



LIBRARIES

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON

Subdivision impacts on groundwater quality. [DNR-067] 1993

Shaw, Byron H.; Arntsen, Peter; VanRyswyk, William
Stevens Point, Wisconsin: University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point,
1993

<https://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/QOP6P7E52VRZG8A>

<http://rightsstatements.org/vocab/InC/1.0/>

For information on re-use see:

<http://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/Copyright>

The libraries provide public access to a wide range of material, including online exhibits, digitized collections, archival finding aids, our catalog, online articles, and a growing range of materials in many media.

When possible, we provide rights information in catalog records, finding aids, and other metadata that accompanies collections or items. However, it is always the user's obligation to evaluate copyright and rights issues in light of their own use.

051106
c.1

051106 Subdivision Impacts on
c.1 Groundwater Quality

05 1106
C1

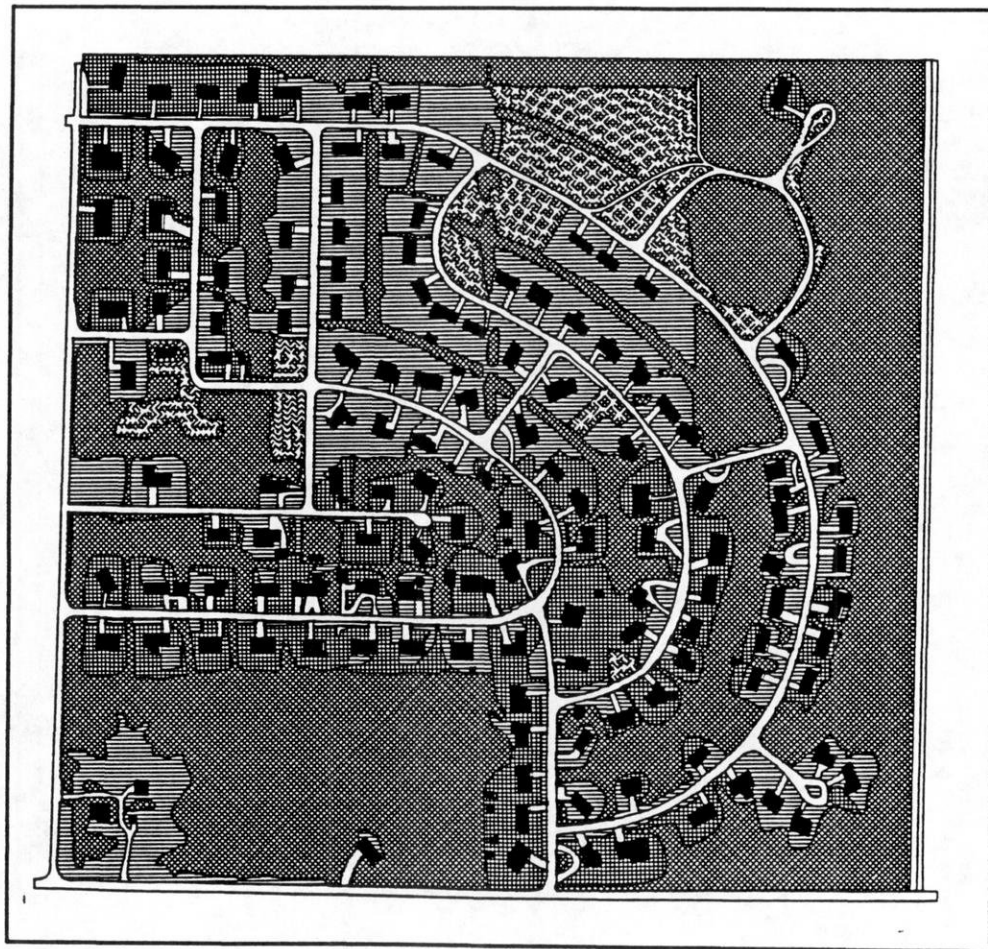
SUBDIVISION IMPACTS ON GROUNDWATER QUALITY

***Final Report
July 1993***

Water Resources Center
University of Wisconsin - MSN
1975 Willow Drive
Madison, WI 53706

***Byron Shaw
Peter Arntsen
William VanRyswyk***

University of Wisconsin - Stevens Point



Acknowledgements

Many individuals were involved in the execution of this project. Funding for the project was provided by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, University of Wisconsin Research Consortium, and University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point Environmental Task Force Program (ETF).

We want to thank the following staff and students for their support and assistance in conducting this project:

Richard Stephens, James Licari, Kandace Waldmann, and William DeVita (ETF) for coordinating the laboratory analysis of all the water samples collected.

Nancy Turyk and Debra Sisk (ETF) for report preparation, graphics development and data entry.

Christine Mechenich, Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center, for coordination and assistance with the homeowner survey.

Fred Madison, Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey for assistance with project planning, well installation, and ground penetrating radar surveys.

Eric Harmsen, University of Wisconsin-Madison Agricultural Engineering for cooperative work on this research project.

Jeff Shaw for development of the GIS for this project.

Abstract

The impact of subdivisions on groundwater quality has become a topic of interest throughout the United States, as interest in groundwater protection has increased. Development of unsewered subdivisions adjoining municipal areas have increased as urban populations expand and people seek suburban areas.

This study was initiated in 1987 in an attempt to quantify the impacts of subdivisions on groundwater quality in the Central Sands area of Wisconsin. The project involved the installation of over 200 monitoring wells in and around two subdivisions. These wells were sampled and analyzed for a variety of chemicals over a four year period. Nitrate-N loading to groundwater was the primary focus of the project, with volatile organic chemicals, phosphorous, and several other indicator chemicals run on selected samples.

Homeowners were surveyed to determine household and lawn chemical use, and to obtain their opinions on groundwater quality. A number of individual septic systems were monitored, as were several lawns, to obtain data specific to these practices that impact groundwater quality. A Nitrogen Mass Balance model was used to test its capabilities to predict subdivision impacts.

Results of this project clearly demonstrated that subdivisions on sandy soils do impact groundwater quality with nitrate-N levels exceeding 10 mg/l. Chloride, phosphorous, sodium, and limited volatile organic chemicals were also found in elevated concentrations downgradient of the subdivisions. Septic systems contributed approximately 80 percent of the nitrate-N to groundwater for the areas studied, with lawns contributing the remaining 20 percent. Lot sizes in these subdivision were approximately 0.16 hectare, with about three homes per hectare including roads, vacant lots, and open areas.

The BURBS mass balance nitrogen Loading model provided good estimates of groundwater impacts from subdivisions.

Extensive water quality differences were observed within and downgradient of the subdivisions. Contaminant plumes from septic systems mixed slowly with groundwater, which resulted in dramatic variability of water quality both vertically and horizontally downgradient of the subdivision. This wide variability makes it very difficult to measure groundwater impacts even when a large number of multi-level wells are used. Variability seasonally and from year to year was observed in shallow monitoring wells, responding to relative amounts of groundwater recharge.

The presence of relatively undiluted contaminant plumes 30 meters downgradient of septic systems makes it extremely important to be certain private wells are not located in a groundwater flow path from drainfields, or that they are of sufficient depth to avoid the contaminant plume.

Table of Contents

Acknowledgements	i
Abstract	ii
Table of Contents	iii
List of Tables	iv
List of Figures	vi
A. Introduction	1
B. Literature Review	3
Sand Plain Geology	3
Subdivisions and Nitrate-N	4
Septic Systems and Groundwater Quality	11
Nitrogen	13
Phosphorus	18
Bacteria	22
Chlorides and Other Potential Contaminants	22
Lawn Studies	23
Previous Studies in the Project Area	25
C. Methods	28
Survey of Homeowners	28
Monitoring Well Installation and Design	30
Groundwater Sample Acquisition	42
Inorganic Chemical Analysis	43
Organic Chemical Analysis	44
D. Survey of Homeowners Chemical Use and Attitudes	46
Introduction	46
Survey Results and Discussion	49
Household Cleaning Products Use	49
Household Maintenance Products	52
Lawn and Garden Chemical Use	53
Knowledge about Water Supplies and Septic Systems	59
Attitudes and Opinions about Groundwater Issues	60
Relationships of Attitudes to Age, Gender and Educational Level ..	67
Survey Conclusions	68

E. Nitrogen Mass Balance Prediction using BURBS Model	70
Variable Definition	72
Simulation Results	82
Simulation for Heavier Textured Soils	86
F. Nitrogen and Water Budget Results from Field Data	89
G. Comparison of the Results of the Nitrogen and Water Budgets	
Determined	92
H. Groundwater Quality Downgradient of Subdivision	94
I. Impact of Lawns on Groundwater Quality	102
J. Septic System Research Site Results	105
Detailed Septic Systems Investigation	108
K. Phosphorous Impacts	114
L. Variability of Groundwater Chemistry	
Downgradient of Subdivisions Relative to Land Use	115
M. Water Chemistry Changes Over Time Downgradient of Subdivisions	120
N. Geophysical Techniques	125
O. Trace Organic Chemical Investigation	127
Other Organic Chemicals	129
Potential Sources of the Detected Organic Compounds	130
P. Conclusions	132
Q. Literature Cited	134
APPENDIX A	
Groundwater Well Chemistry	A-1
APPENDIX B	
BURBS Simulation Characteristics	B-1
APPENDIX C	
Homeowner Survey	C-1

****Appendices are not included with most copies.**

List of Tables

1. Summary of field studies of nitrate-N movement from septic systems in groundwater.	18
2. Summary of field studies of phosphate movement from septic systems in groundwater.	22
3. Number of users and average use rates for household cleaning products in two Portage County subdivisions.	50
4. Use of selected maintenance products in two Portage County subdivisions. . .	52
5. Lawn care practices reported in two Portage County subdivisions.	56
6. Problems resulting from groundwater contamination in Portage County.	63
7. Response to survey opinion statements.	65
8. Relative amount of turf, natural and impervious areas in the BURBS simulation for the Jordan Acres and Village Green cuttings.	75
9. Values for the variables used in the BURBS simulation for Jordan Acres and Village Green.	81
10. BURBS simulation results for the Jordan Acres and Village Green cuttings.	83
11. Results of nitrogen and water budget calculations based on field data obtained from Jordan Acres and Village Green subdivisions.	90
12. Nitrogen and water budget results for Jordan Acres and Village Green cuttings. Results were calculated using both the BURBS computer program and actual field data.	92
13. Average groundwater chemistry data from wells primarily impacted by lawns.	102
14. Chemistry data from two wells monitoring the groundwater upgradient (REE-LU) and downgradient (MCD-LD) of an intensively managed lawn in Jordan Acres.	103
15. Average groundwater chemistry of wells in contaminant plumes originating from nearby septic systems.	106
16. Summary of organic chemicals detected in groundwater monitoring well samples between October 1988 and April 1989.	128

List of Figures

1. Upgradient land uses and locations of the subdivision study sites in Portage County, Wisconsin.	2
2. Original Subdivision project multiport monitoring well design.	32
3. Jordan Acres monitoring well network, showing the location of multilevel, septic, lawn and survey monitoring wells.	33
4. Village Green monitoring well network, showing the location of multilevel, septic, lawn and survey monitoring wells.	34
5. Design of 23 meter deep multiport monitoring wells.	36
6. Location of wells at Jordan Acres septic study site REE.	39
7. REC and REW well design, includes shallow, medium and deep ports, located 4.6 m downgradient of the site REE drainfield.	39
8. Cross sectional view of RSDS wells, view is from down to upgradient. Wells are located 38 meters downgradient of the drainfield at site REE.	41
9. Design of KEP well, downgradient of site BAR in Village Green.	42
10. Number of participants reporting various disposal practices for paint thinner, paint stripper and motor oil in two Portage County subdivisions.	53
11. Frequency of lawn fertilizer use in two Portage County subdivisions.	55
12. Type and amounts of insecticides used in two Portage County subdivisions.	58
13. Participant responses about the major source of groundwater contamination problems in Portage County.	61
14. Reasons given by participants that groundwater contamination is a "serious" or "very serious" problem in two Portage County subdivisions.	62
15. Map of Jordan Acres subdivision sub-study area showing well locations.	73
16. Map of Village Green subdivision sub-study area showing well locations.	74
17. Water table elevation measured from the Jordan Acres northwest survey well, and precipitation measured at the Stevens Point, Wisconsin wastewater treatment plant from 1987 to 1991.	76
18. BURBS estimated nitrate-N concentrations related to varying housing densities at Jordan Acres and Village Green subdivisions.	85
19. BURBS estimated nitrate-N concentrations related to varying housing densities in heavy soils using Village Green subdivision variables.	87
20. Average chloride to sodium ratios with depth in groundwater from downgradient wells at Village Green.	96
21. Average chloride concentrations with depth in groundwater from downgradient wells at Village Green.	97
22. Average sodium concentrations with depth in groundwater from downgradient wells at Village Green.	97
23. Average relative fluorescence with depth in downgradient wells at Village Green.	98

24. Average phosphate concentrations with depth in downgradient wells at Village Green.	98
25. Average nitrate-N concentrations with depth in downgradient wells at Jordan Acres.	100
26. Average chloride concentrations with depth in downgradient wells at Jordan Acres.	100
27. Average relative Fluorescence with depth in downgradient wells at Jordan Acres.	101
28. Average phosphate concentrations with depth in downgradient wells at Jordan Acres.	101
29. Plot of groundwater nitrate-N concentrations vs time for wells REE-LU and MCD-LD in Jordan Acres. REE-LU well is upgradient of a lawn, MCD-LD is downgradient of the lawn.	104
30. Nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l) in wells S2-22, ENG-SDC, MCD-SD, and ZAK-SD, located downgradient of septic system drainfields.	107
31. Location of wells at Jordan Acres septic site REE, with average nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l).	108
32. Average nitrate-N concentrations in RSDS multilevel wells 38 meters downgradient of the REE drainfield.	109
33. Watertable elevations as measured in well REC-Medium.	110
34. Nitrate-N concentrations for REC-Shallow, Medium and Deep ports.	111
35. Well REW located 4.9 meters downgradient of a drainfield. Nitrate-N concentrations increase in May, June, July and August corresponding to irrigation well pumping resulting in changes in the plume configuration.	111
36. Profiles of average nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l) in wells located downgradient of the subdivisions. View is generally perpendicular to groundwater flow.	116
37. Map showing land uses of Village Green subdivision.	117
38. Map showing land uses of Jordan Acres subdivision.	118
39. Nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l) of well N4 in Village Green, 1987 to 1991.	121
40. Nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l) of well S4 in Village Green, 1987 to 1991.	122

A. Introduction

Concern over the impact of subdivisions on groundwater quality has been growing for a number of years. Increased incidence of high nitrates in private wells, concern over wellhead protection, and an awareness of groundwater protection have all led to this widespread concern. Portage County, Wisconsin has worked on a groundwater management plan since 1985. One of the most controversial parts of the plan has been the use of increased lot size to protect groundwater from onsite waste disposal. This may improve groundwater quality, but results in more expensive housing and all the problems associated with urban sprawl.

This study was initiated in 1987 to address the subdivision water quality issues and attempt to quantify the impacts of subdivisions on groundwater quality in sandy soils areas near Stevens Point. This project was directed by Dr. Byron Shaw with three M.S. graduate students at UW-Stevens Point working on various aspects of the project. Detailed results of this project are found in the M.S. theses of Peter Arntsen, Steve Henkle, and William VanRyswyk. In addition, much of a PhD thesis by Erik Harmson, UW-Madison contains information relative to the project. Fred Madison, UW-Madison assisted with several aspects of the project. Chris Mechenich of the Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center compiled the survey of homeowner practices and attitudes, this data is summarized in a report by Mechenich et. al., 1991.

Two subdivisions near Stevens Point were selected for detailed analysis in this study (Figure 1). The subdivisions were selected based on historical data indicating groundwater quality problems or the potential for groundwater quality problems.

Primary objectives of this project were as follows:

1. Determine homeowner practices that could impact groundwater quality and determine attitudes of homeowners relative to groundwater quality and protection;
2. Determine nitrate-N loading to groundwater from subdivisions and evaluate the use of BURBS nitrogen mass balance model for predicting nitrogen impact;
3. Determine nitrogen contribution from septic systems and lawns;
4. Determine the impact of individual septic systems on nitrate-N and phosphorous concentrations in groundwater downgradient of the system;
5. Determine if volatile organic chemicals (VOCs) are reaching groundwater from subdivision activities;
6. Evaluate the various monitoring systems that could be used to determine subdivision impacts on groundwater;
7. Evaluate the use of geophysical techniques for locating septic system effluent plumes.

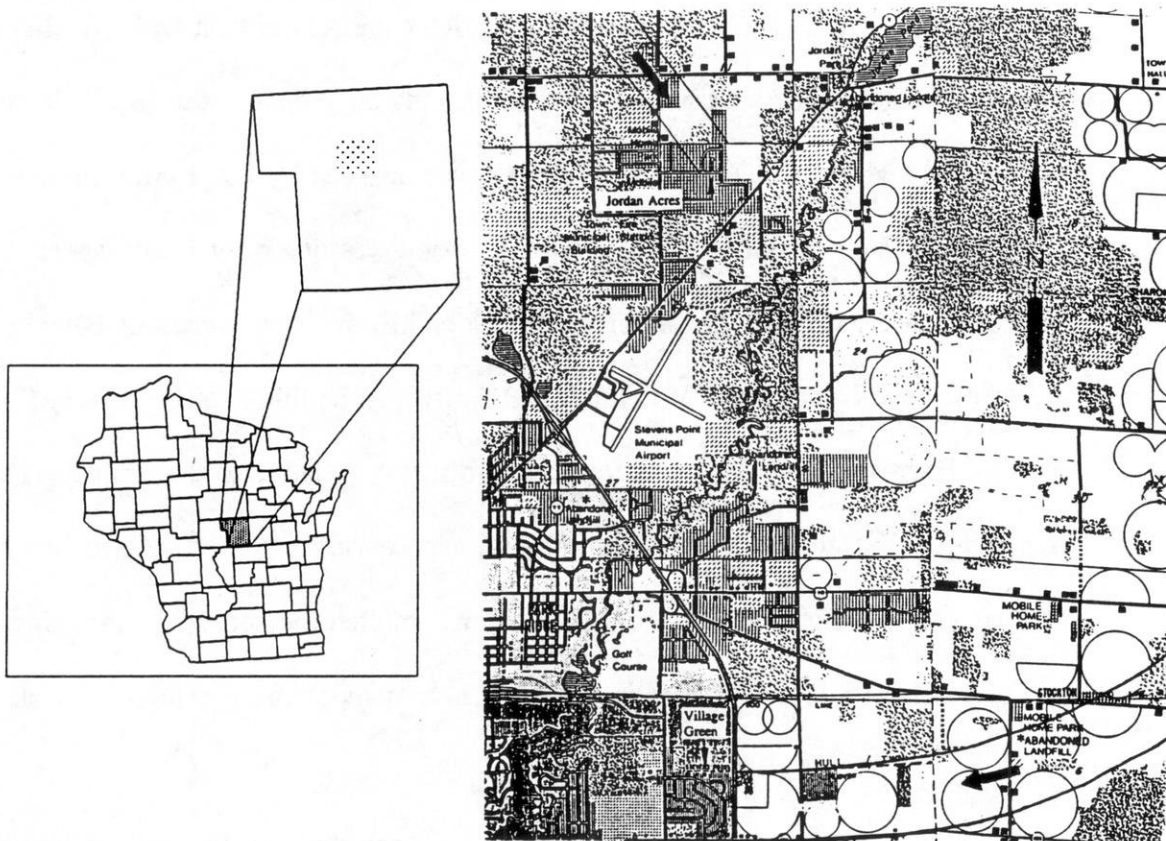


Figure 1. Upgradient land uses and locations of the subdivision study sites in Portage County, Wisconsin.

B. Literature Review

The following is a review of literature relevant to the movement and fate of potential groundwater contaminants from an unsewered residential subdivision in the Central Wisconsin Sand Plain. Specific sections will be devoted to Sand Plain Geology, Subdivisions and Nitrates, Septic Systems, Lawns, and Previous Work in the Study Area.

Sand Plain Geology

The geology of the Central Wisconsin Sand Plain is characterized by a relatively thick layer of highly permeable glacial sediments overlying impermeable rock (Faustini, 1985). The glacial material consists primarily of outwash sands and gravels and tends to be quite uniform in composition both laterally and vertically (Weeks et al., 1965). Though the sand plain is often assumed to be homogeneous, inconsistencies, such as layers or bands of higher or lower hydraulic conductivities, have been noted (Manser, 1983, Kimball, 1983, Stoertz, 1985).

Reported hydraulic conductivities in the sand plain range from 0.05 cm/sec (130 ft/day) (Weeks, 1969) to 0.18 cm/sec (500 ft/day) (Weeks and Stangland, 1971), with Faustini (1985) reporting an average from several sources of 0.10 cm/sec (270 ft/day). Slug tests performed in the study areas by Harmsen (1989) indicated slightly lower values of hydraulic conductivities ranging from 0.02 cm/sec to 0.07 cm/sec (57 ft/day to 198 ft/day).

Harmsen (1989) reported a range of 96.5 to 99.7 percent sand from samples taken in the upper 15 meters in the study areas. It was also noted that the sands graded to coarse sands and gravels at 23 to 25 meters below the surface.

Thicknesses of unconsolidated sediments overlying bedrock in the region ranging from 0 to 27 meters (0 to 90 ft.) were reported by Holt (1965) and by Weeks et al. (1965) during an investigation of the Little Plover River Basin. Harmsen (1989) reported an average depth to bedrock of 33 meters (108 ft.) in the Jordan Acres subdivision and an average depth to bedrock of 30 meters (98 ft.) in the Village Green subdivision. These values are estimates taken from well logs in the region of the subdivisions.

Effective porosities reported by Weeks et al. (1965) in the Little Plover River Basin ranged from 27.7 to 35.7 percent, with an average of 32.3 percent. Stoertz (1985) reported a range of 36.5 to 40.5 percent in five repacked samples taken from a site near Wisconsin Rapids.

Using an estimated average effective porosity of 0.23 and measured hydraulic gradients of 0.0025 and 0.0020 for the Jordan Acres and Village Green subdivisions respectively, Harmsen (1989) calculated average horizontal seepage velocities of 0.45 m/day (1.48 ft.) in Jordan Acres and 0.30 m/day (0.98 ft.) in Village Green.

Subdivisions and Nitrate-N

Studies evaluating the impact of rural housing on groundwater quality have been limited. The studies that have been conducted have focused primarily on the loading of nitrate-N from septic systems and to some degree lawns.

Nitrate-N is of special concern as a groundwater contaminant because it has been associated with methemoglobinemia (blue baby syndrome). Methemoglobinemia most often occurs in infants as a result of the ingestion of high nitrate-N water. The nitrate-N is converted to nitrite in the digestive system and then reacts with the

hemoglobin in the blood converting it to methemoglobin (Mechenich, 1988). The methemoglobin cannot carry oxygen to the body as the normal hemoglobin can, resulting in oxygen deprivation (indicated by bluish-gray skin color) and possibly resulting in death. As an infant ages the pH in the stomach decreases and the susceptibility to the disease also seems to decrease (Mechenich, 1988). The State and Federal Standard for nitrates in drinking water is 10 mg/l. Studies have suggested that concentrations of nitrate-N as low as 13 mg/l can cause methemoglobinemia (Vigel et al., 1965).

Nitrate-N has also been associated with the potential for the formation of nitrosamines in soil (Brown et al., 1980), and in the human digestive system (Mechenich, 1988). Nitrosamines are among the most potent and broadly acting carcinogens known (Harmsen, 1989).

