fifty-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-third Session*—Convencd January 14, 1880, and adjourned March 17, 1880, sixty-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fourth Session*—Convencd January 12, 1881, and adjourned April 4, 1881, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fifth Session*—Convencd January 11, 1882, and adjourned March 31, 1882, eighty days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-sixth Session*—Convencd January 10, 1883, and adjourned April 4, 1883, eighty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-seventh Session*—Convencd January 14, 1885, and adjourned April 13, 1885, eighty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-eighth Session*—Convencd January 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-ninth Session*—Convencd January 9, 1889, adjourned April 19, 1889, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Fortieth Session*—Convencd January 14, 1891, and adjourned April 25, 1891, one hundred and one days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
Met in special session June 28, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts. Adjourned July 1st, 1892. Four days.
Met in second special session October 17, 1892, for the purpose of apportioning the state into senate and assembly districts, former apportionments having been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. Adjourned October 27, 1892. Ten days.
- Forty-first Session*—Convencd January 11, 1893, and adjourned April 20, 1893, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-second Session*—Convencd January 9, 1895, adjourned April 20, 1895, one hundred and two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-third Session*—Convencd January 13, 1897. Recess from April 24 to August 17. Met August 17 for the purpose of passing upon revision of the statutes. Adjourned August 20, 1897, one hundred and six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-fourth Session*—Convencd January 11, 1899. Adjourned May 4, one hundred and fourteen days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-fifth Session*—Convencd January 9, 1901. Adjourned May 15, one hundred and twenty-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-sixth Session*—Convencd January 14, 1903. Adjourned May 23, 1903; one hundred and thirty-three days; one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Forty-seventh Session*—Convencd January 11, 1905. Adjourned June 23, 1905; one hundred and sixty-three days; one hundred and thirty-three members.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

[To meet second Monday in January—See sec. 94z, W. S. 1893.]

1848. Elected November 7.

At Large—Francis Huebschmann.
Wm. Dunwiddie.
1st District—David P. Mapes.
2d District—Samuel F. Nichols.

1852. Elected November 2.

At Large—Montgomery M. Cothren.
Saterlee Clark.
1st District—Philo White.
2d District—Beriah Brown.
3d District—Charles Billinghamurst.

1856. Elected November 4.

At Large—Edward D. Holton.
James H. Knowlton.
1st District—Gregor Menzel.
2d District—Walter D. McIndoe.
3d District—Bille Williams.

1860. Elected November 6.

At Large—Walter D. McIndoe.
Bradford Rixford.
1st District—Wm. W. Vaughn.
2d District—J. Allen Barber.
3d District—Herman Lindeman.

1864. Elected November 3.

At Large—William W. Field.
Henry L. Blood.
1st District—George C. Northrop.
2d District—Jonathan Bowman.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Henry J. Turner.
5th District—Henry F. Belitz.
6th District—Alexander S. McDill.

1868. Elected November 3.

At Large—Stephen S. Barlow.
Henry D. Barron.
1st District—Elihu Enos.
2d District—Charles G. Williams.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Leander F. Frisby.
5th District—William G. Ritch.
6th District—Wm. T. Price.

1872. Elected November 5.

At Large—William E. Cramer.
Frederick Fleischer.
1st District—Jerome S. Nickles.
2d District—George G. Swain.
3d District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
4th District—Frederick Hilgen.
5th District—Edward C. McPettridge.
6th District—George E. Hoskinson.
7th District—Romanzo Bunn.
8th District—Henry D. Barron.

1876. Elected November 7.

At Large—Wm. H. Miner.
Francis Campbell.
1st District—T. D. Weeks.
2d District—T. D. Lang.
3d District—Daniel L. Downs.
4th District—Casper M. Sanger.
5th District—Charles Luling.
6th District—James H. Foster.
7th District—Charles B. Solberg.
8th District—John H. Knapp.

1880. Elected November 2.

At Large—George End.
Knud Langland.
1st District—Lucius S. Blake.
2d District—John Kellogg.
3d District—George E. Weatherby.
4th District—Wm. P. McLaren.
5th District—C. T. Lovell.
6th District—E. L. Browne.
7th District—F. H. Krebs.
8th District—John T. Kingston.

1884. Elected November 4.

At Large—C. J. L. Meyer.
F. A. Husher.
1st District—J. W. Ostrander.
2d District—D. C. Van Brunt.
3d District—Joseph Harris.
4th District—John Rugee.
5th District—E. W. Arndt.
6th District—B. T. Rogers.
7th District—W. M. Fogo.
8th District—Canute Anderson.
9th District—E. L. Browne.

1888. Elected November 6.

At Large—Lucius Fairchild.
Syver E. Brimi.
1st District—C. N. Palmer.
2d District—Allen P. Harwood.
3d District—A. C. Dodee.
4th District—Julius Goldschmidt.
5th District—John Ruch.
6th District—Albert F. Hill.
7th District—Oscar F. Templo.
8th District—Currie G. Bell.
9th District—John Finney.

1892. Elected November 3.

At Large—Gustav Wollaeger.
Robert J. McBride.
1st District—Andrew Jensen.
2d District—Michael Johnson.
3d District—John Montgomery Smith.
4th District—John Black.
5th District—Henry B. Schwin.
6th District—Ferdinand T. Yahr.
7th District—James J. Hogan.
8th District—John Wattava.
9th District—Lewis S. Bailey.
10th District—William F. Cirkel.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS—Continued.

1896. Elected November 3.

At Large—John D. Nelsenius.
 Paul Lachmund.
 1st District—Ossian M. Pettit.
 2d District—Mark Curtis.
 3d District—Lewis C. Boyle.
 4th District—Ellicott R. Stillman.
 5th District—William J. Mallmann.
 6th District—George D. Bræd.
 7th District—Iver Pederson.
 8th District—Frederick A. Hollman.
 9th District—Oakman A. Ellis.
 10th District—Samuel J. Bradford.

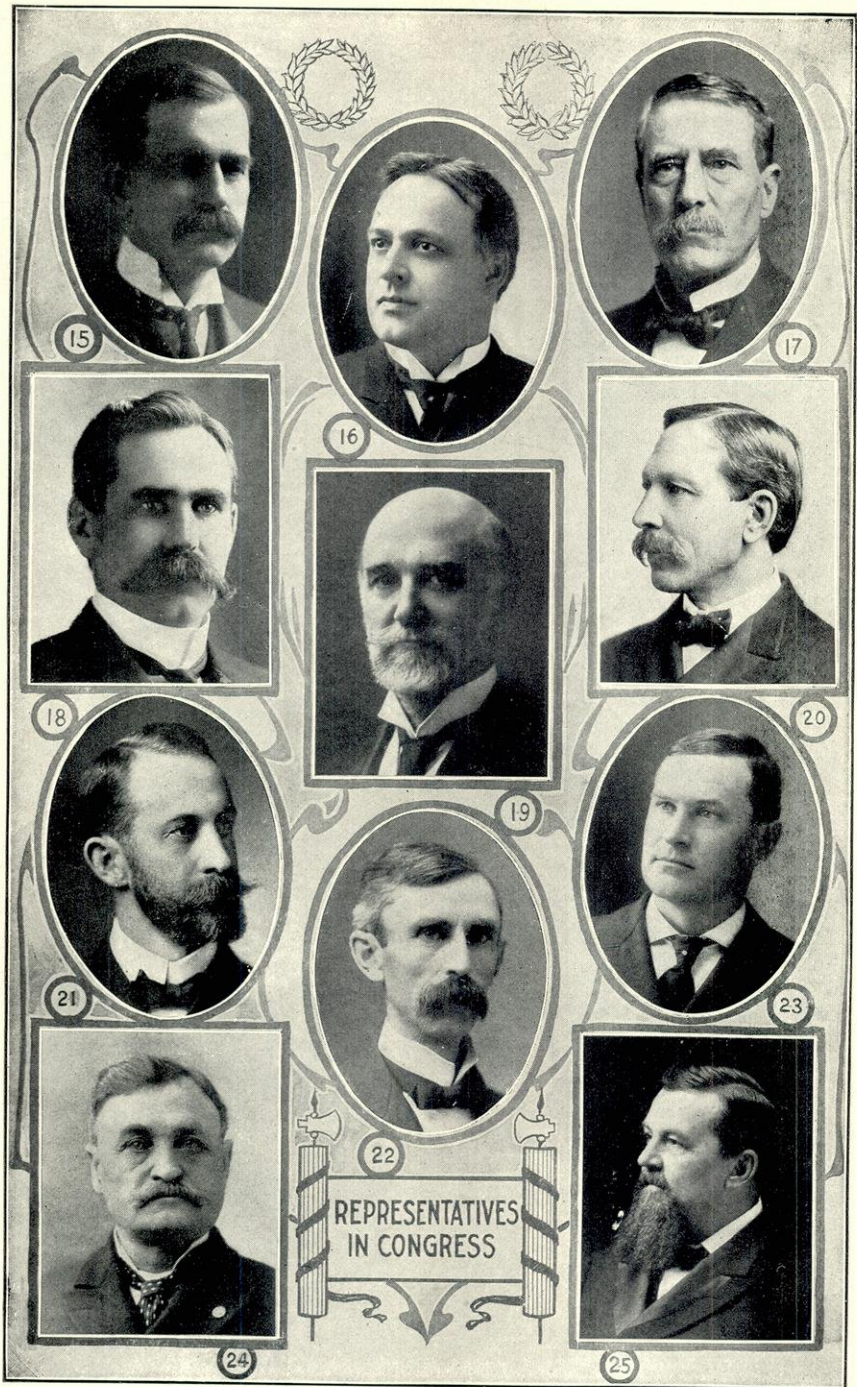
1900. Elected November 6.

At Large—Augustus G. Weissert.
 Atley Peterson.
 1st District—George A. Yule.
 2d District—Willard A. Van Brunt.
 3d District—Henry E. Roethe.
 4th District—William H. J. Kieckhefer.
 5th District—Whitman A. Barber.
 6th District—John Schuette.
 7th District—John Ochsner.
 8th District—Charles M. Fenelon.
 9th District—John D. Nelsenius.
 10th District—Fred A. Severance.

1904. Elected November 8.

At Large—Charles F. Ilsley.*
 Albert R. Hall.
 1st District—John L. Sherron.
 2d District—James M. Bushnell.
 3d District—James H. Cabanis.
 4th District—Fred C. Lorenz.
 5th District—Fred W. Cords.
 6th District—Carl S. Porter.
 7th District—Hulbert A. Bright.
 8th District—Edward McGlachlin.
 9th District—George Beyer.
 10th District—Melvin D. Keith.
 11th District—Ed. L. Peet.

*Died Dec. 4th, 1904. James K. Ilsley chosen to fill vacancy.



15 WEBSTER E. BROWN.
 18 J. H. DAVIDSON.
 21 W. H. STAFFORD.
 24 E. S. MINOR.

16 JOHN J. ESCH.
 19 HENRY ALLEN COOPER.
 22 HENRY C. ADAMS.

17 JOHN J. JENKINS.
 20 THEOBALD OTJEN.
 23 CHAS. H. WEISSE.
 25 J. W. BABCOCK.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS,

FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
George W. Jones	Oct. 10, 1836	Henry Dodge	Sept. 25, 1843
James D. Doty	Sept. 10, 1838	Morgan L. Martin	Sept. 22, 1845
James D. Doty	Aug. 5, 1840	John H. Tweedy	Sept. 6, 1847
Henry Dodge	Sept. 27, 1841		

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
Isaac P. Walker	June 8, 1848	Angus Cameron	Feb. 3, 1875
Henry Dodge	June 8, 1848	Matthew H. Carpenter	Jan. 22, 1879
Isaac P. Walker	Jan. 17, 1849	Philetus Sawyer	Jan. 26, 1881
Henry Dodge	Jan. 20, 1851	Angus Cameron	Mar. 10, 1881
Charles Durkee	Feb. 1, 1855	John C. Spooner	Jan. 28, 1885
James R. Doolittle	Jan. 23, 1857	Philetus Sawyer	Jan. 26, 1887
Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 23, 1861	William F. Vilas	Jan. 28, 1891
James R. Doolittle	Jan. 22, 1863	John L. Mitchell	Feb. 8, 1893
Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 24, 1867	John C. Spooner	Jan. 27, 1897
Matthew H. Carpenter	Jan. 26, 1869	J. V. Quarles	Jan. 31, 1899
Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 21, 1873	John C. Spooner	Jan. 28, 1903
		Robert M. LaFollette	Jan. 26, 1905

REPRESENTATIVES.

(By Congresses.)

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

XXXth Congress, 1847-49.

- 1st District—William Pitt Lynde.¹
- 2d District—Mason C. Darling.¹

XXXIst Congress, 1849-51.

- 1st District—Charles Durkee.
- 2d District—Orsamus Cole.
- 3d District—James Duane Doty.

XXXIIId Congress, 1851-53.

- 1st District—Charles Durkee.
- 2d District—Ben. C. Eastman.
- 3d District—John B. Macy.

XXXIIIId Congress, 1853-55.

- 1st District—Daniel Wells, Jr.
- 2d District—Ben. C. Eastman.
- 3d District—John B. Macy.

XXXIVth Congress, 1855-57.

- 1st District—Daniel Wells, Jr.
- 2d District—Cadwallader C. Washburn.
- 3d District—Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVth Congress, 1857-59.

- 1st District—John F. Potter.
- 2d District—Cadwallader C. Washburn.
- 3d District—Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVIth Congress, 1859-61.

- 1st District—John F. Potter.
- 2d District—Cadwallader C. Washburn.
- 3d District—Charles H. Larrabee.

XXXVIIth Congress, 1861-63.

- 1st District—John F. Potter.
- 2d District—Luther Hanchett.²
- 3d District—A. Scott McIndoe.

XXXVIIIth Congress, 1863-65.

- 1st District—James S. Brown.
- 2d District—Ithamar C. Sloan.
- 3d District—Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District—Charles A. Eldredge.
- 5th District—Ezra Wheeler.
- 6th District—Walter D. McIndoe.

XXXIXth Congress, 1865-67.

- 1st District—Halbert E. Paine.
- 2d District—Ithamar C. Sloan.
- 3d District—Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District—Charles A. Eldredge.
- 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District—Walter D. McIndoe.

XLth Congress, 1867-69.

- 1st District—Halbert E. Paine.
- 2d District—Benjamin F. Hopkins.
- 3d District—Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District—Charles A. Eldredge.
- 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District—Cadwallader C. Washburn.

¹ Elected May 8, and took their seats June 5 and 9, 1848.

² Died November 24, 1862, and Walter D. McIndoe elected to fill the vacancy, December 30, 1862.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—Continued.

XLIInd Congress, 1869-71.

- 1st District—Halbert E. Paine.
 2d District—Benjamin F. Hopkins.¹
 David Atwood.
 3d District—Amasa Cobb.
 4th District—Charles A. Eldridge.
 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
 6th District—Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIIIrd Congress, 1871-73.

- 1st District—Alexander Mitchell.
 2d District—Gerry W. Hazelton.
 3d District—J. Allen Barber.
 4th District—Charles A. Eldredge.
 5th District—Philetus Sawyer.
 6th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.

XLIIIrd Congress, 1873-75.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Gerry W. Hazelton.
 3d District—J. Allen Barber.
 4th District—Alexander Mitchell.
 5th District—Charles A. Eldredge.
 6th District—Philetus Sawyer.
 7th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.
 8th District—Alexander S. McDill.

XLIVth Congress, 1875-77.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District—Henry S. Magoon.
 4th District—William Pitt Lynde.
 5th District—Samuel D. Burchard.
 6th District—Alanson M. Kimball.
 7th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk.
 8th District—George W. Cato.

XLVth Congress, 1877-79.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
 4th District—William Pitt Lynde.
 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District—Gabriel Bouck.
 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIth Congress, 1879-81.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District—Gabriel Bouck.
 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIth Congress, 1881-1883.

- 1st District—Charles G. Williams.
 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
 6th District—Richard Guenther.
 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIIth Congress, 1883-85.

- 1st District—John Winans.
 2d District—Daniel H. Sumner.
 3d District—Burr W. Jones.
 4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
 5th District—Joseph Rankin.
 6th District—Richard Guenther.
 7th District—Gilbert M. Woodward.
 8th District—William T. Price.
 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

XLIXth Congress, 1885-87.

- 16th District—Lucien B. Caswell.
 2d District—Edward S. Bragg.
 3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District—Isaac W. Van Schaick.
 5th District—Joseph Rankin.²
 T. R. Hudd.
 6th District—Richard Guenther.
 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District—William T. Price.³
 Hugh H. Price.
 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

Lth Congress, 1888-89.

- 1st District—L. B. Caswell.
 2d District—Richard Guenther.
 3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District—Henry Smith.
 5th District—T. R. Hudd.
 6th District—C. B. Clark.
 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

Lth Congress, 1889-91.

- 1st District—L. B. Caswell.
 2d District—Charles Barwig.
 3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
 4th District—Isaac W. Van Schaick.
 5th District—George H. Bricker.
 6th District—C. B. Clark.
 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District—Myron H. McCord.

LIInd Congress, 1891-93.

- 1st District—Clinton Babbitt.
 2d District—Charles Barwig.
 3d District—Allen R. Bushnell.
 4th District—John L. Mitchell.
 5th District—George H. Brickner.
 6th District—Lucius M. Miller.
 7th District—Frank P. Coburn.
 8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
 9th District—Thomas Lynch.

¹Died Jan. 1, 1870, and David Atwood elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 15, 1870.²Died Jan. 24, 1886, T. R. Hudd elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 3, 1886.³Died Dec. 7, 1886, Hugh H. Price elected to fill vacancy, Jan. 18, 1887.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.—Continued.

LIIId Congress, 1893-95.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper.
- 2d District—Charles Barwig.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock.
- 4th District—John L. Mitchell.¹
Peter J. Somers.²
- 5th District—Geo. H. Brickner.
- 6th District—Owen A. Wells.
- 7th District—Geo. B. Shaw.³
Michael Griffin.⁴
- 8th District—Lyman E. Barnes.
- 9th District—Thomas Lynch.
- 10th District—Nils P. Haugen.

LIVth Congress, 1895-97.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine
- 2d District—Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—Samuel A. Cook, Neenah.
- 7th District—Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVth Congress, 1897-99.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine
- 2d District—Edward Sauerhering, Mayville.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel A. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 7th District—Michael Griffin, Eau Claire.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LIX Congress, 1905-07.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Henry C. Adams, Madison.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—William H. Stafford, Milwaukee.
- 6th District—Charles H. Weisse, Sheboygan.
- 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
- 8th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 9th District—Edward S. Miner, Sturgeon Bay.
- 10th District—Webster E. Brown, Rhineland.
- 11th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

¹ Resigned Feb. 10, 1893.

² Elected April 4, 1893, to fill vacancy.

LVIth Congress, 1899-01.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Herman B. Dahle, Mt. Horeb.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Alexander Stewart, Wausau.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVIIth Congress, 1901-03.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Herman B. Dahle, Mt. Horeb.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—Samuel S. Barney, West Bend.
- 6th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
- 8th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 9th District—Webster E. Brown, Rhineland.
- 10th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

LVIIIth Congress, 1903-05.

- 1st District—Henry Allen Cooper, Racine.
- 2d District—Henry C. Adams, Madison.
- 3d District—Joseph W. Babcock, Necedah.
- 4th District—Theobald Otjen, Milwaukee.
- 5th District—William H. Stafford, Milwaukee.
- 6th District—Charles H. Weisse, Sheboygan Falls.
- 7th District—John J. Esch, La Crosse.
- 8th District—James H. Davidson, Oshkosh.
- 9th District—Edward S. Minor, Sturgeon Bay.
- 10th District—Webster E. Brown, Rhineland.
- 11th District—John J. Jenkins, Chippewa Falls.

³ Died Aug. 27, 1894.

⁴ Elected Nov. 6, 1894, to fill vacancy.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

A List of the Senators who have been elected by the Senate to preside over that body in the absence of the Vice-president, or while he was acting as President, or while the office of Vice-president was vacant by reason of the death of the incumbent.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
	1792	Richard H. Leo.....	Virginia.....	1732	1794
2, 3	1792-94	John Langdon.....	New Hampshire.....	1739	1819
3	1794-95	Ralph Izard.....	South Carolina.....	1742	1804
3, 4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1753	1793
4	1796-97	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
4, 5	1797	William Bingham.....	Pennsylvania.....	1751	1804
5	1797	William Bradford.....	Rhode Island.....	1729	1808
5	1797-98	Jacob Reed.....	South Carolina.....	1732	1816
5	1798	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
5	1798-99	John Laurence.....	New York.....	1750	1810
5	1799	James Ross.....	Pennsylvania.....	1762	1817
6	1799-1800	Samuel Livermore.....	New Hampshire.....	1732	1803
6	1800	Uriah Tracy.....	Connecticut.....	1755	1807
6	1800-01	John E. Howard.....	Maryland.....	1712	1827
6	1801	James Hillhouse.....	Connecticut.....	1754	1832
7	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin.....	Georgia.....	1754	1807
7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1850
8	1803-01	John Br. Franklin.....	Kentucky.....	1757	1837
8	1804-05	Jesse Frankin.....	North Carolina.....	1758	1823
	1-07	Joseph Anderson.....	Tennessee.....	1757	1837
9, 10	1805-03	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1839
10	1805-09	Stephen R. Bradley.....	Vermont.....	1754	1830
10, 11	1809	John Milledge.....	Georgia.....	1757	1818
11	1809-10	Andrew Gregg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1755	1835
11, 12	1810-11	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
12, 13	1811-12	John Pope.....	Kentucky.....	1770	1845
13	1812-13	Wm. H. Crawford.....	Georgia.....	1772	1834
13, 14	1813-14	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
13, 15	1814-18	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1775	1842
18, 19	1820-26	John Gaillard.....	South Carolina.....	.....	1826
19, 20	1823-28	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1837
20-22	1823-32	Samuel Smith.....	Maryland.....	1752	1839
22	1832	L. W. Tazewell.....	Virginia.....	1774	1860
22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White.....	Tennessee.....	1773	1810
23	1834-35	George Poindexter.....	Mississippi.....	1779	1853
24	1835-36	John Tyler.....	Virginia.....	1790	1862
24-26	1836-41	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
26, 27	1841-42	Samuel L. Southard.....	New Jersey.....	1787	1842
27-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum.....	North Carolina.....	1792	1861
29, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison.....	Missouri.....	1807	1856
31, 32	1850-52	William R. King.....	Alabama.....	1786	1853
32, 33	1852-54	D. R. Atchinson.....	Missouri.....	1807	1856
33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright.....	Indiana.....	1812	1875
34	1857	James M. Mason.....	Virginia.....	1798	1871
35, 36	1857-61	Benjamin Fitzpatrick.....	Alabama.....	1802	1869
36-38	1861-64	Solomon Foot.....	Vermont.....	1802	1869
38	1864-65	Daniel Clark.....	New Hampshire.....	1809	1891
39	855-67	Lafayette S. Foster.....	Connecticut.....	1806	1830
40	1867-69	Benjamin F. Wade.....	Ohio.....	1800	1878
41, 42	1839-73	Henry B. Anthony.....	Rhode Island.....	1815	1884
43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter.....	Wisconsin.....	1824	1881
44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry.....	Michigan.....	1827	1896
44, 46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman.....	Ohio.....	1813	1895
47	1881	Thomas F. Bayard.....	Delaware.....	1828	1896
47	1881-83	David Davis.....	Illinois.....	1815	1896
48	1883-85	George F. Edmunds.....	Vermont.....	1828	.....
49	1885-87	John Sherman.....	Ohio.....	1823	1900
49, 50, 51	1887-91	John J. Ingalls.....	Kansas.....	1833	1900
52	1891-93	Chas. F. Manderson.....	Nebraska.....	1837	.....
53	1893-95	Isham G. Harris.....	Tennessee.....	1818	1897
51, 53, 56					
57, 58	189C-03	Wm. P. Frye.....	Maine.....	1831	.....

SPEAKERS OF THE U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Con- gress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenberg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
2	1791-93	Jonathan Trumbull.....	Connecticut.....	1740	1809
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenberg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
4, 5	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton.....	New Jersey.....	1760	1824
6	1799-01	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1837
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves.....	South Carolina.....	1776	1857
14-16	1815-20	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
17	1821-23	Philip B. Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1783	1841
18	1823-25	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson.....	Virginia.....	1784	1857
23	1834-35	John Bell.....	Tennessee.....	1757	1869
24, 25	1835-39	James K. Polk.....	Tennessee.....	1795	1849
26	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter.....	Virginia.....	1809	1887
27	1841-43	John White.....	Kentucky.....	1805	1845
28	1843-45	John W. Jones.....	Virginia.....	1803	1848
29	1845-47	John W. Davis.....	Indiana.....	1799	1850
30	1847-49	Robert C. Winthrop.....	Massachusetts.....	1709	1894
31	1849-51	Howell Cobb.....	Georgia.....	1815	1868
32, 33	1851-55	Linn Boyd.....	Kentucky.....	1860	1859
34	1856-57	Nathaniel P. Banks.....	Massachusetts.....	1816	1894
35	1857-59	James L. Orr.....	South Carolina.....	1822	1873
36	1860-61	William Pennington.....	New Jersey.....	1796	1862
37	1861-63	Galusha A. Grow.....	Pennsylvania.....	1823	.....
3 ² -40	1863-69	Schuyler Colfax.....	Indiana.....	1823	1885
41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine.....	Maine.....	1830	1893
44	1875-76	Michael C. Kerr.....	Indiana.....	1827	1876
45-46	1876-81	Samuel J. Randall.....	Pennsylvania.....	1828	1890
47	1881-83	John W. Keifer.....	Ohio.....	1803	.....
48-50	1883-89	John G. Carlisle.....	Kentucky.....	1835	.....
51	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1839	1902
52-53	1891-95	Chas. F. Crisp.....	Georgia.....	1845	1896
54-55	1896-99	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1839	1902
56-57	1899-03	David B. Henderson.....	Iowa.....	1810	.....
58	1903-05	Jos. G. Cannon.....	Illinois.....	1836	.....

U. S. PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS.
PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	Name.	Native state.	Ancestry.	Year of birth.	Residence.	Inaugurated.		Years Served.	Politics.	Place of Death.	Age at death.
						Year.	Age.				
1	George Washington	Va...	English	1732	Va...	1789	57	8	Federalist	Mount Vernon, 1799	67
2	John Adams	Mass.	English	1735	Mass.	1797	62	4	Federalist	Quincy, Mass., 1826	91
3	Thomas Jefferson	Va...	Welsh	1743	Va...	1801	58	8	Republican	Monticello, Va., 1826	83
4	James Madison	Va...	English	1751	Va...	1809	58	8	Republican	Montpelier, Va., 1836	85
5	James Monroe	Va...	Scotch	1758	Va...	1817	59	8	Republican	New York City, 1831	73
6	John Quincy Adams	Mass.	English	1767	Mass.	1825	58	4	Republican	Washington, 1848	81
6	Andrew Jackson	S. C.	Irish	1767	Tenn.	1829	62	8	Democrat	Hermitage, Tenn., 1845	78
8	Martin Van Buren	N. Y.	Dutch	1782	N. Y.	1837	55	4	Democrat	Kinderhook, N. Y., 1862	80
9	William H. Harrison	Va...	English	1773	Ohio	1841	63	1 mo.	Whig	Washington, 1841	68
10	John Tyler	Va...	English	1790	Va...	1841	51	4	Democrat	Richmond, Va., 1862	72
11	James K. Polk	N. C.	Irish	1795	Tenn.	1845	50	4	Democrat	Nashville, Tenn., 1849	54
12	Zachary Taylor	Va...	English	1784	La...	1849	65	1	Whig	Washington, 1850	66
13	Millard Fillmore	N. Y.	English	1800	N. Y.	1850	50	3	Whig	Buffalo, N. Y., 1874	74
14	Franklin Pierce	N. H.	English	1804	N. H.	1853	49	4	Democrat	Concord, N. H., 1869	65
15	James Buchanan	Pa...	Irish	1791	Pa...	1857	66	4	Democrat	Wheatland, Pa., 1868	77
16	Abraham Lincoln	Ky...	English	1809	Ill...	1861	52	4	Republican	Washington, 1865	56
17	Andrew Johnson	N. C.	English	1808	Tenn.	1865	57	4	Republican	Greenville, Tenn., 1875	67
18	Ulysess S. Grant	Ohio.	Scotch.	1822	Ill...	1869	47	8	Republican	Mt. McGregor, N. Y., 1885	63
19	Rutherford B. Hayes	Ohio.	English	1822	Ohio.	1877	55	4	Republican	Fremont, Ohio, 1893.	71
20	James A. Garfield	Ohio.	English	1831	Ohio.	1881	49	6½ mos.	Republican	Long Branch, N. J., 1881	50
21	Chester A. Arthur	Vt...	Irish	1830	N. Y.	1881	51	3y. 5½ mos.	Republican	New York City, 1886	56
22	Grover Cleveland	N. J.	English	1837	N. Y.	1885	48	4	Democrat	.....	.....
23	Benjamin Harrison	Ohio.	English	1833	Ind.	1889	56	4	Republican	Indianapolis, Ind., 1901.	67
24	Grover Cleveland	N. J.	English	1837	N. Y.	1893	56	4	Democrat	.....	.....
25	William McKinley	Ohio.	Scotch-Irish	1843	Ohio.	1897	54	4y. 5 m. 10d.	Republican	Buffalo, N. Y., 1901	58
26	Theodore Roosevelt	N. Y.	Dutch	1858	N. Y.	1901	43	*	Republican	.....	.....

*At the end of the term beginning March 4, 1905, Pres. Roosevelt will have served 7 yrs. 6 mos. and 20 days.

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	NAME.	BIRTH.		Resident when elected.	Year qual-ified.	Years served.	Poli-tics.	DEATH.		
		Place.	Year.					Place.	Year.	Age.
1	John Adams	Quincy, Mass.....	1735	Massachusetts.	1789	8	Fed..	Quincy, Mass.....	1826	91
2	Thomas Jefferson	Shadwell, Va.....	1743	Virginia.....	1797	4	Rep..	Monticello, Va.....	1826	83
3	Aaron Burr	Newark, N. J.....	1756	New York.....	1801	4	Rep..	Staten Island, N. Y.....	1836	80
4	George Clinton	Ulster Co., N. Y.....	1739	New York.....	1805	7 y., 1 m., 16d *	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1812	73
5	Elbridge Gerry.....	Marblehead, Mass.....	1744	Massachusetts.	1813	1 y., 9 m., 19 d *	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1814	70
6	Daniel D. Tompkins.....	Scarsdale, N. Y.....	1774	New York.....	1817	8	Rep..	Staten Island, N. Y.....	1825	51
7	John C. Calhoun	Abbeville, S. C.....	1782	South Carolina	1825	7 y., 7 m., 24 d †	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1850	68
8	Martin Van Buren.....	Kinderhook, N. Y.....	1782	New York.....	1833	4	Dem..	Kinderhook, N. Y.....	1862	80
9	Rich. M. Johnson.....	Louisville, Ky.....	1760	Kentucky.....	1837	4	Dem..	Frankfort, Ky.....	1850	70
10	John Tyler.....	Greenway, Va.....	1790	Virginia.....	1841	1 month ‡	Dem..	Richmond, Va.....	1862	72
11	George M. Dallas.....	Philadelphia, Pa.....	1792	Pennsylvania..	1845	4	Dem..	Philadelphia, Pa.....	1864	72
12	Millard Fillmore.....	Summer Hill, N. Y.....	1800	New York.....	1849	1 y., 4 m., 4 d †	Whig.	Buffalo, N. Y.....	1874	74
13	William R. King.....	Sampson Co., N. C.....	1785	Alabama.....	1853	1 m., 14 d *	Dem..	Dallas County, Ala... ..	1853	67
14	J. C. Breckenridge	Lexington, Ky.....	1821	Kentucky.....	1857	4	Dem..	Lexington, Ky.....	1875	54
15	Hanibal Hamlin.....	Paris, Me.....	1809	Maine.....	1841	4	Rep..	Bangor, Me.....	1891	82
16	Andrew Johnson.....	Raleigh, N. C.....	1808	Tennessee.....	1865.	1 m., 11 d †	Rep..	Carter County, Tenn.....	1875	67
17	Schuyler Colfax.....	New York City.....	1823	Indiana.....	1869	4	Rep..	Mankato, Minn.....	1885	62
18	Henry Wilson.....	Farmington, N. H.....	1812	Massachusetts.	1873	2 y., 8 m., 18 d *	Rep..	Washington, D. C.....	1875	63
19	Wm. A. Wheeler.....	Malone, N. Y.....	1819	New York.....	1877	4	Rep..	Malone, N. Y.....	1897	68
20	Chester A. Arthur.....	Fairfield, Vt.....	1830	New York.....	1881	6 m., 15 d †	Rep..	New York City.....	1886	56
21	T. A. Hendricks.....	Muskingum Co., O.....	1819	Indiana.....	1855	8 m., 21 d *	Dem..	Indianapolis, Ind.....	1885	66
22	Levi P. Morton.....	Shoreham, Vt.....	1824	New York.....	1889	4	Rep..	.....	.....	.....
23	Adlai E. Stevenson.....	Christian Co., Kentucky	1835	Illinois.....	1893	4	Dem..	.....	.....	.....
24	Garret A. Hobart.....	New Jersey.....	1814	New Jersey.....	1897	2 y., 8 m., 17 d *	Rep..	Patterson, N. J.....	1899	85
25	Theodore Roosevelt.....	New York City.....	1858	New York.....	1901	5 m., 10 d †	Rep..	.....	.....	.....

*Died in office. † Resigned. ‡ Succeeded to the presidency because of the death of the incumbent of that office.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

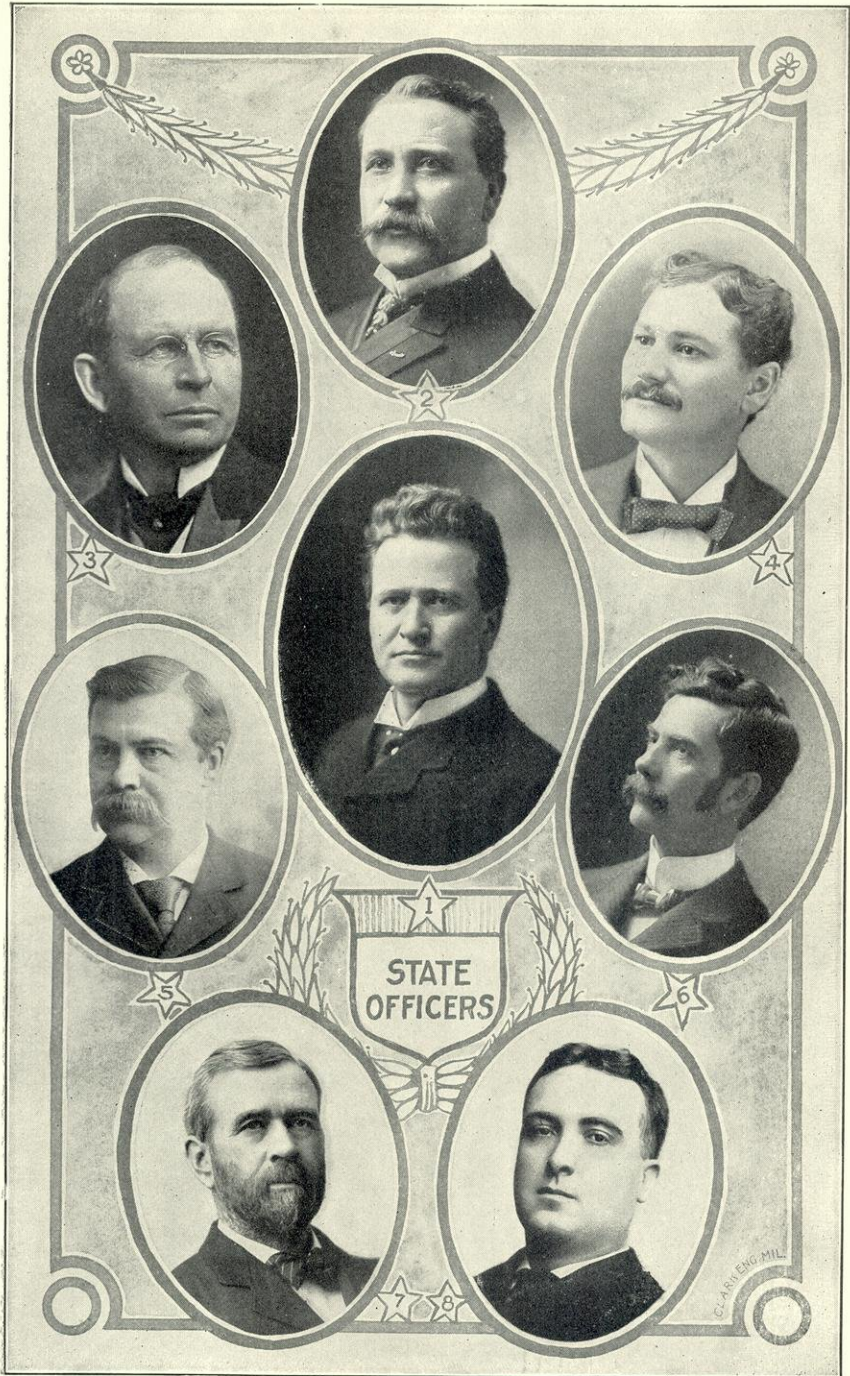
Office.	Name.	Residence.	Salary.
Governor	Robert M. La Follette	Madison	\$5,000
Lieutenant Governor	James O. Davidson	Soldiers Grove	1,000
Secretary of State	Walter L. Houser	Mondovi	5,000
Treasurer	John J. Kempf	Milwaukee	5,000
Attorney General	L. M. Sturdevant	Neillsville	3,000
Supt. Public Instruction	C. P. Cary	Delavan	5,000
Railroad Commissioner	John W. Thomas	Chippewa Falls	3,000
Insurance Commissioner	Zeno M. Hest	Milwaukee	3,000

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Governor	R. M. La Follette	Madison	Wisconsin.
Lieutenant Governor	J. O. Davidson	Soldiers Grove	Norway.
Private Secretary	John J. Hannan	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
Executive Clerk	Victor E. Rogers	Madison	Iowa.
Stenographer	Jennie Nelson	Madison	Wisconsin.
Messenger	Nellie Dunn	Madison	Wisconsin.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Secretary of State	Walter L. Houser	Madison	Pennsylvania.
Asst. Secretary of State	Frederick M. Minor	Eau Claire	Massachusetts.
Chief Clerk	Chas. K. Lush	La Crosse	Wisconsin.
Incorporation Clerk	Samuel T. Walker	Rhineland	Wisconsin.
Filing Clerk	James Mac Kenzie	Portage	Wisconsin.
Chief Bookkeeper	Jacob H. Healey	Neeah	Wisconsin.
Assistant Bookkeeper	John Thomas Lee	Madison	England.
Assistant Bookkeeper	Don Sherman	Hillsboro	Wisconsin.
Recording Clerk	George H. Short	Lake Geneva	Wisconsin.
Registration Clerk	A. J. Cobban	Rhineland	Canada.
Notarial Clerk	Timothy Murphy	Menomonic	Pennsylvania.
Warrant Clerk	Helen E. Sherwin	Eau Claire	Pennsylvania.
Shipping Clerk	H. M. Howitt	Pewaukee	Wisconsin.
Printing Clerk	George S. Post	Madison	Wisconsin.
Assistant Printing Clerk	Albert Anderson	North Valley	Wisconsin.
Statistical Clerk	W. H. Comesford	Superior	Wisconsin.
Vault Clerk	Joseph R. Edwards	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
Extra Clerk	Anna Kolb	Superior	Wisconsin.
Extra Clerk	John Lorigan	Necedah	Pennsylvania.
Stenographer	Laura Dorothy Dunn	Oshkosh	Wisconsin.



3 WALTER L. HOUSER,
Secretary of State.

2 JAMES O. DAVIDSON,
Lieut. Governor.

4 JOHN J. KEMPF,
State Treasurer.

5 C. P. CARY,
State Superintendent.

1 ROBERT M. LAFOLETTE,
Governor.

6 L. M. STURDEVANT,
Attorney General.

7 JOHN W. THOMAS,
Railroad Commissioner.

8 ZENO M. HOST,
Insurance Commissioner.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
State Treasurer	John J. Kempf	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Asst State Treasurer	Walter S. Denning ..	Milwaukee.....	Pennsylvania.
Bookkeeper	Arthur Pugh.....	Racine	Wisconsin.
Bookkeeper	Adolph H. Wagner ..	Milwaukee.....	Germany.
Corresponding Clerk.....	Henry Madigan.....	Burlington.....	Wisconsin.
Deposit Clerk	T. P. Lea.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Mailing Clerk	Louis P. Rupp.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Commercial Clerk.....	Chester Wilcox.....	De Pere.....	New York.
Stenographer	Ella J. Kempf.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Night Watch	Harry E. Wulffing ...	Viroqua.....	Wisconsin.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Attorney General.....	Lafayette M. Sturdevant	Neillsville	Pennsylvania.
Asst. Attorney General....	Walter D. Corrigan....	Plainfield.....	Wisconsin.
2d Asst. Attorney General	Frank T. Tucker.....	Neillsville.....	Michigan.
Law Examiner.....	Albert C. Titus.....	Superior.....	New York.
Clerk.....	Cavin A. Steadman.....	Berlin.....	Wisconsin.
Stenographer.....	Almeda E. Sturdevant..	Neillsville.....	Wisconsin.
Messenger	Fanny G. Clemons.....	Madison.....	New York.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
State Superintendent	C. P. Cary.....	Delavan	Ohio.
Assistant Superintendent	J. B. Borden.....	Marshfield.....	Wisconsin.
High School Inspector....	F. E. Doty.....	Sparta	Wisconsin.
Library Clerk	Maud Barnett.....	Milwaukee.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk.....	Chas. L. Harper.....	Lancaster	Virginia.
Inspector of Deaf School.	Anna L. Schaffer.....	Chippewa Falls ...	Pennsylvania
State School Inspector....	Geo. H. Drewry.....	Waldo	Wisconsin.
State School Inspector....	Walter H. Hunt.....	Kingston.....	Wisconsin.
Index and Filing Clerk...	Winona Merrick.....	Madison.....	New York.
Mailing Clerk.....	Caroline Greig.....	Madison.....	Scotland.
Stenographer.....	Mary Messerschmidt	Madison.....	Wisconsin.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Railroad Commissioner..	John W. Thomas....	Chippewa Falls ..	Wales.
Deputy Commissioner ...	John Winterbotham.	Madison.....	Iowa

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner	Zeno M. Host	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
Deputy Commissioner	Wm. G. End	Sheboygan	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk	W. L. Essmann	Milwaukee	Indiana.
Actuary	J. L. Neddersen	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
Clerk	F. H. Bryant	Bloomington	Wisconsin.
Clerk	Wm. H. Glenz	Madison	Germany.
Examiner	Paul D. Gurlee	Madison	Wisconsin.
Filing Clerk	Mrs. M. L. Monteith	Madison	Wisconsin.
M. and M. Clerk	Anna E. Chrystal	Whitewater	Wisconsin.
Stenographer	May Fauerbach	Madison	Wisconsin.

RAILROAD COMMISSION OF WISCONSIN.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner	Halford Erickson	Superior	Sweden.
Commissioner	B. H. Meyer	Madison	Wisconsin.
Commissioner	John Barnes	Rhineland	Wisconsin.
Secretary .....	.....	.....	.....
Stenographer .....	.....	.....	.....
Clerk .....	.....	.....	.....
Clerk .....	.....	.....	.....

BUREAU OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner	J. D. Beck	Cashton	Wisconsin.
Deputy Commissioner	Walter Draw	Madison	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk	W. O. Pietzsch	Baraboo	Germany.
Clerk	William J. Hagenah	Madison	Wisconsin.
Clerk .....	.....	.....	.....
Clerk and Stenographer	Nora Thomas	Madison	Wisconsin.
Factory Inspector	J. E. Vallier	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector	J. A. Brittan	Beloit	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector	J. H. Harbeck	Appleton	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector	Edessa Kunz	Poynette	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector	A. L. Kaems	Sheboygan	Wisconsin.
Asst. Factory Inspector	Aug. Lehnhoff	La Crosse	Missouri.
Asst. Factory Inspector .....	.....	.....	.....
Asst. Factory Inspector	H. P. Peterson	Superior	Norway.
Supt. Mil. F. Em. Office	Wm. A. Bahr	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
Supt. Sup. F. E. Office	J. C. Stewart	Superior	Canada.
Supt. La C. F. E. Office	T. A. McMullen	La Crosse	New York.
Supt. Osh. F. E. Office	Henry Schreiber	Oshkosh	Wisconsin.
Bakery Inspector	L. F. Kutler	Appleton	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Commissioners—Walter L. Houser, Secretary of State; John J. Kempf, State Treasurer; L. M. Sturdevant, Attorney General.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Chief Clerk.....	B. J. Castle.....	Madison.....	Ireland.
Asst. Chief Clerk.....	G. M. Hotschick....	Milwaukee.....	Germany.
Bookkeeper.....	Wm. H. Bennett....	Mineral Point....	Wisconsin.
General Clerk.....	Mathias Lampert....	Oshkosh.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk and Stenographer.	Hattie Milhaupt....	New Holstein.....	Wisconsin.

STATE BANKING DEPARTMENT.

Position.	Name,	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner.....	Marcus C. Bergh....	Viroqua.....	Wisconsin.
Deputy Commissioner...	W. H. Richards....	Black River Falls.	Wisconsin.
Bank Examiner.....	A. E. Kuolt.....	Milwaukee.....	New York.
Bank Examiner.....	Thaddeus Wild....	Milwaukee.....	Poland.
Bank Examiner.....	Milo C. Hagan....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Charles L. Brown....	Spring Green.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk and Stenographer.	Ida J. Davidson....	Soldiers Grove....	Wisconsin.
Messenger.....	Thos. J. Davies....	Madison.....	Wales, G. B.

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSIONER.

Position.	Name.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Commissioner.....	J. Q. Emery.....	Albion.....	Ohio.
Assistant Commissioner..	U. S. Baer.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk and Stenographer..	A. T. Torge.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Chemist.....	Richard Fischer....	Madison.....	Minnesota.
Assistant Chemist.....	A. E. Kundert.....	Monroe.....	Wisconsin.
Food Inspector.....	F. M. Buzzell.....	Chippewa Falls...	
Creamery Inspector.....	J. G. Moore.....	Albion.....	Pennsylvania.
Food Inspector.....	F. E. Carswell.....	Lone Rock.....	Wisconsin.

EMPLOYES IN OFFICE OF STATE BOARD OF CONTROL.

Position.	Name.	Residence.	Nativity.
Secretary.....	M. J. Tappins.....	Dodgeville.....	Wisconsin.
Chief Clerk.....	M. E. McCaffry....	Monroe.....	Wisconsin.
Asst. Chief Clerk.....	T. J. Palmer.....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.
Clerk.....	Arne C. Lerum.....	Madison.....	Norway.
Stenographer.....	Fannie R. Dunn....	Madison.....	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY

Name.	Position.	Legal Residence.
Gen. Geo. E. Bryant.....	Superintendent	Blooming Grove.
C. C. Bennett	Ass't Superintendent	South Wayne.
Levi M. Bressee	Chief Clerk	Milwaukee.
L. L. Ketchum	Chief Engineer.....	Milwaukee.
Joseph Ennis.....	Ass't Engineer	Madison.
Anton Lawrence	Ass't Engineer	Madison.
James Priest	State Carpenter	Reedsburg.
Charles Guss'nan	1st Ass't Carpenter	Madison.
S. H. Runnells.....	2d Ass't Carpenter	Coloma Station.
Jerry Sweeney	Fireman	Madison.
Edward Harrington.....	Fireman	Milwaukee.
Charley Beyler	Fireman	Madison.
Arthur M. Glidden.....	Electrician	Sun Prairie.
William A. Henwood	State Painter	Madison.
Tolleff O. Homme	Ass't Painter.....	Stoughton.
Merritt Ketchum.....	Plumber	Madison.
Michael Kurz.....	Shipping Clerk.....	Madison.
Geo. I. Bancroft.....	Police	Richland Center.
Matt Ford	Police	Madison.
Matt Lavin	Police	Madison.
Frank Higgins	Police	Darlington.
Robert Lafferty	Police	Milwaukee.
W. H. Cobb	Police	Pardeeville.
S. T. Dodge	Police	Benton.
Wm. J. McIntosh.....	Police	Lodi.
J. B. McCoy.....	.....	Prarie du Sac.
Nathaniel A. Crampton	Night Watchman	Madison.
John Lyons	Night Watchman	Madison.
James Rasmussen.....	Elevator Operator	Oconto.
Charles Olson	Janitor	Madison.
M. J. Rawson.....	Janitor	Whitewater.
C. F. Taylor	Janitor	Boscobel.
K. W. Jensen	Janitor	Racine.
William Disch	Janitor	Milwaukee.
Ole O. Elverkrug.....	Janitor	Rutland.
Frank L. Vale	Janitor	Platt-ville.
C. C. Howard	Janitor	Magnolia.
C. H. Wanamaker.....	Janitor	Platteville.
Even Ecken	Janitor	Trempealeau.
R. M. Qualey	Janitor	Madison.
William Miller	Janitor	Milwaukee.
Lars T. Bakken	Cuspidor Cleaner	Madison.
John Schermerhorn.....	Laborer	Madison.
C. J. Hilstead	Laborer	Blue Mounds.
J. D. Gilbert	Laborer	Blooming Grove.
Erick Anderson	Laborer .....	.....
Louis Lapine.....	Laborer	Green Bay.
John Reidy	Laborer	Madison.
Alex Vonex	Laborer .....	.....
John Mahlm	Laborer	Marinette.
Frank Prosser	Laborer	Colby.
Edward Jenkins.....	Laborer	Fitchburg.
George Coulter.....	Laborer	Ortonville.
Andrew Peterson.....	Laborer	Madison.
Richard Comeford.....	Laborer	Madison.
Mary DiKinsco.....	Scrubwoman	Madison.
Mary Wric.....	Scrubwoman	Madison.
Mary Roberts	Scrubwoman	Madison.
Amelia Warpell	Scrubwoman	Madison.
Bertha Hagebacker.....	Scrubwoman	Madison.

STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS AND AGENTS.

NOT GIVEN ELSEWHERE.

TAX COMMISSIONERS.

Name.	Position.	Legal Residence.
Norman S. Gilson	Commissioner.....	Fond du Lac.
George Curtis, Jr.....	First Assistant.....	Merrill.....
Nils P. Haugen.....	Second Assistant.....	River Falls.

EMPLOYES IN OFFICE OF TAX COMMISSION.

George H. Francis.....	Secretary.....	Milwaukee.
Elisabeth M. Barnes.....	Clerk.....	Eau Claire.
Anna W. Evans.....	Clerk.....	Madison.
Edmund J. Brabant.....	Clerk.....	Madison.

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF ASSESSMENT.

Name.	Position.	Legal Residence.
Norman S. Gilson.....	Com. of Taxation; Chairman..	Fond du Lac.
George Curtis, Jr.....	First Assistant.....	Merrill.
Nils P. Haugen.....	Second Assistant.....	River Falls.
Geo. H. Francis.....	Secretary.....	Milwaukee.

EMPLOYES OF THE BOARD.

Prof. Wm. D. Taylor.....	Engineer.....	Madison.
Prof. T. S. Adams.....	Special Assistant.....	Madison.
L. A. Anderson.....	Statistician.....	Mt. Horeb.
H. B. Brandt.....	Assistant Inspector.....	Mauston.
Bertha D. Moritz.....	Stenographer.....	Madison.

The State Board of Assessment as now constituted for the assessment of the general property of the State was created by Chap. 237, Laws of 1901, which provides that "The commissioner of taxation, the first assistant commissioner of taxation, and the second assistant commissioner of taxation shall constitute a state board of assessment," prescribes the duties of such board and repeals Sec. 1069 of the Statutes of 1898, creating the state board of assessment as formerly constituted.

Chapter 35, Laws of 1903, provides that the commissioners of taxation shall be the state board of assessment for the taxation of express, sleeping car, freight line and equipment companies pursuant to the provisions of chapters 111, 112, 113 and 114 of the laws of 1899.

Chapter 315, Laws of 1903, provides that "The commissioner of taxation, the first assistant commissioner of taxation and the second assistant commissioner of taxation shall be ex-officio a state board of assessment and as such shall make an annual assessment of the property of all railroad companies within this state for the purpose of levying and collecting taxes thereon" as in said chapter provided.

Following are the assessments of the general property of the State for the years 1903 and 1904, respectively, as made by said board:

STATE ASSESSMENT OF 1903.

County.	Real Estate.	Personal Property.	All Property.
Adams	3,747,258	\$1,089,402	\$4,836,660
Ashland	6,859,647	4,134,945	10,994,592
Barron	6,124,252	3,745,850	9,870,102
Bayfield	9,040,263	3,294,556	12,334,819
Brown	21,988,554	7,481,416	29,469,970
Buffalo	7,818,981	3,054,438	10,873,419
Burnett	1,606,478	732,667	2,339,145
Calumet	12,095,074	3,534,020	15,629,094
Chippewa	10,140,171	6,629,438	16,769,609
Clark	11,726,730	4,351,500	16,138,230
Columbia	23,153,721	7,363,696	30,617,417
Crawford	5,231,814	2,805,322	8,037,136
Dane	60,785,027	18,648,243	79,433,270
Dodge	43,337,744	10,159,438	53,497,182
Door	5,058,349	2,329,581	7,387,930
Douglas	22,571,847	3,975,268	26,547,115
Dunn	8,999,493	3,889,985	12,889,478
Eau Claire	11,008,211	5,777,689	16,785,900
Florence	1,731,853	334,353	2,066,206
Fond du Lac	34,451,253	11,965,427	46,416,680
Forest	3,166,850	220,185	3,387,035
Gates	3,463,310	855,480	4,298,790
Grant	25,423,736	8,629,116	34,052,852
Green	21,369,647	7,653,932	28,963,579
Green Lake	11,884,747	3,209,476	15,094,223
Iowa	16,411,395	5,609,144	22,020,539
Iron	3,711,022	1,265,700	4,976,722
Jackson	6,190,321	2,182,732	8,373,053
Jefferson	30,891,729	9,597,923	40,489,652
Juneau	8,371,995	2,940,468	11,321,463
Kenosha	16,999,846	6,318,756	23,318,602
Kewaunee	7,119,756	2,971,369	10,091,125
La Crosse	22,880,220	10,465,468	33,345,688
Lafayette	17,668,283	6,065,496	23,733,779
Langlade	4,982,888	1,891,519	6,874,407
Lincoln	5,705,010	2,415,991	8,120,911
Manitowoc	26,265,423	8,323,543	34,589,966
Marathon	14,229,875	5,493,943	19,717,818
Marinette	11,492,810	4,349,861	15,842,671
Marquette	4,400,987	1,627,919	6,028,906
Milwaukee	293,233,404	98,199,152	391,432,556
Monroe	11,928,371	4,308,846	16,237,217
Oconto	7,444,972	3,174,889	10,619,861
Oneida	5,455,811	1,632,999	7,088,810
Outagamie	27,411,059	9,048,360	36,459,419
Ozaukee	12,871,399	3,173,318	16,044,717
Pepin	2,683,858	1,193,378	3,877,236
Pierce	9,851,452	3,579,214	13,430,666
Polk	6,555,905	2,748,359	9,304,264
Portage	10,465,464	3,696,704	14,162,168
Price	3,561,986	1,478,958	5,040,944
Racine	30,966,952	9,927,264	40,894,216
Richland	9,056,202	3,729,724	12,785,926
Rock	41,869,642	15,225,628	57,095,270
St. Croix	11,139,268	4,957,066	16,096,334
Sauk	19,190,670	6,858,402	26,049,072
Sawyer	2,215,844	775,678	2,991,522
Shawano	8,725,439	2,735,654	11,461,093
Sheboygan	36,034,217	10,205,964	46,240,181
Taylor	4,736,652	1,627,286	6,363,938
Trempealeau	9,776,238	4,112,227	13,888,465
Vernon	11,660,847	5,389,606	17,050,453
Vilas	4,055,633	794,039	4,849,672
Walworth	33,059,912	8,681,923	41,741,835
Washburn	2,132,807	774,780	2,907,587
Washington	20,101,174	4,992,398	25,093,572
Waukesha	34,600,709	8,158,984	42,759,693
Waupaca	13,437,847	4,955,284	18,393,131
Waushara	7,262,257	2,337,762	9,600,019
Winnebago	37,873,359	13,954,231	51,827,590
Wood	9,841,534	3,922,289	13,763,823
Total	99,504,464	\$443,667,536	\$1,753,172,000
	\$1.3		

STATE ASSESSMENT OF 1904.

County.	Real Estate.	Personal Property.	All Property.
Adams	\$3,334,061	\$989,766	\$4,323,827
Ashland	7,243,341	4,604,683	11,848,024
Barron	8,368,545	3,125,228	11,493,773
Bayfield	10,192,120	2,985,376	13,177,496
Brown	25,190,717	8,754,111	33,944,828
Buffalo	8,881,309	2,744,254	11,625,563
Burnett	2,047,453	736,540	2,783,998
Calumet	13,779,254	3,419,191	17,198,445
Chippewa	11,078,776	5,454,038	16,532,814
Clark	14,439,668	3,892,356	18,332,024
Clark	25,372,322	6,794,804	32,167,126
Columbia	6,257,169	2,606,425	8,863,594
Crawford	66,732,906	17,285,907	84,018,813
Dane	47,737,298	9,587,823	27,355,121
Dodge	6,111,322	2,372,633	8,483,955
Door	21,971,801	4,121,198	26,092,999
Douglas	10,923,465	3,374,403	14,297,868
Dunn	12,734,003	5,445,142	18,179,145
Eau Claire	1,960,524	297,961	2,258,485
Florence	38,308,872	10,426,029	48,734,901
Fond du Lac	3,727,760	264,395	3,992,155
Forest	4,105,713	815,408	4,921,121
Gates	29,931,798	9,121,858	39,053,656
Grant	23,145,903	6,463,774	29,609,677
Green	12,744,986	3,143,747	15,888,733
Green Lake	20,844,165	5,749,358	26,593,523
Iowa	3,537,228	873,278	4,410,506
Iron	6,704,126	2,392,042	9,096,168
Jackson	34,180,029	8,451,517	42,631,546
Jefferson	9,386,015	2,711,266	12,097,281
Juneau	17,909,370	5,822,956	23,732,326
Kenosha	8,040,776	2,824,788	10,865,564
Kewaunee	22,392,272	9,015,911	31,408,183
La Crosse	18,995,100	5,745,427	24,740,527
Lafayette	6,208,513	1,963,572	8,172,085
Langlade	5,994,010	2,974,675	8,968,685
Lincoln	29,936,320	8,121,156	38,057,476
Maitowoc	18,376,932	6,585,321	24,962,253
Marathon	11,937,239	5,193,618	17,130,848
Marinette	4,320,900	1,516,974	5,837,874
Marquette	296,755,351	93,005,766	389,801,117
Milwaukee	13,016,867	4,601,921	17,618,788
Monroe	9,070,173	3,382,028	12,452,201
Oconto	4,499,245	1,690,983	6,190,228
Oneida	30,744,053	8,382,058	39,126,111
Ozaukee	13,551,191	2,815,764	16,366,955
Pepin	3,220,613	1,110,151	4,330,744
Pierce	10,583,893	3,437,882	14,021,775
Polk	7,767,185	2,412,269	10,179,454
Portage	12,027,431	3,651,535	15,678,966
Price	4,281,699	1,417,075	5,698,774
Racine	63,040,204	9,509,608	42,549,812
Richland	9,734,723	3,541,069	13,275,792
Rock	47,626,856	13,176,456	60,803,312
St. Croix	12,881,730	4,538,414	17,440,144
Sauk	22,123,156	6,627,536	28,750,692
Sawyer	2,729,615	513,164	3,242,779
Shawano	10,286,986	3,467,919	13,754,102
Sheboygan	36,003,176	9,900,262	46,503,438
Taylor	5,539,323	1,617,919	7,177,242
Trempealeau	10,829,701	3,816,718	14,646,419
Vernon	13,939,547	4,702,373	18,641,920
Vilas	4,297,059	1,023,189	5,320,248
Walworth	31,554,200	7,477,116	42,030,300
Washburn	2,921,731	551,302	3,473,033
Washington	21,542,588	4,448,605	25,991,193
Washington	37,133,193	6,441,934	43,625,127
Waukesha	15,401,475	4,949,618	20,351,093
Waupaca	8,171,292	2,464,341	10,635,633
Waushara	41,298,209	12,837,145	54,135,354
Winnebago	11,282,893	3,914,765	15,197,658
Wood			
Total	\$1,422,621,485	\$420,219,515	\$1,842,841,000

Following is a list of the several express, sleeping car, freight line, and equipment companies doing business in Wisconsin, showing the actual value of the property of each company subject to assessment and taxation in this state for the year 1904 as ascertained and determined by said board, and the amount of tax levied by the board upon the property of each company for said year.

	Valuation.	Tax.
<i>Express Companies:</i>		
The Adams Express Co.....	\$51,387 47	\$622 21
The American Express Co.....	512,096 15	5,858 56
The Northern Pacific Express Co.....	7,323 24	86 07
The United States Express Co.....	203,357 92	2,326 49
The Western Express Co.....	10,139 56	116 00
	\$787,504 34	\$9,009 33
<i>Sleeping Car Companies:</i>		
The Pullman Co.....	\$310,811 07	\$3,555 79
<i>Freight Line Companies:</i>		
American Fast Freight Line Co.....	\$2,834 10	\$32 42
American Refrigerator Transit Co.....	454 85	5 20
Cudahy Packing Co.....	140 51	1 61
Merchants' Despatch Transportation Co.....	10,296 59	117 80
Union Refrigerator Transit Co.....	892 83	10 21
	\$14,618 88	\$167 24
<i>Equipment Companies.</i>		
Armour Car Lines.....	\$14,964 28	\$171 20
Arms Palace Horse Car Co.....	4,890 90	55 95
Chicago, New York & Boston Refrigerator Co.....	2,071 81	23 70
Cold Blast Transportation Co.....	1,020 82	11 67
Cudahy-Milwaukee Refrigerator Line.....	18,076 80	206 80
Live Poultry Transportation Co.....	202 40	2 32
National Car Line Co.....	81 55	93
National Car Co.....	1,641 71	18 78
Provision Dealers' Despatch.....	62 64	72
St. Louis Refrigerator Car Co. (Anheuser-Busch series)...	317 12	3 63
St. Louis Refrigerator Car Co. (Lemp series).....	36 70	42
Street's Western Stable Car Co.....	12,326 83	141 02
Swift Refrigerator Transportation Co.....	8,378 11	95 85
Union Tank Line Co.....	94,951 63	1,086 28
	\$159,023 30	\$1,819 27
RECAPITULATION.		
Express Companies.....	\$787,504 34	\$9,009 33
Sleeping Car Companies.....	310,811 07	3,555 79
Freight Line Companies.....	14,618 88	167 24
Equipment Companies.....	159,023 30	1,819 27
Total, all companies.....	\$1,271,957 59	\$14,551 63

Following is the final assessment of the property of all railroad companies within this State as made by said Board for the year 1904, with the tax rate and amount of taxes levied, amount of license fees paid by the several railroad companies during said year 1904, the balance of taxes payable after deducting amount of such license fees from the amount of taxes levied, and the balance to be refunded in cases where the license fee paid was in excess of the tax levied.

VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTIES OF ALL
RAILROADS IN WISCONSIN FOR THE YEAR 1904,

And taxes levied thereon for said year by the state board of assessment.

Name of Railway Company.	Valuation.	Tax at \$114403568.	License fee in 1904.	Balance or amount of tax payable.	Balance to be refunded.
Chicago & N. W. Ry. Co.....	\$71,500,000	\$817,985 51	\$628,753 85	\$189,231 66	.....
Chicago, B. & Q. R. R. Co....	8,900,000	101,819 17	91,238 24	10,580 93	.....
Winona Bridge Ry. Co.....	150,000	1,716 05	285 24	1,4 0 81	.....
Chi., Milw. & St. P. Ry. Co.	70,200,000	803,113 05	605,251 51	197,861 54	.....
Chi., St. P., M. & O. Ry. Co	23,250,000	265,988 30	203,902 41	56,085 89	.....
Dul., S. S. & Atlantic Ry. Co.	1,350,000	15,444 48	11,720 88	3,723 60	.....
Great North. Ry. Co. (Lessee Eastern Ry. Co. of Minn.)..	3,350,000	38,325 20	40,509 66	.....	\$2,183 86
Dul., Sup. & West. Term. Co.	650,000	7,436 23	9,262 85	.....	1,806 62
Greer Bay & West. R. R. Co.	1,650,000	18,876 59	20,193 34	.....	1,316 75
Iola & Northern R. R. Co.....	7,500	85 80	44 49	41 31	.....
Kew., G. B. & W. R. R. Co.	350,000	4,004 12	4,397 06	.....	392 94
Illinois Central R. R. Co....	1,075,000	12,298 38	456 55	11,841 83	.....
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M. Ry. Co	8,200,000	93,810 92	68,426 87	25,384 05	.....
Northern Pacific Ry. Co.....	3,250,000	37,181 16	26,638 04	10,543 12	.....
Wisconsin Central Ry. Co....	21,350,000	244,251 62	223,168 14	21,083 48	.....
Abbotsford & N. E. R. R. Co	74,000	846 58	187 08	659 50	.....
Ahnapee & Western Ry. Co..	170,000	1,944 86	384 07	1,560 79	.....
Bayf., Har. & G. W. R. R. Co	10,500	120 12	49 30	185 23	.....
Bayfield Transfer Ry. Co....	10,000	114 41	.....	57 20	.....
Bayfield, Sup. & Minn. Ry. Co	5,000	57 20	.....	.....	.....
Big Falls Ry. Co.	20,000	228 81	105 00	123 81	.....
Chicago & Lake Sup. Ry. Co.	4,500	51 48	15 00	36 48	.....
Chi., L. S. & East. Ry. Co....	350,000	4,004 13	2,904 03	1,100 10	.....
Chippewa Riv. & No. Ry. Co.	35,500	406 13	120 00	286 13	.....
Chippewa Val. & No. Ry. Co.	22,000	251 69	48 35	203 34	.....
Drummond & S. W. Ry. Co..	55,000	629 22	125 70	503 52	.....
Dunbar & Wausaukee Ry. Co.	40,500	463 33	224 05	239 28	.....
Fairchild & N. E. Ry. Co..	97,500	1,115 43	165 00	950 43	.....
Glenwood & Northern Ry. Co.	19,000	217 36	70 03	147 36	.....
Hawth., Neb. & Sup. Ry. Co.	70,000	800 82	319 00	481 82	.....
Hazelhurst & S. E. Ry. Co...	24,500	280 29	99 30	180 99	.....
Hillsboro & N. Ry. Co.....	6,900	78 94	78 00	91	.....
Wm. Holmes & Son Ry. Co..	75,000	858 02	120 00	738 02	.....
Lake Sup. T. & T. Ry. Co....	315,000	3,603 71	81 65	3,522 06	.....
Laona & Northern Ry. Co...	20,000	228 81	.....	228 81	.....
Marathon County Ry. Co....	28,000	320 33	.....	320 33	.....
Marquette, Tom. & W. Ry. Co.	145,500	1,664 57	237 39	1,427 18	.....
Mattoon Ry. Co.....	55,000	629 22	146 80	482 42	.....
Mpls., St. P. & Ashland Ry. Co.	115,000	1,315 64	230 40	1,085 24	.....
Northwestern Coal Ry. Co....	75,000	858 02	750 50	104 46	.....
Oshkosh Transportation Co..	64,000	732 18	381 66	350 52	.....
Robbins Railroad Co.....	44,000	503 37	105 00	398 37	.....
Stan., Mer. & Phillips Ry. Co.	75,000	858 02	205 00	653 02	.....
Tony & Northeastern Ry. Co.	6,000	68 64	.....	68 64	.....
Whitcomb & Morris Ry. Co..	10,000	114 40	30 00	84 40	.....
Wisconsin & Michigan Ry. Co	150,000	1,716 05	700 45	1,015 60	.....
Wisconsin & Western Ry. Co.	600,000	6,861 21	256 25	6,607 96	.....
Total	\$218,024,900	\$2,494,282 57	\$1,948,340 57	\$551,642 17	\$5,700 17

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

	Term expires.
THE GOVERNOR, ex-officio, Madison.	
CALVERT SPENSLEY, President, Mineral Point	April 1, 1908.
JAMES J. HOGAN, Vice President, La Crosse	April 1, 1907.
EDWARD A. BIRGE, Secretary, Madison	ex-officio member.
HENRY D. SMITH, Appleton	April 1, 1905.
JABE ALFORD, Madison	April 1, 1905.
WILLIAM J. STARR, Eau Claire	April 1, 1904.
CURRIE G. BELL, Bayfield	April 1, 1904.
JAMES NEVINS, Superintendent	Madison.

The Commissioners of Fisheries were established as a board in 1874, originally consisting of three members. The number was increased to seven in 1878—six appointed by the governor and the governor ex-officio. In 1895, the professor of zoology of the State University was made an ex-officio member of the board.

The Commission maintains four hatcheries, one near Madison for hatching trout of different kinds; one at Bayfield for hatching the several varieties of trout and Whitefish; one at Oshkosh for hatching pike, whitefish and lake trout; and one near Minocqua, at the outlet of the Arbor Vitae lakes, for propagating muskellunge and black bass.

The work of the Commission is supported by annual appropriations amounting to \$30,000.

The Commission is provided with a car fitted expressly for the collection, transportation and distribution of fish, which greatly facilitates this part of its work. This car traveled within the state 14,834 miles in 1903, and 21,178 miles in 1904, collecting and distributing fish for public waters.

SUMMARY OF DISTRIBUTION OF FISH, 1903-1904.

	1903.	1904.
Brook trout fry	1,512,000	2,090,000
Rainbow trout fry	1,050,000	2,283,750
Lake trout fry	16,168,000	20,462,000
Wall-eyed pike fry	46,170,000	37,825,000
Black bass fry	318,000	432,000
Black bass fingerlings		117,900
Whitefish fry	37,500,000	20,375,000
Muskellunge fry	100,000	50,000
Pickereel, impregnated eggs	2,089,000	
Pickereel fingerlings		2,000
Miscellaneous distributions	200,125	100,200
Total distribution	104,898,625	83,837,850

The rapid increase in the fishing industries of the state renders the work of the Commission of constantly increasing importance. The distribution of whitefish and lake trout to the waters of Lakes Superior, Michigan and Green Bay has largely augmented the "catch" in those waters.

The inland fisheries are becoming more valuable each year. It is impossible to state their exact worth or approximate it with any degree of accuracy. Their value lies not alone in the amount of food product, but to a greater extent in the fact that they are a drawing attraction to the summer tourists who come into the state and lavishly spend their money while here. Excellent fishing also induces the summer resorters of Wisconsin to stay within the boundaries

STATE GOVERNMENT.

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of the state in their search for recreation. The amount of money left within our borders on this account must extend into the hundreds of thousands of dollars annually, and is constantly increasing.

Persons desiring fry for stocking public waters will receive all requisite information as to the conditions and methods of obtaining them by applying to the superintendent of hatcheries, Mr. Jas. Nevin, at Madison, Wis.

AGENT HUMANE SOCIETY.

JOHN S. HARVEYOconto

PORTAGE LEVEE COMMISSION.

J. G. STANDENMEYERPortage
W. C. GAULTPortage
H. BELLINGHAUSPortage

ILLUMINATING OILS COMMISSION.

B. V. SWENSONMadison
B. W. SNOWMadison
C. F. BURGESSMadison

ANDERSONVILLE PRISON COMMITTEE.

C. H. RUSSELL LANSING WILLIAMS D. G. JAMES

STATE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

SAMUEL SPARLINGMadisonTerm expires. June 21, 1907
THOMAS J. CUNNINGHAMChippewa FallsJune 21, 1909
OTTO GAFFRONPlymouthJune 21, 1911

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Name. Residence. Term expires.
F. C. SUITER, M. D., La Crosse1st Monday in February, 1905
Q. O. SUTHERLAND, M. D., Janesville1st Monday in February, 1907
I. E. SPENCER, M. D., Wausau1st Monday in February, 1908
C. A. HARPER, M. D., Madison1st Monday in February, 1909
HASSO A. MEILIKE, M. D., Clintonville.....1st Monday in February, 1910
WM. F. WHYTE, M. D., Watertown1st Monday in February, 1911
WM. F. WHYTE, M. D., WatertownPresident
C. A. HARPER, M. D., MadisonSecretary

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ADMISSION TO THE BAR.

