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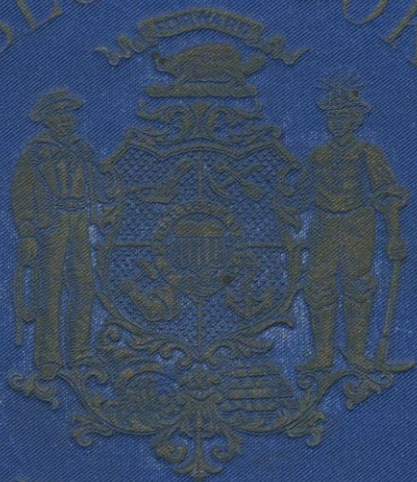
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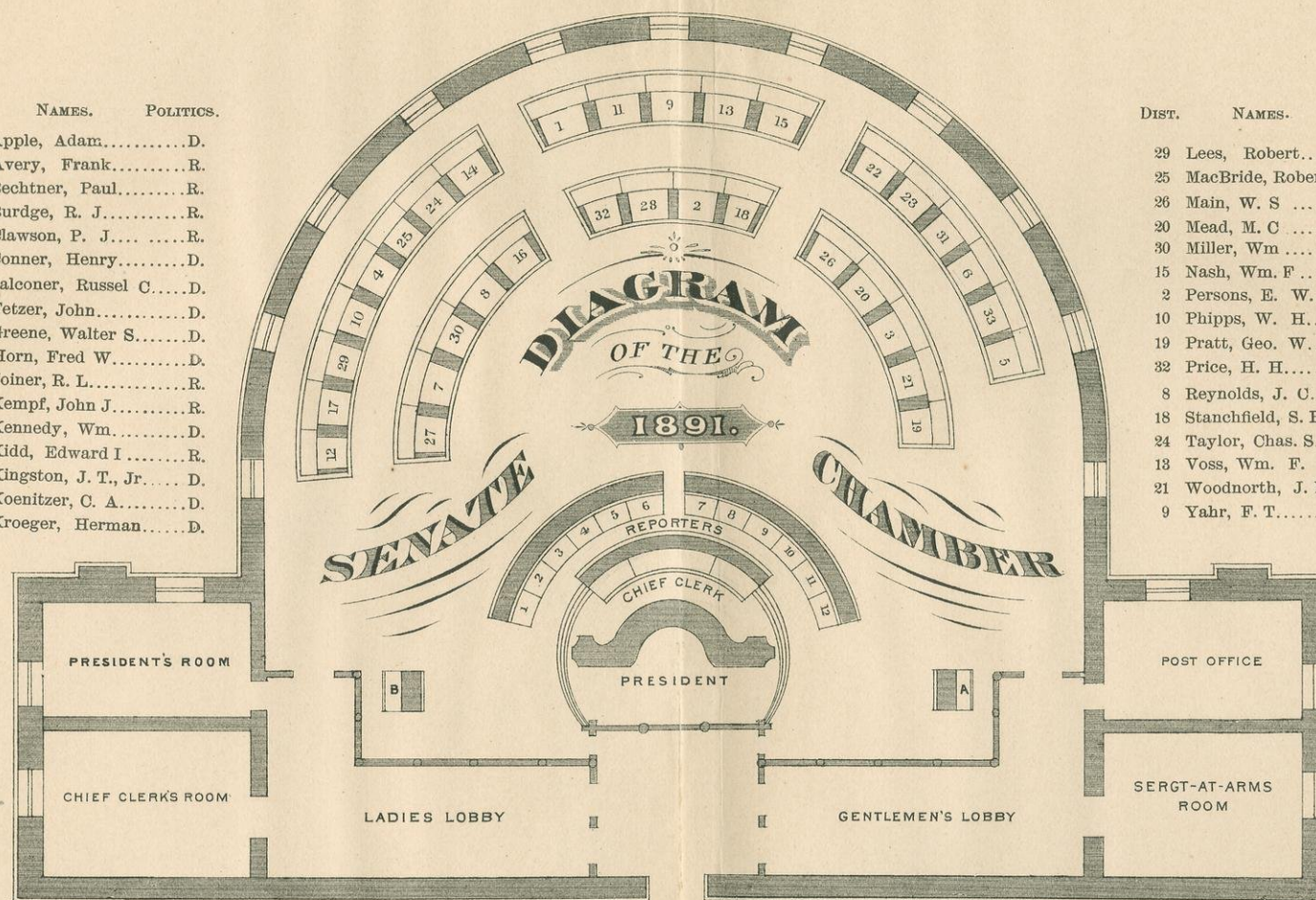


DIST. NAMES. POLITICS.

3 Apple, Adam.....D.
 14 Avery, Frank.....R.
 5 Bechtner, Paul.....R.
 17 Burdge, R. J.....R.
 12 Clawson, P. J.....R.
 31 Conner, Henry.....D.
 27 Falconer, Russel C.....D.
 1 Fetzner, John.....D.
 23 Greene, Walter S.....D.
 33 Horn, Fred W.....D.
 28 Joiner, R. L.....R.
 4 Kempf, John J.....R.
 22 Kennedy, Wm.....D.
 16 Kidd, Edward I.....R.
 11 Kingston, J. T., Jr.....D.
 7 Koenitzer, C. A.....D.
 6 Kroeger, Herman.....D.

DIST. NAMES. POLITICS.

29 Lees, Robert.....D.
 25 MacBride, Robert J.....D.
 26 Main, W. S.....R.
 20 Mead, M. C.....D.
 30 Miller, Wm.....R.
 15 Nash, Wm. F.....D.
 2 Persons, E. W.....D.
 10 Phipps, W. H.....R.
 19 Pratt, Geo. W.....D.
 32 Price, H. H.....R.
 8 Reynolds, J. C.....R.
 18 Stanchfield, S. B.....R.
 24 Taylor, Chas. S.....R.
 13 Voss, Wm. F.....D.
 21 Woodnorth, J. H.....D.
 9 Yahr, F. T.....D.



OFFICERS.

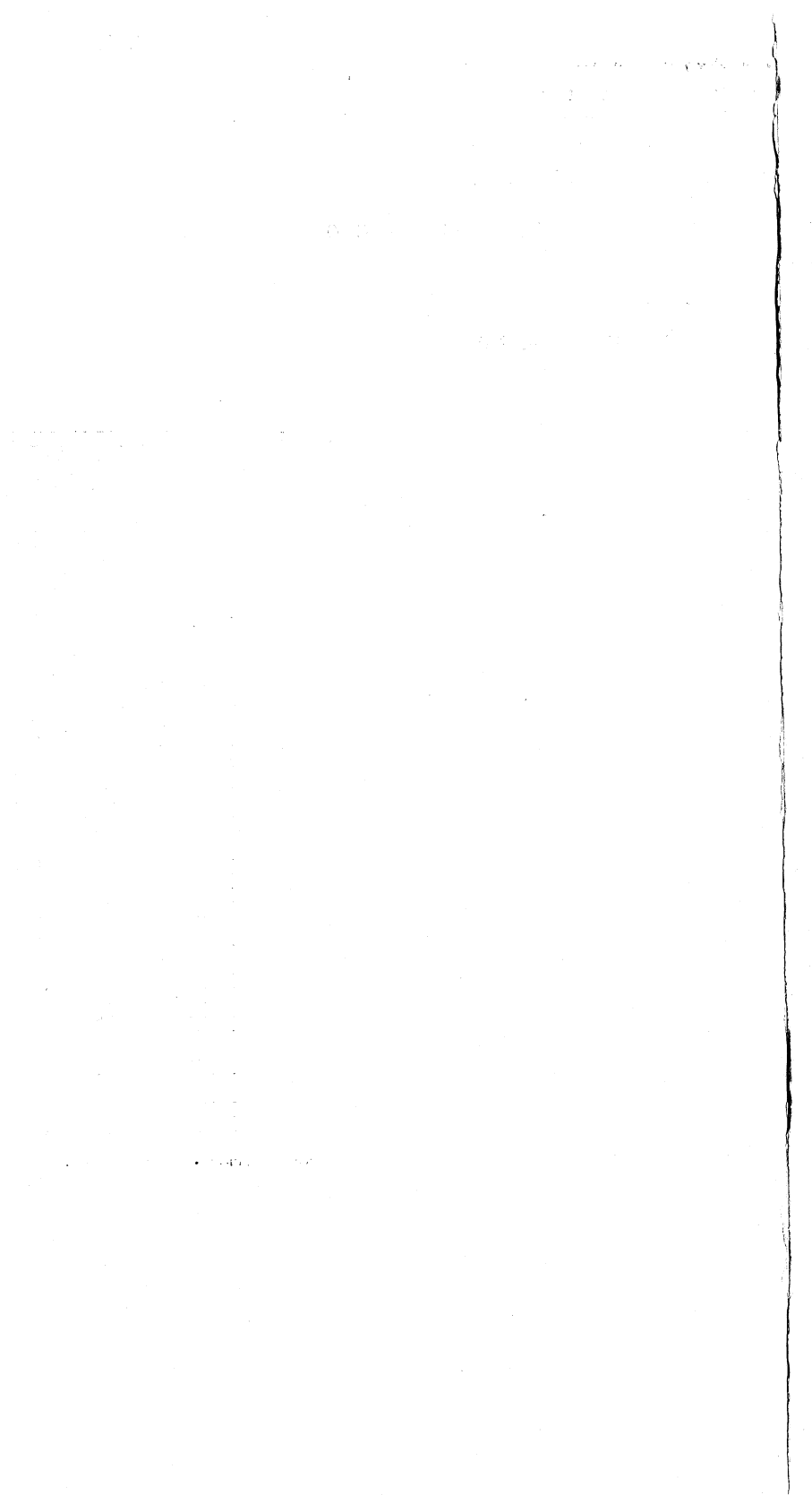
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 President pro. tem.—FRED W. HORN.

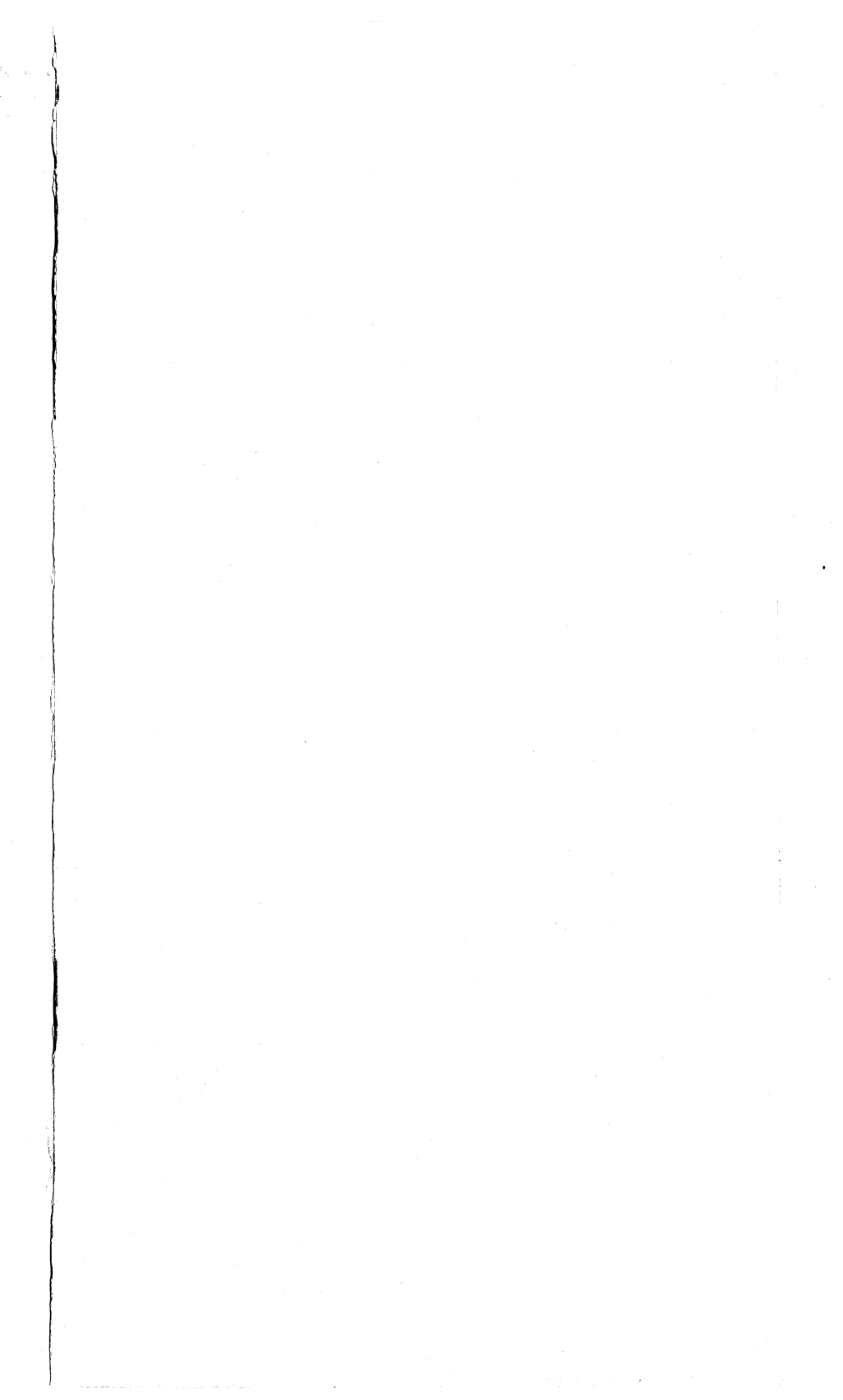
Chief Clerk—JOHN P. HUME,
 Sergeant-at-arms—JOHN A. BARNEY.

REPORTERS.

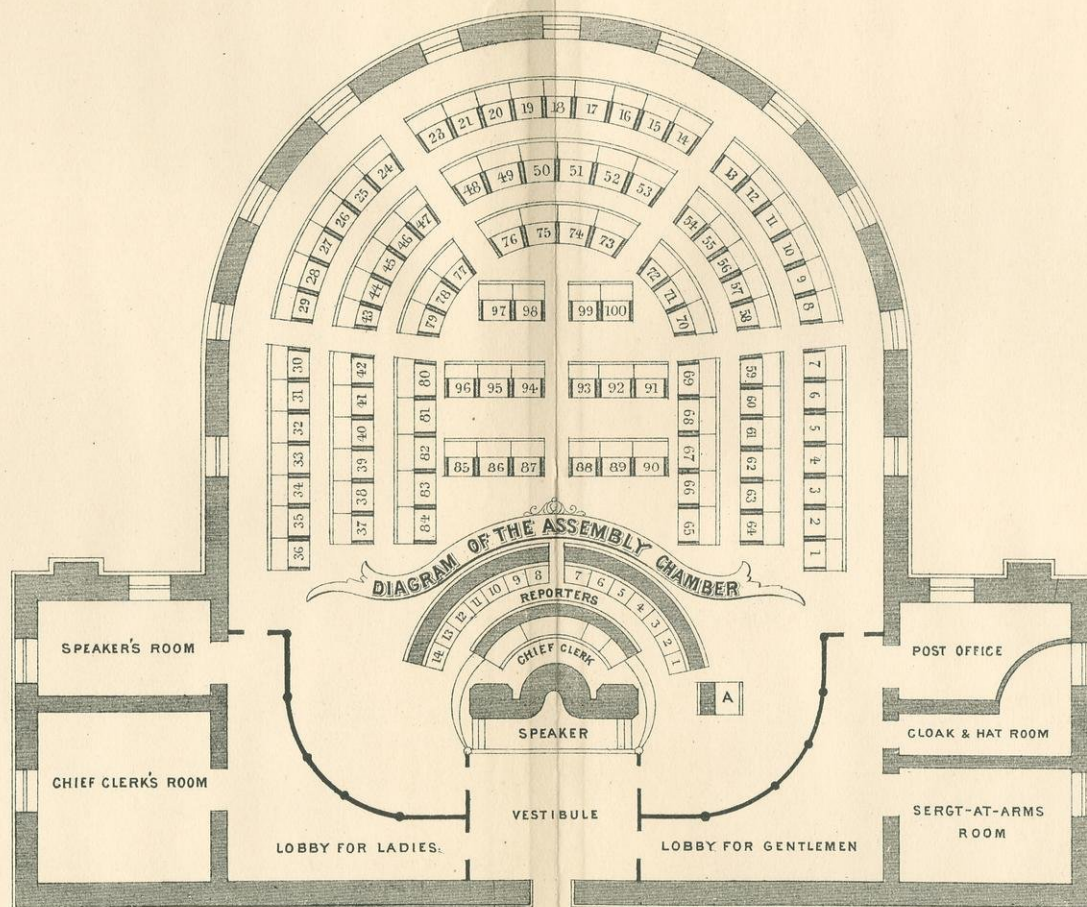
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 W. F. WOLFE, *Madison Democrat*.
 PHILIP WELLS, *Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin*.
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 WOLF VON SCHIERBRAND, *Chicago Herald*.
 HUBERT E. ROGERS, *La Crosse Leader*.
 GEORGE MATHIES, *Chicago Times*.

OSCAR HEINRICH, *Milwaukee Seebote*.
 E. S. QUINN, *Milwaukee Daily News*.
 WM. IRVINE, *Wis. State Journal*.
 PAUL HAEDICKE, *Milwaukee Herald*.
 OTTO KNUESLI, *Milwaukee Abend Post*.
 E. B. HAWKINS, *Chicago Tribune*.





NAMES.	POLITICS.	SEAT.
Anson, Charles H.	R.	47
Babcock, J. W.	R.	30
Bailey, L. S.	D.	53
Baker, Edmund U.	D.	62
Bannon, James	D.	48
Bowe, Frank	D.	50
Briggs, H. E.	D.	21
Brown, Neil	D.	18
Bullard, Ernest L.	D.	95
Burke, Michael E.	D.	66
Cheney, D. W.	D.	17
Chinnoek, George W.	R.	44
Cook, Samuel A.	R.	28
Conway, P. J.	D.	71
Couch, Charles	D.	10
Crawford, Robert M.	D.	100
Croll, William	D.	85
Davenport, C. A.	R.	22
Dawson, John	D.	65
Desmond, Humphrey J.	D.	88
Dike, Henry B.	R.	27
Dill, D. J.	R.	43
Dodge, Joshua E.	D.	94
Edwards, John	D.	11
English, Thomas W.	D.	57
Eno, Edgar	R.	80
Faber, William	D.	52
Fiebrantz, W. J.	R.	46
Filz, Joseph	D.	68
Finch, Oscar	D.	54
Fitzgerald, W. H.	D.	63
Gaarder, O. P.	R.	40
Gray, Albert L.	D.	90
Hall, Albert R.	R.	25
Henderson, Joseph R.	D.	61
Hinn, Christopher	D.	59
Hogan, James J.	D. Spk'r	
Horn, John	D.	87
Houston, R. S.	D.	96
Hunt, Henry C.	D.	56
Jacobi, C. Hugo	D.	86
Jennings, David	D.	6
Keogh, Ed.	D.	99
Kizer, F. C.	R.	97
Knapstein, Theodore	D.	67
Konrad, August	D.	3
Krez, Conrad	D.	93
Kruszka, Michael	D.	92
Lamberson, Jay G.	R.	36
Larsin, James	U. L.	13



NAMES.	POLITICS.	SEAT.
Lee, A. R.	D.	9
Leonhardy, John	D.	58
Longbotham, John	R.	26
Lusher, Gustav S.	D.	75
McGeehan, Robert J.	D.	55
McGillivray, Jas. J.	R.	31
McGuigan, Ambrose	D.	9
McMullen, Wm. V.	D.	51
Maxon, Joseph S.	R.	24
Mead, L. H.	R.	98
Meloy, Charles J.	D.	70
Moore, Charles W.	R.	81
Munger, A. R.	R.	78
Nolan, J. P.	D.	72
O'Connor, Thomas	D.	1
Olson, Brown	R.	42
Osborn, Charles F.	R.	29
Oswald, John J.	D.	7
Peirce, C. E.	R.	37
Phalen, Dennis T.	D.	64
Pierron, William	R.	45
Plummer, Wm. E.	R.	38
Porter, Wm. H.	R.	35
Pugh, Wm. T.	R.	82
Putnam, Henry C.	R.	83
Reuter, Christian	D.	2
Rosenkrans, Omar L.	R.	79
Rossman, Louis	R.	33
Rossman, Philip	R.	32
Sampson, Bennett E.	D.	4
Schmitz, Philip, Jr.	D.	89
Schuetz, Henry	D.	5
Schwefel, William	D.	20
Smith, C. E.	D.	34
Smith, E. C.	D.	15
Smith, L. H.	R.	41
Stoppenbach, Joseph	D.	69
Tarrant, Henry	R.	39
Taylor, J. A.	D.	74
Textor, Clinton	D.	77
Thompson, Ambrose	D.	12
Tormey, James	D.	16
Tracy, John	D.	60
Warden, A. F.	D.	76
Warner, M. J.	D.	8
Watson, James W.	D.	49
Whiteside, C. M.	D.	19
Wiegand, O. O.	D.	14
Williams, O. T.	R.	84
Winans, John	D.	73

OFFICERS.

Speaker—JAMES J. HOGAN.

Chief Clerk—G. W. PORTH.

Sergeant-at-arms—PATRICK WHALEN.

REPORTERS.

O. D. BRANDENBURG, *Madison Democrat*.

E. R. PETHERICK, *Milwaukee Journal*.

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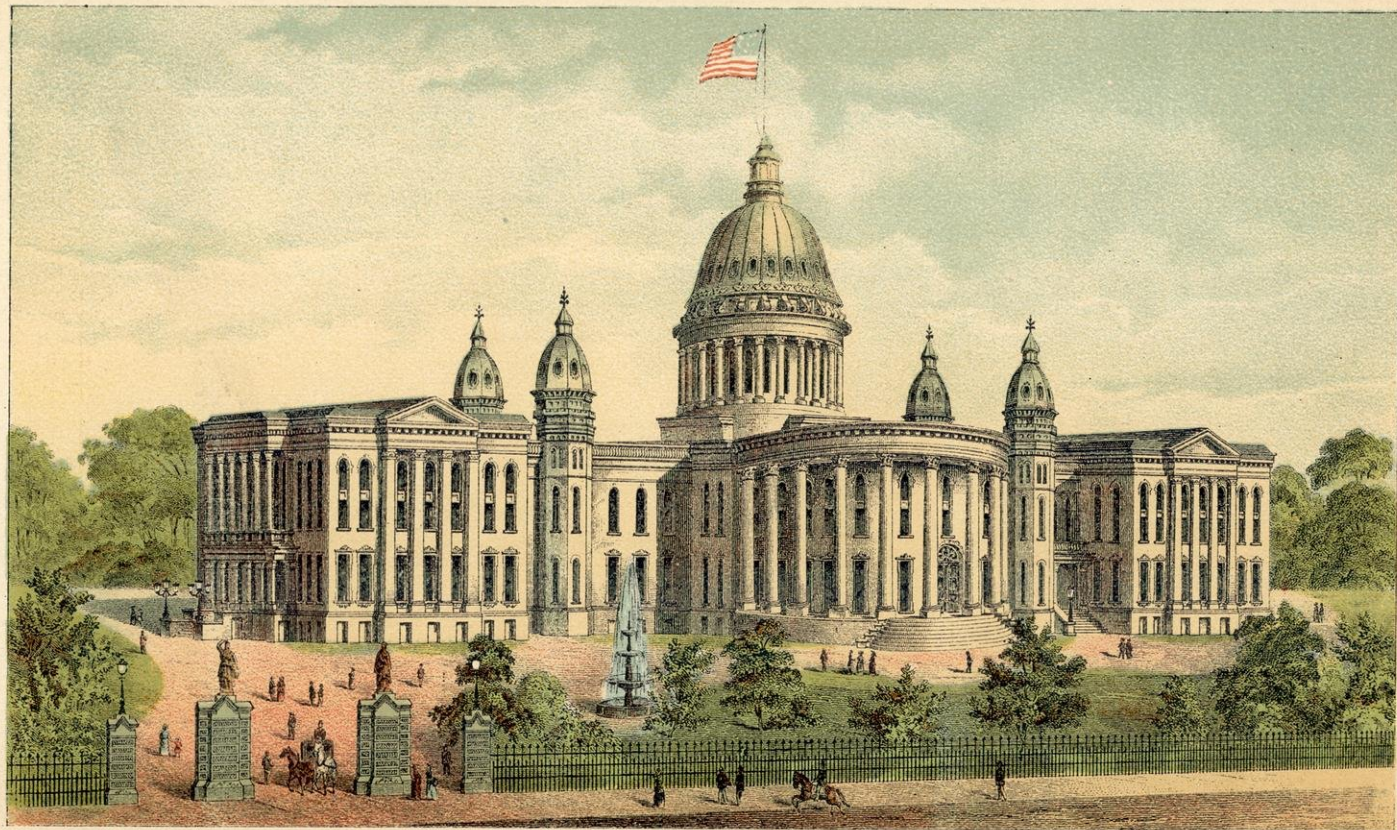
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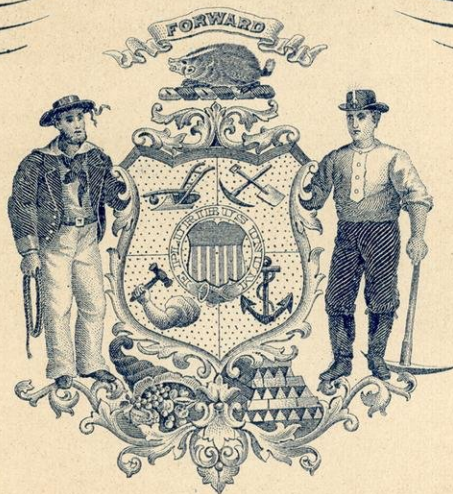
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WISCONSIN STATE CAPITOL.

THE MILWAUKEE LITHO & ENGR. CO.

THE
BLUE BOOK
OF THE
STATE OF WISCONSIN



COMPILED AND PUBLISHED
UNDER DIRECTION OF

THOMAS J. CUNNINGHAM.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

1891.

THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENGR. CO.

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INTRODUCTORY.

Herewith is presented volume XXVI, of the Wisconsin Blue Book. The efficient work of my predecessors in office, has left me little chance for improvement, so far as the subject matter proper of the Blue Book is concerned. But realizing how important it has become as a work of reference in the public schools of the state, in libraries and in households, I have added several new features, chief in importance of which is a chronological table of the principal events in the history of the state. This has not been made as full as would have been done had there been time after my induction into office, to condense some other facts where it was admissible, so as not to add to its bulk and expense. And lest other hands may prepare the next manual, I would here call attention to the importance of this feature. There is no other work in which the history of the state can be so epitomized and serve so wide a purpose. None will doubt the wisdom and good taste of preserving the names for all time, of all who have assisted in making and executing our laws, but if any discrimination is permissible, how much more entitled to this distinction, are those hardy pioneers

“Who trod the prairies as of old,
Our fathers sailed the sea;
And made the west, as they the east,
The homestead of the free.”

Who sought not honors except in honest toil, and many of whom, before it had a legislature at all, found graves in the commonwealth they had helped to rear.

The issue of this work has been withheld to a later date than usual, in order to embrace many very important features such as the new congressional and legislative apportionments, newly created judicial circuits and a detailed statement of the federal census, area of state, acres of land, taxation, valuation by counties and statement of the principal farm products of the state.

The volume is somewhat larger than usual, owing to the amplified manner of publishing election statistics, over two hundred pages being devoted to that matter. In the limited time allowed to prepare the election returns for the work, it would be next to impossible to escape making some errors, either in compiling or printing such a mass of figures. It is hoped that if such are noted, that they will not seriously affect the general value of the work.

T. J. C.

PUBLICATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF BLUE BOOKS

CHAPTER 421, Laws of 1889.

AN ACT relating to the publication and distribution of the Blue Book, and repealing certain acts relating thereto.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows.

SECTION 1. The Secretary of State shall, under the contract with the state printer and upon as favorable terms as he can secure for the state, cause seventeen thousand copies of the Blue Book to be published in addition to those already published for the year 1889; those published for the year 1889, to be distributed as hereinafter provided, and twenty-five thousand copies biennially thereafter, at each regular session of the legislature, to be distributed in like manner.

SECTION 2. The distribution of the Blue Book shall be as follows: One hundred and twenty-five copies to each member of the senate representing a population of less than forty-five thousand; one hundred and fifty copies to each member of the senate representing a population of forty-five thousand or over; one hundred copies to each chief clerk of the two houses and to each member of assembly representing a population of ten thousand or less; one hundred and twenty-five copies to each member of assembly representing a population of more than ten thousand and not exceeding fifteen thousand; one hundred and fifty copies to each member of assembly representing a population of fifteen thousand and over; said apportionment to be made on the basis of the last national or state census taken prior to the regular sessions of the legislature; fifty copies each to the sergeants-at-arms of the two houses; ten copies to each of the assistant chief clerks and bookkeepers of the two houses; one copy to each clerk and employe of the two houses, one hundred copies each to the governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, attorney-general, insurance and railroad commissioners and two copies to each of the other officers at the capitol and one to each of their assistants; sixty copies to the state historical society, and one copy each to the state agricultural society and the state horticultural society, one copy each to the members of the state board of charities and reforms and the state board of supervision, one copy each to the academy of the arts and sciences, the home office of the Wisconsin humane society and to each branch of the same, to each regent of the state university and normal schools, to each college, academy, free high school, normal school and free public library of the state, to each charitable and penal institution, to each county clerk and county superintendent of schools, of the several counties of the state, to the clerk of the court for each United States court for Wisconsin, to each judge of the United States court sitting within this state, to each justice of the supreme court, each circuit judge and each county judge, to each member of the state board of health, and to each reporter in regular attendance on the legislature. The remainder shall be kept by the secretary of state, who shall deliver to the superintendent of public property, at the beginning of each session of the legislature a sufficient number to supply one each to the several members, chief clerks and sergeant-at-arms of the two houses, and one each to the several committees and joint committees, and the remainder shall be kept for exchange. Each county clerk receiving such Blue Book shall preserve and deliver the same to his successor in office, and it shall be for the use of all persons desiring to use the same in the office of such clerk. The expense of preparing and publishing such blue book, other than such as is covered by the contract with the state printer, shall be fixed by the secretary of state.

SECTION 3. There is hereby appropriated biennially, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated a sum sufficient to carry out the provisions of this act.

SECTION 4. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

For General Index alphabetically arranged, see pages 607 to 632.

PART I.—Pages 1-106.	Page.
Declaration of Independence.....	1-2
Constitution of the United States.....	3-12
Constitution of Wisconsin.....	13-33
Jefferson's Manual.....	35-73
Precedents and Forms.....	74-86
Rules of the Senate.....	87-92
Rules of the Assembly.....	93-101
Joint Rules.....	102-104
Election of U. S. Senator.....	105-106, 586

PART II.—Pages 109-190.	
Outline History of Wisconsin.....	109-114
Officers of Territorial Government.....	115
Territorial Legislatures.....	116-124
Constitutional Conventions.....	125-126
Officers of State Government.....	127-129
Judges of Supreme and Circuit Courts.....	129-130, 467-480
Members of Wisconsin Legislatures, 1848 to 1899.....	131-176
Senators.....	131-138
Assemblymen.....	139-176
Speakers Assembly.....	177
Clerks.....	178
Sergeants-at-Arms.....	179
Legislative Sessions, length of, etc.....	180-182
Presidential Electors.....	183
Representatives in Congress.....	184-185
Senators.....	184
Representatives.....	184-185
U. S. Presidents and Vice-Presidents.....	186-187
Presidents pro tem. U. S. Senate.....	188
Speakers House of Representatives.....	189

PART III.—Election Statistics, Pages 193-312.	
Electoral vote 1860-1888.....	193
Popular for President 1894-1888, by states, with pluralities.....	194-195
Popular for President, 1890-1856.....	196-198
Summary of Electoral and Popular.....	199-201
Election Statistics by counties.....	202-312
(See page v. <i>post.</i>)	
Population, 1885, with presidential and gubernatorial vote, by counties, towns, cities, etc., pluralities.....	202-253
Vote for president, 1884-1888, in state.....	254
Ratio of democratic vote for governor in 1888 to 1890, same as to republi- can vote.....	255
Vote for state officers, by counties, 1890.....	256-261
Governor, lieutenant governor, secre- tary of state.....	256-257
Treasurer, attorney general, state su- perintendent.....	258-259
Railroad and insurance commis- sioner.....	260-261
Summary of gubernatorial vote, with pluralities, 1848-1890.....	262
Presidential vote in state, 1848-1888.....	263
Associate justice, 1889.....	264
Circuit judges.....	265-266
On constitutional amendment.....	267-268

PART III.—Election Statistics—Continued.	Page.
Congressional vote, 1st district.....	269-271
2d district.....	272-274
3d district.....	274-277
4th district.....	277-278
5th district.....	279-281
6th district.....	282-285
7th district.....	285-289
8th district.....	289-295
9th district.....	295-298
Election precincts in state, 1890, by counties.....	303
Legislative vote, senators.....	303-303
assemblymen.....	306-312

PART IV.—State Finances.....	313-336
State Indebtedness.....	313
General Fund.....	313-316
Trust Funds.....	316-321
Valuation and State Tax for 1890.....	322-323
Area of State, acres and valuation, with tax and population, 1890.....	324-325
Condition of State Banks, January 5, 1891.....	326-330

PART V.—Pages 331-417.	
The Wisconsin Press.....	331-340
Post-offices in Wisconsin.....	341-352
List of post-offices of 1st, 2d, and 3d classes, with salaries.....	352
Post-office Regulations.....	356-357
Post-offices in each State and Territory.....	355
Population of the United States, 1840- 1890, with standing of States as to population.....	358
States, from what Territory formed, and date of admission.....	359
Population of State 1830-1890, by coun- ties.....	360-361
Nativity of, 1885.....	362-363
Interest laws of States and statute of limitations.....	364
Areas of States and Territories.....	368
Statistics of principal countries, popu- lation, area and debt.....	366-367
Qualifications required for voting by various states.....	368-369
Pension statistics, 1861-1890.....	370
location of agencies and Territory.....	371
Pensioners in State by counties.....	372
Survivors of war for Union.....	372
Amount disbursed at various pension agencies, 1890.....	373
Value of foreign coins in U. S. money.....	374-375
Immigration into the U. S., 1821-1890, with nativity.....	376-377
Statistics of illiteracy.....	377
Wars of U. S., with troops engaged.....	378-379
Public Domain (acres).....	379
Land Grants.....	379-381
Indian Reservations, acres, population, etc.....	382

PART V.—Continued.	Page.
Vacant lands in U. S.	380
Public Libraries in State	382
Miles of Railroads in State	383
United States land offices by States.	384
Public Debt	385
Legal Holidays.	385
State Central Committees.	386
Party Platforms	387-398
Commissioners World's Fair by States	399-400
Direct War Tax.	401
Principal farm products by counties (wheat, corn, oats, butter, cheese, tobacco, etc.)	402-403
Horses, cattle, hogs, sheep, wool.	404
Iron ore	405
Eleventh U. S. census, by counties, towns, etc.	407-417

PART VI.—Pages 421-463.	
State Institutions	421-463
Capitol	422
University	423-431
Normal Schools.	435-442
History of	435-437
Platteville	438
Whitewater	439
Oshkosh	440
River Falls.	441
Milwaukee	442
Charitable, Reformatory and Penal In- stitutions.	443
Board of Charities and Reform, du- ties, etc.	443-445
Board of Supervision	446-449
State Hospital	450
Northern Hospital	451
School for Deaf	452-453
Blind	454-455
Boys	456
Girls	459-460
State Prison	457
State Public School	458-459
National, Soldiers' Home	461-462
Wisconsin Veterans' Home	463

PART VII.—Pages 467-568.	
The U. S. and State Judiciary	467-480
U. S.	467-470
State (Circuits) with terms.	471-480, 651
U. S. Government, Departments and Officers.	481-489
Fifty-Second Congress—Senators.	490
Representatives.	491-494
Salaries	494
New apportionment of (U. S.) with Presidential Electors.	495
Diplomatic and Consular Service.	496-511
Foreign Legations in U. S.	512-513

PART VII.—Continued.	Page.
State and territorial governments, with names of governors, politics, sal- ary, meeting of legislature and population.	514-515
State government.	516-521
State boards, commissions, etc.	522-528
Fish and Game, when may be caught, etc.	528, 651
Miscellaneous societies.	529-534
Historical	529-530
Agricultural.	530-531
Dairymen's.	531
Horticultural.	532
Short horn breeders, wool growers and sheep breeders, swine breed- ers, farmers' alliance, state grange, press association, acad- emy of sciences, and teachers' association.	532-534
Wisconsin national guard.	535-537
Agricultural Societies, officers of vari- ous, and aid paid to, 1890.	538-539
County officers.	540-545
School officers, county superintend- ents.	545
City, high schools	546, 547, 548
School census statistics	549-552
number of school children from 4 to 20, in cities, teachers employed, etc.	549
same, counties.	550-551
summary of, 1880-1890.	552
Statistical list of members of legisla- ture	553-557
senators.	553-554
assemblymen.	555-557
Alphabetical list of members with committees on which they served	558-560
Senators.	558
Assemblymen.	559-560
Standing committees.	561-563
Joint	563
Statistical list of employes.	564-567
Senate.	564-565
Assembly	566-567
Election of U. S. senator 1891	568

PART VIII.—Pages 591-606.	
Biographies of senators and congress- men	571-574
Biographies of state officers.	575-577
Biographies of senators	577-584
officers	585
Biographies of members of as- sembly.	586-605
officers	606
GENERAL INDEX.	607-632
LIST OF NAMES	633
APPORTIONMENT.	644-650
ADDENDA—Terms of court; game laws.	651

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

v

ELECTION STATISTICS BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	Presiden- tial and guberna- torial vote, 1888-90 with pluralities and popu- lation, 1885.	Ratio of vote on governor in 1890 to same in 1888.	Vote on state officers 1890.	Vote on congress- men 1890, by towns, cities, and precincts, with sum- mary.	Number of elec- tion pre- cincts in 1890.	Vote on legisla- tive candidates 1888-90, with pluralities.	Census 1890, eleventh U. S., by towns, cities, etc.
	Page.	Page.	Page.	Page.	Page.	Page.	Page.
Adams	302	255	256-261	282-285	302	305-06	407
Ashland	302	255	256-261	295-302	302	303-06	407
Barron	303	255	256-261	289-295	302	305-06	407
Bayfield	304	255	256-261	289-295	302	305-06	407
Brown	304	255	256-261	279-281	302	303-06	407
Buffalo	305	255	256-261	290-295	302	305-06	407-408
Burnett	306	255	256-261	290-295	302	303-06	408
Calumet	307	255	256-261	279-281	302	305-06	408
Chippewa	307	255	256-261	296-302	302	305-06	408
Clark	308	255	256-261	290-295	302	305-06	408
Columbia	309	255	256-261	282-285	302	305-06	408
Crawford	210	255	260-261	285-289	302	304-06	408
Dane	211	255	256-261	274-75-77	302	305-06-07	408-409
Dodge	212	255	256-261	272-274	302	304-07	409
Door	213	255	256-261	296-302	302	303-07	409
Douglas	214	255	256-261	291-295	302	305-06	409
Dunn	214	255	256-261	291-295	302	305-07	409
Eau Claire	215	255	256-261	291-295	302	305-07	410
Florence	216	255	256-261	296-302	302	303-06	410
Fond du Lac	216	255	256-261	272-274	302	304-07	410
Forest	217	255	256-261	296-302	302	303-06	410
Grant	217-218	255	256-261	275-277	302	304-07	410
Green	219	255	256-261	275-277	302	304-08	410
Green Lake	219	255	256-261	282-285	302	303-08	410
Iowa	220	255	256-261	276-277	302	305-08	410-411
Jackson	220	255	256-261	292-295	302	305-08	411
Jefferson	221	255	256-261	269-271	302	304-08	411
Juneau	222	255	256-261	285-289	302	304-08	411
Kenosha	223	255	256-261	269-271	302	303-08	411
Kewaunee	223	255	256-261	279-281	302	304-08-09	411
La Crosse	224	255	256-261	286-289	302	305-08-09	411
La Fayette	225	255	256-261	276-277	302	304-08-09	411-412
Langlade	225	255	256-261	297-302	302	303-09	412
Lincoln	226	255	256-261	297-302	302	303-09	412
Manitowoc	227	255	256-261	280-281	302	304-09	412
Marathon	227-228	255	256-261	297-302	302	303-04-09	412
Marinette	229	255	256-261	298-302	302	303-09	412
Marquette	229	255	256-261	283-285	302	305-06	412
Milwaukee	230-232	255	256-261	277-278	302	305-09-10	412-413
Monroe	233	255	256-261	286-289	302	305-10	413
Oconto	233	255	256-261	298-302	302	303-06	413
Oneida	234	255	256-261	299-302	302	303-06	413
Outagamie	235	255	256-261	283-285	302	304-10	413
Ozaukee	235	255	256-261	280-281	302	305-10	413
Pepin	236	255	256-261	292-295	302	305-10	413
Pierce	236	255	256-261	292-295	302	303-10	413-414
Polk	237	255	256-261	292-295	302	305-10	414
Portage	238	255	256-261	293-295	302	303-10	414
Price	239	255	256-261	299-302	303	303-06	414
Racine	239	255	256-261	299-302	303	303-06	414
Richland	240	255	256-261	269-270-71	302	303-10	414
Rock	241	255	256-261	287-289	302	305-11	414
St. Croix	241	255	256-261	270-271	302	304-11	414
Sauk	242	255	256-261	293-295	302	303-11	415
Sawyer	243	255	256-261	287-289	302	304-11	415
Shawano	243	255	256-261	300-302	302	305-06	415
Sheboygan	243	255	256-261	300-302	302	304-311-12	415
Taylor	244	255	256-261	280-281	302	304-11	415
Trempealeau	245	255	256-261	300-302	302	303-09	415
Vernon	246	255	256-261	294-295	302	305-11	415
Walworth	246	255	256-261	288-289	302	305-11	415-416
Washington	247	255	256-261	270-271	302	303-11	416
Waushara	247	255	256-261	294-295	302	305-06	416
Winnebago	248	255	256-261	273-274	302	305-11	416
Wood	249	255	256-261	273-274	302	304-12	416
	250	255	256-261	301-302	302	303-12	416
	251	255	256-261	284-285	302	303-12	416
	251	255	256-261	284-285	302	304-12	417
	252	255	256-261	301-302	302	305-12	417

ILLUSTRATIONS.

	Page.
Armory of Light Horse Squadron	396
Assembly Chamber, diagram of	Front
Districts, apportionment, 1891, map.....	Back
Blind, school for.....	444
Boys, school for	176
Capitol	Frontispiece
Congressional Districts, apportionment, 1891	Back
Dairy and Stock Farm	145
Deaf, school for	113
Fish Hatchery	192
Girls, school for.....	128
Insane Hospital, State.....	450
Northern	451
Judicial Circuits (map).....	Back
Normal schools:	
Milwaukee.....	364
Oshkosh	96
Platteville	426
River Falls	160
Whitewater	80
Prison	460
Public School.....	446
Senate Chamber, diagram of	Front
Senatorial Districts (map)	Back
Soldiers' National Home	380
Veterans' Home.....	372
University	420
Washburn Observatory	428

PART I.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

CONSTITUTION OF WISCONSIN.

JEFFERSON'S MANUAL.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

RULES AND ORDERS.



DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

UNANIMOUSLY PASSED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE THIRTEEN UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, JULY 4, 1776.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and, accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having, in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good. He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and, when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them. He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people unless these people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only. He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable, and distant from the depository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures. He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly for opposing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people. He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise, the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the danger of invasion from without and convulsions within. He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their emigration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands. He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers. He has made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and the amount and payment of their salaries. He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance. He has kept among us, in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislature. He has affected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power. He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us; for protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of

these States; for cutting off our trade with all parts of the world; for imposing taxes on us without our consent; for depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury. For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offences. For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies; for taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the powers of our governments; for suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever. He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us. He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coast, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people. He is at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation, and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation. He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands. He has excited domestic insurrections among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes, and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attention to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts made by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war — in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connections between them and the State of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as free and independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and to do all other acts and things which independent States may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor.

(Signed)

JOHN HANCOCK.

And by the delegates from New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Connecticut, Rhode Island, &c., New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors for the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of *New Hampshire* shall be entitled to choose three, *Massachusetts* eight, *Rhode Island and Providence Plantations* one, *Connecticut* five, *New York* six, *New Jersey* four, *Pennsylvania* eight, *Delaware* one, *Maryland* six, *Virginia* ten, *North Carolina* five, *South Carolina* five, and *Georgia* three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore* in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is

tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECTION 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECTION 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECTION 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECTION 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes;

To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECTION 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

SECTION 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural-born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established

by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they may think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress such information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States.

SECTION 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECTION 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact; with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attained.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECTION 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 3. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more states, or part of States, without the consent of the legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations

respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guaranty to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the convention of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

MASSACHUSETTS.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

CONNECTICUT.

WM. SAML. JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN.

NEW YORK.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

NEW JERSEY.

WIL. LIVINGSTON,
DAVID BREARLY,
WM. PATERSON,
JONA DAYTON.

PENNSYLVANIA.

B. FRANKLIN,
THOMAS MIFFLIN,
ROBERT MORRIS,
GEO. CLYMER,
THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JARED INGERSOLL,
JAMES WILSON,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Attest:

WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*

DELAWARE.

GEO. READ,
GUNNING BEDFORD, JUN^r,
JOHN DICKINSON,
RICHARD BASSETT,
JACO. BROOM.

MARYLAND.

JAMES MCHENRY,
DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER,
DANL. CARROLL.

VIRGINIA.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, JUN^r.

NORTH CAROLINA.

WM. BLOUNT,
RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT,
HU. WILLIAMSON.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CH'S. COATESWORTH PINCKNEY,
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

GEORGIA.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

AMENDMENTS.

[The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the first Congress of the United States, which was began and held at the city of New York, on the 4th of March, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.—1 vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72.]

[The preamble and resolution following, preceded the original proposition of the amendments, and, as they have been supposed by a high equity judge (S Wendell's reports, p. 100) to have an important bearing on the construction of those amendments, they are here inserted. They will be found in the journals of the first session of the first Congress.]

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, begun and held at the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a number of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution,—

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the highest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECTION 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the execu-

tive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

SECTION 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

SECTION 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECTION 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

HISTORY OF THE AMENDMENTS.

Twelve amendments were proposed by Congress, September 25, 1789, the last ten of which were adopted, and they are the first ten as given above. They were proclaimed in force December 15, 1791.

The rejected Articles were as follows:

I. After the first enumeration required by the First Article of the Constitution, there shall be one representative for every 30,000 persons, until the number shall amount to one hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than one hundred Representatives nor more than one for every 40,000 persons, until the number shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every 50,000 persons.

II. No law varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives shall take effect until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

The twelve proposed amendments were acted upon as follows: All ratified by Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia — 7.

All excepting Art. I. ratified by Delaware — 1.

All excepting Art. II. ratified by Pennsylvania — 1.

All excepting Arts. I. and II. ratified by New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island — 3.

All rejected by Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts — 3.

Article XI. was proposed by Congress March 12, 1794, and declared in force January 8, 1798.

Article XII. was proposed in the first session of the Eighth Congress and declared in force September 25, 1804.

Article XIII. was proposed by Congress February 1, 1865, and declared in force December 18, 1865.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin. — 34.

Ratified conditionally by Alabama and Mississippi. Rejected by Delaware and Kentucky — 2.

Article XIV. was proposed by Congress June 13, 1866, and declared in force July 28, 1868.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin — 33.

Of the above, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia first rejected the amendment but finally ratified it. New Jersey and Ohio rescinded their ratification.

No final action was taken by California — 1.

Rejected by Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland — 3.

Article XV was proposed by Congress February 26, 1869, and declared in force March 30, 1870.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin — 30.

Of the above Georgia and Ohio first rejected but finally ratified. New York rescinded her ratification. The amendment was rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Oregon — 6.

No final action was taken by Tennessee — 1.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom, in order to se ure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquility, and promote the general welfare, do establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

SECTION 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

SECTION 2. There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in this State otherwise than for the punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

SECTION 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence; and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts.

SECTION 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble to consult for the common good, and to petition the government or any department thereof shall never be abridged.

SECTION 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate, and shall extend to all cases at law, without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment be inflicted.

SECTION 7. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district wherein the offense shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, unless on the presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by justices of the peace, or arising in the army or navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; and no person for the same offense shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require.

SECTION 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws, for all injuries or wrongs he may receive in his person, property, or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

SECTION 10. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

SECTION 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

SECTION 12. No bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall ever be passed; and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

SECTION 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use without just compensation therefor.

SECTION 14. All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited. Leases and grants of agricultural land, for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines and like restraints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land hereafter made, are declared to be void.

SECTION 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment, or descent of property.

SECTION 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt arising out of, or founded on a contract, expressed or implied.

SECTION 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure or sale for the payment of any debt or liability hereafter contracted.

SECTION 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of his own conscience shall never be infringed, nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry, against his consent. Nor shall any control of, or interference with the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments or mode of worship. Nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious or theological seminaries.

SECTION 19. No religious tests shall ever be required as a qualification for any office or public trust, under the State, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law or equity, in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

SECTION 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

SECTION 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

SECTION 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II.

BOUNDARIES.

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared that the State of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to wit: beginning at the northeast corner of the State of Illinois, that is to say, at a point in the center of Lake Michigan where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence, running with the boundary of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menominee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule, in a direct line to the center of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the head waters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cram; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior; thence through the centre of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nicollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the river St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the center of the main channel of that river to the northwest corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois, to the place of beginning, as established by "an act to enable the people of the Illinois Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States," approved April 18, 1818. [* *Provided, however, That the following alteration of the aforesaid boundary be, and hereby is, proposed to the*

* Not assented to by Congress.

Congress of the United States as the preference of the State of Wisconsin, and if the same shall be assented and agreed to by the Congress of the United States, then the same shall be and forever remain obligatory on the State of Wisconsin, viz.: leaving the aforesaid boundary line at the foot of the rapids of the St. Louis river; thence, in a direct line bearing southwesterly, to the mouth of the Iskodewabo or Rum river, where the same empties into the Mississippi river, thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi river, as prescribed in the aforesaid boundary.]

SECTION 2. The propositions contained in the act of Congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States; and it is hereby ordained that this State shall never interfere with the primary disposition of the soil within the same, by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to *bona fide* purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land, the property of the United States; and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. *Provided*, That nothing in this Constitution, or in the act of Congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice or affect the right of the State of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land granted to said State, and to be hereafter selected and located, by and under the act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights," approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE III.

SUFFRAGE.

SECTION 1. Every male person, of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the State for one year next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

1. White citizens of the United States.
2. White persons of foreign birth, who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.
3. Persons of Indian blood, who have once been declared by law of Congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
4. Civilized persons of Indian descent, not members of any tribe. *Provided*, That the legislature may, at any time, extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election.

SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, *non compos mentis*, or insane shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason or felony be qualified to vote at any election unless restored to civil rights.

SECTION 3. All votes shall be given by ballot, except for such township officers as may by law be directed or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State.

SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman, or marine, in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this State in consequence of being stationed within the same.

SECTION 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become directly or indirectly interested in, any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, from the right to vote at such election.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

SECTION 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly.

SECTION 2. The number of the members of the Assembly shall never be less than fifty-four, nor more than one hundred. The Senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth, of the number of the members of the Assembly.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and at the end of every ten years thereafter; and at their first session after such enumeration, and also for each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the Legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, and soldiers and officers of the United States army and navy.

SECTION 4. The members of the Assembly shall be chosen annually by single districts on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The Senators shall be chosen by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the Assembly are required to be chosen, and no Assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a Senate district. The Senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the Senators chosen by the odd numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the first year, and the Senators chosen by the even numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and thereafter the Senators shall be chosen for the term of two years.

SECTION 6. No person shall be eligible to the Legislature who shall not have resided one year within the State, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

SECTION 7. Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide.

SECTION 8. Each House may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

SECTION 9. Each House shall choose its own officers, and the Senate shall choose a temporary President, when the Lieutenant Governor shall not attend as President, or shall act as Governor.

SECTION 10. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each House shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

SECTION 11. The Legislature shall meet at the seat of Government, at such time as shall be provided by law, once in each year, and no oftener, unless convened by the Governor.

SECTION 12. No member of the Legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the State which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

SECTION 13. No person being a member of Congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature; and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the Government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

SECTION 14. The Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either House of the Legislature.

SECTION 15. Members of the Legislature shall, in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process, during the session of the Legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

SECTION 16. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil action or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

SECTION 17. The style of the laws of the State shall be, "The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows," and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

SECTION 18. No private or local bill, which may be passed by the Legislature, shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

SECTION 19. Any bill may originate in either House of the Legislature, and a bill passed by one House may be amended by the other.

SECTION 20. The yeas and nays of the members of either House, on any question, shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

SECTION 21. Each member of the Legislature shall receive for his services, two dollars and fifty cents for each day's attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route.

SECTION 22. The Legislature may confer upon the Boards of Supervisors of the severa/

counties of the State, such powers, of a local, legislative, and administrative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 23. The Legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

SECTION 24. The Legislature shall never authorize any lottery or grant any divorce.

SECTION 25. The Legislature shall provide by law that all stationery required for the use of the State, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder; but the Legislature may establish a maximum price. No member of the Legislature, or other State officer, shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

SECTION 26. The Legislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant or contractor, after the service shall have been rendered or the contract entered into. Nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office.

SECTION 27. The Legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what court suit may be brought against the State.

SECTION 28. Members of the Legislature, and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

SECTION 29. The Legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 30. In all elections to be made by the Legislature, the members thereof shall vote *viva voce*, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a Governor who shall hold his office for two years. A Lieutenant Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term.

SECTION 2. No person, except a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the State shall be eligible to the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor.

SECTION 3. The Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at the times and places of choosing members of the Legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be elected. But in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor or Lieutenant Governor, the two Houses of the Legislature, at its next annual session, shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor or Lieutenant Governor. The returns of election for Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

SECTION 4. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the military and naval forces of the State. He shall have the power to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions; and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of the Government, he may convene them at any other suitable place within the State. He shall communicate to the Legislature, at every session, the condition of the State, and recommend such matter to them for their consideration, as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the Government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures, as may be resolved upon by the Legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

SECTION 6. The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations, and pardons, after conviction, for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Upon conviction for treason, he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentence until the case shall be reported to the Legislature, at its next meeting, when the Legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the

crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon, or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

SECTION 7. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor, for the residue of the term, or until the Governor, absent or impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of war, at the head of the military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-Chief of the military force of the State.

SECTION 8. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or from mental or physical disease become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the Secretary of State shall act as Governor until the vacancy shall be filled, or the disability shall cease.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive double the *per diem* allowance of members of the Senate, for every day's attendance as President of the Senate, and the same mileage as shall be allowed to members of the Legislature.

SECTION 10. Every bill which shall have passed the Legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor. If he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, unless the Legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

SECTION 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing the members of the Legislature, a Secretary of State, Treasurer, and Attorney General, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the Legislature and Executive Department of the State, and shall, when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto before either branch of the Legislature. He shall be *ex officio* auditor, and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services, yearly, such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the Treasurer and Attorney General shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, Coroners, Registers of Deeds and District Attorneys shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years, and as often as vacancies shall happen. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices. They may be required by law to renew their security from time to time; and in default of giving such new security, their offices shall be deemed vacant. But the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the Sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

JUDICIARY.

SECTION 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall have the power of impeaching all civil officers of this State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office after he shall have been impeached, until his acquit-

tal. Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation truly and impartially to try the impeachment, according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, or removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust, under the State; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

SECTION 2. The judicial power of this State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme Court, Circuit Courts, Courts of Probate, and in Justices of the Peace. The Legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in Municipal Courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. *Provided*, that the jurisdiction which may be vested in Municipal Courts shall not exceed, in their respective municipalities, that of Circuit Courts in their respective circuits, as prescribed in this Constitution; and that the Legislature shall provide as well for the election of judges of the Municipal Courts as of the judges of inferior Courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said Municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the judges of the Circuit Courts.

SECTION 3. The Supreme Court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the State; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court, shall a trial by jury be allowed. The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

SECTION 4. For the term of five years, and thereafter until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, the judges of the several Circuit Courts shall be judges of the Supreme Court, four of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of the judges present shall be necessary to a decision. The Legislature shall have power, if they should think it expedient and necessary, to provide by law for the organization of a separate Supreme Court with the jurisdiction and powers prescribed in this Constitution, to consist of one Chief Justice and two Associate Justices to be elected by the qualified voters of the State, at such time and in such manner as the Legislature may provide. The separate Supreme Court, when so organized, shall not be changed or discontinued by the Legislature; the judges thereof shall be so classified that but one of them shall go out of office at the same time, and their term of office shall be the same as provided for the judges of the Circuit Court. And whenever the Legislature may consider it necessary to establish a separate Supreme Court, they shall have the power to reduce the number of Circuit Judges to four, and subdivide the Judicial Circuits; but no such subdivision or reduction shall take effect until after the expiration of the term of some one of the said judges, or until a vacancy occur by some other means.

SECTION 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The First Circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green. The Second Circuit, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane. The Third Circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage. The Fourth Circuit, the counties of Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet. And the Fifth Circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the county of St. Croix, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided by the Legislature.

SECTION 6. The Legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding them by county lines, but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this Constitution, and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for judges of the Circuit Court.

SECTION 7. For each circuit there shall be a judge chosen by the qualified electors therein, who shall hold his office as is provided in this Constitution, and until his successor shall be chosen and qualified; and after he shall have been elected, he shall reside in the circuit for which he was elected. One of said judges shall be designated as Chief Justice, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide. And the Legislature shall, at its first session, provide by law, as well for the election of as for classifying the judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected under this Constitution, in such a manner that one of said judges shall go out of

office in two years, one in three years, one in four years, one in five years and one in six years, and thereafter the judge elected to fill the office shall hold the same for six years.

SECTION 8. The Circuit Courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters, civil and criminal, within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law, and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals, and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

SECTION 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of Judge of the Supreme or Circuit Courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the Governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected, such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for State or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

SECTION 10. Each of the Judges of the Supreme and Circuit Courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them, for any office except a judicial office given by the Legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of Judge, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

SECTION 11. The Supreme Court shall hold at least one term annually, at the seat of government of the State, at such time as shall be provided by law, and the Legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places, when they may deem it necessary. A Circuit Court shall be held at least twice in each year, in each county of this State, organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the Circuit Court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes, by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal, as shall be provided by law. In case of a vacancy, the Judge of the Circuit Court shall have the power to appoint a clerk, until the vacancy shall be filled by an election. The clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require; and when elected, shall hold his office for a full term. The Supreme Court shall appoint its own Clerk, and the Clerk of a Circuit Court may be appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court.

SECTION 13. Any Judge of the Supreme or Circuit Court may be removed from office by address of both Houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elect to each House concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section, unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him as the ground of address, and shall have had an opportunity of being heard in his defense. On the question of removal, the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

SECTION 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a Judge of Probate, who shall hold his office for two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. *Provided, however,* That the Legislature shall have power to abolish the office of Judge of Probate in any county, and to confer probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

SECTION 15. The electors of the several towns, at their annual town meetings, and the electors of cities and villages, at their charter elections, shall, in such manner as the Legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years, and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classifications shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices thus elected shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 16. The Legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment, to be obligatory on the parties, when

they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in writing.

SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The State of Wisconsin." All criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same; and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the State.

SECTION 18. The Legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior, or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of the judges.

SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law; and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 20. Any suitor in any court in this State shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person or by an attorney or agent of his choice.

SECTION 21. The Legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions made within the State, as may be deemed expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

SECTION 22. The Legislature, at its first session after the adoption of this Constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise, and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms, and proceedings, and arrange a system adapted to the courts of record of this State, and report the same to the Legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 23. The Legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such persons such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. *Provided*, That said power shall not exceed that of a judge of the Circuit Court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII.

FINANCE.

SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe.

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SECTION 3. The credit of the State shall never be given or loaned in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

SECTION 4. The State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and manner herein provided.

SECTION 5. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the State for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency, as well as the estimated expenses of such ensuing year.

SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts; but such debts shall never, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred thousand dollars. Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

SECTION 7. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

SECTION 8. On the passage in either house of the Legislature, of any law which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews an appropriation of public or trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house, shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

SECTION 9. No scrip, certificate or other evidence of State debt whatsoever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this article.

SECTION 10. The State shall never contract any debt for works of internal improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works; but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the State, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of internal improvement, the State may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion.

ARTICLE IX.

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE.

SECTION 1. The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on this State, so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the State, and any other State or Territory now or hereafter to be formed and bounded by the same. And the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same, shall be common highways, and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the State as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost, or duty therefor.

SECTION 2. The title of all lands and other property, which have accrued to the Territory of Wisconsin, by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat or otherwise, shall vest in the State of Wisconsin.

SECTION 3. The people of the State, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State; and all lands, the title to which shall fail from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

SECTION 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a State Superintendent, and such other officers as the Legislature shall direct. The State Superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide; his powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law. *Provided*, That his compensation shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars annually.

SECTION 2. The proceeds of all lands that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State, for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a University), and all moneys, and the clear proceeds of all property, that may accrue to the State by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty, and the clear proceeds of all fines collected in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the State where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land to which the State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sale of public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and also the five *per centum* of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the State shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned), shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called the school fund, the interest of which, and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to wit:

1. To the support and maintenance of common schools in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

2. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of district schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable, and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition to all children between the ages of four and twenty years, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed therein.

SECTION 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise, by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes, from the income of the school fund.

SECTION 5. Provision shall be made by law for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the State, for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city or town for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax, nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months.

SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, at or near the seat of State Government, and for connecting with the same from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the State, as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the State for the support of a University, shall be and remain a perpetual fund to be called the "University Fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed in such University.

SECTION 7. The Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General shall constitute a Board of Commissioners for the sale of the School and University Lands and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said Commissioners shall be a quorum for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office;

SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all School and University Lands, after they shall have been appraised, and when any portion of such lands shall be sold, and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the Commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent. interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the Treasurer. The Commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The Commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other University and School funds, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI.

CORPORATIONS.

SECTION 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where, in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts enacted under the provisions of this section may be altered or repealed by the Legislature at any time after their passage.

SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established by the verdict of a jury.

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations.

SECTION 4. The Legislature shall not have power to create, authorize, or incorporate, by any general or special law, any bank or banking power or privilege, or any institution or corporation, having any banking power or privilege whatever, except as provided in this article.

SECTION 5. The Legislature may submit to the voters at any general election, the question of "bank or no bank," and if at any such election a number of votes equal to a majority of all the votes cast at such election on that subject shall be in favor of banks, then the Legislature shall have power to grant bank charters, or to pass a general banking law, with such restrictions, and under such regulations as they may deem expedient and proper for the security of the bill holders. *Provided*, That no such grant or law shall have any force or effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the state at some general election, and been approved by a majority of the votes cast on that subject at such election.

ARTICLE XII.

AMENDMENTS.

SECTION 1. Any amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either House of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election. And if in the Legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each House, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to submit such pro-

posed amendment or amendments to the people, in such manner and at such time as the Legislature shall prescribe, and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become part of the Constitution. *Provided*, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

SECTION 2. If at any time a majority of the Senate and Assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the Legislature; and if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall at its next session provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general election shall be holden on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November in each year.

SECTION 2. Any inhabitant of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly, in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall forever be disqualified as an elector, and from holding any office under the Constitution and laws of this State, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 3. No Member of Congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (postmasters excepted), or under any foreign power; no person convicted of any infamous crime in any court within the United States, and no person being a defaulter to the United States, or to this State, or to any county or town therein, or to any State or Territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit or honor in this State.

SECTION 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide a great seal for the State, which shall be kept by the Secretary of State; and all official acts of the Governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

SECTION 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands within any county of the State, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence for State, United States or County officers. *Provided*, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

SECTION 6. The elective officers of the Legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a Chief Clerk and a Sergeant-at-Arms, to be elected by each house.

SECTION 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles or less, shall be divided or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county voting on the question shall vote for the same.

SECTION 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed, shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

SECTION 9. All county officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed as the Legislature may direct.

SECTION 10. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIV.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a territorial to a permanent state government, it is declared that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place, and all process which may be issued under the authority

of the Territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the Union of the United States, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State.

SECTION 2. All laws now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the Legislature.

SECTION 3. All fines, penalties or forfeitures accruing to the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to the use of the State.

SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from a territorial to a permanent state government, shall remain valid, and shall pass to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the State, and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer or court, in his or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor or State authority, and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate or property, real, personal or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatever description, of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the State of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered in the same manner and to the same extent, by the State of Wisconsin, as the same could have been by the Territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the State. All offenses committed against the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Wisconsin, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred shall remain the same as if this Constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law, and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, at the time of the change from a Territorial to a State government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State which shall have jurisdiction of the subject-matter thereof.

SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States, or of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

SECTION 6. The first session of the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of government until otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 7. All county, precinct, and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the Legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

SECTION 8. The President of this Convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this Constitution, together with a copy of the act of the Legislature of this Territory, entitled "an act in relation to the formation of a State government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the Legislature," approved October 27, 1847, providing for the calling of this Convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of the Territory as exhibits the number of its inhabitants, to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to be laid before the Congress of the United States at its present session.

SECTION 9. This Constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this Territory and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of Congress on the subject of naturalization; and all persons having such qualifications shall be entitled to vote for or against the adoption of this Constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the Constitution be ratified by said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the word, "yes;" and on such as are against the Constitution, the word, "no." The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the Governor of the Territory, at any time before the tenth of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this Constitution, by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this Territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the Senate and Assembly of the State, on the first day of their session. An election shall be held for Governor and

Lieutenant Governor, Treasurer, Attorney General, Members of the State Legislature, and Members of Congress, on the second Monday of May next, and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

SECTION 10. Two Members of Congress shall also be elected on the second Monday of May next; and until otherwise provided by law, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green shall constitute the First Congressional District, and elect one member; and the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Brown, Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Sauk, Portage, Columbia, Dodge, Dane, Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Second Congressional District, and shall elect one member.

SECTION 11. The several elections provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the Territory. *Provided*, That no elector shall be entitled to vote, except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of election, for Senators and Members of Assembly, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the board of supervisors, or county commissioners, as the case may be, and the votes shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued, as now provided by law. In the First Senatorial District, the returns of the election for Senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the Second Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the County of Columbia; in the Third Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the Fourth Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the Fifth Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for State officers and Members of Congress, shall be certified and transmitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to Congress are required to be certified and returned, by the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, to the Secretary of said Territory, and in such time that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the Legislature shall be organized, the Speaker of the Assembly and the President of the Senate shall in the presence of both Houses, examine the returns, and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned, and give to each of the persons elected, a certificate of his election.

SECTION 12. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the Senators and Members of the Assembly shall be apportioned among the several districts, as hereinafter mentioned, and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator or member of the Assembly, as the case may be.

The counties of Brown, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan shall constitute the First Senate District.

The counties of Columbia, Marquette, Portage and Sauk shall constitute the Second Senate District.

The counties of Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Third Senate District.

The counties of Fond du Lac and Winnebago shall constitute the Fourth Senate District.

The counties of Iowa and Richland shall constitute the Fifth Senate District.

The county of Grant shall constitute the Sixth Senate District.

The county of La Fayette shall constitute the Seventh Senate District.

The county of Green shall constitute the Eighth Senate District.

The county of Dane shall constitute the Ninth Senate District.

The county of Dodge shall constitute the Tenth Senate District.

The county of Washington shall constitute the Eleventh Senate District.

The county of Jefferson shall constitute the Twelfth Senate District.

The county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirteenth Senate District.

The county of Walworth shall constitute the Fourteenth Senate District.

The county of Rock shall constitute the Fifteenth Senate District.

The towns of Southport, Pike, Pleasant Prairie, Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Sixteenth Senate District.

The towns of Racine, Caledonia, Mount Pleasant, Raymond, Norway, Rochester, Yorkville and Burlington, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Seventeenth Senate District.

The third, fourth and fifth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Eighteenth Senate District.

The first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Nineteenth Senate District.

The county of Brown shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Manitowoc shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Columbia shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of Crawford and Chippewa shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Windsor, Sun Prairie and Cottage Grove, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Madison, Cross Plains, Clarkson, Springfield, Verona, Montrose, Oregon and Greenfield, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rome, Dunkirk, Christiana, Albion and Rutland, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Burnett, Chester, Le Roy and Williamstown, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Fairfield, Hubbard and Rubicon, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hustisford, Ashippun, Lebanon and Emmett, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Elba, Lowell, Portland and Clyman, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calamus, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Trenton, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calumet, Forest, Auburn, Byron, Taychedah and Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco, Rosendale, Waupun, Oakfield and Seven Mile Creek, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Hazel Green, Fairplay, Smelser's Grove and Jamestown, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Platteville, Head of Platte, Centreville, Muscoda and Fennimore, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Pleasant Valley, Potosi, Waterloo, Hurricane and New Lisbon, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Beetown, Patch Grove, Cassville, Millville and Lancaster, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Green shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Dallas, Peddler's Creek, Mineral Point and Yellow Stone, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Franklin, Dodgeville, Porter's Grove, Arena and Percussion, in the county of Iowa and the county of Richland, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Watertown, Aztalan and Waterloo, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Ixonia, Concord, Sullivan, Hebron, Cold Spring and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lake Mills, Oakland, Koshkonong, Farmington and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Willow Springs, Prairie, and that part of Shullsburgh precinct north of town one, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Wiota, Wayne, Gratiot, White Oak Springs, Fever River, and that part of Shullsburgh precinct south of town two, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Marquette shall constitute an Assembly District.

The first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The second ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The third ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The fourth and fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Franklin and Oak Creek, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Greenfield and Lake, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Granville, Wauwatosa and Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Portage shall constitute an Assembly District.

The town of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Norway, Raymond, Caledonia and Mount Pleasant, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rochester, Burlington and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Southport, Pike and Pleasant Prairie, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Janesville and Bradford, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Beloit, Turtle and Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Magnolia, Union, Porter and Fulton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Milton, Lima and Johnstown, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Newark, Rock, Avon, Spring Valley and Center, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District. *Provided*, That if the Legislature shall divide the town of Center, they may attach such part of it to the district lying next north, as they deem expedient.

The county of Sauk shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts numbered one, three and seven, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts number two, four, five and six, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Troy, East Troy and Spring Prairie, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Whitewater, Richmond and Lagrange, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Geneva, Hudson and Bloomfield, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Darien, Sharon, Walworth and Linn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delavan, Sugar Creek, La Fayette and Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lisbon, Menomonee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Warren, Oconomowoc, Summit and Ottawa, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delafield, Genesee and Pewaukee, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Waukesha and New Berlin, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Eagle, Mukwonago, Vernon and Muskego, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Port Washington, Fredonia and Clarence, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Grafton and Jackson, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Mequon and Germantown, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Polk, Richfield and Erin, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hartford, Addison, West Bend and North Bend, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Winnebago shall constitute an Assembly District.

The foregoing Districts are subject, however, so far to be altered that when any new town shall be organized, it may be added to either of the adjoining Assembly Districts.

SECTION 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this State until altered or suspended by the Legislature.

SECTION 14. The Senators first elected in the even numbered Senate Districts, the Gover-

nor, Lieutenant Governor, and other State officers first elected under this Constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office for one year from the first Monday of January next. The Senators first elected in the odd numbered Senate Districts, and the members of the Assembly first elected shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

SECTION 15. The oath of office may be administered by any judge or justice of the peace, until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be, and is hereby requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, so to alter the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river," approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and so to alter the terms and conditions of the grant made therein, that the odd numbered sections thereby granted, and remaining unsold, may be held and disposed of by the State of Wisconsin, as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which said State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one; and further, that the even numbered sections reserved by Congress may be offered for sale by the United States for the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of pre-emption as other public lands of the United States.

Resolved, That Congress be further requested to pass an act whereby the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, which may have been paid by the purchasers of said even numbered sections which shall have been sold by the United States, be refunded to the present owners thereof, or they be allowed to enter any of the public lands of the United States, to an amount equal in value to the excess so paid.

Resolved, That in case the odd numbered sections shall be ceded to the State as aforesaid, the same shall be sold by the State in the same manner as other school lands. *Provided*, that the same rights of pre-emption as are now granted by the laws of the United States shall be secured to persons who may be actually settled upon such lands at the time of the adoption of this Constitution: *And provided further*, that the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, absolutely or conditionally contracted to be paid by the purchasers of any part of said sections which shall have been sold by the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be remitted to such purchasers, their representatives or assigns.

Resolved, That Congress be requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, to pass an act whereby the grant of five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State of Wisconsin is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and also the five per centum of the net proceeds of the public lands lying within the State, to which it shall become entitled on its admission into the Union, by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved the sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall be granted to the State of Wisconsin for the use of schools, instead of the purposes mentioned in said acts of Congress respectively.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be, and hereby is requested, upon the admission of this State into the Union, so to alter the provisions of the act of Congress, entitled "an act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the territory of Wisconsin," that the price of the lands reserved to the United States shall be reduced to the minimum price of the public lands.

Resolved, That the Legislature of this State shall make provision by law for the sale of the lands granted to the State in aid of said improvements, subject to the same rights of pre-emption to the settlers thereon, as are now allowed by law to the settlers on the public lands.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be appended to and signed with the Constitution of Wisconsin, and submitted therewith to the people of this Territory, and to the Congress of the United States.

We, the undersigned, members of the Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Wisconsin, to be submitted to the people thereof for their ratification or rejection, do hereby certify that the foregoing is the Constitution adopted by the Convention.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, at Madison, the first day of February, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

MORGAN L. MARTIN,

President of the Convention and Delegate from Brown County.

Thos. McHUGH, *Secretary.*

CALUMET —

G. W. FEATHERSTONHAUGH.

COLUMBIA —

JAMES T. LEWIS.

CRAWFORD —

DANIEL G. FENTON.

DANE —

WILLIAM H. FOX,
CHARLES M. NICHOLS,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER.

DODGE —

STODDARD JUDD,
CHARLES H. LARRABEE,
SAMUEL W. LYMAN.

FOND DU LAC —

SAMUEL W. BEALL,
WARREN CHASE.

GRANT —

ORSAMUS COLE,
GEORGE W. LAKIN,
ALEXANDER D. RAMSAY,
WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
JOHN HAWKINS ROUNTREE.

GREEN —

JAMES BIGGS.

IOWA —

CHARLES BISHOP,
STEPHEN P. HOLLENBECK,
JOSEPH WARD.

JEFFERSON —

JONAS FOLTS,
MILO JONES,
THEODORE PRENTISS,
ABRAM VANDERPOOL.

LA FAYETTE —

CHARLES DUNN,
JOHN O'CONNOR,
ALLEN WARDEN.

MILWAUKEE —

JOHN L. DORAN,
GARRET M. FITZGERALD,
ALBERT FOWLER,
BYRON KILBOURN,

MILWAUKEE — (continued.)

RUFUS KING,
CHARLES H. LARKIN,
MORTIZ SCHOEFLER.

PORTAGE —

WILLIAM H. KENNEDY

RACINE —

ALBERT G. COLE,
STEPHEN A. DAVENPORT,
ANDREW B. JACKSON,
FREDERICK S. LOVELL,
SAMUEL R. McCLELLAN,
JAMES D. REYMERT,
HORACE T. SANDERS,
THEODORE SECOR.

ROCK —

ALMERIN M. CARTER,
JOSEPH COLLEY,
PAUL CRANDALL,
EZRA A. FOOT,
LOUIS P. HARVEY,
EDWARD V. WHITON.

SHEBOYGAN —

SILAS STEADMAN.

WALWORTH —

EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK,
GEORGE GALE,
JAMES HARRINGTON,
AUGUSTUS C. KINNE,
HOLLIS LATHAM,
EZRA A. MULFORD.

WASHINGTON —

JAMES FAGAN,
PATRICK PENTONY,
HARVEY G. TURNER.

WAUKESHA —

SQUIRE S. CASE,
ALFRED L. CASTLEMAN,
PETER D. GIFFORD,
ELEAZER ROOT,
GEORGE SCAGEL,

WINNEBAGO —

HARRISON REED.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE I.

[Section 8, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1870.]

SECTION 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense, shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

ARTICLE III.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards belonging to either of the following classes who shall have resided within the State for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote, such time as may be prescribed by the Legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election.

1. Citizens of the United States.
2. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.
3. Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
4. Civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe; *provided*, that the legislature may at any time extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election; *and provided further*, that in incorporated cities and villages, the legislature may provide for the registration of electors and prescribe proper rules and regulations therefor.

ARTICLE IV.

[Sections 4, 5, 11 and 21, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1881.]

SECTION 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

SECTION 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the assembly are required to be chosen, and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and even-numbered districts. The senators elected, or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment, all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

SECTION 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years and no oftener, unless convened by the governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

SECTION 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services, for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation

shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.

[Sections 31 and 32, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1871.]

SECTION 31. The Legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st. For changing the name of persons or constituting one person the heir-at-law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways, except in cases of State roads extending into more than one county, and military roads to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by Congress. 3d. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams, at points wholly within this State. 4th. For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For assessment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund. 9th. For incorporating any town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

SECTION 32. The Legislature shall provide general laws for the transaction of any business that may be prohibited by section thirty-one of this article, and all such laws shall be uniform in their operations throughout the State.

ARTICLE V.

[Sections 5 and 9, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869.]

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of five thousand dollars, which shall be in full for all traveling or other expenses incident to his duties.

SECTION 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers, except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices; they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new security their office shall be deemed vacant, but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment, and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 4. The supreme court shall consist of one chief justice and four associate justices, to be elected by the qualified electors of the State. The Legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, provide by law for the election of two associate justices of said court, to hold their offices for terms ending two and four years respectively, after the end of the term of the justice of the said court then last to expire. And thereafter the chief justice and associate justices of the said court shall be elected and hold their offices respectively for the term of ten years.

[Section 12, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.

ARTICLE VIII.

[Section 2, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the State, except claims of the United States and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

ARTICLE XI.

[Section 3, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1874.]

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid, shall before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same.

ARTICLE XIII.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

SECTION 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general elections shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers, except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment, shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennially. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such office respectively, until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at an election April 2, 1889.]

SECTION 4. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as justices of said court with the same terms of office, respectively, as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of five justices (any three of whom shall be a quorum), to be elected as now provided. The justice having been longest a continuous member of the court (or in case of two or more of such senior justices having served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires), shall be *ex-officio* the chief justice.

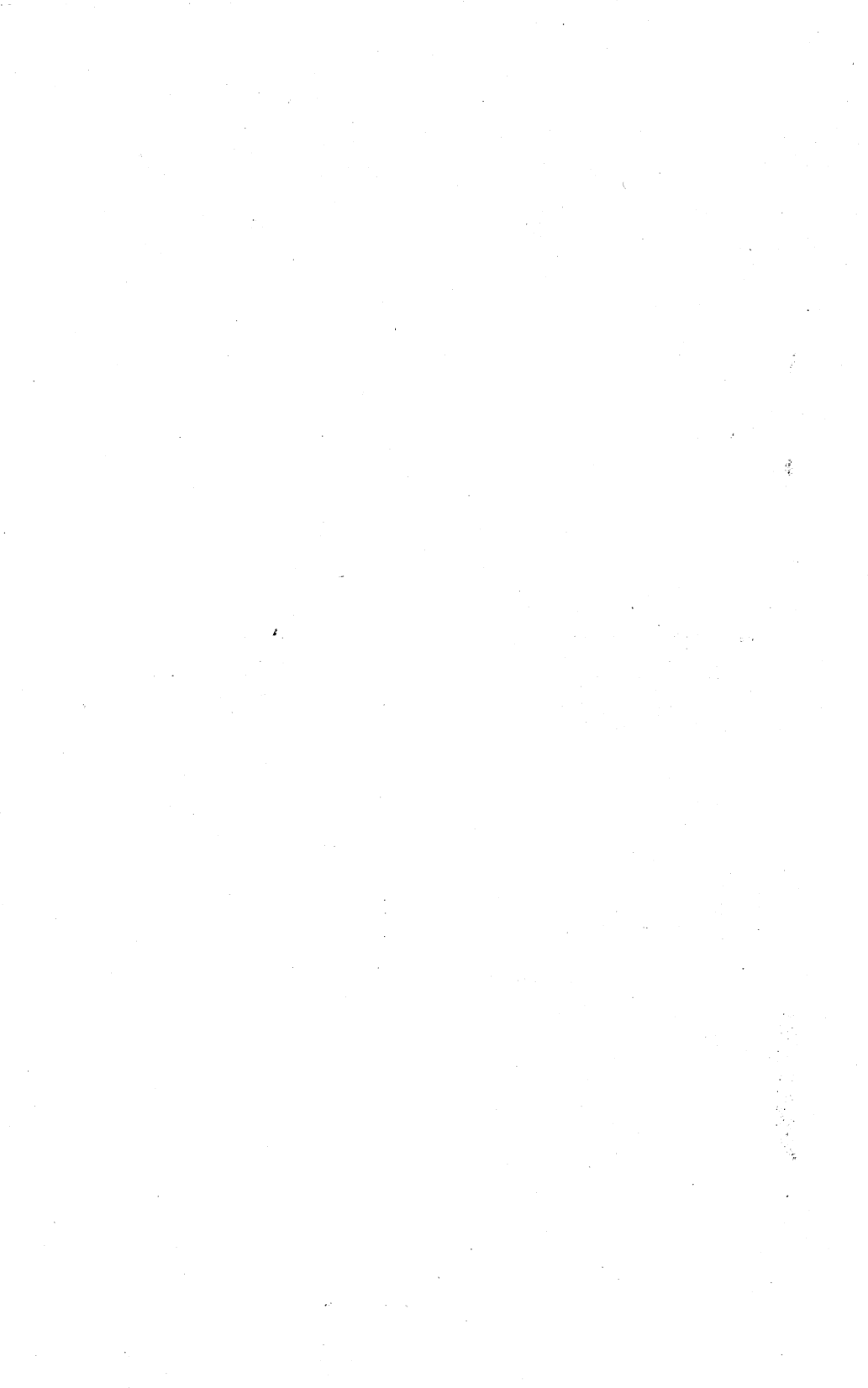


MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

SEC. 1. Rules, Importance of.	SEC. 28. Bills. Recommitment.
2. Legislature.	29. Report taken up.
3. Privilege.	30. Quasi Committee.
4. Elections.	31. Second reading in the House.
5. Qualifications.	32. Reading papers.
6. Quorum.	33. Privileged questions.
7. Call of the House.	34. Previous question.
8. Absence.	35. Amendments.
9. Speaker.	36. Division of question.
10. Address.	37. Co-existing questions.
11. Committees.	38. Equivalent question.
12. Committee of Whole.	39. The question.
13. Examination before Committees, etc.	40. Third reading.
14. Arrangement of business.	41. Division of the House.
15. Order.	42. Title.
16. Order respecting papers.	43. Reconsideration.
17. Order in debate.	44. Bills sent to the other House.
18. Orders of the House.	45. Amendments between the Houses.
19. Petitions.	46. Conferences.
20. Motions.	47. Messages.
21. Resolutions.	48. Assent.
22. Bills, Reading.	49. Journals.
23. Leave to bring in.	50. Adjournment.
24. First reading.	51. Session.
25. Second reading.	52. Treaties.
26. Commitment.	53. Impeachment.
27. Report of Committee.	



MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

NOTE—The rules and practices peculiar to the SENATE are printed between brackets, []. Those of PARLIAMENT are not so distinguished.

IMPORTANCE OF RULES.

SECTION I.

IMPORTANCE OF ADHERING TO RULES.

Mr. ONSLOW, the ablest among the Speakers of the House of Commons, used to say: "It was a maxim he had often heard when he was a young man, from old and experienced Members, that nothing tended more to throw power into the hands of the administration, and those who acted with a majority of the House of Commons, than a neglect of, or departure from, the rules of proceeding: that these forms, as instituted by our ancestors, operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority, and that they were in many instances, a shelter and protection to the minority, against the attempts of power." So far the maxim is certainly true, and it is founded in good sense, that as it is always in the power of the majority, by their numbers, to stop any improper measures proposed on the part of their opponents, the only weapons by which the minority can defend themselves against similar attempts from those in power, are the forms and rules of proceeding which have been adopted as they were found necessary, from time to time, and are become the law of the House; by a strict adherence to which, the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities and abuses which these forms were intended to check, and which the wantonness of power is but too often apt to suggest to large and successful majorities. 2 *Hats.*, 171, 172.

And whether these forms be in all cases the most rational or not, is really not of so great importance. It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the Speaker, or captiousness of the Members. It is very material that order, decency and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 *Hats.*, 149.

SECTION II.

LEGISLATIVE.

[All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives—*Constitution of the United States, Art. 1, Sec. 1.*]

[The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. *Constitution of the United States, Art. 1, Sec. 6.*]

[For the powers of Congress, see the following Articles and Sections of the Constitution of the United States. I, 4, 7, 8, 9. II, 1, 2. III, 3. IV, 1, 3, 5, and all the amendments.]

SECTION III.

PRIVILEGE.

The privileges of Members of Parliament, from small and obscure beginnings, have been advancing for centuries with a firm and never yielding pace. Claims seem to have been brought forward from time to time, and repeated, till some example of their admission enabled them to build law on that example. We can only, therefore, state the points of progression at which they now are. It is now acknowledged, 1st. That they are at all times exempted from question elsewhere for anything said in their own House; that during the time of privilege, 2d. Neither a Member himself, his* wife, nor his servants (families

*Order of House of Commons, 1663, July 13.

sui), for any matter of their own, may be^{*} arrested on mesne process, in any civil suit: 3d. Nor be detained under execution, though levied before time of privilege: 4th. Nor impleaded, cited or subpoenaed in any court: 5th. Nor summoned as a witness or juror: 6th. Nor may their lands or goods be distrained: 7th. Nor their persons assaulted, or characters traduced. And the period of time covered by privilege, before and after the session, with the practice of short prorogations under the connivance of the Crown, amounts in fact to a perpetual protection against the course of justice. In one instance, indeed, it has been relaxed by the 10 G. 3, c. 50, which permits judiciary proceedings to go on against them. That these privileges must be continually progressive, seems to result from their rejecting all definition of them; the doctrine being that "their dignity and independence are preserved by keeping their privileges indefinite; 'and that the maxims upon which they proceed, together with the method of proceeding, rest entirely in their own breast, and are not defined and ascertained by any particular stated laws.'" 1 *Blackst.*, 163, 164.

[It was probably from this view of the encroaching character of privilege that the framers of our constitution, in their care to provide that the law shall bind equally on all, and especially that those who make them shall not exempt themselves from their operation, have only privileged "Senators and Representatives" themselves from the single act or "arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same, and from being questioned in any other place for any speech or debate in either House." *Const. U. S., Art. 1, Sec. 6.* Under the general authority "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers given them," *Const. U. S., Art. 2, Sec. 8*, they may provide by law the details which may be necessary for giving full effect to the enjoyment of this privilege. No such law being yet made, it seems to stand at present on the following grounds: 1. The act of arrest is void, ab initio† 2. The member arrested may be discharged on motion, 1 *Bl.*, 166; 3 *Stra.*, 990; or by habeas corpus under the Federal or State authority as the case may be; or by a writ of privilege out of the Chancery, 2 *Stra.*, 989, in those States which have adopted that part of the laws of England. *Orders of the House of Commons*, 1550, February 20. 3. The arrest being unlawful, is a trespass for which the officer and others concerned are liable to action and indictment in the ordinary courts of justice, as in other cases of unauthorized arrest. 4. The court before which the process is returnable is bound to act as in other cases of unauthorized proceeding, and liable also, as in other similar cases, to have their proceedings stayed or corrected by the superior courts.]

[The time necessary for going to, and returning from, Congress, not being defined, it will, of course, be judged of in every particular case by those who will have to decide the case.] While privilege was understood in England to extend, as it does here, only to exemption from arrest, eundo, moranda, et redeundo, the House of Commons themselves decided that "a convenient time was to be understood." (1580,) 1 *Hats.*, 99, 100. Nor is the law so strict in point of time as to require the party to set out immediately on his return, but allows him time to settle his private affairs, and to prepare for his journey; and does not even scan his road very nicely, nor forfeit his protection for a little deviation from that which is most direct; some necessity perhaps constraining him to it. 2 *Stra.*, 986, 987.

This privilege from arrest, privileges of course against all process, the disobedience to which is punishable by an attachment of the person; as a subpoena ad respondendum, or, testificandum, or a summons on a jury; and with reason, because a member has superior duty to perform in another place. [When a representative is withdrawn from his seat by summons, the 40,000 people whom he represents, lose their voice in debate and vote, as they do on his voluntary absence; when a Senator is withdrawn by summons, his State loses half its voice in debate and vote, as it does on his voluntary absence. The enormous disparity of evil admits no comparison.]

[So far there will probably be no difference of opinion as to the privileges of the two Houses of Congress; but in the following cases it is otherwise. In December, 1795, the House of Representatives committed two persons of the name of Randall and Whitney, for attempting to corrupt the integrity of certain members, which they considered as a contempt and breach of the privileges of the House; and the facts being proved, Whitney was detained in confinement a fortnight, and Randall three weeks, and was reprimanded by the Speaker. In March, 1796, the House of Representatives voted a challenge given to a member of their House to be a breach of the privileges of the House; but satisfactory apologies and acknowledgments being made, no further proceeding was had. The editor of the *Aurora* having, in his paper of February 19, 1800, inserted some paragraphs defamatory of

*Elsynge, 217; 1 *Hats.*, 21; Gray's Deb., 123.

†*Stra.*, 959.

the Senate, and failed in his appearance, he was ordered to be committed. In debating the legality of this order, it was insisted, in support of it, that every man, by the law of nature, and every body of men, possesses the right of self-defense; that all public functionaries are essentially invested with the powers of self-preservation; that they have an inherent right to all acts necessary to keep themselves in a condition to discharge the trusts confided to them; that whenever authorities are given, the means of carrying them into execution are given by necessary implication; that thus we see the British Parliament exercise the right of punishing contempts; all the State Legislatures exercise the same power, and every court does the same; that, if we have it not, we sit at the mercy of every intruder who may enter our doors or gallery, and, by noise and tumult, render proceeding in business impracticable; that if our tranquillity is to be perpetually disturbed by newspaper defamation, it will not be possible to exercise our functions with the requisite coolness and deliberation; and that we must, therefore, have a power to punish these disturbers of our peace and proceedings. To this it was answered, that the Parliament and courts of England have cognizance of contempts by the express provisions of their law; that the State Legislatures have equal authority, because their powers are plenary; they represent their constituents completely, and possess all their powers, except such as their Constitutions have expressly denied them; that the courts of the several States have the same powers by the laws of their States, and those of the Federal Government by the same State laws adopted in each State, by a law of Congress; that none of these bodies, therefore, derive those powers from natural or necessary right, but from express law; that Congress have no such natural or necessary power, nor any powers but such as are given them by the Constitution; that that has given them, directly, exemption from personal arrest, exemption from question elsewhere for what is said in their House, and power over their own members and proceedings; for these no further law is necessary, the Constitution being the law; that, moreover, by that article of the Constitution which authorizes them "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the power vested by the Constitution in them," they may provide by law for an undisturbed exercise of their functions, e. g., for the punishment of contempt, of affrays or tumult in their presence, etc., but, till the law be made, it does not exist; and does not exist, from their own neglect; that in the mean time, however, they are not unprotected, the ordinary magistrates and courts of law being open and competent to punish all unjustifiable disturbances or defamations, and even their own sergeant, who may appoint deputies *ad libitum* to aid him, 3 *Grey*, 53, 147, 255, is equal to small disturbances; that in requiring a previous law, the Constitution had regard to the inviolability of the citizen, as well as of the member; as, should one House, in the regular form of a bill, aim at too broad privileges, it may be checked by the other, and both by the President; and also as, the law being promulgated, the citizen will know how to avoid offense. But if one branch may assume its own privileges without control; if it may do it on the spur of the occasion, conceal the law in its own breast, and after the fact committed, make its sentence both the law and the judgment on that fact, if the offense is to be kept undefined, and to be declared only *ex re nata*, and according to the passion of the moment, and there be no limitation either in the manner or measure of the punishment, the condition of the citizen will be perilous indeed. Which of these doctrines is to prevail, time will decide. Where there is no fixed law, the judgment on any particular case, is the law of that single case only, and dies with it. When a new and even similar case arises, the judgment which is to make and at the same time apply the law, is open to question and consideration, as are all new laws. Perhaps Congress, in the mean time, in their care for the safety of the citizen as well as that for their own protection, may declare by law what is necessary and proper to enable them to carry into execution the powers vested in them, and thereby hang up a rule for the inspection of all, which may direct the conduct of the citizen, and at the same time test the judgments they shall themselves pronounce in their own case.]

Privilege from arrest takes place by force of the election; and before a return be made a member elected may be named of a committee, and is to every extent a member, except that he cannot vote until he is sworn. *Memor.*, 107, 108. *D'Ewes*, 642, col. 2; 643, col. 1. *Pet. Miscel. Parl.*, 119. *Lex Parl.*, c. 23. 2 *Hats.*, 22, 62.

Every man must, at his peril, take notice who are members of either House returned of record. *Lex Parl.*, 23; 4 *Inst.*, 24.

On complaint of a breach of privilege the party may either be summoned or sent for in custody of the sergeant. *Grey*, 88, 95.

The privilege of a member is the privilege of the House. If the member waive it without leave, it is a ground for punishing him, but cannot in effect waive the privilege of the House. 3 *Grey*, 140, 222.

For any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Const. U. S., I, 6, S. P., Protest of the Commons to James I., 1621; 2 Rapin, No. 54, pp. 211, 212. But this is restrained to things done in the House in a parliamentary course. 1 Rush., 663. For he is not to have privilege contra morem parliamentarum, to exceed the bounds and limits of his place and duty. Com. p.

If an offense be committed by a member of the House, of which the House has cognizance, it is an infringement of their right for any person or court to take notice of it, till the House has punished the offender, or referred him to a due course. *Lex Parl., 63.*

Privilege is in the power of the House, and is a restraint to proceedings of inferior courts, but not of the House itself. *2 Nalson, 450; 2 Grey, 399.* For whatever is spoken in the House is subject to the censure of the House; and offenses of this kind have been severely punished by calling the person to the bar to make submission, committing him to the tower, expelling the House, etc. *Scob., 72; L. Parl., c. 22.*

It is a breach of order for the speaker to refuse to put a question which is in order. *2 Hats., 175-6; 5 Grey, 133.*

And even in cases of treason, felony, and breach of the peace, to which privilege does not extend as to substance, yet in Parliament a member is privileged as to the mode of proceeding. The case is first to be laid before the House, that it may judge of the fact and of the grounds of the accusation, and how far forth the manner of the trial may concern their privilege; otherwise it would be in the power of the other branches of government, and even of every private man, under pretense of treason, etc., to take any man from his service in the House, and so as many, one after another, as would make the House what he pleaseth. *Dec. of Com. on the King's declaring Sir John Hotham a traitor. 4 Rushw., 586.* So when a member stood indicted for felony, it was adjudged that he ought to remain of the House till conviction; for it may be any man's case who is guiltless, to be accused and indicted of felony or the like crime. *23 El. 1580; D'Ewes, 283, col. 1; Lex Parl., 133.*

When it is found necessary for the public service to put a member under arrest, or when on any public inquiry, matter comes out which may lead to affect the person of a member, it is the practice immediately to acquaint the House, that they may know the reasons for such a proceeding, and take such steps as they think proper. *2 Hats., 259.* Of which see many examples. *Ib., 256, 257, 258.* But the communication is subsequent to the arrest. *1 Blackst., 167.*

It is highly expedient, says Hatsel, for the due preservation of the privileges of the separate branches of the Legislature, that neither should encroach on the other or interfere in any matter depending before them, so as to preclude or even influence that freedom of debate, which is essential to a free council. They are therefore not to take notice of any bills or other matters depending or of votes that have been given, or of speeches which have been held, by the members of either of the other branches of the Legislature, until the same have been communicated to them in the usual parliamentary manner. *2 Hats., 252. 4 Inst., 15. Seld. Jud., 53.* Thus the King's taking notice of the bill for suppressing soldiers, depending before the House; his proposing a provisional clause for a bill before it was presented to him by the two Houses; his expressing displeasure against some persons for matters moved in parliament during the debate and preparation of a bill, were breaches of privilege; *2 Nalson, 347;* and in 1783, December 17, it was declared a breach of fundamental privileges, etc., to report any opinion or pretended opinion of the King on any bill or proceeding depending in either House of Parliament with a view to influence the votes of the members. *2 Hats., 251, 6.*

SECTION IV.

ELECTIONS.

[The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators. *Const., I, 4.*]

[Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. *Const., I, 5.*]

SECTION V.

QUALIFICATIONS.

[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.]

[Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the

first class shall be vacated at the end of the second year; of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of the State, any Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.]

[No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. *Const. I, 3.*]

[The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors of each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.]

[No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.]

[Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers; which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons; including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative. *Constitution of the United States, I, 2.*]

[When vacancies happen in the representation from any State the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. *Const. U. S., Art. I, Sec. 2.*]

[No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person, holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. *Const. I, 6.*]

SECTION VI.

QUORUM.

[A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide. *Const. I., 5.*]

In general, the chair is not to be taken till a quorum for business is present; unless, after due waiting, such a quorum be despaired of, when the chair may be taken and the House adjourned. And whenever, during business, it is observed that a quorum is not present, any member may call for the House to be counted; and being found deficient, business is suspended. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

[The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistakes may be corrected that shall have been made in the entries. *Rules of the Senate.*]

SECTION VII.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

On a call of the House, each person rises up as he is called and answereth; the absentees are then only noted, but no excuse to be made till the House be fully called over. Then the absentees are called a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard. *Ord. House of Commons*, 92.

They rise that their persons may be recognized; the voice in such a crowd, being an insufficient verification of their presence. But in so small a body as the Senate of the United States, the trouble of rising cannot be necessary.

Orders for calls on different days may subsist at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 73.

SECTION VIII.

ABSENCE.

[No member shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave of the Senate first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the Senate shall con-

vene, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as the majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the Senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and in that case the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund. And this rule shall apply as well to the first convention of the Senate, at the legal time of meeting, as to each day of the session, after the hour is arrived to which the Senate stood adjourned. *Rule 8.]*

SECTION IX.

SPEAKER.

[The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. *Constitution*, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall choose their officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. *Ib.*]

[The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers. *Const.*, I, 2.]

When but one person is proposed, and no objection made, it has not been usual in Parliament to put any question to the House; but without a question the members proposing him conduct him to the chair. But if there be objection, or another proposed, a question is put by the clerk. *2 Hats.*, 168. As are also questions of adjournment. *6 Grey*, 406. Where the House debated and exchanged messages and answers with the King for a week, without a Speaker, till they were prorogued. They have done it devote in diem for 14 days. *1 Chand.*, 331, 335.

[In the Senate, a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President is proposed and chosen by ballot. His office is understood to be determined on the Vice President's appearing and taking the chair, or at the meeting of the Senate after the first recess.

Where the Speaker has been ill, other Speakers pro tempore have been appointed, Instances of this are *1 H.*, 4. Sir John Cheyney, and for Sir Wm. Sturton, and in *15 H.*, 6, Sir John Tyrrell, in 1656, January 27; 1658, March 9; 1659, January 13.

Sir Job Charlton ill, Seymour chosen, 1673, February 18.

Seymour being ill, Sir Robert Sawyer chosen, 1678, April 15.

Sawyer being ill, Seymour chosen.

Thorpe in execution, a new speaker chosen, *31 H.*, VI. *3 Grey*, 11; and March 14, 1694, Sir John Trevor chosen. There have been no later instances. *2 Hats.*, 161; *4 Inst.*; *8, L. Parl.*, 263.

A Speaker may be removed at the will of the House and a Speaker pro tempore appointed.* *2 Grey*, 186; *5 Grey*, 134.

Not merely pro tempore. *1 Chand.*, 169, 276, 277.

SECTION X.

ADDRESS.

[The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A joint address of both houses of Parliament is read by the Speaker of the House of Lords. It may be attended by both Houses in a body, or by a committee from each House, or by the two Speakers only. An address of the House of Commons only may be presented by the whole House, or by the Speaker, *9 Grey*, 473; *1 Chandler*, 298, 301; or by such particular members as are of the privy council. *2 Hats.*, 278.

SECTION XI.

COMMITTEES.

Standing committees, as of privileges and elections, etc., are usually appointed at the first meeting, to continue through the session. The person first named is generally permitted to act as chairman. But this is a matter of courtesy; every committee having a right to elect their own chairman, who presides over them, puts questions, and reports their proceedings to the House. *4 Inst.*, 11, 12; *Scob.*, 9; *1 Grey*, 122.

At these committees the members are to speak standing, and not sitting; though there is reason to conjecture it was formerly otherwise. *D'Eves*, 630, col. 1; *4 Parl. Hist.*, 440; *2 Hats.*, 77.

*RULE 23. The Vice President or President of the Senate pro tempore, shall have the right to name a member to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an amendment.

Their proceedings are not to be published, as they are of no force till confirmed by the House. *Rushw.*, part 3, vol. 2, 74; 3 *Grey*, 401; *Scob.*, 39. Nor can they receive a petition but through the House. 9 *Grey*, 412.

When a committee is charged with an inquiry, if a member prove to be involved, they cannot proceed against him, but must make a special report to the House; whereupon the member is heard in his place, or at the bar, or a special authority is given to the committee to inquire concerning him. 9 *Grey*, 523.

So soon as the House sits, and a committee is notified of it, the chairman is in duty bound to rise instantly, and the members to attend the service of the House. 2 *Nals.*, 319.

It appears that on joint committees of the Lords and Commons, each committee acted integrally in the following instances: 7 *Grey*, 261, 278, 285, 333; 1 *Chandler*, 357, 463. In the following instances it does not appear whether they did or not: 6 *Grey*, 129; 7 *Grey*, 213, 229, 321.

SECTION .XII.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The speech, message, and other matters of great concernment, are usually referred to a committee of the whole House (6 *Grey*, 311), where general principles are digested in the form of resolutions, which are debated and amended till they get into a shape which meets the approbation of a majority. These being reported and confirmed by the House, are then referred to one or more select committees, according as the subject divides itself into one or more bills. *Scob.*, 36, 44. Propositions for any charge on the people are especially to be first made in a committee of the whole. 3 *Hats.*, 127. The sense of the whole is better taken in committee, because in all committees every one speaks as often as he pleases. *Scob.*, 49. They generally acquiesce in the chairman named by the Speaker; but, as well as all other committees, have a right to elect one, some member, by consent, putting the question. *Scob.*, 36; 3 *Grey*, 301. The form of going from the House into committee, is for the Speaker, on motion, to put the question that the House do now resolve itself into a committee of the Whole, to take into consideration such a matter, naming it. If determined in the affirmative he leaves the chair and takes a seat elsewhere, as any other member; and the person appointed chairman seats himself at the clerk's table. *Scob.*, 36. Their quorum is the same as that of the House, and if a defect happens, the chairman, on a motion and question, rises, the Speaker resumes the chair, and the chairman can make no other report than to inform the House of the cause of their dissolution. If a message is announced during a committee, the Speaker takes the chair, and receives it, because the committee cannot. 2 *Hats.*, 125, 126.

In a Committee of the Whole, the tellers on a division, differing as to numbers, great heats and confusion arose, and danger of a decision by the sword. The Speaker took the chair, the mace was forcibly laid on the table; whereupon the members retiring to their places, the Speaker told the House "he had taken the chair without an order to bring the House into order." Some excepted against it but it was generally approved, as the only expedient to suppress the disorder. And every member was required, standing up in his place, to engage that he would proceed no further, in consequence of what had happened in the grand committee, which was done. 3 *Grey*, 128.

A Committee of the Whole being broken up in disorder, and the chair resumed by the Speaker without an order, the House was adjourned. The next day the committee was considered as thereby dissolved, and the subject again before the House; and it was decided in the House without returning into the committee. 3 *Grey*, 130.

No previous question can be put in a committee, nor can this committee adjourn as others may; but if their business is unfinished, they rise, on a question, the House is resumed, and the chairman reports that the Committee of the Whole have, according to order, had under their consideration such a matter, and have made progress therein; but not having had time to go through the same, have directed him to ask leave to sit again. Whereupon a question is put upon their having leave, and on the time the House will again resolve itself into a committee. *Scob.*, 38. But if they have gone through the matter referred to them, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report their proceedings to the House; which being resolved, the chairman rises, the speaker resumes the chair, the chairman informs him that the committee have gone through the business referred to them, and that he is ready to make report when the House shall think proper to receive it. If the House have time to receive it, there is usually a cry of "Now, now," whereupon he makes the report; but if it be late, the cry is, "To-morrow, to-morrow," or "Monday," etc.; or a motion is made to that effect, and a question put, that it be received to-morrow, etc. *Scob.*, 33.

In other things the rules of proceedings are to be the same as in the House. *Scob.*, 39.

SECTION XIII.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Common fame is a good ground for the house to proceed by inquiry, and even to accusation. *Resolution House of Commons*, 1 *Car.*, 1, 1624; *Rush.*, *L. Parl.*, 115; 1 *Grey*, 16-22, 92; *Grey*, 21, 23, 27, 45.

Witnesses are not to be produced but where the House has previously instituted an inquiry (2 *Hats.*, 102), nor then are orders for their attendance given blank. 3 *Grey*, 51.

When any person is examined before a committee, or at the bar of the House, any member wishing to ask the person a question, must address it to the Speaker or chairman, who repeats the question to the person, or says to him, "you hear the question—answer it." But if the propriety of the question be objected to, the Speaker directs the witness, counsel and parties to withdraw, for no question can be moved or put, or debated, while they are there. 2 *Hats.*, 103. Sometimes the questions are previously settled in writing before the witness enters. *Ib.*, 106, 107; 8 *Grey*, 64. The question asked must be entered in the journals. 3 *Grey*, 81. But the testimony given in answer before the House is never written down; but before a committee it must be, for the information of the House, who are not present to hear it. 7 *Grey*, 52, 334.

If either House have occasion for the presence of a person in custody of the other, they ask the other their leave that he may be brought up to them in custody. 3 *Hats.*, 52.

A Member, in his place, gives information to the House of what he knows of any matter under hearing at the bar. *Jour. H. of C.*, *Jan.* 23, 1744-45.

Either House may request, but not demand, the attendance of a member of the other. They are to make the request by message to the other House, and to express clearly the purpose of attendance, that no improper subject of examination may be tendered to him. The House then gives leave to the member to attend, if he chooses it; waiting first to know from the Member himself whether he chooses to attend, till which they do not take the message into consideration. But when the Peers are sitting as a court of criminal judicature, they may order attendance, unless where it be a case of impeachment by the Commons. There, it is to be a request. 3 *Hats.*, 17; 9 *Grey*, 306, 406; 10 *Grey*, 123.

Counsel are to be heard only on private, not on public bills, and on such points of law only as the House shall direct. 10 *Grey*, 61.

SECTION XIV.

ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS.

The Speaker is not precisely bound to any rules as to what bills or other matter shall be first taken up; but is left to his own discretion, unless the House on the question decide to take up a particular subject. *Hakew.*, 136.

A settled order of business is, however, necessary for the government of the presiding person, and to restrain individual members from calling up favorite measures, or matters under their special patronage, out of their just turn. It is useful also for directing the discretion of the House, when they are moved to take up a particular matter, to the prejudice of the others having priority of right to their attention in the general order of business.

[In Senate, the bills and other papers which are in possession of the House, and in a state to be acted on, are arranged every morning, and brought on in the following order:]

[1. Bills ready for a second reading are read, that they may be referred to committees and so be put under way. But if, on their being read, no motion is made for commitment, they are then laid on the table in the general file, to be taken up in their just turn.]

[2. After 12 o'clock, bills ready for it are put on their passage.]

[3. Reports in possession of the House, which offer grounds for a bill, are to be taken up, that the bill may be ordered in.]

[4. Bills or other matters before the House, and unfinished on the preceding day, whether taken up in turn or on special order, are entitled to be resumed and passed on through their present stage.]

[5. These matters being dispatched, for preparing and expediting business, the general file of bills and other papers is then taken up, and each article of it is brought on according to its seniority, reckoned by the date of its first introduction to the House. Reports on bills belong to the dates of their bill.]

[The arrangement of the business of the Senate is now as follows:]

[1. Motions previously submitted.]

[2. Reports of Committees previously made.]

[3. Bills from the House of Representatives, and those introduced on leave, which have been read the first time, are read the second time; and if not referred to a committee, are considered in Committee of the Whole, and proceeded with as in other cases.]

[4. After twelve o'clock, engrossed bills of the Senate, and bills of the House of Representatives, on third reading are put on their passage.]

[5. If the above are finished before one o'clock, the general file of bills, consisting of those reported from committees on the second reading, and those reported from committees after having been referred, are taken up in the order in which they were reported to the Senate by the respective committees.]

[6. At one o'clock, if no business be pending, or if no motion be called to proceed to other business, the special orders are called, at the head of which stands the unfinished business of the preceding day.]

[In this way we do not waste our time in debating what shall be taken up. We do one thing at a time; follow up a subject while it is fresh, and till it is done with, clear the House of business gradatim as it is brought on, and prevent, to a certain degree, its immense accumulation towards the close of the session.]

[Arrangements, however, can only take hold of matters in possession of the House. New matter may be moved at any time when no question is before the House. Such are original motions and reports on bills. Such are bills from the other House, which are received at all times, and receive their first reading as soon as the question then before the House is disposed of; and bills brought in on leave, which are read first whenever presented. So messages from the other House respecting amendments to bills are taken up as soon as the House is clear of a question, unless they require to be printed for better consideration. Orders of the day may be called for even when another question is before the House.

SECTION XV.

ORDER.

[Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish its members for disorderly behavior; and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. *Const.*, 1, 5.]

In Parliament, "Instances make order," per Speaker Onslow. *2 Hats.*, 141. But what is done only by one Parliament, cannot be called custom of Parliament; by Prynne. *1 Grey*, 52.

SECTION XVI.

ORDER RESPECTING PAPERS.

The Clerk is to let no journals, records, accounts or papers, be taken from the table or out of his custody. *2 Hats.*, 193, 194.

Mr. Prynne having at a Committee of the Whole amended a mistake in a bill without order or knowledge of the committee, was reprimanded. *1 Chand.*, 77.

A bill being missing, the House resolved that a protestation should be made and subscribed by the members "before Almighty God and this honorable House, that neither myself nor any other to my knowledge have taken away, or do at this present conceal a bill entitled," etc. *5 Grey*, 202.

After a bill is engrossed, it is put into the Speaker's hands, and he is not to let any one have it to look into. *Town.*, col. 200.

SECTION XVII.

ORDER IN DEBATE.

When the Speaker is seated in his chair, every member is to sit in his place. *Scob.*, 6; *3 Grey*, 403.

When any member means to speak, he is to stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself, not to the House, or any particular member, but to the Speaker, who calls him by his name, that the House may take notice who it is that speaks. *Scob.*, 6; *D'Eves*, 487, col. 1; *2 Hats.*, 77; *4 Grey*, 66; *8 Grey*, 108. But members who are indisposed may be indulged to speak sitting. *2 Hats.*, 75; *1 Grey*, 143.

[In Senate, every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair, standing in his place, and when he has finished, shall sit down. *Rule 3.*]

When a member stands up to speak, no question is to be put, but he is to be heard unless the House overrules him. *4 Grey*, 390; *5 Grey*, 6, 143.

If two or more rise to speak nearly together, the Speaker determines who was first up, and calls him by name; whereupon he proceeds, unless he voluntarily sits down and gives way to the other. But sometimes the House does not acquiesce in the Speaker's decision,

in which case the question is put, "Which member was first up?" 2 *Hats.*, 76; *Scob.*, 7; *D'Eves*, 434, col. 1, 2.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President's decision is without appeal. Their rule is in these words: *When two members rise at the same time the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the Chair shall speak first.* Rule 5.]

No man may speak more than once on the same bill on the same day; or even on another day, if the debate be adjourned. But if it be read more than once in the same day, he may speak once at every reading. *Co.*, 12, 115; *Hakew.*, 148; *Scob.*, 58; 2 *Hats.*, 75. Even a change of opinion does not give a right to be heard a second time. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; *Arcan Parl.*, 17.

[The corresponding rule of the Senate is in these words: No member shall speak more than twice, in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the Senate. Rule 4.]

But he may be permitted to speak again to a clear matter of fact (3 *Grey*, 357, 416); or merely to explain himself (2 *Hats.*, 73) in some material part of his speech (*Ib.*, 75); or to the manner of words of the question, keeping himself to that only, and not traveling into the merits of it (*Memorials in Hakew.*, 29), or to the orders of the House, if they be transgressed, keeping within that line, and not falling into the matter itself. *Memorials Hakew.*, 30, 31.

But if the Speaker rise to speak, the member standing up ought to sit down, that he may be first heard. *Town. col.*, 205; *Hale Parl.*, 133; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 30, 31. Nevertheless, though the Speaker may of right speak to matters of order, and be first heard, he is restrained from speaking on any other subject, except where the House have occasion for facts within his knowledge; then he may, with their leave, state the matter of fact. 3 *Grey*, 38.

No one is to speak impertinently or beside the question, superfluously or tediously. *Scob.*, 31, 33; 2 *Hats.*, 166, 168; *Hale Parl.*, 133.

No person is to use indecent language against the proceedings of the House; no prior determination of which is to be reflected on by any member, unless he means to conclude with a motion to rescind it. 2 *Hats.*, 169, 170; *Rushw.*, p. 3, v. 1, fol. 42. But while a proposition under consideration is still in *fieri*, though it has even been reported by a committee, reflections on it are no reflections on the House. 9 *Grey*, 508.

No person in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the House, or who spoke last, or on the other side of the question, etc. (*Mem. in Hakew.*, 3; *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3); nor to digress from the matter to fall upon the person (*Scob.* 31; *Hale Parl.*, 133; 2 *Hats.*, 166) by speaking, reviling, nipping or unmanly words against a particular member. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3. The consequences of a measure may be reprobated in strong terms; but to arraign the motives of those who propose to advocate it, is a personality, and against order. *Qui digreditur a materia ad personam*, Mr. Speaker ought to suppress. *Ord. Com.*, 1604, Apr. 19.

[* * * When a member shall be called to order by the President or a Senator, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of the Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the President, without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and the President may call for the sense of the Senate on any question of order. Rule 6.]

[No member shall speak to another or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the journals or public papers are reading, or when any member is speaking in any debate. Rule 2.]

No one is to disturb another in his speech by hissing, coughing, spitting (6 *Grey*, 332; *Scob.*, 8; *D'Eves*, 332, col., 1, 640, col. 1), speaking or whispering to another (*Scob.*, 6; *D'Eves*, 487, col., 1); nor stand up to interrupt him (*Town.*, col. 205; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 31); nor to push between the Speaker and the speaking member, nor to go across the House (*Scob.*, 6), or to walk up and down it, or to take books or papers from the table, or write there. 2 *Hats.*, 171.

Nevertheless, if a member finds that it is not the inclination of the House to hear him, and that by conversation or any other noise they endeavor to drown his voice, it is his most prudent way to submit to the pleasure of the House, and sit down; for it scarcely ever happens that they are guilty of this piece of ill manners without sufficient reason, or inattentive to a member who says anything worth their hearing. 2 *Hats.*, 77, 78.

If repeated calls do not produce order, the Speaker may call by his name any member obstinately persisting in irregularity; whereupon the House may require the member to withdraw. He is then to be heard in exculpation, and to withdraw. Then the Speaker states the offense committed, and the House considers the degree of punishment they will inflict. 3 *Hats.*, 167, 7, 8, 172.

For instances of assaults and affrays in the House of Commons, and the proceedings thereon, see 1 *Pet. Misc.*, 82; 3 *Grey*, 128; 4 *Grey*, 333; 5 *Grey*, 332; 6 *Grey*, 254; 10 *Grey*, 8. Whenever warm words or an assault have passed between members, the House, for the protection of their members, requires them to declare in their places not to prosecute any quarrel (3 *Grey*, 127, 233; 5 *Grey*, 230); or orders them to attend the Speaker, who is to accommodate their differences, and report to the House (3 *Grey*, 419); and they are put under restraint if they refuse, or until they do. 9 *Grey*, 331, 312.

Disorderly words are not to be noticed till the member has finished his speech. 5 *Grey*, 356; 6 *Grey*, 60. Then the person objecting to them, and desiring them to be taken down by the clerk at the table, must repeat them. The Speaker then may direct the clerk to take them down in his minutes; but if he thinks them not disorderly, he delays the direction. If the call becomes pretty general, he orders the clerk to take them down, as stated by the objecting member. They are then part of his minutes, and when read to the offending member, he may deny they were his words, and the House must then decide by a question whether they are his words or not. Then the member may justify them, or explain the sense in which he used them, or apologize. If the House is satisfied, no further proceeding is necessary. But if two members still insist to take the sense of the House, the member must withdraw before that question is stated, and then the sense of the house is to be taken. 2 *Hats.*, 199; 4 *Grey*, 170; 6 *Grey*, 59. When any member has spoken, or other business intervenes, after offensive words spoken, they cannot be taken notice of for censure. And this is for the common security of all, and to prevent mistakes which must happen if words are not taken down immediately. Formerly they might be taken down at any time the same day. 2 *Hats.*, 196; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 71; 3 *Grey*, 48; 9 *Grey*, 514.

Disorderly words spoken in a committee must be written down as in the House; but the committee can only report them to the House for animadversion. 6 *Grey*, 46.

[The rule of the Senate says: "If the member be called to order by a Senator for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter." *Rule 7.*]

In Parliament, to speak irreverently or seditiously against the King is against order. *Smyth's Comw.*, L. 2, c. 3; 2 *Hats.*, 170.

It is a breach of order in debate to notice what has been said on the same subject in the other House, on the particular votes or majorities on it there; because the opinion of each House should be left to its own independency; not to be influenced by the proceedings of the other; and the quoting them might beget reflections leading to a misunderstanding between the two Houses. 8 *Grey*, 22.

Neither House can exercise any authority over a member or officer of the other, but should complain to the House of which he is, and leave the punishment to them. Where the complaint is of words disrespectfully spoken by a member of another House, it is difficult to obtain punishment, because of the rules supposed necessary to be observed (as to the immediate noting down of words), for the security of members. Therefore, it is the duty of the House, and more particularly of the Speaker, to interfere immediately, and not to permit expressions to go unnoticed which may give a ground of complaint to the other House, and introduce proceedings and mutual accusations between the two Houses, which can hardly be terminated without difficulty and disorder. 3 *Hats.*, 51.

No member may be present when a bill or any business concerning himself is debating; nor is any member to speak to the merits of it till he withdraws. 2 *Hats.*, 219. The rule is, that if a charge against a member arise out of a report of a committee, or of examination of witnesses in the House, as the member knows from that to what points he is to direct his exculpation, he may be heard to those points, before any question is moved or stated against him. He is then to be heard, and withdraw before any question is moved. But if the question itself is the charge, as for breach of order, or matter arising in the debate, then the charge must be stated (that is the question must be moved), himself heard and then to withdraw. 2 *Hats.*, 121, 122.

Where the private interests of a member are concerned in a bill or question, he is to withdraw. And where such an interest has appeared, his voice has been disallowed even after a division. In a case so contrary, not only to the laws of decency, but to the fundamental principle of the social compact which denies to any man to be a judge in his own cause, it is for the honor of the House that this rule, of immemorial observance, should be strictly adhered to. 2 *Hats.*, 119, 121; 6 *Grey*, 368.

No member is to come into the House with his head covered, nor to remove from one place to another with his hat on, nor is to put on his hat in coming in or removing until he be set down in his place. *Scob.*, 6.

A question of order may be adjourned to give time to look into precedents. 2 *Hats.*, 118. In Parliament, all decisions of the Speaker may be controlled by the House. 3 *Grey*, 319.

SECTION XVIII.

ORDERS OF THE HOUSE.

Of right, the doors of the House ought not to be shut, but to be kept by porters, or sergeants-at-arms, assigned for that purpose. *Mod. Ten. Parl.*, 23.

[By rules of the Senate, on motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require secrecy, the President shall direct the gallery to be cleared; and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut. *Rule 18.*]

[No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the Senate Chamber to present any petition, memorial or address, or to hear any such read. *Rule 19.*]

The only case where a member has a right to insist on anything, is where he calls for the execution of a subsisting order of the House. Here, there having been already a resolution, any person has a right to insist that the Speaker, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry it into execution; and no debate or delay can be had on it. Thus any member has a right to have the House or gallery cleared of strangers, an order existing for that purpose; or to have the House told where there is no quorum present. *Hats.*, 87, 129. How far an order of the House is binding, see *Hakew.*, 332.

But where an order is made that any particular matter be taken up on a particular day, there a question is to be put, when it is called for, whether the House will now proceed to that matter? Where orders of the day are on important or interesting matter, they ought not to be proceeded on till an hour at which the House is usually full [*which in Senate is at noon*].

Orders of the day may be discharged at any time, and a new one made for a different day. 3 *Grey*, 48, 313.

When a session is drawn to a close, and the important bills are all brought in, the House, in order to prevent interruption by further unimportant bills, sometimes come to a resolution that no new bill be brought in, except it be sent from the other house. 3 *Grey*, 156.

All orders of the House determine with the session; and one taken under such an order may, after the session is ended, be discharged on a habeas corpus. *Raym.*, 129; *Jacob's L. D.*, by *Roughead*; *Parliament*, 1 *Lev.*, 165 (*Pritchard's case*).

[Where the Constitution authorizes each House to determine the rules of its proceedings, it must mean in those cases (legislative, executive or judiciary) submitted to them by the Constitution, or in something relating to these, and necessary towards their execution. But orders and resolutions are sometimes entered in the journals, having no relation to these, such as acceptances of invitations to attend orations, to take part in processions, etc. These must be understood to be merely conventional among those who are willing to participate in the ceremony, and are, therefore, perhaps, improperly placed among the records of the House.]

SECTION XIX.

PETITIONS.

A petition prays something. A remonstrance has no prayer. 1 *Grey*, 58.

Petitions must be subscribed by the petitioners (*Scob.*, 87; *L. Parl.*, c. 22; 9 *Grey*, 362), unless they are attending (1 *Grey*, 401); or unable to sign, and averred by a member (3 *Grey*, 418). But a petition not subscribed, but which the member presenting it affirmed to be all in the handwriting of the petitioner, and his name written in the beginning, was on the question (Mar. 14, 1800) received by the Senate. The averment of a member, or of somebody without doors, that they know the handwriting of the petitioners, is necessary, if it be questioned. 6 *Grey*, 36. It must be presented by a member, not by the petitioners, and must be opened by him holding it in his hand. 10 *Grey*, 57.

[Before any petition or memorial addressed to the Senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the President or a member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial shall verbally be made by the introducer. *Rule 24.*]

Regularly, a motion for receiving it must be made and seconded, and a question put, whether it shall be received? But a cry from the House of "Received," or even its silence, dispenses with the formality of this question; it is then to be read at the table, and disposed of.

SECTION XX.

MOTIONS.

When a motion has been made, it is not to be put to the question, or debated until it is seconded. *Scob.*, 21.

[The Senate say, No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded. *Rule 9.*]

It is then, and not till then, in possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn but by leave of the House. It is to be put into writing if the House or Speaker require it, and must be read to the House by the Speaker as often as any member desires it for his information, *2 Hats.*, 82.

[The rule of the Senate is: When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President or any member, delivered in at the table, and read before the same shall be debated. * * * *Rule 10.*]

It might be asked, whether a motion for adjournment or for the orders of the day, can be made by any one member while another is speaking. It cannot. When two members offer to speak, he who rose first is to be heard; and it is a breach of order in another to interrupt him, unless by calling him to order, if he departs from it. And the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through. A call for adjournment, or for the order of the day, or for the question, by gentlemen from their seats, is not a motion. No motion can be made without arising and addressing the Chair. Such calls are themselves breaches of order which, though the member who has risen may respect as an expression of impatience of the House against further debate, yet, if he chooses he has a right to go on.

SECTION XXI.

RESOLUTIONS.

When the House commands, it is by an "order." But facts, principles, and their own opinions and purposes, are expressed in the form of resolutions.

[A resolution for an allowance of money to the clerks being moved, it was objected to as not in order, and so ruled by the Chair; but on an appeal to the Senate (i. e., a call for their sense by the President, on account of doubt in his mind, according to rule 26), the decision was overruled. *Jour. Sen.*, June 1, 1796. I presume the doubt was, whether an allowance of money could be made otherwise than by bill.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS.

[Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed; and the President shall give notice at each whether it be first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unanimously direct otherwise. * * * *Rule 26.*]

SECTION XXIII.

BILLS, LEAVE TO BRING IN.

[One day's notice, at least, shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in a bill. *Rule 25.*]

When a member desires to bring in a bill on any subject, he states to the House in general terms the causes for doing it, and concludes by moving for leave to bring in a bill entitled, etc. Leave being given on the question, a committee is appointed to prepare and bring in the bill. The mover and seconder are always appointed of this committee, and one or more in addition. *Hakew.*, 122; *Scob.*, 40.

It is to be presented fairly written, without any erasure or interlineation, or the Speaker may refuse it. *Scob.*, 41; 1 *Grey*, 82, 84.

SECTION XXIV.

BILLS, FIRST READING.

When a bill is first presented, the Clerk reads it at the table, and hands it to the Speaker, who, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the first time of reading it; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a second time? then sitting down to give an opening for objections. If none be made, he rises again, and puts the question, whether it shall be read a second time? *Hakew.*, 137, 141. A bill cannot be amended on the first reading (6 *Grey*, 286); nor is it usual for it to be opposed then, but it may be done, and rejected. *D'Ewes*, 335; col. 1; 3 *Hats.*, 198.

SECTION XXV.

BILLS, SECOND READING.

The second reading must regularly be on another day. *Hakew.*, 143. It is done by the Clerk at the table, who then hands it to the Speaker. The Speaker, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; and that the question will be, whether it shall be committed or engrossed and read a third time? But if the bill came from the other House, as it always comes engrossed, he states that the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time, and before he has so reported the state of the bill, no one is to speak to it. *Hakew.*, 143, 146.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President reports the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; that it is now to be considered as in a committee of the whole; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time? or that it may be referred to a special committee?]

SECTION XXVI.

BILLS, COMMITMENT.

If on motion and question it be decided that the bill shall be committed, it may then be moved to be referred to Committee of the Whole House, or to a special committee. If the latter, the Speaker proceeds to name the committee. Any member also may name a single person, and the Clerk is to write him down as of the committee. But the House have a controlling power over the names and number, if a question be moved against any one; and may in any case put in and put out whom they please.

Those who take exceptions to some particulars in the bill are to be of the committee, but none who speak directly against the body of the bill, for he that would totally destroy will not amend it (*Hakew.*, 146; *Town.*, col. 208; *D'Ewes*, 634, col. 2; *Scob.*, 47); or, as it is said (5 *Grey*, 145), the child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it (6 *Grey*, 373). It is therefore a constant rule "that no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it." And when any member who is against the bill bears himself named of its committee, he ought to ask to be excused. Thus (March 7, 1606) Mr. Hadley was, on the question being put, excused from being of a committee, declaring himself to be against the matter itself. *Scob.*, 46.

[No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; after which it may be referred to a committee. *Rule 27.*]

[In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate will proceed by ballot, severally, to appoint the Chairman of each committee; and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same; and a majority of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a Chairman of a standing committee. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall make a choice. When any subject or matter shall have been referred to a committee, any other subject or matter of a similar nature may, on motion, be referred to such committee. *Rule 34.*]

The Clerk may deliver the bill to any member of the committee (*Town.*, col. 38); but it is usual to deliver it to him who is first named.

In some cases the House has ordered a committee to withdraw immediately into the Committee Chamber and act on and bring back the bill, sitting in the House. *Scob.*, 48. A committee meet when and where they please, if the House has not ordered time and place for them (6 *Grey*, 370); but they can only act when together, and not by separate consultation and consent—nothing being the report of the committee but what has been agreed to in committee actually assembled.

A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for business. *Elsynge's Method of Passing Bills*, 11.

Any member of the House may be present at any select committee, but cannot vote, and must give place to all of the committee, and sit below them. *Elsynge*, 12; *Scob.*, 49.

The committee have full power over the bill or other paper committed to them, except that they cannot change the title or subject. 8 *Grey*, 223.

The paper before a committee, whether select or of the whole, may be a bill, resolutions, draught of an address, etc., and it may either originate with them or be referred to them. In every case the whole paper is read first by the clerk and then by the chairman, by paragraphs (*Scob.*, 49), pausing at the end of each paragraph, and putting questions for amending, if proposed. In the case of resolutions on distinct subjects, originating with themselves, a question is put on each separately, as amended or unamended, and no final question on the whole (3 *Hats.*, 276); but if they relate to the same subject, a question is put on the

whole. If it be a bill, draught of an address, or other paper originating with them, they proceed by paragraphs; putting questions for amending either by insertion or striking out, if proposed, but no question on agreeing to the paragraphs separately; this is reserved to the close, when a question is put on the whole for agreeing to it as amended or unamended. But if it be a paper referred to them, they proceed to put questions of amendment, if proposed, but no final question on the whole, because all parts of the paper, having been adopted by the House, stand, of course, unless altered or struck out by a vote. Even if they are opposed to the whole paper, and think it cannot be made good by amendments, they cannot reject it, but must report it back to the House without amendments and there make their opposition.

The natural order in considering and amending any paper is to begin at the beginning, and proceed through it by paragraphs, and this order is so strictly adhered to in Parliament, that when a latter part has been amended, you can recur back and make any alterations in a former part. *2 Hats.*, 90. In numerous assemblies this restraint is doubtless important. [But in the Senate of the United States, though in the main we consider and amend the paragraphs in their natural order, yet recurrences are indulged; and they seem on the whole, in that small body, to produce advantages outweighing their inconveniences.]

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is a single exception found in parliamentary usage. When a bill is taken up in committee, or on its second reading, they postpone the preamble till the other parts of the bill are gone through. The reason is, that on consideration of the body of the bill, such alterations may therein be made as may also occasion the alteration of the preamble. *Scob.*, 50; *7 Grey*, 431.

On this head the following case occurred in the Senate, March 6, 1800: A resolution which had no preamble having been already amended by the House, so that a few words only of the original remained in it, a motion was made to prefix a preamble, which having an aspect very different from the resolution, the mover intimated that he should afterwards propose a corresponding amendment in the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble could not be taken up till the body of the resolution is done with; but the preamble was received, because we are in fact through the body of the resolution; we have amended that as far as amendments have offered, and, indeed, till little of the original is left. It is the proper time, therefore, to consider a preamble; and whether the one offered be consistent with the resolution is for the House to determine. The mover, indeed, has intimated that he shall offer a subsequent proposition for the body of the resolution; but the House is not in possession of it; it remains in his breast, and may be withheld. The rules of the House can only operate on what is before them. [The practice of the Senate, too, allows recurrences backwards and forwards, for the purposes of amendment, not permitting amendments in a subsequent to preclude those in a prior part, or, *e converso*.]

When the committee is through the whole, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report the paper to the House, with or without amendments, as the case may be. *2 Hats.*, 289, 292; *Scob.*, 53; *2 Hats.*, 290; *8 Scob.*, 50.

When a vote is once passed in a committee, it cannot be altered, but by the House, their votes being binding on themselves. *1607, June 4*.

The committee may not erase, interline, or blot the bill itself; but must, in a paper by itself, set down the amendments, stating the words which are to be inserted or omitted (*Scob.*, 50), and where, by references to the page, line, and word of the bill. *Scob.*, 50.

SECTION XXVII.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The chairman of the committee, standing in his place, informs the House that the committee, to whom was referred such a bill, have, according to order, had the same under consideration, and have directed him to report the same without any amendment or with sundry amendments (as the case may be), which he is ready to do when the House pleases to receive it. And he or any other may move that it be now received; but the cry of "now, now," from the House, generally dispenses with the formality of a motion and question. He then reads the amendment, with the coherence in the bill, and opens the alterations and the reasons of the committee for such amendments, until he has gone through the whole. He then delivers it at the clerk's table, where the amendments reported are read by the clerk without the coherence; whereupon the papers lie upon the table till the House, at its convenience, shall take up the report. *Scob.*, 52; *Hakew.*, 148.

The report being made, the committee is dissolved and can act no more without a new power. *Scob.*, 51. But it may be revived by a vote, and the same matter recommitted to them. *4 Grey*, 361.

SECTION XXVIII.

BILL, RECOMMITMENT.

After a bill has been committed and reported, it ought not in an ordinary course to be recommitted; but in case of importance, and for special reasons, it is sometimes recommitted, and usually to the same committee. *Lakew.*, 151. If a report be recommitted before agreed to in the House, what has passed in committee is of no validity; the whole question is again before the committee, and a new resolution must be again moved, as if nothing had passed. 2 *Hats.*, 131—note.

In Senate, January, 1800, the salvage bill was recommitted three times after the commitment.

A particular clause of a bill may be committed without the whole bill (3 *Hats.*, 131); or so much of a paper to one and so much to another committee.

SECTION XXIX.

BILL, REPORTS TAKEN UP.

When the report of a paper originating with a committee is taken up by the House, they proceed exactly as in committee. Here, as in committee, when the paragraphs have, on distinct questions, been agreed to *seriatim* (5 *Grey*, 366; 6 *Grey*, 368; 8 *Grey*, 47, 104, 360; 1 *Torbuck's Deb.*, 125; 3 *Hats.*, 348), no question need be put on the whole report. 5 *Grey*, 381.

On taking up a bill reported with amendments, the amendments only are read by the Clerk. The Speaker then reads the first, and puts it to the question, and so on until the whole are adopted or rejected, before any other amendment be admitted, except it be an amendment to an amendment. *Elsynge's Mem.*, 53. When through the amendments of the committee, the Speaker pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the House to the body of the bill as he does also if it has been reported without amendments, putting no questions but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether the bill be read the third time.

SECTION XXX.

QUASI-COMMITTEE.

If on motion and question the bill be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, then the proceedings in the Senate of the United States and in Parliament are totally different. The former shall be first stated.

[The 28th rule of the Senate says: "All bills on a second reading shall first be considered by the Senate in the same manner as if the Senate were in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and proceeded on by the Senate agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered;" (that is to say, unless ordered to be referred to a special committee.) And when the Senate shall consider a treaty, bill, or resolution, as in Committee of the Whole, the Vice President or President *pro tempore* may call a member to fill the chair during the time the Senate shall remain in Committee of the Whole; and the chairman (so called) shall, during such time, have the powers of a President *pro tempore*.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, as in a Committee of the Whole, or in Quasi-Committee are precisely as in a real Committee of the Whole, taking no question but on amendments. When through the whole they consider the Quasi-Committee as risen, the House resumes without any motion, question or resolution to that effect, and the President reports that "The House acting as in a committee of the Whole, have had under their consideration the bill entitled, etc., and have made sundry amendments, which he will now report to the House." The bill is then before them, as it would have been if reported from a committee, and the questions are regularly to be put again on every amendment; which being gone through, the President pauses to give time to the House to propose amendments to the body of the bill, and when through, puts the question whether it shall be read a third time.]

[After progress in amending the bill in Quasi-Committee, a motion may be made to refer it to a special committee. If the motion prevails, it is equivalent in effect to the several votes, that the committee rise, the House resume itself, discharge the Committee of the Whole, and refer the bill to a special committee. In that case the amendments already made fall. But if the motion fails, the Quasi-Committee stands *in statu quo*.]

[How far does this 28th rule subject the House, when in Quasi-Committee, to the laws which regulate the proceedings of Committees of the Whole?] The particulars in which these differ from proceedings in the House are the following: 1. In a committee every member may speak as often as he pleases. 2. The votes of a committee may be rejected or

altered when reported to the House. 3. A committee, even of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee. In a committee, no previous question can be taken; the only means to avoid any improper discussion is to move that the committee rise; and if it be apprehended that the same discussion will be attempted on returning into committee, the House can discharge them, and proceed itself on the business, keeping down the improper discussions by the previous question. 5. A committee cannot punish a breach of order in the House or in the gallery. 9 *Grey*, 113. It can only rise and report to the House, who may proceed to punish. [The first and second of these peculiarities attach to the Quasi-Committee of the Senate, as every day's practice proves, and seem to be the only ones to which the 28th rule meant to subject them; for it continues to be a House, and therefore, though it acts in some respects as a committee, in others it preserves its character as a House. Thus: 3. It is in the daily habit of referring its business to a special committee. 4. It admits of the previous question; if it did not, it would have no means of preventing an improper discussion, not being able as a committee is, to avoid it by returning into the House, for the moment it would resume the same subject there, the 28th rule declares it again a Quasi-Committee. 5. It would doubtless exercise its powers as a House on any breach of order. 6. It takes a question by yea and nay as the House does. 7. It receives messages from the President and the other House. 8. In the midst of a debate it receives a motion to adjourn, and adjourns as a House, not a committee.]

SECTION XXXI.

BILLS, SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

In Parliament after the bill has been read a second time, if on the motion and question it be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, the Speaker reads it by paragraphs, pausing between each, but putting no question but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether it shall be read a third time; if it come from the other House; or, if originating with themselves whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time? The Speaker reads sitting, but rises to put questions. The Clerk stands while he reads.

[*But the Senate of the United States is so much in the habit of making many and material amendments at the third reading, that it has become the practice not to engross a bill until it has passed—an irregular and dangerous practice, because in this way the paper which passes the Senate is not that which goes to the other House, and that which goes to the other House as the act of the Senate has never been seen in the Senate. In reducing numerous, difficult and illegible amendments into the text, the Secretary may with the most innocent intentions, commit errors which can never be again corrected.]

The bill being now as perfect as its friends can make it, this is the proper stage for those fundamentally opposed to make their first attack. All attempts at earlier periods are with disjointed efforts, because many who do not expect to be in favor of the bill ultimately are willing to let it go on to its perfect state, to take time to examine it themselves and to hear what can be said for it, knowing that after all they will have sufficient opportunities of giving it their veto. Its last two stages, therefore, are reserved for this—that is to say, on the question whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time, and lastly, whether it shall pass? The first of these is usually the most interesting contest, because then the whole subject is new and engaging; and the minds of the members having not yet been declared by any trying vote, the issue is the more doubtful. In this stage, therefore, is the main trial of strength between its friends and opponents, and it behooves every one to make up his mind decisively for this question, or he loses the main battle; and accident and management may, and often do, prevent a successful rallying on the next and last question, whether it shall pass.

When the bill is engrossed, the title is to be indorsed on the back and not within the bill. *Hakew.*, 250.

* The former practice of the Senate referred to in this paragraph has been changed by the following rule:
[RULE 29. The final question upon the second reading of every bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, amendment or motion, unless by unanimous consent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order before the final passage of any such bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, shall be again read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.]

SECTION XXXII.

READING PAPERS.

Where papers are laid before the House or referred to a committee, every member has a right to have them once read at the table before he can be compelled to vote on them; but it is a great though common error to suppose that he has a right *toties quoties*, to have acts, journals, accounts, or papers on the table, read independently of the will of the House. The delay and interruption which this might be made to produce evince the impossibility of the existence of such a right. There is, indeed, so manifest a propriety of permitting every member to have as much information as possible on every question on which he is to vote, that when he desires the reading, if it be seen that it is really for information and not for delay, the Speaker directs it to be read without putting a question, if no one objects; but if objected to, a question must be put. 2 *Hats.*, 117, 118.

It is equally an error to suppose that any member has a right, without a question put, to lay a book or paper on the table, or have it read, on suggesting that it contains matter infringing on the privileges of the House. *Ib.*

For the same reason a member has not a right to read a paper in his place, if it be objected to, without leave of the House. But this rigor is never exercised but where there is an intentional or gross abuse of the time and patience of the House.

A member has not a right even to read his own speech, committed to writing, without leave. This also is to prevent an abuse of time, and therefore is not refused but where that is intended. 2 *Grey*, 226.

A report of a committee of the Senate on a bill from the House of Representatives being under consideration, on motion that the report of the committee of the House of Representatives on the same bill be read in the Senate, it passed in the negative. *Feb.* 28, 1793.

Formerly when papers were referred to a committee, they used to be first read; but of late only the titles, unless a number insist that they shall be read, and then nobody can oppose it. 2 *Hats.*, 117.

SECTION XXXIII.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

[*While a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for the previous question, or for postponing the main question, or to commit it, or to adjourn. *Rule* 11.]

It is no possession of a bill unless it be delivered to the Clerk to be read or the Speaker reads the title. *Lex. Parl.*, 274; *Elsynge's Mem.*, 85; *Ord. House of Commons*, 64.

It is a general rule that the question first moved and seconded shall be first put. *Scob.*, 28, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 81. But this rule gives way to what may be called privileged questions; and the privileged questions are of different grades among themselves.

A motion to adjourn simply takes place of all others, for otherwise the House might be kept sitting against its will, and indefinitely. Yet this motion cannot be received after another question is actually put, and while the House is engaged in voting.

Orders of the day take place of all other questions, except for adjournment—that is to say, the question which is the subject of an order is made a privileged one, *pro hac vice*. The order is a repeal of the general rule as to this special case. When any member moves, therefore, for the Order of the Day to be read, no further debate is permitted on the question which was before the House; for if the debate might proceed, it might continue through the day and defeat the order. This motion, to entitle it to precedence, must be for the orders generally, and not for any particular one; and if it be carried on the question, “Whether the House will now proceed to the orders of the day?” they must be read and proceeded on in the course in which they stand (2 *Hats.*, 83), for priority of order gives priority of right, which cannot be taken away by another special order.

After these there are other privileged questions, which will require considerable explanation.

It is proper that every parliamentary assembly should have certain forms of questions, so adapted as to enable them fitly to dispose of every proposition which can be made to them. Such are: 1. The previous question. 2. To postpone indefinitely. 3. To adjourn a question to a definite day. 4. To lie on the table. 5. To commit. 6. To amend. The proper occasion for each of these questions should be understood.

*This rule has been modified so as to specify the questions entitled to preference. The rule is now as follows: [When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and be decided without debate.]

1. When a proposition is moved which it is useless or inexpedient now to express or discuss, the previous question has been introduced for suppressing for that time the motion and its discussion. 3 *Hats.*, 188, 189.

2. But as the previous question gets rid of it only for that day, and the same proposition may recur the next day, if they wish to suppress it for the whole of that session, they postpone it indefinitely. 3 *Hats.*, 183. This quashes the proposition for that session, as an indefinite adjournment is a dissolution, or the continuance of a suit *sine die* is a discontinuance of it.

3. When a motion is made which it will be proper to act on, but information is wanted, or something more pressing claims the present time, the question or debate is adjourned to such day within the session as will answer the views of the House. 2 *Hats.*, 81. And those who have spoken before may not speak again when the adjourned debate is resumed. 2 *Hats.*, 73. Sometimes, however, this has been abusedly used by adjourning it to a day beyond the session, to get rid of it altogether, as would be done by an indefinite postponement.

4. When the House has something else which claims its present attention, but would be willing to reserve in their power to take up a proposition whenever it shall suit them, they order it to lie on the table. It may then be called for at any time.

5. If the proposition will want more amendment and digestion than the formalities of the House will conveniently admit, they refer it to a committee.

6. But if the proposition be well digested, and may need but few and simple amendments, and especially if these be of leading consequence, they then proceed to consider and amend it themselves.

The Senate, in their practice, vary from this regular gradation of forms. Their practice, comparatively with that of Parliament, stands thus:

FOR THE PARLIAMENT:

Postponement indefinite,
Adjournment,
Lying on the table.

THE SENATE USES:

Postponement to a day beyond the session,
Postponement to a day within the session,
Postponement indefinite,
Lying on the table.

In their eighth rule, therefore, which declares that while the question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless it be for the previous question, or to postpone, commit, or amend the main question, the term postponement must be understood according to their broad use of it and not in the parliamentary sense. Their rule then establishes as privileged questions, the previous questions, postponement, commitment and amendment.

But it may be asked, Have these questions any privileges among themselves? or are they so equal that the common principle of the "first moved first put," takes the place among them? This will need explanation. Their competitions may be as follows:

1. Previous question and postpone.....	}	In the first, second and third classes, and the first member of the fourth class, the rule, "first moved first put" takes place.
commit.....		
amend		
2. Postpone and previous question.....		
commit.....	}	
amend		
3. Commit and previous question.....		
postpone.....		
amend	}	
4. Amend and previous question.....		
postpone.....		
commit.....		

In the first class, where the previous question is first moved, the effect is peculiar; for it not only prevents the after motion to postpone or commit from being put to question before it, but also from being put after it; for if the previous question be decided affirmatively, to wit, that the main question shall *now* be put, it would of course be against the decision to postpone or commit; and if it be decided negatively, to wit, that the main question shall not now be put, this puts the House out of possession of the main question, and consequently there is nothing before them to postpone or commit. So that neither voting for nor against the previous question will enable the advocates for postponing or committing to get at their object. Whether it may be amended shall be examined hereafter.

Second class. If postponement be decided affirmatively, the proposition is removed from before the House, and consequently there is no ground for the previous question, commit

ment, or amendment; but if decided negatively (that it shall not be postponed), the main question may then be suppressed by the previous question, or may be committed or amended.

The third class is subject to the same observations as the second.

The fourth class. Amendment of the main question first moved, and afterwards the previous question, the question of amendment shall be first put.

Amendment and postponement competing, postponement is first put, as the equivalent proposition to adjourn the main question would be in Parliament. The reason is, that the question for amendment is not suppressed by postponement or adjourning the main question, but remains before the House whenever the main question is resumed; and it might be that the occasion for other urgent business might go by, and be lost by length of debate on the amendment, if the House had it not in their power to postpone the whole subject.

Amendment and commitment. The question for committing though last moved, shall be first put; because, in truth, it facilitates and befriends the motion to amend. *Scobell* is express: "On motion to amend a bill, any one may, notwithstanding, move to commit it, and the question for commitment shall be first put." *Scob.*, 46.

We have hitherto considered the question of two or more of the privileged questions contending for privilege between themselves, when both are moved on the original or main question; but now let us suppose one of them to be moved not on the original primary question, but on the secondary one, *e. g.*

Suppose a motion to postpone, commit or amend the main question, and that it be moved to suppress that motion by putting a previous question on it. This is not allowed, because it would embarrass questions too much to allow them to be piled on one another several stories high; and the same result may be had in a more simple way, by deciding against the postponement, commitment or amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 81, 2, 3, 4.

Suppose a motion for the previous question, or commitment or amendment of the main question, and that it be then moved to postpone the motion for the previous question, or for commitment or amendment of the main question. 1. It would be absurd to postpone the previous question, commitment or amendment alone, and thus separate the appendage from its principal; yet it must be postponed separately from its original, if at all, because the eighth rule of the Senate says that "when a main question is before the House, no motion shall be received but to commit, amend or pre-question the original question," which is the parliamentary doctrine also; therefore the motion to postpone the secondary motion for the previous question, or for committing or amending, cannot be received. 2. This is a piling of questions one on another; which to avoid embarrassment, is not allowed. 3. The same result may be had more simply by voting against the previous question, commitment or amendment.

Suppose a commitment moved of a motion for the previous question, or to postpone or amend. The first, second and third reasons before stated, all hold good against this.

Suppose an amendment moved to a motion for the previous question. Answer: the previous question cannot be amended. Parliamentary usage, as well as the ninth rule of the Senate, has fixed its form to be, Shall the main question be now put? — *i. e.*, at this instant; and as the present instant is but one, it can admit of no modification. To change it to tomorrow, or any other moment, is without example and without utility. But suppose a motion to amend a motion for postponement as to one day instead of another, or to a special instead of an indefinite time. The useful character of amendment gives it a privilege of attaching itself to a secondary and privileged motion; that is, we may amend a postponement of a main question. So, we may amend a commitment of a main question, as by adding, for example, "with instructions to inquire," etc. In like manner, if an amendment be moved to an amendment, it is admitted; but it would not be admitted in another degree, to wit: to amend an amendment to an amendment of a main question. This would lead to too much embarrassment. The line must be drawn somewhere, and usage has drawn it after the amendment to the amendment. The same result must be sought by deciding against the amendment to the amendment, and then moving it again as it wished to be amended. In this form it becomes only amendment to an amendment.

[When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee, the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put. *Rule 36.*]

[In filling a blank with a sum, the largest sum should be first put to the question, by the thirteenth rule of the Senate,*] contrary to the rule of Parliament, which privileges the smallest sum and longest time. 5 *Grey*, 179; 2 *Hats.*, 8, 83; 3 *Hats.*, 133, 133. And this is con-

[**RULE 13.* In filling up blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be first put.]

sidered to be not in the form of an amendment to the question, but as alternative or successive originals. In all cases of time or number, we must consider whether the larger comprehends the lesser as in a question to what day a postponement shall be, the number of a committee, amount of fine, term of an imprisonment, term of irredeemability of a loan, or the *terminus in quem* in any other case; then the question must begin *a maximo*. Or whether the lesser includes the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on what day the session shall be closed by adjournment, on what day the next shall commence, when an act shall commence, or the *terminus a quo* in any other case where the question must begin *a minimo*; the object being not to begin at that extreme which, and more, being within every man's wish, no one could negative it, and yet, if he should vote in the affirmative, every question for more would be precluded; but at that extreme which would unite few, and then to advance or recede till you get a number which will unite a bare majority. 3 *Grey*, 376, 384, 385. "The fair question, in this case, is not that to which, and more, all will agree, whether there shall be addition to the question." *Grey*, 355.

Another exception to the rule of priority is when a motion has been made to strike out or agree to a paragraph. Motions to amend it are to be put to the question before a vote is taken on striking out or agreeing to the whole paragraph.

But there are several questions which, being incidental to every one, will take place of every one, privileged or not, to wit: a question of order arising out of any other question must be decided before that question. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

A matter of privilege arising out of any question, or from a quarrel between two members or any other cause, supersedes the consideration of the original question, and must be first disposed of. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Reading papers relative to the question before the House. This question must be put before the principal one. 2 *Hats.*, 88.

Leave asked to withdraw a motion. The rule of Parliament being that a motion made and seconded is in the possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn without leave, the very terms of the rule imply that leave may be given, and, consequently, may be asked and put to the question.

SECTION XXXIV.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

When any question is before the House, any member may move a previous question, "Whether that question (called the main question) shall now be put?" If it pass in the affirmative, then the main question is to be put immediately, and no man may speak anything further to it, either to add or alter. *Memor. in Hakew.*, 28; 4 *Grey*, 27.

The previous question being moved and seconded, the question from the chair shall be, "Shall the main question be now put?" and if the nays prevail, the main question shall not then be put.

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1604. 1 *Hats.*, 80. Sir Henry Vane introduced it. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114; 3 *Grey*, 384. When the question was put in this form, "Shall the main question be put?" a determination in the negative suppressed the main question during the session; but since the words, "now put" are used they exclude it for the present only; formerly, indeed, only till the present debate was over (4 *Grey*, 43), but now for that day and no longer. 2 *Grey*, 113, 114.

Before the question "Whether the main question shall now be put?" any person might formerly have spoken to the main question, because otherwise he would be precluded from speaking to it at all. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 28.

The proper occasion for the previous question, is when a question is brought forward of a delicate nature as to high personages, etc., or the discussion of which may call forth observations which might be of injurious consequences. Then the previous question is proposed; and in the modern usage, the discussion of the main question is suspended, and the debate confined to the previous question. The use of it has been extended abusively to other cases; but in these it has been an embarrassing procedure; its uses would be as well answered by other more simple parliamentary forms, and therefore it should not be favored, but restricted within as narrow limits as possible.

Whether a main question may be amended after the previous question on it has been moved and seconded? 2 *Hats.*, 83, says, if the previous question has been moved and seconded, and also proposed from the chair (by which he means stated by the Speaker for debate), it has been doubted whether an amendment can be admitted to the main question. He thinks it may, after the previous question is moved and seconded; but not after it has been proposed from the chair. In this case he thinks the friends to the amendment must

vote that the main question be not now put; and then move their amended question, which being made new by the amendment, is no longer the same which has just been suppressed, and therefore may be proposed as a new one. But this proceeding certainly endangers the main question, by dividing its friends, some of whom may choose it unamended, rather than lose it altogether; while others of them may vote, as Hatsell advises, that the main question be not now put with a view to move it again in an amended form. The enemies of the main question, by this manoeuvre to the previous question, get the enemies to the amendment added to them on the first vote and throw the friends of the main question under the embarrassment of rallying again as they can. To support his opinion, too, he makes the deciding circumstances, whether an amendment may or may not be made, to be, that the previous question has been proposed from the Chair. But, as the rule is that the House is in possession of a question as soon as it is moved and seconded, it cannot be more than possessed of it by its being also proposed from the Chair. It may be said, indeed, that the object of the previous question being to get rid of a question, which it is not expedient should be discussed, this object may be defeated by moving to amend, and, in the discussion of that motion, involving the subject of the main question. But so may the object of the previous question be defeated, by moving the amended question as Mr. Hatsell proposes after the decision against putting the original question. He acknowledges, too, that the practice has been to admit previous amendments, and only cites a few late instances to the contrary. On the whole, I should think it best to decide it *ab inconvenienti*, to wit: which is most inconvenient, to put it in the power of one side of the House to defeat a proposition by hastily moving the previous question, and thus forcing the main question to be put unamended; or to put it in the power of the other side to force on, incidentally at least, a discussion which would be better avoided? Perhaps the last is the least inconvenience; inasmuch as the Speaker, by confining the discussion rigorously to the amendment only, may prevent their going into the main question, and inasmuch also as so great a proportion of the cases in which the previous question is called for, are fair and proper subjects for public discussion, and ought not to be obstructed by a formality introduced for questions of a peculiar character.

SECTION XXXV.

AMENDMENTS.

On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment. *Scob.*, 23.

If an amendment be proposed inconsistent with one already agreed to, it is a fit ground for its rejection by the House, but not within the competence of the Speaker to suppress as if it were against order; for were he permitted to draw questions of consistence within the vortex of order, he might usurp a negative on important modifications, and suppress, instead of subserving the legislative will.

Amendments may be made so as totally to alter the nature of the proposition; and it is a way of getting rid of a proposition by making it bear a sense different from what it was intended by the movers, so that they vote against it themselves. 2 *Hats.*, 79, 4, 82, 84. A new bill may be engrafted by way of amendment, on the words, "Be it enacted," etc. 1 *Gray*, 190, 192.

If it be proposed to amend by leaving out certain words, it may be moved, as an amendment to this amendment, to leave out a part of the words of the amendment, which is equivalent to leaving them in the bill. 2 *Hats.*, 80, 9. The parliamentary question is, always, whether the words shall stand part of the bill.

When it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, or part of one, the friends of the paragraph may make it as perfect as they can by amendments before the question is put for inserting it. If it be received, it cannot be amended afterwards, in the same stage, because the House has, on a vote, agreed to it in that form. In like manner, if it is proposed to amend by striking out a paragraph, the friends of the paragraph are first to make it as perfect as they can by amendments, before the question is put for striking it out. If on the question it be retained, it cannot be amended afterwards, because a vote against striking out is equivalent to a vote agreeing to it in that form.

When it is moved to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others, the manner of stating the question is first to read the whole passage to be amended as it stands at present, then the words proposed to be struck out, next those to be inserted, and lastly the whole passage as it will be when amended. And the question, if desired, is then to be divided, and put first on striking out. If carried, it is next on inserting the words proposed. If that be lost, it may be moved to insert others. 2 *Hats.*, 80, 7.

A motion is made to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place, which is negated. Then it is moved to strike out the same words, and to insert others of a tenor entirely different from those first proposed. It is negated. Then it is moved to strike out the same words and insert nothing, which is agreed to. All this is admissible, because to strike out and insert A, is one proposition. To strike out and insert B, is a different proposition. And to strike out and insert nothing, is still different. And the rejection of one proposition does not preclude the offering a different one. Nor would it change the case were the first motion divided by putting the question first on striking out, and that negated; for, as putting the whole motion to the question at once would not have precluded, the putting the half of it cannot do it.*

But if it had been carried affirmatively to strike out the words and to insert A, it could not afterwards be permitted to strike out A and insert B. The mover of B should have notified, while the insertion of A was under debate, that he would move to insert B; in which case those who preferred it would join in rejecting A.

After A is inserted, however, it may be moved to strike out a portion of the original paragraph, comprehending A, provided the coherence to be struck out be so substantial as to make this effectively a different proposition, for then it is resolved into the common case of striking out a paragraph after amending it. Nor does anything forbid a new insertion, instead of A and its coherents.

In Senate, January 25, 1798, a motion to postpone until the second Tuesday in February some amendments proposed to the Constitution; the words, "until the second Tuesday in February" were struck out by way of amendment. Then it was moved to add, "until the first day of June." Objected that it was not in order, as the question should be first put on the longest time; therefore, after a shorter time decided against a longer, cannot be put to question. It was answered that this rule takes place only in filling blanks for time. But when a specific time stands part of motion, that may be struck out as well as any other part of a motion; and when struck out a motion may be received to insert any other. In fact, it is not until they are struck out, and a blank for the time thereby produced, that the rule can begin to operate, by receiving all the propositions for different times, and putting the question successively on the longest. Otherwise it would be in the power of the mover, by inserting originally a short time, to preclude the possibility of a longer, for till the short time is struck out, you cannot insert a longer; and if, after it is struck out, you cannot do it, then it cannot be done at all. Suppose the first motion had been made to amend by striking out "the second Tuesday in February," and inserting instead thereof "the first of June," it would have been regular, then, to divide the question, by proposing the first question to strike out and then that to insert. Now this is precisely the effect of the present proceeding; only, instead of one motion and two questions, there are two motions and two questions to effect it—the motion being divided as well as the question.

When the matter contained in two bills might better be put into one, the manner is to reject the one, and incorporate its matter into another bill by way of amendment. So if the matter of one bill would be better distributed into two, any part may be struck out by way of amendment, and put into a new bill. If a section is to be transposed, a question must be put on striking it out where it stands, and another for inserting it in the place desired.

A bill passed by the one House with blanks. These may be filled up by the other by way of amendments, returned to the first as such, and passed. 3 *Hats.*, 83.

The number prefixed to the section of a bill, being merely a marginal indication, and no part of the text of the bill, the clerk regulates that—the House or committee is only to amend the text.

SECTION XXXVI.

DIVISION OF THE QUESTION.

If a question contain more parts than one, it may be divided into two or more questions. *Mem. in Hakeu.*, 39. But not as the right of an individual member, but with the consent of the House. For who is to decide whether a question is complicated or not?—where it is complicated?—into how many propositions it may be divided? The fact is, that the only mode of separating a complicated question is by moving amendments to it; and these

* In the case of a division of the question, and a decision against striking out, I advance doubtfully the opinion here expressed. I find no authority either way, and I know it may be viewed under a different aspect. It may be thought that having decided separately not to strike out the passage, the same question for striking out cannot be put over again, though with a view to a different insertion. Still I think it more reasonable and convenient to consider the striking out and insertion as forming one proposition; but should readily yield to any evidence that the contrary is the practice in Parliament.

must be decided by the House, on a question, unless the House orders it to be divided; as, on a question, December 2, 1640, making void the election of the knights for Worcester, on a motion it was resolved to make two questions of it, to wit: one on each knight. 2 *Hats.*, 85, 86. So, wherever there are several names in question, they may be divided and put one by one. 9 *Grey*, 444. So, 1729, April 17, on an objection that a question was complicated, it was separated by amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 79.

The soundness of these observations will be evident from the embarrassments produced by the 12th rule of the Senate, which says, "if the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided."

1798, May 30, the alien bill in quasi-committee. To a section and proviso in the original had been added two new provisos by way of amendment. On a motion to strike out the section as amended, the question was desired to be divided. To do this it must be put first on striking out either the former proviso or some distinct member of the section. But when nothing remains but the last member or the section and the proviso, they cannot be divided so as to put the last member to question by itself; for the proviso might then be left standing alone as exceptions to a rule when the rule is taken away; or the new provisos might be left to a second question, after having been decided on once before at the same reading, which is contrary to rule. But the question must be on striking out the last member of the section as amended. This sweeps away the exceptions with the rule, and relieves from inconsistency. A question to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire that one of them being taken away the other may stand entire. But a proviso or an exception, without an enacting clause does not contain an entire point or proposition.

May 31. The same bill being before the Senate. There was a proviso that the bill should not extend, 1, To any foreign minister; nor, 2, To any person to whom the President should give a passport; nor, 3, To any alien merchant conforming himself to such regulations as the President shall prescribe, and a division of the question into its simplest elements was called for. It was divided into four parts, the fourth taking in the words, "conforming himself," etc. It was objected that the words, "any alien merchant" could not be separated from their modifying words, "conforming," etc., because these words if left by themselves contain no substantive idea — will make no sense. But admitting that the divisions of a paragraph into separate questions must be so made that each part may stand by itself, yet the House having on the question, retained the two first divisions, the words "any alien merchant" may be struck out, and their modifying words will then attach themselves to the preceding description of persons, and become a modification of that description.

When a question is divided, after the question on the first member, the second is open to debate and amendment, because it is a known rule that a person may rise and speak at any time before the question has been completely decided, by putting the negative as well as the affirmative side. But the question is not completely put when the vote has been taken on the first member only. One-half of the question, both affirmative and negative remains still to be put. See *Execut. Jour.*, June 25, 1795. The same decision by President Adams.

SECTION XXXVII.

CO-EXISTING QUESTIONS.

It may be asked whether the House can be in possession of two motions or propositions at the same time, so that one of them being decided, the other goes to question without being moved anew? The answer must be special. When a question is interrupted by a vote of adjournment, it is thereby removed from before the House, and does not stand *ipso facto* before them at their next meeting, but must come forward in the usual way. So, when it is interrupted by the order of the day. Such other privileged questions also as dispose of the main question (*e. g.* the previous question, postponement, or commitment), remove it from before the House. But it is only suspended by a motion to amend, to withdraw, to read papers, or by a question of order or privilege, and stands again before the House when these are decided. None but the class of privileged questions can be brought forward while there is another question before the House, the rule being that when a motion has been made and seconded, no other can be received, except it be a privileged one.

SECTION XXXVIII.

EQUIVALENT.

If, on a question for rejection, a bill be retained, it passes of course to its next reading. *Hakew.*, 141; *Scob.*, 42. And a question for a second reading determined negatively, is a rejection without further question. 4 *Grey*, 145. And see *Elsynge's Memor.*, 42, in what cases questions are to be taken for rejection.

Where questions are perfectly equivalent, so that the negative of the one amounts to the affirmative of the other, and leaves no other alternative, the decision of the one concludes necessarily the other. 4 *Grey*, 157. Thus the negative of striking out amounts to the affirmative of agreeing; and therefore to put a question on agreeing after that on striking out, would be to put the same question in effect twice over. Not so in questions of amendments between the two Houses. A motion to recede being negatived, does not amount to a positive vote to insist, because there is another alternative, to wit: to adhere:

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. A motion in the originating House to agree to the amendment is negatived. Does there result from this a vote of disagreement, or must the question on disagreement be expressly voted? The questions respecting amendments from another House are—1st, to agree; 2d to disagree; 3d, recede; 4th, insist; 5th, adhere.

- | | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| 1st. To agree. | } | Either of these concludes the other necessarily, for the positive of either is exactly the equivalent of the negative of the other, and no other alternative remains. On either motion amendments to the amendments may be proposed; e. g., if it be moved to disagree, those who are for the amendment have a right to propose amendments, and to make it as perfect as they can, before the question of disagreeing is put. |
| 2d. To disagree. | | |
| 3d. To recede. | } | You may then either insist or adhere. |
| 4th. To insist. | | You may then either recede or adhere. |
| 5th. To adhere. | | You may then either recede or insist. |
- Consequently the negative of these is not equivalent to a positive vote the other way. It does not raise so necessary an implication as may authorize the Secretary by inference to enter another vote; for two alternatives still remain, either of which may be adopted by the House.

SECTION XXXIX.

THE QUESTION.

The question is to be put first on the affirmative and then on the negative side.

After the Speaker has put the affirmative part of the question, any member who has not spoken before to the question may rise and speak before the negative be put; because it is no full question till the negative part be put. *Scob.*, 23; 2 *Hats.*, 73.

But in small matters, and which are, of course, such as receiving petitions, reports, withdrawing motions, reading papers, etc., the Speaker most commonly supposes the consent of the House where no objection is expressed, and does not give them the trouble of putting the question formally. *Scob.*, 22; 2 *Hats.*, 87; 5 *Grey*, 129; 9 *Grey*, 301.

SECTION XL.

BILLS, THIRD READING.

To prevent bills from being passed by surprise, the House, by a standing order, directs that they shall not be put on their passage before a fixed hour, naming one at which the House is commonly full. *Hakew.*, 153.

[The usage of the Senate is, not to put bills on their passage till noon.]

A bill reported and passed to the third reading cannot on that day be read the third time and passed; because this would be to pass on two readings in the same day.

At the third reading the Clerk reads the bill and delivers it to the Speaker, who states the title, that it is the third time of reading the bill, and that the question will be whether it shall pass? Formerly the Speaker or those who prepared a bill, prepared also a brieve or summary statement of its contents, which the Speaker read when he declared the state of the bill, at the several readings. Sometimes, however, he read the bill itself, especially on its passage. *Hakew.*, 136, 137, 153; *Coke*, 22, 115. Latterly, instead of this, he, at the third reading, states the whole contents of the bill, verbatim, only, instead of reading the formal parts "Be it enacted, etc.," he states that "preamble recites so and so—the first section enacts that, etc., the 2d section enacts," etc.

[But in the Senate of the United States both of these formalities are dispensed with; the brieve presenting but an imperfect view of the bill, and being capable of being made to present a false one; and the full statement being a useless waste of time, immediately after a full reading by the Clerk, and especially as every member has a printed copy in his hand.]

A bill on the third reading is not to be committed for the matter or body thereof; but to

receive some particular clause or proviso, it has been sometimes suffered, but as a thing very unusual. *Hakew.*, 126. Thus, 27 *El.*, 1584, a bill was committed on the third reading, having been formerly committed on the second, but it is declared not usual. *D'Ewes*, 337, *col.*, 2; 414, *col.*, 2.

When an essential provision has been omitted, rather than erase the bill and render it suspicious, they add a clause on a separate paper, engrossed and called a rider, which is read and put to the question three times. *Elsynge's Memorials*, 59; 6 *Grey*, 335; 1 *Blackst.*, 183. For example of riders, see 3 *Hats.*, 121, 122, 124, 126. Every one is at liberty to bring in a rider without asking leave. 10 *Grey*, 52.

It is laid down as a general rule, that amendments proposed at the second reading, shall be twice read, and those proposed at the third reading thrice read; as also all amendments from the other House. *Town, col.*, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

It is with great and almost invincible reluctance that amendments are admitted at this reading, which occasion erasures or interlineations. Sometimes a proviso has been cut off from a bill; sometimes erased. 9 *Grey*, 513.

This is the proper stage for filling up blanks; for if filled up before, and now altered by erasure, it would be peculiarly unsafe.

At this reading the bill is debated afresh, and for the most part is more spoken to at this time than on any of the former readings. *Hakew.*, 153.

The debate on the question whether it should be read a third time, has discovered to its friends and opponents the arguments on which each side relies, and which of these appear to have influence with the House; they have had time to meet them with new arguments, and to put their old ones into new shapes. The former vote has tried the strength of the former opinion, and furnished grounds to estimate the issue; and the question now offered for its passage is the last occasion which is ever to be offered for carrying or rejecting it.

When the debate is ended, the Speaker, holding the bill in his hand, puts the question for its passage by saying, "Gentlemen, all of you who are of opinion that this bill shall pass, say aye;" and after the answer of the ayes, "All those of the contrary opinion, say no." *Hakew.*, 154.

After the bill is passed there can be no further alteration of it in any point. *Hakew.*, 159.

SECTION XLI.

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

The affirmative and negative of the question having been both put and answered, the Speaker declares whether the yeas or nays have it by the sound, if he be himself satisfied, and it stands as the judgment of the House. But if he be not himself satisfied which voice is the greater, or if before any other member comes into the House, or before any new motion is made (for it is too late after that), any member shall rise and declare himself dissatisfied with the Speaker's decision, then the Speaker is to divide the House. *Scob.*, 24; 2 *Hats.*, 140.

When the House of Commons is divided, the one party goes forth, and the other remains in the House. This has made it important which go forth and which remain; because the latter gain all the indolent, the indifferent and inattentive. Their general rule therefore, is, that those who give their vote for the preservation of the orders of the House, shall stay in; and those who are for introducing any new matter or alteration, or proceeding contrary to the established course, are to go out. But this rule is subject to many exceptions and modifications. 2 *Hats.*, 131; 1 *Rush*, p. 3, *fol.* 92; *Scob.*, 43, 52; *Co.*, 12, 116; *D'Ewes*, 505, *col.* 1; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 25, 29, as will appear by the following statement of who go forth.

Petition that it be received*	} Ayes.
Read	
Lie on the table	} Noes.
Rejected after refusal to lie on the table	
Referred to committee for further proceeding	Ayes.
Bill, that it be brought in.	} Ayes.
Read first or second time	
Engrossed or read a third time	
Proceedings on every other stage	
Committed	

* Noes. 9 *Grey*, 365.

To committee of the whole.....	Noes.	
To select committee	Ayes.	
Report of bill to lie on table	Noes.	
Be now read	Ayes.	
Be taken into consideration three months hence.....	30, P. J.	251
Amendments to be read a second time.....	Noes.	
Clause offered on report of bill be read a second time.....	Ayes.	
For receiving a clause.....		334
With amendments be engrossed.....		335
That a bill be now read a third time.....	Noes.	338
Receive a rider.....		260
Pass	Ayes.	256
Be printed		
Committees. That A take the chair		
To agree to the whole or any part of report		
That the House do now resolve into committee	Noes.	291
Speaker. That he now leave the chair, after order to go into committee.....		
That he issue warrant for new writ		
Member. That none be absent without leave		
Witness. That he be further examined.....	Ayes.	344
Previous question.....	Noes.	
Blanks. That they be filled with the largest sum.	Ayes.	
Amendments. That words stand part of.....		
Lords. That their amendment be read a second time.....	Noes.	
Messenger be received	Ayes.	
Orders of day to be now read if before 2 o'clock.....	Noes.	
If after 2 o'clock.....	Ayes.	
Adjournment. Till the next sitting day, if before 4 o'clock.....	Noes.	
If after 4 o'clock	Ayes.	
Over a sitting day (unless a previous resolution).....	Noes.	
Over the 30th of January.....	Ayes.	
For sitting on Sunday, or any other day not being a sitting day.....		

The one party being gone forth, the Speaker names two tellers from the affirmative and two from the negative side, who first count those sitting in the House and report the number to the Speaker. Then they place themselves within the door, two on each side, and count those who went forth as they come in, and report the number to the Speaker. *Mem. in Hakew., 26.*

A mistake in the report of the tellers may be rectified after the report made. *2 Hats., 145, note.*

[But in both Houses of Congress all these intricacies are avoided. The ayes first rise, and are counted standing in their places by the President or Speaker. Then they sit, and the noes rise and are counted in like manner.]

[In Senate, if they are equally divided, the Vice President announces his opinion, which decides.]

[The Constitution, however, has directed that "the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal." And again; that in all cases of reconsidering a bill disapproved by the President, and returned with his objections, "the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House respectively."]

[By the 16th and 17th rules of the Senate, when the yeas and nays shall be called for by one-fifth of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the yeas and nays and upon the call of the House, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.]

[When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question in pursuance of the above rule no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair.]

[When it is proposed to take the vote by yeas and nays, the President or Speaker states that "the question is whether, *e. g.*, the bill shall pass — that it is proposed that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal. Those, therefore, who desire it, will rise." If he

finds and declares that one-fifth have risen, he then states that "those who are of the opinion that the bill shall pass are to answer in the affirmative; those of a contrary opinion in the negative." The Clerk then calls over the names alphabetically, notes the yea or nay of each, and gives the list to the President or Speaker, who declares the result. In the Senate, if there be an equal division, the Secretary calls on the Vice President and notes his affirmative or negative, which becomes the decision of the House.]

In the House of Commons every member must give his vote, the one way or the other (*Scob.*, 21), as it is not permitted to any one to withdraw who is in the House when the question is put, nor is any one to be told in the division who was not in when the question was put. 2 *Hats.*, 140.

This last position is always true when the vote is by yeas and nays; where the negative as well as affirmative of the question is stated by the President at the same time, and the vote of both sides begins and proceeds *pari passu*. It is true also when the question is put in the usual way, if the negative has also been put; but if it has not, the member entering, or any other member, may speak, and even propose amendments, by which the debate may be opened again, and the question be greatly deferred. And as some who have answered aye may have been changed by the new arguments, the affirmative must be put over again. If, then, the member entering may, by speaking a few words, occasion a repetition of a question, it would be useless to deny it on his simple call for it.

While the House is telling, no member may speak or move out of his place, for if any mistake be suspected it must be told again. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26; 2 *Hats.*, 143.

If any difficulty arises in point of order during the division, the Speaker is to decide peremptorily, subject to the future censure of the House, if irregular. He sometimes permits old experienced members to assist him with their advice, which they do sitting in their seats, covered to avoid the appearance of debate; but this can only be with the Speaker's leave, else the division might last several hours. 2 *Hats.*, 143.

The voice of the majority decides; for the *lex majoris partis* is the law of all councils, elections, etc., where not otherwise expressly provided. *Hakew.*, 33. But if the House be equally divided, "*semper presumatur pro negante*;" that is, the former law is not to be changed but by a majority. *Towns.*, col. 134.

[But in the Senate of the United States, the Vice President decides when the House is divided. *Const. U. S.*, I, 3.]

When, from counting the House on a division, it appears that there is not a quorum, the matter continues exactly in the state in which it was before the division, and must be resumed at that point on any future day. 2 *Hats.*, 126.

1606, May 1, on a question whether a member having said yea may afterwards sit and change his opinion, a precedent was remembered by the Speaker, of Mr. Morris, attorney of the wards, in 39 *Eliz.*, who in like case changed his opinion. *Mem. Hakew.*, 27.

SECTION XLII.

TITLES.

After the bill has passed, and not before, the title may be amended, and is to be fixed by a question; and the bill is then sent to the other House.

SECTION XLIII.

RECONSIDERATION.

[When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter.* *Rule 20.*]

[1798, Jan. A bill on its second reading being amended and on the question whether it shall be read a third time negatived, was restored by a decision to reconsider that question. Here the votes of negative and reconsideration, like positive and negative quantities in an equation, destroy one another, and are as if they were expunged from the journal. Consequently the bill is open for amendment, just so far as it was the moment preceding the question for the third reading; that is to say, all parts of the bill are open for amendment except those on which votes have been already taken in its present stage. So, also, it may be recommitted.]

* This part of the rule has been added since the Manual was compiled.

[*The rule permitting a reconsideration of a question affixing to it no limitation of time or circumstance, it may be asked whether there is no limitation? If, after the vote, the paper on which it is passed has been parted with, there can be no reconsideration; as if a vote has been for the passage of a bill, and the bill has been sent to the other house. But where the paper remains, as on a bill rejected, when, or under what circumstances, does it cease to be susceptible of reconsideration? This remains to be settled; unless, a sense that the right of reconsideration is a right to waste the time of the House in repeated agitations of the same question, so that it shall never know when a question is done with, should induce them to reform this anomalous proceeding.]

In Parliament, a question once carried cannot be questioned again at the same session, but must stand as the judgment of the House. *Towns.*, col. 67; *Mem. in Hakew.*, 33. And a bill once rejected, another of the same substance cannot be brought in again the same session. *Hakew.*, 153; 6 *Grey*, 332. But this does not extend to prevent putting the same question in different stages of a bill; because every stage of a bill submits the whole and every part of it to the opinion of the House, as open for amendment, either by insertion or omission though the same amendment has been accepted or rejected in a former stage. So in reports of committees, *e. g.*, report of an address, the same question is before the House and open for free discussion. *Towns.*, col. 26; 2 *Hats.*, 98, 100, 101. So orders of the House, or instructions to committee, may be discharged. So a bill, begun in one house, and sent to the other, and there rejected, may be renewed again in that other, passed and sent back. *Id.*, 92; 3 *Hats.*, 161. Or if, instead of being rejected, they read it once and lay it aside, or amend it, and put it off a month, they may order in another to the same effect, with the same or different title. *Hakew.*, 97, 98.

Divers expedients are used to correct the effects of this rule; as by passing an explanatory act, if anything has been omitted or ill expressed (3 *Hats.*, 278), or an act to enforce, and make more effectual an act, *etc.*, or to rectify mistakes in act, *etc.*, or a committee on one bill may be instructed to receive a clause to rectify the mistakes of another. Thus, June 24, 1655, a clause was inserted in a bill, for rectifying a mistake committed by a clerk in engrossing a bill of supply. 2 *Hats.*, 194, 6. Or the session may be closed for one, two, three, or more days, and a new one commenced. But then all matters depending must be finished, or they fall, and are to begin *de novo*. 3 *Hats.*, 91, 98. Or a part of the subject may be taken up by another bill, or taken up in a different way. 6 *Grey*, 304, 316.

And in cases of the last magnitude, this rule has not been so strictly and verbally observed as to stop indispensable proceedings altogether. 2 *Hats.*, 92, 98. Thus when the address on the preliminaries of peace in 1782 had been lost by a majority of one, on account of the importance of the question, and smallness of the majority, the same question in substance, though with some words not in the first, and which might change the opinion of some members, was brought on again and carried, as the motives for it were thought to outweigh the objection of form. 2 *Hats.*, 99, 100.

A second bill may be passed to continue an act of the same session, or to enlarge the time limited for its execution. 2 *Hats.*, 95, 98. This is not in contradiction to the first act.

SECTION XLIV.

BILLS SENT TO THE OTHER HOUSE.

[All bills passed in the Senate, shall, before they are sent to the House of Representatives, be examined by a committee, consisting of three members, whose duty shall be to examine all bills, amendments, resolutions or motions, before they go out of the possession of the Senate and to make report that they are correctly engrossed, which report shall be entered on the journal. *Rule 33.*]

A bill from the other House is sometimes ordered to lie on the table. 2 *Hats.*, 97.

When bills passed in one house and sent to the other, are grounded on special facts requiring proof, it is usual, either by message or at a conference, to ask the grounds and evidence; and this evidence, whether arising out of papers, or from the examination of witnesses, is immediately communicated. 3 *Hats.*, 48.

SECTION XLV.

AMENDMENTS BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

When either house, *e. g.*, the House of Commons, sends a bill to the other, the other may pass it with amendments. The regular progression in this case is, that the commons disagree to the amendment; the lords insist on it; the commons insist on their disagree-

* This rule now fixes the limitation.

ment; the lords adhere to their amendment; the commons adhere to their disagreement. The term of insisting may be repeated as often as they choose to keep the question open. But the first adherence by either renders it necessary for the other to recede or adhere also; when the matter is usually suffered to fall. 10 *Grey*, 148. Latterly, however, there are instances of their having gone to a second adherence. There must be an absolute conclusion of the subject somewhere, or otherwise transactions between the houses would become endless. 3 *Hats.*, 268, 270. The term of insisting, we are told by Sir John Trevor, was then (1679) newly introduced into parliamentary usage by the lords. 7 *Grey*, 94. It was certainly a happy innovation, as it multiplies the opportunities of trying modifications which may bring the houses to concurrence. Either house, however, is free to pass over the term of insisting, and to adhere in the first instance; 10 *Grey*, 146; but it is not respectful to the other. In the ordinary parliamentary course, there are two free conferences, at least, before an adherence. 10 *Grey*, 147.

Either house may recede from its amendment and agree to the bill; or recede from their disagreement to the amendment, and agree to the same absolutely, or with an amendment; for here the disagreement and receding destroy one another, and the subject stands as before the disagreement. *Elsynye*, 23, 27; 9 *Grey*, 476.

But the House cannot recede from, or insist on its own amendment, with an amendment; for the same reason that it cannot send to the other house an amendment to its own act after it has passed the act. They may modify an amendment from the other house by ingrafting an amendment on it, because they have never assented to it; but they cannot amend their own amendment, because they have on the question, passed it in that form. 9 *Grey*, 323; 10 *Grey*, 240. In the Senate, March 29, 1798. Nor where one house has adhered to their amendment, and the other agrees with an amendment, can the first house depart from the form which they have fixed by an adherence.

In the case of a money bill, the lords' proposed amendments become, by delay, confessedly necessary. The commons, however, refused them, as infringing on their privileges as to money bills; but they offered themselves to add to the bill a proviso to the same effect, which had no coherence with the lords' amendments; and urged that it was an expedient warranted by precedent, and not unparliamentary in a case become impracticable, and irremediable in any other way. 3 *Hats.*, 256, 266, 270, 271. But the lords refused, and the bill was lost. 1 *Chand.*, 238. A like case, 1 *Chand.*, 311. So the commons resolved that it was unparliamentary to strike out, at a conference, anything in a bill which had been agreed and passed by both Houses. 6 *Grey*, 274; 1 *Chand.*, 312.

A motion to amend an amendment from the other House takes precedence of a motion to agree or disagree.

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment.

The originating House agrees to their amendment with an amendment. The other may agree to their amendment with an amendment, that being only in the 2d and not the 3d degree; for, as to the amending House, the first amendment with which they passed the bill is a part of its text; it is the only text they have agreed to. The amendment to that text by the originating House, therefore, is only in the first degree, and the amendment to that again by the amending House is only in the 2d, to wit: an amendment to an amendment, and so admissible. Just so, when, on a bill from the originating House, the other, at its second reading makes an amendment; on the third reading this amendment is become the text of the bill, and if an amendment to it be moved, an amendment to that amendment may also be moved, as being only in the 2d degree.

SECTION XLVI.

CONFERENCES.

It is on the question of amendments between the Houses that conferences are usually asked; but they may be asked in all cases of difference of opinion between the two Houses on matters depending between them. The request of a conference, however, must always be with the House which is possessed of the papers. 3 *Hats.*, 31; 1 *Grey*, 425.

Conferences may be either simple or free. At a conference simply, written reasons are prepared by the House asking it, and they are read and delivered, without debate, to the managers of the other House at the conference; but are not then to be answered; 4 *Grey*, 144. The other House, then, if satisfied, vote the reason satisfactory, or say nothing; if not satisfied, they resolve them not satisfactory, and ask a conference on the subject of the last conference, where they read and deliver, in like manner, written answers to those reasons. 3 *Grey*, 183. They are meant chiefly to record the jurisdiction of each House to the nation at large, and to posterity, and in proof that the miscarriage of a necessary measure is not

imputable to them. 3 *Grey*, 255. At free conferences the managers discuss, *viva voce* and freely, and interchange propositions for such modifications as may be made in a parliamentary way, and may bring the sense of the two Houses together. And each party reports in writing to their respective Houses the substance of what is said on both sides, and it is entered in their journals. 9 *Grey*, 220; 3 *Hats.*, 230. This report can not be amended or altered, as that of a committee may be. *Journal of Senate*, May 24, 1796.

A conference may be asked, before the House asking it has come to a resolution of disagreement, insisting or adhering. 3 *Hats.*, 269, 341. In which case the papers are not left with the other conferees, but are brought back to be the foundation of the vote to be given. And this is the most reasonable and respectful proceeding; for, as was urged by the lords on a particular occasion, "it is held vain, and below the wisdom of Parliament, to reason or argue against fixed resolutions, and upon terms of impossibility to persuade." 3 *Hats.*, 226. So the commons say, "an adherence is never delivered at a free conference, which implies debate." 10 *Grey*, 137. And on another occasion the lords made it an objection that the commons had asked a free conference after they had made resolutions of adhering. It was then affirmed, however, on the part of the commons, that nothing was more parliamentary than to proceed with free conferences after adhering (3 *Hats.*, 269), and we do in fact see inferences of conferences, or of free conference, asked after the resolution of disagreeing, (3 *Hats.*, 251, 253, 260, 286, 291, 316, 319); of insisting (*Ib.* 230, 296, 299, 319, 322, 355); of adhering (260, 270, 283, 300); and even of a second or final adherence. 3 *Hats.*, 270. And in all cases of conference asked after a vote of disagreement, etc., the conferees of the House asking it are to leave the papers with the conferees of the other; and in one case where they refused to receive them, they were left on the table in the conference chamber. *Ib.*, 317, 323, 354; 10 *Grey*, 146.

After a free conference, the usage is to proceed with free conferences, and not return again to a conference. 3 *Hats.*, 270; 9 *Grey*, 229.

After a conference denied, a free conference may be asked. 1 *Grey*, 45.

When a conference is asked, the subject of it must be expressed, or the conference not agreed to. *Ord. H. Com.*, 89; 1 *Grey*, 425; 8 *Grey*, 31. They are sometimes asked to inquire concerning an offense or default of a member of the other House. 6 *Grey*, 181; 1 *Chand.*, 304. Or the failure of the other House to present to the King a bill passed by both Houses. 8 *Grey*, 302. Or on information received, and relating to the safety of the nation. 10 *Grey*, 171. Or when the methods of Parliament are thought by the one House to have been departed from by the other, a conference is asked to come to a right understanding thereon. 10 *Grey*, 148. So when an unparliamentary message has been sent, instead of answering it, they ask a conference. 3 *Grey*, 155. Formerly an address or article of impeachment, or a bill with amendments, or a vote of the House, or concurrence in a vote, or a message from the King, were sometimes communicated by way of conference. 6 *Grey*, 123, 300, 337; 7 *Grey*, 89; 8 *Grey*, 210, 255; 1 *Torbuick's Deb.*, 278; 10 *Grey*, 233; 1 *Chandler*, 49, 237. But this is not the modern practice. 8 *Grey*, 255.

A conference has been asked after the first reading of the bill, 1 *Grey*, 194. This is a singular instance.

SECTION XLVII.

MESSAGES.

Messages between the Houses are to be sent only while both Houses are sitting. 2 *Hats.*, 15. They are received during debate without adjourning the debate. 3 *Hats.*, 22.

[In Senate the messengers are introduced in any state of business, except: 1. While a question is putting. 2. While the yeas and nays are calling. 3. While the ballots are counting. *Rule* 47. The first case is short; the second and third are cases where any interruption might occasion errors difficult to be corrected. So arranged June 15, 1788.]

In the House of Representatives, as in Parliament, if the House be in committee when a messenger attends, the Speaker takes the chair to receive the message, and then quits it to return into committee, without any question or interruption. 4 *Grey*, 226.

Messengers are not saluted by the members, but by the Speaker of the House. 2 *Grey*, 253, 274.

If messengers commit an error in delivering their message, they may be admitted or called in to correct their message. 4 *Grey*, 41. Accordingly, March 13, 1800, the Senate having made two amendments to a bill from the House of Representatives, their Secretary, by mistake, delivered one only, which being inadmissible by itself, that House disagreed, and notified the Senate of their disagreement. This produced a discovery of the mistake. The Secretary was sent to the other House to correct his mistake, the correction was received, and the two amendments acted on *de novo*.

As soon as the messenger, who has brought the bills from the other House, has retired, the Speaker holds the bills in his hand, and acquaints the House "that the other House have by their messenger sent certain bills," and then reads their titles, and delivers them to the Clerk, to be safely kept till they shall be called for to be read. *Hakew.*, 178.

It is not the usage for one House to inform the other by what numbers a bill has passed. 10 *Grey*, 150. Yet they have sometimes recommended a bill as of great importance, to the consideration of the House to which it is sent. 3 *Hats.*, 23. Nor when they have rejected a bill from the other House, do they give notice of it; but it passes sub silentio, to prevent unbecoming altercations. *Blackst.*, 183.

[But in Congress the rejection is notified by message to the House in which the bill originated.]

A question is never asked by the one House of the other by way of message, but only at a conference; for this is an interrogatory, not a message. 3 *Grey*, 151, 181.

When a bill is sent by one House to the other, and is neglected, they may send a message to remind them of it. 3 *Hats.*, 25; 5 *Grey*, 154. But if it be mere inattention, it is better to have it done informally, by communication between the Speakers or members of the two Houses.

Where the subject of a message is of a nature that can properly be communicated to both houses of Parliament, it is expected that this communication should be made to both on the same day. But where a message was accompanied with an original declaration, signed by the party to which the message referred, its being sent to one house was not noticed by the other, because the declaration, being original, could not possibly be sent to both houses at the same time. 2 *Hats.*, 260, 261, 262.

The King having sent original letters to the commons, afterwards desires they may be returned, that he may communicate them to the lords. 1 *Chandler*, 303.

SECTION XLVIII.

ASSENT.

The House which has received a bill and passed it, may present it for the King's assent, and ought to do it, though they have not by message notified to the other their passage of it. Yet the notifying by message is a form which ought to be observed between the two houses, from motives of respect and good understanding. 2 *Hats.*, 142. Were the bill to be withheld from being presented to the King, it would be an infringement of the rules of Parliament. *Ib.*

[When a bill has passed both houses of Congress, the house last acting on it notifies its passage to the other, and delivers the bill to the Joint Committee of Enrollment, who see that it is truly enrolled in parchment.] When the bill is enrolled, it is not to be written in paragraphs, but solidly, and all of a piece, that the blanks between the paragraphs may not give room for forgery. 9 *Grey*, 143. [It is then put in the hands of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to have it signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then brings it by way of message to the Senate to be signed by their President. The Secretary of the Senate returns it to the Committee of Enrollment, who present it to the President of the United States. If he approve, he signs, and deposits it among the rolls in the office of the Secretary of State, and notifies by message the house in which it originated that he has approved and signed it; of which that house informs the other by message. If the President disapproves, he is to return it with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who are to enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent together with the President's objections to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by its adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law. *Const. U. S.*, I, 7.]

[Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill. *Const. U. S.*, I, 7.]

SECTION XLIX.

JOURNALS.

[Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy. *Const.*, I, 5.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, when not acting as in a Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on the journals as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true account of the proceedings. Every vote of the Senate shall be entered on the journals, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, be also inserted on the journal. *Rule* 33.]

[The titles of bills, and such parts thereof only, as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journals. *Rule* 32.]

If a question is interrupted by a vote to adjourn, or to proceed to the orders of the day, the original question is never printed in the journal, it never having been a vote, nor introductory to any vote; but when suppressed by the previous question, the first question must be stated, in order to introduce and make intelligible the second. *2 Hats.*, 83.

So also when a question is postponed, adjourned, or laid on the table, the original question, though not yet a vote, must be expressed in the journals; because it makes part of the vote of postponement, adjourning, or laying it on the table.

Where amendments are made to a question, those amendments are not printed in the journals, separated from the question; but only the question as finally agreed to by the House. The rule of entering in the journals only what the House has agreed to, is founded in great prudence and good sense; as there may be many questions proposed, which it may be improper to publish to the world in the form in which they are made. *2 Hats.*, 85.

[In both houses of Congress, all questions whereon the yeas and nays are desired by one-fifth of the members present, whether decided affirmatively or negatively, must be entered on the journals. *Const.*, I, 5.]

The first order for printing the votes of the House of Commons was October 30, 1685. *1 Chandler*, 337.

Some judges have been of opinion that the journals of the House of Commons are no records, but only remembrances. But this is not law. *Hob.*, 110, 111; *Lex. Parl.*, 114, 115; *Jour. H. C.*, Mar. 17, 1592; *Hale, Parl.*, 105. For the lords in their house have power of judicature, the commons in their house have power of judicature; and both houses together have power of judicature; and the Book of the Clerk of the House of Commons is a record, as is affirmed by act of Parl. 6 H. 8 c. 16; 4 *Inst.*, 23, 24; and every member of the House of Commons hath a judicial place. 4 *Inst.*, 15. As records they are open to every person, and a printed vote of either house is sufficient ground for the other to notice it. Either may appoint a committee to inspect the journals of the other, and report what has been done by the other in any particular case. *2 Hats.*, 361; 3 *Hats.*, 27-30. Every member has a right to see the journals, and take and publish votes from them. Being a record, every one may see and publish them. 6 *Grey*, 118, 119.

On information of a mis-entry or omission of an entry in the journal, a committee may be appointed to examine and rectify it, and report it to the House. *2 Hats.*, 194, 5.

SECTION L.

ADJOURNMENT.

The two houses of Parliament have the sole, separate and independent power of adjourning each their respective Houses. The King has no authority to adjourn them; he can only signify his desire, and it is in the wisdom and prudence of either House to comply with his requisition, or not, as they see fitting. *2 Hats.*, 332; 1 *Blackstone*, 186; 5 *Grey*, 122.

[By the Constitution of the United States a smaller number than a majority may adjourn from day to day. I, 5. But "neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting." I, 5. And in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, the president may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. *Const.*, II, 3.]

A motion to adjourn, simply, cannot be amended, as by adding "to a particular day;" but must be put simply "that this House do now adjourn;" and if carried in the affirmative, it is adjourned till the next sitting day, unless it has come to a previous resolution, "that at its rising it will adjourn to a particular day," and then the House is adjourned to that day. *2 Hats.*, 82.

Where it is convenient that the business of the House be suspended for a short time, as for a conference presently to be held, etc., it adjourns during pleasure. 2 *Hats.*, 305; or for a quarter of an hour. 5 *Grey*, 331.

If a question be put for adjournment, it is no adjournment till the Speaker pronounces it. 5 *Grey*, 137. And from courtesy and respect, no member leaves his place till the Speaker has passed on.

SECTION LI.

A SESSION.

Parliament have three modes of separation, to wit: By adjournment, by prorogation or dissolution by the King, or by the efflux of the term for which they were elected. Prorogation or dissolution constitutes there what is called a session, provided some act has passed. In this case all matters depending before them are discontinued, and at their next meeting are to be taken up de novo, if taken up at all. 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Adjournment, which is by themselves, is no more than a continuance of the session from one day to another, or for a fortnight, a month, etc., ad libitum. All matters depending remain in statu quo, and when they meet again, be the term ever so distant, are resumed, without any fresh commencement, at the point at which they were left. 1 *Lev.*, 165; *Lex. Parl.*, c. 2; 1 *Ro. Rep.*, 29; 4 *Inst.*, 7, 27, 28; *Hutt.*, 61; 1 *Mod.*, 253; *Ruffh. Jac. L. Dict. Parliament*; 1 *Blackst.*, 186. Their whole session is considered in law but as one day, and has relation to the first day thereof. *Bro. Abr. Parliament*, 86.

Committees may be appointed to sit during a recess by adjournment, but not by prorogation. 5 *Grey*, 374; 9 *Grey*, 350; 1 *Chandler*, 50. Neither House can continue any portion of itself in any parliamentary function beyond the end of the session without the consent of the other two branches. When done, it is by a bill constituting them commissioners for the particular purpose.

[Congress separate in two ways only, to wit: by adjournment, or dissolution by the efflux of their time. What, then, constitutes a session with them? A dissolution closes one session, and the meeting of the new Congress begins another. The Constitution authorizes the President, "on extraordinary occasions to convene both houses or either of them." (I. 3.) If convened by the President's proclamation, this must begin a new session, and of course determine the preceding one to have been a session. So if it meets under the clause of the Constitution, which says, "the Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day" (I. 4), this must begin a new session; for even if the last adjournment was to this day, the act of adjournment is merged in the higher authority of the Constitution, and the meeting will be under that and not under their adjournment. So far we have fixed landmarks for determining sessions. In other words, it is declared by the joint vote authorizing the President of the Senate and Speaker to close the session on a fixed day, which is usually in the following form: *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives*, That the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives be authorized to close the present session by adjourning their respective Houses on the — day of —.]

When it was said above that all matters depending before Parliament were discontinued by the determination of the session, it was not meant for judiciary cases depending before the House of Lords, such as impeachments, appeals and writs of error. These stand, continued, of course, to the next session. *Raym.*, 120, 331; *Ruffh. Jac. L. D., Parliament*.

[Impeachments stand, in like manner, continued before the Senate of the United States.]

SECTION LII.

TREATIES.

[The President of the United States has power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur. *Const. U. S.*, II., 2.]

[All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate, shall be by the members thereof kept secret; and that all treaties which may hereafter be laid before the Senate, shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy. *Rule 39.*]

Treaties are legislative acts. A treaty is the law of the land. It differs from other laws only as it must have the consent of a foreign nation, being but a contract with respect to that nation. In all countries, I believe, except England, treaties are made by the legislative power; and there also, if they touch the laws of the land, they must be approved by

Parliament. *Ware v. Hayton*, 3 *Dallas' Rep.*, 223. It is acknowledged, for instance, that the King of Great Britain cannot by a treaty make a citizen of an alien. *Vattel*, b., 1, c. 19, sec. 214. An act of Parliament was necessary to validate the American treaty of 1783. And abundant examples of such acts can be cited. In the case of the treaty of Utrecht, in 1712, the commercial articles required the concurrence of Parliament; but a bill brought in for that purpose was rejected. France, the other contracting party, suffered these articles, in practice, to be not insisted on, and adhered to the rest of the treaty. 4 *Russell's Hist. Mod. Europe*, 457; 2 *Smollet*, 242, 246.

[By the Constitution of the United States this department of legislation is confined to two branches only of the ordinary legislature; the President originating and the Senate having a negative. To what subjects this power extends has not been defined in detail by the Constitution; nor are we entirely agreed among ourselves. 1. It is admitted that it must concern the foreign nation party to the contract, or it would be a mere nullity, *res inter alios acta*. 2. By the general power to make treaties, the Constitution must have intended to comprehend only those subjects which are usually regulated by treaty, and cannot be otherwise regulated. 3. It must have meant to except out of these rights to the States; for surely the President and Senate cannot do by treaty what the whole government is interdicted from doing in any way. 4. And also to except those subjects of legislation in which it gave a participation to the House of Representatives. This last exception is denied by some, on the ground that it would leave very little matter for the treaty power to work on. The less the better, say others. The Constitution thought it wise to restrain the Executive and Senate from entangling and embroiling our affairs with those of Europe. Besides, as the negotiations are carried on by the Executive alone, the subjecting to the ratification of the representative such articles as are within their participation, is no more inconvenient than to the Senate. But the ground of this exception is denied as unfounded. For examine, *e. g.*, the treaty of commerce with France, and it will be found that, out of thirty-one articles, there are not more than small portions of two or three of them which would not still remain as subjects of treaties, untouched by these exceptions.]

Treaties being declared, equally with the laws of the United States, to be the supreme law of the land, it is understood that an act of the legislature alone can declare them infringing and rescinded. This was accordingly the process adopted in the case of France in 1798.

[It has been the usage for the Executive, when it communicates a treaty to the Senate for their ratification, to communicate also the correspondence of the negotiators. This having been omitted in case of the Prussian treaty, was asked by a vote of the House, of February 12, 1800, and was obtained. And in December, 1800, the convention of that year between the United States and France, with the report of the negotiations by the envoys, but not their instructions, being laid before the Senate, the instructions were asked for, and communicated by the President.]

[The mode of voting on questions of ratification is by nominal call.]

[Whenever a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time for information only; when no motion to reject, ratify, or modify the whole, or any part, shall be received. Its second reading shall be for consideration, and on a subsequent day, when it shall be taken up as in a committee of the whole, and every one shall be free to move a question on any particular article, in this form: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?" or to propose amendments thereto, either by inserting or by leaving out words, in which last case the question shall be, "shall the words stand part of the article?" And in every one of the said cases, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be requisite to decide affirmatively. And when, through the whole, the proceedings shall be stated to the House, and questions being again severally put thereon, for confirmation, or new ones proposed, requiring in like manner a concurrence of two-thirds for whatever is retained or inserted.]

[The votes so confirmed shall, by the House, or a committee thereof, be reduced into the form of a ratification, with or without modifications, as may have been decided, and shall be proposed on a subsequent day, when every one shall again be free to move amendments, either by inserting or leaving out words; in which last case the question shall be, "Shall the words stand part of the resolution?" And in both cases the concurrence of two-thirds shall be requisite to carry the affirmative; as well as on the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to. *Rule 37.*]

[When any question may have been decided by the Senate, in which two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that side which prevailed in the question may be at liberty to move for a reconsideration, and a motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes. *Rule 37.*]

SECTION LIII.

IMPEACHMENT.

[The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. *Const. U. S.*, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States. But the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law. *Const.*, I, 3.]

[The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. *Const.*, II, 4.]

[The trial of crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. *Const.*, III, 2.]

These are the provisions of the Constitution of the United States on the subject of impeachments. The following is a sketch of some of the principles and practices of England on the same subject.

Jurisdiction. The Lords cannot impeach any to themselves, nor join in the accusation, because they are the judges. *Seld. Judic. in Parl.*, 12, 63. Nor can they proceed against a commoner but on complaint of the Commons. *Ib.*, 84. The Lords may not, by the law, try a commoner for a capital offense, on the information of the King or a private person, because the accused is entitled to a trial by his peers generally; but on accusation by the House of Commons, they may proceed against the delinquent, of whatsoever degree, and whatsoever be the nature of the offense; for there they do not assume to themselves trial at common law. The commons are then instead of a jury, and the judgment is given on their demand, which is instead of a verdict. So the Lords do only judge, but not try the delinquent. *Ib.*, 6, 7. But Wooddeson denies that a commoner can now be charged capitally before the Lords, even by the commons; and cites Fitzharris's case, 1681, impeached for high treason, where the Lords remitted the prosecution to the inferior court. 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 325-7; Wooddeson, 601, 576; 3 *Seld.*, 1610, 1619, 1641; 4 *Blackst.*, 25; 73 *Seld.*, 1604, 1618; 9, 1636.

Accusation. The Commons, as the grand inquest of the nation, become suitors for penal justice. 2 *Woodd.*, 597; 6 *Grey*, 356. The general course is to pass a resolution containing a criminal charge against the supposed delinquent, and then to direct some member to impeach him by oral accusation, at the bar of the House of Lords, in the name of the Commons. The person signifies that the articles will be exhibited, and desires that the delinquent may be sequestered from his seat, or be committed, or that the peers will take order from his appearance. *Sachev. Trial*, 329; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701, 101; 1 *Wms.*, 616; 6 *Grey*, 324.

Process. If a party do not appear, proclamations are to be issued, giving him a day to appear. On their return they are strictly examined. If any error be found in them, a new proclamation issues, giving a short day. If he appear not, his goods may be arrested and they may proceed. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99.

Articles. The accusation (articles) of the Commons is substituted in place of an indictment. Thus, by the usage of Parliament, in impeachment for writing or speaking, the particular words need not be specified. *Sach. Tr.*, 325; 2 *Woodd.*, 602, 605; *Lords' Jour.*, 3 June, 1701; 1 *Wms.*, 616.

Appearance. If he appears, and the case be capital, he answers in custody; though not if the accusations be general. He is not to be committed but on special accusations. If it be for a misdemeanor only, he answers, a Lord in his place, a Commoner at the bar, and not in custody, unless, on the answer, the Lords find cause to commit him, till he finds sureties to attend, and lest he should fly. *Seld. Judd.*, 98, 99. A copy of the articles is given him, and a day fixed for his answer. *T. Day*; 1 *Rushw.*, 263; *Fest.*, 232; 1 *Clar. Hist. of the Reb.*, 379. Or a misdemeanor his appearance may be in person, or he may answer in writing, or by attorney. *Seld. Judd.*, 100. The general rule on accusations for a misdemeanor is, that in such a state of liberty or restraint as the party is when the commons complain of him, in such he is to answer. *Ib.*, 101. If previously committed by the commons, he answers as a prisoner. But this may be called in some sort *judicium parium suorum*. *Ib.* In misdemeanors the party has a right to counsel by the common law; but not in capital cases. *Seld. Judd.*, 102-5.

Answer. The answer need not observe great strictness of form. He may plead guilty as to part, and defend as to the residue; or, saving all exceptions, deny the whole or give a particular answer to each article separately. 1 *Rush.*, 274; 1 *Rush.*, 1374; 12 *Parl. Hist.*, 442; 3 *Lords' Jour.*, 13 Nov., 1643; *Woodd.*, 607. But he cannot plead a pardon in bar to the impeachment. 2 *Woodd.*, 615; 2 *St. Tr.*, 735.

Replication, rejoinder, etc. There may be a replication, rejoinder, etc. *Seld. Jud.*, 114; 8 *Grey's Deb.*, 223; *Sach. Tr.*, 15; *Journ. H. of Commons*, 6 March, 1640, 1.

Witnesses. The practice is to swear the witnesses in open House, and then examine them there; or a committee may be named, who shall examine them in committee, either on interrogatories agreed on in the House, or such as the committee in their discretion shall demand. *Seld. Jud.*, 120, 123.

Jury. In the case of Alice Pierce (1 *R. 2.*), a jury was empaneled for her trial before a committee. *Seld. Jud.*, 123. But this was on a complaint, not on impeachment by the commons. *Seld. Jud.*, 163. It must also have been for a misdemeanor only, as the lords spiritual sat in the case, which they do on misdemeanors, but not in capital cases. *Id.*, 148. The judgment was a forfeiture of all her lands and goods. *Id.*, 188. This, Selden says, is the only jury he finds recorded in Parliament for misdemeanor; but he makes no doubt, if the delinquent doth put himself on trial of his country a jury ought to be impaneled, and he adds that it is not so on impeachment by the commons; for they are in loco proprio, and there no jury ought to be impaneled. *Id.*, 124. The *Ld. Berkeley*, 6 *E.*, 3, was arraigned for the murder of *L. 2.*, on an information on the part of the King, and not impeachment of the commons; for then they had been patria sua. He waived his peerage, and was tried by a jury of Gloucestershire and Warwickshire. *Id.*, 125. In 1 *H.*, 7, the commons protest that they are not to be considered as parties to any judgment given, or hereafter to be given in Parliament. *Seld. Jud.*, 133. They have been generally and more justly considered, as is before stated, as the grand jury; for the conceit of Selden is certainly not accurate, and they are the patria sua of the accused, and that the Lords do only judge, but not try. It is undeniable that they do try; for they examine witnesses as to the facts, and acquit or condemn, according to their own belief of them. And Lord Hale says, "the peers are judges of law as well as of fact;" (2 *Hale*, *P. C.*, 275); consequently of fact as well as of law.

Presence of Commons. The Commons are to be present at the examination of witnesses. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. Indeed, they are to attend throughout, either as a committee of the whole House, or otherwise, at discretion, appoint managers to conduct the proofs. *Rushw. Tr. of Straff.*, 37; *Com. Journ.*, 4 Feb., 1709-10; 2 *Woodd.*, 614. And judgment is not to be given till they demand it. *Seld. Jud.*, 124. But they are not to be present on impeachment when the Lords consider of the answer of proofs and determine of their judgment. Their presence, however, is necessary at the answer and judgment in cases capital (*Id.*, 58, 159) as well as not capital (162). The Lords debate the judgment among themselves. Then the vote is first taken on the question of guilty or not guilty; and if they convict, the question, or particular sentence, is out of that which seemeth to be most generally agreed on. *Seld. Jud.*, 167. 2 *Woodd.*, 612.

Judgment. Judgments in Parliament, for death, have been strictly guided per legem terræ, which they cannot alter; and not at all according to their discretion. They can neither omit any legal part of the judgment nor add to it. Their sentence must be secundum, non ultra legem. *Seld. Jud.*, 168-171. This trial, though it varies in external ceremony, yet differs not in essentials from criminal prosecutions before inferior courts. The same rules of evidence, the same legal notions of crimes and punishments, prevailed; for impeachments are not framed to alter the law, but to carry it into more effectual execution against two powerful delinquents. The judgment, therefore, is to be such as is warranted by legal principles or precedents. 6 *Sta.*, *Tr.*, 14; 2 *Woodd.*, 611. The chancellor gives judgment in misdemeanors; the lord high steward formerly in cases of life and death. *Seld. Jud.*, 180. But now the steward is deemed not necessary. *Post.*, 144; 2 *Woodd.*, 613. In misdemeanors the greatest corporal punishment hath been imprisonment. *Seld. Jud.*, 184. The King's assent is necessary in capital judgments (2 *Woodd.*, 614, contra), but not in misdemeanors. *Seld. Jud.*, 136.

Continuance. An impeachment is not discontinued by the dissolution of Parliament, but may be resumed by the new Parliament. *T. Ray.*, 383; 4 *Com. Journ.*, 23 Dec., 1790; *Lords' Jour.*, May 15, 1791; 2 *Woodd.*, 613.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

Organization.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock, M., on the 2d Wednesday of January in every odd numbered year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, generally the delegation of each county by itself, and subscribe to the oath of office.

It often happens, that by neglect of the proper county officer, to return the proceedings of the county canvassers, some members find their election not to be on record in the Secretary's office. In such case the certificate held by the member himself should be produced to the Clerk. This answers every purpose, and should always be secured by members elect, from the clerk of their county.

The oath of office is then administered to the members elect. It may be administered by the Speaker, the President of the Senate, the Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, or any of the Judges of the Supreme Court. It has been administered in this state, usually, by one of the judges. Members coming in after the first day of the session are sworn in by the Speaker.

After all are sworn, the roll is called, when, if a quorum is found to be present, the Clerk declares the House to be qualified and competent to proceed to business.

If the parties in the Assembly have determined their choice for officers, the election proceeds forthwith: if not, an adjournment is had until the next day.

The election for Speaker, Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms is required to be *viva voce*, and these are the only offices the Assembly can fill.

The roll is called, and each member announces audibly the name of the candidate of his choice.

The clerk announces the result, and names a committee to conduct the Speaker elect to the chair. The other elections proceed in the same manner, except that when the result is announced by the Speaker the officer elect advances to the Clerk's desk and is sworn in by the Speaker.

A committee is then appointed to wait on the Senate, and inform it that the Assembly is organized; or the Clerk is directed by resolution, to inform the Senate of the fact.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him.

The Senate and Assembly have usually assembled in joint convention in the Assembly Chamber, upon some day and hour suggested by the Governor during the first week of the session to hear his annual message, but the message has sometimes been read separately to each House by the clerks thereof.

The message has been read usually by the Governor himself, but sometimes by his Private Secretary, and sometimes by the Clerk of one of the Houses.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained, are referred, by resolution, to appropriate standing committees or select committees.

In the Assembly standing committees are appointed by the Speaker at as early a day in the session as is possible. In the Senate, the committees are appointed by resolution of that body. The custom is for the party having the majority to agree upon their members of the committees, in caucus. The list is then handed to the other party, and the balance of the members are named. When thus completed, the list is offered in the Senate in the form of a resolution, that the standing committees be as therein named.

Drawing of Seats.

The drawing of seats by lot has been observed since the Assembly first took possession of the new Assembly Chamber.

The method heretofore pursued is as follows:

The members leave their seats, and take places in the open area behind their seats. The Clerk having placed in a box, slips of paper containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger draws them therefrom. The Clerk announces each name as it is drawn, and the member named selects his seat, and occupies it until the drawing is completed. In the Senate the seats are usually placed in such manner as will be most agreeable to the Senators.

Compensation.

OF MEMBERS.

Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.—*Amendment to Art. IV, section 21, State Constitution.*

The presiding officers of the senate and assembly shall issue immediately after the commencement of the annual session of the legislature in each year, to each member of the house over which they respectively preside, who is entitled to receive the same, a certificate countersigned by the chief clerk, showing that such member has taken the prescribed official oath, and the number of miles traveled by him in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route, and thereupon the amount of mileage and salary to which each member is entitled shall be audited and paid out of the state treasury; but when any seat is contested, and notice of such contest has been filed, as required by section one hundred and four, no certificate shall be given, nor shall the secretary of state audit any account for salary or mileage to either claimant, nor either claimant be entitled to receive the same, until the question of the right to such seat shall have been settled. *Sec. 110, R. S., 1878.*

OF OFFICERS.

The Speaker of the Assembly shall be entitled to receive the same compensation, except mileage, allowed to other members of the legislature, for his services as Speaker, in addition to his pay as member, to be paid out of the state treasury; but in case of an extra session of the legislature, no extra compensation shall be allowed. *Sec. 111, R. S. 1878.*

Officers of the Senate and Assembly.

LEGISLATIVE EMPLOYES, SENATE.

The officers of the senate, other than the president, *ex-officio*, and the president *pro tempore*, shall be one Chief Clerk, one assistant Chief Clerk, one assistant clerk, one book-

keeper, one proof-reader, one engrossing clerk, one enrolling clerk, one transcribing clerk, one index clerk, one custodian of engrossing room, one sergeant-at-arms, one assistant sergeant-at-arms, one postmaster, one assistant postmaster, four door-keepers, one gallery attendant, who shall also act as committee room attendant, one document room attendant, one document clerk, two committee room attendants, one janitor, one porter, one night watchman and ten messengers.

ASSEMBLY.

The officers of the Assembly, aside from the speaker, shall be one Chief Clerk, two assistant clerks, one book-keeper, one assistant book-keeper, one stationery clerk, one proof-reader, one transcribing clerk, one index clerk, one engrossing clerk, one enrolling clerk, one custodian of the engrossing room, one sergeant-at-arms, one assistant sergeant-at-arms, one postmaster, one assistant postmaster, four doorkeepers, two gallery attendants, who shall also serve as committee room attendants, one general attendant for the assembly chamber, who shall act as policeman, one document room attendant, one document room clerk, two committee room attendants, one porter, one night watchman, one flagman, one washroom attendant, twelve messengers.

WHEN CHIEF CLERKS MAY DISCHARGE.

The Chief Clerks of the Senate and Assembly may discharge any of their force above named for cause or from the cessation of the work which made their employment necessary, and upon extraordinary occasions there may be employed, in addition to those named, not to exceed six general clerks.

WHEN ADDITIONAL CLERKS MAY BE EMPLOYED.

After the legislature has been in session thirty days, they may also appoint an assistant index clerk, an assistant enrolling clerk, an assistant engrossing clerk, two assistant transcribing clerks and four comparing clerks, one custodian of the enrolling room, who shall also act as attendant for other rooms in charge of the chief clerks.

COPYISTS.

The chief clerks may employ such copyists as the proper and expeditious transaction of the business of his house may require.

CLERKS OF COMMITTEES.

The joint committee on Claims, and the committees on Judiciary of the Senate and Assembly shall have power, each to employ a clerk at such time in the session as they may deem necessary, and the committees on Charitable and Penal Institutions, incorporations, enrolled and engrossed bills, and committee on Bills on Their Third Reading in the Assembly, shall have authority to employ clerks after the legislature has been in session thirty days.

POWER OF SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

The sergeants-at-arms of the Senate and Assembly may discharge any of their force above mentioned for cause.

SALARY AND PER DIEM.

The Chief Clerks shall receive a salary of eight hundred dollars each, for every regular session, and ten dollars per diem for each special session, and fifty dollars for opening each session, which shall be in full for all services rendered. The other officers and employees of the Senate and Assembly shall receive pay per diem as follows: The sergeant-at-arms, the assistant clerks, bookkeepers and assistant bookkeeper five dollars each; the proof-readers, engrossing, enrolling, transcribing and index clerks, the clerk of the joint committee on Claims, and the clerks of the Judiciary committee of each house, the assistant sergeant-at-arms and the postmaster and document room attendant, four dollars each; the messengers, two dollars each; all other committee clerks, three dollars and fifty cents each, and all other clerks and employees three dollars each.

COPYISTS.

The copyists shall be paid one dollar per day from the date of their employment, and fifteen cents per folio for enrolling and ten cents per folio for engrossing; the term "folio" meaning one hundred words "full count," and only upon accepted work.

TO ASSIST AT OTHER WORK WHEN NECESSARY.

Every clerk or employe on the Chief Clerk's or sergeant-at-arms' force shall assist when required at any other work in the department than that to which he is regularly assigned,

when the good of the service can be promoted thereby. No per diem shall be allowed after the close of the session, except for two days to the transcribing and index clerks, each, whose duty it shall be within that time to satisfactorily and fully complete the indexing and transcribing of the journal, and in case such work is not so completed, a sufficient sum shall be reserved from the pay of the clerk who may make the default, to insure the completion of his work.

CHIEF CLERKS TO CERTIFY NAMES, ETC., TO SECRETARY OF STATE.

The Chief Clerk and sergeant-at-arms of each house shall certify to the Secretary of State the names of all persons employed in their respective departments, the capacity employed in, and the amounts respectively due them, which certificate shall be certified to by the presiding officer of the house in which they are employed.

LIST OF ACCOUNTS AUDITED TO BE PUBLISHED AT CLOSE OF SESSION.

Upon such certificates the accounts of the person named therein shall be audited and paid out of the state treasury. At the close of each session of the legislature, the Secretary of State shall publish in the official state paper a full list of the accounts so audited.

REPEALED.

All acts and parts of acts contravening the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of May, 1889.— *Ch. 522, laws 1889.*

Duties of Officers.

PRESIDENT AND SPEAKER.—The duties of these officers are generally defined in Senate Rules 2, 3, and 4, and Assembly Rule 3.

CHIEF CLERKS.—Senate Rules 11 and 43, and Assembly Rules 14, 15, 16 and 17, set forth the duties of these officers. They have the care and custody of all the papers and records, and arrange in its proper order, from day to day, after its inception, all the business of the two Houses. They must, in order to have a proper knowledge of the affairs of their departments, apportion, systematize and personally supervise the labor of all their subordinates, and, when not called therefrom by more important duties, should officiate in person at the reading desk. The duties of their subordinates are properly their duties, as all are performed under their direction, and they are responsible for any deficiencies. It is their duty to prepare and furnish to the public printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings, and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed. "on the same day such orders are made;" to keep the pay accounts of employes and issue certificates of per diem to them; to deliver the messages of the one House to the other and to sign subpoenas.

It is their duty to prepare an index to the journal, at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and to attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a Speaker is elected, and perform the duties of Clerk thereof until their successors are chosen and qualified.

They are by law responsible for the safe keeping of all the bills and other documents in possession of the Legislature, and for the proper registry of all proceedings; and are required at the close of the session, to deposit all papers in their possession as Chief Clerks, properly classified and labeled, with the Secretary of State.

REGULATIONS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF THE CLERK.

To insure a systematic and correct performance of the duties of their departments, the Chief Clerks of the two Houses have established the following regulations:

THE ASSISTANT CLERKS.—It is their special duty:

1. To keep a record of each day's proceedings, and to correct the proof of the same when printed.
2. To officiate at the reading desk when required by the Clerk, and in case of his absence to perform his duties generally.

3. To label and file in the appropriate places all papers presented, with proper dates and references.

4. To select each day all papers ordered to be printed, make the list thereof in a book provided for that purpose, and send them to the State Printer, taking his receipt therefor.

5. To keep a list of all absentees on leave, etc.

THE BOOK-KEEPER.—It is his special duty:

1. To keep the register of bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., showing therein, and opposite to each title, all action taken and proceedings had, with regard to such papers.

2. To distribute to the proper committee, or officers, all bills, petitions and other papers referred.

3. To make out all certificates of per diem and mileage, ready for the signature of the Speaker and Clerk.

4. To prepare the message to be delivered to the other House, and when not otherwise occupied, to help the Journal Clerk in the performance of his duties.

THE ENGROSSING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

1. To engross all bills ordered to a third reading which the rules require to be engrossed, properly placing all amendments adopted prior to the order for their engrossment.

2. By the direction of the Chief or Journal Clerk to perform any necessary service appertaining to the duties of the other deputies.

THE ENROLLING CLERK.—It is his especial duty:

To make clear, legible copies of all bills which have been concurred in, without erasures or interlineations.

THE TRANSCRIBING CLERK.—It is his special duty:

To copy the record of the proceedings of the Assembly into a book prepared for that purpose.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

1. Each deputy when not occupied in the performance of his own special duties, is to render such assistance to the Clerk and to his associate deputies as may be in his power, or as the pressure of duties in a particular department may render necessary.

2. The deputies are expected to notify the Chief Clerk of any interference by members or others with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests made to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their possession without leave of the Chief Clerk.

3. Perfect courtesy must at all times be maintained toward members, reporters, associate deputies, and all who have business to transact with the department, but interference with legislation cannot be allowed under any circumstances.

To Members, Officers, and Reporters.—It is especially requested that no member, officer or reporter will interrupt the Assistant Clerk while engaged in keeping the journal. "No journal, record, account or paper," of any kind, must be taken from the desk, unless by express permission of the Clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is the executive officer of the house. He has charge of the Post Office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chambers, serves the subpoenas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, provides rooms for committees, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the Post Office, or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto, and keeps the pay roll of the employees in his department. He is to organize his department with such system that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly and courteously. He is required to keep the chamber open from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 10 o'clock, P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

THE POSTMASTER attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Post Office of the Assembly corresponding with the number of his seat, in which his mail matter is deposited; and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the

Madison Post Office. He is to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the Post Office), a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the Post Office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker.

THE ASSISTANT-POSTMASTER brings the mail to and from the Madison Post Office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

THE DOORKEEPERS attend to the principal door; open and close it for the entry and exit of all persons; maintain order in the lobby and vestibule; see that visitors are seated, and that the regulations of the House, in their department are strictly enforced.

The assistant sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, assistant postmaster, porter, watchman, doorkeepers, and gallery, committee-room, and wash-room attendants, are appointed by the sergeant-at-arms, and are responsible to him.

The messengers are appointed by the Speaker, except those in particular attendance upon the Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms, who are appointed by said officers respectively.

DUTIES OF MESSENGERS.

1. To be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., every day (Sunday excepted), whether the Assembly is in session or not.
2. To receive the journals and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member.
3. Not to leave the Assembly Chamber during the *morning hour*, or absent themselves from the session of the Assembly during an entire day, except upon leave of the Speaker, Clerk or Sergeant-at-Arms.
4. During the morning hour to take the positions assigned to them by the Clerk, and, standing up, so as to see and be seen, hold themselves in readiness to bring all bills, resolutions, etc., from the several members to the Clerk, when presented.
5. After the expiration of the morning hour, when not engaged in filing bills, etc., for the members they have in charge, to answer promptly any call, and render assistance to any member requiring it.
6. To refrain from throwing any paper balls, darts, or other missiles; to move lightly across the Assembly Chamber, and demean themselves respectfully towards every member and officer of the Assembly.

Stationery.

The superintendent of public property shall furnish at the opening of every session of the legislature stationery as follows: To the lieutenant governor such quantity as shall be necessary to the discharge of his duties, not exceeding thirty dollars in value. Also sufficient stationery for the proper transaction of the business of the Senate and Assembly, to be delivered to the chief clerks upon their written request, specifying the quantity and kind of stationery required, and the department and purpose for which the same is drawn. Chap. 153, Laws 1882.

Post-Office Arrangements.

The Assembly post-office is in charge of a postmaster appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms. Each member has a separate box; and all mail matter deposited with the postmaster is sent to the Madison post-office by the post-office messenger, at regular hours, corresponding with the hours of closing the mails at the Madison office.

Process of Passing Bills.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in the Assembly is as follows:

A member having prepared a bill and indorsed the title thereof, together with his name, upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such times as the introduction of bills is in order, and says:

"Mr. Speaker:

If recognized the Speaker responds:

"The gentleman from ——."

The member announces:

"I ask leave to introduce a bill."

The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a Messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill, and the Speaker announces:

"First reading of the bill."

If it is a bill appropriating money, the Clerk reads the bill at length; if not, by its title only; when the Speaker announces :

"Second reading of the bill."

And refers the same to some standing committee, suggested by the member, or, if desired, to a select committee; or to the general file, or, as is usual, the Speaker, of his own motion, makes the reference to such committee as seems to him appropriate.

The bill is, in due course, reported back to the Assembly by the committee, when it is placed in what is called the General File.

Bills in the General File are considered in Committee of the Whole in the exact order in which they are placed upon the file. Proceedings in Committee of the Whole will be elsewhere considered.

After a Committee of the Whole has completed its action upon any bill, and reported the same back to the Assembly, and any recommendation made by the committee passed upon, it is taken up in its order, when the Speaker puts the following question :

"Shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time?"

If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk for engrossment. Upon its return engrossed, the original and engrossed bills are placed in the hands of the *Committee on Engrossed Bills*, who compare them and correct any errors which they may find. When found correct, or made so, the Committee report them to the House as correctly engrossed, when the original is filed by the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "bills ready for a third reading."

When, under the order of business, the bill is reached, the bill (unless it appropriates money) is read by its title, when the Speaker says as follows :

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?"

If the bill passes it is taken to the Senate, with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and asking the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Going through with a similar process in the Senate, it is returned with a message announcing the action there had upon it.

If the Senate concurs, the bill is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a copy thereof, as is elsewhere described. When enrolled it goes to the *Committee on Enrolled Bills*, who compare it with the engrossed bill; when found or made correct, they report the bill to the Assembly as correctly enrolled; the engrossed bill is filed by the Chief Clerk; the enrolled bill is then indorsed by the Chief Clerk as having originated in the Assembly (for the information of the Governor in case he vetoes it); then it is signed by the Speaker, and sent by the Chief Clerk to the President of the Senate, desiring the signature of the President of the Senate thereto. The Committee on Enrolled Bills of the two Houses, acting jointly, then present the bill, duly signed, to the Governor, for his approval, and report that fact to the House. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated, of the fact, and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all its stages until it becomes a law. A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority and minority reports, special orders, recommitment, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary appliances, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills coming into the Assembly, after passing the Senate, are read twice by title (unless they appropriate money, when they must be read at length) and then referred to the appropriate committee.

After consideration in Committee of the Whole, the recommendation of the Committee is acted upon in the Assembly — the question being after recommendations are disposed of.

"Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?"

If it is decided affirmatively, the bill passes into the order of "bills on third reading," and when reached in that order the question is,

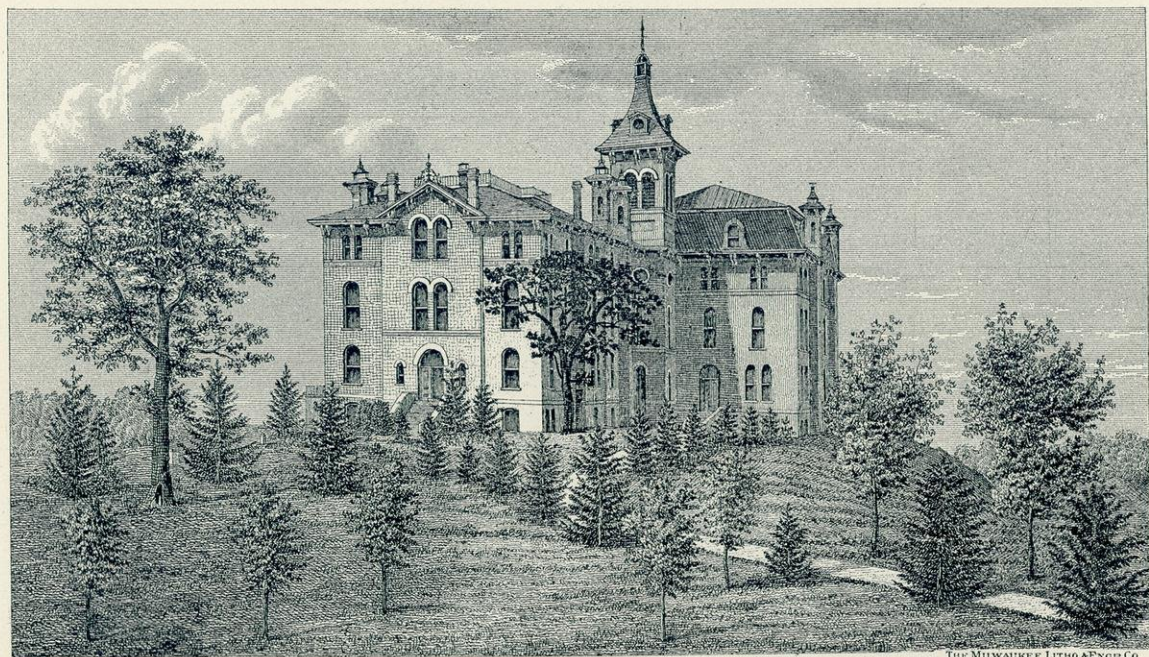
"Shall this bill be concurred in?"

If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate, with the message informing it of that fact.

If it is desired to hasten the passage of the bill, it is done by motion as follows:

"I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate passage of bill No. —, Assembly, entitled 'a bill to —.'"

If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present, the question will be put on the passage of the bill, and if passed it will go at once to the Senate.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, WHITEWATER, WIS.

*Committee of the Whole.**

The Committee of the Whole is an expedient to simplify the business of legislative bodies. No record is made of its proceedings, and it has no officers except of its own creation, for temporary purposes. It is liable to instant dissolution, in case of disorder, when the Speaker takes the Chair to suppress it, in case of lack of quorum, when the Speaker takes the Chair for a Call of the House or an adjournment, and in case of a message from the Senate or Governor, when the Speaker takes the chair to receive it.

The Assembly may resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole, on some particular bill, resolution or subject, or it may go into Committee of the Whole upon the general file of bills. In the first case the motion is,

"That the Assembly do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole upon [bill No. —, A., a bill —] or [joint resolution No. —, A., providing, etc.] or [upon all bills relating to — as the case may be.]"

In the second case it is,

"That the Assembly do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole upon the general file of bills."

Bills, resolutions and general matters which have been once considered in Committee of the Whole, in which progress has been made and leave granted for further consideration, have the preference. The motion of the Committee of the Whole for their further consideration, must be made under the head of "bills in which the Committee of the Whole have made progress and obtained leave to sit again;" and in which case the member who presided when the same matter was previously considered in Committee of the Whole, resumes the chair, unless the Speaker names a different member.

The motion of the Committee of the Whole upon the general file must be made under the order of "bills not yet considered in Committee of the Whole."

When the Assembly resolves itself into Committee of the Whole, the Speaker selects a Chairman, as follows:

"The gentleman from —, Mr. —, will take the Chair."

The appointed Chairman advances to the Speaker's desk, and having taken the Chair, receives from the Clerk the papers indicated by the motion for the committee when the Chairman announces:

"GENTLEMEN: — The committee have under consideration, bill No. —, entitled —, (*reading the title from the back of the bill. Or in case of consideration of the general file,*) the committee have under consideration the general file of bills; the first in order is bill No. —, entitled —.

"The first section is as follows:"

The Chairman then reads the first section, and asks —

"Are there any amendments proposed to the first section?"

If none are offered, the Chairman says:

"No amendments being offered to the first section, the second section will be read."

This process is continued through the whole bill, when at the close of the reading the Chairman says:

"The —th section and the whole bill have now been read, and are open to amendment."

At this point, after the friends of the bill have perfected it, it is customary for the opponents of the bill to open their attack.

After the discussion of the bill to such an extent as may be desired, if no amendments are made, the final vote is generally upon a motion —

"That the bill be reported back to the House without amendment."

If any other bills are before the committee, they are proceeded with in the same manner. If it is desired to have a further consideration of any matter before the committee, or if the general file has not been gone through with, the motion is,

"That the committee rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again."

If the committee has completed its duties, the motion is,

"That the committee rise and report."

Which being analogous to a motion to adjourn, is not debatable. The Chairman states the matter as follows:

"It is moved that the committee do now rise and report [*or otherwise as the case may be,*]

"Is the committee ready for the question?"

"GENTLEMEN: — Those who are of opinion that this committee do now rise and report (or as the case may be), say aye; those of contrary opinion, say no."

* The Senate does no business in Committee of the Whole.

In case of doubt, a division must be had, as the ayes and noes cannot be called in Committee of the Whole.

When the committee rises, the Speaker resumes his seat, and the Chairman, in his place on the floor, reports as follows:

"Mr. Speaker."

The Speaker answers—

"Mr. Chairman,"

"Who reports—

"The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration bill No. —, A., entitled —, and have instructed me to report the same to the House with amendment," [*or as the case may be.*]

When the general file has been under consideration, the report is as follows:

"The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration the general file of bills, have gone through the same, and have directed me to report to the House the bills contained therein, with sundry amendments and recommendations, as follows, to wit:" [*Here follows the title of bills considered, with action taken upon them.*]

In case the file has been left unfinished, the report is—

"The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration the general file of bills, and have made some progress therein. I am directed to report back the following bills, with the amendments and recommendations hereinafter specified, and ask leave for the committee to sit again. [*Here follows the report of amendments, etc., as above.*]

On the latter report the question is—

"Shall leave be granted?"

When, upon a count, it is ascertained that a quorum is not present, the report is—

"The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration —, and after some progress therein, find there is no quorum present; that fact I herewith report to you."

In the case of confusion or disorder, the Speaker, of his own accord resumes the Chair temporarily and without any formality, for the purpose of suppressing it. When order is restored, the Chairman resumes the Chair and the business proceeds.

Upon the coming in of a report, the recommendations are at once acted on by the Assembly.

When, in Committee of the Whole, any member desires to offer an amendment, it must be reduced to writing and sent to the Chairman, who reads it, and asks—

"Is the committee ready for the question upon the amendment?"

And if no further amendment or debate, he puts the question in the usual manner.

After a section is once passed, with an unsuccessful effort to amend it, no further amendments are in order. The strictness of this rule, is, however, not always adhered to—an amendment once made, may, however, be reconsidered. Such a motion is—

"That the amendment offered by the gentleman from —, to the —th section, be reconsidered;"

And is stated as follows:

"The gentleman from —, moves that the amendment offered by the gentleman from —, to the —th section be reconsidered."

"Is the Committee ready for the question?"

"Those who are of the opinion that said amendmet be reconsidered, say aye; those of a contrary opinion, say no."

In case the amendment is reconsidered, the Chairman, says:

"The motion is carried. The amendment is reconsidered. The question now recurs upon the adoption of the amendment. Is the Committee ready for the question," etc.?

Forms.

OF TITLES:

No. —, a bill to —.

Amending bill:

A bill relating to —, and amendatory of section —, of chapter — of the —.
[*See Joint Rule 13.*]

Repealing bill:

A bill to repeal section —, of chapter —, of the —, relating to statutes or general laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section of the chapter repealed; and in the body of every bill, the full title of the act repealed, shall be recited at length. [*See Joint Rule 13.*]

Appropriation Bill:

"To appropriate to —, the sum of — dollars."

Titles should be written inside the bill, and indorsed upon the outside, as follows : *

No. —, A., <i>A bill to regulate the license to be paid by railroad companies.</i> <u>MR. GORDON.</u>
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RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover indorsed upon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters.

Res. No. —, A.

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor's message be furnished by the public printer to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

"MR. TUCKER."

FOR REPORTS the following form is used :

"The Committee on —, to whom was referred bill No. — A., a bill to —, respectfully report the same back to the House with an amendment; and recommend its passage when so amended," or,

"and recommend that it do pass," or

"and recommend that it be indefinitely postponed;" or,

"and recommend that it be referred to the delegation from —," or,

"to a select committee."

Or, if the committee report by bill :

"The committee on —, to whom was referred —, respectfully report by bill No. —, A., a bill to — :

"And recommend its passage."

AN ENACTING CLAUSE must precede the body of the bill — †

It must invariably be in the following form :

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows : — Const., Art. IV., Sec. 17.

Investigations.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should move the appointment of a committee to take the subject in charge. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the precise subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deem necessary for a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the inquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution, the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpoena is as follows :

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

"To — : You are hereby commanded, that, laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear and attend before Messrs. —, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. —, on the part of the Assembly, a joint committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate — at the room of said committee —, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, on the — day of —, A. D. one thousand, eight hundred and —, at the hour of — in the — noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee.

"Hereof fail not, under penalty in such case made and provided.

"Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this — day of —, A. D. 18—

"Attest :

"—, Speaker of the Assembly.

"—, Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

* It is important that the titles of bills should be the same on the outside and inside of the bill, as the bill appears on the books of the clerk by the indorsement, and is printed from the inside title and text.

† Section 17, Article IV, Constitution of Wisconsin provides that legislation shall be by bill, and the enacting clause is necessary to the constitutionality of the law.

In case of a refusal to appear, or a refusal to testify, the following form of certificate may be used :

"To Hon. _____, *Speaker of the Assembly* :

"I, _____, chairman of the *joint* committee appointed to investigate _____, do hereby certify that _____ has been duly subpoenaed to appear before said committee, as will fully appear by the writ served, and affidavit of service accompanying the same, on file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

"I further certify that said _____ has failed to appear before said committee, according to the exigency or mandate of said writ or subpoena.

"Dated Madison, _____, 18—, at — o'clock.

_____."

Upon which a warrant in the following form may be used :

"*The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly* :

"It appearing that a writ of subpoena, directed to _____, commanding him to personally appear and attend before Messrs. _____, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. _____, on the part of the Assembly, a *joint* committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate _____, at the room of said committee, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—, at the hour of _____ in the _____ noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matter of inquiry before said committee, has been issued, and that the said writ of subpoena was duly personally served upon the said _____, on the _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—, and returned as provided in section one of an act entitled 'an act concerning evidence and witnesses,' approved February 3, 1857; and it further appearing by the certificate of the chairman of the said joint committee, that the said _____ has failed or neglected to appear before the said committee in obedience to the mandate of the said subpoena; therefore, you are hereby commanded, in the name of the State of Wisconsin, to take the body of him, the said _____, and bring him before the Assembly, so that he may testify and give evidence before the said committee, and answer for his contempt of the Assembly in not obeying the mandate of said subpoena. Hereof fail not.

"Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this _____ day of _____, A. D. 18—.

"_____, *Speaker of the Assembly*.

"_____, *Chief Clerk of the Assembly*."

To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be:

"By virtue of the within process, I did, on the _____ day of _____, 18—, arrest the body of _____, and took him before the committee within named, and the said _____ having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly.

"Assembly Chamber, _____, 18—.

"_____, *Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly*."

A resolution, declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding.

The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858.

"*Resolved*, That the neglect or failure of _____, to appear before the joint investigating committee, composed of Messrs. _____, of the Senate, and Messrs. _____, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpoena of this Assembly, served upon him on the — instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:

"*Int. 1.*— Why did you not appear before the *joint* investigating committee, as required by the mandate of the subpoena served upon you the — inst?"

To which the defaulter pleads before judgment is inflicted.

Another form is as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the refusal of _____ to answer the questions put to him by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, on the — instant, and which questions were certified to the House by _____, Chairman of said committee; and are now in writing, on file with the Chief Clerk of the House, be, and the same is hereby declared a contempt of this House."

Followed by the corresponding interrogatory:

"Why did you not answer the question put or propounded to you on the — instant, by a member of the *joint* investigating committee, of which _____ is Chairman?"

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged; if otherwise, he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both; but such imprisonment can not extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a Committee on Investigation should consist of three parts:

1. The testimony taken;
2. A statement of the facts proven thereby, or conclusions derived therefrom;
3. Resolutions, or a bill providing for the action which the committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

Quorums.

Whole number electable.

"Not less than fifty-four nor more than one hundred" Const., Art. IV., Sec. 2.

"One from each Assembly District." Chapter 343, Laws 1876 — (which provides for one hundred Assembly Districts).

To expel a member — 67.

"Two-thirds of all the members elected." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 8.

To do any business except to adjourn from day to day, and to compel the attendance of absent members — 51.

"A majority." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered on the journal —

"One-sixth of those present." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 20.

(See table on next page.)

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand from the State —

"A majority of three-fifths." — (31), three-fifths (60), being present. Const., Art. VII., Sec. 8.

To adjourn from day to day —

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To compel the attendance of absent members —

"A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To agree to an amendment of the Constitution — 51.

"A majority of the members elected." Const., Art. XII., Sec. 1.

To recommend a Constitutional Convention —

"A majority" (present). Const., Art. XII., Sec. 2.

(See table on next page.)

To contract a public debt — 51 affirmative votes.

"A majority of all the members elected." Const., Art. VIII., Sec. 6.

To pass any bill, resolution or motion —

"A majority" (at least 26), of a quorum of 51,

(See table on next page.)

To make a call of the House — 15.

"Fifteen members." Rule 66, A.

To order the previous question — (at least 26.)

"A majority present." Rule 74, A.

(See table on next page.)

To suspend the rules — at least 34.

"Two-thirds of the members present." Rule 94, A.

(See table on next page.)

To change the order of business — (at least 34.)

"Two-thirds of the members present." Rule 94, A.

Table

Showing the number constituting a majority, one-sixth and two-thirds of a working quorum of any number.

No. present.	One-Sixth.	Two-thirds.	Majority.	No. present.	One-sixth.	Two-thirds.	Majority.	No. present.	One-sixth.	Two-thirds.	Majority.
51	9	34	26	63	12	46	35	85	15	57	43
52	9	35	27	69	12	46	35	86	15	58	44
53	9	36	27	70	12	47	36	87	15	58	44
54	9	36	28	71	12	48	36	88	15	59	45
55	10	37	28	72	12	48	37	89	15	60	45
56	10	38	29	73	13	49	37	90	15	60	46
57	10	38	29	74	13	50	38	91	16	61	46
58	10	39	30	75	13	50	38	92	16	62	47
59	10	40	30	76	13	51	39	93	16	62	47
60	10	40	31	77	13	52	39	94	16	63	48
61	11	41	31	78	13	52	40	95	16	64	48
62	11	42	32	79	14	53	40	96	16	64	49
63	11	42	32	80	14	54	41	97	17	65	49
64	11	43	33	81	14	54	41	98	17	66	50
65	11	44	33	82	14	55	42	99	17	66	50
66	11	44	34	83	14	56	42	100	17	67	51
67	12	45	34	84	14	56	43	.....	.....	.....	.....

RULES AND JOINT RULES.

It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the speaker, or captiousness of the members. It is very material that order, decency, and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 *Hats.*, 149

RULES OF THE SENATE.

CALLING THE SENATE TO ORDER.

1.—The Lieutenant Governor of the State, who, by the 8th section of the 5th article of the Constitution, is constituted ex-officio President of the Senate, shall, when present, take the chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the Senate, when he shall immediately call the Senators to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and continue with their heads uncovered, while the Senate remains in session; the clerk shall call the roll of Senators at the opening of the session on each day.

DUTIES OF PRESIDENT.

2.—The President shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to Senators, rising from his seat for that purpose; and shall decide points of order, subject to an appeal to the Senate by any Senator.

3.—The President shall appoint all committees, except standing committees. The standing committees shall be appointed by resolution. The president shall sign all acts, memorials, addresses and resolutions. All writs, warrants and subpoenas that may be issued by the Senate, shall be signed by him and attested by the clerk.

PRESIDENT PRO TEM.

4.—The Senate shall elect a President pro tempore, for the session, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the President of the Senate in the absence of the President, and in the absence or inability of the President pro tem. to preside, the President shall have the right to name any Senator to perform any of the duties of the Chair temporarily, and who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the President; but no Senator shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the chair; nor shall such substitute's authority as presiding officer, except to the President pro tem., extend beyond a day's adjournment of the Senate.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

5.—Whenever the Senate determines to go into Committee of the Whole, the President shall name one of the Senators as Chairman, who shall, for the time being, be invested with all the authority of the presiding officer of the Senate.

DISTURBANCES IN THE LOBBY.

6.—Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby, the President shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons except the Senators and officers of the Senate.

QUESTIONS—HOW STATED AND DECIDED.

7.—Questions may be stated by the President while sitting, but he shall rise to put a question, and shall use this form: "As many as are of the opinion that (as the question may be) will say aye;" and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "As many as are of a different opinion, will say no." If the President doubt as to the voice of the majority, or a division be called for, the Senate shall divide—those in the affirmative on the question shall first rise and be counted, or, if there still be a doubt, or a *count* be called for, the President shall ap-

point two tellers, one from each side, to make the count and report the same to the President, who shall declare the same to the Senate.

QUORUMS.

8.—A majority of all the members elected to the Senate must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of ordinary business; three-fifths of the Senators elected to the Senate must be present to constitute a quorum for the passage of appropriation bills, as provided by the Constitution of the State; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and have power to compel the attendance of absent Senators.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

9.—No Senator or officer of the Senate, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the sessions of the Senate during an entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

10.—Any committee required or entitled to report upon a subject referred to them may make a majority and minority report; any member of such committee dissenting in whole or in part, from either the conclusions or the reasoning of both the majority and minority, shall be entitled to present to the Senate a brief statement of the reasons of such dissent, which, if decorous in its language, and respectful to the Senate, shall be entered on the journal in connection with the majority and minority reports.

CLERK — ELECTION OF AND DUTIES.

11.—A clerk shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the Senate; he shall keep a correct journal of the daily proceedings of the Senate, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him; he shall superintend the recording of the journal proceedings, the engrossing, enrolling, transcribing and copying of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records nor papers belonging to the Senate to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the President; and generally shall perform, under the direction of the President, all duties pertaining to his office as Clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

12.—A Sergeant-at-Arms shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the Senate. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the President of the Senate, and to perform all duties that may be assigned him, connected with the police and good order of the Senate Chamber; to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the Chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed, and to perform all other services pertaining to the post of Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

13.—The following Standing Committees shall be elected by the Senate at such times as may be designated, unless otherwise directed; and

The Committee on Judiciary, shall consist of seven members; the Committee on Railroads shall consist of nine members, and all other standing committees shall consist of three members each:

1. On Judiciary.
2. On State Affairs.
3. On Finance, Banks and Insurance.
4. On Railroads.
5. On Education.
6. On Manufactures and Commerce.
7. On Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
8. On Incorporations and Public Improvements.
9. On Town and County Affairs.
10. On Public Lands.
11. On Military Affairs.
12. On Public Health and Safety.
13. On Privileges and Elections.
14. On Legislative Expenditures.
15. On Federal Relations.
16. On Roads and Bridges.
17. On Agriculture.
18. On Engrossed Bills.
19. On Enrolled Bills.

The following shall be joint committees, and shall be constituted as follows:

1. *On Claims.**—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.
2. *On Charitable and Penal Institutions.*—Three from Senate and five from the Assembly.
3. *On Printing.†*—Three from the Senate and three from the Assembly.

REPORTERS, PERSONS PRIVILEGED TO FLOOR OF SENATE.

14.—Reporters for newspapers can have seats assigned them by the President, within the bar of the Chamber, for the purpose of taking down the proceedings, but not so as to interfere with the convenience of the Senate. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney-General, Senators, Ex-Senators, and Members of Congress, Judges of any Court, Senators, and ex-members of State Legislatures, and Members of the Assembly of this State, and all editors of newspapers in the State may be admitted to seats within the bar of the Senate.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

15.—The order of business shall be as follows:

1. Call of the roll.
2. Correction of the journal.
3. Communications to the Legislature.
4. Resolutions may be offered.
5. Introduction and reference of bills.
6. Reports of Standing Committees.
7. Reports of Select Committees.
8. Executive Communications.
9. Communications from the Assembly, and action thereon.
10. Senate resolutions may be considered.
11. Bills ready for a third reading.
12. Bills on their third reading.
13. Bills ready for engrossment and third reading.
14. Bills reported by Committee of the Whole.
15. Bills not yet considered in the Committee of the Whole.

CALL TO ORDER.

16.—When any Senator is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the Senate, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," and shall confine himself to the question under consideration, and avoid personalities.

17.—When any Senator is called to order, he shall sit down until it shall be determined whether he is in order or not, except he be permitted to explain; and if a Senator be called to order for words spoken in debate, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing immediately.

18.—When two or more Senators happen to rise at the same time, the President shall name the Senator who is first to speak.

19.—No Senator shall speak more than twice on the same question during the same day, without the consent of the Senate.

20.—While the President is putting any question or addressing the Senate, no Senator shall walk out of or across the room, nor entertain private discourse; nor whilst a Senator is speaking, shall pass between him and the Chair. No Senator or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the ayes and noes are being called or the ballots counted.

21.—No Senator shall vote on any question in any case where he was not in the Chamber of the Senate when the question was put, unless by leave of the Senate; nor shall any Senator be counted, upon a division and count of the Senate, who shall be without the Chamber at the time. The word "chamber" shall be construed as including the lobby and gallery, and the rooms of the President, Chief Clerk, Sergeant-at-Arms and the post office.

EVERY SENATOR TO VOTE UNLESS EXCUSED.

22.—Every Senator who may be within the Senate Chamber when the question is put, shall give his vote, unless the Senate shall excuse him from voting. When a question is being taken, or about to be taken, it shall be competent for any Senator to call for the ayes and noes, which shall be entered on the journal. All motions to excuse a Senator from vot-

* See Secs. 106 and 117 R. S.

† See Sec. 106 R. S.

ing shall be made before the call of the ayes and noes is commenced, and any Senator wishing to be excused from voting may briefly and pertinently explain his reasons therefor before the call of the ayes and noes is commenced; but when the ayes and noes are being taken, the call shall not be interrupted for any purpose whatever.

23.—When a motion is made it shall be stated by the President, or, being in writing, it shall be handed to the Chair, and read aloud before debate.

24.—Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President or any Senator desire it.

25.—After a motion is stated by the President, or read by the Clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the Senate, but may be withdrawn or altered at any time before a decision or amendment, on leave of the Senate.

26.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be in order, except to fix a day to which to adjourn, to adjourn, to send for papers for re-consideration, to reconsider, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to postpone to a day certain, to commit, to amend, to strike out the enacting clause, or postpone indefinitely; and these several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they herein stand arranged. But a motion to postpone to a day certain, to strike out the enacting clause, or postpone indefinitely, shall not again be in order on the same day, or at the same stage of the proposition.

27.—A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except as restricted by the "previous question." A motion to adjourn, to lay on the table, to take a recess, shall be decided without debate.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

28.—Any Senator may move the previous question. It being seconded by four Senators aside from the mover, "the previous question" shall be put in this form: "Shall the main question now be put?" It shall only be admitted when sustained by a majority of Senators present, and shall preclude amendments and further debate, until the main question shall have been disposed of. The "main question" shall be the original proposition and pending amendments. When the Senate shall have determined that the main question shall not now be put, the pending subject shall be considered as remaining under debate, and may be proceeded with and determined upon in the same manner as though the previous question had not been moved. When the Senate shall have determined that the main question shall now be put, its effect shall be to bring the Senate to a direct vote—first on pending amendments in their order, and then on the main question, without debate or further amendment. But after the previous question has been seconded, and prior to the Senate having determined that the main question shall now be put, a motion to adjourn and a call of the Senate shall each be in order, but no further motion or call shall be in order, except to receive the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms, or dispense with proceedings under the call; and all motions and proceedings authorized by this rule shall be decided without debate, whether on appeal or otherwise.

RECONSIDERATION.

29.—It shall be in order for any Senator who voted with the prevailing side on any question, to move a reconsideration of such vote, on the same or next succeeding day that the Senate shall be in session, and such motion shall take precedence of all other questions, except a motion to fix a day to which to adjourn, or to adjourn. A motion to reconsider having been put and determined, shall not again be in order.

DIVISION OF QUESTION.

30.—Any Senator may call for a division of the question when the same will admit of it. A motion to strike out being lost shall not preclude an amendment, nor a motion to strike out and insert.

PAPERS TO BE READ BEFORE PRESENTED.

31.—A Senator offering a resolution or an amendment to a bill, resolution or memorial, may read the same in his place before presenting it to the President; and every petition, memorial, remonstrance, resolution, bill and report of committee shall be indorsed with its appropriate title, and immediately under the indorsement, the name of the Senator presenting the same shall be written.

CALL OF THE SENATE.

32.—Any three Senators may make a call of the Senate and require absent Senators to be sent for, but a call of the Senate cannot be made after the voting has commenced; and a call of the Senate being ordered, the doors shall be closed and the absentees noted, and

no Senator permitted to leave the room until the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms be received and acted upon, or further proceedings in the call be suspended, or the Senate adjourn. Previous to the reception of such report, further proceedings in the call shall not be suspended, except by the vote of two-thirds of the Senators present.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

33.—The rules observed by the Senate shall govern as far as practicable the proceedings in Committee of the Whole, except that a Senator may speak oftener than twice on the same subject, and that a call of the ayes and noes, or for the previous question, cannot be made in committee.

34.—Amendments made in Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on a separate piece of paper, and reported to the Senate by the chairman, standing in his place on the floor of the Senate. All amendments and other propositions reported by Committee of the Whole shall be disposed of in the same manner as if proposed in the Senate.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND PAPERS.

35.—All bills, resolutions, reports and papers, when introduced, shall be indorsed with the name of the Senator, or Committee, presenting the same to the Senate.

36.—Every bill, memorial or joint resolution requiring the signature of the Governor shall receive three several readings previous to its passage. But no such bill or memorial, or joint resolution, shall receive a second and third reading on the same day.

COMMITMENTS.

37.—No bill or joint resolution shall be committed or amended until it has been twice read. If objections are raised to the bill on its first reading, the question shall be, "shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject be lost, the bill shall go to its second reading.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE MAY CONSIDER BILLS.

38.—When a bill, joint resolution, or memorial to congress shall have received two readings, and been reported to the Senate for further action, the bill, resolution or memorial shall be placed on the calendar of bills on their engrossment and third reading. No bill or memorial shall be ordered to a third reading on the same day on which it is reported by the committee, except on the last day of the session.

COPIES TO BE PRINTED.

39.—Two hundred and fifty copies of every bill, joint resolution or memorial, of a general nature, shall be printed after the second reading, unless otherwise ordered; and all bills, resolutions and amendments, after being printed, shall remain at least one day on the files before being considered.

ENGROSSMENT OF BILLS.

40.—The final question upon the second reading of every bill or other paper, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "shall it be engrossed and read a third time?" And upon every such bill or paper originating in the Assembly, "shall it be ordered to a third reading?"

AMENDMENTS ON THIRD READING.

41.—After a bill has been read a third time, no amendment shall be in order, except to fill blanks, without the unanimous consent of the Senate, unless, on commitment, such amendments shall have been reported by a committee, in which case, after amendments so reported shall have been disposed of, the question shall be the same as was pending before the reference, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate. A bill, resolution or memorial, may be committed at any time previous to its passage.

BILLS TO BE ENGROSSED.

42.—Every bill, joint resolution, or memorial originating in the Senate shall be carefully engrossed before being transmitted to the Assembly for concurrence.

CLERK TO TRANSMIT BILLS TO THE ASSEMBLY.

43.—Immediately after the passage of any bill or other paper, to which the concurrence of the Assembly is to be asked, it shall be the duty of the clerk to transmit the same to the Assembly, unless some member of the Senate shall make a motion to reconsider the vote by which the Senate passed said bill or other paper, in which case the Clerk shall not transmit said bill or other paper, until the motion to reconsider has been put; and on the concurrence

in any bill or other paper of the Assembly, by the Senate, or on the concurrence or disagreement in any vote of the Assembly by the Senate, it shall also be the duty of the Clerk to notify the Assembly thereof.

MEMORIALS TO CONGRESS.

44.—Memorials to Congress, to the President of the United States, or the heads of either of the departments, may be considered in Committee of the Whole before being adopted.

COMMITTEES NOT TO BE ABSENT WITHOUT LEAVE.

45.—Committees shall not absent themselves from the Senate by reason of their appointment, unless special leave for that purpose be first obtained.

ENROLLMENT.

46.—It shall be in order for the Committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time.

MAJORITY VOTE.

47.—When an amendment of the Constitution, or any bill requiring the concurrence of more than a majority of the members present, is under consideration, a mere majority may decide all questions arising thereon, except the final question.

AYES AND NOES TO BE CALLED AND CERTIFIED.

48.—Upon the final passage of any bill or proposition in which the concurrence of more than a majority of Senators present is required by the Constitution of this State, the question shall be taken by ayes and noes, which shall be entered at large upon the journal, and it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk to certify on the back of every such bill or proposition, the number of Senators voting for and against the passage of the same.

PRESIDENT TO ADMINISTER OATHS.

49.—The President is authorized to administer all oaths prescribed in the foregoing rules.

HOUR OF MEETING.

50.—The standing hour for the daily meeting of the Senate shall be 10 o'clock in the morning until the Senate direct otherwise.

RESOLUTIONS TO LIE OVER.

51.—All resolutions introduced shall remain on the files one day before being considered, and all resolutions involving the expenditure of money, shall, on their introduction, be referred to an appropriate committee and reported upon before being considered.

AMENDMENTS BY SUBSTITUTE—HOW MADE.