Numerous studies employing groundwater monitoring and modeling have demonstrated a correlation between groundwater contamination and onsite sewage disposal density (Bicki and Brown, 1991). The density of septic systems in an area is usually regulated by state or local agencies through zoning ordinances specifying setback distances. Septic system setback distances are specified minimum distances a septic tank or drainfield must be from surrounding homes, property lines, or water supply wells and often indirectly dictate the minimum lot size possible. As a result, lot size is often based upon engineering rather than environmental considerations (Perkins, 1984). According to the Environmental Protection Agency (1977), in most parts of the country septic tank density is the most important factor influencing local and regional groundwater contamination. Perkins (1984) interpreted this to indicate

that drinking water well setback distances do not appear to be adequate in many regions to prevent groundwater contamination from septic system effluent.

Perkins (1984) reviewed several studies and empirical models designed to estimate the minimum lot size necessary to prevent groundwater contamination. Estimated lot sizes ranged from 0.2 to 0.4 hectares (0.5 to 1.0 acres) based on reported data and 0.3 to 0.4 hectares (0.75 to 1.0 acres) based upon theory. Bicki and Brown (1991) reviewed literature relative to septic system densities and reported that lot sizes in this range (0.2 to 0.4 hectares) are often cited as minimums for the prevention of groundwater contamination from septic system effluent. They also noted that some studies have found groundwater contamination from nitrate-N with lot sizes in this range due to site specific soil, hydrogeologic, and climatic conditions.

Bauman and Schafer (1984) present a simplified model and examine the possible groundwater quality impacts of nitrate-N loading from septic systems and the factors influencing such impacts. They also propose the addition of hydrogeologic or aquifer assessment criteria to the septic system site evaluation procedure. Included in this aquifer assessment criteria would be considerations for depth to aquifer, aquifer thickness, recharge rates, and groundwater flow velocities.

Depth to aquifer is important in the evaluation of the potential for denitrification to occur. Bauman and Schafer (1984) specify that in this evaluation of the vadose zone, specific characteristics to look for are; 1) the presence of restricting layers which may create anaerobic conditions, 2) temperature (warmer temperatures associated with shallow water tables promote metabolic activity, thereby enhancing denitrification), 3) residence time in the vadose zone (longer periods allow more time

for denitrification to occur if reducing conditions exist) and 4) Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) content of the groundwater (higher concentrations stimulate bacterial activity, increasing the potential for both anaerobic conditions and denitrification).

Groundwater flow velocities become important when evaluating the dilution potential of an aquifer. Dilution is often the final process relied upon to reduce concentrations of conservative solutes to an acceptable level once they enter a groundwater system. Walker et al. (1973, II) concludes that 0.2 Ha is needed as a minimum lot size necessary to reduce groundwater nitrate-N concentration to less than 10 mg/l downgradient of on-site disposal systems in sandy Wisconsin soils, by stating that "*dilution is an unacceptable part of the waste treatment system because flow patterns are often difficult to predict*". Walker et al. (1973, II) discuss a preferable concept to relying upon dilution as the final treatment process. This concept would be to consider the water table as the lower boundary of the treatment system, thereby requiring purification of the wastes in the unsaturated zone beneath the seepage bed. Admittedly, this concept seems much more "holistic" in theory but in certain soils, such as those found in the sand plain, achieving complete purification with a conventional septic system is unlikely. Pitt et al. (1975) reported that in some aquifers with high groundwater flow velocities (often associated with sand and gravel aquifers) the dilution potential can be significant. In a sensitivity analysis performed on the model formulated by Bauman and Schafer (1984), flow velocity was established as a model sensitive variable. The model indicated that in lower velocity flow systems the effects of dilution are minimal and are therefore more susceptible to appreciable contamination.

Sand and gravel aquifers are often associated with high flow velocities, Robertson et al. (1991) reports that recent studies indicate that the dispersive capabilities, and therefore the contaminant dilution potential, of many sand and gravel aquifers are much less than previously thought. The study conducted by Robertson et al. (1991) in Canada found low transverse dispersion in a shallow unconfined sand aquifer downgradient of two small septic systems. The report cites several recent natural gradient tracer experiments in sands also measuring low dispersion values (ie. longitudinal dispersivity = 1 m, vertical transverse dispersivity = 0.004 m, and horizontal transverse dispersivity = 0.01 m) as reported by (Sudicky et al., 1983; Freyburg, 1986; Garabedian, 1987; Moltyaner and Killey, 1988 a and b; all cited by Robertson et al. 1991). Robertson et al. conclude that the minimum well-septic system setback distances common throughout North America should not be expected to protect well-water quality in situations where mobile contaminants such as nitrate-N are not attenuated by chemical or microbiological processes.

Another important consideration in the evaluation of the impact subdivisions may have on groundwater is the effective depth of mixing occurring beneath the subdivision. The sensitivity analysis performed by Bauman and Schafer (1984) on their model indicated that in low velocity flow systems, the effective depth of mixing had little impact on nitrate-N concentration, and had only minimal effect on nitrate-N concentration in a higher velocity flow system. Harmsen (1989) compares values of average flow velocity in the sand plain, 0.3 to 0.6 m/day (1-2 ft/day) (Rothchild, 1982), and an average lot size of less than 0.4 hectare (typical of those found in the study area) to the results presented by Bauman and Schafer (1984) and concludes that

mixing depth is likely a model sensitive parameter in the study area.

Data pertaining to the depth of mixing occurring under subdivisions is notably absent. Wehrmann (1983) states that groundwater beneath unsewered subdivisions possessing a large number of wells "*will be mixed quite effectively*". But as noted by Harmsen (1989), no studies supporting or contradicting this theory could be found.

Bauman and Schafer (1984) also evaluate the sensitivity of their model to background nitrate-N concentrations of incoming water and found that it had little impact on the analysis. Incoming concentrations ranging from 1 to 7 mg/l nitrate-N had very little effect on nitrate-N concentrations in a simulated subdivision with varying lot sizes. Background nitrate-N concentrations like those common in the Village Green subdivision (> 20 mg/l) reported by Harmsen (1989) would likely have made more dramatic an impact on their analysis.

Tinker (1991) evaluated groundwater from five subdivisions in West Central Wisconsin using private water supply wells. Results indicate that nitrogen from septic systems and lawn fertilizer cause nitrate-N concentrations to increase in groundwater beneath the downgradient side of the subdivisions. Three of the five subdivisions had nitrate-N levels exceeding the drinking water standard of 10 mg/l. Tinker (1991) also evaluates three nitrogen mass balance models in an attempt to identify the possible sources of nitrate-N in the subdivision wells.

In a comparison of nitrogen in shallow groundwater from sewerred and unsewered areas of Long Island, New York, researchers found no significant difference existing between median nitrate-N concentrations in groundwater samples from each area (Katz et al., 1980). The authors acknowledge that the lack of

significant difference between the two may have been due to sampling bias, landfills and agricultural sources, and/or residual contamination from before the area was sewered. The study did find significantly lower nitrate-N concentrations in wells screened near the watertable beneath the sewered area. The results indicated that the nitrate-N concentrations were being reduced by sewerage, but that the dilution process was quite slow in the Long Island aquifer.

A more conclusive study conducted in an 80 square kilometer (30 square mile) densely populated, unsewered area in East Portland, Oregon showed a significantly higher concentration of nitrate-N in groundwater samples when compared to samples taken from surrounding sewered areas (Quan et al., 1974).

A computer program developed by Cornell University and known as the BURBS model (Hughes and Pacenka, 1985) was used by Leonard (1986) in Wisconsin to determine the minimum lot size necessary to prevent nitrate-N concentrations from exceeding 10 mg/l. The model utilizes inputs from septic systems and fertilizers and performs a detailed nitrogen mass balance. Leonard's analysis was performed on two soil types common to Wisconsin, Plainfield Sand and Grays Silt Loam. Results indicated that a minimum lot size of 0.8 Ha was necessary to achieve the 10 mg/l nitrate-N concentration. Soil type was found to have little effect on the nitrate-N concentration of groundwater. Nitrate-N concentration was found to increase with housing density but at a decreasing rate. The BURBS model estimates nitrate-N concentrations in recharge water as it doesn't account for background dilution from groundwater passing under the site.

Anderson et al. (1987) developed a contaminant transport model to assist in

selecting actual subdivisions for field groundwater monitoring. Models for the mean values of input parameters and for uncertain values of the input parameters were developed and solutions obtained for typical Florida groundwater conditions. The model was determined to be a "*useful tool*" in assessing the potential impact of subdivisions on groundwater quality which would likely take many years to realize in a field monitoring study.

Septic Systems and Groundwater Quality

Septic tanks contribute more than 1 trillion gallons of wastewater to the subsurface every year (OTA, 1984). This waste originates from over 22 million septic tanks in the U.S., The above statistics make septic tank systems the leading contributor of wastewater to the subsurface and the most frequently reported cause of groundwater contamination (U.S. EPA, 1977).

With statistics like these, one would expect that research in the area of septic system performance and effectiveness, and the impacts of septic systems on groundwater quality would be common and on-going. Although there has been a good deal of research evaluating the impact of conventional systems on groundwater quality, the use of these systems still dominates in many areas even where proven ineffective.

Cogger (1988) identified three primary parts of a septic system: the septic tank, the absorption area, and the surrounding soil. Wastes enter the septic tank via a gravity feed sewer line from the household. Typically no separation of gray water (water used for laundry, bathing, etc.) from blackwater (toilet wastes) is made. Once in the tank, the heavier materials and solids will sink to the bottom of the tank where

decomposition will occur, thus reducing the quantity of organic material (Reneau et al., 1989). At the effluent surface, in a properly functioning tank, a scum layer of floating material containing greases and fats will form. Decomposition will also occur here.

Water levels in the tank are controlled by an inlet and an outlet located at opposite ends of the upper portion of the tank and separated by baffles. The baffles are designed to prevent the surface scum layer and bottom sludge material from escaping. In a properly functioning system, only a semi-clarified effluent from the center of the tank is allowed to discharge to the soil absorption system (Cantor and Knox, 1985).

Reneau et al. (1989) reported anaerobic digestion in the septic tank results in a reduction of sludge volume by 40%, biological oxygen demand (BOD) by 60%, suspended solids by 70%, and conversion of much of the organic-nitrogen to the ammonium form (NH_4^+).

The clarified effluent entering the absorption area will eventually cause a build up of what is termed a "biological mat" at the interface of the absorption field and the surrounding soil (Cantor and Knox, 1985). The development of a biological mat can play an important role in effluent treatment, particularly in soils with high hydraulic conductivities. This mat, sometimes called the crust layer, is a result of clogging of soil pores with organic materials and biological growth (Brown et al., 1980; Laak et al. 1975). In permeable soils the mat serves as an effective degradative filter to suspended and dissolved organic matter and tends to enhance treatment by lengthening travel times and increasing tortuosity (Brown et al., 1980; Reneau et al., 1989).

Walker et al., (1973 I) noted that below the mat, which remains anaerobic and saturated most of the time, aerobic conditions often exist.

A problem often associated with the use of conventional septic systems in highly permeable soils is uneven distribution of effluent out of the distribution pipes. This phenomenon results in elevated loading rates to a relatively small portion of the absorption area (Reneau et al., 1989). It occurs when the vast majority of effluent entering the distribution pipe discharges in one area due to the permeability of the soils below. Cogger (1988) discusses this phenomenon and notes that new systems in coarse soils may be susceptible to localized overloading resulting in poor treatment.

Due to the elevated loading rates in specific areas, the potential for groundwater contamination increases because saturated conditions prevail. Associated with these saturated conditions is an accelerated formation of the biological mat, which will then act to decrease infiltration at that location (Reneau et al., 1989). This preferential discharge usually occurs at the beginning of a distribution trench (where the effluent first encounters perforations in the distribution pipe). As the biological mat builds up in that area the discharge will be displaced further and further down along the length of the pipe. This phenomenon is well documented and is referred to as "*creeping failure*" (USEPA, 1980), (Reneau et al., 1989).

Nitrogen

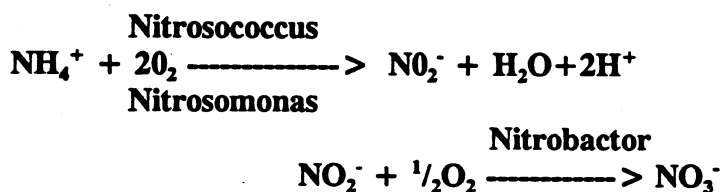
Many potential chemical contaminants exist in septic tank effluent but nitrogen is often thought to represent the most serious threat to human health. Nitrogen in the form of nitrate-N represents the greatest threat because of its association with methemoglobinemia in infants and because it is very soluble and chemically inactive

in aerobic environments, often resulting in virtual unrestricted mobility in soil and groundwater (Reneau et al., 1989). This mobility and the fact that many land use activities are often associated with the formation or application of nitrates are the principle reasons nitrate-N is of such concern.

The fate of nitrogen in the environment is complex. It results from a variety of physical, chemical, and biological mechanisms which in turn are greatly influenced by environmental conditions (Brown et al., 1980).

Septic tank effluent typically averages 40-80 mg N/l, of which 75 percent is soluble ammonium and 25 percent organic-N (Walker et al., 1973,II; Brown et al., 1980; Reneau et al., 1989). Brown et al. (1980) goes on to state that the vast majority of the organic-N is "*sorbed and transformed*" to ammonium in the anaerobic crusted zone or mat of the absorption field.

Nitrogen leaving the anaerobic biological mat zone as ammonium and entering the soil profile is often oxidized to nitrate-N. This largely biological process, shown below, is known as nitrification (Brown et al., 1980).



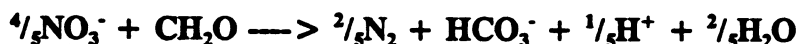
In a properly functioning absorption system most of the nitrogen will be converted to nitrate-N in the first few inches of the aerobic soil surrounding the absorption trench (Dudley & Stephenson, 1973; Walker et al., 1973). Oxygen diffusion into the soil zone is the most rate limiting factor determining the form of

nitrogen present (Reneau et al., 1989). Environmental conditions such as moisture content below the mat can indirectly control the process by restricting soil oxygen or in extremely dry conditions may result in a reduction of bacterial populations and thus limit nitrification (Brown et al., 1980).

In an evaluation of the potential for nitrification to occur in the sandy inorganic soils of the New Jersey Pine Barrens, Brown et al. (1980) noted that the low pH and base status of the native soils may discourage oxidation of ammonium, but then commented that the near neutral wastewater would probably increase soil pH to an acceptable range overtime. Although this may be the case, once nitrification began to occur there would likely be a subsequent decrease in pH as noted by Reneau et al. (1989) and Alhajjar et al. (1990) and discussed below.

Brown et al. (1980) also report that cooler temperatures associated with the northeastern regions of the United States may inhibit the activity of nitrifying bacteria resulting in the movement of ammonium to groundwater. However, other investigators (Viraraghavan and Warncock, 1976; Viraraghavan, 1985) found that winter conditions posed no threat to septic system operation and cited studies in Alaska where septic systems performed satisfactorily.

The primary mechanism for removal of nitrogen from soils is denitrification. Denitrification is the reduction of nitrates to gaseous nitrogen by bacteria under anaerobic conditions in the soil (Cogger, 1988). This reaction is depicted in the following equation, where CH_2O represents organic matter as a carbon source (Robertson et al., 1991).



A properly functioning septic system in sandy well aerated soils (such as those found in the study areas) will have minimal denitrification, and then only in anaerobic microsites (Bouma, 1979; Reneau et al., 1989).

A study conducted by Alhajjar et al. (1989) in Wisconsin evaluated the impact of phosphate built versus carbonate-built laundry detergents on groundwater quality downgradient of septic systems. The authors concluded that the use of phosphate-built laundry detergents improved the efficiency of nitrogen removal during effluent percolation through septic system drainfields and reduced the nitrate-N level in downgradient groundwater plumes without any significant effect on phosphorus concentrations. They theorize that the greater amounts of phosphorus reaching the soil from the phosphate-built detergents stimulated "*prolific growth*" of denitrifying bacteria in the clogging mat and soil, thus enhancing the removal of nitrogen.

Cogger and Carlile (1984) provided indirect evidence of denitrification around septic systems but found that it varied from one system to another, seasonally, and was most effective in wet soils which were otherwise unsatisfactory for wastewater treatment.

Denitrification may be significant in soils with restricted drainage but nitrification of ammonium must occur first, then denitrifying bacteria and a carbon source must also be present. Robertson, et al. (1991), in a study conducted in Canada, reported nitrate-N concentrations decreasing from 20 mg/l to less than 0.5 mg/l in the last meter of flow before discharging into the Muskoka River. The nitrate-N had traveled 20 meters from a septic system before "*vigorous denitrification*"

occurred in the riverbed sediments as a result of anaerobic conditions existing there".

Carbon was also abundant in these sediments.

Acidity produced from the nitrification of ammonium resulted in depressed pH levels in the plumes of both systems studied by Robertson and has been noted by other investigators. A study conducted in Australia (Whelan, 1988) measured a significant reduction in pH (9.0 to 5.5) caused by the nitrification process below a soak well. Reneau et al. (1990) point out that the lowering of pH to this level could adversely affect the activity of denitrifying bacteria. Alhajjar et al. (1990) also noted a substantial reduction in the pH of groundwater impacted by septic leachate.

These data indicate that well drained soils, traditionally considered to be ideally suited for conventional septic systems, are very susceptible to groundwater contamination from nitrates due to the limited potential for denitrification. The most probable mechanism for the reduction of nitrates under these conditions is dilution by groundwater (Reneau, et al, 1989). Table 1 summarizes some relevant data from septic system studies.

Reference	System Age (yrs)	Effluent Nitrogen (mg/l)	Groundwater Nitrate-N (mg/l)	Depth to Groundwater (m)	Distance Moved (m)
Ellis & Childs *	15		8.0	1.5-1.8	100
Ellis & Childs*	8			0.9-1.2	9
Dudley & Stephenson*	5	27.1-33.8	15.5	3-4	6.1
Dudley & Stephenson*	8	27.1-33.8	2.4-20.3	4	9.1
Dudley & Stephenson*	9	27.1-33.8	13.8	17.1	0
Dudley & Stephenson*	1	27.1-33.8	2.4-11.4	7.5	0.9
Walker et al. 1973*			40	5-6	0
Walker et al. 1973*			10	5-6	70
Walker et al. 1973*			12		35
Shaw and Turyk	5-10	46-105	15-101	3-7	5-13
Virarghaven & Warncock 1976	New	77-111***	0.4	2-3	12
Rea & Upchurch (1980)	50		10	1	25
Robertson et al. 1991	12	30**	33***	2.5	0
Robertson et al. 1991	1-2	59**	39	3	0

* As cited by Brown and Associates, 1980, p.51

** Reported value of ammonia nitrogen in septic tank effluent

*** Reported background nitrate-N of 27 mg/l

Table 1. Summary of field studies of nitrate-N movement from septic systems in groundwater.

Phosphorus

Literature relative to phosphorus movement away from septic systems is less consistent than that of nitrogen. Soils appear to vary greatly in their ability to adsorb soluble phosphate ions (Brown et al., 1980). The greatest environmental concern associated with phosphorus movement away from septic systems is the eutrophication of surface water bodies (Cogger, 1988). Phosphorus is often the limiting nutrient in aquatic ecosystems. Excessive additions can cause nuisance algae blooms and enhanced growth of aquatic macrophytes, often resulting in oxygen depletion.

Phosphorus in septic tank effluent originates primarily from human wastes and

detergents (Brown et al., 1980). The contribution from the latter has likely decreased in Wisconsin in recent years since the use of phosphate based laundry detergents has been restricted. However, phosphates are still a component of many non-laundry household detergents and cleaners (Shaw, 1988). Phosphate movement through most soils is limited, and seems to be controlled primarily by adsorption and precipitation type reactions (Reneau et al., 1989).

Phosphate precipitation in the soil is primarily dependant upon the pH of the soil and the presence of aluminum, iron, calcium, and organic colloids (Laak et al., 1975). Laak et al. (1975) also report that phosphorus fixation is at a minimum at near neutral pH and tends to be at a maximum at pH extremes. In soils where iron and aluminum are present (usually associated with lower pH's) phosphates can be chemically adsorbed by hydrous oxides of aluminum and iron forming an extremely insoluble gel complex (Kuo and Mikkelsen, 1979). In calcareous sandy soils such as those found in the study area, precipitation reactions with compounds containing phosphorus and calcium would likely dominate (Reneau et al., 1989) although iron and aluminum precipitation and/or sorption may also occur.

Childs et al., (1974) evaluated effluent migration away from several septic systems surrounding Houghton Lake, Michigan. The study reported phosphorus mobility equivalent to that of nitrates and chlorides in some situations while at other nearby sites very little phosphorus movement was noted. The difference in phosphorus mobility from site to site was attributed to variations in adsorptive capacity between soil types and loading rate variations.

Nagpal (1986) reported that phosphorus sorption is more affected by an

increase in hydraulic loading then by phosphorus concentration in the effluent.

Nagpal (1986) also suggests that measures to control hydraulic loading at any one time would be more effective at reducing phosphorus movement through the soil than controlling soil type or phosphorus concentration in the effluent. Lance (1977) also reported that phosphorus removal from effluent was proportional to loading rates. Reneau (1978; as cited by Reneau et al., 1989) suggested that a low pressure dosing system would greatly reduce phosphorus movement in some situations by achieving uniform effluent distribution and allowing the system to be placed at a shallower depth, thus maximizing the unsaturated zone.

In a recent Canadian study, Robertson et al. (1991) evaluated phosphorus movement in sandy aquifers from two septic systems. Although phosphorus concentrations in the tile effluent of about 10 mg/l $\text{PO}_4\text{-P}$ were reported at both sites, significant subsurface attenuation was noted. At one site no detectable $\text{PO}_4\text{-P}$ was observed in the groundwater, and the other site indicated very little attenuation in the unsaturated zone, while significant attenuation (>5 mg/l to <0.02 mg/l) occurred after several meters of flow in the saturated zone. The authors attribute the phosphate removal in the unsaturated zone at the first site (pH = 5.1, system age 4 yrs.) to sorption or precipitation with iron or aluminum. Phosphate attenuation at the second site (pH = 7.0, system age 14 yrs.) was believed to be controlled by precipitation with Ca^{+2} to form hydroxylapatite ($\text{Ca}_{10}(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_2$) in the saturated zone (Robertson et al., 1991).

A field investigation of the efficiency of a septic system on a relatively fine textured soil (sandy loam and silty loam), conducted by Viraraghavan and Warncock

(1976), reported concentrations of phosphate-P in the groundwater of 5 mg/l to 10 mg/l approximately 15 meters (50 feet) from the tile bed. The authors noted that the phosphate reduction achieved in the study was low but offered no explanation as to why. The drain tile was a new addition to an existing system so the attenuation capacity of the soil should not have been exhausted from previous loading. Near ground level water tables were noted during the spring snow melt at the study site.

Cogger (1988), in a review of literature relative to septic systems and groundwater contamination, points out that phosphate movement is usually associated with soils having limited fixation capacities and is especially prevalent around old or heavily loaded systems with shallow water tables. This is consistent with the results of a soil column study conducted by Sawhney (1977). The study concluded that soils have a finite ability to remove phosphorus if continuously dosed. Once phosphorus breakthrough occurred, increasingly larger amounts of phosphorus appeared in the column effluent. Consequently, after prolonged use of a soil, especially a soil of low sorption capacity, subsurface waters could be expected to contain high concentrations of phosphorus.