Name.	Residence.	Term expires.
S. N. DICKINSON, Superior	2nd Tuesday in August, 1905
L. J. NASH, Manitowoc	2nd Tuesday in August, 1906
A. A. JACKSON, Janesville	2nd Tuesday in August, 1907
T. W. SPENCE, Milwaukee	2nd Tuesday in August, 1908
L. J. RUSK, Chippewa Falls	2nd Tuesday in August, 1909

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

S. N. DICKINSON	.....	President
L. J. NASH	.....	Vice President
L. J. RUSK	.....	Secretary

STATE LAW LIBRARY.

JOHN B. CASSODAY	.....	Chief Justice Supreme Court
JOHN B. WINSLOW	.....	Justice Supreme Court
ROUJET D. MARSHALL	.....	Justice Supreme Court
JOSHUA E. DODGE	.....	Justice Supreme Court
ROBERT G. SIEBECKER	.....	Justice Supreme Court
JAMES C. KERWIN	.....	Justice Supreme Court
L. M. STURDEVANT	.....	Attorney General

JOHN R. BERRYMAN, Librarian	.....	Madison
WILLIAM H. ORVIS, Messenger	.....	Madison
J. H. VAN WAGENEN, Janitor	.....	Madison

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

	Term expires.
J. J. WRIGHT, D. D. S., Secretary, Milwaukee	..... May 1, 1906
C. S. McINDOE, D. D. S., Rhinelander	..... May 1, 1908
F. A. TATE, D. D. S., Rice Lake	..... May 1, 1909
C. C. CHITTEDNEN, D. D. S., President, Madison	..... May 1, 1910

The State Board of Dental Examiners was organized under chapter 129, laws of 1885. The Board is appointed by the governor. The expenses of the Board are paid out of fees received.

The Board meets annually on the third Tuesday in July, at the place selected for meeting of Wisconsin State Dental Society, which place of meeting is selected by the society.

STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Name.	Residence.	Term expires.
J. R. CURRENS, President, Two Rivers	July, 1905
FILIP A. FORSBECK, Secretary, Milwaukee	July, 1905
J. V. STEVENS, Jefferson	July, 1905
A. W. JORRIS, Ia Crosse	July, 1905
W. T. SARLES, Sparta	July, 1907
L. F. BENNETT, Beloit	July, 1907
A. P. ANDRUS, Ashland	July, 1907
F. P. KLAHR, Horicon	July, 1907

TUBERCULOSIS COMMISSION.

HENRY L. RUSSELL	Madison
MICHAEL RAVN	Marinette
GUSTAV SCHMIDT	Milwaukee

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

Name.	Postoffice address.	Term expires.
D. A. TAYLOR,	Stevens Point	1906
J. G. RUENZEL,	Milwaukee	1907
H. A. PETERS,	Oconomowoc	1908
O. J. S. BOBERG,	Eau Claire.....	1909

OFFICERS.

D. A. TAYLOR,	Stevens Point	President
A. F. MENGES,	Madison	Secretary and Treasurer

The State Board of Pharmacy was established by chapter 167, of the laws of 1882, amended in 1885, 1887, 1895, 1897 and 1901. The Board consists of five members, one of whom is appointed annually by the governor for a term of five years. The Board, however, elects its own officers. Members receive five dollars per day for actual service, the secretary receiving no per diem, but a salary fixed by the Board. All expenses are paid from the receipts of examination and renewal fees from the druggists of the state.

The law provides that it shall be the duty of the Board to examine all applicants for registration; to grant certificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same under the provisions of this act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report annually to the governor and to the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Association upon the condition of pharmacy in the state, which report shall also furnish a record of the proceedings for the year, as well as the names and addresses of all pharmacists registered under this act.

The Board holds meetings for examinations of applicants and such other business as pertains to its duties, at least once in two months.

None but registered pharmacists can conduct a pharmacy or drugstore. They must be the principals and managers of the store in all of its management, neither can they allow any one, not registered, to sell poisons or medicines, or dispense physicians' prescriptions except under direct supervision.

The Board grants two kinds of certificates by examination. Registered pharmacists must attain a standing of sixty per cent. in each of the several examinations and the general average cannot fall below seventy-five per cent. Registered assistant pharmacists must attain a standing of forty-five per cent. in each of the several examinations and the general average cannot fall below sixty per cent. All applications must be made out in regular form on blanks furnished by the secretary, accompanied with sworn affidavits of employers, covering time of service under them, together with a fee of \$5.00.

All registered pharmacists are required to pay a fee of \$1.00 per year for registration, and registered assistant pharmacists, 50c.

There are in Wisconsin 1,690 registered pharmacists and 447 registered assistant pharmacists.

The total expenses of the Board for the fiscal year were \$3,506.18, which amount is paid from its own treasury, as no funds are drawn from the state. All fines and forfeitures are paid to the state.

WISCONSIN GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY.

COMMISSIONERS.

ROBERT M. LA FOLLETTEGovernor of the State.
 CHARLES, P. CARY State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
 CHARLES R. VAN HISEPresident of the State University.
 CALVERT SPENSLEYPresident of the Commissioners of Fisheries.
 JOHN J. DAVIS...President, Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters.

OFFICERS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

C. R. VAN HISE President.
 C. P. CARY Vice President.
 J. J. DAVIS Secretary

STAFF OF THE SURVEY.

E. A. BIRGE, Ph. D., Sc. D.Director and Superintendent.
 SAMUEL WEIDMAN, Ph. D. Geologist, Geology of Central Wisconsin.
 U. S. GRANT, Ph. D. ...Geologist in charge of survey of lead and zinc district.
 N. M. FENNEMAN, Ph. D.Physical Geography of the Lake District.
 HEINRICH RIES, Ph. D.In charge of report on Clays.
 T. C. CHAMBERLAIN, Ph. D., LL. D..Consulting Geologist, Pleistocene Geology.

The Geological and Natural History Survey was constituted by chapter 297, laws of 1897. The Survey was charged with the following duties:

(1) The completion of the geological survey of the state. (2) A study of the soils of the state. (3) A study of the plants, and especially the forests. (4) A study of the animal life of the state, with especial reference to the fish. (5) Preparation and account of the physical geography and natural history of the state. (6) The completion of the topographic map of the state.

The publications of the Survey are entitled bulletins and are issued in four series. The bulletins are numbered consecutively and each is independent.

A. Economic Bulletins, which deal with the natural resources of the state:

*Forestry Conditions of Northern Wisconsin, by F. Roth. Pp. 78; 1 map. Building and Ornamental Stones of Wisconsin, by E. R. Buckley. Pp. 544; 69 plates, of which 7 are colored, and 1 map. Copper-Bearing Rocks of Douglas County, Wisconsin (second edition), by U. S. Grant. Pp. 83, 13 plates, 6 of which are maps. The Clays and Clay Industries of Wisconsin. Part I, by E. R. Buckley. Pp. 304; 55 plates. *The Lead and Zinc Deposits of Southwestern Wisconsin, by U. S. Grant. Pp. 103; 2 plates. Highway Construction in Wisconsin, by E. R. Buckley. Pp. 339; 106 plates. The Soils and Agricultural Conditions of North Central Wisconsin, by S. Weidman. Pp. 67; 10 plates. The Baraboo Iron Bearing District, by S. Weidman. Pp. 190; 23 plates.

B. Scientific Bulletins, whose contents are of scientific rather than of economic importance. Of these three have been published: Instincts and Habits of the Solitary Wasps, by George W. Peckham and Elizabeth G. Peckham. Pp. 245; 14 plates, of which two are colored. A Contribution to the Geology of the Pre-Cambrian Igneous Rocks of the Fox River Valley, Wisconsin, by Samuel Weidman. Pp. 63; 10 plates. The Plankton of Lake Winnebago and Green Lake, by C. Dwight Marsh. Pp. 94; 6 plates.

C. Educational Bulletins. This series is designed especially for use in the schools. The Geography of the Region About Devil's Lake and the Dalles of the Wisconsin, by R. D. Salisbury and W. W. Atwood. Pp. 151; 38 plates and 47 figures. *The Lakes of Southeastern Wisconsin, by N. M. Fenneman. Pp. 175; 36 plates, 38 figures in the text.

*Out of print.

D. Administrative Bulletins. Four of these have appeared addressed to the legislatures of 1899, 1901, 1903 and 1905. They contain no matter of scientific interest, being entirely devoted to administrative details.

Hydrographic Maps of the following lakes have been prepared, chiefly under the direction of L. S. Smith: No. 1, Lake Geneva; No. 2, The Oconomowoc-Waukesha Lakes; No. 3, Lake Beulah; No. 4, Elkhart Lake; No. 5, The Chain of Lakes, Waupaca; No. 6, Delavan and Lauderdale Lakes; No. 7, Green Lake; No. 8, Lake Mendota; No. 9, Big Cedar Lake; No. 10, Lake Monona.

The following bulletins are now nearly ready for the press and will be issued during the present year: The Lead and Zinc Deposits of Southwestern Wisconsin, by U. S. Grant; The Clays of Wisconsin, by Heinrich Ries.

STATE BARBER'S BOARD.

AXEL DONHAU, Superior	Term expires.
HENRY HEINE, Reedsburg	July 1, 1905
M. H. WHITAKER, Janesville	July 1, 1906

COMMISSION TO REMODEL CAPITOL.

J. B. WINSLOW	Madison
R. D. MARSHALL	Madison
H. W. CHYNOWETH	Madison
J. A. VAN CLEVVD	Marinette
EDWARD REYNOLDS	Milwaukee
O. H. INGRAM	Eau Claire

STATE TREASURY AGENT.

ELI PEDERSON	Belleville
JAS. RASSMUSSEN, Assistant	Oconto

STATE PENSION AGENT.

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL	Madison
C. H. RUSSELL, Chief Clerk	Berlin
J. M. WILLIAMS, Clerk	Belleville

STATE FISH AND GAME WARDEN.

HENRY OVERBECK	Sturgeon Bay
CHAS. NELSON (Deputy)	Madison

STATE VETERINARIAN.

EVAN D. ROBERTS	Janesville
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STATE OIL INSPECTOR.

EDWARD E. MILLS Burlington

STATE BOARD OF ARBITRATION AND CONCILIATION.

R. E. EDWARDS Oshkosh
 GEORGE E. WILLOTT Madison
 ANGUS McMILLAN Milwaukee

LUMBER INSPECTORS.

W. H. TILTON, District No. 2 La Crosse
 W. E. FAY, District No. 4 Shell Lake
 D. L. MCKAY, District No. 6 Chippewa Falls
 JAMES R. MCKENZIE, District No. 9 Alma
 GEO. H. BARTLETT, District No. 10 Wausau
 W. S. WIGGINS, District No. 11 Ashland
 TIMOTHY ATKINSON, District No. 13 West Superior
 H. C. GROUT, District No. 14 Merrill
 JACOB JOHNSON, District No. 16 Tomahawk
 D. H. VAUGHN, District No. 17 Rhinelander

LEGISLATIVE VISITING COMMITTEE.

E. E. STEVENS, B. S. POTTER,
 HENRY JOHNSON.

SHILOH BATTLE-FIELD COMMISSIONERS.

ROCKWELL E. OSBORNE, DAVID G. JAMES, F. H. MAGDEBURG,
 D. LLOYD JONES, J. W. BALDOCK.

COMMISSIONERS OF INTER-STATE PARK.

PHIL. H. PERKINS, H. D. BAKER,
 J. SEERY.

WISCONSIN VICKSBURG NATIONAL PARK COMMISSION.

GEN. GEO. E. BRYANT Madison
 HON. WM. F. VILAS Madison
 A. G. WISSERT Milwaukee

INSPECTOR OF APIARIES.

N. E. FRANCE, Platteville Term expires.
 May 28, 1907

OTHER BOARDS, COMMISSIONS, AND MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

The following associations and societies are not under the control of the state government, but are given here as a matter of information and reference. Some of them are encouraged by annual appropriations from the state, while the transactions of some of the associations are published by the state. The State Historical Society is the corporate trustee of the state, holding all of its property in the name of the state; the governor, secretary of state, and state treasurer are *ex-officio* members of its managing board; and disbursements from its annual state appropriation are, according to law, audited by the secretary of state. It is thus essentially a state board.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN.

WILLIAM W. WIGHT, Milwaukee President.
 REUBEN G. THWAITES, Madison Secretary and Supt.
 LUCIEN S. HANKS, Madison Treasurer.
 ISAAC S. BRADLEY, Madison Librarian and Asst. Supt.
 MINNIE M. OAKLEY, Madison Assistant Librarian
 Emma A. Hawley, Annie A. Nunns, Mary S. Foster, Iva A. Welsh, Clarence S. Hean, Eve Parkinson, Louise P. Kellogg, Anna Jacobsen, Leora E. Mabbett, Edna C. Adams, Daisy G. Beecroft, Elizabeth B. Mills, Martha E. Moles, and Asa Currier Tilton, Library Assistants.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin was originally organized by members of the territorial legislature, in October, 1846, with A. Hyatt Smith as president, and Thomas W. Sutherland as secretary. January 30, 1849, there was a reorganization, with Gov. Nelson Dewey as president, a list of vice-presidents covering all the counties of the state, and Increase A. Lapham as secretary. But for various reasons the society did not prosper during its earlier years, and a second reorganization, with a new constitution, was effected under an act of legislature approved March 4, 1853. This charter the society still works under, and since the annual meeting on the first Thursday in January, 1854, the growth of its influence and importance has been steady and rapid. At this meeting, Lyman C. Draper, then of Philadelphia, was chosen secretary. With conspicuous ability, he served the society for thirty-three years, until the annual meeting of January 6, 1887, when he declined re-election; he was then in his 72d year, and desirous of devoting his remaining days (he died August 26, 1891) to completing some individual literary work which he had long had in hand. At this annual meeting of January 6, 1887, Reuben G. Thwaites, who for two years previous had been the assistant secretary, succeeded Dr. Draper as the executive officer of the society, and the editor of its publications; later he was also chosen superintendent of the several activities of the society. Daniel S. Durrie became identified with the society in 1856, as librarian, remaining constantly in service until his death, August 31, 1892. He was succeeded by Isaac S. Bradley, who had been assistant librarian since April, 1875; he was, later, made also assistant superintendent.

When Secretary Draper took direction of the society's fortunes, its library consisted of but fifty volumes and pamphlets; there was neither museum nor art gallery, and the institution was quartered in a corner of the secretary of state's office. Today the society is domiciled in the State Historical Library Building,

which cost the state \$675,000, and is one of the most beautiful library and museum buildings in the United States.

The society maintains an important museum of ethnology, archaeology, and history, and an historical portrait gallery, in which are displayed oil portraits of over 300 distinguished Wisconsin pioneers and Indian chiefs. Its collection of relics of the War of Secession is large and interesting. About 65,000 persons visit the museum and portrait gallery annually, while the now famous library attracts scholars and specialists from all parts of the union.

The library accessions number some 10,000 titles per year. At present the shelves contain about 275,000 titles, covering every department of American history, as well as taking a general sweep of English and continental history, and political development. The library is also particularly strong in genealogy, bound newspaper files, Shakspeariana, and sets of the periodicals indexed in "Poole." It has a notable collection of works by Wisconsin authors. Its collection of bound manuscripts numbers over 600 stout folio volumes, covering the frontier history of the Mississippi basin; and in Western and Southern history generally, no other library approaches this. It is of particular value as an aid to the students of the State University, who daily throng the reading rooms and deem the ample facilities for original research there given them, as one of the most important advantages of student life at the capital. The excellent and well-administered library of the State University—which purchases books in fields not covered by the society's library—also occupies rooms in the society's building; and in return for this hospitality the State University regents share certain expenses of maintenance.

The State Historical Society is a flourishing institution, ranking third in importance among American historical societies, and certainly it is the most important west of the Alleghanies; indeed, it is recognized by experts as in some respects the most active and enterprising of them all. It has done and is doing a splendid work for Wisconsin—indeed for the entire West—by resurrecting and perpetuating the records of our development in its volumes of Wisconsin Historical Collections, seventeen in number, which contain practically all the materials now obtainable for the varied and romantic history of our commonwealth; by collecting and keeping abreast of the times, a library of Americana, which as to size and scope has but two rivals in this country, Harvard College and New York State Library, and they on the Atlantic slope; and by maintaining a museum and portrait gallery which are of growing interest and educational value to the citizens of the state. The several publications of the society take high rank among men of letters everywhere, and are eagerly sought for by students of American history.

The society receives an annual appropriation of \$20,000, on condition that the sum shall be expended for the purposes of the society, and that the society shall hold all its present and future collections and property for the state, and shall not sell, mortgage, or dispose of, or remove its collections from the Historical Library Building without authority from the legislature; provided, that duplicates may be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the society. In addition to this annual appropriation, the officers of the society have collected, after twenty-four years of persistent efforts, by means of individual bequests, donations and membership dues, a binding fund of some \$27,000. An antiquarian fund, now consisting of \$6,000, is to be devoted in due time to original historical investigation, or the purchase of rare manuscripts or other historical relics within the limits of the state. The Draper fund consisting of some \$9,000 worth of property, willed to the society by Dr. Draper, has been established; its income will be devoted to calendaring and publishing the Draper collection of early western manuscripts. Other special funds, particularly one for the purchase of accessions for the museum, are immediate needs. A special fund of \$4,600 for the purchase either of works of art for the museum or books on art for the library, was given to the society by the late Mrs. Mary M. Adams.

WISCONSIN BUTTERMAKERS ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS.

M. MICHELS, Garnet	President
R. C. GREEN, Albion	Vice President
E. C. DODGE, Lake Mills	Treasurer
J. G. MOORE, Madison	Secretary

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—O. B. Cornish, Ft. Atkinson; E. H. Farrington, Madison; A. L. Parman, Mazomanie.

The Wisconsin Buttermakers' Association was organized by a few Wisconsin makers present at the convention of the National Creamery Buttermakers' Association held Feb. 21, 1901, at St. Paul, Minn.

The first officers elected at that meeting were F. B. Fulmer Ettrick, President; J. Van Duser, Hebron, Vice President; M. Michels, Garnet, Treasurer; De Witt Goodrich, Ft. Atkinson, Secretary. Its first convention was held in the Assembly chamber at the Capitol, Madison, in January, 1902. Its conventions have been uniformly successful in bringing the buttermakers and others interested in the dairy business together for their mutual benefit. At its last convention held in Fond du Lac Feb. 21-23, it had nearly 400 members.

On December 27, 1902, the association was organized without capital stock and its objects as set forth in its articles of incorporation are the education of its members for a better practical knowledge of creamery operation, promoting progress in the art of buttermaking, in the care and management of creameries, the sale, transportation and storage of butter, and in the weeding out of incompetency in the business of buttermaking; the further object of the incorporation is to demand a thorough revision and rigid enforcement of such laws as will protect the manufacture and sale of pure dairy products against fraudulent imitations, and to suggest and encourage the enactment of such laws in the future as experience from time to time demonstrate to be necessary for the public good of the dairy industry.

WISCONSIN ASSOCIATION OF TOWN INSURANCE OFFICERS.

W. A. McEWAN, Milton	President
C. F. KENNEY, Cedarburg	Treasurer
JOHN STOCKMAN, Milton Jct.	Secretary

THE WISCONSIN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, ARTS, AND LETTERS.

PRESIDENT—JOHN J. DAVIS	Racine
VICE-PRESIDENTS:	
CHARLES H. CHANDLER	Ripon
HENRY E. REGLER	Madison
D. P. NICHOLSON	Appleton
SECRETARY—ERNEST B. SKINNER	Madison
TREASURER—ROLLIN H. DENNISTON	Madison
LIBRARIAN—WALTER M. SMITH	Madison
CURATOR—CHARLES E. BROWN	Milwaukee

PUBLICATION COMMITTEE—The President and the Secretary, *ex-officio*, A. S. Flint.

LIBRARY COMMITTEE—The Librarian, *ex-officio*, C. Dwight Marsh, George W. Peckham, Hiram D. Densmore, R. G. Thwaites.

COMMITTEE ON MEMBERSHIP—The Secretary, *ex-officio*, R. H. Halsey, E. C. Case, W. J. Starr, Louis Kahlenberg.

The council is composed of the President, Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Treasurer, Librarian and Past Presidents retaining their residence in Wisconsin. The object of the Academy is the promotion of Sciences, Arts and Letters in Wisconsin.

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

OFFICERS.

GEORGE MCKERROW, Pewaukee	President
GEORGE G. COX, Mineral Point	Vice-President
JOHN M. TRUE, Baraboo	Secretary
JOHN J. KEMPF, Madison (<i>ex-officio</i>)	Treasurer

MEMBERS OF BOARD.

	Term expires.
GEORGE WYLIE—At Large, Morrisonville	Jan. 1, 1907
GRANT U. FISHER—At Large, Janesville	Jan. 1, 1906
C. H. EVERETT—1st District, Racine	Jan. 1, 1907
GEORGE KLEIN—2d District, Fort Atkinson.....	Jan. 1, 1907
GEO G. COX—3d District, Mineral Point	Jan. 1, 1907
W. H. J. KIECKHEFER—4th District, Milwaukee.....	Jan. 1, 1907
GEORGE MCKERROW—5th District, Pewaukee.....	Jan. 1, 1906
C. W. HARVEY—6th District, Beaver Dam.....	Jan. 1, 1907
JOHN L. HERBST—7th District, Sparta	Jan. 1, 1903
JAS. J. NELSON—8th District, Amherst	Jan. 1, 1906
C. G. WILCOX—9th District, De Pere.....	Jan. 1, 1906
----- 10th District	
L. E. SCOTT—11th District, Stanley	

The Wisconsin State Board of Agriculture was created by an act of the legislature of 1897. It is composed of one member from each Congressional District, and two from the state at large.

Members are appointed by the Governor for a term of three years, four members retiring annually, and not more than two-thirds of the members can, at time of appointment, be of same political party.

The Secretary cannot be a member of the board, and the State Treasurer is *ex-officio* Treasurer.

Members of the board serve without compensation, but are allowed their expenses while in the performance of their official duties.

The board has control of the State Fair Grounds, located near the growing village of West Allis. These grounds contain one hundred and forty acres of land admirably adapted to the work for which they are used. The recent fairs held under the auspices of the board have been well patronized by exhibitors and the general public, and financial results have been very satisfactory.

The board publishes an annual report, containing the proceedings of the body, the award of premiums at fair, an itemized statement of receipts and expenses, addresses and discussions presented at its annual agricultural convention, and the crop and live stock statistics for the current year.

Its room is No. 303, on third floor of south wing of Capitol.

WISCONSIN FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

Wisconsin is the birthplace of Farmers' Institutes. It was the first state to establish them by law. The first Farmers' Institute ever held under state auspices was at Hudson, St. Croix county, November 24 and 25, 1885. Since then, including all for the present year, 1,795 Institutes have been held in this state, under state auspices, and in addition thereto one hundred eleven cooking schools, at which the best methods of healthy and economical cooking are taught, have been held. In the early years of the work the Institutes were held usually at county seats and the work of imparting information was done by a corps of four to six or eight of the most skilled and successful farmers of the state, each talking upon his own topic. Of late years it has become the policy to

hold the Institutes chiefly in the districts remote from railroads and leading centers, taking them into the farming districts, right to the homes of the farmers desirous of the information they disseminate. They are now usually conducted by three or four skilled farmers, assisted by the best skilled farmers of the immediate vicinity. Five corps of these Institute workers are employed and as many Institutes are in progress during their season, each corps holding two Institutes a week.

In the early years of the work from thirty-two to eighty-one Institutes were held in the state each winter. The number has been increased until it reached 126 in 1899. The usual number now is 100 or more winter and twelve summer Institutes in the northern counties where farmers are engaged in lumbering in winter, and one cooking school for farmers' wives. For many years no record was kept of the attendance of farmers, but of late years a pretty accurate record is kept and it has been found that over 50,000 persons in the aggregate have attended the Institutes in each of the last eleven years. A conservative estimate would be 35,000 a year the preceding eight years, when the meetings were at principal points, making a total of nearly 850,000 persons who have attended these Institutes.

Anything like an accurate estimate of the benefits derived by the people of the state from farmers' institutes is impossible. To say they have been chiefly instrumental in enhancing the value of the farms of the state and increasing the production thereof many millions of dollars would be no exaggeration. The railroads in the state have long claimed that shipments of farm products have been largely increased in the years following the holding of Institutes along their lines.

In 1897 the Russian government sent a commission to this country to learn the best methods of educating the people in agricultural pursuits. The commission pronounced the Wisconsin system of farmers' institutes the best method it had seen.

The regular state appropriation for the support of farmers' institutes is \$12,000 a year. At the closing meeting of each season all of the institute instructors, with the best authorities to be obtained from other states and Canada, are brought together, and a three days' meeting is held. These meetings provide material for the institute bulletin, of which 60,000 are printed each year. These bulletins are sought for and sent to farmers in all parts of this country and in many foreign countries. Skilled farmers everywhere pronounce them the best agricultural text books obtainable. In nearly all of the other states, systems of farmers' institutes have been established, patterned after the Wisconsin plan.

The Wisconsin Farmers' Institute system is the outgrowth of a talk given by the late Hon. Hiram Smith, of Sheboygan Falls, to farmers at a county fair at Manitowoc in October, 1884. Hon. C. E. Estabrook, now a resident of Milwaukee, then of Manitowoc, heard the address and was forcibly impressed with its repleteness of practicability and comprehensiveness. Mr. Estabrook had served in the legislature several sessions and was elected a member of it again that year. As a result of his study of the talk by Mr. Smith he drew a bill which became a law in 1885, establishing the Wisconsin Farmers' Institutes. It originally appropriated \$5,000 a year for their support. In 1887 the appropriation was increased to \$12,000 a year. The law is known as section 1, chapter 9, laws of 1885.

The late William H. Morrison was secured as the first superintendent of Farmers' Institutes, beginning the service in 1885 and continuing until his death in 1893. George McKerrow, of Pewaukee, Waukesha county, was chosen by the Board of University Regents to succeed him, and under his able management the institutes have continued to grow in popularity and usefulness. From their inception the institutes were popular with farmers everywhere who readily comprehended their importance, and the demand for them has always been much greater than could be filled.

The law establishing Farmers' Institutes in Wisconsin, as amended in 1887, is as follows:

Section 1. The Board of Regents of the State University is hereby authorized to hold institutes for the instruction of citizens of this state in the various

branches of agriculture. Such institutes shall be held at such times, and at such places as said board may direct. The said board shall make such rules and regulations as it may deem proper for organizing and conducting such institutes, and may employ an agent or agents to perform such work in connection therewith as they deem best. The course of instruction at such institutes shall be so arranged as to present to those in attendance the results of the most recent investigations in theoretical and practical agriculture.

Section 2. For the purposes mentioned in the preceding section, the said board may use such sum as it may deem proper, not exceeding the sum of twelve thousand dollars in any one year, from the general fund, and such amount is hereby annually appropriated for that purpose.

WISCONSIN AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES, 1904.

PRESIDENT—A. L. STONE Madison
 VICE PRESIDENT—LEWIS M. HATCH Oakfield
 SECRETARY—R. A. MOORE Madison
 TREASURER—P. A. DUKLETH R. D. 40, Mukwonago

COMMITTEES.

Program and Officers of the Association.

EXECUTIVE:

L. P. MARTINY North Freedom
 H. A. DONALDSON Eau Claire
 R. H. POSTON Oconomowoc
 H. J. RENK Sun Prairie
 E. E. JONES Rockland
 S. S. MUTCH Jewett

CO-OPERATIVE—Farm Crops R. A. MOORE

EXPERIMENTS:

Chemistry F. W. WOLL
 Dairying E. H. FARRINGTON
 Agricultural Physics A. R. WHITSON
 Animal Husbandry G. C. HUMPHREY

OBJECT OF THE ASSOCIATION.

The object of this association shall be to promote the agricultural interests of the state.

1st. By carrying on experiments and investigations that shall be beneficial to all parties interested in progressive farming;

2d. To form a more perfect union between the former and present students of the Wisconsin College of Agriculture, so as to enable them to act in unison for the betterment of rural pursuits in carrying on systematic experiments along the various lines of agriculture;

3d. By growing and disseminating among its constituency new varieties of farm seeds and plants;

4th. By sending literature bearing upon agricultural investigations to its membership, and

5th. By holding an annual meeting in order to report and discuss topics and experiments beneficial to the members of the association and those interested in progressive farming.

The Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Association was organized February 22, 1901, and now has a membership of six hundred.

The Legislature by the enactment of Chapter 157, laws of 1903, provided for an annual appropriation and the printing of the reports of the Association.

WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

CHARLES L. HILL, Rosendale President
 G. W. BURCHARD, Fort Atkinson Secretary
 H. K. LOOMIS, Sheboygan Falls Treasurer
 EXECUTIVE BOARD.—A. D. DeLand, Sheboygan; Stephen Favill, Madison; W. D. Hoard, Ft. Atkinson; H. C. Adams, Madison; W. A. Henry, Madison; C. H. Everett, Racine; H. C. Taylor, Orfordville; C. P. Goodrich, Fort Atkinson; J. Q. Emery, Albion.

The Wisconsin Dairymen's Association was organized February 15, 1872, in Watertown. Then there were less than forty cheese factories in the state struggling for an existence. Now there are close to 2,000, all prosperous. Then there was not a creamery in the state making butter, and few private dairies. Now there are over 1,000 creameries and thousands of private dairies making the choicest butter. Then the yearly milk, butter and cheese product of the state would not exceed \$1,000,000 in value. Now it is worth fully \$50,000,000. At that time Wisconsin was unknown to the world as a dairy state and its dairy products had no standing in the markets. Now it is known throughout the world as a great dairying state, and its butter and cheese command the best prices in the dairy markets of the world. Then there were possibly 30,000 ordinary cows in the state. Now there are a full million, many of them of the best dairy breeds. In 1872 the farms in the older counties of the state were regarded as worn out from constant wheat growing. The farms were heavily mortgaged and selling at about \$18 an acre. Now they are mostly free of debt and sell at from \$60 to \$100 an acre. The State Dairymen's Association may not be credited with all of this change for good, but it planted and nourished the tree of dairy inspiration and instruction without which such progress would not have been possible. The seven men who met in Watertown and organized that association were Chester Hazen, of Ladoga, Fond du Lac county, who, in 1864, built upon his farm the first cheese factory in Wisconsin; H. S. Dousman, of Waukesha county; Stephen and A. D. Favill of Lake Mills, H. C. Drake and Walter S. Greene of Milford, and W. D. Hoard of Fort Atkinson, Jefferson county. The first officers were: Mr. Hazen, president; Mr. Dousman, vice-president; Mr. Hoard, secretary, and Mr. Greene, treasurer.

The efforts of these men, and of others who joined them in a short time, found markets for Wisconsin butter and cheese, and taught the great mass of farmers how to improve the quality of their products. As early as 1876, Wisconsin cheese went to the Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia in competition with the world, and won first prize. At every other large exposition since, its butter and cheese have been on exhibition and have taken high rank. At the recent Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis, Wisconsin cheese was so far in the lead as to practically distance all competitors. Wisconsin has given to the world the Babcock milk tester, which with the Wisconsin Curd Test has revolutionized the dairy business of the world. It is sending the best skilled buttermakers and cheesemakers to all parts of the world to disseminate dairy knowledge. It is the home of the leading dairy paper in the world, the first secretary of the Dairymen's Association, its owner and editor, and Wisconsin has been and still is the guiding star of many other states whose farmers have learned from her the true gospel of the dairy business.

This association has been a prolific mother. It claims as its children the Farm Institutes, the Dairy School, the Dairy and Food Commissioner, the Cheesemakers' Association and the Buttermakers' Association. It rejoices in their prosperity and usefulness, being neither envious nor jealous. For many years it has had liberal appropriations from the state to assist in carrying on its works. It holds annual conventions; that for 1904 was at Platteville, and the one for 1905 at Wausau.

Wisconsin leads all the states of the union in the total number of cheese and butter factories. In the total volume of dairy products Wisconsin holds second place among the states, and has shown the greatest increase during the past decade.

According to the twelfth census, 25,246 farms derived 40 per cent. or more of their income from dairy products, and 156,136 farms report income from dairying.

WISCONSIN LIVE STOCK BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1904.

PRESIDENT—GEO. MCKERROW	Pewaukee
VICE-PRESIDENT—F. H. SCRIBNER	Rosendale
SECRETARY—L. P. MARTINY	North Freedom
TREASURER—CHARLES L. HILL	Rosendale

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

C. D. ROSA, Beloit	Representing Beef Cattle
J. W. MARTIN, Richland	Dual Purpose Cattle
H. C. TAYLOR, Orfordville	Dairy Cattle
H. A. BRIGGS, Elkhorn	Draft Horses
F. C. WARREN, Fox Lake	Light Horses
E. E. JONES, Rockland	Swine
S. H. MARSHALL, Madison	Sheep
E. G. ROBERTS, Fort Atkinson	Poultry

WISCONSIN GROWERS' AND DEALERS' TOBACCO ASSOCIATION.

J. M. ESTES, Stoughton	President
A. L. FISHER, Janesville	Secretary

WISCONSIN STATE CRANBERRY GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

CHARLES BRIERE, Grand Rapids, Wood Co.	President
S. N. WHITTLESEY, Cranmoor, Wood Co.	Vice-President
W. H. FITCH, Cranmoor, Wood Co.	Secretary
M. O. POTTER, Grand Rapids, Wood Co.	Treasurer
MEMBER OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—A. E. Bennett, Grand Rapids, Wood Co.	
Meetings, <i>second Tuesday of January.</i> Convention, <i>first Tuesday after the 12th of August.</i>	

WISCONSIN SHORT-HORN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

F. W. HARDING, Waukesha	President
H. B. DRAKE, Beaver Dam	1st Vice President
J. B. KISER, Oregon	2nd Vice President
C. D. ROSA, Beloit	Secretary-Treasurer
EXECUTIVE BOARD.—F. W. Harding, Chairman ex-officio; C. D. Rosa, Secretary ex-officio; H. B. Drake, ex-officio; J. B. Kiser, ex-officio.	

This association was organized the 4th of February, 1885, and at present it has a membership of eighty of the leading Shorthorn breeders of the state. Public sales are held each year at the Experimental Farm under the auspices of the association. For a number of years past the association has donated \$250.00 to the state Board of Agriculture for the purpose of increasing the premiums for Wisconsin cattle in the Shorthorn classes at the state fair. This policy has been an important factor in increasing the number of cattle of the Shorthorn breed shown at our state fair. At the fair of 1904 ten breeders from the state united to make one of the largest and best shows of cattle of any breed ever seen at the Wisconsin State Fair.

WESTERN GUERNSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1904.

PRESIDENT—W. NICHOLLS, Trempealeau, Wis.
 VICE-PRESIDENTS :
 F. S. GORTON Chicago, Ill.
 M. B. WOOD Mankato, Minn.
 C. W. WILCOX Des Moines, Iowa
 SECRETARY AND TREASURER—CHARLES L. HILL Rosendale, Wis.

MEMBERS OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

M. D. CUNNINGHAM Kansasville, Wis.
 FRED REITBROCK Milwaukee, Wis.

WISCONSIN SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS'
ASSOCIATION.

This association was organized at Whitewater in January, 1877, succeeding a State Wool Growers' Association formed at Oshkosh in 1864, of which Eli Etilson of Oshkosh was president and E. S. Hammond of Fond du Lac was secretary. At the 1877 meeting Seymour Brooks, of East Troy, was elected president; H. J. Wilkinson recording, and C. R. Gibbs, of Whitewater, corresponding secretary. The association attracted much attention for many years. With the decline of the Merino sheep industry since 1883 it became less potent and no meetings have been held since January, 1900. It is out of existence, and this item is prepared to briefly record and to preserve its history. Its last elected officers were:

J. N. CRAWFORD, Mukwonago..... President
 ANDREW KULL, Lake Geneva Vice-President
 H. J. WILKINSON, Whitewater Secretary
 C. R. GIBBS, Whitewater Corresponding Secretary
 W. H. HARDY, Genesee Treasurer

HOLSTEIN-FRIESIAN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION OF
WISCONSIN.

Organized at Oshkosh Feb. 11, and incorporated Feb. 15, 1892, for the purposes of "improving and promoting the breed of Holstein-Friesian cattle, and for promoting and securing the best results for the breeders and owners of such cattle, and thereby advancing the interests of the general public within the state of Wisconsin." Present officers:

J. RUST, North Greenfield President
 FRED. E. HARRIMAN, Appleton Secretary
 FRED. ZIEGLER, Apple Creek Treasurer

THE WISCONSIN JERSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

HON. E. R. HICKS, President Oshkosh
 F. H. SCRIBNER, Secretary Rosendale
 S. L. EMERY, Treasurer Albion

THE WISCONSIN SWINE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

The Wisconsin Swine Breeders' Association was organized Sept. 12, 1883. The Association holds regular annual meetings on the fair grounds during the state fair.

It pays a swine breeders' prize each year in the several classes at the state fair for the best boar pig bred by the exhibitor:

The present officers are:

GEO. WYLIE, Leeds	President
H. P. WEST, Elkhorn	Secretary
W. W. VAUGHN, Spring Prairie	Treasurer

WISCONSIN CLAY WORKERS' ASSOCIATION.

G. W. KENNEDY, President	Manitowoc
A. W. HILKER, Vice President	Racine
F. VOGHT, Secretary	Milwaukee
OSCAR ZIMBALL, Treasurer	Sheboygan

This association, organized early in 1901, is established expressly for educational purposes, the object being to assist in the development and utilization of the abundant clay resources of Wisconsin. It has a membership of about fifty of the prominent brick manufacturers of Wisconsin.

THE WISCONSIN AUXILIARY OF THE NATIONAL DAIRY UNION.

W. D. HOARD, Ft. Atkinson	President
JOHN W. DECKER, Madison	Secretary
A. C. VAN ELSTON, Muscoda	Treasurer

WISCONSIN CHEESE MAKERS' ASSOCIATION.

Organized March 23, 1893; incorporated Feb. 2, 1899.

OFFICERS.

E. L. ADERHOLD, President	Neenah, Wis.
M. MICHELS, Vice President	Garnet, Wis.
U. S. BAER, Secretary	Madison, Wis.
FRED MARTY, Treasurer	Monroe

DIRECTORS.

J. W. CROSS	Mauston
JOHN GROOTEMONT	Brillion

WISCONSIN BEEKEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.

N. E. FRANCE, Platteville	President
JACOB HOFFMAN, Monroe	Vice-President
GUS DITTMER, Augusta	Secretary
State Inspector of Apiaries.—N. E. France, Platteville.	

WISCONSIN STATE GRANGE.

(Organized Oct. 23, 1872.)

A. C. POWERS, Beloit	Worthy Master
S. C. CARR, Milton Junction	Worthy Lecturer
GEO. R. SCHAEFER, Appleton	Worthy Secretary
GEO. HARWOOD, Chippewa Falls	Worthy Treasurer
Executive Committee.—S. C. Carr, Milton Junction; S. H. Joiner, Janesville;	
H. R. Morgan, Pleasant Valley.	

SHORT COURSE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY
OF WISCONSIN.

W. S. GUILFORD, President	Racine
C. A. DUTTON, Vice-President	Trempealeau
E. E. JONES, Secretary	Rockland
R. B. SNYDER, Treasurer	Clinton Jct.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CHAS. NICHOLAUS	Troy Center
S. H. MARSHALL	Madison
J. A. TORMEY	Fennimore
A. J. MEYER	Oakwood
R. H. POSTON	Oconomowoc
C. L. HILL	Rosendale
ALLEN H. DIXON	Mondovi
JULIAN CHEROVSKY	Kewaunee
P. J. DRISSEN	Athens
J. W. STEVENSON	Rice Lake

SOCIETY OF VETERINARY GRADUATES.

OFFICERS.

R. S. HEER, President	Platteville
CHAS. SCHMITT, Vice-President	Dodgeville
S. BEATTIE, Secretary	Madison
CHAS. M. CRANE, Treasurer	Waukesha

CENSORS.

G. H. FAY	Oakfield
H. F. ECKERT	Markesan
J. W. BECKWITH	Shullsburg

WISCONSIN STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

OFFICERS.

† E. LOOPE, President	Eureka
GEO. J. KELLOGG, Vice-President	Lake Mills
F. CRANFIELD, Secretary	Madison
L. G. KELLOGG, Treasurer	Ripon
W. A. TOOLE, Cor. Secretary	Baraboo

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

T. E. LOOPE, Chairman	Ex-officio
F. CRANEFIELD	Ex-officio
GEO. J. KELLOGG	Ex-officio
L. G. KELLOGG	Ex-officio
W. J. MOYLE, 1st Dist.	Union Grove
S. H. MARSHALL, 2d Dist.	Madison
WM. TOOLE, 3d Dist.	Baraboo
ARTHUR WRIGHT, 4th Dist.	Milwaukee
F. W. HARLAND, 5th Dist.	Waukesha
GEO. C. HILL, 6th Dist.	Rosendale
J. J. MENN, 7th Dist.	Norwalk
W. P. BUSSEY, 8th Dist.	Omro
IRVING SMITH, 9th Dist.	Green Bay
A. L. KREUTZER, 10th Dist.	Wausau
C. L. RICHARDSON, 11th Dist.	Chippewa Falls

DEPARTMENT OF STATE FORESTRY.

COMMISSIONERS.

JOHN M. OLIN, President	Madison
T. J. CUNNINGHAM, Secretary	Chippewa Falls
The SECRETARY OF STATE, ex-officio	Madison
The ATTORNEY GENERAL, ex-officio	Madison
The STATE TREASURER, ex-officio	Madison
E. M. GRIFFITH, Supt. of Forestry	Madison

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE OF WISCONSIN.

OFFICERS.

PROF. A. W. BURR, Pres.	Beloit
O. W. CURRIER, D. D., 1st Vice-Pres.	Waukesha
REV. FATHER M. J. WARD, 2nd Vice Pres.	Beloit
A. W. KELLOGG, Secretary and Treas.	Milwaukee
REV. T. M. HARE, State Supt.	Milwaukee

THE WISCONSIN HEALTH PARK ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS.

HON. D. E. RIORDAN, President	Eagle River, Wis.
HON. R. C. THIELMAN, Vice-President	Tomahawk
A. J. OLSON, Secretary	Tomahawk, Wis.
C. E. MACOMBER, Treasurer.	

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

HON. R. C. THIELMAN	Three years
G. M. SHELDON	Three years
EDWARD EVENSON	Three years
C. E. MACOMBER	Two years
JAMES KELLY	Two years
A. J. OLSON	Two years
J. M. CLIFFORD, Madison	One year
HON. D. E. RIORDAN, Eagle River	One year
AMOS P. WILDER, Madison	One year
DR. WM. P. ROBERTS, Field Secretary,	114 4th Ave., Janesville, Wis.

(To whom all communications may be addressed.)

WISCONSIN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

President—FRANK E. NOYES	Marinette Eagle
Vice-Presidents:	
ED. MALONE	Waterford Post
J. G. PATTERSON	Cambridge News
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E. T. WHEELOCK	Milwaukee Sentinel
A. F. WARDEN	Waukesha Dispatch
J. F. HUGHES	Reeseville Review
GEO. A. MARKHAM	Independence News-Wave
MRS. S. H. STURTEVANT	Oshkosh Northwestern
EDWARD DECKER, JR.	Algoma Record
C. O. MARSH	Antigo Republican
C. R. MORSE	River Falls Journal
Secretary—FRED T. YATES	Washburn News and Itemizer
Treasurer—MRS. M. P. RINDLAUB	Platteville Witness
Executive Committee:	
R. W. CHEEVER	Clinton Herald
R. E. POWERS	Wausau Herald
EMIL BAENSCH	Manitowoc Post
F. E. ANDREWS	Bloomer Advance
ED. L. PEAT	Grantsburg Journal

STATE HISTORICAL LIBRARY BUILDING.

BOARD OF BUILDING COMMISSIONERS—(In order of appointment).

Appointed by State Historical Society.

*REUBEN G. THWAITES	Madison
GEORGE B. BURROWS	Madison
WILLIAM F. VILAS	Madison

Appointed by State University Regents.

*EDWARD A. BIRGE	Madison
ARTHUR J. PULS	Milwaukee
JAMES C. KERWIN	Neenah

Appointed by the Governor.

*JAMES H. STOUT	Menomonie
*FRANK L. FRASER	Lake Beulah
*LUCIEN S. HANKS	Madison

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

JAMES H. STOUT	President
LUCIEN H. HANKS	Vice-President
ISAAC S. BRADLEY	Secretary

Executive Committee—Indicated by *, above.

This board was created by chapter 298, Laws of Wisconsin for 1895, as amended by chaps. 237 and 293, Laws for 1897, and chap. 296, Laws of 1899. The building is now completed, occupying a plot of land 264 feet square, fronting the State University grounds in Madison, and deeding to the state for this purpose by the regents of the University. The building is administered by the State Historical Society of Wisconsin, as the trustee of the state. The building commissioners serve without salary, but receive necessary traveling expenses; their terms expire upon the completion of the building, which is still to

have its inner walls painted—a process deferred until the building is completely dry—and its also-deferred north wing constructed. For the latter, a further legislative appropriation will be required, as per understanding with the legislature of 1899.

WISCONSIN TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1905.

CHAS. MCLENEGAN, Milwaukee President
 KATHERINE WILLIAMS, Milwaukee Secretary
 C. W. RITTENBURG, Whitewater Treasurer
 VICE-PRESIDENTS—M. H. Jackson, Columbia; C. H. Nye, Lancaster; Anna Schaffer, Madison; H. F. Leverenz, Sheboygan.

MEMBERS OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—E. A. Birge, Madison; Karl Mathe, Wausau; B. B. Jackson, Superior; W. H. Shulz, Merrill; T. H. Boyce, Milwaukee.

This association was organized in 1853, and incorporated by legislative enactment in 1855. Its purpose is the mutual improvement of its members and the promotion of popular education throughout the state.

Since its organization this association has held forty-six annual, and since 1867, twenty-four semi-annual sessions. The annual sessions were held in July at a place determined upon by a committee of the association.

In 1889 the plan of holding two sessions was abandoned, and the time of the regular sessions was changed to December. The object of this change was to encourage the formation of section meetings. This change has resulted in the organization of four auxiliary State Teachers' Associations—a Southeastern, a Southwestern, a Northeastern and Northwestern, which associations now hold annual meetings in their respective sections of the state.

The State University, the normal schools and the various colleges of the state, are largely represented in the work of the association by the members of their faculties. A considerable number of city and county superintendents, as well as high school and graded school teachers, are actively identified with it.

The membership fees are \$1 a year for gentlemen, and 50 cents for ladies.

Though entirely non-partisan, the association has exercised much influence in shaping state legislation upon educational matters. Its deliberations consist mainly in the discussion of practical questions relating to school organization and management and methods of instruction.

Some of the papers read before the Association are published annually in the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is the organ of the Association. This journal was originally edited under the direction of the Association by a committee and editor selected to perform that duty. Subsequently it was published and edited by the State Superintendent and his assistant. In the year 1885 the ownership of the Journal was transferred to the Association and placed under the editorial and business management of Dr. J. W. Stearns, professor of Philosophy and Pedagogy in the University. In 1891 the Midland School Journal, published in Madison under the direction and management of Prof. A. O. Wright, was combined with the Wisconsin Journal of Education. Hon. B. J. Castle became associated with Prof. Stearns. It then passed into the hands of W. George Bruce, of Milwaukee, also editor of the School Board Journal. Later on it was placed under the direction of Mr. W. N. Parker, of Madison, Wis. and is now published by the Parker Educational Company. By a statute of this state each school district clerk and each town clerk or secretary of town board of directors is authorized to subscribe annually for one copy of the Wisconsin Journal of Education, to be paid for by funds from the district or the town treasury, as the case may be.

THE INTER-STATE PARK.

DALLES OF THE ST. CROIX.*

(Written by Warren H. Manning of Boston, former Secretary of the American Park and Out-Door Art Association.)

Wisconsin is a great and prosperous state that has grown from almost a wilderness in a little more than fifty years. The citizens may well be proud of its advanced position in many matters that pertain to public welfare. It is not, however, keeping pace with other states in the acquirement of public reservations for the benefit of the people. It is true that there are great areas of wild land accessible to the public by sufferance of owners, but such land does not belong to the public, and the natural beauty that draws the people to them is being destroyed so rapidly for private gain that they will soon become unattractive.

It is the duty of the state to reserve such peculiarly attractive natural conditions as are represented at the Dalles of the St. Croix, and to preserve them in such a way that there will be no intrusion of inharmonious conditions. To do this boundaries must be fixed at points where all evidences of habitation shall be shut out from those who go to enjoy the wilderness of the reserve. On the Wisconsin side of this reservation, this boundary should be carried a little beyond the top of the first range of hills running parallel to the river. It is within this area that many of the most interesting conditions of the Dalles are found, for through this area are the wild and picturesque remains of an old river channel which has broken its way through great masses of rock upon which are now fine trees and a remarkably attractive flora. There are comprised, mostly within this area, a flora containing at least seventy-five species of trees and shrubs and two hundred and twenty-five different species of herbs, a remarkable showing for an area of this size. The geological conditions are also particularly varied and interesting, and the topography and flora taken as a whole presents peculiarly favorable conditions for re-establishing native animals that are fast becoming exterminated.

Such a reservation, if properly protected, will become the breeding ground for game that will stock all the surrounding region.

It is the duty of a state to prevent destruction and to preserve for the benefit of the people such peculiarly interesting and attractive localities as are here represented, especially where, as in this case, they are so accessible, and especially as the land is of very little commercial value. Furthermore, the state would be disloyal to the educational interests which it has done so much to promote if it did not save for its students this unusually favorable opportunity for the study of the natural sciences.

To indicate how much this reservation is appreciated by men from other states who are thoroughly familiar with public reservations and beautiful landscapes, attention is called to a resolution passed by the American Park & Out-door Art Association which held its second annual meeting in Minneapolis in 1898. This association is made up of park men and others interested in the improvement of cities, homes, and public reservations, a Committee of which visited the reservation. A resolution was passed by the association expressing an appreciation of the work that had already been accomplished towards securing the Dalles of the St. Croix as a forest reserve and urging the acquirement of the additional land necessary to preserve the reservation and its views from the introduction of inharmonious objects.

*Printed by request of the commissioners.

INTER-STATE PARK OF THE DALLES OF THE ST. CROIX RIVER.

(Prepared by H. D. Baker, Secretary, St. Croix Falls, Wis.)

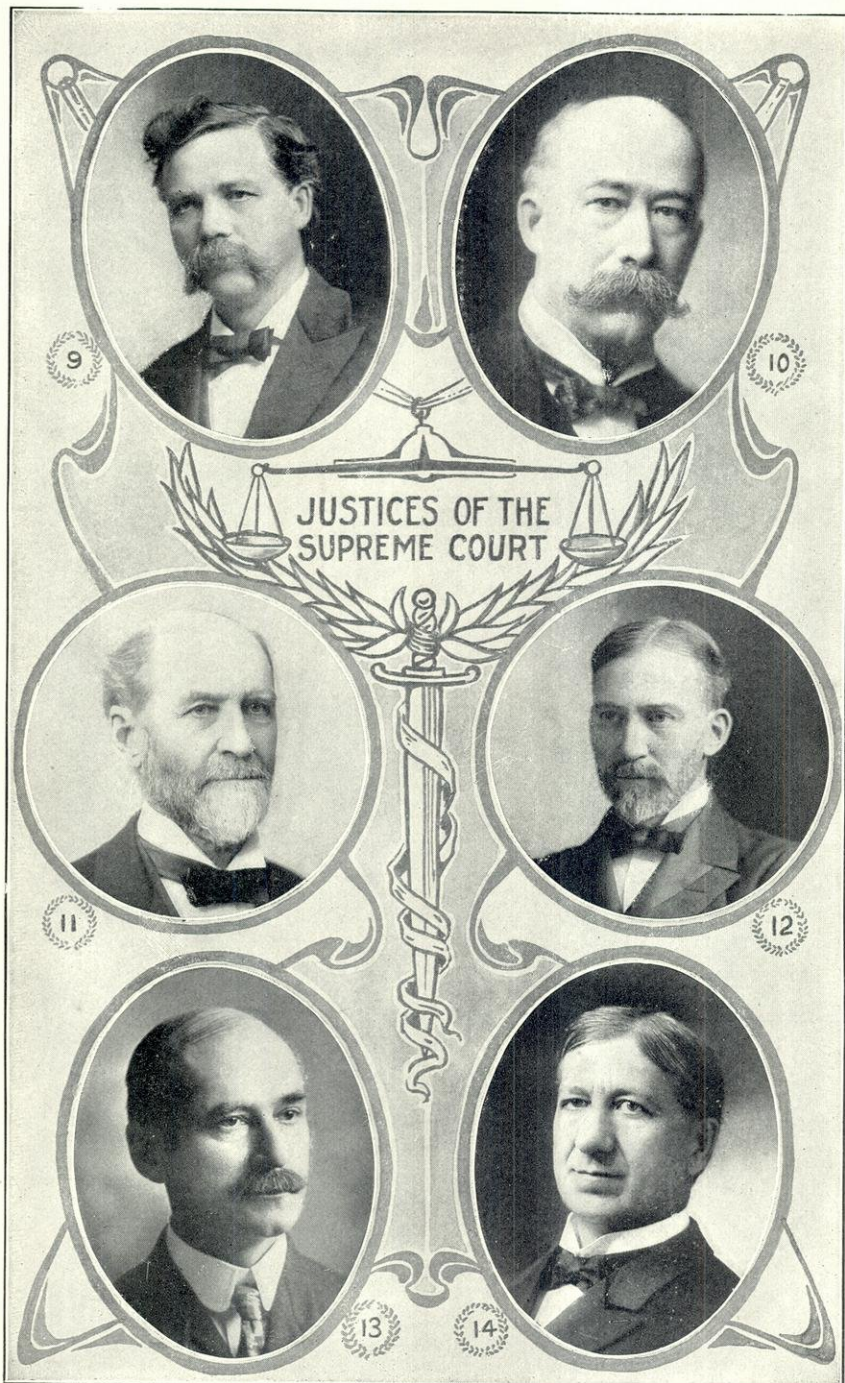
Just below the falls of the St. Croix the river has eroded through a remarkable upheaval of rock of pre-glacial origin, forming a deep canyon for a considerable distance, which, with the effects produced by the erosion of prehistoric tributaries of the river, the beautifully wooded bluffs (running back on the Wisconsin side to 1,400 feet above the sea level) as a background, and a charming lake fed by springs lying just at the foot of the bluffs, combine to form a most picturesque locality. This canyon (which is equally interesting and beautiful on the Minnesota side), with its immediate surroundings, constitutes the "Dalles of the St. Croix."

The "Glacier Gardens" are among its most noted features—footprints in the rocks, the many pot-holes or wells, made by the whirling, surging water keeping the fragments of rock and cobble stones in motion. Large numbers of these wells have been excavated; some contain a yellow drift, like that of the Red River valley, and others a dark red drift, similar to that found in Lake Superior. The names of some of the other interesting formations are: Old St. Croix Fireplace (the coloring of this is remarkable), the Devil's Chair, the Kitchen, Bakeoven, Sitting Room, Pulpit, the Cross, Old Man of the Dalles or Sentinel, the Cave, the Gopher, the Hammer-Head or Two-faced Man, Desk Rock, Echo Rock, Eagle Nest Point.

The plant life in and about the Dalles is said to be the most varied of any one place known. The moss-covered rocks and logs are likened unto beautiful mats so varied are their colors. All the different vines of the northern climates are found here. Among the trees are the pine (white, Norway and jack), cedar (red and white), spruce, fir, birch, willow, butternut, linden, poplar, the maple family, ash, walnut, mountain ash, elm, oak, ironwood, cherry, hickory, and the junipers, larch and Canadian yew. Flowering plants, such as the moccasin flower, the golden rod, blue harebells, roses, bluebells, jacks-in-the-pulpits, columbine, honeysuckle, blue gentian, anemones, asters and lilies grow in abundance. The fern family is represented by the walking and bulb fern; and among her mosses and lichens is found the prickly pear cactus. In the summer of 1900, students of the University of Minnesota visited the park and found over 1,000 varieties of native plants growing there.

The Inter-State Park is 50 miles from St. Paul, 30 miles from Stillwater, 40 from Hudson and 26 from New Richmond. During the summer steamers run from Stillwater, Minn., and St. Paul to the park. From western Wisconsin the park is most conveniently reached from Stillwater by steamer, or from St. Paul by train, Northern Pacific road, to Taylors Falls, Minn. From eastern Wisconsin, by the Wisconsin Central or Northwestern railroad to Chippewa Falls, the Omaha to Cameron, and from there by the Soo road to St. Croix Falls.

The first move of the legislature to acquire this beautiful spot for a park was by the enactment of chapter 315, laws of 1895, which provided for a commission to investigate the matter and report to the governor the probable cost of the lands desired for the park reservation. The legislature of 1899 appropriated \$6,500, and in 1901 it added \$7,500 to this amount to be used for buying the land required, and to defray other necessary expenses. The park contains 900 acres, 300 of which is situated in Minnesota. The remaining 600 acres is now owned by Wisconsin, excepting three tracts owned by private individuals, which are in process of condemnation or other means of acquisition.



9 R. D. MARSHALL.
 11 J. B. CASSODAY, Chief Justice.
 13 J. B. WINSLOW.

10 JAS. C. KERWIN.
 12 J. E. DODGE.
 14 ROBERT G. STEBECKER.

WISCONSIN COURTS.

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN.

Name.	Title of Office.	Salary.	Term expires.
JOHN B. CASSODAY	Chief Justice	\$5,000	Jan., 1910
JOHN B. WINSLOW.....	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1906
ROUJET D. MARSHALL... ..	Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1908
JOSHUA E. DODGE	Justice.	6,000	Jan., 1912
ROBERT G. SIEBECKER	Justice.....	6,000	Jan., 1914
JAMES C. KERWIN	Justice.....	6,000	Jan., 1915

CLARENCE KELLOGG	Clerk	GEO. M. FERRIS.....	Sten. and Copyist
WILLIAM J. PETHERICK.....	Deputy Clerk	ARTHUR F. BELITZ.....	Sten. and Copyist
JOHN R. BERRYMAN	Librarian	ARTHUR A. MCLEOD.....	Sten. and Copyist
FREDERIC K. CONOVER	Reporter	HILBERT LLESS.....	Sten. and Copyist
C. H. HUBBELL..	Proof Reader to Reporter	THOMAS P. NELSON.....	Sten. and Copyist
WILLIAM H. ORVIS	Messenger	E. M. LAW.....	Sten. and Copyist
C. H. BEYLER.....	Messenger and Crier		

Terms of Court at Madison.

JANUARY TERM—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January.
 AUGUST TERM—Second Tuesday in August.

SUPERIOR COURTS.*

JUDGE—J. C. LUDWIG.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1906.

County.	Terms.	Where Held.	Law.
Milwaukee..	First Monday of January	Milwaukee.....	Ch. 22, 1899.
	First Monday of April.	Milwaukee.....	Ch. 22, 1899.
	Second Monday of September...	Milwaukee.....	Ch. 22, 1899.

Said Superior court on and after the first Monday in May, 1903, shall be presided over by but one judge. (Sec. 2, Chap. 1, Laws of 1903.)

JUDGE—CHARLES SMITH.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1905.

County.	Terms.	Where Held.	Law.
Douglas.....	First Tuesday of January.....	West Superior...	Ch. 112, 1897.
	First Tuesday of April	West Superior...	Ch. 112, 1897.
	First Tuesday of September ..	West Superior...	Ch. 112, 1897.

*Discontinued after January, 1906.

CIRCUIT JUDGES SINCE SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Circuit.	Name.	Term of service.	Circuit.	Name.	Term of service.	
1.	Wyman Spooner	1853	7.	Geo. W. Cate	1854 to 1875	
	James R. Doolittle	1853 to 1856		G. L. Park	1875 to 1884	
	C. M. Baker	1856 to 1857		Chas. M. Webb	1884 to	
	J. M. Keep	1857 to 1859		8.	S. S. N. Fuller	1855 to 1860
	David Norgle	1859 to 1865			Henry D. Barron	1860
	William P. Lyon	1865 to 1871			L. P. Wetherby	1860 to 1866
	Robert Harkness	1871 to 1875			H. L. Humphrey	1866 to 1877
	Ira C. Paine	1875 to 1876			E. B. Rundy	1878 to 1897
	J. T. Wentworth	1876 to 1884			Eugene W. Helms	1897 to
	John B. Winslow	1884 to 1891		9.	A. L. Collins	1855 to 1853
	Frank M. Fish	1891 to 1902			L. S. Dixon	1859 to 1859
Ellsworth B. Belden	1902 to	H. S. Orton	1859 to 1884			
2.	Alex W. Randall	1856	Alva Stewart		1864 to 1889	
	Arthur McArthur	1856 to 1869	Robert G. Siebecker		1889 to 1904	
	Jason Downer	1869	E. Ray Stevens		1904 to	
	D. W. Small	1869 to 1880	S. R. Cotton		1855 to 1861	
	Charles A. Hamilton	1880 to 1888	Edwin Wheeler		1861 to 1863	
	D. H. Johnson ¹	1888 to 1900	G. W. Washburn		1863 to 1870	
	Eugene S. Elliott ²	1900 to	Ezra T. Sprague		1870 to 1872	
	L. W. Halsey ²	1900 to	E. H. Ellis		1872 to 1879	
	Warren D. Tarrant ³	1902 to	Geo. H. Meyers	1880 to 1892		
	Orin T. Williams	1904 to	John Goodland	1892 to		
	3.	C. H. Larabee	1853 to 1858	11.	S. H. Clough	1864 to 1877
A. Scott Sloan		1858 to 1859	H. D. Barron		1877 to 1882	
John E. Mann		1859 to 1867	S. H. Clough		1882 to 1889	
D. J. Pulling		1867 to 1873	R. D. Marshall		1889 to 1896	
Eli C. Lewis		1873 to 1874	A. J. Vinje		1896 to	
D. J. Pulling		1874 to 1885	12.		S. H. Conger	1871 to 1883
Geo. W. Burnell		1885 to			John R. Beunett ⁴	1883 to 1899
4.	Wm. R. Gorsline	1853 to 1858		Benjamin F. Dunwiddie	1899 to	
	David Taylor	1858 to 1869	13.	A. W. Newman	1877 to 1878 ⁵	
	Campbell McLean	1869 to 1881		A. Scott Sloan ⁴	1881 to 1895	
	N. S. Gilson	1881 to 1889		Warham Parks	1895 to 1896	
	Michael Kerwin	1899 to		James J. Dick	1896 to	
5.	M. M. Cothren	1853 to 1865		14.	S. D. Hastings, Jr.	1884 to
	J. T. Mills	1865 to 1877	15.		J. K. Parish	1888 to
	M. M. Cothren	1877 to 1883			C. V. Bardeen ⁶	1891 to 1897
	Geo. Clementson	1883 to			Willis C. Silverthorn	1898 to
6.	Geo. Gale	1856 to 1861	17.	Wm. F. Bailey	1891 to 1898 ⁷	
	Isaac E. Messmore	1861 to 1862		James O'Neil	1898 to	
	Edwin Flint	1862 to 1869		Chester A. Fowler	1902 to	
	Romanzo Bunn	1869 to 1877				
	A. W. Newman	1878 to 1893				
	Joseph M. Morrow	1894 to				
	Orvis B. Wyman ⁸	1894 to 1900				
	J. J. Fruit	1900 to				

¹ Died June 15, 1900.⁴ Died April 8, 1895.⁷ Created in 1891.¹⁰ Died.² Appointed July 23, 1900.⁵ Resigned Feb. 3, 1898.⁸ Died.¹¹ Appointed June 16, 1899.³ Died Dec. 2, 1900.⁶ Changed to 6th circuit.⁹ Appointed Jan. 15, 1902.

WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURTS.

STATEMENT showing the Names and Post-office Address of the Circuit Judges, and Times and Places for holding Circuit Courts in the several Counties in Wisconsin.

Salary of circuit judges, \$4,000* per annum and \$400 for expenses. After the present term of the circuit judges shall have expired they shall receive \$600 annual additional salary.—*Ch. 520, L. 1905.*

The judge of any circuit may, by an order entered and recorded in the clerk's office, appoint not to exceed two extra terms of court, to be held in any county in his circuit, when he shall deem it necessary during any one year, and may or may not, in his discretion, cause jurors therefor to be drawn and summoned as for other terms. At such extra terms the same business may be transacted as at a regular term for such county.—*Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

Every term in any county in each circuit shall be a special term for the whole circuit, unless the court, by order filed in the clerk's office at least twelve days before any such term, shall otherwise order as to such county.—*Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898, as amended by Sec. 32, Ch. 351, L. 1899.*

FIRST CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—E. B. BELDEN, RACINE.

Term ends first Monday in January, 1908.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.		
Walworth.....	3d Monday in February..... 1st Monday in June..... 1st Monday in October.....	Elkhorn.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.		
Racine.....	2d Monday in April..... 4th Monday in June..... 2d Monday in November....			Racine.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Kenosha.....	2d Monday in March..... 2d Monday in June..... 2d Monday in September....			Kenosha.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in the month of June.—*Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

SECOND CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—L. W. HALSEY, MILWAUKEE.

Term ends on the day preceding the first Monday of January, 1912.

JUDGE—W. D. TARRANT, MILWAUKEE.

Term ends on the day preceding the first Monday of January, 1912.

*JUDGE—ORIN T. WILLIAMS, MILWAUKEE.

Term ends on the day preceding the first Monday of January, 1910.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Milwaukee....	1st Monday in January..... 1st Monday in April..... 1st Monday in July..... 1st Monday in October.....	Milwaukee.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1893.

*Additional circuit judge authorized by chapter 2, laws of 1903.

A jury shall be summoned for the first day of each of said terms unless it is otherwise ordered by the court. *Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1893.*

THIRD CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEO. W. BURNELL, OSHKOSH.
Term ends first Monday of January, 1909.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Calumet	3d Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Chilton	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905
Winnebago ...	2d Monday in September ... } 2d Monday in January..... } 2d Monday in April	Oshkosh	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
SPECIAL TERMS.			
Winnebago ...	2d Monday in June	Oshkosh	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905.

*The court for said county shall be deemed to be opened for the transaction of business from the commencement of one regular term to the commencement of another, and an adjournment of the term from day to day shall not be necessary to the validity of any proceeding therein.—*Sec. 2424, W. S. of 1898.*

†A special term shall be held in Winnebago county.....but no jury shall be drawn for such special term.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—MICHAEL KIRWAN, MANITOWOC.
Term ends first Monday of January, 1911.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Sheboygan....	2d Monday in April ... } 3d Monday in September.... }	Sheboygan	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905
Manitowoc....	Tuesday after 2d Monday in } January	Manitowoc	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
	Tuesday after 1st Monday in } June		
Kewaunee	2d Monday in May	Kewaunee	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
	3d Monday in October		

No jury shall be summoned for the terms in February and July unless specially ordered by the judge. Such terms shall be a continuation of all terms therein which are not finally adjourned. * * * * * No term of such court shall be at an end until an express order for final adjournment is made and entered, and one term may be adjourned beyond the beginning of the next term in same county.—*Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEORGE CLEMENTSON, LANCASTER.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1907.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Grant.	3d Monday in February..... } 2d Monday in October..... }	Lancaster.....	Chap.6,sec. 6, L. 1905.
Iowa	4th Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in September... }	Dodgeville.....	Chap.6,sec. 6, L. 1905.
Lafayette.....	1st Monday in June..... } 1st Monday in December.... }	Darlington.....	Chap.6,sec. 6, L. 1905.
Richland.....	2d Tuesday in April..... } 2d Tuesday in September.... }	Richland Center.	Chap.6,sec. 6, L. 1905.
Crawford.....	2d Tuesday before the 1st } Monday in June..... } 2d Tuesday in November.... }	Prairie du Chien.	Chap.6,sec. 6, L. 1905.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—J. J. FRUIT, LA CROSSE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1908.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
La Crosse.....	2d Tuesday in January..... } 1st Tuesday in May..... } 2d Tuesday in September.... }	La Crosse.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Monroe.....	3d Tuesday in March..... } 1st Tuesday in October..... }	Sparta	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Trempealeau..	1st Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in October..... }	Whitehall.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Vernon.....	2d Tuesday in June..... } 2d Tuesday in December.... }	Viroqua.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Juneau.....	2d Tuesday in April..... } 3d Tuesday in November.... }	Mauston	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—CHARLES M. WEBB, GRAND RAPIDS.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1909.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Adams	2d Monday in June..... } 3d Tuesday in December..... }	Friendship.....	Chap. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Portage.....	4th Monday in March..... } 3d Monday in November..... }	Stevens Point....	Chap. 6, sec. 5, L. 1905.
Waupaca .. .	1st Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in October..... }	Waupaca	Chap. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Waushara .. .	Last Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in September..... }	Wautoma.....	Chap. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Wood	2d Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Grand Rapids....	Chap. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—EUGENE W. HELMS, HUDSON.

Term ends first Monday of January 1909.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Buñalo	4th Monday in February..... } 4th Monday in October..... }	Alma.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Dunn	2d Monday in March..... } 2d Monday in September..... }	Menominee	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Pepin	3d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Durand	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Pierce.....	4th Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in November..... }	Elsworth.....	Sec. 1, ch. 10, L. 1903.
St. Croix.. .	4th Monday in March..... } 4th Monday in September..... }	Hudson	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

The judge of said circuit may appoint, by order to be filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for each county therein, four special terms in each year at such times and places as he shall deem necessary and proper. Said order shall be filed at least four weeks before the time therein appointed for holding any such term, and the time of holding the same may be changed in like manner. At terms so appointed and held any and all business except the trial of issues of fact by a jury may be transacted. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

NINTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—D. RAY STEVENS, MADISON.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1909.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Dane*.....	2d Monday in January..... } 3d Monday in March..... } 3d Monday in May..... } 2d Monday in October..... }	Madison.....	Ch. 224, sec. 1, L. 1905.
Sauk.....	3d Tuesday in April..... } 2d Tuesday in September.. } 1st Tuesday in December.... }	Baraboo.....	Ch. 224, sec. 1, L. 1905.

*No jury shall be summoned for the term to be held in the month of March for the said county of Dane.

TENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JOHN GOODLAND, APPLETON.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1909.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Florence.....	1st Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in September.... }	Florence.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Forest.....	2d Tuesday in March..... } 4th Tuesday in September.. }	Crandon.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Langlade....	3d Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Antigo.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Outagamie....	1st Tuesday in February.... } 3d Monday in April..... } 2d Monday in November.... }	Appleton.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Shawano.....	3d Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December.... }	Shawano.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

*No jury shall be summoned for the February term in said county. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—AADJ. J. VINJE, SUPERIOR.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1907.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Barron	Second Tuesday in April.... } 4th Tuesday in September .. }	Barron	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Burnett	1st Tuesday in March..... } 3d Tuesday in September ... }	Grantsburg	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Chippewa....	1st Tuesday in May..... } 2d Tuesday in October	Chippewa Falls..	Sec. 2421, W. S. 1898.
Douglas.....	1st Tuesday in February.... } 1st Tuesday in June..... } 2d Tuesday in November..... }	Superior	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Polk	2d Tuesday in March..... } 1st Tuesday in September.... }	Balsam Lake....	Sec. 2124, W. S. 1898.
Washburn	4th Tuesday in March..... } 4th Tuesday in August }	Shell Lake.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—BENJAMIN F. DUNWIDDIE, JANESVILLE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1907.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Rock	4th Monday in February.... } 1st Monday in June	Janesville.....	Ch. 224, sec. 2, L. 1905.
	3d Monday in November }		
Green	4th Monday in March	Monroe	Ch. 224, sec. 2, L. 1905
	4th Monday in June		
	3d Monday in October..... }		
Jefferson.....	1st Monday in February.... } 2d Monday in June	Jefferson.....	Ch. 224, sec. 2, L. 1905.
	3d Monday in September.... }		

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in June.
Chap. 27, L. 1901.

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JAMES J. DICK, BEAVER DAM.