52.—No bill or resolution shall be amended by substitute, otherwise than by striking out all after the enacting or resolving clause, and inserting the substitute without any enacting or resolving clause. And whenever a bill is amended in a manner that requires a change in the title of the bill, the title shall be amended to correspond with the amended bill at the same time.

JEFFERSON'S MANUAL THE STANDARD.

53.—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules and the orders of the Senate, and the joint rules and orders of the Senate and Assembly.

CHANGING OF RULES.

54.—No standing rule of the Senate shall be rescinded, changed or suspended, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present.

RULES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

MEETING, QUORUM, PRIVILEGES, ETC.

1.—The hour for the meeting of the Assembly shall be at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless a different hour shall be prescribed by resolution.

2.—Before proceeding to business, the roll of the members elected to the Assembly shall be called, and the names of those present and absent shall be entered on the journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of the absent members.

3.—No member or officer of the Assembly, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the sessions of the Assembly during an entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

4.—Contestants for seats shall have the privileges of the House until their respective cases are disposed of; the privileges to extend only so far as access to the Assembly Chamber, during the time occupied in settling the contest.

WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

5.—Persons of the following classes, and no others, shall be admitted to the floor of the House during the session thereof, viz.: The Governor and Lieutenant Governor; Members of the Senate; the State officers; the Regents of the University; Members of Congress; Judges of the Supreme and other Courts; ex-Members of the Wisconsin Legislature; all editors of newspapers within the State, and reporters for the press; such other persons as the Speaker may invite.

DISTURBANCE IN LOBBY.

6.—Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the Speaker (or the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole) shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons, except members and officers of the Assembly.

READING NEWSPAPERS AND SMOKING PROHIBITED.

7.—No member or officer of the Assembly shall be permitted to read newspapers within the bar of the House while the Assembly is in session; nor shall any person be permitted to smoke in the Assembly room while the Assembly is in session.

OF THE OFFICERS.

8.—The Assembly shall elect, viva voce, one of its members as presiding officer, who shall be styled **SPEAKER OF THE ASSEMBLY**, and he shall hold his office during one session.

DUTIES OF SPEAKER.

9.—It shall be the general duty of the Speaker—

To open the session, at the time to which the Assembly is adjourned, by taking the chair and calling the members to order;

To announce the business before the Assembly in the order in which it is to be acted upon;

To receive and submit, in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members;

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or which necessarily arise in the course of proceedings, and to announce the result;

To restrain the members when engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members;

To inform the Assembly, when necessary, or when referred to for the purpose, in a point of order or practice;

To receive messages and other communications from other branches of the government and announce them to the Assembly;

To authenticate, by his signature, when necessary, all the acts, orders and proceedings of the Assembly;

To name the members — when directed to do so in a particular case, or when it is a part of his general duty by these rules — who are to serve on committees; and in general;

To represent and stand for the Assembly, declaring its will, and in all things obeying its commands. Every officer of the Assembly is subordinate to the Speaker, and, in all that relates to the prompt and correct discharge of official duty, is under his supervision.

10.— The Speaker shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to others, rising from his seat for that purpose; and he shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Assembly by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once unless by leave of the Assembly. On an appeal being taken, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the Assembly?" — which question, and the action of the Assembly thereon, shall be entered on the journal.

11.— The Speaker may call a member to the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

12.— In the absence of the Speaker, the assembly shall elect a Speaker pro tempore, whose office shall cease on the return of the Speaker.

13.— The Speaker shall vote on a call for the yeas and nays, and his name shall be recorded with those of the other members.

DUTIES OF THE CLERK.

14.— A CHIEF CLERK shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the assembly; he shall keep a correct journal of the daily proceedings of the body, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him; he shall superintend the recording of the journals of proceedings; the engrossing, enrolling, transcribing and copying of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records or papers belonging to the Assembly to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the Speaker; and generally shall perform, under direction of the Speaker all duties pertaining to his office as Clerk, and shall be responsible for the official acts of his assistants.

15.— The Chief Clerk shall appoint one assistant to aid in the performance of his duties at the desk, and he shall be styled the Journal Clerk. He shall also appoint the necessary corps of assistants to act as Book-keeper, Engrossing and Enrolling Clerks.

CHIEF CLERK MAY CORRECT CERTAIN ERRORS.

16.— The Chief Clerk and his engrossing clerks, in all proper cases, shall correct any mere clerical error in any Assembly bill, memorial or resolution, such as errors in orthography, or the use of one word for another, as *affect* for "effect," *previous* for "previously," *are* for "is," *banks* for "bank," and the like; and also all mistakes for numbering the sections and references thereto, whether such errors occur in the original bill, or are caused by amendments made thereto. It shall also be competent for the Chief Clerk at any time before the passage of any Assembly bill, to insert therein an "enacting clause," when such clause has evidently been omitted through mistake or inadvertence. But no corrections, other than such as are authorized by this rule, shall be made at any time by the Clerk or his assistants, unless upon the order of the Assembly. On questions of orthography, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary shall be taken as the standard.

ACTS, ETC., TO BE SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER AND CLERK.

17.— All acts, addresses and resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker, and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the Assembly, shall be under his hand and attested by the Clerk.

DUTIES OF SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

18.— A Sergeant-at-Arms shall be elected at the commencement of each session to hold his office at the pleasure of the Assembly. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the Speaker or Assembly, and to perform all the duties they may assign to him connected with the police and good order of the Assembly Chamber; to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the Chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed; that the hall is properly ventilated, and is open for the use of the members of the Assembly from 8 A. M. until 10 P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the office of Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

19.—The standing committees of the Assembly shall consist of five members each, except the committee on Judiciary, the committee on State Affairs, and the committee on Cities, which shall consist of nine members each, the committee on Incorporations, the committee on Labor and Manufacturing, the committee on Lumber and Mining, the committee on Insurance, Banks and Banking, and the committee on Agriculture, which shall consist of seven members each; and the committee on Railroads, which shall consist of eleven members, and shall be as follows:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| 1. On Judiciary. | 13. On Lumber and Mining. |
| 2. On Bills on the Third Reading. | 14. On Public Improvements. |
| 3. On Ways and Means. | 15. On Militia. |
| 4. On Federal Relations. | 16. On Agriculture. |
| 5. On Education. | 17. On Cities. |
| 6. On Railroads. | 18. On Town and County Organizations. |
| 7. On Insurance, Banks and Banking. | 19. On Roads and Bridges. |
| 8. On State Affairs. | 20. On State Lands. |
| 9. On Privileges and Elections. | 21. On Medical Societies. |
| 10. On Incorporations. | 22. On Legislative Expenditures. |
| 11. On Assessment and Collection of Taxes. | 23. On Engrossed Bills. |
| 12. On Labor and Manufacturing. | 24. On Enrolled Bills. |

20.—The following committees shall be joint committees, and shall be constituted as follows:

1. *On Claims.*—Five from the Assembly and three from the Senate.
2. *On Charitable and Penal Institutions.*—Five from the Assembly and three from Senate.
3. *On Printing.*—Three from the Assembly and three from the Senate.

21.—Select or special committees may be raised on motion or by resolution, designating the number and object, and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be appointed, by the Speaker.

MAJORITY AND MINORITY REPORTS.

22.—In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them cannot agree upon a report, the majority and minority of such committee may each make a separate report; and any member dissenting in whole or in part, from the reasonings or conclusions of both the majority and minority, may also present to the Assembly a statement of his reasoning and conclusion; and all reports, if decorous in language and respectful to the Assembly, shall be entered at length on the journal.

PAPERS TO LIE ON THE TABLE UNTIL REPORTS ARE PRINTED.

23.—In all cases where there shall be both majority and minority reports submitted to the Assembly, the bill, memorial, resolution or other matter reported upon, shall lie upon the table until the reports thereon shall have been printed in the journal and laid upon the desks of members.

TITLE OF BILL TO BE RECITED.

24.—Every committee, in reporting upon any bill or memorial, shall recite at length, in their report, the *title* of such bill or memorial, as well as the number thereof.

ABSENCE OF COMMITTEES.

25.—No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the Assembly, without special leave, except a committee of Conference.

REVISORY COMMITTEE.

26.—The committee on bills in the third reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetition and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and reference and consistency with existing statutes; provided, that any change in the sense or legal effect or any material change in the construction, shall be reported to the house as an amendment.

ENGROSSMENT OF BILLS.

27.—Whenever an Assembly bill, which is fairly written, without interlineation or erasure, is ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without amendment, the Committee on Engrossed Bills may report such bill back to the Assembly as the engrossed bill.

REPORT ON ENROLLED BILLS.

28.—The Committee on Enrolled Bills shall not report any bill as correctly enrolled that has any words interlined therein, or when any words have been erased therefrom.

29.—It shall be in order for the Committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time, except when questions are being taken, or a Call of the House is being had.

30.—No standing or select committee, nor any member thereof, shall report any "substitute," or "amendment," for any bill, or bills, or resolution, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than that of the original bill or resolution for which it is reported, or which, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different than the title of the original bill or resolution; or any substitute, bill or resolution so reported shall be rejected whenever the Assembly is advised that the same is in violation of this rule. And this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the Assembly, and shall apply to bills or resolutions originating in the Senate, as well as those originating in the Assembly.

31.—No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment, and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therein, any other bill or resolution pending before the Assembly.

Journal and Order of Business.

THE JOURNAL.

32.—The journal of each day's proceedings shall be printed in pamphlet form and laid upon the desks of members the following morning. The journal need not be read unless ordered by the Assembly. Any member discovering an error in the journal may call the attention of the Assembly to such error and have the same corrected by the Clerk.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

33.—After an opportunity shall have been given to correct the journal, the order of business shall be as follows:

1. Letters, petitions, memorials, accounts, remonstrances and accompanying documents may be presented and referred.
2. Resolutions may be offered.
3. Resolutions may be considered.
4. Bills may be introduced, and notice of leave to introduce bills may be given.
5. Reports of committees may be made and considered; first, from standing committees, and next, from select committees.
6. Messages and other Executive communications.
7. Messages from the Senate.
8. Bills and resolutions from the Senate on their first and second readings.
9. Senate bills on their third reading.
10. Assembly bills ready for a third reading.
11. Bills reported by a Committee of the Whole.
12. Bills in which a Committee of the Whole has made progress, and obtained leave to sit again.
13. Bills not yet considered in Committee of the Whole.

MORNING HOUR.

34.—After one hour shall have been devoted to the consideration of business under the first, second and third heads, in the preceding rule, the Assembly shall proceed to dispose of the business on the Speaker's table, and the orders of the day.

PETITIONS.

35.—Petitions, memorials, communications, and other papers addressed to the Assembly shall be presented by a member in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be made verbally and indorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same.

INTRODUCTION OF RESOLUTIONS.

36.—Any member offering a resolution in the Assembly may read the same in his place before sending it to the Chair. It shall then be read by the Clerk, and when so read shall be considered before the House; but it shall not be acted on by the House on the same day on which it is offered, without leave.

37.—All bills and resolutions offered in the Assembly by any member or committee shall be indorsed by the member or committee offering the same.



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FIRST AND SECOND READING OF THE BILLS.

38.—The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objection be made to it, the question shall be, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject be lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without further question.

BILLS NOT COMMITTED UNTIL TWICE READ.

39.—No bill or resolution that requires three readings shall be committed or amended until it shall be twice read; and all joint resolutions which will require the signature of the Governor shall take the same course as to their reading, as in the case of bills, unless otherwise ordered by the Assembly.

REFERENCE OF BILLS, ETC.

40.—On the second reading, every bill or memorial requiring three readings, shall be referred to the appropriate standing committee, which shall be announced by the Speaker, unless the Assembly, on motion, make a different order in relation thereto. And this rule shall apply as well to bills and memorials originating in the Senate, as to those originating in the Assembly, except bills reported by joint committee.

PRINTING OF BILLS.

41.—Three hundred copies of the Assembly Journal and every bill, except city charters, shall be printed after a second reading, unless otherwise ordered. And all bills, resolutions and memorials, that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files, after being printed, before being considered.

READING OF BILLS.

42.—If the Assembly shall dispense with the printing of any bill or memorial, such bill or memorial shall be read at length at least once before its final passage; and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the Assembly.

43.—The second and third reading of all bills appropriating money, shall be at length, and a suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the Assembly.

44.—Every bill shall receive three several readings previous to its passage, but no bill shall receive its second and third readings on the same day. And no bill shall receive a third reading that has not been referred to one of the standing committees of the Assembly, or to a joint committee of the Senate and Assembly.

GENERAL FILE.

45.—Bills committed to committees and reported back by them, bills originating with and reported by committees, and bills taking no other reference shall constitute the "General File." Bills in the general file shall be arranged therein by the Clerk in the order in which they are reported, or referred thereto as aforesaid, and shall be considered in the same order unless the Assembly shall direct otherwise.

BILLS TO BE CONSIDERED IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

46.—All bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., requiring the approval of the Governor, shall after the second reading, be considered by the House in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and considered by the Assembly.

How Business Conducted.

ADDRESSING THE SPEAKER.

47.—When a member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the Assembly, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address the Chair, thus: "Mr. Speaker," and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality.

SPEAKER TO DECIDE WHO HAS THE FLOOR.

48.—When any two or more members shall arise at the same time the Speaker shall name the person who is first to speak.

CALL TO ORDER WHILE SPEAKING.

49.—When a member is called to order, he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until it shall have been determined whether he is in order or not; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing, that the Speaker and Assembly may be better able to judge.

SPEAKING MORE THAN TWICE OR OUT OF PLACE PROHIBITED.

50.—No member shall speak except in his place, nor more than twice on any question, except on leave of the Assembly.

ORDER WHILE THE SPEAKER OR A MEMBER IS SPEAKING.

51.—While the Speaker is addressing the Assembly, or putting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the House; nor while a member is speaking, walk between him and the Chair.

MOTIONS.

52.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, except —

1. To adjourn;
2. To lay on the table;
3. For the previous question;
4. To postpone to a day certain;
5. To commit to a standing committee;
6. To commit to a select committee;
7. To amend;
8. To postpone indefinitely.

And these several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged in this rule.

53.—A motion to strike out the enacting clause of an Assembly bill shall be considered equivalent to a motion to indefinitely postpone.

NO MEMBER TO SPEAK MORE THAN TWICE WITHOUT LEAVE.

54.—If a question depending be lost by adjournment, and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken twice on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave of the Assembly.

MOTIONS DECIDED WITHOUT DEBATE.

55.—A motion to adjourn, to lay on the table, and a call for the previous question, shall be decided without debate. And all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for either of the questions named in this rule, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

MOTIONS NOT TO BE RENEWED.

56.—A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided, shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

MOTIONS, HOW STATED, ETC.

57.—When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the Speaker, or read by the Clerk, previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions (except to adjourn, postpone or commit) shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn, by consent of the Assembly, before division or amendment.

QUESTIONS, HOW PUT.

58.—All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of opinion (as the case may be) say, *Aye*. Those of contrary opinion say, *No*." And in doubtful cases any member may call for a division.

AYES AND NOES, WHEN TAKEN.

59.—It shall be competent for one-sixth of the members present, when a question is taken, to order the yeas and nays, which shall be recorded by the Clerk. In recording the votes taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall record the names of those absent or not voting.

MEMBERS TO VOTE UNLESS EXCUSED.

60.—Every member present, when a question is put, or when his name is called, shall vote, unless the Assembly shall, for special cause, excuse him, but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the House has commenced voting.

DIVISION OF A QUESTION.

61.—Any member may call for the division of a question, which shall be divided, if it comprehend propositions, in substance so distinct, that, one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the Assembly. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

COMMITTAL OF PAPERS.

62.—Bills, reports and motions may be committed at the pleasure of the Assembly.

FILLING BLANKS.

63. — In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall first be put.

TIE VOTE.

64. — In all cases, when the Assembly is equally divided, the question shall be lost.

RECONSIDERATION.

65. — When a motion or question shall have been once determined, either in the affirmative or negative, it shall always be in order for any member of the majority, or where the Assembly is equally divided, for any member who voted in the negative, to move for a reconsideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day. A motion to reconsider being put and lost, shall not be renewed.

NO ONE TO REMAIN BY THE CLERK'S TABLE.

66. — No member or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the yeas and nays are being called.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

67. — Any fifteen members may make a call of the House and require absent members to be sent for; but a call of the House cannot be made after the voting has commenced.

68. — On a call of the House being moved, the Speaker shall say: "It requiring fifteen members to order a call of the House, those in favor of the call will rise;" and if fifteen or more shall rise, the call shall be thereby ordered.

69. — A call of the House being ordered, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall close the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the room.

70. — The clerk shall immediately call the roll of members, and note the absentees, whose names shall be read, and entered upon the journal in such manner as to show who are absent *with* leave, and who are absent *without* leave. The Clerk shall furnish the Sergeant-at-Arms with a list of those who are absent without leave; and the Sergeant-at-Arms shall forthwith proceed to find and bring in such absentees.

71. — While the Assembly is under a call, no business shall be transacted, except to receive and act upon the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms; and no other motion shall be in order, except a motion to adjourn and a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call; which motion shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the motion to suspend further proceedings under the call shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect vote in favor thereof.

72. — Upon the Sergeant-at-Arms making a report showing that all who were absent without leave (naming them), are present, such report shall be entered on the journal, and the call shall be at an end; and thereupon the doors shall be opened, and the business or motion pending at the time the call was made shall be proceeded with.

73. — The Sergeant-at-Arms may make report of his proceedings at any time, which report may be accepted, and further proceedings under the call thereby dispensed with; but the motion to accept such report shall be determined by yeas and nays, and it shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect shall vote in favor thereof. If such report be not accepted, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall proceed to a completion of his duties, as required by rule 70.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

74. — When any bill, memorial or resolution is under consideration, any member being in order and having the floor, may move the "previous question;" but such motion shall not be deemed to be seconded unless fifteen members concur therein.

75. — The previous question being moved, the Speaker shall say, "It requiring fifteen members to second the motion for the previous question, those in favor of sustaining the motion will rise;" and if fifteen or more rise, the previous question shall be thereby seconded; and the question shall then be: "Shall the main question be now put?" — which question shall be determined by yeas and nays. The main question being ordered to be now put, its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the Assembly to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, and then upon the main question.

76. — When on taking the previous question, the Assembly shall decide that the main question shall *not* now be put, the main question shall remain as the question before the House, in the same stage of proceedings as before the previous question was moved.

77.—On motion for the previous question, and prior to the ordering of the main question, one call of the House shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call shall have been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have ordered the main question, no call shall be in order prior to the decision of such question.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

78.—After the morning hour, any member may move that the Assembly resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole, on the general file of bills, or upon any particular bill or measure, or upon the special order. If the motion prevail, the Assembly may elect a Chairman, or the Speaker may call some member to the Chair.

BILL TO BE READ BY SECTIONS.

79.—Every bill in Committee of the Whole shall be read and considered by sections, unless the committee shall otherwise order. The body of the bill shall not be defaced or interlined; but all amendments agreed to by the committee shall be attached to the bill, noting the section line, and so reported to the Assembly.

CLERICAL ERRORS MAY BE CORRECTED.

80.—Mere clerical errors in a bill may be corrected by the Chairman or Clerk, without treating them as amendments.

AMENDMENTS TO MEMORIALS AND REPORTS.

81.—All amendments made to a memorial or report committed to the Committee of the Whole shall be noted and reported as in the case of bills.

RULES IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

82.—The rules observed in the Assembly shall govern as far as practicable the proceedings in the Committee of the Whole; except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call for the yeas and nays, or for the previous question, cannot be made in a committee.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE TO PRESERVE ORDER.

83.—The Chairman of the Committee of the Whole shall have the same power to preserve order and decorum as the Speaker of the Assembly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

84.—After the business upon which the Assembly resolved itself into Committee of the Whole shall be completed, the committee, without motion (or any time previous, upon motion), shall rise and report.

PROCEEDINGS SUBSEQUENT TO COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

85.—Whenever any bill, or any memorial or joint resolution requiring the signature of the governor shall have been reported to the Assembly with amendment by any standing committee, and subsequently considered by the Committee of the Whole, the action of the Committee of the Whole, on every such amendment, shall be noted by or indorsed by the chairman of such committee.

86.—No amendment to any bill, or any memorial or joint resolution, requiring the signature of the governor, which has been made or considered in Committee of the Whole, shall be read by the Speaker on resuming the chair, unless required by one or more of the members, but the Speaker shall state what action has been taken by each committee which has considered the same, or thereon indorsed or noted, and the question shall first be put upon every such amendment, and the same shall be disposed of in the same manner as if the amendment had been originally proposed in the Assembly.

The question shall first be put to the Assembly by the Speaker upon the recommendation of the standing and select committee, upon all bills, memorials or joint resolutions reported by any such committee.

87.—The final question before the third reading of every bill or other paper originating in the Assembly, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Shall it be engrossed and read a third time?" And upon every such bill or paper originating in the Senate, "Shall it be read a third time?"

ENGROSSMENT OF BILLS.

88.—Every Assembly bill and resolution ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be re-written in a plain hand, with all amendments, before being read a third time, except as provided for in rule 27.

NO AMENDMENT ON THIRD READING.

89.— On the third reading of the bill or resolution, no amendment, except to fill blanks, shall be received, except by the unanimous consent of the members present.

RECOMMITMENT PREVIOUS TO PASSAGE.

90.— A bill or resolution may be recommitted at any time previous to its passage; if any amendment be reported upon such commitment, the question shall be upon the amendment, and the question for its engrossment and third reading may then be put.

QUESTION ON PASSAGE OF BILLS.

91.— Upon a third reading of an assembly bill, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is, '*shall the bill pass?*'" Upon the third reading of the Senate bills, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is, '*shall the bill be concurred in?*'"

BILLS TO BE TRANSMITTED TO THE SENATE.

92.— Each bill which passes its third reading shall be certified by the Clerk, and by him transmitted to the Senate; the day of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the Clerk.

PRIVILEGED MOTIONS.

93.— A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except when the House is voting; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move an adjournment when another member has the floor.

94.— Any motion or resolution relating to the organization of the Assembly, or to any of its officers, members, or committees, shall be privileged and need not lie over for consideration under rule 36.

SUSPENDING AND CHANGING RULES, ETC.

95.— No standing rule or order of the Assembly shall be rescinded or changed, without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor, which motion shall embrace the proposed amendment. Nor shall any rule be suspended, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Nor shall the order of business as established by the rules of the Assembly be postponed or changed, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present.

WHEN BILLS OR RESOLUTIONS RECALLED MAY BE ACTED ON.

96.— (93) "Whenever by joint resolution of the Senate and Assembly, any bill or resolution shall have been recalled from the Governor for further consideration, said bill or resolution shall be deemed to be before the house for its action thereon, and may be reconsidered or otherwise acted upon. Provided such bill or resolution shall have been actually returned to and be before this house when such action shall be taken.

That the number of rule No. 96 be changed to No. 97.

JEFFERSON'S MANUAL THE STANDARD.

97.— The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall govern the Assembly in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules, and the orders of the Assembly, and the joint rules and orders of the Senate and Assembly.

JOINT RULES OF SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

Of Messages.

HOW TRANSMITTED AND RECEIVED.

1.—When a message shall be sent from the Senate to the Assembly, it shall be announced at the door of the Assembly by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and shall be respectfully communicated to the Chair by the person by whom it may be sent.

2.—The same ceremony shall be observed when a message shall be sent from the Assembly to the Senate.

3.—Messages shall be sent by the Chief Clerk or his Assistant in each House.

REJECTED BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

4.—When a bill or resolution which has passed in one House shall be rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given to the House in which the same originated.

5.—When a bill or resolution, which has been passed in one House is rejected in the other, it shall not be again brought in during the same session without a notice of five days, and leave of two-thirds of the House in which it shall be renewed.

PAPERS TO ACCOMPANY BILLS.

6.—Each House shall transmit to the other all papers on which any bill or resolution shall be founded.

ORDER REQUESTING CONCURRENCE.

7.—When a bill, resolution, or memorial shall have passed either House, and requires the concurrence of the other, it shall be transmitted to said House without entering an order upon the journal of the House in which it passed, requesting the concurrence of the other House.

Of Joint Committees.

8.—The joint committees required by the statutes are as follows:

1. *On Claims.**—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.
2. *On Printing.*†—Two from the Senate and three from the Assembly.

PRINTING OF REPORTS.

9.—Whenever any report of a joint committee or other document shall be presented to both Houses of the Legislature, the first House acting on the same, if it shall be thought necessary to have it printed, shall order a sufficient number of copies for both branches, and shall immediately inform the other House of its action upon the subject.

COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE.

10.—In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and Assembly if either House shall request a conference, and appoint a committee for that purpose, the other House shall appoint a similar committee. Such committees shall, at a convenient hour, to be agreed upon by their chairmen, meet in the conference-chamber, and state to each other verbally, or in writing, as either shall choose, the reasons of their respective Houses for or against the disagreement, and confer freely thereon; and they shall be authorized to report to their respective Houses such modifications or amendments as they may think advisable. When it shall have been determined by the two Houses to appoint a committee of conference, such committee shall consist of three upon the part of the Senate, and three upon the part of the Assembly.

11.—After each House shall have adhered to their disagreement, the bill or resolution shall be lost.

Acts of a General Nature.

TITLES OF BILLS.

12.—The title of every bill of a general nature shall designate the object, purpose or subject of the bill, and when such bill proposes to amend any chapter or act, the title shall read thus:

*See Secs. 106 and 117 R. S.

†See Sec. 106 R. S.

"A bill relating to — and amendatory of section —, of chapter —, of the —," filling the blanks with the proper subject, section and chapter of the revised statutes or laws, designating the same. And every bill shall recite at length every section which it proposes to amend as such section will read if amended as proposed: *provided*, such recitation shall not be required when the proposed amendment shall only *add* to such section without changing the phraseology of the original.

13.— The title of all bills for repealing any act, chapter or section, and which have no other object, shall be as follows:

"A bill to repeal section — of chapter — of the — relating to —," filling the blanks with the proper section and chapter of the revised statutes or laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section or chapter repealed. And in the body of every such bill the full title of the act repealed shall be recited at length.

RETURN OF BILLS.

14.— Either House shall return any bill called for, by a resolution of the other House, if the bill is yet in the possession of the House then called upon, providing this rule shall not be operative after the time of transacting business, other than that of receiving executive messages and communications from one House to the other, shall have expired.

EACH HOUSE MAY AMEND.

15.— It shall be in the power of each House to amend any amendment made by the other to any bill, memorial, or resolution; but no standing or select committee, nor any member thereof, nor any committee of the whole, shall report any "substitute," or any "amendment," for any bill or bills, or resolutions, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose from that of the original bill or resolution for which it is reported, or which, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different from the title of the original bill or resolution; and any substitute, bill or resolution, so reported, shall be rejected whenever it appears that the same is in violation of this rule, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the Senate and Assembly.

Of Bills Passed.

ENROLLMENT OF BILLS.

16.— After a bill has passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled by or under the direction of the Chief Clerk of the House in which the same originated, before it shall be presented to the Governor for his approval.

EXAMINATION OF ENROLLED BILLS.

17.— When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be examined by the committee of the two Houses on Enrolled Bills, acting jointly, who shall carefully compare the enrolled bill with the engrossed bill as passed in the two Houses. Said committee shall correct any errors that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and make their report forthwith to the House in which the bill originated.

SIGNING OF BILLS.

18.— When a bill shall have been duly reported as correctly enrolled, it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated, to present the bill first to the presiding officer of the House in which it originated, and next to the presiding officer of the other branch of the legislature, for signature, which duty shall be performed at as early an hour as possible, consistent with the proper discharge of his other duties as Chief Clerk.

PRESENTATION OF BILLS TO THE GOVERNOR.

19.— After a bill shall have been signed by the respective presiding officers of the two Houses, it shall be presented by the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated to the Governor, in the Executive Chamber, for his approval, it being first indorsed on the back of the roll, certifying in which House the same originated, which certificate shall be signed by the Chief Clerk of such House. In case the bill was passed by the ayes and noes being taken thereon, the number of affirmative and negative votes in each House shall be indorsed on the back of the bill.

RESOLUTIONS TO TAKE THE SAME COURSE AS BILLS.

20.— All orders, resolutions and votes, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval, shall, also, in the same manner be previously examined, enrolled, and signed, and then presented in the same manner as is provided in the case of bills.

A BOOK FOR ENROLLED BILLS TO BE KEPT BY EACH HOUSE.

21.—It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of each House to keep a Senate and Assembly book of enrolled bills in which shall be accurately minuted the exact time at which each bill or resolution (indicating it by its number) was presented to the presiding officer of each House for signature, and to the Governor for his approval. Such books shall always be open for inspection, and shall be deposited with the Secretary of State, to be preserved by him, at the close of the session. The books shall be substantially in the following form:

SENATE BILLS PRESENTED FOR SIGNATURE AND APPROVAL.

No. of Bill.	Presented to President.		Presented to Speaker.		Presented to Governor.	
	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.
No. 1, S.	Feb. 14.	9, A. M.	Feb. 15.	10, A. M.	Feb. 15.	2, P. M.

And a like book for bills originating in the Assembly shall be kept by the Chief Clerk thereof.

Of Claims.

ACCOUNTS TO BE VERIFIED.

22.—No account presented shall be acted upon, unless verified by affidavit of the person in whose favor the same may be.

ALL PAPERS CLAIMING MONEY TO BE PRESERVED.

—All petitions, claims, bills, accounts, or demands asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred; and such committee shall indorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same; and if in favor of allowing a part thereof, only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every one of them shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk of the House to which the same was first presented, to be filed by such clerk, and delivered, at the close of the session, to the Secretary of State.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

23.—In Joint Committees, standing or select, the chairman of the Senate Committee shall be chairman of the Joint Committee.

Joint Convention.

24.—Whenever there shall be a Joint Convention of the two Houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length upon the journal of each House. The Lieutenant-Governor or President of the Senate shall preside over such Joint Convention, and the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act as Clerk thereof, assisted by the Chief Clerk of the Senate; *provided*, that the Lieutenant-Governor shall not act in said convention except as the presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give the casting vote.

CHANGING OR SUSPENDING RULES.

25.—No joint rules of the two Houses shall be repealed, amended or suspended, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of each House.

26.—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall govern the Joint Convention of the Senate and Assembly in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules and orders of the Senate and Assembly.

ADJOURNMENT.

27.—Neither House shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Chapter VIII, R. S. 1878.

SECTION 90. Senators in Congress shall hereafter be elected as provided by the statutes of the United States. The meeting of the Senate and Assembly in joint convention shall be held in the hall of the Assembly. Each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll, and such votes shall be entered upon the journal of the convention. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly shall cause a statement in duplicate of the result of such election to be made under their hands, certifying who has been chosen such Senator; one of which statements they shall deliver to the Governor, to be filed and recorded in the executive office, and the other they shall deliver to the Secretary of State, who shall file and record the same in his office. In case the President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to execute and deliver such statement, the Chief Clerk of the Senate or of the Assembly, respectively, shall make and deliver, as aforesaid, such statement in duplicate, setting forth the whole number of votes given on the final ballot and the number thereof received by each person then voted for.

SECTION 91. Immediately thereafter, the Governor shall certify the election of such Senator under the Great Seal to the President of the Senate of the United States, and the Secretary of State shall countersign such certificate.

STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF SENATORS.

(Title II, Chapter 1, Rev. Stat. U. S.)

SECTION 14. The Legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

SECTION 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each House shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from such State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House, shall be entered on the journal of that House by the Clerk or Secretary thereof; or if either House fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each House, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for Senator; and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receives such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote until a Senator is elected.

SECTION 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy exists in the representation of such state in the Senate, the Legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.

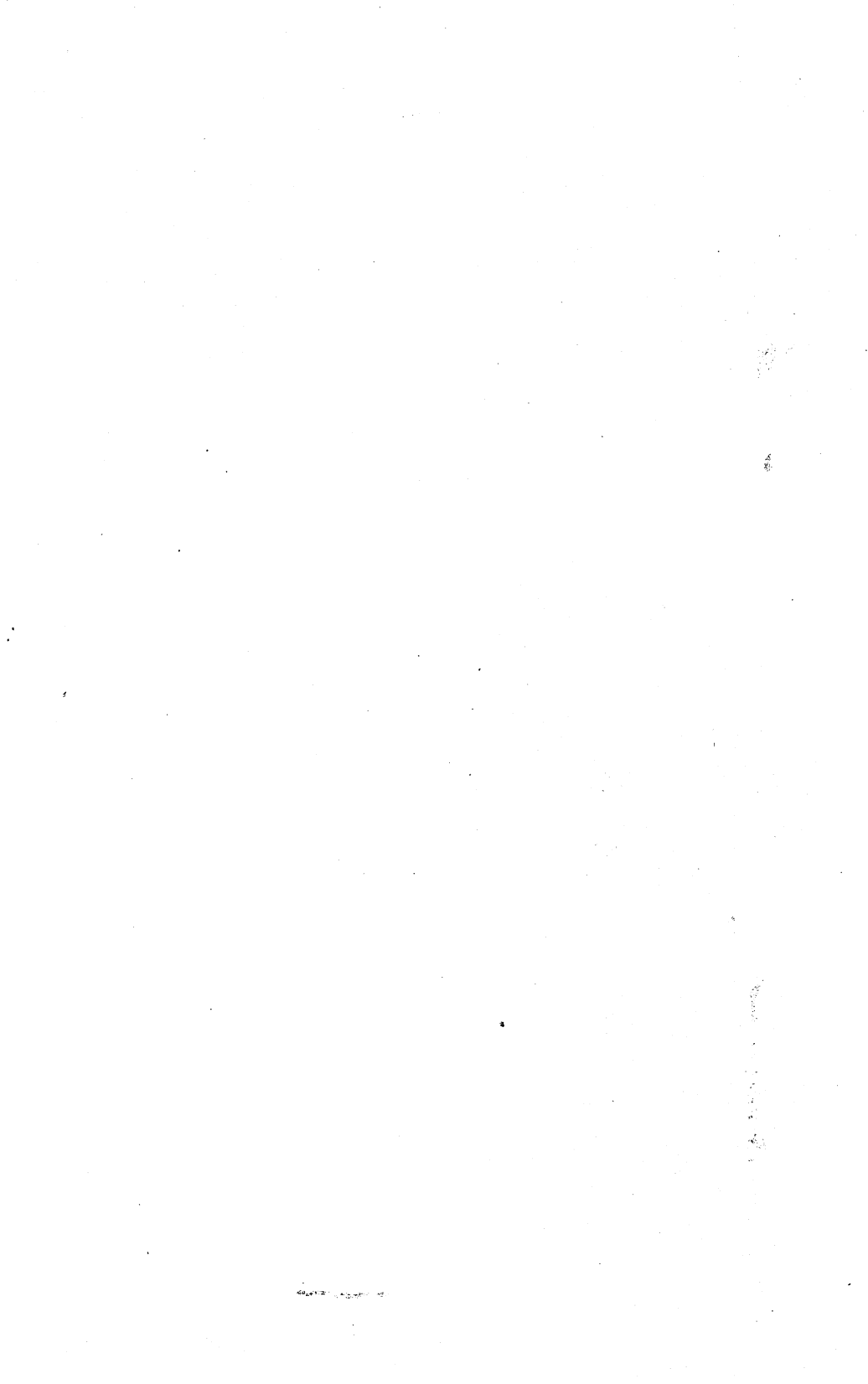
SECTION 17. Whenever, during the session of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy occurs in the representation of such State in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the Legislature is organized and has had notice of such vacancy.

SECTION 18. It shall be the duty the of Executive of the State, from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the Secretary of State of the State.

PART II.

HISTORICAL.



AN OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

The state of Wisconsin is situated between latitude 42 degrees 27 minutes and 47 degrees 03 minutes north, and between longitude 86 degrees 53 minutes and 92 degrees 53 minutes west of Greenwich, near London, England. It is bounded on the north by Lake Superior, on the east by Michigan and Lake Michigan, on the south by Illinois, and on the west by Iowa and Minnesota. It has an average length of about 200 miles, breadth 215 miles, and an area of 56,000 square miles, or 35,840,000 acres. Deducting from this the surface occupied by lakes and rivers, there remain 53,924 square miles, or 34,511,300 acres of land. The highest elevations are about 1,800 feet above the level of the ocean, and the lowest portions of the state are 600. There are some 2,000 minor lakes, nearly all of them in the eastern and northern portions, the result of glacial action. The scenery of Wisconsin is never rugged, but abounds in pleasing effects.

The tract of country from which Wisconsin was taken, was discovered by the French (1634), who held it as a part of New France (Canada) until the close of the French and Indian war, after which, by the treaty of Paris (1763) it went to Great Britain. It became nominally a part of the United States territory at the close of the Revolutionary war, by the treaty of 1783, confirmed by the treaty of 1795. Virginia and other states laid claim to all the territory northwest of the Ohio river, but finally ceded it to the general government, which, by the celebrated Ordinance of 1787, erected it into the Northwest Territory. It was enacted that "there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in the said territory," and that there should be formed from such territory, as the population should justify, "not less than three nor more than five states."

When Indiana Territory was organized (1800), it included nearly all of what is now Wisconsin. In 1809 upon the organization of Illinois Territory, Wisconsin was transferred thereto. Yet, all this while, the English and their French Canadian adherents practically held Wisconsin, which was a rich field for the British fur trade. It was not until the close of the War of 1812-15 that it became in fact as well as in name, American soil. In 1818 when Illinois was admitted into the Union as a state, Wisconsin was attached to the Territory of Michigan. In 1833, Wisconsin was made part of a separate judicial circuit, and in 1836 was organized as a Territory, with Henry Dodge as governor. The first legislature met at Belmont, now in La Fayette county, October 25, 1836, and the next session was convened at Burlington, now in the state of Iowa, November 6, 1837. In 1836, the seat of government was permanently located at Madison, where the legislature met for the first time November 26, 1838.

In April, 1846, the people voted in favor of a state government. On the 16th of December, a constitution was adopted in convention, which was rejected by a vote of the people. February 4, 1848, a second constitution was adopted in convention, which was ratified by the people on the 13th of March, in that year, and on the 29th day of May Wisconsin became a state in the Union, being the seventeenth admitted, and the thirtieth in the list of states.

Following are salient features of Wisconsin history briefly stated in chronological order:

1634. The country was explored by Jean Nicolet, from Lake Michigan for a considerable distance up the Fox river.

1658. Sieur Radisson and Sieur des Groseilliers, two French fur-traders, visited the Green Bay region and wintered among the Pottawattomies.

1659. Radisson and Groseilliers went up Fox river, in the spring, and spent four months in explorations along Wisconsin streams. It is thought that they descended the Wisconsin river and saw the Mississippi.

1661. Radisson and Groseilliers arrived at Chequamegon Bay in the early winter and built a stockade near where Ashland now is. They spent the winter in wandering through northwest Wisconsin and northeastern Minnesota.

1662. Radisson and Groseilliers built a new fort, this spring, at Oak Point, Chequamegon Bay. In June, Father Ménard, a Jesuit missionary, proceeded over the Fox-Wisconsin rivers, up the Mississippi and into the Black, which latter stream he penetrated nearly to its source, and lost his life.

1665. Claude Allouez, an eminent pioneer missionary, established a mission at La Pointe, on Lake Superior.
1669. Father Allouez established a mission on the shores of Green Bay, locating at De Pere in 1671.
1670. Father Allouez made a voyage up the Fox river to the present limits of Green Lake county.
1671. In this year, the French took formal possession of the whole Northwest, which act was confirmed in 1689.
1673. Louis Joliet, accompanied by Father James Marquette, discovered the upper Mississippi, at Prairie du Chien. Raudin, representing La Salle, traded with the Indians to the west of Lake Superior.
1674. Father Marquette coasted Lake Michigan, from Green Bay by Milwaukee, to the site of the present city of Chicago.
1679. "The Griffin," a schooner built by La Salle, and the first to make a voyage of the lakes above Niagara, arrived at the mouth of Green Bay. La Salle made a canoe voyage along the Wisconsin shore of Lake Michigan, from Green Bay to Chicago, via the Sturgeon Bay portage. Daniel Grayson du Lhut (Duluth) ascended St. Louis river, held a council, and concluded a peace with the natives west of Lake Superior.
1690. Du Lhut voyaged from Lake Superior to the Mississippi river, by ascending the Bois Brulé, and descending the St. Croix. Father Louis Hennepin ascended the Mississippi to the Falls of St. Anthony, returning, in company with Du Lhut, over the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, to Green Bay.
1691. Marquette's journal and map of his travels and explorations in the Northwest were published in France.
1693. Le Sueur made a voyage of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers to the Mississippi.
1695. Nicholas Perrot, who had been at Green Bay as early as 1669, was appointed "commandant of the West." He proceeded over the Fox-Wisconsin rivers route to the upper Mississippi, spending the winter at a point near the present village of Trempealeau. In 1698 and in later years, he established posts on Lake Pepin and near the mouth of the Wisconsin.
1699. Baron la Hontan claimed to have penetrated the Wisconsin wilds, this year, by the Fox-Wisconsin route, and to have made extensive discoveries on the upper Mississippi.
- 1699-95. Le Sueur established military posts on Chequamegon Bay, and on an island in the Mississippi, guarding the St. Croix-Bois Brulé river route.
1709. Father St. Cosme voyaged along the Wisconsin shore of Lake Michigan. He visited the site of Milwaukee, October 7.
1709. Lead mines discovered in southwestern Wisconsin, by Le Sueur.
- 1706-7. Fox Indians attacked by Marin, the French military leader, at the site of the present city of Neenah.
1712. Fox Indians from Wisconsin besiege Detroit.
1716. De Louvigny's battle with the Foxes at Butte des Morts.
1718. Frenchmen known to be at Green Bay, this year.
1719. Francis Renalt, with two hundred miners, explore the upper Mississippi.
- 1718-21. Fort St. Francis erected at Green Bay. Father Charlevoi the historian, visits Green Bay.
1725. Foxes refuse to allow French traders to pass over the Fox-Wisconsin route, to traffic with the Sioux.
1726. The Cardinells settle temporarily at Prairie du Chien. The French make a treaty with the Foxes, and their allies, the Sacs and Winnebagoes, to open the Fox-Wisconsin waterway, to traffic west of Lake Pepin.
1727. A French trading post, called Fort Beauharnois, established on Lake Pepin, with Sieur de Laperrière commandant.
1728. There was a great flood in the Mississippi, and Fort Beauharnois was submerged. A French expedition under De Lignery, from Michillimackinac, punished the Sacs and Foxes. Fort St. Francis, at Green Bay, destroyed by the French to prevent it falling into the hands of the Indians, who had again broken out against the whites.
1730. Maria, French commandant among the Menominees, repels the Foxes, and later in the year De Villiers vanquishes the unruly tribe.
1734. Another bloody battle between the French and the allied Sacs and Foxes.
1735. Saint Pierre commands the French fort at Lake Pepin.

1737. On hearing from La Pointe of the murder of some French explorers at the Lake of the Woods, Saint Pierre evacuates his fort.
1742. Presents are distributed by the French among the Sacs and Foxes.
1749. The younger Marin is stationed at La Pointe.
1752. He is now at Lake Pepin.
1754. Marin now in command at Green Bay; he makes a peace with Wisconsin Indians.
1756. Still in command at Green Bay; he heads Wisconsin Indians in French operations against the English, in New York.
1758. Eleven Frenchmen killed at Green Bay, by Menominees, who pillage a storehouse.
1760. The fall of New France; leaving Wisconsin in possession of England.
1761. Capt. Belfour and Lieut. Gorrell, with English troops, took possession of Green Bay.
1763. The English, under Lieut. Gorrell, abandoned Green Bay in consequence of the Indian war under Pontiac.
1763. Treaty of Paris, by which all the territory of New France, including Wisconsin, was surrendered to the English.
1766. By this year, the Langlades and other white traders and others had settled permanently at Green Bay—first permanent white settlement in Wisconsin. Jonathan Carver visits Green Bay.
1774. A civil government was established over Canada and the North west by the celebrated "Quebec Act."
1777. Indians from Wisconsin, under Langlade and Gauthier, join the British against the Americans.
1779. Capt. Robertson, of the British sloop Felicity, made a voyage of reconnoissance around Lake Michigan, inducing traders and Indians to support the English.
1781. Lieut.-Gov. Patrick Sinclair, of Canada, purchased Green Bay, Prairie du Chien, etc., from the Indians, which purchase was not confirmed. The settlement of Prairie du Chien was commenced by Bazil Giard, Augustin Ange and Pierre Antaya.
1783. Julian Dubuque explored the lead region of the Upper Mississippi.
1788. There was an Indian council at Green Bay. Permission to work the lead mines was given to Dubuque.
1789. Jean Baptiste Mirandeau is alleged to have settled at Milwaukee.
1793. Lawrence Barth built a cabin at the portage of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and engaged in the carrying trade.
1795. Jacques Vieau established trading posts at Kewaunee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Milwaukee.
1796. The western posts were surrendered by the English to the United States, and the Ordinance of 1787 extended over the whole Northwest.
1800. Indiana territory organized, including Wisconsin.
1804. Indian treaty at St. Louis; a portion of southern Wisconsin purchased.
1805. Michigan territory organized.
1809. Thomas Nuttall, the botanist, explored Wisconsin. Illinois territory was organized, including nearly all the present state of Wisconsin.
1812. Indians assembled at Green Bay to join the English.
1814. Gov. Clark took possession of Prairie du Chien. Fort Shelby, at Prairie du Chien, surrendered to the British.
1815. United States trading post established at Green Bay.
1816. Indian treaty confirming that of 1804. United States troops took possession of Prairie du Chien, and commenced the erection of Fort Crawford. Col. Miller commenced the erection of Fort Howard, at Green Bay.
1818. Illinois was admitted into the Union; Wisconsin attached to Michigan territory. Brown, Crawford and Michillimackinac counties were organized in the territory of Michigan, which embraced in their boundaries besides other territory, the whole of the present state of Wisconsin. Solomon Juneau arrived at Milwaukee.
1820. United States commissioners adjusted land claims at Green Bay.
1822. The New York Indians purchase lands east of Lake Winnebago. James Johnson obtained from the Indians the right to dig for lead with negro slaves from Kentucky.
1823. January; counties of Brown, Crawford and Michillimackinac made a separate judicial district by Congress. First steamboat upon the upper Mississippi with Major Taliafero and Count Beltrami. Lieut. Bayfield, of the British navy, made a survey of Lake Superior. An Episcopal mission established near Green Bay.
1824. October 4. First term of the United States circuit court held at Green Bay; James D. Doty, judge.

1826. First steamboat on Lake Michigan.
1827. A rush of speculators to the lead mines, and leases by government to miners. Difficulty with Winnebago Indians; troops sent to settle it. August 11; treaty with the Menominee Indians at Butte des Morts.
1828. Fort Winnebago built at "the portage." Indian treaty at Green Bay; the lead regions purchased. Lead ore discovered at Mineral Point and Dodgeville.
1829. A Methodist mission established at Green Bay.
1830. May; the Sioux killed seventeen Sacs and Foxes near Prairie du Chien.
1832. Public lands in the lead region surveyed by Lucius Lyons and others. Black Hawk War: June 16, battle with the Sac Indians on the Pecatonica; July 21, battle of Wisconsin Heights on the Wisconsin River; August 2, battle at mouth of Bad Ax; Black Hawk defeated.
1833. September 26; Indian treaty at Chicago; lands south and west of Milwaukee ceded to the government. American settlement began at Milwaukee in the fall of this year.
1833. December 11; first newspaper, "Green Bay Intelligencer," published.
1834. Land offices established at Mineral Point and Green Bay. Census taken, population 4,795.
1835. June 17; first steamboat landed at Milwaukee. Public lands at Milwaukee surveyed by William A. Burt.
1836. Meeting in Milwaukee to ask legislature to grant a charter for a railway from Lake Michigan to Mississippi River. January 9, the legislative council of so much of Michigan territory as was not to be included in the new state of Michigan, met at Green Bay. April 30, Henry Dodge appointed governor by President Andrew Jackson. July 4, territory of Wisconsin organized. July 14, "Milwaukee Advertiser" published at No. 371 Third street. First school opened in Milwaukee at No. 371 Third street. United States land office opened at Milwaukee.
1837. September 23. Sioux treaty; lands east of the Mississippi ceded.
1838. Congress appropriated \$2,000 for surveying a railroad route from Milwaukee to the Mississippi river.
1839. Indian (Sioux and Chippewa) battle; 200 killed.
1840. July. First brew of beer at Milwaukee.
1842. February. C. C. P. Arndt shot in council chamber by James R. Vineyard.
1844. May. Originators of the Wisconsin Phalanx settle at Ceresco, now Ripon.
1846. A vote of the people in favor of a state government. August, act of congress authorizing a state government.
1847. First railroad charter in Wisconsin granted to the Milwaukee & Waukesha Company.
1848. May 29, Wisconsin admitted as a state. June 5, first state legislature convenes. June 7, first state officers sworn in. First United States Senators, Henry Dodge and Isaac P. Walker, elected. June 12, Andrew J. Miller, first judge United States District Court appointed.
1849. First earth moved for a railroad in Wisconsin, at Milwaukee. March 31, legislature, by joint resolution, instructed United States Senator, Isaac P. Walker, to resign. January 17, first telegram received at Milwaukee—"Chicago and Milwaukee united." Cholera epidemic. "Gold fever" took many settlers to California.
1850. March 4, liquor riot at Milwaukee. Mob attacked and partly wrecked residence of John B. Smith, for introducing, while in the legislature, a bill called the "blue liquor law." Smith being absent, escaped injury.
1851. February, first railroad train run between Milwaukee and Waukesha. April, Catholics of Milwaukee mobbed Mr. Leahy, a former Catholic, for delivering anti-Catholic lectures.
1853. January 26, charges lodged against Levi Hubbell, alleging malfeasance in office as judge of the second judicial district. He was acquitted.
1854. February 28, meeting held at Ripon, called by A. E. Bovay, Jedediah Bowen and others to organize the Republican party; name "Republican" then suggested by Mr. Bovay. Beginning of contest between federal and state authorities over fugitive slave law, by arrest of Joshua Glover, a negro, at Racine, and his forcible liberation at Milwaukee. July 13, first Republican mass convention held in Capitol Park, at Madison. Three thousand persons participated. Name "Republican" formally adopted.
1856. January 7, Coles Bashford took oath of office as governor, and began proceedings to oust Wm. A. Barstow, on the ground that Barstow was wrongfully "counted" in



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OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

113

- by means of fictitious and fraudulent "supplemental" returns from unpeopled districts in the north part of the state. March 8, Barstow's counsel — M. H. Carpenter, Harlow S. Orton and Jonathan E. Arnold — withdrew from the case. The supreme court found Barstow to be a usurper, counted in upon fraudulent returns from Spring Creek, Gilbert's Mills and other places. March 21, Barstow abandoned the office, and Lieut. Gov. McArthur assumed the executive chair for four days. Was succeeded by Bashford. September 24, steamer Niagara burned off Port Washington; John B. Macy, pioneer member of congress, one of the lost.
1857. April 15, first railway reached Mississippi river, at Prairie du Chien.
1859. November 1, excursion train celebrating opening of what is now C. & N. W. R. R., between Fond du Lac and Chicago, wrecked at Johnson's Creek, Jefferson county. Fourteen killed, seven wounded.
1860. September 8, steamer Lady Elgin, with 600 excursionists, sunk in collision off Racine; 235, mostly from Third ward of Milwaukee, drowned.
1861. April 10, report received that Beauregard had bombarded Fort Sumter. April 15, Lincoln's call for 75,000 volunteer troops issued. April 16, Gov. Randall issued call for the one regiment required of Wisconsin. April 23, Light Guard and Union Rifles of Milwaukee, go into camp as part of First Regiment, ready for orders. May 17, First Regiment mustered into the United States service. June 7, First Regiment received marching orders. June 9, First Regiment departed for Harrisburg, Pa. June 24, Bank riot at Milwaukee. Mitchell's bank attacked; inmates, including Mr. Mitchell, escaped, but building damaged. Militia called out. July 2, George C. Drake, Co. A, 1st Inf., first Wisconsin soldier killed in the rebellion, at skirmish of Falling Waters, Va.
1862. April 10, Gov. L. P. Harvey started south to note the wants of Wisconsin soldiers. April 19, Gov. Harvey accidentally drowned in the Tennessee river. April, about 700 Confederate prisoners received at Camp Randall, Madison. May, call for 75,000 troops by the President. July, call for 300,000 troops by the President. August, Secretary Stanton issued the stay-at-home order to prevent those liable to draft from going to foreign countries. November 10, draft made to fill the Wisconsin quota of troops.
1863. August 5, Democratic state convention at Madison adopt the "Ryan Address." September 17, "War Democrats" held mass convention at Janesville, to protest against the "Ryan Address." October 17, call issued by Lincoln for 300,000 volunteers. November, draft made to complete the Wisconsin quota.
1864. February 1, Lincoln called for 300,000 troops. March, Lincoln called for 200,000 troops. Soldiers "veteranize" by re-enlistment from old organizations. July 4, Lincoln called for 500,000 troops. November, draft made to fill the Wisconsin quota.
1865. June 6, first volunteer organization mustered out of U. S. service. June 23, cyclone at Viroqua, Vernon county; seventeen persons killed, 150 wounded and many buildings demolished.
1866. May 23, Fourth Regiment of cavalry mustered out after service of five years and one day, longest term on record of a volunteer organization. James R. Doolittle requested by the Wisconsin Legislature to resign from the United States senate.
1868. Medical properties of Waukesha spring water discovered by Richard Dunbar. April 8, Sea Bird burned on Lake Michigan; all lost but two.
1871. October 8. Great fires in Door, Oconto, Outagamie, Brown and Manitowoc counties. One thousand persons perished and three thousand were beggared.
1873. September 14, steamer Ironsides wrecked between Milwaukee and Grand Haven; twenty-eight people lost. July 4, hurricane on Green Lake, Green Lake county. Eleven persons drowned.
1874. Potter railroad law enacted. April 29, Alex. Mitchell and Albert Keep issued proclamations directed to the governor defying the Potter law and announcing that they should operate their railroads without regard for its provisions. May, Gov. Taylor issued a proclamation demanding obedience to the Potter law.
1875. April 23, Oshkosh burned. First cotton cloth made in Wisconsin, at Janesville.
1876. January. Supreme court rejected the application of Miss Lavinia Goodell, for admission to the bar of Wisconsin.
1877. Legislature enacted law giving women the right to practice law. Cyclone at Pensaukee, Oconto county.
1878. Traffic war. June, Mineral Point cyclone; from eleven to sixteen persons killed.

1880. October 10. Death of Chief Justice E. G. Ryan.
1881. February 24, death of Matt H. Carpenter. Strike of all the cigar-makers of Milwaukee. September, "Saw-dust war" at Eau Claire; striking men threatened to destroy mills. Militia called out. September, Milwaukee Industrial Exposition opened.
1883. January 10, Newhall House, Milwaukee, burned; between seventy and eighty persons perished. March 25, death of Timothy O. Howe. November 8, south wing of the capitol extension, during process of erection, fell, killing seven workmen. Cyclone at Racine; thirteen persons killed.
1884. December 1, Science Hall — of the State University — burned.
1886. May 1, workmen in Milwaukee struck to enforce the adoption of the eight-hour day. May 3-5, strikers became riotous at Bay View and Milwaukee, and, refusing to obey the proclamation of the authorities, were fired upon by the militia; seven killed and several wounded. October, "limited express" on C., M. & St. P. R. R. wrecked and burned at East Rio; from eleven to fifteen persons burned or killed.
1887. Culmination of the Gogebic iron stocks craze.
1888. Collapse of the Gogebic iron stocks.
1890. Eleventh U. S. census shows a population of State 1,686,880.

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF WISCONSIN.

GOVERNORS.

Henry Dodge,	- - - - -	from July 4, 1836, to October 5, 1841
James Duane Doty.	- - - - -	from Oct. 5, 1841, to September 16, 1844
Nathaniel P. Tallmadge,	- - - - -	from September 16, 1844, to May 13, 1845
Henry Dodge,	- - - - -	from May 13, 1845, to June 7, 1848

SECRETARIES.

John S. Horner,	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	- - -	May 6, 1836
William B. Slaughter,		appointed by Andrew Jackson,	- - -	Feb. 16, 1837
Francis J. Dunn,	-	appointed by Martin Van Buren,	- - -	Jan. 25, 1841
A. P. Field,	- -	appointed by John Tyler,	- - -	Apr. 23, 1841
George R. C. Floyd,		appointed by James K. Polk,	- - -	Oct. 30, 1843
John Catlin,	- -	appointed by James K. Polk,	- - -	Feb. 24, 1846

SUPREME COURT.

Charles Dunn, C. J.	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	- - -	Aug. 1836
William C. Frazer, A. J.,		appointed by Andrew Jackson,	- - -	July, 1836
David Irvin, A. J.,	-	appointed by Andrew Jackson,	- - -	Sept. 1836
Andrew G. Miller, A. J.,		appointed by Martin Van Buren,	- - -	Nov. 1838

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

Henry S. Baird,	-	appointed by Governor Dodge,	- - -	Dec. 7, 1836
Horatio N. Wells,	-	appointed by Governor Dodge,	- - -	Mar. 30, 1839
Mortimer M. Jackson,	-	appointed by Governor Dodge,	- - -	Jan. 26, 1842
William Pitt Lynde,		appointed by Governor Tallmadge,	- - -	Feb. 22, 1845
A. Hyatt Smith,	-	appointed by Governor Dodge,	- - -	Aug. 4, 1845

CLERKS OF THE COURT.

John Catlin,	-	appointed at December Term,	- - - - -	1836
Simeon Mills,	- -	appointed at July Term,	- - - - -	1839
La Fayette Kellogg,		appointed at July Term,	- - - - -	1840

UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

William W. Chapman,		appointed by Andrew Jackson,	- - - - -	1836
Moses M. Strong,	-	appointed by Martin Van Buren,	- - - - -	1838
Thomas W. Sutherland,		appointed by John Tyler,	- - - - -	1841
William Pitt Lynde,	-	appointed by James K. Polk,	- - - - -	1845

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURES.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1836.

Convened at Belmont, Iowa county, Oct. 25, and adjourned Dec. 9, 1836.

COUNCIL.

President — Henry S. Baird, of Brown. *Secretary* — Edward McSherry. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — William Henry.

Brown — Henry S. Baird, John P. Arndt.

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Dubuque — Thomas McCraney, John Foley, Thomas McKnight.

Crawford — [Had no member of the Council.*]

Milwaukee — Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Des Moines — Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Peter Hill Engle, of Dubuque. *Chief Clerk* — Warren Lewis. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Jesse M. Harrison.

Des Moines — Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, Eli Reynolds.

Crawford — James H. Lockwood, James B. Dallam.

Milwaukee — William B. Sheldon, Madison W. Cornwall, Charles Durkee.

Iowa — William Boyles, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox.

Dubuque — Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Hosea T. Camp, Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Albert G. Ellis, Alexander J. Irwin.†

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, Nov. 6, 1837, and adjourned Jan. 20, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President — Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary* — George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Levi Sterling.

Brown — John P. Arndt, Joseph Dickinson.‡

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John H. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee — Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Dubuque — John Foley, Thomas McKnight, Thomas McCraney.

Des Moines — Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

Crawford — [Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Isaac Leffler, of Des Moines. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — William Morgan.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes.

Iowa — William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkison.

Crawford — Ira B. Brunson,§ Jean Brunet.¶

Des Moines — Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, John Reynolds.

* Thomas P. Burnett claimed a seat, but was rejected by a vote of the Council, as the appointment of members belonged exclusively to the Executive of the Territory.

† Seat successfully contested by George McWilliams.

‡ In place of Henry S. Baird, resigned. Mr. Dickinson's seat was contested and vacated; replaced by Alexander J. Irwin.

§ In place of James B. Dallam.

¶ In place of James H. Lockwood.

Dubuque — Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley,* Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Alexander McGregor.†

Milwaukee — William R. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, June 11, 1838, and adjourned June 23, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President — Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. *Secretary* — George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — George W. Harris.

(Officers elected by Resolution.)

Brown — Alexander J. Irwin, John P. Arndt.

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee — Gilbert Knapp, Alanson Sweet.

Dubuque — John Foley, Thomas McCraney, Thomas McKnight.

Des Moines — Arthur B. Ingraham, Joseph B. Teas, Jeremiah Smith, Jr.

Crawford — [Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — William B. Sheldon, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — William Morgan.

Brown — George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes, Ebenezer Childs.

Iowa — William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, James Collins. ‡

Milwaukee — Wm. B. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

Dubuque — Peter Hill Engle, Hardin Nowlin, Patrick Quigley, Lucius H. Langworthy, § Loring Wheeler.

Des Moines — Isaac Leffler, Warren L. Jenkins, Thomas Blair, John Reynolds, George W. Teas, John Box, David R. Chance.

Crawford — Ira B. Bruunson, Jean Brunet.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Madison, November 26, 1838, and adjourned December 23, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President — William Bullen, of Racine. *Secretary* — George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Stephen N. Ives.

Iowa — James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Grant — James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth — James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington — Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Ebenezer Brigham.

Racine — William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Brown — Alexander J. Irwin, Morgan L. Martin.

Crawford — George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — John W. Blackstone, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Thomas Morgan.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Racine — Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

Crawford — Alexander McGregor.

* Mr. Quigley resigned his seat on the 17th of January, 1838, for cause arising out of McGregor's case, wherein he felt his dignity as a member overlooked and unsupported by the House.

† Mr. McGregor was elected in place of Hosea T. Camp, deceased. Was charged with having accepted a bribe at this session, and resigned his seat while the investigation was pending; but by a resolution of the House, at its June session, he was declared "unworthy of confidence," by a vote of the House.

‡ In place of George F. Smith, resigned.

§ In place of A. McGregor, resigned.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.
Iowa—Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins.

SECOND SESSION, 1839.

Convened at Madison, January 21, 1839, and adjourned March 11, 1839.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Stephen N. Ives.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Alexander J. Irwin.
Racine—William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Milwaukee and Washington—Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Lucius I. Barber, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford, Jacob W. Conroe.
Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.
Racine—Tristram C. Hoyt, Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Crawford—Alexander McGregor, Ira B. Brunson.
Rock and Walworth—Edward V. Whiton, Othni Beardsley.
Iowa—Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Thomas Jenkins, Henry M. Billings. Charles Bracken.

THIRD SESSION, 1839-40.

Convened at Madison, December 2, 1839, and adjourned January 13, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty.* *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Noyes.
Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.
Racine—William Bullen. Lorenzo Janes.*
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.
Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Levi Sterling.
Crawford—Joseph Brisbois.†

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Edward V. Whiton, of Rock. *Chief Clerk*—Jahn Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—James Durley.
Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Jacob W. Conroe, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackelford.
Milwaukee and Washington—Augustus Story, Adam E. Ray, William R. Longstreet, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells.
Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.
Iowa—Russell Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.
Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.
Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.
Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

* In place of Marshall M. Strong, resigned.

† In place of Geo. Wilson, resigned.

FOURTH (EXTRA) SESSION, 1840.

Convened at Madison, August 3, 1840, and adjourned August 14, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President—William A. Prentiss, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Gilbert Knapp.

Brown—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.

Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington—William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.

Grant—James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Crawford—Charles J. Learned.*

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—D. M. Whitney.

Brown—Ebenezer Childs, Barlow Shackelford, Charles C. Sholes, Jacob W. Coursoe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells, Augustus Story, William R. Longstreet.

Rock and Walworth—Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Daniel S. Sutherland.

Iowa—Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.

Grant—Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford—Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine—Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristram C. Hoyt.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1840-1.

Convened at Madison, December 7, 1840, and adjourned February 19, 1841.

COUNCIL.

President—James Maxwell, of Walworth. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Miles M. Vineyard.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—Charles C. P. Arndt, Morgan L. Martin.

Milwaukee and Washington—Jonathan E. Arnold, Don A. J. Upham.

Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa—Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.

Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Francis M. Rublee.

Racine—George Batchelder, Thomas E. Parmelee, Reuben H. Deming.

Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Hugh Long, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan—William H. Bruce,† Mason C. Darling, David Giddings.

Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Jacob Brazelton, Adam E. Ray, John S. Rockwell, William F. Shephard.

Iowa—Francis J. Dunn, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkison, David Newland.

Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Nelson Dewey, Neely Gray.

Crawford and St. Croix—Alfred Brunson,‡ Joseph R. Brown.

* In place of Joseph Brisbois, resigned.

† Seat successfully contested by Albert G. Ellis.

‡ Seat contested by Theophilus La Chappelle, and Joseph R. Brown appointed Commissioner to take testimony and report.

SECOND SESSION, 1841-2.

Convened at Madison, December 6, 1841, and adjourned February 19, 1842.

COUNCIL.

President—James Collins, of Iowa. *Secretary*—George Beatty. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Ebenezer Childs.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.*
Milwaukee and Washington—John H. Tweedy,† Don A. J. Upham.
Racine—William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.
Rock and Walworth—James Maxwell.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Ebenezer Brigham.
Iowa—James Collins, Moses M. Strong.
Grant—John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.‡
Crawford and St. Croix—Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—David Newland, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk*—John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Thomas J. Moorman.
Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan—Mason C. Darling, Albert G. Ellis, David Giddings.
Racine—George Batchelder, Jonathan Eastman, Thomas E. Parmelee.§
Crawford and St. Croix—Joseph R. Brown, Alfred Brunson.¶
Milwaukee and Washington—Joseph Bond, Adam E. Ray, William F. Shephard, John S. Rockwell, Jacob Brazelton.
Rock and Walworth—John Hackett, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton, James Tripp.¶
Iowa—Thomas Jenkins,** David Newland, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkison.
Grant—Daniel R. Burt, Neely Gray, Nelson Dewey.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1842-43.

The two Houses organized on the 5th of December, 1842, but the Governor (J. D. Doty) refused to communicate with them, as a body legally assembled, according to the act of Congress, as no appropriation for that object had been previously made by Congress. The Houses continued in session until the 10th day of December, when they adjourned until the 30th of January, 1843, when they again met, and continued in session until February 1843, when they adjourned until March 6, 1843, on which latter day they again convened, as well in pursuance of their vote of adjournment, as in pursuance of the Governor's Proclamation calling them together as of a special session, on that day. Of this intention of the Governor, they had been apprised by resolutions referring to his Proclamation, introduced by one of their members at their first session. The Houses continued in session subsequently until the 25th day of March, when they adjourned without day. Both Houses again assembled on the 27th day of March, as of the second session, and adjourned on the 17th of April 1843. The session was held at Madison. Officers the same in both sessions.

COUNCIL.

President—Moses M. Strong, of Iowa [resigned March 18th, and Morgan L. Martin, of Brown, elected to fill vacancy]. *Secretary*—John V. Ingersol [Mr. Ingersol resigned March 31, 1843, and John P. Sheldon appointed for balance of the session.] *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Charles C. Brown.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan, and Winnebago—Morgan L. Martin.

* Killed by James R. Vineyard, Feb. 11, 1842.

† In place of Jonathan E. Arnold, resigned.

‡ Resignation sent to Council, Feb. 14, which was refused to be accepted, and a vote expelling him from the Council was passed.

§ Elisha S. Sill claimed a seat as an additional member, but was not admitted. Mr. Parmelee afterwards resigned.

¶ Seat contested and awarded to Theophilus La Chappelle.

¶ In place of Hugh Long, resigned.

** In place of Francis J. Dunn, resigned.

Racine — Consider Heath.* Peter D. Hugunin.*
Rock and Walworth — Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Lucius I. Barber.
Grant — John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.
Milwaukee and Washington — Hans Crocker, Lemuel White, David Newland.
Iowa — Moses M. Strong.
Crawford and St. Croix — Theoph. LaChapelle.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Albert G. Ellis, of Portage. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — William S. Anderson.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Albert G. Ellis, Mason C. Darling, David Agry.
Walworth and Rock — John Hopkins, James Tripp, John M. Capron, Wm. A. Bartlett.
Milwaukee and Washington — Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.
Iowa — Robert M. Long, Moses Meeker, William S. Hamilton.
Crawford and St. Croix — John H. Manahan.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Isaac H. Palmer, Lyman Crossman, Robert Masters.
Racine — Philander Judson, John T. Trowbridge, Peter Van Vliet.
Grant — Franklin Z. Hicks, Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price.

SECOND SESSION, 1843-4.

Convened at Madison, December 4, 1843, and adjourned January 31, 1844.

COUNCIL.

President — Marshall M. Strong, of Racine. *Secretary* — Benjamin C. Eastman. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — G. C. S. Vail.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Morgan L. Martin.
Rock and Walworth — Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.
Milwaukee and Washington — Lemuel White, Hans Crocker, David Newland.
Iowa — Moses M. Strong.
Crawford and St. Croix — Theoph. La Chappelle.
Grant — John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.
Racine — Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Lucius I. Barber.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — George H. Walber, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk* — John Catlin. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — J. W. Trowbridge.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Albert G. Ellis, David Agry, Mason C. Darling.
Crawford and St. Croix — John H. Manahan.
Iowa — Moses Meeker, George Messersmith, Robert M. Long.
Milwaukee and Washington — Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.
Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Robert Masters, Lyman Crossman, Isaac H. Palmer.
Rock and Walworth — John M. Capron, William A. Bartlett, John Hopkins, James Tripp.
Grant — Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price, Franklin Z. Hicks.
Racine — John T. Trowbridge, Levi Grant, Ezra Birchard.

THIRD SESSION, 1845.

Convened at Madison, January 6th, 1845, and adjourned February 24, 1845.

COUNCIL.

President — Moses M. Strong, of Iowa. *Secretary* — Benjamin C. Eastman. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Charles H. Larkin.
Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Randall Wilcox.

*These Councilmen did not take their seats until March 6, 1843.

Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Iowa—Moses M. Strong.

Milwaukee and Washington—Adam E. Ray, James Kneeland, Jacob H. Kimball.

Crawford and St. Croix—Wiram Knowlton.

Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Chauncy Davis.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling, Abraham Brawley, William Fowler.*

Rock and Walworth—Stephen Field, Jesse C. Mills, Salmon Thomas, Jesse Moore.

Crawford and St. Croix—James Fisher.

Racine—Robert McClellan, Orson Sheldon, Albert G. Northway.

Milwaukee and Washington—Charles E. Brown, Pitts Ellis, Byron Kilbourn, Benjamin H. Mooers, William Shew, George H. Walker.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Charles S. Bristol, Noah Phelps, George H. Slaughter.

Iowa—James Collins, Robert C. Hoard, Solomon Oliver.

Grant—Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Franklin Z. Hicks.

FOURTH SESSION, 1846.

Convened at Madison, January 5th, and adjourned February 3, 1846.

COUNCIL.

President—Nelson Dewey, of Grant. *Secretary*—Benjamin C. Eastman.† *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Joseph Brisbois.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—Wiram Knowlton.

Milwaukee and Washington—Curtis Reed, Jacob H. Kimball, James Kneeland.

Iowa—Moses M. Strong.

Grant—Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth—Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Racine—Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—Mason C. Darling, of Fond du Lac. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—David Bonham.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Abraham Brawley, Mason C. Darling, Elisha Morrow.

Racine—Andrew B. Jackson, Orson Sheldon, Julius Wooster.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe—James Fisher.

Grant—Armstead C. Brown, Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson.

Walworth—Caleb Crosswell, Warren Earl, Gaylord Graves.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Mark R. Clapp, William M. Dennis, Noah Phelps.

Milwaukee and Washington—Samuel H. Barstow, John Crawford, James Magone, Benjamin H. Mooers, Luther Parker, William H. Thomas.

Iowa—Henry M. Billings, Robert C. Hoard, Charles Pole.

Rock—Ira Jones.

*Brothertown Indian.

† Mr. Eastman resigned Jan. 19, and Wm. R. Smith elected.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1847.

Convened at Madison, January 4, and adjourned February 11, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—John Bevins.

Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.

Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Marshall M. Strong.

Walworth—Henry Clark.

Rock—Andrew Palmer.

Iowa and Richland—William Singer.

Waukesha—Joseph Turner.

Crawford—Benjamin F. Manahan.

Grant—Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.

Dodge and Jefferson—John E. Holmes.

Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncey M. Phelps.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker—William Shew, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk*—La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—E. R. Hugunin.

Racine—Uriah Wood, Elisha Raymond.

Walworth—Charles A. Bronson, Palmer Gardiner.

Milwaukee—William Shew, Andrew Sullivan, William W. Brown.

Iowa and Richland—Timothy Burns, James D. Jenkins, Thomas Chilton.

Grant—Armstead C. Brown, William Richardson.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Charles Lum, William A. Wheeler, John W. Stewart.

Sheboygan and Washington—Harrison C. Hobart.

Dodge and Jefferson—George W. Green, John T. Haight, James Giddings.

Rock—Jared G. Winslow, James M. Burgess.

Waukesha—Joseph Bond, Chauncey F. Heath.

Crawford—Joseph W. Furber.

Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Elisha Morrow, Hugh McFarlane.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1847.

Convened October 18, and adjourned October 27, 1847.

COUNCIL.

President—Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh. *Sergeant-at-Arms*—Edward P. Lockhart.

Racine—Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Rock—Andrew Palmer.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland—Ninian E. Whitesides.

Washington and Sheboygan—Chauncey M. Phelps.

Walworth—Henry Clark.

Grant—Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk—Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee—Horatio N. Wells.

Waukesha—Joseph Turner.

Jefferson and Dodge—John E. Holmes.

Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe—Benjamin F. Manahan.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago—Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Isaac P. Walker, of Milwaukee. *Chief Clerk* — La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — E. R. Hugunin.

Racine — G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth — Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland — Timothy Burns, M. M. Cothren, Charles Pole.

Milwaukee — Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Grant — Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Dane, Green and Sauk — E. T. Gardner, Alexander Botkin, John W. Stewart.

Jefferson and Dodge — Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe — Henry Jackson.

Washington and Sheboygan — Benjamin H. Mooers.

Waukesha — George Reed, L. Martin.

Rock — Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Moses S. Gibson, G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

SECOND SESSION, 1848,

Convened February 7, and adjourned March 13, 1848.

COUNCIL.

President — Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. *Secretary* — Thomas McHugh. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — Edward P. Lockhart.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland — Ninian E. Whitesides.

Waukesha — Joseph Turner.

Dodge and Jefferson — John E. Holmes.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe, and St. Croix — Benjamin F. Manahan.

Racine — Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Walworth — Henry Clark.

Rock — Andrew Palmer.

Grant — Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk — Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee — Horatio N. Wells.

Sheboygan and Washington — Chauncy M. Phelps.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Timothy Burns, of Iowa. *Chief Clerk* — La Fayette Kellogg. *Sergeant-at-Arms* — John Mullanphy.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland — Timothy Burns, Charles Pole, M. M. Cothren.

Grant — Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Sheboygan and Washington — Benj. H. Mooers.*

Dane, Green and Sauk — E. T. Gardner, John W. Stewart, Alexander Botkin.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — G. W. Featherstonhaugh, Moses S. Gibson.

Racine — G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth — Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Rock — Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Milwaukee — Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Waukesha — George Reed, Leonard Martin.

Dodge and Jefferson — Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix — Henry Jackson.

* Resigned his seat because a bill in relation to Washington County was rejected.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

The first Constitutional Convention assembled at Madison on the 5th day of October, 1846, and adjourned on the 16th day of December, 1846, having framed a Constitution, which was submitted to a vote of the people on the first Tuesday in April, 1847, and the same was rejected.
The convention was composed of the following gentlemen:

- President* — Don A. J. Upham, of Milwaukee. *Secretary* — La Fayette Kellogg.
Brown — David Agry, Henry S. Baird.
Calumet — Lemuel Goodell.
Columbia — Jeremiah Drake, La Fayette Hill.
Crawford — Peter A. R. Brace.
Dane — John Y. Smith, Abel Dunning, Benjamin Fuller, George B. Smith, Nathaniel F. Hyer, John M. Babcock.
Dodge — William M. Dennis, Stoddard Judd, Hiram Barber, Benjamin Granger, Horace D. Patch, John H. Manahan.
Fond du Lac — Warren Chase, Lorenzo Hazen, Moses S. Gibson.
Grant — Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Lorenzo Bevans, Neeley Gray, J. Allen Barber, James Gilmore, Franklin Z. Hicks, Daniel R. Burt, James R. Vineyard.
Green — Davis Bowen, Noah Phelps, William C. Green, Hiram Brown.
Iowa — William R. Smith, Moses M. Strong, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas Jenkins, William J. Madden, Ninian E. Whitesides, Joshua L. White, Thomas James, Andrew Burnside, Moses Meeker, Elihu B. Goodsell.
Jefferson — Patrick Rogan, Theodore Prentiss, Aaron Rankin, Elihu L. Attwood, Samuel T. Clothier, Peter H. Turner, George Hyer.
La Pointe — James P. Hays.
Marquette — Samuel W. Beall.
Manitowoc — Evander M. Soper.
Milwaukee — Don A. J. Upham, Francis Huebschmann, Wallace W. Graham, Garret Vliet, John Crawford, Asa Kinney, Garret M. Fitzgerald, John Cooper, John H. Tweedy, James Magone, Horace Chase, Charles E. Browne.
Portage — Henry C. Goodrich.
Racine — Edward G. Ryan, Marshall M. Strong, Frederick S. Lovell, Elijah Steele, Stephen O. Bennett, Nathaniel Dickinson, Daniel Harkin, Chauncey Kellogg, Haynes Finch, Chatfield H. Parsons, Victor M. Willard, James H. Hall, James B. Cartter, T. S. Stockwell.*
Rock — A. Hyatt Smith, David Noggle, Sanford P. Hammond, James Chamberlain, Joseph S. Pierce, George B. Hall, David L. Mills, John Hackett, Joseph Kinney, Jr., Israel Inman, Jr.
Richland — Edward Coumbe.
Sauk — Wm. H. Clark.
St. Croix — William Holcombe.
Sheboygan — David Giddings.
Washington — Bostwick O'Connor, Edward H. Janssen, Patrick Toland, Charles J. Kern Hopewell Cox, Joel F. Wilson.
Waukesha — Andrew E. Elmore, Pitts Ellis, George Reed, Elisha W. Edgerton, Rufus Parks, William R. Hesk, Barnes Babcock, Charles Burchard,† James M. Moore Benjamin Hunkins, Alexander W. Randall.
Walworth — Solmous Wakeley, Joseph Bowker, Charles M. Baker, John W. Boyd, William Bell, Lyman H. Seaver, Sewall Smith, Josiah Topping, William Berry, M. T. Hawes.‡
Winnebago — James Duane Doty.

* This gentleman never took his seat.

† Seat unsuccessfully contested by Matthias J. Dorve.

‡ This gentleman never took his seat.

SECOND CONVENTION.

This Convention assembled at Madison, on the 15th of December, 1847, and adjourned on the 1st of February, 1848, having framed a Constitution which was submitted to a vote of the people on the second Monday in March following, and the same was adopted. The Convention was constituted as follows: Messrs. Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase, Stoddard Judd, Theodore Prentiss, Garret M. Fitzgerald and Frederick S. Lovell, being the only members of the first Convention who were elected to the second; the members of the first, in almost every county, declining a re-election.

President—Morgan L. Martin, of Brown. *Secretary*—Thomas McHugh.

Brown—Morgan L. Martin.

Calumet—G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

Chippewa and Crawford—Daniel G. Fenton.

Columbia—James T. Lewis.

Dane—Charles M. Nichols, William A. Wheeler, William H. Fox.

Dodge—Stoddard Judd, Samuel W. Lyman, Charles H. Larrabee.

Fond du Lac—Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase.

Grant—George W. Lakin, John H. Rountree, Alexander D. Ramsay, Orsamus Cole, William Richardson.

Green—James Biggs, William McDowell.

Iowa—Stephen P. Hollenbeck, Charles Bishop, Joseph Ward.

Jefferson—Theodore Prentiss, Milo Jones, Abram Vanderpool, Jonas Folts.

La Fayette—Charles Dunn, Allen Warden, John O'Connor.

Marquette and Winnebago—Harrison Reed.

Milwaukee—Byron Kilbourn, Rufus King, Charles H. Larkin, John L. Doran, Garret M. Fitzgerald, Moritz Schœffler, Albert Fowler.

Portage—William H. Kennedy.

Racine—Theodore Secor, Samuel R. McClellan, Horace T. Sanders, Frederick S. Lovell, Stephen A. Davenport, Andrew B. Jackson, Albert G. Cole, James D. Reymert.

Rock—Almerin M. Carter, Ezra A. Foot, Edward V. Whiton, Paul Crandall, Joseph Colley, Louis P. Harvey.

St. Croix—George W. Brownell.

Sheboygan and Manitowoc—Silas Steadman.

Walworth—James Harrington, Augustus C. Kinne, George Gale, Experience Estabrook, Hollis Latham, Ezra A. Mulford.

Washington—Patrick Pentony, James Fagan, Harvey G. Turner.

Waukesha—Peter D. Gifford, George Scagel, Squire S. Case, Alfred L. Castleman, Emulous P. Cotton, Eleazer Root.

STATE GOVERNMENT OF WISCONSIN.

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

NOTE.—The regular terms of all elective state officers commence the first Monday in January of the odd numbered years. Previous to the present time, the terms began in the even numbered years.

GOVERNORS.

Nelson Dewey, - - -	Lancaster, - - -	from June 7, 1843, to Jan. 5, 1852
Leonard J. Farwell, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1853, to Jan. 2, 1854
Wm. A. Barstow, - - -	Waukesha, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Mar. 21, 1856
Arthur McArthur, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Mar. 21, 1856, to Mar. 23, 1856
Coles Bashford, - - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Mar. 23, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Alex W. Randall, - - -	Waukesha, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 6, 1862
Louis P. Harvey, - - -	Shopiere, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Edward Salomon, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Apr. 19, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
James T. Lewis, - - -	Columbus, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Lucius Fairchild, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1872
C. C. Washburn, - - -	La Crosse, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Jan. 5, 1874
William R. Taylor, - - -	Cottage Grove, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876
Harrison Ludington, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1876, to Jan. 7, 1878
Wm. E. Smith, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Jeremiah M. Rusk, - - -	Viroqua, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 7, 1889
William D. Hoard, - - -	Pt. Atkinson, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1889, to Jan. 5, 1891
George W. Peck, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

John E. Holmes, - - -	Jefferson, - - -	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Samuel W. Beal, - - -	Taycheedah, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Timothy Burns, - - -	La Crosse, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
James T. Lewis, - - -	Columbus, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Arthur McArthur, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
E. D. Campbell, - - -	La Crosse, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Butler G. Noble, - - -	Whitewater, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Edward Salomon, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
Gerry W. Hazelton,* - - -	Columbus, - - -	from Sep. 10, 1862, to Sep. 26, 1862
Wyman Spooner, - - -	Elkhorn, - - -	from Jan. 14, 1863, to Jan. 3, 1870
Thaddeus C. Pound, - - -	Chippewa Falls, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 1, 1872
Milton H. Petit, - - -	Kenosha, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1872, to Mar. 23, 1873
Charles D. Parker, - - -	Pleasant Valley, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
James M. Bingham, - - -	Chippewa Falls, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Sam S. Fifield, - - -	Ashland, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Geo. W. Ryland, - - -	Lancaster, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Charles Jonas, - - -	Racine, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thos. McHugh, - - -	Delavan, - - -	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Wm. A. Barstow, - - -	Waukesha, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
C. D. Robinson, - - -	Green Bay, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Alex T. Gray, - - -	Janesville, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
David W. Jones, - - -	Belmont, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 2, 1860
Louis P. Harvey, - - -	Shopiere, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
James T. Lewis, - - -	Columbus, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Lucius Fairchild, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Thomas S. Allen, - - -	Mineral Point, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Llywelyn Breesse, - - -	Portage, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Peter Doyle, - - -	Prairie du Chien, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Hans. B. Warner, - - -	Ellsworth, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Ernst G. Timme, - - -	Kenosha, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas J. Cunningham, - - -	Chippewa Falls, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to

* Ex-officio, as President of Senate.

STATE TREASURERS.

Jarius C. Fairchild, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1843, to Jan. 5, 1852
Edward H. Janssen, - - -	Cedarburg, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 7, 1856
Charles Kuehn, - - -	Manitowoc, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Samuel D. Hastings, - - -	Treampealeau, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1853, to Jan. 1, 1866
William E. Smith, - - -	Fox Lake, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1863, to Jan. 3, 1870
Henry Bætz, - - -	Manitowoc, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Ferdinand Keuhn, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Richard Guenther, - - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1873, to Jan. 2, 1882
Edward C. McFetridge, - - -	Beaver Dam, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1832, to Jan. 3, 1887
Henry B. Harshaw, - - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1837, to Jan. 5, 1891
John Hunner, - - -	Eau Claire, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to.....

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

James S. Brown, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
S. Park Coon, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Experience Estabrook, - - -	Geneva, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
George B. Smith, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
William R. Smith, - - -	Mineral Point, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1853
Gabriel Buck, - - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1853, to Jan. 2, 1860
James H. Howe, - - -	Green Bay, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Oct. 7, 1862
Winfield Smith, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Oct. 7, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Charles R. Gill, - - -	Watertown, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Stephen S. Barlow, - - -	Dellona, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
A. Scott Sloan, - - -	Beaver Dam, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Alexander Wilson, - - -	Mineral Point, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Leander F. Frisby, - - -	West Bend, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1832, to Jan. 3, 1887
Charles E. Estabrook, - - -	Manitowoc, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
James I. O'Connor, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to.....

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS.

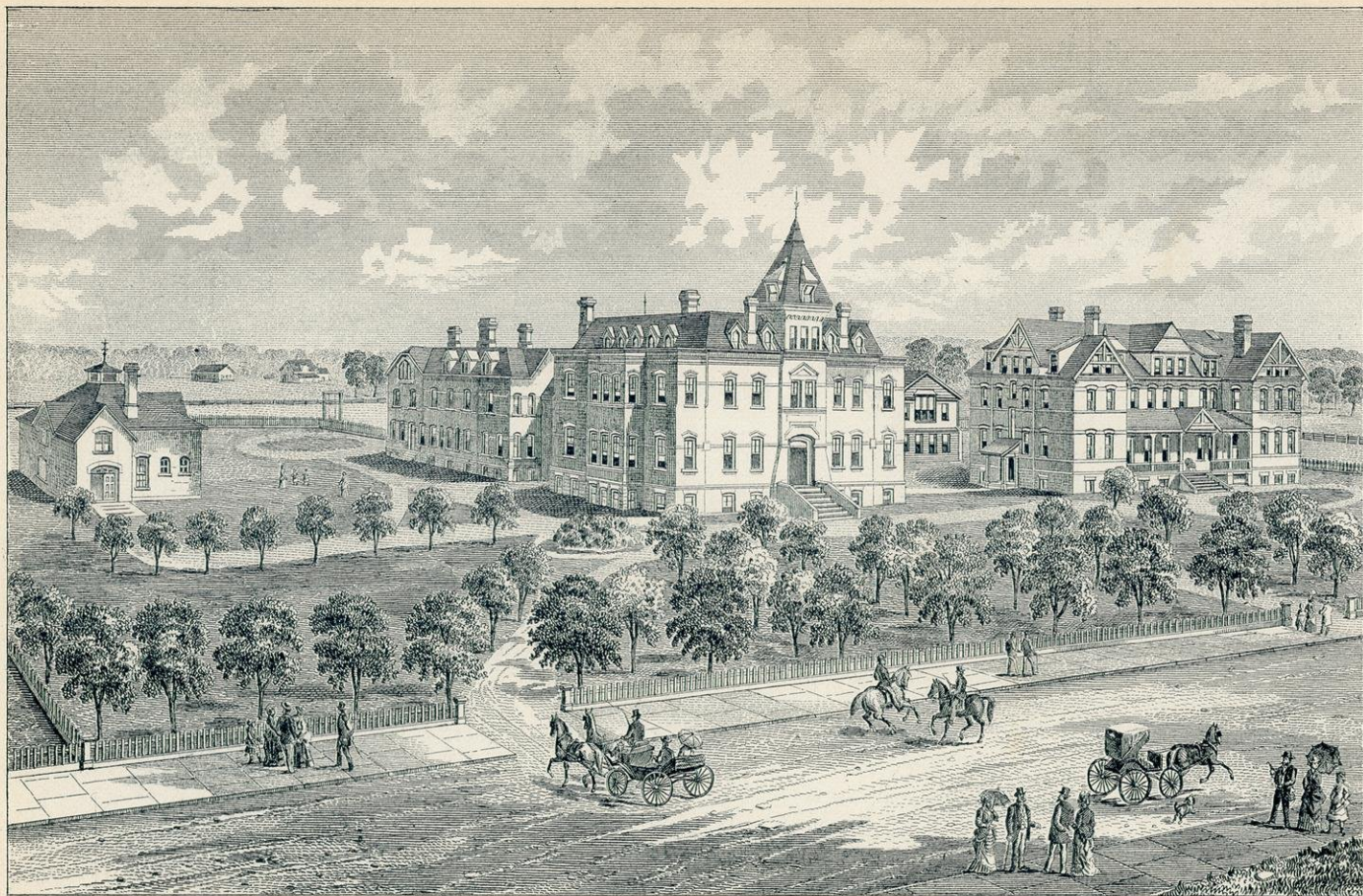
(Office created August 16, 1848.)

Eleazer Root, - - -	Waukesha, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1849, to Jan. 5, 1852
Azel P. Ladd, - - -	Shullsburg, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
Hiram A. Wright, - - -	Prairie du Chien, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to May 29, 1855
A. Constantine Barry, - - -	Racine, - - -	from June 26, 1855, to Jan. 4, 1858
Lyman C. Draper, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Josiah L. Pickard, - - -	Platteville, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Sept. 30, 1864
John G. McMyrn, - - -	Racine, - - -	from Oct. 1, 1864, to Jan. 6, 1868
Alexander J. Craig, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1868, to July 6, 1870
Samuel Fallows, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from July 6, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874
Edward Searing, - - -	Milton, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
William C. Whitford, - - -	Milton, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Robert Graham, - - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Jesse B. Thayer, - - -	River Falls, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Oliver E. Wells, - - -	Appleton, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to.....

BANK COMPTROLLERS.

(Office created by Chapter 479, Laws 1852—Abolished January 3, 1870, Chapter 23, Laws of 1863.)

James S. Baker, - - -	Green Bay, - - -	from Nov. 20, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
William M. Dennis, - - -	Watertown, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 4, 1858
Joel C. Squires, - - -	Mineral Point, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Gysbert Van Steenwyk, - - -	Kilbourn City, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
William H. Ramsey, - - -	Ozaukee, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Jeremiah M. Rusk, - - -	Viroqua, - - -	from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870



THE MILWAUKEE LITHO & ENGR CO.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL for GIRLS, MILWAUKEE.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

129

STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Chapter 24, Laws of 1853—Abolished January 4, 1874, by Chapter 193, Laws of 1873.)

John Taylor, - - -	Waupun, - - -	from Mar. 28, 1853, to Apr. 2, 1853
Henry Brown, - - -	Fond du Lac, - - -	from Apr. 2, 1853, to Jan. 2, 1854
Argalus W. Starks, - - -	Baraboo, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
Edward McGarry, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Edward M. MacGraw, - - -	Sheboygan, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Hans C. Heg, - - -	Waterford, - - -	from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
Alexander P. Hodges, - - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
Henry Cordier, - - -	Waupun, - - -	from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 3, 1870
George F. Wheeler, - - -	Springvale, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874

STATE COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION.

(Office created by Chap. 155, Laws of 1871—Abolished January 3, 1876, by Chap. 233, Laws of 1874.)

Ole C. Johnson, - - -	Beloit, - - -	from April, 3, 1871, to Jan. 5, 1874
Martin J. Argard, - - -	Eau Claire, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Section 8 of Chapter 273, Laws of 1874; made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

John W. Hoyt, - - -	Madison, - - -	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Geo. H. Paul, - - -	Milwaukee, - - -	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Joseph H. Osborn, - - -	Oshkosh, - - -	from Apr. 29, 1874, to Mar. 10, 1876
Dana C. Lamb, - - -	Fond du Lac, - - -	from Mar. 10, 1876, to Feb. 1, 1878
A. J. Turner, - - -	Portage, - - -	from Feb. 1, 1878, to Feb. 15, 1882
N. P. Haugen, - - -	River Falls, - - -	from Feb. 15, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Atley Peterson, - - -	Soldiers' Grove, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Thomas Thompson, - - -	Independence, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

(By Chapter 56, Section 32, General Laws of 1867, the Secretary of State was Commissioner of Insurance, *ex-officio* until the passage of Chapter 214, Laws of 1878, creating the office of Insurance Commissioner, which office was made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

Philip L. Spooner, Jr., Madison, - - -	from April 1, 1878, to Jan. 3, 1887
Philip Cheek, Jr., Baraboo, - - -	from Jan. 3, 1887, to Jan. 5, 1891
Wilbur M. Root, Sheboygan, - - -	from Jan. 5, 1891, to

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT,

(The Supreme Court was not separately organized until 1853, previous to which the Judges of the Circuit Court were *ex-officio* Justices of the Supreme Court.)

Name.	Circuit.	Date oath of office.	Exp'n of term.
Alex. W. Stow, C. J., - - -	4th	August 28, 1843, to	Jan. 1, 1851
Edward V. Whiton, A. J., - - -	1st	August 28, 1848, to	June 1, 1853
Levi Hubbell, A. J.,* - - -	2d	August 28, 1848, to	June 1, 1853
Charles H. Larrabee, A. J., - - -	3d	August 28, 1848, to	June 1, 1853
Mortimer M. Jackson, A. J., - - -	5th	August 28, 1848, to	June 1, 1853
Timothy O. Howe, A. J., - - -	4th	January 1, 1851, to	June 1, 1853
Wiram Knowlton, A. J., - - -	6th	August 6, 1850, to	June 1, 1853

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Name.	Title.	Date.	Exp'n of term.
Edward V. Whiton, - - -	C. J.	June 1, 1853, to April 12,	1859
Luther S. Dixon, - - -	C. J.	April 20, 1859, to June 17,	1874
Edward G. Ryan, - - -	C. J.	June 17, 1874, to Oct. 19,	1880
Orsamus Cole, - - -	C. J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to 1st M. Jan.	1892
Samuel Crawford, - - -	A. J.	June 1, 1853, to June 19,	1855
Abram D. Smith, - - -	A. J.	June 1, 1853, to June 21,	1859
Orsamus Cole, - - -	A. J.	June 19, 1855, to Nov. 11,	1859
Byron Paine, - - -	A. J.	June 21, 1859, to Nov. 15,	1864

* Elected Chief Justice June 13, 1851.

Name.	Title.	Date.	Exp'n of term.
Jason Downer, - - - - -	A. J.	Nov. 15, 1864, to Sept. 11, 1867	
Byron Paine, - - - - -	A. J.	Sept. 11, 1867, to Jan. 13, 1871	
William P. Lyon, - - - - -	A. J.	Jan. 20, 1871, to 1st M. Jan. 1894	
David Taylor, - - - - -	A. J.	April 18, 1878, to 1st M. Jan. 1896	
Harlow S. Orton, - - - - -	A. J.	April 18, 1878, to 1st M. Jan. 1898	
John B. Cassoday, - - - - -	A. J.	Nov. 11, 1880, to 1st M. Jan. 1900	

CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT.

J. R. Brigham, - - -	Appointed August Term, - - - - -	1848
Samuel W. Beale, - -	Appointed December 12, - - - - -	1851
Lafayette Kellogg, - -	Appointed June 1, - - - - -	1853
Clarence Kellogg, - -	Appointed June 11, - - - - -	1878

CIRCUIT JUDGES SINCE SEPARATE ORGANIZATION.

Circuit.	Name.	Term of service.	Circuit.	Name.	Term of service.
1.	Wyman Spooner.....	1853 to . . .	7.	Geo. W. Cate.....	1854 to 1875.
	James R. Doolittle.....	1853 to 1856.		G. L. Park.....	1875 to 1884.
	C. M. Baker.....	1856 to 1857.		Chas. M. Webb.....	1884 to
	J. M. Keep.....	1857 to 1859.			
	David Noggle.....	1859 to 1863.	8.	S. S. N. Fuller.....	1855 to 1860.
	Wm. P. Lyon.....	1863 to 1871.		Henry D. Barron.....	1860 to
	Robt. Harkness.....	1871 to 1875.		L. P. Weatherby.....	1860 to 1866.
	Ira C. Paine.....	1875 to		H. L. Humphrey.....	1866 to 1877.
	J. T. Wentworth.....	1876 to 1884.		E. B. Bundy.....	1878 to
	John B. Winslow.....	1884 to			
2.	Alex. W. Randall.....	1856 to	9.	A. L. Collins.....	1855 to 1858.
	Arthur McArthur.....	1856 to 1869.		L. S. Dixon.....	1858 to 1859.
	Jason Downer.....	1869 to		H. S. Orton.....	1859 to 1864.
	D. W. Small.....	1869 to 1880.		Alva Stewart.....	1864 to 1889.
	Charles A. Hamilton.....	1880 to 1888.		Robt. G. Siebecker.....	1889 to
	D. H. Johnson.....	1888 to			
3.	C. H. Larrabee.....	1853 to 1858.	10.	S. R. Cotton.....	1855 to 1861.
	A. Scott Sloan.....	1858 to		Edwin Wheeler.....	1861 to 1863.
	John E. Mann.....	1859 to 1867.		G. W. Washburn.....	1863 to 1870.
	D. J. Pulling.....	1867 to 1873.		Ezra T. Sprague.....	1870 to 1872.
	Eli C. Lewis.....	1873 to		E. H. Ellis.....	1872 to 1879.
	D. J. Pulling.....	1874 to 1885.		Geo. H. Meyers.....	1880 to
	Geo. W. Burnell.....	1885 to			
4.	Wm. R. Gorsline.....	1853 to 1858.	11.	S. H. Clough.....	1864 to 1877.
	David Taylor.....	1858 to 1869.		H. D. Barron.....	1877 to 1882.
	Campbell Mc. Lean.....	1869 to 1881.		S. H. Clough.....	1882 to 1889.
	N. S. Gilson.....	1881 to		E. D. Marshall.....	1889 to
5.	M. M. Cothren.....	1853 to 1865.	12.	S. H. Conger.....	1871 to 1883.
	J. T. Mills.....	1865 to 1877.		John R. Bennett.....	1883 to
	M. M. Cothren.....	1877 to 1883.			
	Geo. Clementson.....	1883 to	13.	A. W. Newman.....	1877 to 1878*
				A. Scott Sloan.....	1881 to **...
6.	Geo. Gale.....	1856 to 1861.	14.	S. D. Hastings, Jr.....	1884 to . . .
	Isaac E. Messmore.....	1861 to			
	Edwin Flint.....	1862 to 1869.	15.	J. K. Parish.....	1888 to
	Romanzo Buun.....	1869 to 1877.			
	A. W. Newman.....	1878 to			

* Changed to 6th circuit. ** Created in 1881.

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES, FROM 1848 TO 1889 INCLUSIVE.

SENATORS.

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Abert, George A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 78, b.
Abrams, Wm. J.	Green Bay, Brown	1868, 69, b.
Ackley, Henry M.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1882, 83.
Adams, Henry	Monticello, Green	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Adams, John	Black Earth, Dane	1882, 83, b.
Adams, John Q.	Fall River, Columbia	1854, 55, 56, b.
Alban, James S.	Plover, Portage	1852, 53.
Allen, Benjamin	Hudson, St. Croix	1853, 54.
Anderson, Matthew	Cross Plains, Dane	1878, 79, 80, 81, b.
Andrews, Abram D.	River Falls, Pierce	1878, 79.
Arnold, Alexander A.	Galesville, Trempealeau	1877, 78, b.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk	1889, b.
Bacon, Orrin	Monticello, Green	1872, 73, b.
Bailey, Dana R.	Baldwin, St. Croix	1878, 79.
Baker, Robert H.	Racine, Racine	1873, 75, 76.
Baldwin, George	Chilton, Calumet	1870, 71, b.
Barber, J. Allen	Lancaster, Grant	1856, 57, b.
Barden, Levi W.	Portage, Columbia	1875, 76, 77, 78, b.
Barlow, Stephen S.	Delton, Sauk	1868, 69, b.
Barnes, S. W.	Waterloo, Jefferson	1856, 57.
Barney, John A.	Mayville, Dodge	1875, 76.
Burnum, George S.	Waukau, Winnebago	1865, 66, b.
Barron, Henry D.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1874, 75, 76, b.
Bartlett, M. D.	Durand, Pepin	1862, 63.
Bartlett, Oscar F.	East Troy, Walworth	1860, 61.
Bashford, Coles	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853, 54, 55.
Bean, Samuel C.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1857, 58, 61, 62.
Belden, Philo	Rochester, Racine	1871, 72, b.
Bennett, Alden I.	Beloit, Rock	1858, 59, 60, 61.
Bennett, George	Kenosha, Kenosha	1860, 61.
Bennett, Joseph B. ¹	Watertown, Jefferson	1879, 80.
Bennett, Stephen O.	Raymond, Racine	1851, 52, b.
Bennett, Van S.	Rockton, Vernon	1882, 83, b.
Bentley, John A.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1865, 66.
Billings, Henry M.	Highland, Iowa	1848, b.
Black, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, 75, b.
Blackstone, John W.	Shullsburg, La Fayette	1880, 81.
Blake, Edward R.	Port Washington, Ozaukee	1883, 85, b.
Blair, Andrew M.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1853, 54.
Blair, William	Waukesha, Waukesha	1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.	Tomah, Monroe	1874, 75, b.
Bohan, John R.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1863, 64, b.
Bones, Thomas A.	Racine, Racine	1877, 78.
Botkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane	1849, 50, b.
Bovee, Marvin H.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1853.
Bowen, Ezra B.	Mayville, Dodge	1854, 55.
Bowen, Thomas S.	Waupun, Dodge	1852, 53.
Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Boyd, John W.	Geneva, Walworth	1848, 49, 58, 59.
Bragg, Edward S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1868, 69.
Briggs, John R., Jr. ²	Beloit, Rock	1853.
Brown, Orlando	Modena, Buffalo	1872, 73, b.
Browne, Edward L. ²	Waupaca, Waupaca	1861, 62, 67, 68.

b. See list of members of Assembly.

¹ Elected January 21, 1879, to fill vacancy caused by death of C. H. Phillips, of Lake Mills.

² Contested seat of L. P. Harvey, but did not prevail.

SENATORS—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Bryant, George E.	Madison, Dane	1875, 76.
Buckstaff, Geo. H.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1887, 89, b.
Budlong, S. W.	Waterloo, Jefferson	1865, 66.
Bugh, Samuel G.	Shullsburg, La Fayette.	1851, 52.
Bull, Benjamin	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1866, 67.
Bull, Hiram C.	Madison, Dane.	1857.
Burchard, Samuel D.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1870, 71, 73, 74.
Burdick, Zebulon P.	Janesville, Rock	1859, 60, b.
Burrows, George B.	Madison, Dane	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Butt, Cyrus M.	Viroqua, Vernon	1869, 70.
Cameron, Angus	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1863, 64, 71, 72, b.
Campbell, Archibald	Middlebury, Iowa	1878, 79.
Campbell, Francis.	Gratiot, La Fayette	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Carey, John	Osman, Manitowoc.	1883, b, 85, 87.
Carter, Benjamin F.	Sherwood, Calumet	1880, 81, b.
Cary, John W.	Racine, Racine.	1853, 54, b.
Cary, Luther H.	Greenbush, Sheboygan.	1861, 62, b.
Case, Jerome I.	Racine, Racine.	1865, 66.
Cate, N. S.	De Soto, Vernon	1862.
Cavanaugh, Daniel	Osceola, Fond du Lac.	1876, 77, b.
Chandler, John A.	Sparta, Monroe.	1865, 66.
Chandler, Willard H.	Windsor, Dane.	1893, 64, 65, 66, b.
Chappel, William	Watertown, Jefferson	1878, 59, b.
Chase, C. S.	Racine, Racine.	1857, 58.
Chase, Enoch.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1882, 83, b.
Chase, Warren	Ceresco, Fond du Lac	1848, 49.
Chipman, William E.	Burlington, Racine.	1879, 80.
Clapp, J. D.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.	1863, 64.
Clark, Satterlee.	Horicon, Dodge	{ 1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, b.
Clark, Temple	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1857, 58.
Clawson, P. J.	Monroe, Green	1889.
Clement, Charles.	Racine, Racine.	1855, 56.
Cobb, Amasa.	Mineral Point, Iowa.	1855, 56, b.
Cole, Samuel	Gratiot, La Fayette	1861, 62, 65, 66, b.
Colladay, William M.	Stoughton, Dane	1871, 72, b.
Colman, Edward	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1882, 83.
Comstock, Cicero.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1859, 60.
Comstock, Noah D.	Arcadia, Trempealeau.	1883, 85, b.
Conkey, Theodore	Appleton, Oconto.	1851, 52, b.
Conklin, James.	Madison, Dane.	1885, 87.
Cook, E. Fox.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1857, 58.
Cooper, H. A.	Racine, Racine	1887, 89.
Copp, William J.	Prescott, Pierce	1868, 69.
Cothren, Montgomery M.	Mineral Point, Iowa.	1849, 50.
Cottrill, J. P. C.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1883, 85.
Cotzhausen, Frederick W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1873, 74.
Cox, Charles P.	River Falls, Pierce.	1860, 61.
Crane, H. O.	Neenah, Winnebago.	1861.
Crosby, Charles F.	Wausau, Marathon.	1881, 82.
Cunning, Hugh	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.	1861, 62.
Curtis, Henry W.	Delton, Sauk	1859, 60.
Davis, Horatio N.	Beloit, Rock.	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Davis, Moses M.	Portage City, Columbia.	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Davis, Romanzo E.	Middleton, Dane.	1870, 71*, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Day, C. W.	De Pere, Brown	1887.
Dean, Eliab B., Jr.	Madison, Dane.	1851, 52.
Decker, Edward.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.	1860, 61.
DeGroot, John W.	Alma, Buffalo.	1887, 89, b.
Delaney, Arthur K.	Mayville, Dodge.	1881, 82, b.
Dennis, William M.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1848, 49, b.
Dering, Charles L.	Columbus, Columbia.	1879, 80.
Deuster, Peter V.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1870, 71, b.
Dewey, Nelson.	Lancaster, Grant.	1851, 55.
Dexter, George E.	Monroe, Green.	1856, 57.
Douglas, Mark	Melrose, Jackson.	1876, 77, b.
Downs, Daniel L.	Richland Center, Richland.	1876, 77, b.
Dunn, Charles.	Belmont, La Fayette	1853, 54, 55, 56.
Dyson, T. A.	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1887, 89.
Earnest, James H.	Shullsburg, La Fayette.	1863, 64, 67, 68, b.

SENATORS—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Eastman, Enos.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1875, 76, b.
Eastman, J. A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1850, 1851.
Eaton, Henry L.....	Lone Rock, Richland.....	1872, 73, b.
Eagan, Michael J.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1800, 61, b.
Eldredge, Charles A.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1854, 55.
Ellis, Frederick S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1864, 65, b.
Ellis, William A.....	Peshigo, Oconto.....	1881, 82.
Elwood, G. De Witt.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1865, 66.
Erwin, Charles K.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1882, 83, 85, 87.
Farr, Asahel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1876, 77, b.
Fenton, Daniel G.....	Prairie du Chien.....	1848.
Ferguson, Benjamin.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1860, 61.
Field, R. C.....	Ossau, Trempealeau.....	1874, 75, b.
Fifield, Sam S.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1877, 80, 81, b.
Finkelnburg, Augustus.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1881, 82, b.
Fisher, Ira W.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1869, 70.
Fisher, James.....	Eastman, Crawford.....	1849, 50, b.
Fitch, George.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1887, 89.
Fitzgerald, John.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1856.
Flint, Edwin.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1862.
Flint, Rockwell J.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1870, 77, 82, 83, b.
Flint, Waldo S.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1871, 72, b.
Foot, Ezra A.....	Footville, Rock.....	1861, 62, b.
Foster, James H.....	Koro, Winnebago.....	1871, 72, b.
Frant, Nicholas D.....	Racine, Racine.....	1850, 60.
Fritz, Theodore.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
Frost, Geo. L.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1863, 64, b.
Fulton, Marcus A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1860, 67, b.
Gale, George.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1850, 51.
Gardner, E. T.....	Monroe, Green.....	1848, 49.
Gary, George.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1866, b.
Gernon, Edward.....	Geneseo, Waukesha.....	1850, 57.
Gibson, Thomas K.....	Benton, La Fayette.....	1848.
Gibson, William J.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1853, 56, b.
Giddings, James.....	Chester, Dodge.....	1850, 51.
Giles, Hiram H.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1855, 56, 57, 58, b.
Gill, Bolivar G.....	Grafton, Ozaukee.....	1855, 56.
Glaty, Geo. C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1833, 37, b.
Gill, Charles R.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1840, 61.
Goodell, Lemuel I.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1849, 50, b.
Graham, Hiram P.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1874, 75.
Grant, Levi.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1851.
Gray, Hamilton H. ²	Darlington, La Fayette.....	1839, 70, b.
Greene, Walter S.....	(Milford, Jefferson.....	1873, 74, b.
	(Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1837, 89.
Greulich, Augustus.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1837, 53, b.
Griffin, Michael.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1839, 81, b.
Grimmer, George.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1877, 78, 79, 80.
Griswold, William M.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Haben, Andrew.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1870, 80, b.
Habich, Carl.....	Madison, Dane.....	1868, 69.
Hadley, Jackson.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 56, b.
Hall, John C.....	Monroe, Green.....	1870, 71.
Hamilton, J. B.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1832, 53, 81, 82.
Hanchett, Luther.....	Plover, Portage.....	1837, 53, 59, 60.
Harris, Joseph.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1861, 65.
Harvey, Louis P. ³	Shopiere, Rock.....	1854, 55, 56, 57.
Hathaway, Oscar C.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Hay, Samuel M.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1863, b.
Hazelton, George C.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1863, 69, 70, 71.
Hazelton, Gerry W.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1861, 62.
Head, Orson S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1851.
Herrick, Charles.....	Racine, Racine.....	1874.
Hicks, Edward.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1862, 63, b.
Hilgen, Frederick.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1860.
Hill, James.....	Warren, St. Croix.....	1882, 83, b.
Hiner, William H.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77.
Hixon, Gideon C.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1873, 74, b.
Hobart, Harrison C.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1848.

¹ Seat unsuccessfully contested by H. E. Eastman.² Seat unsuccessfully contested by A. A. Townsend.³ Seat contested in 1851 by John R. Briggs, Jr., on constitutional grounds, but unsuccessfully.⁴ See lists of members of Assembly.

SENATORS—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Holloway, John C.	Lancaster, Grant	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Hood, Thomas	Madison, Dane	1864, 65.
Hopkins, Benjamin F.	Madison, Dane	1862, 63, b.
Horn, Frederick W.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1848, 49, 50, b.
Hotchkiss, Robert H.	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1859, 60, 68, b.
Houghton, Horace E.	Durand, Pepin	1879, 80, b.
Howell, Daniel	Jefferson, Jefferson	1854, 55.
Hoyt, J. W.	Chaseburg, Jefferson	1885, 87.
Hudd, Thomas R. †	Appleton, Outagamie	1862, 63.
Huebschmann, Francis	Green Bay, Brown	1876, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 85, b.
Hulbert, David B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, 52, 62*, 71, 72.
Humphrey, Herman L.	Logansville, Sauk	1885, 87, b.
Hunt, George F.	Hudson, St. Croix	1862, 63, b.
Hunter, Ed. M.	West Bend, Washington	1881, 82.
Hutchinson, Buel E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859, 54.
Hyde, Edwin	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1860, 61, b.
Iyer, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, b.
Irish, Joseph E.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1851, b.
Ives, Edward H.	New Richmond, St. Croix	1872, 73.
Jacobs, William H.	Trimble, Pierce	1870, 71, b.
James, Norman L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76.
Jenkins, George A.	Richland Center, Richland	1885, 87, b.
Johnson, John A.	Charlestown, Calumet	1863, b.
Joiner, Lemuel W.	Madison, Dane	1873, 74, b.
Joiner, R. L.	Wyoming, Iowa	1857, 58, 61, 62, 63, 70, b.
Jonas, Charles	Wyoming, Iowa	1889.
Jones, Evan W.	Racine, Racine	1883, 85, b.
Jones, John H.	Cambria, Columbia	1873, 74.
Judd, Stoddard	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1871, 72.
Kellogg, John A.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1866, 67, b.
Kelly, David M.	Wausau, Marathon	1879, 80.
Kelsey, Charles S.	Green Bay, Brown	1890, 81, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.	Montello, Marquette	1861, 62, 63, 64, b.
Kempf, John J.	Montello, Marquette	1855, 56, b.
Kennedy, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Keogh, Edward	Appleton, Outagamie	1885, 87, 89.
Kershaw, William J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862, 63, b.
Kecham, William	Big Springs, Adams	1869, 70, b.
Kidd, Edward I.	Richland City, Richland	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Kimball, Alanson M.	Millville, Grant	1885, 87, 89, b.
Kimball, M. L.	Pine River, Waushara	1863, 64.
Kingston, John T.	Berlin, Green Lake	1857, 58.
Kinney, Asa.	Necedah, Juneau	1857, 59, 61, 82, 83, b.
Klotz, Ignatius	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848, 49.
Kreiss, George	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac	1885, 87, b.
Kroeger, Herm.	Appleton, Outagamie	1872, 73, b.
Krouskop, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Kusel, Frederick	Richland Center, Richland	1870, 71, 74, 75.
Lakin, George W.	Watertown, Jefferson	1881, 82.
Lander, H. W.	Platteville, Grant	1848, 49.
Larkin, Charles H.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1868, 69.
Lawrence, William A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, 67, 68, 69, b.
Leahy, John E.	Janesville, Rock	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Lewis, James T.	Wausau, Marathon	1887, 89, b.
Lincoln, Wyman L.	Columbus, Columbia	1853, b.
Lindsley, Myron P.	Avoca, Iowa	1865, 66, b.
Lins, John A.	Green Bay, Brown	1872, 73.
Little, Francis.	Eagle, Waukesha	1885, 87, b.
Littlejohn, N. M.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Lochen, Peter	Whitewater, Walworth	1864, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69.
Loper, Alonzo A.	Newberg, Washington	1887, 89.
Lord, Simon L.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1878, 79, b.
Lovejoy, A. P.	Edgerton, Rock	1883, 85, b.
Loy, Joseph F.	Janesville, Rock	1887, 89.
Lynde, William Pitt	De Pere, Brown	1854, 55.
Magoon, Henry S.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 70, b.
Main, Willet S.	Darlington, La Fayette	1871, 72.
	Madison, Dane	1889.

b. See list of members of Assembly.

* Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of Charles Quentin.

† Elected to Congress to fill vacancy caused by death of Hon. Joseph Rankin.

SENATORS—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Mann, Curtis	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1868, 69.
Mauz, Baltus	Meeker, Washington	1854.
Martin, Morgan L.	Green Bay, Brown	1858 59, b.
Masters, E. D.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1859, 60.
Maxon, Densmore E.	Cedar Creek, Washington.....	1858, 59, 60, 61, b
Maxwell, Walter S.	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1885, 87, b.
McClellan, Samuel R.	Wilmot, Kenosha.....	1858, 59.
McCord, Myron H.	Shawano, Shawano.....	1873, 74, b.
McCurdy, Robert.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 74.
McDill, Alexander S.	Plover, Portage.....	1863, 64, b.
McDonald, Donald A.	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883, 85, b.
McFarland, David.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1875, 76, b.
McFetridge, Edward C.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1879, 80, b.
McGarry, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, b.
McGrew, Joseph B.	Richland Centre, Richland.....	1880, 81, b.
McKeeby, Gilbert E.	Lodi, Columbia.....	1881, 82.
McLane, George R.	Summit, Waukesha.....	1853, 54.
Mead, M. C.	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Meade, Matt J.	Green Bay, Brown.....	1866, 67.
Mears, Daniel.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1858, 59.
Meffert, William C.	Arena, Iowa.....	1882, 83.
Merrill, Geo. F.	Ashland, Ashland.....	1887, 89.
Merrill, Henry.....	Fort Winnebago.....	1848, 49.
Messinger, R. N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Miller, Ezra.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1853, 54.
Miller, Wm.....	Rusk, Dunn.....	1889.
Mills, Jesse C.	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1856, 57.
Mills, Simeon.....	Madison, Dane.....	1848.
Miner, Eliphalet S.	Necedah, Juneau.....	1871, 72, b.
Minor, Edward S.	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1883, 85, b.
Mitchell, George W.	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1862, 63.
Mitchell, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 73, 76, 77.
Montgomery, Edwin.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1861, 62, b.
Moore, G. De G.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1850, 51.
Moore, Harvey T.	Brodhead, Green.....	1874, 75.
Morgan, Lyman.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 79, 80.
Morris, T. D.	Whitesville, ———.....	1863, 64.
Mumbrue, Henry C.	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1877, 78, b.
Murphy, Dennis ¹	Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1849, 50.
Nash, Wm. F.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1889.
Nason, Joel F.	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1885, 87.
Nelson, William.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1872, 73.
Nevins, Sylvester L.	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1875, 76.
Newman, Alfred W.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1868, 69, b.
Norton, Otis W.	Milton, Rock.....	1848, 49, 50.
O'Neill, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856, 57, b.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1873, 74.
Paddock, Francis.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1855.
Palmer, Andrew.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1851, 52.
Palmer, Henry L. ²	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 68, b.
Palmetier, Charles.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1882, 83.
Parry, William T.	Portage, Columbia.....	1883, 85, b.
Paul, George H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Persons, E. W.	De Pere, Brown.....	1889.
Pettibone, C. A.	Juneau, Dodge.....	1887, 89.
Pettit, Milton H.	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1870, 71.
Phillips, Albert L.	Racine, Racine.....	1881, 82, b.
Phillips, Charles H. ³	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1879, b.
Phillips, E. S.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1860, 61.
Pier, Edward.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1856, 57, 58, 59.
Pingel, John L.	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1882, 83.
Pinkney, Bertine.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1852, 53, b.
Pond, L. E.	Westfield, Marquette.....	1887, 89.
Pope, Carl C.	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1864, 65, b.
Potter, Robert L. D.	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1873, 74, 75, 76.
Pratt, George C.	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1862, 63.
Pratt, Samuel.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1870, 71, 72, 73, b.

^b See list of members of Assembly.

¹ Died Jan. 1, 1879, and J. B. Bennett elected to fill vacancy.

² Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of Jackson Hadley.

³ Resigned his seat having been postmaster when elected.

SENATORS—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Prentice, Judson.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1852, 53.
Price, H. H.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1859.
Price, William T.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1857, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, b.
Proudfit, Andrew.....	Madison, Dane.....	1858, 59.
Proudfit, James K.....	Madison, Dane.....	1866, 67.
Purdy, William S.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863.
Quarles, Joseph V.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1880, 81, b.
Quentin, Charles ¹	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861, 62.
Quimby, John B.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1872, 73, 74, 75.
Randall, Archibald N.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1882, 83.
Rankin, Joseph.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Ranney, Joel W.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1867, 68.
Reed, John M.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1874, 75, b.
Reed, Duncan C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 51, 52, 53.
Reed, George.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70.
Reed, Myron.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1871, 72.
Reed, Orson.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1866, 67, b.
Reed, William W.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1875, 76, 77, 78, 83, 85, b.
Reynolds, J. C.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1889.
Reynert, James D.....	Denoon, ————.....	1854, 55, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1878, 79, b.
Reynolds, H. P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 65.
Rice, John A.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1870, 71, 74, 75, 78, 79.
Rich, Joel.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1862, 63.
Richardson, Hamilton.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Richmond, George N.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1878, 79, b.
Ring, M. C. ²	Neillsville, Clark.....	1885, b.
Ringle, John.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1883, 85, b.
Ritch, William G.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1868.
Rittenhouse W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1850, 51.
Rodolf, Charles G.....	Orion, Richland.....	1859, 60, b.
Rolfe, James.....	Jackson, Washington.....	1855.
Rose, Solomon L.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1856, 57, b.
Rounds, William P.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1875, 76, b.
Rountree, John H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1850, 51, 66, 67, b.
Rust, William A.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1857, 89.
Ryan, James.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Ryland, George W.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Sacket, Hobart S.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, b.
Sanderson, Robert B.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1867, 68, b.
Schantz, Adam.....	Addison, Washington.....	1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
Schlichting, Reinhard.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1874, 75.
Schmidt, Carl H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Schneider, Philip.....	Barton, Washington.....	1877, 78, b.
Seefeld, Edward.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1887, 89.
Schuette, John.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875, 76.
Schulteis, H. J.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1857, 58.
Scott, Thomas B.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Seaton, James W. ²	Potosi, Grant.....	1853, b.
Seeley, M. W.....	Marquette, Green Lake.....	1850, 60.
Sessions, Milan H.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1865, 66, b.
Sharpstein, John R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 53, b.
Sherman, Benjamin F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1883, 85, b.
Sholes, Charles C.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1866, 67, b.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	(Racine, Racine..... (Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1848, 49. 1856, 57, b.
Silverman, Lion.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1859.
Silverthorn, Willis C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1875, 76, b.
Simpson, Edward B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, 82, b.
Simpson, Philemon B.....	Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1857, 58, 59, 60, b.
Smith, Augustus L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1866, 67.
Smith, Horatio N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1853, 54, b.
Smith, John B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849, 50.
Smith, Patrick H.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1880, 81, 82, 83.
Smith, Perry H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1856, 57, b.
Smith, William E.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1858, 59, 64, 65, b.
Spooner, Wyman.....	Eagleville, ————.....	1849, 50.
Sprague, Fred A.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1862, 63, b.
Squires, Joel C. ³	Lancaster, Grant.....	1862, 53, b.
Stanchfield, S. B.....	Fond du Lac.....	1889, b.

¹ Died May 3, 1862, and Dr. F. Huebschman elected to fill vacancy, and served at special session in September.² Elected to fill vacancy caused by resignation of J. C. Squires.³ Resigned May 5, 1853.^b See list of members of Assembly.^c Elected to fill vacancy caused by resignation of C. M. Webb.

SENATORS—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Stanley, William S., Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85, b.
Starks, Argalus W.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1806, 67, b.
Steele, Elijah.....	Pike, Kenosha.....	1850.
Sterling, Levi.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1851, 52, 53, 54, b.
Stevens, Henry.....	Caledonia Center, Racine.....	1807, 68, 69, 70, b.
Stewart, Alva.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1853, 53, b.
Stewart, John W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1809, 61.
Strong, Bennett U.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1870, 71.
Sutherland, George E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1849, 81.
Sutherland, James.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1855, 56, 57, 58.
Swain, George W.....	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1873, 79.
Sweet, John B.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1860, 61, b.
Sweet, Benjamin J.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1861.
Tate, J. Henry.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1876, 77, b.
Taylor, Chas. S.....	Barron.....	1889, b.
Taylor, David.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1855, 56, 60, 70, b.
Taylor, H. A.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1839.
Taylor, William R.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1853, 60, b.
Thomas, John E.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1863, 64, b.
Thomas, Ormsby B.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1880, 81.
Thorn, Gerrit T.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1897, 68, b.
Thorp, Frederick O.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.
Thorp, Hermon S.....	Cypress, Kenosha.....	1862, 63, b.
Thorp, Joseph G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1866, 67, 72, 73.
Thurber, Samuel H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1859, 60.
Todd, S. J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1867, 68.
Torrey, Return D.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1877, 78.
Town, Hiram S.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1870, 71.
Treat, Joseph B.....	Monroe, Green.....	1876, 77, 78, 79.
Tucker, William H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1858, 59.
Turner, Harvey G.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1851, 52.
Turner, Joseph.....	Prairieville.....	1848.
Turner, Peter H.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1850, 51.
Utley, William L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861, 62, b.
Van Schaick, Isaac W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Van Steenwyck, Gysbert.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1879, 80, b.
Van Wyck, Anthony.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1864, 65, 68, 69.
Vilas, Joseph, Jr.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1863, 64.
Virgin, Noah H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1853, 59, 60, 61.
Vitum, David S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1853, 54.
Waddington, J. S.....	Argyle, La Fayette.....	1885, 87.
Wagner, Joseph.....	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1872, 73, 74, 75, b.
Wakeley, Eleazer.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1852, 53, 54, 55, b.
Walker, Lyman.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1870, 71, b.
Wall, Thomas.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1883, 85, b.
Walsh, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858, 59, b.
Ware, Jas. F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1885, 87, b.
Waring, George D.....	Berlin, Dane Lake.....	1869, 70.
Warner, Clement E.....	Windsor, Pierce.....	1867, 68, b.
Warner, Hans B.....	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1883, 85.
Warren, John H.....	Albany, Green.....	1858, 59.
Washburn, G. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1859, 60.
Weaver, Richard.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1890, 81, b.
*Webb, Charles M.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1890, 70, 83.
Webb, Henry G.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, b.
Wechselberg, Julius.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885, 87.
Weeks, Thompson D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1874, 75, b.
Weil, Baruch S.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1853, 56, 57, b.
Welch, David E.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1876, 77, 78, 79, b.
Wescott, Walter S.....	Monroe, Green.....	1864, 65, b.
West, E. B.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1852.
West, Edmund A.....	Monroe, Green.....	1862, 63, b.
West, Francis H.....	Monroe, Green.....	1854, 55, b.
Wheeler, Edwin.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1857, 58.
Wheeler, George F.....	Nauaupa, Fond du Lac.....	1864, 65, 66, 67.
White, Philo.....	Racine, Racine.....	1843.
Whitman, Joel.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1867, 68.
Whittlesey, T. T.....	Madison, Dane.....	1853, 54.
Widule, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89, b.
Wiley, James F.....	Hancock, Waushara.....	1881, 82, 83, 85.
Wilson, Smith S.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1862, 63, 64, 65.

SENATORS—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Willard, Victor M.	Waterford, Racine	1849, 50.
Williams, Charles G.	Janesville, Rock	1869, 70, 71, 72.
Williams, Charles H.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1877, 78.
Williams, M. B.	Watertown, Jefferson	1848, 49.
Williams, Nelson	Stoughton, Dane	1869, 70, b.
Wilmot, Gilead J.	West Bend, Washington	1875, 76.
Wilson, DeWitt C.	Sparta, Monroe	1868, b.
Wilson, William	Menomonie, Dunn	1857.
Wilson, William K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Wing, Merrick P.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1877, 78, 81, 82.
Wolf, Louis	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1878, 79, b.
Woodman, Edwin E.	Baraboo, Sauk	1880, 81.
Woodman, William W.	Farmington, Jefferson	1869, 70, 71, 72, b.
Worthington, Denison	Summit, Waukesha	1855, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61, b.
Wright, Hiram A.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1851, 52, b.
Young, Austin H.	Prescott, Pierce	1864, 65.
Young, Milas K.	Glen Haven, Grant	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Young, Van Eps	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1867.
Young, William	Medina, Outagamie	1868, 69.

b See list of members of Assembly.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

139

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Abbott, Chauncy.....	Madison, Dane.....	1850.
Abbott, Samuel G.....	Verona, Dane.....	1855.
Abbott, Simeon W.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1852.
Abell, Alfred H.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1877.
Abert, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861, '62, '63, '63, '66, '70, '72.
Abert, George A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882, '83 b.
Abrams, Delos.....	Bloomington, Grant.....	1875.
Abrams, William J.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1864, '65, '66, '67 b.
Adams, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Adams, Benjamin F.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1862, '72.
Adams, Ebenezer.....	Yorkville, Racine.....	1855.
Adams, George H.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1864.
Adams, Henry.....	Monticello, Green.....	1848 b.
Adams, Henry C.....	Madison, Dane.....	1839, '85.
Adams, Isaac.....	Door Creek, Dane.....	1867, '75.
Adams, James M.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1870.
Adams, John.....	Black Earth, Dane.....	1869, '70, '72 b.
Adams, John Q.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1853, '1863 b.
Adams, Michael.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1872, '83.
Adamson, Wm. A.....	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac.....	1880.
Adland, Knud.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1879.
Agry, David.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1848.
Ahlhauser, Anthony.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1860.
Aken, Robert.....	Richland, Richland.....	1856.
Albers, Wilhelm T.....	Hika, Manitowoc.....	1883.
Alcott, Denison.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1863.
Alden, Albert.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1849, '58, '60.
Alden, Alvin B.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1858.
Alden, Levi.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1856.
Aldrich, Alma M.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1878.
Aldrich, William.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1859.
Allan, James, Jr.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1879.
Allen, Ahaz F.....	Gilmanton, Buffalo.....	1871.
Allen, Anson C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Allen, Dwight S.....	Lake Geneva, Walworth.....	1889.
Allen, Fayette.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1864, '67, '69.
Allen, George.....	Linn, Walworth.....	1855.
Allen, George R.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1880.
Allen, Gideon W.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1872.
Allen, Henry.....	Port Washington, Washington.....	1848.
Allen, James H.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1873.
Allen, Joseph.....	New California, Grant.....	1867.
Allen, Lucius.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1864.
Allen, Philip.....	Browntown, Green.....	1889.
Allen, Thomas S.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1857.
Allen, William C.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1866, '67.
Allen, William P.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1854.
Alting, Alexander M.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1858.
Allison, William.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1880.
Altenhofen, Mathias.....	Kewaskum, Washington.....	1860.
Anderson, Andrew J.....	Argyle, La Fayette.....	1877.
Anderson, Canute.....	Grantsburg, Burnett.....	1878, '83.
Anderson, John.....	Apple River (Ill.), La Fayette.....	1875.
Anderson, J. S.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1889.
Anderson, Mathew.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1871 b.
Anderson, Nels.....	Scandinavia, Waupaca.....	1880.
Anderson, Ole.....	Esofea, Vernon.....	1875.
Anderson, Thomas W.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1876.
Anunson, John.....	Winchester, Winnebago.....	1856, '57.
Apple, Adam.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1882, '83, '85, '87.
Armstrong, Charles.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1853.
Armstrong, John.....	Wiota, La Fayette.....	1866.
Armstrong, William H.....	Darlington, La Fayette.....	1873.
Arnold, Alexander H.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1871, '80 b.
Arnold, Aloysius.....	New Cöln, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Arnold, Douglas.....	Williamsburg, Trempealeau.....	1869.
Arnold, Fayette P.....	South Grove, Walworth.....	1862.
Arnold, Josiah.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1878.
Arnot, William L.....	Plover, Portage.....	1877.
Ashley, Oliver.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1863, '66.
Ashley, Yates.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1863, '64.
Aspinwall, Delatus M.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1857.

b See list of Senators.

1 Prevented by sickness from taking his seat.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Atherton, G. F. A	Emerald, Grove, Rock	1848.
Atherton, George R.	Clinton, Rock	1857.
Atwater, Allen H.	Oak Grove, Dodge	1854, 71, 72.
Atwood, David	Madison, Dane	1861.
Ausman, Henry	Elk Mound, Dunn	1879.
Austin, William J.	Leon, Monroe	1881.
Averbeck, Maximilian	Emmet, Dodge	1882.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk	1887, b.
Ayers, Almon P.	Quincy, Adams	1888.
Ayres, D. Cooper	Fort Howard, Brown	1868, 71, 72.
Ayres, Maurice L	Burlington, Racine	1849.
Babcock, Alexander O	East Troy, Walworth	1850.
Babcock, Ezekiel	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1882.
Babcock, J. W.	Necedah, Juneau	1889.
Babcock, Oscar	Dacotah, Waushara	1865, 66.
Bachuber, Andrew	Knowles, Dodge	1885.
Bachhuber, Max	Farmersville, Dodge	1860, 64, 75.
Bacon, Orrin	Monticello, Green	1871, b.
Bacon, Winchel D.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1883.
Bailey, Alexander	Salem, Kenosha	1870.
Bailey, Elias P.	Menomonie, Dunn	1873.
Bailey, Elihu	Mill Creek, Richland	1861, 71, 77, 79.
Bailey, S. J.	Menomonie, Dunn	1889.
Bainbridge, Thomas	Benton, La Fayette	1872, 81.
Baker, James	East Troy, Walworth	1883.
Baker, John A.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1871.
Baker, P. O.	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1889.
Baker, Samuel H.	Bristol, Dane	1854.
Baker, Thomas	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1875.
Baker, William Y.	Tomah, Monroe	1878.
Balch, Albert V.	Weyauvega, Waupaca	1870.
Baldwin, Asa L.	Baldwin's Mills, Waupaca	1877.
Baldwin, George	Chilton, Calumet	1866, b.
Baldwin, Lewis L.	Racine, Racine	1860.
Baldwin, Phineas	Oregon, Dane	1872, 77.
Ball, Hiram J.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1871, 78.
Ballach, William	Yorkville, Racine	1859.
Ballantine, George	Patch Grove, Grant	1860.
Bancroft, Darius L.	Waupun, Dodge	1852, 74.
Bannester, John	Beloit, Rock	1851, 62.
Barber, Hiram	Oak Grove, Dodge	1849.
Barber, J. Allen	Lancaster, Grant	1852, 53, 63, 64, b.
Barber, Silas	Waukesha, Waukesha	1868, 75.
Barber, William A.	Warren Mills, Monroe	1882.
Barden, Levi W.	Portage, Columbia	1865, b.
Barden, Marcus	Pardeeville, Columbia	1860, 75.
Bardwell, Sherman	Plainfield, Waushara	1873.
Barliss, Andrew	Emerald Grove, Rock	1874, 75, 76.
Barlow, Frederic G.	Rock Falls, Dunn	1878.
Barlow, Stephen S.	Elkhorn, Walworth	1852, } b.
Barnard, Henry C.	Delton, Sauk	1867.
Barnes, Dwight B.	Avoca, Iowa	1870, 71.
Barnes, Harry	Delavan, Walworth	1880, 81.
Barnes, Henry W.	Middleton, Dane	1853, 54.
Barnes, Horace W.	Wiota, La Fayette	1857, 70, 71.
Barnes, S. K. 1	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1862, 68.
Barnes, William P.	—, Fond du Lac	1859.
Barnett, Morris S.	Barton, Washington	1853.
Barney, Benj. F.	Eldorado, Fond du Lac	1851, 57.
Barney, J. A.	Mayville, Dodge	1854, 56.
Barnum, George S.	Mayville, Dodge	1889.
Barnes, Caleb P.	Waukau, Winnebago	1860, 64, b.
Barrett, James M.	Burlington, Racine	1850, 55.
Barron, Henry D.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1878.
Barron, Quartus H.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1863, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 73, b.
Barrows, Augustus R.	Fox Lake, Dodge	1857, 62.
Barry, A. Constantine	Lloyd, Richland	1868.
Barry, James	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1878.
Barry, Thomas	Sylvania, Kenosha	1864.
Barter, Samuel	Pepin, Pepin	1879.
	Erin, Washington	1862.
	Markesan, Green Lake	1879.

1 Died before taking his seat, and O. Hugo Petters elected to fill vacancy.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

141

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Barth, John	Kiel, Manitowoc	1870.
Bartholf, J. C.	Milton, Rock	1885, 87.
Bartholomew, G. M.	Lodi, Columbia	1857.
Bartlett, Frederick K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Bartlett, James O.	Racine, Racine	1866.
Bartlett, Oscar F.	East Troy, Walworth	1853, 54.
Bartlett, William B.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1882.
Bartlett, William P.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1860, 73.
Bartran, William H.	Flintville, Brown	1873, 74.
Basford, Luther.	Glen Haven, Grant	1850, 70.
Bassett, Reuben L.	Wilmet, Kenosha	1862.
Bassinger, Samuel H.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1858.
Bate, Arthur	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Bate, James A.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1871.
Bates, Allen C.	Janesville, Rock	1862, 63, 66.
Bates, Richard B.	Racine, Racine	1872.
Baxter, John B. G.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1869.
Beach, Carmi W.	Pardeeville, Columbia	1870.
Beach, Horace	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1864.
Beach, Wood R.	Beetown, Grant	1864.
Beach, Zenas	Eastman, Crawford	1875.
Bean, David R.	Waukau, Winnebago	1862, 80.
Bear, John	Plain, Sauk	1861.
Beard, John F.	Warren (Ill.), La Fayette	1874.
Beardsley, James W.	Prescott, Pierce	1862.
Beath, John	Verona, Dane	1860.
Beattie, Thomas	Stoughton, Dane	1880.
Beaumont, Eph.	Hartland, Waukesha	1889.
Becher, John A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Beck, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Beck, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Becker, Moritz N.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, 73.
Beckman, Charles	Watertown, Jefferson	1874.
Beckwith, Abijah	Lone Rock, Sauk	1882.
Beckwith, George W.	Omro, Winnebago	1859.
Beckwith, Nelson F.	Omro, Winnebago	1872.
Beebe, M. P.	Wausau, Marathon	1889.
Beecroft, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Beger, Charles	Port Washington, Ozaukee	1859.
Belden, Philo	Rochester, Racine	1853, 64, 66, b.
Belding, Henry K.	Black Earth, Dane	1853.
Bell, Charles J.	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson	1854.
Bell, John	La Fayette, Walworth	1852.
Bemis, Kiron W.	Janesville, Rock	1858.
Bennett, Alvery A.	Glen Haven, Grant	1866, 67.
Bennett, George	Kenosha, Kenosha	1859.
Bennett, Isaac M.	Evansville, Rock	1870.
Bennett, James	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1855.
Bennett, Jesse	Fountain City, Buffalo	1859.
Bennett, Joseph ²	Sparta, Monroe	1869.
Bennett, Michael J.	Dodgeville, Iowa	1876.
Bennett, Steven O.	Pine Knob, Iowa	1887.
Bennett, Van S.	Clyde, Iowa	1889.
Benson, Lewis M.	Raymond, Racine	1850, b.
Benson, Schuyler W.	Rockton, Vernon	1860, 70, b.
Bentley, John	Lowell, Dodge	1863.
Beonaer, Edward	Genoa Junction, Walworth	1861.
Berg, Frederick R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 78, 79, 80.
Bernhard, Theodore	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1854.
Berry, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Bertram, Henry	Watertown, Jefferson	1854.
Bettis, Benjamin H.	Springville, Vernon	1865.
Biddlecome, William R.	Watertown, Dodge	1870.
Billinghurst, Charles	Ladoga, Fond du Lac	1860, 61, 69, 81.
Billings, Henry M.	Potosi, Grant	1851.
Bingham, James M.	Juneau, Dodge	1848.
Birchard, Matthew	Constance, Iowa	1858, b.
Bird Augustus A.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1863, 64, 69, 70.
Bird, Ira W.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1874.
Bird, Joseph N. P.	Fennimore, Grant	1868.
Bishop, Benjamin P.	Madison, Dane	1851, 56.
	Madison, Dane	1849.
	Wautoma, Waushara	1869.
	Brownsville, Dodge	1882.

1 Seat unsuccessfully contested by Russell, J. Judd. 2 Successfully contested the seat of Ansley Gray, of Avoca.

b See List of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Bishop, George W.	Wonevot, Juneau	1882, 83.
Bishop, John C.	LeRoy, Dodge	1859.
Bjornson, Gabriel	Perry, Dane	1851.
Black, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, b.
Black, Samuel	Menomonie, Dunn	1877.
Blackman, William W.	Stoughton, Dane	1859, 60, 64.
Blackstock, Thomas	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1869.
Blackstone, John W.	Shullsburg, La Fayette	1879.
Blake, Edward R.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1874, b.
Blake, Lucius S.	Racine, Racine	1871.
Blakeslee, Albert P.	Johnstown, Rock	1848.
Blakeslee, Chauncey	Sparta, Monroe	1877.
Blakeslee, Ephriam	Ironton, Sauk	1880, 81.
Blanchard, Caleb S.	East Troy, Walworth	1880.
Blanshan, Jacob	Scott, Sheboygan	1870.
Blazer, Henry	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1855.
Bleekman, Adelbert E.	Tonah, Monroe	1873, b.
Bliss, Albert	Reedstown, Vernon	1864, 67.
Bliss, Charles F.	Racine, Racine	1874, 75.
Bliss, George V.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1870.
Block, Hyman E.	Potosi, Grant	1853.
Blodgett, Dudley C.	Oskosh, Winnebago	1852.
Blood, Ira	Makwaugo, Waukesha	1859.
Blout, Jere A.	Janesville, Rock	1876.
Bly, George W.	Waupun, Dodge	1861.
Blyton, William H.	Sparta, Monroe	1883, 85, 89.
Bock, Joseph	Lancaster, Grant	1876, 77.
Bodden, Jacob	Theresa, Dodge	1861, 66, 74.
Bodenstab, Julius	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1873, 74.
Bogan, W. H. P. ¹	Appleton, Outagamie	1866, 67.
Bohan, John R.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1859, 72, b.
Bohne, Johan H.	Mennee, Manitowoc	1868, 69.
Bolender, John	Monroe, Green	1882, 83.
Bond, Joseph	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1848, 55.
Bonney, James H.	Bellevue, Columbia	1861.
Bonniwell, W. T., Jr.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1864, 65.
Boomer, Edward J.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1874.
Boorse, Washington	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Booth, Charles E.	Elroy, Juneau	1876.
Borchiardt, Francis J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882.
Bostedo, Louis ²	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1856.
Bostwick, Perry	Beloit, Rock	1864.
Bosustow, John	Yorkville, Racine	1880.
Botkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane	1852, b.
Bottum, Henry C.	West Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1868, 69, 73.
Bouck, Gabriel	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1860, 74.
Bouffleur, Philip	Springville, Vernon	1885.
Boutin, Nelson	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1864.
Bovay, Alvan E.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1859, 60.
Bow, Orrin W.	Kingston, Green Lake	1860, 78, 83.
Bowen, Jedediah	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1871.
Bowles, Thomas J.	Elo, Winnebago	1881, 82.
Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1862, 74, b.
Bowron, Joseph ³	Hudson, St. Croix	1848, 49.
Boyce, Abram A.	Lodi, Dane	1851, 65.
Boyce, Hilton W.	Groves, Walworth	1862.
Boyd, John ⁴	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1855, 60, 62, 70.
Boyd, Thomas	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1865.
Boyden, Philo Q.	Hudson, St. Croix	1875, 76.
Brace, Henry C.	Fall River, Columbia	1872, 73.
Bracken, Charles	Mineral Point, La Fayette	1858.
Brackett, Joseph W.	Brookfield, Waukesha	1848.
Bradford, Ira B.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1880, 81.
Bradford, Simeon S.	Union Grove, Racine	1861.
Bradley, John	Bangor, La Crosse	1875, 76, 79, 80, 81.
Bradley, Wm. T.	Leeds, Columbia	1851.
Brand, Frederick C. G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Brandon, William	Smelser's Grove, Grant	1862, 65.
Brannan, Samuel S.	Portage, Columbia	1873.
Brayton, Lorentus J.	Marquette, Green Lake	1865, 85.

¹ Seat successfully contested in 1866 by Henry Turner.² Successfully contesting the seat held by William Brunquest⁵ of Waupaca.³ Successfully contesting the seat held by William R. Marshall, of St. Croix Falls, in 1848.⁴ Unsuccessfully contesting seat in senate, of Hiram S. Town, of Ripon, in 1871.⁵ See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Brazeau, Alexander.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1873.
Brazelton, Reed C.....	Scott, Sheboygan.....	1856.
Bredemeyer, John.....	Edwards, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Brenner, George.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1871.
Brennan, Maurice B.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1881.
Brick, Nathan.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870.
Briggs, Andrew.....	Bad Ax, Bad Ax.....	1852, 56.
Briggs, Darius W.....	Mt. Sterling, Crawford.....	1871.
Briggs, John R.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1850.
Briggs, Melancthon J.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1881.
Briggs, Perry R.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1871.
Briggs, Robert M.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1849, 51.
Briggs, Suel.....	New Amsterdam, La Crosse.....	1878.
Brigham, Ebenezer.....	Blue Mounds, Dane.....	1848.
Brigham, J. R.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Brimi, Syver E.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1887.
Brindley, John.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1879, 80.
Brinkerhoff, John H.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Britton, William B.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1883.
Brock, George H.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1869.
Brockway, Eustace L.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1872.
Broderick, George.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1859.
Bronson, Selden M.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1881.
Brooks, Wolcott T.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1860, 1877.
Brost, Lambert.....	Hinesburg, Fond du Lac.....	1876, 77.
Brown, Armstead C.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1848.
Brown, Charles.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1872.
Brown, Daniel.....	Elm Grove, Waukesha.....	1866.
Brown, Elida W.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1883.
Brown, George.....	Woodman, Grant.....	1876.
Brown, George W.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1862.
Brown, Isaac.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1856.
Brown, James T.....	Clifton, Grant.....	1856.
Brown, Jedediah.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1848, 49.
Brown, Orlando.....	Gilmantown, Buffalo.....	1862, b.
Brown, Samuel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850.
Brown, William G.....	Skinner, Green.....	1858.
Brown, William W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Brownson, John W.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1882.
Brunnner, Lewis.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1883.
Brunquest, William ¹	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1856.
Bryant, Edwin E.....	Madison, Dane.....	1878.
Bryant, Gustavus H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1867.
Bryant, Oliver B.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1850.
Buchan, Alfred L.....	Racine.....	1889.
Buck, Erastus J.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1861.
Buckbee, Francis A.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1867, 74.
Buckstaff, George H.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1881, 82, b.
Buell, Chas. E.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1885.
Bugh, Jacob S.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1860, 83.
Bugh, William A.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1866.
Bullen, Winslow.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1870.
Bullock, John D.....	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson.....	1878, 79, 80, 81.
Bump, Menzus R.....	Rock Falls, Dunn.....	1876.
Bunker, Nathaniel M.....	Troy Center, Walworth.....	1875.
Bunn, Romanzo.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1860.
Burbank, Jerome.....	Brodhead, Rock.....	1864.
Burchard, Charles.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1856.
Burdge, Richard J.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1879, 80.
Burdick, Burrows.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1866.
Burdick, Joseph C.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1870.
Burdick, Perez C.....	Albion, Dane.....	1853.
Burdick, Zehulon P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1858, 72, 75, b.
Burgess, D. L.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1889.
Burgess, John.....	Maxville.....	1865.
Burgess, Lathrop.....	Salem, Kenosha.....	1852, 57.
Burgit, William.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1870, 74.
Burnett, Ellsworth.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1877.
Burnham, Charles T.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Burnham, Jonathan L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Burnham, Miles.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1867.
Burns, David M.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1878.
Burns, Timothy.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1849.

¹ Seat successfully contested by Louis Bostedo, Weyauwega. b See list of Senators.

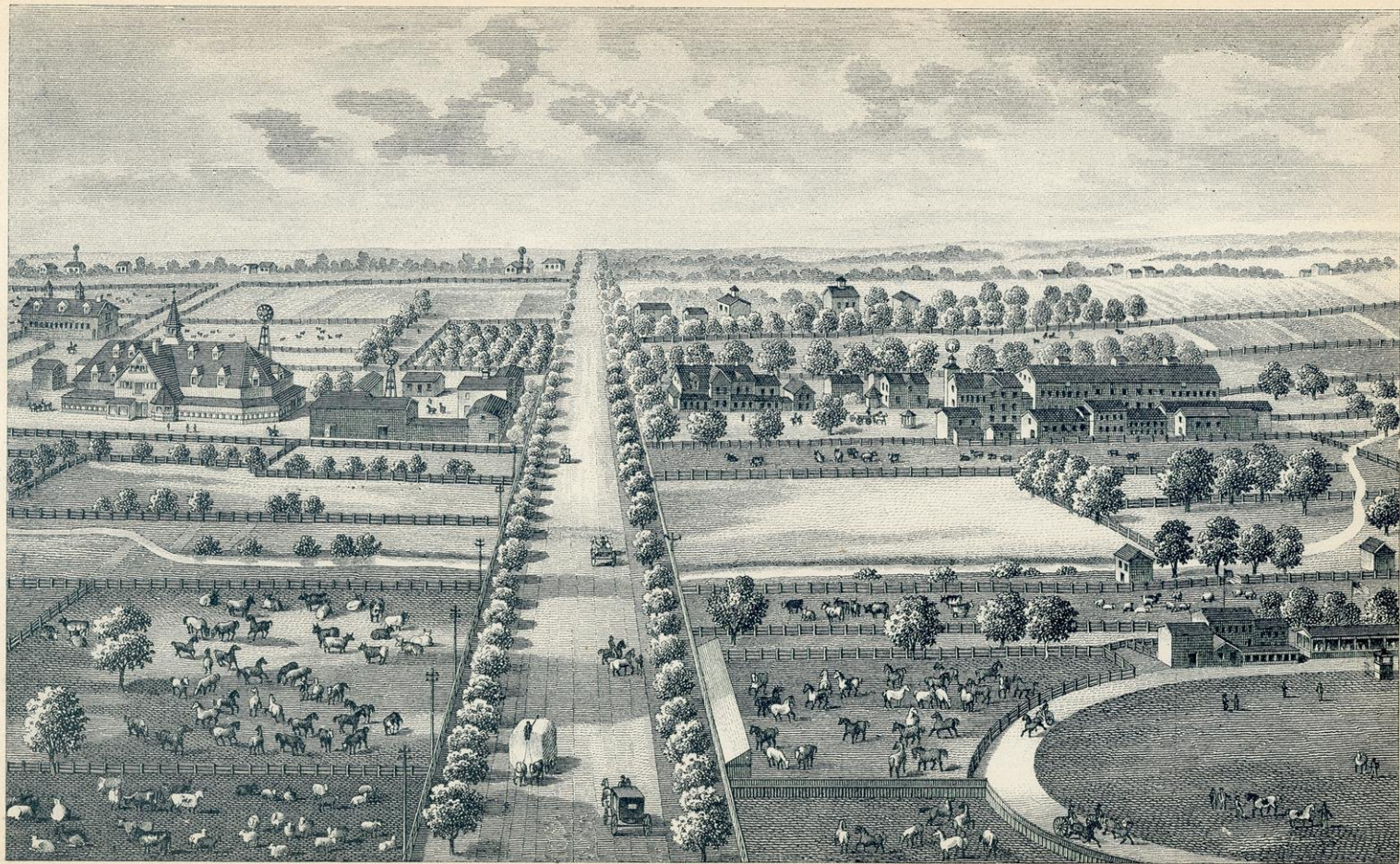
MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Burr, Benjamin	Stevens Point, Portage	1868.
Burroughs, Nelson	Waukesha, Waukesha	1863.
Burt, James W.	Mackford, Green Lake	1860.
Burtch, Albert	Mayville, Dodge	1863.
Burtch, Henry S.	Farmersville, Dodge	1870.
Burton, Samuel S.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1864.
Bushnell, Allen R.	Lancaster, Grant	1872.
Bushnell, Milo C.	Omro, Winnebago	1867, 68.
Butler, Ammi R. R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866.
Butler, Thomas	Mt. Pleasant, Racine	1862.
Lutterfield, Henry L.	Waupun, Dodge	1856.
Button, Ralza W.	City Point, Jackson	1883.
Button, Seth W.	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1873.
Buxton, Luther	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1868, 69.
Byers, F. W.	Monroe, Green	1885.
Cabanis, George E.	Big Patch, Grant	1872.
Cabanis, James H.	Georgetown, Grant	1881, 82.
Cadby, John N.	Merton, Waukesha	1865.
Cady, Charles A.	Dell Prairie, Adams	1873, 74, 75.
Cahill, James	Franklin, Manitowoc	1862, 63.
Cain, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Cairncross, George	Pewaukee, Waukesha	1857.
Caldwell, Columbus	Lind, Waupaca	1873, 74.
Caldwell, Geo. F.	Augusta, Eau Claire	1889.
Caldwell, William	Barton, Washington	1848.
Calkins, George H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1875.
Callahan, Jonathan G.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1875.
Callis, John B.	Lancaster, Grant	1874.
Callwell, Sylvester	Cascade, Sheboygan	1869.
Cameron, Angus	La Crosse, La Crosse	1866, 67, b.
Cameron, Dugald D.	La Crosse, La Crosse	1856, 57.
Cameron, Duncan E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Cameron, John E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.
Campbell, Alexander ¹	—, Iowa	1862.
Campbell, James	Albany, Green	1861.
Campbell, James M. ¹	Stevens Point, Portage	1848.
Campbell, Robert	Glendale, Monroe	1820.
Campion, James	Mackville, Outagamie	1883.
Cance, Robert	Etrick, Trempealeau	1883.
Cannon, Lucius	Pepin, Pepin	1858.
Cantwell, Michael J.	Madison, Dane	1885, * 87.
Carbys, William	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1876.
Carel, John	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1879.
Carey, John	Osman, Manitowoc	1879, 80, b.
Carey, Robert T.	Beloit, Rock	1848.
Carlisle, Richard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Carmichael, Thomas	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1874, 77, 82, 83.
Carney, Joseph	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1858.
Carpenter, Elisha L.	Beloit, Rock	1859.
Carpenter, Joel R.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1864.
Carpenter, Newton F.	De Soto, Vernon	1866.
Carr, Egbert E.	Monroe, Green	1866.
Carr, Solomon C.	Milton Junction, Rock	1865, 74.
Carr, Warner C.	Crystal Lake, Waupaca	1859.
Carrol, John P.	Adell, Sheboygan	1866.
Carter, Almerin M.	Johnstown, Rock	1868.
Carter, Benjamin F.	Sherwood, Calumet	1874, 77, b.
Carter, Jarvis W.	New London, Waupaca	1868.
Carter, William E.	Platteville, Grant	1877, 78, 79.
Carthew, John	Rockville, Grant	1867, 70.
Cary, Alfred L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Cary, Benjamin F.	Johnstown, Rock	1861.
Cary, John W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, b.
Cary, Luther H.	(Greenbush, Sheboygan	1855.
Case, John H.	(Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1867, b.
Cash, William H. H.	Eagle Corners, Richland	1880, 81.
Caskey, La Fayette	New Lisbon, Juneau	1877.
Cassoday, John B.	Potosi, Grant	1875.
Caswell, Lucien B.	Janesville, Rock	1865, 77.
Caswell, Napoleon B.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1863, 72, 74.
Caswell, Oliver A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Cate, George W.	Mount Sterling, Crawford	1872.
	Amherst, Portage	1852, 53.

¹ Seat successfully contested by Robert Wilson, of Dodgeville.

b. See list of Senators.

* Elected in 1885 to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Wm. F. Vilas.



THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENGR. CO.

WISCONSIN DAIRY AND STOCK FARM.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Cathcart, Hugh	Madison, Dane	1867.
Catlin, Horace	Cassville, Grant	1856.
Catton, James	Burlington, Racine	1852, 57, 62.
Cavanaugh, Daniel	Osceola, Fond du Lac	1870, b.
Caverno, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Caverny, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Challoner, Frank	Omro, Winnebago	1885, 87.
Chamberlain, A. O.	Darlington, La Fayette	1881, 82.
Chamberlain, Charles E	Gratiot, Washington	1853.
Chamberlin, George H	Osaukee, Ozaukee	1873.
Chambers, George H	Rock Falls, Dunn	1881.
Champagne, Peter B	Bloomington, Grant	1871.
Chandler, Willard H	Merrill, Lincoln	1883.
Chapin, William D	Windsor, Dane	1861, 62, 70, b.
Chapman, Horace N	Bloomfield, Walworth	1856.
Chapman, James F	Racine, Racine	1850.
Chapman, Samuel E	Potosi, Grant	1863.
Chappell, William	Watertown, Racine	1848, 61.
Charleton, William	Watertown, Jefferson	1856, 57 b.
Chase, Enoch	Verona, Dane	1866.
Chase, George H	Madison, Dane	1876.
Chase, Henry	Lake, Milwaukee	1849, 50.
Chase, Henry A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, 53, 70, b.
Chase, Horace	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Chase, Leroy S	Chaseburg, Vernon	1868.
Chase, Reuben	Viroqua, Vernon	1871, 72.
Chase, Seth A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Cheeever, Dustin G	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1875, 76.
Cheever, Patrick G	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1855.
Cheney, David D	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1868.
Cheney, Rufus, Jr	Clinton, Rock	1872, 73.
Chesak, Jos	North Cape, Racine	1856, 78.
Child, James	Sparta, Monroe	1871.
Child, John	Whitewater, Rock	1850.
Chipman, William F	Poniatowski, Marathon	1889.
Christiansen, Geo.	East Troy, Walworth	1860.
Church, Francis R	Lima, Rock	1856.
Cirkel, William F	Warren, —	1856.
Clapp, Harvey S	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Clark, Charles B	Menomonie, Dunn	1865.
Clark, George F	Seymour, Outagamie	1885.
Clark, Isaac	New Richmond, St. Croix	1874.
Clark, Samuel	Neenah, Winnebago	1885.
Clark, John G	Bugle, Fond du Lac	1866.
Clark, Kendall P	Galesville, Trempealeau	1870.
Clark, Lyman	Randolph Center, Columbia	1887.
Clark, Saterlee, Jr	Lancaster, Grant	1861.
Clark, John C	Portland, Jefferson	1857.
Clasen, Henry	Kildare, Juneau	1864.
Clason, George W	Brushville, Waushara	1878, 79, 85.
Clements, David R	Green Lake, Marquette	1849.
Clemmons, Noah	Horicon, Dodge	1873, b.
Clifford, Patrick	Wausau, Marathon	1882.
Clise, Samuel F	Brookfield, Waukesha	1874.
Clise, William H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Clothier, Samuel T	Stevens Point, Portage	1873, 1874.
Coates, Benjamin M	Platteville, Grant	1852.
Coates, Kearton	Marinette, Marinette	1839.
Cobb, Amasa	Ellenboro, Grant	1860.
Cobb, Nathan	Lancaster, Grant	1873.
Cochran, Robert	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1851.
Coe, Edwin D	Boscobel, Grant	1869, 75.
Colburn, Albert T	Linden, Iowa	1875, 76.
Colby, Charles L	Mineral Point, Iowa	1860, 61 b.
Coldwell, Samuel J	Neenah, Winnebago	1865.
Cole, Luther A	Westfield, Marquette	1864.
Cole, Samuel	Whitewater, Walworth	1878, 79.
Cole, William	Cataract, Monroe	1876.
Coleman, Charles B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Coleman, David M	Mazomanie, Dane	1881.
Coleman, James	Watertown, Jefferson	1859.
	Gratiot, La Fayette	1851, 60, 64, 68, b.
	Beetown, Grant	1855.
	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1853.
	Lowell, Dodge	1875.
	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1866, 67.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Coleman, Orrin D.	Marcellon, Columbia	1853.
Coles, Milo ¹	{ —, Milwaukee	1860.
Colladay, William M.	{ Bovina, Outagamie	1862.
Colley, Samuel G.	Stoughton, Dane	1856, 65, b.
Collins, Edward	Beloit, Rock	1849, 54, 55.
Collins, Samuel	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1863.
Colman, Elihu	Yorkville, Racine	1858.
Colony, George W.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1872.
Colwell, Otis	Alderly, Dodge	1868.
Coombs, Chester D.	Southport, Racine	1849.
Comdohr, Fred. N.	North Royalton, Waupaca	1861, 62.
Comstock, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Comstock, Noah D.	Hudson, St. Croix	1861.
Condit, Frederick T.	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1872, 74, 75, 76, b.
Condit, James D.	Merrillan, Jackson	1879.
Cone, Sterling M.	Sparta, Monroe	1858, 78, 79.
Cone, William A.	Waterloo, Jefferson	1861.
Conger, David B.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1851.
Conkey, Theodore	{ Greenbush, Sheboygan	1852.
Conklin, Edgar	{ Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1868.
Conklin, Sylvester J.	Appleton, Outagamie	1857, b.
Conley, John	Green Bay, Brown	1857, 58.
Conner, Edward	Waterloo, Jefferson	1859, 69.
Conner, Henry	Clinton, Rock	1882, 83.
Connor, Lawrence	Woodville, St. Croix	1889.
Connor, Robert	Port Andrew, Richland	1853.
Converse, Henry	Fox Lake, Dodge	1856, 63.
Cook, Bernard F.	Auburndale, Wood	1889.
Coolidge, Evan	Wyocena, Columbia	1857.
Coons, Henry B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876.
Cooper, Joel H.	Waupaca, Waupaca	1889.
Copp, William J.	Potosi, Grant	1871.
Corbett, C. A.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1852.
Corbett, Thomas M.	Prescott, Pierce	1866.
Cornick, Edward P.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1889.
Corning, William W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Cornwell, Almon D.	Delavan, Walworth	1859.
Cornwell, Hiram H.	Portage, Columbia	1872.
Corson, Dighton	Salem, Kenosha	1858.
Cory, Jerome B.	Verona, Dane	1873.
Cory, Jonathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Costigan, William	Patch Grove, Grant	1872.
Cotton, Zelotus A.	Footville, Rock	1863.
Cottrell, Daniel	Marshall, Waukesha	1864.
Cotzhausen, Alexander ..	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
Coughlin, Cornelius	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1861.
Cousins, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Cowie, George	West Bend, Washington	1878.
Cox, Charles B.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1871.
Cox, George G.	Glencoe, Buffalo	1872.
Coxe, Hopewell	River Falls, Pierce	1863, b.
Craig, Alexander J.	Mineral Point, Iowa	1879, 80, 85, 87.
Craig, Samuel A.	Hartford, Washington	1857.
Craite, Isaac	Palmyra, Jefferson	1859.
Cram, Eliphalet	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1880, 81, 83, 85.
Cramond, James	Mishicott, Manitowoc	1887, 89.
Crandall, Daniel B.	Racine, Racine	1856.
Crandall, Paul	Manchester, Calumet	1852, 56.
Crary, Leonard P.	Utica, Dane	1858.
Cravath, Prosper	Lima, Rock	1849.
Crawford, Henry	{ Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Crawford, John	{ Oshkosh, Winnebago	1850.
Crawford, John C.	Whitewater, Walworth	1848.
Crocker, John R.	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1856.
Crockett, Samuel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Crosby, George H.	Monroe, Green	1849.
Crosby, John B.	Belleville, Dane	1870.
Cross, James B.	Westfield, Marquette	1877.
Cross, William S.	Beloit, Rock	1875.
Crosse, Charles G.	Palmyra, Jefferson	1862.
Crosswell, Caleb	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50, 55.
Cunningham, Thomas	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
	Sun Prairie, Dane	1880.
	Baraboo, Sauk	1850.
	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc	1857.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of Andrew Elbe in 1860.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

147

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY*—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Cunningham, Thomas J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1887.
Curley, Thomas.....	Belle Center, Crawford.....	1883, 85.
Curtis, David W.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1876.
Curtis, Dexter.....	Madison, Dane.....	1883.
Curtis, Joseph S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1869, 71, 73.
Curtis, Mark.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1889.
Curtis, Truman H.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Daane, Peter, Jr.....	Oostburg, Sheboygan.....	1873.
Daggart, Charles B.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1865.
Dailey, Guy W.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1877.
Daily, John G.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1864.
Dakin, Wm. H.....	Dartford, Green Lake.....	1875.
Dale, Peter J.....	Coon Prairie, Vernon.....	1877.
Daley, Edward.....	Brown Deer, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Dana, Stillman E.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1871.
Darbellay, Joseph E ¹	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1880, 81, 85.
Darling, Lorenzo E.....	Shiocton, Shawano.....	1874.
Daugherty, Jonathan.....	Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1848, 49.
Davies, David C.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1868.
Davis, Charles A.....	Bear Creek, Waupaca.....	1881, 82.
Davis, DeWitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Davis, Emery F.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1863.
Davis, John J.....	Mifflin, Iowa.....	1871.
Davis, John W.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1853, 54, 73.
Davis, Moses M.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1856, b.
Davis, Orsamus S.....	Cato, Manitowoc.....	1873.
Davis, Richard H.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1855.
Davis, Thomas.....	Millard, Walworth.....	1865, 66.
Davison, James.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1879.
Davison, Robert W.....	Beverly, Dane.....	1857.
Dawson, John.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1883.
Day, John.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1856.
Day, Rufus M.....	Mt. Hope, Grant.....	1885, 87.
Dean, Charles K.....	Boscobel, Grant.....	1858.
Dean, Nathaniel W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867.
DeGroff, John W.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1879, b.
Deissner, Charles T.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1859.
De Land, Ambrose D.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1877.
Delaney, Arthur K.....	Horicon, Dodge.....	1869.
Delaney, Mitchell L.....	Barton, Washington.....	1855, 65, 66.
Delano, George W.....	Pensaukee, Oconto.....	1882.
Delany, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1849.
De Lap, R. H.....	Viola, Richland.....	1889.
De Long, Cornelius.....	Belmont, La Fayette.....	1850.
Deniston, Charles R.....	Cadiz, Green.....	1874, 75.
Dennis, John E., Jr.....	Glenbeulah Sheboygan.....	1885.
Dennis, William M.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1853, b.
Dennis, W. L.....	Milwaukee.....	1889.
Dent, James S.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1876.
Derthick, Walter G.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1882.
Desnoyer, Francis.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1854.
Detmering, Charles W.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1858.
Detling Val.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Daveney, Dominick.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1856.
Devry, Patrick.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1873.
Deuster, John H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
Deuster, Peter V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, b.
Dewane, Dennis.....	Coopertown, Brown.....	1873, 76.
Dewey, William Pitt.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1869, 70.
Dewhurst, Richard.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1859, 65, 75, 87.
Dewing, Eli B.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1879.
De Wolf, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
De Wolf, John.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1860.
Dexter, Walter L.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1878.
Dick, Alonzo D ²	Manchester, Calumet.....	1849.
Dick, John C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Dick, William H ³	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1851, 71.
Dickinson, P. Ensign.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1883.
Dickson, John P.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1859, 60.
Pieringer, Andrew.....	Auburn, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 69.
Dieves, William.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Dimond, Neil.....	Midland, Marquette.....	1872.

* Elected in 1882 to fill vacancy caused by resignation of J. M. Read. 2 Brothertown Indian. b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions
Dill, Dan J.	Prescott, Pierce	1889.
Dittmer, F. R.	Seymour, Outagamie	1887.
Dittmar, Nicholas	Meeme, Manitowoc	1896, 67.
Divin, Edward	Richfield, Washington	1890.
Dixon, Hannibal S.	New London, Waupaca	1877.
Dixon, William	Ithaca, Richland	1859, 72.
Dobbs, Jerry, Jr.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1870.
Dockery, Michael	Morrison, Brown	1870.
Dockry, Patrick	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1860.
Dockstader, Benjamin	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1862, 63.
Dodge, Jeremiah E.	Lancaster, Grant	1850, 53, 68.
Doe, William H.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1866.
Dole, Augustus O.	Poynette, Columbia	1870.
Donaldson, Nicholas M.	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1859, 53, 54.
Donovan, Richard	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1868, 69.
Doran, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Dorwin, Vivus W.	Durand, Pepin	1877, 78, 85, 89.
Doty, Charles	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1848.
Doud, Reuben	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1865.
Douglas, Alanson C.	Hanover, Rock	1866.
Douglas, Byron	Appleton, Outagamie	1863.
Douglas, Mark	Melrose, Jackson	1874, b.
Douglass, Carlos L.	Walworth, Walworth	1873.
Dousman, Hercules F.	Waterville, Waukesha	1877.
Dow, John T.	Cooksville, Rock	1867.
Dowe, Carl	Horicon, Dodge	1878.
Downs, Daniel L.	Richmond, Richland	1855, b.
Doxtader, Harry	Tomah, Monroe	1877.
Doyle, Peter	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1873.
Drake, Henry C.	Milford, Jefferson	1856.
Dresser, Samuel B.	Osceola Mills, Polk	1870.
Dreutzer, Gus A.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1887.
Drew, Patrick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 69, 76.
Duchman, William	Menasha, Winnebago	1858.
Duffy, Thomas T.	Benton, La Fayette	1870.
Dufur, Andrew J.	Iola, Waupaca	1858.
Dunlap, Charles	Elkhorn, Walworth	1875.
Dunn, James B.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1858, 59.
Dunn, John, Jr.	Mapleton, Dodge	1874.
Dunn, Michael	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887, 89.
Dunn, Tarleton	Elk Grove, La Fayette	1864.
Dunn, Thaddeus K.	Wanewoc, Juneau	1881.
Dunning, Philo	Madison, Dane	1874.
Dunwiddie, David	Brodhead, Green	1865, 67.
Dupont, Gregoire	Robinson, Brown	1887.
Durgin, Ezra	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1848.
Dutcher, William	Columbus, Columbia	1862.
Dwight, Edward W.	Oregon, Dane	1861.
Dwinnell, John B.	Lodi, Columbia	1875.
Dyer, Charles E.	Racine, Racine	1867, 68.
Dyer, Edward G.	Burlington, Racine	1868.
Earl, Thomas	Fulton, Rock	1864.
Earle, Jonathan W.	Pardesville, Columbia	1858.
Earnest, James H.	Shullsburg, La Fayette	1882, 54, 55, 57, 58, 77, b.
Eastman, Edward	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1851.
Eastman, Enos	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1871, b.
Eastman, La Fayette	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1879.
Easton, Elijah	Walworth, Walworth	1851, 58.
Eaton, Addison	Lodi, Columbia	1880.
Eaton, Henry L.	Lone Rock, Richland	1865, 66, b.
Eatough, William	Brant's Mills, Manitowoc	1866.
Ebbetts, William H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1855.
Eble, Andrew ¹	—, Milwaukee	1860.
Eckhardt, Jacob, Jr.	De Soto, Vernon	1879, 80.
Edgerton, Elisha W.	Waterville, Waukesha	1863.
Edgerton, Stephen R.	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1870.
Egan, Michael	St. Martin's, Milwaukee	1883, b.
Egery, Edward Alden	Racine, Racine	1887.
Ehinger, Frederick H.	Clyman, Dodge	1856.
Eldemiller, Louis	New Castle, Fond du Lac	1882.
Eighme, Richard P.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1859.
Ekern, Peder	Pigeon Falls, Trempealeau	1881.
Elkert, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885, 89.

¹ Died during session, Theodore Hartung elected to fill vacancy.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

149

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Elkins, John.....	Racine, Racine.....	1873.
Ellefson, Christen.....	Liberty Pole, Vernon.....	1878, 83.
Ellenwood, Alexander P.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1878, 79.
Elliott, George W.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1862.
Ellis, Frederick S.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1861, 62, 63, b.
Ellis, Pitts.....	Genesee, Waukesha.....	1850.
Ellsworth, Lemuel.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
Ellsworth, Orlando.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Elmore, Andrew E.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1859, 60.
Elston, A. C. V.....	Muscoda, Iowa.....	1889.
Elver, Fritz.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1882.
Elwell, Joseph S.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1864.
Emerey, Albert W.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1857, 58.
Emery, Harvey W.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1861.
Emmons, Newton H.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1865.
Emmons, Wales.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1848.
Eno, Edgar.....	Valley, Vernon.....	1874.
Enos, Elihu, Jr.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1857.
Erskine, George Q.....	Racine, Racine.....	1866.
Esser, Bernard.....	Middleton, Dane.....	1883.
Estabrook, Charles E.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1881, 82, 85.
Estabrook, Edward.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1854.
Estabrook, Experience.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1851.
Eugene, John B.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1838.
Eustis, William.....	Oakland, Jefferson.....	1854.
Evans, Evan W.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1855, 87.
Evans, John M.....	Union, Rock.....	1856, 73.
Evans, Llewelyn J.....	Racine, Racine.....	1857.
Evans, Rees.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1869.
Evans, William H.....	Yankeetown, Crawford.....	1874.
Everley, Francis, Jr.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1851.
Everts, Almeron B.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1861.
Everts, Edward L.....	Falls City, Dunn.....	1882.
Everts, George W.....	Granville Station, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Eviston, John W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863, 64.
Eviston, Thomas H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Fagan, James.....	Cedarburg, Washington.....	1849, 57.
Fagg, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875, 76.
Fairchild, Cassius.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Fairchild, H. O.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1883, 85.
Falvey, Thomas.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855, 56.
Farnsworth, Nathaniel C.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1875.
Farr, Asa W.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1850.
Farr, Asahel.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1873, b.
Farwell, Leonard J.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Fay, Benjamin F.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1869.
Fay, Reuel K.....	Star Prairie, St. Croix.....	1871.
Fay, Truman M.....	Roche-a-Cri, Adams.....	1865.
Fehland, H. R.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1873.
Fehlandt, Wm.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1869.
Feld, Carl R.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1889.
Fellenz, John.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1885, 87, 89.
Fellows, Timothy H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1868, 69, 70, 72, 83.
Felt, Eugene K.....	Genoa Junction, Walworth.....	1852, 53.
Fenton, Thomas.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1872, 73.
Ferrin, Samuel A.....	Attica, Green.....	1853.
Ferris, George H.....	Montfort, Grant.....	1872.
Fetzer, John.....	Lamartine, Fond du Lac.....	1857.
Field, James.....	Forestville, Door.....	1835.
Field, Norton J.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1864.
Field, Robert C.....	Racine, Racine.....	1876, 77, 79, 81.
Field, Robert C.....	Richland City, Richland.....	1857, b.
Field, William, Jr.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1859.
Field, William W.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1855, 62, 63, 64, 65, 71.
Field, Storer V.....	Fitchburg, Dane.....	1853, 58.
Fifield, Sam S.....	Ashland, Ashland.....	1874, 75, 76, b.
Filer, Alanson.....	Racine, Racine.....	1855.
Finch, Earl P.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1883.
Fingado, Charles.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Finger, Adam.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Fink, Henry ¹	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 77.
Finkelnberg, Augustus.....	Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1874, b.

¹ Successfully contesting the seat of Peter Salentine.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY — Continued

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Finley, Wm. S.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.	1861.
Finnerty, Patrick.	Wrightstown, Brown.	1887.
Fischer, Francis.	Cross Plains, Dane.	1860.
Fischer, Henry P.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1879.
Fisher, James.	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1855, 63, 68, b.
Fisher, Lewis S.	Sparta, Monroe.	1887.
Fisher, Lucius G.	Beloit, Rock.	1857.
Fisher, Seth.	Center, Rock.	1869.
Fisk, Harmon J.	Fall River, Columbia.	1877.
Fisk, William J.	Fort Howard, Brown.	1875, 76, 77.
Fitzgerald, Frank.	Hartford, Washington.	1877.
Fitzgerald, Garret M.	Franklin, Milwaukee.	1850.
Fitzgerald, James.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1878.
Fitzgerald, Michael.	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.	1870, 71.
Fitzgerald, William H.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.	1878, 79, 80.
Fitz Gibbon, E. E.	Waunakee, Dane.	1885.
Flanders, James G.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1877.
Fletcher, Daniel.	Hustisford, Dodge.	1856.
Fleming, Wm.	Emmet, Dodge.	1879, 80.
Fleming, Jno. G.	Wilmet, Kenosha.	1887.
Flinn, Hezekiah.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1877, 78, 79.
Flint, Alvin L.	Princeton, Green Lake.	1861.
Flint, John M.	Sun Prairie, Dane.	1866, 67.
Flint, Rockwell J.	Menomonie, Dunn.	1875, b.
Flint, Waldo S.	Princeton, Green Lake.	1876, b.
Flood, Martin.	Brooklyn, Green.	1856.
Flynn, John.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.	1849.
Fobes, Jabez L.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.	1861, 69.
Folts, Jonas.	Black River, Jefferson.	1885.
Fontaine, Benjamin.	Green Bay, Brown.	1880, 81.
Foot, Ezra A.	Footville, Rock.	1857, 67, b.
Foot, Apollos D.	Berlin, Green Lake.	1873.
Ford, David.	Waunakee, Dane.	1865, 75.
Ford, Ira H.	Columbus, Columbia.	1867, 68.
Ford, Milan.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1878, 79.
Forsyth, Wm. P.	Golden Lake, Jefferson.	1865.
Foster, Carlton.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1873, 74, 83.
Foster, Edward N.	Mayville, Dodge.	1853, 57.
Foster, Egbert.	Foster, Fond du Lac.	1863.
Foster, George H.	Whitewater, Walworth.	1863.
Foster, Henry L.	Deerfield, Dane.	1853.
Foster, James H.	Koro, Winnebago.	1869, 70, b.
Fowle, Jacob.	Emerald, Rock.	1863.
Fowler, E. Adams.	Columbus, Dodge.	1870.
Fowler, Henry.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1865, 67, 72.
Fox, George.	Herman, Dodge.	1854.
Frackenberg, Ernst.	Newberg, Washington.	1865.
Frank, John G.	Jackson, Washington.	1879.
Frank, Michael.	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1861.
Frary, John S.	Oregon, Dane.	1865.
Frazell, James B.	Wonevot, Juneau.	1863.
Frazier, Wm.	Enterprise, Vernon.	1874.
Freeman, Charles F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1871, 80.
Freeman, James W.	Shullsburg, La Fayette.	1887, 89.
French, Asa W.	Herman, Dodge.	1851.
Frey, Anton.	Franklin, Milwaukee.	1864.
Friend, Jacob E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1883, 85.
Frisby, Leander F.	West Bend, Washington.	1861.
Frost, George L.	Dodgeville, Iowa.	1879, b.
Frost, Joseph.	Avoca, Iowa.	1867.
Frost, Richard D.	Madison, Dane.	1887.
Fryer, Nelson.	Cold Spring, Jefferson.	1871.
Fuessenich, Peter P.	Eden, Manitowoc.	1864.
Fuller, Hosea, Jr.	Pewaukee, Waukesha.	1851.
Fuller, M. D. L.	Plymouth, Sheboygan.	1881.
Fuller, Wilfred.	Waupun, Dodge.	1873.
Fullerton, Thomas M.	Dodgeville, Iowa.	1850.
Fulton, David C.	Hudson, St. Croix.	1873.
Fulton, Marcus A.	Hudson, St. Croix.	1865, 68, b.
Funke, Ernst.	Oconto, Oconto.	1878, 81.
Fyffe, Jonathan W.	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.	1882.
Gabriel, Hiram.	Stewart, Green.	1882, 83.
Gage, Charles D.	New Fane, Fond du Lac.	1883, 67.

1 Died during session.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

151

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAME.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Gage, Leroy D.	Richland Center, Richland.....	1862.
Galaghan, Patrick.	Darlington, La Fayette.....	1871.
Gallagher, John E.	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1850.
Gallagher, James S.	Gratiot, La Fayette.....	1883.
Gallett, Charles R.	Portage, Columbia.....	1879.
Galloway, Edwin H.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1863, 64.
Gardner, George R.	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1883.
Gardner, William.	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1879.
Garrison, Orestes.	Centralia, Wood.....	1861.
Gary, George.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1854, 55, b.
Garside, Ben. Charles.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Gault, Frank.	Pheasant Branch, Dane.....	1858, 67, 68.
Gee, James E.	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1881.
Gee, John.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Geise, William.	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1879.
Geisse, Charles.	Taycheedah, Fond du Lac.....	1864, 69, 70.
Geraghty, Patrick.	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan.....	1875.
Gernain, Columbus.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1876.
Gibb, John.	Ixonia, Jefferson.....	1855, 58.
Gibbs, Benjamin F.	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1858.
Gibbs, Charles R.	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1873.
Gibson, Moses S. ¹	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1859.
Gibson, William J.	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1854, b.
Gifford, Peter D.	North Prairie, Waukesha.....	1851, 62, 66.
Gilbert, Alvarus E.	Prospect Hill, Waukesha.....	1878, 79.
Gilbert, Julius L.	Racine, Racine.....	1848.
Gilbert, Myron.	Prospect Hill, Waukesha.....	1861, 65.
Giles, Hiram H.	Stoughton, Dane.....	1852, b.
Gillen, Simon.	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1882.
Gillespie, John.	Dellona, Sauk.....	1868, 69.
Gillespie, Thomas.	Kilbourn City, Sauk.....	1880, 81.
Gillilan, Davis.	Potosi, Grant.....	1849.
Gilman, Franklin.	Gilmanton, Buffalo.....	1860.
Gilmore, Hiram L.	North Cape, Racine.....	1863, 68, 69.
Gilmore, James.	Jamestown, Grant.....	1848.
Gilson, Franklin L.	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1881, 82.
Gilson, Luther F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880, 81.
Ginty, George C.	Oconto, Oconto.....	1863, b.
Gleason, Charles R.	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1870.
Gleason, George.	Whitewater, Rock.....	1876.
Gleason, Thomas.	Grimm's, Manitowoc.....	1881.
Glenn, Robert.	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1863, 65, 74.
Gnewuch, Ferdinand.	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1865, 73.
Goddard, H. J.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1885.
Goedjen, Henry.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1882, 83.
Goetze, Gustav.	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1875, 76, 77.
Golden, George.	Brodhead, Rock.....	1860.
Goodall, I. R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Goodell, B. Frank.	Montello, Marquette.....	1876.
Goodell, Lemuel.	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1848, b.
Goodhue, Thomas H.	Whitewater, Rock.....	1864, 70.
Goodrich, Charles P.	Christiana, Jefferson.....	1868.
Goodrich, Joseph.	Milton, Rock.....	1855.
Goodsell, Elihu B.	Highland, Iowa.....	1865, 66.
Goodwin, Charles E.	Mayville, Dodge.....	1868.
Goodwin, George B.	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1860.
Gordon, Abram.	Racine, Racine.....	1852.
Gorman, Michael.	North Port, Shawano.....	1872.
Goss, Benjamin F.	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1855.
Gowdey, David C.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1874.
Graham, Alexander.	Janesville, Rock.....	1861, 70, 72.
Graham, Thomas J.	Muscodia, Grant.....	1878.
Graham, Wallace W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Granger, Jedediah W.	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1870.
Grant, Harvey.	Tichora, Marquette.....	1855.
Grant, Job N.	Union Center, Juneau.....	1875.
Grant, Willard.	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1855.
Graves, Gaylord.	East Troy, Walworth.....	1848.
Graves, George S.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1867, 68, 69.
Graves, Le Roy.	Gravesville, Calumet.....	1861.
Graves, Sereno W.	Rutland, Dane.....	1861.
Gray, Albert L. ²	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1879, 82, 85, 89.
Gray, Almond D.	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1856.

¹ Seat successfully contested by M. W. McCracken, of Superior.² Seat contested by Andrew E. Elmore.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Gray, Amos S. ¹	Osceola, Polk.....	1865.
Gray, Ansley ²	Avoca, Iowa.....	1876.
Gray, Hamilton H.....	Darlington, La Fayette.....	1856, 58, b.
Gray, James B.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1858.
Gray, John.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1877, 78.
Green, Asaph.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1860.
Green, John.....	Moscow, Iowa.....	1867.
Green, William C.....	York, Green.....	1850.
Green, William H.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1852, 64.
Greene, Nathan S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1863.
Greene, Walter S.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1862, b.
Greening, Philip.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1879.
Greening, William.....	Little Prairie, Walworth.....	1877.
Greeman, John W.....	Bergen, Vernon.....	1867.
Gregory, George K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Greulich, Augustus.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848, 56, b.
Griffin, Cornelius S.....	Saukville, Washington.....	1850.
Griffin, Harvey C.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1860, 62.
Griffin, John D.....	Shields, Dodge.....	1855.
Griffin, John G.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1876.
Griffin, Michael.....	Kilbourn City, Columbia.....	1876, b.
Griffin, Patrick.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1876.
Grimm, George.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1887.
Grimmer, Thomas D.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1872.
Grimshaw, John.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1887.
Grinde, Hans S.....	De Forest, Dane.....	1887.
Griswold, William M.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1858, 59, 60, b.
Groesbeck, Benjamin F.....	Tirade, Walworth.....	1865.
Groot, Aaron V.....	Brookfield, Waukesha.....	1851.
Grover, Eleazer, Jr.....	Madison, Dane.....	1860.
Grover, Woodbury S.....	Prairie Farm, Barron.....	1877.
Grubb, William S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1882, 83.
Grube, Herman.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1875.
Guernsey, Francis M.....	Clintonville, Waupaca.....	1878.
Guernsey, George H.....	Almond, Portage.....	1875.
Guernsey, Orrin.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1862.
Gulick, Joachim.....	Ora Oak, Grant.....	1857.
Gunderson, Lars L.....	Cumberland, Barron.....	1880.
Gunn, Smith R.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1855.
Gunning, J. W.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1880.
Gurnee, John D.....	Madison, Dane.....	1872.
Haben, Andrew.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1882, 85, b.
Hackett, John.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1852.
Haderer, Frank.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Hadley, Jackson ³	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 65, 66, 67, b.
Hadfield, Jos. J.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1887.
Hærtel, Herman.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 57.
Hagerty, Timothy.....	Franklin, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Hagestad, K. K.....	Ettrick, Trempealeau.....	1889.
Hahn, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Haight, J. Hayward.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1878.
Halbert, Thomas L.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1875.
Hale, Obed P.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1851.
Hale, Samuel.....	(Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1854.
	(Racine, Racine.....	1850.
Hall, Daniel.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1870, 71, 72.
Hall, Erasmus D.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1848.
Hall, George H.....	Dell Prairie, Adams.....	1862.
Hall, Henry.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1870.
Hall, John W.....	Dotyville, Fond du Lac.....	1861.
Hall, Jonathan C.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1858.
Hall, Thomas W.....	Monroe, Green.....	1857.
Hall, Charles.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1887, 89.
Hallock, James L.....	Burnside, Buffalo.....	1870.
Hamilton, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Hamilton, Henry C.....	(Waucousta, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
	(Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1858.
Hamilton, Irenus K.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1869.
Hamilton, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, 77.

¹ Seat successfully contested by A. C. Stuntz, of Bayfield.² Seat successfully contested by Joseph Bennett, of Dodgeville.³ Died during session of 1867, and Henry L. Palmer elected to fill vacancy.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post.office—County Represented	Sessions.
Hammarquist, Ch. G.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1860.
Hammel, David.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Hammel, Leopold.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1885, 87.
Hammett, George W. ¹	—, La Fayette.....	1852.
Hammon, Alason P.....	Montford, Grant.....	1866.
Hammond, Charles F.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1861, 62.
Hammond, John.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1870, 1871.
Hand, Jesse F.....	Rocky Run, Columbia.....	1865.
Haney, Robert.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Haney, M. C.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1887.
Hanrahan, John.....	Good Hope, Milwaukee.....	1861, 63.
Hanrahan Michael.....	Good Hope, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Hanson, Sylvester.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1862.
Hanson, William E.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1862, 63.
Hardgrove, John.....	Armstrong's Cor., Fond du Lac.....	1883.
Hardy, William H.....	Genesee, Waukesha.....	1874, 76.
Harker, James.....	New Diggings, La Fayette.....	1865.
Harms, John ²	Platteville, Grant.....	1863.
Harden, Henry.....	Rome, Jefferson.....	1866.
Harrington, Benjamin R.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1855.
Harrington, George E.....	Boscobel, Crawford.....	1866.
Harrington, George P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Harrington, Perry G.....	Sugar Creek, Walworth.....	1854.
Harris, Charles L.....	Jacksonport, Door.....	1870.
Harris, Joseph.....	Fairview, Grant.....	1861, 69, 71.
Harrison, Stephen A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1870, 75.
Harsh, John.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1875.
Hart, Alexander H.....	Lima, Calumet.....	1854.
Hart, Edmund.....	Elroy, Juneau.....	1885.
Hart, Judson G.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1879.
Hartmann, Theodore O.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Hartung, Theodore ³	—, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Hasey, John.....	York, Dane.....	1850.
Hasey, Samuel.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1874.
Hazeltine, Ira S.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1867.
Haskell, Job.....	Saukville, Ozaukee.....	1869.
Hass, Robert.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1864.
Hasse, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 59.
Hastings, Samuel D.....	(Geneva, Walworth.....	1849.
Hatch, Benjamin T.....	(Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1857.
Hatcher, William W.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1863.
Haugen, Nils P.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
Hawkins, William A.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1879, 80.
Hawks, Eli.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 56.
Hawley, Charles S.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1878, 83.
Hawley, George.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1856, 57, 58.
Hawn, Charles A.....	Poyssippi, Waushara.....	1857.
Hay, Samuel M.....	Black Elm Center, Pierce.....	1878.
Hayden, Edward G.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1858, b.
Hayden, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Hayes, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Hayes, Titus.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1863.
Hayes, Thomas.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1853.
Hays, James B.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1856.
Hays, Samuel.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1867.
Hayward, Paul D.....	Neosho, Jefferson.....	1861.
Hazard, Enos I.....	Kingston, Marquette.....	1857.
Hazen, Chester.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1849.
Hazen, Nathan.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1885.
Head, Charles E.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1861.
Heath, Chauncey G.....	Albion, Dane.....	1854, 56, 63.
Heimdahl, Knudt O.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1848.
Heimerl, Joseph, Jr.....	Deerfield, Dane.....	1871.
Helberg, Louis.....	Farmersville, Dodge.....	1880.
Hemenway, H. C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867.
Hemmi, Ulrich.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1851.
Hemschmeyer, W. H.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1879.
Henderson, Asabel.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1879, 80.
Henning, John O.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1874.
Henry, Andrew.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1851.
Henry, Robert.....	Madison, Dane.....	1869.
	Anchorage, Buffalo.....	1869.

¹. Elected in place of Matthew Murphy, resigned.². Seat successfully contested by J. H. Rountree, of Platteville.³. Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of Andrew Elbe.

b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Henton, Theo	Otsego, Columbia	1889.
Herrick, Merton	Hudson, St. Croix	1881.
Herron, Wilson R	Sharon, Walworth	1874, 77.
Herzer, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Hesk, William R	Menomonie Falls, Waukesha	1869.
Hetzell, Henry C	Merrill, Lincoln	1887.
Hicks, Edward	Green Bay, Brown	1870, b.
Hicks, Franklin Z	Avoca, Iowa	1861.
Higgins, James	Hubbleton, Dodge	1876.
Higgins, Patrick	Menomonee, Waukesha	1850.
Hildebrandt, Henry	Station, Washington	1863, 64.
Hiles, George	Dexter ville, Wood	1867.
Hill, James	Warren, St. Croix	1878, 79, 80, b.
Hill, Thomas	Spring Green, Sauk	1889.
Hill, Thomas W	Springfield, Walworth	1853, 63.
Hill, William	New Diggings, La Fayette	1849.
Hiiliard, John U	Merton, Waukesha	1852.
Hillyer, Edwin	Waupun, Dodge	1853.
Hineman, Miles Leroy	Tomah, Monroe	1887.
Hinckley, J. R.	Tomah, Monroe	1883.
Hinkley, Leonard D	Eagle, Waukesha	1871.
Hitt, Henry D	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1858.
Hixon, Gideon C	La Crosse, La Crosse	1871, 72, b.
Hobart, Adin P	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1872.
Hobart, Harrison C	(Chilton, Calumet	1859.
	(Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1849.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Hobart, M. C	Fall River, Columbia	1885.
Hobbins, Patrick	Morrison, Brown	1874, 75.
Hodgson, Manville S.	Waukesha, Waukesha	1875.
Hoeffinger, Carl	Wausau, Marathon	1862, 70.
Hogan, James J	La Crosse, La Crosse	1889.
Hogan, John M	Green Bay, Brown	1882.
Hogan, Michael	Menasha, Winnebago	1862, 63.
Holehouse, Joseph W	Barton, Washington	1881, 82.
Hollenbeck, Stephen P	Highland, Iowa	1855.
Hollman, James V	Platteville, Grant	1885.
Holloway, John C	Lancaster, Grant	1871, b.
Holly, Alanson	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1868.
Holmes, Harvey	Janesville, Rock	1853.
Holmes, John E ¹	Jefferson, Jefferson	1853.
Holmes, Miles	Palmyra, Jefferson	1858.
Holt, Eleazer	Malden Rock, Pierce	1868.
Holton, Edward D	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Holzhauser, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Hooker, Culver E	Waupun, Dodge	1887.
Hooker, Jesse	Salem, Kenosha	1854.
Hooker, Daniel D	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Hooper, Daniel	Troy, Walworth	1855, 59, 69.
Hopkins, Benjamin F	Madison, Dane	1866, b.
Hoppock, David D	Rubicon, Dodge	1862.
Horn, Frederick W	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1851, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67, 68, 72, 75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horst, Henry	Hayton, Calumet	1876.
Horton, Norman	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1869.
Horton, Townsend N	West Salem, La Crosse	1865.
Hoskins, Leander	Union, Rock	1850.
Hoskins, William L	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1871, 72.
Hotchkiss, Robert H	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1857, b.
Houghton, Horace E	Durand, Pepin	1873, b.
Houston, Robert S	Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha	1874.
Howard, Nathan B	Magnolia, Rock	1855, 62.
Howe, Henry B	Nora, Dane	1881.
Howe, Oliver C	Lowville, Columbia	1856, 57.
Howell, Henry S	Watertown, Jefferson	1868.
Howell, Richard P	Racine, Racine	1882.
Howland, Meredith	Kenosha, Kenosha	1890.
Hoye, James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 71.
Hoyt, Emerson D	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Hoyt, Charles M	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Hoyt, Edwin L	Manchester, Green Lake	1869.
Hoyt, Franklin E	Rochester, Racine	1859.
Hoyt, Henry H	West Branch, Richland	1876.
Hoyt, Joseph W	Chaseburg, Vernon	1871.

¹ Seat contested unsuccessfully by B. F. Adams.

b See list of Senators

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAME.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Hoyt, Otis.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1852.
Hubbard, Samuel D.....	{ Scott, Sheboygan.....	1861, 73, 77.
	{ Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1885.
Hubbell, Levi.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864.
Hubbell, Richard W.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1872, 73.
Hutching, Arnold.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Hudd, Thomas R.....	{ Appleton, Outagamie.....	1868, { b.
	{ Green Bay, Brown.....	1875, {
Huebner, John F.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1887.
Hulburt, David B.....	Loganville, Sauk.....	1876, 77, 78, b.
Hullburt, Julius.....	Albany, Greene.....	1851.
Hulett, Oliver P.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1853.
Hull, David P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Hull, William.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1854, 55, 56.
Humain, Mathias.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860.
Humphrey, Cadwallader W.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1861.
Humphrey, George M.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1848.
Humphrey, Herman L.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1887, b.
Humphrey, Humphrey E.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1881.
Humphrey, Jasper.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Humphrey, Lemuel O.....	Albion, Dane.....	1871.
Hunkins, Benjamin.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1870.
Hunt Charles A.....	Melvina, Monroe.....	1868, 70.
Hunt, Jeremiah.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1864.
Hunt, Samuel W.....	Menomonee, Dunn.....	1868.
Hunter, George.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Huntington, Augustus A.....	York, Dane.....	1856.
Huntington, William H.....	Durand, Pepin.....	1889.
Huntley, Frederick.....	Buena Vista, Portage.....	1869, 70.
Huntley, John.....	Brodhead, Rock.....	1882, 83.
Hurlbut, Edwin.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1869.
Hurlbut, Oscar.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1850.
Huse, Jesse B.....	Rewey, Iowa.....	1885.
Hutchinson, Buel E.....	{ Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1837.
	{ Madison, Dane.....	1879, b.
Hutchinson, Christopher.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1873.
Hyde, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 77, 78, b.
Hyer, George.....	Madison, Dane.....	1863, b.
Inden, Gottfried.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Ingram, Julius G.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1878, 79.
Innis, William T.....	West Rosendale, Fond du Lac.....	1877.
Irish, George.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1858.
Isenring, Fred B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Isham, Willard.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1855.
Ives, Edward H.....	Trimbelle, Pierce.....	1869, b.
Jabas, Louis L.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1889.
Jackson, Jeremiah L.....	Viola, Richland.....	1860.
Jackson, Robert Wallace.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1887, 89.
Jackson, Thomas A.....	Brodhead, Green.....	1866, 70.
Jackson, William W.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1863, 75.
Jacobs, John B ¹	Oconto.....	1854.
James, John.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1856.
James, Norman L.....	Richland Centre, Richland.....	1873, 75, b.
Jarvis, Birney M.....	Cazenovia, Richland.....	1881.
Jeche, William.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1882.
Jeffers, John.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1864, 71.
Jeffery, James.....	Georgetown, Grant.....	1875.
Jeffery, William.....	Ellenboro, Grant.....	1854.
Jenkins, Charles E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 51.
Jenkins, George A.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1857, b.
Jenkins, John J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1872.
Jenkins, Thomas.....	{ Platteville, Grant.....	1874.
	{ Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1848.
Jenne, Daniel C ²	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1860.
Jennings, Charles B.....	Benton, La Fayette.....	1862.
Jerman, Peter.....	Rising Sun, Vernon.....	1873.
Jess, George.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1881.
Jewell, Henry C.....	Oskosh, Winnebago.....	1867.
Jewell, James H.....	Ferryville, Crawford.....	1878.

¹ Seat successfully contested by W. F. Mitchell, of Gibbsville.² Seat successfully contested by David Scott, Waupaca.³ Seat successfully contested by Milo Cowles.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Johnson, Calvin R.	Black River Falls, Jackson	1861, 64.
Johnson, Daniel	Evansville, Rock	1865.
Johnson, Daniel H.	{ Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869, 70.
	{ Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1861.
Johnson, Hans	Newport, Door	1889.
Johnson, Henry	Somers, Kenosha	1851, 56.
Johnson, James B.	Fairplay, Grant	1851.
Johnson, Jeremiah	Evansville, Rock	1860.
Johnson, John	York, Dane	1874.
Johnson, John A.	Stoughton, Dane	1857, b.
Johnson, John B.	Darien, Walworth	1885.
Johnson, John E.	Utica, Dane	1869.
Johnson, Lars E.	Wiotia, La Fayette	1878.
Johnson, Michael	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1874, 75, 76, 77.
Johnson, Ole	Breckinridge, Bad Axe	1892.
Johnson, Peter	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1856.
Johnson, Phineas M.	Grafton, Washington	1852.
Johnson, Solon	Port Washington, Washington	1849, 50.
Johnson, William H.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1849.
Johnson, Stephen B.	Tomah, Monroe	1867.
Johnson, William W.	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1870.
Johnston, Francis	Waupun, Dodge	1870.
Johnston, James	Boardman, St. Croix	1883.
Johnston, Peter	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1877.
Joiner, Lemuel W.	Wyoming, Iowa	1854, b.
Jonas, Charles	Racine, Racine	1878, b.
Jones, Evan O.	Cambria, Columbia	1866, 67, b.
Jones, James V.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878.
Jones, Joseph Vernon	Urne, Buffalo	1887.
Jones, John N.	Platteville, Grant	1851.
Jones, John O.	Cambria, Columbia	1850.
Jones, Oscar F.	Juneau, Dodge	1863, 64, 65.
Jones, Owen R.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1875.
Jones, Stephen	Lowell, Dodge	1848.
Jones, Thomas J.	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1882.
Jones, William D.	Hazel Green, Grant	1876.
Jordan, Timothy S.	West Lima, Vernon	1876.
Joslin, William H.	Richland Centre, Richland	1880.
Judd, Russell J ¹	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871.
Judd, Stoddard	Fox Lake, Dodge	1860, 65, c-b.
Judd, Truman H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Judson, Philander	Bristol, Kenosha	1855.
Julius, Charles L.	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1851.
Juneau, Narcisse M.	Theresa, Dodge	1855, 58.
Juneau, Paul	Juneau, Dodge	1849, 58.
Jussen, Edmund	Madison, Dane	1862.
Juve, T. O.	Rising Sun, Vernon	1881, 82.
Kast, John D.	Shawano, Shawano	1877.
Kastler, John	Wayne, Washington	1869.
Keenan, John	Fitchburg, Dane	1859.
Keenan, Matthew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Keene, Henry S.	Lancaster, Grant	1881.
Kehl, John B.	Black Earth, Dane	1874.
Keifer, George	Nenno, Washington	1860.
Kellam, Alphonso G.	Delavan, Walworth	1869.
Kelley, Patrick	Elba, Dodge	1853.
Kellogg, Austin	Concord, Jefferson	1850, 74, 75.
Kellogg, John	Reedsburg, Sauk	1873.
Kelly, David M.	Green Bay, Brown	1877, 78, 79, b.
Kelly, Rolin C.	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1868.
Kelsey, Charles S.	Montello, Marquette	1867, 73, 80, b.
Kelsey, Edwin B.	Montello, Marquette	1853, b.
Kelsey, Milo	Delavan, Walworth	1848, 49.
Kempter, Richard R.	Alma, Buffalo	1881.
Kendall, Nathaniel W.	Wyalusing, Grant	1858.
Kenealy, James	Toland's Prairie, Washington	1858, 66.
Kenealy, James	Thompson, Washington	1885, 87.
Kennedy, Duncan A.	Stevenstown, La Crosse	1887.
Kennedy, James E.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1870.
Kennedy, Richard	Highland, Iowa	1880, 83.
Kenyon, George P.	Wonevot, Juneau	1880.

¹ Unsuccessfully contested seat of N. F. Beckwith in 1879.

c Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of J. M. McGuire.

b See list or Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Keogh, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1860, 61, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 87, 89, b.
Kerl, Otto	Cross Plains, Dane	1873.
Kern, Charles J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Kerr, Joseph	Randolph, Columbia	1848, 49.
Kershaw, William J.	{ Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Ketchum, Asa C.	{ Big Spring, Adams.....	1867, 68, b.
Keyes, Elisha W.	Portage City, Columbia.....	1854.
Kickbusch, F. W.	Madison, Dane	1882.
Kidd, Edward I.	Wausau, Marathon.....	1878.
Kilbourn, Charles	Millville, Grant.....	1881, 82, 83, b.
Kilgore, Moses.....	Princeton, Green Lake.....	1867.
Kimball, Fenner.....	Bailey's Harbor, Door.....	1868.
Kimball, Jedediah.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1878.
King, Edward P.	Portland, Dodge.....	1849.
King, George G.	Beloit, Rock.....	1865, 66.
King, George W.	Shields, Dodge.....	1849.
King, Owen	Humbird, Clark.....	1871.
King, William P.	Helena, Iowa.....	1875, 78.
Kingsbury, James T.	Merton, Waukesha.....	1859.
Kingston, John T.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Kingston, William M.	Necedah, Juneau.....	1874, 80, 81, b.
Kinney, Azel	Chaseburg, Vernon.....	1887.
Kinney, Joseph, Jr.	Lima Center, Rock.....	1882.
Kinzie, Robert H.	Lima, Rock.....	1851.
Kirchoff, Henry.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1877.
Kirkpatrick, Amos D.	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Kirkpatrick, James.....	Dayton, Green.....	1855.
Kite, Charles E.	Brodhead, Rock.....	1861.
Kizer, F. C.	Mayville, Dodge.....	1876.
Kleffler, George H.	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1889.
Klein, L. C.	West Bend, Washington.....	1868.
Klnefelter, H. G.	Racine, Racine.....	1885.
Klindt, John A.	Nora, Dane.....	1889.
Klotz, Ignatius.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1880.
Klotz, Nicholas.....	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac.....	1880, b.
Knab, David	Eden, Fond du Lac.....	1868.
Knapstein, T. E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864, 65.
Knapp, Gilbert.....	New London, Outagamie.....	1889.
Knapp, Gaines A.	Racine, Racine.....	1861.
Knapp, Levi E.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1887.
Knapp, William A.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1877, 78.
Kneeland, Cyrus S.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1865.
Knoell, Valentine.....	Waupun, Dodge.....	1859.
Knowlton, Ephraim.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852, 67, 71.
Knowlton, James H.	Highland, Iowa.....	1856, 57.
Knowlton, John J.	{ Janesville, Rock.....	1858.
Knox, Seymour M.	{ Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1854, 53.
Konz, Frederick.....	Seymour, Outagamie.....	1876, 77.
Kraatz, Charles.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1874.
Kreiss, George	Calvary, Fond du Lac.....	1881.
Kribs, Frederick H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Kroenenwetter, S.	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1864, b.
Krueger, A. H. F.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1858, 61.
Kuehn, Charles.....	Mosinee, Marathon.....	1885.
Kuntz, Carl C.	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1880, 82.
Kussow, B. O. Zastrow.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1849, 50.
Kyle, David W.	{ Sauk City, Sauk.....	1883.
Kyle, James L.	{ Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1869, 70, 71, 74.
La Due, Albert D.	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1858.
La Due, Nelson.....	Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1859.
Lafferty, James.....	{ La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1853.
Lagrand, John	{ Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1851.
Lain, Isaac	Spafford, La Fayette.....	1879.
Lake, Phipps W.	Empire, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Lamoureux, Oliver H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Lamoureux, Silas W.	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1861.
Lamure, Wm.	Walworth, Walworth.....	1854.
Lane, Charles A.	Plover, Portage.....	1872.
	Mayville, Dodge.....	1872.
	Ledyard, Outagamie.....	1885, 87.
	Plover, Portage.....	1882, 83.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Langenfeld, Peter.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1878.
Langer, William.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1882.
Langland, Knud.....	North Cape, Racine.....	1880.
Langworthy, Joseph.....	Mauston, Juneau.....	1887.
Lapham, Otis B. ¹	Friendship, Adams.....	1861, 63, 69.
Large, Jonathan.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1895.
Larkin, Charles H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872, 74, 75, b.
Larkin, Martin, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
LaSelle, Wm B.....	Plainfield, Waushara.....	1887, 89.
Latham, Hollis.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1862.
Lathrop, Henry Allison.....	Marshfield, Wood.....	1887.
Lauderdale, James.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1853, 56.
Laverrenz, Otto.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880, 81.
Lavies, Hubert.....	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Lavis, Peter.....	Greenfield, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, 56.
Lawler, William.....	New Coeln, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Lawrence, Franklin S.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1880, 81.
Lawrence, George H.....	Burnett Station, Dodge.....	1876.
Lrwnce, William A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1852, b.
Lawton, A. F.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1885.
Layne, James H.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863.
Leach, Frank.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1874, 75.
Leahy, John E.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1883, b.
Leavens, Henry P.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1877.
Lee, Daniel.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1872.
Lee, Levi.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1855.
Lees, Edward.....	{ Fountain City, Buffalo.....	1875, 76.
Lees, Robert.....	{ Ottawa, Waukesha.....	1853, 54.
Legler, H. E.....	Gilmantown, Buffalo.....	1873.
Lehmann, August H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Leigh, John.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1874.
Leland, Cyrus.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1875.
Leland, Frank.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1849.
Lemont, James.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1873.
Lennon, James.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Leonard, Calvin D. W.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1883.
Leonard, Peter H.....	Dayton, Green.....	1862, 70.
Leonardson, J. C.....	Fifield, Ashland.....	1889.
Leonhardt, Christopher.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1882.
Leslie, John.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1883.
Lessey, John F.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1885.
Lewis, Andrew H.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1851.
Lewis, Calvin E.....	Hale, Trempealeau.....	1885.
Lewis, Charles G.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1872.
Lewis, James M.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1879.
Lewis, James T.....	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.....	1857.
Lewis, John C.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1852, b.
Lewis, Rensselaer M.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1859, 60.
Lincoln, Wyman L.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1873.
Linderman, James L.....	Avoca, Iowa.....	1864, b.
Lindsay, Freeman D.....	Osseo, Trempealeau.....	1877.
Lindsay, William.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1877.
Lins, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1882.
Lins, Chas.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1881, b.
Linsley, Marcus.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1885.
Liscow, William.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1861.
Little, Francis.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1881.
Little, James.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1864, 65, b.
Littlefield, Stephen D.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Lloyd, Evan W.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1859.
Lloyd, John.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1881.
Loehr, Peter.....	Clyman, Dodge.....	1875.
Loehr, Querin.....	Dotyville, Fond du Lac.....	1889.
Lomergan, Michael.....	Calumet, Fond du Lac.....	1853.
Long, Chester D.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1871.
Long, Hugh.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1861.
Loomis, Charles D.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1848.
Loper, Alonzo A.....	Necedah, Juneau.....	1882.
Lord, Simon L.....	Eden, Fond du Lac.....	1873, b.
Lorigan, Bryan S.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1880, b.
Love, John.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1874, 75.
Lovejoy, Allen P.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1855.
Loveland, Carpus.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1879, b.
Lovell, Frederick S.....	Rutland, Dane.....	1870.
	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1857, 58.

¹ Unsuccessfully contesting seat of Solon W. Pierce, in 1870. b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Low, Jacob.....	Lowville, Columbia.....	1872.
Lown, George H.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1849.
Lowth, John.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1850, 51, 59.
Lowth, Matthew.....	Columbus, Columbia.....	1880.
Lowth, Michael F.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1865.
Lowry, Goodwin.....	Helena Station, Iowa.....	1868.
Luchsinger, John.....	(Monroe, Green.....	1887.
	(New Glarus, Green.....	1873, 76, 77, 78.
Luse, Louis K.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1881.
Lutkin, Peter C.....	Whitesville, Racine.....	1857.
Lyle, John.....	Paoli, Dane.....	1878.
Lynch, Felix.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1885.
Lynch, Thomas.....	Chilton, Calumet.....	1873, 83.
Lynde, William Pitt.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, b.
Lyon, James R.....	Glendale, Monroe.....	1889.
Lyon, Joseph F.....	Darien, Walworth.....	1868.
Lyon, Waldo.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1859.
Lyon, William P.....	Racine, Racine.....	1859, 60.
Macaulay, Robert.....	Menomonie, Dunn.....	1883.
MacBride, Robert J.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1882, 83.
Mackay, Thomas C. L.....	Elk Grove, La Fayette.....	1860, 61.
Madden, Henry.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1853.
Main, Robert P.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1837.
Malmros, G. C. Oscar.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1851.
Maloy, Michael.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1862.
Manley, Ira, Jr.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1868.
Manney, Francis G.....	Linden, Sheboygan.....	1850.
Manson, Rufus P.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1871.
Markham, George H.....	Independence, Trempealeau.....	1879.
Marsden, Thomas B.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1866.
Marshall, Charles W.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1859.
Marshall, George M.....	Big Springs, Adams.....	1875, 76.
Marshall, John.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1882.
Marshall, William R.....	St. Croix Falls, St. Croix.....	1848.
Marston, Warren.....	Lomira, Dodge.....	1867.
Martin, Andrew.....	Riceville, Washington.....	1875, 76.
Martin, Constant.....	Dykesville, Kewaunee.....	1866.
Martin, Jacob, Sr.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1883.
Martin, Mark.....	Onion River, Sheboygan.....	1864.
Martin, Morgan L.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1835, 74, b.
Martin, N. T.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1859.
Martin, Stoddard H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Marvin, George G.....	Westford, Columbia.....	1871.
Marx, Nicolaus.....	Wayne, Washington.....	1864, 77.
Mason, Albert L.....	Elton, Walworth.....	1879.
Mason, Jacob.....	Monroe, Green.....	1863.
Mason, John.....	Wiota, La Fayette.....	1885.
Mason, Zebulon P.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1857, 58.
Masters, William.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1837.
Masse, Charles A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1879.
Massey, Henry L.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1861.
Mather, Samuel W.....	Markesan, Marquette.....	1853.
Mathes, John.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1854.
Matteson, Silas C.....	Waucousta, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Matthews, Eschines P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Matts, Nicholas M.....	Verona, Dane.....	1862.
Matts, Peter W.....	Montrose, Dane.....	1854.
Maxon, Densmore W.....	Cedar Creek, Washington.....	1848, 52, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 82, b.
Maxson, Darwin E.....	Milton, Rock.....	1863.
Maxson, Orrin T.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1853, 57.
Maxwell, Walter S.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1877, 81, 84, b.
May, Reuben.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1870, 72.
Mayer, Christian.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1875.
Mayer, Jacob G.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1862.
McAllister, William P.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1857, 58.
McArthur, Eric.....	Winnebago, Winnebago.....	1876.
McCarthy, James.....	Port Washington, Ozaukee.....	1866.
McCartney, Alexander R.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1869.
McCarty, Frank D.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1858.
McCarty, Thomas.....	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.....	1870, 77.
McCaull, Thomas.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1874.
McCollum, John F.....	Trenton, Dodge.....	1862, 63.
McCollum, J. L. R.....	Sextonville, Richland.....	1876, 77.

1 Seat successfully contested by Joseph Bowron, of Hudson.

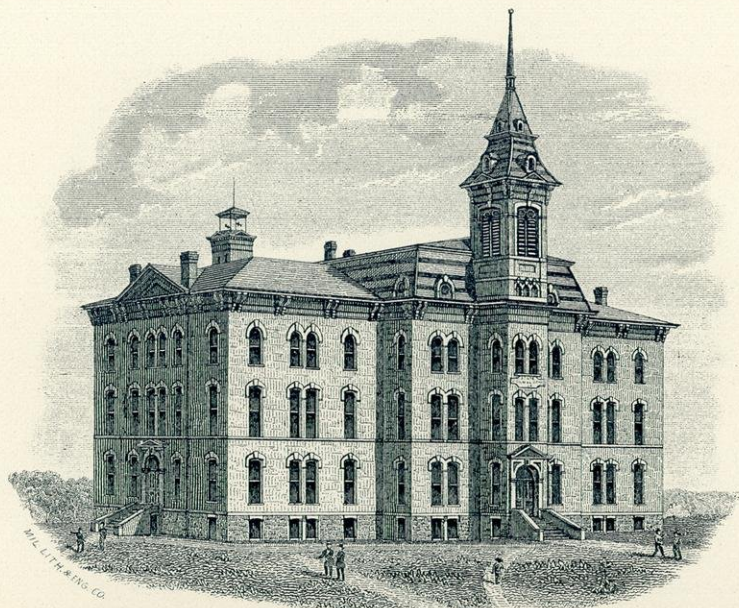
b. See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
McConnell, Chas. D.....	Ripon, Green Lake.....	1882, 87.
McConnell, Thomas.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1873.
McCord, Myron H.....	Merrill, Lincoln.....	1881, b.
McCormick, Andrew.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856, 57.
McCormick, Francis.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1854.
McCormick, Joseph.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1871.
McCoy, James B.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1887, 89.
McCoy, William J.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1876, 78.
McCourt, James Henry.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1883, 85.
McCracken, M. W.....	St. Croix Falls, Polk.....	1887, 89.
McCracken, Samuel.....	Superior.....	1859.
McDill, Alexander S.....	Marquette, Marquette.....	1854.
McDill, George D.....	Plover, Portage.....	1862, b.
McDill, Thomas H.....	Osceola Mills, Polk.....	1881, 82, 83.
McDonald, A. S.....	Plover, Portage.....	1867, 71, 79, 80.
McDonald, David.....	Marion, Waupaca.....	1885, 87.
McDonald, Donald A.....	Racine, Racine.....	1848.
McDonald, James.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1874, b.
McDonald, John D.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1869.
McDonald, John R.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1870, 71.
McDonnell, Alexander A.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1869.
McDonnell, Martin W.....	Madison, Dane.....	1858.
McDowell, Samuel C.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1832.
McElroy, James.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1882.
McElroy, William J.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1864.
McFarland, David.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887, 89.
McFarlane, Hugh.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1863, b.
McFetridge, Edward C.....	Portage City, Columbia.....	1850.
McGilton, John.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1878, 81, b.
McGinty, Bernard.....	Cedar Falls, Dunn.....	1880.
McGarry, Edward.....	Calamine, La Fayette.....	1878, 80.
McGeehan, R. J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1850, 53, 64, b.
McGiachlin, E.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1889.
McGonigal, William.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1889.
McGrath, James.....	Wingville, Grant.....	1850.
McGraw, Joseph B. ²	Fayette, La Fayette.....	1859.
McGuire, James M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865, 66, 67, 68, 70, 73, 74.
McIndoe, Walter D.....	Richland Centre, Richland.....	1874, b.
McIntosh, Charles E.....	Danville, Dodge.....	1865.
McIntyre, Eugene.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1850, 54, 55.
McIver, James.....	Lime Rock, Outagamie.....	1869, 70, 71.
McKay, John J.....	Waldo, Sheboygan.....	1880.
McKee, David.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1874.
McKenzie, John.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1860.
McKibbin, John.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1852.
McKesson, James C.....	Dekorra, Columbia.....	1883.
McLean, Campbell.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1858.
McLean, Hector.....	Wheatland, Kenosha.....	1853, 59.
McLean, Thomas.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1832.
McLees, John M.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1865.
McLeran, J. B.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1864.
McLaughlin, William M.....	Harmony, Vernon.....	1869.
McMichael, William.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1887.
McMillan, Alexander.....	Oregon, Green.....	1864, 65.
McMullen, W. V.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe.....	1860.
McMurdo, James H.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1873.
McNair, Hugh A. W.....	Brillion, Calumet.....	1889.
McNaughton, F.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1880, 81.
McNeel, J. Henry.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1859, 67, 70.
McNitt, Edwin W.....	Vernon, Waukesha.....	1852.
McNamara, Martin.....	Greenbush, Sheboygan.....	1870.
McRea, Hector C.....	Otsego, Columbia.....	1864.
McRaith, M. J. ³	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1872.
McWhorter, George.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1879, 80.
Mead, L. H.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1865.
Mead, Zerah.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1858.
Mead, John F.....	Shell Lake, Washburn.....	1889.
Meadows, William.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1852.
Meehan, James.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1840.
Meigs, Gardner C.....	Lyons, Walworth.....	1881.
Meikejohn, John.....	Meehan, Portage.....	1878.
Meissner, Gustav.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1859, 60.
	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1882.
	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1883.

¹ Died during session.² Successfully contesting seat of Moses S. Gibson, of Hudson.³ Successfully contesting seat of H. M. Remington.

b See list of Senators.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVER FALLS.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

161

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY — Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Melvin, Fordyce R	Brooklyn, Green	1879.
Menzies, James	Rock Prairie, Rock	1881.
Merriam, Amzy	Geneva, Walworth	1871.
Merriam, John G.	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1855.
Merrill, Almond	Charleston, Calumet	1855.
Merrill, Hiram	Janesville, Rock	1875.
Merrill, Lorenzo	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1848, 59.
Merrill, Lorenzo G	Black River Falls, Jackson	1866.
Merrill, Soreno T.	Beloit, Rock	1876, 77.
Merrill, Willard	Janesville, Rock	1871.
Merritt, Edward E.	Neillsville, Clark	1873.
Merrity, Patrick	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee	1880.
Messmore, Isaac E	La Crosse, La Crosse	1861.
Metcalf, Theophilus F. .	Spring Lake, Waushara	1870.
Meyer, Charles G.	Fredonia, Ozaukee	1871, 81.
Meyer, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Meyer, Joseph A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Mihls, Uriah D.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1870, 71.
Millard, Burton	Wausau, Marathon	1858.
Millard, B. F.	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1889.
Miller, Clarkson	Geneva, Walworth	1860.
Miller, Chas. H.	West Bend, Washington	1867.
Miller, Joseph	Brillion, Manitowoc	1883, 85.
Miller, Lucius M.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853.
Miller, Samuel	Shopiere, Rock	1862.
Miller, Henry	Wausau, Marathon	1887.
Miller, William	Rusk, Dunn	1887.
Miller, Samuel S.	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1887.
Miller, William H.	Door Creek, Dane	1863, 64.
Miller, W. L.	Winneconne, Winnebago	1889.
Millikin, N. W.	Saxeville, Waushara	1882.
Mills, Fergus	Seneca, Crawford	1876.
Mills, Hugh B.	Millston, Jackson	1876.
Mills, Joseph T.	Lancaster, Grant	1856, 57, 62, 79.
Mills, Thomas B.	Millston, Jackson	1835, 87, 89.
Miner, Cyrus	Janesville, Rock	1889.
Miner, Eliphalet S.	Necedah, Juneau	1865, 66, b.
Miner, James H.	Richland Center, Richland	1870.
Minor, David N.	Rubicon, Dodge	1861.
Minor, Edward S.	Fish Creek, Door	1878, 80, 81, b.
Mitchell, Abner	Spring Grove, Green	1854.
Mitchell, Franklin	Juda, Green	1877, 78, 79.
Mitchell, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Mitchell, Martin	Brodhead, Green	1860.
Mitchell, Robert	Douglas Center, Marquette	1875.
Mitchell, William F ¹	Gibbsville, Sheboygan	1861.
Moeller, Adolph	New Holstein, Calumet	1882.
Mohr, Christian Frederick ..	Portage, Columbia	1887, 89.
Mohr, Thomas	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1876, 77.
Monroe, Publius V.	New Berlin, Waukesha	1852.
Monroe, William	Fayette, La Fayette	1867.
Monteith, John	Fennimore, Grant	1873.
Monteith, John B.	Genesee, Waukesha	1865.
Montgomery, Edwin	Hancock, Waushara	1871, b.
Moors, Benjamin H.	Grafton, Washington	1848.
Moore, Benjamin F.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852.
Moore, Chas. W.	Chetek, Barron	1889.
Moore, Harvey	Ozaukee, Washington	1851.
Moore, Harvey T.	Brodhead, Green	1862.
Moore, John B.	Muscoda, Grant	1860.
Moore, William V.	Burlington, Racine	1872.
Moran, Patrick H.	Morrison, Brown	1882.
More, George E.	Royalton, Waupaca	1871.
Moors, Charles W.	Hancock, Waushara	1880, 81.
Morgan, D. H.	Albany, Green	1885.
Morgan, Frederick A.	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871.
Morrill, John	Hixton, Jackson	1870.
Morris, Charles E.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1848.
Morrison, David L.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1854, 56.
Morman, Thomas J.	Stevens Point, Portage	1851.
Morrow, Joseph M. ²	Sparta, Monroe	1862.
Morse, Hiram D.	Waterford, Racine	1867.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of C. W. Humphrey.² Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of S. D. Fowers.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Morse, William M.....	{ Ashippun, Dodge.....	1866, 75.
Moscowitt, Frederick.....	{ Alderly, Jefferson.....	1857.
Moser, Conrad, Jr.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855, 57, 59, 75, 78.
Mosher, John.....	Alma, Buffalo.....	1867, 68.
Mosher, Jonathan.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1866.
Mott, Thomas R.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1853.
Moulton, Powers G.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1852.
Mowe, Daniel.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1870, 71.
Muckerheide, Jacob H.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1865.
Muehl, Adam.....	Kewaskum, Washington.....	1879.
Mulholland, Henry.....	St. Martin, Waukesha.....	1868.
Muldowney, James.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1890, 65.
Munn, Henry C.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1878, 79.
Munn, Henry B.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1876, b.
Munroe, Orlando C.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1860.
Murdock, James.....	Racine, Racine.....	1861, 63.
Murphy, James L.....	Neosha, Dodge.....	1850.
Murphy, James S.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1857.
Murphy, James W.....	Benton, La Fayette.....	1859.
Murphy, John D.....	Briggsville, Marquette.....	1879.
Murphy, John A.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1851.
Murphy, Matthew ¹	Ellsworth, Pierce.....	1887.
Murphy, Michael.....	New Diggings, La Fayette.....	1852, 56.
Murphy, Newton S.....	Maple Grove, Manitowoc.....	1865, 67.
Murphy, William.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1859.
Murray, Horatio J.....	Briggsville, Marquette.....	1869, 74.
Murray, James.....	{ Beloit, Rock.....	1867.
Murray, Nathaniel O.....	{ Turtle, Rock.....	1856.
Murray, William D.....	New Berlin, Waukesha.....	1867.
Muzzy, John.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1862.
	Beloit, Rock.....	1853.
	Mayville, Rock.....	1851.
Naber, Herman.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1864, 75, 80, 83.
Naracong, Jonas W.....	Lodi, Columbia.....	1870.
Nash, Jonathan W.....	Oak Grove, Dodge.....	1860.
Nash, Thomas E.....	Centralla, Wood.....	1885.
Nash, William F.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1878.
Nason, Solomon L.....	Nelsonville, Wood.....	1879.
Neavil, James H.....	Potosi, Grant.....	1868.
Needham, Randolph J.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1867.
Neeves, George A.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1872.
Neff, Danvers.....	Calamine, La Fayette.....	1870.
Nelson, Andrew G.....	Waupaca, Waupaca.....	1855.
Nelson, Homer.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1877.
Nelson, Joseph.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1857.
Nelson, Jerome.....	Nelsonville, Portage.....	1887.
Nelson, Knute.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1863, 69.
Nelson, Thomas L.....	Prescott, Pierce.....	1875.
Neuhauser, Francis A.....	LeRoy, Dodge.....	1877.
Newcomb, John.....	Pepin, Pepin.....	1887.
Neville, John C.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1860.
Newell, Franklin.....	Paris, Kenosha.....	1856, 66.
Newell, James E.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1875.
Newick, Samuel.....	Beetown, Grant.....	1862.
Newman, Alfred W.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1863, b.
Newman, Gideon E.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1877.
Newton, Selim.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1861.
Nichols, Abner.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1848.
Nichols, Archibald.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1848, 54, 62, 71, 72.
Nichols, Henry F. C.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1872, 73, 79.
Nichols, Marshall C.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1883.
Nicholls, John.....	Trempealeau, Trempealeau.....	1867, 68.
Niedermann, J. C. U.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1864.
Noble, Butler G.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1858.
Noble, Morgan L.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1849, 50.
Noggle, David.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1854, 57.
Noll, William.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1876.
Noller, George.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1839.
Noon, Jeremiah.....	Merton, Waukesha.....	1856.
Norcross, Pliny.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1867, 85.
Northrop, George C.....	Racine, Racine.....	1864.
Northrop, Stiles S.....	Ogden, Rock.....	1861.

¹ Seat contested, resigned and replaced by G. W. Hammett, in 1852.^b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Northrop, Samuel.....	Dellona, Sauk.....	1858.
Norton, Nelson R.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1854.
Noyes, David K.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1856.
Nute, Benjamin.....	Milford, Jefferson.....	1849.
Nye, Frank M.....	Clear Lake, Polk.....	1885.
Nye, William M.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1887.
Oberman, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1865.
O'Brien, John.....	Milton, Monroe.....	1881.
Ockler, William.....	Muskego Center, Waukesha.....	1871.
O'Connor, Eugene.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1869.
Oddie, J. M.....	Boyceville, Dunn.....	1885.
Oetting, Charles.....	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan.....	1863, 71.
Officer, William H.....	Springville, Vernon.....	1864, 65.
O'Flaherty, John.....	Morrison, Brown.....	1879.
O'Hara, Samuel.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1862.
Oliver, E. C.....	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan.....	1889.
Ollis, John.....	DeForest, Dane.....	1878.
Olmsted, Nathan.....	Cottage Inn, La Fayette.....	1851, 53.
O'Malley, Dominick.....	Westport, Dane.....	1861.
O'Neill, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854, 55, b.
O'Neill, James.....	J Neillsville, Clark.....	1868.
O'Neill, James.....	J Black River Falls.....	1849.
O'Neill, John.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1885.
O'Neill, Thomas.....	Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1882, 83.
Opitz, William F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1875.
Ordway, Davis S.....	Mequon River, Ozaukee.....	1861.
Ormsby, James B.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1860.
Orton, Charles H.....	Oxford, Marquette.....	1859.
Orton, Harlow S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866.
O'Rourke, Patrick H.....	Madison, Dane.....	1854, 59, 71.
O'Rourke, John.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1872, b.
Osborn, Albert K.....	Kildare, Juneau.....	1868.
Osborn, Chas F.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1863, 65, 66.
Osborn, Sylvester W.....	Darlington, Green, pt. La Fayette.....	1889.
Osborne, Marvin.....	Darlington, La Fayette.....	1865.
Osborne, Tobias G.....	Magnolia, Rock.....	1874, 75.
Ostrander, James H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Ostrander, James W.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1855.
Ostrander, Jared F.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1873, 75, 79, 82.
Owen, David.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1857.
Owen, William.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1877.
	Cambria, Columbia.....	1865.
Packard, William P.....	Racine, Racine.....	1880, 83.
Paddock, B. G.....	La Valle, Sauk.....	1889.
Paddock, William.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1881.
Page, Lucius H.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1849.
Pahl, Louis P.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1870.
Paine, Charles P.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1880.
Palmer, Alexander S.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1850.
Palmer, Cassius C.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1869.
Palmer, Edwin.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Palmer, Ephraim.....	Edgerton, Rock.....	1862.
Palmer, Henry L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853, 60, 62, 73, b.
Palmer, John T.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1856.
Palmer, Rodman.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1861.
Palmer, Thomas.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1859.
Palmer, William.....	Logansville, Sauk.....	1865, 66.
Pape, A. H.....	New London, Outagamie.....	1882, 83.
Parish, John K.....	Medford, Taylor.....	1885.
Parker, Charles D.....	Pleasant Valley, St. Croix.....	1869, 70.
Parker, Charles H.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1868, 69, 78.
Parker, George W.....	Metomen, Fond du Lac.....	1855, 56.
Parker, Nathan.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1861.
Parker, Ruel.....	Portland, Dodge.....	1854.
Parkinson, J. W.....	Brothertown, Calumet.....	1880.
Parkinson, Daniel M.....	Willow Springs, La Fayette.....	1849.
Parkinson, Peter, Jr.....	Fayette, La Fayette.....	1854.
Parks, Francis G.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1873.
Parks, Rufus.....	Waterville, Waukesha.....	1867.
Parry, William T.....	Portage, Columbia.....	1881, 82, b.
Patch, Henry.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1853.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Patch, Horace D.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1852.
Patchin, Melvin B.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1860.
Patten, Azel W.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1872.
Patterson, Andrew.....	Fox River, Kenosha.....	1885.
Patterson, Henry A.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1873.
Peak, Uriel H.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1852.
Pearl, Elisha.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1853.
Pease, Harlow.....	Waterloo, Jefferson.....	1858.
Pease, Spencer A.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1865, 66, 70, 71.
Peckham, William P.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1874.
Pederson, Eli.....	Primrose, Dane.....	1883.
Peirce, Jabez.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1849.
Pemberton, John.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1878.
Pengra, Marshal H.....	Juda, Green.....	1871, 72.
Perkins, James W.....	New Chester, Adams.....	1885, 87.
Perkins, Nathaniel.....	Sauk City, Sauk.....	1851.
Perry, Cyrus.....	Waterloo, Dodge.....	1869.
Perry, Eli P.....	New London, Waupaca.....	1867.
Perry, William W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1872.
Persons, E. W.....	Depere, Brown.....	1835, b
Persons, James H.....	Plum City, Pierce.....	1873, 74.
Peters, Peter.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1861, 65.
Peters, William H.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1878.
Petersen, C. H. M.....	New Holstein, Calumet.....	1863, 69, 72 ¹ , 81.
Petersen, John C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1879, 80.
Peterson, Atley.....	Soldier's Grove, Crawford.....	1879, 80, 81, 82.
Peterson, Halvor H.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1871.
Petrie, Jost D.....	Concord, Jefferson.....	1861, 67.
Petters, O. Hugo ²	Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Pettit, Paris.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1866.
Pfaff, Frederick A.....	Cross Plains, Dane.....	1861.
Pfunder, Frederick.....	Nero, Manitowoc.....	1880.
Phelps, A. Warren.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Phelps, Chauncy M.....	Addison, Washington.....	1849.
Phelps, Joseph A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1852.
Phillips, Albert L.....	Racine, Racine.....	1869, 70, b.
Phillips, Benjamin F.....	Mukwa, Manitowoc.....	1857.
Phillips, Bradley.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1872.
Phillips, Charles H.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1870, 76, 77, b.
Phillips, Enos M.....	Big Valley, La Crosse.....	1863.
Phillips, John.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1860, 64.
Phillips, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1866, 67, 69.
Phillips, Peter.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1882.
Phillips, Sewall A.....	Royalton, Waupaca.....	1880, 81.
Pickett, Armine.....	Weelaunee, Winnebago.....	1861.
Pierce, Albert H.....	Monticello, Green.....	1859, 68.
Pierce, Humphrey.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1882.
Pierce, Robert W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Pierce, Solon W.....	Friendship, Adams.....	1870 ³ , 77, 78, 80, 81, 82.
Pierce, William A.....	Sun Prairie, Dane.....	1852.
Pierron, William.....	Silver Springs, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Pike, Alanson.....	Whitewater, Jefferson.....	1865.
Pike, Jarvis K.....	Cold Spring, Jefferson.....	1849.
Pinkney, Bertine.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1850, b.
Pinney, Silas U.....	Madison, Dane.....	1875.
Piper, Francis V.....	Pipersville, Jefferson.....	1883.
Piper, Jonathan.....	Ixonia Center, Jefferson.....	1865.
Place, Jacob B.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1880.
Plato, John V. V.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Plocker, William.....	Fairwater, Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Plumer, Bradbury G.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1866.
Plumer, Daniel L.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1873.
Plummer, Samuel L.....	Arkansaw, Pepin.....	1874.
Poertner, Adam.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1863.
Pole, Charles.....	Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1868, 69.
Pooler, Frank.....	Onalaska, La Crosse.....	1882.
Pope, Anson W.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1849, 61, 66.
Pope, Carl C.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1862, 63, 77, 78, b.
Poppert, George.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1885.
Porter, James W.....	Port, Washington, Washington.....	1853.
Porter, John L.....	Pacific, Columbia.....	1873.

¹ Seat unsuccessfully contested by John Merrill.² Elected in place of S. K. Barnes, who died before taking his seat.³ Seat unsuccessfully contested by O. B. Lapham.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

165

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Porter, Hugh.....	Seneca, Crawford.....	1887, 89.
Porter, Joseph K. P.....	Cooksville, Rock.....	1859.
Porter, Thomas.....	New Richmond, St. Croix.....	1835.
Porth, Peter.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Post, Lorenzo L.....	Weyauwega, Waupaca.....	1878, 79.
Potter, Jerome B.....	Sentinel, Juneau.....	1869, 70.
Potter, John F.....	East Troy, Walworth.....	1856.
Potter, John, Jr. ¹	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1878, 79.
Potter, Peter.....	Le Roy, Dodge.....	1857.
Potter, Wm. D.....	Cambridge, Dane.....	1866.
Pound, Albert E.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1873.
Pound, Thaddeus C.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1864, 66, 67, 69.
Powell, Abner.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1869.
Powell, Oliver S.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1870, 71, 72.
Powell, Robert T.....	Indian Ford, Rock.....	1871.
Powell, Henry.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1887.
Power, Robert.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1863.
Powers, David J.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1853.
Powers, Joseph.....	Hebron, Jefferson.....	1864.
Powers, Levi P.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1863.
Powers, Simeon D. ²	Tomah, Monroe.....	1862.
Powers, Simon D.....	Port Washington, Washington.....	1852.
Pratt, Delando.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1848.
Pratt, Geo. W.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1889.
Pratt, Martin V.....	Evansville, Rock.....	1881, 89.
Pratt, Orris.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1883.
Pratt, Samuel.....	Spring Prairie, Walworth.....	1849, 55, 63, b.
Prentice, Wm. H.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1858.
Prentiss, Theodore.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1861.
Prentiss, Wm. A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1867, 68.
Price, David J.....	Bay View, Milwaukee.....	1881.
Price, William T.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1851, 82, b.
Prickett, Harlow E.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1858.
Priest, Daniel B.....	Viroqua, Vernon.....	1863, 68.
Priestly, Chas. W.....	Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1885.
Pritchard, Richard.....	Manchester, Green Lake.....	1880.
Proctor, John.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1866, 67.
Proctor, Wm. H.....	Fall River, Columbia.....	1882.
Pulcifer, Daniel H.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1867, 79.
Puhlman, Otto.....	Plymouth, Sheboygan.....	1873.
Pullen, Lloyd T.....	(Evansville, Rock.....	1876.
	(Argyle, La Fayette.....	1861, 63.
Purple, Chauncey H.....	Brookfield Center, Waukesha.....	1854.
Putnam, Edson A.....	Oakfield, Fond du Lac.....	1876.
Putnam, George W.....	Ash Ridge, Richland.....	1872, 73.
Putnam, John D.....	River Falls, Pierce.....	1883.
Quarles, Joseph V.....	Kenosha.....	1879, b.
Race, John J.....	Fredonia Station, Ozaukee.....	1885.
Raesser, Christopher S.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, 89.
Rahr, Reinhard.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1887.
Ramsay, George R.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1852.
Ramsey, Wm. H.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1855, 61.
Rand, Elijah K.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1862, 63.
Randall, Alexander W.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1855.
Randall, Benjamin.....	Lebanon, Dodge.....	1848.
Rankin, Joseph.....	(Mishicott, Manitowoc.....	1860.
	(Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1871, 72, 73, 74, b.
Rasmussen, James J.....	Fort Howard, Brown.....	1881, 83.
Ray, Adam E.....	Troy, Walworth.....	1851.
Ray, George A.....	La Grange, Walworth.....	1868.
Raymond, James O.....	Plover, Portage.....	1866.
Raymond, Shepard O.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1866.
Raymond, William.....	Belle Center, Crawford.....	1870.
Read, John M. ³	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1881, b.
Reed, Curtis.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1853, 61.
Reed, Darius.....	Sullivan, Jefferson.....	1854, 56.
Reed, Dennis A.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1865, 74.
Reed, Henry.....	Grand Rapids, Wood.....	1869.
Reed, Horatio G. H.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1870.
Reed, Orson.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1853, b.

¹ Died during the session.² Died, and Joseph M. Morrow, of Sparta, elected to supply the vacancy.³ Resigned December 7, 1880, and J. E. Darbellay elected to fill vacancy.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Reed, William W.	Jefferson, Jefferson.	1862, 66, 67, b.
Regan, Mathias J.	Eagle, Waukesha.	1883.
Reinhard, William.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1854.
Remington, Cyrus C.	Baraboo, Sauk.	1854.
Remington, H. W. ¹	Grand Rapids, Wood.	1865.
Resch, Michel.	Green Bay, Brown.	1876.
Resley, Arthur.	Appleton, Outagamie.	1853.
Reuther, Peter.	Centreville, Manitowoc.	1872.
Rewey, Jefferson W.	Rewey, Iowa.	1868, 81, 82.
Reymert, James D.	1 Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1857, { b.
	1 Norway, Racine.	1849, {
Reynolds, Benoni O.	Geneva, Walworth.	1876, b.
Reynolds, James C.	Lake Geneva, Walworth.	1885, 87, b.
Reynolds, Joseph B.	Chilton, Calumet.	1879.
Reynolds, James.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1857, 68.
Rhoda, David.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.	1873.
Rhodes, Jonas W.	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1871.
Ribble, John B.	Horicon, Dodge.	1855.
Rice, Carleton E.	Sparta, Monroe.	1864.
Rice, Ira A.	Waterford, Racine.	1870.
Rice, John T.	Waterford, Racine.	1877.
Rice, William.	Morrison, Brown.	1878.
Rich, Corydon L.	1 Shiocton, Shawano.	1873.
	1 Vinland, Winnebago.	1854.
Richards, Daniel H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1868, 70, 71, 74, 75.
Richards, John F.	Tomah, Monroe.	1872.
Richards, Richard.	Racine, Racine.	1873.
Richardson, E. D.	Geneva, Walworth.	1849.
Richardson, Hamilton.	Janesville, Rock.	1864, b.
Richardson, N. B.	Warren, La Fayette.	1869.
Richardson, Silas.	Waukesha, Waukesha.	1863.
Richardson, William.	Fairplay, Grant.	1852.
Richmond, George N.	Appleton, Outagamie.	1874, 75, b.
Richter, August.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1871.
Richter, Ezekiel.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1852, 53.
Rickerson, Charles.	Sun Prairie, Dane.	1849.
Riemer, Gustav J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1887.
Ries, Florian J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1877.
Ring, M. C.	Neillsville, Clark.	1889, b.
Ringle, Bartholomew.	Wausau, Marathon.	1864, 72, 75, 76, 77.
Ringle, John.	Wausau, Marathon.	1879, 80, 81, b.
Riordan, James.	Franklin, Milwaukee.	1861.
Riordan, Jeremiah.	West Bend, Washington.	1874.
Robbins, Hammer.	Platteville, Grant.	1857, 58, 61, 64, 66, 67, 68.
Roberts, David.	North Prairie, Waukesha.	1858.
Roberts, Henry B.	Caledonia, Racine.	1848.
Robertson, Robert C.	Vernon, Waukesha.	1869.
Robinson, Charles D.	Green Bay, Brown.	1859.
Robinson, Eli.	Benton, La Fayette.	1853.
Robinson, Frederick.	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1872, 76.
Robinson, George M.	Salem, Racine.	1859.
Robinson, James.	Chilton, Calumet.	1853, 58, 63, 70.
Robinson, John.	Francis Creek, Manitowoc.	1885.
Robinson, Nathaniel S.	Neenah, Winnebago.	1875.
Robinson, Thomas.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1867.
Robinson, William.	Mineral Point, Iowa.	1873, 74.
Roblier, Hiram W.	Wyocena, Columbia.	1874.
Roche, Matthew.	Westport, Dane.	1853.
Roche, Patrick.	Danville, Dodge.	1877.
Rockwell, D. Henry.	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.	1849.
Rockwell, Reuben.	Springfield, Walworth.	1859.
	1 Orion, Richland.	1858.
Rodolf, Charles G.	1 Highland, Iowa.	1851, b.
	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1868, 70.
Rodolph, Theodore.	Mt. Pleasant, Racine.	1853.
Roe, William H.	Appleton, Outagamie.	1873.
Roemer, John A.	Painville, Milwaukee.	1869.
Roethe, Henry.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1851, 53, 55, 66.
Rogan, Patrick.	Watertown, Jefferson.	1858, 62.
Rogan, Peter.	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1875.
Rogers, Asa.	Hingham, Sheboygan.	1865.
Rogers, Charles.	Necedah, Juneau.	1878.
Rogers, E. D.	Stevens Point, Portage.	1881.
Rogers, James E.		

¹ Seat successfully contested by M. J. McRaith.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Rogers, Oran.....	Cascade, Sheboygan.....	1890.
Rogers, William.....	Carleton, Kewaunee.....	1832.
Rollis, Christopher J.....	Oregon, Dane.....	1835.
Rolph, Frederick B.....	Monroe, Green.....	1834.
Rood, Anson.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1837.
	Kilbourn City, Adams.....	1844, 71.
Rood, Davenport.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1845.
Rood, Lewis.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1851.
Rood, Samuel R.....	Packwaukee, Marquette.....	1855.
Root, Eleazer.....	Dartford, Marquette.....	1852.
Root, Wilbur M.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1870, 80, 82, 87.
Rose, Solomon L.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1855, b.
Rosenthal, Adolph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1854.
Roskie, C. F.....	Montello, Marquette.....	1831.
Ross, Freeman M.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1820.
Ross, James.....	Madison, Dane.....	1835.
Rothe, Emil.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1830.
Rounds, William P.....	Menasha, Winnebago.....	1870, 71, b.
Roundy, Daniel C.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1844.
Rounseville, Samuel.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1836.
	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1832.
Rountree, John H ¹	Platteville, Grant.....	1839, b.
Rowe, William E.....	Arena, Iowa.....	1820, 72, 73, 74.
Rowlands, John R.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1875.
Royce, Henry M.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1874.
Roys, Samuel H.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1843, 49.
Ruan, John.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1855, 60.
Ruch, John.....	Boltonville, Sheboygan.....	1880.
Rudzinski, Theodore.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1837.
	Rudd's Mills, Monroe.....	1872.
Rudd, Eli O.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1850.
Ruger, John.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Runals, Edmund L.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1857, 58.
Runkel, Henry C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1833, 69, 70.
Runkel, John.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1873.
Rusch, William.....	Herman, Dodge.....	1871.
Rush, John D.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1850.
Rusk, Allen.....	Liberty, Vernon.....	1878, 81.
Rusk, Jeremiah M.....	Viroqua, Bad Axe.....	1862.
Russell, Francis.....	Westfield, Marquette.....	1863.
Russell, Richard C.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1864.
Rutledge, John.....	Exonia Center, Jefferson.....	1830.
Ryan, Hugh.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1835.
Ryan, James.....	Ridgeway, Iowa.....	1832, 83.
Ryan, Sam., Jr.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1865.
Sackett, Hobart S.....	Berlin, Waushara.....	1872, b.
Safford, Truman J.....	Exeter, Green.....	1852.
Sage, Ezra C.....	New Lisbon, Juneau.....	1867.
Sage, Sidney A.....	Western Union, Racine.....	1851.
Salentine, Peter ²	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Salisbury, Elijah C.....	Union Grove, Racine.....	1865.
Salter, Robert.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1862.
Samuelson, Svend.....	Eaton, Manitowoc.....	1871.
Sanborn, Alden S.....	Mazomanie, Dane.....	1832, 63, 64, 70.
Sanborn, A. W.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1835.
Sander, Jacob.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Sanders, Horace T.....	Racine, Racine.....	1853.
Sanderson, John.....	Cambria, Columbia.....	1870.
Sanderson, Robert B.....	Poynette, Columbia.....	1862, 66, b.
Sanderson, Thomas.....	Leeds, Columbia.....	1871.
Sanger, Caspar M.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Sarnow, Christian.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877, 79.
Saugestad, Oluf A.....	Baldwin, St. Croix.....	1832.
Savage, James R.....	Springville, Bad Axe.....	1858.
Sawyer, Hiram W.....	Burnett, Dodge.....	1863.
Sawyer, James.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1873, 74.
Sawyer, Parker.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1865.
Sawyer, Philetus.....	Summit, Waushara.....	1850.
Sayles, Whitman.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1857, 61.
Sayre, David F.....	Rubicon, Dodge.....	1853.
Scanlon, John.....	Fulton, Rock.....	1873.
	Symco, Waupaca.....	1870.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of John Harms.² Seat successfully contested by Henry Fink.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Schätzel, Valentine	Menomonee Falls, Washington.	1861.
Schaubs, Ernst	Brillion, Calumet.	1887.
Schautz, Adam	Addison, Washington.	1854, 63, b.
Schatz, Herman	Brookfield, Waukesha.	1882.
Scheibe, Emil P.	Hika, Manitowoc.	1889.
Scheiber, Frederick ..	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1883.
Scheffel, Sohn	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1869.
Schermerhorn, W. S. ..	Lodi, Columbia.	1867.
Scheuber, Adolph	Erfurt, Jefferson.	1877.
Schletz, John A.	Grafton, Ozaukee.	1862.
Schlichting, Bernard ..	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1875.
Schmidkofer, Andrew ..	Calvary, Fond du Lac.	1885, 87.
Schmidt, Carl H.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1870, b.
Schmidt, Casper	Oshkosh, Winnebago.	1889.
Schmidt, John	Tess Corners, Waukesha.	1864, 80.
Schmidtner, Louis A. ..	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1860.
Schmitz, Frederick	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1875.
Schneider, Phillip	Barton, Washington.	1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schoenwetter, Aug. F. ..	Lowell, Dodge.	1883.
Schott, George	Rubicon, Dodge.	1872, 76.
Schottler, Martin	Staatsville, Washington.	1893, 64.
Schrage, Joseph	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1855.
Schutte, Charles	Meeker, Washington.	1883.
Schwalbach, John F., Jr.	South Germantown, Washington.	1881.
Schwefel, Fred F.	Lebanon, Dodge.	1855.
Sciofield, Charles	Red River, Door.	1875.
Schollard, William	Hartford, Washington.	1878.
Schuler, Fred C.	Boltonville, Washington.	1885, 87, 89.
Schulze, Fred	Portage, Columbia.	1885.
Scott, David I.	Waupaca, Waupaca.	1854.
Scott, James	Darlington, La Fayette.	1887.
Scribner, James K.	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac.	1876.
Scribner, Wiley S.	Fairplay, Grant.	1866.
Seabold, John E.	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha.	1881.
Seaman, Galen B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1873.
Seamonson, William ..	Stoughton, Dane.	1876.
Sears, Edgar	Pine River, Waushara.	1867, 68.
Seaton, James W.	Potosi, Grant.	1859, 60, b.
Seaver, John D.	Cooksville, Rock.	1851.
Seaver, Joseph W.	Darien, Walworth.	1853.
Sedgwick, David E.	Wrightstown, Brown.	1880.
Seely, David J.	Elk Grove, La Fayette.	1866, 67.
Segar, John A.	Johnstown, Rock.	1850.
Selden, George W.	Racine, Racine.	1858.
Sell, John	Addison, Washington.	1856.
Sellers, Malcolm	Beaver Dam, Dodge.	1850.
Selsmeyer, August	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan.	1881.
Semmann, John L.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1871, 74.
Semmonn, L.	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.	1862.
Semple, Parlan	Shawano, Shawano.	1869, 71.
Senn, John J.	Fountain City, Buffalo.	1877, 78.
Serve, Michael	Ashland, Fond du Lac.	1875.
Sessions, Milan H.	Waupaca, Waupaca.	1869, b.
Seymour, Robert T.	La Fayette, Walworth.	1856.
Seymour, Silas J.	Reedsburg, Sauk.	1876, 77.
Shafter, James M.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1852.
Shafter, William N.	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1859.
Shannahan, Daniel	Newtonboro, Manitowoc.	1863.
Sharp, Elijah M.	Delavan, Walworth.	1872, 75.
Sharp, John W.	Door Creek, Dane.	1858.
Sharp, Terrett C.	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan.	1883, 85.
Sharpstein, John R.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1863, b.
Shaw, Major	Hingham, Sheboygan.	1872.
Shear, Thomas J.	Hillsborough, Vernon.	1882, 89.
Shears, Henry	Oconomowoc, Waukesha.	1850.
Sheldon, Thomas H.	Darlington, La Fayette.	1880.
Shepard, Ashbel K.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1881.
Shepard, Charles E.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1882.
Shepard, J. L.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.	1878.
Shepard, Leander H.	Burnett, Dodge.	1877.
Sherman, Adelson	Janesville, Rock.	1869, 70, 71.
Sherman, Benjamin F.	Beaver Dam, Dodge.	1880, b.
Sherman, John M.	Burnett, Dodge.	1855.
Shibley, Jacob B.	Bassett's Station, Kenosha.	1863.

1 Successfully contesting seat of John B. Jacobs.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Shinnick, Thomas.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1867, 76.
Sholes, Charles C.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1855, b.
Sholes, C. Latham.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1852, 52, b.
Short, Dennis.....	Theresa, Dodge.....	1873.
Showalter, Reuben B.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1887, 89.
Shufelt, Sidney A.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1876, 77.
Shultis, Norman.....	North Prairie, Waukesha.....	1864.
Shumway, Perley J.....	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee.....	1848, 62.
Siebers, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1889.
Sikes, George.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1850.
Silverthorn, Willis C.....	Wausau, Marathon.....	1868, 74, b.
Simon, Matthias.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1839, 63.
Simmons, C. F.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1889.
Simmons, Rouse.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1875.
Simmons, William.....	Nekimi, Winnebago.....	1865, 66.
Simmons, Zalmon G.....	Kenosha, Kenosha.....	1865.
Simpson, Edward B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, 80, b.
Simpson, Elva.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1860.
Simpson, Philemon B.....	Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1853, b.
Skeels, Albert M.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1866, 67.
Skinner, Jacob.....	Palmyra, Jefferson.....	1852.
Slade, Edwin.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1855.
Slaughter, George H.....	Mendota, Dane.....	1866.
Sleyster, Roelof.....	Waupun, Fond du Lac.....	1870.
Sloan, A. Scott.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1857.
Sloan, Henry C.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1881.
Sloggy, Samuel.....	Ontario, Vernon.....	1885, 87.
Slothower, Elias.....	Gratiot, La Fayette.....	1848.
Slupecki, E. J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Small, William.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1880.
Smart, Reuben D.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1875.
Smiley, Daniel.....	Albany, Green.....	1866.
Smiley, John.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1885.
Smith, Aaron B.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1865.
Smith, Adam.....	Burke, Dane.....	1859.
Smith, Archibald D.....	Lind, Waupaca.....	1872.
Smith, Byron.....	Erin, Washington.....	1855.
Smith, Daniel.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1864.
Smith, E. C.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1889.
Smith, Ezekiel C.....	Spring Valley, Rock.....	1850.
Smith, Francis.....	Millard, Walworth.....	1861.
Smith, George B.....	Madison, Dane.....	1859, 64, 69.
Smith, George C.....	Oakfield, Jefferson.....	1858, 59.
Smith, George H.....	Galesville, Trempealeau.....	1882.
Smith, Heber.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860.
Smith, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878.
Smith, Hiram.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1871.
Smith, Horatio N.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1850, b.
Smith, Ira P.....	Mishicot, Manitowoc.....	1881.
Smith, Jesse.....	{ Dodge's Corners, Waukesha.....	1866, 67.
	{ Vernon, Waukesha.....	1854.
Smith, John.....	Caledonia, Racine.....	1854.
Smith, John A.....	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan.....	1868.
Smith, John A.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1868, 69.
Smith, Lindsey J.....	Troy Center, Walworth.....	1881.
Smith, Perry H.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1855, 58, 59, b.
	{ Richland Center.....	1878.
Smith, Phillip M.....	{ Janneys, Richland.....	1874.
	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1856.
Smith, Richard M.....	Markesan, Green Lake.....	1863.
Smith, Samuel W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Smith, Winfield.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1889.
Smith, William.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1851, 71, b.
Smith, William E.....	Eau Galle, Dunn.....	1863.
Smith, William H.....	Two Rivers, Manitowoc.....	1864, 66, 68.
Snook, David.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1863.
Snover, David G.....	Eagle, Waukesha.....	1851.
Snover, John C.....	Richwood, Dodge.....	1872.
Solon, John.....	Richwood, Dodge.....	1887, 89.
Solon, T. F.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1854.
Spafard, Simeon W.....	Arcade, Marquette.....	1850.
Spaulding, Benjamin B.....	Harmony, Rock.....	1854, 62.
Spaulding, Joseph.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1877, 79.
Spense, Thomas W.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1866.
Spenseley, James.....	Mayville, Dodge.....	1879, 83, 87.
Spiering, Henry.....		