Numerous investigators have documented that phosphorus moves rather freely once it enters the saturated zone (Childs et al. 1974; Viraraghavan and Warncock, 1976; Reneau, 1979). Other studies have indicated that significant attenuation can occur in the saturated zone (Robertson et al., 1991). Table 2 summarizes some relevant data from septic system studies. The mechanisms controlling phosphorus movement will be greatly influenced by loading rates and the geochemical conditions

Reference	System Age (yrs)	PO ₄ in Effluent (mg/l)	PO ₄ in Groundwater (mg/l)	Depth to Groundwater (m)	Distance Moved (m)
Ellis & Childs, 1973 *	15		0.099	1.5-1.8	100
Ellis & Childs, 1973 *	8	11.5	11.6	0.9-1.2	9
Childs et al. 1973	10		up to 8	shallow	16
Childs et al. 1973	10		up to 8	shallow	30
Dudley & Stephenson 1973*	5	27.1-33.8	0.05	3-4	6.1
Dudley & Stephenson 1973*	8		0.65	4	
Dudley & Stephenson 1973*	9		up to 5.5	17.1	12.2
Dudley & Stephenson 1973*		13.16	0.05-0.28	7.5	18
Viraraghavan & Warncock	new	6.25-30.00	up to 5	2-3	12
Reneau 1977 *		10.8	0.01-0.55		10.4
Rea & Upchurch 1980	50		up to 5	1	8
Robertson et al. 1991	12	8	4	2	0
Robertson et al. 1991	1-2	13	0.01	3	0

* As cited by Brown and Associates, 1980, p.51

Table 2. Summary of field studies of phosphate movement from septic systems in groundwater.

existing in the unsaturated and the saturated zone. Phosphorus movement in the coarse soils of the study areas is likely, especially where heavy loading and poor effluent distribution is occurring or in old systems.

Bacteria

Bacteriological contamination of groundwater from septic systems is well documented but is not a focus of this project. For a comprehensive discussion of bacteriological and viral contamination of groundwater from septic systems refer to Yates and Yates, 1989; Yates, 1985; and Reneau et al., 1989.

Chlorides and Other Potential Contaminants

Chloride is a naturally occurring anion in surface and ground waters, which is usually present at low concentrations. It is also a common constituent in animal and

human wastes, and often a component of road de-icing agents. As a result, elevated concentrations of chlorides are often indicative of contamination from man-made sources. Concentrations of chloride in septic effluent vary with human diet and with the quality of the water supply source (Alhajjar et al., 1990). Septic systems do not effectively remove chloride due to its anionic form and conservative nature. As a result, it is often used as an indicator of contamination (Alhajjar et al., 1990).

Alhajjar et al., (1990) statistically evaluated the use of four groundwater chemical characteristics to determine which were best suited as indicators of groundwater contamination from septic systems. Results indicated that of the four chemical characteristics evaluated (Cl⁻, electrical conductivity, pH, and fluorescence) only chloride was considered a conservative tracer, and thus the best indicator. Electrical conductivity and pH were classified as semi-conservative and were only "acceptable" as indicators. Fluorescence, originating primarily from optical brighteners in laundry detergents, was considered a poor indicator of septic contaminated groundwater. The authors go on to state that *"septic systems are not sources of fluorescence to groundwater, and fluorescence is not a reliable indicator of organic pollutants in groundwater in the vicinity of septic systems"* (Alhajjar et al., 1990). However, results of this study do not support this conclusion.

Lawn Studies

Since 1970, pesticide and fertilizer use on private home lawns has steadily increased (Watshke, 1983 as cited by Morton et al., 1988). With this increased chemical usage has come increased threats to surface and groundwater resources. In-ground home lawn irrigation systems are also becoming more common, especially in

areas with well drained soils such as the Central Wisconsin Sand Plain. Home lawn irrigation water is often applied with little regard for the moisture status or water holding capacity of the soil, which often results in over-watering (Morton et al., 1988). Irrigation resulting in over-watering has been shown to significantly increase nitrate-N leaching (Endelman et al., 1974; Rieke and Ellis, 1974).

Petrovic (1990) reviews current literature on the fate of nitrogenous fertilizers applied to turf grass. The report concludes that the leaching of fertilizer nitrogen applied to turf grass is dependant upon soil texture, type and amount of nitrogen applied, timing, and irrigation/precipitation events. Suggested practices for minimizing the impact of nitrogen to groundwater include using irrigation water only to replace the amount of water used by plants, using slow release nitrogen sources, and avoiding fertilization and irrigation on sandy soils (Petrovic, 1990).

In a sand and gravel aquifer on Long Island, New York, Flipse et al. (1984) evaluated nitrate-N concentrations in groundwater beneath a sewered subdivision. The analysis indicated a significant regional increase in nitrate-N concentrations (0.22 mg/l/yr) over a seven year period. The principle source of this nitrate-N was attributed to fertilizers from lawns.

Gold et al., (1990) compared nitrate-N losses to groundwater from agricultural and suburban land uses. Using ceramic suction lysimeters, the study compared soil water percolate from the following land uses;

- 1) Urea-fertilized silage corn with a rye cover crop.
- 2) Urea-fertilized silage corn with no cover crop.
- 3) Manure-fertilized silage corn with a rye cover crop.
- 4) Fertilized home lawn.
- 5) Unfertilized home lawn.

- 6) Mature, mixed oak-pine forest.
- 7) Conventional septic system from a three person home.
- 8) Forested area.

All treatments were located on well drained, silty or sandy loam soils over highly permeable, stratified drift deposits of sands and gravels.

The septic system achieved an estimated dissolved inorganic nitrogen (DIN) removal of 21 percent in the septic tank and absorption area. This percentage was based on a measured nitrogen loading rate of 9.5 kg/yr (21 lbs./yr) in drainfield percolate compared with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (1980) estimated average of 12 kg/yr (26.4 lbs/yr) for a three person home.

The urea fertilized home lawn treatment received as much nitrogen as the urea fertilized silage corn (200-250 kg/ha/yr) but resulted in much lower nitrate-N percolate. Most of the nitrate-N flux observed in the lawn plot occurred during the spring thaw (Gold et al., 1990).

The urea fertilizer was applied to the lawn in small increments throughout the growing season. This seemed to minimize leaching of nitrogen from the root zone. However, the authors note that substantial nitrogen leaching can be expected from turf grass when nitrate-N forms of fertilizer are applied and when over-watering occurs citing Morton et al., 1990 and Rieke and Ellis, 1974.

These researchers conclude that replacing production agriculture with un-sewered residential subdivisions will not markedly reduce nitrate-N concentrations in groundwater (Gold et al., 1990).

Previous Studies in the Project Area

Harmsen (1989) evaluated the nitrate-N distribution occurring under both the

Jordan Acres and Village Green subdivisions. Nitrate-N distributions were determined via two multilevel well transects placed parallel to groundwater flow in each subdivision.

At Jordan Acres the affect of the subdivisions on groundwater quality was apparent. Elevated nitrate-N concentrations in downgradient wells were attributed to septic systems and lawn fertilizers.

The Village Green Subdivision showed less conclusively the impact attributable to subdivision activities. Nitrate-N concentrations increased with depth at this subdivision, and actually tended to decrease at the downgradient end of the subdivision. The elevated background concentrations of nitrate-N at depth was attributed to upgradient agricultural activities. The two subdivisions represent two extreme cases, one with high, the other with low background nitrate-N concentrations, but neither are atypical of the sand plain region.

Harmsen (1989) also noted that spatial nitrate-N distribution appeared to be highly variable in the vertical and horizontal planes, and plumes originating in the subdivisions were vertically thin and some seemed to exhibit vertical bifurcation. Sharp concentration contrasts measured in the horizontal and vertical planes suggest that mixing associated with hydrodynamic dispersion was minimal (Harmsen, 1989).

Henkel (1992) evaluated water from monitoring wells downgradient of individual septic systems within the subdivisions for organic compounds. Results indicated that organic compounds are present in groundwater in both subdivisions, but in relatively small quantities as a result of homeowner product use and disposal practices. Several detects of VOC's were confirmed, but most were at very low

concentrations. The highest concentration of a VOC detected was 21.6 ppb of 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (111-TCA). The state Preventative Action Limit for 111-TCA is 40 ppb (Henkel, 1992).

Jonas (1990) conducted toxicity tests on groundwater from subdivision monitoring and private wells using Ceriodaphnia dubia. Three wells from the Jordan Acres subdivision (1 monitoring, 2 private) and six wells from the Village Green subdivision (2 monitoring, 4 private) were evaluated. Wells which displayed elevated concentrations of nitrate-N during previous testing were selected. Results indicated that one private well from each subdivision appeared to be toxic to Ceriodaphnia. The author suggests that the results of these tests are probably more reflective of inconsistent laboratory procedures (feeding regimes and dilution water) than toxic water quality problems, but offers no clear explanation.

C. Methods

Two subdivisions in the Stevens Point area were selected and instrumented with a large number of monitoring wells during the period from 1987 to 1991. The selection of the subdivisions was based upon local private well water quality information obtained from the Environmental Task Force (ETF) at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point. Areas with differing upgradient land uses were selected in an attempt to 1) represent subdivisions typical of the region, and 2) evaluate the effects of subdivision land use activities relative to upgradient land use activities in the same groundwater watershed.

The following is a description of the methods, techniques and procedures used in the study.

Survey of Homeowners

During the spring of 1987, a survey was conducted of all households in both subdivisions (see Appendix C) to collect information relative to homeowner chemical usage, waste disposal patterns, and fertilizer/pesticide usage (Mechenich, et. al., 1991). The survey was conducted with the assistance of the Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center. A personal interview was also conducted with many of the respondents, at which time they were asked to sketch well and drainfield locations in their yards. Individuals interested in having monitoring wells placed in their yards were also identified at this time. Henkel (1992) summarizes some of the results of this survey.

The two subdivisions chosen for the study are part of a larger research effort evaluating impacts of unsewered subdivisions on groundwater quality. Names of

property owners in these subdivisions were obtained from the Portage County Land Records office. Vacant parcels were eliminated; only those actually living in the subdivisions were included. One hundred eighty-four (184) potential participants were identified.

A two-part questionnaire was developed and is included as Appendix C. The first part, eight pages focusing on chemical use and disposal practices, was mailed to all subdivision residents. A cover letter explained the study objectives. Residents were asked to complete the questionnaire and hold it for a personal visit from researchers.

Two weeks later, residents were called to set up a personal interview. Researchers visited each home and collected and reviewed the first part of the questionnaire. They then conducted the second part of the survey, a three-page questionnaire focusing on attitudes and opinions about the causes and severity of groundwater contamination and the acceptability of potential solutions. A water sample was also taken during the home visit and analyzed for nitrate-N, chloride, hardness, alkalinity, pH, specific conductance, and corrosivity index as part of the larger research effort. Results of chemical analyses are included in Appendix A.

The residents of 21 homes refused to participate, and another 24 could not be contacted during the time frame of the study. Participation rates were 89 percent in the Jordan Acres subdivision and 70 percent in the Village Green subdivision. In total, 139 surveys were conducted.

Data analysis was conducted using the dBase III+ data base software (Ashton-Tate Corporation, Torrence, CA) and SPSS-X statistical software package (SPSS,

Inc., Chicago, IL). Frequencies were calculated in quartiles for pesticide use and household chemical use. Chi-square analysis (CROSSTABS) and cluster analysis (CLUSTER) procedures were used in SPSS-X to search for significant relationships between and among questionnaire parameters.

Monitoring Well Installation and Design

Four piezometers (survey wells) were installed around the perimeter of each subdivision during the summer of 1987. The wells were constructed of 3.18 cm (1¹/₄ in.) PVC (polyvinyl chloride) and were fitted with 30.48 cm (1 ft.) slotted, 0.0254 cm (0.01 in.) slot size screens. The screened intervals were positioned slightly below the watertable to account for water level fluctuations while still reflecting near watertable conditions. The wells were then surveyed with respect to an arbitrary datum of 30.48 m. (100.00 ft). Surveying errors were less than 0.006 and 0.012 m. for the Jordan Acres and Village Green Subdivisions respectively (Harmsen, 1989). Water levels were then measured in the wells using a fiberglass reinforced tape with an attached popper. Local hydraulic gradient and principle groundwater flow direction were determined from this information.

Two transects parallel to groundwater flow were then established in each subdivision. Along each transect four multiport wells were installed to monitor changes in groundwater quality as water passed from one end of the subdivision to the other.

Multiport well construction was based on a design by Bradbury and Bahr (1987). The wells consisted of a 1.27 cm (0.50 in.) PVC spine surrounded by up to eight, 0.635 cm inside diameter polypropylene tubes. The tubes were attached to the PVC

center spine with nylon reinforced tape. An attempt was made to screen the spine with a slotted PVC screened interval at the watertable. Each tube extended to a different depth in the aquifer and was perforated with 0.32 cm ($\frac{1}{8}$ in) holes over its last 15.25 cm (6 in.) and wrapped with a nylon fabric. This fabric served as a screen to exclude the finer textured materials from entering the well port. This well design (see Figure 2) allowed discrete samples to be taken from various depths in the aquifer. When installed in transects parallel to flow, these samples helped to distinguish between subdivision impacted water and upgradient water as the water moved from one end of the subdivision to the other. Sampling ports were placed at approximately 0.75, 1.5, 3.0, 4.5, 6.0, and 7.5 m below the watertable. The up and downgradient wells of one transect at each subdivision had additional sampling ports at approximately 9.0, 12.0, and 15 m below the watertable (Harmsen, 1989).

In the Jordan Acres subdivision the east transect contained five wells, instead of the typical four. The furthest downgradient well in this transect (E5) was located on a small knoll. The well was not constructed to account for the change in topography, causing the upper two sampling ports to be located above the watertable throughout the duration of the project. As a result, no water samples were collected from those ports. Another multiport well in the Jordan Acres Subdivision (JA-C) was located at the downgradient end of the subdivision between the two transects. Figures 3 and 4 show the basic subdivision layouts and well locations for the Jordan Acres and Village Green Subdivisions respectively.

The multiport wells were then surveyed to the same arbitrary datum as the survey wells, so all elevations were relative. From this, a more detailed flow map

for the subdivisions could be constructed. Water levels were measured in the multiport wells with the use of an electric ohm meter and coaxial cable. The two leads from the circuit tester were connected to the separate wires of the coaxial cable, and the cable was inserted down the center PVC spine. When the end of the cable reached the watertable the circuit was completed and registered a deflection on the meter. The cable was then removed, and the distance from the end of the cable to the point located at well top datum was measured. This distance corresponds to the depth to water.

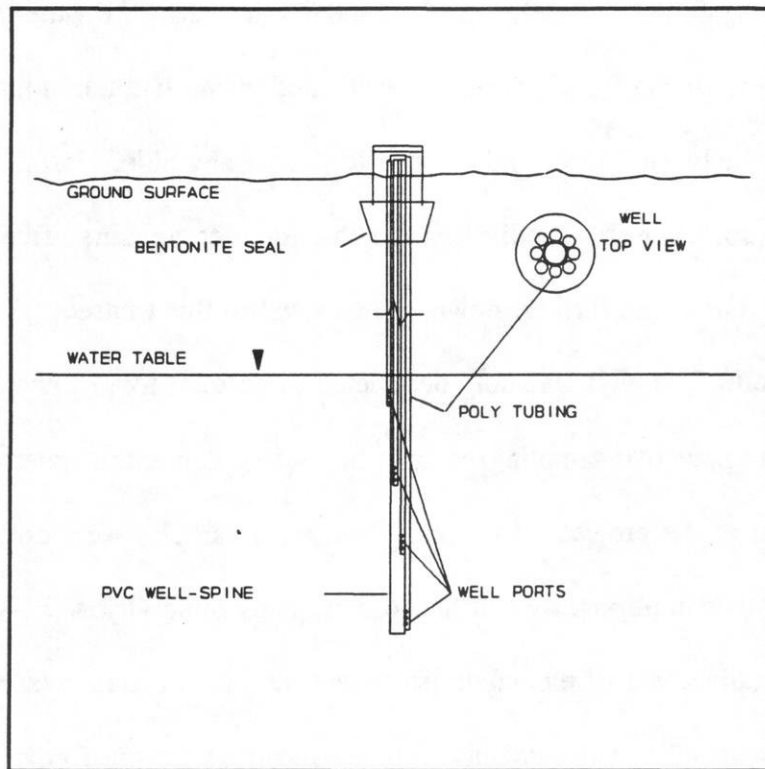


Figure 2. Original Subdivision project multiport monitoring well design.

Jordan Acres Subdivision Well and Drainfield Locations

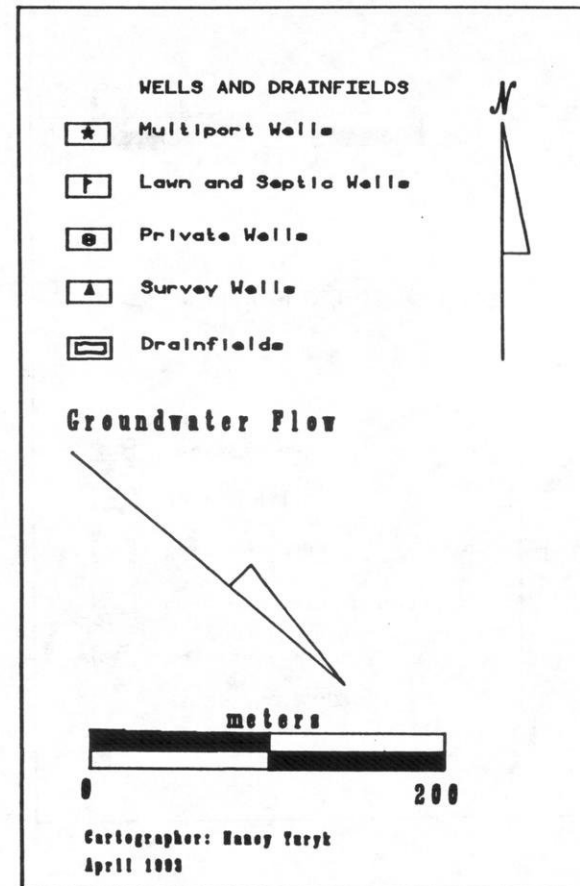
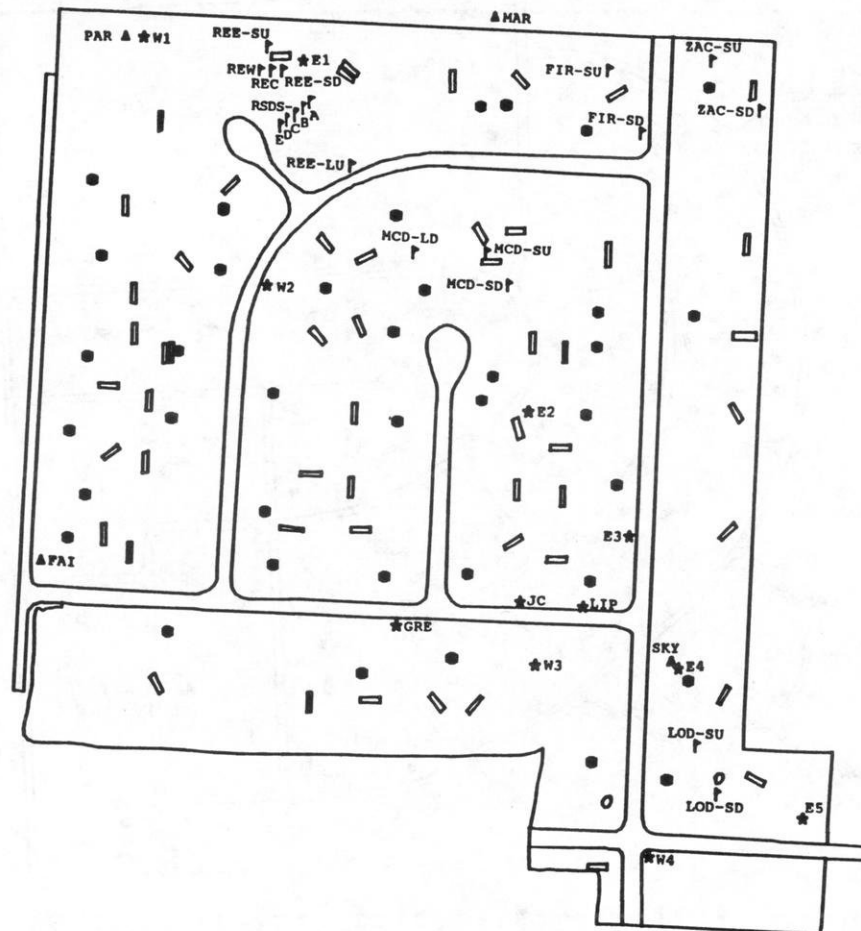


Figure 3. Jordan Acres monitoring well network, showing the location of multilevel, septic, lawn and survey monitoring wells.

Village Green Subdivision

Well and Drainfield Locations

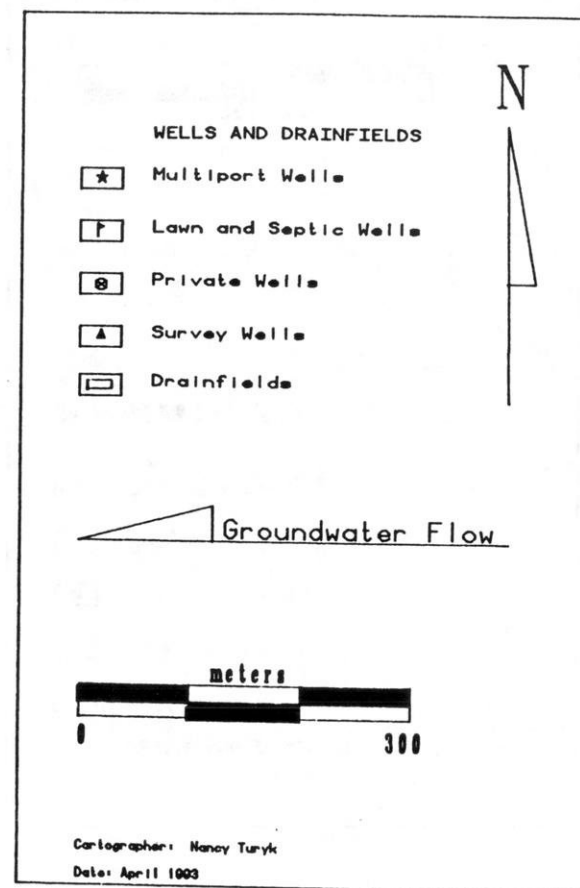


Figure 4. Village Green monitoring well network, showing the location of multilevel, septic, lawn and survey monitoring wells.

During the summer of 1988 several additional wells were installed in both subdivisions. These wells were installed in an attempt to quantify the impact individual septic systems and lawns were having on groundwater quality. This information was determined to be necessary for better estimation of the total nitrogen input for a mass balance computer model, BURBS (Hughes and Pacenka, 1985), being used for the subdivisions.

Five septic systems and one lawn from each subdivision were selected for detailed monitoring. Each septic system and lawn was instrumented with an upgradient and at least one downgradient well, with respect to groundwater flow. These wells were of similar construction to the survey wells except that the 3.18 cm (1 $\frac{1}{4}$ in) PVC pipe had threaded, rather than solvent welded joints. Threaded joints were determined necessary to avoid potential VOC contamination associated with the solvent welding technique. The well screens used in the construction of these wells were also longer, 91.44 cm (36 in), and were positioned to intercept the water table in most instances. Downgradient septic and lawn wells were positioned as close to the septic drainfield or lawn as the geographic location and the homeowner would allow, generally within 6 m (20 ft).

During the summer of 1989 several more monitoring wells were installed in both subdivisions. The wells were positioned at key locations where additional water quality information was determined to be beneficial to the objectives of the study.

In Village Green five more multiport wells were installed, four in a transect perpendicular to groundwater flow at the downgradient end of the subdivision (WA-1 through-4), and one upgradient (LC) to better define incoming and exiting water

quality. Figure 4 shows the location of these wells.