* Term ends first Monday of January, 1912.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Dodge.....	4th Tuesday in September.. } 2d Tuesday in February }	Juneau.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Ozaukee	1st Tuesday in September... } 1st Tuesday in March..... }	Port Washington	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Washington ..	3d Tuesday in October } 3d Tuesday in March..... }	West Bend.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.
Waukesha*....	1st Tuesday in December... } 1st Monday in May..... } 4th Tuesday in August (spe- } cial) } 1st Tuesday in February } (special)..... }	Waukesha.....	Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.

*No jury shall be summoned for the special terms. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*
At any general or special term any and all business may be done arising or pending in any county in said circuit which might be done at a general term in the several counties except the trial of issues of fact by a jury.

FOURTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, GREEN BAY.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1908.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Brown	Last Monday in November.. } 1st Monday in March } First Monday in June..... }	Green Bay	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Door.....	First Tuesday in February.. } Tuesday after 1st Monday in } September..... }	Sturgeon Bay....	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Marinette.....	2d Monday in January } 1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Marinette.....	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Oconto.....	2d Monday in April } 2d Monday in November.... }	Oconto.....	Chap.6, sec. 6, L. 1905.

Said court for the county of Brown shall be deemed to be open for the transaction of business from the commencement of one regular term to the commencement of another, and an adjournment of the term from day to day shall not be necessary to the validity of any proceeding therein. * * * * * The jurors for each term in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette shall be summoned to appear at or before 9 o'clock A. M. of the second day thereof. *Sec. 2424, W. S. 1898.*

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—J. K. PARISH, ASHLAND.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1912.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Ashland.....	2d Monday in April..... 3d Monday in September... }	Ashland.....	Ch. 224, sec.3,L.1905.
Bayfield.....	2d Monday in May..... 3d Monday in October..... }	Washburn.....	Ch. 224, sec.3,L.1905.
Rusk.....	1st Tuesday after July 4th. 2d Monday in December.... }	Ladysmith.....	Ch. 224, sec.3,L.1905.
Iron.....	2d Monday in June..... 1st Wednesday in November. }	Hurley.....	Ch. 224, sec.3,L.1905.
Price.....	1st Tuesday after 1st Mon- day in January..... 1st Wednesday after 3d Mon- day in June..... }	Phillips.....	Ch. 224, sec.3,L.1905.
Sawyer.....	1st Monday in June..... 2d Monday in November..... }	Hayward.....	Ch. 224, sec.3,L.1905.
Taylor.....	Last Monday in March..... 1st Tuesday in September... }	Medford.....	Ch. 224, sec.3,L.1905.

No jury shall be summoned for any such term if the presiding judge of the circuit shall file an order with the clerk of the court for any county therein, at least fifteen days before any general term in such county, directing that no jury shall be summoned, such order may be made whenever it shall appear that there is no necessity for a jury. Said judge may adjourn any general or special term of such court to the next ensuing general term or beyond the time fixed for holding general terms thereof in any county in the circuit.

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—W. C. SILVERTHORN, WAUSAU.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1910.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Lincoln.....	1st Monday in October..... 1st Monday after 1st Tues- day in April..... }	Merrill.....	Ch. 2, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Marathon.....	2d Monday in February..... 2d Monday in September.... }	Wausau.....	Ch. 2, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Oneida.....	1st Monday in May..... 2d Monday in November.... }	Rhineland.....	Ch. 6, sec. 1, L. 1901.
Vilas.....	4th Monday in May..... 1st Monday in December.... }	Eagle River.....	Ch. 6, sec. 1, L. 1901.

Every general term of the circuit in each of the counties as herein provided for shall be a special term of the circuit court for each of the other counties in said circuit, and any and all business arising and pending, or which may arise or be pending in any of the counties in said circuit, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury, may be brought and heard and determined or disposed of judicially, at any of such special terms. *Chap. 2, Sec. 2, L. of 1901.*

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JAMES O'NEILL, NEILLSVILLE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1910.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Clark	31 Monday in April } 4th Monday in November... }	Neillsville	Ch. 103, sec 1. L. 1901.
Eau Claire....	21 Monday in March } 3d Monday in September ... }	Eau Claire.....	Ch. 103, sec. 1 L. 1901.
Jackson.....	1st Monday in March..... } 2d Monday in October	Black River Falls	Ch. 103, sec. 1, L. 1901.

*There shall also be held in the county of Eau Claire, on the second Monday in June, a special term for said circuit, but no jury shall be drawn for such term. *Laws of 1901.*

EIGHTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—CHESTER A. FOWLER, PORTAGE.

Term ends first Monday of January, 1912.

Counties.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Fond du Lac..	2d Tuesday in February..... } 1st Tuesday in May..... } 21 Tuesday in September .. } 1st Tuesday after 2d Mon- } day in November.. .. }	Fond du Lac	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Green Lake ..	1st Tuesday after 3d Mon- } day in January... .. } 1st Tuesday after 3d Mon- } day in June	Dartford.....	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Marquette	2d Tuesday in April	Montello	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
Columbia.....	2d Tuesday in October	Portage,	Ch. 6, sec. 6, L. 1905.
	1st Tuesday in March } 1st Tuesday in June..... } 1st Tuesday in December... }		

*No jury shall be summoned for the terms appointed for February and September in Fond du Lac county and for June in Columbia county, unless specially ordered by the presiding judge. *Ch. 6, Sec. 6, L. 1905.*

CIRCUIT COURT REPORTERS.

No. of circuit.	Name.	P. O. Address.
1	Charles H. Welch.....	Milwaukee.
2	Richard Burke, for Judge L. D. Halsey.....	Milwaukee.
2	H. D. Goodwin, for Judge Warren D. Tarrant.....	Milwaukee.
3	Chester G. Porter, for Judge Orren T. Williams.....	Wauwatosa.
3	William C. Kimball.....	Ooshkosu.
4	H. A. Bush.....	Fond du Lac.
5	Charles Orton.....	Lancaster.
6	Alfred Harrison.....	La Crosse.
7	R. W. Moss.....	Grand Rapids.
8	Charles A. Cross.....	Hudson.
9	Edward H. Smith.....	Madison.
10	F. S. Bradford.....	Appleton.
11	A. H. Wolford.....	Superior.
12	F. C. Grant.....	Janesville.
13	J. H. Sawyer.....	Beaver Dam.
14	James T. Parkes.....	Green Bay.
15	E. A. Strong.....	Ashland.
16	George Hart.....	Wausau.
17	Charles W. Fiske.....	Eau Claire.
18	Edward H. Smith.....	Madison.

CIRCUIT COURT COMMISSIONERS.

In the several counties, appointed by the Circuit judges, as reported by the clerks of the Circuit Courts, January 1, A. D. 1905. The county judges of all counties also have the powers of court commissioners.

ADAMS COUNTY.		BURNETT COUNTY.	
George W. Waterman.....	Friendship	F. O. Olsen.....	Grantsburg
C. R. Sickler.....	Friendship	CALUMET COUNTY.	
Henry J. Dartt.....	Friendship	James Kirwan.....	Chilton
L. A. Wightman.....	Friendship	George C. Heume.....	Chilton
ASHLAND COUNTY.		CHIPPEWA COUNTY.	
Charles Brisley.....	Ashland	L. C. Stanley.....	Chippewa Falls
G. N. Risjord.....	Ashland	L. F. Martin.....	Chippewa Falls
W. S. Cate.....	Ashland	W. B. Bartlett.....	Chippewa Falls
Ben. S. Smith.....	Ashland	CLARK COUNTY.	
W. Stanley Smith.....	Glidden	R. F. Kountz.....	Neillsville
H. E. Edwards.....	Mellen	Charles F. Grow.....	Neillsville
BARRON COUNTY.		J. R. Sturdevant.....	Neillsville
Fred B. Kinsley.....	Barron	D. R. Freeman.....	Colby
James Robbins.....	Rice Lake	B. M. Fullmer.....	Loyal
L. L. Constance.....	Rice Lake	George Burke.....	Thorp
BAYFIELD COUNTY.		COLUMBIA COUNTY.	
O. Flanders.....	Bayfield	N. E. Van Dyke.....	Kilbourn
Ernest Sauve.....	Iron River	W. C. Leitsch.....	Columbus
Arthur R. Mead.....	Iron River	G. C. Grisim.....	Columbus
D. M. Maxey.....	Washburn	Chas. L. Dering.....	Portage
N. M. Oscor.....	Washburn	J. H. Rogers.....	Portage
BROWN COUNTY.		S. H. Watson.....	Lodi
G. E. Matile.....	Green Bay	CRAWFORD COUNTY.	
J. F. Watermolen.....	Green Bay	Alexander Athey.....	Prairie du Chien
C. W. Lomas.....	Green Bay	Wm. H. Evans.....	Prairie du Chien
BUFFALO COUNTY.		J. S. Earl.....	Prairie du Chien
Theo. Buehler.....	Alma	J. N. Kast.....	Belle Center
E. F. Ganz.....	Alma	N. O. Peterson.....	Soldiers Grove
M. L. Engina.....	Fountain City		
J. W. Whelan.....	Mondovi		
P. H. Urness.....	Mondovi		

COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

DANE COUNTY.

C. E. Buell Madison
 Chas. N. Brown Madison
 Rufus B. Smith Madison
 Herman Pfund Madison
 J. C. Harper Madison
 Harry L. Butler Madison

DODGE COUNTY.

Geo. W. Morse Juneau
 F. M. Lawrence Mayville
 E. D. Doney Waupun
 Chas. A. Kading Watertown
 S. W. Lamoreux Beaver Dam

DOOR COUNTY.

C. A. Masse Sturgeon Bay
 G. W. Allen Sturgeon Bay

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Phil H. Perkins Superior
 W. E. Pickering Superior
 C. R. Fridley Superior
 George C. Cooper Superior
 George B. Hudnall Superior

DUNN COUNTY.

George Shofer Menomonie
 J. C. Ticknor Menomonie
 J. R. Mathews Menomonie
 P. B. Clark Menomonie
 J. E. Florin Menomonie

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

W. W. Johnston Augusta
 M. B. Hubbard Eau Claire
 Alexander Meggett Eau Claire
 George C. Teall Eau Claire
 A. H. Shoemaker Eau Claire
 Robert D. Whitford Eau Claire

FLORENCE COUNTY.

C. C. Olin Florence
 W. C. Haberkorn Florence
 J. E. Parry Florence
 E. W. Hopkins Commonwealth

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

H. F. Rose Fond du Lac
 D. D. Southerland Fond du Lac
 J. G. Hardgrove Fond du Lac
 J. M. Gooding Fond du Lac
 R. L. Oliver Waupun
 A. E. Dunlap Ripon

FOREST COUNTY.

P. Shay Armstrong Creek
 J. F. Hooper Crandon
 Paul Rehfeld Hiles
 John Masbaum North Crandon
 J. J. Martin Laona

GATES COUNTY.

J. C. Stubbs Weyerhaeuser
 J. W. Fritz Ladysmith
 L. J. Bischel Ladysmith
 H. W. True Glen Flora
 G. H. Williams Bruce

GRANT COUNTY.

Herman Buchner Lancaster
 Platt. Whitman Boscobel
 W. E. Howe Boscobel
 J. W. Murphy Platteville
 W. H. Beebe Platteville
 W. J. Brennan Lancaster

GREEN COUNTY.

Willard T. Saucerman Monroe
 Thomas Luchsinger Monroe
 H. N. B. Caradine Monroe
 John Luchsinger Monroe
 C. N. Carpenter Brodhead

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

John C. McConnell Dartford
 John J. Wood, Jr. Berlin
 Perry Niskern Berlin
 Fred Engelbracht, Jr. Berlin
 Edward Harroune Princeton

IOWA COUNTY.

Calvert Spensley Mineral Point
 J. B. Reynolds Mineral Point
 Ernest C. Fiedler Mineral Point
 J. J. Hoskins Dodgeville
 Richard Carter Dodgeville
 J. P. Smelker Dodgeville

IRON COUNTY.

J. B. Anderson Upson
 J. A. Chiono Hurley
 Paul H. Sanborn Hurley
 S. J. McNalley Hurley
 J. C. Flanagan Hurley

JACKSON COUNTY.

R. A. Jones Black River Falls
 F. J. Reichenbach Black River Falls
 Frank Johnson Black River Falls
 Edwin Pierce Merrillan
 Chas. F. Hille Black River Falls
 Ralph C. Pope Black River Falls

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

E. A. Wiggald Ft. Atkinson
 W. H. Porter Jefferson
 O. C. Fahn Watertown
 C. A. Skinner Watertown
 R. C. Twining Waterloo

JUNEAU COUNTY.

H. W. Barney Mauston
 T. K. Dunn Elroy
 Geo. S. Grubb Mauston
 J. J. Hughes New Lisbon
 N. M. Hess New Lisbon
 A. D. Gill Mauston

KENOSHA COUNTY.

James Cavanaugh Kenosha
 Myron A. Baker Kenosha
 Henry J. Hastings Kenosha
 Gerald R. McDowell Kenosha
 John C. Slater Kenosha

COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

M. T. ParkerAlgoma
 J. H. McGowanAlgoma
 A. D. LaughlinKewaunee
 Jos. P. ValeckaKewaunee
 L. Albert KarelKewaunee
 G. W. WingKewaunee

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

C. L. HoodLa Crosse
 John A. DanielsLa Crosse
 P. W. MahoneyLa Crosse
 T. J. WidveyLa Crosse
 A. HarrisonLa Crosse
 G. C. PrentissLa Crosse

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

P. H. ConleyDarlington
 G. A. MarshallDarlington
 J. H. ClaryDarlington
 M. A. O'BrienShullsburg
 H. C. MartinDarlington

LANGLADE COUNTY.

Geo. W. LattaAntigo
 C. Werdgen DeaneAntigo
 T. W. HoganAntigo
 W. F. WhiteAntigo
 O. H. FosterAntigo

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Jas. O'LearyTomahawk
 R. E. SmithMerrill
 A. A. HelmsMerrill
 T. H. RyanMerrill

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

L. J. NashManitowoc
 R. W. BurkeManitowoc
 G. G. SedgwickManitowoc
 H. L. MarkhamManitowoc
 J. S. AndersonManitowoc
 John ChloupekManitowoc
 W. J. WriethTwo Rivers

MARATHON COUNTY.

M. B. RosenberryWausau
 C. L. WarrenWausau
 F. C. RyanWausau
 O. L. RingleMosinee
 F. P. RegnerWausau

MARINETTE COUNTY.

H. M. BirdMarinette
 Charles C. DailyMarinette
 Amos HolgateMarinette
 Henry T. ScudderMarinette
 H. R. GoldmanMarinette
 Thos. ButlerWausaukee

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

John BarryMontello
 F. J. DodgeMontello
 C. C. MillsWestfield

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Hugh RyanMilwaukee
 John F. HarperMilwaukee
 W. J. McElroyMilwaukee
 Mrs. Kate PierMilwaukee
 J. E. RoehrMilwaukee
 Fred ScheiberMilwaukee
 Francis BloodgoodMilwaukee
 G. W. HazeltonMilwaukee
 M. M. RileyMilwaukee
 E. E. ChapinMilwaukee
 Gustav Wollaeger, Jr.Milwaukee
 A. KannebergMilwaukee

MONROE COUNTY.

S. W. ButtonSparta
 Ray B. GravesSparta
 James J. BowlerSparta
 W. B. NaylorTomah
 Chris MaxwellTomah
 H. C. SpauldingTomah

OCONTO COUNTY.

Francis X. MorrowOconto
 A. ReinhartOconto
 D. G. ClassonOconto
 O. F. TrudellOconto
 J. B. ChaseOconto
 A. V. ClassonOconto
 Geo. CrawfordGillett

ONEIDA COUNTY.

Levi J. BillingsRhinelander
 W. W. CarrRhinelander
 Paul BrowneRhinelander
 A. W. SheltonRhinelander

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Frank W. HarrimanAppleton
 Samuel BoydAppleton
 Humphrey PierceAppleton
 A. G. KochKankana
 Louis JacquotHortonville
 F. R. DittmerSeymour

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

Eugene S. TurnerPort Washington
 Lathar SauerPort Washington
 Wm. A. TholenPort Washington

PEPIN COUNTY.

J. D. EldridgeDurand
 J. J. MorganDurand
 C. M. HamardDurand
 A. V. HammondDurand
 Fred StahlPepin

PIERCE COUNTY.

John FoleyEllsworth
 F. J. DrillPrescott
 A. CookMaiden Rock

COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

POLK COUNTY.

H. D. BakerSt. Croix Falls
W. W. WinchesterAmery

PORTAGE COUNTY.

A. P. EenAmherst
A. J. SmithAmherst
Daniel L. LeahyStevens Point
G. L. ParkStevens Point

PRICE COUNTY.

G. M. ChamberlainPhillips
Freeman W. SackettPhillips
G. D. MyersPrentice
T. M. HollandPark Falls

RACINE COUNTY.

John T. WentworthRacine
Wm. D. ThompsonRacine
R. L. UpchurchRacine
Fulton ThompsonRacine
Francis ReuschleinBurtonton
A. Cary JuddRacine

RICHLAND COUNTY.

Michael MurphyRichland Center
James H. MinerRichland Center
K. W. EastlandRichland Center
F. W. BurnhamRichland Center
George WulfinRichland Center
P. L. LincolnRichland Center

ROCK COUNTY.

O. A. OestreichJanesville
M. P. RichardsonJanesville
Ed. F. CarpenterJanesville
J. P. TowneEdgerton
J. B. DowBeloit
F. L. JanesEvansville

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Harry H. SmithNew Richmond
Herman JohnsonGlenwood
Chas. CrossHudson
S. J. BradfordHudson
Henry AndersonBaldwin

SAUK COUNTY.

H. S. HalstedBaraboo
D. RugglesBaraboo
E. F. DithmerBaraboo
G. StevensReedsburg
W. A. WyseReedsburg

SAWYER COUNTY.

George HerringtonHayward
Wm. AlexanderHayward
W. H. MarquetteHayward
J. W. SmithHayward
A. L. McCormickHayward

SHAWANO COUNTY.

A. C. WebberShawano
H. KlostermanShawano
L. C. BoldShawano
O. AndrewsShawano
Frank WilliamsWittenberg
C. F. DillettShawano
Aug. NedenTigerton

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

D. T. PhalenSheboyan
F. H. DenisonSheboyan
Francis WilliamsSheboyan
A. C. PrescottSheboyan
H. J. RooneyPlymouth
John E. ThomasSheboyan Falls

TAYLOR COUNTY.

J. B. HagartyMedford
T. G. JeffersMedford
H. LerchtMedford
Wm. PringleRib Lake
K. J. UrquhartMedford
G. W. AdamsMedford

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

A. A. ArnoldGalesville
Geo. MathysArcadia
Wm. H. GibsonCenterville

VERNON COUNTY.

Chas. H. MinshallViroqua
R. WilliamsHillsboro
Jackson SilbaughViroqua
Alva F. DrewLa Farge
C. M. Butt, Jr.Viroqua

VILAS COUNTY.

Geo. E. O'ConnorEagle River
Alex HigginsEagle River
Frank BeardsleyEagle River

WALWORTH COUNTY.

F. H. KiserWhitewater
J. F. LyonElkhorn
E. L. von SuessmitchDelavan
A. H. WeedDelavan
A. ClohisyElkhorn
L. G. BrownLake Geneva
A. M. KayeLake Geneva

WASHBURN COUNTY.

P. E. LeonardShell Lake
C. W. HaskinsSpooner

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Fred H. HaaseWest Bend
C. E. RobinsonWest Bend

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

D. J. HemlockWaukesha
Ernst MertonWaukesha
T. W. ParkinsonWaukesha
A. J. DoppWaukesha
Edwin HurlbutOconomowoc
Oscar F. JonesOconomowoc

COURT COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

WAUPACA COUNTY.		WINNEBAGO COUNTY.	
Jas. McNeil	Clintonville	Wm. C. Bouck	Oshkosh
Charles Churchill	Waupaca	Dan'l E. McDonald	Oshkosh
R. F. Taggart	Weyauwega	Wesley Mott	Neenah
Charles A. Holmes	New London	W. W. Waterhouse	Oshkosh
		John Harrington	Oshkosh
WAUSHARA COUNTY.		WOOD COUNTY.	
W. B. Angelo	Plainfield	B. M. Vaughan	Grand Rapids
Buchanan Johnson	Plainfield	D. D. Conway	Grand Rapids
John H. Thomas	Berlin	Richard Wiperman	Grand Rapids
Gilbert Tenant	Wautoma	Dyer W. Hitchcock	Grand Rapids
R. W. Hubbe	Wautoma	E. M. Deming	Marshfield
		R. E. Andrews	Marshfield

WISCONSIN BANKS.

The statistical tables herewith presented are taken from the report of the Commissioner of Banking, and shows the number of new banks organized during the biennial period ending Nov. 10, 1904, also increase or decrease in capital stock of various banks, their resources and liabilities, etc.

NEW STATE BANKS.

Location.	Name of bank.	Capital.
1. Black Creek	Bank of Black Creek	\$10,000 00
2. Black Earth	Black Earth State Bank	12,000 00
3. Camp Douglas	Bank of Camp Douglas	6,000 00
4. Chippewa Falls	Northwestern State Bank	80,000 00
5. De Soto	De Soto State Bank	5,000 00
6. Elmwood	First State Bank	5,000 00
7. Fall Creek	The State Bank	10,000 00
8. Fall River	The First State Bank	10,000 00
9. Gays Mill	Bank of Gays Mill	5,000 00
10. Genoa Junction	Bank of Genoa Junction	5,000 00
11. Genoa Junction	Citizens State Bank	12,000 00
12. Glidden	Wisconsin State Bank	5,000 00
13. Granton	Farmers State Bank	10,000 00
14. Hayward	Hayward State Bank	15,000 00
15. Hilbert	State Bank	15,000 00
16. Kewaskum	Bank of Kewaskum	15,000 00
17. Kewaskum	Citizens State Bank	15,000 00
18. Knapp	State Bank of Knapp	10,000 00
19. Merrill	The German American State Bank	30,000 00
20. Monroe	The Commercial & Savings Bank	100,000 00
21. Pittsville	Pittsville State Bank	10,900 00
22. Potosi	Potosi State Bank	10,000 00
23. Rosholt	The State Bank of Rosholt	10,000 00
24. Schleisingserville	State Bank of Schleisingserville	15,000 00
25. Shell Lake	Wisconsin State Bank	10,000 00
26. South Wayne	Bank of South Wayne	10,000 00
27. Stanley	Farmers & Merchants State Bank	10,000 00
28. Tomahawk	Bank of Tomahawk	20,000 00
29. Verona	Bank of Verona	15,000 00
30. Welcome	Citizens State Bank	5,000 00
31. Woodville	Citizens State Bank	10,000 00
	Total capital	\$500,000 00

RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF STATE AND SAVINGS BANKS.

Compiled from five reports made by these banks to the Commissioner of Banking during the year 1904:

RESOURCES.	Feb. 5, 1904.	Mar. 28, 1904.	June 9, 1904.	Sept. 6, 1904.	Nov. 10, 1904.
Loans and discounts.....	\$60,512,839 53	\$62,130,589 22	\$62,500,034 53	\$59,705,517 74	\$60,812,899 08
Overdrafts.....	489,923 74	628,927 07	587,584 57	554,963 59	642,567 45
U. S. state, municipal and other bonds.....	6,645,800 29	6,774,909 46	6,947,945 89	7,179,866 44	7,234,496 03
Premium on bonds.....	31,695 06	31,434 21	32,793 65	31,736 61	31,095 27
Stocks and other securities.....	578,211 05	589,042 05	586,296 26	597,387 75	535,609 96
Banking house furniture and fixtures.....	1,878,909 86	1,907,804 57	1,935,718 31	1,929,122 42	1,994,481 41
Other real estate.....	412,578 09	401,897 80	407,412 55	379,981 54	345,395 74
Due from banks.....	15,478,066 70	14,781,079 83	13,477,707 52	13,884,200 14	13,461,842 67
Checks on other banks and cash items.....	371,149 58	413,838 16	331,325 46	369,355 13	457,831 91
Exchange for clearing house.....	408,133 89	316,846 27	330,779 36	414,839 29	444,981 77
Gold coin.....	1,600,792 05	1,534,178 80	1,595,452 66	1,479,189 37	1,433,515 73
Silver coin.....	431,438 36	385,306 57	436,962 00	370,497 40	418,442 06
U. S. and National Currency.....	2,470,885 40	2,530,824 70	2,471,913 75	2,139,342 42	2,538,342 26
Nickels and cents.....	42,629 34	36,575 94	37,332 18	37,759 75	41,754 58
Revenue account.....	146 89	146 89	146 23	.....	.....
Other resources.....	25,166 78	23,608 31	14,865 54	11,733 00	16,733 39
Totals.....	\$91,373,366 61	\$92,480,509 85	\$91,694,320 46	\$89,085,542 59	\$90,459,989 31
LIABILITIES.					
Capital stock.....	\$9,650,050 00	\$9,650,250 00	\$9,715,250 00	\$9,662,750 00	\$9,772,750 00
Surplus fund.....	2,093,593 32	2,128,516 23	2,133,925 54	12,191,023 53	2,208,617 83
Undivided profits, less loss and expense account.....	947,802 46	1,182,497 59	1,397,977 41	1,211,191 91	1,470,009 21
Due to banks—deposits.....	1,366,077 29	1,596,640 21	1,325,411 05	521,737 22	574,993 42
Dividends unpaid.....	6,043 13	8,085 15	10,056 00	5,630 00	3,315 00
Individual deposits subject to check.....	24,426,808 13	24,128,786 56	23,132,304 10	22,738,165 81	23,391,045 90
Demand certificate of deposit.....	13,486,770 15	12,993,349 71	13,555,235 38	12,542,844 81	12,757,802 09
Time certificate of deposit.....	22,031,509 97	23,169,436 15	22,791,394 38	22,457,167 93	22,188,374 77
Savings deposits.....	16,698,791 11	16,897,864 40	17,131,530 62	16,976,857 95	17,041,502 70
Certified checks.....	35,166 46	52,782 40	21,745 47	47,666 57	76,833 82
Cashier's checks outstanding.....	260,675 88	128,948 48	156,362 80	149,748 00	137,295 80
Notes and bills re-discounted.....	194,348 22	138,187 97	147,595 47	327,865 55	254,455 58
Bills payable.....	170,064 00	452,693 43	167,146 30	243,512 15	575,780 45
Other liabilities.....	5,665 59	12,471 57	7,215 34	9,331 11	7,212 74
Totals.....	\$91,373,366 61	\$92,480,509 85	\$91,694,320 46	\$89,085,542 59	\$90,459,989 31

A comparison of total deposits in Nov., 1903, with those of Nov., 1904, for state and savings banks:

Total deposits, November 10th, 1904.....		\$75,592,855 08
Total deposits, November 17, 1903.....	\$75,299,399 63	
Less deposits, Batavian and Ger. Amer.....	2,319,256 74	72,950,142 94
Gross gain, 1904, over 1903.....		\$2,642,712 14

Statement showing amount of increase in various resources and liabilities of state and savings banks from Nov. 17, 1903, to Nov. 10, 1904:

Increase in:	State Banks.	Savings Banks	Total.
Total resources.....	\$220,587 27	\$50,192 93	\$270,780 20
Loans and discounts.....	32,172 21	87,757 18	119,929 39
Capital, surplus and profits.....	228,418 32	5,526 78	233,945 10
Deposits.....	248,539 25	44,916 15	293,455 40
Available cash.....	90,338 59	*26,512 75	63,825 84

* Decrease.

Table showing total resources and liabilities of national, state and savings banks for the years ending Nov., 1903, and Nov., 1904, and the increase in such resources and liabilities for 1904 over 1903:

RESOURCES.	Nov. 10, 1904.	Nov. 17, 1903.	Increase 1904 over 1903.
Loans and discounts.....	\$133,179,476 00	\$131,943,024 01	\$1,236,451 99
Bonds, stocks and securities.....	26,216,513 85	24,976,937 20	1,239,576 65
Cash on hand and due from banks.....	45,725,945 99	43,910,629 78	1,815,316 21
All other resources.....	6,891,036 07	4,473,796 59	2,417,239 48
Total resources.....	\$212,012,971 91	\$205,304,387 58	\$6,708,584 33
LIABILITIES.			
Capital, surplus and profits.....	\$33,646,452 58	\$31,611,694 63	\$2,034,757 95
Due depositors.....	160,878,537 67	156,519,144 85	4,359,392 82
Due to banks.....	10,051,105 01	10,146,436 14	*95,331 13
Circulation.....	6,578,235 00	5,995,085 00	643,150 00
All other liabilities.....	858,641 65	1,092,026 96	*233,385 31
Total liabilities.....	\$212,012,971 91	\$205,304,387 58	†\$6,708,584 33

* Decrease. † Net increase.

CAPITALIZATION.

Under the Banking Act of 1852, state banks were permitted to organize with a capitalization of from \$25,000.00 to \$500,000.00 and to do business, when but part of such capital, not less than \$15,000.00, had been paid in. Under the Banking Act of 1903, now in full force, all of the capital of a banking corporation must be paid in. This provision of the law resulted in the following changes in capitalization, to-wit:

Thirty-four banks, theretofore doing business with a portion of their capital unpaid, have amended their Articles of Incorporation reducing their capitali-

WISCONSIN BANKS.

zation to the amount actually paid in. The reduction in capital, thus affected, amounts in the aggregate to \$459,000.00. A list of these banks follows:

Location.	Name.	Former capital, partly unpaid.	Present capital all paid in.	Unpaid capital eliminated
1. Amery.....	Bank of Amery	\$25,000 00	\$15,000 00	\$10,000 00
2. Athens.....	The Bank of Athens	25,000 00	16,000 00	9,000 00
3. Blair.....	The Home Bank of Blair....	30,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00
4. Boscobel.....	State Bank of Boscobel.....	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
5. Bruce.....	Lumborman's State Bank....	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
6. Dale.....	The First State Bank of	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
7. East Troy.....	State Bank of East Troy....	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
8. Fennimore.....	State Bank of Fennimore....	35,000 00	25,000 00	15,000 00
9. Florence.....	State Bank of Florence	30,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
10. Hillsboro.....	Hillsboro State Bank	25,000 00	15,000 00	5,000 00
11. Iola.....	The Farmers State Bank of	25,000 00	20,000 00	5,000 00
12. Lodi.....	State Bank of Lodi	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
13. Menomonee Falls.	Citizens State Bank	25,000 00	15,000 00	25,000 00
14. Milton Junction.	The State Bank	40,000 00	20,000 00	5,000 00
15. Morrisonville.....	Morrisonville State Bank....	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
16. Norwalk.....	Norwalk State Bank	50,000 00	25,000 00	25,000 00
17. Oshkosh.....	South Side Exch. Bank.....	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
18. Osseo.....	State Bank of Osseo	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
19. Plainfield.....	Waushara County Bank	60,000 00	35,000 00	25,000 00
20. Platteville.....	Platteville State Bank.....	50,000 00	30,000 00	20,000 00
21. Prairie du Chien.	Crawford County Bank.....	100,000 00	30,000 00	60,000 00
22. Richland Center.	State Bank of	25,000 00	20,000 00	5,000 00
23. Rio.....	The Rio State Bank	30,000 00	15,000 00	15,000 00
24. Rosendale.....	Rosendale State Bank	25,000 00	20,000 00	5,000 00
25. Sawyer.....	Bank of Sawyer	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
26. Spooner.....	Spooner State Bank	50,000 00	30,000 00	20,000 00
27. Stevens Point	Wisconsin State Bank	50,000 00	20,000 00	30,000 00
28. Superior.....	Union Com'l. & Savings B'k.	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
29. Turtle Lake.....	Bank of Turtle Lake	25,000 00	20,000 00	5,000 00
30. Washburn.....	Bayfield County Bank.....	40,000 00	25,000 00	15,000 00
31. Westfield.....	Westfield State Bank	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
32. Wild Rose.....	Wild Rose State Bank	25,000 00	20,000 00	5,000 00
33. Withee.....	State Bank of Withee.....	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
34. Wonewoc.....	State Bank of Wonewoc.....	25,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00
Totals.....		\$1,115,000 00	\$646,000 00	\$459,000 00

Eleven of the state banks, formerly doing business with their capital partly unpaid, have paid up a portion of such unpaid capital and, by amendment to Articles of Incorporation, have reduced their capitalization to the amount actually paid in. The total amount thus added to the paid up capital of these eleven banks is \$45,050.00, as shown in the following list:

Location.	Name.	Old Capital.	Unpaid Capital.	New Capital.	Gain in paid up Capital.
1. Athens.....	The Bank of Athens.....	\$25,000	\$10,000	\$16,000	\$ 1,000
2. Iola.....	The Farmers State Bank of Iola.	25,000	10,000	20,000	5,000
3. Lodi.....	State Bank of Lodi.....	25,000	10,000	20,000	5,000
4. Morrisonville.....	Morrisonville State Bank.....	25,000	10,000	20,000	5,000
5. Platteville.....	Platteville State Bank.....	60,000	27,150	35,000	2,150
6. Prairie du Chien.	Crawford County Bank.....	50,000	25,000	30,000	5,000
7. Rio.....	The Rio State Bank	25,000	10,000	20,000	5,000
8. Superior.....	Union, Commercial & Savings Bank	50,000	32,900	20,000	2,900
9. Washburn.....	Bayfield County Bank.....	25,000	9,000	20,000	4,000
10. Westfield.....	Westfield State Bank	40,000	20,000	25,000	5,000
11. Withee.....	State Bank of Withee.....	25,000	10,000	20,000	5,000
					\$45,050

Seventeen banks have paid up the full amount of their heretofore unpaid capital, the total gain in paid up capital being \$170,170.00, to-wit:

Location.	Name of Bank.	Amount of unpaid capital paid in.
1. Augusta.....	Augusta State Bank.....	\$ 4,980.00
2. Byd.....	State Bank of Boyd.....	10,000.00
3. Clinton.....	Citizens Bank.....	10,000.00
4. Crandon.....	Craudon State Bank.....	8,750.00
5. Dartford.....	Green Lake State Bank.....	10,000.00
6. Durand.....	State Bank of Durand.....	10,000.00
7. Fairwater.....	Fairwater State Bank.....	10,000.00
8. Green Bay.....	The Farmers Exchange Bank.....	14,700.00
9. Hustisford.....	Hustisford State Bank.....	10,000.00
10. Loyal.....	The Loyal State Bank.....	9,560.00
11. Mt. Horeb.....	State Bank of Mt. Horeb.....	7,000.00
12. Orfordville.....	Farmers and Merchants Bank.....	10,000.00
13. Shell Lake.....	Lumbermen's Bank.....	10,000.00
14. Viroqua.....	Bank of Viroqua.....	10,000.00
15. Wauakee.....	Wauakee State Bank.....	20,000.00
16. Wautoma.....	Wautoma State Bank.....	10,000.00
17. Wrightstowu.....	Farmers and Traders Bank.....	5,180.00
		10,000.00
		\$170,170.00

In addition to foregoing changes in capitalization resulting from the operation of the law, the following nine banks have voluntarily increased their capital stock. The total increase amounts to \$132,500.00, to-wit:

Location.	Name.	Increase.	
		From.	To.
1. Brillion.....	First State Bank of.....	\$10,000 00	\$25,000 00
2. Clintonville.....	Clintonville State Bank.....	25,000 00	35,000 00
3. Frederic.....	The Bank of Frederic.....	5,000 00	7,500 00
4. Gillett.....	State Bank of Gillett.....	15,000 00	25,000 00
5. Lake Mills.....	Greenwood's State Bank.....	40,000 00	60,000 00
6. New Glarus.....	The Bank of New Glarus.....	20,000 00	40,000 00
7. Oakfield.....	Bank of Oakfield.....	20,000 00	25,000 00
8. Pt. Washington.....	Pt. Washington State Bank.....	25,000 00	50,000 00
9. Sparta.....	Bank of Sparta.....	25,000 00	50,000 00
	Totals.....	\$185,000 00	\$317,500 00

Finally, the State Bank of Richland Center has reduced its capital from \$100,000.00, of which \$60,000.00 was unpaid, to \$30,000.00 paid—a reduction of \$10,000.00 in paid up capital—and Jackson County Bank, located at Black River Falls, reduced its capital from \$27,725.00 by the odd \$25.00—a total loss of \$10,025.00 in the paid up capital.

The various changes in the capitalization of state banks may then be summarized as follows:

Capital paid in and unpaid on November 17th, 1903		\$9,934,275 00
Capital of 31 new banks	\$500,000 00	
Capital increased in nine old banks	132,500 00	
Unpaid capital made good in seventeen banks.....	170,170 00	
Unpaid capital partly made good in eleven banks	45,050 00	847,720 00
Less unpaid capital, November 17th, 1903.....	\$674,220 00	\$10,781,995 00
Reduced capital, two banks.....	10,025 00	
Capital, three banks liquidated.....	70,000 00	
Capital, two banks closed	55,000 00	
Capital, one bank nationalized	200,000 00	1,000,245 00
Capital, November 10th, 1904, all paid in		\$9,772,750 00

CLOSED STATE BANKS.

Two banks were closed by this department during the year. They are:

Location.	Name.	Capital.	Receiver appointed.
1. Ashland.....	Security Savings Bank.....	\$50,000 00	Feb. 13, 1904
2. Plainfield.....	Bank of Plainfield.....	5,000 00	Oct. 18, 1904

STATEMENT OF THE SECURITY SAVINGS BANK OF ASHLAND,
FEBRUARY 13, 1904.

Resources.		Liabilities.	
1. Loans and discounts.....	\$114,664 16	1. Capital stock paid in.....	\$50,000 00
2. Overdrafts	3,960 51	2. Undivided profits.....	1,718 48
3. Stocks and securities.....	4,900 00	3. Deposits.....	107,616 74
4. Banking house.....	12,500 00	4. Due to banks	624 62
5. Furniture and fixtures ..	5,265 60		
6. Other real estate.....	16,000 00		
7. Due from banks.....	515 13		
8. Cash	866 45		
9. Expense account.....	1,317 99		
Total.....	\$159,989 84	Total.....	\$159,989 84

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF PLAINFIELD, DECEMBER 8, 1904.

Resources.		Liabilities.	
1. Loans and discounts.....	\$36,774 30	1. Capital stock paid in.....	\$5,000 00
2. Overdrafts	220 10	2. Profits, less loss and ex-	
3. Banking house.....	709 00	pense account.....	38 10
4. Due from banks	26,365 72	3. Deposits	59,711 49
5. Cash.....	639 47		
Total.....	\$64,749 59	Total.....	\$64,749 59

TABLE C

The following table shows the comparative condition of State, Private and Savings Banks, annually, since November 21, 1890, up to November 25th, 1902, and the condition of State and Mutual Savings Banks for the years 1903-1904.

	Nov. 21, 1890.	Nov. 6, 1897.	Dec. 1, 1898.	Dec. 2, 1899.	Dec. 13, 1900.	Dec. 10, 1901.	Nov. 25, 1902.	Nov. 17, 1903.	Nov. 10, 1904.
Number of state banks	130	130	133	135	143	157	185	345	370
Number of private banks. . .	109	110	114	124	10	137	141	.....	.....
Number of savings banks.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Total banks	240	241	248	260	274	295	327	347	372
RESOURCES.									
Loans and discounts	\$25,905,491 71	\$27,141,604 77	\$31,409,181 49	\$39,751,101 88	\$43,005,570 30	\$47,724,605 18	\$56,391,384 08	\$60,692,969 69	\$60,812,899 08
Unpaid capital.....	674,047 39	678,500 00	619,150 00	583,150 00	762,050 00	820,100 00	1,007,320 00	634,520 00	.....
Overdrafts	396,305 50	511,456 57	689,681 54	740,173 26	776,829 40	786,869 55	816,437 77	699,225 55	642,567 45
Banking house, furniture, etc.	1,385,502 36	1,324,510 32	1,356,709 60	1,376,615 53	1,432,809 48	1,524,218 61	1,666,150 02	1,810,729 69	1,994,481 41
Other real estate	1,471,614 91	1,362,827 72	1,361,737 13	1,447,606 76	827,312 06	751,997 12	800,427 17	416,501 08	345,395 74
Bonds, stocks and securities..	2,109,625 31	2,209,633 14	4,222,940 59	4,978,679 95	5,042,273 99	5,951,944 56	6,718,712 79	7,161,940 30	7,851,201 26
Cash items	68,557 24	77,782 61	140,114 85	141,826 09	165,415 97	231,812 46	221,561 15	444,567 60	457,831 91
Checks and clearing house ex.	331,478 36	390,983 40	407,782 15	565,141 40	383,560 80	564,563 63	530,980 34	430,155 62	444,981 77
Due from banks	5,458,468 43	9,180,424 56	10,621,640 30	11,600,801 41	11,738,509 37	13,823,218 97	13,862,766 67	13,405,636 36	13,461,842 67
U. S. and National currency ..	1,672,407 02	1,805,779 89	1,935,847 96	2,037,148 00	2,232,305 35	2,146,369 61	2,252,807 53	2,486,452 07	2,538,342 26
Gold coin	1,487,988 38	1,329,853 80	1,537,844 58	1,888,531 06	1,463,030 50	1,448,482 08	1,358,033 75	1,518,356 06	1,433,515 73
Silver coin	234,843 01	245,242 81	293,839 50	33,223 81	392,731 68	577,943 23	878,315 75	396,659 63	418,442 06
Nicksels and cents. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24,304 33	30,959 32	27,038 78	37,793 55	41,754 58
Revenue stamp account.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27,232 54	8,900 23	2,581 26	146 89	.....
Other resources.....	107,733 28	120,379 68	155,421 50	97,600 58	79,200 03	86,903 52	46,647 06	28,555 08	16,733 39
Totals	\$41,304,022 89	\$46,378,979 27	\$54,752,191 19	\$65,541,599 71	\$68,323,185 80	\$76,258,877 89	\$86,114,164 72	\$90,164,209 11	\$90,459,989 31
LIABILITIES.									
Capital stock	\$8,076,752 41	\$7,907,384 39	\$7,944,413 38	\$7,953,914 63	\$7,698,788 59	8,141,392 29	\$8,852,225 00	\$9,909,275 00	\$9,772,750 00
Surplus and profits.....	2,728,555 48	2,651,668 16	2,542,943 53	2,763,899 91	2,845,666 98	2,971,762 36	3,313,167 93	3,283,156 94	3,678,627 04
Deposits subject to check....	.....	.....	.....	.....	192,764 25	21,999,742 32	25,040,227 86	23,281,162 66	23,301,045 90
Certificates of deposit.....	29,311,403 73	34,646,213 74	42,721,155 03	53,057,408 24	25,935,355 95	29,182,166 67	32,616,024 91	35,345,879 32	34,946,176 86
Savings deposits.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106,967 23	11,960,977 96	14,033,959 01	16,470,239 58	17,041,502 70
Due to banks	415,824 34	806,443 68	1,103,792 88	1,423,601 28	1,290,939 74	1,594,946 12	1,352,611 47	1,077,129 59	574,993 42
Dividends unpaid .....	.....	.....	1,195 50	380 00	2,481 50	4,655 50	1,160 75	622 75	3,315 00
Certified checks .....	.....	.....	19,149 47	44,412 61	4,613 30	57,289 04	37,340 26	61,822 93	76,833 82
Cashier's checks outstanding.	.....	.....	65,509 67	89,474 20	78,966 77	123,280 07	138,007 78	160,505 19	137,295 80
Bills re-discounted	179,205 68	84,439 44	61,245 09	79,062 45	127,590 00	46,390 07	306,273 03	326,664 10	254,455 58
Bills payable	190,214 06	156,099 32	112,873 48	85,107 63	306,373 37	161,132 12	305,560 94	258,732 26	575,780 45
Other liabilities.....	402,067 19	126,730 54	179,908 16	44,338 76	21,707 12	15,143 37	87,605 78	8,938 69	7,212 74
Totals	\$41,304,022 89	\$46,378,979 27	\$54,752,191 19	\$65,541,599 71	\$68,323,185 80	\$76,258,877 89	\$86,114,164 72	\$90,164,209 11	\$90,459,989 31

ABSTRACT OF REPORTS OF THE NATIONAL BANKS OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN ON THE 10TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1904, AS MADE TO THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts.....	\$72,366,576 92	Capital stock paid in....	\$13,479,500 00
Overdrafts.....	848,159 97	Surplus fund.....	3,972,148 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation.....	6,718,920 00	Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid.....	2,743,427 54
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits.....	1,939,500 00	National bank-notes outstanding.....	6,578,235 00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits.....	125,000 00	Due to other national banks	4,429,939 35
U. S. bonds on hand.....	4,100 00	Due to state banks and bankers.....	4,462,791 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds....	227,542 53	Due to approved reserve agents.....	32,596 97
Stocks, securities, etc.....	9,350,250 06	Due to trust companies and savings banks.....	500,784 27
Banking house, furniture and fixtures.....	2,026,989 08	Dividends unpaid.....	3,359 75
Other real estate owned.....	212,255 04	Individual deposits, subject to check.....	82,968,398 19
Due from other national banks.....	2,772,971 81	United States deposits.....	1,661,422 40
Due from state banks and bankers.....	1,582,419 96	Deposits of United States disbursing officers.....	341,225 84
Due from approved reserve agents.....	14,109,457 86	Notes and bills rediscounted.....	53,505 83
Checks and other cash items	346,533 86	Bills payable.....	57,750 00
Exchanges for clearing house	897,260 90	Liabilities other than those above stated.....	217,898 48
Notes of other national banks.....	429,485 00	Bonds borrowed.....	50,000 00
Fractional currency, nickels, cents.....	37,218 44		
Specie.....	5,223,698 45		
Legal-tender notes.....	1,977,106 00		
Redemption fund with treasurer U. S.....	329,896 00		
Due from treasurer U. S.....	27,552 50		
Internal revenue stamps.....	88 22		
Total.....	\$121,552,982 60	Total.....	\$121,552,982 60

RAILROADS AND RAILROAD MILEAGE IN WISCONSIN BY YEARS,
FROM 1850 TO 1902.

Name of Company.	Miles in Wisconsin for year ending Dec. 31, 1902.	Mileage of railroad in Wisconsin by years.	
		Year.	Miles.
Abbotsford & Northeastern	15.16	1850	10.30
Ahnapee & Western	34.00	1851	35.48
Ashland Siskiwit & Iron River	48.00	1852	71.48
Big Falls R'y Co.	21.00	1853	90.08
Bayfield Harbor & Great Western, operated by Bayfield Transfer	15.86	1854	151.90
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	1,700.07	1855	318.73
Chicago & Northwestern	1,758.91	1856	507.75
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha.....	758.63	1857	700.18
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	222.57	1858	761.58
Chicago, Lake Shore & Eastern	17.33	1859	849.48
Chicago & Lake Superior	3.25	1860	880.71
Chicago, Madison & Northwestern, operated by Illinois Central	91.31	1861	900.71
Chippewa River & Menomonee	35.75	1862	957.18
Chippewa V. & N.	7.00	1863	957.18
Drummond & South Western	21.75	1864	1,030.28
Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	107.88	1865	1,030.28
Duluth, Superior & Western Terminal Co.....	6.16	1866	1,030.28
Dunbar & Wausaukee	35.00	1867	1,030.28
Eastern Railway Co. of Minnesota.....	38.15	1868	1,089.04
Fairchild & North Eastern	34.00	1869	1,149.99
Green Bay & Western	225.00	1870	1,236.43
Hawthorne, Nebagamon & Superior	25.00	1871	1,798.33
Hazelhurst & South Eastern	17.00	1872	1,975.41
Holmes & Son R'y	42.00	1873	2,378.98
Iola & Northern	4.70	1874	2,465.93
Glenwood & Northeastern	15.00	1875	2,513.92
Kewaunee, Green Bay & Western.....	36.70	1876	2,647.64
Lake Shore & Eastern, operated by John R. Davis Lumber Co.	17.00	1877	2,707.74
Lake Superior Terminal & Transfer R'y Co..	15.70	1878	2,798.07
Mattoon R'y Co.	29.36	1879	2,909.90
Marquette, Tomahawk and Western.....	46.20	1880	3,120.22
Minneapolis, St. Paul & Ashland	38.50	1881	3,425.22
Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie....	330.43	1882	3,702.54
Northern Pacific	149.68	1883	3,895.58
Northwestern Coal Ry. Co.	2.53	1884	4,259.48
Oshkosh Transportation Co., operated by C. & N. W.	4.28	1885	4,336.41
Robbin's	26.00	1886	4,746.55
West Range	7.00	1887	5,082.62
Winona Bridge R'y Co. ....	.54	1888	5,272.04
Wisconsin & Michigan	46.12	1889	5,389.54
Whitcomb & Morris	6.00	1890	5,471.71
Wisconsin Central	877.55	1891	5,548.63
Wisconsin Western (successor to Kickapoo V. & N.)	51.68	1892	5,784.57
		1893	5,925.47
		1894	6,093.68
Total mileage	6,957.72	1895	6,176.79
		1896	6,193.31
		1897	6,205.00
		1898	6,284.16
		1899	6,487.20
		1900	6,502.00
		1901	6,725.15
		1902	6,987.72
		1903	*6,862.16
		1904	6,923.34

*The railroad mileage for the years 1903 and 1904 is less than for the year 1902. This is accounted for by the fact that many logging roads formerly used have been taken up.

COUNTY OFFICERS FOR 1905 AND 1906.

Counties.	County Seats.	Sheriff.	Register of Deeds.
Adams	Friendship	Jas. M. Crothers	Wm. Walker.
Ashland	Ashland	D. McCune	Fred Peterson.
Barron	Barron	Hawken Knutson	N. C. Gilstad.
Bayfield	Washburn	H. J. Conlin	Nels Myhre.
Brown	Green Bay	F. A. Van Veghel	A. E. Martin.
Buffalo	Alma	Knute Johnson	J. A. Ganz.
Burnett	Grantsburg	Chas. Sandberg	And. A. Anderson.
Calumet	Chilton	W. S. Lloyd	H. H. Greve.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	Isaac Land	J. H. Stanley.
Clark	Neillsville	Don C. Dwyer	Oscar Fricke.
Columbia	Portage	Don C. French	Chas. H. Smith.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	Peter J. Sime	Henry Turbett.
Dane	Madison	John P. Halbach	Geo. W. Stoner.
Dodge	Juneau	Chas. Lentz	Thos. D. Pluck.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Aug. A. Minor	Andrew Nelson.
Douglas	Superior	Alex. McKenzie	Helge Johnson.
Dunn	Menomonie	Willard L. Smith	H. C. Inenfeldt.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Karl J. Duffenbach	A. M. Anderson.
Florence	Florence	John W. Malloy	Jos. D. Clements.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	J. C. Harcum	T. Markle.
Forest	Crandon	Leoard Sargent	Henry L. Andrews.
Gates	Ladysmith	Herbert W. True	A. L. Matchette.
Grant	Lancaster	Robert Glenn	Geo. M. Gunderson.
Green	Monroe	Nicholas S. Durst	Stephen S. Summers.
Green Lake	Dartford	Henry A. Graham	Robert H. Parry.
Iowa	Dodgeville	Thos. H. Hoskins	Thos. J. Paynter.
Iron	Hurley	Jas. J. Defer	Richard E. Roberts.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Geo. G. Adams	Samuel Lund.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Geo. P. Gates	Henry O. Nevins.
Juneau	Mauston	Chas. P. Babcock	Louis S. Marsh.
Kenosha	Kenosha	John H. Veitch	Perkin C. Torrey.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Albert Lietz	J. H. Dewane.
La Crosse	La Crosse	John S. Hougen	John Streeter.
Lafayette	Darlington	Geo. W. Watson	Peter B. Nelson.
Langlade	Antigo	John Dreggs	William Reader.
Lincoln	Merrill	Justin Means	Geo. M. Emerich.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Fred Eggert	Geo. C. Routhier.
Marathon	Wausau	F. F. Damon	Wm. R. Chellis.
Marinette	Marinette	Thos. W. Brown	F. N. Bernardy.
Marquette	Montello	A. D. Wilkins	C. R. Roskie.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	William J. Cary	Otto Seidel, Jr.
Monroe	Sparta	Herman G. Falk	Thos. C. Longwell.
Oconto	Oconto	B. H. Armstrong	O. B. Parisey.
Oneida	Rhineland	W. t. Stevens	J. L. McLaughlin.
Outagamie	Appleton	Albert G. Koch	Bernard J. Zuehlke.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	Frank Delles	Wm. Ahlhouse.
Pepin	Durand	Warren Taylor	H. R. Anderson.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Michael N. gent.	W. W. Walsingham.
Polk	Balsam Lake	John Edman	Simon K. Tvetten.
Portage	Stevens Point	Geo. F. Hebard	A. F. Wyatt.
Price	Phillips	Chas. A. Swerd	Orin P. Chandler.
Racine	Racine	A. E. Emmett	John E. Rawlands.
Richland	Richland Center	Geo. H. Roubesh	J. M. Shireman.
Rock	Janesville	Wallace Cochrane	Chas. H. Werick.
St. Croix	Hudson	Adolph Johnson	Wm. S. Fleming.
Sauk	Baraboo	Wm. C. Hill	Harry Thornton.
Sawyer	Hayward	James Gvland	Richard Phelan.
Shawano	Shawano	Christ. Hill	Patrick F. Dolan.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Henry L. Zurheide	Louis G. Cornelius.
Taylor	Me. ford	Peter Waschatka	Hugh A. McDonald.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	Nels J. Nelson	Christian Ringleg.
Vernon	Viroqua	Chas. E. Ward	Claus. Gilbertson.
Vilas	Eagle River	John E. Hanson	Walter B. Raymond.
Walworth	Elkhorn	George L. Harrington	Frank G. Holmes.
Washburn	Shell Lake	Geo. E. Stratton	Chas. A. Shaver.
Washington	West Bend	Adam Held	John W. Gehl.
Waukesha	Waukesha	Wm. E. Kunz	J. H. Green.
Waupaca	Waupaca	Fred Hess	Ole G. Frogner.
Waushara	Waughta	John R. Jones	C. F. Youngman.
Winebago	Oshkosh	Eber Simpson	Wm. H. Fleweger.
Wood	Grand Rapids	Wm. E. Little	Wm. S. Powell.

COUNTY OFFICERS--Continued.

Counties.	County Seats.	County Treasurer.	District Attorney.
Adams	Friendship	Orlando Matthew	P. G. Colipp.
Ashland	Ashland	C. M. Archibald	M. E. Dillon.
Barron	Barron	Bennie Johuson	J. W. Soderberg.
Bayfield	Washburn	John Forseth	C. F. Morris.
Brown	Green Bay	Ferdinand Wittig	Jno. A. Kittell.
Ruflalo	Alma	C. W. Claffin	M. L. Eugina.
Burnett	Grantsburg	A. E. Nelson	A. J. Myrland.
Calumet	Chilton	Henry Schley	G. C. Hume.
Chippewa	Clippewa Falls	Julius Howland	Dayton E. Cook.
Clark	Neillsville	Jno. Huntzicker	F. M. Jackson.
Columbia	Portage	Julius Kluender	Henry Gunderson.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	Thos. DeLacy	W. R. Graves.
Dano	Madison	Robt. E. Davis	Frank L. Gilbert.
Dodge	Juneau	John Deniger	Paul O. Husting.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Jos. G. Dalemont	Y. V. Druetzer.
Douglas	Superior	David Dobie	Wm. R. Foley.
Dunn	Menomonie	Frank A. Vasey	J. W. Macaulay.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	James M. Vance	Fred Arnold.
Florence	Florence	Herman S. Hanson	Max Sells.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Edw. H. Lyons	E. A. Worthing.
Forest	Crandon	E. O. Woodbury	James A. Walsh.
Gates	Ladysmith	John M. Hurless	Glenn H. Williams.
Grant	Lancaster	James Wenzel	A. V. Kopp.
Green	Monroe	B. T. Raymond	John J. Sherron.
Green Lake	Dartford	Geo. S. Thrasher	Phillip H. Lehner.
Iowa	Dodgeville	Henry D. James	Jas. M. Treweek.
Iron	Hurley	Dale C. Bennett	Geo. C. Foster.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Andrew S. Fenny	F. J. Reichenbach.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Herbert Springer	E. J. Davies.
Juneau	Mauston	Lars. O. Larson	H. J. Mortensen.
Kenosha	Kenosha	Henry Faultless	Robt. Verno Baker.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Joseph Filz	Thos. F. Konof.
La Crosse	La Crosse	Herman Roesler	Otto Bosshard.
Lafayette	Darlington	Bennett E. Everson	Jos. K. Carey.
Langlade	Antigo	A. P. Church	Henry Hay.
Lincoln	Merrill	Ed. L. Bosworth	M. C. Porter.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Frank Beman	A. L. Hougén.
Marathon	Wausau	R. H. Juedis	F. E. Bump.
Marinette	Marinette	C. W. Sundstrom	Token O. Miller.
Marquette	Montello	Thos. O'Connor	D. W. McNamara.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Geo. Thuering	F. E. McGovern.
Monroe	Sparta	A. L. Frohmader	Wm. B. Naylor, Jr.
Oconto	Oconto	Jno. O. Lindgren	James J. Gill.
Oneida	Rhineland	N. T. Baldwin	Sam S. Miller.
Outagamie	Appleton	Chas. Baker	A. H. Krugmier.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	John H. Johannes	Joseph W. Collins.
Pepin	Durand	Albert Anderson	W. E. Plummer.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Fred W. Kendall	Geo. Thompson.
Polk	Balsam Lake	Albert Newman	Geo. R. Frye.
Portage	Stevens Point	Ben Halverson	G. M. Dahl.
Price	Phillips	Olo J. Johnson	W. K. Parkinson.
Racine	Racine	Hans. P. Nelson	E. E. Gittings.
Richland	Richland Center	Grant M. Dillon	Pearl L. Lincoln.
Rock	Janesville	Oliver P. Smith	Wm. Newhouse.
St. Croix	Hudson	John A. Smith	Harry H. Dean.
Sauk	Baraboo	John E. Witwen	Ed C. Gottry.
Sawyer	Hayward	Wm. Biesler	Frank L. McNamara.
Shawano	Shawano	Ellsworth D. Reinehard	Edgar V. Werner.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Chas. H. Schulz	Edward Voigt.
Taylor	Madford	Martin Connaughty	Herman Leicht.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	Chas. N. Webster	Earl P. Honsel.
Vernon	Viroqua	Sorger Berge	Earl B. Harkin.
Vilas	Little River	Chas. Law, Jr	Geo. O'Connor.
Walworth	Elkhor	H. H. Foot	John P. Ingals.
Washburn	Shell Lake	D. A. Stouffer	L. H. Mead.
Washington	West Bend	Jacob Zeigler	John C. Russell.
Waukesha	Waukesha	E. P. Reford	D. W. Agnew.
Waupaca	Waupaca	John A. Stewart	Wm. N. Martin.
Waushara	Wautoma	A. B. Engel	E. F. Kileen.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	Benj. Edwards	C. D. Jackson.
Wood	Grand Rapids	P. F. Bean	T. W. Brazeau.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

Counties.	County Seats.	County Clerk.	Clerk of Circuit Court.
Adams	Friendship	G. S. Pease	Andrew Hesler.
Ashland	Ashland	Theodore R. Yankee	Jacob Yderstad.
Barron	Barron	Andrew Gulickson.	John C. Beckwith.
Bayfield	Washburn	Nels M. Oscar	Frederick A. Bell.
Brown	Green Bay	E. S. Hall	Wm. Handyside.
Buffalo	Alma	Edward Hanson	John M. Thompson.
Burnett	Grantsburg	W. E. Armstrong	Newton Hickerson.
Calumet	Chilton	Otto Reinbold	R. C. Hageman.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	W. F. Horn	C. E. Preston.
Clark	Neillsville	C. M. Bradford	F. W. Draper.
Columbia	Portage	William O. Cordy	L. B. Moore.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	W. S. Allen	Wm. Atchison.
Dane	Madison	Frank B. Goff	N. P. Stenjem.
Dodge	Juneau	Otto R. Krueger	Geo. W. Theisen.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	James S. Halstad.	Allen Higgins.
Douglas	Superior	Chas. Flagstad	Fred J. Seguin.
Dunn	Menomonie	Chas. G. Sedgwick	Ole N. Oleson.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	John H. Nygaard	Geo. J. Losby.
Florence	Florence	J. J. Pontbriand	Chas. S. Hopkins.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Alfred Wilkinson	Chas. A. Worthing.
Forest	Crandon	C. G. Himley	Wm. Bassett.
Gates	Ladysmith	F. E. Monroe	E. W. Hill.
Grant	Lancaster	Chas. E. Tuffley	A. W. Hastings.
Green	Monroe	I. M. Stauffacher	Samuel Hum.
Green Lake	Dartford	W. A. William	Geo. F. Yahr.
Iowa	Dodgeville	R. E. Gribble	Thos. Gibbon.
Iron	Hutley	Wm. D. Tyler	Jos. Prigenti.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Ed N. Samdahl	Wm. E. Pratt.
Jefferson	Jefferson	Giles Hibbard	Wm. H. Rohr.
Juneau	Mauston	Jas. A. Kimball	Louis Weidenbeck.
Kenosha	Kenosha	Wm. C. Crosby	John B. Maloney.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Jos. F. Valecka	August Fenske.
La Crosse	La Crosse	C. H. Rawlinson	Geo. D. Wright.
Lafayette	Darlington	Geo. E. Hobbs	J. C. Oates.
Langlade	Antigo	V. P. Rath	A. J. Nowotny.
Lincoln	Merrill	John Brandt	Geo. H. Sales.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	E. C. Schaffland	Chas. E. Cary.
Marathon	Wausau	John King	A. A. Bock.
Marinette	Marinette	Elmer Grimmer	A. A. Cole.
Marquette	Montello	Wm. Gunderjahn	F. J. Dodge.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Frank O. Phelps	Albion A. Wieber.
Monroe	Sparta	C. B. Drowatzky	Ole Jackson.
Oconto	Oconto	Lincoln Leigh	R. A. Mintely.
Oneida	Rhineland	W. W. Carr	E. C. Sturdevant.
Outagamie	Appleton	A. A. Raisler	Glen Moss.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	Lothar Sauer	James Hedding.
Pepin	Durand	John Dorwin	Andrew Rohrscheib.
Pierce	Ellsworth	Ole J. Hoble	L. G. Spinney.
Polk	Balsam Lake	A. Markee	L. E. Parslow.
Portage	Stevens Point	Chas. A. Lane	Frank G. Timm.
Price	Phillips	Wm. H. Ltpfels	Alex. Rasmussen.
Racine	Racine	William Bell	John R. Hulbert.
Richland	Richland Center	Geo. Wulfang	E. J. Landon.
Rock	Janesville	Howard W. Lee	Ward A. Stevens.
St. Croix	Hudson	H. S. Olfendahl	Wm. F. Behrens.
Sauk	Baraboo	Chas. Jungo	U. C. Keller.
Sawyer	Hayward	Jens Jorgensen	Henry Horne.
Shawano	Shawano	Fred G. Bremer	Lewis D. Colson.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	E. B. Matton	A. P. Croghan.
Taylor	Medford	Wm. Martin	W. E. Hibbard.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	John P. Hanson	E. J. Kidder.
Vernon	Viroqua	John J. Marshall	David F. Mains.
Vilas	Eagle River	Wm. Bradford	Amos Radcliffe.
Walworth	Elkhorn	Grant D. Harrington.	T. R. Morgan.
Washburn	Shell Lake	P. E. Leonard	Th. Evers.
Washington	West Bend	Anton Thielmann	Albert J. Hommy.
Waukesha	Waukesha	S. R. Clark	C. J. Frazier.
Waupaca	Waupaca	L. F. Shoemaker	Ingebut Ovrom.
Waushara	Wautoma	C. A. McIntyre	Wm. L. Roberts.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	John J. Fish	Fred Badger.
Wood	Grand Rapids	Geo. W. Davis	Albert B. Bever.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

Counties.	County Seats.	County Surveyor.	Coronor.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	August C. Althaus.....	W. R. Atcherson.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Geo. H. Parker.....	Henry Scott.
Barron.....	Barron.....	Henry J. Mitchell.....	Geo. F. Tanner.
Bayfield.....	Washburn.....	Hugo C. Nelson.....	Herman G. Mertens.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	August Brannus.....	Grosgory Bremeret.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Elmer Busch.....	J. M. Pratt.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	E. G. Mazwell.....	Peter M. Bakke.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	E. E. Thurston.....	A. S. Hipke.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	C. A. Grahn.....	Wm. Osborne.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	C. S. Stockwell.....	Jno. A. Iverson.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	C. E. Corning.....	W. G. Bunker.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien.....	A. L. Hurlbut.....	H. L. Rittenhouse.
Dane.....	Madison.....	Wm. L. Marcey.....	M. M. Lynch.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	Geo. W. Morse.....	Chas. Gruber.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	Frank McCollough.....	Wm. Darling.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	Frank Burquist.....	H. E. Dudley.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Daniel W. Waite.....	Geo. Gallaway.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	Geo. M. Hudson.....	Julius Falk.
Florence.....	Florence.....	John Rudstrum.....	W. F. Carr.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Frank Andrus.....	H. H. Brown.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	David S. Bishop.....	S. M. E. Smith.
Gates.....	Ladysmith.....	F. M. Sergeant.....	W. B. O'Connor.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	Wm. Appleby.....	James O. Laird.
Green.....	Monroe.....	A. C. Stuntz.....	Tillman H. Jones.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	Robt. H. Spragg.....	B. F. Bodle.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	Robt. L. Joiner.....	H. W. P. Greenwood.
Iron.....	Hurley.....	Louis Johnson.....	Chas. Guttkrunst.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	Courtland M. Keach.....	H. B. Cole.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	Ed. Reichenbach.....	Fred Sydow.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	Sidney Kennedy.....	Geo. E. Sheldon.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	A. H. Blood.....	H. A. Robinson.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	Constant Thiry.....	Chas. Hoffman.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	Geo. P. Bradish.....	Ed. Cronon.
Lafayette.....	Darlington.....	Geo. A. Marshall.....	Geo. W. Lee.
Langlade.....	Antigo.....	E. S. Brooks.....	H. A. Mills.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	Louis Kleinschmidt.....	L. B. Collier.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Louis K. Pitz.....	Emil Christenson.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	R. M. Brown.....	W. C. Dickens.
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	H. A. McCalum.....	James Tweedie.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	G. E. Phillips.....	C. W. Babcock.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Fred Kirchman.....	H. J. Broegman.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	Fred A. Holden.....	Wm. B. Cassis.
Ozonto.....	Oconto.....	Thos. E. Mills.....	Ernest Wittkopf.
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	D. H. Vaughn.....	Chas. Decauter.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	Chas. Gillett.....	Thos. E. Johnston.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	Wm. F. Jahn.....	Geo. B. Horn.
Pepin.....	Durand.....	Geo. A. McGilton.....	M. A. Shaw.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	Carl W. Jenson.....	John S. Copley.
Polk.....	Balsam Lake.....	Wm. H. McCourt.....	C. P. Horn.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	F. E. Halladay.....	Harry D. Boston.
Price.....	Phillips.....	Wm. H. Nichols.....	Ludwig Kollmar.
Racine.....	Racine.....	T. H. Knight.....	Jonas Hoyle.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	James M. Appleby.....	Geo. Francisco.
Rock.....	Jamesville.....	Chas. V. Korch.....	Geo. Parker.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	John McClure.....	E. L. Boothby.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	Gustav Scharnke.....	Geo. B. Gibbons.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	Henry Crawford.....	E. N. Brathen.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	John A. Melendy.....	Nic Marx.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Louis Bode.....	Peter Peagan.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	John Logan.....	L. H. Latton.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	A. A. Arnold.....	W. E. Parker.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Alex. Ristow.....	W. W. Dunlap.
Vilas.....	Eagle River.....	John Scanlon.....	E. M. Weaver.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	J. G. Maxon.....	Chas. L. Lyon.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	Geo. W. Harmon.....	A. E. Costello.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	Donald Cameron.....	Wm. Colvin.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	Wm. Powrie.....	Chas. Hill.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	N. H. Smith.....	Stephen L. Perry.
Waushara.....	Wautoma.....	Wm. N. Cain.....	R. W. Hubbell.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	H. W. Leach.....	T. D. Phillips.
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	Warren Severus.....	Jacob Lusk.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

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COUNTY OFFICERS.—Continued.

Counties.	County Seats.	County Supt.	County Judge.
Adams	Friendship	John P. Lewis.....	John B. Keyes.
Ashland	Ashland	W. L. Schuppert..	J. McCully.
Barron	Barron	Thos. H. Lage ..	C. W. Meadows.
Bayfield	Washburn	Jessie N. Smith...	W. H. Irish.
Brown	Green Bay	John B. Fournier.	H. J. Huntington.
Buffalo	Alma	W. J. Eberwein...	Robert Lees.
Burnett	Grantsburg	Mabel C. Ahlstrom	F. G. Dahlberg.
Calumet	Chilton	Leo P. Fox	E. W. Paulsen.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls ..	Angeline Prince...	J. E. Pannier.
Clark	Neillsville	A. O. Rhea	G. L. Jacques.
Columbia	Portage	S. C. Cushman...	W. S. Stroud.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien ..	E. E. Brindley...	Jas. A. Curran.
Dane, 1st district.	Madison	Sylvanus Ames...	A. G. Zimmerman.
Dane, 2d district.	Madison	Guy Ives	J. A. Barney.
Dodge	Juneau	John Kelley	Jacob Dehos.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	J. A. Erchenger ..	Lewis S. Larson.
Douglas	Superior	Mrs. J. Richardson	W. S. Swenson.
Dunn	Menomonie	N. O. Varnum	G. L. Blum.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Lura Burce	Frank Waring.
Florence	Florence	N. C. Jensen	A. E. Richter.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	A. B. Adamson...	A. J. Griffin.
Forest	Crandon	H. A. Kamm	U. S. Manning.
Gates	Ladysmith	W. N. Mackin	E. B. Goodsell.
Grant	Lancaster	Chas. H. Nye	John M. Becker.
Green	Monroe	J. Carl Penn	S. G. Potter.
Green Lake	Dartford	W. H. Hunt	Aldro Jenks.
Iowa	Dodgeville	Alfred Kuykendall.	Albert Wanger.
Iron	Hurley	Alba L. Ruggles...	Frank Johnson.
Jackson	Black River Falls.	F. D. Dell	George Grimm.
Jefferson	Jefferson	J. A. Haselwood...	W. G. Beebe.
Juneau	Mauston	Roll Harrison	R. H. Slossen.
Kenosha	Kenosha	Geo. W. Taylor ..	Louis Bruemmer.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Wm. Drissen	John Brindley.
La Crosse	La Crosse	B. F. Oltman	C. F. Osborn.
Lafayette	Darlington	E. R. Patterson...	John W. Parsons.
Langlade	Antigo	A. M. Arverson ..	M. G. Hoffman.
Lincoln	Merrill	Harvey Hamlin...	John Chloppek.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	F. Christiansen...	W. B. Quinlan.
Marathon	Wausau	John F. Lamont...	Henry Miller.
Marinette	Marinette	Robt. C. Ramsey...	Neil Dimond.
Marquette	Montello	Ellen Hammond...	Paul D. Carpenter.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Jesse P. Corry ..	Robt. B. McCoy.
Monroe	Sparta	Geo. H. Robertson.	H. F. Jones.
Oconto	Oconto	Frank W. Heath...	L. J. Billings.
Oneida	Rhineland	Fred M. Mason...	Henry Kriess.
Outagamie	Appleton	Arthur Meating...	Henry B. Schwin.
Ozaukee	Port Washington ..	Richard Beger	W. B. Newcomb.
Pepin	Durand	Mary Oleson	Allen P. Weld.
Pierce	Ellsworth	A. J. Ingli	C. H. Oakey.
Polk	Balsam Lake	C. W. Monty	John A. Murat.
Portage	Stevens Point	And. P. Een	E. W. Murray.
Price	Phillips	May McNelly	M. W. Heck.
Racine	Racine	J. J. Pettijohn...	W. S. McCorkle.
Richland	Richland Center ..	R. H. Burns	John W. Sale.
Rock, 1st district.	Janesville	C. Hemmingway...	Otto W. Arnquist.
Rock, 2d district.	Janesville	O. D. Antisdel ..	W. P. Kelsey.
St. Croix	Hudson	J. D. O'Keefe	Sam'l J. Williams.
Sauk	Baraboo	G. F. Snyder	Marlon Wescott.
Sawyer	Hayward	Effie M. Harringt'n	P. T. Krez.
Shawano	Shawano	L. D. Roberts	J. C. Stobbs.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	G. H. Drewey	Robert A. Odell.
Taylor	Medford	A. J. Latton	D. C. Mahoney.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	L. S. Keith	N. A. Colman.
Vernon	Viroqua	H. L. Gardner	J. F. Lyon.
Vilas	Eagle River	Ella O'Leary	A. L. Bugbee.
Walworth	Elkhorn	J. G. Voss	Pat O'Meara.
Washburn	Shell Lake	W. C. Crocker	M. S. Griswold.
Washington	West Bend	Silas W. Bennett...	J. M. Hatch.
Waukesha	Waukesha	J. R. Rockefeller...	John Clark.
Waupaca	Waupaca	C. B. Stanley	C. D. Cleveland.
Waushara	Wautoma	Guy Mumbroe	W. J. Conway.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	George Overton...	
Wood	Grand Rapids	Robert Morris	

OFFICERS OF AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES IN WISCONSIN.