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Spooner, John C.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1872.
Spooner, Wyman.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1850, 51, 57, 61, b.
Spoor, Gardner.....	Aztalan, Jefferson.....	1865.
Spottswood, James K.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1860.
Sprague, Burr.....	Brookfield, Green.....	1880, 81.
Spratt, George.....	Orfordville, Rock.....	1868.
Squires, Joel C.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1887.
Staats, Adam.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1870, b.
Stafford, Amos W.....	Staatsville, Washington.....	1852.
Stamm, Godfrey.....	Geneva, Walworth.....	1872.
Stanchfield, Samuel B.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1862.
Stanley, William S., Jr.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1885, b.
Stannard, Erastus W.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1881, 82, b.
Stanton, Horace.....	Green Bush, Sheboygan.....	1860.
Stapleton, Richard F.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1861.
Stark, Joshua.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1877.
Stark, William H.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1856.
Starks, Argalus W.....	Tiffany, Rock.....	1867, 78.
Starr, William.....	Shopiere, Rock.....	1858.
Stearns, D. Manfield.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1862, 63, 64, 65, b.
Stebbins, De Wayne.....	Ripon, Fond du Lac.....	1863, 64.
Stebbins, Harrison.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1876.
Steele, John.....	Ahnapee, Door.....	1873.
Steever, Mitchell.....	Union, Rock.....	1853.
Steffen, Francis.....	Alderley, Dodge.....	1881.
Stemper, John B.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1858.
Steinwald, Daniel.....	Hortonville, Outagamie.....	1878, 79.
Steinfort, Casper H.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Steiner, John.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1887.
Stephens, David.....	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1873.
Stephens, John.....	Woodland, Dodge.....	1853.
Stephens, Thomas G.....	Madison, Dane.....	1880.
Stephenson, Isaac.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1885.
Stephenson, Joseph.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1873.
Sterling, Levi.....	Marinette, Marinette.....	1866, 68.
Sterling, Timothy B.....	Meeme, Manitowoc.....	1861.
Sterling, William T.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1858, b.
Stevens, Charles.....	Iron Ridge, Dodge.....	1852.
Stevens, Chase A.....	Mt. Sterling, Crawford.....	1848, 50.
Stevens, Daniel B.....	Jamesville, Rock.....	1853.
Stevens, Ezra B.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1855.
Stevens, Henry.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1882.
Stevenson, John.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1857, 62.
Stewart, Alva.....	Caledonia Center, Racine.....	1864, b.
Stewart, Donald.....	Enterprise, Vernon.....	1876.
Stewart, Andrew J.....	Newton, Vernon.....	1880.
Stock, Frederick.....	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1850, b.
Stocking, Hobart M.....	Delavan, Walworth.....	1882, 83.
Stoddard, Thomas B.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1887.
Stoddard, John.....	Mequon, Washington.....	1851.
Stone, Eliphalet S.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1876, 80.
Stone, Glenville W.....	La Crosse, La Crosse.....	1862.
Stone, Jesse.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1880.
Stonewell, John M.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1872.
Stowers, Charles H.....	Winoski, Sheboygan.....	1857.
Strachan, John.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1880, 82.
Strasser, Leopold.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1862.
Streckewald, Gustave.....	Tustin, Waushara.....	1874.
Strong, George.....	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1872.
Strong, Luman M.....	Stockbridge, Calumet.....	1835.
Strong, Marshall M.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1850.
Strong, Moses M.....	Hudson, St. Croix.....	1857.
Strong, Nathaniel.....	Highland, Iowa.....	1852.
Strong, Rollin M.....	Racine, Racine.....	1840.
Struve, Franz G. L.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1857.
Stuntz, A. C. ¹	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1850.
Stuntz, George R.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1848.
Sturtevant, Charles H.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1866.
Sugden, Thomas.....	Hellenville, Jefferson.....	1868.
Sullivan, Andrew.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1865.
	Superior City.....	1862.
	Delavan, Walworth.....	1863.
	North Prairie, Waukesha.....	1849, 52, 57.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of Amos S. Gray.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

171

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY — Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Sullivan, John	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee....	1868.
Sumner, John	Baraboo, Sauk	1860.
Sutton, John	Millford, Jefferson	1860.
Swain, George G	Kilbourn City, Sauk	1870, 71.
Swain, James A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Swain, Almon A	Oak Center, Fond du Lac	1878.
Swart, Alfred L	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1883.
Sweat, John B	Black Earth, Dane	1857, b.
Sylvester, Daniel R	Castle Rock, Grant	1877.
Tallmadge, Isaac S	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1853, 54.
Tanner, Samuel	Westfield, Marquette	1882, 83.
Tarbell, Samuel E	Woodworth, Kenosha	1869.
Tarr, Joseph M	Tunnel City, Monroe	1865.
Tarrant, George	Durand, Pepin	1881.
Tarrant, Henry	Janesville, Rock	1889.
Tate, George B ¹	Viola, Richland	1887.
Tate, George H	Viola, Richland	1882.
Tate, J. Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1873.
Taylor, Allen	Hazel Green, Grant	1855, 56, 57, 62, 64, 65.
Taylor, Anson H	Muskegon, Waukesha	1850.
Taylor, Chas. S	Barron, Barron	1885, 87, b.
Taylor, Christopher L	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1876.
Taylor, David	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1853, b.
Taylor, Horatio T	Racine, Racine	1863.
Taylor, James A	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1881, 83.
Taylor, Jonathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857.
Taylor, William R	Cottage Grove, Dane	1855, b.
Temple, Charles S	Darien, Walworth	1876.
Temple, Marsena	Newport, Sauk	1861.
Tenny, Horace A	Madison, Dane	1857.
Terhune, William F	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1854.
Terill, Richard	Dane Station, Dane	1887.
Tester, John A	Alma, Buffalo	1883.
Thayer, J. B.	River Falls, Pierce	1885.
Thayer, Mason A	Sparta, Monroe	1882.
Theisen, Mathias	Roxbury, Dane	1879.
Thelen, Michael	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1879.
Thomas, Amos	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1889.
Thomas, Charles G	Sextonville, Richland	1883, 85.
Thomas, Horatio S	Briggsville, Marquette	1862, 63.
Thomas, Jesse	Monndville, Marquette	1856.
Thomas, John E	Green Lake, Green Lake	1859.
Thomas, John H	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1862.
Thomas, John L. V.	Berlin City, Waushara	1875.
Thomas, Joseph M	Beloit, Rock	1854.
Thomas, Major J	Lone Rock, Richland	1869, 78, 79.
Thomas, Ormsby B	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1854, 57.
Thomas, Phillip W	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1862, 65, 67, b.
Thomas, Salmon	Mineral Point, Iowa	1853.
Thomas, William H	Darien, Walworth	1856.
Thomas, William H	Lisbon, Waukesha	1849, 61.
Thompson, Charles	Sumner, Trempealeau	1866.
Thompson, George P	Monticello, Green	1857.
Thompson, Jared, Jr.	Cross Plains	1855, 56.
Thompson, Monroe	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Thompson, Samuel	Fox Lake, Dodge	1848.
Thompson, Thornton	Hartland, Waukesha	1862, 63.
Thompson, William	Rio, Columbia	1869.
Thompson, Alexander M	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1863.
Thorn, Gerry T	Janesville, Rock	1868, 69.
Thornton, Oliver W	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1871, b.
Thornton, Thomas	Marshall, Dane	1873.
Thorp, Adelbert D	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc	1864, 77, 78.
Thorp, Hernon S	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1882.
Tichenor, Vernon	Bristol, Racine	1849, b.
Tilton, Hezekiah C	Waukesha, Waukesha	1869.
Tiernay, John H	Allen's Grove, Walworth	1865.
Tinker, James	Waunakee, Dane	1880.
Tisch, Charles	Dover, Racine	1851.
Tish, William	Nero, Kewaunee	1877, 78.
Toay, John	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1876.
Tobey, John Williams	Mineral Point, Iowa	1852, 54, 59.
	Neenah, Winnebago	1887.

¹ Seat contested by Isaac McCann.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY — Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Tobin, John	Granville, Milwaukee	1854, 56.
Tobin, Thomas	Five Mile House, Milwaukee	1873.
Toland, Patrick	Erin, Washington	1849.
Toll, John C.	Cedar Creek, Washington	1851.
Tollefson, Gunnuf.	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1868.
Tompkins, William F.	Janesville, Rock	1850, 51.
Topliff, Alfred	East Hampden, Columbia	1854, 55.
Torbert, William M.	Hudson, St. Croix	1854.
Torgerson, Ole	Perry, Dane	1871.
Totten, Henry	Waukesha, Waukesha	1870.
Touhey, Michael J.	Morrison, Brown	1877.
Tousley, Wilber H.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1870.
Tower, Thomas W.	Towerville, Crawford	1859.
Townsend, A. A.	Shullsburg, La Fayette	1855.
Townsend, Elijah C.	Shullsburg, La Fayette	1860, 61.
Townsend, Lucius B.	Nepeuskun, Winnebago	1856.
Townsend, Thomas J.	Winnebago, Winnebago	1849.
Tracy, Daniel	Osman, Manitowoc	1887.
Train, James G.	Merrimack, Sauk	1857.
Trask, George W.	Winneconne, Winnebago	1868, 69.
Treat, C. Mortimer	Ogden, Rock	1863.
Tregaskis, Richard	Mineral Point, Iowa	1851.
Treleven, Daniel D.	Byron, Fond du Lac	1880.
Tripp, J. Stephen S.	Sauk City, Sauk	1862.
Tripp, Roswell H.	Hingham, Sheboygan	1881.
Tripp, William H.	Janesville, Rock	1857.
Trow, Alvin S.	Merrillan, Jackson	1881.
Troy, Cyrus	Monticello, Green	1880, 81.
Truell, David	Lyndon Station, Juneau	1877.
Truesdell, Gideon	Kenosha, Kenosha	1867.
Trumbull, John D.	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1867.
Trumer, Marcus	Rubicon, Dodge	1871.
Turk, Peter	Mequon, Washington	1849.
Turley, John B.	Cassville, Grant	1852.
Turner, (A. J.) J.	Portage, Columbia	1863, 64, 66, 69.
Turner, Eugene S.	Grafton, Washington	1850.
Turner, Henry ¹ .....	.....	1866.
Turner, John	Mauston, Juneau	1859.
Turner, Peter H.	Palmira, Jefferson	1848.
Turner, William W. D.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1883.
Tuttle, William S.	New Fane, Fond du Lac	1858.
Tweedy, John H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Upham, Calvin H.	Racine, Racine	1862.
Upson, Salmon	Kenosha, Kenosha	1860.
Utley, William L.	Racine, Racine	1851, 52, b
Utt, Henry	Platteville, Grant	1865.
Vance, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77.
Vander Cook, T. E.	Newburg, Washington	1860.
Vanderpool, Abram	Waterloo, Jefferson	1850.
Vanderpool, William A.	Vernon, Waukesha	1862.
Van Norstrand, A. H.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1852, 55.
Van Ostrand, De W. C.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1865.
Van Schaick, Isaac W.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873, 75, b.
Van Steenwyk, Gysbert	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1859, b.
Van Valkenberg, R. B.	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1867.
Van Vliet, Peter	Caledonia, Racine	1851.
Van Vliet, Leonard S.	Caledonia Center, Racine	1859.
Van Waters, William	West Salem, La Crosse	1877.
Van Wie, Abraham H.	Cascade, Sheboygan	1858.
Vaughan, John	Racine, Racine	1865.
Vaughn, Alanson B.	Union, Rock	1848.
Vaughn, David	Bangor, La Crosse	1887.
Vaughn, Samuel S.	Bayfield, Bayfield	1871.
Vilas, Levi B.	Madison, Dane	1855, 68, 73.
Vilas, Wm. F. ²	Madison, Dane	1885.
Vincent, Edward	Milton, Rock	1851, 59.
Vincent, George R.	Tomah, Monroe	1879.
Vincent, Louis	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1877.
Vincent, William J.	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1879.
Vineyard, James R.	Platteville, Grant	1849.
Vinton, James E.	Albany, Green	1853.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of W. H. P. Bogan, of Appleton.² Resigned, M. J. Cantwell elected to fill vacancy.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

173

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Virgin, Noah H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1848, 55.
Vits, Henry.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1878.
Vivian, John H. ¹	Mineral Point, Iowa.....	1862, 63.
Vliet, Jasper.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1855.
Vogel, Frederick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874.
Vogenitz, William.....	Cedarburg, Ozaukee.....	1856.
Vogt, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1887.
Vollmar, James.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1857, 59.
Voorhees, Samuel W.....	Sharon, Walworth.....	1857.
Vosburgh, John B.....	Richmond, (Ills.) Kenosha.....	1882.
Vredenbergh, Peter.....	Winneconne, Winnebago.....	1883.
Wadsworth, H. L.....	River Falls, St. Croix.....	1867.
Wadsworth, James.....	Darlington, La Fayette.....	1862.
Wagner, Ferdinand.....	Watertown, Dodge.....	1863.
Wagner, Joseph.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1859.
Waite, David H.....	Marshfield, Fond du Lac.....	1856, 58, 66, 67, 68, 71, b.
Wakefield, Josephus.....	Princeton, Marquette.....	1857.
Wakeley, Eleazer.....	Fremont, Waupaca.....	1882.
Wakeley, Solmous.....	Madison, Dane.....	1867, b.
Waldo, Charles.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1855, 57.
Waldorf, Jesse.....	Kingston, Green Lake.....	1851.
Walker, Charles H.....	Platteville, Grant.....	1859.
Walker, George H.....	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.....	1856, 57.
Walker, Jabez K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851.
Walker, Lyman.....	East Oasis, Waushara.....	1876, 77.
Wallace, Levi.....	Kewaunee, Kewaunee.....	1865, b.
Waller, Nathan P.....	Oil City, Monroe.....	1885.
Wall, Edward C.....	West Salem, La Crosse.....	1868, 69.
Wall, John A.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1878, 79.
Wall, Thomas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883.
Wall, William.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1873, 76, 77, b.
Wallber, Emil.....	Oshkosh, Winnebago.....	1879, 80, 81.
Wallihan, Orlando F.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Walsh, Michael P.....	Footville, Rock.....	1872.
Walsh, Patrick.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1883, 85.
Walton, Joseph.....	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee.....	1868, b.
Walters, Aaron.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1859.
Walther, George H.....	Foster, Fond du Lac.....	1857, 72.
Walvoord, Henry.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1876.
Walworth, John.....	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan.....	1885.
Wannemaker, Samuel L.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1863, 64.
Ward, William T.....	Boscobel, Crawford.....	1877.
Ware, James F.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1850.
Warner, Clement E.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1880, 81, 83, b.
Warner, Francis L.....	Windsor, Dane.....	1883, b.
Warner, Henry M.....	Deansville, Dane.....	1882.
Warner, Herman.....	Cottage Grove, Dane.....	1848.
Warner, Jared.....	Racine, Racine.....	1853.
Warner, William S.....	Patch Grove, Grant.....	1861.
Warner, William S.....	Lamartine, Fond du Lac.....	1869.
Warner, William S.....	Appleton, Outagamie.....	1878.
Warren, Dewey K.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1848.
Warren, George.....	Clintonville, Waupaca.....	1883.
Warren, Parker.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1849.
Warren, Stephen.....	Delafield, Waukesha.....	1855.
Washburn, Benjamin F.....	Excelsior, Richland.....	1875.
Washburn, George H.....	Millville, Grant.....	1866.
Washburn, James.....	Buck Creek, Richland.....	1882.
Washburn, Leroy M.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1876.
Washburn, William H.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1879.
Wason, Robert, Jr.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1849.
Waste, Eli.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1874, 75, 80.
Waterbury, Chester N.....	Roxbury, Dane.....	1859.
Waterbury, James I.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1867, 63.
Watrous, Jerome A.....	Black River Falls, Jackson.....	1867, 68.
Watrous, John S.....	La Pointe, La Pointe.....	1850.
Watrous, William F.....	Charlestown, Calumet.....	1862.
Watson, Charles.....	Washburn, Grant.....	1880.
Watson, J. W.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1889.
Watts, James.....	Granville, Milwaukee.....	1864, 71.
Weage, Frederick A.....	Waterford, Racine.....	1860, 65.
Weatherby, John.....	Hustisford, Dodge.....	1867.
Weaver, James.....	Lisbon, Waukesha.....	1856.
Weaver, Richard.....	Sussex, Waukesha.....	1878, b.

¹ In place of Cyrus Woodman, who was elected but refused to qualify in 1862.

b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY — Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Weaver, Thomas.....	Pewaukee, Waukesha.....	1865.
Webb, Henry G.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1861, b.
Webb, William C.....	Wautoma, Waushara.....	1858, 63, 63, 64.
Webster, Enoch.....	Amherst, Portage.....	1863.
Webster, Hiram W.....	Omro, Winnebago.....	1879, 80.
Webster, William E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1854.
Wedig, Joseph.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1865, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77.
Weeden, George W.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1872, 83.
Weeks, George.....	Columbus, Dane.....	1877.
Weeks, Thompson D.....	Whitewater, Walworth.....	1867, b.
Weeks, Thomas S.....	Fond du Lac, Fond Du Lac.....	1874.
Wehrle, Gottlieb.....	Fennimore, Grant.....	1874.
Weil Baruch S.....	{ Schleisingsville, Washington	1871, 72, 73, b.
Weil Henry.....	{ West Bend, Washington.....	1852, 89.
Weil, Paul A.....	West Bend, Washington.....	1850.
Weiler, John W.....	Richfield, Washington.....	1858.
Weiss, Gottlob E ¹	Root Creek, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Welch, David E.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1873.
Welch, Ebenezer S.....	Baraboo, Sauk.....	1874, 75, b.
Wells, Charles D.....	Neenah, Winnebago.....	1855.
Wells, John M.....	Tomah, Monroe.....	1876.
Wentworth, Robert B.....	Prairieville, Waukesha.....	1849.
Wery, Joseph.....	Juneau, Dodge.....	1857.
Wescott, Ezra.....	Darbella, Kewaunee.....	1830.
Wescott, Jefferson F.....	Skinner, Green.....	1863.
Wescott, Marion.....	Farmer's Grove, Green.....	1869.
Wescott, Walter S.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1885.
West, Abram.....	Monroe, Green.....	1890, 63, b.
West, Edmund A.....	Reedsburg, Sauk.....	1857.
West, Francis H.....	Monroe, Green.....	1859, b.
West, Henry C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1874, b.
West, Samuel C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1853.
West, Thomas.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1869.
Westby, Thomas C.....	Raymond, Racine.....	1853, 54.
Whedon, Milo M ²	Emerald Grove, Rock.....	1860.
Wheeler, Ezra.....	Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1854.
Wheeler, Freeman M.....	Berlin, Green Lake.....	1853.
Wheeler, Guy.....	Nanaua, Fond du Lac.....	1863.
Wheeler, Nathaniel.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1864.
Wheeler, Nelson.....	Richland Center, Richland.....	1854.
Wheeler, William E.....	Humboldt, Sauk.....	1859.
Whelan, J. W.....	Beloit, Rock.....	1853, 60.
Whipple, Cephas.....	Mondovi, Buffalo.....	1859.
Wherry, William T.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1865.
White, Charles.....	Randolph, Columbia.....	1855.
White, Elias N.....	Coloma, Waushara.....	1859.
White, James.....	Burlington, Racine.....	1874, 75, 76.
White, James S.....	Random Lake, Sheboygan.....	1878.
White, Joseph.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1871.
White, Julius.....	Cottage Inn, La Fayette.....	1835, 57, 63.
White, Obadiah J.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1849.
White, Richard.....	Monroe, Green.....	1861.
White, Samuel A.....	Lamberton, Milwaukee.....	1865.
Whiting, Anderson.....	{ Whitewater, Walworth.....	1871, 73.
Whiting, A. Chaplin.....	{ Ozaukee, Ozaukee.....	1857.
Whiting, Warren.....	Richmond, Walworth.....	1854, 60.
Whitesides, Ninian E.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1867.
Whitford, William C.....	Ladoga, Fond du Lac.....	1859.
Whitton, Charles B.....	Belmont, La Fayette.....	1848.
Whitton, David.....	Milton, Rock.....	1868.
Whittlesey, Asaph.....	Ashippun, Dodge.....	1851.
Widule, Christian.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1874.
Wilbor, John B.....	Bayfield, Bayfield.....	1860.
Wilcox, Alonzo.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1879, b.
Wilcox, Chester G.....	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.....	1857.
Wilcox, Edgar.....	Spring Green, Sauk.....	1863, 64.
Wilcox, Randall.....	De Pere, Brown.....	1880.
Wiley, John.....	Byron, Fond du Lac.....	1864.
Willard, Andrew.....	Depere, Brown.....	1853, 67, 69.
Willard, Gustavus A.....	Shawano, Shawano.....	1860.
Willard, Horace B.....	Beaver Dam, Dodge.....	1866.
	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1878.
	Lake Mills, Jefferson.....	1891.

¹ Seat successfully contested by Hiram R. Bond.² Seat unsuccessfully contested by D. M. Miller.

b See list of Senators.

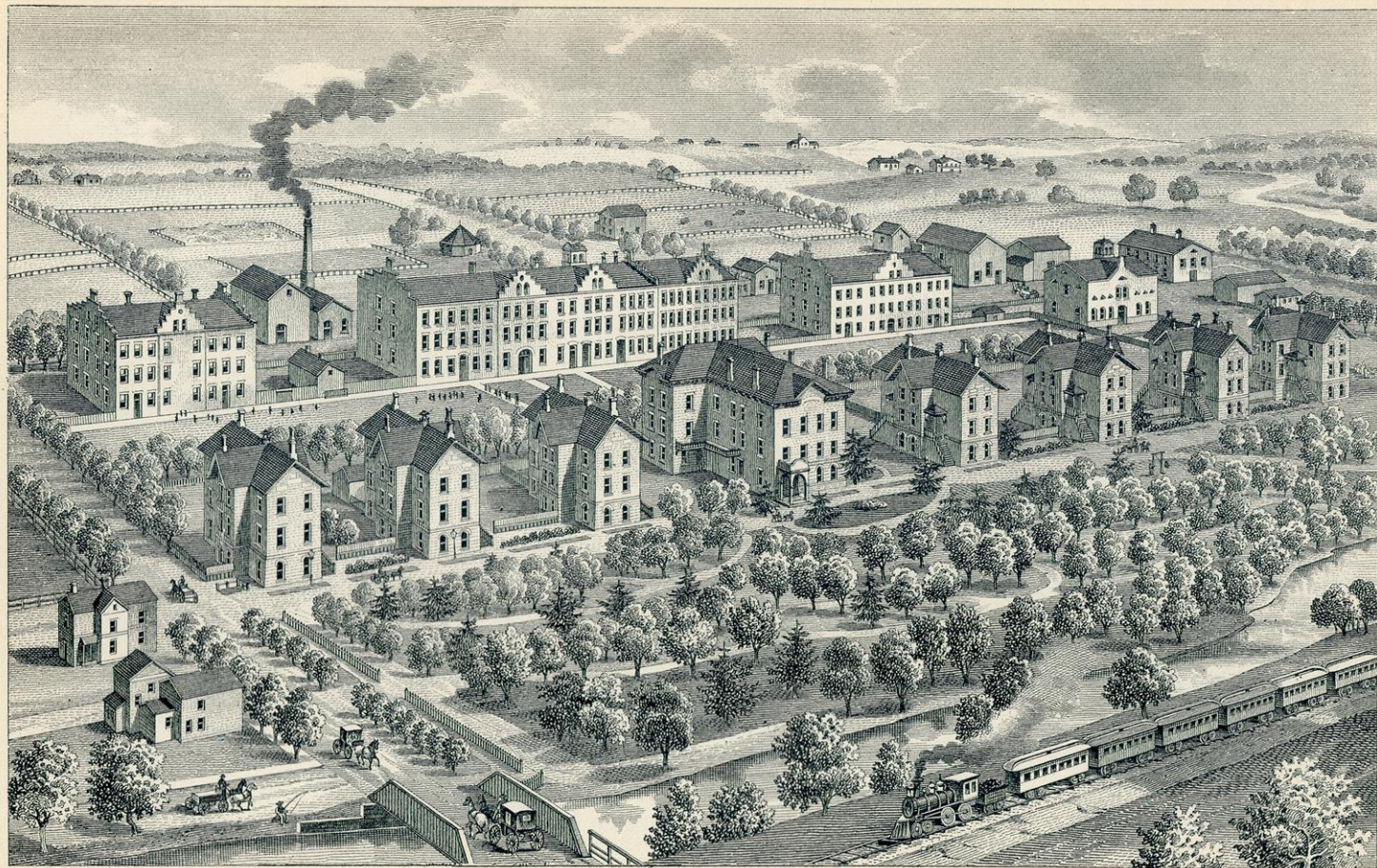
MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Willard, Josiah F.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1849.
Williams, Billie.....	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Williams, Cornelius.....	Bristol, Kenosha.....	1880.
Williams, David.....	Springfield, Walworth.....	1857.
Williams, DeWitt C.....	Fox Lake, Dodge.....	1880.
Williams, D. R. W.....	Werner, Juneau.....	1862.
Williams, Edward C.....	Elba, Dodge.....	1858.
Williams, George J.....	Hartford, Washington.....	1865.
Williams, John D.....	Shullsburg, La Fayette.....	1850.
Williams, John K.....	Lowell, Dodge.....	1857, 61.
Williams, Nelson.....	Stoughton, Dane.....	1868, b.
Williams, Roger.....	Hillsborough, Vernon.....	1879.
Williams, Thos. E.....	Eau Claire, Eau Claire.....	1885.
Williams, William M.....	Oak Creek, Milwaukee.....	1832.
Willston, George H.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1855.
Wilnot, Henry V. R.....	Newburg, Washington.....	1870.
Wilson, Dewitt C.....	Sparta, Monroe.....	1866 b.
Wilson, Robert D.....	Dodgeville, Iowa.....	1862.
Wilson, Robert D.....	North Bend, Jackson.....	1880.
Wilson, William K.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1851 b.
Wiltse, Cadwallader J.....	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.....	1876.
Winans, Geo.....	Waukesha, Waukesha.....	1889.
Winans, John.....	Janesville, Rock.....	1874, 82, 87.
Wing, Alonzo.....	Jefferson, Jefferson.....	1851.
Winkler, Carl.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1861.
Winkler, Frederick C.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1872.
Winslow, Joseph.....	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson.....	1869.
Winsor, Horatio S.....	Elkhorn, Walworth.....	1865.
Winter, Hermann H.....	Watertown, Jefferson.....	1860.
Winter, Michael.....	Adell, Sheboygan.....	1864.
Wipf, Jacob.....	Iola, Waupaca.....	1889.
Wippermann, William.....	Mosel, Sheboygan.....	1856.
Wirth, Philip M.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1883.
Wirtz, Michael.....	Summit, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Withee, Nathan H.....	Neillsville, Clark.....	1879, 80.
Woelz, Christian.....	Green Bay, Brown.....	1872.
Wolf, Louis.....	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.....	1864, 74, 76, b.
Wolf, Julius.....	Rhine, Sheboygan.....	1866.
Woller, Frank E.....	Milwaukee.....	1889.
Wood, Albert.....	Quincy, Adams.....	1860.
Wood, Alson.....	Waukau, Winnebago.....	1872, 73.
Wood, David E.....	Manchester, Calumet.....	1850.
Wood, Joseph.....	Grand Rapids, Marathon.....	1856.
Wood, Lewis N.....	Walworth, Walworth.....	1852.
Wood, Uriah.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1878.
Woodard, Lester.....	Pardeeville, Columbia.....	1878.
Woodman, Cryus ².....	.....	1862.
Woodman, William W.....	Farmington, Jefferson.....	1853, 56 b.
Woods, Alexander.....	Hillsboro, Vernon.....	1866.
Woodworth, Elias, Jr.....	Bristol, Racine.....	1848.
Wooster, Henry S.....	Clinton, Rock.....	1865, 66.
Worth, Arthur W.....	Lancaster, Grant.....	1848.
Worthington, Denison.....	Summit, Waukesha.....	1852, 54 b.
Wright, Charles S.....	Racine, Racine.....	1854.
Wright, George.....	Mt. Horeb, Dane.....	1863, 64.
Wright, Hiram A.....	Prairie du Chien, Crawford.....	1853, b.
Wright, Jarvis T.....	Sturgeon Bay, Door.....	1877.
Wright, Lucius W.....	Monticello, Green.....	1867.
Wroe, William H. H.....	Medina, Outagamie.....	1872.
Wunderly, Edward.....	Milwaukee, Milwaukee.....	1848.
Wyatt, Henry H.....	Star, Vernon.....	1877.
Yakey, David C.....	Bloomington, Vernon.....	1880.
York, Henry D.....	Hazel Green, Grant.....	1850, 53, 58.
Yorty, Andrew J.....	Brandon, Fond du Lac.....	1872.
Younans, Henry A.....	Mukwonago, Waukesha.....	1861.
Young, Ephraim W.....	Prairie du Sac, Sauk.....	1860.
Young, James S.....	Stevens Point, Portage.....	1850.
Young, John.....	Black Hawk, Sauk.....	1873.
Young, Milas K.....	Cassville, Grant.....	1854, b.
Young, Robert R.....	Wyalusing, Grant.....	1849.
Young, Wm. H.....	Oconto, Oconto.....	1885.
Youngs, David.....	Ahnapee, Kewaunee.....	1867.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of A. Campbell.² Elected but refused to qualify.^b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY — Continued.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Zabel, C. A. M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Zander, Peter	Cross Plains, Dane	1876.
Zander, William	Larabee, Manitowoc	1879.
Zautcke, Frederick A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 76.
Zeiman, William	Horicon, Dodge	1877.
Zetteler, Frederick T.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 75.
Ziller, Carl	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1863, 64.
Zimmerman, Adolph	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1870, 73, 74.
Zimmerman, Phillip	Mequon, Washington	1848.
Zimmerman, J. Conrad	Germantown, Washington	1854, 50.
Zorn, Charles R.	New Glarus, Green	1887.
	Kiel, Manitowoc	1873, 74, 76.



THE MILWAUKEE LITHO & ENGR CO.

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, WAUKESHA.

SPEAKERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

1848-1891.

Legislature.	Names.	Counties.	Date.
1.....	Ninian E. Whitesides.....	La Fayette.....	1848
2.....	Harrison C. Hobart.....	Sheboygan.....	1849
3.....	Moses M. Strong.....	Iowa.....	1850
4.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Washington.....	1851
5.....	James M. Shafter.....	Sheboygan.....	1852
6.....	Henry L. Palmer.....	Milwaukee.....	1853
7.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Ozaukee.....	1854
8.....	Charles C. Scholes.....	Kenosha.....	1855
9.....	William Hull.....	Grant.....	1856
10.....	Wyman Spooner.....	Walworth.....	1857
11.....	Frederick S. Lovell.....	Kenosha.....	1858
12.....	William P. Lyon.....	Racine.....	1859
13.....	William P. Lyon.....	Racine.....	1860
14.....	Amasa Cobb.....	Iowa.....	1861
15.....	James W. Beardsley.....	Pierce.....	1862
16.....	J. Allen Barber.....	Grant.....	1863
17.....	William W. Field.....	Grant.....	1864
18.....	William W. Field.....	Grant.....	1865
19.....	Henry D. Barron.....	Polk.....	1866
20.....	Angus Cameron.....	La Crosse.....	1867
21.....	Alexander M. Thomson.....	Rock.....	1868
22.....	Alexander M. Thomson.....	Rock.....	1869
23.....	James M. Bingham.....	Jefferson.....	1870
24.....	William E. Smith.....	Dodge.....	1871
25.....	Daniel Hall.....	Jefferson.....	1872
26.....	Henry D. Barron.....	Polk.....	1873
27.....	Gabe Bouck.....	Winnebago.....	1874
28.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	Ozaukee.....	1875
29.....	Sam S. Fifield.....	Ashland.....	1876
30.....	John B. Cassoday.....	Rock.....	1877
31.....	Augustus R. Barrows.....	Chippewa.....	1878
32.....	David M. Kelly.....	Brown.....	1879
33.....	Alexander A. Arnold.....	Trempealeau.....	1880
34.....	Ira B. Bradford.....	Eau Claire.....	1881
35.....	Franklin L. Gilson.....	Pierce.....	1882
36.....	Earl P. Finch.....	Winnebago.....	1883
37.....	Hiram O. Fairchild.....	Marinette.....	1885
38.....	Thos. B. Mills.....	Jackson.....	1887
39.....	Thos. B. Mills.....	Jackson.....	1889
40.....	James J. Hogan.....	La Crosse.....	1891

CHIEF CLERKS OF THE LEGISLATURES.

SENATE.		ASSEMBLY.	
Session.	Names.	Session.	Names.
1.....	Henry G. Abbey.	1.....	Daniel N. Johnson.
2.....	William R. Smith.	2.....	Robert L. Keam.
3.....	William R. Smith.	3.....	Alex. T. Gray.
4.....	William Hull.	4.....	Alex. T. Gray.
5.....	John K. Williams.	5.....	Alex. T. Gray.
6.....	John K. Williams.	6.....	Thomas McHugh.
7.....	Samuel G. Bugh.	7.....	Thomas McHugh.
8.....	Samuel G. Bugh.	8.....	David Atwood.
9.....	Byron Paine.	9.....	James Armstrong.
10.....	Wm. Henry Brisbane.	10.....	William C. Webb.
11.....	John L. V. Thomas.	11.....	L. H. D. Crane.
12.....	Hiram Bowen.	12.....	L. H. D. Crane.
13.....	J. H. Warren.	13.....	L. H. D. Crane.
14.....	J. H. Warren.	14.....	L. H. D. Crane.
15.....	J. H. Warren.	15.....	John S. Deau.
16.....	Frank M. Stewart.	16.....	John S. Deau.
17.....	Frank M. Stewart.	17.....	John S. Deau.
18.....	Frank M. Stewart.	18.....	John S. Deau.
19.....	Frank M. Stewart.	19.....	E. W. Young.
20.....	Leander B. Hills.	20.....	E. W. Young.
21.....	Leander B. Hills.	21.....	E. W. Young.
22.....	Leander B. Hills.	22.....	E. W. Young.
23.....	Leander B. Hills.	23.....	E. W. Young.
24.....	O. R. Smith.	24.....	E. W. Young.
25.....	J. H. Waggoner.	25.....	E. W. Young.
26.....	J. H. Waggoner.	26.....	E. W. Young.
27.....	J. H. Waggoner.	27.....	George W. Peck.
28.....	Fred. A. Dennett.	28.....	R. M. Strong.
29.....	A. J. Turner.	29.....	R. M. Strong.
30.....	A. J. Turner.	30.....	W. A. Nowell.
31.....	A. J. Turner. ¹	31.....	Jabez R. Hunter.
32.....	Charles E. Bross.	32.....	John E. Eldred.
33.....	Charles E. Bross.	33.....	John E. Eldred.
34.....	Charles E. Bross.	34.....	John E. Eldred.
35.....	Charles E. Bross.	35.....	E. D. Coe.
36.....	Charles E. Bross.	36.....	I. T. Carr.
37.....	Charles E. Bross.	37.....	E. D. Coe.
38.....	Charles E. Bross.	38.....	E. D. Coe.
39.....	Charles E. Bross.	39.....	E. D. Coe.
40.....	J. P. Hume.	40.....	Geo W. Porth.

¹ Resigned February 7, 1875, and Chas. E. Bross elected to fill vacancy; also elected Chief Clerk for extra session in June, 1875.

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURES.

SENATE.		ASSEMBLY.	
Session.	Names.	Session.	Names.
1.....	Lyman H. Seaver.	1.....	John Mullanphy.
2.....	F. W. Shollner.	2.....	Felix McLinden.
3.....	James Hanrahan.	3.....	E. R. Hugunin.
4.....	E. D. Masters.	4.....	C. M. Kingsbury.
5.....	Patrick Cosgrove.	5.....	Elisha Starr.
6.....	Thomas Hood.	6.....	Richard F. Wilson.
7.....	J. M. Sherwood.	7.....	William H. Gleason.
8.....	William H. Gleason.	8.....	William Blake.
9.....	Joseph Baker.	9.....	Ezbert Mosely.
10.....	Alanson Filer.	10.....	William C. Rogers.
11.....	Nathaniel L. Stout.	11.....	Francis Massing.
12.....	Asa Kinney.	12.....	Emanuel Munk.
13.....	Asa Kinney.	13.....	Joseph Gates.
14.....	J. A. Hadley.	14.....	Craig B. Beebe.
15.....	B. U. Caswell.	15.....	A. A. Huntington.
16.....	Luther Basford.	16.....	A. M. Thomson.
17.....	Nelson Williams.	17.....	A. M. Thomson.
18.....	Nelson Williams.	18.....	Alonzo Wilcox.
19.....	Nelson Williams.	19.....	L. M. Hammond.
20.....	Asa Kinney.	20.....	Daniel Webster.
21.....	W. H. Hamilton.	21.....	C. L. Harris.
22.....	W. H. Hamilton.	22.....	Rollin C. Kelly.
23.....	E. M. Rogers.	23.....	Ole C. Johnson.
24.....	W. W. Baker.	24.....	Sam S. Fifield.
25.....	W. D. Hoard.	25.....	Sam S. Fifield.
26.....	Albert Emonson.	26.....	O. C. Bissell.
27.....	O. U. Akin.	27.....	Joseph Deuster.
28.....	O. U. Akin.	28.....	J. W. Brackett.
29.....	E. T. Gardner.	29.....	Elisha Starr.
30.....	C. E. Bullard.	30.....	Thos. B. Reid.
31.....	L. J. Brayton.	31.....	Anton Klaus.
32.....	Chalmers Ingersoll.	32.....	Miletus Knight.
33.....	Chalmers Ingersoll.	33.....	D. H. Pulcifer.
34.....	W. W. Baker.	34.....	G. W. Church.
35.....	A. T. Glaze.	35.....	D. E. Welch.
36.....	A. D. Thorp.	36.....	Thomas Kennedy.
37.....	Hubert Wolcott.	37.....	John M. Ewing.
38.....	T. J. George.	38.....	Wm. A. Adamson.
39.....	T. J. George.	39.....	F. E. Parsons.
40.....	John A. Barney.	40.....	Patrick Whelen

LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No Reps.
1836 ..	October 25th	Dec. 9, 1836	46 days	39
1837 ..	November 6th	Jan. 20, 1838	76 days	39
1838 ..	June 11th	June 25, 1838	15 days	33
1838 ..	November 26th	Dec. 22, 1838	27 days	37
1839 ..	January 21st	March 11, 1839	50 days	39
1839 ..	December 2d	Jan. 13, 1840	43 days	39
1840 ..	August 3d	August 14, 1840	12 days	39
1840 ..	December 7th	Feb. 19, 1841	75 days	39
1841 ..	December 6th	Feb. 19, 1842	76 days	39
1843 ..	March 6th	March 25, 1843	20 days	39
1843 ..	March 27th	April 17, 1843	22 days	39
1843 ..	December 4th	Jan. 31, 1844	59 days	39
1845 ..	January 6th	Feb. 24, 1845	50 days	39
1846 ..	January 5th	Feb. 3, 1846	30 days	39
1847 ..	January 4th	Feb. 11, 1847	39 days	39
1847 ..	October 18th	Oct. 27, 1847	10 days	39
1848 ..	February 7th	March 13, 1848	36 days	39

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No Reps.
1846....	October 5th	Dec. 16, 1846	73 days	124

SECOND CONVENTION.

1847....	December 15th	Feb. 1, 1848	48 days	65
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STATE ORGANIZATION.

First Session—The first session of the State Legislature was held at the Capitol at Madison, on Monday, the fifth day of June, A. D. 1848, pursuant to the Constitution, which had been adopted by a large majority of the people. The apportionment of Senators and Representatives was under Constitutional provisions, until otherwise declared by law. It convened June 5, 1848, and adjourned August 21, 1848, seventy eight days. There were eighty-five members.

Second Session—Convened on the 10th of January, 1849, and adjourned April 2, 1849, eighty-three days, eighty-five members.

Third Session—Convened January 9, and adjourned February 11, 1850, thirty-four days, eighty-five members.

Fourth Session — Convened January 8, 1851, and adjourned March 17, 1851, sixty-nine days, eighty-five members.

Fifth Session — Convened January 14, 1852, and adjourned April 19, 1852, ninety-seven days, eighty-five members.

Sixth Session — This Legislature convened on the 12th of January, 1853, and adjourned on the 4th day of April, 1853, until the 6th day of June following, for the purpose that the Senate might sit as a Court of Impeachment, and the Assembly be present to prosecute the trial of Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, against whom Articles of Impeachment had been exhibited, charging him with acts of corrupt conduct and malfeasance in office. For this purpose the Legislature again convened on the 6th day of June, and adjourned finally on the 13th of July, 1853. The legislative session amounted to one hundred and twenty-one days, with one hundred and seven members.

Seventh Session — Convened January 11, 1854, and adjourned April 3, 1854, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.

Eighth Session — Convened January 10, 1855, and adjourned April 2, 1855, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.

Ninth Session — Convened January 9, 1856, and took a recess from, March 31, 1856, to September 3, 1856, and adjourned October 14, 1856, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and seven members.

Tenth Session — Convened January 14, and adjourned March 9, 1857, fifty-five days, one hundred and seven members.

Eleventh Session — Convened January 13, and adjourned May 17, 1858, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Twelfth Session — Convened January 13, 1859, and adjourned March 21, 1859, sixty-nine days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Thirteenth Session — Convened January 11, 1860, and adjourned April 2, 1860, eighty-three days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Fourteenth Session — Convened January 9, and adjourned April 17, 1861. Re-convened May 15, and adjourned May 27, 1861, a total of one hundred and twelve days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.

Fifteenth Session — Convened January 8, 1862, and adjourned April 7, 1862. Re-convened June 3, 1862, and adjourned June 17, 1862. Met in extra session September 10, 1862, and adjourned September 25, 1862, a total of one hundred and twenty-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Sixteenth Session — Convened January 14, 1863, and adjourned April 2, 1863, seventy-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Seventeenth Session — Convened January 13, 1864, and adjourned April 4, 1864, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Eighteenth Session — Convened January 11, 1865, and adjourned April 10, 1865, ninety days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Nineteenth Session — Convened January 10, 1866, and adjourned April 12, 1866, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twentieth Session — Convened January 9, 1867, and adjourned April 11, 1867, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-first Session — Convened January 8, 1868, and adjourned March 6, 1868, fifty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-second Session — Convened January 13, 1869, and adjourned March 11, 1869, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-third Session — Convened January 12, 1870 and adjourned March 17, 1870, sixty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-fourth Session — Convened January 11, 1871, and adjourned March 25, 1871, seventy-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-fifth Session — Convened January 10, 1872, and adjourned March 26, 1872, seventy-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

Twenty-sixth Session — Convened January 8, 1873, and adjourned March 20, 1873, seventy-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

- Twenty-seventh Session*—Convened January 14, 1874, and adjourned March 12, 1874, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-eighth Session*—Convened January 13, 1875, and adjourned March 6, 1875, fifty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-ninth Session*—Convened January 12, 1876, and adjourned March 14, 1876, sixty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirtieth Session*—Convened January 10, 1877, and adjourned March 8, 1877, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-first Session*—Convened January 9, 1878, and adjourned March 21, 1878. Met in extra session June 4, 1878, for the purpose of completing the revision of the statutes, and adjourned June 7, 1878. Officers same as at regular session. Seventy-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-second Session*—Convened January 8, 1879, and adjourned March 5, 1879, fifty-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-third Session*—Convened January 14, 1880, and adjourned March 17, 1880, sixty-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fourth Session*—Convened January 12, 1881, and adjourned April 4, 1881, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fifth Session*—Convened January 11, 1882, and adjourned March 31, 1882, eighty-days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-sixth Session*—Convened January 10, 1883, and adjourned April 4, 1883, eighty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-seventh Session*—Convened January 14, 1885, and adjourned April 13, 1885, eighty-nine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-eighth Session*—Convened January 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-ninth Session*—Convened January 9, 1889, and adjourned April 19, 1889, one hundred days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Fortieth Session*—Convened January 14, 1891, and adjourned ———.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

[To meet second Monday in January—See Ch. 1, Laws 1889.]

1846. Elected November 7.

At Large—Francis Huebschmann.
Wm. Dunwiddle.
1st District—David P. Mapes.
2d District—Samuel F. Nichols.

1852. Elected November 2.

At Large—Montgomery M. Cothren.
Satterlee Clark.
1st District—Philo White.
2d District—Beriah Brown.
3d District—Charles Billinghamurst.

1856. Elected November 4.

At Large—Edward D. Holton.
James H. Knowlton.
1st District—Gregor Menzel.
2d District—Walter D. McIndoe.
3d District—Billie Williams.

1860. Elected November 6.

At Large—Walter D. McIndoe.
Bradford Rixford.
1st District—Wm. W. Vaughan.
2d District—J. Allen Barber.
3d District—Herman Lindeman.

1864. Elected November 3.

At Large—William W. Field.
Henry L. Blood.
1st District—George C. Northrop.
2d District—Jonathan Bowman.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Henry J. Turner.
5th District—Henry F. Belitz.
6th District—Alexander S. McDill.

1868. Elected November 3.

At Large—Stephen S. Barlow.
Henry D. Barron.
1st District—Elihu Enos.
2d District—Charles G. Williams.
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Leander F. Frisby.
5th District—William G. Ritch.
6th District—Wm. T. Price.

1872. Elected November 5.

At Large—William E. Cramer.
Frederick Fleischer.
1st District—Jerome S. Nickles.
2d District—George G. Swain.
3d District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
4th District—Frederick Hilgen.
5th District—Edward C. McPetridge.
6th District—George E. Hoskinson.
7th District—Romanzo Bunn.
8th District—Henry D. Barron.

1876. Elected November 7.

At Large—Wm H. Hiner.
Francis Campbell.
1st District—T. D. Weeks.
2d District—T. D. Lang.
3d District—Daniel L. Downs.
4th District—Casper M. Sanger.
5th District—Charles Luling.
6th District—James H. Foster.
7th District—Charles B. Solberg.
8th District—John H. Knapp.

1880. Elected November 2.

At Large—George End.
Knud Langland.
1st District—Lucius S. Blake.
2d District—John Kellogg.
3d District—George E. Weatherby.
4th District—Wm. P. McLaren.
5th District—C. T. Lovell.
6th District—E. L. Browne.
7th District—F. H. Krebs.
8th District—John T. Kingston.

1884. Elected November 4.

At Large—C. J. L. Meyer.
F. A. Husher.
1st District—J. W. Ostrander.
2d District—D. C. Van Brun.
3d District—Joseph Harris.
4th District—John Kugee.
5th District—E. W. Arndt.
6th District—B. T. Rogers.
7th District—W. M. Fogo.
8th District—Canute Anderson.
9th District—E. L. Browne.

1888. Elected November 6.

At Large—Lucius Fairchild.
Syver E. Brimi.
1st District—C. N. Palmer.
2d District—Allen P. Harwood.
3d District—A. C. Dodge.
4th District—Julius Goldschmidt.
5th District—John Ruch.
6th District—Albert F. Hill.
7th District—Oscar F. Temple.
8th District—Currie G. Bell.
9th District—John Finney.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS,

FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
George W. Jones	Oct. 10, 1836	Henry Dodge	Sept. 25, 1843
James D. Doty	Sept. 10, 1833	Morgan L. Martin	Sept. 22, 1845
James D. Doty	Aug. 5, 1840	John H. Tweedy	Sept. 6, 1847
Henry Dodge	Sept. 27, 1841		

UNITED STATES SENATORS,

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Names.	When elected.	Names.	When elected.
Isaac P. Walker	June 8, 1843	Matthew H. Carpenter	Jan. 26, 1869
Henry Dodge	June 8, 1843	Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 21, 1873
Isaac P. Walker	Jan. 17, 1849	Angus Cameron	Feb. 3, 1875
Henry Dodge	Jan. 20, 1851	Matthew H. Carpenter	Jan. 22, 1879
Charles Durkee	Feb. 1, 1855	Philetus Sawyer	Jan. 26, 1881
James R. Doolittle	Jan. 23, 1857	Angus Cameron	Mar. 10, 1881
Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 23, 1861	John C. Spooner	Jan. 28, 1885
James R. Doolittle	Jan. 22, 1863	Philetus Sawyer	Jan. 26, 1887
Timothy O. Howe	Jan. 24, 1867	William F. Vilas	Jan. 28, 1891

REPRESENTATIVES,

(By Congresses)

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

XXXth Congress, 1847-49.

- 1st District — William Pitt Lynde.¹
2d District — Mason C. Darling.¹

XXXIst Congress, 1849-51.

- 1st District — Charles Durkee.
2d District — Orsamus Cole.
3d District — James Duane Doty.

XXXIIId Congress, 1851-53.

- 1st District — Charles Durkee.
2d District — Ben. C. Eastman.
3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIIIId Congress, 1853-55.

- 1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr.
2d District — Ben. C. Eastman.
3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIVth Congress, 1855-57.

- 1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr.
2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVth Congress, 1857-59.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
3d District — Charles Billingshurst.

XXXVIth Congress, 1859-61.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
3d District — Charles H. Larrabee.

XXXVIIth Congress, 1861-63.

- 1st District — John F. Potter.
2d District — Luther Hanchett.²
Walter D. McIndoe.
3d District — A. Scott Sloan.

XXXVIIIth Congress, 1863-65.

- 1st District — James S. Brown,
2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan.
3d District — Amasa Cobb.
4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
5th District — Ezra Wheeler.
6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XXXIXth Congress, 1865-67.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan.
3d District — Amasa Cobb.
4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XLth Congress, 1867-69.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.
3d District — Amasa Cobb.
4th District — Charles E. Eldridge.
5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

¹ Elected May 8, and took their seats June 5 and 9, 1848.

² Died November 24, 1862, and Walter D. McIndoe elected to fill the vacancy, December 30, 1862.

XLIIst Congress, 1869-71.

- 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
- 2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.¹
David Atwood.
- 3d District — Amasa Cobb.
- 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
- 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIIIrd Congress, 1871-73.

- 1st District — Alexander Mitchell.
- 2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton.
- 3d District — J. Allen Barber.
- 4th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
- 5th District — Philetus Sawyer.
- 6th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.

XLIIIrd Congress, 1873-75.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton.
- 3d District — J. Allen Barber.
- 4th District — Alexander Mitchell.
- 5th District — Charles A. Eldridge.
- 6th District — Philetus Sawyer.
- 7th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.
- 8th District — Alexander S. McDill.

XLIVth Congress, 1875-77.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District — Henry S. Magoon.
- 4th District — William Pitt Lynde.
- 5th District — Samuel D. Burchard.
- 6th District — Alanson M. Kimball.
- 7th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk.
- 8th District — George W. Cate.

XLVth Congress, 1877-79.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District — William Pitt Lynde.
- 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District — Gabriel Bouck.
- 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIth Congress, 1879-81.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District — Gabriel Bouck.
- 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIth Congress, 1881-83.

- 1st District — Charles G. Williams.
- 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 3d District — George C. Hazelton.
- 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District — Edward S. Bragg.
- 6th District — Richard Guenther.
- 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey.
- 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIIth Congress, 1883-85.

- 1st District — John Winans.
- 2d District — Daniel H. Sumner.
- 3d District — Burr W. Jones.
- 4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
- 5th District — Joseph Rankin.
- 6th District — Richard Guenther.
- 7th District — Gilbert M. Woodward.
- 8th District — William T. Price.
- 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

XLIXth Congress, 1885-87.

- 1st District — Lucien B. Caswell.
- 2d District — Edward S. Bragg.
- 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
- 4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick.
- 5th District — Joseph Rankin.²
T. R. Hudd.
- 6th District — Richard Guenther.
- 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District — William T. Price.³
Hugh H. Price.
- 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

Lth Congress, 1887-89.

- 1st District — L. B. Caswell.
- 2d District — Richard Guenther.
- 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
- 4th District — Henry Smith.
- 5th District — T. R. Hudd.
- 6th District — C. B. Clark.
- 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
- 9th District — Isaac Stephenson.

LIIst Congress, 1889-91.

- 1st District — L. B. Caswell.
- 2d District — Charles Barwig.
- 3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
- 4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick.
- 5th District — George H. Brickner.
- 6th District — C. B. Clark.
- 7th District — Ormsby B. Thomas.
- 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
- 9th District — Myron H. McCord.

LIId Congress, 1891-93.

- 1st District — Clinton Babbitt.
- 2d District — Charles Barwig.
- 3d District — Allen R. Bushnell.
- 4th District — John L. Mitchell.
- 5th District — George H. Brickner.
- 6th District — Lucas M. Miller.
- 7th District — Frank P. Coburn.
- 8th District — Nils P. Haugen.
- 9th District — Thomas Lynch.

¹ Died Jan. 1, 1870, and David Atwood elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 15, 1870.

² Died Jan. 24, 1886, T. R. Hudd elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 3, 1886.

³ Died Dec. 7, 1886, Hugh H. Price elected to fill vacancy, Jan. 19, 1887.

U. S. PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS.

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	NAME.	Native state.	Ancestry.	Year of birth.	Residence.	Inaugurated.		Years served.	Politics.	Place of death.	Age at death.
						Year.	Age.				
1	George Washington.....	Va.	English.....	1732	Va. . .	1789	57	8	Federalist	Mount Vernon, 1799	67
2	John Adams.....	Mass.	English.....	1735	Mass.	1797	62	4	Federalist	Quincy, Mass., 1826	91
3	Thomas Jefferson.....	Va.	Welsh.....	1743	Va.	1804	58	8	Republican	Monticello, Va., 1826	83
4	James Madison.....	Va.	English.....	1751	Va.	1809	58	8	Republican	Montpelier, Va., 1836	85
5	James Monroe.....	Va.	Scotch.....	1758	Va.	1817	59	8	Republican	New York City, 1831	73
6	John Quincy Adams.....	Mass.	English.....	1767	Mass.	1825	58	4	Republican	Washington, 1848	81
7	Andrew Jackson.....	S. C. .	Scotch-Irish ..	1767	Tenn.	1829	62	8	Democrat	Hemitage, Tenn., 1845	78
8	Martin Van Buren.....	N. Y. .	Dutch.....	1782	N. Y. .	1837	55	4	Democrat	Kinderhook, N. Y., 1862	80
9	William H. Harrison.....	Va.	English.....	1773	Ohio.	1841	58	1 mo.	Whig	Washington, 1841	68
10	John Tyler.....	Va.	English.....	1790	Va.	1841	51	4	Democrat	Richmond, Va., 1862	72
11	James K. Polk.....	N. C. .	Scotch-Irish ..	1795	Tenn.	1845	60	4	Democrat	Nashville, Tenn., 1849	54
12	Zachary Taylor.....	Va.	English.....	1784	La.	1849	55	1	Whig	Washington, 1850	66
13	Millard Fillmore.....	N. Y. .	English.....	1800	N. Y. .	1850	50	3	Whig	Buffalo, N. Y., 1874	74
14	Franklin Pierce.....	N. H. .	English.....	1804	N. H. .	1853	49	4	Democrat	Concord, N. H., 1869	65
15	James Buchanan.....	Pa.	Scotch-Irish ..	1791	Pa.	1857	66	4	Democrat	Wheatland, Pa., 1868	77
16	Abraham Lincoln.....	Ky.	English.....	1809	Ill.	1861	52	4	Republican	Washington, 1865	56
17	Andrew Johnson.....	N. C. .	English.....	1808	Tenn.	1865	57	4	Republican	Greenville, Tenn., 1875	67
18	Ulysses S. Grant.....	Ohio.	Scotch.....	1822	Ill.	1869	47	8	Republican	Mt. M'Gregor, N. Y., 1885	63
19	Rutherford B. Hayes.....	Ohio.	English.....	1822	Ohio.	1877	55	4	Republican .....	.....	.....
20	James A. Garfield.....	Ohio.	English.....	1831	Ohio.	1881	49	6½ mos.	Republican	Long Branch, N. J., 1881	50
21	Chester A. Arthur.....	Vt.	Scotch-Irish ..	1830	N. Y. .	1881	51	3y. 5½ mos.	Republican	New York City, 1886	56
22	Grover Cleveland.....	N. J. .	English.....	1837	N. Y. .	1885	48	4	Democrat .....	.....	.....
23	Benjamin Harrison.....	Ohio.	English.....	1833	Ind.	1889	56	.....	Republican .....	.....	.....

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	NAME.	BIRTH.		Residence when elected.	Year inaugurated.	Years served.	Politics	DEATH.		
		Place.	Year.					Place.	Year.	Age.
1	John Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.	1735	Massachusetts..	1789	8	Fed...	Quincy, Mass.	1826	91
2	Thomas Jefferson.....	Shadwell, Va.	1743	Virginia	1797	4	Rep ..	Monticello, Va.	1826	83
3	Aaron Burr	Newark, N. J.	1756	New York	1801	4	Rep ..	Staten Island, N. Y.	1836	80
4	George Clinton.....	Ulster Co., N. Y.	1739	New York	1805	7 y., 1 m., 16 d*	Rep ..	Washington, D. C.	1812	73
5	Elbridge Gerry.....	Marblehead, Mass ..	1744	Massachusetts..	1813	1 y., 8 m., 19 d*	Rep ..	Washington, D. C.	1814	70
6	Daniel D. Tompkins.....	Searsdale, N. Y.	1774	New York	1817	8	Rep ..	Staten Island, N. Y.	1825	51
7	John C. Calhoun	Abbeville, S. C.	1732	South Carolina	1825	7 y., 9 m., 24 d†	Rep ..	Washington, D. C.	1850	68
8	Martin Van Buren.....	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1782	New York	1833	4	Dem ..	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1862	80
9	Rich. M. Johnson.....	Louisville, Ky	1780	Kentucky	1837	4	Dem ..	Frankfort, Ky.	1850	70
10	John Tyler	Greenway, Va.	1790	Virginia	1841	1 month†	Dem ..	Richmond, Va.	1862	72
11	George M. Dallas.....	Philadelphia, Pa.	1792	Pennsylvania ..	1845	4	Dem ..	Philadelphia, Pa.	1864	72
12	Millard Fillmore.....	Summer Hill, N. Y.	1800	New York	1849	1 y., 4 m., 4 d†	Whig..	Buffalo, N. Y.	1874	74
13	William R. King.....	Samson Co., N. C.	1786	Alabama	1853	1 m., 14 d*	Dem ..	Dallas County, Ala.	1853	67
14	J. C. Breckenridge.....	Lexington, Ky.	1821	Kentucky	1857	4	Dem ..	Lexington, Ky.	1875	54
15	Hanibal Hamlin.....	Paris, Me.	1809	Maine	1861		Rep ..	.....	.....	.....
16	Andrew Johnson.....	Raleigh, N. C.	1808	Tennessee	1865	1 m., 11 d†	Rep ..	Carter County, Tenn.	1875	67
17	Schuyler Colfax.....	New York City.....	1823	Indiana	1869	4	Rep ..	Mankato, Minn.	1885	62
18	Henry Wilson.....	Farmington, N. H.	1812	Massachusetts..	1873	2 y., 8 m., 18 d*	Rep ..	Washington, D. C.	1875	63
19	Win. A. Wheeler.....	Malone, N. Y.	1819	New York	1877	4	Rep ..	Malone, N. Y.	1887	68
20	Chester A. Arthur.....	Fairfield, Vt.	1830	New York	1881	6 m., 15 d†	Rep ..	New York City.....	1886	56
21	T. A. Hendricks.....	Muskingum Co., O.	1819	Indiana	1885	8 m., 21 d*	Dem ..	Indianapolis, Ind.	1885	66
22	Levi P. Morton.....	Shoreham, Vt.	1824	New York	1889		Rep ..	.....	.....	.....

* Died in office.

† Resigned.

‡ Succeeded to the presidency because of the death of the incumbent of that office.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

A LIST of the Senators who have been elected by the Senate to preside over that body in the absence of the Vice-President, or while he was acting as President, or while the office of Vice-President was vacant by reason of the death of the incumbent.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon	New Hampshire	1739	1819
2	1792	Richard H. Lee	Virginia	1732	1794
2, 3	1792-94	John Langdon	New Hampshire	1739	1819
3	1794-95	Ralph Izard	South Carolina	1742	1804
3, 4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell	Virginia	1753	1799
4	1796-97	Samuel Livermore	New Hampshire	1732	1803
4, 5	1797	William Bingham	Pennsylvania	1751	1804
5	1797	William Bradford	Rhode Island	1729	1808
5	1797-98	Jacob Read	South Carolina	1752	1816
5	1798	Theodore Sedgwick	Massachusetts	1746	1813
5	1798-99	John Laurence	New York	1750	1810
5	1799	James Ross	Pennsylvania	1762	1847
6	1799-1800	Samuel Livermore	New Hampshire	1732	1803
6	1800	Uriah Tracy	Connecticut	1755	1807
6	1800-01	John E. Howard	Maryland	1752	1827
6	1801	James Hillhouse	Connecticut	1754	1832
7	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin	Georgia	1754	1807
7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradley	Vermont	1754	1820
8	1803-04	John Brown	Kentucky	1757	1837
8	1804-05	Jesse Franklin	North Carolina	1758	1823
8	1805	Joseph Anderson	Tennessee	1757	1837
9, 10	1805-08	Samuel Smith	Maryland	1752	1839
10	1808-09	Stephen R. Bradley	Vermont	1754	1830
10, 11	1809	John Milledge	Georgia	1757	1818
11	1809-10	Andrew Gregg	Pennsylvania	1755	1835
11	1810-11	John Gaillard	South Carolina .....	.....	1826
11, 12	1811-12	John Pope	Kentucky	1770	1845
12, 13	1812-13	Wm. H. Crawford	Georgia	1772	1834
13	1813-14	Joseph B. Varnum	Massachusetts	1750	1821
13, 15	1814-18	John Gaillard	South Carolina .....	.....	1826
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbour	Virginia	1775	1842
16-19	1820-26	John Gaillard	South Carolina .....	.....	1826
19, 20	1826-28	Nathaniel Macon	North Carolina	1757	1837
20-22	1828-32	Samuel Smith	Maryland	1752	1839
22	1832	L. W. Tazewell	Virginia	1774	1860
22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White	Tennessee	1773	1840
23	1834-35	George Poindexter	Mississippi	1779	1853
24	1835-36	John Tyler	Virginia	1790	1862
24-26	1836-41	William R. King	Alabama	1786	1853
26, 27	1841-42	Samuel L. Southard	New Jersey	1787	1842
27-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum	North Carolina	1792	1861
29, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison	Missouri	1807	1886
31, 32	1850-52	William R. King	Alabama	1786	1853
32, 33	1852-54	D. R. Atchison	Missouri	1807	1886
33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright	Indiana	1812	1875
34	1857	James A. Mason	Virginia	1798	1871
35, 36	1857-61	Benjamin Fitzpatrick	Alabama	1802	1869
36-38	1861-64	Solomon Foot	Vermont	1802	1866
38	1864-65	Daniel Clark	New Hampshire	1809	.....
39	1865-67	Lafayette S. Foster	Connecticut	1806	1880
40	1867-69	Benjamin F. Wade	Ohio	1800	1878
41, 42	1869-73	Henry B. Anthony	Rhode Island	1815	1884
43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter	Wisconsin	1824	1881
44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry	Michigan	1827	.....
46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman	Ohio	1813	.....
47	1881	Thomas F. Bayard	Delaware	1828	.....
48	1881-83	David Davis	Illinois	1815	1886
49	1883-85	George F. Edmunds	Vermont	1828	.....
49	1885-87	John Sherman	Ohio	1823	.....
49, 50, 51	1887-	John J. Ingalls	Kansas	1833	.....

SPEAKERS OF THE U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

CON- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenburg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
2	1791-93	Jonathan Trumbull.....	Connecticut.....	1740	1809
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenburg.....	Pennsylvania.....	1750	1801
4, 5	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton.....	New Jersey.....	1760	1824
6	1799-01	Theodore Sedgwick.....	Massachusetts.....	1746	1813
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Macon.....	North Carolina.....	1757	1837
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum.....	Massachusetts.....	1750	1821
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves.....	South Carolina.....	1776	1857
14-16	1815-20	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
17	1821-23	Philip B. Barbour.....	Virginia.....	1783	1841
18	1823-25	Henry Clay.....	Kentucky.....	1777	1852
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor.....	New York.....	1784	1854
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson.....	Virginia.....	1784	1857
23	1834-35	John Bell.....	Tennessee.....	1797	1869
24, 25	1835-39	James K. Polk.....	Tennessee.....	1795	1849
26	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter.....	Virginia.....	1809	1887
27	1841-43	John White.....	Kentucky.....	1805	1845
28	1843-45	John W. Jones.....	Virginia.....	1805	1848
29	1845-47	John W. Davis.....	Indiana.....	1799	1850
30	1847-49	Robert C. Winthrop.....	Massachusetts.....	1809	.....
31	1849-51	Howell Cobb.....	Georgia.....	1815	1868
32, 33	1851-55	Linn Boyd.....	Kentucky.....	1800	1859
34	1856-57	Nathaniel P. Banks.....	Massachusetts.....	1816	.....
35	1857-59	James L. Orr.....	South Carolina.....	1822	1873
36	1860-61	William Pennington.....	New Jersey.....	1796	1862
37	1861-63	Galusha A. Grow.....	Pennsylvania.....	1823	.....
38-40	1863-69	Schuyler Colfax.....	Indiana.....	1823	1885
41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine.....	Maine.....	1830	.....
44	1875-76	Michael C. Kerr.....	Indiana.....	1827	1876
44	1875-76	Michael C. Kerr.....	Indiana.....	1827	1876
44-46	1876-81	Samuel J. Randall.....	Pennsylvania.....	1828	1896
47	1881-83	John W. Keifer.....	Ohio.....	1836	.....
48-50	1883-89	John G. Carlisle.....	Kentucky.....	1835	.....
51	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed.....	Maine.....	1839	.....



PART III.

ELECTION STATISTICS.



WISCONSIN FISH HATCHERY, FITCHBURG,
NEAR MADISON.

THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENGR. CO.



ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT,

At each election from 1860 to 1888.

STATES.	1860.			1864. ¹		1868. ²		1872.		1876.		1880.		1884.		1888.			
	Lincoln—Rep.	Breckenridge—Dem.	Bell—American.	Douglas—Ind. Dem.	Lincoln—Rep.	McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Hendricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep.	Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep.	Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.	
Alabama	9	4					8		10			10		10	6			10	
Arkansas					5		5				6	6		5	7			7	
California	4						5		6		3	3	1						
Colorado					6		5		6			3	3						
Connecticut	6						5		6		6	6		6	6			6	
Delaware		3				3		3	3		3	3	3	3	3			3	
Florida									4		4			4	4			4	
Georgia	10							9				11		11	12			12	
Illinois	11				16		16		21		21	21	21		22	22			
Indiana	13				13		13		15		15	15			15			15	
Iowa	4				3		3		11	5	11	11	11		13	13		13	
Kansas					3		3		5	8	5		5		9	9			
Kentucky			12			11		11				12		12	13			13	
Louisiana		6					7		7		7		7	8	8			8	
Maine	8				7		7		7	8	6		7			6	6		
Maryland		8			7		7				8	8		8	8			8	
Massachusetts	13				12		12		13		13	13	13		14	14			
Michigan	6				6		8		11		11		11		13	13			
Minnesota	4				4		4		5		5		5		7	7			
Mississippi		7							8			8		8	9			9	
Missouri			9		11		11			6		15		15	16			16	
Nebraska							3		3		3		3		5	5			
Nevada					2		3		3		3		3		3	3			
New Hampshire	5				5		5		5		5		5		4	4			
New Jersey	4		3		5	7		7	9			9		9	9			9	
New York	35				33		33		35		35	35	35		36		36		
North Carolina		10					9		10					10	11			11	
Ohio	23				21		21		22		22	22	22		23	23			
Oregon		3			3		3		3		3		3		3	3			
Pennsylvania	27				26		26		29		29	29	29		30	30			
Rhode Island	4				4		4		4		4		4						
South Carolina		8					6		7		7				9			9	
Tennessee					12				12			12		12	12			12	
Texas		4								8		8		8	13			13	
Vermont		5			5		5		5		5		5			4	4		
Virginia			15				5		11			11		11	12			12	
West Virginia					5		5		5			5		5	6			6	
Wisconsin		5			8		8		10		10		10			11	11		
Total	180	72	39	12	212	21	214	80	286	42	185	184	214	155	219	182	233	168	
No. of states voting	33			36		37		37		38		38		38		38		38	

¹ Eleven southern states did not vote in 1864.

² Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1863.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH
PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[By States.]

STATES. (38)	1884.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Butler. Green.	St. John. Pro.	Blaine. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.
Alabama	59,591	93,951	873	612		34,360
Arkansas	50,895	72,927	1,847			22,032
California	102,416	89,258	2,017	2,920	13,128	
Colorado	50,290	27,733	1,958	761	8,567	
Connecticut	65,923	67,199	1,688	2,305		1,274
Delaware	12,951	16,964	6	55		4,013
Florida	28,091	31,766		72		3,735
Georgia	49,603	94,667	145	195		46,064
Illinois	357,474	312,355	10,910	12,074	25,119	
Indiana	258,463	244,990	8,293	3,028		6,527
Iowa	197,089	177,316		1,472	19,773	
Kansas	154,406	90,132	16,341	4,495	64,274	
Kentucky	118,122	152,961	1,691	3,139		34,839
Louisiana	46,347	62,540				16,193
Maine	72,209	52,140	3,953	2,160	20,069	
Maryland	85,699	96,932	531	2,794		11,233
Massachusetts	146,724	122,481	24,433	10,026	24,243	
Michigan	192,669	149,835	42,243	18,408	42,834	
Minnesota	111,923	70,144	3,583	4,684	41,779	
Mississippi	43,509	76,510				33,001
Missouri	202,929	235,988		2,153		33,059
Nebraska	76,912	54,391		2,899	22,521	
Nevada	7,193	5,578	26		1,615	
New Hampshire	43,249	39,182	552	1,571	4,066	
New Jersey	123,440	127,798	3,496	6,159		4,358
New York	562,005	563,154	16,994	25,016		1,149
North Carolina	125,068	142,052		454		17,684
Ohio	400,082	368,289	5,179	11,069	31,802	
Oregon	26,860	24,604	726	492	2,256	
Pennsylvania	473,804	392,785	16,992	15,283	81,019	
Rhode Island	19,030	12,391	422	925	6,639	
South Carolina	21,733	60,890				48,157
Tennessee	124,078	133,258	957	1,131		9,180
Texas	93,141	225,309	3,321	3,594		132,168
Vermont	39,514	17,331	785	1,752	22,183	
Virginia	139,356	145,497		138		6,141
West Virginia	63,096	67,317		939		4,221
Wisconsin	161,135	146,453	4,598	7,649	14,682	
Total	4,851,959	4,874,980	175,370	150,362	446,563	469,584
Plurality		23,021				23,021

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH
PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[By States.]

STATES. (38)	1888.					
	VOTES.				PLURALITIES.	
	Harrison. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. U. Lab.	Harrison. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.
Alabama.....	57,197	117,310	583	.....	.....	60,113
Arkansas.....	58,752	85,962	614	10,613	.....	27,210
California.....	124,800	117,729	5,761	.....	7,080	.....
Colorado.....	51,796	37,610	2,210	112	14,186	.....
Connecticut.....	74,584	74,920	4,294	.....	.....	396
Delaware.....	12,973	16,414	400	.....	.....	3,441
Florida.....	26,657	39,561	417	.....	.....	12,904
Georgia.....	40,496	100,499	1,800	136	.....	60,003
Illinois.....	370,473	248,272	21,695	7,090	22,201	.....
Indiana.....	263,361	261,013	9,881	2,694	2,348	.....
Iowa.....	211,598	179,877	3,550	9,105	31,721	.....
Kansas.....	182,904	102,745	6,779	37,788	80,159	.....
Kentucky.....	155,134	183,800	5,225	622	.....	28,666
Louisiana.....	30,701	85,032	127	.....	.....	54,331
Maine.....	73,734	50,481	2,691	1,344	23,253	.....
Maryland.....	99,986	106,168	4,767	.....	.....	6,182
Massachusetts.....	183,892	151,590	8,701	.....	32,302	.....
Michigan.....	236,307	213,404	20,942	4,542	22,903	.....
Minnesota.....	142,482	104,385	15,311	1,095	38,097	.....
Mississippi.....	30,096	85,471	218	22	.....	55,375
Missouri.....	236,253	261,954	4,540	18,589	.....	25,701
Nebraska.....	108,425	80,552	9,429	4,226	27,873	.....
Nevada.....	7,238	5,326	45	.....	.....	1,912
New Hampshire.....	46,728	43,358	1,592	13	2,370	.....
New Jersey.....	144,344	151,493	7,904	.....	.....	7,149
New York.....	650,338	635,965	30,231	626	14,373	.....
North Carolina.....	134,784	147,902	2,789	37	.....	13,118
Ohio.....	416,054	396,455	24,356	3,496	19,599	.....
Oregon.....	33,293	26,522	1,677	.....	6,771	.....
Pennsylvania.....	526,091	446,633	20,947	3,873	79,458	.....
Rhode Island.....	21,969	17,530	1,251	.....	4,439	.....
South Carolina.....	13,740	65,825	.....	.....	.....	52,085
Tennessee.....	139,989	158,787	5,969	.....	.....	18,798
Texas.....	88,422	234,883	4,749	29,459	.....	146,461
Vermont.....	45,192	16,788	1,460	.....	28,404	.....
Virginia.....	150,438	151,977	1,678	.....	.....	1,539
West Virginia.....	78,491	79,350	.....	.....	.....	839
Wisconsin.....	176,553	155,232	14,277	8,552	21,321	.....
Total.....	5,445,274	5,538,755	248,800	142,034	480,770	574,251
Plurality.....	.....	93,481	.....	.....	.....	93,481

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1880.				1876.	
	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver.	Scat-	Tilden.	Hayes.
	Rep.	Dem.	Gr.	tering.	Dem.	Rep.
Alabama	56,178	90,687	4,642	.....	102,002	68,220
Arkansas	41,661	69,489	4,079	.....	58,071	38,669
California	80,348	80,426	3,392	.....	76,464	70,269
Colorado	27,450	24,647	1,495	.....	13,316	14,154
Connecticut	67,073	64,417	868	412	61,934	59,034
Delaware	14,150	15,183	.....	.....	13,881	10,752
Florida	23,634	27,064	.....	.....	124,285	24,327
Georgia	52,648	102,522	481	.....	150,088	50,446
Illinois	318,637	277,321	26,358	596	258,601	278,232
Indiana	232,164	235,528	12,986	.....	213,520	207,971
Iowa	133,904	105,645	32,327	630	112,121	171,326
Kansas	121,520	59,789	19,710	.....	87,902	78,322
Kentucky	104,550	147,909	11,498	257	159,690	97,156
Louisiana	37,994	65,310	439	.....	70,508	75,135
Maine	74,039	65,171	4,408	235	49,823	66,800
Maryland	78,515	93,706	818	799	91,779	71,980
Massachusetts	165,205	111,960	4,548	.....	108,777	150,063
Michigan	185,190	131,300	31,705	1,156	141,535	166,901
Minnesota	93,903	53,315	3,237	286	48,799	72,962
Mississippi	34,854	75,750	5,797	677	112,173	52,605
Missouri	153,567	208,609	35,045	.....	203,077	145,029
Nebraska	54,970	28,523	3,853	.....	17,554	31,916
Nevada	8,732	9,611	.....	.....	9,308	10,383
New Hampshire	44,852	40,794	528	189	38,509	41,539
New Jersey	120,555	122,565	2,617	191	115,962	103,517
New York	555,544	534,511	12,373	2,177	521,949	489,207
North Carolina	115,878	124,204	1,136	.....	125,427	108,419
Ohio	375,048	340,821	6,456	2,642	323,182	330,698
Oregon	20,619	19,948	249	.....	14,149	15,206
Pennsylvania	444,704	407,428	20,668	1,983	366,158	384,122
Rhode Island	18,195	10,779	236	25	10,712	15,787
South Carolina	58,071	112,312	566	7	90,896	91,786
Tennessee	107,677	128,191	5,916	43	123,166	89,566
Texas	57,845	156,228	27,405	.....	104,803	44,803
Vermont	45,090	18,181	1,212	110	20,254	44,092
Virginia	84,020	127,976	139	.....	139,670	95,558
West Virginia	46,243	57,391	9,079	.....	56,455	42,698
Wisconsin	144,397	114,634	7,980	161	123,927	130,068
Total	4,449,053	4,442,035	307,306	12,576	4,239,893	4,048,228
Total vote	9,210,970				8,442,049	

1 The vote in Florida, as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that state on the face of the returns.

2 The vote in Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the electoral commission. The McEnery returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties in the state, gave Tilden 83,723; Hayes, 71,174.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

197

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1872.		1868.		1864.	
	Grant. Rep.	Greeley. Lib. Dem.	Grant. Rep.	Seymour. Dem.	Lincoln. Rep.	Mc- Clellan. Dem.
Alabama	90,272	79,444	76,366	72,086	.....	.....
Arkansas	41,073	37,927	22,152	19,078	.....	.....
California	54,020	40,718	54,592	54,078	62,134	43,841
Connecticut	50,638	45,872	50,996	47,961	44,691	42,285
Delaware	11,115	10,205	7,063	10,980	8,155	8,767
Florida	17,765	15,423	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgia	62,715	76,287	57,134	102,822	.....	.....
Illinois	241,248	184,770	250,223	199,143	189,996	158,730
Indiana	186,144	169,437	176,552	166,980	150,422	130,233
Iowa	131,333	71,134	150,399	74,040	89,075	49,596
Kansas	67,048	32,970	31,047	14,019	16,441	3,691
Kentucky	88,816	100,212	39,569	115,899	27,786	64,301
Louisiana	59,975	66,466	33,263	80,225	.....	.....
Maine	61,422	29,087	70,426	42,396	68,114	46,992
Maryland	66,760	67,685	30,433	62,357	40,153	32,739
Massachusetts	133,472	59,260	136,447	59,408	126,742	48,745
Michigan	136,202	77,027	128,550	87,069	91,521	74,604
Minnesota	55,709	35,211	43,542	28,072	21,060	17,375
Mississippi	81,016	47,191	.....	.....	.....	.....
Missouri	119,196	151,433	85,671	59,788	72,750	31,678
Nebraska	18,245	7,705	9,729	5,459	.....	.....
Nevada	8,413	6,236	6,480	5,218	9,826	6,594
New Hampshire	37,168	31,425	38,191	31,224	36,400	32,871
New Jersey	91,611	76,801	80,121	83,001	60,723	68,024
New York	440,759	387,279	412,883	429,833	368,735	361,986
North Carolina	94,304	69,474	96,226	84,000	.....	.....
Ohio	281,852	244,321	280,128	259,700	265,154	205,568
Oregon	11,826	7,746	10,961	11,125	9,888	8,457
Pennsylvania	349,689	211,961	342,280	313,312	296,391	276,316
Rhode Island	13,665	5,329	12,903	6,548	14,349	8,713
South Carolina	72,290	22,903	62,301	45,237	.....	.....
Tennessee	83,665	94,391	56,737	26,311	.....	.....
Texas	47,405	66,500	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont	41,487	10,947	44,167	12,045	42,419	13,321
Virginia	93,415	91,440	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Virginia	32,283	29,537	29,025	20,306	23,152	10,428
Wisconsin	104,992	86,477	108,857	84,710	83,458	65,884
Total	3,579,793	2,842,425	3,013,188	2,703,600	2,223,035	811,754
Majority	737,268	.....	309,588	.....	1,411,281	.....
Whole vote	6,457,318	.....	5,716,788	.....	4,034,789	.....

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

STATES.	1860.				1856.		
	Lincoln. Rep.	Breckin- ridge. Dem.	Bell. Union.	Douglas. Dem.	Fremont. Rep.	Fill- more. Amer.	Buchan- an. Dem.
Alabama		48,831	27,875	13,651		28,552	46,739
Arkansas		28,732	20,093	5,227		10,787	21,910
California	39,173	34,344	6,817	38,516	20,691	36,165	53,365
Connecticut	43,792	14,641	3,291	15,522	42,715	2,615	34,995
Delaware	3,815	7,337	3,804	1,023	308	6,175	8,004
Florida		8,543	5,437	367		4,833	6,358
Georgia		51,889	42,886	11,590		42,228	56,598
Illinois	172,161	2,404	4,913	160,215	96,189	37,444	105,348
Indiana	139,093	12,295	5,306	115,509	94,375	22,386	118,670
Iowa	70,409	1,048	1,763	55,111	43,954	9,180	35,107
Kansas							
Kentucky	1,361	53,143	66,058	25,651	314	67,416	74,642
Louisiana		22,681	20,204	7,625		20,709	22,164
Maine	62,811	6,368	2,046	26,693	67,379	3,325	39,080
Maryland	2,294	42,482	41,760	5,966	281	47,460	39,115
Massachusetts	106,593	5,939	22,331	34,372	108,190	19,629	39,240
Michigan	88,480	805	405	65,057	71,762	1,660	52,136
Minnesota	22,069	748	62	11,920			
Mississippi		40,797	25,040	3,283		24,195	35,446
Missouri	17,028	31,317	58,372	58,081		48,524	58,164
Nebraska							
Nevada							
New Hampshire	37,519	2,112	441	22,811	88,345	422	33,789
New Jersey	58,324			62,500	28,393	24,115	46,943
New York	362,646			312,731	276,007	124,604	195,878
North Carolina		48,539	44,990			26,886	48,246
Ohio	231,610	11,403	12,194	18,822	187,497	28,126	170,874
Oregon	5,270	5,006	183	3,951			
Pennsylvania	268,030	178,871	12,776	16,765	147,510	82,175	230,710
Rhode Island	12,244			7,707	11,467	1,675	6,680
South Carolina ¹							
Tennessee		64,700	69,274	11,350		66,178	73,633
Texas		47,548	15,438			15,639	31,169
Vermont	33,808	218	1,969	6,849	39,561	545	10,569
Virginia	1,929	74,323	74,681	16,290	291	60,310	89,706
West Virginia							
Wisconsin	86,110	888	161	65,021	66,090	579	52,843
Total	1,866,452	847,953	560,631	1,375,157	1,341,264	874,534	1,838,189
Whole vote		4,680,193				4,053,987	

¹ Electors chosen by legislature.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES

For President and Vice-President of the United States, 1789-1888.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elec. Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents. ¹			Vice-Presidents. ²	
				CANDIDATES.	Vote.			CANDIDATES.
					States.	Popu- lar.	Electoral.	
1789	10 ³	73	.....	George Washington			69	.....
				John Adams				34
				John Jay				9
				R. H. Harrison				6
				John Rutledge				4
				John Hancock				3
				George Clinton				2
				Samuel Huntingdon				2
				John Milton				1
				James Armstrong				1
				Benjamin Lincoln				1
				Edward Telfair				1
				Vacancies			4	4
							132	
1792	15	135	Fed.	George Washington ¹				77
			Fed.	John Adams				50
			Rep.	George Clinton				4
				Thomas Jefferson				1
				Aaron Burr				3
				Vacancies			3	
							71	
			Fed.	John Adams				68
			Rep.	Thomas Jefferson				59
			Fed.	Thomas Pinckney				30
1796	16	138	Fed.	Aaron Burr				15
			Rep.	Samuel Adams				11
				Oliver Ellsworth				7
				George Clinton				5
				John Jay				3
				James Iredell				2
				George Washington				2
				John Henry				2
				S. Johnson				1
				Charles C. Pinckney				
							73	
1800	16	138	Rep.	Thomas Jefferson				73
			Rep.	Aaron Burr				65
			Fed.	John Adams				64
			Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney				1
				John Jay				

¹ Previous to the election of 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President; and the next highest, Vice President.

² Three states out of thirteen did not vote, viz.: New York, which had not passed an electoral law, and North Carolina and Rhode Island, which had not adopted the constitution.

³ There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made upon the 36th ballot, which was as follows: Jefferson—Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia—10 states; Burr—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island—4 states; Blank—Delaware and South Carolina—2 states.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES—Continued.

Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Electoral Vote.	Political Party.	Presidents.			Vice-Presidents.	
				CANDIDATES.	Vote.			Electoral Vote.
					States.	Popu- lar.	Electoral.	
1804	17	176	Rep.	Thomas Jefferson	15	.....	162	162
1808	17	176	Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney	2	.....	14	14
			Rep.	James Madison	13	.....	123	113
			Fed.	Charles C. Pinckney	5	.....	47	47
			.....	George Clinton .....	.....	.....	6	9
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3
1812	18	213	Rep.	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	.....	1
			Fed.	James Madison	11	.....	128	131
			.....	De Witt Clinton	7	.....	80	86
1816	19	221	Rep.	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	.....	1
			Fed.	James Monroe	16	.....	163	183
			.....	Rufus King	3	.....	34	22
1820	24	235	Rep.	.....	.....	.....	.....	5
			Opp	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	.....	4
			.....	James Monroe	24	.....	231	218
			.....	John Q. Adams .....	.....	.....	1	8
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
1824	24	261	Rep.	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	.....	1
			Coal	Andrew Jackson	10	155,872	109	3
			Rep.	John Q. Adams	8	105,321	84	182
			Rep.	Wm. H. Crawford	3	44,282	41	30
			.....	Henry Clay	3	46,587	37	24
1828	24	261	Dem	.....	.....	.....	.....	13
			N. R	Vacancy .....	.....	.....	.....	9
			.....	Andrew Jackson	15	647,231	178	2
			.....	John Q. Adams	9	509,097	83	1
			.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	171
1832	24	288	Dem	.....	.....	.....	.....	83
			N. R	Andrew Jackson	15	687,502	219	7
			.....	Henry Clay	7	530,189	49	189
			AntM	John Floyd	1	.....	11	49
			.....	William Wirt	1	33,108	7	11
1836	26	294	Dem	.....	.....	.....	.....	7
			Whig	Vacancies .....	.....	.....	.....	30
			Whig	Martin Van Buren	15	761,549	170	2
			Whig	Wm. H. Harrison	7	.....	73	147
			Whig	Hugh L. White	2	.....	26	77
			Whig	Daniel Webster	1	736,656	14	47
			Whig	W. P. Mangum	1	.....	11	23
		
		
		
		
		

1 No choice having been made by the Electoral College, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first ballot, which was as follows. Adams — Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Vermont — 13 states; Jackson — Alabama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Tennessee — 7 states; Crawford — Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia — 4 states.

2 No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the Electoral College, the Senate elected R. M. Johnson Vice-President, who received 33 votes; Francis Granger received 16.

201

Year of election,	No. of States.	Total electoral vote.	Political Party.	Presidents.			Vice-Presidents.		
				CANDIDATES.	VOTE.			CANDIDATES.	Electoral Vote.
					States.	Popular.	Electoral.		
1840	26	294	Whig.. Dem.. Lib'ty.	Wm. H. Harrison. Martin Van Buren. James G. Birney.....	10 7	1,275,017 1,128,702 7,059	234 60	John Tyler R. M. Johnson..	234 48
1844	26	275	Dem.. Whig.. Lib'ty.	James K. Polk..... Henry Clay..... James G. Birney.....	15 11	1,337,243 1,299,068 62,390	170 105 105	L. W. Tazewell James K. Folk. Geo. M. Dallas.	11 170 170
1848	30	290	Whig.. Dem.. Free S.	Zachary Taylor... Lewis Cass..... Martin Van Buren..	15 15	1,300,101 1,220,544 291,263	163 127	M. Fillmore... Wm. O. Butler. Chas. F. Adams	163 127
1852	31	296	Dem.. Whig.. Fr Din	Franklin Pierce... Winfield Scott.... John P. Hale.....	27 4	1,601,474 1,386,578 156,149	234 42	Wm. R. King... W. A. Graham. Geo. W. Julian.	254 42
1856	31	296	Rep.. Amer.	James Buchanan.. John C. Fremont... Millard Fillmore..	19 11 1	1,328,169 1,341,264 874,594	174 114 8	JCBreckinridge Wm. L. Dayton A. J. Donelson.	174 114 8
1860	33	303	Rep.. Dem.. C. Un.	Abraham Lincoln.. J. C. Breckenridge. John Bell.....	17 11 3	1,866,352 1,485,763 589,381	180 72 13	H. Hamlin..... Joseph Lane.... E. Everett.....	180 72 39
1864	136	314	I. Dem Rep.. Dem.. Dem..	S. A. Douglas..... Abraham Lincoln.. Geo. B. McClellan.	2 22 3	1,375,157 2,210,067 1,808,725	12 21 81	H. V. Johnson.. A. Johnson..... G. H. Pendleton	12 212 21
1868	237	317	Rep.. Dem.. Dem..	Vacancies..... Ulysses S. Grant... Horatio Seymour..	11 26 8 3,015,071 2,709,613 214 23	Schuyler Colfax F. P. Blair, Jr.. 84 23
1872	37	366	Rep.. D & L. Dem.. Temp.	Vacancies..... Ulysses S. Grant... Horace Greeley... Charles O'Connor..	31 6	3,597,070 2,534,073 29,403	286	Henry Wilson.. B. Gratz Brown Geo. W. Julian..	286 47 5
1876	33	369	Dem.. G. B. Prohi.	James Black..... T. A. Hendricks... B. Gratz Brown... Charles J. Jenkins. David Davis.....	A. H. Colquitt.. J. M. Palmer..... T. E. Bramlette W. S. Groesbeck W. D. Machen..
1880	33	369	Rep.. Dem.. G. B. Prohi.	James A. Garfield. W. S. Hancock... J. B. Weaver..... Neal Dow.....	19 19	4,449,187 4,435,121 392,754 9,861	214 155	C. A. Arthur... W. H. English..	214 155
1884	33	401	Dem.. Rep.. Green.	Scattering..... Grover Cleveland. James G. Blaine... Benjamin F. Butler 20 18 4,908,892 4,851,959 219 182	T. A. Hendricks. J. A. Logan....	219 182
1888	38	401	Prohi. Rep.. Dem.. Prohi. Lab.	John P. St. John.. Benjamin Harrison Grover Cleveland.. Clinton B. Fisk... E. S. Streeter..... 20 18 5,445,274 5,538,755 248,800 142,034 233 168	L. P. Morton... A. G. Thurman..	233 168

1 Eleven states did not vote, viz: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

2 Three states did not vote, viz.: Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.
2 Three electoral votes of Georgia cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, 6, and Louisiana, 8, cast for U. S. Grant, were rejected. If all had been included in the court, the electoral vote would have been 300 for U. S. Grant and 66 for opposing candidates.

**PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE OF 1888 AND 1890, WITH PLURALITIES
AND POPULATION 1885, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.**

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.	Popula- tion, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleve- land, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
ADAMS—6th District.													
Adams	504	71	36	5		35		30	65		5	35	
Big Flats	187	40	8			32			20	8			
Dell Prairie	499	70	38			32		24	42	8		20	
Easton	405	58	34	2		24		21	57	1	1	18	
Jackson	522	105	10	4	2	95		10	64	2	2	36	
Leola	233	53	4			40		2	28	3		54	
Lincoln	462	66	32		3	34		25	50	2		26	
Monroe	436	80	19			61		7	43		1		
New Chester	319	53	22			31		15	37	1	3	36	
New Haven	788	114	68	1		46		41	67	2	3	26	
Preston	188	17	17					5	16		2	11	15
Quincy	419	57	33			24		43	28	2			
Richfield	343	41	26	1		15		15	20	1		5	
Rome	250	41	15	2		26		14	31			17	
Springville	434	74	20			54		13	60	3	1	47	
Strong's Prairie	932	163	44	1		118		27	85		6	58	
Totals.....	6,921	1,103	426	16	5	676		292	713	33	27	496	15
Republican plurality.....						676						421	
ASHLAND COUNTY—													
Ashland, 1st pr		83	66			17		45	17	5	1		28
2d pr		60	54			6		63	14	1	4		49
3d pr		134	129	1		5		27	62	2	2	35	
4th pr		11	17				6	17	6		1		11

Ashland city, 1st ward	283	105	4			67	93	6	12		
2d ward	285	183	9			100	124	13	16		
3d ward	299	251	6	45	264	57	58	1	1		
4th ward	276	246	18			105	81	2	4	119	
5th ward	262	456	8			64	83	4	3		
6th ward						105	91	7	3		
7th ward						89	56	3	2		
8th ward						156	38	4	6		
Butternut.....	944	164	119		45		174	69	3	2	105
Jacobs, 1st pr.						73	106	49	4		57
2d pr.	799	115	188	2			33	57	3	4	24
3d pr.							25	8	2	3	17
Knight, 1st pr.							50	77	4	2	21
2d pr.							87	151	2	3	114
Vaughn, 1st pr.		309	316	8	83		158	107	2	5	51
2d pr.		119	34		84		140	221	6	11	81
3d pr.	354	278	69		209		21	29	1	4	8
4th pr.							36	100	2	5	64
5th pr.							26	51	2	5	25
6th pr.							21	118	2	8	97
Totals.....	6,941	2,868	2,233	56	714	79	1,728	1,760	76	102	469
					79						437
Republican plurality.....					635						32
BARRON — 8th District..											
Barron.....	851	35	30	3	5		23	23	2		1
Barron, city.....		138	53	17	85		30	107	2	13	77
Cedar Lake.....	516	58	29	4	20		30	37	5	1	7
Clinton.....	345	70	22	7	48		12	40	11	7	28
Chetek.....	2,061	248	80	45	159		63	160	33	29	97
Cumberland.....	1,567	164	44	36	120		24	71	21	20	47
Cumberland, city, 1st ward.....		50	12	8		8	11		1		
2d ward.....	1,432	70	58	31	55	31	54	87	12	15	33
3d ward.....		25	20	1		15	22	1	2		
Dallas.....	956	128	42	7	88		39	96	20	24	57
Maple Grove.....	885	119	42	7	77		20	53	48	5	33
Oak Grove.....	436	27	45		18		62	19	6		43
Prairie Farm.....	899	143	17	12	126		14	71	37	6	57
Rice Lake, 1st ward.....		65	48	6		48	52		5		
2d ward.....		64	56	6		58	58		2		
3d ward.....		23	36	9	33	2	45	194	3	10	15
4th ward.....		48	31	11		43	43		6		
Stanford.....	1,678	45	49	6		4	55	29	1	3	26
Stanley.....	636	83	53	12	30		38	63	2	11	25
Sumner.....	398	57	19	16	38		19	39	1	4	20

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES.— Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.	Popula- tion, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.																			
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleve- land, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.														
BARRON — Continued.																											
Turtle Lake.....	716	103	89	13		14		53	45	5	12		8														
Vance Creek.....	220	37	3	8	3	34		1	29	2	3	28															
Totals.....	13,596	1,800	885	233	6	937	22	731	1,147	207	172	500	93														
Republican plurality.....						915						416															
BAYFIELD — 8th District.																											
Bayfield.....	1,400	247	171	11		76		87	155	7	9	68															
Drummond, 1st pr.....	489	160	45	3		115		43	94	17	15	51															
2d pr.....		24	2			22																					
Mason.....	691	220	152			68		55	52	15	8		3														
Washburn, 1st pr.....	842	471	300	13		171		145	161	31	18	16															
2d pr.....		61	27			34		18	32	6	5	14															
3d pr.....		22	11			11		84	106	41	14	22															
Totals.....	3,431	1,205	708	27		497		432	600	117	69	171	3														
Republican plurality.....						497						168															
Brown — 5th District.																											
Ashwaubenon.....	528	60	27	1		33		23	27	6	4	4															
Allouez.....	311	24	54	1			36	51	17				34														
Bellevue.....	884	25	110	1			85	82	14		2		68														
De Pere.....	976	30	148		2		118	116	17	1	1		99														
city, 1st ward.....	2,149	110	179	105	232	3	7	1	1	53	79	105	327	73	19	84	54	73	230	2	3	3	8	1	2	97	
2d ward.....	69	127	4																								
3d ward.....																											
4th ward.....																											
Eaton.....	1,019	83	105		4		72	87	14	1	1																

Ft Howard, 1st ward.....	63	75	15	2		73	51	1	6			
2d ward.....	51	79	12	3		46	48	2	5			
3d ward.....	47	65	9	6		43	47	1	7			
4th ward.....	43	32	10	1	15	275	44	324	10	31	49	.....
5th ward.....	100	49	16	2		53	86	2	5			
6th ward.....	63	19	5	1		28	48		2			
Glenmore.....	1,345	87	124			37	110	42	1	2	68	
Green Bay.....	1,060	65	48		17		39	62	4	1	23	.....
city, 1st ward.....	124	99	1	2		97	96	5	3			
2d ward, 1st pr.....	285	277	9	21		167	217	2	2			
2d ward, 1st pr.....	7,111	651	651	16	45	133	507	45	570	13	14	27
3d ward, 1st pr.....	242	275	6	21		103	133	3	3			
3d ward, 1st pr.....						98	79	2	4			
Holland, east.....	1,454	9	163		1	154	128	8	1			120
west.....		9	107			98	97	5	1			92
Howard.....	1,261	83	95	6		12	92	51	5	2		41
Humbolt.....	1,159	75	67			8	76	44	2	2		32
Humbolt.....	995	102	63	1	2	39	61	44	1	3		17
Lawrence.....	1,511	118	152				34	64	3	1		114
Morrison.....	1,633	108	138	3		30	102	57	3	7		45
New Denmark.....	805	67	77	1		10	52	48	3	7		4
Pittsfield.....	1,263	86	131			45	115	54	3	4		74
Preble.....	840	27	122			95	87	13				55
Rockland.....	1,405	65	116		1	51	104	49				
Scott.....	916	92	69	2	23		56	69		4	13	
Suamico.....								*				
West De Pere, 1st ward.....	2,088	83	129	15	9	89						
2d ward.....	46	109	11	26	8							34
Wrightstown, east.....		30	63			33	56	22				79
west.....	2,459	134	155	1	14	21	172	93	3	1		
Totals.....	36,921	2,655	3,554	133	96	168	1,067	3,083	1,938	63	97	89
						168						1,234
Democratic plurality.....						899						89
												1,145
BUFFALO—8th District.												
Alma.....	747	56	74			18	77	29	1	3		48
city, 1st ward.....	50	59					23		2			
2d ward.....	1,521	155	137			18	41	161	1	4		64
3d ward.....	61	39					49	38	1			
Belvidere.....	758	47	72			25	88	25	5			63
Buffalo.....	33	55		1		22	73	21				52
city.....	654	29	20			9	30	10		1		20
Canton.....	270	96	77	2		19	75	43		5		32
Cross.....	731	51	76				79	28	1	2		51
	681					25						

*Incl. in DePere.

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
BUFFALO—Continued.													
Dover	714	143	8	1		135		21	80	2	8	59	
Fountain City	966	88	131				43						
city, 1st ward								64 {	21 {	1 {	2 {		113
2d ward								83 {	14 {	35 {	2 {		
Gilmanton	631	114	29	5		85		28	92	1	2	4	
Glencoe	802	55	94				39	93	40	1	4	64	
Lincoln	610	25	78				53	83	22	2	3		53
Maxville	753	52	46	21		6		33	43	1	1		61
Milton	433	19	60				41	52	7		5	10	
Modena	784	134	28	22		106		40	87		1		45
Mondovi	944	209	43	10		166		28	92	1	19	47	
city, 1st ward								11 {	50 {	4 {	2	64	
2d ward								13 {	61 {	3 {	7		
Montana	958	54	76				22	74	20	1	2		44
Naples	797	149	24	2		125		15	97		9	82	
Nelson	1,768	196	103	24		93		90	132	4	15	42	
Waumandee	954	49	100	1			51	97	33	2			64
Total	16,438	1,754	1,331	88	1	762	339	1,408	1,154	24	93	455	709
Plurality						423							455
													254
BURNETT—8th District.													
Grantsburg, Dist. No. 1	1,641	169	11	60		158		6	160	4	40	154	
Dist. No. 2		83	2	4									
Dist. No. 3		33	1	1		36							
village		41	20	21		32							
Marshland						21		17	31	3	17	14	
Rusk	1,069	28	13	36				7	15	14	21	8	
Trade Lake, Dist. No. 1	1,076	105	4	58		15		10	17		1	7	
Dist. No. 2		18	15	6		101	3	4	61		46	57	

Wood Lake.....	811	58	3	44	55	4	28	24	24	.....
Total.....	4,607	490	69	230	421	48	312	3	149	264
Republican plurality.....					421					264
CALUMET — 5th District.										
Brillion.....	1,407	124	125	11	1	118	73	1	7	45
village.....	577	54	60	17	6	49	61	7	12	
Brothertown.....	1,708	50	201	9	151	141	65	4	2	76
Charlestown.....	1,511	111	167	7	56	138	95	2	2	43
Chilton.....	1,438	62	181	11	119	160	52	3	2	108
city.....	1,429	61	214	1	153	171	93	6	1	78
Harrison.....	2,206	63	246	23	183	229	36	21	1	193
New Holstein.....	1,938	98	244	1	146	193	92	3	3	101
Rantoul, 1st pr.....	1,705	114	72	6	42	195	58	9		137
2d pr.....	32	91		5	59					
Stockbridge.....	2,179	153	184	17	35	137	128	17	6	9
Woodville.....	1,509	30	199	2	169	189	16	4		173
Total.....	17,667	952	1,984	46	142	42	1,074	75	24	12
							42			12
Democratic plurality.....						1,032				951
CHIPPEWA — 9th District.										
Anson.....	533	81	51		30	39	52	1	2	13
Arthur.....	61	61	59	1	2	10	38		2	28
1st dist.....	507					43	23		3	21
2d dist.....						92	90	3	33	28
Auburn, 1st pr.....	1,702	101	70	15	31					
2d pr.....		81	24	39	57					
Big Bend.....		202	104		98					
1st dist.....	652					47	71		7	24
2d dist.....						19	13		1	6
Bloomer.....	2,149	241	204	54	37	189	156	7	31	33
Chippewa Falls, 1st ward.....	86	69	11			90	52	2	9	
2d ward.....	107	118	4			131	71	4	2	
3d ward.....	184	232	8			185	136	2	9	
4th ward.....	83	50				41	69	2	2	
5th ward.....	74	72	8			71	71	5	5	
6th ward.....	9,872	129	2	47		106	49	2	3	140
7th ward.....		91	6			72	64	1	2	
8th ward.....		49	4			41	50		1	
9th ward.....		53	3			43				
10th ward.....	44	51	1			33	32			

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
CHIPPEWA — Continued.													
Cleveland.....	347	62	45	3		17		28	35				
Colburn.....		38	55				17	36	17	2	3	7	
Eagle Point.....	1,315	99	118	31				122	77	4	31		19
Edson, 1st pr.....	1,727	46	99	13			53	232	81	3	9		45
2d pr.....		78	150	7			72	45	42		4		151
3d pr.....		47	55				8						3
Flambeau, 1st pr.....	216	10	6			4		10					
2d pr.....		20	15			5			4	1			6
LaFayette.....	1,509	193	92	23		101		73	126	2	8	53	
Lawrence.....		27	26			1		17	16		2		
Sigel.....	1,735	241	119	15		122		134	140		14	6	1
Tilden.....	1,365	70	192	5			122	170	62		7		
Wheaton.....	1,506	155	108	30		47		81	85	3	20	4	108
Totals.....	25,135	2,685	2,506	283		552	373	2,171	1,792	40	221	163	542
Plurality.....						373							163
						179							379
CLARK — 8th District.													
Beaver.....	332	57	13	2		44		15	45		2	30	
Colby.....	1,038	106	88	5		18		119	57	1	4		62
Eaton.....	656	88	42	36		46		41	69	1	34	28	
Fremont.....	343	64	10			54		18	55			37	
Grant.....	1,122	123	73	12		56		112	81	1	6		31
Green Grove.....		39	17			22		37	11	2	1		26
Hewitt.....	134	30	6		1	24		8	15		2	7	
Hixon.....	457	73	39			34		55	53	1			2
Hoard.....								21	28		1	7	
Levis.....	283	47	27			20		25	43	1		18	
Loyal.....	913	124	59	21		65		81	85		17	4	
Lynn.....	334	37	38				1	54	28				26
Mayville.....	1,517	189	108	9		81		133	88	2	5		45
Mentor.....	735	100	75	2		25		54	65	1	4	11	

Neillsville, city	1,906	248	157	12	12	91	164	229	4	65
Pine Valley	903	119	79	6	4	40	82	91	1	9
Sherman	460	77	28	1		49	30	52	1	22
Sherwood Forest	151	23	2			21	5	25	2	20
Thorp	754	155	154			32	89	111	6	22
Unity	682	79	47	2		40	40	61	2	21
Warner	530	73	36	10		37	56	47		9
Washburn	170	30	16			14	18		31	18
Weston, 1st pr.	718	85	29	2	2	56	19	57	1	36
2nd pr.		27	63	2	2		75	11		64
Withee	450	117	63	1	1	48	69	88	2	11
York	775	144	22	14		122	43	105	12	62
Totals	15,423	2,200	1,297	144	22	1,000	1,493	1,600	23	401
						37				294
Republican plurality						963				107
COLUMBIA—6th District.										
Arlington	957	81	63	25		16	59	63	9	4
Caledonia	1,351	139	127	5		12	96	95	7	1
Columbus	859	90	102			12	90	53	1	37
city, 1st ward	712	94	46	13			51	81	4	
2nd ward	543	69	57	5	25	3	46	60	7	18
3rd ward	769	61	118	7			33	57	7	8
Courtland	1,384	227	45	25		182	49	189	10	140
Dekorra	1,407	191	99	22	6	92	85	102	1	17
Fort Winnebago	667	48	112	5		64	109	51	3	58
Fountain Prairie	1,399	176	111	17		63	121	121	8	
Hampden	915	93	102	12		9	100	51	2	49
Leeds	1,224	116	124	7			102	74	1	23
Lewiston	965	123	89			39	97	63	1	34
Lodi	1,474	196	94	44		102	63	170	24	107
Lowville	792	56	88	21		32	66	45	9	21
Marcellon	866	106	84	6		23	87	83	3	4
Newport, inc. vil. Kilbourn City	1,590	189	139	6	7	41	120	152	17	32
Otsego	1,515	185	61	13		124	58	108	12	50
Pacific	278	36	28	4		7	25	22		3
Portage, 1st ward	705	33	118				101	13		
2nd ward	698	103	83	5			71	98	2	
3rd ward	1,063	134	481	80	21		59	131	2	
4th ward	1,305	125	141	11			150	36	11	184
5th ward	1,520	87	209	5			130	36		
Randolph	954	134	71	28		63	92	105		13
village, west ward	66	16	1			15	2			12
Rio		60	12			49	11	62	2	51
Scott	879	122	43	12		79	63	82	1	19

POPULATION PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

210

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Rusk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
COLUMBIA—Continued.													
Springvale.....	742	115	43	25		72		40	79		8	39	
West Point.....	763	90	71	20		19		65	76	1	16	11	
Wyocena.....	1,290	217	85	35		132		76	201	4	33	125	
Totals	29,855	3,509	2,656	386	13	1,134 275	275	2,418	2,627	55	243	628 419	419
Republican plurality						859						209	
CRAWFORD—7th District.													
Bridgeport.....	413	96	46				12	45	25	1	1		20
Clayton.....	2,170	295	197	16		100		141	236	20	22	95	
Eastman.....	1,418	108	197				89	170	72	2	2		98
Freeman.....	1,550	230	51		1	179		61	149	3	7	88	
Haney.....	659	106	42	5	7	64		45	86	9	3	41	
Linxville.....						64		20	37	1	3	17	
Marietta.....	1,123	164	72		22	91		75	117	16	2	42	
Prairie du Chien, town	651	25	106	1			82	85	25		2		62
city, 1st ward.....	809	43	71	1				103	38				
2nd ward.....	1,163	79	124	2	5		138	146	70		1		
3rd ward.....	934	79	141	2				109	90	219	1	1	178
4th ward.....	420	32	35					39	21				
Seneca, 1st dist.....	1,057	76	135	4	2		58	166	81	1			85
2nd dist.....		57	30	10	2	21							
Scott.....	1,340	143	98	3		50		89	105	4	3	16	
Utica.....	1,400	223	89	16	8	134		95	121	23	19	39	
Wauzeka.....	1,014	93	121				25	114	72	1	1		42
Total	16,131	1,799	1,564	62	42	679 434	434	1,503	1,356	82	67	338	485 338
Plurality.....						235							147

DANE—3d District.

Albion.....	1,518	379	55	48	.....	234	.....	56	273	2	40	217	.....
Berry.....	1,081	21	197	3	.....	176	.....	185	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
Black Earth.....	825	101	61	37	.....	40	.....	62	86	.....	24	162	.....
Blooming Grove.....	1,017	121	129	9	1	.....	8	131	84	.....	5	.....	47
Blue Mounds.....	1,348	201	97	12	.....	104	.....	87	142	4	11	55	.....
Bristol.....	1,106	109	154	3	.....	45	.....	144	67	.....	6	77	.....
Burke.....	1,232	174	111	13	.....	63	.....	100	148	1	11	48	.....
Christiana, 1st pr.	2,203	361	159	55	.....	202	.....	52	167	.....	.....	115	.....
2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	116	89	1	.....	27	.....
Cottage Grove.....	1,371	152	143	28	.....	9	.....	152	119	1	.....	33	.....
Cross Plains.....	1,211	50	227	1	.....	177	.....	196	55	.....	.....	141	.....
Dane.....	1,103	99	134	23	.....	31	.....	137	85	1	.....	52	.....
Deerfield.....	1,458	226	133	26	.....	93	.....	127	158	2	.....	31	.....
Dunkirk.....	1,455	220	106	38	.....	114	.....	102	172	3	.....	70	.....
Dunn.....	1,102	193	83	18	.....	110	.....	102	148	1	.....	46	.....
Fitchburg.....	1,005	103	170	8	.....	67	.....	134	87	1	.....	47	.....
Madison.....	815	101	104	14	.....	2	.....	89	87	.....	.....	2	.....
city, 1st ward, 1st pr.	2,547	238	393	47	.....	.....	.....	108	105	.....	12	.....	.....
2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	176	123	.....	12	.....	.....
2d ward, 1st pr.	2,479	354	276	37	.....	.....	.....	167	247	.....	16	.....	.....
2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	121	109	.....	5	.....	.....
3d ward.....	1,749	165	1229	1758	12	176	3	277	118	1216	6	107	520
4th ward 1st pr.	2,138	216	276	24	.....	.....	.....	135	152	3	11	.....	.....
2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	122	73	1	4	.....	.....
5th ward.....	1,749	158	276	50	.....	.....	.....	130	175	.....	30	.....	.....
6th ward.....	1,402	108	259	6	.....	.....	.....	114	114	2	10	.....	.....
Mazomanie.....	1,549	205	133	30	2	72	.....	137	167	1	32	30	.....
Medina.....	1,447	150	171	23	.....	21	.....	170	117	1	17	53	.....
Middleton.....	1,495	62	174	25	.....	212	.....	239	52	1	9	187	.....
Montrose.....	1,248	131	152	41	.....	21	.....	131	116	1	25	15	.....
Oregon.....	1,511	171	153	63	.....	18	.....	143	156	2	39	13	.....
Perry.....	977	141	41	40	.....	109	.....	45	89	2	28	51	.....
Primrose.....	864	143	41	30	.....	102	.....	39	103	.....	11	58	.....
Pleasant Springs.....	1,559	202	46	30	.....	246	.....	209	17	1	22	170	.....
Roxbury.....	1,113	27	172	2	.....	145	.....	193	35	2	2	176	.....
Rutland.....	1,232	270	40	21	.....	230	.....	130	214	1	19	179	.....
Springdale.....	1,120	95	144	21	.....	49	.....	65	.....	3	9	65	.....
Springfield.....	1,173	20	234	11	.....	214	.....	193	31	.....	5	164	.....
Stoughton city, 1st ward	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	126	145	3	12	30	.....
2d ward.....	2,105	175	395	126	66	269	.....	75	195	9	32	62	214
Sun Prairie.....	964	115	103	12	.....	12	.....	109	96	.....	8	4	.....
village.....	645	106	60	2	.....	46	.....	71	94	.....	3	23	.....
Vienna.....	1,074	158	71	12	.....	82	.....	78	114	1	6	30	.....
Verona.....	1,037	50	158	63	.....	108	.....	122	50	1	41	72	.....
Vermont.....	943	108	86	19	.....	22	.....	73	91	.....	13	18	.....
Westport.....	1,976	81	221	7	.....	140	.....	70	70	1	2	140	.....

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
DANE — Continued.													
Windsor	1,436	101	74	44		117		117	133	2	26	16	
York	973	122	106	8		10		112	102		9		10
Totals	58,400	6,827	6,426	1,082	6	2,351	1,950	6,212	5,632	59	742	1,414	1,994
Plurality						401							580
DODGE — 2d District.													
Ashippun	1,381	129	175	1			36	172	120	1	2		52
Beaver Dam	1,473	95	159	7			63	166	51		3		115
city, 1st ward	23	112	1				131	20	1				
2d ward	82	148	486	41			140	71	275	3	32		212
3d ward	145	78	31				73	114		1	24		
4th ward	94	148	9				143	70			5		
Burnett	1,127	101	127	7	2		26	133	67	1	2		66
Calamus	1,126	82	86	35			4	81	38		24		43
Chester	757	79	76	5				85	71	3	3		14
Clyman	1,313	75	197		3	3	122	191	53		3		138
Elba	1,336	91	131	24	3		40	151	40	2	19		111
Emmett	1,426	57	225		3		168	225	32	2			193
Fox Lake	1,597	190	174	17		16		169	164		9		5
Herman	1,592	98	200				111	233	23	1			210
Hubbard	3,055	141	488	3			347						
1st pr.								283	80		2		203
2d pr.								219	27		1		192
Hustisford		93	284	1			191	314	60	1	1		254
Juneau	1,697	49	117				68	136	31		2		105
Lebanon	1,537	36	247				211	319	17				302
Le Roy	1,530	129	179	4			41	205	100	1			105
Lomira	1,944	158	200				42	338	80		2		248
Lowell, 1st dist.		163	176	7			13	203	93		9		200
2d dist	2,576	54	132	1			78			2			

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

214

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland- Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
DOUGLAS—8th District.													
Brule		66	21			45		23	19	13	12		4
Gordon, 1st pr.		19	33				14	12	25	1	3	13	
2nd pr.								11	38		1	27	
Nabagamain, 1st pr.		20	21				1	43	55	4	1	12	
2nd pr.		34	6			28		10	17	10	19	7	
Superior	2,704	47	38			9		13	18	12	1	5	
city, 1st ward.		229	242	2			13	98	109	46	15		
2nd ward.		673	371	17	2	302		54	69	16	8		
3rd ward.		95	46		1	49		32	80	17	9		
4th ward, 1st pr.								174	124	90	24		
2nd pr.								96	128	825	18	115	156
5th ward.								38	87	33	21		
6th ward.								65	75	5	8		
7th ward, 1st pr.								50	123	16	9		
2nd pr.								32	30	7	3		
Totals	2,704	1,183	778	19	3	433	28	781	907	296	152	220	4
Republican plurality						405						216	
DUNN—8th District													
Colfax	600	112	17			95		12	74		1	62	
Dunn	1,298	136	88			48		90				21	
Eau Galle	1,203	97	137				40	138	111	3	26		
Elk Mound	643	81	41	6		40		27	70		11		58
Grant	555	84	12			72		11	59		5	8	
Hay River	437	68	19		1	49		24	26	2	2	48	
Lucas	600	100	40			69		43	66	1	2	2	
Menomonie	1,308	140	112	5	1	28		155	83		6	23	
city, 1st ward.		137	58	3				62	137	3	6		72
2d ward.		114	115	11				114	90	2			
3d ward.		114	43	6	27	1	5	65	106	3	10	21	55
4th ward.		149	97	7				140	103	2	5		

New Haven.....	400	64	19	7	45	11	28	2	5	17	
Otter Creek.....	326	40	18		28	6	15	1	4	9	
Peru.....	328	45	18		27	8	36		1	28	
Red Cedar.....	1,315	132	102		30	93	56	1	4		37
Rock Creek.....	1,056	141	31	12	107	17	77	2	11	60	
Sand Creek.....	718	68	14		54	13	38	1	12	20	
Sheridan.....	873	54	16		38	16	28		3	12	
Sherman.....	590	70	14		56	28	60	2	5	32	
Spring Brook.....	1,303	119	96		23	78	69	1	58		18
Stanton.....	1,332	170	54	5	116	41	138	1	17	97	
Tainter.....	454	52	25		27	16	26		4	10	
Tiffany.....	619	134	37	60	97	37	89	21	21	53	
Weston.....	609	51	72		21	67	31	2	3		36
Wilson.....		50	9		41	10	20		1	10	
Totals.....	21,951	2,531	1,299	50	91	1,293	1,317	1,692	57	235	566
						61				221	221
Republican plurality.....						1,232				345	
EAU CLAIRE—8th District.											
Altoona city, 1st district.....	47	96	50	100	2	3	35	16	1	5	31
2d district.....	49	50			1		33	22	9		
Augusta, city.....	1,262	167	81	44	86		94	103	2	33	9
Bridge Creek.....	1,164	108	84	22	24		83	62	7	15	21
Brunswick.....	1,395	211	113	31	98		86	102	3	77	16
Clear Creek.....	669	68	66	13	2		65	21	1	20	44
Drammen.....	545	104	12		92			55	3	9	54
Eau Claire, city, 1st ward.....	4,050	232	257	21	8		226	145	13	45	
2d ward.....	2,443	170	210	13	5		162	133	4	21	
3d ward.....	1,843	243	110	36	28		90	217	3	24	
4th ward.....	1,631	190	76	12	28		26	56	43	33	
5th ward.....	1,827	179	1730	39	4	121	7	1011	134	145	14
6th ward, 1st pr.....	4,294	353	252	82	43		116	94	34	60	60
2d pr.....				71	22		109	145	18	50	50
7th ward.....	2,595	234	115	12	9		67	129	68	70	70
8th ward.....	3,063	227	221				198	102	10	20	20
Fairchild.....	1,075	232	68	9		164	52	114	2	13	62
Lincoln.....	1,812	56	241	6		185	266	11	2	7	255
Ludington.....	587	45	20	6	80		31	28	19	4	3
Otter Creek.....	759	108	37	11		71	28	45	1	15	7
Pleasant Valley.....	779	91	48	12		43	37	49	2	14	12
Seymour.....	831	31	32				35	13	5	3	22

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hcard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
EAU CLAIRE—8th District—Con.													
Union	781	50	66	25	5	.....	16	36	28	2	19	.....	8
Washington	1,931	116	90	25	.....	26	.....	94	47	2	23	.....	47
Totals	24,789	3,203	2,412	493	162	997 206	206	1,998	1,861	265	622	294	431
Plurality						791	.....						294
													137
FLORENCE—9th District.													
Commonwealth	542	112	41	.....	10	71	.....	28	65	5	6	37	.....
Florence	1,178	209	186	3	1	23	.....	127	153	7	15	26	.....
Totals	1,720	321	227	3	11	94	.....	155	218	12	21	63	.....
Republican plurality						94	.....					63	.....
FOND DU LAC—2d District.													
Alto	1,361	194	71	3	.....	123	.....	76	125	1	1	49	.....
Ashford	2,015	147	232	14	2	.....	85	243	105	1	7	.....	138
Auburn	1,674	183	155	3	.....	28	.....	215	78	.....	4	.....	137
Byron	1,312	122	126	9	6	.....	4	133	96	3	4	.....	37
Calumet	1,416	22	265	.....	.....	243	.....	213	46	2	46	.....	167
Eden	1,407	135	190	2	6	.....	55	162	76	3	6	.....	86
Eldorado	1,536	181	132	3	.....	49	.....	163	76	3	6	.....	47
Empire	1,019	118	109	2	.....	9	.....	127	116	1	3	.....	64
Fond du Lac, town	1,232	156	124	4	.....	32	.....	92	115	1	2	23	.....
city, 1st ward	1,871	337	196	9	1	.....	.....	198	174	5	12	.....	.....
2d ward	2,141	222	226	15	3	.....	.....	212	204	2	11	.....	.....
3d ward	2,172	251	178	11	6	.....	.....	227	193	6	7	.....	.....
4th ward	2,352	147	294	2	7	.....	.....	120	110	6	5	.....	.....
5th ward	793	105	83	1	3	.....	181	1265	74	948	5	48	317
6th ward	883	90	104	3	27	.....	.....	71	36	2	5	.....	.....
7th ward	1,004	81	150	3	8	.....	.....	106	65	6	3	.....	.....
8th ward	1,414	123	176	11	9	.....	.....	130	65	6	.....	.....	.....
								181	92	2	5	.....	.....

Forest.....	1,415	93	170	2	2	77	192	41	1	3	151
Friendship.....	1,022	80	113	2	1	33	105	56	1	3	49
Lamartine.....	1,283	159	133	12	1	26	125	120	1	1	5
Marshfield.....	2,118	6	378	2	2	372	417	13	1	1	404
Metomen.....	1,987	205	158	30	1	47	197	185	1	17	12
Oakfield.....	1,331	190	87	16	5	103	88	105	5	14	78
Osceola.....	1,230	143	119	1	1	24	161	71	1	2	90
Ripon, town.....	1,213	165	64	7	1	101	106	106	1	11	1
city, 1st ward.....	3,507	167	360	151	80	78	154	317	162	314	3
2d ward.....	193	131	282	22	52	90	163	152	1	12	27
Rosendale.....	1,176	155	65	24	1	2	58	175	1	8	117
Springvale.....	1,141	136	134	21	2	182	122	24	1	8	2
Springdale.....	1,324	31	213	2	2	95	235	28	1	15	207
Taycheedah.....	1,371	139	74	20	2	26	62	119	1	12	57
Waupun.....	1,054	135	109	17	10	833	110	113	1	12	3
city, north ward.....											
Totals.....	46,822	4,511	4,910	297	101	833	1,232	4,984	3,399	59	202
Democratic plurality.....						833					329
						399					1,585
FOREST — 9th District.											
Crandon, 1st pr.....	187	30	4	8	26	4	4	21	3	7	17
2d pr.....		18	9		9	9	9	27	3	2	18
3d pr.....		16	6		10	7	7	7	1	2	
Gagen, 1st pr.....	238	25	88		62	44	44	10	1		34
2d pr.....		24	25		31	30	30	42	1		12
3d pr.....		57	26	1	4						
4th pr.....		11	7								
Pelican Lake.....		52	53			33	33	6	8		27
Totals.....	425	234	217	9	80	63	127	113	13	11	47
Plurality.....					63						47
					17						14
GRANT — 3d District.											
Beetown.....	1,301	143	95	23	30	48	91	102	9	11	11
Bloomington.....	1,173	144	78	34	5	66	86	129	2	28	43
Boscobel.....	1,554	212	159	5	62	133	133	195	2	5	63
Cassville.....	1,299	103	182	8	12	73	183	102	4	5	81
Castle Rock.....	723	29	97			68	104	16			88
Clifton.....	1,073	127	74	21	53	48	48	117	1	15	69
Ellenboro.....	803	144	31	6	1	113	31	114	1	3	83
Fennimore.....	1,259	177	83	20	13	94	120	160	2	15	40
Glen Haven.....	890	105	80	5	5	25	71	83	4	3	12

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES--Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
GRANT--Continued.													
Harrison.....	1,078	121	96	1	.....	25	.....	97	112	1	.....	15	.....
Hazel Green.....	1,704	149	157	18	.....	.....	8	154	132	.....	.....	.....	22
Hickory Grove.....	1,785	125	52	0	.....	73	.....	57	79	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jamestown.....	1,149	63	153	1	.....	.....	90	130	44	3	.....	.....	95
Lancaster.....	3,333	444	226	51	6	218	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	138	188	2	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	111	173	6	.....	.....	.....
Liberty.....	864	77	117	3	.....	.....	40	123	45	.....	.....	.....	78
Lima.....	1,120	150	79	11	.....	71	.....	69	104	.....	.....	.....	.....
Little Grant.....	718	90	37	4	4	53	.....	33	70	.....	.....	.....	.....
Marion.....	619	55	71	1	.....	.....	10	69	43	.....	.....	.....	.....
Millville.....	176	45	8	8	.....	37	.....	6	32	.....	.....	.....	26
Mt. Hope.....	761	98	44	19	.....	54	.....	40	82	1	.....	.....	.....
Mt. Ida.....	869	115	48	16	0	07	.....	50	89	1	.....	.....	.....
Muscoda.....	1,122	82	155	.....	.....	73	.....	161	71	1	.....	.....	.....
Paris.....	803	75	107	1	.....	32	.....	103	67	2	.....	.....	90
Patch Grove.....	743	73	53	34	1	.....	.....	45	69	3	.....	.....	36
Platteville.....	3,877	453	337	71	.....	116	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140	244	2	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	236	155	4	.....	.....	.....
Potosi.....	.....	144	237	1	.....	.....	93	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	71
1st pr.....	2,147	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
British Hollow district	.....	68	72	1	.....	.....	4	204	108	2	.....	.....	96
Smelser.....	1,191	160	126	24	.....	34	.....	60	45	.....	.....	.....	15
Waterloo.....	1,027	109	78	.....	8	31	.....	113	155	1	.....	42	.....
Watterstown.....	511	63	42	5	.....	21	.....	74	81	6	.....	7	.....
Wingville.....	1,313	144	125	29	.....	19	.....	98	44	.....	.....	6	.....
Woodman.....	486	48	64	8	.....	.....	16	114	120	.....	.....	16	.....
Wyalusing.....	743	101	60	14	.....	41	.....	63	48	.....	.....	.....	15
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	65	.....	.....	32	.....
Totals.....	37,277	4,212	3,414	449	94	1,341	513	3,347	3,513	60	335	879	713
Republican plurality .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	838	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	166	.....

GREEN—3d District.

GREEN—3d District.																		
Adams.....	851	78	114	1	.....	36	95	47	2	3	.....	48				
Albany.....	1,415	185	66	89	43	119	92	131	14	56	39	.....					
Brooklyn.....	1,234	190	80	13	10	110	64	141	3	10	77	.....					
Cadiz.....	1,490	147	135	22	82	42	159	107	11	7	.....	52					
Clarno.....	1,488	120	155	22	31	35	137	67	17	14	.....	70					
Decatur.....	2,322	340	151	59	8	189	145	307	13	46	162	.....					
Exeter.....	877	104	111	37	2	7	89	78	2	25	.....	11					
Jefferson.....	1,336	147	116	35	3	31	106	121	2	14	15	.....					
Jordan.....	1,174	90	121	27	3	31	96	72	.....	16	.....	24				
Monroe.....	1,009	71	120	11	5	49	102	59	3	8	.....	43					
city, 1st ward.....	{ 3,596	{ 259	{ 466	{ 172	{ 13	{ 32	{ 11	{ 20	{ 52	{ 167	{ 371	{ 203	{ 368	{ 2	{ 4	{ 7	{ 10	{ 3
city, 2nd ward.....																			{ 207	{ 342	{ 414	{ 19	{ 9	{ 204	{ 165	{ 2	{ 2	{ 9
Mt. Pleasant.....	1,085	115	117	29	3	120	95	3	21	25					
New Glarus.....	1,136	96	141	1	45	143	44	1	2	99					
Spring Grove.....	1,128	171	68	14	7	103	71	123	5	12	52	.....					
Sylvester.....	994	138	62	17	1	76	57	86	3	11	29	.....					
Washington.....	884	54	131	3	.....	77	133	36	.....	.....	97	.....					
York.....	1,052	147	26	25	.....	121	23	98	.....	16	75	.....					
Totals.....	23,072	2,659	2,038	440	217	843	282	2,003	1,980	83	283	449	472	440				
						561								23				

GREEN LAKE—6th District.

GREEN LAKE—6th District.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
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POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
Iowa—3 District.													
Arena.....	1,531	127	136	72			9	124	111	1	68		13
Brigham.....	649	43	101	2				73	192		7	119	
Clyde.....	13,492	491	207	98		194	58	92	36		8		56
Dodgeville.....								149	143		52		6
city.....								101	234	1	37	183	
Eden.....	1,028	101	112	14			11	113	94		7		19
Highland, 1st dist.	2,212	151	382	7			231	182	54	1	2		128
2d dist.....								174	50	1	1		124
Linden.....	1,985	256	103	51		153		103	214	1	30	111	
Mifflin.....	1,393	205	78	35		127		87	171		29	84	
Mineral Point.....	1,391	136	133	39		3		122	114		31		8
city, 1st ward.....	2,918	168	146	273	25	37	19	138	274	156	281	15	36
2d ward.....													
Moscow.....	1,003	175	62	12		113		55	139		15	84	
Pulaski.....	21,320	103	165	7			62	178	72		5		106
Ridgeway.....	2,511	263	251	53		12		133	60	1	32		73
Waldwick.....	821	68	123	16			55	102	71		10		31
Wyoming.....	602	73	41	18		32		45	58	3	10	13	
Totals.....	22,870	2,484	2,257	461		653	426	2,107	2,094	11	380	551	564
Plurality.....						227							551
													13
JACKSON—8th District.													
Albion.....	1,267	273	116	27		137		125	101		16		24
Alma.....	2,320	194	115	24		79		73	218		21	145	
Black River Falls, 1st ward.....	2,076	315	160	49		155		17 21 44 87	74 55 43 61	233	1	17 21 43 5	54
2d ward.....													
3d ward.....													
4th ward.....													

¹Including city.

²Including Avoca village.

Cleveland.....		51	74	1		23	85	16		2	69
Curran.....							16	66	8	14	50
Franklin.....	589	91	23	3		66	27	67	1	3	40
Garfield.....	1,391	84	53	4		31	56	16		12	40
Garden Valley.....	717	80	34	8		46	37	47	1	5	10
Hixton Valley.....	1,442	233	71	42		163	37	85	3	23	48
Irving.....	861	102	86	14		16	87	97	2	14	10
Knapp.....							65	70		9	5
Manchester.....	596	75	32	13		43	31	47	2	16	16
Melrose.....	1,234	145	87	45		58	98	101	3	27	3
Millston, 1st pr.....		96	26	1		70	27	35	1		8
2d pr.....	619	46	23	1		17					
Northfield.....	798	107	30	16		77	39	59		18	20
Springfield.....	895	133	27	7		106	25	93	2	17	68
Sullivan, 1st pr.....		47	15			32	10	20	2	1	10
2d pr.....	427	18	6			12					
Totals.....	15,902	2,090	986	254		1,127	1,007	1,371	31	252	407
						23					133
Republican plurality.....						1,104					364
JEFFERSON—1st District.											
Aztalan.....	1,381	96	182	7		86	195	58		6	137
Cold Spring.....	638	105	54	1		51	55	77	1		23
Concord.....	1,472	97	180		1	83	185	94		2	121
Farmington.....	1,952	96	321			225	329	54		3	275
Hebron.....	1,129	156	100	9		56	87	127	2	9	40
Ixonia.....	1,671	139	179	5		40	187	67		6	120
Jefferson, 1st pr.....		188	618	7	1		355	49	1		502
2d pr.....	14,181	16	204	7	1	521	331	117	2	4	
3d pr.....							95	13	1		
Koshkonong, 1st pr.....	23,682	495	418	53		47	113	178		15	65
2d pr.....							119	131		19	12
3d pr.....							192	120		5	72
Lake Mills.....	31,924	289	123	26		161	167	230	2	30	53
Milford.....	1,528	105	168	3		63	138	62		6	76
Oakland.....	1,205	156	107	19		49	108	101		3	7
Palmyra.....	1,454	251	81	39		170	71	194	3	35	123
Sullivan.....	1,390	179	169	11		10	150	137		10	13
Sumner.....	558	77	44	2		33	44	54	1	1	10
Waterloo.....	1,074	46	162	13		116	137	23	1	9	108
village.....	883	83	123	8		39	139	68		4	71
Watertown.....	1,980	83	277			194	301	37		2	264

¹ Including city of Jefferson.² Including village.³ Including Ft. Atkinson city.

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES -- Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1888.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
JEFFERSON — Continued.													
Watertown, city, 1st ward.....	1,936	148	244	1	3			263	113	1	2		
2d ward.....	1,644	62	233		7			230	49	1			
3d ward.....	983	50	141	835	1	11	498	118	50	2	5	4	536
4th ward.....	659	37	107		1			82	33		1		
7th ward.....	887	40	110					108	20	1	1		
Totals.....	34,256	2,094	4,282	204	13	577	1,865	4,199	2,222	17	176	325	2,302
							577						325
Democratic plurality.....							1,288						1,977
JUNEAU — 7th District.													
Armenia.....	285	51	19		10	32		18	46	8		28	
Clearfield.....	269	41	37			4		25	31			6	
Elroy, city, 1st ward.....	1,450	62	54	134	10	23	19	40	67	3	8	48	
2nd ward.....	91	153	80	13			40	77	98	165	6		
Fountain.....	781	104	64	3		40		65	77	1	6	12	
Germantown.....	530	32	72	1		40		68	24	2	3		44
Kildare.....	573	46	89	1		43		113	30	1	4		83
Kingston.....	183	42	12			20		10	37		3	27	
Lemonweir.....	1,033	129	107	30		22		86	122	4	12	37	
Lindina.....	1,005	137	74	34		63		82	104	3	13	22	
Lisbon.....	529	83	22	14		61		20	65		8	45	
Lindon.....	475	29	78	1		49		66	35			21	
Marion.....	417	20	44	1		24		34	22			12	
Mauston, city, 1st ward.....	1,143	73	180	45	114	4	31	38	63	6	19	55	
2nd ward.....	107	107	69	114	27		66	77	107	13			
Necedah.....	2,410	349	163	2		186		175	307	5	7	122	
New Lisbon.....	1,042	152	66	2		86		59	78	66	1	69	
city, 1st ward.....								19	81	1	1		
2nd ward.....													
Orange.....	537	84	60	3		24		73	78	1	6	5	
Plymouth.....	848	111	70	7		41		54	108	2	4	54	
Seven Mile Creek.....	716	40	149	4		109		123	22		3		101

Summit.....	1,008	105	100	9	.....	5	.....	107	59	.....	2	.....	48
Wonevoo	1,790	123	126	9	.....	3	.....	121	115	.....	2	.....	6
village.....		55	66	8	1	11	.....	68	61	1	7	.....	7
Totals.....	17,024	2,066	1,666	183	11	679	279	1,618	1,826	31	113	530	322
						279						322	
Plurality.....						400						208	
KENOSHA—1st District.													
Brighton.....	961	80	143	16	.....	63		141	60	.....	3	.....	81
Bristol.....	1,134	192	62	27	.....	130		55	163	.....	14	108	.....
Kenosha, 1st ward, 1st pr.	1,773	170	233	9	.....	.....		137	105	.....	1	.....	.....
2d pr.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		86	69	.....	3	.....	.....
2d ward.....	1,373	72	436	246	769	.....	283	261	31	456	2	.....	307
3d ward.....	1,039	157	144	5	1	.....	.....	131	165	.....	4	.....	.....
4th ward.....	958	87	146	4	.....	.....	.....	148	86	.....	1	.....	.....
Paris.....	931	94	114	10	.....	20		115	76	.....	3	6	39
Pleasant Prairie.....	1,494	182	169	8	.....	13		125	173	.....	2	3	48
Randall.....	489	115	45	.....	.....	70		64	70	.....	1	.....	6
Salem.....	1,382	244	131	7	.....	113		107	177	.....	3	9	70
Somers.....	1,590	208	124	16	.....	84		161	148	.....	1	8	13
Wheatland.....	999	83	124	.....	.....	41		126	48	.....	2	.....	78
Totals.....	14,137	1,684	1,631	102	1	410	407	1,657	1,371	17	61	232	518
						407							232
Plurality.....						3							286
KEWAUNEE—5th District.													
Ahnapee.....	1,548	76	151	1	.....	75		112	84	1	4	.....	28
city.....	1,033	89	121	.....	.....	32		189	30	2	1	.....	159
Carlton.....	1,778	68	241	.....	.....	181		190	61	2	4	.....	129
Casco.....	1,205	44	190	.....	.....	154		165	47	.....	1	.....	118
Franklin.....	1,714	35	251	.....	.....	217		201	24	3	5	.....	177
Kewaunee.....	1,324	65	115	.....	.....	130		167	72	7	.....	.....	95
Lincoln.....	1,230	64	121	.....	.....	63		137	30	2	2	.....	107
Luxemburg.....	1,637	52	181	.....	.....	130		214	47	3	3	.....	167
Montpelier.....	1,598	85	180	.....	.....	95		235	18	2	1	.....	217
Pierce.....	941	36	140	.....	.....	109		124	23	1	3	.....	96
Red River.....	1,565	181	48	.....	.....	133		32	74	.....	7	42	.....
West Kewaunee.....	1,675	54	227	.....	.....	173		226	30	4	2	.....	196
Totals.....	17,278	849	2,077	1	.....	133	1,361	1,992	545	27	33	42	1,489
							133						42
Democratic plurality.....							1,228						1,447

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	U. May, Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
LA CROSSE—7th District.													
Bangor	1,134	168	93	18		75		87	127	2	16	40	56
Barre	703	61	71				10	83	27	3	1		3
Burns	1,056	106	73	45		33		78	75	3	20		100
Campbell	856	55	125	4	1		70	142	42		1		9
Farmington	1,737	249	184	4		56		177	168	3	9		59
Greenfield	848	51	104				50	95	36	2	1		
Hamilton	1,636	326	117	43		209		117	202	4	20	145	
Holland	1,002	218	33	4		185		26	126		8	100	
La Crosse city, 1st ward, 1st pr..	184	310	9	15				137	87	1	4		
2d pr..								162	47	2	3		
2d ward, 1st pr..	290	411	8	17				135	78	2	4		
2d pr..								204	137	1	4		
3d ward, 1st pr..	259	372	11	14				209	122	4	3		
2d pr..								174	59		1		
4th ward	243	319	17	3				211	222		16		
5th ward, 1st pr..	240	327	12	17				152	112		7		
2d pr..	21,740	2,426	2,688	252	132	262		184	2,007	67	1,890	2	68
6th ward	172	143	16	6				128	152		10		717
7th ward, 1st pr..	244	228	21	6				158	121		8		
2d pr..								63	80	3	9		
8th ward, 1st pr..	214	389	17	20				339	91	7	15		
2d pr..								100	87		4		
9th ward, 1st pr..	351	152	80	25				76	113	12	20		
2d pr..								62	125	17	41		
10th ward	229	137	52	9				113	231	47	36		
Onalaska	2,239	176	55	12		121		52	103		10	51	
city, 1st ward	3	32	1					43	48	1	2		
2d ward	5	203	32	7		109		43	75	1	3	9	60
3d ward	52	30	2					81	55	1	3		
Shelby	965	46	158	5				120	28	1	6		92
Washington	868	49	106					112	117		1		78
Totals	34,791	4,128	3,901	394	133	768 561	561	3,819	3,101	89	300	396	1,114 896
Plurality						227							718

LA FAYETTE—3d District.														
Argyle.....	1,187	217	87	10	.....	180	.....	99	197	.....	4	98	.....	15
Belmont.....	1,173	139	134	5	.....	5	.....	132	117	1	5	.....	.....	.....
Benton.....	1,417	154	158	13	2	.....	4	132	125	3	15	3	.....	.....
Blanchard.....	647	121	74	5	.....	47	.....	62	105	.....	8	43	.....	.....
Darlington.....	2,641	340	317	32	2	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	191	309	171	297	1	10	21
city, 2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	118	126	126	1	11	.....	13
Elk Grove.....	868	88	96	3	.....	8	.....	79	82	.....	6	3	.....	.....
Fayette.....	1,112	125	106	46	.....	19	.....	80	80	6	20	.....	.....	.....
Gratiot.....	1,489	195	186	25	.....	9	.....	171	145	.....	15	.....	26	.....
Kendall.....	792	63	121	1	.....	58	.....	105	50	1	2	.....	55	.....
Lamont.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	38	75	.....	7	37	.....	.....
Monticello.....	325	47	43	.....	.....	4	.....	41	39	.....	3	.....	2	.....
New Diggings.....	1,482	162	132	31	.....	30	.....	128	163	1	13	35	.....	.....
Seymour.....	639	73	125	2	.....	.....	.....	137	51	.....	1	.....	86	.....
Shullsburg.....	2,197	262	269	17	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	91	125	258	4	.....	.....	.....
city, 2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	177	133	.....	6	.....	10	10
Wayne.....	1,112	195	73	21	.....	122	.....	69	182	.....	15	114	.....	.....
White Oak Springs.....	449	54	34	1	.....	20	.....	24	59	.....	1	26	.....	.....
Willow Springs.....	1,041	55	181	35	.....	126	.....	160	35	2	23	.....	125	.....
Wiota.....	1,696	274	139	14	.....	135	.....	111	208	3	13	97	.....	.....
Totals.....	20,467	2,564	2,275	208	5	544	255	2,145	2,270	20	180	456	331	.....
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	289	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	125	.....	.....
LANGLADE—9th District.														
Akley.....	768	25	43	8	.....	18	.....	60	24	.....	2	.....	36	.....
Antigo.....	781	75	161	8	.....	86	.....	69	27	2	4	.....	42	.....
city, 1st ward.....	45	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....
city, 2nd ward.....	80	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	78	.....	1	11	.....	.....	.....
city, 3d ward.....	70	177	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33	.....	2	2	.....	.....	.....
city, 4th ward.....	1,979	92	408	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	332	6	3	47	.....	130
city, 5th ward.....	61	49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	87	62	2	4	.....	.....	.....
city, 6th ward.....	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	64	.....	11	.....	.....	.....
Elcho.....	.....	35	29	.....	.....	6	.....	11	24	1	3	13	.....	.....
Elton, 1st pr.....	.....	15	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	17	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Elton, 2d pr.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Langlade.....	270	16	87	1	.....	2	.....	19	13	.....	1	.....	6	.....
Neva.....	426	23	18	.....	.....	64	.....	63	27	1	2	.....	36	.....
Norwood.....	603	36	118	.....	.....	82	.....	98	34	2	.....	64	.....	.....
Parish.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50	22	.....	.....	28	.....	.....
Polar.....	297	27	75	2	.....	48	.....	65	26	1	3	.....	.....	.....
Price.....	194	51	70	.....	.....	19	.....	27	35	.....	3	8	39	.....

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
LANGLADE — Continued.													
Rolling.....	509	54	86	1			32	82	43		2		39
Summit.....		34	31			3							
1st pr.....								22	9				13
2d pr.....								18	6				12
Vilas.....		41	26	4		15		24	32		3	8	
Totals.....	5,912	774	1,192	96		24	442	1,077	661	14	61	29	445
							24						29
Democratic plurality.....							418						416
LINCOLN — 9th District.													
Corning, 1st pr.....	225	15	49	3				61	8		1		53
2d pr.....		22	21			1	34						
Harrison.....								50	77	6		27	
Merrill, 1st dist.....	305	67	24		19	43		27	23		1		4
2d dist.....								13	17	6	6	4	
city, 1st ward.....	5,014	76	78	3	8	33	39	119	37	1	12	13	37
2d ward.....		58	70	3	3			94	49			2	
3d ward.....		97	95	13	3			108	95	1		7	
4th ward.....		78	58	20	46			141	79	1		1	
5th ward.....		120	109	10	34			139	103	5		8	
6th ward.....		85	61	14	9			83	84	3		6	
7th ward.....		82	92	9	6			105	71	1		1	
Pine River.....	545	110	60			50		82	52	4			30
Rock Fall.....	157	126	167				41	253	147	5	8		106
Russell, 1st pr.....	321	64	43	8	1	21		34	37		1	3	
2d pr.....		78	49			29							
Scott.....	412	60	56		4	4		89	22	2	1		67
Totals.....	6,989	1,138	1,032	107	113	181	75	1,398	901	35	55	34	531
						75							34
Plurality.....						106							497

MANITOWOC — 5th District.												
Cato.....	1,923	173	208	2	1	85	154	150	2	0	4	
Centerville.....	1,449	139	147			8	212	50	1		162	
Cooperstown.....	1,689	80	225			145	180	38	5	5	142	
Eaton.....	1,381	96	213			117	165	68	2	3	97	
Franklin.....	1,915	75	239			164	155	65	3	3	90	
Gibson.....	1,972	112	157	2		45	126	89	5	1	37	
Kossuth.....	2,104	112	225			113	178	95	3	7	83	
Liberty.....	1,351	151	123				96	122	2	4	26	
Manitowoc.....	1,272	138	91	1	11	28	124	103	1	1	21	
city, 1st ward.....	1,640	160	145			185	133	2	2			
2d ward.....	916	116	51	4	35	41	102	1	3			
3d ward.....	2,744	236	698	283	593	189	693	542	8	3	148	
4th ward.....	1,581	186	114		13	88	176	2	2			
5th ward.....						187	27	1	2			
Manitowoc Rapids.....	2,210	180	154	3	8	26	174	104	6	4	70	
Maple Grove.....	1,621	62	196		5		209	39	1	3	170	
Meeme.....	1,581	75	205	4			184	39			145	
Mishicot.....	1,660	41	264		3		199	52		2	147	
Newton.....	1,892	173	173				196	77			119	
Rockland.....	1,289	133	106		27		133	78	3	1	55	
Schleswig.....	2,062	100	283		5	183	256	69	1		187	
Two Creeks.....	676	16	106			90	79	15			64	
Two Rivers.....	1,264	33	172		6	139	171	22		1	149	
city.....	2,500	116	338	3	5	222	406	88	6	1	318	
Totals.....	38,692	2,703	4,218	19	127	233	1,748	4,087	1,905	49	52	2,208
							233					26
Democratic plurality.....							1,515					2,183
MARATHON — 9th District.												
Bergen.....	190	18	14			4	15	14		1	1	
Berlin.....	1,125	49	155		1	106	184	6			178	
Brighton.....	746	65	76	5		11	60	48			12	
Cleveland.....	190	10	27			17	24	5			19	
Day.....	691	30	111			81	109	17	2	1	92	
Easton.....	282	34	34		3		21	26	5	2	5	
Eau Pleine.....	221	15	29			14	24	23	1		1	
Eldron.....		28	23	3		5	19	10		4	9	
Emmett.....							65	3	1		62	
Frankfort.....							40	7			33	
Halsey.....	520	24	68		33	44	81	19	13		62	
Hamburg.....	608	39	83		1	44	77	22		1	55	
Harrison.....							9	13	2		4	
Holton.....	762	45	73			28	65	20	1		45	
Hull.....	857	80	93	4		13	86	63	1	2	23	

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
MARATHON—Continued.													
Johnson.....	272	1	41		8		40	42	3				39
Knowlton.....	352	35	40	5			5	22	32		5	10	
Kronenwetter.....		30	32		5		2	45	19				26
Maine.....	1,120	48	132		4		84	145	27	5	3		118
Marathon.....	945	16	165	1	4		149	185	15		2		170
Marathon City, village	256	4	53		3		49	57	15	1			42
McMillan.....								75	20				55
Mosinee.....		95	56		2	39		23	8				15
village.....	938	11	67				56	34	52		2	18	
Norrie.....		42	30		13	12		19	31	1	1	12	
Pike Lake.....		5	77				72	77	1				
Rib Falls.....	650	30	83				53	86	12		1		76
Reitbrock.....	657	10	102				92	84	12		1		74
Spencer, 1st or		106	109	6			3	93	103	1	2	10	
2d pr.....	1,373	47	60				13						
Stettin.....	871	31	131		4		100	143	4				139
Texas.....	659	69	96		1		27	78	47	2	8		31
Wausau.....	1,424	78	143	1	8		65	163	32	4			131
city, 1st ward.....	1,414	99	168	3	16			166	76	1	5		
2d ward.....	1,207	81	181	1	19			149	72	6	1		
3d ward.....	1,176	97	135		17			157	53	3	1		
4th ward.....	963	115	87	4	5	209		77	91	577	36	30	426
5th ward.....	1,508	196	120	2	49			177	115	7	6		
6th ward.....	1,629	151	135	6	72			162	105	17	8		
7th ward.....	913	118	71	1	31			115	65	2	3		
Weston.....	1,908	129	196		5		67	206	79	2			127
Wien.....	687	41	69				28	41	6	3	1		35
Totals.....	27,053	2,122	3,365	42	304	60	1,303	3,500	1,391	81	69	59	2,168
Democratic plurality.....							1,243						59
													2,109

MARINETTE—9th District.

Marinette, 1st ward.....	180	226	17	10	.....	142	89	22	6	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	155	225	50	7	.....	174	82	39	21	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	231	190	93	.....	.....	76	112	13	37	.....	.....	.....
1st pr.....	7,834	961	1,203	212	37	242	55	821	58	606	10	118	16	105	215
2d pr.....															
4th ward.....	211	393	35	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	145	80	12	5	.....	7	6	.....	.....
2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	95	66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	184	166	17	5	.....	.....	134	119	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pesthigo, 1st pr., vil.....	5,660	451	208	7	34	243	.....	130	123	8	.....	6	.....	.....	7
2d pr.....		95	107	.....	.....	.....	12	53	49	10	.....	2	.....	.....	4
3d pr.....		57	98	.....	.....	.....	41	106	38	2	.....	3	.....	.....	68
4th pr.....		94	30	1	42	64	.....	25	81	2	.....	7	56	.....	.....
5th pr.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	83	76	2	.....	1	.....	.....	7
6th pr.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	24	38	1	.....	2	4	.....	.....
7th pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....
Porterfield.....	.....	50	32	3	1	18	.....	14	24	4	.....	4	10	.....	.....
Wausaukee, 1st pr.....	.....	39	62	.....	13	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	.....	28	27	1	.....	1	.....	100	92	36	5	.....	.....	14	.....
Totals.....	13,494	1,775	1,767	224	127	326 318	318	1,377	1,140	182	135	78	315 78	.....	.....
Plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	237

MARQUETTE—6th District.

Buffalo.....	761	85	102	7	.....	17	82	77	.....	11	.....	5
Crystal Lake.....	515	73	44	.....	29	.....	97	14	.....	1	.....	83
Douglas.....	630	64	74	6	.....	10	62	63	.....	4	1	.....
Harris.....	578	62	62	.....	.....	.....	84	32	1	.....	.....	52
Mecan.....	746	41	74	.....	.....	33	122	6	1	1	.....	116
Montello.....	1,037	98	181	.....	.....	83	185	87	3	3	.....	98
Moundville.....	351	68	25	.....	43	.....	17	53	.....	13	36	.....
Neshkoro.....	633	32	88	.....	.....	56	100	15	.....	.....	.....	85
Newton.....	712	68	73	.....	.....	5	109	10	.....	.....	.....	99
Oxford.....	557	107	24	5	4	83	21	101	1	8	80	.....
Packwaukee.....	712	97	65	2	.....	32	63	80	.....	2	17	.....
Shields.....	598	81	64	.....	.....	17	100	25	.....	1	.....	75
Springfield.....	560	93	37	1	.....	56	60	45	1	1	.....	15
Westfield.....	1,007	150	92	5	.....	58	83	135	1	4	52	.....
Totals.....	9,487	1,119	1,005	26	4	318 204	204	1,185	743	8	49	186	638 186
Plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	114	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	442

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Popula- tion, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleve- land, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	U. May, Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
MILWAUKEE—4th District.													
Franklin	1,963	148	194	2	2	.....	46	279	80	.....	.....	.....	199
Granville	2,359	142	246	.....	8	.....	104	284	92	.....	.....	.....	192
Greenfield	2,976	301	252	5	5	49	.....	412	238	5	1	.....	182
Lake	7,323	318	397	4	17	.....	79	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	184
1st pr. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310	177	.....	.....	.....	188
2d pr. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	365	34	2	.....	.....	276
Milwaukee, 1st pr., town.	4,550	163	130	.....	13	38	.....	189	113	.....	.....	.....	76
2d pr. ....	.....	433	167	.....	95	266	.....	418	290	33	.....	.....	128
city, 1st ward, 1st pr.	132	213	.....	56	.....	.....	.....	249	132	9	3	.....	.....
2d pr.	228	270	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	258	231	6	3	.....	.....
3d pr.	227	125	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	111	271	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th pr.	309	251	.....	8	26	.....	.....	268	312	4	2	.....	.....
2d ward, 1st pr.	182	216	.....	37	.....	.....	.....	234	174	11	1	.....	.....
2d pr.	274	321	.....	54	.....	.....	.....	335	223	13	1	.....	.....
3d pr.	232	272	.....	19	188	.....	.....	227	289	6	.....	.....	.....
4th pr.	108	213	.....	46	.....	.....	.....	159	95	47	1	.....	.....
5th pr.	213	211	.....	38	.....	.....	.....	244	169	11	.....	.....	.....
3d ward, 1st pr.	93	126	.....	32	.....	.....	.....	134	71	4	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.	102	294	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	290	74	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d pr.	230	375	.....	7	197	.....	.....	312	208	40	.....	.....	.....
4th pr.	51	215	.....	45	.....	.....	.....	222	58	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward, 1st pr.	171	221	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	180	162	7	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.	291	214	.....	39	.....	.....	.....	177	226	17	.....	.....	.....
3d pr.	287	239	.....	49	166	.....	.....	232	286	59	.....	.....	.....
4th pr.	365	297	.....	37	.....	.....	.....	312	340	15	.....	.....	.....
5th pr.	194	187	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	204	189	5	.....	.....	.....
5th ward, 1st pr.	131	121	.....	30	.....	.....	.....	147	184	7	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.	204	136	.....	20	.....	.....	.....	192	245	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d pr.	110	94	.....	15	202	.....	.....	203	204	6	.....	.....	.....
4th pr.	309	229	.....	53	.....	.....	.....	168	193	52	.....	.....	.....
5th pr.	349	320	.....	74	.....	.....	.....	224	177	14	.....	.....	.....

6th ward, 1st pr.....	215	218	2	35		198	225	14	2		
2d pr.....	178	207		45		217	176	9	1		
3d pr.....	199	150		33	284	192	218	15			
4th pr.....	208	117	963	45	356	153	199	16			
5th pr.....	273	124		52		185	209	18			
6th pr.....	246	147		74		182	254	19			
7th ward, 1st pr.....	155	228	1	29		212	131	12			
2d pr.....	352	212	4	21	56	195	302	16	4		
3d pr.....	293	155	9	4	306	136	282	6	1		
4th pr.....	175	74	4	2		57	201	2			
8th ward, 1st pr.....	297	231	4	45		205	211	13	1		
2d pr.....	360	200	11	55		214	215	15	2		
3d pr.....	394	193	17	101	377	212	230	7	5		
4th pr.....	212	102		103	554	273	1330	31	3		
5th pr.....	131	111	2	73		237	202	23			
6th pr.....						189	179	17	1		
9th ward, 1st pr.....	213	312	3	37		224	175	11			
2d pr.....	265	448		88		408	232	14	1		
3d pr.....	426	260	2	84	359	274	174	15			
4th pr.....	166	175	1355	54	289	305	2319	17	116		
5th pr.....	284	128	2	66		361	164	28	1		
6th or.....	290	32		30		373	216	25			
7th pr.....						374	118	6			
10th ward, 1st pr.....	331	227	7	62		237	274	18			
2d pr.....	406	288	1	114		322	243	20			
3d pr.....	530	148		95	381	281	237	10			
4th pr.....	335	130	867	62	1008	305	189	12	117		
5th pr.....	273	74		48		200	151	24			
6th pr.....						355	132	12	1		
7th pr.....						181	123	21	3		
11th ward, 1st pr.....	215	208	1	52		444	185	19	4		
2d pr.....	193	181		49	321	316	203	9	1		
3d pr.....	350	255	727	115	259	345	64	572	8		
4th pr.....	226	93		105		456	120	32	1		
12th ward, 1st pr.....	233	152	5	105		216	220	15	1		
2d pr.....	198	205	3	97	372	342	144	11	2		
3d pr.....	230	164	6	47		228	237	14	3		
4th pr.....	134	364		133		612	44	7			
13th ward, 1st pr.....	428	145	2	123		301	325	41	3		
2d pr.....	352	230	2	186	448	543	1172	294	60		
3d pr.....	361	127	1	134		328	350	70	5		

ELECTION STATISTICS.

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
MILWAUKEE—Continued.													
city, 14th ward, 1st pr.....	1	76	279		80			428	38	8	1		
2d pr.....		43	333		59			460	19	3	1		
3d pr.....		85	346		61			587	59	5			
4th pr.....		96	108		22			224	69	8			
		300	1066		222		766	1699	185	24	2		1514
15th ward, 1st pr.....	2	178	158		57			216	152	10	2		
2d pr.....		238	206	6	52			223	246	14	1		
3d pr.....		273	149	13	84	215	260	269	263	41	3	14	19
4th pr.....		189	105	7	22			147	213	5	8		
		878	618					855	874				
16th ward, 1st pr.....	3	339	173	15	13			193	381	2	4		
2d pr.....		401	259	20	37	50	308	312	438	11	6	10	314
17th ward, 1st pr.....	4, 017	431	93	10	87			274	365	23	10		
2d pr.....		326	33	2	39	126	631	75	302	15	1	11	318
		757	126					349	667	38	11		
18th ward, 1st pr.....	4	66	104	1	47			168	57	9	2		
2d pr.....		33	375		51			451	23	8			
3d pr.....		219	246	6	43	140	408	333	231	13	8	10	641
Oak Creek.....	2, 151	203	215	9			12	240	170		2		70
Wauwatosa, 1st dist.....	7, 829	472	375	32	6	97		667	407		9		260
2d dist.....		151	135	2	39	16		456	1, 121	55	1	665	
3d dist.....		1, 079	256	6	85	823							
Totals.....	187, 660	21, 394	17, 302	339	4, 494	6, 305 2, 213	2, 213	24, 520	18, 313	1, 208	153	2, 013	8, 220 2, 013
Plurality in county.....						4, 092							6, 207
Plurality in city.....						3, 044							5, 299
Vote in city..	158, 509	17, 479	14, 935	279	4, 364	5, 016	1, 972	20, 900	15, 601	1, 113	140	1, 348	6, 647
Vote in towns.....		3, 915	2, 367	60	130	1, 972		3, 620	2, 712	95	13	665	1, 573

¹ Included in 11th ward.

² Included in 2d ward.

³ Included in 4th ward.

⁴ Included in 1st ward.

MONROE — 7th District.

Adrian	720	68	52	13	16	55	37	6	18
Angelo	485	87	23	10	64	25	70	10	45
Byron	463	54	32	6	22	19	31	3	12
Clifton	949	73	131	.....	58	108	48	1	60
Glendale	1,450	200	103	6	98	79	141	1	4
Greenfield	626	68	69	9	1	65	44	2	21
Jefferson	1,203	81	182	9	101	184	60	1	124
La Fayette	346	53	35	.....	15	30	42	3	12
La Grange	951	127	39	3	88	41	89	5	2
Leon	742	97	45	15	49	46	72	10	26
Lincoln	1,198	185	41	12	144	42	109	5	6
Little Falls	918	107	110	17	3	116	78	2	38
New Lyme	168	35	2	2	33	17	26	1	9
Oakdale	676	48	91	5	43	65	35	7	30
Portland	1,130	176	72	9	104	76	114	1	6
Ridgeville	1,303	129	140	8	11	151	80	4	71
Sheldon	839	112	58	4	55	47	78	4	31
Sparta	1,046	120	92	47	28	87	99	4	12
city, 1st ward	77	47	13	.....	52	85	1	5	.....
2d ward	90	38	20	.....	46	87	1	8	.....
3d ward	89	66	6	.....	70	80	2	4	.....
4th ward	63	47	8	.....	39	59	1	7	.....
Tomah	802	79	81	.....	2	75	53	1	23
city, 1st ward	75	58	13	.....	60	61	9	.....	.....
2d ward	1,819	230	232	30	2	98	266	8	21
3d ward	75	78	6	.....	108	44	4	4	.....
Wellington	1,183	117	80	5	37	105	59	9	46
Wells	637	52	71	7	19	79	37	1	42
Wilton	1,099	77	154	2	77	151	49	1	102
Totals	23,549	2,695	2,138	246	874	2,136	2,060	46	466
					317				466
Plurality					557				76

Oconto — 9th District.

Chase	.....	93	24	1	69	58	56	2	1	2
Gillett	1,011	107	27	.....	80	51	55	2	8	4
How	446	71	56	.....	15	68	52	2	2	16
Little River, 1st dist.	.....	62	60	.....	2	85	74	2	4	11
2d dist.	983	79	29	2	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Little Suamico	1,063	37	51	1	14	40	31	1	1	9
Maple Valley	1,025	72	124	1	52	61	49	20	4	12
Oconto, 1st dist	1,066	53	96	3	43	95	33	3	.....	62
2d dist	.....	4	12	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	U. May, Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
Oconto — Continued.													
Oconto, city, E. ward.	4,880	142	132	2	12	1	105	110	120	1	4	10	187
N. ward.		76	89	3				97	57	2	1		
W. ward.		38	116	3				137	30	1	4		
S. ward.		134	148	4				139	89	1	4		
Oconto Falls.		50	38	6		12		24	34	1	11	10	
Pensaukee, 1st dist.	1,928	90	26	2		64		43	63		5	20	
2d dist.		27	16			11		32	17	1			15
3d dist.		124	19	9		105		30	83		2	53	
Stiles.	801	66	85				19	79	53	3	1		26
Totals.	13,205	1,315	1,148	37	7	408 241	241	1,149	896	42	49	87	340 87
Plurality.						167							253
ONEIDA — 9th District.													
Eagle River, 1st pr.		217	246	2			29	160	99	9	6		61
2d pr.		33	29			4		14	17	2		3	
3d pr.		42	35			7		24	6	2			18
4th pr.		93	159				66	17	10	2	1		7
5th pr.								13	32	2	3	19	
Hazelhurst, 1st pr.								46	32	4	3		14
2d pr.								15	12	2	4		3
3d pr.								77	40	4	3		37
Minocqua, 1st pr.								50	70		6	20	
2d pr.								55	8	1	1		47
Pelican, 1st pr.		368	368	4				193	218	9	8	25	
2d pr.		18	31				13	83	120	9	7	37	
3d pr.								27	15	2			12
4th pr.								29	18	2	2		11
Totals.		771	868	6		11	108 11	803	697	50	44	104	210 104
Democratic plurality.							97						106

OUTAGAMIE — 6th District.

Appleton, 1st ward.....	1,727	249	136	37	3			122	224	5	30		
2d ward.....	2,081	247	324	24				192	139	8	6		
1st pr.....								92	90	17	11		
2d pr.....								303	61	9	8		
3d ward.....	2,091	131	808	9	106	4	28	155	47	5	7		
4th ward.....	1,239	74	161	16		12		192	61	5	7		
5th ward.....	1,458	85	191	13		3		185	70				
6th ward.....	1,431	109	176	7		6							
Black Creek.....	1,711		102	147	6	1		45	147	58	1	12	89
Bovina.....	627		88	25	7	1	63		38	81	2	5	43
Buchanan.....	1,047		17	193			3	181	216	36	1	30	186
Center.....	1,621		58	217		3		159	236	37	1	5	199
Cicero.....	915		66	63		6	3		74	39	4	7	35
Dale.....	1,256		108	159		1	8	51	182	64	1	4	118
Deer Creek.....	842		71	74		2	2		89	71		5	18
Ellington.....	1,306		100	124	21	19		24	147	95	4	17	52
Freedom.....	1,724		108	187		1	1	79	213	58	1		155
Grand Chute.....	1,577		111	167	11			56	165	82		4	83
Greenville.....	1,319		103	169	2	6		66	134	77	2	1	57
Hortonia.....	1,368		151	139	13		12		161	110	1	11	51
Kaukauna, 1st dist.....	1,557		20	159	1			139		50	2	5	136
2d dist.....			43	44	1	2		1	186				
city, 1st ward.....		56	107	21	3			118	47		1		
2d ward.....		75	126	7	1			141	49		7		
3d ward.....	3,239	67	283	529	9	10	16	150	567	60	8	13	322
4th ward.....		64	109		2			114	71	2	1		
5th ward.....		21	43					44	18	1	3		
Liberty.....	477		44	34					59	21		3	38
Maine.....	470		42	20	2	15	22		20	19	12		1
Maple Creek.....	842		48	63		7		15	83	18	1	4	65
New London, 3d ward.....	331		14	36	2			22	58	8		2	50
Osborn.....	656		85	49			36		60	49		3	11
Seymour.....	936		101	48	1	1	53		75	47		3	28
city, 1st ward.....	821	62	101	32				39	52	47			17
2d ward.....		39	21	53	2	2	48	23	22	69			
Totals.....	35,559	2,759	4,000	187	118	247		1,488	4,213	2,060	92	182	60
								247					2,213
Democratic plurality.....								1,241					60
													2,153
OZAUKEE — 5th District.													
Belgium.....	1,820		13	264		5		251	262	29	2		233
Cedarburg.....	1,655		82	204				122	284	12	1		272
city.....	1,292		118	124		9		6	223	54	1		169
Fredonia.....	1,850		57	258				201	252	45	2	1	307

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
OZAUKEE — Continued.													
Grafton.....	1,649	85	212	3	3	.....	127	226	41	3	2	.....	185
Mequon.....	3,050	217	331			.....	114					.....
1st pr.....						.....		330	47	1	2	.....	283
2d pr.....						.....		128	25			.....	103
Port Washington.....	1,174	40	147		27	.....	107	128	29	14	2	.....	99
city.....	1,518	59	234		33	.....	175	245	7	3	7	.....	167
Saukville.....	1,758	79	252	1	9	.....	173	248	51	6	1	.....	197
Totals.....	15,757	750	2,026	4	86	.....	1,276	2,226	411	33	15	.....	1,915
Democratic plurality.....						.....	1,276					.....	1,915
PEPIN — 8th District.													
Albany.....	496	70	23	5		47	.....	31	29		3	.....	2
Durand.....	324	34	27	7		7	.....	11	30	1	2	.....	19
city, 1st ward.....	{ 902	{ 52	{ 60	{ 10	{ 34	34	.....	{ 51	{ 83	{ 44	{ 105	{ 2	{ 8
2nd ward.....													
Frankfort.....	650	96	28		27	68	.....	32	64		24	.....
Lima.....	770	48	110	10			62	24	64		24	40	.....
Pepin.....	1,583	225	51	38		174		105	24	1	3	.....	81
Stockholm.....	821	145	16	6		129		76	139	1	33	63	.....
Waterville.....	1,265	161	100	39		61		14	58		13	44	.....
Waubeck.....	161	20	13	9		7	.....	76	131		27	55	.....
								13	19	1	3	6	.....
Total.....	6,972	926	461	175	.....	527	62	433	599	6	131	249	83
Republican plurality.....						465						166	
PIERCE — 8th District.													
Clifton.....	729	74	26	29	.....	48	.....	19	33	2	16	14	.....
Diamond Bluff.....	538	67	19	8	.....	48	.....	16	38	1	4	22	.....
Ellsworth.....	1,919	180	75	22	3	105	.....	48	99	29	11	51	.....

village.....	108	81	14	77	35	97	7	7	62
El Paso.....	775	62	90	11	28	83	44	5	30
Gilman.....	1,092	164	28	16	136	24	91	12	67
Hartland.....	1,324	171	67	51	154	41	99	18	58
Isabelle.....	211	28	6	19	23	3	33	6	30
Maiden Rock.....	1,498	172	19	23	153	13	49	14	36
village.....	36	7	16	19	29	18	32	6	14
Martell.....	1,211	190	56	23	134	47	103	13	56
Oak Grove.....	965	87	64	11	23	55	46	6	9
Prescott, city.....	1,006	91	91	37	3	73	53	20	20
River Falls.....	1,052	126	82	20	44	58	61	10	3
city, E. D.....	1,573	205	114	37	91	77	189	17	112
Rock Elm.....	1,006	137	92	22	45	68	118	14	50
Salem.....	1,587	74	48	42	26	29	45	19	16
Spring Lake.....	1,016	134	49	18	85	32	81	8	49
Trenton.....	889	124	37	23	97	12	76	10	64
Trimbelle.....	1,401	171	60	59	111	45	121	15	76
Union.....	913	66	97	41	31	71	60	20	11
Total.....	19,645	2,477	1,158	542	46	1,378	59	867	1,508
Republican plurality.....						59		90	251
						1,319			780
									79
									701
Polk—8th District.									
Alden, 1st dist.....	1,467	109	31	15	78	24	84	10	15
Alden, 2nd dist.....		78	8	5	70				60
Apple River.....	530	47	13	2	34	12	26	1	3
Balsam Lake.....	403	55	25	1	30	20	41	3	6
Beaver.....		17	30	2		21	21		4
Black Brook.....	763	75	22	48	53	13	48	4	13
Bone Lake.....						4	7	1	1
Clam Falls.....	569	24	12	2	12	6	18	1	3
Clayton.....	1,502	143	18	20	125	10	57	5	12
Clear Lake.....	170	173	40	25	133	23	80	1	12
Eureka.....	721	70	30	47	40	13	64	8	17
Farmington.....	1,035	77	99	9	74	75	40		3
Garfield.....		94	20	5	30	14	70	3	56
Georgetown.....	211	32	2			4	9	1	1
Johnstown.....						6	9		3
Laketown.....	570	59	16	37	43	14	21	1	32
Lincoln.....	700	119	41	32	78	65	139	3	17
Lorraine.....	163	22	13	3	9	9	19	1	2
Luck.....	410	54	29		25	31	34	1	3
Milltown.....	449	51	52		1	38	38	1	3

¹ See St. Croix county.

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
POLK — Continued.													
Osceola.....	1,625	109	37	14	.....	72	.....	31	87	2	4	56	.....
village.....	.....	46	20	29	.....	26	.....	19	45	1	14	26	.....
St. Croix Falls.....	622	30	16	9	.....	14	.....	11	23	1	5	12	.....
village.....	.....	93	33	5	.....	60	.....	18	79	3	6	61	.....
Sterling.....	713	98	15	11	.....	83	.....	9	68	5	4	59	.....
West Sweden.....	238	28	9	11	.....	19	.....	11	27	.....	7	10	.....
Totals.....	12,881	1,703	631	332	.....	1,108	36	507	1,154	51	194	682	35
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,073	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	35	.....
PORTAGE — 9th District.												647	.....
Alban.....	557	89	29	.....	.....	60	.....	35	53	2	.....	18	.....
Almond.....	1,048	168	30	22	.....	138	.....	33	89	3	8	56	.....
Amherst.....	1,841	320	71	16	.....	249	.....	84	249	3	8	165	.....
Belmont.....	621	107	15	33	.....	92	.....	11	91	1	21	80	.....
Buena Vista.....	1,031	131	91	24	.....	40	.....	83	85	1	3	2	.....
Carson.....	757	43	104	.....	.....	61	.....	122	28	.....	1	94	.....
Eau Claire.....	688	52	87	.....	.....	35	.....	68	13	.....	11	55	.....
Grant.....	400	26	33	6	.....	7	.....	41	10	2	.....	31	.....
Hull.....	1,408	46	226	5	.....	63	180	232	27	1	1	205	.....
Lanark.....	746	122	52	5	.....	.....	.....	53	74	.....	.....	21	.....
Linwood.....	436	35	38	.....	.....	3	.....	31	26	.....	7	5	.....
New Hope.....	916	181	39	.....	.....	142	.....	39	127	.....	8	88	.....
Pine Grove.....	394	85	9	4	.....	76	.....	7	66	2	3	59	.....
Plover.....	1,886	242	94	13	.....	148	.....	30	165	.....	12	75	.....
Sharon.....	2,048	12	307	.....	.....	.....	203	341	14	1	.....	327	.....
Stevens Point.....	802	49	107	1	.....	.....	58	133	11	1	1	122	.....
city, 1st ward.....	1,189	185	107	4	.....	.....	88	145	1	3	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	1,876	224	185	12	.....	.....	149	116	1	4	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	1,794	278	209	14	.....	.....	83	74	1	1	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	1,651	115	238	35	.....	63	.....	698	58	6	13	142	.....
5th ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	101	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47	62	2	4	.....	.....	.....

Stockton.....	1,659	93	244	3	.....	.....	151	241	56	.....	3	.....	185
Totals.....	23,248	2,603	2,322	167	.....	1,071	790	2,342	1,740	23	100	564	1,166
						231							564
Plurality.....													603
PRICE — 9th District.													
Brannan, 1st pr.....	587	36	20	15	.....	16	.....	33	17	17	18	.....	26
2d pr.....		27	19	6	.....	8	.....					
Emery.....								42	37	3	6	5	
Fifield.....	893	204	181	2	.....	23	.....	144	106	4	6		38
Georgetown.....		24	12		.....	12	.....	13	25	2	2	12	
Hackett.....		27	7	21	.....	20	.....	12	25	2	1	13	
Kennan.....								16	3	1			13
Lake.....								46	27	2	1		19
Ogema, 1st pr.....	687	160	27	52	.....	133	.....	20	142		17	122	
2d pr.....		23	16		.....	7	.....					
Prentice, 1st pr.....		62	49		.....	13	.....	58	80	4	11	22	
2d pr.....		16	11		.....	5	.....					
Worcester.....	904	335	277	5	.....	53	.....					
1st dist.....								172	114	5	8		58
2d dist.....								96	57	7	2		39
Totals.....	3,071	914	619	101	.....	295	.....	652	633	47	72	174	193
						295	.....						174
Plurality.....													19
RACINE — 1st District.													
Burlington, 1st pr.....	2,773	258	412	18	13	.....	154	296	149		1		147
2d pr.....								169	40	1			129
Caledonia, 1st pr.....	2,829	174	404	18	.....		230	196	88				108
2d pr.....								214	34				180
Dover.....	978	101	114	24		13	.....	123	93		17		81
Mt. Pleasant.....	2,541	272	140	37	4	132	.....	113	232	9	18	119	
Norway.....	990	163	64	7		99	.....	63	133	1	10	60	
Racine, 1st ward.....	1,310	159	139	15	12		148	116	14	3			
2d ward.....	2,037	273	117	117	3		84	258	8	11			
3d ward, south dist.....	2,959	379	286	40	24		147	142	13	5			
north dist.....							112	232	23	16			
4th ward, west dist.....	3,618	230	350		63	265	242	71	19	3			
east dist.....							163	99	19	6	119	39	
5th ward, south dist.....	3,856	508	319	9	51	375	120	237	27	23			
north dist.....							151	205	29	11			
6th ward, south dist.....	3,506	431	378	47	62		136	162	15	16			
north dist.....							184	239	39	18			
7th ward, west dist.....	2,350	212	238	60	51		123	50	14	2			
east dist.....							221	59	16	4			

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES-- Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
RACINE — Continued.													
Raymond.....	1,744	243	89	45	.....	154	.....	119	182	1	24	63	.....
Rochester.....	721	85	69	25	.....	16	.....	79	85	.....	9	6	.....
Waterford.....	1,619	220	152	23	.....	68	.....	158	176	1	15	18	.....
Yorkville.....	1,567	239	65	51	1	174	.....	63	203	2	37	140	.....
Totals.....	35,398	3,947	3,326	536	283	1,018 397	397	3,424	3,274	254	259	445	595
Plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	621	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150
RICHLAND — 7th District.													
Akan.....	976	117	103	6	.....	14	.....	69	85	3	7	16	.....
Bloom.....	1,462	169	116	17	.....	53	.....	99	137	2	10	38	.....
Buena Vista.....	1,128	99	77	21	4	22	.....	53	88	3	19	35	.....
Dayton.....	1,151	133	130	22	.....	3	.....	109	87	8	29	.....	22
Eagle.....	1,302	168	98	10	.....	70	.....	75	120	3	5	45	.....
Forest.....	1,013	171	79	10	.....	92	.....	85	116	1	9	31	.....
Henrietta.....	1,107	117	110	23	.....	7	.....	106	80	18	17	.....	26
Ithaca.....	1,195	133	139	32	4	.....	6	139	119	6	18	.....	20
Lone Rock, vil.....	.....	45	38	4	3	7	.....	33	45	2	1	12	.....
Marshall.....	941	155	63	16	.....	102	.....	44	107	4	12	63	.....
Orion.....	742	108	62	10	.....	56	.....	33	62	.....	11	29	.....
Richland.....	1,010	116	53	20	1	63	.....	43	94	11	27	51	.....
Richland Center, city, 1st ward.....	90	26	14	5	.....	.....	.....	16	96	4	8	.....	.....
2nd ward.....	1,358	259	108	7	34	151	.....	55	77	2	8	162	.....
3rd ward.....	84	31	13	1	9	.....	.....	30	90	2	10	.....	.....
Richwood.....	1,477	221	121	23	.....	100	.....	81	133	9	2	62	.....
Rockbridge.....	1,238	131	129	.....	.....	2	.....	87	107	12	20	20	.....
Sylvan.....	1,112	102	94	19	.....	8	.....	74	70	12	14	.....	4
Westford.....	1,100	83	161	8	.....	.....	78	139	55	.....	8	.....	84
Willow.....	983	140	79	17	.....	61	.....	55	96	15	19	41	.....
Totals.....	19,393	2,467	1,740	292	21	811 84	84	1,425	1,874	117	258	605	156
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	727	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	449	.....

Rock — 1st District.											
Avon.....	727	132	57	8	75	40	99	4	2	59	
Beloit.....	731	100	46	3	54	22	69		3	47	
city, 1st ward.....	1,238	180	81	10							
2d ward.....	1,117	210	49	33							
3d ward.....	1,506	237	891	119	355	10	77				
4th ward.....	1,498	258	106	24							
Bradford.....	921	97	89	7	8	102	61		6	41	
Center.....	1,219	202	65	7	137	109	130		2	21	
Clinton.....	2,178	196	81	12	115	64	105		1	41	
Clinton, vil.....		174	50	25	124	58	113		1	55	
Edgerton, city.....	1,628	183	201	12		210	154			50	
Fulton.....	1,479	190	147	9	52	158	154			4	
Harmony.....	1,131	132	124	12	8	107	92		1	15	
Janesville.....	956	116	90	2	26	96	64			32	
city, 1st ward.....	2,567	329	233	10		203	323		2		
2d ward.....	1,943	259	224	9		218	240		3		
3d ward.....	1,497	236	1,211	124	43	122	242		9	13	
4th ward.....	2,729	294	334	12		381	228		9		
5th ward.....	1,223	93	188	4		166	71		4		
Johnstown.....	1,657	128	127	9	1	103	74		2	13	
La Prairie.....	903	138	65	9	73	62	95		1	33	
Lina.....	1,085	173	51	20	122	45	115		1	70	
Magnolia.....	1,158	154	98	24	56	91	108		1	17	
Milton.....	2,141	413	115	44	208	132	304		1	162	
Newark.....	1,097	164	88	12	126	24	109		1	85	
Plymouth.....	1,290	183	107	8	76	110	113			3	
Porter.....	1,326	197	125	25	72	107	130		1	23	
Rock.....	1,157	123	119	7	4	107	83			24	
Spring Valley.....	1,350	278	57	16	221	53	184		1	131	
Turtle.....	1,160	194	61	8	133	63	110		2	57	
Union.....	2,578	190	52	28	138	49	114		1	65	
Evansville, vil.....		257	78	51	179	56	206		3	150	
Totals.....	42,620	6,225	3,501	478	13	2,742	18			201	
Republican plurality.....						2,724				1,218	
St. Croix — 8th District.											
Baldwin, 1st district.....	1,000	214	72	11	142	68	142		2	74	
2d district.....		94	19	19	75	27	35		3	8	
Cady.....	768	94	57	8	37	37	49		1	12	
Cylon.....	827	41	65	77		24	38		2	22	
Eau Galle, 1st dist.....	1,074	92	47	1	45	76	101		6	25	
2d dist.....		127	16	13	111						
Emerald.....	592	48	85	36		87	42		5	18	

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1888.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.																				
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.															
St. Croix — Continued.																												
Erin Prairie.....	1,216	10	211	7	12	.....	201	166	9	2	3	.....	157													
Forest.....	181	16	21	10	.....	.....	5	12	8	1	7	.....	4												
Glenwood.....	181	197	81	15	6	116	.....	84	157	6	40	73	.....														
Hammond.....	1,493	148	129	34	.....	10	.....	83	89	1	12	6	.....														
village.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	29	1	21	13	.....														
Hudson.....	706	49	75	10	6	.....	26	53	41	5	9	.....	12													
city, 1st ward.....	} 2,821	{ 64	{ 54	{ 287	{ 4	{ 45	{ 5	{ 92	{ 43	{ 48	{ 6	{ 3	{ 46	{ 37														
2d ward.....															{ 159	{ 120	{ 113	{ 26	{ 5	{ 65	{ 95	{ 241	{ 123	{ 278	{ 21	{ 16	{ 43	
3d ward.....																												{ 379
Kinnickinnick.....	696	104	39	12	.....	65	.....	35	73	1	6	43	.....														
New Richmond, 1st ward.....	} 1,208	{ 55	{ 41	{ 33	{ 81	{ 1	{ 2	{ 3	{ 24	{ 56	{ 1	{ 19	{ 43	{ 95														
2d ward.....															{ 61	{ 188	{ 43	{ 92	{ 33	{ 81	{ 1	{ 2	{ 31	{ 68	{ 53	{ 2	{ 19	{ 43
3d ward.....																												
Pleasant Valley.....	579	63	53	3	.....	10	.....	47	51	2	8	4	.....														
Richmond.....	860	43	109	54	.....	66	.....	69	44	.....	16	.....	25											
River Falls, 1st ward.....	153	15	5	5	.....	10	.....	4	17	.....	2	13	.....														
Rush River.....	628	60	56	9	.....	4	.....	41	59	1	10	18	.....														
St. Joseph.....	880	85	99	6	.....	14	.....	73	45	2	8	.....	28												
Somerset.....	1,098	123	104	.....	19	.....	.....	95	68	3	1	.....	27											
Springfield.....	1,373	181	109	12	15	72	.....	105	111	3	3	6	.....														
Stanton.....	836	54	117	14	.....	63	.....	92	41	.....	10	.....	46											
Star Prairie.....	919	138	33	19	.....	105	.....	16	84	12	8	71	.....														
Troy.....	877	99	45	10	2	54	.....	25	95	1	5	70	.....														
Warren.....	812	97	104	18	.....	7	.....	78	59	1	13	.....	19												
Totals.....	22,379	2,759	2,130	529	49	1,072 443	443	1,701	1,955	86	378	590 326	326															
Republican plurality..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	629	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254	.....														
SAUK — 7th District.																												
Baraboo.....	1,356	193	68	47	.....	125	.....	68	119	2	37	51	.....														
city, 1st ward.....	} 1,445	{ 242	{ 93	{ 38	{ 89	{ 1	{ 266	{ 95	{ 102	{ 11	{ 24	{ 37	{ 51															
2d ward.....														{ 1,370	{ 183	{ 602	{ 111	{ 336	{ 40	{ 86	{ 281	{ 154	{ 450	{ 2	{ 31	{ 60		
3d ward.....																											{ 1,303	{ 172	{ 132	{ 11	{ 89	{ 1	{ 100	{ 281	{ 154	{ 450	{ 2	{ 31	{ 60

Bear Creek.....	853	57	122	7	65	128	46	3	82
Dellona.....	648	62	80		18	52	42		10
Delton.....	841	126	43	27	83	33	99	25	60
Excelsior.....	1,286	163	94	28	69	116	96	17	20
Fairfield.....	646	108	34	38	74	29	61	27	32
Franklin.....	1,093	65	115		50	151	55	5	96
Freedom.....	1,120	173	60	29	113	80	114	4	16
Greenfield.....	892	83	56	25	27	71	53	1	9
Honey Creek.....	1,250	110	89		21	109	67	1	18
Ironton.....	1,445	158	146	27	12	114	124	3	42
La Valle.....	1,553	115	110	7	5	107	61	3	10
village.....		50	18		32	18	39	1	46
Merrimac.....	886	78	98	19	30	100	56	1	21
Prairie du Sac.....	1,161	38	72	3	34	73	24	1	44
village.....		88	42	11	46	93	93	3	49
Reedsburg.....		91	118	12	27	126	62	6	53
city, 1st ward.....	2,617	77	158	29	47	108	203	1	64
2d ward.....	81	94	205	12	50	95	79	20	61
Sauk City.....	965	56	106			115	39	1	76
Spring Green.....	1,098	152	103	19	49	97	145	1	
Sumpter.....		107	30	40	77	31	85	1	12
Troy.....	1,002	146	46	8	100	57	119	1	27
Washington.....	1,213	124	70	16	54	104	98	7	54
Westfield.....	1,432	75	173	1	98	193	59	1	62
Winfield.....	838	92	115	4	23	102	50	2	
Woodland.....	1,369	140	99	41	41	110	65	1	6
Totals.....	30,359	3,410	2,648	588	32	1,194	2,709	45	134
						432	2,463		52
						432			45
Plurality.....						762			378
									599
									845
									599
SAWYER—9th District.									246
Hayward, 1st pr.....	2,431	439	254	1	185	95	249	25	35
2d pr.....		31	190		159	84	42	4	3
3d pr.....		72	67		5	41	16	1	
Totals.....	2,431	542	511	1	190	220	307	30	38
					159				154
									67
Republican plurality.....					31				87
SHAWANO—9th District.									
Almon.....	381	26	57		31	57	15		4
Angolica.....	467	69	21		48	49	44	1	1
Aniwa.....	180	72	71	1	1	77	37	6	1

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
SHAWANO—Continued.													
Belle Plaine.....	875	102	93			9		153	52				101
Biramwood.....	449	88	59	4		29		62	69	2	6	7	
Fairbanks.....	566	44	84		5		40	102	22	1	1		80
Germania.....		26	4			22		6	15		1	9	
Grant.....	1,008	67	107				40	140	24	1			116
Green Valley.....	596	122	29		1	93		31	75	7	5	44	
Hartland.....	1,431	107	119				12	158	47	1	1		111
Herman.....	716	53	92		4		39	140	27	1	1		113
Hutchins.....	2,111	58	26			32		52	71	2	7	19	
Lessor.....	692	110	27	3	6	83		31	64	5	4	32	
Maple Grove.....	1,059	72	116				44	137	42	3	2		95
Morris.....	207	84	8			76		8	52	3	6	44	
Navarino.....	182	33	20			13		11	17	10	2	6	
Pella.....	779	53	116	1			63	139	24	1	1		115
Richmond.....	663	118	116			2		125	72	1	1		53
Seneca.....	269	31	32				1	46	12	2	1		34
Shawano, city, 1st ward.....	1,287 } 30 } 61 }	60 } 56 } 151 }	56 } 43 } 156 }	8 } 17 } 8 }	3 } 3 }	}	5 }	66 } 51 } 39 }	51 } 24 } 63 }	138 }	1 } 1 } 3 }	5 }	}
2d ward.....													
3d ward.....													
Washington.....	1,198	67	148				81	178	25	1	4		153
Wauketchon.....	835	60	84				24	95	33		1		62
Wittenberg.....	678	162	51	6	3	111		57	138	2	5	81	
Totals.....	16,639	1,775	1,636	31	23	519 380	380	2,010	1,115	56	50	243	1,138 243
Plurality.....						139							895
SHEBOYGAN—5th District.													
Greenbush.....	1,924	188	168	14	24	20		169	155	7	7		14
Herman.....	2,095	166	221	1			55	288	74	1	1		214
Holland, 1st dist.....	3,039 }	333	107	3	5	226		113	223	2	6	150	
2nd dist.....		158	21		6	137		21	132	3	4	111	
Lima.....	2,047	282	162	15	2	120		143	225	3	12	82	
Lyndon.....	1,717	284	102	11	1	182		132	251	2	11	119	
Mitchel.....	1,093	79	156				77	185	49		2		136

Mosel.....	1,002	81	89	.....	1	.....	8	86	44	1	1	.....	43
Plymouth.....	1,498	181	133	.....	5	.....	48	154	140	2	7	.....	14
city, 1st ward.....	1,189	70	78	.....	2	.....	31	124	59	1	1	.....	117
2nd ward.....	75	145	98	.....	1	.....	117	241	65	1	1	.....	196
Rhine.....	1,574	94	255	.....	1	.....	161	233	37	.....	.....	.....	85
Russell.....	473	9	90	.....	3	.....	81	87	2	.....	.....	.....	53
Scott.....	1,607	168	142	.....	26	.....	.....	162	109	3	4	.....	231
Sheboygan.....	1,750	100	236	.....	3	.....	136	279	58	3	3	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	1,960	275	234	.....	34	.....	.....	264	163	6	4	.....	.....
2nd ward.....	3,336	198	266	.....	21	.....	.....	234	195	1	1	.....	.....
3rd ward.....	1,228	111	183	.....	27	.....	.....	192	93	2	2	.....	.....
4th ward.....	3,529	113	136	.....	41	.....	.....	187	89	4	2	.....	.....
5th ward.....	1,674	105	81	1,542	155	398	538	194	51	8	44	14	1,117
6th ward.....	117	132	.....	.....	71	.....	.....	219	66	5	1	.....	.....
7th ward.....	33	149	.....	.....	67	.....	.....	206	28	7	1	.....	.....
8th ward, 1st pr.....	152	361	.....	.....	79	.....	.....	259	87	9	1	.....	.....
2nd pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	171	47	3	1	.....	.....
Sheboygan Falls.....	1,744	136	221	.....	12	.....	85	254	88	1	7	.....	166
village.....	1,132	112	140	.....	8	3	28	150	119	1	4	.....	31
Sherman.....	1,774	99	258	.....	.....	.....	159	264	71	.....	1	.....	193
Wilson.....	1,154	110	101	.....	.....	.....	9	116	55	.....	1	.....	61
Totals.....	38,600	3,729	4,320	73	449	768	1,350	5,013	2,815	74	88	462	2,660
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	768	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	462
TAYLOR—9th District.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	501	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,198
Browning.....	.....	23	26	.....	.....	.....	3	37	12	2	.....	.....	25
Chelsea.....	1,049	77	78	.....	1	.....	1	70	43	2	4	.....	27
Deer Creek.....	440	50	60	.....	.....	.....	10	82	21	2	1	.....	61
Greenwood.....	.....	20	28	.....	.....	.....	8	33	12	.....	.....	.....	21
Grover.....	.....	41	18	.....	23	.....	.....	32	23	2	1	.....	9
Little Black.....	1,005	113	135	.....	.....	.....	22	140	60	1	5	.....	80
Medford.....	2,348	210	239	.....	2	.....	29	169	42	1	1	.....	127
city, 1st ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51	48	.....	1	.....	.....
2d ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	120	25	3	.....	4
3d ward.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	43	.....	2	.....	.....
Monitor.....	.....	7	28	.....	.....	.....	21	29	8	1	1	.....	21
Pine Creek.....	.....	36	18	.....	.....	.....	18	17	21	2	.....	4	.....
Rib Lake.....	365	103	28	.....	4	74	.....	43	80	6	5	37	.....
Westboro.....	496	112	60	.....	8	52	.....	23	42	2	10	19	.....
Totals.....	5,703	792	719	15	.....	167	94	795	480	24	31	60	375
Pluralities.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60
Pluralities.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	315

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
TREMPEALEAU—8th District.													
Arcadia, 1st pr.	3,243	244	377	42			133	153	91	2	7		63
2d pr.						1		206	72	1	12		134
Albion.	716	120	35	28		85		31	73		22	42	
Burnside.	1,199	90	158	5			68	149	60	2	10		89
Caledonia.	403	67	27	2		40		30	37	1	3	7	
Chimney Rock.	676	112	22	1		90		34	46	1	8	12	
Dodge.	570	5	66				61	64	3		1		61
Ettrick.	1,876	288	66	8		225		75	141	3	11	66	
Gale.	1,967	254	153	21		101		130	177	5	18	47	
Hale.	1,511	148	162	1			14	121	68	2	2		53
Lincoln.	952	113	100	27		13		68	102	2	27	34	
Preston.	1,802	284	80	30		204		50	176	3	20	126	
Pigeon.	1,016	89	116	13			27	89	65	1	12		24
Sumner.	850	131	55	21		76		51	87	4	17	36	
Trempealeau.	1,571	231	101	26		130		57	141	2	16	84	
Unity.	760	85	53	10		32		65	48		12		17
Totals	19,112	2,261	1,571	236		993 303	303	1,373	1,387	29	198	454 440	440
Republican plurality						690						14	
VERNON—7th District.													
Bergen	914	116	81	2		35		71	73			2	
Christiana	1,456	285	36	14		249		49	145	1	22	96	
Clinton	1,064	156	48	6		108		29	73	4	7	44	
Coon.	1,131	208	38	5		170		34	94		1	60	
Forest	1,005	137	97	28		100		38	113	1	17	75	
Franklin	1,363	164	98	4	3	66		94	126	8	10	32	
Genoa	958	102	78	3		24		77	72	2	2		5
Greenwood	1,121	101	128	3	1		27	106	63				43
Hamburg	1,142	138	102	1		36		109	95	3	2		14
Harmony	1,135	141	62	13	2	79		71	115	8	1	44	
Hillsborough	1,395	207	131	9	1	76		113	108	4	11		5
Jefferson	1,411	136	66	66	10	70		52	82	22	26	30	

Klickapoo.....	1,163	149	90	9	59	73	96	6	4	23	.....
Liberty.....	586	83	89	1	46	43	67	3	2	24	.....
Stark.....	981	149	64	3	85	85	114	12	3	79	.....
Sterling.....	1,351	154	61	3	93	54	116	5	.....	62	.....
Union.....	779	73	73	24	4	59	43	.....	6	16	.....
Viroqua.....	1,552	216	76	24	4	140	71	126	9	14	55
city, 1st ward.....	} 1,091	} 50	} 19	} 9	} 34	} 11	} 25	} 57	} 1	} 3	} 14
2d ward.....											
3d ward.....											
Webster.....	1,136	132	89	9	1	43	61	106	4	13	45
Wheatland.....	860	153	39	3	1	114	37	115	7	1	78
Whitestown.....	837	124	41	24	.....	83	46	82	1	17	36
Totals.....	24,423	3,316	1,540	268	45	1,803	27	1,404	2,216	103	173
Republican plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,776	.....	.....	.....	.....	805
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	83
WASHBURN — 8th District.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bashaw, 1st pr.....	} 1,510	} 335	} 186	} 80	} 149	} 14	} 31	} 1	} 7	} 17	} 11
2d pr.....											
3d pr.....											
Long Lake.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11	11	.....	.....	4	.....
Shell Lake.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106	153	2	18	10	20
Veazie, 1st pr.....	} 161	} 20	} 21	} 14	} 8	} 46	} 26	} 3	} 8	} 3	} 7
2d pr.....											
Spooner, 1st pr.....											
2d pr.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57	60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,671	514	363	106	.....	161	10	308	304	9	49
Plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	151	.....	.....	.....	.....	27
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31
WALWORTH — 1st District.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bloomfield.....	1,201	211	75	1	136	88	120	1	.....	32	.....
Darien.....	1,243	205	143	16	62	87	123	.....	6	39	.....
Delavan.....	2,542	431	213	79	218	.....	.....	.....	.....	40	.....
1st district.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57	97	.....	10	115	.....
2d district.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	136	251	.....	37	35	.....
East Troy.....	1,406	209	135	7	74	148	183	2	7	76	.....
Elkhorn.....	1,219	216	112	38	104	123	199	1	13	25	.....
Geneva.....	877	140	62	34	78	62	87	1	25	17	.....
La Fayette.....	1,008	161	80	15	81	92	109	.....	9	104	.....
La Grange.....	838	183	84	12	149	27	131	.....	43	.....	.....

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.					
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
WALWORTH—Continued.													
Lake Geneva, 1st ward	2,231	148	40	14	28	290		33	113	22	34	183	
2d ward		139	52	8				54	79				
3d ward		135	30	6				47	75				
Linn	993	167	42	10		125		88	87	2	12	49	
Lyons	1,459	189	135	24		54		166	116		12		
Richmond	853	131	84	14		47		70	81		8	11	50
Sharon	2,102	333	108	70		278							
1st district													
2d district								34	109	1	31	75	
Spring Prairie	1,176	202	62	33		140		32	90		28	58	
Sugar Creek	1,015	139	58	42		81		68	147		13	79	
Troy	1,006	142	97	21		45		46	87	2	25	41	
Walworth	1,403	239	71	30		168		85	121		9	36	
Whitewater	833	154	63	16		86		36	164		23	123	
city, 1st ward	1,355	163	112	16	51	92	229	113	127	6	9	52	
2d ward	1,337	223	102	31	7			81	195	1	20	133	
3d ward	1,456	165	113	26	34			126	120	40	17		
Totals	27,802	4,473	2,023	563	93	2,445		1,906	3,134	57	373	1,278	50
Republican plurality						2,445						1,238	
WASHINGTON—2d District.													
Addison	1,892	72	307			235		255	33	2	2		217
Barton	1,235	99	156		2	57		182	64	1	1		118
Erin	1,306	67	178			111		185	39				146
Farmington	1,704	128	217		5	89		209	93				114
Germanatown	2,073	173	211			38		190	140	1	5		50
Hartford	1,431	130	205			75		218	77	2	4		141
city, 1st ward	1,217	93	183	58	148	2	35	61	99	2	2	34	
2d ward								121	49				
Jackson	1,813	186	129			57		261	59	1	3		202
Kewaskum	1,533	194	153	1		41		200	129	4	3		71

Polk	1,641	147	177				80	166	79	1	4		87
Richfield.....	1,680	95	211				116	209	63	4	1		140
Schleisingserville.....	1,415	26	65				39	63	26	1	1		37
Trenton.....	2,046	73	282	2			209	267	59	4	1		208
Wayne.....	1,496	181	118			63		122	120	4	3		2
West Bend.....	846	49	101				52	120	34	3			86
city, 1st ward.....	1,284	23 } 43 }	109 } 60 }				148	81 } 86 }	48 } 58 }	1 } 1 }	1 } 1 }		61
2d ward.....			105 }										
Totals	23,692	1,869	2,872	12		196	1,199	2,900	1,276	30	31		1,714
							196						
Democratic plurality							1,003						1,714
WAUKESHA—2nd District.													
Brookfield.....	2,137	151	809	4		158		252	116	4	8		136
Delafield.....	1,666	219	141	1		78		122	188	3	5	60	
Eagle.....	1,148	145	144		11	1		152	100	2	11		52
Geneseo.....	1,337	197	146	22		51		136	164	2	17	28	
Lisbon.....	1,446	207	167	22		40		154	156		14	2	
Menomonee, 1st pr.....	2,315	174	816	18			142	163	117		11		46
2nd pr.....								172	25				147
Merton.....	1,617	225	146	14	15	79		137	173	7	10	30	
Mukwonago.....	1,132	173	101	42		72		68	135	6	31	47	
Muskego.....	1,516	143	145	6			2	135	86	1	10		49
New Berlin.....	1,710	111	201	16	1		90	201	87		14		114
Oconomowoc.....	1,418	171	140	2		31		145	124		5		21
city, 1st pr.....	2,714	319	239	19		60		164 } 69 }	137 } 145 }		13 } 10 }	23	40
2nd pr.....													
Ottawa.....	992	156	88	2		58		73	129	1	3	56	
Pewaukee, 1st pr.....	2,414	302	804	15			2	186	161		4		25
2nd pr.....								155	86	6	2		69
Summit.....	1,199	119	123	9			4	83	130	2	4	47	
Vernon.....	1,228	198	78	88		120		104	135	3	19	31	
Waukesha, 1st pr.....	5,224	431	248	35	2	83		123	223		10	100	
2nd pr.....		398	320	32	4	78		108	203	1	7	95	
3rd pr.....								157	158	5	4	1	
4th pr.....								141	167	6	6	26	
Totals	31,123	3,839	3,456	207	33	781	398	3,220	3,145	49	213	584	659
						398							584
Plurality						383							75

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

250

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.											
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alexander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.						
WAUPACA — 9th District.																			
Bear Creek.....	1,099	68	103	2			35	113	45	1	1		68						
Caledonia.....	1,058	35	108				73	165	17	3			148						
Clintonville, city.....	1,117	181	107	14		74		140	134	2	14		6						
Dayton.....	856	167	31	19		136		20	132	5	11	112							
Dupont.....	1,232	164	112	2		52		138	114	3	4		24						
Farmington.....	957	223	26	5		197		32	179	1	8	147							
Fremont.....	778	33	54	1	6		21	80	20				60						
village.....		27	34	1			7	29	21				8						
Helvetia.....	326	53	18	1		35		14	42		2	28							
Iola.....	1,177	251	17	2		234		16	132		11	116							
Larabee.....	1,389	151	71	4		80		164	87	1	1		77						
Lebanon.....	939	42	139	1			97	159	17	1	1		142						
Lind.....	1,037	165	54	14	4	111		65	99	1	23	34							
Little Wolf.....	1,621	147	135	5	1	12		147	116		7		81						
Matteson.....	767	97	39	1		58		54	88	2	1	34							
Mukwa.....	1,009	106	77	1		7	29	100	85	2	3		15						
New London, 1st ward.....	1,856	25	68	159	1	2	25	75	22	2	2	8	8						
2d ward.....		53	31		9			41	182					46	174				
4th ward.....		62	40													25	41	63	43
5th ward.....		44	20																
Royalton.....	1,238	128	95	10		33		100	132		4	32							
St. Lawrence.....	774	203	20	6		183		24	168	2	2	144							
Scandinavia.....	1,118	266	11	8		255		14	186		19	172							
Union.....	918	83	87	3	33		4	90	64	8	4		26						
Waupaca.....	957	143	48	14		95		43	100		8	57							
city.....	1,810	344	71	36		273		64	316		31	253							
Weyauwega.....	1,307	61	57	4		4		71	45		4		26						
village.....		63	96	4			33	93	54		8		39						
Totals.....	25,340	3,385	1,769	167	53	1,886 270	270	2,117	2,567	35	178	1,128 678	678						
Republican plurality.....						1,616						450							

1 See Outagamie county.

WAUSHARA—6th District.												
Aurora	1,204	169	46	17	123	45	144	7	99	4		
Berlin, 2d ward, 2d pr.								1				130
Bloomfield	1,389	169	53	2	110	176	56	3				
Coloma	652	89	58		60	52	81	1				
Dakota	548	82	22		60	45	45	2				
Deerfield	446	87	5	2	82	10	52		3			
Hancock	613	123	36		93	24	101	1	4			
Leon	818	130	39	14	91	40	119		10			
Marion	631	105	27	1	78	32	88	6	1			
Mt. Morris	679	146	23	13	123	27	118	2	9			
Oasis	672	100	28	12	10	20	79	2	8			
Plainfield	856	178	20	3	2	23	120	6	3			
village	565	89	21	6		68	11		11			
Poysippi	964	158	48	7	110	64	104		7			
Richford	516	56	59			51	42	1	1			
Rose	551	89	15	22	1	12	81	2	16			
Saxville	754	133	22	14	111	75	68	1	5			
Springwater	592	92	11	35	81	6	83	3	18			
Warren	754	96	81	1	15	72	65	1	2			
Wautoma	726	148	49	4	99	41	124					
Totals	13,921	2,245	663	159	23	1,585	3	830	1,651	32	112	968
						3						147
Republican plurality						1,582						821
WINNEBAGO—6th District.												
Algoma	769	124	45	9	4	79	89	116	2	11	77	
Black Wolf	849	52	107	3		55	98	32	3	4		66
Clayton	1,315	129	120	1	11	9	99	97	1	6		2
Menasha	698	33	66	15	6		64	31	4	7		33
city, 1st ward	1,047	107	134	2	28		173	100	1			
2d ward	1,084	63	166	3	21		174	59	3	4		
3d ward	689	69	72	533	14		89	63	3	7		
4th ward	1,003	48	160	1	21		207	33	3			
Neenah	601	61	57	8	5	4	59	44	6	3		15
city, 1st ward	160	124	24	11			128	140	4	23		
2d ward	4,910	120	424	30	75		116	127	6	13		
3d ward	119	127	437	28			135	132	6	4		
4th ward	25	46	1	16			39	33	2	3		
Nekimi	1,193	115	112	14	1	3	129	66	2	12		63
Nepeuskum	1,028	148	45	25		103	106	68		17		38
Omro	2,710	374	140	80	6	234	105	321	2	54		216
Oshkosh	1,594	105	94	4	9	11	95	113	2	8		18

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES — Continued.

COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Population, 1885.	PRESIDENT, 1888.						GOVERNOR, 1890.									
		Harrison, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.	May, U. Labor.	Alex- ander, Pro.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.				
WINNEBAGO—Continued.																	
Oshkosh, city, 1st ward, 1st pr....	3,906	433	264	22	23			184	176	3	8						
2d pr....								89	288	1	12						
2d ward, 1st pr....	3,302	249	475	7	98			199	179	2	3						
2d pr....								368	83	16	2						
3d ward, 1st pr....	3,294	253	393	13	50			192	166	4	6						
2d pr....								253	100	8	5						
4th ward, 1st pr....	5,606	459	1927	512	34	116	73	449	240	169	2,645	176	2,126	63	21	112	519
2d pr....																	
3d pr....																	
5th ward, 1st pr....	2,541	284	192	33	84					135	125	3	2				
2d pr....										232	137	9	19				
6th ward, 1st pr....	3,415	249	337	7	121					137	238	9	19				
2d pr....										105	181	6	8				
										320	69	1	1				
										262	125	1	7				
Poygan.....	864	76	131	2	1		55	131	54	2	4						77
Rushford.....	1,809	285	89	32	8	196		68	239	4	28						
Utica.....	1,030	168	51	14		117		51	129	1	14						
Vinland.....	1,076	139	74	8	1	65		91	123	1	5						
Winchester.....	1,094	157	66	2	2	91		105	152	2	8						
Winneconne.....	2,066	129	67	6		62		60	96	1	14						
village.....		156	84	6	9	72		105	110	1	12						
Wolf River, 1st pr....	909	49	121		1		72	76	19								57
2d pr....								75	5								70
Totals.....	50,395	4,938	4,611	402	682	1,046	719	5,224	4,646	122	364	712	1,290				
Plurality.....						327							578				
Wood—9th District.																	
Auburndale.....	605	66	52			14		66	37		1						29
village.....	304	51	33			18		33	21								12
Centralia, 1st ward, 1st pr....	981	32	141	19	10			20	23	1							
2d ward, 1st pr....	981	32	141	19	10			59	143	29	108	9	14	3	5		
3d ward, 1st pr....	981	32	141	19	10			64	51	4	2			2			35

Grand Rapids.....	657	53	94	.....	5	.....	41	89	34	.....	.....	55
city, 1st ward.....	37	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	48	32	.....	1	.....	.....
2d ward.....	85	86	.....	.....	.....	.....	46	45	.....	2	.....	.....
3d ward.....	1,606	198	197	8	12	15	33	162	162	3	3	.....
4th ward.....	71	69	.....	4	6	.....	35	39	.....	1	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	812	78	71	.....	.....	.....	7	76	59	.....	.....	17
Marshfield.....	480	17	110	.....	1	.....	98	109	12	1	1	97
city, 1st ward.....	33	115	.....	.....	.....	.....	119	42	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	2,090	129	278	2	.....	.....	106	110	1	2	.....	.....
3d ward.....	86	87	375	3	6	.....	96	387	2	4	2	122
4th ward.....	80	73	1	.....	.....	.....	66	29	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milladore.....	901	26	145	.....	.....	.....	119	146	18	.....	.....	128
Port Edwards.....	556	51	50	.....	.....	.....	5	60	35	1	2	25
Pittsville, 1st ward.....	48	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	48	.....	3	.....	.....
2d ward.....	44	124	62	1	2	62	22	30	1	1	4	51
3d ward.....	32	14	1	1	1	.....	10	20	.....	.....	.....	7
Remington.....	244	62	52	.....	.....	10	.....	43	36	3	.....	.....
Richfield.....	193	40	25	.....	.....	15	.....	14	16	2	1	2
Rock.....	450	73	57	.....	3	16	.....	46	63	2	3	17
Rudolph.....	1,102	90	139	11	3	.....	49	121	94	11	11	27
Saratoga.....	314	44	43	.....	.....	1	.....	25	33	.....	.....	7
Seneca.....	1,116	121	48	3	2	73	.....	87	51	4	1	96
Sherry.....	.....	87	18	.....	.....	69	.....	32	106	.....	1	74
Siegel.....	971	81	151	1	3	.....	70	188	51	3	3	137
Vesper.....	120	86	33	8	.....	53	.....	42	79	2	.....	37
Wood.....	846	142	79	1	.....	63	.....	71	74	.....	5	3
Totals.....	14,358	1,904	1,984	41	73	401	481	1,979	1,443	51	45	191
Democratic plurality.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	536

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1884-1888—BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	Blaine. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	St. John. Pro.	Butler. G. B.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Street- er. Lab.
Adams.....	1,002	454	9	5	1,102	426	16	5
Ashland.....	1,084	672	16	.....	2,808	2,233	56	.....
Barron.....	1,695	792	70	19	1,800	885	283	6
Bayfield.....	431	243	1	.....	1,205	708	27	.....
Brown.....	2,046	3,681	44	34	2,655	3,554	133	96
Buffalo.....	1,544	1,225	3	31	1,754	1,331	88	1
Burnett.....	601	27	1	6	490	69	230	.....
Calumet.....	957	2,136	48	140	952	1,984	46	142
Chippewa.....	2,545	2,500	48	56	2,685	2,506	283	.....
Clark.....	1,953	1,244	53	104	2,260	1,297	144	22
Columbia.....	3,470	2,630	248	7	3,509	2,650	303	13
Crawford.....	1,536	1,015	35	47	1,799	1,564	62	42
Dane.....	6,232	6,410	572	45	6,827	6,426	1,082	6
Dodge.....	3,145	6,145	90	115	3,186	6,046	212	40
Door.....	1,838	1,117	34	70	1,088	1,018	55	2
Douglas.....	275	249	1	.....	1,183	778	19	3
Dunn.....	2,536	1,202	57	76	2,531	1,299	50	91
Eau Claire.....	3,632	2,949	152	65	3,203	2,412	493	162
Florence.....	362	142	4	.....	321	227	3	11
Fond du Lac.....	4,273	4,878	213	291	4,511	4,910	297	101
Forest.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	234	217	9	.....
Grant.....	4,137	3,233	347	124	4,242	3,414	449	94
Green.....	2,568	1,894	349	288	2,659	2,098	440	217
Green Lake.....	1,525	1,292	155	11	1,702	1,415	125	5
Iowa.....	2,463	2,297	335	4	2,484	2,257	461	.....
Jackson.....	2,060	965	41	79	2,090	986	255	.....
Jefferson.....	2,912	4,227	209	13	2,994	4,232	204	13
Juneau.....	2,012	1,710	125	26	2,006	1,666	183	11
Kenosha.....	1,705	1,557	30	.....	1,684	1,681	102	1
Kewaunee.....	746	2,006	9	.....	849	2,077	1	.....
La Crosse.....	3,780	3,442	125	16	4,128	3,901	394	133
La Fayette.....	2,491	2,198	230	46	2,564	2,275	268	5
Langlade.....	559	628	23	28	774	1,192	96	.....
Lincoln.....	1,075	989	14	26	1,138	1,032	107	113
Manitowoc.....	2,522	4,203	37	3	2,703	4,218	19	127
Marathon.....	2,144	3,358	32	65	2,122	3,365	42	304
Marinette.....	2,024	924	101	1	1,775	1,767	224	127
Marquette.....	940	1,073	39	7	1,119	1,005	26	4
Milwaukee.....	16,841	16,290	221	901	21,394	17,302	339	4,494
Monroe.....	2,633	2,207	133	74	2,695	2,138	266	.....
Oconto.....	1,494	1,033	52	2	1,815	1,148	37	7
Oneida.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	771	808	6	.....
Outagamie.....	2,644	4,169	70	192	2,759	4,000	187	118
Ozaukee.....	716	2,171	9	16	750	2,026	4	86
Pepin.....	957	413	8	11	926	461	175	.....
Pierce.....	2,478	1,120	156	38	2,477	1,158	542	46
Polk.....	1,717	627	89	.....	1,703	631	332	.....
Portage.....	2,319	2,236	76	44	2,603	2,322	167	22
Price.....	794	329	2	.....	814	619	101	.....
Racine.....	4,063	3,458	298	22	3,947	3,326	536	283
Richland.....	2,457	1,785	215	39	2,467	1,740	292	21
Rock.....	6,266	3,447	370	65	6,225	3,501	478	13
St. Croix.....	2,501	2,237	107	5	2,759	2,130	529	49
Sauk.....	3,557	2,381	244	71	3,410	2,648	538	32
Sawyer.....	298	109	5	.....	542	511	1	.....
Shawano.....	1,398	1,404	43	31	1,775	1,636	31	23
Sheboygan.....	3,511	3,986	107	194	3,729	4,320	73	449
Taylor.....	789	604	1	.....	732	719	15	.....
Trempealeau.....	2,166	1,285	100	111	2,201	1,571	230	.....
Vernon.....	2,917	1,568	194	187	3,316	1,540	268	45
Walworth.....	4,323	2,115	345	23	4,473	2,028	563	93
Washington.....	281	137	47	.....	514	363	106	.....
Washington.....	1,533	2,972	18	22	1,869	2,872	12	.....
Waukesha.....	3,207	3,264	263	65	3,839	3,456	297	33
Waupaca.....	3,031	1,762	92	163	3,355	1,769	167	53
Waushara.....	2,146	605	85	36	2,245	665	159	33
Winnebago.....	4,893	4,638	341	291	4,938	4,611	402	682
Wood.....	1,455	1,699	7	97	1,904	1,984	41	73
Total.....	161,135	140,453	7,649	4,598	176,553	155,232	14,277	8,552

Blaine's plurality 14,682.

Harrison's plurality 21,321.

**RATIO OF DEMOCRATIC VOTE IN 1890 TO DEMOCRATIC VOTE
IN 1888. SAME AS TO REPUBLICAN VOTE.**

COUNTIES.	Peck (Dem. candi- date for Governor in 1890.)	Morgan (Dem. candi- date for Governor in 1888.)	Percentage of Dem. vote in 1890 to Dem. vote in 1888.	Hoard (Rep. candi- date for Governor in 1890.)	Hoard (Rep. candi- date for Governor in 1888.)	Percentage of Rep. vote in 1890 to Rep. vote in 1888.
Adams.....	292	490	68	713	1,100	65
Ashland.....	1,728	2,201	78	1,760	2,856	62
Barron.....	731	881	83	1,147	1,794	64
Bayfield.....	422	707	61	600	1,204	50
Brown.....	3,083	3,540	87	1,938	2,663	73
Buffalo.....	1,408	1,316	107	1,154	1,767	65
Burnett.....	48	69	69	312	491	63
Calumet.....	1,720	1,982	87	769	954	81
Chippewa.....	2,171	2,503	87	1,792	2,678	67
Clark.....	1,493	1,286	116	1,600	2,263	71
Columbia.....	2,418	2,652	91	2,627	3,506	75
Crawford.....	1,503	1,562	96	1,356	1,896	75
Dane.....	6,212	6,410	97	5,632	6,844	82
Dodge.....	6,523	6,078	108	2,210	3,144	70
Door.....	978	1,039	94	1,061	1,688	63
Douglas.....	781	776	101	997	1,181	84
Dunn.....	1,317	1,302	101	1,662	2,526	66
Eau Claire.....	1,998	2,296	83	1,861	3,215	58
Florence.....	155	236	66	218	313	70
Fond du Lac..	4,984	4,934	101	3,399	4,496	76
Forest.....	127	218	58	113	233	48
Grant.....	3,347	3,407	98	3,513	4,264	82
Green.....	2,003	2,122	94	1,980	2,625	75
Green Lake...	1,691	1,417	119	1,301	1,699	76
Iowa.....	2,107	2,256	93	2,094	2,491	84
Jackson.....	1,007	1,000	101	1,371	2,093	65
Jefferson.....	4,199	4,238	99	2,222	3,025	73
Juneau.....	1,618	1,653	98	1,826	2,077	88
Kenosha.....	1,657	1,674	99	1,371	1,691	81
Kewaunee.....	1,992	2,046	97	545	878	62
La Crosse.....	3,819	3,699	103	3,101	3,935	79
La Fayette....	2,145	2,284	94	2,270	2,563	88
Langlade.....	1,077	1,192	90	661	777	85
Lincoln.....	1,398	1,050	133	901	1,114	81
Manitowoc....	4,087	4,237	96	1,905	2,681	71
Marathon.....	3,500	3,356	104	1,391	2,114	66
Marinette.....	1,377	1,756	78	1,140	1,777	64
Marquette.....	1,185	999	120	743	1,131	66
Milwaukee....	24,520	17,703	138	18,313	20,887	88
Monroe.....	2,136	2,135	100	2,060	2,710	76
Oconto.....	1,149	1,154	99	896	1,313	68
Oneida.....	803	871	92	697	767	91
Outagamie....	4,213	4,005	105	2,060	2,779	74
Ozaukee.....	2,326	2,025	115	411	755	54
Pepin.....	433	461	94	599	926	65
Pierce.....	867	1,158	75	1,568	2,483	63
Polk.....	507	606	84	1,154	1,728	67
Portage.....	2,342	2,322	101	1,740	2,575	67
Price.....	652	620	105	633	912	69
Racine.....	3,424	3,293	104	3,274	3,222	83
Richland.....	1,425	1,734	82	1,874	2,457	76
Rock.....	3,411	3,509	97	4,629	6,193	75
St. Croix.....	1,701	2,135	80	1,955	2,753	71
Sauk.....	2,709	2,657	102	2,463	3,400	72
Sawyer.....	220	508	43	307	542	57
Shawano.....	2,010	1,635	123	1,115	1,784	62
Sheboygan....	5,013	4,386	114	2,815	3,683	76
Taylor.....	795	723	110	480	788	61
Trempealeau..	1,373	1,567	88	1,387	2,276	61
Vernon.....	1,404	1,540	91	2,216	3,321	67
Walworth.....	1,906	2,036	94	3,134	4,447	70
Washburn.....	308	363	85	304	514	59
Washington...	2,990	2,892	103	1,276	1,853	69
Waukesha....	3,220	3,445	93	3,145	3,848	82
Waupaca.....	2,117	1,778	119	2,567	3,383	76
Waushara....	830	658	126	1,651	2,258	73
Winnebago....	5,224	4,609	113	4,646	4,885	95
Wood.....	1,979	1,985	99	1,443	1,896	76
Total.....	160,388	155,423	103	132,068	175,696	75

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1890.

COUNTIES.	Governor.					Lieutenant Governor.						Secretary of State.						
	Geo. W. Peck Dem.	Wm. D. Hoard, Rep.	Reuben May, U. L.	Charles Alexander, Pro.	Blank.	Nelson E. Allen, U. L.	Charles Jonas, Dem.	Wm. R. Nethercut, Pro.	Joseph B. Treat, Rep.	Blank.	Luther B. Bennett.	Ed. D. Coe, Rep.	T. J. Cunningham, Dem.	Wm. M. Lockwood, U. L.	George McKerrrow, Pro.	Blank.	Bennett, Luther.	A. B. Geilfuss.
Adams.....	292	713	33	27	.....	39	308	45	672	.....	.....	660	312	43	37	.....	.....	.....
Ashland.....	1,723	1,760	76	103	.....	127	1,631	119	1,065	.....	.....	1,629	1,702	123	95	.....	.....	.....
Barron.....	731	1,147	207	172	.....	224	741	180	1,076	.....	.....	1,078	759	218	176	.....	.....	.....
Bayfield.....	432	600	117	69	.....	134	413	70	547	.....	.....	525	443	133	48	.....	.....	.....
Brown.....	3,083	1,938	63	97	.....	112	3,059	137	1,703	.....	.....	1,707	3,043	112	107	.....	.....	.....
Buffalo.....	1,403	1,154	24	93	.....	45	1,336	90	1,150	.....	.....	1,150	1,357	29	71	.....	.....	.....
Burnett.....	48	312	24	149	.....	26	52	154	290	.....	.....	297	47	30	141	.....	.....	.....
Calumet.....	1,730	769	75	24	.....	95	1,709	43	657	.....	.....	657	1,711	100	31	.....	.....	.....
Chippewa.....	2,171	1,792	40	221	.....	70	2,148	273	1,734	.....	.....	1,605	2,438	53	210	.....	.....	.....
Clark.....	1,493	1,600	23	162	.....	30	1,485	166	1,536	.....	.....	1,538	1,488	42	140	.....	.....	.....
Columbia.....	2,418	2,627	55	243	.....	64	2,374	291	2,458	.....	.....	2,463	2,418	55	261	.....	.....	.....
Crawford.....	1,503	1,356	82	67	.....	85	1,520	97	1,304	.....	.....	1,320	1,528	76	65	.....	.....	.....
Dane.....	6,212	5,632	59	742	.....	89	6,160	854	5,402	.....	.....	5,464	6,172	96	772	.....	1	.....
Dodge.....	6,593	2,210	29	186	.....	80	6,526	223	2,042	.....	.....	2,062	6,577	48	204	.....	.....	.....
Door.....	978	1,061	31	66	.....	54	1,012	100	1,010	.....	.....	1,012	1,003	53	64	.....	.....	.....
Douglas.....	781	997	296	152	.....	392	801	154	821	.....	.....	818	799	805	146	.....	.....	.....
Dunn.....	1,317	1,662	57	235	.....	96	1,304	243	1,618	.....	.....	1,625	1,321	94	217	.....	.....	.....
Eau Claire.....	1,998	1,861	265	622	.....	406	2,035	516	1,757	.....	.....	1,763	2,142	882	499	.....	.....	.....
Florence.....	155	218	12	21	.....	12	135	22	224	.....	.....	220	128	15	16	.....	.....	.....
Fond du Lac.....	4,984	3,399	59	202	.....	96	4,968	270	3,164	.....	.....	3,160	4,999	154	224	.....	.....	.....
Forest.....	127	113	13	11	.....	17	109	12	118	.....	.....	109	111	20	11	.....	.....	.....
Grant.....	3,347	3,513	60	335	.....	73	3,393	306	3,363	.....	.....	3,284	3,414	75	350	.....	.....	.....
Green.....	2,003	1,980	83	283	.....	112	1,754	274	2,211	.....	.....	1,935	1,926	111	285	.....	.....	.....
Green Lake.....	1,691	1,301	14	63	.....	18	1,712	96	1,205	.....	.....	1,196	1,704	24	77	.....	.....	.....
Iowa.....	2,107	2,094	11	380	.....	20	2,123	418	2,055	.....	.....	2,054	2,118	14	388	.....	.....	.....
Jackson.....	1,007	1,371	31	252	.....	55	972	287	1,312	.....	.....	1,325	977	69	235	.....	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	4,199	2,222	17	176	.....	38	4,458	237	2,044	.....	.....	2,096	4,490	34	207	.....	.....	.....
Juneau.....	1,618	1,826	31	113	.....	39	1,602	141	1,731	.....	.....	1,738	1,610	40	122	.....	.....	.....
Kenosha.....	1,657	1,371	17	61	77	35	1,647	99	1,281	121	.....	1,349	1,633	30	62	110	.....	.....
Kewaunee.....	1,992	545	27	33	.....	31	2,096	53	403	.....	.....	453	2,027	49	22	.....	.....	.....
La Crosse.....	3,819	3,101	89	290	.....	112	3,846	849	2,998	.....	.....	2,986	3,854	108	312	.....	.....	.....
La Fayette.....	2,145	2,276	20	180	.....	25	2,127	194	2,247	.....	.....	2,236	2,161	27	176	.....	.....	.....
Langlade.....	1,077	661	14	61	.....	35	1,071	77	612	.....	.....	629	1,073	31	59	.....	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	1,398	901	35	55	.....	50	1,395	84	825	.....	.....	832	1,409	87	68	.....	.....	.....

Manitowoc	4,087	1,905	49	52	69	4,180	84	1,658	1,763	4,121	75	56					
Marathon	3,500	1,391	81	69	97	3,480	106	1,292	1,395	3,472	119	66					
Marquette	1,377	1,140	182	135	230	1,385	151	1,059	1,068	1,363	214	136					
Marquette	1,185	743	8	49	20	1,173	70	1,675	1,187	1,187	73	11					
Milwaukee	24,520	18,313	1,208	153	1,407	21,611	171	18,024	18,082	24,506	1,455	169					1
Monroe	2,136	2,060	46	178	46	2,128	230	1,875	1,845	2,146	49	214					
Oconto	1,149	896	42	49	47	1,094	75	839	837	1,108	53	50					
Oneida	893	697	50	44	53	789	50	651	651	794	66	36					
Outagamie	4,213	2,060	92	182	152	4,107	237	1,863	1,851	4,130	173	207					
Ozaukee	2,326	411	33	15	60	2,251	46	369	353	2,293	70	15					
Pepin	433	599	6	131	13	433	146	558	563	438	12	133					
Pierce	867	1,568	99	251	122	840	279	1,411	1,380	861	114	265					
Polk	507	1,154	51	194	85	509	233	1,033	1,030	507	71	222					
Portage	2,342	1,740	23	100	37	2,274	145	1,641	1,605	2,395	40	113					
Price	652	633	47	72	64	606	92	601	594	624	56	76					
Racine	3,424	3,274	254	259	263	3,677	334	2,845	3,026	3,310	392	315					
Richland	1,425	1,874	117	258	130	1,416	296	1,805	1,806	1,419	125	272					
Rock	3,411	4,629	33	402	71	3,326	496	4,380	4,372	3,353	67	432					
St. Croix	1,701	1,955	86	378	105	1,692	423	1,864	1,910	1,708	87	372					
Sauk	2,709	2,463	45	378	47	2,706	404	2,332	2,312	2,698	52	378					
Sawyer	220	307	30	38	38	214	39	275	279	226	30	30					
Shawano	2,010	1,115	56	59	77	1,967	82	1,058	1,069	1,991	81	39					
Sheboygan	5,013	2,815	74	88	134	4,962	138	2,714	2,728	4,970	149	87					
Taylor	795	480	24	31	36	803	32	437	446	805	33	22					
Trempealeau	1,373	1,357	29	193	40	1,363	226	1,333	1,348	1,397	31	200					
Vernon	1,404	2,216	103	173	95	1,397	246	2,065	2,050	1,597	88	202					
Walworth	1,906	3,134	57	373	47	1,832	451	2,954	3,066	1,790	31	405					
Washington	338	304	9	49	16	298	59	284	257	299	16	46					
Washington	2,930	1,276	30	81	48	2,878	62	1,146	1,143	2,899	40	43					
Waukesha	3,220	3,145	49	213	78	3,237	278	2,885	2,855	3,228	63	310					
Waupaca	2,117	2,567	35	178	53	2,098	220	2,403	2,293	2,069	55	210					
Wausara	830	1,651	32	112	58	817	156	1,555	1,560	830	41	132					
Winnebago	5,224	4,046	122	364	152	5,207	443	4,292	4,285	5,250	185	369					
Wood	1,979	1,443	51	45	83	1,949	92	1,335	1,341	1,979	73	43					
Total	160,388	132,068	5,447	11,246	105	7,000	159,710	13,361	124,736	158	1	124,764	160,493	7,115	11,635	150	1

Peck's plurality, 28,320.

Jonas' plurality, 34,974.

Cunningham's plurality, 35,729.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1890 — Continued.

258

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

COUNTIES.	State Treasurer.						Attorney-General.						State Superintendent.					
	Robert Fargo, Pro.	Albert B. Geilfuss, Rep.	John Hunner, Dem.	A. Man- heimer, U. Lab.	Blank.	Seat- ing.	J. L. O' Connor, Dem.	James O'Neill, Rep.	Michael Shiel, U. Lab.	B. E. Van- Keuren Pro.	Blank.	B. Luth- er.	L. D. Harvey, Rep.	Henry Lum- mis, Pro.	J. H. Stew- ard, U. Lab.	Oliver E. Wells, Dem.	Blank.	Mrs. Starks.
Adams.....	32	680	310	41	.....	.....	304	679	40	32	.....	.....	670	42	38	312	.....	.....
Ashland.....	109	1,653	1,673	115	.....	.....	1,655	1,689	120	83	.....	.....	1,703	100	122	1,624	.....	.....
Barron.....	183	1,059	772	214	.....	.....	739	1,097	213	174	.....	.....	1,115	179	221	723	.....	.....
Bayfield.....	50	546	433	128	.....	.....	418	587	128	36	.....	.....	560	53	143	400	.....	.....
Brown.....	135	1,724	3,050	105	.....	.....	3,012	1,751	109	99	.....	.....	1,729	134	104	3,010	.....	.....
Buffalo.....	80	1,091	1,469	18	.....	.....	1,347	1,190	24	59	.....	.....	1,167	83	28	1,340	.....	.....
Burnett.....	151	289	53	25	.....	.....	48	298	29	148	.....	.....	300	142	28	41	.....	.....
Calumet.....	42	556	1,713	105	.....	1	1,711	651	101	32	.....	.....	688	29	99	1,708	.....	.....
Chippewa.....	235	1,706	2,323	51	.....	.....	2,222	1,776	71	216	.....	.....	1,767	232	72	2,225	.....	1
Clark.....	145	1,533	1,512	35	.....	.....	1,435	1,059	33	114	.....	.....	1,565	136	45	1,474	.....	.....
Colombia.....	285	2,473	2,402	45	.....	.....	2,422	2,437	43	270	.....	.....	2,464	371	54	2,290	.....	.....
Crawford.....	71	1,345	1,525	70	.....	.....	1,523	1,349	74	52	.....	.....	1,346	66	73	1,523	.....	.....
Dane.....	868	5,377	6,218	72	.....	1	6,452	5,310	91	705	.....	1	5,494	779	94	6,133	.....	.....
Dodge.....	216	2,100	6,552	43	.....	.....	6,576	2,008	45	201	.....	.....	2,080	193	37	6,504	.....	.....
Door.....	80	1,053	934	53	.....	.....	991	1,063	54	62	.....	.....	1,064	74	45	993	.....	.....
Douglas.....	161	832	812	269	.....	.....	824	834	377	145	.....	.....	816	148	338	719	.....	.....
Dunn.....	227	1,638	1,355	77	.....	.....	1,324	1,676	77	214	.....	.....	1,677	214	81	1,321	.....	.....
Eau Claire.....	512	1,491	2,470	329	.....	.....	2,056	1,787	393	489	.....	.....	1,705	534	392	2,142	.....	.....
Florence.....	22	229	133	12	.....	.....	135	231	10	21	.....	.....	225	19	12	136	.....	.....
Fond du Lac.....	242	3,165	5,006	83	.....	.....	5,006	3,176	104	238	.....	.....	3,219	233	52	4,992	.....	.....
Forest.....	13	116	110	15	.....	.....	110	119	16	11	.....	.....	115	11	22	108	.....	.....
Grant.....	370	3,332	3,418	60	.....	.....	3,424	3,438	59	324	.....	.....	3,430	348	65	3,410	.....	.....
Green.....	297	1,964	1,922	101	.....	.....	1,937	1,946	98	286	.....	.....	1,963	299	110	1,906	.....	.....
Green Lake.....	81	1,204	1,710	16	.....	.....	1,706	1,212	17	79	.....	.....	1,224	68	20	1,697	.....	.....
Iowa.....	410	2,065	2,119	15	.....	.....	2,125	2,055	17	393	.....	.....	2,076	392	19	2,107	.....	.....
Jackson.....	266	1,220	1,009	48	.....	.....	973	1,390	50	218	.....	.....	1,354	252	49	976	.....	.....
Jefferson.....	280	2,057	4,476	23	.....	.....	4,506	2,071	33	192	.....	.....	2,082	209	27	4,493	.....	.....
Juneau.....	133	1,722	1,623	40	.....	.....	1,623	1,730	39	111	.....	.....	1,742	124	41	1,598	.....	.....
Kenosha.....	76	1,839	1,621	25	117	.....	1,628	1,318	59	61	109	.....	1,345	60	36	1,623	113	.....
Kewaunee.....	29	469	2,033	43	.....	.....	2,002	478	48	20	.....	.....	470	30	51	1,998	.....	.....
La Crosse.....	333	3,003	3,889	94	.....	.....	3,827	3,043	115	302	.....	.....	3,069	308	105	3,814	.....	.....
La Fayette.....	182	2,237	2,157	21	.....	.....	2,153	2,205	30	169	.....	.....	2,254	178	23	2,142	.....	.....
Langlade.....	79	627	1,068	27	.....	.....	1,075	632	23	59	.....	.....	629	56	23	1,067	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	73	839	1,409	40	.....	.....	1,408	847	43	62	.....	.....	851	65	37	1,400	.....	.....
Manitowoc.....	37	1,766	4,077	131	.....	.....	4,078	1,793	89	32	.....	.....	1,807	47	70	4,076	.....	.....

Marathon	84	1,324	3,470	114		3,401	1,358	105	69		1,358	67	124	3,420				
Marquette	146	1,097	1,354	206		1,350	1,079	211	119		1,062	136	225	1,345				
Marquette	73	671	1,195	17		1,192	603	10	55		603	58	21	1,181				
Milwaukee	167	18,377	24,293	1,440		24,511	17,971	1,458	172		18,092	170	1,451	24,515				
Monroe	232	1,837	2,153	35	26	2,135	1,891	44	205	37	1,882	201	54	2,127	37			
Oconto	59	854	1,103	53		1,030	891	49	87		888	51	49	1,096				
Oneida	46	633	1,820	53		794	645	55	48		649	44	50	792				
Outagamie	210	1,906	4,104	163	1	4,042	1,889	178	206		1,817	245	148	4,196				
Ozaukee	21	881	2,299	61		2,237	871	61	12		874	17	55	2,289				
Pepin	145	554	441	9		433	580	8	129		571	136	12	423				
Pierce	284	1,388	845	117		850	1,421	118	247		1,441	256	117	823				
Polk	235	1,048	511	60		502	1,066	69	208		1,046	222	76	501				
Portage	127	1,629	2,385	26		2,379	1,641	36	97		1,676	117	30	2,374				
Price	81	611	606	59		593	642	55	68		621	75	61	594				
Racine	339	3,061	3,329	335		3,318	2,992	557	206		3,060	318	342	3,316				
Richland	283	1,816	1,430	113		1,409	1,833	117	264		1,826	261	124	1,411				
Rock	517	4,222	3,378	59		3,376	4,207	73	450		4,430	435	73	3,352				
St. Croix	393	1,900	1,639	81		1,637	1,925	88	370		1,941	370	91	1,683				
Sauk	407	2,315	2,712	35		2,719	2,331	41	376		2,368	365	41	2,682				
Sawyer	88	287	235	32		222	290	32	124		236	30	34	214				
Shawano	58	1,069	1,933	80		1,931	1,073	88	43		1,087	50	69	1,979				
Sheboygan	114	2,770	4,936	131		4,918	2,801	146	63		2,872	86	143	4,868				
Taylor	28	456	790	34		800	459	30	19		455	25	38	790				
Trempealeau	198	1,348	1,410	23		1,384	1,384	23	184		1,363	198	34	1,376				
Vernon	215	2,112	1,402	85		1,357	2,121	96	186		2,111	208	99	1,375				
Walworth	455	2,957	1,843	36		1,845	2,976	42	421		2,976	440	38	1,831				
Washburn	58	290	304	7		294	302	12	37		293	44	15	294				
Washington	46	1,195	2,879	44		2,901	1,171	36	28		1,217	27	43	2,865				
Waushara	289	2,884	3,247	49		3,241	2,894	68	249		2,904	261	63	3,228				
Wauapaca	246	2,409	2,098	42		1,937	2,439	54	176		2,426	220	36	2,111				
Wausara	137	1,588	802	40		817	1,596	43	128		1,602	133	49	810				
Winnebago	436	4,235	5,289	156		5,191	4,281	153	445		4,353	362	156	5,169				
Wood	88	1,342	1,936	67		1,940	1,492	80	36		1,384	48	67	1,953				
Total	12,779	125,268	160,744	6,554	153	3	159,716	120,310	7,108	11,282	146	1	126,939	11,864	6,908	159,034	150	1

Hunner's plurality, 35,476.

O'Connor's plurality, 33,406.

Wells' plurality, 32,045.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1890—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Railroad Commissioner.						Commissioner of Insurance,				
	Bella S. Bishop, U. L.	John Q. Black, Pro.	Syver E. Briml, Rep.	Thomas Thompson, Dem.	Blank.	Jno. Lundt.	Charles Hatch, U. L.	Andrew Peterson. Pro.	Wilbur M. Root, Dem.	David Schreiner, Rep.	Blank.
Adams.....	37	42	603	305			38	33	305	659	
Ashland.....	145	114	1,661	1,537			131	109	1,588	1,655	
Barron.....	213	176	1,100	727			218	192	719	1,063	
Bayfield.....	135	44	582	402			133	69	395	544	
Brown.....	167	133	1,714	2,769			103	133	2,996	1,693	
Buffalo.....	32	89	1,152	1,338			28	78	1,317	1,168	
Burnett.....	26	145	300	47			24	155	37	299	
Calumnet.....	146	37	623	1,686			170	36	1,652	611	
Chippewa.....	65	224	1,735	2,265			58	245	2,208	1,721	
Clark.....	46	141	1,550	1,460			37	147	1,475	1,521	
Columbia.....	57	303	2,396	2,363			49	292	2,343	2,426	
Crawford.....	76	86	1,317	1,505			72	70	1,514	1,341	
Dane.....	92	840	5,341	6,177		1	86	850	6,110	5,358	
Dodge.....	59	209	2,036	6,513			39	209	6,463	2,009	
Dorr.....	49	76	1,039	1,006			52	77	988	1,025	
Douglas.....	404	173	823	751			369	259	784	705	
Dunn.....	90	235	1,635	1,317			94	238	1,279	1,628	
Eau Claire.....	840	460	2,005	1,954			380	602	2,007	1,684	
Florence.....	13	22	226	133			12	20		227	
Fond du Lac.....	113	251	3,107	4,906			118	246	4,915	3,114	
Forest.....	22	14	115	104			19	12	109	106	
Grant.....	69	389	3,365	3,400			54	345	3,307	3,525	
Green.....	95	320	1,922	1,884			95	327	1,883	1,932	
Green Lake.....	18	89	1,192	1,691			19	76	1,688	1,193	
Iowa.....	73	382	2,033	2,001			12	425	2,067	2,050	
Jackson.....	45	258	1,329	972			42	251	953	1,323	
Jefferson.....	49	223	2,007	4,493			31	216	4,460	2,037	
Juneau.....	46	141	1,709	1,596			40	132	1,603	1,713	
Kenosha.....	31	80	1,299	1,627	129		28	85	1,606	1,306	
Kewaunee.....	49	37	457	2,003			40	33	2,007	440	
La Crosse.....	111	337	2,974	3,832			100	348	3,756	2,971	
La Fayette.....	28	186	2,223	2,129			22	190	2,104	2,245	
Langlade.....	33	65	618	1,059			34	69	1,054	617	
Lincoln.....	41	71	835	1,375			47	72	1,381	832	
Manitowoc.....	86	51	1,742	4,079			77	49	4,081	1,749	

Marathon.....	114	75	1,819	3,428	.....	112	83	3,440	1,319	.....
Marinette.....	331	127	998	1,815	.....	236	149	1,811	1,037	.....
Marquette.....	21	63	666	1,181	.....	13	73	1,152	661	.....
Milwaukee.....	1,445	170	18,082	24,539	.....	130	170	24,514	18,005	.....
Monroe.....	48	240	1,835	2,128	40	43	235	2,092	1,846	43
Oconto.....	60	63	855	1,069	.....	51	58	1,071	868	.....
Oneida.....	74	48	634	772	.....	63	45	785	618	.....
Outagamie.....	191	224	1,819	4,085	.....	170	217	4,061	1,828	.....
Ozaukee.....	58	20	351	2,392	.....	50	16	2,280	364	.....
Pepin.....	49	225	517	345	.....	13	138	396	565	.....
Pierce.....	163	257	1,370	813	.....	111	294	826	1,384	.....
Polk.....	72	236	1,035	494	.....	66	249	485	1,012	.....
Portage.....	54	107	1,611	2,381	.....	29	124	2,374	1,612	.....
Price.....	59	80	624	585	.....	56	87	557	637	.....
Racine.....	368	359	2,944	3,344	.....	366	333	3,302	2,987	.....
Richland.....	109	347	1,779	1,362	.....	134	291	1,384	1,808	.....
Rock.....	87	490	4,149	3,365	.....	73	494	3,310	4,281	.....
St. Croix.....	92	400	1,965	1,674	.....	103	386	1,665	1,881	.....
Sauk.....	41	419	2,335	2,694	.....	393	393	2,645	2,317	.....
Sawyer.....	36	30	234	214	.....	35	31	215	271	.....
Shawano.....	84	55	1,065	1,976	.....	83	60	1,960	1,043	.....
Sheboygan.....	163	103	2,703	4,922	.....	156	280	4,810	2,675	.....
Taylor.....	36	21	451	787	.....	32	28	784	450	.....
Trempealeau.....	23	191	1,298	1,441	.....	29	216	1,363	1,329	.....
Vernon.....	82	290	2,073	1,341	.....	88	224	1,313	2,059	.....
Walworth.....	57	458	2,832	1,805	.....	49	462	1,759	2,848	.....
Washburn.....	40	52	293	286	.....	14	55	285	290	.....
Washington.....	40	52	1,140	2,842	.....	37	38	2,875	1,161	.....
Waukesha.....	62	305	2,837	3,231	.....	51	281	3,193	2,857	.....
Waupaca.....	52	225	2,387	2,070	.....	49	214	2,059	2,391	.....
Waushara.....	50	144	1,560	818	.....	60	139	811	1,563	.....
Winnebago.....	198	436	4,215	5,192	.....	174	464	5,146	4,207	.....
Wood.....	71	54	1,363	1,942	.....	70	51	1,928	1,354	.....
Total.....	7,494	12,713	124,140	158,293	169	1	6,960	13,096	157,440	176

Thompson, plurality, 34,153.

Root, plurality, 33,423.

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.

1848.		1871.	
Dewey, democrat.....	19,538	Washburn, republican.....	78,301
Tweedy, whig.....	14,449	Doolittle, democrat.....	68,910
Dewey's majority.....	5,089	Washburn's majority.....	9,391
1849.		1873.	
Dewey, democrat.....	16,649	Taylor, democrat.....	81,599
Collins, whig.....	11,317	Washburn, republican.....	66,224
Dewey's majority.....	5,332	Taylor's majority.....	15,375
1851.		1875.	
Farwell, whig.....	22,319	Ludington, republican.....	85,155
Upham, democrat.....	21,812	Taylor, democrat.....	84,314
Farwell's majority.....	507	Ludington's majority.....	841
1853.		1877.	
Barstow, democrat.....	30,405	Smith, republican.....	78,759
Holton, republican.....	21,886	Mallory, democrat.....	70,486
Baird, whig.....	3,304	Allis, greenback.....	26,216
Barstow's plurality.....	8,519	Smith's plurality.....	8,273
1855.		1879.	
Barstow, Democrat.....	36,355	Smith, republican.....	100,535
Bashford, republican.....	36,193	Jenkins, democrat.....	75,089
Barstow's majority.....	162	May, greenback.....	12,096
1857.		Smith's majority over both.....	12,509
Randall, republican.....	44,693	1881.	
Cross, democrat.....	44,239	Rusk, republican.....	81,754
Randall's majority.....	454	Fratt, democrat.....	69,797
1859.		Kanouse, prohibition.....	13,225
Randall, republican.....	59,999	Allis, greenback.....	7,002
Hobart, democrat.....	52,539	Rusk's plurality.....	11,957
Randall's majority.....	7,460	1884.	
1861.		Rusk, republican.....	163,214
Harvey, republican.....	53,777	Fratt, democrat.....	143,945
Ferguson, democrat.....	44,456	Hastings, prohibition.....	8,545
Harvey's majority.....	8,321	Utey, Greenback.....	4,274
1863.		Rusk's plurality.....	19,239
Lewis, republican.....	72,717	1886.	
Palmer, democrat.....	49,053	Rusk, republican.....	133,247
Lewis' majority.....	23,664	Woodward, democrat.....	114,529
1865.		Olin, prohibition.....	17,089
Fairchild, republican.....	58,332	Cochrane, people's.....	21,467
Hobart, democrat.....	48,330	Rusk's plurality.....	18,718
Fairchild's majority.....	10,002	1888.	
1867.		Hoard, republican.....	175,696
Fairchild, republican.....	73,637	Morgan, democrat.....	155,423
Talmadge, democrat.....	63,873	Durant, prohibition.....	14,373
Fairchild's majority.....	4,764	Powell, labor.....	9,196
1869.		Hoard's plurality.....	20,273
Fairchild, republican.....	69,502	1890.	
Robinson, democrat.....	61,239	Peck, democrat.....	160,888
Fairchild's majority.....	8,263	Hoard, republican.....	132,068
		Alexander, prohibition.....	11,246
		May, union labor.....	5,447
		Peck's plurality.....	28,320
		Peck's majority over all.....	11,627

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE IN WISCONSIN.

From 1848 to 1888.

NOTE — Names indented denote unsuccessful candidates. Figures in left hand column denote the number of the election, from the first presidential election in 1789 to the twenty fifth in 1888.

Number.	Year.	ELECTION.	CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	VOTE FOR CANDIDATES.				TOTAL VOTE.			
				Popular.	Per cent. Popular.	Majority.	Electoral.	Popular.	Increase Popular.	Per cent. Increase.	Electoral.
16	1848		Zachary Taylor	13,747	35.1	.....	.....	39,166	.....	.....	4
			Lewis Cass	15,001	38.3	1,254*	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Martin Van Buren ..	10,418	26.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	1852		Franklin Pierce	33,658	52.0	2,604	5	61,712	25,546	65.2	5
			Winfield Scott	22,210	34.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			John P. Hale	8,814	13.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	1856		James Buchanan	52,843	44.2	.....	.....	119,512	54,800	84.7	5
			John C. Fremont	66,690	55.3	12,668	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Millard Fillmore	579	.5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	1860		Abraham Lincoln	86,113	56.6	20,040	5	152,180	33,688	27.3	5
			John C. Breckinridge ..	888	.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			John Bell	161	.1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			S. A. Douglas	65,021	42.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	1864		Abraham Lincoln	83,458	55.9	17,574	8	149,242	2,838†	1.8†	8
			Geo. B. McClellan	65,884	44.1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	1868		Ulysses S. Grant	108,857	56.2	24,150	8	193,564	44,222	29.6	8
			Horatio Seymour	84,707	43.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	1872		Ulysses S. Grant	104,997	54.6	17,686	10	192,308	1,256†	.7†	10
			Horace Greeley	86,477	45.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Charles O'Connor	834	.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	1876		Rutherford B. Hayes	130,068	51.0	5,305	10	256,131	63,823	33.2	10
			Samuel J. Tilden	123,927	48.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Peter Cooper	1,509	.6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			G. C. Smith	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	1880		James A. Garfield	144,308	54.1	21,709	10	307,182	11,051	4.3	10
			Winfield S. Hancock ..	114,644	42.9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			J. B. Weaver	7,986	63.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Neal Dow	68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			J. B. Phelps	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	1884		Grover Cleveland	146,477	45.8	.....	.....	319,888	52,706	16.5	11
			James G. Blaine	161,157	50.4	2,426	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
			J. P. St. John	7,656	62.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Benj. F. Butler	4,598	61.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	1888		Benjamin Harrison	173,553	49.7	21,321*	11	354,614	34,726	10.8†	11
			Grover Cleveland	135,222	43.7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Clinton B. Fisk	11,277	44.2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
			E. W. Streeter	8,552	62.4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

*Plurality.

†Decrease.

VOTES GIVEN FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Statement of votes given for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Wisconsin at the Judicial Election held on the 21 day of April, A. D. 1889.

COUNTIES.	J. B. Casso- day.	Scat- tering.	Total.	COUNTIES.	J. B. Casso- day.	Scat- tering.	Total.
Adams.....	1,029		1,029	Marathon.....	3,653		3,653
Ashland.....	4,542		4,542	Marinette.....	1,494		1,494
Barron.....	1,102	120	1,222	Marquette.....	1,973		1,973
Bayfield.....	1,630	1	1,631	Milwaukee.....	27,898		27,898
Brown.....	6,333		6,333	Monroe.....	1,821		1,824
Buffalo.....	2,098		2,098	Oconto.....	2,097		2,097
Burnett.....	698		698	Oneida.....	1,064		1,064
Calumet.....	1,456		1,456	Outagamie.....	5,746	2	5,748
Chippewa.....	316		316	Ozaukee.....	1,545		1,545
Clark.....	2,877		2,877	Pepin.....	1,344	1	1,345
Columbia.....	3,979		3,979	Pierce.....	2,517		2,517
Crawford.....	3,145		3,145	Polk.....	2,398	5	2,398
Dane.....	8,681	4	8,685	Portage.....	4,126		4,126
Dodge.....	7,214		7,214	Price.....	1,537		1,537
Door.....	2,519		2,519	Racine.....	6,283		6,283
Douglas.....	2,017		2,017	Richland.....	1,869		1,869
Dunn.....	3,478	8	3,478	Rock.....	3,154		3,154
Eau Claire.....	4,773		4,773	St. Croix.....	2,281		2,281
Florence.....	693		693	Sauk.....	2,068		2,068
Fond du Lac.....	7,727		7,727	Sawyer.....			
Forest.....	244		244	Shawano.....	2,157		2,157
Grant.....	2,931		2,931	Sheboygan.....	2,843		2,843
Green.....	3,105		3,105	Taylor.....	1,357		1,357
Green Lake.....	2,398	1	2,399	Trempealeau.....	1,708	2	1,710
Iowa.....	1,988		1,988	Vernon.....	2,635	1	2,636
Jackson.....	2,643		2,643	Walworth.....	2,895		2,895
Jefferson.....	2,787	1	2,788	Washburn.....	776		776
Juneau.....	3,033		3,033	Washington.....	2,375	4	2,379
Kenosha.....	1,486		1,486	Waukesha.....	5,318		5,318
Keweenaw.....	3,138		3,138	Waupaca.....	1,956		1,956
La Crosse.....	2,491		2,491	Waushara.....	1,905	2	1,907
La Fayette.....	4,200		4,200	Winnebago.....	3,405	1	3,406
Langlade.....	1,431		1,431	Wood.....	1,635		1,635
Lincoln.....	1,563		1,563				
Manitowoc.....	6,476		6,476	Total.....	210,899	153	211,052

VOTES GIVEN FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES.

Statement of votes given for circuit judges in the judicial circuits of Wisconsin at the judicial election held on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1889.

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	John B. Winslow.	Scattering.	Total.
Kenosha.....	1,484	2	1,486
Racine.....	6,257	.....	6,257
Walworth.....	2,888	4	2,892
Total.....	10,629	6	10,635

THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	Geo. W. Burnell.	Scattering.	Total.
Calumet.....	1,306	42	1,348
Green Lake.....	1,335	59	1,394
Winnebago.....	3,460	2	3,462
Total.....	6,101	103	6,204

SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	Charles M. Webb.	Scattering.	Total.
Lincoln.....	493	.....	493
Marathon.....	3,646	2	3,648
Portage.....	2,450	4	2,454
Waupaca.....	2,243	.....	2,243
Waushara.....	1,911	.....	1,911
Wood.....	1,954	4	1,958
Total.....	12,697	10	12,707

EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	E. B. Bundy.	Romeo H. Stark.	Scattering.	Total.
Buffalo.....	1,854	318	.....	2,172
Dunn.....	2,545	520	.....	3,065
Eau Claire.....	2,632	1,490	170	4,292
Pepin.....	988	192	.....	1,180
Pierce.....	2,227	551	1	2,779
St. Croix.....	2,295	1,210	.....	3,505
Total.....	12,491	4,281	171	16,942

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

TO FILL VACANCY.

COUNTIES.	Robert G. Siebecker.	Scattering.	Total.
Adams.....	543		543
Columbia.....	2,551	5	2,556
Dane.....	6,438	23	6,461
Juneau.....	1,605	48	1,653
Marquette.....	1,411		1,411
Sauk.....	2,935	147	3,082
Total.....	15,513	223	15,736

NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	Robert G. Siebecker.	Scattering.	Total.
Adams.....	530		530
Columbia.....	2,673	4	2,677
Dane.....	6,108	22	6,130
Juneau.....	1,668	48	1,716
Marquette.....	1,405		1,405
Sauk.....	3,113	78	3,196
Total.....	15,502	153	15,654

FOURTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

COUNTIES.	S. D. Hastings, Jr.	Scattering.	Total.
Brown.....	6,331		6,331
Door.....	2,519	3	2,522
Marinette.....	1,492		1,492
Oconto.....	2,000	7	2,007
Total.....	12,342	10	12,352

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The following is the act relating to the amendment of section 4 of article 7 of the state constitution, followed by the vote by counties given for and against the proposition, at the judicial election held April 2, 1889:

[No. 497, A.]

[Published February 28, 1889.]

CHAPTER 22.

AN ACT to submit to the people an amendment to the constitution.

WHEREAS, The legislature of this state at the biennial session for the year 1887, proposed and adopted by a vote of a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, an amendment to the constitution of this state, the same being in fact an amendment to section 4, of article 7, thereof, as amended in 1877, the proposed amendment being in the following language:

Resolved by the assembly, the senate concurring, That the following be adopted as an amendment to the constitution of the state of Wisconsin:

SECTION 1. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as justices of said court with the same terms of office, respectively as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of five justices (any three of whom shall be a quorum), to be elected as now provided. The justice having been longest a continuous member of the court (or in case two or more of such senior justices having served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires), shall be ex-officio the chief justice; and

WHEREAS, The foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution was duly ratified and agreed to by the legislature of this state for the year 1889; therefore

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The proposed amendment to the constitution of this state shall be submitted to the people at an election to be held Tuesday, the second day of April, 1889, and if the people shall approve and ratify said amendment by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment shall become a part of the constitution of this state.

SECTION 2. The form of ballot in voting to approve and ratify said proposed amendment shall be: "For amendment to the constitution;" if against the same, "against the amendment to the constitution," which shall be written or printed on the judicial ballot used at such election and deposited in the same box. All persons qualified to vote at any election in this state shall be deemed voters on this question.

SECTION 3. The votes cast approving and ratifying or disapproving such amendment shall be counted and returned by the inspectors of the election in all respects as votes for an associate justice of the supreme court are counted and returned, and the officers now designated by law to canvass the returns of votes for associate justice of the supreme court shall canvass the returns on this question at the same time and place and under the same regulations and restrictions, now provided by law for canvassing and declaring the returns of elections for justices of the supreme court.

SECTION 4. Within three days after the determination of such canvass it shall be the duty of the canvassers to certify the result of such canvass to the governor, who shall thereupon without delay make proclamation of the result.

SECTION 5. The secretary of state is hereby required to give twenty days' notice of the election herein authorized, and to include the substance of this act therein.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved February 27, 1889.

Tabular statement of the votes given for and against the proposed amendment of section four (4) of article seven (7) of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin, relating to the supreme court, at the election held in the several counties of the state of Wisconsin, on Tuesday, April 2nd, 1889.

COUNTIES.	For.	Against.	COUNTIES.	For.	Against.
Adams.....	182	50	Marathon.....	138	2,588
Ashland.....	34	14	Marinette.....	1,251	86
Barron.....	1,131	5	Marquette.....	866	89
Bayfield.....	1,474	15	Milwaukee.....	26,837	37
Brown.....	22	108	Monroe.....	1,534	236
Buffalo.....	1,741	639	Oconto.....	728	69
Burnett.....	84	794	Oneida.....	769	133
Calumet.....	2	3	Outagamie.....	298	117
Chippewa.....	1,168	321	Ozaukee.....	1,397	123
Clark.....	3,714	20	Pepin.....	23	8
Columbia.....	2,141	6	Pierce.....	1,424	124
Crawford.....	8,592	38	Polk.....	2,207	498
Dane.....	347	12	Portage.....	3,605	30
Dodge.....	100	8	Price.....	3,653	2,512
Door.....	41	71	Racine.....	1,688	68
Douglas.....	9	.....	Richland.....	2,897	164
Dunn.....	152	.....	Rock.....	251	17
Eau Claire.....	3,505	3,530	St. Croix.....	1,844	142
Florence.....	.....	.....	Sauk.....	.....	.....
Fond du Lac.....	2,632	214	Sawyer.....	119	155
Forest.....	2,404	319	Shawano.....	2,787	28
Grant.....	553	97	Sheboygan.....	890	20
Green.....	706	2	Taylor.....	1,628	171
Green Lake.....	1,222	2	Trempealeau.....	2,355	21
Iowa.....	2,577	85	Vernon.....	2,436	.....
Jackson.....	1,241	77	Walworth.....	776	86
Jefferson.....	1,329	25	Washburn.....	741	37
Juneau.....	69	32	Washington.....	5,263	238
Kenosha.....	2,287	18	Waukesha.....	1,630	17
Kewaunee.....	4,156	9	Waupaca.....	1,685	62
La Crosse.....	563	115	Waushara.....	3,297	114
LaFayette.....	1,470	.....	Winnebago.....	452	.....
Langlade.....	3,391	849	Wood.....	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	.....	.....	Total.....	125,759	14,712
Manitowoc.....	.....	.....	

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE

BY DISTRICTS, COUNTIES, AND PRECINCTS, 1890.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Babbitt, Dem.	Cooper, Rep.	Faville, Pro.	Blank.	L. B. Caswell	H. F. Bliss.
JEFFERSON COUNTY.						
Aztalan.....	189	64	10			
Cold Spring.....	63	72				
Concord.....	194	53				
Farmington.....	342	56	3			
Hebron.....	90	116	10			
Ixonia.....	210	66	4			
Jefferson city, 1st pr.....	378	39				
2d pr.....	249	110	1			
3d pr.....	100	11				
Koshkonong, 1st pr.....	150	156	18			
* 2d pr.....	132	105	24			
3d pr.....	211	97	7			
Lake Mills.....	169	212	34			
Milford.....	139	57	5			
Oakland.....	116	101	6			
Palmira.....	74	187	35			
Sullivan.....	150	134	12			
Sumner.....	47	50	2			
Waterloo.....	155	29	10			
village.....	144	65	4			
Watertown.....	307	37	1			
city, 1st ward.....	287	102	1			
2d ward.....	236	42				
3d ward.....	120	47				
4th ward.....	88	23				
7th ward.....	123	18				
Totals.....	4,457	2,055	189			
Total vote 6,701; Babbitt plu. 2,402.						
KENOSHA COUNTY.						
Brighton.....	138	66	2			
Bristol.....	55	160	15			
Kenosha, 1st ward, 1st pr.....	120	113	3	38		
2d pr.....	76	74	3	18		
2d ward.....	260	30	2			
3d ward.....	121	108	4	47		
4th ward.....	142	89	3	20		
Paris.....	106	81	3			
Pleasant Prairie.....	120	170	3			
Randall.....	62	68	2			
Salem.....	103	177	6			
Somers.....	148	151	6			
Wheatland.....	126	48				
Totals.....	1,580	1,395	51	132		
Total vote 3,158; Babbitt plu. 185.						
RACINE COUNTY.						
Burlington, 1st pr.....	291	146	8			
2d pr.....	162	40	5			
Caledonia, 1st pr.....	188	91	5			
2d pr.....	199	34	4			
Dover.....	115	94	19			
Mt. Pleasant.....	116	201	27			
Norway.....	62	121	6			

*Includes Ft. Atkinson.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Babbitt, Dem.	Cooper, Rep.	Faville, Pro.	Blank.	L. B. Caswell	H. F. Bliss.
RACINE COUNTY—Continued.						
Racine, 1st ward	122	149	4			
2d ward	69	274	12			
3d ward, south dist.	132	159	6			
north dist.	96	262	13			
4th ward, west dist.	218	102	3			
east dist.	149	125	2			
5th ward, south dist.	83	266	19			
north dist.	127	234	16			
6th ward, south dist.	111	192	16			
north dist.	171	262	11			
7th ward, west dist.	108	66	4			
east dist.	195	82	4			
Raymond	109	189	21			
Rochester	75	85	12			
Waterford	155	168	16			
Yorkville	52	199	39			
Totals	3,105	3,538	272			
Total vote 6,915; Cooper plu. 433.						
ROCK COUNTY.						
Avon	48	92	1			
Beloit	79	56	2			
city, 1st ward	108	119	11			
2d ward	90	150	22			
3d ward	129	149	13			
4th ward	100	201	21			
Bradford	101	59	4			
Center	98	134	3			
Clinton	68	105	11			
village	56	116	25			
Edgerton	219	145	17			
Evansville, village	63	188	48			
Fulton	154	148	9			
Harmony	111	86	7			
Janessville	93	63	3			
city, 1st ward	208	301	12			
2d ward	217	228	8			
3d ward	138	225	5			1
4th ward	368	310	9			
5th ward	166	66	6			
Johnstown	108	70	10			
La Prairie	66	91	7		1	
Lima	45	106	13			
Magnolia	87	109	13			
Milton	139	233	40			
Newark	34	98	7			
Plymouth	103	112	6			
Porter	114	129	9			
Rock	118	70	6			
Spring Valley	50	187	14			
Turtle	68	105	11			
Union	48	103	19			
Totals	3,581	4,314	392		1	1
Total vote 8,339; Cooper plu. 733.						
WALWORTH COUNTY.						
Bloomfield	85	117				
Darien	81	114	12			
Delavan, 1st district	85	90	16			
2d district	164	224	46			
East Troy	139	172	9			
Elkhorn	119	181	21			
Geneva	59	81	24			
La Fayette	82	110	8			
La Grange	23	118	13			
Lake Geneva, 1st ward	29	110	22			
2d ward	50	80	8			
3d ward	40	70	4			
Linn	40	80	14			
Lyons	156	109	11			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

271

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Babbitt, Dem.	Cooper, Rep.	Faville, Pro.	Blank.	L. B. Caswell	H. F. Bliss.
WALWORTH COUNTY — Continued.						
Richmond.....	62	78	6	.....	.....	.....
Sharon, 1st district.....	35	109	28	.....	.....	.....
2d district.....	36	79	32	.....	.....	.....
Spring Prairie.....	71	136	14	.....	.....	.....
Sugar Creek.....	45	73	35	.....	.....	.....
Troy.....	81	112	9	.....	.....	.....
Walworth.....	33	153	11	.....	.....	.....
Whitewater.....	54	98	9	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	110	118	9	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	77	180	24	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	113	115	16	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,809	2,907	412	.....	.....	.....
Total vote 5,123; Cooper plu. 1,038.						