Two additional multiport wells were also installed on the downgradient end of the Jordan Acres subdivision. These wells (GRE and LIP) were installed to better quantify the impact the subdivision was having on groundwater quality. Figure 3 shows the location of these wells. These multiport wells were constructed in a similar fashion to the original multiport wells except that the screened intervals of the polypropylene tubes were wrapped with TYPAR rather than nylon. The wells also differ in that the center spine of 1.27 cm (0.5 in) was screened over its last one foot interval instead of a five foot section near the watertable. The wells were all approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) deep with 8 or 9 poly tube ports and the one foot screened port at 21.3 m, as shown in Figure 5.

The multiport wells were installed with the assistance of the Wisconsin Geological

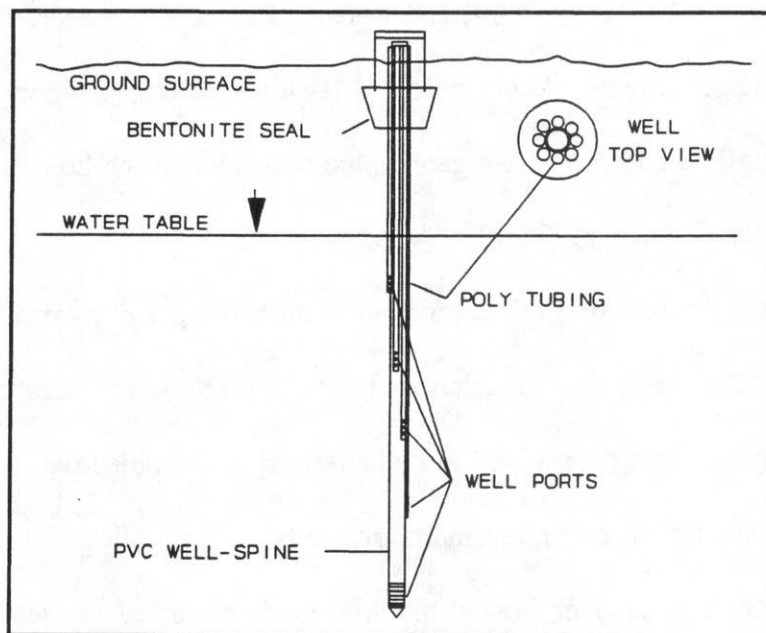


Figure 5. Design of 23 meter deep multiport monitoring wells.

and Natural History Survey crew and drill rig, a truck mounted rotary drill rig utilizing a 10.16 cm (4 in) I.D. hollow core auger. The wells were constructed at the site and were inserted into the hollow stem auger once the proper depth was obtained. The well was then used to tap out a plastic plug at the tip of the lead auger. The plug was necessary to keep cuttings from entering the hollow portion of the auger during the drilling process, and was left in the bore hole when the augers were removed. The annular space between the inside of the auger and the well was kept full of water during auger removal to prevent saturated aquifer material from surging up into the auger. Water was obtained from nearby private wells at the Jordan Acres well sites, and at the upgradient site in Village Green. A separate 5.08 cm (2 in) well was installed to supply water at the downgradient sites in Village Green. This well (WLR) was screened with a 91.44 cm (36 in) slotted (0.0254 cm) screen which was positioned approximately 1 m below the watertable. A Stevens model water level recorder was later installed at this location to continuously monitor watertable fluctuations. As the auger was removed from the bore hole, the aquifer material collapsed inward around the well up to the watertable. The bore hole was back-filled with sand removed during the drilling process from the watertable to within 1-2 m of the surface. The last 1-2 m of the bore hole was sealed with a powdered bentonite clay.

Once installed, the wells were protected by driving a 1 m long, 15.25 cm diameter galvanized steel culvert down around them. Typically 0.3 meters was left protruding above ground level and the culvert was secured with a locking cap.

In addition to the above mentioned multiport wells, two nested wells (REC and

REW) were installed at a septic study site (REE) in Jordan Acres during the summer of 1989. The wells were installed downgradient of a septic system which had been instrumented with up and downgradient wells the previous summer. Water samples from the initial wells had shown little difference between the septic up and septic downgradient water chemistry. This was the case for four of the five septic system monitoring well sites at Jordan Acres. This site was selected for additional monitoring because of its location on the upgradient end of the subdivision, homeowner cooperation, and ample space for the installation of more wells. These two wells (REC & REW) were installed in an east-west transect with the existing downgradient well, 4.9 m (16 ft.) away from and parallel to the downgradient edge of the drainfield, as shown in Figure 6. It was believed that these wells would show whether or not preferential percolation was occurring out of this system, or if strong vertical flow components were transporting contamination deeper into the aquifer and below the existing monitoring well.

These wells were of a different design than any of the wells installed in the subdivisions to this point. The wells consisted of three 1.91 cm ($3/4$ in) PVC pipes taped together with nylon reinforced tape. The threaded joint pipes were screened with 30.48 cm (1 ft) slotted, 0.025 cm (0.10 in) slot size, PVC points. The screens were positioned at 15.24 cm (6 in) intervals, with the lower portion of the uppermost screen being placed at the watertable, as shown in Figure 7. This well design proved very effective at accounting for seasonal watertable fluctuations and changing plume configurations.

During the summer of 1990, five more multilevel monitoring wells were installed

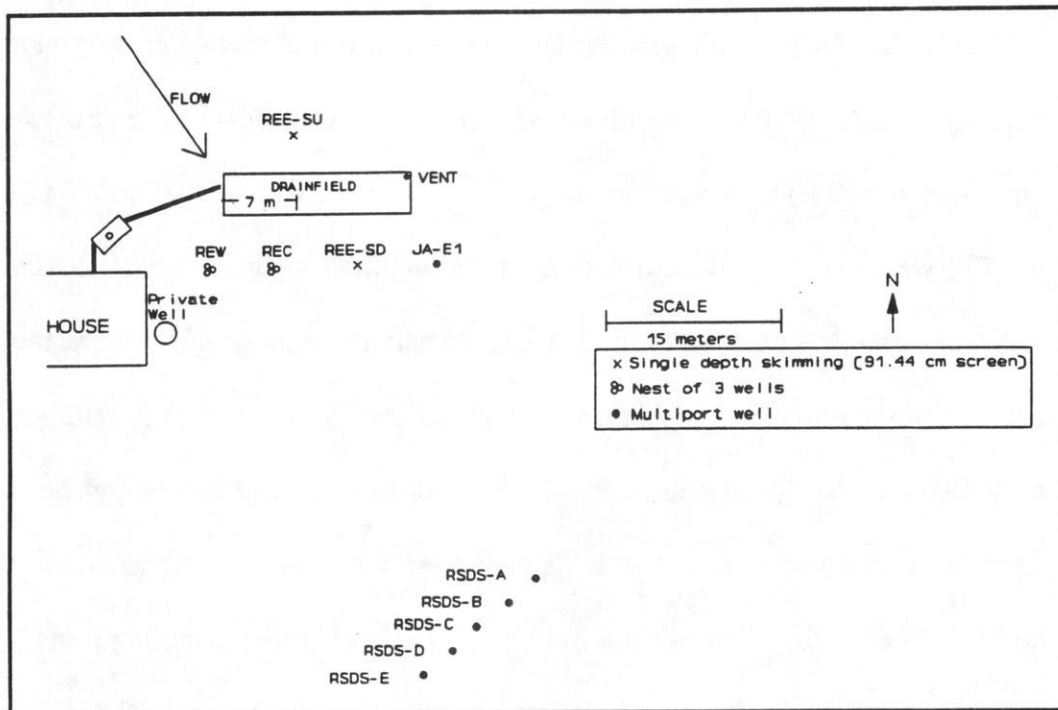


Figure 6. Location of wells at Jordan Acres septic study site REE.

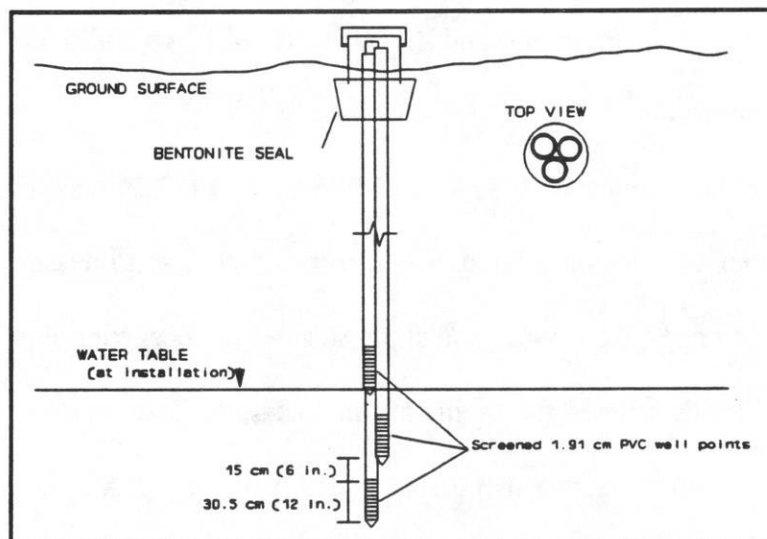


Figure 7. REC and REW well design, includes shallow, medium and deep ports, located 4.6 m downgradient of the site REE drainfield.

at site REC. These wells were installed in a transect perpendicular to groundwater flow, with well "B" being positioned 33.5 meters (110 ft) downgradient of well REC, with 3.05 m (10 ft) of separation between each of the five wells as shown in Figure 6. The wells were constructed similar to the multiport wells except a 1.91 cm ($3/4$ in) spine was used to allow water-level measurements to be made with a tape and popper. As with the multi-ports, the spine was screened over its last 0.3 m (1 ft) interval with a 30.48 cm (1 ft) slotted point with 0.025 cm openings. The polypropylene tubes were perforated and screened with TYPAR over a 25.4 cm (10 in) section at the bottom of each tube. Four of the wells (A,C,D,E) have five sampling ports, including the spine, at 30.48 cm (1 ft) intervals. This equates to 5.08 cm (2 in) separations between the screened intervals. The upper most screened interval was positioned at or just below the watertable, so the wells were capable of sampling the upper 1.5 m (5 ft) of the aquifer at 30.48 cm (1 ft) intervals over a 12.2 meter wide transect as shown in Figures 6 and 8. Well "B" had two additional sampling ports as shown in Figure 8.

During the summer of 1991 one additional well (KEP) was installed in the Village Green subdivision. The purpose of this well was to determine if saturated zone attenuation of phosphorus and fluorescence was occurring and to evaluate the nitrate-N:chloride ratio in the plume at this location. The well was constructed similar in style to the above mentioned RSDS wells except a 3.17 cm ($1\frac{1}{4}$ in) spine was used with a 91.44 cm (3 ft) slotted screen having 0.025 cm (0.10 in) openings. Three polypropylene tubes were perforated over 15.24 cm (6 in) intervals and wrapped with TYPAR fabric. These screens were positioned at intervals of 15.24

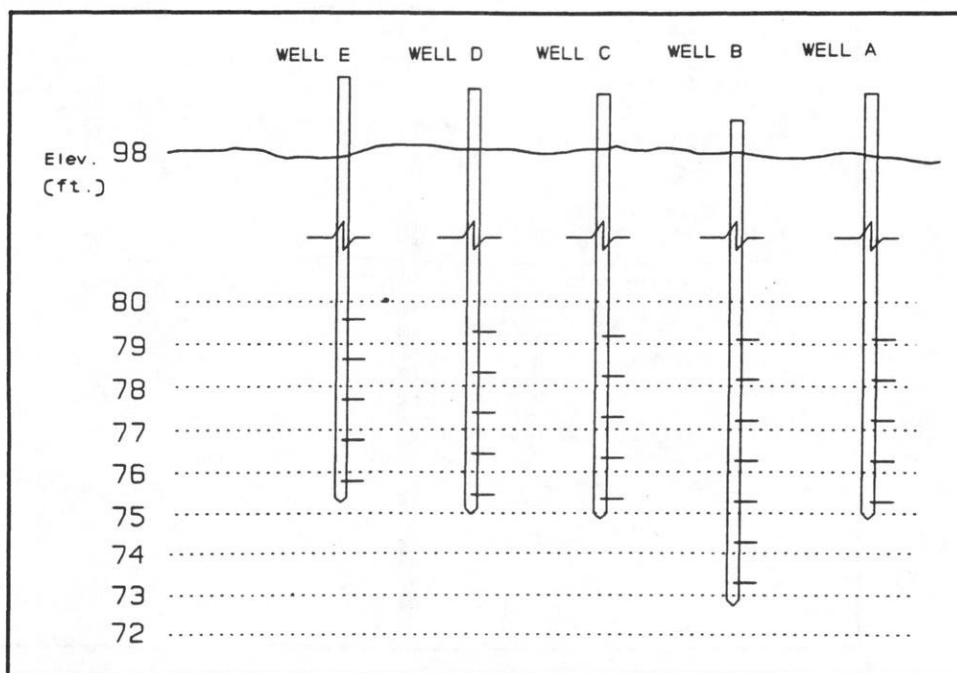


Figure 8. Cross sectional view of RSDS wells, view is from down to upgradient. Wells are located 38 meters downgradient of the drainfield at site REE. Hash marks represent the center of the 30.5 cm sampling interval.

cm as shown in Figure 9. The well was installed with a bucket auger 29 m (95 ft) downgradient of the septic drainfield vent as shown in Figure 6.

The multiport sampling wells described above required very little well development before sediment free samples were produced. Due to the small well volumes, these wells also tended to purge quite rapidly even at low pumping rates.

The PVC wells were typically developed with a large peristaltic pump or with a gasoline powered impeller-type pump. A hose attached to the pump was then surged up and down in the well in an attempt to remove or displace the finer textured formation deposits. The well was assumed to be developed when this process produced sediment-free water.

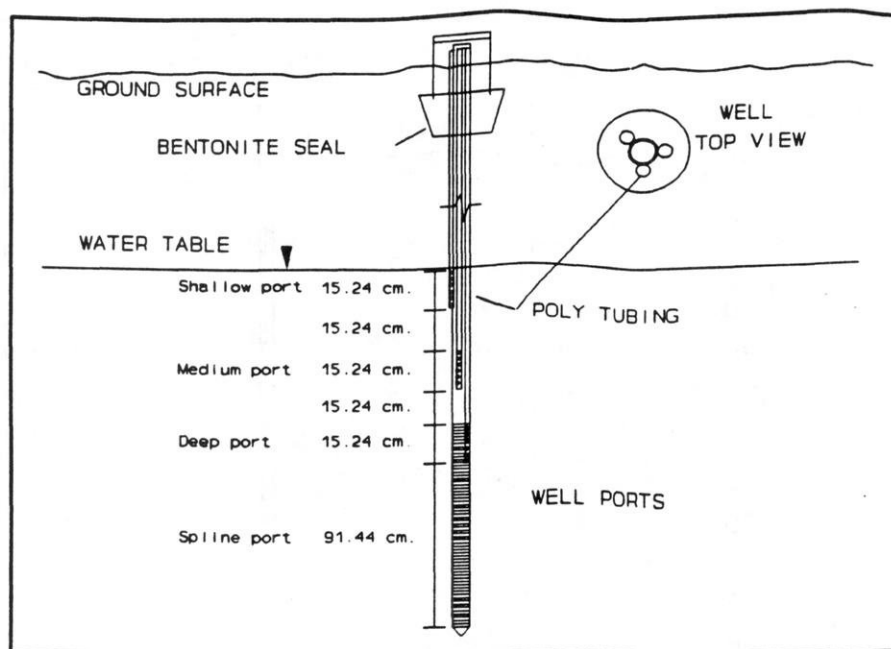


Figure 9. Design of KEP well, downgradient of site BAR in Village Green.

Groundwater Sample Acquisition

The peristaltic pump used to obtain groundwater samples was a Cole-Parmer, dual-headed, 12-volt DC electric pump. The pumping lines (the only wetted part) were silica tubing.

The multiport wells were sampled by attaching one of the pump's influent lines directly to the individual tubes, then withdrawing the water by vacuum. Because the pump had two separate pumping heads, two wells were frequently pumped at the same time. To sample the other types of wells, a length (or two) of 0.64-cm (1/4-in) O.D. polypropylene tubing was lowered into the well, and the sample was withdrawn with the pump. The wells were purged prior to sampling by removing at least three times the volume of the well, or until constant temperature and conductivity readings

were obtained.

Field pH and conductivity measurements were obtained by directing the pump effluent into the appropriate measurement container. The water was allowed to flow over the instrument's detector until a constant reading was obtained, at which time the value was recorded in a field notebook.

After the pH and conductivity measurements were obtained, the samples were filtered. Filtering was accomplished by using a Gelman in-line filtering cartridge and 0.45 micron filters. At least 200 ml of water was allowed to pass through the filter prior to obtaining the sample. The filtered sample was discharged directly into a 250 ml Nalgene sample bottle or other suitable sample container.

Samples for trace organic analysis were collected from monitoring wells by using a Teflon bailer after the well was purged with a peristaltic pump. The bailers were made of 1.5-m (5-foot) lengths of 2.54-cm (1-in) diameter Teflon or Schedule 40 PVC with a ball check-valve in the bottom. The bailer was lowered into the well using a length of nylon rope. Three times the well volume was purged prior to obtaining the sample. Samples from multilevel wells were collected using a peristaltic pump. All samples were kept on ice until delivery to the ETF lab.

Inorganic Chemical Analysis

Groundwater sample analyses were performed by the ETF lab at the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point (Wisconsin lab certification #750040280).

Nitrate-N, chloride, and reactive phosphorous were analyzed using a Technicon Autoanalyzer. Nitrate-N analysis used a sulfanilamide complex read at 520 nm (Method No. 158-71W/A). Chloride analysis used a ferricyanide ion read at 480 nm

(Section 407D, APHA, 1985). Reactive phosphorous analysis used a phosphomolybdenum complex read at 880 nm (Industrial Method No. 329-74 W/B).

Sodium analyses were performed using a Varian AA475 Atomic Absorption spectrophotometer read at 589.0 nm.

Analyses for alkalinity and total hardness were performed using techniques described in Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater (APHA et al., 1985).

Relative fluorescence was measured using a Baird-Atomic Fluoripoint. The excitation scan was set at 355 nm and the emission was set at 425 nm.

The pH and specific conductance were measured in the field using a Corning electrode meter (pH) and a YSI conductivity cell.

Organic Chemical Analysis

The groundwater samples collected from the potable, irrigation, and monitoring wells were analyzed in the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, ETF laboratory. The groundwater samples were analyzed for some or all of the analyte groups listed below.

Volatile organic compound (VOC) analysis was performed using EPA Methods 5030/601-602. This is a purge and trap extraction method, utilizing a photoionization detector (PID) with a 10.6 eV lamp and an Hall electrolytic conductivity detector (HECD) set in halogen mode. The detectors were set up to run in-series, with the HECD following the PID.

Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH) analysis was performed using the high pressure liquid chromatographic (HPLC) method in EPA Method 610. The HPLC

system consisted of an automated sample injection system, a temperature controlled reverse phase column, and an ultraviolet (UV) detector and florescence detector in series.

Semi-volatile organic analyses were performed on several of the groundwater samples. An electron capture detector (ECD) was used to screen groundwater samples for semi-volatile organic compounds. A thermoionic specific detector (TSD) was used to screen groundwater samples for semi-volatile organic compounds that contain nitrogen and phosphorous. The samples for both analyses were extracted following EPA Method 608, and analyzed by gas chromatography. The sample was injected into the gas chromatograph and split between two columns, each going to a separate detector. A temperature program was used to aid in compound resolution.

D. Survey of Homeowners Chemical Use and Attitudes (Condensed from Mechenich et. al., 1991)

Introduction

Questions about the effects of unsewered residential areas on groundwater quality are being raised by groundwater planners and regulators in Wisconsin and many other states. To make good decisions about potential impacts, more information is needed about the activities of those living in these areas, such as lawn fertilization and household chemical use and disposal practices.

A number of studies documenting groundwater pollution problems from unsewered subdivisions were reviewed by Bicki and Brown (1991). Most studies they reviewed reported that a minimum lot size of 0.2 to 0.4 Ha (0.5 to 1 acre) was needed to prevent nitrate-N contamination of groundwater. However, they also noted that in some areas even larger lots were inadequate to prevent contamination. These lot sizes were based on needed separation of onsite waste disposal systems.

Nitrate-N contamination of groundwater from fertilizer was not specifically addressed. However, several authors have reported significant leaching of nitrate-N from fertilized turf grass (Morton et al., 1988; Owen and Barraclough, 1983; Rieke and Ellis, 1974). The recommended minimum lot sizes also did not account for potential effects of pesticides used on lawns and gardens, or volatile organic or other toxic compounds found in household cleaning and maintenance products. Cleaning products used in homes often contain solvents, disinfectants, and other potentially hazardous compounds. Commonly used products such as laundry detergent, toilet bowl cleaner, and tub and tile cleaners may contain a variety of chemical compounds

classified by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency as priority pollutants (Hathaway, 1980).

Many factors influence the extent to which use of these products by residents of unsewered subdivisions represent a hazard to groundwater quality. These include the chemical composition of the product, the volume used, and the method of disposal in addition to soil and aquifer attenuation potential. Volatile organic compounds disposed of in onsite sewage disposal systems have been reported to have reached groundwater by several researchers (Tomson et al., 1984; Kolega et al., 1986).

This report, part of a larger research project on the effects of unsewered subdivisions on groundwater quality, details chemical use practices and attitudes about groundwater contamination and management in two subdivisions in Central Wisconsin; Jordan Acres and Village Green Estates.

The two subdivisions are located in Portage County, in the northern portion of the Central Wisconsin sand plain (Figure 1). Jordan Acres is located about 5.2 km northeast of the city of Stevens Point, and Village Green is about 2.6 km southeast. The average age of the homes in the two subdivisions is 15 to 16 years, with the first homes being built in the 1960s. Jordan Acres had 64 developed lots, with an average lot size of 0.2 Ha (0.6 acres). The average value of homes in Jordan Acres in 1990 was \$58,000, with a range of \$38,000 to \$86,000. Village Green had 136 developed lots with an average size of 0.16 Ha (0.4 acres). The average value of homes was \$62,000, with a range of \$47,000 to \$123,000.

The geologic setting and groundwater pollution potential for both subdivisions is similar. A sand and gravel aquifer underlies both subdivisions to a depth of

approximately 26.2 m (80 ft), with a water table depth of 6.6 to 8.2 m (20 to 25 ft). However, contaminant sources upgradient of the two subdivisions are somewhat different. A small amount of agricultural activity occurs upgradient of Jordan Acres, whereas much of the land upgradient of Village Green is intensively irrigated agricultural land, used primarily for potato production.

Within the two subdivisions, groundwater contamination problems have already occurred. The average nitrate-N concentration in private wells tested in Jordan Acres from 1976 to 1988 was 6.8 mg/l; in Village Green, 11.3 mg/l. Village Green had 16 samples exceeding 20 mg/l during that time period (Environmental Task Force, 1989).

Objectives

The objectives of the homeowner survey were to:

- 1) characterize the amounts and variety of products used for household cleaning and maintenance, and lawn and garden care, in two unsewered subdivisions;
- 2) evaluate the hazard to groundwater from use of these products, including their intrinsic hazards and the hazards caused by use or disposal practices, and to provide data to researchers siting monitoring wells;
- 3) collect nitrogen loading data for use by other researchers in a mass balance model;
- 4) understand how residents view the causes and severity of groundwater contamination in their county and neighborhood, and how they might respond to various solutions;
- 5) examine the relationships between residents' beliefs about groundwater contamination and chemical use practices; and
- 6) evaluate areas of greatest need for educational efforts.