Counties.	Name of Society.	President.	Secretary.	Postoffice Address of Secretary.	Treasurer.
Adams	Adams County Agricultural Assn.	Edw. Paulson	Geo. W. Bingham.	Friendship	R. S. Harrison.
Ashland	Ashland County Agricultural Society	J. J. McGe han	W. G. Nohl	Ashland	John Hedman.
Barron	Cumberland Agr. & Driving Park Assn	H. P. Peterson	A. H. Larson	Cumberland	A. H. Miller.
Barron	Barron County Agricultural Society	J. S. Crisler	V. H. Paradis	Rice Lake	E. L. Everts.
Bayfield	Bayfield County Fair Assn	Thomas O' Toole.	Geo. W. Ripley	Iron River	R. A. Steckbaur.
Brown	Brown County Horticultural Society	I. J. Dickey	F. B. Desnoyers	Green Bay	Andrew Reis.
Buffalo	Buffalo County Agricultural Society.	C. B. Otis	Myron Fisher	Mondovi	N. A. Reese.
Burnett	Burnett County Agricultural Society.	J. H. Jensen	A. A. Anderson	Grantsburg	A. E. Nelson.
Calumet	Calumet County Agricultural Society	Fred Bormann.	Gregory Dorschell.	Chilton	W. S. Lloyd.
Chippewa	Northern Wisconsin State Fair	A. G. Cox	Robt. B. Clark	Chippewa Falls	W. W. Flinn.
Clark	Clark County Agricultural Society.	J. W. Hommel	Homer C. Clark	Neillsville.	G. L. Redmond.
Columbia	Lodi Union Agricultural Society.	F. W. Groves	A. H. Hinds	Lodi	A. R. Reynolds.
Columbia	Kilbourn Inter-County Fair & Amusement Assn.	Nat Wetzel	G. H. Campbell	Kilbourn	C. E. Wintermute.
Columbia	Columbia County Agricultural Society	J. H. Wells	J. B. Jones	Portage	E. N. McConochie
Crawford	Crawford County Agricultural Society.	J. L. McLaughlin.	John J. Collins	Seneca	Geo. C. Brtel.
Dane	Dane County Agricultural Society	Jno. T. King	M. W. Terwilliger	Madison	Wm. Fehlandt.
Dodge	Dodge County Fair Assn	A. L. Wallace	C. W. Farvey	Beaver Dam	H. B. Drake.
Dunn	Dunn County Agricultural Society	J. B. Chickering	Geo. Gallaway	Menomonie	F. A. Vasey.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire County Agricultural Society.	Geo. Bills	Bert Frederick	Agusta	A. E. Bradford.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac County Agricultural Society	G. N. Mihails	J. W. Watson	Fond du Lac	J. H. Boirne.
Grant	Boscobel Agricultural & Driving Park Assn	C. W. Ray	Geo. A. Moore	Lancaster	C. H. Baxter.
Grant	Platteville Fair & Agricultural Society	Hugh Mathews	Louis B. Ruka.	Boscobel	J. B. Nauert.
Grant	Green County Agricultural Society.	John Embos	C. H. Gribble	Platteville	John Woodward.
Green	Green County Agricultural Society.	Willis Ludlow	W. T. Saucerman.	Monroe	Lewis A. Hodges.
Green Lake	Berlin Agricultural & Industrial Assn	Herman W. Temme	H. E. Stedman	Berlin	E. C. Bunce.
Iowa	Southwestern Wisconsin Fair Assn.	W. J. Penhalligan	Edw. Brown	Mineral Point	Phil Allen, Jr.
Iowa	Iowa County Agricultural Society.	Thomas Hogan	John I. Hahn	Dodgeville	Henry D. James.
Jackson	Jackson County Agricultural Society	Jno. Bolger	E. L. Ormsby	Black River Falls	O. F. Olson
Jefferson	Jefferson County & Rock River Valley Agr. Soc.	W. H. Carlin	Chas. Westphal.	Ft. Atkinson	F. P. Kispert.
Juneau	Juneau County Agricultural Society	S. C. Plummer	I. C. Baldwin	Mauston	F. A. Adler.
Juneau	Elroy Fair Assn.	Dan. F. Conway	P. A. Cleary	Elroy	Dr. C. S. Smith.
La Crosse	La Crosse Inter-State Fair Assn	T. H. Spence	C. S. VanAuken	La Crosse	E. M. Wing.
La Crosse	La Crosse County Agricultural Society	John Markle	Frank Aiken	La Crosse	Westby J. Dawson.
Lafayette	Lafayette County Agricultural Society	J. G. Monahan	Geo. Ward	Darlington	P. H. Conley.
Langlade	Langlade County Agricultural Society	Geo. A. French	Richard Koebke.	Antigo	H. A. Kohl.
Lincoln	Lincoln County Agricultural Society	H. P. Fehland.	John W. Bruce	Merrill	Wm. F. Peterman.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc County Industrial Society	Christ Muth	Edw. L. Kelley	Manitowoc	John Standt.
Marathon	Marathon County Agricultural Society	S. M. Quaw	L. K. Wright	Wausau	E. C. Zimmermann.
Marquette	Marquette County Agricultural Society	W. W. Quina	W. P. Fuller, Jr.	Westfield	C. E. King.

Monroe	Sparta Driving & Agricultural Society.....	Fred Gross.....	D. F. Bowler	Sparta	John O'Brien.....
Monroe	Eastern Monroe County Agricultural Society.....	G. A. Leak	H. J. Skinner	Tomah	W. W. Warren.....
Oconto	Oconto County Fair Assn	O. A. Ellis	J. B. Chase.....	Oconto	J. O. Lindgren.....
Oneida	Oneida County Agricultural Society	Prescott Calkins..	T. R. Welch	Rhineland	A. Taylor.....
Oneida Reserve.....	Oneida Agricultural Society	Joseph Smith.....	Adam Siciles.....	West DePere	Wm. Michelstetter.....
Outagamie	Seymour Fair & Driving Park Assn	Peter Tubbs.....	H. J. VanVuren.....	Seymour	Martin Metschen.....
Outagamie	New London Agricultural & Industrial Assn	Aug. Roloff	Giles H. Putnam.....	New London.....	M. W. Knapstein.....
Outagamie	Outagamie County Agricultural Society.....	John Dey	A. L. Murphy	Hortonville.....	E. S. Palmer.....
Ozaukee	Ozaukee County Agricultural Society.....	Wm. H. Rintleman	Jacob Dietrich	Cedarburg	L. E. Schroeder.....
Pepin	Pepin County Agricultural Society.....	E. J. Ryan	C. A. Ingram	Durand	W. S. Kepler.....
Pierce	Pierce County Fair	J. W. Hancock	E. S. Doolittle	Elsworth	H. R. Huber.....
Polk	Polk County Fair Assn	Thos. H. Thompson	Geo. H. Ely	St. Croix Falls.....	D. D. Sallie.....
Portage	Portage County Agricultural Society.....	W. J. Nevins	A. J. Smith	Amherst	L. A. Pomeroy.....
Price	Price County Agricultural Society.....	F. L. Hunt	W. H. Graham	Phillips	G. M. Chamberlain.....
Richland	Kickapoo Valley Agr. & Driving Park Assn	J. C. Hull	J. H. Frazier	Viola	N. H. Burgor.....
Richland	Richland County Agricultural Society.....	J. W. Martin.....	W. F. J. Fogo	Richland Center.....	R. C. Lybrand.....
Rock	Evansville Rock County Agricultural Society	W. E. Campbell	W. W. Gilies	Evansville	Geo. L. Pullen.....
Sauk	Sauk County Agricultural Society	Charles Wild	S. A. Pelton.....	Baraboo	F. E. Schults.....
Sauk	Baraboo Valley Agricultural Society	E. G. Stolte	W. A. Stolte.....	Reedsburg	G. W. Hass.....
Shawano	Shawano County Agricultural Society	F. W. Humphrey	F. J. Martin	Shawano	Chas. Brockman.....
Sheboygan	Sheboygan County Agricultural Society	C. D. Eastman	H. J. Grelzer	Plymouth.....	E. A. Dow.....
St. Croix	New Richmond Park Assn. & Agricultural Soc.	O. J. Williams	J. A. Huges	New Richmond.....	L. A. Meier.....
Taylor	Taylor County Mechanical & Agricultural Soc.	F. M. Shaw.....	W. H. Tonne	Medford	Walter Young.....
Trempealeau	Trempealeau County Agricultural Society.....	D. D. Chappell	A. C. Hagestad	Etrick	Fred Whiffler.....
Trempealeau	Arcadia Agricultural & Driving Assn	H. E. Simpson	Geo. Mathys.....	Arcadia	J. H. McL'es.....
Vernon	Vernon County Agricultural Society	F. M. Minshall	F. W. Alexander	Viroqua	E. V. Wernick.....
Walworth	Hillsboro Agricultural & Driving Assn	Ed. Hammer	A. N. Jones.....	Hillsboro	James E. Brett.....
Washington	Walworth County Agricultural Society	D. P. Clough	H. C. Norris.....	Elkhorn	A. Frankenberg.....
Washington	Washington County Agricultural Society.....	S. S. Barney.....	W. P. Rix	West Bend	H. J. Becker.....
Waupaca	Waupaca County Agricultural Society.....	Albert Smith	M. M. Hill	Weyauwega.....	Geo. P. Walker.....
Waushara	Waushara County Agricultural Society.....	Gilbert Tennant.....	F. F. Wehsner	Wautoma	W. W. Noll.....
Wood	Central Wisconsin State Fair Assn	C. I. Morrison.....	Geo. H. Welton.....	Marshfield	

POLITICAL PARTIES AND PLATFORMS.

POLITICAL PARTIES OF THE U. S. AND OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN IN 1904.

Nominees of all organizations for President, together with national and state platforms, party organizations and convention dates, together with party nominees as appearing on the official ballot in Wisconsin.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEES, 1904.

REPUBLICAN—JUNE 22.

President.

Vice-President.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, of N. Y. CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS, of Indiana.
DEMOCRATIC—JULY 9.

ALTON B. PARKER, of New York. HENRY G. DAVIS, West Virginia.
SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC—MAY 5.

EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana. BENJAMIN HANFORD, of New York.
PROHIBITION—JULY 4.

SILAS C. SWALLOW, of Pennsylvania. GEO. W. CARROLL, of Texas
PEOPLE'S PARTY—JULY 4.

THOS. E. WATSON,* of Georgia. THOS. H. PEBBLES, of Nebraska
SOCIAL LABOR PARTY—JULY 4, 1904.

CHARLES H. CORREGAN,* of New York. WILLIAM W. COX, of Illinois.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, 1904.

Republican—Charles F. Ilsley, Albert R. Hall, John L. Sherron, James M. Bushnell, James H. Cabanis, Fred C. Lorenz, Fred W. Cords, Carl S. Porter, Hulbert A. Bright, Edward McGlachlin, George Beyer, Melvin D. Keith, Ed. L. Peet.

Democratic—Charles Abresch, Patrick H. Martin, Gilbert T. Hodges, Henry Volkmann, Thomas J. McCloskey, Henry J. Millmann, Thomas McCarthy, Carl F. Justman, Stephen Richmond, Thomas H. Patterson, John M. Baer, Franz Markus, Harold L. North.

Prohibition—Jasper Dextor, William Ager, Frank R. Derrick, Herman H. Rottman, Benjamin F. Thomas, Lafayette Brockway, Charles W. Rose, George C. Alborn, James M. McManus, William E. Monroe, John Sherman, Edson Schatto, Ellsworth McKenney.

Social Democratic—A. A. Blunt, William Kaufman, Eugene H. Rooney, William C. Young, Edward Ziegler, Fred Willson, Ernst Schultz, Herman Hein, Edward Scaife, John J. Handley, Frank Weber, William Quinn, George Gollwitzer.

*Name not on official ballot in Wisconsin, although electors appeared on such ballot.

People's Party—Cyrus M. Butt, Samuel Isaac Louis Elholm, Edward W. Luedtke, William A. Ramsey, Frederick W. Stearns, John Gruhl, Peter Haan, Ole Swennes, Charles Hatch, Michael Seidel, Charles M. Boyles, William Munro.

Socialist Labor Party—Theodore Horn, Carl Schulz, Carl Doescher, Herman Beyer, Nicholas Semmelback, Paul Unruh, Carl Bartsch, Rudolph Kler, Joseph Pietsch, Carl Slabey, Ernest Wegner, William Pietsch.

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE—1904.

Republican—For Governor, Robert M. La Follette; Lieutenant Governor, James O. Davidson; Secretary of State, Walter L. Houser; State Treasurer, John J. Kempf; Attorney General, Lafayette M. Sturdevant; Railroad Commissioner, John W. Thomas; Commissioner of Insurance, Zeno M. Host.

Democratic—For Governor, George W. Peck; Lieutenant Governor, Henry A. Lathrop; Secretary of State, James P. Nolan; State Treasurer, Andrew Jensen; Attorney General, William F. Wolfe; Railroad Commissioner, Edward L. Hanton; Commissioner of Insurance, Henry Fetzer.

Prohibition—For Governor, William H. Clark; Lieutenant Governor, John H. Nicholson; Secretary of State, Charles H. Hill; State Treasurer, John A. Berg; Attorney General, W. Mayhew Mott; Railroad Commissioner, David Wood; Commissioner of Insurance, Myron D. Reed.

Social Democratic—For Governor, William A. Arnold; Lieutenant Governor, Henry J. Ammann; Secretary of State, Rudolph O. Stoll; State Treasurer, Henry Luther; Attorney General, ———; Railroad Commissioner, Harry E. Briggs; Commissioner of Insurance, Arnold Zander.

People's Party—No state ticket.

Socialist Labor Party—For Governor, Charles H. Minkley; Lieutenant Governor, Oscar T. Rosaas; Secretary of State, Michael Gross; State Treasurer, Henry D. Puck; Attorney General, ———; Railroad Commissioner, Carl Gross; Commissioner of Insurance, William Beyer.

Wisconsin 'National Republican'—For Governor, Edward Scofield; Lieutenant Governor, George H. Ray; Secretary of State, Nels Holman; State Treasurer, Gustav Wollaeger, Jr.; Attorney General, David G. Classon; Railroad Commissioner, Fred O. Tarbox; Commissioner of Insurance, William C. Roenitz.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Appointed by the Republican National Convention at Chicago, June, 1904.

Chairman, G. B. Cortelyou, Washington; Secretary, Elmer Dover, Ohio; Treasurer, Cornelius N. Bliss, New York; Chas. H. Scott, Montgomery, Alabama; John G. Heid, Juneau, Alaska; W. S. Sturges, Phoenix, Arizona; Powell Clayton, Eureka Springs, Arkansas; George A. Knight, San Francisco, California; A. M. Stevenson, Denver, Colorado; Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia, Connecticut; John E. Addicks, Wilmington, Delaware; Robert Reyburn, Washington, Dist. Columbia; J. N. Coombs, Apalachicola, Florida; Judson W. Lyons, Augusta, Georgia; A. G. M. Robertson, Honolulu, Hawaii; W. B. Heyburn, Wallace, Idaho; Frank O. Lowden, Chicago, Illinois; Harry S. New, Indianapolis, Indiana; P. L. Soper, Vinita, Indian Territory; Ernest E. Hart, Council Bluffs, Iowa; David W. Mulvane, Topeka, Kansas; John W. Yerkes, Danville, Kentucky; Walter L. Cohen, New Orleans, Louisiana; John F. Hill, Augusta, Maine; Louis E. McComas, Hagerstown, Maryland; W. Murray Crane, Dalton, Massachusetts; John W. Blodgett, Grand Rapids, Michigan; Frank B. Kellogg, St. Paul, Minnesota; L. B. Mcsaley, Jackson, Mississippi; Thomas J. Aikens, St. Louis, Missouri; John D. White, Lewis-

ton, Montana; Chas. H. Morrill, Lincoln, Nebraska; P. L. Flanigan, Reno, Nevada; Frank S. Streeter, Concord, New Hampshire; Franklin Murphy, Newark, New Jersey; Solomon Luna, Los Lunas, New Mexico; Wm. L. Ward, Port Chester, New York; E. C. Duncan, Raleigh, North Carolina; Alex. McKenzie, Bismarck, North Dakota; Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland, Ohio; C. M. Cade, Shawnee, Oklahoma; Chas. H. Carey, Portland, Oregon; Boies Penrose, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Henry B. McCoy, Manila, Philippines; Robert H. Todd, San Juan, Porto Rico; Charles R. Brayton, Providence, Rhode Island; John G. Capers, Charleston, South Carolina; J. M. Greene, Chamberlain, South Dakota; W. P. Brownlow, Jonesboro, Tennessee; Cecil A. Lyon, Sherman, Texas; C. E. Loose, Provo, Utah; James W. Brock, Montpelier, Vermont; George E. Bowden, Norfolk, Virginia; Levi Ankeny, Walla Walla, Washington; N. B. Scott, Wheeling, West Virginia; Henry C. Payne, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; George E. Pexton, Evanston, Wyoming.

NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, ADOPTED AT CHICAGO, ILL., JUNE 22, 1904.

Fifty years ago the Republican party came into existence, dedicated among other purposes, to the great task of arresting the extension of human slavery. In 1860 it elected its first president. During twenty-four of the forty-four years which have elapsed since the election of Lincoln, the Republican party has held complete control of the government. For eighteen more of the forty-four years it has held partial control through the possession of one or two branches of the government, while the Democratic party during the same period has had complete control for only two years.

This long tenure of power by the Republican party is not due to chance. It is a demonstration that the Republican party has commanded the confidence of the American people for nearly two generations to a degree never equalled in our history, and has displayed a high capacity for rule and government which has been made even more conspicuous by the incapacity and infirmity of purpose shown by its opponents.

The Republican party entered upon its present period of complete supremacy in 1897. We have every right to congratulate ourselves upon the work since then accomplished, for it has added lustre even to the traditions of the party which carried the government through the storms of civil war. We then found the country, after four years of Democratic rule, in evil plight, oppressed with misfortune, and doubtful of the future. Public credit had been lowered, the revenues were declining, the debt was growing, the administration's attitude toward Spain was feeble and mortifying, the standard of values was threatened and uncertain, labor was unemployed, business was sunk in the depression which had succeeded the panic of 1893, hope was faint and confidence was gone.

We met these unhappy conditions vigorously, effectively and at once. We replaced a Democratic tariff law based on free-trade principles and garnished with sectional protection by a consistent protective tariff, and industry, freed from suppression and stimulated by the encouragement of the wise laws, has expanded to a degree never before known, has conquered new markets and has created a volume of exports which has surpassed imagination. Under the Dingley Tariff labor has been fully employed, wages have risen and all industries have revived and prospered.

The Gold Standard Established.—We firmly established the gold standard, which was then menaced with destruction. Confidence returned to business, and with confidence an unexampled prosperity.

For deficient revenues supplemented by improvident issues of bonds we gave the country an income which produced a large surplus, and which enabled us only four years after the Spanish war had closed to remove over one hundred millions of annual war taxes, reduce the public debt and lower the interest charges of the government.

The public credit, which had been so lowered that in time of peace a Democratic administration made large loans at extravagant rates of interest in order to pay current expenditures, rose under Republican administration to its highest point, and enabled us to borrow at 2 per cent., even in time of war.

We refused to palter longer with the miseries of Cuba. We fought a quick and victorious war with Spain. We set Cuba free, governed the island for three years, and then gave it to the Cuban people with order restored, with ample revenues, with education and public health established, free from debt and connected with the United States by wise provisions for our mutual interests.

We have organized the government of Porto Rico, and its people now enjoy peace, freedom, order and prosperity.

Accomplishments in Philippines.—In the Philippines we have suppressed insurrection, established order, and given to life and property a security never known there before. We have organized civil government, made it effective and strong in administration, and have conferred upon the people of those islands the largest civil liberty they have ever enjoyed. By our possession of the Philippines we were enabled to take prompt and effective action in the relief of the legations at Peking, and a decisive part in preventing the partition and preserving the integrity of China.

The Panama Canal Begun.—The possession of a route for an Isthmian canal, so long the dream of American statesmanship, is now an accomplished fact. The great work of connecting the Pacific and Atlantic by a canal is at last begun, and it is due to the Republican party.

Other Accomplishments.—We have passed laws which will bring the arid lands of the United States within the area of cultivation.

We have reorganized the army and put it in the highest state of efficiency.

We have passed laws for the improvement and support of the militia.

We have pushed forward the building of the navy, the defence and protection of our honor and our interests.

Our administration of the great departments of the government has been honest and efficient, and wherever wrongdoing has been discovered the Republican administration has not hesitated to probe the evil and bring offenders to justice without regard to party or political ties.

Anti-Trust Laws Enforced.—Laws enacted by the Republican party which the Democratic party failed to enforce, and which were intended for the protection of the public against the unjust discrimination or the illegal encroachment of vast aggregations of capital, have been fearlessly enforced by a Republican president, and new laws insuring reasonable publicity as to the operations of great corporations and providing additional remedies for the prevention of discrimination in freight rates have been passed by a Republican congress.

In this record of achievement during the past eight years may be read the pledges which the Republican party has fulfilled. We promise to continue these policies and we declare our constant adherence to the following principles:

The Tariff.—Protection which guards and develops our industries is a cardinal policy of the Republican party. The measure of protection should always at least equal the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad. We insist upon the maintenance of the principles of protection, and therefore rates of duty should be readjusted only when conditions have so changed that the public interest demands their alteration, but this work cannot safely be committed to any other hands than those of the Republican party. To intrust it to the Democratic party is to invite disaster.

Whether, as in 1892, the Democratic party declared the protective tariff unconstitutional, or whether it demands tariff reform or tariff revision, its real object is always the destruction of the protective system. However specious the name, the purpose is ever the same. A Democratic tariff has always been followed by business adversity; a Republican tariff by business prosperity. To a Republican congress and a Republican president this great question can be safely intrusted. When the only free-trade country among the great nations agitates a return to protection, the chief protective country should not falter in maintaining it.

Commercial Reciprocity Secured.—We have extended widely our foreign markets, and we believe in the adoption of all practicable methods for their further extension, including commercial reciprocity wherever reciprocal arrangements can be effected consistent with the principles of protection, and without injury to American agriculture, American labor or any American industry.

Integrity of the National Currency.—We believe it to be the duty of the Republican party to uphold the gold standard and the integrity and value of our national currency. The maintenance of the gold standard, established by the Republican party, cannot safely be committed to the Democratic party, which resisted its adoption, and has never given any proof since that time of belief in it or fidelity to it.

Upbuilding the Merchant Marine.—While every other industry has prospered under the fostering aid of Republican legislation, American shipping engaged in foreign trade, in competition with the low cost of construction, low wages and heavy subsidies of foreign governments, has not for many years received from the government of the United States adequate encouragement of any kind. We therefore favor legislation which will encourage and build up the American merchant marine, and we cordially approve the legislation of the last congress, which created the Merchant Marine Commission to investigate and report upon this subject.

A Navy for Defense.—A navy powerful enough to defend the United States against any attack, to uphold the Monroe Doctrine, and to watch over our commerce, is essential to the safety and the welfare of the American people. To maintain such a navy is the fixed policy of the Republican party.

Chinese Exclusion.—We cordially approve the attitude of President Roosevelt and congress in regard to the exclusion of Chinese labor and promise a continuance of the Republican policy in that direction.

Civil Service Law Enforced.—The Civil Service Law was placed on the statute books by the Republican party, which has always sustained it, and we renew our former declarations that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced.

We are always mindful of the country's debt to the soldiers and sailors of the United States and we believe in making ample provision for them, and in the liberal administration of the pension laws.

International Arbitration.—We favor the peaceful settlement of international differences by arbitration.

We commend the vigorous efforts made by the administration to protect American citizens in foreign lands and pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and equal protection of all our citizens abroad. It is the unquestioned duty of the government to procure for all our citizens, without distinction, the rights of travel and sojourn in friendly countries, and we declare ourselves in favor of all proper efforts tending to that end.

Our great interests and our growing commerce in the Orient render the condition of China of high importance to the United States. We cordially commend the policy pursued in that direction by the administrations of President McKinley and President Roosevelt.

Negro Disfranchisement.—We favor such congressional action as shall determine whether by special discriminations the elective franchise in any state has been unconstitutionally limited, and if such is the case, we demand that representation in congress and in the electoral college shall be proportionately reduced as directed by the constitution of the United States.

Capital and Labor.—Combinations of capital and of labor are the results of the economic movement of the age, but neither must be permitted to infringe upon the rights and interests of the people. Such combinations, when lawfully formed for lawful purposes, are alike entitled to the protection of the laws, but both are subject to the laws, and neither can be permitted to break them.

Tribute to McKinley.—The great statesman and patriotic American, William McKinley, who was re-elected by the Republican party to the presidency four years ago, was assassinated just at the threshold of his second term. The entire nation mourned his untimely death, and did that justice to his great qualities of mind and character which history will confirm and repeat.

President Roosevelt Eulogized.—The American people were fortunate in his successor, to whom they turned with a trust and confidence which have been fully justified. President Roosevelt brought to the great responsibilities thus sadly forced upon him a clear head, a brave heart, an earnest patriotism and high ideals of public duty and public service. True to the principles of the Republican party and to the policies which that party had declared, he has also shown himself ready for every emergency and has met new and vital questions with ability and with success.

The confidence of the people in his justice, inspired by his public career, enabled him to render personally an inestimable service to the country by bringing about a settlement of the coal strike, which threatened such disastrous results at the opening of winter in 1902.

Our foreign policy under his administration has not only been able, vigorous and dignified, but in the highest degree successful. The complicated questions which arose in Venezuela were settled in such a way by President Roosevelt that the Monroe Doctrine was signally vindicated, and the cause of peace and arbitration greatly advanced.

His prompt and vigorous action in Panama, which we commend in the highest terms, not only secured to us the canal route but avoided foreign complications which might have been of a very serious character.

He has continued the policy of President McKinley in the Orient and our position in China, signalized by our recent commercial treaty with that empire, has never been so high.

He secured the tribunal by which the vexed and perilous question of the Alaskan boundary was finally settled.

Whenever crimes against humanity have been perpetrated which have shocked our people, his protest has been made and our good offices have been tendered, but always with due regard to international obligations.

Under his guidance we find ourselves at peace with all the world, and never were we more respected or our wishes more regarded by foreign nations.

Pre-eminently successful in regard to our foreign relations, he has been equally fortunate in dealing with domestic questions. The country has known that the public credit and the national currency were absolutely safe in the hands of his administration. In the enforcement of the laws he has shown not only courage, but the wisdom which understands that to permit laws to be violated or disregarded opens the door to anarchy, while the just enforcement of the law is the soundest conservatism. He has held firmly to the fundamental American doctrine that all men must obey the law; that there must be no distinction between rich and poor, between strong and weak; but that justice and equal protection under the law must be secured to every citizen without regard to race, creed or condition.

His administration has been throughout vigorous and honorable, high-minded and patriotic. We commend it without reservation to the considerate judgment of the American people.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF WISCONSIN.

Officers—W. D. Connor, chairman; H. F. Cochems, secretary; C. C. Gittings, treasurer; Perry C. Wilder, vice chairman.

Executive Committee—D. O. Mahoney, Viroqua; J. P. Dousman, De Pere; J. A. Van Cleve, Marinette; John M. Nelson, Madison; S. J. Bradford, Hudson; W. H. Dick, New London; Wm. Kieckhefer, Milwaukee.

Members—First district, C. C. Gittings, Racine; Perry C. Wilder, Evansville; second district, John M. Nelson, Madison; Chas. Caldwell, Rio; third district, Dr. W. J. Pearce, Dodgeville; D. O. Mahoney, Viroqua; fourth district, Wm. Kieckhefer, Milwaukee; Bernard Jungbluth, Greenfield; fifth district, Dr. W. A. Jones, Oconomowoc; August Buchholz, Milwaukee; sixth district, Otto Gaffron, Plymouth; William Kohl, Mayville; seventh district,

W. H. Smith, Mondovi; H. L. Ekern, Whitehall; eighth district, W. H. Dick, New London; E. F. Kileen, Wautoma; ninth district, J. A. Van Cieve, Marinette; J. T. Dousman, De Pere; tenth district, W. T. Stevens, Rhineland; J. B. Hagarty, Medford; eleventh district, S. J. Bradford, Hudson; Currie G. Bell, Bayfield.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted at Madison June 18-20, 1904.

Roosevelt Is Commended.—The Republican party of Wisconsin, through its chosen representatives in regular convention assembled, reaffirms its steadfast support of the enduring principles of the Republican party as expressed in the national platforms and wrought out day by day in the administration of the affairs of the national government by Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt. We record our unqualified approval of the progressive, patriotic and courageous administration of Theodore Roosevelt. Facing the gravest responsibilities, required to deal with new and unsettled problems at home and abroad, he has at all times and under all circumstances, with marked wisdom and foresight, so discharged the duties of his office as to command the confidence and the admiration of his countrymen.

We commend President Roosevelt's firm enforcement of law and preservation of peace, especially evidenced by his conduct in settling the coal strike in Pennsylvania and in prosecuting the merger litigation in the northwest.

Tariff and Trusts.—We firmly adhere to the fundamental Republican doctrine of protection to American labor, and believe that the aim of a truly protective policy should be to stimulate competition in the home market and not destroy it by favoring trust combinations. We therefore believe in a readjustment of tariff schedules in all cases where protection is employed for the benefit of capital and only to the injury of the consumer and workingman.

Primary Elections.—We indorse and approve the administration of Gov. Robert M. La Follette as conspicuously able, honest and economical. Through his fearless, conscientious and statesmanlike advocacy of a faithful compliance with party promises and against the most malicious and corrupt opposition, a primary election measure has been passed by the legislature under which every elector, employer, employee, will, in accordance with just principles of popular government, without coercion or intimidation, be able to express his true conviction at the polls. We regret that the opponents of this measure, in violation of the party's most sacred promises and three times repeated in its platform, have thus far been able to postpone the operation of the law, and we denounce such action on their part as a breach of good faith to their constituents and as treason to the Republican party. We heartily recommend the primary election law proposed by the last legislature to all fair-minded citizens, regardless of party affiliation, for their approval at the polls. This measure should stand above partisan consideration as going to the very groundwork of popular government. The campaign leading up to this convention must illustrate to all citizens of Wisconsin the difficulty of securing a true expression of the popular will under the present caucus and convention system, when private interests conflict with the public welfare.

Equal Taxation.—We approve Gov. La Follette's earnest and consistent effort for the adoption of a system of taxation which shall subject every owner of property, individual or corporate, to the same rate of taxation.

We approve the laws passed by the last legislature for the ad valorem taxation of railroads and for an inheritance tax. These laws we confidently believe will do much toward equalizing the burdens of taxation and will, when in full operation, alone furnish sufficient revenue for the ordinary and economical administration of the state government.

Honest and Business-like.—We approve and commend Gov. La Follette's watchfulness of the interests of the people and his fearless and wise use

of the veto power for their protection, and his care for the state's interests through which there has been collected from the general government \$450,000, which claim had laid dormant for over thirty years.

We heartily approve the honest, economical and business-like conduct of their respective departments by each of the officers of the present state administration. They have materially increased the income of the state and reduced expenses. For the first time in the history of the state no tax was levied in 1903 to defray state expenses. The civil service has been kept at a high standard. Oil inspection has for the first time become a source of net revenue to the state. The protection of fish and game has been effective, without any cost whatever to the taxpayers. We denounce all assertions to the contrary as maliciously false and vicious.

Railroad Tax Inquiry.—We commend the investigation conducted by the administration of the accounts of the railroad companies for the purpose of ascertaining whether they have paid the full amount of license fees imposed upon them by law, and we pledge the party to the pursuit of this investigation until every dollar justly due the state shall have been collected and paid into the state treasury. We promise and demand of the legislature that the law under which this investigation is being made shall be so amended and strengthened as to give to the railroad commissioner power to examine the records of all persons without prior notice, compel the attendance of witnesses who may have knowledge of the matters under investigation, and such other powers as may be necessary to fully carry out the true intent and purpose of the law. Under this investigation, covering but a short period of time and a few companies, the collection of over \$200,000 license fees withheld from the state is reasonably assured.

Favor Income Tax.—We heartily approve the progress made in the work of the tax reform. We demand the repeal of the so-called "mortgage taxation law" of 1903, such law having proved itself a cunning device to exempt the interest of the mortgage instead of taxing as it purports to do in the title and on its face, and we approve the constitutional amendment which passed its first stage in the last legislature and which will authorize the enactment of a law for a graduated income tax, and pledge the party to its support in the next legislature.

Free Pass Evil.—The present anti-pass law should be so amended as to forbid the receipt or use of railway passes or other transportation from railroads or other public service corporations by any public official, whether such passes or transportation be granted without compensation or wholly or in part in payment for services, and we promise and demand that legislation to so amend that law be enacted.

We denounce the gift of passes or of free transportation or any other favor by public service corporations to public officials, be they state, municipal or federal, or the acceptance of such favor by any such official, as a species of bribery for which the corporation should be punished as well as the recipient.

Federal Officeholders.—We condemn the pernicious activity of federal officials in Wisconsin, in flagrant disregard of the civil service laws, in attempts to defeat the platform promises of the party to which they owe their preferment, and in assisting professional lobbyists and public service corporations in an effort to defeat a fair and free expression of the public will.

Coercion of Employes.—We condemn as subversive of popular government the attempt of employers of labor to coerce their employes to vote at the caucuses and conventions contrary to their own convictions, and we pledge the party to enact such legislation as will effectively protect the humblest citizen in his right to a free ballot at the primary as well as at the election.

Duty of the Press.—The press should be the guardian of public welfare and private character. Its highest duty is to tell the truth. Just criticism of public officials is absolutely essential to good government. When falsehood is substituted for fair criticism the press is degraded and its value as a critic destroyed. We denounce as destructive of public morality the conduct of a large portion of the public press, which has lent itself to the publication of

statements in regard to public affairs either knowing them to be absolutely false, or which upon slight investigation could easily have been ascertained to be without any foundation whatever.

Just Railway Rates.—Justice to the people of this commonwealth demands that they pay no more than a reasonable charge for the transportation of passengers and freight within the state, and the Republican party pledges itself to enact and faithfully administer a law creating a state railway commission empowered to fix and enforce reasonable transportation charges so far as the same may be subject to state control. Discrimination is one of the greatest evils in our transportation system. We pledge the party to enact such legislation as will put an end to this evil and will place every shipper similarly situated on the same footing as his competitor in the matter of transportation rates.

The enormous increase of freight rates upon the interstate commerce of the country, aggregating, as recently reported to congress by the interstate commerce commission, more than \$300,000,000 in the last three years, is an astounding revelation calling for prompt action for the protection of the people who, in the end, must pay in higher prices on all necessities of life for these advanced freight rates.

Interstate Commerce.—The recommendations of the interstate commerce commission that the interstate commission act be so amended as to give that commission full authority to control transportation charges and to reduce the same where excessive to a reasonable basis, are of vital importance to the people of Wisconsin and of the whole country. Such recommendations submitted to congress in 1897 by the interstate commerce commission have been urgently renewed in their reports to congress each succeeding year to the present time, and have been supported by the petitions and memorials from agricultural, manufacturing and commercial interests throughout the country and by the legislatures of many states, and have been reinforced by the recommendations of the president. The Republican party of Wisconsin gives its unqualified approval to the recommendations of the interstate commission and of President Roosevelt, and pledges its support to the president and the commission in its efforts to secure relief from the increasing burdens imposed upon the people by these public service corporations.

Party Pledges Sacred.—We believe that platform pledges are sacred obligations binding upon every member of the party; that the candidates of the party become its trusted agents to execute in good faith its promises to the voters, that the acceptance of a nomination for any office to the duties of which platform promises may relate imposes upon the candidate the obligation to the party and the voter to aid in redeeming every pledge in letter and spirit; that to receive the vote of the citizen as the candidate of the party which has promised legislation and then to oppose such legislation or to connive at its defeat is a fraud upon the voter and deprives him of his right of suffrage as effectually as though he were disfranchised by law.

That the platform pledges of both parties have been openly and flagrantly violated in Wisconsin must be recorded as the political history of the last six years. Legislation promised by the accredited delegates of the Republican party has been defeated session after session by the members of the party chosen from its ranks to represent it in the legislature. Sometimes these men have secured the votes of constituents by silent acquiescence in the promises of the platform, sometimes by open declaration to support the legislation pledged by the party.

In either case, as trustees of the honor of the party and the rights of the voter and taxpayer they are guilty of having betrayed their trust. No party can retain, and no party deserves to retain the confidence and support of the citizen, if it knowingly entraps him to vote for candidates who repudiate its pledged obligations.

The regular party organization can therefore regard as the candidates of the Republican party for state and legislative offices only such men as are pledged to its support and whose record and good faith are above question.

Inspiration in Patriotism.—In this connection the Republicans of Wisconsin may find inspiration and support in the resolute courage and lofty pa-

triotism of that rare band of men who gathered with the birth of the Republican party on the 13th day of July, fifty years ago, and adopted a platform from which we quote the following resolution:

"Resolved, That in furtherance of these purposes we will use such constitutional and lawful means as shall seem best adapted to their accomplishment and that we will support no man for office under the general or state government who is not positively and fully committed to the support of these principles, and whose personal character and conduct is not a guarantee that he is reliable."

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Appointed by the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis, Mo., July, 1904.

Officers—Chairman, Thos. Taggart, Indianapolis; secretary, Urey Woodson, Owensboro, Ky.

Members—Alabama, H. D. Clayton, Eufaula; Alaska, Arthur K. Dalany, Juneau; Arizona, Ben. M. Crawford, Phoenix; Arkansas, Wm. H. Martin, Little Rock; California, M. F. Tarpey, Alameda; Colorado, John I. Mullins, Denver; Connecticut, H. S. Cummings, Stamford; Delaware, R. R. Kenney, Dover; Dist. of Columbia, James L. Norris, Washington; Florida, Jefferson B. Browne, Jacksonville; Georgia, Clark Howell, Atlanta; Hawaii, Palmer P. Woods, Honolulu; Idaho, Simon P. Donnelly, Cœur d'Alene; Illinois, Roger C. Sullivan, Chicago; Indiana, Thomas Taggart, Indianapolis; Indian Territory, R. L. Williams, Muscogee; Iowa, Chas. A. Walsh, Ottumwa; Kansas, John H. Atwood, Topeka; Kentucky, Urey Woodson, Owensboro; Louisiana, N. C. Blanchard, Shreveport; Maryland, L. V. Baughman, Baltimore; Massachusetts, Wm. A. Gaston, Boston; Michigan, D. J. Campau, Detroit; Minnesota, T. T. Hudson, St. Paul; Mississippi, C. H. Williams, Jackson; Missouri, Wm. A. Rothwell, Moberly; Montana, C. W. Hoffman, Helena; Nebraska, J. C. Dahlman, Omaha; Nevada, John H. Dennis, Reno; New Hampshire, True L. Norris, Portsmouth; New Jersey, W. B. Gourley, Paterson; New Mexico, H. B. Fergusson, Santa Fe; New York, N. E. Mack, Buffalo; North Carolina, Josephus Daniels, Raleigh; North Dakota, H. D. Aleert, Bismarck; Ohio, John R. McLean, Cincinnati; Oklahoma, R. A. Billups, Cordell; Pennsylvania, J. M. Guffey, Pittsburgh; Rhode Island, G. W. Greene, Woonsocket; South Carolina, B. R. Tillman, Trenton; South Dakota, E. S. Johnson, Pierre; Tennessee, R. E. Mountcastle, Nashville; Texas, R. M. Johnston, Houston; Utah, D. H. Peery, Salt Lake City; Vermont, B. B. Smalley, Burlington; Virginia, J. Taylor Ellyson, Richmond; Washington, John Y. Terry, Seattle; West Virginia, John T. McGraw, Grafton; Wisconsin, T. E. Ryan, Waukesha; Wyoming, J. E. Osborne, Rawlins.

NATIONAL PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY, ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS, MO., JULY 8, 1904.

The Democratic party of the United States, in national convention assembled, declares its devotion to the essential principles of the Democratic faith which bring us together in party communion.

Under them local self-government and national unity and prosperity were alike established. They underlaid our independence, the structure of our free republic, and every Democratic extension from Louisiana to California, and Texas to Oregon, which preserves faithfully in all the states the tie between taxation and representation. They yet inspire masses of our people, guarding jealously their rights and liberties, and cherishing their fraternity, peace and orderly development. They remind us of our duties and responsibilities as citizens, and impress upon us, particularly at this time, the necessity of reform and the rescue of the administration of government from the headstrong, arbitrary and spas-

modic methods which distract business by uncertainty, and pervade the public mind, with dread, distrust and perturbation.

Fundamental Principles.—The application of these fundamental principles to the living issues of the day is the first step toward the assured peace, safety and progress of our nation. Freedom of the press, of conscience and of speech; equality before the law of all citizens; the right of trial by jury; freedom of the person defended by the writ of habeas corpus; liberty of personal contract untrammelled by sumptuary laws; the supremacy of the civil over the military authority; a well-disciplined militia; the separation of the church and state; economy in expenditures; low taxes; that labor may be lightly burdened; the prompt and sacred fulfilment of public and private obligations; fidelity to treaties; peace and friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none; absolute acquiescence in the will of the majority, the vital principle of republics—these are doctrines which Democracy has established as proverbs of the nation and they should be constantly invoked, preached, resorted to and enforced.

Capital and Labor.—We favor the enactment and administration of laws giving labor and capital impartially their just rights. Capital and labor ought not to be enemies. Each is necessary to the other. Each has its rights, but the rights of labor are certainly not less “vested,” no less “sacred” and no less “inalienable” than the rights of capital.

Constitutional Guarantees.—Constitutional guarantees are violated whenever any citizen is denied the right to labor, acquire and enjoy property or reside where interests or inclination may determine. Any denial thereof by individuals, organizations or governments should be summarily rebuked and punished.

We deny the right of any executive to disregard or suspend any constitutional privilege or limitation. Obedience to the laws and respect for their requirements are alike the supreme duty of the citizen and the official.

The military should be used only to support and maintain the law. We unqualifiedly condemn its employment for the summary banishment of citizens without trial or for the control of elections.

We approve the measure which passed the United States senate in 1896, but which a Republican congress has ever since refused to enact, relating to contempt in Federal courts and providing for trial by jury in cases of indirect contempt.

Waterways.—We favor liberal appropriations for the improvement of waterways of the country. When any waterway like the Mississippi River is of sufficient importance to demand special aid of the government, such aid should be extended with a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

We oppose the Republican policy of starving home development in order to feed the greed for conquest and the appetite for national “prestige” and display of strength.

Economy of Administration.—Large reductions can easily be made in the annual expenditures of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service, and we shall insist upon the strictest economy and frugality compatible with vigorous and efficient civil, military and naval administration as a right of the people too clear to be denied or withheld.

We favor honesty in the public service, the enforcement of honesty in the public service, and to that end a thorough legislative investigation of those executive departments of the government already known to teem with corruption, as well as other departments suspected of harboring corruption, and the punishment of ascertained corruptionists, without fear or regard to persons. The persistent and deliberate refusal of both the senate and house of representatives to permit such investigation to be made demonstrates that only by a change in the executive and in the legislative departments can complete exposures, punishment and correction be obtained.

Federal Government Contracts With Trusts.—We condemn the action of the Republican party in congress in refusing to prohibit an executive department from entering into contracts with convicted trusts or unlawful com-

inations in restraint of interstate trade. We believe that one of the best methods of procuring economy and honesty in the public service is to have public officials, from the occupant of the White House down to the lowest of them, return as nearly as may be to Jeffersonian simplicity of living.

Executive Usurpation.—We favor the nomination and election of a president imbued with the principles of the constitution, who will set his face sternly against executive usurpation of legislative and judicial functions, whether that usurpation be veiled under the guise of executive construction of existing laws, or whether it take refuge in the tyrant's pleas of necessity or superior wisdom.

Imperialism.—We favor the preservation, so far as we can, of an open door for the world's commerce in the Orient without any unnecessary entanglement in Oriental and European affairs, and without arbitrary, unlimited, irresponsible and absolute government anywhere within our jurisdiction. We oppose, as fervently as did George Washington himself, an indefinite, irresponsible, discretionary and vague absolutism and a policy of colonial exploitation, no matter where or by whom invoked or exercised; we believe with Thomas Jefferson and John Adams that no government has a right to make one set of laws for those "at home" and another and a different set of laws, absolute in their character, for those "in the colonies." All men under the American flag are entitled to the protection of the institutions whose emblem the flag is; if they are inherently unfit for those institutions then they are inherently unfit to be members of the American body politic. Wherever there may exist a people incapable of being governed under American laws, in consonance with the American constitution, the territory of that people ought not to be part of the American domain.

We insist that we ought to do for the Filipinos what we have already done for the Cubans, and it is our duty to make that promise now, and upon suitable guarantees of protection to citizens of our own and other countries resident there at the time of our withdrawal, set the Filipino people upon their feet, free and independent, to work out their own destiny. The endeavor of the secretary of war, by pledging the government's indorsement for "promoters" in the Philippine Islands, to make the United States a partner in speculative legislation of the archipelago, which was only temporarily held up by the opposition of the Democratic senators in the last session, will, if successful, lead to entanglements from which it will be difficult to escape.

The Tariff.—The Democratic party has been, and will continue to be, the consistent opponent of that class of tariff legislation by which certain interests have been permitted, through congressional favor, to draw a heavy tribute from the American people. This monstrous perversion of those equal opportunities which our political institutions were established to secure has caused what may once have been infant industries to become the greatest combinations of capital that the world has ever known. These special favorites of the government have, through trust methods, been converted into monopolies, thus bringing to an end domestic competition, which was the only alleged check upon the extravagant profits made possible by the protective system. These industrial combinations, by the financial assistance they can give, now control the policy of the Republican party.

We denounce protection as a robbery of the many to enrich the few, and we favor a tariff limited to the needs of the government, economically administered, and so levied as not to discriminate against any industry, class or section, to the end that the burdens of taxation shall be distributed as equally as possible.

We favor a revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses for the commonwealth, and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and its discriminations, keeping in view the ultimate ends of "equality of burdens and equality of opportunities," and the constitutional purpose of raising a revenue by taxation, to wit, the support of the Federal government in all its integrity and virility, but in simplicity.

Trusts and Unlawful Combinations.—We recognize that the gigantic trusts and combinations designed to enable capital to secure more than its just share of the joint products of capital and labor, and which have been fostered

and promoted under Republican rule, are a menace to beneficial competition and an obstacle to permanent business prosperity. A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable.

Individual equality of opportunity and free competition are essential to a healthy and permanent commercial prosperity, and any trust or monopoly tending to destroy these by controlling production, restricting competition or fixing prices, should be prohibited and punished by law. We especially denounce rebates and discrimination by transportation companies as the most potent agency in promoting and strengthening these unlawful conspiracies against trade.

We demand an enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to the end that the traveling public and shippers of this government may have prompt and adequate relief from the abuses to which they are subjected in the matter of transportation. We demand a strict enforcement of existing civil and criminal statutes against all such trusts, combinations and monopolies; and we demand the enactment of such further legislation as may be necessary to effectually suppress them.

Any trust or unlawful combination engaged in interstate commerce which is monopolizing any branch of business or production should not be permitted to transact business outside of the state of its origin. Whenever it shall be established in any court of competent jurisdiction that such monopolization exists, such prohibition should be enforced through comprehensive laws to be enacted on the subject.

Reclamation of Arid Lands and Domestic Development.—We congratulate our western citizens upon the passage of the law known as the Newlands Irrigation Act for the irrigation and reclamation of the arid lands of the west—a measure framed by a Democrat, passed in the senate by a non-partisan vote, and passed in the House against the opposition of almost all Republican leaders by a vote the majority of which was Democratic. We call attention to this great Democratic measure, broad and comprehensive as it is, working automatically throughout all time without further action of congress, until the reclamation of all the lands in the arid west capable of reclamation is accomplished, reserving the lands reclaimed for home seekers in small tracts, and rigidly guarding against land monopoly, as an evidence of the policy of domestic development contemplated by the Democratic party, should it be placed in power.

Isthmian Canal.—The Democracy when intrusted with power will construct the Panama Canal speedily, honestly and economically, thereby giving to our people what Democrats have always contended for—a great interoceanic canal, furnishing shorter and cheaper lines of transportation and broader and less trammelled trade relations with the other peoples of the world.

American Citizenship.—We pledge ourselves to insist upon the just and lawful protection of our citizens at home and abroad, and to use all proper measures to secure for them, whether native-born or naturalized, and without distinction of race or creed, the equal protection of laws and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under the covenants of our treaties of friendship and commerce; and if under existing treaties the right of travel and sojourn is denied to American citizens, or recognition is withheld from American passports by any countries on the ground of race and creed, we favor the beginning of negotiations with the governments of such countries to secure by new treaties the removal of these unjust discriminations. We demand that all over the world a duly authenticated passport issued by the government of the United States to an American citizen shall be proof of the fact that he is an American citizen and shall entitle him to the treatment due him as such.

Election of Senators by the People.—We favor the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people.

Statehood for Territories.—We favor the admission of the territory of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory. We also favor the immediate admission of Arizona and New Mexico as separate states, and a territorial government for Alaska and Porto Rico.

We hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any territory, as well as with the district of Alaska, should be bona fide residents at the

time of their appointment of the territory or district in which their duties are to be performed.

Condemnation of Polygamy.—We demand the extermination of polygamy within the jurisdiction of the United States and the complete separation of church and state in political affairs.

Merchant Marine.—We denounce the ship subsidy bill recently passed by the United States senate as an iniquitous appropriation of public funds for private purposes and a wasteful, illogical and useless attempt to overcome by subsidy the obstructions raised by Republican legislation to the growth and development of American commerce on the sea.

We favor the upbuilding of a merchant marine without new or additional burdens upon the people and without bounties from the public treasury.

Reciprocity.—We favor liberal trade arrangements with Canada, and with peoples of other countries, where these can be entered into with benefit to American agriculture, manufactures, mining or commerce.

Monroe Doctrine.—We favor the maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine in its full integrity.

Army.—We favor the reduction of the army and of army expenditure to the point historically demonstrated to be safe and sufficient.

Pensions and Our Soldiers and Sailors.—The Democracy would secure to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents generous pensions, not by an arbitrary executive order, but by legislation which we grateful people stand ready to enact. Our soldiers and sailors who defend with their lives the Constitution and the laws have a sacred interest in their just administration. They must therefore share with us the humiliation with which we have witnessed the exaltation of court favorites, without distinguished service, over the scarred heroes of many battles; or aggrandized by legislative appropriations out of the treasuries of a prostrate people, in violation of act of congress, which fixes the compensation and allowances of the military officers.

Civil Service.—The Democratic party stands committed to the principles of civil-service reform, and we demand their honest, just and impartial enforcement. We denounce the Republican party for its continuous and sinister encroachments upon the spirit and operation of civil-service rules, whereby it has arbitrarily dispensed with examinations for office in the interests of favorites and employed all manner of devices to overreach and set aside the principles upon which the civil service was established.

School and Race Questions.—The race question has brought countless woes to this country. The calm wisdom of the American people should see to it that it brings no more. To revive the dead and hateful race and sectional animosities in any part of our common country means confusion, distraction of business and the reopening of wounds now happily healed. North, South, East and West have but recently stood together in line of battle from the walls of Peking to the hills of Santiago, and as sharers of a common glory and a common destiny we should share fraternally the common burdens. We, therefore, deprecate and condemn the bourbonlike, selfish and narrow spirit of the recent Republican convention at Chicago, which sought to kindle anew the embers of racial and sectional strife, and we appeal from it to the sober common sense and patriotic spirit of the American people.

The Republican Administration.—The existing Republican administration has been spasmodic, erratic, sensational, spectacular and arbitrary. It has made itself a satire upon the congress, the courts and upon the settled practices and usages of national and international law.

It summoned the congress into hasty and futile extra session, and virtually adjourned it, leaving behind in its flight from Washington uncalled calendars and unaccomplished tasks.

It made war, which is the sole power of congress, without its authority, thereby usurping one of its fundamental prerogatives. It violated a plain statute of the United States as well as plain treaty obligations, international usages and constitutional law; and has done so under pretence of executing a great public policy, which could have been more easily effected lawfully, constitutionally and with honor.

It forced strained and unnatural constructions upon statutes, usurping judicial interpretation and substituting congressional enactment decree.

It withdrew from congress their customary duties of investigation which have heretofore made the representatives of the people and the states the terror of evildoers.

It conducted a secretive investigation of its own and boasted of a few sample convicts, while it threw a broad coverlet over the bureaus which had been their chosen field of operative abuses, and kept in power the superior officers under whose administration the crimes had been committed.

It ordered assault upon some monopolies, but, paralyzed by its first victory, it flung out the flag of truce and cried out that it would not "run amuck"—leaving its future purposes beclouded by its vacillations.

Appeal to the Country.—Conducting the campaign upon this declaration of our principles and purposes, we invoke for our candidates the support, not only of our great and time-honored organization, but also the active assistance of all of our fellow-citizens who, disregarding past differences upon questions no longer in issue, desire the perpetuation of our constitutional government as framed and established by the fathers of the republic.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Chosen at Oshkosh August 31, 1904.

Officers—A. F. Warden, chairman, Waukesha; George W. Levis, Secretary, Madison; J. W. Moore, treasurer, Watertown.

Members—First district, P. J. Mouat, Janesville; M. A. O'Brien, Shullsburg; second district, J. W. Moore, Watertown; J. A. Aylward, Madison; third district, A. C. Bushnell, Lancaster; Jackson Silbaugh, Viroqua; fourth district, Peter Barry, Milwaukee; John Gawin, Milwaukee; fifth district, A. J. Grundman, Milwaukee; W. A. Scholl, Waukesha; sixth district, M. L. Lueck, Juneau; W. P. Jochem, Cedarburg; seventh district, W. F. Frawley, Eau Claire; A. C. Wolf, La Crosse; eighth district, Geo. Hilton, Oshkosh; F. B. Rawson, Plainfield; ninth district, Jos. Maurer, Marinette; L. A. Karel, Kewaunee; tenth district, D. D. Conway, Grand Rapids; T. W. Hogan, Antigo; eleventh district, H. L. North, Hudson; T. B. Leonard, Chippewa Falls.

STATE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Adopted by the Democratic Party of Wisconsin September, 1904.

We, the Democrats of Wisconsin in convention assembled, cordially approved the principles declared by the last national Democratic convention at St. Louis, and the nomination of the Hon. Alton B. Parker for president, and the Hon. Henry G. Davis for vice president, and pledge our earnest effort to promote their choice at the polls.

We especially commend to the people of this state the overruling importance of a speedy return to the fundamental principles of the constitution; the preservation of the respective powers of the different departments of government as therein defined; a reformation of the tariff so that it shall no longer exact from the earnings of consumers to increase the riches of the favored classes and further contribute to building up the trusts and combinations which oppress the public and destroy individual enterprise and independence; the deliverance of our republic from the unnatural character recently assumed as the oppressor of people seeking freedom, and the enormous waste of public moneys in maintenance of fleets and armies to support foreign domination besides the extrava-

gance and corruption which have prevailed in many departments of the government in recent years.

We deem it fundamental to republican institutions that the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the state be maintained in the integrity and independence conferred on them by the constitution, that the one should not encroach upon or coerce the action of the other, and we deem the coercion of the legislative by the executive, and the attempted domination of all the other departments of the state in the furtherance of personal political ambitions as destructive of the free exercise by the several departments of their respective functions. We submit to the consideration of the citizens of this state the utter inability of the Republican party to accomplish needful reforms; that the agents and servants of the state paid to subserve the public interests have abandoned their official duties but to engage at the expense of the state in factional strife for political spoils, engendering personal hatred, animosity, and division precluding beyond all reasonable expectation any needful legislation should the said party be continued in power. And we submit that the remedial legislation urgently needed can be accomplished only through the agency of the democratic party.

The recent scandals and accompanying disclosures in the offices of insurance commissioner and state treasurer justify the belief that the affairs, records and accounts of those officers, as well as of all other state offices, should be examined and investigated in the interest of the public welfare, which can only be accomplished through a change of administration.

Protection from Railroads.—This convention reminds the people of the state that all their relief from railroad abuses has come from the democratic party and the citizens must depend upon that party for the protection of their rights against unreasonable and extortionate demands of common carriers. It was a democratic legislature and a democratic governor that increased railway taxes from 3 to 4 per cent; that first passed an anti-free pass act; that passed the co-employe law; that passed the law compelling railroads to fence their tracks; that passed the law compelling passenger coaches to be supplied with tools for the protection of passengers in cases of accidents; that passed the law compelling common carriers to serve all persons alike without discrimination in facilities or charges.

Equal Taxation.—While it must be conceded that public service corporations, such as railroads, street railroads, express, sleeping car, telephone and telegraph companies and other quasi-public corporations of like character, are essential to the progress and development of the state and to the comfort and convenience of the people, yet they should all be compelled to bear their just and equitable share of the tax burden.

Control of Rates.—In the interest of the shipper and the traveler, freight and passenger rates should be made as low as is consistent with fair and reasonable profit upon investment. Unjust discriminating freight rates, however granted, should be absolutely prohibited and under penalties severe enough to insure a strict observance of the prohibition. Telephone rentals and tolls, telegraph rates and charges, sleeping car fares, express charges, street railway fares, charges for water service, gas and electric lighting and the charges of all other corporations operating franchises granted by state and municipality, or doing business within the state, should not be in excess of a compensatory and reasonable rate.

For an Elective Commission.—In order that intelligent and unprejudiced action may be had, we favor the creation of a commission under a law to be enacted at the earliest possible moment at the next session of the legislature, the members to be elected by direct vote of the people, the commission to be given full power, and to make it their duty to examine, investigate and ascertain the earnings, expenses, investments, depreciation of values, loss by wear and tear, profits and losses and everything whatsoever necessary and desirable to ascertain the exact facts and true condition of every such corporation above referred to, and for that purpose to examine the records, books and accounts of any and all such corporations, and to compel the attendance and take or secure the testimony of any and all witnesses within or without the state, as well as documentary

evidence necessary or proper for the purposes of every such investigation, and with like power and authority to investigate all charges of unjust discrimination, such commission to make report to the governor in respect to any, each or all of such corporations, whenever required, and to the legislature at each session thereof, or at such other times as may be deemed advisable of all its doings with testimony and evidence so taken and with its recommendations and suggestions, in order that the governor may cause proper actions or proceedings to be brought in view of the facts reported and that the legislature, in whom all power to make laws resides, may enact such laws from time to time in respect thereto as shall be just and right.

Mileage Books at 2 Cents.—We favor a law compelling the railway companies operating railroads in this state to sell mileage books at a flat rate of 2 cents per mile.

The betterment of methods of railroad taxation, as well as of all public taxation, is a subject of first importance and of great difficulty, which will be best effected by the least political interference and the most honest and profound study of conditions and the true principles of taxation. To that end a commission some years ago was created by law, which has hitherto given wise and efficient service to the object proposed; and the democratic party of Wisconsin pledges its hearty and continued support to that commission and particularly to its efforts now in progress to secure justice to the people in the taxation of railroad property, and to such further attempts or amendments as experience and study, the only safe guides, shall prove desirable.

Economy in Expenses.—Primarily, however, the democratic party demands, as partial solution of the question of taxation, that the expenses of government in state not less than nation, be radically diminished by restraining it to strictly governmental functions and by confining expenditures to necessary public purposes instead of extending them, as now, to benefit administration favorites or to promote the political advancement of party or faction.

Opposes Primary Elections.—We are opposed to the primary election law passed by the last legislature. It is undemocratic because it destroys the right of the people to assemble to consider men as candidates and principles for platforms. It takes from the people the right to direct the official conduct of their public servants by the adoption of platforms before the nomination of candidates. It gives to the candidates after their nomination the exclusive power to make their own platforms; it would create great and unnecessary expense to be paid from the public treasury; it would deprive the minority party in every election district of the right to nominate its own candidates, and would in effect place in the hands of the majority party power to nominate not only its own candidates, but to nominate candidates for the minority as well.

But should the law be made operative by the vote of the people, we pledge the democratic party to so modify and amend the measure as to eliminate the aforesaid objectionable features.

Should the people refuse to approve of the law we promise to so amend the existing primary and caucus laws as to secure to every voter the free and unrestrained right to express his choice in the nomination of candidates, to require the primaries of all parties to be held on the same day and at the same time, and to preserve the purity of primary elections.

No Game Wardens.—We are heartily in favor of protecting the fish and game of the state, but believe it can be more effectually and more economically accomplished by employing the regular organized police force of the state and without the intervention of a great army of game wardens who devote their time to political and partisan work rather than to the discharge of their official duties.

For Income Tax.—We favor an amendment to section 1 of article 8 of the state constitution relating to taxation, and providing for a graduated income tax, and we pledge each and all of the democrats elected to the next legislature to support such amendment as provided by joint resolution No. 11 of the legislature of 1903.

Pernicious Activity.—We condemn the pernicious activity of state and federal officials in party caucuses and conventions. We declare that the said

officials have in the past four years in this state unlawfully devoted their time, and paid for out of the public treasury, to partisan politics, greatly to the injury of the public service.

For Elective Boards.—We are opposed to the creation by appointment of a municipality of boards and commissions which are too often used for the purposes of political patronage and are employed for political purposes. We believe that when conditions are so important as to demand the creation of a separate board or commission of permanent character that their importance demands that the members thereof should be elected by the people to the end that they may be held directly responsible to the people.

To Regulate Automobiles.—We favor the adoption of laws regulating the use and speed of automobiles on streets and highways to the end that accidents from such cause may be materially lessened if not wholly averted.

We hereby pledge the candidates nominated by this convention to the support of the principles and the fulfillment of the promises herein made, and we invite the electors of the state, irrespective of party, to join with us in the support of such candidates and of the principles herein enunciated.

PROHIBITION PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Officers—Chairman, Charles R. Jones, Philadelphia; vice-chairman, A. G. Wolfenbarger, Lincoln, Neb.; secretary, W. G. Calderwood, Minneapolis, Minn.; treasurer, Samuel Dickie, Albion, Mich.

Executive Committee—Charles R. Jones, Philadelphia, Pa., chairman; A. G. Wolfenbarger, Lincoln, Neb., vice-chairman; W. G. Calderwood, Minneapolis, Minn., secretary; Samuel Dickie, Albion, Mich., treasurer; A. A. Stevens, Tyrone, Pa.; F. T. McWhirter, Indianapolis, Ind.; F. C. Hendrickson, Cumberland, Md.

Members—Arkansas, J. M. Parker, Dardanelle; H. Brady, Beebe; California, A. B. Taynton, Oakland; F. F. Wheeler, Los Angeles; Colorado, John Hipp, Denver; J. N. Scouller, Denver; Connecticut, F. G. Platt, New Britain; E. S. Y. Hoenthal, S. Manchester; Delaware, G. W. Todd, Wilmington; A. R. Tatum, Wilmington; Florida, A. L. Izler, Ocala; F. Trueblood, Bradentown; Georgia, R. S. Cheves, Zenith; Idaho, S. S. Gray, Star; H. A. Lee, Weiser; Illinois, O. W. Stewart, Chicago; F. S. Regan, Rockford; Indiana, F. T. McWhirter, Indianapolis; C. Eckhart, Auburn; Iowa, A. H. Coates, Perry; A. J. Bolster, Valisca; Kansas, E. R. De Lay, Emporia; T. D. Talmadge, Hutchinson; Kentucky, T. B. Demaree, Nicholasville; J. D. Smith, Paducah; Maine, V. B. Cushing, Bangor; N. F. Woodbury, Auburn; Maryland, F. C. Hendrickson, Cumberland; John N. Parker, Baltimore; Massachusetts, J. B. Lewis, Jr., Reading; H. S. Morley, Baldwinville; Michigan, Samuel Dickie, Albion; F. W. Corbett, Adrian; Minnesota, B. B. Haugan, Fergus Falls; C. W. Higgins, Minneapolis; Missouri, C. E. Stokes, Kansas City; H. P. Paris, Clinton; Nebraska, L. O. Jones, Lincoln; A. G. Wolfenbarger, Lincoln; New Hampshire, Ray C. Durgin, Nashua; L. F. Richardson, Peterboro; New Jersey, Joel G. Van Clise, Summit; W. H. Nicholson, Haddonfield; New York, Wm. T. Wardwell, New York; J. H. Durkee, Rochester; North Carolina, Edwin Shaver, Salisbury; J. M. Templeton, Cary; North Dakota, T. E. Ostlund, Hillsboro; M. H. Kiff, Tower City; Ohio, H. F. MacLane, Toledo; Robert Candy, Columbus; Oregon, F. McKercher, Portland; W. P. Elmore, Brownsville; Pennsylvania, C. R. Jones, Philadelphia; A. A. Stevens, Tyrone; Rhode Island, H. B. Metcalf, Pawtucket; Smith Quimby, Hills Grove; South Dakota, C. V. Templeton, Woonsocket; F. J. Carlisle, Brookings; Tennessee, J. A. Tate, Harriman; A. D. Reynolds, Bristol; Texas, J. B. Cranfill, Dallas; B. P. Bailey, Dallas; Vermont, W. T. Miller, Grand Isle; F. L. Page, Barre; Virginia, G. M. Smithdeal, Richmond; J. W. Bodley, Staunton; Washington, R. E. Dunlap, Seattle;

W. H. Roberts, Latah; West Virginia, T. R. Carskadon, Keyser; U. A. Clayton, Fairmont; Wisconsin, J. E. Clayton, Milwaukee; Alfred Gabrielsen, Eau Claire; Wyoming, L. L. Laughlin, Toltec; C. J. Sawyer, Laramie; Arizona, F. J. Sibley, Tucson; J. C. Watson, Phoenix; Oklahoma, Charles Brown, Cherokee; S. M. Monroe, Oklahoma City.

PROHIBITION NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Indianapolis, June 30, 1904.

The Prohibition party in National Convention assembled, at Indianapolis, June 30th, 1904, recognizing that the chief end of all government is the establishment of those principles of righteousness and justice which have been revealed to men as the will of the ever-living God, desiring his blessing upon our national life, and believing in the perpetuation of the high ideals of government of the people, by the people, and for the people, established by our fathers, makes the following declaration of principles and purposes:

I. The widely prevailing system of licensed and legalized sale of alcoholic beverages is so ruinous to the individual interests, so inimical to public welfare, so destructive of national wealth and so subversive of the rights of great masses of our citizenship, that the destruction of the traffic is, and for years has been, the most important question in American politics.

II. We denounce the lack of statesmanship exhibited by the leaders of the Democratic and Republican parties in their refusal to recognize the paramount importance of this question, and the cowardice with which the leaders of these parties have courted the favor of those whose selfish interests are advanced by the continuation and augmentation of the traffic, until today the influence of the liquor traffic practically dominates national, state and local government throughout the nation.

III. We declare the truth, demonstrated by the experience of half a century, that all methods of dealing with the liquor traffic which recognize its right to exist, in any form, under any system of license or tax or regulation, have proved powerless to remove its evils, and useless as checks upon its growth, while the insignificant public revenues which have accrued therefrom have seared the public conscience against a recognition of its iniquity.

IV. We call public attention to the fact, proved by the experience of more than fifty years, that to secure the enactment and enforcement of prohibitory legislation, in which alone lies the hope of the protection of the people from the liquor traffic, it is necessary that the legislative, executive and judicial branches of government should be in the hands of a political party in harmony with the Prohibition principle, and pledged to its embodiment in law, and to the execution of those laws.

V. We pledge the Prohibition party wherever given power by the suffrages of the people, to the enactment and enforcement of laws prohibiting and abolishing the manufacture, importation, transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages.

VI. We declare that there is not only no other issue of equal importance before the American people today, but that the so-called issues upon which the Democratic and Republican parties seek to divide the electorate of the country are, in large part, subterfuges under the cover of which they wrangle for the spoils of office.

VII. Recognizing that the intelligent voters of the country may properly ask our attitude upon other questions of public concern, we declare ourselves in favor of:

The impartial enforcement of all law.

The safeguarding of the people's rights by a rigid application of the principles of justice to all combinations and organizations of capital and labor.

The recognition of the fact that the right of suffrage should depend upon the mental and moral qualifications of the citizen.

A more intimate relation between the people and government, by a wise application of the principle of the initiative and referendum.

Such changes in our laws as will place tariff schedules in the hands of an omni-partisan commission.

The application of uniform laws to all our country and dependencies.

The election of United States senators by vote of the people.

The extension and honest administration of the civil service laws.

The safeguarding of every citizen in every place under the government of the people of the United States, in all the rights guaranteed by the laws and the constitution.

International arbitration, and we declare that our nation should contribute, in every manner consistent with national dignity, to the permanent establishment of peace between all nations.

The reform of our divorce laws, the final extirpation of polygamy, and the total overthrow of the present shameful system of the illegal sanction of the social evil, with its unspeakable traffic in girls, by the municipal authorities of almost all our cities.

MEMBERS OF THE WISCONSIN PROHIBITION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE ELECTED AT MADISON, JULY 28, 1904.

Executive Committee—J. E. Clayton, chairman, Milwaukee; W. D. Cox, vice-chairman, Milwaukee; Wm. R. Nethercut, secretary, Wauwatosa; H. A. Larson, Waupaca; Alfred Gabrielson, Eau Claire; Lyle B. Walker, Milwaukee; W. B. Ells, Elkhorn.

Members—First district, W. B. Ells, Elkhorn; F. R. Derrick, Brodhead; second district, R. J. Pearsall, Marshall; John Reynolds, Lodi; third district, W. J. Robinson, Viroqua; J. W. Horsfall, Millville; fourth district, Wm. R. Nethercut, Wauwatosa; Lyle B. Walker, 488 Van Buren St., Milwaukee; fifth district, W. D. Cox, 3310 Brown St., Milwaukee; W. H. Rintelman, Menominee Falls; sixth district, W. H. Clark, Ripon; C. E. Tripp, Eden; seventh district, A. Gabrielson, Eau Claire; David Wood, Whitehall; eighth district, B. E. Van Keuren, Oshkosh; H. A. Larson, Waupaca; ninth district, A. J. Benjamin, Appleton; R. H. Churchill, Marinette; tenth district, E. Kerswill, Rib Lake; C. M. Boyles, Wausau; eleventh district, Wm. B. Bolds, Superior; Samuel Dowd, Dallas.

WISCONSIN PROHIBITION PLATFORM.

Adopted July 28, 1904.

The Prohibition party of Wisconsin in State Convention assembled, this 28th day of July, 1904, recognizing Almighty God as the Supreme Ruler and source of all power, adopts the following platform of principles:

1. We declare the liquor license system to be the sum of all villainies, the corrupter of government, the enemy of the home, the robber of labor, the debaucher of the individual citizen and voter, and the destroyer of all free public institutions, therefore: We stand for and demand the absolute prohibition of the manufacture, sale, transportation and importation of intoxicating liquors of every kind for beverage purposes; and we pledge that when the Prohibition party is elected to power it will enact and enforce such laws as shall effectively accomplish these purposes.

2. We invite all voters who are in favor of the absolute destruction of the liquor traffic for beverage purposes, who are opposed to the "graft" and corruption in politics and government, who are in favor of law enforcement, and who believe in a party committed to these issues, to join with us in public agitation and in voting at the ballot box.