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1890.

COUNTIES.	Total vote.	Babbitt, Dem.	Cooper, Rep.	Faville, Pro.	Caswell	Bliss.	Blank.	Babbitt, Plu.	Cooper, Plu.	Peck.	Hoard.
Jefferson.....	6,701	4,457	2,055	189	.....	.....	.....	2,402	.....	4,199	2,222
Kenosha.....	3,153	1,580	1,395	51	.....	132	.....	185	.....	1,657	1,871
Racine.....	6,915	3,105	3,538	273	.....	.....	.....	.....	433	3,424	3,274
Rock.....	8,289	3,581	4,314	392	1	1	.....	.....	733	3,411	4,629
Walworth.....	5,123	1,809	2,907	412	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,098	1,966	3,134
Totals....	30,191	14,532	14,209	1,316	1	1	132	2,587 2,204	2,264	14,597	14,630
								323			

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Charles Barwig, Dem.	D. C. Van Brunt, Rep.	M. L. Cowles.	W. S. Sweet.	C. M. Terry.	E. T. Thayer.	Vander-walker.	Giddings.	Patchen.
DODGE COUNTY.									
Ashippun	168	110							
Beaver Dam	161	47							
city, 1st ward	136	16							
2d ward	141	63							
3d ward	79	104		1					
4th ward	141	64	1						
Burnett	136	57							
Calamus	82	39							
Chester	83	66							
Clyman	193	46							
Elba	142	49							
Emmett	216	27							
Fox Lake	169	147							
Herman	232	19							
Hubbard, 1st pr.	170	186							
2d pr.	224	13							
Hustisford	292	54							
Juneau	145	18							
Lebanon	312	13							
Le Roy	203	94							
Lomira	316	74			1				
Lowell, 1st dist.	290	81							
Mayville city, 1st ward ..	64	14							
2d ward ..	53	2							
3d ward ..	103	11							
Oak Grove	239	84							
Portland	173	33							
Randolph, east ward.	23	42							
Reeseville	44	22							
Rubicon	241	70							
Shields	169	16							
Theresa	344	22							
Trenton	163	152							
Watertown city, 5th ward.*	126	17							
6th ward ..	242	21							
Waupun, south ward.	72	150							
Westford	124	23							
Williamstown	190	25							
Total	6,416	2,096	3	1	1				
Total vote, 8,517; Barwig plur., 4,320.									
FOND DU LAC COUNTY.									
Alto	75	122							
Ashford	244	98							
Auburn	212	68							
Byron	134	90							
Calumet	233	24							
Eden	161	77							
Eldorado	172	107							
Empire	131	63							
Fond du lac, town	95	100							
city, 1st ward	206	161							
2d ward	216	187					1	1	
3d ward	140	173							
4th ward	235	103							
5th ward	71	71							
6th ward	113	37							
7th ward	134	60							
8th ward	181	84							
Forest	195	39							
Friendsbp	101	55							
Lamartine	132	105							
Marshfield	421	9							
Metomen	260	169							
Oakfield	83	160							
Osceola	164	61							

*See Jefferson county.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

273

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Charles Barwig, Dem.	D. C. Van Brunt, Rep.	M. L. Cowles.	W. S. Sweet.	C. M. Terry,	E. T. Thayer.	Vander-walker.	Giddings.	Patchen.
Ripon, town.....	103	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	152	145	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	157	144	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rosendale.....	55	167	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Springvale.....	123	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Taycheedah.....	232	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waupun.....	60	110	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, north ward.....	83	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	5,025	3,158	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Total vote, 8,185; Barwig plur., 1,867.									
WASHINGTON COUNTY.									
Addison.....	263	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barton.....	187	57	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Erin.....	157	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Farmington.....	207	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gilmanton.....	216	106	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hartford.....	217	68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
city 1st ward.....	66	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	125	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson.....	272	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kewaskum.....	211	102	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polk.....	163	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richfield.....	206	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Schleisingsville.....	70	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trenton.....	232	48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wayne.....	144	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Bend.....	124	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st ward.....	99	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	105	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	3,114	1,039	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 4,153; Barwig plur., 2,075.									
WAUKESHA COUNTY.									
Brookfield.....	251	99	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Delafield.....	119	178	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eagle.....	154	95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Genesee.....	138	160	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lisbon.....	152	155	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Menomonie city, 1st pr.....	160	103	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	176	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Merton.....	146	162	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mukwanago.....	87	143	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Muskego.....	134	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Berlin.....	202	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oconomowoc.....	146	115	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....
city, 1st and 3d wards.....	175	119	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	69	132	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ottawa.....	76	123	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pewaukee, 1st pr.....	181	153	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	159	81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Summit.....	81	129	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vernon.....	106	141	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Waukesha, 1st pr.....	129	214	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	117	187	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d pr.....	164	148	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th pr.....	149	159	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	3,271	2,973	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....
Total vote, 6,247; Barwig plur., 293.									

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1890.

Counties.	Total vote.	Charles Barwig, Dem.	D. C. Van Brunt, Rep.	E. T. Thayer.	Vanderwalker.	J. L. Cowles.	W. S. Sweet.	C. M. Terry.	Giddings.	Fatchen.	Barwig plu.	Van Brunt plu.	Peck.	Hoard.
Dodge	8,517	6,416	2,096	..	..	3	1	1	..	..	4,320	.....	6,503	2,210
Fond du Lac.	8,155	5,025	3,153	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1,867	.....	4,984	3,399
Washington.	4,153	3,114	1,039	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,075	.....	2,990	1,276
Waukesha...	6,247	3,271	2,973	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	298	.....	3,220	3,145
Totals....	27,102	17,826 9,266	9,266	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	8,560	.....	17,787	10,030
Barwig plu....		8,560	.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bushnell, Dem.	La Follette, Rep.	Ames, Pro.
DANE COUNTY.			
Albion.....	49	286	31
Berry.....	182	24	2
Black Earth.....	68	83	20
Blooming Grove.....	125	91	6
Blue Mounds.....	128	107	13
Burke.....	94	164	3
Bristol.....	137	70	2
Christiana, 1st pr.....	60	163	4
2d pr.....	108	100	19
Cottage Grove.....	148	128	10
Cross Plains.....	194	55	1
Dane.....	132	87	9
Deerfield.....	127	185	22
Dunkirk.....	91	189	23
Dunn.....	91	168	3
Fitchburg.....	145	69	13
Madison.....	84	86	8
city, 1st ward, 1st pr.....	130	88	8
2d pr.....	288	109	9
2d ward, 1st pr.....	182	224	13
2d pr.....	123	103	7
3d ward.....	283	118	3
4th ward 1st pr.....	131	149	5
2d pr.....	122	74	3
5th ward.....	305	165	24
6th ward.....	264	114	4
Mazomanie.....	132	164	30
Medina.....	169	122	13
Middleton.....	240	49	12
Montrose.....	148	109	20
Oregon.....	142	159	42
Perry.....	44	78	36
Pleasant Springs.....	35	225	17
Primrose.....	43	116	.....
Roxbury.....	191	22	.....
Rutland.....	32	211	23

ELECTION STATISTICS.

275

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bushnell, Dem.	La Follette, Rep.	Ames, Pro.
DANE COUNTY—Continued—			
Springdale	177	75	6
Springfield	189	29	6
Stoughton, city, 1st ward.	56	152	25
2d ward.....	74	213	26
Sun Prairie.....	100	93	6
village.....	70	90	4
Vermont	76	92	11
Verona.....	123	54	37
Vienna	74	124	4
Westport.....	194	80	2
Windsor.....	100	148	20
York	112	104	6
Totals	6,312	5,708	614
Total vote, 12,634; Bushnell's plurality, 604.			
GRANT COUNTY.			
Beetown.....	116	88	9
Bloomington	101	118	17
Boscobel	131	189	6
Cassville.....	202	88	6
Castle Rock.....	112	15	.....
Clifton	51	119	13
Ellenboro.....	35	115	.....
Fennimore.....	131	153	12
Glen Haven.....	108	61	2
Harrison.....	100	112	.....
Hazel Green.....	158	133	6
Hickory Grove.....	51	90	.....
Jamestown.....	148	44	.....
Lancaster, 1st pr.....	167	170	19
2d pr.....	153	148	9
Liberty	130	40	.....
Lima.....	84	98	7
Little Grant.....	45	62	2
Marion.....	65	42	2
Millville.....	5	36	2
Mt. Hope.....	48	75	9
Mt. Ida.....	62	86	9
Muscoda.....	161	72	1
Paris.....	105	68	.....
Patch Grove.....	68	55	18
Platteville, 1st pr.....	153	236	20
2d pr.....	235	151	10
Potosi	227	94	1
British Hollow precinct	65	44	1
Smelser.....	137	149	11
Waterloo	83	73	1
Watterstown	39	43	.....
Wingville.....	133	119	18
Woodman.....	68	43	2
Wyalusing.....	52	83	6
Totals.....	3,734	3,317	219
Total vote, 7,270; Bushnell's plurality, 417.			
GREEN COUNTY.			
Adams.....	95	49	1
Albany.....	114	138	46
Brooklyn.....	57	142	19
Cadiz.....	166	110	6
Clarno.....	142	69	15
Decatur.....	158	298	44
Exeter.....	88	77	22
Jefferson.....	103	124	14
Jordan.....	93	71	14
Monroe.....	149	61	5
city, 1st ward.....	163	224	18
2nd ward.....	190	167	9

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Bushnell, Dem.	La Follette, Rep.	Ames, Pro.
GREEN COUNTY—Continued.			
Mt. Pleasant.....	108	100	21
New Glarus.....	123	55	1
Spring Grove.....	75	132	9
Sylvester.....	54	91	13
Washington.....	128	35	1
York.....	20	101	14
Totals.....	1,986	2,034	272
Total vote, 4,292; La Follette's plurality, 48.			
IOWA COUNTY.			
Arena.....	148	111	46
Brigham.....	102	168	9
Clyde.....	92	38	4
Dodgeville.....	151	143	50
city.....	106	236	32
Eden.....	119	92	8
Highland, 1st pr.....	177	57	4
2d pr.....	170	52	2
Linden.....	104	221	27
Mifflin.....	93	175	23
Mineral Point.....	127	110	30
city, 1st ward.....	143	158	15
2d ward.....	138	123	16
Moscow.....	61	149	9
Pulaski.....	181	70	5
Ridgeway.....	135	68	26
Waldwick.....	101	71	11
Wyoming.....	45	52	17
Totals.....	2,193	2,094	334
Total vote, 4,621; Bushnell's plurality, 99.			
LA FAYETTE COUNTY.			
Argyle.....	105	196	1
Belmont.....	136	120	3
Benton.....	139	141	6
Blanchard.....	64	105	4
Darlington, 1st pr.....	197	170	7
2d pr.....	123	124	9
Elk Grove.....	78	82	5
Fayette.....	81	86	17
Gratiot.....	172	144	12
Kendall.....	111	46	.....
Lamont.....	38	74	8
Monticello.....	40	40	3
New Diggings.....	129	166	11
Seymour.....	137	50	.....
Shullsburg, 1st pr.....	95	123	1
2d pr.....	184	133	3
Wayne.....	73	179	13
White Oak Springs.....	24	54	.....
Willow Springs.....	164	37	19
Wiota.....	117	207	6
Totals.....	2,207	2,277	128
Total vote, 4,612; La Follette's plurality, 70.			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

277

SUMMARY OF CONGRESSIONAL VOTE IN THIRD DISTRICT, 1890.

	Total vote.	Bushnell, Dem.	La Follette, Rep.	Ames, Pro.	Bush- nell's plurality.	La Follette's plurality.	Peck.	Hoard.
Dane.....	12,624	6,312	5,708	614	604	.....	6,212	5,632
Grant.....	7,270	3,734	3,317	219	417	.....	3,347	3,513
Green.....	4,292	1,986	2,034	272	.....	48	2,003	1,980
Iowa.....	4,621	2,193	2,094	334	99	.....	2,107	2,094
La Fayette.....	4,612	2,207	2,277	129	.....	70	2,145	2,270
Totals.....	33,429	16,432	15,430	1,567	1,120 118	118	15,814	15,489
Bushnell's plu..	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,002	.....	.....	.....

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John L. Mitchell, Dem.	R. C. Spencer, Rep.	Schilling, U. L.	Reed.	Schilz.	Com- stock.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY —						
Franklin.....	280	81	.....	.....	.....	.....
Granville.....	280	95	1	.....	.....	.....
Greenfield.....	448	193	4	1	.....	.....
Lake, 1st pr.....	361	179	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	311	33	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milwaukee, 1st pr.....	186	110	6	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	416	280	41	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward, 1st pr.....	245	129	16	.....	.....	3
2d pr.....	262	222	8	3	1	.....
3d pr.....	132	248	2	2	.....	.....
4th pr.....	283	298	5	.....	.....	.....
2d ward, 1st pr.....	231	167	18	1	.....	.....
2d pr.....	335	217	21	1	.....	.....
3d pr.....	231	279	13	1	.....	.....
4th pr.....	197	92	11	1	.....	.....
5th pr.....	238	167	22	.....	.....	.....
3d ward, 1st pr.....	144	62	4	2	.....	.....
2d pr.....	292	69	16	.....	.....	.....
3d pr.....	340	208	16	2	.....	.....
4th pr.....	225	52	13	.....	.....	.....
4th ward, 1st pr.....	189	147	13	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	181	220	20	.....	.....	.....
3d pr.....	239	270	25	5	.....	.....
4th pr.....	324	325	18	3	.....	.....
5th pr.....	214	174	7	1	.....	.....
5th ward, 1st pr.....	157	173	7	2	.....	.....
2d pr.....	198	234	10	1	.....	.....
3d pr.....	204	199	10	1	.....	.....
4th pr.....	164	191	25	5	.....	.....
5th pr.....	229	173	14	.....	.....	.....
6th ward, 1st pr.....	203	214	23	1	.....	.....
2d pr.....	218	167	15	1	.....	.....
3d pr.....	195	212	19	.....	.....	.....
4th pr.....	153	194	21	.....	.....	.....
5th pr.....	182	205	23	2	.....	.....
6th pr.....	179	253	23	3	.....	.....

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	John L. Mitchell, Dem.	R. C. Spencer, Rep.	Schilling, U. L.	Reed.	Schilz.	Com-stock.
MILWAUKEE COUNTY—Continued.						
city, 7th ward, 1st pr.....	210	129	16			
2d pr.....	215	279	20	1		
3d pr.....	152	266	7	1		
4th pr.....	68	190	2			
8th ward, 1st pr.....	205	208	16	1		
2d pr.....	217	207	20	2		
3d pr.....	213	232	8			
4th pr.....	273	197	33	3		
5th pr.....	233	172	20			
6th pr.....	189	102	18	7		
9th ward, 1st pr.....	222	171	15	1		
2d pr.....	400	233	20			1
3d pr.....	261	175	23			
4th pr.....	307	203	30			
5th pr.....	354	103	36	1		
6th pr.....	374	210	29			
7th pr.....	373	119	8			
10th ward, 1st pr.....	238	208	32			
2d pr.....	320	234	30	1		
3d pr.....	275	234	19			
4th pr.....	298	132	14			
5th pr.....	202	139	34			
6th pr.....	355	121	15	1		
7th pr.....	181	122	24	3		
11th ward, 1st pr.....	444	178	25	4		
2d pr.....	314	204	8	1		
3d pr.....	344	65	8			
4th pr.....	452	121	34	1		
12th ward, 1st pr.....	217	213	20	1		
2d pr.....	344	136	16			2
3d pr.....	229	230	19	5		
4th pr.....	609	44	10			
13th ward, 1st pr.....	295	311	61			3
2d pr.....	537	285	80	2		
3d pr.....	334	327	97	5		
14th ward, 1st pr.....	428	38	8	1		
2d pr.....	460	19	3	1		
3d pr.....	385	61	5			
4th pr.....	228	63	10	1		
15th ward, 1st pr.....	210	149	18	2		
2d pr.....	227	234	22			
3d pr.....	268	262	13	3		
4th pr.....	147	214	5	7		
16th ward, 1st pr.....	214	358	4	5		
2d pr.....	329	412	19	6		
17th ward, 1st pr.....	274	360	30	8		
2d pr.....	74	236	16	2		
18th ward, 1st pr.....	173	53	8	2		
2d pr.....	450	24	8			
3d pr.....	233	230	15	7		
Oak Creek.....	234	172	2	4		
Wauwatosa, 1st pr.....	634	389		0		
2d pr.....	456	1,005	53	1		
Totals	24,679	17,605	1,605	133	1	9
Mitchell's plurality in county. 7,074						
in city.... 5,955						
Total vote in city..... 37,717	21,023	15,068	1,498	118	1	9
Total vote in towns..... 6,315	3,656	2,537	107	15		
Total in district..... 44,032	24,679	17,605	1,605	133	1	9

Peck's total vote in district, 24,520.

Hoard's total vote in district, 18,313.

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George H. Brickner, Dem.	Thomas M. Blackstock Rep.	George McKenney, Pro.
BROWN COUNTY.			
Allouez.....	52	14	.....
Ashwaubenon.....	23	31	3
Bellevue.....	79	15	.....
De Pere.....	119	71	2
city, 1st ward.....	86	52	1
2d ward.....	106	60	2
3d ward.....	83	17	1
4th ward.....	71	16	.....
Eaton.....	86	45	6
Ft Howard, city, 1st ward.....	68	44	1
2d ward.....	45	40	1
3d ward.....	39	35	5
4th ward.....	27	80	6
5th ward.....	47	48	6
6th ward.....	25	32	3
Glenmore.....	111	61	5
Green Bay.....	37	83	4
city, 1st ward.....	90	186	8
2d ward, 1st pr.....	167	39	10
2d pr.....	120	112	4
3d ward, 1st pr.....	97	80	6
2d pr.....	89	8	1
Holland, east pr.....	125	4	.....
west pr.....	96	46	3
Howard.....	96	41	1
Humbolt.....	80	47	1
Lawrence.....	58	52	4
Morrison.....	178	51	3
New Denmark.....	100	42	2
Pittsfield.....	59	53	5
Preble.....	106	11	.....
Rockland.....	90	49	.....
Scott.....	101	65	.....
Suamico.....	55	18	.....
Wrightstown, east pr.....	58	86	7
west pr.....	164		
Totals.....	3,034	1,749	103
Total vote, 4,486; Brickner's plurality, 1,285.			
CALUMET COUNTY.			
Brillion.....	117	71	4
village.....	49	52	10
Brothertown.....	150	47	7
Charlestown.....	134	83	4
Chilton.....	150	45	9
village.....	174	72	17
Harrison.....	220	24	33
New Holstein.....	208	67	5
Rantoul.....	186	58	12
Stockbridge.....	119	117	44
Woodville.....	193	14	3
Total.....	1,700	650	148
Total vote, 2,498; Brickner's plurality, 1,050.			
KEWAUNEE COUNTY.			
Ahnapee.....	182	33	2
city.....	116	74	2
Carlton.....	193	49	7
Casco.....	170	31	3
Franklin.....	194	20	9
Kewaunee.....	175	49	5
Lincoln.....	136	26	.....
Luxemburg.....	213	24	.....

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts,	George H. Brickner, Dem.	Thomas M. Blackstock, Pro.	George McKinney, pro.
KEWAUNEE COUNTY—Continued.			
Montpelier.....	229	19	3
Pierce.....	125	17	.....
Red River.....	28	71	2
West Kewaunee.....	213	22	8
Totals.....	1,972	434	48
Total vote, 2,454; Brickner's plurality, 1,538.			
MANITOWOC COUNTY.			
Cato.....	143	149	3
Centerville.....	196	56	3
Cooperstown.....	187	42	3
Eaton.....	160	67	1
Franklin.....	177	41	2
Gibson.....	141	66	3
Kossuth.....	190	85	5
Liberty.....	92	129	2
Manitowoc.....	122	90	6
city, 1st ward.....	171	120	6
2d ward.....	53	91	1
3d ward.....	165	110	2
4th ward.....	101	148	8
5th ward.....	188	27	1
Manitowoc Rapids.....	182	94	9
Maple Grove.....	214	31	4
Meeme.....	179	40	1
Mishicot.....	204	36	2
Newton.....	193	82	2
Rockland.....	153	60	2
Schleswig.....	243	55	.....
Two Creeks.....	79	11	2
Two Rivers.....	173	17	1
city.....	401	76	7
Totals.....	4,107	1,723	76
Total vote, 5,906; Brickner's plurality, 2,384.			
OZAUKEE COUNTY.			
Belgium.....	265	24	5
Cedarburg.....	275	11	4
city.....	222	50	3
Fredonia.....	255	39	4
Grafton.....	228	33	4
Mequon, 1st pr.....	322	39	4
2d pr.....	122	26	2
Port Washington.....	134	26	11
city.....	246	68	7
Saukville.....	243	46	7
Totals.....	2,312	362	51
Total vote, 2,725; Brickner's plurality, 1,950.			
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY.			
Greenbush.....	174	158	6
Herman.....	258	96	1
Holland, 1st pr.....	106	274	3
2d pr.....	20	141	1
Lima.....	137	235	4
Lyndon.....	127	256	1
Mitchell.....	175	55	.....
Mosell.....	77	55	1

FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	George H. Brickner, Dem.	Thomas M. Blackstock, Rep.	George McKinney, Pro.
SHEBOYGAN COUNTY—Continued.			
Plymouth	150	152	1
city, 1st ward.	128	59	1
2d ward.	106	69	1
Rhine.....	229	49	2
Russel.....	80	8	1
Scott.....	162	117	2
Sheboygan	240	90	3
city, 1st ward.....	243	201	10
2d ward.....	204	233	7
3d ward.....	153	114	6
4th ward.....	164	96	10
5th ward.....	175	54	13
6th ward.....	173	97	11
7th ward.....	193	37	10
8th ward, 1st pr.....	217	120	15
2d pr	150	58	6
Sheboygan Falls	238	111	.....
village.....	161	106	3
Sherman	252	76	5
Wilson	111	58	2
Totals	4,583	3,175	126
Total vote, 7,884; Brickner's plurality, 1,408.			

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN FIFTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1890.

COUNTIES.	Total vote.	Brickner, Dem.	Blackstock, Rep.	McKenney, Pro.	Brickner's plu.	Peck Dem.	Hoard, Rep.
Brown.....	4,886	3,034	1,749	103	1,285	3,083	1,938
Calumet.....	2,498	1,700	650	148	1,050	1,720	799
Kewaunee.....	2,454	1,972	434	48	1,538	1,992	545
Manitowoc.....	5,906	4,107	1,723	76	2,384	4,087	1,905
Ozaukee.....	2,725	2,312	362	51	1,950	2,326	411
Sheboygan.....	7,884	4,583	3,175	126	1,408	5,013	2,815
Totals	26,353	17,708	8,093	552	9,615	18,221	8,383
Brickner's plurality		9,615					

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Lucas M. Miller, Dem.	Chas. B. Clark, Rep.	Geo. W. Gates, Pro.
ADAMS COUNTY —			
Adams	34	61	4
Big Flats	1	21	.....
Dell Prairie	27	42	3
Easton	26	44	3
Jackson	11	61	2
Leola	3	26	1
Lincoln	30	42	3
Monroe	6	41	4
New Chester	15	40	2
New Haven	45	69	1
Preston	6	13	2
Quincy	43	26	2
Richfield	12	20	2
Rome	16	27	.....
Springville	10	57	3
Strong's Prairie	32	83	3
Totals	317	673	35
Total vote, 1,025; Clark's plurality, 356.			
COLUMBIA COUNTY.			
Arlington	54	59	9
Caledonia	106	90	4
Columbus	88	54	3
city, 1st ward	55	69	6
2nd ward	48	53	4
3rd ward	88	50	7
Courtland	48	178	16
Dekorra	83	95	18
Fort Winnebago	102	48	5
Fountain Prairie	114	120	10
Hampden	105	44	8
Leeds	99	67	8
Lewiston	94	64	2
Lodi	70	146	26
Lowville	61	40	11
Marcellon	83	81	4
Newport	124	147	8
Otsego	57	105	15
Pacific	25	20	.....
Portage, city, 1st ward	110	14	1
2nd ward	76	97	3
3rd ward	66	120	5
4th ward	125	89	7
5th ward	199	38	2
Randolph	91	100	20
village, west ward	2	13	.....
Rio vil.	11	56	5
Scott	63	76	6
Springvale	40	69	11
West Point	65	74	17
Wyocena	61	201	28
Totals	2,413	2,477	269
Total vote, 5,159; Clark's plurality 64.			
GREEN LAKE COUNTY.			
Berlin	60	89	6
city, 1st ward	83	81	4
2d ward	101	62	6
3d ward	82	77	3
4th ward	79	59	.....
5th ward	74	63	1
Brooklyn	93	160	9
Green Lake	171	93	3
Kingston	91	72	13
Mackford	166	142	12

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Lucas M. Miller, Dem.	Chas. B. Clark, Rep.	Geo. W. Gates, Pro.
GREEN LAKE COUNTY—Continued.			
Manchester.....	165	72	6
Marquette.....	97	60	7
Princeton.....	289	133	3
Seneca.....	70	22	.....
Ste. Marie.....	98	33	.....
Totals.....	1,719	1,218	73
Total vote, 3,010; Miller's plurality, 501.			
MARQUETTE COUNTY.			
Buffalo.....	80	72	13
Crystal Lake.....	96	14	.....
Douglas.....	62	51	6
Harris.....	85	31	.....
Mecan.....	124	10	.....
Montello.....	181	83	.....
Moundville.....	22	45	13
Neshkoro.....	108	13	.....
Newton.....	107	12	.....
Oxford.....	22	96	6
Packwaukee.....	58	71	4
Shields.....	96	28	.....
Springfield.....	62	44	1
Westfield.....	75	135	6
Totals.....	1,178	705	49
Total vote, 1,932; Miller's plurality, 473.			
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.			
Appleton, city, 1st ward.....	121	225	30
2d ward, 1st pr.....	180	152	15
2d pr.....	83	98	7
3d ward.....	271	130	13
4th ward.....	139	65	10
5th ward.....	174	74	10
6th ward.....	176	76	10
Black Creek.....	124	68	8
Bovina.....	23	77	6
Buchanan.....	203	48	1
Center.....	224	43	2
Cicero.....	60	36	3
Dale.....	179	57	3
Deer Creek.....	93	62	2
Ellington.....	142	93	16
Freedom.....	176	88	1
Grand Chute.....	146	99	4
Greenville.....	129	75	3
Horton.....	143	109	8
Kaukauna, 1st dist.	171	67	.....
city, 1st ward.....	120	44	.....
2d ward.....	142	43	8
3d ward.....	144	59	4
4th ward.....	108	71	.....
5th ward.....	39	20	1
Liberty.....	55	26	1
Maine.....	24	19	1
Maple Creek.....	83	26	3
New London, 3d ward.....	59	7	3
Osborn.....	55	53	3
Seymour.....	72	43	5
city, 1st ward.....	41	43	.....
2d ward.....	20	23	.....
Totals.....	3,943	2,219	181
Total vote, 6,343; Miller's plurality, 604.			

SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, towns, cities and election districts.	Lucas M. Miller, Dem.	Chas. B. Clark, Rep.	Geo. W. Gates, Pro.
WAUSHARA COUNTY.			
Aurora	49	124	18
Bloomfield	176	65	3
Berlin, city, 2d ward, 2d pr.	5	.....	1
Coloma	46	76	5
Dakota	45	44	.....
Deerfield	9	49	3
Hancock	20	88	5
Leon	31	115	12
Marion	32	91	1
Mt. Morris	29	119	7
Oasis	18	74	8
Plainfield	25	125	3
village	13	70	10
Poysippi	64	109	5
Richford	54	43	.....
Rose	11	103	17
Saxville	75	65	10
Springwater	12	76	17
Warren	80	58	1
Wautoma	43	121	4
Total	837	1,615	130
Total vote, 2,582; Clark's plurality, 778.			
WINNEBAGO COUNTY.			
Algoma	41	110	11
Black Wolf	99	31	5
Clayton	102	93	1
Menasha	69	32	5
city, 1st ward	170	104	4
2d ward	162	69	.....
3d ward	90	61	6
4th ward	188	47	2
Neenah	60	46	7
city, 1st ward	79	189	21
2d ward	101	145	10
3d ward	114	150	5
4th ward	27	47	3
Nekimi	117	68	11
Nepeuskun	69	101	16
Omro	109	282	70
Oshkosh	100	103	2
city, 1st ward, 1st pr.	184	166	7
2d pr.	87	271	23
2d ward, 1st pr.	212	153	8
2d pr.	374	75	2
3d ward, 1st pr.	187	146	9
2d pr.	253	92	6
4th ward, 1st pr.	177	164	17
2d pr.	145	237	31
3d pr.	244	105	10
5th ward, 1st pr.	144	223	22
2d pr.	103	126	9
6th ward, 1st pr.	326	65	1
2d pr.	261	114	14
Poygan	100	103	2
Rushford	82	225	29
Utica	51	124	17
Vinland	90	121	3
Winchester	99	149	2
Winneconne	64	91	12
village	105	100	14
Wolf River, 1st pr.	78	14	1
2d pr.	72	9	.....
Total	5,166	4,502	419
Total vote, 10,087; Miller's plurality, 664.			

ELECTION STATISTICS.

285

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1890.

	Total vote.	Miller, Dem.	Clark, Rep.	Gates, Pro.	Miller's plu.	Clark's plu.	Peck.	Hoard.
Adams	1,625	317	673	35	.....	356	292	713
Columbia.....	5,159	2,413	2,477	269	.....	64	2,418	2,627
Green Lake...	3,010	1,719	1,218	73	501	.....	1,691	1,301
Marquette....	1,932	1,178	705	49	473	.....	1,185	743
Outagamie....	6,343	3,943	2,219	181	1,724	.....	4,213	2,060
Waushara.....	2,532	837	1,615	130	.....	778	830	1,651
Winnebago....	10,037	5,166	4,502	419	664	.....	5,224	4,646
Total	30,138	15,573	13,409	1,156	3,362 1,198 2,164	1,198	15,853	13,741
Miller's plurality.....					2,164			

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec- tion Districts.	Frank P. Coburn, Dem.	O. B. Thomas, Rep.	Sylvanus Holmes, Pro.	B. F. Bryant.	Fred Benson.	Blank.	R. S. Evans.
CRAWFORD COUNTY.							
Bridgeport.....	44	26	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clayton.....	144	242	16	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eastman.....	158	69	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Freeman.....	52	141	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Haney.....	47	85	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Linxville.....	22	32	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Marietta.....	80	125	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Prairie du Chien, town	84	21	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	99	40	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2nd ward.....	141	70	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3rd ward.....	114	88	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	34	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca, 1st dist.....	164	76	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scott.....	91	104	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utica.....	96	138	19	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wauzeka.....	102	66	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	1,472	1,348	68	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 2888; Coburn's plu., 124.							
JUNEAU COUNTY.							
Armenia.....	25	39	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clearfield.....	24	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elroy, city, 1st ward	45	53	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2nd ward.....	75	82	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fountain.....	68	74	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Germantown.....	63	21	4	1	.....	.....	.....
Kildare.....	112	28	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kingston.....	7	30	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lemonweir.....	98	91	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lindina.....	80	87	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lisbon.....	29	47	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lyndon.....	63	25	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Marion.....	34	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank P. Coburn, Dem.	O. B. Thomas, Rep.	Sylvanus Holmes, Pro.	E. F. Bryant.	Fred Benson.	Blank.	R. S. Evans.
JUNEAU COUNTY—Continued.							
Mauston, city, 1st ward.....	44	51	5				
2nd ward.....	71	98	17				
Necedah.....	185	263	6				
New Lisbon, city, 1st ward.....	59	58	1				
2nd ward.....	20	75	1				
Orange.....	69	71	8				
Plymouth.....	62	87	5				
Seven Mile-Creek.....	116	21	1				
Summit.....	105	53	1				
Wonewoc.....	116	109	8				
village.....	51	72	4				
Totals.....	1,642	1,563	110	1			
Total vote, 3,316; Coburn's plu., 79.							
LA CROSSE COUNTY.							
Bangor.....	118	97	14				
Barre.....	92	17					
Burns.....	96	55	23				
Campbell.....	146	35					
Farmington.....	199	140	8				
Greenfield.....	102	33					
Hamilton.....	181	103	15				
Holland.....	96	119	6				
La Crosse, city, 1st ward, 1st pr..	143	83	3				
2d pr..	171	38	4				
2d ward, 1st pr..	146	79	3				
2d pr..	213	121	6				
3d ward, 1st pr..	226	103	7				
2d pr..	174	55	3				
4th ward.....	237	182	20				
5th ward, 1st pr..	166	99	8				
2d pr..	183	57	6				
6th ward.....	136	123	17				
7th ward, 1st pr..	164	113	4				
2d pr..	73	75	6				
8th ward, 1st pr..	342	84	19				
2d pr..	100	33	3				
9th ward, 1st pr..	89	101	21				
2d pr..	79	119	43				
10th ward.....	136	217	36				
Onalaska.....	48	90	9				
city, 1st ward.....	49	41	2				
2d ward.....	54	59	12				
3d ward.....	41	49	2				
Shelby.....	114	28	5	1			
Washington.....	115	35	3				
Totals.....	4,169	2,090	208	1			
Tot. vote, 7,163; Coburn's plu. 1,479.							
MONROE COUNTY.							
Adrian.....	58	31	11				
Angelo.....	28	70	9				
Byron.....	17	26	3				
Clifton.....	114	45	1				
Glendale.....	77	136	6				
Greenfield.....	64	36	7				
Jefferson.....	192	54	6				
La Fayette.....	35	34	1				
La Grange.....	45	80	4				
Leon.....	50	60	10				
Lincoln.....	39	110	9				
Little Falls.....	120	65	3				

SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Frank P. Coburn, Dem.	O. B. Thomas, Rep.	Sylvanus Holmes, Pro.	B. F. Bryant.	Fred Benson.	Blank.	R. S. Evans.
MONROE COUNTY—Continued.							
New Lyme	17	24	1	...	...	...	...
Oakdale	80	29	3	...	...	...	...
Portland	80	109	7	...	...	...	...
Ridgeville	158	73	4	...	...	...	...
Sheldon	47	76	3	...	...	...	...
Sparta	103	81	50	...	...	...	...
city, 1st ward	60	82	3	...	...	...	...
2d ward	47	81	10	...	...	...	...
3d ward	75	75	5	...	...	...	...
4th ward	42	56	7	...	...	...	...
Tomah	79	47	2	...	...	...	...
city, 1st ward	63	54	9	9	...	...	...
2d ward	100	84	11	15	...	...	...
3d ward	115	35	4	15	...	...	...
Wellington	117	53	1	...	...	...	...
Wells	82	34	2	...	...	...	...
Wilton	154	49	5	...	...	...	...
Totals	2,258	1,789	197	39	...	...	...
Total vote, 4283, Coburn's plu., 469.							
RICHLAND COUNTY.							
Akan	80	80	7	...	...	...	...
Bloom	107	135	12	...	...	...	...
Buena Vista	55	88	19	...	...	...	...
Dayton	121	86	22	...	...	...	...
Eagle	77	114	6	...	...	...	...
Forest	90	115	8	...	...	...	...
Henrietta	117	86	15	...	...	...	...
Ithaca	144	118	16	...	...	...	...
Lone Rock, vil.	31	41	3	...	...	...	...
Marshall	47	107	12	...	...	...	...
Orion	35	63	9	...	...	...	...
Richland	54	93	21	...	...	...	...
Richland Center, city, 1st ward	28	83	10	...	...	...	...
2nd ward	69	63	9	...	...	...	...
3rd ward	45	71	12	...	...	...	...
Richwood	90	144	2	...	...	...	...
Rockbridge	90	105	27	...	...	...	...
Sylvan	87	68	12	...	...	...	...
Westford	143	51	7	...	...	...	...
Willow	70	96	21	...	...	...	...
Totals	1,580	1,807	250	...	...	...	...
Total vote, 3,637; Thomas' plu., 227.							
SAUK COUNTY.							
Baraboo	69	114	33	...	...	...	...
city, 1st ward	109	177	24	...	...	...	...
2d ward	94	135	30	...	...	...	...
3d ward	102	96	6	...	...	...	...
Bear Creek	136	40	...	...	...	...	...
Dellona	51	37	3	...	...	...	...
Delton	31	91	22	...	...	...	...
Excelsior	97	92	17	...	...	...	...
Fairfield	32	58	28	...	...	...	...
Franklin	159	45	2	...	...	...	...
Freedom	81	109	16	...	...	...	...
Greenfield	69	45	11	...	...	...	...
Honey Creek	111	64	1	...	...	...	...
Ironton	119	114	19	...	...	...	...
La Valle	109	56	11	...	...	...	...
vil.	18	38	...	...	...	...	...
Merrimack	93	53	12	...	...	...	...

ELECTION STATISTICS.

239

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1890.

	Total.	Coburn Dem.	Thomas. Rep.	Holmes Pro.	B. F. Bryant.	Fred Benson.	Blank.	R. D. Evans.	Coburn plu.	Thom- as, plu.	Peck.	Hoard.
Crawford.....	2,888	1,472	1,348	68	1	1	1	1	124	.....	1,503	1,356
Juneau.....	3,316	1,642	1,563	110	1	1	1	1	79	.....	1,618	1,826
La Crosse.....	7,168	4,169	2,690	308	1	1	1	1	1,479	.....	3,819	3,401
Monroe.....	4,283	2,258	1,789	197	1	1	1	1	469	.....	2,136	2,060
Richland.....	3,637	1,580	1,807	250	1	1	1	1	.....	227	1,425	1,874
Sauk.....	5,378	2,809	2,193	375	1	1	1	1	616	.....	2,709	2,463
Vernon.....	3,667	1,469	2,007	191	1	1	1	1	.....	538	1,404	2,216
Totals.....	30,377	15,399	13,397	1,499	1	1	1	1	2,767 765	765	14,614	14,896
Coburn's plu. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,003	.....	.....	.....

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	W. F. Bailey, Dem.	Nils P. Haugen, Rep.	W. C. Jones, Pro.
BARRON COUNTY.			
Barron.....	24	21	2
Barron, city.....	32	103	14
Cedar Lake.....	39	40	2
Chetek.....	74	177	23
Clinton.....	16	47	7
Cumberland.....	32	78	17
Cumberland, city, 1st ward.....	7	12	2
2d ward.....	37	48	13
3d ward.....	16	22	2
Dallas.....	50	89	22
Maple Grove.....	39	63	17
Oak Creek.....	71	19	.....
Prairie Farm.....	14	102	8
Rice Lake city, 1st ward.....	58	49	5
2d ward.....	67	55	2
3d ward.....	47	23	8
4th ward.....	44	40	6
Stanford.....	61	23	3
Stanley.....	50	51	12
Summer.....	18	42	5
Turtle Lake.....	53	47	14
Vance Creek.....	1	33	1
Totals.....	850	1,184	190
Total vote, 2,224; Haugen's plurality, 334.			
BAYFIELD COUNTY.			
Bayfield.....	87	150	7
Drummond.....	63	86	7
Mason.....	68	48	9
Washburn, 1st pr.....	156	163	15
2d pr.....	76	26	4
3d pr.....	113	127	6
Totals.....	563	600	48
Total vote, 1,211; Haugen's plurality, 37.			

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT — Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	W. F. Bailey, Dem.	Nils P. Haugen, Rep.	W. C. Jones, Pro.
BUFFALO COUNTY.			
Alma.....	74	36	.....
city, 1st ward.....	68	24	.....
2d ward.....	40	36	1
3d ward.....	49	38	1
Belvidere.....	87	27	.....
Buffalo.....	72	19	1
city.....	32	10	1
Canton.....	71	49	.....
Cross.....	79	31	1
Dover.....	20	87	4
Fountain city, 1st ward.....	57	26	1
2d ward.....	85	17	.....
Gilmanston.....	26	92	2
Glencoe.....	88	43	.....
Lincoln.....	82	23	1
Maxville.....	31	42	6
Milton.....	51	7	1
Modena.....	38	93	16
Mondovi.....	24	95	2
city, 1st ward.....	12	47	2
2d ward.....	13	59	3
Montana.....	75	33	.....
Naples.....	15	99	7
Nelson.....	88	142	10
Waumandee.....	99	30	1
Totals.....	1,876	1,205	61
Total vote, 2,642; Bailey's plurality, 171.			
BURNETT COUNTY.			
Grantsburg.....	5	164	35
village.....	14	41	14
Marshland.....	10	19	27
Rusk.....	9	16	2
Trade Lake, Dist. No. 1.....	11	57	40
Wood Lake.....	4	29	23
Total.....	53	326	141
Total vote, 520; Haugen's plurality, 273.			
CLARK COUNTY.			
Beaver.....	15	46	1
Colby.....	118	53	5
Eaton.....	41	65	29
Fremont.....	15	55	.....
Grant.....	111	77	8
Green Grove.....	30	21	.....
Hewitt.....	8	15	1
Hixon.....	56	48	.....
Hoard.....	21	23	2
Levis.....	25	40	.....
Loyal.....	81	77	14
Lynn.....	53	23	.....
Mayville.....	128	80	7
Mentor.....	53	65	5
Neillsville, city.....	172	201	7
Pine Valley.....	85	80	5
Sherman.....	30	52	1
Sherwood Forest.....	5	25	1
Thorp.....	95	104	9
Unity.....	42	55	1
Warner.....	51	47	7
Washburn.....	19	31	.....
Weston, 1st pr.....	19	53	9
2nd pr.....	72	13	1
Withee.....	100	81	7
York.....	46	100	11
Totals.....	1,491	1,535	131
Total vote, 3,157; Haugen's plurality, 44.			

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	W. F. Bailey, Dem.	Nils P. Haugen. Rep.	W. C. Jones, Pro.
DOUGLAS COUNTY.			
Brule.....	22	29	9
Gordon, 1st pr.....	6	28	2
2nd pr.....	5	41	.....
Nabagamain, 1st pr.....	53	50	5
2nd pr.....	12	21	22
Superior.....	15	21	3
city, 1st ward.....	110	120	23
2nd ward.....	65	70	10
3rd ward.....	39	90	10
4th ward, 1st pr.....	189	197	23
2nd pr.....	106	131	15
5th ward.....	45	103	26
6th ward.....	72	73	5
7th ward, 1st pr.....	85	134	6
2nd pr.....	35	33	3
Totals.....	859	1,141	162
Total vote, 2,162; Haugen's plurality, 283.			
DUNN COUNTY.			
Colfax.....	11	78	2
Dunn.....	93	115	22
Eau Galle.....	136	71	10
Elk Mound.....	33	37	4
Grant.....	11	64	2
Hay River.....	25	27	3
Lucas.....	41	70	3
Menomonie.....	158	86	8
city, 1st ward.....	64	141	5
2d ward.....	104	96	6
3d ward.....	62	105	3
4th ward.....	145	103	11
New Haven.....	15	29	5
Otter Creek.....	7	18	4
Peru.....	8	36	.....
Red Cedar.....	97	57	1
Rock Creek.....	24	74	10
Sand Creek.....	18	43	7
Sheridan.....	16	33	2
Sherman.....	28	65	4
Spring Brook.....	96	54	42
Stanton.....	42	134	17
Tainter.....	16	23	2
Tiffany.....	44	83	32
Weston.....	71	33	2
Wilson.....	5	23	2
Totals.....	1,370	1,698	209
Total vote, 3,277; Haugen's plurality, 328.			
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.			
Altoona city, 1st ward.....	32	20	1
2d ward.....	37	26	4
Augusta, city.....	96	92	39
Bridge Creek.....	87	53	16
Brunswick.....	97	110	65
Clear Creek.....	71	17	77
Drammen.....	2	59	3
Eau Claire, city, 1st ward.....	240	152	18
2d ward.....	203	92	12
3d ward.....	141	173	16
4th ward.....	63	66	35
5th ward.....	131	110	27
6th ward, 1st pr.....	156	109	31
2d pr.....	136	147	38
7th ward.....	101	151	64
8th ward.....	203	121	8
Fairchild.....	70	95	11

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	W. F. Bailey, Dem.	Nils P. Haugen, Rep.	W. C. Jones, Pro.
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY—Continued.			
Lincoln.....	265	15	6
Ludington.....	39	30	8
Otter Creek.....	39	39	17
Pleasant Valley.....	39	44	12
Seymour.....	41	10	2
Union.....	46	18	17
Washington.....	97	42	22
Totals.....	2,432	1,791	489
Total vote, 4,712; Bailey's plurality, 641.			
JACKSON COUNTY.			
Albion.....	106	105	37
Alma.....	75	195	36
Black River Falls, city. 1st ward.....	15	64	26
2d ward.....	18	57	18
3d ward.....	42	49	8
4th ward.....	83	68	3
Cleveland.....	86	15	1
Curran.....	18	71	8
Franklin.....	24	70	8
Garfield.....	59	17	9
Garden Valley.....	38	48	5
Hixton.....	38	80	32
Irving.....	80	97	24
Knapp.....	61	73	10
Manchester.....	32	45	17
Melrose.....	101	92	37
Millston.....	25	33	3
Northfield.....	35	67	14
Springfield.....	23	93	13
Sullivan.....	8	24	1
Totals.....	966	1,363	310
Total vote, 2,639; Haugen's plurality, 397.			
PEPIN COUNTY.			
Albany.....	33	28	2
Durand.....	12	27	3
city, 1st ward.....	62	31	10
2nd ward.....	34	57	15
Frankfort.....	27	60	20
Lima.....	104	24	3
Pepin.....	78	136	29
Stockholm.....	17	62	7
Waterville.....	85	118	29
Waubeek.....	13	18	4
Total.....	465	561	122
Total vote, 1,148; Haugen's plurality, 96.			
PIERCE COUNTY.			
Clifton.....	20	23	18
Diamond Bluff.....	15	40	2
Ellsworth.....	57	102	12
village.....	28	94	8
El Paso.....	82	41	4
Gilman.....	23	91	13
Hartland.....	40	88	20
Isabelle.....	7	15	2
Maiden Rock.....	13	45	12
village.....	26	28	4
Martell.....	48	101	8

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	W. F. Bailey, Dem.	Nils P. Haugen, Rep.	W. C. Jones, Pro.
PIERCE COUNTY—Continued.			
Oake Grove	53	47	6
Prescott, city	69	54	15
River Falls	58	59	15
city, F. D.	77	172	20
Rock Elm	78	96	16
Salem	28	42	20
Spring Lake	37	71	10
Trenton	12	77	15
Trimble	46	110	21
Union	71	51	21
Total	888	1,447	258
Total vote, 2,593; Haugen's plurality, 559.			
POLK COUNTY.			
Alden	27	92	74
Apple River	12	26	3
Balsam Lake	31	36	3
Beaver	20	20	2
Black Brook	11	46	18
Bone Lake	5	6	1
Clam Falls	7	16	3
Clayton	13	62	6
Clear Lake	18	78	18
Eureka	15	61	17
Farmington	75	37	1
Garfield	16	67	9
Georgetown	3	12	.....
Johnstown	5	9	1
Laketown	12	22	31
Lincoln	62	131	25
Loraine	12	16	2
Luck	22	46	4
Milltown	34	39	3
Osceola	38	72	6
village	18	41	17
St. Croix Falls	11	20	7
village	12	71	11
Sterling	21	66	3
West Salem	17	19	9
Totals	517	1,111	214
Total vote, 1,842; Haugen's plurality, 594.			
ST. CROIX COUNTY.			
Baldwin, 1st district	75	139	13
2d district	30	41	13
Cady	39	52	4
Cylon	40	58	37
Eau Galle	76	118	7
Emerald	45	25	17
Erin Prairie	105	8	5
Forest	12	7	8
Glenwood	89	166	33
Hammond	91	84	8
village	32	25	26
Hudson	55	45	4
city, 1st ward	50	38	5
2nd ward	93	123	12
3rd ward	97	122	23
New Richmond, city, 1st ward	39	74	3
2nd ward	26	43	24
3rd ward	35	50	21
Kinickinnie	11	51	6
Pleasant Valley	43	53	1
Richmond	73	40	17

EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	W. F. Bailey, Dem.	Nils P. Haugen, Rep.	W. C. Jones, Pro.
ST. CROIX COUNTY—Continued			
Rush River.....	37	68	5
St. Joseph.....	74	45	5
Somerset.....	91	71	1
Springfield.....	106	114	4
Stanton.....	89	40	14
Star Prairie.....	18	87	11
Troy.....	29	90	8
Warren.....	76	57	13
Totals.....	1,746	1,963	357
Total vote, 4,066; Haugen's plurality, 217.			
TREMPEALEAU COUNTY.			
Albion.....	33	77	15
Arcadia, 1st pr.....	155	86	9
2nd pr.....	210	65	13
Burnside.....	152	55	11
Caledonia.....	25	36	3
Chimney Rock.....	28	59	2
Dodge.....	65	4	.....
Ettrick.....	70	157	4
Gale.....	129	168	22
Hale.....	123	68	1
Lincoln.....	75	98	21
Pigeon.....	88	68	10
Preston.....	55	175	15
Sumner.....	53	86	18
Trempealeau.....	64	127	21
Unity.....	65	54	7
Totals.....	1,390	1,883	172
Total vote, 2,945; Bailey's plurality, 7.			
WASHBURN COUNTY.			
Bashaw.....	12	32	6
Long Lake.....	14	11	.....
Shell Lake.....	150	162	21
Spooner, 1st pr.....	61	55	12
2nd pr.....	13	19	.....
Veazie.....	45	22	8
Totals.....	295	301	47
Total vote, 643; Haugen's plurality, 6.			

295

	Total.	Bailey, Dem.	Haugen, Rep.	Jones, Pro.	Bailey's plu.	Haugen's plu.	Peck.	Hoard.
Barron.....	2,224	850	1,184	190	334	731	1,147
Bayfield.....	1,211	563	600	48	37	432	600
Buffalo.....	2,642	1,376	1,205	61	171	1,408	1,154
Burnett.....	520	53	326	141	273	48	312
Clark.....	3,157	1,491	1,535	131	44	1,493	1,600
Douglas.....	2,163	859	1,141	163	282	781	997
Dunn.....	3,177	1,370	1,698	209	338	1,317	1,662
Eau Claire.....	4,712	2,432	1,791	489	641	1,998	1,861
Jackson.....	2,630	966	1,363	310	397	1,007	1,371
Pepin.....	1,143	435	561	123	96	433	599
Pierce.....	2,503	888	1,447	258	559	867	1,568
Polk.....	1,842	517	1,111	214	594	507	1,154
St. Croix.....	4,066	1,746	1,963	357	217	1,701	1,955
Trempealeau.....	2,945	1,300	1,383	172	7	1,373	1,387
Washburn.....	643	295	301	47	6	308	304
Totals.....	35,781	15,261	17,600	2,911	819	3,167 819	14,404	17,671
Haugen's plu.....						2,348		

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Myron H. McCord, Rep.	J. H. Vrooman, Pro.	Charles Alexander,	William D. Hoard,	Reuben May.	Geo. W. Peck.
ASHLAND COUNTY —							
Ashland, 1st pr	36	28					
2d pr	62	15					
3d pr	29	63					
4th pr	17	5					
Ashland city, 1st ward	63	95					
2d ward	96	129					
3d ward	53	59					
4th ward	90	93					
5th ward	52	91					
6th ward	90	100					
7th ward	72	62					
8th ward	149	46					
Butternut	166	82					
Jacobs, 1st pr	109	49					
2d pr	30	53					
3d pr				3	8	2	25
Knight, 1st pr	40	89					
2d pr	41	140					
Vaughn, 1st pr	140	119					
2d pr	132	220					
3d pr	20	26					
4th pr	36	102					
5th pr	27	56					
6th pr	27	121					
Totals.....	1,577	1,846		3	8	2	25
Total vote, 3,461; McCord's plu., 269.							

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Myron H. McCord, Rep.	J. H. Vrooman, Pro.	Charles Alexander.	William D. Hoard.	Reuben May.	Geo. W. Peck.
CHIPPewa COUNTY.							
Anson.....	38	54	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arthur, 1st dist.....	9	37	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d dist.....	41	22	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Auburn.....	73	83	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
Big Bend, 1st dist.....	43	86	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d dist.....	21	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bloomer.....	206	144	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chippewa Falls, city, 1st ward.....	92	57	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	137	73	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	183	129	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	41	71	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	79	60	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	112	65	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	70	48	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
8th ward.....	44	62	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
9th ward.....	40	48	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
10th ward.....	35	34	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland.....	28	35	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colburn.....	34	13	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eagle Point.....	122	81	32	.....	.....	.....	.....
Edson, 1st dist.....	237	64	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d dist.....	47	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Flambeau.....	11	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
LaFayette.....	70	129	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lawrence.....	16	13	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sigel.....	149	129	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tilden.....	183	64	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wheaton.....	82	88	23	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	2,234	1,754	242	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 4,230; Lynch's plu., 480.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
DOOR COUNTY.							
Bailey's Harbor.....	64	33	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brussels.....	54	46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clay Banks.....	36	68	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Egg Harbor.....	73	38	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forestville.....	130	36	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gardner.....	43	80	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gibraltar.....	45	75	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jacksonsport.....	38	89	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Liberty Grove.....	71	80	27	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nasevauppee.....	97	54	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sevastopol.....	131	62	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sturgeon Bay.....	59	112	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sturgeon Bay, city.....	146	185	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union.....	36	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	10	39	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,027	1,034	63	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 2,124; McCord's plu., 7.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
FLORENCE COUNTY.							
Commonwealth.....	23	68	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florence.....	118	157	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	141	225	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 380; McCord plu., 84.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
FOREST COUNTY.							
Crandon, 1st pr.....	4	24	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	8	29	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d pr.....	4	9	3	.....	.....	.....	.....

ELECTION STATISTICS.

297

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Myron H. McCord, Rep.	J. H. Vrooman, Pro.	Charles Alexander.	William D. Hoard.	Reuben May.	Geo. W. Peck.
FOREST COUNTY—Continued.							
Gagen, 1st pr.....	46	6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	21	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pelican Lake.....	38	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	128	176	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 260; McCord plu., 5.							
LANGLADE COUNTY.							
Akley.....	65	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Antigo.....	77	61	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	56	40	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
2nd ward.....	52	75	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	67	30	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	140	46	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	90	61	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	77	61	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elcho.....	15	23	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elton.....	17	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Langlade.....	19	13	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Neva.....	59	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norwood.....	99	36	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Parish.....	51	19	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Polar.....	66	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Price.....	27	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rolling.....	79	47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Summit, 1st pr.....	22	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	17	7	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vilas.....	16	37	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,109	645	49	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote 1,803; Lynch plu., 464.							
LINCOLN COUNTY.							
Corning.....	42	27	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harrison.....	53	74	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Merrill, 1st dist.....	26	24	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d dist.....	13	28	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	104	48	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	89	52	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	96	113	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	135	90	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	137	102	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	79	91	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
7th ward.....	106	64	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pine River.....	81	58	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rock Falls.....	250	164	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Russell.....	32	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scott.....	82	32	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,325	1,008	54	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 2,387; Lynch plu., 317.							
MARATHON COUNTY.							
Bergen.....	14	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Berlin.....	153	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brighton.....	57	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland.....	24	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Day.....	112	17	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Easton.....	22	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eau Pleine.....	24	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eldron.....	16	13	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Emmett.....	71	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frankfort.....	38	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Halsey.....	88	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Myron H. McCord, Rep.	J. H. Vrooman, Pro.	Charles Alexander.	William D. Hoard.	Reuben May.	Geo. W. Peck.
MARATHON COUNTY—Continued.							
Hamburg	69	32	2	...	...	...	...
Harrison	10	13	1	...	...	...	...
Holton	60	21	3	...	...	...	...
Hull	88	63	...	...	...	...	...
Johnson	43	3	...	...	...	...	...
Knowlton	18	33	6	...	...	...	...
Kronenwetter	42	18	...	...	...	...	...
Maine	143	30	1	...	...	...	...
Marathon	178	21	1	...	...	...	...
village	55	15	...	...	...	...	...
McMillan	77	18	...	...	...	...	...
Mosinee	25	6	...	...	...	...	...
village	40	47	1	...	...	...	...
Norrie	20	35	1	...	...	...	...
Pike Lake	78	2	1	...	...	...	...
Rib Falls	88	15	...	...	...	...	...
Reitbrock	73	21	...	...	...	...	...
Spencer	100	89	3	...	...	...	...
Stettin	137	7	...	...	...	...	...
Texas	77	51	9	...	...	...	...
Wausau	161	34	...	...	...	...	...
city, 1st ward	160	79	3	...	...	...	...
2d ward	141	86	2	...	...	...	...
3d ward	141	62	5	...	...	...	...
4th ward	83	86	7	...	...	...	...
5th ward	185	106	7	...	...	...	...
6th ward	157	122	9	...	...	...	...
7th ward	106	73	5	...	...	...	...
Weston	209	71	1	...	...	...	...
Wien	48	6	...	...	...	...	...
Totals	3,426	1,490	71	...	...	...	...
Total vote, 4,987; Lynch plu., 1,936.							
MARINETTE COUNTY.							
Marinette	172	79	4	...	...	...	...
1st ward	190	90	23	...	...	...	...
2d ward	81	111	35	...	...	...	...
3d ward, 1st pr.	64	57	16	...	...	...	...
2d pr.	152	75	9	...	...	...	...
4th ward, 1st pr.	114	82	3	...	...	...	...
2d pr.	152	112	13	...	...	...	...
5th ward	142	97	6	...	...	...	...
Pesthigo, 1st dist.	62	49	1	...	...	...	...
2d dist.	107	38	2	...	...	...	...
3d dist.	23	77	10	...	...	...	...
4th dist.	82	74	2	...	...	...	...
5th dist.	14	38	4	...	...	...	...
6th dist.	14	21	...	...	...	...	...
7th dist.	16	29	4	...	...	...	...
Porterfield	125	90	7	...	...	...	...
Wausaukee	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Totals	1,510	1,119	139	...	...	...	...
Total vote, 2,768; Lynch's plu., 391.							
OCONTO COUNTY.							
Chase	55	63	2	...	...	...	...
Gillett	54	62	2	...	...	...	...
Hov	62	58	2	...	...	...	...
Little River	84	80	3	...	...	...	...
Little Suamico	44	33	2	...	...	...	...
Maple Valley	72	55	6	...	...	...	...
Oconto	95	34	3	...	...	...	...
city, E. ward	99	120	4	...	...	...	...
N. ward	92	62	1	...	...	...	...
W. ward	133	26	2	...	...	...	...
S. ward	137	85	5	...	...	...	...

ELECTION STATISTICS

299

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Myron H. McCord, Rep.	J. H. Vrooman, Pro.	Charles Alexander.	William D. Hoard.	Reuben May.	Geo. W. Peck.
OCONTO COUNTY—Continued.							
Oconto Falls.....	26	33	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pewaukee, 1st dist.....	37	68	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d dist.....	30	16	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d dist.....	31	83	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stiles.....	78	58	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,129	936	51	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 2,116; Lynch's plu., 193.							
ONEIDA COUNTY.							
Eagle River, 1st pr ..	157	111	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr ..	19	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d pr ..	24	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th pr ..	16	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th pr ..	14	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hazelhurst, 1st pr ..	47	35	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr ..	12	21	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d pr ..	57	70	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minocqua, 1st pr ..	42	87	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr ..	61	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pelican, 1st pr ..	198	219	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr ..	86	124	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d pr ..	27	15	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th pr ..	10	38	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	772	797	29	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 1,598; McCord's plu., 25.							
PORTAGE COUNTY.							
Alban.....	35	59	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Almond.....	29	92	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Amherst.....	85	246	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belmont.....	12	90	17	.....	.....	.....	.....
Buena Vista.....	82	95	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carson.....	111	38	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eau Pleine.....	71	16	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grant.....	40	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hull.....	233	23	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lanark.....	52	70	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Linwood.....	29	29	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Hope.....	39	129	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pine Grove.....	8	62	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plover.....	79	163	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sharon.....	343	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stevens Point.....	135	12	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	104	137	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	155	108	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	86	75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	241	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	95	90	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
6th ward.....	49	53	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stockton.....	243	60	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	2,356	1,734	87	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 4,177; Lynch's plu., 632.							
PRICE COUNTY.							
Brannan.....	39	27	28	.....	.....	.....	.....
Emery.....	25	46	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fifield.....	137	106	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georgetown.....	10	22	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hackett.....	13	19	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kennan.....	17	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lake.....	49	25	1	.....	.....	.....	.....

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Myron H. McCord, Rep.	J. H. Vrooman, Pro.	Charles Alexander.	William D. Hoard.	Reuben May.	Geo. W. Peck.
PRICE COUNTY—Continued.							
Ogema.....	18	143	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
Prentice.....	57	76	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
Worcester, 1st dist.....	156	118	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d dist.....	89	58	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	610	643	102	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 1,355; McCord's plu., 33.							
SAWYER COUNTY.							
Hayward, 1st pr.....	105	248	51	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d pr.....	83	45	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d pr.....	51	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	239	295	59	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 593; McCord's plurality, 56.							
SHAWANO COUNTY.							
Alma.....	55	18	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Angelica.....	49	46	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Aniwa.....	80	42	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belle Plaine.....	140	55	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Biramwood.....	61	68	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fairbank.....	100	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Germania.....	4	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grant.....	138	24	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Green Valley.....	39	75	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hartman.....	150	52	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Herman.....	130	33	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hutchins.....	55	67	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lesson.....	42	63	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maple Grove.....	131	46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Morris.....	6	58	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Navarino.....	16	18	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pella.....	134	29	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richmond.....	126	78	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca.....	48	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shawano city, 1st ward.....	63	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	50	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	37	68	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington.....	173	28	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waukhehon.....	96	23	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wittenberg.....	53	125	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,987	1,155	52	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 3,194; Lynch's plurality, 832.							
TAYLOR COUNTY.							
Browning.....	39	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chelsea.....	77	37	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Deer Creek.....	81	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Greenwood.....	34	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grover.....	27	29	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Little Black.....	134	70	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Medford.....	104	48	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	58	41	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	48	21	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	26	36	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Molitor.....	31	6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pine Creek.....	17	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rib Lake.....	50	75	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Westboro.....	24	43	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	810	473	27	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 1,310; Lynch's plu., 337.							

NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT—Continued.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Election Districts.	Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Myron H. McCord, Rep.	J. H. Vrooman, Pro.	Charles Alexander.	William D. Hord.	Reuben May.	Geo. W. Peck.
WAUPACA COUNTY.							
Bear Creek.....	111	45	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Caledonia.....	158	20	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clintonville, city..	146	110	21	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dayton.....	22	128	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dupont.....	149	104	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Farmington.....	27	173	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fremont.....	79	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
village.....	31	20	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Helvetia.....	14	41	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Iola.....	18	130	7	.....	.....	.....	.....
Larabee.....	158	95	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lebanon.....	154	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lind.....	64	101	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Little Wolf.....	151	107	8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Matteson.....	61	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mukwa.....	105	73	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
New London, 1st ward.....	72	20	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	37	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	50	53	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
5th ward.....	22	39	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Royalton.....	103	126	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Lawrence.....	26	163	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scandinavia.....	11	188	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union.....	92	61	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waupaca.....	43	88	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
city.....	71	294	35	.....	.....	.....	.....
Weyauwega.....	72	42	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
village.....	95	55	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	2,142	2,435	190	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 4,767; McCord's plu., 293.							
WOOD COUNTY.							
Auburndale.....	66	38	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
village.....	30	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Centralia, 1st ward.....	22	23	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	59	31	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	59	52	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand Rapids.....	86	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	54	23	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	55	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	34	39	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	34	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lincoln.....	76	61	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Marshfield.....	106	17	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
city, 1st ward.....	123	37	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	115	95	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	99	78	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
4th ward.....	68	28	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milladore.....	141	20	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pittsville, city, 1st ward.....	6	50	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
2d ward.....	20	23	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
3d ward.....	11	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Port Edwards.....	61	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Remington.....	42	85	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richfield.....	15	15	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rudolph.....	117	103	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rock.....	46	65	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
Saratoga.....	23	30	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca.....	93	46	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sherry.....	34	97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sigel.....	185	56	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vesper.....	30	76	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wood.....	66	74	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	1,976	1,446	57	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total vote, 3,479; Lynch's plu., 530.							

SUMMARY OF VOTE IN NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, 1890.

COUNTIES.	Total vote.	Thomas Lynch, Dem.	Myryn H. McCord, Rep.	J H Vrooman, Pro.	Charles Alexander.	William D. Hoard.	Reuben May.	George W. Peck.	Lynch's plu.	McCord's plu.	Peck, Dem.	Hoard, Rep.
Ashland...	3,461	1,577	1,846		3	8	2	25		269	1,728	1,760
Chippewa...	4,230	2,234	1,754	242					480		2,171	1,792
Door...	2,124	1,027	1,034	63						7	978	1,061
Florence...	380	141	225	14						84	155	218
Forest...	260	121	126	13						5	127	113
Langlade...	1,803	1,109	645	49					464		1,077	661
Lincoln...	2,387	1,325	1,008	54					317		1,398	901
Marathon...	4,987	3,426	1,490	71					1,936		3,500	1,391
Marinette...	2,768	1,510	1,119	139					391		1,377	1,140
Oconto...	2,116	1,123	936	51					193		1,149	866
Oneida...	1,598	772	797	29						25	803	697
Portage...	4,177	2,353	1,734	87					622		2,342	1,740
Price...	1,355	610	643	102						33	652	633
Sawyer...	593	229	295	59						56	220	307
Shawano...	3,194	1,987	1,155	52					832		2,010	1,115
Taylor...	1,310	510	473	27					337		795	480
Waupaca...	4,767	2,142	2,435	190						293	2,117	2,567
Wood...	3,479	1,976	1,440	57					530		1,979	1,443
Total	44,989	24,491	19,161	1,299	3	8	2	25	6,102 772	772	24,578	18,915
Lynch's plu									5,330			

NUMBER OF ELECTION PRECINCTS IN STATE,

GENERAL ELECTION, 1890.

Adams ..	16	Marathon	41
Ashland ..	24	Marinette	16
Barron ..	22	Marquette	14
Bayfield ..	6	Milwaukee	89
Brown ..	36	Monroe	29
Buffalo ..	25	Oconto	16
Burnett ..	6	Oneida	14
Calumet ..	11	Outagamie	33
Chippewa ..	28	Ozaukee	10
Clark ..	26	Pepin	11
Columbia ..	31	Pierce	21
Crawford ..	16	Polk	25
Dane ..	48	Portage	23
Dodge ..	38	Price	11
Door ..	15	Racine	23
Douglas ..	15	Richland	20
Dunn ..	26	Rock	52
Eau Claire ..	24	St. Croix	30
Florence ..	2	Sauk	30
Fond du Lac ..	32	Sawyer	3
Forest ..	6	Shawano	25
Grant ..	35	Sheboygan	28
Green ..	18	Taylor	14
Green Lake ..	15	Trempealeau	16
Iowa ..	18	Vernon	24
Jackson ..	20	Walworth	25
Jefferson ..	26	Washburn	6
Juneau ..	24	Washington	18
Kenosha ..	13	Waukesha	23
Kewaunee ..	12	Waupaca	28
La Crosse ..	31	Waushara	20
La Fayette ..	20	Winnebago	39
Langlade ..	20	Wood	31
Lincoln ..	15		
Manitowoc ..	24	Total	1,532

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1890.

FOR SESSION OF 1891. ELECTED IN 1888 AND 1890.

SENATORS.

District	Popula- tion, 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
I.	42,251	Door, Marinette and Oconto	John Fetzer, Dem.....	3,304	15	Edward Scofield, Rep.....	3,289
II.	54,588	Brown and Calumet.....	Enos W. Persons, Dem.	5,618	2,086	Peter Werner, Rep..... D. J. Miller, Pro.....	3,582 156
III.	35,388	Racine.....	Adam Apple, Dem.....	3,420	406	Jno. M. Driver, Rep..... Wm. Paul, U. L..... S. C. Johnson, Pro.....	3,014 409 286
IV.	84,423	Milwaukee, part.....	John J. Kempf, Rep.....	5,262	1,631	August Rebhahn, Dem..... Theo. Fritz, U. L..... B. Hand, Pro.....	3,631 1,301 22
V.	49,259	Milwaukee, part.....	Paul Bechtner, Rep.	4,821	659	F. W. Von Cotzhausen, Dem..... C. A. Van Ness.....	4,162 162
VI.	58,332	Milwaukee, part.....	Herman Kroeger, Dem.....	6,864	1,794	A. W. Hill, Rep.....	5,070
VII.	42,153	Milwaukee, part.....	C. A. Koenitzer, Dem.....	5,677	760	F. Isenring, Rep..... Schultz.....	4,917 171
VIII.	41,939	Kenosha and Walworth....	James C. Reynolds.....	6,070	2,384	James M. Kellogg, Dem..... Joseph Collie, Pro.....	3,686 751
IX.	66,786	Green Lake, Portage, Wau- shara, and part of Mara- thon.....	F. T. Yahr, Dem.....	6,497	1,594	James O. Raymond, Rep.....	4,903
X.	42,024	Pierce and St. Croix.....	W. H. Phipps, Rep.....	3,208	712	Wm. H. Putnam, Dem..... Henry S. Miller, Pro..	2,496 708
XI.	30,761	Ashland, Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Oneida, Price and Taylor.....	John T. Kingston, Jr., Dem.....	5,864	521	Walter A. Scott, Rep.....	5,343

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1890.— Continued.

SENATORS— Continued.

District	Population, 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
XII.	43,538	Green and LaFayette.....	Phineas J. Clawson, Rep.....	4,900	184	H. H. Gray, Dem..... J. F. Carl, Pro..... C. W. D. Leonard, U. L.....	4,716 645 181
XIII.	46,333	Dodge.....	Wm. F. Voss, Dem.....	6,458	4,310	Christ Rinehart, Rep.....	2,148
XIV.	46,333	Juneau and Sauk.....	Frank Avery, Rep.....	5,498	1,212	Job N. Grant, Dem..... John Steele, Pro..... John Babcock.....	4,286 729 4
XV.	55,970	Kewaunee and Manitowoc.	Wm. F. Nash, Dem.....	5,898	3,958	Fred Heyrath, Rep.....	1,940
XVI.	53,458	Crawford and Grant.....	Edward I. Kidd, Rep.....	6,079	1,105	H. D. York, Dem..... C. T. Cory, Pro.....	4,974 592
XVII.	42,630	Rock.....	Richard J. Burdge, Rep.....	4,332	980	H. H. McLennegan, Dem..... John Stockman, Pro.....	3,352 475
XVIII.	34,172	Fond du Lac, part.....	Samuel B. Stanchfield, Rep..	3,829	818	James Fenelon, Dem..... G. C. Hill, Pro..... Blank	3,011 267 79
XIX.	45,871	Winnebago, except town and city of Menasha.	Geo. W. Pratt, Dem.....	4,815	714	Frank Challoner, Rep.... Wesley Matt, Pro.....	4,101 319
XX.	51,250	Sheboygan, and part of Fond du Lac.....	Major C. Mead, Dem.....	6,249	2,375	Asa Carpenter, Rep.....	3,874
XXI.	55,404	Shawano, Waupaca and part Marathon.....	J. H. Woodnorth, Dem.....	5,445	953	W. H. Hatton, Rep.....	4,492
XXII.	40,083	Outagamie and city and town of Menasha, Winne- bago county.....	William Kennedy, Dem.....	4,597	1,431	P. V. Lawson, Jr., Rep.....	3,166
XXIII.	48,617	Jefferson and part of Wau- kesha.	Walter S. Greene, Dem.....	5,137	1,744	Jesse Stone, Rep..... S. Faville, Pro.....	3,393 319

XXIV.	41,321	Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Polk, Sawyer, Washburn.....	Chas. S. Taylor, Rep.....	6,606	1,900	Malcom Dobie, Dem.....	4,706
						I. Grettum, Pro.....	958
XXV.	50,212	Clark and Eau Claire.....	Robert J. MacBride, Dem.....	3,712	351	H. M. Stocking, Rep.....	3,861
						H. W. Hunt, Pro.....	757
XXVI.	58,400	Dane.....	Willett S. Main, Rep.....	6,837	330	Michael Johnson, Dem.....	6,507
						D. W. North, Pro.....	967
XXVII.	46,263	Adams, Columbia and Mar- quette.....	Russel C. Falconer, Dem....	4,260	907	Lester Woodward, Rep.....	3,353
						A. C. Jennings, Pro.....	338
XXVIII.	48,175	Iowa and Richland.....	Robert L. Joiner, Rep.....	4,846	729	J. R. L. McCollum, Dem.....	4,117
						C. W. Briggs, Pro.....	737
XXIX.	42,567	Buffalo, Pepin and Trem- pealeau.....	Robert Lees, Dem....	3,414	651	J. L. Linderman, Rep....	2,703
XXX.	47,086	Chippewa and Dunn.....	William Miller, Rep.....	4,914	822	W. H. Smith, Dem.....	4,092
						D. D. McPherson, Pro....	561
XXXI.	34,791	La Crosse and Vernon.....	Henry Conner, Dem.....	4,972	78	B. E. Edwards, Rep.....	4,894
XXXII.	53,809	Jackson, Monroe, Wood....	Hugh H. Price.....	6,662	1,539	John F. Richards, Dem....	5,123
						D. L. Hubbard, Pro.....	489
XXXIII.	55,580	Ozaukee, Washington and part of Waukesha.....	Frederick W. Horn.....	7,097	4,219	Jas. F. Trotman, Rep.....	2,878
						Thayer, Pro.....	21

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1890.—Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN.

	Popula- tion, 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
1	16,408	Adams and Marquette	Clarence E. Peirce, Rep.	1,447	10	P. E. Menckler, Dem.	1,437
2	12,157	Ashland, Florence, Forest, Oneida and Price	Louis Rossman, Rep.	3,346	302	W. F. Hinz, Dem.	2,954
3	13,596	Barron	Chas. W. Moore, Rep.	803	107	C. S. Garrett, F. A.	696
4	14,844	Bayfield, Burnette, Douglas, Sawyer and Washburn. . . .	L. H. Mead, Rep.	2,297	725	Wm. L. Hunter, Dem.	561
						Ole J. Linger, Dem.	1,573
						S. E. Tubbs, Ind.	979
5	18,727	1st Dist., Brown	A. L. Gray, Dem.	1,370	59	S. J. Murphy, Rep.	1,311
6	18,192	2d Dist., Brown	R. J. McGeehan, Dem.	1,536	901	Chas. Prust, Rep.	635
7	18,012	Buffalo	John Leonhardy, Dem.	1,450	453	J. W. Whelen, Rep.	997
8	17,607	Calumet	Wm. V. McMullen, Dem.	1,159	562	Herman Hedrich, Rep.	597
						W. R. Bishop, U. L.	92
9	25,135	Chippewa	James A. Taylor, Dem.	1,562	44	B. F. Millard, Rep.	1,518
						Jos. Burrington, Pro.	177
10	15,423	Clark	Philip Rossman, Rep.	1,556	10	W. H. Mead, Dem.	1,546
						W. F. Cuts, Pro.	102
11	15,243	1st Dist., Columbia	Clinton E. Smith, Dem. . . .	1,360	153	Jos. Sanderson, Rep.	1,207
						Geo. H. Beyer, Pro.	95
12	14,612	2d Dist., Columbia	Lewis H. Smith, Rep.	1,171	81	Sam'l Sampson, Dem.	1,090
						Herbert Palmer, Pro.	228
13	16,181	Crawford	Ambrose Thompson, Dem.	1,657	372	Tosten T. Sime, Rep.	1,285
14	22,897	1st Dist., Dane	Harry E. Briggs, Dem.	2,204	20	Carl Rassmussen, Rep.	2,184
						Osmund Gunderson, Pro.	250

15	11,204	2d Dist., Dane.....	Christian Reuter, Dem.....	1,400	1,047	Chas. A. Brendler, Rep.....	353
						R. J. Meyers, Pro.....	98
16	10,390	3d Dist., Dane.....	Joseph R. Henderson, Dem.....	771	10	Henry Powell, Rep.....	761
						O. M. Helland, Pro.....	185
17	13,090	4th Dist., Dane.....	Wm. H. Porter, Rep.....	1,201	35	Ole S. Holum, Dem.....	1,166
						Jno. A. Quammen, Pro.....	150
18	19,172	1st Dist., Dodge ..	Michael E. Burke, Dem.....	2,486	1,783	Erwin E. Williams, Rep.....	703
						W. P. Webb, Pro.....	22
19	9,851	2d Dist., Dodge.....	Bennett E. Sampson Dem.....	1,209	362	C. T. Moul, Rep.....	847
20	17,310	3d Dist., Dodge.....	Wm. Schwefel, Dem.....	2,702	2,020	Emil von Gruenigen, Rep.....	682
21	15,552	Door	C. M. Whiteside, Dem.....	1,077	118	Geo. Nelson, Rep.....	959
22	21,921	Dunn.....	Albert R. Hall, Rep.....	1,045	234	John Stavrum, Dem.....	811
						A. C. Sherburn, E. R.....	107
						F. A. Vasey, —.....	5
23	21,633	1st Dist., Eau Claire.....	W. T. Fugh, Rep.....	1,050	99	Victor Wolf, Dem.....	951
						Thos. Carmichael, U. L.....	666
						J. T. W. Retsch, Pro. ..	238
24	13,121	2d Dist., Eau Claire.....	Oscar Finch, Dem.....	913	314	R. E. Arnold, Rep.....	599
						Gustav Dittmer, Pro.....	245
						John Wilbur, U. L.....	90
25	16,551	1st Dist., Fond du Lac.	Frank Bowe, Dem	1,355	137	L. E. Reed, Rep.. ..	1,218
						G. G. Randall, Pro.....	101
26	17,621	2d Dist., Fond du Lac.....	James W. Watson, Dem.....	1,255	62	Geo. H. Francis, Rep.....	1,193
						J. B. Tripp, Pro.....	63
27	12,650	3rd Dist., Fond du Lac... ..	James Bannon, Dem.....	1,476	1,201	P. R. Tiffany, Rep... ..	275
						C. E. Tripp, Pro.....	21
28	12,858	1st Dist., Grant.....	John Longbotham, Rep.....	1,069	49	Thos. Jenkins, Jr., Dem.	1,020
						Josiah Thomas, Pro.....	82
29	12,752	2d Dist., Grant.	John J. Oswald, Dem.....	1,014	218	Jacob Schreiner, Rep.....	796
30	11,667	3rd Dist., Grant	Christopher Hinn, Dem.....	880	43	Dwight T. Parker, Rep.....	837
						A. L. Snyder, Pro.....	15

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1990.—Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued.

	Popula- tion, 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
31	14,537	Green, So. Dist.....	H. C. Putnam, Rep.....	1,299	82	R. R. Fleek, Dem..... J. F. Grinnell, U. L..... J. C. Murdock, Pro.....	1,217 94 151
32	16,858	Green and part of La Fayette.	Chas. F. Osborn, Rep.....	1,562	52	Adam Blumer, Dem..... J. F. Sears, Pro..... D. W. Leonard, U. L.....	1,510 13 1
33	16,008	Green Lake..	E. C. Smith, Dem.....	1,867	728	C. D. McConnell, Rep..... J. E. Smith, Pro.....	1,139 61
34	10,195	1st Dist., Iowa.....	Robert M. Crawford, Dem.....	804	20	Nicholas T. Martin, Rep..... Thos. S. Reese, Pro.....	784 123
35	12,677	2d Dist., Iowa.....	Edmund U. Baker, Dem.....	1,196	153	Michael J. Bennett, Rep..... Dan Lee, Pro.....	1,043 137
36	15,902	Jackson.....	James J. McGillivray, Rep.....	1,194	178	Geo. W. Lewis, Dem..... T. P. Hunter, F. A. and Pro.....	1,016 301
37	16,694	1st Dist., Jefferson.....	C. Hugo Jacobi, Dem.....	2,298	1,747	James McCall, Rep..... J. Thayer, Pro.....	551 1
38	17,562	2d Dist., Jefferson.....	Joseph Stoppenbach, Dem.....	1,883	571	Mark Curtis, Rep..... J. Thayer, Pro.....	1,312 146
39	17,024	Juneau.....	Joseph W. Babcock, Rep.....	1,581	166	E. D. Rogers, Dem.. .. J. H. Brewer, Pro	1,415 85
40	14,137	Kenosha	Robert S. Houston, Dem.....	1,597	144	J. Cavanaugh, Rep.. ..	1,453
41	13,786	Kewaunee (except towns of Franklin and Carlton).....	Joseph Filz, Dem.	1,332	758	Henry Runkee, Dem. T. K. Minnehan, Rep.....	574 176
42	21,740	1st Dist., La Crosse..	James J. Hogan, Dem.....	2,396	703	Alfred Harrison, Rep..... H. G. Miller	1,693 180

43	13,051	2d Dist., La Crosse	John Dawson, Dem.....	1,240	46	Wm. Smith, Rep.....	1,194
						L. W. Wood, Pro.....	93
44	12,143	La Fayette (part)	Chas. J. Meloy, Dem	1,328	119	Jas. McGinty, Rep.....	1,209
						Nelson La Due, Pro.....	13
45	18,604	Langlade, Lincoln and Taylor	Clinton Textor, Dem.....	3,085	1,027	Henry Smith, Rep.....	2,058
46	11,036	1st Dist., Manitowoc.	Patrick J. Conway, Dem.....	1,170	603	Fred Schwalby, Rep.	567
47	18,895	2d Dist., Manitowoc, towns of Franklin and Carlton, Kewaunee county.....	James P. Nolan, Dem.....	2,182	1,688	Dr. F. Simon, Rep....	494
48	12,263	3d Dist., Manitowoc.....	Wm. Croll, Dem.....	993	293	J. S. Anderson, Rep.	700
49	13,168	1st Dist., Marathon	Thos. O'Connor, Dem.....	1,758	1,228	Michael Lemon, Rep.	530
50	13,435	2d Dist., Marathon.....	Neal Brown, Dem.....	1,579	569	J. E. Leahy, Rep.....	1,010
51	13,494	Marinette.....	James Larsin, U. L.	1,465	431	Chas. Reinke, Rep....	1,034
						Jacob Lindern, Pro.....	179
53	14,024	1st Dist., Milwaukee.	Humphrey J. Desmond, Dem	1,803	474	F. F. Adams, Rep. and U. L.....	1,329
53	17,833	2d Dist., Milwaukee.....	Wm. J. Fiebrantz, Rep.....	1,968	46	A. P. Kletzsch, Dem.....	1,022
						John Riepl.	101
54	7,427	3d Dist., Milwaukee.....	Edward Keogh, dem....	962	877	Wm. Gunnis, Rep ...	85
55	14,910	4th Dist., Milwaukee.....	Orren T. Williams, Rep	1,979	274	E. McIntyre, Dem.....	1,705
56	27,525	5th Dist., Milwaukee.....	Conrad Krez, Dem.....	3,685	925	Julius Roehr, Rep.....	2,760
						Kraft, U. L.	238
						F. Graves, Ind.....	56
57	20,399	6th Dist., Milwaukee.....	Wm. Pierron, Rep	2,278	64	H. L. Stoltz, Dem	2,214
						Rockweed, U. L.....	301
58	6,872	7th Dist., Milwaukee.....	Chas. H. Anson, Rep.....	888	277	James A. Mallory, Dem.....	611
						Mackey	41
59	14,738	8th Dist., Milwaukee.....	Henry Schuetz, Dem.....	2,104	270	Geo. Rochel, Rep.....	1,834
						Heckler, U. L.	133
60	16,390	9th Dist., Milwaukee.....	Philip Schmitz, Jr., Dem.....	2,285	949	Geo. Christianson, Rep.....	1,836
						Aug. Reinhert, U. L.....	143

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.-- Continued.

ASSEMBLY-- Continued.

	Popula- tion, 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
61	13,862	10th Dist., Milwaukee.....	John Horn, dem.....	1,772	212	Rip Reukema, Rep.....	1,560
62	14,413	11th Dist., Milwaukee.....	Ambrose McGuigan, Dem.....	1,958	601	John Shinnock, Rep.....	1,357
63	19,267	12th Dist., Milwaukee.....	Michael Kruszkza, Dem.....	3,026	2,104	Douman, Rep.....	922
64	10,009	1st Dist., Monroe.....	David W. Cheney, Dem.....	1,254	380	A. F. Brandt, Rep.....	874
						M. W. Davis, Pro.....	100
65	12,775	2d Dist., Monroe.....	James Tormey, Dem.....	1,156	207	James R. Lyons, Rep.....	949
						Chas. Lea, Pro.....	91
66	13,205	Oconto.....	Lewis S. Bailey, Dem.....	1,118	124	Angus McAllister, Rep.....	994
67	14,125	1st Dist., Outagamie.....	John Tracy, Dem.....	1,478	522	John Battenseck, Rep.....	956
						C. A. Horr, Pro.....	68
68	29,955	2d Dist., Outagamie.....	Theodore Knapstein, Dem.....	2,927	1,611	W. D. Ackerman, Rep.....	1,316
						W. D. Boynton, Pro.....	138
69	15,197	Ozaukee.....	Wm. H. Fitzgerald, Dem.....	1,273	447	Wm. A. Tholen, Dem.....	826
						Wm. Carby, Rep.....	411
						Carl Falandt, Dem.....	195
70	6,226	Pepin.....	Wm. E. Plummer, Rep.....	595	163	E. M. Doughty, Dem.....	433
						E. S. York, Pro.....	140
71	19,645	Pierce.....	Daniel J. Dill, Rep.....	1,502	316	Geo. Davis, Dem., F. A. and Pro.....	1,186
72	12,881	Polk.....	Henry B. Dike, Rep.....	694	113	F. Wilke, Dem.....	581
						J. H. McCourt, Ind. Rep.....	468
						J. W. Dean, Pro.....	217
73	23,248	Portage.....	Chas. Couch, Dem.....	2,544	1,000	F. B. Lamoraux, Rep.....	1,544
74	30,921	Racine.....	Joshua Eric Dodge, Dem.....	3,500	737	Elias N. White, Rep.....	2,763
						A. B. Noyes, U. L.....	459
						J. S. Blakey, Pro.....	848

75	18,174	Richland	Jay G. Lamberson, Rep	1,648	216	Geo. Hines, Dem.....	1,432
						A. F. Carter, Pro	246
76	14,290	1st Dist., Rock.....	Ole P. Gaarder, Rep.....	1,576	797	L. S. Heyerdahl, Dem.....	779
						Geo. H. Horrigan, Pro	255
77	13,247	2d Dist., Rock.....	John Winans, Dem.....	1,487	179	Oscar F. Nolan, Rep	1,308
						C. W. Cook, Pro.....	67
78	15,083	3d Dist., Rock.....	Henry Tarrant, Rep.	1,366	56	Archibald Woodward, Dem.....	1,230
						Silas G. Burdick, Pro	173
						A. S. Flagg.....	1
79	18,956	St. Croix.....	Geo. W. Chinnoek, Rep.....	1,968	192	F. J. Smith, Dem	1,776
						Matt Lapham, Pro.....	395
80	15,947	1st Dist., Sauk.....	Thos. W. English, Dem	1,163	115	Wm. F. Conger, Rep.....	1,048
						B. W. Strong, Pro.....	159
81	14,412	2d Dist., Sauk.....	Henry C. Hunt, Dem	1,223	305	E. P. Richardson, Rep	918
						O. C. Blanchard, Pro	130
82	14,842	Shawano, except towns of Grant and Pella.....	Otto O. Wiegand, Dem	1,665	447	R.W. Jackson, Rep.....	1,218
83	18,621	1st Dist., Sheboygan.....	Dennis T. Phalen, Dem.....	1,641	859	Joseph G. End, Rep	782
						John Riedel, U. L	217
84	9,632	2d Dist., Sheboygan	Allen F. Warden, Dem.....	795	124	Ervin Underhill, Rep	671
85	10,297	3d Dist., Sheboygan.....	Alvah R. Munger, Rep.....	682	145	Jacob Hoffman, Dem.....	537
86	19,112	Trempealeau.....	Michael J. Warner, Dem.....	1,500	229	A. A. Arnold, Rep.....	1,271
						Geo. W. Webb, Pro	212
87	11,721	1st Dist., Vernon.....	Brown Olson, Rep	1,014	329	Anton von Ruden, Dem.....	685
88	12,702	2d Dist., Vernon.....	Edgar Eno, Rep.....	1,145	415	Louis T. Larson, Dem.....	730
						E. W. Sandon, Pro	123
89	13,692	1st Dist., Walworth.....	Fernando C. Kizer, Rep	1,407	578	H. P. Fahr, Dem	829
						C. R. Treat, Pro.....	270
90	14,110	2d Dist., Walworth	Joseph S. Maxon, Rep	1,537	537	Robt. Whiting, Dem	1,000
						J. M. Fish, Pro	172
91	23,692	Washington.....	August Konrad, Dem.....	2,787	1,640	Don Maxon, Dem.	1,147

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE, 1890—Continued.

ASSEMBLYMEN—Continued.

	Popula- tion. 1885.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality over next highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
92	16,762	1st Dist., Waukesha	Ernest L. Bullard, Dem.....	1,920	438	Frank H. Putney, Rep. Solomon Vandewalker, Pro.....	1,482 99
93	14,361	2d Dist., Waukesha..	Omar L. Rosenkranz, Rep	1,415	102	M. Place, Dem..... Crawford, Pro.....	1,313 138
94	11,524	1st Dist., Waupaca	Alfred R. Lea, Dem.....	1,089	180	H. Randall, Rep..... J. W. Evans, Pro.....	909 125
65	15,603	2d Dist., Waupaca, including Grant and Pella, Shawano county	David Jennings, Dem.....	1,567	313	Jacob C. Wipf, Rep.....	1,254
96	13,921	Waushara	Cornelius A. Davenport, Rep.....	1,195	527	Thos. H. Patterson, Dem	668
97	16,930	1st Dist., Winnebago	Gustav S. Luscher, Dem.....	1,715	35	H. N. Drake, Pro.....	115
98	12,832	2d Dist., Winnebago.....	Sam'l A. Cook, Rep.....	1,326	284	John Banderob, Rep..... H. P. Peterson, Pro	1,680 99
99	16,103	3d Dist., Winnebago	Wm. Faber, Dem	1,529	105	John W. Tobey, Dem	1,042
100	14,388	Wood	John Edwards, Dem.....	1,657	297	Lucius Webster, Pro..... R. H. Edwards, Rep..... James W. Cameron, Rep	63 1,424 1,360

PART IV.

STATE FINANCES.

THE STATE FINANCES.

For the two years ending September 30, 1890.

STATE DEBT.

The bonded debt of the state, created in 1861-63, for the purpose of carrying on the war for the maintenance of the Union, has now all been paid or converted into certificates of indebtedness to the Trust Funds, except one thousand dollars, which was paid from the General Fund, August 13, 1888.

The state debt on the 30th day of September, 1890, was classified as follows:

Certificates of indebtedness, School Fund.....	\$1,563,700 00
Certificates of indebtedness, Normal School Fund.....	515,700 00
Certificates of indebtedness, University Fund.....	111,000 00
Certificates of indebtedness, Agricultural College Fund.....	60,600 00
Totals	\$2,251,000 00

GENERAL STATEMENT.

The aggregate result of the financial transactions, during two years, on all funds, is as follows:

GENERAL FUND.

Receipts for two years	\$4,518,650 12	
Disbursements for two years.....		\$4,476,894 18
Balance September 30, 1888.....	304,139 09	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		345,895 03
Totals.....	\$4,822,789 21	\$4,822,789 21

ALL OTHER FUNDS.

RECEIPTS FOR TWO YEARS.

School Fund.....	\$474,670 48
School Fund Income.....	1,544,769 72
University Fund.....	33,147 18
University Fund Income.....	276,887 51
Agricultural College Fund.....	22,584 81
Agricultural College Fund Income.....	28,998 46
Normal School Fund.....	239,214 79
Normal School Fund Income.....	215,326 41
Drainage Fund.....	95,280 73
Delinquent Tax Fund.....	14,790 10
Deposit Fund.....	1,237 62
Redemption Fund.....	139 61
Manitowoc and Calumet Swamp Land Fund.....	1,360 47
Columbia and Sauk counties Indemnity Fund.....	2,330 74
Indemnity Fund.....	17,791 02
Totals	\$2,958,529 65

DISBURSEMENTS FOR TWO YEARS.

School Fund.....	\$231,135 19
School Fund Income.....	1,555,151 60
University Fund.....	68,000 00
University Fund Income.....	276,887 51
Agricultural College Fund.....	93,000 00
Agricultural College Fund Income.....	28,998 46
Normal School Fund.....	188,341 84
Normal School Fund Income.....	215,326 41
Drainage Fund.....	121,982 50
Delinquent Tax Fund.....	14,486 00
Deposit Fund.....	1,081 31
Redemption Fund.....	120 38
Wisconsin Railroad Farm Mortgage Land Company Fund.....	28 14
Indemnity Fund.....	17,791 02
Totals	\$2,958,529 65
Balance September 30, 1888.....	\$2,812,330 36
Balance September 30, 1890.....	446,563 25
Totals.....	\$3,405,093 00
Totals.....	\$3,405,093 00

GENERAL FUND.

This fund embraces all the revenues of the state applicable to the payment of the ordinary expenses of the State Government.

The sources from which it is derived are tax on civil actions, license of railroad companies, plank-road companies, telegraph companies, insurance companies, hawkers and peddlers, notary public fees, office fees and sales of laws and reports. The expenditures therefrom are authorized by permanent and temporary appropriations, and by the several laws requiring the Secretary of State to audit accounts.

RECEIPTS.

	1889.	1890.
Sections 1212, and 1213 R. S., from railroad companies.....	\$947,772 04	\$1,008,559 04
Chapter 298, laws 1881, from counties for maintaining insane hospitals.....	117,146 07	127,002 95
Chapter 298, laws 1881, from counties for maintaining Industrial School for Boys.....	10,052 55	10,334 28
Section 743 R. S., from counties for suit tax.....	5,834 00	5,753 00
Fire insurance companies.....	59,293 88	60,642 93
Life insurance companies.....	22,619 60	26,468 81
Accident insurance companies.....	1,007 12	1,003 33
Telegraph and telephone companies.....	11,793 11	12,467 25
Railway car companies.....	1,228 80	1,365 67
Hawkers and peddlers.....	16,755 50	15,084 25
Ozaukee county, unpaid tax for 1887.....	10,183 09	.....
Pepin county, unpaid tax for 1887.....	873 32	.....
Burnett county, unpaid tax for 1888.....	.....	1,569 75
Burnett county, interest on unpaid tax for 1888.....	.....	75 29
All other sources.....	48,692 97	50,600 80
	<u>\$1,253,392 05</u>	<u>\$1,321,828 85</u>
		\$2,575,220 40

General Educational Fund.

	1889.	1890.
Chapter 284, laws 1885, for School Fund Income, one mill tax.....	\$573,229 85	\$577,092 82
Section 260, R. S., interest on certificates of indebtedness.....	157,570 00	157,570 00
Section 247, R. S., interest due School Fund Income.....	7,088 36	7,088 36
Chapter 300, laws 1883, annual levy for State University.....	71,653 73	72,136 60
Chapter 364, laws 1885, annual levy for Fifth Normal School.....	10,000 00	10,000 00
Chapter 352, laws 1885, annual levy for Free High Schools.....	50,000 00	50,000 00
Chapter 516, laws 1887, completing University building.....	200,000 00	.....
	<u>\$1,069 541 94</u>	<u>\$873,887 78</u>
		\$1,943,429 72
Total receipts for two years.....		<u>\$4,518,650 12</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

	1889.	1890.
Salaries —		
Governor's office.....	\$6,725 00	\$6,740 00
Secretary's office.....	7,000 00	7,000 00
Treasurer's office.....	7,000 00	7,000 00
Attorney General's office.....	5,092 00	5,081 50
State Superintendent's office.....	6,018 03	8,141 75
Railroad Commissioner's office.....	6,693 30	8,298 40
Insurance Commissioner's office.....	4,638 93	4,605 31
Public Property office.....	2,000 00	2,000 00
Supreme court.....	32,304 00	33,822 50
Circuit courts.....	51,890 32	58,350 00
State Historical Society.....	9,800 00	9,800 00
State Library.....	4,564 29	4,908 97
State Board of Charities and Reform.....	8,130 46	7,548 88
	<u>\$151,865 40</u>	<u>\$169,297 31</u>
		\$315,102 71

STATE FINANCES.

315

	1889.	1890.	
<i>Special Appropriations—</i>			
Bureau of Labor Statistics.....	\$7,945 20	\$6,906 43	
Land protection.....	5,065 70	5,332 84	
State Board of Health.....	4,705 79	5,823 67	
Fish culture.....	14,000 00	11,500 00	
Dairy and Food Commissioner.....	3,400 81	7,424 95	
	<u>\$35,207 50</u>	<u>\$36,987 89</u>	\$72,195 39
<i>Legislative Expenses—</i>			
Lieutenant-Governor.....	\$1,000 00	\$1,000 00	
Senate—			
Salaries.....	\$17,000 00		
Mileage.....	910 30		
Employees.....	25,171 00		
	<u>43,081 30</u>		
Assembly—			
Salaries.....	\$50,500 00		
Mileage.....	2,931 70		
Employees.....	30,831 88		
	<u>84,263 58</u>		
Legislative employees.....	554 80		
Legislative Visiting committee.....	300 00		
Committee on Prison Labor.....	1,500 00		
Printing, Investigating committee.....	83 55		
Contesting seats—Senate.....	300 00		
Contesting seats—Assembly.....	1,727 27		
Drafting bill for incorporation of cities.....	1,200 00		
Chaplain to Senate.....	150 00		
Chaplains to Assembly.....	150 00		
Printing for Legislature.....	8,827 46		
Blue Book.....	25,005 64	20 10	
Callaghan & Co., Sanborn & Berryman's supplement to Revised Statutes.....	750 00		
Wisconsin Telephone Co., messages.....	75 00		
David Atwood, publishing statement of legislative employees.....	80 40		
	<u>\$160,139 00</u>	<u>\$1,020 10</u>	\$170,168 10
<i>Charitable and Penal Institutions—</i>			
State Hospital for Insane.....	\$82,813 44	\$105,675 15	
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	113,605 49	134,537 19	
Wisconsin School for Deaf.....	43,700 19	38,211 13	
Wisconsin School for Blind.....	21,680 18	23,383 10	
Industrial School for Boys.....	61,786 96	36,929 28	
State Prison.....	14,396 75	8,006 79	
State Public School.....	61,007 26	42,370 52	
	<u>\$398,991 27</u>	<u>\$380,118 16</u>	\$788,109 43
<i>Clerk Hire—</i>			
Governor's office.....	\$2,600 00	\$3,120 00	
Secretary's office.....	20,752 50	20,090 00	
Treasurer's office.....	9,365 00	9,330 00	
Land Department.....	14,976 47	15,393 00	
State Superintendent's office.....	3,880 00	4,205 00	
Public Property office.....	1,500 00	1,500 00	
Office of Commissioner of Labor Statistics.....	1,200 00	1,200 00	
	<u>\$53,773 97</u>	<u>\$54,838 00</u>	\$108,611 97
<i>Labor About Capitol—</i>			
Engineers and firemen.....	\$3,995 37	\$3,982 00	
Carpenters.....	1,980 50	1,980 00	
Night watchmen.....	1,460 00	1,460 00	
Janitors and messengers.....	16,006 56	17,137 00	
Police.....	2,914 00	2,920 00	
Painters.....	1,724 92	1,801 00	
Laborers.....	9,109 50	8,381 40	
Store keeper.....	730 00	730 00	
Elevator attendant.....	730 00	730 00	
Book-room attendant.....	774 50	810 50	
Gas-fitter and plumber.....	819 16	821 00	
Type-writer.....		60 00	
	<u>\$40,306 51</u>	<u>\$40,862 90</u>	\$81,169 41

	1889.	1890.
<i>For Sundry Purposes—</i>		
Transient laborers	\$5,112 09	\$4,819 80
Incidental expenses	17,720 13	15,394 32
Printing	36,245 09	21,358 27
Postage	6,364 00	5,407 39
Paper	4,215 20	14,902 65
Stationery	4,519 48	2,940 88
Gas	4,196 89	6,057 37
Fuel	11,936 52	816 83
Treasury agent	4,725 87	3,770 92
Compiling war records	17,400 96	16,146 83
Militia	63,692 71	73,999 23
Camp Douglas	5,137 30	
Superior riots	817 95	
Expressage	2,550 53	2,497 76
State Board of Supervision	13,116 39	13,248 54
Examiners of state teachers	235 02	238 77
Examiners for admission to bar	826 72	739 25
Pension agent	1,657 91	
Governor's contingent fund	2,750 00	850 00
State veterinarian	3,906 68	3,460 47
Glandered horses slaughtered	1,642 93	1,612 61
Game wardens	3,723 02	3,357 95
Fish wardens	2,175 00	2,500 00
Publishing bank report	128 36	276 00
Publishing laws in State Journal	4,150 50	
Publishing general laws	33,000 00	200 00
Publishing private and local laws	1,351 20	4 20
Advertising lands	525 00	600 50
County agricultural societies	15,528 79	27,247 53
Maintaining insane in county hospitals	199,865 26	183,351 95
Presidential electors	325 10	
Publishing and advertising	689 50	577 05
Real estate returns	1,956 50	1,605 05
Deaf mute instruction in villages and cities	4,272 61	
Capitol disaster	211 45	
Statistics of crime	60	
Circuit court reporters		9,015 00
Illustrations for report of Experimental Station	143 84	27 70
University summer school	800 00	1,000 00
Bounty on wild animals	7,955 00	8,049 00
Special appropriations	155,766 44	56,640 22
Miscellaneous	14,389 72	81,687 94
Totals	\$660,401 55	\$564,402 59
		\$1,224,804 14

GENERAL EDUCATIONAL FUND.

	1889.	1890.
Interest on state indebtedness	\$157,570 00	\$157,570 00
School Fund Income transfers	580,318 22	584,181 18
University Fund Income transfer	71,653 73	72,136 60
Normal School Fund Income transfer	10,000 00	10,000 00
Free high schools, sec. 496, R. S.	25,000 00	46,057 37
Free high schools, chap. 353, L. 1855	1,303 30	942 63
	\$845,845 25	\$870,887 78
		\$1,716,733 03

Total receipts for two years	\$4,518,650 12
Total disbursements for two years	\$4,476,894 18
Balance September 30, 1888	304,139 09
Balance September 30, 1890	345,895 03
	\$4,822,789 21
	\$4,822,789 21

SCHOOL FUND.

The School Fund is composed of:

1. Proceeds of lands granted by the United States for support of schools.
2. All moneys accruing to the state by forfeiture or escheat.
3. All penalties for trespass on school lands.
4. All fines collected in the several counties for breaches of penal laws.
5. All moneys paid as an exemption from military duty.
6. Five *per cent.* of net proceeds of sales of United States public lands.

The number of acres of unsold land, the proceeds of which are applicable to this fund, is 69,751.14. The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years.....	\$474,670 48
Balance September 30, 1888.....	151,241 85
Totals.....	\$625,912 33
Disbursements for two years.....	\$231,135 19
Balance September 30, 1890.....	394,777 14
Totals.....	\$625,912 33

The amounts of productive School Fund on the 30th days of September, 1889 and 1890, were as follows:

	1889.	1890.
Total at interest.....	\$2,949,839 24	\$2,768,398 58
Premium on U. S. Bonds.....	\$5,129 44	\$5,129 44

SCHOOL FUND INCOME.

The interest received on School Fund investments and on the principal due for sale of school lands, and the mill tax, chapter 237, L. 1885, constitute the School Fund Income. The amount of this fund in the treasury on the first day of June is annually certified by the Secretary of State to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and by him apportioned, under the provisions of section 554, of the Revised Statutes, among the several counties of the state, for the use of common schools in a manner provided by law. The apportionment is made according to the number of children in each town, village and city over the age of four and under the age of twenty years, as shown by the report of the State Superintendent during the year preceding.

The receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years.....	\$1,544,769 72
Balance September 30, 1888.....	26,469 92
Total.....	\$1,571,239 64
Disbursements for two years..	\$1,555,151 60
Balance September 30, 1890.....	16,088 04
Total.....	\$1,571,239 64

UNIVERSITY FUND.

The proceeds of sales of land granted by the United States to Wisconsin for the support of the State University by Acts of Congress, approved June 12, 1838, August 6, 1846, and December 12, 1852, form the University Fund. The principal or capital, excepting the small cash balance in the State Treasury, is productive, drawing interest mainly at seven per cent.

The number of acres of unsold land is 1,232.71.

The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years.....	\$23,147 18
Balance September 30, 1888.....	30,241 61
	\$72,388 79
Disbursements for two years.....	\$68,000 00
Balance September 30, 1890.....	4,388 79
	\$72,388 79

The amounts of productive University Fund on the 30th days of September, 1889 and 1890, were as follows:

	1889.	1890.
Total at interest.....	\$187,948 32	\$225,335 74
Premium on United States bonds.....	\$3,270 88	\$3,270 88

UNIVERSITY FUND INCOME.

This fund is derived chiefly from the annual tax levy authorized by section 390, Revised Statutes, and from the interest on University land certificates and loans, and the one-eighth mill tax on all assessable property in the State (chapter 300, laws 1885), and is perpetually appropriated to the support and endowment of the State University by section 339, Revised Statutes. By provisions of said section, this entire fund is placed at the disposal of the Board of Regents by transfer to the treasurer of said Board, and the detailed record of its expenditures is kept by said treasurer distinct and independent of the accounts of the state.

The receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years	\$276,887 51
Disbursements for two years.....	<u>276,887 51</u>

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND.

The proceeds of sales of 240,000 acres of land granted to the state by act of Congress, approved July 2, 1862, for the support of an institution of learning, where shall be taught the principles of agriculture and mechanic arts, form the Agricultural College Fund. The number of acres of unsold land is 1,173.22.

Receipts for two years.....	\$22,534 81	.....
Disbursements for two years.....		\$96,000 00
Balance September 30, 1888.....	74,957 98	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		<u>4,542 79</u>
Totals	<u>\$97,542 79</u>	<u>\$97,542 79</u>

The amounts of productive Agricultural College Fund on the 30th days of September, 1889 and 1890, were as follows:

	1889.	1890.
Total at interest.....	<u>\$229,660 00</u>	<u>\$237,456 00</u>
Premium on U. S. bonds.....	\$1,361 80	\$1,361 80

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND INCOME.

This fund is derived from the interest on the Agricultural College land certificates and loans, and is applied to the support of the State University. It is placed at the disposal of the Board of Regents by transfer to the treasurer of the board in the same manner as the University Fund Income.

The receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years.....	\$28,998 46
Disbursements for two years.....	<u>28,998 46</u>

NORMAL SCHOOL FUND.

This fund consists of one-half of the proceeds of the sales of all swamp and overflowed lands received by the state from the United States under Act of Congress, approved September 28, 1850. The number of acres of unsold lands is 263,382.82. The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years	\$229,214 79	
Disbursements for two years.....		\$188,341 84
Balance September 30, 1888.....	85,218 10	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		<u>\$126,091 05</u>
	<u>\$314,432 89</u>	<u>314,432 89</u>

The amounts of productive Normal School Fund on the 30th days of September, 1889 and 1890, were as follows:

Total at interest	<u>\$1,478,243 55</u>	<u>\$1,505,417 92</u>
Premium on U. S. bonds.....	\$8,495 88	\$8,495 88

NORMAL SCHOOL FUND INCOME.

This fund is derived from the interest on swamp land certificates and loans, and is applied to establishing and maintaining Normal Schools as provided by law. By the provisions of section 304, Revised Statutes, this entire fund is placed at the disposal of the Board of Regents of Normal Schools, by transfer to the treasurer of said board, and the detailed record of its expenditures is kept separate and distinct from the accounts of the state. The receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years.....	\$215,326 41
Disbursements for two years.....	<u>215,326 41</u>

DRAINAGE FUND.

This fund consists of one-half the proceeds of sales of all swamp and overflowed lands received by the state from the United States, and is distributed on the 30th day of September, under the provisions of section 254, Revised Statutes, among the several counties, wherein such lands lie, in proportion to the amount of sales in the respective counties. The moneys so paid are then apportioned by the county clerks to the several towns in their respective counties, and are expended under direction of the town board in draining and reclaiming the swamp lands in such town, and in constructing roads and bridges over such swamp lands. The number of acres of unsold land is 284,921.04. The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

	1889.	1890.
Receipts for two years.....	\$95,280 73	
Disbursements for two years.....		\$121,982 50
Balance September 30, 1888.....	49,035 54	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		22,333 77
	<u>\$144,316 27</u>	<u>\$144,316 27</u>

The amounts of productive Drainage Fund on the 30th days of September, 1889 and 1890 were as follows:

	1889.	1890.
Certificates of sales of land.....	<u>\$3,870 00</u>	<u>\$3,399 00</u>

DELINQUENT TAX FUND.

The fund consists of taxes collected on state lands by the State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of section 1146, Revised Statutes, and is credited quarterly to the different counties in which the lands are situated. The amounts which have been so received and disbursed are as follows:

Receipts for two years.....	\$14,790 10	
Disbursement for two years.....		\$14,486 00
Balance September 30, 1888.....	948 95	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		1,253 05
	<u>\$15,739 05</u>	<u>\$15,739 05</u>

REDEMPTION FUND.

This fund consists of moneys received for the redemption of School, University and Agricultural College lands, sold for the non-payment of interest and taxes, and that have been redeemed as provided by section 228, Revised Statutes.

Receipts for two years.....	\$139 61	
Disbursements for two years.....		\$120 38
Balance September 30, 1888.....	16 75	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		35 98
	<u>\$156 36</u>	<u>\$156 36</u>

DEPOSIT FUND.

On the sale of land forfeited to the state, and the payment of the amount due the State, and all costs and penalties accrued, under the provisions of section 225, of the Revised Statutes, if any balance remain, the amount of such balance is deposited in the State

Treasury to the credit of the person entitled thereto, and is denominated the Deposit Fund. The transactions therein have been as follows:

Receipts for two years.....	\$1,237 62	
Disbursements for two years.....		\$1,081 31
Balance September 30, 1883.....	10,903 63	
Balance September 30, 1893.....		11,059 94
Totals	\$12,141 25	\$12,141 25

ST. CROIX AND LAKE SUPERIOR RAILROAD TRESPASS FUND.

This fund consists of moneys received into the State Treasury in trust, under the provisions of chapter 46, of the General Laws of 1869, and acts amendatory thereof. The disbursements therefrom have been for the purpose of protecting the St. Croix and Lake Superior Railroad lands, in accordance with the terms of said acts.

Balance September 30, 1888.....	\$2,067 46	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		\$2,067 46

ST. CROIX AND LAKE SUPERIOR RAILROAD DEPOSIT FUND.

This fund consists of moneys received by the State Treasurer, in trust, under the provisions of section 14, chapter 136, laws 1874, as amended by chapter 392, laws 1876. The time for proving settlement upon and thereby acquiring title to the railroad lands in said acts described, having expired in April, 1877, no payments have been made into this fund during the year.

Balance September 30, 1888.....	\$408 02	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		408 02

WISCONSIN RAILROAD FARM MORTGAGE LAND COMPANY.

Chapter 235, laws of 1882, authorizes the commissioners of the Wisconsin Railroad Farm Mortgage Land Company to close up the business of said corporation, and to turn over and pay to the State Treasurer all its money and bank accounts, and take his receipt therefor, and at the same time to make its report in writing to the Secretary of State, of its proceedings under this act. Accordingly the said commissioners paid the sum of \$8,935.09 into the treasury, and deposited with the Secretary of State, the books together with a list of claimants to whom dividends are yet due with the amount set opposite their respective names:

Disbursements for two years.....		\$28 14
Balance September 30, 1888.....	4,577 95	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		4,549 81
Total	\$4,577 95	\$4,577 95

MANITOWOC AND CALUMET SWAMP LAND FUND.

Chapter 51, laws of 1869, conferred upon certain commissioners named therein, lands in Manitowoc and Calumet counties, to be sold for "drainage and other purposes," of those counties. The legislature of 1883, by chapter 352, revoked the trust thus created, and directed the state commissioners of public lands to investigate and sell the residue, and after defraying the expenses thereof, to deposit the balance in the state treasury. From said sale arises the fund.

In conformity to directions in the law the Commissioners of Public Lands fully investigated the matter. The official investigation of said commissioners may be found in the report of the Commissioners of Public Lands.

From counties.....	\$1,960 47	
Balance September 30, 1888.....	559 05	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		\$1,919 52
Total	\$1,919 52	\$1,919 52

COLUMBIA AND SAUK CO.'S INDEMNITY FUND.

(Chapter 90, Laws 1885).

RECEIPTS.

	1890.	
From counties.....	\$2,230 74	
Balance September 30, 1890.....		\$2,230 74

STATE FINANCES.

321

ALLOTMENT FUND.

Section 3, of chapter 190, General Laws 1862, directed the State Treasurer to receive such sums of money as might be placed in his hands by any volunteer making an allotment, as provided by the act of Congress approved December 24, 1861, and to dispose of the same according to the order and direction of such volunteer. This fund consists of moneys so received by the State Treasurer, and yet unclaimed by the beneficiaries named by the volunteers. There having been no payments made from the fund during the year, the account stands as follows:

Balance September 30, 1890..... \$916 54

INDEMNITY LAND FUND.

The proceeds of lands sold for indemnifying the state of Wisconsin for swamp lands sold by the United States. The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows. The number of acres of land unsold is 40,662.53.

	1889.	1890.	
Sales of land	\$9,955 53	\$7,835 49	
Total receipts for two years.....			<u>\$17,791 02</u>
DISBURSEMENTS.			
	1889.	1890.	
Transfer to General Fund.....	\$9,955 53	\$7,835 49	
			<u>\$17,791 02</u>

APPROPRIATIONS.

The following table exhibits the balances due on the direct appropriations made to the several Charitable and Penal Institutions of the state for the years 1889 and 1890, the payments therefrom, including the amount set apart for salary and expenses of the State Board of Supervision, and the balances remaining unexpended at the end of the fiscal year:

Name of Institution.	Remaining due on appropriations September 30, 1888.	Appropriations 1889 and 1890 including amounts paid by counties.	Paid to September 30, 1890.	Remaining unexpended September 30, 1890.
State Hospital for the Insane.....	\$42,311 47	\$203,246 02	\$195,032 19	\$50,525 30
Northern Hospital for the Insane.....	41,612 64	240,059 06	247,680 64	33,991 06
Wisconsin School for Blind.....	9,023 24	49,000 00	46,565 26	11,457 98
Wisconsin School for Deaf.....	24,902 01	79,000 00	78,426 22	25,475 79
Industrial School for Boys.....	4,337 60	115,386 83	90,762 42	28,962 01
State Prison.....	.....	40,000 00	26,529 62	13,470 38
	\$122,186 96	\$726,691 91	\$684,996 35	\$163,882 52

THE NON-PRODUCTIVE TRUST FUNDS.

Funds.	Estimated value of lands Sept. 30, 1888.	Estimated value of lands Sept. 30, 1890.
School.....	\$87,416 90	\$76,726 25
Normal School	442,879 42	368,735 95
Agricultural College.....	1,560 52	1,466 52
University.....	3,192 27	3,081 77
Drainage.....	457,110 97	370,307 25
Indemnity.....	166,323 12	148,987 65
Totals	\$1,159,489 20	\$969,395 49

VALUATION OF THE TAXABLE PROPERTY OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

As determined by the State Board of Assessment for 1890, and the apportionment of the tax and special charges for said year.

COUNTIES.	Valuation by State Board, 1890.	Tax 1.50392035 mills per cent. on valuation.	SPECIAL CHARGES.					Total tax.
			State Hospital for Insane.	Northern Hospital for Insane.	Industrial School for Boys.	Care of chronic insane, chap. 233, laws 1881.	Due on loans to school districts.	
Adams	\$1,853,110	\$2,786 04	\$673 11	.....	.....	\$94 61	\$285 64	\$3,840 20
Ashland	8,436,103	12,687 19	.....	\$673 44	.....	.....	483 00	15,743 61
Barron	2,806,126	4,220 21	900 00	.....	\$104 23	192 13	1,997 04	11,131 67
Bayfield	4,445,008	6,684 04	.....	614 97	52 14	.....	1,915 00	10,123 05
Brown	7,701,552	11,582 52	.....	1,957 11	367 58	.....	1,300 00	16,607 21
Buffalo	3,566,550	5,363 82	1,114 68	.....	.....	1,002 94	123 21	7,604 65
Burnett	844,797	1,270 51	474 09	.....	.....	659 71	347 50	3,531 90
Calumet	6,576,741	9,890 89	.....	1,273 16	53 43	1,194 62	100 00	12,512 10
Chippewa	8,276,195	12,446 74	.....	1,748 85	485 00	2,371 82	1,247 00	19,255 41
Clark	5,975,461	8,986 63	.....	501 54	128 00	681 31	1,533 74	12,835 52
Columbia	12,006,723	18,057 15	1,363 26	8 36	52 14	.....	329 20	19,810 11
Crawford	3,370,484	5,068 94	.....	1,072 18	462 43	1,943 97	874 62	9,422 14
Dane	20,399,276	45,718 09	2,820 98	97 09	319 15	.....	970 22	56,425 53
Dodge	19,664,023	29,573 12	.....	938 67	52 14	.....	.....	30,563 93
Door	2,228,536	3,351 45	.....	2,045 13	.....	98 71	929 35	6,424 64
Douglas	8,635,973	12,987 80	.....	258 24	.....	.....	572 00	13,818 04
Dunn	4,966,870	7,400 79	1,820 11	.....	179 43	2,269 31	1,236 73	15,375 37
Eau Claire	10,426,981	15,681 35	275 76	2,984 80	179 72	1,416 32	971 89	21,701 46
Florence	940,969	1,415 15	.....	363 48	20 57	.....	.....	5,558 20
Fond du Lac	18,346,923	27,592 31	.....	2,117 10	280 86	.....	.....	29,990 27
Forest	2,326,238	3,498 50	.....	135 42	.....	.....	681 00	4,605 52
Grant	12,666,994	19,050 15	2,091 62	.....	442 43	.....	124 75	22,308 85
Green	11,423,402	17,179 88	1,454 34	.....	229 86	.....	111 78	18,985 86
Green Lake	5,749,658	8,647 03	.....	2,196 35	12 43	175 64	.....	13,631 45
Iowa	8,128,878	12,225 19	646 80	.....	149 29	.....	48 00	17,302 70
Jackson	2,980,238	4,495 66	1,551 65	.....	146 29	485 39	899 59	10,558 58
Jefferson	13,602,877	20,457 66	61 29	1,366 20	112 43	.....	.....	21,997 58
Juneau	3,194,261	4,803 92	1,667 81	78 21	.....	1,769 25	475 70	9,597 39
Kenosha	7,638,516	11,487 73	.....	986 58	52 14	1,747 36	.....	14,273 81
Kewaunee	4,234,383	6,368 16	.....	845 26	36 00	643 94	284 40	9,840 76
La Crosse	14,464,303	21,753 15	2,600 12	.....	112 43	.....	335 03	24,800 73
La Fayette	8,387,476	12,614 10	1,535 28	.....	191 57	1,688 96	1,124 70	16,154 58
Langlade	1,902,229	2,860 80	.....	429 06	25 57	3 57	971 46	4,424 46

Lincoln	4,365,065	6,564 72	464 36	1,780 63	4,177 41	12,987 11			
Manitowoc	12,341,754	18,561 01	1,501 05	207 29	4,280 00	24,549 85			
Marathon	6,691,818	10,063 97	1,949 49	150 85	998 88	18,422 14			
Marinette	5,085,434	7,648 08	1,230 46	156 49	602 07	10,563 50			
Marquette	2,061,900	3,100 94	693 46	792 74	120 00	4,707 14			
Milwaukee	95,000,000	142,872 42	78 76	2,120 57		145,080 75			
Monroe	4,800,000	7,218 96	1,638 99	128 43	937 24	11,115 93			
Oconto	2,850,342	4,286 69	1,614 62	50 72	1,387 79	8,045 55			
Oneida	2,368,682	3,562 31	146 13		2,562 00	4,393 99			
Outagamie	11,659,205	17,534 52	1,607 79	724 00	705 88	20,851 79			
Ozaukee	5,579,786	8,391 57	1,257 50	35 00	1,643 91	11,327 98			
Pepin	1,446,322	2,175 15	329 05	52 14	300 89	3,861 78			
Pierce	5,424,812	8,158 49	1,979 96	26 43	610 50	11,711 71			
Polk	2,576,446	3,874 77	1,201 75	52 14	1,252 52	8,675 85			
Portage	3,821,711	5,747 55	99 41	35 72	341 78	6,712 50			
Price	2,040,333	3,068 49	173 30	10 00	1,180 50	6,915 00			
Racine	17,424,689	26,205 35	1,955 45	204 43	575 63	28,940 86			
Richland	4,592,019	6,906 03	1,048 56		1,468 07	9,958 50			
Rock	22,394,074	33,678 90	2,728 80	231 29		36,638 99			
St. Croix	6,308,903	9,488 09	2,222 99	70 14	745 10	15,185 44			
Sauk	8,913,810	13,413 18	1,918 80	348 00	200 00	15,891 37			
Sawyer	1,927,608	2,898 97	111 01			3,009 98			
Shawano	3,361,773	5,053 84	750 18		187 87	9,432 16			
Sheboygan	16,296,842	24,539 15	1,592 85	78 14	993 27	26,180 14			
Taylor	1,964,882	2,955 02	810 77	92 72	1,138 87	6,918 58			
Trempealeau	4,371,456	6,574 33	1,821 66	52 14	1,530 44	13,776 91			
Vernon	5,146,145	7,739 49	1,346 41	253 14	1,488 68	10,827 63			
Walworth	16,788,845	25,243 33	1,600 39	239 29	173 60	27,321 61			
Washington	1,090,389	1,639 83	348 02	52 14	2,733 31	9,542 08			
Waukesha	10,142,449	15,253 44	1,238 21		1,730 20	18,221 85			
Waupaca	17,875,436	26,883 25	1,772 12	451 14	2,786 34	32,021 95			
Waupesa	5,073,052	7,629 45	2,515 80	104 29	1,211 75	16,325 54			
Waushara	3,015,560	4,535 17	1,143 81		729 70	6,408 68			
Winnebago	17,472,756	26,277 63	2,726 80	104 29		29,108 72			
Wood	2,434,925	3,661 95	1,048 07	43 14	212 11	7,297 43			
Total	\$592,890,719	\$891,660 42	\$40,540 47	\$48,060 80	\$10,400 33	\$38,470 14	\$48,394 65	\$78,852 79	\$1,156,388 60

STATE FINANCES.

AREA OF STATE, ACRES OF LAND, ASSESSED VALUATION OF PROPERTY, TAX AND POPULATION—BY COUNTIES, 1890.

COUNTIES.	Square miles.	Number of acres.	ASSESSED VALUE.			Total assessed value of all property.	Tax 1.50392035 mills per cent. on valuation.	Population census, 1890.
			Land.	Personal property.	City and village lots.			
Total.....	54,450	31,372,116	\$303,609,375	\$128,108,482	\$161,172,862	\$592,890,719	\$891,600 42	1,686,880
Adams.....	690	353,104	\$1,475,494	\$351,116	\$26,500	\$1,853,110	2,786 94	6,889
Ashland.....	1,648	878,928	4,706,504	1,094,599	2,635,000	8,436,103	12,687 19	20,063
Barron.....	900	543,103	1,967,970	643,939	194,217	2,806,126	4,220 21	15,416
Bayfield.....	1,406	619,760	3,440,875	704,133	300,000	4,445,008	6,684 94	7,390
Brown.....	520	301,744	3,518,542	1,733,010	2,450,000	7,701,552	11,582 52	39,164
Buffalo.....	657	416,170	2,277,807	1,038,743	250,000	3,566,550	5,363 82	15,997
Burnett.....	891	274,317	646,416	168,381	30,000	844,797	1,270 51	4,393
Calumet.....	340	201,765	5,103,491	1,131,250	340,000	6,576,741	9,890 89	16,639
Chippewa.....	1,930	1,178,880	5,683,315	1,292,880	1,300,000	8,276,195	12,446 74	25,143
Clark.....	1,224	753,423	4,731,068	844,393	400,000	5,975,461	8,988 63	17,708
Columbia.....	780	493,358	7,329,951	2,876,772	1,800,000	12,006,723	18,057 15	28,350
Crawford.....	535	351,405	2,124,104	336,039	410,291	3,370,484	5,068 94	15,987
Dane.....	1,240	757,301	18,303,023	6,821,254	5,475,000	30,399,276	45,718 09	59,578
Dodge.....	900	549,782	14,684,787	3,003,368	1,975,868	19,664,023	29,573 12	44,984
Door.....	459	294,599	1,383,520	645,016	300,000	2,328,536	3,351 45	15,682
Douglas.....	1,336	607,921	3,023,766	612,207	5,000,000	8,635,973	12,987 80	13,468
Dunn.....	860	522,965	2,517,539	1,676,481	772,850	4,966,870	7,469 79	22,664
Eau Claire.....	648	378,106	2,697,675	2,474,306	5,255,000	10,426,981	15,681 35	30,673
Florence.....	498	298,290	683,191	157,778	100,000	940,969	1,415 15	2,604
Fond du Lac.....	720	449,998	11,612,924	3,508,999	3,225,000	18,346,923	27,592 31	44,088
Forest.....	1,276	739,327	2,270,432	35,806	20,000	2,326,238	3,498 50	1,012
Grant.....	1,139	730,972	8,087,906	3,300,774	1,328,314	12,666,994	19,050 15	36,651
Green.....	576	364,402	6,278,017	3,705,386	1,440,000	11,423,403	17,179 88	22,732
Green Lake.....	360	231,974	3,638,707	1,250,951	860,000	5,749,658	8,647 03	15,163
Iowa.....	740	486,977	5,018,315	2,060,563	1,050,000	8,128,878	12,225 19	22,117
Jackson.....	992	536,465	1,831,411	797,677	360,200	2,989,288	4,495 66	15,797
Jefferson.....	570	348,077	8,650,025	2,632,195	2,320,657	13,602,877	20,457 66	53,530
Juneau.....	800	432,536	1,912,582	855,162	426,517	3,194,261	4,803 92	17,121
Kenosha.....	280	171,817	4,610,466	1,712,120	1,315,930	7,638,516	11,487 73	15,551
Kewaunee.....	336	216,491	2,819,622	984,061	430,700	4,234,383	6,368 46	16,153
La Crosse.....	450	289,454	3,360,896	2,935,739	8,167,668	14,464,303	21,753 15	38,801
LaFayette.....	630	396,566	5,869,420	1,960,033	558,033	8,387,476	12,614 10	20,265
Langlade.....	876	479,946	1,302,005	360,224	240,000	1,902,229	2,860 80	9,465
Lincoln.....	700	470,257	1,762,908	1,351,405	1,250,752	4,365,065	6,564 72	12,008
Manitowoc.....	587	371,102	8,522,562	2,319,192	1,500,000	12,341,754	18,561 01	37,831

Marathon	1,584	960,584	3,583,111	1,441,190	1,667,517	6,691,818	10,063 97	80,369
Marinette	1,118	823,288	2,009,582	1,599,877	1,475,975	5,085,434	7,648 08	20,304
Marquette	481	283,062	1,498,042	473,100	150,752	2,061,900	3,100 94	9,676
Milwaukee	292	138,185	12,518,790	18,374,432	64,106,775	95,000,000	142,872 42	236,101
Monroe	900	516,599	3,018,669	1,171,231	610,200	4,800,100	7,218 96	23,211
Oconto	1,127	595,235	1,501,079	851,143	498,120	2,850,342	4,286 69	15,009
Oneida	2,036	698,945	1,821,867	246,815	300,000	2,398,682	3,562 31	5,010
Outagamie	640	347,724	5,532,901	2,126,304	4,000,000	11,659,205	17,534 52	38,600
Ozaukee	222	146,844	3,957,984	1,178,564	443,238	5,579,786	8,391 57	14,943
Pepin	244	145,127	921,557	361,165	169,600	1,446,322	2,175 15	6,932
Pierce	570	364,829	3,687,320	1,181,739	555,753	5,424,812	8,158 49	20,385
Polk	955	551,712	1,812,058	637,332	127,056	2,576,446	3,874 77	12,968
Portage	792	482,612	2,109,245	912,466	800,000	3,821,711	5,747 55	24,798
Price	1,169	696,104	1,681,818	245,715	112,800	2,040,333	3,068 49	5,258
Racine	340	207,436	6,468,892	3,755,797	7,200,000	17,424,689	26,205 35	36,268
Richland	579	371,427	2,785,455	1,306,564	500,000	4,592,019	6,906 03	19,121
Rock	720	449,980	12,314,657	5,629,417	4,450,000	22,394,074	33,678 90	43,220
St. Croix	730	461,625	3,866,417	1,462,486	980,000	6,308,903	9,488 09	23,139
Sauk	837	529,007	5,145,223	2,333,587	1,440,000	8,918,810	13,413 18	30,575
Sawyer	1,368	720,920	1,723,822	158,786	45,000	1,927,608	2,898 97	1,977
Shawano	1,152	539,990	2,423,419	638,354	300,009	3,361,773	5,055 84	19,236
Sheboygan	515	321,616	9,351,888	3,555,954	3,389,000	16,296,842	24,509 15	42,489
Taylor	990	585,812	1,716,666	198,216	50,000	1,964,882	2,955 02	6,731
Trempealeau	732	467,718	3,046,579	1,024,877	300,000	4,371,456	6,574 33	18,920
Vernon	800	505,285	3,399,065	1,506,090	240,990	5,146,145	7,739 40	25,111
Walworth	570	349,515	9,751,527	4,685,818	2,351,000	16,788,345	25,248 33	27,860
Washburn	864	404,624	921,788	147,992	20,600	1,090,380	1,639 83	2,926
Washington	430	270,518	7,367,861	2,039,188	735,400	10,142,449	15,253 44	22,751
Waukesha	576	348,297	10,738,036	4,137,400	3,000,000	17,875,436	26,883 25	33,270
Waupaca	756	464,735	2,913,591	1,218,905	940,556	5,073,052	7,639 45	26,794
Waushara	645	392,563	2,195,841	718,919	100,800	3,015,560	4,535 17	13,507
Winnebago	460	262,570	6,577,950	4,494,806	6,400,000	17,472,756	26,277 63	50,997
Wood	828	486,432	1,507,500	618,195	309,230	2,434,935	3,661 95	18,127

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE STATE BANKS OF WISCONSIN ON THE MORNING OF MONDAY JANUARY 5, 1891.

LOCATION.	NAMES OF BANKS.	RESOURCES.								
		Loans and Discounts.	Due from Directors or Stockholders.	Due from Brokers or Call Loans.	Overdrafts.	U. S. or other bonds on hand.	Specie.	Cash Items.	Real Estate and Bank Fixtures.	Loss and Expense Account.
Antigo	Bank of Antigo	\$51,460 58		\$266 83	\$501 15		\$2,843 99	\$352 86	\$1,092 82	
Antigo	Langlade County Bank	53,205 36	\$15,000 00	2,145 33	362 52		6,337 49		2,015 61	
Baldwin	Bank of Baldwin	72,946 76	18,750 00		240 02		2,402 74	645 70	12,261 52	
Baraboo	Bank of Baraboo	219,383 73			42 31	\$38,800 00	25,023 36	56 47	8,300 00	\$1,202 83
Baraboo	Baraboo Savings Bank	55,870 44		235 75		12,500 00	6,037 55		8,997 36	
Barron	Bank of Barron	62,775 75	30,000 00		407 60		1,101 00	2,080 45	4,025 62	1,553 24
Black River Falls	Jackson County Bank	66,967 58	8,000 00		233 41		3,405 35	100 25	7,212 56	
Brodhead	Bank of Brodhead	105,169 95			202 15		4,703 20	448 55	6,487 08	15
Clinton	Citizen's Bank	95,984 75	10,000 00		5,727 37		1,236 27	10 00	6,700 00	2,438 62
Delavan	Citizens' Bank	73,416 80	10,000 00		443 86			867 41	5,000 00	1,034 87
DePere	Kellogg Banking Company	66,623 51			11 74		2,794 24	528 44	4,500 00	15 00
Durand	Bank of Durand	25,043 11	5,570 00			5,100 00	4,236 95		4,366 81	722 00
Eau Claire	Bank of Eau Claire	308,388 52	6,100 00		1,535 06		33,337 85	2,558 35		
Eau Claire	Chippewa Valley Bank	225,641 04			4,841 28		7,116 00	4,373 69	6,424 07	
Eau Claire	Commercial Bank	71,867 68	14,800 00		103 85	5,500 00	2,904 17	542 07	5,000 00	
Edgerton	Bank of Edgerton	149,395 82			1,287 28		5,833 00	561 27	8,520 00	
Ellsworth	Bank of Ellsworth	56,421 88	15,000 00		203 14		1,443 50	11 94	4,082 59	863 66
Evansville	Bank of Evansville	88,817 78	20,000 00		80 44	19,483 55	9,845 00	4,933 55	12,025 40	
Fidelity	Price County Bank	51,740 09			145 23		103 32	280 32	990 00	310 04
Florence	State Bank	250 00	19,350 00				170 65	550 00		
Fort Atkinson	Citizens' State Bank	71,387 57			700 59	5,000 00	2,012 35	1,375 09	3,500 00	
Galesville	Bank of Galesville	79,388 08		1,000 00	1,774 78		5,863 86	188 15	988 56	1,205 48
Hudson	Hudson Savings Bank	523,479 49	9,500 00	67,000 00	12,422 65	10,000 00	1,364 00	4,090 52	10,000 00	
Hurley	Iron Exchange Bank	31,697 46	8,700 00		531 51		2,059 92	110 07	8,563 98	5,413 00
Janesville	Mers' & Mecs' Savings Bank	301,879 68		4,200 00	96 53		18,902 92	5,387 76	5,000 00	3,069 72
Jefferson	Farmers' & Merchants' Bank	73,593 68		35,482 57	2,365 51	1,700 00	7,106 95	783 05	6,000 00	2,241 79
Jefferson	Jefferson County Bank	84,413 45			3,690 45	2,376 42	6,894 68	1,182 31	21,330 25	1,074 15
Kaukauna	Bank of Kaukauna	119,380 16					1,665 72	190 38	3,737 54	837 02
Kewaunee	Bank of Kewaunee	108,604 28	15,000 00		433 43		5,765 21	1,168 25	5,067 41	
La Crosse	Batavian Bank	766,249 88	36,000 00	223 00	571 48		47,432 50	12,886 52	64,504 54	
La Crosse	Exchange State Bank	65,937 12			375 28		3,743 25	3,549 57	1,000 00	
La Crosse	State Bank	236,163 61			162 23	2,838 62	17,275 25	5,439 10	16,000 00	
Lancaster	State Bank of Grant County	109,317 17	20,000 00				12,398 33	74 75	4,418 66	105 40
Madison	Capital City Bank	304,101 06	50,000 00		192 71		12,190 99	147 05	1,866 81	
Madison	German American Bank	125,317 73	9,900 00		188 67		6,148 47		1,000 00	
Madison	State Bank	577,309 01			283 86	23,125 00	16,349 08		10,000 00	
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Savings Bank	234,126 45		93,985 67	5,210 46	99,952 48	11,616 17		1,882 30	
Manitowoc	T. C. Shove Banking Co.	295,445 50	1,583 44		7,720 23	63,095 95	5,302 69	124 15	1,300 00	216 50
Mauston	Juneau County Bank	25,884 33	17,000 00				2,267 67	154 13	700 00	
Medford	State Bank	26,193 99			71 97		859 19	58 40	4,755 16	

Milbon	Bank of Milbon	19,952 84	22,000 00				1,600 04		4,000 00	\$78 08
Milwaukee	Commercial Bank	423,917 23		68,650 00	4,542 82		5,028 25	18,161 44	2,200 00	
Milwaukee	Marshall & Isley Bank	1,718,420 07			2,908 63	294,617 69	293,402 40	50,114 76	4,500 00	
Milwaukee	Merchants' Exchange Bank	2,379,960 69			10,419 95	42,991 76	586,628 00	125,087 60		
Milwaukee	Plankinton Bank	1,442,760 08			7,583 29		81,663 00	46,841 53	3,620 00	97 03
Milwaukee	Second Ward Savings Bank	2,342,433 36		398,351 11	12,630 32	718,300 00	77,618 20	70,038 40	182,111 54	
Milwaukee	South Side Savings Bank	619,348 03		75,850 00	15,620 40	25,000 00	16,037 23	17,588 57	5,976 64	
Milwaukee	Wis. M. & F. Ins Co. Bank	3,399,014 36			13,603 42	775,527 00	53,608 71	252,477 90		
Monroe	Citizen's Bank	142,697 94	11,555 00				10,221 55	848 83	1,577 50	2,203 92
Neillsville	Clark County Bank	91,825 93			3,019 95		6,730 42	3,101 53	9,941 70	
Neillsville	Neillsville Bank	107,975 59			75 03	8,550 00	12,847 63	253 45	6,610 16	
New Richmond	Bank of New Richmond	137,415 81			4 23		2,635 25	1,994 16	12,711 29	
New Richmond	Manufacturers Bank	88,986 65			1,784 30		2,408 65	850 51	12,686 15	1,405 05
Oconomowoc	Bank of Oconomowoc	90,636 60	22,200 00	13,000 00	116 82	30,730 00		25,732 02	1,700 00	
Oshkosh	Commercial Bank	499,378 44			2,622 18		22,670 00	32,365 87		
Oshkosh	German American Bank	205,965 33			110 69		12,090 23	6,176 83	2,000 00	
Phillips	State Bank of Phillips	60,181 30			410 91		1,305 53		3,089 01	
Plymouth	State Bank	147,316 23	5,900 00		229 95	11,673 11	5,937 94	905 01	13,432 60	1,089 82
Portage	City Bank	162,567 83					5,200 00	9,410 23	6,200 00	18 48
Port Washington	German American Bank	25,009 14			1,981 57		387 28	578 87	2,848 13	394 91
Prairie du Chien	Bank of Prairie du Chien	34,032 61	15,000 00		575 57		2,105 67	433 87	800 50	450 49
Rhineland	Merchants' State Bank	96,157 53					3,158 17	681 68	1,114 95	1,812 76
Rice Lake	Bank of Rice Lake	41,464 69	10,000 00				359 92	337 37	1,110 32	1,455 75
River Falls	Bank of River Falls	201,038 84				5,800 00	3,500 00	7,104 59	12,007 21	1,882 67
Shawano	Shawano County Bank	62,086 59	15,000 00					8,401 88	9,426 22	
Sheboygan	Bank of Sheboygan	402,153 88			2,016 94		20,774 05	696 02	16,449 50	
Sheboygan	German Bank	862,835 85		233,827 86	4,277 07		51,021 85	2,975 57	15,000 00	
Shell Lake	Shell Lake Savings Bank	37,693 39	15,000 00		208 81		890 65	3,410 24		1,031 75
Shullsburg	Shullsburg Bank	150,266 98	10,000 00		562 26		2,559 72	1,581 91	10,000 00	2,507 45
Sparta	Bank of Sparta	168,200 29			137 17	1,120 00	2,641 31		21,359 60	
St. Croix Falls	Bank of St. Croix Falls	61,992 55	12,000 00				1,063 49		575 00	160 00
Stevens Point	Commercial Bank	237,222 42			8,890 04	10,360 00	3,458 95	15,194 88	2,621 34	27 53
Stoughton	Dane County Bank	114,749 75	30,000 00		351 39		6,578 85	3,034 70	2,000 76	
Stoughton	Stoughton State Bank	170,688 23			2,253 22		6,952 65	1,070 00	6,000 00	
Superior	Bank of Superior	162,392 77			681 61		10,286 17	3,372 17	8,300 00	1,949 44
Tomahawk	W. H. & J. W. Bradley Bank	65,605 68				3,077 76	1,714 15		3,722 00	
Washburn	Bayfield County Bank	14,859 75	15,000 00					3,772 82	6,854 96	
Watertown	Bank of Watertown	205,018 37	2,378 94	29,702 08	976 92		5,911 99	444 97	19,604 84	874 92
Wausau	German Amer. Savings Bank	85,937 74	18,750 00		2 10		11,025 40	4,961 40	1,739 95	
Wausau	Marathon County Bank	217,331 34			505 02		15,103 12	2,705 66	7,289 00	
West Superior	American Exchange Bank	47,260 40	16,348 21		40 17		4,894 14	617 10	2,042 24	1,883 32
West Superior	Bank of West Superior	116,916 31	1,600 00		514 14		22,614 31	19,832 64	51,746 00	
West Superior	Douglas County Bank	77,445 73	8,231 46	29,575 43	1,528 38		8,022 73	2,232 26	1,750 00	
West Superior	International Bank	23,532 95	75,000 00				962 81	4,750 00	1,367 01	75 00
West Superior	State Bank of Wisconsin	68,147 72		73,448 58			28,721 62	1,833 32	2,640 41	3,554 95
Total		\$23,942,935 89	\$646,217 05	1,066,644 21	\$154,980 01	\$2,217,219 34	1,729,708 55	\$808,036 41	\$755,592 26	\$45,114 77

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE STATE BANKS OF WISCONSIN ON THE MORNING OF MONDAY, JANUARY 5, 1891—Continued.

LOCATION.	NAMES OF BANKS.	RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.					
		U. S. currency.	Due from banks.	Total resources.	Capital.	Surplus, profit and loss.	Due depositors.	Due others.	Re-dis- counts.	Total liabilities.
Antigo	Bank of Antigo	\$1,318 00	\$2,221 09	\$60,057 32	\$25,000 00	\$2,258 28	\$23,554 99	\$844 08	\$8,400 00	\$60,057 32
Antigo	Langlade County Bank.	5,400 00	5,488 79	89,955 10	30,000 00	2,807 35	50,147 75		7,000 00	89,955 10
Baldwin	Bank of Baldwin	6,308 00	16,254 25	130,011 82	25,000 00	23,009 65	83,002 07			130,011 82
Baraboo	Bank of Baraboo	16,406 00	52,802 75	361,464 62	50,000 00	6,022 48	305,442 14			361,464 62
Baraboo	Baraboo Savings Bank..	4,747 00	6,954 41	95,461 25	25,000 00	38 48	70,422 77			95,461 25
Barton	Bank of Barton	4,495 00	6,545 39	112,984 05	50,000 00	18,716 99	44,267 06			112,984 05
Black Riv. F'lls	Jackson County Bank...	5,640 00	25,231 99	116,797 14	26,200 00	5,000 00	83,403 65	2,193 49		116,797 14
Brodhead	Bank of Brodhead	4,350 00	9,574 31	130,937 39	45,000 00	16,975 51	71,028 34	952 54		130,937 39
Clinton	Citizens' Bank	8,884 00	8,935 07	139,916 08	25,000 00	8,795 73	106,120 35			139,916 08
Delavan	Citizens' Bank	16,120 35	10,070 27	115,953 56	25,000 00	11,635 83	80,317 73			116,953 56
De Pere	Kellogg Banking Co.	11,012 00	23,549 57	112,034 80	25,000 00	292 85	85,509 63	1,232 32		112,034 80
Durand	Bank of Durand	9,914 69	16,476 71	65,430 27	25,000 00	2,186 98	38,243 29			65,430 27
Eau Claire	Bank of Eau Claire	12,819 00	39,571 64	454,340 42	30,000 00	54,575 78	369,764 64			454,340 42
Eau Claire	Chippewa Valley Bank..	15,652 00	33,609 14	297,737 22	30,000 00	18,000 00	243,801 03	5,936 19		297,737 22
Eau Claire	Commercial Bank	5,770 00	8,236 91	114,714 68	30,000 00	1,782 14	82,932 54			114,714 68
Edgerton	Bank of Edgerton	8,550 00	23,895 85	198,043 22	50,000 00	210 75	140,232 47	7,600 00		198,043 22
Ellsworth	Bank of Ellsworth	2,725 00	13,155 75	93,907 46	25,000 00	5,759 30	63,108 89		39 27	93,907 46
Evansville	Bank of Evansville	15,663 00	26,465 12	197,319 84	50,000 00	4,181 21	123,601 51	19,587 12		197,319 84
Fidelity	Price County Bank	3,047 44	8,252 86	64,869 36	25,000 00	5,302 09	27,763 14	6,804 07		64,869 36
Florence	State Bank	819 00	10,146 41	31,286 06	30,000 00	1,066 06	220 00			31,286 06
Fort Atkinson.	Citizens' State Bank	3,164 00	13,969 87	101,109 47	25,000 00	3,500 00	72,609 47			101,109 47
Galesville	Bank of Galesville	3,413 00	18,131 74	111,453 59	25,000 00	3,000 00	77,743 30			111,453 59
Hudson	Hudson Savings Bank	21,563 00	58,685 56	657,805 22	25,000 00	65,796 88	597,005 34	5,609 69		657,805 22
Hurley	Iron Exchange Bank	14,457 00	30,033 43	101,566 97	35,000 00	12,113 36	64,453 61			101,566 97
Janesville	M. & M. Savings Bank..	21,170 00	63,015 06	418,321 07	50,000 00	30,068 27	334,252 69	1,278 11		418,321 07
Jefferson	Farmers & Mer. Bank	5,336 00	31,089 87	165,639 42	60,000 00	6,873 14	98,766 28			165,639 42
Jefferson	Jefferson County Bank	9,638 00	23,040 12	153,700 12	50,000 00	5,337 23	89,787 42	8,575 47		153,700 12
Kaukauna	Bank of Kaukauna	14,152 00	10,047 68	150,010 50	30,000 00	15,094 69	28,336 25	76,579 56		150,010 50
Kewaunee	Bank of Kewaunee	5,460 00	4,689 89	146,188 47	25,000 00	19,280 01	101,093 58	806 07		146,188 47
La Crosse	Batavian Bank	73,399 00	230,421 16	1,231,688 08	200,000 00	1,424 50	1,030,040 58	223 00		1,231,688 08
La Crosse	Exchange State Bank	5,010 00	4,140 92	84,356 14	25,000 00	392 93	58,888 21	75 00		84,356 14
La Crosse	State Bank	86,137 50	91,779 83	485,796 14	50,000 00	23,360 00	412,435 54			485,796 14
Lancaster	State Bank of Grant Co.	18,005 00	37,823 77	202,143 08	60,000 00	6,400 00	135,743 08			202,143 08
Madison	Capital City Bank	34,753 03	111,813 28	515,065 00	100,000 00	16,000 00	399,065 00			515,065 00
Madison	German-American Bank	28,303 00	31,607 21	202,465 08	25,000 00	16,500 00	160,884 80	80 28		202,465 08
Madison	State Bank	131,409 00	154,165 02	917,640 97	100,000 00		801,140 88	16,500 09		917,640 97
Manitowoc	Manitowoc Savings Bank	21,948 00	19,768 07	488,519 60	50,000 00	17,516 53	141,349 73	279,653 34		488,519 60
Manitowoc	T. C. Shove Banking Co.	29,955 00	60,212 30	464,955 76	50,000 00	10,243 96	395,711 80			464,955 76
Maunton	Juneau County Bank	1,910 00	6,321 85	54,309 95	25,000 00	1,851 78	27,458 17			54,309 95
Medford	State Bank	4,330 00	5,197 57	41,394 31	25,000 00	513 54	15,880 77			41,394 31

Milton	Bank of Milton	3,110 00	14,595 17	66,134 71	30,000 00	876 02	32,258 09	3,900 00	66,134 11
Milwaukee	Commercial Bank	47,866 00	57,956 97	627,322 71	100,000 00	25,246 39	450,576 32	51,500 00	627,322 71
Milwaukee	Marshall & Isley Bank	254,812 00	366,132 41	2,984,907 95	200,000 00	142,635 23	2,872,701 06	69,570 76	2,984,907 95
Milwaukee	Merchants' Ex. Bank		1,047,808 01	4,192,896 01	100,000 00	307,103 10	3,895,792 91		4,192,896 01
Milwaukee	Plankinton Bank	247,788 00	218,603 34	2,048,956 32	200,000 00	115,086 73	1,550,869 59	182,000 00	2,048,956 32
Milwaukee	Second Ward Sav. Bank	306,492 00	626,024 98	4,733,899 91	200,000 00	241,934 51	4,291,965 40		4,733,899 91
Milwaukee	South Side Savings Bank	68,075 00	65,231 61	908,736 50	50,000 00	15,000 00	843,736 50		908,736 50
Milwaukee	Wis. M. & F. Ins. Co. B'k	330,389 00	1,346,267 92	6,160,893 31	500,000 00		5,886,069 43	273,923 88	6,160,893 31
Monroe	Citizens' Bank	12,846 00	53,114 65	235,135 42	75,000 00	20,941 34	119,409 07	10,785 00	235,135 41
Neillsville	Clark County Bank	9,200 00	19,853 36	143,676 89	25,000 00	23,350 70	95,326 19		143,676 89
Neillsville	Neillsville Bank	14,469 00	73,365 13	224,146 03	25,000 00	27,724 28	171,421 75		224,146 03
New Richmond	Bank of New Richmond	5,377 00	36,979 35	196,817 00	35,000 00	11,116 03	185,612 39	15,088 67	196,817 00
New Richmond	Manufacturers' Bank	2,870 00	13,703 08	125,769 40	50,000 00	9,680 82	60,081 58	6,000 00	125,769 40
Oconomowoc	Bank of Oconomowoc		19,039 14	203,174 58	50,000 00	1,187 17	151,987 41		203,174 58
Oshkosh	Commercial Bank	30,137 00	53,964 24	641,138 43	100,000 00	100,000 00	441,138 33		641,138 33
Oshkosh	German-American Bank	15,459 00	22,992 36	264,794 49	100,000 00	7,945 24	156,849 25		264,794 49
Phillips	State Bank of Phillips	4,775 90	7,625 82	77,117 57	30,000 00	1,748 16	41,869 41	8,500 00	77,117 57
Plymouth	State Bank	5,494 00	30,984 83	222,953 49	25,000 00	2,430 68	195,522 81		222,953 49
Portage	City Bank	34,386 00	51,952 95	269,735 49	25,000 00	37,352 03	207,383 46		269,735 49
Pt. Washington	German-American Bank	6,140 00	16,295 18	51,653 61	25,000 00	496 31	26,157 30		51,653 61
Pra. du Chien	Bank of Prairie du Chien	9,025 00	2,485 20	66,314 81	30,000 00	3,112 78	32,457 95	744 08	66,314 81
Rhineland	Merchants' State Bank	6,910 00	7,545 97	117,956 63	50,000 00	4,080 99	46,347 31	17,403 33	117,956 63
Rice Lake	Bank of Rice Lake	4,468 00	1,635 15	59,831 11	25,000 00	794 59	34,036 52		59,831 11
River Falls	Bank of River Falls		30,192 26	261,545 48	35,000 00	9,663 84	201,881 64	15,000 00	261,545 48
Shawano	Shawano County Bank		10,016 26	104,930 95	30,000 00	17,186 72	57,744 23		104,930 95
Sheboygan	Bank of Sheboygan	32,000 00	121,262 28	604,352 67	50,000 00	23,230 00	195,445 22	335,646 74	604,352 67
Sheboygan	German Bank	76,581 00	309,457 40	1,525,976 60	50,000 00	90,000 00	1,415,976 60		1,525,976 60
Shell Lake	Shell Lake Savings Bank	793 00	4,574 56	63,602 40	30,000 00	756 82	22,148 58	10,700 00	63,602 40
Shullsburg	Shullsburg Bank	9,279 00	15,860 25	202,617 57	50,000 00	10,139 82	142,477 75		202,617 57
Sparta	Bank of Sparta	9,335 00	24,557 70	227,351 07	25,000 00	40,447 08	161,778 99	125 00	227,351 07
St. Croix Falls	Bank of St. Croix Falls	3,082 00	14,062 32	93,535 36	30,000 00	6,981 27	56,554 09		93,535 36
Stevens Point	Commercial Bank		37,736 03	335,511 19	60,000 00	88,964 50	186,546 69		335,511 19
Stoughton	Dane County Bank	3,325 00	16,882 81	177,193 26	60,000 00		98,004 05	19,189 21	177,193 26
Stoughton	Stoughton State Bank	15,872 00	14,023 97	217,179 07	25,000 00	25,000 00	167,179 07		217,179 07
Superior	Bank of Superior	10,383 00	64,943 66	262,155 82	25,000 00	11,101 55	225,165 76	798 51	262,155 82
Tomahawk	W. H. & J. W. Bradley Bk	4,321 00	20,749 91	99,190 50	50,000 00		47,343 31	1,847 19	99,190 50
Washburn	Bayfield County Bank		2,379 84	42,867 37	25,000 00	1,496 06	14,871 31	1,500 00	42,867 37
Watertown	Bank of Watertown	14,089 00	19,951 55	300,013 58	50,000 00	17,571 44	216,448 19	1,003 35	300,013 58
Wausau	German-Amer. Sav. B'k	7,349 00	55,386 24	185,151 83	75,000 00	330 79	109,821 04		185,151 83
Wausau	Marathon County Bank	22,742 00	50,407 76	316,173 90	60,000 00	39,235 05	216,538 85		316,173 90
West Superior	American Exch. Bank	2,906 00	14,969 28	90,894 86	50,000 00	3,991 91	36,902 95		90,894 86
West Superior	Bank of West Superior	9,378 00	49,673 81	272,275 21	50,000 00	62,459 86	154,815 35	5,000 00	272,275 21
West Superior	Douglas County Bank	2,459 00	45,609 54	176,554 53	50,000 00	3,165 38	100,239 15	23,450 00	176,554 53
West Superior	International Bank	2,007 00	8,582 61	116,277 38	100,000 00	866 61	15,910 77		116,277 38
West Superior	State Bank of Wisconsin	1,950 00	86,307 38	266,712 98	60,000 00	5,043 31	197,944 67	3,625 00	266,712 98

Total \$2,330,069 98 \$6,577,850 40 \$40,274,368 87 \$4,761,200 00 \$2,105,920 70 \$31,890,877 15 \$1,467,067 69 \$49,303 33 \$40,274,368 87

SUMMARY

Of the items of capital, deposits, specie, cash items and U. S. currency, on the morning of Monday, January 5, 1891, and comparison with last report, July 7, 1890:

Items.	January 5, 1891.	July 7, 1890.
Capital	\$4,761,200 00	\$4,509,300 00
Deposits	31,890,877 15	30,648,161 78
Specie	1,729,708 55	817,243 79
Cash items	808,036 41	798,515 39
U. S. currency	2,330,069 98	2,090,719 03

OFFICE OF STATE TREASURER,

MADISON, WIS., January 17, 1891.

I hereby certify that the foregoing statement is an abstract of the semi-annual reports made to this office by the state banks (as far as it was practicable to arrange the items under general heads), in pursuance of the provisions of the 41st section of the act entitled "An act to authorize the business of banking," approved April 19, 1852.

JOHN HUNNER,
State Treasurer.

PART V.

NEWSPAPERS.

POST OFFICES.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CENSUS.

THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

The following list has been carefully revised according to the best information obtainable up to December 31, 1890. The language in which the papers are published is English when no other statement is given. The abbreviations used are as follows: Rep., Republican. Dem., Democrat. Pro., Prohibitionist. Gr., Greenback. Lab., Labor. Ind., Independent or Neutral. Rel., Religious. Ed., Educational. T., Temperance. M., Musical. D., Daily. S. W., Semi-Weekly. W., Weekly. S. M., Semi-Monthly. Q., Quarterly. G., German. N., Norwegian. P., Polish.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
✓ ADAMS — Friendship.....	Press	Solon W. Pierce.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
ASHLAND —					
Ashland	Herold.....	Der Herold Co.....	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Ashland	News	Clarence Snyder.....	Dem.	D.	
Ashland	Press	Joe M. Chapple.....	Rep.	D. & W.	Saturday.
Ashland	Times	A. N. Monger.....	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Hurley.....	Iron Tribune.....	F. B. Hand.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Hurley.....	Montreal River Miner.....	Gowdy & Goodell. . .	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
BARRON — ✓					
Barron	Republican.....	Williams & Son.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Barron	Shield	Charles S. Taylor.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
✓ Chetek	Alert	Walter Speed.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Cumberland.....	Advocate.....	F. F. Morgan	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Rice Lake	Chronotype.....	P. H. Swift.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Rice Lake	Times	C. F. Bone	Dem.	W.	Friday.
BAYFIELD —					
Bayfield	Bayfield Co. Press	Currie G. Bell.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Washburn	News	Fred T. Yates.....	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Washburn	Itemizer	Barager Bros.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
BROWN —					
De Pere.....	Brown County Democrat	Democrat Publishing Company.....	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
De Pere.	News	Proctor & Hamlin.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
De Pere.....	Standard (Hol-land)	Vande Castle.....	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Fort Howard..	Review	James Kerr & Son.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Green Bay.....	Advocate.....	Decker, Hoppe & Dockery	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Green Bay.....	Der Landsmann (G.)	Lehman & Robinson.	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
Green Bay.....	Music Journal ..	G. & R. Kustermann.	M.	M.	15th of Mo.
Green Bay.....	State Gazette.....	Mrs. R. Follett	Rep.	D. & W.	Wednesday.
BUFFALO —					
Alma	Journal.....	E. F. Ganz	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
✓ Fountain City.	Republikaner and Alma Blatter (G.)	P. F. Mueller.....	Dem.	S.-W.	Tuesday and Thursday.
Mondovi.....	Herald.....	W. L. Houser.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
BURNETT —					
Grantsburg...	Sentinel.....	G. A. Olson.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
CALUMET —					
Chilton	Demokrat (G.)....	Henry Arnold.....	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Chilton	Times	Hume Bros.....	Dem.	W.	Saturday.

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
CHIPPEWA —					
Bloomer	Advance	Advance Co.	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Chippewa Falls	Catholic Sentinel.	Catholic Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Chippewa Falls	Herald	Herald Ptg. Co.	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Chippewa Falls	Independent	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.	Ind.	D.	
Chippewa Falls	Times and Independent	Chippewa Valley Pub. Co.	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.
Chippewa Falls	News	Conwell & Smith.	Rep.	D.	
CLARK —					
Colby	Phonograph	Shafer Bros.	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Neillsville	Deutsche Am'rik (G.)	Carl Rabenstein.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Neillsville	Republican and Press	Satterlee & Tift.	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Neillsville	Times	Times Printing Co.	Rep.	W.	Tuesday.
Thorp	Courier	William Wagner.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
COLUMBIA —					
Cambria	News	O. C. Williams.	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Columbus	Democrat.	C. C. Eaton & Co.	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Columbus	Republican	J. R. Decker.	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Kilbourn City.	Mirror-Gazette	J. E. Jones.	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Lodi	Valley News.	Peter Richards.	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Portage	Democrat.	J. E. Jones.	Dem.	D. & W.	Friday.
Portage	Wisconsin State Register	Register Printing Co.	Rep.	D. & W.	Saturday.
Portage	Wacker (G.)	Mrs. G. A. Selbach	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Poynette	Press	G. W. Swartz.	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Rio	Columbia County Reporter.	L. H. Doyle.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
CRAWFORD —					
Prairie du Ch'n	Courier	Wm. D. Merrell.	Dem.	W.	Tuesday.
Prairie du Ch'n	Union	Speck & Hurlbut	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Soldiers' Grove	Kickapoo Transcript.	Frank A. Carr.	Rep.	W.	Friday.
DANE —					
Belleville	Recorder	J. M. Williams.	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Blue Mounds	News	G. G. Mandt.	Ind.	W.	Tuesday.
Madison	Ægis.	Students.	Lit.	W.	Friday.
Madison	Botschifter (G.)	R. Porsch.	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Madison	Democrat	Democrat Co.	Dem.	D. & W.	Tuesday.
Madison	Journal of Education	Prof. J. H. Stearns.	Ed.	M.	
Madison	Lucifer	M. Biron.	Rel.	M.	
Madison	Monona Lake Ass.	J. E. Moseley.	Rel.	Q.	
Madison	Our Church Work	H. A. Miner.	Rel.	M.	
Madison	Our State Work	W. C. T. U.	T.	M.	
Madison	Mail and Prohibitionist	Nelson & North.	Pro.	W.	Thursday.
Madison	School Visitor	Deming & Proctor.	Ed.	S. M.	
Madison	Staat-Zeitung (G)	Staat-Zeitung Co.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Madison	Skandinavian				
Madison	Tribune	T. T. Rustone.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Madison	State Journal.	State Journal P'tg Co.	Rep.	D. & W.	Friday.
Madison	Western Farmer.	Western Farmer Co.	Ag.	W.	Thursday.
Mazomanie	Sickle	F. W. Johns.	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Oregon	Observer.	H. T. Hanson.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Stoughton	Courier	Courier Publishing Co.	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Stoughton	Hub.	C. S. Cross.	Ind.	S. W.	Friday.
Stoughton	Normannen.	Allberg, Swan & Co.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Sun Prairie	Countryman	W. S. Hidden.	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
DODGE —					
Beaver Dam	Argus	Sherman & Hutchins.	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Beaver Dam	Citizen.	Thomas Hughes.	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Beaver Dam	The Daily.	Weaver Bros.	Ind.	D.	

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
DODGE — Con.					
Beaver Dam...	The Weekly	Weaver Bros.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Fox Lake...	Representative ..	John Hotchkiss.	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Horicon	Reporter	W. S. Adams.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Juneau	Telephone	John Kelley	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Mayville	Volkfreund (G.) ..	Henry Spiering	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Mayville	Pionier (G.)	Jacob Mueller	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Reeseville	Review	H. L. Snow	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Waupun	Times	C. E. Hooker	Rep.	W.	Tuesday.
DOOR —					
Sturgeon Bay...	Advocate	Frank Long	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Sturgeon Bay...	Republican	Joseph Harris & Son.	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
DOUGLAS —					
Superior	Times	J. Lute Christie.	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Superior	Daily Short Line ..	Phillips & Buell.	Rep.	D.	
Superior	Evening Telegram ..	Telegram Ptg. Co.	Rep.	D.	
Superior	Daily Leader	Leader Pub. Co.	Ind.	D.	
Superior	Evening Call	Call Pub. Co.	Dem.	D.	
Superior	Inter Ocean	W. F. Street	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Superior	Wave	F. B. Gregg	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Superior	Zeitung (G.)	Mussgang & Cohn	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Superior	Svenska Tribune (N.)	N. L. Bendz	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Superior	La Sentinelle (F.) ..	Jean L. Harquall.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Superior	Posten (G.)	Chas. Lagro	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
DUNN —					
Menomonie	Dunn Co. Herald.	Herald Pub. Co.	Pro.	W.	Tuesday.
Menomonie	News	Flint & Weber	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Menomonie	Nordstern (N.)	Nordstern Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Menomonie	Times	Times Printing Co.	Dem.	W.	Friday.
EAU CLAIRE —					
Augusta	Eagle	G. O. Jones.	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Augusta	Times	F. L. Clark	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Eau Claire	Evening Free Press ..	H. C. Ashbaugh	Rep.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Eau Claire	Herald (G.)	Joseph Weiss	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Eau Claire	Leader	Leader Pub. Co.	Ind.	D. & W.	Monday.
Eau Claire	News	News Company	Dem.	W.	Monday.
Eau Claire	Reform (N.)	Reform Pub. Co.	Pro.	W.	Tuesday.
Eau Claire	Workman's Gazette	G. W. Gilkey.	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
FLORENCE —					
Florence	Mining News	Youngs Bros.	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
FOND DU LAC —					
Brandon	Times	M. C. Short	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Fond du Lac	Commonwealth	Commonw'lth Pub. Co.	Rep.	D. & W.	Saturday.
Fond du Lac	Courier (G.)	W. F. Weber	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Fond du Lac	Journal	Beeson & Son	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Fond du Lac	Reporter	L. A. Lange	Dem.	D. & W.	Saturday.
Fond du Lac	Volkzeitung	Volkzeitung Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Ripon	College Days	Days' Pub. Co.	Lit.	.....
Ripon	Commonwealth	Ellsworth & Harmon.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Ripon	Free Press	E. H. Merrill	Pro.	W.	Thursday.
Waupun	Leader	Oliver Brothers	Rep.	W.	Friday.
FOREST —					
Crandon	Leaves	Wm. J. New	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Crandon	Republican	Samuel Shaw & Co.	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
GRANT —					
Bloomington	Record	Ernest Brooks	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Boscobel	Dial	Geo. W. Goldsmith	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Cassville	Index	John Foley	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Fennimore	Times	E. L. Howe	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Lancaster	Herald	Wm. B. Miner	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Lancaster	Teller	E. Pollock	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Montfort	Monitor	Green & Palmer	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Platteville	News	L. C. McKenney	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
Platteville	Witness	M. P. Rindlaub	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
GREEN —					
✓ Albany.....	Journal.....	J. E. Bartlett.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Albany.....	Vindicator.....	E. E. Atherton.....	Pro.	W.	Thursday.
Brodhead.....	Independent.....	E. A. Charleton.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
✓ Brodhead.....	Register.....	Register Pub. Co.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Monroe.....	Gazette.....	W. T. Giles.....	Dem.	D. & W.	Friday.
✓ Monroe.....	Herold (G.).....	Robert Kohli.....	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	County Journal.....	Woodle & Turner.....	Ind. R.	W.	Tuesday.
Monroe.....	Rundschau (G.).....	J. G. Probst.....	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Monroe.....	Sentinel.....	Charles A. Booth.....	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
Monroe.....	Sun.....	George R. South.....	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Monticello.....	News.....	J. A. Smith.....	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
GREEN LAKE —					
Berlin.....	Courant.....	L. E. Davis.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Berlin.....	Dairyman's Ex-	L. E. Davis.....	Agg.	S. M.	
✓ Berlin.....	change.....	C. G. Starks.....	Rep.	D. & W.	Wednesday.
✓ Berlin.....	Journal.....				
	Paving Cutters' Union.....	Paving Cutters' Association.....		M.	
Kingston.....	Spy.....	William E. Williams.....	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
Markesan.....	Herald.....	C. H. Lambert.....	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.
Princeton.....	Republic.....	Beebe & Davidson.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
IOWA —					
Dodgeville.....	Rural Eye.....	Thomas & Peavy.....	Pro.	W.	Saturday.
Barneveld.....	Register.....	H. G. Jones.....	Ind.	W.	Friday.
✓ Dodgeville.....	Chronicle.....	A. S. Hearn.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Dodgeville.....	Sun.....	Archibald McArthur.....	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Mineral Point.....	Democrat.....	Crawford Bros.....	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Mineral Point.....	Tribune.....	W. H. & B. J. Bennett.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
JACKSON —					
✓ Black Riv. F'lls.....	Banner.....	Cooper & Co.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Black Riv. F'lls.....	Journal.....	W. N. Wells.....	Dem.	W.	Tuesday.
Black Riv. F'lls.....	Post.....	Ellis B. Rogers.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
✓ Merrilan.....	Leader.....	R. H. Gile.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
JEFFERSON —					
Ft. Atkinson.....	Dairyman.....	W. D. Hoard.....	Agg.	W.	Friday.
Ft. Atkinson.....	Union.....	W. D. Hoard.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Jefferson.....	Banner.....	O. F. Roessler.....	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Jefferson.....	Band of Hope.....	H. C. Mansfield.....	Rel.	M.	
Jefferson.....	Widows and Orphan's Friend.....	J. W. Ostrander.....	Odd F.	S. M.	
Jefferson.....	Tariff Reform Adv.....	Hemming & Craig.....		M.	
Lake Mills.....	Leader.....	C. L. Hubbs.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Palmyra.....	Enterprise.....	O. P. Dow.....	Pro.	W.	Wednesday.
Waterloo.....	Democrat.....	C. B. Mead.....	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Waterloo.....	Journal.....	H. M. Knowlton.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Watertown.....	Gazette.....	James W. Moore.....	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Watertown.....	Journal.....	Wm. Reber.....	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Watertown.....	Republican.....	W. I. Norris.....	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
Watertown.....	Weltburger (G.).....	D. Blumenfeld & Son.....	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
JUNEAU —					
Elroy.....	Statesman.....	D. C. Talbut.....	Pro.	W.	Thursday.
Elroy.....	Tribune.....	T. K. Dunn.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Elroy.....	Chronicle.....	M. S. Parker.....	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.
New Lisbon.....	Argus.....	Chas A. Leicht.....	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
✓ Mauston.....	Randschau (G.).....	Frank Heidt.....	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Mauston.....	Star.....	J. F. Sprague & Son.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Necedah.....	Republican.....	C. M. Hutchinson.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Wenewoc.....	Reporter.....	W. F. Hill.....	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
KENOSHA —					
✓ Kenosha.....	Telegraph Courier.....	J. A. Cross.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha.....	The Leader.....	Rudolph & Boisard.....	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Kenosha.....	Union.....	J. A. Killeen.....	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Kenosha.....	Gazette.....	Rudolph & Boisard.....	Ind.	D.	
✓ Kenosha.....	Blade.....	H. W. Marden.....	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
KEWAUNEE —					
Ahnapee	Record	D. W. Stebbins	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Kewaunee	Banner (G)	Breunner & Haney ..	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Kewaunee	Enterprise	A. C. Voshardt	Dem.	W.	Friday.
LA CROSSE —					
La Crosse	Chronicle	Ellis B. Usher	Dem.	D. & W.	Saturday.
La Crosse	Press	Smith & Luse	Ind.	D.	
La Crosse	Nord Stern (G) ..	Adolph Candrian	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
La Crosse	News	Mahoney, Alexander & Mahoney	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
La Crosse	Republican and Leader	W. R. Finch	Rep.	D. & W.	Saturday.
La Crosse	Varden	P. O. Evanson	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Onalaska	Record	W. J. Showers	Ind.	W.	Friday.
West Salem ..	Journal	L. Lotridge	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
LA FAYETTE —					
Argyle	Atlas	George G. Gaskill ...	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Darlington	Democratic Register	Barnes Bros.	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Darlington ..	Journal	H. L. Brown	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
Darlington ..	Republican	J. G. Monahan	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Shullsburg	Local	T. H. McElroy	Dem.	W.	Sunday.
Shullsburg	Pick and Gad	T. J. Law	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
LANGLADE —					
Antigo	News Item	Millard Bros.	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Antigo	Herald	Ed. Goebel	G. Dem.	W.	Friday.
Antigo	Republican	Jno. S. Ogden	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Antigo	Special	John H. Menting	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
LINCOLN —					
Merrill	Lincoln County Advocate	Advocate Pub. Co. ...	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Merrill	Anzeiger (G)	C. W. Honigman	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Merrill	Northern Wisconsin News	Dunn & Johnson	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Tomahawk	Blade	Jed. W. Coon	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Tomahawk	Tomahawk	W. M. Shirke & Son ..	Dem.	S.	Saturday.
MANITOWOC —					
Manitowoc	Nord Western (G) ..	Nord Western Ptg. Co	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Pilot	John Nagel	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Post (G)	Wittman & Brandt ..	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Tribune	Henry Sanford	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Manitowoc	Wezyotko Serge Jezusa, (Polish) Chronicle	F. Lucvski	Rel.	W.	Saturday.
Two Rivers		Nash & Klein	Dem.	W.	Tuesday.
MARATHON —					
Spencer	Tribune	Vandercook Bros.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Wausau	Central Wisconsin Pilot and Review ..	R. H. Johnson	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Wausau	Pioneer (G)	E. B. Thayer	Dem.	W.	Tuesday.
Wausau	Torch of Liberty ..	A. W. Young	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Wausau	Wocheblatt (G) ..	M. H. Barnum	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Wausau		John Ringle	Dem.	W.	Friday.
MARINETTE —					
Marinette	Eagle	Eagle Ptg. Co.	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Marinette	North Star	C. M. Fairchild	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Marinette	Argus	Bardour & Noel	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Marinette	Voice	Fred W. Fry	Lab.	W.	Thursday.
Marinette	Epworth Sun	Epworth League	Rel.	S. M.	Thursday.
MARQUETTE —					
Montello	Express	C. H. Bissell	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Westfield	Central Union	S. D. Forbes & Son ..	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
MILWAUKEE —					
Milwaukee	A. B. C. Post (G) ..	W. W. Coleman's est.	Ed.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Abend Post (G) ..	German Am. P. Co. ...	Rep.	D.	

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
MILWAUKEE—con					
Milwaukee	Acker und Gartenbau Zeitung (G.)	W. W. Coleman's est.	Agr.	S. M.	
Milwaukee	Amerikanische Turn-Zeitung...	Freidenker Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee	Anti-Prohibitio'nist	Ant-Prohi'st Pub. Co	A-Pro	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Au (G.)	Anton Gfrorner...	Hu.	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee	Banner und Volksfreund (G.)....	Banner & Volksfreund Co.....	Dem.	W.	Tuesday.
Milwaukee	Catholic Citizen...	E. A. Bray.....	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Columbia (G.)...	Catholic Printing Soc	Rel.	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Commercial Lett'r	F. W. Friese.....	Com.	D.	
Milwaukee	Deutsches Volksblatt (G.).....	George Brumder.	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee	Domacnost Bohemian	Anton Novack.....		W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee	Erholungsstunden (G.)	George Brumder.	Lit.	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee	Erziehungs Blätter (G.).....	Freidenker Pub. Co..	Ed.	M.	
Milwaukee	Evening Wisconsin	Cramer, Aikens & Cramer.	Rep.	D.	
Milwaukee	Excelsior (G.)....	Excelsior Pub. Co...	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Freidenker (G.)...	Freidenker Pub. Co..	Ind.	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee	Fuer Unsere Jugend (G.)	Freidenker Pub. Co..	Ed.	M.	
Milwaukee	Fortschritt der Zeit (G.)	W. W. Coleman's est.	Ind.	S. M.	
Milwaukee	Gemeinde Blatt (G.)	Wis. Lutheran Synod	Rel.	S. M.	
Milwaukee	Germania (G.)....	Germania Pub. Co...	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee	Haus und Bauernfreund (G.)....	Germania Pub. Co...	Agr.	W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee	Hermans Sohn(G)	Loewenbach & Soa...	L. O.	S. M.	
Milwaukee	Herold(G.).....	Herold Co.....	Ind.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Im Familien Kreise (G.)....	W. W. Coleman's est.	Lit.	B. W.	
Milwaukee	Journal.....	Journal Co.....	Dem.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Jugend Post (G.)	W. W. Coleman's est.	Juv.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Katholische Zeitung (G.).....	Catholic Printing Co.	Rel.	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Kinder Post.....	W. W. Coleman's est.	Juv.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Kuryer Polski(P.)	M. Kruszka	Dem.	D.	
Milwaukee	Lehrer Post (G.)...	W. W. Coleman's est.	Ed.	S. M.	
Milwaukee	Living Church...	Young Churchman Co	Rel.	Q.	
Milwaukee	Milw. Advance...	Schilling & Co.....	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	" Volkszeitung	Socialistic Pub. Co...	Soc.	D. & W.	
Milwaukee	Die Wahrheit	Socialistic Pub. Co...	Soc.	W.	
Milwaukee	National Advance	Schilling & Co.....	Alli.	W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	National Reformer (G.)	Schilling & Co.	Alli.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	News	News Publishing Co.	Ind.	D.	
Milwaukee	Peck's Sun	George W. Peck, Jr..	Hu.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Reformer und Volksblatt.....	Schilling & Co.....	Lab.		Sunday.
Milwaukee	Schulzeitung (G.)	Wis. Lutheran Synod	Rel.	M.	
Milwaukee	Seebote (G.).....	P. V. Deuster & Co.	Dem.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Sentinel	Sentinel Co.....	Rep.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Shepherd's Arms.	Young Churchman Co	Rel.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	The Social Circle.	Harry T. Smith....	Sp.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Sunday Telegraph	Watrous & Spice...	Rep.	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee	Telephone (G.)...	P. V. Deuster & Co.	Dem.	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee	The Saturday Star	E. W. & H. E. Dankoler		W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Times	Towell Bros	Ind.	S. M.	Wed. & Sat.
Milwaukee	U. S. Miller, Eng	E. Harrison Cawker.	Mec.	M.	
Milwaukee	Unser Blatt (G.)...	B. Loewenbach & Son	L. O.	M.	
Milwaukee	Vierteljahrliches Magazin (G.)...	W. W. Coleman's est.	Lit.	Q.	
Milwaukee	Vereinsbote (G.)...	German Branch Y. M. C. A.....	Rel.	M.	

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
MILWAUKEE—CON					
Milwaukee	Warte (G.)	Germania Pub. Co.	Ind. Rep.	W. D. & W.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin	Cramer, Aikens & Cr'r	L. O.	M.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Wis. Advocate	B. Loewenbach & Sons	Sp.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Wis. Sportsman	Wis. Sportsman Pub Co	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	World	J. L. Kolar	Ind.	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee	Yenowine's News	George H. Yenowine.	Ind.	W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee	Young Churchm'n	Young Churchman Co	Rel.	W.	Saturday.
MONROE —					
Sparta	Democrat	B. E. McCoy	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Sparta	Herald	McBride Bros.	Rep.	W.	Tuesday.
Sparta	Independent	H. E. Kelley	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Tomah	Journal	L. B. Squier	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Tomah	Monitor	J. A. Wells	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
OCONTO —					
Oconto	Enquirer	Mrs. Rosa Sharp	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Oconto	Lumberman	J. W. Hall	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Oconto	Reporter	C. S. Hart	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
ONEIDA —					
Eagle River	The Review	O. B. Moon	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Rhineland	Herald	D. S. Johnson	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Rhineland	New North	Bishop & Ogden	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Rhineland	Vindicator	Sam Shaw	Pro.	W.	Wednesday.
OUTAGAMIE —					
Appleton	Crescent	Ryan Bros.	Dem.	D. & W.	Saturday.
Appleton	Lawrentian	Students	Lit. M.	M.	
Appleton	Post	A. J. & T. B. Reid	Rep.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Appleton	Volksfreund (G.)	H. W. Meyer	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Appleton	Wecker (G.)	Christ. Roemer	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Hortonville	Review	Hollenbeck & Co.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Kaukauna	Sun	Sun Pub. Co.	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Kaukauna	Times	C. E. Raught & Co.	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Seymour	Press	H. J. Van Vuren	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
OZAUKEE —					
Cedarburg	News	Fred. W. Horn	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.
Pt. Washington	Advertiser	M. G. Bohan	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Pt. Washington	Star	H. W. Bolens	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Pt. Washington	Zeitung (G.)	Carl Fehlandt	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
PEPIN —					
Durand	Courier	Huntington & Morsbach	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Pepin	Star	Axtell Bros.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
PIERCE —					
Ellsworth	Herald	Herald Printing Co.	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
Prescott	Plainsdealer	E. H. Ives	Dem.	W.	Friday.
River Falls	Journal	C. R. Morse	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
POLK —					
Amery	Echo	C. B. Dodge	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Clear Lake	Herald	A. T. Churchill	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Clear Lake	Republican	H. K. Dunn	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Oscola Mills	Press	Charles E. Mears	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
St. Croix Falls	Standard	St. Croix Falls Pub. Co	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
PORTAGE —					
Amherst	Western Templar of Honor	A. J. Smith .....	.....	T. M.	
Stevens Point	Gazette	F. D. Glennon	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.
Stevens Point	Journal	McGlachlin & Simons.	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Stevens Point	Pinery	C. Swayze	Dem.	W.	Friday.
PRICE —					
Fifield	Advocate	George E. Sackett	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Kennan	Banner	W. W. Yarham	Ind.	M.	
Phillips	Bee	Geo. Stein, Jr.	Rep.	W.	Tuesday.
Phillips	Times	F. W. Sackett	Dem.	W.	Saturday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
RACINE —					
Burlington	Press	W. A. Colby	Rep.	W.	Tuesday.
Burlingtona	Standard Demo- crat	James I. Toner	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Racine	Agriculturist	Manfrs. Pub. Co.	Aggr.	M.	Saturday.
Racine	Correspondent (G)	A. L. Falbe	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
✓ Racine	Folkets Avis (Dan- ish)	Folkets Avis Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Racine	Journal	Journal Printing Co.	Rep.	D. & W.	Wednesday.
Racine	Radina (Bohem- ian)	Chas. Jonas & Co.	Lit.	W.	Wednesday.
Racine	Slavie (Bohemian)	Chas. Jonas & Co.	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.
Racine	Times	Times Pub. Co.	Ind.	D.	Thursday.
Racine	Uteley's Dollar Weekly	Times Pub. Co.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Union Grove	Enterprise	A. P. Colby	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Waterford	Post	Edward Malone	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
RICHLAND —					
Rich'd Center	Republican and Observer	W. M. Fogo	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
✓ Rich'd Center	Rustic	F. A. Smith	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Viola	Intelligencer	Cliff M. Wells	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
ROCK —					
Beloit	Citizen	Citizen Pub. Co.	Ind.	D. & W.	Friday.
Beloit	Free Press	C. Ingersoll	Rep.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Beloit	Round Table	Students	Lit.	S-M.	Friday.
Clinton	Herald	R. W. Cheever	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
Edgerton	Index	J. G. Patterson	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Edgerton	Tobacco Reporter	F. W. Coon	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Evansville	Enterprise	Evansville Pub. Co.	Ind.	S-W.	Wed. & Sat.
Evansville	Review	L. A. Hoxie & Son	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Evansville	Tribune	R. M. Antes Pub. Co.	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Janesville	National Horse Breeder	M. L. Brown	Trade.	M.	Thursday.
Janesville	Gazette	Gazette Printing Co.	Rep.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Janesville	Recorder	Recorder Printing Co.	Dem.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Janesville	Signal	Garrett Veeder	Ind.	W.	Sunday.
Janesville	Wis. Tobacco Leaf	J. F. Willey	W.	W.	Thursday.
Janesville	Journal (G)	H. W. Frick	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Milton	College Journal	Students	Lit.	M.	Thursday.
Milton	Telephone	E. L. Spence	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Milton Junction	News	F. R. Morris & Co.	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
ST. CROIX —					
Baldwin	Bulletin	Ferd. Peachman	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Glenwood	Gleaner	E. P. Huntington	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
Hudson	Star and Times	B. J. Price	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Hudson	True Republican	Geo. D. Cline	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
New Richmond	Republican	A. C. Van Meter	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
New Richmond	Voice	E. P. Huntington	Pro.	W.	Saturday.
SAUK —					
Baraboo	Democrat	Runge & Co.	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Baraboo	News	J. F. & G. A. Kartack	Ind.	W.	Tuesday.
Baraboo	Republic	John H. Powers	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
Prairie du Sac	News	Fred W. Johns	Rep.	W.	Tuesday.
Reedsburg	Erzähler (G.)	Wm. Raetzman	Neu.	W.	Sunday.
Reedsburg	Herold (G.)	Wm. Raetzman	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Reedsburg	Free Press	Blake & Son	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Sauk City	Pioneer Am. Wis. (G.)	C. C. Kuntz	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Spring Green	Home News	W. R. Purdy	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
SAWYER —					
Hayward	Journal-News	Scott & Bunker	Rep.	W.	Friday.
SHAWANO —					
Shawano	Advocate	Wiegand & Amel	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Shawano	Journal	D. Gorham, Jr.	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Shawano	Worchenblatt (G)	Dr. L. C. Bold	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

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SHEBOYGAN —					
Plymouth.....	Nordwestliche Post (G.).....	C. F. & H. F. T. Wau- dersleben.....	Ind. Dem.	W. D. & W.	Saturday. Thursday.
Plymouth.....	Reporter.....	Hostman & Gafron..	Rep.		Friday.
Sheboygan.....	Evening Telegram	Telegram Pub. Co....			
Sheboygan.....	Daily Journal.....	The Journal Printing Co.	Dem. Rep.	D. W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan.....	Herald.....	L. K. Howe.....			
Sheboygan.....	National Demo- krat (G.).....	Carl Zillier.....	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Sheboygan.....	Times.....	H. N. Ross.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan.....	Zeitung & Tribune (G.).....	A. W. Pott.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Sheboygan F ^{ls}	News.....	John E. Thomas.....	Ind.	W.	Wednesday.
TAYLOR —					
Medford.....	Star and News.....	E. T. Wheelock.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Medford.....	Waldbote (G.).....	Jos. Brucker & Co....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
TREMPEALEAU —					
Arcadia.....	The Leader.....	John G. Faulds & Geo. Mathys.....	Dem. Ind.	W. W.	Thursday. Friday.
Eleva.....	Recorder.....	Ed. J. & H. E. Brown	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Galesville.....	Independent.....	T. F. Ball.....	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Independence.....	News.....	Markham & Simpson.	Fro.	W.	Saturday.
Independence.....	Wave.....	Markham & Simpson.	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Trempealeau.....	Herald.....	E. N. Goodhue.....			
Trempealeau.....	Northwestern Teacher.....	A. F. Luggadder.....	Edu. Rep.	M. W.	Thursday. Friday.
Whitehall.....	Times.....	J. B. Beach.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Osseo.....	Blade.....	W. C. Thomas.....			
VERNON —					
Hillsboro.....	Sentry.....	C. W. T. Heath.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Viroqua.....	Censor.....	O. G. Munson.....	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
Viroqua.....	Leader.....	F. H. Graves.....	Dem.	W.	Friday.
WALWORTH —					
Delavan.....	Wisconsin Deaf and Dumb Times	C. E. Badger.....	Lit. Rep.	W. W.	Thursday. Wednesday.
Delavan.....	Enterprise.....	H. T. Sharp.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Delavan.....	Republican.....	W. G. Weeks.....	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Delavan.....	Democrat.....	M. L. Brown.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Elkhorn.....	Independent.....	Park & Kenney.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Genoa Junction	Journal.....	Luther G. Riggs.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Lake Geneva.....	Herald.....	Heg & Nethercut.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Lake Geneva.....	News.....	A. K. Owen.....	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Sharon.....	Reporter.....	Phelps & Howell.....	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.
Whitewater.....	Gazette.....	John C. Clinton.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Whitewater.....	Register.....	Coe & Salisbury.....			
WASHBURN —					
Shell Lake.....	Watchman.....	G. L. & J. E. Jones...	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Spooner.....	Register.....	H. A. Pease.....	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
WASHINGTON —					
Hartford.....	Press.....	Le Count & Son.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Schleisinger- ville.....	Scout.....	J. Rohr.....	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
West Bend.....	Beobachter (G.)	A. Frankenberg.....	Dem.	W.	Friday.
West Bend.....	Democrat.....	manager.....	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.
WAUKESHA —					
Delafield.....	St. John's Call....	St. John's Academy..	Rel.	M.	
Menomonee Falls.....	News.....	J. B. Rowell & Co... Edwin Hurbut.....	Ind. Dem.	W. W.	Friday. Saturday.
Oconomowoc.....	Free Press.....	George A. Rogers.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Oconomowoc.....	News.....	P. H. Carney.....	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha.....	Democrat.....	H. M. Youmans.....	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Waukesha.....	Freeman.....		Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Waukesha.....	Journal.....	Journal Pub. Co.....			

WISCONSIN PRESS — Continued.

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WAUPACA —					
Clintonville.....	Dual City Tribune	F. H. Brady	Ind.	W.	Friday.
Clintonville.....	Times	Times Pub. Co	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Clintonville.....	Lake Shore				
	Waechter (G.) ..	Times Pub. Co.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
New London	Times	E. A. King.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Weyauwega.....	Chronicle.....	A. L. Hutchinson.....	Rep.	W.	Wednesday.
Waupaca.....	Post	Post Pub. Co	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Waupaca.....	Republican.....	W. H. Holmes.....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
WAUSHARA —					
Plainfield.....	Sun	L. W. Chapman	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Wautoma	Argus	Ellarson & Berray ...	Rep.	W.	Friday.
WINNEBAGO —					
Menasha	Anzeiger (G.) ...	M. M. Schoetz & Co..	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Menasha	Press	C. F. Augustine	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Neenah	Gazette	H. A. Stone.....	Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Neenah	Times	J. N. Stone	Dem.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Neenah	Twin City News..	L. H. Kimball	Ind.	D. & W.	Friday.
Omro	Journal.....	P. M. Wright	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
Oshkosh	Northwestern ..	Hick's Printing Co....	Rep.	D. & W.	Thursday.
Oshkosh	Signal	M. B. McNiel	Pro.	W.	Thursday.
Oshkosh	Times	E. W. Vial & Co	Dem.	D. & W.	Saturday.
Oshkosh	Wis. Telegraph(G)	Allen & Weidner	Dem.	W.	Friday.
Oshkosh	Badger Farmer ..	H. A. Clum & Co	Ag'l.	M.	
Oshkosh.....	.....	L. A. W. Pointer Pub.	Co	Sport'g	S. M.
Winneconne...	Local	George H. Larke....	Ind.	W.	Thursday.
WOOD —					
Centralia	Enterprise and				
	Tribune	Rossier & Bundage...	Dem.	W.	Saturday.
Grand Rapids..	Reporter	A. L. Fontaine	Rep.	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield.....	Demokrat (G)...	H. J. Pankow	Dem.	W.	Thursday.
Marshfield.....	Times	Thomas S. Norton....	Rep.	W.	Friday.
Pittsville.....	Independent.....	Western Wood Co.			
		Pub. Association ...	Dem.	W.	Wednesday.

WISCONSIN POST-OFFICES.

BY COUNTIES.

The following is a list of the Post-offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically and corrected from official sources up to January 1, 1891. The county seats are designated by (c. h.) and the money order offices are printed in *italics*. Those which are included as money order offices in the treaties with Great Britain and Ireland, Canada, Germany Italy, France, Algeria, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Jamaica, Switzerland, Newfoundland, Greenland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, Hawaiian Kingdom, Sweden and Japan are also designated by the capital letter I, meaning International.

A.

Abbotsford.....Clark
Ableman.....Sauk
Abrams.....Oconto
Ackerville.....Washington
Acorn.....Dane
Ada.....Sheboygan
Adams.....Walworth
Adams Center.....Adams
Adamsville.....Iowa
Addison.....Washington
Adell.....Sheboygan
Adsit.....Dane
Affon.....Rock
Ahnapee.....Kewaunee
Alabama.....Polk
Alaska.....Kewaunee
Alban.....Portage
Albany.....Green
Albion.....Dane
Alden.....Polk
Alderly.....Dodge
Allen's Grove.....Walworth
Allenton.....Washington
Allenville.....Winnebago
Alloa.....Columbia
Alma (c. h. I.).....Buffalo
Alma Centre.....Jackson
Almeda.....Barron
Almond.....Portage
Alstad.....Burnett
Aldtdorf.....Wood
Alto.....Fond du Lac
Altoona.....Eau Claire
Alverno.....Manitowoc
Amberg.....Marinette
Amery.....Polk
Amherst.....Portage
Amherst Junction.....Portage
Amy.....Dunn
Anchorage.....Buffalo
Anderson.....Grant
Angelica.....Shawano
Angelo.....Monroe
Aniwa.....Shawano
Annaton.....Grant
Annsburg.....Dunn
Anthony.....Eau Claire

Antigo (c. h. I.).....Langlade
Apple Creek.....Outagamie
Apple River.....Polk
Appleton (c. h. I.).....Outagamie
Arcadia.....Trempealeau
Arena.....Iowa
Argyle.....LaFayette
Arkansaw.....Pepin
Arkdale.....Adams
Arlington.....Columbia
Armstrong.....Fond du Lac
Armstrong Creek.....Forest
Arnott.....Portage
Arthur.....Grant
Ashford.....Fond du Lac
Ashippun.....Dodge
Ashland (c. h. I.).....Ashland
Ashland Junction.....Bayfield
Ash Ridge.....Richland
Ashton.....Dane
Askeaton.....Brown
Athens.....Marathon
Attica.....Green
Atwater.....Dodge
Auburndale.....Wood
Augusta.....Eau Claire
Aurora.....Washington
Auroraville.....Waushara
Avalanche.....Vernon
Avoca.....Iowa
Avon.....Rock
Aztalan.....Jefferson

B.

Babcock.....Wood
Badger.....Portage
Badger Mills.....Chippewa
Bad River (now Morse).....Ashland
Bagley.....Grant
Bailey's Harbor.....Door
Bakerville.....Wood
Baldwin.....St. Croix
Baldwin's Mills.....Waupaca
Balmoral.....Richland
Balsam Lake.....Polk
Bancroft.....Portage
Bangor (I.).....La Crosse
Banner.....Fond du Lac

<i>Baraboo (c. h. I.)</i>	Sauk	Boydton	Portage
Barber.....	Iowa	Brackett.....	Eau Claire
<i>Barneveld</i>	Iowa	Bracy.....	Burnett
Barre Mills.....	La Crosse	Bradville.....	Grant
<i>Barron (c. h.)</i>	Barron	Brady's.....	Richland
Barronette.....	Barron	Branch.....	Manitowoc
Bartel Station.....	Ozaukee	<i>Brandon</i>	Fond du Lac
Barton.....	Washington	Brant.....	Calumet
Basco.....	Dane	Brassington.....	Pierce
Bashaw.....	Burnett	Breed.....	Oconto
Bassett.....	Kenosha	Briarton.....	Shawano
Bass Wood.....	Richland	Bridgeport.....	Crawford
Bay City.....	Pierce	Briggsville.....	Marquette
<i>Bayfield (c. h.)</i>	Bayfield	Brighton.....	Kenosha
Bay Settlement.....	Brown	<i>Brillion (I.)</i>	Calumet
<i>Bay View (I.)</i>	city of Milwaukee	Bristol.....	Kenosha
Bear Creek.....	Outagamie	Bristow.....	Vernon
Bear Valley.....	Richland	British Hollow.....	Grant
Bears.....	Wood	<i>Brodhead</i>	Green
Beaver.....	Marinette	Brookfield.....	Waukesha
Beaver Creek.....	Jackson	<i>Brooklyn</i>	Green
<i>Beaver Dam (I.)</i>	Dodge	Brookside.....	Oconto
Becker.....	Outagamie	Brookville.....	St. Croix
Beechwood.....	Sheboygan	Brothertown.....	Calumet
Beef Slough.....	Buffalo	Brown Deer.....	Milwaukee
Beetown.....	Grant	Brownsville.....	Dodge
Beldenville.....	Pierce	Browtown.....	Green
Belgium.....	Ozaukee	Bruce.....	Chippewa
Bell Center.....	Crawford	Brule.....	Douglas
Bellefountain.....	Columbia	Brushville.....	Wausara
Belle Plaine.....	Shawano	Brussels.....	Door
Belleville.....	Dane	Bryant.....	Langlade
Bellevue.....	Shawano	Buckbee.....	Wauwaca
Belmont.....	La Fayette	Buck Creek.....	Richland
<i>Beloit (I.)</i>	Rock	Buena Vista.....	Portage
Bem.....	Green	Buffalo.....	Buffalo
Benoitville.....	Bayfield	Buncombe.....	La Fayette
<i>Benton</i>	La Fayette	Bungert.....	Outagamie
<i>Berlin (I.)</i>	Green Lake	Bunyan.....	Polk
Bernhard.....	Jefferson	Burke.....	Dane
Berryville.....	Kenosha	Burkhardt.....	St. Croix
Bessemer (now North Freedom).....	Sauk	<i>Burlington (I.)</i>	Racine
Big Bend.....	Waukesha	Burnett.....	Dodge
Big Falls.....	Wauwaca	Burnett Station.....	Dodge
Big Flats.....	Adams	Burns.....	La Crosse
Big Patch.....	Grant	Burr.....	Vernon
Big River.....	Pierce	Burr Oak.....	La Crosse
Big Springs.....	Adams	Burton.....	Grant
Big Wausaukee.....	Marinette	Busseyville.....	Jefferson
Binghampton.....	Outagamie	Butler.....	Milwaukee
Birch.....	Chippewa	Butte des Morts.....	Winnebago
<i>Birmahwood</i>	Shawano	Butternut.....	Ashtland
Bismarck.....	Lincoln	Byrds Creek.....	Richland
Black Creek.....	Outagamie	Byron.....	Fond du Lac
Black Creek Falls (now Athens).....	Marathon		
<i>Black Earth</i>	Dane		
Black Hawk.....	Sauk		
<i>Black River Falls (c. h. I.)</i>	Jackson		
Blaine.....	Portage		
<i>Blair</i>	Trempealeau		
Blanchardville.....	La Fayette		
Blanding.....	Burnett		
Blenker.....	Wood		
Blodgett.....	Waukesha		
Bloom City.....	Richland		
<i>Bloomer</i>	Chippewa		
Bloomingdale.....	Vernon		
<i>Bloomington</i>	Grant		
Bloomville.....	Lincoln		
Blue Mounds.....	Dane		
Blue River.....	Grant		
Bluff.....	Dane		
Boardman.....	St. Croix		
Boaz.....	Richland		
Bob Creek.....	Chippewa		
Bohri.....	Buffalo		
Bolt.....	Kewaunee		
<i>Boltonville</i>	Washington		
<i>Bonduel</i>	Shawano		
<i>Boscobel (I.)</i>	Grant		
Bovee.....	Portage		
Boyceville.....	Dunn		
<i>Boyd</i>	Chippewa		
Boydton.....	Crawford		

Casco	Crystal Lake	Kewaunee	Crystall Lake	Waupaca
Cashton	Monroe	Cuba City	Barron	Grant
Cassel	Sauk	Cumberland (L.)	Curran	Barron
Cassville	Grant		Curtis	Kewaunee
Castle Rock	Monroe		Cushing	Clark
Catawact	Manitowoc		Custer	Polk
Cato	Forest		Cylon	Portage
Cavour	Richland			St. Croix
Cazenovia	Shawano			
Cecil	Ozaukee			
Cedarburgh	Washington			
Cedar Creek	Dunn			
Cedar Falls	Sheboygan			
Cedar Grove	Wausara			
Cedar Lake	Waupaca			
Cedar Rapids	Milwaukee			
Cementville	Rock			
Center	Wood			
Centralia	Trempealeau			
Centerville	Waukesha			
Chamberlin	Calumet			
Charlesburg	Oconto			
Chase	Vernon			
Chaseburg	Lincoln			
Chat	Door			
Chesapeake	Taylor			
Cherier	Dodge			
Chetek	Barron			
Chilton (c. h. I.)	Calumet			
Chimney Rock	Trempealeau			
Chippewa City	Chippewa			
Chippewa Falls (c. h. I.)	Clark			
Christie	Jackson			
City Point	Polk			
Clam Falls	Manitowoc			
Clark's Mills	Dane			
Clarkson	Green			
Clarino	Door			
Clay Banks	Polk			
Clayton	Polk			
Clear Lake	Polk			
Clemansville	Winnebago			
Cleveland	Manitowoc			
Clinton	Monroe			
Clinton (I.)	Rock			
Clintonville	Waupaca			
Clyde	Iowa			
Clyman	Dodge			
Cobb	Iowa			
Cochrane	Buffalo			
Colby	Clark			
Cold Spring	Jefferson			
Colebrook	Wausara			
Coleman	Marinette			
Colfax	Dunn			
Colgate	Waukesha			
Collins (now South Wayne)	La Fayette			
Coloma	Wausara			
Coloma Station	Wausara			
Columbus (I.)	Columbia			
Commonwealth	Florence			
Comstock	Barron			
Concord	Jefferson			
Connorsville	Dunn			
Cook's Valley	Chippewa			
Cooksville	Rock			
Coolidge	Price			
Coon Valley	Vernon			
Cooperstown	Manitowoc			
Corbett (now Warner)	Chippewa			
Corning	Lincoln			
Cortland	Trempealeau			
Cottage Grove	Dane			
Cox	Chippewa			
Craft	Chippewa			
Crandon (c. h.)	Forest			
Cream	Buffalo			
Crete	Winnebago			
Crivitz	Marinette			
Crocker's Landing	Portage			
Cronk	Brown			
Cross (now Bori)	Buffalo			
Cross Plains	Dane			

Duval Kewaunee
 Dyckesville Kewaunee

E.

Eagle Waukesha
Eagle Corners Richland
Eagle Point Chippewa
Eagle River Oneida
Eggleton Chippewa
East Bristol Dane
East Delavan Walworth
East Farmington Polk
East Gibson Manitowoc
East Lincoln Polk
Eastman Crawford
East Middleton Dane
Easton Adams
East Pepin Pepin
East Troy Walworth
East Wrightstown Brown
Eaton Manitowoc
Eau Claire (c. h. I.) Eau Claire
Eau Galle Dunn
Eden Fond du Lac
Edgerton Rock
Edmund Iowa
Edson Chippewa
Edwards Sheboygan
Egg Harbor Door
Eidsvold Clark
Eland Shawano
Elcho Langlade
Elderon Marathon
El Dorado Fond du Lac
Eleva Trempealeau
Elk Creek Trempealeau
Elk Grove La Fayette
Elkhart Sheboygan
Elkhorn (c. h. I.) Walworth
Elk Mound Dunn
Ella Pepin
Ellenborough Grant
Ellis Portage
Ellison Bay Door
Ellisville Kewaunee
Ellsworth (c. h.) Pierce
Elm Grove Waukesha
Elmhurst Langlade
Elmo Grant
Elmore Fond du Lac
Elmwood Pierce
Elo Winnebago
El Paso Pierce
Elroy Juneau
El Salem Polk
Elton Langlade
Elvers Dane
Embarrass Waupaca
Emerald St. Croix
Emerald Grove Rock
Emet Chippewa
Emmerich Marathon
Enos (now Wales) Waukesha
Ephraim Door
Erfurth Jefferson
Erin St. Croix
Esdaile Pierce
Esosce Vernon
Estella Chippewa
Etna La Fayette
Ettrick Trempealeau
Eureka Winnebago
Euren Kewaunee
Evansville Rock
Evergreen Door
Excelesior Richland
Exile Pierce

F.

Fairchild Eau Claire
Fairfield Rock
Fair Play Grant
Fair Water Fond du Lac
Fall City Dunn
Fall Creek Eau Claire
Fall River Columbia
Fancy Creek Richland
Farmers Grove Green
Farmhill Pierce
Farmington Jefferson
Farr's Corners Columbia
Fayette La Fayette
Fayetteville Walworth
Fellows Rock
Fennimore Grant
Fenton Ashland
Ferryville Crawford
Fifield Price
Fillmore Washington
Fish Creek Door
Fisk Winnebago
Fitchburg Dane
Five Points Richland
Flambeau Chippewa
Flintville Brown
Florence (c. h.) Florence
Folsom Vernon
Fond du Lac (c. h. I.) Fond du Lac
Fontana Walworth
Fontenoy Brown
Footville Rock
Forest Junction Calumet
Forestville Door
Fort Atkinson (I.) Jefferson
Fort Howard (I.) Brown
Forward Dane
Foscoro Kewaunee
Fountain City (I.) Buffalo
Fourmile Fond du Lac
Fox Lake (I.) Dodge
Fox River Kenosha
Francis Creek Manitowoc
Frank Washington
Franklin Sheboygan
Franksville Racine
Frazer Shawano
Fredonia Ozaukee
Fredonia Station Ozaukee
Freeman Crawford
Freistadt Ozaukee
Fremont Waupaca
Frenchville Trempealeau
Freya Burnett
Friendship (c. h.) Adams
Fulton Rock
Fussville Waukesha

G.

Gad Taylor
Galesburgh Shawano
Galesville Trempealeau
Gardner Door
Garfield Portage
Garth Oneida
Genesee Waukesha
Genesee Depot Waukesha
Genoa Vernon
Genoa Junction Walworth
Georgetown Grant
Germania Marquette
Germantown Juneau
Gibbsville Sheboygan
Gile Ashland
Gillett Oconto
Gillingham Richland

Gilman.....	Pierce	Hemple.....	St. Croix
Gilmantown.....	Buffalo	Henrietta.....	Richland
Glasgow.....	Trempealeau	Henrysville.....	Brown
Glenbeulah.....	Sheboygan	Herbert.....	Pierce
Glencoe.....	Buffalo	Herman.....	Dodge
Glendale.....	Monroe	Hersey.....	St. Croix
Glen Flora.....	Chippewa	Hewitt.....	Wood
Glen Haven.....	Grant	Hickory.....	Oconto
Glenmore.....	Brown	High Bridge.....	Ashland
Glenwood.....	St. Croix	Highland.....	Iowa
Glidden.....	Ashland	Hika.....	Manitowoc
Globe.....	Clark	Hilbert.....	Calumet
Golden Lake.....	Waukesha	Hillsborough.....	Vernon
Good Hope.....	Milwaukee	Hillsdale.....	Barron
Gordon.....	Douglas	Hillside.....	Iowa
Grafton.....	Ozaukee	Hingham.....	Sheboygan
Grand Marsh.....	Ashams	Hixson.....	Jackson
Grand Rapids (c. h. I.).....	Wood	Hoard.....	Sheboygan
Granite Heights.....	Marathon	Hofa Park.....	Shawano
Grantsburgh (c. h.).....	Burnett	Hogarty.....	Marathon
Granville.....	Milwaukee	Holland.....	Brown
Granville Centre.....	Milwaukee	Hollandale.....	Iowa
Gratiot.....	La Fayette	Holmen.....	La Crosse
Grattian.....	Barron	Holy Cross.....	Ozaukee
Gravesville.....	Calumet	Homer.....	Grant
Green Bay (c. h. I.).....	Brown	Homewood.....	Monroe
Greenbush.....	Sheboygan	Honey Creek.....	Walworth
Green Grove.....	Clark	Hope.....	Dane
Green Lake.....	Green Lake	Horicon (I.).....	Dodge
Greenleaf.....	Brown	Horn's Corners.....	Ozaukee
Greenstreet.....	Manitowoc	Hortonville.....	Outagamie
Greenville.....	Outagamie	Houghton.....	Bayfield
Greenwood.....	Clark	Houlton.....	St. Croix
Gregory.....	Folk	Howard's Grove.....	Sheboygan
Gresham.....	Shawano	Howard's Prairie.....	Milwaukee
Grimm's.....	Manitowoc	Hubbard.....	Sawyer
Grover.....	Marquette	Hub City.....	Richland
		Hubbleton.....	Jefferson

H.

Hadleyville.....	Eau Claire	Hudson (c. h. I.).....	St. Croix
Hager City.....	Pierce	Hullsburgh.....	Dodge
Halder.....	Marathon	Hull.....	Portage
Hale.....	Trempealeau	Humbird.....	Clark
Hale's Corners.....	Milwaukee	Hunting.....	Shawano
Hamburgh.....	Marathon	Hurlbut.....	Crawford
Hamilton.....	Waushara	Hurley.....	Ashland
Hamlin.....	Trempealeau	Huron.....	Chippewa
Hammond.....	St. Croix	Hurricane.....	Grant
Hancock.....	Waushara	Hustisford.....	Dodge
Hanerville.....	Dane	Hutchins.....	Shawano
Haney.....	Crawford	Hyde's Mills.....	Iowa
Hanover.....	Rock		
Hansen.....	Wood		
Harmony.....	Vernon		
Harrison.....	Lincoln		
Harrisville.....	Marquette		
Hartford (I.).....	Washington		
Hartland.....	Waukesha		
Hartman.....	Columbia		
Harvey.....	Jefferson		
Hatchville.....	Dunn		
Hatfield.....	Jackson		
Hatley.....	Marathon		
Hatton.....	Waupaca		
Haugen.....	Barron		
Hawkins.....	Chippewa		
Hawthorne.....	Douglas		
Hayes.....	Oconto		
Hayton.....	Calumet		
Hayward (c. h. I.).....	Sawyer		
Hazel Green.....	Grant		
Hazelhurst.....	Oneida		
Hazleton.....	Grant		
Heart Prairie.....	Walworth		
Hebron.....	Jefferson		
Hedge Hog.....	Door		
Hegg.....	Trempealeau		
Hein.....	Clark		
Helena.....	Iowa		
Helenville.....	Jefferson		
Heller.....	Lincoln		

I.

Independence.....	Trempealeau
Indian Ford.....	Rock
Ingram.....	Chippewa
Inlet.....	St. Croix
Interwald.....	Taylor
Iola.....	Waupaca
Ipswich.....	La Fayette
Iron Mountain.....	Dodge
Irma.....	Lincoln
Iron Belt.....	Ashland
Iron Ridge.....	Dodge
Iron River.....	Bayfield
Ironton.....	Sauk
Ironwood.....	Barron
Irving.....	Jackson
Itasca.....	Richland
Ives Grove.....	Racine
Ixonla.....	Jefferson

J.

Jackson.....	Washington
Jacksonport.....	Door
Jamestown.....	Grant
Janesville (c. h. I.).....	Rock
Jeddo.....	Marquette
Jefferson (c. h. I.).....	Jefferson

M.

McDill	Portage
McKenna	Jackson
McMillan	Marathon
McNaughton	Oneida
Macfarland	Dane
Mackville	Outagamie
Madely	Portage
Madison (c. h. I.)	Dane
Magnolia	Rock
Maiden Rock	Pierce
Maine	Marathon
Malcolm	Langlade
Malone	Fond du Lac
Manawa	Waupaca
Manchester	Green Lake
Manitowish	Oneida
Manitowoc (c. h. I.)	Manitowoc
Manning	Vernon
Manville	Marathon
Maple	Douglas
Maple Grove	Manitowoc
Mapleton	Waukesha
Maple Valley	Oconto
Maplewood	Door
Maple Works	Clark
Marathon	Marathon
Marble	Waupaca
Marblehead	Fond du Lac
Marcellon	Columbia
Marcy	Waukesha
Marengo	Ashland
Marinette (c. h. I.)	Marinette
Marion	Waupaca
Markesan	Green Lake
Marquette	Green Lake
Marshall	Dane
Marshfield	Wood
Marshland	Buffalo
Martell	Pierce
Martin	Green
Marxville	Dane
Marytown	Fond du Lac
Mason	Bayfield
Mather's	Juneau
Matt	Monroe
Mauston (c. h. I.)	Juneau
Mayfield	Washington
Mayhew	Walworth
Mayville	Dodge
Mazo Marie (I.)	Dane
Meadow Valley	Juneau
Medford (c. h. I.)	Taylor
Medina (I.)	Outagamie
Meehan	Porte
Meeker	Washington
Meeker's Grove	La Fayette
Meeme	Manitowoc
Meggors	Manitowoc
Mellen	Ashland
Melnick	Manitowoc
Melrose	Jackson
Melushka (I.)	Monroe
Mendota	Winnebago
Menekawnee	Dane
Menomonee (c. h. I.)	Marinette
Menomonie Falls	Dunn
Mequon	Waukesha
Meridian	Ozaukee
Merrill (c. h. I.)	Dunn
Merrillan	Lincoln
Merrimack	Jackson
Merritt's Landing	Sauk
Merton	Marquette
Metomen	Waukesha
Middlebury	Fond du Lac
Middle Ridge	Iowa
Middleton	La Crosse
Midland	Dane
	Marquette

Midway	La Crosse
Minfiln	Iowa
Millford	Jefferson
Milladore	Wood
Millard	Walthworth
Mill Creek	Richland
Millett	Crawford
Millhome	Manitowoc
Mills	Washburn
Mills Centre	Brown
Millston	Jackson
Millville	Grant
Milton	Rock
Milton Junction	Rock
Milwaukee (c. h. I.)	Milwaukee
Stations —	
Bay View (I.)	
Northwest (I.) cor. 12th and Walnut Sts.	
South Side (I.) cor. Nat. Av. and Grove St.	
Third Street (I.) 3d St. bet. Garfield Av.	
and Lloyd St.	
Williamsburg (I.)	
Minodoro	La Crosse
Mineral Point (I.)	Iowa
Minnesota Junction	Dodge
Minocqua	Oneida
Mimong	Washburn
Misha Mokwa	Buffalo
Mishicot	Manitowoc
Mishell	Fond du Lac
Modena	Buffalo
Monche	Waukesha
Mondovi	Buffalo
Monico	Forest
Monroe (c. h. I.)	Green
Monroe Centre	Adams
Montana	Buffalo
Montello (c. h. I.)	Marquette
Monterey	Waukesha
Montfort	Grant
Monticello	Green
Montpellier (now Stangelville)	Kewaunee
Montrorse	Dane
Morgan	Oconto
Morley	Langlade
Morris	Shawano
Morrison	Brown
Morrisonville	Dane
Morse	Ashland
Moscow	Iowa
Mosel	Sheboygan
Mosinee	Marathon
Moundville	Marquette
Mount Calvary	Fond du Lac
Mount Hope	Grant
Mount Horeb	Dane
Mount Ida	Grant
Mount Morris	Waushara
Mount Sterling	Crawford
Mount Tabor	Vernon
Mount Vernon	Dane
Mountain	Oconto
Mukwanago	Waukesha
Muscoda	Grant
Muskego	Waukesha
Myra	Washington

N.

Namekegon	Washburn
Namur	Door
Nashotah	Waukesha
<i>National Home</i>	Milwaukee
Naugart	Marathon
Navan	Jefferson
Necedah	Juneau
Neenah	Winnebago
Neillsville (c. h.)	Clark
Nekimi	Winnebago

Nelson	Buffalo	Oak Hill	Jefferson
Nelsonville	Portage	Oakland	Jefferson
Nenno	Washington	Oakley	Green
Neosho	Dodge	Oakwood	Milwaukee
Neptune	Richland	Oasis	Wausara
Nero	Manitowoc	Oconomowoc (I.)	Waukesha
Neshkoro	Marquette	Oconto (c. h. I.)	Oconto
Nevins	Clark	Oconto Falls	Oconto
New (now Lily)	Langlade	Odanah	Ashland
New Amsterdam	La Crosse	Ogdensburg	Waupaca
Newark	Rock	Ogema	Price
Newberg's Corners	La Crosse	Oil City	Monroe
New Berlin	Waukesha	Okee	Columbia
Newberg	Washington	Olin	Adams
New Castle	Fond du Lac	Olivet	Pierce
New Centreville	St. Croix	Omro	Winnabago
New Chester	Adams	Onalaska	La Crosse
New Coeln	Milwaukee	Oneida	Brown
New Diggings	La Fayette	Ono	Pierce
New Fane	Fond du Lac	Ontario	Vernon
New Franken	Brown	Oostburg	Sheboygan
New Glarus	Green	Orange	Burnett
New Holstein	Calumet	Oregon (I.)	Dane
New Hope	Portage	Orfordville	Rock
New Lisbon (I.)	Juneau	Orihulah	Winnabago
New London (I.)	Waupaca	Orion	Richland
New Munster	Kenosha	Osceola Mills (c. h.)	Polk
Newport	Door	Oshkosh (c. h. I.)	Winnabago
New Prospect	Fond du Lac	Oslo	Manitowoc
New Richmond	St. Croix	Osman	Manitowoc
New Rome	Adams	Osseo	Trempealeau
Newry	Vernon	Ostrander	Waupaca
Newton	Vernon	Otsego	Columbia
Newtonburgh	Manitowoc	Ottawa	Waukesha
Nicholson	Waupaca	Otter Creek	Eau Claire
Nickel	Marathon	Otter Vale	Vernon
Niebull	Adams	Ottman	Pierce
Niles	Manitowoc	Ox Bow	Jackson
Nixcorner	Eau Claire	Oxford	Marquette
Nobleton	Washburn		
Nora	Dane		
Norman	Kewaunee		
Norrie	Marathon		
Norseville	Eau Claire		
North Andover	Grant		
North Bend	Jackson		
North Branch	Jackson		
North Bristol	Dane		
North Cape	Racine		
North Clayton	Crawford		
North Freedom	Sauk		
Norheim	Manitowoc		
Northern Junction	Milwaukee		
Northfield	Jackson		
North Greenfield	Milwaukee		
North Hudson	St. Croix		
North Lake	Waukesha		
Northland	Waupaca		
North Leeds	Columbia		
North Menomonee	Dunn		
Northport	Waupaca		
North Prairie	Waukesha		
North Star	Crawford		
North Valley	Polk		
North West (I.) *	Milwaukee		
Norwalk	Monroe		
Norway Grove	Dane		
Norway Ridge	Monroe		
Nowell	Waupaca		
Nutterville	Marathon		

P.

Oak Centre	Fond du Lac
Oak Creek	Milwaukee
Oakdale	Monroe
Oakfield	Fond du Lac
Oak Grove	Dodge

Pacific	Columbia
Packwaukee	Marquette
Palmyra (I.)	Jefferson
Paoli	Dane
Paradise	Waupaca
Pardeeville	Columbia
Paris	Kenosha
Parish	Langlade
Park Falls	Price
Parnell	Sheboygan
Paskin	S. Barron
Patch Grove	Grant
Patterson	Polk
Paynesville	Milwaukee
Peck	Bayfield
Pedee	Green
Peebles	Fond du Lac
Pelican Lake	Forest
Pella	Shawano
Pembine	Marinette
Pence	Ashland
Pennington	Oneida
Penokee	Ashland
Pensaukee	Oconto
Pepin	Pepin
Perley	Barron
Perry	Dane
Peru	Portage
Peshigo (I.)	Marinette
Petersville	Waupaca
Pewaukee	Waukesha
Pheasant Branch	Dane
Phillips (c. h. I.)	Price
Phlox	Langlade
Pickett	Winnabago
Pigeon Falls	Trempealeau

* Station of Milwaukee P. O.

Pike	Marinette	Rankin	Kewaunee
Pike Lake	Marathon	Ranney	Kenosha
Pilot Knob	Adams	Rantoul	Calumet
Pilson	Kewaunee	Rapp	Monroe
Pine Bluff	Dane	Rathbun	Sheboygan
Pine Grove	Brown	Raymond	Racine
Pine Hill	Jackson	Readfield	Waupaca
Pine Knob	Iowa	Readstown	Vernon
Pine River	Waushara	Red Cedar	Dunn
Pineville	Polk	Red Mound	Vernon
Pipersville	Jefferson	Reed	Chippewa
Pittsville	Wood	Reedsburg	Sauk
Pius	Sheboygan	Reedsville	Manitowoc
Plain	Sauk	Reeseville	Dodge
Plainfield	Waushara	Regina	Shawano
Plainville	Adams	Remington	Wood
Platteville (I.)	Grant	Reserve	Sawyer
Pleasant Prairie	Kenosha	Rest	Vernon
Pleasant Ridge	Clark	Retreat	Vernon
Pleasant Valley	St. Croix	Reuey	Iowa
Plover	Portage	Rhine	Sheboygan
Plum City	Pierce	Rhineland (c. h.)	Oneida
Plummer	Ashland	Rib Falls	Marathon
Plymouth	Sheboygan	Rib Lake	Taylor
Point Bluff	Adams	Rice Lake (I.)	Barron
Polonia	Portage	Riceville (now Jackson)	Washington
Poniatowski	Marathon	Richardson	Polk
Poplar	Douglas	Riches	Sauk
Porcupine	Pepin	Richfield	Washington
Portage (c. h. I.)	Columbia	Richford	Waushara
Port Andrew (now Westport)	Richland	Richland Center (c. h. I.)	Richland
Port Edwards	Wood	Richland City	Richland
Porterfield	Marinette	Richmond	Walworth
Porter's Mills	Eau Claire	Richwood	Dodge
Port Hope	Columbia	Ridgeway	Iowa
Portland	Monroe	Riley	Dane
Port Washington (c. h. I.)	Ozaukee	Ring	Winnebago
Potosi	Grant	Rio	Columbia
Potter	Calumet	Rio Creek	Kewaunee
Pound	Marinette	Ripon (I.)	Fond du Lac
Poygan	Winnebago	Rising Sun	Crawford
Poynette	Columbia	River Falls (I.)	Pierce
Poy Sippi	Waushara	Riverside	Shawano
Prairie du Chien (c. h. I.)	Crawford	Roaring Creek	Jackson
Prairie du Sac	Sauk	Roberts	St. Croix
Prairie Farm	Barron	Robinson	Brown
Pratt	Bayfield	Roche-a-Cri	Adams
Pratt Junction	Forest	Rochester	Racine
Pray	Jackson	Rock Bridge	Richland
Prentice	Price	Rockdale	Dane
Prescott	Pierce	Rock Elm	Pierce
Preston	Grant	Rock Falls	Dunn
Price	Jackson	Rockfield	Washington
Primrose	Dane	Rockland	La Crosse
Princeton	Green Lake	Rock Prairie	Rock
Prion	Fond du Lac	Rockton	Vernon
Prospect	Waukesha	Rockville	Grant
Pulcifer	Shawano	Rocky Run	Columbia
Purdy	Vernon	Rolling Prairie	Dodge
		Romance	Vernon
		Rome	Jefferson
		Romeo	Marathon
		Root Creek	Milwaukee
		Rosecrans	Manitowoc
		Rose Lawn	Shawano
		Rosendale	Fond du Lac
		Rosiere	Kewaunee
		Rostin	Marquette
		Ross	Vernon
		Round Lake	Sawyer
		Rowley's Bay	Door
		Roxbury	Dane
		Royalton	Waupaca
		Rozellville	Marathon
		Rube	Manitowoc
		Rubicon	Dodge
		Rudd's Mills	Monroe
		Rudolph	Wood
		Rural	Waupaca
		Rush Lake	Winnebago
		Rusk	Dunn
		Russell	Trempealeau
		Rutland	Dane
		Ryan	Kewaunee

Q.

Quincy Adams |

R.

Racine (c. h. I.) Racine | Rainbow | Oneida | Randall | Burnett | Randolph (I.) | Dodge | Randolph Centre | Columbia | Random Lake | Sheboygan | Rangeline | Manitowoc |

S.

Sabin	Richland	South Wayne.....	La Fayette
Sagole	Outagamie	<i>Sparta (c. h.)</i>	Monroe
Saint Anna	Sheboygan	Spaulding	Jackson
Saint Cloud.....	Fond du Lac	<i>Spencer</i>	Marathon
<i>St. Croix Falls</i>	Polk	Split Rock	Shawano
Saint Francis	Milwaukee	Spokeville	Clark
Saint George	Sheboygan	Spooner	Washburn
Saint John	Calumet	Sprague	Barron
Saint Joseph	La Crosse	Spring Bluff	Adams
Saint Kilian.....	Fond du Lac	Spring Creek	Adams
Saint Lawrence	Washington	Springfield.....	Walworth
Saint Martin's	Milwaukee	Springfield Corners.....	Dane
Saint Mary's	Monroe	<i>Spring Green</i>	Sauk
Saint Michael's	Washington	Spring Lake.....	Waushara
Saint Nathan's (now Chase).....	Oconto	Spring Prairie	Walworth
<i>Saint Nazianz</i>	Manitowoc	Spring Valley	Pierce
Saint Wendell	Manitowoc	Springville	Vernon
Salem	Kenosha	Spring Water	Waushara
Salona	Door	Spruce	Oconto
Salter	Washington	Standart	Iowa
Sanborn	Ashland	Stangelville	Kewaunee
<i>Sand Creek</i>	Dunn	Stanley	Chippewa
Sandusky	Sauk	Stanton	St. Croix
Sandy Bay	Kewaunee	Star	Vernon
Saratoga	Wood	Stark	Manitowoc
<i>Sauk City (I.)</i>	Sauk	<i>Star Prairie</i>	St. Croix
Saukville.....	Ozaukee	State Line	Oneida
Sawyer	Door	Stearns (now Morris).....	Shawano
Saxeville	Waushara	Stebbinsville	Rock
Saxon	Ashland	Steinthal	Manitowoc
Scandinavia	Waupaca	Stella	Oneida
Schiller	Brown	Stephensville	Outagamie
Schleiserville.....	Washington	Sterling	Clark
Schofield	Marathon	Stetsonville	Taylor
School Hill	Manitowoc	Stettin	Marathon
Schultz	Green	Steuben	Crawford
Scott	Sheboygan	Stevenson's Pier	Door
Scranton	Wood	<i>Stevens Point (c. h. I.)</i>	Portage
Sechlerville.....	Jackson	Stevenson	La Crosse
Seneca	Crawford	Stewart	Green
Sevastopol	Door	Siles	Oconto
Sextonville	Richland	Stinnett	Washburn
<i>Seymour</i>	Outagamie	Stinson	Outagamie
Shamrock	Jackson	Stitzer	Grant
Shantytown.....	Marathon	<i>Stockbridge (I.)</i>	Calumet
<i>Sharon</i>	Walworth	<i>Stockholm</i>	Pepin
<i>Shawano (c. h. I.)</i>	Shawano	Stockton	Portage
<i>Sheboygan (c. h. I.)</i>	Sheboygan	Stoddard	Vernon
<i>Sheboygan Falls</i>	Sheboygan	Stokes	Door
<i>Shell Lake (c. h.)</i>	Washburn	Stone Bank	Waukesha
Sheridan	Waupaca	Stoops	Dunn
Sherman	Portage	Story	Dane
Sherry	Wood	<i>Stoughton</i>	Dane
Sherwood	Calumet	Strasburgh	Langlade
Shiocton.....	Outagamie	Strong's Prairie	Adams
Shopiere	Rock	<i>Sturgeon Bay (c. h. I.)</i>	Door
Shortville	Clark	Strum	Trempealeau
<i>Shullsburg</i>	La Fayette	Suamico	Brown
Sigel	La Crosse	Sugar Bush	Outagamie
Silver Lake	Kenosha	Sugar Grove	Vernon
Silver Creek	Sheboygan	Sullivan	Jefferson
Silver Spring	Milwaukee	Summit Centre.....	Waukesha
Sinsinawa	Grant	Summit Lake	Langlade
Sister Bay	Door	Summit Station.....	Fond du Lac
Slade's Corners	Kenosha	Sumner	Jefferson
Sloan	Kewaunee	<i>Sun Prairie</i>	Dane
Sniderville.....	Outagamie	<i>Superior (c. h. I.)</i>	Douglas
Snow	Clark	Surrey	Portage
Soldier's Grove	Crawford	Sussex	Waukesha
Somers	Kenosha	Sylvan	Richland
Somerset	St. Croix	Sylvan Lake	Langlade
South Byron.....	Fond du Lac	Sylvania	Racine
South Farmington	Polk	Sylvester.....	Green
South Germantown	Washington	Symco	Waupaca
<i>South Kaukauna</i>	Outagamie		
South Osborn	Outagamie	Tabor	Racine
South Range	Douglas	Taus	Manitowoc
<i>South Side (I.)</i>	City of Milwaukee	Taycheedah	Fond du Lac
South Superior	Douglas	<i>Taylor Station</i>	Jackson
		Templeton.....	Waukesha

T.

Terrill	Waushara	Vilas	Dane
Tess Corners	Waukesha	Vinland	Winnebago
Theresa	Dodge	Viola	Richland
Theinsville	Ozaukee	Viroqua (c. h. I.)	Vernon
Third Street (I.)	City of Milwaukee	Volga	Polk
Thiry Daems	Kewaunee	Voseville	Door
Thompson	Washington		
Thompsonville	Racine		
Thorp	Clark		
Three Lakes	Forest		
Tibbetts	Walworth		
Tiffany	Rock		
Tigertown	Shawano		
Tilden (now Strum)	Trempealeau		
Tillinghast	Chippewa		
Timothy	Manitowoc		
Tindahl	Jackson		
Tisch Mills	Manitowoc		
Token	Dane		
Toland	Dodge		
Tomah (I.)	Monroe		
Tomahawk	Lincoln		
Tonet	Kewaunee		
Tornado	Door		
Towerville	Crawford		
Towne	Portage		
Tracy	Shawano		
Trade Lake	Burnett		
Trade River	Polk		
Tramway	Dunn		
Trapp	Marathon		
Trempealeau	Trempealeau		
Trevor	Kenosha		
Trim Belle	Pierce		
Trippville	Vernon		
Trout	Jackson		
Troy	Walworth		
Troy Centre	Walworth		
Truesdell	Kenosha		
Truman	La Fayette		
Tunnel City	Monroe		
Turtle Lake	Barron		
Tustin	Waushara		
Twin Bluffs	Richland		
Twin Grove	Green		
Two Rivers	Manitowoc		
Tyrone	Green		

U.

Ula	Green
Ulysses	Barron
Underhill	Oconto
Union	Rock
Union Centre	Juneau
Union Church	Racine
Union Grove	Racine
Union Mills	Iowa
Unity	Marathon
Upson	Ashland
Urne	Buffalo
Utica	Dane
Utley	Green Lake

V.

Vale	Chippewa
Valley	Vernon
Valley Junction	Monroe
Valton	Sauk
Vanceburgh	Dunn
Van Buskirk	Ashland
Van Dyne	Fond du Lac
Vanzile	Forest
Veazie (now Mills)	Washburn
Velp	Brown
Vernon	Waukesha
Vernon Junction	Chippewa
Vesper	Wood
Victory	Vernon
Vienna	Walworth

W.

Wagon Landing	Polk
Waldo	Sheboygan
Waldwick	Iowa
Wales	Waukesha
Walhain	Kewaunee
Wall	Forest
Wallace	Sawyer
Walworth	Walworth
Waneka	Dunn
Warner	Chippewa
Warren Mills	Monroe
Washburn	Bayfield
Washington Harbor	Door
Waterford	Racine
Waterloo (I.)	Jefferson
Waterman	Clark
Watertown (I.)	Jefferson
Waterville	Waukesha
Wattsville	Milwaukee
Waubeck	Dunn
Waucousta	Fond du Lac
Wandena	Oneida
Waukau	Winnebago
Waukesha (c. h. I.)	Waukesha
Waumandee	Buffalo
Waunakee	Dane
Waupaca (c. h.)	Waupaca
Waupun (I.)	Fond du Lac
Wausau (c. h. I.)	Marathon
Wausemon	Green
Wautoma (c. h.)	Waushara
Wauwatosa	Milwaukee
Wauzeka	Crawford
Waverly	Pierce
Wayne	Washington
Wayside	Brown
Weber	Marathon
Weil	Washington
Wein	Marathon
Weiner	Waukesha
Wequiock	Brown
Werley	Grant
West Bend (c. h. I.)	Washington
West Bloomfield	Waushara
Westboro	Taylor
Westby	Vernon
West Denmark	Polk
West De Pere	Brown
Westport	Richland
Westfield (I.)	Marquette
West Granville	Milwaukee
West Lima	Richland
West Middleton	Dane
West Point	Columbia
West Prairie	Vernon
West Rosendale	Fond du Lac
West Salem	La Crosse
West Superior	Douglas
West Sweden	Polk
Western Union	Racine
Weston	Dunn
Weyauwega (I.)	Waupaca
Weyerhaeuser	Chippewa
Wheatville	Crawford
Wheeler	Dunn
Whitcomb	Shawano
White Birch	Douglas
White Creek	Adams
Whitehall (c. h.)	Trempealeau
White Mound	Sauk
White Oak	La Fayette
Whitewater (I.)	Walworth
Whittlesey	Taylor

Wilcox.....	Clark	Woodville.....	St. Croix
Wild Rose.....	Waushara	Woodworth.....	Kenosha
Wildwood.....	St. Croix	Worcester.....	Price
Williamsburg (I).....	City of Milwaukee	Wrightstown.....	Brown
Willmot.....	Kenosha	Wrightsville.....	Jackson
Wilson.....	St. Croix	Wuertsburg.....	Marathon
Wilton.....	Monroe	Wyalusing.....	Grant
Winchester.....	Winnebago	Wyeville.....	Monroe
Windsor.....	Dane	Wyocena.....	Columbia
Winnebago.....	Winnebago	Wyoming.....	Iowa
Winneconne.....	Winnebago		
Winooski.....	Sheboygan		
Wiota.....	La Fayette		
Withee.....	Clark		
Wittenberg.....	Shawano		
Wolf Creek.....	Polk		
Wonewoc.....	Juneau		
Wood.....	Vernon		
Woodford.....	La Fayette		
Woodhull.....	Fond du Lac		
Wood Lake.....	Burnett		
Woodland.....	Dodge		
Woodman.....	Grant		
Woodruff.....	Oneida		
Woodstock.....	Richland		

Y.

Yellow Stone ..	La Fayette
York.....	Jackson
Yorkville.....	Racine
Young America.....	Washington
Yuba.....	Richland

Z.

Zittau.....	Winnebago
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LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES IN WISCONSIN, WITH SALARIES OF POST-MASTERS TO DECEMBER 31, 1890.

The Postmasters at these offices are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. All other Postmasters rank as fourth class, and are appointed by the Postmaster General.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Antigo.....	Langlade.....	3	\$1,600
Appleton.....	Outagamie.....	2	2,400
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	3	2,400
Augusta.....	Eau Claire.....	3	1,000
Baraboo.....	Sauk.....	3	1,800
Beaver Dam.....	Dodge.....	3	1,700
Beloit.....	Rock.....	2	2,300
Berlin.....	Green Lake.....	3	1,800
Black River Falls.....	Jackson.....	3	1,500
Boscobel.....	Grant.....	3	1,100
Brodhead.....	Green.....	3	1,200
Burlington.....	Racine.....	3	1,400
Chilton.....	Calumet.....	3	1,000
Chippewa Falls.....	Chippewa.....	2	2,100
Clinton.....	Rock.....	3	1,100
Clintonville.....	Waupaca.....	3	1,000
Columbus.....	Columbia.....	3	1,700
Darlington.....	LaFayette.....	3	1,400
Delavan.....	Walworth.....	3	1,500
De Pere.....	Brown.....	3	1,300
Dodgeville.....	Iowa.....	3	1,200
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	2	2,500
Edgerton.....	Rock.....	3	1,100
Elkhorn.....	Walworth.....	3	1,300
Evansville.....	Rock.....	3	1,400
Florence.....	Florence.....	3	1,100
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	2	2,400
Fort Atkinson.....	Jefferson.....	3	1,700
Fort Howard.....	Brown.....	3	1,400
Grand Rapids.....	Wood.....	3	1,100
Green Bay.....	Brown.....	2	2,300
Hayward.....	Sawyer.....	3	1,200
Hudson.....	St. Croix.....	3	1,500
Hurley.....	Ashland.....	3	1,500
Janesville.....	Rock.....	2	2,500
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	3	1,600
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	3	1,900
Kilbuck City.....	Columbia.....	3	1,000
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	2	2,900
Lake Geneva.....	Walworth.....	3	1,600
Lancaster.....	Grant.....	3	1,300
Madison.....	Dane.....	2	2,800
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	2	2,000
Marinette.....	Marinette.....	2	2,100
Marshfield.....	Wood.....	3	1,400
Mauston.....	Juneau.....	3	1,300
Medford.....	Taylor.....	3	1,000
Menasha.....	Winnebago.....	3	1,600
Menomonie.....	Dunn.....	3	1,700
Merrill.....	Lincoln.....	3	1,900
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1	3,800
Mineral Point.....	Iowa.....	3	1,400
Monoce.....	Green.....	3	1,700
Necedah.....	Juneau.....	3	1,000
Neenah.....	Winnebago.....	3	1,800
Neillsville.....	Clark.....	3	1,400
New London.....	Waupaca.....	3	1,300
New Richmond.....	St. Croix.....	3	1,400
Oconomowoc.....	Waukesha.....	3	1,500
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	3	1,700
Oshkosh.....	Winnebago.....	2	2,700
Phillips.....	Price.....	3	1,100

POST-OFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES — Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Platteville.....	Grant	3	\$1,500
Plymouth	Sheboygan	3	1,100
Portage	Columbia	3	1,800
Prairie du Chien	Crawford	3	1,200
Racine.....	Racine	2	2,800
Reedsburg.....	Sauk	3	1,300
Rhineland	Oneida	3	1,500
Rice Lake	Barron	3	1,300
Richland Center.....	Richland	3	1,400
Ripon.....	Fond du Lac.....	3	1,700
River Falls	Pierce	3	1,500
Shawano	Shawano	3	1,000
Sheboygan	Sheboygan.....	2	2,400
Sheboygan Falls	Sheboygan.....	3	1,100
Shullsburgh	LaFayette	3	1,000
South Kaukauna.....	Outagamie.....	3	1,000
Sparta.....	Monroe	3	1,700
Stevens' Point.....	Portage	3	1,900
Stoughton	Dane	3	1,500
Sturgeon Bay	Door	3	1,100
Superior.....	Douglas.....	3	1,300
Tomah	Monroe	3	1,500
Tomahawk	Lincoln	3	1,200
Viroqua	Vernon	3	1,300
Washburn	Bayfield.....	3	1,300
Watertown	Jefferson.....	2	2,100
Waukesha.....	Waukesha	2	2,200
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	3	1,500
Waupun.....	Fond du Lac	3	1,600
Wausau	Marathon	2	2,100
Wauwatosa	Milwaukee	3	1,000
West Superior.....	Douglas	2	2,200
Whitewater	Walworth.....	3	1,900

POSTOFFICES IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY.

Table showing the whole number of postoffices in each state and territory; number of presidential offices in each class; whole number of presidential offices; number of offices of the fourth class; and also number of money-order offices and stations, December 13 1890.

States and Territories.	Whole number of offices.	Offices of the First class.	Offices of the Second class.	Offices of the Third class.	Whole number of Presidential offices.	Offices of the Fourth class.	Money-order offices.	Money-order stations.	Postal-note offices.
Alabama.....	1,933	2	5	22	29	1,904	138	.....	9
Alaska.....	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	17	2	.....	.....
Arizona.....	169	.....	1	4	5	164	30	.....	.....
Arkansas.....	1,504	1	3	23	27	1,477	137	.....	29
California.....	1,368	4	14	65	83	1,285	276	14	18
Colorado.....	673	1	7	33	41	632	133	.....	11
Connecticut.....	501	5	13	45	63	438	101	.....	.....
Delaware.....	156	1	.....	7	8	148	19	.....	.....
District of Columbia.....	13	1	.....	.....	1	12	1	14	.....
Florida.....	855	1	6	13	20	835	116	.....	14
Georgia.....	1,911	4	4	26	34	1,877	161	.....	12
Idaho.....	261	.....	1	5	6	255	41	.....	.....
Illinois.....	2,422	5	35	161	201	2,221	684	34	40
Indiana.....	2,062	5	23	74	102	1,900	386	2	30
Indian Territory.....	376	.....	2	4	6	370	32	.....	2
Iowa.....	1,793	7	17	115	139	1,654	611	4	36
Kansas.....	1,816	2	18	101	121	1,695	537	1	36
Kentucky.....	2,261	1	9	37	47	2,214	146	.....	14
Louisiana.....	870	1	2	13	16	854	87	6	47
Maine.....	1,107	2	8	37	47	1,060	143	.....	4
Maryland.....	1,055	1	4	17	22	1,033	75	17	2
Massachusetts.....	859	7	40	98	145	714	205	24	.....
Michigan.....	1,863	4	27	109	140	1,723	490	3	22
Minnesota.....	1,277	3	8	49	60	1,217	240	8	18
Mississippi.....	1,304	.....	5	25	30	1,274	190	.....	10
Missouri.....	2,407	3	10	80	93	2,314	428	8	69
Montana.....	359	1	3	13	17	342	49	.....	4
Nebraska.....	1,109	2	8	70	80	1,029	301	.....	16
Nevada.....	150	.....	2	4	6	144	23	.....	2
New Hampshire.....	507	1	5	32	38	499	98	.....	3
New Jersey.....	840	5	25	47	77	763	116	17	1
New Mexico.....	250	.....	2	7	9	241	45	.....	2
New York.....	3,438	11	65	175	251	3,187	608	62	9
North Carolina.....	2,556	.....	7	23	30	2,526	155	.....	18
North Dakota.....	493	.....	2	15	17	476	62	.....	2
Ohio.....	3,102	8	46	107	161	2,941	602	12	39
Oklahoma*.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oregon.....	666	1	2	16	19	647	91	.....	10
Pennsylvania.....	4,617	20	47	154	209	4,408	581	40	21
Rhode Island.....	142	1	5	8	14	128	25	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	1,122	1	2	20	23	1,099	91	2	2
South Dakota.....	674	.....	6	28	34	640	121	.....	7
Tennessee.....	2,298	4	3	28	35	2,263	142	5	14
Texas.....	2,294	5	12	68	85	2,209	374	.....	54
Utah.....	253	1	1	3	5	248	42	.....	4
Vermont.....	541	.....	9	22	31	510	109	.....	2
Virginia.....	2,728	2	8	31	41	2,687	107	.....	4
Washington.....	609	2	4	17	23	616	88	.....	14
West Virginia.....	1,604	1	3	17	21	1,593	81	.....	7
Wisconsin.....	1,665	1	19	75	95	1,570	326	7	22
Wyoming.....	217	.....	2	5	7	210	21	.....	.....
Totals.....	63,137	116	550	2,148	2,814	60,323	9,567	280	675

* Included in Indian Territory.

POST-OFFICE REGULATIONS.

RATES OF POSTAGE, ETC.

1. *First-Class.*—Letters, and all other written matter, whether sealed or unsealed, and all other matter, sealed, nailed, sewed, tied or fastened in any manner, so that it cannot be easily examined, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards one cent each. Postal cards are unmailable with any writing or printing on the address-side, except the direction, or with anything pasted upon or attached to them.

2. *Second-Class.*—Newspapers and periodical publications, when sent by publishers or news-agents, one cent a pound or fraction thereof. Newspapers and periodical publications sent by persons other than the publishers and news-agents, one cent for every four ounces or fraction thereof.

3. *Third-Class.*—Printed matter, in unsealed wrappers only (all matter inclosed in sealed envelopes notched on the sides or corners must pay letter rates), one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof, which must be fully prepaid. This includes books, circulars, chromos, hand-bills, engravings, lithographs, magazines, music, pamphlets, proof-sheets and manuscripts accompanying the same, reproductions by the electric pen, hektograph, metallograph, papyrograph, photographs and "blue prints," and, in short, any reproduction upon paper by any process, except handwriting, type-writing, and the copying-press, not in the nature of a personal correspondence. Limit of weight four pounds, except for a single book, which may weigh more. Third-class matter must be fully prepaid, or it will not be forwarded.

4. *Fourth-Class.*—All mailable matter not included in the three preceding classes which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily withdrawn from the wrapper and examined. Rate, one cent per ounce or fraction thereof. Limit of weight four pounds. Full prepayment compulsory.

5. *Rates of Postage to Canada.*—(The Dominion of Canada embraces all the British North American Provinces except Newfoundland.)

Letters and Postal Cards.—Same rate and conditions of prepayment of postage as for domestic letters and postal cards.

Other Matter.—Same rates and conditions of transmission as for matter for delivery within the United States, except that merchandise is rigidly excluded. Samples of merchandise are mailable, but they must not exceed eight ounces in weight, and are subject to a postage of ten cents each. They must also be strictly specimens of goods for sale.

6. *Rates of Postage to Postal Union Countries.*—Letters, five cents per half ounce or fraction thereof (fifteen grams being the postal equivalent of half an ounce).

Postal cards two cents each. Registration fee ten cents. Printed matter and samples of merchandise, one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Letter Sheet Envelopes.—Containing stamped envelope and letter sheet, are furnished by the department, on application to postmasters, at 3 cents each, or \$2.30 per 100, or \$23.00 per 1,000.

7. *Rates to Other Foreign Countries.*—For rates of postage, conditions of prepayment, limit of size and weight, and manner of wrapping matter addressed to other foreign countries, ask your postmaster, who is furnished with a monthly Official Postal Guide containing all necessary information on this subject.

8. *Unmailable Matter.*—Obscene books, letters, papers, pictures, and postal cards; lottery circulars and letters; liquids (except as permitted in the regulations); gunpowder, and other explosives; live reptiles, animals and insects (except queen bees); poisons; and any article liable to injure the mails or the persons of those handling them.

9. *Weighing Packages.*—If you have no scales, have all packages weighed at the post-office. Postage must be prepaid in full or the package will not be forwarded.

RE-FORWARDING.

10. Letters will be re-forwarded from one post-office to another upon the written request of the person addressed, without additional charge for postage; but packages of third and fourth class matter cannot be forwarded or returned without a new payment of postage.

THE POSTAL MONEY-ORDER SYSTEM.

The fees or charges for domestic money-orders will be as follows:

For orders not exceeding \$5	5 cents.
For orders exceeding \$5 and not exceeding \$10	8 cents.
For orders exceeding \$10 and not exceeding \$15	10 cents.
For orders exceeding \$15 and not exceeding \$30	15 cents.
For orders exceeding \$30 and not exceeding \$40	20 cents.
For orders exceeding \$40 and not exceeding \$50	25 cents.
For orders exceeding \$50 and not exceeding \$60	30 cents.
For orders exceeding \$60 and not exceeding \$70	35 cents.
For orders exceeding \$70 and not exceeding \$80	40 cents.
For orders exceeding \$80 and not exceeding \$100	45 cents.

Postal notes for sums less than five dollars, payable to bearer at any time within three months from the last day of the month of issue, are sold at all money-order offices. The fee for a postal note is three cents. No duplicate postal note can be issued.

FOREIGN MONEY-ORDERS.

There are now in operation postal conventions for the exchange of money-orders between the United States and the following foreign countries, viz : Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada and Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, the Hawaiian Kingdom, Sweden and Japan.

RATES OF COMMISSION OR FEES CHARGED FOR THE ISSUE OF ALL INTERNATIONAL MONEY-ORDERS.

For sums not exceeding \$10	10 cents.
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20	20 cents.
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30	30 cents.
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40	40 cents.
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50	50 cents.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STATES AND TERRITORIES WITH POPULATION — 1840 TO 1890.

States and Territories.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.
TOTAL.....	17,069,453	23,191,876	31,443,321	38,558,371	50,155,783	62,622,250
Alabama.....	12 590,756	12 771,623	13 964,201	16 995,992	17 1,262,505	17 1,513,017
Alaska.....						
Arizona.....						
Arkansas.....	25 97,574	26 209,897	26 435,450	26 484,471	25 802,535	24 1,128,179
California.....		29 92,507	25 379,994	24 560,247	24 864,694	23 1,208,150
Colorado.....			38 84,277	42 89,894	35 194,327	31 412,198
Connecticut.....	20 309,978	21 370,793	24 460,147	25 537,454	28 622,700	29 746,258
Delaware.....	26 78,085	30 91,532	32 112,216	35 125,015	38 146,608	42 108,498
District of Col.	28 43,712	33 51,687	35 75,080	34 131,700	36 177,624	39 230,392
Florida.....	27 54,477	31 87,442	31 140,424	33 187,748	34 269,493	32 391,422
Georgia.....	9 691,392	9 906,185	11 1,057,286	12 1,184,109	13 1,542,180	12 1,637,353
Idaho.....						
Illinois.....	14 476,183	11 851,470	4 1,711,951	4 2,539,891	3 3,077,871	3 3,826,351
Indiana.....	10 685,866	7 983,416	6 1,350,428	6 1,690,637	6 1,978,301	8 2,192,404
Indian Ter*.....						
Iowa.....	29 43,112	27 192,214	30 674,813	11 1,194,020	10 1,624,615	10 1,911,896
Kansas.....			33 107,206	29 364,399	20 996,096	19 1,427,096
Kentucky.....	6 779,828	8 982,405	9 1,155,684	8 1,321,011	8 1,648,690	11 1,858,635
Louisiana.....	19 352,411	18 517,762	17 708,002	21 726,915	22 939,946	25 1,118,587
Maine.....	13 501,793	16 583,169	22 628,279	23 626,915	27 648,936	30 661,066
Maryland.....	15 470,010	17 583,034	19 687,049	20 780,894	23 934,943	27 1,042,390
Massachusetts.....	8 737,609	6 904,514	7 1,231,036	7 1,457,351	7 1,783,085	6 2,238,943
Michigan.....	23 212,267	20 397,654	16 749,113	13 1,184,053	9 1,636,957	9 2,093,889
Minnesota.....		36 6,077	30 172,023	28 439,706	26 780,773	21 1,901,826
Mississippi.....	17 375,651	15 606,526	14 791,305	18 827,922	18 1,131,597	21 1,289,600
Missouri.....	16 383,702	13 682,044	8 1,182,012	5 1,721,295	5 2,168,980	5 2,679,184
Montana.....						
Nebraska.....						
Nevada.....						
N. Hampshire.....	22 284,574	22 317,976	27 320,073	31 318,300	31 346,991	33 376,530
New Jersey.....	18 373,306	19 489,555	21 672,035	17 966,096	19 1,131,116	18 1,444,933
New Mexico.....		32 61,547	34 93,516	37 91,874	40 119,565	13 153,593
New York.....	1 2,428,921	1 3,037,394	1 3,880,735	1 4,382,759	1 5,082,871	1 5,997,853
N. Carolina.....	7 753,419	10 899,039	12 932,622	14 1,071,361	15 1,339,750	16 1,617,947
North Dakota.....						
Ohio.....	9 1,519,467	3 1,930,329	3 2,339,511	3 2,665,200	3 3,198,062	4 3,672,316
Oklahoma.....						
Oregon.....						
Pennsylvania.....	2 1,724,032	2 13,294	36 52,405	38 90,923	37 174,768	38 313,767
Rhode Island.....	24 108,830	23 147,545	29 174,620	32 217,353	33 276,531	35 345,506
S. Carolina.....	11 594,399	14 603,507	18 703,708	22 705,606	21 995,577	23 1,151,149
South Dakota.....						
Tennessee.....	5 829,210	5 1,002,717	10 1,109,801	9 1,258,520	12 1,542,359	13 1,767,518
Texas.....						
Utah.....						
Vermont.....	21 291,948	23 314,120	25 315,098	30 330,551	32 332,286	36 322,422
Virginia.....	4 1,239,797	4 1,421,661	5 1,599,318	10 1,225,163	14 1,512,565	15 1,655,980
Washington.....						
West Virginia.....						
Wisconsin.....	30 30,945	24 305,391	15 775,881	15 1,054,670	16 1,315,437	14 1,686,880
Wyoming.....						

NOTE.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the states and territories according to magnitude of population.

*Not included in totals.

Table of States admitted, with date of ratification of constitution and date of admission into Union since adoption of same, and how formed.

	Name of States and Territories.	Ratification or date of admission.	How formed.
1	Alabama	1819	Formed from territory ceded United States by South Carolina and Georgia; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted July 13, 1868.
2	Alaska		Russia, treaty 1867.
3	Arizona		Mexico, treaty 1848, and "Gadsden purchase," 1853.
4	Arkansas	1836	France, treaty 1803, under name of "Louisiana."
5	California	1850	Mexico, treaty 1848.
6	Colorado	1876	Mexico, treaty 1848, and France, 1803.
7	Connecticut	1783	One of the thirteen original states.
8	Delaware	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
9	Dist. of Columbia		Established under 17th clause of 8th, section constitution United States. From Maryland and Virginia acts of states, 1783-89.
10	Florida	1845	From territory ceded United States by Spain, treaty 1819; seceded January 11, 1861; readmitted June 25, 1868.
11	Georgia	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded January 19, 1861; readmitted act of July 15, 1870.
12	Idaho	1890	From territory ceded by France, treaty 1803.
13	Illinois	1818	Virginia.
14	Indiana	1816	Virginia.
15	Indian Territory		France, treaty 1803.
16	Iowa	1846	From portion of territory of Wisconsin as territory of Iowa, June 12, 1838.
17	Kansas	1861	Territory ceded by France, 1803, and Texas, 1850.
18	Kentucky	1792	Territory of Virginia.
19	Louisiana	1812	France, treaty 1803; seceded January 26, 1861; readmitted July 9, 1868.
20	Maine	1820	Massachusetts.
21	Maryland	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
22	Massachusetts	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
23	Michigan	1837	Virginia.
24	Minnesota	1858	France, treaty 1803.
25	Mississippi	1817	France, treaty 1803; Georgia and South Carolina; seceded January 9, 1861; readmitted act February 23, 1870.
26	Missouri	1821	France, treaty 1803.
27	Montana	1889	France, treaty 1803.
28	Nebraska	1867	France, treaty 1803.
29	Nevada	1864	Mexico, treaty 1848.
30	New Hampshire	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
31	New Jersey	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
32	New Mexico		Mexico, treaty 1848.
33	New York	1788	One of the thirteen original states.
34	North Carolina	1789	One of the thirteen original states; seceded May 21, 1861; readmitted July 4, 1868.
35	North Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
36	Ohio	1802	Virginia.
37	Oklahoma		From portion of Indian Territory.
38	Oregon	1859	France, 1803; Spain, 1819, and Great Britain, 1846.
39	Pennsylvania	1787	One of the thirteen original states.
40	Rhode Island	1790	One of the thirteen original states.
41	South Carolina	1788	One of the thirteen original states; seceded December 20, 1860; readmitted July 9, 1868.
42	South Dakota	1889	France, 1803.
43	Tennessee	1796	North Carolina; seceded May 6, 1861; readmitted July 24, 1866.
44	Texas	1845	Originally part of Republic of Mexico. By revolt independence established and annexed to United States; seceded February 1, 1861; readmitted act March 30, 1870.
45	Utah		Mexico, treaty 1848, and Gadsden purchase, 1852.
46	Vermont	1791	New York.
47	Virginia	1788	One of the thirteen original states; area at date of ratification was 61,352 square miles; on December, 31, 1862, portion was set off and admitted into Union as "West Virginia"; seceded April 17, 1860; readmitted act of, January 26, 1870.
48	Washington	1889	France, 1803; northern boundary settled by treaty with Great Britain; "Oregon, treaty," June 15, 1846.
49	West Virginia	1862	Virginia.
50	Wisconsin	1848	Michigan, as territory of Wisconsin, April 20, 1836.
51	Wyoming	1890	France, 1803.

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1836-1890.

(STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS BY COUNTIES.)