Survey Results and Discussion

Chemical use data obtained from the surveys are grouped by uses; household cleaning products, maintenance products, and lawn and garden chemical use.

Following discussion of each group, relationships between the groups are examined.

Attitudes and opinions about groundwater protection are then discussed.

Household Cleaning Products Use

Commonly used products such as laundry detergent, toilet bowl cleaner, and tub and tile cleaners may contain a variety of chemical compounds classified by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency as priority pollutants. One objective of this survey was to characterize the types, amounts, and variety of products used for household cleaning and maintenance in the subdivisions. Participants were asked to specify, by brand name, the products used in their household for bathroom and kitchen cleaning, laundry care, and septic system maintenance. They were also asked to specify the frequency of use. These products have a high probability of ending up in the septic tank through normal use.

Only one statistically significant difference ($p < 0.05$) was found in use rates between the two subdivisions. Bathroom rust and lime remover was used significantly more often in the Village Green subdivision than in Jordan Acres. This may be related to the differences in total hardness of water between the two subdivisions. Samples from Village Green averaged 165 mg/l total hardness, reported as CaCO_3 , with some values as high as 250 mg/l. In Jordan Acres, total hardness averaged 108 mg/l as CaCO_3 , with a maximum of 140 mg/l. Iron concentrations are

<u>Product</u>	<u>Avg number of uses/month in one home</u>	<u>Range</u>	<u>Number of users</u>	<u>Percent using</u>	<u>Number of uses/month</u>
Drainfield root killer	0.08	0.08	1	<1	0
Laundry rust remover	0.21	0.08-0.33	2	1	0
Drain cleaner	0.54	0.03-4.0	45	34	24
Carpet cleaner	0.68	0.08-4.0	18	13	12
Septic system additives	0.98	0.08-4.0	18	13	17
Bathroom rust/lime remover	1.35	0.08-4.0	19	14	24
Bathroom floor cleaner	2.50	0.08-8.0	97	72	237
Chlorine bleach	3.28	0.17-30	72	54	265
Kitchen floor cleaner	3.51	0.25-60	92	69	316
Garbage disposal cleaner	3.57	1.0-10.0	7	5	25
Grease cutting spray	3.60	0.17-15	53	40	184
Toilet bowl cleaner	4.19	0.25-30	110	82	453
Bathroom spray cleaner	4.20	0.17-15	101	75	417
Powdered laundry sanitizer	4.61	0.17-12	6	4	28
Kitchen cleanser	4.65	0.37-30	92	69	419
Bathroom cleanser	4.99	0.5-30	96	72	469
Powdered bleach	6.83	0.33-40	35	26	232
Spot remover	7.13	0.5-20	41	30	277
Laundry detergent	15.66	2-60	114	85	1754

Table 3. Number of users and average use rates for household cleaning products in two Portage County subdivisions.

not a significant problem in either subdivision. Despite the difference in water hardness, use of other cleaning products was not significantly different, so cleaning product use data for the two subdivisions was reported together.

Some products were used frequently by those who reported using them. Laundry detergent was used an average of 15.7 times per month, followed by bathroom cleanser, used an average of 5.0 times per month (Table 3). Other products, although used slightly less frequently, were also used by a large number of participants. For example, toilet bowl cleaner was used by 110 participants (82%), and bathroom cleanser was used by 96 participants (72%). Laundry detergents, toilet bowl cleaners, and bathroom cleansers are the top three products used by homeowners.

Large use ranges were observed for many products. For example, people reported using chlorine bleach anywhere from twice a year to every day. Such wide variations make generalizations about use rates difficult.

Another way of evaluating household product use is to categorize users by quartiles as high, medium-high, medium-low, or low users. High users were those using household cleaning products 54 times per month or more; medium-high, 35-54; medium-low, 26-35; and low, less than 26 uses per month. Subtracting use of laundry detergent from the totals, high users were those using household cleaning products 34 times per month or more; medium-high, 22-34; medium-low, 14-22; and low, less than 14 uses per month.

To provide a clearer picture of household chemical use, the total number of uses per month was calculated for each product. This illustrates that some products (root killers, rust removers) are used infrequently by only a few people. Others, such as laundry detergent and bathroom cleanser, are used often by the majority of participants. However, some of the products used infrequently, such as septic system additives and wood cleaners, may be intrinsically the most hazardous.

The numbers of bathroom and kitchen cleaning products used ranged from two to nine, with most users listing four to six products as the typical number used. Cleaning frequencies for these rooms average once per week, but some reported cleaning daily.

These data were used to help design a monitoring strategy for priority pollutants in groundwater under the subdivision, both for individual homes and in the aggregate. In addition, an educational strategy presenting subdivision residents with

information about the most hazardous products and safe, effective alternatives, with emphasis given to those most frequently used by large numbers of people, may reduce the risk of groundwater contamination.

Household Maintenance Products

Information on use of wood oils and cleaning products, paint thinner and strippers, car maintenance products, and "others" were also gathered. These products do not commonly enter septic systems through use, but may be improperly disposed of there. They may also be disposed of on the ground, and could contribute to groundwater contamination in that way.

Both frequency of use and number of users are lower for this category of products (Table 4). However, the method of waste disposal may be a significant concern. Paint thinner, paint stripper, and oil were all reported to have been disposed

Product	Average number of uses/month	Max	Number of users	Percent Using
Paint thinner	.87	4	25	18
Paint or varnish	.66	1	7	5
Paint	.56	2	43	31
Motor oil	.66	2	49	35
Antifreeze	.32	1	15	11
Metal cleaners	.77	1	4	3
Wood oils	2.10	4	13	9
Wood cleaners	.78	4	12	9

Table 4. Use of selected maintenance products in two Portage County subdivisions.

of in the septic system or the yard (Figure 10). However, it appears that most oil waste and at least half of paint thinner and stripper is disposed of through means not directly linked to the subdivision groundwater system.

Educational efforts in this category should focus on proper disposal practices for hazardous products.

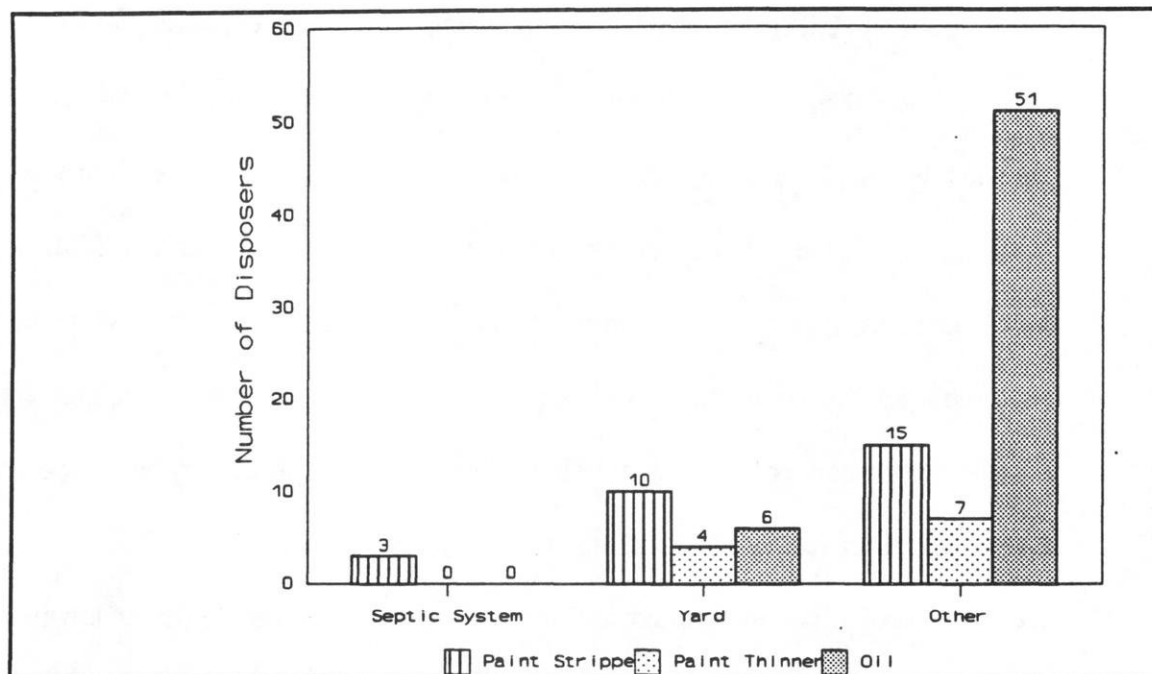


Figure 10. Number of participants reporting various disposal practices for paint thinner, paint stripper and motor oil in two Portage County subdivisions.

Lawn and Garden Chemical Use

Lawn fertilization and pesticide use on lawns and gardens are also potential threats to groundwater quality in subdivisions. Another objective of this survey was to characterize the frequency and volume of lawn and garden chemical use in these subdivisions. Questions were asked about homeowner applied and commercial applicator applied fertilizer and pesticides. In this section, comparisons are often

made between overall use rates, which include all survey participants, and the use rates of "users", or those who actually reported using the product being discussed.

Nine participants (6%) reported never fertilizing their lawns and never having them fertilized by a lawn service. Most people reported fertilizing their own lawns once or twice a year. The mean fertilization rate for the subdivisions overall was 1.6 times per year, (1.8 times for users) with a range of once every five years to four times per year (Figure 11). Seventy-four percent stated that they use the amount specified on the bag when fertilizing; 18 percent reported using more. Only two participants reported not reading the bag at all when applying fertilizer. This data is used later in the report for input to the mass balance model. Seventy-two percent of users reported using a fertilizer with a nitrogen content of 26 percent or greater. Thirty-five percent reported using a slow-release nitrogen fertilizer, but 50 percent did not know if their fertilizer was of this type. Forty-nine percent reported using a mixture of broad leaf weed killer and fertilizer (weed and feed) on their lawns. The average use rate was 0.8 times per year overall, with an average use rate of 1.2 times per year reported by users. Thirty-one participants (22%) reported never using this product, while the 68 users reported frequencies of use from once every five years to three times a year. Crabgrass killer was applied an average of once per year by 31 users (22%), with a range of once every five years to twice annually. The overall average use rate (including nonusers) was 0.3 times per year.

Application frequencies for fertilizer reported by fertilizer users were not significantly different ($p < 0.05$) between the two subdivisions (1.6 per year for Jordan Acres and 1.8 per year for Village Green). However, the overall use rate

(including nonusers) for the two subdivisions was significantly different (1.3 per year for Jordan Acres, 1.7 per year for Village Green) ($p < 0.05$). This difference occurs because of the nine non-users of fertilizer, six live in Jordan Acres, accounting for twelve percent of Jordan Acres participants. In Village Green, only three percent of participants do not fertilize. The same relationship (non-significant differences for users but a significant difference overall) was observed for broad leaf weed killer (weed and feed). No significant difference was found for crabgrass control products.

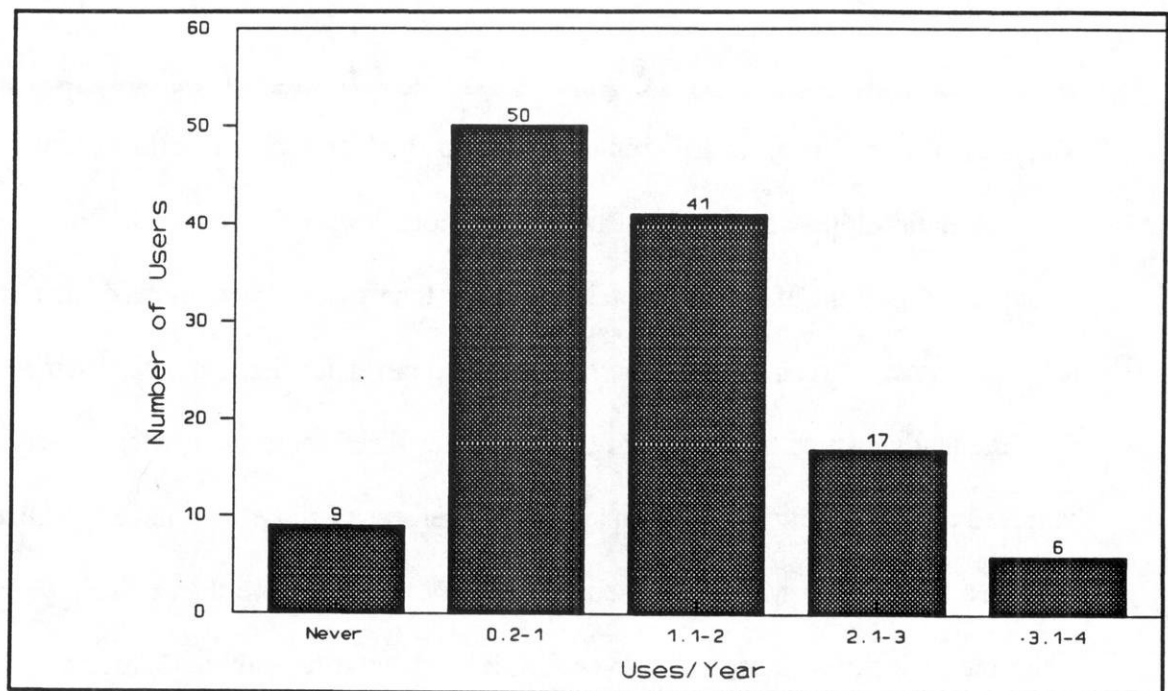


Figure 11. Frequency of lawn fertilizer use in two Portage County subdivisions.

Other common lawn care practices included mowing the lawn once per week (69%), with 14 percent mowing more frequently. Sixty-six percent removed lawn clippings after mowing. Forty percent watered their lawns an average of once a week during the growing season, while 13 percent reported never watering (Table 5).

	Waters once per week or more	Mows once per week or more (%)	Removes lawn clippings (%)
Jordan Acres	59	68	48
Village Green	79	91	76
Combined	71	83	66
	Fertilizer applications/yr (%)	Uses Weed and Feed (%)	Uses Insecticides (%)
Jordan Acres	1.6	44	54
Village Green	1.8	52	47
Combined	1.8	49	50

Table 5. Lawn care practices reported in two Portage County subdivisions.

Relationships were apparent between various lawn care practices. For example, 24 percent of those who fertilize more than twice a year mowed their lawns more than once a week, while none of those who never fertilized mowed their lawns that frequently. Over 80 percent of those who fertilized more than twice a year removed their lawn clippings, compared to 44 percent of those who never fertilize. All three participants who water their lawns daily fertilize more than twice a year, while the majority of those who never fertilize, never water either. Statistically significant relationships ($p < 0.05$) were found between lawn fertilization frequency and mowing frequency, removing clippings, and watering frequency.

Cluster analysis indicates that lawn care practices can be divided into two groups. The first group, which used less fertilizer, was also likely to mow less frequently, was less likely to remove clippings, and watered their lawns less often than those in the second group.

Only ten participants reported using a commercial lawn care service. Of those, three reported that the service never applied any lawn chemicals, including fertilizer. These may have been strictly lawn mowing services. Of the remaining seven, two reported monthly fertilizer application, and two reported semi-annual application, with the other four giving no response. A total of seven reported use of herbicides, with applications of three twice a year and four once a year. Three reported application of insecticides; two twice a year and one once a year. Only one participant reported the use of fungicides.

Study participants reported to use insecticides less frequently than other lawn and garden chemicals. The most commonly used insecticides were diazinon (used by 51 participants), malathion (used by 16), and carbaryl (Sevin) (used by 17). Most reported using small amounts (less than one cup of undiluted product per year) but some used more than 10 cups per year (Figure 12).

Of the insecticides chosen by subdivision residents, diazinon is reported to have a medium potential for leaching to groundwater, and carbaryl and malathion have a low potential (Becker et al, 1990). From 1983 to 1987, the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources pesticide monitoring report shows that five of 230 sampled wells contained detectable levels of carbaryl; none of four sampled wells contained malathion; and none of 27 wells contained diazinon (WDNR, 1987). Pesticide mixing and disposal practices in the subdivisions were not specifically surveyed, but there may be some potential for groundwater contamination from these practices as well as from routine use.

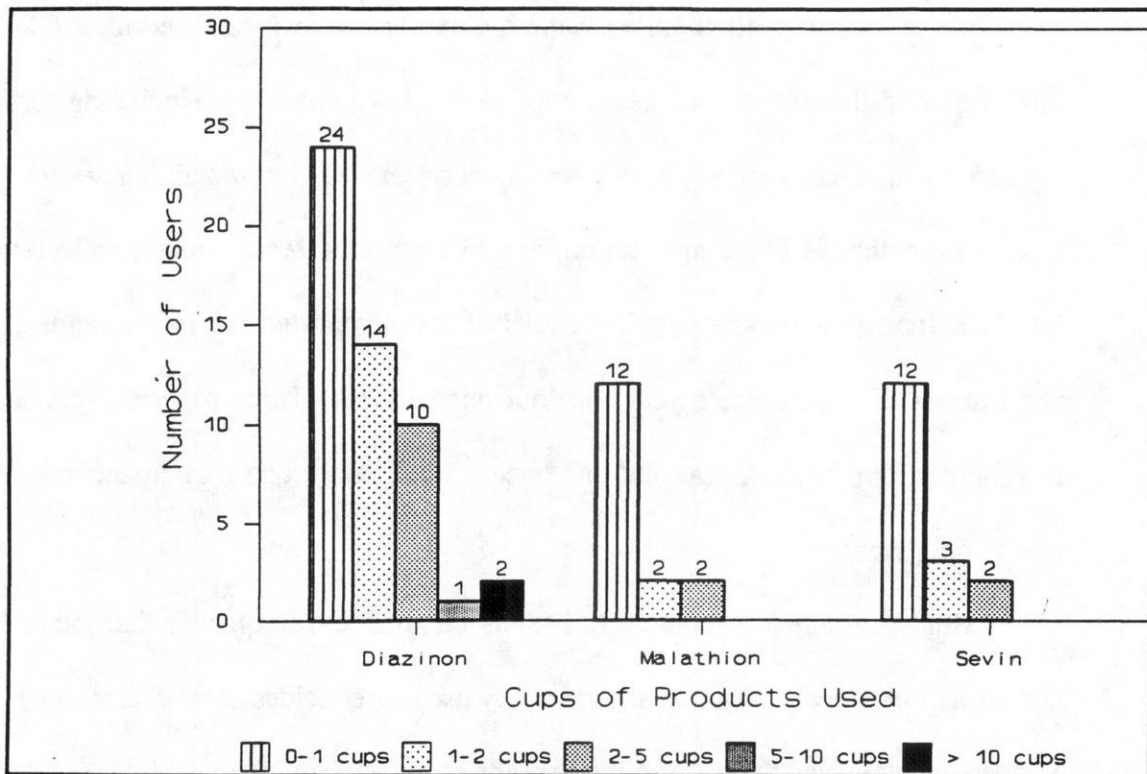


Figure 12. Type and amounts of insecticides used in two Portage County subdivisions.

To minimize fertilizer loss, educational efforts on lawn and garden practices could be focused on the benefits of modifying lawn care practices, such as leaving grass clippings on lawns and limiting irrigation. Participants might also benefit from comparison of their fertilizer application rates with the rates used by farmers to grow typical crops. Many people perceive their fertilizer application on lawns to be insignificant compared to agricultural applications, but this is not always the case. More information on the relative importance of fertilization practices compared to other sources of groundwater contamination in the subdivisions can be found in Section I. Participants may also need instruction on proper pesticide mixing, storing, and disposal practices.

Knowledge about Water Supplies and Septic Systems

Participants were asked for some basic information about their well and sewage disposal system. Wells in the two subdivisions are generally similar in construction: shallow driven-point wells with an average depth of 8.7 meters. Minimum well depths reported were 4 meters in Jordan Acres and 4.3 meters in Village Green. The deepest wells in the subdivisions were in the 13 meter range, although one person reported an estimated depth of 25 meters. The average depth to water is 5.3 meters. Only 25 participants (18%) were certain of the well depth information they reported. This probably reflects the fact that in Wisconsin, no record-keeping on driven-point wells was required at the time of the survey. Seventeen participants (12%) reported that their wells had been replaced or upgraded since original construction, 6 in Jordan Acres and 11 in Village Green.

Twenty-seven participants (19%) reported that their sewage disposal system had been replaced since original construction, 14 in Jordan Acres (28%) and 13 in Village Green (15%). Participants reported pumping their septic tanks an average of every 1.9 years. Some reported pumping as frequently as once every six months, while one participant reported an interval of 9 years. Overall, sewage disposal systems are reportedly well maintained; 119 (86%) were pumped at least once every two years, and only five (4%) were pumped at an interval exceeding once every three years.

Educational efforts about wells and septic systems should be focused on the importance of gathering and maintaining information about well depth, since depth and construction of wells is often related to the quality of the water they produce.

Well owners should also be reminded about the importance of regular water testing, although this practice was not specifically surveyed. It appears, however, that survey participants have a good knowledge of proper septic system maintenance. In addition, household chemical use data and participant comments show that most have some concerns about the types of materials they dispose of as well.

Attitudes and Opinions about Groundwater Issues

Participants were asked to respond verbally to questions measuring their attitudes about the severity and causes of groundwater contamination in their subdivisions and in Portage County. Overall, 63 percent of participants stated that groundwater contamination was "a serious problem" in Portage County, while 13 percent ranked it as "a very serious problem." Only 1 percent felt that groundwater contamination was "no problem at all".

When responding to an open-ended question about the causes of this problem, the words most frequently used by participants were pesticides (17%), ag fertilizer (16%), farmers (14%), potato farmers (14%), and septic systems (6%). The greatest concerns about groundwater quality were related to nitrate-N and pesticide contamination. At the time the survey was conducted, groundwater contamination with the potato insecticide aldicarb was a major issue in the county. Participants apparently followed and understood the issues in this contamination incident, and believed the information being presented. Overall, 67 percent of those who felt groundwater contamination was "serious" or "very serious" attributed the problem to agriculture. Five percent attributed it to homeowners; 24 percent said both were equally responsible (Figure 13).

Participants' assessment of the severity of water quality problems in their own subdivisions varied. In the Village Green subdivision, discussion of contamination problems had occurred in the local media, and annexation of the subdivision to the city had been discussed. In Jordan Acres, water quality problems were fewer, and there had been little public discussion about them. Accordingly, 54 percent of Village Green participants ranked groundwater contamination as a "serious" or "very serious" problem in their subdivision. On the other hand, 77 percent of Jordan Acres participants rated it a "minor problem" or "no problem at all". In comparison, our water quality survey showed that 14 percent of wells in Jordan Acres and 43 percent in Village Green exceeded the U.S. EPA maximum contaminant level for nitrate-N in that same time period, but participants did not have that information when completing

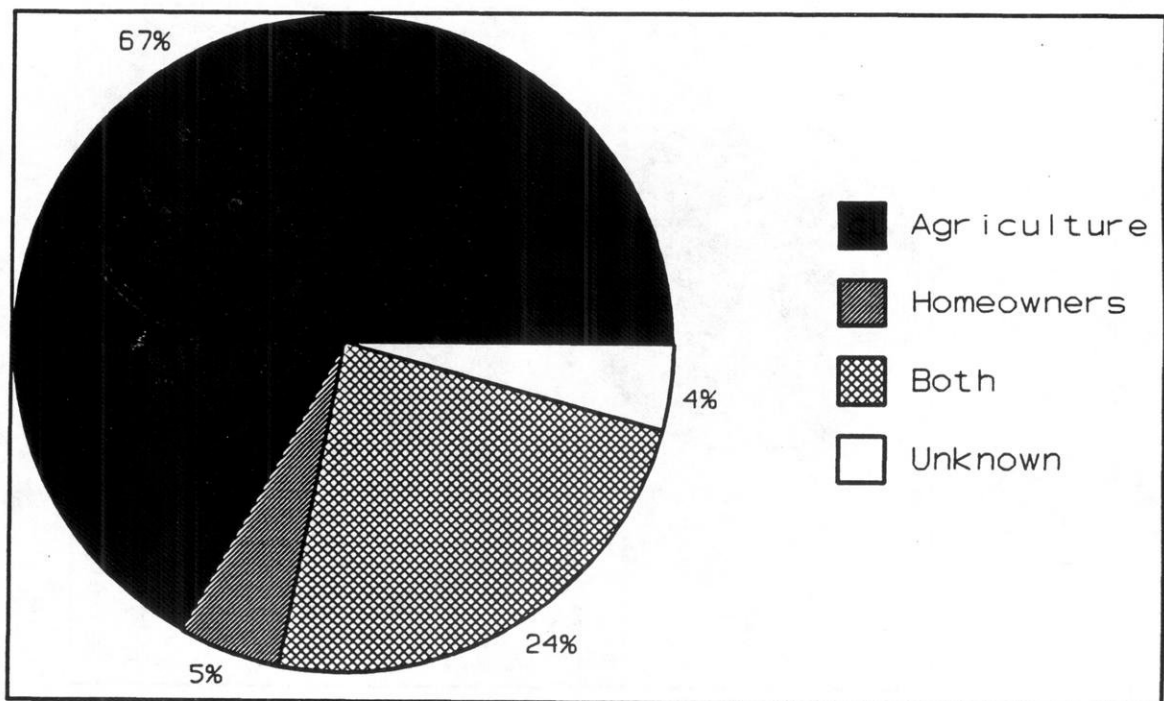


Figure 13. Participant responses about the major source of groundwater contamination problems in Portage County.

the questionnaire.