3. We endorse the platform adopted by the national Prohibition party at its convention held at Indianapolis on the 30th day of June, 1904, and heartily approve of the action of the said convention in placing in nomination Silas C. Swallow for president, and George W. Carroll for vice president.

SOCIALIST PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

William Mailly, national secretary, 269 Dearborn Street, Chicago. This organization, which in the last presidential canvass bore the name of the Socialist party, was officially known as the Social Democratic party in New York and Wisconsin to conform to the election laws in reference to filing nominations. The National Committee is composed of one representative from each organized state, of which there are thirty-five at this time, as follows: Alabama, B. Andrus, Birmingham; Arizona, H. H. Keays, Groom Creek; Arkansas, L. W. Lowry, Little Rock; California, N. A. Richardson, San Bernardino; Colorado, A. H. Floaten, Denver; Connecticut, W. E. White, New Haven; Florida, W. R. Healey, Longwood; Idaho, C. F. Carter, Boise; Illinois, B. Berlyn, Chicago; Indiana, S. M. Reynolds, Terre Haute; Iowa, John M. Work, Des Moines; Kentucky, Charles G. Towner, Newport; Kansas, A. S. McAllister, Herrington; Louisiana, W. Putnam, Evangeline; Maine, C. L. Fox, Portland; Massachusetts, John C. Chase, New York City; Michigan, W. E. Walter, Bad Axe; Minnesota, S. M. Holman, Minneapolis; Missouri, G. H. Turner, Kansas City; Montana, J. D. Graham, Livingston, Neb.; Nebraska, C. Christensen, Salida, Col.; New Hampshire, M. H. O'Neil, Nashua; New Jersey, C. Ufert, West Hoboken; New York, Morris Hillquit, New York City; North Dakota, Tonnes Thams, Fargo; Ohio, H. H. Caldwell, Dayton; Oregon, B. F. Ramp, Salem; Oklahoma, R. Maschke, Kingfisher; Pennsylvania, J. Mahlon Barnes, Philadelphia; South Dakota, Samuel Lovett, Aberdeen; Texas, John Kerrigan, Dallas; Vermont, John W. Arvidson, Rutland; Washington, George E. Boomer, Prosser; Wisconsin, Victor L. Berger, Milwaukee; West Virginia, F. A. Zimmerman, McMechen.

THE SOCIALIST NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted by the Socialist Party in National Convention at Chicago, Ill., May 5, 1904, and Endorsed by Referendum of the Party Membership July 20, 1904.

I.

The Socialist party, in convention assembled, makes its appeal to the American people as the defender and preserver of the idea of liberty and self-government, in which the nation was born; as the only political movement standing for the program and principles by which the liberty of the individual may become a fact; as the only political organization that is democratic, and that has for its purpose the democratizing of the whole of society.

To this idea of liberty the Republican and Democratic parties are equally false. They alike struggle for power to maintain and profit by an industrial system which can be preserved only by the complete overthrow of such liber-

ties as we already have, and by the still further enslavement and degradation of labor.

Our American institutions came into the world in the name of freedom. They have been seized upon by the capitalist class as the means of rooting out the idea of freedom from among the people. Our state and national legislatures have become the mere agencies of great propertied interests. These interests control the appointments and decisions of the judges of our courts. They have come into what is practically a private ownership of all the functions and forces of government. They are using these to betray and conquer foreign and weaker peoples, in order to establish new markets for the surplus goods which the people make, but are too poor to buy. They are gradually so invading and restricting the right of suffrage as to take away unawares the right of the worker to a vote or voice in public affairs. By enacting new and misinterpreting old laws, they are preparing to attack the liberty of the individual even to speak or think for himself, or for the common good.

By controlling all the sources of social revenue, the possessing class is able to silence what might be the voice of protest against the passing of liberty and the coming of tyranny. It completely controls the university and public school, the pulpit and the press, and the arts and literatures. By making these economically dependent upon itself, it has brought all the forms of public teaching into servile submission to its own interests.

Our political institutions are also being used as the destroyers of that individual property upon which all liberty and opportunity depend. The promise of economic independence to each man was one of the faiths upon which our institutions were founded. But, under the guise of defending private property, capitalism is using our political institutions to make it impossible for the vast majority of human beings ever to become possessors of private property in the means of life.

Capitalism is the enemy and destroyer of essential private property. Its development is through the legalized confiscation of all that the labor of the working class produces, above its subsistence-wage. The private ownership of the means of employment grounds society in an economic slavery which renders intellectual and political tyranny inevitable.

Socialism comes so to organize industry and society that every individual shall be secure in that private property in the means of life upon which his liberty of being, thought and action depends. It comes to rescue the people from the fast increasing and successful assault of capitalism upon the liberty of the individual.

II.

As an American socialist party, we pledge our fidelity to the principles of international socialism, as embodied in the united thought and action of the socialists of all nations. In the industrial development already accomplished, the interests of the world's workers are separated by no national boundaries. The condition of the most exploited and oppressed workers, in the most remote places of the earth, inevitably tends to drag down all the workers of the world to the same level. The tendency of the competitive wage system is to make labor's lowest condition the measure or rule of its universal condition. Industry and finance are no longer national but international, in both organization and results. The chief significance of national boundaries, and of the so-called patriotisms which the ruling class of each nation is seeking to revive, is the power which these give to capitalism to keep the workers of the world from uniting and to throw them against each other in the struggles of contending capitalist interests for the control of the yet unexplored markets of the world, or the remaining sources of profit.

The socialist movement, therefore, is a world-movement. It knows of no conflict of interests between the workers of one nation and the workers of another. It stands for the freedom of the workers of all nations; and, in so standing, it makes for the full freedom of all humanity.

III.

The socialist movement owes its birth and growth to that economic development or world-process which is rapidly separating a working or producing class from a possessing or capitalist class. The class that produces nothing possesses labor's fruits, and the opportunities and enjoyments these fruits afford, while the class that does the world's real work has increasing economic uncertainty and physical and intellectual misery, for its portion.

The fact that these two classes have not yet become fully conscious of their distinction from each other, the fact that the lines of division and interest may not yet be clearly drawn, does not change the fact of the class conflict.

This class struggle is due to the private ownership of the means of employment, or the tools of production. Wherever and whenever man owned his own land and tools, and by them produced only the things which he used, economic independence was possible. But production, or the making of goods, has long ceased to be individual. The labor of scores, or even thousands, enters into almost every article produced. Production is now social or collective. Practically everything is made or done by many men—sometimes separated by seas or continents—working together for the same end. But this co-operation in production is not for the direct use of the things made by the workers who make them, but for the profit of the owners of the tools and means of production; and to this is due the present division of society into two classes; and from it have sprung all the miseries, inharmonies and contradictions of our civilization.

Between these two classes there can be no possible compromise or identity of interests, any more than there can be peace in the midst of war, or light in the midst of darkness. A society based upon this class division carries in itself the seeds of its own destruction. Such a society is founded in fundamental injustice. There can be no possible basis for social peace, for individual freedom, for mental and moral harmony, except in the conscious and complete triumph of the working class as the only class that has the right or power to do.

IV.

The socialist program is not a theory imposed upon society for its acceptance or rejection. It is but the interpretation of what is, sooner or later, inevitable. Capitalism is already struggling to its destruction. It is no longer competent to organize or administer the work of the world, or even to preserve itself. The captains of industry are appalled at their own inability to control or direct the rapidly socializing forces of industry. The so-called trust is but a sign and form of the developing socialism of the world's work. The universal increase of the uncertainty of employment, the universal capitalist determination to break down the unity of labor in the trades unions, the widespread apprehensions of impending change, reveal that the institutions of capitalist society are passing under the power of inhering forces that will soon destroy them.

Into the midst of the strain and crisis of civilization, the socialist movement comes as the only conservative force. If the world is to be saved from chaos, from universal disorder and misery, it must be by the union of the workers of all nations in the socialist movement. The socialist party comes with the only proposition or program for intelligently and deliberately organizing the nation for the common good of all its citizens. It is the first time that the mind of man has ever been directed toward the conscious organization of society.

Socialism means that all those things upon which the people in common depend shall by the people in common be owned and administered. It means that the tools of employment shall belong to their creators and users; that all production shall be for the direct use of the producers; that the making of goods for profit shall come to an end; that we shall all be workers together; and that all opportunities shall be open and equal to all men.

V.

To the end that the workers may seize every possible advantage that may strengthen them to gain complete control of the powers of government, and thereby the sooner establish the co-operative commonwealth, the Socialist party pledges itself to watch and work, in both the economic and the political struggle, for each successive immediate interest of the working class; for shortened days of labor and increases of wages; for the insurance of the workers against accident, sickness and lack of employment; for pensions for aged and exhausted workers; for the public ownership of the means of transportation, communication and exchange; for the graduated taxation of incomes, inheritances, franchises and land values, the proceeds to be applied to the public employment and improvement of the conditions of the workers; for the complete education of children, and their freedom from the workshop; for the prevention of the use of the military against labor in the settlement of strikes; for the free administration of justice; for popular government, including initiative, referendum, proportional representation, equal suffrage of men and women, municipal home rule, and the recall of officers by their constituents; and for every gain or advantage for the workers that may be wrested from the capitalist system, and that may relieve the suffering and strengthen the hands of labor. We lay upon every man elected to any executive or legislative office the first duty of striving to procure whatever is for the workers' most immediate interest, and for whatever will lessen the economic and political powers of the capitalist, and increase the like powers of the worker.

But, in so doing, we are using these remedial measures as means to the one great end of the co-operative commonwealth. Such measures of relief as we may be able to force from capitalism are but a preparation of the workers to seize the whole powers of government, in order that they may thereby lay hold of the whole system of industry, and thus come into their rightful inheritance.

To this end we pledge ourselves, as the party of the working class, to use all political power as fast as it shall be entrusted to us by our fellow-workers, both for their immediate interests and for their ultimate and complete emancipation. To this end we appeal to all the workers of America, and to all who will lend their lives to the service of the workers in their struggle to gain their own, and to all who will nobly and disinterestedly give their days and energies unto the workers' cause, to cast in their lot and faith with the socialist party. Our appeal for the trust and suffrages of our fellow-workers is at once an appeal for their common good and freedom, and for the freedom and blossoming of our common humanity. In pledging ourselves, and those we represent, to be faithful to the appeal which we make, we believe that we are but preparing the soil of that economic freedom from which will spring the freedom of the whole man.

SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

State Central Committee—Victor L. Berger, chairman; Frederick Heath, secretary; Emil Ruhnke, Emil Fischer, John Doerfler, Theodore P. Knutson, Edward Besenberg, Milwaukee; R. O. Stoll, Eau Claire; J. M. Spence, Green Bay; Joseph Reck, Kief; J. W. Born, Racine; Charles Conger, Beloit.

Presidential Electors—John J. Hanley, Eugene Rooney, Frank J. Weber, W. C. Young, Fred Buenger, Fred Wilson, Ernst Schultz, Fred Lehmann, Herman Hein, Edward Schaife, Milwaukee; William Quinn, Racine; George Gollwitzer, Waukesha; A. A. Blunt, Janesville.

PLATFORM OF THE WISCONSIN SOCIAL-DEMOCRATS.

Adopted at Milwaukee July 18, 1904.

The Social Democratic party is the American expression of the international movement of modern wage workers for better food, better houses, sufficient sleep, more leisure, more education and more culture. Those who work with hands and brain are the producers of all wealth, but as laws are now made in the interests of property and the men who own property, the rights of the workers are ignored, although they are in the great majority.

Electricity, steam and many modern inventions have struck the death blow at production on a small scale. Production on the largest scale makes monopoly a necessary condition. Monopoly is here, whether we wish it or not. The only question is whether it shall be a public or private monopoly.

The Social Democratic party demands that the production of this country shall be taken away from the control of a small number of irresponsible men whose only aim is to exploit us to the last limit of our endurance.

The Republican and the Democratic parties do not today differ in any essential points. Formerly the Republican was the favorite party of capitalism, but since the trusts have captured the Democratic party at St. Louis nationally and again at Oshkosh as far as this state is concerned, there is hardly any other difference between the two than that the Democratic party tried to outbid the Republican party in its deference to capitalism. As for Gov. La Follette, he is powerless against the trusts and capitalists, because as a good Republican and as a lawyer he cannot consistently oppose property rights of any kind. These rights are more sacred to all so-called reformers than the rights of man; but, alarmed by the growing strength of Socialism, and either unable or unwilling to admit that it is the logical consequence of capitalism, they are now trying to get around Socialism by the use of phrases that to them sound "socialistic." Yet none of the reformers dare to attack the only vital point in the present economic system: the private ownership of the means of production and distribution.

And as for the Democratic party, the less said the better. By recent industrial developments it has lost its economic basis. Since the abolition of negro slavery it has lost its political life. It is now simply the stamping ground for the most crooked politicians and political and other thieves in America. Tammany Hall is the type of the only flower that can blossom on that soil, and it has been repeated in endless varieties in every city from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Any man voting that ticket votes for men who have to leave the city whenever the grand jury convenes.

The trust question is a national question, but in state affairs also the Social Democratic party stands for every radical change that will bring more wealth, more culture and more safety to the masses of the people. The Social Democratic party believes in self-government for cities; in a just and equitable taxation, and in the highest development of a reasonable public service. We also demand better legislation for the protection of life and limb in factories and mines, the public ownership of public utilities as a fact and not as a mere phrase, and protection against hardship and misery in old age—not as a charity, but as a right. If we get the political power in this state we will carry out these and other Social reforms.

But we call attention to the fact that the measures we urge are in no way a cure for all the existing evils, nor are they all Socialist institutions. They are to be viewed rather as mere palliatives, capable of being carried out even under the present conditions. Under no circumstances should the people rest content with palliatives of this kind. The people should move onward to the conquest of all public powers, to an entire change of the present system for one which will secure to the people collectively the blessings of our modern inventions, and a standard of civilization and culture hitherto unknown in history.

With this in view the Social Democratic party of the state of Wisconsin in convention assembled reaffirms its allegiance to the principles of international

Socialism, and declares its adherence to the platform of the national Socialist party adopted at the convention in Chicago and pledges itself at the present time to the following:

1. That the state legislature, the governor and our representatives in congress shall take such action as is calculated to bring about the nationalization of all the trusts, notably the coal trust, the meat trust, the oil trust, the sugar trust, the farming machinery trust and others of the same kind, and pay the actual value for the same.
 2. That the state legislature, the governor and our representatives in congress shall take such action as will be calculated to bring about the national ownership of the railroads, telegraph, telephone, express companies and steamship lines, and pay the actual value of the same.
 3. That the state legislature, the governor and our representatives in congress shall take such action as will be calculated to enact a law, granting every wage worker over 60 years of age, who has earned less than \$1,000 a year and has been a citizen of the United States for sixteen years, at least, a pension of not less than \$12 a month for the rest of his life.
 4. That no city in Wisconsin shall have the right to sell, lease or give away public franchises. Provided, however, that in cases where existing laws or extreme necessity make a franchise absolutely unavoidable, the granting of the franchise must be submitted to a referendum of the voters of the respective city or township for a decision before it may be granted. That every city shall have the right to take possession of all its public utilities by paying to the present owners the price of the properties involved, as fixed by an impartial jury, the same not to include any franchise values; and that every city and township shall have the right to issue bonds up to the amount of 5 per cent. of the entire tax valuation for that purpose.
 5. That the state legislature, the governor and our representatives in congress shall take steps calculated to bring about the enactment of a national law by which the government of the United States will lend the cities and townships money on bonds issued by said cities and townships up to 50 per cent. of the assessed valuation. Such loan shall be made in legal tender and without interest, the refund to take place in twenty years in equal shares. This money shall have its intrinsic value secured by the bonds and the assessed valuation of the city or township that receives the loan, and it shall be canceled with the bonds as fast as the loan is refunded.
 6. That the state legislature, the governor and our representatives in congress shall take the initiative to the effect that the United States constitution be so amended as to abolish the United States senate, which is a bulwark of capitalism and trustocracy. Furthermore, we demand that the United States judges shall be elected by the people of their respective districts, for terms not to exceed six years—this in order to make an end of government by injunction. We also demand that all elective offices, the judges included, shall be made subject to the imperative mandate, and to a recall by the expressed wish of three-fourths of their constituency.
 7. That the state shall provide free school books and school utensils to the pupils of the public schools, and also to parochial and private schools who shall under certain legal conditions as to standards of instruction make demand for the same books. We also demand legislation enabling school districts in the country to give better school facilities and free transportation to and from school for the children.
 8. That laws be enacted limiting the working day of youths under 21 years of age and women of any age employed anywhere in Wisconsin to eight hours a day, and prohibiting the employment in any factory, store, workshop or mine, of children under 16 years of age.
 9. That every city or township shall have the right to establish a public coal yard and a public ice house, where coal and wood and ice shall be sold to the citizens at cost. Cities and townships shall also have the right to establish public abattoirs (slaughter houses) and to issue bonds for that purpose.
- These are the demands of the Social Democratic party in Wisconsin. We call

upon every intelligent voter of this state, regardless of race, nationality or religion, to join the Social Democratic party, vote its ticket, build up its organization, and stand shoulder to shoulder for a better order and a higher civilization. And especially to the economically oppressed we call in the words of the immortal Karl Marx:

"Proletarians of all countries unite! You have nothing to lose but your chains and a world to gain."

PEOPLE'S PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Officers—Chairman, James H. Ferriss, Joliet, Ill.; vice-chairman, W. S. Morgan, Hardy, Ark.; secretary, Charles Q. De France, Lincoln, Neb.; treasurer, George F. Washburn, Boston, Mass.

Members—Alabama, J. Gilbert Johnson, Orrville; J. A. Hurst, Walnut Grove; J. P. Pearson, Columbiana; Arkansas, A. W. Files, Little Rock; J. E. Scanlan, Bee Branch; W. S. Morgan, Hardy; California, D. P. Rice, Occidental; A. J. Jones, Parlier; Robert Shetterly, Spenceville; Colorado, E. E. T. Haxen, Holyoke; R. H. Northcott, Akron; A. B. Gray, Denver; Connecticut, T. L. Thomas, Forestville; Wm. W. Wheeler, Meriden; Florida, W. R. Shields, Blountstown; W. F. Woodford, Farmdale; D. L. McKinnon, Marianna; Georgia, W. F. McDaniel, Conyers; A. J. Burnett, Carrolton; C. S. Barrett, Thomaston; Idaho, Harry Watkins, Boise; R. D. Jones, Bonners Ferry; E. E. Cox, New Plymouth; Illinois, Joseph Hopp, Chicago; A. C. Van Tine, Flora; J. S. Felter, Springfield; Indiana, S. W. Williams, Vincennes; John H. Caldwell, Lebanon; F. J. S. Robinson, Cloverland; Iowa, L. H. Weller, Nashua; J. R. Norman, Albia; S. M. Harvey, Des Moines; Kansas, Dr. F. B. Lawrence, Eldorado; Rev. O. H. Truman, Abilene; J. A. Wright, Smith Centre; Kentucky, Jo A. Parker, Louisville; Joe A. Bradburn, Louisville; A. H. Cardin, View; Louisiana, Leland M. Guice, Longstreet; J. W. Burt, Simsboro; Wm. McHenry, Pawnee; Maine, L. W. Smith, Vinalhaven; Albion Gates, Carroll; John White, Levant; Maryland, F. A. Naille, Baltimore; Henry F. Magness, Baltimore; Frank H. Jones, Baltimore; Massachusetts, Geo. F. Washburn, Boston; E. Gerry Brown, Brockton; Dr. P. P. Field, Boston; Michigan, James E. McBride, Grand Rapids; Edw. S. Grece, Detroit; Mrs. Marion Todd, Springport; Minnesota, A. M. Morrison, Mankato; Thos. J. Meighen, Forestville; A. H. Nelson, Minneapolis; Mississippi, R. Brewer, Aubrey; Abe Steinberger, Okolona; J. H. Simpson, Watson; Missouri, Dr. J. T. Polson, La Cede; A. M. Ballew, Hale; A. E. Nelson, St. Louis; Montana, J. H. Calderhead, Helena; William Clancy, Butte; Abram Hall, Miles City; Nebraska, James T. Brady, Albion; Elmer E. Thomas, Omaha; C. Q. De France, Lincoln; Nevada, Harry P. Beck, Virginia City; Newton Richards, Reno; J. B. McCullough, Reno; New Hampshire, George Howie, Manchester; Philippe Garon, Manchester; D. B. Currier, Hanover; New Jersey, J. A. Edgerton, East Orange; Geo. L. Spence, Atlantic City; John S. De Hart, Jersey City; New York, Frank S. Johnston, Schenectady; Darwin Forrest, Green Island; M. G. Palliser, New York; North Carolina, A. C. Shuford, Newton; James B. Lloyd, Tarboro; J. P. Sossaman, Charlotte; North Dakota, W. H. Standish, Grand Forks; John Mostul, Leonard; Thomas Stanley, Hamilton; Ohio, Hugo Preyer, Cleveland; Dr. R. H. Reemelin, Cincinnati; Wm. Allerton, Alliance; Oregon, Jas. K. Sears, McCoy; P. E. Phelps, Vale; Dr. J. L. Hill, Albany; Pennsylvania, Theo. P. Rynder, Erie; J. P. Correll, Easton; James A. Fulton, McKeesport; Rhode Island, Barth. Valette, E. Providence; South Carolina, E. Gilstrap, Pickens; South Dakota, John Campbell, Miller; W. C. Buderus, Sturgis; Wm. Dailey, Flandreau; Tennessee, A. L. Mims, Antioch; Sid. S. Bond, Jackson; H. J. Mullens, Franklin; Texas, Jas. W. Baird, Paris; W. D. Lewis, Corn Hill; W. R. Cole, Dallas; Utah, S. S. Smith, Ogden; S. G. Deihl, Hooper; J. M. Lamb, Vernal; Vermont, Andrew J. Beebe, Swanton;

Virginia, W. H. Tinsley, Salem; V. A. Witcher, Riceville; G. T. Loeffler, Ducat; Washington, Edw. Clayson, Sr., Seattle; C. C. Gibson, Davenport; H. Packard, Snohomish; West Virginia, S. H. Piersol, Parkersburg; A. C. Houston, Union; Dr. R. S. Davis, Kirby; Wisconsin, Robert Schilling, Milwaukee; Wm. Munro, Superior; Frank Emerson, Oakfield.

PEOPLE'S PARTY NATIONAL PLATFORM.

Adopted at Springfield, Ill., July 4, 1904.

Preamble.—The people's party reaffirms its adherence to the basic truths of the Omaha platform of 1892, and of the subsequent platforms of 1896 and 1900. In session in its fourth national convention on July 4, 1904, in the city of Springfield, Ill., it draws inspiration from the day that saw the birth of the nation as well as its own birth as a party, and also from the soul of him who lived at its present place of meeting. We renew our allegiance to the old-fashioned American spirit that gave this nation existence, and made it distinctive among the peoples of the earth. We again sound the key-note of the Declaration of Independence that all men are created equal in a political sense, which was the sense in which that instrument, being a political document, intended that the utterance should be understood. We assert that the departure from this fundamental truth is responsible for the ills from which we suffer as a nation, that the giving of special privileges to the few has enabled them to dominate the many, thereby tending to destroy the political equality which is the cornerstone of democratic government.

Holding fast to the truths of the fathers we vigorously protest against the spirit of mammonism and of thinly veiled monarchy, that is invading certain sections of our national life, and of the very administration itself. This is a nation of peace, and we deplore the appeal to the spirit of force and militarism, which is shown in ill advised and vain glorious boasting and in more harmful ways in the denial of the rights of man under martial law.

A political democracy and an industrial despotism cannot exist side by side; and nowhere is this truth more plainly shown than in the gigantic transportation monopolies which have bred all sorts of kindred trusts, subverted the governments of many of the states, and established their official agents in the national government. We submit that it is better for the government to own the railroads than for the railroads to own the government, and that one or the other alternative seems inevitable.

We call the attention of our fellow citizens to the fact that the surrender of both of the old parties to corporative influences leaves the People's party the only party of reform in the nation.

Therefore we submit the following platform of principles to the American people:

Money and Banks.—The issuing of money is function of government, and should never be delegated to corporations or individuals. The constitution gives to congress alone power to issue money and regulate its value.

We therefore demand that all money shall be issued by the government in such quantity as shall maintain stability in prices, every dollar to be full legal tender, none of which shall be a debt redeemable in other money.

Savings Banks.—We demand that postal savings banks be established by the government for the safe deposit of the savings of the people.

Labor.—We believe in the right of labor to organize for the benefit and protection of those who toil; and pledge the efforts of the People's party to preserve this right inviolate. Capital is organized and has no right to deny to labor the privilege which it claims for itself. We feel that intelligent organization of labor is essential; that it raises the standard of workmanship; promotes the efficiency, intelligence, independence and character of the wage earner.

We believe with Abraham Lincoln that labor is prior to capital, and is not its slave, but its companion, and we plead for that broad spirit of toleration and justice which will promote industrial peace through the observance of the principles of voluntary arbitration.

We favor the enactment of legislation looking to the improvement of conditions for wage earners, the abolition of child labor, the suppression of sweat shops, and of convict labor in competition with free labor, and the exclusion from American shores of foreign pauper labor.

We favor the shorter work day, and declare that if eight hours constitutes a day's labor in government service, that eight hours should constitute a day's labor in factories, work shops and mines.

Initiative and Referendum.—As a means of placing all public questions directly under the control of the people, we demand that legal provision be made under which the people may exercise the initiative, referendum and proportional representation and direct vote for all public officers with the right of recall.

The Land.—Land, including all the natural sources of wealth, is a heritage of all the people, and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of land should be prohibited.

Human Rights.—We demand a return to the strict construction of the constitution and a fair and impartial enforcement of laws under it, and denounce government by injunction and imprisonment without the right of trial by jury.

Railroads and Monopoly.—To prevent unjust discrimination and monopoly the government should own and control the railroads, and those public utilities which in their nature are monopolies. To perfect the postal service, the government should own and operate the general telegraph and telephone system and provide a parcels post.

As to those trusts and monopolies which are not public utilities or natural monopolies, we demand that those special privileges which they now enjoy, and which alone enable them to exist, should be immediately withdrawn. Corporations being the creatures of government should be subjected to such governmental regulations and control as will adequately protect the public. We demand the taxation of monopoly privileges, while they remain in private hands, to the extent of the value of the privileges granted.

We demand that congress shall enact a general law uniformly regulating the power and duties of all incorporated companies doing inter-state business.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

Members—California, O. M. Johnson, 2131 Peralta St., Oakland; Colorado, H. J. Brimble, Florence; Connecticut, Joseph Marek, 17 Auburn St., New Haven; Illinois, F. Koch, 431 Blaine St., Peoria; Indiana, Theodore Bernine, 318 Adelaide St., Indianapolis; Kentucky, Albert Schmutz, 1036 Christy Ave., Louisville, Ky.; Massachusetts, Michael T. Berry, 99½ Chestnut St., Lynn; Maryland, no report; Michigan, Melko Meyer, 334 Arndt St., Detroit; Minnesota, C. W. Brandborg, Henning; Missouri, John J. Ernst, 2219 N. 10th St., St. Louis; New Jersey, John C. Butterworth, 110 Albion Ave., Paterson; New York, John J. Kinneally, 757 East 138th St., New York City; Ohio, P. C. Christiansen, 635 Scranton Ave., Cleveland; Pennsylvania, Edmund Seidel, 2125 Bridge St., Philadelphia; Rhode Island, Everett I. Bowers, 36 Cass St., Providence; Texas, A. S. Dowler, Finlay; Virginia, no report; Washington, R. McDonald, Box 256, Tacoma; Wisconsin, Chas. H. Minkley.

NATIONAL SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY PLATFORM.

Adopted at the Eleventh National Convention of the Socialist Labor Party,
July, 1904.

The Socialist Labor party of America, in convention assembled, reasserts the inalienable right of man to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

We hold that the purpose of government is to secure to every citizen the enjoyment of this right; but taught by experience we hold furthermore that such right is illusory to the majority of the people, to-wit, the working class, under the present system of economic inequality that is essentially destructive of THEIR life, THEIR liberty and THEIR happiness.

We hold that the true theory of politics is that the machinery of government must be controlled by the whole people; but again taught by experience we hold furthermore that the true theory of economics is that the means of production must likewise be owned, operated and controlled by the people in common. Man cannot exercise his right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness without the ownership of the land on and the tool with which to work. Deprived of these, his life, his liberty and his fate fall into the hands of the class that owns those essentials for work and production.

We hold that the existing contradiction between the theory of democratic government and the fact of a despotic economic system—the private ownership of the natural and social opportunities—divides the people into two classes: the capitalist class and the working class; throws society into the convulsions of the class struggle; and perverts government to the exclusive benefit of the capitalist class.

Thus labor is robbed of the wealth which it alone produces, is denied the means of self-employment, and, by compulsory idleness in wage slavery, is even deprived of the necessities of life.

Against such a system the Socialist Labor Party raises the banner of revolt, and demands the unconditional surrender of the capitalist class.

The time is fast coming when in the natural course of social evolution, this system, through the destructive action of its failures and crises, on the one hand, and the constructive tendencies of its trusts and other capitalist combinations, on the other hand, will have worked out its own downfall.

We, therefore, call upon the wage workers of America to organize under the banner of the Socialist Labor party into a class conscious body, aware of its right and determined to conquer them.

And we also call upon all other intelligent citizens to place themselves squarely upon the ground of working class interests, and join us in this mighty and noble work of human emancipation, so that we may put summary end to the existing barbarous class conflict by placing the land and all the means of production, transportation and distribution into the hands of the people as a collective body, and substituting the co-operative commonwealth for the present state of planless production, industrial war and social disorder—a commonwealth in which every worker shall have the free exercise and full benefit of his faculties, multiplied by all the modern factors of civilization.

THE WISCONSIN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE
SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.

Members—August Schnabel, Chas. Minkley, Theo. Horn, Gustav Starke, Michael Gross, John Vierthaler (secretary), all of Milwaukee.

SOCIAL LABOR PARTY STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted in Convention in Milwaukee in 1904.

The Socialist Labor party of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, declares its affiliation with, and its endorsement of, the principles and tactics of the Socialist Labor Party of the United States.

Under our present system of society a government cannot be in the interests of all the people, because society is divided into two antagonistic classes. In fact, our present government, so-called "State," is essentially a capitalist state, and as such its primary function is to protect the property of the owners of the means of production and distribution, who constitute the capitalist class, and this will hold good as long as the present private ownership of the means of production and distribution continues. It makes no difference whether certain industries are owned by private capitalists as at present, or by the state. The difference would be in name only; instead of private capitalism we would have state capitalism. The only means that will ever bring about the salvation of the working class is the abolishment of the private ownership of the means of production and distribution, and the substitution thereof of collective ownership of those means for production for use in place of the present production for profit.

In order to establish the system under which it will not be bought and sold like raw material in the market, and at the market price, but under which its product will be its own and not the means of exploiting itself, the working class must fight for its own material interest.

The present competitive system tends to abolish individualism. Competition itself, resulting as it does in the accumulation of the means of production and distribution in a few hands, abolishes competition, and the more this process goes on the more power is concentrated in few hands. Prices of commodities, which were formerly more or less set by the degree of competition, today are set by a few men—capitalist combinations, trusts, etc.; but in the selling of labor power, the only commodity the working class has to sell, competition not only remains but is ever increasing with the evolution of capitalism. Strikes and boycotts which were formerly the means employed by the workers to better their condition were effective when capitalist competition was stronger than it is today, and competition in the labor market among the workers had not yet reached its present stage; but today they are dull weapons, because evolution has brought about greater economic and political power on the capitalist side and less power of resistance on the side of the workers. The only weapon left the workers which they can use without the suffering entailed by the antiquated strike and boycott, is the ballot, but this has not up to the present time been used by them in their own interest.

We call the attention of the workers to the fact that although capitalism has reached a point where economic organization can do very little good for them, so-called labor leaders are trying to prevent the workers from recognizing their own interests; not because these labor leaders honestly mean it and want to do their best for the workers, but because they are getting paid to keep them in ignorance.

We, the Socialist Labor Party, declare that these labor leaders are nothing else but traitors to the working class, and call upon that class to join the Socialist Labor party as the political arm of the only progressive labor movement, and the Socialist Trade and Labor Alliance as the economic organization of the working class.

The Party Press.—The press of this country is the principal weapon of capitalism, for it influences the thought and action of the working class along capitalist lines. A press free from all capitalist influences is the most powerful weapon in the struggle against capitalistic lies, robbery and corruption. Therefore, this convention recognizes no publication founded and owned by private individuals or concerns, but supports exclusively those publications which are

owned by workmen and controlled by them in their interest, viz.: the press of the Socialist Labor party—the Daily People, Weekly People, Socialistische Arbeiter Zeitung, Arbetaren and the publications of the New York Labor News Company. We therefore call upon the working class of Wisconsin to support only the papers and publications named.

Colorado.—The fact that the working class of the state of Colorado, in defiance of all constitutional rights, has been assaulted, imprisoned, fined, maltreated and deported by the public powers, especially the governor and the state militia, just as has happened on similar occasions in other states, again proves our contention that the present government is a class government in the interests of the capitalist class, and as such it utilizes every means to domineer and oppress the working class. We declare that so long as the private ownership of the means of production and distribution exists, the state is just as great an enemy of the working class as is the private capitalist, and we therefore condemn as an act of treachery to the workers' all attempts to place any industry under state control. We further condemn the hypocritical action of the Social Democratic party, which sends meaningless resolutions of sympathy to the strikers and is at the same time engaged in attempts to bring industries under the control of the state.

We declare further that we are powerless to help the Colorado strikers, if they do not help themselves through political action along Socialist lines. We point out to them the road to freedom, but refrain from begging capitalist presidents to help them. We ask the strikers of Colorado to join the Socialist Trade and Labor Alliance as the economic organization of the working class, and the Socialist Labor Party as the political organization. This is the best and most effective protest against the capitalist state and the present system in general.

Pure and Simple Unions.—We assert that competition, the basis of our present system, has brought things to a point where ever more and ever better machines are introduced to save human labor power. Whereas, competition among the owners of the means of production is steadily decreasing, because the weaker naturally succumb in the competitive struggle, and the means of production therefore become concentrated in the hands of a few, giving to those few excessive economic power over the working class; and

Whereas, in the same measure that this evolution progresses, i. e., competition among the owners of the means of production grows less and their economic power increases, the number of unemployed becomes greater, competition among the workers grows ever severer and economic power on their part dwindles; and

Whereas, the means employed by the workers to obtain better wages and conditions must keep pace with this evolution; and

Whereas, the leaders of such labor organizations as the American Federation of Labor, etc., not only do not make any progress, but on every occasion diffuse false economic teachings among the workers, even going so far as to speak of "harmony between capital and labor" in the face of increasing labor disturbances; and

Whereas, the workers in such organizations are only wasting their efforts and are used by their leaders at every recurring election as voting cattle for capitalist parties; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this convention ask the workers of Wisconsin to join the Socialist Trade and Labor Alliance as the only bona fide labor union in America, and one which in its principles and tactics keeps pace with evolution.

We do not antagonize unions, but only the fakirism and false principles of the old unions. We organize and give our support to unions, but they must be modern ones. Therefore, workmen of Wisconsin, we ask you to fight with us for your class interests, which are ours as well.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE—NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

- Chairman*—Theodore Goldin, Janesville.
First District—A. H. Sheldon, Rock; J. H. Reynolds, Walworth.
Second—J. H. Wells, Columbus; A. J. Roach, Waterloo.
Third—W. H. Ellis, Grant; F. R. Bentley, secretary, Sauk.
Fourth—F. X. Bodin, Andrew S. Mitchell, Milwaukee.
Fifth—F. D. Abel, Waukesha; A. V. Klefish, Milwaukee.
Sixth—G. M. Lawrence, Dodge; J. R. Dennett, Ozaukee.
Seventh—J. O. Melbie, Trempealeau; H. D. Davis, Eau Claire.
Eighth—E. G. Nash, Manitowoc; Eben Simpson, Winnebago.
Ninth—William Larson, Brown; E. T. Perry, Oconto.
Tenth—E. H. Van Nostrand, Langlade; M. E. Dillon, Ashland.
Eleventh—Spencer Haven, St. Croix; L. E. McGill, Gates.

STATE PLATFORM—NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PARTY.

The Republican party of Wisconsin, in state convention assembled, declares its unwavering adherence to the principles of the national Republican party. We glory in its history, and take just pride in its achievements as the party devoted to liberty and to the ideals of true representative government as devised by the fathers of the republic. It has faithfully carried into legislation and administration the will of the people. Its principles need no definition or platform elaboration.

We cordially approve the administration of President Roosevelt.

We declare our steadfast adherence to the principle of a protective tariff.

The re-election of the Hon. John C. Spooner by the unanimous vote of the Republican members of the last legislature receives the heartiest approval of the entire people of our state. We urge the re-election of the Hon. Joseph V. Quarles.

The Republican party declares in relation to state affairs:

First—That we approve of the wise rule which has commended itself generally to the people of the United States that the chief executive, either of the state or nation, should not be nominated for three terms in succession.

Second—That it is vital to the success of representative government under our political system that the distinction between the three great independent and co-ordinate branches of the government—the executive, legislative and judicial—shall be at all times strictly observed.

Third—That it is especially important that the selection and election of judges of the supreme court be free from partisanship.

Fourth—That public officials are paid out of the moneys exacted from the people and should be held to strict attention to the discharge of public duty.

Fifth—That the administration of the government shall be as economical as possible with efficiency.

Sixth—We further declare that railway corporations are the creatures of the state and subject to regulation by the state. The franchises and power conferred upon such corporations are primarily for the public service, and the exercises of the same should be limited by law and administered to the conservation of the general public interest. These corporations are necessary to the public convenience and to the prosperity and commerce of all the people. All legislation of public service corporations should be characterized by a spirit of justice to the people on the one hand and to the great interest which these corporations represent on the other. It is oftentimes a problem of great difficulty to make that fair adjustment which justice requires. It so vitally involves the interests of the state that it should not be entered upon blindly upon assumption or allegation of contested fact, but should be preceded by careful

legislative investigation. Passion and denunciation do not aid, but they do obstruct a wise solution.

We favor the enactment of law supplanting existing legislation which, while leaving the railway companies free to adopt their rates and regulations to the interests of the sections, cities and industries to the end that the developments of the state may be thereby increased, will prohibit under heavy penalties unjust discrimination as to persons or places by secret preferences or otherwise and we favor the enactment of a law creating a railway commission of not more than three members, to be elected at the spring election, with full powers to investigate conditions, to originate actions (either upon complaint or its own initiative) and to enforce (in the courts and by such other means as may be provided by law) a strict observance of legal restrictions upon the exercise of corporate power.

We favor the retention of the provision of existing law giving damages to the shipper for violation of law and providing the suit shall be brought and prosecuted in the name of the state for the benefit of the shipper.

Seventh—The last legislature enacted and has submitted to the people to be voted upon at the next general election, a proposed primary election law. This law proposes a radical change in the nominating procedure of all parties, and affects every elector in the exercises of one of his functions and we approve the action of the Republican senate in declining to put into immediate operation by the majority vote of one party such a law without first giving an opportunity to all the voters of the state, each voter upon his own responsibility and conscience to pass upon it at the polls. It has passed the platform stage. If it shall not be the will of the people to do away with all conventions in the future we favor the enactment of such legislation as shall provide specifically for the election and accrediting of delegates and the legal effect which shall be given to credentials duly executed to the end that it shall be impossible for any power but the convention itself to overrule the prima facie title of delegates and turn preliminarily a majority into a minority.

Eighth—We especially commend the working of the tax commission as shown by its reports and recommendations to previous legislatures and we pledge the support of the nominees of this convention to the advancement and completion of the great work upon which the commission has entered.

Ninth—We pledge the party to enactment of a law which shall place the commissioner of insurance upon a salary and require the payment by him into the state treasury of all fees collected by him to the end that the office may be administered solely with a view to benefiting the people of the state.

PLATFORM OF THE CONTINENTAL PARTY, ADOPTED AT CHICAGO, ILL., AUGUST 31, 1904.

The Continental party of the United States, in first national convention assembled, in the city of Chicago, August 31, 1904, announces the following platform of principles:

The objects and ends of the Continental party, as set forth in its charter, are: "To enlist the co-operation of legal voters throughout the United States in earnest and honorable efforts to repeal unjust laws in every branch of government, and, in their stead, to secure the enactment and enforcement of other laws better adapted to establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, promote the general welfare, and secure the election or appointment to office of honest and capable men."

Paramount Issues.—The questions pertaining to money, the tariff, transportation, trusts and corporations, the race problem, the labor problem, are pre-eminently live issues, which can never be permanently settled until they are settled right.

Tariff.—Without referring to our trade relations with nations of the Eastern Continent, we declare our adherence to the principles of reciprocity advocated by that eminent statesman, James G. Blaine, as applied to Canada and all American republics. To this end we favor such Congressional action as shall initiate a movement intended to bring about reciprocity to its fullest extent with the entire American Continent. In the language of Mr. Blaine: "There is room for but one commercial flag between Cape Horn and the North Pole."

Money.—We believe that the money question is far from being settled, and that it involves not only the gold standard, but the far greater question, namely, Who shall issue and control the paper currency of the nation—the Government or the banks? He who controls the money of a country controls the government of that country.

We believe that the money trust is the mother of all other trusts; that it is international in its scope; that it has duplicate headquarters—London and New York; that its power exceeds, in many particulars, the power of the Government itself; that it controls legislation by controlling the political party in power; that through its agents it secured the nomination of the Presidential candidates of both the Republican and Democratic parties and dictated the main planks of their national platforms.

We believe that it is this subserviency of the two leading political parties of this country to the money trust that is fast placing the wealth of the country into the hands of a few individuals, reducing to penury and want millions of the laboring and middle classes and establishing in this land of former freedom a plutocracy which threatens to be more arbitrary in its demands than any monarchy of the Old World.

"To coin money and regulate the value thereof" is a function of the National Government, which the Constitution has denied to the States, but which the Republican party has delegated, in part, to corporations.

As a check to the encroachments of the money power we advocate the following demands:

The act authorizing national banks to issue notes of credit should be repealed. All money of every description should be issued by the general Government, and be equal in value, dollar for dollar.

Postal banks for deposit and check should be established—one in every city, county-town and village, the surplus funds thus accruing to be loaned to the people at interest not exceeding 3 per cent. per annum.

The one hundred and twelve million dollars Government funds deposited in banks should be withdrawn and loaned to the several States on deposit of State bonds.

Transportation.—Constantly recurring accidents on all lines of railroad, causing great loss of life and the crippling and mangling of hundreds of passengers, demand the most searching investigation and prompt and efficient legal remedies whereby railroads shall be operated for the safety and convenience of the public, rather than for the purpose of declaring the usual dividend on watered stock.

During the year 1901 the railroads of England, which are owned and operated by the Government, transported an immense number of passengers without a single fatality. In this country a person virtually takes his life in his hand when he steps aboard a train of cars. We believe that the fatalities of railroad travel in the United States can be traced directly to the employment of cheap and careless employes, the overworking of engineers and conductors, and the neglect to take proper precautions against accidents, with a view to "cut down operating expenses," as thus enable railroad officials to declare the usual dividends to stockholders.

As a remedy for such abuses we demand the prosecution for manslaughter of the principal officers of a railroad company on whose line the death of a passenger shall be traced directly to the carelessness or incompetency of their employes, or to their incapacity caused by long hours of continuous labor.

Government Railroads.—To give work to the unemployed, furnish cheaper and more equitable rates of transportation, insure the safety and con-

venience of the travelling public, and test the practicability of government ownership of railroads, the United States Government should at once proceed to construct, equip and operate one or more lines of four-track railway, extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and one or more similar lines from the Gulf of Mexico to points near our northern boundary.

Labor.—We believe in the right of labor to organize for the benefit and protection of those who toil. Capital is organized, and has no right to deny labor the privilege which it claims for itself. Intelligent organization of labor is demanded to preserve the rights of the laborer. It raises the standard of workmanship and promotes the efficiency, independence, intelligence and character of the wage earner.

We believe with Abraham Lincoln that labor is prior to capital and is not its slave, but its companion, and we plead for that broad spirit of tolerance and justice which will promote industrial peace through the observance of just principles of arbitration.

We favor the enactment of legislation looking to the improvement in conditions for wage earner, the abolition of child labor, the suppression of sweatshops and of convict labor in competition with free labor, and the exclusion from American shores of foreign pauper labor and Asiatic labor of every nationality.

We favor the shorter workday, and declare that eight hours should constitute the maximum workday in all manufacturing establishments, workshops, mines and all other industrial establishments, and that where great skill and responsibility are required of an employe, as in the case of railroad engineers, train dispatchers, steamboat employes, etc., no person should be continuously employed more than six hours of the twenty-four.

Trusts and Corporations.—All railroad and other corporations doing business in two or more States should be chartered by Congress, and then only after a close scrutiny of their capitalization, a strict investigation revealing their intentions, and a most guarded restriction of their powers and operations. The creating of "corners" and the establishing of exorbitant prices for products necessary to human existence should be made a criminal offence against the officers, directors and stockholders of a corporation so offending, subjecting them to severest penalties. A man is no less a robber because he is able to hold up his victim by due process of law.

The Philippines.—The Philippines, the same as Cuba, should be guaranteed ultimate independence and a stable government under the protection of the United States.

The Electoral College.—The Congressional district, instead of the State, should be made the unit in the Electoral College, apportioning to each district one Presidential elector, to be chosen by the voters of that district.

Taxation.—We demand such legislation as will place the burdens of government upon that class of people who have been most favored by special acts of government, and to this end we favor a graduated property tax, exempting from its provisions property of the individual to the amount of \$10,000 or less. We also demand that a 10 per cent. tax be levied annually upon all unoccupied and unimproved land.

New Primary Law.—We demand the enactment by the several States of a primary election law, by which all candidates for public office shall be selected by direct vote of the people, without the aid of a delegate convention.

We denounce government by the gavel in party conventions, and demand the elimination of the party "boss" from party politics, by whatever method it can be brought about.

Initiative and Referendum.—The election laws of the several States should be changed, by constitutional amendment when necessary, so as to provide for direct legislation by the method known as the initiative and referendum.

Qualifications of Electors.—Each State should possess the sole right to determine by legislation the qualifications required of voters within its jurisdiction, irrespective of race, color or sex.

Constitutional Revision.—The Constitution of the United States should be revised and amended in accordance with the method provided in Article V., that our fundamental law may answer the demands of a century of civilization and progress.

Appeal to Independent Voters.—Believing our demands to be practicable and just, we appeal to all who believe in majority rule, to all who are weary of Standard Oil government, to all who are opposed to gavel government in party politics and to all others who desire the welfare of all the people, to unite with us in advocating the principles herein enunciated until they shall be enacted into laws for the government of this Republic—a Republic founded by Washington and Jefferson and the Continental Congress, and first defended and protected by the Continental Army of the United States.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF DEMOCRATIC CLUBS.

The National Association of Democratic Clubs was organized July 4, 1888, and is composed of delegates from the local Democratic clubs throughout the United States. The Association acts in conjunction with the National Democratic Committee and the National Congressional Committee in furthering the interests of the Democratic party of the United States. The objects of the Association are: "To foster the formation of permanent Democratic clubs and societies throughout the United States and insure their active coöperation in disseminating Jeffersonian principles of government. To preserve the Constitution of the United States, the autonomy of the States, local self-government and freedom of elections. To resist the revolutionary changes and the centralization of power. To oppose the imposition of taxes beyond the necessities economically administered. To promote economy in all branches of the public service. To oppose unnecessary commercial restrictions for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many. To oppose class legislation, which dispoils labor and builds up monopoly. To maintain inviolate the fundamental principles of Democracy, 'Equality before the law,' and to coöperate with the regular organization of the Democratic party in support of Democratic men and Democratic measures."

The following are the officers and executive committee: President, William R. Hearst, of New York; Secretary, Max F. Ihmsen, of New York; Executive Committee, Thomas Taggart, of Indiana; James K. Jones, of Arkansas; Chauncey F. Black, of Pennsylvania; Edward Murphy, Jr., of New York; Benton McMillin, of Tennessee; George H. Lambert, of New Jersey; C. C. Richards, of Utah; James L. Slayde, of Texas; W. J. Store, of Missouri; James Creelman, of New York; E. P. Howell, of Georgia; E. Chambers Smith, of North Carolina; John R. McLean, of Ohio; Charles J. Faulkner, of West Virginia; J. C. Dahlman, of Nebraska; Blair Lee, of Maryland; C. B. Blethen, of Washington, D. C.

The headquarters of the Association are room 11, Tribune Building, New York.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN LEAGUE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The National Republican League of the United States was organized in Chickering Hall, New York City, December 15-17, 1887, by delegates from about 350 Republican clubs of the United States, assembled in national convention, pursuant to a call issued by the Republican Club of New York City. It is composed of the Republican clubs of the United States, organized by States and

united in a national organization. Its purpose is "Organization and Education." It aims to enlist recruits for the Republican party, particularly the younger men and the "first voters." National conventions have since been held at Baltimore, 1899; Nashville, 1890; Cincinnati, 1891, Buffalo, 1892; Louisville, 1893; Denver, 1894; Cleveland, 1895; Milwaukee, 1896; Detroit, 1897; Omaha, 1898; (biennial sessions afterward); St. Paul, 1907; Chicago, 1902. *Officers*—President, J. Hampton Moore, Philadelphia; Vice-President, James J. Sheridan, Chicago; Secretary, Elbert W. Weeks, Guthrie Centre, Ia.; Treasurer, Sid. B. Redding, Little Rock, Ark.

CONTINENTAL PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Board of Directors: J. P. Lynch, Chairman, 3044 Wentworth Avenue, Chicago; Clark Ervin, Secretary, 170 East 32d Street, Chicago; R. C. Coy, Treasurer, 3046 Wentworth Avenue, Chicago; C. P. Girtten, 5500 Wentworth Avenue, Chicago; H. C. Stewart, 43d Street and Lake Avenue, Chicago; Charles Lucas, 35th Street and Cottage Grove Avenue, Chicago.

NATIONAL LIBERTY PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Stanley P. Mitchell, Chairman; A. J. Edmonson, Secretary, 916 La Rose Street, Memphis, Tenn.; T. Starr Murfree, District of Columbia; A. C. Conly, Maryland; R. E. Gilchrist, New Jersey; W. T. Scott, Illinois; H. R. Turner, New York; Con. Rideout, New York; O. C. Ross, Wisconsin; J. M. Morton, Indiana; J. W. Schooler, Kentucky; B. K. Monroe, Pennsylvania; S. L. Foster, Alabama; C. T. Thomas, Georgia; Samuel Burdette, Washington; Nelson Mentor, Mississippi; James Butts, Virginia; A. H. Brahaw, Louisiana.

UNITED CHRISTIAN PARTY NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

William R. Benkert, Chairman, Davenport, Ia.; Rev. C. H. Thomas, Vice-Chairman, Chicago; D. H. Martin, Secretary, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Kittle Benkert, Assistant Secretary, Davenport, Ia.; J. F. R. Leonard, Treasurer, Ainsworth, Ia.; A. F. F. Jensen, Dorchester, Wis.; R. J. Caverly, Moline, Ill.

NATIONAL GRANGE, PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY.

Master—Aaron Jonea, South Bend, Ind. *Overseer*—O. Gardner, Rockland, Me. *Lecturer*—N. J. Batchelder, Concord, N. H. *Steward*—W. C. Jewett, Worcester, Mass. *Chaplain*—W. K. Thompson, South Carolina. *Treasurer*—Mrs. Eva S. McDowell, Rome, N. Y. *Secretary*—C. M. Freeman, Washington, D. C. *Gatekeeper*—George W. Baird, Minnesota. *Ceres*—Mrs. M. M. Wilson, Magnolia, Ill. *Pomona*—Mrs. Cornelia Atkeson, Morgantown, W. Va. *Flora*—Mrs. B. Wolcott, Covington, Ky. *High Priest*—George B. Horton, Fruit Ridge, Mich. *Priest* *Archon*—Obadiah Gardner, Rockland, Me. *Priest Annalist*—

Oliver Wilson, Magnolia, Ill. *Executive Committee*—E. B. Norris, Chairman, Sodus, N. Y.; C. J. Bell, Secretary, East Hardwick, Vt.; F. A. Derthick, Mantua, Ohio; Aaron Jones, *ex-officio*, South Bend, Ind. *Secretary's Address*—C. M. Freeman, 514 F Street, Washington, D. C.

The following reforms are officially favored by the National Grange, representing the farmers of the United States: 1. Postal savings banks. 2. Enactment of pure food laws. 3. Rural free-mail delivery. 4. Additional powers to the Interstate Commerce Commission. 5. Speedy construction of the Nicaragua Canal by the United States. 6. To prevent the pooling of railroads. 7. Impartial investigation of foreign trade relations. 8. Election of United States senators by popular vote. 9. Settlement of international differences by arbitration.

The National Grange has established 27,689 subordinate granges in 44 states and territories.

REQUIREMENTS REGARDING REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

The registration of voters is required in the States of Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi (four months before election), Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, and the territories of Arizona and New Mexico.

In New York it is required generally except as respects town and village elections held at a different time than the general election. Personal appearance not required in towns or villages of less than 5,000 inhabitants.

In Pennsylvania voters are registered by the assessors. If any voter is missed by assessors and not registered he can swear in his vote.

In Ohio it is required annually in cities of 100,000 or over, and quadrennially in cities having a population of 14,000 and less than 100,000.

In Illinois registration of voters is required by law, and in Cook county, where Chicago is located, persons not registered are not entitled to vote; but outside of Cook county generally they can vote if not registered by swearing in their votes, and producing two witnesses as to their qualifications as an elector.

In Iowa in cities having 3,500 inhabitants. In Nebraska in cities of over 7,000 inhabitants.

In Kentucky in cities and towns having a population of 3,000 or more, in Kansas in cities of 2,000 inhabitants and over, in North Dakota in cities and villages of 800 inhabitants and over, in Ohio in cities of the first and second class, in Maine in all cities and in towns having 500 or more voters.

In Missouri it is required in cities of 100,000 inhabitants and over.

In Oklahoma it is required in all cities having a population in excess of 2,500.

In Rhode Island non-taxpayers are required to register yearly before June 30. In Texas in cities of 10,000 inhabitants or over. In South Dakota registration is required prior to general biennial elections.

In the state of Washington all voters in all cities and towns and all voting precincts having a voting population of 250 or more must be registered.

The registration of voters is not required in Indiana or New Hampshire. It is prohibited in Arkansas by constitutional provision. In Wisconsin in all cities, not in country or villages.

In Wyoming no person can vote without registering. If sick or absent at time of registration, can make proof of fact by two witnesses, and be registered on election day.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

In the United States women possess suffrage upon equal terms with men at all elections in four states: In Wyoming, established in 1869; in Colorado, 1893; in Utah, in 1895, and in Idaho, in 1896.

In Kansas women possess school suffrage, established in 1861, and municipal suffrage, established in 1887.

In 18 additional states women possess school suffrage: In Michigan and Minnesota, established in 1875; in New Hampshire and Oregon in 1878; in Massachusetts in 1879; in New York and Vermont in 1880; in Nebraska in 1883; in Wisconsin in 1885; in Washington in 1886; in Arizona, Montana, New Jersey, North Dakota, and South Dakota in 1887; in Illinois in 1891; in Connecticut in 1893; in Ohio in 1894.

Two states permit women to vote upon the issuance of municipal bonds: Montana, established in 1887; Iowa, in 1894.

Louisiana gave all women taxpayers the suffrage upon all questions of public expenditures in 1898.

In 1901 the New York legislature passed a law providing that "a woman who possesses the qualifications to vote for village or for town officers, except the qualification of sex, who is the owner of property in the village assessed upon the last preceding assessment roll thereof, is entitled to vote upon a proposition to raise money by tax or assessment."

In Great Britain women vote for some local officers, but not for members of parliament.

In many European countries, in Australia and New Zealand, in Cape Colony, in Canada, and in parts of India women vote on various terms for municipal or school officers.

The National American Woman's Suffrage Association—Mrs. C. Chapman Catt, 205 West 57th Street, New York, President; Honorary President, Susan B. Anthony, Rochester, N. Y.; Vice-President-at-Large, Rev. Anna H. Shaw, Philadelphia, Pa.; Corresponding Secretary, Kate M. Gordon, New Orleans, La.; Recording Secretary, Alice Stone Blackwell, Boston, Mass.; Treasurer, Harriet Taylor Upton, Warren, O.; Laura Clay, Lexington, Ky., and Mary T. Coggeshall, Des Moines, Ia., Auditors. National Headquarters, Warren, O.

The New York State Association Opposed to the Extension of the Suffrage to Women has its Central Committee in New York City. Its officers are as follows: Mrs. Lyman Abbott, President; Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, First Vice-President; Mrs. Elishu Root, Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder, Mrs. William Putnam, Mrs. Philip S. Van Patten, Mrs. William J. Wallace, and Mrs. George Parkhurst, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. George Waddington, Treasurer; Mrs. George Phillips, Secretary, 377 West End Avenue, New York. There are also organizations in Massachusetts, Illinois, Oregon, Iowa and Washington, and others are being formed. These associations are founded with the object of testifying to legislative committees and through the medium of the public press that the opposition to woman suffrage is based upon what is claimed to be "the intelligent conviction of representative women in all lines of social, industrial, and domestic progress."

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING IN EACH STATE OF THE UNION.

In all the states except Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming the right to vote at general elections is restricted to males of 21 years of age and upward. (See also "New York," next page.) Women are entitled to vote at school elections in several states. They are entitled by law to full suffrage in the states of Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming.

States.	Requirements as to citizenship.	Previous Residence Required.				Persons excluded from suffrage.
		In state.	In county.	In town.	In precinct.	
Alabama*.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	2 yr.	1 yr.	3 m.	3 m.	Convicted of treason or other felonies, idiots, or insane.
Arizona T*.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention (a).	1 yr.	30 d.	.....	30 d.	Idiot, insane, felon.
Arkansas*.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	1 yr.	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, failure to pay poll-tax, U. S. soldiers or mariners.
California*.....	Citizen by nativity, naturalization (90 days prior to election), or treaty of Queretaro.	1 yr.	90 d.	.....	30 d.	Chinese, idiots, insane, embezzlers of public moneys, convicted of infamous crime.†
Colorado*.....	Citizen, native or naturalized, male or female, who is duly registered.	1 yr.	90 d.	.....	10 d.	While confined in public prison, under guardianship, <i>non compos mentis</i> , insane.
Connecticut*....	Citizen of United States who can read English language.	1 yr.	.....	6 m.	.....	Convicted of heinous crime, unless pardoned.
Delaware*.....	Citizen who shall have paid registration fee of \$1.	1 yr.	3 m.	.....	30 d.	Insane persons and paupers or persons convicted of felony.
Dist. of Columb.	See footnote on page 1054.					
Florida*.....	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	6 m.	.....	30 d.	Idiots, duelists, convicted of felony or any infamous crime.
Georgia (i).....	Citizen of the United States who has paid all his taxes since 1877.	1 yr.	6 m.	.....	.....	Convicted of felony, bribery, or larceny, unless pardoned, idiots, and insane.
Idaho*.....	Citizen of the United States, male or female.....	6 m.	30 d.	.....	.....	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, bigamists, polygamists, under guardianship.
Illinois*.....	Citizen of the United States (b).....	1 yr.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Convicted of felony or bribery in elections, unless restored to citizenship.
Indiana*.....	Citizen or alien who has declared intention and resided one year in United States.	6 m.	60 d.	60 d.	30 d.	United States soldiers, sailors, and marines, and persons convicted of infamous crime.
Iowa*.....	Citizen of the United States.....	6 m.	60 d.	.....	.....	Idiots, insane, convicted of infamous crime, U. S. soldiers (b).
Kansas*.....	Citizen of the United States or aliens who have declared intentions (b).	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	10 d.	Convicted of treason or felony, insane, under guardianship (d).
Kentucky*.....	Citizen of the United States (b).....	1 yr.	6 m.	60 d.	60 d.	Convicted of treason, felony or bribery in an election, idiots and insane (h).
Louisiana*.....	Citizen of the United States (f).....	2 yr.	1 yr.	.....	6 m.	Idiots, insane, felons under indictment, inmates of prison or charitable institution except Soldiers' Home.

Maine*	Citizen of the United States.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	Paupers and Indians not taxed.
Maryland*	Citizen of the United States.	1 yr.	6 m.	6 m.	1 d.	Felons not pardoned, lunatics, <i>non compos mentis</i> , bribery.
Massachusetts*	Citizen who can read and write (b).....	1 yr.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	Paupers and persons under guardianship.
Michigan*	Citizen of the United States or alien who declared intention 2 years and 6 months prior to November 8, 1894 (b).	6 m.	20 d.	20 d.	20 d.	Indians with tribal relations, duelists and accessories.
Minnesota*	Citizen of the United States who has been such for 3 montas preceding election (b).	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Convicted of treason or felony, unpardoned, under guardianship, insane, Indians lacking customs of civilization.
Mississippi*	Citizen of the United States who can read or understand constitution.	2 yr.	1 yr.	1 yr.	1 y(c)	Insane, idiots, Indians not taxed, felons, persons who have not paid taxes, bigamists.
Missouri*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention not less than 1 year nor more than 5 before election.	1 yr.	60 d.	60 d.	60 d.	Persons in p ^r orhouses or asylums at public expense, those in prison, or convicted of infamous crimes (g).
Montana*.....	Citizen of the United States (b).....	1 yr.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Felons not pardoned, idiots, insane, U. S. soldiers, seamen and marines, Indians.
Nebraska*	Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention 30 days before election (b)	6 m.	40 d.	30 d.	10 d.	Convicted of treason or felony, unless restored to civil rights, persons <i>non compos mentis</i> (h).
Nevada*	Citizen of the United States	6 m.	30 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiots, insane, unpardoned convicts, Indians, Chinese.
New Hampshire*	Citizen of the United States (h).....	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	6 m.	Paupers (l).
New Jersey*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	5 m.	.....	.....	Idiots, paupers, iasane, convicted of crime, unless pardoned or restored by law (m).
New Mexico Ter.	Citizen of the United States	6 m.	3 m.	30 d.	30 d.	Convicted of felony, unless pardoned, U. S. soldier, sailor, or camp follower, Indians.
New York*.....	Citizen who shall have been a citizen for ninety days prior to election.	1 yr.(n)	4 m.	(o)	(o)	Offenders against elective franchise rights, guilty of bribery, betting on elections and persons convicted of bribery or infamous crime and not restored to citizenship by the executive convicts in house of refuge or reformatory not disqualified.
<p>Woman otherwise qualified but for sex may vote at village elections or town meetings to raise money by tax or assessment if she owns property in village or town. Elector of town not entitled to vote on proposition for raising of money or incurring town liability unless he or his wife own property in town assessed on last assessment roll.</p>						
North Carolina.	Citizen of the United States	2 yr.	6 m.	.....	4 m.	Convicted of felony or infamous crime, idiots, lunatics.
North Dakota*	Citizen of the United States and civilized Indian.(j (k)	1 yr.	6 m.	.....	90 d.	Under guardianship, persons <i>non compos mentis</i> , or convicted of felony and treason, unless restored to civil rights.

* Australian ballot law or a modification of it in force. † Or a person unable to read the constitution in English and to write his name. (a) Or citizens of Mexico who shall have elected to become citizens under the treaties of 1848 and 1854. Poll tax must be paid for current year. (b) Women can vote in school elections. (c) Clergymen are qualified after six months residence in precinct. (d) Also public embezzlers, persons guilty of bribery, or dishonorably discharged soldiers from the United States service, unless reinstated. (f) Those able to read and write, or who own \$300 worth of prerty assess-d in their name, or whose father or grandfather was entitled to vote on January 1, 1867. (g) Also soldiers, sailors and marines in U. S. service. (h) No soldier, seaman or marine deemed a resident because stationed in the state. (i) The Australian system sometimes prevails in municipal primaries in Georgia, but same is made applicable by rule of party ordering primary and not by law. (j) Indians must have several tribal relations. (k) Woman can vote at school elections. (l) Also persons exoused from paying taxes at their own request and those unable to read the state constitution in English, or write. (m) No soldier, seaman, or marine deemed a resident because stationed in the state. (n) Inhabitation not residence. (o) Thirty days in election district.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING IN EACH STATE OF THE UNION—Continued.

States.	Requirements as to citizenship.	Previous Residence Required.				Persons excluded from suffrage.
		In state.	In county.	In town.	In precinct.	
Ohio*	Citizen of the United States (a).....	1 yr.	30 d.	20 d.	20 d.	Idiots, insane and felons, persons in U. S. military and naval service on duty in Ohio.
Oklahoma Ter.*.	Citizen of the United States (a) †.....	6 m.	60 d.	60 d.	30 d.	Felons, idiots, insane.
Oregon*.....	Citizen of U. S. or alien who has declared intention more than one year prior to election (a).....	6 m.	None.	None.	None.	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, Chinese.
Pennsylvania*.	Citizen of the United States at least one month, and if 22 years old or more must have paid tax within two years.	1 yr.	.....	.....	2 m.	Convicted of perjury and fraud as election officers, or bribery of voters.
Rhode Island*..	Citizen of the United States.....	2 yr. (b)	.....	6 m.	.....	Paupers, lunatics (g).
South Carolina..	Citizen of the United States (e).....	2 yr. (c)	1 yr.	4 m.	4 m.	Felons, bribery unless pardoned, insane, paupers.
South Dakota*..	Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention. Indian who has severed tribal relations (a)	6 m§	30 d.	10 d.	10 d.	Under guardianship, insane, convicted of treason or felony, unless pardoned, U. S. soldiers, seamen and marines.
Tennessee*.....	Citizen of the U. S. who has paid poll-tax of preceding year.	1 yr.	6 m.	.....	.....	Convicted of bribery or other infamous offense.
Texas*.....	Citizen of U. S. or alien who has declared intention six months prior to election.	1 yr.	6 m.	6 m.	(d)	Idiots, lunatics, paupers, convicted of felony, United States soldiers, marines and seamen.
Utah*.....	Citizen of the United States, male or female....	1 yr.	4 m.	.....	60 d.	Idiots, insane, convicted of treason or crime against elective franchise, unless pardoned.
Vermont*.....	Citizen of the United States.....	1 yr.	3 m.	3 m.	3 m.	Those who have not obtained the approbation of the local board of civil authority.
Virginia*.....	See note at foot of page.....	2 yr.	1 yr.	1 yr.	30 d.	Idiots, lunatics, paupers (f) (j).
Washington*...	Citizen of the United States and all residents of territory prior to statehood (a).	1 yr.	90 d.	30 d.	30 d.	Idiots, lunatics, convicted of infamous crimes. Indians not taxed.
West Virginia*..	Citizen of the state.....	1 yr.	60 d.	10 d.	(d)	Paupers, idiots, lunatics, convicted of treason, felony, or bribery at elections.
Wisconsin*....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention, and civilized Indians.† (a)	1 yr.	10 d.	10 d.	10 d.	Under guardianship, insane, convicted of crime or treason, betting on elections.
Wyoming*.....	Citizen of the United States, male or female.	1 yr.	60 d.	10 d.	10 d.	Idiots, insane, felons, unable to read state constitution in the English language.

* Australian ballot law or a modification of it in force. † Indian must have severed tribal relations. § One year's residence in the United States prior to election required. (a) Woman can vote in school elections. (b) Owners of real estate, one year. (c) Ministers in charge of an organized church and teachers of public schools are entitled to vote after six months' residence in the state. (d) Actual residence in the precinct or district required. (e) Who has paid six months before election any poll-tax then due, and can read and write any section of the state constitution, or can show that he owns and has paid all taxes due the previous year on property in the state assessed at \$300 or more. (f) Or convicted of bribery, embezzlement of public funds, treason, forgery, perjury, felony, and petty larceny, duelists and abettors, unless pardoned by the legislature. (g) Or persons non compos mentis, convicted of bribery or infamous crime, until restored to right to vote, under guardianship. (h) Also persons excused from paying taxes at their own request, and those unable to read the state constitution in English, or write. (j) No soldier, seaman or marine deemed a resident because stationed in the state. (k) Inhabitation not residence. (l) Thirty days in election district.

In Virginia.—Voting qualifications. All persons who six months before the election have paid their state poll-taxes for the three preceding years. Also any person who served in time of war in the army or navy of the United States, of the Confederate States, or of any state of the United States or of the Confederate States.

Residents of the District of Columbia never had the right to vote therein for national officers, or on other matters of national concern, after the territory embraced in it was ceded to the United States and became the seat of general government.

POLITICAL DISTRICT APPORTIONMENTS, 1901.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

In accordance with provisions of the Fifty-sixth congress providing for eleven congressmen from Wisconsin, the legislature of 1901 reapportioned the state into eleven congressional districts. The total population of the state is 2,069,042, and the average population per congressional district is 188,094 and 8-11 persons, practically 188,095. By the new apportionment there are six districts with population below the normal, the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Ninth. The population of the other five districts is above normal. The Second district has the least population, 170,792, or 17,303 below normal. The Eleventh has the largest population, 217,650, or 29,555 above normal, a total difference of 46,858 between the lowest and highest in point of population. In point of population the Tenth district is closest to the normal figure, being but 2,880 above. The apportionment into congressional districts follows: [See map, back of book.]

District.	Counties or parts of counties.	Population.
FIRST	Green, Kenosha, Racine, Rock, Lafayette and Walworth counties	191,491
SECOND	Adams, Columbia, Dane, Green Lake, Jefferson and Marquette counties	170,792
THIRD	Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sauk and Vernon counties	180,750
FOURTH	The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy, the cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa, in Milwaukee Co.	183,540
FIFTH	The 1st, 6th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay, in Milwaukee county, and the county of Waukesha	181,706
SIXTH	Dodge, Fond du Lac, Ozaukee, Sheboygan and Washington counties	184,517
SEVENTH	Buffalo, Clark, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties	193,890
EIGHTH	Calumet, Manitowoc, Portage, Waupaca, Waushara and Winnebago counties	194,684
NINTH	Brown, Door, Kewaunee, Marinette, Oconto and Outagamie counties	179,097
TENTH	Ashland, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Price, Shawano, Taylor, Vilas and Wood counties	190,975
ELEVENTH	Barron, Bayfield, Burnette, Chippewa, Douglas, Dunn, Pierce, Polk, St. Croix, Sawyer and Washburn counties	217,650
Total population		2,069,042

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

[Average population per district, 62,898 8-33. See map, back of book.]

The apportionment of the state, by the legislature, into thirty-three senatorial districts, following each federal and state census of population, is in accordance with constitutional provision. By the census of 1900 the total population of the state is 2,069,042. Hence the unit, or normal for senatorial districts is 62,698 and 8-33, or practically 62,698 $\frac{1}{4}$. In the following table the districts are numbered in the apportionment act, and the actual population of each is given, also the excess of population above the normal figure in those districts having an excess, and the deficiency, or number under the normal, in those below the normal figure. The basis for this figuring is 62,698 even, not taking into account

the fraction of one-fourth of a person to each district. This prohibits an exact balancing of the totals in the excess and efficiency columns by 8, the total of one-fourth of a person to each district.

The table shows a total of twenty districts, each having an excess above the normal, and thirteen each below the normal. The greatest difference in population of any two districts is between the Fourteenth, Outagamie and Shawano, with 73,722, an excess of 11,024, and the Thirteenth, Dodge, with a total population of 46,631, or 16,067 below normal, a total difference between them of 27,091. The table shows the excess or deficiency in each district, the list of districts, as constituted, following the table:

District No.	Population.	Above normal.	Below normal.	District No.	Population.	Above normal.	Below normal.
1.....	65,617	2,919	.....	18.....	63,386	688	.....
2.....	67,233	4,535	.....	19.....	58,225	.....	4,473
3.....	67,351	4,653	.....	20.....	66,703	4,010	.....
4.....	61,035	.....	1,663	21.....	61,098	.....	1,600
5.....	69,198	6,448	.....	22.....	51,203	.....	11,495
6.....	71,771	9,073	.....	23.....	64,048	1,350	.....
7.....	63,533	835	.....	24.....	64,729	2,031	.....
8.....	64,482	1,784	.....	25.....	69,104	6,406	.....
9.....	61,487	.....	1,211	26.....	69,435	6,737	.....
10.....	50,773	.....	11,925	27.....	64,127	1,420	.....
11.....	61,614	.....	1,034	28.....	47,834	.....	14,864
12.....	64,050	1,352	.....	29.....	73,390	10,692	.....
13.....	46,631	.....	16,067	30.....	53,835	.....	8,863
14.....	73,722	11,024	.....	31.....	66,190	3,500	.....
15.....	69,339	.....	3,337	32.....	66,111	3,413	.....
16.....	56,167	.....	6,531	33.....	58,818	.....	3,880
17.....	66,792	4,094	.....			