COUNTIES.	1836.	1838.	1840.	1842.	1846.	1847.	1850.	1855.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1890.
Adams.							187	6,868	6,492	5,698	6,601	6,502	6,741	6,921	6,889
Ashland.									515	256	221	750	1,559	6,941	20,063
Barron.									13		538	3,737	7,023	13,596	15,416
Bayfield.									269	344	1,032	564	3,431	7,390	7,390
Brown.	2,706	3,049	2,107	2,146	2,662	2,914	6,215	6,699	11,795	15,282	25,168	35,373	34,090	36,921	39,164
Buffalo.								832	3,861	6,776	11,123	14,219	15,528	16,483	15,997
Burnett.									12	171	706	1,456	3,140	4,607	4,393
Calumet.			275	407	833	1,050	1,743	3,631	7,995	8,698	12,335	15,065	16,631	17,067	16,639
Chippewa.							615	898	1,895	3,278	8,811	13,995	15,492	25,135	25,143
Clark.								232	789	1,011	3,450	7,282	10,715	15,423	17,708
Columbia.					1,966	3,791	9,565	17,965	24,411	26,112	28,802	28,808	28,065	29,855	28,350
Crawford.	1,220	850	1,502	1,449	1,444	1,409	2,498	3,323	8,068	11,011	13,075	15,095	15,644	16,181	15,987
Dane.		172	314	776	8,239	10,935	16,639	37,714	43,922	50,192	53,096	52,798	53,284	58,400	59,578
Dodge.		18	67	149	7,787	14,006	19,138	34,540	42,818	46,841	47,035	48,394	45,928	46,333	44,984
Dor.								739	2,948	3,098	4,919	8,020	11,645	15,552	15,682
Douglas.								385	812	532	1,122	741	655	2,704	13,468
Dunn.								1,796	2,704	5,170	9,488	13,427	16,818	21,951	26,664
Eau Claire.									3,162	5,281	10,769	15,991	10,602	34,789	30,673
Florence.														1,730	2,604
Fond du Lac.			139	295	3,548	7,459	14,510	24,784	34,154	42,029	46,273	50,241	46,855	46,822	44,088
Forest.														425	1,012
Grant.		2,763	3,926	5,937	12,034	11,720	16,198	23,170	31,189	33,618	37,979	39,086	37,852	37,277	30,651
Green.		494	932	1,594	4,758	6,487	8,566	14,827	19,808	20,646	23,611	22,027	21,729	23,071	22,732
Green Lake.									12,663	12,596	13,195	15,274	14,481	16,008	15,163
Iowa.	3,218	5,234	3,978	5,029	14,906	7,963	9,532	15,205	18,967	20,657	24,544	24,133	23,628	22,872	22,117
Jackson.								1,098	4,170	5,631	7,687	11,339	13,283	15,902	15,797
Jefferson.								26,869	30,438	30,596	34,050	34,908	32,155	34,256	33,530
Juneau.		438	914	1,638	8,680	11,464	15,317	8,770	10,013	12,396	15,300	15,800	17,024	17,121	17,121
Kenosha.							10,734	12,307	13,900	12,676	13,177	13,907	13,550	14,137	15,581
Kewaunee.								1,109	5,530	7,039	10,281	14,405	15,805	17,278	16,153
La Crosse.								3,904	12,186	14,894	20,295	23,945	27,072	34,791	38,801
La Fayette.						9,335	11,531	16,064	18,134	20,358	22,667	22,169	21,278	20,467	20,265
La Pointe.						367									
Langlade.															
Lincoln.													685	5,912	9,465
Manitowoc.												895	2,011	6,989	12,008
Marathon.			235	263	629	1,285	3,702	13,018	22,416	26,762	33,369	38,456	37,506	38,692	37,831
Marquette.							489	447	2,892	3,678	5,885	10,111	17,121	27,053	30,369
Marquette.													8,929	13,494	20,304
Marquette.			18	59	989	2,261	508	1,427	8,233	7,327	8,057	8,597	8,907	9,487	9,676

Milwaukee.....	2,893	3,131	5,605	9,505	15,925	22,791	31,077	46,265	62,518	72,320	89,936	122,927	138,523	189,660	236,101
Monroe.....								2,407	8,410	11,652	16,552	21,036	21,606	23,549	23,211
Oconto.....								1,501	3,592	4,858	8,322	13,812	9,843	13,205	15,009
Oneida.....															5,010
Outagamie.....								4,914	9,587	11,852	18,440	25,558	28,716	35,659	38,690
Ozaukee.....								12,973	15,682	14,882	15,579	16,545	15,462	15,797	14,943
Pepin.....									2,393	3,002	4,659	5,816	6,226	6,972	6,932
Pierce.....								1,720	4,672	6,324	10,003	15,101	17,744	19,645	20,885
Polk.....									547	1,400	1,677	3,422	6,736	10,018	12,968
Portage.....			1,623	646	931	1,504	1,250	5,151	7,507	8,145	10,640	14,856	17,731	23,248	24,798
Price.....													785	3,071	5,258
Racine.....		2,054	3,475	6,318	17,983	19,539	14,973	20,673	21,360	22,884	26,742	28,702	30,921	35,398	36,268
Richland.....							963	5,584	9,732	12,186	15,736	17,353	18,174	19,303	19,121
Rock.....			1,701	2,867	12,405	14,729	20,750	31,364	36,690	36,033	39,030	39,039	38,823	42,620	43,220
St. Croix.....					1,419	1,614	624	2,040	5,392	7,255	11,039	14,956	18,956	22,379	23,139
Sauk.....			102	393	1,003	2,178	4,371	13,614	18,963	20,154	23,868	26,932	28,729	30,359	30,575
Sawyer.....														2,431	1,977
Shawano.....								254	829	1,369	3,165	6,635	10,371	16,629	19,236
Sheboygan.....			133	221	1,637	5,580	8,310	20,301	26,875	27,671	31,773	34,021	34,206	38,600	42,489
Taylor.....												849	2,311	5,703	6,731
Trempealeau.....								493	2,569	5,199	10,728	14,992	17,189	19,112	18,920
Vernon.....								4,823	11,007	13,644	18,673	21,524	23,235	21,423	25,111
Walworth.....		1,010	2,611	4,618	13,439	15,039	17,862	22,602	26,496	25,773	25,992	26,259	26,249	27,802	27,860
Washburn.....														1,671	2,926
Washington.....								18,897	23,622	24,019	23,905	23,862	23,442	23,692	22,751
Waukesha.....		64	343	905	7,473	15,447	19,485	24,012	26,831	27,029	28,258	11,523	28,957	31,123	33,270
Waupaca.....					13,793	15,866	19,258	4,437	8,851	11,208	15,533	19,646	20,954	25,340	26,794
Waushara.....								5,541	8,770	9,002	11,379	29,425	12,688	13,921	13,507
Winnebago.....			135	143	732	2,747	10,107	17,439	23,770	29,707	37,325	45,033	42,741	50,395	50,097
Wood.....									2,425	2,965	3,911	6,048	8,981	14,358	18,127
Total.....	11,683	18,139	30,945	44,478	155,277	210,546	305,391	552,109	775,881	868,325	1,054,670	1,236,729	1,315,480	1,563,413	1,686,880

NOTE.—In 1830, the population of Wisconsin Territory was 3,245, and there were but two counties, Brown and Crawford.

TABULAR STATEMENT, SHOWING TOTAL POPULATION AND NATIVITY BY COUNTIES — CENSUS 1885.

COUNTIES.	White Male.	White Fem'le.	Colored Male.	Colored Fem'le.	Grand Total.	United States.	Germany.	Great Britain.	Ireland.	France.	British Am'ica.	Scandinavia.	Holland.	Bohemia.	All Others.
Adams	3,621	3,233	30	37	6,921	5,433	253	107	162	11	31	556	1	.....	162
Ashland.....	3,839	2,602	23	264	6,941	4,271	1,375	51	208	168	133	661	.....	.....	74
Barron	7,507	6,073	9	7	13,596	9,244	591	93	105	104	303	2,661	25	20	450
Bayfield.....	2,179	1,251	1	.....	3,431	2,054	121	67	34	21	421	678	1	8	26
Brown	18,874	17,957	48	42	36,921	24,401	4,109	322	1,104	156	903	1,557	1,745	650	1,968
Buffalo	8,887	7,596	.....	.....	16,483	10,771	3,409	163	342	22	161	1,323	39	25	223
Burnett	2,011	1,872	718	6	4,607	2,571	27	9	8	7	1,975	6	.....	.....	6
Calumet	9,011	8,271	192	193	17,667	12,352	4,574	101	389	29	43	67	78	.....	43
Chippewa	14,070	11,051	9	5	25,135	16,831	2,335	335	577	29	2,881	1,649	25	300	270
Clark	8,391	7,029	3	.....	15,423	11,330	2,313	257	132	64	514	691	16	20	86
Columbia	15,311	14,471	24	20	29,855	22,051	3,811	1,718	87	34	114	1,012	39	45	64
Crawford.....	8,352	7,821	4	4	16,181	12,992	787	182	603	24	155	816	3	600	13
Dane	30,242	28,051	56	46	58,400	40,318	6,344	1,479	1,942	160	228	7,552	33	250	134
Dodge	23,758	22,524	31	20	46,333	30,639	12,948	857	1,151	68	142	283	106	175	9
Door	8,295	7,208	21	28	15,552	9,933	1,922	115	240	51	439	1,831	23	306	625
Douglas	1,675	1,023	4	2	2,704	1,721	90	82	105	13	248	377	1	.....	62
Dunn	11,970	9,973	4	4	21,951	14,773	2,479	219	209	30	302	3,763	5	21	146
Eau Claire.....	18,494	16,276	12	7	34,789	22,675	3,653	533	680	123	2,012	4,828	9	50	226
Florence	958	736	2	4	1,720	957	178	153	210	210	44	314	.....	.....	14
Fond du Lac.....	23,479	23,161	100	82	46,822	34,347	8,299	989	1,653	53	676	115	529	50	111
Forest	192	104	117	12	425	332	24	18	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	19
Grant	18,835	18,377	31	34	37,277	30,283	3,359	1,576	774	72	101	453	77	570	9
Green	11,832	11,211	15	12	23,071	18,185	1,418	401	578	23	9	713	7	.....	21,734
Green Lake.....	8,184	7,814	6	4	16,008	10,371	4,357	633	213	7	46	82	6	.....	261
Iowa	11,559	11,294	11	8	22,872	17,116	1,224	2,399	867	20	110	946	1	189	.....
Jackson	8,92	7,084	317	309	15,902	11,057	95	205	132	18	111	3,216	5	60	87
Jefferson	17,250	16,943	37	16	34,256	23,279	8,944	760	508	3	94	303	20	239	.....
Juneau	8,808	8,121	47	45	17,024	13,059	1,372	373	857	12	237	924	6	150	4
Kenosha	7,214	6,913	15	5	14,137	10,070	2,428	520	436	38	86	344	52	16	147
Kewaunee	8,854	8,399	12	13	17,278	10,454	2,608	106	175	448	37	204	4	3,000	202
La Crosse	17,833	16,898	37	23	34,791	21,555	5,648	589	591	62	477	4,330	297	1,000	242
La Fayette.....	10,420	10,044	2	1	20,467	16,098	726	1,321	1,321	24	50	917	13	.....	51
Langlade	8,222	2,639	29	22	5,912	4,351	704	45	41	15	179	66	29	79	400
Lincoln	8,891	2,959	91	45	6,989	4,889	1,175	72	82	21	296	359	.....	40	88
Manitowoc	19,749	18,935	4	4	38,692	24,551	9,276	179	614	153	242	1,107	232	2,284	.....
Marathon	14,341	12,533	63	63	27,053	15,585	9,091	135	161	103	619	1,635	11	105	613
Marinette	7,527	5,911	8	8	13,494	7,524	1,545	440	225	38	1,839	1,637	25	90	131
Marquette	4,848	4,618	1	.....	9,467	6,212	2,460	321	371	2	42	56	2	.....	18

Milwaukee	94,376	92,950	217	117	187,660	111,349	57,256	3,054	3,755	263	650	1,640	756	1,931	*6,997
Monroe	12,032	11,325	103	99	23,549	17,762	3,230	480	661	23	85	1,146	60	100	2
Oconto	7,059	6,101	25	20	13,205	8,614	1,506	158	268	115	1,331	835	111	200	7
Outagamie	18,216	17,208	24	23	35,550	24,868	7,852	327	669	78	432	256	721	230	136
Ozaukee	8,064	7,732	.....	1	15,797	10,610	4,393	56	204	42	62	76	20	110	224
Pepin	3,662	3,310	.....	.....	6,972	5,073	673	78	50	7	90	920	1	.....	80
Pierce	10,395	9,217	22	11	19,615	14,027	1,023	196	405	34	232	3,446	12	165	102
Polk	6,944	5,787	68	62	12,581	7,319	543	117	108	57	371	4,320	3	.....	43
Portage	12,249	10,997	1	1	23,248	15,193	4,306	341	334	50	307	1,524	14	140	*1,039
Price	1,854	1,217	.....	.....	3,071	1,468	462	29	37	3	207	849	1	.....	15
Racine	17,876	17,406	63	51	35,338	23,033	5,291	1,465	776	32	164	3,317	81	1,050	199
Richland	9,917	9,332	16	8	19,303	17,641	585	217	344	20	57	334	4	.....	51
Rock	21,679	20,736	101	104	42,620	33,812	2,878	1,437	2,033	54	270	1,795	35	43	183
St. Croix	11,996	10,371	5	5	22,379	15,208	1,009	261	1,212	83	748	3,091	250	27	490
Sauk	15,342	14,968	27	22	30,359	22,917	5,530	680	752	88	84	147	26	45	90
Sawyer	921	410	522	548	2,431	1,847	18	4	8	1	8	367	1	.....	182
Shawano	7,928	6,880	936	885	16,649	10,137	4,805	125	149	18	129	939	91	207	29
Sheboygan	19,532	18,736	.....	2	38,000	26,433	9,663	233	570	57	34	128	1,370	.....	82
Taylor	3,133	2,537	15	15	5,703	2,433	2,617	49	52	11	167	237	3	.....	94
Trempealeau	10,026	9,083	2	1	19,112	12,019	1,237	253	175	21	74	4,065	128	146	404
Vernon	12,558	11,707	63	65	24,433	17,933	1,340	248	233	13	59	4,075	2	506	51
Walworth	13,937	13,778	47	20	27,802	22,874	1,989	883	1,191	54	139	595	4	.....	73
Washburn	970	701	.....	.....	1,671	1,038	108	14	19	3	197	303	.....	.....	.....
Washington	13,126	11,554	2	.....	23,692	16,931	6,014	67	391	25	11	36	6	161	.....
Waukesha	15,985	15,034	28	26	31,123	22,172	5,202	1,685	371	31	140	761	34	103	24
Waupaca	13,135	12,162	22	21	25,340	18,077	3,727	379	450	71	238	2,004	26	.....	368
Wausara	7,257	6,655	7	2	13,921	10,845	1,608	407	221	17	123	600	3	.....	45
Winnebago	25,396	24,917	40	42	50,395	34,795	10,333	1,241	1,229	71	587	1,869	13	167	55
Wood	7,669	6,688	1	.....	14,358	8,618	3,649	240	339	106	504	611	19	117	185
Totals	806,332	748,810	14,709	13,562	1,563,413	1,069,423	265,756	32,731	36,371	3,963	21,887	90,057	7,357	15,838	20,030

1 15,576 colored; 2,695 Indians.

2 Estimated 1,700 Swiss.

3 Estimated 6,700 Poles.

4 Estimated 300 Poles.

5 Estimated.

INTEREST LAWS AND STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.

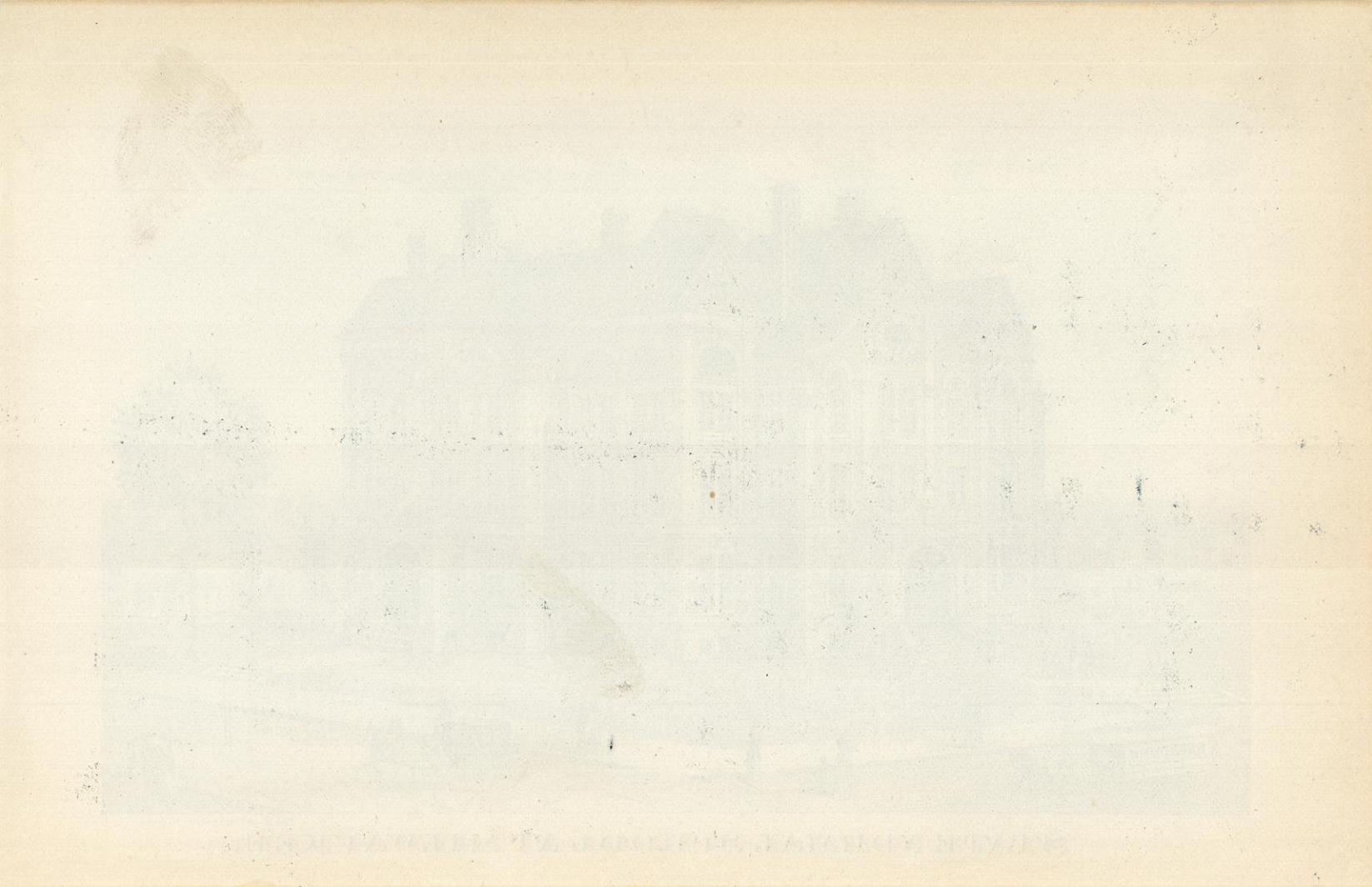
STATES AND TERRITORIES.	INTEREST LAWS.		STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.		
	Legal rate.	Rate allowed by contract.	Judgments, years.	Notes, years.	Open accounts, years.
	<i>Per cent.</i>	<i>Per cent.</i>			
Alabama.....	8	8	20	6	3
Arkansas.....	6	10	10	5	3
Arizona.....	7	Any rate.	5	3	2
California.....	7	Any rate.	5	4	2
Colorado.....	8	Any rate.	6	6	6
Connecticut.....	6	†		6	6
Delaware.....	6	6	20	6	3
District of Columbia.....	6	10	12	3	3
Florida.....	8	Any rate.	20	5	2
Georgia.....	7	8	7	7	4
Idaho.....	10	18	6	6	3
Illinois.....	6	8	7	10	5
Indiana.....	6	8	10	10	6
Iowa.....	6	8	10	10	5
Kansas.....	6	10	5	5	2
Kentucky.....	6	8	15	15	5
Louisiana.....	5	8	10	5	3
Maine.....	6	Any rate.	20	6	6
Maryland.....	6	6	12	3	3
Massachusetts.....	6	Any rate.	20	6	6
Michigan.....	7	10	6	6	6
Minnesota.....	7	10	10	6	6
Mississippi.....	6	10	7	6	3
Missouri.....	6	10	20	10	5
Montana.....	10	Any rate.	6	6	2
Nebraska.....	7	10	5	5	4
Nevada.....	7	Any rate.	6	6	4
New Hampshire.....	6	6	20	6	6
New Jersey.....	6	6	20	6	6
New Mexico.....	6	12	15	6	4
New York.....	6	6	20	6	6
North Carolina.....	6	8	10	3	3
North Dakota.....	7	10	20	6	6
Ohio.....	6	8	5	15	6
Oregon.....	8	10	10	6	1
Pennsylvania.....	6	6	5	6	6
Rhode Island.....	6	Any rate.	20	6	6
South Carolina.....	7	8	10	6	6
South Dakota.....	7	12	20	6	6
Tennessee.....	6	6	10	6	6
Texas.....	8	12	10	4	2
Utah.....	10	Any rate.	5	4	2
Vermont.....	6	6	6	6	6
Virginia.....	6	8	10	5	2
Washington.....	10	Any rate.	6	6	3
West Virginia.....	6	†	10	10	5
Wisconsin.....	7	10	20	6	6
Wyoming.....	12	Any rate.	5	5	4

† No usury, but over 6 per cent. cannot be collected by law.



THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENG. CO.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT MILWAUKEE.



AREAS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES IN SQUARE MILES.

ELEVENTH CENSUS UNITED STATES, 1890.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Gross area.	Water surface.	Land surface.
Total.....	3,025,600	55,600	2,970,000
Alabama.....	52,250	710	51,540
Arizona.....	113,020	100	112,920
Arkansas.....	53,850	805	53,045
California.....	158,300	2,380	155,920
Colorado.....	103,925	280	103,645
Connecticut.....	4,990	145	4,845
Delaware.....	2,050	90	1,960
District of Columbia.....	70	10	60
Florida.....	58,680	4,440	54,240
Georgia.....	59,475	495	58,980
Idaho.....	84,800	510	84,290
Illinois.....	56,650	650	56,000
Indiana.....	36,350	440	35,910
Indian Territory.....	31,400	400	31,000
Iowa.....	56,025	550	55,475
Kansas.....	82,080	380	81,700
Kentucky.....	40,400	400	40,000
Louisiana.....	48,720	3,300	45,420
Maine.....	33,040	3,145	29,895
Maryland.....	12,210	2,350	9,860
Massachusetts.....	8,315	275	8,040
Michigan.....	58,915	1,485	57,430
Minnesota.....	83,305	4,160	79,205
Mississippi.....	46,810	470	46,340
Missouri.....	69,415	680	68,735
Montana.....	146,080	770	145,310
Nebraska.....	77,510	670	76,840
Nevada.....	110,700	960	109,740
New Hampshire.....	9,305	300	9,005
New Jersey.....	7,815	360	7,455
New Mexico.....	122,580	120	122,460
New York.....	49,170	1,550	47,620
North Carolina.....	52,250	3,670	48,580
North Dakota.....	70,735	600	70,135
Ohio.....	41,060	300	40,760
Oklahoma (a).....	39,030	200	38,830
Oregon.....	96,090	1,470	94,620
Pennsylvania.....	45,215	230	44,985
Rhode Island.....	1,250	165	1,085
South Carolina.....	30,570	400	30,170
South Dakota.....	77,650	800	76,850
Tennessee.....	42,050	300	41,750
Texas.....	265,780	3,490	262,290
Utah.....	84,970	2,780	82,190
Vermont.....	9,565	430	9,135
Virginia.....	42,450	2,325	40,125
Washington.....	69,180	2,300	66,880
West Virginia.....	24,780	135	24,645
Wisconsin.....	56,040	1,590	54,450
Wyoming.....	97,890	315	97,575
Delaware bay.....	620	620	.....
Raritan bay and Lower New York bay.....	100	100	.....

(a) Including Cherokee country and No Man's Land.

STATISTICS OF THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Population.	Square miles.	Capital.
British Empire.....	327,645,000	9,043,577	London.
China.....	303,241,969	4,468,750	Peking.
Russian Empire.....	108,787,244	8,457,289	St. Petersburg.
France and Colonies.....	65,894,242	1,167,239	Paris.
France.....	38,218,903	204,177	.....
Colonies.....	27,675,339	963,062	.....
United States.....	62,622,250	3,602,990	Washington.
German Empire.....	46,855,704	211,168	Berlin.
Prussia.....	28,313,833	134,467	Berlin.
Bavaria.....	5,416,180	29,291	Munich.
Saxony.....	3,129,168	5,789	Dresden.
Württemberg.....	1,994,849	7,531	Stuttgart.
Baden.....	1,600,839	5,803	Karlsruhe.
Alsace-Lorraine.....	1,563,145	5,602	.....
Hesse.....	956,170	2,965	Darmstadt.
Meckl.-Schwerin.....	575,140	5,137	Schwerin.
Hamburg.....	518,712	153	.....
Brunswick.....	372,580	1,425	Brunswick.
Oldenburg.....	341,250	2,479	Oldenburg.
Saxe-Weimar.....	313,668	1,387	Weimar.
Anhalt.....	247,603	906	Dessau.
Saxe-Meiningen.....	214,697	953	Meiningen.
Saxe-Coburg Gotha.....	198,717	760	Gotha.
Bremen.....	166,392	99	.....
Saxe-Altenburg.....	161,129	511	Altenburg.
Lippe.....	123,250	472	Detmold.
Reuss (younger line).....	112,118	319	Gera.
Meckl. Strelitz.....	98,371	1,131	Neu Strelitz.
Schwarzburg-Rud.....	83,939	363	Rudolstadt.
Schwarzburg-Son.....	73,623	333	Sondershausen.
Lubeck.....	67,658	115	.....
Waldeck.....	56,565	433	Arolsen.
Reuss (elder line).....	53,787	122	Greiz.
Schaumburg Lippe.....	37,204	151	Buckeburg.
Austro-Hung. Empire.....	41,827,700	201,591	Vienna.
Japan.....	39,607,234	147,669	Tokio.
Netherlands and Colonies.....	33,042,238	778,187	The Hague.
Turkish Empire.....	32,000,000	1,731,280	Constantinople.
Italy.....	29,699,785	110,665	Rome.
Spain and Colonies.....	24,873,621	361,953	Madrid.
Brazil.....	14,000,000	3,219,000	Rio de Janeiro.
Mexico.....	11,520,041	751,700	Mexico.
Corea.....	10,519,000	85,000	Seul.
Congo State.....	8,000,000	802,000	.....
Persia.....	7,653,600	636,000	Teheran.
Portugal and Colonies.....	7,249,050	240,691	Lisbon.
Egypt*.....	6,806,381	494,000	Cairo.
Sweden and Norway.....	6,774,409	298,974	Stockholm.
Morocco.....	6,503,000	314,000	Fez.
Belgium.....	6,030,043	11,373	Brussels.
Annamt.....	6,000,000	106,300	Hue.
Siam.....	5,700,000	280,550	Bangkok.
Roumania*.....	5,376,000	46,314	Bucharest.
Argentine Republic.....	4,200,000	1,095,013	Buenos A'res.
Columbia.....	4,000,000	331,420	Bogota.
Afghanistan.....	4,000,000	279,000	Cubul.
Madagascar.....	3,500,000	230,000	Ant'n'narivo.
Abyssinia.....	3,000,000	129,000	.....
Peru.....	2,970,000	405,040	Lima.
Switzerland.....	2,933,334	15,981	Berne.
Chili.....	2,665,926	256,860	Santiago.
Bolivia.....	2,300,000	472,000	La Paz.
Greece.....	2,187,208	24,977	Athens.
Denmark.....	2,172,205	14,789	Copenhagen.
Venezuela.....	2,121,988	566,159	Caraccas.
Servia.....	2,096,043	18,757	Belgrade.
Bulgaria*.....	2,007,919	24,700	Sofia.

STATISTICS OF PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD—Con.

Countries.	Population.	Square Miles.	Capital.
Nepaul	2,000,000	56,800	Khatmandu.
Cochin-China.....	1,642,182	22,958	Saigon.
Oman.....	1,600,000	81,000	Muscat.
Guatemala.....	1,427,116	46,774	N. Guatemala.
Ecuador.....	1,146,000	144,000	Quito.
Liberia.....	1,050,000	14,000	Monrovia.
Transvaal.....	800,000	119,193	Pretoria.
Uruguay.....	700,000	72,112	Montevideo.
Khiva.....	700,000	22,320	Khiva.
Salvador.....	651,130	7,228	San Salvador.
Hayti.....	550,000	29,830	Port au Prince.
Paraguay.....	476,000	145,000	Asuncion.
Honduras.....	431,917	42,658	Tegucigalpa.
Nicaragua.....	400,000	51,660	Managua.
Dominican Republic.....	350,000	20,596	San Domingo.
Montenegro.....	245,380	3,486	Cetigno.
Costa Rica.....	213,785	19,985	San Jose.
Orange Free State.....	133,518	41,484	Bloemfontein.
Hawaii.....	86,647	6,587	Honolulu.

* Also enumerated with the Turkish Empire.

† Also enumerated with the Colonies of France.

NATIONAL DEBTS OF NATIONS.

Argentine Republic.....	\$611,415,880.	Italy	4,362,800,000
Australian Colonies.....	787,632,605	Japan.....	249,108,517
Austria-Hungary.....	2,322,658,340	Mexico.....	203,244,300
Austria.....	1,615,190,165	Netherlands.....	452,000,000
Hungary.....	657,468,075	Norway.....	37,596,079
Belgium.....	423,464,275	Paraguay.....	5,151,891
Bolivia.....	6,500,000	Persia.....	No debt.
Brazil.....	598,658,310	Peru.....	367,226,890
Canada.....	286,112,295	Portugal.....	490,493,599
Chili.....	80,568,887	Roumania.....	171,292,560
China.....	38,500,000	Russia.....	3,731,103,600
Columbia.....	29,163,480	Servia.....	62,550,000
Denmark.....	54,369,325	Siam.....	No debt.
Ecuador.....	13,738,490	Spain.....	1,299,500,000
Egypt.....	518,625,840	Sweden.....	66,412,279
France.....	6,427,500,000	Switzerland.....	7,543,273
Germany.....	307,500,000	Turkey.....	900,000,000
German States.....	1,827,977,750	United States.....	1,549,296,126
Great Britain.....	3,449,720,135	Uruguay.....	72,205,722
Greece.....	91,618,340	Venezuela.....	20,556,260
Hawaii.....	1,936,500		
India, British.....	928,355,780	Total.....	\$35,040,265,637

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING IN EACH OF THE STATES.

368

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

STATES.	Requirement as to Citizenship.	RESIDENCE IN			Registration.	Excluded from Voting.
		State.	County.	Precinct.		
Alabama	Citizens or declared intention..	1 year.	3 mos...	1 month..	Required by law	Idiots, Indians, convicted of crime, lunatics.
Arkansas	Citizens or declared intention..	1 year.	6 mos...	1 month..	Prohibited as a bar to suffrage	Idiots, Indians, convicted of felony until pardoned.
California	Actual citizens	1 year.	90 days.	30 days..	Required by law	Idiots, Indians, convicts, Chinese.
Colorado	Citizens or declared intention..	6 mos.	90 days.	10 days..	Required by constitution.	Persons in prison.
Connecticut	Actual citizens	1 year.	6 mos...	6 mos...	Required by law	Those unable to read and convicts.
Delaware	Actual county tax payers.....	1 year.	1 mo....	.....	No registration required.	Idiots, insane, paupers, criminals.
Florida	Citizens or declared intention..	1 year.	6 mos...	.....	Required by constitution.	Idiots, insane, criminals, bettors on election, duelists.
Georgia	Actual citizens	1 year.	6 mos...	.....	Legislature may regulate; no act	Idiots, insane, criminals, non-taxpayers.
Idaho	Actual citizens	4 mos.	30 days.	.....	Required by law	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony until pardoned, bigamists and polygamists.
Illinois	Actual citizens	1 year.	90 days.	30 days..	Required by law	Convicts unless pardoned.
Indiana	Citizens or declared intention..	6 mos.	60 days.	30 days..	No law for registration	Fraudulent voters and bribers.
Iowa	Actual citizens	6 mos.	60 days.	.....	Required by law	Idiots, insane, criminals.
Kansas	Citizens or declared intention..	6 mos.	.....	30 days..	Required in cities only	Idiots, insane, convicts, rebels.
Kentucky	Free white male citizens	2 yrs	1 year	60 days..	No registration required.	Bribery, robbery, forgery, etc.
Louisiana	Citizens or declared intention..	1 year.	6 mos...	30 days..	Required by law	Idiots, insane, criminals.
Maine	Actual citizens	3 mos.	3 mos...	3 mos....	Required by law	Paupers and Indians, not taxed.
Maryland	Actual citizens	1 year.	6 mos...	1 day....	Required by constitution.	Lunatics, convicts, guilty of bribery.
Massachusetts	Citizens	1 year.	.....	6 mos....	Required by law	Paupers, persons under guardians, non-taxpayers, unable to read and write.
Michigan	Citizens or declared intention..	3 mos.	10 days.	10 days..	Required by law	Duelists.
Minnesota	Citizens or declared intention..	4 mos.	.....	10 days..	Required by law	Idiots, insane, convicts.
Mississippi	Actual citizens	6 mos.	1 mo....	.....	Required by constitution.	Idiots, insane, criminals.
Missouri	Citizens or declared intention..	1 year.	60 days.	60 days..	Required by constitution, cities only	Inmates of asylums, poor-houses, and prisons; U. S. army.
Montana	Citizens	1 year.	90 days.	60 days..	No registration required.	Idiots, convicts, insane.
Nebraska	Citizens or declared intention..	6 mos.	40 days.	10 days..	Required by law	Convicts, idiots, U. S. army.
Nevada	Citizens or declared intention..	6 mos.	30 days.	.....	Required by constitution.	Idiots, insane, convicts.
New Hampshire	Actual citizens	6 mos.	6 mos...	Tw'n 6 mos	Required by law	Paupers.
New Jersey	Actual citizens	1 year.	5 mos...	.....	Required in cities of 10,000	Paupers, idiots, insane, convicts.
New York	Actual citizens	1 year.	4 mos...	30 days..	Required in cities of 7,000	Election bettors or bribers, convicts.
North Carolina	Actual citizens	1 year.	90 days.	.....	Required by constitution.	Convicts.

North Dakota ...	Citizens or declared intention and civilized Indians.....	1 year.	6 mos...	60 days...	No registration required.	Idiots, insane, convicts.
Ohio.....	Actual citizens	1 year.	30 days.	20 days...	No registration required.	Idiots, insane.
Oregon.....	Citizens or declared intention..	6 mos.	.....	.....	No registration required.	Idiots, insane, convicts, U. S. army, Chinese.
Pennsylvania.....	Actual citizens	1 year	.....	2 mos.	Required by constitution.	Non-taxpayers and political bribers.
Rhode Island.....	Actual citizens	1 year.	.....	Twn 6 mos	Required by law	Paupers, idiots, insane, convicts.
South Carolina...	Actual citizens	1 year.	60 days.	.....	Required by constitution.	Insane; inmates of asylums, alms-houses, and prisons, U. S. army, duelists.
South Dakota ...	Citizens or declared intention..	6 mos.	3 mos...	30 days...	No registration required.	Idiots, convicts, insane.
Tennessee.....	Actual citizens	1 year.	6 mos.	.....	No registration required.	Non-payers of poll-tax.
Texas	Citizens or declared intention..	1 year.	6 mos.	6 mos.	Prohibited by constitution	Lunatics, idiots, paupers, convicts, U. S. army.
Vermont.....	Actual citizens	1 year.	.....	.....	Required by law	Bribers.
Virginia.....	Actual citizens	1 year.	.....	Twn 3 mos	Required by law	Lunatics, idiots, convicts, duelists, U. S. army, non-payers of capitation tax.
Washington	Citizens or declared intention..	1 year.	90 days.	30 days...	No registration required.	Idiots, insane, convicts.
West Virginia ..	Actual citizens	1 year.	60 days.	.....	Prohibited by constitution	Lunatics, paupers, convicts.
Wisconsin	Citizens or declared intention .	1 year.	.....	10 days...	Req in cities over 3,000...	Insane, idiots, convicts, bribers, bettors, duelists.
Wyoming	Citizens or declared intention..	6 mos.	30 days.	.....	No registration required.	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony until pardoned.

NOTE.—All the 44 states limit suffrage to male citizens, but in Colorado, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Nebraska, Minnesota, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan, Oregon, Wisconsin, Wyoming and Kansas women may vote at school-district elections.

The registration of voters is required in the states of Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Idaho, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Mississippi, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia and Wyoming.

In Georgia registration is required in most counties by local law, and in South Dakota in a few counties.
In Kansas registration is required in cities of the first and second class, in Nebraska in cities of and over 2,500 inhabitants, in North Dakota in cities of over 3,000 inhabitants, and in Ohio in cities of not less than 9,000 inhabitants.

In Illinois registration is required for cities and general elections in the state.
In Missouri it is required in cities of 100,000 inhabitants, and in Wisconsin in cities having 3,000 inhabitants and over.
In New York it is required in all cities and in all incorporated villages of over 7,000 inhabitants.
In Rhode Island non-taxpayers are required to register yearly before December 31.

The registration of voters is not required in the states of Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky, Oregon and Tennessee. It is prohibited in Arkansas, Texas and West Virginia, by constitutional provision.

Number of pension claims filed and allowed each year since July, 1861, and the number of pensioners on the rolls at the close of each year, together with the annual amount paid on account of pensions since July 1, 1860.

Fiscal year ending June 30—	ARMY.		NAVY.		ARMY AND NAVY		WAR OF 1812.				Total number of applications filed.	Total number of claims al- lowed.	NUMBER OF PENSIONERS ON THE ROLL.			Disbursements.
	Applications filed.		Applications filed.		Claims allowed.		Applications filed.		Claims Allowed.				ON THE ROLL.			
	Inva- lids.	Wid- ows, etc	Inva- lids.	Wid- ows, etc	Inva- lids.	Wid- ows, etc	Surviv- ors.	Wid- ows.	Surviv- ors.	Wid- ows.			Inva- lids.	Wid- ows, etc	Total.	
1861.....											2,487	462	4,337	4,299	8,636	\$1,072,461 55
1862.....	1,362	1,000	60	65	413	49					49,332	7,884	4,341	3,818	8,159	790,384 76
1863.....	26,380	22,377	290	285	4,121	3,763					53,599	39,487	7,821	6,970	14,791	1,025,139 91
1864.....	20,263	32,037	385	324	17,041	22,446					72,684	40,171	23,479	27,656	51,135	4,504,616 92
1865.....	27,299	44,464	455	466	15,212	24,959					65,256	50,177	35,680	50,106	85,986	8,525,153 11
1866.....	35,799	28,732	350	375	22,883	27,294					36,753	36,482	69,565	83,618	153,183	13,450,996 43
1867.....	15,905	20,265	250	333	10,589	19,693					26,768	28,921	75,957	98,686	169,643	18,619,956 46
1868.....	7,292	13,099	170	207	9,460	19,461					26,066	28,106	75,957	98,686	169,643	24,010,981 99
1869.....	11,035	14,496	290	245	7,292	15,904					24,851	18,321	82,559	105,104	187,663	25,422,884 08
1870.....	12,991	11,400	260	200	5,721	12,500	20,741	5,074	198	31	43,969	16,562	87,521	111,165	198,686	27,780,811 81
1871.....	8,837	8,985	190	142	7,934	8,399	20,741	5,074	198	31	43,969	16,562	87,521	111,165	198,686	27,780,811 81
1872.....	8,857	6,755	240	178	6,468	7,244	6,546	3,815	17,504	3,117	36,391	34,333	113,954	118,275	232,229	30,077,383 63
1873.....	8,735	6,427	248	120	6,551	4,073	1,481	1,299	3,186	2,242	16,734	10,462	119,500	118,911	238,411	30,169,341 00
1874.....	9,302	5,603	228	151	5,937	3,152	737	713	563	810	16,734	10,462	121,628	114,613	236,241	29,185,289 62
1875.....	11,926	5,294	310	178	5,760	4,736	425	571	240	416	18,704	11,152	122,989	111,832	234,821	30,593,749 56
1876.....	17,030	5,264	344	130	5,360	4,376	319	436	73	168	22,523	9,977	124,239	107,898	232,137	29,683,116 63
1877.....	16,532	5,269	271	97	7,282	3,861	198	348	57	126	22,715	11,326	128,723	193,381	232,104	28,351,599 60
1878.....	18,312	6,661	300	181	7,414	3,550	2,786	15,897	817	181	44,557	11,962	131,049	92,340	223,998	28,580,157 04
1879.....	36,835	9,767	599	215	7,242	3,379	811	8,891	2,548	18,177	57,118	31,346	138,615	104,140	242,755	26,844,415 18
1880.....	110,673	25,002	1,361	559	10,176	4,455	295	2,976	284	4,630	141,466	19,545	145,410	105,392	250,802	32,780,526 19
1881.....	18,455	10,527	515	225	21,394	3,920	109	1,285	115	1,965	31,116	27,394	164,110	104,720	268,820	57,240,540 14
1882.....	29,004	10,349	472	211	22,940	3,999	85	818	26	693	40,939	27,664	182,633	103,064	285,697	50,626,538 51
1883.....	35,039	11,878	777	251	32,014	5,303	61	770	23	822	48,776	38,162	206,042	97,616	303,658	54,296,280 54
1884.....	28,962	11,959	671	244	27,414	6,366	52	567	24	388	41,785	34,192	225,470	97,286	323,756	60,431,972 85
1885.....	27,950	11,557	725	277	27,580	7,743	27	373	18	426	40,918	35,767	247,146	97,979	345,125	57,273,536 74
1886.....	35,202	13,238	862	265	31,937	8,610	24	304	5	805	49,895	40,857	270,346	95,437	365,783	65,603,706 72
1887.....	36,484	15,759	836	338	35,283	11,217	17	313	8	231	72,465	55,194	306,298	99,709	406,007	64,584,270 45
1888.....	47,505	18,444	1,251	427	35,843	10,816	23	232	2	251	75,726	60,252	343,701	108,856	452,557	74,815,486 85
1889.....	52,152	23,597	1,312	579	36,830	11,924	14	183	8	181	81,220	51,921	373,699	116,626	489,725	79,646,146 37
1890.....	71,570	28,365	2,162	788	50,395	14,612	166	16	4	108	105,044	66,637	415,654	122,290	537,944	89,131,968 44
Total.....	788,190	429,090	16,184	8,006	490,492	278,004	34,917	44,872	25,703	25,268	1,353,190	855,758				1,158,712,203 36

In the total number of applications filed in 1890 are included 1,009 survivors and 968 widows of the war with Mexico. In the number of claims allowed in 1890 are included 794 survivors and 678 widows of the war with Mexico. In the number of pensioners on the roll under the heads of "invalids" and "widows, etc.," are included survivors and widows of the war of 1812, commencing with 1871, and survivors and widows of the war with Mexico, commencing with 1887.

List of pension agencies, with location, geographical limits, and names of pension agents, June 30, 1890.

LOCATION.		Name of agent.	Geographical limits.
City.	State.		
Augusta	Maine	Joseph A. Clark ..	The State of Maine; Navy pensioners in this district paid at Boston.
Boston	Massachusetts ..	Benj. F. Peach, Jr.	The States of Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, and all Navy pensioners residing in this and the Augusta and Concord districts.
Buffalo	New York	Jacob Schenkel-berger.	The counties in the State of New York not in the New York City district; all Navy pensioners in the State are paid at New York City.
Chicago	Illinois	Isaac Clements ..	The State of Illinois and all Navy pensioners residing in this and the Columbus, Des Moines, Detroit, Indianapolis, Louisville, Milwaukee and Topeka districts.
Columbus	Ohio	John G. Mitchell.	The State of Ohio; Navy pensioners in the district paid at Chicago.
Concord	New Hampshire..	W. H. D. Cochrane	The States of New Hampshire and Vermont; Navy pensioners in this district paid at Boston.
Des Moines	Iowa	Stephen A. Marine	The States of Iowa and Nebraska; Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago.
Detroit	Michigan	Edw. H. Harvey.	The State of Michigan; Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago.
Indianapolis	Indiana	Nicholas Ensley..	The State of Indiana; Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago.
Knoxville	Tennessee	William Rule.....	The States of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Texas; Navy pensioners in this district paid at Washington, D. C.
Louisville	Kentucky	C. J. Walton.....	The state of Kentucky; Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin	Levi E. Pond.....	The States of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wisconsin; Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago.
New York	New York	Frank C. Loveland	The counties in the State of New York of Albany, Clinton, Columbia, Delaware, Dutchess, Essex, Greene, Kings, Queens, New York, Orange, Putnam, Richmond, Rensselaer, Rockland, Saratoga, Schenectady, Sullivan, Suffolk, Ulster, Warren, Washington and Westchester. All Navy pensioners in the State of New York, and all pensioners residing in the counties of the state of New Jersey of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren.
Philadelphia	Pennsylvania.....	Wm. H. Shelmire	The counties in the state of Pennsylvania of Berks, Bradford, Bucks, Carbon, Chester, Columbia, Dauphin, Delaware, Lackawana, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Luzerne, Monroe, Montgomery, Montour, Northampton, Northumberland, Philadelphia, Pike, Schuylkill, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Wayne, Wyoming and York; all Navy pensioners in the State of Pennsylvania, and all pensioners residing in the counties in the State of New Jersey, of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Ocean and Salem.
Pittsburg	Pennsylvania.....	Wm. H. Barclay.	The counties in the State of Pennsylvania not in Philadelphia district. All Navy pensioners in the State are paid at Philadelphia.
San Francisco	California	Truman H. Allen	The states of California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and Wyoming, the territories of Alaska, Arizona, and Utah, including the Navy pensioners.
Topeka	Kansas	Bernard Kelley ..	The States of Colorado, Kansas and Missouri; the territories of New Mexico, Oklahoma, and the Indian Territory; Navy pensioners in this district are paid at Chicago.
Washington	District of Colum- bia.	Sidney L. Willson	The States of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and the District of Columbia, the inmates of the branches of the National Soldiers' Home, and pensioners residing in foreign countries, and all Navy pensioners in this and the Knoxville district.

Table showing the number of pensioners in each county, on the roll June 30, 1890.

County.	Number.	County.	Number.
Adams.....	160	Marathon	158
Ashland	124	Marinette	64
Barron	185	Marquette	170
Bayfield.....	37	Milwaukee	1,846
Brown.....	323	Monroe	513
Buffalo	164	Oconto	113
Burnett.....	28	Oneida	24
Calumet.....	168	Outagamie	299
Chippewa	316	Ozaukee	69
Clark	280	Pepin	109
Columbia	351	Pierce	207
Crawford	280	Polk	120
Dane	557	Portage	346
Dodge	311	Price	54
Door.....	84	Racine	195
Douglas	36	Richland	527
Dunn	280	Rock	409
Eau Claire.....	345	St. Croix	200
Florence.....	19	Sauk	560
Fond du Lac.....	404	Sawyer	33
Forest.....	22	Shawano	98
Grant.....	689	Sheboygan	273
Green.....	359	Taylor.....	48
Green Lake	188	Trempealeau	185
Iowa.....	187	Vernon	324
Jackson.....	241	Walworth	329
Jefferson	284	Washburn	38
Juneau.....	378	Washington	103
Kenosha.....	101	Waukesha	222
Kewaunee.....	88	Waupaca	376
La Crosse.....	310	Waushara	301
La Fayette.....	191	Winnebago	447
Langlade.....	89	Wood	176
Lincoln.....	88		
Manitowoc.....	186	Total	16,788

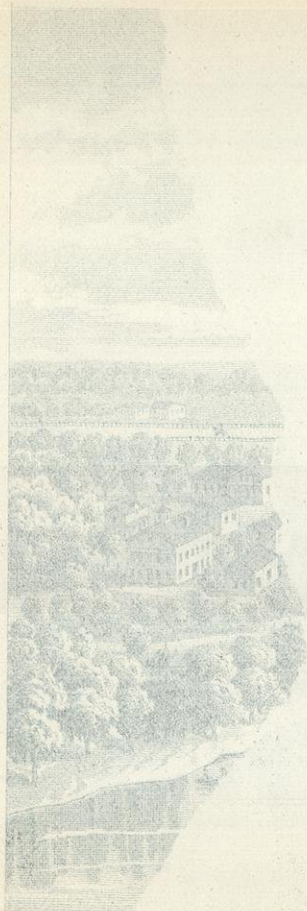
SURVIVORS OF THE WAR FOR THE UNION.

Number of soldiers enlisted during the war for the Union, excluding re-enlistments	2,213,365
Number killed in battle and by other casualties and who died of disease to July 1, 1865.....	364,116
Estimated number of deaths of soldiers discharged during the war to July 1, 1865.....	25,284
Number of desertions	121,896
Number of survivors of the war July 1, '65 less deaths and desertions	1,702,069
Number of survivors July 1, 1865, less deaths and desertions, who were subject to the usual laws of mortality.....	1,116,069
Number of survivors July 1, 1865, who, because of wounds and other disabilities, were subject to a higher rate of mortality equal to 12 years shortening of the expectation of life.....	586,000
Number surviving July 1, 1890, who are probably subject to the ordinary life tables.....	831,089
Number surviving July 1, 1890, who are subject to a greater death rate	415,000
Total number of survivors July 1, 1890.....	1,246,089



THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENGRV. CO.

WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME, WAUPACA.



W. H. & C. CO. LITH.

Amount disbursed at United States pension agencies during the fiscal year 1890.

AGENCIES.	ARMY.		NAVY.		ARREARS OF PENSIONS.		Grand total.
	Pensions.	Total pensions and expense.	Pensions.	Total pensions and expenses.	Army.	Total.	
Augusta.....	\$2,657,719 01	\$2,672,159 74					\$2,672,159 74
Boston	5,500,061 00	5,521,444 56	\$500,057 76	\$500,789 16	\$204 12	\$204 12	6,022,437 84
Buffalo	5,730,971 03	5,754,704 99			1,979 32	1,979 32	5,756,684 31
Chicago	8,609,353 04	8,645,094 09	337,724 15	338,538 15	270 27	270 27	8,984,802 51
Columbus.....	11,161,989 62	11,200,230 85			3,320 20	3,320 20	11,212,551 05
Concord.....	2,874,751 09	2,888,690 17			673 26	673 26	2,889,363 43
Des Moines	6,297,230 00	6,324,659 75					6,324,659 75
Detroit	5,455,909 77	5,483,744 11			757 60	757 60	5,484,501 71
Indianapolis.....	9,894,859 44	9,939,048 97			1,684 57	1,684 57	9,940,733 54
Knoxville.....	4,717,602 18	4,735,418 72			1,094 74	1,094 74	4,736,513 46
Louisville.....	3,524,862 98	3,543,587 68			717 47	717 47	3,544,305 15
Milwaukee	5,773,863 80	5,798,882 64			374 93	374 93	5,799,257 57
New York.....	4,781,143 24	4,809,404 84	305,994 80	306,273 90	77 00	77 00	5,115,755 74
Philadelphia.....	5,081,276 61	5,106,617 63	273,482 63	273,882 63	528 97	528 97	5,381,029 23
Pittsburg.....	4,597,538 77	4,621,545 97					4,621,545 97
San Francisco.....	1,430,307 78	1,439,375 25	51,471 60	51,537 60			1,490,912 85
Topeka	9,403,374 18	9,443,107 03			2,310 58	2,310 58	9,445,417 61
Washington.....	6,196,999 61	6,707,146 58	353,415 66	361,884 55	2,227 60	2,227 60	7,071,258 73
Total	\$103,689,813 15	\$104,644,763 57	\$1,822,146 60	\$1,832,905 99	\$16,220 63	\$16,220 63	\$106,493,890 19

DISBURSEMENTS AT PENSION AGENCIES.

VALUES OF FOREIGN COIN.

As adopted by the United States Treasury Department October 1, 1890.

Country.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U. S. gold.	Coins.
Argentine Republic	Gold and silver	Peso	\$0.96 5	Gold—Argentine (\$4.82, 4) and $\frac{1}{2}$ Argentine. Silver—Peso and divisions.
Austria—Hungary	Silver	Florin .....	.42, 0	Gold—4 florins (\$1.92, 9), 8 florins (\$9.85, 8), ducat (\$2.28, 7) and 4 ducats (\$9.15, 8). Silver—1 and 2 florins.
Belgium	Gold and silver	Franc .....	.19, 3	Gold—10 and 20 francs. Silver—5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano .....	.85, 0	Silver—Boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis .....	.54, 6	Gold—5, 10 and 20 milreis. Silver— $\frac{1}{2}$, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions N. A.*.	Gold	Dollar	1.00	
Central American States	Silver	Peso .....	.85, 0	Silver—Peso and divisions.
Chili	Gold and silver	Peso .....	.91, 2	Gold—Escudo (\$1.82, 4), doubloon (\$4.56, 1) and condor (\$9.12, 2). Silver—Peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael { Shanghai	1.25, 6	
		{ Haikwan	1.40	
		{ (cust'ns)		
Colombia	Silver	Peso .....	.85, 0	Gold—Condor (\$9.64, 7) and double condor. Silver—Peso.
Cuba,	Gold and silver	Peso .....	.92, 6	Gold—Doubloon (\$5.01, 7). Silver—Peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown .....	.26, 8	Gold—10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador.	Silver	Sucre .....	.85, 0	Gold—Condor (\$9.64, 7) and double condor. Silver—Sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piastres)	4.94, 3	Gold—Pound (100 piastres), 50, 20, 10, 5 piastres. Silver—1, 2, 5, 10, 20 piastres.
France	Gold and silver	Franc .....	.19, 3	Gold—5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 francs. Silver—5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark .....	.23, 8	Gold—5, 10 and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold	Pound sterling	4.86, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	Gold—Sovereign (pound sterling) and $\frac{1}{2}$ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver	Drachma .....	.19, 3	Gold—5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 drachmas. Silver—5 drachmas.
Hayti	Gold and silver	Gourde .....	.96, 5	Silver—Gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee .....	.40, 4	Gold—Mohur (\$7.10, 5). Silver—Rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver	Lira .....	.19, 3	Gold—5, 10, 20, 50, 100 li-ras. Silver—5 li-ras.
Japan	Gold and silver	Yen. { Gold .....	.99, 7	Gold—1, 2, 5, 10 and 20 yen
		{ Silver .....	.91, 7	Silver—Yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.00	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar .....	.92, 3	Gold—Dollars (\$9.98, 3), 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, 5, 10, 20 dollars. Silver—Dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands....	Gold and silver	Florin .....	.40, 2	Gold—10 florins. Silver— $\frac{1}{2}$, 1, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ florins.
Newfoundland.	Gold	Dollar	1.01, 4	Gold—2 dollars (\$2.02, 7+)
Norway	Gold	Crown .....	.26, 8	Gold—10 and 20 crowns.
Peru	Silver	Sol .....	.85, 0	Silver—Sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold and silver	Milres	1.08	Gold—1, 2, 5 and 10 milreis

VALUES OF FOREIGN COIN.

County.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U. S. gold	Coins.
Russia.....	Silver.....	Rouble .....	.66,0	Gold — Imperial (\$7.71, 8), 1/2 imperial (\$3.86, 0). Silver — 1/4, 1/2 and 1 rouble.
Spain	Gold and silver	Peseta .....	.19,3	Gold — 25 pesetas. Silver — 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown .....	.26,8	Gold — 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver	Franc .....	.19,3	Gold — 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 francs. Silver — 5 francs
Tripoli.....	Silver	Mahbub of 20 piastres.....	.76,7	
Turkey	Gold	Piastre .....	.04,4	Gold — 25, 50, 100, 250 and 500 piastres.
Venezuela	Silver.....	Bolivar .....	.17,0	Gold — 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 bolivars. Silver — 5 bolivars.

* Except New Foundland.

† Gold the nominal standard, silver practically the standard.

IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES.

NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS, BY NATIONALITIES, ARRIVED IN UNITED STATES DURING YEARS ENDING JUNE 30. FROM 1877 TO 1890.

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30 —	GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.			Ger- many.	Sweden and Norw'y	Italy.	Austria	Hun- gary.	Russia.	Den- mark.	Nether- lands.	Switz- erland.	France.	Bel- gium.	China.	All other countries	Total.
	Great Britain.	Ireland	Total.														
1877.....	23,581	14,569	38,150	29,298	9,579	3,195	5,033	373	7,132	1,695	591	1,686	5,856	488	10,594	28,197	141,857
1878.....	22,150	15,932	38,082	29,313	10,149	4,344	4,504	646	3,595	2,105	698	1,808	4,159	354	8,992	29,810	138,469
1879.....	29,954	20,013	49,967	34,002	18,346	5,791	5,331	632	4,942	3,474	753	3,161	4,655	512	9,604	36,056	177,826
1880.....	73,273	71,603	144,876	84,638	59,081	12,355	12,904	4,363	7,191	6,576	3,340	6,156	4,313	1,232	5,802	104,430	457,257
1881.....	81,376	72,342	153,718	210,485	72,465	15,401	21,109	6,826	10,655	9,117	8,597	11,293	5,227	1,766	11,890	130,882	669,431
1882.....	102,991	76,432	179,423	250,630	93,708	32,160	20,221	8,929	21,590	11,618	9,517	10,844	6,003	1,431	39,579	103,339	788,992
1883.....	76,606	81,486	158,092	194,786	61,675	31,792	16,385	11,240	11,920	10,319	5,240	12,751	4,821	1,450	28,031	74,811	603,323
1884.....	65,950	63,344	129,294	179,676	43,526	16,510	21,773	14,798	17,225	9,202	4,198	9,386	3,608	1,576	279	67,541	518,592
1885.....	57,713	51,795	109,508	124,443	34,604	13,644	17,926	9,383	20,243	6,100	2,689	5,895	3,493	1,653	22	45,743	395,346
1886.....	63,929	49,619	112,548	84,403	40,510	21,315	16,260	12,420	21,739	6,225	2,314	4,805	2,318	1,800	49	6,997	334,203
1887.....	93,378	68,370	161,748	106,865	59,105	47,622	25,009	15,256	36,894	8,524	4,506	5,214	5,034	2,553	10	11,769	490,109
1888.....	108,690	73,513	182,203	109,717	72,962	51,558	30,011	15,800	39,313	8,962	5,845	7,737	6,454	3,215	26	13,086	546,889
1889.....	87,992	65,157	153,549	99,538	48,805	25,307	23,207	10,967	38,838	8,699	6,960	7,070	5,918	2,562	118	13,389	444,427
1890.....	69,730	53,024	122,754	92,427	41,002	52,003	34,137	22,062	46,671	9,366	4,326	6,993	6,585	2,671	1,716	12,589	455,302

^a Of this number 6,613 arrived in July prior to August 6, 1882, the date when the Chinese immigration act went into effect.
 NOTE.—Immigrants from the British North American Possessions and Mexico not included since July 1, 1885.

STATISTICS OF IMMIGRATION.

377

NUMBER OF ALIEN PASSENGERS ARRIVED IN THE UNITED STATES FROM 1821 TO 1890, AND THE NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS ARRIVED FROM 1856 TO 1890.

Period.	Alien passengers arrived.	Period.	Alien passengers arrived.	Immigrants arrived.
Year ending Sept. 30 —		Year ending Dec. 31 —		
1821.....	9,127	1854.....	427,893	.....
1822.....	6,911	1855.....	200,877	.....
1823.....	6,354	1856.....	200,036	195,857
1824.....	7,912	1857.....	250,882	246,945
1825.....	10,199	1858.....	122,872	119,501
1826.....	10,837	1859.....	121,075	118,616
1827.....	18,875	1860.....	153,418	150,237
1828.....	27,382	1861.....	91,822	89,724
1829.....	22,520	1862.....	91,826	89,007
1830.....	23,322	1863.....	176,214	174,524
1831.....	22,633	1864.....	193,416	193,195
1832.....	53,179	1865.....	248,111	247,453
Year ending Dec. 31 —		Jan. 1 to June 30 —		
1833.....	53,640	1866.....	167,760	163,594
1834.....	65,365	Year ending June 30 —		
1835.....	45,374	1867.....	303,044	298,967
1836.....	76,242	1868.....	298,088	282,189
1837.....	79,340	1869.....	363,074	352,569
1838.....	38,914	1870.....	402,920	387,203
1839.....	68,069	1871.....	342,609	321,350
1840.....	84,066	1872.....	422,978	404,805
1841.....	80,289	1873.....	473,141	459,803
1842.....	104,565	1874.....	327,949	313,339
Jan. 1 to Sept. 30 —		1875.....	244,632	227,498
1843.....	52,496	1876.....	189,991	169,986
Year ending Sept. 30 —		1877.....	165,019	141,857
1844.....	78,615	1878.....	157,776	138,469
1845.....	114,371	1879.....	197,954	177,826
1846.....	154,416	1880.....	484,196	457,257
1847.....	224,968	1881.....	605,163	609,431
1848.....	226,527	1882.....	816,272	788,992
1849.....	297,024	1883.....	645,232	603,322
1850.....	310,004	1884.....	560,593	518,592
Quarter ending Dec. 31 —		1885.....	437,738	395,346
1850.....	59,976	1886.....	357,923	334,203
Year ending Dec. 31 —		1887.....	513,038	490,109
1851.....	379,466	1888.....	567,510	546,889
1852.....	371,603	1889.....	465,272	444,427
1853.....	368,645	1890.....	476,425	455,302

NOTE.—Arrivals from the British North American possessions and Mexico not included since July 1, 1885.

STATISTICS OF ILLITERACY.

(Census of 1880.)

Persons of ten years of age and upwards.		Unable to read.	Per cent.	Unable to write.	Per cent.
Whole population ..	36,761,607	4,923,451	13.4	6,239,598	17.0
Native whites.....	25,785,789	.....	.....	2,255,460	8.7
Foreign-born whites	6,374,611	.....	.....	703,620	12.0
Colored.....	4,601,207	.....	.....	3,220,878	70.0

RATIO OF ADULTS UNABLE TO WRITE TO TOTAL POPULATION (1881): England, 16 per cent. Scotland, 12; Ireland, 33; France, 22; Germany, 6; Russia, 89; Austria, 51; Italy, 59; Spain and Portugal, 66; Switzerland, 12; Belgium and Holland, 14; Scandinavia, 13.

RATIO OF SCHOOL CHILDREN TO POPULATION (1881): England, 15 per cent.; Scotland, 15; Ireland, 18; France, 13; Germany, 17; Russia, 2; Austria, 9; Italy, 8; Spain and Portugal, 5; Switzerland, 16; Belgium and Holland, 15; Scandinavia, 15.

WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Statement of the number of United States troops engaged.

WARS.	DATE.		TROOPS ENGAGED.		
	From	To.	Regulars.	Militia Volun- teers.	Total.
War of the Revolution.....	April 19, 1775	April 11, 1783	130,711	58,750	.....
Estimated additional.....				105,330	309,791
Northwestern Indian wars.....	Sept. 19, 1790	Aug. 3, 1795	.....	.....	8,983
War with France.....	July 9, 1798	Sept. 30, 1800	.....	.....	*4,593
War with Tripoli.....	June 10, 1801	June 4, 1805	.....	.....	*3,330
Northwestern Indian War: Gen. Harrison.....	Sept. 11, 1811	Nov. 11, 1811	250	660	910
Creek Indian war.....	July 27, 1813	Aug. 9, 1814	600	13,181	13,788
War of 1812 with Great Britain...	June 18, 1812	Feb. 17, 1815	85,000	471,622	576,622
Seminole Indian war.....	Nov. 20, 1817	Oct. 21, 1818	1,000	6,911	7,911
Black Hawk Indian war.....	April 21, 1831	Sept. 21, 1832	1,339	5,126	6,465
Cherokee disturbance or removal	1836	1837	.....	9,491	9,491
Creek Indian war or disturbance...	May 5, 1836	Sept. 30, 1837	935	12,483	13,418
Florida Indian war.....	Dec. 23, 1835	Aug. 14, 1843	11,169	29,953	41,122
Aroostook disturbance.....	1838	1839	.....	1,500	1,500
War with Mexico.....	April 24, 1846	July 4, 1848	30,954	73,776	112,230
Apache, Navajo and Utah war...	1849	1855	1,500	1,031	2,561
Comanche Indian war.....	1854	1854	.....	503	503
Seminole Indian war.....	1856	1858	.....	2,687	2,687
Civil war.....	1861	1865	.....	.....	2,859,132

*Naval forces engaged. The number of troops on the Confederate side during the Civil War was about 600,000.

The number of casualties in the volunteer and regular armies of the United States, during the war of 1861-65, was reported by the Provost-Marshal General in 1866: Killed in battle, 61,362; died of wounds, 34,727; died of disease, 183,237; total died, 279,376; total deserted, 196,135. Number of soldiers in the confederate service who died of wounds or disease (partial statement), 133,821. Deserted (partial statement), 104,423. Number of United States troops captured during the war, 212,608; Confederate troops captured, 476,169. Number of United States troops paroled on the field, 16,431; Confederate troops paroled on the field, 248,599. Number of United States troops who died while prisoners, 29,725; Confederate troops who died while prisoners, 26,774.

THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

The public lands of the United States were acquired as follows:

	Acres.
Cession from the original states.....	259,171,787
Louisiana purchase, April 30, 1803.....	756,961,280
Florida, February 22, 1819.....	37,931,520
Mexican treaty, February 2, 1848.....	334,443,520
Texas purchase, November 25, 1850.....	61,832,480
Mexican treaty, December 30, 1853.....	29,142,400
Alaska, March 30, 1867.....	360,529,600
Total	1,849,072,587

THE CIVIL WAR OF 1861-65.

NUMBER OF MEN IN THE UNION ARMY FURNISHED BY EACH STATE AND TERRITORY, FROM APRIL 15, 1861, TO CLOSE OF WAR.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Number of men furnished.	Aggregate reduced to a three years' standing.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Number of men furnished.	Aggregate reduced to a three years' standing.
Alabama.....	2,556	1,611	New York.....	448,850	392,270
Arkansas.....	8,289	7,836	North Carolina.....	3,156	3,156
California.....	15,725	15,725	Ohio.....	313,180	240,514
Colorado.....	4,903	3,697	Oregon.....	1,810	1,773
Connecticut.....	55,864	50,623	Pennsylvania.....	337,936	265,517
Delaware.....	12,284	10,322	Rhode Island.....	23,236	17,866
Florida.....	1,290	1,290	South Carolina.....		
Georgia.....			Tennessee.....	31,092	29,394
Illinois.....	259,092	214,123	Texas.....	1,965	1,632
Indiana.....	196,363	153,576	Vermont.....	33,288	29,068
Iowa.....	76,242	68,630	Virginia.....		
Kansas.....	20,149	18,706	West Virginia.....	33,068	27,714
Kentucky.....	75,760	70,832	Wisconsin.....	91,327	79,260
Louisiana.....	5,224	4,654	Dakota.....	206	206
Maine.....	70,107	56,776	Dist. of Columbia.....	16,534	11,506
Maryland.....	46,698	41,275	Indian Territory.....	3,530	3,530
Massachusetts.....	146,730	124,104	Montana.....		
Michigan.....	87,364	80,111	New Mexico.....	6,561	4,432
Minnesota.....	24,020	19,693	Utah.....		
Mississippi.....	545	545	Washington Ter'y.....	964	964
Missouri.....	109,111	86,530	U. S. Army.....		
Nebraska.....	3,157	2,175	U. S. Volunteers.....		
Nevada.....	1,080	1,080	U. S. Col'd Troops.....	93,441	91,789
New Hampshire.....	23,937	30,849			
New Jersey.....	76,814	57,908	Total.....	2,772,408	2,320,272

LAND GRANTS.

The following grants of public lands to states for railroads and wagon roads and to railroad corporations have been made by congress:

	<i>Acres.</i>
Grants to states for railroads prior to March 4, 1861.....	30,470,920
Grants to states for wagon roads prior to March 4, 1861.....	251,353
Grants to states for railroads since March 4, 1861.....	17,775,624
Grants to states for wagon roads since March 4, 1861.....	2,530,379
Grants to railroad corporations from March 4, 1861, to March 4, 1875.....	163,643,944
Total.....	182,949,940

CHIEF GRANTS TO CORPORATIONS.

	<i>Acres.</i>
Northern Pacific Railroad, July 2, 1864.....	47,000,000
Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, July 27, 1866.....	42,000,000
Texas Pacific Railroad, March 3, 1871.....	18,000,000
Union Pacific Railroad (July 1, 1862; July 2, 1864).....	12,000,000
Central Pacific Railroad (July 1, 1861; July 2, 1864).....	9,000,000
Southern Pacific Railroad, July 27, 1866.....	9,520,000
Total six corporations.....	137,520,000

INDIAN RESERVATIONS.

Size, number and location. Indian population and vital statistics.

[Prepared by the Indian Bureau.]

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	AREA OF INDIAN RESERVATION.				POPULATION ON RESERVATIONS (Indians).			VITAL STATISTICS.			
	1880.		1889.		1870.	1880.	1889.	1880.		1889.	
	Acres.	Square miles	Acres.	Square miles				Born.	Died.	Born.	Died.
Arizona	3,092,720	4,892.50	6,603,191	10,317.50	32,052	21,361	17,779	40	35	87	81
California	501,083	783.00	494,045	772.00	21,627	10,669	12,739	66	69	94	73
Colorado	12,467,200	19,480.00	1,094,400	1,710.00	7,300	2,530	1,772	113	80	77	40
Dakota	36,616,448	57,213.50	26,719,218	41,749.00	27,921	27,163	29,713	941	448	964	1,316
Idaho	2,748,981	4,295.00	2,611,481	4,080.00	5,669	4,020	4,174	18	16	51	58
Indian Territory	41,100,915	64,236.00	39,199,590	61,249.00	55,839	76,895	79,692	370	755	441	363
Iowa	692	1.00	1,258	2.00	295	355	393	25	15	17	11
Kansas	137,747	215.00	102,026	159.50	8,343	746	989	30	35	47	33
Michigan	66,332	104.00	27,319	42.50	8,099	10,141	7,428	121	67	72	48
Minnesota	5,026,447	7,853.00	4,747,941	7,419.00	6,367	6,198	6,339	50	75	156	187
Montana	29,356,800	45,870.00	10,591,360	16,549.00	19,335	21,650	11,214	477	305	303	259
Nebraska	436,252	682.00	136,947	214.00	6,410	4,409	3,701	183	167	83	66
Nevada	885,015	1,383.00	954,135	1,490.50	16,220	6,800	8,251	285	154	84	49
New Mexico	7,228,731	11,235.00	10,002,525	15,629.00	20,430	23,452	23,928	39	13	2,131	1,609
New York	86,369	135.00	87,677	137.00	4,804	5,139	5,046	225	154	.....	.....
North Carolina	65,211	102.00	65,211	102.00	.....	2,200	3,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oregon	3,853,800	6,022.00	2,075,240	3,242.00	10,975	5,355	4,510	153	102	99	140
Texas .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	290	290	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utah	2,039,040	3,186.00	3,972,480	6,207.00	12,800	40	2,294	14	10	39	26
Washington	6,925,748	10,821.00	4,045,284	6,321.00	12,794	14,289	9,789	141	127	85	79
Wisconsin	586,026	916.00	512,061	800.00	4,389	8,847	9,243	136	102	291	223
Wyoming	1,520,000	2,375.00	2,342,400	3,660.00	2,400	2,063	1,945	.....	.....	60	48
Miscellaneous .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	710	1,302	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	154,741,554	241,804.00	116,385,729	181,852.00	284,069	255,327	250,441	3,430	2,729	5,181	4,719



THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENGR. CO.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS,
NEAR MILWAUKEE, WIS.

VACANT LANDS IN UNITED STATES.

Following is an abstract of the report to the President of Secretary of the Interior:

After referring to the fact that a new territory and six new states had been organized recently, the report presents the following table, showing the vacant lands of the states and territories:

State or Territory.	Acres of surveyed land.	Acres of unsurveyed land.	Acres. Total.
Alabama	1,105,060		1,105,060
Arizona	11,983,626	37,715,426	49,699,052
Arkansas	4,902,329		4,902,329
California	38,750,564	15,172,154	53,922,718
Colorado	34,354,550	5,630,896	39,985,446
Florida	2,288,626	3,340,800	5,629,426
Idaho	3,938,277	43,019,013	46,957,290
Iowa	2,000	8,000	5,000
Kansas	755,791		755,791
Louisiana	1,243,460	115,933	1,358,853
Michigan	832,707		832,707
Minnesota	2,902,034	4,011,520	6,913,354
Mississippi	1,407,480		1,407,480
Missouri	1,151,463		1,151,463
Montana	9,611,315	55,196,312	64,807,627
Nebraska	11,226,584		11,226,584
Nevada	27,216,167	23,488,373	50,804,540
New Mexico	39,660,806	16,699,520	56,360,326
North Dakota	14,318,400	16,179,000	30,497,400
Oklahoma	22,053	3,672,640	3,694,693
Oregon	29,378,982	14,894,246	44,273,228
South Dakota	2,043,374	8,193,124	10,236,498
Utah	7,029,100	29,176,000	36,205,100
Washington	4,155,171	15,491,145	19,646,316
Wisconsin	819,320		819,320
Wyoming	37,578,200	11,431,860	49,010,060
Total	282,772,439	303,444,422	586,216,861

This table is of value to those seeking homes. It appears that 19,000,000 acres of agricultural land were transferred to actual settlers during the last year, embracing those upon final and commuted homestead entries, pre-emption, timber culture, desert, private cash, town-site, and all other entries for strictly agriculture non-mineral lands. The railroads have also received patents for 61,183 acres less than last year; 263,862 for 1890 against 423,046 in 1889, of which 261,773 acres were in Minnesota, and the remainder in Iowa, Louisiana, and Wisconsin. Besides there were patents to Indians for lands in severalty and miscellaneous claims for 109,056 acres.

RAILROAD LAND GRANTS.

The following figures taken from the commissioner's report, show lands claimed by railroads and other corporations. There were certified or patented up to 1890.

	Acres.
For railroad purposes (1850 to 1890)	51,379,346
For wagon-road purposes (1824 to 1890)	1,732,730
For canal purposes (1828 to 1890)	4,424,073
For river improvements (1828 to 1890)	1,406,210
Total	58,932,360

During the last fiscal year there were but 363,862 acres patented, and these were for railroads only.

Previous to June 30, 1890, the number of miles of such roads built was 18,070; but during the past year only forty miles were completed, and but one map of location was filed, being that of Southern Pacific Railroad, for twenty miles west of Huron, in California.

The lists unacted upon are:

	Acres.
For railroads	29,471,709
For Oregon wagon-roads	305,246
Total	29,776,955

PUBLIC LIBRARIES IN WISCONSIN.

Having 2,000 Volumes or Over.

Place.	Name of Library.	When founded.
Appleton	Appleton Library of Lawrence University	1853
Ashland	Vaughn Library	1888
Beaver Dam	Free Public Library	1884
Beaver Dam	Wayland University	
Beloit	Beloit College	1848
Eau Claire	Free Library	1875
Fond du Lac	Free Library	1877
Fox Lake	Wisconsin Female College	
Franklin	Mission House Library	1862
Galesville	Galesville University	1859
Green Bay	Free Library	1889
Hudson	Ladies' Library Association	1874
Janesville	Institution for the Blind	
Janesville	Public Library	
La Crosse	Young Men's Library Association	1868
La Crosse	Washburn Library	1888
Madison	Department of Public Instruction	
Madison	Free Library	1875
Madison	State Historical Society (practically the miscellaneous state library)	1849
Madison	State Library (exclusively law books)	1839
Madison	University of Wisconsin General Library	1849
Madison	Woodman Astronomical Library (Washburn Observatory)	1883
Madison	High School Library	
Manitowoc	Jones Library	1868
Marshfield	St. Lawrence College	
Mendota	State Hospital for the Insane	1860
Menomonee	Mabel Taintor Memorial Association	1890
Milton	Milton College, Daniel Babcock Library	1870
Milwaukee	Grand Lodge Library	1842
Milwaukee	Milwaukee College	
Milwaukee	Mayer's Commercial College	
Milwaukee	Milwaukee Law Library Association	1862
Milwaukee	National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers (Northwestern Branch)	1866
Milwaukee	Public Library	1878
Milwaukee	Public School Libraries (6)	
Milwaukee	St. Mary's Institute	
Milwaukee	Turnverein Milwaukee	1855
Nashota	Nashota Theological Seminary	1842
Neenah	Public Library	1887
Oshkosh	State Normal School	1872
Platteville	State Normal School	
Prairie du Chien	Sacred Heart College	1880
Racine	The Home School	
Racine	Public School Library	1857
Racine	Racine College	1852
Ripon	Ripon College	1863
River Falls	State Normal School	1875
Saint Francis	Seminary of St. Francis of Sales	1850
Sheboygan	Business Men's Association	1885
Sparta	Free Library	1874
Stevens Point	Library Association	1868
Tomahawk	Free Library Association	
Watertown	College Library, University of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart	1875
Watertown	Northwestern University	1865
Waupun	Library Association	1858
Whitewater	State Normal School	
Winnebago	Northern Hospital for the Insane	1875

RAILROAD MILEAGE IN WISCONSIN.

DECEMBER 31ST, 1890,

NAME OF COMPANY.	Mileage.
Abbottsford & North Eastern.....	15.16
Chicago, Burlington & Northern.....	223.36
Chicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River.....	16.00
Chicago, Madison & Northern.....	91.31
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.....	1,372.11
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha.....	576.86
Chicago, Wisconsin & Minnesota.....	65.93
Chicago & Northwestern.....	946.55
Duluth Short Line.....	1.77
Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.....	67.98
Eastern Railway Company of Minnesota.....	21.00
Goodyear, Neillsville & Northern.....	10.00
Green Bay, Winona & St. Paul.....	221.80
Menomonee.....	5.02
Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western.....	516.12
Milwaukee, Menomonee Falls & Western.....	11.60
Milwaukee & Lake Winnebago.....	63.91
Milwaukee & Northern.....	255.50
Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie.....	268.85
Northern Pacific.....	84.40
Packwaukee & Montello.....	7.66
Prairie du Chien & McGregor.....	1.75
St. Cloud, Grantsburg & Ashland.....	12.00
St. Paul Eastern Grand Trunk.....	56.00
Sault Ste. Marie & Southwestern.....	37.00
Wisconsin Central Company.....	195.16
Wisconsin Central Railroad.....	329.64
Wisconsin Midland.....	3.00
Total mileage December 31, 1890.....	5,475.44

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICES.

State or Territory.	Land Office.	State or Territory.	Land Office.
Alabama	Huntsville.	Missouri	Springfield.
Alabama	Montgomery.	Montana	Boseman.
Alaska	Sitka.	Montana	Helena.
Arizona	Prescott.	Montana	Lewistown (Judith district).
Arizona	Tucson.	Montana	Miles City.
Arkansas	Camden.	Montana	Missoula.
Arkansas	Dardanelle.	Nebraska	Alliance.
Arkansas	Harrison.	Nebraska	Bloomington.
Arkansas	Little Rock.	Nebraska	Broken Bow.
California	Humboldt.	Nebraska	Chadron.
California	Independence.	Nebraska	Grand Island.
California	Los Angeles.	Nebraska	Lincoln.
California	Marysville.	Nebraska	McCook.
California	Redding.	Nebraska	Neligh.
California	Sacramento.	Nebraska	North Platte.
California	San Francisco.	Nebraska	O'Neill.
California	Stockton.	Nebraska	Sidney.
California	Susanville.	Nebraska	Valentine.
California	Visalia.	Nevada	Carson City.
Colorado	Akron.	Nevada	Eureka.
Colorado	Central City.	New Mexico	Folsom.
Colorado	Del Norte.	New Mexico	Las Cruces.
Colorado	Denver.	New Mexico	Roswell.
Colorado	Durango.	New Mexico	Santa Fé.
Colorado	Glenwood Springs.	North Dakota	Bismarck.
Colorado	Gunnison.	North Dakota	Devil's Lake.
Colorado	Hugo.	North Dakota	Fargo.
Colorado	Lamar.	North Dakota	Grand Forks.
Colorado	Leadville.	Oregon	La Grande.
Colorado	Montrose.	Oregon	Lake View.
Colorado	Pueblo.	Oregon	Oregon City.
Colorado	Sterling.	Oregon	Burns.
Florida	Gainesville.	Oregon	Roseburgh.
Idaho	Blackfoot.	Oregon	The Dalles.
Idaho	Boise City.	South Dakota	Aberdeen.
Idaho	Cœur d'Alene.	South Dakota	Chamberlain.
Idaho	Hailey.	South Dakota	Huron.
Idaho	Lewiston.	South Dakota	Mitchell.
Iowa	Des Moines.	South Dakota	Pierre.
Oklahoma	Buffalo.	South Dakota	Rapid City.
Oklahoma	Guthrie.	South Dakota	Watertown.
Oklahoma	Kingfisher.	South Dakota	Yankton.
Oklahoma	Oklahoma City.	Utah	Salt Lake City.
Kansas	Garden City.	Washington	North Yakima.
Kansas	Kirwin.	Washington	Olympia.
Kansas	Larned.	Washington	Seattle.
Kansas	Oberlin.	Washington	Spokane Falls.
Kansas	Salina.	Washington	Vancouver.
Kansas	Topeka.	Washington	Walla Walla.
Kansas	Wa Keeney.	Washington	Waterville.
Louisiana	Natchitoches.	Wisconsin	Ashland.
Louisiana	New Orleans.	Wisconsin	Eau Claire.
Michigan	Grayling.	Wisconsin	Menasha.
Michigan	Marquette.	Wisconsin	Wausau.
Minnesota	Crookston.	Wyoming	Beaver.
Minnesota	Duluth.	Wyoming	Cheyenne.
Minnesota	Marshall.	Wyoming	Douglas.
Minnesota	St. Cloud.	Wyoming	Evanston.
Minnesota	Taylor's Falls.	Wyoming	Lander.
Mississippi	Jackson.	Wyoming	Sundance.
Missouri	Boonville.		
Missouri	Ironton.		

PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Statement of outstanding principal of the public debt of the United States on January 1 of each year from 1791 to 1842, inclusive; and on July 1 of each year from 1843 to 1885, inclusive, and December 1, 1887, 1888, 1890, and 1890.

1791 Jan. 1....	\$75,463,476 52	1825 Jan. 1....	\$83,788,492 71	1859 July 1..	\$58,496,837 88
1792 Jan. 1.....	77,217,924 66	1826 Jan. 1....	81,054,059 99	1860 July 1..	64,842,287 88
1793 Jan. 1.....	80,352,634 04	1827 Jan. 1....	73,987,357 20	1861 July 1..	90,580,873 72
1794 Jan. 1.....	78,427,404 77	1828 Jan. 1....	67,475,043 87	1862 July 1..	524,176,412 13
1795 Jan. 1.....	80,747,587 39	1829 Jan. 1....	58,421,413 67	1863 July 1..	119,772,138 63
1796 Jan. 1.....	83,762,172 07	1830 Jan. 1....	48,565,406 50	1864 July 1..	1,815,784,370 57
1797 Jan. 1.....	82,064,479 33	1831 Jan. 1....	39,123,191 68	1865 July 1..	2,680,647,869 74
1798 Jan. 1.....	79,228,529 12	1832 Jan. 1....	21,322,235 18	1866 July 1..	2,773,226,173 69
1799 Jan. 1.....	78,408,669 77	1833 Jan. 1....	7,001,698 83	1867 July 1..	2,678,126,103 87
1800 Jan. 1.....	82,976,294 35	1834 Jan. 1....	4,700,082 08	1868 July 1..	2,611,687,851 19
1801 Jan. 1.....	83,098,050 80	1835 Jan. 1....	37,513 05	1869 July 1..	2,588,452,213 94
1802 Jan. 1.....	86,712,632 25	1836 Jan. 1....	336,957 83	1870 July 1..	2,480,672,427 81
1803 Jan. 1.....	77,054,686 30	1837 Jan. 1....	3,308,124 07	1871 July 1..	2,353,211,332 32
1804 Jan. 1.....	86,427,120 88	1838 Jan. 1....	10,434,221 14	1872 July 1..	2,253,251,328 78
1805 Jan. 1.....	82,312,150 50	1839 Jan. 1....	3,573,343 82	1873 July 1..	2,234,482,993 20
1806 Jan. 1.....	75,723,270 66	1840 Jan. 1....	5,250,875 54	1874 July 1..	2,251,690,468 43
1807 Jan. 1.....	69,218,398 64	1841 Jan. 1....	13,594,480 72	1875 July 1..	2,232,284,531 95
1808 Jan. 1.....	65,196,317 97	1842 Jan. 1....	20,601,226 28	1876 July 1..	2,180,395,067 15
1809 Jan. 1.....	57,023,102 09	1843 July 1....	32,742,922 00	1877 July 1..	2,205,301,392 10
1810 Jan. 1.....	53,173,217 52	1844 July 1....	23,461,652 50	1878 July 1..	2,256,205,592 53
1811 Jan. 1.....	48,005,587 76	1845 July 1....	15,925,303 01	1879 July 1..	2,349,567,232 04
1812 Jan. 1.....	45,209,737 90	1846 July 1....	15,550,202 97	1880 July 1..	2,128,791,054 63
1813 Jan. 1.....	55,962,827 57	1847 July 1....	38,826,534 77	1881 July 1..	2,077,389,253 58
1814 Jan. 1.....	81,487,846 24	1848 July 1....	47,044,862 23	1882 July 1..	1,926,688,678 03
1815 Jan. 1.....	99,833,660 15	1849 July 1....	63,061,858 69	1883 July 1..	1,892,547,412 07
1816 Jan. 1.....	127,334,933 74	1850 July 1....	63,452,773 55	1884 July 1..	1,838,904,007 57
1817 Jan. 1.....	123,491,905 16	1851 July 1....	68,304,796 02	1885 July 1..	1,872,340,557 14
1818 Jan. 1.....	103,466,633 83	1852 July 1....	66,199,341 71	1886 July 1..	1,783,498,697 78
1819 Jan. 1.....	95,529,648 28	1853 July 1....	59,803,117 70	1887 Dec. 1..	1,664,461,536 83
1820 Jan. 1.....	91,015,566 15	1854 July 1....	42,242,222 42	1888 Dec. 1..	1,680,917,706 23
1821 Jan. 1.....	89,987,427 66	1855 July 1....	35,586,858 56	1889 Dec. 1..	1,617,372,419 53
1822 Jan. 1.....	93,546,676 93	1856 July 1....	31,972,537 90	1890 Dec. 1..	1,549,296,126 48
1823 Jan. 1.....	90,575,877 28	1857 July 1....	28,699,831 85		
1824 Jan. 1.....	90,269,777 77	1858 July 1....	44,911,881 03		

LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

January 1st.....	New Year's Day.
February 22d.....	Washington's Birthday.
May 30th.....	Memorial Day.
July 4th.....	Independence Day.
Tuesday next succeeding first Monday in November in even years....	General Election Day.
Thanksgiving Day.....	The Fourth Thursday in November.
December 25th.....	Christmas Day.

"Whenever either of said days shall fall on Sunday, the succeeding Monday is a legal holiday."—(Section 2577 R. S. 1878 as amended by chapter 146, laws 1879.)

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES — 1891.

WISCONSIN.

District.	REPUBLICAN.		DEMOCRATIC.	
	Headquarters — MILWAUKEE. Chairman — HENRY C. PAYNE. Secretary — JOHN M. EWING.		Headquarters — MILWAUKEE. Chairman — E. C. WALL, Milwaukee. Secretary — WENDELL A. ANDERSON, La Crosse.	
	Members.	Address.	Members.	Address.
1st...	F. W. Starbuck	Racine.	J. E. Dodge.....	Racine.
2d...	Jesse Stone	Watertown.	O. S. Cornish.....	Ft. Atkinson.
	Dana C. Lamb	Fond du Lac.	S. M. Smead.....	Fond du Lac.
	O. L. Rosenkrans.....	Oconomowoc.	H. W. Sawyer.....	Hartford.
3d...	H. C. Martin	Darlington.	Dr. A. Hayden.....	Shullsburg.
	J. T. Pryor, Jr.....	Dodgeville.	C. W. McIlhon.....	Mineral Point.
4th...	Paul Bechtner	Milwaukee.	John Johnston.....	Milwaukee.
	Eugene S. Elliott.....	Milwaukee.	H. J. Killilea.....	Milwaukee.
5th...	Thos. M. Blackstock.	Sheboygan.	Frank Gottsacker.	Sheboygan.
	G. G. Sedgwick.....	Manitowoc.	Edward Decker.....	Kewaunee.
6th...	Henry D. Smith.....	Appleton.	J. W. Hume.....	Oshkosh.
	Chas. L. Dering.....	Portage.	J. E. Jones.....	Portage.
7th...	C. S. Fuller	Prairie du Chien	O. R. Skarr.....	Viroqua.
	J. W. Babcock.....	Necedah.....	J. E. Wright.....	Baraboo.
8th...	B. J. Price.....	Hudson.	T. F. Frawley.....	Eau Claire.
	J. T. Barber.....	Eau Claire.	Steve Richmond..	Arcadia.
9th...	John E. Leahy.....	Wausau.	J. A. Taylor.....	Chippewa Falls.
	H. E. Mann.....	Marinette.	Dr. Frank Mullen..	Sturgeon Bay.
District.	PROHIBITION.		UNION LABOR.	
	Headquarters — MADISON. Chairman — M. O. NELSON. Secretary — J. B. Smith		Headquarters — MILWAUKEE. Chairman — ROBERT SCHILLING. Secretary — W. C. POWELL.	
	Members.	Address.	Members.	Address.
1st...	J. F. Cleghorn	Clinton.	Wm. Paul.....	Racine.
	Robt. Fargo.....	Lake Mills.	Spencer Palmer.....	Fond du Lac.
2d...	J. S. Thompson.....	Fond du Lac.	Frank Smock.....	Monroe.
	H. W. Goodwin.....	Oconomowoc.	Robert Schilling.....	Milwaukee.
3d...	Warren Howard.....	Albany.	W. R. Bishop.....	Sherwood.
	M. O. Nelson.....	Madison.	L. G. Arnold.....	Oshkosh.
4th...	J. E. Clayton	Milwaukee.	N. E. Moody.....	Viroqua.
	Birney Hand.....	Milwaukee.	John Lyon	Eau Claire.
5th...	C. W. Lomas.....	Ft. Howard.	D. B. O'Shea.....	Marinette.
6th...	M. B. McNeil.....	Oshkosh.		
	Jas. Melville.....	Poynette.		
7th...	Gilbert Shepherd.....	La Crosse.		
	R. B. Griggs.....	Baraboo.		
8th...	A. L. Dodge.....	Eau Claire.		
	G. A. Markham.....	Independence.		
9th...	H. C. Hathaway.....	Merrill.		
	T. H. Thornton.....	Wausau.		

NATIONAL AND STATE PLATFORMS—1888.

REPUBLICAN.

Adopted unanimously, by a standing vote, at Chicago June 21, 1888.

The republicans of the United States, assembled by their delegates in national convention, pause on the threshold of their proceedings to honor the memory of their first great leader, the immortal champion of liberty and the rights of the people—Abraham Lincoln; and to cover also with wreaths of imperishable remembrance and gratitude the heroic names of our later leaders who have more recently been called away from our councils—Grant, Garfield, Arthur, Logan, Conklin. May their memories be faithfully cherished.

We also recall with our greetings, and with prayers for his recovery, the name of one of our living heroes, whose memory will be treasured in the history both of republicans and of the Republic—the name of that noble soldier and favorite child of victory, Philip H. Sheridan.

In the spirit of those great leaders, and of our own devotion to human liberty, and with that hostility to all forms of despotism and oppression which is the fundamental idea of the republican party, we send fraternal congratulations to our fellow-Americans of Brazil on their great act of emancipation, which completes the abolition of slavery throughout the two American continents.

We earnestly hope that we may soon congratulate our fellow-citizens of Irish birth upon the peaceful recovery of home rule for Ireland.

We reaffirm our unswerving devotion to the National Constitution, and the indissoluble union of the states; to the autonomy reserved to the states under the Constitution, to the personal rights and liberties of citizens in all the states and territories in the Union, and especially to the supreme and sovereign right of every lawful citizen, rich or poor, native or foreign-born, white or black, to cast one free ballot in public elections, and to have that ballot duly counted. We hold the free and honest popular ballot, and the just and equal representation of all the people, to be the foundation of our republican government, and demand effective legislation to secure the integrity and purity of elections, which are the fountains of public authority. We charge that the present administration and the democratic majority in congress owe their existence to the suppression of the ballot by a criminal nullification of the constitution and laws of the United States.

We are uncompromisingly in favor of the American system of protection; we protest against its destruction as proposed by the president and his party. They serve the interests of Europe; we will support the interests of America. We accept the issue, and confidently appeal to the people for their judgment. The protective system must be maintained. Its abandonment has always been followed by general disaster to all interests, except those of the usurer and the sheriff. We denounce the Mills bill as destructive to the general business, the labor and the farming interests of the country, and we heartily indorse the consistent and patriotic action of the republican representatives in congress in opposing its passage.

We condemn the preposition of the democratic party to place wool on the free list, and we insist that the duties thereon shall be adjusted and maintained so as to furnish full and adequate protection to that industry throughout the United States.

The republican party would effect all needed reduction of the national revenue, by repealing the taxes upon tobacco, which are an annoyance and burden to agriculture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purposes; and by such revision of the tariff laws as will tend to check imports of such articles as are produced by our people, the production of which gives employment to our labor, and release from import duties those articles of foreign production (except luxuries), the like of which cannot be produced at home. If there shall still remain a larger revenue than is requisite for the wants of the government, we favor the entire repeal of internal taxes rather than the surrender of any part of our protective system at the joint behest of the whiskey trusts and the agents of foreign manufacturers.

We declare our hostility to the introduction into this country of foreign contract labor and of Chinese labor, alien to our civilization and constitution, and we demand the rigid enforcement of the existing laws against it, and favor such immediate legislation as will exclude such labor from our shores.

We declare our opposition to all combinations of capital organized as trusts or otherwise to control arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens, and we recommend to congress and the state legislatures, in their respective jurisdictions, such legislation as will prevent the execution of all schemes to oppress the people by undue charges on their supplies, or by unjust rates for the transportation of their products to market. We approve legislation by congress, to prevent alike unjust burdens and unfair discriminations between states.

We reaffirm the policy of appropriating the public lands of the United States to be homesteads for American citizens and settlers, not aliens, which the republican party established in 1862, against the persistent opposition of the democrats in congress.

The reservation of the unearned railroad land grants to the public domain for the use of actual settlers, which was begun under the administration of President Arthur, should be continued. We deny that the democratic party has ever restored one acre to the people, but declare that by the joint action of the republicans and democrats about 50,000,000 acres of unearned lands, originally granted for the construction of railroads, have been restored to the public domain in pursuance of the conditions inserted by the republican party in the original grants.

We stigmatize the democratic administration with failure to execute laws securing to settlers the title to their homestead, and with using the appropriations made for that purpose to harass innocent settlers with spies and prosecutions, under the false pretense of exposing frauds and vindicating the law.

Government by congress of the territories is based upon necessity, only to the end that they may become states in the union; therefore, whenever the conditions of population, material resources, public intelligence and morality are such as to insure a stable local government therein, the people of such territories should be permitted as a right inherent, to form for themselves constitutions and state governments, and to be admitted into the union. Pending preparation for statehood all officers thereof should be selected from bona fide residents and citizens of the territory wherein they are to serve. South Dakota should of right be immediately admitted as a state in the union under the constitution framed and adopted by her people, and we heartily indorse the action of the republican senate in twice passing a bill for her admission. The refusal of the democratic house of representatives, for partisan purposes, to favorably consider these bills is a willful violation of the sacred American principle of local self-government, and merits the condemnation of all just men.

The pending bills in the senate for acts to enable the people of Washington, North Dakota and Montana territories to form constitutions and establish state governments should be passed without unnecessary delay. The republican party pledges itself to do all in its power to facilitate the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Wyoming, Idaho and Arizona to the enjoyment of self-government as states — such of them as are now qualified as soon as possible, and the others as soon as they may become qualified.

The political power of the Mormons in the territories as exercised in the past is a menace to free institutions, and too dangerous to be long suffered; therefore we pledge the republican party to appropriate legislation asserting the sovereignty of the nation in all the territories where the same is questioned, and in furtherance of that end to place upon the statute books legislation stringent enough to divorce the political from the ecclesiastical power, and thus stamp out the attendant wickedness of polygamy.

The republican party is in favor of the use of both gold and silver as money, and condemns the policy of the democratic administration in its efforts to demonetize silver.

We demand a reduction of the letter postage to one cent per ounce.

In a republic like ours, where the citizen is sovereign and the official a servant, where no power is exerted except by the people, it is important that the sovereign, the people, should possess intelligence. The free school is the promoter of that intelligence, which is to preserve us as a free nation; therefore, the state or nation, or both combined, should support free institutions of learning sufficient to afford to every child growing up in the land the opportunity of a good common school education.

We earnestly recommend that prompt action be taken by congress, in the enactment of such legislation as will best secure the rehabilitation of our American merchant marine and we protest against the passage by congress of the free ship bill as calculated to work injustice to labor by lessening the wages of those engaged in preparing materials, as well as those directly employed in our ship yards.

We demand appropriations for the early rebuilding of our navy; for the construction of coast fortifications and modern ordnance and other approved modern defense for the protection of our defenseless harbors and cities; for the payment of just pensions to our soldiers; for necessary works of national importance in the improvement of our harbors

and the channels of internal waterways; for the encouragement of the shipping interests of the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific states, as well as for the payment of the maturing public debt. This policy will give employment to our labor, activity to our various industries, increase the security of our country, promote trade, open new and direct markets for our produce and cheapen the cost of transportation. We affirm this to be far better for our country than the democratic policy of loaning the government's money without interest to "pet banks."

The conduct of our foreign affairs by the present administration has been distinguished by inefficiency and cowardice. Having withdrawn from the senate all pending treaties effected by the republican administration for the removal of foreign burdens and restrictions upon our commerce and for its extension into better markets, it has neither effected nor proposed any others in their stead.

Professing adherence to the Monroe doctrine, it has seen with idle complacency the extension of foreign influence in Central America and of foreign trade everywhere among our neighbors. It has refused to charter, sanction or encourage any American organization for constructing the Nicaragua canal, a work of vital importance to the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine and of our national influence in Central and South America, and necessary for the development of trade with our Pacific territory, with South America and with the islands and further coasts of the Pacific ocean.

We arraign the present democratic administration for its weak and unpatriotic treatment of the fisheries question and its pusillanimous surrender of the essential privileges to which our fishing vessels are entitled in Canadian ports, under the treaty of 1818, the reciprocal maritime legislation of 1830, and the courtesy of nations which the Canadian fishing vessels receive in the ports of the United States. We condemn the policy of the present administration and the democratic majority in congress toward our fisheries as unfriendly and conspicuously unpatriotic and as tending to destroy a valuable national industry and indispensable resource of defense against a foreign enemy.

The name "American" applies alike to all citizens of the republic, and imposes upon all alike the same obligation of obedience to the laws; at the same time citizenship is and must be the panoply and the safeguard of him who wears it, and protect him, whether high or low, rich or poor, in all his civil rights. It should and must afford him protection at home, and follow and protect him abroad in whatever land he may be on lawful errand.

The men who abandoned the republican party in 1884, and continue to adhere to the democratic party, have deserted, not only the cause of honest government, of sound finance, of the freedom and purity of the ballot, but especially have they deserted the cause of reform in the civil service. We will not fail to keep our pledges because they have broken theirs, or because their candidate has broken his. We, therefore, repeat our declaration of 1884, to wit: The reform of the civil service so auspiciously begun under a republican administration should be completed by the further extension of the reform system already established by law, to all grades of the service to which it is applicable. The spirit and purpose of reform should be observed in all executive appointments, and all laws at variance with the object of the existing reform legislation should be repealed, to the end that the dangers to free institutions, which lurk in the power of official patronage, may be wisely and effectively avoided.

The gratitude of the nation to the defenders of the union cannot be measured by laws. The legislation of congress should conform to the pledges made by the loyal people and be so large and extended as to provide against the possibility that any man who honorably wore the federal uniform shall become an inmate of an alms house, or dependent upon private charity. In the presence of an overflowing treasury, it would be a public scandal to do less for those whose valorous service preserved the government.

We denounce the hostile spirit shown by President Cleveland in his numerous vetoes of the measures for pension relief, and the action of the democratic house of representatives in refusing even the consideration of general pension legislation.

In support of the principles herewith enumerated, we invite the co-operation of the patriotic men of all parties and especially of all working men, whose prosperity is seriously threatened by the free trade policy of the present administration.

SUPPLEMENTARY RESOLUTION.

The following was adopted just before the convention adjourned:

The first concern of all good governments is the virtue and sobriety of the people and the purity of their homes. The republican party cordially sympathizes with all wise and well directed efforts for the promotion of temperance and morality.

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted at Milwaukee, August 20, 1890

The republican party, in convention assembled, declares its devotion to the common school as the chief factor in the education of the people, and pledges itself to support, strengthen and defend it.

It recognizes as valuable auxiliaries in the work of popular education the private and parochial schools supported without aid from public funds, and disclaims absolutely any purpose whatever to interfere in any manner with such schools, either as to their terms, government, or branches to be taught therein.

We affirm the right and duty of the state to enact laws that will guarantee to all children sufficient instruction in the legal language of the state to enable them to read and write the same.

We believe that the compulsory education law passed by the last legislature is wise and humane in all its essential purposes and we are opposed to its repeal; but at the same time we assert that the parent or guardian has the right to select the time of the year and the place, whether public or private and wherever located, in which his child or ward shall receive instruction, and we pledge ourselves to modify the existing law so that it shall conform to the foregoing declarations.

We further believe that all children between the ages of seven and fourteen years should be protected by appropriate legislation from the evils, physical and mental, arising from their employment in factories and similar places of work, and that adequate provision should be made for the care of children incorrigibly truant.

We are unalterably opposed to any union of church and state, and will resist any attempt upon the part of either to invade the domain of the other. We repudiate as a gross misrepresentation of our purposes, the suggestion, come whence it may, that we will in any manner invade the domain of conscience, trample upon parental rights, or religious liberty. Our only purpose in respect to the educational policy of the state is to secure to all children within its borders, at the earliest practical age, proper equipment for the discharge of the ordinary duties of citizenship, and to this end, alike important to the state, to the children, and to the parents of the children, we invite the co-operation and aid of all broad-minded and patriotic people.

The republican party of the state while intrusted with power pledges itself to maintain a faithful and economical administration of the state government, and will demand the passage by the next legislature of such amendments to the existing laws as will provide, under proper guarantees for the security of the state, for the deposit in banks, subject to the order of the state treasurer, of such parts of the general fund of the state, not required for immediate use, and of the trust fund temporarily awaiting investment, all interest allowed on such deposits to go to the respective funds, the state treasurer to be relieved from any liability for such deposits while they remain in the banks. The principles of the public regulation of railway corporations is a wise and salutary one for the protection of all classes of people. It further commends the new election law of the state, enacted by a republican legislature and signed by a republican governor, by which new safeguards are placed around the ballot-box to assure the independence of voters and honest elections, accurately reflecting the will of the people. It recognizes and heartily commends the faithful and efficient management of the affairs of this commonwealth under the present state officers. That the general demand from all parts of the state for the renomination of Governor Hoard furnishes the highest and most conclusive evidence of popular approval of his administration, and of the warm place he holds in the confidence and esteem of the people, as an able, firm and conscientious executive, and signifies his triumphant re-election to the highest office in the gift of our great and prosperous commonwealth.

This convention declares its adherence to the general principles of national policy set forth in the platform adopted by the National Republican convention of 1888, and maintains that the best interests of the American people are promoted by the continuance of a system which protects American enterprise and American labor against competition with the capital and cheap labor of Europe, a system under which our country has enjoyed a measure of prosperity and development without precedent.

We protest against the violent and fraudulent schemes of the democratic party to suppress the republican vote in the southern states as unjust, unconstitutional and utterly indefensible; as a standing menace to the experiment of an elective government; as grossly unfair to the northern states, inasmuch as it results in counting the republican voters as

the basis of representation in congress and in the electoral college, and then excluding them from taking part in the elections; as breeding contempt for the ballot-box and as manifestly tending to the most serious and alarming consequences.

This convention declares its confidence in the national administration, in the integrity, patriotism and earnest purpose to promote the public welfare, which directs its action, and commends the efforts it is making to establish reciprocal trade relations with the several nations of this continent upon such a basis as will be mutually advantageous.

It further warmly approves of the course of our senators and republican representatives in the present congress. They have zealously and consistently upheld the best interests of the state and the nation, and proved themselves worthy of the trust reposed in them.

That we recognize and emphasize the importance of returning a legislature which shall ensure the continuance in the public service of John C. Spooner. That the commanding position which he has already acquired in the councils of the nation is the strongest vindication of his eminent qualifications for the important station to which he has been called, and of his right to rank with the distinguished statesmen the republican party of Wisconsin has heretofore placed in the senate of the United States.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Adopted unanimously at St. Louis, June 7, 1888.

The democratic party of the United States in national convention assembled, renews the pledge of its fidelity to the democratic faith, and reaffirms the platform adopted by its representatives in the convention of 1834, and indorses the views expressed by President Cleveland in his last earnest message to congress as the correct interpretation of that platform upon the question of tariff reduction; and also indorses the efforts of our democratic representatives in congress to secure a reduction of excessive taxation.

Chief among its principles of party faith are the maintenance of an indissoluble union of free and indestructible states, now about to enter upon its second century of unexampled progress and renown, devotion to a plan of government regulated by a written constitution strictly specifying every granted power and expressly reserving to the states or people the entire ungranted residue of power; the encouragement of a jealous popular vigilance directed to all who have been chosen for brief terms to enact and execute the laws, and are charged with the duty of preserving peace, ensuring equality and establishing justice.

The democratic party welcome an exacting scrutiny of the administration of the executive power, which, four years ago, was committed to its trust in the election of Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, but it challenges the most searching inquiry concerning its fidelity and devotion to the pledges which then invited the suffrages of the people during a most critical period of our financial affairs, resulting from over-taxation, the anomalous condition of our currency, and a public debt unmaturing. It has, by the adoption of a wise and conservative course, not only avoided disaster, but greatly promoted the prosperity of our people.

It has reversed the improvident and unwise policy of the republican party, touching the public domain, and has reclaimed from corporations and syndicates, alien and domestic, and restored to the people, nearly one hundred millions of acres of land to be sacredly held as homesteads for our citizens.

While carefully guarding the interest of the people consistent with the principles of justice and equity, it has paid out more for pensions and bounties to the soldiers and sailors of the republic than was ever paid before during an equal period. It has adopted and consistently pursued a firm and prudent foreign policy, preserving peace with all nations, while scrupulously maintaining all the rights and interests of our own government, and the people at home and abroad. The exclusion from our shores of Chinese laborers has been effectually secured under the provisions of a treaty, the operation of which has been postponed by the action of a republican majority in the senate.

In every branch and department of the government under democratic control, the rights and welfare of all the people have been guarded and defended; every public interest has been protected and the equality of all our citizens before the law, without regard to race or color, has been steadfastly maintained. Upon its record, thus exhibited, and upon the pledge of a continuance to the people of the benefits of democracy, it invokes a renewal

of public trust by the re-election of a chief magistrate who has been faithful, able, and prudent, and invokes, in addition to that trust, the transfer also to the democracy of the entire legislative power.

The republican party controlling the senate and resisting in both houses of congress a reformation of unjust and unequal tax laws, which have outlasted the necessities of war, and are now undermining the abundance of a long peace, deny to the people equality before the law, and the fairness and justice which are their right. Then the cry of American labor for a better share in the rewards of industry is stifled with false pretense, enterprise is fettered and bound down to home markets, capital is discouraged with doubt, and unequal, unjust laws can neither be properly amended or repealed.

The democratic party will continue with all the power confided to it the struggle to reform the laws in accordance with the pledges of its last platform, indorsed at the ballot-box by the suffrages of the people. Of all the industrious freemen of our land, the immense majority, including every tiller of the soil, gain no advantage from excessive tax laws, but the price of nearly everything they buy is increased by the favoritism of an unequal system of tax legislation. All unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation.

It is repugnant to the creed of democracy that by such taxation the cost of the necessities of life should be unjustifiably increased to all our people. Judged by democratic principles, the interest of the people are betrayed, when, by unnecessary taxation, trusts and combinations are permitted to exist, which, while unduly enriching the few that combine, rob the body of our citizens, by depriving them of the benefits of natural competition. Every democratic rule of governmental action is violated when through unnecessary taxation a vast sum of money, far beyond the needs of an economical administration, is drawn from the people and the channels of trade, and accumulated as a demoralizing surplus in the national treasury. The money now lying idle in the federal treasury, resulting from superfluous taxation, amounts to more than one hundred and twenty-five millions, and the surplus collected is reaching the sum of more than sixty millions annually. Debauched by this immense temptation, the remedy of the republican party is to meet and exhaust, by extravagant appropriation and expenses, whether constitutional or not, the accumulation of extravagant taxation.

The democratic policy is to enforce frugality in public expenses, and abolish unnecessary taxation. our established domestic industries and enterprises should not, and need not, be endangered by the reduction and correction of the burdens of taxation. On the contrary, a fair and careful revision of our tax laws, with due allowance for the difference between the wages of American and foreign labor, must promote and encourage every branch of such industries and enterprises, by giving them assurances of an extended market and steady and continuous operations in the interests of American labor, which should in no event be neglected. Revision of our tax laws, contemplated by the democratic party, should promote the advantage of such labor by cheapening the cost of necessities of life in the home of every workman, and at the same time securing him steady remunerative employment. Upon this question of tariff reform, so closely concerning every phase of our national life, and upon every question involved in the problem of good government, the democratic party submits its principles and professions to the intelligent suffrages of the American people.

ADDITIONAL RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That this convention hereby indorses and recommends the early passage of the bill for the reduction of the revenue now pending in the house of representatives.

Resolved, That we express our cordial sympathy with struggling people of all nations in their efforts to secure for themselves the inestimable blessings of self-government and civil and religious liberty, and we especially declare our sympathy with the effort of those noble patriots who, led by Gladstone and Parnell, have conducted their grand and peaceful contest for home-rule in Ireland.

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM,

Adopted at Milwaukee, August 27, 1890.

We, the democrats of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, declare our continued opposition to all forms of paternalism and centralization.

The republican party is the exponent of these dangerous principles.

By the McKinley bill it seeks to burden the masses with additional high protective charges for the benefit of the favored few.

By lavish expenditure of an immense levy of unnecessary taxes it strives to corrupt the voters.

By the force bill it endeavors to make its political power self-perpetuating, in placing congressional elections directly under its control.

By its lavish support of the speaker of the present house of representatives in his arbitrary assumption of authority, it attempts to disfranchise its political opponents.

By these and other acts it manifests its disregard of just principles of government, its distrust of the people and its determination to override every right in its efforts to maintain its supremacy.

Extravagance everywhere marks republican rule.

The present national administration has already exhausted the large surplus received from its democratic predecessor, and now, with constantly growing revenues, is threatened with a deficit.

The whole country is burdened with oppressive war taxes, enhancing the cost of the necessities of life.

The people, and especially the agricultural and laboring classes, ask relief from these unjust burdens imposed in the interest of monopolies.

The republican party answers this request by legislation increasing the tariff. The democratic party insists that the present tariff be reduced and taxation lowered to meet the just requirements of necessary public expenses.

REPUBLICAN EXTRAVAGANCE.

In state, as in national affairs, the republican party exhibits extravagance, corruption and unjustifiable interference with individual and constitutional rights.

The great increase in state expenses and the creation of an army of needless officers, paid out of the state treasury to perform republican party service, show that the same disposition to impose on the people and squander their money for party gain prevails in Madison as in Washington.

The appropriation by state treasurers of the interest on state funds for their own gain is an example of republican mismanagement.

The interest on these funds is the money of the people, as the interest on a private trust fund is a recognized portion of the fund by which it is earned; yet for years the republican party has permitted state treasurers of its creation to appropriate such interest to their own uses.

We pledge that the democratic party, if entrusted with the state government, will reduce state expenses to the point necessary for an economical administration of state affairs; that it will cover into the state treasury all interest on state funds and vigorously prosecute legal proceedings to recover interest moneys heretofore taken by state treasurers.

SUMPTUARY LAWS OPPOSED.

We oppose sumptuary laws as unnecessary and unwise interference with individual liberty.

CHILD LABOR.

We oppose the employment in shops, factories or other places of business, of children under 14 years of age, and favor stringent laws prohibiting such employment.

REPEAL THE BENNETT LAW.

We oppose any division or diversion of public school funds to sectarian uses.

The democratic party created the public school system of this state and will always jealously guard and maintain it.

The Bennett law is a local manifestation of the settled republican policy of paternalism.

Favoring laws providing for the compulsory attendance at school of all children we believe that the school law in force prior to the passage of the Bennett law guaranteed to all children of the state an opportunity for education, and in this essential feature was stronger than the Bennett law.

The "underlying principles" of the Bennett law is needless interference with parental rights and liberty of conscience.

The provisions for its enforcement place the accused at the mercy of the school directors and deny his right to trial by jury and according to the law of the land.

To mask this tyrannical invasion of individual and constitutional rights, the shallow plea of defense of the English language is advanced.

The history of this state, largely peopled with foreign born citizens, demonstrates the fact that natural causes and the necessities of the situation are advancing the growth of the English language to the greatest possible extent.

We, therefore, denounce the law as unnecessary, unwise, unconstitutional, un-American and undemocratic, and demand its repeal."

NATIONAL PROHIBITION PLATFORM.

[Adopted at Indianapolis, May 31, 1888.]

The prohibition party, in national convention assembled, acknowledging Almighty God as the source of all power in government, does hereby declare:

1. That the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages shall be made public crimes, and prohibited and punished as such.

2. That such prohibition must be secured through amendments of our National and State Constitutions, enforced by adequate laws adequately supported by administrative authority, and to this end the organization of the prohibition party is imperatively demanded in state and nation.

3. That any form of license taxation, or regulation of the liquor traffic, is contrary to good government; that any party which supports regulation by license or tax, enters into an alliance with such traffic and becomes the actual foe of the state's welfare, and that we arraign the republican and democratic parties for their persistent attitude in favor of the licensed iniquity, whereby they oppose the demand of the people for prohibition, and through open complicity with the liquor cause defeat the enforcement of the law.

4. For the immediate abolition of the internal revenue system, whereby our national government is deriving support from our greatest national vice.

5. That an adequate public revenue being necessary, it may properly be raised by import duties, but import duties should be so reduced that no surplus should be accumulated in the treasury, and the burdens of taxation should be removed from foods, clothing and other comforts and necessities of life, and imposed upon such articles of import as will give protection both to the manufacturer, employer and producing labor against the competition of the world.

6. That civil-service appointments for all civil offices, chiefly clerical in their duties, should be based upon moral, intellectual and physical qualifications, and not upon party service or party necessity.

7. That the right of suffrage rests on no mere circumstance of race, color or nationality, and that where, from any cause, it has been withheld from citizens who are of suitable age and mentally and morally qualified for the exercise of an intelligent ballot it should be restored by the people through the legislatures of the several states on such educational basis as they may deem wise.

8. For the abolition of polygamy and the establishment of uniform laws governing marriage and divorce.

9. For prohibiting all combination of capital to control and to increase the cost of products for popular consumption.

10. For the preservation and defense of the Sabbath as a civil institution without oppressing any who religiously observe the same on any other day than the first day of the week.

11. That arbitration is the Christian, wise and economic method of settling national differences, and the same method should by judicious legislation be applied to the settlement of disputes between large bodies of employes and employers; that the abolition of the saloon would remove the burdens, moral, physical, pecuniary and social, which now oppress labor and rob it of its earnings, and would prove to be the wise and successful way of promoting labor reform; and we invite labor and capital to unite with us for the accomplishment thereof.

12. That monopoly in the land is a wrong to the people, and public land should be reserved to actual settlers, and that men and women should receive equal wages for equal work.

13. That our immigration laws should be so enforced as to prevent the introduction into our country of all convicts, inmates of dependent institutions and others physically incapacitated for self-support, and that no person shall have the ballot in any state who is not a citizen of the United States.

14. Recognizing and declaring that prohibition of the liquor traffic has become the dominant issue in national politics, we invite to full party fellowship all those who, on this one dominant issue, are with us agreed, in the full belief that this party can and will remove sectional differences, promote national unity and insure the best welfare of our native land.

Resolutions were adopted by the convention favoring the payment of pensions to ex-soldiers and sailors, indorsing the work of the prohibition army of the blue and gray; con-

denming the democratic and republican parties for denying the right of self-government to the 600,000 people of Dakota, and upon motion of a colored delegate from North Carolina, a resolution declaring "that we hold that all men are born free and equal and should be secured in their rights."

PROHIBITION STATE PLATFORM.

[Adopted at Madison July 22, 1890.]

The prohibition party of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, adopt the following platform:

1st. We declare the traffic in intoxicating liquors to be the great and constant source of crime, pauperism, insanity, municipal misrule and political corruption, the enemy of labor and agriculture, and the greatest cause of danger to American institutions.

2d. We insist on state and national prohibition, and the enforcement thereof, through a party thoroughly in sympathy with the same.

3d. We regard all forms of license as a compromise with, and legal recognition and protection of the liquor traffic.

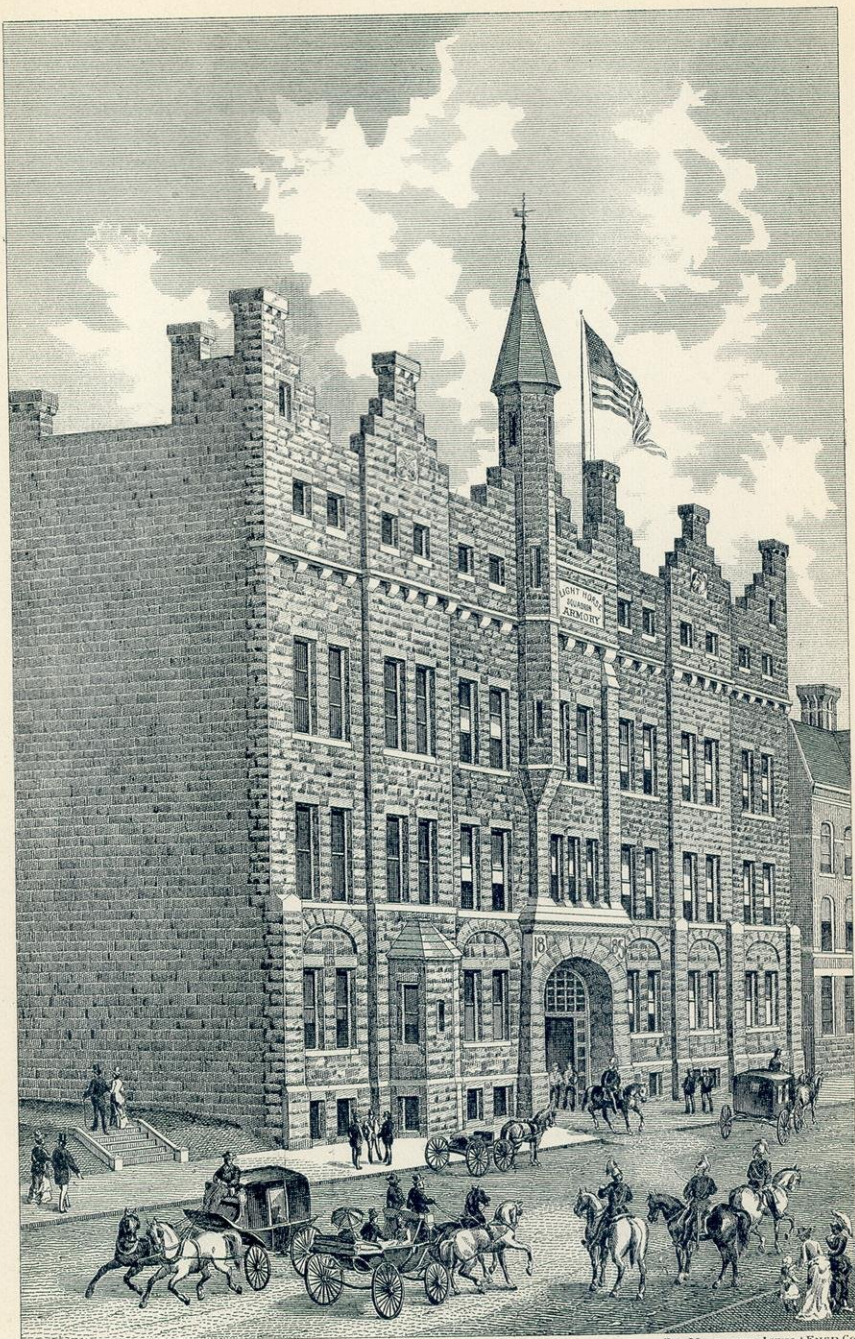
4th. We favor legislation that will insure to the laborer and farmer a fair share of the profits of their labor, and check the tendency to divert the wealth of the many into the hands of the few.

5th. We favor a liberal public education in the English language, enforced and supervised by the state.

6th. We favor a more careful and just imposition of taxes, a vigilant supervision of corporations, the prevention of combinations to oppress the people and increase the price of the necessities of life, the arbitration of all differences between capital and labor, and a careful execution of the new ballot law of this state.

7th. We declare that no citizen should be denied the right of suffrage on account of sex.

8th. We recognize the Woman's Christian Temperance Union and the other temperance organizations, as powerful allies in the suppression of the liquor traffic, and bid them God speed.



THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENG. CO.

LIGHT HORSE SQUADRON ARMORY,
(STATE ARSENAL)
MILWAUKEE.

UNION LABOR.

Adopted at Cincinnati, May 16, 1888.

1. While we believe that the proper solution of the financial system will greatly relieve those now in danger of losing their homes by mortgage foreclosure and enable all industrious persons to secure a home as the highest result of civilization, we oppose land monopoly in every form, demand the forfeiture of unearned grants, the limitation of land-ownership, and such other legislation as will stop speculation in land and holding it unused from those whose necessities require it. We believe the earth was made for the people, and not to enable an idle aristocracy to subsist through rents upon the toil of the industrious, and that "corners" in land are as bad as "corners" in food, and that those who are not residents or citizens should not be allowed to own land in the United States. A homestead should be exempt to a limited extent from execution or taxation.

2. The means of communication and transportation should be owned by the people, as is the United States postal system.

3. The establishing of a national monetary system in the interest of the producers instead of the speculators and usurers, by which the circulating medium in necessary quantity and full legal tender should be issued directly to the people without the intervention of banks, or loaned to citizens upon land security at a low rate of interest. To relieve them from extortions of usury and enable them to control the money supply, postal savings banks should be established. While we have free coinage of gold we should have free coinage of silver. We demand the immediate application of all the idle money in the United States treasury to the payment of the bonded debt, and condemn the further issue of interest-bearing bonds either by the national government or by states, territories, or municipalities.

4. Arbitration should take the place of strikes and other injurious methods of settling labor disputes. The letting of convict labor to contractors should be prohibited, the contract system be abolished in public works, the hours of labor in industrial establishments reduced commensurate with the increased production by labor-saving machinery, employees protected from bodily injury, equal pay given for equal work for both sexes, and labor, agricultural and co-operative associations be fostered and encouraged by law. The foundation of a republic is in the intelligence of its citizens, and children who are drawn into workshops, mines and factories are deprived of the education which should be secured to all by proper legislation.

5. We demand the passage of a service pension bill to pension every honorably discharged soldier and sailor of the United States.

6. A graduated income tax is the most equitable system of taxation, placing the burdens of government upon those who are best able to pay, instead of laying it on the farmers and exempting millionaire bondholders and corporations.

7. We demand a constitutional amendment making United States senators elective by a direct vote of the people.

8. We demand a strict enforcement of laws prohibiting the importation of subjects of foreign countries under contracts.

9. We demand the passage and enforcement of such legislation as will absolutely exclude the Chinese from the United States.

10. The right to vote is inherent in citizenship, irrespective of sex, and is properly within the province of state legislation.

11. The paramount issues to be solved in the interests of humanity are the abolition of usury, monopoly, and trusts; and we denounce the democratic and republican parties for creating and perpetuating these monstrous evils.

UNION LABOR PLATFORM.

Adopted in State Convention at Milwaukee, September 3, 1890.

PREAMBLE.

The delegates to this convention representing the progressive and independent voters of the state, realizing that to benefit and elevate mankind radical economic and political reforms are necessary, that as experience demonstrates cannot be obtained through the medium of the old parties, who have covered real and honest reformatory demands by fictitious side issues such as the tariff question, submit to the voters of the state the following demands and ask all to help to enact them into law by voting for the nominees of this convention:

1. We reaffirm the principles of the national convention of the union labor party, as adopted at Cincinnati, May 16, 1888.

2. We demand a law prohibiting the granting of valuable franchises to corporations, and that money, land, air, water, railroads, telegraphs, telephones, street cars, lighting, and all other public improvements, necessities and conveniences, be owned and controlled by the public so that the country may be owned by the people and not by oppressive and corrupting corporations.

3. We demand the abolition of all laws that are made in the interest of classes, and demand perfect equality before the law for all.

4. The taxation of all notes and mortgages. No mortgage or note shall be collected by law unless taxes have been fully paid upon it by the owner at the place where the mortgaged property is located or the party issuing the note resides.

5. All laws should be simplified so that there is but one law on one subject, and that worded in plain language which will enable the people to understand the law without paying enormous fees to lawyers.

6. The one-man power has no place in a republic, hence all public officials as far as practicable should be elected by direct vote of the people and the voters be allowed to recall all unfaithful, inefficient and dishonest officials.

7. We demand the establishment of a bureau of agricultural statistics.

8. The employment or importation of armed men, like the Pinkerton's, by private corporations, is subversive of law and order, and should be prohibited by statute and severe penalties imposed.

9. That the Australian voting system be extended to all the counties in the state.

10. We favor compulsory education of all children between the ages of seven and fourteen years, either in public, parochial or other private schools, and the prohibition of child labor in factories and workshops. As both the republican and democratic parties have declared in favor of these principles, long demanded by our party, we consider them no longer an issue in politics.

11. The compulsory education of all children should include the teaching of the English language. Uniform text-books should be furnished free.

12. A reduction of the hours of labor is made necessary by the increase of labor-saving machinery, and should be enforced in the interests of humanity.

13. We demand that the first Monday in September be made a legal holiday.

14. We demand the abolition of the convict contract labor system now in vogue in the penal institutions of this state, which both old parties promised to abolish four years ago a promise they have failed to fulfill up to this time.

THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

OFFICERS—Thomas W. Palmer, President; John T. Dickinson, Secretary; George R. Davis, Director General.

NATIONAL COMMISSIONERS AND ALTERNATES.

States.	Commissioners.	Alternates.
At Large.....	G. W. Allen, New York..... T. W. Palmer, Michigan..... P. A. B. Widener, Pennsylvania..... H. Exall, Texas..... A. G. Bullock, Massachusetts..... R. C. Kereus, Missouri..... W. C. Lindsay, Kentucky..... M. L. McDonald, California.....	H. Ingalls, Maine..... E. W. Furnass, Nebraska..... J. W. Chalfant, Pennsylvania..... H. C. King, Texas..... J. Oliver, Indiana..... L. Fitzgerald, New York..... P. J. Walsh, Georgia..... T. Burke, Washington.....
Alabama.....	Hundley, O. R., Huntsville..... Bromberg, F. G., Mobile.....	Hull, W. S., Sheffield..... Werth, G. L., Montgomery.....
Arkansas.....	Adams, J. D., Little Rock..... Gregg, L., Fayetteville.....	Tillar, J. T. W., Little Rock..... Leslie, T. H., Stuttgart.....
California.....	DeYoung, M. H., San Francisco..... Porsyth, W., Fresno.....	Hazelton, G., San Francisco..... Stephens, R. D., Sacramento.....
Colorado.....	Skiff, F. J. V., Denver..... Goodell, R. E., Leadville.....	French, O. C., New Windsor..... Gillespie, H. B., Aspen.....
Connecticut.....	Brainard, L., Hartford..... Waller, T. M., New London.....	Brooker, C. F., Torrington..... Baldwin, C. R., Waterbury.....
Delaware.....	Porter, W. H., Wilmington..... Massey, G. V., Dover.....	Richards, C. F., Georgetown..... Saulsbury, W., Dover.....
Florida.....	Turnbull, R., Monticello..... Hirst, J., Tampa.....	Bernard, J. T., Tallahassee..... Adams, D. W., Tangerine.....
Georgia.....	Way, C. H., Savannah..... McLaws, L., Savannah.....	Clark, J. W., Augusta..... Longstreet, J., Gainesville.....
Idaho.....	Manning, G. A., Post Falls..... Stearns, J. E., Nampa.....	Crook, A. J., Hailey..... Burke, J. M., Wardner.....
Illinois.....	Ewing, A. T., Chicago..... Daere, C. H., Moline.....	Funk, L., Shirley..... Smith, DeWitt, Springfield.....
Indiana.....	Martindale, E. B., Indianapolis..... Garvin, T. E., Evansville.....	Trevis, C. M., Crawfordsville..... McLean, W. E., Terre Haute.....
Iowa.....	King, Prof. W. F., Mt. Vernon..... Buchanan, W. I., Sioux City.....	Eiboecq, J., Des Moines..... Hayes, J., Red Oak.....
Kansas.....	Price, R. R., Hutchinson..... Holliday, C. K., Jr., Topeka.....	Lanyon, F. V., Pittsburg..... Thompson, J. F., Sabetha.....
Kentucky.....	Bennett, J., Richmond..... McKenzie, J. A., Oak Grove.....	Morris, J., Louisville..... Comingore, D. N., Covington.....
Louisiana.....	Penn, D. B., Newellton..... Woodward, T. J., New Orleans.....	LeDuc, A., New Orleans..... McMahon, P. J., Tangipahoa.....
Maine.....	Bixby, A. R., Skowhegan..... Davis, W. G., Portland.....	Boardman, J. A., Bangor..... Edwards, C. S., Bethel.....
Maryland.....	Hodges, J., Baltimore..... Lowndes, L., Cumberland.....	Upshur, G. M., Snow Hill..... Conklin, D. E., Baltimore.....
Massachusetts.....	Breed, F. W., Lynn..... Proctor, T. E., Boston.....	Ladd, G. P., Spencer..... Houghton, A. C., North Adams.....
Michigan.....	Lane, M. H., Kalamazoo..... Richmond, C. H., Ann Arbor.....	Barbour, G. H., Detroit..... Fisher, E. B., Grand Rapids.....
Minnesota.....	Tousley, Prof. O. V., Minneapolis..... Harrison, M. B., Duluth.....	Kurtz, T. L., Moorhead..... Hunt, T. L., Mankato.....
Mississippi.....	Saunders, R. L., Jackson..... Brynum, J. M., Rienzi.....	Brinker, J. H., West Point..... Collins, F. W., Summit.....
Missouri.....	Jones, C. H., St. Louis..... Bullene, T. B., Kansas City.....	Picher, O. H., Joplin..... McDonald, R. L., St. Joseph.....
Montana.....	Hersfield, L. H., Helena..... Mitchell, A. H., Deer Lodge.....	White, B. F., Dillon..... Collins, T. E., Great Falls.....
Nebraska.....	Scott, A. G., Kearney..... Martin, E., Omaha.....	Lauterbach, J., Fairbury..... May, W. L., Fremont.....
Nevada.....	Haines, J. W., Genoa..... Russell, G., Elko.....	Strother, E., Virginia City..... Ryland, R., Reno.....
New Hampshire.....	McDuffie, C. D., Manchester..... Aiken, W., Franklin.....	Kaley, F. E., Milford..... Van Dyke, G., Lancaster.....
New Jersey.....	Smith, T., Newark..... Sewell, W. J., Camden.....	Stevens, E. A., Hoboken..... Fish, F. S., Newark.....
New York.....	Thatcher, J. B., Albany..... Depew, C. M., New York.....	Roosevelt, J., Hyde Park..... Breslin, J. H., New York.....

NATIONAL COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

States.	Commissioners.	Alternates.
North Carolina..	Andrews, A. B., Raleigh.....	Carr, E., Old Sparta.
	Keogh, T. B., Greensboro.....	Bingham, G. A., Salisbury.
North Dakota...	Rucker, H. P., Grand Forks.....	Stanley, C. H., Steele.
	Ryan, M., Fargo.....	Cameron, P., Tyner.
Ohio.....	Ritchie, W., Hamilton.....	Cron, L. C., Piqua.
	Platt, H. P., Toledo.....	Pluemer, A., Cincinnati.
Oregon.....	Klippel, H., Jacksonville.....	Morrow, J. L., Heppner.
	Wilkins, M., Eugene City.....	Wright, W. T., Union.
Pennsylvania....	McClellan, W., Pittsburg.....	Hallock, J. K., Erie.
	Woodside, J. W., Philadelphia.....	Ricketts, R. B., Wilkesbarre.
Rhode Island....	Goff, L. B., Pawtucket.....	Hazard, J., Providence.
	Sims, G. C., Providence.....	Spencer, L., Newport.
South Carolina..	Butler, A. P., Columbia.....	Roche, E. L., Charleston.
	Cochran, J. R., Anderson.....	Tindell, J. W., Sumter.
South Dakota ...	McIntyre, W., Watertown.....	Bullard, L. C., Pierre.
	Day, M. H., Rapid City.....	Ramsey, S. A., Woonsocket.
Tennessee.....	Baxter, L. T., Nashville.....	Strong, R., Knoxville.
	Williams, T. L., Knoxville.....	Hurt, A. B., Chattanooga.
Texas.....	Dickinson, J. T., Austin.....	Andrews, H. B., San Antonio.
	Cochran, A. M., Dallas.....	McDaniel, L., Anderson.
Vermont.....	McIntyre, H. H., W. Randolph.....	Walker, A. F., Rutland.
	Smalley, B. B., Burlington.....	Atkins, H., Montpelier.
Virginia.....	Harris, J. T., Harrisonburg.....	McDonald, A., Lynchburg.
	Groner, V. D., Norfolk.....	Heermans, C. A., Christiansburg.
Washington.....	Hopkins, C. B., Spokane.....	Bagley, C. B., Seattle.
	Drum, H., Tacoma.....	Bingham, W., Cheney.
West Virginia...	St. Clair, J. W., Fayetteville.....	Finley, M. J., Wheeling.
	Butt, J. D., Harper's Ferry.....	Vrooman, W., Parkersburg.
Wisconsin.....	Allen, P., Jr., Mineral Point.....	Curtis, D. W., Fort Atkinson.
	Benjamin, D. M., Milwaukee.....	Reed, M., Superior.
Wyoming.....	Beckwith, A. G., Evanston.....	McCormick, J., Sheridan.
	Hay, H. G., Cheyenne.....	Mercer, A. S., Cheyenne.
Arizona.....	Coats, G. F., Phoenix.....	Van Horn, W. L., Flagstaff.
	Zeckendorf, W., Tucson.....	Logan, H. H., Phoenix.
New Mexico.....	White, R. M., Hermosa.....	Tetard, L. C., E. Las Vegas.
	Gutiérrez, T. C., Albuquerque.....	Eddy, C. B., Eddy.
Oklahoma.....	Miles, J. D., Kingfisher.....	Wallace, J., Oklahoma.
	Beeson, O., Reno City.....	McNeil, J. W., Guthrie.
Utah.....	Lannan, P. H., Salt Lake City.....	Ferry, W. M., Park City.
	Kiesel, F. J., Ogden.....	Crane, C., Kanosh.
Dist. of Columbia	Britton, A. T.....	Claggett, D.
	Wilson, A. A.....	Johnson, E. K.

Executive Committee—Thomas W. Palmer, Michigan, chairman.

Commissioners-at-Large—Mark L. McDonald, Colorado; R. C. Kerens, Missouri; Henry Exall, Texas; P. A. B. Widener, Pennsylvania; John T. Harris, Virginia; William J. Sewell, New Jersey; B. B. Smalley, Vermont; E. B. Martindale, Indiana; John Boyd Thatcher, New York; Adlai T. Ewing, Illinois; William S. King, Iowa; H. G. Clapp, Ohio; L. Mc-Laws, Georgia.

THE DIRECT TAX BILL.

The provisions of the direct tax bill in substance are as follows:

That the secretary of the treasury, shall credit each state and territory and the District of Columbia with a sum equal to all collections by set off or otherwise, made under the terms of the direct tax, act of 1861. That all money still due the United States under the requirement of that act is remitted. A sufficient sum of money to reimburse the states and territories for the collections under the direct tax is appropriated, to be paid when the Legislatures shall have accepted the sums in full satisfaction on account of the levy. Money appropriated to meet individual claims is to be held in trust by the state authorities, six years being allowed for the reception of these claims. Payment is also to be made to the owners of lands in St. Helena and St. Luke's parishes, in South Carolina, that were sold under the operations of the direct tax act

The total appropriation carried by the bill is about \$19,000,000, but of this sum \$2,562,401 is simply a balance still due the government from states which never paid their full shares under the levy. The amounts levied and to be refunded under the act to the various states and territories are shown in the following table, from which must be offset the sums in the last column, due from them to the government:

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Amount levied.	Amount to be collect'd and re-funded.	'Balance' due to be cancelled,
Alabama.....	\$529,313	\$32,520	\$506,793
Arkansas.....	261,883	154,701	107,184
California.....	254,538	232,955	
Colorado.....	22,905	22,189	715
Connecticut.....	308,214	261,981	
Dakota.....	3,241	3,241	
Delaware.....	74,683	70,332	
District of Columbia.....	49,437	49,437	
Florida.....	77,522	4,766	72,756
Georgia.....	584,367	117,982	466,384
Illinois.....	1,146,551	974,568	
Indiana.....	904,875	769,144	
Iowa.....	452,088	384,274	
Kansas.....	71,743	60,981	
Kentucky.....	713,695	606,641	
Louisiana.....	385,886	385,886	
Maine.....	430,326	357,702	
Maryland.....	436,823	371,299	
Massachusetts.....	824,581	700,894	
Michigan.....	501,763	426,498	
Minnesota.....	108,524	92,245	
Mississippi.....	413,084	113,824	299,700
North Carolina.....	576,194	377,432	198,742
South Carolina.....	363,570	222,396	141,174
Missouri.....	761,127	646,958	
Nebraska.....	19,312	19,312	
Nevada.....	4,592	3,903	
New Hampshire.....	218,406	185,645	
New Jersey.....	450,134	382,614	
New Mexico.....	62,648	62,648	
New York.....	2,603,918	2,213,330	
Ohio.....	1,567,088	1,332,025	
Oregon.....	35,140	29,869	
Pennsylvania.....	1,946,719	1,654,711	
Rhode Island.....	116,963	99,419	
Tennessee.....	669,498	392,004	277,493
Texas.....	355,106	180,841	174,265
Utah.....	26,982		26,982
Vermont.....	211,068	179,407	
Virginia.....	729,071	442,408	286,662
West Virginia.....	208,479	181,306	
Washington.....	7,753	4,268	3,485
Wisconsin.....	519,688	446,535	
Total.....		\$15,227,632	\$2,562,401

STATEMENT OF PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS GROWN IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES IN 1890.

COUNTIES.	NUMBER OF BUSHELS.							No. OF POUNDS.			No. OF TONS.	No. OF POUNDS.		MILCH COWS.
	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.	Potatoes.	Root Crops.	Flax.	Hops.	Tobacco.	Culti- vated grasses.	Butter.	Cheese.	Number.
Adams ..	33,454	273,137	193,602	2,858	147,216	138,301	3,225	.....	9,215	85	3,300	268,058	12,170	8,108
Ashland ..	390	75	4,572	549	460	13,839	5,578	.....	.....	.....	1,232	7,700	.....	910
Barron ..	25,306	67,918	316,360	1,135	5,651	193,477	38,768	.....	1,400	764	14,167	305,610	3,050	4,106
Bayfield ..	.....	90	.....	.....	25	15,920	.....	.....	.....	.....	892	600	.....	185
Brown ..	223,923	43,855	768,340	49,907	130,792	150,056	48,944	14,032	.....	426	36,838	529,831	469,030	7,922
Buffalo ..	433,255	424,224	809,422	64,848	37,949	169,906	5,977	224	.....	.....	19,363	355,387	161,510	9,312
Burnett ..	10,017	14,703	45,948	247	9,161	49,230	9,120	100	.....	.....	1,063	115,958	3,405	1,760
Calumet ..	342,873	129,574	564,230	491,847	51,088	80,658	7,320	.....	.....	.....	24,872	284,903	2,151,145	11,883
Chippewa ..	43,525	205,634	707,948	12,435	1,243	226,917	4,257	10	.....	650	7,369	261,434	8,211	4,259
Clark ..	50,530	109,587	423,604	6,233	19,934	135,238	16,821	.....	.....	.....	26,698	448,726	63,762	6,222
Columbia ..	247,539	1,003,386	1,508,730	526,197	116,713	294,662	23,780	91	23,240	480,365	31,269	1,233,013	187,110	13,405
Crawford ..	159,807	466,740	643,743	19,983	25,535	100,467	1,653	.....	.....	43,200	21,492	668,031	2,056	7,848
Dane ..	293,324	2,161,014	3,085,301	783,802	64,333	282,549	21,371	83	.....	6,895,601	78,638	2,260,272	1,062,604	33,595
Dodge ..	714,358	859,502	1,353,917	2,145,801	43,567	209,168	71,206	548	300	10,967	73,984	1,370,260	2,957,782	24,203
Door ..	117,215	6,018	207,210	19,060	31,628	81,271	26,057	360	.....	.....	19,078	209,918	211,078	5,495
Douglas ..	.....	.....	1,465	.....	.....	10,836	250	.....	.....	.....	622	7,843	.....	127
Dunn ..	180,774	552,358	999,538	10,296	51,118	273,925	17,545	7,464	.....	245	22,885	528,907	52,602	9,328
Eau Claire ..	72,150	150,835	395,538	17,895	28,194	86,563	3,090	13,040	.....	854	10,966	257,030	150	4,104
Florence ..	.....	2,780	.....	.....	.....	12,800	4,400	.....	.....	.....	650	1,020	.....	107
Fond du Lac ..	462,038	631,723	1,598,931	1,248,162	23,402	25,859	36,917	41,390	.....	3,000	69,457	1,320,061	3,234,891	21,879
Forest ..	.....	850	.....	.....	.....	4,353	973	.....	.....	.....	200	103	.....	40
Grant ..	131,170	2,394,132	2,760,346	42,459	93,509	266,749	6,555	831	.....	42,006	73,783	1,502,478	262,821	21,868
Green ..	34,184	2,021,016	2,053,080	35,193	74,020	124,384	315	6,025	.....	161,775	59,820	526,560	4,283,258	25,183
Green Lake ..	210,616	529,073	1,657,852	238,412	71,055	130,051	9,449	66,770	1,500	1,500	14,219	408,588	69,200	6,437
Iowa ..	75,494	1,136,400	1,635,498	21,575	44,593	136,181	2,230	3,132	2,280	2,100	47,479	1,149,569	1,122,415	17,712
Jackson ..	149,955	304,368	823,025	11,808	44,842	95,029	10,943	954	.....	2,804	19,052	637,682	900	7,248
Jefferson ..	273,983	1,120,362	906,231	642,549	76,322	168,377	35,335	.....	17,180	412,499	41,637	2,239,928	3,443,268	23,551
Juneau ..	67,563	226,267	481,057	9,290	55,201	200,010	5,721	250	.....	500	10,606	34,932	159,535	5,393
Kenosha ..	88,559	599,560	629,483	106,283	8,774	93,391	3,624	.....	.....	.....	64,824	1,084,132	20,100	9,190
Kewaunee ..	253,005	7,204	309,711	42,742	6,373	76,331	6,667	.....	21	324	20,864	73,338	455,648	9,419
La Crosse ..	148,485	428,675	623,405	36,370	61,559	314,524	6,545	620	29,250	.....	27,694	694,093	128,956	7,492
La Fayette ..	27,626	1,624,853	1,826,476	48,127	31,335	108,548	.....	3,270	.....	22,075	45,060	762,180	512,100	13,836
Langlade ..	883	2,274	56,217	2,858	4,624	33,487	38,448	.....	.....	.....	4,275	57,955	.....	886

Lincoln	2,522	212	28,623	116	89	25,597	8,093				10	3,681	37,323		912
Manitowoc	498,363	39,731	717,864	236,175	182,315	183,856	43,891				450	59,093	736,863	3,848,400	20,380
Marathon	96,502	23,799	442,712	17,219	31,058	190,433	48,464		7,004		1,221	23,200	290,315	40,865	6,177
Marinette	9,295	5,826	95,604	2,783	5,474	78,400	6,941					6,478	57,625		1,957
Marquette	49,976	307,022	228,475	4,318	210,145	104,437	1,811				649	3,950	204,529	930	4,156
Milwaukee	47,073	156,720	573,405	320,161	51,003	337,159	58,919		43,857	23,820		37,884	609,482	35,400	10,437
Monroe	295,465	361,149	947,968	50,084	70,364	231,717	13,526		221		14,900	29,390	580,043	10,054	9,145
Oconto	35,009	27,930	210,501	5,075	10,114	78,036	29,622		30	2	208	11,709	170,230	225	2,538
Outagamie	318,221	358,033	899,340	97,773	62,875	184,475	29,632					31,355	460,159	1,501,570	11,317
Ozaukee	153,203	73,619	414,283	453,657	40,334	106,869	33,893					28,749	365,325	1,310,054	10,146
Pepin	116,943	212,290	194,918	38,844	25,811	72,921	1,432					5,024	156,518	10,000	2,680
Pierce	262,606	512,170	1,070,229	210,546	145,237	313,077	15,780		201,147		13,000	32,355	480,574	85,784	8,890
Polk	118,302	124,843	453,225	17,443	37,034	142,544	14,567		1,106	10	245	10,858	354,063	37,418	6,207
Portage	56,580	382,660	612,385	14,349	145,533	984,953	15,984			105,900		16,615	325,456	33,883	5,414
Price	110	2,035	28,292	23	213	66,881	47,586				203	1,925	23,328	258	377
Racine	71,826	588,327	843,023	147,207	16,951	153,031	34,198				6,501	30,785	624,860	32,853	10,397
Richland	179,628	690,894	602,571	5,260	21,649	112,209	2,121		1		50	28,988	490,092	1,280,605	9,870
Rock	109,073	1,652,540	1,613,670	721,154	67,207	230,677	16,495				6,891,499	62,557	1,765,293	525,485	18,659
St. Croix	81,135	409,595	1,959,186	18,058	75,393	442,893	14,146				570	30,405	640,938	173,312	9,838
Sauk	308,563	698,563	1,407,590	30,843	12,933	278,178	23,667		300	24,505	2,740	212,932	1,234,606	726,603	13,262
Shawano	179,885	99,031	405,852	16,925	41,045	113,332	23,889		8			18,909	305,287	23,080	6,326
Sheboygan	249,952	288,717	971,737	680,343	141,048	199,496	49,685		1,731			64,322	439,688	8,028,794	27,395
Taylor	165	240	11,358	93	1,146	30,411	7,329				106	3,805	37,350		849
Trempealeau	248,850	568,110	1,290,191	29,618	57,247	174,803	4,890		20,941			32,556	1,284,063	9,990	16,246
Vernon	325,861	729,571	1,405,696	129,963	18,276	276,050	17,767		590	5	449,630	48,880	809,293	43,393	12,266
Walworth	127,632	1,268,019	961,874	684,234	13,795	163,821	16,413				34,100	58,805	2,008,475	3,474,181	21,248
Washburn	352	920	886		93	6,327	285				25		4,888		
Washington	367,325	436,019	606,482	810,226	69,145	171,343	72,989					33,053	848,883	1,084,716	13,339
Waushara	223,554	739,238	1,056,210	927,785	53,720	333,214	100,730		424		6,890	45,586	1,208,802	610,891	15,863
Waupaca	163,395	234,235	617,618	26,861	94,875	842,392	16,060			1,200	14,081	35,789	527,328	281,954	9,399
Waushara	81,545	386,645	428,598	3,217	45,943	343,879	10,179		2,100			10,685	425,752	528,616	7,174
Winnebago	291,561	481,575	1,408,547	165,032	77,665	187,071	41,267		1,084		4,200	39,805	952,711	873,352	11,976
Wood	16,519	67,769	178,015	20,452	25,177	85,362	21,762			1,600	125	11,048	229,920	51,090	4,014
Total	9,866,322	29,485,749	49,126,270	12,524,757	3,276,895	11,534,892	1,316,998		921,393	337,819	15,522,411	1,965,518	38,044,147	45,726,573	626,790

NOTE.—No returns from Oneida and Sawyer counties.

ABSTRACT OF ASSESSMENT ROLLS, 1890.

COUNTIES.	HORSES.	NEAT CATTLE.	MULES AND ASSES.	SWINE.	SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.	Number.	lbs wool (Estimat'd)
Adams.....	3,006	9,889	109	3,366	4,460	22,337
Ashland.....	1,040	1,546	10	60	2	.....
Barron.....	2,837	11,361	157	2,573	5,145	30,870
Bayfield.....	681	619	16	68	4	.....
Brown.....	6,086	13,264	23	4,206	3,964	38,622
Buffalo.....	6,704	22,367	162	11,312	8,261	49,919
Burnett.....	554	3,901	7	378	1,317	2,729
Calumet.....	5,508	18,292	25	6,812	4,912	42,742
Chippewa.....	5,538	14,421	125	5,326	4,713	8,189
Clark.....	4,333	16,966	87	4,232	6,201	38,078
Columbia.....	12,664	23,958	67	19,515	46,131	260,000
Crawford.....	6,120	20,021	82	10,274	8,578	48,901
Dane.....	22,663	70,313	179	45,247	32,746	306,194
Dodge.....	13,425	37,936	105	16,601	31,677	250,000
Door.....	3,222	11,197	58	3,767	4,159	13,935
Douglas.....	515	813	10	26	1,017	.....
Dunn.....	6,830	22,051	296	11,893	12,452	40,635
Eau Claire.....	6,271	14,451	113	6,483	4,904	14,985
Florence.....	199	163	14	14	14	.....
Fond du Lac.....	12,893	41,883	78	17,446	57,480	350,000
Forest.....	119	160	8	11	.....	.....
Grant.....	18,081	66,337	190	53,907	10,153	79,500
Green.....	10,915	51,021	99	25,071	15,277	85,000
Green Lake.....	5,890	15,332	40	11,855	26,122	248,702
Iowa.....	10,247	53,398	149	23,294	7,374	69,447
Jackson.....	4,908	17,056	71	4,901	4,434	25,000
Jefferson.....	9,554	35,713	73	6,513	18,741	100,000
Juneau.....	4,943	13,212	88	6,321	5,937	39,600
Kenosha.....	5,854	17,971	61	7,189	38,635	250,000
Kewaunee.....	5,010	17,133	53	5,723	5,691	35,000
La Crosse.....	6,931	16,822	94	10,113	5,920	40,000
La Fayette.....	10,538	46,404	136	35,232	8,991	51,000
Langlade.....	1,133	3,394	40	734	218	1,500
Lincoln.....	1,210	2,358	17	437	605	3,200
Manitowoc.....	9,617	28,477	24	8,953	7,603	50,000
Marathon.....	5,007	17,852	73	5,711	7,795	35,000
Marquette.....	2,211	3,104	65	5,731	448	2,450
Marquette.....	3,611	11,117	33	5,293	13,086	60,000
Milwaukee.....	16,182	14,431	455	4,685	1,152	7,500
Monroe.....	8,566	23,960	124	9,416	16,646	94,000
Oconto.....	3,002	7,909	36	2,556	1,815	8,200
Oneida.....	473	517	2	63	.....	.....
Outagamie.....	7,692	62,409	69	10,475	11,509	82,485
Ozaukee.....	4,963	26,151	64	4,210	1,957	12,000
Pepin.....	2,333	6,323	79	4,093	3,543	18,000
Pierce.....	6,642	19,922	197	9,475	17,128	75,000
Polk.....	3,086	14,314	89	2,938	5,593	30,000
Portage.....	4,620	12,046	86	6,838	5,751	33,000
Price.....	623	1,996	13	149	36	.....
Racine.....	7,292	18,489	56	7,433	24,012	150,000
Richland.....	7,774	27,397	133	15,727	29,750	195,000
Rock.....	17,673	43,967	204	34,846	21,777	140,000
St. Croix.....	6,815	20,336	169	8,413	11,118	65,000
Sauk.....	10,844	33,177	134	19,537	19,368	115,000
Sawyer.....	367	1,000	.....	193	.....	.....
Shawano.....	3,935	15,131	75	7,207	7,177	35,000
Sheboygan.....	10,128	41,251	112	13,752	7,345	40,000
Taylor.....	697	2,905	9	369	335	2,000
Trempealeau.....	7,031	29,912	123	9,467	9,592	58,000
Vernon.....	10,730	30,724	102	17,987	29,082	157,600
Walworth.....	13,032	37,297	63	23,452	55,342	325,000
Washburn.....	286	1,038	4	105	12	.....
Washington.....	9,088	25,150	149	13,631	13,292	80,000
Waukesha.....	12,369	27,920	87	16,126	53,718	385,000
Waupaca.....	7,881	22,335	133	8,652	11,485	68,000
Waushara.....	5,718	16,685	94	8,756	12,054	73,000
Winnebago.....	8,828	25,097	57	9,700	23,069	140,000
Wood.....	2,620	9,380	46	2,092	2,360	13,000
Total.....	438,245	1,400,922	5,985	663,751	817,125	5,094,720
Value.....	\$17,405,893	\$13,319,786	\$199,544	\$1,552,886	\$1,147,289	.....
Average value.....	\$39 72	\$9 51	\$33 34	\$2 34	\$1 40	.....

IRON ORE.

The following table shows the shipments of iron ore from ore docks in the port of Ashland, for the season ending November, 1890.

Shipments from the Wisconsin Central Railway docks:

<i>Mines.</i>	
Ashland.....	378,846
Aurora.....	123,210
Colby Beaver.....	30,687
Colby South Vein.....	148,195
Colby Section 15.....	3,572
Germania.....	10,793
Iron Belt.....	101,505
Montreal North.....	11,045
Palms.....	32,199
Superior.....	16,910
Section 33 South.....	57,639
Section 33 North.....	44,098
Total.....	<u>977,006</u>

Shipped from the Lake Shore Railway docks:

<i>Mines.</i>	
Anvil.....	30,213
Anvil No. 2.....	12,721
Aurora.....	82,698
Brotherton.....	62,056
Cary.....	77,057
Eureka.....	29,793
Father Hennepin.....	19,267
High Manganese.....	3,526
Trezona.....	42,539
Germania.....	18,637
Mount Hope.....	65,988
Lowell.....	1,737
Norrie.....	292,176
East Norrie.....	108,390
Odanah.....	1,065
Pabst.....	94,328
Superior.....	14,294
Ruby.....	10,938
Sunday Lake.....	4,134
Federal.....	15,998
Windsor.....	26,882
Comet.....	2,879
Total.....	<u>1,107,736</u>

Total shipments from Ashland..... 2,084,742

The output of the Florence mine, located in Florence county, since its discovery in 1830, has been over 1,000,000 tons. The output in 1890 was 258,496 tons, and that of the Commonwealth, in the same county, about 125,000 tons, with a total output of about 900,000 tons since opening.

Lumber cut for 1890-91, upwards of 3,000,000,000 feet.

INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS—WISCONSIN.

1st.—HENRY FINK, Collector, Milwaukee.

COUNTIES.

Brown.....	Kenosha.....	Ozaukee.....	Vaushara,
Calumet.....	Kewaunee.....	Racine.....	Winnebago.
Dodge.....	Manitowoc.....	Shawano.....	Langlade, except 8,
Door.....	Marquette.....	Sheboygan.....	townships in
Florence.....	Marquette.....	Walworth.....	western portion
Fond du Lac.....	Milwaukee.....	Washington....	of said county.
Forest.....	Oconto.....	Waukesha.....	
Green Lake.....	Outagamie.....	Waupaca.....	

2d.—E. M. ROGERS, Collector, Madison.

COUNTIES.

Adams.....	Douglas.....	Lincoln.....	St. Croix.
Ashland.....	Dunn.....	Marathon.....	Sauk.
Barron.....	Eau Claire.....	Monroe.....	Sawyer.
Bayfield.....	Grant.....	Oneida.....	Taylor.
Buffalo.....	Green.....	Pepin.....	Trempealeau.
Burnett.....	Iowa.....	Pierce.....	Vernon.
Chippewa.....	Jackson.....	Polk.....	Washburn.
Clark.....	Jefferson.....	Portage.....	Wood and western
Columbia.....	Juneau.....	Price.....	eight towns, Lang-
Crawford.....	La Crosse.....	Richland.....	lade county.
Dane.....	La Fayette.....	Rock.....	

ELEVENTH U. S. CENSUS, 1890.

FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES.

ADAMS COUNTY—POPULATION, 6,889.		Population.	BAYFIELD COUNTY—POPULATION, 7,390.		Population.
Adams....		488	Bayfield, town.....		527
Big Flats.....		322	city.....		1,373
Dell Prairie.....		448	Drummond.....		696
Easton.....		376	Mason.....		1,095
Jackson.....		504	Washburn.....		660
Leola.....		240	city.....		3,039
Lincoln.....		440	Total.....		7,390
Monroe.....		462			
New Chester.....		344			
New Haven.....		746			
Preston.....		209			
Quincy.....		393			
Richfield.....		335			
Rome.....		238			
Springville.....		474			
Strong's Prairie.....		870			
Total.....		6,889			
ASHLAND COUNTY—POPULATION, 20,063.			BROWN COUNTY—POPULATION, 39,164.		
Ashland, incl. Apostle Islands, 952	1,507		Allouez.....		363
city, 1st ward.....	1,445		Ashwaubenon.....		479
2d ward.....	1,714		Bellevue.....		838
3d ward.....	1,772	9,956	De Pere.....		969
4th ward.....	2,301		*city, 1st ward.....	1,877	
5th ward.....	2,724		2d ward.....		
Butternut.....	1,210		3d ward.....	1,748	3,625
Jacobs.....	1,277		4th ward.....		
Knight.....	639		Eaton.....		1,102
Vaughan, incl. vil's Hurley, 2,267;			Fort Howard, 1st ward..		
Hoyt, Guile and Pence.....	5,474		2d ward.....	2,584	
Total.....	20,063		3d ward.....		4,754
			4th ward.....		
			5th ward.....	2,170	
			6th ward.....		
			Glenmore.....		1,441
			Green Bay.....		1,008
			city, 1st ward.....	1,897	
			2d ward.....	4,102	9,069
			3d ward.....	3,070	
			Holland.....		1,249
			Howard.....		1,261
			Humboldt.....		1,068
			Lawrence.....		949
			Morrison.....		1,449
			New Denmark.....		1,553
			Pittsfield.....		941
			Preble.....		1,160
			Rockland.....		800
			Scott.....		1,288
			Suamico.....		906
			Wrightstown.....		2,169
			Part of Oneida Indian reser-		
			vation.....		723
			Total.....		39,164
BARRON COUNTY—POPULATION, 15,416.			BUFFALO COUNTY—POPULATION, 15,997.		
Barron.....	400		Alma.....		710
city.....	829		city.....		1,428
Cedar Lake.....	531		Belvidere, incl. Buffalo City (223).		973
Chetek.....	1,728		Buffalo.....		647
Clinton.....	479		city (See Belvidere).		
Cumberland.....	1,546		Canton.....		744
city.....	1,219		Cross.....		671
Dallas.....	1,033		Dover.....		757
Maple Grove.....	976		Fountain.....		972
Oak Grove.....	608				
Prairie Farm.....	1,047				
Rice Lake, 1st ward.....	576				
2d ward.....	531				
3d ward.....	351	2,130			
4th ward.....	672				
Stanford.....	559				
Stanley.....	748				
Sumner.....	365				
Turtle Lake.....	874				
Vance Creek.....	314				
Total.....	15,416				

* Includes W. De Dere.

DANE COUNTY—Continued.		Population.	DODGE COUNTY—Continued.		Population.
Burke		1,093	Theresa		1,761
Bristol		1,129	Trenton		1,473
Christiana		2,379	Watertown, 5th ward } See Jef- 6th ward } ferson Co. Total, 8,755.. }	2,249	
Cottage Grove		1,305			
Cross Plains		1,103			
Dane		1,161	Waupun, S. W. See Fond du Lac		
Deerfield		1,573	Co., total, 2,737.		1,695
Dunkirk		1,406	Westford, including Randolph		
Dunn, incl. McFarland vii		1,113	village		1,296
Fitchburg		958	Williamstown, including Mayville		
Madison		919	and Kekoskee		2,196
city, 1st ward	2,845	13,426	Total		44,984
2d ward	2,943				
3d ward	1,512				
4th ward	2,234				
5th ward	2,164				
6th ward	1,678				
Mazomanie, incl. vil., 1,034		1,482	DOOR COUNTY—POPULATION, 15,682.		
Medina, incl. vil. Marshall		1,393	Bailey's Harbor		603
Middleton		1,433	Brussels		1,035
Montrose, incl. vils. of Belleville			Clay Banks		609
and Paoli		1,251	Egg Harbor		821
Oregon, incl. vil., 595		1,436	Forestville		1,361
Perry		996	Gardner		805
Pleasant Springs		1,501	Gibraltar		934
Primrose		889	Jacksonport		817
Roxbury		1,073	Liberty Grove		1,536
Rutland		1,222	Nasewaupee		1,057
Springdale		1,120	Sevastopol		1,313
Springfield		1,111	Sturgeon Bay		1,135
Stoughton, city, 1st ward	1,097	2,470	city		2,195
2d ward	1,373		Union		673
Sun Prairie, incl. vil., 704		1,616	Washington		738
Vermont		892	Total		15,682
Verona		1,225			
Vienna		1,009			
Westport		1,893			
Windsor		1,329			
York		963			
Total		59,578			
DODGE COUNTY—POPULATION, 44,984.					
Ashiippun		1,344			
Beaver Dam		1,341			
city, 1st ward	1,828	4,222			
2nd ward					
3rd ward	2,394				
4th ward					
Burnett, including Burnett Junc-					
tion	1,026				
Calamus	1,083				
Chester	736				
Clyman	1,293				
Elba	1,117				
Emmett	1,248				
Fox Lake, including village, 814 ..	1,616				
Herman, including village of,					
1,302, and Huilsburg and Wood-					
land	1,478				
Hubbard, including part Horicon					
village, 1,273	2,909				
Hustisford, including village, 513	1,639				
Juneau. See Oak Grove					
Lebanon	1,505				
Le Roy	1,413				
Lomira	1,816				
Lowell	2,492				
Mayville, city, 1,165. See Will-					
iamstown					
Oak Grove, incl. Juneau, 701; Oak					
Grove village, 1,134; Minnesota					
Jct., Rolling Prairie and part					
Horicon	2,375				
Portland	1,103				
Randolph, E. Ward. See West-					
ford					
Reeseville					
Rubicon, including village of,					
1,024, and Neshkoro	1,520				
Shields	919				
			DOUGLAS COUNTY—POPULATION, 13,468.		
			Brule		336
			Gordon		184
			Nebagamain		554
			Superior		361
			city, 1st ward	843	11,083
			2d ward	1,453	
			3d ward	1,295	
			4th ward	4,486	
			5th ward	1,215	
			6th ward	993	
			7th ward	1,695	
			Total		13,468
			DUNN COUNTY—POPULATION, 22,664.		
			Colfax		672
			Dunn		1,258
			Eau Galle		1,213
			Elk Mound		695
			Grant		542
			Hay River		486
			Lucas		705
			Menomonie		1,633
			city, 1st ward	1,117	5,491
			2d ward	1,176	
			3d ward	1,013	
			4th ward	1,885	
			New Haven		521
			Otter Creek		342
			Peru		342
			Red Cedar		1,127
			Rock Creek		843
			Sand Creek		620
			Sheridan		423
			Sherman		635
			Spring Brook		1,267
			Stanton		1,113
			Tainter		442
			Tiffany		1,118
			Weston		690
			Wilson		481
			Total		22,664

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY—POPULATION, 30,673.		GRANT COUNTY—Continued.	
Altona city.....	803	Cassville.....	1,455
Augusta city.....	1,187	Castle Rock.....	681
Bridge Creek.....	1,123	Clifton.....	1,074
Brunswick.....	1,703	Ellenborough.....	814
Clear Creek.....	621	Fennimore, incl. vil., 616.....	1,423
Drammen.....	556	Glen Haven.....	883
Eau Claire, 1st ward.....	3,078	Harrison.....	1,020
2d ward.....	1,604	Hazel Green, incl. vil., 506.....	1,549
3d ward.....	1,975	Hickory Grove.....	793
4th ward.....	1,035	Jamestown.....	961
5th ward.....	1,538	Lancaster, incl. city.....	8,289
6th ward.....	3,833	city.....	1,543
7th ward.....	2,128	Liberty.....	881
8th ward.....	2,164	Lima.....	1,040
Fairchild.....	1,215	Little Grant.....	668
Lincoln.....	1,786	Marion.....	573
Ludington.....	553	Millville.....	197
Otter Creek.....	688	Mount Hope.....	610
Pleasant Valley.....	737	Mount Ida.....	779
Seymour.....	400	Muscoda.....	1,160
Union.....	674	Paris.....	778
Washington.....	1,138	Patch Grove.....	690
Total.....	30,673	Platteville, incl. city.....	3,687
		city.....	2,740
		Potosi, incl. British Hollow.....	2,110
		Smelser.....	1,295
		Waterloo.....	934
		Watterstown.....	483
		Wingville, incl. vil. Montfort.....	1,380
		Woodman.....	495
		Wyalusing.....	786
		Total.....	36,651
FLORENCE COUNTY—POPULATION, 2,604.		GREEN COUNTY—POPULATION, 23,732.	
Commonwealth.....	895	Adams.....	851
Florence, incl. vil.....	1,709	Albany.....	1,380
Total.....	2,604	Brooklyn.....	1,205
		Cadiz.....	1,507
		Clarno.....	1,319
		Decatur, incl. vil. Brodhead, 1,461.....	2,146
		Exeter.....	915
		Jefferson.....	1,278
		Jordan.....	1,101
		Monroe, incl. city.....	966
		city, 1st ward.....	1,787
		2d ward.....	1,981
		Mount Pleasant, incl. vil. Monte- cello, 407.....	3,768
		New Glarus, incl. vil.....	1,248
		Spring Grove.....	1,180
		Sylvester.....	1,135
		Washington.....	936
		York.....	818
		Total.....	1,009
FOND DU LAC COUNTY—POPULATION, 44,088.		GREEN LAKE COUNTY—POPULATION, 15,163.	
Alto.....	1,316	Berlin.....	767
Ashford.....	1,863	city, part in Waushara Co., 81; total of city, 4,149.....	4,118
Auburn.....	1,509	Brooklyn.....	1,280
Byron.....	1,216	Green Lake.....	1,343
Calumet.....	1,399	Kingston.....	816
Eden.....	1,333	Mackford.....	1,514
Eldorado.....	1,458	Manchester.....	1,024
Empire.....	673	Marquette.....	812
Fond du Lac, town.....	1,126	Princeton, incl. vil., 986.....	2,153
city, 1st ward.....	1,759	St. Marie.....	751
2d ward.....	1,923	Seneca.....	585
3d ward.....	2,112	Total.....	15,163
4th ward.....	2,037		
5th ward.....	1,639		
6th ward.....	1,084		
7th ward.....	1,470		
8th ward.....	1,470		
Forest.....	1,311		
Friendship.....	856		
Lamartine.....	1,232		
Marshfield.....	1,938		
Metomen.....	1,853		
Oakfield.....	1,324		
Osceola.....	1,272		
Ripon, incl. city.....	4,543		
city, 1st ward.....	1,702		
2d ward.....	1,656		
Rosendale.....	1,099		
Springvale.....	1,092		
Taycheedah.....	1,269		
Waupun.....	1,115		
city, north ward (See Dodge Co.).....	1,062		
Total.....	44,088		
FOREST COUNTY—POPULATION, 1,012.		IOWA COUNTY—POPULATION, 23,117.	
Crandon.....	370	Arena, incl. vil.....	1,479
Gagan, incl. Cushman.....	462	Brigham.....	1,341
Pelican.....	180	Clyde.....	610
Total.....	1,012	Dodgeville.....	1,577
		city.....	1,732
		Eden.....	958
GRANT COUNTY—POPULATION, 36,651.			
Beetown.....	1,257		
Bloomington.....	1,174		
Boscobel, incl. city.....	1,692		

IOWA COUNTY—Continued.		Population.	JUNEAU COUNTY—Continued.		Population.	
Highland, incl. vil., 751		2,323	Necedah		2,243	
Linden, incl. vil.		1,861	New Lisbon, city		900	
Mifflin, incl. vil.		1,465	Orange, incl. Camp Douglas vil.		694	
Mineral Point		1,271	Plymouth		859	
city, 1st ward	1,475 }	2,694	Seven Mile Creek		697	
2d ward	1,219 }		Summit		980	
Moscow		1,145	Wonevoo		1,211	
Pulaski		1,239	village		619	
Ridgeway		990	Total		17,121	
Waldwick		810				
Wyoming		629				
Total		22,117				
JACKSON COUNTY—POPULATION, 15,797.			KENOSHA COUNTY—POPULATION, 15,581.			
Albion		1,717	Brighton		926	
Alma		1,699	Bristol		1,071	
Black River Falls, city		2,261	Kenosh city, 1st and 3d w., 3,634 }		6,532	
Cleveland		686	2d and 4th w., 2,898 }			
Curran		706	Paris		871	
Franklin		626	Pleasant Prairie, incl. vil.		1,646	
Garfield		507	Randall		658	
Garden Valley		703	Salem, incl. Wilmot vil.		1,493	
Hixton		696	Somers		1,632	
Irving		990	Wheatland, incl. New Munster vil.		752	
Knapp		1,005	Total		15,581	
Manchester		560				
Melrose		1,304	KEWAUNEE COUNTY—POPULATION, 16,153.			
Millston		399	Ahnapee		1,384	
Northfield		787	city		1,015	
Springfield		903	Carlton		1,571	
Sullivan		329	Casco		1,211	
Total		15,797	Franklin		1,623	
			Kewaunee		1,216	
			Lincoln		1,181	
			Luxemburg		1,600	
			Montpelier		1,469	
			Pierce		852	
			Red River		1,114	
			West Kewaunee		1,020	
			Total		16,153	
JEFFERSON COUNTY—POPULATION, 33,530.			LA CROSSE COUNTY—POPULATION, 38,801.			
Aztalan, incl. part of Johnson's			Bangor		1,178	
Creek, village. (See Farmington)		1,349	Barre		670	
Cold Spring		649	Burns		1,020	
Concord		1,331	Campbell		955	
Farmington, incl. part of John-			Farmington		1,810	
son's Creek		1,847	Greenfield		751	
Hebron, incl. vil.		1,060	Hamilton		1,942	
Ixonia, incl. vil. Pipersville		1,491	Holland		1,009	
Jefferson, incl. city, 2,287		4,053	La Crosse city, 1st ward	2,569 }	25,090	
Koshkonong, incl. Ft. Atkinson			2d ward	2,653 }		
city, 2,283		3,732	3d ward	2,780 }		
Lake Mills, incl. vil., 1,053		2,107	4th ward	2,156 }		
Milford, incl. vil.		1,439	5th ward	2,649 }		
Oakland		1,168	6th ward	1,593 }		
Palmyra, incl. vil., 567		1,357	7th ward	2,516 }		
Sullivan		1,323	8th ward	3,202 }		
Sumner		539	9th ward	2,648 }		
Waterloo, incl. vil., 862		1,838	10th ward	2,264 }		
Watertown, town		1,691	Onalaska		1,030	
city, 1st ward	2,150 }	6,506	city		1,587	
2d ward	1,611 }		Shelby		1,003	
3d ward	1,760 }		Washington		796	
4th ward			Total		38,801	
7th ward						
in Dodge county, 5th and 6th						
wards, 2,249; total, 8,755.						
Total		33,530				
JUNEAU COUNTY—POPULATION, 17,121.			LA FAYETTE COUNTY—POPULATION, 20,265.			
Armenia		354	Argyle, incl. vil.		1,263	
Clearfield		274	Belmont, incl. vil.		1,185	
Elroy, city		1,413	Benton		1,245	
Fountain		744	Blanchard		650	
Germantown		510	Darlington, incl. city, 1,589		2,682	
Kildare		648	Elk Grove		788	
Kingston		211	Fayette		822	
Lemonweir		1,075	Gratiot		1,511	
Lindina		957	Kendall		754	
Lisbon		444	Lamont		516	
Lyndon		495				
Marion		391				
Mauston, city		1,343				

LA FAYETTE COUNTY—Continued. Population.

Monticello.....	305
New Diggings.....	1,374
Seymour.....	783
Shullsburg, incl. city, 1,393.	2,270
Wayne, incl. So. Wayne vil.....	1,170
White Oak Springs.....	384
Willow Springs.....	931
Wiotia, incl. vil.....	1,027
Total.....	<u>20,265</u>

LANGLADE COUNTY—POPULATION, 9,465.

Ackley.....	374
Antigo, incl. Polar town.....	1,087
city, 1st ward.....	1,074
2d ward.....	
3d ward.....	
4th ward.....	
5th ward.....	2,723
6th ward.....	
Elcho, incl. Parrish.....	567
Elton, incl. Langlade town.....	344
Langlade, see Elton.....	
Neva, incl. Price.....	735
Norwood, see Rolling.....	
Parrish, see Elcho.....	
Polar, see Antigo.....	
Price, see Neva.....	
Rolling, incl. Norwood.....	1,348
Summit, see Vilas.....	
Vilas, incl. Summit.....	586
Total.....	<u>9,465</u>

LINCOLN COUNTY—POPULATION, 12,008.

Corning.....	347
Harrison, see Russell.....	
Merrill.....	539
city, 1st ward.....	1,462
2d ward.....	
3d and 7th ward.....	
4th and 6th ward.....	
5th ward.....	1,106
Pine River.....	
Rock Falls, incl. Tomahawk vil., 1816.....	2,148
Russell, incl. Harrison, town and vil.....	859
Scott.....	570
Total.....	<u>12,008</u>

MANITOWOC COUNTY—POPULATION, 37,831.

Cato.....	1,793
Centerville.....	1,374
Cooperstown.....	1,629
Eaton.....	1,332
Franklin.....	1,836
Gibson.....	1,651
Kossuth.....	1,973
Liberty.....	1,277
Manitowoc.....	1,275
city, 1st ward.....	1,744
2d ward.....	1,056
3d ward.....	1,587
4th ward.....	1,669
5th ward.....	1,654
Manitowoc Rapids.....	1,914
Maple Grove.....	1,585
Meeme.....	1,494
Mishicot.....	1,417
Newton.....	1,726
Rockland.....	1,267
Schleswig.....	2,053
Two Creeks.....	607
Two Rivers.....	1,108
city.....	2,870
Total.....	<u>37,831</u>

MARATHON COUNTY—POPULATION, 30,369.

Bergen, incl. Emmet.....	616
Berlin, incl. Hamburg, 699.....	1,776
Brighton.....	686
Cleveland, see Frankfort.....	
Day, incl. McMillan.....	1,255
Easton, incl. Wausau town, 1,373.	1,620
Eau Claire, see Frankfort.....	
Eldron, incl. Norrie.....	585
Emmett, see Bergen.....	
Frankfort, incl. Wien and Eau Claire and Cleveland.....	1,284
Halsey.....	654
Hamburg, see Bergen.....	
Harrison, incl. Texas.....	1,146
Holoton.....	766
Hull.....	893
Johnson, incl. Reitbrook, 717.....	1,650
Knowlton, see Kronenwetter.....	
Kronenwetter, incl. Knowlton, Pike Lake, 542.....	1,139
Maine.....	1,173
Marathon, incl. Marathon city, vil.	1,438
McMillan, see Day.....	
Mosinee, incl. vil.....	623
Norrie, see Eldron.....	
Pike Lake, see Kronenwetter.....	
Rib Falls, see Stettin.....	
Reitbrook, see Johnson.....	
Spencer, incl. vil., 526. and Manville.....	1,018
Stettin, incl. Rib Falls, 672.....	1,636
Texas, see Harrison.....	
Wausau, see Easton.....	
city, 1st ward.....	1,349
2d ward.....	1,035
3d ward.....	1,101
4th ward.....	967
5th ward.....	1,831
6th ward.....	1,845
7th ward.....	1,035
Weston.....	1,776
Wien, see Frankfort.....	
Total.....	<u>30,369</u>

MARINETTE COUNTY—POPULATION, 20,304.

Marinette, city, 1st ward.....	1,918
2d ward.....	2,120
3d ward.....	2,700
4th ward.....	2,961
5th ward.....	1,814
Peshtigo.....	7,202
Porterfield, incl. vil. Wausaukee, 1,119.....	1,579
Total.....	<u>20,304</u>

MARQUETTE COUNTY—POPULATION, 9,676.

Buifalo.....	805
Crystal Lake.....	667
Douglas.....	623
Harris.....	576
Mecan.....	724
Montello, incl. vil., 701.....	1,177
Moundville.....	324
Neshkoro.....	561
Newton.....	711
Oxford.....	567
Packwaukee.....	711
Shields.....	608
Springfield.....	605
Westfield.....	1,019
Total.....	<u>9,676</u>

MILWAUKEE COUNTY—POPULATION, 236,101.

Franklin.....	1,863
Granville.....	2,272
Greenfield.....	3,190

MILWAUKEE Co.—Continued.		Population.	OUTAGAMIE COUNTY — POPULATION, 38,690.		Population.	
Lake.....		4,899	Appleton city, 1st ward.....	2,208	11,896	
Milwaukee.....		6,403	2d ward.....	2,737		
city, 1st ward.....	9,341		3d ward.....	2,436		
2d ward.....	10,685		4th ward.....	1,267		
3d ward.....	6,823		5th ward.....	3,221		
4th ward.....	10,291		6th ward.....			
5th ward.....	10,168		Black Creek.....	1,377		
6th ward.....	13,030		Bovina.....	663		
7th ward.....	6,645		Buchanan.....	1,397		
8th ward.....	14,236		Center.....	1,488		
9th ward.....	23,469		Cicero.....	952		
10th ward.....	19,879	204,403	Dale.....	1,207		
11th ward.....	13,768		Deer Creek.....	932		
12th ward.....	11,791		Ellington.....	1,210		
13th ward.....	14,658		Freedom.....	1,602		
14th ward.....	11,107		Grand Chute.....	1,574		
15th ward.....	9,447		Greenville.....	1,246		
16th ward.....	6,521		Hortonia.....	1,307		
17th ward.....	5,696		Kaukauna.....	1,728		
18th ward.....	7,923		city, 1st ward.....	2,076	4,667	
Oak Creek.....		2,087	2d ward.....			
Wauwatosa.....		10,914	3d ward.....	2,591		
Total.....	236,101		4th ward.....			
			5th ward.....			
MONROE COUNTY — POPULATION, 23,211.			Liberty.....	492		
Adrian.....	615		Main.....	478		
Angelo.....	477		Maple Creek.....	515		
Byron.....	458		New London, 3d ward. Total for			
Clifton.....	955		city, 2,049 (See Waupaca Co.)...	368		
Glendale.....	1,324		Osborn.....	685		
Greenfield.....	592		Seymour.....	977		
Jefferson.....	1,315		city.....	733		
La Fayette, incl. New Lyme.....	512		Part of Oneida Indian Reserva-			
La Grange.....	730		tion, in.....	923		
Leon.....	688		Total.....	38,690		
Lincoln.....	1,065					
Little Falls.....	993					
New Lime. See La Fayette.....			OZAUKEE COUNTY — POPULATION, 14,943.			
Oakdale.....	680		Belgium.....	1,690		
Portland.....	1,166		Cedarburg, incl. city, 1,361.....	2,868		
Ridgeville.....	1,292		Fredonia, incl. vil., 1,503.....	1,666		
Sheldon.....	813		Grafton, incl. vil.....	1,444		
Sparta.....	996		Mequon.....	2,902		
city, 1st ward.....	928	2,795	Port Washington, incl. city, 1,659.....	2,726		
2nd ward.....	602		Saukville, incl. vil.....	1,647		
3rd ward.....	694		Total.....	14,943		
4th ward.....	511					
Tomah.....	698		PEPIN COUNTY — POPULATION, 6,932.			
city.....	2,199		Albany.....	459		
Wellington.....	1,120		Durand.....	253		
Wells.....	642		ci ^t	1,154		
Wilton.....	1,086		Franklin.....	648		
Total.....	23,211		Lima.....	765		
OCONTO COUNTY — POPULATION, 15,009.			Pepin.....	1,491		
Chase.....	913		Stockholm.....	711		
Gillett, see Oconto Falls.....			Waterville.....	1,287		
Howe.....	770		Waubeck.....	164		
Little River.....	1,194		Total.....	6,932		
Little Suamico.....	624					
Maple Valley.....	1,336		PIERCE COUNTY — POPULATION, 20,385.			
Oconto.....	1,068		Clifton.....	631		
Oconto city, E. ward.....	2,450	5,219	Diamond Bluff.....	468		
N. ward.....			Ellsworth.....	1,328		
W. ward.....			village.....	664		
S. ward.....			2,769	El Paso.....	837	
Oconto Falls, incl. Gillett, 938.....	1,432		Gilman.....	1,227		
Pensaukee.....	1,585		Hartland.....	1,189		
Stiles.....	868		Isabelle.....	324		
Total.....	15,009		Maiden Rock.....	1,164		
ONEIDA COUNTY — POPULATION, 5,010.			village.....	339		
Eagle River, incl. vil.....	1,243		Martell.....	1,279		
Hazellhurst.....	355		Oak Grove.....	516		
Minocqua.....	463		Prescott, city.....	902		
Pelican, incl. vil. of Rhine-			River Falls.....	1,067		
lander, 2,658.....	2,949		city (2nd, 3d and 4th wards in			
Total.....	5,010		Pierce county — total incl. 1st			
			in St. Croix county, 2,474)....	1,778		

PIERCE COUNTY—Continued.		Population.
Rock Elm	1,037	
Salem	837	
Spring Lake	997	
Trenton	939	
Trimbelle	1,578	
Union	984	
Total	20,385	

POLK COUNTY—POPULATION, 12,968.		
Alden	1,261	
Apple River	365	
Balsam Lake	431	
Beaver	333	
Black Brook	708	
Bone Lake	62	
Clam Falls	203	
Clayton	618	
Clear Lake	951	
Eureka	808	
Farmington	899	
Garfield	540	
Georgetown	85	
Johnstown	100	
Laketown	668	
Lincoln, incl. Amery vil.	1,072	
Loraine	210	
Luck	393	
Milltown	459	
Osceola, incl. vil.	1,067	
St. Croix Falls, incl. vil., 745.	798	
Sterling	667	
West Sweden	270	
Total	12,968	

PORTAGE COUNTY—POPULATION, 24,798.		
Alban	563	
Almond	1,035	
Amherst	1,762	
Belmont	622	
Buena Vista	1,061	
Carson, incl. Eau Pleine	1,709	
Eau Pleine (see Carson)		
Grant, incl. Pine Grove	816	
Hull	1,477	
Lanark	797	
Linwood, incl. town of Stevens		
Point, 895	1,263	
New Hope	885	
Pine Grove (see Grant)		
Plover	1,224	
Sharon	1,940	
Stevens Point (see Linwood)		
city, 1st ward	1,299	
2d and 6th wards	2,317	
3d and 5th wards	2,295	
4th ward	1,935	
5th ward (see 3d)		
6th ward (see 2d)		
Stockton	1,693	
Total	24,798	

PRICE COUNTY—POPULATION, 5,258.		
Brannan, incl. Prentice, 570	1,086	
Emery, incl. Hackett and George-		
town	453	
Fifield, incl. Fifield vil., 646	857	
Georgetown (see Emery)		
Hackett (see Emery)		
Kennan (see Ogema)		
Lake	409	
Ogema, incl. Kennan	871	
Prentice (see Brannan)		
Worcester, incl. Phillips village ..	1,582	
Total	5,258	

RACINE COUNTY—POPULATION, 36,268.		Population.
Burlington, incl. vil., 2,043	3,140	
Caledonia, incl. vil. of Franksville	2,732	
Dover	924	
Mt. Pleasant	2,192	
Norway	841	
Racine city 1st ward	1,141	
2d ward	1,810	
3d ward	3,185	
4th ward	3,352	
5th ward	4,379	
6th ward	4,581	
7th ward	2,566	
Raymond	1,784	
Rochester, incl. vil.	699	
Waterford	1,551	
Yerkville	1,391	
Total	36,268	

RICHLAND COUNTY—POPULATION, 19,121.		
Akan	982	
Bloom	1,361	
Buena Vista, incl. vil. Lone Rock.	1,139	
Dayton	1,119	
Eagle	1,153	
Forest	1,151	
Henrietta	1,143	
Ithaca	1,193	
Lone Rock, see Buena Vista		
Marshall	909	
Orion	665	
Richland	847	
Richland Center, city:		
1st ward	551	
2d ward	671	
3d ward	597	
Richwood	1,343	
Rockbridge	1,148	
Sylvan	1,013	
Westford	1,124	
Willow	1,012	
Total	19,121	

ROCK COUNTY—POPULATION, 43,220.		
Avon	806	
Beloit, town	714	
city, 1st ward	1,377	
2d ward	1,399	
3d ward	1,871	
4th ward	1,668	
Bradford	849	
Center	1,073	
Clinton, incl. vil., 856	1,961	
Edgerton, city	1,595	
Evansville, see Union		
Fulton	1,363	
Harmony	1,083	
Janesville	926	
city, 1st ward	2,737	
2d ward	2,194	
3d ward	1,579	
4th ward	3,052	
5th ward	1,274	
Johnstown	1,034	
La Prairie	832	
Lima	1,109	
Magnolia	1,098	
Milton, incl. vil., 1,395	2,300	
Newark	1,039	
Plymouth	1,188	
Porter	1,235	
Rock	976	
Spring Valley	1,422	
Turtle	993	
Union, incl. Evansville vil., 1,523.	2,473	
Total	43,220	

Population.		SHAWANO Co.—Continued.		Population.
ST. CROIX COUNTY—POPULATION, 22,397.		Morris (See Almon).		
Baldwin, incl. village.....	1,814	Navarino (See Wauchechon).		
Cady.....	771	Pella.....		816
Cylon.....	708	Richmond, incl. the city of Sha-		
Eau Galle.....	1,387	wano.....		2,633
Emerald.....	547	Seneca (See Almon).		
Erin Prairie.....	851	Shawano city, 1,505 (See Rich-		
Forest.....	190	mond).		
Glenwood.....	1,671	Washington.....		1,242
Hammond, incl. village.....	1,285	Wauchechon, incl. Navarino.....		1,089
Hudson.....	596	Wittenberg.....		1,384
city, 1st ward.....	518	Total.....		19,236
2d ward.....	1,176			
3d ward.....	1,216			
Kinnickinnick.....	620	SHEBOYGAN COUNTY—POPULATION, 42,489.		
New Richmond, 1st ward.....	459	Greenbush, incl. Glenbeulah vil..		1,690
2d ward.....	493	Herman.....		1,998
3d ward.....	462	Holland.....		2,874
Pleasant Valley.....	533	Lima.....		1,921
Richmond.....	833	Lyndon.....		1,697
Rush River.....	655	Mitchell.....		1,012
St. Joseph.....	780	Mosell.....		863
Somerset.....	1,159	Plymouth.....		1,356
Springfield.....	1,445	city.....		1,503
Stanton.....	765	Rhine.....		1,612
Star Prairie.....	767	Russell.....		439
Troy, incl. River Falls city, ward 1	696	Scott.....		1,473
Total.....	22,397	Sheboygan.....		2,117
		city, 1st ward.....		2,295
		2d ward.....		2,323
		3d ward.....		1,474
		4th ward.....		8,739
		5th ward.....		3,064
		6th ward.....		3,464
		7th ward.....		
		8th ward.....		
		Sheboygan Falls.....		1,677
		village.....		1,118
		Sherman.....		1,736
		Wilson.....		1,044
		Total.....		42,489
SAUK COUNTY—POPULATION, 30,575.		TAYLOR COUNTY—POPULATION, 6,731.		
Baraboo.....	1,386	Browning.....		230
city, 1st ward.....	1,705	Chelsea.....		613
2d ward.....	1,545	Deer Creek.....		573
3d ward.....	1,355	Greenwood.....		233
Bear Creek.....	883	Grover.....		296
Dellona.....	594	Little Black.....		1,131
Delton.....	829	Medford city, incl. town, 1,094..		2,287
Excelsir, incl. Ableman vil.....	1,299	Molitor.....		117
Fairfield.....	672	Pine Creek.....		190
Franklin.....	1,044	Rib Lake.....		520
Freedom, incl. vil. North Freedom	1,259	Westboro.....		541
Greenfield.....	848	Total.....		6,731
Honey Creek.....	1,124			
Ironton, incl. vil.....	1,455	TREMPEALEAU COUNTY—POPULATION, 18,920.		
La Valle, incl. vil.....	1,367	Albion.....		847
Merrimack.....	847	Arcadia, incl. vil., 659.....		3,147
Prairie du Sac, incl. vil., 502.....	1,180	Burnside, incl. Independence vil..		1,207
Reedsburg.....	1,112	Caledonia.....		379
city.....	1,737	Chimney Rock.....		682
Sauk City village.....	876	Dodge.....		448
Spring Green, incl. vil., 625.....	1,208	Ettrick.....		1,841
Sumpter.....	761	Gale, incl. Galesville, vil., 537....		1,816
Troy.....	911	Hale.....		1,566
Washington.....	1,206	Lincoln, incl. Whitehall vil.....		937
Westfield.....	1,357	Pigeon.....		1,098
Winfield.....	793	Preston.....		1,811
Woodland.....	1,222	Sumner.....		854
Total.....	30,575	Trempealeau, incl. vil., 794.....		1,584
		Unity.....		793
		Total.....		18,920
SAWYER COUNTY—POPULATION, 1,997.		VERNON COUNTY—POPULATION, 25,111.		
Hayward, vil., 1,349, incl. town..	1,977	Bergen.....		1,011
		Christianana.....		1,521
		Clinton.....		1,045
SHAWANO COUNTY—POPULATION, 19,236.				
Almon, incl. towns Morris and				
Seneca.....	1,213			
Angelica (See Green Valley).....				
Aniwa, incl. Hutchins, 620.....	1,306			
Relle Plaine.....	1,028			
Birnamwood.....	731			
Fairbanks (See Germania).....				
Germania, incl. Fairbanks.....	923			
Grant.....	1,026			
Green Valley, incl. Angelica, 680..	1,464			
Hartland.....	1,379			
Herman.....	853			
Hutchins (See Aniwa.).....				
Lessor.....	749			
Maple Grove.....	1,400			

VERNON COUNTY—Continued.		Population.
Coon	1,188	
Forest	1,055	
Franklin	1,289	
Genoa	1,026	
Greenwood	1,120	
Hamburg	1,081	
Harmony	1,100	
Hillsborough, incl. vil.	1,639	
Jefferson	1,400	
Kickapoo	1,185	
Liberty	663	
Stark	1,033	
Sterling	1,152	
Union	819	
Viroqua	1,680	
city	1,270	
Webster	1,092	
Wheatland	879	
Whitestown	863	
Total	25,111	

WALWORTH COUNTY — POPULATION, 27,860.		
Bloomfield	1,197	
Darien, incl. vil.	1,434	
Delavan, incl. vil., 1,822	2,499	
East Troy, incl. vil.	1,406	
Elkhorn	1,557	
Geneva, incl. Oakwood Retreat ..	963	
La Fayette	933	
La Grange	844	
Lake Geneva	2,297	
Linn	854	
Lyons, incl. vil.'s of, and Springfield ..	1,328	
Richmond	799	
Sharon, incl. vil., 878	2,038	
Spring Prairie	1,155	
Sugar Creek	1,004	
Troy	972	
Walworth	1,372	
Whitewater	849	
city, 1st ward	1,416	
2d and 3d wards	2,943	
Total	27,860	

WASHBURN COUNTY — POPULATION, 2,926		
Bashaw	394	
Long Lake	118	
Shell Lake	1,535	
Spooner	734	
Veazie	145	
Total	2,926	

WASHINGTON COUNTY — POPULATION, 22,751.		
Addison	1,863	
Barton, incl. villages of Barton and Young America	1,169	
Erin	1,301	
Farmington	1,501	
Germantown	2,026	
Hartford	1,339	
city	1,296	
Jackson	1,680	
Kewaskum, incl. vil., 557	1,572	
Polk, incl. Schleisingerville vil.	2,071	
Richfield	1,584	
Schleisingerville (see Polk)		
Trenton	1,760	
Wayne	1,471	
West Bend, incl. city, 1,296	2,118	
Total	22,751	

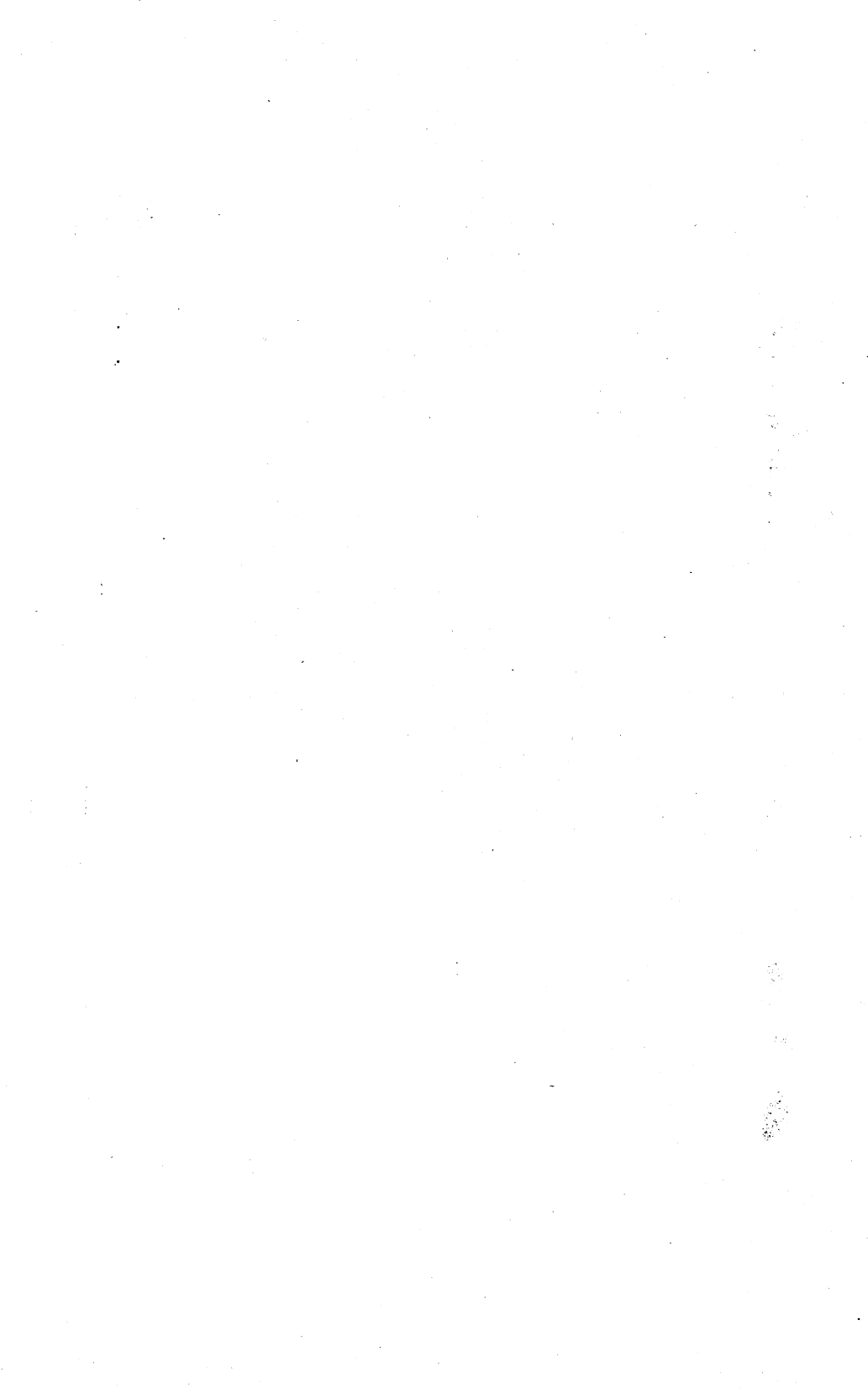
WAUKESHA COUNTY — POPULATION, 33,270.		
Brookfield	1,960	
Delafield, incl. vil. of Nashota and part of Hartland	1,084	

WAUKESHA Co.—Continued.		Population.
Eagle, incl. vil.	1,020	
Genesee	1,327	
Lisbon, incl. Sussex	1,443	
Menomonee	2,480	
Merton, incl. part Hartland (see Delafield)	1,604	
Mukwonago	1,217	
Muskego	1,390	
New Berlin	1,519	
Oconomowoc	1,373	
city	2,729	
Ottawa	880	
Pewaukee, incl. vil., 680	2,757	
Summit	1,130	
Vernon	1,277	
Waukesha, incl. vil., 6,321	7,480	
Total	33,270	

WAUPACA COUNTY — POPULATION, 26,794.		
Bear Creek, incl. Lebanon, 932	2,068	
Caledonia, incl. town and village of Fremont, 561	1,749	
Clintonville, city, 1,466		
Dayton, incl. Rural vil.	852	
Dupont, incl. Marion vil.	1,386	
Farmington	1,087	
Fremont		
Fremont vil. (See Caledonia) ..		
Helvetia, incl. St. Lawrence, 999 ..	1,515	
Iola, incl. vil.	1,315	
Larrabee, incl. Clintonville city ..	2,902	
Lebanon. (See Bear Creek)		
Lind	1,016	
Little Wolf, incl. vil. of Manawa ..	1,487	
Matteson	860	
Mukwa, incl. Northport vil.	1,040	
New London, 1st ward	515	
2d ward	338	
4th ward	485	
5th ward	344	
Incl. 3d ward in Outagamie, 367 — 2,049		
Royalton, incl. vil., 1,115	1,198	
St. Lawrence. (See Helvetia)		
Scandinavia	1,142	
Union	1,153	
Waupaca	964	
city	2,127	
Weyauwega	1,252	
Total	26,794	

WAUSHARA COUNTY — POPULATION, 13,507.		
Aurora, incl. 1st ward Berlin city (total city, 4,149). (See Green Lake county)	965	
Bloomfield	1,278	
Berlin, city, 2d ward, 2. (See Aurora)		
Coloma	723	
Dakota	573	
Deerfield	453	
Hancock	660	
Leon	731	
Marion	623	
Mt. Morris	668	
Oasis	707	
Plainfield, incl. vil.	1,258	
Poysippi	912	
Richford	573	
Rose	577	
Saxville	705	
Springwater	541	
Warren	796	
Wautoma	704	
Total	13,507	

WINNEBAGO COUNTY — POPULATION, 50,097.		WOOD COUNTY — POPULATION, 18,127.	
Algoma	737	Auburndale, incl. vil.....	909
Black Wolf	837	village (See town).....	
Clayton	1,170	Centralia, city	1,435
Menasha	593	Grand Rapids, incl. Saratoga....	953
city, 1st and 4th ward.....	2,662	city	1,702
2d ward	1,919	Lincoln, incl. Rock, 597.....	1,467
3d ward		Marshfield, town, 701 (See Rich-	
Neenah	538	field).....	
city, 1st and 3d ward ...	3,119	city, 1st ward.....	841
2d and 4th ward	1,973	2d ward.....	1,093
Nekimi	1,028	3d ward.....	943
Nepeuskun	908	4th ward.....	573
Omro, incl. vil., 1,232.....	2,270	Milladore.....	760
Oshkosh	1,489	Pittsville city, 1st ward	278
city, 1st ward.....	3,300	2d ward	192
2d ward.....	3,591	3d ward	183
3d ward.....	3,573	Port Edwards, incl. Seneca, 875..	1,457
4th ward.....	5,312	Remington	427
5th ward.....	3,039	Richfield, incl. Marshfield town..	895
6th ward.....	3,961	Rock (See Lincoln).....	
Poygan	747	Rudolph.....	1,087
Rushford.....	1,608	Saratoga (See Grand Rapids).....	
Utica	981	Seneca (See Port Edwards).....	
Vinland	936	Sherry (See Vesper).....	
Winchester	1,030	Sigel	1,232
Winneconne	1,784	Vesper, incl. Sherry.....	809
village, incl. in town.....		Wood	891
Wolf river.....	919	Total	18,127
Total	50,097		



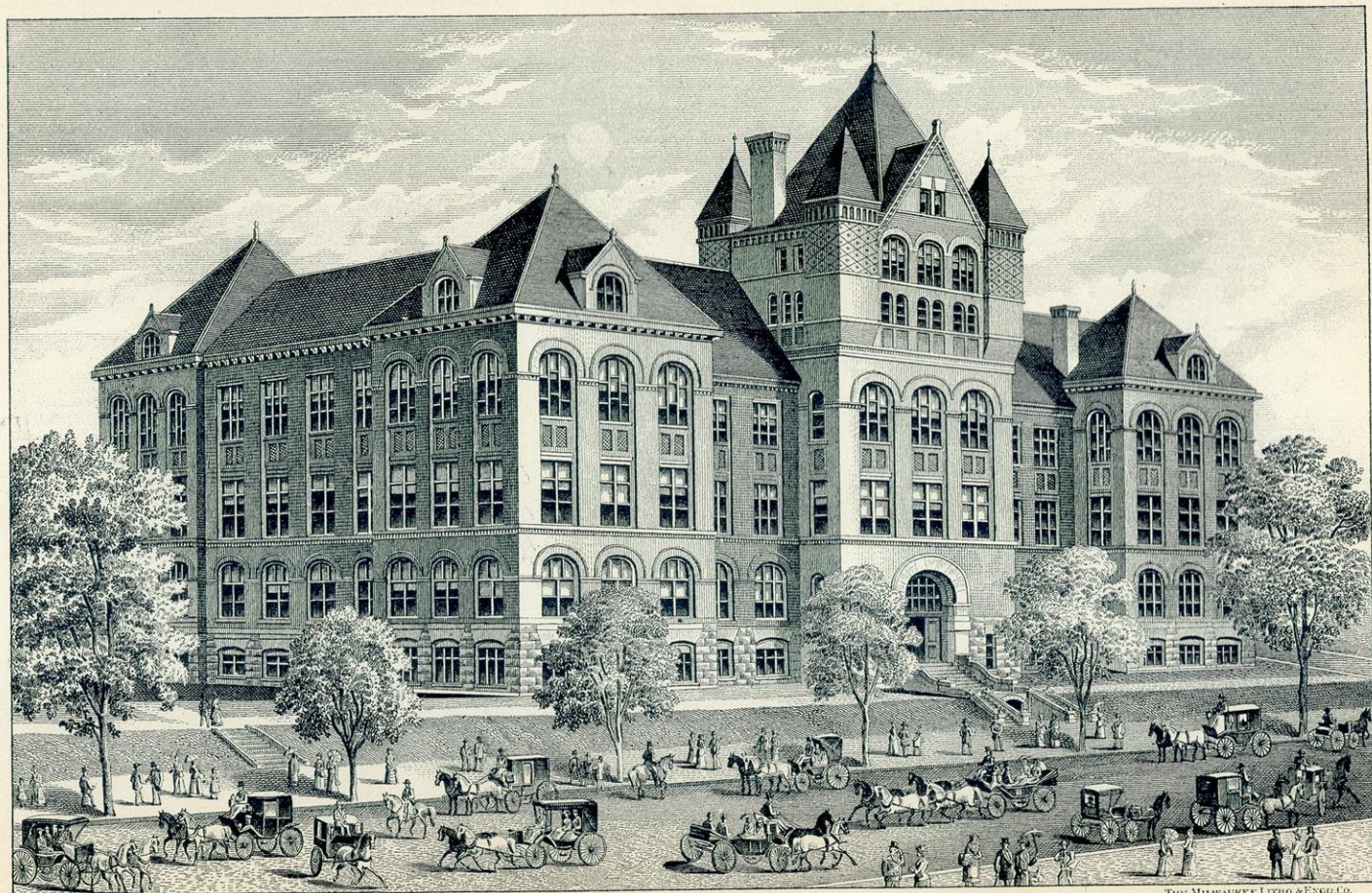
PART VI.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.



STATE UNIVERSITY, MADISON.

THE MILWAUKEE LITHO & ENGR CO



NEW SCIENCE HALL

THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENGR. CO.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Wisconsin, though one of the youngest states in the Union, already ranks among the foremost in its public institutions. Both in its educational advantages and in its reformatory and charitable institutions it is surpassed by few of the states, and especially so in the west.

For its educational advantages it is largely indebted to the munificence of Congress in donating lands for the support of public schools, a state university, normal schools and an agricultural college. There are now in successful operation in this State, a University, comprising several colleges, and five normal schools. The general government, when the State was first organized, and since, bestowed large tracts of land to it for educational purposes. This liberality has enabled Wisconsin to adopt a system of district, graded and high schools, normal schools and university which has placed the State in the front rank in the matter of education. The legislature has supplemented this wise liberality of the general government by more or less generous appropriations, until there are now over 6,000 common school districts and 150 free high schools in the State, the number of school houses being 6,000. There are 12,000 teachers employed. It is certainly not an exaggeration to say that the public schools of Wisconsin are, as a whole, in most excellent condition. Much good has resulted in the past from the enlightened views of our legislators as to education in general, and the common schools in particular. Besides, the people themselves are thoroughly imbued with the idea that popular education is the great safeguard of our liberties and the chief corner-stone of our advanced civilization.

Toward its unfortunate and criminal classes the State has pursued an even more liberal policy. By direct appropriations from the treasury, the people of Wisconsin have contributed for the upbuilding and support of penal and charitable institutions, the following sums: For the State Prison, \$1,147,655.49; for the Industrial School for Boys, \$1,248,903.79; for the Industrial School for Girls, \$60,000.00; for the Institute for the Blind, \$374,840.78; for the Deaf and Dumb, \$1,110,692.47; for the State Hospital for the Insane, \$2,898,568.02; for the Northern Hospital, \$2,380,363.35; for the State Public School, \$142,369.28; for the Soldiers' Orphans' Home, \$367,256.47; — making a total of \$10,240,651.66. Whether these appropriations were wise, or whether they have been judiciously applied, are not proper subjects for inquiry and discussion in a work which aims only to furnish statistics. These expenditures for charitable and correctional purposes may not be too large, but they present a contrast to the amount expended by the State on its higher institutions of learning, and suggest a comparison between the number who have been directly benefited by these two classes of appropriations. The one is for a noble charity from which the State can expect but little return; the other is a prudent investment for which society receives a full equivalent in a more intelligent, virtuous and useful citizenship.

THE STATE CAPITOL.

The site of the present State Capitol was selected by the Hon. James D. Doty, October 27, 1836, and in December of the same year the territorial legislature, in session at Belmont, passed an act to establish the Capital at Madison. Messrs. James D. Doty, A. A. Bird and John F. O'Neill were appointed by the general government commissioners for constructing the capitol, and work was commenced on the building in the month of June following, under the direction of Mr. Bird. On the 4th of July, 1837, the corner-stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies. The legislature met for the first time in Madison, November 26, 1838. The capitol building was not then in a suitable condition for the sessions of that body, so it assembled in the basement of the old American House, where Governor Dodge delivered his annual message. Here the Legislature met and adjourned from day to day, until temporary arrangements could be made for the reception of members in the Assembly Hall. During 1836 and 1837, the national government appropriated \$40,000 for the capitol building, Dane county, \$4,000, and the territorial legislature about \$16,000; making the complete cost of the old capitol \$60,000. The building, when finished, was a substantial structure, which, in architectural design and convenience of arrangement, compared favorably with capitols of adjacent and older states.

The warranty deed of the capitol square was given to the Territory, in consideration of \$1.00 received, and the benefits and advantages to be derived from the location, by Stevens T. Mason, Julia G. Mason and Kintzing Prichett, of Detroit, and through their attorney, Moses M. Strong. It is dated Mineral Point, 16th January, 1839; and the square is described as sections 13, 14, 23 and 24, in township 7, range 9 east. This interesting document is now on file in the office of the State Treasurer.

On the admission of Wisconsin into the Union as a state, in 1848, the constitutional convention then permanently located the capital at Madison. The capitol building proving inadequate to the growing wants of the State, the legislature of 1857 provided for its enlargement. By this act, the commissioners of school and university lands were directed to sell the ten sections of land appropriated by congress "for the completion of public buildings," and apply the proceeds toward enlarging and improving the state capitol. The state also appropriated \$30,000 for the same object, and \$50,000 was given by the city of Madison. The Governor and Secretary of State were made commissioners for conducting the work, which was begun in the fall of 1857, and continued from year to year until 1869, when the dome was completed.

The legislature of 1883 appropriated \$200,000 for the construction of two transverse wings to the capitol building, one on the north and the other on the south sides thereof, in order to provide additional room for the State Historical Society, the Supreme Court, the State Library, and for the increasing work of the state offices. The Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, with N. B. Van Slyke and John Winans, representing the Supreme Court, and E. W. Keyes, representing the Historical Society, were made commissioners for carrying out the work. The plans of architect D. R. Jones were adopted, and the bid of Bentleys & Nowlan, contractors, was accepted.

The work is now completed and the additional wings ready for occupancy. The picture of the building, elsewhere in this book, is an excellent representation of the State Capitol as it now appears.

The total appropriations for the enlargement of the capitol and for the improvement of the park to the present time are \$829,992.54. This does not include the sum of \$6,500 appropriated, in 1875, for macadamizing to the center of the streets around the park.

The capitol park is nine hundred and fourteen feet square, cornering north, south, east and west, contains fourteen and four-tenths acres, and is situated on an elevation commanding a view of the Third and Fourth lakes and the surrounding country. In the center of the square stands the capitol, one of the most magnificent structures of the kind in the United States. The height of the building from the basement to the top of the flag staff is 225½ feet, while the total length of its north and south wings, exclusive of steps and porticoes, with the addition of the new wings, is 396 feet, and of the east and west wings, 236 feet. The completeness of the arrangements on the inside fully correspond with the fine external appearance of the capitol.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

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Term expires first Monday in February, 1894.

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(Arranged in Alphabetical Order.)

- VICKERS T. ATKINSON, V. S., Professor of Veterinary Science, Agricultural Hall.
 STEPHEN MOULTON BABCOCK, Ph. D., Professor of Agricultural Chemistry, and Chief Chemist to the Experiment Station, fourth floor, Agricultural Hall.
 CHARLES REID BARNES, Ph. D., Professor of Botany, Room 39, Science Hall.
 CHARLES EDWIN BENNETT, A. B., Professor of Latin, Room 15, University Hall.
 EDWARD ASAHIEL BIRGE, Ph. D., Professor of Zoology, Room 50, Science Hall.
 STIMSON JOSEPH BROWN, U. S. N., Professor of Mathematics, Washburn Observatory.
 EDWIN E. BRYANT, Dean of Law Faculty, Second Floor, South Wing, Capitol.
 STORM BULL, Mech. E., Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Room 23, Science Hall.
 J. H. CARPENTER, LL. D., Professor of Contracts, Torts and Criminal Law, College of Law, Second Floor, South Wing, Capitol.
 JOHN B. CASSODAY, LL. D., Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, Professor of Wills and Constitutional Law, College of Law, Second Floor, South Wing, Capitol.
 JAMES A. COLE, 2d Lieut. 6th Cavalry, U. S. A., Professor of Military Science and Tactics, Office, Library Hall, North Entrance.
 GEORGE CARY COMSTOCK, Ph. B. LL. B., Professor of Astronomy and Director of Washburn Observatory.
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 WILLIAM WILLARD DANIELLS, M. S., Professor of Chemistry, Rooms 16 to 20, Chemical Laboratory.
 JOHN EUGENE DAVIES, A. M., M. D., LL. D., Professor of Physics, Room 16, Science Hall.
 ALBERT STOWELL FLINT, A. M., Assistant Astronomer, Washburn Observatory.
 DAVID B. FRANKENBURGER, A. M., Professor of Rhetoric and Oratory, Room 6, University Hall.
 JOHN CHARLES FREEMAN, LL. D., Professor of English Literature, Room 13, University Hall.
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 WILLIAM ARNON HENRY, Agr. B., Professor of Agriculture, Second Floor, North End, Agricultural Hall.
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 WILLIAM HERBERT HOBBS, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of Mineralogy and Metallurgy, and Curator of Geological Museum, Room 27, Science Hall.
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 CHARLES ISAAC KING, Professor of Mechanical Practice, Office, Machine Shop.
 FRANKLIN H. KING, Professor of Agricultural Physics, Second floor, South End, Agricultural Hall.
 CHARLES DAVID MARX, C. E., Professor of Civil Engineering, Room 25, Science Hall.

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- JULIUS EMIL OLSON, B. L., Assistant Professor of the Scandinavian Language, and Literature, Room 5, North Hall.
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- FLETCHER ANDREW PARKER, Professor of Music, Room 15, Ladies' Hall.
- FREDERICK BELDING POWER, Ph. G., Ph. D., Professor of Pharmacy and Materia Medica, third floor, North End North Hall.
- GEORGE BRAKERHOFF RANSOM, P. A. E., U. S. N., Professor of Steam Engineering, Room 23, Science Hall.
- WILLIAM H. ROSENSTENGEL, A. M., Professor of the German Language and Literature, Rooms 1 and 2 North Hall.
- CHARLES SUMNER SLICHTER, M. S., Assistant Professor of Mathematics, Room 9, University Hall.
- ITHAMAR C. SLOAN, Professor of Equity, Real Estate and Corporations, College of Law, second floor, South Wing, Capitol.
- JOHN WILLIAM STEARNS, LL. D., Professor of Philosophy and Pedagogy, Room 5, University Hall.
- FREDERICK JACKSON TURNER, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of American History, Room 11, University Hall.
- CHARLES RICHARD VAN HISE, M. S., Professor of Archæan and Applied Geology, Room 33, Science Hall.
- CHARLES A. VAN VELZER, Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics, Room 7, University Hall.
- WILLIAM F. VILAS, LL. D., Professor of Practice and Pleading, College of Law, second floor, South Wing, Capitol.
- WILLIAM HOLME WILLIAMS, A. B., Professor of Hebrew and Sanskrit, Room 3A, University Hall.
- CLARA E. S. BALLARD, Instructor in Gymnastics, Ladies' Hall.
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- LUCY MARIA GAY, B. L., Instructor in French, Room 3, University Hall.
- HENRY B. GURLER, Instructor in Dairying, Agricultural Hall.
- CHARLES HOMER HASKINS, Ph. D., Instructor in History, Room 12, University Hall.
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- EDWARD KREMERS, Ph. G., Ph. D., Instructor of Pharmacy, third floor, North Hall.
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- ALMOND E. PALMER, B. S., Instructor in Elocution, Room 4 University Hall.
- JOHN MONROE PARKINSON, A. B., B. L., Instructor in Elementary Law, Room 16, University Hall.
- WILLIAM G. SIRE, Instructor in Music, Room 15, Ladies' Hall.
- GUIDO A. STEMPER, A. B., Instructor in German, Rooms 6 and 9, North Hall.
- SUSAN ADELAIDE STERLING, B. L., Instructor in German, Rooms 8 and 10, North Hall.
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OTHER OFFICERS.

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- WILLIAM DIXON HIESTAND, Registrar, Room 1, University Hall.
- HENRY BAIRD FAVILL, A. B. M. D., Examining Surgeon to the Battalion.
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- LESLIE H. ADAMS, Farm Superintendent.
- SHEPARD R. BUCEY, Stenographer to Agricultural Station.

FELLOWS.

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 JOHN W. DECKER, B. Agrl., Fellow in Agriculture, Agricultural Hall.
 KATE ASAPHINE EVEREST, A. B., Fellow in History, Room 16, University Hall.
 SARAH BELLE FLESH, B. L., Fellow in Elocution, Room 8, University Hall.
 CHRISTIAN HINRICHS, B. M. E., Fellow in Engineering, Room 6, Science Hall.
 ARTHUR WILLIAM PHELPS, B. A., Fellow in Latin, Room 15, University Hall.
 ARTHUR WILLIAM RICHTER, B. M. E., Fellow in Engineering, Room 37, Science Hall.
 SIDNEY DEAN TOWNLEY, B. S., Fellow in Astronomy, Room 16, University Hall.
 RODNEY HOWARD TRUE, B. S., Fellow in Botany, Room 48, Science Hall.

SUMMATION OF STUDENTS.

(JANUARY, 1891.)

Fellows.....	9
Resident Graduates	14
Candidates for 2d Degrees, <i>in absentia</i>	24
College of Letters and Science.....	505
College of Engineering	126
College of Agriculture.....	95
College of Law.....	117
School of Pharmacy	56
	946
Deducting twice classified.....	4

Total..... 942

Students in Summer School, 132.

The endeavor of the University is

1. To provide amply for higher learning and disciplinary training by a group of college courses, each capable of extensive modification by elective studies.
2. To provide thorough technical training in the leading professions.
3. To contribute to the advancement of knowledge, and to train students in investigation.
4. To contribute directly to the higher education of the people.

COLLEGES OF THE UNIVERSITY.

- I. THE COLLEGE OF LETTERS AND SCIENCE.
- II. THE COLLEGE OF MECHANICS AND ENGINEERING.
- III. THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.
- IV. THE COLLEGE OF LAW.
- V. THE SCHOOL OF PHARMACY.

The College of Letters and Science embraces:

- I. Graduate and Fellowship Courses.
- II. The Ancient Classical Course.
- III. The Modern Classical Course.
- IV. The General Science Course.
- V. The English Course.
- VI. The Civic-Historical Course, antecedent to Law and Journalism.
- VII. The Special Science Course, antecedent to Medicine.
- VIII. The Special Courses for Normal School Graduates.

The College of Mechanics and Engineering embraces:

- I. The Civil Engineering Course.
- II. The Mechanical Engineering Course.
- III. The Mining and Metallurgical Engineering Courses.
- IV. The Railroad Engineering Course.
- V. The Electrical Engineering Course.

The College of Agriculture embraces:

- I. The Experiment Station.
- II. The Graduate Course.
- III. The Long Agricultural Course.
- IV. The Middle Course.
- V. The Short Agricultural Course.
- VI. The Dairy Course.
- VII. The Farmers' Institutes.

The College of Law embraces:

- I. The Law Course.

The School of Pharmacy embraces:

- I. The Pharmacy Course.

Besides these regular courses, students, properly prepared, are permitted to take special courses of their own selection and of such length as they may choose.

COURSES OF STUDY.

ANCIENT CLASSICAL COURSE.

Required Studies—Greek, Latin, mathematics, Anglo Saxon, early English, rhetoric, English literature, psychology (followed by two terms of philosophical study), political economy, constitutional law, physics, chemistry, botany, zoology.

Elective Studies—Sufficient to make up four full years' work. These may be selected from any of the studies offered in the College of Letters and Science, which the student can advantageously take.

MODERN CLASSICAL COURSE.

Required Studies—Latin, German, French, Anglo Saxon, mathematics, rhetoric, English literature, psychology (followed by two terms of philosophical study), political economy, constitutional law, physics, botany, zoology.

Elective Studies—Sufficient to make up four full years' work. These may be selected from any of the studies offered in the College of Letters and Science, which the student can advantageously take.

GENERAL SCIENCE COURSE.

Required Studies—Mathematics, botany, zoology, physics, chemistry, psychology, civics, German, French or English, rhetoric and at least two "long courses" in science, embracing astronomy, physics, chemistry, zoology, botany, mineralogy and geology.

Elective Studies—Sufficient to make a total of thirty-nine terms' work during the course.

ENGLISH COURSE.

Required Studies—Early English, English literature, rhetoric, German, French or Latin, American, dynastic, territorial and English history, psychology (followed by two terms of philosophical study), political economy, constitutional law, physics, chemistry and zoology.

Elective Studies—Sufficient to make up a total of thirty-nine terms' work during the course. These may be selected from any studies in the College of Letters and Science, which the student can take to advantage.

CIVIC-HISTORICAL COURSE ANTECEDENT TO THE STUDY OF LAW AND JOURNALISM.

For the accommodation of those contemplating the study of law or journalism, extended courses in civil polity, economics and historical science, together with literary and philosophical branches have been arranged so as to constitute the work of the Junior and Senior years of the collegiate course. Students are thus enabled to profit by an adaptation of their college course to their future work without essential deviation from the general purposes of collegiate training.

SPECIAL SCIENCE COURSE ANTECEDENT TO THE STUDY OF MEDICINE.

In response to a request from the Wisconsin State Medical Society, the University offers a special course in science adapted to those contemplating the study of medicine and surgery. It embraces long thorough courses in chemistry, physics, vertebrate anatomy, his-

tology, zoology, botany and kindred branches, which are intended to give a broad and solid foundation for the professional medical course, while at the same time they give a large measure of collegiate culture.

SPECIAL COURSE FOR NORMAL SCHOOL GRADUATES.

To afford graduates of the State Normal Schools facilities for extending their studies advantageously, and at the same time to attain a recognized standing leading to a degree, without loss of time or inconvenience arising from the want of adjustment of their previous studies to the standard college courses, special courses have been adopted by the University by which two additional years of successful study will enable graduates from the advanced Normal courses to graduate from the University with a degree.

ELEMENTARY GREEK CLASS.

For the accommodation of those who are unable to secure a preparation in Greek elsewhere, a course in elementary Greek is provided for those who are otherwise prepared for admission to the University (see requirements for admission following), enabling them to take the Ancient Classical Course. Five years are usually required for the completion of the full course.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COURSE.

Required Studies—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical mechanics, applied mechanics, practical mechanics, topographical engineering, constructive engineering, sanitary engineering, hydraulic engineering, astronomy, mineralogy, metallurgy, petrography, geodesy, physics, chemistry, German or French, rhetoric.

RAILWAY ENGINEERING COURSE.

Required Studies—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical, applied and practical mechanics, topographical and constructive engineering, mechanics of materials, railway field work, theory of railway location, steam engine, general equipment, construction and maintenance of way, bridge designs and railroad architecture, hoisting, pumping and excavating machinery, hydraulics, geodesy, astronomy, geology, metallurgy, chemistry, physics, mineralogy, German or French, rhetoric.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING COURSE.

Required Studies—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical mechanics, applied mechanics, practical mechanics, machine construction, mineralogy, metallurgy, petrography, physics, chemistry, German or French, rhetoric.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING COURSE.

Required Studies—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical, applied and practical mechanics, chemistry, physics, thermodynamics, electricity and magnetism, electrical machinery, practical electrical laboratory work, steam engine, hydraulic motors, French or German, rhetoric.

RAILWAY MECHANICS.

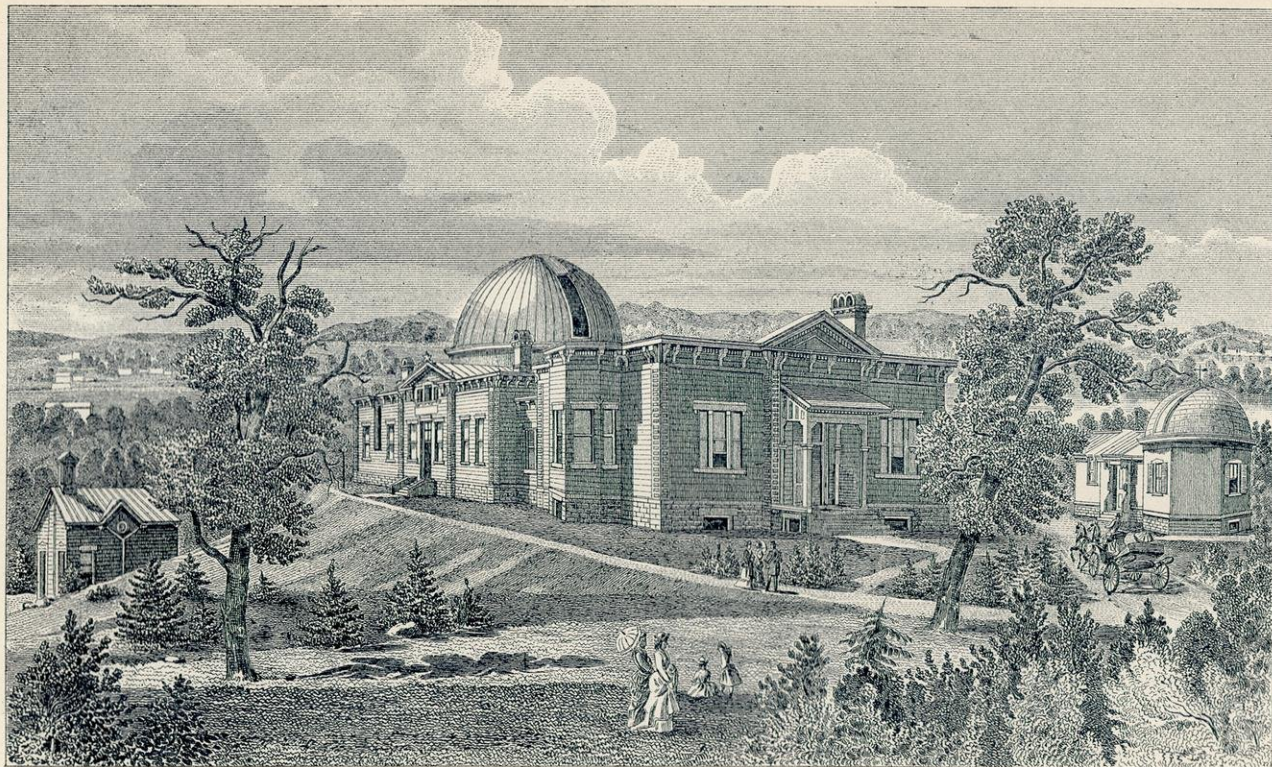
Required Studies—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical, applied and practical mechanics, machine construction, steam engineering, hoisting machinery, pumps, theory and construction of locomotive, railway machinery, metallurgy, chemistry, physics, astronomy, German or French, rhetoric.

MINING AND METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING COURSES.

Required Studies—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical mechanics, applied mechanics, practical mechanics, topographical engineering, constructive engineering, mine engineering, astronomy, mineralogy, metallurgy, microscopic petrography, geology, assaying, concentration of ores, mineralogy (long course), physics, chemistry, German or French, rhetoric.

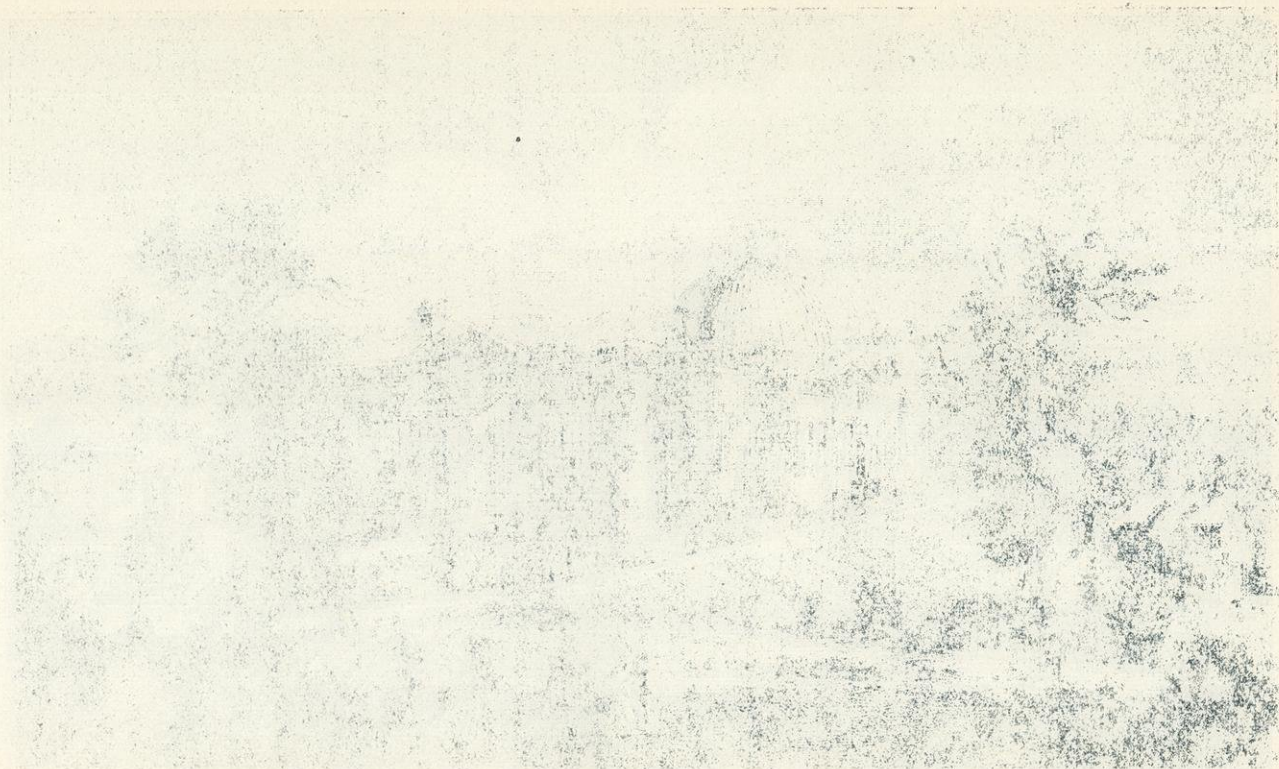
AGRICULTURAL COURSES.

Long Course—*Required Studies*—Vegetable morphology, animal morphology, vegetable physiology, vegetable histology, forestry, horticulture, human physiology, animal



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THE PHOTOGRAPH BY THE AUTHOR

husbandry, agricultural chemistry, agricultural physics, veterinary science, entomology, practical mechanics, chemistry, physics, geology, political economy, constitutional law, mathematics, rhetoric, English, French or German. Special investigations in agricultural chemistry, agricultural physics, horticulture and botany. Four college years.

Middle Course — Agricultural physics, agricultural botany, agricultural chemistry, mathematics, feeding and breeding, horticulture, economic entomology, veterinary science, dairy practice. Two college years.

Short Course — Sixty lectures upon animal husbandry, sixty lectures upon agricultural chemistry, sixty lectures upon agricultural physics, horticulture and economic entomology, thirty-six lectures upon veterinary science, twenty lectures on the surface features, climate, meteorology of Wisconsin and the United States, practical mechanics — 120 hours' shop work; laboratory work in agricultural physics, chemistry and botany. Two winter terms.

Dairy Course — Constitution of milk, conditions affecting creaming and churning, preservation of milk, milk testing (laboratory practice) mathematics of the dairy, butter making, theoretical and practical, dairy house practice, cheese making theoretical and practical. Winter term.

PHARMACY COURSE.

Required Studies — Practical pharmacy, pharmaceutical chemistry, inorganic, organic, qualitative and quantitative chemistry, pharmaceutical laboratory work, materia medica. Special work in advanced chemistry, botany and pharmacy; thesis work.

LAW COURSE.

Required Studies — Equity, constitutional law, admiralty, estoppel, municipal corporations, commercial corporations, contracts, common carriers, negligence, torts, damages, sales, tax and tax-titles, juries, pleadings and practice, evidence, justice court procedure, criminal law, wills, domestic relations, personal property, real estate.

BRANCHES OF STUDY.

MENTAL SCIENCE.

General Psychology — Experimental, Comparative, Morbid, and Anthropological Psychology; History of Greek Philosophy; History of English Philosophy; Ethics; Æsthetics; Logic; Pedagogy.

CIVIC SCIENCE.

Civics — Elementary Law; English Constitutional Law; American Constitutional Law; International Law; Roman Law; Political Economy.

History — Primitive, Oriental, Greek, Roman, Medieval and Modern History; Dynastic and Territorial History; American and English History of the Nineteenth Century; Constitutional and Political History of the United States; History of Institutions and of Society.

LINGUISTIC SCIENCE.

Greek — Reading and writing Greek; study of select Greek historians, poets, orators and dramatists; Derivation of technical terms.

Latin — Reading and writing Latin; study of select Roman historians, orators, poets; seminar work in text criticism and interpretation; Teachers' course in Latin.

German — Reading, speaking and writing German; study of the German classics, seminar work in German; pedagogical work in German.

French — Reading, writing and speaking French; study of French classics; lectures on French literature.

Spanish — Studied with reference to acquiring a reading knowledge.

Italian — Studied with reference to acquiring a reading knowledge.

Scandinavian Languages — Modern Norse, studied with reference to acquiring reading knowledge of Norwegian, Danish and Swedish authors; old Norse and Icelandic, studied for historical and literary ends.

Sanskrit — Studied for philological purposes.

Hebrew — Studied for philological and critical purposes.

Anglo-Saxon — Studied as the foundation of English.

Early and Later English — Studied etymologically and critically with reference to securing a mastery of our own tongue.

LINGUISTIC ART.

- English Literature*—General survey; English Masterpieces; American Masterpieces.
Classical and Foreign Literature—Studied in connection with the languages given above.
Rhetoric—Principals; Practical Rhetoric; Philosophy of Rhetoric; Rhetorical exercises.
Elocution—Lectures, criticism and practice.
Music—Vocal Culture; Piano Playing; Harmony; Solo and Chorus Practice.

MATHEMATICAL SCIENCE.

Pure Mathematics—Advanced Algebra; Solid Geometry; Trigonometry; Descriptive Geometry; Analytical Geometry; Differential Calculus; Integral Calculus; Method of Least Squares; Modern Analytical Geometry; Higher Plane Curves; Geometry of Three Dimensions; Differential Equations; Spherical Harmonics; Elliptic Functions; Theory of Functions; Quantics; Quaternions.

PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

- Astronomy*—Descriptive, Theoretical and Practical; Instrumental work.
Physics—Experimental lectures; Mathematical physics; Laboratory work.
Chemistry—Descriptive and Analytical; Lectures and Laboratory Practice; Qualitative- and Quantitative; Inorganic, Organic, Metallurgical and Toxicological; Urinalysis; Teachers' Course.
Mineralogy—Descriptive, determinative, optical and microscopical Mineralogy; Blow-pipe Analysis; Crystallography.
Geology—General. Special and Applied; General and Microscopic Petrography; Palaeontology.
Zoology—General and Descriptive; Vetebrate Anatomy; Histology; Physiology; Embryology; Original Investigation.
Bacteriology—Study of Bacteria by culture and other methods.
Botany—Descriptive and Analytical; Vegetable Histology; Embryology and Physiology; Special and Original Work.
Hygiene and Sanitary Science—Lectures, physical drill; ladies' gymnastics.

MILITARY SCIENCE.

Tactics and Drill—Infantry and Artillery; Military Drill.

APPLIED SCIENCE AND ART.

- Agriculture*—Farm Management; Stock Raising; History and Condition of Improved Breeds; Theory of Stock Breeding; Study of Pedigrees; Care and Management of Stock; Dairying; Laws of Growth; Feeding Standards; Feeding for Milk, for Meat, for Growth.
Agricultural Chemistry—Chemical Relations of soil, water and air to plant development; Fertilizers, Commercial and Manurial; Composition and Feeding Value of crops and fodders; Chemistry of the Dairy; Composition of Milk and its manufactured products; Detection of Adulterations; Fermentation and Decay.
Agricultural Botany—Relation of plants to soil, moisture and atmosphere; Development of useful plants; Dependence of growth on external conditions; How plant food is manufactured and stored; Reproduction by cuttings, grafts, buds, spores and seeds; Testing seeds; Disease of plants.
Agricultural Physics—Capillary and Osmotic Action in relation to soils, plants and animal tissues; Mechanical Principles applied to farming; Pressure and Flow of Water in soils, drains, pipes and tanks; Drainage; Relations of Heat to soil, to animal and plant growth; Farm Structures; Ventilation of farm buildings.
Veterinary Science—Animal Diseases; Animal Surgery.
Horticulture—Propagation, planting, cultivation, pruning, marketing and preserving the fruits of our climate; growing of garden vegetables; construction and management of hot-beds, forcing pits, etc.; culture and adoption of flower garden and greenhouse plants; principles of ornamental planting; laying out gardens and pleasure grounds, formation and management of lawns; method of seed-growing; principles of selection; art of cross-fertilization.
Economic Entomology—Classification of insects; principal injurious and beneficial insects of our climate; means for preventing insect ravages.

Mechanics — Elementary Mechanics; Analytical Mechanics; Graphic Statics; Mechanics of Materials; Mechanics of Machinery; Theory of Structures; Thermodynamics.

Practical Mechanics — Bench and Machine Work in Wood; Pattern Work and Moulding; Hand Work in Iron; Forge Work; Machine Work in Iron; Machine Construction; Model Designing; Construction and Testing.

Surveying — Elementary Surveying; Railroad Surveying; Topographical Surveying; Geodesy.

Engineering — Steam Engineering; Electrical Engineering; Railway Engineering; Hydraulic Engineering; Mine Engineering; Sanitary Engineering; Building Construction; Machine Construction; Hydraulic Motors.

Engineering Draughting — Elementary Drawing; Descriptive Geometry Problems; Working Drawings of Machines; Stereotomy; Topographical Draughting and Platting; Working Drawings of Framed Structures; Working Drawings of Mine Structures and Mine Timbers; Drawings of Metallurgical Structures.

Metallurgy, Ore Concentration, Assaying — Metallurgy of Iron, Copper, Lead, Gold, Silver, etc.; Fuel, Refractory Materials; treatment of Ores; Assays by different methods.

Pharmacy — Pharmaceutical Chemistry; Practical Pharmacy; Materia Medica; Pharmaceutical Botany.

LEGAL SCIENCE AND ART.

Law — Equity; Constitutional Law; Admiralty; Estoppel; Municipal Corporations; Commercial Corporations; Contracts; Negligence; Common Carriers; Torts; Damages; Sales; Taxes and Tax-titles; Juries; Pleadings and Practice; Evidence; Justice Court Procedure; Criminal Law; Wills; Domestic Relations; Personal Property; Real Estate.

METHODS OF ADMISSION.

- I. By examinations at the University.
- II. By special local examinations under the supervision of an authorized agent of the University.
- III. By presentation of a proper certificate from an accredited school.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

(The following are the requirements for 1891; those for 1892 are different and may be found in the catalogue.)

All courses of the University are open to women on precisely the same terms as men.

(1.) *General examination for all candidates for the Freshman Class:* Orthography, grammar, sentential analysis, arithmetic, algebra through quadratics, plane geometry, civil and physical geography, U. S. history.

(2.) *For the Ancient Classical Course*, the above (1), and ancient and English history; Latin grammar and composition, Cæsar (four books), Cicero (seven orations) including the Manilian Law, Vergil (six books of the *Æneid*), Sallust's Conspiracy of Catiline; Greek grammar and composition, Xenophon's *Anabasis* (three books), Homer's *Iliad* (two books).

(3.) *For the Modern Classical Course*, all the above (1) and (2) except Greek, instead of which German grammar and twenty lessons in any standard German reader, and solid geometry are required.

(4.) *For the English Course*, the general examination required of all (1), and English literature, ancient and English history, botany, physiology, natural philosophy and solid geometry.

(5.) *For the General Science, Special Science* (pre-medical), and all *Engineering Courses*, the general examination required of all (1), and German grammar, twenty lessons in the German reader, botany, physiology, natural philosophy and solid geometry.

(6.) *For the Long Agricultural Course*, the same as for the General Science Course except that German is not required. *For the Middle Agricultural Course*, reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, grammar, U. S. history, physiology, hygiene, the constitutions of the United States and of Wisconsin. *For the Short and Dairy Courses* no examination is required, but candidates must give evidence of such maturity and common education as to fit them to profitably take the course.

(7.) *For the Civic-Historic Course*, the same as for the English or classical courses.

(8.) *For the Elementary Greek Class* (Greek not required), Latin grammar and composition, Cæsar (four books), Cicero (two orations), ancient and English history, and the general examination required of all (1).

(9). *For Special Students*, the English branches required for the General Science Course including the general examination (1).

(10). *For Law and Pharmacy*, evidence of sufficient education to profitably pursue the courses.

Persons desiring specific details will find the President, Secretary and Registrar ready to give any required information, any of whom may be addressed by title simply.

BUILDINGS.

The University buildings are: University Hall, devoted to the literary, mathematical, historical, philosophical and civic departments; North Hall, devoted to German and Scandinavian; Agricultural Hall, occupied by the Experiment Station and the agricultural department; Science Hall, devoted to physics, zoology, botany, mineralogy, geology and the engineering departments; the Chemical Laboratory, devoted to chemistry, metallurgy and assaying; the Machine Shop, devoted to mechanical practice and the necessary mechanical work of the University; Library Hall, embracing the library and the general assembly hall; Ladies' Hall, occupied by the musical and ladies' literary rooms, besides ladies' boarding rooms; two Observatories, devoted to astronomy; the Gymnasium; the Dairy House and other Farm buildings. The Machine Shops, the Chemical Laboratory and Science Hall are new buildings of the most approved construction and appointments. The latter is pronounced the best building of its kind in this country. The Law College is located in the Capitol building.

LABORATORIES.

The University is unusually well furnished with laboratories whose equipment is of the highest order. They are twenty in number, devoted to the following purposes: agricultural chemistry, agricultural physics, assaying, bacteriology, elementary botany, advanced botany, horticulture, organic chemistry, qualitative chemistry, quantitative chemistry, engineering, geology, histology, mineralogy, petrography, pharmacy, photography, physics (embracing several sub-laboratories), psychology, elementary zoology, advanced zoology.

MUSEUMS.

The University museums are the geological and mineralogical, the zoological and botanical, and the agricultural.

LIBRARIES.

The University has a general library containing about 23,000 volumes, and is developing a series of special libraries devoted to the technical work of the several departments, among which the law library, the Woodman Astronomical library and the agricultural library are the more considerable. Smaller libraries are being formed relating to pharmacy, engineering, zoology, botany, geology, mineralogy, physics, German, chemistry and other subjects.

Besides these, which belong to the university, there are accessible to students the State Historical library, 137,000 volumes, including pamphlets; the State Law library, 23,000 volumes, and the City library, 11,000 volumes, altogether, constituting library facilities surpassed at only a few places in this country.

GENERAL POLICY.

It is the general policy of the institution to foster the higher educational interests of the state, broadly and generously interpreted. It is its aim to make ample provision for the demands of advanced scholarship in as many of the lines of intellectual development as its means will permit. By prescribing the larger portion of the studies of the regular courses in earlier years, and by leaving the larger number in the later portion of the course to the selection of the student, it endeavors to give a judicious measure of direction together with sufficient room for choice to permit individual adaptation and special development.

The University endeavors to avoid all that is sectarian or partisan, without withdrawing its sympathy and influence from whatever contributes to good citizenship and high character.

Subjects which constitute party questions will be avoided in the courses of study. The subject of tariff having come to be a definite party issue will be omitted from instruction, in all partisan phases of the subject.

The University recognizes no distinction of race, color or sex. All who conform to its intellectual and moral requirements are equally entitled to its privileges.

METHODS OF WORK.

The methods of work embrace nearly or quite all of those that have proved efficient in the experience of similar institutions. Recitations, emancipated from servile text-book work, still hold a large place. Lectures, especially in the departments admitting of experimental and objective illustration, also occupy a large place. Freedom of discussion and questioning by the student accompany both methods. The laboratory system in all the departments in which it is practicable is fully employed. The German *seminar* system is being gradually introduced into the several departments to which that method is adapted.

The facilities for this work are being enlarged as fast as possible.

DEPARTMENTS OF ORIGINAL INVESTIGATION.

Knowledge being the foundation of all true education, the University of Wisconsin recognizes the search for new knowledge and the crucial testing of the old to be an important function of a university. Two departments of the University are devoted almost exclusively to original research, the Washburn Observatory and the Agricultural Experiment Station. A limited but increasing amount of original investigation is being done in other departments in immediate connection with instructional work.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE LECTURESHIP.

An admirable system of Teachers' Institutes is maintained in Wisconsin under the supervision of the Regents of the State Normal Schools. By a special act of the legislature of 1883 the Professor of Pedagogy of the University was appointed lecturer to these institutes, and a special appropriation made to meet the necessary expenses. Through this provision about forty lectures are delivered annually at as many different institutes held in various portions of the state. These lectures are directed in part toward the promotion of advanced professional work, and in part toward fostering higher and broader educational views among the people.

AGRICULTURAL INSTITUTES.

Through special legislative provision, a carefully conducted system of Farmer's Institutes is maintained under the auspices of the University. It is placed in the immediate charge of a superintendent, who carefully elaborates and judiciously controls the organization and execution of all the institutes. He is aided by special conductors who assist in perfecting the details and carrying the whole into effect.

The Director of the Experiment Station renders as much assistance as is consistent with his other duties, directing his efforts chiefly to the discussion of the practical problems affected by the experimental work of the station, and the educational work of the University. Experts from different states and from Canada are engaged to present special important themes. State and local talent is freely used, and not the least of the educational benefits is the development of latent ability in writing, speaking and experimenting which has followed as an incidental result.

The following is a list of the institutes held during the current year:

Places.	Counties.	Dates.	Places.	Counties.	Dates.
Clear Lake	Polk	Dec. 1, 2	Fennimore	Grant	Jan. 16, 17
Bloomer	Chippewa	Dec. 1, 2	Barneveld	Iowa	Jan. 16, 17
New Richmond	St. Croix	Dec. 3, 4	Markesan	Green Lake	Jan. 20, 21
Chetek	Barron	Dec. 3, 4	Lake Mills	Jefferson	Jan. 20, 21
Knapp	Dunn	Dec. 5, 6	Watertown	Jefferson	Jan. 22, 23
Alma	Buffalo	Dec. 8, 9	Brooklyn	Green	Jan. 22, 23
Osseo	Trempealeau	Dec. 8, 9	Waldo	Sheboygan	Jan. 27, 28
Rock Elm	Pierce	Dec. 10, 11	Caldwell	Racine	Jan. 27, 28
Blair	Trempealeau	Dec. 10, 11	Delavan	Walworth	Jan. 29, 30
Durand	Pepin	Dec. 12, 13	Edgerton	Rock	Jan. 29, 30
Alma Center	Jackson	Dec. 12, 13	Sparta	Monroe	Feb. 10, 11
Neillsville	Clark	Dec. 16, 17	Hortonville	Outagamie	Feb. 10, 11
Galesville	Trempealeau	Dec. 16, 17	Elroy	Juneau	Feb. 12, 13
Necedah	Juneau	Dec. 18, 19	West Bend	Washington	Feb. 12, 13
West Salem	La Crosse	Dec. 18, 19	Colby	Clark	Feb. 17, 18
Sun Prairie	Dane	Dec. 22, 23	Kilbourn City	Columbia	Feb. 17, 18
Belleville	Dane	Dec. 22, 23	Plover	Portage	Feb. 19, 20
Oconomowoc	Waukesha	Dec. 26, 27	Columbus	Columbia	Feb. 19, 20
Deerfield	Dane	Dec. 26, 27	Hancock	Waushara	Feb. 24, 25
Mineral Point	Iowa	Jan. 5, 6	Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Feb. 24, 25
Wauzeka	Crawford	Jan. 5, 6	Packwaukee	Marquette	Feb. 26, 27
Darlington	La Fayette	Jan. 7, 8	Green Bay	Brown	Mar. 3, 4
Muscoda	Grant	Jan. 7, 8	Cambria	Columbia	Mar. 3, 4
Monroe	Green	Jan. 9, 10	Juneau	Dodge	Mar. 5, 6
Richland Center	Richland	Jan. 9, 10	New Holstein	Calumet	Mar. 10, 11
Bloomington	Grant	Jan. 12, 13	Omro	Winnebago	Mar. 10, 11
Prairie du Sac	Sauk	Jan. 12, 13	Franklin	Sheboygan	Mar. 12, 13
Lancaster	Grant	Jan. 14, 15	Ripon	Fond du Lac	Mar. 12, 13
Spring Green	Sauk	Jan. 14, 15	Waupaca	Waupaca	Mar 17, 18, 19

SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS.

A special school of science for teachers is maintained for four weeks (usually the last three weeks of July and the first in August.) It has heretofore embraced psychology, pedagogy, zoology, physiology, botany, chemistry, physics, scientific geography and English literature, conducted by seven professors and three assistants. The enrollment for the past year (1890) was 132.

TERMS AND VACATIONS.

There are three terms in each year. The first consists of 14½ weeks, beginning on Wednesday, and ending on the Friday next preceding Christmas. The winter term begins on the Monday after New Year's, and lasts 12 weeks; the spring vacation consists of one week and the spring term of 10½ weeks, ending on Wednesday (Commencement day).

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BOARD OF REGENTS.

EX-OFFICIO.

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR.

THE HONORABLE, THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

APPOINTED.

Term ending February, 1892.

W. H. CHANDLER, Madison.

E. M. JOHNSON, Whitewater.

CHARLES V. GUY, River Falls.

Term ending February, 1893.

D. J. GARDNER, Platteville.

IRA A. HILL, Sparta.

M. KIRWAN, Manitowoc.

Term ending February, 1894.

JOHN W. HUME, Oshkosh.

JACOB MENDEL, Milwaukee.

GEO. W. CATE, Stevens Point.

Officers.

JOHN W. HUME,

PRESIDENT.

GEO. W. CATE,

VICE-PRESIDENT.

W. H. CHANDLER,

SECRETARY.

STATE TREASURER,

EX-OFFICIO TREASURER.

*Committees.**Executive*—Regents Hume, Chandler, Guy.*Finance*—Regents Hill, Gardner, Kirwan.*Employment of Teachers*—Regents Chandler, Johnson, Wells.*Institutes*—Regents Wells, Chandler, Peck.*Examination of Graduating Classes*—Regents Kirwan, Chandler, Wells.*Course of Study and Text-Books*—Regents Guy, Wells, Gardner.*Inspection of Schools and Grounds*—Regents Hume, Cate, Hill, Johnson, Mendel.*Boards of Visitors to Normal Schools, 1890-91.**Platteville*—Dr. L. G. Armstrong, Boscobel; Supt. L. A. Williams, Elkhorn; Miss Etta S. Carle, East Troy.*Whitewater*—Prof. J. W. Swiler, Delavan; Supt. B. W. Gillett, Avoca; Mrs. D. L. Flack, Elkhorn.*Oshkosh*—Hon. E. A. Sanborn, Stevens Point; Supt. Francis E. Mathews, Merrill; Supt. W. L. Damkoehler, Sturgeon Bay.*River Falls*—Hon. A. O. Wright, Madison; Supt. A. L. Ruggles, Washburn; Mrs. Julia A. Humphrey, Watertown.*Milwaukee*—Prof. F. A. Hutchins, Beaver Dam; Supt. E. C. True, Portage; Hon. E. W. Young, Baraboo.

HISTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The constitution of the state, adopted 1848, provides, "that the revenue of the school fund shall be exclusively applied to the following objects:

"1st. To the support and maintenance of common schools in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

"2d. That the residue of the income of the School Fund shall be appropriated to the support of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor."

No effort was made to take advantage of this provision of the Constitution for the endowment of normal schools until 1837, when an act was passed providing "that the income of twenty-five per cent. of the proceeds arising from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands should be appropriated to normal institutions and academies, under the supervision and direction of a Board of Regents of Normal Schools," who were to be appointed in pursuance of the provisions of that act. Under this law, the income placed at the disposal of the regents was distributed for several years to such colleges, academies and high schools as maintained a normal class, and in proportion to the number of pupils in the class who passed satisfactory examinations conducted by an agent of the Board.

In 1865, the legislature divided the swamp lands and Swamp Land Fund into two equal parts, one for drainage purposes, and the other to constitute a Normal School Fund. The income of the latter was to be applied to establishing, supporting and maintaining normal schools, under the direction and management of the Board of Regents of Normal Schools, with a proviso that one-fourth of such income should be transferred to the Common School Fund, until the annual income of that fund should reach \$300,000. During the same year, proposals were invited for extending aid in the establishment of a normal school, and propositions were received from various places.

In 1866, the Board of Regents was incorporated by the Legislature. In February, Platteville was conditionally selected as the site for a school, and as it had become apparent that a productive fund of about \$600,000, with a net income of over \$30,000 was already in hand, with a prospect of a steady increase as fast as lands were sold, the Board, after a careful investigation and consideration of different methods, decided upon the policy of establishing several schools, and of locating them in different parts of the state.

At a meeting held on the 2d day of May, in the same year, the Board designated Whitewater as the site of a school for the southeastern section of the State, where a building was subsequently erected, and on the 16th permanently located a school at Platteville, the academy building at that place, having been donated for that purpose.

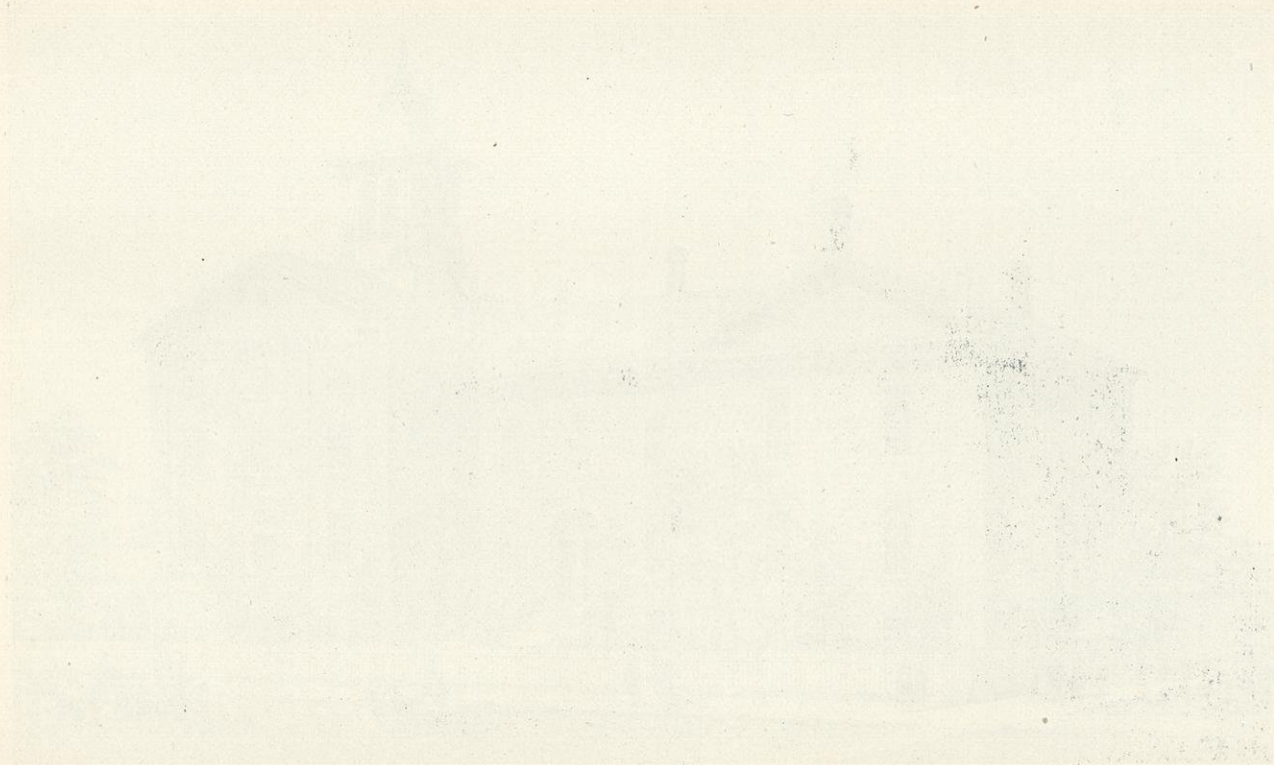
The school at Platteville was opened October 9, 1866, under Prof. Charles H. Allen, previously agent of the Board, and professor in charge of the normal department of the State University. Prof. Allen resigned at the close of four years' service, and the school was placed in charge of E. A. Charleton, from Lockport, N. Y. After a service of more than eight years, President Charleton also resigned, his resignation taking effect at the close of 1878, and D. McGregor, long connected with the school as a professor, took his place.

The school at Whitewater was opened on the twenty-first of April, 1868, under Oliver Arey, A. M., formerly connected with the normal school at Albany and Brockport, N. Y., and the building was on the same day dedicated to its uses with appropriate ceremonies. On the resignation of President Arey, in 1877, Wm. F. Phelps, A. M., an educator of large experience and of wide reputation, was chosen by the board to take charge of the school. He was succeeded at the end of two years, by J. W. Stearns, A. M., who resigned in January, 1885, to take the professorship of theory and art of teaching in the University of Wisconsin. Prof. T. B. Pray acted as president for the remainder of the school year, when Prof. Albert Salisbury assumed the presidency, having been elected at the meeting of the Board of Regents held in February, 1885. President Salisbury formerly taught in the school, but for two years had been engaged in supervisory educational work in the south.