In Jordan Acres, 73 percent of those ranking it a "serious" or "very serious" problem stated that residential land use was the primary cause, using words such as homeowners (21%), lawn fertilizer (21%), septic systems (14%) and density (14%). Twenty-seven percent attributed the problem to agriculture (Figure 14). On the other hand, in Village Green subdivision, residents perceived that agricultural as well as residential activities were contributing to the problem. Thirty-nine percent of participants in Village Green attributed the problem mainly to agriculture, using words such as Blue Top (a local feedlot) (11%), potato farmers (7%), and ag fertilizer (7%). Forty-three percent named residential activities, using words such as septic systems (14%), lawn fertilizer (13%), and homeowners (10%) (Figure 14).

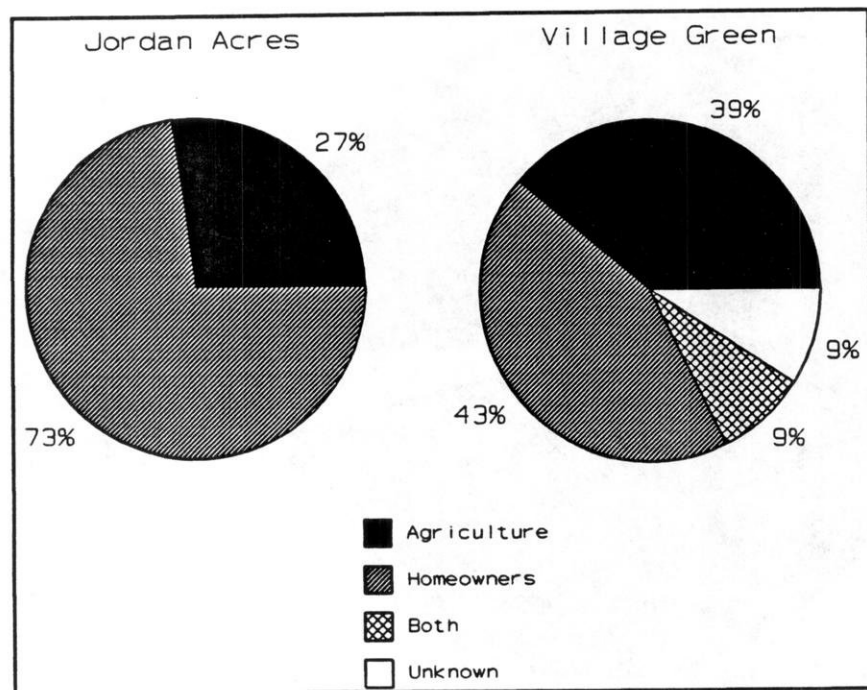


Figure 14. Reasons given by participants that groundwater contamination is a "serious" or "very serious" problem in two Portage County subdivisions.

Participants were asked to choose from a list of problems they believed had been experienced as a result of groundwater contamination in Portage County (Table 6). All the problems on the list were believed by the researchers to have actually occurred in the county. Problems ranked as the top three overall included loss of clean drinking water (102 responses), loss of property values (99 responses), and conflict between agricultural and residential land uses (97 responses). Fewer people believed the quality of life had been lowered (33), that farm animals had been affected (22), or that the area was less attractive to businesses (20).

Problems	All	Jordan Acres	Rank	Village Green	Rank
Loss of clean drinking water	102	44	1	58	3
Loss of property values	99	36	2	63	1
Conflict between ag/residential	97	36	2	61	2
Buying/hauling water	74	26	3	48	4
Human stress or illness	52	26	3	26	6
Decreased fish in streams	51	24	4	27	5
Lower quality of life	33	15	5	18	7
Farm animal illness/lower productivity	22	12	6	10	8
Area less attractive to businesses	20	10	7	10	8

Table 6. Problems resulting from groundwater contamination in Portage County.

The order of responses varied between the two subdivisions, again perhaps reflecting their differing experiences with water quality problems. In Jordan Acres, where few problems had been experienced to date, "loss of clean drinking water" was identified by the greatest number of participants. On the other hand, in Village Green, "loss of property values" was chosen by the greatest number of participants. At least one participant directly stated to researchers that reports of poor water quality

had prevented the sale of his home. The second highest selection was "conflict between agricultural and residential land uses", again perhaps reflecting participants' perceived problems with a nearby feedlot.

A set of twelve statements was then presented to participants with a range of answers from "strongly agree" to "strongly disagree" (Table 7). Responses to several of the statements were similar in both subdivisions. About three-quarters of participants (79 percent Jordan Acres, 71 percent Village Green) disagreed that too much emphasis is being placed on the problem of chemicals in drinking water in Wisconsin. Most participants agreed (88 percent Jordan Acres, 87 percent Village Green) that educating people on how their actions cause groundwater pollution is the most effective solution to groundwater problems. The majority of participants (85 percent Jordan Acres, 75 percent Village Green) also agreed that individual actions taken by a homeowner can make a significant difference in water quality in a subdivision, and that homeowners can pollute their own water supplies (94 percent Jordan Acres, 88 percent Village Green).

Despite the fact that 23 percent of participants in Jordan Acres felt that groundwater contamination was "a serious problem" in their subdivision, only 6 percent did not feel confident that their water was safe to drink, and 13 percent were uncertain. In Village Green, 76 percent felt confident that their water was safe to drink, although 54 percent ranked groundwater contamination as a "serious" or "very serious" problem in their subdivision.

Participants were more neutral to the idea that laws are the only way to control groundwater contamination. In Jordan Acres, 52 percent agreed with that statement,

Question	Strongly Agree (%)	Agree (%)	Uncertain (%)	Disagree (%)	Strongly Disagree (%)
Too much emphasis is being placed on the problem of chemicals in drinking water in Wisconsin.	2 (2)	18 (14)	14 (11)	74 (56)	24 (18)
I feel confident that my well water is safe to drink.	25 (19)	78 (60)	16 (12)	11 (8)	2 (2)
Educating people on how their actions cause groundwater pollution is the most effective solution to groundwater problems.	35 (27)	80 (61)	8 (6)	9 (7)	0 (0)
Laws regulating people and businesses are the only way to control groundwater contamination.	17 (13)	47 (36)	23 (18)	44 (33)	1 (1)
Individual actions taken by a homeowner can make a significant difference in groundwater in a subdivision.	28 (21)	76 (58)	17 (13)	11 (8)	0 (0)
Individual homeowners can cause the pollution of their own water supplies.	31 (24)	88 (67)	12 (9)	1 (1)	0 (0)
Property values are being affected by water quality problems in this subdivision.	22 (17)	41 (31)	24 (18)	41 (31)	4 (3)
One way to protect the groundwater in this subdivision is if all the residents work together in controlling contaminants.	22 (17)	94 (71)	10 (8)	7 (5)	0 (0)
What we do in this household has no impact on our groundwater quality.	3 (2)	22 (17)	6 (5)	69 (52)	31 (23)
Subdivisions with water quality problems should have municipal sewer and water service provided by local government.	16 (12)	55 (42)	32 (24)	24 (18)	4 (3)
Annexation to the city of Stevens Point is an acceptable option for obtaining municipal sewer and water service.	9 (7)	48 (36)	24 (18)	29 (22)	21 (16)
Having municipal sewer and water would increase the value of my home.	20 (15)	67 (51)	17 (13)	21 (16)	7 (5)

Table 7. Response to survey opinion statements.

while 31 percent disagreed. In Village Green, 47 percent agreed; 36 percent disagreed.

A number of statements dealing with the acceptability of receiving municipal sewer and water service and affects on property values were also presented. Reaction to these in some cases varied significantly by subdivision. For example, in Village Green, 64 percent agreed with the statement that "property values are being affected by water quality problems in this subdivision." In Jordan Acres, only 19 percent

agreed (a statistically significant difference, $p < .05$). In Jordan Acres, only 10 percent disagreed that "subdivisions with water quality problems should have municipal sewer and water service provided by local government", while in Village Green, 23 percent disagreed and 5 percent strongly disagreed (also a statistically significant difference). On the other hand, there was substantial agreement in both subdivisions (69 percent in Jordan Acres, 64 percent in Village Green) that "having municipal sewer and water would increase the value of my home." On the acceptability of annexation to the nearby city of Stevens Point, 27 percent of Jordan Acres residents were undecided, and a total of 25 percent were opposed, 13 percent strongly so. In Village Green, where annexation had been discussed as a real possibility, a total of 46 percent were opposed, 18 percent strongly so.

It is also informative to examine which opinion statements elicited the strongest agreement or disagreement from participants. In Jordan Acres, the statement most often strongly agreed with was "individual homeowners can cause the pollution of their own water supplies" (33%), followed by "one way to protect the groundwater in this subdivision is if all the residents work together in controlling contaminants" (31%). Jordan Acres participants most often strongly disagreed with "What we do in this household has no impact on our groundwater quality" (28%), followed by "Too much emphasis is being placed on the problem of chemicals in drinking water in Wisconsin" (25%).

In Village Green, participants most often strongly agreed with "Educating people on how their actions cause groundwater pollution is the most effective solution to groundwater problems" and "Property values are being affected by water quality

problems in this subdivision" (each 25%). As in Jordan Acres, Village Green participants most often strongly disagreed with "What we do in this household has no impact on our groundwater quality" (21%), followed by "Annexation to the city of Stevens Point is an acceptable option for obtaining municipal sewer and water service" (18%). It appears that fewer Village Green residents were likely to feel strongly about the above issues, but that they did react strongly to some which personally affected them.

Educational efforts to increase awareness of groundwater problems in Portage County does not appear necessary at this point. However, some subdivision residents need to increase their awareness of their own potential affects on their water supply and need to assume some personal responsibility for it. There appears to be a strong feeling that working together can prevent groundwater contamination. Ways of encouraging that cooperation need to be explored.

Relationships of Attitudes to Age, Gender and Educational Level

Several attitude questions were significantly related to personal factors such as age, gender and education level ($p < .05$). The question "Laws regulating people and businesses are the only way to control groundwater contamination", which previously was shown to have a significant relationship to household cleaning product use, was also related to both gender and education level. Fifty-eight percent of males agreed with this statement, while only 35 percent of females agreed. Among participants with a high school education or less, 69 percent agreed, while of college educated participants, only 34 percent agreed with the statement.

In response to the statement "What we do in this household has no effect upon our groundwater quality", 31 percent of participants with a high school education or less agreed. Only 11 percent of those with some college education agreed.

Lastly, in response to the statement "Annexation to the city of Stevens Point is an acceptable option for obtaining municipal sewer and water service", a significant relationship to participants' age was found. People age 45 and over were more likely to agree with the statement (59%) than those younger than 45 (35%). Twenty-nine percent of participants younger than 45 were uncertain, as opposed to only one person in the 45 and older category.

Survey Conclusions

1. Household cleaning product use was similar between the two subdivisions. Some products, such as laundry detergent and bathroom cleanser, were used at least weekly by most participants. Some products which may be particularly hazardous to septic systems and groundwater, such as chlorine bleach, were also frequently used by participants.
2. Household maintenance products such as paint thinner and motor oil were used less frequently and by fewer participants. However, there is evidence that these materials are being improperly disposed of by some participants in ways that may adversely affect groundwater.
3. Lawn care practices were similar between the two subdivisions, with a mean fertilization rate of 1.6 times per year. Lawn fertilization frequency was related to mowing frequency, watering frequency, and tendency to remove lawn clippings.
4. Insecticides most commonly used included diazinon, malathion and carbaryl, with nearly 40 percent of participants reporting using diazinon.
5. Wells in the two subdivisions are generally shallow driven points with an average depth of 9 meters. Only 18 percent of participants were certain of the depth of their wells.

6. Participants in the two subdivisions generally reported following proper sewage disposal system maintenance, with an average pumping interval of 1.9 years.
7. A significant relationship was not found between lawn care and household cleaning product use practices.
8. Seventy-six percent of participants believed groundwater contamination was a serious or very serious problem in their county. Opinions about severity of groundwater contamination in the individual subdivisions varied by subdivision.
9. Participants were knowledgeable about groundwater contamination issues. However, some need a better understanding of how their own actions may affect groundwater quality.
10. Although some relationships were noted, in general there is not a good relationship between household chemical use practices and attitudes about groundwater contamination. A few relationships were found between attitudes and age, gender or education level.

E. Nitrogen Mass Balance Prediction using BURBS Model

One of the major objectives of the project was to determine the validity of using mass balance nitrogen models to predict subdivision impacts on groundwater quality. The BURBS model, developed at Cornell University by Hughes et. al. (1985) was selected for use in this phase of the project as it includes all the variables the authors felt were significant to predicting nitrogen impacts to groundwater. The variables used in the model are:

- 1) Fraction of land in turf.
- 2) Fraction of land which is impervious.
- 3) Average persons per dwelling
- 4) Housing density.
- 5) Precipitation rate.
- 6) Water recharged from turf.
- 7) Water recharged from natural land.
- 8) Evaporation from impervious surface.
- 9) Runoff from impervious surfaces that is recharged.
- 10) Home water use per person.
- 11) Nitrogen concentration in precipitation.
- 12) Nitrogen concentration in water used.
- 13) Turf fertilization rate.
- 14) Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf.
- 15) Fraction of wastewater nitrogen lost as gas.
- 16) Wastewater fraction removed by sewer.
- 17) Nitrogen per person in wastewater.
- 18) Nitrogen removal rate of natural land.

Each of these variables is discussed and model input values are defined.

The areas that were modelled are the sections (termed cuttings) of the subdivisions that are impacting selected downgradient multiport wells. The monitoring networks were not randomly spaced across the subdivisions; therefore, the data are more representative of a part of the subdivisions than of the entire

subdivision. Because a goal of the project was to compare BURBS predictions with field monitoring values, it was necessary to define the BURBS variables in terms of the conditions impacting the monitoring network. Thus, while the demographic-type variables were defined using averages for the entire subdivision, the areal-type variables were based on specific land use within the cutting areas.

Onsite waste disposal is the primary source of nitrogen loading to groundwater from a subdivision. Once the model variables were accurately defined, simulations were run to evaluate the effect of doubling and halving the housing density (hence septic system density). Relative amounts of land use areas (i.e., turf, natural, and impervious) were adjusted to accommodate the increased (decreased) amount of impervious area associated with more (fewer) houses in a given area. For these simulations, the area of houses and driveways were doubled (halved) and the area of turf and natural land use were reduced (increased) by an amount in proportion with their baseline areas. The amount of road area was kept constant.

A number of runs were made to calibrate the model in terms of the amount of nitrogen leached from lawn fertilizers. For these simulation runs, the amount of wastewater removed by sewer was set at 1.00, to eliminate wastewater impacts from the simulation results. The leaching values ranged from 0.05 to 0.40. The leaching value considered to be most representative of observed in-field conditions was the one that yielded a nitrate-N concentration most similar to the concentrations measured in water samples of wells impacted solely by lawns (approximately 4.3 mg/l nitrate-N).

Several runs were made to demonstrate the effect of precipitation amounts on groundwater nitrate-N concentrations. Wet years and dry years were simulated.

Once the model was defined for the sandy soils, several runs were made to demonstrate how soil type and reduced groundwater recharge affect nitrate-N concentrations in groundwater.

Variable Definition

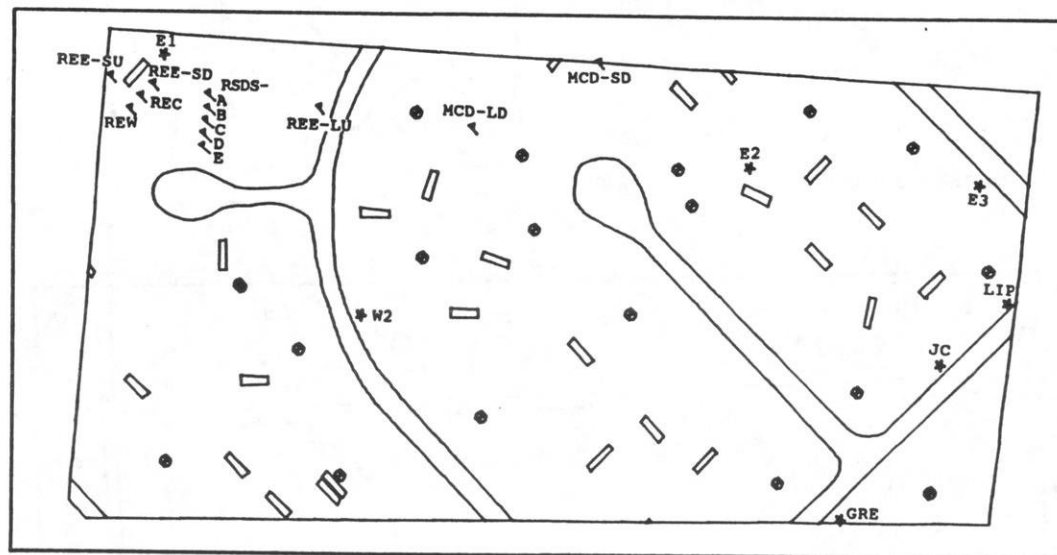
The fraction of land in turf, impervious, and natural ground covers in the cuttings were calculated by pc/ARCINFO from the subdivision maps. Maps of the cuttings are shown on Figures 15 and 16. In the simulations where the housing density was varied, the land use percentages were modified to account for the differing amount of impervious area occupied by residences. For these simulations, the fraction of impervious area was divided into roads and residences (including buildings, and driveways). The residential impervious area was modified by the changes in housing density (doubled or halved), but the road area was kept the same. The fraction of land in turf and natural were modified to account for the change in impervious area. The land use fractions used in the simulations are summarized in Table 8.

The average number of persons per dwelling was 2.97 for Jordan Acres and 3.53 for Village Green. These values were determined by surveying a portion of the subdivision occupants. Approximately 50 percent of the homes in Jordan Acres and 35 percent of the homes in Village Green were surveyed.

The housing density for each scenario was calculated using the total number of houses in each area of interest and dividing by the total area of the cutting. The value for Jordan Acres was 3.7 homes per hectare; Village Green was 2.9 homes per hectare. These values include roads, vacant lots, natural areas, and public lands.

Jordan Acres Subdivision

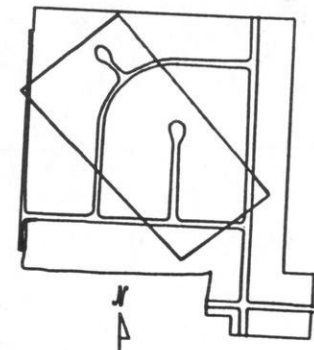
Sub-Study Well and Drainfield Locations



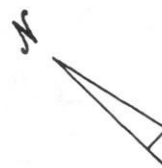
WELLS AND DRAINFIELDS

- ★ Multiport Wells
- ⌋ Lawn and Septic Wells
- ⊗ Private Wells
- ▲ Survey Wells
- ▭ Drainfields

Location of Sub-Study Area within Jordan Acres



Groundwater Flow



Cartographer: Nancy Turyk
June 1993

Figure 15. Map of Jordan Acres subdivision sub-study area showing well locations.

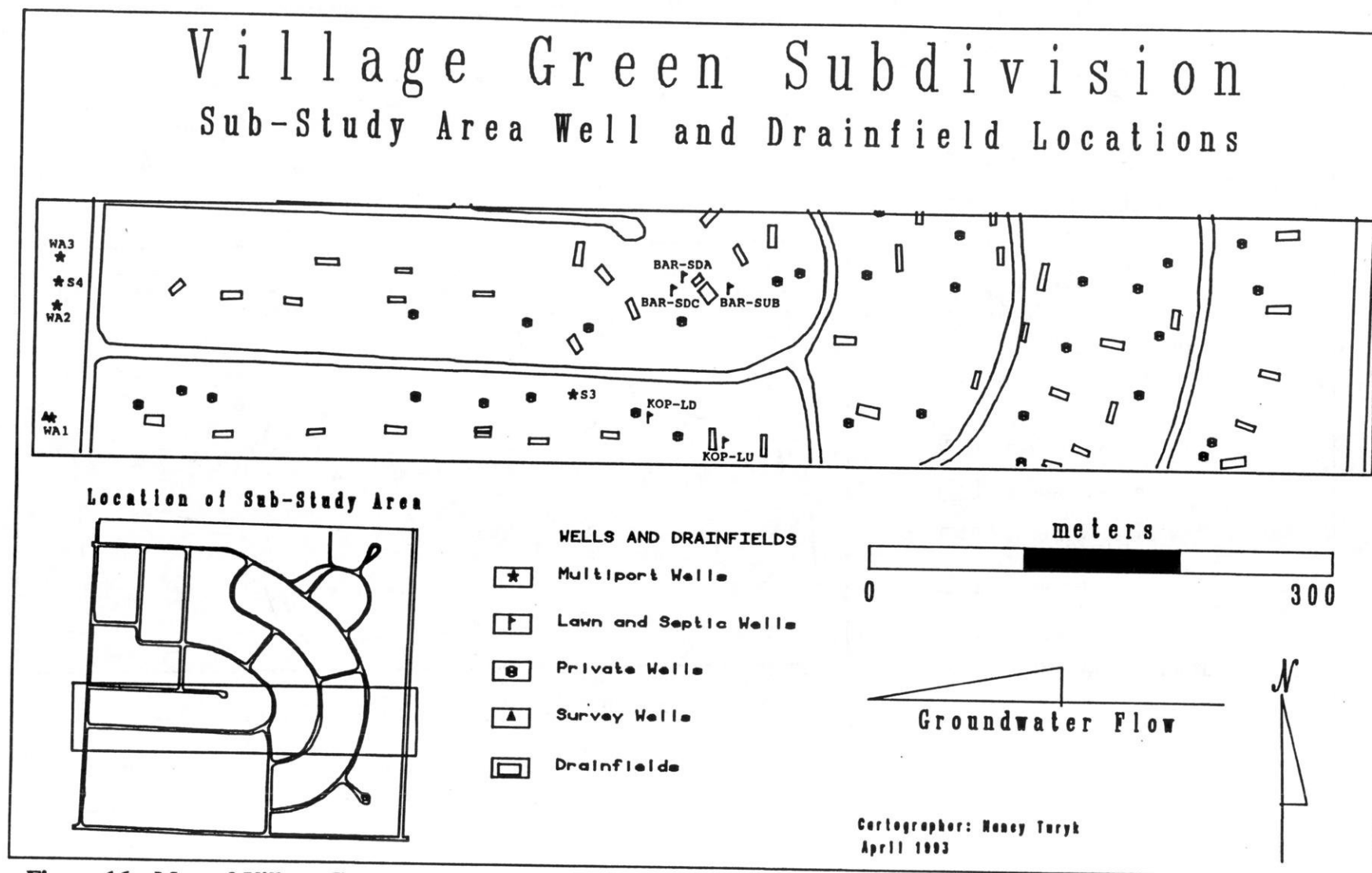


Figure 16. Map of Village Green subdivision sub-study area showing well locations.