THE SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

Dist. No.	Counties or Parts of Counties.	Population.
1—	Door, Kewaunee and Marinette	65,617
2—	Brown and Oconto	67,233
3—	Kenosha and Racine	67,351
4—	Milwaukee 1st.—The 1st, 13th, 18th and 21st wards, city of Milwaukee, towns of Granville and Milwaukee, villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay	61,035
5—	Milwaukee 2d.—The 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 15th and 16th wards, city of Milwaukee	69,198
6—	Milwaukee 3d.—The 9th, 10th, 19th, 20th and 22d wards, city of Milwaukee	71,771
7—	Milwaukee 4th.—The 14th and 17th wards, city of Milwaukee, towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek, and Wauwatosa, village of Cudahy, cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa	63,533
8—	Milwaukee 5th.—The 5th, 8th, 11th, 12th and 23d wards, city of Milwaukee	64,482
9—	Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood	61,487
10—	Pierce and St. Croix	50,773
11—	Burnett, Douglas and Polk	61,614
12—	Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor and Washburn	64,050
13—	Dodge	46,631
14—	Outagamie and Shawano	73,722
15—	Calumet and Manitowoc	59,339
16—	Crawford and Grant	56,167
17—	Green, Iowa and Lafayette	66,792
18—	Fond du Lac and Green Lake	63,386
19—	Winnebago	58,225
20—	Ozaukee and Sheboygan	66,703
21—	Portage and Waupaca	61,098
22—	Rock	51,203
23—	Jefferson and Walworth	64,048
24—	Chippewa, Eau Claire and Gates	64,729
25—	Clark and Marathon	69,104
26—	Dane	69,435
27—	Columbia and Sauk	64,127
28—	Richland and Vernon	47,834
29—	Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin	73,390
30—	Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida and Vilas	53,835
31—	Jackson, Juneau and Monroe	66,198
32—	La Crosse and Trempealeau	66,111
33—	Washington and Waukesha	58,818
Total		2,069,042

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

(Average population per district, 20,690 42-100. See map, back of book.)

The apportionment of the state into 100 assembly districts on a basis of the population of the state, as ascertained by the Federal census of 1900, is in accordance with constitutional provisions. The total population as a basis is 2,069,042, hence the normal average of population per district is 20,690 42-100 persons. The assembly districts, numbered as to population, follow:

District.	No.	Popula- tion.	District.	No.	Popula- tion.
Portage Co.....	1	29,483	Milwaukee Co., 15th....	52	20,613
Walworth Co.....	2	29,259	Iron, Oneida & Vilas Cos	53	20,420
Vernon Co.....	3	29,351	Price and Taylor Cos...	54	20,368
Monroe Co.....	4	23,103	Manitowoc Co., 1st.....	55	20,343
Shawano Co.....	5	27,475	Winnebago Co., 1st.....	56	20,317
St. Croix Co.....	6	26,830	Milwaukee Co., 12th....	57	20,231
Wood Co.....	7	23,865	Ashland Co.....	58	20,176
Clark Co.....	8	23,848	Grant Co., 1st.....	59	19,692
Burnett and Polk Cos...	9	25,279	Adams & Marquette Cos.	60	19,650
Sheboygan Co., 2d.....	10	25,202	Richland Co.....	61	19,483
Sheboygan Co., 1st.....	11	25,113	Milwaukee Co., 8th....	62	19,332
Dunn Co.....	12	25,013	Winnebago Co., 3d.....	63	19,238
Racine Co., 1st.....	13	21,807	Grant Co., 2d.....	64	19,189
Huffalo and Popin Cos...	14	21,670	Winnebago Co., 2d.....	65	18,670
Dane Co., 1st.....	15	21,458	Douglas Co., 2d.....	66	18,295
Fond du Lac Co., 1st....	16	21,041	Douglas Co., 1st.....	67	18,040
Pierce Co.....	17	21,943	Waukesha Co., 2d.....	68	17,857
Fond du Lac Co., 2d....	18	23,848	Milwaukee Co., 9th....	69	17,673
Barron Co.....	19	23,677	Door Co.....	70	17,583
Dodge Co., 1st.....	20	23,636	Jackson Co.....	71	17,466
Washington Co.....	21	23,589	Jefferson Co., 2d.....	72	17,412
Milwaukee Co., 2d.....	22	23,580	Jefferson Co., 1st.....	73	17,378
Bayfield, Sawyer, and Washburn Cos.....	23	23,506	Waukesha Co., 1st.....	74	17,364
Milwaukee Co., 1st.....	24	23,396	Chippewa Co., 2d.....	75	17,361
Brown Co., 1st.....	25	23,372	Crawford Co.....	76	17,286
Milwaukee Co., 6th....	26	23,270	Kewaunee Co.....	77	17,212
Milwaukee Co., 5th....	27	23,247	Rock Co., 3rd.....	78	17,210
Outagamie Co., 2d.....	28	23,145	Florence, Forest, and Langlade Cos.....	79	17,146
Iowa Co.....	29	23,114	Rock Co., 2nd.....	80	17,091
Trempealeau Co.....	30	23,114	Calumet Co.....	81	17,073
Outagamie Co., 1st....	31	23,102	Milwaukee Co., 13th....	82	17,024
Dodge Co., 2d.....	32	22,995	Milwaukee Co., 10th....	83	16,925
Brown Co., 2d.....	33	22,987	Sauk Co., 1st.....	84	16,902
Green Co.....	34	22,719	Rock Co., 1st.....	85	16,883
Dane Co., 2d.....	35	22,510	Milwaukee Co., 16th....	86	16,853
Milwaukee Co., 4th....	36	22,467	Ozaukee Co.....	87	16,837
Milwaukee Co., 3d....	37	22,316	Waupaca Co., 1st.....	88	16,829
Manitowoc Co., 2d....	38	22,236	Lincoln Co.....	89	16,195
Milwaukee Co., 11th....	39	21,918	Marinette Co., 1st....	90	16,101
La Crosse Co., 1st.....	40	21,840	Sauk Co., 2d.....	91	16,004
Kenosha Co.....	41	21,707	Columbia Co., 2d.....	92	15,972
Marathon Co., 2d.....	42	21,697	Waushara Co.....	93	15,902
Marathon Co., 1st....	43	21,559	Eau Claire Co., 2d....	94	15,795
La Crosse Co., 2d.....	44	21,157	Green Lake Co.....	95	16,790
Lafayette Co.....	45	20,959	Eau Claire Co., 1st....	96	15,676
Oconto Co.....	46	20,874	Chippewa Co., 1st....	97	15,278
Racine Co., 2d.....	47	20,837	Waupaca Co., 2d.....	98	15,117
Milwaukee Co., 14th....	48	20,651	Columbia Co., 1st.....	99	14,627
Milwaukee Co., 7th....	49	20,616	Marinette Co., 2d.....	100	
Juneau Co.....	51	20,629			
			Total.....	100	2,069,042

In the apportionment adopted there are forty-eight districts, each with a population above the normal and fifty-two with population each below normal. The forty-eight above normal have a total population of 1,143,807, a total of 150,667 above normal. Their average population is 23,829 15-48 each, or an average of

3,139 each above normal. The other fifty two districts have a total of 925,233 population. Their average population per district is 17,793, an average of 2,897 each below normal. Under this apportionment forty-eight members of the assembly will represent 55 28-100 per cent. of the people and fifty-two members will represent 44 72-100 per cent. of the people of the state. The district with the highest excess above normal is that constituted by Portage county with an excess of 8,793. The one least above is the second district of Racine county, with an excess of only 183. The fourteenth district of Milwaukee county is but 37 below normal, while the second district of Marinette county is 6,063 below normal. There are sixteen districts practically within 1,000 of the normal figure—numbers 43 to 58, inclusive, and twenty-five are within 1,500 of the normal figure. A complete list of the assembly districts as constituted by the apportionment of 1901 is as follows:

SINGLE COUNTRY DISTRICTS.

ASHLAND COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,176.
 BARRON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,677.
 CALUMET COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,078.
 CLARK COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—25,848.
 CRAWFORD COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,286.
 DOOR COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,583.
 DUNN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—25,043.
 GREEN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—22,719.
 GREEN LAKE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—15,797.
 IOWA COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,114.
 JACKSON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,466.
 JUNEAU COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,629.
 KENOSHA COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—21,707.
 KEWAUNEE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—17,212.
 LA FAYETTE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,959.
 LINCOLN COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—16,269.
 MONROE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—28,103.
 OCONTO COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—20,874.
 OZAUKEE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—16,363.
 PIERCE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,943.
 PORTAGE COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—29,483.
 RICHLAND COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—19,483.
 SHAWANO COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—27,475.
 ST. CROIX COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—26,830.
 TREMPLEALEU COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,114.
 VERNON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—28,351.
 WALWORTH COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—29,259.
 WASHINGTON COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—23,589.
 WAUSHARA COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—15,972.
 WOOD COUNTY, one district. Population, 1900—25,865.

DISTRICTS EMBRACING TWO OR MORE COUNTIES.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—19,650.
 BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—23,506.
 BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—24,670.
 BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—25,279.
 FOREST, FLORENCE AND LANGLADE COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—17,146.
 IRON, ONEIDA AND VILAS COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—20,420.
 PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES, one district. Population, 1900—20,368.

DISTRICTS, TWO OR MORE IN A COUNTY.

- BROWN Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico, and the city of Green Bay. Population, 1900—23,372.
- BROWN Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, Depere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, the village of Wrightstown, the city of Depere, and that part of Oneida reservation within the county of Brown. Population, 1900—22,987.
- CHIPPEWA Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Edson, La Fayette, Siegel, Tilden, and Wheaton, the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth and tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls, the city of Stanley, the villages of Boyd and Cadott. Population, 1900—15,676.
- CHIPPEWA Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Anson, Arthur, Auburn, Bloomer, Big Bend, Cleveland, Colburn, Dewey, Eagle Point, Flambeau, Lawrence, Sampson and Strickland, the village of Bloomer, and the first, second and seventh wards of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1900—17,361.
- By act of legislature in 1901, the county of Gates was formed (comprising the towns of Atlanta, Big Bend, Dewey, Lawrence, Bush, Strickland and Flambeau and the part of township 33 north, range 7 west, lying south of Chippewa river) and remains a part of the second assembly district of Chippewa county.
- COLUMBIA Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Leviston, Lodi, New Port, Pacific, and West Point, the villages of Kilbourn City, Lodi, and Poynette and the city of Portage. Population, 1900—15,117.
- COLUMBIA Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcelon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springvale, and Wycocena, the villages of Cambria, Pardeeville, Rio, the west ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population, 1900—16,004.
- DANE Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Blooming Grove, Dunn, Madison, Pleasant Springs, and the city of Madison. Population, 1900—24,458.
- DANE Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Albion, Bristol, Burke, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deer-eld, Dunkirk, Medina, Sun Prairie, Windsor, Westport, and York, the villages of Cambridge, Deerfield, Sun Prairie and Waunakee and the city of Stoughton. Population, 1900—22,510.
- DANE Co., Third Dist.**—The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Rutland, Springdale, Springfield, Vienna, Vermont, and Verona, the villages of Belleville, Dane, Oregon, Mazomanie, and Mount Horeb. Population, 1900—22,467.
- DODGE Co., First Dist.**—The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa and Williamstown, the villages of Lomira and Theresa, the cities of Horicon and Mayville, and the fifth and sixth wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1900—23,636.
- DODGE Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calamus, Chester, Elba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell and Reeseville, the east ward of the village of Randolph, the cities of Juneau and Beaver Dam, and the south ward of the city of Waupnu. Population, 1900—18,295.
- DOUGLAS Co., First Dist.**—The second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth wards of the city of West Superior. Population, 1900—18,040.
- DOUGLAS Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamain and Superior, and the first, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth wards of the city of West Superior. Population, 1900—18,295.
- Eau Claire Co., First Dist.**—The town of Seymour, the first, second, third, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth, and tenth wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Altoona. Population, 1900—15,790.
- Eau Claire Co., Second Dist.**—The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, the village of Fairchild, the fourth and seventh

- wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Augusta. Population, 1900—15,902.
- FOND DU LAC Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Calumet, Empire, Fond du Lac, Forest, Friendship, Marshfield and Taycheedah, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1900—24,041.
- FOND DU LAC Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Osceola, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale and Waupun, the village of Brandon, the north ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Ripon. Population, 1900—23,848.
- GRANT Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Hazel Green, Harrison, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelzer and Waterloo, the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green and Potosi, and the city of Platteville. Population, 1900—19,694.
- GRANT Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman and Wyaluska, the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montford and Muscoda, the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster. Population, 1900—19,187.
- JEFFERSON Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Milford, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, the village of Palmyra, and the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1900—17,377.
- JEFFERSON Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Aztalan, Cold Spring, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson. Population, 1900—17,412.
- LA CROSSE Co., *First Dist.*—The town of Campbell, the first, second, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city of La Crosse. Population, 1900—21,840.
- LA CROSSE Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, the villages of Bangor and West Salem, the third, eighth, seventeenth and eighteenth wards of the city of La Crosse, and the city of Onalaska. Population, 1900—21,157.
- MANITOWOC Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Mceme and Newton, and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1900—20,343.
- MANITOWOC Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Cato, Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, and Two Rivers, the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers. Population, 1900—21,918.
- MARATHON Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassel, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, McMillan, Marathon, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reitbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, the villages of Edgar, Marathon City, McMillan, and Mosinee, and the east ward of Colby. Population, 1900—21,559.
- MARATHON Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau and Weston, and the city of Wausau. Population, 1900—21,697.
- MARINETTE Co., *First Dist.*—The city of Marinette. Population, 1900—16,195.
- MARINETTE Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Amberg, Coleman, Crivitz, Dunbar, Grover, Peshtigo, Porterfield and Wausaukee. Population, 1900—14,627.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *First Dist.*—The first and eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,396.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Second Dist.*—The second and sixth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,580.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Third Dist.*—The seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Oak Creek and Lake, the village of Cudahy, and the city of South Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,236.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Fourth Dist.*—The fifteenth and sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,346.

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- MILWAUKEE Co., *Fifth Dist.*—The fifth and twelfth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,247.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Sixth Dist.*—The third, fourth, and seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,270.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Seventh Dist.*—The towns of Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa, and the city of Wauwatosa. Population, 1900—20,646.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Eighth Dist.*—The eighth and twenty-third wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—19,332.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Ninth Dist.*—The ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,653.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Tenth Dist.*—The tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,024.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Eleventh Dist.*—The eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—21,903.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Twelfth Dist.*—The nineteenth and twenty-second wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,231.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Thirteenth Dist.*—The thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,026.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Fourteenth Dist.*—The fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,651.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Fifteenth Dist.*—The twenty-first ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee, and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—20,613.
- MILWAUKEE Co., *Sixteenth Dist.*—The twentieth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—16,863.
- OUTAGAMIE Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Bovina, Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute and Greenville, and the city of Appleton. Population, 1900—23,102.
- OUTAGAMIE Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Black Creek, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonville, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborne and Seymour, the villages of Little Chute and Hortonville, the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the third ward of the city of New London, and that part of Oneida reservation that lies within Outagamie county. Population, 1900—23,145.
- RACINE Co., *First Dist.*—The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, and sixth wards of the city of Racine. Population, 1900—24,807.
- RACINE Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond and Rochester, the villages of Union Grove, Watford and Yorkville, the seventh ward of the city of Racine, and the city of Burlington. Population, 1900—20,837.
- ROCK Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Center, Fulton, Janesville, Lima, Milton, Magnolia, Porter, Rock Spring Valley and Union, and the cities of Edgerton and Evansville. Population, 1900—16,902.
- ROCK Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bradford, Harmony, Johnstown and La Prairie, and the city of Janesville. Population, 1900—17,091.
- ROCK Co., *Third Dist.*—The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth, and Turtle, the village of Clinton, and the city of Lenoir. Population, 1900—17,210.
- SAUK Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Baraboo, Dellona, Delton, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac and Sumpter, the villages of Ableman, Merrimac, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1900—16,905.
- SAUK Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield and Woodland, the villages of La Valle and Spring Green, and the city of Reedsburg. Population, 1900—13,101.
- SHEBOYGAN Co., *First Dist.*—The town of Sheboygan, and the city of Sheboygan. Population, 1900—25,143.
- SHEBOYGAN Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Greenbush, Herman, Holland, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Mosel, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott, Sheboygan Falls, Sherman and Wilson, the villages of Cedar Grove, Elkhart Lake and Sheboygan Falls, and the city of Plymouth. Population, 1900—25,202.
- WAUKESHA Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Eagle, Genesee, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon and Waukesha, the village of Eagle, and the city of Waukesha. Population, 1900—17,364.

- WAUKESHA Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Brookfield, Delafield, Lisbon, Menominee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee and Summit, the villages of Hartland, Menominee Falls and Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc. Population, 1900—17,865.
- WAUPACA Co., *First Dist.*—The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, St. Lawrence, Scandinavia, Waupaca and Weyauwega, the villages of Weyauwega, Fremont, Manawa and Scandinavia, and the city of Waupaca. Population, 1900—16,337.
- WAUPACA Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Lebanon, Larrabee, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, the villages of Embarrass, Iola and Marion, the city of Clintonville, and the first, second, fourth and fifth wards of the city of New London. Population, 1900—15,278.
- WINNEBAGO Co., *First Dist.*—The town of Oshkosh, the first, second, fourth, fifth, seventh, eighth, tenth, eleventh, and twelfth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—20,317.
- WINNEBAGO Co., *Second Dist.*—The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah. Population, 1900—18,670.
- WINNEBAGO Co., *Third Dist.*—The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, the village of Omro, the third, sixth, ninth and thirteenth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—19,233.

NOTE.—One of the last acts of the legislature of 1905 was to pass a law changing the name of Gates county to Rusk county; hence the territory embraced in Gates county in the above apportionment will hereafter be known as Rusk county. Several new towns, villages, wards, and voting precincts have also been created since the above apportionment was made, but are not included above. They can be found elsewhere under the head of "election statistics."

PART VIII.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

U. S. Senators.

Representatives in Congress.

State Officers.

Supreme Judges.

State Senators.

Members of Assembly.

University Faculty.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF THE FIFTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

JOHN C. SPOONER (Rep.), of Madison, was born at Lawrenceburg, Dearborn county, Ind., Jan. 6, 1843; removed with his father's family to Wisconsin and settled at Madison June 1, 1859; graduated at the state university in 1864; was private in Company D, Fortieth regiment, and captain of Company A, Fiftieth regiment, Wisconsin infantry volunteers; was brevetted major at the close of service; was private and military secretary of Gov. Lucius Fairchild, of Wisconsin; was admitted to the bar in 1867, and served as assistant attorney general of the state until 1870, when he removed to Hudson, where he practiced law from 1870 until 1884; was member of the assembly from St. Croix county in 1872; member of the board of regents of the Wisconsin university; was elected United States senator to succeed Angus Cameron (Rep.), for the term beginning March 4, 1885; was succeeded as United States senator by W. F. Vilas March 4, 1891; was nominated as republican candidate for governor of Wisconsin in 1892, but was defeated; removed from Hudson to Madison in 1893 where he practiced law until re-elected United States senator for the term beginning March 4, 1897, succeeding W. F. Vilas (Dem.) In 1898 was tendered the position of Secretary of the Interior, and in 1901 the attorney generalship in McKinley's cabinet, both of which were declined; was elected to succeed himself in the United States senate in 1903 for the term ending March 4, 1909.

ROBERT MARION LA FOLLETTE—Senator Elect—(For biography see p 1069.)

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Green, Kenosha, Lafayette, Racine, Rock and Walworth Counties. Population, 1900—191,491.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, was born at Spring Prairie, Walworth county, Wisconsin, September 8, 1850; graduated from Northwestern University in 1873, and from Union College of Law, Chicago (now Law School of N. W. University) in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago

from 1873 to 1879; otherwise has always lived in Wisconsin; in 1880 was elected district attorney of Racine county, and re-elected without opposition in 1882 and in 1884; state senator in 1886; author of the law which first established the Australian ballot system in Wisconsin; was elected representative in Congress in 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902 and again in 1904 receiving 25,125 votes against 13,379 for Calvin Stewart (Dem.) and 1,235 for Henry H. Tubbs (Pro.) and 2,461 for Jacob W. Born (Soc. Dem.).

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Adams, Columbia, Dane, Green Lake, Jefferson and Marquette Counties. Population, 1900—170,792.

HENRY CULLEN ADAMS (Rep.) was born in Verona, Oneida county, N. Y., Nov. 28, 1850, and came with his parents to Wisconsin the following year; received his education in the common schools, Albion Academy and the University of Wisconsin; later he engaged in dairying and fruit raising; was elected member of assembly in 1883 and re-elected in 1885; during the winters of 1887, 1888 and 1889 took an active part in the Wisconsin Farmers' Institutes throughout the state; was president of the State Dairymen's Association three years; secretary of the State Horticultural Society two years; was appointed by Gov. Hoard superintendent of public property in 1888; was appointed dairy and food commissioner in 1895 and served until May 1, 1902, when he resigned to become a candidate for congress; was elected to the 58th Congress and re-elected in 1904, receiving 22,773 votes against 15,265 for John J. Wood (Dem.), 958 for Wm. J. McKay (Pro.), and 461 for Henry J. Dunham (Soc. Dem.).

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sauk and Vernon Counties. Population, 1900—180,750.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK (Rep.), of Necedah, was born in Swanton, Vt., March 6, 1850; moved with his parents to Iowa in 1855, where he resided until 1881, when he removed to Necedah, Wis., where he has since resided and for many years was engaged in the manufacture of lumber; was elected to the Wisconsin assembly in 1888, and re-elected in 1890; was elected chairman of the National Republican Congressional Committee for the years of 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902, and 1904, and successfully conducted the campaigns for those years; was elected to the fifty-third congress in 1892, and re-elected to the fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth, fifty-sixth, fifty-seventh, fifty-eighth and fifty-ninth congresses; was appointed chairman of the committee on the District of Columbia in the fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth, fifty-sixth, fifty-seventh and fifty-eighth congresses, and a member of the committee on Ways and Means in the fifty-sixth, fifty-seventh and fifty-eighth congresses.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy, the cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county. Population in 1900—183,540.

THEOBALD OTJEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born Oct. 27, 1851, at West China, Mich. He was educated at an academy at Marine City, Mich., and at a private school in Detroit. He graduated from the Michigan University law department in 1875. He resided at Milwaukee from 1870 to 1872, and has resided there continuously since 1882. He was yard foreman of the rolling mills

during the former period, and since 1875 has been an attorney at law. He was the village attorney of Bay View, Wisconsin, from 1883 to 1886, alderman of Milwaukee and member of the Milwaukee public library and museum board from April 1887, to April, 1894. He was elected to the house of representatives in 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902 and re-elected in 1904, receiving 17,582 votes against 12,385 for Peter J. Sommers (Dem.), 9,625 for W. R. Gaylord (Soc. Dem.), and 585 for Thomas Gardner (Pro.).

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The 1st, 6th, 9th, 10th, 13th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay, in Milwaukee county, and the county of Waukesha. Population, 1900—181,706.

WILLIAM H. STAFFORD, the representative from the fifth congressional district, is a native of Milwaukee. He attended the Milwaukee public schools, and later attended Harvard college and Harvard law school, from which he was graduated. At the time of his election to congress he was in the active practice of law in Milwaukee. He was elected to the fifty-eighth congress, and re-elected to the fifty-ninth congress receiving 17,231 votes against 10,626 for Victor L. Berger (Soc. Dem.), 9,978 for Arthur Dopp (Dem.), and 556 for Moritz Schmoyer.

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Dodge, Fond du Lac, Ozaukee, Sheboygan and Washington counties. Population, 1900—184,517.

CHAS. H. WEISSE (Dem.) was born in Sheboygan Falls Oct. 24, 1866; received his education in the parochial and high schools of his native city; entered his father's tannery in 1880 and became a partner in the firm of Chas. S. Weisse & Co., tanners and curriers, in 1888; was chairman of the county board of supervisors of Sheboygan county in 1900; was elected president of the village of Sheboygan Falls in 1893 and re-elected for three successive terms; served three years as treasurer of school board of Sheboygan Falls; was defeated for congress in 1900 by S. S. Barney; was elected to congress in 1902, and re-elected in 1904 receiving 20,665 votes against 17,687 for R. L. Morse (Rep.), and 368 for Wm. J. Perry (Pro.).

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Buffalo, Clark, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin and Trempealeau counties. Population in 1900—193,890.

JOHN JACOB ESCH (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born near Norwalk, Monroe county, Wis., March 20, 1861. He was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee and Sparta, Wis.; entered the State University in 1878, and graduated from the modern classical course in 1882. The next four years he spent in reading law and teaching at Sparta; was offered the principalship of the high school, but declined and entered the University Law School, graduating in the class of 1887. From this time to the present he has been engaged in the practice of law at La Crosse as a member of the firm of Winter & Esch. In 1883 he organized the Sparta Rifles, afterwards known as Co. I, 3d Regiment W. N. G., and was at one time its captain. He also helped organize the Gateway City Guards of La Crosse, now Co. M, 3d Regiment W. N. G. Never held but one elective office, that of city treasurer of Sparta, and this for only one year. Has always been a republican. Was elected to the 56th, 57th, 58th, and also the 59th congresses, receiving 25,505 votes against 11,271 for Norris Bacheller (Dem.), 963 for Geo. A. Markham (Pro.), and 409 for Henry Leinenkugel (Soc. Dem.).

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Calumet, Manitowoc, Portage, Waupaca, Waushara and Winnebago Counties.
Population, 1900—194,634.

JAMES H. DAVIDSON, of Oshkosh, was born in Colchester, Delaware county, New York, June 18th, 1838; was educated in the public schools and at Walton (New York) Academy; taught school, studied law, graduated from Albany Law School as president of the class in 1884, and was in the same year admitted to the bar of New York; subsequently removed to Wisconsin and commenced the practice of law at Princeton in 1887; in 1892 removed to Oshkosh and continued the practice of law; in 1895 was appointed city attorney; was chairman of the republican congressional committee from 1890 to 1896; was elected to the Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth, Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth Congresses, and re-elected to the Fifty-ninth as a republican, receiving 25,233 votes, against 12,889 for C. F. Crane (Dem.), 1,092 for J. J. Petz (Soc.), and 777 for Charles A. Smart (Pro.).

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Brown, Door, Kewaunee, Marinette, Oconto and Outagamie counties. Population in 1900—179,097.

EDWARD S. MINOR (Rep.), of Sturgeon Bay, was born in Jefferson county, N. Y., in 1840. He came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1845, first settling in the town of Greenfield, Milwaukee county. In 1857 he removed to Door county. He received his education in the common schools and at a private academy. In 1861 he enlisted as a private soldier in Company G, 2d Wisconsin volunteer cavalry, participating in all the raids, expeditions, engagements and battles in which the regiment took part during the war. He was promoted to corporal-sergeant, second and first lieutenant, and as such was mustered out with his regiment, December, 1865. After his return home from the army he became a merchant in Door county. He continued in this business till the spring of 1884, at which time he was appointed superintendent of the Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal, which position he held for seven years. Mr. Minor was elected to the Wisconsin assembly in 1878, and was re-elected in 1880 and 1881. He was elected to the state senate in 1883 and 1885, and was president pro tempore of that body during the latter term. He was also a member of the Wisconsin fish commission for four years. He has held numerous local offices at various times and was mayor of the city of Sturgeon Bay in 1895. He was elected to congress in 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902 and 1904, receiving 19,764 votes, against 13,124 for Robt. J. McGeehan (Dem.), 667 for Joseph W. Harris (Soc. Dem.), and 450 for Chas. W. Loomis (Pro.).

TENTH CONGRESSOINAL DISTRICT.

Ashland, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Oneida, Price, Shawano, Taylor, Vilas and Wood counties. Population in 1900—190,975.

WEBSTER EVERETT BROWN (Rep.), of Rhinelander, was born on a farm in Madison county, New York, July 16th, 1851; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1857; lived on a farm till 17 years of age. His elementary education was received in the common schools of Portage county; prepared for college at Lawrence University, Appleton, Wis.; in 1870 entered the Wisconsin State University and graduated with the class of 1874; was married Dec. 26th, 1877, to Juliet D. Meyer, also a graduate of the Wisconsin State University with the class of 1875; took up the lumber business in 1875 at Stevens Point, Wis., continuing at that point till the fall of 1882, when the business was transferred

to Rhinelander, Wis., where he is still operating with his brothers; has been chairman of town and county boards; also member of school board and has served two terms as mayor of the city of Rhinelander; was elected to the Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth congress, and re-elected to the Fifty-ninth, receiving 29,393 votes, against 14,121 for Wells M. Ruggles (Dem.), 790 for Albert B. Crawford (Soc. Dem.), and 619 for David W. Emerson (Pro.).

ELEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Barren, Bayfield, Burnett, Chippewa, Douglas, Dunn, Gates, Pierce, Polk, St. Croix, Sawyer and Washburn counties. Population in 1900—217,650.

JOHN J. JENKINS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Weymouth, England, August 20, 1843; settled in Baraboo, Wis., in 1852; attended the common schools a few terms; served during the war in Company A, Sixth Wisconsin volunteers; clerk of the circuit court of Baraboo, Sauk county; city clerk and city attorney of Chippewa Falls; member of assembly from Chippewa county; also county judge; appointed United States attorney of the Territory of Wyoming by President Grant in 1876; was elected to the 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th and 58th congresses and re-elected to the 59th congress, receiving 31,275 votes, against 8,637 for Geo. C. Cooper (Dem.), 1,087 for J. S. White (Pro.), and 810 for W. B. Freil (Soc. Dem.).

STATE OFFICERS.

GOVERNOR.

ROBERT MARION LA FOLLETTE (Rep.), was born at Primrose, Dane Co., Wis., June 14th, 1855, son of Josiah and Mary (Ferguson) La Follette. He comes from an old French Huguenot family which settled in this country more than a century ago. After attending the district school and a preparatory academy at Madison, he entered the preparatory department of the State University in 1874, graduated from the General Science course with the class of 1879 and entered the Law department the same year. In February, 1880, he passed the state bar examinations, was admitted to practice, and immediately opened an office in the city of Madison. At the ensuing election he was elected district attorney of Dane county, and was re-elected to that office in 1882, carrying Dane county by 118 votes, although all other republican nominees in Dane county suffered defeat by about 2,000 votes. In 1884 he was elected a member of Congress from the then Third Congressional district, comprising Dane, Grant, Green, Iowa, and La Fayette counties, defeating Burr W. Jones, democrat. He was three times elected to Congress and again renominated in 1890, but was defeated in common with most republican nominees in the state that year. During his last term in Congress he served on the Ways and Means committee and framed several schedules of the McKinley Tariff law.

Upon his retirement from Congress Mr. La Follette entered upon the practice of his profession at Madison as the senior member of the firm of La Follette, Harper, Roe & Zimmerman. This partnership was dissolved in 1894, since which time he has practiced alone. He was elected governor in 1900, 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 227,253 votes, against 176,301 for Geo. W. Peck (Dem.),

24,857 for W. A. Arnold (Soc. Dem.), 12,136 for Edw. Schofield (Nat. Rep.), 8,764 for W. H. Clark (Pro.), and 249 for C. H. Minkley (Soc. Lab.). Was elected to the United States Senate to succeed J. V. Quarles for the term beginning March 4th, 1905.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

JAMES O. DAVIDSON (Rep.), of Soldiers' Grove, was born in Norway, Feb. 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of his native country. He came to Wisconsin in 1872, residing first at Madison, later at Boscobel, and since 1877 at Soldiers' Grove. He has been engaged for twenty-three years in the mercantile business. He was president of the village of Soldiers' Grove in 1888 and 1889, treasurer in 1892 and 1893, and again in 1897 and 1898; was elected to the assembly in 1892 and re-elected in 1894 and again in 1896. He was chairman of the republican committee of the Third Congressional district for years; was elected state treasurer in 1898 and re-elected in 1900; was elected Lieutenant Governor in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 247,159 votes, against 151,403 for Henry A. Lathrop (Dem.), 28,108 for Henry J. Ammann (Soc. Dem.), 10,864 for Geo. H. Ray (Nat. R.), 9,152 for John H. Nicholson (Pro.), and 256 for Oscar T. Rosaas (Soc. Lab.).

SECRETARY OF STATE.

WALTER L. HOUSER (Rep.), of Mondovi, Buffalo county, was born May 6th, 1855, in Tidioute, Warren County, Pennsylvania. He came to Wisconsin with his mother in 1865 and settled in Pierce county. Received a common school and academic education. He settled in Mondovi in 1875 and founded the Mondovi Herald in 1876, of which paper he is still part proprietor. He is also engaged in farming and stock raising. Besides some local offices, he has held the position of clerk of the committees on enrolled bills and judiciary in the senate, assistant chief clerk in the assembly and chief clerk of the senate. He was elected secretary of state in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 247,080 votes, against 150,424 for James P. Nolan (Dem.), 26,390 for Rudolph O. Stoll (Soc. Dem.), 10,952 for Nels Holman (Nat. Rep.), 9,514 for Chas. L. Hill (Pro.), and 247 for Michael Gross (Soc. Lab.).

STATE TREASURER.

JOHN J. KEMPF (Rep.), of Milwaukee, is a native of the county from which he was elected, having been born in the town of Granville, in Milwaukee county, on May 4th, 1857. He is of German-French extraction and his parents lived on one of the oldest homesteads in the state of Wisconsin, a farm located by one of the pioneers of the state. Mr. Kempf was reared on the home farm and attended the district school at Granville until he moved into the city of Milwaukee, where he completed his public schooling at the old sixth ward school, under the tutelage of the well-known Prof. Wall. After this he attended the Spencerian Business College with a view to fitting himself for the mercantile career he has since followed. Having acquired a liking for the boot and shoe business, at the age of sixteen Mr. Kempf entered the employ of a Milwaukee firm and continued in the service of the same firm until he attained to his majority, when he started the store which he now owns. Mr. Kempf secured his first public office in 1887, when he was elected alderman of the sixth ward. During his term as alderman, he received the honor of appointment by the mayor to the Library Board, and served on the Finance committee of the Board. After serving but one year of his aldermanic term, he was nominated senator of the Fourth Senatorial district, and he thereupon resigned from the common council to make the run for senator, to which position he was elected over three opposing candidates. He served four years as

state senator. In 1894, he received the republican nomination for register of deeds of Milwaukee county and was elected to that office by the largest plurality on the county ticket, running about 1,100 votes ahead of any other candidate. He was the last register to serve under the old fee system. He was elected state treasurer in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 238,759 votes, against 155,340 for Andrew Jenson (Dem.), 17,945 for Henry Luther (Soc. Dem.), 13,219 for Gustav Wollaeger, Jr. (Nat. Rep.), 19,061 for John A. Berg (Pro.), and 219 for Henry D. Puck (Soc. Lab.).

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

LAFAYETTE M. STURDEVANT (Rep.), of Neillsville, was born Sept. 17, 1856, in Chandler's Valley, Pa. He came to Wisconsin in 1865 and settled in the town of Pine Valley, Clark county. He grew to manhood upon the farm and was educated in the schools of his county. By strict application to his studies he was able to secure a certificate to teach, and from 1872 to 1878 taught school and studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1878. He held the office of district attorney of his county four years, 1884, 1885, 1890, and 1891, and was chairman of the Clark county republican committee from 1894 to 1898. He was elected to the assembly from Clark county in 1898, and re-elected in 1900; was elected attorney general in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 248,253 votes against 149,960 for Wm. F. Wolfe (Dem.), 11,035 for David G. Classon (Nat. Rep.), and 9,680 for W. Mayhew Mott (Pro.).

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

C. P. CARY (Rep.), was born in southern Ohio, Jan. 28, 1856. His mother was of German descent and his father was directly related to the English political economist, Henry Cary. From the time he arrived at school age till he was seventeen he worked on his father's farm in summer and attended the district school in winter. At the age of seventeen he began to teach district school in winter and continued working on the farm in summer. In 1877 he entered the Ohio Central Normal School and was graduated in 1879. After this he taught for seven years as principal of graded schools in Ohio and Kansas, and served during most of this period as county examiner of teachers and instructor in teachers' institutes. In 1886 he was elected county superintendent of schools in Brown county, Kansas; but declined renomination for a second term, and accepted the position of superintendent and high school principal at Fairbury, Nebraska. This position he resigned in the summer of 1893 to accept the position of instructor in pedagogy and principal of the training department of the Milwaukee State Normal School. This position he resigned in the summer of 1901 to accept the position of superintendent of the Wisconsin School for the Deaf at Delavan, Wis. This position he resigned in the fall of 1902 to accept the nomination for the office of state superintendent of public instruction. He holds a life certificate to teach in the schools of Nebraska, also in Wisconsin, and is a graduate of the University of Chicago, class of '98. He is an active member of the National Educational Association, and a member of the National Society for the Scientific Study of Education, and has devoted his life to the study of all the sciences and arts that bear upon the problems of education; was elected superintendent of public instruction in 1902, and re-elected in April, 1905, receiving 115,288 votes against 86,743 votes for Albert Sallsbury.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

JOHN W. THOMAS (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Wales, March 31, 1846, coming to this country with his parents in 1849. His first residence was in

Tioga county, Pennsylvania. He received a common school education. He was left an orphan at the age of seven, and he came to Wisconsin in 1857 with a family of friends with whom he settled in the town of Anson. He is a farmer and dairyman by occupation, and received first premium on wheat and dairy butter at the world's fair. He enlisted in February, 1864, in the Thirty-sixth Wisconsin Volunteers, serving to the end of the war. He participated in the brilliant service of his regiment in Grant's campaign of 1864, before Richmond and Petersburg. He was town clerk seven years, secretary of the school board for three years, and served four years as town treasurer, two years as supervisor and ten years as town chairman. He was chairman of the county board for two years, was elected county treasurer in 1884, and was defeated for reelection in 1886 by a small majority, receiving over five hundred votes more than Governor Rusik in the county. He was president of the Chippewa county Agricultural Society in 1883, and has served eight years as secretary. He was treasurer of the Eagle Point Insurance company two years and director for 21, which position he now holds. He has become by his long service and intimate connection with local affairs, an expert in town and county matters. In 1897 he was appointed by the governor a member of the State Board of Agriculture, and reappointed in 1899 for three years. He was elected to the assembly in 1894, re-elected in 1896 and in 1898 and again in 1900 for a fourth consecutive term. During his service in the assembly he was a member of the committee on Railroads, serving as chairman the last two terms and was the author of several laws to regulate railroads. He was elected railroad commissioner in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 248,499 votes against 148,887 for Ed. L. Hanton (Dem.), 27,509 for Harry E. Briggs (Soc. Dem.), 11,285 for Fred O. Tarbox (Nat. Rep.), 9,581 for David Wood (Pro.), and 266 for Carl Gross (Soc. Lab.).

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

ZENO M. HOST (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born of German parentage in Lyons, Walworth county, Wisconsin, on July 1st, 1869. In February, 1883, he removed with his parents to Milwaukee. With the exception of two terms of night school at the Spencerian Business College of Milwaukee, he received his education in the public schools of Walworth county.

At the age of fourteen he found employment in a spice mill and afterwards as clerk in a retail grocery store. In November, 1884, he was employed as office boy in a wholesale and retail coal company's office, and worked himself up step by step until he was given the position of head bookkeeper, which he held until July 1st, 1891. September 1st, 1891, he became bookkeeper for a building and loan association, where he remained until December 31st, 1894. In the winter of '95 he organized the Wisconsin National Loan and Building association and was made a director and its secretary, which position he still holds. In 1893 he began writing fire insurance in connection with the building and loan business, and is at present associated with his brother, Clemens P. Host, in the insurance agency known as "Host Brothers." In August, 1900, he was chosen secretary of the Republican State Central committee for a term of two years. He never held public office, but was very active in fraternal organizations. He has been grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Wisconsin, and is at the present time representative from Wisconsin to the supreme lodge; he was also assistant adjutant general on the staff of Gen. C. D. Lisle, commander of Wisconsin Brigade, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, and is treasurer of the High Court of Wisconsin, Independent Order of Foresters. He was elected commissioner of insurance in November, 1902, and re-elected November 8th, 1904, receiving 248,381 votes against 148,836 for Henry Fetzer (Dem.), 10,891 for William Roenitz (Nat. Rep.), 9,458 for Myron D. Reed (Pro.), 27,817 for Arnold Zander (Soc. Dem.), and 297 for William Beyer (Soc. Labor.).

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

JOHN B. CASSIDAY, LL. D., Beloit College, 1881, and LL. D., University of Wisconsin, 1905, chief justice, was born in Herkimer county, N. Y., years later. His early studies were pursued in the common schools, at the academies in Wellsboro and Knoxville, Pa., and two years at the Alfred academy, where he graduated. He spent one year at the Michigan University and then attended the Albany law school; afterward reading in a law office in Wellsboro, Pa. In July, 1857, he settled in Janesville, Wis., and continued actively in practice until called to the supreme bench; was member of the assembly in 1865, and again in 1877, when he was elected speaker of that body. He was a delegate to the national convention at Baltimore which nominated Lincoln in 1864, and was chairman of the Wisconsin delegation to the national convention at Chicago which nominated Garfield in 1880. In 1880, Nov. 11, he was appointed by Gov. William E. Smith, as associate justice of the supreme court, a vacancy having been caused by the promotion of Associate Justice Cole to the chief justiceship to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Edward G. Ryan. He was elected associate justice in April, 1881, and again in April, 1889, and again in 1899, and is a professor in the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, lecturing on constitutional law. He is the author of "Cassiday on Wills," a law text book published in 1893. He became chief justice upon the death of Justice Orton in July, 1895, by virtue of his seniority in service, and has continued such ever since.

JOHN B. WINSLOW was born Oct. 4, 1851, at Nunda, Livingston county, N. Y. He graduated at Racine college, Wis., in 1871, and entered upon the study of law in the law office of E. O. Hand, and later in the law office of Fuller & Dyer. He finished his course of reading at the law department of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1875, and entered upon the practice at Racine. He was for several years city attorney of Racine. In April, 1883, he was elected circuit judge of the First judicial circuit, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1884, serving in that capacity (being re-elected) until May 4, 1891, when he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court, in place of Hon. David Taylor, deceased. In April, 1892, he was elected to fill the residue of Judge Taylor's term; in April, 1895, he was re-elected for a full term; and again re-elected for a full term in April, 1905.

ROUJET D. MARSHALL, LL. D., University of Wisconsin, 1905, was born Dec. 27, 1847, in Nashua, N. H.; was educated principally at the Delton Academy, Baraboo Collegiate Institute and Lawrence University. The Marshalls came to this country from England in 1650 and settled in Boston. The subject of this sketch came to Wisconsin in 1854; resided at Delton, Sauk county, until 1872, and since that time in Chippewa Falls; commenced the study of law at the age of 17, which he continued with his school work till he was 24, since which time he has been actively engaged in the profession; as county judge of Chippewa county from 1876 to 1883; member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin from 1884 to 1889; elected circuit judge of the Eleventh circuit in April, 1888, and re-elected in April, 1894; was appointed to the supreme bench in August, 1895, and was elected to the supreme bench in April, 1896, for the unexpired term of Chief Justice Orton, deceased; was re-elected April 6, 1897, for a full term.

JOSHUA ERIC DODGE was born Oct. 25, 1854, in West Cambridge (now Arlington), Middlesex county, Mass.; received his education, in the public schools of that place, Westford Academy, at Westford in the same county and graduated with the class of 1875 from Iowa College at Grinnell, Ia.; graduated from the Law School of the Boston University in 1877. He was admitted to the bar by the supreme court of Massachusetts in that year; moved to Racine, Wis., in March, 1878, and there continued in the general practice of the law until September, 1893, when he was appointed assistant attorney general of the United States, which position he occupied until July, 1897, when he returned to Wisconsin and engaged in practice at Milwaukee until his appointment as associate justice of the supreme court upon the resignation of Mr. Justice Pinney Nov. 22, 1898; was a member of assembly in 1891 and 1892, and was appointed a member of the board of commissioners for the promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, April 18, 1893. Mr. Dodge was elected to full term on the supreme bench in April, 1901.

ROBERT G. SIEBECKER was born October 17, 1854, in Sauk county, Wisconsin. He was educated in the district school until he was seventeen and he then attended a private academy at Madison for two years. He entered the University of Wisconsin in September, 1874, and graduated in June, 1878. In the fall of this year, he entered the law school of the University and he graduated therefrom in June, 1880. He was admitted to the bar on examination in September, 1879. In October of that year he began the practice of law at Madison and this he continued until his appointment as judge of the Ninth judicial circuit on January 7th, 1890. In March, 1886, he was elected city attorney of Madison and was annually re-elected until he went on the circuit bench. In April, 1891, he was elected judge of the circuit court, for the unexpired term and for the ensuing full term. He was twice thereafter re-elected to this position without opposition. On April 7th, 1903, he was elected a justice of the supreme court, for the term beginning in January, 1904, and on April 9th was appointed for the unexpired term in this office, caused by the death of Justice C. V. Bardeen.

JAMES C. KERWIN was born in the town of Menasha, Winnebago county, Wisconsin, May 4, 1850. He attended the common schools of the neighborhood and later the Menasha high school, from which he was graduated. He prepared himself for the practice of the law by a course of study in the law school of the University of Wisconsin, and was graduated in 1875. Returning to his native county, he opened an office in Neenah and has since been actively engaged in the profession. He was city attorney of Neenah for twelve years, and was appointed a member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin in 1901. In April, 1904, he was elected associate justice of the supreme court, and entered upon judicial duties in January, 1905.

THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

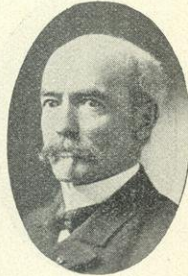
SENATE.

The senate is composed of thirty-three members, who hold office for four years and receive \$500 each for their services at each regular session. Members of the senate, session of 1905, representing odd-numbered districts, were elected in 1902. Their terms will end Jan. 1, 1907. Those representing even-numbered districts were elected in 1904. Their terms will end Jan. 1, 1909. The lieutenant-governor is resident of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie. A temporary president, to act in the absence of the president, is chosen by the members of the senate. The senate of 1905 contains 28 republicans, 4 democrats, and one social democrat. Lieutenant-Governor James O. Davidson, president; James J. McGillivray, president pro tem.; L. K. Eaton, chief clerk; R. C. Falconer, sergeant-at-arms.

FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Door, Kewaunee and Marinette counties. Population in 1900—65,617.

HARLAN PAGE BIRD (Rep.), of Wausaukee, is a native of Bradford Co., Pa., born 64 years ago of New England parents. Attending common schools only, he engaged in land surveying and bookkeeping, which took him to Brooklyn, N. Y., and thence to the lumber woods of Marinette Co. He volunteered in '61, served four years in the civil war, two of which was as staff officer at division and corps headquarters; was wounded in the Vicksburg rifle pits. After the war he engaged in lumbering and mercantile pursuits; is also president of the Wausaukee State Bank. He was elected state senator in 1902, receiving 6,042 votes against 3,948 for Chas. Metzger (Dem.), and 208 for J. J. Sherman (Pro.).



Harlan Page Bird.

SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Brown and Oconto counties. Population, 1900—67,233.

HENRY F. HAGEMEISTER (Rep.), of Green Bay, Brown county, is a native of Wisconsin. He was born in Green Bay, Nov. 18, 1855, and was educated in the parochial and public schools of that city. He is president and manager of the Hagemeister Brewing Company of Green Bay and president of Kellogg's National Bank. He has served his city in the capacity of alderman and supervisor and in 1892 was elected a member of the assembly as a democrat, and was re-elected in 1894. He was elected state senator in 1900 and re-elected in 1904 on the republican ticket. He received 7,606 votes against 5,318 cast for F. R. Singleton (Dem.).



Henry Hagemeister.



Otis W. Johnson.

THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Kenosha and Racine counties. Population, 1900—67,351.

OTIS WELLS JOHNSON (Rep.), of Racine, Wisconsin, was born in Sagatuck, Michigan, March 12, 1855; was educated in the public schools there and at Racine, and later attended Farmington in Maine. Was first employed in St. Ignace in the lumber business, later for a while in a Chicago lumber yard, and afterwards again at St. Ignace, Mich., where he resided until he came to Racine in about 1890 and engaged in the manufacture of farm wagons. Was elected in 1902 to the state senate, receiving 3,095 votes against 6,023 votes cast for Michael Higgins (Dem.), and 311 votes for James P. Corse (Pro.).

FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 1st, 13th, 18th and 21st wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, and the villages of North Milwaukee, East Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—61,035.



Theo. C. Froemming.

THEO. C. FROEMMING (Rep.) was born in Milwaukee May 11, 1873; is the youngest member in the State Senate; was educated in the parochial school of Milwaukee, and graduated from Milwaukee Business University; also attended Concordia College for two years; was a member of the Republican county committee from 1898 to 1900; was elected alderman of the 21st ward in 1900 and re-elected in 1902, his term expiring in April, 1904; is engaged as grading contractor; is also in the stone quarry business. He was elected State Senator in 1904 on the republican ticket; he received 5,246 votes against 3,697 for Herman Reel (Dem.), and 3,184 for Alexis Fischer (Soc. Dem.).

FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 2d, 3d, 4th, 6th, 7th, 15th, and 16th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—69,196.



Charles C. Rogers.

CHARLES CASSIUS ROGERS (Rep.) was born Dec. 15th, 1847, at Cambridge, Maine, and was educated in Bisbie Military Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Was professor of mathematics in Eastman College and president of Association for Advancement of Milwaukee and is a member of Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce. He made his first canvass for public office in the fall of 1902 and was elected state senator, receiving 7,380 votes against 5,739 votes cast for A. Huebschmann (Dem.), and 1,758 votes cast for Vie Peterson.

SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 9th, 10th, 19th, 20th, and 22d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—71,771.

JACOB RUMMEL (Soc. Dem.) was born in Washington county, Wis., April 17, 1857, where he attended common school; came to Milwaukee in 1872 and entered college; learned the cigar trade; is foreman for Williams & Brendle Cigar Mfg. Co. at the present time. He was elected state senator in 1904 on the Social Democratic ticket, receiving 5,848 votes against 5,801 for A. J. Langhoff (Rep.), and 3,127 for Gottfried Hergarten (Dem.).



Jacob Rummel.

SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 14th and 17th wards of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Wauwatosa, the village of Cudahy and the cities of South Milwaukee and Wauwatosa. Population, 1900—63,533.

BARNEY AUGUSTUS EATON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born October 29, 1853, in the town of Lake, Milwaukee county, and received a common school and business education in Milwaukee; has resided in Milwaukee county, excepting five years, from 1873 to 1878, when he was a resident of Georgetown, Colo.; is a farmer and small fruit grower by occupation; represented his district in the assembly in 1894; was president of the village of Cudahy in 1895-96; president of the Cudahy school board in 1895; director of the Town of Lake Fire Insurance company six years and served as school director twelve years. He was elected to the assembly in 1894 and 1896, and to the state senate in 1898, and re-elected in 1902, receiving 4,442 votes against 4,148 votes cast for Thos. J. Flemming (Dem.), and 1,328 votes cast for Frank Conine (Soc. Dem.).



Barney A. Eaton.

EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The 5th, 8th, 11th, 12th, and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—64,482.

JULIUS EDWARD ROEHR (Rep.) was born March 6, 1860, in Brooklyn, N. Y.; was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn and Milwaukee, and attended the Wisconsin University at Madison from 1879 to 1881, graduating therefrom in June, 1881; came to Wisconsin in May, 1873, settling in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; has practiced law since 1881; was nominated for member of assembly by the republicans of the Eighth assembly district in 1892, and was defeated by the Bennett law issue; in the spring of 1892 he was nominated on the Republican ticket for judge of the superior court, but was defeated by Judge John C. Ludwig; was appointed circuit court commissioner for Milwaukee county by Judge D. H. Johnson in 1888, and re-appointed in 1894



Julius E. Roehr.

and re-appointed in 1900; represented the Fourth congressional district at the Republican national convention at St. Louis in 1896; was elected to the senate in 1896, and was a member of the legislative committee which revised the statutes known as "the Statutes of 1898." Senator Roehr was elected president of the Bar Association of Milwaukee county on December 10, 1904. He was again elected to the senate in 1900 and re-elected in 1904, receiving 4,788 votes against 4,656 for F. N. Rehfeld (Soc. Dem.) and 3,909 for R. T. Ziarnek (Dem.)

NINTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Adams, Marquette, Waushara and Wood counties. Population, 1900—61,487.



H. C. Wipperman.

HERMAN C. WIPPERMAN (Rep.) was born in 1853 in the town of Moselle, Sheboygan county, Wis., and was reared there on his father's farm. He received a common school education, and after leaving school learned the carpenter's trade. In 1873 he removed from the place of his birth to the city of Chilton, Calumet county, where together with his brother he conducted a furniture business until 1886, at which time he took up the study of law in the law office of A. A. Nugent, in Chilton. In 1888 he entered the law school of the University of Wisconsin and graduated with the class of 1889. He practiced law in the city of Chilton until August, 1891, when he removed to Grand Rapids. He held the office of city attorney from 1893 to 1895 and was twice elected mayor of Grand Rapids. In 1894 he was elected member of the assembly from Wood county and in 1896 was re-elected. In 1900 he was elected district attorney for Wood county, and in 1902 was elected state senator, receiving 7,328 votes against 3,575 votes for Edward Lynch (Dem.).

TENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Pierce and St. Croix counties. Population, 1900—50,773.



James A. Frear.

JAMES A. FREAR (Rep.), was born at Hudson, Wis., Oct. 24, 1861. Was attending Appleton, Wisconsin, University in 1878, when with his parents he moved to Washington, D. C. Served five years in the U. S. Signal Corps at Fort Myer, Va., Indianapolis and Washington, and graduated from the National Law University, Washington, in 1884. He was admitted to the bar of the supreme court, District of Columbia, the same year and then returned to Hudson, entering the practice of law in that city. Has held different city offices, including city attorney for several years. He was appointed district attorney for St. Croix county by Governor Upham in April, 1896, and was elected for three consecutive terms thereafter. He was appointed on the staff of the governor in 1901 and elected to the assembly in 1902, and to the state senate in 1904, receiving 6,107 votes against 3,650 for Ferris M. White (Dem.).

ELEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Burnett, Douglas and Polk counties. Population, 1900—61,614.

GEORGE B. HUDNALL (Rep.) was born at Rural, Waupaca county, Wis., Jan. 9, 1864. He was educated in the district and high schools and at the Wisconsin University law school, class of 1891. Lived on a farm until twenty-four years old when he engaged in teaching and took up the study of law. Was assistant city attorney of Superior from 1900 to May, 1902. He was nominated and elected state senator in 1902, receiving 5,531 votes against 8 scattering votes, there being no nomination against him.

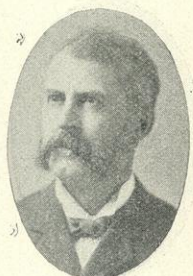


George B. Hudnall.

TWELFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Ashland, Bayfield, Price, Sawyer, Taylor and Washburn counties. Population, 1900—64,050.

ALBERT W. SANBORN (Rep.), was born in Swanton, Vermont, January 17, 1853; removed to Guernsey county, Ohio, when a small boy with his parents and lived there on a farm until 1876. Was educated at Muskingum College at New Concord, Ohio. Studied law with Barnes & Anderson at Cambridge, Ohio, and was there admitted to the bar, April 10, 1876; came to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, in April, 1876, and studied law in Finch & Barber's office for about two months. Located at Stevens Point, Wisconsin, in June, 1876, where he practiced law, first as a member of the firm of Jones & Sanborn, and then as a member of the firm of Cate, Jones & Sanborn, and afterwards as a member of the firm of Cate, Sanborn, Lamoreux & Park. Was district attorney of Portage county for one term and a member of the assembly from Portage county in 1885. Was a delegate from the Ninth Congressional District to the National Convention in 1888; moved to Ashland, Wisconsin, in 1893, where he has continued in the practice of his profession; is now a member of the firm of Sanborn, Lamoreux & Pray. He was elected to the senate in 1904, receiving 11,129 votes against 3,595 for G. Schwindt (Dem.).



Albert W. Sanborn.

THIRTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dodge county. Population, 1900—46,631.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL NORTH (Dem.) was born in Dodge county, Wis., June 21st, 1859, and was educated in the common schools of Dodge county, finally studying law in the law office of Hon. Chas. Allen of Horicon. He was admitted to the bar in 1880 and entered upon the practice of his profession at Chillicothe, Missouri, but after three years returned to Dodge county and in 1895 opened an office in Fox Lake, his present home and place of business. He was elected to the senate in 1902, receiving 5,065 votes against 2,976 votes cast for M. P. Elkinton (Rep.), and 164 votes for B. F. Sawyer (Pro.).



William C. North.

FOURTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Outagamie and Shawano counties. Population, 1900—
73,722.



Fred M. Wilcox.

FRED M. WILCOX (Rep.), of Appleton, Wis., was born in Marshall county, Iowa, July 17, 1870. Graduated from High School at Montour, Iowa, in 1887, and from the State University of Iowa in 1893; assistant postmaster to C. G. Wilcox at De Pere, Wisconsin, during the year 1894; commenced practice of law at Seymour, Wis., in November, 1894; elected district attorney of Outagamie county in 1898, and immediately removed to Appleton; re-elected in 1900 and again in 1902; in March, 1904, with his brother, John C. Wilcox, formed the law partnership of Wilcox & Wilcox. He was elected state senator in 1904, receiving 8,476 votes against 5,487 for Theo. Knapstein (Dem.)

FIFTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Calumet and Manitowoc counties. Population, 1900—
59,339.



Samuel W. Randolph.

SAMUEL W. RANDOLPH (Dem.), was born December 5th, 1872, at Manitowoc, Wis., and was educated in the First Ward public school of that city. For a number of years he has been interested in navigation of the Great Lakes and represents several transportation companies. Was appointed harbor master, January, 1902, to fill the unexpired term and reappointed for a full term in April, 1902. He was elected state senator Nov. 4, 1902, receiving 4,758 votes against 4,615 votes for Wm. N. Knauf (Rep.), and 531 votes for A. L. Rocker (Soc. Dem.)

SIXTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Crawford and Grant counties. Population, 1900—56,167.



Edward E. Burns.

EDWARD EUGENE BURNS (Rep.), of Platteville, Grant county, was born Jan. 20, 1858, at Dunleith (now East Dubuque), Illinois. In the year of his birth his parents moved to Jamestown, Grant county, Wisconsin, and settled on a farm where he spent his early years. He was educated in the common schools of Grant county, the Platteville State Normal School and the Law School of the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1887. He moved to Platteville on Dec. 1, 1890, where he has since resided and engaged in the practice of law. He was a member of the county board of Grant county in 1895 and 1896, representing the city of Platteville. In 1897 he was elected city attorney of Platteville, and was re-elected in 1898, which position he resigned on entering the army, and was again re-elected on his return in 1899. He served in the Spanish-American War as captain of Co. C, of the 4th Wis. Inf. Vol., from June 30, 1898, to Feb. 28, 1899. He was elected to the state senate in 1900, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 7,365 votes against 4,924 cast for W. W. Gilman (Dem.), and 400 votes cast for Josiah Thomas (Pro.).

SEVENTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Green, Iowa and LaFayette counties. Population, 1900—66,792.

HARRY CHAPMAN MARTIN (Rep.), of Darlington, Lafayette county, was born at Darlington, Dec. 15, 1854, and received his early education in the public schools of that place, after which he taught school for one year and then attended the University of Wisconsin, from which he graduated in 1879. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1881, and has since practiced law at Darlington. Soon after his admission to the bar he was appointed county superintendent of schools of Lafayette county, and was twice thereafter elected to that office. In 1887 he was elected mayor of the city of Darlington and was re-elected in 1888. He was city attorney for several years thereafter and was elected, district attorney of LaFayette county in 1892; was a member of the Republican State Central committee for four years; was elected to the assembly in 1895 to fill vacancy occasioned by the death of James Freeman; was elected to the state senate in 1898 and re-elected in 1902, receiving 7,233 votes against 5,343 votes cast for Geo. W. Crawford (Dem.).



Harry C. Martin.

EIGHTEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties. Population, 1900—63,386.

CHARLES H. SMITH (Dem.), of Markesan, was born in the town of Green Lake, June 1st, 1863. He was educated in district schools, Berlin High School and Commercial College of Oshkosh. He is a farmer by occupation. He was town treasurer of Green Lake in 1887 and 1888, supervisor of the town in 1890 and 1891, school clerk in the village of Markesan for the past six years; has served on the village board for several years. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, receiving 1,603 votes against 1,382 for Christian C. Wellengard (Rep.), and 76 for John Nobles (Pro.). Was elected to the state senate in 1904, receiving 8,024 votes, against 7,024 votes for O. A. Piggott (Rep.).

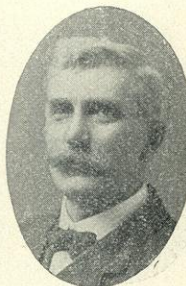


Charles H. Smith.

NINETEENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Winnebago County. Population, 1900—58,225.

EPHRAIM E. STEVENS (Rep.), was born January 31, 1851, in the town of Knox, Waldo county, Maine, migrated to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, September, 1852. He was educated in the schools of Oshkosh, is a mechanic, did general contracting and building of buildings, in 1872 studied architecture in the office of D. M. Harteau, Green Bay, and attended night school at Blackman's College. In 1882 to 1887 was alderman in Oshkosh common council; 1889 was elected mayor of his city, at that time the city was Democratic by from 500 to 700;



Ephraim E. Stevens



George W. Wolff.

always a Republican, he has been chairman of city, county and assembly district committees many times, generally acts according to his own ideas and not on the dictations of others. Was elected state senator in 1904 to fill out the unexpired term of Christian Sarau, receiving 6,923 votes, against 4,819 cast for A. C. McComb (Dem.), and 307 for W. E. Monroe (Pro.).

TWENTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Ozaukee and Sheboygan counties. Population, 1900—66,708.

GEORGE W. WOLFF (Rep.), was born in the town of Rhine, Sheboygan county, in the year 1849, and has since resided there; received a common school education; is a farmer by occupation. He has served as chairman of his town and county board and as a member of the assembly for two terms; elected to the state senate in 1900, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 6,510 votes against 6,097 for E. R. Bowler (Dem.).



William H. Hatton.

TWENTY-FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Portage and Waupaca counties. Population, 1900—61,098.

WILLIAM H. HATTON (Rep.), of New London, Waupaca county, is a native of the state of New York. He is a lumberman. In 1898 he was elected to the state senate to represent the Twenty-first district and re-elected in 1902.

TWENTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Rock county. Population, 1900—51,203.



John M. Whitehead.

JOHN M. WHITEHEAD (Rep.) was born July 29, 1852, on a farm near Hillsboro, Ill. He was educated at Hillsboro Academy, preparatory department of Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind. (1871-2), Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass. (1872-3), Yale College (1873-77), where he took the degree of A. B. He studied law and was admitted to the bar of Illinois in October, 1880, and to the bar of Wisconsin in September, 1883. He came to Wisconsin in August, 1883, settling at Janesville, where he has since resided. Has been a member of the county board of Rock county, representing the fourth ward of Janesville. Was elected to the state senate in 1896, 1900, and again in 1904, receiving 5,810 votes against 4,200 for Robert M. Richmond (Dem.), and 428 for Morris Mortimer (Soc. Dem.), and 401 for Thos. W. North (Pro.).

TWENTY-THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Jefferson and Walworth counties. Population, 1900—64,048.

ZADOC P. BEACH (Rep.) was born at Whitewater, Wis., Jan. 21, 1861. Was educated in the common and normal schools. Has been engaged in cold storage and creamery business and is president of Union Produce company. Was a member of the board of aldermen of Whitewater from 1888 to 1894 and mayor of the city in 1895 and 1896. Was appointed member of the board of regents of normal schools in 1898 and on reorganization of the board was re-appointed for five years, term expiring in 1905. Was elected state senator in 1902, receiving 5,661 votes against 4,864 votes for O. J. Kerschesteiner (Dem.), and 446 votes for Wm. E. Mack (Pro.).



Zadoc P. Beach.

TWENTY-FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Chippewa, Eau Claire and Gates counties. Population, 1900—64,729.

DR. JAMES HARVEY NOBLE (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born March 30, 1851, in Dane county, Wis. Studied in the public schools of Madison and preparatory department of State University, afterwards taking up the study of medicine at Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago, from which he graduated in 1871, and the same year located at Eau Claire, Wis., where he has pursued the practice of his profession ever since. He has been city and county physician, eight years a member of the Board of Education and part of that time its president. Since becoming a voter he has always acted with the Republican party. He was elected to the state senate in 1904, receiving 7,591 votes against 4,963 for Wm. H. Stafford (Dem.), 267 for Frank W. Cummings (Pro.), and 186 for August Schrieber (Soc. Dem.).



Dr. James H. Noble

TWENTY-FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Clark and Marathon counties. Population, 1900—69,104.

ANDREW LAWRENCE KREUTZER (Rep.), of Wausau, Marathon county, Wis., was born August 31, 1862, in Germantown, Washington county, and received his education in the common schools and in the law department of the University of Wisconsin. He is the senior member of the law firm of Kreutzer, Bird & Rosenberry. He was elected district attorney of Marathon county in 1894 and was re-elected to the same office in 1896. He was appointed by Governor Upham a commissioner to the Atlanta Exposition in 1895; was appointed on Governor Scofield's staff to the rank of colonel and was the acting judge advocate general of Wisconsin National Guards during the years of 1897-9. He was elected to the senate in 1898 and was re-elected in 1902, receiving 6,680 votes against 4,894 votes for H. S. Mulvey (Dem.). During the sessions of 1901, 1903 and 1905 he was chairman of the committee on Judiciary.



Andrew L. Kreutzer

TWENTY-SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Dane county. Population, 1900—69,435.

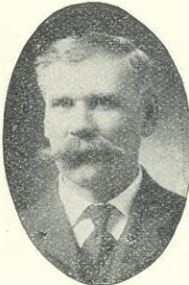


Albert M. Stondall.

ALBERT M. STONDALL (Rep.), of Madison, was born on a farm in the town of Cottage Grove, Dane county, August 4, 1865. He received a common school education, and later attended the Northwestern Business College of Madison. He was a farmer until the year 1894, when he went into the business of buying and selling Wisconsin lands, especially operating in Wood, Clark, Washburn and Barron counties. He was elected to the state senate in 1904, receiving 9,547 votes against 7,136 votes for James M. Clancy (Dem.), and 375 for Lucius F. Bigelow (Pro.).

TWENTY-SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Columbia and Sauk counties. Population, 1900—64,127.



George Wylie.

GEORGE WYLIE (Rep.), of Columbia county, was born in Scotland in the year 1848; was educated in the common schools of this country; is engaged in general farming and breeding of pure bred stock; is at present a member of the State Board of Agriculture and the State Live Stock Sanitary Board. Was elected member of assembly in 1897 and again in 1899. Was elected in 1902 state senator, receiving 6,198 votes against 4,075 votes for John M. Kelley (Dem.), and 449 votes for Ben. F. Thomas (Pro.), scattering, 1.

TWENTY-EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Richland and Vernon counties. Population, 1900—47,834.

OLIVER G. MUNSON (Rep.), of Viroqua, was born March 2, 1856, in Howard county, Ia.; was educated in the common and high schools of Iowa and Minnesota; came to Wisconsin in 1876; resided in Richland Center ten years and in Viroqua nineteen years; is an editor and publisher, having published the Richland Republican ten years and the Vernon County Censor nineteen years; has been city clerk of Richland Center, supervisor from city of Viroqua, bookkeeper in the state senate several terms and assistant chief clerk of the assembly two terms. He was elected to the senate in 1896, re-elected in 1900 and 1904, receiving 6,654 votes, against 2,939 votes for Capt. H. Conner (Dem.).



Oliver G. Munson.

TWENTY-NINTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Barron, Buffalo, Dunn and Pepin counties. Population, 1900—73,390.

JAMES H. STOUT (Rep.), of Menomonie, was born at Dubuque, Ia., Sept. 25, 1848, and was educated in the public schools of Dubuque and in the Chicago University.

He came to Wisconsin in 1889, and has since been engaged in the lumber business at Menomonie. He has been for several years one of the trustees of the Dunn county insane asylum; president of the Menomonie board of education, life member of the Dubuque library and life trustee of the Findlay hospital at Dubuque. He was elected to the senate in 1894, and was re-elected in 1898, and again in 1902, receiving 6,010 votes against 74 votes for Theodore Buehler (Dem.), and scattering, 3.



James H. Stout.

THIRTIETH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida and Vilas counties. Population, 1900—53,835.

JAMES A. WRIGHT, of Merrill, Lincoln county, has always been a Republican, is a native of Wisconsin. Was born in Racine, Wis., June 17th, 1873, moving to Merrill, Wis., in 1880, and has since resided there. Was educated in public schools and later took a business course at Northern Illinois Normal Schools and Dixon Business College. Was then associated with the H. W. Wright Lumber Company, served as vice president, and upon death of father in 1901 became president of same. In 1903 organized the Wisconsin Lumber Company of Littell, Washington, and was elected president of the same. Also a director of Lincoln County Bank, of Merrill, Wis. Never sought office before, but was unanimously nominated on Republican ticket, and in the election for state senator November 8th, 1904, received 9,792 votes against 4,382 cast for D. H. Walker (Dem.).

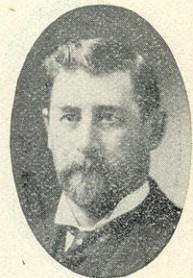


James A. Wright.

THIRTY-FIRST SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Jackson, Juneau and Monroe counties. Population, 1900—66,198.

JAMES J. MCGILLIVRAY (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born at Barrachios, Gasbie county, Canada, East, June 16, 1848. He received his education in the common schools, and came to Black River Falls, Nov. 21, 1866. He is an architect and manufacturer. He was elected to the assembly in 1890, and re-elected in 1892. During his first term in the assembly he was sponsor of the bills exempting wide tired wagons from taxes; for reduction of interest on money loaned to school district from 6 and 7 to 4 per cent., and reduction of interest on tax sale certificates from 25 to 15 per cent. In the senate in 1897, he introduced and was instrumental in securing the passage of bills to prohibit the state from accepting bounties from cities and towns for the location of public institutions; exempting sugar factories from taxation for five years; to promote the health of children of the state by causing vaccine to be stamped by the manufacturer; to promote health and honesty in the dairy interests; also a memorial to congress requesting that body to submit to the people of the United States a constitutional amendment empowering



James J. McGillivray.

them to control trusts and combinations. He has worked hard for equal taxation and good road legislation. He was honored by being selected to nominate Senator John C. Spooner for the United States senate in 1897 and again in 1903. He has always espoused the cause of woman's suffrage in both assembly and senate, has been assigned to the most prominent committees in whichever house of the legislature he has served. He was the author of an anti-trust bill which was calculated to prohibit trusts and combinations in Wisconsin and which passed both houses of the legislature but was vetoed by Gov. Peck. Mr. McGillivray has been prominently mentioned for some of the highest offices within the gift of the state, the more important of which are governor, representative in congress and United States senator. He is the oldest member in the legislature in point of service, having been a member since 1890. He served as president pro tem. of the senate of 1901, 1903 and 1905, and has always been noted for his fair rulings in that capacity. He nominated Gov. R. M. La Follette for U. S. Senator in 1905, making the 3rd successful candidate for that office, Mr. McGillivray had the honor to nominate. He was elected to the state senate in 1894, and re-elected in 1898 and 1902, receiving 6,808 votes against 3,793 votes for A. D. Gill (Dem.).

THIRTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

La Crosse and Trempealeau counties. Population, 1900—
86,111.



Thomas Morris.