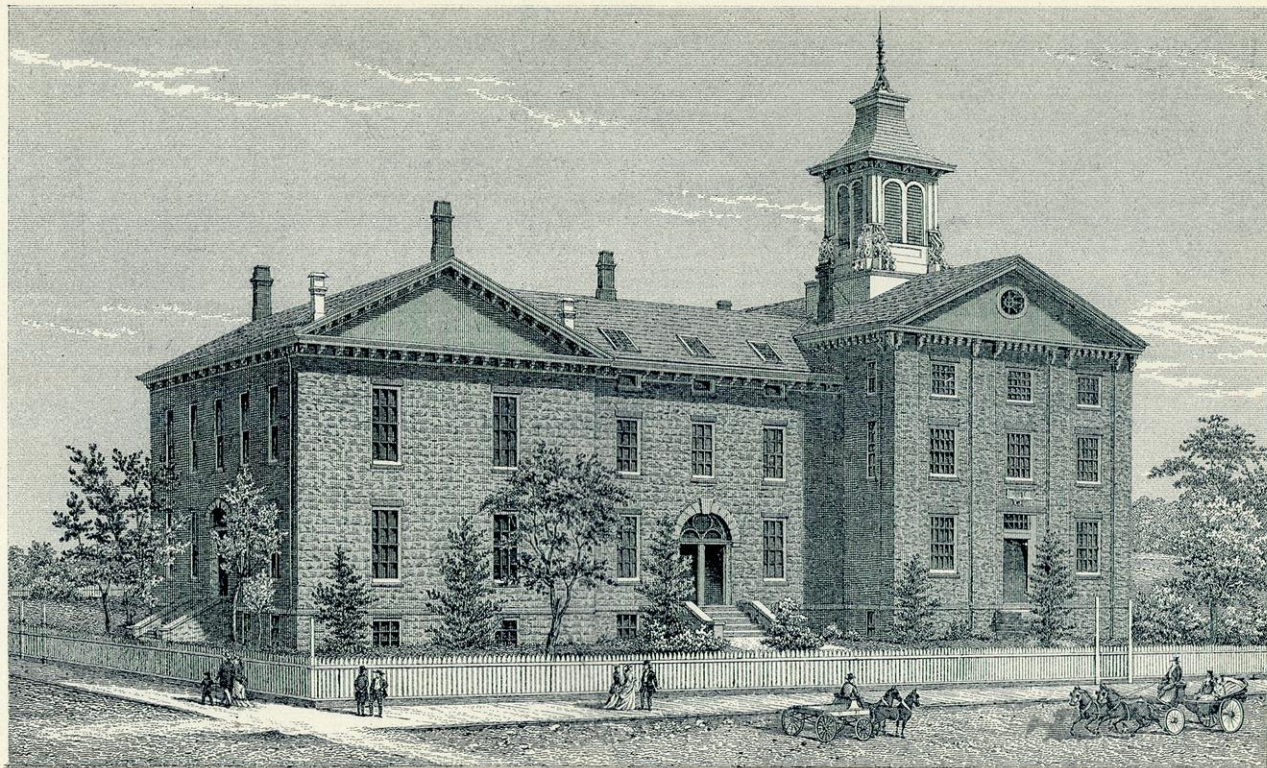
A building was completed during the year 1870, for a third Normal school at Oshkosh, but owing to a lack of funds, it was not opened for the admission of pupils during the year. The opening and the ceremony of dedicating the building took place September 19, 1871. The president of the school is George S. Albee, A. M., previously superintendent and principal of public schools at Racine.

A fourth Normal School was opened in September, 1875, at River Falls, Pierce county, under the charge of Warren D. Parker, A. M., formerly superintendent and principal of public schools at Janesville. It supplied a want long felt in the northwest part of the state.

September 14, 1885, a fifth Normal School was opened in the city of Milwaukee, Prof. J. J. Mapel, formerly principal of the Milwaukee high school, was elected president. This school was located and established pursuant to action of the Legislature, directing the Board of Regents to establish and open the school when the city of Milwaukee should have furnished a site and building satisfactory to the Board of Regents, costing not less than \$50,000, if the income at the disposal of the Board was sufficient to maintain the same. Upon the completion of the building, and the conveyance of the same to the state, the



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS



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STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, PLATTEVILLE.

Legislature made an appropriation of \$10,000 to aid in the immediate opening and maintenance of the school.

The law under which these schools are organized provides that "The exclusive purpose of each normal school shall be the instruction and training of persons both male and female in the theory and art of teaching, and in all the various branches that pertain to a good common school education, and in all subjects needful to qualify for teaching in the public schools; also to give instruction in the fundamental laws of the United States and of this state, and in what regards the rights and duties of citizens.

REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO THE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Tuition is free to all students who are admitted to these normal schools under the following regulations of the Board of Regents.

1. Each assembly district in the state shall be entitled to eight representatives in the normal schools, and in case vacancies exist in the representation to which any assembly district is entitled, such vacancies may be filled by the president and secretary of the Board of Regents.

2. Candidates for admission shall be nominated by the superintendent of the county (or if the county superintendent has not jurisdiction, then the nomination shall be made by the city superintendent), in which such candidate may reside, and shall be at least sixteen years of age, of sound bodily health, and good moral character. Each person so nominated shall receive a certificate setting forth the name, age, health and character, and a duplicate of such certificate shall be immediately sent by mail, by the superintendent to the secretary of the board.

3. Upon the presentation of such certificate to the president of a normal school, the candidate shall be examined under the direction of said president in the branches required by law for a third grade certificate, except history, theory and practice of teaching, and if found qualified to enter the normal school in respect to learning, he may be admitted after furnishing such evidence as the president may require of good health and good moral character, and after subscribing to the following declaration:

I, ———, do hereby declare that my purpose in entering this State Normal School is to fit myself for the profession of teaching, and that it is my intention to engage in teaching in the schools of the state.

4. No person shall be entitled to a diploma who has not been a member of the school in which such diploma is granted, at least one year, nor who is less than nineteen years of age; a certificate of attendance may be granted by the president of a normal school to any person who shall have been a member of such school for one term, provided, that in his judgment, such certificate is deserved.

As an addition to the work of the normal schools, the Board of Regents are authorized to expend a sum not exceeding \$5,000 annually, to sustain teacher's institutes, and may employ an agent for that purpose. Institutes are regarded as important auxiliaries and feeders to the normal schools. At present one professor from each normal school is employed in conducting institutes every spring and fall.

The productive Normal School Fund now amounts to \$1,663,242.52, and yielded an income of \$83,843.55 in 1890. It will be increased by the further sale of swamp lands, and will prove ample for the objects for which it is set apart. The fund for the support of normal schools is further increased by amount received for tuition in model schools and preparatory departments, and for book rents (\$12,934.03 in 1889-90) and by annual appropriation (\$10,000) to aid in maintaining the school in city of Milwaukee.

ENROLLMENT.

The number of pupils in attendance during the past year at all of the normal schools in the state is as follows:

1889-90.	Normal.	Preparatory.	Grammar.	Intermediate.	Primary.	Total.
Platteville!	267	29	59	40	47	442
Whitewater	326	57	21	46	52	502
Oshkosh.....	360	113	97	61	50	681
River Falls	154	62	26	36	68	346
Milwaukee	73	.....	43	33	42	191
Total	1,180	261	246	216	259	2,162

PLATTEVILLE SCHOOL.

DUNCAN MCGREGOR.

PRESIDENT.

This school was established by the Board of Regents of Normal Schools, by virtue of power conferred by Chapter 216, General Laws of 1863. On the 23th of February, 1863, the Board, after considering the several proposals for the establishment of the Normal schools, voted to locate one of them at Platteville. Accordingly the building and grounds of the Platteville Academy having been donated to the State and accepted by the Board, the school was opened on the 9th day of October, in the same year. As the capacity of the building proved insufficient to meet the wants of the school, the Board proceeded to the erection of a new and commodious structure, which was dedicated on the 9th day of September, 1868.

Since the opening of the school about 1,800 students have been enrolled in the Normal Department. The Graduates in the full course number 169, a large proportion of whom are teachers.

Platteville is a city of about 3,000 inhabitants, pleasantly situated on the rolling ground between the Platte and Sinsinawa Mounds, in the midst of a fine agricultural region. The location is eminently healthful, the community is an enterprising and moral one, and is deeply interested in the success and prosperity of the school. Students will find but few temptations to idleness or dissipation, but on the other hand will meet with every encouragement to faithful work and upright conduct.

Platteville is the terminus of the Platteville branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, connecting with the Illinois Central railroad at Warren. It is reached from the north and south by the Chicago & Northwestern railroad. It has also connection with all points on the new line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. Stages run daily to and from Lancaster and East Dubuque.

The building is a spacious stone edifice, centrally located, and on the highest ground within the city limits. A very important addition to the building has lately been erected. This gives six additional recitation rooms, and a room for a Kindergarten Department. The appliances for heating and ventilation have also been recently re-arranged and improved.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.		1888-9.	1889-90.
Gentlemen.....		103	114
Ladies.....		184	182
Total.....		287	296
Classified as follows—			
Fourth year class.....		18	32
Third year class.....		35	33
Second year class.....		59	58
First year class.....		150	143
Preparatory.....		25	29
Special.....			1
TRAINING DEPARTMENT.			
Grammar grade, boys.....		35	22
Grammar grade, girls.....		43	37
Intermediate grade, boys.....		9	19
Intermediate grade, girls.....		13	21
Primary grade, boys.....		22	26
Primary grade girls.....		25	21
Total.....		147	146
Grand total.....		434	432

CALENDAR, 1890-91.

Fall Term, 1890—From Wednesday, September 3, to Wednesday, November 26.

Winter Term, 1890—From Monday, December 1, to Friday, March 20, 1891.

Spring Term, 1891—From Tuesday, March 24, to Wednesday, June 17.

WHITEWATER SCHOOL.

ALBERT SALISBURY,

PRESIDENT.

This institution is located at Whitewater, on the Prairie du Chien division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, fifty miles southwest of Milwaukee, and forty-five south-east of Madison, the capital of Wisconsin. Whitewater is but thirteen miles from the junction of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway with the Prairie du Chien division. It is easy of access and is one of the most pleasant and healthful towns in the Northwest.

The school edifice is of cream-colored brick and of a pleasing style of architecture. The main building is 108 by 67 feet, with an extension, or wing, 89 by 46 feet. The entire structure is three stories high above the basement, and is heated with eleven hot air furnaces, with liberal provision for ventilation.

The grounds embrace an area of ten acres in an elevated position, overlooking the surrounding country for many miles. They have been handsomely laid out with walks and lawns, and are ornamented with trees, shrubbery and flowers.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.		1888-9.	1889-90.
Senior class.....	2	8	
Junior class.....	6	31	
Elementary class.....	24	26	
Second year classes.....	71	67	
First year classes.....	174	174	
Special students.....	15	20	
Preparatory class	51	57	
Totals.....	343	382	
Number of ladies.....	244	267	
Number of gentlemen.....	99	116	
MODEL DEPARTMENT.			
Grammar Grades.....	22	21	
Intermediate grades.....	38	46	
Primary grades.....	58	52	
Totals.....	108	119	
Totals in all departments.....	451	502	

CALENDAR FOR 1890-91.

The school year is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and new classes are formed at the commencement and middle of each term.

First Term—Examination for admission begins Tuesday, August 26, 1890. Term begins Wednesday, August 27. Second quarter-term begins Monday, November 3. Holiday recess begins Saturday, December 20. Session resumed Monday, January 5, 1891. First term ends Friday, January 23.

Second Term—Examination for admission begins Monday, January 26, 1891. Term begins Tuesday, January 27. Spring recess begins Saturday, April 4. Session begins Tuesday, April 14. Commencement Day, Wednesday, June 24.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

First term begins Wednesday, August 28, 1890. Second term begins Tuesday, January 28, 1891.

First term of 1890-91—Examination for admission begins Tuesday, August 27, 1890. Term begins Wednesday, August 28, 1890.

OSHKOSH SCHOOL.

GEORGE S. ALBEE,

PRESIDENT.

This school, established as third in the state system of Normal Instruction, was formally dedicated to its work, and classes organized in September, 1871.

The school building, spacious and tasteful in its proportions, is built with careful regard for comfort and convenience. Whatever could be done to gratify and cultivate taste has been observed in the decorations of the rooms, and the adornment of the spacious grounds.

Oshkosh is one of the most conveniently accessible points in the state, since many of the lines of railroad and river steamers intersect at or near the city. The counties containing three-fourths of the population of the state are within six hours' ride.

The healthful and invigorating climate enables the student to endure severe study with comparative ease.

The thoroughly organized school system of the city, together with the extensive and varied manufactures, afford ample opportunity for the practical observation which the student so much needs and rarely obtains.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.		MODEL DEPARTMENT.	
Senior class	8	Grammar grade	97
Junior class	27	Intermediate grade	61
Elementary class	25	Primary grade	50
Second year	77		
First year	213	Total	208
Special students	10		
Preparatory	113		
Total	473		
Total enrollment		681	

CALENDAR, 1890-91.

First Quarter—Entrance examination, Monday, August 25, 1890. School opens Wednesday, August 27, 1890.

Second Quarter—Begins Monday, November 3, 1890.

Third Quarter—Begins Monday, January 26, 1891. School closes March 27, 1891.

Fourth Quarter—Entrance examination, Friday, April 3. School organized Monday, April 6. School closes June 18, 1891.

RIVER FALLS SCHOOL.

J. Q. EMERY.

PRESIDENT.

This school was established in 1875 at River Falls, Pierce county, on a branch of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad, twelve miles southeast of Hudson. By railway there is daily communication with Ellsworth, the county seat of Pierce county, and by stage tri-weekly with Prescott, at the junction of the St. Croix with the Mississippi river. The valley of the St. Croix is noted for its fertility of soil, picturesque scenery and salubrity of climate. River Falls is situated upon the Kinnickinick river, at a point where successive and large falls occur in the stream as it passes between high banks, affording extensive natural water power, rapidly being utilized for manufacturing purposes. The natural features, combined with the intelligence, thrift and character of the population, make it an unusually desirable location for a school of this kind.

The school building is large, admirably designed for the purpose of a normal school, with the reputation of having the most perfect heating and ventilating apparatus of any school building in the state.

The school is organized with normal and preparatory departments, and a model department of three grades. Extensive illustrative apparatus, literary societies, and text, reference and miscellaneous book libraries, together with professional instruction, and practice teaching under careful supervision, combine to confer rare facilities for successfully prosecuting the work of a training school for teachers.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT. 1889-90.

<i>Normal department—</i>		
Normal grade.....	154	
Preparatory grade, exclusive of promotions.....	62	
Total.....	—	216.
<i>Model department—</i>		
Grammar, exclusive of promotions.....	26	
Intermediate grade, exclusive of promotions.....	36	
Primary grade, exclusive of promotions.....	68	
Total.....	—	130
Grand total.....	....	346.

CALENDAR, 1890-1891.

First term, 1890, from August 25 to December 19.

Second term, 1891, from January 5 to March 27.

Third term, 1891, from April 6 to June 19.

MILWAUKEE SCHOOL.

J. J. MAPEL,

PRESIDENT.

The Wisconsin State Normal School located in Milwaukee was authorized by an act of the legislature passed in 1880. The grounds and building, provided by the city of Milwaukee at an expense of fifty-three thousand dollars, were presented to the state in May, 1885, and were accepted by the Board of Regents June 4th of the same year. The school was formally opened the 14th day of September following. The attendance during the year reached forty-six in the normal and one hundred and twelve in the model school. By action of the Board of Regents, the course of study was fixed for two years, corresponding with the last two years of the full course in other Normal schools, except that the professional work must be equal that provided in the four years at other Normal schools. The terms of admission prescribed are:

a. By certificate of having completed the first three years of one of the existing courses of study in the high school at Milwaukee, excepting trigonometry; b, by elementary certificate from any Normal school in Wisconsin; c, by diploma from such free high schools in Wisconsin as have adopted the four years' English and scientific course of study prescribed by the State Superintendent for such schools; d, by examination in the branches in the last mentioned course, except that English history be substituted for Theory and Art of Teaching.

Credit is given for the work done in colleges or State University, provided on examination the applicant is found qualified to undertake the strictly professional work of the school. The character of the work done is such as to offer special aid to teachers who desire to review the common branches, or to study the theories and the philosophy of education.

There is no preparatory department connected with the school, nor can persons here obtain what is called the *elementary* training of other Normal schools. In establishing this school it was thought such training could be obtained in the high schools of the state; and, in cutting off the elementary course now existing in the other normal schools, it was the intention to encourage the high schools to prepare for the Normal schools and at the same time to emphasize the importance of sound academic training before beginning professional work.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT.

<i>Normal Department—</i>		
Senior year	27	
Junior	46	
		73
<i>Model School—</i>		
Boys	57	
Girls	61	
		118
Total	191	

CALENDAR, 1890-91.

FIRST SEMESTER.—Entrance examination, Friday June 20 and Tuesday, September 2, 1890. School organized Wednesday, September 3. Holiday vacation begins Friday, December 24. Session resumed Wednesday, January 4, 1891. Spring vacation begins Wednesday, March 25, 1891.

SECOND SEMESTER.—Opens Tuesday, March 31, 1891. Vacation one week at Easter. Closes with graduating exercises June 19.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

FIRST TERM.—Begins Tuesday, September 2, 1890.

SECOND TERM.—Begins Monday, January 4, 1891.

CHARITABLE, REFORMATORY AND PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES AND REFORM.

Elizabeth B. Fairbanks,.....	Milwaukee,.....	Term expires April 1, 1891.
William W. Reed,.....	Jefferson,.....	Term expires April 1, 1892.
Andrew E. Elmore,.....	Fort Howard,.....	Term expires April 1, 1893.
George S. Graves,.....	Fairchild,.....	Term expires April 1, 1894.
Hiram H. Giles,.....	Madison,.....	Term expires April 1, 1895.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

ANDREW E. ELMORE.....	President.
WILLIAM W. REED.....	Vice President.
A. O. WRIGHT.....	Secretary.

The State Board of Charities and Reform have general supervision of the subjects of insanity, pauperism, crime and the defective classes. All the charitable, penal and reformatory institutions in Wisconsin, whether state, county, municipal or private, and all other methods used to distribute charity are under the general supervision of this board. The general powers of the board over these institutions may be expressed in these words: inspection, recommendation, report. For these purposes they have full power, but changes recommended by them can only be made by the officer or board in charge of the several institutions, or by the legislature.

In the case of the chronic insane, however, the State Board of Charities and Reform possess two additional powers, which give them almost complete control of this subject. One is their power of authorizing county asylums for the chronic insane, and certifying or refusing to certify to the annual bills from counties for their care of chronic insane, according as they have been properly cared for or not. The other is the power of transferring insane who are improperly treated. There are now twenty county asylums for the chronic insane, with a capacity of 1,880.

The State Board of Charities and Reform also have power to condemn jails in certain cases, and all plans for jails, poorhouses and county asylums must be submitted to them.

The board are required by law to visit each of the twenty county asylums for the chronic insane at least every three months, and in many cases do visit them much oftener. They visit each of the seven state institutions and four semi-state institutions as often as possible, usually several times each year, and each of the forty-eight poorhouses and sixty-seven jails at least once a year. They also visit once a year the fifty-six private benevolent institutions. They also visit each year as many as possible of the police stations and lockups in the state, of which there are nearly two hundred.

COUNTY ASYLUMS FOR THE CHRONIC INSANE.

September 30, 1890, there were in Wisconsin 3,139 insane under public care. Of these, 511 were in the State Hospital, 605 in the Northern Hospital, and 272 in the Milwaukee Hospital, a total of 1,388 in hospitals. There were 1,717 in the twenty county asylums for the chronic insane, making a total of 3,105 in both hospitals and asylums. There was one in jail, 23 in poorhouses, and 10 boarded out, a total of 34 in all. None of these latter are badly treated or they would have been removed to some asylum. The following table

shows the increase of insane and the changes in the method of keeping them for the past ten years:

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
In State Hospital.....	487	463	469	537	508	531	507	478	475	511
In Northern Hospital.....	512	564	596	614	622	669	652	609	638	605
In Milwaukee Hospital.....	255	285	320	288	287	324	334	338	242	272
In county asylums.....	.....	197	498	608	780	928	1,193	1,389	1,577	1,717
In appropriate institutions	1,254	1,509	1,883	2,047	2,197	2,452	2,686	2,814	2,932	3,105
In poorhouses.....	385	288	127	97	122	104	34	30	29	23
In jails.....	60	52	25	26	18	16	7	6	3	1
Boarded out.....	74	44	40	68	33	38	28	24	25	10
Not in appropriate institutions.....	519	384	192	191	173	154	69	60	57	34
Total insane under public care.....	1,773	1,893	2,075	2,238	2,370	2,610	2,755	2,874	2,989	3,139

During this ten years while the total number of insane under public care has increased from 1,773 to 3,139, the population of the state has also increased, but not so rapidly. In 1881, the ratio of insane to the population was one to every 742. In 1890, it is one to every 536, in each case computed on the United States census of that year.

For the financial year ending September 30, 1889, the net current expenses of the eighteen county asylums for the chronic insane were \$126,000.45, or an average cost per week of \$1.69 for each inmate.

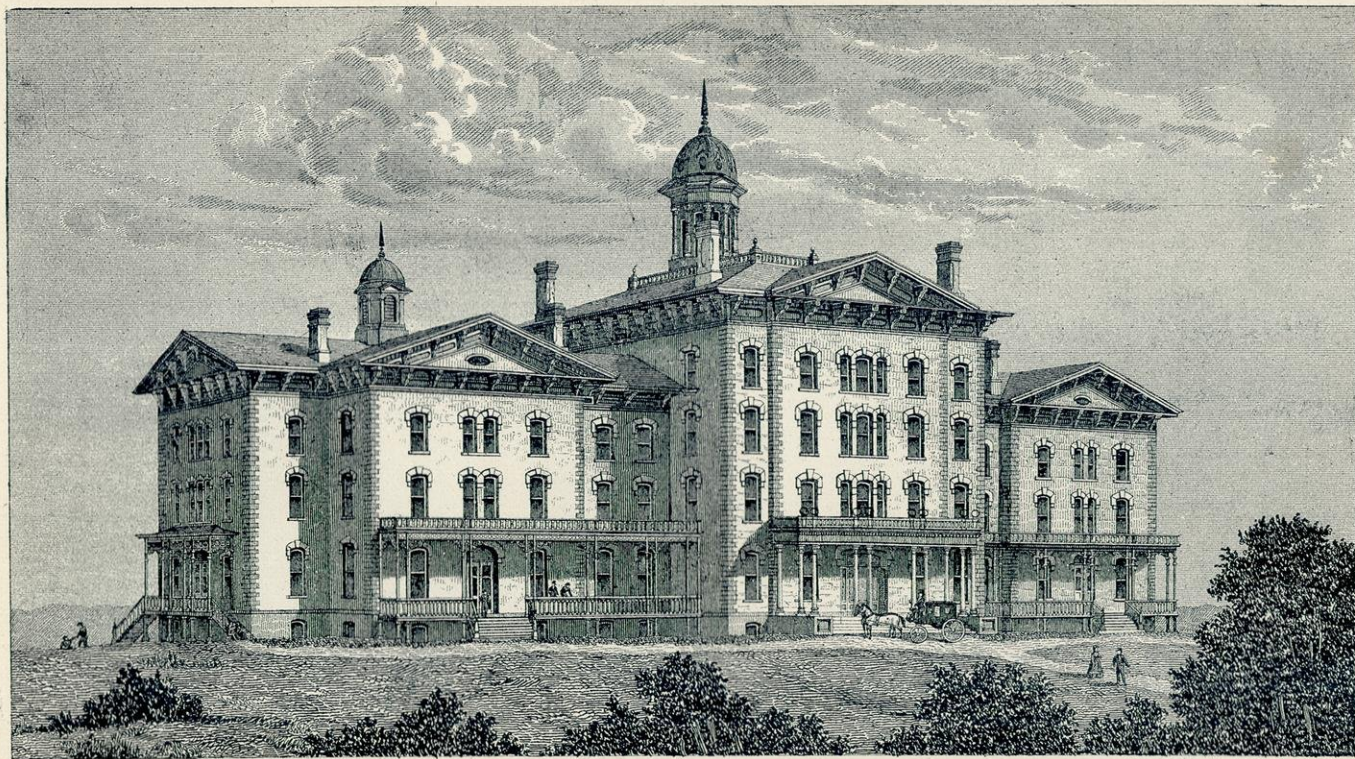
For the year ending September 30, 1890, the net current expenses for twenty county asylums were \$151,812.45, or an average of \$1.74 per week.

The bills for the year ending September 30, 1889, as certified by the State Board of Charities and Reform to the Secretary of State, and audited by him, amounted to \$149,889.69. Of this amount \$112,041.60 was paid from the general fund of the state, and \$37,848.09 was levied by a special tax on counties for insane belonging to them kept by other counties. The whole was paid February 1, 1890.

The bills for the year ending September 30, 1890, were \$169,409.12, of which the state paid \$130,938.93. But \$4,620.31 of this was for "state insane" kept by county asylums at the rate of \$3.00 per week. The additional \$33,470.14 is a special tax on counties. The whole was paid February 2, 1891.

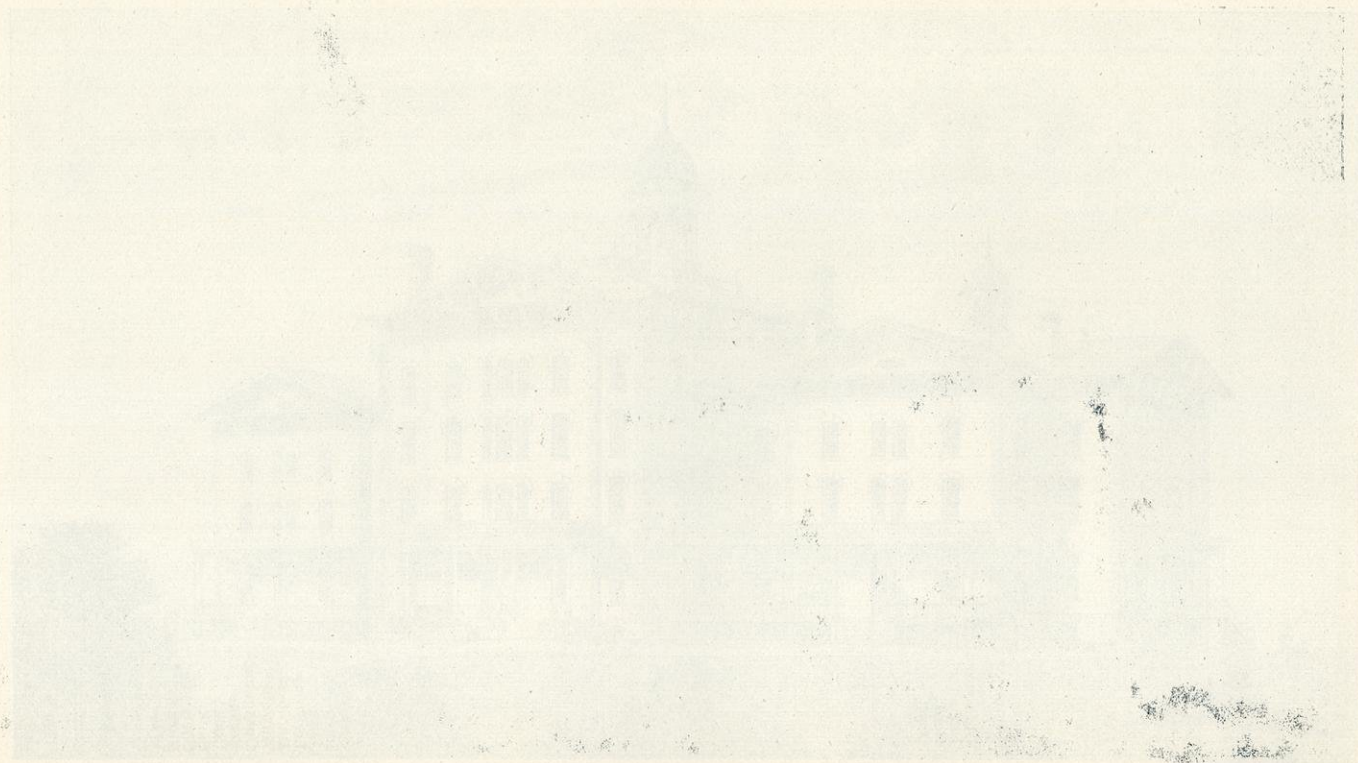
AMOUNT RECEIVED BY COUNTIES FOR CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE.

COUNTIES.	FOR YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30,				
	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.
Brown.....	\$1,242 42	\$1,963 21	\$2,992 50	\$4,418 83	\$5,807 61
Columbia.....	.....	1,650 85	3,580 01	3,952 24	3,920 15
Dane.....	.....	2,953 50	8,763 10	11,548 98	11,497 67
Dodge.....	.....	1,789 71	6,822 27	8,929 55	10,122 05
Fond du Lac.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,482 62
Grant.....	.....	1,885 76	4,078 48	7,302 60	8,928 65
Green.....	.....	1,532 50	2,791 93	2,989 29	3,132 71
Jefferson.....	2,113 70	3,017 14	3,960 21	5,271 15	7,378 42
Manitowoc.....	.....	.....	.....	2,697 00	7,143 35
Rock.....	2,076 43	3,723 89	6,056 40	6,503 61	6,825 54
Sheboygan.....	923 14	3,280 50	3,845 78	4,851 22	6,474 59
Walworth.....	2,276 36	2,723 79	2,970 42	2,954 67	5,378 72
Winnebago.....	1,798 29	2,365 21	3,193 55	5,078 32	6,302 26
Total.....	\$10,430 34	\$20,763 06	\$49,593 70	\$65,197 36	\$85,594 32



MILWAUKEE, LITH & ENG. CO.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, JANESVILLE.



THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN LIBRARY

AMOUNT RECEIVED BY COUNTIES FOR CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE—Continued.

COUNTIES.	FOR YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER, 30,				Total.
	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	
Brown.....	\$8,268 02	\$9,347 94	\$10,535 50	\$10,152 18	\$54,727 21
Columbia.....	4,329 29	4,638 88	4,587 15	4,601 89	31,265 01
Dane.....	10,637 19	9,446 98	9,845 03	8,628 01	73,319 46
Dodge.....	10,390 20	10,089 48	10,548 47	9,219 07	67,901 88
Fond du Lac.....	4,827 54	10,255 48	11,468 60	10,758 19	39,792 43
Grant.....	10,943 35	12,306 08	12,681 19	11,951 25	70,677 37
Green.....	3,473 07	3,466 42	4,771 06	6,392 37	28,539 35
Iowa.....	4,758 48	12,043 53	12,335 54	12,277 21	41,414 76
Jefferson.....	8,503 94	8,965 89	9,917 17	9,775 22	50,102 84
La Crosse.....	.....	7,782 94	11,782 24	12,726 92	32,292 10
Manitowoc.....	10,015 12	10,751 74	11,038 98	10,348 24	51,994 43
Milwaukee.....	.....	.....	1,106 57	7,708 07	8,814 64
Outagamie.....	.....	.....	.....	4,020 76	4,020 76
Racine.....	.....	.....	.....	4,665 94	4,665 94
Rock.....	7,277 86	7,213 78	7,227 04	6,396 37	53,300 92
Sauk.....	3,310 03	5,026 25	4,804 78	4,748 81	17,979 86
Sheboygan.....	6,520 02	7,408 37	7,157 05	7,160 93	47,621 60
Vernon.....	.....	.....	5,814 12	13,982 99	19,797 11
Walworth.....	7,412 16	7,223 81	7,930 78	8,093 63	46,964 24
Winnebago.....	6,597 31	6,691 57	6,248 42	5,801 07	41,416 00
Totals.....	\$107,163 68	\$132,658 64	\$149,889 60	\$160,409 12	\$796,602 91

WEEKLY COST PER CAPITA OF INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE

For the last ten years.

INSTITUTIONS.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
State Hospital.....	\$4 42	\$3 92	\$3 90	\$3 43	\$3 53	\$3 46	\$3 55	\$3 74	\$3 78	\$3 83
Northern Hospital.....	4 38	3 57	3 89	3 67	3 73	3 23	3 32	3 80	3 44	3 70
Milwaukee Hospital.....	3 60	4 14	3 89	3 86	3 94	4 16	3 79	3 88	3 31	3 58
COUNTY ASYLUMS.										
Brown.....	2 15	2 16	2 00	1 61	1 88	1 65	1 70	1 89	1 85	1 85
Columbia.....	.....	1 32	1 86	1 67	1 27	1 39	1 48	1 52	1 65	1 65
Dane.....	.....	2 03	2 04	1 90	1 68	1 61	1 34	1 57	1 75	1 75
Dodge.....	.....	2 33	2 27	2 11	1 93	1 80	1 82	1 86	1 78	1 78
Fond du Lac.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 00	1 85	1 78	1 60	1 81	1 81
Grant.....	.....	2 00	2 00	1 87	1 81	1 89	1 56	1 47	1 79	1 79
Green.....	.....	1 71	1 94	1 73	1 41	1 47	1 65	1 72	1 74	1 74
Iowa.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 57	1 30	1 70	1 24	1 24
Jefferson.....	1 02	95	1 28	1 40	1 50	1 53	1 60	1 68	1 62	1 62
La Crosse.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 30	1 80	1 32	1 32
Manitowoc.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 73	1 93	1 87	1 80	1 72	1 51
Milwaukee.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 23	2 54	2 54
Outagamie.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 28	3 73
Racine.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3 73
Rock.....	.....	1 70	1 57	1 33	1 73	2 14	1 83	1 64	1 47	1 37
Sauk.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 49	1 17	1 39	1 09
Sheboygan.....	.....	2 30	2 24	2 19	2 10	2 10	2 37	2 63	2 29	1 98
Vernon.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 64	1 68
Walworth.....	.....	1 32	1 29	1 28	1 52	80	1 03	1 22	1 28	1 33
Winnebago.....	.....	1 47	1 13	1 50	1 28	1 33	1 32	1 25	1 25	1 18
Average for County Asylums.....	.....	\$1 66	\$1 68	\$1 79	\$1 89	\$1 70	\$1 65	\$1 64	\$1 69	\$1 75

NOTE.—Institutions usually cost more per capita in the first few months of their existence than afterward, as will be seen from the above table.

STATE BOARD OF SUPERVISION.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER ITS CHARGE.

State Hospital for the Insane.....	Mendota
Northern Hospital for the Insane.....	Winnebago
State Public School.....	Sparta
School for the Deaf.....	Delavan
School for the Blind.....	Janesville
Industrial School for Boys.....	Waukesha
State Prison.....	Waupun

MEMBERS.

LEWIS A. PROCTOR.....	Milwaukee
<i>Term expires May 31, 1891.</i>	
CHARLES LULING.....	Manitowoc
<i>Term expires May 31, 1892.</i>	
WILLIAM T. PARRY.....	Portage
<i>Term expires May 31, 1893.</i>	
WM. C. GILBERT.....	Wausau
<i>Term expires May 31, 1894.</i>	
NICHOLAS SMITH.....	Janesville
<i>Term expires May 31, 1895.</i>	

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

CHARLES LULING,
PRESIDENT.

WM. T. PARRY,
VICE-PRESIDENT.

DAVID S. COMLY,
SECRETARY.

The State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions was established by Chapter 298, of the Laws of 1881, superseding the several local boards of trustees by which these institutions had been governed since their organization. The Board consists of five members, who are appointed by the Governor, subject to the approval of the Senate, for a term of five years. They are required to devote their entire time to their official duties, and receive each a salary of two thousand dollars per annum, and are repaid their actual disbursements made in the discharge of their duties. They also employ a secretary, at a salary not exceeding two thousand dollars per annum. All their salaries and expenses are paid from the appropriations made by the Legislature for the support of the institutions, and are added to and reported as a part of the current expense of their maintenance. The law establishing the Board provides:

Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners of lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any lunatic asylum or hospital, public or private, or restrained of his liberty by reason of alleged insanity, at any place within this State, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in its opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or management thereof; to send for books and papers; summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses; and conduct at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as it shall seem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such Board or any member thereof, by any inmate, employe, or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference.



THE MILWAUKEE LITHO. & ENGR. CO.

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN,
SPARTA.



STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR DEAF-MUTES AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN

CHICAGO

therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

Section 9. The duties of such board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb; and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, grounds and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith, and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-law, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of the said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted.

8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens.

9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superintendent, one assistant physician, a matron, a steward, and a treasurer; and for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, a treasurer, and all necessary teachers; for the State Prison, a warden, a steward and a treasurer, who shall be the officers of said institutions respectively, and whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus and means of instruction for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks, and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

Section 10. Said board may employ a secretary, who shall be a competent and experienced book-keeper, and such assistant book-keeper or clerk as may be necessary. The secretary shall keep the books, records and accounts of the board, under such rules and regulations as the board may prescribe. He shall keep a clear, distinct and separate book account with all the several departments of the several institutions, including all items purchased or sold on account thereof, and the products thereof, with an estimate of the value of all such products, in such manner as to always show the relative cost and expenditure on account of each such department, and the income thereof; and in case the income or profits of any one department shall be made to contribute to the income or support of any other department of any such institution, the same shall be made to appear upon the books of such board.

The following tables show the average population, the total and per capita cost for current expenses and the movements of population at the several institutions for the biennial period ending September 30, 1890:

AVERAGE POPULATION AND COST.

INSTITUTIONS.	TOTAL COST.		Average population.		Yearly cost per capita.		Weekly cost per capita.	
	1889.	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.	1890.
State Hospital for the Insane.....	\$95,208 55	\$100,106 11	484	502	\$196 71	\$199 41	\$3 78	\$3 83
Northern Hospital for the Insane.....	114,554 51	118,613 25	641	616	178 71	192 55	3 44	3 70
School for the Deaf..	37,298 57	36,745 70	191	182	195 25	201 00	3 75	3 88
School for the Blind..	19,350 72	21,986 27	84	80	230 37	274 83	4 43	5 29
Industrial School for Boys.....	56,927 05	57,226 31	392	421	145 22	135 93	2 70	2 61
State Prison.....	62,020 53	61,401 51	463	522	133 95	117 63	2 53	2 26
State Public School...	34,700 97	38,384 33	211	253	164 46	151 72	3 16	2 92
Total for all Institutions.....	\$420,055 90	\$434,463 48	2,466	2,576	\$170 34	\$168 66	\$3 28	\$3 24

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION.

	State Hospital.		North Hospital.		School for Deaf.		School for Blind.		Indust. School for Boys		State Prison.		State Public School.	
	1889	1890	1889	1890	1889	1890	1889	1890	1889	1890	1889	1890	1889	1890
Number present or enrolled October 1, 1888, '89.....	478	475	610	639	102	173	85	89	376	406	438	507	203	303
Admitted during the year.....	267	248	388	370	34	50	19	18	164	175	291	283	137	128
Total.....	745	723	998	1009	226	223	104	107	540	581	729	790	340	431
Adopted.....													1	3
Indentured and on trial.....													95	135
Returned to counties..													7	2
Died.....	33	26	59	70	3	2	2	1	3	1	4	10	3	1
Escaped.....								8	8			1	4	
Discharged, recovered..	71	101	113	51										
Discharged, improved..	81	36	125	149										
Discharged, unimproved.....	85	49	59	133										
Discharged, not insane			2	1										
Writ of habeas corpus.....												8		
Graduated.....					4	11								
Dismissed.....					10	1								
Transferred to hospitals for insane.....											3	2		
Released conditionally									122	141				
Sentence expired or reduced.....									8	8	190	211		
Pardoned.....											19	19		
Commutation of sentence.....														
Remanded for new trial.....											5	2		
Absent or dropped from roll.....						3	15	15						
Honorably discharged..					4	2								
Trans. to Industrial School.....												2	1	1
Trans. to School for Blind.....													1	
Number present or enrolled Sept. 30.....	475	511	639	605	205	204	89	90	406	423	507	532	232	289
Average for the year..	484	502	631	616	191	182	84	80	392	421	463	522	211	253

It appears from these tables that 4,954 different persons were cared for in the several state institutions, for a longer or shorter term during the past two years, and that the cost for each averaged less than \$200, and that the daily average number of inmates was 2,521, and the average annual cost for each was \$169.50, the total cost for the two years being \$854,519.38.

Two thousand three hundred and sixty-one persons were treated in the Hospitals for the Insane, of whom 336 fully recovered, and 391 were discharged much improved. In the four schools instruction has been furnished to 1,551 youths, many of whom from physical or other disability, could not be elsewhere taught, and the prison has afforded protection to society by restraining 845 prisoners.

WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

LOUIS R. HEAD, M. D.,
SUPERINTENDENT.

E. P. TAYLOR, M. D., F. A. LYMAN, M. D.,
ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS.

S. J. M. PUTNAM,
STEWARD.

LUDVIG EILERTSEN,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS ELIZABETH WHITEHEAD,
MATRON.

M. C. CLARKE,
TREASURER.

The Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, located at Mendota near Madison, was opened for patients in July, 1860. Two years later, one longitudinal and one transverse wing on the west side were completed, since which time other additions have been made. The entire length of the hospital building is 569 feet, the center building being 65x120 feet. The first longitudinal wing on each side of the center is 132 feet, and the last on each extremity is 119 feet. The transverse wings are 87 feet long. This commodious building is surrounded by ornamental grounds, woods and farming lands, to the extent of 497 acres, and is well adapted for the care of the unfortunates needing its protection. The hospital will now accommodate comfortably 520 patients.

J. Edwards Lee, M. D., was the first medical superintendent, having been elected by the first board of trustees on the 22d of June, 1859, and the furniture and furnishing of the center building and first wing, and arrangements for the reception of patients, were conducted under his supervision.

The second board of trustees, organized April 10, 1860, and on the 22d of May following, appointed John P. Clement, M. D., to supersede Dr. Lee as superintendent, and in June, 1860, Mrs. Mary C. Halliday was appointed matron. The first patient was admitted July 14, 1860.

Dr. Clement resigned January 1, 1864, and from that time until April 20, the hospital was in charge of John W. Sawyer, M. D., assistant physician, when A. H. Van Norstrand, M. D., was elected superintendent.

Dr. Van Norstrand resigned June 6, 1868, and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D.

Dr. McDill resigned in October, 1872, and on the 29th of April, 1873, Mark Ranney, M. D., was appointed superintendent, and entered upon his duties July 23.

Dr. Ranney resigned and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D., in April, 1875. Dr. McDill was removed by death November 12, 1875.

O. F. Boughton, M. D., who had served a number of years as assistant physician in the hospital, was chosen to fill the vacancy occasioned by Dr. McDill's death, and he held that position until July 1, 1881.

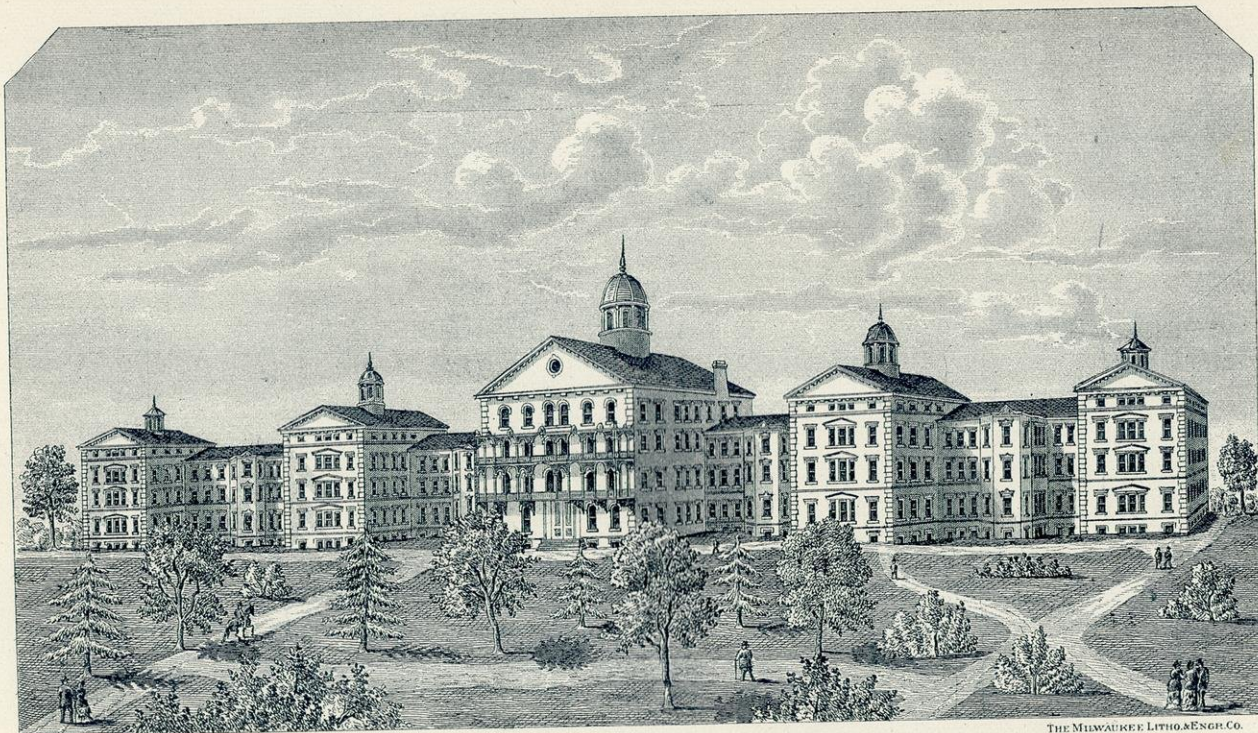
Dr. R. M. Wigginton, of Watertown, was chosen his successor by the Board of Supervision, July 1, 1881, and having been elected to be superintendent of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, was succeeded by Dr. S. B. Buckmaster, July 1, 1884.

Dr. Buckmaster held the position until December 1, 1889, when he resigned, and was succeeded by Dr. Louis R. Head, of Oakwood Retreat, at Lake Geneva, Wis.

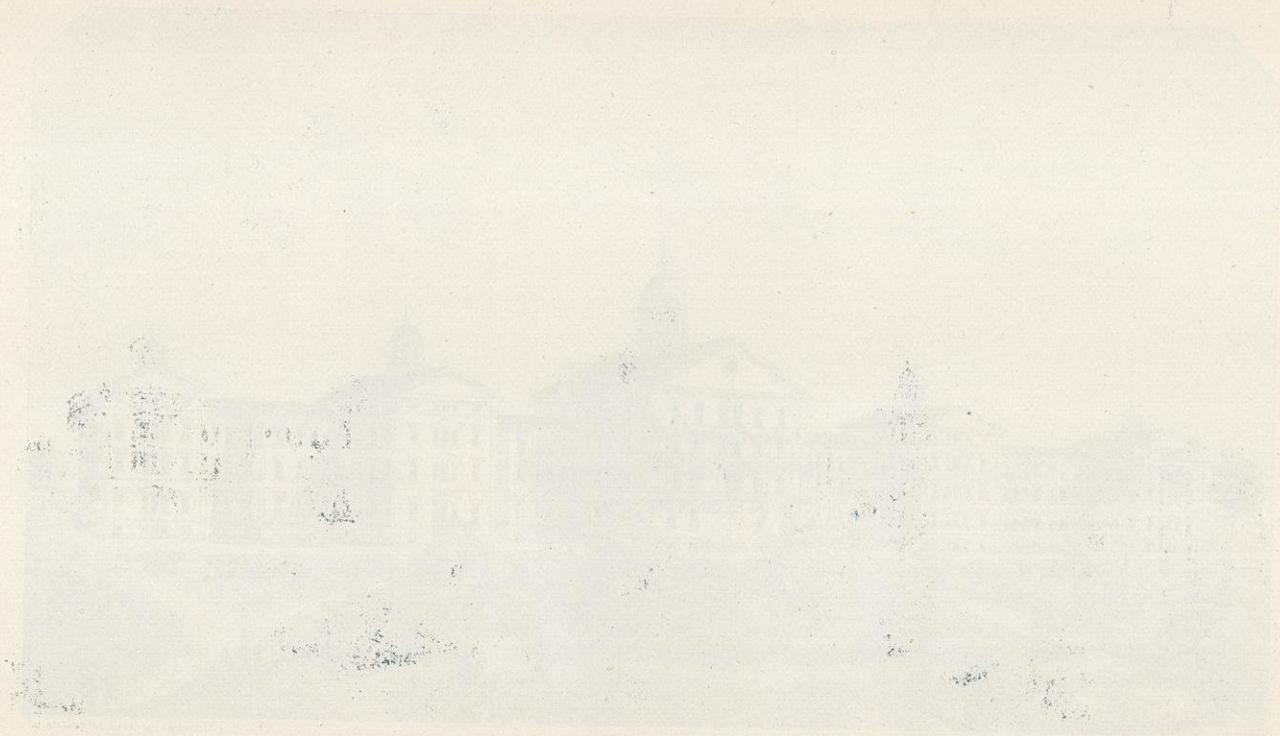
There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to October 1, 1890, for real estate buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$3,106,735.77.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital July 14, 1860.....	5,416
Discharged recovered.....	1,549
Discharged improved.....	1,227
Discharged unimproved.....	1,406
Discharged not insane.....	9
Died.....	714
Under treatment September 30, 1890.....	511
	<u>5,416</u>

The average number of patients in the hospital the past year has been 503, as against 483 the previous year, and the current expenses \$100,106.11, as against \$95,208.55.

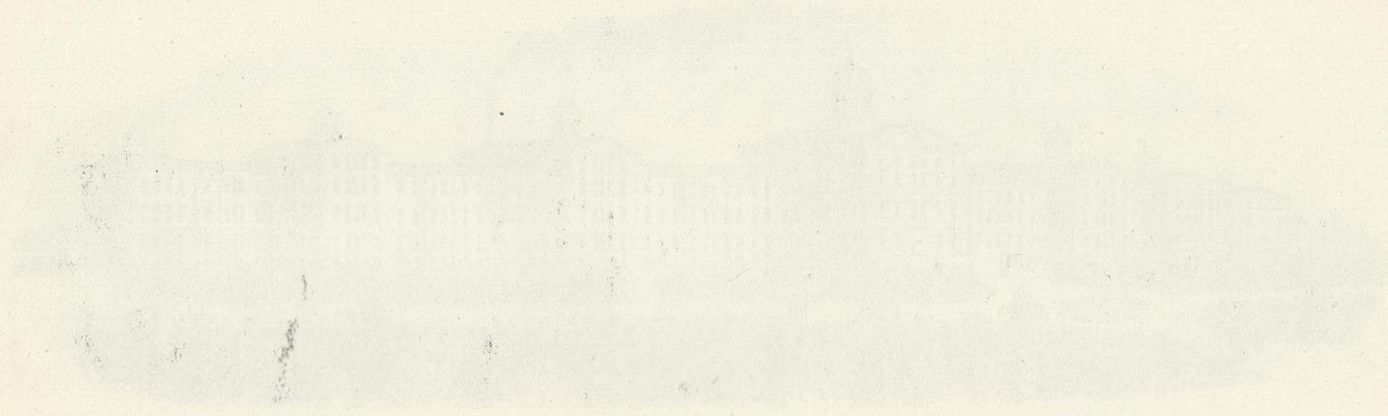


WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, MENDOTA.
(NEAR MADISON.)

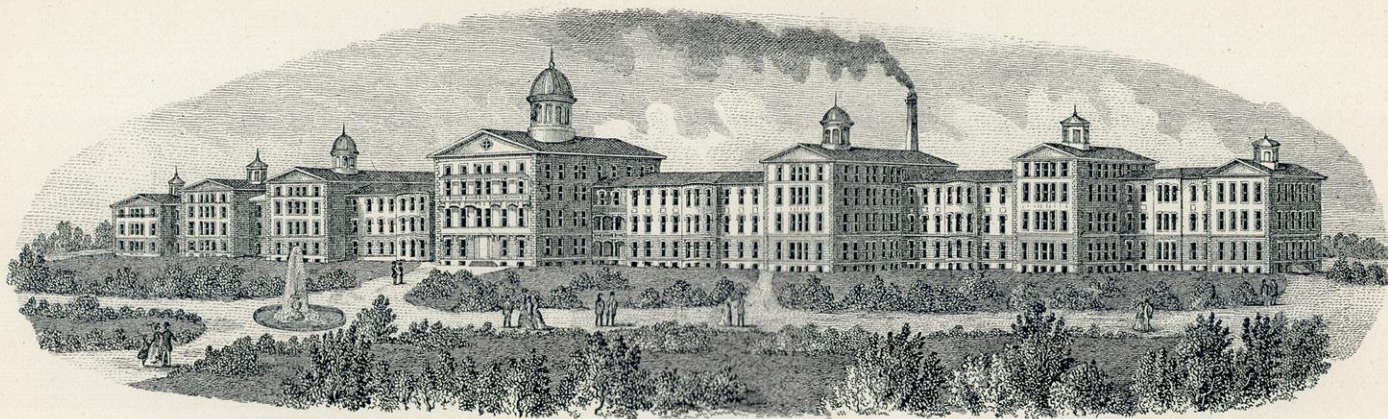


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EXETER, N.H. 1875



NORTHERN WISCONSIN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE,
NEAR OSHKOSH.

Milwaukee Lith. & Eng. Co.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES E. BOOTH, M. D.,
SUPERINTENDENT.

WILLIAM H. HANKER, M. D., E. A. TAYLOR, M. D.,
ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS.

FRANK E. GROVE,
STEWARD.

HENRY DEHDE,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

Miss KATE HALE,
MATRON.

M. C. CLARKE,
TREASURER.

In 1870 a law was passed authorizing an additional hospital for the insane. After an examination of several sites in different parts of the State by a commission appointed for that purpose, choice was made of the location offered by the citizens of Oshkosh, consisting of 337 acres of land, about four miles north of the city, on the west shore of Lake Winnebago. The necessary appropriations were made, and the north wing and central building were completed and opened for the admission of patients in 1873. Further appropriations were made from time to time for additional wings, and in 1875 the hospital was completed according to the original design, at a total cost to the State of six hundred and twenty-five thousand, two hundred and fifty dollars. Since that time some additional land has been purchased, the original buildings modified, and others erected. This hospital will now, without crowding suitably accommodate 650 patients.

In December, 1873, Dr. Walter Kempster, of Utica, New York, was elected superintendent and continued to act as such by successive re-elections, until the close of the term ending July 1, 1884, when he was succeeded by Dr. R. M. Wigginton, who had had several years' experience as assistant and superintendent at the State Hospital for the Insane, near Madison. Upon the close of the official year, July 1, 1887, Dr. Walter Kempster was again elected superintendent, but, after serving three months, he resigned the position, and Dr. Charles E. Booth, of Elroy, Wis., was elected his successor.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1890, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$2,548,006 88.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital, April 21, 1873	4,601
Discharged recovered	1,034
Discharged improved	1,344
Discharged unimproved	828
Discharged not insane	16
Died	774
Under treatment September 30, 1890	605
	<hr/> 4,601 <hr/>

The average number of patients in the hospital the past year has been 616 as against 641 the previous year, and the current expenses \$118,613.25 as against \$114,554.51.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

OFFICERS.

JOHN W. SWILER, A. M.,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

EDGAR D. FISKE,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS SARAH D. GIBSON,
MATRON.

O. W. BLANCHARD,
BOY'S SUPERVISOR.

Mrs. ELLEN L. McLEAN,
GIRL'S SUPERVISOR AND ASSISTANT MATRON.

MISS EMILY EDDY, MISS ALLIE I. HOBART, MISS ELSIE M. STEINKE,
TEACHERS OF ARTICULATION.

MISS EVA L. CUTLER,
TEACHER OF PAINTING, DRAWING AND PENMANSHIP.

W. A. COCHRANE,
B. T. BENSTED,
J. S. LONG,

W. F. GRAY, MISS ELIZABETH BRIGHT,
WARREN ROBINSON, Mrs. ELEANOR McCOY,
Mrs MARY H. FISKE, MISS ANNIE M. GRAY,
MISS IVA C. PEARCE,

TEACHERS LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

JOHN BEAMSLEY,
FOREMAN SHOE SHOP.

DANIEL E. LEE,
FOREMAN OF CABINET SHOP.

CHARLES E. BADGER,
FOREMAN OF PRINTING OFFICE.

GEORGE BAKER,
FOREMAN OF BAKERY.

M. C. CLARKE,
TREASURER.

This institution is located at Delavan, Walworth county, on the Southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, sixty miles from Milwaukee. The land first occupied, comprising 11 46-100 acres, was donated by Hon. F. K. Phoenix, one of the first trustees, but the original boundaries have since been enlarged by the purchase of twenty-two acres. The main building was burned to the ground on the 16th of September, 1879, but during the year 1880 four new buildings were erected, and with the increased facilities provided, 250 children may be well cared for.

The new buildings are a school house, boys' dormitory, dining room and chapel, with a main or administration building. These buildings are plain, neat, substantial structures and well fitted for the uses intended.

The institution was originally a private school for the deaf, but was incorporated by act of the Legislature, April 19, 1853, and it is now maintained by the State of Wisconsin for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools. It has three departments:

First—The school, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history, natural science and drawing. Instruction in lip-reading and oral speech is given to the semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes.

Second—The shops, where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet making and shoe-making.

Third — The domestic department, in which they discharge various household duties, and learn baking and sewing.

The law provides that all deaf and dumb residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about eight years. The latest and most popular text-books, globes, maps, charts, etc.,—so far as they are adapted to deaf-mute instruction,—are employed. Articulation and lip-reading are taught by ladies of skill and experience with very gratifying results.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study, and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry and of promoting health as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in cases of sickness or extreme necessity.

Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution, free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to pay the traveling and incidental expenses, and to provide clothing, a sufficient supply of which should be furnished at the beginning of the school year, or sent by express as needed.

Candidates for admission should not be under eight nor more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles and good physical health. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children are not received.

The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September, and continues forty weeks.

The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution.

There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to October 1, 1890, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all the sum of \$1,191,708.94.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school in 1852, is 869, of whom 174 were in attendance September 30, 1890.

The average number of pupils the past year was 182, as against 191 the previous year; and the current expenses \$36,745.70, as against \$37,293.57.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

Mrs. SARAH C. LITTLE, A. M.,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

MISS LIZZIE J. CURTIS,
MATRON.

Miss S. AUGUSTA WATSON,
Miss EMMA M. WILLIAMS,

S. M. SMITH.
Miss CLARA Y. MORSE (Kindergarten).

TEACHERS IN LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

Mrs. J. H. JONES,

Miss ELIZABETH A. VAN AKIN,

Miss LAURA D. ENGLESON.

TEACHERS IN MUSICAL DEPARTMENT.

Miss ANGIE B. McKIBBEN,

Mrs. ELLEN HANSON,

JOSEPH O. PRESTON.

TEACHERS IN INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

M. C. CLARKE.

TREASURER.

This is the first charitable institution established by the State. A school for the blind had been opened at Janesville, in the latter part of 1849, which received its support from the citizens of that place and vicinity. At the next session of the Legislature it was adopted by the state, by an act approved February 9, 1850. On October 7, 1850, it was opened for the reception of pupils under the direction of the board of trustees appointed by the Governor. It occupied rented rooms until June 1, 1852, when it was removed to a building erected for its use at a cost of about \$3,000. The lot of ten acres had been donated by the owners, and now forms a part of the grounds, forty acres in extent, belonging to the institution. This building was so arranged as to admit of becoming the wing of a larger one, which was commenced in 1854 and fully completed in 1859. In 1864-5, a brick building was erected for a shop and other purposes. The foundation of the wing first built proved defective, and in 1867 that portion of the building had to be taken down. The next year work was begun on an extension which should replace the demolished portion and afford room for the growth of the school. That was completed in 1870, and the value of the buildings, grounds and personal property belonging to the institution were estimated at \$182,000. On the 13th of April, 1874, the building was destroyed by fire, and at the ensuing session of the Legislature an appropriation of \$56,000 was made for the erection of a wing of a new building on the old site, but on a somewhat different plan; and in 1876 a further appropriation of \$90,000 was made for rebuilding the main structure.

The school was not allowed to close on account of the fire. Suitable accommodations were procured for the pupils by the board of trustees in the city of Janesville, where at some disadvantage, the work of the Institution was carried on until January 1, 1876, when the wing of the new building was ready for occupancy. The main structure has since been completed. It is designed to accommodate one hundred pupils, the same number as the building destroyed in 1874. The exterior is plainer than in the former structure, but a considerable sum has been expended in fire-proofing and in laying solid foundations under the main building. It now believed to be practically fire-proof.

The object of the Institution as declared by law is, "to qualify, as far as may be," the blind "for the enjoyment of the blessings of a free government, obtaining the means of subsistence and the discharge of those duties, social and political, devolving upon American citizens." The Institution is therefore neither a hospital nor an asylum, but a school, into which blind persons residing in Wisconsin, "of suitable age and capacity to receive instruction," are admitted for education. For the purposes of the Institution, those persons are regarded as blind who are shut out from the benefits of the common schools by deficiency of sight. Pupils are regularly received who are between the ages of eight and twenty-one years. In occasional instances others have been admitted. Tuition and board during the

school year are furnished by the state without charge, but parents and guardians are expected to provide clothing, traveling expenses, and a home during the summer vacation. The school year commences on the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks.

The operations of the school fall naturally into three departments. In one, instruction is given in the subjects usually taught in the common schools. Some use is made of books printed in raised letters; but instruction is mostly given orally. In another department musical training, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, is imparted to an extent sufficient to furnish to most an important source of enjoyment, and to some the means of support. These two departments were opened at the commencement of the school, and have been ever since maintained. A little later the third department was opened, in which, weaving, seating cane-bottomed chairs, sewing, knitting, and various kinds of fancy work are systematically taught. The "Kindergarten" was established in 1883 and proves a most valuable adjunct to all the departments.

The care exercised over the pupils of this Institution, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed course of study abundantly attest.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1890, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all the sum of \$916,909.16.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school, October 7, 1850, is 419, of whom 85 were in attendance September 30, 1890.

The average number of pupils the past year was 80, as against 84 the previous year, and the current expenses \$21,986.27, as against 19,350.72.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM H. SLEEP,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

MARTIN MADSON,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

Mrs. W. H. SLEEP,
MATRON.

M. C. CLARKE,
TREASURER.

EPHRAIM DIXON,
PRINCIPAL TEACHER.

G. H. JOHNSON,
J. B. STOCKMAN,
F. S. WHEELER,

S. P. GILMORE,
Miss MARIETTA LOVE,

Miss NELLIE BISHOP,
Miss EMMA WEIMAN,
Mrs. W. H. McILROY,

TEACHERS LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

F. TENDICK, Foreman Shoe Shop.
JOSEPH HAM, Foreman Bakery.

D. G. WGDWARD, Foreman Tailor Shop.
EDWARD JAMES, Foreman Carpenter Shop.

A. DEMOND,
GEORGE E. MANN, } Foremen Knitting Shop.
W. H. McILROY,

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is situated about three-fourths of a mile west of the railroad depots in the village of Waukesha, the county seat of Waukesha county.

It was organized as a house of refuge, and opened in 1860. The name was afterward changed to "State Reform School," and again to "Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys," its present title. The buildings are located on the southern bank of Fox river, in view of the trains as they pass to and from Milwaukee and Madison, presenting an attractive sight to the traveling public, and furnishing good evidence of the parental care of the State authorities for the juvenile wards within its borders.

The buildings include a main central edifice, three stories high, used for the residence of the superintendent's family, office, chapel, school rooms, reading room and library, officers' kitchen, dining and lodging rooms, furnace room and cellar.

On the east of the main central building are three family buildings, three stories high, each with a dining hall, play room, bath room, dressing room, hospital room, officers' rooms, dormitory and store room.

On the west of the main central building are four family buildings like those on the east in all respects, with the exception of the building at the west end of this line, which is a wooden building with a stone basement.

In the rear of this line of buildings is the shop building, 38x258 feet, three stories high, which embraces boot factory, sock and knitting factory, tailor shop, carpenter shop, engine room, laundry and steam drying room, bath rooms, store, store rooms, bakery and cellar, and three family buildings with room for fifty boys each.

There is on the farm, which consists of 404 acres of land, a comfortable house, a stone carriage and horse barn, two stories high, built in the most substantial manner, three convenient wooden barns, with sheds for cattle, wagons and farm machinery, and cellars for roots.

The total amount paid from the State Treasury up to October 1, 1890, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses, is \$1,374,852.24.

The whole number of commitments since the opening of the school, August 3, 1860, is 2,659, of whom 376 were present September 30, 1890.

The average number of boys during the past year was 421, as against 332 the previous year, and the current expenses were \$57,226.31 as against \$56,927.05.

STATE PRISON.

OFFICERS.

GEORGE WEEKS,
WARDEN AND STEWARD.

A. A. LOPER,
DEPUTY WARDEN.

JACOB FUSS,
CLERK

REV. VICTOR KUTCHIN, M. D.,
CHAPLAIN AND PHYSICIAN.

REV. E. ALLEN,
CHAPLAIN, CATHOLIC.

Miss PHOEBE C. GRIDER,
MATRON.

M. C. CLARKE,
TREASURER.

The State Prison was located in Waupun in July, 1851, by Messrs. John Bullen, John Taylor and A. W. Worth, who were appointed commissioners to determine such location under a law enacted that year. A contract was at once entered into for the construction of a temporary prison; in 1853 the contract was let for the mason work upon the south wing of the prison; and additions have been made from time to time since that date.

From March 23, 1853, to January 4, 1874, the office of State Prison Commissioner was an elective office, the Commissioner having full control of the management of the prison.

From January 4, 1874, to June 1, 1881, the management was in the hands of three directors appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In place of a Commissioner, the directors appointed a warden, who had charge and custody of the prison, to serve three years.

In June, 1881, the management of the prison was placed in the hands of the State Board of Supervision, who have continued the control and custody as established by the directors.

The warden, steward and treasurer are appointed by the State Board of Supervision annually. All other officers are appointed by the board from time to time, as vacancies occur upon the nomination of the warden.

The convict labor was leased to M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, for the manufacture of boots and shoes, for five years, from January 1, 1878, and the contract was renewed with that firm for five years, beginning with January 1, 1883, at the rate of fifty cents per day for ten hours. Upon the expiration of the contract at the close of the year 1887, the contractors, by consent of the Board of Supervision, continued to employ the prisoners for several months, when the contract was renewed for five years, without change of terms. Manufacture on the part of the state was therefore discontinued on January 1, 1878. The prisoners' earnings for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1889, were \$52,452.68, and for the last year, \$60,220.10.

The grounds about the buildings embrace 24 acres, and a farm of 112 acres, about a mile distant, was added in 1885. The buildings comprise the center, 85x90 feet, occupied for offices, warden's apartments, dining and lodging rooms for officers, kitchens, bakery, etc. The two wings, 50x200 feet each, containing 504 cells, the deputy warden's residence and female prison with 36 cells, a work-shop 54x500 feet, two stories high, bath house, blacksmith and carpenter shop, barn, etc.

The total amount paid from the state treasury for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses up to October 1st, 1890, was \$1,174,435.76.

The whole number of prisoners received since the opening of the prison is 5,045. The number in confinement September 30, 1890, was 532 — 515 males and 17 females. The average number of prisoners during the past year was 522, as against 463 the preceding year, and the current expenses were (inclusive of prisoners' earnings) \$61,401.51, as against \$62,020.53.

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.

OFFICERS.

ROBERT. T. ROBERTS,
SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

ALLEN RUSK,
ASSISTANT STEWARD AND STATE AGENT.

FRED W. BOEHMER,
CLERK.

Mrs. MAGGIE A. ROBERTS, Miss ANGIE L. FANNING, Miss NELLIE ROBINSON,
Miss ELIZABETH STODDILL, Mrs. MAGGIE WARE,
Mrs. ANNIE B. WILLIAMS, Miss LUCY SULLIVAN,

MATRONS.

Miss ETTA KILLMER,
Miss ELLA J. BOOMER,
Miss NELLIE JONES,

Mrs. LOTTIE C. SIBREE,
Miss ALICE M. SAWYER,
Mrs. JESSIE L. HUNGERFORD,

TEACHERS.

M. C. CLARKE,
TREASURER,

Chapter 377, laws of 1885 made it the duty of the board of supervision, by and with the consent of the governor, to select a suitable site and erect thereon buildings for a state school or temporary home for dependent and neglected children—such institution to be known as the "State Public School." Soon after the enactment of this law, the Board advertised for proposals for furnishing a site for this institution, and received responses from Stevens Point, Waupaca, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Ripon, New Lisbon, Sparta and La Crosse. Subsequently the Board visited all these places, inspected the sites proposed and canvassed the advantages of each locality, and, finally, with the approval of the Governor, selected Sparta as the locality for the school, accepting an offer of a tract of land embracing 164.8 acres as the site. This land lies in one regular body on the northeast of the city, being partly within its limits, having the La Crosse river for its eastern boundary, and one of the city streets as its western line. The location is in all respects a healthful one, possesses many attractions in itself, and commands a view of one of the finest landscapes in the state.

During the year 1886, three cottages were erected and equipped in accordance with the provisions of the law, two of them of solid brick, two stories and an attic in height, with stone basement and capable of accommodating one hundred pupils. The third cottage, a frame structure, veneered with brick; two stories and an attic above a stone basement, was devoted at first to the uses of the superintendent and his family, but subsequently to the accommodation of the young children, of whom it affords room for thirty.

The institution was opened for the reception of pupils on the 13th of November, 1886, with Robert T. Roberts as superintendent. It soon became apparent, from the rapidity with which commitments were made, that more room must be provided before the full benefits of the institution could be realized. Accordingly the legislature of 1887 made provisions for the erection of a central building, two cottages and such other structures as it should deem necessary. The Board of Supervision, during that year, had erected the buildings named, and in addition thereto a boiler and engine house and laundry and a barn. The central building is of brick, three stories in height upon a stone basement, and furnishes room for the superintendent and his family and employes, a general kitchen and large dining room, an assembly room and offices. The cottages are of brick, two stories and an attic in height, with a stone basement, and furnish accommodations for sixty pupils each. A school-house two stories in height, containing three class rooms and necessary halls on each floor, and furnishing accommodations for about 250 pupils, was erected in 1889, as were also a cold storage building, ice house and additional farm buildings; and a dwelling house on adjoining land purchased was reconstructed into a comfortable hospital.

The primary object of the institution is to furnish a temporary home for dependent and neglected children until suitable homes can be found for them in good families. While they remain in the institution they are instructed in the elementary branches of an English education.

From the establishment of the institution up to September 30th, 1890, there had been expended for site, permanent improvements, equipments and for current expenses, \$237,336.22.

The whole number of pupils admitted up to September 30th, 1890, was 566; the average number in the school for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1890, was 211, and for the fiscal year ending with September last, the average number was 253. At the last named date 147 children had been placed in homes, of whom 56 were indentured and the remaining 91 were on trial.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.

PRESIDENT.

Mrs. M. E. B. LYNDE.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

Mrs. A. J. AIKENS,

Miss CHRISTINE DOIG.

Mrs. C. J. RUSSELL,

SECRETARY.

Mrs. A. L. KAINE.

TREASURER.

Mrs. W. S. CANDEE.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

SUPERINTENDENT.

Miss SARAH E. PIERCE.

FAMILY MATRONS.

Miss AMELIA KNEELAND,
Miss EMMA DAYFOOT,

Mrs. AMELIA COXE.
Miss ELLEN HEARN.

PRINCIPAL TEACHERS.

Mrs. LAURA BROWN,

Miss LILLIE F. KIDD.

KINDERGARTEN.

Miss ANTOINETTE BELITZ.

STEWARD.

J. R. LOVE.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls is located in Milwaukee, on Lake Avenue, in that part of the city known as North Point. It is capable of accommodating 160 inmates.

Its proper subjects are:

1. Viciously inclined girls under 17, and boys under 10 years of age.
2. The stubborn and unruly, who refuse to obey their proper guardians.
3. Truants, vagrants and beggars.
4. Those found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality.
5. Those under the above ages who have committed any offense punishable by fine or imprisonment in adult offenders.

Although the school was founded by private charity, and is under the control of a self-perpetuating board of managers, it is incorporated and employed by the state for the custody, guardianship, discipline and instruction of the aforementioned children. In default of responsible and efficient guardianship they are treated as minors and wards of the state, and by it they are committed to the guardianship of this board of ladies during minority.

The present statute provides that for each girl so committed, the county from which such commitment is made shall pay not more than two dollars and fifty cents per week.

It is designed to be in no sense a penal institution, but it is a reformatory for the older, a temporary place of detention and instruction for the younger. Its objects are detention and reformation.

The school was organized under the act of 1875, and has received from the Legislature, in 1878, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1885, 1887 and 1889, sums amounting to \$65,000 for buildings, improvements, stock and furnishings. The city of Milwaukee has also given for its use a tract of over eight acres of land, the State holding the title to this property.

The buildings, as completed by the successive appropriations, afford in all the requisites for distinct family life, three separate dwellings, designated as the Main Home, the Children's Home and the Cottage, and include a kindergarten room, two infirmaries, a laundry and three large school-rooms. The Children's Home takes boys and girls under eleven years of age; the Main Home, the girls from eleven upwards, dividing them into four distinct classes, according to age and morals, with fair facilities for suitable separation and instruction; and the cottage is an additional and entirely separate building for proper restraint and influence over the older and more depraved.

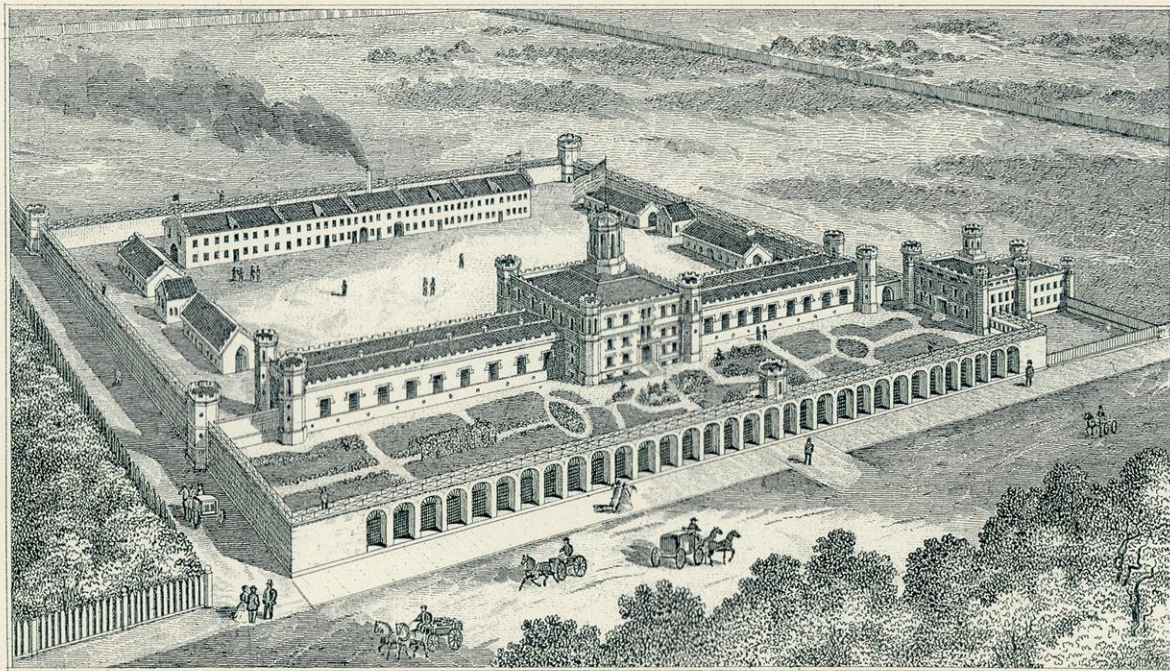
On leaving the school, children are either returned to former homes or relatives, or given by adoption or indenture to the care of well-recommended families. Boys are transferred to the State Industrial School for Boys, if unfit for homes in families, when of unsuitable age to remain longer in the school.

NUMBER DURING PAST TWO YEARS.

	1889.	1890.
In school October 1st.....	185	169
Since received, including returns.....	103	125
Number under care.....	288	294
Dismissed during the year.....	119	111
Remaining in school at close of year.....	169	183
Boys.....	32	31
Girls.....	137	152
Average number.....	175	174
Average age.....	12	13
Supported by counties.....	161	169
Supported by friends.....	8	14
Total.....	169	183

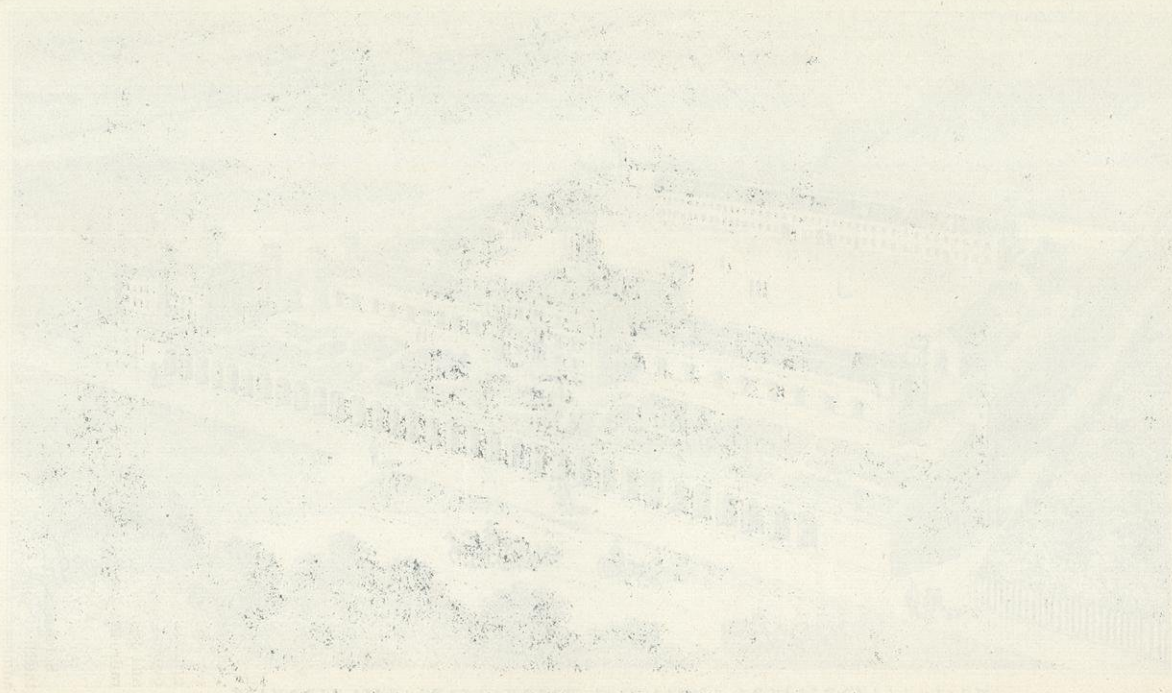
Average weekly cost per capita for 1889, \$2.76; for 1890, \$2.62 $\frac{1}{4}$.

	1889.	1890.
Received during year.....	\$32,958.13	\$33,790.33
Expended during year.....	21,728.97	21,357.85



WISCONSIN STATE PRISON, WAUPUN.

Milwaukee Lith. & Eng. Co.



WILSON'S BOOKS & PAPERS

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

MANAGERS.

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; THE CHIEF JUSTICE; THE SECRETARY OF WAR—*Ex-Officiis.*

GENERAL WILLIAM B. FRANKLIN, President, Hartford, Connecticut.
 COLONEL LEONARD A. HARRIS, 1st Vice-President, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 GENERAL JOHN A. MARTIN, 2d Vice-President, Atchison, Kansas.
 GENERAL MARTIN T. McMAHON, Secretary, 93 Nassau Street, New York City.
 GENERAL JOHN C. BLACK, Danville, Illinois.
 GENERAL THOMAS W. HYDE, Bath, Maine.
 GENERAL JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
 COLONEL JOHN L. MITCHELL, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
 GENERAL WILLIAM J. SEWELL, Camden, New Jersey.

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH.

LOCAL MANAGER.

COLONEL JOHN L. MITCHELL, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

OFFICERS.

GENERAL KILBURN KNOX, Governor.	DR. F. W. FUHRMANN, 2d Asst. Surgeon.
GENERAL T. C. MOORE, Treasurer.	MAJOR W. W. ROWLEY, C. S. and Adjutant.
DR. W. H. LEIGHTON, Surgeon.	REV. VICTOR PUTTEN, Chaplain.
DR. J. E. McILVAIN, Assistant Surgeon.	REV. E. PURDON WRIGHT, D. D., Chaplain.

The building of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, located near Milwaukee, December 7, 1866, is called the Northwestern branch of that National Institution. The Central Home is located at Dayton, Ohio. Other branches are located at Augusta, Maine, Hampton, Virginia, and Leavenworth, Kansas. The whole are under the same board of managers.

THE NORTHWESTERN BRANCH

is beautifully situated three miles from the city of Milwaukee. It is a capacious brick building, containing accommodations for 1,000 inmates. In addition to this building which contains the main halls, eating apartment, offices, dormitory and engine room, are shops, granaries, stables and other out-buildings. The Home farm contains 410 acres, of which over one-half is cultivated. The remainder is a wooded park, traversed by shaded walks and drives, beautifully undulating. The main line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad runs through the farm, and the track of the northern division passes beside it.

WHO ARE ADMITTED AND HOW.

Soldiers who were disabled in the service of the United States in the war of the rebellion, the Mexican war, or the war of 1812, and have been honorably discharged, are entitled to admission to the Soldier's Home.

Admission is procured on a certificate, of which blank forms are furnished to every applicant, setting forth his enlistment, with date, rank, place of muster, and the company, regiment or other organization to which he belonged, and the date and cause of discharge; and whether he is receiving a pension. His identity is set forth in the same certificate, and a surgeon's statement of his disability and its nature.

These certificates in blank, with full directions for filling them out, may be procured by

applying therefor, either in person or by mail, to Gen. Jacob Sharpe, National Home, P. O., Wis., the governor of the National Home for Disabled Soldiers.

Disabled soldiers, or their friends, county, city and town authorities, police officers, guardians of the poor and almshouses, trustees of benevolent institutions and public or private hospitals throughout the country, having knowledge of disabled soldiers, or such persons in their charge, are cordially invited to address the governor of the home, by whom the necessary blanks and instructions will be sent by return mail. On the application and certificate thus made out, an order for the admission of the disabled soldier is indorsed, and an order for free transportation by railroad to the home is furnished.

LABOR, INSTRUCTION AND AMUSEMENT.

Such inmates as are able to do so, have the opportunity to practice various mechanical trades, or to work on the home farm, for which they are paid a compensation of from \$6 to \$15 a month, averaging all around, about 40 cents per day. Skilled laborers earn more than these wages. The trades practiced are boot and shoe making, carpenter and joiner work, tinsmithing, plastering and stone masonry, gas-fitting, printing, book-binding and harness-making. Farming is largely carried on, and some of the finest products exhibited at the state fairs have been from the fields and gardens cultivated by the soldiers. All the labor of the institution, including care of the building, repairs which are found necessary, and farming operations is done by the inmates.

The institution has an excellent library of over 4,500 volumes contributed by friends of the soldiers in various parts of the country. The reading room contains newspapers and magazines, all of which are in constant use and requisition by the inmates.

This institution is not a public charity, and the disabled soldiers of the country should understand it. They do not place themselves in the list of paupers by becoming inmates of the home.

THE WISCONSIN VETERAN'S HOME.

Near Waupaca.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

J. H. MARSTON,
PRESIDENT.

A. O. WRIGHT,
VICE PRESIDENT.

J. H. WOODNORTH,
SECRETARY.

R. N. ROBERTS,
TREASURER.

COM. B. F. BRYANT,
EX-OFFICIO.

W. H. UPHAM,
R. W. JACKSON,

EXECUTIVE BOARD.

J. H. MARSTON,
J. H. WOODNORTH,
R. N. ROBERTS,

SUPERINTENDENT.

C. C. CALDWELL.

MATRON.

MRS. IDA CALDWELL.

The Wisconsin Veterans' Home was founded by the G. A. R. department of Wisconsin, to care for indigent soldiers, sailors or marines of the war of the Rebellion, who cannot be received into any National Home for disabled volunteer soldiers, and for their indigent wives or widows for whom no provision is made in the National Home, and who have generally been separated hitherto, the wife to go to the poor house, while the husband goes to the National Home. This home is built upon what is known as the cottage plan, each cottage being for two persons, in every instance, a man and his wife. The cooking is all done in a large centrally located kitchen, and meals are served in the dining hall, in connection with the kitchen, thus relieving these old people from all care of any kind. The home now consists of forty cottages, dining hall, kitchen and widow's hall, hospital, assembly hall for single men only, laundry, ice house, farm house, barns and head-quarter building, occupied by the superintendent and matron. Since January, 1889, very many improvements have been made, and the accommodations enlarged, the state in 1889, ch. 513, appropriating the sum of \$50,000 for such purpose. The property is now owned by the state, but controlled by the Board of Trustees, elected by the department G. A. R. The state appropriates the sum of \$3.00 per week for the maintenance of these people, which is scarcely adequate to meet the demands. The capacity of the home is 175, and it is now crowded, having 180 inmates at present. The total valuation of the property is \$90,000.

It is situated on the shores of Hick's Lake, one of the chain of lakes near Waupaca, and is unsurpassed in healthfulness, and for its beautiful scenery and surroundings, having only lost by death, since its opening, eighteen inmates.

The Grand Army of the Republic and W. R. C. of the state have expended in buildings, grounds and necessary improvements and furnishings, \$40,000, and are justly proud of the institution.

The W. R. C. have within the past year, built a very pretty chapel upon the grounds, at a cost of \$1,800. The buildings are all of wood, and have a splendid fire protection from a system of water works completed a year ago.

PART VII.

THE JUDICIARY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES, ETC.

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice — MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois, 1883.

	<i>App.</i>		<i>App.</i>
<i>Justices</i> — S. J. Field, California.....	1863	<i>Justices</i> — Samuel Blatchford, N. Y....	1882
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey.....	1870	L. Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi.....	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky.....	1877	David J. Brewer, Kansas.....	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts.....	1881	Henry D. Brown, Michigan.....	1890

Clerk — J. H. McKenney, D. C., 1880.

Salaries: Chief Justice, \$10,500; Justices, \$10,000; Clerk, \$6,000.

Marshal — J. M. Wright, Kentucky... \$3,000 | *Reporter* — J. C. B. Davis, N. Y..... \$5,700

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$6,000.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. <i>Circuit Judge</i> —LeB. B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 3, 1884.	<i>Judge</i> —Don A. Pardee, New Orleans, La., May 13, 1881.
SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Justice Blatchford, New York City. Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. <i>Circuit Judges</i> —Wm. J. Wallace, Syracuse, N. Y., April 6, 1882; E. H. LaComb, New York, May 26, 1887.	SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Justice Brewer, December 18, 1889. Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. <i>Circuit Judge</i> —H. E. Jackson, Nashville, Tenn., December 13, 1877.
THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Justice Bradley, Newark, N. J. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. <i>Circuit Judge</i> —Wm. McKennan, Washington, Pa., December 22, 1878.	SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Justice Harlan, Chicago, Ill. Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. <i>Circuit Judge</i> —Walter Q. Gresham, Chicago, Ill., December 9, 1884.
FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Washington, D. C. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina. <i>Circuit Judge</i> —Hugh L. Bond, Baltimore, Md., July 13, 1870.	EIGHTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Justice Brown, Detroit, Mich., December, 1890. Districts of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado. <i>Circuit Judge</i> —Henry C. Caldwell, Little Rock, Ark., March 4, 1890.
FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Justice Lamar, Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. <i>Circuit</i>	NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. —Mr. Justice Field, San Francisco, Cal. Districts of California, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Oregon, Nevada. <i>Circuit Judge</i> —Lorenzo Sawyer, San Francisco, Cal., January 10, 1870.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Judges' salary, \$4,500.)

Chief Justice — WILLIAM A. RICHARDSON, Massachusetts, 1885.

<i>Judges</i> — Chas. C. Nott, New York.....	1865	<i>Judges</i> — Lawrence Weldon, Illinois....	1883
Glenni W. Scofield, Pennsylvania.....	1881	John Davis, District Columbia.....	1885

Chief Clerk — Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873.

JUSTICES OF THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

(Names of the Chief Justices in CAPITALS.)

NAMES.	SERVICE.		Born.	Died.
	Term.	Years		
JOHN JAY, New York	1783-1795	6	1745	1829
John Rutledge, South Carolina	1789-1791	2	1739	1800
William Cushing, Massachusetts	1789-1810	21	1733	1810
James Wilson, Pennsylvania	1789-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia	1789-1796	7	1732	1800
Robert H. Harrison, Maryland	1789-1790	1	1745	1790
James Iredell, North Carolina	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Maryland	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Paterson, New Jersey	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
JOHN RUTLEDGE, South Carolina	1795-1795	.....	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
OLIVER ELLSWORTH, Connecticut	1796-1800	5	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Virginia	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
JOHN MARSHALL, Virginia	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, South Carolina	1804-1834	30	1771	1834
Brockholdt Livingston, New York	1806-1823	17	1757	1823
Thomas Todd, Kentucky	1807-1826	19	1765	1826
Joseph Story, Massachusetts	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Maryland	1811-1836	25	1752	1844
Smith Thompson, New York	1823-1843	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Kentucky	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pennsylvania	1830-1844	16	1779	1844
James M. Wayne, Georgia	1835-1867	32	1790	1867
ROGER B. TANEY, Maryland	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip B. Barbour, Virginia	1836-1841	5	1783	1841
John Catron, Tennessee	1837-1865	28	1786	1865
John McKinley, Alabama	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniel, Virginia	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
Samuel Nelson, New York	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benj. R. Curtis, Massachusetts	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Alabama	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
Nathan Clifford, Maine	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois	1862-1877	15	1815	1886
Stephen J. Field, California	1863 .....	.....	1816	.....
SALMON P. CHASE, Ohio	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
William Strong, Pennsylvania	1870-1880	10	1808	.....
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey	1870 .....	.....	1813	.....
Ward Hunt, New York	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
MORRISON R. WAITE, Ohio	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky	1877 .....	.....	1893	.....
William B. Woods, Georgia	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts	1881 .....	.....	1828	.....
Samuel Blatchford, New York	1882 .....	.....	1820	.....
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi	1888 .....	.....	1825	.....
MELVILLE W. FULLER, Illinois	1888 .....	.....	1833	.....
David J. Brewer, Kansas	1889 .....	.....	1837	.....
Henry B. Brown, Michigan	1890 .....	.....	1836	.....

JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS.

DISTRICTS.	Name.	Residence.	Date of Commission.	Salary.*
Alabama — N. and Middle dist.	John Bruce.....	Montgomery	Feb. 27, 1875	\$3,500
Southern district.....	Harry T. Toulmin.....	Mobile	Dec. 13, 1886	3,500
Alaska.....	J. S. Bugbee.....	Sitka.....	Sept. 1, 1889	3,000
Arkansas — Eastern district.....	John A. Williams.....	Little Rock.....	Sept. 22, 1890	3,500
Western district.....	Isaac C. Parker.....	Fort Smith.....	Mar. 24, 1875	3,500
California — Northern district.....	Ogden Hoffman.....	San Francisco	Feb. 27, 1881	5,000
Southern district.....	Erskine M. Ross.....	Los Angeles.....	Jan. 13, 1887	3,500
Colorado.....	Moses Hallett.....	Denver.....	Jan. 20, 1877	3,500
Connecticut.....	Nathaniel Shipman.....	Hartford.....	April 17, 1873	3,500
Delaware.....	Leonard E. Wales.....	Wilmington.....	Mar. 20, 1884	3,500
Florida — Northern district.....	Charles Swayne.....	Jacksonville.....	May 17, 1889	3,500
Southern district.....	James W. Locke.....	Key West.....	Feb. 1, 1872	3,500
Georgia — Northern district.....	William T. Newman.....	Atlanta.....	Jan. 13, 1887	3,500
Southern district.....	Emory Speer.....	Savannah.....	Feb. —, 1885	3,500
Idaho.....	James H. Beatty.....	Boise City.....	Jan. 11, 1870	5,000
Illinois — Northern district.....	Henry W. Blodgett.....	Chicago.....	Jan. 18, 1875	3,500
Southern district.....	Wm. J. Allen.....	Springfield.....	April 18, 1885	4,000
Indiana.....	William A. Woods.....	Indianapolis.....	May 2, 1883	3,500
Iowa — Northern district.....	Oliver P. Shiras.....	Dubuque.....	Aug. 14, 1882	3,500
Southern district.....	James M. Love.....	Keokuk.....	Feb. 21, 1856	3,500
Kansas.....	Cassius G. Foster.....	Topeka.....	Mar. 10, 1874	3,500
Kentucky.....	John W. Barr.....	Louisville.....	April 16, 1880	3,500
Louisiana — Eastern district.....	Edward C. Billings.....	New Orleans.....	Feb. 10, 1876	4,500
Western district.....	Aleck Boarman.....	Shreveport.....	May 18, 1881	3,500
Maine.....	Nathan Webb.....	Portland.....	Jan. 24, 1832	3,500
Maryland.....	Thomas J. Morris.....	Baltimore.....	July 1, 1879	4,000
Massachusetts.....	Thomas L. Nelson.....	Worcester.....	Jan. 19, 1875	4,000
Michigan — Eastern district.....	Henry B. Brown.....	Detroit.....	Mar. 19, 1875	3,500
Western district.....	Henry F. Severens.....	Kalamazoo.....	May 25, 1886	3,500
Minnesota.....	Rensselaer R. Nelson.....	St. Paul.....	June 1, 1868	3,500
Mississippi — (Two districts).....	Robert A. Hill.....	Oxford.....	May 1, 1866	3,500
Missouri — Eastern district.....	Amos M. Thayer.....	St. Louis.....	Feb. 26, 1887	3,500
Western district.....	John F. Phillips.....	St. Louis.....	June 25, 1888	3,500
Montana.....	Hiram Knowles.....	Butte City.....	Feb. 21, 1890	3,500
Nebraska.....	Elmer S. Dundy.....	Falls City.....	April 9, 1868	3,500
Nevada.....	Thomas P. Hawley.....	Carson City.....	Sept. 9, 1890	3,500
New Hampshire.....	Daniel Clark.....	Manchester.....	July 27, 1866	3,500
New Jersey.....	E. T. Greene.....	Trenton.....	Oct. 18, 1889	3,500
New York — Northern district.....	Alfred C. Coxe.....	Utica.....	May 4, 1882	4,000
Southern district.....	Addison Brown.....	New York City.....	June 2, 1881	4,000
Eastern district.....	Charles L. Benedict.....	Brooklyn.....	Mar. 9, 1865	4,000
N. Carolina — Eastern district.....	Augustus S. Seynour.....	Newbern.....	Feb. 21, 1882	4,000
Western district.....	Robert P. Dick.....	Greensboro.....	June 7, 1872	3,500
North Dakota.....	Alfred B. Thomas.....	Fargo.....	Feb. 25, 1890	3,500
Ohio — Northern district.....	A. J. Ricks.....	Cleveland.....	Jan. 16, 1890	3,500
Southern district.....	George R. Sage.....	Cincinnati.....	Mar. 20, 1883	3,500
Oregon.....	Matthew P. Deady.....	Portland.....	Mar. 9, 1859	4,000
Pennsylvania — Eastern dist.....	William Butler.....	Philadelphia.....	Feb. 19, 1879	3,500
Western district.....	Marcus W. Acheson.....	Pittsburg.....	Jan. 14, 1880	4,000
Rhode Island.....	George M. Carpenter.....	Providence.....	Dec. 16, 1884	3,500
South Carolina.....	Chas. H. Simonton.....	Charleston.....	Jan. 13, 1887	3,500
South Dakota.....	Alonzo J. Edgerton.....	Mitchell.....	Jan. 16, 1890	3,500
Tennessee — E. & Middle dists.....	David M. Key.....	Chattanooga.....	May 27, 1880	3,500
Western district.....	Eli S. Hammond.....	Memphis.....	June 17, 1878	3,500
Texas — Eastern district.....	David E. Bryant.....	Sherman.....	May 27, 1890	3,500
Western district.....	Thomas M. Maxey.....	Austin.....	June 25, 1888	3,500
Northern district.....	A. P. McCormick.....	Graham.....	April 10, 1879	3,500
Vermont.....	Hoyt H. Wheeler.....	Jamaica.....	Mar. 16, 1877	3,500
Virginia — Eastern district.....	Robert W. Hughes.....	Norfolk.....	Jan. 14, 1874	3,500
Western district.....	John Paul.....	Harrisonburg.....	Mar. 3, 1883	3,500
Washington.....	C. H. Hanford.....	Seattle.....	Feb. 25, 1890	3,500
West Virginia.....	John J. Jackson.....	Parkersburg.....	Aug. 3, 1861	3,500
Wisconsin — Eastern district.....	James G. Jenkins.....	Milwaukee.....	July 2, 1888	5,000
Western district.....	Romanzo Bunn.....	Madison.....	Oct. 30, 1877	5,000
Wyoming.....	John A. Rivier.....	Cheyenne.....	Sept. 22, 1890	3,500

*Increased to \$5,000, by act of congress, February, 1891,

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS FOR WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.*Judge*—JAMES G. JENKINS, MILWAUKEE.*District Attorney*—ELIHU COLEMAN, FOND DU LAC.*Marshal*—GEORGE N. WISWALL, ELKHORN.*Clerk*—EDW. KURTZ, MILWAUKEE.**Terms of Court.***At MILWAUKEE*—First Monday in January and October.*At OSHKOSH*—Second Tuesday in July.*SPECIAL TERM*—First Monday in April, at Milwaukee.**Counties Comprising District.**

Brown,	Green Lake,	Milwaukee,	Walworth,
Calumet,	Kenosha,	Oconto,	Washington.
Dodge,	Kewaunee,	Outagamie,	Waukesha,
Door,	Langlade,	Ozaukee,	Waupaca,
Florence,	Manitowoc,	Racine,	Wausara,
Forest,	Marinette,	Shawano,	Winnebago.
Fond du Lac,	Marquette,	Sheboygan,	

WESTERN DISTRICT.*Judge*—ROMANZO BUNN, MADISON.*District Attorney*—SAMUEL A. HARPER, MADISON.*Assistant District Attorney*—J. J. FRUIT, LA CROSSE.*Marshal*—F. W. OAKLEY, MADISON.*Deputy Marshal*—WILLET S. MAIN, MADISON.*Clerk*—F. M. STEWART, MADISON.**Terms of Court.***At MADISON*—First Tuesday in December.*Special Term*—Third Tuesday in June and first Tuesday in October.*At LA CROSSE*—Third Tuesday in September.*At EAU CLAIRE*—First Tuesday in June.**Counties Comprising District.**

Adams,	Douglas,	Lincoln,	St. Croix,
Ashland,	Dunn,	Marathon,	Sauk,
Barron,	Eau Claire,	Monroe,	Sawyer,
Bayfield,	Grant,	Oneida,	Taylor,
Buffalo,	Green,	Pepin,	Trempealeau,
Burnett,	Iowa,	Pierce,	Vernon,
Chippewa,	Jackson,	Polk,	Washburn,
Clark,	Jefferson,	Portage,	Wood.
Columbia,	Juneau,	Price,	
Crawford,	La Crosse,	Richland,	
Dane,	La Fayette,	Rock,	

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN.

NAME.	Title of Office.	Salary.	Term expires.
ORSAMUS COLE.....	Chief Justice.....	\$5,000	Jan., 1892
WILLIAM PENN LYON.....	Associate Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1894
HARLOW S. ORTON.....	Associate Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1898
DAVID TAYLOR*.....	Associate Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1896
JOHN B. CASSODAY.....	Associate Justice.....	5,000	Jan., 1900
CLARENCE KELLOGG.....	Clerk.	J. C. ROBERTS.....	Messenger.
JOHN R. BERRYMAN.....	Librarian.	L. S. PEASE.....	Messenger and Copyist.
FREDERICK K. CONOVER.....	Reporter.	A. A. BRUCE.....	Messenger and Copyist.
A. J. VINJE.....	Proof Reader to Reporter.	F. W. DOCKERY.....	Messenger and Copyist.
C. H. BEYLER.....			Messenger and Crier

Terms of Court at Madison.*JANUARY TERM*—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January.*AUGUST TERM*—Second Tuesday in August.

* Died April 3, 1891.

WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURTS.

STATEMENT showing the Names and Post-office Address of the Circuit Judges, and Times and Places for holding Circuit Courts in the several Counties in Wisconsin.

Salary of Circuit Judges, \$3,600 per annum, and \$400 for expenses.

The judge of any circuit may, by an order entered and recorded in the clerk's office, appoint one extra jury term of court, to be holden in any county in his circuit, when he shall deem such term necessary to complete the jury trials in such county during any year, and may cause jurors to be drawn and summoned as for other terms. At such terms the same business may be transacted as at a regular term of such court. In case there is pending in any such county an action of *quo warranto* brought on the relation of the attorney-general or a private person, wherein the defendant is or shall be charged with usurping any county office, or unlawfully withholding the same from the person entitled thereto, and an issue is formed in such action, sixty days or more before the time for holding the next ensuing regular term of court for said county, the judge shall appoint an extra term, and cause jurors to be drawn and summoned in the manner aforesaid for the trial of such action and for the transaction of such other business as the order may direct. Such order shall so provide that said term shall commence within thirty days after the entry of the same. At any term where any action of *quo warranto* shall be for trial, it shall take precedence of all other actions. — Chapter 141, Laws of 1885.

FIRST CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — JOHN B. WINSLOW, RACINE.

Term expires the first Monday of January, 1896.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Walworth	3d Monday in February..... 1st Monday in June..... 1st Monday in October.....	Elkhorn	Ch. 66, L. 1889
Racine.....	2d Monday in April..... 4th Monday in June..... 2d Monday in November.....		
Kenosha	3d Monday in March..... 2d Monday in June..... 2d Monday in September.....		

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in this circuit in the months of June or August. Each term in this circuit shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit. — Chapter 32, Laws of 1879. — See Chapter 66, Laws of 1889.

SECOND CIRCUIT.

JUDGE — D. H. JOHNSON, MILWAUKEE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1894.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Milwaukee.....	1st Monday in January..... 1st Monday in March..... 1st Monday in May..... 1st Monday in September..... 1st Monday in November.....	Milwaukee.....	Ch. 50, L. 1889

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in this circuit in the month of June. Every term in the circuit shall be a special term for the whole judicial circuit. — Section 2424, Revised Statutes.

THIRD CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEO. W. BURNELL, OSHKOSH.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1897.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Calumet.....	1st Monday after 1st Tuesday of April... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Chilton	Ch. 134, L. 1885
Green Lake..	3d Monday in January..... } 2d Monday in June..... }	Dartford	Ch. 133, L. 1891
Winnebago..	1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in December.. }	Oshkosh	Ch. 134, L. 1885
	SPECIAL TERMS.		
	1st Tuesday in February and Septem- } ber	Oshkosh....	Ch. 134, L. 1885

Each of the general terms of the circuit court in each of the counties in the said third judicial circuit of Wisconsin, and the aforesaid special terms in the said county of Winnebago, shall also be and are hereby declared to be special terms of the circuit court in and for the whole of the third judicial circuit of the state of Wisconsin.— *Chapter 134, Laws 1885.*

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—NORMAN S. GILSON, FOND DU LAC.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1893.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Sheboygan	2d Monday in April..... } 3d Monday in September..... }	Sheboygan	Ch. 5, L. 1891.
Manitowoc	Tuesday after 2d Monday in January } Tuesday after 1st Monday in June... }	Manitowoc	Ch. 5, L. 1891.
Kewaunee	2d Monday in May..... } 3d Monday in October..... }	Kewaunee.....	Ch. 5, L. 1891.
Fond du Lac ..	Tuesday after 3d Monday in Febru- } ary } Tuesday after 1st Monday in March. } Tuesday after 1st Monday in July... } Tuesday after 2d Monday in Novem- } ber	Fond du Lac	Ch. 5, L. 1891.

No jury shall be summoned for the terms in February and July unless specially ordered. Every term in the counties of Fond du Lac, Sheboygan and Manitowoc, shall be a special term for the whole judicial circuit, at which any and all business may be done arising or pending in any county in said circuit, which might be done at a general term for the county

in which such business arises or is pending, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury. The terms specified in section 2, shall be a continuation of all terms in the circuit which are not finally adjourned, and the court at the terms mentioned in section 2 shall have the same jurisdiction as to all judgment, orders or proceedings made or entered in any county which it would have if holding the term in the county at which such judgment, order or proceedings was made or taken, including the power to vacate, correct or otherwise change the same in the mode provided by law. The circuit court shall always be open for the transaction of all business in each of the counties in said circuit, from the beginning of one term until the beginning of the next term in the same county, and an order or direction for the adjournment of any term from day to day or to a specified day, and an entry thereof, shall not be necessary to the validity of any judgment, sentence, order or proceeding therein, but when no judge shall attend to hold court on the first day or any subsequent day thereof, the term shall stand adjourned from day to day until a judge authorized to hold the same shall attend. No term of court in said circuit shall be at an end until an express order for final adjournment is made and entered, and one term may be adjourned beyond the beginning of the next term in the same county.—Chapter 5, laws 1891.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEORGE CLEMENTSON, LANCASTER.

Term expires First Monday of January, 1895.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Grant	3d Tuesday in February 2d Tuesday in October	Lancaster	Ch. 402, L. 1887
Iowa	4th Tuesday in March Last Tuesday in September	Dodgeville	Ch. 402, L. 1887
La Fayette	3d Tuesday in June 1st Tuesday in December	Darlington	Ch. 402, L. 1887
Richland	2d Tuesday in April 2d Tuesday in September	Richland Center	Ch. 402, L. 1887
Crawford	4th Tuesday in May 2d Tuesday in November	Prairie du Chien	Ch. 402, L. 1887

Every term in each of said counties shall be a special term for the whole circuit.—Sec 1, Chap. 402, Laws 1887.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—ALFRED W. NEWMAN, TREMPLEALEAU.

Term expires First Monday of January, 1897.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.†	WHERE HELD.	LAW.
Clark *.....	2d Monday in June..... 2d Monday in December.....	Neillsville ...	Ch. 12, L. 1891
Jackson *.....	3d Monday in March..... 3d Monday in September.....		
La Crosse	2d Monday in May..... 2d Monday in November.....	La Crosse	Ch. 12, L. 1891
Monroe	1st Wednesday after 1st Tuesday in April..... 1st Monday in October.....		
Trempealeau..	1st Monday in March..... 1st Monday in September.....	Whitehall ...	Ch. 12, L. 1891
Vernon	4th Monday in April..... 3d Monday in October.....		
		Viroqua	Ch. 12, L. 1891

* Forms part of seventeenth judicial circuit after January, 1892.—*Chapter 47, laws 1891.*
† Terms changed after January, 1892, except La Crosse.—*See Ch. —, Laws 1891.*

Every general term in the several counties of said circuit shall be also a special term for the whole circuit.—*Section 2, chapter 12, laws 1891.*

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—CHARLES M. WEBB, GRAND RAPIDS.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1897.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAW.
Lincoln*	1st Monday in March..... 2d Monday in October	Merrill.....	Ch. 8, L. 1891.
Marathon* ...	1st Monday in May..... 1st Monday in November.....		
Portage	4th Monday in March..... 3d Monday in November.....	Stevens Point....	Ch. 8, L. 1891.
Waupaca.....	3d Monday in January..... 2d Monday in June.....		
Waushara.....	3d Tuesday in April..... Last Tuesday in September.....	Wautoma.....	Ch. 8, L. 1891.
Wood.	4th Monday in May..... 2d Monday in December.....		
		Grand Rapids....	Ch. 8, L. 1891.

* Forms part of sixteenth judicial circuit after January, 1892.—*Chapter 41, laws 1891.*

Provided, that in the year 1891 the terms of court in Lincoln county shall be held on the second Monday in July and on the second Monday in October, and actions, motions or pro-

ceedings already noticed or ordered for trial or hearing at the term of court to be held under the existing law in the county of Marathon, on the first Monday in March, 1891, shall be considered as being for trial or hearing at the term held according to this act, in Marathon county, on the first Monday in May, 1891, and jurors or witnesses subpoenaed, drawn or summoned to attend at the term in Marathon county, held on the first Monday in March, 1891, shall attend at the term commencing on the first Monday in May, by the terms of this act, without further notice or service of process. There shall be no term held in Lincoln county in March, 1891. Every general term in each of said counties shall be a special term for all the other counties in said circuit,—*Chapter 8, laws of 1891.*

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—EGBERT B. BUNDY, MENOMONIE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1897.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Buffalo	4th Monday of February 4th Monday of October.....	Alma.....	Ch. 350, L. 1889
Dunn	2d Monday of March 2d Monday of September.....	Menomonie.....	Ch. 250, L. 1889
Eau Claire* ..	4th Monday of March 4th Monday of September.....	Eau Claire.....	Ch. 350, L. 1889
Pepin.....	3d Monday of April..... 3d Monday of October.....	Durand.....	Ch. 350, L. 1889
Pierce	Tuesday following 2d Mond. of June. Tuesday following 2d Monday of Dec. }	Ellsworth ...	Ch. 350, L. 1889
St. Croix †.....	2d Monday of May..... 2d Monday of November	Hudson.....	Ch. 350, L. 1889

* Forms part of seventeenth judicial circuit after January, 1892.— *Chapter 47, Laws 1891.*
† Will be 4th Monday March, 4th Monday September, after January, 1892.—*Chapter —, Laws 1891.*

I hereby appoint special terms of said court to be held in each year at the times and places hereinafter named, viz.: At Eau Claire, Eau Claire county, on the first Monday of January; at Hudson, St. Croix county, on the third Monday of February; at Menomonie, Dunn county, on the first Monday of July; at River Falls, Pierce county, on the first Monday of September— *Order of Judge Bundy, issued in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 25, Laws 1879.*

Every general term of the eighth judicial circuit shall be a special term for the whole circuit. At any special term of said court herein provided for, any and all business may be done arising in any county of the circuit which might be done at any general term, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury in cases other than those arising in actions of *quo warranto* and *mandamus*.— *Chapter 122, Laws 1889.*

NINTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—ROBERT G. SIEBECKER, MADISON.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1897.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Adams.....	3d Tuesday in January..... 1st Tuesday in June.....	Friendship	Ch. 6, L. 1891
Columbia.....	2d Tuesday in May..... 2d Tuesday in December.....		
Dane.....	Monday after first Tuesday in April.. 4th Monday in June..... 2d Monday in November.....	Madison	Ch. 6, L. 1891
Juneau	1st Tuesday in March..... 2d Tuesday in October.....		
Marquette.....	Tuesday after 1st Monday in January 2d Tuesday in June.....	Montello....	Ch. 6, L. 1891
Sauk.....	3d Tuesday in March..... 3d Tuesday in September.....		
		Baraboo.....	Ch. 6, L. 1891

Every general term in the counties of Columbia, Dane, Juneau, Marquette and Sauk shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit. No jury shall be summoned for the term in June for Dane county.—*Chapter 6, Laws 1891.*

TENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—GEORGE H. MYERS, APPLETON.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1892.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Florence.	1st Tuesday in March..... 3d Tuesday in September.....	Florence	Ch. 283, L. 1883
Forest	2d Tuesday in January..... 3d Tuesday in June.....		
Langlade.	3d Tuesday in March..... 1st Tuesday in September.....	Antigo.....	Ch. 134, L. 1885
Outagamie	2d Monday in October..... 3d Monday in April..... 1st Tuesday in February (special)....		
Shawano	4th Monday in May..... 1st Monday in December.....	Shawano	Ch. 297, L. 1889

All writs, venires, informations, summons, recognizances, processes, motions, notices and other proceedings in said court, and all jurors summoned to attend notices of trial, and every and all proceedings pending, or to be heard on the day heretofore fixed, as the first day of such courts, or upon any day in such term, or heretofore fixed, shall be deemed and held returnable, recognized, obligated, cited to appear and noticed for hearing on the days herein fixed for the first day of said court, and shall be heard and disposed of as if returnable or noticed for hearing on the first day of such court as herein fixed, and any venire issued returnable, as the term of said court has been heretofore fixed, shall be deemed and held returnable for the first day of the term of said court as fixed by this act.—*Section 2, Chapter 234, Laws of 1887.*

Each of the general terms of the circuit court of the counties of Outagamie, Langlade and Shawano, and the special term in the county of Outagamie shall also be and are hereby declared to be special terms of the circuit court, in and for the whole of the tenth judicial circuit of Wisconsin.—*Chapter 134, Laws of 1885.*

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE R. D. MARSHALL, CHIPPEWA FALLS.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1895.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Barron	3d Tuesday in April	Barron	Ch. 2, L. 1891.
	4th Tuesday in September		
Burnett	4th Tuesday in March	Grantsburg.....	Ch. 2, L. 1891.
	3d Tuesday in September		
Chippewa	1st Tuesday in May	Chippewa Falls..	Ch. 2, L. 1891.
	1st Tuesday in October.....		
Douglas	3d Tuesday in February.. ..	Superior.....	Ch. 2, L. 1891.
	2d Tuesday in August.....		
Polk.....	1st Wednesday after 1st Tuesday in April	Osceola Mills	Ch. 2, L. 1891.
	3d Tuesday in November.....		
Washburn.....	3d Tuesday in March	Shell Lake....	Ch. 2, L. 1891.
	2d Tuesday in September		

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—JOHN R. BENNETT, JANESVILLE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1899.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Rock	4th Monday in January.....	Janesville	Sec. 2424, R. S.
	4th Monday in April		
	Wednesday after the first Monday in November		
Green	1st Tuesday in March.....	Monroe.....	Sec. 2424, R. S.
	3d Tuesday in June.....		
	1st Tuesday in October.....		
Jefferson ...	1st Monday in February.....	Jefferson.....	Sec. 2424, R. S.
	2d Tuesday in June		
	1st Monday in September		

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms in this circuit appointed to be held in the months of January and June. Every term of this circuit shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—*Section 2424, Revised Statutes.*

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE A. SCOTT SLOAN, BEAVER DAM.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1888.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Dodge	4th Tuesday in September..... } 2d Tuesday in February..... }	Juneau.....	Ch. 55, L. 1882.
Ozaukee.....	1st Tuesday in September..... } 1st Tuesday in March..... }	Port Washington.	Ch. 55, L. 1882.
Washington	3d Tuesday in October..... } 3d Tuesday in March..... }	West Bend.....	Ch. 55, L. 1882.
Waukesha...	1st Tuesday in December..... } 4th Tuesday in May..... } 4th Tuesday in August (Special)..... } 1st Tuesday in February (Special)..... }	Waukesha.....	Ch. 55, L. 1882.

FOURTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, GREEN BAY.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1896.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Brown.....	4th Monday in November*..... } 1st Monday in March..... } 1st Monday in June..... }	Green Bay.....	Ch. 82, L. 1887
Door.....	1st Tuesday in February..... } Tuesday after 1st Monday in September..... }	Sturgeon Bay.....	Ch. 82, L. 1887
Marinette.....	2d Monday in January..... } 1st Monday in May..... } 1st Monday in October..... }	Marinette.....	Ch. 82, L. 1887
Oconto	2d Monday in April..... } 2d Monday in November..... }	Oconto.....	Ch. 82, L. 1887

* Changed to last Monday in November.—*Ch. —, L. 1891.*Every term in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette, shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—*Chapter 82, Laws of 1887.*The jurors for each term of court in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette, shall be summoned to appear at or before the hour of nine o'clock A. M. on the second day of the term.—*Chapter 82, Laws of 1887.*

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—J. K. PARISH, MEDFORD.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1894.

COUNTIES.	TERMS.*	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Ashland	4th Monday of March	Ashland	Ch. 18, L. 1891.
	1st Monday of June		
	3d Monday of September		
	1st Monday of December		
Bayfield	1st Wednesday of April	Bayfield	Ch. 18, L. 1891.
	1st Monday of October		
Oneida†	3d Monday of April	Rhinelander ..	Ch. 18, L. 1891.
	3d Monday of October		
Price	3d Monday of May	Phillips	Ch. 18, L. 1891.
	3d Monday of November		
Sawyer	Last Monday of May	Hayward	Ch. 18, L. 1891.
	Last Monday of November		
Taylor	1st Monday of May	Medford	Ch. 18, L. 1891.
	1st Wednesday of November		

* Terms of court in this circuit changed by chapter 164, laws 1891, after January, 1892.

† Forms part of sixteenth judicial circuit after January, 1892.—*Chapter 41, Laws 1891.*

No jury will be empanelled at the March or September terms of the court for Ashland county unless the judge of said court shall in his discretion at least thirty days prior to the convening of said terms file a written order with the clerk of said court requiring a jury to be empanelled. The several general terms of court in each county of said circuit shall be a special term for all other counties in said circuit. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication, and all acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.—*Chapter 18, Laws 1891. See Chapter 164, Laws 1891*

SIXTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—CHAS. V. BARDEEN, WAUSAU.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1893.

COUNTIES.	TERMS. (After first Monday in January, 1892.)	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Lincoln	1st Monday of January	Merrill	Ch. 41, L. 1891.
	2d Monday of June		
Marathon	1st Monday of May	Wausau	Ch. 41, L. 1891.
	2d Monday of July		
	2d Monday of November		
Oneida	2d Monday of April	Rhinelander	Ch. 41, L. 1891.
	1st Monday of October		

Each term held in any of said counties shall be a special term for the other counties of said judicial circuit; provided, however, that until the judge of the sixteenth judicial circuit shall be elected, qualified, and his term of office shall have commenced according to law, said counties shall be considered as attached to the judicial circuits which they have heretofore belonged, and until such time as the judge of such judicial circuits shall continue to hold court in the several counties named in the same manner, and at the same time, and with the same force and effect as if this act had not been passed—*Chapter 41, Laws of 1891.*

SEVENTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—WM. F. BAILEY, EAU CLAIRE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1893.

COUNTIES.	TERMS. (After first Monday in January, 1892.)	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Clark.....	2d Monday of March..... } 2d Monday of December..... }	Neillsville.....	Ch. 47, L. 1891.
Eau Claire....	2d Monday of February..... } 2d Monday of May..... } 2d Monday of August..... } 2d Monday of November..... }	Eau Claire.....	Ch. 47, L. 1891.
Jackson.....	2d Monday of April..... } 2d Monday of September..... }	Black River Falls.	Ch. 47, L. 1891.

The several general terms of court in each county of said circuit shall be special terms for the whole seventeenth judicial circuit, and any and all business arising or pending in said seventeenth circuit or in any of the counties thereof, may be done at such special term which may be done in the general term thereof, excepting the trial of issues of fact by a jury in cases other than those arising in actions of *quo warranto* and *mandamus*. Until the first Monday in January, 1892, the several counties composing the seventeenth judicial circuit shall, for judicial purposes, remain parts of the judicial circuits to which they are now attached, and until that time the respective judges of said circuits shall continue to hold the terms of court as heretofore. All laws or parts of laws conflicting with any of the provisions of this act, are hereby repealed so far as they conflict with this act and no further.— *Chapter 47, Laws, 1891.*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

EXECUTIVE.

PRESIDENT.

BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana. Term expires March 4, 1893.

The President is chosen by electors, who are elected by the People, each State having as many as it has Senators and Representatives in Congress. He holds office four years; is commander-in-chief of the Army and Navy of the United States; has power to grant pardons and reprieves for offenses against the United States; makes treaties by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; nominates, and with the consent of the Senate, appoints all Cabinet, Diplomatic, Judicial and Executive Officers; has power to convene Congress or the Senate only; communicates to Congress by message at every session, the condition of the Union, and recommends such measures as he deems expedient; receives all Foreign Ministers; takes care that the laws are faithfully executed, and the public business transacted. Salary, \$50,000 a year.

E. W. HALFORD, Indiana, *Private Secretary.*

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
President — Benjamin Harrison (Ind.).....	\$50,000
Private Secretary — Elijah W. Halford (Ind.)....	5,000
Vice-President — Levi P. Morton (N. Y.)	10,000
U. S. District Marshal — D. M. Ransdell (Ind.)	6,000

VICE-PRESIDENT.

LEVI P. MORTON, of New York.

The Vice-President is chosen by the electors at the same time and in the same manner as the President; is President of the Senate and has the casting vote therein. In case of the death, resignation, disability or removal of the President, his powers and duties devolve upon the Vice-President for the residue of his term. In case of vacancy, where the Vice-President succeeds to the presidential office, the President *pro tempore* of the Senate becomes Vice-President. Salary, \$10,000 a year.

CABINET.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

JAMES G. BLAINE, of Maine.

The State Department preserves the public archives, records, laws, arguments and treaties and supervises their publication; conducts all business and correspondence arising out of foreign relations, makes out and records passports, commissions, etc.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Secretary — James G. Blaine (Me).....	\$8,000
Assistant Secretary — W. F. Wharton (Mass)	4,500
Second Assistant Secretary — Alvey A. Adee	3,500
Third Assistant Secretary — John B. Moore.....	3,500
Chief Clerk — Sevellon A. Brown, New York.....	2,750
Chief of Diplomatic Bureau — Thomas W. Cridler, West Virginia.....	2,100
Chief of Consular Bureau — F. O. St. Claire.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Archives and Indexes — John H. Haswell	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Accounts — Francis J. Kieckhoefer.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Statistics — Michael Scanlon, New York.....	2,100
Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library — Frederic A. Bancroft.....	2,100
Passport Clerk, Henry P. Randolph, Virginia.....	1,800

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

CHARLES FOSTER, of Ohio.

The *Treasury Department* receives and has charge of all moneys paid into the United States Treasury; has general supervision of the fiscal transactions of the government, the collection of revenue, the auditing and payment of accounts and other disbursements; supervises the execution of the laws relating to the commerce and navigation of the United States, the Revenues and currency, the Coast Survey, the Mint and Coinage, the Light-House Establishment, the construction of Marine Hospitals, Custom-Houses, etc. The First Comptroller prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering accounts for the civil and diplomatic service and the public land, to him the First, Fifth and Sixth Auditors report. The Second Comptroller prescribes the mode of keeping and rendering accounts for the Army, Navy and Indian Department, and to him the Second, Third and Fourth Auditors report. The First Auditor adjusts the accounts of the customs, revenues, civil service and private accounts of Congress.

The Second Auditor adjusts accounts relating to pay, clothing and recruiting of the army, the arsenals, armories and ordinance and the Indian Department.

The Third auditor adjusts accounts for army subsistence, fortifications, military academy and roads, quartermaster's department and military claims. The fourth Auditor adjusts the navy accounts, the Fifth, diplomatic, and the Sixth, postal affairs.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
Secretary — Charles Foster, Ohio.....	\$8,000
Private Secretary, Charles M. Hendley.....	2,400
Assistant Secretary, A. B. Nettleton, Minnesota.....	4,500
Assistant Secretary, O. L. Spalding, Michigan.....	4,500
Chief Clerk, Fred Brackitt, D. C.....	3,000
Chief of Appointment Division — J. K. Moore, Minnesota.....	2,750
Chief of Warrants Division — W. F. MacLennan.....	2,750
Chief of Public Moneys Division — Eugene B. Daskam.....	2,500
Chief of Customs Division — John G. Macgregor.....	2,700
Chief of Revenue Marine Division.....	2,500
Chief of Stationery, Printing and Blanks Division — A. L. Sturtevant.....	2,500
Chief of Loans and Currency Division — Andrew T. Huntington, Massachusetts.....	2,500
Chief of Miscellaneous Division — J. A. Tomson, Indiana.....	2,500
Supervising Special Agent — A. K. Tingle, Indiana.....	\$8 day
Government Actuary — Wm. Fewsmith, New Jersey.....	\$2,250

SUPERVISING ARCHITECT'S OFFICE.

Supervising Architect — W. H. Windrim, Pennsylvania.....	\$4,500
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BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Chief — W. M. Meredith, Illinois.....	\$4,500
Assistant Chief, Thomas J. Sullivan.....	2,250
Superintendent Engraving Division — Geo. W. Casilear.....	3,600

OFFICE STEAMBOAT INSPECTOR.

Supervising Inspector — James A. Dumont.....	\$3,500
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BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

Chief — S. G. Brock, Missouri.....	\$3,000
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LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

General Superintendent — S. I. Kimball, Maine.....	\$4,000
Assistant — Horace L. Piper, Maine.....	2,500

COMPTROLLERS.

First Comptroller — Asa C. Matthews, Illinois.....	\$5,000
Deputy — John R. Garrison.....	2,700
Second Comptroller — B. F. Gilkeson, Pennsylvania.....	5,000
Deputy — E. N. Hartshorn, Ohio.....	2,700

COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

Commissioner — S. V. Holliday, Pennsylvania.....	\$4,000
Deputy — H. A. Lockwood.....	2,250

REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.

Register — Wm. S. Rosecrans.....	\$4,000
Assistant — L. W. Reid, Virginia.....	2,250

AUDITORS.

	Salary.
First Auditor—Geo. P. Fisher, Delaware.....	\$3,600
Deputy—A. F. McMillan, Michigan.....	2,250
Second Auditor—J. N. Patterson, New Hampshire.....	3,600
Deputy—J. B. Franklin, Kansas.....	2,250
Third Auditor—W. H. Hart, Indiana.....	3,600
Deputy—Augustus Shaw, Indiana.....	2,250
Fourth Auditor—J. R. Lynch, Mississippi.....	3,600
Deputy—Andrew J. Whitaker, Illinois.....	2,250
Fifth Auditor—L. W. Habersham, District of Columbia.....	3,600
Deputy—J. Lee Tucker, New York.....	2,250
Diplomatic and Consular Division—Chief--H. H. Rand, Wisconsin.....	2,500
Sixth Auditor—Thos. B. Coulter, Ohio.....	3,600
Deputy—J. I. Rankin, Pennsylvania.....	2,250

TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES.

Treasurer—J. A. Lemecke, Indiana.....	6,000
Assistant Treasurer—James W. Whelpley.....	3,600
Superintendent National Bank Redemption Division—Thos. E. Rogers.....	3,500

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.

Comptroller—E. S. Lacy, Michigan.....	5,000
Deputy—Robert M. Nixon, Indiana.....	2,800

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Commissioner—J. W. Mason, Virginia.....	6,000
Deputy—G. W. Wilson, Ohio.....	3,200

DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

Director—E. O. Leech, District of Columbia.....	4,500
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BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Commissioner—William W. Bates, New York.....	3,600
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UNITED STATES COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

Superintendent—T. C. Mendenhall, Indiana.....	6,000
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MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.

Supervising Surgeon-General—J. B. Hamilton.....	4,000
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SECRETARY OF WAR.

REDFIELD PROCTOR, of Vermont.

The War Department has charge of business growing out of military affairs, keeps the record of the army, issues commissions, directs the government of troops, superintends their payment, stores, clothing, arms and equipments, and ordnance, constructs fortifications, and conducts works of military engineering and river and harbor improvements.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Secretary—Redfield Proctor, Vermont.....	\$3,000
Private Secretary—Frank C. Partridge.....	1,800
Assistant Secretary—L. A. Grant, Minnesota.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—John Tweedale, Pennsylvania.....	2,750

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

Major-General—J. M. Schofield.
Aides-de-Camp—Capt. C. B. Schofield, First Lieutenant T. H. Bliss, and Second Lieutenant A. D. Andrews.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Adjutant-General—Brigadier-General J. C. Kelton, Pennsylvania.
Assistants—Brevet Brigadier-General C. McKeever, Brevet Brigadier-General S. Breck, Major Theo. Schwan, Major A. MacArthur, Jr., Captain D. M. Taylor.
Chief Clerk—R. P. Thian..... \$2,000

INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Inspector-General—Brigadier-General J. C. Breckenridge.
Assistants—Lieutenant-Colonel H. W. Lawton and Major J. P. Sanger.
Chief Clerk—W. H. Orcutt.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Quartermaster-General—Brigadier-General—R. N. Batchelder.
Assistants—Brevet Brigadier-General M. P. Ludington, Major James Gilliss, Captain J. F. Rodgers.
Depot Quartermaster—Brevet Brigadier-General G. B. Dandy.
Chief Clerk—J. Z. Dare.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

Commissary-General—Brigadier-General B. DuBarry.
 Assistants—Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Gilman, Captain John F. Weston, Captain O. M. Smith.
 Chief Clerk—William A. DeCandry.
 Depot Commissary—Captain F. E. Nye.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-General—Charles Sutherland.
 Assistants—Major C. R. Greenleaf, Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Billings, Major C. Smart.
 Chief Clerk—John J. Beardsley.
 Attending Surgeon—Lieutenant-Colonel A. Heger.

PAY DEPARTMENT.

Paymaster-General—Brigadier-General William Smith.
 Assistants—Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. Gibson, Major D. R. Larned.
 Chief Clerk—G. D. Hanson.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

Chief of Engineers—Brigadier-General T. L. Casey.
 Assistants—Major H. M. Adams, Captain J. G. D. Knight, Captain Thos. Turtle.
 Chief Clerk—Wm. J. Warren.
 Secretary to Lighthouse Board—Major J. F. Gregory.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

Officer in Charge—Colonel O. H. Ernst.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Chief of Ordnance—Brigadier-General Stephen V. Benet.
 Assistants—Captains Chas. S. Smith, Rogers Birnie, V. McNally, William Crozier,
 First Lieutenant D. A. Howard.
 Chief Clerk—John J. Cook.

JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Judge Advocate-General—Colonel G. N. Leiber (acting).
 Assistant—Lieutenant-Colonel Wm. Winthrop, deputy judge advocate-general.
 Chief Clerk—J. N. Morrison.

SIGNAL OFFICE.

Chief Signal Officer—Brigadier-General A. W. Greely.
 Disbursing Officer—Captain Robert Craig, assistant jr., mr.
 Assistants—Captains James Allen and H. H. C. Dunwoody, First Lieutenant R. E. Thompson and Second Lieutenants W. A. Glassford, B. M. Pursell and J. Mitchell.
 Chief Clerk—Otto A. Nesmith.

PUBLICATION OFFICE—WAR RECORDS.

Board of Publication—Major Geo. B. Davis, L. J. Perry, J. W. Kirkley.
 Assistants—Captains Wyllys Lyman, J. J. Knoe, J. A. Buchanan, Lieutenant Frank Taylor, L. C. D. Cowles, Lieutenant J. H. Duval.
 Agent for Collection of Confederate Records—M. J. Wright.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

BENJAMIN F. TRACY, of New York.

The Navy Department has charge of the Naval Establishment and all business connected therewith, issues Naval Commissions, instructions and orders, supervises the enlistment and discharge of seamen, the Marine Corps, the construction of Navy Yards and docks, the construction and equipment of vessels, the purchase of provisions, stores, clothing and ordnance, the conduct of surveys and hydrographical operations.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
Secretary—B. F. Tracy, New York.....	\$8,000
Private Secretary—Henry W. Raymond.....	2,250
Assistant Secretary—J. R. Soley, Massachusetts.....	4,500
Naval Aide—Lieutenant T. M. B. Mason.....	
Chief Clerk—John W. Hogg, Maryland.....	2,500

BUREAU YARDS AND DOCKS.

Chief—Commodore N. H. Farquhar.
 Lieutenant—A. B. Wyckoff.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Chief—Commodore Francis M. Ramsay.
 Lieutenants—E. B. F. Heald, E. B. Barry.

NAUTICAL ALMANAC.

Superintendent—Prof. Simon Newcomb.

Assistants—Prof. H. D. Todd, E. J. Loomis, G. W. Hill, Dr. J. Morrison.

OFFICE NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

Chief Intelligence Officer—Commodore C. H. Davis.

Lieutenants—G. W. Mentz, W. H. H. Southerland, Chas. E. Fox, Aug. F. Fechteler,
Charles C. Rogers, J. T. Newton, Benj. Tappan.

Ensigns—T. G. Dewey, J. M. Ellicott.

Past Assistant Engineer—C. W. Rae.

LIBRARY AND WAR RECORDS.

Lieutenant F. M. Wise, Acting Superintendent.

Lieutenants—Richard Rush, E. D. Taussig, L. Young, F. E. Beatty.

OFFICERS ON DUTY IN THE HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE.

Acting Hydrographer—Lieutenant Richardson Clover.

Lieutenants—H. S. Waring, C. M. McCarteney, F. H. Sherman, D. W. Coffman, H. M. Witzel.

Ensigns—J. S. Van Duser, J. E. Cravin, Hugh Rodman.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

Superintendent—Capt. F. V. McNair.

Lieutenants—W. Goodwin, H. Taylor, B. W. Hodges.

Ensigns—H. S. Chace, C. C. Marsh, Thos. Snowden, F. W. Kellogg, J. A. Hoogewerff,
B. C. Decker, W. B. Wells, Jr.

Professors of Mathematics—Asaph Hall, William Harkness, J. R. Eastman, Edgar Frisby, S. J. Brown.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

Chief—Commodore W. M. Folger.

Lieutenant-Commander—W. Maynard.

Lieutenants—C. A. Stone, S. H. May, Alex. McCrackin, Frank F. Fletcher, C. Y. Boush.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.

Chief—Capt. Geo. B. Dewey.

Naval Inspector of Electric Lighting— — — — —.

Ensigns—John Gibson, Gilbert Wilkes.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Chief—Surgeon-General J. Mills Browne.

Assistant Medical Inspector—W. K. Van Reyphen.

Special Duty—Surg. W. A. McClurg.

BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.

Chief—Paymaster-General Edwin Stewart.

Paymaster—C. P. Thompson.

Assistant Paymasters—A. K. Michler, C. M. Ray.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

Engineer-in-Chief—G. W. Melville.

Chief Engineers—N. P. Towne, F. G. McKean.

Passed Assistant Engineers—W. S. Moore, S. Potts, J. H. Perry.

Assistant Engineers—H. P. Norton, Emil Thiess, R. B. Higgins, W. P. Winchell, W. H. Chambers, H. Gage, W. M. McFarland, S. H. Leonard, Jr., D. C. Redgrave, H. G. Leopold.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

Chief Constructor—T. D. Wilson.

Naval Constructor—Philip Hichborn.

OFFICE OF JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL.

Judge Advocate General—Col. William B. Ramey, United States Marine Corps.

Lieutenants—S. C. Lemly, F. L. Denny, Marine Corps; R. M. G. Brown, U. S. N.

ADMIRAL'S OFFICE.

Admiral— — — — —.

Aide—Lt. Chauncey Thomas.

NAVAL EXAMINING BOARD.

Commodore J. A. Greer, Capt. R. R. Wallace, Commander S. W. Terry.

RETIRING BOARD.

Commodore J. A. Greer, President; Capt. R. R. Wallace. Medical Directors, John F. Taylor, D. Kindleberger.

STATE, WAR AND NAVY DEPARTMENT BUILDING.

Superintendent—Thomas Williamson, Chief Engineer.

Assistant—G. W. Baird, 1st Assistant Engineer.

BOARD OF INSPECTION AND SURVEY.

President—Rear Admiral T. J. Kimberley.

Members—Captain T. O. Selfridge; Commander W. R. Bridgeman; Chief Engineer W. G. Buchler; Naval Constructor, John F. Hanscom; Lieutenant L. C. Logan.

NAVAL DISPENSARY.

Surgeon—A. F. Price.

Passed Assistant Surgeon—P. M. Rixey.

MUSEUM OF HYGIENE.

Medical Director—P. S. Wales.

Passed Assistant Surgeon—S. H. Griffith.

NAVY PAY OFFICE.

Pay Director—Edward May.

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS.

Col. Commandant—Charles G. McCawley.

Adjutant and Inspector—Maj. Aug. S. Nicholson.

Quartermaster—Maj. H. B. Lowry.

Paymaster—Maj. Green Clay Goodloe.

MARINE BARRACKS, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Lieutenant-Colonel—Charles Heywood.

Captain—D. Pratt Mannix.

Surgeon—A. F. Magruder.

First Lieutenant—S. W. Quackenbush.

SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

JOHN W. NOBLE, of Missouri.

The Department of the Interior has charge of the survey, management, sales and grants of Public Lands, the examination of Pension and Bounty Land claims, the management of Indian affairs, the examination of Inventions and award of Patents, the collection of Statistics, the distribution of Seeds, plants, etc., the taking of census, the management of Government mines, the erection of Public Buildings and the construction of wagon roads to the Pacific.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
Secretary—John W. Noble, Missouri	\$8,000
First Assistant Secretary—George Chandler, Kansas.....	4,500
Second Assistant Secretary—Cyrus Bussey, New York.....	4,000
Chief Clerk—Edward M. Dawson, Maryland.....	2,500
Appointment Clerk—A. C. Tonner, Ohio.....	2,000

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.

Commissioner—Thos. H. Carter, Montana.....	4,000
Assistant Commissioner—Wm. M. Stone, Iowa.....	3,000
Chief Clerk—George Redway, District of Columbia.....	2,250

OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Commissioner—T. J. Morgan, Rhode Island.....	4,000
Assistant Commissioner—R. V. Belt, Maryland.....	3,000
Superintendent Indian Schools—D. Dorchester, Massachusetts.....	4,000

PENSION OFFICE.

Commissioner—Green B. Raum, Illinois.....	5,000
First Deputy Commissioner—Hiram Smith, Jr., Missouri.....	3,600
Second Deputy Commissioner—Chas. P. Lincoln, Michigan.....	3,600
Chief Clerk—A. W. Fisher, North Carolina.....	2,250
Medical Referee—Thomas D. Ingram, Pennsylvania.....	3,000

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.

Commissioner, Horace A. Taylor, Wisconsin.....	\$4,500
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PATENT OFFICE.

Commissioner, Chas. E. Mitchell, Connecticut.....	5,000
Assistant Commissioner, R. J. Fisher, Illinois.....	3,000
Chief Clerk, Schuyler Duryee, Virginia.....	2,250

OFFICE OF EDUCATION.

Commissioner—W. T. Harris, Massachusetts.....	3,000
Chief Clerk—J. W. Holcombe.....	1,800

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

487

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

	Salary.
Director—John W. Powell, Illinois	\$6,000
Chief Clerk—James C. Pilling.....	2,400

CENSUS OFFICE.

Superintendent—R. P. Porter, New York.....	6,000
Chief Clerk—A. F. Childs, Ohio.	2,500

POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

JOHN WANAMAKER, of Pennsylvania.

The *Post-Office Department* has charge of the Postal System, the establishment and continuance of Post-offices, appointment of Postmasters, Post-office inspectors, Postal clerks, Route Agents, etc., the contracts for carrying the mails, the Money Order Office, the Dead Letter Office, maintains an inspection to prevent frauds, mail depredations, etc.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

	Salary.
Postmaster-General—John Wanamaker, Pennsylvania.....	\$8,000
Chief Clerk—W. B. Cooley, Pennsylvania.....	2,500
Stenographer—John B. Minick, Michigan.....	1,800
Assistant Attorney-General—James N. Tyner, Indiana.....	4,000
Law Clerk—Ralph W. Haynes, Illinois.....	2,500
Appointment Clerk—James A. Vose, Maine.....	1,800
Superintendent and Disbursing Clerk—Theodore Davenport, Connecticut.....	2,100
Chief Postoffice Inspector—E. G. Rathbone, Ohio.....	3,000
Chief Clerk Division Mail Depredations—James Maynard, Tennessee.....	2,000
Topographer—Charles Roeser, Jr., Wisconsin.....	2,500
Chief division of Correspondence—James R. Ash, Pennsylvania.....	1,800

OFFICE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL.

First Assistant—Smith A. Whitfield, Ohio.....	4,000
Chief Clerk—E. C. Fowler, Maryland.....	2,000
Superintendent Division Post-office Supplies—E. H. Shook, Michigan.....	2,000
Superintendent Division Free Delivery—J. F. Bates, Iowa.....	3,000
Assistant Superintendent Division Free Delivery—Wm. Helm, Wisconsin.....	2,000
Chief Division Appointments—P. H. Bristow, Iowa.....	2,000
Chief Division Bonds and Commissions—Luther Caldwell, New York.....	2,000
Chief Division Salaries and Allowances—A. H. Scott, Iowa.....	2,200

OFFICE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Second Assistant—J. Lowrie Bell, Pennsylvania.....	4,000
Chief Clerk—William J. Pollock, Kansas.....	2,000
Superintendent Railway Adjustments—John M. Young, Michigan.....	2,000
Chief Division of Inspection—John A. Chapman, Illinois.....	2,000
Chief Division Mail Equipment—R. D. S. Tyler, Michigan.....	1,800

OFFICE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Third Assistant—A. D. Hazen, Pennsylvania.....	4,000
Chief Clerk—Madison Davis, District of Columbia.....	2,000
Chief Division Postage Stamps—E. B. George, Massachusetts.....	2,250
Chief Division Finance, A. W. Bingham, Michigan.....	2,000

RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE.

General Superintendent—James E. White, Illinois.....	3,500
Chief Clerk—Alex. Grant, Michigan.....	2,000

FOREIGN MAILS.

Superintendent—N. M. Brooks, Virginia.....	3,000
Chief Clerk—W. H. Smith, Indiana.....	2,000

MONEY-ORDER SYSTEM.

Superintendent—C. F. Macdonald, Massachusetts.....	3,500
Chief Clerk—James T. Metcalf, Iowa.....	2,000

DEAD-LETTER DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent—David P. Leibhardt, Indiana.....	2,500
Chief Clerk—Waldo G. Perry, Vermont.....	1,800

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

WILLIAM H. H. MILLER, of Indiana.

The Attorney-General is the head of the *Department of Justice*. He is the legal adviser of the President and heads of Departments, examines titles, applications for pardons and judicial and legal appointments, conducts and argues suits in which the Government is concerned, etc.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

	Salary.
Attorney General—W. H. H. Miller, Indiana.....	\$8,000
Solicitor General—Wm. H. Taft, Ohio.....	7,000
Assistant Attorney General—Wm. A. Maury, District of Columbia.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney General—J. B. Cotton, Maine.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney General—A. X. Parker, New York.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney General, Department of Interior—Geo. H. Shields, Missouri.....	5,000
Assistant Attorney General, Postoffice Department—J. N. Tyner, Indiana.....	4,000
Solicitor of Internal Revenue, Treasury Department—Alphonso Hart, Ohio.....	4,500
Examiner of Claims, State Department—Frank C. Partridge, Vermont.....	3,500
Law Clerk and Examiner of Titles—A. J. Bentley, Ohio.....	2,700
Chief Clerk and Superintendent of Building—Cecil Clay, West Virginia.....	2,500
General Agent—E. C. Foster, Iowa.....	\$10 per diem
Appointing and Disbursing Clerk—Frank A. Branagan, Ohio.....	2,000
Clerk of Pardons—Chas. F. Scott, West Virginia.....	2,400
Solicitor of Treasury, Treasury Department—W. P. Hepburn, Iowa.....	4,500
Assistant Solicitor, Treasury Department—F. A. Reeve, Tennessee.....	3,000
Chief Clerk Solicitor's Office, Treasury Department—Charles E. Vrooman, Iowa..	2,000

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.

JEREMIAH M. RUSK, of Wisconsin.

The Secretary of Agriculture is charged with the supervision of all public business relating to the agricultural industry. He appoints all the officers and employes of the department with the exception of the assistant secretary, who is appointed by the President, and directs the management of all the divisions and sections and the bureaus embraced in the department. He exercises advisory supervision over the agricultural experiment stations deriving support from the national treasury, and has control of the quarantine stations for imported cattle, and of inter-State quarantine rendered necessary by contagious cattle diseases.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

	Salary..
Secretary—J. M. Rusk, Wisconsin.....	\$8,000
Assistant Secretary—E. Willits, Michigan.....	4,500
Chief Clerk—S. S. Rockwood, Wisconsin.....	2,500
Private Secretary—Henry Casson, Jr., Wisconsin.....	2,000
Statistician—J. R. Dodge, Ohio.....	2,500
Chief of Division of Accounts—B. F. Fuller, Illinois.....	2,000
Horticulturist, etc.—W. Saunders, District of Columbia.....	2,500
Entomologist—C. V. Riley, Missouri.....	2,500
Botanist—Geo. Vasey, Illinois.....	2,500
Chemist—H. W. Wiley, Indiana.....	2,500
Microscopist—Thomas Taylor, Massachusetts.....	2,500
Chief Experimental Stations—O. W. Atwater, Connecticut.....	3,500
Ornithologist—C. H. Merriam, New York.....	2,500
Chief Forestry Division—B. E. Fernow, New York.....	2,000
Pomologist—H. E. Van Demen, North Carolina.....	2,500
Bureau Animal Industry—D. E. Salmon, North Carolina.....	3,000
Appointment Clerk—J. B. Bennett, Wisconsin.....	2,000

INDEPENDENT DEPARTMENTS.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

	Salary.
Public Printer — Frank W. Palmer, Illinois.....	\$4,500
Chief Clerk — W. H. Collins, New York.....	2,400
Foreman of Printing — H. T. Brian, Maryland.....	2,100
Foreman of Binding — Jas. W. White, District of Columbia.....	2,100

UNITED STATES CIVIL-SERVICE COMMISSION.

Commissioners — Theodore Roosevelt, New York; Charles Lyman, Connecticut; Hugh S. Thompson, South Carolina.....	3,500
Chief Examiner — W. H. Webster, Conn.....	3,000

BUREAU OF LABOR.

Commissioner — Carroll D. Wright, Massachusetts.....	3,000
Chief Clerk — Oren W. Weaver, Massachusetts....	2,500

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Commissioners — Thomas M. Cooley, of Michigan, chairman; William R. Morrison, of Illinois; Martin A. Knapp, of New York; Walter L. Bragg, of Alabama; Wheelock G. Veazey, of Vermont.	
Secretary — Edward A. Moseley, 1424 New York avenue, Washington.	

UNITED STATES FISH COMMISSIONER.

Marshall McDonald.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

Librarian — Ainsworth R. Spofford, Ohio.....	\$4,000
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FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Begins March 4, 1891. Ends March 4, 1893.

LEVI P. MORTON, Vice-president, Presiding.

Republicans, 48; Democrats, 38; Farmers' Alliance, 2.

SENATORS.	Home Post-office.	Term ends.	SENATORS.	Home Post-office.	Term ends.
ALABAMA.			MONTANA.		
John T. Morgan, D.....	Selma	1895	William F. Sanders, R..	Helena	1893
James T. Pugh, D.....	Eufaula	1897	Thomas C. Power, R....	Helena	1895
ARKANSAS.			NEBRASKA.		
James H. Berry, D.....	Bentonville...	1895	Charles F. Manderson, R	Omaha	1895
James K. Jones, D.....	Washington ..	1897	A. S. Paddock, R.....	Beatrice.....	1893
CALIFORNIA.			NEVADA.		
Charles N. Felton, R.....	San Francisco	1895	W. M. Stewart, R.....	Virginia City..	1893
Leland Stanford, R.....	San Francisco	1897	John P. Jones, R.....	Gold Hill.....	1897
COLORADO.			NEW HAMPSHIRE.		
E. O. Wolcott, R.....	Denver	1895	William E. Chandler, R.	Concord.....	1895
Henry M. Teller, R.....	Central City...	1897	Jacob H. Gallinger, R..	Concord.....	1897
CONNECTICUT.			NEW JERSEY.		
Joseph R. Hawley, R.....	Hartford	1893	John R. McPherson, D..	Jersey City....	1895
O. H. Platt, R.....	Meriden	1897	Rufus Blodgett, D.....	Long Branch...	1893
DELAWARE.			NEW YORK.		
Anthony Higgins, R.....	Wilmington ..	1895	Frank Hiscock, R.....	Syracuse	1893
George Gray, D.....	Wilmington ..	1893	D. B. Hill, D.....	Elmira	1897
FLORIDA.			NORTH CAROLINA.		
Samuel Pasco, D.....	Monticello....	1893	Matt W. Ransom, D.....	Weldon.....	1895
Wilkinson Call, D.....	Jacksonville..	1897	Zebulon B. Vance, D...	Charlotte.....	1897
GEORGIA.			NORTH DAKOTA.		
Alfred H. Colquitt, D....	Atlanta.....	1895	Lyman R. Casey, R.....	Jamestown....	1893
John B. Gordon, D.....	Atlanta.....	1897	H. C. Hanesbrough, R..	Devils Lake ..	1897
IDAHO.			OHIO.		
Geo. L. Shoup, R.....	Boise City	1893	John Sherman, R.....	Mansfield	1893
Fred. T. Dubois, R.....	Blackfoot.....	1897	Calvin S. Brice, D.....	Lima	1897
ILLINOIS.			OREGON.		
Shelby M. Cullom, R.....	Springfield ...	1895	Joseph Dolph, R.....	Portland	1895
John M. Palmer, D.....	Springfield ...	1897	John H. Mitchell, R....	Portland	1897
INDIANA.			PENNSYLVANIA.		
Daniel S. Turpie, D.....	Indianapolis ..	1893	Matthew S. Quay, R....	Beaver	1893
Daniel W. Voorhees, D..	Terre Haute....	1897	J. Don Cameron, R....	Harrisburg....	1897
IOWA.			RHODE ISLAND.		
James F. Wilson, R.....	Fairfield.....	1895	Nathan F. Dixon, R....	Westerly	1895
William B. Allison, R....	Dubuque	1897	Nelson W. Aldrich, R..	Providence....	1893
KANSAS.			SOUTH CAROLINA.		
Preston B. Plumb, R.....	Emporia.....	1895	M. C. Butler, D.....	Edgefield.....	1895
Wm. A. Peffer, F. A.....	Topeka	1897	John L. M. Irby, D....	Laurens	1897
KENTUCKY.			SOUTH DAKOTA.		
John G. Carlisle, D.....	Covington.....	1895	F. T. Pettigrew, R.....	Sioux Falls....	1895
Jos. C. S. Blackburn, D..	Versailles.....	1897	J. H. Kyle, F. A.....	Aberdeen.....	1897
LOUISIANA.			TENNESSEE.		
Randall L. Gibson, D....	New Orleans..	1895	Isham G. Harris, D....	Memphis	1895
Edward D. White, D....	New Orleans..	1897	William B. Bate, R....	Columbia.....	1893
MAINE.			TEXAS.		
William P. Frye, R.....	Lewiston	1895	Richard Coke, D.....	Waco.....	1895
Eugene Hale, R.....	Ellsworth.....	1893	J. H. Reagan, D.....	Palestine	1893
MARYLAND.			VERMONT.		
Arthur P. Gorman, D....	Laurel.....	1893	George F. Edmunds, R..	Burlington ...	1893
.....	.....	1897	Justin S. Morrill, R..	Stafford	1897
MASSACHUSETTS.			VIRGINIA.		
George F. Hoar, R.....	Worcester.....	1895	John S. Barbour, D....	Alexandria....	1895
Henry L. Dawes, R.....	Pittsfield	1893	John W. Daniel, D....	Lynchburg....	1893
MICHIGAN.			WASHINGTON.		
James McMillan, R.....	Detroit	1895	J. B. Allen, R.....	Walla Walla...	1893
F. B. Stockbridge, R....	Kalamazoo....	1897	Watson, C. Squire, R..	Seattle	1897
MINNESOTA.			WEST VIRGINIA.		
William D. Washburn, R.	Minneapolis ..	1895	John E. Kenna, D.....	Kanawha.....	1895
Cushman K. Davis, R....	St. Paul.....	1893	C. J. Faulkner, D.....	Martinsburg...	1893
MISSISSIPPI.			WISCONSIN.		
E. C. Walthall, D.....	Grenada.....	1895	Philetus Sawyer, R....	Oshkosh.....	1893
James Z. George, D.....	Jackson.....	1893	William F. Vilas, D....	Madison	1897
MISSOURI.			WYOMING.		
Francis M. Cockrell, D..	Warrensburg..	1895	Joseph M. Carey, R....	Cheyenne	1895
George G. Vest, D.....	Kansas City...	1897	Francis E. Warren, R..	Cheyenne	1893

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.	Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.
ALABAMA			INDIANA — continued.		
1.	Richard H. Clark, D.	Mobile.	5.	George W. Cooper, D.	Columbus.
2.	Hilary A. Herbert, D.	Montgomery.	6.	Henry U. Johnson, R.	Richmond.
3.	William C. Oates, D.	Abbeville.	7.	William D. Bynum, D.	Indianapolis.
4.	Louis W. Turpin, D.	Newberne.	8.	E. V. Brookshire, D.	Crawfordsville.
5.	James E. Cobb, D.	Tuskegee.	9.	Daniel Waugh, R.	Tipton.
6.	John I. Bankhead, D.	Fayette, C. H.	10.	D. H. Pelton, D.	Remington.
7.	Wm. H. Forney, D.	Jacksonville.	11.	A. N. Martin, D.	Bluffton.
8.	Jos. Wheeler, D.	Wheeler.	12.	C. A. O. McClellan, D.	Auburn.
ARKANSAS			13.	B. F. Shively, D.	South Bend.
1.	W. Henderson Cate, D.	Jonesboro.	IOWA		
2.	C. R. Breckearidge, D.	Pine Bluff.	1.	J. J. Seerly, D.	Burlington.
3.	Thos. C. McRae, D.	Prescott.	2.	Walter I. Hayes, D.	Clinton.
4.	William L. Terry, D.	Little Rock.	3.	D. B. Henderson, R.	Dubuque.
5.	Samuel W. Peel, D.	Bentonville.	4.	W. H. Butler, D.	West Union.
CALIFORNIA			5.	John T. Hamilton, D.	Cedar Rapids.
1.	T. J. Geary, D.	Santa Rosa.	6.	F. W. White, D.	Hedrick.
2.	Geo. G. Blanchard, R.	Eldorado.	7.	J. A. T. Hull, R.	Des Moines.
3.	Joseph H. McKenna, R.	Suisun.	8.	James P. Flick, R.	Bedford.
4.	John T. Cutting, R.	San Francisco.	9.	Thomas Bowman, D.	Council Bluffs.
5.	Eugene F. Loud, R.	San Francisco.	10.	J. P. Dolliver, R.	Fort Dodge.
6.	W. W. Bowers, R.	San Diego.	11.	George D. Perkins, R.	Sioux City.
COLORADO			KANSAS		
1.	Hosea Townsend, R.	Silver Cliff.	1.	Case Broderick, R.	Hallon.
CONNECTICUT			2.	Edward H. Funston, R.	Iola.
1.	Lewis Sperry, D.	Hartford.	3.	B. H. Clover, F. A.	Cambridge.
2.	W. F. Wilcox, D.	Chester.	4.	John G. Otis, F. A.	Topeka.
3.	Charles A. Russell, R.	Killingly.	5.	John Davis, F. A.	Junction City.
4.	R. E. DeForest, D.	Bridgeport.	6.	William Baker, F. A.	Lincoln.
DELAWARE			7.	J. Simpson, F. A.	Medicine Lodge
1.	John A. Causey, D.	Milford.	KENTUCKY		
FLORIDA			1.	William J. Stone, D.	Kuttewa.
1.	S. R. Mallory, D.	Pensacola.	2.	William T. Ellis, D.	Owensborough.
2.	R. Bullock, D.	Ocala.	3.	Isaac H. Goodnight, D.	Franklin.
GEORGIA			4.	A. B. Montgomery, D.	Elizabethville.
1.	Rufus E. Lester, D.	Savannah.	5.	Ashur G. Caruth, D.	Louistown.
2.	Henry G. Turner, D.	Quitman.	6.	W. W. Dickerson, D.	Williamstown.
3.	Charles F. Crisp, D.	Americus.	7.	W. C. P. Brecken-	
4.	Charles L. Moses, F. A.	Turin.		ridge, D.	Lexington.
5.	L. F. Livingston, F. A.	Covington.	8.	J. B. McCreary, D.	Richmond.
6.	James H. Blount, D.	Macon.	9.	T. H. Paynter, D.	Greenup.
7.	W. R. Everett, F. A.	Cedartown.	10.	John W. Kendall, D.	West Liberty.
8.	Thos. G. Lawson, D.	Eatonton.	11.	John H. Wilson, R.	Barboursville.
9.	Thomas E. Winn, D.	Lawrenceville.	LOUISIANA		
10.	Thomas B. Watson, D.	Thompson.	1.	Adolph Meyer, D.	New Orleans.
IDAHO			2.	Mat. D. Lagan, D.	New Orleans.
1.	Willis Sweet, R.	Moscow.	3.	Andrew Price, D.	Thibodeaux.
ILLINOIS			4.	N. C. Blanchard, D.	Shreveport.
1.	Abner Taylor, R.	Chicago.	5.	C. J. Boatner, D.	Monroe.
2.	L. E. McGann, D.	Chicago.	6.	S. M. Robertson, D.	Baton Rouge.
3.	Allen C. Durburrow, D.	Chicago.	MAINE		
4.	W. C. Newberry, D.	Chicago.	1.	Thomas B. Reed, R.	Portland.
5.	Albert J. Hopkins, R.	Aurora.	2.	Nelson Dingley, Jr., R.	Lewiston.
6.	Robert R. Hitt, R.	Mount Morris.	3.	Seth L. Millikin, R.	Belfast.
7.	Thos. J. Henderson, R.	Princeton.	4.	C. Addison Boutelle, R.	Bangor.
8.	Charles A. Hill, R.	Joliet.	MARYLAND		
9.	Herman W. Snow, D.	Sueldon.	1.	Henry Page, D.	Princess Anne.
10.	Phillip Sidney Post, R.	Galesburgh.	2.	Herman Stump, D.	Bel Air.
11.	Benjamin T. Cable, D.	Rock Island.	3.	H. Welles Rask, D.	Baltimore.
12.	Scott Wike, D.	Pittsfield.	4.	Isidor Rayner, D.	Baltimore.
13.	Wm. M. Springer, D.	Springfield.	5.	Barnes Compton, D.	Laurel.
14.	Owen Scott, D.	Bloomington.	6.	Wm. M. McKaig, D.	Cumberland.
15.	S. T. Busey, D.	Urbana.	MASSACHUSETTS		
16.	Geo. W. Fithian, D.	Newton.	1.	Charles S. Randall, R.	New Bedford.
17.	Edward Lane, D.	Hillsborough.	2.	Elijah A. Morse, R.	Canton.
18.	Wm. S. Forman, D.	Nashville.	3.	John F. Andrew, D.	Boston.
19.	J. R. Williams, D.	Carmi.	4.	Joseph. H. O'Neil, D.	Boston.
20.	Geo. W. Smith, R.	Murphysboro'h.	5.	Sherman Hoar, D.	Waltham.
INDIANA			6.	Henry Cabot Lodge, R.	Nahant.
1.	William F. Pratt, D.	Evansville.	7.	William Cogswell, R.	Salem.
2.	John L. Britz, D.	Jasper.	8.	Moses T. Stevens, D.	North Andover.
3.	Jason B. Brown, D.	Seymour.	9.	George F. Williams, D.	Dedham.
4.	William S. Holman, D.	Aurora.	10.	Joseph H. Walker, R.	Worcester.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES — Continued.

Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.	Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.
MASSACHUSETTS — con.			NEW YORK — Con.		
11.	F. S. Coolidge, D.	Ashburnham.	10.	Francis B. Spinola, D	Stony Brook, L. I.
12.	John C. Crosby, D.	Pittsfield.	11.	J. D. Warner, D.	New York.
MICHIGAN.			12.	Roswell P. Flower, D.	New York.
1.	J. Logan Chipman, D	Detroit.	13.	A. P. Fitch, D.	New York.
2.	J. S. Gorman, D.	Chelsea.	14.	W. G. Stahluecker, D.	Yonkers.
3.	James O'Donnell, R.	Jackson.	15.	Henry Bacon, D.	Goshen.
4.	Julius C. Burrows, R	Kalamazoo.	16.	J. H. Ketcham, R.	Dover Plains.
5.	M. H. Ford, D.	Grand Rapids.	17.	I. N. Cox, D.	Ellenville.
6.	B. G. Stout, D.	Pontiac.	18.	J. A. Quackenbush, R.	Stillwater.
7.	Justin R. Whiting, D.	St. Clair.	19.	Charles Tracey, D.	Albany.
8.	H. M. Youngmans, D	Saginaw.	20.	John Sanford, R.	Amsterdam.
9.	H. Wheeler, D.	Bay City.	21.	J. M. Weaver, R.	Plattsburg.
10.	T. E. A. Wheadock, D	Menominee.	22.	L. W. Russell, R.	Ogdensburg.
11.	S. M. Stephenson, R.	Menominee.	23.	H. W. Bentley, D.	Boonville.
MINNESOTA.			24.	G. Van Horn, D.	Cooperstown.
1.	W. H. Harris, D.	Caledonia.	25.	James T. Belden, R.	Syracuse.
2.	John Lind, R.	New Ulm.	26.	G. W. Ray, R.	Norwich.
3.	O. M. Hall, D.	Red Wing.	27.	S. E. Payne R.	Auburn.
4.	J. N. Castle, D.	Stillwater.	28.	H. H. Rockwell, D.	Elmira.
5.	K. Halvorson, F. A.	Belgrade.	29.	John Raines, R.	Canandaigua.
MISSISSIPPI.			30.	H. S. Greenleaf, D.	Rochester.
1.	John M. Allen, D.	Tupelo.	31.	J. W. Wadsworth, R.	Geneseo.
2.	J. C. Kyle, F. A.	Sardis.	32.	D. N. Lockwood, D.	Buffalo.
3.	T. C. Catchings, D.	Vicksburg.	33.	T. L. Bunting, D.	Hamburg.
4.	Clarke Lewis, D.	Cliftonville.	34.	W. B. Hooker, R.	Fredonia.
5.	J. H. Beaman, F. A.	Elley.	NORTH CAROLINA.		
6.	T. R. Stockdale, D.	Summit.	1.	W. A. B. Branch, D.	Washington.
7.	C. E. Hooker, D.	Jackson.	2.	H. P. Cheatham, R.	Henderson.
MISSOURI.			3.	B. F. Grady, D.	Albertson.
1.	William H. Hatch, D	Hannibal.	4.	B. H. Bunn, D.	Rocky Mount.
2.	Charles H. Mansur, D	Chillicothe.	5.	A. H. A. Williams, D.	Oxford.
3.	Alex M. Dockery, D.	Gallatin.	6.	S. B. Alexander, D.	Charlotte.
4.	R. P. C. Wilson, D.	Platte City.	7.	J. S. Henderson, D.	Salisbury.
5.	John C. Tarsney, D.	Kansas City	8.	W. H. H. Cowles, D.	Wikesborough.
6.	John T. Heard, D.	Sedalia.	9.	W. T. Crawford, D.	Waynesville.
7.	Richard H. Norton, D	Troy.	NORTH DAKOTA.		
8.	John J. O'Neill, D.	St. Louis.	1.	N. M. Johnson, R. ...	Nelson.
9.	Seth W. Cobb, D.	St. Louis.	OHIO.		
10.	Sam. Byrnes, D.	Potosi.	1.	Bellamy Storer, R.	Cincinnati.
11.	Richard P. Bland, D.	Lebanon.	2.	J. A. Caldwell, R.	Cincinnati.
12.	D. A. De Armond, D.	Butler.	3.	G. W. Houk, D.	Dayton.
13.	Robert W. Fyan, D.	Marshfield.	4.	M. K. Gotz, D.	Troy.
14.	Marshal Arnold, D.	Commercec.	5.	F. C. Layton, D.	Wapakoneta.
MONTANA.			6.	D. D. Donovan, D	Leipsic.
1.	Wm. Wirt Dixon, D.	Butte.	7.	W. E. Haynes, D.	Fremont.
NEBRASKA.			8.	D. D. Hare, D.	Upper Sandusky
1.	W. J. Bryan, D.	Lincoln.	9.	J. H. Outhwaite, D.	Columbus.
2.	W. A. McKeighan, F. A.	Red Cloud.	10.	R. E. Doan, R.	Wilmington.
3.	O. M. Kern, F. A.	Broken Bow.	11.	J. M. Pattison, D.	Milford.
NEVADA.			12.	W. H. Enoch, R.	Ironton.
1.	Horace F. Bartine, R.	Carson City.	13.	Irvine Dungan, D.	Jackson.
NEW HAMPSHIRE.			14.	J. W. Owens, D.	Newark.
1.	L. F. McKinney, D.	Manchester.	15.	M. D. Harter, D.	Mansfield.
2.	W. F. Daniels, D.	Franklin.	16.	J. G. Warwick, D.	Massillon.
NEW JERSEY.			17.	A. G. Pearson, D.	Woodfield.
1.	Chris. A. Bergen, R.	Camden.	18.	J. D. Taylor, R.	Cambridge.
2.	James Buchanan, R.	Trenton.	19.	E. B. Taylor, R.	Warren.
3.	J. A. Geissenhainer, D.	Freehold.	20.	Vincent A. Taylor, R.	Belford.
4.	Samuel Fowler, D.	Newton.	21.	T. L. Johnson, D.	Cleveland.
5.	C. A. Cadmus, D.	Paterson.	OREGON.		
6.	Thos. D. English, D.	Newark.	1.	Binger Herman, R.	Roseburgh.
7.	Edw. F. McDonald, D.	Harrison.	PENNSYLVANIA.		
NEW YORK.			1.	H. H. Bingham, R.	Philadelphia.
1.	James W. Covert, D.	Long Island City	2.	Charles O'Neil, R.	Philadelphia.
2.	D. A. Boody, D.	Brooklyn.	3.	William McAleer, D.	Philadelphia.
3.	W. J. Coombs, D.	Brooklyn.	4.	J. E. Reyburn, R.	Philadelphia.
4.	John M. Clancy, D.	Brooklyn.	5.	A. C. Harmer, R.	Philadelphia.
5.	T. F. Magner, D.	Brooklyn.	6.	J. B. Robinson, R.	Media.
6.	J. R. Fellows, D.	New York.	7.	E. N. Hallowell, D.	Abington.
7.	E. J. Dumphy, D.	New York.	8.	William Mutchler, D.	Easton.
8.	T. J. Cambell, D.	New York.	9.	D. B. Brunner, D.	Reading.
9.	Amos Cummings, D.	New York.	10.	M. Brosius, R.	Lancaster.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES — Continued.

Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.	Dis.	Representatives.	Home Post-office.
PENNSYLVANIA — CON.			TEXAS.		
11	L. A. Amerman, D.	Scranton.	1.	Charles Stewart, D.	Houston.
12	G. W. Shonk, R.	Plymouth.	2.	John B. Long, D.	Palestine.
13	J. B. Reilly, D.	Pottsville.	3.	C. B. Kilgore, D.	Will's Point.
14	J. W. Rife, R.	Middletown.	4.	D. B. Culbertson, D.	Jefferson.
15	M. B. Wright, R.	Susquehanna.	5.	J. W. Bailey, D.	Sherman.
16	Albert C. Hopkins, R.	Lock Haven.	6.	Jo Abbott, D.	Hillsborough.
17	S. P. Wolverton, D.	Sunbury.	7.	W. H. Crain, D.	Cuero.
18	L. E. Atkinson, R.	Mifflintown.	8.	L. W. Moore, D.	La Grange.
19	F. E. Beltzhoover, D.	Carlisle.	9.	R. Q. Mills, D.	Corsicana.
20	Ed. Scull, R.	Somerset.	10.	J. D. Sayers, D.	Bastrop.
21	G. F. Huff, R.	Greensburg.	11.	S. W. T. Lanham, D.	Weatherford.
22	John Dalzell, R.	Pittsburgh.	VERMONT.		
23	W. A. Stone, R.	Allegheny City.	1.	H. Henry Powers, R.	Morrisville.
24	Andrew J. Stewart, R.	Ohioople.	2.	William W. Grout, R.	Barton.
25	Eugene P. Gillespie, D.	Greenville.	VIRGINIA.		
26	M. Griswold, R.	Erie.	1.	William A. Jones, D.	Warsaw.
27	C. W. Stone, R.	Warren.	2.	J. W. Lawson, D.	Smithfield.
28	G. F. Kribbs, D.	Clarion.	3.	George D. Wise, D.	Richmond.
RHODE ISLAND.			4.	Joseph F. Epes, D.	Nottoway C. H.
1.	Oscar Lapham, D.	Providence.	5.	Posey G. Lester, D.	Floyd, C. H.
2.	No election.	(*)	6.	Paul C. Edmunds, D.	Halifax C. H.
SOUTH CAROLINA.			7.	C. T. O'Ferrall, D.	Harrisonburgh.
1.	W. H. Brawley, D.	Charleston.	8.	W. H. F. Lee, D.	Burkes' Station.
2.	G. D. Tillman, D.	Clark's Hill.	9.	J. A. Buchanan, D.	Abingdon.
3.	George Johnstone, D.	Newberry.	10.	H. St. G. Tucker, D.	Staunton.
4.	Geo. W. Shell, F. A.	Lawrens.	WASHINGTON.		
5.	J. J. Hemphill, D.	Chester.	1.	J. L. Wilson, R.	Spokane Falls.
6.	L. T. Stackhouse, D.	Little Rock.	WEST VIRGINIA.		
7.	William Elliott, D.	Beaufort.	1.	John O. Pendleton, D.	Wheeling.
SOUTH DAKOTA.			2.	William L. Wilson, D.	Charlestown.
1.	J. R. Gamble, R.	Yankton.	3.	J. D. Alderson, D.	Nicholas C. H.
2.	J. A. Pickler, R.	Faultkon.	4.	J. A. Capehart, D.	Mt. Pleasant.
TENNESSEE.			WISCONSIN.		
1.	Alfred A. Taylor, R.	Johnson City.	1.	Clinton Babbitt, D.	Beloit.
2.	L. C. Houk, R.	Knoxville.	2.	Charles Barwig, D.	Mayville.
3.	H. C. Snodgrass, D.	Sparta.	3.	Allen R. Bushnell, D.	Lancaster.
4.	Benton McMillin, D.	Carthage.	4.	John L. Mitchell, D.	Milwaukee.
5.	Jas. D. Richardson, D.	Murfreesboro.	5.	Geo. H. Brickner, D.	Sheboygan Falls.
6.	Jos. E. Washington, D.	Cedar Hill.	6.	Lucas M. Miller, D.	Oshkosh.
7.	N. N. Cox, D.	Franklin.	7.	Frank P. Coburn, D.	West Salem.
8.	B. A. Enloe, D.	Jackson.	8.	N. P. Haugen, R.	River Falls.
9.	Rice A. Pierce, D.	Union City.	9.	Thomas Lynch, D.	Antigo.
10.	Josiah Patterson, D.	Memphis.	WYOMING.		
			1.	Clarence D. Clark, R.	Evanston.

* As a majority of all the votes cast is required to elect at the first election, but not at subsequent elections, a second election will be necessary in the Second Rhode Island District. The vote shows that Charles H. Page has a plurality only.

DELEGATES.**ARIZONA.**

1. Marcus A. Smith, D. Tombstone.

NEW MEXICO.

1. Joseph Antonio, D. Ojo Caliente.

OKLAHOMA.

1. David A. Harvey, R. Oklahoma City.

UTAH.

1. John T. Caine, Peo. Salt Lake City.

RECAPITULATION.

States.	Repub- lican.	Democrat.	Farm- ers Alli- ance.	States.	Repub- lican.	Democrat.	Farm- ers' Al- liance.
Alabama.....		8		New Hampshire.....		2	
Arkansas.....		5		New Jersey.....	2	5	
California.....	5	1		Nevada.....	1		
Colorado.....	1			New York.....	11	23	
Connecticut.....	1	3		North Carolina.....	1	8	
Delaware.....		1		North Dakota.....	1		
Florida.....		2		Ohio.....	7	14	
Georgia.....		7	3	Oregon.....	1		
Idaho.....	1			Pennsylvania.....	18	10	
Illinois.....	7	13		Rhode Island*.....		1	
Indiana.....	2	11		South Carolina.....		6	1
Iowa.....	5	6		South Dakota.....	2		
Kansas.....	2		5	Tennessee.....	2	8	
Kentucky.....	1	10		Texas.....		11	
Louisiana.....		6		Vermont.....	2		
Maine.....	4			Virginia.....		10	
Maryland.....		6		Washington.....	1		
Massachusetts.....	5	7		West Virginia.....		4	
Michigan.....	3	8		Wisconsin.....	1	8	
Minnesota.....	1	3	1	Wyoming.....	1		
Mississippi.....		5	2				
Missouri.....		14		Totals.....	89	228	14
Montana.....		1					
Nebraska.....		1	2				

* One vacancy.

SALARIES OF MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF CONGRESS.

UNITED STATES SENATE.—Two Senators from each state \$5,000 each, with mileage (20 cents per mile), stationery (\$125), franking privilege and expenses on committees and special deputations; Secretary, \$4,896; Chief Clerk, \$3,000; 5 Principal Clerks, \$2,592 each; Librarian, \$2,592; Librarian, \$2,220; Assistant Librarian, \$1,800; Chaplain, \$900; Sergeant-at-Arms, \$4,350; 25 Assistant Doorkeepers, from \$1,440 to \$2,592; Postmaster, \$2,100; Assistant Postmaster, \$2,088; Clerks to 25 Committees, \$6 per day; Reporter of Debates and Assistants a total of \$25,000; and many other employees at salaries ranging from \$2.50 per day to \$2,500 per year.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Speaker, \$8,000; Representatives and Delegates, \$5,000, with mileage (20 cents per mile), and stationery (\$125) and franking privilege; Clerk, \$4,500; 5 other Chief Clerks, \$3,000 each; Sergeant-at-arms, \$4,000; Chaplain, \$900; 7 Stenographers and Official Reporters to Committees, \$5,000 each; Clerks to 35 Committees, \$6 per day; Architect of Capitol, \$4,500; Public Printer, \$3,600; numerous other employees at salaries ranging from \$2.50 per day to \$2,500 per year.

THE NEW APORTIONMENT.

Following is the Apportionment of Representatives in Congress and Presidential Electors under the new Apportionment.

[Basis of Population 173,901.]

STATES.	Population.	Representatives on even division.	Fraction resulting.	Final No. of representatives.	Electoral vote.
Alabama	1,513,017	8	121,809	9	11
Arkansas	1,128,179	6	84,773	6	8
California	1,208,180	6	164,724	7	9
Colorado	412,198	2	64,396	2	4
Connecticut	746,258	4	50,654	4	6
Delaware	168,493	1	.....	1	3
Florida	391,422	2	43,620	2	4
Georgia	1,837,353	10	98,343	11	13
Idaho	84,385	1	.....	1	3
Illinois	3,826,351	22	529	22	21
Indiana	2,192,404	12	105,592	13	15
Iowa	1,911,896	10	172,886	11	13
Kansas	1,427,096	8	35,888	8	10
Kentucky	1,858,635	10	119,625	11	13
Louisiana	1,118,587	6	75,181	6	8
Maine	661,086	3	139,383	4	6
Maryland	1,042,390	5	172,885	6	8
Massachusetts	2,238,943	12	152,131	13	15
Michigan	2,093,889	12	7,077	12	14
Minnesota	1,301,826	7	84,519	7	9
Mississippi	1,289,600	7	72,293	7	9
Missouri	2,679,184	15	70,669	15	17
Montana	132,159	1	.....	1	3
Nebraska	1,058,910	6	15,504	6	8
Nevada	45,761	1	.....	1	3
New Hampshire	376,530	2	28,728	2	4
New Jersey	1,444,933	8	53,725	8	10
New York	5,997,853	34	85,219	34	36
North Carolina	1,617,947	9	52,838	9	11
North Dakota	182,719	1	8,818	1	3
Ohio	3,672,316	21	20,395	21	23
Oregon	313,767	1	139,866	2	4
Pennsylvania	5,258,014	30	40,984	30	32
Rhode Island	345,506	1	171,605	2	4
South Carolina	1,151,149	6	107,748	7	9
South Dakota	328,898	1	154,907	2	4
Tennessee	1,767,518	10	28,508	10	12
Texas	2,235,523	12	148,711	13	15
Vermont	332,422	1	158,521	2	4
Virginia	1,655,980	9	90,871	10	12
Washington	349,390	2	1,588	2	4
West Virginia	762,794	4	67,190	4	6
Wisconsin	1,686,880	9	121,771	10	12
Wyoming	60,705	1	.....	1	3
Total population of states.	61,908,906	339	3,334,469	356	444

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

Explanation—E. E. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul General.

Country.	Names and Rank.	Residence.	State from.	Salary.
Argentine Republic.	J. R. G. Pitkin, M. R. & G. C.	Buenos Ayres.	Louisiana	\$7,500
Austria—Hungary.	Fred D. Grant, E. E. & M. P.	Vienna	New York	12,000
	John J. Cheu, Sec. of Leg.	Vienna	Dist. of Col.	1,800
	Julius Goldschmidt, C. G.	Vienna	Wisconsin	3,000
Belgium	Edwin H. Terrill, M. R.	Brussels .....	.....	7,500
Bolivia	T. H. Anderson, M. R. & C. G.	La Paz	Ohio	5,000
Brazil	E. H. Conger, E. E. & M. P.	Rio Janerio.	Iowa	12,000
	J. F. Lee, Sec. of Leg.	Rio Janerio. ....	.....	1,800
	O. H. Dockery, C. G.	Rio Janerio.	N. Carolina	6,000
Central Am. States.	R. Pacheco, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala	California	10,000
Chili	P. Egan, E. E. & M. P.	Santiago	Nebraska	10,000
China	H. W. Blair, E. E. & M. P.	Pekin	N. Hampshire	12,000
	H. Martin, Sec. of Leg.	Pekin .....	.....	2,625
Colombia	J. T. Abbott, E. E. & M. P.	Bogota .....	.....	7,500
Denmark	Clark E. Carr, M. R. & C. G.	Copenhagen	Illinois	5,000
France	W. Reid, E. E. & M. P.	Paris	New York	17,500
	A. E. King, C. G.	Paris .....	.....	6,000
	H. Vignaud, Sec. of Leg.	Paris	New York	2,625
Germany	W. W. Phelps, E. E. & M. P.	Berlin	New Jersey	17,500
	C. Coleman, Sec. of Leg.	Berlin	Kentucky	2,000
	W. H. Edwards, C. G.	Berlin	Ohio	4,000
	Frank H. Mason, C. G.	Frankfort .....	.....	3,000
Great Britain	R. T. Lincoln, E. E. & M. P.	London	Illinois	17,500
	Henry White, Sec. of Leg.	London	Maryland	2,625
	Samuel Merrill, C. G.	Calcutti	Oregon	5,000
	John C. New, C. G.	London	Indiana	6,000
	G. H. Wallace, C. G.	Melbourne	S. Carolina	4,500
	Chas. L. Knapp, C. G.	Montreal	New York	4,000
	W. G. Frye, C. G.	Halifax	Maine	3,000
Hawaiian Islands	J. L. Stephens, M. R.	Honolulu	Maine	7,500
	H. W. Severance, C. G.	Honolulu	California	4,000
Hayti	Fred Douglas M. R. & C. G.	Port au Prince	Dist. of Col.	5,000
Italy	A. G. Porter, E. E. & M. P.	Rome	Indiana	12,000
	H. R. Whitehouse, Sec. of Leg.	Rome .....	.....	1,800
	Agustus O. Bowen, C. G.	Rome	Rhode Island	3,000
Japan	J. P. Swift, E. E. & M. P.	Tokio	California	12,000
	Willard D. Tillotson, C. G.	Kanagawa	Washington	4,600
Liberia	Alex. Clark, M. R. & C. G.	Monrovia .....	.....	5,000
Mexico	Thos. Ryan, E. E. & M. P.	Mexico	Kansas	19,000
	Richard Guenther, C. G.	Mexico	Wisconsin	2,500
	C. A. Dougherty, Sec. of Leg.	Mexico	Tennessee	1,800
Netherlands	Samuel B. Thayer, M. R.	The Hague .....	.....	7,500
Paraguay & Uruguay	George Maney, M. R.	Montevideo	Tennessee	5,000
Persia	Truxton Beale, M. R. & C. G.	Teheran	California	3,000
Peru	John Hicks, E. E. & M. P.	Lima	Wisconsin	4,000
Portugal	G. S. Batcheller, M. R. & C. G.	Lisbon	New York	5,000
Roumania	A. L. Snowden, M. R. & C. G.	Bucharest	Pennsylvania	6,500
Russia	C. E. Smith, E. E. & M. P.	St. Petersburg	Pennsylvania	7,500
	G. W. Wurtz, Sec. of Leg.	St. Petersburg	Pennsylvania	2,625
	John M. Crawford, C. G.	St. Petersburg	Ohio	3,000
Siam	S. H. Boyd, M. R. & C. G.	Bangkok .....	.....	5,000
Spain	E. B. Grubb, E. E. & M. P.	Madrid	New Jersey	12,000
	R. O. Williams, C. G.	Havana	New York	6,000
Sweden and Norway	W. W. Thomas, Jr., M. R.	Stockholm .....	.....	7,500
Switzerland	J. D. Washburn, M. R. & C. G.	Berne .....	.....	5,000
Turkey	S. Hirsch, E. E. & M. P.	Constantin'ple	Oregon	10,000
	Z. T. Sweeney, C. G.	Constantin'ple	Indiana	2,500
	E. H. Crosby, C. G.	Cairo	New York	5,000
Venezuela	W. L. Scruggs, M. R.	Caraccas	Indiana	7,500

CONSULATES-GENERAL, CONSULATES.

Commercial Agencies, Consular Agencies, and Consular Clerks.

ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED.

[Corrected March 1, 1891.]

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Aberdeen, Scotland.....	Andrew Murray.....	Consular agent.
Abo, Finland.....	Victor Forseline.....	Consular agent.
Acajutla, Salvador.....	Frederick Koncke.....	Consular agent.
Acapulco, Mexico.....	James F. McCaskey.....	Consul.
Acca and Haifa, Syria.....	Jacob Schumacher.....	Vice-consul.
Adelaide, Australia.....	Charles A. Murphy.....	Consular agent.
Aden, Arabia.....	Joseph A. Jones.....	Consul.
Adra Malaga, Spain.....	Dwight Moore.....	Vice-consul.
Aguadilla, Porto Rico.....	Ramon Medina.....	Consular agent.
Agua Dulce, Columbia.....	Augustus Gansland.....	Consular agent.
Aix la Chapelle, Germany.....	Henry Dickson.....	Consular agent.
Akyab, Bengal.....	Samuel B. Zeiglar.....	Consul.
Albany, Australia.....	Franz Bertram.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Alberton, Prince Edward Island.....	S. G. Hedderwick.....	Consular agent.
Albert Town, West Indies.....	Frank R. Dymes.....	Consular agent.
Aleppo, Syria.....	Alexander McLeod.....	Consular agent.
Alexandretta, Syria.....	Howard H. Farrington.....	Consular agent.
Alexandria, Egypt.....	Frederic Poche.....	Consular agent.
Algiers, Algeria, Africa.....	S. C. Ewing.....	Consular agent.
Algoma, Ontario.....	Charles T. Grellet.....	Consul.
Alicante, Spain.....	Victor A. Grellet.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Almeria, Malaga, Spain.....	Glassop C. McQuire.....	Consular agent.
Amapala, Honduras.....	William L. Giro.....	Consul.
Amherstburgh, Ontario.....	John L. Giro.....	Vice-consul.
Amoy, China.....	Herman F. Fischer.....	Consular agent.
Amsterdam, Netherlands.....	Theodore Kohncke.....	Consular agent.
Ancona, Italy.....	Josiah Turner.....	Consul.
Andakabe, Madagascar.....	S. S. Kolfage.....	Vice-consul.
Angers, France.....	Edward Bedloe.....	Consul.
Anguilla, West Indies.....	Francis Cass.....	Vice-consul.
Annaberg, Germany.....	Theodore M. Schleier.....	Consul.
Annapolis, Nova Scotia.....	A. Vinke.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Antigonish, Nova Scotia.....	A. P. Tomassini.....	Consular agent.
Antigua, West Indies.....	Alexis Poirier.....	Consular agent.
Antwerp, Belgium.....	Wager Rey.....	Consular agent.
Apia, Samoa.....	Daniel B. Hubbard.....	Consul.
Aracaju, Brazil.....	Harry J. Nason.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Archangel, Russia.....	Jacob M. Owen.....	Consular agent.
Arecibo, Porto Rico.....	Rupert Cunningham.....	Consular agent.
Arendal, Norway.....	John S. Bradford.....	Consul.
Arthabaska, Quebec.....	Samuel Galbraith.....	Vice-consul.
Assiout, Egypt.....	John H. Steuart.....	Consul.
Assouan, Egypt.....	S. H. Haine.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Asuncion, Paraguay.....	Frederick Von Wrede.....	Deputy consul.
Athens, Greece.....	Harold M. Sewall.....	Consul-general.
Athlone, Ireland.....	William Blacklock.....	Vice-consul-general.
Auckland, New Zealand.....	L. Schmidt.....	Acting consular agent.
Augsburg, Germany.....	Ferdinand Lindes.....	Acting consul.
	John J. Ball, Jr.....	Consular agent.
	Christian Eyde.....	Consular agent.
	N. Poitras.....	Consular agent.
	Bestanros W. Khayat.....	Consular agent.
	Abdel K. M. El Ammari.....	Consul.
	Edmund Shaw.....	Consul.
	Carlos R. Sagnier.....	Vice-consul.
	A. Loudon Snowden.....	Consul-general.
	Irving J. Manatt.....	Consul.
	Arthur C. McDowall.....	Vice-consul.
	John Burgess.....	Consular agent.
	John O. Connoily.....	Consul.
	Francis R. Webb.....	Vice-consul.
	G. Oberndorf.....	Consular agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Aux Cayes, Hayti.....	Henry E. Robertson	Consular agent.
Azua, San Domingo.....	John Hardy.....	Consular agent.
Bagdad, Turkey.....	John H. Haynes.....	Consul.
Bahia, Brazil.....	David N. Burke.....	Consul.
Bahia de Caraquez, Ecuador.....	George H. Duder.....	Vice-consul.
Ballymena, Ireland.....	Edward Thos. Goddard.....	Consular agent.
Baniberg, Germany.....	George Ballentine.....	Consular agent.
Bangkok, Siam.....	Maro Rosenwald.....	Consular agent.
	S. H. Boyd.....	Consul-general.
Bani-Saf, Africa.....	Charles J. Child.....	Vice-consul-general.
Baracoa, Cuba.....	John O. Stewart.....	Consular agent.
	William B. Dickey.....	Commercial agent.
Barbadoes, West Indies.....	Jose Tur.....	Vice-commercial agent.
	Edward A. Dimmick.....	Consul.
Barcelona Spain.....		Vice and deputy consul.
	Herbert W. Bowen.....	Consul.
Barcelona, Venezuela.....	M. Cassagemas.....	Vice-consul.
Bari, Italy.....	Ignacio H. Baiz.....	Consular agent.
Barmen, Germany.....	Joseph Klein.....	Consular agent.
	Adolph G. Studer.....	Consul.
	Edward Werle.....	Vice-consul.
Barnsley, England.....	Charles Krueger.....	Deputy consul.
Barranquilla, Colombia.....	Robert C. Madison.....	Consular agent.
	Johnson Nickens.....	Consul.
	Samuel M. Whelpley.....	Vice-consul.
Barrie, Ontario.....	Thomas H. Candor.....	Deputy consul.
Barrington, Nova Scotia.....	George D. Ellis.....	Consular agent.
Basle, Switzerland.....	Arthur McGray.....	Consular agent.
	George Gifford.....	Consul.
Bassein, India.....	August Kauffman.....	Vice-consul.
Bastia, France.....	Charles Gairdner.....	Consular agent.
Batavia, Java.....	Simon Damiani.....	Consular agent.
		Consul.
Bathurst, Africa.....	Martin Wopalenski.....	Vice-consul.
		Consul.
Bathurst, New Brunswick.....	Henry C. Goddard.....	Vice-consul.
Batoum, Russia.....	Edward Hickson.....	Consular agent.
Beirut, Syria.....	James C. Chambers.....	Consul.
	Erhard Bissinger.....	Consul.
		Vice and deputy consul.
Belfast, Ireland.....	Samuel G. Ruby.....	Consul.
	Ralph O. Ruby.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Belgrade, Servia.....	A. Loudon Snowden.....	Consul-general.
	Alfred MacClure.....	Vice-consul-general.
Belize, British Honduras.....		Consul.
	John E. Mutrie.....	Vice-commercial agent.
Belleville, Ontario.....	Samuel H. Deneen.....	Consul.
	William N. Ponton.....	Vice-consul.
Beni-Souef, Egypt.....	Masrallah Lucca.....	Consular agent.
Bergen, Norway.....	Fred. G. Gade.....	Consul.
	Johan C. Isdahl, Jr.....	Vice-consul.
Berlin, Germany.....	Wm. Hayden Edwards.....	Consul-general.
	George H. Murphy.....	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Bermuda, West Indies.....	Henry W. Beckwith.....	Consul.
	James B. Heyl.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Bilbao, Spain.....	Angel Urreza.....	Consular agent.
Birmingham, England.....	John Jarrett.....	Consul.
	Frederick M. Burton.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Bluefields, Nicaragua.....	John H. Simmons.....	Consular agent.
Boca del Toro, Colombia.....	George Fitzgerald.....	Consular agent.
Bogota, Colombia.....	Edmund W. P. Smith.....	Consul-general.
	William G. Boshell.....	Vice-consul.
Bologna, Italy.....	Carlo Gardini.....	Consular agent.
Boma, Congo Free State.....	Emory H. Taunt.....	Commercial agent.
Bombay, India.....	Henry Ballantine.....	Consul.
	Henry Ballantine, Jr.....	Vice-consul.
Bonacca, Honduras.....	William Bayly.....	Consular agent.
Bonaire, West Indies.....	L. C. Boye.....	Consular agent.
Bone, Africa.....	Elie G. F. LeCoat.....	Consular agent.
Bordeaux, France.....	Horace G. Knowles.....	Consul.
	Stewart Clinch.....	Vice-consul.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.....	Emil Flageollet.....	Consular agent.
Bradford, England.....	John A. Tibbits.....	Consul.
	Thomas L. Renton.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Brake and Nordenhamm, Germany.....	Wilhelm Clemens.....	Consular agent.
Brava, Cape Verde Islands.....	J. J. Nunes.....	Consular agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Bremen, Germany.....	Hugo M. Starkloff.....	Consul.
	Leopold Strube.....	Vice-consul.
	John H. Schnabel.....	Deputy consul.
Breslau, Germany.....	Joseph E. Hayden.....	Consul.
	William H. Musselman.....	Vice-consul.
Brest, France.....	A. Pitel.....	Consular agent.
Bridgewater, Nova Scotia.....	William H. Owen.....	Consular agent.
Brighton, England.....	H. D. Warne.....	Consular agent.
Brisbane, New South Wales.....	George Harris.....	Consular agent.
Bristol, England.....		Consul.
	Frederick Ludlow.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Brockville, Ontario.....	James F. Ellis.....	Consul.
	Edward A. Buckman.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Brunn, Austria.....	Gustavus Schoeller.....	Consular agent.
Brunswick, Germany.....	L. Austin Spaulding.....	Consul.
	Hans Bautler.....	Vice-consul.
Brussels, Belgium.....	George W. Roosevelt.....	Consul.
	Gregory Phelan.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Bucaramanga, Colombia.....	Charles Keller.....	Consular agent.
Bucharest, Roumania.....	A. Loudon Snowden.....	Consul-general.
	William G. Boxshall.....	Vice-consul-general.
Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.....	Edward L. Baker.....	Consul.
	Edward L. Baker, Jr.....	Vice-consul.
Bushire, Persia.....	T. G. Malcolm.....	Consular agent.
Butaritari, Gilbert Islands.....	Adolph Rick.....	Commercial agent.
Cadiz, Spain.....	Robert W. Turner.....	Consul.
	A. J. Bensusan.....	Vice-consul.
Cagliari, Italy.....	Alphonse Dol.....	Consular agent.
Cairo, Egypt.....	J. A. Anderson.....	Agent and con. gen.
	Louis B. Grant.....	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Calais, France.....	J. P. Vendroux.....	Consular agent.
Calcutta, Bengal, India.....	Samuel Merrill.....	Consul-general.
	Samuel Merrill, Jr.....	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Caldera, Chili.....	John C. Morong.....	Consular agent.
Callao, Peru.....	A. J. Daugherty.....	Consul.
		Vice-consul.
Camargo, Mexico.....	Julian Lacaze.....	Consular agent.
Campbellton, N. B.....	John McAlister.....	Consular agent.
Campeachy, Mexico.....	Gaspar Trueba.....	Consular agent.
Campobello Island, N. B.....	John J. Alexander.....	Consular agent.
Cannes, France.....	Theo. D. Valcourt.....	Consular agent.
Canton, China.....	Chas. Seymour.....	Consul.
	John G. Kerr.....	Vice-consul.
Cape Canso, Nova Scotia.....	Alfred W. Hart.....	Consular agent.
Cape Coast Castle, Liberia.....	George E. Eminsang.....	Consular agent.
Cape Haytien, Hayti.....	Stanislas Goutier.....	Consul.
		Vice-consul.
Cape Town, Africa.....	George F. Hollis.....	Consul.
	James W. Atwell.....	Vice-consul.
Caracas, Venezuela.....	Charles R. Rohl.....	Consular agent.
Cardenas, Cuba.....	Sydenham P. C. Henriques.....	Commercial agent.
	Julius B. Flamel.....	Vice-commercial agent.
Cardiff, Wales.....	Evan R. Jones.....	Consul.
	William B. Lovie.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Carleton Place, Ontario.....	James Fowler.....	Consular agent.
Carlisle, England.....	J. Hewetson Brown.....	Consular agent.
Carrara, Italy.....	Ulisso Boccacci.....	Consular agent.
Carril, Spain.....	Louis Pou.....	Consular agent.
Cartagena, Colombia.....	Clayton I. Croft.....	Consul.
	Adolphus Leconte.....	Vice-consul.
Cartagena, Spain.....	C. Molina.....	Consul.
	Alberto Molina.....	Vice-consul.
Carupano, Venezuela.....	Juan A. Orsini.....	Consular agent.
Casa-Blanca, Morocco.....	John Cobb.....	Consular agent.
Cassel, Germany.....	G. C. Kothé.....	Consular agent.
Castelamare, Italy.....	Alfred M. Wood.....	Commercial agent.
	James Drinkwater.....	Vice-commercial agent.
Catania, Italy.....	Charles Heath.....	Consul.
	Augustus Peratoner.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Cayenne, French Guiana.....	Leon Wacongne.....	Consul.
		Vice-consul.
Ceara, Brazil.....	William H. Murdock.....	Consular agent.
Cebu, Philippine, Islands.....	G. E. A. Cadell.....	Consular agent.
Cerro de Pasco, Peru.....	M. C. McNulty.....	Consular agent.
Cette, France.....	L. S. Namens.....	Consular agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES — Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officer.	Rank.
Ceylon, India.....	William Morey.....	Consul.
Champerico, Guatemala.....	Walter B. Paterson.....	Vice-consul.
Charleroi, Belgium.....	Florentine Souza.....	Consular agent.
Charlottetown, P. E. I.....	Charles Vander-Elst.....	Consular agent.
Chatham, Ontario.....	Isaac C. Hall.....	Consul.
Chaux-de-Fonds, Switzerland..	John F. Crockett.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Chee Foo, China.....	William H. H. Webster.....	Commercial agent.
Chemnitz, Germany.....	William L. Tackoberry.....	Vice-commercial agent.
	O. A. Peyere.....	Consular agent.
	W. R. Fuller.....	Vice-consul.
	Henry F. Merritt.....	Consul.
	Frederick B. Tuttle.....	Vice and deputy consul.
	Hernando de Soto.....	Deputy consul.
Cherbourg, France.....	Emil Postel.....	Consular agent.
Chicklayo, Peru.....	Alfred Solf.....	Consular agent.
Chihuahua, Mexico.....		Consul.
Chin Kiang, China.....	William Heimke.....	Vice-consul.
	Alexander C. Jones.....	Consul.
Chitagong, India.....		Vice-consul.
Christ Church, N. Z.....	Clement C. Ellis.....	Consular agent.
Christiana, Norway.....	Albert Cuff.....	Consular agent.
	Gerhard Gade.....	Consul.
Christiansand, Norway.....	Lauritz F. Brown.....	Vice-consul.
Cienfuegos, Cuba.....	Ferdinand Reinhardt.....	Consular agent.
	Henry A. Ehninger.....	Consul.
Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela.....	Juan B. Carbo.....	Vice-consul.
	George F. Underhill.....	Consul.
Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Mexico	John B. M. Mathison.....	Vice-consul.
Civita Vecchia, Italy ..	Samuel M. Simmons.....	Consular agent.
Clarenceville, Quebec.....	G. Marsanick.....	Consular agent.
Clifton, Ontario.....	Edmund Macomber.....	Consular agent.
	Henry M. Hord.....	Consul.
Clinton, Ontario.....	John J. Bampffield.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Coaticook, Quebec.....	A. O. Pattison.....	Consular agent.
	Alfred W. Street.....	Consul.
Coatzacoalcas, Mexico.....	Miles K. Stone.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Cobourg, Ontario.....	Frank W. Carpenter.....	Consular agent.
Coburg, Germany.....	Gideon M. Clark.....	Consular agent.
Cockburn Harbor, West Indies..	Emil Hess.....	Consular agent.
Cognac, France.....	John W. Tate.....	Consular agent.
	William S. Preston.....	Consul.
	William Coates.....	Vice-consul.
Collo, Algeria, Africa.....	Marius Eyme.....	Consular agent.
Cologne, Germany.....	William D. Wamer.....	Consul.
Collingwood, Ontario.....	G. W. Mallinckrodt.....	Vice-consul.
	Hermen Préfontaine.....	Commercial agent.
Colon (Aspinwall), Colombia ..	Harry B. Macdonell.....	Vice-commercial agent.
	William E. Sims.....	Consul.
Colonía, Uruguay.....	Tracy Robinson.....	Vice-consul.
	B. D. Manton.....	Consul.
Constantinople, Turkey.....	Manuel Caballero.....	Vice-consul.
	Zachary T. Sweeney.....	Consul-general.
	Joseph Azarian.....	Vice-consul-general.
Cookshire, Quebec.....	Charles C. Bailey.....	Consular agent.
Copenhagen, Deunmark.....	Clark E. Carr.....	Consul-general.
	Henry B. Ryder.....	Consul.
	Olof Hansen.....	Vice-consul.
Coquimbo, Chili.....	Joseph Grierson.....	Consul.
Corcubion, Spain.....	H. Villanueva.....	Consular agent.
Cordoba, Argentine Republic..		Consul.
	John M. Thome.....	Vice-consul.
Corfu, Ionean Isles, Greece..	T. Woodley.....	Consular agent.
Corinto, Nicaragua.....	Henry Palazio.....	Consular agent.
Cork (Queenstown), Ireland ..	John J. Piatt.....	Consul.
	James W. Scott.....	Vice-consul.
Corn Island, Nicaragua.....		Consular agent.
Cornwall, Ontario.....	William T. Gorman.....	Consular agent.
Cornwallis, Nova Scotia.....	F. W. Rand.....	Consular agent.
Coro, Venezuela.....	Frederick Cook.....	Consular agent.
Corunna, Spain.....	José de Carricarte.....	Consul.
	Eduardo de Carricarte.....	Vice-consul.
Courtwright, Ontario.....	Frederick W. Baby.....	Consular agent.
Crefeld, Germany.....	Evans Blake.....	Consul.
	Emil Meyer.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Cronstadt, Russia.....	Peter Vigius.....	Consular agent.
Cucuta, Columbia.....	Christian A. Möller.....	Consular agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officer.	Rank.
Cumana, Venezuela.....	José G. N. Romberg....	Consular agent.
Curacao, West Indies.....	Leonard B. Smith.....	Consul.
	Jacob Wuisster.....	Vice-consul.
Damascus, Syria.....	N. Meshaka.....	Consular agent.
Dantzic, Germany.....	Philipp Albrecht.....	Consular agent.
Dardanelles, Turkey.....	Franc Caivert.....	Consular agent.
Dartmouth, England.....	George Hingston.....	Consular agent.
Deloraine, Manitoba.....	Albert M. Herron.....	Consular agent.
Demerara, British Guiana.....	William T. Walthall.....	Consul.
	James Thomson.....	Vice-consul.
Denia, Spain.....	Arthur C. Walthall.....	Deputy-consul.
	Oscar Malmros.....	Consul.
Derby, England.....	Ambrose Bordehore.....	Vice-consul.
Deseronto, Ontario.....	Charles Kirk Eddowes.....	Consular agent.
Desterro, Brazil.....	Charles A. Milliner.....	Consular agent.
Dieppe, France.....	Robert Grant.....	Consular agent.
Digby, Nova Scotia.....	Raouille Bourgeois.....	Consular agent.
Dominica, West Indies.....	William B. Stewart.....	Consular agent.
Dover, England.....	William Stedman.....	Consular agent.
Dresden, Germany.....	Francis W. Prescott.....	Consular agent.
	Aulick Palmer.....	Consul.
	William Knoop.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Drontheim, Norway.....	John D. Jones.....	Deputy consul.
Dublin, Ireland.....	Claus Berg.....	Consular agent.
	Alexander J. Reid.....	Consul.
	Stephen M. Mackenzie.....	Vice-consul.
Dundee, Scotland.....	Arthur B. Wood.....	Consul.
	William McIntyre.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Dunedin, New Zealand.....	Henry Driver.....	Consular agent.
Dunfermline, Scotland.....	James D. Reid.....	Commercial agent.
	James Penman.....	Vice-commercial agent.
Dunkirk, France.....	Benjamin Morel.....	Consular agent.
Dunmore Town, West Indies.....	Norman E. B. Munro.....	Consular agent.
Durango, Mexico.....	John S. McCaughan.....	Consul.
Dusseldorf, Germany.....	D. J. Partello.....	Consul.
	Adolph Schniewind.....	Vice-consul.
Dyrefjord, Iceland.....	N. C. Gram.....	Consular agent.
East London, Africa.....	William H. Fuller.....	Consular agent.
Elsinore, Denmark.....	Regner L. Ulstrup.....	Consular agent.
Emerson, Manitoba.....	Duncan McArthur.....	Consular agent.
Ensenada, Mexico.....	A. Godbe.....	Vice-consul.
Esmeraldas, Ecuador.....	P. P. Prias.....	Consul.
Essen, Germany.....	Richard Eichkoff.....	Consular agent.
Fajardo, Porto Rico.....	John V. Lopez.....	Consular agent.
Falmouth, England.....	Howard Fox.....	Consul.
	George H. Fox.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Falmouth, Jamaica, West Indies.....	Charles A. Nunes.....	Consular agent.
Farnham, Quebec.....	William L. Hibbard.....	Consular agent.
Faro, Portugal.....	F. L. Tavares.....	Consular agent.
Fayal, Azores.....	Samuel W. Dabney.....	Consul.
	Jacintho M. da Silveira.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Ferrol, Spain.....	Nicasio Perez.....	Consular agent.
Fiume, Austria.....	Giovanni Gelletich.....	Consular agent.
Florence, Italy.....	James V. Long.....	Consul.
	Spirito Bernardi.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Flores, Azores.....	James McKay, jr.....	Consular agent.
Flushing, Netherlands.....	Peter Smith.....	Consular agent.
Fogo, Cape Verde Islands.....		Consular agent.
Foo-Chow, China.....	Samuel L. Gracey.....	Consul.
	John A. Coffin.....	Vice-consul.
Fort Erie, Ontario.....	Ossian Bedell.....	Consul.
	Charles W. Vahey.....	Vice-consul.
Fort de France, West Indies.....	Henry T. Labat.....	Consular agent.
Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany.....	Frank H. Mason.....	Consul-general.
	Alvesta S. Hogue.....	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Fredericksted, West Indies.....	William F. Moore.....	Consular agent.
Frederickton, New Brunswick.....	S. H. L. Whittier.....	Consular agent.
Freighsburg, Quebec.....	Augustus Barney.....	Consular agent.
Freemantle, Australia.....	William Sandover.....	Consular agent.
Frontera, Mexico.....	Michael Girard.....	Consular agent.
Funchal, Maderia.....	John F. Healey.....	Consul.
	William J. G. Reid.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Fürth, Germany.....	Hiram J. Dunlap.....	Consular agent.
Gaboon, Africa.....	Joseph H. Reading.....	Acting commercial ag't.
		Vice-commercial agent.
Galashiels, Scotland.....	Richard Lees.....	Consular agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officer.	Rank.
Galt, Ontario.....	Milton P. Townshend.....	Consular agent.
Gananoque, Quebec.....	E. E. Abbott.....	Consular agent.
Garita Gonzales, Mexico.....	Charles A. Andrus.....	Consular agent.
Garrucha, Spain.....	Enrique Calvet.....	Commercial agent.
Gaspé Basin, Quebec.....	Almar F. Dickson.....	Consul.
	John Carter.....	Vice-consul.
Geestemunde, Germany.....	Gerhard Ihlder.....	Consular agent.
Geneva, Switzerland.....	Roland J. Hammick.....	Consul.
	Peter Naylor.....	Vice-consul.
Genoa, Italy.....	James Fletcher.....	Consul.
	Frederico Scerni.....	Vice-consul.
Georgetown, Prince Edward Island.....	A. J. MacDonald.....	Consular agent.
Georgeville, Quebec.....	John Taylor.....	Consular agent.
Gera, Germany.....	Charles Neuer.....	Consular agent.
Ghent, Belgium.....	John B. Osborne.....	Consul.
	George Verhulst.....	Vice-consul.
Gibara, Cuba.....	José Homobono Beola.....	Consular agent.
Gibraltar, Spain.....	Horatio J. Sprague.....	Consul.
		Vice-consul.
Gijón, Spain.....	Calisto Alvargonzalez.....	Consular agent.
Gioja, Italy.....	L. Giffoni.....	Consular agent.
Girgenti, Italy.....	Eugenio Bottazzi.....	Consular agent.
Girgeh, Egypt.....		Consular agent.
Glasgow, Scotland.....	Levi W. Brown.....	Consul.
	William Gibson.....	Vice-consul.
Glauchau, Germany.....	Sidney P. Townshend.....	Consular agent.
Gloucester, England.....	Charles E. Portlock.....	Consular agent.
Goderich, Ontario.....	Robert S. Chilton.....	Commercial agent.
	William Campbell.....	Vice-commercial agent.
Gonaives, Hayti.....	Ethéart Dupuy.....	Consular agent.
Gorée-Dakar, Africa.....	Peter Strickland.....	Consul.
	René D. Potin.....	Vice-consul.
Gothenberg, Sweden.....	Charles H. Shepard.....	Consul.
	Urban Körner.....	Vice-consul.
Governor's Harbor, West Indies.....	Charles A. Bethel.....	Consular agent.
Graciosa, Azores.....	José de C. C. Mello.....	Consular agent.
Granada, Spain.....	Peter A. Mesa.....	Consular agent.
Grand Canary, Canary Islands.....	Thomas Miller.....	Consular agent.
Grand Manan, New Brunswick.....	William A. Fraser.....	Consular agent.
Grao, Spain.....	Theodor Martens.....	Consular agent.
Greenock, Scotland.....	John Craig.....	Consular agent.
Green Turtle Cay, West Indies.....	Jabez A. Lowe.....	Consular agent.
Greenville, Quebec.....	Alex. Pridham.....	Consular agent.
Gretna, B. N. A.....	Patrick C. Donovan.....	Consular agent.
Guadeloupe, West Indies.....	Alonzo Spencer.....	Consul.
	H. Thionville.....	Vice-consul.
Guanaajuato, Mexico.....	Dwight Furness.....	Consular agent.
Guantanamo, Cuba.....	Frederick F. Morris.....	Consular agent.
Guatemala, Central America.....	Samuel Kimberly.....	Consul-general.
	John R. Chandler.....	Vice-consul.
Guayama, Porto Rico.....	J. C. McCormick.....	Consular agent.
Guayaquil, Ecuador.....	William B. Sorsby.....	Consul-general.
	Martin Reinberg.....	Vice-consul-general.
Guaymas, Mexico.....	Alex. Willard.....	Consul.
	Charles E. Hale.....	Vice-consul.
Guben, Germany.....	Wilhelm Kempe.....	Consular agent.
Guelph, Ontario.....	Loton S. Hunt.....	Consul.
	George A. Oxnard.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Guernsey, Great Britain.....	William Carey.....	Consular agent.
Halifax, Nova Scotia.....	Wakefield G. Frye.....	Consul-general.
	James King.....	Vice and dep. consul-gen.
Hamburg, Germany.....	Charles F. Johnson.....	Consul.
	Charles H. Burke.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Hamilton, Ontario.....		Consul.
	Charles M. Belknap.....	Vice and deputy consul,
Hankow, China.....	Henry W. Andrews.....	Consul.
		Vice-consul.
Hanover, Germany.....	A. M. Simon.....	Consular agent.
Havana, Cuba.....	Ramon O. Williams.....	Consul-general.
	Joseph A. Springer.....	Vice-consul-general.
Havre, France.....	Oscar F. Williams.....	Consul.
	James B. Hayne.....	Vice-consul.
Helsingfors, Finland.....		Consul.
	Herman Donner.....	Vice-consul.
Hemmingford, Quebec.....	W. W. Wark.....	Consular agent.
Hereford, Quebec.....	John R. Nichols.....	Consular agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Hinchinbrook, Quebec.....	Samuel E. Ames.....	Consular agent.
Hilo, Hawaiian Islands.....	Charles Furneaux.....	Consular agent.
Hobart, Tasmania.....	Alex. G. Webster.....	Consul.
Hochelaga and Longueuil, Quebec.....	Robert Miller.....	Consular agent.
Hodeida, Arabia.....	W. F. McComas.....	Consular agent.
Holyhead, England.....	John Jones.....	Consular agent.
Honda, Colombia.....	William S. Crane.....	Consular agent.
Honfleur, France.....	Henry M. Hardy.....	Consular agent.
Hong Kong, China.....	Oliver H. Simons.....	Consul.
Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.....	Robert E. Withers, Jr.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Horgen, Switzerland.....	Henry W. Severance.....	Consul-general.
	Arthur W. Richardson.....	Vice and dep. con.-gen.
	Lyell T. Adams.....	Consul.
	William Streuli.....	Vice-consul.
	Emanuel Meyer.....	Deputy-consul.
Huddersfield, England.....	William P. Smyth.....	Commercial agent.
Huelva, Spain.....	David J. Bailey.....	Vice and dep. com. agt.
Hull, England.....	John R. Catlin.....	Consular agent.
	Byron G. Daniels.....	Consul.
Huntingdon, Quebec.....	Robert H. Micks.....	Vice-consul.
Iloilo, Philippine Islands.....	Cassius H. Wells.....	Consular agent.
Imataca, Venezuela.....	Ralph D. Wilson.....	Consular agent.
Iquique, Chili.....	Joseph W. Merriam.....	Consul.
	Maximo Rosenstock.....	Vice-consul.
Jacmel, Hayti.....	Jean Vital.....	Consular agent.
Jaffa, Syria.....	E. Hardegg.....	Consular agent.
Jaffna, Ceylon, India.....	William M. S. Twynam.....	Consular agent.
Jaluit, Marshall Islands.....	E. M. Morgan.....	Consular agent.
Jeremie, Hayti.....	L. Trebaud Rouzier.....	Consular agent.
Jeres de la Frontera, Spain.....	James A. Hall.....	Consular agent.
Jersey, Great Britain.....	Thomas Renouf.....	Consular agent.
Jerusalem, Syria.....	Selah Merrill.....	Consul.
	Herbert E. Clark.....	Vice-consul.
Kahului, Hawaiian Islands.....	August Frederic Hopke.....	Consular agent.
Kalamata, Greece.....	D. A. Pantasopolous.....	Consular agent.
Kanagawa, Japan.....	W. D. Tillotson.....	Consul-general.
	George H. Scidmore.....	Vice and dep. cons'l-gen.
	John McLean.....	Deputy consul-general.
Karachi, India.....	James Currie.....	Consular agent.
Kehl, Germany.....	Edmund Johnson.....	Consul.
	Theodore Kruger.....	Vice-consul.
Kempt, Nova Scotia.....	John G. Burgess.....	Consular agent.
Kidderminster, England.....	James Morton.....	Consular agent.
Kiel, Germany.....	August Sartori.....	Consular agent.
Kimberly, Africa.....	Gardner Williams.....	Consular agent.
Kingston, Ontario.....	Marshall H. Twitchell.....	Consul.
	Mathew H. Folger.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Kingston, Jamaica.....	William R. Estes.....	Consul.
	Cephas Whitney.....	Vice-consul.
	Alfred L. Morrice.....	Deputy consul.
Kirkcaldy, Scotland.....	Andrew Innes.....	Consular agent.
Konigsberg, Germany.....	Conrad H. Gadeke.....	Consular agent.
La Colle, Quebec.....	Henry Hoyle.....	Consular agent.
Laguayra, Venezuela.....	P. C. Hanna.....	Consul.
	Thomas D. Golding.....	Vice-consul.
Laguna de Terminos, Mexico.....	W. H. Bell.....	Consular agent.
La Libertad, San Salvador.....	Emilio Courtade.....	Consular agent.
Lanzarote, Canary Islands.....	J. T. Topham.....	Consular agent.
La Paz, Mexico.....	James Viosca.....	Consul.
	William Silver.....	Vice-consul.
Laraiche, Morocco.....	Elias Benatuil.....	Consular agent.
Launceston, Tasmania.....	Lindsay Tulloch.....	Consular agent.
La Union, San Salvador.....	John B. Courtade.....	Consular agent.
Leeds, England.....	Francis H. Wigfall.....	Consul.
	William Ward.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Leghorn, Italy.....	William T. Rice.....	Consul and deputy.
	Emilio Masi.....	Vice-consul.
Leicester, England.....	Joseph Barber Haxby.....	Consular agent.
Leipscic, Germany.....	Henry W. Diederich.....	Consul.
	Frederick Nachod.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Leith, Scotland.....	Wallace Bruce.....	Consul.
	Hugh C. Peacock.....	Vice-consul.
Levuka, Fiji.....	Andrews A. St. John.....	Commercial agent.
	William H. Bruce.....	Vice-commercial agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Liban, Russia.....	Simon Schreiber	Consular agent.
Licata, Italy.....	Arthur Verderame.....	Consular agent.
Liege, Belgium.....	James R. Danforth.....	Consul.
	A. Mullender.....	Vice-consul.
Lille, France.....	John Gross.....	Deputy consul.
Limerick, Ireland.....	C. D. Gregoire.....	Consular agent.
Limoges, France.....	Richard Hogan.....	Consular agent.
	Walter T. Griffin.....	Commercial agent.
Lindsay, Ontario.....	Auguste Jouhannaud.....	Vice-commercial agent.
Lineborough, Quebec.....	James M. Knowlson.....	Consular agent.
Lisbon, Portugal.....	George A. Roberts.....	Consular agent.
	George L. Batcheller.....	Consul-general.
Liverpool, England.....	J. B. Wilbor.....	Vice and dep. con. gen.
	Thomas H. Sherman.....	Consul.
	William J. Sulis.....	Vice and deputy consul.
	J. C. Sherman.....	Deputy consul.
Liverpool, Nova Scotia.....	James N. S. Marshall.....	Consular agent.
Livingston, Guatemala.....	John T. Anderson.....	Consular agent.
Llanely, Wales.....	William Howell.....	Consular agent.
London, England.....	John C. New.....	Consul-general.
	George C. Hitt.....	Vice and dep. con. gen.
	E. J. Moffat.....	Deputy consul-general.
London, Ontario.....	Francis W. Frigout.....	Deputy consul-general.
	Hiram Z. Leonard.....	Commercial agent.
	Charles W. Davis.....	Vice and dep. com. agt.
Londonderry, Ireland.....	F. T. Rodger.....	Consular agent.
Lorenzo Marquez, Africa.....	James McIntosh.....	Consular agent.
L'Orient, France.....	L. Sellier.....	Consular agent.
Lubeck, Germany.....	Jacob Meyer, Jr.....	Consular agent.
Lucerne, Switzerland.....	Ernest Williams.....	Consular agent.
Lunenburg, Nova Scotia.....	Daniel M. Owen.....	Consular agent.
Lungen Schwalbach, Germany.....	Ernest Grebert.....	Consular agent.
Lurgan, Ireland.....	Frederick W. Magahan.....	Consular agent.
Luxor, Egypt.....	Aly Mourad.....	Consular agent.
Lyons, France.....	Edmund B. Fairfield.....	Consul.
	George D. Fairfield.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Macassar, Celebes.....	Victor A. Jenny.....	Consular agent.
Maceio, Brazil.....	Edward M. Legene.....	Consular agent.
Macoris, San Domingo.....	Julio Pardo.....	Consular agent.
Madras, British India.....	James Rose Hunter.....	Consular agent.
Magdalen Islands, Canada.....	Robert J. Leslie.....	Consular agent.
Magdalena Bay, Mexico.....		Consular agent.
Magdeburg, Germany.....	Robert Weichsel, Jr.....	Consular agent.
Mahukona, Hawaiian Islands.....	Charles L. Wight.....	Consular agent.
Majonga, Madagascar.....	Frank Harvey.....	Consular agent.
Malaga, Spain.....	Thomas M. Newson.....	Consul.
	Edward Loring.....	Vice-consul.
Malmo, Sweden.....	Peter M. Flensburg.....	Consular agent.
Malta, Malta Island.....	John Worthington.....	Consul.
	Charles B. Eynaud.....	Vice-consul.
Manaos, Brazil.....	James Baird.....	Consular agent.
Managua, Nicaragua.....	William Newell.....	Consul.
	H. E. Low.....	Vice-consul.
Manchester, England.....	William F. Grinnell.....	Consul.
	Ernest J. Bridgford.....	Vice-consul.
Manila, Philippine Islands.....	Leonard Darbyshire.....	Deputy consul.
	Alexander R. Webb.....	Consul.
Mannheim, Germany.....	John F. Winter.....	Vice-consul.
	Carl Funck.....	Consul.
Mansourah, Egypt.....	Ibrahim Daoud.....	Vice-consul.
Manta, Ecuador.....	Pedro A. Moreira.....	Consular agent.
Mansanillo, Cuba.....	W. Stakeman.....	Consular agent.
Maracaibo, Venezuela.....	Eugene H. Plumacher.....	Consul.
	Eduard Beekman.....	Vice-consul.
Maranhao, Brazil.....	William Volger.....	Deputy consul.
Marsala, Italy.....	A. J. Tavares.....	Consular agent.
Marseilles, France.....	George Rayson.....	Consular agent.
	Charles B. Trail.....	Consul.
Martinique, West Indies.....	Alexander Brandt.....	Vice and deputy consul.
	Alfred B. Keevil.....	Consul.
Matamoros, Mexico.....	Simon H. David.....	Vice consul.
	John B. Richardson.....	Consul.
Matanzas, Cuba.....	John F. Valls.....	Vice and dep. con. gen.
	Frank H. Pierce.....	Consul.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES — Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Matanzas, Cuba.....	Henry Heidegger.....	Vice-consul.
Mathewtown, West Indies.....	Daniel D. Sargent.....	Consular agent.
Mayaguez, Porto Rico.....	Alfred Cristy.....	Commercial agent.
Mayence, Germany.....	James H. Smith.....	Vice-commercial agent.
Mazagan, Morocco.....	Rudolph Krausse.....	Commercial agent.
Mazatlan, Mexico.....	Daniel Madden.....	Vice-commercial agent.
McAdams Junction, New Brunswick.....	Edward G. Kelton.....	Consular agent.
Medellin, Colombia.....	William L. Zuber.....	Consul.
Melbourne, Australia.....	James W. Green.....	Vice-consul.
	L. S. Maria.....	Consul-general.
	George H. Wallace.....	Vice-consul-general.
	John Kane Smyth.....	Deputy consul-general.
Mentone, France.....	James H. Bush.....	Consular agent.
Merida, Mexico.....	Augé Clericy.....	Consul.
Mersine, Syria.....	Edward H. Thompson.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Messina, Italy.....	John M. Gilkey.....	Consular agent.
Mexico, Mexico.....	Wm. Brush.....	Consul.
	Letterio Pirrone.....	Vice-consul.
	Richard Guenther.....	Consul-general.
	William M. Edgar.....	Vice consul-general.
	F. E. Trainer.....	Consul-general.
Mier, Mexico.....	Henry Vizcayo.....	Consular agent.
Milan, Italy.....	George W. Pepper.....	Consul.
Milazzo, Italy.....	Anthony Richman.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Milford Haven, Wales.....	Pietro Siracuso.....	Consular agent.
Milk River, Jamaica, West Indies.....	Henry Kelway.....	Consular agent.
Miragoane, Hayti.....	A. A. Green.....	Consular agent.
Mogador, Morocco.....	Francis W. Mitchell.....	Consular agent.
Mollendo, Peru.....	S. Amselem.....	Consular agent.
Monaco, France.....	William R. Griffith.....	Consular agent.
Moncton, New Brunswick.....	Emile de Loth.....	Commercial agent.
	James S. Benedict.....	Vice and dep. com. agt.
	George McSweeney.....	Consular agent.
Monganui, New Zealand.....	Robert Wyles.....	Consul-general.
Monrovia, Liberia.....	Alexander Clark.....	Vice consul.
	Beverly Y. Payne.....	Consular agent.
Monte Christie, San Domingo.....	A. S. Grillon.....	Consular agent.
Montego Bay, Jamaica, West Indies.....	G. L. P. Corinaldi.....	Consul.
Montevideo, Uruguay.....	Frank D. Hill.....	Vice-consul.
	Thomas W. Howard.....	Consul-general.
Montreal, Quebec.....	Charles L. Knapp.....	Vice and dep. con. gen.
	Patrick Gorman.....	Consular agent.
Montserrat, West Indies.....	Richard Hannam.....	Commercial agent.
Morrisburg, Ontario.....	W. Augustus Schofield.....	Vice and dep. com. agt.
	George F. Bradfield.....	Consul.
Moscow, Russia.....	Nicholas Wertheim.....	Vice-consul.
	J. E. Orr.....	Consular agent.
Moulmein, India.....	Frederick W. Catlin.....	Consul.
Mozambique, Africa.....	Edward P. Evans.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Munich, Germany.....	Louis S. Maguire.....	Consul.
Muscat, Arabia.....	Archibald Mackirdy.....	Vice-consul.
	M. M. Fottion.....	Consular agent.
Mytilene, Turkey.....	W. H. Abercrombie.....	Consul.
Nagasaki, Japan.....		Vice-consul.
Naguabo, Port Rico.....		Consular agent.
Nanaimo, British Columbia.....	W. B. Dennison.....	Consular agent.
Nantes, France.....		Consul.
	Hiram D. Bennett.....	Vice-consul.
Napanea, Ontario.....	William Templeton.....	Consul agent.
Naples, Italy.....	John S. Twells.....	Consul.
	Robt. O'N Wickersham.....	Vice consul.
	Philip S. Twells.....	Deputy consul.
Nassau, West Indies.....	Thomas J. McLain, jr.....	Consul.
	Henry R. Saunders, jr.....	Vice-consul.
Natal, Brazil.....	Lyie Nelson.....	Consular agent.
Neustadt, Germany.....	S. Kaufmann.....	Consular agent.
Nevis, West Indies.....	Charles H. Simmonds.....	Consular agent.
Newcastle-upon-Tyne, England.....	Horace C. Fugh.....	Consul.
	Francis J. Radford.....	Vice-consul.
Newcastle, New South Wales.....	George T. Baggs.....	Commercial agent.
	Henry E. Stokes.....	Vice commercial agent.
Newcastle, New Brunswick.....	Robert R. Call.....	Consular agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular Offices.	Consular officer.	Rank.
New Chwang, China	Frederick Bandinel	Consul.
Newport, Wales	William E. Heard	Vice and deputy consul.
Nice, France	William H. Bradley	Consular agent.
Ningpo, China	Alexander Vial	Consul.
Nogales, Mexico	John Fowler	Vice-consul.
Norfolk Island, New South Wales	Robert S. Kliene	Consul.
Nottingham, England	Delos H. Smith	Vice-consul.
Noumea, New Caledonia	Josiah E. Stone	Consul.
Nuremberg, Germany	Isaac Robinson	Vice-consul.
Nuevitas, Cuba	John L. McKinn	Consular agent.
Nuevo Laredo, Mexico	William T. Cartwright	Commercial agent.
Odessa, Russia	L. Le Mescam	Vice-commercial agent.
Old Hartlepool, England	William J. Black	Commercial agent.
Oporto, Portugal	S. Dunkelsbuehler	Consul.
Orchilla Island, Venezuela	Richard Gibbs	Vice and deputy consul.
Orotava, Canary Islands	Warner P. Sutton	Consular agent.
Oran, Algeria, Africa	G. L. Mayes	Consul-general.
Orillia, Ontario	Charles A. Andrus	Vice-consul-general.
Osaka and Hiogo, Japan	Thomas E. Heenan	Deputy consul-general.
Ostend, Belgium	John H. Volkmann	Consul.
Ottawa, Ontario	Christian Nielson	Vice-counsel.
Owen Sound, Ontario	William Stuve	Consular agent.
Padang, Sumatra	D. R. Barrett	Consular agent.
Pago Pago, Samoa	Peter S. Reid	Consular agent.
Palermo, Italy	Benjamin A. Courcelle	Consular agent.
Palma Majorca, Spain	Charles Carbould	Consular agent.
Panama, Columbia	Enoch J. Smithers	Consul.
Para, Brazil	Hunter Sharp	Vice-consul.
Paramaribo, Dutch Guiana	James W. Kesler	Consular agent.
Paris, Ontario	Richard G. Lay	Consul-general.
Paris, France	Edward King	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Parrsborough, Nova Scotia	Adolphe Lemoy	Consular agent.
Paso del Norte, Mexico	Alfred H. Eilbracht	Vice-consul.
Paspebiac, Quebec	Horace C. Fugh	Consular agent.
Patras, Greece	C. G. Lagana	Consul.
Pau, France	Ernesto Canut	Vice-consul.
Paysandu, Uruguay	Thomas Adamson	Consular agent.
Payta, Peru	Jose G. Duque	Consul-general.
Penang, India	Joseph O. Kerbey	Vice-consul-general.
Pernambuco, Brazil	Richard F. Sears	Consul.
Pesth, Hungary	Thomas Browne	Vice-consul.
Peterborough, Ontario	Henry B. Belknap	Consul.
Petit Goave, Hayti	Adam E. King	Vice-consul.
Pictou, Ontario	Robert M. Hooper	Consular agent.
Pictou, Nova Scotia	Edward P. McLean	Consul-general.
Piedras Negras, Mexico	N. H. Upham	Vice and dep. con. gen.
Piræus, Greece	Archibald J. Sampson	Deputy consul-general.
Piura, Peru	William B. McLachlen	Consular agent.
Plauen, Germany	Daniel Bisson	Consul.
Plymouth, England	Edvard Hancock	Vice-consul.
	Frederick B. Wood	Consul.
	J. Morris Post	Vice-consul.
	J. G. Hufnagel	Consular agent.
	R. M. Columbus	Consular agent.
	Frederick Lederer	Consular agent.
	Edwin Stevens	Consul.
	Joseph Black	Vice-consul.
	Louis Gerster	Consul.
	Allan V. R. Young	Vice-consul.
	E. Merantie	Consular agent.
	Jacob T. Barranger	Consular agent.
	W. S. Stanley	Consular agent.
	John R. Noonan	Consul.
	Eugene O. Fechet	Vice-consul.
	Samuel M. Simmons	Consul.
	Arthur C. McDowall	Vice-consul.
	Emilio Clark	Consular agent.
	Thomas W. Peters	Consular agent.
	Oscar Gottschalk	Commercial agent.
	Thomas W. Fox	Vice and dep. com. agt.
		Consul.
		Vice-consul.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Point de Galle, India.....	Thomas S. Clark.....	Consular agent.
Point Levi.....	Louis A. Farmer.....	Consular agent.
Ponape, Caroline, Islands.....	Herbert L. Rand.....	Consul.
Ponce, Porto Rico.....	James F. Finlay.....	Consular agent.
Port Antonio, Jamaica, W. I.....	George A. Davis.....	Consular agent.
Port Arthur, Manitoba.....	Andrew M. Wylie.....	Consular agent.
Port au Prince, Hayti.....	Frederick Douglass.....	Consul-general.
	John B. Terres.....	Vice-consul-general.
Port de Paix, Hayti.....	Theodore Behrmann.....	Consular agent.
Port of Marbella, Spain.....	Miguel Calzado.....	Consular agent.
Port Elizabeth, South Africa.....	John A. Chabaud.....	Consular agent.
Port Hawkesberry and Mudgrave, N. S.....	Alexander Bain.....	Consular agent.
Port Hope, Ontario.....	Luther M. Shaffer.....	Commercial agent.
	Henry White.....	Vice and dep'y com. agt.
Port Joggins, Nova Scotia.....	William Moffat.....	Consular agent.
Port Limon, Costa Rica.....	A. K. Brown.....	Consular agent.
Port Louis, Mauritius.....	Thomas T. Prentiss.....	Consul.
	A. Povah Ambrose.....	Vice-consul.
Port Mahon, Spain.....	P. B. Valls.....	Consular agent.
Port Maria, W. I.....	I. I. Lyon.....	Consular agent.
Port Morant, West Indies.....	Lorenzo D. Baker, Jr.....	Consular agent.
Port Natal, South Africa.....	George C. Cato.....	Consular agent.
Porto Alegre, Brazil.....	A. H. Edwards.....	Consular agent.
Port Rowan, Ontario.....	Norton McGiffin.....	Commercial agent.
	J. T. Murphy.....	Vice-commercial agent.
Port Said, Egypt.....	R. Broadbent.....	Consular agent.
Port St. Mary's, Spain.....	George M. Daniels.....	Consular agent.
Port Sarnia, Ontario.....	Samuel D. Pace.....	Consul.
	John Chester.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Portsmouth, England.....	John Main.....	Consular agent.
Portsmouth, West Indies.....	Alexander Riviere.....	Consular agent.
Port Stanley, Falkland Islands.....	Henry S. Lasar.....	Consul.
	Thomas Rowell.....	Vice-consul.
Port Stanley and St. Thomas, Ontario.....	Ferdinand A. Husher.....	Consul.
	William H. King.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Potom, Quebec.....	Julius S. Dorman.....	Consular agent.
Prague, Austria.....	William A. Rublee.....	Consul.
	Emil Kubinzky.....	Vice-consul.
Prescott, Ontario.....	G. R. Wright.....	Consul.
	James Buckley.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Progreso, Mexico.....	A. C. M. Azoy.....	Consular agent.
Puerto Cabello, Venezuela.....	William G. Riley.....	Consul.
	William H. Volkmar.....	Vice-consul.
Puerto Cortez, Honduras.....	Henry Seymour.....	Consular agent.
Puerto Plata, San Domingo.....	Thomas Simpson.....	Consul.
	Washington Lithgow.....	Vice-consul.
Pugwash and Wallace, Nova Scotia.....	Conrad W. Morris.....	Consular agent.
Punta Arenas, Costa Rica.....	R. H. Gadd.....	Consular agent.
Quebec, Canada.....	Frederick W. Rider.....	Consul.
	Robert McD. Stocking.....	Vice-consul.
Rabat, Morocco.....		Consular agent.
Rangoon, Burmah.....	W. G. Reddie.....	Consular agent.
Redditch, England.....	H. C. Browning.....	Consular agent.
Reichenberg, Austria.....	John B. Hawes.....	Consul.
	Gustav Herrmann.....	Vice and dep'y com. agt.
Rennes, France.....	Charles D. Huret.....	Consular agent.
Revel, Russia.....	E. von Glehn.....	Consular agent.
Rheims, France.....	Alton Augier.....	Consul.
	Jacob Geismar.....	Vice-consul.
Richibucto, N. B.....	E. E. Phair.....	Consular agent.
Riga, Russia.....	Niels P. A. Bornholdt.....	Consul.
Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.....	Oliver H. Dockery.....	Consul-general.
	Claudius Dockery.....	Vice and dep. consul-gen
Rio Grande de Sul, Brazil.....	Charles Negley.....	Consul.
	William August Preller.....	Vice-consul.
Rio Hacha, Colombia.....	T. V. Henriquez.....	Consular agent.
Ritzbuttel and Cuxhaven, Germany.....	J. G. F. Starcke.....	Consular agent.
Rodi, Italy.....	T. del Giudice.....	Consular agent.
Rome, Italy.....	Augustus O. Bourn.....	Consul-general.
	Charles M. Wood.....	Vice and dep't'y con-gen
Ronne, Denmark.....	Charles Bistrop.....	Consular agent.
Rosario, Argentine Republic.....	Willis E. Baker.....	Consul.
	Augustus M. Barnes.....	Vice-consul.
Rostoff and Tazanrog, Russia.....	John Martin.....	Consular agent.
Rotterdam, Netherlands.....	Walter E. Gardner.....	Consul.
	John Visser.....	Vice and deputy consul.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES — Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Roubaix, France	William P. Atwell..	Consular agent.
Rouen, France	George Motte	Vice commercial agent.
	Charles P. Williams..	Consul.
Ruatan and Truxillo, Honduras	Henry C. Powell	Vice-consul.
	Wm. C. Burchard	Consul.
Russell, New Zealand	Philip S. Burchard	Vice-consul.
Saffi, Morocco	Henry Stephenson	Consular agent.
Sagua la Grande, Cuba.....	John Russi	Consular agent.
	Daniel M. Mullen	Commercial agent.
Saigon, Cochin China..	Francisco P. Machado	Vice-commercial agent.
	Aimée Fonsales	Commercial agent.
Sal, Cape Verde Islands	Edward Schneegans	Vice-commercial agent.
Salonica, Turkey		Consular agent.
Salt Cay, West Indies	P. H. Lazarro	Consular agent.
Saltillo, Mexico	Daniel F. Harriott	Consular agent.
Samana, San Domingo.....	John Woessner	Consul.
		Commercial agent.
Samarang, Java	Jean M. Villain	Vice commercial agent.
Samsoun, Turkey	A. J. A. Kleeblad	Consular agent.
San Benito, Mexico.....	Henri Hoelzer	Consular agent.
San Blas, Mexico	F. A. Quinby	Consular agent.
		Consul.
San Cristobal, Venezuela	James W. Stephens	Vice-consul.
Sandomingo, West Indies	J. A. Lallemant	Consular agent.
	John S. Durham	Consul.
San Felin de Guixols, Spain.....	William A. Reed	Vice-consul.
San José, Costa Rica	José Sibils	Consular agent.
	Beckford Mackey	Consul.
San José and Cape St. Lucas, Mexico...	Harrison N. Rudd	Vice-consul.
San José de Guatemala	Abraham Kurnitzky	Consular agent.
San Juan de los Remedios, Cuba	Jacob J. Couriel	Consular agent.
		Commercial agent.
San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua.....	James H. Springer	Vice-commercial agent.
	William A. Brown	Consul.
San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua	Frank Von Phul	Vice-consul.
San Juan, Porto Rico	Charles Holmann	Consular agent.
	Lewin R. Stewart	Consul.
San Luis Potosi, Mexico	Andres Crosas	Vice and deputy consul.
San Pedro Sula, Honduras	James P. Turnbull	Consular agent.
San Remo, Italy		Consular agent.
Santa Cruz, Cuba	Albert Ameglio	Consular agent.
Santo Cruz Point, Mexico	William Voigt	Consular agent.
Santa Cruz, West Indies	Conrad Cloetta	Consular agent.
Santa Martha, Colombia	Joseph L. Taylor	Consular agent.
San Salvador	M. J. Mier	Consular agent.
	Henry R. Myers	Consul.
San Sebastian, Spain	Frederick Baruch	Vice-consul.
Santander, Spain	José M. de Brunet	Consular agent.
	Clodomiro Perez	Consul.
	Modesto Pineiro	Vice-consul.
Santiago, Cape Verde Islands	Henry Pease	Consul.
	José P. Borjas	Vice-consul.
Santiago, Cuba	Otto E. Reimer	Consul.
	Robert Mason	Vice-consul.
	Angelo Girandy	Deputy consul.
Santos, Brazil		Consul.
	Henry Broad	Vice-consul.
Sault St. Marie, Ontario	James C. Rowland	Consular agent.
Savannah la Mar, West Indies	Charles S. Farquharson	Consular agent.
Scarborough, West Indies	Edward Keens	Consular agent.
Scheidam, Netherlands	J. B. M. Timmerhaus	Consular agent.
Scilly Islands, England	John Banfield, Jr.	Consular agent.
Seoul, Corea	Augustus Heard	Consul-general.
Seville, Spain	Samuel B. Caldwell	Consular agent.
Setubal, Portugal	Joaquin T. O'Neil	Consular agent.
Shanghai, China	Joseph A. Leonard	Consul-general.
	Walter S. Emens	Vice-consul-general.
	Mark B. Dunnell	Deputy consul-general.
Sheffield, England	Benjamin Folsom	Consul.
	George A. Branson	Vice consul.
Shelbourne, Nova Scotia	N. W. White	Consular agent.
Sherbrooke, Quebec	James A. Wood	Consul.
	Edw. B. Worthington	Vice and deputy consul.
Sierre Leone, West Africa	Bolding Bowser	Consul.
	Cornelius May	Vice-consul.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

509

CONSULS AND CONSULATES — Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Simonstown, South Africa	Rounseville Wildman	Consular agent.
Singapore, India	James Lyall	Consul.
Sivas, Turkey	Henry M. Jewett	Vice-consul.
Smyrna, Turkey	William C. Emmet	Consul.
Sohag, Egypt	Ezra J. Davee	Consul.
Sonneberg, Germany	Abdel Shaid	Vice-consul.
Sorabaya, Java	Silas C. Halsey	Consular agent.
Sorel, Quebec	Alvin Florschultz	Consul.
Souris, Prince Edward Island	John Lidgerwood	Vice and deputy consul.
Southampton, England	J. E. Gittings	Consular agent.
St. Ann's Bay, West Indies	Caleb C. Carlton	Consular agent.
St. Andrews, New Brunswick	Jasper P. Bradley	Consul.
St. Bartholomew, West Indies	John H. Cooksey	Vice-consul.
St. Catharine's, Ontario	Michael Solomons	Consular agent.
St. Christopher, West Indies	George F. Stickney	Consular agent.
St. Denis, Isle of Réunion	R. Burton Dinzey	Commercial agent.
St. Etienne, France	J. Oscar Florandin	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Eustatius, West Indies	Leonard H. Collard	Consular agent.
St. Gall, Switzerland	Emile S. Delisle	Commercial agent.
St. George, Azores	Edouard Rayeur	Commercial agent.
St. George, New Brunswick	Francis B. Loomis	Commercial agent.
St. George's, Bermuda	Hastings Burroughs	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Helena (island of)	George Doyle	Consular agent.
St. Helen's, England	S. H. Beyers	Consul.
St. Hyacinthe, Quebec	I. H. Tollikofer	Vice and deputy consul.
St. John's, New Brunswick	J. J. Cardozo	Consular agent.
St. John's, Newfoundland	Hugh Ludgate	Consular agent.
St. John's, Quebec	James A. Atwood	Commercial agent.
St. Louis, Africa	James B. Coffin	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Lucia, West Indies	Thomas E. Fowler	Consul.
St. Malo, France	John Hammill	Vice-consul.
St. Marc, Hayti	Thomas E. Moore	Consular agent.
St. Martin, West Indies	Francis Bartels	Commercial agent.
St. Michael's, Azores	Mason D. Sampson	Vice-commercial agent.
St. Paul de Loando, West Africa	William C. Jordan	Consul.
St. Pierre, Miquelon	Thomas N. Molloy	Vice and deputy consul.
St. Petersburg, Russia	William L. Donnelly	Consul.
St. Stephen, New Brunswick	Henry C. Fisk	Vice-consul.
St. Thomas, West Indies	John Donaghy	Consul.
St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands	Francis Lawton	Vice and deputy consul.
St. Vincent, West Indies	William Peter	Consular agent.
Stanbridge, Quebec	Raymond Moulton	Consular agent.
Stanstead, Quebec	Charles Miot	Consular agent.
Stavanger, Norway	D. C. Von Romondt	Consul.
Stettin, Germany	Lewis H. Percival	Vice-consul.
Stockholm, Sweden	William W. Nicholis	Consular agent.
Stratford, Ontario	Edward Bannister	Consul.
Stuttgart, Germany	J. P. Frecker	Vice-consul.
Suez, Egypt	George T. Steer	Commercial agent.
Summerside, Prince Edward Island	John M. Crawford	Vice and dep. com. agent
Sunderland, England	William H. Dunston	Consul-general.
Sutton, Quebec	A. E. Neill	Vice-consul-general.
	H. E. Purington	Consul.
	Samuel B. Horne	Vice and deputy consul.
	Joseph Ridgeway, Jr.	Consul.
	Joseph H. Hasty	Vice-consul.
	Willard Farrington	Consular agent.
	G. M. Hastings	Consular agent.
	Benjamin F. Butterfield	Commercial agent.
	C. F. Falck	Vice and dep. com. agent
	James C. Kellogg	Consular agent.
	Paul Grinchow	Consular agent.
	Nere A. Elfving	Consul.
	Axel Georgii	Vice and deputy consul.
	Woolman J. Halloway	Consul.
	J. D. Riddell	Vice-consul.
	Louis Gottschalk	Consul.
	Ferd. C. Gottschalk	Vice and deputy consul.
	A. T. Tweedle	Consul.
	John Gaffney	Vice and deputy consul.
	James Horan	Consular agent.
	Melville B. Marsh	Consular agent.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Swansea, Wales.....	J. A. Thomas.....	Consular agent.
Swatow, China.....		Consular agent.
Sydney, New South Wales.....	Gilderoy W. Griffin.....	Consul.
	Patrick B. Kenna.....	Vice-consul.
Sydney, Nova Scotia.....	J. E. Burchell.....	Consular agent.
Syra, Greece.....	Basil Padova.....	Consular agent.
Tahiti, Society Islands.....	Jacob L. Doty.....	Consul.
	John Hart.....	Vice-consul.
Takao and Taiwanfoo, China.....	Pelham C. Warren.....	Consular agent.
Talcahuano, Chili.....	John F. Van Ingen.....	Consul.
		Vice-consul.
Tamatave, Madagascar.....	John L. Walter.....	Consul.
	Richard M. Whitney.....	Vice-consul.
Tampico, Mexico.....	Adam Lieberknecht.....	Consul.
	Neill E. Pressly.....	Vice-consul.
Tamsui and Keelung, China.....	T. G. Gowland.....	Consular agent.
Tangier, Morocco.....	Felix A. Mathews.....	Consul-general.
	Robert Stalker.....	Vice-consul.
Tarragona, Spain.....	Pelayo Montoya.....	Consular agent.
Tegucigalpa, Honduras.....	James G. Peterson.....	Consul.
	George Bernhard.....	Vice-consul.
Teheran, Persia.....	Truxton Beale.....	Consul-general.
	W. W. Torrence.....	Vice-consul.
Tehuantepec and Salina Cruz, Mexico ..	James W. Jeffries.....	Consular agent.
Teneriffe, Canary Islands.....		Consul.
	Philibert Lallier.....	Vice-consul.
Terceira, Azores.....	Henrique de Castro.....	Consular agent.
Tetuan, North Africa.....	Isaac L. Cohen.....	Consular agent.
Three Rivers, Quebec.....	Nicholas Smith.....	Consul.
	Alexander Houliston.....	Vice-consul.
Tien-Tsin, China.....	William Bowman.....	Consul.
	William N. Pethick.....	Vice-consul.
Toronto, Ontario.....	Charles R. Pope.....	Consul.
	C. A. Hirschfelder.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Torre Vieja, Spain.....	Ceferino Talavera.....	Consular agent.
Toulon, France.....	Louis J. B. V. Jouve.....	Consular agent.
Tovar, Venezuela.....	Max W. Rehbein.....	Consular agent.
Townsville, New South Wales.....	William V. Brown.....	Consular agent.
Trapani, Italy.....	I. Marrone.....	Consular agent.
Trebizond, Turkey.....	H. Z. Longworth.....	Consular agent.
Trenton, Ontario.....	Davis C. Strong.....	Consular agent.
Trieste, Austria.....	James F. Hartigan.....	Consul.
	Basil Bryce.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Trinidad, West Indies.....	William P. Pierce.....	Consul.
	Henry B. Lee.....	Vice-consul.
Trinidad, Cuba.....	José P. y Magdaleno.....	Consular agent.
Troyes, France.....	Gaston Baltet.....	Consular agent.
Truxillo, Honduras.....	Manuel J. Izaguirre.....	Consular agent.
Truxillo, Peru.....	Edward Gottfried.....	Consular agent.
Tumbez, Peru.....	William Balami.....	Consular agent.
Tunstall, England.....	William Burgess.....	Consul.
	John H. Copestake.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Turin, Italy.....	St. Legar A. Touhay.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Turk's Island, West Indies.....	Joseph L. Hance.....	Consul.
	Jeremiah D. Murphy.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Tuxpan, Mexico.....	John Drayton.....	Consul.
Utilla, Honduras.....	Robert Woodville.....	Consular agent.
Valera, Venezuela.....	Carl Strieck.....	Consular agent.
Valleyfield, Quebec.....	G. W. Shannon.....	Consular agent.
Valparaiso, Chili.....	William B. McCreery.....	Consul.
	August Möller, Jr.....	Vice-consul.
Valencia, Venezuela.....	T. H. Grosewisch.....	Consular agent.
Vancouver, British Columbia.....	Jay Ewing.....	Commercial agent.
Venice, Italy.....	Henry A. Johnson.....	Consul.
	Franklin R. Grist.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Vera Cruz, Mexico.....	W. W. Apperson.....	Consul.
	Paul Gumá.....	Vice-consul.
Verviers, Belgium.....	Henry Codd.....	Consular agent.
Vevey Switzerland.....	Philippe Genton.....	Consular agent.
Victoria, Brazil.....	Jean Zinzen.....	Consular agent.
Victoria, British Columbia.....	Levi W. Myers.....	Consul.
	Edgar Marvin.....	Vice-consul.
Victoria, Mexico.....	J. H. T. King.....	Consular agent.
Vieques, Porto Rico.....	Lane Garben.....	Consular agent.
Vienna, Austria.....	Julius Goldschmidt.....	Consul-general.
	Otto Maass.....	Vice-consul-general.
	W. B. Murphy.....	Deputy-consul-general.

CONSULS AND CONSULATES—Continued.

Consular offices.	Consular officers.	Rank.
Vigo, Spain.....	Camilo Molins.....	Consular agent.
Vivero, Spain.....	Joaquin Muñiz.....	Consular agent.
Volo, Greece.....	Charles W. Borrell.....	Consular agent.
Wallaceburg, Ontario.....	Isaac G. Worden.....	Commercial agent.
	Charles B. Jackson.....	Vice and dep. com. agent
Warsaw, Russia.....	Joseph Rawicz.....	Consul.
Waterford, Ireland.....	William H. Farrell.....	Consular agent.
Waterloo, Quebec.....	Arthur S. Newell.....	Consular agent.
Waubausheue, Ontario.....	Renel W. Soule.....	Commercial agent.
Wellington, New Zealand.....	W. H. Levin.....	Consular agent.
Weymouth, England.....	Richard Cox.....	Consular agent.
Whitby, Ontario.....	W. P. Stericker.....	Consular agent.
Wiarthon, Ontario.....	J. H. Tibeando.....	Consular agent.
Windsor, Nova Scotia.....	Edward Young.....	Consul.
	Charles E. Hobart.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Windsor, Ontario.....	Charles D. Joslyn.....	Consul.
Wingham, Ontario.....	Thomas A. Bourke.....	Vice and deputy consul.
Winnipeg, Manitoba.....	A. C. Strathdee.....	Consular agent.
	James W. Taylor.....	Consul.
Winterthur, Switzerland.....	Heinrich Langsdorf.....	Vice-consul.
Woodstock, New Brunswick.....	Walter T. Townshend.....	Consular agent.
	Charles D. Jordan.....	Commercial agent.
Wolverhampton, England.....	John Neve.....	Vice and dep. com. agt.
Wyborg, Russia.....	Ludwig Pacius.....	Consular agent.
Yarmouth, Nova Scotia.....	Dean F. Currie.....	Consular agent.
	Robert S. Eakins.....	Vice and dep. com. agt.
Yuscaran, Honduras.....		Consular agent.
Zacatecas, Mexico.....	T. Howard Hatch.....	Consular agent.
Zanzibar, East Africa.....	Edward D. Ropes, Jr.....	Consul.
	A. E. B. Govea.....	Vice-consul.
Zante, Greece.....	A. L. Crowe.....	Consular agent.
Zaza, Cuba.....	Sinesio Ballesta.....	Consular agent.
Zittau, Germany.....	Paul Emrich.....	Consular agent.
Zurich, Switzerland.....	George L. Catlin.....	Consul.
	Ed. von Orelli.....	Vice-consul.

CONSULAR CLERKS.

Authorized by the act of Congress, approved June 20, 1864.

Joseph A. Springer.....	Havana.	Arthur W. Richardson ..	Honolulu.
Charles F. Thirion.....	Paris.	Henry W. Martin.....	
Ed. P. MacLean.....	Paris.	W. Porter Boyd.....	Chemnitz.
Charles M. Wood.....	Rome.	William Dulaney Hunter.....	
George H. Scidmore.....	Kanagawa.	Carl A. Hansmann ..	Chemnitz.
St. Leger A. Touhay.....	Turin.	Edward L. Whitehouse.....	
George H. Murphy.....	Berlin.		

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Countries.	Name.	Rank.
Argentine Republic.	Senor Don Vicente G. Quesada.....	E. E. and M. P.
Austria-Hungary....	Senor Don Juan S. Attwell.....	Naval Attache.
	Chevalier de Tavera.....	E. E. and M. P.
Belgium.....	Chevalier de Krapp-Liverhoff.....	Chancellor of Legation.
	Mr. Alfred Le Ghait.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Count Gaston d' Arschof.....	Counselor of Legation.
Brazil.....	Baron Raoul de Vriere.....	Secretary of Legation.
	Senhor J. G. do Amaral Valente.....	E. E. and M. P.
Chili.....	Senhor Jose A. Ferreira da Costa.....	Secretary of Legation.
	Senor Don Prudencio Lazcano.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Manuel J. Vega.....	Secretary of Legation.
China.....	Capt. Don. Francisco Sanchez.....	Naval Attache.
	Mr. Tsui Kwo Yin.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Pung Kwang Yu.....	First Secretary.
	Mr. Wang Hung Ting.....	Secretary.
	Mr. Ho Shen Chee.....	Translator and Attache.
Colombia.....	Senor Don Jose M. Hurtado.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Julio Rengifo.....	Secretary of Legation.
Corea.....	Mr. Pak Chung Yang.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Ye Cha Yun.....	Sec. Leg. & Charge d'Af. ad int.
Costa Rica.....	Senor Don Pedro Perez Zeledon.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Federico Volio.....	Sec. Leg. & Charge d'Af ad int.
Denmark.....	Count de Sponeck.....	M. R. & C. G.
Ecuador.....	Senor Don Jose M. P. Caamano.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Antonio Echevarria.....	Secretary of Legation.
France.....	M. Theodore Roustau.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Count Sala.....	1st Sec Leg & Ch'ge d'Af. ad int
	M. des Portes de la Fosse.....	Third Secretary.
	Le Commandant Lottin.....	Military Attache.
	M. Jules Boeufve.....	Chancellor.
Germany.....	Count Ludwig von Arco-Valley.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. A. von Mumm.....	Sec. Leg. & Charge d'Af. ad int
	Baron Speck von Sternburg.....	Military Attache.
	Mr. Oscar Petri.....	Technical Attache.
	Mr. P. W. Buddecke.....	A. Chan. & Coun. of Legation.
	Mr. C. von der Weth.....	Asst. Chancellor of Legation.
Great Britain.....	Sir J. Pouncefote, G. C. M. G., K. C. B.	E. E. & M. P.
	Hon. Henry G. Edwardes.....	Secretary of Legation.
	Hon. Michael H. Herbert.....	Second Secretary of Legation.
	Hon. Alan Johnstone.....	Second Secretary of Legation.
	Mr. George Barclay.....	Third Secretary of Legation.
	Capt. Sir W. Domville, Bart., R. N.	Naval Attache.
	Capt. Gerald Chaus Langley, R. N.	Second Naval Attache.
Greece.....	Mr. Jean Gennadius.....	M. R.
Guatemala.....	Senor Don Fernando Cruz.....	E. E. and M. P.
Hawaii.....	Mr. H. A. P. Carter.....	E. E. and M. P.
Hayti.....	Mr. Hannibal Price.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. John Hurst.....	Secretary of Legation.
Italy.....	Baron de Fava.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Marquis Imperiali di Francavilla.....	Secretary of Legation.
	Mr. Georges Levi.....	Attache.
Japan.....	Mr. Munemitsu Mutsu.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. Almaro Sato.....	Sec. Leg. & Ch'ge d' Af. ad int.
	Mr. Durham W. Stevens.....	Counselor of Legation.
	Lieut. S. Nakamura, I. J. N.....	Naval Attache.
	Mr. Masaichi Noma.....	Chancellor.
Mexico.....	Senor Don Matias Romero.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Cayetano Romero.....	First Secretary of Legation.
	Senor Don Vicente Morales.....	Second Secretary.
	Senor Don Enrique Santibanez.....	Second Secretary.
	Senor Don Edmundo J. Plaza.....	Third Secretary.
	Senor Don Rario Pacheco.....	Third Secretary.
	Senor Don A. L. Grajeda.....	Third Secretary.
Netherlands.....	Mr. G. de Weckherlin.....	E. E. & M. P.
Nicaragua.....	Senor Don Horacio Guzman.....	E. E. & M. P.
	Senor Don Roman Mayorga.....	Secretary of Legation.
Persia.....	Hadji Hossein Ghooly Kahn.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mirza Mahmoud Khan.....	Secretary of Legation.
Peru.....	Senor Don Felix C. C. Zagarra.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Dr. Don Jose Maria Yrigoyen.....	Secretary of Legation.
	Senor Don Manuel Figueroa.....	Attache.
Portugal.....	Senhor Thomaz de Souza Roza.....	E. E. and M. P.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

Countries.	Name.	Rank.
Russia	Mr. Charles de Struve.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mr. P. Hansen.....	Act. 1st Secretary of Legation.
	Mr. Alexandre Greger.....	2d Sec. Leg. & Act. C. G. in N. Y.
	Mr. M. de Routkowsky.....	Technical Attache.
Siam.....	Phya Montri Surig a Wongse.....	E. E. and M. P.
Spain.....	Senor Don Emilio de Muriaga.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Marques de Guirior.....	First Secretary of Legation.
	Senor Don Jose F. Sagrario.....	Second Secretary.
	Senor Don Manuel Multedo.....	Third Secretary.
	Senor Don Jose de Pedroso.....	Attache.
	Senor Don Rodrigo de Saavedra.....	Attache.
	Capt. Senor Don M. del Carre.....	Military Attache.
	Mr. J. A. W. Grip.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Baron H. J. Beck-Friis.....	Secretary of Legation.
Sweden and Norway.	Count C. Lewenhaupt.....	Attache.
	Mr. Alfred de Claparede.....	E. E. and M. P.
Switzerland.	Maj. Karl Kloss.....	Counselor of Legation.
Turkey ..	Mavroyeni Bey.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Mgrditch Effendi Norighian.....	Ch'ge d'Aff. ad int. & 1st Sec. L.
Venezuela.	Senor Don Nicanor Bolet-Peraza.....	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Leopoldo Terrero.....	First Secretary.
	Senor N. Bolet-Monagas.....	Second Secretary.
	Senor Don Carlos C. Bolet.....	Attache.

STATE AND TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS, 1891-1893.