	Jordan Acres Cutting			Village Green Cutting		
	Baseline (BL)	BL x 0.5	BL x 2	Baseline (BL)	BL x 0.5	BL x 2
Fraction of Land in Natural Conditions	0.12	0.13	0.10	0.35	0.39	0.28
Fraction of Land that is Impervious (Residential)	0.13	0.07	0.26	0.15	0.08	0.30
Fraction of Land that is Impervious (Roads)	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Fraction of Land in Turf	0.66	0.72	0.55	0.41	0.45	0.33

Table 8. Relative amount of turf, natural and impervious areas in the BURBS simulation for the Jordan Acres and Village Green cuttings.

The actual lot sizes are approximately 0.17 to 0.2 hectares.

The BURBS model considers the housing density to be equivalent to septic system drainfield density. It further assumes that the drainfields are evenly distributed throughout the subdivision. Observed in-field conditions indicate that some of the wells potentially get impacted by many drainfields, while others get impacted by few or none. To simulate this variability, the drainfield density was doubled in certain scenarios and halved in other scenarios.

Precipitation data are presented in Figure 17. The estimated groundwater travel time beneath Jordan Acres ranged from 1.6 to 2.9 years; the travel time beneath Village Green ranged from 4.8 to 9.0 years. The average precipitation from the years 1985 through 1990 (78 cm) was used for BURBS simulations modeling Jordan Acres; the average precipitation from 1981 to 1991 (83 cm) was used when modelling Village Green.

In order to demonstrate how fluctuations in precipitation can affect groundwater quality, the precipitation amount from relatively wet years and dry years was used in

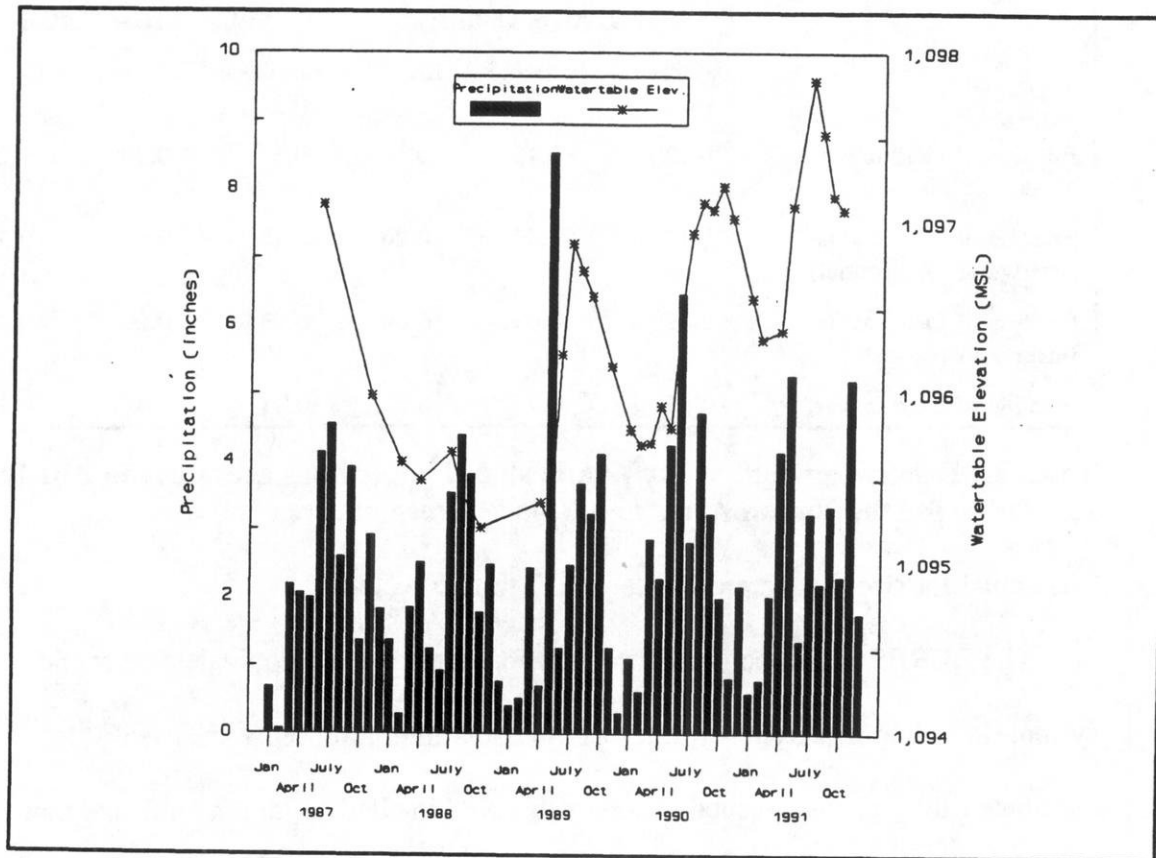


Figure 17. Water table elevation measured from the Jordan Acres northwest survey well, and precipitation measured at the Stevens Point, Wisconsin wastewater treatment plant from 1987 to 1991.

several simulations. The values that were chosen were the wettest and driest years over the time span used to determine average precipitation amounts (64 and 88 cm for Jordan Acres; 64 and 114 cm for Village Green).

Water recharged to the groundwater from turf and natural land was assumed to be equal to the total amount of precipitation minus 53 cm of evapotranspiration. Additional recharge was calculated by the model to account for runoff from impervious areas to lawns and natural areas. The evaporation from impervious surfaces was set at 10 percent, as recommended by the BURBS documentation.

The runoff from impervious surfaces going to recharge was not defined with a great deal of certainty, due to the complexity of influencing factors. For example, rain that lands on rooftops is diverted to eaves troughs, where it is discharged to the ground in specific locations. This additional water will saturate the soil quicker than the rain would itself, thus facilitating water movement into the ground. Water that runs off from roads to ditches will behave in a similar manner. Water from impervious surfaces will be subject to some evapotranspiration (ET); however, the localized area receiving the runoff water will quickly become saturated, thus facilitating water movement through the vadose zone and into the aquifer. ET is already included in the 53 cm/year value, the additional runoff mostly goes to recharge. Because the soils have a very low water-holding capacity (which can quickly be met by the precipitation event) the additional runoff from impervious surfaces is available to recharge the groundwater. No surface runoff to storm sewers, waterways, or streams occurs in either subdivision. For modelling purposes, it was assumed that 90 percent of the water not evaporating from impervious areas goes to groundwater recharge. Because this recharge water will have low nitrate-N levels, it will tend to lower average nitrate-N concentrations (by dilution) but not significantly effect nitrogen loading. This additional recharge in areas with sandy soil helps keep nitrate-N levels in the recharge water low, compared to areas of heavier soil, where water will runoff and not aid in diluting the effects of septic systems.

The volume of water used per person in the subdivisions was estimated after considering several sources. The US Environmental Protection Agency estimates that the per capita rate of water use is 170 liters per person per day (USEPA, 1980). We

conducted a survey to determine home water use in the city of Stevens Point, which indicates water consumption of 270 liters/person/day. This estimate may be high because of the uncertainty of the actual number of persons per household (assumed to be 3). Also, it has been suggested that homeowners with septic systems are more conscious of their water use than those on city water and thus tend to be more conservative in terms of water use. A water meter was installed on the well at a residence in the Jordan Acres subdivision. The two adult occupants each used approximately 190 liters of water per day over a twelve month period. Data obtained from an investigation monitoring 15 septic systems in nearby rural homes indicate that home water use is closer to 130 liters per person per day (Shaw and Turyk, 1992). A value of 150 liters/person/day was used in the simulations.

The Environmental Task Force Lab - UW Stevens Point tested for the nitrogen concentration in precipitation frequently throughout the 1980s (unpublished data). The average nitrate-N concentration determined by this study was 0.25 mg/l.

Private well data from many of the homes in the subdivision were used to calculate an average nitrate-N concentration in the water used in the subdivisions. The average for Jordan Acres was found to be 6.9 mg/l and the average for Village Green was 11.3 mg/l.

The turf fertilization rate used in the model simulation was based on data obtained by the survey of subdivision homeowners (Section D). The survey results indicated that 74 percent of all respondents used the amount specified by the manufacturer, 18 percent used more than was specified, 6 percent used no fertilizers, and 1 percent did not read the bag. The survey also revealed that the overall

fertilizer application rate was 1.6 times per year (1.8 times for users). A value of 0.78 kg/100 m² was used in modelling both subdivisions (assuming a 0.49 kg/100 m² rate applied 1.6 times per year).

Petrovic's (1990) review of relevant research revealed that although the amount of nitrogen leached from fertilized turf grass was highly variable, it was generally less than 5 percent that was leached to groundwater. The exceptions were in areas where the fertilizers were applied in excessive amounts and/or the turf was over watered. The BURBS variable definitions cite a Long Island study that indicated up to 50 percent of lawn fertilizers used in sandy soils leached to groundwater. Because field data from lawn impacted groundwater was available, the value for this variable was defined using a range of values, then comparing the results with the field data. The leaching value that yielded the most representative results was used for the baseline value in the model. For calibrating purposes it was assumed that all of the nitrogen in wastewater was removed by sewers.

Studies have shown that in well aerated sandy soils, the amount of nitrogen in wastewater lost as a gas is negligible (Walker, et al, 1973). This conclusion was supported by studies of private waste disposal systems in a nearby subdivision (Shaw and Turyk, 1992). The value of 0 was used for this variable.

The subdivisions are unsewered, thus the wastewater fraction removed by sewer was set at 0 (except when used to calibrate the fertilizer leaching variable as discussed above).

The amount of nitrogen per person in wastewater has been fairly well documented. A value of 4.5 kg/person/year was reported by Walker et.al. (1973).

This value was also found for 15 septic systems in the Stevens Point area (Shaw and Turyk, 1992). Samples from a septic tank serving two adults in Jordan Acres contained 60 and 89 mg/l of total Kjeldahl nitrogen in the wastewater. The daily water use by this household was measured to be 190 liters/person/day, thus the annual nitrogen loading rate is estimated to be 4.4 to 6.4 kg/person/year. A value of 4.5 kg/person/year was used for modelling purposes.

The nitrogen removal rate of natural land was set at 0.9 as recommended by BURBS documentation, but it is negligible in model simulations because of the low nitrogen concentration in precipitation. Values for the variables used in the BURBS simulations are summarized in Table 9.

Variable	Jordan Acres	Village Green
Fraction of land in turf-baseline	0.66 *	0.41 *
Low upgradient drainfield density	0.72	0.45
High upgradient drainfield density	0.55	0.33
Fraction of land that is impervious-baseline	0.22 *	0.24 *
Low	0.16	0.17
High	0.35	0.39
Average persons per dwelling	2.97 *	3.53 *
Housing density (#/hectare)	3.7 *	2.9 *
Low upgradient drainfield density	1.8	1.4
High upgradient drainfield density	7.4	5.7
Precipitation rate (cm/year)	78 *	84 *
Dry year	64	64
Wet year	88	114
Water recharged from turf (cm/year)	Precipitation - 53	
Water recharged from natural land (cm/year)	Precipitation - 53	
Evaporation from impervious surface (fraction)	0.1 *	0.1 *
Runoff from impervious recharged (fraction)	0.9 *	0.9 *
Home water use per person (liters/day)	151 *	151 *
Nitrogen concentration in precipitation (mg/l)	0.25 *	0.25 *
Nitrogen concentration in water used (mg/l)	6.9 *	11.3 *
Turf fertilization rate (kg/100 m ²)	0.78 *	0.78 *
Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf (fraction)	Varied from 0.05 to 0.40 0.25 * 0.25 *	
Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas (fraction)	0 *	0 *
Wastewater fraction removed by sewer (fraction)	0 **	0 **
Nitrogen per person in wastewater (kg/year)	4.5 *	4.5 *
Nitrogen removal rate of natural land (fraction)	0.9 *	0.9 *

* Used for baseline model run

** 100 % used when calibrating fertilizer leaching

Table 9. Values for the variables used in the BURBS simulation for Jordan Acres and Village Green.

Simulation Results

The results of the various BURBS simulations are presented in Table 10 and Appendix B.

The fertilizer leaching estimates for Village Green are 30 to 35 percent lower than those for Jordan Acres. This is because Jordan Acres has a higher percentage of its land use as turf, whereas Village Green has more natural and impervious areas. The non-turf or natural areas have a diluting influence on the nitrate-N concentrations.

Results of the Jordan Acres BURBS simulations that compare fertilizer leaching rates were evaluated to determine the amount of leaching occurring within the subdivisions. Because the average nitrate-N concentration of wells monitoring lawn areas was 4.3 mg/l, the leaching rate for the baseline value used in the simulations was set at 25 percent. Jordan Acres results were used because most of the wells used to monitor lawn impacts were in that subdivision. The 4.3 mg/l nitrate-N is also close to average for the Village of Park Ridge, a sewered village adjacent to Stevens Point with all groundwater recharge originating from the urban area (ETF unpublished data).

For Jordan Acres, the 25 percent leaching rate accounts for about 21 percent of the total nitrogen budget, as compared with the results of the baseline simulation; for Village Green the 25 percent rate accounts for 18 percent. Varying the leaching rate by five or even ten percent either up or down has little significant impact on overall nitrate-N concentrations, thus the 25 percent leaching rate is considered to be appropriate.

Study area and simulation conditions	Average NO ₃ in Recharge	Nitrogen Leached		Water Recharged	
	mg/l	kg/Ha	lb/acre/yr	cm/year	inch/year
Jordan Acres Cutting					
Baseline Variable Values	17.2	67.3	60.1	39.1	15.4
High Upgradient Drainfield Density (7.4 dwellings/hectare)	23.7	119	106	48.3	19.8
Low Upgradient Drainfield Density (1.8 dwellings/hectare)	12.3	41.4	37.0	33.5	13.2
Wet Year (88 cm of Precipitation)	13.8	67.4	60.2	49.0	19.3
Dry Year (64 cm of Precipitation)	26.1	67.2	60.0	25.7	10.1
No Drainfield Impacts and:					
- 5% of fertilizer leaches	0.9	3.0	2.7	33.0	13.0
- 10% of fertilizer leaches	1.7	5.7	5.1	33.0	13.0
- 20% of fertilizer leaches	3.3	11.0	9.8	33.0	13.0
- 25% of fertilizer leaches	4.1	13.6	12.1	33.0	13.0
- 30% of fertilizer leaches	4.9	16.2	14.5	33.0	13.0
- 40% of fertilizer leaches	6.5	21.5	19.2	33.0	13.0
Village Green Cutting					
Baseline Variable Values	13.7	60.9	54.4	44.5	17.5
High Upgradient Drainfield Density (5.7 dwellings/hectare)	20.0	112	99.8	55.6	21.9
Low Upgradient Drainfield Density (1.4 dwellings/hectare)	9.1	35.5	31.7	38.8	15.3
Wet Year (114 cm of Precipitation)	8.3	61.2	54.6	73.9	29.1
Dry Year (64 cm of Precipitation)	23.2	60.7	54.2	26.2	10.3
No Drainfield Impacts and:					
- 5% of fertilizer leaches	0.6	2.1	1.9	38.9	15.3
- 10% of fertilizer leaches	1.0	3.8	3.4	38.9	15.3
- 20% of fertilizer leaches	1.8	7.1	6.3	38.9	15.3
- 25% of fertilizer leaches	2.2	8.7	7.8	38.9	15.3
- 30% of fertilizer leaches	2.7	10.4	9.3	38.9	15.3
- 40% of fertilizer leaches	3.5	13.7	12.2	38.9	15.3

Table 10. BURBS simulation results for the Jordan Acres and Village Green cuttings.

The results of varying the drainfield density, in addition to the results from simulations that assumed no drainfield impacts, supports the observations and conclusion of several other authors (Yates, 1985 and Perkins, 1984) that septic system drainfields are the primary cause of elevated nitrate-N concentrations in the groundwater beneath unsewered subdivisions. Note that in Jordan Acres, even at a relatively low drainfield density (1.9 dwellings/hectare) BURBS predicts nitrate-N concentrations in excess of the enforcement standard for nitrate-N of 10 mg/l. In Village Green, the low drainfield density simulation yielded a result below the 10 mg/l standard. The area for this simulation was one home for every 0.7 hectares. It should be noted that the recharge rate of 29.7 cm used for Village Green is much higher than the 25.4 cm long term average for the area. Simulations were run to determine the housing density that would be needed in Village Green and Jordan Acres to achieve a 10 mg/l nitrate-N concentration in recharge. These housing densities are 1.7 dwellings/hectare in Village Green and 1.1 dwellings/hectare in Jordan Acres.

Figure 18 shows the relationship between housing density and simulated nitrate-N concentrations in groundwater recharge for Jordan Acres and Village Green subdivisions. The primary reason for the differences between the two subdivisions is that the precipitation amounts used for the two subdivisions differed by 5.1 cm which resulted in less recharge, and therefore less dilution in Jordan Acres simulations. The higher percent of the area in lawns in Jordan Acres resulted in more fertilizer leaching which was largely offset by a slightly higher number of people per household in Village Greens, which increases nitrate-N leaching.

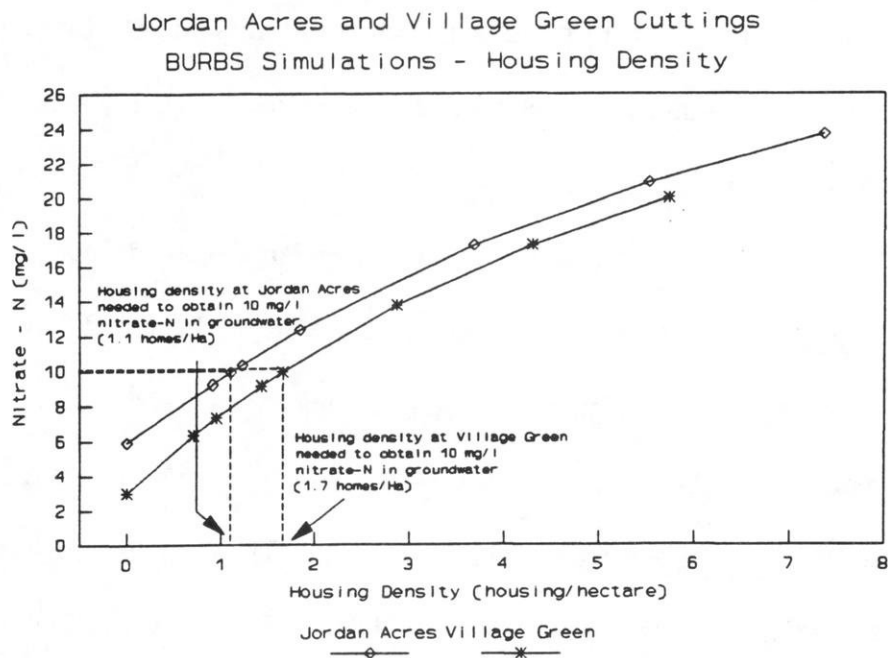


Figure 18. BURBS estimated nitrate-N concentrations related to varying housing densities at Jordan Acres and Village Green subdivisions.

Jordan Acres is the simulation that best represents the sandy soil areas of Wisconsin, as the precipitation data used is closest to the long term average for Wisconsin and the number of people per home (2.97) is close to the state per household average.

Precipitation amounts can also greatly affect groundwater nitrogen concentrations. In wet years, there will tend to be more water available to dilute the nitrogen input from septic systems; in dry years, less dilution will occur and nitrate-N concentrations will be higher. Table 10 presents results of simulations for Jordan Acres and Village Green, where precipitation extremes during the study period for each subdivision were used. The range of 64 to 114 cm used for Village Green gives simulated nitrate-N concentrations of 23.2 to 8.3 mg/l, where only this variable was

changed. Precipitation extremes may have a short-term impact on groundwater quality and account for some of the variability found in shallow wells. Precipitation extremes can have a dramatic effect on groundwater quality if the conditions persist for several years.

Simulation for Heavier Textured Soils

In addition to the simulations run for Village Green and Jordan Acres, several runs were made changing the routing of runoff water and reducing groundwater recharge to 10 cm/year, which is considered to be a reasonable estimate of the statewide average for groundwater recharge. These simulations are presented in Figure 19. The simulations are considered to be indicative of what one would expect in areas of heavier textured soils and/or greater slope. The Village Green set of values were used for the variables except for the reduction of recharge from natural areas from 30.0 cm (11.8 in) to 10.2 cm (4.00 in), and recharge from runoff from 90 percent to 12 percent. The fraction of fertilizer that leaches from fine-textured soils tends to be less than in sandy soils (Petrovic, 1990), therefore, the value for this variable was reduced from 0.25 to 0.05. This resulted in nitrate-N concentrations of 34.9 mg/l, compared to 13.7 mg/l for the Village Green baseline values. Lot size to achieve a nitrate-N concentration of 10 mg/l increased from 0.6 hectares/dwelling to 2.0 hectares/dwelling.

These runs of the model indicate the importance of having good estimates of the amount of groundwater recharge that will occur from lawns, natural areas, and also that due to runoff from impervious areas. This variable is of equal importance to housing density when using a mass balance model.

Village Green Cutting - Heavier Soils BURBS Simulations - Housing Density

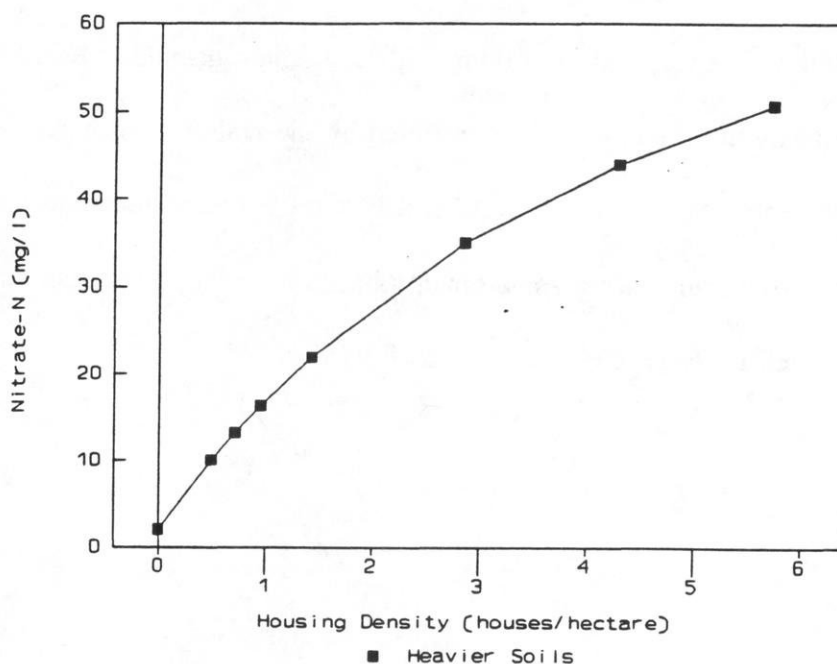


Figure 19. BURBS estimated nitrate-N concentrations related to varying housing densities in heavy soils using Village Green subdivision variables.