THOMAS MORRIS (Rep.), of La Crosse, was born on a farm near Bedford, Canada, December 9, 1861. He received his education in the common schools of Canada and the Bedford Academy. He is a lawyer, having graduated from the Wisconsin University Law School in 1889, and is a member of the law firm of Morris & Hartwell, at La Crosse. He was elected district attorney of La Crosse county in 1898, and was re-elected in 1900. He was twice elected chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee of the Seventh Congressional District, and resigned the position when he became a candidate for the senate, at the last election. At present he is a member of the State Board of Normal School Regents.

Mr. Morris was elected to the state senate November 8, 1904, by a vote of 8,193 to 4,869 for Stephen Richmond (Dem.).

THIRTY-THIRD SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

Washington and Waukesha counties. Population, 1900—
58,818.



Ernst Merton.

ERNST MERTON (Dem.), of Waukesha, Waukesha county, was born August 9, 1848, in Germany; came to Wisconsin in 1859; early education was received in parochial schools and higher education obtained by private study, finally studying law, and was admitted to practice in 1877, locating in Burlington, where he served as first president of village from 1885 to 1889, when he

moved to Waukesha and entered into law partnership of Ryan & Merton. Has held position of school commissioner in city of Waukesha, president of school board and was a member of the common council of the city when elected to the state senate in November, 1902, when he received 5,848 votes against 5,354 votes cast for Alfred M. Jones (Rep.).

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

CHIEF CLERK.

L. K. EATON was born in the city of Oshkosh 28 years ago, where he has always lived except the time spent in college. He graduated from Williams College in the class of 1899 and was admitted to the bar in the District of Columbia in 1901. Since that time he has been engaged in the practice of law in his native city. Was elected chief clerk of the senate in the session of 1905.



L. K. Eaton.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

RUSSEL C. FALCONER was born in Williamsburg, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1851; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Quincy, Adams county; remained there until 1858 when he removed to Columbia county, was chairman of the town of Wyocena in 1880; sheriff of Columbia county one term; mayor of the city of Portage; was elected state senator in 1890; removed to Camp Douglas in 1899, where he engaged in the real estate business.



Russel C. Falconer.

JOINT SPECIAL LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES.

At the time the legislative committees found elsewhere in this book were compiled, the following "joint special" committees had not been created. Hence their insertion here.

Rules—Herman L. Ekern, chairman; Edward W. LeRoy, Roy C. Smelker, W. W. Andrew and B. S. Potter.

Capitol and Grounds—I. L. Lenroot, chairman; Chas. F. Greenwood, Jos. P. Chandler, H. L. Brooks and Peter A. Cleary.

EMPLOYES OF THE SENATE, 1905.

A. R. Emerson	Journal Clerk	Darlington.
J. D. O'Brien	Bookkeeper	Milwaukee.
Ralph Pomeroy	General Clerk	Appleton.
H. Wiperman, Jr. ...	Engrossing Clerk	Grand Rapids.
O. G. Briggs	Enrolling Clerk	Cashton.
Chas. Good	Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms	Ashland.
Thomas Walby	Document Clerk	Hudson.
Chris. Paulus	Postmaster	Milwaukee.

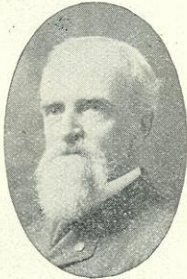
ASSEMBLY.

IRVINE L. LENROOT, Speaker; C. O. MARSH, Chief Clerk; NICHOLAS STREVELER, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The assembly consists of 100 members. They are chosen biennially and receive \$500 for their services during the term. The speaker is chosen by the members and receives an additional \$500 for his services as speaker. The assembly of 1905 contains 85 republicans, 11 democrats, and 4 social democrats.

ADAMS AND MARQUETTE COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—19,650.



John A. Henry.

JOHN A. HENRY (Rep.), of Easton, Adams county, was born in Oswego county, New York, October 14, 1845; came to Waterford, Racine Co., in 1850; lived there until 1863, when he moved with his parents to Easton, Adams county; obtained his education in the common schools and the Brunson Institute at Point Bluff, Adams county; enlisted in Company M, Fourth Wisconsin Cavalry, Feb. 14th, 1864, and remained in the service until the close of the war. Has been postmaster twenty years and justice of the peace several terms. Was elected to the assembly in 1900 and again in 1904, receiving 2,242 votes against 1,379 votes for Martin Quantius (Ind.)

ASHLAND COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—20,176.



Edward B. Gordon.

EDWARD B. GORDON (Rep.) was born in Middletown, Conn., in 1862. At the age of 17 he set out for the west and in 1879 arrived at Chippewa Crossing (now Glidden.) He secured employment in the lumber woods where he worked until 1884. That year he was elected school clerk in the town of Jacobs and began teaching, which he followed up until 1888. By economy and thrift he had accumulated considerable timbered land and started in the lumbering business for himself, which occupation he followed up until 1896. He began his profession of teaching again and taught until 1901, during that time purchasing his present holdings in Glidden, the Gordon Mercantile company store. It was then he took charge of the store. He repeatedly held the highest offices possible for his townspeople to bestow upon him since 1884. In brief he was school clerk for 15 years; chairman of town of Morse in '94-5-6; assessor for same town in '97-8-9; succeeded in having the town of Gordon set off from the town of Morse in '99 and has been a chairman of that town ever since; also was chairman of the county board for two years. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 3,033 votes against 1,449 votes for Ferdinand J. Colignon (Dem.).

BROWN COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Ashwaubenon, Howard, Pittsfield, Suamico and the city of Green Bay. Population, 1900—23,372.

WILLARD E. BURDEAU (Rep.), of Flintville, Brown county, Wisconsin, was born in Clinton county, N. Y., Dec. 1st, 1859, and came to Wisconsin with his parents in June, 1868, locating on a farm in the town of Suamico, Brown county, and has resided there up to the present time; was educated in the public schools; engaged in lumbering from 1876 to 1889, and has since combined mercantile business with farming; is also dealing in farm implements and real estate, and operates a cheese factory; has been school director, supervisor and chairman of his town board from 1893 up to the present time; was postmaster at Flintville for seven years, resigning that office when elected to the Assembly in 1900; he was re-elected to the Assembly in 1904, receiving 2,451 votes against 2,355 votes for Andrew Reis (Dem.), and 151 votes for Fred Scheffe (Soc. Dem.)



Willard E. Burdeau.

BROWN COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Allouez, Bellevue, De Pere, Eaton, Glenmore, Green Bay, Holland, Humboldt, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Preble, Rockland, Scott and Wrightstown, the village of Wrightstown, the city of De Pere, and that part of Oneida reservation within the county of Brown. Population, 1900—22,987.

MAURICE B. BRENNAN (Rep.), of Morrison, Wis., was born in Ireland Apr. 6, 1842, emigrated to America in 1848 and settled in Springfield, Mass. Came to Wisconsin in 1852, settling in Brown county; received a common school education; is a farmer and live stock shipper; has held various local offices; was elected to the assembly in 1881 and again in 1904, receiving 2,336 votes against 1,581 votes for Michael Flaherty (Dem.).



Maurice B. Brennan

BARRON COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,677.

GEORGE E. SCOTT (Rep.), of Prairie Farm, was born in Durand, Pepin county, Wis., July 3, 1860, where he received a common school education. He is a merchant and miller and has served seven years on the county board—last two years as chairman. In 1904 he was elected to the assembly without opposition.



George E. Scott.

BAYFIELD, SAWYER AND WASHBURN COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—23,506.

LORENZO N. CLAUSEN (Rep.) was born in Hennes, Heigeland, Norway, October 5, 1855, where he received a common school education. At the age of fifteen he



Lorenzo N. Clausen.

emigrated with his parents to America, coming direct to Otter Tail county, Minn. Here he remained for nearly ten years, being engaged most of the time in common farm work and teaching school, having meanwhile attended the State Normal School at St. Cloud, Minn., for some time. He then moved to Dalton, Minn., where he was appointed postmaster in 1881, and afterward clerked in Fergus Falls, Minn., for a couple of years. He was the first mail agent between Wadena and Fergus Falls. On account of ill health he was compelled to resign the position in 1884, and moved to Washburn, Wisconsin, where he has resided since. In 1885 he was appointed town clerk, holding this office by re-election for four years; has served as justice of the peace most of the time since 1885; was secretary of the board of education for several years, and at the present time is president of the board; was appointed deputy collector at Washburn in 1886, holding this position nearly eight years. In 1893 he was elected chairman of the town board for one term. During the five years from 1889 to 1894 he was cashier of the Bayfield County bank, and in 1898 was elected county treasurer for Bayfield county for one term. Has been chairman of the republican county committee of Bayfield county for ten years. He is engaged in real estate and insurance business. Was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 3,737 votes against 1,515 votes for Winfield E. Tripp.



Fred J. Bohri.

BUFFALO AND PEPIN COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—24,670.

FRED J. BOHRI (Rep.), of Fountain City, Buffalo county, was born at Fountain City, Aug. 20, 1870. Graduated from Fountain City high schools 1887, and from Winona, Minn., high schools 1889; is a general merchant and grain dealer by occupation. Has served a number of terms as member of county board, also as mayor of Fountain City for two terms, as well as chairman of the Buffalo county republican committee; is secretary of the republican congressional committee of the Seventh congressional district; was delegate to the republican state conventions in 1898, 1900, 1902 and 1904. Elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,888 votes against 1,576 for Henry Pattison (Dem.).



Amund P. Jerdee.

BURNETT AND POLK COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—25,279.

AMUND P. JERDEE (Rep.), of Devonda, Polk Co., Wis., was born in Liberty Prairie, Dane county, Wisconsin, on Dec. 18, 1850; received his education in Albion and Marshall colleges and the State University of Wisconsin; is a farmer, stock raiser and dealer in real estate; Mr. Jerdee has never sought or held office until elected to the Assembly in 1904, receiving 3,373 votes against 1,209 votes for W. T. Kennedy (Ind.).

CALUMET COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,078.

DANIEL R. CURTIN (Rep.) was born in the town of Woodville, Calumet county, July 3, 1857; was reared on the farm which he now owns; received his education in the public schools of his native county and the mining school of Ontario, Canada; is at present engaged in mining, real estate dealing, dairy farming and lumbering; was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,630 votes, against 1,389 votes for Louis Rupp (Dem.), and 93 votes for Albert Buss (Soc. Dem.), and 27 votes for Edwin M. Dick (Pro.).

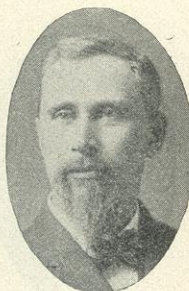


Daniel R. Curtin.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Edson, Delmar, LaFayette, Sigel, Tilden and Wheaton, the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth, ninth, and tenth wards of the city of Chippewa Falls, the city of Stanley, and the villages of Boyd and Cadott. Population, 1900—15,676.

THOS. A. ROYCRAFT (Rep.) was born in County Cork, Ireland, May 26, 1853; came to this country in 1863 and settled on a farm near Omro, Winnebago county, Wis. Moved to Chippewa county in 1866, where he has resided ever since; received a common school education; is a farmer, dairyman and mechanic; has held the office of assessor for three years, chairman of the town board for three years, and town treasurer for a number of years, which office he now holds; has also been a director of the Eagle Point Insurance Company for fifteen years. Organized the Lafayette Dairying company in 1897, and has been the secretary of that company ever since. He has always been a republican. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,969 votes against 1,326 votes for Geo. B. McCall (Dem.).



Thos. A. Roycraft.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY (AND RUSK).

Second District. The towns of Anson, Auburn, Arthur, Bloomer, Big Bend, Cleveland, Colburn, Dewey, Eagle Point, Flambeau, Lawrence, Sampson, and Strickland, the village of Bloomer, the first, second, and seventh wards of the city of Chippewa Falls. Population, 1900—17,361. [By act of legislature in 1901 the county of Gates was formed (comprising the towns of Atlanta, Big Bend, Dewey, Lawrence, Rusk, Strickland and Flambeau and the part of township 33 north, range 7 west, lying south of Chippewa river), and remains a part of the Second Assembly district of Chippewa county.]

L. L. THAYER (Rep.), of Bloomer, was born in Concord, Jefferson county, Wis., June 3, 1863. Was educated in the public schools of the state. Has lived successively in Vernon, Rock and Chippewa counties. For twelve years he was a teacher in the public schools of



L. L. Thayer.



William S. Irvine.

Vernon county and for the past ten years has been engaged in the ministry. He has held several public offices, such as town clerk, chairman and president of village. Was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,601 votes against 1,211 for Jabez C. Stubbs (Dem.).

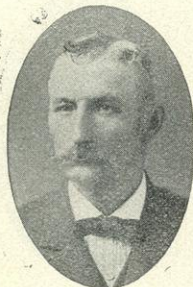
CLARK COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—25,848.

WILLIAM S. IRVINE (Rep.) was born in Maryland, March 18th, 1851; came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1852, settling in Trempealeau county; received his education in the common schools; removed to Clark county in 1870, and began farming in 1873; represented his town on the county board for 13 years; was assessor four years; appointed tax commissioner for Eau Claire county for 1901; elected to member of assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 3,221 votes against 1,902 votes for Julien C. Baker (Dem.), and 186 votes for Wm. A. Sheldon (Pro.).

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Arlington, Caledonia, Dekorra, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Lodi, New Port, Pacific and West Point, the villages of Kilbourn City, Lodi and Poynette, and the city of Portage. Population, 1900—15,117.



John Scott.

JOHN SCOTT (Rep.), of Dekorra, was born in Milwaukee June, 1861; moved with his parents to Columbia county, where he received his education in the common schools; was elected chairman of the town board of supervisors nine years in succession; also served two years as chairman of the board of supervisors of Columbia county; is a farmer and stock raiser. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,786 votes against 1,400 votes for H. P. Jamieson (Dem.), and 93 votes for Wm. F. Cochran (Pro.), and 92 votes for J. F. Anderson (Soc. Dem.).

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Columbus, Courtland, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Marcellon, Otsego, Randolph, Scott, Springdale, and Wyocena, the villages of Cambria, Pardeeville, and Rio, the west ward of the village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus. Population, 1900—16,004.



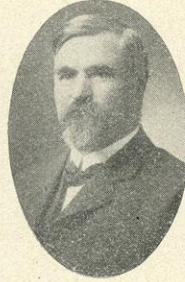
Wm. Rufus Turner.

WILLIAM RUFUS TURNER (Rep.), of Columbus, Wis., was born in the town of Fountain Prairie, Columbia county, Wis., March 21, 1855. He received a common school education, later graduating from the high school of the city of Columbus; in 1878 entered into the marble and granite business and has continued in the business since that time as traveling salesman. From 1892 to 1895 he served the first ward of the city of Columbus in the common council; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,075 votes against 1,278 for Clinton E. Smith (Dem.), and 123 for Fred H. Turner (Pro.)

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,286.

JAMES DINSDALE (Rep.) was born in Yorkshire, England, November 18, 1848; came with his parents to America in 1849, settling in Grant county; taught school a short time and entered the State University; he graduated at Lawrence University in 1875; graduated at Rush Medical College in 1878, and began practicing medicine in Soldiers Grove the same year; has held various town offices and was chairman of the county board of Crawford county one year; was president of the village of Soldiers Grove three years; member of the board of pension examiners ten years; was elected member of assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 1,908 votes against 1,770 votes for Jeremiah O'Neil (Dem.).



James Dinsdale.

DANE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Blooming Grove, Dunn, Madison and Pleasant Springs, and the city of Madison. Population, 1900—24,458.

ERNEST NOBLE WARNER (Rep.), of Madison, was born on a farm in the town of Windsor, Dane county, Wis., July 23, 1868, son of Col. Clement E. and Eliza (Noble) Warner, the ancestors of both of whom settled in New England in the early part of the 17th century. He attended the district school and the Madison high school, and was graduated from the modern classical course of the State University with the class of 1889; taught a country school for one term while attending the University, and was principal of the Mazomanie high school for one year after graduation. He was graduated from the Law department of the University in 1892, although admitted to practice upon passing the state bar examinations in July, 1891, since which time he has practiced law continuously at Madison. He was nominated for district attorney of Dane county in 1892 but went down to defeat with the rest of the republican ticket of that year; was law examiner in the Attorney General's department 1899-1903; was secretary of Dane county republican campaign committee 1902-1904; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 3,761 votes against 2,926 votes for Joseph C. Schubert (Dem.), and 82 for Wm. W. Bewick (Pro.).



Ernest N. Warner.

DANE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Albion, Bristol, Burke, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Dunkirk, Medina, Sun Prairie, Westport, Windsor, and York, the villages of Cambridge, Deerfield, Sun Prairie and Waunakee, and the city of Stoughton. Population, 1900—22,510.

HENRY A. HUBER (Rep.), of Stoughton, Dane county, Wis., was born in Evergreen, Alleghany county, Pa., Nov. 6, 1869. Came with his parents to Wisconsin in 1879, settling on a farm in the town of Pleasant



Henry A. Huber.

Springs, Dane county. He received his education in the common schools and the Albion Academy, and graduated from the Law department of the State University in 1896. Since that time he has been practicing his profession in the city of Stoughton; was city attorney of Stoughton three years, member of the county board of Dane county two years, and was appointed executive clerk by Gov. La Follette March 18, 1903, serving in that capacity until July 1, 1904; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 3,413 votes against 1,740 for Peter N. Johnson (Dem.), and 173 for R. L. Pearsall (Pro.).

DANE COUNTY.

Third District. The towns of Berry, Black Earth, Blue Mounds, Cross Plains, Dane, Fitchburg, Mazomanie, Middleton, Montrose, Oregon, Perry, Primrose, Roxbury, Rutland, Springdale, Springfield, Vermont, Verona and Vienna, the villages of Black Earth, Dane, Oregon, Mazomanie, Belleville, and Mount Horeb. Population, 1900—22,467.



John S. Donald.

JOHN S. DONALD, of Mt. Horeb, was born on the farm where he now resides, January 12th, 1869. His education was continued from the district school to the Northwestern Business College of Madison, from which he graduated in 1887. In 1894 he received the degree of B. S. at the Northern Indiana College of Valparaiso, and in 1897 the degree of D. D. S. at the Chicago College. In 1892 he served as assessor of his town (Springdale) and was chairman of the board of supervisors from 1899 to 1902. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,778 votes against 2,080 votes for Wm. F. Pierstorff (Dem.), and 105 for Peter C. Gilberson (Pro.).

DODGE COUNTY.



Frank S. Bauer.

First District. The towns of Ashippun, Clyman, Emmett, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Shields, Theresa and Williamstown, the 5th and 6th wards of the city of Watertown, the villages of Lomira and Theresa, the cities of Horicon and Mayville. Population, 1900—23,636.

FRANK S. BAUER (Dem.) was born on a farm at LeRoy, Wis., in 1856; settled at Knowles, Wis., in 1879, where he resided twenty-three years, and where he was appointed the first postmaster, holding the office for eight years; was station agent and operator for seventeen years, during which time he also ran a general store; is at present in the mercantile business at LeRoy; he is also engaged in farming; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 3,098 votes against 1,753 votes for Thomas P. Perkins (Rep.).

DODGE COUNTY.

Calamas, Chester, Eiba, Fox Lake, Lowell, Oak Grove, Portland, Trenton and Westford, the villages of Fox Lake, Lowell and Reeseville, the east ward of the village of Randolph, the south ward of the city of Waupun, and the cities of Juneau and Beaver Dam. Population, 1900—22,995.

DANIEL L. HANNIFIN (Dem.) was born on a farm in the town of Portland, Dodge county, Wis., where he now resides, June 12th, 1863. He received his education in the common schools of Dodge county, and the Waterloo high school. Twelve years of his life has been employed in teaching school and four years secretary and bookkeeper for the Waterloo Canning company of Waterloo, Wis. He is town clerk of the town of Portland, which office he has held the past twelve years. He was elected a member of the assembly in 1902 and again in 1904, receiving 2,288 votes against 1,948 votes for Charles H. Smith (Rep.), against 93 votes for David E. Jones (Pro.).



Daniel L. Hannifin.

DOOR COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—17,583.

CHARLES REYNOLDS (Rep.) was born in Ireland, November 15, 1839; came to America and settled in Madison, Wis., in 1860; was appointed sergeant-major of the 12th Wis. Vol. Inf., September 27, 1861; was promoted to second lieutenant and mustered out as captain of Company A; was appointed assistant adjutant-general on the staff of Gen. Ewing in 1865; was engaged in the lumber business and real estate until 1900; was elected to the assembly in 1902, and re-elected in 1904 without opposition.



Charles Reynolds.

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

First District. The 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th wards of the city of West Superior. Population, 1900—18,040.

IRVINE L. LENROOT (Rep.), of West Superior, was born in Superior Jan. 31, 1869, of Swedish parentage. He was educated in the common schools of Douglas county, is a lawyer and official reporter of the superior court of Douglas county since 1893. He never sought an elective office until 1900, when he was elected to the Assembly. He was re-elected in 1902, and was chosen speaker of the Assembly of 1903. He was again elected to the Assembly in 1904, receiving 1,659 votes, against 717 votes for John I. Hobe (Dem.), and 181 votes for Henry M. Parks (Soc. Dem.), and was re-elected speaker of the Assembly of 1905.

Irvine L. Lenroot.
(Speaker.)

DOUGLAS COUNTY.



Wallace W. Andrew.

Second District. The towns of Brule, Gordon, Nebagamon and Superior, and the 1st, 7th, 8th, 9th and 18th wards of the city of West Superior. Population in 1900—18,295.

WALLACE W. ANDREW (Rep.), of South Superior, was born in Sheboygan county, Dec. 25, 1850. Later his parents moved to Oregon, Dane county, and he attended the schools in Oregon. Early in life he engaged in purchasing grain and live stock, which business he successfully followed for twenty years. He then became interested in the manufacturing business, and in 1894, with his three brothers, went to Superior and established the Duplex Manufacturing company, at South Superior, in which company he has since been interested and of which he is now vice-president. He was elected to the assembly in 1900 and re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,548 votes against 816 votes for Geo. W. Kane (Dem.), and 193 votes for F. H. Clark (Soc. Dem.).



Ole G. Kinney.

DUNN COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—25,043.

OLE G. KINNEY (Rep.), of Colfax, was born June 1, 1858, in Dane county, Wis. He removed to Crawford county in 1860 and from there to Dunn county in 1863; was educated in the common schools; is a general merchant and grain dealer by occupation. He has held the positions of town clerk and chairman of his town, and in 1902 was elected to the assembly, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 3,169 votes, against 647 votes for I. C. Dammon (Dem.).

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Seymour, the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th and 10th wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Altoona. Population, 1900—15,790.



Charles A. Evans.

CHARLES A. EVANS (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born at Eau Claire, April 6, 1862. He received a common school education and perfected himself in the calling of blacksmithing. He served as a member of the board of supervisors of Eau Claire county one term and as an alderman of the city of Eau Claire two years. He was elected in 1904 to the assembly, receiving 1,358 votes against 1,277 for John H. Fleming (Dem.), 301 for Granville F. Hurd (Pro.), and 228 for Wm. Miller (Soc. Dem.).

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Luddington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Union and Washington, the village of Fairchild, the 4th and 7th wards of the city of Eau Claire, and the city of Augusta. Population, 1900—15,902.

CHRIS. N. SAUGEN (Rep.), of Pleasant Valley, Eau Claire county, Wis., was born in Norway January 1, 1852; came to Trempealeau county, Wis., with his parents in 1866, settling on a homestead, where he worked and attended a country school until 1870; worked in the lumber woods and on the river up to 1876, when he removed to Eau Claire county and began farming; represented his town on the county board for 8 years; was assessor 4 years, and has been president of the Pleasant Valley Co-operative Creamery company five years; was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,750 votes against 771 votes for Bert Frederick (Dem.), and 87 votes for John Mayo (Pro.).



Chris. N. Saugen.

FLORENCE, FOREST AND LANGLADE COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—17,146.

E. F. NELSON (Rep.) was born at Menasha, Wis., September 13, 1868; moved with his parents to Oshkosh in 1880, where he attended school until 1887. From 1887 to 1890 was a student in the Denison University at Granville, Ohio; also studied for a time at the University of Wisconsin; in 1891 he became manager of the Wisconsin Mfg. Co., at Elmhurst, at that time a branch establishment of the same name whose headquarters was at Oshkosh. In 1893 he purchased the establishment at Elmhurst, and has since run the business himself; has been a member of the republican county committee for several years and has been a delegate to several republican state conventions. Was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 3,108 votes against 1,851 for Hugh R. Edwards (Dem.).



E. F. Nelson.

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Calumet, Empire, Fond du Lac, Forest, Friendship, Marshfield and Taycheedah, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1900—24,041.

CHRISTIAN PICKART (Dem.) was born in the town of Marshfield, Fond du Lac county, Wis., Nov. 15, 1870; received a common school education; was a cheese manufacturer from 1886 to 1892, when he entered the mercantile business in company with his brother Joseph, in which business he is still engaged; has been town clerk of his town five years; organized a new school district in his town and has been clerk of the same since its organization; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 3,309 votes against 2,984 votes for R. C. Fairbank (Rep.).



Christian Pickart.

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.



John W. Powell.

Second District. The towns of Alto, Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Eldorado, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Osceola, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale and Waupun, the village of Brandon, the north ward of the city of Waupun, and the city of Ripon. Population, 1900—23,848.

JOHN W. POWELL (Rep.), of Rosendale, Wisconsin, was born in the town of Chelsea, Jo Davis county, Ill., Sept. 12, 1846; was educated by his father, Rev. J. N. Powell, and in Peterborough Academy, Peterborough, N. Y., and in Yates Polytechnic Institute, Chittenango, N. Y. Graduated from Rush Medical college, Chicago, Ill., in 1882, and has been engaged in the practice of medicine since that time in Rosendale, Fond du Lac county, Wis; member of the Wisconsin State Medical Society and of the Fond du Lac county Medical Society and for seven years president of the Fond du Lac Board of Pension Examining Surgeons. Was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,993 votes against 2,102 for James Bannon (Dem.), and 85 votes for Westby E. Webb (Pro.).

GRANT COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Beetown, Cassville, Clifton, Ellenborough, Glen Haven, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville, Potosi, Smelser and Waterloo, the villages of Cassville, Cuba City, Hazel Green, and Potosi, and the city of Platteville. Population, 1900—19,694.



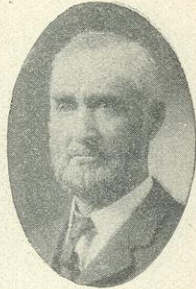
Duncan McGregor.

DUNCAN MCGREGOR (Rep.), of Platteville, Grant county, was born in Prethshire, Scotland, in 1836, and came directly to Wisconsin with his father's family in 1857. His preparatory education was obtained in Perth Academy, and his collegiate in University and King's College, Aberdeen, and Lawrence University, Appleton. For four years after coming to Wisconsin he found employment in running the Wisconsin river, farming in summer, and teaching in winter. He enlisted from Waupaca, where he had been principal of the high school, and was commissioned captain of Co. A, 42d Wis. Inf., serving with his regiment to the close of the war. In 1867 he was elected professor of mathematics in the Platteville Normal School, the first normal school established in the state, and remained in the school until June, 1904, in all thirty-seven years. He was institute conductor for the Platteville school for nine years, and president for twenty-three. He was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,193 votes against 2,095 for J. W. Murphy (Dem.), and 65 for J. N. McLoed (Pro.).

GRANT COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Castle Rock, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Marion, Milleville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman and Wyalusing, the villages of Bloomington, Fennimore, Montford and Muscoda, the cities of Boscobel and Lancaster. Population, 1900—19,187.

JOSEPH P. CHANDLER (Rep.), of Montford, Grant county, Wis., was born at Monticello, Louis county, Missouri, Aug. 22, 1840; came to Wisconsin in 1847; has been a resident of Grant county for 55 years; was educated in the common schools and academy of Platteville, Wis. Has always made farming his occupation; was assessor for his town for 20 successive years; has been chairman of board of supervisors and member of county board for the past 5 years and at present is president of the board of education of Montford high school. Was elected member of assembly in 1902 and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,527 votes against 1,880 votes for Thomas Edge (Dem.), and 138 votes for Arasmus E. Cooley (Pro.).



Joseph P. Chandler

GREEN COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—22,719.

FRED TIES (Rep.), born in the village of Hagedorn, Westphalia, Prussia, Jan. 4th, 1841; was educated in the public schools at Schwalenberg, Lippe Detmold. He came with his parents to America in 1858 and settled in the town of Spring Grove, Green county, Wis., where he worked on a farm. On the 16th day of October, 1861, he enlisted in Co. B, 18th Wis. Vol. Inf., and fought under Generals Grant and Sherman from Shiloh to the surrender of the Rebel army under Johnston at Raleigh, N. C., and took part in the grand review on May 24th, 1865. During the war he was successively promoted to corporal, sergeant, first sergeant, and second lieutenant; was wounded in a bayonet charge at Jackson, Miss., May 14th, 1863, and two days later taken prisoner and sent to Libby prison, where he was paroled. At the end of the war he came back to the town of Spring Grove and bought the farm which he still owns. He served his town a number of times as assessor; three times as chairman; was elected county clerk of Green county in 1892 and re-elected in 1894, and again in 1896. At the end of this service he moved back to his farm and in October, 1899, bought a residence in Brodhead, into which he moved the following month. In November, 1900, the county board elected him superintendent of poor and trustee of Green County Insane Asylum, and re-elected him to the same position in 1903, and now serves as secretary of said board of trustees. In July, 1903, he was elected a member of the board of education in Brodhead, and is now the president of said board. Was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,474 votes against 2,039 for Willis Ludlow (Dem.), and 175 for William Smiley (Pro.), and 105 for Peter R. Burns (Soc. Dem.).



Fred Ties.

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—15,797.

GARD MILLER (Rep.), of Ripon, was born in Wisconsin in 1851; is a farmer by occupation; was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,814 votes against 1,621 for Harvey C. Truesdell (Dem.), and 51 votes for Horace Van Kirk (Pro.).



Gard Miller.

IOWA COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—23,114.

ROY C. SMELKER (Rep.), was born in Iowa county, Wis., March 7, 1875; graduated from the Dodgeville high school in 1892 and from the State University in 1897; enlisted in Co. G, 1st Wis. Vols., April 28, 1898, and was mustered out at the close of the Spanish-American war. Graduated from the law school in 1899 and began practicing with his father under the firm name of Smelker & Smelker. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,871 votes against 2,064 votes for Michael H. Murphy (Dem.), and 147 votes for Daniel Lee (Pro.).



Roy C. Smelker.

IRON, ONEIDA AND VILAS COUNTIES.

One district. Population, 1900—20,420.

EDWARD A. EVERETT (Rep.), was born at Beloit, Rock Co., Wis., March 23, 1861; educated in Beloit schools; engaged in hotel business in Chicago for ten years; located at Eagle River, Vilas county, in 1896, establishing the "Everett Hunting and Fishing Resort," in which business he is now engaged. Never before held a political office. Was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 3,938 votes against 1,390 votes for Mart Hirzel (Dem.), and 42 votes for Robert R. Rutherford (Soc. Dem.).



Edward A. Everett.

JACKSON COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—17,465.

W. S. BRADDOCK (Rep.), was born Aug. 23, 1848, in Philadelphia, Pa., and received his education in the public schools of his native city and at Yale College. In 1869 he removed to a farm in Minnesota; was appointed chief of division in the pension bureau in 1875 and for more than ten years was in the employ of the government, most of the time as law clerk at St. Paul in the military department of Dakota. In 1888 he came to Jackson county, Wis., and engaged in the cranberry business. Was president of the State Cranberry Growers' association several terms, and for the past ten years has been a member of the county board of supervisors of Jackson county. Is in the real estate business at Mather, Wis. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,421 votes against 783 votes for Charles F. Hille (Dem.), and 102 votes for W. F. Murray (Pro.).



W. S. Braddock

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Ixonia, Milford, Palmyra, Sullivan and Watertown, the village of Palmyra, and the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th and 7th wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1900—17,377.

E. RACEK (Dem.), was born October 11th, 1846, in Polna, Austria, came with his parents to this country in 1851 and settled in Watertown, Jefferson county, Wis., where he has ever since resided. Received his education in the schools of Watertown and Bryant & Stratton's Commercial College, Milwaukee; clerked in a mercantile store during the rebellion; served three years as teller in Wisconsin National Bank of Watertown when first organized; has been engaged in a general mercantile business since 1871; is also engaged in cement stone construction and production of crushed and building stone for the market from a quarry located at Richwood, Wis. In political life has served nine terms as alderman, representing the 3d ward, and two terms as mayor; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 1,819 votes against 1,806 votes for Robert Jones (Rep.).



E. Racek.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Aztalan, Cold Spring, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Oakland, Sumner and Waterloo, the villages of Lake Mills and Waterloo, and the cities of Fort Atkinson and Jefferson. Population, 1900—17,412.

CHAS. F. GREENWOOD (Rep.), was born in the town of Aztalan, Jefferson county, Wisconsin, May 6, 1852. He is a banker, educated in public schools and Jefferson Liberal Institute. He was brought up on a farm. He was proprietor of a general store at Johnson's Creek, Wisconsin, from 1873 to 1878. He then bought the old homestead farm, living there until 1883, at which date he with his brother Arthur established a bank at Lake Mills, of which he is now the president. He has been a member of the county board of supervisors for many years and chairman of the county board two years. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,987 votes against 1,941 votes for Lewis Benson (Dem.), and 83 votes for Mack (Pro.).



Chas. F. Greenwood.

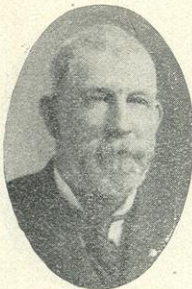
JUNEAU COUNTY.

One district. Population 1900—20,629.

P. A. CLEARY (Dem.), was born in Andover, Alleghany Co., N. Y., Dec. 31, 1873, and moved to Wisconsin with his parents in the spring of 1881, locating on a farm in town of Glendale, Monroe county; moved to Elroy, where he has resided ever since; was educated in the public schools of Elroy, graduating from the El-



P. A. Cleary.



W. M. Curtiss.

roy High School with the class of 1891; worked as a cashier and bookkeeper for three years and since that time has been in the real estate and insurance business. Was city assessor for Elroy in the years of 1900 and 1901; was elected mayor in spring of 1902 and was re-elected in 1904 without any opposition; was also secretary of Elroy Fair Association, which office he has held for 4 years. He was elected to the Assembly in 1904, receiving 2,315 votes against 2,185 votes for Frank M. Reed (Rep.).

KENOSHA COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—21,707.

W. M. CURTISS (Rep.), of the town of Salem, Kenosha county, Wis. (post office, Trevor), was born in the town where he resides Nov. 1st, 1852; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; has been elected to numerous offices of public trust; was elected to the assembly Nov. 8, 1904, receiving 2,695 votes against 2,173 for W. Dexter (Dem.), 76 for Chester E. Ozaune and 386 for W. W. Britten (Soc. Dem.).



Anton G. Schauer.

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—17,212.

ANTON G. SCHAUER (Rep.), was born in the township of Mishicott, Manitowoc Co., Wis., June 13, 1860; was educated in the common schools of said town, and at Lawrence University, Appleton, Wis.; taught school in Kewaunee county for twenty-five years and has been engaged in teaching until now; was town clerk and justice of the peace of the township of Carlton, Kewaunee Co., fifteen years; post master of Norman post office nine years; was sheriff of Kewaunee county in 1897 and 1898; clerk of circuit court, Kewaunee county, in 1901 and 1902; is at present engaged in farming. Was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 1,580 votes against 1,496 for Edward Decker, Jr. (Dem.), and 94 votes for Charles Waegli (Soc. Dem.).

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

First District. The town of Campbell and the 1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 19th and 20th wards of the city of La Crosse. Population, 1900—21,840.



John S. Durland.

JOHN S. DURLAND (Rep.), was born at Chester, Orange Co., New York, Dec. 1st, 1847; received his earlier education at that place, finishing it at Bloomfield, New Jersey. Came west in 1869 and settled at Rushford, Minn.; during his residence at that place, was a member of city council and board of education; came to La Crosse, Wis., in 1888, and engaged in grocery business; was a member of the county board of La Crosse county 5 years, and is now a trustee of the La Crosse

County Insane Asylum, and a member of the board of education of this city. In 1904 was elected member of assembly, receiving 2,356 votes against 1,975 votes for Bernard F. Keeler (Dem.), and 72 votes for Sam. A. Johnson (Pro.).

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Hoiland, Onalaska, Shelby and Washington, the villages of Bangor and West Salem, the 3d, 8th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of La Crosse, and the city of Onalaska. Population, 1900—21,157.

THOMAS JOHNSON (Rep.), was born in Norway, March 16, 1854. Came with his parents to La Crosse county in 1859; received a common school education; held the office of assessor of his town several years, and chairman twelve years; is president of the Holmān Creamery company and secretary of the Skandinavian Farmers' Mutual Insurance company of La Crosse county. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,279 votes against 1,856 votes for Elias Jones (Dem.), and 95 votes for Christian M. Casberg (Pro.).



Thomas Johnson.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—20,956.

RICHARD E. TARRELL (Rep.), was born in the town of Paris in Grant county, Wisconsin, May 5th, 1856; educated in the common schools; is a blacksmith by trade, and followed that business for twenty-two years; in the spring of 1878 moved to the village of Elk Grove, La Fayette county, Wisconsin; in 1880 was elected director of the school board in the village of Elk Grove, and was re-elected for fourteen years. At the age of twenty-four was elected as a member of the board of supervisors and served several terms in that capacity; also elected treasurer of the town and served one term; and was elected as chairman of the board and served two terms, resigning that office in November of 1894, when he was elected sheriff of La Fayette county; served as sheriff during the years 1895-96; since that time has been engaged in the furniture and undertaking business in Darlington, Wis. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, receiving 2,367 votes against 2,125 for Michael A. O'Brien (Dem.), and re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,609 votes against 2,219 for John Kittler (Dem.), and 75 for Hans H. Moe (Pro.).



Richard E. Tarrell.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—16,269.

HALL L. BROOKS (Rep.), of Tomahawk, Wis., was born in Medford, Mass., Oct. 1, 1864. Came to Wisconsin in 1885; was for eight years a member of board of



Hall L. Brooks.



Simon Wehrwein.

supervisors of Langlade county; has lived for the past six years at Tomahawk, Lincoln county; always has been engaged in the lumber and cedar pole business. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,339 votes against 1,539 votes for James E. Leary (Dem.) and 98 votes for Joseph Weiss (Soc. Dem.).

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Centerville, Liberty, Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Meeme and Newton, and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1900—20,343.

SIMON WEHRWEIN, JR. (Rep.), was born in the town of Newton, Manitowoc Co., Wis., January, 1869; was educated in the public schools of said town; later attended the Oshosh Normal School for two years; engaged in teaching for seven years, then took charge of his father's farm; has been chosen one of the trustees of the Farmers' Newton Fire Ins. Co.; was elected member of the legislature in 1904, receiving 2,180 votes against 1,735 for Daniel Tracy (Dem.), and 314 for Fred Koepke (Soc. Dem.).

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Cato, Cooperstown, Eaton, Franklin, Gibson, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Rockland, Schleswig, Two Creeks, and Two Rivers, the villages of Kiel and Reedsville, and the city of Two Rivers. Population, 1900—21,918.



La. W. Ledvina.

LAWRENCE W. LEDVINA (Rep.), of Kellnersville, was born in the town of Franklin, Manitowoc county, Sept. 28, 1880. He attended the common and parochial schools of that county and at the age of sixteen began teaching school. He taught for six years at Kellnersville and in the town of Manitowoc Rapids. In 1902 he was elected president of the Manitowoc County Teachers' Association, and for three years he served as a member of the board of common school examiners. In the fall of 1903 he entered the law school of the University of Wisconsin, where he is still engaged in the study of law. He is a member of the Phi Alpha Delta Honorary Law Fraternity. Ever since attaining his majority he has been actively interested in politics, having been elected to represent his district as a delegate to all the county, congressional and state conventions he was eligible to. In the last campaign he was engaged in campaigning in the Bohemian language under the auspices of the National Cong. Committee. He enjoys the distinction of being the youngest member of the present legislature. He is a member of the Judiciary Committee and of the Committee on Bills on Third Reading. In his election to the assembly he received 2,298 votes against 1,730 for J. A. Geimer (Dem.), and 307 for J. Zahorik (Soc. Dem.).

MARATHON COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bergen, Berlin, Brighton, Cassel, Cleveland, Day, Eau Pleine, Emmett, Frankfort, Halsey, Hamburg, Holton, Hull, Johnson, Maine, McMillan, Marathon, Mosinee, Rib Falls, Reitbrock, Spencer, Stettin and Wein, the villages of Marathon, MeMillan, Mosinee and Edgar, and the east ward of Colby. Population, 1900—21,559.



Fred Prehn.

FRED PREHN (Rep.), was born in the city of Manitowoc May 5, 1860; was brought up on a farm in his native county; received his education in common school and the Manitowoc High School; later he learned the trade of harness maker; in 1881 he removed to Marathon city, where he followed his trade for a time, later conducting a hardware and furniture establishment; was appointed postmaster of Marathon city under Harrison's administration; was president of his village three years, served on the county board two years and on the school board three years; has always been an active Republican; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,354 votes against 2,145 for Willis F. La Du (Dem.).

MARATHON COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Easton, Eldron, Harrison, Hewitt, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Plover, Texas, Wausau, and Weston, and the city of Wausau. Population, 1900—21,697.



Aug. F. Marquardt.

AUGUST F. MARQUARDT (Rep.), was born at Bandedkow, Pommern, Germany, January 8th, 1850, and came to the city of Wausau July 1, 1866, when a boy of 17. He was for many years engaged in logging, lumbering and mercantile occupations and now owns a beautiful farm partly within the city limits, and has been for many years a practical farmer. He has held many official positions in the city and county. He represented his ward on the common council of the city for eighteen years; was member of the county board for sixteen years; was president for two years of the Marathon County Agricultural Society and was vice president of the State Agricultural Society in 1899; was elected sheriff of Marathon county in the fall of 1900, and served for two years, and was elected member of the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,872 votes against 2,017 votes for Joseph Reiser (Dem.), and 135 votes for A. R. Bucknan (Pro.).

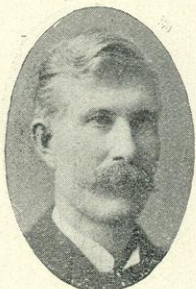
MARINETTE COUNTY.

First District. The city of Marinette. Population, 1900—16,195.



Edward W. Le Roy.

EDWARD WEBSTER LE ROY (Rep.), was born January 30, 1874, in the city of Marinette. He was educated in the Marinette public schools. He held the position of city editor of the Daily Eagle at the time of his first election to the assembly. Later he was editor of the Daily Star and is now one of the editors and pro-



James F. Slight.

prietors of the Daily Eagle-Star. He never held a public office until he was elected to the assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 1,580 votes against 389 votes for L. J. Evans (Dem.), and 175 votes for James Larson (Soc. Dem.), and 114 for H. W. Pope (Pro.).

MARINETTE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Amberg, Crivitz, Coleman, Dunbar, Grover, Porterfield, Peshtigo and Wausaukee. Population, 1900—14,627.

JAMES F. SLIGHT (Rep.), was born on a farm in Dodge county, Wis., Jan. 6, 1859. He attended the rural school and at the age of 18 began teaching in the district schools of his county, and in 1882 entered the Normal School at Oshkosh, completing the full course in 1887. After a year of teaching in Michigan he took charge of the high school at Peshtigo as principal, which position he held till 1894, resigning to engage in the real estate and insurance business. When Peshtigo was incorporated as a city he was appointed its first city clerk. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,064 votes against 67 votes for R. L. Thomas (Pro.).



Joseph M. Crowley.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

First District. The 1st and 18th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,396.

JOSEPH MARTIN CROWLEY (Dem.), was born April 29, 1871, in the city of Milwaukee; he received his education in the public schools and St. John's Cathedral school; he was for eight years engaged in the abstract of title business in Milwaukee county and he is now secretary of the Mutual Building & Savings Association and does a general real estate and fire insurance business. He had neither sought or held any public office until elected as member of the assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,385 votes against 1,866 votes for Edward L. Tracy (Rep.), and 659 votes for Swan Nelson (Soc. Dem.). He received the vote of the democratic members for speaker, for the session of 1905.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Second District. The 2d and 6th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,580.



J. S. Bletcher.

J. S. BLETCHER (Rep.), was born in Fremont, Ohio, July 24th, 1850, where he received his education and learned the "printing trade." Located in Milwaukee October, 1881, where he continued at his profession as superintendent in some of the largest plants in the city until October, 1901, when he engaged in the printing business for himself and has since built up a good busi-

ness. Was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 1,977 votes against 1,589 for G. A. Dick (Dem.), and 1,393 for Fred Koll (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Third District. The seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Oak Creek and Lake, the village of Cudahy, and the city of South Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,236.

GEORGE E. PAGE (Rep.), born at the city of Milwaukee, Wis., on the 19th of March, 1873, and has continuously resided there; was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee; was elected to the office of justice of the peace for the 17th ward of said city in the year 1900, resigning the same year to enter the Law Department of the Columbian University, Washington, D. C., from where he graduated in 1903; was admitted to the bar in the same year; was elected to the legislature as member of the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,219, over Ambrose McGuigan (Dem.), 1404, and Henry Flamm (Soc. Dem.), 1,248.



George E. Page.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fourth District. The 15th and 16th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—22,346.

FREDERICK C. WESTFAHL, JR. (Rep.), was born in Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 17, 1876, where he always resided; graduated from the Milwaukee high school in 1895; appointed deputy clerk of the United States courts for the Eastern District of Wisconsin in 1896; and served until 1902; was admitted to the bar in 1897 and began practicing law in 1902; was elected member of assembly in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,959 votes against 1,749 for J. M. Clark (Dem.), and 897 for Jerome Underhill (Soc. Dem.).



Fred. C. Westfahl.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fifth District. The 5th and 12th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,247.

WILLIAM J. ALLDRIDGE (Soc. Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born at Bay View, Wis., March 18, 1879; is a machinist by trade and member of the machinists' union. Never sought or held public office until he was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,629 votes against 1,568 votes for William T. Duke (Rep.), and 1,518 votes for Joseph O'Hearn (Dem.), and 34 votes for Charles M. Frink (Ind. Dem.).



William J. Alldridge

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.



Thomas F. Ramsey.

Sixth District. The 3d, 4th and 7th wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—23,270.

THOMAS F. RAMSEY (Dem.) was born in the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, Dec. 12, 1858; received his education in the public schools of his native city, is a real estate and insurance agent; was member of the common council in the city of Milwaukee for seven years; was trustee of Milwaukee public museum seven years. He was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,404 votes against 2,199 for Albert L. Vannaman (Rep.), and 750 for Joseph P. Lahm (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.



Frederick Hartung.

Seventh District. The towns of Franklin, Greenfield and Wauwatosa, and the city of Wauwatosa. Population, 1900—20,646.

FREDERICK HARTUNG (Rep.), of Wauwatosa, was born July 30, 1857, at Wauwatosa, and received his education in the common schools of that town and the German-English Academy in Milwaukee. He is a farmer and was treasurer of the town of Wauwatosa in the year 1888; was elected assessor of said town in 1893-4-5; elected chairman of the board of supervisors of the town in 1896, and re-elected in 1898, 1900 and 1902. He was elected to the assembly in 1898, 1900, 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,852 votes against 1,238 votes for F. L. Bell (Dem.), and 649 votes for Wm. Miller (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.



Oscar F. Thieme.

Eighth District. The 8th and 23d wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population—19,332.

OSCAR F. THIEME (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, May 28th, 1869, and received his education in the public schools of that city. Mr. Thieme has practically resided all his life in the district he represents. For the past three years he has been engaged in the real estate, insurance and surety bond business, previous to this time he served under Judges J. E. Mann, J. M. Pereles and Emil Wallber as clerk and assistant register of probate respectively of the Milwaukee county court. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,994 votes against 1,234 for David Geraghty (Dem.), and 1,261 for Wm. Baumann (Soc. Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.



Ed. J. Berner.

Ninth District. The ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,653.

ED. J. BERNER (Soc. Dem.) was born in Freistadt, Ozaukee county, Wis., May 17, 1864, came to Milwaukee in the year of 1872, was educated in the 9th district

school. Has been interested in the trades union movement for the past 15 years; held various offices in same; was elected a member of the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,348 votes against 1,168 votes for Frank Mueller (Rep.), and 844 votes for Jacob Kehrein (Dem.), and 28 votes for Elias Lehman (Ind. Rep.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Tenth District. The 10th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,024.

LOUIS METZLER (Rep.) was born in Milwaukee county Feb. 18, 1864. He received his education in the public school. He was an employee in the general auditing department of the C., M. & St. Paul Ry. from 1883 to 1890; from 1891 to 1894 he held a similar position with the Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western Ry., and in 1896 to 1903 followed the vocation of bookkeeper. In the spring of 1904 he received the nomination for justice of the peace of the 9th district, being defeated by the Social Democratic candidate by 425 votes. In 1904 he was elected to the assembly, receiving 1,411 votes against 627 for Wm. H. Biesel (Dem.) and 1,209 for Jacob Hunger (Soc. Dem.). He has been a life-long republican, and has always been recognized as a staunch supporter of Republican principles.



Louis Metzler.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Eleventh District. The 11th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—21,903.

FREDERICK BROCKHAUSEN (Soc. Dem.) was born in the city of Fredericia, Denmark, May 20, 1858; received a public school education; learned the trade of cigar making; came to the United States in 1879; lived twelve years in Wisconsin; has also lived in New York, Iowa, Montana and Minnesota. For the past five years has served the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor as its secretary-treasurer. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,524 votes against 1,515 votes for Herman J. Pomrening (Rep.), and 1,163 votes for Charles Miksch (Dem.).



F. Brockhausen.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Twelfth District. The Nineteenth and Twenty-second wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,231.

AUGUST DIETRICH (Rep.) was born July 6, 1858, in the city of New York, N. Y. He received his education in the public schools of Milwaukee; he was employed for the term of 15 years by the George Poppert Mfg. Co. as foreman. He then entered into the real estate, fire insurance and loan business, in which business he has been engaged for the period of 12 years, now having associated



August Dietrich.



Henry J. Holle.

with himself Edward M. Schuengel, the firm now being Dietrich and Schuengel. In 1890 to 1894 he served as alderman of the ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee for two terms. He was re-elected alderman and served for one term from 1896 to 1898, representing the 19th ward. He has been eminently successful in his business, and is today a self-made man. Was elected a member of assembly in 1904, receiving 1,740 votes against 1,696 for John Hassmann (Soc. Dem.), 1,261 for Stephen Leahy (Dem.).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Thirteenth District. The thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—17,026.

HENRY J. HOLLE was born in the city of Milwaukee on the 12th day of October, 1859, attended the Lutheran Parochial school until his 14th year and then the public schools of his native city; after graduating he took a one-year course in Spencer's Business College. After that he learned the machinist's trade and worked at it until 1890. In 1890 he was appointed a deputy sheriff, and 1892 under sheriff of Milwaukee county. After the expiration of his term he engaged in the real estate and insurance business. At present and for the last five years he has been engaged in the wholesale liquor business. He was elected to the Assembly in 1904, receiving 1,320 votes against 1,117 votes for Fred Buenger (Soc. Dem.), and 845 votes for Joseph Skobis (Dem.), and 6 votes for August Schnobel (Soc. Lab.). The vote of Fred Buenger as it appears on page 487, should have been 1,117, instead of 1,217. This mistake was made in the county clerk's report of the vote on members of Assembly.)



John H. Szymarek.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fourteenth District. The 14th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—20,651.

JOHN H. SZYMAREK (Dem.), was born in Poland March 4, 1875; came to Wisconsin in 1879; was educated in the parochial schools and in Marquette College from which he graduated in 1895; was several years in the employ of the Farmers' Lumber Company of Milwaukee and is city agent for the Milwaukee Brewing Company; is at present engaged in the real estate business. Was elected member of assembly in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 1,623 votes against 975 for Martin Gordecki (Soc. Dem.), and 855 for John J. Derwort (Rep.).



Philip H. Hamm.

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Fifteenth District. The 21st ward of the city of Milwaukee, the towns of Granville and Milwaukee, and the villages of East Milwaukee, North Milwaukee and Whitefish Bay. Population, 1900—20,613.

PHILIP H. HAMM (Rep.), was born in Reeseville, Dodge county, Wis., July 5, 1859, where he received his education; removed to Milwaukee in 1886; is a real es-

tate and insurance agent; was member of the common council in the city of Milwaukee for four years; was trustee of Milwaukee public library two years; deputy game warden one year. He was elected member of assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 1,693 votes against 1,403 votes for Herman G. Hansen (Soc. Dem.), and 804 votes for Charles Desfield (Dem.), and 16 votes for E. M. Rubringer (Soc. Labor).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Sixteenth District. The 20th ward of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1900—16,863.

A. W. STREHLOW (Soc. Dem.), was born in Germany Jan. 31, 1867; was educated in the public schools; came to America in 1881; followed the trade of hard-wood finishing and house painting, later becoming a contractor in this line of business; has been affiliated with organized labor many years; is a member of the Painters' union; was the defeated candidate on the Social Democratic ticket for supervisor in 1902 and also as a candidate for member of assembly in the same year; was elected member of assembly on the Social Democratic ticket in 1904, receiving 1,549 votes against 1,349 for F. B. Breitwisch (Rep.), and 533 for Joseph Heller (Dem.), and 11 for Carl Oberhen (Soc. Lab.).

MONROE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,103.

GEO. P. STEVENS (Rep.), of Tomah, was born in Washington county, Wisconsin, July 5, 1851. He went to Monroe county with his parents in 1856 and received his education in the common district schools. He has, for the most of his life, lived upon a farm. He served as a member of the county board for six years, and in 1892 he was elected county treasurer for his county. In 1894 he was re-elected to the same office; in 1902 was elected to the assembly, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 3,397 votes against 2,241 votes for Charles B. Hall (Dem.), and 137 votes for W. W. Link (Pro.).

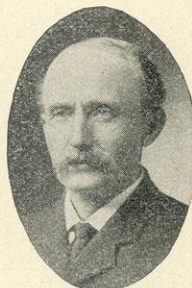
OCONTO COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—20,874

HENRY JOHNSON (Rep.), of Suring, was born in Denmark, Dec. 2, 1854, where he received a common school education, and came to America in 1873, settling in Oshkosh, where he remained until 1879. He then bought land in the town of How, Oconto county, to which he moved and engaged in farming and lumbering. During the last three years he has also conducted a general warehouse and real estate business at Suring. He has been chairman of the town board two years and town



A. W. Strehlow.



Geo. P. Stevens.



Henry Johnson.



F. Petersen, Jr.

treasurer nine years; was elected member of assembly in 1900 and 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,889 votes against 1,422 votes for Peter J. Webber (Dem.).

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Bovina, Center, Dale, Ellington, Grand Chute, and Greenville and the city of Appleton. Population, 1900—23,102.

F. PETERSEN, JR. (Dem.), was born in Winnebago county, this state, on the 25th of March, 1860; is a dealer and shipper of live stock and is also interested in the meat business; has been alderman four years in Appleton, where he has resided since 1866; was president of city council for 2 years; received his education in the common schools and Lawrence University of the city of Appleton. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,595 votes against 2,215 votes for Charles H. Bauke (Rep.).

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Black Creek, Buchanan, Cicero, Deer Creek, Freedom, Hortonia, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn and Seymour, that part of the Oneida reservation that lies within Outagamie county, the villages of Hortonville and Little Chute, the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the 3d ward of the city of New London. Population, 1900—23,145.



Charles Hagen.

CHARLES HAGEN (Rep.), of Outagamie county, was born in the town of Lomira, Dodge county, Wisconsin, on the 12th day of March, 1862. He continued to reside there upon the old homestead until 1882, when he came to Outagamie county and located at Black Creek and established himself in business on a small scale. His business interests have grown yearly and he now has a good sized manufacturing institution turning out cheese boxes, cisterns, tanks, window and door frames, etc., with a lumber yard in connection. Mr. Hagen received a common school education, which has been added to by practical business experience. Mr. Hagen served as town clerk and justice of the peace at Black Creek, and was tendered the nomination again, but his business interests had increased to such an extent that he could not accept. Subsequently he was elected as president of the school board of the Black Creek graded schools and has officiated in that capacity for the past twelve years. He is now serving as president of the village board of the recently incorporated village; was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,561 votes against 1,779 votes for John Brill (Dem.).

OZAUKEE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—16,363.

PETER L. PIERRON ((Rep.), of Belgium, Ozaukee county, Wisconsin, was born March 16th, 1860. Was chairman of the town of Belgium from 1894 to 1898; was again elected chairman of the town in 1902 and is still holding such office; has been justice of the peace for four years. His business is farming; educated in the common schools. Made a canvass in 1900 for the assembly, being defeated by a close margin; was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,527 votes against 1,526 votes for Michael G. Bohan (Dem.).



Peter L. Pierron.

PIERCE COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—23,943.

W. L. OLTMAN (Rep.), was born in Germany Nov. 6, 1866; came to this country with his parents in 1868 and settled on a farm in the town of Diamond Bluff, Pierce Co.; followed farm life and received a common school education; attended college in the winter of 1891, but owing to the sickness and death of his father in the spring of that year, he was compelled to give up school and carry on the home farm. Was elected as chairman of his town for four years. In 1901 was elected supervisor of assessments of Pierce county and held that office for two years and resigned. Was elected president of the Pierce Co. Co-operative Mercantile Company in 1903 and re-elected in 1904. In the fall of 1904 he received the nomination for member of assembly by acclamation and was elected to that office, receiving 3,279 votes against 766 votes for Thomas J. Griffin (Dem.), and 137 votes for Hugh Bell (Pro.).



W. L. Oltman.

PORTAGE COUNTY.

One District, Population, 1900—29,483.

FRED J. CARPENTER (Rep.), of Stevens Point, was born in Plover, Portage county, Wisconsin, September 20th, 1871. Attended the common and high schools and graduated from the law department of the University of Wisconsin in the class of 1895. Since his graduation he has been engaged in the practice of law at Stevens Point. Was city attorney for three terms, and is a member of the board of education. During the Spanish-American war he served as first lieutenant of Co. "I," 4th Reg., Wis. Vol. Inf. Was elected member of the assembly in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 3,615 votes against 2,229 votes for Frank E. Poll (Dem.).



Fred J. Carpenter.

PRICE AND TAYLOR COUNTIES.

One District. Population, 1900—20,368.



John B. Hagarty.

JOHN B. HAGARTY (Rep.), of Medford, Wisconsin, was born in County Meath, Ireland; received a common school and collegiate education; graduated at St. Lawrence University, New York, in 1876, and from the law department of the University of Wisconsin in 1883; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Washington county, New York, from 1852 to 1879; since 1879 has made Wisconsin his home; began practice of his profession at Medford in 1884; in 1901 was elected mayor of the city of Medford; was a delegate to the Republican State Convention of 1904; elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 3,313 votes against 1,785 votes for M. W. Ryan (Dem.).

RACINE COUNTY.

First District. The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th 6th (and at the present time, the 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th) wards of the city of Racine. Population, 1900—24,807.



William H. Bell.

WILLIAM H. BELL (Rep.), was born in the city of Liverpool, England, October 8th, 1863; was educated there and came to Racine October, 1880; learned the machinist's trade and worked at the same until 1893. Since then he has been engaged in the real estate business. In 1901 he was appointed public administrator for Racine county, which office he still holds. In 1892 was elected alderman for the sixth ward of the city of Racine, and in 1904 re-elected as alderman of the eleventh ward. Elected member of assembly, 1904, receiving 2,411 votes against 1,789 for Finch (Dem.), 1,043 for Bedinger (Dem.), and for Jackson (Pro.) 141.

RACINE COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mt. Pleasant, Norway, Raymond and Rochester, Waterford and Yorkville, the village of Union Grove, the seventh ward of the city of Racine, and the city of Burlington. Population, 1900—20,837.



John O. Thomas.

JOHN O. THOMAS (Rep.), was born in the town of Caledonia, Racine county, Wis., Nov. 23, 1867, of Welsh parentage. He received his education in the district school of his home district and the Belle City Business College of Racine, Wis. He is engaged in dairying and general farming. He served for three years as town clerk of the town of Caledonia, Racine county, Wis. He was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,535 votes against 1,577 for Edward Rakow (Dem.), 264 for Chas. Dobberman (Soc. Dem.), and 112 for Thomas P Griffiths (Pro.).

RICHLAND COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—19,483.

J. E. COFFLAND (Dem.), was born in Ohio, 1864, educated in common schools; moved to Wisconsin in 1887 and engaged in the clothing and furnishing goods business under the firm name of Coffland Brothers. Business is still conducted under the same firm name. Elected member of the county board, 1895; served on building committee of the Richland County Asylum and is serving eighth year as trustee of same institution; has been elected president of the Association of Trustees and Superintendents of County Asylums of Wisconsin four successive years. Was elected mayor of Richland Center spring of 1902 and re-elected without opposition spring of 1904. Elected member of assembly 1902; re-elected 1904, receiving 2,350 votes against 1,747 for M. H. B. Cunningham (Rep.), and 276 for Lee A. McIntyre (Pro.).



J. E. Coffland.

ROCK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Center, Fulton, Janesville, Lima, Magnolia, Milton, Porter, Rock, Spring Valley and Union, and the cities of Edgerton and Evansville. Population, 1900—16,902.

ALLEN S. BAKER (Rep.), was born near Evansville, Wis., January 12, 1842. Received common school education and commenced business for himself in 1859 as a mechanic. Enlisted in the 2d Reg., Wisconsin Volunteer Inf., April 20th, 1861; was assigned to the army of the Potomac in June, 1861; in General Sherman's Brigade in first battle of Bull Run; later to Gibbon's Brigade, afterwards known as the "Iron Brigade," participating in most of the battles in which this brigade was engaged and receiving wounds in the battles of Ganesville, Va., and Gettysburg, Pa. In 1866 went into business in Evansville as blacksmith and carriage builder. In 1873 he sold out and established what is now known as the Baker Manufacturing Company, engaged in the manufacture of pumps and windmills and has continued in this business until the present time, at first as general manager and in later years as president and treasurer. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,266 votes against 1,234 votes for Clark B. Palmer (Dem.), and 191 votes for Wm. W. Gillies (Pro.).



Allen S. Baker.

ROCK COUNTY.

Second District. Bradford, Harmony, Johnston, La Prairie, and the city of Janesville. Population, 1900—17,091.

PLINY NORCROSS (Rep.), of Janesville, was born in Templeton, Worcester county, Massachusetts, November 16, 1838; received a common school and academic education; is by profession a lawyer; came to Wisconsin in 1852 and settled in La Grange, Walworth county, whence



Pliny Norcross.

he removed in 1865 to Janesville, where he now resides; enlisted April 16, 1861, in the 1st Wisconsin Vol. Inf.,—a three months' regiment,—and afterwards was captain of Co. K, 13th Wis. Vol. Inf., participating in all the engagements of the regiment; has been district attorney of Rock county four years, city attorney two years and mayor of Janesville two years. Mr. Norcross has not practiced law since 1883, but has been engaged in various kinds of manufacturing business. In June, 1904, he was elected department commander of the state of Wisconsin G. A. R. He was elected to the assembly in 1865 and again in 1884; was re-elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,687 votes against 1,296 votes for J. W. St. John (Dem.), and 179 votes for T. J. McElgine (Soc. Dem.).

ROCK COUNTY.

Third District. The towns of Avon, Beloit, Clinton, Newark, Plymouth and Turtle, the village of Clinton, and the city of Beloit. Population, 1900—17,210.

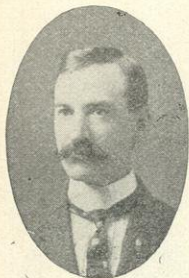


William O Hansen.

WILLIAM O. HANSEN (Rep.), was born at Beloit, Wis., Oct. 7, 1860; educated in the public schools of that city; learned the trade of a blacksmith; engaged in manufacturing; instructor for eleven years in the Chicago Manual Training School in forge and foundry work. Served as an alderman in the council of Beloit 1890-1892; elected as a member of the assembly, third district, Rock county, Nov. 8, 1904, receiving 2,368 votes against 1,117 votes for Chas. Oliver (Dem.), 233 votes for Wm. H. Grinnell (Pro.), and 248 votes for Wm. L. Tuttle (Soc. Dem.).

SAUK COUNTY.

First District. The towns of Baraboo, Dellona, Delton, Excelsior, Fairfield, Freedom, Greenfield, Merrimac, Prairie du Sac and Sumpter, the villages of Ableman, Merrimac, North Freedom, Prairie du Sac and Sauk City, and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1900—16,905.



J. B. Ragatz.

J. B. RAGATZ (Rep.), was born at Honey Creek, Sauk Co., Wis., Dec. 16, 1862; was educated in the common schools; remained on the farm until he was twenty-one when he accepted a position as clerk in a store at Prairie du Sac, which position he filled until 1888 when he went into the mercantile business at that place for himself, which he still conducts. He has repeatedly represented his community at various conventions, was a member of the village council for several years; was elected a member of the county board in 1902; re-elected in 1903 and 1904, which position he still holds; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,230 votes against 1,380 votes for E. C. Perkins (Dem.), and 155 for Albert R. Spaulding (Pro.).

SAUK COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Franklin, Honey Creek, Ironton, La Valle, Reedsburg, Spring Green, Troy, Washington, Westfield, Winfield and Woodland, the villages of La Valle and Spring Green and the city of Reedsburg. Population, 1900—16,101.

DAVID B. HULBURT (Rep.), of Loganville, Sauk county, was born in Portland, Chautauqua county, New York, December 8, 1829; received an academic education and graduated from the normal school department; is a farmer and surveyor; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled at Loganville; was school superintendent of his town six years; justice of the peace twenty-five years; and chairman of the board a number of terms; has been county surveyor for twenty-eight years; was postmaster at Loganville from 1871 until his election to the legislature in 1875; was enrolling officer during the war; was a member of the assembly in 1876, '77 and '78, and was elected state senator in 1884; was chairman of the committee on Education in the 38th session. Was again elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 1,665 votes against 1,466 votes for Henry Sorge (Dem.), and 154 votes for Joshua Bible (Pro.).

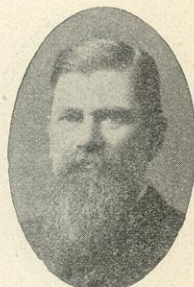


David B. Hulburt.

SHAWANO COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—27,475.

JONAS SWENHOLT (Rep.), of Shawano county, was born in town of Oconomowoc, Waukesha county, Wis., Dec. 20, 1855. In 1863 he moved with his parents to Scandinavia, Waupaca county, where he grew up on a farm and was educated in the public schools. Moved to Wittenberg, Shawano county, in 1880 and conducted a mercantile and lumber business. He was postmaster of Wittenberg two terms under Presidents Hayes and Harrison. Held a number of different town and village offices. In 1894 he was elected register of deeds for Shawano county and was re-elected to that office in 1896. Since 1898 he has been in the real estate business. He was elected member of the assembly for Shawano county in 1900 and was again elected in 1904 by 3,320 votes, against 1,565 for Frank F. Koske (Dem.).



Jonas Swenholt.

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

First District. The town of Sheboygan and the city of Sheboygan. Population, 1900—25,143.

HERMAN HEINECKE (Rep.), was born in the city of Sheboygan, Wis., November 14th, 1859; received a common school education; was engaged as a carriage painter for ten years; left Sheboygan in 1881; spent three years in the states of Iowa and northern Michigan; returned to Sheboygan in 1884; has been engaged in the meat business since. At the time of his election to the assembly was serving second term as alderman in this city;



Herman Heinecke.



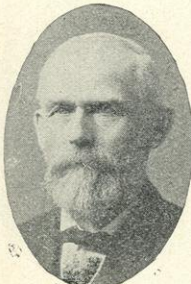
Aug. G. Meyers.

has since resigned from the office of alderman; was elected member of the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,221 votes against 1,850 votes for Peter Bartzten (Dem.), and 875 votes for Henry E. Meyer (Soc. Dem.).

SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Greenbush, Herman, Holland, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Mosel, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott, Sheboygan Falls, Sherman, and Wilson, the villages of Cedar Grove, Elkhart Lake, and Sheboygan Falls, and the city of Plymouth. Population, 1900—25,202.

AUG. G. MEYERS (Rep.), was born in the town of Herman, Sheboygan Co., Wis., Jan. 1st, 1864. After attending the public schools he followed farming for a time; later took a course in Janesville College, after which he resumed farming; in 1898 he accepted a position as demonstrator with a Milwaukee Fur Co. at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, Neb.; he later became a traveling salesman, following that occupation for about four years, traveling in nearly every state in the Union. He later purchased the "Washington House" at Howard's Grove, and is at present conducting the hotel; he is also postmaster of Howard's Grove. Was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 3,017 votes against 2,340 for E. E. Eastman (Dem.).



Julius Beer.

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—26, 830.

JULIUS BEER (Rep.), member of assembly elect from St. Croix Co., was born in Saxony, Germany, in 1843; came to this country with his parents in 1853; came to St. Croix Co. from Cook Co., Ill., where he married in 1869 and began farming. In 1880 he built the first cheese factory in St. Croix Co. In 1882 he entered mercantile business with his brother and continues this business to the present time. Has been chairman of the town of St. Joseph several terms and owns about a section of land. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 3,210 votes against 2,396 votes for Herman Hubink (Dem.), and 103 votes for Webster (Pro.).

TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—23,114.



Herman L. Ekern.

HERMAN L. EKERN (Rep.), was born in the town of Pigeon, Trempealeau county, Wis., Dec. 27, 1872. He was educated in the common schools at Pigeon and Whitehall and graduated from the college of law at the University of Wisconsin in the class of 1894, and since his graduation has been practicing law at Whitehall, Wis., in co-partnership with H. A. Anderson under the firm name of Anderson & Ekern. In 1894 he was nominated

and elected for the office of district attorney for Trempealeau county on the Republican ticket, and held the office for two terms. He was elected to the assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 3,309 votes against 1,201 votes for Albert E. Bernet (Dem.), and 127 votes for Henry Russeling (Pro.).

VERNON COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—28,351.

ANDREW H. DAHL (Rep.), of Westby, was born in Columbia county, April 13, 1859, and was educated in the high school at Viroqua and the Northwestern Business college at Madison. Vernon county has been his home since 1864, and he is engaged in dealing in general merchandise. He was supervisor of the village of Westby during 1896 and 1897, and was elected trustee of Vernon county asylum in 1897 and re-elected in 1901 and 1904. He was president of the village from 1899 to 1902, and was elected to the assembly in 1898 and 1900; was chairman of committee on penal and charitable institutions in the legislature of 1903; was again elected in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 4,417 votes against 1,018 votes for P. D. Miller (Dem.), and 232 votes for Vernon A. Stoddard (Pro.). He served as chairman of committee on "Assessment and Collection of Taxes" during the session of 1905.



Andrew H. Dahl.

WALWORTH COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—29,259.

FRANK H. JOHNSON (Rep.), of Darien, was born near Sheridan, Madison Co., Montana, Dec. 13th, 1867; has resided in Darien, Walworth Co., since 1875; received a common school education; is a general dealer in farm produce; was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 4,343 votes against 1,830 votes for Joseph Cassin (Dem.), and 296 votes for James Hague (Pro.), and 126 votes for Robt. McBeath (Soc. Dem.).



Frank H. Johnson.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

One district. Population, 1900—23,589.

B. S. POTTER (Dem.), was born in the town of Elba, Genessee county, N. Y., Feb. 3, 1836. He came to West Bend in 1856 and clerked in a general store from that time until 1860, when he engaged in the mercantile business for himself, which business he continued until 1878 when he sold out and became connected with a wholesale grocery house in the capacity of commercial traveler. In 1883 he entered into the milling business and continued in that business until two years ago. He is now engaged in the real estate business in West Bend. He is president of the Advancement association. Had never sought or held office until elected member of assembly in 1902. He was re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,534 votes against 2,289 votes for Ole Halverson (Rep.).



B. S. Potter.

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

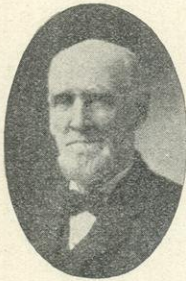


James A. McKenzie.

First District. The towns of Eagle, Genesee, Mukwonago, Muskego, New Berlin, Ottawa, Vernon and Waukesha, the village of Eagle, and the city of Waukesha. Population, 1900—17,364.