States and Territories.	Capitals.	Governor.	Salaries.	Term Yrs.	Term Expires.	Next Session Legislature.	Electional Vote.	Rep. in Cong.	Time of Election.	Population, 1890.
Alabama	Montgomery	T. G. Jones, D.	\$3,000	2	Nov. 1892	*Nov. 1892	10	8	First Monday in August..	1,513,017
Alaska Territory	Sitka	+L. E. Knapp, R.	3,000		Apr. 1893					36,500
Arizona Territory	Phoenix	+I. N. Irwin, R.	2,600	4	Apr. 1893	*Jan. 1893		+1	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	69,620
Arkansas	Little Rock	James P. Eagle, D.	3,500	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	7	5	First Monday in Sept.	1,123,179
California	Sacramento	H. H. Markham, R.	6,000	4	Jan. 1895	*Jan. 1893	8	6	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,208,130
Colorado	Denver	John L. Routt, R.	5,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	3	1	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	412,198
Connecticut	Hartford	S. E. Merwin, R.	2,000	2	Jan. 1893	Jan. 1892	6	4	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	746,258
Delaware	Dover	R. J. Reynolds, D.	2,000	4	Jan. 1895	*Jan. 1893	3	1	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	168,493
Dist. of Columbia	Washington									230,362
Florida	Tallahassee	Francis P. Fleming, D.	3,500	4	Jan. 1893	*Apr. 1893	4	2	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	391,422
Georgia	Atlanta	W. J. Northen, D.	3,000	2	Nov. 1892	*Nov. 1892	12	10	First Wednesday in Oct.	1,837,353
Idaho	Boise City	N. B. Willey, R.		4	1895	*Dec. 1893	3	1	First Wednesday in Nov.	84,385
Illinois	Springfield	Joseph W. Fifer, R.	6,000	4	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	22	20	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	3,826,351
Indiana	Indianapolis	Alvin P. Hovey, R.	5,000	4	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	15	13	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	2,192,404
Iowa	Des Moines	Horace Boies, D.	4,000	2	Jan. 1892	*Jan. 1892	13	11	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,911,896
Indian Territory	Talequah									130,389
Kansas	Topeka	L. U. Humphrey, R.	3,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	9	7	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,427,096
Kentucky	Frankfort	S. B. Buckner, D.	5,000	4	Sept. 1891	*Dec. 1891	13	11	First Monday in August..	1,858,635
Louisiana	Baton Rouge	Francis T. Nichols, D.	4,000	4	May 1892	*May 1892	8	6	First Monday in Nov.	1,118,587
Maine	Augusta	E. C. Burleigh, R.	2,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1892	6	4	Second Monday in Sept.	661,086
Maryland	Annapolis	B. E. Jackson, D.	4,500	4	Jan. 1892	*Jan. 1892	8	6	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,042,390
Massachusetts	Boston	W. E. Russell, D.	4,000	1	Jan. 1892	*Jan. 1892	14	12	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	2,238,943
Michigan	Lansing	E. B. Winslow, D.	1,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	13	11	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	2,093,889
Minnesota	St. Paul	W. R. Merriam, R.	3,800	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	7	5	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,301,826
Mississippi	Jackson	John M. Stone, D.	4,000	4	Jan. 1894	*Jan. 1892	9	7	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,289,600
Missouri	Jefferson City	David B. Francis, D.	5,000	4	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	16	14	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	2,679,184
Montana	Helena	J. K. Toole, D.	5,000	4	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1892	3	1	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	132,159
Nebraska	Lincoln	J. E. Boyd, D.	2,500	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	5	3	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,058,910
Nevada	Carson City	R. K. Colcord, R.	6,000	4	Jan. 1895	*Jan. 1893	3	1	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	45,761
New Hampshire	Concord	H. A. Tuttle, R.	1,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	4	2	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	376,530
New Jersey	Trenton	L. Abbott, D.	5,000	3	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1892	9	7	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,444,933
New Mexico Ter.	Santa Fe	+L. B. Prince, R.	2,600	4	Apr. 1893	*Jan. 1893		+1	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	153,593
New York	Albany	David B. Hill, D.	10,000	3	Jan. 1892	*Jan. 1892	36	34	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	5,997,853
North Carolina	Raleigh	Daniel G. Fowle, D.	4,000	4	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	11	9	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,617,947
North Dakota	Bismarck	A. H. Burke, R.	3,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	3	1	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	182,719
Ohio	Columbus	J. E. Campbell, D.	4,000	2	Jan. 1892	*Jan. 1893	23	-21	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	3,672,816
Oklahoma Ter.	Guthrie	+G. W. Steele, R.	2,600	4	May 1894			+1		61,884
Oregon	Salem	Sylvester Pennoyer, D.	1,500	4	Jan. 1895	*Jan. 1893	3	1	First Monday in June.	313,767

Pennsylvania.....	Harrisburg.....	R. E. Pattison, D.....	10,000	4	Jan. 1895	*Jan. 1893	30	28	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	5,258,014
Rhode Island.....	Newport and Prov	J. W. Davis, D.	1,000	1	May 1891	Jan. 1892	4	2	First Wednesday in April.	345,506
South Carolina.....	Columbia.....	B. R. Tillman, D.....	3,500	2	Dec. 1892	Nov. 1891	9	7	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,151,149
South Dakota	Pierre	A. C. Mellette, R.....	2,600	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	4	2	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	328,808
Tennessee.....	Nashville.....	J. P. Buchanan, D.....	4,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	12	10	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,767,518
Texas	Austin.....	J. S. Hogg, D.....	4,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	13	11	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	2,235,523
Utah Territory	Salt Lake City....	+ A. L. Thomas, R.....	2,600	4	May 1893	*Jan. 1892	.....	+ 1	First Monday in August...	207,905
Vermont	Montpelier	C. S. Page, R.....	1,000	2	Oct. 1892	*Oct. 1892	4	2	First Tuesday in Sept. . .	332,422
Virginia	Richmond	P. W. McKinney, D....	5,000	4	Jan. 1895	*Dec. 1893	12	10	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,655,980
Washington	Olympia	E. P. Perry, R.....	4,000	4	Jan. 1894	*Jan. 1893	3	1	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	349,390
West Virginia	Charleston	E. W. Wilson, D.....	2,700	4	Mar. 1893	*Jan. 1893	6	4	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	762,794
Wisconsin	Madison	G. W. Peck, D.....	5,000	2	Jan. 1893	*Jan. 1893	11	9	Tues. after first Mon. Nov	1,686,880
Wyoming	Cheyenne.....	F. E. Warren, R.....	.....	2	.....	Nov. 1893	3	1	First Tuesday in Sept....	60,705

* Biennial Sessions.

† Appointed by President.

‡ Delegate.

Dem. Govs., 28; Rep. Govs., 21.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Office.	Name.	Salary.	Residence.
Governor	Geo. W. Peck	\$5,000	Milwaukee.
Lieutenant-Governor.....	Chas. Jonas	1,000	Racine.
Secretary of State	T. J. Cunningham.	5,000	Chippewa Falls.
State Treasurer	John Hunner.....	5,000	Eau Claire.
Attorney-General	James L. O'Connor	3,000	Madison.
State Superintendent.....	Oliver E. Wells....	1,200	Appleton.
Railroad Commissioner	Thomas Thompson	3,000	Independence.
Insurance Commissioner.....	Wilbur M. Root ...	3,000	Sheboygan.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
GOVERNOR.		
George W. Peck.....	Milwaukee .	New York.
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.		
Charles Jonas.....	Racine	Bohemia.
PRIVATE SECRETARY.		
Clarence L. Clark.....	Janesville	Wisconsin.
EXECUTIVE CLERK.		
Werner Pressentin	Milwaukee .	Wisconsin.
JANITOR.		
Oscar K. Schubert.....	Madison	Germany.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

SECRETARY OF STATE.		
<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Address.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
T. J. Cunningham.....	Chippewa Falls	New York.
ASSISTANT SECRETARY.		
Thos. B. Leonard.....	Chippewa Falls	Wisconsin.
BOOK-KEEPER		
A. E. McCurdy	Madison	Wisconsin.

STATE DEPARTMENT—Continued.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER.		
G. W. Levis	Black River Falls	Wisconsin.
CHIEF CLERK.		
H. G. L. Paul	Oshkosh	Germany.
PRINTING CLERK.		
A. F. Warden	Plymouth	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT PRINTING CLERK.		
W. H. Peck	Platteville	Vermont.
COMPILING CLERK.		
Charles H. Phillips	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
DOCUMENT CLERK.		
J. Breuss	Milwaukee	Germany.
RECORDING CLERK.		
Frances S. Weil	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
MAILING CLERK.		
A. N. Altenhofen	Kewaskum	Wisconsin.
JANITOR.		
August Wandrey	Madison	Germany.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
TREASURER.		
John Hunner	Eau Claire	New York.
ASSISTANT TREASURER.		
F. F. Proudfit	Madison	Wisconsin.
BOOK-KEEPER.		
P. McMahon	Eau Claire	Ireland.
CORRESPONDING CLERK.		
L. B. Murphy	Bluff Station	Wisconsin.
DEPOSIT CLERK.		
Geo. L. Blum	Eau Claire	Wisconsin.
MAILING CLERK.		
R. Porsch	Madison	Germany.
MESSENGER.		
Chas. C. Hunner	Eau Claire	Wisconsin.
JANITOR.		
F. W. Bartz	Fall Creek	Wisconsin.
NIGHT WATCH.		
M. W. Heck	Racine	Illinois.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.		
James L. O'Connor	Madison	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT ATTORNEY-GENERAL.		
James M. Clancey	Stoughton	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
STATE SUPERINTENDENT.		
Oliver E. Wells.....	Appleton.....	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS.		
C. A. Hutchins.....	Beloit	New York.
W. D. Parker.....	River Falls.....	Vermont.
CHIEF CLERK.		
James A. Sheridan	Waterloo.....	Wisconsin
LIBRARY CLERK.		
F. A. Hutchins	Beaver Dam.....	Ohio.
CLERKS.		
Winona Merrick.....	River Falls.....	New York.
Anna Lum	Waterloo.....	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
John Scanlon	Simcoe	Ireland.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.		
Thomas Thompson.....	Independence	Sweden.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.		
John B. Webb	La Crosse	Connecticut.
JANITOR.		
Peter Nelton.....	Independence	Germany.

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
COMMISSIONER.		
Wilbur M. Root.	Sheboygan	Ohio.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER		
Ned M. Root.....	Sheboygan	Wisconsin.
CLERK.		
W. H. Glenz	Madison	Germany.

BUREAU OF LABOR, CENSUS AND INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
COMMISSIONER.		
Jeremiah Dobbs.....	Ripon	New York.
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.		
Frank M. Dyer.....	Mifflin	Wisconsin.
FACTORY INSPECTOR.		
John W. Zwaska.....	Milwaukee	Austria.
ASSISTANT FACTORY INSPECTOR.		
Semi L. Van Etten.....	La Crosse.....	New York.
CLERK.		
Max A. Blumenfeld.....	Watertown.	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER.		
Henry W. Bolte.	Platteville	Germany.

STATE TREASURY AGENT.

TREASURY AGENT.		
Thomas Kennedy.....		Dodgeville.
ASSISTANT TREASURY AGENT.		
Henry Cummings		Platteville.
MESSENGER.		
Louis Preuss.....		Taycheedah.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
CHIEF CLERK.		
W. H. Canon....	Merrill	New York.
CLERKS.		
Olaf R. Skaar	Viroqua	Norway.
L. A. Brace.....	Eau Claire.	New York.
Alexander Moran	Onalaska	New York.
C. J. M. Malek.....	Milwaukee	Poland.
Carl Sorg.....	Milwaukee	Germany.
W. F. Dockery.....	Whitewater	Wisconsin.
W. C. Donovan	Madison	Wisconsin.
Henry Scheldhaur.....	Neillsville	Wisconsin.
Estelle Keenan.....	Appleton	Wisconsin.
JANITOR.		
Michael Blenski.....	Milwaukee	Poland.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
ADJUTANT GENERAL.		
Joseph B. Doe	Janesville	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.		
Frederick L. Phillips	Fox Lake	England.
CLERKS—PENSION DIVISION.		
Delos H. Brown	Fort Atkinson	New York.
Anna M. Pickarts	Madison	Wisconsin.
STENOGRAPHER.		
Agnes L. Morrissy	Janesville ..	Wisconsin.
MESSENGER AND JANITOR.		
James L. Glennon	Appleton	Ireland.

CLERKS.

(Compiling war records under chapter 244, laws of 1885.)

Henry C. Allen	Beloit	Massachusetts.
Frederick W. Grumm	Milwaukee	Germany.
Ole S. Holum	De Forest	Wisconsin.
Joseph H. Janda	Kewaunee	Bohemia.
Gustave A. Kuechle	Milwaukee ..	Pennsylvania.
Peter Mulholland	Manitowoc ..	Scotland.
James F. Spencer	Madison	Ireland.
Louis J. Ungrodt ..	Racine	Africa.
Mary W. Priestley	Mineral Point	Wisconsin.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL.		
Brig. Gen. Otto H. Falk	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL.		
Major Wm. Mahoney	Wausau	Ireland.
STOREKEEPER.		
W. B. McPherson	Spencer	New York.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Nativity.</i>
SUPERINTENDENT.		
E. V. Briesen.....	Columbus	Prussia.
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.		
W. B. Vance.....	Racine	New York.
MESSENGER AND CLERK.		
H. L. Lueders	Milwaukee	Wisconsin.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Legal Residence.</i>	<i>Occupation.</i>
EMPLOYES.		
John Doyle.....	Madison.....	Chief engineer.
John Butler	Merrillan	Assistant engineer.
Harry Meloy.....	Shullsburg	Assistant engineer.
John Delaney	Madison.....	Fireman.
John Davenport.....	Juda	Fireman.
Wm. Ledwith.....	Madison.....	Fireman.
H. N. Moulton.....	Madison.....	State carpenter.
H. Hubbell	Sparta	Assistant carpenter.
John Pinzger.....	Kenosha	State painter.
Thos. O'Niel	Milwaukee	Steam and gas fitter.
H. C. Mumbrue.....	Waupaca.....	Receiving and shipping clerk.
Chas. McSorley.....	Portage	Storekeeper.
James Whitty.....	Baraboo.....	Police.
Chas. E. Stevens.....	Menomonie.....	Police.
J. H. Holcomb.....	Platteville	Police.
A. R. Jones.....	Madison	Police.
I. T. Carr.....	Neillsville	Police.
Thos. Kingston	Madison	Police.
Iver Jensen	Christiana.....	Night watch.
W. H. Hammersley	Madison	Night watch.
Jos. Rebhan	Milwaukee	Elevator attendant.
James A. Patton	Juda	Foreman labor force.
Michael J. Tigh.....	Milwaukee	Messenger, Board of Charities and Reform.
Thomas Curley	Prairie du Chien	Messenger, Board of Supervision.
John Kappel	Muscoda	Messenger, Historical Society.
Frank Ehrlich	Madison	Janitor, superintendent public property.
Chas. Ermatinger	Chippewa Falls	Janitor, farmers' institutes.
E. E. Alford.....	Madison	Janitor, supreme court.
John Lawrence	Eagle Corners.....	Janitor, agricultural society.
S. H. Tuttle	Whitewater	Art gallery attendant.

STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS AND AGENTS.

 REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY.

See page 423.

REGENTS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

See page 435.

BOARD OF SUPERVISION.

See page 446.

BOARD OF CHARITIES AND REFORM.

See page 443.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ADMISSION TO BAR.

Moses M. Strong	Mineral Point.
Joshua Stark	Milwaukee.
Geo. G. Greene	Green Bay.
M. A. Hurley	Wausau.
L. J. Rusk	Chippewa Falls.

STATE PENSION AGENT.

Joseph B. Doe	Madison.
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STATE LIBRARY. (LAW.)

TRUSTEES, EX-OFFICIO.

Orsamus Cole	Chief Justice	Supreme Court.
William P. Lyon	Associate Justice	Supreme Court.
Harlow S. Orton	Associate Justice	Supreme Court.
David Taylor	Associate Justice	Supreme Court.
John B. Cassoday	Associate Justice	Supreme Court.
James L. O'Connor		Attorney-General.
John R. Berryman		Librarian.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Residence.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
W. W. Daniells.....	Madison.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1890
G. F. Witter.....	Grand Rapids.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1891
B. O. Reynolds	Lake Geneva.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1892
J. T. Reeve.....	Appleton	1st Monday in Feb., 1893
Samuel C. Johnson	Hudson	1st Monday in Feb., 1894
Solon Marks.....	Milwaukee	1st Monday in Feb., 1895
A. D. K. Thrane	Eau Claire.....	1st Monday in Feb., 1896
Solon Marks.....	Milwaukee	President.
J. T. Reeve.. ..	Appleton	Secretary.

STARE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

R. D. Pulford.....	Mineral Point	Term expires 1894
F. Robinson.....	Kenosha	Term expires 1895
A. Conrath.....	Milwaukee	Term expires 1891
E. B. Heimstreet.....	Janesville	Term expires 1892
C. R. Bechman.....	Fountain City.....	Term expires 1893

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

F. Robinson.....	President.
E. B. Heimstreet.....	Secretary and Treasurer.

The State Board of Pharmacy was established by chapter 167 of the laws of 1882. The board consists of five members, who are appointed by the Governor, for a term of five years. Members receive five dollars per day for actual service, the Secretary receiving no per diem, but a salary of four hundred dollars. All salaries and expenses are paid from receipts of examinations and dues from the druggists of the state.

The law establishing the board provides that it shall be the duty of the board to examine all applications for registration, submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same under the provisions of the act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report annually to the Governor and to the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Society upon the condition of pharmacy in the state, which said report shall also furnish a record of the proceedings of said board for the year, as well as the names of all pharmacists duly registered.

The board holds meetings for examination of applicants and such other business as pertains to its duties, at least once in three months. Thirty days' notice of such meeting is required to be given. None but registered pharmacists are allowed to sell poisons or compound prescriptions.

All pharmacists are required to pay a fee of one dollar per year registration, they are held responsible for quality of all drugs and chemicals or medicines sold or dispensed by them. The average expenses of the board has been \$1,514 a year.

The following table shows the work of the board since its organization in 1882.

	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	Total
Number examined	22	54	88	92	135	157	154	123	158	983
Graduate, Lic. Certificate.....	12	37	50	51	54	72	29	28	39	363
Assistants' Certificates.....	2	2	14	12	14	18	74	62	70	268
Number rejected	8	15	24	29	67	67	51	33	58	352

There are now in the state ten hundred and thirty graduate and licentiate and two hundred and sixty-nine assistants, and about seven hundred and sixty drug stores.

STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

			<i>Term expires.</i>
F. L. Dolbear.	Oshkosh.	May 2, 1893	
Edgar Palmer.	La Crosse	May 2, 1893	
B. G. Marklein.	Milwaukee	May 2, 1894	
Chas. C. Chittenden.	Madison	May 2, 1895	
E. C. French.	Eau Claire	May 2, 1891	

OFFICERS OF BOARD.

Chas. C. Chittenden	President.	Madison.
Edgar Palmer	Secretary	La Crosse.

The board meets annually on third Tuesday in July, at the place selected for meeting of Wisconsin State Dental Society, which place of meeting is selected by the society.

The State Board of Dental Examiners was organized under chapter 129, laws of 1885 — The board is appointed by the Governor. Expenses of the board are paid out of fees received.

The following is a synopsis of the business of the board since its organization:

March 23, 1885, to —	Registered.	Licensed by diploma.	Licensed by examination.	Applications.	Rejected.	Prosecutions.	Convictions.	Meetings held.
September 30, 1886	352	20	5	5	.....	.....	.....	2
September 30, 1887	356	12	10	12	2	1	1	2
September 30, 1888	354	20	5	9	4	2	1	2
September 30, 1889	352	6	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
September 30, 1890	353	35	3	4	1	2	1	2

STATE GOVERNMENT.

525

STATE SUPERVISOR OF INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OILS.

Name. Postoffice.
A. M. Kersten. De Pere.

INSPECTORS AND INSPECTION DISTRICTS.

Name.	P. O. address.	Territory forming the district.
J. H. Kamps .	Appleton .	Outagamie county.
H. B. Warner .	Ashland .	Ashland and Bayfield counties.
	Beaver Dam .	Townships of Trenton, Westford and Beaver Dam, with the town on the C. M. & St. P. R'y. in towns of Oak Grove, Herman, Hubbard and Rubicon.
	Beloit .	Townships of Beloit, Clinton, Newark and Turtle and Avon in Rock county.
	Black River Falls .	Jackson county.
	Cameron .	Towns in Barron county east of the west line of Barron township.
	Chippewa Falls .	Chippewa and Dunn counties.
	Cumberland .	Towns in Barron county west of the west line of Barron township.
Fr. J. Keer .	Eau Claire .	Eau Claire county.
	Elroy .	Juneau county excepting Necedah township.
	Fifield .	Price county, and towns of Westboro, Whittlesey and Chelsea in Taylor county.
	Florence .	Florence county.
	Fond du Lac .	Fond du Lac and Green Lake counties with the towns of Burnett, Chester, Herman, Hubbard, Leroy, Lomira, Rubicon, Theresa and Williamstown in Dodge county.
	Fontana .	Towns of Bloomfield, Geneva and Linn, and village of Fontana, Walworth county.
D. M. Hagerty .	Green Bay .	Brown, Door, Shawano and Oconto counties, and town of Red River in Kewaunee county.
	Hudson .	Polk, St. Croix and Pierce counties, and that part of Pepin county lying west of the Chippewa river.
	Janesville .	Rock county except southern tier of townships, south halves of Jefferson and Green counties, and Whitewater in Walworth county.
	Kenosha .	Kenosha county.
W. S. Hanscom .	La Crosse .	La Crosse, Buffalo, Trempealeau, Monroe, Vernon, Richland and Crawford counties.
	Madison .	Dane county, and towns of Lodi and West Point in Columbia county.
	Manitowoc .	Manitowoc and Sheboygan counties.
	Marinette .	Marinette county.
	Marshfield .	Portage and Wood counties, and towns on the W. C. Ry. from Marshfield to and including Medford.
Wm. Conners .	Menomonie .	Dunn county.
John McCoy .	Merrill .	Lincoln county.
	Milwaukee .	Milwaukee, Ozaukee and Washington counties.
	Necedah .	Necedah township in Juneau county.
F. A. Lee .	Neillsville .	Clark county.
	Oshkosh .	Winnebago and east half of Waushara county.
	Platteville .	Grant, Iowa and La Fayette counties.
	Portage .	Columbia county excepting towns of Lodi, West Point and Columbus.
H. Colbert .	Racine .	Racine county except town of Burlington.
	Reedsburg .	Sauk county.
M. C. French .	Sharon .	Sharon township in Walworth county.
	Superior .	Douglas county.
	Walworth .	Town of Walworth except Fontana village.
August Tanck .	Watertown .	North half of Jefferson county, and towns on C. & N. W. Ry., to and including Juneau, and towns on the C. M. & St. P. Ry. to and including Columbus in Columbia county.
	Waukesha .	Waukesha county.
Louis Hellbraeth .	Wausau .	Marathon county.

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

The Governor, ex-officio.

Term expires.

Philo Dunning, President.....	Madison.....	April 1, 1891.
A. V. H. Carpenter.....	Milwaukee.....	April 1, 1891.
C. L. Valentine, Secretary and Treasurer.	Janesville.....	April 1, 1893.
Mark Douglas.....	Melrose.....	April 1, 1893.
Calvert Spensley.....	Mineral Point.....	April 1, 1892.
E. S. Minor.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	April 1, 1892.
James Nevin, Superintendent.....	Madison.....	

The Wisconsin Fish Commission was established in 1874, and consisted of three commissioners. This number was increased in 1878, to seven, composed of the governor, while in office, and six appointed by him.

There are two hatcheries in the state—one at "Nine Springs," four and a half mile south of Madison where brook trout, California rainbow trout and carp are raised, and one in the exposition building at Milwaukee, for hatching white-fish and wall-eyed pike.

Persons desirous of obtaining fry to stock streams and lakes will, by writing to either of the commissioners or to the superintendent, receive blank applications and full printed directions for planting. The law of 1892 prohibits the furnishing of fry, with the exception of carp, for private ponds.

There is now an annual appropriation of \$12,000 made to the commission. Wisconsin now leads all other states, in the distribution of trout, and is only excelled by Michigan in white-fish planting. The following distribution of fry has been made within the past two years.

Names of Species.	1889.	1890.
Brook Trout.....	2, 190, 000	3, 320, 000
Rainbow Trout.....	2, 615, 000	3, 460, 000
White Fish.....	30, 000, 000	27, 600, 000
Lake Trout (impregnated eggs).....	27, 322, 500	30, 963, 800
Carp.....	5, 230	37, 541
Pike.....	14, 050, 000	14, 680, 000
Total.....	76, 182, 730	80, 061, 341

There are three fish wardens in the state, each having charge of a particular section of the Wisconsin shores along the Great Lakes. District No. 1, is Lake Michigan from the Illinois-Wisconsin state line north to Ahnapee; No. 2, is from Ahnapee to the islands in waters of Green Bay; No. 3, is Lake Superior within the confines of Wisconsin. From the reports of the wardens, the following summary is presented, of the extent of the Wisconsin fishing industry on the Great Lakes, from 1885 to 1888, inclusive, showing that there is a steady advance in the extent and profits of this important enterprise, largely induced by the work of the state fish commission in liberally stocking the lakes with fry:

THE WISCONSIN FISHING INDUSTRY ON THE GREAT LAKES—SUMMARY OF WARDENS' REPORTS, 1887-90.

DISTRICT NUMBER.	Number of Pounds.	Value.	Number of Nets.	Value.	Number of Persons Employed.	Number of Boats.	Value.	Value of other Property.
1887.*								
1st.....	2,195,930	\$105,284 50	9,195	\$71,860 00	194	68	\$66,350 00	\$81,450 00
2d.....	2,123,613	106,058 20	4,615	46,388 00	286	156	8,747 00	86,329 65
3d.....	1,223,201	88,826 18	2,342	27,462 00	132	69	23,935 00	2,905 00
Total for 1887.....	5,541,744	\$250,168 88	16,152	\$145,710 00	612	203	\$99,032 00	\$170,744 65
1888.†								
1st.....	2,912,248	\$121,182 37	9,341	\$76,240 00	187	60	\$67,635 00	\$66,950 00
2d.....	4,101,867	104,131 17	6,465	62,735 00	204	176	12,701 00	25,564 00
3d.....	1,709,665	45,281 52	2,201	2,033 00	147	48	11,200 00	12,648 00
Total for 1888.....	8,780,780	\$270,595 06	18,007	\$141,008 00	628	284	\$91,536 00	\$105,163 00
1889.‡								
1st.....	3,141,605	\$127,863 32	9,811	\$80,130 00	194	62	\$72,300 00	\$66,900 00
2d.....	4,591,721	109,529 09	5,273	81,102 00	274	139	14,920 00	24,736 00
3d.....	1,681,234	49,598 85	3,049	26,337 00	183	74	17,950 00	11,135 00
Total for 1889.....	9,414,560	\$286,961 26	18,133	\$187,569 00	651	275	\$105,180 00	\$102,831 00
1890.§								
1st.....	2,872,498	\$36,543 41	9,979	\$62,803 00	180	70	\$49,560 00	\$103,620 00
2d.....	5,297,109	125,704 35	5,904	59,112 00	346	172	16,304 00	28,380 00
3d.....	1,597,327	46,602 48	461	14,100 00	157	59	5,500 00	15,500 00
Total for 1890.....	9,766,934	\$208,850 24	16,344	\$136,015 00	683	301	\$71,364 00	\$147,500 00

* Increased value of 1887 over 1886, \$90,429 44.
† Increased value of 1888 over 1887, \$20,426 18.

‡ Increased value of 1889 over 1888, \$16,366 20.
§ Decreased value of 1890 below 1889, \$78,111 02.

STATE FISH WARDENS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Post-office.</i>	<i>Term expires.</i>
Peter Stodyk	Milwaukee	August 31, 1889
C. R. Thayer	Sturgeon Bay	August 31, 1889
Currie G. Bell	Bayfield	August 31, 1889

GAME WARDENS.

<i>Names.</i>	<i>Post-office.</i>	<i>County.</i>
John H. White	Alma	Buffalo.
Calvin Morse	Monroe	Green.
W. Y. Wentworth	Fort Atkinson	Jefferson.
F. J. Bartels	Crivitz	Marinette.

WHEN MAY BE CAUGHT, TAKEN OR KILLED, 1889-1891.

GAME.

Woodcock	Aug. 1, to Dec. 15
Quail, partridge, pheasant, prairie hen or prairie chicken, grouse of any variety, plover or squirrel	Aug. 1, to Dec. 15
Snipe, wild duck of any variety, wild goose or brant of any variety or any aquatic fowl	Aug. 1, to Dec. 15
Deer, buck, doe or fawn	Oct. 15, to Dec. 1
Otter, mink, martin or fisher	Nov. 1, to May 1

FISH.

Brook, Rainbow and Mountain trout	April 15, to Sept. 1
Makinaw (lake) trout	Jan. 15, to Oct. 1
Pike (wall-eyed)	May 1, to March 1
Black, Green and Oswego bass and Muskalonge	May 1, to Feb. 1
White fish (in inland lakes, etc., with net.) ...	Nov. 10, to Dec. 15
Pickerel	At any time.

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

The following associations and societies are not under the control of the state government, but are given here as a matter of information and reference. Some of them have been encouraged by annual appropriations from the state, while the transactions of some of the associations have been published by the state. The State Historical Society is the corporate trustee of the state, and the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer are *ex-officio* members of its managing board.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN.

John Johnston	Milwaukee	President.
Harlow S. Orton	Madison	Senior Vice-President.
Lyman C. Draper	Madison ..	Honorary Secretary (Emeritus).
Reuben G. Thwaites*	Madison	Corresponding Secretary.
Elisha Burdick	Madison	Recording Secretary.
Frank F. Proudfit	Madison	Treasurer.
Daniel S. Durrie*	Madison	Librarian.
I. S. Bradley, Minnie M. Oakley, Emma A. Hawley and Annie A. Nunns	Madison	Assistant Librarians.

Executive Committee—The president, vice presidents, corresponding secretary, recording secretary, treasurer, librarian and life directors, with thirty-six curators; and *ex-officio*, the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin was originally organized in October, 1846, with A. Hyatt Smith as president, and Thos. W. Sutherland as secretary. In January, 1849, there was a reorganization, with Governor Nelson Dewey as president, a list of vice presidents covering all the counties of the state, and I. A. Lapham as corresponding secretary. But for various reasons the society did not prosper during its early years and a second reorganization was effected under an act of legislature approved March, 1853. This charter the society still works under, and since the annual meeting on the first Thursday in January, 1854, the growth of its influence and importance has been steady and rapid. At this meeting Lyman C. Draper, LL. D., was chosen corresponding secretary. When he took direction of the society's fortunes its library consisted of but fifty volumes and pamphlets; there was neither museum nor art gallery, and the institution was quartered in a corner of the secretary of state's office. To-day the society is domiciled in the south wing of the capitol, two floors being devoted to its magnificent library, and another—partitioned into three spacious halls—to its splendid museum of historic, pre-historic and scientific curiosities, and its portrait gallery, in which are displayed oil portraits of 185 distinguished Wisconsin pioneers and Indian chiefs. Its collection of relics of the war for the preservation of the Union is large and interesting. About 40,000 persons visit the museum and portrait gallery annually, while the library attracts scholars and specialists from all parts of the west and south.

The library additions number some 4,700 volumes and pamphlets per year. At present the shelves contain about 145,000 books and pamphlets, covering every department of American history, as well as taking a general sweep of English and continental history and scientific development. It is of particular value as an aid to the students of the State University, who daily throng the reading rooms and deem the ample facilities for original research there given them, as one of the most important advantages of student life at the capital.

As a whole, the institution ranks not lower than third among American historical societies, and certainly is the most important west of the Alleghanies; in some respects, it is

* To whom communications may be addressed.

recognized by experts as the most active of them all. It has done and is doing a noble work for Wisconsin — indeed for the entire west — by resurrecting and perpetuating the records of our development in its now famous volumes of Historical Collections, eleven in number, which contain practically all the materials now obtainable for the varied and romantic early history of our commonwealth; by collecting and keeping up, abreast of the times, a library of Americana, which as to size and scope has but two rivals in this country, and they on the Atlantic slope; and by maintaining a museum and an art gallery which are of growing interest and educational value to the citizens of the state.

At the annual meeting on the 6th of January, 1887, Lyman C. Draper declined a re-election as corresponding secretary, after thirty-three years of persistent and highly successful labors in behalf of the historical society and the state — he being then in his 72d year, and desirous of devoting his remaining days to completing some individual literary work which he had long had in hand. Reuben G. Thwaites was chosen his successor, having been the assistant to Dr. Draper for two years previous. The latter was chosen honorary secretary (emeritus), without salary, as a complimentary recognition of his services. Daniel S. Durrie became identified with the society in 1856, as librarian, assuming active duties in 1858, and remaining constantly in service since that time.

The society receives an annual appropriation of \$5,000 on condition that the sum shall be expended for the purposes of the society, and that the society shall hold all its present and future collections and property for the state, and shall not sell, mortgage or dispose of, or remove from the capitol, its collections without authority from the legislature; provided, that duplicates may be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the society. In addition to this annual appropriation, the officers of the society have collected, after twenty-two years of persistent efforts, by means of individual bequests, donations and membership dues, a binding fund of \$23,000, the income of which is now being used for much-needed binding — a constant source of expense in the management of great libraries. An Antiquarian fund is also well under way, to be devoted in due time to original historical investigation or the purchase of rare manuscript or other historic relics within the limits of the state.

STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

A. C. Parkinson	Columbus	President.
John M. True	Baraboo	Secretary.
Cyrus Miner	Janesville	Treasurer.
F. L. Fuller	Madison	Asst. Secretary.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

N. D. Fratt	Racine.
E. Beaumont	Hartland.
G. G. Cox	Mineral Point.
J. G. Boyd	Milwaukee.
J. M. Smith	Green Bay.
A. W. Vaughn	Lodi.
W. Fox	Baraboo.
A. A. Arnold	Galesville.
Wm. Wilson	Wausau.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

H. C. Adams	Madison.
S. D. Hubbard	Mondovi.
T. L. Newton	Beaver Dam.
C. M. Cottrill	Milwaukee.
T. J. Fleming	Watertown.
M. C. Ring	Neillsville.
H. D. McKinney	Janesville.
C. M. Clark	Whitewater.
H. D. Hitt	Oakfield.
G. T. Fisher	Wauwatosa.

The Society was organized December 3, 1846; its first fair being held in Janesville, in October, 1851. Annual fairs have been held since that time with the exception of the years 1862 and 1863, most frequently in Madison and Milwaukee. The fair for 1891 will be held at Milwaukee, September 14 to 19.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF DEPARTMENTS AT STATE FAIR FOR 1891.

Horses — S. D. Hubbard, Mondovi.	Machinery — A. W. Vaughn, Lodi.
Speed — J. G. Boyd, Milwaukee.	Manufactures — H. D. Hitt, Oakfield.
Cattle — A. A. Arnold, Galesville.	Fine Arts — H. C. Adam, Madison.
Sheep — C. M. Clark, Whitewater.	Woman's Work — rs Vie H. Campbell,
Swine — E. Beaumont, Hartland.	Evansville.
Poultry — W. Wilson, Wausau.	Marshal — G. G. Cox, Mineral Point.
Agriculture — W. Fox, Baraboo.	Gates — C. M. Cottrill, Milwaukee.
Dairy — T. J. Flemming, Watertown.	Forage — C. T. Fisher, Wauwatosa.
Fruits and Flowers — B. S. Hoxie, Evansville.	Transportation — A. J. Phillips, West Salem.

The fairs held in Milwaukee for the past five years have been largely attended and very successful.

The receipts of the last fair were \$37,738.48.

The great need of the Society is permanent grounds and substantial convenient buildings.

Annual conventions for the discussion of farm topics are held by the Society at the capitol, in Madison, the first week in February, the proceedings being published in the reports of the Society, 13,000 copies of which are published each year. The Society's rooms are on the north side of the west wing of the capitol.

WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

W. D. Hoard	Fort Atkinson	President.
D. W. Curtis	Fort Atkinson	Secretary.
H. K. Loomis	Sheboygan Falls.....	Treasurer.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

Chester Hazen.....	Ladoga.
A. D. DeLand.....	Sheboygan Falls.
H. F. Dousman	Waterville.
Z. G. Simmons.....	Kenosha.
Stephen Faville.....	Delavan.
C. R. Beach	Whitewater.
W. H. Morrison.....	Madison.
H. C. Adams.....	Madison.
W. A. Henry.....	Madison.

The Wisconsin Dairymen's Association was organized at Watertown, February 15, 1872. It met in response to a call issued by W. D. Hoard and signed by various members of the Jefferson and Fond du Lac Dairy Association. W. D. Hoard, Chester Hazen, W. S. Greene, H. F. Dousman, Henry Drake and Stephen Faville were the original members. The association holds an annual meeting, at which subjects relating to the dairy are discussed and dairy products exhibited, and employs experts to give instruction in cheese making in the dairy counties. The proceedings of the annual meeting are embodied in a report of 250 pages. Eight thousand copies of this report are printed by the state. The association receives its support from members who join each year, paying one dollar, and by appropriations from the state. The present appropriation is \$2,000 each year. Wisconsin won first premium on butter in competition with the world at the International Dairy Fair in New York city in 1877, and was awarded 70 premiums on dairy products — including first premium on cheese — at the New Orleans Exposition. The association has done a work of incalculable value to every material interest of the state by increasing the profits of agriculture and the intelligence of the rural classes.

WISCONSIN STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

M. A. Thayer	President.....	Sparta.
L. G. Kellogg	Vice-President	Ripon.
B. S. Hoxie	Secretary	Evansville.
Mrs. V. H. Campbell	Treasurer	Evansville.
A. L. Hatch.....	Cor. Secretary and Superintendent..	Ithaca.

This society, organized eighteen years ago, has at the present time a working membership of nearly one hundred. One of the organic acts of the society is set forth in the following section of the act of its organization: "It shall be the duty of the said society, to aid in the formation and maintenance of county and local horticultural societies, to promote the horticultural interests of the state by the holding of meetings for discussion; by the collection and dissemination of valuable information in regard to the cultivation of fruits, flowers and trees adapted to our soil and climate, and in every proper way to advance the fruit and tree growing interest of the state."

In the spring of 1890, this society made an advance in the way of experimental work by locating three trial stations for the purpose of testing the hardy varieties of apples, seedlings and new Russians; new small fruits are also to be tested. Three stations were established, one located at Sparta, Monroe county, another at Weyauwega, Waupaca county, and another at Ithaca, Richland county, all in the care of competent men and under the immediate supervision of E. S. Goff, professor of horticulture of the State University.

Two meetings are held each year by the society for the reading of papers and discussions of the various topics presented and for the exhibition of fruits, flowers and vegetables, with such amounts offered in prizes as the funds of the society will permit.

The sum of \$1,000 is annually appropriated to the society by the state.

WISCONSIN SHORT-HORN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

Geo. Wylie	Leeds	President.
H. B. Drake	Beaver Dam	Secretary.

WISCONSIN JERSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

Geo. E. Bryant.....	Madison.....	President.
T. L. Hacker.....	Cottage Grove	Secretary.

WISCONSIN SWINE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.

Geo. Wylie	Leeds	President.
Geo. S. Love.....	Waukesha	Secretary.

WISCONSIN POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

H. L. Humphrey	Hudson	President.
Dr. E. L. Boothby.....	Hammond	Secretary.

WISCONSIN STATE BEE-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.

C. A. Hatch	Ithaca	President.
J. W. Vance.....	Madison	Secretary.

WISCONSIN SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

J. N. Crawford.....	Mukwonago.....	President.
W. E. Parker.....	Whitewater.....	Vice President.
H. J. Wilkinson.....	Whitewater.....	Secretary.
C. R. Gibbs.....	Whitewater.....	Cor. Secretary.
W. H. Hardy.....	Whitewater.....	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

C. M. Butt.....	Viroqua.....	President.
N. E. Moody.....	Viroqua.....	Secretary.

WISCONSIN STATE GRANGE.

Master — S. C. Carr.....	Milton Junction	Secretary — H. E. Huxley.....	Neenah
Overseer — W. A. Sprague.....	Reedsburg	Gate Keeper — Myron Rowley.....	Sparta
Lecturer — Oscar Pixley.....	Fort Atkinson	Pomona — Isabelle B. Carr.....	Milton Junction
Steward — Alfred Soper.....	Eau Claire	Flora — Hattie E. Sprague.....	Reedsburg
Assistant Steward — J. V. Jones.....	Urne	Ceres — Mary Huxley.....	Neenah
Chaplain — J. C. Searle.....	Roberts	Lady Assistant Steward — Lydia Young,	
Treasurer — E. G. Pound.....	Fulton		Reedsburg

Executive Committee — John Whittet, chairman, Busseyville; S. C. Carr, Milton Junction; R. D. Frost, Madison.

Trustees — John Whittet, R. D. Frost, S. C. Carr.

The Wisconsin State Grange was organized October 23d, 1872. It meets annually on the second Tuesday of December of each year.

WISCONSIN STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS FOR 1891.

President — John Nagle, Manitowoc.

Secretary — H. L. Terry, Lake Mills.

Treasurer — J. E. Riordan, Sheboygan.

Vice-Presidents — F. R. Cooley, Janesville; Anna Anderson, Merrill; Francis A. Parmer, Whitewater.

Members of the Executive Board — L. D. Harvey, Oshkosh; Jane Lloyd Jones, Hillside; M. S. Frawley, Eau Claire; D. D. Mayne, Ft. Atkinson; S. Y. Green, Milwaukee.

This association was organized in 1853, and incorporated by legislative enactment in 1855. Its purpose is the mutual improvement of its members and the promotion of popular education throughout the state.

Since its organization, it has held thirty-six annual sessions, and since the year 1867 twenty-two semi-annual or executive sessions. The annual session usually occurs in July, at a place determined upon by a committee of the association. For several years the executive session has been held at the state capitol during the week between Christmas and New Year's day.

The State University, the normal schools, and the various colleges of the state are largely represented in the work of the association by the members of their faculties. A consider-

able number of city and county superintendents, as well as high school and graded school teachers, are actively identified with it.

The membership fees are one dollar per annum for gentlemen, and fifty cents for ladies.

Though entirely non-partisan, the association has exercised much influence in shaping state legislation upon educational matters. Its deliberations consist mainly in the discussion of practical questions relating to school organization and management and methods of instruction. Some of the papers read before the association are published in the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is the joint organ of the association and the state department of public instruction. The Journal was originally edited under the direction of the association, by a committee and editor directed to perform that duty. Subsequently it was published and edited by the State Superintendent and his assistant. In the year 1885, the ownership of the Journal was transferred to the association, and it was placed under the editorial and business management of Dr. J. W. Stearns, Professor of the Science and Art of Teaching in the State University. By state law, "each school district clerk and each town clerk or secretary of a town board of directors may subscribe annually for one copy of the Wisconsin Journal of Education, to be paid for by the district or town respectively, out of the school money."

WISCONSIN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, ARTS AND LETTERS.

Prof. G. W. Peckham	Milwaukee	President.
Prof. Chas. E. Bennett.....	Madison.....	Secretary.
S. D. Hastings.	Madison.....	Treasurer.
Prof. W. H. Hobbs.....	Madison.....	Librarian and curator.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

Prof. R. G. Salisbury.....	Beloit.
Prof. H. D. Maxon.....	Menominee.
Prof. F. D. Power.	Madison.

WISCONSIN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

At the winter meeting of the Wisconsin Press Association held at Madison, February 16-19, 1891, the following officers were elected for the year 1891:

President—J. E. Heg, Lake Geneva Herald.

Vice Presidents—E. Hurlbut, Oconomowoc Free Press; Samuel Shaw, Crandon Forest Leaves; E. D. Charlton, Brodhead Independent; L. W. Nieman, Milwaukee Journal; John Nagle, Manitowoc Pilot; Chas. W. Bowron, Oshkosh Northwestern; John H. Powers, Baraboo Republic; F. F. Morgan, Cumberland Advocate; E. D. Coe, Whitewater Register.

Secretary—F. W. Coon, Edgerton Reporter; assistant, O. G. Munson, Viroqua Censor.

Treasurer—Joe M. Chapple, Ashland Press.

Executive Committee—M. P. Rindlaub, Platteville Witness; Thos. B. Reid, Appleton Post; David Decker, Green Bay Advocate; B. J. Price, Hudson Star & Times; O. D. Brandenburg, Madison Democrat.

WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF AND STAFF.

Office.	Rank.	Name.	Residence.
Commander in Chief.....	Governor.....	George W. Peck.....	Milwaukee.
Adjutant General.....	Brigadier General.	Joseph B. Doe.....	Janesville.
Quartermaster General.....	Brigadier General.	Otto H. Falk.....	Milwaukee.
Surgeon General.....	Brigadier General.	Nicholas Senn.....	Milwaukee.
Gen. Insp. Small Arms. Pr.....	Colonel.....	Gurdon H. Winsor.....	West Superior.
Acting Engineer in Chief.....	Colonel.....	Albert H. Hollister.....	Madison.
Military Sec., aid de Camp..	Colonel.....	Clarence L. Clark.....	Janesville.
Aid de Camp.....	Colonel.....	Gustave G. Pabst.....	Milwaukee.
Aid de Camp.....	Colonel.....	Thomas P. Dever.....	Milwaukee.
Aid de Camp.....	Colonel.....	George W. Peck, Jr.....	Milwaukee.
Aid de Camp.....	Colonel.....	Frederick H. Hankerson	La Crosse.
Assistant Adjutant General.	Major.....	Frederick L. Phillips...	Fox Lake.
Asst. Quartermaster General	Major.....	William Mahoney.....	Wausau.

REGIMENTAL FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.

First Regiment. Headquarters, Whitewater.

Janesville Light Infantry, Hoard Rifles, Fort Atkinson; Custer Rifles, Whitewater; Beloit City Guard, Racine Light Guard, Garfield Guard, Racine; Monroe City Guard, Governor's Guard, Madison, and Darlington Rifles.

Colonel.....	Allen F. Caldwell.....	Whitewater.....	Feb. 24, 1891
Lieut. Colonel..	Samuel P. Schadel.....	Monroe.....	Feb. 24, 1891
Major.....	Melvin A. Newman.....	Janesville.....	Nov. 12, 1888
Major.....	John D. Hogan.....	Whitewater.....	Feb. 24, 1891
Surgeon.....	Frederick W. Byers.....	Monroe.....	Nov. 6, 1885
Asst. Surgeon.....	Theodore W. Evans.....	Madison.....	Aug. 13, 1885
Asst. Surgeon.....	Joseph B. Whiting, Jr.....	Janesville.....	Feb. 6, 1886
Adjutant.....	Joel W. Richmond.....	Whitewater.....	April 15, 1885
Quartermaster..	Charles S. Young.....	Monroe.....	Oct. 18, 1886
Insp. Small Arms Prac.....	Theodore W. Goldin.....	Janesville.....	March 16, 1891
Chaplain.....	Charles H. Lemon.....	Waukesha.....	July 26, 1887

Second Regiment. Headquarters, Oshkosh.

Manitowoc Volunteers, Oshkosh Guards, Evergreen City Guards, Sheboygan; Ripon Rifles, Fond du Lac Guards, Oshkosh Rifles, Appleton Light Infantry, Rankin Guards, Manitowoc; Marinette Guards, Beaver Dam Guards, Prison City Guards, Waupun; and Oconto Centennial Rifles.

Colonel.....	Worthie H. Patton.....	Oshkosh.....	Feb. 8, 1886
Lieut. Colonel..	Anthony A. Kelly.....	Fond du Lac.....	Feb. 8, 1886
Major.....	Fritz Becker.....	Milwaukee.....	Feb. 8, 1886
Major.....	Orland F. Weaver.....	Beaver Dam.....	March 20, 1888
Major.....	Charles A. Born.....	Sheboygan.....	Nov. 21, 1889
Surgeon.....	Frederick J. Wilkie.....	Oshkosh.....	April 19, 1882
Asst. Surgeon.....	Frank C. Moulding.....	Watertown.....	June 11, 1887
Asst. Surgeon.....	A. J. Schweichler.....	Manitowoc.....	June 21, 1887
Asst. Surgeon.....	Horace E. Mann.....	Marinette.....	Aug. 26, 1890
Adjutant.....	Albert Solliday.....	Watertown.....	May 22, 1882
Quartermaster..	William F. Dickie.....	Manitowoc.....	April 15, 1885
Insp. Small Arms. Prac.....	Gordon H. McNeel.....	Fond du Lac.....	April 13, 1887
Chaplain.....	Thomas S. Johnson.....	Beaver Dam.....	Oct. 15, 1884

Third Regiment. Headquarters, La Crosse.

Sherman Guard, Neillsville; Governor's Guard, La Crosse; Hudson City Guard, Mauston
 Light Guard, Griffin Rifles, Eau Claire; Guppey Guard, Portage; Wausau Light Guard,
 Ludington Guard, Menomonie; Sparta Rifles, Tomah Guards and Eau Claire Light Guard.

Colonel	Martin T. Moore	La Crosse.....	June 11, 1883
Lieut. Colonel.....	Benjamin F. Parker	Milwaukee.....	June 11, 1883
Major	Thomas J. George	Menomonie	June 11, 1883
Major	Jacob D. Womer.....	Wausau	Aug. 23, 1884
Surgeon	John B. Edwards	Mauston	Nov. 17, 1888
Asst. Surgeon.....	John E. Garrey.....	Wausau	Nov. 17, 1884
Asst. Surgeon.....	Edward H. Grannis.....	Menomonie	Oct. 21, 1885
Adjutant	Orlando Holway	La Crosse.....	May 4, 1889
Quartermaster	George A. Ludington	Neillsville.....	April 15, 1885
Insp. Small Arms Prac.....	George Graham	Tomah	Jan. 5, 1891
Chaplain	James H. McManus.....	Neillsville.....	Dec. 22, 1890

Fourth Battalion. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Sheridan Guard, Kosciusko Guard, South Side Turner Rifles, Lincoln Guard, Rusk Guard,
 Badger State Rifles and Chapman Guard.

Lieut. Colonel.....	Charles King.....	Milwaukee.....	Jan. 7, 1891
Major	Louis Auer.....	Milwaukee.....	Dec. 18, 1883
Surgeon	Harry E. Bradley.....	Milwaukee.....	Nov. 3, 1888
Asst. Surgeon.....	Miles H. Clark	Milwaukee.....	Jan. 21, 1890
Adjutant	Horace M. Seaman	Milwaukee.....	July 5, 1887
Quartermaster	Edward Shea	Milwaukee.....	Dec. 24, 1888
Insp. Small Arms Prac.....	Harry S. Fuller.....	Milwaukee.....	June 24, 1890
Chaplain	George W. Lamb	Milwaukee.....	July 11, 1890

Cavalry. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

Light-Horse Squadron.

Asst. Surgeon.....	Horace M. Brown.....	Milwaukee.....	Aug. 31, 1883
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Artillery. Headquarters, Milwaukee.

First Light Battery.

Asst. Surgeon.....	Ralph Chandler.....	Milwaukee...	June 24, 1889
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COMPANIES AND COMPANY OFFICERS.

Names.	Co.	Regt.	Organized.	Location.	Strength Jan. 1, '01	Captains.	First Lieutenants.	Second Lieutenants.
Appleton Light Inf....	G	2	Oct. 27, 1881	Appleton.....	57	Nathan E. Morgan.....	Charles A. Green.....	Joseph W. Schmeter.
Badger State Rifles....	F	4	April 29, 1889	Milwaukee.....	47	Theo. K. Birkhaeuser.....	Charles E. Curtis.....	Abraham B. Cambier.
Beloit City Guard.....	E	1	Aug. 31, 1877	Beloit.....	56	Albert F. Ayer.....	Thos. J. Rogers.....	George L. Ross.
Beaver Dam Guards....	K	2	Oct. 4, 1880	Beaver Dam.....	60	Elbridge E. Lewis.....	John F. Guilfoyle.....	Rae V. O. Weaver.
Chapman Guards.....	G	4	April 30, 1889	Milwaukee.....	56	Joseph P. Carney.....	Frank A. Sullivan.....	John F. Murray.
Custer Rifles.....	C	1	July 7, 1877	Whitewater.....	59	Frank B. Goodhue.....	Judson J. Rogers.....	Ole J. Oleson.
Darlington Rifles.....	K	1	July 8, 1884	Darlington.....	55	Patrick H. Conley.....	Thos. O'Neill.....	Harry Bates.
Eau Claire Light Guard..	L	3	May 13, 1889	Eau Claire.....	60	John Essang.....	Christopher Schlosser..	Otto H. Kitzman.
Evergreen City Guards..	C	2	Nov. 4, 1877	Sheboygan.....	57	Henry W. Trester.....	Richard Goldschmidt....	Charles Bodemer.
First Light Battery.....	.....	.....	May 11, 1885	Milwaukee.....	72	Joe M. Kenney.....	H. W. Ellis, B. H. Dally..	Charles M. Mortimer.
Fond du Lac Guards....	E	2	April 9, 1880	Fond du Lac.....	51	Charles J. Hunter.....	Ed. T. Markle.....	Otto A. Abel.
Garfield Guard.....	G	1	Aug. 30, 1881	Racine.....	51	Henry Jerstad.....	William E. Millstead.....	Peter W. Hansen.
Governor's Guard.....	I	1	Mar. 24, 1875	Madison.....	55	George H. Joachim.....	Henry Quintmeyer.....	Henry C. Baker.
Governor's Guard.....	B	3	Aug. 1, 1873	La Crosse.....	62	George H. Kircheis.....	George Will.....	Ernest H. Kauffuss.
Griffin Rifles.....	E	3	April 20, 1888	Eau Claire.....	56	Joseph M. Ballard.....	Thomas P. Cochrane.....	Samuel F. Crabbe.
Guppy Guard.....	F	3	June 23, 1877	Portage.....	50	George C. Carnagie.....	James A. Older.....	George Voertman.
Hoard Rifles.....	B	1	April 25, 1889	Fort Atkinson..	51	Edgar J. Gibson.....	Albert B. Wentworth.....	John M. Smethurst.
Hudson City Guard.....	C	3	June 18, 1887	Hudson.....	55	Alfred P. Goss.....	George J. Nash.....	Calvin C. Coon.
Janesville Light Inf....	A	1	Dec. 1, 1887	Janesville.....	60	Charles F. Glass.....	Robert W. McLean.....	George G. Paris.
Kosciusko Guard.....	B	4	Aug. 24, 1877	Milwaukee.....	63	Edward I. Slupecki.....	Felix L. Pietrowicz.....	Joseph Rutowski.
Light Horse Squadron..	D	4	April 27, 1880	Milwaukee.....	55	William J. Grant.....	John G. Salsman.....	Clifford Chase.
Lincoln Guard.....	H	3	May 2, 1881	Milwaukee.....	51	Emil Wilde.....	Andrew J. Kluppak.....	Constant Renniecke.
Ludington Guard.....	A	2	Jan. 16, 1877	Menomonee.....	57	George R. Brewer.....	Oscar B. Ballard.....	Randolph Carlsrud.
Manitowoc Volunteers..	A	2	July 18, 1868	Manitowoc.....	48	Emil Schmidt.....	Thomas Dirkmann.....	Louis Geisler.
Marquette Guards.....	I	2	May 1, 1889	Marinette.....	56	Wallace P. Greene.....	Joshua Hodgins.....	Charles A. Gerhauser.
Mauston Light Guard..	D	3	Oct. 11, 1875	Mauston.....	51	William A. Grimmer.....	Ernest A. Phillips.....	Edward R. Patterson.
Monroe City Guard.....	H	1	Mar. 30, 1882	Monroe.....	56	Daniel A. Stearns.....	Rice D. Gordon.....	Charles T. Meythaler.
Oconto Cent'nal Rifles	M	2	May 2, 1889	Oconto.....	60	Wilbur M. Lee.....	William G. Links.....	George E. Bond.
Oshkosh Guard.....	B	2	Mar. 25, 1876	Oshkosh.....	54	George B. McC. Hilton..	Nicholas P. Kolf.....	Thomas H. Quinn.
Oshkosh Rifles.....	F	2	April 8, 1880	Oshkosh.....	51	Charles R. Boardman.....	Julius A. Nemitz.....	Henry W. Koch.
Prison City Guard.....	L	2	June 26, 1885	Waupun.....	62	Charles H. Lindsley.....	Peter Linnen.....	Rufus H. Oliver.
Racine Light Guard.....	F	1	April 6, 1881	Racine.....	49	John T. Vaughn.....	Hubert A. Wood.....	Herman O. Wadewitz.
Rankin Guard.....	H	2	Dec. 29, 1881	Manitowoc.....	53	William Brandt.....	Charles Groffmann.....	Emil A. Hartman.
Ripon Rifles.....	D	2	Mar. 28, 1879	Ripon.....	46	Frank W. Gruetzmacher..	Charles E. Fero.....	Gustav Gehrke.
Rusk Guard.....	E	4	Oct. 24, 1888	Milwaukee.....	82	Oscar B. Zwietsch.....	Charles R. Williams.....	Frank D. Rock.
Sherman Guard.....	A	3	May 15, 1875	Neillsville.....	43	George A. Ure.....	John W. Hommel.....	Ralph H. Tolford.
Sheridan Guard.....	A	4	Jan. 23, 1869	Milwaukee.....	45	Arthur R. Hanley.....	John J. Lynch.....	John F. Manion.
South Side Terr'r Rifles	C	4	June 20, 1879	Milwaukee.....	58	Alburt Bleuel.....	Emil F. Deuster.....	Edward T. Hartman.
Sparta Rifles.....	I	3	Sept. 27, 1883	Sparta.....	49	Bertram O. Raymond.....	Oscar S. Blakeslee.....	Frank L. French.
Tomah Guards.....	K	3	May 28, 1884	Tomah.....	51	Randolph A. Richards.....	Louis Schalle.....	Winnie W. Warren.
Wausau Light Guard....	G	3	Dec. 30, 1882	Wausau.....	54	Luella R. Bellis.....	Nathaniel B. Eldred.....	John H. Farrell.

Total strength of Militia..... 2,269

OFFICERS OF AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES.

Name of Society.	President.	Secretary.	Post Office.	Treasurer.	Am't aid rec'd 1890 under Ch. 234, L. 1889.
Adams County Agricultural Society.....	S. S. Landt.....	W. E. McGowan.....	Friendship.....	G. W. Waterman.....	\$252 56
Arcadia Agricultural and Driving Association.....	M. J. Cashel.....	George Mathys.....	Arcadia.....	J. C. Radell.....	519 13
Baraboo Valley Agricultural Society.....	James Lake.....	A. F. Lawton.....	Reedsburg.....	A. P. Ellingwood.....	328 40
Barron County Agricultural Society.....	N. Washburn.....	N. E. Carver.....	Chetek.....	A. F. Nichols.....	295 31
Blakes Prairie Agricultural Society.....	Henry Lord.....	P. Bartley.....	Bloomington.....	Thos. Pendleton.....	423 80
Brown County Fair and Park Association.....	H. Hegemeister.....	D. W. Flatley.....	Green Bay.....	H. B. Baker.....	605 48
Brown County Agricultural and Mechanical Association.....	R. J. McGeehan.....	John Smith.....	De Pere.....	Jasper S. Chase.....	672 20
Buffalo County Agricultural Society.....	J. W. Whelan.....	Alex. Lees.....	Gilmantown.....	J. T. Brownlee.....	475 88
Burnett County Agricultural Society.....	Canute Anderson.....	Andrew A. Anderson.....	Grantsburg.....	Simon Thoreson.....	200 00
Central Wis. Agricultural Mech. Scien. Association.....	A. W. Sanborn.....	T. J. Simmons.....	Stevens Point.....	Emmons Burr.....	1,159 50
Clark County Agricultural Society.....	C. A. Youmans.....	Geo. A. Ure.....	Neillsville.....	Chas. Stultzky.....	364 60
Columbia County Agricultural Society.....	E. S. Purdy.....	A. I. Brown.....	Lodi.....	David Owen.....	658 32
Crawford County Agricultural Society.....	Hugh Porter.....	John Smethurst.....	Mt. Sterling.....	James Fisher, Jr.....	200 00
Cumberland Agricultural and Driving Park Assoc'n.....	H. L. Williams.....	G. H. Irwin.....	Cumberland.....	W. B. Hopkins.....	232 60
Dane County Agricultural Society.....	Dexter Curtis.....	Geo. E. Gill.....	Madison.....	Ralph Vernon.....	1,200 00
Dodge County Fair Association.....	J. T. Smith.....	W. B. Shepard.....	Beaver Dam.....	D. B. Holt.....	829 90
Door County Agricultural Society.....	H. C. Sibree.....	Wm. A. Lawrence.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	C. L. Nelson.....	299 50
Dunn County Agricultural Society.....	A. R. Hall.....	O. W. Massee.....	Louisville.....	J. E. Chickering.....	488 70
Eastern Monroe County Agricultural Society.....	O. M. Hill.....	M. L. Heineman.....	Tomah.....	L. D. Wyatt.....	229 32
Grant County Agricultural Society.....	Delos Abrams.....	J. M. Kilbourn.....	Lancaster.....	W. J. McCoy.....	497 60
Green County Agricultural Society.....	R. C. Whitcomb.....	Robt. A. Etter.....	Monroe.....	Frank Smock.....	784 92
Iowa County Agricultural Society.....	Louis Laun.....	Benj. Thomas, Jr.....	Dodgeville.....	F. W. Stratman.....	638 60
Jackson County Agricultural Society.....	H. A. Bright.....	G. M. Hull.....	Black River Falls.....	J. J. McGilvery.....	494 98
Jefferson County and Rock River Valley Agrl. Assoc'n.....	John Whittle.....	O. F. Roessler.....	Jefferson.....	Geo. J. Kispert.....	702 28
Juneau County Agricultural Society.....	S. C. Plummer.....	H. H. Heath.....	Mauston.....	Fred. Adler.....	348 80
Kewaunee County Agricultural Society.....	David Burke.....	Theo. F. Ballering.....	Kewaunee.....	John Streu.....	200 00
La Crosse County Agricultural Society.....	J. J. Johnson.....	O. S. Sisson.....	West Salem.....	Wm. Smita.....	613 42
La Crosse Inter-State Fair Association.....	B. E. Edwards.....	W. E. Lockerby.....	La Crosse.....	H. P. McGill.....	1,200 00
La Fayette County Agricultural Society.....	W. W. Murphy.....	Wm. Hooper.....	Darlington.....	John B. Roy.....	612 60
Langlade County Agricultural Society.....	Jesse Armstrong.....	W. Hogan.....	Antigo.....	H. C. Humphrey.....	324 70
Lincoln County Agricultural Society.....	P. B. Champagne.....	David Finn.....	Merrill.....	H. A. Kohl.....	405 20
Little Baraboo Valley Fair Association.....	N. G. Blakeslee.....	Geo. W. Andrews.....	Ironton.....	Harry Thornton.....	290 19
Lodi Union Agricultural Society.....	A. W. Vaughan.....	E. W. Gardner.....	Lodi.....	J. B. Dwinell.....	325 12
Manitowoc County Industrial Association.....	Wm. G. Lueps.....	R. H. Markham.....	Manitowoc.....	Henry Erch, Jr.....	609 85
Marathon County Agricultural Society.....	B. E. Jones.....	V. A. Alderson.....	Wausau.....	C. W. Harger.....	518 20
Marquette County Agricultural Society.....	Hugh Hamilton.....	Thos. Skinner.....	Merrett's Landing.....	S. A. Lange.....	314 11
Monroe County Agricultural Society.....	Thos. Hobson.....	F. French.....	Sparta.....	John A. Clark.....	406 00
Northwestern Agricultural and Mechanical Assoc'n.....	W. F. Bailey.....	Chas. H. Dunn.....	Eau Claire.....	G. W. Robertson.....	401 00

Outagamie County Agricultural Society.....	John Dey.....	Frank W. Harriman.....	Appleton.....	Mathew McComb.....	305 90
Ozaukee County Agricultural Society.....	D. Wittenberg.....	D. E. McGinley.....	Saukville.....	Thomas Halpin.....	268 76
Pepin County Agricultural Society.....	P. J. Ryan.....	W. H. Huntington.....	Durand.....	A. W. Hammond.....	328 30
Pierce County Central Fair and Agricultural Society.....	J. C. Denniston.....	C. H. Crownheart.....	Ellsworth.....	J. B. Jensen.....	340 80
Polk County Agricultural Society.....	W. S. McCourt.....	Ray S. Baker.....	St. Croix Falls.....	John Comer.....	200 00
Portage County Agricultural Society.....	John Va skives.....	A. J. Smith.....	Amherst.....	J. O. Foxen.....	200 00
Price County Agricultural Society.....	Chas. H. Rosen.....	Julius Kochler.....	Phillips.....	Wm. S. Hatton.....	211 20
Richland County Agricultural Society.....	H. M. Book.....	F. W. Burnham.....	Richland Center.....	T. M. Hart.....	573 00
Rock County Agricultural Society.....	J. E. Gleason.....	E. B. Heimstreet.....	Janesville.....	S. L. James.....	806 94
Sauk County Agricultural Society.....	J. M. True.....	John Hall.....	North Freedom.....	Henry Marriott.....	385 80
Sheboygan County Agricultural Society.....	Thos. M. Blackstock.....	H. W. Kalk.....	Sheboygan Falls.....	A. O. Heald.....	398 50
Sheboygan Exposition and Driving Park Association.....	C. H. Pape.....	N. F. Pierce.....	Sheboygan.....	Jos. G. End.....	520 00
Seymour Fair and Driving Park Association.....	Peter Tubbs.....	F. R. Dittmer.....	Seymour.....	John Encke.....	350 42
Southwestern Wisconsin Industrial Agricultural Society.....	James Spensley.....	John W. Horn.....	Mineral Point.....	Phil. Allen, Jr.....	896 70
Taylor County Agricultural Society.....	H. J. Thompson.....	G. L. Shattuck.....	Medford.....	T. M. Miller.....	200 00
Trempealeau County Agricultural Society.....	N. H. Carhart.....	E. F. Clark.....	Galesville.....	W. B. Thompson.....	416 80
Trempealeau County Industrial Agl. and Driv. Assoc'n.....	J. C. Lambertson.....	A. E. Wood.....	Whitehall.....	Jno. C. Melley.....	383 90
Vernon County Agricultural Society.....	F. K. Van Wagner.....	F. W. Alexander.....	Viroqua.....	J. H. McLees.....	427 10
Walworth County Agricultural Society.....	J. M. Grier.....	Levi E. Allen.....	Elkhorn.....	L. G. Latham.....	1,200 00
Washington County Agricultural Society.....	Wareham P. Rix.....	Joseph Ott.....	West Bend.....	Geo. W. Jones.....	387 53
Waukesha County Agricultural Society.....	O. P. Clinton.....	G. F. H. Barber.....	Waukesha.....	Edward Foster.....	762 26
Waukegan County Agricultural Society.....	W. H. Reas.....	A. L. Hutchinson.....	Weyauwega.....	David Wafler.....	200 00
Waushara County Agricultural Society.....	J. S. Bugh.....	John Clark.....	Wautoma.....	D. H. Davis.....	264 20
Wisconsin Central Stock Growers' and Industrial Ass'n.....	G. N. Mihills.....	G. N. Watson.....	Fond du Lac.....	C. W. Henry.....	986 24
Wood County Agricultural and Mechanical Assoc'n.....	Geo. L. Williams.....	E. B. Brundage.....	Grand Rapids.....	F. J. Wood.....	373 33

* Paid February, 1891.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTIES.	Distance from Madison.	County Seats.	County Judge.	Sheriff.
Adams	85	Friendship	John B. Keyes	Ralph Zentner.
Ashland	296	Ashland	Edwin Ellis	John Hynes.
Barron	300	Barron	H. S. Comstock	Silas Speed.
Bayfield	318	Bayfield	Henry Textor	John Halloran.
Brown	149	Green Bay	Howard J. Huntington	Edward Gaffney.
Buffalo	192	Alma	Robert Lees	Henry Huber.
Burnett	312	Grantsburg	G. A. Olson	Tom Tolefson.
Calumet	160	Chilton	William Paulsen	F. J. Egerer.
Chippewa	196	Chippewa Falls	John A. Anderson	Frederick Stumm.
Clark	161	Neillsville	R. B. Salter	R. M. Campbell.
Columbia	39	Portage	Levi W. Barden	Peter C. Irvine.
Crawford	97	Prairie du Chien	C. S. Fuller	Mathew Rowe.
Dane		Madison	J. H. Carpenter	C. W. Mead.
Dodge	51	Juneau	Silas W. Lamareux	C. A. Hart.
Dor	230	Sturgeon Bay	Charles A. Masse	Arnold Wagener.
Douglas	330	Superior	David E. Roberts	Dan Kennedy.
Dunn	205	Menomonie	John Kelly, Jr.	George Kyle.
Eau Claire	182	Eau Claire	August C. Larson	John H. Fleming.
Florence	281	Florence	Omer Huff	Wm. Judge.
Fond du Lac	83	Fond du Lac	August E. Richter	David Whitton.
Forest	267	Crandon	John Masbaum	A. C. Mesker.
Grant	97	Lancaster	George B. Carter	Martin V. Burris.
Green	37	Marathon	Brooks Dunwiddie	Thomas Luchsinger.
Green Lake	106	Dartford	J. Edmund Miller	Martin Warnke.
Iowa	47	Dodgeville	John T. Jones	David Zimmer, Jr.
Jackson	127	Black River Falls	J. D. Perry	J. D. Williams.
Jefferson	49	Jefferson	Henry Colonius	George Henze.
Juneau	75	Mauston	Charles H. Grote	Owen Riley.
Kenosha	114	Kenosha	Anthony Van Wyck	Mathias Stahl.
Kewaunee	181	Kewaunee	Patrick J. Rooney	John H. Rooney.
La Crosse	143	La Crosse	Thomas A. Dyson	Thomas S. Vickera.
La Fayette	121	Darlington	Robert J. Wilson	John Lindsay.
Langlade	176	Antigo	Eli Waste	Jerome Gallagher.
Lincoln	169	Merrill	John Van Hecke	P. S. Hunter.
Manitowoc	158	Manitowoc	Emil Baensch	John Bolen.
Marathon	150	Vausau	Louis Marchette	August Martin.
Marinette	198	Marinette	Amos Holgate	Robert Hitchcock.
Marquette	63	Montello	Neil Dimond	Charles McDonnell.
Milwaukee	81	Milwaukee	John E. Mann	Michael P. Walsh.
Monroe	107	Sparta	S. W. Button	James O'Connor.
Oconto	177	Oconto	L. S. Bailey	James Hurley.
Oneida	253	Rhinelander	J. W. McCormick	Lou Merick.
Outagamie	120	Appleton	G. T. Moeskes	John Fose.
Ozaukee	106	Port Washington	Leopold Eghart	Frank Dellis.
Pepin	210	Durand	J. D. Eldridge	Henry Buchanan.
Pierce	276	Ellsworth	J. W. Hancock	John Murphy.
Polk	311	Oseola Mills	Ole Larson	George Lombard.
Portage	110	Stevens Point	John A. Murat	Martin Griffin.
Price	218	Phillips	Edward W. Murray	A. M. Hunt.
Racine	104	Racine	E. B. Beldon	John Rowan.
Richland	57	Richland Center	D. L. Downs	Samuel T. Ross.
Rock	40	Janesville	John W. Sale	John W. Hogan.
St. Croix	252	Hudson	Ray S. Reid	Charles Donohue.
Sauk	26	Baraboo	E. W. Young	James Miles.
Sawyer	286	Hayward	John F. Brophy	H. B. Shue.
Shawano	189	Shawano	Herman Naber	H. A. Brauer.
Sheboygan	126	Sheboygan	Billie Williams	Phillip Doherty.
Taylor	177	Medford	Clinton Textor	Theo. H. Fredricks.
Trempealeau	108	Whitehall	R. A. Odell	John McKeeth.
Vernon	72	Viroqua	O. B. Wymann	Seneca P. Pollard.
Walworth	121	Elkhorn	Jaynes B. Wheeler	John H. Derthick.
Washburn	319	Shell Lake	L. H. Mead	Geo. L. Cott.
Washington	115	West Bend	H. W. Sawyer	Frank Eder.
Waukesha	65	Waukesha	T. C. Martin	Chris. Gaynor.
Waupaca	138	Waupaca	C. S. Ogden	Ed. O. Williams.
Waushara	103	Wautoma	J. S. Bugh	Thomas Fearue.
Winnebago	102	Oshkosh	C. D. Cleveland	Joseph Kloeckner.
Wood	119	Grand Rapids	George L. Williams	Frank Stahl.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Clerk.	County Treasurer.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	C. M. Simons.....	S. S. Landt.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Ed. Fennelly.....	Harry H. Beaser.
Barron.....	Barron.....	L. J. Breen.....	J. E. Horsman.
Bayfield.....	Bayfield.....	Allen T. Williams.....	A. M. Warden.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	Patrick Ryan.....	William Lueke.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Nic Wemandy.....	John Bueler.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	J. H. Jenson.....	Ole C. Braustad.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	John Leahy.....	Peter Thill.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	B. F. Dunnigan.....	Pobert Patten.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	H. M. Root.....	H. N. Withee.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	F. B. Ernsperger.....	J. A. Johnson.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien.....	C. E. Alder.....	Frank Smrenia.
Dane.....	Madison.....	Oscar Schlotthauer.....	Erick E. Ladd.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	M. A. Jacobs.....	A. F. Schoenwetter.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	Clem. Killman.....	L. D. Mowry.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	Wm. J. Leader.....	J. F. Bishop, Jr.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Alexander Hosford.....	Carroll Lucas.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	Robert Sather.....	Gustav Gessner.
Florence.....	Florence.....	Joseph E. Parry.....	Edward E. Keyes.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Owen Ferguson.....	Louis Muentner.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	C. C. DeLong.....	L. Motzfeldt.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	James McBrien.....	John A. Neavill.
Green.....	Monroe.....	John Lemmel.....	A. M. Green.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	E. J. Wendtland.....	Gustav Teske.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	Henry Halverson.....	William H. Curry.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	James Livingston.....	C. W. Van Gorden.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	K. H. Bennett.....	Patrick O'Brien.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	A. S. Wetherbee.....	Odd Larson.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	Daniel B. Benedict.....	Adolph S. Burg.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	William Rogers.....	Jacob Rordian.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	William E. Davis.....	Nils. G. Hillstad.
LaFayette.....	Darlington.....	Henry Harr.....	John V. Swift.
Langlade.....	Antigo.....	Fred Hayssen.....	F. P. Kennedy.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	Frank Smith.....	E. L. Dutruit.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Louis C. Senglaub.....	C. A. Glow.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	W. J. Gehrke.....	J. C. Berg.
Marquette.....	Marinette.....	H. B. Pouse.....	Michael Brown.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	Patrick Cronken.....	M. G. Ellison.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Charles S. Brand.....	Fred Lange.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	H. H. Cremer.....	C. D. Hall.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	Charles Norton.....	John Marline.
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	Pat. Brennan.....	George H. Clark.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	James V. Conavan.....	D. H. Balliet.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	John C. Schroeling.....	John Nenans.
Pepin.....	Durand.....	H. D. Dyer.....	Thomas P. Hubbatt.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	J. B. Jensen.....	J. T. Bowers.
Polk.....	Osceola Mills.....	Nelson Lawson.....	Wm. Wilson.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	Charles A. Lane.....	M. A. Rouseau.
Price.....	Phillips.....	John Morse.....	Charles Auley.
Racine.....	Racine.....	Phillip R. Frey.....	Wm. L. Shumway.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	Horatio Cornwall.....	James T. Pratt.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	T. T. Croft.....	A. D. Burdick.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Charles Lewiston.....	Wm. B. Andrews.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	A. F. Herfort.....	M. H. Mercer.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	John Erickson.....	C. L. Hubbard.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	H. G. Dreier.....	F. W. Lehman.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Emil Nehrlich.....	Charles S. Weisse.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	Geo. L. Shattuck.....	M. W. Ryan.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	L. H. Whitney.....	L. L. Grinde.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	John R. Casson.....	John C. Johnson.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	Dyar L. Cowdery.....	Leonard C. Church.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	W. J. Knapp.....	L. H. Wang.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	Michael Immel.....	Michael Gehl, Sr.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	Judson Hall.....	Lawrence Debus.
Waukegan.....	Waukegan.....	J. W. Dean.....	A. L. Rowe.
Waushara.....	Wautoma.....	John Clark.....	D. H. Davis.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	J. P. Rassmussen.....	Pete D. Kraby.
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	S. T. Young.....	P. Bever.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	District Attorney.	County Surveyor.
Adams.....	Friendship	S. W. Pierce.....	M. Lathrop.
Ashland.....	Ashland	Richard Sleight.....	George Sell.
Barron.....	Barron	H. G. Ellsworth.....	D. A. Russell.
Bayfield.....	Bayfield	Henry Textor.....	D. F. Glover.
Brown.....	Green Bay	P. H. Martin.....	August Brauns.
Buffalo.....	Alma	S. G. Gilman.....	J. F. Schlosstein.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	I. Grettum.....	D. A. Canady.
Calumet.....	Chiltoz	Jos. B. Reynolds.....	Jacob Severin.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Wm. M. Bowe.....	W. B. Baker.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	L. M. Sturtevant.....	C. Tiedeman.
Columbia.....	Portage	W. S. Stroud.....	Henry Meriton.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Chien.....	Daniel Webster.....	George A. Smith.
Dane.....	Madison	John W. Leary.....	McClellan Dodge.
Dodge.....	Juneau	P. G. Lewis.....	Adolph Walter.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	V. V. Dreutzer.....	C. O. Guenther.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	J. A. Murphy.....	F. P. Black.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Robert Macauley.....	F. H. Webster.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	W. H. Frawley.....	Chas. Alderman.
Florence.....	Flor-nee	Wm. H. Clark.....	Charles Simpson.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	J. H. McCrory.....	W. H. Ferber.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	Samuel Shaw.....	Charles Russell.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	Thomas L. Cleary.....	W. D. Henderson.
Green.....	Monroe	Colin W. Wright.....	D. H. Morgan.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	John L. Millard.....	Alex. McDonald.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	Aldro Jenks.....	Thomas H. Arthur.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	H. I. Brackett.....	Eustace L. Brockway.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson	Wm. H. Rogers.....	J. S. Waterbury.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	F. S. Veeder.....	John T. Patterson.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	D. C. Lloyd.....	William A. McKessen.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	Charles Wattawa.....	Constant Thiry.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse	Clark L. Hood.....	Otto Mueller.
La Fayette.....	Darlington.....	Jeff. B. Simpson.....	Albert Pool.
Langlade.....	Antigo	Geo. L. Schintz.....	Joseph Duchac.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	J. P. Anderson.....	John Schleh.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	A. J. Schmitz.....	John O. Hara.
Marathon.....	Wausau	C. F. Eldred.....	P. C. Werle.
Marquette.....	Marquette.....	C. E. McIntosh.....	Harry McCallom.
Milwaukee.....	Montello.....	G. W. Westfall.....	J. A. Gover.
Monroe.....	Milwaukee.....	Clarence S. Brown.....	Gustav Steinhagen.
Oconto.....	Sparta.....	R. A. Richards.....	Webster Kenyon.
Oneida.....	Oconto	A. Reinhart.....	Calvin Gale.
Outagamie.....	Rhineland.....	A. W. Shelton.....	T. Lennon.
Ozaukee.....	Appleton	Lyman E. Barnes.....	Isaac N. Stewart.
Pepin.....	Port Washington.....	H. B. Schwin.....	L. Towsley.
Pierce.....	Dunand	John Frazer.....	A. W. Miller.
Polk.....	Ellsworth.....	A. Combacker.....	G. W. Cairns.
Portage.....	Osceola Mills.....	V. M. Babcock.....	S. M. DeGolier.
Price.....	Stevens Point.....	Henry W. Lee.....	E. A. Williams.
Racine.....	Phillips	W. F. Owen.....	Z. H. Ripley.
Richland.....	Racine	Elbert O. Hand.....	Frank F. Foote.
Rock.....	Richland Center.....	Frank W. Burnham.....	Luther L. Appleby.
St. Croix.....	Janesville.....	W. G. Wheeler.....	O. G. Bleedorn.
Sauk.....	Hudson	S. N. Hawkins.....	George Strong.
Sawyer.....	Baraboo	Herman Grotphorst.....	S. P. Barney.
Shawano.....	Haywood.....	J. F. Riordan.....	James A. Cunaghan.
Sheboygan.....	Shawano.....	Geo. C. Dickinson.....	J. A. Melendy.
Taylor.....	Sheboygan.....	Simon Gillen.....	S. A. Simpson.
Trempealeau.....	Medford.....	E. H. Shappe.....	J. A. Franzen.
Vernon.....	Whitehall.....	G. Y. Freeman.....	T. G. Cox.
Walworth.....	Viroqua	C. J. Smith.....	C. M. Sterling.
Washburn.....	Elkhorn.....	Wallace Ingalls.....	Ray W. Taylor.
Washington.....	Shell Lake.....	P. E. Leonard.....	G. W. Harman.
Waukesha.....	West Bend.....	Patrick O'Meara.....	D. D. Cameron.
Waupaca.....	Waukesha.....	Alex. Cook.....	William West.
Waushara.....	Waupaca.....	F. W. Guernsey.....	A. W. Johnson.
Winnebago.....	Wautoma.....	N. W. Kelley.....	Harry Walker.
Wood.....	Oshkosh.....	Henry Fitzgibbon.....	Harvey W. Leach.
	Grand Rapids.....	E. C. Pors.....	Wm. Corcoran.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	Register of Deeds.	Clerk of Court.
Adams.....	Friendship.....	Frank McCormick.....	A. S. Hamilton.
Ashland.....	Ashland.....	Henry Duffy.....	Robert C. Murray.
Barron.....	Barron.....	J. W. Stone.....	H. Radermacher.
Bayfield.....	Bayfield.....	W. H. Irish.....	C. H. Noyes.
Brown.....	Green Bay.....	B. M. Berendson.....	Henry Watermolen.
Buffalo.....	Alma.....	Austin White.....	Andrew Baerstoch, Jr.
Burnett.....	Grantsburg.....	A. A. Anderson.....	Newton Hickerson.
Calumet.....	Chilton.....	E. J. Mooney.....	Sam. Vincent.
Chippewa.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Frank Hamlin.....	O. S. Shervey.
Clark.....	Neillsville.....	Wm. Zassenhaus.....	C. S. Stockwell.
Columbia.....	Portage.....	John H. Dooley.....	F. M. Shaughnessy.
Crawford.....	Prairie du Cbien.....	J. D. Stuart.....	James A. Curran.
Dane.....	Madison.....	Ed. W. Lawrence.....	Wm. Felandt.
Dodge.....	Juneau.....	George H. Miller.....	George W. Morse.
Door.....	Sturgeon Bay.....	Jacob Dehos.....	Allen Higgins.
Douglas.....	Superior.....	Halford Erickson.....	Daniel Hoffund.
Dunn.....	Menomonie.....	Charles Knutson.....	Timothy Murphy.
Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	Arthur S. Bostwick.....	Henry McBain.
Florence.....	Florence.....	Wm. C. Habercorn.....	Frank Waring.
Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	Mat. Serve.....	T. K. Gillet.
Forest.....	Crandon.....	R. G. Webb.....	George H. Hastings.
Grant.....	Lancaster.....	Martin Oswald.....	Walter J. Brennan.
Green.....	Monroe.....	J. A. Kettleson.....	Andrew Lewis.
Green Lake.....	Dartford.....	J. W. Capel.....	J. Volney Suetting.
Iowa.....	Dodgeville.....	William H. Thomas.....	Matthews J. Tuppins.
Jackson.....	Black River Falls.....	Niels Heggen.....	Frank Johnson.
Jefferson.....	Jefferson.....	Otto J. Kerschensteiner.....	M. L. Piper.
Juneau.....	Mauston.....	Thomas F. Scanlon.....	J. G. Evans.
Kenosha.....	Kenosha.....	M. G. O'Donnell.....	John H. Corcoran.
Kewaunee.....	Kewaunee.....	Andrew M. Schleis.....	Thomas Hlawacek.
La Crosse.....	La Crosse.....	Joseph Boschert.....	Peter Rienholz.
La Fayette.....	Darlington.....	Michael Michaelson.....	Joseph C. Oates.
Langlade.....	Antigo.....	John H. Menting.....	T. H. Ward.
Lincoln.....	Merrill.....	Edward Kluetz.....	Werner Wipperfurth.
Manitowoc.....	Manitowoc.....	Theo. Wolf.....	John Cloupek.
Marathon.....	Wausau.....	Edward C. Kutlow.....	Hugo Peters.
Marquette.....	Marquette.....	William C. Wilson.....	W. P. Greene.
Marquette.....	Montello.....	J. F. Weseloh.....	F. J. Dodge.
Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	Louis Auer.....	Ignatz Czerwinski.
Monroe.....	Sparta.....	J. P. Rice.....	Harry Euckhausen.
Oconto.....	Oconto.....	Huff Jones.....	R. L. Hall.
Oneida.....	Rhineland.....	D. S. Johnson.....	Lige C. Sturdevant.
Outagamie.....	Appleton.....	John M. Baer.....	Hugh J. Mulholland.
Ozaukee.....	Port Washington.....	William Ahlhauser.....	James Hedding.
Pepin.....	Durand.....	Frank Ecklor.....	N. S. Belden.
Pierce.....	Ellsworth.....	W. E. Warren.....	E. J. Fitzgerald.
Polk.....	Oseola Mills.....	Fred L. Englin.....	W. L. Sadler.
Portage.....	Stevens Point.....	E. R. Zimmer.....	Richard J. Moylan.
Price.....	Phillips.....	Julius Koehler.....	Wm. Nelson.
Racine.....	Racine.....	J. G. Teall.....	James McLaren.
Richland.....	Richland Center.....	Wm. J. Slater.....	James W. Renicke.
Rock.....	Janesville.....	C. L. Valentine.....	E. D. McGowan.
St. Croix.....	Hudson.....	Joseph W. Wilson.....	W. E. Webster.
Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	M. L. Patterson.....	J. E. Buckley.
Sawyer.....	Hayward.....	Otto Christianson.....	Peter Olson.
Shawano.....	Shawano.....	George J. Cuhn.....	C. A. Raisler.
Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.....	Anton J. Wallman.....	Thos. O'Hara.
Taylor.....	Medford.....	Julius Stimm.....	Wm. F. Wenck.
Trempealeau.....	Whitehall.....	Simon Olson.....	O. A. Hegg.
Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Lars C. Steinberg.....	Teres J. Layne.
Walworth.....	Elkhorn.....	Wm. T. Taylor.....	Ely B. Dewing.
Washburn.....	Shell Lake.....	G. E. Crocker.....	F. L. Wilkins.
Washington.....	West Bend.....	Hugo Koenen.....	Andrew Schmidt.
Waukesha.....	Waukesha.....	W. H. Hardy.....	Andrew Snyder.
Waupaca.....	Waupaca.....	R. S. Burbank.....	J. M. Hatch.
Waushara.....	Wautoma.....	Halbert Hanson.....	J. B. Casterline.
Winnebago.....	Oshkosh.....	John A. Suhl.....	W. W. Kimball.
Wood.....	Grand Rapids.....	A. Oettinger.....	D. D. Conway.

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	Coroner.
Adams	Friendship	David Scofield.
Ashland	Ashland	Thomas C. Smith.
Barron	Barron	William Small.
Bayfield	Bayfield	C. T. Bowman.
Brown	Green Bay	Jacob Osterman.
Buffalo	Alma	J. B. Oenning.
Burnett	Grantsburg	J. C. Jensen.
Calumet	Chilton	Charles Wippermann.
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	Wm. Martin.
Clark	Neillsville	J. B. Lyman.
Columbia	Portage	John Collins, Jr.
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	Wm. Schultz.
Dane	Madison	Samuel Lamont.
Dodge	Juneau	A. B. Hopkins.
Door	Sturgeon Bay	Hercules Adamson.
Douglas	Superior	James D. Whitney.
Dunn	Menomonie	W. H. Park.
Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Thomas York.
Florence	Florence	Robert Mitchell.
Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	F. F. Parsons.
Forest	Crandon	J. W. Hawes.
Grant	Lancaster	John S. Wright.
Green	Monroe	J. L. Fleisch.
Green Lake	Dartford	C. L. Sargent.
Iowa	Dodgeville	Peter K. Denith.
Jackson	Black River Falls	Henri B. Cole.
Jefferson	Jefferson	W. W. Woodman.
Juneau	Mauston	C. M. Fowler.
Kenosha	Kenosha	John Zeivers.
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Wm. F. Scott.
La Crosse	La Crosse	William Lang.
La Fayette	Darlington	Thomas Stephenson.
Langlade	Antigo	John W. Wines.
Lincoln	Merrill	J. I. Dorn.
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	F. S. Luhmann.
Marathon	Wausau	Charles Quandt.
Marinette	Marinette	H. L. Wright.
Marquette	Montello	Robert Page.
Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Fred Leich.
Monroe	Sparta	O. H. Doxrud.
Oconto	Oconto	Jas. F. Marck.
Oneida	Rhineland	I. Tuttle.
Outagamie	Appleton	John Goelzer.
Ozaukee	Port Washington	J. W. Luthfring.
Pepin	Durand	F. S. Gobar.
Pierce	Ellsworth	J. S. Copeley.
Polk	Osceola Mills	H. A. Holliday.
Portage	Stevens Point	James Cooney.
Price	Phillips	Matt Christianson.
Racine	Racine	Julius Luek.
Richland	Richland Center	James Lucas.
Rock	Janesville	Frank N. Webster.
St. Croix	Hudson	E. L. Boothby.
Sauk	Baraboo	Geo. B. Gibbens.
Sawyer	Hayward	Ed. Moreland.
Shawano	Shawano	August Kregel.
Sheboygan	Sheboygan	Adolph W. Book.
Taylor	Medford	Nick Bauer.
Trempealeau	Whitehall	C. E. Scott.
Vernon	Viroqua	Stanley Stout.
Walworth	Elkhorn	Charles L. Lyon.
Washburn	Shell Lake	A. Dahlstrom.
Washington	West Bend	Frank Deutsch.
Waukesha	Waukesha	Jerry Smith.
Waupaca	Waupaca	A. S. McDonald.
Waushara	Wautoma	T. D. Remington.
Winnebago	Oshkosh	J. W. Barlow.
Wood	Grand Rapids	I. H. Germand.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

545

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

COUNTIES.	Name.	Post-office address.	Teachers required.	Salary.	Additional allowance for stationery, etc.
Adams	G. E. Reynolds.	Olin	69	\$500	\$40
Ashland	W. M. Ruggles.	Hurley	40	1,200	150
Barron	N. E. Carver.	Chetek	117	800	100
Bayfield	Mary A. Nelson	Washburn	23	300	25
Brown	D. S. Rice	De Pere	87	800	100
Buffalo	Geo. Schmidt	Alma	97	800	200
Burnett	Tena Nelson	Grantsburg	26	225	50
Calumet	H. Severin	New Holstein	79	800	75
Chippewa	M. S. Bailey	Chippewa Falls	184	1,000	200
Clark	G. E. Crothers.	Neillsville	125	800	200
Columbia	E. C. True	Portage	174	1,200	200
Crawford	A. J. McDowell.	Mt. Sterling	99	1,000	.....
Dane, 1st district	Sylvanus Ames	Stoughton	147	800	200
Dane, 2nd district	D. E. Kiser	Oregon	142	800	200
Dodge	J. T. Flavin	Watertown	221	1,200	200
Door	W. L. Damkoehler.	Sturgeon Bay	67	800	150
Douglas	G. G. Williams.	West Superior	35	600	*
Dunn	J. E. Florin	Menomonie	123	800	*
Eau Claire	Anna Smith	Augusta	142	800	200
Florence	J. S. Penberthy	Florence	13	175	25
Fond du Lac	M. T. Blewett	Fond du Lac	168	1,000	100
Forest	A. J. Moe	Three Lakes	12	300	.....
Grant	Daniel Needham	Lancaster	272	1,000	200
Green	M. A. Cunningham.	Dayton	148	800	200
Green Lake	Lillian Huff	Dartford	77	800	150
Iowa	H. W. Dietrich.	Avoca	143	800	100
Jackson	F. B. Dell	Irving	104	800	125
Jefferson	J. O. Perkins	Jefferson	137	1,000	260
Juneau	M. L. Burnell	Mauston	124	800	150
Kenosha	John J. Kerwin	Silver Lake	62	600	150
Kewaunee	R. A. Moore	Kewaunee	63	800	100
La Crosse	G. M. Redding	West Salem	78	950	.....
La Fayette	L. H. Johnson	Darlington	177	800	200
Langlade	E. Nordman	Sylvan Lake	60	600	200
Lincoln	J. J. Hoffman	Merrill	38	630	200
Manitowoc	C. E. Patzer	Manitowoc	144	1,200	200
Marathon	F. A. Strupp	Athens	148	1,200	*
Marquette	R. C. Ramsay	Peshigo	37	800	*
Milwaukee	Thos. Skinner	Merritt's Landing.	64	500	150
Monroe	P. A. Lynch	Williamsburg	90	1,200	100
Oconto	J. P. Galiger	Tomah	130	800	100
Oneida	Jas. Loftus	Stiles	53	500	100
Outagamie	A. D. Prideaux	Rhineland	20	400	200
Ozaukee	J. I. Ritchie	Appleton	118	800	200
Pepin	A. J. Kreitzer	Port Washington.	70	900	60
Pierce	Jennie Goodrich.	Durand	47	500	100
Polk	A. L. Thompson.	Ellsworth	116	800	200
Portage	Carrie Asp	Osceola Mills	103	800	200
Price	Andrew F. Een	Stevens Point	97	800	*
Racine	Nettie McDonald.	Phillips	49	500	100
Richland	Agnes Worsley	Sylvania	84	800	120
Rock, 1st district	J. M. Ferebee	Richland Center	139	800	*
Rock, 2nd district	W. M. Ross	Footville	98	800	200
St. Croix	David Throne	Beloit	97	800	200
Sauk	Lovla Mosher	New Richmond	132	800	*
Sawyer	W. H. Schultz	Baraboo	179	1,000	200
Shawano	Effie M. Harrington.	Hayward	15	300	25
Sheboygan	L. D. Roberts	Shawano	100	800	150
Taylor	Marin Hughes	Winooski	130	1,000	.....
Trempealeau	E. C. Getchel	Medford	57	600	*
Vernon	W. L. Cummings.	Centerville	111	1,000	*
Walworth	D. O. Mahoney	Viroqua	166	1,200	*
Washburn	L. A. Williams	Elkhorn	164	1,000	200
Washington	G. A. Barker	Shell Lake	22	300	50
Waukesha	Henry Wahle	West Bend	115	1,000	100
Waupaca	A. H. Craig	Caldwell	158	1,000	*
Waushara	F. S. Grubb	Weyauwega	125	800	200
Winnebago	Chas. T. Taylor	Pine River	107	800	*
Wood	John Harrington	Oshkosh	110	800	110
	E. Lynch	Grand Rapids	83	900	100
Total ..			7,196		

FREE HIGH SCHOOL PRINCIPALS.

School.	Principal.	Sal- ary.	School.	Principal.	Sal- ary.
Ahnapee	Harry K. White.....	\$1,000	Kenosha... ..	Frank Cleary.....	\$1,200
Alma	J. E. Hoenes.....	850	Kewaunee	M. McMahon.....	1,000
Almond	Spencer Haven.....	172	Keil	A. W. Dassler.....	750
Antigo	J. E. Hoyt.....	1,300	Lake Geneva..	J. H. Gould.....	1,500
Appleton	O. H. Ecke.....	1,200	Lake Mills.....	H. L. Terry.....	1,200
Arcada	A. C. Finn.....	800	Lancaster	C. R. Showalter.....	1,150
Argyle	J. L. Sherron.....	725	Linden.....	G. E. Dietrich.....	540
Ashland	J. M. Turner.....	1,500	Lodi	O. J. Schuster.....	1,000
Augusta	L. W. Wood.....	1,250	Lone Rock.....	Fred S. Fish.....	400
Avoca	J. C. Nodolf.....	450	Madison	E. J. MacEwan.....	1,800
Bangor	C. E. Lamb.....	720	Manawa	Alonzo McKinley ..	585
Baraboo	L. H. Clark.....	1,300	Marinette.....	E. C. Wiswall.....	1,000
Barron	F. F. Wood.....	675	Marshall.....	W. A. Hodge.....	925
Bayfield	J. L. Thatcher.....	1,000	Marshfield.....	F. E. Hamlin.....	1,200
Beaver Dam	H. B. Hubbell.....	1,500	Mauston.....	W. L. Morrison.....	1,100
Belleville	A. J. Olsen.....	700	Mayville.....	L. S. Keeley.....	1,100
Beloit	W. S. Axtell.....	1,400	Mazo Manie.....	R. F. Skiff.....	900
Berlin	A. F. Rote.....	1,200	Medford.....	B. F. Oltman.....	810
Black Earth.....	E. W. Walker.....	1,000	Menasha	H. J. Evans.....	1,250
Black River Falls	Dwight Kinney.....	1,550	Merrill.....	H. J. Bowell.....	1,360
Bloomer	J. F. Gibson.....	675	Merrillan.....	T. H. Lage.....	720
Bloomington.....	S. E. Pearson.....	720	Middleton.....	G. Wehrle.....	675
Boscobel	J. A. Tormey.....	950	Milton Junction	A. G. Sears.....	675
Brandon	D. S. Gibbon.....	800	Mondovi.....	A. M. Locker.....	675
Brodhead	F. E. McGovern.....	1,000	Mineral Point ..	A. R. Jolley.....	1,200
Burlington.....	C. W. Rittenburg ..	1,100	Monroe.....	J. A. Mitchell.....	1,100
Cadott	J. C. Churchill.....	675	Montello.....	F. W. Meisnest.....	700
Cambridge.....	D. K. Tone.....	650	Montfort.....	J. M. Quick.....	480
Cassville	C. L. Harper.....	950	Mount Hope.....	T. F. Grindell.....	500
Centralia	G. W. Paulus.....	.....	Muscoda.....	L. H. Allen.....	800
Chetek	R. H. Mueller.....	630	Necedah.....	Wm. F. Sell.....	1,100
Chilton	P. H. McGovern.....	925	Neenah.....	C. W. Cabeen.....	1,500
Chippewa Falls ..	G. S. Parker.....	1,600	Neillsville.....	E. B. Oakley.....	1,100
Clinton Junction	H. K. White.....	750	New Lisbon.....	B. C. Parkinson.....	950
Clintonville.....	W. D. Acherman.....	765	New London.....	H. A. Weld.....	1,000
Colby	J. F. Sims.....	850	New Richmond..	W. H. Williams.....	945
Columbus.....	L. M. Roberts.....	1,200	Oak Creek.....	J. E. Roets.....	600
Cumberland.....	A. E. Brainerd.....	1,000	Oakfield.....	C. H. Elkinton.....	600
Darlington.....	Geo. E. Cabanis.....	1,150	Oakwood.....	P. J. O'Shaughnessy	700
Delavan	J. H. Hutchinson.....	1,100	Oconomowoc.....	E. E. Beckwith.....	1,100
De Pere	F. W. Buchholz.....	900	Oconto.....	C. A. Bridgen.....	1,000
Dodgeville.....	L. L. Clark.....	1,300	Omro	F. T. Tucker.....	765
Durand	J. W. Nezbit.....	800	Onalaska.....	Taylor Frye.....	765
East Troy.....	A. H. Fletcher.....	810	Oregon.....	Arthur H. Sholtz.....	800
Eau Claire.....	M. S. Frawley.....	1,750	Pepin.....	D. E. Cameron.....	675
Edgerton	F. M. Jack.....	800	Peshigo.....	J. F. Slight.....	.....
Elkhorn	J. T. Edwards.....	1,100	Pewaukee.....	E. W. Prior.....	765
Ellsworth.....	C. J. Brewer.....	.....	Plainfield.....	Mary J. Gillan.....	675
Elroy	L. E. Slonaker.....	1,000	Platteville.....	Chas. M. Fox.....	810
Evansville.....	J. E. Gettle.....	1,150	Plymouth.....	O. Gaffron.....	900
Fennimore.....	F. L. Churchill.....	600	Portage.....	W. G. Clough.....	1,400
Florence.....	F. W. Barker.....	1,000	Port Washington	B. H. Meyer.....	1,100
Fond du Lac.....	L. N. Mitchell.....	1,400	Potosi.....	F. K. Shuttleworth.....	810
Fort Atkinson.....	D. D. Mayne.....	1,600	Poynette.....	Jas. Melville.....	900
Fort Howard.....	Otis R. Larsen.....	1,200	Prairie du Chien	F. G. Kraege.....	1,100
Fox Lake.....	W. N. Parker.....	800	Prairie du Sac.....	John Jones.....	720
Fremont	H. D. Kneip.....	540	Prescott.....	Jas. Goldsworthy.....	950
Friendship.....	John Purves.....	450	Racine.....	A. J. Volland.....	1,800
Glenbeulah.....	A. J. Strassburger.....	700	Reedsburg.....	A. B. West.....	1,000
Grand Rapids.....	Wm. G. Luehr.....	1,000	Rhineland.....	A. D. Prideau.....	1,000
Green Bay.....	John A. Hancock.....	1,500	Rice Lake.....	C. D. Kipp.....	1,000
Hartford.....	P. T. Nelson.....	1,000	Richland Center	T. H. Haney.....	1,100
Hazel Green.....	H. B. Lathe.....	720	Ripon.....	M. H. McMahon.....	1,000
Highland.....	Chas. Johnson.....	675	River Falls.....	R. B. Hazard.....	1,100
Hillsborough.....	E. V. Wernick.....	800	St. Martins.....	Frank Miller.....	260
Horicon	J. H. Derse.....	1,150	Sauk City.....	J. H. Roessler.....	850
Hudson.....	A. E. Schwaub.....	1,200	Sextonville.....	Jos. Schafer.....	420
Humbird.....	J. W. T. Ames.....	630	Seymour.....	J. D. Travis.....	630
Janesville.....	F. W. Cooley.....	1,800	Sharon.....	J. G. Skeels.....	675
Jefferson.....	J. G. Adams.....	1,200	Shawano.....	W. H. Hickok.....	900
Juneau	E. C. McClelland.....	700	Sheboygan.....	J. E. Riordan.....	1,500

FREE HIGH SCHOOL PRINCIPALS.

School.	Principal.	Sal- ary.	School.	Principal.	Sal- ary.
Sheboygn Falls.	A. W. Weber	\$900	Waterloo	W. J. Hoskins	\$1,000
Shell Lake	J. A. Jeffery	950	Watertown	C. F. Viebahn	1,600
Shullsburg	M. M. Warner	1,000	Waukesha	Geo. H. Reed	1,500
So. Kaukauna	F. J. Conant	900	Waupaca	F. A. Lowell	1,100
Sparta	J. W. Livingston ..	1,500	Waupun	F. C. Howard	950
Spring Green	W. A. Cundy	800	Waupun	H. C. Curtis	850
Stevens Point	H. A. Simonds	1,500	Wausau	J. A. Eakin	1,260
Stockbridge	L. M. Kraege	450	Wauwatosa	A. W. Smith	1,250
Stoughton	C. F. Cronk	1,300	West Bend	D. T. Keeley	1,050
Sturgeon Bay	Wm. O. Brown	1,000	West De Pere ..	Chas. Mains	810
Sun Prairie	I. M. Buell	900	Westfield	Myron E. Baker	720
Tomah	G. W. Reigle	1,200	West Salem	A. E. Buckmaster ..	1,000
Two Rivers	C. O. Marsh	1,200	Weyauwega	E. E. Sheldon	639
Unity	E. T. Johnson	750	Whitewater	C. H. Sylvester	1,600
Viroqua	J. H. Martin	900	Wilton	W. S. Freeman	540
Walworth	W. S. Edwards	540	Wonewoc	T. C. Morrow	800
Washburn	H. W. Rood	1,200			

CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.

CITIES.	Superintendent.	Teachers required.	Salary.	Additional allow- ance for expenses.
Antigo	John O'Hara	15	\$300	.....
Appleton	I. N. Stewart	44	450	\$50
Ashland	J. M. Turner	20	*1,500	25
Baraboo	L. H. Clark	20	*1,600	30
Beaver Dam	Jas. J. Dick	16	200	150
Beloit	W. S. Axtell	24	100	.....
Berlin	N. M. Dodson	19	290	10
Brodhead	E. R. Spragne	9	25	5
Columbus	C. C. Eaton	10	100	35
De Pere	F. W. Buchholz	8	50	.....
Fond du Lac	I. N. Mitchell	47	400	50
Fort Howard	C. W. Lomas	19	250	15
Grand Rapids	B. M. Vaughan	7	100	12
Green Bay	Jno. A. Hancock	28	250	40
Hudson	Geo. D. Cline	12	100	.....
Janesville	F. W. Cooley	42	*1,800	.....
Kaukauna	W. D. Acherman	8	150	.....
Kenosha	D. A. Mahoney	17	200	150
La Crosse	Albert Hardy	85	2,400	500
Madison	W. H. Beach	47	2,000	250
Marinette	J. F. Powell	31	1,600	.....
Menasha	G. W. Dodge	12	75	20
Menomonie	Ida M. Johnson	29	300	10
Merrill	Francis E. Matthews	24	250	25
Milwaukee	Wm. E. Anderson	459	4,000	250
Mineral Point	W. A. Jones	12	100	.....
Neenah	Robert Shiels	19	200	.....
New London	B. A. Weatherby	9	100	10
Oconto	D. P. Moriarty	15	200	.....
Oshkosh	J. H. Merrill	63	600	200
Portage	A. C. Kellogg	19	300	40
Prairie du Chien	F. G. Kraege	10	175	.....
Racine	H. G. Winslow	60	1,200	150
Reedsburg	Jas. A. Stone	8	75	5
Rice Lake	P. H. Swift	9	150	25
Ripon	H. L. Richardson	17	100	5
Sheboygan	A. C. Prescott	41	500	.....
Stevens Point	H. A. Simonds	28	100	25
Sturgeon Bay	Wm. O. Brown	8	100	.....
Watertown	C. F. Viebahn	24	*1,600	50
Waupaca	Belle Smith	10	100	.....
Wausau	J. P. Briggs	26	300	75
Whitewater	M. Furlong	16	100	75
Total .....	.....	1,443	.....	.....

* Includes salary as principal of high school.

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS.

CITIES — Under city superintendent.	1889-90.					
	CHILDREN BETWEEN 4 AND 20.			TEACHERS EMPLOYED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Totals	82,524	85,142	167,666	166	1,347	1,513
Antigo.....	686	648	1,334	2	18	20
Appleton.....	2,047	2,230	4,277	8	37	45
Ashland.....	1,170	1,225	2,395	2	19	21
Baraboo.....	599	731	1,330	2	19	21
Beaver Dam.....	826	802	1,628	1	15	16
Beloit.....	924	1,014	1,938	1	22	23
Berlin.....	718	685	1,403	4	16	20
Brodhead.....	189	200	389	1	8	9
Columbus.....	337	342	679	1	13	14
De Pere.....	371	402	773	1	9	10
Eau Claire*.....						
Fond du Lac.....	2,127	2,114	4,241	1	48	49
Fort Howard.....	838	853	1,691	2	17	19
Grand Rapids.....	305	282	587	1	6	7
Green Bay.....	1,454	1,477	2,931	1	33	34
Hudson.....	342	452	794	1	11	12
Janesville.....	1,915	2,064	3,979	2	41	43
Kaukauna.....	767	727	1,494	2	6	8
Kenosha.....	1,014	966	1,980	2	15	17
La Crosse.....	3,953	4,141	8,094	8	75	83
Madison.....	2,154	2,417	4,571	3	44	47
Marinette.....	1,525	1,498	3,023	3	28	31
Menasha.....	792	862	1,654	1	11	12
Menomonie.....	872	899	1,771	2	27	29
Merrill.....	1,077	1,085	2,162	1	22	23
Milwaukee.....	33,547	34,777	68,324	63	433	496
Mineral Point.....	423	467	890	3	9	12
Neenah.....	939	1,091	2,030	1	18	19
New London.....	323	340	663	1	8	9
Oconto.....	900	676	1,576	5	10	15
Oshkosh.....	3,902	3,906	7,808	9	54	64
Portage.....	839	897	1,736	1	18	19
Prairie du Chien.....	534	568	1,102	1	9	10
Racine.....	3,987	4,157	8,144	8	57	65
Reedsburg.....	254	273	527	1	7	8
Rice Lake.....	292	316	608	1	11	12
Ripon.....	484	532	1,016	1	16	17
Sheboygan.....	3,118	3,052	6,170	8	33	41
Stevens Point.....	1,377	1,368	2,745	1	27	28
Sturgeon Bay.....	350	389	739	1	9	19
Watertown.....	1,717	1,609	3,326	2	22	24
Waupaca.....	317	354	671	1	9	10
Wausau.....	1,584	1,613	3,197	3	23	26
Whitewater.....	635	641	1,276	2	14	16

* Under county superintendent, see page 550.

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS.

550

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

COUNTIES.—Exclusive of cities under city superintendent.	1889-90.						
	Number of school districts.	CHILDREN BETWEEN 4 AND 20.			Teachers employed.	Number of school-houses.	Number of pupils they will seat.
		Male.	Female.	Total.			
TOTALS	6,116	217,754	207,335	425,089	10,524	6,221	342,220
Adams	69	1,382	1,229	2,611	110	66	2,757
Ashland	28	1,093	1,080	2,173	44	30	1,658
Barron	102	2,579	2,388	4,967	187	101	4,715
Bayfield	13	714	782	1,496	24	13	952
Brown	84	5,107	4,787	9,894	98	82	5,491
Buffalo	84	3,142	3,079	6,221	127	84	5,022
Burnett	25	884	847	1,731	43	27	1,287
Calumet	67	3,415	3,263	6,678	90	70	4,258
Chippewa	125	4,666	4,843	9,509	230	133	7,127
Clark	104	3,387	3,233	6,620	213	108	5,593
Columbia	142	3,719	3,521	7,240	280	144	7,276
Crawford	93	2,564	2,475	5,039	182	93	4,824
Dane..... { 1st dist.	126	4,375	4,094	8,469	233	127	6,683
{ 2d dist.	123	3,736	3,534	7,270	224	126	6,492
Dodge	190	7,046	6,811	13,857	269	192	10,853
Door	66	2,990	2,738	5,728	88	63	3,808
Douglas	12	1,174	1,185	2,359	46	17	1,197
Dunn	111	3,145	2,914	6,059	185	121	5,493
Eau Claire, including city	78	5,168	4,985	10,153	193	92	6,556
Florence	9	318	318	636	13	7	570
Fond du Lac	171	5,298	5,136	10,434	271	165	8,639
Forest	11	90	179	269	11	9	300
Grant	213	6,879	6,543	13,422	410	228	12,053
Green	131	4,101	3,658	7,759	303	131	7,003
Green Lake	70	2,088	1,974	4,062	120	72	3,606
Iowa	23	3,612	3,513	7,125	200	123	6,692
Jackson	86	3,032	2,861	5,893	180	88	4,825
Jefferson	126	4,993	4,657	9,650	208	128	7,356
Juneau	96	3,074	2,994	6,068	186	104	5,527
Kenosha	61	1,523	1,503	3,026	93	61	2,530
Kewaunee	55	3,516	3,442	6,958	67	55	5,202
La Crosse	67	2,497	2,407	4,904	108	67	3,947

SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS,

La Fayette.....	124	3,564	3,565	7,120	236	128	7,127
Langlade.....	60	925	788	1,713	94	60	2,108
Lincoln.....	34	820	835	1,655	49	35	1,697
Manitowoc.....	108	7,550	7,196	14,746	147	108	9,115
Marathon.....	139	4,420	4,158	8,578	176	136	7,184
Marquette.....	26	1,572	1,490	3,062	37	33	1,812
Marquette.....	62	1,820	1,832	3,652	97	60	3,255
Milwaukee.....	67	5,210	5,057	10,267	94	67	4,993
Monroe.....	127	4,229	4,229	8,458	254	132	7,123
Oconto.....	58	2,225	1,945	4,170	69	54	2,895
Oneida.....	9	501	485	986	15	8	748
Outagamie.....	111	4,174	3,916	8,090	172	111	6,160
Ozaukee.....	64	2,988	2,965	5,953	73	59	4,100
Pepin.....	39	1,350	1,264	2,614	70	39	2,148
Pierce.....	109	3,798	3,638	7,436	199	111	5,937
Polk.....	95	2,693	2,448	5,141	164	101	4,542
Portage.....	92	3,395	3,137	6,532	159	94	4,742
Price.....	44	743	647	1,390	77	46	2,347
Racine.....	74	2,622	2,390	5,012	109	75	4,413
Richland.....	122	3,599	3,401	7,000	253	124	6,698
Rock..... 1st District	82	2,308	2,134	4,442	180	84	2,925
Rock..... 2d District	86	1,864	1,764	3,628	155	87	3,929
St. Croix.....	114	3,801	3,539	7,340	215	113	6,089
Sauk.....	160	4,653	4,401	9,054	264	163	7,807
Sawyer.....	6	262	279	541	25	10	650
Shawano.....	97	3,715	3,408	7,123	131	96	5,300
Sheboygan.....	109	4,821	4,778	9,599	186	116	7,795
Taylor.....	51	1,326	1,128	2,454	71	52	2,069
Trempealeau.....	95	3,737	3,450	7,187	132	98	5,392
Vernon.....	151	4,907	4,700	9,607	288	152	8,207
Walworth.....	119	3,593	3,410	6,973	254	121	6,705
Washburn.....	16	367	323	690	31	14	790
Washington.....	98	4,421	4,337	8,758	143	98	6,457
Waukesha.....	125	5,351	5,115	10,466	219	119	8,468
Waupaca.....	119	4,369	4,064	8,433	199	121	5,983
Waushara.....	100	2,641	2,476	5,117	174	102	4,765
Winnebago.....	97	2,962	2,810	5,772	172	99	5,497
Wood.....	66	3,181	3,010	6,191	105	68	4,016

Teachers' average wages: For males, \$43.50; for females, \$29.

SUMMARY OF SCHOOL STATISTICS.

[FROM REPORT OF STATE SUPERINTENDENT.]

CENSUS STATISTICS.

1889-90.

Number between 4 and 20 residing in the state June 30:	
Under county superintendents.....	425,089
Under city superintendents.....	167,666
	592,755
Number between 7 and 14 residing in the state June 30	294,950
Number between 7 and 14 who attended public school 12 weeks or more.....	225,344
Number between 7 and 14 who attended private school 12 weeks or more.....	38,508

ENROLLMENT IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Number between 4 and 20 enrolled.....	350,342
Number under 4 enrolled.....	366
Number over 20 enrolled.....	1,015
Total number enrolled.....	351,723
Average daily attendance.....	200,457
Average number of days taught (outside of large cities).....	151

PERCENTAGES.

Per cent. of the number between 4 and 20 who were enrolled in public schools.....	59.1
Per cent. of those between 7 and 14 who attended public school 12 weeks or more....	76.3
Per cent. of those between 7 and 14 who attended private school 12 weeks or more.....	13.1
Per cent. of those between 7 and 14 who did not attend any school 12 weeks.....	10.6

SCHOOL-HOUSES.

Number of school-houses in the state.....	6,476
Seating capacity of all school-houses.....	417,553

TEACHERS.

Number of male teachers employed.....	2,388
Number of female teachers employed.....	9,649
Total number employed in public schools	12,037
Average monthly wages of male teachers (outside of large cities)	\$43 50
Average monthly wages of female teachers (outside of large cities).....	\$29 00
Average number of months taught (outside of large cities).....	7.5

TEACHERS' QUALIFICATIONS.

Number of Normal school teachers employed — graduates.....	452
Number of Normal school teachers employed — non-graduates.....	1,443
Number of teachers holding state certificates.....	279
First grade certificates granted:	
By county superintendents	226
By city superintendents.....	133
Second grade certificates granted:	
By county superintendents.....	943
By city superintendents.....	184
Third grade certificates granted:	
By county superintendents	7,384
By city superintendents.....	523
Certificates limited to less than one year granted.....	1,614
Total number of certificates granted.....	11,017
Applicants refused certificates:	
By county superintendents.....	4,385
By city superintendents.....	145

STATE CERTIFICATES AND DIPLOMAS.

Number of unlimited state certificates granted.....	3
Number of limited state certificates granted.....	13
Number of diplomas of State University countersigned.....	19
Number of diplomas of Normal schools countersigned	42
Number of certificates of Normal schools countersigned.....	31
Number of diplomas of colleges countersigned.....	7

TOWN LIBRARIES.

(Obtained by withholding money from School Fund Income.)

Number of towns complying with the law.....	294
Amount withheld from School Fund Income	\$13,905
Amount expended for books.....	\$11,348
Number of books bought.....	16,025
Towns which re-distributed books.....	68

DISTRICT LIBRARIES.

(Obtained by local taxation.)

Number of books bought this year.....	10,228
Total number of books in the libraries	70,067

STATISTICAL LIST OF SENATORS FOR 1891.

District.	Names.	Politics.	Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Mar-ried or single.	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
3	Apple, Adam.....	D.	Racine.....	North Cape...	Farmer.....	Germany.....	59	M.	1856	1882, 83, 85, 87, 91.
14	Avery, Frank.....	R.	Juneau and Sauk.....	Baraboo.....	Merchant.....	England.....	60	M.	1856	1887, 89, 91.
5	Bechtner, Paul.....	R.	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 213 13th St.....	Merchant.....	Germany.....	43	M.	1868	1891.
17	Burdge, R. J.....	R.	Rock.....	Beloit.....	Farmer.....	England.....	57	M.	1845	1879, 80, 91.
13	Clawson, P. J.....	R.	Green and LaFayette.....	Monroe.....	Lawyer.....	Pennsylvania.....	51	M.	1851	1889, 91.
31	Conner, Henry.....	D.	La Crosse and Vernon.....	Viroqua.....	Hotel keeper.....	Pennsylvania.....	53	M.	1878	1891.
27	Falconer, Russel C.	D.	Adams, Columbia and Mar- quette.....	Portage.....	Merchant.....	New York.....	39	M.	1855	1891.
1	Fetzer, John.....	D.	Door, Marinette and Oconto.....	Forestville...	Merchant.....	Germany.....	50	M.	1850	1885, 91.
23	Greene, Walter S....	D.	Jefferson and part of Wau- kesha.....	Ft. Atkinson.	Manufacturer.....	New York.....	56	M.	1847	1862, 63, 73, 74, 87, 89,
33	Horn, Fred W.....	D.	Ozaukee, Washington, and part of Waukesha.....	Cedarburg....	Editor and lawyer...	Germany.....	75	M.	1841	91. 1848 to 51, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67, 68, 72, 73, 83, 87, 89, 91.
28	Joiner, R. L.....	R.	Iowa and Richland.....	Wyoming.....	Surveyor and farmer.	Indiana.....	49	S.	1847	1862, 73, 74, 87, 89, 91.
4	Kempf, John J.....	R.	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 759 3d St.....	Merchant.....	Wisconsin.....	23	M.	1857	1889, 91.
22	Kennedy, Wm.....	D.	Outagamie, part Winnebago	Appleton.....	Lawyer.....	Ireland.....	46	M.	1857	1885, 87, 89, 91.
16	Kidd, Edward I.....	R.	Crawford and Grant.....	Prairie du Chien.....	Banker.....	Wisconsin.....	45	M.	1845	1881, 82, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91.
11	Kingston, J. T., Jr.	D.	Ashland, Florence, Forest, Oneida, Langlade, Lin- coln, Price and Taylor...	Ashland.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	30	S.	1860	1891.
7	Koenitzer, C. A.....	D.	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 798 Teutonia St.	Broker.....	Wisconsin.....	38	M.	1852	1891.
6	Kroeger, Herman...	D.	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee, 371 Grove St.....	Merchant.....	Prussia.....	59	M.	1844	1889, 91.
29	Lees, Robert... ..	D.	Buffalo, Pepin and Trem- pealeau.....	Alma.....	Lawyer.....	Scotland.....	48	M.	1849	1873, 91.
25	MacBride, Robert J.	D.	Clark and Eau Claire.....	Neillsville....	Lawyer.....	Pennsylvania...	43	M.	1866	1883, 91.
26	W. S. Main.....	R.	Dane.....	Madison.....	Farmer.....	New York.....	62	M.	1846	1889, 91.
20	Mead, M. C.....	D.	Sheboygan and part of Fond du Lac.....	Plymouth.....	Lawyer.....	Wisconsin.....	32	M.	1858	1889, 91.

STATISTICAL LIST OF SENATORS FOR 1891 -- Continued.

District.	Names.	Politics.	Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Mar- ried or single	Came to state.	Years in Legislature
30	Miller, Wm.	R.	Dunn and Chippewa.	Rusk	Lumberman and far- mer.	Ireland.	51	M.	1850	1887, 89, 91.
15	Nash, Wm. F.	D.	Kewaunee and Manitowoc.	Two Rivers.	Editor and publisher.	New York.	43	M.	1852	1878, 89, 91.
2	Persons, E. W.	D.	Brown and Calumet.	Depere	Lumberman.	New York.	54	M.	1859	1885, 87, 89, 91.
10	Phipps, W. H.	R.	Pierce and St. Croix.	Hudson.	Land commissioner.	England.	44	M.	1855	1891.
19	Pratt, Geo. W.	D.	Winnebago, except town and city of Menasha.	Oshkosh.	Lumberman.	Connecticut.	50	M.	1871	1889, 91.
32	Price, H. H.	R.	Jackson, Monroe and Wood	Black River Falls.	Lumberman.	Wisconsin.	31	S.	1859	1889, 91.
8	Reynolds, J. C.	R.	Kenosha and Walworth.	Lake Geneva.	Physician.	Wisconsin.	41	M.	1849	1885, 87, 89, 91.
18	Stanchfield, S. B.	R.	Part of Fond du Lac.	Fond du Lac.	Farmer.	Maine.	53	M.	1855	1885, 87, 89, 91.
21	Taylor, Chas. S.	R.	Barron, Burnett, Bayfield, Douglas, Polk, Sawyer and Washburn.	Barron.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin.	39	M.	1851	1885, 89, 91.
13	Voss, Wm. F.	D.	Dodge.	Watertown.	Banker.	Prussia.	43	M.	1852	1891.
21	Woodnorth, J. H.	D.	Shewano, Waupaca and pt. Marathon.	Waupaca.	Druggist.	New York.	45	M.	1856	1891.
9	Yahr, F. T.	D.	Green Lake, Portage and Waushara, and part of Marathon county.	Princeton.	Banker.	Prussia.	56	M.	1849	1891.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY FOR 1891.

Seat No.	Name.	Politics.	Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Married or single.	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
47	Anson, Charles H ..	R.	7th Dist., Milwaukee	535 Marshall street	Wholesale grocer	New York	49	M.	1866	1891.
30	Babeock, J. W	R.	Juneau	Necedah	Lumberman	Vermont	40	M.	1881	1889, 91.
53	Bailey, L. S	D.	Oconto	Oconto	Real estate dealer	New York	48	M.	1876	1891.
62	Baker, Edmund U	D.	2d Dist., Iowa	Edmund	Farmer	Wisconsin	36	M.	1854	1891.
48	Bannon, James	D.	3d Dist., Fond du Lac	New Cassel	Farmer	Wisconsin	38	M.	1852	1891.
50	Bowe, Frank	D.	1st Dist., Fond du Lac	Rosendale	Merchant	Pennsylvania	49	M.	1847	1891.
21	Briggs, H. E.	D.	1st Dist., Dane	Madison	Lawyer	Illinois	25	S.	1880	1891.
18	Brown, Neil	D.	2d Dist., Marathon	Wausau	Lawyer	Wisconsin	34	S.	1856	1891.
95	Bullard, Ernest L ..	D.	1st Dist., Waukesha	Waukesha	Physician	Virginia	31	S.	1859	1891.
66	Burke, Michael E ..	D.	1st Dist., Dodge	Beaver Dam	Lawyer	Wisconsin	27	S.	1863	1891.
17	Cheney, D. W.	D.	1st Dist., Monroe ..	Sparta	Merchant	Wisconsin	31	M.	1859	1891.
44	Chinnock, George W	R.	St. Croix	River Falls	Farmer	England	39	M.	1851	1891.
28	Cook, Samuel A	D.	2d Dist., Winnebago ..	Neenah	Lumberman	Canada	49	M.	1859	1891.
71	Conway, P. J.	D.	1st Dist., Manitowoc ..	Meeme	Farmer	New York	41	M.	1856	1891.
10	Couch, Charles	D.	Portage	Amherst	Butcher	New York	57	M.	1850	1891.
100	Crawford, Robert M	D.	1st Dist., Iowa	Mineral Point	Publisher	Wisconsin	36	M.	1854	1891.
85	Croll, William	D.	3d Dist., Manitowoc ..	Manitowoc	Merchant	Pennsylvania	57	M.	1855	1891.
22	Davenport, C. A.	R.	Waushara	Aurora ville	Farmer	New York	47	M.	1855	1891.
65	Dawson, John	D.	2d Dist., La Crosse ..	La Crosse	Farmer	England	58	M.	1840	1883, 91.
88	Desmond, H. J.	D.	1st Dist., Milwaukee ..	Mack Block	Lawyer	Wisconsin		S.		1891.
27	Dike, Henry B	R.	Polk	Osceola Mills	Lawyer	Wales	43	M.	1866	1891.
43	Dill, D. J.	R.	Pierce	Prescott	Farmer	Pennsylvania	60	M.	1859	1889, 91.
94	Dodge, Joshua E ..	D.	Racine	Racine	Lawyer	Massachusetts ..	36	S.	1878	1891.
11	Edwards, John*	D.	Wood	Port Edwards	Lumberman	England	59	M.	1832	1891.
57	English, Thomas W	D.	1st Dist., Sauk	Baraboo	Farmer and stock-grower	Virginia	41	M.	1853	1891.
80	Eno, Edgar	R.	2d Dist., Vernon	Valley	Farmer	Connecticut	49	M.	1856	1891.
52	Faber, William	D.	3d Dist., Winnebago ..	Oshkosh	Builder and contract'r ..	Wisconsin	32	M.	1858	1891.
46	Friebrantz, W. J.	R.	2d Dist., Milwaukee ..	519 Vliet St	Commission merchant ..	Wisconsin	32	S.	1858	1891.
68	Filz, Joseph	D.	Kewaunee	Luxemburg	Merchant	Germany	42	M.	1873	1891.
54	Finch, Oscar	D.	2d Dist., Eau Claire ..	Augusta	Miller	New York	63	S.	1868	1891.
63	Fitzgerald, W. H.	D.	Ozaukee	Cedarburgh	Farmer	Wisconsin	42	M.	1848	1878, 79, 80, 91.
40	Gaarder, O. P	R.	1st Dist., Rock	Orfordville	Farmer	Wisconsin	46	M.	1844	1891.
90	Gray, Albert L	D.	1st Dist., Brown	Fort Howard	Merchant	Canada	44	M.	1849	1879, 82, 85, 89, 91.
25	Hall, Albert R	R.	Dunn	Knapp	Farmer	Vermont	49	S.	1880	1891.
61	Henderson, Jos. R.	D.	3d Dist., Dane	Riley	Farmer	Scotland	42	M.	1854	1891.
59	Hinn, Christopher ..	D.	3d Dist., Grant	Fennimore	Miller	Wisconsin	35	M.	1855	1891.

* Died at Madison, March 11, 1891.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY FOR 1891 — Continued.

556

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

Seat No.	Name.	Politics.	Counties Represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Married or single.	Came to state.	Years in Legislature.
Spk	Hogan, James J.	D.	1st Dist., La Crosse.	La Crosse.	Merchant.	New Foundland	53	M.	1847	1889, 91.
87	Horn, John	D.	10th Dist., Milwaukee.	1415 Centre St	Contractor	Wisconsin	32	M.	1858	1891.
96	Houston, R. S.	D.	Kenosha	Ranney	Farmer.	Massachusetts	70	M.	1857	1874, 91.
56	Hunt, Henry C.	D.	2d Dist., Sauk.	Reedsburg	Merchant.	Pennsylvania	50	M.	1854	1891.
88	Jacobi, C. Hugo	D.	1st Dist., Jefferson	Watertown	Insurance, etc.	Bavaria	44	M.	1855	1891.
6	Jennings, David.	D.	2d Dist., Waupaca.	Northport	Lumberman.	New York	54	M.	1857	1891.
99	Keogh, Ed.	D.	3d Dist., Milwaukee.	344 Jackson St	Printer	Ireland	54	M.	1842	1860, 61, 62, 63, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 87, 89, 91.
97	Kizer, F. C.	R.	1st Dist., Walworth.	Whitewater	Foreman shipping department works	Pennsylvania	58	M.	1855	1889, 91.
67	Knapstein, Theo.	D.	Outagamie and part Winnebago	New London.	Brewer.	Germany	42	M.	1855	1889, 91.
3	Konrad, August	D.	Washington	Hartford	Grain dealer.	Wisconsin	41	S.	1849	1891.
93	Krez, Conrad	D.	5th Dist., Milwaukee	476 Walker St.	Lawyer.	Bavaria	62	M.	1854	1891.
92	Kruszka, Michael	D.	12th Dist., Milwaukee.	415 Mitchell St	Editor and publisher.	Posen	30	M.	1883	1891.
96	Lamberson, Jay G.	R.	Richland	Sextonville	Dealer in live stock.	Wisconsin	44	M.	1846	1891.
13	Larsen, James	U. L.	Marinette	Menekaune.	Ship carpenter	Denmark	35	M.	1871	1891.
9	Lea, A. R.	D.	1st Dist., Waupaca.	Waupaca.	Merchant.	Wisconsin	37	M.	1853	1891.
58	Leonhardy, John.	D.	Buffalo.	Alma	Farmer.	Switzerland	45	S.	1859	1891.
26	Longbotham, John.	R.	1st Dist., Grant	Dickeyville.	Farmer.	Wisconsin	38	S.	1852	1891.
75	Lusher, Gustav S.	D.	1st Dist., Winnebago.	Oshkosh.	Insurance and real estate agent.	Wisconsin	34	M.	1856	1891.
55	McGeehan, Robert J	D.	2d Dist., Brown.	De Pere	Agricultural implement dealer.	Canada	36	M.	1870	1889, 91.
31	McGillivray, Jas. J.	R.	Jackson	Black River Falls	Architect	Canada	42	M.	1866	1891.
91	McGuigan, Ambrose	D.	11th Dist., Milwaukee.	626 Linus St.	Real estate dealer	Ireland	56	M.	1870	1891.
51	McMullen, Wm. V.	D.	Calumet.	Brillion	Real estate dealer	Canada	45	M.	1855	1889, 91.
24	Maxon, Joseph S.	R.	2d Dist., Walworth	Walworth	Physician.	New York	52	M.	1853	1891.
98	Mead, L. H.	R.	Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas Sawyer and Washburn.	Shell Lake.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin	37	M.	1853	1889, 91.
70	Meloy, Charles J.	D.	Part LaFayette	Shullsburg	Hardware merchant.	Pennsylvania	41	M.	1883	1891.
81	Moore, Charles W.	R.	Barron	Chetek	Merchant.	Michigan	48	M.	1853	1889, 91.
78	Munger, A. R.	R.	3d Dist., Sheboygan	Boltonville.	Farmer.	Illinois	40	M.	1846	1891.
72	Nolan, J. P.	D.	2d Dist., Manitowoc.	Maple Grove.	Farmer.	Wisconsin	40	M.	1850	1891.
1	O'Connor, Thomas.	D.	1st Dist., Marathon.	Halder.	Farmer.	Ireland	75	M.	1856	1891.
42	Olson, Brown.	R.	1st Dist., Vernon	Westby.	Farmer.	Wisconsin	40	M.	1850	1891.

29	Osborn, Charles F.	R.	Part Green and La Fayette.	Darlington.	Lawyer.	Ohio.	43	M.	1851	1889, 91.
7	Oswald, John J.	D.	2d Dist., Grant.	Lancaster.	Hardware merchant.	Switzerland.	51	M.	1854	1891.
37	Peirce, C. E.	R.	Adams and Marquette.	Germania.	Merchant.	Wisconsin.	40	M.	1850	1891.
64	Phalen, Dennis T.	D.	1st Dist., Sheboygan.	Sheboygan.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin.	34	M.	1856	1891.
45	Pierron, William.	R.	6th Dist., Milwaukee.	810 3d Street.	Grocer.	Wisconsin.	41	M.	1841	1891, 91.
38	Plummer, Wm. E.	R.	Pepin.	Durand.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin.	29	M.	1861	1891.
35	Porter, Wm. H.	R.	4th Dist., Dane.	Marshall.	Farmer.	Massachusetts.	60	M.	1856	1891.
82	Pugh, Wm. T.	R.	1st Dist., Eau Claire.	Eau Claire.	Locomotive engineer.	Wales.	45	M.	1855	1891.
83	Putnam, Henry C.	R.	1st Dist., Green.	Brodhead.	Lumberman and farmer.	Ohio.	43	M.	1849	1891.
2	Reuter, Christian.	D.	2d Dist., Dane.	Roxbury.	Farmer.	Prussia.	50	M.	1853	1891.
79	Rosenkrans, Omar L.	R.	2d Dist., Waukesha.	Oconomowoc.	Wholesale jeweler.	New York.	47	M.	1857	1891.
33	Rossman, Louis.	R.	Ashland, Florence, Forest, Oneida and Price.	Phillips.	Banker.	Germany.	41	M.	1851	1891.
33	Rossman, Philip.	R.	Clark.	Greenwood.	Farmer and lumberman.	Germany.	54	M.	1851	1891.
4	Sampson, Bennett E.	D.	2d Dist., Dodge.	Oakfield.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	41	M.	1849	1891.
89	Schmitz, Philip, Jr.	D.	9th Dist., Milwaukee.	1619 Cherry St.	Merchant.	Wisconsin.	29	S.	1861	1891.
5	Schuetz, Henry.	D.	8th Dist., Milwaukee.	Williamsburg.	Carpenter and farmer.	Wisconsin.	33	M.	1857	1891.
20	Schwefel, William.	D.	3d Dist., Dodge.	Lebanon.	Farmer.	Germany.	54	M.	1843	1891.
34	Smith, C. E.	D.	1st Dist., Columbia.	Randolph.	Farmer.	Massachusetts.	40	M.	1856	1891.
15	Smith, E. C.	D.	Green Lake.	Markesan.	Farmer.	Wisconsin.	38	M.	1852	1889, 91.
41	Smith, L. H.	R.	2d Dist., Columbia.	Arlington.	Farmer.	New York.	53	M.	1849	1891.
60	Stoppenbach, Jos.	D.	2d Dist., Jefferson.	Jefferson.	Pork packer.	Wisconsin.	28	M.	1862	1891.
39	Tarrant, Henry.	R.	3d Dist., Rock.	Janesville.	Farmer.	England.	57	M.	1850	1889, 91.
74	Taylor, J. A.	D.	Chippewa.	Chippewa Falls.	Real Estate.	New York.	55	M.	1855	1881, 83, 91.
77	Textor, Clinton.	D.	Langlade, Lincoln and Taylor.	Medford.	Lawyer.	Wisconsin.	34	M.	1856	1891.
12	Thompson, Ambr'se.	D.	Crawford.	Seneca.	Farmer.	Ohio.	55	M.	1855	1891.
16	Tormey, James.	D.	2d Dist., Monroe.	Tomah.	Dry goods merchant.	Ireland.	51	S.	1858	1891.
60	Tracy, John.	D.	Outagamie (part).	Appleton.	Foreman in hub factory.	Ireland.	38	M.	1865	1891.
76	Warden, A. F.	D.	2d Dist., Sheboygan.	Plymouth.	Editor.	Wisconsin.	38	M.	1852	1891.
8	Warner, M. J.	D.	Trempealeau.	Elk Creek.	Farmer.	Ireland.	47	M.	1856	1891.
49	Watson, James W.	D.	2d Dist., Fond du Lac.	Fond du Lac.	Lawyer.	Scotland.	36	M.	1862	1889, 91.
19	Whiteside, C. M.	D.	Door.	Sawyer.	Miller.	Ohio.	30	M.	1880	1891.
14	Wiegand, O. O.	D.	Shawano.	Shawano.	Editor and publisher.	Wisconsin.	30	M.	1860	1891.
73	Williams, O. T.	R.	4th Dist., Milwaukee.	1913 Grand Av.	Lawyer.	New York.	45	M.	1855	1891.
84	Winans, John.	D.	2d District, Rock.	Janesville.	Lawyer.	New Jersey.	59	M.	1837	1874, 82, 87, 91.

STATE SENATORS, 1891, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED, SHOW-
ING COMMITTEES OF WHICH THEY ARE MEMBERS.

CHARLES JONAS, PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

FRED. W. HORN, PRESIDENT PRO TEM.

Apple	Agriculture, chairman; Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Retrenchment.
Avery	State Affairs, Retrenchment.
Bechtner	Joint on Charitable and Penal Institutions, Milwaukee Delegation.
Burdge	Enrolled Bills, Manufactures and Commerce.
Clawson	Federal Relations, Judiciary.
Connor	Legislative Expenditures, chairman; Railroads, Roads and Bridges.
Falconer	Education, chairman; Agriculture, Manufactures and Commerce.
Fetzer	Roads and Bridges, chairman; Enrolled Bills.
Greene	Railroads, chairman; Apportionment, chairman; Federal Relations.
Horn	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, chairman; State Affairs.
Joiner	Education, Public Lands.
Kempf	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Joint on Printing, Milwaukee Delegation.
Kennedy	Judiciary, chairman; Education.
Kidd	Joint on Claims, Privileges and Elections, Apportionment.
Kingston ..	Town and County Organization, chairman; Judiciary, Privileges and Elections, Apportionment.
Koenitzer	Joint on Printing, chairman; Legislative Expenditures, Apportionment, Milwaukee Delegation.
Kroeger	Manufactures and Commerce, chairman; Railroads, Public Lands, Milwaukee Delegation.
Lees	Privileges and Elections, chairman; Judiciary, Engrossed Bills, Retrenchment, chairman.
Mac Bride	Incorporations, chairman; Judiciary, Federal Relations, chairman, Apportionment.
Main	Legislative Expenditures, Railroads.
Mead	Joint on Charitable and Penal Institutions, chairman; Judiciary, Railroads, Retrenchment.
Miller	Roads and Bridges, Military Affairs.
Nash	Joint on Claims, chairman; Military Affairs, Joint on Printing.
Persons	Finance, Banks and Insurance, chairman; Incorporations, Town and County Organizations.
Phipps	Incorporations.
Pratt	State Affairs, chairman; Public Lands, chairman, Apportionment.
Price	Railroads.
Reynolds	Finance, Banks, and Insurance, Town and County Organizations.
Stanchfield	Agriculture, Apportionment.
Taylor	Engrossed Bills, Judiciary.
Voss	Enrolled Bills, chairman; Railroads.
Woodnorth	Military Affairs, chairman; Joint on Claims, Joint on Charitable and Penal Institutions.
Yahr	Engrossed Bills, chairman; Finance, Banks and Insurance, Railroads.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY, 1891, ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED,
SHOWING COMMITTEES OF WHICH THEY ARE MEMBERS.

JAMES J. HOGAN, Speaker.

Anson	Medical Societies, State Affairs, Milwaukee Delegation.
Babcock	Incorporations, Railroads, Apportionment.
Bailey	Enrolled Bills, Bills on Their Third Reading.
Baker	Legislative Expenditures.
Bannon	Ways and Means, chairman.
Bowe	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, Federal Relations.
Briggs	Bills on Their Third Reading, chairman; State Affairs, Apportionment.
Brown	Joint Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions, chairman; Judiciary, Retrenchment.
Bullard	Medical Societies, chairman; Education.
Burke	Legislative Expenditures, chairman; Joint Committee on Claims, Retrenchment.
Cheney	Joint Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions, Militia, Apportionment.
Chinnock	Agriculture.
Cook	Legislative Expenditures; State Affairs.
Conway	Legislative Expenditures, Lumber and Mining.
Couch	Ways and Means.
Crawford	Joint Committee on Claims, chairman; Town and County Organization.
Croll	Cities, Federal Relations.
Davenport	Federal Relations.
Dawson	Agriculture, chairman; Roads and Bridges; Retrenchment.
Desmond	Education, chairman; Judiciary, Milwaukee Delegation.
Dike	Education, Incorporations, Apportionment.
Dill	Education, Lumber and Mining, Retrenchment.
Dodge	Assessment and Collection of Taxes, chairman; Retrenchment, chairman; Judiciary.
Edwards*	Ways and Means, chairman; Lumber and Mining.
English	Engrossed Bills; Incorporations.
Eno	Privileges and Elections.
Faber	Cities, Insurance, Banks and Banking.
Fiebrantz	Cities, Railroads, Retrenchment, Milwaukee Delegation.
Filz	Public Improvements.
Finch	Labor and Manufactures, Public Lands.
Fitzgerald	Public Improvements, chairman; Incorporations.
Gaarder	Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
Gray	Cities, Railroads, Apportionment.
Hall	Lumber and Mining, Privileges and Elections.
Henderson	Agriculture, Lumber and Mining.
Hinn	Roads and Bridges.
Horn	Privileges and Elections, Milwaukee Delegation.
Houston	Agriculture.
Hunt	Railroads.
Jacobi	Engrossed Bills, chairman; Insurance, Banks and Banking, Lumber and Mining.
Jennings	Assessment and Collection of Taxes; Insurance, Banks and Banking.
Keogh	Railroads, chairman; Insurance, Banks and Banking; Apportionment; Milwaukee Delegation.
Kizer	Legislative Expenditures, Ways and Means.
Knapstein	Town and County Organizations, chairman; Railroads.
Konrad	Labor and Manufactures.
Krez	Public Lands, chairman; Judiciary, Milwaukee Delegation, chairman.
Kruszka	Labor and Manufactures, Privileges and Elections, Milwaukee Delegation.
Lamberson	Joint Committee on Claims, State Affairs.
Larsin	Labor and Manufactures, Roads and Bridges.
Lea	Medical Societies, Ways and Means.
Leonhardy	Public Improvements.
Longbotham	Agriculture, Engrossed Bills.
Luscher	Insurance, Banks and Banking, chairman.

* Died at Madison, March 11, 1891.

McGeehan	Incorporations, chairman.
McGillivray	Cities, Joint Committee on Claims.
McGuigan	Labor and Manufactures, chairman; Militia, Milwaukee Delegation.
McMullen	Joint Committee on Printing, chairman; Retrenchment.
Maxon	Federal Relations, Medical Societies.
Mead	Judiciary, Town and County Organizations.
Meloy	Engrossed Bills, Medical Societies.
Moore	Insurance, Banks and Banking; Labor and Manufactures.
Munger	Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
Nolan	Privileges and Elections, chairman; Bills on Their Third Reading.
O'Connor	Agriculture.
Olson	Town and County Organizations.
Osborn	Judiciary, Apportionment.
Oswald	Militia, chairman.
Peirce	Enrolled Bills, Labor and Manufactures.
Phalen	Cities, chairman; Railroads.
Pierron	Joint Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions, Milwaukee Delegation.
Plummer	Public Improvements, Roads and Bridges.
Porter	Public Lands.
Pugh	Militia, Joint Committee on Printing.
Pufnam	Enrolled Bills, Militia.
Reuter	Public Lands.
Rosenkrans	Engrossed Bills, Railroads, Apportionment.
Rossman, Louis	Bills on Their Third Reading.
Rossman, Phillip	Ways and Means.
Sampson	Joint Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions; Railroads, Apportionment.
Schmitz	Cities, Incorporations, Milwaukee Delegation.
Schuetz	State Affairs, Milwaukee Delegation.
Schwefel	Enrolled Bills, Lumber and Mining.
Smith, C. E.	Incorporations, Town and County Organizations.
Smith, E. C.	Roads and Bridges, chairman; Agriculture.
Smith, L. H.	Public Lands.
Stoppenbach	Railroads.
Tarrant	Insurance, Banks and Banking.
Taylor	Lumber and Mining, chairman; Railroads; Apportionment.
Textor	Federal Relations, chairman; Apportionment.
Thompson	Cities.
Torney	Enrolled Bills, chairman; State Affairs.
Tracy	Cities, Public Improvements, Apportionment.
Warden	Education, State Affairs.
Warner	Joint Committee on Claims.
Watson	State Affairs, chairman; Judiciary.
Whiteside	State Affairs.
Wiegand	Bills on Their Third Reading, Joint Committee on Printing.
Williams	Judiciary, Milwaukee Delegation.
Wimans	Judiciary, chairman; Joint Committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions; Apportionment, chairman.

STANDING COMMITTEES, 1891.

SENATE.

On Judiciary.

Senators William Kennedy, chairman,
M. C. Mead,
R. J. MacBride,
John T. Kingston, Jr.,
Robert Lees,
P. J. Clawson,
Chas. S. Taylor.

On State Affairs.

Senators George W. Pratt, chairman,
F. W. Horn,
Frank Avery.

On Finance, Banks and Insurance.

Senators Enos W. Persons, chairman,
F. T. Yahr,
J. C. Reynolds.

On Railroads.

Senators Walter S. Greene, chairman,
M. C. Mead,
Herman Kroeger,
Wm. F. Voss,
Henry Conner,
F. T. Yahr,
John J. Kempf,
H. H. Price,
W. S. Main.

On Education.

Senators Russel C. Falconer, chairman,
Wm. Kennedy,
R. L. Joiner.

On Manufactures and Commerce.

Senators Herman Kroeger, chairman,
R. C. Falconer,
R. J. Burdge.

On Assessment and Collection of Taxes.

Senators Frederick W. Horn, chairman,
Adam Apple,
John J. Kempf.

On Incorporations.

Senators Robert J. MacBride, chairman,
E. W. Persons,
W. H. Phipps.

On Town and County Organizations.

Senators John T. Kingston, Jr., chairman,
E. W. Persons,
J. C. Reynolds.

On Public Lands.

Senators George W. Pratt, chairman,
Herman Kroeger,
R. L. Joiner.

On Military Affairs.

Senators J. H. Woodnorth, chairman,
W. F. Nash,
Wm. Miller.

On Privileges and Elections.

Senators Robert Lees, chairman,
John T. Kingston, Jr.,
E. I. Kidd.

On Legislative Expenditures.

Senators Henry Conner, chairman,
C. A. Koenitzer,
W. S. Main.

On Federal Relations.

Senators Robert J. MacBride, chairman,
Walter S. Greene,
P. J. Clawson.

On Roads and Bridges.

Senators John Fetzter, chairman,
Henry Conner,
Wm. Miller.

On Agriculture.

Senators Adam Apple, chairman,
R. C. Falconer,
S. B. Stanchfield.

On Engrossed Bills.

Senators F. T. Yahr, chairman,
Robert Lees,
C. S. Taylor.

On Enrolled Bills.

Senators Wm. F. Voss, chairman,
John Fetzter,
R. J. Burdge.

ASSEMBLY.

Privileges and Elections.

Messrs. J. P. Nolan, chairman.
Michael Kruska,
John Horn,
Edgar Eno,
Albert R. Hall.

Incorporations.

Messrs. R. J. McGeehan, chairman,
W. H. Fitzgerald,
Thos. W. English,
C. E. Smith,
Philip Schmitz, Jr.,
J. W. Babcock,
Henry B. Dike.

Assessment and Collection of Taxes.

Messrs. J. E. Dodge, chairman,
David Jennings,
Frank Bowe,
Ole P. Gaarder,
A. R. Munger.

Lumber and Mining.

Messrs. Jas. A. Taylor, chairman,
John Edwards,
P. J. Conway,
Joseph R. Henderson,
William Schwefel,
D. J. Dill,
Albert R. Hall.

Public Improvements.

Messrs. W. H. Fitzgerald, chairman,
John Tracy,
John Leonhardy,
Joseph Filz,
William E. Plummer.

Militia.

Messrs. John J. Oswald, chairman,
D. W. Cheney,
Ambrose McGuigan,
W. T. Pugh,
Henry C. Putnam.

Agriculture.

Messrs. John Dawson, chairman,
E. C. Smith,
R. T. Houston,
J. R. Henderson,
Thos. O'Connor,
Geo. W. Chinnock,
John Longbotham.

Town and County Organization.

Messrs. Theo. Knapstein, chairman,
Robt. M. Crawford,
C. E. Smith,
L. H. Mead,
Brown Olson.

Roads and Bridges.

Messrs. E. C. Smith, chairman,
John Dawson,
Christopher Hinn,
James Larsin,
Wm. E. Plummer.

Public Lands.

Messrs. Conrad Krez, chairman,
Oscar Finch,
Christian Reuter,
Wm. H. Porter,
L. H. Smith.

Medical Societies.

Messrs. E. L. Bullard, chairman,
C. J. Meloy,
A. R. Lea,
C. H. Anson,
J. S. Maxon.

Judiciary.

Messrs. John Winans, chairman,
J. W. Watson,
J. E. Dodge,
Neal Brown,
Conrad Krez,
H. J. Desmond,
L. H. Mead,
C. F. Osborn,
O. T. Williams.

Bills on Their Third Reading.

Messrs. H. E. Briggs, chairman,
J. P. Nolan,
L. S. Bailey,
O. O. Wiegand,
Louis Rossman.

Ways and Means.

Messrs. John Edwards, chairman,
James Bannon,
Charles Couch,
F. C. Kizer,
Philip Rossman.

Federal Relations.

Messrs. Clinton Textor, chairman,
Frank Bowe,
Wm. Croll,
C. A. Davenport,
Joseph S. Maxson.

Education.

Messrs. H. J. Desmond, chairman,
A. F. Warden,
E. L. Bullard,
D. J. Dill,
Henry B. Dike.

Railroads.

Messrs. Edward Keogh, chairman,
Jas. A. Taylor,
A. L. Gray,
Theodore Knapstein,
Henry C. Hunt,
Burnett E. Sampson,
Dennis T. Phalen,
Joseph Stoppenbach,
J. W. Babcock,
O. L. Rosenkrans,
W. J. Fiebrantz.

Insurance, Banks and Banking.

Messrs. Gustave S. Luscher, chairman,
Edward Keogh,
C. Hugo Jacobi,
William Faber,
David Jennings,
C. W. Moore,
Henry Tarrant.

State Affairs.

Messrs. J. W. Watson, chairman,
H. E. Briggs,
A. F. Warden,
James Tormey,
Chas. M. Whiteside,
Henry Schuetz,
S. A. Cook,
C. H. Anson,
J. G. Lamberson.

Cities.

Messrs. Dennis T. Phalen, chairman,
A. L. Gray,
Wm. Croll,
John Tracy,
Philip Schmitz, Jr.,
Ambrose Thompson,
William Faber,
J. J. McGillivray,
Wm. J. Fiebrantz.

Labor and Manufactures.

Messrs. A. McGuigan, chairman,
O. Finch,
A. Konrad,
M. Kruska,
James Larsin,
C. W. Moore,
C. E. Pierce.

Legislative Expenditures.

Messrs. M. E. Burke, chairman,
P. J. Conway,
E. U. Baker,
F. C. Kizer,
S. A. Cook.

Engrossed Bills.

Messrs. C. Hugo Jacobi, chairman,
C. J. Meloy,
T. W. English,
J. Longbotham,
O. L. Rosenkrans.

Enrolled Bills.

Messrs. J. Tormey, chairman,
Wm. Schreffel,
L. S. Bailey,
C. E. Pierce,
H. C. Putnam.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

Claims.**ON THE PART OF THE SENATE.**

Senators W. F. Nash, chairman,
J. H. Woodnorth,
E. I. Kidd.

ON THE PART OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Messrs. R. M. Crawford, chairman,
M. E. Burke,
M. J. Warner,
J. J. McGillivray,
J. G. Lamberson.

Charitable and Penal Institutions.

Senators M. C. Mead, chairman,
J. H. Woodnorth,
Paul Bechtner.

Messrs. Neal Brown, chairman,
John Winans,
B. E. Sampson,
D. W. Cheney,
Wm. Pierron.

Printing.

Senators C. A. Koenitzer, chairman,
W. F. Nash,
John J. Kempf.

Messrs. W. V. McMullen, chairman,
O. O. Wiegand,
W. T. Pugh.

Apportionment.

Senators W. S. Greene, chairman,
John T. Kingston, Jr.,
C. A. Koenitzer,
Robert J. MacBride,
Geo. W. Pratt,
S. B. Stanchfield,
E. I. Kidd.

Messrs. John Winans, chairman,
B. E. Sampson,
H. E. Briggs,
Ed. Keogh,
A. L. Gray,
John Tracy,
D. W. Cheney,
Clinton Textor,
Jas. A. Taylor,
J. W. Babcock,
C. F. Osborn,
O. L. Rosenkrans,
H. B. Dike.

Retrenchment.

Senators Robert Lees, chairman,
Adam Apple,
M. C. Mead,
Frank Avery.

Messrs. J. E. Dodge, chairman,
Neal Brown,
M. J. Burke,
John Dawson,
W. V. McMullen,
W. J. Fiebrantz,
D. J. Dill.

LIST OF EMPLOYES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE, 1891.

As authorized by Chapter 522, Laws of 1880.

SENATE.

Name.	Age.	Office.	Occupation.	Years in the state.	Nativity.	Post Office.	County.
Jno. P. Hume.	29	Chief clerk	Publisher.	29	Wisconsin	Marshfield.	Wood.
Sam. J. Shafer.	40	Assistant chief clerk	Publisher.	36	Canada.	Colby.	Marathon.
Jackson Silbaugh.	27	Assistant clerk	Lawyer.	27	Wisconsin	Viroqua.	Vernon.
Edward Malone.	26	Book-keeper	Publisher.	26	Wisconsin	Waterford.	Racine.
E. R. Petherick.	44	Proof-reader	Reporter	41	England	Milwaukee.	Milwaukee.
L. S. Truesdell.	39	Engrossing clerk.	Reporter	39	Wisconsin	Erlin	Green Lake.
Jno. G. Faulds.	23	Enrolling clerk.	Editor	23	Wisconsin	Arcadia.	Trempealeau.
C. M. Gardner	19	Transcribing clerk	Clerk	19	Wisconsin	Watertown.	Dodge.
Miss Cora Cornish.	21	Indexing clerk	Student.	21	Wisconsin	ft Atkinson	Jefferson.
Frank T. Smith.	26	Clerk Judiciary committee.	Student.	26	Wisconsin	Appleton	Outagamie.
Joseph Sims.	21	Clerk Incorporation committee	Book-keeper.	29	New York	Colby.	Marathon.
D. C. Gowdey.	50	Clerk joint committee on Claims.	Publisher.	45	New York	Hurley	Ashland.
H. F. Gustavus.	22	Assistant enrolling clerk.	Book-keeper.	21	Wisconsin	Oshkosh.	Winnebago.
M. P. Persons.	48	Assistant engrossing clerk.	Real estate	20	New York	De Pere.	Brown.
Hugo Imig.	19	Assistant transcribing clerk	Clerk	19	Wisconsin	Sheboygan	Sheboygan.
Miss Agnes Muller.	21	Assistant transcribing clerk	Clerk	21	Wisconsin	Princeton	Green Lake.
A. G. Pankow	27	Comparing clerk	Editor	27	Wisconsin	Marshfield.	Wood.
Oscar Osthelder	19	Comparing clerk	Student.	19	Wisconsin	Sheboygan Falls.	Sheboygan.
B. A. Weatherby	46	Clerk committee on Enrolled Bills.	Lumber.	24	New York	New London	Waupaca.
F. J. Colignon	24	Clerk committee on Engrossed Bills.	Lawyer.	24	Wisconsin	Ashland.	Ashland.
Miss Amy Robinson	25	Clerk com. on Charitable and Pen. Ins.	Stenographer	25	Wisconsin	Plymouth	Sheboygan.
L. F. Terhune	16	Custodian enrolling room	Clerk	16	Wisconsin	Viroqua.	Vernon.
E. M. Keogh.	42	Custodian engrossing room	Postmaster	35	New York	Doylestown	Columbia.
Lizzie Yahinke	46	Comparing clerk	Editor	35	New York	Two Rivers.	Marathon.
J. A. Barney	51	Sergeant at arms.	Lawyer	44	New York	Mayville.	Dodge.
W. H. Putnam	31	Assistant sergeant-at-arms.	Miller	31	Wisconsin	River Falls.	Pierce.
Peter Spehn.	75	Postmaster.	Farmer.	46	Germany	Grafton	Ozaukee.
Geo. McHenry	35	Assistant postmaster.	Farmer	35	Wisconsin	West Bend	Washington.
H. B. Loy	34	Door-keeper.	Agent	34	Wisconsin	De Pere	Brown.
R. Tuttle	52	Door-keeper.	Laborer	30	New York	Waupaca.	Waupaca.
Jacob Staumes	51	Door-keeper.	Laborer	24	Norway	Milwaukee.	Milwaukee.
M. Riedy	57	Door-keeper.	Retired capitalist	34	Ireland	Kewaunee.	Kewaunee.
Tobias Jacobson.	65	Gallery attendant.	Farmer	40	Norway	North Cape	Racine.

Jas. P. Evans.....	23	Document room attendant.....	Student.....	23	Wisconsin.....	Prairie du Chien..	Crawford.
Fred Herrmann.....	72	Document room clerk.....	Retired.....	43	Germany.....	Watertown.....	Dodge.
Louis Burlman.....	19	Committee room attendant.....	Printer.....	19	Wisconsin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
Farrel Golden.....	17	Committee room attendant.....	Druggist.....	17	Wisconsin.....	Appleton.....	Outagamie.
Fred Brandt.....	43	Janitor.....	Carpenter.....	24	Germany.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
L. J. Pringel.....	23	Night watch.....	Student.....	23	Wisconsin.....	Appleton.....	Outagamie.
Peter Blair.....	71	Porter.....	Carpenter.....	45	Canada.....	Watertown.....	Jefferson.
John D. Fay.....	50	Night laborer.....	Laborer.....	35	Germany.....	Madison.....	Dane.
Tom Kingston.....	14	Messenger.....	Student.....	14	Wisconsin.....	Madison.....	Dane.
J. E. Taylor.....	16	Messenger.....	Student.....	16	Wisconsin.....	Madison.....	Dane.
Berthold Husting.....	13	Messenger.....	Student.....	13	Wisconsin.....	Mayville.....	Dodge.
John Manchester.....	15	Messenger.....	Student.....	15	Wisconsin.....	Waupaca.....	Waupaca.
Ben Richmond.....	14	Messenger.....	Student.....	14	Wisconsin.....	Arcadia.....	Trempealeau.
Al. De Boise.....	16	Messenger.....	Student.....	16	Wisconsin.....	Neenah.....	Winnebago.
Warren Persons.....	13	Messenger.....	Student.....	13	Wisconsin.....	De Pere.....	Brown.
Jas. Raymen.....	13	Messenger.....	Student.....	13	Wisconsin.....	Mishicott.....	Manitowoc.
R. MacBride.....	16	Messenger.....	Student.....	16	Wisconsin.....	Neillsville.....	Clark.
Fred Klenert.....	11	Messenger.....	Student.....	17	Wisconsin.....	Portage.....	Columbia.

LIST OF EMPLOYEES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE, 1891.

As authorized by Chapter 522, Laws of 1889.

ASSEMBLY.

Name.	Age.	Office.	Occupation.	Years in the state.	Nativity.	Postoffice.	County.
G. W. Porth.....	34	Chief clerk.....	Book-keeper.....	34	Wisconsin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
W. L. Houser.....	35	Assistant chief clerk.....	Editor and publisher.....	26	Pennsylvania.....	Mondovi.....	Buffalo.
E. D. Doney.....	26	Assistant chief clerk.....	Lawyer.....	26	Wisconsin.....	Waupun.....	Dodge.
J. T. Huntington.....	45	Book-keeper.....	Expert Accountant.....	42	New York.....	Delton.....	Sauk.
M. J. Keenan.....	27	Assistant book-keeper.....	Accountant.....	27	Wisconsin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
A. Goerz.....	31	Enrolling clerk.....	Editor and publisher.....	11	Germany.....	Watertown.....	Jefferson.
W. F. Collins.....	21	Engrossing clerk.....	School teacher.....	21	Wisconsin.....	Stevens Point.....	Portage.
C. H. Tenney.....	19	Transcribing clerk.....	Student.....	19	Wisconsin.....	Madison.....	Dane.
C. E. Moseley.....	50	Stationery clerk.....	Insurance agent.....	35	Connecticut.....	Janesville.....	Rock.
Charles A. Leicht.....	29	Index clerk.....	Editor and publisher.....	29	Wisconsin.....	New Lisbon.....	Juneau.
E. E. Fitzgibbons.....	44	Assistant enrolling clerk.....	Teacher.....	40	New York.....	Madison.....	Dane.
James Pennfeather.....	34	Assistant engrossing clerk.....	Book-keeper.....	34	Wisconsin.....	Kenosha.....	Kenosha.
Geo. Sibernagel.....	21	Assistant transcribing clerk.....	Book-keeper.....	21	Wisconsin.....	Madison.....	Dane.
Daniel F. O'Keefe.....	25	Assistant transcribing clerk.....	Clerk.....	25	Wisconsin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
W. C. Brawley.....	38	Assistant index clerk.....	Editor.....	15	New Brunswick.....	Mauston.....	Juneau.
Jacob Kehrein.....	44	Custodian of engrossing room.....	Merchant.....	43	Germany.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
H. W. Bolens.....	28	Proof reader.....	Editor and publisher.....	23	Iowa.....	Sheboygan.....	Sheboygan.
F. C. Burpee.....	25	Clerk of Judiciary committee.....	Lawyer.....	23	Wisconsin.....	Janesville.....	Rock.
Julius Gamm.....	20	Clerk of committee on Engrossed Bills.....	Student.....	20	Wisconsin.....	Watertown.....	Jefferson.
Wm. Boyington.....	23	Clerk of committee on Enrolled Bills.....	Book-keeper.....	23	Wisconsin.....	Tomah.....	Monroe.
C. H. Lambert.....	36	Clerk of committee on Agriculture.....	Editor.....	36	Wisconsin.....	Markesan.....	Green Lake.
Edward L. Hardy.....	23	Clerk of committee on Bills on Third Reading.....	Student.....	16	Michigan.....	La Crosse.....	La Crosse.
Ed. S. Quinn.....	30	Clerk of committee on Railroads.....	Journalist.....	30	Wisconsin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
Edw. Pape.....	21	Clerk of committee on Town and County Organization.....	Book-keeper.....	21	Wisconsin.....	New London.....	Waupaca.
L. K. Wright.....	22	General clerk.....	Teacher.....	22	Wisconsin.....	Wausau.....	Marathon.
Thos. McBean.....	49	General clerk.....	Book-keeper.....	34	Jamaica.....	Chippewa Falls.....	Chippewa.
Anthony De Ville.....	23	General clerk.....	Clerk.....	23	Wisconsin.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
George Reinsch.....	53	Custodian of enrolling room.....	Minister.....	25	Germany.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.
A. F. Campbell.....	21	Comparing clerk.....	Book-keeper.....	21	Wisconsin.....	Whitewater.....	Walworth.
J. F. Cotter.....	53	Comparing clerk.....	Teacher.....	44	Ireland.....	Saukville.....	Ozaukee.
P. Whalen.....	39	Sergeant-at-arms.....	Railroad contractor.....	22	Ireland.....	De Pere.....	Brown.

Eugene Courtney	47	Assistant sergeant-at arms	Farmer	47	Wisconsin	Hartford	Washington
J. A. Venus	46	Postmaster	Book-keeper	42	New York	Shawano	Shawano
Holmes Daubner	24	Assistant postmaster	Farmer	24	Wisconsin	Brookfield	Vaukeshia
John O'Keif	51	Door-keeper	Mill-wright	45	Ireland	Appleton	Outagamie
Frank Boyer	23	Door-keeper	Merchant	23	Wisconsin	Stevens Point	Portage
P. H. McClean	42	Door-keeper	Railroading	42	Wisconsin	Green Bay	Brown
Ira F. Kilmer	69	Door-keeper	Mason	35	New York	Galesville	Trempealeau
Albert Stoppenbach	30	Gallery attendant	Weaver	30	Wisconsin	Jefferson	Jefferson
G. W. Brower	69	Gallery attendant	Miller	54	New York	Fox Lake	Dodge
Louis Scheller	60	General attendant	Taxidermist	42	Germany	Green Bay	Brown
J. W. Liebenstein	45	Document room attendant	General business	44	Germany	Scott	Sheboygan
Ulrich Wetstein	44	Document room clerk	Horseman	35	Switzerland	Sparta	Monroe
Chas. Kache	35	Committee room attendant	Insp'r of block pavement	35	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee
Wm. Vliet	51	Committee room attendant	Blacksmith	24	Pennsylvania	Big Spring	Adams
Joseph Stanton	30	Porter	Farmer	30	Wisconsin	Fox Lake	Dodge
Chas. Gutman	53	Night watchman	Machinist	35	Saxon, Germany	Racine	Racine
S. G. Polkey	31	Flagman	Merchant	31	Wisconsin	Lena	Oconto
J. F. Hartel	37	Wash room attendant	Farmer	37	Wisconsin	Beaver Dam	Dodge
Wm. Murphy	35	Coat room attendant	Saloon keeper	35	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee
P. C. Elliott	67	Assistant coat room attendant	Farmer	37	Virginia	North Freedom	Sauk
T. Kavanaugh	55	Janitor	Merchant	40	Ireland	Madison	Dane
J. Lonzo	42	Committee room attendant	Student	42	Wisconsin	Ft. Howard	Brown
Archie McCoy	11	Messenger	Student	11	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee
Otto Gartner	14	Messenger	Student	14	Wisconsin	Madison	Dane
Arthur Gardner	12	Messenger	Student	12	Wisconsin	Watertown	Dodge
August Krueger	14	Messenger	Student	14	Wisconsin	Madison	Dane
Everett Monchan	14	Messenger	Student	14	Wisconsin	Evansville	Rock
Ed Fitzgerald	14	Messenger	Student	14	Wisconsin	Cedarburg	Ozaukee
Geo. Haganah	16	Messenger	Student	16	Wisconsin	Reedsburg	Sauk
Frank Coughlin	16	Messenger	Student	16	Wisconsin	Milwaukee	Milwaukee
James Whitty	16	Messenger	Student	16	Wisconsin	Merrimac	Sauk
John Gray	13	Messenger	Student	13	Wisconsin	Ft. Howard	Brown
Louis Oyen	16	Messenger	Student	16	Wisconsin	Madison	Dane
Alven Erickson	12	Messenger	Student	12	Wisconsin	Madison	Dane

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATOR, 1891.

The legislature of 1891, in joint convention, on the 28th day of January, elected William F. Vilas United States Senator to succeed John C. Spooner, whose term expires on the 4th day of March, 1891. The vote was as follows:

Those voting for the Hon. William F. Vilas, were:

Senators Apple, Conner, Falconer, Greene, Kingston, Koenitzer, Kroeger, Lees, MacBride, Mead, Nash, Persons, Pratt, Voss, Woodnorth and Yahr; and Assemblymen Bailey, Baker, Bannon, Bowe, Briggs, Brown, Bullard, Burke, Cheney, Conway, Couch, Crawford, Croll, Dawson, Desmond, Dodge, Edwards, English, Faber, Filz, Finch, Fitzgerald, Gray, Henderson, Hinn, Horn, Houston, Hunt, Jacobi, Jennings, Keogh, Knapstein, Konrad, Krez, Kruszka, Larsin, Lea, Leonhardy, Luscher, McGeehan, McGuigan, McMullen, Meloy, Nolan, O'Connor, Oswald, Phalen, Reuter, Sampson, Schmitz, Schuetz, Schwefel, Smith C. E., Smith E. C., Stoppenbach, Taylor, Textor, Thompson, Tormey, Tracy, Warden, Warner, Watson, Whiteside, Wiegand and Mr. Speaker—82.

Those voting for the Hon. John C. Spooner were:

Senators Avery, Bechtner, Burdge, Clawson, Joiner, Kidd, Main, Miller, Phipps, Price, Reynolds, Scofield, Stanchfield and Taylor; and Assemblymen Anson, Babcock, Chinnock, Cook, Davenport, Dill, Eno, Fiebrantz, Gaarder, Hall, Kizer, Lamberson, Longbotham, McGillivray, Mead, Moore, Munger, Olson, Osborn, Peirce, Pierron, Plummer, Porter, Pugh, Putnam, Rosenkranz, Rossman Louis, Rossman Philip, Smith L. H., Tarrant and Williams—45.

Absent or not voting—Senators Horn, Kempf and Kennedy; and Assemblymen Dike, Maxon and Winans—6.

PART VIII.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

SENATORS.

PHILETUS SAWYER (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born at Whiting, Vermont, September 22, 1816; received a public school and business education; came to Wisconsin in 1847, and engaged in the lumber business; was a member of the legislature in 1857 and 1861; was mayor of Oshkosh in 1863 and 1864; was elected to the thirty-ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second and forty-third congresses; was a delegate to the republican national convention at Chicago, in June, 1880; was elected United States Senator January 26, 1881, as a republican to succeed Angus Cameron, receiving 98 votes in joint legislative convention against 29 for James G. Jenkins, democrat, 1 for C. D. Parker, democrat, and 2 for C. C. Washburn, republican; was re-elected United States Senator January 26, 1887, as a republican, receiving 82 votes against 37 votes for John Winans, and 6 for John Cochrane. His term of office will expire March 4, 1893.

WILLIAM FREEMAN VILAS (Dem.), was born in Chester, Orange county, Vt., July 9, 1840. He removed with his parents to Wisconsin in June, 1851, and settled at Madison; graduated from the state university in 1858, and from the Albany law school in 1860. He was admitted to the supreme court of New York and Wisconsin the same year, and began to practice law at Madison in his 20th year. He served in the war of the rebellion, being mustered in the Twenty-third Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, August 25, 1862, as captain Company A, which he raised. This regiment in a few weeks joined the forces under Maj. Gen. Sherman, who was then preparing for an attack on Vicksburg. This regiment took part in several engagements preceding the attack on Vicksburg and in the subsequent siege of that city. Capt. Vilas was appointed major of the same regiment February 22, 1863, and on March 23, 1863, was appointed lieutenant colonel, and from June 5 to August 25, 1863, when he resigned, he had charge of the regiment, having been in command during the last month of the siege and for nearly two months after the surrender. On returning home he resumed the practice of law. Col. Vilas is one of the professors of law in the law department of the state university and was one of the three counselors appointed by the supreme court to revise the statutes of Wisconsin under an act of 1875. He was also appointed with an associate to superintend the publication of the Wisconsin supreme court reports. Was member of state legislature (assembly) in 1885, which office he resigned to accept a seat in President Cleveland's cabinet as postmaster general for two years, when he was transferred to the interior department for the remainder of President Cleveland's term. Was, on January 28, 1891, elected United States senator, as a democrat, to succeed John C. Spooner, receiving 82 votes in joint legislative convention, against 45 for John C. Spooner, republican. His term of office will expire March 3, 1897.

REPRESENTATIVES.

*FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS.**First District.*

Jefferson, Kenosha, Racine, Rock and Walworth counties. Population, 1885—151,213.

CLINTON BABBITT (Dem.), of Beloit, Rock county, was born at Westmoreland, N. H., November 16, 1831. Received a common school and academic education. Graduated from Keene Academy and was valedictorian of his class. Came to Wisconsin in 1853 and settled at Beloit, where he now resides. Is by occupation a farmer; was secretary of the State Agricultural Society several years and an alderman of the city of Beloit three terms, and postmaster of said city 1884-88; was candidate for congress in 1880, being defeated by C. G. Williams (Rep.). Was elected to the fifty-second congress in 1890, receiving 14,532 votes against 14,209 for H. A. Cooper, Rep., 1,316 for Stephen Favill, Pro., 1 for L. B. Caswell, 1 for H. F. Bliss, and 132 blank.

Second District.

Dodge, Fond du Lac, Washington and Waukesha counties. Population, 1885—147,970.

CHARLES BARWIG (Dem.), of Mayville, Dodge county, was born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, March 19, 1837; was educated in Milwaukee and graduated from the Spencerian Business College in that city in 1857; located at Mayville, in 1865, where he has since resided; is by occupation a distiller and rectifier, but has recently retired from active business; was nominated and elected to the fifty-first congress in 1888; receiving 16,813 votes against 13,859 votes for E. C. McFetridge, republican: 830 votes for O. H. Crowl, prohibitionist; 103 votes for Clark Hewitt, labor, and 9 votes scattering. Was again re-elected to the fifty-second congress in 1890, receiving 17,826 votes against 9,266 for D. C. Van Brunt, republican; 3 for M. L. Cowles, 1 for M. S. Sweet, 1 for C. W. Terry, 1 for T. J. Patchen, 1 for David Gidding, 2 for E. F. Thayer, and 1 for Solomon Vandewater.

Third District.

Dane, Grant, Green, Iowa and La Fayette counties. Population, 1885—162,087.

ALLEN RALPH BUSHNELL (Dem), of Madison, was born in the town of Hartford, Trumbull county, Ohio, July 18, 1833; received an academic education at Oberlin and Hiram and pursued a special course for the legal profession; is by profession a lawyer. He came to Wisconsin in 1854 and settled at Platteville; removed to Lancaster in 1864, and to Madison in 1891; was elected district attorney of Grant county in 1863, and resigned to enter the army in August, 1861; served as first lieutenant, and afterwards as captain of Company C, 7th Wisconsin volunteers; resigned from failing health in 1863; was in the "Iron Brigade" from its organization till discharged, participating in the engagements at Orange Court House, Beverly Ford, White Sulphur Springs, Gainesville, 2d Bull Run and Fredericksburg; was appointed by the governor in 1864 district attorney of Grant county, to fill the unexpired term of Hon. J. T. Mills, elected judge of the 5th circuit; member of Wisconsin legislature (assembly) in 1872; United States district attorney for western district of Wisconsin four years, from 1886 to 1890. Was elected to the fifty-second congress for the full term from March 4, 1891, in 1890, receiving 16,432 votes, against 15,430 for R. M. La Follette, Rep., and 1,567 for Marion Ames, Pro.

Fourth District.

Milwaukee county. Population, 1885—187,600.

JOHN LENDRUM MITCHELL (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born at Milwaukee, October 19, 1842, where he now resides. Received an academic education; is by occupation a farmer; was State Senator in 1872-73, 76-77; President of School Board Milwaukee, 1884-85; member

of Board of Managers National Home for Disabled Soldiers in 1885; President of State Agricultural Society 1889-90, was appointed one of the World's Fair Commissioners for Wisconsin, which position he resigned in 1891; was 2d Lieutenant Company I, and 1st Lieutenant Company E, 24th Wis. Vol. Inf.; was adjutant of brigade, aide-de-camp and ordnance officer of division; took part in battles of Perryville, Murfreesboro and Hoover's Gap. Was elected to the fifty-second congress for the full term beginning March 4, 1891, in 1890, receiving 24,679 votes against 17,605 for R. C. Spencer, republican; 1,505 for Robert Schilling, united labor; 133 for Charles E. Reed, prohibition; 9 for Comstock, and 1 for Schitz.

Fifth District.

Brown, Calumet, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Ozaukee and Sheboygan counties. Population, 1885—164,955.

GEORGE H. BRICKNER (Dem.), of Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan county, was born in Bavaria, Germany, January 21, 1834; received a common school education in Ohio; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled in Cascade, and moved to Sheboygan Falls in 1868; has held various local offices, and is by occupation a manufacturer of woollens; was elected in November, 1888, member of the fifty-first congress, receiving 17,051 votes against 12,825 votes for Gustave Kusterman, republican, 179 for E. M. Dick, prohibitionist, and 854 for Charles Hatch, labor, and 8 votes scattering, and re-elected to the fifty-second congress for the full term beginning March 4, 1891, in 1890, receiving 17,708 votes against 8,093 for Thomas M. Blackstock, republican, and 552 for George McKenney, prohibitionist.

Sixth District.

Adams, Columbia, Green Lake, Marquette, Outagamie, Waushara and Winnebago counties. Population, 1885—162,146.

LUCAS MILTIADES MILLER (Dem.), of Oshkosh, Winnebago county, was born in Lavaida, Greece, Sept. 15, 1824. His father perished in the Greek revolution, while he was an infant and his maternal parent died when he was only 4 years old. Shortly afterward he was adopted by Col. J. P. Miller, of Montpelier, Vt., who brought him to this country and reared him. He was given an academic education, and on approaching maturity, read law with his adopted father and United States Senator William Upham. When 21 years old he was admitted to practice and in 1846 he came west and settled at Oshkosh. Is by occupation a farmer. Was appointed colonel of the territorial militia by Gov. Henry Dodge. Was instrumental in effecting the location of the land office in Oshkosh in 1848, and later of the State Normal school and the Northern State hospital in the city's vicinity; was a member of the company that built the first bridge across the Fox, and has been identified with other projects in the interest of the city of his residence. Served as a member of the state legislature in 1853, and the next year as a member of the State Board of Public Works, served on the county board for fourteen years and has been chairman for nearly the entire time. Was elected to the fifty-second congress for the full term beginning March 4, 1891, in 1890, receiving 15,573 votes against 13,409 for Charles B. Clark, Rep., and 1,156 for Geo. W. Gates, Pro.

Seventh District.

Crawford, Juneau, La Crosse, Monroe, Richland, Sauk and Vernon counties. Population, 1885—165,630.

FRANK POTTER COBURN (Dem.), of West Salem, La Crosse county, was born at West Salem, December 6, 1858, where he now resides. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a farmer. Has never held a public position. Was elected to the fifty-second congress for the full term from March 4, 1891, in 1890, receiving 15,999 votes against 13,397 for Ormsby B. Thomas, republican, 1 for Benj. F. Bryant, 1 for Fred. Benson, 1 for R. D. Evans, and 39 blank.

Eighth District.

Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Clark, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Jackson, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, St. Croix, Trempealeau and Washburn counties. Population, 1885 — 211,546.

NILS P. HAUGEN (Rep.), of River Falls, Pierce county, was born in the parish of Modum, Norway, March 9, 1849; graduated in the law department of the Michigan State University, in the class of 1874; is by profession a lawyer; came to Wisconsin in 1854, and settled in Pierce county; was phonographic reporter of the eighth judicial circuit for several years, and on the eleventh circuit from July, 1876, to May, 1878; was elected as a republican to the assembly for 1879, and re-elected for 1880; was elected on the republican ticket as railroad commissioner, that office having been made elective by the legislature of 1881, receiving 83,507 votes against 69,420 for Ambrose Hoffman, democrat; 11,870 for John Nader, prohibitionist, and 6,601 for T. G. Brunson, greenbacker. He was re-elected in 1884, receiving 162,116 votes against 145,001 for Conrad Krez, democrat; 7,962 for Henry Sanford, prohibitionist, and 3,346 for John Kiefer, greenbacker. At a special election on January 18, 1887, to fill vacancy caused by the death of W. T. Price, he was elected to the fiftieth congress for the full term beginning March 4, 1887, receiving 8,159 votes against 6,803 votes for Samuel C. Johnson, democrat, and 2,620 votes for Peter Truax, prohibitionist; re-elected to the fifty-first congress, and again re-elected to the fifty-second congress for the full term from March 4, 1891, in 1890, receiving 17,609 votes against 15,261 for W. F. Bailey, democrat, and 2,911 for W. C. Jones, prohibitionist.

Ninth District.

Ashland, Chippewa, Door, Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Marinette, Oconto, Oneida, Portage, Price, Sawyer, Shawano, Taylor, Waupaca and Wood counties. Population, 1885 — 207,206.

THOS. LYNCH (Dem.), of Antigo, Langlade county, was born in Granville, Milwaukee county, November 21, 1844. Attended the country district school for a time; afterwards taught school. Graduated from the law department of the University at Madison, in the class of 1875. Moved to Calumet county in 1864, and engaged in farming. Continued farming and teaching until 1871. Is by profession a lawyer. Held various local offices. Was elected to the assembly as an independent democrat from Calumet county in 1872, and again as the regular candidate of the party in 1882. Was elected district attorney of Calumet county, without opposition in 1878, and again in 1880. Moved to Antigo in 1883. Was mayor of Antigo in 1885, and again in 1888. He is a self made man. Was elected to the fifty-second congress for the full term beginning March 4, 1891, in 1890, receiving 24,491 votes against 19,161 for Myron H. McCord, republican, 1,299 for J. H. Vrooman, prohibitionist, 3 for Chas. Alexander, 8 for Wm. D. Hoard, 2 for Reuben May and 25 for Geo. W. Peck.

STATE OFFICERS.

Term of office expires January, 1893.

GOVERNOR.

GEORGE WILBUR PECK (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born September 23, 1840, at Henderson, Jefferson county, New York; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1843, and settled at Cold Spring, Jefferson county; is by profession an editor; has resided at Whitewater, Jefferson, Madison, Ripon, La Crosse and Milwaukee, where he now resides. After the war he published a paper at Ripon two years, then went to New York and engaged in editorial work two years, and in 1871 went to La Crosse, and was editor of the *Democrat* for about two years, and in 1874 engaged in publication of *The Sun*, where he remained a few years, then removed his paper to Milwaukee, which proved to be a great financial success; was city treasurer of Ripon in 1867; chief of police of La Crosse, 1873; chief clerk of assembly, 1873-74, and mayor of Milwaukee, 1890, which position he resigned in December, 1890. Enlisted in the 4th Wis. Cavalry in 1863; was commissioned 2d lieutenant in 1864; served till June, 1866; served one year with his regiment on the Rio Grande in Texas after the war was over. Was elected governor in 1890, receiving 160,388 votes against 132,068 for William D. Hoard, republican; 5,477 for Reuben May, union labor, and 11,246 for Charles Alexander, prohibition, and 105 blank. His plurality was 23,320.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

CHARLES JONAS (Dem.), of Racine, was born at Malesaw in Bohemia, October 30, 1840, graduated from the Bohemian Real school at Prague in 1859, and entered the Polytechnic institution, besides hearing courses of lectures at the university. He left his native country in October, 1860, going to London, England, where he was employed as a newspaper correspondent, came to the United States in March, 1863, and settled at Racine, Wis., where he now resides, is an editor. Was a member of the board of managers of the State Industrial School for Boys in 1873-74; alderman of Racine in 1876-80; president of the common council of Racine in 1878-80, member of assembly in 1878, elected state senator for the years 1883-85, appointed U. S. Consul at Prague by President Grover Cleveland, November 17, 1886, which position he held until July 16, 1889; elected lieutenant-governor in 1890, receiving 159,710 votes against 124,736, for Joseph B. Treat, republican; 13,361 for Wm. R. Nethercut, prohibitionist, and 7,000 for Nelson E. Allen, union labor. His plurality was 34,974.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

THOMAS JEFFERSON CUNNINGHAM (Dem.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., March 17, 1852; received a common school education at New Haven, Conn.; came to Wisconsin in 1869 and settled at Stoughton, Dane county; moved to Chippewa Falls, October 6, 1875, where he now resides; is by profession an editor and printer; was clerk in the office of the secretary of state from January, 1873, to October, 1875; mayor of Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, from April, 1885, to May, 1886; delegate from ninth congressional district to national democratic convention at Cincinnati, in 1880; was a member of the assembly from Chippewa county in 1887; was elected secretary of state in 1890, receiving 160,493 votes against 124,764 for Edwin D. Coe, republican, 7,115 for Wm. N. Lockwood, union labor, and 11,635 for Geo. McKerrow, prohibitionist, 1 for Bennet Luther, 1 for A. B. Geilfuss and 151 blank. His plurality was 35,729.

STATE TREASURER.

JOHN HUNNER (Dem.), of Eau Claire, was born at Buffalo, New York, November 12, 1843. Received a common school and business college education. Is by occupation a wholesale grocer. Came to Wisconsin in 1862 and settled at Alma, where he remained until the fall of 1872, when he removed to Eau Claire. Was editor of the *Alma Journal* from 1864 to 1872; business manager and city editor of the *Eau Claire Free Press* from 1872 to 1880. Elected first president of the village of Alma, in 1866. City Clerk of Eau Claire, 1879-80; mayor in 1890. Is at present secretary of the Eau Claire Grocer Co. Was elected state treasurer in 1890, receiving 160,744 votes against 125,298 for Albert B. Geilfuss, Rep., 6,554 for Alfred Manheimer, U. L., 12,779 for Robert Fargo, Pro., 1 for John Weise, 1 for J. Flannigan, 1 for L. Bennett, and 153 blank. His plurality was 35,476.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

JAMES L. O'CONNOR (Dem.), of Madison, was born in Hartford, Washington county, Wisconsin, in 1858; was educated in the common schools and the State University at Madison, spent three years in the university proper, two years in the law school, from which he graduated in 1881; is a lawyer by profession. Is a member of the firm of Bashford O'Connor, & Polleys, Madison; was assistant clerk in the assembly in 1874; district attorney of Dane county from 1884 to 1888, and city attorney of the city of Madison in 1890; was elected attorney general in 1890, receiving 159,716 votes, against 126,310 for James O'Neill, republican; 7,108 for Michael Shiel, union labor; 11,282 for Byron E. VanKuren, prohibitionist; 1 for Bennett Luther, and 146 for blank. His plurality was 33,406.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

OLIVER ELWIN WELLS (Dem.), of Appleton, was born at Lamartine, Fond du Lac county, July 2, 1853; received a common school and part collegiate education; resided in Vermont from January, 1858, to November, 1862, when he returned to Fond du Lac county; resided there until 1878, when he removed to Waupaca county to accept the principalship of the school in the village of Manawa, where he remained until 1890, when he removed to New London to serve as principal of south side school, which position he held until 1882, when he was elected without opposition county superintendent of schools of Waupaca county, and again re-elected in 1884, and served to 1887, when he was chosen principal of the third district schools of the city of Appleton, to which place he removed and now resides; was unanimously re-elected for 1890, but declined to accept as he desired to engage in editorial work. Was elected state superintendent in 1890, receiving 159,034 votes against 126,989 for Lorenzo D. Harvey, republican; 6,908 for Joseph Stewart, union labor; 11,864 for Henry Lummis, prohibition; 1 for Mrs. Starks, and 150 for blank. His plurality was 32,045.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

THOMAS THOMPSON (Dem.), of Independence, was born in Varmeland, Sweden, November 7, 1851. Came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled at Norway, Racine county, where he remained until 1864, when he removed to Trempealeau county, where he now resides. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a merchant. Was supervisor in 1888, and president of village in 1889-90. Was elected railroad commissioner in 1890, receiving 158,293 votes against 124,140 for Syver E. Brimi, republican, 7,494 for Bella S. Bishop, union labor, 12,713 for John Q. Black, prohibition, 1 for John Lundt, and 169 blank. His plurality was 34,153.

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE.

WILBUR M. ROOT (Dem.), of Sheboygan, Wis., was born at Cleveland, Ohio, December 27, 1843; received a common school education, and is by occupation a marble dealer; came to Wisconsin in 1849, and settled at Plymouth, Sheboygan county; moved to Sheboy-

gan city in 1871; was a justice of the peace for several years, sheriff in 1871-72, and 1889-84; chief of police of Sheboygan, 1887-89; alderman two years, 1889-90, resigning said office to accept the office of insurance commissioner; was member of assembly in 1879-80, '82 and '87; enlisted April 23, 1861, in Co. C, 4th Wis. Cavalry, and discharged July 9, 1864, on expiration of enlistment; was elected commissioner of insurance in 1890, receiving 157,440 votes, against 124,018 for David Schreiner, republican; 6,960 for Charles Hatch, union labor; 13,096 for Andrew Peterson, prohibition, and 176 blank. His plurality was 33,423.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The senate consists of thirty-three members, who hold their office for four years, and receive a compensation of \$500 for each regular session. Senators representing odd numbered districts were elected in 1890, and hold office until January 1, 1895. Those from even numbered districts were elected in 1888, and hold office until January 1, 1893. The population given is from the census of 1885.

The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie, when he has the casting vote therein.

The senate contains 19 democrats, 14 republicans.

President of the Senate.

HIS HONOR, THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

First District.

Door, Marinette and Oconto counties. Population, 1885 — 42,251.

JOHN FETZER (Dem.), of Forestville, was born in Pigelheim, Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, July 8, 1840; received a common and high school education; is a merchant and miller by occupation; came to Wisconsin in 1859, and settled in Manitowoc, removing to Door county in 1867; enlisted in Co. B, 9th Wis. Vol. Inf., in September, 1861, and served to December, 1864. Was engaged in all the battles in which the regiment participated; was wounded at the battle of Saline Bottoms, April 30, 1864; was commissioned captain by brevet for gallantry in that battle; was chairman of town board in 1868, and has held that office ever since, with the exception of three years; has been chairman of county board three times has been school clerk and justice of the peace since 1863; was a member of assembly in 1885, and elected to the senate in 1890, having successfully contested the seat of Edward Scofield. He was found by senate committee on Privileges and Election, to have received 3,304 votes against 3,289, for Edward Scofield, republican.

Second District.

Brown and Calumet counties. Population, 1885 — 54,588.

ENOS WARREN PERSONS (Dem.), of De Pere, Brown county, was born at Sheldon, Wyoming county, New York, October 27, 1836; received a common school education, also instruction at Aurora Academy; came to Wisconsin in 1859, and settled at Albany, Green

county, where he resided until 1836, then removed to Glenmore, Brown county, and in 1873 to De Pere; is a director of the Citizens' National Bank, Green Bay; has been a member of the school board three years; supervisor 1885 and 1886 and member of assembly 1885. In 1888 he was elected to the state senate, receiving 5,618 votes, against 3,583 votes for Peter Werner, republican, and 156 votes for D. J. Miller, prohibitionist.

Third District.

Racine county. Population, 1885—35,388.

ADAM APPLE (Dem.), of North Cape, Racine county, was born November 28, 1831, in Rhine Province, Bavaria; received a common school education, and is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1856 and settled at Norway; learned the trade of a cabinet maker in Philadelphia, and afterwards, during the early excitement about the discovery of gold in California, drifted to that place; has been chairman of the town board five years; was a member of assembly in 1882, 1883, 1885 and 1887; was elected state senator in 1890, receiving 3,420 votes, against 3,014 for John M. Driver, republican; 409 for William Paul, union labor, and 286 for S. C. Johnson, prohibitionist.

Fourth District.

First, Sixth, Ninth, Thirteenth and Eighteenth wards of Milwaukee. Population, 1885—34,423.

JOHN J. KEMPF (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in the town of Granville, near Good Hope, Milwaukee county, Wisconsin, in 1837; received a common school and commercial education; settled in Milwaukee in 1871, and has been engaged in the boot and shoe business since 1878; was elected alderman from the Sixth ward for one term; and state senator for four years in 1888, receiving 5,203 votes against 3,631 votes for August Rebhahn, democrat; 1,301 votes for Theodore Fritz, labor, and 22 votes for Bierney Hand, prohibitionist.

Fifth District.

Second, Fourth, Seventh, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1885—40,259.

PAUL BECHTNER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Stuttgart, Wurtemberg, December 19, 1847. Received an academic education, is by occupation a merchant, came to Wisconsin in 1868 and settled at Milwaukee, where he has since resided; was school commissioner for 2nd ward in 1873, and elected president of the board in 1884. Member of the board of trustees of Milwaukee County Insane asylum in 1885, and elected president of the board the following year, was elected alderman of 2nd ward in 1886 and of the 15th ward in 1889; was elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 4,821 votes against 4,162 for F. W. von Cotzhausen, democrat, and 162 for C. A. Van Ness.

Sixth District.

Third, Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh, Twelfth and Fourteenth wards, city of Milwaukee. Population, 1885—58,332.

HERMAN KROEGER (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Coesfeldt, Westphalia, Prussia, December 16, 1831; received a common school education at Coesfeldt, and is by occupation a dry goods merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1844, and settled in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; was alderman for the Fifth ward for the years 1858 and 1859; was elected to the state senate in 1883 for four years, receiving 6,864 votes against 5,070 for A. W. Hill, republican.

Seventh District.

The Tenth and Seventeenth wards of Milwaukee, and towns of Franklin, Granville, Greenfield, Lake, Milwaukee, Oak Creek and Wauwatosa. Population, 1885—42,153.

CHRISTIAN AUGUST KOENITZER (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born at Wauwatosa, Milwaukee county, Wisconsin, March 31, 1852; received a common school education; is by occupation a broker in live stock and wholesale meat dealer, was elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 5,677 votes, against 4,917 for F. Isenring, republican, and 171 for Schulz.

Eighth District.

Kenosha and Walworth counties. Population, 1885 — 41,939.

JAMES C. REYNOLDS (Rep.), of Lake Geneva, was born in Exeter, Green county, Wis., July 17, 1849; received a common school and partial collegiate education at Beloit and Racine colleges; is a by profession a physician, in practice since 1870, having graduated at Rush Medical college, Chicago, and Bellevue Medical college, New York; has always resided in Wisconsin with the exception of five years — 1870 to 1875 — in Dakota; has been a member of the village board of Lake Geneva several times; has held no other public office; was elected member of the assembly for 1885 and re-elected in 1886, receiving 1,548 votes, against 607 votes for P. H. Moore, democrat, and 369 votes for S. C. Ford, prohibitionist; was chairman of the committee on Railroads in the 38th assembly; elected to the state senate in 1888 for four years, receiving 6,070 votes, against 3,686 votes for James M. Kellogg, democrat, and 751 votes for Joseph Collie, prohibitionist; was chairman of the committee on Town and County Organization and a member of joint committee on Claims, at that session.

Ninth District.

Green Lake, Portage and Waushara counties, and the towns of Spencer, Day, Bergen, Brighton, Eau Plaine, Cleveland, Mosinee, Hall, Wien, Marathon, Holton, Johnson, Reibrock and Halsey, and the village of Marathon, in Marathon county. Population, 1885 — 66,786.

FERDINAND THEODORE YAHR (Dem.), of Princeton, was born at Heltrungen, Prussia, December 17, 1834; received a common school education at Heltrungen; is by occupation a banker and hardware merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1849, and settled at Watertown, where he resided until 1853, when he removed to Berlin, and remained there until 1861, and settled at Princeton, where he has since resided; has been chairman of town and president of village board, and member of county board from 1878 to 1893; was elected state senator in 1890, receiving 6,497 votes against 4,903 for James O. Raymond, republican, and 1 for J. Lea.

Tenth District.

Pierce and St. Croix counties. Population, 1885 — 42,024.

WILLIAM HENRY PHIPPS (Rep.), of Hudson, was born at Leamington, England, June 26, 1846, received a common school education, is by occupation land commissioner of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha R'y Co. Came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Manitowoc. Resided in Madison from 1871 to 1875, when he went to Hudson, where he has since resided. Was county supervisor in 1885 and 1886. Mayor of Hudson three terms from May, 1886, to May, 1889, was elected to the senate in 1890 to fill vacancy caused by resignation of H. A. Taylor, receiving 3,203 votes against 2,493 for Wm. H. Putnam, democrat, and 708 for Henry S. Miller, prohibition.

Eleventh District.

Ashland, Florence, Forest, Oneida, Langlade, Lincoln, Price and Taylor counties. Population, 1885 — 30,761.

JOHN T. KINGSTON, JR. (Dem.), of Ashland, was born at Necedah, Juneau county, Wisconsin, January 4, 1860; received a common school education at Necedah, and in 1883 graduated from the University of Wisconsin, having taken the modern classical course; graduated from the law department of the University of Wisconsin in 1886; is by profession a lawyer; has never held office; was elected state senator for the eleventh senate district in 1890, receiving 5,864 votes against 5,343 votes for Walter A. Scott, republican.

Twelfth District.

Green and La Fayette counties. Population, 1885 — 43,533.

PHINEAS J. CLAWSON (Rep.), of Monroe, Green county, was born at Cumberland, Green county, Penn., in 1839. Came to Wisconsin in 1851, and settled at Waukesha; in 1865 he moved to Green county, where he has since resided; attended school at Waukesha, and graduated in 1863 from the State University at Madison; was clerk of circuit court of Green

county two years, and district attorney of the same county eight years; enlisted in the 20th Wis. Inf., June 2, 1862; promoted to 1st Lieut. of Company A; wounded at the battle of Prairie Grove, Ark., and promoted on field; was at siege of Vicksburg, and battles of Atchafalaya, Ark., Fort Morgan, Yazoo, Franklin Creek and Spanish Fort; was elected to the senate in 1888, receiving 4,900 votes, against 4,716 votes for H. H. Gray, democrat, 645 votes for J. F. Carl, prohibitionist, and 181 votes for C. W. D. Leonard, union-labor.

Thirteenth District.

Dodge county. Population, 1885 — 46,333.

WILLIAM F. VOSS (Dem.), of Watertown, was born in Prussia, December 23d, 1847; came with his parents to the United States in 1850, and to Wisconsin in 1852; received a common and high school education in the public schools of the city of Watertown, Wis.; by occupation is a banker; has held the following public positions in the city of Watertown: was elected alderman in 1879, '80, '81 and '82, city treasurer in 1884, member of the board of education in 1886 and '88, and mayor of the city in 1886, '87, '88 and '89; was elected to the senate in 1890, receiving 6,458 votes, against 2,143, for Charist Rinehart republican.

Fourteenth District.

Juneau and Sauk counties. Population, 1885 — 47,333.

FRANK AVERY (Rep.), of Baraboo, Wisconsin, was born in Tenderten, Kent, England, November 17, 1830; received an academic education; is a manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes; emigrated to America in 1853 and settled at Syracuse, N. Y.; came to Wisconsin in April, 1856, and settled at Baraboo, where he has ever since resided; in 1876 was elected president of the village of Baraboo, and for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1888, was elected supervisor for the first ward of the city; was elected a member of the assembly for 1887. Elected to the state senate in 1888, receiving 5,498 votes against 4,286 for Job N. Grant, democrat; 729 for John Steele, prohibitionist and 4 for John Babcock; was chairman of the committee on Roads and Bridges, and member of the committee on State Affairs, 39th session.

Fifteenth District.

Counties of Kewaunee and Manitowoc. Population, 1885 — 53,970.

WILLIAM F. NASH (Dem.), of Two Rivers, Manitowoc county, was born in the town of Shelby, Orleans county, N. Y., February 23, 1847; took a select course at Lawrence University, Appleton; is an editor and publisher; came to Wisconsin in 1852 with his parents and settled in Rock county, near Janesville, which was his home until 1874, when he moved to Manitowoc county; served in the Union army as a private; was elected to the assembly in 1878 without opposition; and to the state senate in 1888, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 5,898 votes against 1,940 for Fred. Heyroth, republican.

Sixteenth District.

Crawford and Grant counties. Population, 1885 — 53,458.

EDWARD I. KIDD (Rep.), of Prairie du Chien, was born in Millville, May 10, 1845, and resided there until 1889; received a common school and partial academic education; is engaged in Banking: he enlisted August 9, 1862, at the age of seventeen, in Co. C, Twenty-fifth regiment, Wisconsin infantry, and was in all the battles and marches of the regiment, including the march to the Northwestern frontier against the Indians, the Vicksburg campaign, the Meridian expedition, the Atlanta campaign, "the march to the sea," and through the Carolinas to Washington; he has held various local offices, and has been a member of the county board since 1871, with the exception of one year; was elected assemblyman for 1881 and 1882, and was re-elected for 1883; was elected state senator in 1884, receiving 4,215 votes, against 3,237 votes for T. L. Cleary, democrat, and 332 for E. Carrington, prohibitionist; was chairman of the joint committee on Claims in the 38th session; was re-elected in 1888, receiving 6,079 votes against 4,974 votes for H. D. York, democrat, and 592 votes for C. T. Cory, prohibitionist.

Seventeenth District.

Rock county. Population, 1885 — 42,620.

RICHARD J. BURDGE (Rep.), of Beloit, Rock county, was born at Axbridge, England, December 28, 1833; received an academic education; has been a farmer, but is now in general business; graduated from Poughkeepsie Law school in 1853; came to Wisconsin in 1845, and settled in Rock county; was supervisor for several years, and elected to the assembly for 1879, and re-elected in 1890; was elected state senator in 1890, receiving 4,332 votes against 3,352 for H. H. McLennigan, democrat, and 475 for John Stockman, prohibitionist.

Eighteenth District.

The towns of Alto, Byron, Eldorado, Empire, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, north ward of the city of Waupun, and the cities of Fond du Lac and Ripon, in the county of Fond du Lac. Population, 1885 — 34,172.

SAMUEL B. STANCHFIELD (Rep.), of Fond du Lac, was born in Leeds, Androscoggin county, Maine, March 17, 1837; received a common school education in Maine, and is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Fond du Lac; was town clerk from 1874 to 1878; was chairman of town board eight years and of the county board for the years 1887, 1888 and 1890; president of the town insurance company from 1878 to 1884, since that time secretary and treasurer of the same company; president of the Fond du Lac County Agricultural Society two years; president of the Wisconsin Central Stock Growers and Industrial Association for 1887, 1888, and elected for 1889; was elected to the assembly for the years 1885 and 1886. In 1888, he was elected state senator for four years, receiving 3,829 votes against 3,011 votes for James Fenelon, democrat, 267 votes for G. C. Hill, prohibitionist, and 79 votes for C. F. Graves, labor.

Nineteenth District.

Winnebago county, except town and city of Menasha. Population, 1885 — 45,871.

GEORGE WHITE PRATT (Dem.), was born in East Haddam, Connecticut, March 23, 1840; was educated at a common and private school, and is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1871 and settled in Oshkosh; was elected mayor of Oshkosh in 1882, 1883 and 1884; member of the county board in 1882, 1883, 1884 1888, and 1890; delegate to the democratic national convention at Chicago, in 1884; was a member of the assembly in 1889, and elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 4,815 votes against 4,101 for Frank Challoner, republican, and 319 for Wesley Mott, prohibition.

Twentieth District.

The county of Sheboygan, and the towns of Ashford, Auburn, Calumet, Eden, Forest, Marshfield, Osceola and Taycheedah, in the county of Fond du Lac. Population, 1885 — 51,250.

MAJOR C. MEAD (Dem.), of Plymouth, Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, was born in the town of Lyndon, Sheboygan county, Wis., June 26, 1858; received a common and high school education; graduated in the law department of the State University in the class of 1881; is by profession a lawyer; has always resided in Sheboygan county; never held any public office before; was elected to the state senate in 1888, receiving 6,249 votes, against 3,874 for Asa Carpenter, republican. In the 39th session he was on the Judiciary committee, committee on Privileges and Elections, and on joint committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions, and at this session was chairman of the committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions and second on Railroads and Judiciary.

Twenty-first District.

Shawano and Waupaca counties, and towns of Texas, Easton, Wausau, Weston, Norrie, Pike Lake, Kronenwetter, Knowlton and city of Wausau, in Marathon county. Population, 1885 — 55,404.

JOSEPH H. WOODNORTH (Dem.), of Waupaca, was born in New York city, December 17, 1845; educated in common schools of New York and Waupaca; is a druggist; came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled at Royalton, Waupaca county, and removed to Waupaca

in 1857, where he has since resided. Was register of deeds from 1880 to 1885; city superintendent of schools 1878 to 1886; member county board 1882-83; register U. S. land office, 1888-89, at Menasha; is now secretary of board of trustees of Wisconsin Veterans' Home, at Waupaca; served in Co. G, 21st Wis. Vol. Inf.; was detailed on staff Gen. Geo. H. Thomas in 1864, as orderly; served with him till close of the war, and brevetted captain by him for services at battle of Franklin, Tenn.; is at present secretary of 21st Reg. Wis. Inf. association, and a member of the G. A. R. Was elected senator in 1890, receiving 5,445 votes against 4,492 for W. H. Hatton, republican.

Twenty-second District.

Outagamie county and the city and town of Menasha in the county of Winnebago. Population, 1885—40,083.

WILLIAM KENNEDY (Dem.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, was born in county Limerick, Ireland, January 1, 1844; received a common school and partial collegiate education; is by profession a lawyer; came to Wisconsin in 1857, settling at Whitewater, where he remained until 1869, when he removed to Janesville, and thence in 1871 to Appleton, where he has continued to reside; was district attorney of Outagamie county twelve years, from 1872 to January 1, 1885; was elected state senator in 1884, and re-elected in 1888, receiving 4,597 votes, against 3,166 for P. V. Lawson, Jr., republican.

Twenty-third District.

Jefferson county and the towns of Delafield, Eagle, Genessee, Merton, Mukwonago, Ottawa, Oconomowoc, Summit and Vernon, and the city of Oconomowoc, in Waukesha county. Population, 1885—48,617.

WALTER S. GREENE (Dem.), of Fort Atkinson, Wisconsin, was born at Salisbury, Herkimer county, New York, March 23, 1834; passed a partial collegiate course at Wisconsin University and Beloit college, and is by occupation a manufacturer; came to Wisconsin in 1847, and settled at Milford, Wisconsin; resided at Prairie du Chien in 1853 and 1854; returned to Milford in 1854, and resided there until 1883; moved to Fort Atkinson, May, 1883, and was mayor of said city in 1887; was chairman of the town board in 1876, '77, '78, '80, '82, '83, '85, '86, and '90; chairman of the county board 1882, '83, '85, '86, and '90; member of assembly in 1862; county treasurer in 1863 and 1864; senator 1873, '74; was one of the judges from this state to the centennial exposition in 1876; was elected state senator for the twenty-third district in 1886, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 5,137 votes, against 3,393 for Jesse Stone, republican, and 319 for S. Faville, prohibition.

Twenty-fourth District.

The counties of Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Polk, Sawyer and Washburn. Population, 1885—41,321.

CHARLES SIMEON TAYLOR (Rep.), of Barron, Barron county, was born in Geneva, Walworth county, Wisconsin, October 13, 1851; was educated at the State University and Whitewater Normal School, graduating from the latter in 1875, and from the law department of the university in 1876; is by profession a lawyer; he established and is president of the Barron Woolen Mills Co.; settled in Barron county in 1876, and was soon afterward appointed district attorney for that county by Governor Ludington, to which position he was re-elected three times in succession; has held various local offices; was elected to the assembly in 1885 and 1886, and re-elected in 1888 for 1887 and 1888; was elected to the state senate in 1888, for four years, receiving 6,606 votes to 4,706 votes for Malcom Dobie, democrat, and 958 votes for I. Grettum, prohibitionist.

Twenty-fifth District.

Clark and Eau Claire counties. Population, 1885—50,212.

ROBERT J. MACBRIDE (Dem.), of Neillsville, was born in Philadelphia, Penn., June 28, 1847; received an high school education in Philadelphia. Is a lawyer by profession; came to Wisconsin in 1866, settled at Neillsville, where he has since resided; was county judge of Clark county from 1869 to 1877; United States court commissioner 1871-73. Was a delegate to democratic national conventions at Cincinnati in 1880, and St. Louis in 1888; was member of assembly in 1882 and re-elected in 1883, and was chairman of the Judiciary committee at the session of 1883; was elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 3,712 votes, against 3,361 for Hobart M. Stocking, republican, and 757 for H. W. Hunt, prohibitionist.

Twenty-sixth District.

Dane county. Population, 1885—53,400.

WILLET S. MAIN (Rep.), of Madison, Dane county, was born at Edmoston, Otsego county, N. Y., August 15, 1823; removed to Clarksville, Allegany county, N. Y., in early life, where he received a common school education; is a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1846, and settled at Prairieville, now Waukesha, and in February, 1847, he settled at Madison, where he has since resided; held the office of sheriff of Dane county in 1853-54, and again in 1863-4, also in 1867-8; was under sheriff of said county three terms, between 1861 and 1871; was elected state senator in 1888, receiving 6,837 votes against 6,507 votes for Michael Johnson, democrat, and 967 votes for D. W. North, prohibitionist.

Twenty-seventh District.

Adams, Columbia and Marquette counties. Population, 1885—46,263.

RUSSEL C. FALCONER (Dem.), of Portage, was born at Williamsburg, New York, February 4th, 1851; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Quincy, Adams county; remained there until 1858, when he removed to Columbia county, where he has since resided; is by occupation a merchant and manufacturer; was chairman of town of Wyocena in 1880; sheriff of Columbia county, 1887 and 1888; delegate to democratic national convention in 1888, and is at present mayor of Portage; was elected to the senate in 1890, receiving 4,260 votes, against 3,353 for Lester Woodard, republican, and 338 for A. C. Jennings, prohibitionist.

Twenty-eighth District.

Iowa and Richland counties. Population, 1885—48,175.

ROBERT LUCAS JOINER (Rep.), of Wyoming, Iowa county, was born at Williamsport, Indiana, November 6, 1841; was educated at Royalton, Vermont, and Richland City, in an academic course; is by profession a surveyor and farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1845, and settled at Wyoming; was county surveyor eight years; was elected to the state senate in 1888 for four years, receiving 4,846 votes against 4,117 votes for J. R. L. McCollum, democrat, and 737 votes for C. W. Briggs, prohibitionist.

Twenty-ninth District.

Buffalo, Trempealeau and Pepin counties. Population, 1885—42,567.

ROBERT LEES (Dem.), of Alma, was born in Scotland, July 3, 1842; received a common school education; is by profession a lawyer. Came to the United States with his parents in 1848, settling at New York, and removed to Waukesha county, Wis., the same year, and to Buffalo county in 1855, where he has since resided. Has held various positions as a town officer; was county superintendent of schools in 1869, county judge in 1881, 1885 and 1889, and member of assembly in 1873. Enlisted in Company H, Sixth Wisconsin volunteers as a private, and participated in all the engagements from Rappahanock Station to Gettysburg, where he was severely wounded and taken prisoner; was discharged from service July 16, 1864. Was elected to state senate in 1890, receiving 3,414 votes, against 2,763 for J. L. Lindeman, republican.

Thirtieth District.

Chippewa and Dunn counties. Population, 1885—47,086.

WILLIAM MILLER (Rep.), of Rusk, Dunn, county, was born in Ireland of Scotch parentage, October 5, 1839; received a common school education, and is by occupation a lumberman and farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1850, and settled at Sussex, Waukesha county, Wis.; resided at Eau Claire from 1853 to 1866; was president of the Dunn County Agricultural Society in 1885, 1886 and 1889; was elected member of the assembly in 1886, and to the state senate in 1888 for four years, receiving 4,914 votes, against 4,092 votes for Wm. H. Smith, democrat, and 561 for D. D. McPherson, prohibitionist.

Thirty-first District.

La Crosse and Vernon counties. Population, 1885—34,791.

HENRY CONNER (Dem.), of Viroqua, was born at Westchester, Chester county, Penn., April 1, 1837; received a common school education; is by occupation an hotel keeper; came to Wisconsin in 1878 and settled at Viroqua; prior to his arrival in Wisconsin he resided in Philadelphia, where he was one of the city commissioners from January 1, 1867, to January 1, 1870; enlisted in the Seventeenth Pennsylvania infantry, Company C, April, 1861, for three months, and again in Company G, One Hundred and Eighteenth Pennsylvania infantry, August 5, 1862, for three years; was promoted to sergeant, 1st and 2d lieutenant and captain; engaged in the battles of Antietam, Fredericksburg, Wilderness, North Ann River, Cold Harbor, Petersburg and Gravel Run, where he lost his right leg, March 1, 1863, and in fact participated in all of the principal battles of the army of the Potomac; was elected member of the state senate in 1890, receiving 4,972 votes, against 4,834 for B. E. Edwards, republican.

Thirty-second District.

Counties of Jackson, Monroe, Wood. Population, 1885—53,809.

HUGH H. PRICE (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson county, was born in 1859, in the village of Black River Falls. He is by occupation a lumberman, farmer and miller. He was educated in the Union High school of his native town, and at the Wisconsin State University. He has been a member of the city council of Black River Falls, of the county board of Jackson county, secretary of the Jackson County Agricultural Society in 1885, and since he left the University has had charge of an extensive logging business, which employs about 600 men annually. He was elected to fill the vacancy in the 49th congress, caused by the death of his father, the Hon. Wm. T. Price, receiving 12,238 votes, against 5,209 votes for James Bardon, democrat. In 1883 was elected to the state senate for four years, receiving 6,662 votes, against 5,123 votes for John F. Richards, democrat, and 489 votes for D. L. Hubbard, prohibitionist.

Thirty-third District.

Ozaukee and Washington counties, and towns of Brookfield, Lisbon, Menominee, Muskego, New Berlin, Pewaukee and Waukesha, and village of Waukesha, in Waukesha county. Population, 1885—55,580.

FREDERICK W. HORN (Dem.), of Cedarburg, was born in the village of Linum, province of Brandenburg, Prussia, August 21, 1815; entered the college of "Graue Kloster," Gray Friars, in Berlin, but left before graduating, and soon after entered the military service of Prussia; is a lawyer by profession, and editor of the Cedarburg *Weekly News*. He left Prussia for the United States in 1836; resided in the state of New York until 1837; went in the fall of that year to Michigan, and traveled through Illinois, Iowa and Missouri, returning to Michigan in the winter of 1839; in 1840 came to Milwaukee, and in 1841 settled in Mequon, and thence, in 1847, to his present place of residence; was appointed by Gov. Doty, in 1842, justice of the peace for Washington county, then the only magistrate in the county; was postmaster of Mequon during his residence therein; register of deeds in 1846 and 1847; elected as an independent candidate to the first senate in 1848, and re-elected for 1849 and 1850; was elected to the assembly in 1851, '54, '57, '59, '60, '67, '68, '72, '75, '82, '87 and '89, and was elected speaker of that body in 1851, '54 and '75; was state commissioner of emigration, residing in New York, in 1834, '55; county superintendent of schools in 1862, '63, '64, and '65; was a delegate to the democratic national convention at Charleston and Baltimore in 1860, serving as vice-president, and again a delegate to the democratic national convention in New York in 1868; is the present mayor of the city of Cedarburg and has been since its organization in 1835. Has been chairman of the county board for the last three years, was elected to the state senate in 1890, receiving 7,097 votes against 2,878 for James F. Trottmann, republican, and 21 votes for Thayer, prohibition. Was elected president pro tem. of senate of 1891, receiving 17 votes against 14 for E. I. Kidd, republican, and 1 for W. S. Greene, democratic.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

JOHN P. HUME, of Marshfield, Wood county, was born at Chilton, Calumet county, October 21, 1861, where he resided until September, 1889, when he removed to Marshfield, where he now resides; he received a common school education, and is a journalist by profession; was clerk in house of representatives post office in 1884; afterwards secretary to the late Hon. Joseph Rankin, M. C.; was the Washington correspondent of *Milwaukee Journal*, *Madison Democraat* and *La Crosse Chronicle*; was also private secretary to Hon. William F. Vilas, while secretary of the interior; was elected chief clerk of the senate as a democrat, receiving 18 votes against 15 votes for Charles E. Bross, republican.

JOHN A. BARNEY, of Mayville, Dodge county, was born in Lenox, Madison county, New York, June 14, 1840; was educated at common and private schools; is not in active business at present; came to Wisconsin in 1847 and settled at Mayville; has served as clerk and chairman of town board, and clerk and president of Mayville; appointed postmaster by President Johnson, and resigned upon Grant's election; was county superintendent of schools for the east district of Dodge county for four years ending December 31, 1874; represented Dodge county in the state senate in 1875 and 1876, and in the assembly in 1889; clerk of the committee on war claims at Washington during the 46th congress; is justice of the peace, alderman of the third ward of the city of Mayville, and secretary of the Dodge County Soldiers' Relief Association. He enlisted as a private in Company B, Tenth Regiment, Wisconsin Volunteers in 1861; was with that regiment in its campaign in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia, participating in all the engagements until he lost an arm at the battle of Chickamauga, where he was also taken prisoner; was commissioned captain by brevet by Gov. Fairchild for meritorious services rendered at Perryville and Chickamauga. Was elected sergeant-at arms of the senate as a democrat, receiving 18 votes, against 15 for T. J. George, republican.

RECAPITULATION.

Democratic senators.....	19
Republican senators.....	14
	<hr/>
	33
	<hr/>
Democratic senators, "hold-overs," for legislative session of 1893.....	15
Republican senators, "hold-overs," for legislative session of 1893 ..	2
	<hr/>

ASSEMBLY

The assembly consists of 100 members, who are chosen biennially by districts, and who receive a compensation of \$500 for their term of office. The speaker is chosen by the members and receives \$500 for his services.

The assembly contains 66 democrats, 33 republicans and 1 union labor.

Speaker.

JAMAS J. HOGAN,

Adams and Marquette Counties.

Population, 1885 — 16,408.

CLARENCE E. PEIRCE (Rep.), of Germania, was born in the town of Shields, Marquette county, Wis., December 25, 1850, where he now resides; received a common school education, and is by occupation a merchant and farmer; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,447 votes against 1,437 for P. E. Minckler, democrat.

Ashland, Price, Oneida, Forest and Florence Counties.

Population, 1885 — 12,157.

LOUIS ROSSMAN (Rep.), of Phillips, Price county, was born in Nierenstein by Mainz, Germany, September 22, 1849; came to Wisconsin in 1851, and settled at Plymouth, Sheboygan county, removed to Clark county in 1874, where he remained until 1888, when he removed to Price county, where he now resides; received a common school education; is by occupation a banker; was town clerk of Eaton, Clark county, 1878-79 town treasurer of Fifield, Price county, 1887-88; and chairman of the town 1888-89; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 3,346 votes, against 2,594 for W. F. Hinz, democrat.

Barron County.

Population, 1885 — 13,596.

CHARLES WILLIAM MOORE (Rep.), of Chetek, Barron county, was born in Hillsdale, Mich., November 3, 1842; received a common school education, and is by occupation a merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Lodi, Columbia county; went to Menomonie in September, 1864; from December, 1867, to January, 1877, lived at Dunnville, in 1877 and 1878 lived in Menomonie; has lived in Chetek since 1879; was treasurer of the town of Dunn, Dunn county, several years; sheriff of Dunn county, 1877 to 1879; chairman of the board of supervisors of Chetek several years; chairman of the county board of supervisors of Barron county, 1887-8; enlisted as a private in Company H, Second Wisconsin Infantry and participated in the battles of First Bull Run, Gainesville, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg and the Wilderness; came home with the regiment in June, 1864, and was mustered out at Madison, Wis.; was a member of the assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 803 votes, against 690 for C. S. Garrett, prohibition and farmers' alliance, and 561 for Wm. L. Hunter, democrat.

Bayfield, Burnett Douglas, Washburn and Sawyer Counties.

Population, 1885 — 14,844.

LEWIS HENRY MEAD (Rep.), of Shell Lake, Washburn county, was born at Marshall, Dane county, Wis., September 26, 1853, received a common school education; took a course in law at Madison and was admitted to the bar after examination; is by profession a lawyer; was appointed county judge of Washburn county, June 11, 1883, and elected to the same office in the springs of '85 and '89, which position he still holds. Taught school in Dane, Jef-

erson, Dodge and Columbia counties for about eight years; has been director of the school board since 1881; was member of assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 2,297 votes against 1,572 for Ole J. Linger, democrat, and 979 for S. E. Tubbs, independent republican.

Brown County.

First District—The city of Green Bay, the city of Fort Howard, and the towns of Pittsfield, Suamico, Howard, Preble, Humboldt, Green Bay and Scott, in the county of Brown. Population, 1885—18,727.

ALBERT LEWIS GRAY (Dem.), of Fort Howard, was born in London, Canada, January 29, 1846; received a common school education; is a dry goods merchant by occupation; came to Wisconsin in 1849, and settled at Green Bay, removing to Fort Howard two years later; has been a member of the county board for twenty years, member of city council, member of school board, city treasurer, chief of fire department, and mayor in 1881, '82, '83, '86, '87 and '88; was captain of Green Bay Light Guards W. N. G.; was delegate to the National Democratic Convention in Chicago in 1884; was elected president of the Board of Trustees of Brown County Insane Asylum in 1887; was member of assembly in 1879, '82, '85, '86, '89, (his seat that year being unsuccessfully contested by A. E. Elmore), and re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,370 votes, against 1,311 for S. J. Murphy, republican.

Second District—The towns of Ashwaubenon, Allouez, Bellevue, Depere, Eaton, Lawrence, Rockland, Glenmore, New Denmark, Wrightstown, Morrison, Holland and the cities of Depere and West Depere. Population, 1885—13,192.

ROBERT J. MCGEEHAN (Dem.), of Depere, Brown county, was born in Canada, August 26, 1854; received a common school education, and is by occupation a dealer in agricultural implements; came to Wisconsin in 1870 and settled at Depere; was alderman of the city of Depere in 1883, 1884, 1885, and member of the county board of supervisors of Brown county for 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and member of the board of trustees for chronic insane of the county; was a member of the assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,536 votes, against 635 for Charles Prust, republican.

Buffalo County.

Population, 1885—18,012.

JOHN LEONHARDY (Dem.), of Alma, was born in Switzerland, October 23, 1845; came to Wisconsin in 1859; settled in Dane county; moved to Sauk county in 1860; remained there until 1863, when he removed to Buffalo county, where he has since resided, with the exception of two years, 1868-69, when he lived in Colorado; received a common school education; is a farmer by occupation; was chairman of town board three terms; town clerk one term, and sheriff of Buffalo county in 1886; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,450 votes against 997 for J. W. Whalen, republican.

Calumet County.

Population, 1885—17,667.

WILLIAM V. McMULLEN (Dem.), of Brillion, Calumet county, was born in Pictou, Ontario, May 29, 1845; received a common school education, and is by occupation a real estate dealer; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Brillion; has been justice of the peace twenty years, member of school board twelve years, town chairman five years, and member of the county board of supervisors from 1880 to 1886; village president in 1885, which position he still holds; was member of the assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890; receiving 1,159 votes, against 597 for Herman Hedrick, republican, and 92 for W. R. Bishop union labor.

Chippewa County.

Population, 1885—25,135.

JAMES ANDREW TAYLOR, (Dem.), of Chippewa Falls, was born in Argyle, Washington Co., N. Y., September 8, 1835; received an academic education; is a real estate and insurance agent; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Chippewa Falls, where he has continued to reside; was first mayor of the city in 1871; was treasurer of the city two terms, in

1858, '59; was a member of the Democratic State Central Committee in 1884 and again in 1891; was a member of the assembly in 1881, and re-elected in 1883, and again elected in 1890, receiving 1,563 votes against 1,518 for B. F. Millard, republican, and 177 for Joseph Burrington, prohibitionist.

Clark County.

Population, 1885 — 15,423.

PHILLIP ROSSMAN (Rep.), of Greenwood, was born at Nierenstein by Mainz, Germany, March 4, 1836; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer and lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1851, and settled in Sheboygan county; was in Iowa in 1858, and Missouri, 1859 to 1861; came to Clark county in 1871, where he now resides; was town chairman four years and treasurer five years; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,556 votes against 1,546 for W. H. Mead, democrat, and 102 for W. F. Cults, prohibitionist.

Columbia County.

First District — The towns of Caledonia, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Marcellon, Newport, Pacific, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and the city of Portage, and the west ward of the village of Randolph, in the county of Columbia. Population, 1885 — 15,243.

CLINTON EUGENE SMITH (Dem.), of Randolph, was born in Clinton, Mass., September 26, 1850; came to Wisconsin in 1856; settled at Plover; in 1857 removed to Waupaca, where he resided ten years, went to Beaver Dam in 1867, remained there until 1873, when he removed to Elroy, where he was engaged in conducting a railway eating house; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; was city treasurer of Beaver Dam one term; supervisor of the town of Randolph five years; chairman two years, and member of the school board ten years; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,360 votes, against 1,207 votes for Joseph Sanderson, republican, and 95 for Geo. H. Beyer, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Arlington, Columbus, Dekorra, Fountain Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Lodi, Otsego, West Point, Wyocena and the city of Columbus. Population, 1885 — 14,612.

LEWIS H. SMITH (Rep.), of Arlington, was born in Oneida county, N. Y., June 17, 1835. Received a common school and academic education. Is by occupation a farmer. Came to Wisconsin in 1849 and settled at Arlington, where he now resides. Was superintendent of schools in 1857; town clerk 1861 to 1883 (excepting two years); chairman town board four years; census enumerator 1880 and 1890. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,171 votes, against 1,090 for Samuel Sampson, democrat, and 238 for Herbert Palmer, prohibitionist.

Crawford County.

Population, 1885 — 16,181.

AMBROSE THOMPSON (Dem.), of Seneca, was born in Huron county, Ohio, July 10, 1835. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a farmer. Came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled in the town of Clayton, Crawford county, where he remained until 1866, when he removed to Seneca, where he has since resided. Was district clerk sixteen years; justice of the peace four years, and is at present a director of the Utica Farmers' Fire Insurance company, and president of the Crawford County Agricultural Society, and town treasurer of his town. Was elected to the assembly, receiving 1,657 votes, against 1,285 for Tosten T. Sime, republican.

Dane County.

First District — The cities of Madison and Stoughton, and the towns of Blooming Grove, Dunn, Rutland, Dunkirk, Pleasant Springs, Albion and Madison. Population, 1885 — 22,897.

HARRY E. BRIGGS (Dem.), of Madison, was born at Galesburg, Ill., in 1865; came to Wisconsin in 1880, and settled at Madison where he now resides; received a collegiate education, graduating from the University of Wisconsin in 1887, and its law department in 1889; is by profession a lawyer, and member of the firm of Lewis & Briggs; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,204 votes, against 2,184 for Carl Rasmussen, republican, and 250 for Osmund Gunderson, prohibitionist.

Second District—Towns of Dane, Roxbury, Berry, Springfield, Westport, Middleton, Cross Plains, Verona and Fitchburg. Population, 1885—11,204.

CHRISTIAN REUTER (Dem.), of Roxbury, was born at Büllingen, Malmeely, Prussia, August 3, 1840; educated in common school at Büllingen, and attended French academy one year, taking lessons at same time in English, and attended common school at Roxbury two winters; came to Wisconsin in 1853, and settled at Roxbury, where he has since resided; is by occupation a farmer; was elected town clerk in 1836, and justice of the peace in 1867, which position he has held continuously ever since; enlisted in Co. F, 1st Wis. Cav. September 20, 1861, as a private; served on the "Wilson raid" through Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia; engaged in several skirmishes on said raid at Hopkinsville, Centreville, Montgomery and West Point, Alabama; was discharged from service at Edgefield, Tenn., July 19, 1865 was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,400 votes against 353 for Charles A. Brendler, republican, and 98 for Reuben J. Meyers, prohibition.

Third District—Towns of Black Earth, Mazomanie, Vermont, Blue Mounds, Perry, Primrose, Montrose, Oregon and Springdale, and villages of Oregon and Mazomanie. Population, 1885—10,390.

JOSEPH R. HENDERSON (Dem.), of Riley, was born at Menstrie, Clackurannanshire, Scotland, August 14, 1848. Came to Wisconsin in 1854, and settled in the town of Springdale, where he has since resided. Received a common school and academic education. Is by occupation a farmer. Has been town supervisor, assessor several terms, justice of the peace, and school district clerk for sixteen years. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 771 votes, against 761 for Henry Powell, republican, and 185 for O. M. Helland, prohibitionist.

Fourth District—Towns of Vienna, Windsor, Burke, Bristol, York, Sun Prairie, Medina, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Christiana and village of Sun Prairie. Population, 1885—13,909.

WILLIAM H. PORTER (Rep.), of Marshall, was born at Wenham, Essex county, Massachusetts, November 30, 1830; received a common school and academic education in Massachusetts; he is by occupation a farmer and mill owner; came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled at Burke, resided at Madison during the years 1860 and 1861, when he removed to Marshall, where he has since resided; was chairman of the town of Medina, 1868, '70, '71, '72, '74, '75, '76, '80, '89 and '90; one of the founders and treasurers of the Marshall academy, and postmaster at Marshall eighteen years; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,201 votes, against 1,166 for Ole S. Holum, democrat, and 150 for John A. Quammen, prohibitionist.

Dodge County.

First District—The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Clyman, Elba, Emmett, Lowell, Portland, Shields, Westford, 5th and 6th wards city of Watertown, and the city of Beaver Dam, in the county of Dodge. Population, 1885—19,172.

MICHAEL E. BURKE (Dem.), of Beaver Dam, was born at Beaver Dam, Wis., October 15, 1863. Received a collegiate education graduated from Wayland university, Beaver Dam, in 1884, attended the law department of the State University one year. Is a lawyer by profession, was admitted to practice in 1887, having passed an examination before the state board of examiners that year. Was elected town clerk in 1889 and 1890 without opposition and is at present justice of the peace. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,486 votes against 703 for Erwin E. Williams, republican, and 22 for W. P. Webb, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Burnett, Chester, Fox Lake, Leroy, Lomira and Trenton, and the south ward of the city of Waupun and the east ward of the village of Randolph. Population, 1885—9,851.

BENNETT E. SAMPSON (Dem.), of Oakfield, was born in Lomira, Dodge county, November 7, 1849, where he now resides; received a high school, and part collegiate education; is by occupation a farmer; taught school a number of years in the town of LeRoy; has been chairman of the town a number of years; is chairman of Democratic committee, second congressional district; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,200 votes against 847 for Charles T. Moul, republican.

Third District—The towns of Ashippun, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford, Lebanon, Oak Grove, Rubicon, Theresa and Williamstown. Population, 1885—17,310.

WILLIAM SCHWEFEL (Dem.), of Lebanon, was born at Neuen Kietz, near Freinow, a. dr. Oder, province of Brandenburg, Germany, January 8, 1836; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1843 and settled at Lebanon, where he now resides; was assessor 1860-61, town clerk 1863, '74-83, chairman of town 1884-90, county board 1890-89, and has been a justice of the peace of his town for a long time; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,702 votes, against 683 for Emil von Gruening, republican.

Door County.

Population, 1885—15,552.

CHARLES MITCHELL WHITESIDE (Dem.), of Sawyer, was born at Camden, Preble county, Ohio, June 15, 1854; came to Wisconsin in 1880, and settled at Sturgeon Bay, where he resided until 1885, when he removed to Sawyer, where he now resides; received a common school education; is by occupation a miller; was chairman of democratic county committee in 1888 and '90; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,077 votes, against 959 for George Nelson, republican.

Dunn County.

Population, 1885—21,921.

ALBERT R. HALL (Rep.), of Knapp, was born at Hartford, Windsor county, Vermont, April 20, 1841. Received a common school education at Boston, Mass.; removed with his parents to Minnesota in 1856, and resided there until 1880, when he came to Wisconsin and settled at Knapp, where he has since resided; is by occupation a farmer and manufacturer; has been town clerk, justice of the peace, chairman of the town board, and was a member of the Minnesota legislature; enlisted in Company D, Second regiment Minnesota volunteer infantry, June 21, 1861, as a private; promoted corporal and first sergeant; engaged in the battles of Mill Springs, Perryville, Hoover's Gap, Chickamauga, and was with his regiment on the Atlanta campaign as far as Kennesaw Mountain, when his three years term of service expired, and he was mustered out July 4, 1864; was severely wounded at Chickamauga on the afternoon of the last day of the battle and taken prisoner; re-enlisted in Eleventh regiment Minnesota volunteers, August 26, 1864; commissioned 1st lieutenant; served as provost marshal of the Port of Gallatin, Tenn., last six months of the war; mustered out June 26th, 1865; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,045 votes, against 811 for John Stavern, democrat, and 107 for A. C. Sherburn, E. R., and 5 for F. A. Vasey.

Eau Claire County.

First District—The city of Eau Claire. Population, 1885—21,668.

WILLIAM T. PUGH (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born in Wales, October 31, 1845; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Cambria, Columbia county, where he resided until 1864, when he removed to Portage, and remained there until 1872, when he came to Eau Claire, where he has since continued to reside; received a common school education; is by occupation a locomotive engineer; was postmaster of the assembly during the session of 1889; enlisted in Battery E, 1st Wis. Heavy Art., and was discharged on account of chronic inflammation of the eyes; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,050 votes against 951 for Victor Wolf, democrat; 666 for Thomas Carmichael, union labor, and 238 for J. F. W. Ritsch, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Seymour, Union, Washington, Lincoln, and city of Augusta. Population, 1885—13,121.

OSCAR FINCH (Dem.), of Augusta, was born at Windham, Green county, New York, October 23, 1827. Received a common school education, came to Wisconsin in 1863, and settled in Sauk county, where he remained until 1880, when he removed to Augusta, Eau Claire county, where he now resides. Is by occupation a miller. Was mayor of Augusta, in 1887, '88 and '89. Elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 913 votes against 599 for Ralph E. Arnold, republican, 245 for Gustav Dittmer, prohibition, and 90 for John Wilber, union labor.

Fond du Lac County.

First District—The towns of Alto, Eldorado, Friendship, Lamartine, Metomen, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale and Waupun, the city of Ripon, and the north ward of the city of Waupun. Population, 1885—16,551.

FRANK BOWE (Dem.), of Rosendale, was born in Bradford county, Penn., May 3d, 1841; came to Wisconsin in June, 1847, and settled in Fond du Lac county, where he has since resided; received a common school education; is a merchant; was town treasurer of the town of Springvale, 1869, town clerk 1872-73, town clerk of Rosendale, 1881-87, when he resigned and entered the mercantile business; has been secretary and treasurer of the Rosendale Mutual Insurance Company since 1880; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,355 votes against 1,218 for L. E. Reed, republican, and 101 for G. G. Randall, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Byron, Empire, Fond du Lac and Oakfield, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1885—17,621.

JAMES WILLIAM WATSON (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, Wis., was born in Roxburghshire, Scotland, February 14, 1849; emigrated to the United States in 1862, locating in Fond du Lac county, where he has ever since resided; received a common school education. Passed a satisfactory examination for admission to the bar as an attorney-at-law, before the state board of examiners, in August, 1888. Has held various town offices. Was a member of the overflow commissioners for the county of Fond du Lac; was elected clerk of the circuit and county courts of said county in 1884; was re-elected in 1886 and was a member of the assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,255 votes, against 1,193 for Geo. H. Francis, republican, and 63 for J. B. Tripp, prohibitionist.

Third District—The towns of Ashford, Auburn, Calumet, Eden, Forest, Marshfield, Osceola and Taycheedah. Population, 1885—12,650.

JAMES BANNON (Dem.), of New Cassel, was born in the town of Auburn, Fond du Lac county, Wis., May 23, 1852; received a high school and business education, graduating from the Fond du Lac high school in 1874, and Worthington business college, Evanston, Ill., in 1876; is a farmer by occupation; was elected chairman of the town board of Auburn in 1888, '89; elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,476 votes, against 275 for P. R. Tiffany, republican, and 21 for C. E. Tripp, prohibitionist.

Grant County.

First District—The towns of Clifton, Ellenboro, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jamestown, Lima, Paris, Platteville and Smelser. Population, 1885—12,858.

JOHN LONGBOTHAM (Rep.), of Dickeyville, was born in the town of Paris, Grant county, December 20, 1852, where he has since resided. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a farmer and merchant. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,069 votes, against 1,020 for Thos. Jenkins, Jr., republican, and 82 for Josiah Thomas, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Beetown, Bloomington, Cassville, Glen Haven, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Potosi and Waterloo. Population, 1885—12,752.

JOHN J. OSWALD (Dem.), of Lancaster, was born in Ilanz Canton, Granbunden, Switzerland, May 24, 1839; came to Wisconsin in 1851, settled at Platteville, and later on moved to Lancaster, where he has since resided, with the exception of five years at Mt. Hope; received a common school education; is by occupation a hardware merchant; was a member of city council from 1878 to 1882; enlisted in Co. F, 3d Wis. Inf., April 18, 1861; mustered in the service in July, 1861, at Fond du Lac, as sergeant of the company; later on was detailed to the regimental band of his regiment; served under Banks division, Shenandoah Valley, Va., engaged in battles at Winchester; was honorably discharged in July, 1862; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,014 votes against 796 for Jacob Schreiner, republican.

Third District — The towns of Castle Rock, Boscobel, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watterstown, Wingville, Woodman, and Wyalusing. Population, 1885 — 11,667.

CHRISTOPHER HINN (Dem.), of Fennimore, was born in the town of Marion, Grant county, June 6, 1835, where he has since resided. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a miller. Has held the office of town clerk, and treasurer of Mutual Fire Insurance company. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 830 votes against 837 for Dwight T. Parker, republican, and 15 for A. L. Snyder, prohibitionist.

Green County (South).

The towns of Cadiz, Clarno, Jefferson, Spring Grove, Jordan, Monroe, Sylvester and Decatur and the city of Monroe. Population, 1885 — 14,537.

HENRY CLAY PUTNAM (Rep.), of Brodhead, was born at Newark, Ohio, in 1847; came to Wisconsin in 1849, and settled at Decatur, Green county, and has resided in that township ever since; received a common school education; is by occupation a lumberman and farmer; was president of the village of Brodhead in 1883-4; enlisted at the age of sixteen years in Company B, 1st Wis. Cavalry, serving as a private; was in the campaigns against Longstreet in East Tennessee; engaged in the battles of Mossy Creek and Dandridge, and all the battles during Sherman's Atlanta campaign up to July 1, 1864; was while on detached service amongst the troops that drove Wheeler and Forest from Tennessee in 1864; was engaged with his regiment in its last raid of the war, "Wilson's Raid," from Tennessee river to Macon, Ga., also engaged in the battles of Montgomery, Selma, Columbus and West Point, Ga., which was captured and many prisoners taken; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,299 votes, against 1,217 for R. R. Fleek, democrat, and 151 for J. C. Murdock, prohibitionist, and 94 for J. F. Grinnell, union labor.

Green and part of La Fayette Counties.

The towns of Brooklyn, Exeter, New Glarus, York, Albany, Mt. Pleasant, Washington and Adams in the county of Green, and the towns of Argyle, Wyota, Darlington, Willow Springs, Fayette and Blanchard in La Fayette county. Population, 1885 — 16,858.

CHARLES F. OSBORN (Rep.), of Darlington, was born at Ashtabula, Ohio, March 16, 1847; was educated in the common schools at Darlington, and by profession a lawyer; came with his father to Darlington in 1851; was county judge of La Fayette county from 1882 to 1886, and has been city attorney and mayor of Darlington; was a member of the assembly in 1889; was re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,562 votes, against 1,510 for Adam Blumer, democrat; 1 for D. W. Leonard, union labor, and 13 for J. F. Sears, prohibitionist.

Green Lake County.

Population, 1885 — 16,008.

E. C. SMITH (Dem.), of Markesan, was born in the town of Green Lake, Green Lake county, December 23, 1852; received a common school and business college education, and is by occupation a farmer; was clerk of the town of Green Lake in 1881-82 and 1883, and elected sheriff of Green Lake county in 1884; was a member of the assembly in 1889; and was a member of committee on State Affairs and Agriculture, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,867 votes against 1,139 for Chas. D. McConnell, republican, and 61 for J. E. Smith, prohibitionist.

Iowa County.

First District — The towns of Arena, Moscow, Mineral Point, Ridgeway and Waldwick, and the city of Mineral Point. Population, 1885 — 10,195.

ROBERT MOFFATT CRAWFORD (Dem.), of Mineral Point, was born in the town of Kendall, La Fayette county, Wis., June 7, 1854; was educated in the common schools; is by occupation a printer and publisher; since 1876, he and his brother, George, have edited and published *The Iowa County Democrat*, a pronounced low tariff newspaper; he has served as member of the county board of supervisors; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 804 votes, against 784 votes for Nicholas T. Martin, republican, and 123 votes for Thomas S. Reese, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Clyde, Dodgeville, Eden, Highland, Linden, Mifflin, Pulaski and Wyoming. Population, 1885—12,677.

EDMUND UGLO BAKER (Dem.), of Edmund, was born in Linden, Wisconsin, in 1854; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer and stock dealer; was elected chairman of the town board in 1890. Elected to assembly in 1890, receiving 1,198 votes against 1,043 for M. J. Bennett, republican, and 137 for Daniel Lee, prohibitionist.

Jackson County.

Population, 1885—15,902.

JAMES JOHN MCGILLIVRAY (Rep.), of Black River Falls, was born at Barrachois, Gaspie county, Canada East, June 16th, 1848. Received a common school education; came to Wisconsin November 21, 1866, and settled at Black River Falls, where he has since resided, with the exception of a few months in Iowa prior to that time; has been secretary of the Jackson County Agricultural society, and is at present its treasurer; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,194 votes, against 1,016 for Geo. W. Levis, democrat, and 297 for T. P. Hunter, farmer's alliance and prohibitionist.

Jefferson County.

First District—The towns of Concord, Farmington, Ixonia, Millford, Waterloo, Watertown, the village of Waterloo, and the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1885—16,694.

C. HUGO JACOBI (Dem.), of Watertown, was born in Rockenhausen, Rhenish Bavaria, April 18, 1846; was educated in the public schools in Wisconsin; received a commercial education at the Spencerian college in Milwaukee and a collegiate education in Germany; came to Wisconsin in 1855, settled at Watertown, where he has resided ever since, with the exception of three years, while attending college in Grünstadt, Germany; for a number of years he has been teller and cashier in the Wisconsin National Bank and the Bank of Watertown, and is at present engaged in the insurance, foreign exchange and passage business; has held the office of city treasurer of Watertown for three years, and has been a member of the board of education four years; served as United States Gauger for the 2d Int. Rev. Dist. of Wis. during President Cleveland's administration; is a democrat from principle and convictions, and was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,298 votes against 551 votes for James McCall, republican, and 1 for J. Thayer, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Aztalan, Cold Spring, Hebron, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Oakland, Palmyra, Sullivan and Sumner. Population, 1885—17,562.

JOSEPH STOPPENBACH (Dem.), of Jefferson, was born at Jefferson, March 19, 1862, where he now resides; received a collegiate education; is by occupation a pork packer and provision dealer; has been a member of the board of education for the past three years; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1883 votes, against 1,312 for Mark Curtis, republican, and 145 for J. Thayer, prohibitionist.

Juneau County.

Population, 1885—17,024.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK (Rep.), of Necedah, was born at Swanton Falls, Vermont, March 6, 1850; received a common school education, at Cedar Falls and Mount Vernon, Iowa; is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1881, and settled at Necedah; resided on a farm in Butler county, Iowa, from 1856 to 1861; in Cedar Falls, Iowa, from 1861 to 1872, and in Dubuque, Iowa, from 1872 to 1881; has been chairman of the town of Necedah and president of the village of Necedah; was a member of assembly in 1889 and re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,581 votes, against 1,415 for E. D. Rogers, democrat, and 85 for J. H. Brewer, prohibitionist.

Kenosha County.

Population, 1885—14,137.

ROBERT SAMUEL HOUSTON (Dem.), of the town of Pleasant Prairie (Ranney P. O.), was born in Charlemon, Franklin county, Mass., Aug. 7, 1830; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; he came to Wisconsin in 1857, and settled on a farm

in Pleasant Prairie, where he now resides; has served as chairman of the town board, treasurer school district, and was a member of assembly in 1874; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,597 votes against 1,453 for J. Cavanaugh, republican.

Kewaunee County.

(Except the towns of Franklin and Carleton.)

Population, 1885 — 13,786.

JOSEPH FILZ (Dem.), of Luxemburg, was born at Monzel, Rhein province, Germany, June 13, 1848; received a common school education in Germany; came to the United States in 1869, and located at Chicago, where he worked at the carpenter's trade until 1869, when he removed to Wisconsin and settled in Luxemburg, where he has since resided; is by occupation a merchant, hotel keeper and farmer; was town clerk of his town in 1878-79; school district treasurer, 1879-82, town clerk, 1885-86, and postmaster since 1883; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,332 votes, against 574 for Henry Runkee, and 176 for T. K. Minnahan, republican.

La Crosse County.

First District — The city of La Crosse. Population, 1885 — 21,740.

JAMES JOSEPH HOGAN (Dem.), of La Crosse, was born in St. Johns, Newfoundland, July 6, 1837; received a common school education, and is by occupation a merchant (wholesale grocer), and dealer in hard wood and agricultural lands; came to Wisconsin in 1847, and settled in Sheboygan county, and to La Crosse in 1857; has been mayor of the city of La Crosse twice, in 1875 and 1876; was a member of the assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 2,396 votes, against 1,693 for Alfred Harrison, republican, and 180 for H. G. Miller, prohibitionist; was elected speaker of the assembly in 1891, as a democrat, receiving 67 votes, against 32 votes for L. H. Mead, republican.

Second District — The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Campbell, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby, Washington, and city of Onalaska. Population, 1885 — 13,051.

JOHN DAWSON (Dem.), of La Crosse, was born in England, in May, 1832; came to Wisconsin in 1840, and settled in Racine county; removed to La Crosse county in 1852, where he has since resided. Received a common school education. Is a farmer by occupation. Has held various town offices and is a member of the county board. Was a member of assembly in 1883, and again elected in 1890, receiving 1,240 votes, against 1,194 for Wm. Smith, and 13 for L. W. Wood, prohibitionist.

La Fayette County (Part).

The towns of Belmont, Benton, Elk Grove, Kendall, Monticello, New Diggings, Seymour, Shullsburg, White Oak Springs, Wayne and Gratiot. Population, 1885 — 12,143.

CHARLES J. MELOY (Dem.), of Shullsburg, was born in Pottsville, Penn., September 19, 1849. Received a common school education; removed to Hastings, Minnesota, in 1857, where he remained until 1869, when he went to St. Paul, Minnesota, and various places in Dakota, engaged in railroad business, as clerk in auditing department, station agent and traveling auditor. Came to Wisconsin in 1883 and settled at Shullsburg, where he has since resided. Is by occupation a hardware merchant. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,328 votes against 1,209 for James McGinty, republican, and 89 for Nelson La Due, prohibitionist.

Langlade, Lincoln, Taylor Counties.

Population, 1885 — 18,604.

CLINTON TEXTOR (Dem.), of Medford, was born at Milwaukee, October 4, 1856; received a common school education; graduated from University Law school in 1880; is by profession a lawyer; elected county judge in 1885, and re-elected in 1889, which office he now holds; was justice of the peace five years; he resided in Milwaukee county until 1889, when he removed to Taylor county, where he has since resided; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 3,083 votes against 2,038 for Henry Smith, republican.

Manitowoc County.

First District—The towns of Cato, Centerville, Eaton, Liberty, Meeme, Rockland and Schleswig. Population, 1835—11,036.

PATRICK JOSEPH CONWAY (Dem.), of Meeme, was born at Portage, Wyoming county, N. Y., February 11, 1849; came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled at Meeme, where he has since resided, received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; he has held the office of town clerk for ten years, census enumerator in 1833, delegate to the democratic state convention in 1833, member of county board 1833-90; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,170 votes, against 567 for Fred Schwalley, republican.

Second District—The towns of Coopertown, Gibson, Franklin, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Two Rivers, Two Rivers City, Two Creeks in Manitowoc county, and towns of Franklin and Carleton in Kewaunee county. Population, 1835—18,835.

JAMES P. NOLAN (Dem.), of Maple Grove, was born at Cedarburg, Ozaukee county, December 17, 1850, where he resided until 1853, when he removed to Maple Grove, where he has since resided; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; has been a member of the county board of supervisors and chairman of that body, which position he now holds; is also school district clerk, was a member of the democratic congressional convention at Green Bay, in 1835; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,183 votes, against 494 for Dr. F. Simon, republican.

Third District—Towns of Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Newton, and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1835—12,263.

WILLIAM CROLL (Dem.), of Manitowoc, was born at Greenwich, Berks county, Penn., March 24, 1833. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a merchant. Came to Wisconsin in 1853, and settled at West Granville, Milwaukee county, where he resided until 1877, when he moved to Manitowoc, where he has since resided. Enlisted as a private in Company A, Fifty-first Wisconsin volunteers, and served until close of the rebellion. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 993 votes, against 700 for J. S. Anderson, republican.

Marathon County.

First District—The towns of Spencer, Day, Bergen, Brighton, Eau Pleine, Cleveland, Mosinee, Hull, Wien, Marathon, Holton, Johnson, Reitbrock, Rib Falls, Stettin, Maine, Berlin, Hamburg, Halsey and the village of Marathon City. Population, 1835—13,163.

THOMAS O'CONNOR (Dem.), of Halder, was born in Kings county, Ireland, December 21, 1815. Came to the United States in 1840, and settled in Pennsylvania, where he worked in a rolling mill several years, and then went to Michigan, continuing in same occupation. Came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled at Milwaukee, remaining there some time until his removal to Marathon county, where he now resides. Is a farmer by occupation. Has been a member of the town and district school board a number of years. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,738 votes against 530 for Michael Lammer, republican.

Second District—The towns of Texas, Easton, Wausau, Weston, Norrie, Pike, Kronenwetter, Knowlton, and city of Wausau. Population, 1835—13,435.

NEAL BROWN (Dem.), of Wausau, was born in Jefferson county in 1856, where he resided until 1880, when he removed to Wausau, where he now resides; received a common school education; graduated from the law department of the university in 1880; is a lawyer by profession, and is engaged in practice at Wausau; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,579 votes against 1,010 for J. E. Leahy, republican.

Marinette County.

Population, 1835—13,494.

JAMES LARSIN (U. L.), of Menekaunee, was born in Denmark, May 25, 1855; came to Wisconsin in 1871, and settled at Racine, where he remained till 1879, when he removed to Door county, resided there three years, and then settled at Marinette; is by occupation a ship carpenter and fisherman. In 1880 he was awarded a life saving medal for the rescue from drowning of seven persons off North Bay, Door county; is an alderman of the

city of Marinette, representing the first ward of that city in its common council. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,465 votes, against 1,034 for Charles Reinke, and 179 for Jacob Linden, prohibitionist.

Milwaukee County.

First District — First and Eighteenth wards. Population, 1885 — 14,024.

HUMPHREY J. DESMOND (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born near Cedarburg, Ozaukee county (where his grandfather had settled in territorial days). In 1866 he removed with his parents to Milwaukee, where he has since resided; he received his education in the common school and high schools of Milwaukee, and graduated from the state university in 1880; is by profession a lawyer; was appointed a member of the Milwaukee school board in 1883, and re-appointed in 1885, 1888 and 1890; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,803 votes against 1,329 for F. F. Adams, republican and union labor.

Second District — Second and Fifteenth wards. Population, 1885 — 17,833.

WILLIAM J. FIEBRANTZ (Rep.), of Milwaukee, No. 519 Vliet street, was born in Wisconsin in 1853; resided at Winona, Minn., from 1860 to 1865; from 1865 to 1869 in the town of Milwaukee, when he removed to the city of Milwaukee, where he has since resided; received a common school education; is by occupation a produce commission merchant; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,968 votes against 1,922 for A. P. Kletsch, democrat, and 101 for John Riepl, union labor.

Third District — Third ward. Population, 1885 — 7,427.

EDWARD KEOGH (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Ireland, May 5, 1835; received a common school education; is a printer; emigrated from Ireland in 1841, and settled in Utica, N. Y., but removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in 1842; represented the sixth district in the state senate in 1862 and 1863, being the youngest member of that body; he was a member of the assembly in 1860, '61, '76, '77, '78, '79, '80, '81, '82, '86, '88, and again elected in 1890, receiving 962 votes, against 85 for Wm. Gunnis, republican.

Fourth District — The Fourth and Sixteenth wards. Population, 1885 — 14,910.

ORREN THOMAS WILLIAMS (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Homer, Courtland county, N. Y., October 19, 1845; received a collegiate education, graduating from the Lawrence University, Appleton, Wis. (classical course), in 1872, and the University law school in 1874; is by profession a lawyer, and a member of the firm of Williams, Friend & Bright, Milwaukee; came to Wisconsin in 1855, settling at Whitewater, where he remained about a year; then resided in Rock county eight years; then went to Appleton, where he remained a few years and removed to Fond du Lac, where he resided and practiced his profession until 1883, when he removed to Milwaukee, where he now resides; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,979 votes, against 1,705 for E. McIntyre, democrat.

Fifth District — The Fifth, Eighth and Eleventh wards. Population, 1885 — 27,535.

CONRAD KREZ (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in the Palatinat, Bavaria, April 27, 1828; educated at Spire, Heidelberg and Munich; resided in New York city from January, 1851, to August, 1854, when he came to Wisconsin and settled at Sheboygan, where he resided until 1885, when he removed to Milwaukee, where he has since resided; is by profession a lawyer; was city attorney of Sheboygan 1857-58; district attorney of Sheboygan county from 1859 to fall of 1863, and from 1870 to 1876, inclusive; in political sentiments he believes in an indestructible union of states, subordinate to the federal government in all matters in which the same is clothed by the constitution with sovereignty but in all things else sovereign themselves; enlisted as a private in the Twenty-seventh Wisconsin volunteer infantry; was commissioned colonel thereof by Gov. Solomon, when the regiment was organized; was in command of Third brigade, Third division, Thirteenth army corps, and was brevetted brigadier-general United States volunteers; was engaged in siege of Vicksburg, capture of Little Rock, skirmishes at Okalona, Prama d'ahn, Jenkins Ferry and capture of Mobile; was elected to assembly in 1890, receiving 3,685 votes, against 2,760 for Julius Roehr, republican, 238 for Kraft, union labor.

Sixth District — Sixth and Thirteenth wards. Population, 1885 — 20,399.

WILLIAM PIERRON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, on the 17th day of September, 1849; he received a common school education; is a grocer; has always resided in Milwaukee county; he was chairman of town board in 1877; school clerk from 1875 to 1880, and has held various other local offices; was a member of assembly in 1881, and was again elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,278 votes against 2,214 for Hubert L. Stoltz, democrat, and 301 for Rockweed, union labor.

Seventh District — Seventh ward. Population, 1885 — 6,872.

CHARLES HENRY ANSON (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born at Peru, Clinton county, New York, November 23, 1841; received a common school and academic education at Keeseville, Essex county, New York; is by occupation a wholesale grocer; came to Wisconsin in 1866, and settled at Milwaukee, where he now resides; he resided in Essex county, New York, until 1857, when he removed to Vermont, where he resided until 1862; has never held any public office; enlisted as a private in Company E, 11th Vermont volunteers, August 30, 1862, and was on September 1, 1862, promoted regimental quartermaster sergeant; August 11, 1863, promoted 2d lieutenant, 1st artillery, 11th Vermont volunteers; December 28, 1863, promoted 1st lieutenant, 1st artillery, 11th Vermont volunteers; January 21, 1864, promoted adjutant 1st artillery, 11th Vermont volunteers; March to May, 1864, acting assistant adjutant general 1st Brigade Haskin's Division, Twenty-second Army Corps; April 2, 1865, promoted captain by brevet, by the president of the United States, upon recommendation of General L. A. Grant; April 2, 1865, promoted major by brevet, upon the recommendation of General George W. Getty; April 2, 1865, appointed A. D. C., 2d division, 6th army corps, in which capacity he served until mustered out of the service; June 24, 1865, mustered out of the service at Washington, D. C., by reason of special order No. 159, extract 8, army of the Potomac, 1865; was engaged in the following battles: Spotsylvania, Va., May 18, 19 and 20, 1864; Cold Harbor, Va., June 1 to 12, 1864; Petersburg, Va., June 18 to 20, 1864; Weldon Railroad, Va., June 23, 1864; Fort Stevens, D. C., July 12, 1864; Charlestown, Va., August 21, 1864; Gilbert's Ford, Va., September 13, 1864; Winchester, Va., September 19, 1864; Fisher's Hill, Va., September 21 and 22, 1864; Cedar Creek, Va., October 19, 1864; Petersburg, Va., March 25 and 27, 1865; Petersburg, Va., April 2, 1865; Sailor's Creek, Va., April 6, 1865; Appomattox, Va., April 9, 1865; is commander of the military order of the Loyal Legion, department of Wisconsin, past post commander E. B. Wolcott post, No. 1, Milwaukee G. A. R.; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 888 votes against 611 for James A. Mallory, democrat, and 41 for Mackey, prohibitionist.

Eighth District — The towns of Milwaukee, Granville and Wauwatosa. Population, 1885 — 14,738.

HENRY SCHUETZ (Dem.), Williamsburg P. O., of town of Milwaukee, was born in the city of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, October 7, 1857; received a common school education, and is by occupation a carpenter and farmer; has always resided in the state; was elected assessor, 1879-'80; treasurer, 1883, '84, '85 and '86; has held district clerk's office for eleven years; was elected member of the assembly for 1890, receiving 2,104 votes, against 1,834 votes for George Rochel, republican, and 133 for Heckler, union labor.

Ninth District — Ninth ward. Population, 1885 — 10,300.

PHILIP SCHMITZ, JR. (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, August 29, 1861, where he now resides. Received a common school and business education. Is by occupation a merchant. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,235 votes, against 1,336 for George Christiansen, republican, and 143 for Aug. Reichert, union labor.

Tenth District — Tenth ward. Population, 1885 — 12,862.

JOHN HORN (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in the town of Bristol, Dane county, Wisconsin, December 23, 1853, resided there until 1884, when he removed to Milwaukee, where he has since resided. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a carpenter and building contractor. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,772 votes against 1,560 for Rip Reukema, republican.

Eleventh District—The Seventeenth ward, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Greenfield and Franklin. Population, 1885—14,413.

AMBROSE MCGUIGAN (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in the county Derry, Ireland, April 20, 1834; received a common school education; is by occupation an iron worker and real estate agent; came to Wisconsin in 1870, and settled at Bay View (now Seventeenth ward of Milwaukee), where he now resides; previous to coming to Wisconsin he resided in Ohio and Pennsylvania; was trustee of the village of Bay View in 1834 and 1835, postmaster of the village previous to its annexation to Milwaukee, and continued in the service as superintendent of postal station thereafter two years; was elected member of assembly in 1890, receiving 1,938 votes, against 1,357 for John Shinnock, republican.

Twelfth District—Twelfth and Fourteenth wards. Population, 1885—19,267.

MICHAEL KRUSZKA (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Province Posen, or Prussian Poland, German Gov't, September 23, 1830; came to United States April 24, 1830, and settled at Elizabeth, N. J., where he remained until 1832, when he removed to Bayonne city, N. J.; remained there until 1833, when he removed to Wisconsin and settled at Milwaukee, where he now resides; received a part collegiate education in colleges at Filehne and Wongrowitz, Province Posen, and a high school and business education at Elizabeth, N. J. On arriving at Milwaukee he first engaged in the insurance business, and in 1835 started the Weekly *Krytyka*, and in June, 1888, started the Daily *Kuryer Polski*, which is the only Polish daily newspaper published in America; has taken active part in politics for some years, and was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 3,023 votes against 922 for Donnan, republican and union labor.

Monroe County.

First District—The towns of Angelo, Jefferson, LaFayette, Leon, Little Falls, New Lyme, Portland, Ridgeville, Sparta and the city of Sparta. Population, 1885—10,009.

DAVID W. CHENEY (Dem.), of Sparta, was born in Black River Falls, Wis., April 7th, 1830, removed to Sparta in 1863, where he has since resided, except two years, passed at Montevideo, Minnesota; received a common school education; has been engaged in the mercantile business continuously since 1880; served as alderman in the city council during the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887, 1888; elected mayor of the city in 1889, and unanimously re-elected in 1890; was instrumental in the organization of the Sparta Rifles, Co. I, 3rd Regt. W. N. G.; mustered into the states service with company in 1883, served as captain of company in 1887 and 1888; was honorably discharged in 1883; elected member of assembly for 1891, receiving 1,254 against 874 for A. F. Brandt, republican, and M. W. Davis, 100, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Adrian, Byron, Clifton, Glendale, Greenfield, LaGrange, Lincoln, Oakdale, Sheldon, Tomah, Wellington, Wilton, and the city of Tomah. Population, 1885—12,775.

JAMES TORMEY (Dem.), of Tomah, was born in the county of Meath, Ireland, March 13, 1830. Came to Wisconsin in 1858 and settled at Big Bend, Waukesha county, where he remained until 1866, when he removed to Tomah, where he has since resided. Received a common school education; is by occupation a dry goods merchant; was member of the common council of Tomah several years, and served on county board in 1878, '79, '83, '89 and '90. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,156 votes against 949 for James R. Lyons, republican, and 91 for Charles Lea, prohibition.

Oconto County.

Population, 1885—13,205.

LEWIS S. BAILEY (Dem.), of Oconto, born in Saratoga county, N. Y., December 23, 1842. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a real estate and collection agent. Came to Wisconsin in 1876, and settled at Oconto, where he now resides. Has been justice of the peace since 1878; was public administrator, 1885-'87. Is at present chief of the Oconto fire department; was elected county judge in 1890, which position he now holds. Enlisted in Company F, 115th New York Vol. Infantry as a private, August 8,

1862; was discharged July 3, 1865, as second lieutenant. Participated with his regiment in thirty different engagements, including Harper's Ferry, Cold Harbor, Oluster, Fort Fisher, Drury's Bluff and the many engagements of the army of the James in 1864. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,118 votes, against 994 for Angus McAllister, republican.

Outagamie County.

First District—The city of Appleton and towns of Centre and Grand Chute. Population, 1885—14,125.

JOHN TRACY (Dem.), of Appleton, was born in the county of Limerick, Ireland, April 18, 1852; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1835, and settled at Appleton, where he now resides; is by occupation a foreman in a hub factory; was an alderman of the city of Appleton from April, 1882, to April, 1890; president of the council in 1887, and is at present treasurer of school district No. 4, which position he has held for ten years; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,478 votes against 956 for John Bottenseck, republican, and 68 for C. A. Horr, prohibitionist.

Second District—The city and town of Menasha, in the county of Winnebago, and the towns of Deer Creek, Maine, Cicero, Seymour, Maple Creek, Bovina, Black Creek, Osborn, Liberty, Ellington, Freedom, Hortonville, Dale, Greenville, Buchanan, Kaukauna, the third ward of the city of New London, and the cities of Seymour and Kaukauna. Population, 1885—25,955.

THEODORE KNAPSTEIN (Dem.), of New London, was born in Prussia, November 12, 1848; received a common school education, and is by occupation a brewer; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Greenville, Outagamie county; was a member of the village board and afterwards alderman of New London from 1872 to 1884; mayor of the city in 1884, and president of the common council in 1885; was a member of the assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 2,927 votes against 1,316 for W. D. Ackerman, republican, and 138 for W. D. Boynton, prohibitionist.

Ozaukee County.

Population, 1885—15,197.

WILLIAM HENRY FITZGERALD (Dem.), was born May 15, 1848, in the town of Cedarburg, Wisconsin, where he now resides; received a common school education; is a grain dealer by occupation; was town treasurer in 1872, and chairman in 1876 and 1877, and is also justice of the peace. He was a member of the assembly in 1878, '79 and '80, and again elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,273 votes, against 411 for Wm. Carby, republican, 826 for Wm. A. Tholen, democrat, and 195 for Carl Falandt, democrat.

Pepin County.

Population, 1885—6,226.

WILLIAM EDMUNDS PLUMMER (Rep.), of Durand, was born at Durand, April 10, 1861, where he now resides; received a common school and part normal education; graduated from law department of State University in 1889, and passed examination for admission to the bar, before state board of examiners in 1888. Was clerk of circuit court from 1883 to 1886, county clerk 1885-'86, and elected district attorney in fall of 1888 without opposition before being admitted to the bar. Was engaged in the mercantile and creamery business at Arkansaw, Pepin county, from 1882 to November 1, 1890, when he moved to Durand. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 595 votes, against 433 for E. M. Doughty, democrat, and 140 for E. S. York, prohibitionist.

Pierce County.

Population, 1885—19,645.

DANIEL J. DILL (Rep.), of Prescott, Pierce county, was born in Dillsburg, York county, Penn., February 24, 1830; received a common school education at Dillsburg; is a farmer by occupation; came to Wisconsin in 1859, and settled at Prescott, Wis., where he has always resided except during the term of four years and a half in the army; was mayor of the city of Prescott for the years 1867, '68, '69, '76, '77, '83, '84 and '85; has been a member of the

county board of supervisors for three or four years; went into the army in 1861 as captain of Co. B, sixth regular volunteer infantry; was commanding colonel of the 30th regiment of volunteer infantry, September, 1862; was member of assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,502 votes against 1,186 for George Davis, democrat, farmers' alliance and prohibitionist.

Polk County.

Population, 1885 — 12,881.

HENRY B. DIKE (Rep.), of Osceola Mills, was born in Wales, November 20, 1847; came to Wisconsin in 1866, and settled at Osceola, Polk county; received an academic education; is a lawyer by profession; was town clerk, 1874; principal of high school, 1874-75; justice of the peace, 1875-76; court commissioner since 1877; county superintendent of schools, 1880-85; president of village of Osceola, 1836-88; village attorney, 1889-90; enlisted in Co. I, 5th Reg., Minn. Vols., January 27, 1862, as a musician; re-enlisted as a veteran in same company and regiment as a private, February 12, 1864, and was mustered out with regiment September 6, 1865; participated in all battles and engagements with regiment, including the battles of Corinth, Nashville and Vicksburg; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 694 votes against 581 for F. Wilke, democrat; 217 for J. W. Dean, prohibitionist, and 468 for J. H. McCourt, independent republican.

Portage County.

Population, 1885 — 23,248.

CHARLES COUCH (Dem.), of Amherst, was born in the town of Mohawk, Montgomery county, New York, in 1833; came to Wisconsin in 1850; settled in Fond du Lac county, where he remained until 1857, when he removed to Portage county, where he has resided ever since; received a common school education; is by occupation a live stock and farm produce dealer; was town treasurer from 1864 to 1868, county poor commissioner in 1877; chairman town board and member of county board a number of years; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,544 votes, against 1,544 for F. B. Lamareux, republican.

Racine County.

Population, 1885 — 35,398.

JOSHUA ERIC DODGE (Dem.), of Racine, was born at West Cambridge (now Arlington), Mass., October 25, 1854. Received a collegiate education, graduating from Iowa college at Grinnell, in 1875, and the law school of Boston University in June, 1877. Is by profession a lawyer. Came to Wisconsin in 1873 and settled at Racine, where he now resides. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 3,500 votes against 2,763 for Elias N. White, republican, 459 for A. B. Hayes, union labor, and 348 for J. S. Blakie, prohibitionist.

Richland County.

Population, 1885 — 18,174.

JAY G. LAMBERSON (Rep.), of Sextonville, Wis., was born at Elkhorn, Walworth county, Wis., August 27, 1846; came to Sextonville, Richland county, with his parents in 1858; attended the public schools until seventeen years of age; enlisted in the 6th Wis. Battery in 1863, and served till the close of the war; returned to his home, entered Sextonville high school, from whence he was graduated; taught in the public schools of Richland county, and afterwards engaged in general mercantile business in Sextonville for ten years; retired from this occupation on account of failing health, and became a practical farmer, engaged in dairying and buying and selling live stock; is at present by occupation a farmer; was elected member of the assembly for Richland county in 1890, receiving a vote of 1,648 against George Hines, alliance democrat, of 1,432, and A. J. Carter, prohibitionist, 246.

Rock County.

First District — The towns of Avon, Beloit, Magnolia, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Union and the city of Beloit. Population, 1885 — 14,290.

OLE P. GAARDER (Rep.), of Orfordville, was born in Rock county, Wisconsin, June 9, 1844, where he has since resided; received a common school education; is by occupation a

farmer; was assessor of his town 1870-71, supervisor 1872-76, '79-81; member of the county board 1883-84; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,576 votes, against 779 for L. S. Heyerdahl, democrat, and 255 for Geo. H. Horigan, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Center, Harmony, Janesville and the city of Janesville. Population, 1885—13,247.

JOHN WINANS (Dem.), of the city of Janesville, was born in Vernon, New Jersey, September 27, 1831, in which state he was educated and admitted to the bar. Came to Wisconsin in 1857, and located at Janesville, where he has since resided and practiced his profession, was several times city attorney of the city of Janesville and twice its mayor. Was member of assembly in 1874, 1882 and 1887, and in 1882 and 1887 was the democratic nominee for speaker. Was the candidate of his party for congress against B. F. Hopkins, in 1864, and elected in 1882 to the 48th congress from the 1st congressional district, overcoming about 5,000 republican majority; was a delegate to the democratic national convention in 1864. Was nominated by the democrats and voted for by them in joint convention in 1887, against Philetus Sawyer for United States senator. Attended the national gathering of democratic clubs held at Baltimore on July 4, 1888, and was made the permanent chairman thereof. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,487 votes against 1,308 for Oscar F. Nowlan, republican, and 67 for C. W. Cook, prohibitionist.

Third District—The towns of Bradford, Clinton, Fulton, La Prairie, Lima, Milton, Porter, Rock, Johnstown, Turtle, village of Clinton and city of Edgerton. Population, 1885—15,083.

HENRY TARRANT (Rep.), of La Prairie, Rock county, was born in Berkshire, England, May 23, 1833; received a common school education and is engaged in the occupation of farming and insurance; came to Wisconsin in 1850, and settled at Janesville; was appointed town clerk in 1868 and elected each year thereafter for fifteen consecutive years; chairman of the board of supervisors in 1884; also in 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, serving on the county board of supervisors during that period; was secretary of the Town Fire Insurance company for the past seventeen years; was a member of the assembly in 1889, and re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,366 votes, against 1,280 for Archibald Woodard, democrat, 173 for Silas G. Burdick, and 1 for A. S. Flagg.

St. Croix County.

Population, 1885—18,956.

GEORGE W. CHINNOCK (Rep.), of River Falls, was born in England, December 1, 1841; came to Wisconsin in 1851, and settled at Hudson; received a common school education, is by occupation a farmer; was chairman of the town of Troy five years prior to 1888, treasurer and assessor for a number of years; enlisted in Company F, 37th Wisconsin volunteers, was made 1st sergeant at Cold Harbor, and remained with his regiment until the close of the war; elected to assembly in 1890, receiving 1,968 votes, against 1,776 for F. J. Smith, democrat, and 395 for M. Lapham, prohibitionist.

Sauk County.

First District—The towns of Fairfield, Greenfield, Merrimac, Sumpter, Prairie du Sac, Honey Creek, Troy, Franklin, Spring Green, Bear Creek, Baraboo and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1885—15,947.

THOMAS WILLIAM ENGLISH (Dem.), of Baraboo, was born in Franklin county, Virginia, June 18, 1849; came to Wisconsin in May, 1853, and settled at Baraboo, where he has since resided; received a common school education, and also attended the state university at Madison; is by occupation a farmer and stockraiser. Is at present county bridge commissioner for the town of Freedom, school district clerk, and chairman of board of supervisors; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,163 votes, against 1,048 for W. F. Conger, republican, and 159 for B. U. Strong, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Delton, Dellona, Freedom, Excelsior, Reedsburg, Ironton, Westfield, Washington, Woodland, La Valle and Winfield. Population, 1885—14,412.

HENRY C. HUNT (Dem.), of Reedsburg, was born at Bradford, Pennsylvania, January 27, 1840; received a common school education; is by occupation a merchant; resided at

Limestone, Cattaraugus county, New York, from 1848 to 1854, when he removed to Wisconsin, and settled at Reedsburg, where he has since resided; was postmaster at Reedsburg from August 23, 1885 to May 23, 1890; has been town treasurer, member of village board, supervisor, etc.; was charter member and first commander of H. A. Tator Post, G. A. R., Reedsburg; his political sentiments are those of a Jeffersonian democrat; served in the army, having enlisted April 21, 1861, at Bloomington, Illinois, in the 20th Illinois Infantry, and was mustered out at Springfield, Illinois, June 24, 1864; was engaged in the battles of Frederickstown, Fort Donaldson and Shiloh, was made sergeant in April, 1862; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,233 votes, against 918 for Richardson, republican, and 130 for O. C. Blanchard, prohibitionist.

Shawano County.

(Except towns of Grant and Pella.)

Population, 1885—14,842.

OTTO OSCAR WIEGAND (Dem.), of Shawano, was born at Hika, Manitowoc county, July 9, 1890; received a common and normal school education; is by profession an editor and publisher; resided in Manitowoc county until 1883, when he removed to Tracy, Shawano county, where he resided until 1888, when he removed to Shawano, where he now resides; was town clerk of Washington from 1885 to 1888, and justice of the peace from 1886 to 1888; was a candidate for county clerk in 1888, but was defeated with the balance of the ticket; his political sentiments are democratic, tariff reform, anti-monopoly, equal rights to all; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving votes 1,665 against 1,218 for R. W. Jackson, republican.

Sheboygan County.

First District—The towns of Herman, Mosel, Rhine, Russel, Sheboygan and the city of Sheboygan. Population, 1885—18,621.

DENNIS T. PHALEN (Dem.), of Sheboygan, was born in Sheboygan county, April 29, 1856, where he has since resided; received a common school education; is by profession a lawyer. Taught school in Sheboygan county from 1876 to 1879, and devoted his leisure time to the study of law; read law in the office of Albert Phalen, at Sheboygan, during the year 1879, and was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1880; was elected district attorney of Sheboygan county in 1882, and re-elected in 1884; member of board of education from 1885 to 1888. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,641 votes, against 782 for Joseph G. End, republican, and 217 for John Reidel, socialist and labor.

Second District—The towns of Greenbush, Linden, Mitchell, Sheboygan Falls, and Plymouth, the city of Plymouth and village of Sheboygan Falls. Population, 1885—9,683.

ALLEN F. WARDEN (Dem.), of Plymouth, was born at Beloit, Rock county, Wis., March 20, 1852. His father, Allen Warden, was a member of the second constitutional convention of this state. At an early age his parents removed to Darlington, La Fayette county; graduated at the Wisconsin State University in 1873, and the same year removed to Plymouth; is by profession an editor; was principal of the Plymouth city schools until 1875, when he purchased the *Plymouth Reporter*, which he continued to edit until August last; was elected county superintendent of schools in 1881, and re-elected in 1884, and was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 795 votes, against 671 votes for Ervin Underhill, republican.

Third District—The towns of Holland, Lima, Scott, Sherman and Wilson. Population, 1885—10,397.

ALVAH ROMAINE MUNGER (Rep.), of Boltonville, was born August 3, 1842, at Marseilles, Illinois; came to Wisconsin in 1846, settled in Milwaukee county, remained there two years and removed to the town of Scott, Sheboygan county, in 1848, and has resided there ever since. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a farmer. Was town supervisor in 1876, '84 to '88, declining a renomination in 1889. Is at present a justice of the peace; has held various other town offices. Served three years in the army, enlisting in August, 1862, as a private in Company F, 27th regiment, Wisconsin volunteers; was detailed as a bugler by order of the colonel before leaving state, and held that position until mustered out at Gainesville, Texas, August 29, 1865. Participated in all the battles and skirmishes in which his regiment was engaged, including the siege of Vicksburg, battle of Jenkins' Ferry and actions around Spanish Fort, Ala., in 1865. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 682 votes, against 537 for Jacob Hoffman, democrat.

Trempealeau County.

Population, 1885—19,112.

MICHAEL J. WARNER (Dem.), of Elk Creek, was born in the county of Cork, Ireland, February 15, 1843. Educated in the common schools of Ireland and Wisconsin. Came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled near Friendship, Adams county, where he resided until 1866, when he removed to the town of Hale, Trempealeau county, where he has since resided. Has been supervisor of his town a number of years, town clerk four years and chairman of the town board nine years. Enlisted at Friendship, Adams county, August 15, 1862, in Company K, 25th Regt. Wis. Vols., and was discharged from service on account of disability on surgeon's certificate, August 33, 1863. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,500 votes against 1,371 for Alex. A. Arnold, republican, and 212 for G. W. Webb, prohibitionist.

Vernon County.

First District—The towns of Bergen, Coon, Christiana, Franklin, Genoa, Hamburg, Harmony, Jefferson, Sterling and Wheatland. Population, 1885—11,721.

BROWN OLSON (Rep.), of Westby, was born in Christiana, Vernon county, March 31, 1850, being the first white child born in that town; has always resided there; received a common school education and is by occupation a farmer; is chairman of his town, was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,014 votes, against 635 for Anton Von Ruden, democrat.

Second District—The towns of Clinton, Forest, Greenwood, Hillsboro, Kickapoo, Liberty, Stark, Union, Viroqua, Webster, Whitestown, and the city of Viroqua. Population, 1885—12,702.

EDGAR ENO (Rep.), of Valley; he was born at Bloomfield, Hartford county, Conn., September 25, 1841; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled at Forest; he entered the military service in 1861, in Co. I, 12th Wis. Vols., and served through the Vicksburg, Atlanta and Carolina campaigns, and was discharged at the close the war; was member of assembly in 1874, and elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,145 votes against 730 for Lars T. Larson, democrat, and E. W. Sandon, prohibitionist, 123.

Walworth County.

First District—The towns of Darien, Delavan, La Grange, Richmond, Sharon, Sugar Creek and Whitewater, excepting therefrom the village of Elkhorn. Population, 1885—13,692.

FERNANDO C. KIZER (Rep.), of Whitewater, Walworth county, was born in Stroudsburg, Monroe county, Pennsylvania, April 27, 1832; received his education at the Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Penn.; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and lived in Watertown one year; then moved to Whitewater and studied law in the office of the Hon. N. S. Murphey, until the war began, when he enlisted in the 3d Wis. Cav.; was the first lieutenant of Co. D; commissioned captain of the company, August, 1864; came home in March, 1865; was engaged in numerous fights in southwest Missouri, including Cane Hill, Prairie Grove; has held many local offices; was town clerk in 1860 and president of the village of Whitewater; city treasurer in 1885, and is now president of the Whitewater Investment and Improvement Association; was a member of the assembly in 1889 and re-elected in 1890, receiving 1,407 votes, against 620 for H. P. Fahr, democrat, and 207 for C. R. Treat, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Bloomfield, East Troy, Geneva, La Fayette, Linn, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Troy, Walworth and the village of Elkhorn and the city of Lake Geneva. Population, 1885—14,110.

JOSEPH S. MAXON (Rep.), of Walworth, was born in Adams, Jefferson county, N. Y., November 23, 1833; resided on one of the thousand islands until 1853 when he came to Wisconsin and settled at Walworth, where he has since resided. Received a business and collegiate education, graduating from the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital, Chicago, in 1875, and the Chicago Homeopathic Medical College in 1878. Is by profession a physician. Has never held a public office. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,537 votes, against 1,000 for Robert Whiting, democrat, and 172 for J. M. Fish, prohibitionist.

Washington County.

Population, 1885 — 23,692.

AUGUST KONRAD (Dem.) of Hartford, was born in Milwaukee, September 17, 1849, where he remained until 1855, when he removed to Hartford, where he has since resided; received a common school education; is by occupation a grain dealer; has been a member of the county board for six years; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 2,787 votes, against 1,640 for Dow Maxon, democrat.

Waukesha County.

First District — The towns of Brookfield, Lisbon, Menomonee, Muskego, New Berlin, Pewaukee and Waukesha and the village of Waukesha. Population, 1885 — 16,762.

ERNEST L. BULLARD (Dem.), of Waukesha, Wisconsin, was born on a plantation in Montgomery county, Virginia, April 19, 1859. The same year he came with his parents, to Waukesha county, Wisconsin, where he has since resided; is by profession a physician and surgeon, and is unmarried; began teaching school at the age of 17; graduated at Carroll college, and subsequently took a special course at the university of Wisconsin; studied medicine for one year with Hon. John A. Rice, M. D., of Hartland, Wisconsin, and then entered Rush Medical college, of Chicago, Illinois, graduating from this institution in 1883, and has since practiced his profession at Waukesha, where he served as health officer in 1887, '88, '89 and '90, has twice been elected county physician, and has been chosen member of village and county boards; is now surgeon for the Wisconsin Central and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroads; was appointed United States examining surgeon for pensions in 1885, resigning on being elected member of assembly, receiving 1,920 votes against 1,482 for Frank H. Putney, republican, and 99 for Solomon Vandewalker, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Delafield, Eagle, Genesee, Merton, Muckwanago, Ottawa, Oconomowoc, Summit and Vernon and city of Oconomowoc. Population, 1885 — 14,361.

OMAR L. ROSENKRANS (Rep.), of Oconomowoc, was born in Steuben county, New York, in 1843. Came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled at Columbus, where he attended the Columbus academy and high school, and afterwards the Rogersville Seminary at South Dansonville, N. Y. Received a common school and academic education. Is by occupation a manufacturing jeweler, also dealer in real estate and fancy live stock. Is engaged in many kinds of business. Is in the jewelry business at Milwaukee and Chicago, and in real estate at various localities. Enlisted August 18, 1862, as a private in 28th N. Y. battery and served until August, 1865, when he was honorably discharged. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,415 votes against 1,313 for M. Place, democrat, and 138 for Crawford, prohibitionist.

Waupaca County.

First District — The towns of Dayton, Farmington, Waupaca, Lind, Royalton, Weyauwega, Fremont, Caledonia, Little Wolf and the village of Weyauwega and the city of Waupaca. Population, 1885 — 11,524.

ALFRED R. LEA (Dem.), of Waupaca, was born in Oshkosh, Winnebago county, July 10, 1853; received a common school education; removed to Waupaca in 1863, where he now resides; is by occupation a merchant; was a member of the common council of Waupaca two terms, and mayor of the city in 1888 and '89; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,089 votes, against 909 for Harvey Randall, republican, and 125 for J. W. Evans prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Matteson, Larabee, Bear Creek, Dupont, Union, Helvetia, Iola, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Lebanon, the city of Clintonville, and the 1st, 2d, 4th and 5th wards of the city of New London, of the county of Waupaca, and the towns of Grant and Pella, in Shawano county. Population, 1885 — 15,603.

DAVID JENNINGS (Dem.), of Northport, Waupaca county, was born in Syracuse, New York, November 15, 1836; received a common school education; came to Wisconsin in 1857, and is by occupation a dealer in real estate and a lumberman; was elected chairman of the town of Mukwa, Waupaca county ten terms; was appointed one of the presidential electors for the ninth district in 1884, on the democratic ticket, and was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,567 votes, against 1,254 votes for Jacob Wipf, republican.

Waushara County.

Population, 1885 — 13,921.

CORNELIUS A. DAVENPORT (Rep.), of Auroraville, was born in the town of Antwerp, Jefferson county, New York, July 3, 1843; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer and cranberry grower; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Nepeuskun; removed to Waupun in 1853, and to Auroraville in 1859, where he has since resided, excepting two years at Wautoma in 1855 and 1856; was chairman of board of supervisors from 1874-77, and sheriff of Waushara county, 1885-86; enlisted in Co. H, 30th Wis. Inf. Vols., 1862, as a private, and served to October, 1865; was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,195 votes against 668 for Thomas H. Patterson, democrat, and 115 for H. N. Drake, prohibitionist.

Winnecago County.

First District—The first, second, fourth and fifth wards of the city of Oshkosh and town of Oshkosh. Population, 1885 — 16,939.

GUSTAV S. LUSCHER (Dem.), of Oshkosh, was born at Oshkosh, February 12, 1856, where he now resides. Received a common school education. Is by occupation an insurance agent. Was elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,715 votes, against 1,680 for John Banderob, republican, and 99 for H. P. Peterson, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Neenah, Clayton, Winchester, Winneconne, Vinland, Poygan, Wolf River and the city of Neenah. Population, 1885 — 12,832.

SAMUEL A. COOK (Rep.), of Neenah, was born in Ontario in 1849; removed to Wisconsin in 1856 and settled on a farm in Calumet county; received a common school education; is a lumberman; enlisted as a private in Company A, 2d Wisconsin cavalry, served under Gen. Custer, and was mustered out with regiment at the close of the war. Returning to his home he remained on the farm until 1872, when he went to Unity, Marathon county, and with a few hundred dollars earned by daily toil, began business in a small way by keeping a general store, and by close attention to business built up a large mercantile trade, and later on engaged in the manufacture of lumber. During his time at Unity he served as postmaster and treasurer for a number of years. Owing to ill-health in his family he removed to Neenah in 1881, where he has since resided, and engaged in the lumber business with Henry Sherry, and in 1887 with Mr. Sherry bought into the Neenah Paper Co., and he is now secretary and treasurer of the company; was elected mayor of Neenah in 1889, and elected to the assembly in 1890, receiving 1,326 votes, against 1,042 votes for John W. Tobey, democrat, and 63 votes for Lucius Webster, prohibitionist.

Third District—The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskun, Omro, Rushford, and Utica, and the Third and Sixth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1885 — 16,103.

WILLIAM FABER (Dem.), of Oshkosh, was born at the city of Oshkosh, January 3d, 1858; received a common school education; is by occupation a builder and contractor and proprietor of a stone quarry; was alderman of the 6th ward in 1888; was elected to assembly in 1890, receiving 1,529 votes, against 1,494 for R. H. Edwards, republican.

Wood County.

Population, 1885 — 14,388.

JOHN EDWARDS* (Dem.), of Port Edwards, was born in England, September 15, 1831; came to Wisconsin in 1832 and settled at Hazel Green, Grant county; went to California in 1851, and returned to Wisconsin in 1859, and settled at Port Edwards, where he has since resided; received a common school education; is a lumberman by occupation; has been school treasurer since 1860 (30 years); postmaster since 1864 (26 years); chairman of the town of Port Edwards since 1873; chairman of the county board 1884-85; delegate to national democratic convention at St. Louis in 1888, and state convention in 1890; was elected to assembly in 1890, receiving 1,657 votes against 1,360 for James W. Cameron, republican.

* Died at Madison, Wis., March 11, 1891.

RECAPITULATION.

Democratic members.....	66
Republican members.....	33
Union Labor member.....	1
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	100
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OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE W. PORTH, chief clerk of the assembly, of Milwaukee, Milwaukee county, was born at Milwaukee, January 4, 1857, where he has always resided. Received a common school education. Is by occupation a bookkeeper. Was chief clerk of the board of public works, Milwaukee, from 1877 to 1882, city clerk from 1882 to 1886, and city comptroller from 1886 to 1890. Was elected chief clerk of the assembly as a democrat, receiving 68 votes, against 32 for Walter L. Hauser, republican.

PATRICK WHALEN, sergeant-at-arms of the assembly, of De Pere, Brown county, was born in Ireland, April 13, 1852; is by occupation a railroad contractor; came with his parents to the United States, in 1852, and settled in the state of Illinois; came to Wisconsin in 1870, and has ever since resided in Brown county; has held numerous minor offices of trust; was elected sergeant-at-arms as a democrat, by a vote of 66 against 33 for John M. Ewing, republican.

GENERAL INDEX.

	Page.
Constitution of United States.....	3-8
amendments	9-11
history of	12
Wisconsin	13-30
amendments	31-33
Declaration of Independence.....	1-2
Jefferson's manual.....	35-73
Precedents and forms.....	74-86
Rules of practice, senate.....	87-92
assembly	93-101
joint	102-104
For names of members of legislature 1848-1889 inclusive, see pages.....	121-176
county officers	540-545
members of congress.....	184-185, 493
governors of state, state officers and judges.....	137-139, 516, 470-480
other states.....	514-515
U. S. government officials.....	467-511
Wisconsin National Guard.....	535-537
See index of names.....	633

A	Page.	ADJOURNMENT—Continued.	Page.
ABSENCE, not allowed without leave.....	41	both houses to agree, sec. 10, art. 4,	
provisions in case of.....	41	state con.....	16
leave to be obtained, senate rule 9.....	88	assembly rule 53.....	98
assembly rule 3.....	93	not in order for more than three days,	
committees not to be, without leave,		joint rule 37.....	104
senate rule 45.....	92	ADJUTANT GENERAL's department.....	520
assembly rule 25.....	95	aides to commander-in-chief.....	535
ACADEMIES, portion of income of school		ADMISSION of states and territories, date	
fund applied to support of (sub. 2)		of, into Union, and how formed.....	359
sec. 2, art. 10, state con.....	22	income.....	318
ACADEMY of Sciences, Arts and Letters..	534	state, society.....	530-531
ACCOUNTS, to be verified, joint rule 22.....	104	list of societies with officers in state,	
papers relating to, joint rule 22.....	104	aid to, in 1890.....	538-539
ACRES of land, in state by counties.....	334-335	ALIENS to possess and enjoy property	
grants by U. S. to corporations.....	379, 381	same as citizens, sec. 15, art. 1, state	
in public domain.....	378	con.....	14
vacant in U. S.....	381	number of, arriving in U. S. 1821-1890.....	377
indian reservations.....	380	ALLOTMENT Fund.....	321
ACTS, records and judicial proceedings of		ALPHABETICAL list of state senators, 1848	
each state entitled to faith and		to 1889.....	131-138
credit in other states, sec. 1, art. 4,		of 1891, with committees.....	558
U. S. con.....	7	assemblymen, 1848 to 1889.....	139-176
ACTIONS, to be continued as if no change		of 1891, with committees.....	559-560
in government, sec. 1, art. 14, state		statistical list of senators, 1891.....	553-554
con.....	24	assemblymen, 1891.....	555-557
ACCUSED, right of, to be heard, etc., sec.		AMENDMENTS, proceedings in relation	
7, art. 1, state con.....	13	to.....	58-59
ADDRESS, how presented.....	42	to U. S. constitution, how made, sec. 1,	
ADHERE, question discussed.....	65	art. 5, U. S. con.....	8
effect of a vote to.....	66	to state constitution, how made, sec. 1,	
should be submitted to conference be-		art. 12, state con.....	23
fore vote to.....	66		
ADJOURNMENT, motion for, cannot be		<i>The following amendments to consti-</i>	
amended.....	69	<i> tution have been ratified</i>	<i>31-33</i>
rules and regulations in respect to.....	69		
a question is removed by.....	60	<i>Appropriations, to be made before the</i>	
of the session, all unfinished business		<i> payment of money, sec. 2, art. 8.....</i>	<i>33</i>
falls.....	70	<i> none to be made except in certain</i>	
of the session, modes and manners dis-		<i> cases, sec. 2, art. 8.....</i>	<i>33</i>
cussed.....	69-70	<i>Assemblymen, chosen biennially, sec. 4,</i>	
to be declared by the speaker.....	70	<i> art. 4.....</i>	<i>31</i>
for more than three days by concur-		<i>Biennial election, to begin, sec. 1, art. 13</i>	<i>33</i>
rent votes.....	69	<i>Circuit court clerks, office of, author-</i>	
provision for disagreement respecting.	69	<i> ized, sec. 12, art. 7.....</i>	<i>32</i>
effect of, on business pending.....	70	<i> how chosen and term of office, sec.</i>	
motion for, when, senate rule 27.....	90	<i> 12, art. 7.....</i>	<i>32</i>

AMENDMENTS—Continued.	Page.
<i>Compensation</i> , of members of the legislature, sec. 21, art. 4	31
of governor, sec. 5, art. 5	32
of lieutenant governor, sec. 9, art. 5	32
<i>County officers</i> , how and when chosen, and term of office, sec. 4, art. 6	32
vacancies, how filled, sec. 4, art. 6	32
may be removed by governor, sec. 4, art. 6	32
<i>Criminal offence</i> , no person held to answer without process of law, sec. 8, art. 1	31
not to be put twice in jeopardy for same, sec. 8, art. 1	31
not to be compelled to be a witness against self in, sec. 8, art. 1	31
all persons bailable before conviction, sec. 8, art. 1	31
<i>Electors</i> , qualifications required, sec. 1, art. 3	31
<i>Governor</i> (see <i>Compensation</i>)	
<i>Habeas corpus</i> , writ of not to be suspended unless in cases of rebellion or invasion, sec. 8, art. 1	31
<i>Legislature</i> shall meet biennially, sec. 11, art. 4	31
<i>Local and special legislation</i> , prohibited in certain cases, sec. 31, art. 4	32
<i>Municipal indebtedness</i> , beyond 5 per centum prohibited, sec. 3, art. 11	33
<i>Perquisites</i> , none except salary to members of legislature, sec. 31, art. 4	32
<i>Political year</i> , to begin when, sec. 1, art. 13	13
elections, when held, sec. 1, art. 13	13
<i>Salary</i> (see <i>Compensation</i>)	
<i>Senate districts</i> , how formed and numbered, sec. 5, art. 4	31
<i>Senators</i> , how chosen and when, sec. 5, art. 4	31
<i>Sheriffs</i> , how elected and term of office, sec. 4, art. 6	32
to hold no other office and ineligible next term, sec. 4, art. 6	32
<i>Suffrage</i> , who are entitled to, sec. 1, art. 3	31
<i>Supreme court</i> , number of judges increased, sec. 4, art. 7	32
chief justice, who to be, sec. 4, art. 7	32
clerk, how appointed, sec. 12, art. 7	32
<i>Voters</i> , who are qualified, art. 3	31
what qualifications necessary, sec. 1, art. 3	31
registration of may be required, sec. 1, art. 3	31
how to be reported	51-52
fall on recommitment	52
in third degree not admissible	56
discussion of the nature and coherence of	53-59
speaker can not refuse to receive because inconsistent	58
may totally change the subject	58
if House refuse to strike out a paragraph it can not be amended	58
a new bill may be engrafted on another mode of procedure on, between the Houses	52
made in the committee of the Whole fall on reference	52
proposed, inconsistent with one adopted, may be put	58
may be amended prior to adoption, but not after	58
proposed, by striking out, and lost, can not be amended	58
not identical to one lost, may be proposed	58
by insertion, how far liable for further may be read, senate rule 31	90
on the third reading, how made, senate rule 41	91

AMENDMENTS—Continued.	Page.
assembly rule 89	101
by substitute, how made, senate rule 52	92
"dead-head" prohibited, assembly rule 30	96
joint rule 15	103
not germane, prohibited, assembly rule 31	96
in committee of the Whole, senate rule 34	91
assembly rule 81	100
when to be read, assembly rule 86	100
either house may amend, joint rule 15	103
APPOINTMENTS , to be made by the president, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.	6
same by governor, vacancies, sec. 9, art. 7	20
APPORTIONMENT of representatives in congress, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.	3
of senators and members of assembly, sec. 3, art. 4, state con.	15
first, of senators and members of assembly, sec. 12, art. 14, state con.	26
by congressional assembly and senatorial districts. (See map)	645-650
of congressmen by states, with basis of population, act of congress 1891	495
same on electoral vote	495
APPROPRIATION , made by resolution	49
APPROPRIATIONS , bills for, to be read at length, assembly rule 43	97
papers relating to, to be preserved, joint rule 22	104
by law, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
for army not to exceed two years, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
to be made before the payment of money, sec. 2, art. 8, state con.	23
none to be made except in certain cases to various charitable penal institutions 1839-1890, with balances on hand	321
September 30, 1890	324-325
AREA , of state, by counties	365
states	366
foreign countries	37-40
ARREST , definition of privilege from	37
privilege from, terminates with the session	37
ARMIES , congress to raise and support, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
ARMS , right of people to bear and keep	20
ARMY , troops engaged in civil and other wars of U. S.	381
survivors of	373
pensioners in state, and agents	371-373
ARTS AND SCIENCES , to be promoted, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
academy of	534
ASSAULTS and affrays in the House , how settled	47
settled	9
ASSEMBLY , people may (Amend 1)	9
ASSEMBLY , hour for meeting, assembly rule 1	93
journal to be printed, assembly rule 32	96
roll to be called, assembly rule 2	93
rules for government of	93-101
number of members of, sec. 2, art. 4, state con.	15
when and how chosen, sec. 4, art. 4, state con.	16
districts how to be bounded, sec. 4, art. 1, state con.	16
state divided into, sec. 12, art. 14, state con.	26
biographical sketches of, 1891	591-604
statistical list of members, 1891	553-557
employees for 1891	566-567
standing committees of, for 1891	562-563
alphabetical list of members with their committees	558-560
diagram of chamber	Front.
district map of, apportionment	Back.
speakers of	177

ASSEMBLY—Continued.	Page.		Page.
clerks of.....	178	BIENNIALY, assemblymen chosen, sec. 4, art. 4.....	31
newspaper reporters of.....	Diagram	BILLS for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives, sec. 7, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4
sergeant-at-arms of.....	179	before they become laws shall pass both Houses and be approved by the president; or if disapproved, shall be passed by two-thirds of each house, sec. 7, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4
the various territorial.....	116-124	not returned in ten days, to be laws when, sec. 7, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4
ASSEMBLYMEN to be chosen biennially, sec. 4, art. 4, state con.....	31	not to embrace more than one subject, sec. 18, art. 4, state con.....	16
1848 to 1890 inclusive.....	139-176	may originate in either house, sec. 19, art. 4, state con.....	16
list of, for 1891.....	556-558	action of the governor on, sec. 10, art. 5, state con.....	18
vote on, by districts, with pluralities, 1890.....	303-312	if vetoed, how to proceed, sec. 10, art. 5, state con.....	18
ASSESSMENT of property by state board.....	322-323	when become a law without governor's signature, sec. 10, art. 5, state con.....	18
ASSOCIATE JUSTICE of supreme court, vote on, 1889.....	264	engrossed, must not be looked into to be fairly written or speaker may refuse them.....	49
list of the.....	129-130, 470	reports on fall, if recommitted.....	52
governor may fill vacancy in office of, art. 7, sec. 9, state con.....	20	a particular clause may be committed, amendments to, how proceeded with.....	52
ATTAINDER, bill of, prohibited by congress, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5	amendments fail if referred to committee.....	52
prohibited to the states, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5	proceedings on second reading.....	53
of treason, shall not work corruption of blood or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted, sec. 3, art. 3, U. S. con.....	7	time for attacking or opposing.....	53
no bill of, to be passed, sec. 12, art. 1, state con.....	14	what constitutes possession.....	54
of treason, not to work corruption of blood, sec. 12, art. 1, state con.....	14	one bill may be engrafted on another, one house may pass with blanks to be filled in the other.....	59
ATTORNEY, suitors may prosecute and defend by, or in person, sec. 20, art. 7, state con.....	21	on third reading, committee on, assembly rule 26.....	95
ATTORNEY GENERAL, election of, and term of office, sec. 1, art. 6, state con.....	18	on third reading, forms observed.....	61
to be one of school land commissioners, sec. 7, art. 10, state con.....	23	may be committed.....	62
vote for, 1890.....	258	amended by riders.....	62
department, organization of.....	517	blanks filled.....	62
biographical sketch of.....	576	cannot be altered after passage.....	62
list of, Wisconsin territory.....	115	new, concerning their introduction.....	49
state.....	123	to receive three readings, etc.....	49
ATTORNEYS, district, in the state.....	542	how brought in on notice and leave.....	49
when and how chosen and term of office, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.....	18	force in introducing.....	49
U. S. DISTRICT, list of Wisconsin territory.....	115	not amended at first reading.....	49
state.....	470	proceedings on the second reading.....	50
of Wisconsin by counties.....	542	how and to whom committed.....	50-51
AUDITOR, secretary of state to be, sec. 2, art. 6, state con.....	18	shall be read twice before commitment.....	50
AYES and NOES, how questions are determined by.....	63	not to be referred to avowed opponents referred, may be delivered to any of the committee.....	50
no member to vote if not present.....	64	amendments between the houses, mode of proceeding.....	65-66
to be called, senate rule 48.....	92	by whom to be taken from house to house.....	67
assembly rule 59.....	98	may be specially commended to notice of the other house.....	68
absentees to be recorded, assembly rule 59.....	98	general process in passing.....	79-80
speaker to vote, assembly rule 13.....	94	how acted upon in committee of the Whole.....	81-82
B.			
BAIL, excessive, not required, amendments to U. S. con., art. 8.....	10	to hasten passage of.....	80
sec. 6, art. 1, state con.....	13	titles of.....	82
all persons bailable before conviction, etc., sec. 8, art. 1 state con.....	13	report of committee on, forms used.....	83
BANKRUPTCY Laws to be uniform, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5	enacting clause of, form required.....	83
BANK COMPTROLLERS, list of.....	128	rejected, course to be pursued.....	68
BANKS, state, condition of, January 5, 1891.....	326-330	if one house neglects a bill, the other may remind of it.....	68
BANKS AND BANKING ASSOCIATIONS, how may be incorporated, sec. 5, art. 11, state con.....	23	how to be enrolled, signed and presented to the president.....	68
how vote to be submitted to people, sec. 5, art. 11, state con.....	23	amendments can not be receded from or insisted on, by the amending house with a further amendment.....	66
BARLEY, bushels grown, by counties.....	402-403	or resolution when reported by committee, assembly rule 86.....	100
BETTING on election to disqualify an elector, sec. 6, art. 3, state con.....	15	amendment to an amendment has precedence over a motion to agree or disagree.....	66
BIENNIAL ELECTION, to begin, when, sec. 1, art. 13.....	33	amendment to amendments, how far admissible.....	66

GENERAL INDEX.

611

	Page.		Page.
CHIEF CLERK , election of, senate rule 11.....	88	CLAIMS —Continued.	
assembly rule 14.....	94	no prejudice to certain, sec. 3, art. 4,	
his general duties, senate rule 11.....	88	U. S. con.....	8
assembly rule 14.....	94	of the United States, or of the several	
no person to remain at table of, senate		states, not to be prejudiced by any	
rule 20.....	89	construction of the constitution,	
assembly rule 65.....	93	sec. 3, art. 4, U. S. con.....	8
papers not to be taken away from the		U. S. court of, with list of judges.....	467
table of, senate rule 11.....	88	joint committee on.....	563
assembly rule 14.....	94	CLERK , puts the question before election	
may appoint assistants, assembly rule		of speaker.....	42
15.....	94	to read standing.....	53
may correct certain errors, assembly		numbers the sections.....	60
rule 16.....	94	may correct his errors.....	67
to sign acts, assembly rule 17.....	94	CLERKS , county, list of.....	543
election of, general form used.....	76	CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT , list of Wis-	
compensation of, and of assistants.....	76	consin territory.....	115
general duties of, discussed.....	77-78	list of state.....	130
CHIEF CLERKS of legislatures since 1848.....	178	to be appointed by court, sec. 12, art.	
CHIEF JUSTICE , one of the justices of the		7, state con.....	20
supreme court shall be, sec. 7, art.		CLERKS OF CIRCUIT COURTS to be chosen	
7, state con.....	19, 33	in each county, sec. 12, art. 7, state	
powers vested in, sec. 2, art. 7, state con.	19	con.....	20
proposed constitutional amendment re-		if vacancy, judge to appoint, sec. 12,	
lating to.....	267	art. 7, state con.....	20
vote on.....	268	to take oath and give security, sec. 12,	
CHILDREN , school, number in state by		art. 7, state con.....	20-32
cities and counties, etc.....	549-551	list of, by counties.....	543
CHRONIC INSANE , amounts received by		CLERKS OF LEGISLATURE , list of the,	
counties for care of, 1882-1890.....	444-445	duties and compensation.....	77-78
weekly cost per capita, for care of.....	445	COASTING TRADE , regulations respecting,	
CIRCUIT COURTS of the United States.....	467	sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
of Wisconsin, with terms.....	471-480-651	COINS , congress to fix value of foreign,	
CIRCUIT JUDGES , to be judges of the su-		sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
preme court, sec. 4, art. 7, state con.	19	value of foreign, in U. S. money.....	374-375
to be elected for each circuit and to re-		COLLEGES , may be connected with uni-	
side therein, sec. 7, art. 7, state con.	19	versity, sec. 6, art. 10, state con.....	23
one of, to be designated as chief justice,		COLUMBIA AND SAUK COUNTY INDEMNITY	
sec. 7, art. 7, state con.....	19, 33	FUND.....	320
to be classified, sec. 8, art. 7, state con.	19	COMMANDER IN CHIEF , governor to be,	
vacancy, how filled, sec. 9, art. 7, state		sec. 4, art. 5, state con.....	17
con.....	20	staff of.....	535
not to be elected within thirty days of		president to be, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.	6
a general election, sec. 9, art. 7,		COMMERCE , congress to regulate, sec. 8,	
state con.....	20	art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
salary of, sec. 10, art. 7, state con.....	20	regulations respecting, sec. 9, art. 1,	
not to receive fees or hold any other		U. S. con.....	5
office, sec. 10, art. 7, state con.....	20	COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE , see Insur-	
who eligible, sec. 10, art. 7, state con.....	20	ance Commissioner.....	519
may hold courts for each other, sec. 11,		COMMISSIONERS , to revise and simplify	
art. 7, state con.....	20	rules of practice, to be appointed,	
may be removed from office, and how,		sec. 22, art. 7, state con.....	21
sec. 13, art. 7, state con.....	20	of school and university lands, who to	
official vote on, in 1st, 3d, 7th, 9th and		constitute board of, sec. 7, art. 10,	
14th circuits.....	265-266	state con.....	23
list of, with circuits, 1853-1891.....	150	to take security on land sold, sec. 8,	
same, 1891, with terms of court.....	471-480	art. 10, state con.....	23
CIRCUITS, JUDICIAL , United States, with		to execute conveyances, sec. 8, art. 10,	
list of judges.....	467	state con.....	23
state, map of circuits.....	Back	may withhold lands from sale, sec. 8,	
CITIES , legislature to organize and re-		art. 10, state con.....	23
strict powers of, sec. 3, art. 9, state		shall invest school and university funds,	
con.....	23	sec. 7, art. 10, state con.....	23
value of lots in, and villages, 1890.....	324	of immigration, list of.....	129
principals of high schools of.....	546-547	insurance, list of.....	129
city superintendents of.....	548	vote on 1890.....	260
number of school children in, teachers		railroad, list of.....	129
required, etc.....	549	vote on, 1890.....	260
CITIZENS AND ALIENS equal as to posses-		state prison, list of.....	129
sion and enjoyment of property,		of fisheries.....	526
sec. 13, art. 1, state con.....	14	COMMISSIONS , to be granted by the presi-	
of each state, shall be entitled to the		dent, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
privileges and immunities of citi-		COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE , explained and	
zens in the several states, sec. 2,		discussed.....	81
art. 4, U. S. con.....	7	great matters usually referred to.....	43
who are, 14th amendment to U. S. con.	10	power of, over a bill.....	50
CIVIL ACTIONS , to be continued as if no		has entire control over a report com-	
change in government, sec. 1, art.		mitted.....	50
14, state con.....	24	dissolved by a report.....	43-51
CLAIMS , accounts to be verified, joint		how revised.....	43-51
rule 22.....	104	may be discharged from instructions.....	65
papers relating to, to be preserved,		when may sit during recess.....	70
joint rule 23.....	104	effect of a reference to, when a bill has	
		been amended in committee of.....	53

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE—Continued Page.	
may elect chairman	43
if in great disorder, speaker may resume chair	43
manner of doing business in, in senate	52-53
proceedings in	48, 50-51
irregularly dissolved	43
can not adjourn	43
report proceedings	51
subjects which have passed through, may be referred to special	52
particulars which attach to	53
chairman of, senate rule 5	87
assembly rule 78	100
amendments in, senate rule 31	91
rules of, senate rule 33	91
assembly rule 82	100
reports of, assembly rule 84	100
"dead-heads" in, prohibited, assembly rule 30	96
joint rule 15	103
chairman of, to preserve order, assembly rule 83	100
COMMITTEES, state central, of various political parties	
of senate, for 1891	561
of assembly, 1891	562
joint for 1891	563
list of members alphabetically arranged with	558-560
how constituted, senate rule 13	88
assembly rule 19	95
joint rule 8	102
not to be absent, senate rule 45	92
assembly rule 20	95
select, assembly rule 25	95
majority and minority report of, senate rule 10	88
to recite title in reports, assembly rule 24	106
of conference, joint rule 10	102
on enrolled bills, may report at any time, senate rule 46	92
assembly rule 29	96
joint senate rule 13	89
assembly rule 20	95
joint rule 8	102
chairman of joint, joint rule 23	104
can not inquire concerning their members	43
must not sit when the house is in session	42-43
may elect chairman	42
manner of proceeding in	42-43
members of the House may be present at their sittings	50
can not reconsider and alter their own votes	51
how shall report amendments	51
can not sit in recess after congress has expired	70
a member elect, not returned, may be appointed on	39
standing	42
forms and proceedings in	42-50
joint, how they act	43
who shall compose	50
how appointed in senate	50
time and place for meeting of	50
majority of, to constitute a quorum	50
COMMON FAME, a ground for proceeding	44
COMMON LAW, recognized and established, 7th amendment to U. S. con	9
to continue part of the law of the state, sec. 13, art. 14, state con	28
COMMON SCHOOLS (see "Schools," School Census) sec. 3, art. 10, state con	23
COMMUNICATIONS, confidential, to be kept secret	70
COMPENSATION of members of legislature	75
of officers and employees	75-76-77
of governor, lieutenant-governor and state officers	516

COMPENSATION—Continued. Page.	
of members of legislature, sec. 21, art. 4, state con	10-32
extra, never to be granted by legislature, sec. 29, art. 4, state con	17-31
of members of congress and employees	494
of public officers, not to be increased or diminished, sec. 29, art. 4, state con	17
of governor, sec. 5, art. 5, state con	17, 32
of lieutenant-governor, sec. 9, art. 5, state con	18, 32
COMPTROLLERS, BANK, list of	128
CONCILIATION, courts of, their powers, sec. 16, art. 7, state con	21
CONFERENCES, common, to have two before vote to adhere	66
can not alter anything upon which the houses have agreed	66
discussion of the nature and occasion of	66-67
report of, can not be amended or altered papers left with conferees of house agreeing to	67
when, by which house, and at what stages to be asked	67
CONGRESS, senators and representatives in, from Wisconsin since 1848	184-185
delegates to, from Wisconsin territory	184
members of 52d	490-493
biographical sketches of	570-574
salaries of members and officers of	494
recapitulation of (politics)	494
apportionment of, act of congress, 1891	495
vested with power, sec. 1, art. 1, U. S. con	3
may alter the regulations of the state legislatures concerning elections of senators and representatives, except as to place of choosing senators, sec. 4, art. 1, U. S. con	4
shall assemble once every year, sec. 4, art. 1, U. S. con	4
officers of government cannot be members of, sec. 6, art. 1, U. S. con	4
may provide for cases of removal, death, etc., of president and vice-president, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con	6
may determine the time of choosing electors of president and vice-president, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con	6
may invest the appointment of inferior officers, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con	6
may establish courts inferior to the supreme courts, sec. 1, art. 3, U. S. con	7
may declare the punishment of treason, sec. 3, art. 3, U. S. con	7
may prescribe the manner of proving the acts and records of each state, sec. 1, art. 4, U. S. con	7
to assent to the formation of new states, sec. 3, art. 4, U. S. con	7
may propose amendment to the constitution, or call a convention, art. 5, U. S. con	8
to lay and collect duties, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con	5
to borrow money, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con	5
to regulate commerce, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con	5
to establish uniform laws of bankruptcy and naturalization, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con	5
to coin money, to regulate the value of coin, and fix a standard of weights and measures, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con	5
to punish counterfeiting, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con	5
to constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court, section 8, art. 1, U. S. con	5

CONGRESS—Continued.	Page.	CONSTITUTION OF WISCONSIN—Con.	Page.
to define and punish piracies, felonies on high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations, section 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	judiciary	18
to establish post-offices and post roads, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	finance	21
to authorize patents to authors and inventors, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	eminent domain and property of the state	22
to declare war, grant letters of marque, and make rules concerning captures, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	education	23
to raise and support armies, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	corporations	23
to provide and maintain a navy, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	amendments	23
to make rules for the government of the army and navy, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	miscellaneous provisions	24
to call out the militia in certain cases, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	schedule	24
to organize, arm and discipline militia, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	resolutions	25
to exercise exclusive legislation over seat of government, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	signers of	30
to pass laws necessary to carry the enumerated powers into effect, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	amendments to	31-33
to dispose of and make rules concerning the territory or other property of the United States, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.	7	vote on amendment to, relating to chief justice supreme court	267
president may convene and adjourn, in certain cases, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.	7	CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS, 1846	125
CONGRESSIONAL, map of districts, see. Back districts, sec. 10, art. 14, state con.	26	1847-8	126
vote in Wisconsin 1890, by counties, towns, etc.	269-302	length of, and number of members	180
basis of apportionment, act of congress, 1891.	495	CONSULAR SERVICE, Diplomatic and	496
CONGRESSMEN, vote for, by congressional districts, by counties, towns, cities and election precincts with summary	259-302	list of consuls, agents, etc., alphabetically arranged by cities	497-511
first congressional district	259-271	clerks	511
second congressional district	272-274	foreign legislations in U. S.	512-513
third congressional district	274-277	CONTESTANTS of SEATS, entitled to certain privileges, assembly rule 4.	93
fourth congressional district	277-278	CONTRACTS, no law impairing, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
fifth congressional district	279-281	state not to pass law impairing obligations of, sec. 12, art. 1, state con.	14
sixth congressional district	282-285	no member of the legislature or state officer to be interested in certain, sec. 25, art. 4, state con.	17
seventh congressional district	285-289	CONVENTION, joint, proceedings in, joint rule 24.	104
eighth congressional district	289-295	CONVENTIONS, constitutional, of 1846-47-48.	125, 126, 180
ninth congressional district	295-302	for proposing amendments to constitution, sec. 1, art. 5, U. S. con.	8
pluralities of, with vote on governor.	271, 74, 77, 78, 81, 85, 89, 95, 302	CONVICTION not to work corruption of blood, sec. 12, art. 1, state con.	14
CONSCIENCE, rights of, sec. 18, art. 1, state con.	14	CORN, bushels of, grown by counties 402-403	
CONSTITUTION OF UNITED STATES	3-8	CORONERS, list of, in Wisconsin.	544
amendments to	9-11	when and how chosen, term of office, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.	18
history of amendments to	12	CORPORATIONS not to be created by special act except in certain cases, sec. 1, art. 11, state con.	23
signers of	8	banking, how may be incorporated, sec. 5, art. 11, state con.	23
laws and treaties, supreme law, art. 6, operative by the ratification of nine states, art. 7	7	laws relating to, may be altered or repealed, sec. 1, art. 11, state con.	23
CONSTITUTION OF WISCONSIN	13-30	legislature to provide for incorporating villages and to restrict their powers, sec. 3, art. 11, state con.	23
how amended, sec. 1, art. 12	23	chief grants of land to	381
oath to support, by whom to be taken, sec. 28, art. 4	17	Cost of various state institutions.	420
copy of, to be forwarded to the president, sec. 8, art. 14, state con.	25	COUNSEL, may be heard on private bills and law points.	44
when to be submitted for ratification or rejection, sec. 8, art. 14, state con.	25	COUNT, of the House may be called.	62-64
who entitled to vote for or against, sec. 9, art. 14, state con.	25	COUNTERFEITING, congress to provide for the punishment of, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
preamble	13	COUNTIES, alphabetical list of, with county seats and distance from capitol.	540
declaration of rights	13	acres of land in and area	324-325
boundaries	14	principal farm products grown in.	402-404
suffrage	15	census by, 11th U. S.	407-417
legislative	15	real estate and total valuation of all property in (1890)	324
executive	17	to be but one system of government for, sec. 23, art. 4, state con.	17
administrative	18	when not to be divided except by vote of the people, sec. 7, art. 13, state con.	24
		COUNTY OFFICERS	540-545
		clerks	541
		coroners	544
		courts, judicial power vested in, sec. 2, art. 7, state con.	19
		district attorneys	542
		judges	543
		how elected and term of office, sec. 14, art. 7, state con.	20
		probate office of, may be abolished, sec. 14, art. 7, state con.	20

COUNTY OFFICERS—Continued.		Page.	DEBATE—Continued.		Page.
how and when elected, sec. 9, art. 13, state con.	24, 33		forms and proprieties to be observed, 45-47		
vacancies in, how filled, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.	33		the speaker not allowed to engage in, except on points of order	46	
register of deeds	543		proceedings of the house not to be censured	46	
may be removed by governor, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.	33		personalities to be prohibited	46	
sheriffs	540		motives not to be arraigned	46	
superintendents, salary and P. O. address	545		violation of order in, to be suppressed by the speaker	46	
supervisors, legislature may confer certain legislative powers upon boards, sec. 23, art. 4, state con.	17		disorderly words in, not noticed until the member has finished	47	
surveyors	543		disorderly words, when taken down	47	
treasurers and salary	541		proceedings of the House not to be noticed in	47	
COUNTY SEATS, with mileage from capitol (Madison)	540		members concerned or implicated by the subject ought to withdraw	47	
how to be removed, sec. 8, art. 13, state con.	24		when question is under, order of motions, assembly rule 52	98	
COURT, Supreme, of United States	437-463		how to address the presiding officer in, senate rule 16	89	
its original and appellate jurisdiction, sec. 2, art. 3, U. S. con.	7		assembly rule 47	97	
list of judges, with title, term of service, etc.	468		speaking out of place prohibited, assembly rule 50	97	
claims (U. S.)	467		when two members rise, senate rule 18	97	
district (U. S.)	469		assembly rule 48	97	
circuit (U. S.)	467		call to order while speaking, senate rule 17	97	
district for Wisconsin	469-470		assembly rule 49	97	
supreme of Wisconsin	470		not to speak more than twice, senate rule 19	89	
circuit, of Wisconsin, with terms	471-480		assembly rule 50	97	
powers vested in, sec. 2, art. 7, state con.	19		DEBT, public, of U. S.	367	
inferior to the supreme court, may be ordained by congress, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5		of state	313	
inferior to the supreme court, may be ordained by congress, sec. 1, art. 3, U. S. con.	7		of nations	367	
of conciliation, sec. 16, art. 7, state con.	20		DEBTS, against the confederation to be valid, sec. 1, art. 6, U. S. con.	8	
COVERED, when members are to be	69		no imprisonment for, sec. 16, art. 1, state con.	14	
Cows, MILCH, number of, in state by counties	402-403		public, when, how and for what purpose contracted, sec. 6, art. 8, state con.	21	
CRIMES, persons accused of, fleeing from justice, may be demanded, sec. 2, art. 4, U. S. con.	7		DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE	1-2	
how to be tried, sec. 2, art. 3, U. S. con.	7		DECLARATION OF RIGHTS, art. 1, state con.	13	
no person to answer for, except when, sec. 8, art. 1, state con.	13, 31		DECORUM, points of (see debate)	45-47	
committed under territory, prosecuted under state, sec. 4, art. 14, state con.	25		DEEDS, registers of, how chosen and term of offices, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.	18	
CRIMINAL OFFENSE, no person held to answer without process of law, amendment to sec. 8, art. 1, state con.	31		list of	543	
not to be twice put in jeopardy for same, amendment to sec. 8, art. 1, state con.	31		DEFAMATORY publications, breach of privilege	38	
not to be compelled to be a witness against self in, amendment to sec. 8, art. 1, state con.	31		DEFAULTERS, ineligible to office, sec. 3, art. 13, state con.	24	
all persons bailable before conviction, sec. 1, art. 8, state con.	31		DEFECT OF HEIRS, lands shall escheat to state, sec. 3, art. 9, state con.	22	
CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS, proceedings in case, how carried on, sec. 2, art. 3, U. S. con.	7		DELEGATES to congress from Wisconsin territory	194	
same, sec. 17, art. 17, state con.	21		DELINQUENT TAX FUND, its amount and nature	319	
commenced under territorial government to be continued, sec. 4, art. 14, state con.	25		DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE	386	
CULTIVATED GRASSES, tons of, by counties	402-403		platform, national and state	391-394	
CUSTOMS, precedents and forms	74-86		DENTAL EXAMINERS, board of	524	
			DEPARTMENTS OF STATE GOVERNMENT, organization of	516-521	
			lists of various heads of the	127-129, 516	
			executive	516	
			state	516-517	
			treasury	517	
			law	517	
			educational	518	
			railroad	519	
			insurance	519	
			public lands	519	
			public property	521	
			bureau of labor statistics	519	
			adjutant general	520	
			quarter-master general	520	
			treasury agent	519	
			miscellaneous	522	
			DEPOSIT FUND	319	
			DIAGRAM of assembly and senate chambers	Front.	
			DIPLOMATIC OFFICERS, United States	496-511	
			DISBURSEMENTS and receipts, aggregate	313	
			general fund	314	

D.

DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION	531
DEAF, school for education of	452
view of school	113
DEBATE, no one to speak impertinently, superfluously or tediously	46

DISORDER , members creating, proceedings	46-47
in committee of the Whole, speaker to resume chair if great	43
DISORDERLY WORDS , how and when taken down	47
DISTRIBUTION of income of school fund, sec. 5, art. 10, state con.	22
DISTRICT ATTORNEYS , how chosen and term of office, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.	18
list of, and salary	542
of United States, with list of judges	470
DISTRICT COURTS , United States	469-470
DISTRICTS , assembly, how to be bounded, sec. 4, art. 4, state con.	16
congressional apportionment of, sec. 14, art. 10, state con.	26
school, to be established by law, sec. 3, art. 10, state con.	22
senate and assembly, first apportionment of, sec. 12, art. 14, state con.	26
map of apportionment, 1891	Back
DIVISION , when called for, senate rule 30	90
assembly rule 61	98
of the House, practice in ascertaining of questions discussed	62-64
DIVORCES , legislature not to grant, sec. 24, art. 4, state con.	17
DOORS , rules respecting their being closed	48
ought not to be shut, to be kept by person appointed	48
DRAINAGE FUND , amount and nature of	319
DRAWING seats in the assembly	76
DUEL , challenge to, breach of privilege	38
DUELING , persons engaged in, disqualified to vote, sec. 2, art. 13, state con.	24
DUTIES of Board of Supervision	446-447
Board of Charities and Reform	443
of officers and employees of legislature	77
DUTIES (imposts), to be laid by congress, and to be uniform, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
further provisions respecting, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
cannot be laid by the states, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
on exports prohibited, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
on imports and exports imposed by the states shall inure to the treasury of the United States, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.	5

E.

EDUCATION , how provided for, art. 10, state con.	22
EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	423-442
EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT , vote in, by counties, towns, cities, etc	289-295
summary of, with plurality and vote on governor	295
ELECTION PRECINCTS , number in state by counties, 1890	202
ELECTION STATISTICS in Wisconsin from 1848 to 1888	193-312
electoral vote for president by states, 1860-1888	263
popular vote with pluralities, 1884-1888	194-195
popular vote 1880-1886	196-198
summary of popular and electoral vote	199-201
vote given for state officers in 1890	256-261
gubernatorial votes for 1890 by towns, with pluralities	202-253

ELECTION STATISTICS—Continued.	Page.
presidential vote for 1888 by towns, with pluralities	202-253
popular vote for president, 1886 to 1888	196-198
congressional vote 1890, by counties, towns, cities, etc.	299-302
summary of gubernatorial votes, 1848 to 1888	262
same, and congressional, 1890	271
same, 274, 277, 278, 281, 285, 289, 295, 302	
same, assemblymen	306-312
same, senators	303-305
presidential and gubernatorial vote 1888 and 1890 compared, with population by towns	202-253
judicial, associate justice	264
circuit judges	265-266
on constitutional amendment	268
by counties, presidential, 1884 and 1888	254
ratio of gubernatorial, 1888 to 1890	255
ELECTION , time, place and manner of holding	40
of members, to be judged by each house	40
governor may issue writs of, sec. 14, art. 4, state con.	16
how conducted by legislature, sec. 30, art. 4, state con.	17
general, when held, sec. 1, art. 13, state con.	24
first, how to be conducted, secs. 9-11, art. 14, state con.	25
of senators and representatives, sec. 4, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
qualifications and returns of members of congress, how determined, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
of U. S. senator, provisions of R. S. U. S.	105-106
proceedings on, in 1891	570
ELECTORAL vote in Wisconsin, 1848-1888	263
and popular vote, 1789 to 1888	199
ELECTORS , presidential, in Wisconsin, since 1848	183
qualifications of, art. 3, state con.	15
qualifications required of, amend. section 1, art. 3, state con.	31
in each of the states	368-369
who disqualified from being, secs. 2-6, art. 3, state con.	15
residing on Indian lands, where to vote, sec. 5, art. 13, state con.	24
of president and vice president, how chosen, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.	6
duties of president and vice president, 12th amendment of U. S. con.	10
of president and vice-president, to vote the same day throughout the United States, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.	6
no senator or representative or public officer shall serve as president, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.	6
EMPLOYEES and officers senate, 1891	564-565
assembly, 1891	566-567
of legislature allowed by law	76-77
duties of employees of legislature	76-77
ENACTING CLAUSE, how provided for, sec. 17, art. 4, state con.	16
ENGROSSED BILL, not to be looked into	45
ENUMERATION of INHABITANTS (See CENSUS), every ten years, sec. 2, art. 1, U. S. con.	3
of inhabitants, provided for, sec. 3, art. 4, state con.	15
census, 1890, 11th U. S., by counties, towns, etc.	407-417
EQUITY , how testimony taken in, sec. 19, art. 7, state con.	21
EQUIVALENT QUESTIONS discussed	60-61
ERROR , writs of, not to be prohibited, sec. 21, art. 1, state con.	41

GENERAL INDEX.

617

	Page.
GOVERNORS, Wisconsin Territorial and State, list of	115, 127
list of in U. S.	514-515
lieutenant, list of	127
vote for (summary), from 1848-1890....	232
GRANT of lands, reserving rent, duration limited, sec. 14, art. 1, state con....	14
of lands not to be prejudiced, sec. 2, art. 2, state con.	15
to various railroads.....	370-381
GRASSES cultivated, tons of, raised in state by counties.....	402-403
GREAT SEAL, legislature to provide and who to keep, sec. 4, art. 8, state con.....	24
GRANGE, Wis. State.....	533
GUBERNATORIAL VOTE for 1890, by towns, wards, etc.....	202-253
compared with presidential of 1888.	202-253
summary of, 1848 to 1890.....	262
ratio of, in 1888 to the, in 1890.....	255
by counties.....	256
with congressional (see SUMMARY).	

H.

HABEAS CORPUS, writ of, can only be suspended in cases of rebellion or invasion; sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con....	5
privileges not suspended, sec. 8, art. 1, state con.....	13
writ of, not to be suspended, unless in cases of rebellion or invasion, amendment to sec. 8, art. 1, state con.....	13, 31
HATS to be taken off	47
HEADS OF BUREAUS U. S. government departments.....	481-489
HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS, state board of.....	523
HIGH SCHOOLS (See FREE).	
HIGHWAYS, certain rivers to be common, sec. 1, art. 9, state con.....	22
HISTORICAL SKETCH OF WISCONSIN....	109-114
HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WISCONSIN....	529-530
HISTORY of amendments to U. S. con....	12
HOLIDAYS, legal in state.....	385
HOPS, pounds grown in counties.....	402-403
HORSES, number in state by counties	404
HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.....	532
HOSPITALS for the INSANE, Wisconsin state	450
views of	after 450
northern	451
views of	after 451
HOUSE, division of, how ascertained....	62, 64
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, speakers of list of members of 53d congress....	490-493
salaries of members, etc	494

I.

ILLITERACY, statistics of.....	377
ILLUMINATING OILS, supervisor of, inspectors of, and districts.....	525
ILLUSTRATIONS of various institutions, etc., see "Illustrations."	Front.
IMMIGRATION, state commissioners of	129
IMMIGRATION INTO U. S., from 1877 to 1890, with nativity	376
same, with number of aliens 1831-1890	377
IMPEACHMENT, sketch of law respecting to be brought by house of representatives, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con....	3
tried by the senate, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con	3
judgment on, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con. all civil officers liable to, sec. 4, art. 2, U. S. con	4
	7

IMPEACHMENT-Continued.	Page.
house of representatives to have power, sec. 1, art. 7, state con....	18
IMPORTATION of SLAVES, not prohibited till 1808, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con	5
IMPRISONMENT for DEBT, on contract not to be, sec. 16, art. 1, state con.....	14
INDEBTEDNESS OF STATE	313
INDEMNITY LAND FUND.....	321
INDEPENDENCE, declaration of.....	1-2
INDIANS, when qualified electors, sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	15
INDIAN RESERVATIONS, size, location and population of, in various states, etc.	380
INDICTMENT, how to conclude, sec. 17, art. 7, state con	21
INFAMOUS CRIMES to preclude right of suffrage, sec. 6, art. 3, state con	15
to preclude right to hold office, sec. 3, art. 13, state con	24
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS FOR BOYS.....	456
views of	after 176
for girls	459
views of	after 128
INQUIRY or accusation, common fame a ground for	44
INSANE, state hospital for.....	450
northern hospital for.....	451
persons disqualified from voting, sec. 2, art. 3, state con	15
amounts received by counties for care of chronic, 1882-1890	444-445
weekly cost of care of, 1881-1890.....	445
movement of	449
average population and cost	448
statistics of, under treatment....	448-449
number under public charge in state from 1881-1890	448
INSIST, question discussed.....	61
effect of vote to	61
INSPECTORS of illuminating oils, state supervisor of	525
and districts	525
INSURANCE COMMISSIONER	517, 518
vote on, 1890	260
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, organization of	518
INTEREST LAWS, of various states and territories	264
INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS, not to contract debt for, section 10, art. 8, state con	22
state to sell lands granted in aid of (Resolution).....	29
INTERNAL REVENUE (U. S.) districts in Wisconsin	406
INVESTIGATION, process and forms....	83-84
INVESTMENT of trust funds.....	316-321
IRON ORE, tons of shipped from docks in 1890.....	405

J.

JEFFERSON'S MANUAL.....	35-73
senate rule 53.....	92
assembly rule 96	101
joint rule 26	104
JOINT COMMITTEES, senate and assembly, 1889.....	563
JOINT CONVENTION, proceedings in, joint rule 24.....	104
who to preside over, joint rule 24.....	104
who to act as clerk, joint rule 24.....	104
JOURNAL of LEGISLATURE, to be published, section 10, art. 4, state con..	16
shall be kept by each house	69
of each house to be published	69
shall show every vote.....	69
to contain a brief statement of every petition, paper, etc., presented....	69
titles of bills and parts affected by amendments to be inserted on.....	69

JOURNAL OF LEGISLATURE—Continued. Page.	Page.
what question to be entered on	69
a record in law	69
subject to examination	69
directions as to making up	69
either house may notice and inspect, of the other	69
how it may be amended	69
JUDGES, election, term of office, etc., sec. 7, art. 7, state con.	19
may be removed, sec. 13, art. 7, state con.	20
when governor may appoint, sec. 9, art. 7, state con.	20
shall hold their office during good be- havior, sec. 1, art. 3, U. S. con.	7
compensation of, sec. 1, art. 3, U. S. con.	7
United States supreme.	467
with term of service, etc.	468
circuit	467
district	469
for Wisconsin	469-470
supreme, of Wisconsin.	129-130, 471
territorial.	115
circuit of Wisconsin.	130, 471-480
county, and salary	540
JUDICIAL VOTE, associate justice, 1889.	264
circuit judges, 1st, 3d, 7th, 8th, 9th and 14th circuits.	265-266
constitutional amendment, relating to chief justice supreme court.	267-268
JUDICIAL CIRCUITS, division of, sec. 5, art. 7, state con.	19
limits may be altered, sec. 6, art. 7, state con.	19
judge to be chosen from each, sec. 7, art. 7, state con.	19
when judge may hold court in other, sec. 11, art. 7, state con.	20
United States.	467
Wisconsin, with terms.	467, 471-480
JUDICIAL OFFICERS, in relation to im- peachment of, sec. 1, art. 7, state con.	19
JUDICIAL POWER, where vested, sec. 2, art. 7, state con.	19
legislature may vest, in certain persons, sec. 23, art. 7, state con.	21
vested in supreme courts and courts in- ferior, sec. 1, art. 3, U. S. con.	7
of the judiciary, sec. 2, art. 3, U. S. con.	7
restrictions as to suits against a state, 11th amendment to U. S. con.	10
JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS, of each state are entitled to faith and credit in every state, sec. 1, art. 4, U. S. con.	7
JUDICIARY, U. S. supreme court	467-468
circuit courts.	467
district courts.	469-471
in Wisconsin.	470-480
Wisconsin supreme court	470
circuit courts.	471-480
JUDICIAL TRIBUNALS, inferior to supreme court, may be created, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
JURY, right of trial by, and how waived, sec. 5, art. 1, state con.	13
when may determine law and facts, sec. 3, art. 1, state con.	13
JURY TRIAL, secured and shall be held in the state where the crime shall have been committed, sec. 2, art. 3, U. S. con.	7
further regulated, 6th amendment to U. S. con.	9
secured in suits at common law where the value in controversy shall ex- ceed twenty dollars, 7th amend- ment to U. S. con.	9
JUSTICE, how it shall be obtained, sec. 9, art. 1, state con.	13
department of U. S.	419
JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, judicial powers vested in, term of office, sec. 15, art. 1, state con.	14
JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT, Wis- consin.	129-130-470
vote on.	264
L.	
LABOR PARTY, UNION, platforms.	397-398
central committee	386
LABOR STATISTICS, bureau of	518
LAND, tenure of, etc., sec. 14, art. 1, state con.	14
title in territory to vest in state, sec. 2, art. 9, state con.	22
no change of title, sec. 1, art. 14, state con.	24
granted to state, how disposed of (res- olutions)	29
chief grants of, to corporations.	379-381
number of acres of, public domain	378
vacant, in U. S.	381
Indian reservations	389
in state	389
LAND OFFICES, in U. S., by states and territories	324-325
LANDS, school and university, how pro- ceeds used, sec. 2, art. 10, state con.	22
LARCENY, persons guilty of, disfran- chised, sec. 6, art. 3, state con.	15
LARGEST SUM, question first put.	56
LAW, what is declared supreme, sec. 1, art. 6, U. S. con.	8
common, recognized and established, 7th amendment to U. S. con.	9
common, now in force, to continue, sec. 13, art. 14, state con.	28
department of state government, or- ganization of.	517
of university	429
LAWS, president to see them faithfully executed, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.	7
how passed, art. 4, state con.	15
<i>ex post facto</i> , not to be passed, sec. 3, art. 4, state con.	14
style of, sec. 17, art. 4, state con.	16
not to be enacted, except by bill, sec. 17, art. 4, state con.	16
local, not to embrace but one subject, sec. 18, art. 4, state con.	16
not in force, till published, sec. 21, art. 7, state con.	21
what to be passed by yeas and nays, sec. 8, art. 8, state con.	21
of territory, when to expire, sec. 2, art. 14, state con.	24
LEASES, of agricultural lands, time lim- ited, sec. 14, art. 1, state con.	14
LEGAL HOLIDAYS, in state.	385
LEGATIONS, of U. S. abroad	496
CONSULS, agents, etc.	497-511
LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS (See "Legislature") powers, where vested, sec. 1, art. 4, state con.	15
powers vested in congress (See "Con- gress")	15
sessions, territorial sessions, length of, and number of members.	180
length of, and number of members since 1848	180-182
vote by senate and assembly districts, with pluralities 1888-1890, with pop- ulation 1835	303-312
LEGISLATURE, when to meet and organ- ize	74
the number of members, sec. 2, art. 4, state con.	15
powers and duties of, art. 4, state con.	15
who eligible to, sec. 6, art. 4, state con.	16

GENERAL INDEX.

619

LEGISLATURE—Continued.	Page.
each house of, to be judge, sec. 7, art. 4, state con.	16
to determine rules, sec. 8, art. 4, state con.	16
to choose officers, sec. 8, art. 4, state con.	16
to publish journal, sec. 10, art. 4, state con.	16
where and how often to meet, amendment to sec. 5, art. 4, state con.	16-31
members of, not to be appointed to civil offices, sec. 12, art. 4, state con.	16
who ineligible to, sec. 13, art. 4, state con.	16
how members of, to vote in elections, sec. 30, art. 4, state con.	17
when may borrow money, sec. 7, art. 8, state con.	21
to elect clerk, clerk and sergeant-at-arms, sec. 6, art. 13, state con.	24
when may decide offices vacated, sec. 10, art. 13, state con.	24
to meet biennially, sec. 11, art. 4, state con.	81
list of members of, territorial	115-124
state from 1848 to 1889, inclusive.	131-176
same 1891.	564-560
speakers of	177
clerks of assembly	178
sensitives	178
employees 1891	553
assembly, 1891	558
sergent-at-arms of assembly	179
senate	179
vote on, 1888-1890, with pluralities.	305-312
biographical sketches of, 1891	377-605
LIBEL , truth may be given in evidence, sec. 3, art. 1, state con.	13
jury may determine law and fact, sec. 3, art. 1, state con.	13
LIBERTY OF SPEECH and press, relating to, sec. 3, art. 1, state con.	13
LIBRARY , state	532
LIBRARIES , list of public, in the state	382
LIE on the TABLE, call up at any time matters that	55
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR , how and when elected and term of office, sec. 3, art. 5, state con.	17
when to act as governor, sec. 7, art. 5, state con.	18
to be president of senate	18
have only casting vote, sec. 8, art. 5, state con.	18
compensation, sec. 9, art. 5, state con.	18
first elected, how long to hold, sec. 14, art. 14, state con.	28
vote on, 1890	256
biographical sketch of	575
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS , list of	129
LIGHT HORSE SQUADRON	536
view of armory	after 306
LIMITATIONS , statutes of, of states and territories	364
LIST , of newspapers in Wisconsin	331-340
of post-offices in Wisconsin	341-352
of 1st, 2d and 3d class with salaries	353-354
of public libraries in state	382
of officers of territory and state	115-127
of land offices by states and territories	334
of officers in departments of U. S. government	481-489
of presidents of the United States since 1789.	186
of vice presidents	187
of presidents <i>pro tem.</i> U. S. senate	188
of speakers of House of Representatives	189
of members of Territorial legislatures	115-124
state legislatures.	131-176

of governors of various states and territories.....	514-515
of members of 52d congress.....	430-443
of U. S. judiciary.....	477-489
of U. S. diplomatic and consular service.....	496-511
of circuit judges, by circuits (with terms of court).....	130, 471-480
of internal revenue officers and districts in state.....	406
of U. S. land offices in state.....	331
of agricultural societies in state, with officers and state aid received in 1891.....	532-539
of officers and employes of state government.....	516-521
of senate and assembly.....	533-558
statistical, of senators for 1891.....	553
of senate officers and employes for 1891.....	564
of assemblymen for 1891.....	555-558
of assembly officers and employes for 1891.....	566
LIVE STOCK, number of horses, etc., in state by counties with value.....	401
LOANS, authority to make, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
LOBBY, disturbance in, senate rule 6.....	87
assembly rule 6.....	93
LOCAL and special legislation, prohibited in certain cases, amendment to sec. 31, art. 4, state con.....	32
LONGEST TIME, question first put.....	56
LOTTERIES, legislature shall not authorize, sec. 24, art. 4, state con.....	17

M.

MAJORITY, decides on general questions..	64
of each house of the legislature to constitute a quorum, sec. 7, art. 4, state con.	16
to propose amendments to the constitution and call convention to revise same, sec. 1, art. 12, state con..	23
MANTOWOC AND CALUMET SWAMP LAND FUND.....	320
MAPS, of congressional, senate and assembly districts and judicial circuits, with population	Back.
MARINERS, in service of United States not to be deemed residents of the state, sec. 5, art. 3, state con.	15
MASTER IN CHANCERY, office of, abolished, sec. 19, art. 7, state con.	21
MARQUE AND REPRISAL, letters of, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
MEMBERS OF CONGRESS, list of from state	181-185,
who inelegible, sec. 13, art. 4, state con.	493
vote on, in the state, 1890, by counties, towns, cities, etc.	16
list of members of U. S.	253-302
basis of apportionment, 1891	490-493
MEMBERS and officers of one House not amenable to the other	494
must vote when the question is put	47
not to vote unless present when the question is put.	64
MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE (see Absence), list of since 1845	64
compensation of	131-176
mileage	76
term of, sec. 11, art. 4, state con.	76
sec. 14, art. 14, state con.	31
oath of, sec. 15, art. 14, state con. (sec. 28, art. 4)	28
number of, sec. 2, art. 4, state con.	19, 29
how and when chosen, sec. 4, art. 4, state con.	15
	16

MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE—Continued. Page.	MOTION—Continued. Page.
who eligible as, sec. 6, art. 4, state con. 16	removed from before the house by adjournment, etc. 60
not to be elected or appointed to certain civil offices, sec. 12, art. 4 state con. 16	(See "Question").
who ineligible as, sec. 13, art. 4, state con. 16	MOTIONS, how stated, senate rule 23. 90
when sent to be vacated, sec. 13, art. 4, state con. 16	assembly rule 57. 98
not liable for words spoken in debate, sec. 16, art. 4, state con. 16	to be reduced to writing, senate rule 24 when and how withdrawn, senate rule 25. 90
compensation of, amendment to sec. 21, art. 4, state con. 17	precedence of, senate rule 26. 90
mileage of, amendment to sec. 21, art. 4, state con. 16	assembly rule 52. 98
when to vote <i>viva voce</i> , sec. 30, art. 4, state con. 17	to adjourn, always in order, senate rule 27. 90
MEMORIAL (See "Petition").	to strike out enacting clause, assembly rule 53. 98
MESSAGES, how and by whom announced, joint rule 1. 102	to be decided without debate, assembly rule 55. 98
how and by whom communicated to the chair, joint rule 1. 102	not to be renewed, assembly rule 56. 98
ceremony when sent to the senate, joint rule 2. 103	MULES, number in state by counties. 404
to be sent to the chief clerk, or assistant in each house, joint rule 3. 102	MUNICIPAL and inferior courts may be established, sec. 2, art. 8, state con. 19
cannot be received in committee. 67	jurisdiction to be limited, sec. 2, art. 7, state con. 19
nature of. 68	judges to be elected, etc., sec. 2, art. 7, state con. 19
executive, to be made known to both houses at the same time. 68	MUNICIPAL INDEBTEDNESS beyond five per centum prohibited, amendment to sec. 3, art. 11, state con. 32
to be received. 67	
forms in receiving. 67	N.
errors in delivery may be corrected. 67	NATIONAL HOME for disabled soldiers 461-462
bills not acted on, the subject of. 68	NATIONAL platforms of various political parties. 387-398
MILEAGE of members of the legislature. 76	NATIVITY of inhabitants of state, 1885. 362-363
amendment to sec. 21, state con. 18	NATURALIZATION, uniform rules of, sec. 1, art. 1, U. S. con. 5
MILES of railroad in the state. 383	NAVIGABLE WATERS, certain, to become highways, sec. 1, art. 9, state con. 22
MILITARY roster of militia. 535-537	NAVY, congress to provide and govern, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con. 5
MILITIA, Wisconsin state. 535-537	NEWSPAPER PUBLICATIONS, defamatory breach of privilege. 38-39
strength of. 537	NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS published in Wisconsin. 331-340
legislature to determine what persons shall constitute, sec. 29, art. 4, state con. 17	NINTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, vote in by counties, towns, etc., 1890. 295-302
may provide for organizing and disciplining the same, sec. 29, art. 4, state con. 17	summary of, with plurality and vote on governor, 1890. 302
to be called out, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con. 5	NOBILITY, titles of, shall not be granted by the United States, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con. 5
to be officered by the states, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con. 5	nor by the states, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con. 5
to be commanded by the president, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con. 6	NON COMPOS persons disqualified from voting, sec. 2, art. 3, state con. 15
their right to keep and bear arms secured, second amendment to U. S. con. 9	NON PRODUCTIVE TRUST FUNDS, value of lands, 1888-1890. 321
MILWAUKEE NORMAL SCHOOL. 442	NORMAL SCHOOL FUND. 319
view of. after 361	NORMAL SCHOOLS. 435-442
MINORITY, protected by adherence to rules. 37	regents. 435
MISSISSIPPI RIVER and the navigable waters leading into the same to be common highways and free, sec. 1, art. 9, state con. 22	history of. 435-437
MISTAKES (See "Errors").	views of different. 364, 436, 160, 96, 80
MONEY shall be drawn from the treasury only by appropriation laws, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con. 5	Platteville. 438
congress to coin and regulate value of, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con. 5	Whitewater. 439
state cannot make, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con. 5	Oshkosh. 440
order, post-offices, in state. 341-352	River Falls. 441
in U. S. number. 355	Milwaukee. 442
rates of commission or fees for. 357	NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE. 451
MORNING HOUR, assembly rule 34. 96	
MOTION, not to be put or debated until seconded. 49	O.
to be put in writing if desired. 49	OATH, of the president, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con. 6
to be read for information. 49	of public officers, sec. 1, art. 6, U. S. 8
to adjourn, not in order when a member has the floor. 49	OATHS, of members and executive and judicial officers, sec. 28, art. 4, state con. 17
privileged, what shall be. 54	by whom administered, sec. 15, art. 14, state con. 29

GENERAL INDEX.

621

OATS, bushels grown in counties.....	402-403
OFFICERS, of the House of Representatives shall be chosen by the House, sec. 2, art. 1, U. S. con.....	3
of the senate, shall be chosen by the senate, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.....	3
civil, may be removed by impeachment, sec. 4, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
elective, of legislature, sec. 6, art. 13, state con.....	24
elected or appointed in counties, towns, etc., sec. 9, art. 13, state con.....	24
holding under the United States or Territory, to continue, sec. 5, art. 14, state con.....	25
county and town, under Territory, how long to hold, sec. 7, art. 14, state con.	52
state, first elected, how long to hold of office, sec. 14, art. 14, state con.....	28
of either house, forms of nomination or election.....	42
of one house not amenable to the other.....	47
and employes of senate, 1891.....	504-505
and employes of the assembly, 1891.....	506-507
territorial.....	115
state.....	127-129, 516-521
of United States Government.....	457-513
of legations abroad.....	496
of consuls and consular agents.....	497-511
of agricultural societies.....	533-539
county.....	540-547
OFFICERS, who disqualified from holding, sec. 3, art. 13, state con.....	24
when legislature may declare vacant, and manner of filling, sec. 10, art. 13, state con.....	24
OFFICIAL VOTE, (See ELECTION STATISTICS) for congressmen by counties, towns, cities, etc., 1890.....	263-302
state officers, 1890.....	256-260
associate justice supreme court.....	264
circuit judges.....	265-266
for and against constitutional amendment to, sec. 4, art. 7.....	267
ON SLOW, Mr., his opinion of importance of rules.....	37
ORDER, of one house requiring concurrence of the other, sec. 7, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4
of business, senate rule 13.....	89
assembly rule 33.....	96
call to, effect of, senate rule 17.....	88
assembly rule 49.....	97
rule observed while presiding officer is speaking, senate rule 20.....	89
assembly rule 51.....	98
while member is speaking, senate rule 16.....	89
assembly rule 51.....	98
when two members rise to speak, senate rule 18.....	89
assembly rule 48.....	98
not to vote unless within the chamber, senate rule 19.....	89
filling blanks, assembly rule 63.....	99
the vote, assembly rule 64.....	94
reading papers and smoking prohibited, assembly rule 7.....	93
violated by speaker by not putting question.....	40
"instances make".....	45
respecting papers (See "Papers").....	45
in debate (See "Debate").....	45-46
questions of, may be adjourned.....	48
decision of speaker, on points of, may be controlled.....	48
a member may insist on the execution of a substituting.....	48
committee of the Whole cannot punish breach of.....	53
if points arise while question is putting, speaker to decide peremptorily.....	64

ORDER- Continued.	Page.
of business, propriety of.....	44
for the senate.....	44
of the day, how and when to be called up.....	48
may be discharged at any time.....	48
cannot be moved while member is speaking.....	49
to take precedence of all questions.....	48
of the house determined with the session.....	48
question of, to supersede a question depending.....	57
and resolution, distinction between.....	48, 51
special rules upon the subject of.....	87-92
ORDERS AND RULES, senate.....	93-101
assembly.....	102-104
joint.....	74
ORGANIZATION of the legislature.....	53-57
OPPOSITION to BILLS, proper time to make.....	440
OSHKOSH NORMAL SCHOOL.....	96
view of.....	109-114
OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.....	

P.

PAPERS AND JOURNALS, not to be removed from the clerk's table.....	45
rules respecting their preservation.....	45
reading of, how far they may be called for.....	54
referred, usually read by title.....	54
to be left with conferees of the House according to conference.....	67
PARDONS, president may grant, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
governor may grant, sec. 6, art. 5, state con.....	17
PARLIAMENT, each house may adjourn independent of the other.....	69
PARTY PLATFORMS, national and state.....	387-398
PATENTS to be granted to inventors, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
PENSION AGENCIES of U. S., with location and territory, paid by.....	371, 373
of state.....	522
PENSION CLAIMS, number filed and amount paid 1861-1890.....	370
PENSIONERS, table showing number in state by counties and amount paid.....	372
PERCENTAGE of total votes cast for president in Wisconsin, 1843-1888.....	263
same, 1833 to 1890, by counties.....	253
PERSONAL PROPERTY, valuation of real and, 1890.....	324
PERSONS, all entitled to a certain remedy in the law, sec. 9, art. 1, state con.....	13
held to service of labor, their importation or immigration into United States may be prohibited after 1893, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
escaping from one state to another, shall be delivered up to those entitled to service, sec. 2, art. 4, U. S. con.....	7
PETITION, right of, 1st amendment to U. S. con.....	9
and remonstrance, distinction.....	48
to be presented by a member, its form, etc.....	48
to be subscribed or written by petitioner.....	48
must go to committee through the house.....	48
question as to receiving.....	48
PETITIONS, to be endorsed, assembly rule 34.....	96
contents of, to be stated, senate rule 31.....	90
assembly rule 34.....	96

	Page.		Page.
PHARMACY, state board of.....	523	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, lieutenant-governor to be, sec. 8, art. 5, state con.....	18
PIRACY, congress to prescribe punishment for, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5	his compensation, sec. 9, art. 5, state con.....	18
PLATTEVILLE normal school.....	438	duties of, senate rule 2.....	87
view of.....	436	to administer oath, senate rule 49.....	92
PLATFORMS, national and state.....	387-398	to appoint committees, senate rule 3.....	87
republican.....	387-391	to sign warrants and subpoenas, senate rule 3.....	87
democratic.....	391-394	to name president pro tem., senate rule 4.....	87
prohibition.....	395-396	provided by the constitution.....	42
union labor.....	397-398	may appoint chairman.....	43
PLURALITIES of votes on president, 1881-1888, by states.....	194-195	pro tem., to be chosen in the absence of the vice-president.....	42
same on, and governor, 1888-90, by counties, towns, cities and precincts.....	202-253	pro tem., at what time his office shall determine.....	42
ratio of 1890 to 1888.....	255	PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, vested with the executive power, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
governor, 1330.....	262	shall be chosen for four years, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
state officers.....	256-261	how elected, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
congressmen, 1st district.....	271	how elected, 12th amendment to U. S. con.....	10
2d district.....	274	qualifications for, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
3rd district.....	277	who shall act in case of vacancy, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
4th district.....	278	compensation of.....	6, 481
5th district.....	281	shall take an oath of office, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
6th district.....	285	may be removed by impeachment, sec. 4, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
7th district.....	289	commander of army, navy and militia, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
8th district.....	295	may require the written opinions of the heads of departments, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
9th district.....	302	may reprieve and pardon, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
legislature.....	303-312	may make treaties with consent of senate, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
POLITICAL YEAR, to begin, when, amend sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	33	may appoint to office with consent of senate, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
elections, when held, amend. sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	33	shall fill up vacancies happening during the recess of the senate, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
POPULAR VOTE for president, by states.....	194-198	shall give information to congress and recommend measures, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
POPULATION, United States, 1840-1890, by states with order of priority.....	358	may convene both houses or either house, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
Wisconsin.....	407-417	may adjourn them in case of disagreement, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
school, of state.....	549-552	shall receive ambassadors and public ministers, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
by counties, from 1890 to 1890.....	360-361	shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
by counties, 1890.....	324-325	shall commission all officers, sec. 3, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
towns, villages, cities, with presidential and gubernatorial vote (1885).....	202-253	PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS, of the United States, list of.....	186-187
same, census, 1890.....	407-417	PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, list of, in Wisconsin.....	183
foreign, of state, census 1885.....	362-363	PRESIDENTIAL VOTES, popular, from 1856 to 1888.....	194-198
of various foreign countries, with area, and debt.....	366-367	in Wisconsin, by counties, 1888, with pluralities.....	202-253
of various state charitable institutions, with cost per capita.....	435-450	summary of popular and electoral, from 1789 to 1888.....	199
of various state charitable institutions, movement of.....	435	of 1888 in Wisconsin, by towns, wards, etc., with pluralities.....	202-253
POSTAGE, rates of.....	356	of 1884, compared with 1888.....	254
POSTAL CARDS.....	356	in Wisconsin, 1848 to 1888.....	263
POST OFFICE, regulations, etc.....	356-357	PRESS, freedom of, 1st amendment to U. S. con.....	9
money orders, rates of.....	357	freedom of, sec. 3, art. 1, state con.....	13
department of U. S.....	487	PRESS ASSOCIATION of Wisconsin.....	534
POST OFFICES, and post-roads, establishment of, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5	PREVIOUS QUESTION, its intention and effect.....	57
in Wisconsin.....	341-352		
number of, in the United States, by states.....	255		
first, second and third class in Wisconsin.....	353-354		
POSTPONE, indefinitely, effect of a question to.....	55		
beyond session, effect of.....	55		
POTATOES, bushels grown in counties.....	402-403		
POWERS, military, to be subordinate to civil, sec. 20, art. 1, state con.....	14		
not delegated to congress nor prohibited to the states are reserved, 10th amendment to U. S. con.....	10		
executive (see "President").			
judicial (see "Judicial").			
PREAMBLE, last considered.....	51		
PRECEDENCE and priority of motion, discussion.....	54-57		
PRECINCTS, number of election, in state, 1890, by counties.....	302		
PRE-EMPTION to settlers on canal lands.....	29		
PRESENTS from foreign powers to public officers prohibited, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5		

PREVIOUS QUESTION—Continued.	Page.	PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES—Con.	Page.
can an amendment be moved during pendency of?.....	57	of members and officers of the legislature, sec. 15, art. 4, state con.....	16
can not be put in committee.....	43	banking, not to be granted by legislature, except, etc., sec. 1, art. 11, state con.....	23
effect of, discussed.....	54-57	PROCESS, style of, and how issued, sec. 17, art. 6, state con.....	21
when admitted, senate rule 28.....	90	issued under authority of the territory, to remain valid, sec. 4, art. 14, state con.....	24
assembly rule 74.....	99	of passing bills.....	79
form of, senate rule 23.....	90	PROHIBITION PARTY, national and state platforms!.....	395-396
assembly rule 75.....	99	central committee.....	386
effect of, senate rule 28.....	90	PROPERTY, congress to provide for the care of, public, sec. 3, art. 4, U. S. con.....	7
assembly rule 76.....	99	shall not be taken for public use without just compensation, 5th amendment to U. S. con.....	9
to be decided without debate, senate rule 23.....	90	private, not to be taken for public use without compensation, sec. 13, art. 1, state con.....	14
assembly rule 75.....	99	a reasonable amount to be exempt from sale on debt, sec. 17, art. 1, state con of territory to vest in state, sec. 4, art. 14, state con.....	25
one call of the house in order, senate rule 23.....	90	not to be taken by municipal corporations without consent, etc., sec. 2, art. 11, state con.....	23
assembly rule 77.....	100	valuation of real and personal, in state, 1890.....	324
PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD, population, area and debt.....	366-367	PROSECUTIONS, criminal, how carried on, sec. 17, art. 7, state con.....	21
PRINCIPAL OF PUBLIC DEBT of U. S., 1791-1890.....	385	PUBLIC DEBT, not to be questioned, 14th amendment to U. S. con, sec. 4.....	11
PRINCIPAL FARM PRODUCTS, grown in state by counties, 1890.....	402-403	of U. S., 1791-1890.....	385
PRINCIPALS OF FREE HIGH SCHOOLS, list of, in state.....	546-547	of nations.....	367
PRINTING, reports, joint rule 9.....	90	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION (see "superintendent of public instruction," "university," "schools"), sec. 1, art. 10, state con.....	22
number of bills, senate rule 29.....	102	PUBLIC LANDS, which accrue to territory to vest in state (see "school and university lands"), sec. 2, art. 9, state con.....	22
assembly rule 41.....	97	organization of department of.....	519
for use of state and legislature to be let to the lowest bidder, sec. 25, art. 4, state con.....	17	chief grants of, to corporations.....	379, 381
PRISON, Wisconsin State.....	457	number of acres of, in state, with area by counties.....	324
commissioners of.....	129	public domain, U. S.....	378
PRIVILEGE, of parliament has gradually increased.....	37	vacant by states, etc.....	381
of members of parliament.....	37-40	indian reservations.....	380
of senators and representatives.....	38-40	PUBLIC LIBRARIES, list of, in state.....	382
of senators, constructive extent.....	39	PUBLIC PROPERTY, organization of department of.....	521
of the two houses, cases of alleged breach of.....	39-40	of territory to vest in state, sec. 2, art. 9, state con.....	22
of members commence by virtue of election.....	39	PUBLICATION OF LAWS and judicial decisions, sec. 21, art. 7, state con.....	21
of members must be ascertained at the peril of the party violating.....	39	PUBLIC SCHOOL, state for dependent and neglected children.....	458
of members, the privilege of the house a member cannot waive breach of.....	39	PUBLIC SCHOOLS, population, etc., in state.....	549-552
is violated by speaker not putting a question which was in order.....	40	PUNISHMENT, cruel and unusual, prohibited, 8th amendment to U. S. con.....	10
of one house in relation to the other, or in relation to a co-ordinate branch of government.....	40	cruel and unusual, not to be inflicted, sec. 6, art. 1, state con.....	13
breach of, party summoned or sent for on complaint of.....	39		
breach of, by members, punishable by house only.....	39		
breach of, by king or executive.....	40		
members of one house cannot be summoned by the other.....	44		
neither house can exercise authority over members or officers of the other.....	47		
of a member, where he is charged or interested, etc.....	47		
questions of, take precedence over all.....	48, 57		
PRIVILEGED, contestants for seats, assembly rule 4.....	93		
reporters, senate rule 14.....	89		
assembly rule 5.....	93		
state officers, ex-members, etc., senate rule 14.....	89		
assembly rule 5.....	93		
motions, assembly rules 93 and 94.....	101		
questions (see "Questions").			
PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES, of members of congress, sec. 6, art. 1, U. S. con of citizens (see "Citizens," also "Rights").	4		
of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life to be recognized, sec. 17, art. 1, state con.....	14		

Q.

QUALIFICATIONS, of voters at elections, sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	15
of members of legislature, sec. 6, art. 4, state con.....	16
of governor, sec. 2, art. 5, state con.....	17
of senators.....	40
of voters in each state.....	368-369
QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT	520

	Page.		Page.
QUARREL, in committee, must be settled in house.....	47	RATIO OF VOTE, on governor in 1890, to same in 1888.....	255
members must declare they will not prosecute.....	44-47	READING, of paper, right to require.....	54
question of privilege, arising from, has precedence.....	44	a question of, first put.....	57
QUARTERED, no soldier to be quartered on a citizen (3d amendment), U. S. con.	9	a speech is not a right.....	54
QUESTIONS, how stated and decided, senate rule 7.....	87	a report of one house, not of right in the other house.....	54
division of, assembly rule 61.....	95	REAL ESTATE, valuation for, 1890.....	324
on passage of bills, assembly rule 91.....	101	RECEDE, question discussed.....	66
general rule for putting.....	55	effect of a vote to.....	66
the propriety of certain, considered.....	55	RECEIPTS and disbursements, state, aggregate.....	313
removed from before the house for adjournment.....	60	general fund.....	314
may be debated between the count of the affirmative and negative.....	61	expenditures, accounts to be published, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
manner of putting.....	61	RECOGNIZANCE, executed under territorial government to remain valid, sec. 4, art. 14, state con.....	25
must not speak or move about while putting.....	64	RECOMMITMENT, effect of.....	55
must decide peremptorily if any difficulty arise.....	64	RECONSIDERATION of bills, orders, instructions, etc.....	64
one House can not question the other.....	67	question, by whom moved.....	64
privilege, what shall be.....	48	rule in relation, senate rule 29.....	90
in filling blanks.....	56	assembly rule 65.....	99
in reference to committees.....	56	RECORDS, how to be authenticated, sec. 1, art. 4, U. S. con.....	7
in amending amendments, and agree or disagree.....	66	REDEMPTION FUND.....	319
motions to amend, have precedence over motions to strike out.....	59	REGENTS, of normal schools.....	435
of order (incidental), how far it shall supersede any other.....	56	of University of Wisconsin.....	423
division of, how made.....	59	REGIMENTAL, field and staff officers.....	535-537
what are divisible.....	60	REGISTERS OF DEEDS, list of.....	543
when divided, each point open to debate and amendment.....	60	when and how chosen, term of office, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.....	18
(co-existing) what suspends and what removes from the House an existing question.....	60	REGISTRATION of votes may be required, sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	31
equivalent, what is considered.....	60-61	REGULATIONS, post-office.....	356-357
to be resumed in <i>statu quo</i> when suspended by want of a quorum.....	64	RELIGION, no law to be made against free exercise of, 1st amendment to U. S. con.....	9
previous (see "Previous Question").		constitutional provisions relative to, sec. 18, art. 1, state con.....	14
QUORUM, for business, what shall be, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4	RELIGIOUS Test, not required, art. 6, U. S. con.....	8
of states in choosing president of the House of Representatives, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6	not to be required as a qualification for office, sec. 19, art. 1, state con.....	14
what shall constitute in each House, sec. 7, art. 4, state con.....	16	belief of witness not to render him incompetent, sec. 19, art. 1, state con	14
what shall constitute in each House, sec. 8, art. 8, state con.....	21	societies, no money to be drawn from the treasury for support of, sec. 8, art. 1, state con.....	14
what shall constitute in supreme court, sec. 4, art. 7, state con.....	19, 33	REMONSTRANCE and petition, distinction..	48
only shall do business.....	41	REMOVAL, from office in case of impeachment, sec. 1, art. 7, state con.....	18
what number shall be.....	41	of what officers by the governor, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.....	18, 32
how attendance of, may be compelled.....	41	REPEAL, of acts of incorporation, sec. 11, state con.....	23
any member may desire a count for the purpose of ascertaining.....	41	REPORT of committee, how to proceed in house.....	51
not present, suspends the question.....	41	of one house not to be read in the other	54
QUORUMS, what shall constitute, senate rule 8.....	88	REPORTERS, legislative. (See diagrams of assembly and senate).....	front
assembly rule 2.....	93	privilege to floor, senate rule 14.....	89
in absence of, course to be pursued, senate rule 8.....	88	assembly rule 5.....	93
assembly rule 2.....	93	REPORTS, majority and minority, assembly rule 22.....	95
		papers to lay on the table until printed, assembly rule 23.....	95
		ordered printed by the house first presented to, joint rule 9.....	102
		REPRESENTATION, of a state, vacancies in, supplied until a new election by executive authority, sec. 2, art. 1, U. S. con.....	3
		REPRESENTATIVES, HOUSE OF.....	41
		of whom composed.....	41
		shall choose their speaker and other officers.....	42
		powers of, in relation to the rules and conduct of its members.....	45
		composed of members chosen every second year, sec. 2, art. 1, U. S. con.....	3
RAILROAD COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT, organization of.....	518		
list of.....	129		
vote on, 1890.....	260		
RAILROAD (Wisconsin) Farm Mortgage Land Co.....	320		
RAILROADS, mileage of, in state.....	383		
RANDALL AND WHITNEY, reference to the case, breach of privilege.....	38		

REPRESENTATIVES, HOUSE OF—Con.	Page.	REVENUE BILLS—Continued.	Page.
qualifications of members of, sec. 2,		constitutional provisions concerning,	
art. 1, U. S. con.	3	sec. 6, art. 3, state con.	21
apportionment of, sec. 2, art. 1, U. S.	3	RIDERS, amend engrossed bills by.	63
con.		RIGHTS, of citizens of the several states,	
vacancies in, how supplied, sec. 2,	3	sec. 2, art. 4, U. S. con.	7
art. 1, U. S. con.		liberty of conscience in matters of	
shall choose its officers, sec. 2, art. 1,	3	religion, 1st amendment to U. S.	9
U. S. con.		con.	
shall have power of impeachment,	3	freedom of speech and of the press,	9
sec. 2, art. 1, U. S. con.		1st amendment to U. S. con.	9
shall be judge of the election and		of citizens to assemble and petition,	9
qualification of its members, sec. 5,	4	1st amendment to U. S. con.	9
art. 1, U. S. con.		to keep and bear arms, 2d amendment,	9
quorum in, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4	U. S. con.	
any number may adjourn and com-		exempt from the quartering of sol-	9
pel the attendance of absentees,	4	diers, 3d amendment, U. S. con.	
sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.		secure from unreasonable searches	
may determine the rules of proceed-	4	or seizures, 4th amendment, U. S.	9
ings, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.		con.	
may punish or expel a member, sec.	4	free from answering for a crime un-	
5, art. 1, U. S. con.		less on presentment or indictment	
shall keep a journal and publish the	4	of jury, 5th amendment, U. S. con.	9
same, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.		not to be twice jeopardized for same	
shall not adjourn for more than three	4	offense, 5th amendment, U. S. con.	9
days, nor to any other place, with-		compelled to be a witness against	
out the consent of the senate, sec.	4	himself, 5th amendment, U. S. con.	9
5, art. 1, U. S. con.		deprived of life, liberty or property	
one-fifth of, may require the yeas and	4	without due process of law, 5th	9
nays, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.		amendment, U. S. con.	
shall originate bills for raising reve-	4	private property not to be taken for	
nue, sec. 7, art. 1, U. S. con.		public use without just compensa-	9
5th amendment, U. S. con.		tion, 5th amendment, U. S. con.	
in criminal prosecution, shall enjoy the		right of a speedy trial by jury with	
all the means necessary for his	9	defense, 6th amendment, U. S. con.	
in civil cases, trial to be by jury, and		shall only be re-examined accord-	
ing to common law, 6th amend-	9	ment, U. S. con.	
ment, U. S. con.		excessive bail shall not be required nor	
finer imposed, nor cruel or unusual	10	punishment inflicted, 8th amend-	
ment, U. S. con.		enumeration of certain rights shall not	
operate against retained rights, 9th	10	amendment, U. S. con.	
of the people to be secure in their per-	14	sons, houses, etc., sec. 11, art. 1,	
state con.	13	of the accused, sec. 7, art. 1, state con.	
equality of, and how secured, sec. 1,	13	art. 1, state con.	
of the people to assemble, consult and	13	petition, sec. 4, art. 1, state con.	
of worship not to be infringed, sec. 18,	14	art. 1, state con.	
to continue as if no change in govern-	24	ment, sec. 1, art. 14, state con.	
RIVER FALLS NORMAL SCHOOL.	441	RIVERS, navigable, to be common high-	
view of.	160	ways, sec. 1, art. 9, state con.	22
ROOT CROP, bushels, by counties.	402-403	RULES and orders, of each House, to what	
cases they shall apply.	48, 70	each House shall determine its own,	
sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4	not to be rescinded without notice, sen-	
ate rule 54.	92	assembly rule 95.	101
joint rule 25.	104	suspension of, senate rule 54.	92
assembly rule 95.	101	joint rule 25.	104
RYE, bushels grown, by counties.	402-403		
		S.	
ST. CROIX & LAKE SUPERIOR RAILROAD		Trespass Fund.	320
deposit fund.	320		

	Page.		Page.
SALARIES, of members and officers of congress	494	SECRETARIES OF STATE, list of	127
of diplomatic corps	496	of territory of Wisconsin	115
SCHEDULE OF CONSTITUTION, art. 14	24	vote on, 1890	256
SCHOOLS, number of districts in state	550-551	SECTIONS, numbered by the clerk	59
population of, in state	550-551	SENATE, call to order, senate rule 1	87
county superintendents of	545	president of, senate rule 2	87
city superintendents of	548	president of, <i>pro tem.</i> , senate rule 4	87
principals of free high	546-547	general duties of president of, senate rules 2 and 3	87
SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS, children between 4 and 20, in cities, with number of teachers	549	hour of meeting of, senate rule 50	92
same in counties, with number of districts, school houses and seating capacity	550-552	statistical list of, for 1891	553-554
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, legislature to establish, sec. 3, art. 10, state con.	22	statistical list of employes for 1891	564-565
to be uniform and to be free, sec. 3, art. 10, state con.	22	standing committees for 1891	551
no sectarian instruction allowed therein, sec. 3, art. 10, state con.	22	joint	563
annual tax to be raised for the support of, sec. 4, art. 10, state con.	22	alphabetical list of, with committees on which members served	558
number of, in state	551	power of, in relation to rules and the conduct of members	46-47
state, for dependent and neglected children	458	equal division of, to be determined by the vice-president	64
view of school	after 446	adjournment of	69
SCHOOL FUND	316-317	sessions of, what constitutes	70
amount and nature	316	SENATE UNITED STATES, composed of two senators from each state, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.	3
income, amount and nature	317	vice-president to be president of the, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.	3
what to consist of, sec. 2, art. 10, state con.	22	shall choose its officers, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.	3
to remain separate and perpetual, sec. 2, art. 10, state con.	22	shall be the judge of the election and qualification of its members, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
how interest of, to be applied, sec. 2, art. 10, state con.	22	what number shall be a quorum in, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
how interest of, to be distributed, sec. 2, art. 10, state con.	22	any number of the, may adjourn, and compel the attendance of absentees, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
SCHOOL HOUSES, number in state, with seating capacity	550-552	may determine its rules, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
SCHOOL STATISTICS, census and summary of	549-552	may punish or expel a member, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
SCHOOL AND UNIVERSITY LANDS, of what to consist, sec. 2, art. 10	22	shall keep a journal and publish the same, except parts requiring secrecy, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
who to sell, sec. 7, art. 10, state con.	23	shall not adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place without the consent of the other house, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
purchase money of, how secured, sec. 8, art. 10, state con.	23	one-fifth of, may require the yeas and nays, sec. 5, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
SCRIPT, State, not to be issued in certain cases, sec. 9, art. 8, state con.	21	may propose amendments to bills for raising revenue, sec. 7, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
SEAL OF STATE, who to keep, sec. 4, art. 13, state con.	24	shall try impeachments, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.	3
what acts of governor to be authenticated thereby, sec. 4, art. 13, state con.	24	effect of judgment of, on impeachment, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
SEAMEN, not to be deemed residents, sec. 5, art. 3, state con.	15	power of, in relation to rules and the conduct of members	37-40
SEARCH WARRANTS, when and how issued, sec. 11, art. 1, state con.	14	equal division of, to be determined by the vice-president	63
SEARCHES AND SEIZURES, constitutional provisions relating thereto, sec. 11, art. 1, state con.	14	adjournment of	69
security against, 4th am't U. S. con.	9	session of, what constitutes	70
SEAT OF GOVERNMENT, where to be, sec. 6, art. 14, state con.	25	presidents <i>pro tem.</i>	188
exclusive legislation, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.	5	SENATE DISTRICTS, how formed and numbered, sec. 5, art. 4, state con.	16, 31
SEATS, drawing of, how	75	state divided into, sec. 12, art. 14, state con.	26
SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, vote in by counties, towns, etc., 1890	272-274	map, apportionment 1891	back
summary of, with, on governor, 1890	274	SENATE, WISCONSIN, STATE (see senate), sec. 5, art. 4, state con.	16
SECRETARY OF STATE, when to act as governor, sec. 8, art. 5, state con.	18	diagram of chamber	front
when and how chosen, and his term of office, sec. 1, art. 6, state con.	18	clerks of	178
his duties, and to be <i>ex-officio</i> auditor, sec. 2, art. 6, state con.	18	sergeant-at-arms	179
to be one of commissioners for sale of school lands, etc., sec. 7, art. 10, state con.	23	employes of 1891	564-565
to be keeper of the Great Seal, sec. 4, art. 13, state con.	24	SENATORS, U. S., how chosen, classed and terms of service, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.	3
biographical sketch of	575	qualifications of, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.	3
vote for, 1890	256	compensation of, to be determined by law, sec. 6, art. 1, U. S. con.	4
		privileged from arrest, sec. 6, art. 1, U. S. con.	4

SENATORS—Continued.	Page.	SPEAKER—Continued.	Page.
not questioned for any speech or debate, sec. 6, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4	cannot refuse an amendment inconsistent.....	53
shall not be appointed to office, sec. 6, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4	to decide point of order that arises in putting questions promptly, may ask advice of old members.....	53
shall not be presidential electors, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6	SPEAKERS, of the assembly since 1819.....	177
and representatives, elections of, how prescribed, sec. 4, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4	of U. S. house of representatives.....	189
salary of, and officers.....	494	SPECIAL CHARGES, valuation, etc.....	322
state, how chosen and when, amended, sec. 5, art. 4, state con.....	31	SPECIAL ORDERS (see "Orders").....	64
1848 to 1889, inclusive.....	181-198	SPEECH, freedom of, 1st amendment U. S. con.....	9
and representatives in 52d Congress.....	490-493	right of, cannot read.....	51
from Wisconsin since organization of state.....	184-185	liberty of, sec. 3, art. 1, state con.....	13
state, for 1891, list of.....	553-554	in debates, sec. 16, art. 4, state con.....	16
biographical sketches of.....	577-584	SQUARE MILES in state, by counties.....	321-325
united states, method of election of.....	105-106	of various states.....	365
SENTENCE, governor may suspend execution of, in case of treason, sec. 6, art. 5, state con.....	17	of various foreign countries.....	366-367
SERGEANT-AT-ARMS, senate rule 12.....	88	STATE, every, guaranteed a republican form of government protected by the United States, sec. 4, art. 4, U. S. con.....	8
assembly rule 18.....	94	STATE OF WISCONSIN (See "Wisconsin"), boundaries, sec. 1, art. 2, state con.....	14
his general duties, senate rule 12.....	76, 88	not to interfere with primary disposal of soil, sec. 2, art. 2, state con.....	15
assembly rule 18.....	94	nor regulation of congress securing title to purchasers, sec. 2, art. 2, state con.....	15
of legislature since 1848.....	170	not to impose tax on United States lands, sec. 2, art. 2, state con.....	15
SESSION, what constitutes.....	70	suits against, sec. 27, art. 4, state con.....	17
SEVENTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, vote in, by counties, towns, etc., 1890, 2d plurality compared with, on governor.....	239	credits of, not to be loaned, sec. 3, art. 8, state con.....	21
SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS' ASSOCIATION, list of officers of.....	533	not to contract debts, except in certain cases, sec. 4, art. 8, state con.....	21
SHEEP AND LAMBS, number in state by counties.....	404	sovereignty and jurisdiction of, sec. 3, art. 9, state con.....	22
SHERIFF, when and how chosen, and term of office, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.....	13, 32	STATE BANKS, condition of various, January 5, 1891.....	329
to hold no other office, and ineligible next term, sec. 4, art. 6, state con.....	18, 32	STATE BOARDS.....	416
SHERIFFS, list of, by counties.....	540	of supervision.....	416
SIGNERS, of United States constitution.....	11	of charities and reform.....	443
of Wisconsin constitution.....	30	of dental examiners.....	524
SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, vote in, by counties, towns, etc., 1890.....	282-285	examiners for admission to bar.....	522
plurality, compared with, on governor.....	285	of health and vital statistics.....	523
SLAVERY, and involuntary servitude abolished, except for crime, 13th amendment U. S. con.....	10	of pharmacy.....	523
not to exist in state, sec. 2, art. 1, state con.....	13	STATE CAPITOL.....	521
SLAVES, their importation may be prohibited after 1808, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5	STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES.....	386
escaping from one state to another may be reclaimed, sec. 2, art. 4, U. S. con.....	7	democratic.....	386
SOLDIERS, not quartered on citizens, 3d amendment U. S. con.....	9	prohibition.....	386
not to be deemed residents, sec. 5, art. 3, state con.....	15	republican.....	386
SOLDIERS' NATIONAL HOME.....	461-46	union labor.....	386
view of.....	after 380	STATE DEBT.....	313
SPEAKER, how chosen, sec. 2, art. 1, U. S. con.....	3	when may be contracted, sec. 6, art. 8, state con.....	21
to be elected, assembly rule 8.....	93	not to be contracted for internal improvements, sec. 10, art. 8, state con.....	22
his general duties, assembly rule 9.....	93-94	STATE DEPARTMENTS, organization of (see "departments of state government").....	417-421
to preserve order, assembly rule 10.....	94	STATE FAIR, time and places of holding, 1891, with superintendents of departments.....	531
may speak, assembly rule 10.....	94	STATE FINANCES.....	313-330
may call a member to the chair, assembly rule 11.....	94	indebtedness.....	313
in absence of, to be elected, assembly rule 12.....	94	investment.....	313
shall vote on call of ayes and noes, assembly rule 13.....	94	aggregate receipts and disbursements, general fund receipts and disbursements.....	314-316
to sign acts, assembly rule 17.....	94	school fund.....	316
to appoint committees, assembly rule 9.....	94	income.....	317
may clear the gallery, assembly rule 6.....	93	university fund.....	317
manner of choosing.....	42	income.....	318
absence of, from sickness, another chosen.....	42	agricultural college fund.....	318
violates order by not putting question, clerk puts question before election of.....	42	income.....	318
may be removed at will of house.....	46	normal school fund.....	319
not to speak, unless to order.....	46	income.....	319
reads sitting, rises to put a question.....	53	drainage fund.....	319
		delinquent tax fund.....	319
		redemption fund.....	319
		deposit fund.....	321
		indemnity land fund.....	321
		allotment fund.....	321

STATE FINANCES—Continued.	Page.		Page.
Manitowoc and Calumet swamp land fund.....	320	STATE SUPERINTENDENTS, list of.....	123
Columbia and Sauk Co. indemnity fund.....	320	STATE TREASURERS, when elected, sec. 1, art. 6, state con.....	18
St. Croix & Lake Superior R. R. deposit fund.....	320	term of office, sec. 1, art. 6, state con..	18
trespass fund.....	320	to be one of commissioners for sale of school lands, sec. 7, art. 10, state con.....	23
Wisconsin railroad farm mortgage land fund.....	320	vote on, 1890.....	253
appropriations with balances, 1888-90.....	321	biographical sketch of.....	576
non-productive trust funds (value of lands).....	321	STATE TREASURERS, list of.....	128
valuation of taxable property, with tax and special charges.....	322-323	STATE UNIVERSITY.....	423-434
area of state, acres, valuation, tax, etc., 1890.....	324-325	STATES, prohibited from—	
condition of various state banks, Jan. 5, 1891.....	326-330	entering into a treaty, alliance or confederation, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con	5
STATE GOVERNMENT, with list of officers and departments.....	510-521	granting letters of marque, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
STATE GOVERNMENTS.....	514-515	coining money, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con	5
STATE GRANGE.....	553	emitting bills of credit, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.....	532	making anything a tender but gold and silver coin, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, view of after.....	90	passing bills of attainder, <i>ex-post facto</i> laws, or laws impairing contracts, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
STATE INDEBTEDNESS.....	313	granting titles of nobility, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
STATE INSTITUTIONS.....	421-463	laying duties on imports and exports, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	6
expenditures on.....	420	laying duties on tonnage, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	6
Capital.....	422	keeping troops or ships of war in time of peace, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.	6
University.....	423-424	entering into any agreement or contract with another state or foreign power, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	6
Normal schools.....	435-442	engaging in war, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	6
Wisconsin Hospital for Insane.....	450	new, may be admitted into the Union, sec. 3, art. 4, U. S. con.....	7
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	451	may be formed within the jurisdiction of others, or by the junction of two or more, with the consent of congress and the legislature concerned, sec. 3, art. 4, U. S. con.....	7
School for Education of the Blind.....	454-455	list of governors of the different.....	514-515
School for Education of the Deaf.....	452-453	date of admission and how formed.....	359
Industrial School for Boys.....	456	interest laws and statutes of limitations of.....	364
Girls.....	459-460	areas of (square miles).....	365
State School for Dependent and Neglected Children.....	453-459	qualifications for voting in.....	368, 369
Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions.....	443-445	STATE JUDGES, bound to consider treaties, the constitution, and laws under it as supreme, art. 6, U. S. con.....	8
Prison.....	457	STATIONERY, for use of state, to be let to the lowest bidder, sec. 25, art. 4, state con.....	17
Library.....	522	STATISTICAL LIST, of senators for 1891.....	553-554
Historical Society.....	529-530	of senate officers and employees for 1891.....	564-565
Agricultural Society.....	530-531	of assemblymen for 1891.....	555-557
Horticultural Society.....	532	of assembly officers and employees for 1890.....	566-567
Dairymen's Association.....	531	STATISTICS, election.....	183-312
Swine Breeders' Association.....	532	of the principal countries with debt of illiteracy in the U. S.....	363-367
Sheep Breeders and Wool Growers' Association.....	533	of school attendance, etc., in state.....	550-552
State Fish Wardens.....	528	labor, bureau of.....	519
State Grange.....	533	STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS of states.....	364
State Teachers' Association.....	533	STRIKE out and insert, discussed.....	58
Academy of Sciences, Arts and Letters.....	534	STYLE OF LAWS, sec. 17, art. 4, state con	16
Press Association.....	534	writs and process, sec. 17, art. 7, state con.....	21
STATE LIBRARY.....	522	SUFFRAGE (see voting), laws may be passed excluding certain persons from right of, sec. 6, art. 3, state con.....	15
STATE MILITIA, regimental, field and staff.....	535	who entitled to amendment to sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	31
officers of, with companies and strength.....	535-538	SUITS against state, sec. 27, art. 4, state con.....	17
STATE OFFICERS, list of, and salaries.....	516	tax on, sec. 13, art. 7, state con.....	21
biographical sketches of.....	575-577	at common law, proceedings in, 7th amendment U. S. con.....	9
votes given for, 1890.....	256-261		
governor.....	202-253, 255, 256-57-62		
lieutenant governor, vote of, 1890.....	256-57		
secretary of state.....	256-57		
state treasurer.....	258-59		
attorney general.....	258-59		
state superintendent.....	258-59		
railroad commissioner.....	260-61		
insurance commissioner.....	260-61		
STATE PENSION AGENT.....	522		
STATE PRISON.....	457		
view of.....	back		
STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS, list of.....	120		
STATE SENATORS, for 1891, list of.....	554		
biographical sketches of.....	577-581		
list of, since 1848.....	131-133		
vote on.....	303-305		
STATE SUPERINTENDENT, sec. 1, art. 10, state con.....	22		
vote on, 1890.....	253		
department of.....	518		

GENERAL INDEX.

629

	Page.
SUM, largest, to be first put	56
SUMMARY OF SCHOOL CENSUS STATISTICS	532
SUMMARY OF VOTE—	
on governor, 1848-1890	262
on congressmen and, 1st dist	271
2d dist	274
3d dist	277
4th dist	278
5th dist	281
6th dist	285
7th dist	289
8th dist	295
9th dist	302
on legislature, senate	303-305
assembly	306-312
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,	
how elected, sec. 1, art. 10, state	22
con	
his powers, duties and salary, sec. 1,	22
art. 10, state con	
biographical sketch of	576
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY	521
SUPERINTENDENTS, county, list of, for 1891	545
city, 1891	548
SUPERVISION, BOARD OF, duties of, and	446
institutions under charge	460
SUPERVISORS, county, legislature may	
confer certain powers on, sec. 23,	16
art. 4, state con	
SUPREME COURT, United States	467
list of judges of, with terms of service,	468
etc	470
Wisconsin	129, 130,
number of judges increased, amend-	32
ment to sec. 4, art. 7, state con	
judicial power vested in, sec. 2, art. 7,	19
state con	
to have appellate jurisdiction only, sec.	19
3, art. 7, state con	
its general powers, sec. 3, art. 7, state,	19
con	
circuit judges to be judges of, sec. 4,	19
art. 7, state con	
separate, may be formed, sec. 4, art. 7,	19
state con	
number of judges to constitute a quo-	19
rum, sec. 4, art. 7, state con	
number of judges necessary to a de-	19
cision, sec. 4, art. 7, state con	
judges of, to be classified, sec. 4, art.	19
7, state con	
in case of vacancy, governor may fill,	20
sec. 3, art. 7, state con	
terms of judges of, sec. 11, art. 7,	20
state con	
judges of, to appoint clerk, sec. 12,	20
art. 7, state con	
which to be chief justice	33
vote for associate justice of	264
vote on constitutional amendment re-	268
lating to chief justice of	
SURVEYORS, list of county	542
SURVIVORS OF THE WAR, number	372
SWINE (Hogs), number in state by coun-	404
ties	

T.

Tax, annual, to defray state expenses to	
be levied, sec. 5, art. 8, state con...	21
direct, according to representation,	3
section 2, art. 1, U. S. con	
shall be laid only in proportion to	5
census, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con	
on exports, prohibited, sec. 9, art. 1,	5
U. S. con	
on suits, etc., sec. 18, art. 7, state con.	21
mill	324

TAXATION, rule of, to be uniform, sec. 1,	
art. 8, state con	21
TAXES not to be laid on property of the	
United States, sec. 2, art. 2, state	15
con	
to be levied on such property as the	
legislature shall prescribe, sec. 1,	21
art. 8, state con	
total for 1891	324
TEACHERS, Wisconsin state, association	533
number employed in the state	549-552
TELLERS to count sides of question	63
their errors rectified	63
TENDER, what shall be legal, sec. 10, art.	
1, U. S. con	5
TENURE of lands to be allodial, sec. 14,	
art. 1, state con	14
feudal, prohibited, sec. 14, art. 1,	13
state con	
TERRITORIAL officers	115
delegates from Wisconsin	194
TERRITORIAL and state govern-	
ments	115, 120, 514, 515
legislatures	116, 120, 180
TERRITORIES, population of, and for	
mation	352, 359
land offices in	384
vacant lands in	381
TERRITORY, or public property, congress	
may make rules concerning, sec. 3,	7
art. 4, U. S. con	
of Wisconsin, property of, to vest in	
state (sec. 2, art. 9), sec. 4, art. 14,	22, 25
state con	
officers of, how long to hold office,	25
sec. 5, art. 14, state con	
limits of state, sec. 1, art. 2, state con	14
TERM of members of legislature, sec. 14,	
art. 14, state con	22, 31
TERMS OF COURT, U. S. district and cir-	
cuit	470
supreme	470
circuits	471-480, 651
TEST, religious, shall not be required, art.	
6, U. S. con	8
TESTIMONY, in equity, how taken, sec. 16,	
art. 7, state con	21
THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, vote in	
by counties, towns, etc., 1890	274-277
same compared with, on governor	277
TIME, longest, first put	56
TITLE OF BILLS of a general nature, joint	
rule 12	102
amendatory, joint rule 12	102
repealing, joint rule 13	103
to be recited, assembly rule 24	95
on back	63
when to be made or amended	64
TITLES (See Nobility")	
from foreign state prohibited, sec. 9,	5
art. 1, U. S. con	
TOBACCO, pounds of, grown in various	
counties	402-403
TOWNS, arranged by counties, with vote	
on president and governor, 1888-93	202
one system of government for, sec. 23,	17
art. 4, state con	
TRANSPOSING of sections, rules respect-	
ing	59
mode of proceeding on change of	39
TREASON defined, sec. 3, art. 3, U. S. con.	7
two witnesses or confession necessary	
for conviction, sec. 3, art. 3, U. S.	7
con	
punishment of, may be prescribed by	7
congress, sec. 3, art. 3, U. S. con	
mode of proceeding on charge of	7
against the state, sec. 10, art. 1, state	13
con	
evidence necessary to convict, sec. 10,	13
art. 1, state con	
person convicted of, disqualified as an	
elector, sec. 2, art. 3, state con	15

	Page.
TREASURER, state (See "State Treasurer")	
TREASURERS, state.....	129
county, list of, for 1891.....	541
TREASURY, money drawn from, only by appropriations, sec. 9, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
state, no money to be drawn from for religious societies or seminaries, sec. 13, art. 1, state con.....	14
TREATIES, how made, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
the supreme law, art. 6, U. S. con.....	8
states cannot make, sec. 10, art. 1, U. S. con.....	7
may be made by the president and senate.....	70
shall be kept secret until injunction removed.....	70
are legislative acts.....	70
extent of power to make.....	70
may be rescinded by an act of the legislature.....	71
papers to be communicated with.....	71
ratified by nominal call.....	71
read for information the day received.....	71
read for consideration the subsequent day.....	71
proceedings upon.....	71
reconsideration of votes upon, may be moved by one of the side prevailing.....	71
TRIAL, by jury, right of, sec. 5, art. 1, state con.....	13
TRUSTS FUNDS, condition of.....	321
investment of.....	321
estimated value of lands in various.....	321

U.

UNION LABOR PARTY, national and state platform.....	397-398
central committee of.....	386
UNITED STATES, this state not to interfere with primary disposal of soil by, sec. 2, art. 2, state con.....	15
certain propositions irrevocable without assent of, sec. 2, art. 2, state con.....	15
no tax to be imposed on lands of, sec. 2, art. 2, state con.....	15
value of foreign coins in U. S. money.....	351
wars in, troops, engaged, etc.....	378-379
illiteracy of, census 1880.....	377
immigration into, with nativity.....	376-377
public debt of, 1791-1890.....	385
legations of, abroad.....	495-511
qualification of voters in various states of the.....	368-369
number of pension claims filed and allowed, 1891-1890.....	370, 373
list of pension agents of.....	371
survivors of war.....	372
public domain of, acres.....	378
land granted by.....	379, 391
value of foreign coins in money of.....	374-375
population of, 1840-1890, and states of, how formed, etc.....	358-359
post-offices in.....	355
area of, square miles in.....	365
indian reservations in.....	380
vacant lands in.....	381
land offices in, by states, etc.....	384
public debt of, 1791-1890.....	385
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, judiciary.....	467-470
executive.....	481
state.....	481
treasury.....	482-483
war.....	483
navy.....	484-486
interior.....	486

	Page.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT—Continued.	
post office.....	487
law.....	488
agriculture.....	488
legislative.....	490-495
diplomatic and consular.....	496-511
district attorneys.....	115, 471.
judges.....	439-470
circuit judges.....	467
district.....	469
supreme.....	467-468
in Wisconsin, officers, territory comprising and terms of court.....	470
internal revenue districts.....	406
land offices, location of.....	384
UNITED STATES SENATORS, 52nd congress.....	491
vote, on in legislature, 1891.....	508
UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVES, 52nd congress.....	492-494
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.....	423-434
regents of.....	423
board of visitors, 1890-91.....	423
views of.....	420
income.....	317-318
fund.....	318
of what to consist, sec. 6, art. 10, state con.....	23
interest of, how to be appropriated, sec. 6, art. 10, state con.....	23
where to be established and name of, sec. 6, art. 10, state con.....	23
lands (see "school and university lands") sec. 8, art. 10, state con...	23

V.

VACANCIES, happening during the recess, may be filled temporarily by president, sec. 2, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
in representation in congress, how filled, sec. 2, art. 1, U. S. con.....	3
legislature may declare when office vacant, and how filled, sec. 10, art. 8, state con.....	24
judges, how may be filled, sec. 9, art. 7, state con.....	20
in state and county offices, how filled.....	31
VALUATION, tax and special charges by state board, 1890.....	322-323
of real and personal property, 1890.....	324-325
VALUE of foreign coins in U. S. money.....	374-375
of real and personal property in 1890.....	324
VETERANS' HOME, WISCONSIN.....	463
view of.....	372
VETO, of the president, effect of, and proceedings on, sec. 7, art. 1, U. S. con.....	4
same by governor, sec. 10, art. 4, state con.....	18
VICE-PRESIDENT, of the United States to be president of the senate, sec. 3, art. 1, U. S. con.....	3
how elected, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
how elected, 12th amendment to U. S. con.....	10
shall in certain cases discharge the duties of president, sec. 1, art. 2, U. S. con.....	6
may be removed by impeachment, sec. 4, art. 2, U. S. con.....	7
list of.....	187
VILLAGES, may be incorporated, sec. 3, art. 11, state con.....	23
officers of, how to be elected, sec. 9, art. 8, state con.....	24
value of lots in, and cities.....	324

	Page.		Page.
VOTE , of one house requiring the concurrence of the other, sec. 7, art. 1, U. S. con.	4	WHITEWATER NORMAL SCHOOL	439
right to not to be denied on account of race, 15th amendment to U. S. con.	11	WHITNEY AND RANDALL , bribery case referred to.....	38
every member must.....	64	WITHDRAWAL , members can not, when question is putting.....	64
must not, if not present.....	64	motion, rules of parliament.....	57
change of.....	64	WISCONSIN , historical sketch of.....	109-114
electoral, by states, 1860-1888.....	193	square miles in, and acres by counties.....	324-325
popular, 1884-1888 (with pluralities).....	194-195	population of, 1840 to 1890.....	353
1856-1888.....	194-198	by counties, 1830 to 1890.....	360-361
electoral, from 1789 to 1888.....	199-201	nativity of.....	362-363
presidential in Wisconsin, from 1848 to 1888.....	263	date of admission and how formed.....	359
for president in state, 1884 and 1888, by counties.....	254	pensioners in, by counties.....	372
summary of popular and electoral, from 1788 to 1888.....	199-201	amount disbursed at Milwaukee agency.....	373
summary of gubernatorial, from 1848 to 1890.....	262	Indian reservations in, acres, population, etc.....	380
percentage of total, from 1804 to 1888.....	263	legal holidays in.....	385
gubernatorial, by counties and towns for 1890.....	202-253	direct war tax, refunded to.....	402
presidential, by counties and towns, for 1888.....	202-253	principal farm products, bushels, etc.....	402-403
given for state officers in 1890.....	256-261	number of horses, cattle, etc., in, by counties.....	404
presidential (1888) and gubernatorial (1890) compared, with plurality.....	202-253	iron ore shipped from in 1890.....	405
ratio of, on governor, 1890 to 1888, by counties.....	255	internal revenue districts in.....	406
congressional, 1890, by districts, counties, towns, cities and precincts.....	269-302	hospital for the insane.....	535-537
compared with, on governor, 1890, 271, 274, 277, 278, 281, 285, 289, 295, 302.....	303-312	national Guard.....	535-537
on legislative candidates, 1890.....	303-312	railroad farm mortgage land company.....	320
on constitutional amendment (chief justice).....	268	military roster.....	535-537
circuit judges.....	265-266	veterans' home.....	463
on associate justices supreme court.....	264	jersey breeders' association.....	532
VOTERS , who qualified, sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	15, 31	poultry association.....	532
who disqualified, sec. 2, art. 3, state con.....	15	sheep breeders' and wool growers' association.....	533
who disqualified, sec. 2, art. 13, state con.....	24	short horn breeders' association.....	532
registration of, may be required, sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	31	state bee keepers' association.....	532
what qualifications are necessary, sec. 1, art. 3, state con.....	31	swine breeders' association.....	532
in each of the states.....	368-369	state grange.....	533
VOTING , when to be by ballot, sec. 3, art. 3, state con.....	15	state teachers' association.....	531
every member to vote, senate rule 22.....	89	dairymen's association.....	532
assembly rule 59.....	98	horticultural association.....	534
absent members, name of, to be recorded, assembly rule 58.....	98	academy of sciences, arts and letters press association.....	524
qualification for, required in various states.....	368-369	world's fair commissioners, from.....	490
		WISCONSIN RAILROAD FARM MORTGAGE LAND COMPANY FUND, condition of.....	330
		WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD	535-537
		WITNESSES , in criminal cases, no one compelled to be, against himself, 5th amendment, U. S. con.....	9
		against self, criminal cases, not compelled to be, sec. 8, art. 1, state con.....	13
		WITNESSES , how summoned, examined, etc.....	44
		WOOL , pounds of, 1890, by counties.....	404
		WORLD , statistics of the principal countries of, population, etc.....	366-367
		WORLD'S FAIR , commissioners of, from various states, etc.....	399-400
		WORSHIP , right of, not to be infringed, sec. 18, art. 1, state con.....	14
		WRITS , style of, sec. 17, art. 7, state con.....	21
		power of supreme court to issue, sec. 3, art. 7, state con.....	19
		power of circuit courts and circuit judges to issue, sec. 8, art. 7, state con.....	20
		of <i>certiorari</i> , may issue from supreme court, sec. 3, art. 7, state con.....	19
		of <i>certiorari</i> , may issue from circuit court, sec. 8, art. 7, state con.....	20
		of error, never to be prohibited, sec. 21, art. 1, state con.....	14
		of <i>habeas corpus</i> , privilege of, sec. 8, art. 1, state con.....	14
		may issue from supreme court, sec. 3, art. 7, state con.....	19
		may issue from circuit court, sec. 8, art. 7, state con.....	20
		of injunction may issue from supreme court, sec. 3, art. 7, state con.....	19
		circuit court, sec. 8, art. 7, state con.....	20

W.

WAGES , persons interested in, when disqualified as electors, sec. 6, art. 3, state con.....	15
WAR , congress to declare, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
survivors of.....	372
WAR TAX , THE DIRECT, refunded to states.....	402
WARS of U. S., number of troops engaged, etc.....	378-379
WARM WORDS , or quarrels, adjustment of.....	43-46
WARRANTS , for searching and seizures, when and how they shall issue, 4th amendment to U. S. con.....	9
WASHBURN ASTRONOMICAL OBSERVATORY	428
WEIGHTS AND MEASURES , standard of, sec. 8, art. 1, U. S. con.....	5
WHEAT , bushels grown in state, by counties.....	402-403

WRITS—Continued.	Page.	YEAS AND NAYS, entered on journal, sec.	Page.
of mandamus and prohibition may issue from supreme court, sec. 3, art. 7, state con.	19	5, art. 1, U. S. con.	5
circuit court, sec. 8, art. 7, state con.	20	when shall be taken in legislature, sec. 20, art. 4, state con.	16
of <i>quo warranto</i> , may issue from supreme court, sec. 3, art. 7, state con.	19	on passage of what, shall be entered upon the journal, sec. 8, art. 8, state con.	21
may issue from circuit court, sec. 8, art. 8, state con.	20	may be required by one-fifth.	63
warrants and subpoenas, how issued and attested, senate rule 3.	87	to be taken alphabetically.	63
assembly rule 17.	94	all present shall vote unless excused.	63
		when called and decision announced, no members allowed to vote.	63
		how questions are determined by.	63-64
		no member to vote unless present.	64
Y.			
YEAR, political, when to commence, sec. 1, art. 13, state con.	24, 31		

INDEX OF NAMES.

For names of legislators prior to 1891, see pages.....	187-176
For names of county officers and school superintendents, see pages.....	540-548
For names of members of congress, see pages.....	491-493
For names of U. S. Government officials, see pages.....	467-470, 481, 490, 497, 511
For names of Wisconsin National Guard officers, see pages.....	535-537
For names of newspaper publishers, see pages.....	331-340
For names of officers of agricultural societies.....	538-539

A.

Abbey, Henry G., 178.
 Adams, Henry C., 432.
 Adams, L. H., 425.
 Adamson, Wm. A., 179.
 Agry, David, 121, 125.
 Aikens, Mrs. A. J., 429.
 Aikin, O. U., 179.
 Albee, George S., 440.
 Alford, E. E., 521.
 Alexander, 262.
 Allen, Henry C., 520.
 Allen, Rev. E., 457.
 Allen, P. Jr., 401.
 Allen, Thomas S., 127.
 Allis, E. P., 262.
 Allouez, C., 109.
 Allouez, Father, 109.
 Altenhoffen, A. N., 517.
 Anderson, Canute, 183.
 Anderson, Wendell A., 386.
 Anderson, William S., 121.
 Anson, Charles H., 308, 555, 559, 597.
 Apple, Adam, 303, 553, 558, 568, 578.
 Argard, Martin J., 129.
 Armstrong, James, 178.
 Armstrong, L. G., 435.
 Arndt, Chas. C. P., 111, 118, 119, 120.
 Arndt, E. W., 185.
 Arndt, John P., 116, 117, 120.
 Arnold, Alexander A., 177.
 Arnold, Jonathan E., 112, 119, 120.
 Atkinson, V. T., 424.
 Atwood, David, 178, 185.
 Atwood, Elihu L., 125.
 Avery, Frank, 304, 553, 558, 568, 580.

B.

Babbitt, Clinton, 185, 269-271, 493, 572.
 Babcock, Barnes, 125.
 Babcock, Daniel C., 125.
 Babcock, John M., 125.
 Babcock, J. W., 308, 555, 559, 568, 593.
 Babcock, S. M., 424.
 Badger, Chas. E., 452.
 Bætz, Henry, 128.
 Baensch, Emil, 423.
 Bailey, William F., 289-295, 480.
 Bailey, L. S., 310, 555, 559, 568, 598.
 Baird, Henry, 115, 116, 125.
 Baker, Charles M., 121, 122, 125, 130.
 Baker, E. U., 308, 555, 559, 568, 593.

Baker, Geo., 452.
 Baker, James S., 128.
 Baker, Joseph, 179.
 Baker, W. W., 177.
 Baldwin, Russell, 118, 119.
 Balfour, Capt., 110.
 Ballard, Clara E. S., 425.
 Bannon, James, 307, 555, 559, 568, 591.
 Barber, Hiram, 125.
 Barber, J. Allen, 125, 177, 183, 185.
 Barber, Lucius L., 118, 119, 120, 121.
 Bardeen, Chas. V., 479.
 Barlow, Stephen S., 128, 183.
 Barnes, C. R., 423, 425.
 Barney, C. W., 447.
 Barney, J. A., 179, 564, 585.
 Barron, Henry D., 130, 177, 183.
 Barrow, Augustus R., 177.
 Barry, A. Constantine, 128.
 Barstow, Samuel H., 122.
 Barstow, William A., 112, 127, 256.
 Bartels, F. J., 528.
 Barth, L., 110.
 Bartlett, William A., 121.
 Bartlett, William P., 423.
 Bartz, F. W., 517.
 Barwig, Chas., 185, 272-274, 493, 572.
 Bashford, Luther, 179.
 Bashford, Coles, 112, 127, 262.
 Bashford, John W., 423.
 Batchelder, George, 119, 120.
 Bayfield, Lieut., 111.
 Beach, C. R., 423.
 Beall, Samuel W., 30, 125, 126, 127, 130.
 Beamsley, Jno., 452.
 Beardsley, James W., 177.
 Beardsley, Othni, 118, 119.
 Beatty, George, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120.
 Bechman, C. R., 523.
 Bechtner, Paul, 303, 553, 558, 568, 578.
 Beebe, Craig B., 179.
 Belitz, Henry P., 183.
 Belitz, Antoinette, 459.
 Bell, C. G., 183, 528.
 Bell, William, 125.
 Bennett, C. E., 424.
 Bennett, J. B., 488.
 Bennett, John R., 130, 477.
 Bennett, Stephen O., 125.
 Bensted, B. T., 452.
 Berry, William, 125.
 Berryman, John R., 470, 522.
 Bevans, Lorenzo, 125.
 Bevins, John, 122.
 Beyler, C. H., 470.
 Biggs, James, 30, 126.
 Billingham, Charles, 183, 184.
 Billings, Henry M., 118, 119, 122.

Bingham, James M., 127, 177.
 Birchard, Ezra, 182.
 Birman, Louis, 565.
 Birge, E. A., 424.
 Bishop, Charles, 30, 126.
 Bishop, Nellie, 456.
 Bissell, O. C., 179.
 Black, Jno. C., 461.
 Blackstone, John W., 117, 118, 119.
 Blaine, Jas. G., 254, 481.
 Blair, Peter, 565.
 Blair, Thomas, 116, 117.
 Blake, Lucius S., 183.
 Blake, William, 179.
 Blanchard, C. W., 452.
 Blenski, Michael, 519.
 Blood, Henry L., 183.
 Blum, Geo. L., 517.
 Blumenfeld, Max A., 519.
 Boehmer, Fred W., 458.
 Bolens, H. W., 566.
 Bolte, Henry W., 519.
 Bond, Joseph, 119, 120, 123.
 Bonham, David, 122.
 Boomer, Ella J., 453.
 Booth, C. E., 451.
 Botkin, Alexander, 124.
 Bouck, Gabriel, 128, 177, 185.
 Boway, A. E., 112.
 Bovee, Mathias J., 125.
 Bowe, Frank, 307, 555, 559, 568, 591.
 Bowen, Davis, 123.
 Bowen, Hiram, 178.
 Bowen, Jedediah, 112.
 Bowker, Joseph, 124.
 Bowman, Jonathan, 183.
 Box, John, 116, 117.
 Boyd, John W., 125.
 Boyer, Frank, 537.
 Boyington, Wm., 563.
 Boyles, William, 116, 117.
 Brace, Peter A. R., 125.
 Brace, L. A., 519.
 Bracken, Charles, 118, 119.
 Brackett, J. W., 179.
 Bradford, Ira B., 177.
 Bradley, I. S., 520.
 Bragg, Edward S., 185.
 Brandt, Fred, 565.
 Brawley, W. C., 566.
 Brayton, L. J., 177.
 Brazelton, Jacob, 119, 120.
 Breese, Llywell, 127.
 Brickner, Geo. H., 185, 279-281, 493, 573.
 Briesen, E. V., 521.
 Briggs, H. E., 303, 555, 559, 568, 588.
 Brigham, Ebenezer, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120.
 Brigham, J. R., 130.
 Bright, Elizabeth, 452.
 Brimi, S. E., 183.
 Brisbane, William H., 176.
 Brisbois, Joseph, 118, 119, 122.
 Bristol, Charles S., 123.
 Bronson, Charles A., 123.
 Bross, Charles E., 178.
 Brower, G. W., 567.
 Brown, Armstead C., 122, 123.
 Brown, Beriah, 183.
 Brown, Charles E., 122, 125.
 Brown, Delos H., 520.
 Brown, E. L., 183.
 Brown, Henry, 120.
 Brown, Hiram, 125.
 Brown, James S., 128, 184.
 Brown, Joseph R., 119, 120.
 Brown, Neal, 300, 555, 563, 595.
 Brown, S. J., 424.
 Brown, Mrs. Laura, 459.
 Brown, William W., 123.
 Brownell, George W., 123.
 Bruce, William H., 119.
 Bruce, A. A., 470.
 Bruess, J., 517.
 Brunet, Jean, 116, 117.

Brunson, Alfred, 119, 120.
 Branson, Ira B., 116, 117, 118, 119.
 Bryant, Geo. E., 532.
 Bryant, Edwin E., 424.
 Bucey, S. R., 425.
 Bugh, Samuel G., 178.
 Bull, Storm, 424.
 Bullard, C. E., 179.
 Bullard, Ernest L., 311, 555, 559, 568, 604.
 Bullen, William, 117, 118, 119, 120.
 Bundy, Egbert B., 130, 265, 475.
 Bunn, Romanzo, 130, 183, 469, 470.
 Burchard, Charles, 125.
 Burchard, Samuel D., 185.
 Burdge, R. J., 303, 553, 558, 568, 581.
 Burdick, Elisha, 520.
 Burgess, James M., 123.
 Burke, M. E., 307, 555, 559, 568, 589.
 Burnell, George W., 130, 265, 472.
 Burnett, Thomas P., 116, 122, 125.
 Burns, Timothy, 123, 124, 127.
 Burnside, Andrew, 125.
 Burpee, F. C., 566.
 Burt, Daniel R., 119, 120, 124, 125.
 Burt, William A., 111.
 Bush, Miss Gertrude, 409.
 Bushnell, A. R., 185, 274-277, 493, 572.
 Butler, John, 521.
 Butt, C. M., 533.

C.

Cairns, Wm. B., 426.
 Caldwell, Capt. C., 463.
 Cameron, Angus, 177, 184.
 Camp, Hosea T., 116, 117.
 Campbell, A. F., 566.
 Campbell, E. D., 127.
 Campbell, Francis, 183.
 Campbell, Mrs. V. H., 532.
 Candee, Mrs. W. S., 459.
 Canon, W. H., 519.
 Capron, John M., 121.
 Carle, Etta S., 435.
 Carpenter, A. V. H., 112, 526.
 Carpenter, J. H., 424.
 Carpenter, Matthew H., 112, 113, 184.
 Carr, I. T., 176, 521.
 Carr, S. C., 533.
 Carr, Isabelle B., 533.
 Carter, Almerin M., 30, 126.
 Carter, James B., 125.
 Carver, Ralph, 118.
 Case, Squire S., 30, 126.
 Cass, Dudley, 124.
 Cassoday, John B., 130, 264, 424, 470, 522.
 Casson, Henry, 488.
 Castleman, Alfred L., 30, 126.
 Caswell, B. U., 176.
 Caswell, Lucien B., 185.
 Cate, George W., 130, 135, 435.
 Catlin, John, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121.
 Chaloner, Frank, 423.
 Chamberlain, James, 125.
 Chamberlain, T. C., 424.
 Chance, David R., 116, 117.
 Chandler, W. H., 435.
 Chapman, C. P., 423.
 Chapman, William W., 115.
 Chase, Horace, 125.
 Chase, Warren, 30, 125, 126.
 Cheek, Phil., Jr., 129.
 Cheney, D. W., 310, 555, 559, 568, 598.
 Childs, Ebenezer, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120.
 Chilton, Thomas, 122.
 Chinnock, Geo. W., 311, 555, 559, 601.
 Chittenden, Chas. C., 524.
 Church, G. W., 179.
 Churchill, Ezekiel, 118.
 Clancey, James M., 517.
 Clark, Clarence L., 516, 535.
 Clark, Charles B., 185.

Clark, Grace, 425.
 Clarke, M. C., 450, 451, 452, 454, 456, 457, 458.
 Clark, Henry, 123, 124.
 Clark, Gov., 110.
 Clark, Satterlee, 183.
 Clark, William H., 125.
 Clapp, Mark R., 122.
 Clawson, P. J., 552, 558, 568, 579.
 Clementson, George, 130, 473.
 Clothier, Samuel T., 125.
 Clough, S. H., 130.
 Cobb, Amasa, 177, 184, 185.
 Coburn, Frank P., 185, 285-289, 493, 573.
 Cochran, W. A., 452.
 Coe, Edwin D., 178, 256.
 Cole, Albert G., 30, 126.
 Cole, J. A., 424.
 Cole, Orsamus, 30, 126, 129, 184, 470, 522.
 Colignon, E. W., 504.
 Coleman, Elihu, 470.
 Colley, Joseph, 30, 126.
 Collins, James, 117, 118, 119, 120, 122.
 Collins, Alexander G., L., 122, 124, 130.
 Collins, W. F., 566.
 Comly, D. S., 446.
 Comstock, G. C., 424.
 Conger, S. H., 130.
 Conover, Frederick K., 470.
 Conner, Henry, 305, 553, 558, 568, 584.
 Conrath, A., 523.
 Conway, P. J., 309, 553, 559, 568, 595.
 Cook, Samuel A., 312, 555, 559, 568, 605.
 Coon, F. W., 434.
 Coon, S. Park, 128.
 Cooper, H. A., 269-271.
 Cooper, John, 125.
 Cordier, Henry, 129.
 Cornelius, Florence, 425.
 Cornish, Cora, 504.
 Cornwall, Madison W., 116, 117.
 Cosgrove, Patrick, 177.
 Cotaren, M. M., 124, 130, 183.
 Cotter, J. F., 566.
 Cotton, Emulous P., 126.
 Cotton, S. R., 130.
 Couch, Chas., 310, 555, 559, 568, 600.
 Coughlin, Frank, 567.
 Coumbe, Edward, 125.
 Courtney, Eugene, 567.
 Cox, Hopewell, 125.
 Cox, Mrs. Amelia, 459.
 Cox, James P., 116, 117.
 Craig, Alexander J., 128.
 Craig, John A., 424.
 Craig, Jonathan, 118, 119.
 Cramer, William E., 183.
 Crandall, Paul, 30, 126.
 Crane, L. H. D., 178.
 Crawford, John, 122, 125.
 Crawford, J. N., 533.
 Crawford, Robert M., 308, 555, 559, 568, 592.
 Crawford, Samuel, 129.
 Crocker, Hans, 121.
 Croll, William, 309, 555, 559, 568, 595.
 Crossman, Lyman, 121.
 Crosswell, Caleb, 122.
 Cruson, Thomas, 118, 119, 122, 125.
 Cummings, Henry, 519.
 Cunningham, T. J., 127, 256, 516, 575.
 Gurley, Thos., 521.
 Curtis, D. W., 531.
 Curtis, Lizzie J., 454.
 Cutler, Eva L., 452.

D.

Dallam, James B., 116.
 Daniels, W. W., 424, 523.
 Darling, Mason C., 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 184.
 Daubner, Holmes, 567.
 Davenport, C. A., 312, 555, 559, 568, 605.

Davenport, John, 521.
 Davenport, Stephen A., 30, 126.
 Davies, J. E., 424.
 Davis, Chauncey, 122.
 Dawson, John, 309, 555, 559, 568, 594.
 Dayfoot, Miss Emma, 459.
 Dean, John S., 178.
 De Boise, Al., 565.
 Decker, Jno. W., 426.
 Dehde, H., 451.
 Delaney, John, 521.
 De Lingy, 110.
 Deming, Reuben H., 119.
 Demond, A., 456.
 Dennett, Fred. A., 178.
 Dennis, William M., 122, 125, 136.
 Desmond, H. J., 309, 555, 559, 568, 596.
 Deuster, Joseph, 179.
 Deuster, Peter V., 185.
 De Ville, A., 565.
 Dewey, Nelson, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 127, 262.
 Dickinson, Joseph, 116.
 Dickinson, Nathaniel, 125.
 Dike, H. B., 310, 555, 559, 568, 600.
 Dill, Dan'l J., 310, 553, 559, 599.
 Dixon, Ephraim, 456.
 Dixon, Luther S., 129-130.
 Dobbs, Jeremiah, 519.
 Dockery, W. F., 519.
 Dockery, F. W., 470.
 Dodge, Henry, 111, 115, 184.
 Dodge, A. C., 183.
 Dodge, Joshua E., 310, 555, 559, 568, 600.
 Doe, J. B., 520, 522, 535.
 Doig, Christine, 459.
 Dolbeare, F. L., 524.
 Doney, E. D., 566.
 Donovan, W. C., 519.
 Doolittle, James R., 113, 130, 184, 256.
 Doran, John L., 30, 126.
 Doty, James Duane, 111, 115, 130, 125.
 Douglas, Mark, 526.
 Dousman, H. F., 531.
 Downer, Jason, 130.
 Downs, Daniel L., 183.
 Doyle, John, 521.
 Doyle, Peter, 127.
 Drake, George C., 112.
 Drake, Jeremiah, 125.
 Drake, Levi P., 124.
 Draper, Lyman C., 125, 529.
 Duluth, Capt., 109.
 Dunbar, Richard, 113.
 Dunn, Charles, 30, 115, 126.
 Dunn, Francis J., 115, 119, 120.
 Dunning, Abel, 125.
 Dunning, Philo, 526.
 Dunwiddie, William, 183.
 Durkee, Charles, 116, 117, 184.
 Durley, James, 118.
 Durrie, Daniel S., 529.
 Dyer, Frank M., 519.

E.

Earl, Warren, 122.
 Eastman, Benjamin C., 121, 122, 184.
 Eastman, Jonathan, 120.
 Edgerton, Elisha W., 125.
 Eddy, Emily, 452.
 Edwards, John, 312, 555, 559, 568, 605.
 Ehrlich, Frank, 521.
 Ellertsen, Ludvig, 450.
 Eldred, John E., 173.
 Eldredge, Charles A., 184, 185.
 Ellis, Albert G., 116, 119, 120, 121.
 Ellis, E. H., 130.
 Ellis, Pitt, 123, 125.
 Elmore, Andrew E., 121, 125, 443.
 Elliott, P. C., 567.
 Emery, J. Q., 441.

Emonson, Albert, 179.
 Engle, Peter Hill, 116, 117.
 Engleson, Laura D., 454.
 English, Thos. W., 311, 555, 559, 568, 601.
 Eno, Edgar, 311, 555, 559, 568, 603.
 Enos, Elihu, 183.
 Erickson, A., 567.
 Ermatinger, Chas., 521.
 Estabrook, C. E., 128.
 Estabrook, Experience, 30, 126, 128.
 Evans, Jas. P., 565.
 Everest, Kate A., 426.
 Ewing, John M., 179, 386.

F.

Faber, Wm., 312, 555, 559, 605.
 Fagan, James, 30, 126.
 Fairbanks, Elizabeth B., 443.
 Fairchild, H. O., 177.
 Fairchild, Jarius, 128.
 Fairchild, Lucius, 127, 183, 262.
 Falconer, R. C., 305, 553, 558, 568, 583.
 Falk, Otto H., 520.
 Fallows, Samuel, 128.
 Fanning, Angie L., 458.
 Fargo, Robt., 258.
 Farwell, Leonard J., 127, 256.
 Faulds, J. G., 564.
 Favill, Dr. Henry B., 425.
 Favill, Stephen, 269-271.
 Fay, J. D., 565.
 Featherstonhaugh, G. W., 30, 124, 126.
 Fenton, Daniel G., 30, 126.
 Fetzter, John, 303, 553, 558, 568, 577.
 Fiebrantz, W. J., 309, 555, 559, 568, 590.
 Field, A. P., 115.
 Field, Stephen, 122.
 Field, William W., 177, 183.
 Fifield, Sam., 127.
 Filer, Alanson, 179.
 Filz, Joseph, 308, 555, 559, 568, 594.
 Finch, Earl P., 177.
 Finch, Haynes, 125.
 Finch, Oscar, 307, 555, 559, 568, 590.
 Finney, John, 183.
 Fisher, James, 123.
 Fiske, Edgar D., 452.
 Fiske, Mary H., 452.
 Fitzgerald, Ed., 567.
 Fitzgerald, Garret M., 30, 125, 126.
 Fitzgerald, W. H., 310, 555, 559, 568, 599.
 Fitzgibbons, E. E., 566.
 Flack, Mrs. D. L., 435.
 Flesh, Sarah Belle, 426.
 Fleischer, Frederick, 183.
 Flint, A. S., 424.
 Flint, Edwin, 130.
 Floyd, George R. C., 115.
 Fogo, W. M., 183.
 Foley, John, 116, 117.
 Polz, Jonas, 30, 126.
 Foot, Ezra A., 30, 126.
 Foster, Chas., 482.
 Foster, James H., 183.
 Fowler, Albert, 30, 126.
 Fowler, William, 123.
 Fox, William H., 30, 126.
 Frank, Michael, 121, 122.
 Frankenberger, D. B., 424.
 Pratt, Nicholas D., 262.
 Frazer, Wm. C., 115.
 Freeman, J. C., 424.
 French, E. C., 524.
 Frisby, Alma J., 424.
 Frisby, Leander F., 128, 183.
 Fruit, J. J., 423, 470.
 Fuller, Benjamin, 125.
 Fuller, F. L., 530.

Fuller, S. S. N., 130.
 Furber, Joseph W., 122.
 Fuss, Jacob, 457.

G.

Gaarder, O. P., 311, 555, 559, 568, 600.
 Gale, George, 30, 126, 130.
 Gamm, Julius, 566.
 Gardiner, Palmer, 123.
 Gardner, A., 567.
 Gardner, C. M., 564.
 Gardner, D. J., 435.
 Gardner, E. T., 124, 179.
 Gartner, Otto, 567.
 Gates, Joseph, 179.
 Gay, Lucy M., 425.
 George, T. J., 179.
 Gibson, Moses S., 124, 125.
 Gibson, Sarah D., 452.
 Giddings, David, 119, 120, 125.
 Giddings, James, 123.
 Gifford, Peter D., 30, 126.
 Gilbert, William C., 446.
 Giles, H. H., 443.
 Gill, Charles R., 128.
 Gillett, B. W., 435.
 Gilmore, James, 125.
 Gilmore, S. P., 456.
 Gilson, Franklin L., 177.
 Gilson, Norman S., 130, 473.
 Glaze, A. T., 179.
 Gleason, William H., 179.
 Glennon, James L., 520.
 Glenz, W. H., 518.
 Glover, Joshua, 112.
 Goerz, A., 566.
 Goff, E. S., 424.
 Golden, Farrell, 565.
 Goldschmidt, Julius, 183, 496.
 Goodell, Lemuel, 125.
 Goodell, Lavinia, 113.
 Goodrich, Henry C., 125.
 Goodsell, Elihu B., 125.
 Gorrell, Lieut., 110.
 Gorsline, William R., 130.
 Gowdey, D. C., 564.
 Graham, Robert, 123.
 Graham, Wallace W., 125.
 Granger, Benjamin, 125.
 Grant, Levi, 121.
 Graves, Gaylor, 122.
 Graves, George S., 443.
 Gray, Annie M., 452.
 Gray, A. L., 305, 555, 559, 568, 587.
 Gray, Alexander T., 127, 178.
 Gray, John, 567.
 Gray, Neely, 119, 120, 125.
 Gray, W. F., 452.
 Green, George W., 123.
 Greene, George G., 522.
 Greene, Walter S., 304, 553, 558, 568, 582.
 Grider, Miss P. C., 457.
 Grove, F. E., 451.
 Grumm, Frederick W., 520.
 Guenther, Richard, 128, 185, 496, 505.
 Gurler, H. B., 425.
 Gustavus, H. F., 564.
 Gutman, Chas., 567.
 Guy, C. V., 435.

H.

Hackett, John, 119, 120, 125.
 Hadley, J. A., 179.
 Haganah, George, 567.
 Haight, John T., 123.

Hale, Kate, 451.
Hall, Asaph, 424.
Hall, A. E., 307, 555, 559, 568, 590.
Hall, Daniel, 177.
Hall, George B., 125.
Hall, James H., 125.
Ham, Joseph, 456.
Hamilton, Chas. A., 130.
Hamilton, William S., 121.
Hamilton, W. H., 179.
Hammersley, W. H., 521.
Hammond, Sanford P., 125.
Hammond, L. M., 179.
Hanchett, Luther, 184.
Hanker, W. H., 451.
Hanks, L. S., 423.
Hanrahan, James, 124, 179.
Hanson, Mrs. Ellen, 454.
Hardy, Ed. L., 566.
Harkin, Daniel, 125.
Harkness, Robt., 130.
Harper, Sam A., 470.
Harris, C. L., 179.
Harris, George W., 117.
Harris, Joseph, 183.
Harris, Leonard A., 414.
Harrison, Benjamin, 481.
Harrison, Jesse M., 116.
Harrington, James, 30, 126.
Harshaw, Henry B., 123.
Hartel, J. F., 567.
Harvey, L. D., 423.
Harvey, Louis P., 30, 112, 126, 127, 262.
Harwood, A. F., 183.
Haskins, C. H., 425.
Hastings, S. D., 123.
Hastings, Samuel D., Jr., 130, 266, 478.
Hatch, A. L., 532.
Haugen, Nils F., 129, 185, 289-295, 493, 574.
Hawes, M. T., 125.
Hawley, Emma A., 529.
Hays, James P., 125.
Hazelton, Gerry W., 117, 185.
Hazelton, George C., 183.
Hazen, Lorenzo, 125.
Head, Louis R., 450.
Hearn, Miss Ellen, 459.
Heath, Chauncey F., 123.
Heath, Consider, 121.
Heck, M. W., 517.
Heg, Hans C., 129.
Heg, J. E., 534.
Heimstreet, E. B., 523.
Helm, Wm., 487.
Henderson, J. R., 555, 559, 589.
Henry, William, 116.
Henry, W. A., 424.
Herriman, Fred, 565.
Hesk, William R., 125.
Hicks, Franklin Z., 121, 122, 125.
Hicks, John, 496.
Hiestand, Wm. D., 425.
Hilgen, Frederick, 183.
Hill, A. F., 183.
Hill, Ira A., 435.
Hill, La Fayette, 125.
Hills, Leander B., 178.
Hillyer, H. W., 424.
Hiner, William H., 183.
Hinn, Chr., 307, 555, 559, 568, 592.
Hinrichs, Chr., 423.
Hoard, Robert C., 122.
Hoard, W. D., 127, 202-256, 262.
Hobart, Allie I., 452.
Hobart, Harrison C., 123, 175.
Hobbs, W. H., 424.
Hodges, Alexander P., 129.
Hogan, James J., 177, 308, 556, 559, 568, 594.
Holcomb, J. H., 521.
Holcome, William, 125.
Hollenbeck, Stephen P., 30, 126.
Holliday, James, 124.
Hollister, A. H., 535.
Holmes, John E., 123, 124, 127.

Holton, Edward D., 183.
Holum, Ole S., 520.
Hood, Thomas, 179.
Hopkins, Benjamin F., 185.
Hopkins, John, 121.
Horn, Frederick W., 177, 205, 553, 558, 568, 584.
Horn, John, 310, 556, 559, 563, 597.
Horner, John S., 115.
Hoskins, L. M., 424.
Hoskinson, George E., 183.
Houser, W. L., 566.
Houston, R. S., 308, 556, 557, 568, 593.
Howe, James H., 123.
Howe, Timothy O., 113, 129, 184.
Hoxie, B. S., 532.
Hoyt, John W., 129.
Hoyt, Tristram C., 117, 118, 119.
Hubbell, Levi, 112, 129.
Hubbell, H., 521.
Hudd, T. R., 185.
Huebschmann, Francis, 125, 183.
Huginin, E. R., 133, 125.
Huginin, Peter D., 121.
Hull, William, 177, 178.
Hume, J. P., 178, 564, 585.
Hume, John W., 435.
Humphrey, Herman L., 130, 185, 532.
Humphrey, Julia A., 435.
Hungerford, Mrs. J. L., 458.
Hunkins, Benjamin, 121, 125.
Hunner, John, 123, 258, 510, 517, 576.
Hunner, Chas. C., 517.
Hunt, H. C., 311, 556, 557, 601.
Hunter Jabez R., 175.
Huntington, A. A., 179.
Huntington, J. T., 506.
Hurley, M. A., 522.
Husher, F. A., 183.
Hustins, Berthold, 565.
Hutchins, F. A., 435, 518.
Hutchins, C. A., 518.
Hutton, A. J., 423.
Huxley, H. E., 533.
Huxley, Mrs. H. E., 533.
Hyer, George, 125.
Hyer, Nathaniel F., 125.

I.

Inig, Hugo, 554.
Ingersol, John V., 120.
Ingersol, Chalmers, 179.
Ingraham, Arthur B., 119, 117.
Inman, Israel, Jr., 125.
Irwin, David, 115.
Irwin, Alexander J., 116, 117, 118.
Ives, Stephen N., 117, 118.

J.

Jackson, Andrew B., 30, 111, 111, 126.
Jackson, Henry, 124.
Jackson, Mortimer M., 115, 129.
Jackson, R. W., 463.
Jacobi, C. Hugo, 308, 556, 559, 568, 593.
Jacobson, Tobias, 564.
James, Edward, 456.
James, Thomas, 125.
Janda, Jos. H., 520.
Janes, Lorenzo, 118, 119, 120.
Janssen, Edward H., 125, 128.
Janzen, F. O., 484.
Jastrow, Jos., 424.
Jenkins, James E., 123.
Jenkins, James G., 463, 470.
Jenkins, Thomas, 118, 119, 120, 125.
Jenkins, Warren L., 116, 117.
Jennings, David, 312, 556, 567, 559, 563, 604.
Jensen, Iver, 521.

Johnson, C. H., 456.
 Johnson, Daniel N., 178.
 Johnson, D. H., 130, 471.
 Johnson, E. M., 435.
 Johnson, James, 110.
 Johnson, Ole C., 129, 179.
 Johnson, S. C., 523.
 Johnston, John, 529.
 Joiner, R. L., 303, 553, 558, 568, 583.
 Joliet, Louis, 109.
 Jonas, Charles, 127, 256, 516, 575.
 Jones, A. R., 521.
 Jones, Burr W., 185, 424.
 Jones, David W., 127.
 Jones, George W., 184.
 Jones, Ira, 122.
 Jones, Milo, 30, 126.
 Jones, Mrs. J. H., 454.
 Jones Nellie, 458.
 Judd, Stoddard, 30, 125, 126.
 Judson, Philander, 121.

K.

Kache, Chas., 567.
 Kaine, Mrs. A. L., 459.
 Kappel, John, 521.
 Kavenaugh, T., 567.
 Keenan, Estelle, 519.
 Keenan, M. J., 560.
 Keep, Albert, 113.
 Keep, J. M., 130.
 Kehrein, Jacob, 566.
 Kellogg, Chauncey, 125.
 Kellogg, Clarence, 130, 470.
 Kellogg, John, 125.
 Kellogg, Lafayette, 115, 122, 123, 124, 125, 130.
 Kelly, David M., 177.
 Kelly, Rolin C., 179.
 Kempf, Jno. J., 303, 553, 558, 568, 578.
 Kennedy, Thomas, 179, 519.
 Kennedy, William, 304, 553, 558, 568, 582.
 Kennedy, William H., 30, 126.
 Keogh, Edward, 309, 556, 559, 568, 596.
 Keogh, E. M., 564.
 Kern, Charles J., 125.
 Kerr, Alex., 424.
 Kersten, A. M., 525.
 Keyes, E. W., 422.
 Kidd, Edward I., 304, 553, 558, 568, 580.
 Kidd, Miss Lillie F., 459.
 Kilborn, Byron, 30, 122, 126.
 Kilmer, Ira F., 567.
 Killmer, Miss Etta, 458.
 Kimball, Allison M., 185.
 Kimball, Jacob H., 122.
 King, F. H., 424.
 King, C. J., 424.
 King, Rufus, 30, 126.
 Kingsbury, O. M., 179.
 Kingston, John T., 183.
 Kingston, J. T., Jr., 303, 553, 558, 568, 579.
 Kingston, Thomas, 521.
 Kingston, Tom, 565.
 Kinne, Augustus C., 30, 126.
 Kinney, Asa, 124, 125.
 Kinney, Joseph, Jr., 125.
 Kirwan, M., 435.
 Kizer, F. C., 311, 556, 559, 568, 673.
 Klaus, Anton, 177.
 Klemert, Fred, 565.
 Knapstein, T., 310, 556, 559, 568, 599.
 Knapp, Gilbert, 116, 117, 119.
 Knapp, John H., 183.
 Kneeland, James, 122.
 Kneeland, Mrs. Amelia, 459.
 Knight, Miletus, 179.
 Knowlton, A. A., 425.
 Knowlton, James H., 183.
 Knowlton, Wiram, 122, 129.
 Koenitzer, C. A., 303, 553, 558, 568, 578.

Konrad, August, 311, 556, 559, 568, 604.
 Kremers, Edward, 425.
 Krez, Conrad, 308, 556, 559, 596.
 Kribs, F. H., 183.
 Kroeger, Herman, 303, 553, 558, 568, 578.
 Kroeger, August, 567.
 Kruszka, M., 310, 556, 559, 568, 598.
 Kuechle, Gustav A., 520.
 Kuehn, Charles, 128.
 Kuehn, Ferdinand, 128, 423.
 Kurtz, Edw., 470.
 Kutchin, Victor, Rev., 457.

L.

La Chappelle, Theophilus, 119, 120, 121.
 Ladd, Azel P., 123.
 La Follette, Robert M., 185, 274-277.
 La Salle, 109.
 La Seur, 110.
 Lakin, Geo. W., 30, 126.
 Lamb, Dana C., 129.
 Lamberson, Jay G., 311, 556, 559, 568, 600.
 Lambert, C. H., 568.
 Lander, Mrs. Helen M., 425.
 Lang, T. D., 183.
 Langland, Knud, 183.
 Langworthy, Lucius H., 117.
 Lapperriere, Sieur de, 110.
 Larkin, Charles H., 30, 121, 126.
 Larabee, Charles H., 30, 123, 129, 130, 184.
 Larsen, James, 309, 556, 559, 595.
 Latham, Hollis, 30, 126.
 Lawrence, John, 521.
 Lea, A. B., 312, 556, 559, 604.
 Leahy, Mr., 112.
 Leahy, Willie, 482.
 Learned, Charles J., 119, 120.
 Ledwith, Wm., 521.
 Lee, Daniel E., 452.
 Lees, Robert, 305, 553, 558, 568, 583.
 Leffler, Isaac, 116, 117.
 Leicht, Chas. A., 566.
 LeLouvignys, 110.
 Leonard, Thos. B., 516.
 Leonhardy, John, 308, 556, 559, 568, 587.
 Lester, Chas. S., 423.
 Levis, G. W., 517.
 Lewis, Eli C., 130.
 Lewis, James T., 30, 126, 127, 262.
 Lewis, Warren, 116.
 Liebenstein, J. W., 567.
 Lincoln, A., 112.
 Lindeman, Herman, 183.
 Little, Sarah C., 454.
 Lockhart, Edward P., 123, 124.
 Lockwood, James H., 116.
 Long, Hugh, 119, 120.
 Long, J. S., 452.
 Long, Robert M., 121.
 Longbotham, John, 307, 556, 559, 568, 591.
 Longstreet, William R., 118, 119.
 Lonzo, J., 567.
 Loomis, H. B., 529.
 Loomis, H. K., 522.
 Lord, W. H., 453.
 Love, Miss Marietta, 456.
 Love, J. R., 459.
 Lovell, C. T., 183.
 Lovell, Frederick S., 30, 123, 124, 125, 126, 177.
 Loy, H. B., 564.
 Luddington, Harrison, 127, 262.
 Lueders, H. L., 521.
 Luling, Charles, 183, 446.
 Lum, Anna, 518.
 Lum, Charles, 123.
 Lusher, Gustav S., 312, 556, 559, 568, 605.
 Lyman, Samuel W., 30, 126.
 Lynch, Thos., 184, 265-302, 493, 574.
 Lynde, William Pitt, 115, 184, 185.
 Lynde, Mrs. M. E. B., 459.

Lyon, William P., 130, 470, 523.
Lyons, Lucius, 111.

M.

McArthur, Arthur, 112, 127, 130.
McBean, Thos., 566.
McCartney, Orris, 123, 124.
McClean, P. H., 567.
McClellan, Robert, 122.
McClellan, Samuel, 30, 126.
McCord, Myron, 185, 295, 302.
McCoy, Archie, 567.
McCoy, Ellnor, 452.
McCraney, Thomas, 116, 117.
McCurdy, A. E., 516.
McDill, Alexander S., 184, 185.
McDowell, William, 126.
McFarlane, Hugh, 122.
McFetridge, Edward C., 128, 183.
McGarry, Edward, 129.
McGeehan, R. J., 306, 556, 560, 587.
McGillivray, Jas. J., 308, 556, 560, 593.
MacGraw, Edward M., 129.
McGregor, Alexander, 117, 118, 119.
McGregor, Duncan, 438.
McGuigan, Ambrose, 310, 556, 560, 568, 598.
McHenry, Geo., 564.
McHugh, Thomas, 30, 123, 124, 125, 127.
McIlroy, W. H., 456.
McIlroy, Mrs. W. H., 456.
McIndoe, Walter D., 183, 184.
McKibben, Miss A. B., 454.
McKnight, Thomas, 116, 117.
McLaren, William P., 183.
McLean, Campbell, 130.
McLean, Ellen L., 452.
McLinden, Felix, 179.
McMahon, P., 517.
McMullen, W. V., 306, 556, 560, 587.
McMynn, John G., 123.
McNee, Gordon H., 535.
McPherson, W. B., 520.
McSherry, Edward, 116.
McSorley, Chas., 521.
McWilliams, George, 116, 117.
MacBride, R. J., 305, 553, 558, 568, 582.
MacBride, R., 565.
Macy, John B., 112, 184.
Madson, Martin, 456.
Magone, James, 122, 125.
Magoon, Henry S., 185.
Mahoney, Wm., 520.
Main, Willet S., 305, 470, 553, 558, 583.
Malek, C. J. M., 519.
Manahan, Benjamin F., 123, 124.
Manahan, John H., 121, 125.
Mann, Geo. E., 456.
Mann, John E., 130.
Manchester, John, 565.
Mapel, J. J., 442.
Mapes, David E., 183.
Markle, B. G., 524.
Marks, Solon, 523.
Marquette, Father, 109, 110.
Marshall, R. D., 130, 423, 477.
Marston, J. H., 463.
Martin, John A., 461.
Martin, Leonard, 124.
Martin, Morgan L., 30, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 126, 184.
Martin, Sieur, 110.
Marx, C. D., 424.
Massing, Francis, 179.
Masters, E. D., 179.
Masters, Robert, 121.
Mathews, Frances E., 435.
Maxon, Jos. S., 311, 556, 560, 568, 603.
Maxwell, James, 117, 118, 119, 120.
May, 262.
Mead, L. H., 306, 556, 560, 586.

Mead, M. C., 304, 553, 558, 581.
Meeker, Moses, 121, 125.
Meloy, Chas. J., 309, 556, 560, 568, 594.
Meloy, Harry, 521.
Mendel, Jacob, 435.
Menzel, Gregor, 183.
Merrick, Winona, 518.
Merrill, Geo. F., 423.
Messersmith, George, 121.
Messmore, Isaac E., 130.
Meyer, C. J. L., 183.
Miller, Andrew G., 111, 115.
Miller, Col., 110.
Miller, Lucas M., 185, 282-285, 493, 573.
Miller, Wm., 305, 553, 558, 568, 583.
Miller, William H. H., 488.
Mills, David L., 125.
Mills, Jesse C., 119, 120, 122.
Mills, J. T., 130.
Mills, Simeon, 115.
Mills, Thomas B., 177.
Miner, E. S., 526.
Miner, Cyrus, 530.
Mirandeau, Jean Baptist, 110.
Mitchell, Alexander, 112, 113, 185.
Mitchell, J. L., 185, 277-278, 418, 461, 572.
Monchau, Everett, 567.
Moores, Benjamin H., 122, 124.
Moore, Chas. W., 306, 556, 560, 568, 586.
Moore, James M., 125.
Moore, Jesse, 122.
Moore, T. C., 461.
Moorman, Thomas J., 118, 120.
Morran, Alex, 519.
Morgan, Thomas, 117.
Morgan, William, 116, 117.
Morrisey, Agnes L., 520.
Morrison, W. H., 425.
Morrow, Elisha, 122, 123.
Morse, Calvin, 528.
Morse, Clara Y., 454.
Moseley, C. E., 566.
Moseley, Egbert, 179.
Moulton, H. N., 521.
Mulford, Ezra A., 30, 126.
Mulholland, Peter, 520.
Mullanphy, John, 124, 179.
Muller, Agnes, 564.
Mungar, A. R., 311, 556, 560, 568, 602.
Monk, Emanuel, 179.
Mumbrue, H. C., 521.
Murphy, L. B., 517.
Murphy, Wm., 567.
Myers, Geo. H., 130, 476.

N.

Nagle, John, 533.
Nash, Wm. F., 304, 554, 558, 568, 590.
Nelson, M. O., 386.
Nelton, Peter, 518.
Nevin, James, 526.
Newell, George F., 124.
Newland, David, 119, 120, 121.
Newman, Alfred W., 130, 474.
Newman, Zadoc, 117, 118, 119.
Newton, T. L., 530.
Nichols, Chas. M., 30, 126.
Nichols, Samuel F., 183.
Nickles, Jerome S., 183.
Nicolet, Jean, 109.
Noble, Butler G., 127.
Noggle, David, 125, 130.
Nolan, J. P., 309, 556, 560, 568, 595.
Northrop, George C., 183.
Northway, Albert G., 122.
Nowell, W. A., 178.
Nowlin, Hardin, 116, 117.
Noyes, Geo. H., 423.

Noyes, Thomas J., 118.
 Nunns, Annie A., 529.
 Nuttall, Thos., 110.

O.

Oakley, F. W., 470.
 Oakley, Minnie M., 529.
 O'Connor, Bostwick, 123.
 O'Connor, James L., 123, 258, 516, 517, 522, 576.
 O'Connor, John, 30, 126.
 O'Connor, Thos., 309, 566, 560, 568, 595.
 O'Keefe, Daniel F., 566.
 O'Keif, John, 567.
 O'Neil, Thos., 521.
 Ogden, Ephraim F., 119, 120.
 Olin, Thomas H., 121.
 Oliver, Solomon, 122.
 Olson, J. E., 425.
 Olson, Brown, 311, 556, 560, 568, 603.
 Orton, Harlow S., 112, 130, 470, 522, 529.
 Osborn, Charles F., 308, 557, 560, 592.
 Osborn, Joseph H., 129.
 Osthelder, Oscar, 564.
 Ostrander, J. W., 193.
 Oswald, John J., 307, 557, 560, 568, 591.
 Owen, E. T., 425.
 Oyen, Louis, 567.

P.

Paine, Byron, 129, 130, 178.
 Paine, Halbert E., 184, 185.
 Paine, Ira C., 130.
 Palmer, Almond E., 425.
 Palmer, Andrew, 123, 124.
 Palmer, C. N., 183.
 Palmer, Edgar, 524.
 Palmer, Henry L., 177, 262.
 Palmer, Isaac H., 121.
 Pankow, A. G., 564.
 Pape, Edw., 566.
 Parish, J. K., 130, 479.
 Park, G. L., 130.
 Parker, Charles D., 127.
 Parker, F. A., 425.
 Parker, Luther, 122.
 Parker, W. D., 518.
 Parkinson, A. C., 530.
 Parkinson, J. B., 424.
 Parkinson, J. M., 425.
 Parkinson, Daniel M., 116, 117, 119, 120, 125.
 Parks, Rufus, 125.
 Parmalee, Thomas E., 119, 120.
 Parrat, 110.
 Parry, Wm. T., 446.
 Parsons, Chatfield H., 125.
 Parsons, Jonathan, 121.
 Patch, Horace D., 124, 125.
 Patton, Jas. A., 521.
 Patton, Worthie H., 535.
 Paul, George H., 129.
 Paul, H. G. L., 517.
 Payne, Henry C., 386.
 Pease, L. S., 470.
 Pearce, Iva C., 521.
 Peck, George W., 127, 178, 202-255, 256, 262, 515, 516, 575.
 Peck, George W., Jr., 535.
 Peck, W. H., 517.
 Peckham, G. W., 534.
 Peirce, C. E., 306, 556, 560, 568, 586.
 Pelke, S. G., 567.
 Pennyfeather, Jas., 566.
 Pentony, Patrick, 30, 126.
 Persons, E. W., 303, 554, 558, 577.
 Persons, M. P., 564.
 Persons, Warren, 565.
 Peterson, Atley, 129.

Petherick, E. R., 564.
 Pettit, Milton H., 127.
 Phalen, D. T., 311, 557, 560, 568, 602.
 Phelps, A. W., 426.
 Phelps, Chauncey M., 123, 124.
 Phelps, Noah, 122, 125.
 Phillips, Chas. H., 517.
 Phillips, F. L., 520, 535.
 Phipps, W. H., 303, 554, 558, 568, 579.
 Pickard, Josiah L., 128.
 Pickarts, Anna M., 520.
 Pierce, Joseph S., 125.
 Pierce, Miss S. E., 459.
 Pierron, Wm., 309, 557, 560, 568, 597.
 Pinzger, John, 521.
 Platt, Alonzo, 121.
 Plummer, Dan'l L., 423.
 Plummer, Wm. E., 310, 557, 560, 568, 599.
 Pole, Charles, 122, 124.
 Porch, R., 517.
 Porter, Wm. H., 307, 557, 560, 589.
 Porth, Geo. W., 178, 566, 606.
 Potter, John F., 184.
 Pound, Thaddeus C., 127, 185.
 Powell, W. C., 386.
 Power, F. B., 425.
 Pratt, Geo. W., 304, 554, 558, 581.
 Prentiss, Theodore, 30, 125, 126.
 Prentiss, William A., 117, 118, 119.
 Pressentin, Werner, 516.
 Preston, Jos. C., 454.
 Preuss, Louis, 519.
 Price, Glendower M., 121.
 Price, H. H., 185, 305, 554, 558, 584.
 Price, William T., 183, 185.
 Priestley, Mary W., 520.
 Pringel, S. J., 565.
 Proctor, Lewis A., 446.
 Proctor, Redfield, 484.
 Proudfit, Frank F., 517, 529.
 Pugh, W. T., 307, 557, 560, 590.
 Pulcifer, D. H., 179.
 Pulford, E. D., 523.
 Pulling, D. J., 130.
 Putnam, H. C., 308, 557, 560, 568, 592.
 Putnam, S. J. M., 450.
 Putnam, W. H., 564.

Q.

Quinn, Ed. S., 566.
 Quigley, Patrick, 116, 117.

R.

Ramsey, Alexander D., 30, 126.
 Ramsey, William H., 128.
 Rand, H. H., 483.
 Randall, Alexander W., 112, 125, 127, 130, 262.
 Rankin, Aaron, 125.
 Rankin, Joseph, 185.
 Ransom, Geo. B., 425.
 Ray, Adam E., 118, 119, 120, 122.
 Raymen, Jas., 565.
 Raymer, Geo., 423.
 Raymond, Elisha, 123.
 Ream, Robert L., 178.
 Rebham, Jos., 521.
 Reed, Curtis, 122.
 Reed, George, 124, 125.
 Reed, Harrison, 30, 126.
 Reed, M., 401.
 Reed, Wm. W., 443.
 Reeve, J. T., 523.
 Reid, Thomas B., 179.
 Reinch, Geo., 566.
 Renalt, Francis, 110.
 Reuter, Chr., 307, 557, 560, 568, 589.
 Reynert, James D., 30, 126.

Reynolds, B. O., 523.
 Reynolds, Eli, 116.
 Reynolds, James C., 303, 554, 558, 568, 579.
 Reynolds, John, 116, 117.
 Rice, John A., 423.
 Richardson, William, 30, 123, 126.
 Richmond, Ben., 565.
 Richter, A. W., 426.
 Riedy, M., 564.
 Riley, Ed. F., 423.
 Ritch, William G., 183.
 Rixford, Bradford, 183.
 Roberts, J. C., 470.
 Roberts, R. N., 463.
 Roberts, Robert T., 458.
 Roberts, Maggie A., 458.
 Robinson, F., 523.
 Robinson, C. D., 127, 262.
 Robinson, Miss Amy, 564.
 Robinson, Nellie, 453.
 Robinson, Warren, 452.
 Rockwell, John S., 119, 120.
 Rockwood, S. S., 483.
 Rogan, Patrick, 125.
 Rogers, B. T., 183.
 Rogers, William C., 179.
 Root, Eleazar, 30, 126, 128.
 Root, Wilbur M., 129, 260, 516, 518, 576.
 Root, Ned M., 518.
 Rosenkrans, O. L., 312, 557, 560, 604.
 Rosenstengel, W. H., 425.
 Rossman, Louis, 306, 557, 560, 568, 586.
 Rossman, Philip, 306, 557, 560, 568, 588.
 Roundtree, John Hawkins, 30, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 126.
 Rublee, Francis M., 119.
 Ruch, John, 183.
 Ruggles, A. L., 435.
 Rusk, Allen, 458.
 Rusk, Jeremiah M., 127, 128, 185, 262, 488.
 Rusk, L. J., 522.
 Russell, Mrs. C. J., 459.
 Ryan, Edward G., 113, 125, 129.
 Ryland, Geo. W., 127.

S.

St. Clair, Lient. Gov., 110.
 Salisbury, Albert, 493.
 Sampson, B. E., 307, 557, 560, 568, 589.
 Solomon, Edward, 126.
 Sanborn, E. A., 435.
 Sanders, Horace T., 30, 126.
 Sanger, Casper M., 126.
 Sawyer, Miss Alice M., 458.
 Sawyer, H. W., 423.
 Sawyer, Philetus, 184, 490, 571.
 Scagel, George, 30, 126.
 Scanlan, John, 518.
 Scheiber, Frederick, 423.
 Scheldhaur, Henry, 519.
 Scheller, Louis, 567.
 Schilling, Robt., 277-278, 386.
 Schmitz, Philip, Jr., 309, 557, 560, 569, 597.
 Schoeffler, Moritz, 30, 126.
 Schubert Oscar K., 516.
 Schuetz, Henry, 309, 557, 560, 597.
 Schwefel, H., 307, 557, 560, 568, 590.
 Searing, Edward, 128.
 Seaver, Lyman H., 125, 179.
 Secor, Theodore, 30, 126.
 Sewell, W. J., 414.
 Shackelford, Barlow, 117, 118, 119.
 Shafer, Sam. J., 564.
 Shafter, James M., 178.
 Shanley, Thomas, 116, 117.
 Sheldon, John P., 120.
 Sheldon, Orson, 122.
 Sheldon, William B., 116, 117.
 Shepherd, William F., 119, 120.
 Sheridan, James A., 518.

Sherwood, J. M., 179.
 Shew, William, 118, 119, 123, 123.
 Sholes, Charles C., 116, 117, 118, 119.
 Sholiner, F. W., 179.
 Shutts, Geo. C., 423.
 Siebecker, Robt. G., 120, 266, 476.
 Seiber, Henrys, 477, 480, 513.
 Sibree, Lottie C., 458.
 Silbaugh, Jackson, 564.
 Silbernagel, Geo., 566.
 Sill, Elisha S., 120.
 Sirus, Jos., 564.
 Singer, William, 123.
 Sired, W. G., 425.
 Skaar, Olaf, 386, 519.
 Skinner, Henry C., 118.
 Slaughter, George H., 122.
 Slaughter, William B., 115.
 Sleep, W. H., 456.
 Sleep, Mrs. W. H., 456.
 Slichter, C. S., 425.
 Sloan, A. Scott, 128, 130, 184, 473.
 Sloan, Ithamar C., 184, 425.
 Small, D. W., 120.
 Smith, Abram D., 129.
 Smith, A. Hyatt, 115, 125.
 Smith, C. E., 306, 557, 560, 568, 588.
 Smith, E. C., 308, 557, 560, 568, 592.
 Smith, F. F., 564.
 Smith, George B., 125, 128.
 Smith, George F., 116, 117.
 Smith, Henry, 185.
 Smith, Jeremiah, Jr., 116, 117.
 Smith, J. B., 386.
 Smith, John B., 111.
 Smith, John Y., 125.
 Smith, L. H., 306, 557, 560, 568, 588.
 Smith, Nicholas, 446.
 Smith, O. R., 178.
 Smith, S. M., 454.
 Smith, Sewell, 125.
 Smith, Walter M., 425.
 Smith, William E., 127, 128, 177, 262.
 Smith, William R., 122, 125, 128, 178.
 Smith, Winfield, 123.
 Solberg, Charles B., 183.
 Soper, Evander M., 125.
 Sorg, Carl, 519.
 Spehn, Peter, 564.
 Spencer, Jas. F., 520.
 Spencer, R. C., 277-278.
 Spenseley, C., 526.
 Spooner, John C., 184, 568.
 Spooner, Philip L., Jr., 129.
 Spooner, Wyman, 127, 130, 177.
 Sprague, Ezra T., 130.
 Squires, Joel C., 128.
 Stanchfield, S. B., 304, 554, 558, 568, 581.
 Stanton, Sec'y, 112.
 Stanton, Jos., 567.
 Stark, Joshua, 522.
 Starks, Argalus W., 123.
 Starr, Elisha, 179.
 Staumes, Jacob, 564.
 Steadman, Silas, 30, 126.
 Stearns, J. W., 425.
 Steele, Elijah, 125.
 Steinke, Elsie M., 452.
 Stempel, G. A., 435.
 Stephenson, Isaac, 185.
 Sterling, Levi, 116, 117, 118.
 Sterling, Susan A., 425.
 Stevens, Chas. E., 521.
 Stevens, Orrin R., 117, 118.
 Stewart, Alva, 130.
 Stewart, Frank M., 178, 470.
 Stewart, John W., 123, 124.
 Stockman, J. B., 456.
 Stockwell, T. S., 125.
 Stodyk, Peter, 528.
 Stogdill, Elizabeth, 458.
 Stoppenbach, Jos., 308, 557, 560, 568, 593.
 Stoppenbach, Albert, 567.
 Story, Augustus, 118, 119.

Stout, Nathaniel L., 179.
 Stow, Alexander W., 129.
 Street, Joseph H. D., 118, 119.
 Strong, Marshal M., 117, 118, 121, 122, 123, 125.
 Strong, Moses M., 115, 120, 121, 122, 125, 177, 522.
 Strong, R. M., 178.
 Sullivan, Andrew, 123.
 Sullivan, Lucy, 459.
 Sumner, Daniel H., 185.
 Sutherland, Daniel S., 118, 119.
 Sutherland, James, 119, 120.
 Sutherland, Thomas W., 115.
 Swain, George G., 183.
 Sweet, Alanson, 116, 117.
 Swiler, John W., 435, 452.

T.

Tallmadge, Nathaniel P., 115, 262.
 Tarrant, Henry, 311, 557, 560, 568, 601.
 Taylor, Charles S., 305, 554, 558, 568, 582.
 Taylor, David, 130, 470, 522.
 Taylor, E. A., 451.
 Taylor, E. P., 450.
 Taylor, J. A., 303, 386, 557, 560, 568, 587.
 Taylor, J. B., 565.
 Taylor, John, 129.
 Taylor, William R., 113, 127, 262.
 Teas, George W., 116, 117.
 Teas, Joseph B., 110, 117.
 Temple, O. F., 183.
 Tendick, F., 453.
 Tenney, C. H., 566.
 Terhune, L. F., 564.
 Terry, John B., 116, 117.
 Textor, Clinton, 309, 557, 560, 568, 594.
 Thayer, C. B., 528.
 Thayer, M. A., 532.
 Thayer, Jesse B., 128.
 Thomas, John L. V., 178.
 Thomas, Ormsby B., 183, 185, 232-235.
 Thomas, Salmon, 122.
 Thomas, William H., 122.
 Thompson, Ambrose, 306, 557, 560, 568, 588.
 Thompson, Jared, 121.
 Thompson, Thomas, 129, 260, 516, 518, 568, 576.
 Thomson, Alexander M., 178, 179.
 Thorp, A. D., 179.
 Thrane, A. D. T., 523.
 Thwaites, Reuben G., 529.
 Tigh, Michael J., 521.
 Timme, Ernst G., 137.
 Toland, Patrick, 125.
 Topping, Josiah, 125.
 Tormey, Jno., 310, 557, 560, 568, 598.
 Townley, S. D., 423.
 Tracy, B. F., 486.
 Tracy, John, 310, 557, 560, 568, 599.
 Tripp, James, 120, 121.
 Trowbridge, John T., 121.
 Trowbridge, J. W., 121.
 True, E. C., 435.
 True, J. M., 423, 530.
 True, R. H., 423.
 Truesdell, L. S., 564.
 Turner, A. J., 129, 178.
 Turner, F. J., 423.
 Turner, Harvey G., 126.
 Turner, Henry J., 183.
 Turner, Joseph, 123, 124.
 Turner, Peter H., 125.
 Tuttle, R., 564.
 Tuttle, S. H., 521.
 Tweedy, John H., 120, 125, 184, 262.

U.

Ungrodt, Louis J., 520.
 Upham, Don A. J., 119, 120, 125, 262.
 Utey, William L., 262.

V.

Vail, C. G. S., 121.
 Valentine, C. L., 536.
 Van Akin, Elizabeth A., 454.
 Van Brunt, D. C., 183, 272-274.
 Vance, W. B., 521.
 Vanderpool, Abram, 30, 126.
 Van Etten, Semi L., 519.
 Van Hise, C. R., 425.
 Van Schaick, Isaac W., 185.
 Van Slyke, N. B., 422.
 Van Steenwyk, Gysbert, 123.
 Van Velzer, Chas. A., 425.
 Van Vliet, Peter, 121.
 Vaughan, A. W., 470.
 Vaughn, William W., 183.
 Venus, J. A., 567.
 Vilas, William F., 184, 425, 490, 568, 571.
 Vineyard, James R., 111, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 125.
 Vinje, A. J., 470.
 Virgin, Noah H., 124.
 Vliet, Garret, 125.
 Vliet, Wm., 566.
 Voss, W. F., 304, 554, 558, 568, 580.

W.

Waggoner, J. H., 178.
 Wakeley, Eleazer, 124.
 Wakeley, Solmous, 125.
 Walker, George H., 121, 122.
 Walker, Isaac P., 111, 124.
 Walker, W. A., 421.
 Wall, E. C., 386.
 Walworth, George, 124.
 Wandrey, Aug., 517.
 Wannamaker, John, 487.
 Ward, Joseph, 30, 126.
 Warden, Allen, 30, 126, 183.
 Warden, A. F., 311, 517, 557, 560, 568, 602.
 Ware, Mrs. Maggie, 458.
 Warner, Hans B., 127.
 Warner, M. J., 311, 557, 560, 568, 603.
 Warren, J. H., 178.
 Washburn, Cadwallader C., 127, 184, 185, 262.
 Washburn, G. W., 130.
 Watson, J. W., 307, 557, 560, 568, 591.
 Watson, Miss S. Augusta, 454.
 Weatherby, B. A., 564.
 Weatherby, George E., 183.
 Weatherby, L. P., 130.
 Webb, Charles M., 130, 265, 474.
 Webb, John B., 518.
 Webb, William C., 178.
 Webster, Daniel, 179.
 Weeks, George, 457.
 Weil, F. M., 517.
 Weiman, Miss Emma, 456.
 Welch, D. E., 179.
 Wells, Daniel, Jr., 117, 118, 119.
 Wells, Horatio N., 115, 118, 119, 123, 124.
 Wells, Oliver E., 128, 258, 516, 518, 576.
 Wentworth, J. T., 130.
 Wentworth, W. Y., 528.
 Wetstein, Ulrich, 567.
 Whalen, Patrick, 179, 566, 606.
 Wheeler, Edwin, 130.
 Wheeler, Ezra, 184.
 Wheeler, F. S., 456.
 Wheeler, George F., 129.
 Wheeler, Loring, 116, 117.
 Wheeler, William A., 30, 123, 126.
 White, J. H., 528.
 White, Joshua L., 125.
 White, Lemuel, 121.
 White, Philo, 123, 124, 183.
 Whitehead, Elizabeth, 450.
 Whiteside, C. M., 307, 557, 560, 568, 590.
 Whitesides, Ninian E., 123, 124, 125, 175.

Whitford, William C., 123.
 Whitney, D. M., 119.
 Whiton, Edward V., 30, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123,
 126, 129.
 Whitty, James, 521, 567.
 Weigand, O. O., 557, 560, 563, 602.
 Wilcox, Alonzo, 179.
 Wilcox, Randall, 121, 123.
 Willard, Victor M., 125.
 Williams, Annie B., 453.
 Williams, Bille, 183.
 Williams, Charles G., 183, 185.
 Williams, Emma M., 454.
 Williams, John K., 178.
 Williams, L. A., 435.
 Williams, Nelson, 179.
 Williams, O. T., 309, 557, 560, 563, 596.
 Williams, W. H., 425.
 Williston, Geo. H., 124.
 Wilson, Alexander, 128.
 Wilson, George, 117, 118.
 Wilson, Joel F., 125.
 Wilson, Richard F., 179.
 Winans, John, 185, 311, 557, 560, 601.
 Winslow, John B., 130, 265, 471.

Wiswall, Geo. N., 470.
 Witter, G. F., 523.
 Wolcott, Hubert, 179.
 Woll, W. F. A., 435.
 Wood, Uriah, 123.
 Woodnorth, J. H., 304, 463, 554, 553, 563, 581.
 Woodward, D. G., 456.
 Wooster, Julius, 122.
 Wright, A. O., 435, 443, 463.
 Wright, Hiram A., 128.
 Wright, L. K., 566.
 Wylie, Geo., 533.

Y.

Yahnke, Lizzie, 564.
 Yahr, F. T., 303, 554, 553, 563, 579.
 Young, E. W., 178, 435.

Z.

Zwaska, John W., 519.

APPORTIONMENT OF 1891.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

Chapter 483, Laws 1891.

SECTION 1. Until otherwise provided by law, the state of Wisconsin shall be divided into ten congressional districts, each of which shall be entitled to elect one representative in the congress of the United States, and the territory comprising each district shall be divided as follows:

The counties of Racine, Kenosha, Walworth, Rock, Green and La Fayette shall constitute the first congressional district.

The counties of Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia shall constitute the second congressional district.

The counties of Adams, Juneau, Vernon, Sauk, Richland, Crawford, Grant and Iowa shall constitute the third congressional district.

The 1st, 2nd, 3d 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Franklin, Greenfield, Lake and Oak Creek in Milwaukee county shall constitute the fourth congressional district.

The counties of Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington and Waukesha and the 10th and 13th wards of the city of Milwaukee and the towns of Granville, Milwaukee and Wauwatosa in Milwaukee county shall constitute the fifth congressional district.

The counties of Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc shall constitute the sixth congressional district.

The counties of Pepin, Eau Claire, Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, Monroe and La Crosse shall constitute the seventh congressional district.

The counties of Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door shall constitute the eighth congressional district.

The counties of Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawano, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Marinette and Oconto shall constitute the ninth congressional district.

The counties of Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chipewewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce shall constitute the tenth congressional district.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

Chapter 482, Laws 1891.

SECTION 1. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the senators shall be apportioned among the several districts of this state as hereinafter mentioned, and each district shall be entitled to elect one senator.

The counties of Door, Kewaunee and Marinette shall constitute the First senate district.

The county of Brown shall constitute the Second senate district.

The counties of Racine and Kenosha shall constitute the Third senate district.

The First, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Seventh and Eighteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Fourth senate district.

The Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, and the towns of Wauwatosa, Milwaukee, Granville, Franklin, Greenfield, Oak Creek and Lake in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Fifth senate district.

The Eighth, Eleventh, Twelfth and Fourteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Sixth senate district.

The Second, Sixth, Ninth and Tenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Seventh senate district.

The county of Green and the towns of Porter, Union, Magnolia, Center, Spring Valley, Plymouth, Avon, Newark and the village of Evansville in the county of Rock, and the towns of Wayne, Gratiot, Wiota, Argyle, Blanchard, Fayette and Lamont in the county of La Fayette, and the towns of Moscow and Brigham in the county of Iowa, shall constitute the Eighth senate district.

The counties of Green Lake, Adams, Juneau and Waushara, and the towns of Nepeuskun and Rushford in the county of Winnebago, and the towns of New Lyme, Lincoln, La Grange and Byron in the county of Monroe, shall constitute the Ninth senate district.

The counties of St. Croix, Pierce and Pepin shall constitute the Tenth senate district.

The counties of Ashland, Bayfield, Douglas and Sawyer shall constitute the Eleventh senate district.

The counties of Marathon and Shawano shall constitute the Twelfth senate district.

The county of Dodge and towns of Oconomowoc, Summit, Ottawa and Eagle, and the city of Oconomowoc in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute the Thirteenth senate district.

The counties of Lincoln, Langlade, Forest, Florence, Oneida and Oconto shall constitute the Fourteenth senate district.

The counties of Manitowoc and Calumet shall constitute the Fifteenth senate district.

The counties of Crawford and Richland, and the towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Clifton, Ellenboro, Fennimore, Glen Haven, Harrison, Hickory Grove, Lima, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mount Hope, Mount Ida, Patch Grove, Platteville, Waterstown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, Castle Rock and Muscoda in the county of Grant shall constitute the Sixteenth senate district.

The county of Walworth and the towns of Milton, Lima, Turtle, Clinton, Rock, Harmony, La Prairie, Johnstown, Bradford, Fulton, Janesville, Beloit and the cities of Beloit, Janesville and Edgerton, and the village of Clinton in the county of Rock shall constitute the Seventeenth senate district.

The county of Fond du Lac shall constitute the Eighteenth senate district.

The county of Winnebago, with the exception of the towns of Nepeuskun and Rushford, shall constitute the Nineteenth senate district.

The county of Sheboygan shall constitute the Twentieth senate district.

The counties of Portage and Waupaca shall constitute the Twenty-first senate district.

The county of Outagamie shall constitute the Twenty-second senate district.

The county of Jefferson and the towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Medina, Sun Prairie, York and the village of Sun Prairie in the county of Dane shall constitute the Twenty-third senate district.

The counties of Dunn, Barron, Polk, Burnett and Washburn shall constitute the Twenty-fourth senate district.

The counties of Clark, Price, Taylor and Wood shall constitute the Twenty-fifth senate district.

The towns of Blooming Grove, Fitchburg, Madison and the city of Madison and the towns of Burke, Windsor, Vienna, Westport, Dane, Springfield, Berry, Roxbury, Mazomanie, Black Earth, Vermont, Cross Plains, Middleton, Blue Mounds, Springdale, Verona, Dunkirk, Dunn, Pleasant Springs, Rutland, Oregon, Montrose, Primrose, Perry and the city of Stoughton in the county of Dane shall constitute the Twenty-sixth senate district.

The counties of Columbia, Sauk and Marquette shall constitute the Twenty-seventh senate district.

The towns of Arena, Clyde, Dodgeville, Eden, Highland, Linden, Mineral Point, Pulaski, Ridgeway, Waldwick and Wyoming and the cities of Mineral Point and Dodgeville in the county of Iowa, and the towns of Belmont, Elk Grove, Benton, New Diggins, Kendall, Seymour, Shullsburg, White Oak Springs, Monticello, Darlington and Willow Springs, and the cities of Darlington and Shullsburg, in the county of La Fayette, and the town of Mifflin in the county of Iowa, and the towns of Lancaster, Liberty, Beetown, Cassville, Waterloo, Potosi, Paris, Smelser, Jamestown, and Hazel Green, in the county of Grant, shall constitute the Twenty-eighth senate district.

The counties of Buffalo, Trempealeau and Jackson shall constitute the Twenty-ninth senate district.

The counties of Eau Claire and Chippewa shall constitute the Thirtieth senate district.

The counties of Vernon and Monroe with the exception of the towns of New Lyme, La Grange, Lincoln and Byron in the county of Monroe shall constitute the Thirty-first senate district.

The county of La Crosse shall constitute the Thirty-second senate district.

The counties of Ozaukee and Washington and the towns of Lisbon, Merton, Delafield, Genesee, Mukwonago, Brookfield, Menomonee, Muskego, New Berlin, Pewaukee, Vernon and Waukesha, in the county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirty-third senate district.

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

SECTION 2. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the members of the assembly shall be apportioned among the several districts of the state as hereinafter mentioned, and each district shall be entitled to elect one member of assembly:

The county of Kewaunee shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Door shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Marinette shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Kenosha shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Green Lake shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Adams and Waushara and the towns of Nepeuskun and Rushford in the county of Winnebago shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Juneau and the towns of New Lyme, Lincoln, La Grange and Byron in the county of Monroe shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Ashland and Sawyer shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Douglas and Bayfield shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Shawano, except the town of Wittenberg, shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Oconto shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Langlade, Forest and Florence shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Jackson and the towns of Ettrick and Preston in the county of Trempealeau shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Richland shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Crawford shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Barron and Washburn shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Polk and Burnett shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Dunn shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Price and Taylor shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Wood shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Clark shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Buffalo shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Trempealeau, except the towns of Ettrick and Preston, shall constitute an assembly district.

The counties of Lincoln and Oneida shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Chippewa shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Ozaukee shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of La Crosse shall constitute an assembly district.

The First and Seventh wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Second ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Third ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Sixth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Eighth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Ninth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Tenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Eleventh ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Twelfth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Thirteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Fourteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Eighteenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The Seventeenth ward of the city of Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Wauwatosa, Milwaukee and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Bellevue, Eaton, Howard, Humboldt, Green Bay, Preble, Suamico, Scott, Pittsfield, and cities of Green Bay and Fort Howard, in the county of Brown, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Ashwaubenon, Allouez, De Pere, Glenmore, Lawrence, Morrison, New Denmark, Holland, Rockland, Wrightstown, and city of De Pere, in the county of Brown, shall constitute an assembly district.

The city of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Burlington, Caledonia, Dover, Mount Pleasant, Norway, Raymond, Rochester, Waterford and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Whitewater, La Grange, Troy, East Troy, Richmond, Sugar Creek, La Fayette, Spring Prairie, Elkhorn, and city of Whitewater, in the county of Walworth, and towns of Milton and Lima, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Darien, Delavan, Geneva, Lyons, Sharon, Linn, Walworth, Bloomfield, and city of Lake Geneva, in the county of Walworth, and the towns of Turtle, Clinton, Beloit, and the city of Beloit and the village of Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Janesville, Rock, Harmony, La Prairie, Johnstown, Bradford, Fulton, and cities of Janesville and Edgerton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Richmond, Erin Prairie, Stanton, Emerald, Cylon, Forest, Somerset, St. Joseph, Warren, Hudson, Star Prairie, Hammond, village of Hammond, and cities of Hudson and New Richmond, in the county of St. Croix, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Glenwood, Springfield, Baldwin, Cady, Eau Galle, Rush River, Pleasant Valley, Kinnickinnick, Troy and the First ward of the city of River Falls, in the county of St. Croix, and the towns of River Falls, Clifton, Oak Grove, Martell, Gilman, Spring Lake, El Paso, Rock Elm, and the Second, Third and Fourth wards of the city of River Falls and the city of Prescott, in the county of Pierce, shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Pepin and the towns of Diamond Bluff, Ellsworth, Hartland, Isabelle, Maiden Rock, Salem, Trenton, Trimbelle, Union and the villages of Ellsworth and Maiden Rock, in the county of Pierce, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Bergen, Brighton, Cleveland, Day, Hamburg, Halsey, Holton, Hull, Eau Claire, Johnson, Mosinee, Marathon, Rietbrock, Rib Falls, Spencer, Stettin, Wien, Emmett, Frankfort, McMillan, Manville and the village of Marathon City, in the county of Marathon, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Berlin, Easton, Knowlton, Kronenwetter, Norrie, Pike Lake, Texas, Wausau, Maine, Weston, Eldron, Harrison and the city of Wausau, in the county of Marathon, and the town of Wittenberg in the county of Shawano, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Chester, Leroy, Lomira, Burnett, Williamstown, Theresa, Oak Grove, Hubbard, Herman and South ward of the city of Waupun, and cities of Juneau and Mayville, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Fox Lake, Westford, Calamus, Elba, Portland, Trenton, Beaver Dam, Lowell and Shields and the city of Beaver Dam and East ward of the village of Randolph, and the village of Reeseville in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Clyman, Emmett, Hustisford, Lebanon, Rubicon and Ashippun and Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Watertown in the county of Dodge, and the towns of Oconomowoc, Summit, Ottawa, Eagle and city of Oconomowoc, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Cato, Centerville, Eaton, Liberty, Meeme, Rockland, Schleswig and Newton, in the county of Manitowoc, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Manitowoc, Two Rivers and Two Creeks, and the cities of Two Rivers and Manitowoc, in the county of Manitowoc, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Mishicot, Gibson, Cooperstown, Kossuth, Franklin, Maple Grove and Manitowoc Rapids, in the county of Manitowoc, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Bloomington, Boscobel, Clifton, Ellenboro, Fennimore, Glen Haven, Harrison, Hickory Grove, Lima, Little Grant, Marion, Millville, Mount Hope, Mount Ida, Patch Grove, Platteville, Watertown, Wingville, Woodman, Wyalusing, Castle Rock and Muscoda, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Porter, Union, Magnolia, Center, Spring Valley, Plymouth, Avon, Newark, and the village of Evansville, in Rock county, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of New Glarus, Exeter, Brooklyn, Washington, Mount Pleasant, Albany, Monroe, Sylvester, Decatur, Jefferson and Spring Grove, and city of Monroe, in the county of Green, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of York, Adams, Jordan, Cadiz and Clarno, in Green county, and the towns of Wayne, Gratiot, Wiota, Argyle, Blanchard, Fayette, and Lamont in La Fayette county, and the towns of Moscow and Brigham, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Calumet, Marshfield, Taycheedah, Friendship, Eldorado, Rosendale, Alto, Metomen, Ripon, and the city of Ripon, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Lamartine, Fond du Lac and city of Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Ashford, Auburn, Byron, Eden, Empire, Forest, Oakfield, Osceola, Springvale, Waupun and North ward of the city of Waupun, in the county of Fond du Lac shall constitute an assembly district.

The First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of Oshkosh, in the county of Winnebago, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Clayton, Menasha, Neenah, Oshkosh, Vinland, Winchester and Wolf River, and the cities of Neenah and Menasha, in the county of Winnebago, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Omro, Poygan, Utica, Winneconne, and the village of Winneconne, and the Sixth ward of the city of Oshkosh, in the county of Winnebago, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Holland, Sheboygan, Wilson and the city of Sheboygan, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Greenbush, Herman, Lima, Lyndon, Mitchell, Mosel, Plymouth, Rhine, Russell, Scott, Sheboygan Falls, Sherman, village of Sheboygan Falls and the city of Plymouth in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Union, Bear Creek, Lebanon, Little Wolf, Royalton, Mukwa, Caledonia, Fremont, Weyauwega and the villages of Fremont and Weyauwega, and the First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of New London, in the county of Waupaca, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Matteson, Larabee, Dupont, Helvetia, St. Lawrence, Waupaca, Lind, Dayton, Farmington, Scandinavia, Iola, Harrison, Wyoming and the cities of Clintonville and Waupaca, in the county of Waupaca, and the towns of Alban, New Hope, Amherst, Lanark and Belmont, in the county of Portage, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Almond, Buena Vista, Stockton, Sharon, Hull, Plover, Grant, Pine Grove, Linnwood, Stevens Point, Carson, Eau Claire and the city of Stevens Point, in the county of Portage, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Center, Grand Chute and the city of Appleton in the county of Outagamie, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Black Creek, Bovina, Buchanan, Cicero, Dale, Deer Creek, Ellington, Freedom, Greenville, Hortonville, Kaukauna, Liberty, Maine, Maple Creek, Osborn, Seymour and the cities of Kaukauna and Seymour, and the Third ward of the city of New London in the county of Outagamie, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Aztalan, Ixonia, Lake Mills, Milford, Waterloc, Watertown and the vil-

lage of Waterloo, and the first, Second, Third, Fourth and Seventh wards of the city of Watertown in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Cold Spring, Concord, Farmington, Hebron, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Oakland, Palmyra, Sullivan and Sumner in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Albion, Bristol, Christiana, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Medina, Sun Prairie, York and the village of Sun Prairie in the county of Dane, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Blooming Grove, Fitchburg, Madison and the city of Madison in the county of Dane shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Burke, Windsor, Vienna, Westport, Dane, Springfield, Berry, Roxbury, Mazomanie, Black Earth, Vermont, Cross Plains, Middleton, Blue Mounds, Springdale and Verona in the county of Dane, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Dunkirk, Dunn, Pleasant Springs, Rutland, Oregon, Montrose, Primrose, Perry and the city of Stoughton, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Delton, Baraboo, Fairfield, Greenfield, Freedom, Honey Creek, Sumpter, Merrimac, Troy, Prairie du Sac, Spring Green and the village of Prairie du Sac and city of Baraboo and Sauk City, in the county of Sauk, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Dellona, Winfield, La Valle, Woodland, Ironton, Reedsburg, Excelsior, Washington, Westfield, Bear Creek, Franklin, and village of La Valle, and city of Reedsburg, in the county of Sauk, shall constitute an assembly district.

The county of Marquette and the towns of Newport, Lewiston, Ft. Winnebago, Marcellon, Caledonia, Pacific, and the city of Portage, in the county of Columbia, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Scott, Randolph, Courtland, Springvale, Wycena, Dekorra, West Point, Lodi, Arlington, Leeds, Lowville, Otsego, Hampden, Fountain Prairie, Columbus, Rio, and west ward of village of Randolph, and the city of Columbus, in the county of Columbia, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Arena, Clyde, Dodgeville, Eden, Highland, Linden, Mineral Point, Pulaski, Ridgeway, Waldwick and Wyoming and the cities of Mineral Point and Dodgeville, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Belmont, Elk Grove, Benton, New Diggings, Kendall, Seymour, Shullsburg, White Oak Springs, Monticello, Darlington, Willow Springs and the cities of Darlington and Shullsburg, in the county of La Fayette, and the town of Mifflin in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Lancaster, Liberty, Beetown, Cassville, Waterloo, Potosi, Paris, Smelser, Jamestown, and Hazel Green, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an assembly district.

The city of Eau Claire in the county of Eau Claire shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Lincoln, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Seymour, Union, Washington and cities of Altoona and Augusta in the county of Eau Claire, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Adrian, Angelo, Clifton, Greenfield, Jefferson, La Fayette, Leon, Little Falls, Oakdale, Ridgeville, Sheldon, Sparta, Tomah, Wellington, Wells, Wilton and cities of Sparta and Tomah in the county of Monroe, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Coon, Christiana, Clinton, Forest, Greenwood, Hillsborough, Stark, Union, Whitestown and Webster, in the county of Vernon, and the towns of Portland and Gledale in the county of Monroe, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Bergen, Franklin, Hamburg, Harmony, Jefferson, Kickapoo, Liberty, Genoa, Sterling, Wheatland, Viroqua and the city of Viroqua in the county of Vernon shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Addison, Barton, Farmington, Hartford, Kewaskum, Wayne, West Bend and cities of West Bend and Hartford in the county of Washington shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Erin, Germantown, Jackson, Polk, Richfield, Trenton, Schleisingsville, in the county of Washington, and the towns of Lisbon, Merton, Delafield, Genesee and Mukwonago, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an assembly district.

The towns of Brookfield, Menomonee, Muskego, New Berlin, Pewaukee, Vernon and Waukesha, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an assembly district.

SECTION 3. At the next general election one member of assembly shall be elected from each assembly district as herein constituted, and one senator from the Second, Fourth,

Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-eighth, Thirtieth and Thirty-second senatorial districts as herein constituted. In all senatorial districts not mentioned in this section, the election of senator shall be at the general election in November, A. D., 1894.

SECTION 4. In case any town, city or ward has not been attached to, or included in any assembly district by its proper name or designation, or has been omitted from any cause, in this act, such town shall be a part of the assembly district in which the adjoining town having the least population in the same senatorial district is situated, and such city or ward shall be part of the assembly district in which the adjoining town or ward having the largest population in the same senatorial district is situated. Every incorporated village for the purposes of this act shall be regarded as a part of the town or towns in which it is situated unless especially mentioned in this act. If any county shall be omitted by this act it shall be attached to and form a part of the assembly and senate districts adjoining having the smallest population.

SECTION 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

ADDENDA.

Time of holding court in the 6th, 7th, 8th, 11th and 14th judicial circuits was changed by the following chapters of the laws of 1891 —(TOO LATE FOR INSERTION IN PROPER PLACE):
Sixth, ch. 397; *Seventh*, ch. 380; *Eighth*, ch. 326; *Eleventh*, ch. 377; *Fourteenth*, ch. 355.

GAME LAWS.

The time when certain game may be *caught, taken or killed* has been changed by ch. 351, laws 1891, as follows:

Woodcock, quail (see ch. 214, laws 1891), partridge, pheasant, prairie chicken or hen, grouse of any variety, snipe, plover, mallard, teal or wood duck, September 1 to December 1.

Wild duck of any variety (except as above specified), wild goose or brant of any variety or any aquatic fowl whatever, from September 1 to May 1.

Deer, buck, doe or fawn, November 1 to December 1.

Hunting with dogs prohibited for 2 years from September 1, 1891.

The following chapters relate to protection of fish and game in various localities:

Ch. 138, fish in Brule, Douglas county; 251, fishways in same; 203, (repealing sec. 7, ch. 443, laws 1889), game; 211, trout, Jackson county; 213, fish, Rock lake, Jefferson county; 214, quail, Milwaukee, Racine and other counties; 291, Lake Superior; 359, trout, Polk county; 343, Washington county; 345, Rock river; 398, Wolf river and lakes Winnebago, Poygan and Butte des Morts; 435, Sturgeon Bay; 448, fishways, Dunn county; 451, same, Trempealeau county; 454, Waukesha and Racine counties; 458, Green Lake county.

MAP OF WISCONSIN

Prepared for the
BLUE BOOK OF THE STATE

from Official Records.

1891.

Showing
CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

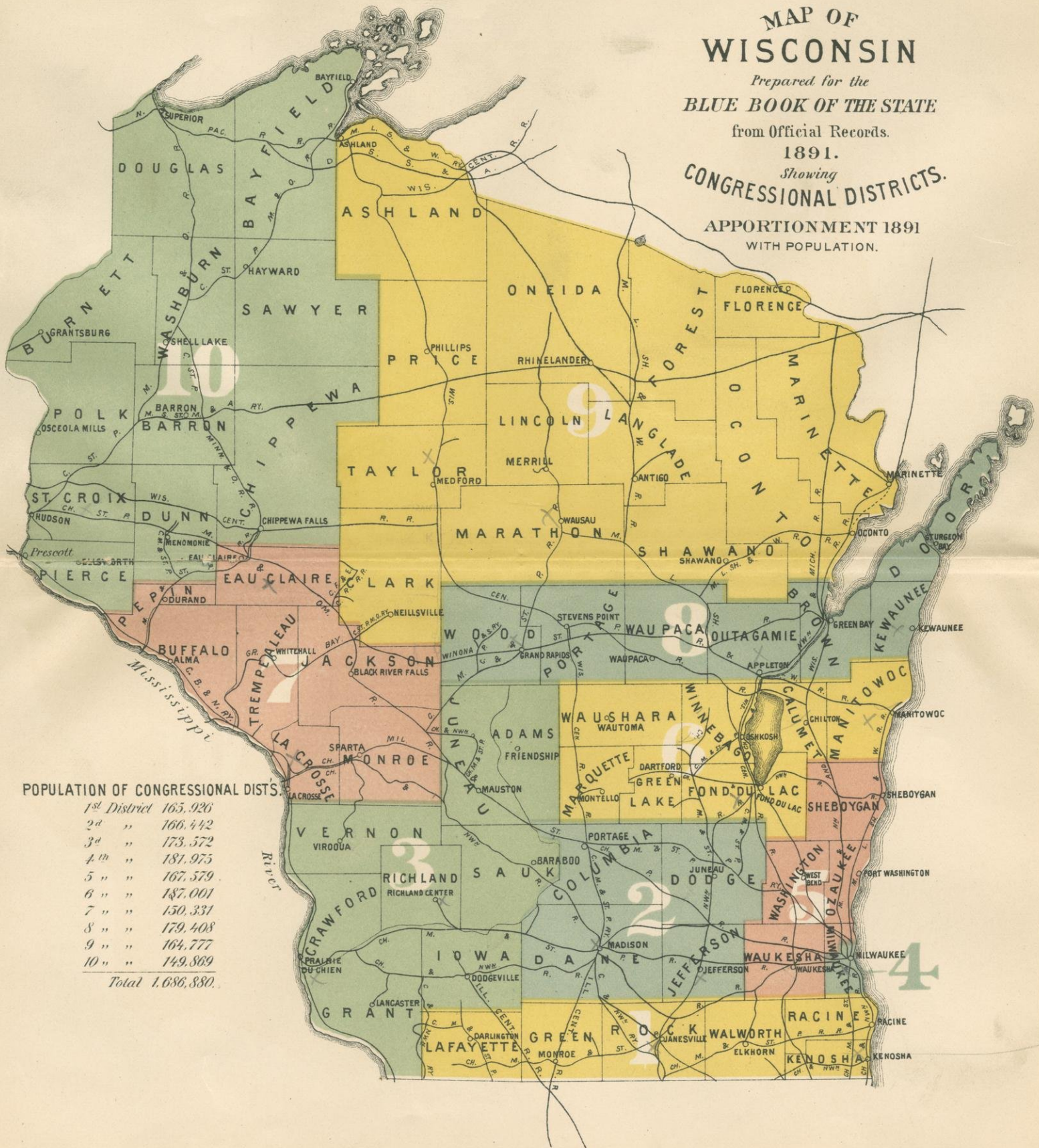
APPORTIONMENT 1891

WITH POPULATION.

POPULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

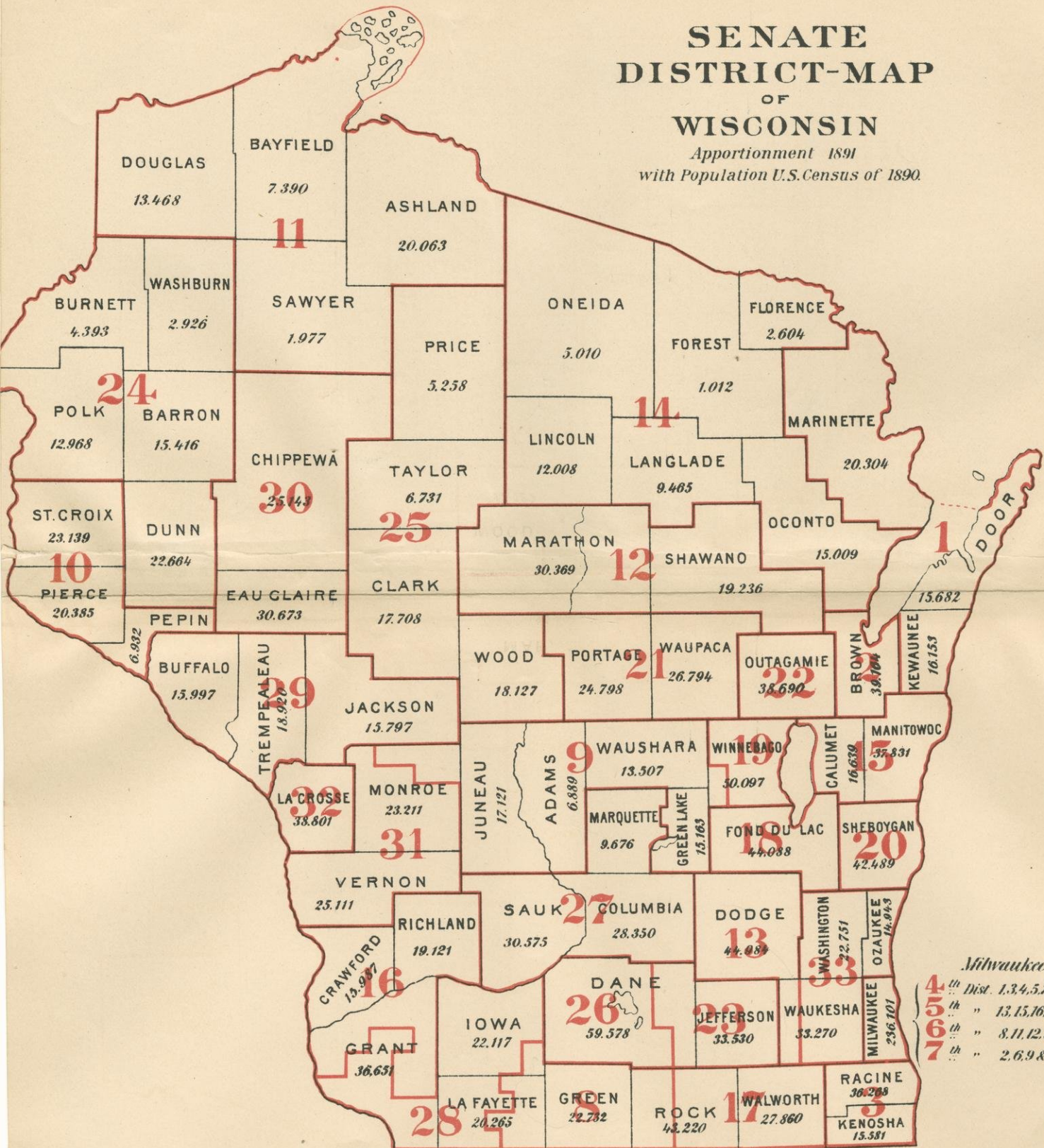
1 st District	165,926
2 ^d "	166,442
3 ^d "	173,572
4 th "	181,975
5 th "	167,579
6 th "	187,001
7 th "	150,331
8 th "	179,408
9 th "	164,777
10 th "	149,869

Total 1,686,880.



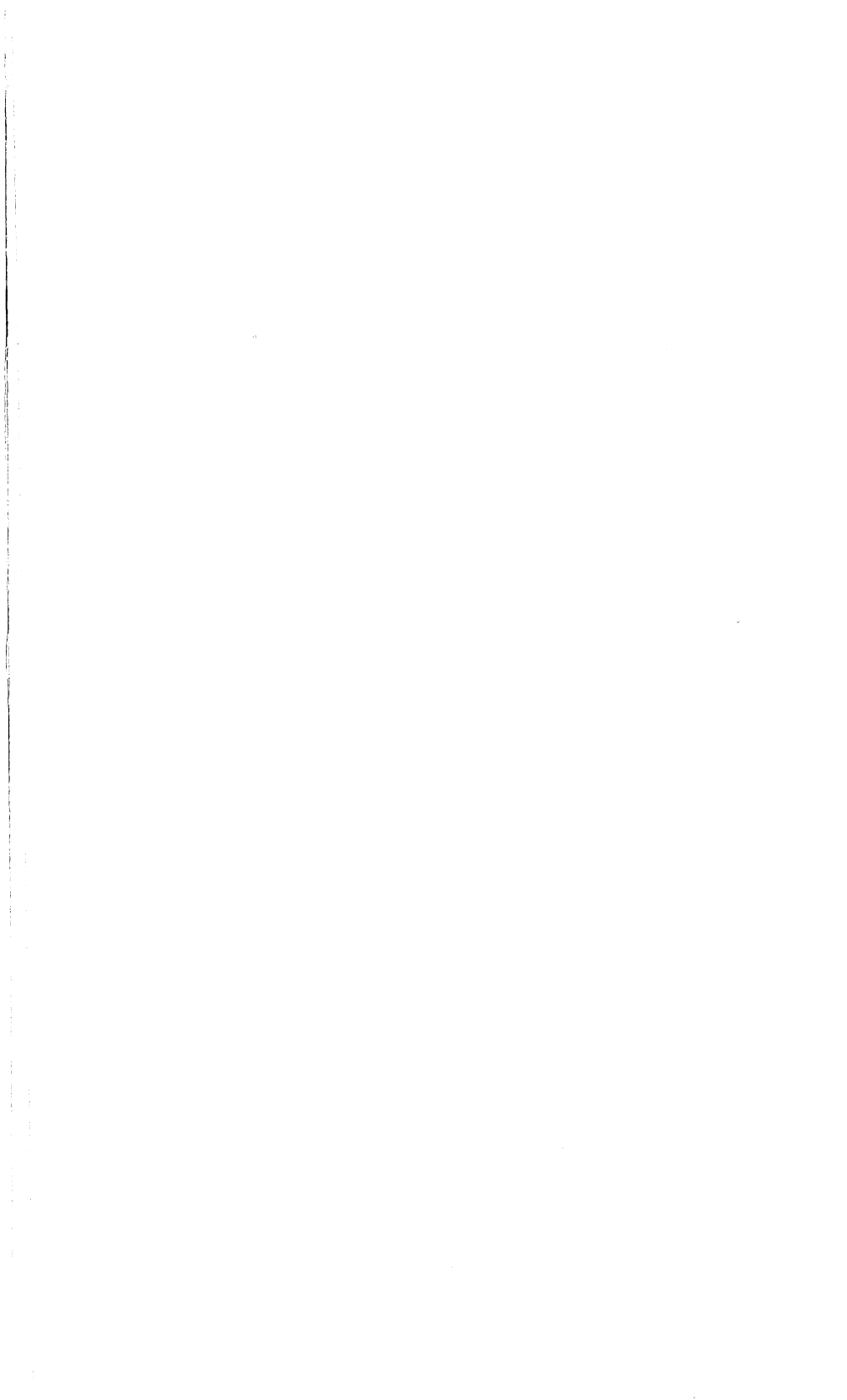
SENATE DISTRICT-MAP OF WISCONSIN

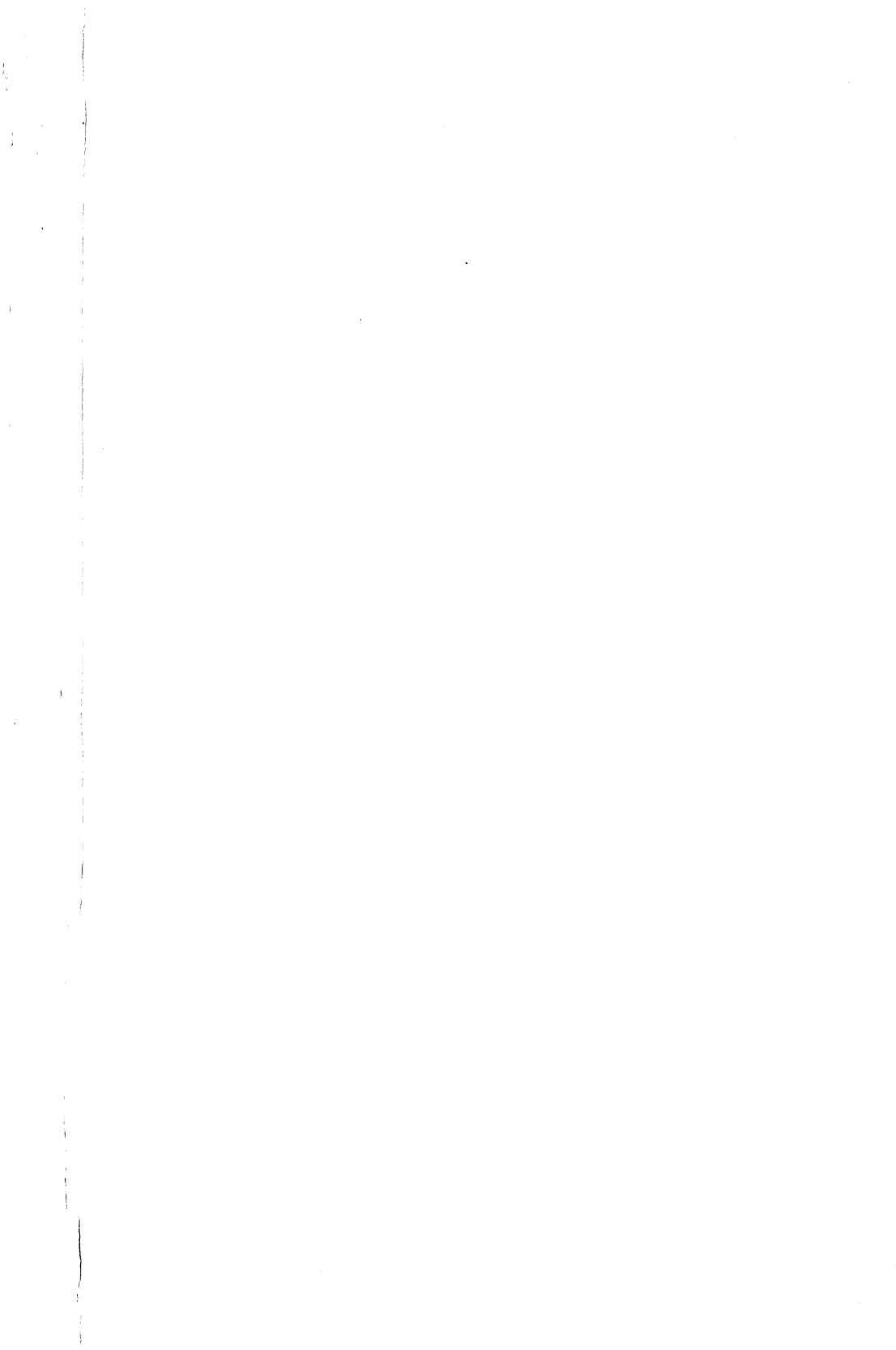
*Apportionment 1891
with Population U.S. Census of 1890.*



Milwaukee County:

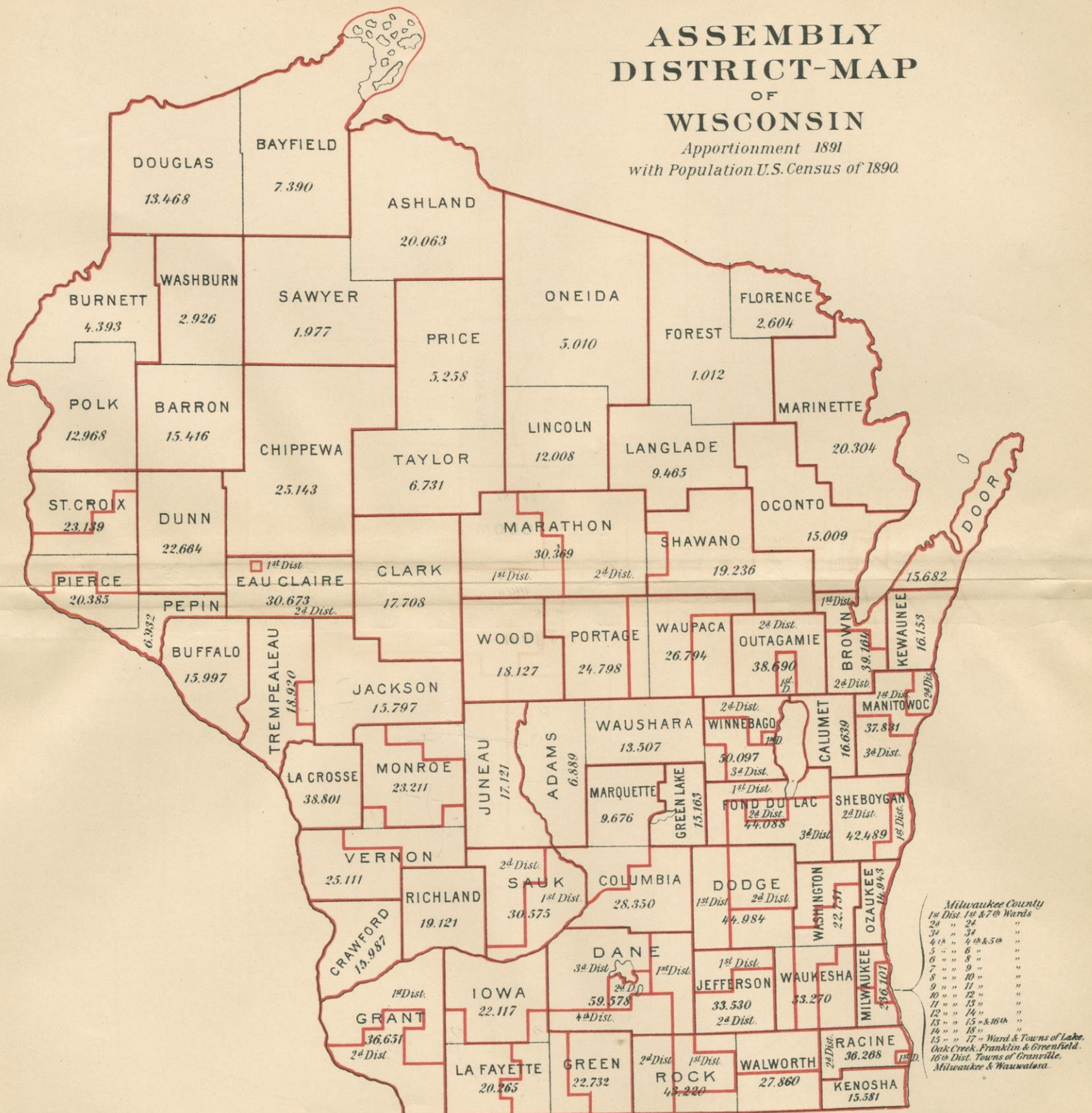
- 4th Dist. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7 & 18 Wards*
- 5th " 13, 15, 16, 17 & Towns*
- 6th " 8, 11, 12, & 14 Wards*
- 7th " 2, 6, 9 & 10th Wards.*

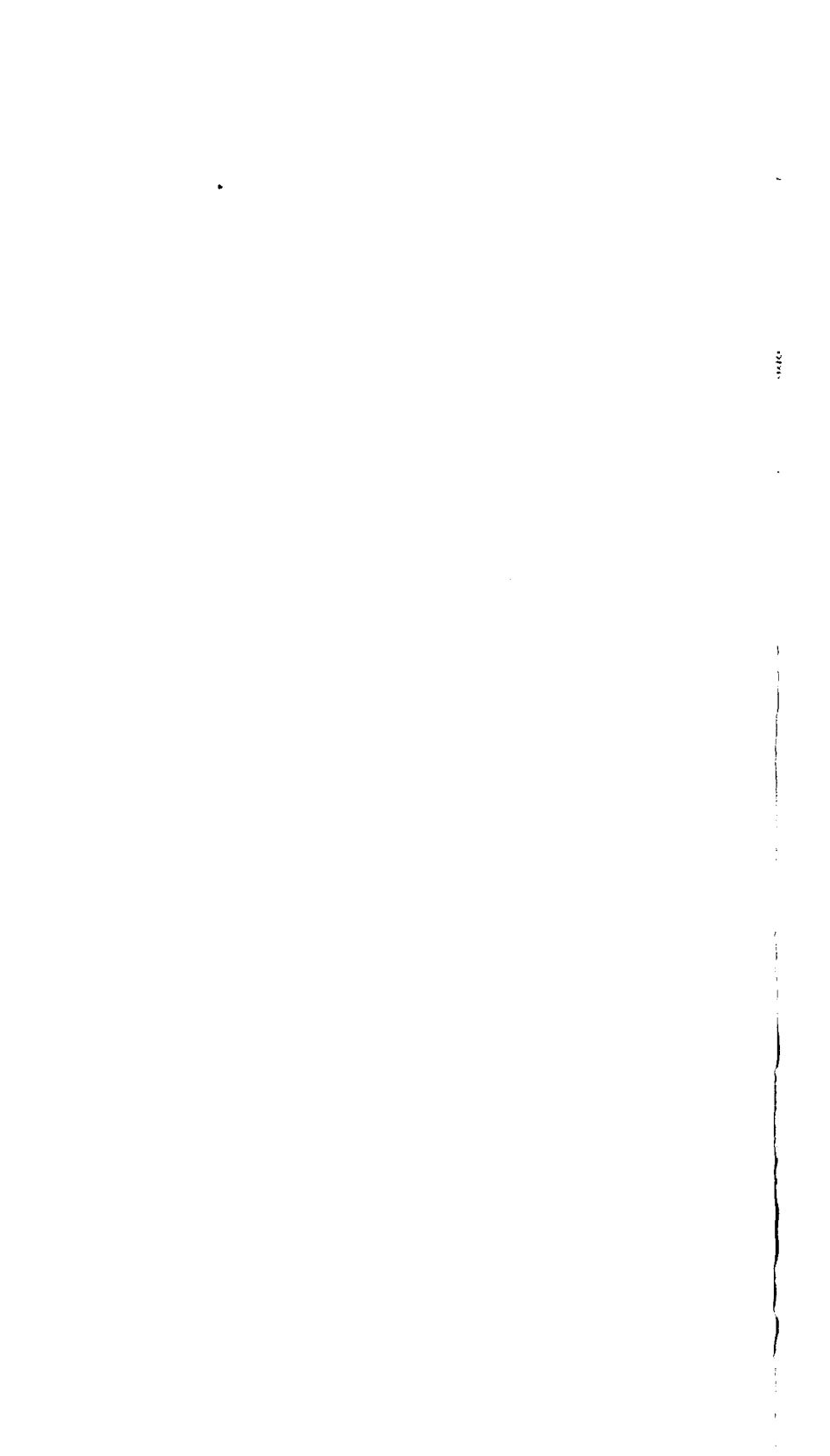






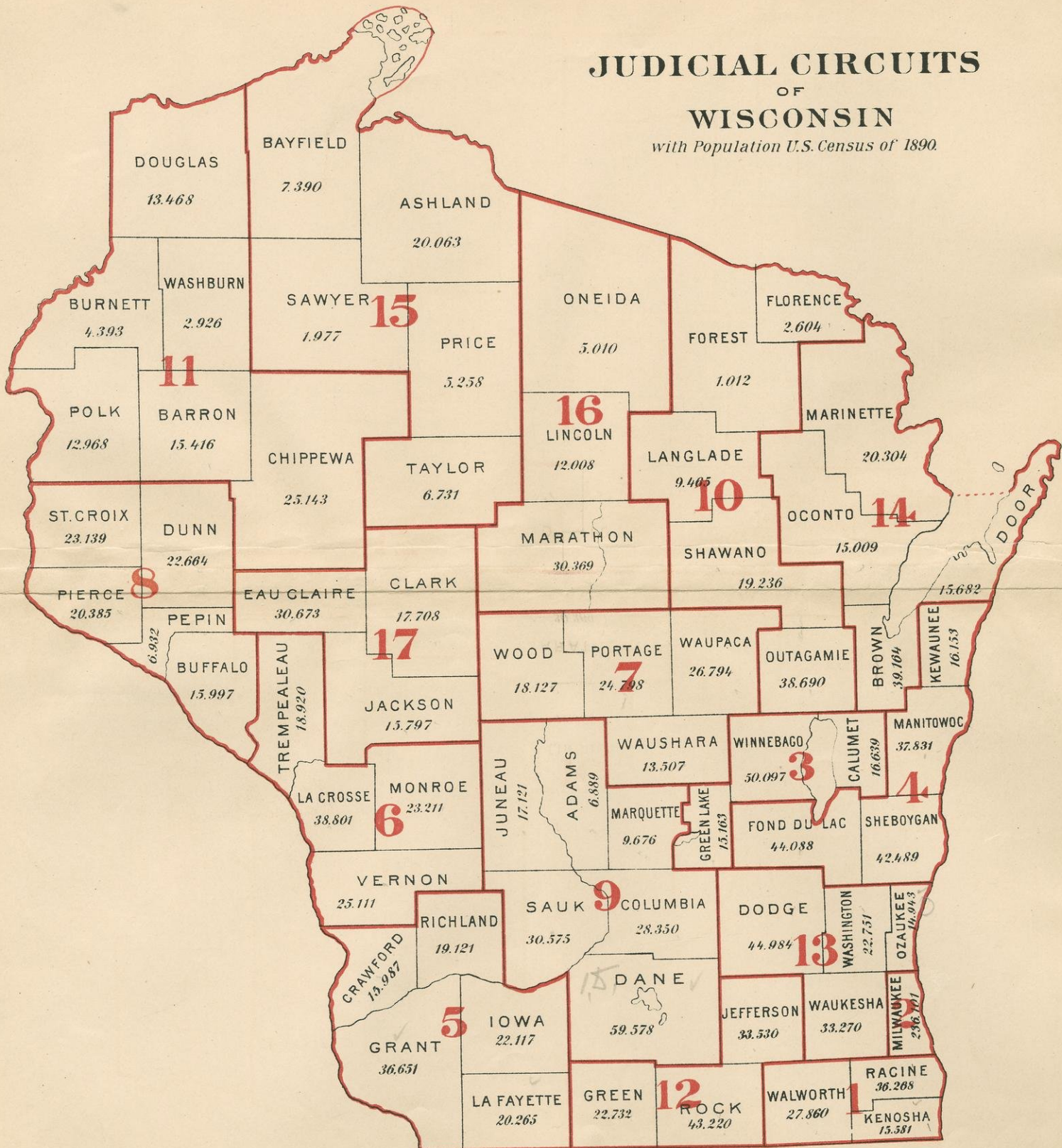
*Apportionment 1891
with Population U.S. Census of 1890.*

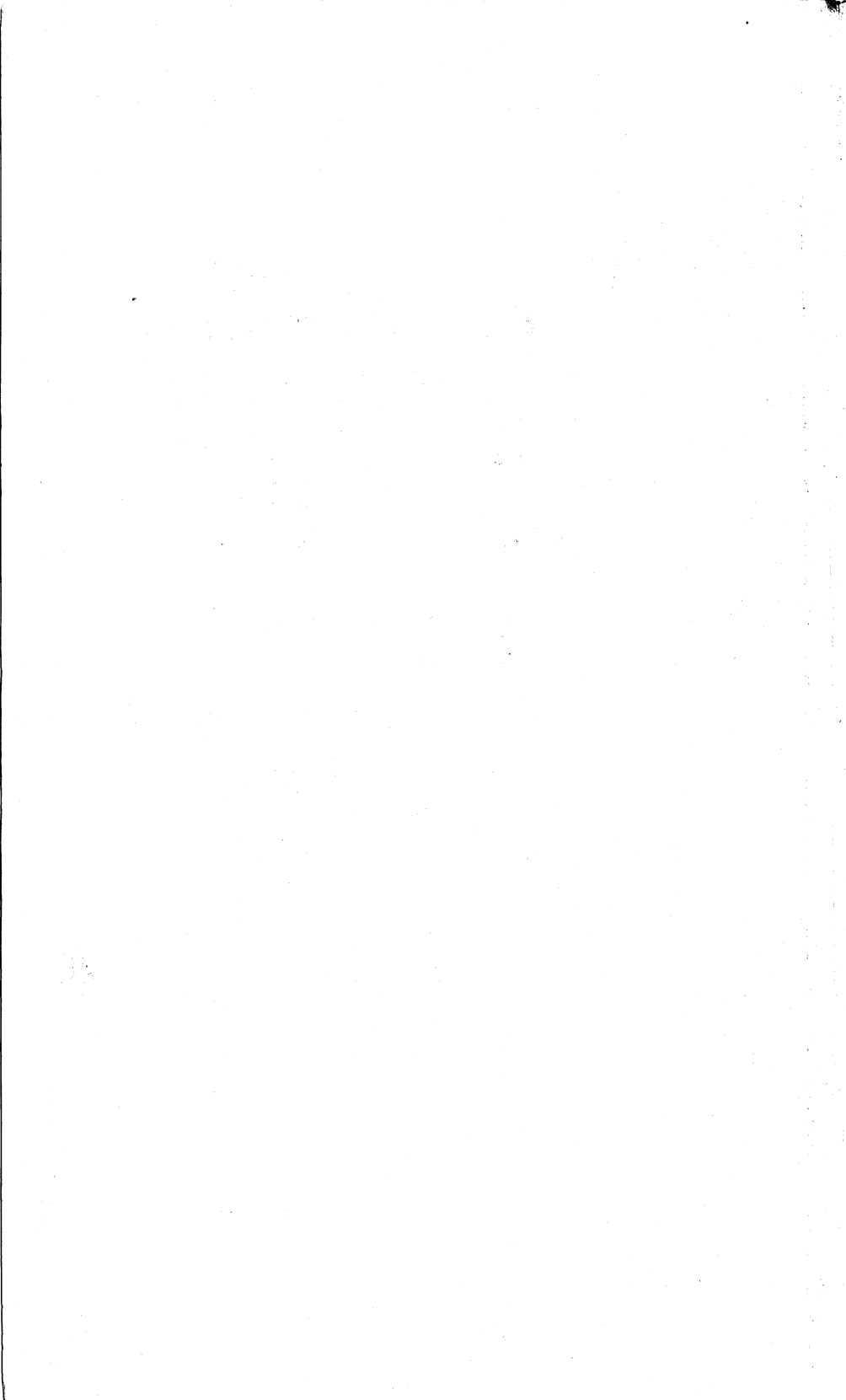




JUDICIAL CIRCUITS OF WISCONSIN

with Population U.S. Census of 1890.



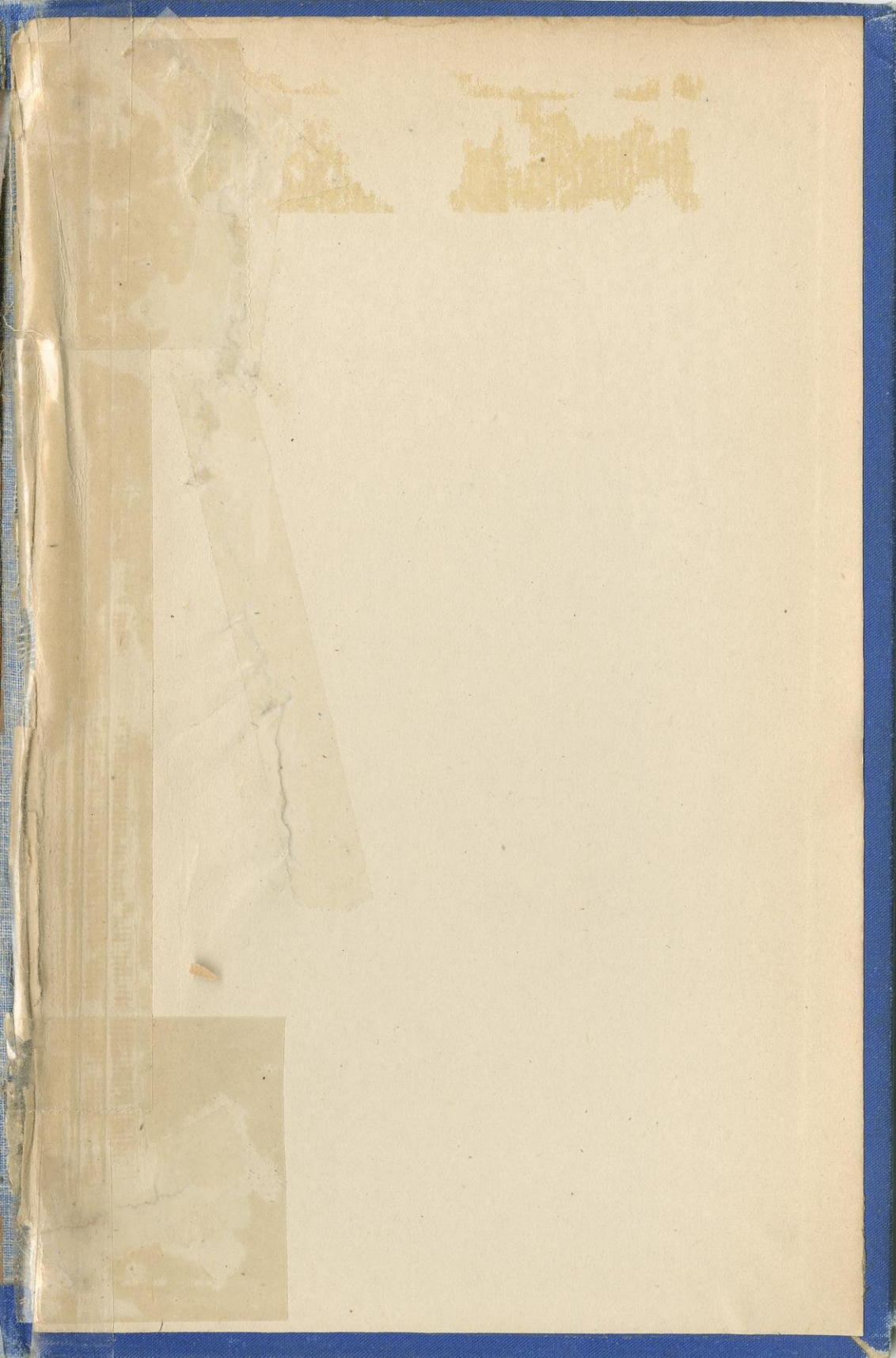




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