JAMES A. MCKENZIE (Rep.), of Vernon, was born January 27, 1862, in the town of Vernon, Waukesha county; was educated in the common schools of his native town and at Carroll College, Waukesha. For two years (1884 and 1885) clerked in a general store at Boardman, Wis. Since then he has been engaged in the general merchandise business at Vernon. He was elected town clerk three years in succession and was assistant postmaster for fourteen years. He was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 2,100 votes against 1,883 for W. H. Twoly (Dem.), and 109 votes for Daniel W. Hoon (Soc. Dem.), and 102 votes for Solomon Vanderwalker (Pro.).

WAUKESHA COUNTY.



Roderick Ainsworth.

Second District. The towns of Brookfield, Delafield, Lisbon, Menomonee, Merton, Oconomowoc, Pewaukee and Summit, the villages of Hartland, Menomonee Falls and Pewaukee, and the city of Oconomowoc.

RODERICK AINSWORTH (Rep.), of Merton, is a farmer, born in Du Page county, Ill., and came to Wisconsin in 1844, where he obtained his education in Wisconsin common and normal schools. He has held various town offices and the secretaryship of the Lisbon Insurance company several years, and has taught school many years. He was elected to the assembly in 1900, 1902, and again in 1904, receiving 2,386 against 1,594 votes for Eugene W. Delaney (Dem.), and 95 votes for Fred C. Soll (Soc. Dem.).

WAUPACA COUNTY.



P. H. Peterson.

First District. The towns of Caledonia, Dayton, Farmington, Fremont, Lind, Little Wolf, Royalton, St. Lawrence, Scandinavia, Waupaca and Weyauwega, the villages of Weyauwega, Fremont, Manawa and Scandinavia, and the city of Waupaca. Population, 1900—16,337.

P. H. PETERSON (Rep.), was born in the town of St. Lawrence, Waupaca county, April 29, 1856 received his education in the common schools of his native town; is a farmer by occupation; was assessor of his town 5 years; was chairman 3 years, district clerk 6 years; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,001 votes against 846 votes for H. A. Larson (Pro.), and 785 votes for J. M. Ware (Dem.).

WAUPACA COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Bear Creek, Dupont, Harrison, Helvetia, Iola, Lebanon, Larrabee, Matteson, Mukwa, Union and Wyoming, the villages of Embarrass, Iola and Marion, the city of Clintonville, and the 1st, 2d, 4th and 5th wards of the city of New London. Population, 1900—15,278.

GEORGE E. BEEDLE (Rep.), was born in Shawano, Wis., July 17, 1864; was educated in the common schools; is a lumberman by occupation; was in the employ of the C. & N. W. Ry. Co. from 1883 to 1899; was elected member of the county board of supervisors in 1901, resigning that position to become one of the first trustees of the Waupaca County asylum, which position he still holds; was elected member of assembly in 1902, and re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,328 votes against 660 votes for M. W. Knapstein (Dem.).

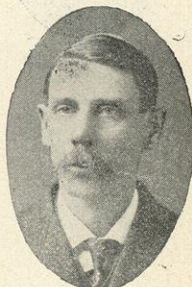


George E. Beedle.

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—15,972.

BYRON O. STORM was born Nov. 27, 1851, in the city of Whitewater, Wisconsin. At the age of five years he removed with his parents to Wautoma in Waushara county, and has since that time been a resident of that county. He was educated in the public schools of Wautoma, and at the age of eighteen learned the tinner's trade, and during the ten years following devoted his time to the hardware business at Wautoma and Plainfield. He moved to the latter village in 1877. For the past ten years he has been living upon his farm adjacent to the village of Plainfield. He has been for five successive years president of the village board of the village of Plainfield, and during the past six successive years has been supervisor from said village and a member of the school board. In the fall of 1903 he was unanimously elected chairman of the county board. He was elected to the assembly in the fall of 1904 by a vote of 2,899, as against 538 for F. B. Rawson (Dem.), and 105 for O. A. Olson (Pro.).

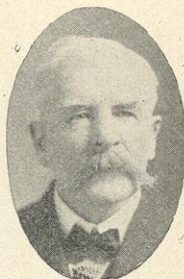


Byron O. Storm.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

First District. The town of Oshkosh and the 1st, 2d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 8th, 10th, 11th and 12th wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—20,317.

WM. M. PERRY (Rep.) was born in Portage county, Ohio, May 27, 1842. Received common school education; was brought up on the farm; enlisted in Co. F, 7th Ohio volunteer infantry in June, 1861, and served three years in the civil war; wounded and taken prisoner at Dumfries landing on the 27th day of December, 1862, and spent the winter of 1862 in Libby prison; was exchanged April 4, 1863, and discharged July 7,

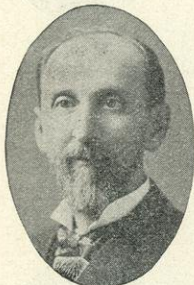


Wm. M. Perry.

1864. Moved to Wisconsin in 1865; a member of board of supervisors of Taylor county in 1880; moved to Oshkosh, where he has since resided; is a mason and contractor by trade; was elected member of assembly in 1904, receiving 2,276 votes, against 1,996 votes for Joseph E. Mallery (Dem.), and 82 votes for Albert E. Bousfield (Pro.).

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

Second District. The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Vinland, Winchester, Winneconne and Wolf River, the village of Winneconne, and the cities of Menasha and Neenah. Population, 1900—18,670.



A. D. Eldridge.

A. D. ELDRIDGE (Rep.) was born in Menasha April 29th, 1851, and received a common school education in that city; 1871 to 1887 he was in the employ of W. P. Hewitt & Co., Menasha Woolen Mills, as bookkeeper. He left that position in 1887 to accept the office of auditor and material agent of Coronado Beach Co. of San Diego, California, one of the largest firms then doing business in Southern California. In 1890 Mr. Eldridge returned to Neenah and took charge of Henry Sherry's extensive office business. He conducted that until 1895, when he resigned to engage in business on his own account, and became cashier and director of the First National Bank of Iron Mountain, Mich. After nearly three years of service in that position a reorganization of the bank was effected and Mr. Eldridge returned to Neenah. In 1898 he organized the Neenah Cold Storage Co., and as president and manager built up a large business. In 1899 he sold his stock in that company, and engaged in the cheese trade on his own account, as jobber and commission merchant, and has built up a successful and extensive business.

While Mr. Eldridge has not been in any sense a politician he has served the city most acceptably in the common council. In 1894 he was chosen alderman by the electors of the Second ward by one of the largest majorities ever polled there. His record as chairman of the finance committee during his two years of service proves he was easily the leader of that body and of great value to the whole city. In 1895 he was elected president of the common council by unanimous vote. Although Mr. Eldridge has repeatedly been asked to accept the republican nomination for mayor since his return to Neenah in 1898, he has steadily refused. He consented to allow his name to go before the assembly convention of the Second Winnebago district only on the urgent request of friends in Neenah and Menasha and the country districts. He kept himself out of the caucus campaign consistently, and accepted the nomination with one hope only—to be of service to his party and the people of the district. In his election to the assembly in 1904, Mr. Eldridge received 2,030 votes against 1,629 votes for Maximilian M. Schoetz (Dem.).

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

Third District. The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro, Poygan, Rushford and Utica, the village of Osseo, and the 3d, 6th, 9th and 13th wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1900—19,238.

JOHN A. FRIDD (Rep.) was born in Winnebago county, Oct. 23, 1850; received his education in the common schools and in Ripon College; is a farmer by occupation; served his town as side supervisor three years, and as chairman ten years; has been director of the Eureka Canning factory since 1900 and was elected member of assembly in 1902, and was re-elected in 1904, receiving 2,456 votes against 1,419 votes for Joseph Kloeckner (Dem.), and 149 votes for Frank Cole (Pro.).



John A. Fridd.

WOOD COUNTY.

One District. Population, 1900—25,865.

ELI E. WINCH (Rep.), of Marshfield, Wis., was born in Essex Co., N. Y., April, 1848; moved to Wisconsin in 1855; was married in 1877; became a resident of Wood county in 1878; is a manufacturer by occupation; was elected to the assembly in 1904, receiving 3,372 votes against 2,369 for Amos E. Germer (Dem.), and 130 for Henry E. Ward (Soc. Dem.).



Eli E. Winch.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

CHIEF CLERK.

C. O. MARSH (Rep.) was born in the town of Burnett, Dodge county, in 1859; educated at the Sun Prairie public schools and the University of Wisconsin, from which institution he graduated in the Ancient Classical course in 1883. On graduation, organized the high school at Antigo; was principal of same till 1886; principal of high school at Two Rivers from 1886 to 1892; in business at Antigo the following year; principal of the high school at Antigo from 1892 to 1899; city superintendent in 1898 and 1899; county superintendent of schools in Langlade county from 1901 to 1903. In 1899 purchased the Antigo Republican, of which he has been editor and proprietor since; is a member of the board of directors of the Antigo public library; has served a number of terms on the city council of Antigo and has been a member of the county board of Langlade county; in 1899 and 1900 was president of the Langlade Agricultural society; was delegate to both Republican state conventions in 1900; was a member of



C. O. Marsh.



Nicholas Streveler.

the Republican Congressional committee of the Ninth Congressional district. Was secretary of the Republican State convention of 1904; chairman of board of visitors to River Falls Normal School 1903-04; was chief clerk of assembly in 1902 and re-elected without opposition by present assembly.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

NICHOLAS STREVELER was born at Doeningen, Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, March 11, 1860; after going through the elementary school course in his home town went to a business college in the city of Luxemburg; after complying with his military duties immigrated to the U. S. in 1880; first arrived in the city of Milwaukee, where he lived for three years; on June 7, 1883, removed to the city of Marshfield, clerked for seven years and married in 1890; engaged in dairy farming and after some time engaged in the manufacture of butter and cheese; in 1901 sold his farm and dairy interests with the exception of a ceramery; in 1902 started in the general merchandise business, in which he is engaged at the present time.

EMPLOYES OF THE ASSEMBLY, 1905.

Chas. A. Leicht	Journal Clerk	New Lisbon.
C. E. Shaffer	Bookkeeper	Madison.
Ralph E. Smith.....	General Clerk	Merrill.
L. B. Nagler	General Clerk	Hudson.
A. W. Pott	Enrolling Clerk	Sheboygan.
J. E. Noyes	Engrossing Clerk	Greenwood.
C. H. Collins	Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms	Victory.
Walter Eagan	Second Asst. Sergeant-at-Arms.....	Superior.
Burne Pollock	Document Clerk	Lancaster.
John Harris	Postmaster	West Bend.

UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT HEADS.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

CHARLES RICHARD VAN HISE, Ph. D., LL. D., President of the University, was born May 29, 1857, at Fulton, Wisconsin. He graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1879, with the degree of Bachelor of Metallurgical Engineering. Since that time from the University he has received the following degrees: Bachelor of Science in 1880; Master of Science in 1882; and Doctor of Philosophy in 1892. He has received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of Chicago, in 1903, and from Yale University in 1904. Immediately after graduating in 1879 he entered the instructional force of the University of Wisconsin and has remained on its staff in various positions to the present time. In the University he has been instructor in metallurgy, 1886-88; professor of mineralogy and petrology, 1888-90; professor of Archaen and applied geology, 1890-92; professor of geology, 1892-03; and he was elected President of the University in 1903. At the University of Chicago he was non-resident professor of structural and metamorphic geology from its foundation to 1903. He has held various positions on the United States Geological Survey from 1883 to the present time. Under this organization he was assistant geologist on the United States Geological Survey, 1883-88; geologist in charge of Lake Superior Division, 1888-1900; and he has been geologist in charge of pre-Cambrian and metamorphic geology, 1900 to the present time. For the State Geological and Natural History Survey he was consulting geologist from 1897 to 1903. Since 1903 he has been president of the Board of Commissioners of the Survey. He was president of the Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts and Letters, 1893-1896; and vice president of Section E of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1901. He is a member of the National Academy of Sciences; the Washington Academy of Science; the Geological Society of America; the American Institute of Mining Engineers; the Scientific Society of Christiana, Norway; the Boston Society of Natural History. He has been editor (for structural geology) of the Journal of Geology since 1892. He has made many contributions to geological literature, of which the more important are: the Archaen and Algonkian, the Penokee Iron-bearing Series of Michigan and Wisconsin (with R. D. Irving), Principles of North American Pre-Cambrian Geology, the Marquette Iron-bearing District of Michigan (with W. S. Bayley), the Iron Ores of the Lake Superior region. President Van Hise has also given various addresses upon educational subjects.

EDWARD ASAHIEL BIRGE, Ph. D., Sc. D., Dean of the College of Letters and Science, was born Sept. 7, 1851, at Troy, N. Y.; graduated from Williams College in 1873, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876; studied zoology in the Agassiz Museum of Comparative Zoology at Cambridge, Mass., until December, 1875; received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Harvard University in 1878, and of Doctor of Science (honorary) from the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1897; studied histology and physiology in the University of Leipsic, Germany, during the college year 1880-1; elected instructor in natural history at the University of Wisconsin in 1875; professor of zoology in 1879; and in 1891 received the additional office of dean of the College of Letters and Science and served as acting president 1900-3. He is secretary of the Wisconsin Commissioners of Fisheries, superintendent of the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, president of the Madison Public Library, and president of the American Microscopical Society. His papers are on scientific subjects, mainly in the Archiv für Physiologie, the Biologisches Centrallblatt, and the Transactions of the Wisconsin Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters.

VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN BARBER PARKINSON, A. M., Vice-President of the University, Professor of Constitutional and International Law, was born at Edwardsville, Madison county, Ill., April 11, 1834; graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1860; was an instructor in the University, 1861-62; County Superintendent of La Fayette county, 1862-64; Regent of the University, 1866-67; was appointed to a full professorship—the first from the alumni—in 1867; held the chair of Mathematics, 1867-72; of Civil Polity and Constitutional Law, 1872-74; was in journalism and president of the Wisconsin State Board of Centennial Managers, 1874-76; Professor of Civil Polity and Political Economy, 1876-93; was appointed Professor of Constitutional and International Law in 1893, and has been vice-president of the University since 1885. He has thus been connected with the University nearly forty years. Several of his addresses, read before the State Agricultural Society, the Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters, and other societies, have been published; courses of lectures on International Law, English and American Constitutional Law and Political Economy have been prepared, but not yet published.

WILLIAM ARNON HENRY, Agr. B., Dean of the College of Agriculture, was born at Norwalk, Ohio, June 16, 1850. His early life was spent on a farm in northwestern Ohio. He studied at the Defiance, Ohio, high school, Holbrook normal school, and Ohio Wesleyan University. Was principal of the New Haven, Indiana, high school, 1871. Principal of the Boulder, Colorado, high school, 1873-76. Entered Cornell University in the fall of '76, and was graduated from that institution in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture. In the summer of 1897 was with Professor C. V. Riley of the United States Entomological Commission, Washington, D. C. During 1879 and 1880 was assistant in the botanical department at Cornell University. Was appointed professor of botany and agriculture, University of Wisconsin, beginning work in September, 1880. In 1882, was relieved of botanical work and elected professor of agriculture. In 1887, was given charge of the work of the experiment station under the title of Director. In 1891, was appointed Dean of the College of Agriculture; present title, Dean of the College of Agriculture and Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station. Since 1887, has served as staff correspondent for the Breeders' Gazette, Chicago. In 1881-82, under the direction of the legislature, he conducted experiments in the manufacture of sugar from amber cane, and the ensiling of fodders, the report of the work being embraced in two volumes published by the state. The Experiment Station, under his direction, has issued nineteen annual reports and ninety-seven bulletins. He is the author of the chapter on Cattle Feeding in the special report on Diseases of Cattle and Cattle Feeding, published by the Department of Agriculture, Washington. By direction of the legislature of 1895, he prepared a hand-book for the homeseeker, a volume of 200 pages, with nearly 100 half-tone illustrations setting forth the agricultural features of northern Wisconsin. Of this publication 50,000 copies were printed and distributed. In December, 1896, he published a bulletin of forty pages, showing that Wisconsin is adapted to the production of sugar from the beet root, and strongly urged the erection of beet sugar factories in our state. In March, 1898, he published a volume of 661 pages on stock feeding, entitled "Feeds and Feeding: a Hand-book for the Student and Stockman." This work has gone through five editions.

FREDERICK EUGENE TURNEAURE, C. E., Acting Dean of the College of Mechanics and Engineering. Born in Stephenson county, Illinois, in 1866. Received a country school education and attended the Freeport, Ill., high school for a short time. Entered Cornell University in 1885, and graduated from Civil Engineering Course in 1889. From 1889 to 1900 he was engaged in railroad engineering in Virginia and Kentucky. From 1890 to 1892 he was instructor in Civil Engineering at Washington University, St. Louis, and in 1892 was

appointed to the chair of Bridge and Sanitary Engineering of the University of Wisconsin. He was also city engineer of Madison from 1900 to 1902, and has been engaged as consulting engineer on municipal work. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, of the Western Society of Engineers, and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He has published as joint author, *Modern Framed Structures*, 1893, and *Public Water Supplies*, 1901; besides contributions to the proceedings of various societies, and to technical journals.

HARRY SANGER RICHARDS, Dean of the College of Law. Born in Osceola, Clarke county, Iowa, November 20th, 1868. Attended the public schools; graduated from the Academic Department of Parsons College, Fairfield, Iowa, in 1888; graduated from the College of Liberal Arts of the State University of Iowa, in 1892, with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy; graduated from the Law School of Harvard University in 1895, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws; served as clerk in the office of Horatio D. Wood during the year 1896; located for the practice of law at Ottumwa, Iowa, in 1897; was elected Professor of Law in the Law Department of the State University of Iowa in 1898; was elected Dean of the College of Law, University of Wisconsin, in June, 1903. Was granted the degree of Doctor of Laws by the State University of Iowa in June, 1904. Member of Phi Beta Kappa and legal fraternity, Phi Delta Phi. Member of the American Bar Association and of the Executive Committee of the Association of American Law Schools. Read various papers before the American Bar Association and the Association of American Law Schools.

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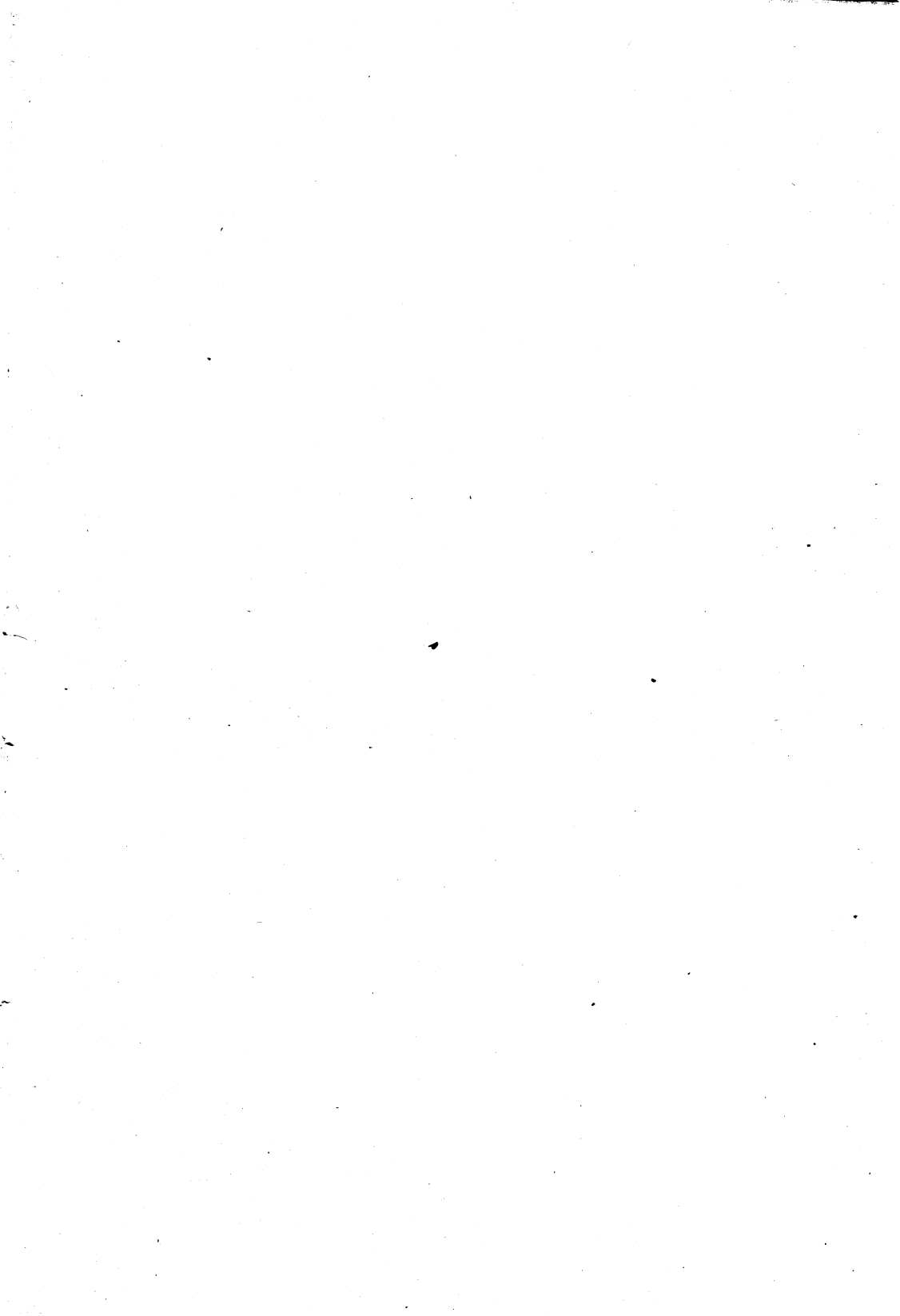
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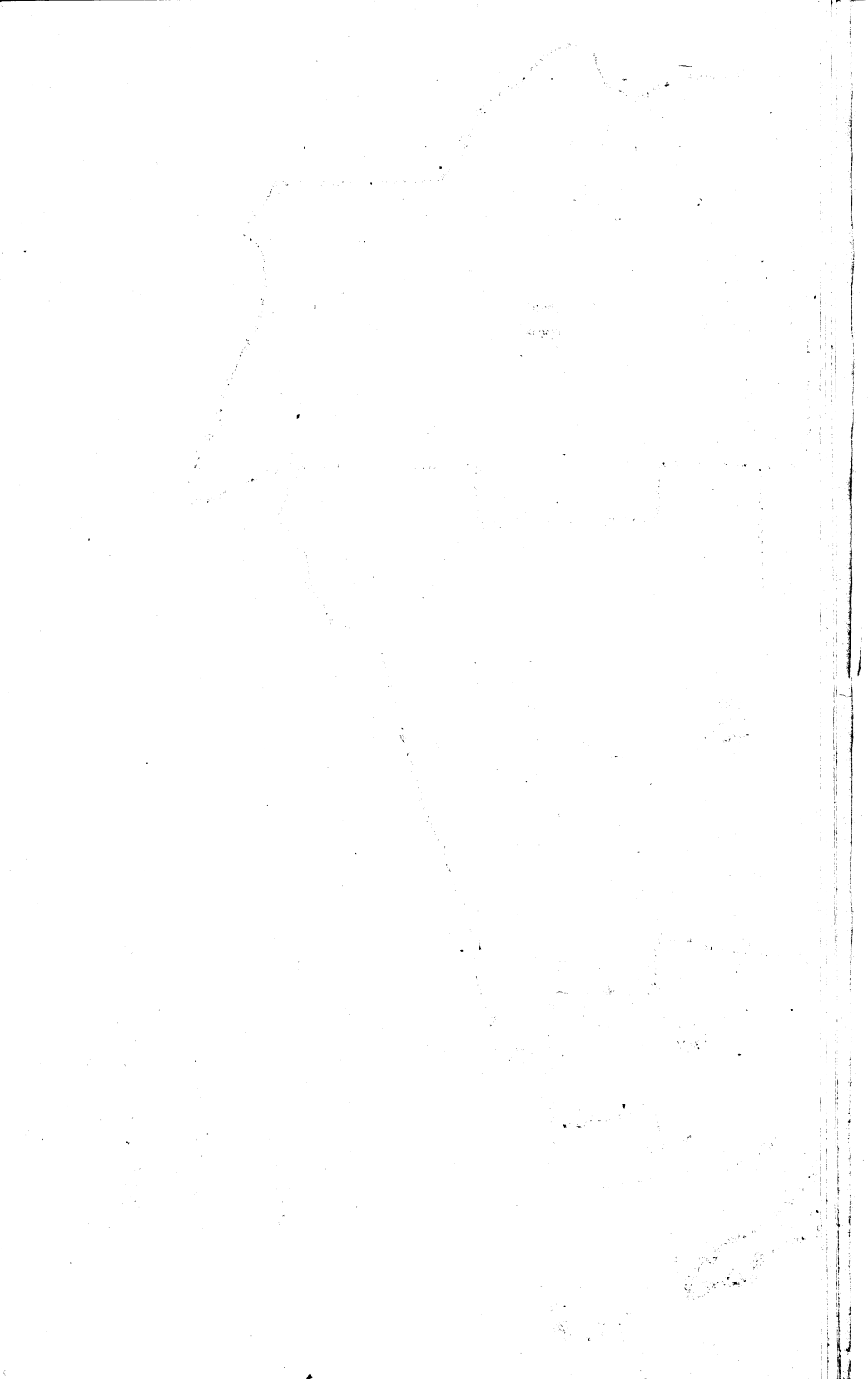
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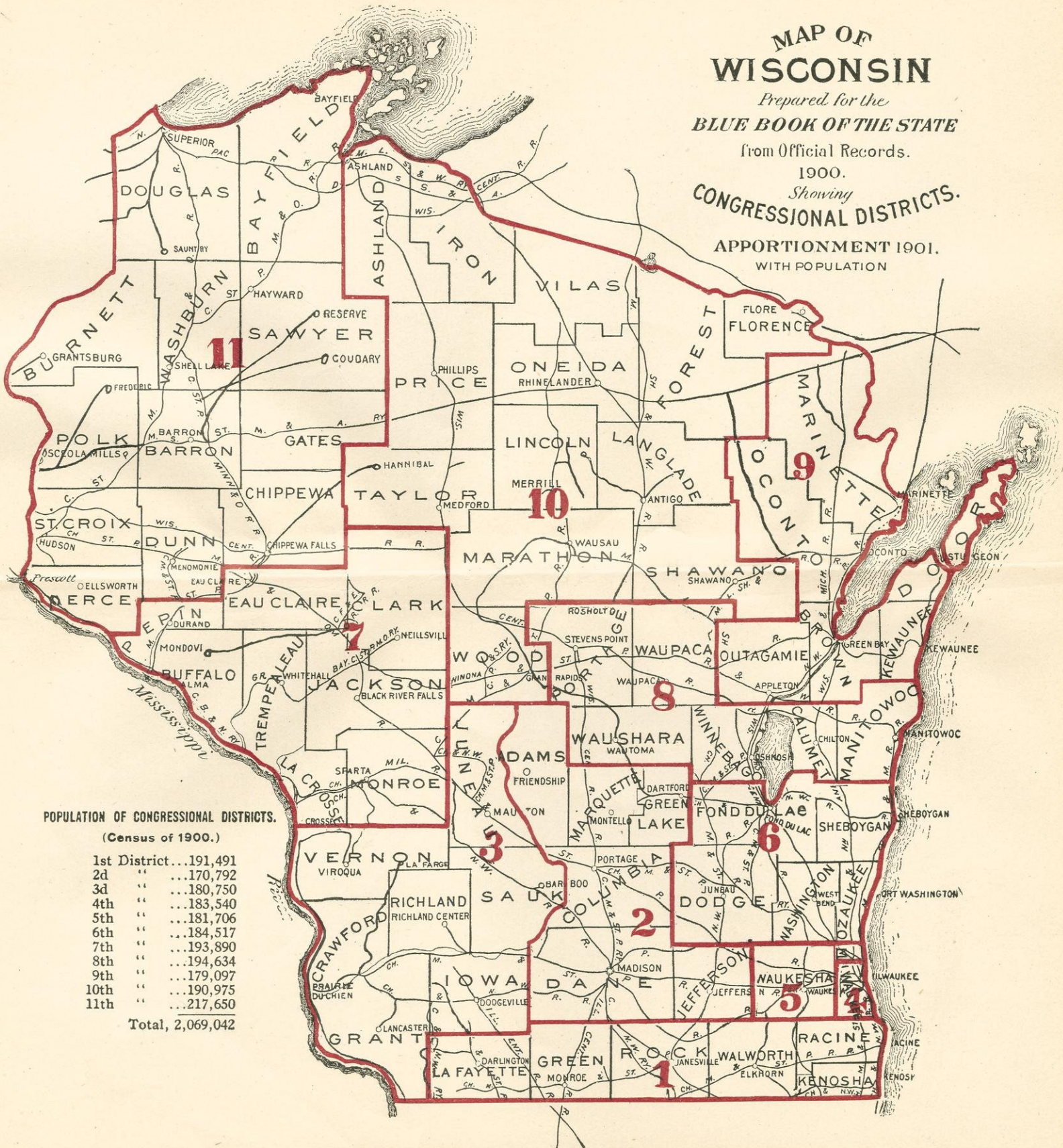
MAP OF WISCONSIN

Prepared for the
BLUE BOOK OF THE STATE

from Official Records.
1900.

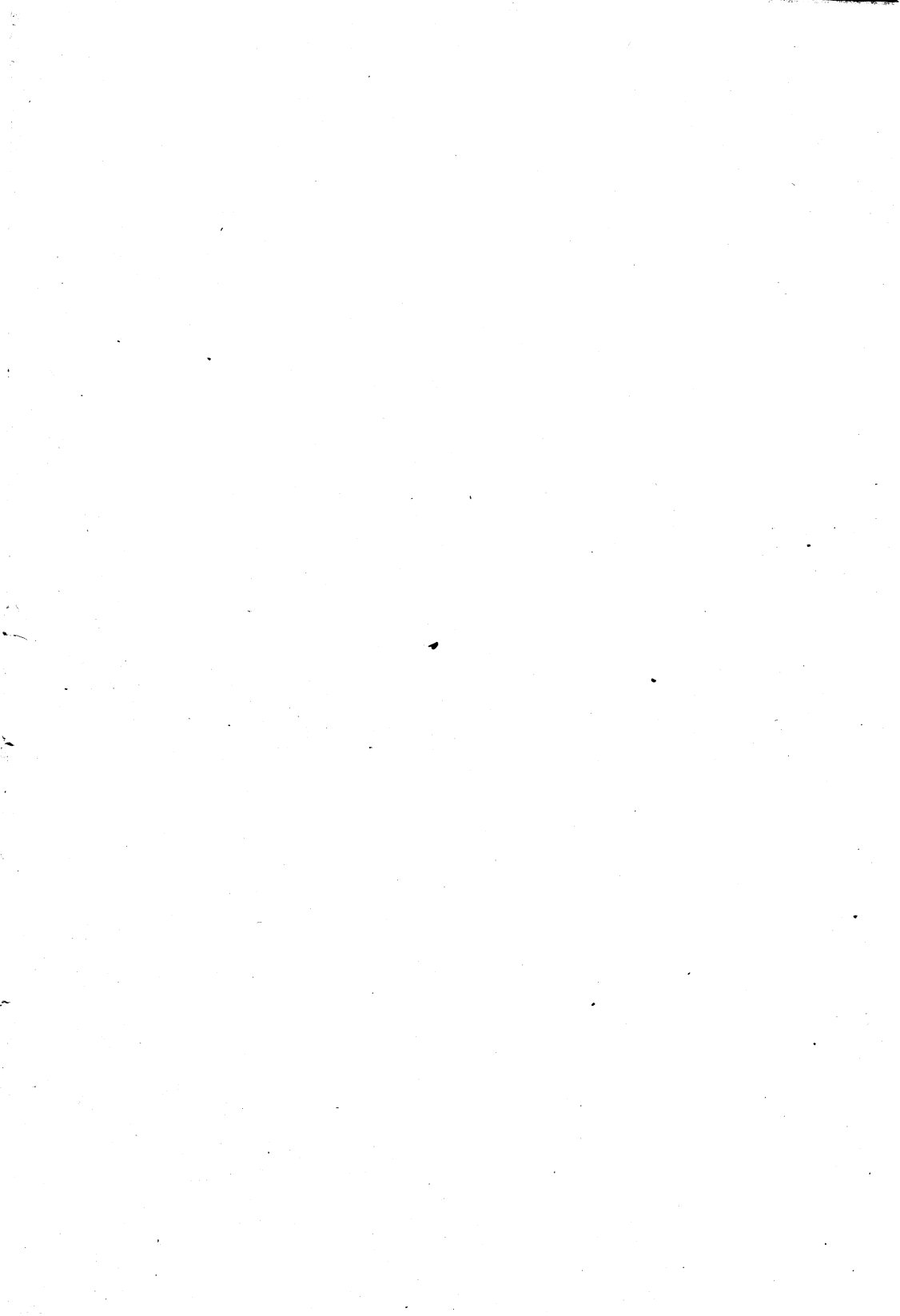
Showing
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

APPORTIONMENT 1901.
WITH POPULATION



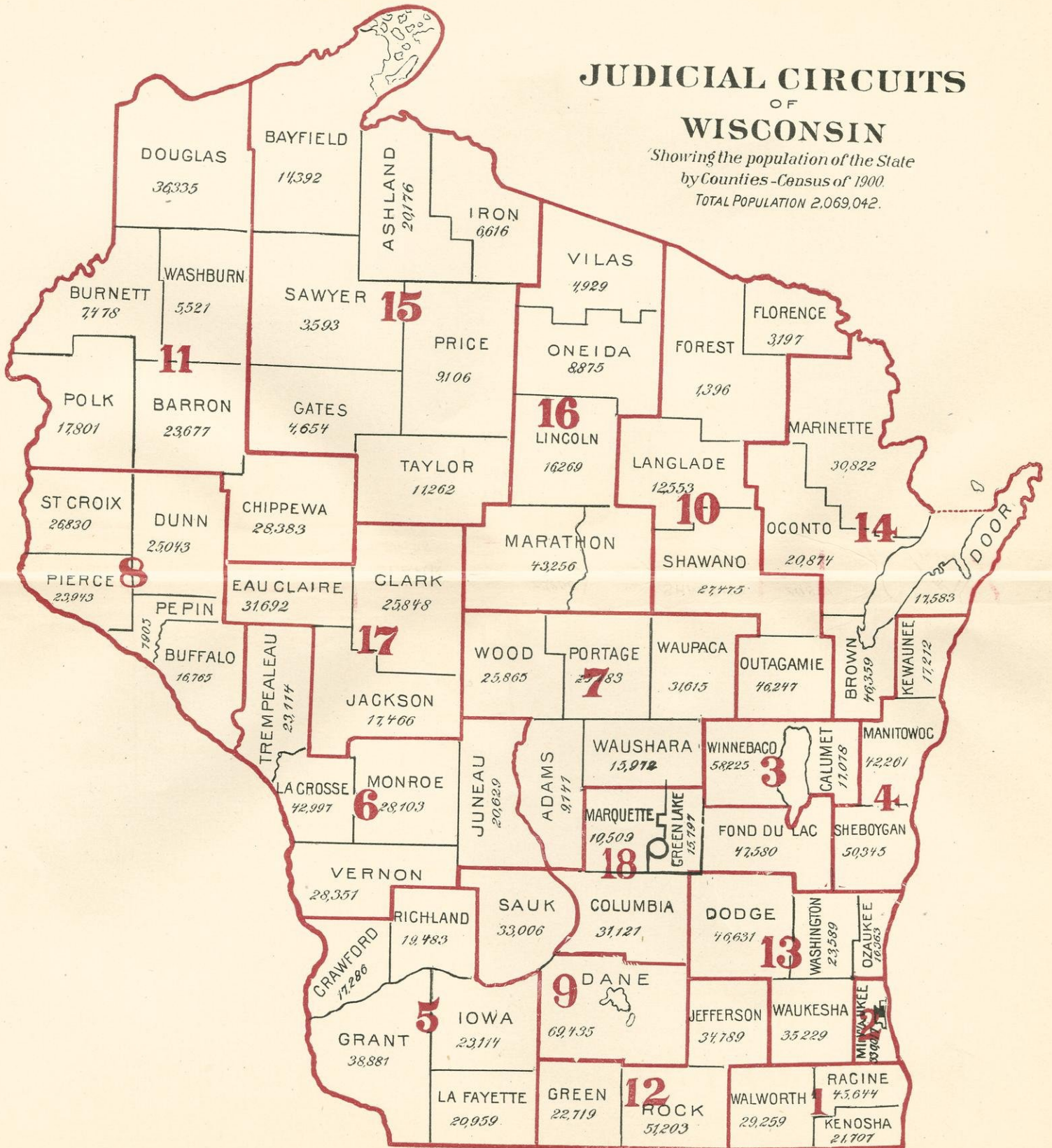
POPULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.
(Census of 1900.)

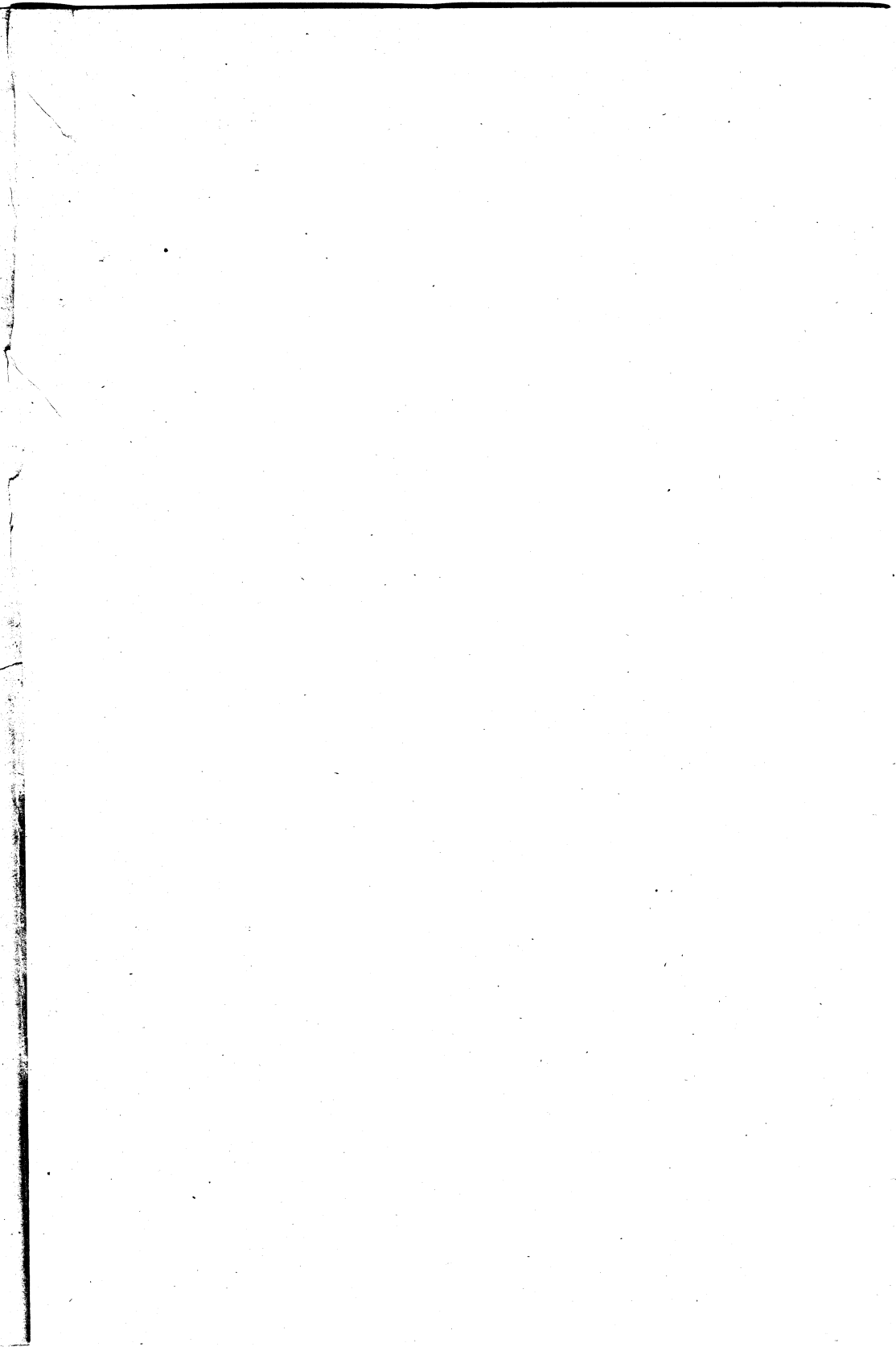
1st District	...191,491
2d	...170,792
3d	...180,750
4th	...183,540
5th	...181,706
6th	...184,517
7th	...193,890
8th	...194,634
9th	...179,097
10th	...190,975
11th	...217,650
Total	2,069,042

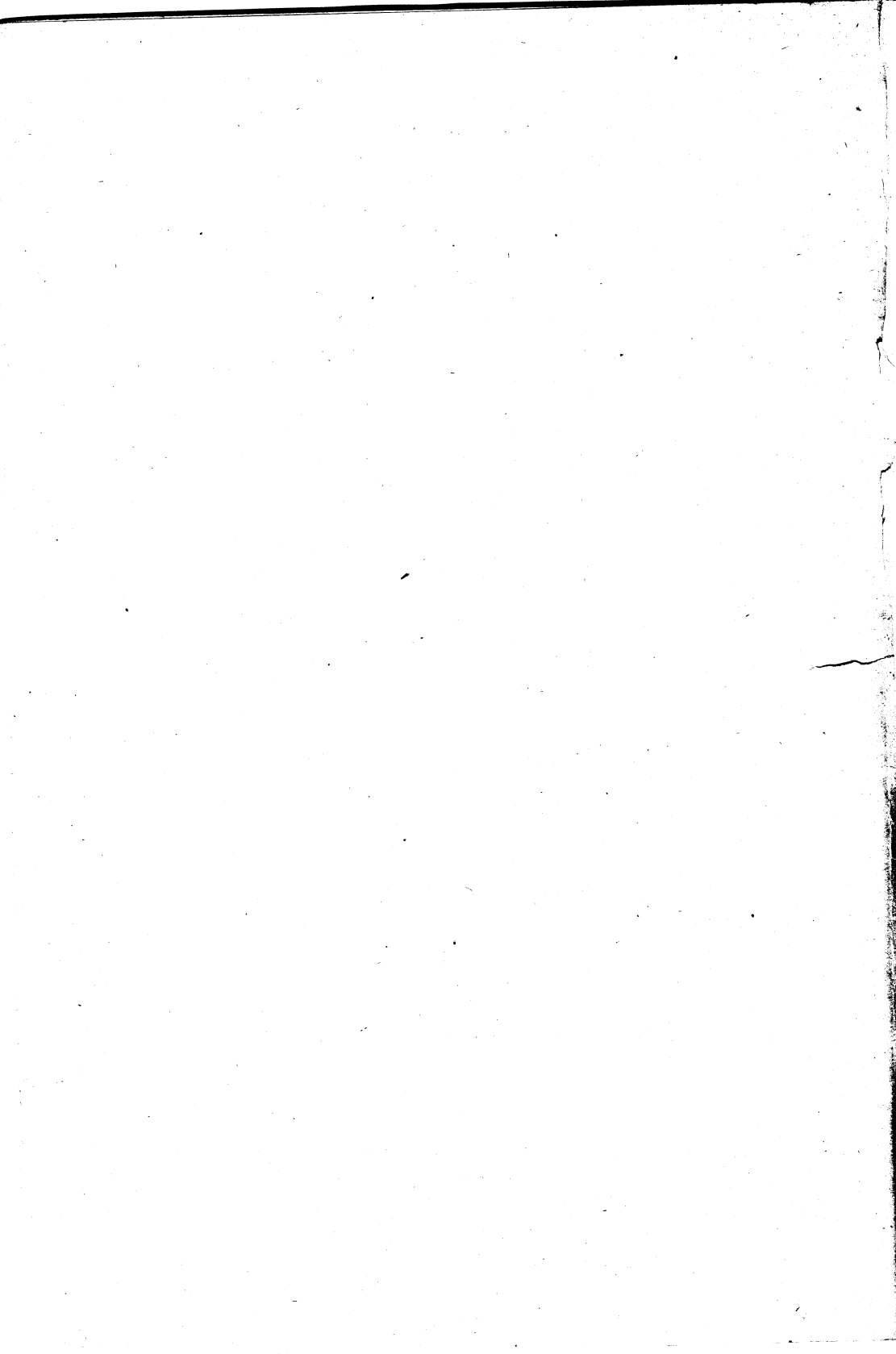


JUDICIAL CIRCUITS OF WISCONSIN

Showing the population of the State
by Counties - Census of 1900
TOTAL POPULATION 2,069,042.

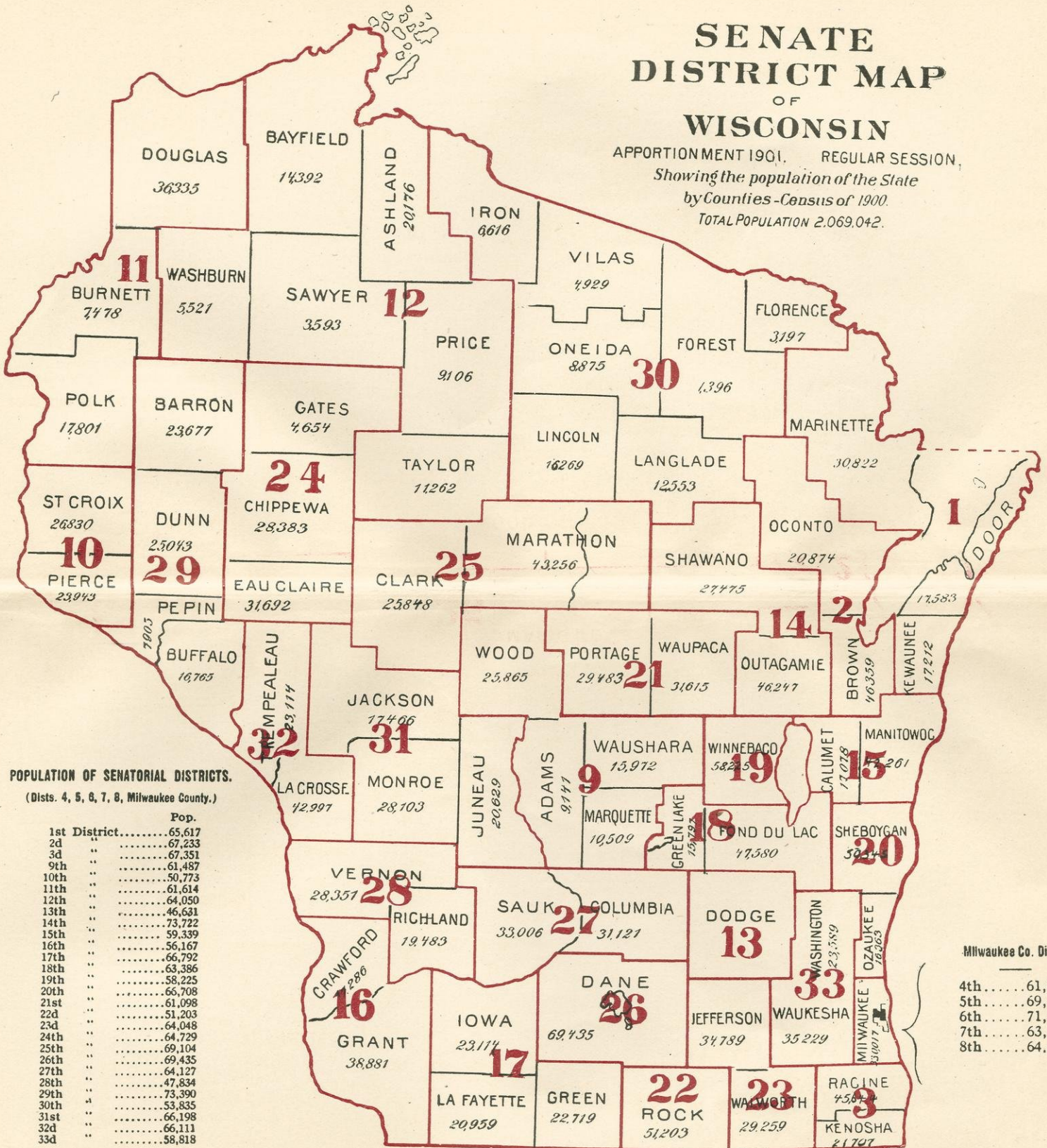


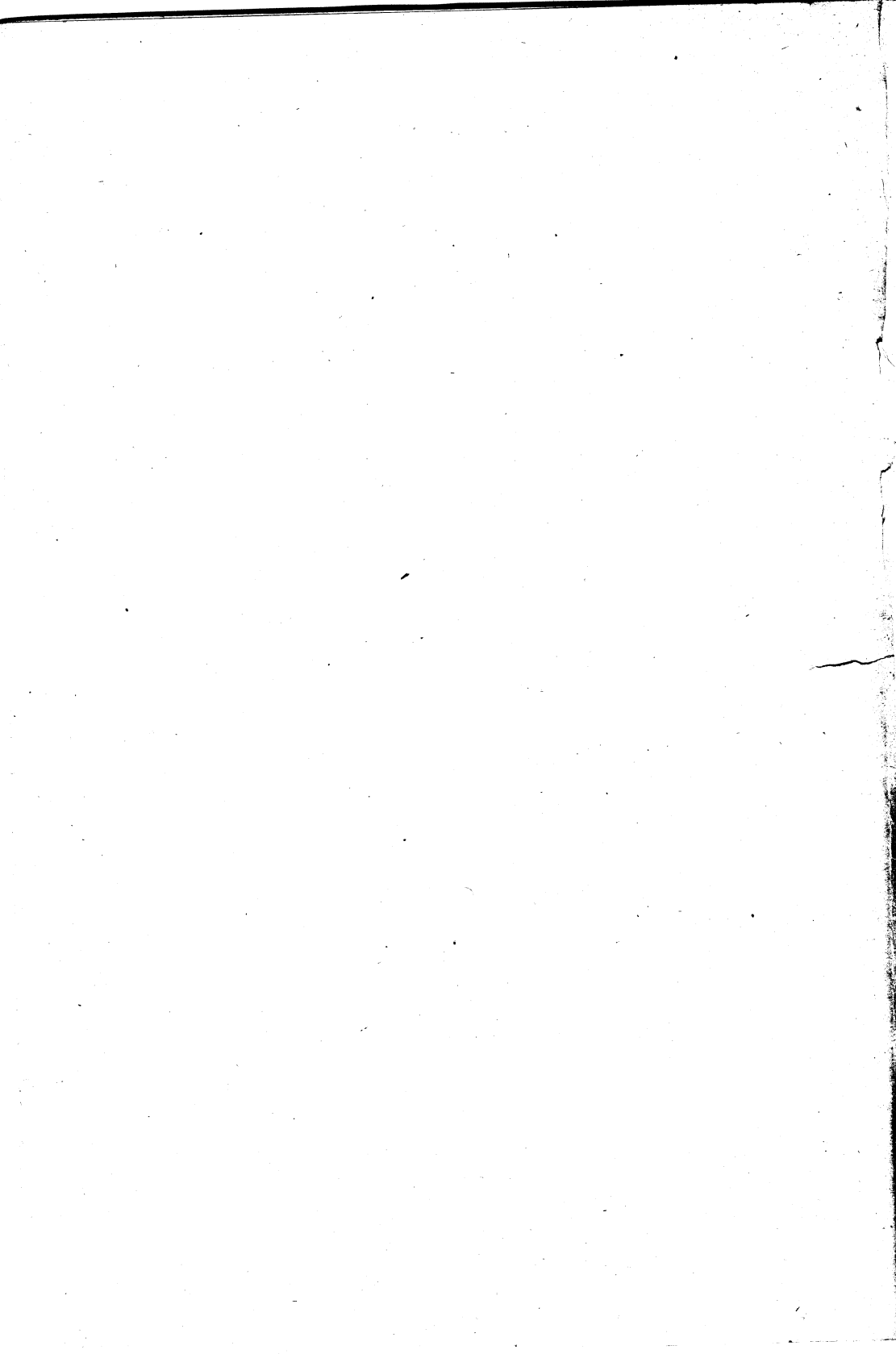




SENATE DISTRICT MAP OF WISCONSIN

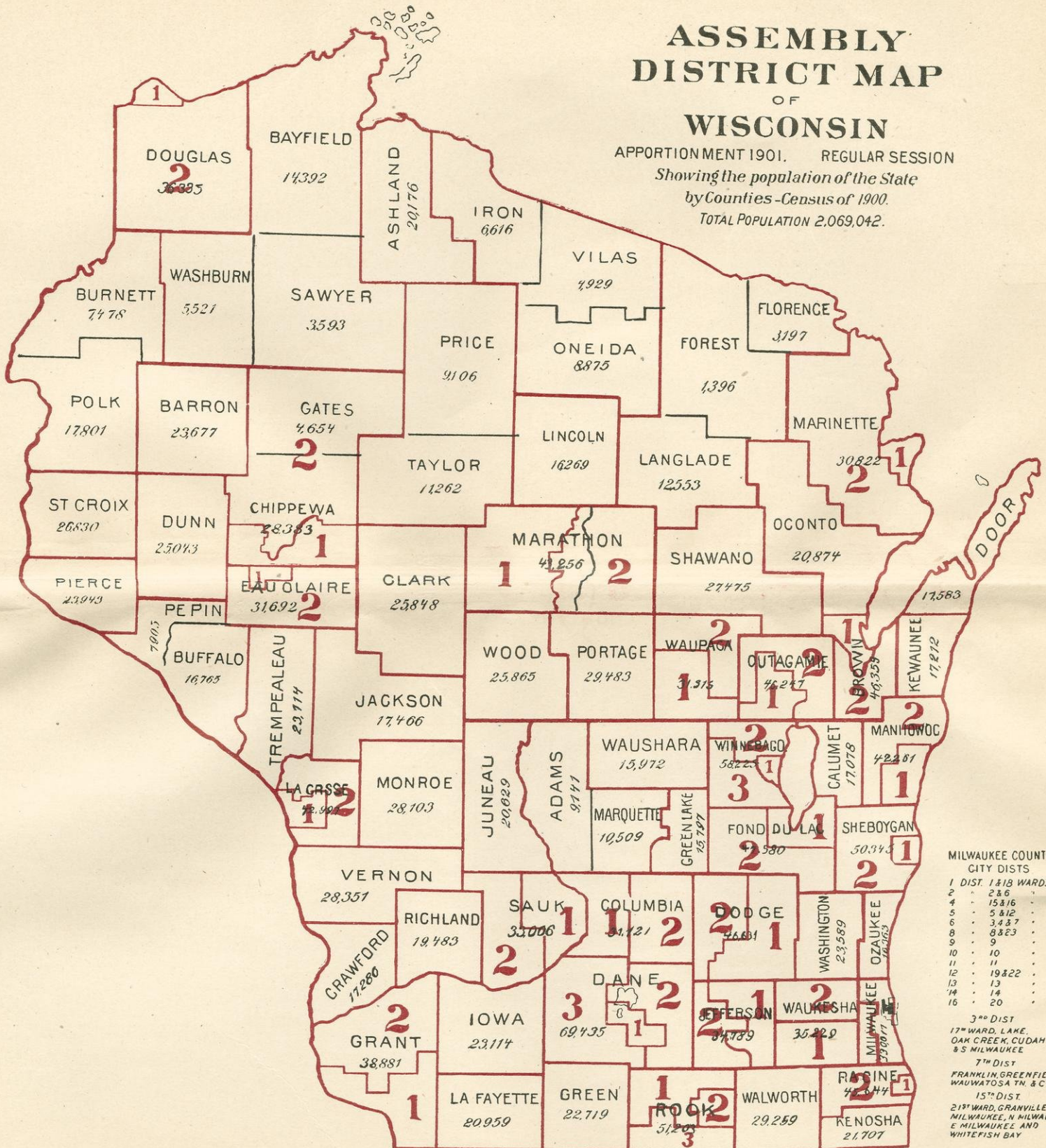
APPORTIONMENT 1901. REGULAR SESSION,
 Showing the population of the State
 by Counties - Census of 1900.
 TOTAL POPULATION 2,069,042.





ASSEMBLY DISTRICT MAP OF WISCONSIN

APPORTIONMENT 1901. REGULAR SESSION
 Showing the population of the State
 by Counties - Census of 1900.
 TOTAL POPULATION 2,069,042.

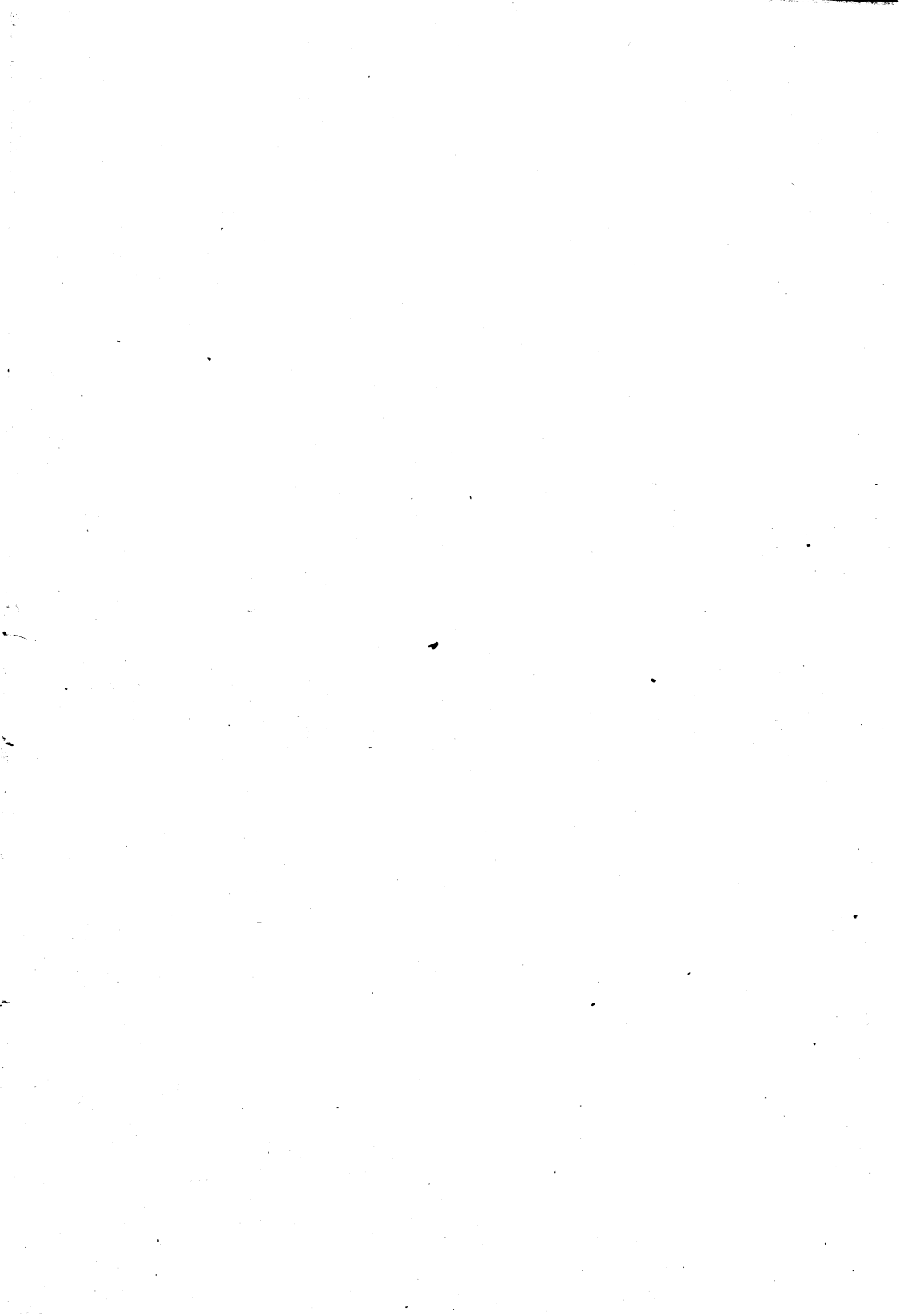


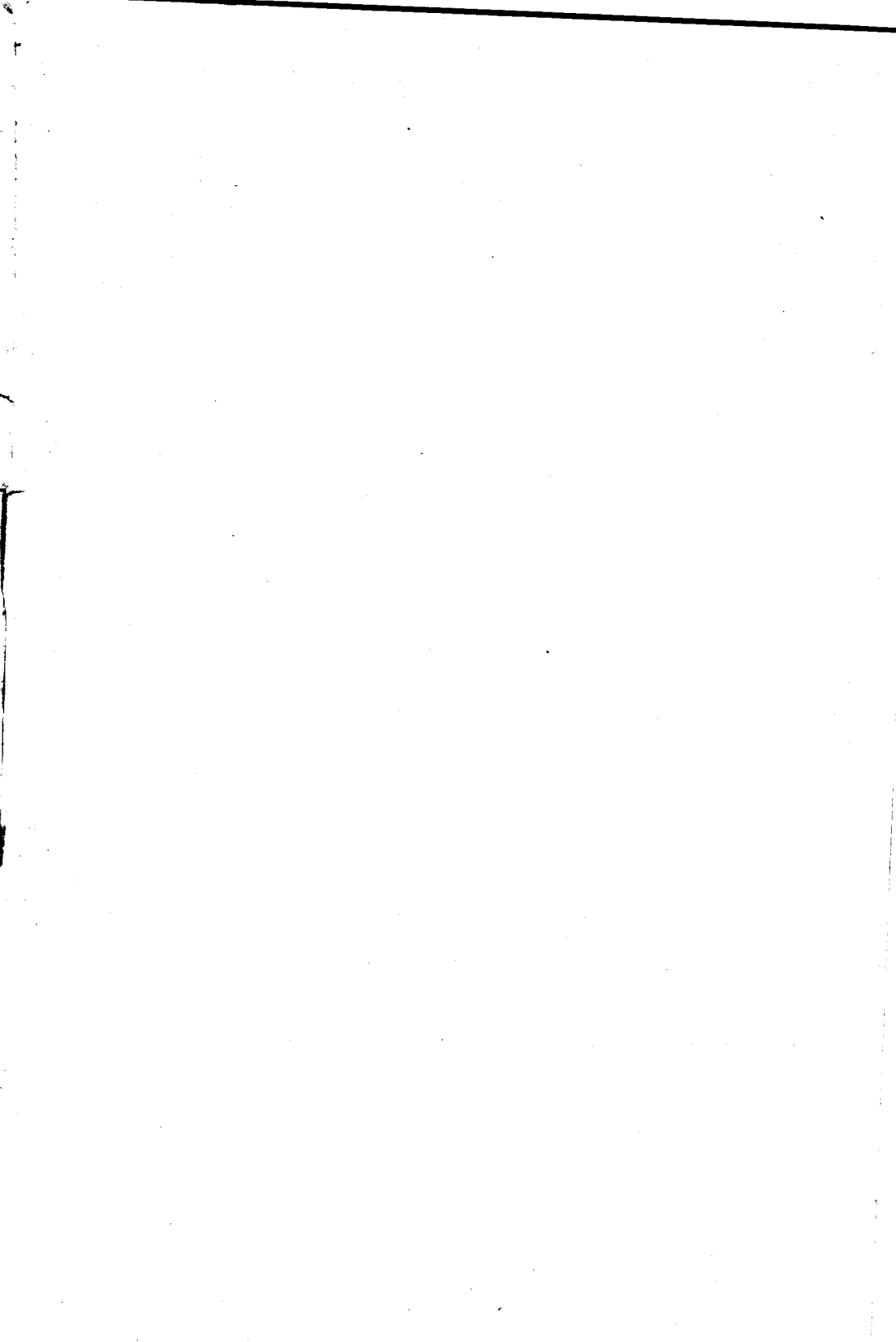
MILWAUKEE COUNTY CITY DISTRICTS

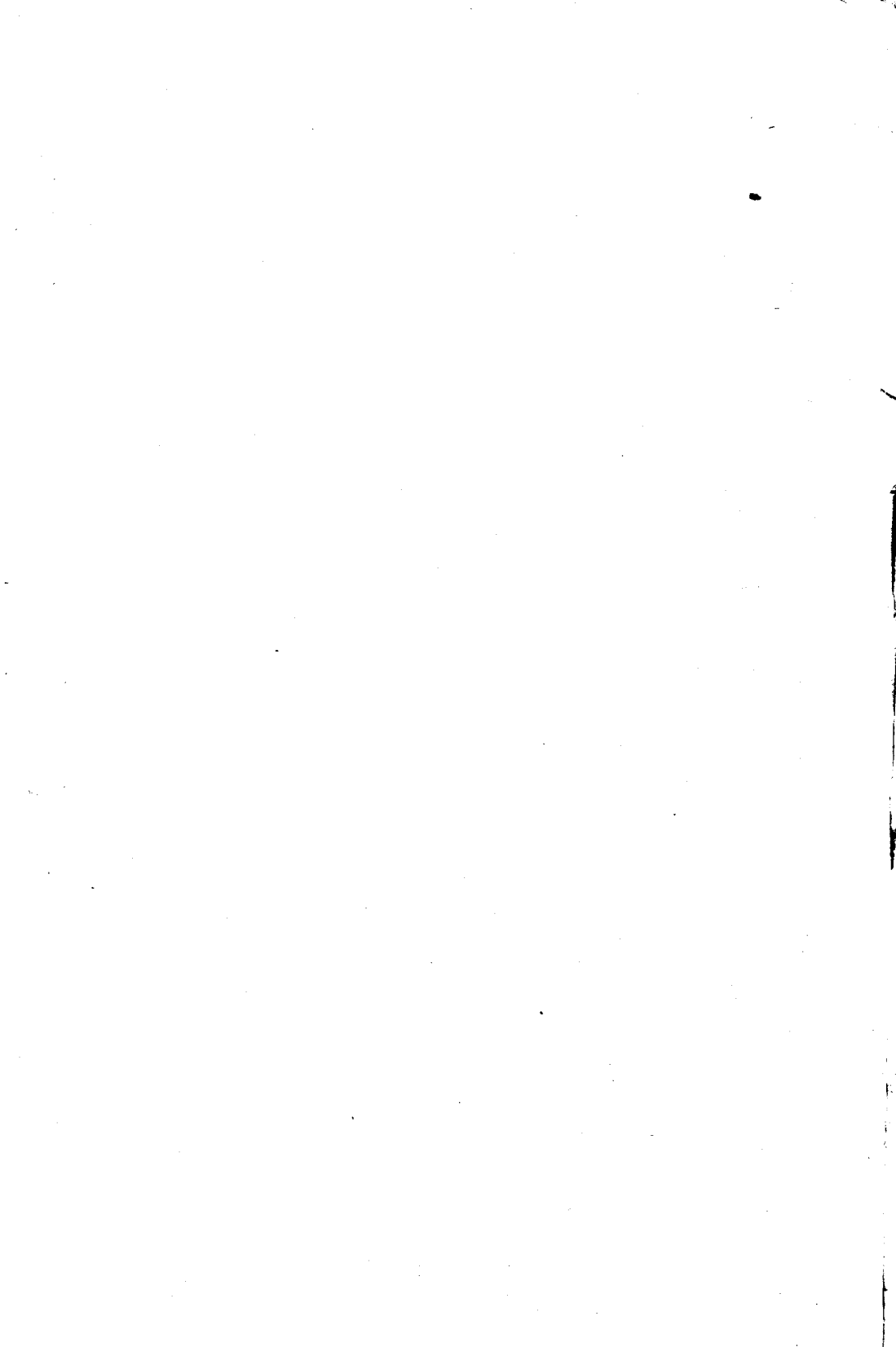
1 DIST. 1 & 18 WARDS
2 " 2 & 6 "
4 " 15 & 16 "
5 " 5 & 12 "
6 " 3, 4 & 7 "
8 " 8 & 23 "
9 " 9 "
10 " 10 "
11 " 11 "
12 " 19 & 22 "
13 " 13 "
14 " 14 "
15 " 14 "
16 " 20 "

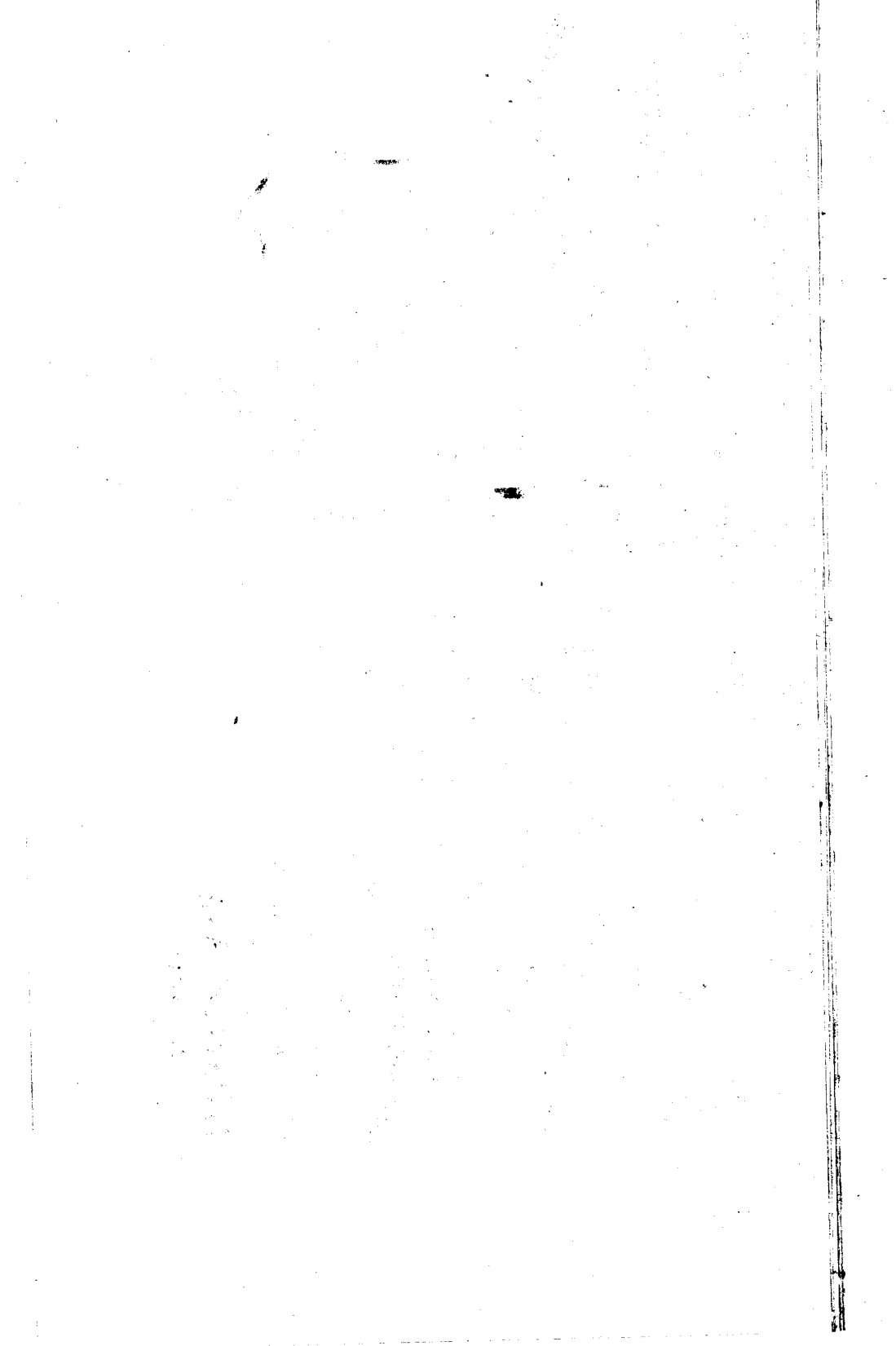
3rd DIST. FRANKLIN, GREENFIELD, WAUKESHA TN. & CITY

15th DIST. 21st WARD, GRANVILLE, MILWAUKEE, N. MILWAUKEE, E. MILWAUKEE AND WHITEFISH BAY









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WISCONSIN
BLUE BOOK
1905

RBW7
B62
1905

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