Subdivision designs that maximize local groundwater recharge will provide maximum dilution of nitrogen inputs from septic systems. These scenarios also indicate that fertilizer leaching in sandy soil areas, while a significant part of the nitrogen budget, is effectively diluted by high recharge amounts. Decreased recharge with a similar percent of fertilizer leaching results in much higher nitrate-N concentrations reaching groundwater from lawns. More research is needed to evaluate nitrogen losses from lawns on different soil types in Wisconsin.

Overall, we believe the BURBS program provides a fairly accurate estimate of nitrogen inputs from subdivisions. Some of the variables (discussed previously) need careful evaluation for accurate application of the model. It must be recognized that

the model predicts average nitrogen concentrations in the entire subdivision recharge. For these concentrations to be achieved, complete mixing of subdivision recharge would be needed, and no mixing with upgradient groundwater could occur. This is obviously not the case as demonstrated by the wide range of groundwater quality documented by this project. Careful layout of subdivisions and lots to prevent private wells from intercepting contaminant plumes is needed if current waste disposal practices are to be used.

F. Nitrogen and Water Budget Results from Field Data

The variables and results of nitrogen and water budgets using subdivision field data are presented in Table 11.

The area values used in the budget calculations (width of cross section and length of flow path) were based on data obtained from only a portion of the subdivisions (termed cuttings). The area included in the Jordan Acres cutting is shown on Figure 15; the Village Green cutting is shown on Figure 16 (pages 73 and 74).

The depth of subdivision impacted water was estimated based on the chemistry data obtained from the downgradient multiport wells that are discussed in Section H.

The average linear groundwater flow velocities were determined based on a range in hydraulic conductivity from 0.045 cm/sec to 0.085 cm/sec for both subdivisions, an effective porosity of 0.30, and hydraulic gradients of 0.0026 (Jordan Acres) and 0.0020 (Village Green). The discharge volumes were calculated based on these hydrogeologic characteristics and the cross-sectional area impacted by the subdivision.

The average nitrate-N concentrations were calculated from those ports at the downgradient multiport wells that were determined to be monitoring the groundwater recharged from subdivision sources, as discussed in Section H.

The mass of nitrogen discharged from the cuttings was calculated using the average nitrate-N concentrations and the volume of discharge ($\text{mg/l} \times \text{m}^3/\text{year} \times 0.001 = \text{kg/year}$).

The groundwater flow times across the cuttings were calculated using the

Characteristic	Jordan Acres Cutting	Village Green Cutting
Width of cross section (m)	180	180
Length of flow path along cutting (m)	360	850
Depth of subdivision impacted water (m)	3.4	7.7
Area of cross section discharging groundwater from the cutting (m ²)	612	1400
Average linear groundwater flow velocity - low (m/day)	0.34	0.26
Average linear groundwater flow velocity - medium (m/day)	0.49	0.37
Average linear groundwater flow velocity - high (m/day)	0.64	0.49
Discharge of subdivision impacted groundwater from cutting - low (m ³ /year)	23,000	39,000
Discharge of subdivision impacted groundwater from cutting - medium (m ³ /year)	33,000	57,000
Discharge of subdivision impacted groundwater from cutting - high (m ³ /year)	43,000	74,000
Average nitrate-N concentration of groundwater leaving cutting (mg/l)	9.0	13.6
Mass of nitrogen in discharge from cutting - low (kg/year)	200	530
Mass of nitrogen in discharge from cutting - medium (kg/year)	300	770
Mass of nitrogen in discharge from cutting - high (kg/year)	390	1010
Groundwater flow time across cutting - slow (years)	2.9	9.0
Groundwater flow time across cutting - medium (years)	2.0	6.3
Groundwater flow time across cutting - fast (years)	1.5	4.8
Average yearly precipitation (cm)	78	83
Volume of water recharged assuming no drainfields, no impervious areas, and recharge = annual precipitation - 53 cm (m ³ /year)	16,000	46,000

Table 11. Results of nitrogen and water budget calculations based on field data obtained from Jordan Acres and Village Green subdivisions.

length of the subdivision and the range in average linear groundwater flow velocities (meters x days/meter x 1/365 = years).

The average annual precipitation was calculated based on the average precipitation that occurred over the groundwater flow time beneath the subdivision during the study period (Jordan Acres, 1986 to 1990; Village Green, 1981 to 1990).

The estimated volume of water that would recharge the aquifer under natural conditions (i.e., if there were no human impacts) is estimated by using precipitation minus 53.3 cm evapotranspiration. This volume is included to demonstrate the increase in recharge that occurs in subdivisions on sandy soils. The volume of recharge from a subdivision is expected to be greater than the amount from an equal area of natural land because more of the water that falls on impervious surfaces (90 percent of precipitation) will recharge to the groundwater, as compared with about 25 percent from vegetated areas. This is discussed in greater detail in Section E.

G. Comparison of the Results of the Nitrogen and Water Budgets Determined by Two Separate Methods

The nitrogen and water budget results determined using the BURBS computer program and the results based on field data are presented in Table 12. Three field data scenarios are presented for comparison purposes with the BURBS baseline results.

There is very good agreement between the two methods for the Village Green subdivision, both nitrogen loss and water budget calculations are in agreement for the medium to high groundwater flow velocity values. We feel this validates the results of the BURBS model. Results from the Jordan Acres subdivision do not agree as

Budget Results	Average NO₃ in Recharge (mg/l)	Nitrogen Leached (kg/yr)	Water Recharges (m³/yr)
Jordan Acres			
BURBS: Baseline values.	17.2	440	25,000
Field data: Low hydraulic conductivity	9.0	210	23,000
Field data: Medium hydraulic conductivity	9.0	300	33,000
Field data: High hydraulic conductivity	9.0	390	43,000
Water recharged assuming no impervious areas			16,000
Village Green			
BURBS: Baseline values	13.7	930	68,000
Field data: Low hydraulic conductivity	13	530	39,000
Field data: Medium hydraulic conductivity	13	770	57,000
Field data: High hydraulic conductivity	13	1000	74,000
Water recharged assuming no impervious areas			46,000

Table 12. Nitrogen and water budget results for Jordan Acres and Village Green cuttings. Results were calculated using both the BURBS computer program and actual field data.

well. If we use the low hydraulic conductivity value, the water budget for the methods generally agree (Table 12), however, the estimated nitrogen loss (210 kg) would only be about half of that predicted by the BURBS model (440 kg). The primary reason for the discrepancy in this subdivision is the high nitrate-N concentrations predicted by BURBS (17.2 mg/l), compared to that observed from the six downgradient multilevel wells (9 mg/l).

We have no reason to suspect any nitrogen loss by denitrification in the Jordan Acres soils or aquifer and believe the nitrate-N discrepancy between predicted values and multilevel wells is due to the groundwater chemistry data obtained from the monitoring network not being truly representative of overall subdivision impacts. The extreme variability of nitrate-N in monitoring wells downgradient of this subdivision, ranging from 1 to 50 mg/l, (Figure 36, page 114) clearly indicates a wide range of water quality values downgradient of this subdivision as compared to Village Green. At Village Green the well placement was much easier due to the accessibility of a vacant field downgradient of the subdivision and because the groundwater flow is generally parallel to the subdivision layout. At Jordan Acres the monitoring wells were placed where homeowners would permit their installation. Therefore we are not confident that even this large number of multilevel wells is providing a representative sample of groundwater at the Jordan Acres site. We feel that the results of the BURBS simulations are more representative of actual recharge characteristics than the data obtained from the monitoring wells.

H. Groundwater Quality Downgradient of Subdivisions

A number of multilevel wells were installed downgradient of each subdivision to determine subdivision impact on groundwater quality, determine the variability of water chemistry horizontally and vertically downgradient of the subdivision, and to determine changes in water chemistry over time.

Figures 3 and 4 (pages 33 and 34) show the location of downgradient wells used for this part of the project. Initially (in 1987), there were only two multilevel wells installed downgradient of each subdivision; E4 and W4 in Jordan Acres, and S4 and N4 in Village Green. Data from these wells was not considered to be sufficient to evaluate subdivision impact on groundwater. Additional multilevel wells were installed in 1989 to determine the variability of groundwater chemistry downgradient of the subdivisions, to provide better quantitative estimates of water chemistry leaving the subdivisions, and to aid in making recommendations on future well designs for subdivision evaluations.

Comparing upgradient water chemistry with downgradient concentrations can be very misleading. The shallowest downgradient well ports are sampling water recharged only from the subdivision. Mid-depth wells are believed to be sampling a mixture of water recharged from upgradient of the subdivision and that originating from within the subdivision, while deeper well ports are sampling water originating only in upgradient areas. Changes in water chemistry with depth were very useful in identifying the parts of the aquifer impacted by recharge from different land uses.

The monitoring well system installed in Village Green turned out to be easier to

quantitatively evaluate than that for Jordan Acres, however, both show good relationships between water quality, well depth, and land use.

The depth of groundwater impacted by the subdivision is important in calculating the extent of subdivision impact and also to validate the nitrogen mass balance model. This depth can be estimated using water chemistry graphs of multilevel well data. For the Village Green subdivision (which had a salted four lane highway separating the subdivision from an intensively managed agricultural field upgradient of the subdivision) the relative amounts of chloride and sodium proved to be most useful. Figure 20 presents the chloride to sodium ratio and Figures 21 and 22 show the chloride and sodium graphs for the same wells. In general, the upgradient water chemistry in Village Green has very high chloride to sodium ratios due to large chloride impacts from agricultural fertilization with low inputs of sodium. Recharge from the highway and from septic systems will increase the concentrations of both chloride and sodium, thereby reducing the chloride to sodium ratio.

Figures 23 and 24 show fairly high concentrations of relative fluorescence and phosphorous in the shallower depths of the aquifer from Village Green subdivision. These chemicals, however, do not move through the aquifer as easily as nitrate-N or chloride, and are used primarily to verify the presence of subdivision impacts.

From these graphs, we estimate the upper 4.7 meters of the aquifer are composed of subdivision originated water, with the 4.7 to 12 meter depth being a mixture of subdivision recharge and that from upgradient of the subdivision. If we assumed this was a 40:60 mixture of the two, the amount of subdivision recharge would be 4.7 meters plus 40 percent of the 4.7 to 12 meter depth, for a total of 7.6

meters of subdivision originated water. The volume of water represented by this effective aquifer thickness compares favorably with the estimate of subdivision recharge from the BURBS model, discussed earlier in this report (Section E).

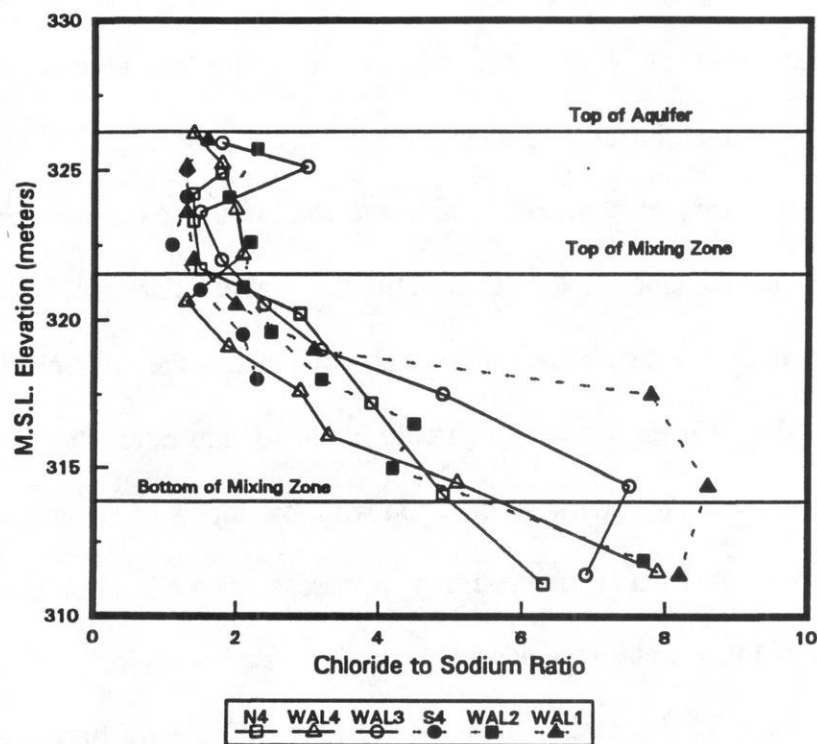


Figure 20. Average chloride to sodium ratios with depth in groundwater from downgradient wells at Village Green.

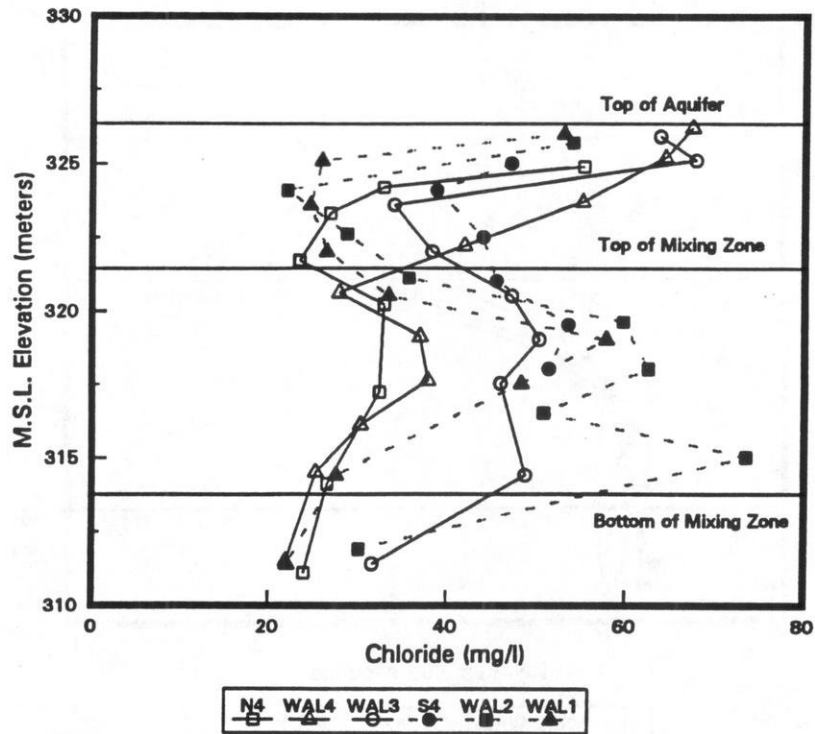


Figure 21. Average chloride concentrations with depth in groundwater from downgradient wells at Village Green.

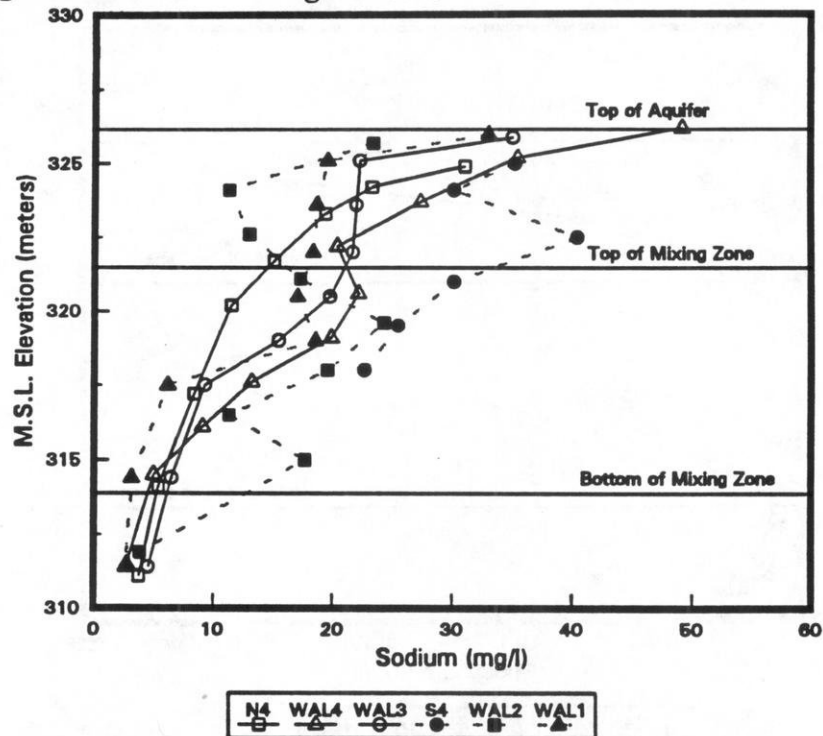


Figure 22. Average sodium concentrations with depth in groundwater from downgradient wells at Village Green.

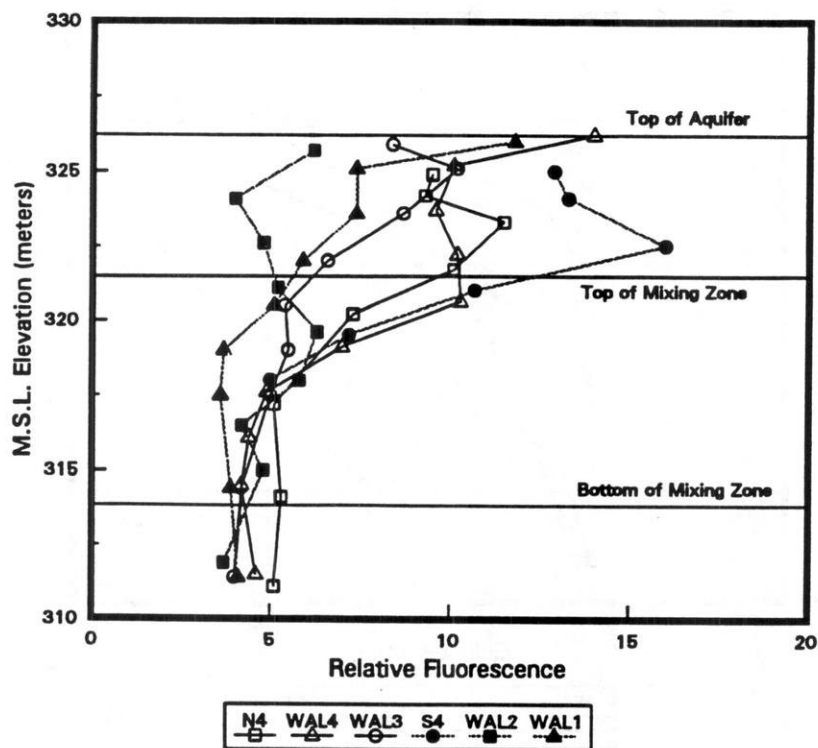


Figure 23. Average relative fluorescence with depth in downgradient wells at Village Green.

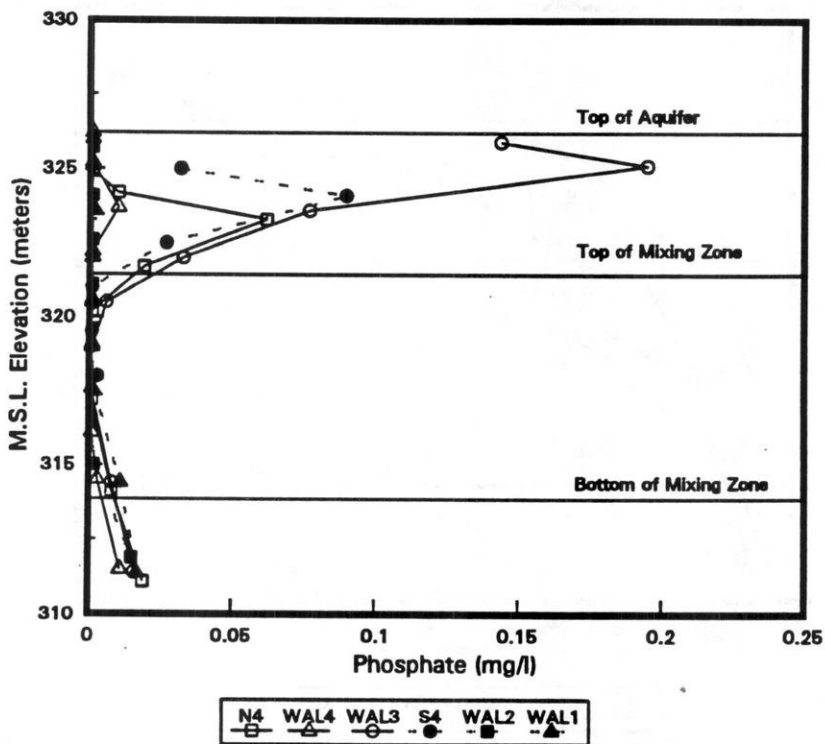


Figure 24. Average phosphate concentrations with depth in downgradient wells at Village Green.

Due to different upgradient land uses at Jordan Acres, sodium to chloride ratios were not as useful. Nitrate-N, chloride, fluorescence, and phosphorous data are presented as Figures 25, 26, 27, and 28. All show similar results and indicate depths of impact of 1.3 meters primarily from subdivision recharge; 1.3 meters to 9.5 meters into the aquifer for the mixed zone, and water below 9.5 meters predominantly from upgradient recharge. Apparently, there is some localized mixing down to 9.5 meters into the aquifer under this subdivision, while other areas show minimal mixing as evidenced by shallow concentrated plumes over 30 meters downgradient of drainfields. To estimate the volume of subdivision impacted water, we used the upper 1.3 meter depths plus one quarter of the next 8.2 meters for a total of 3.4 meters. We used the average nitrate-N concentrations of the upper 1.3 meters to estimate the amount of nitrogen leaving the subdivision as discussed in the previous section. Comparisons of these values to BURBS predictions are discussed in section G.

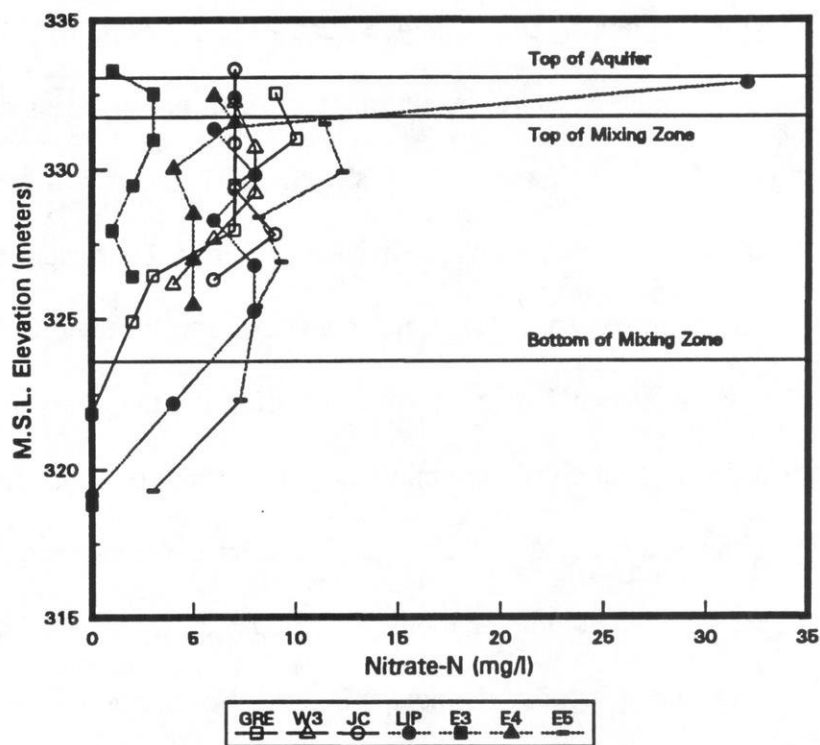


Figure 25. Average nitrate-N concentrations with depth in downgradient wells at Jordan Acres.

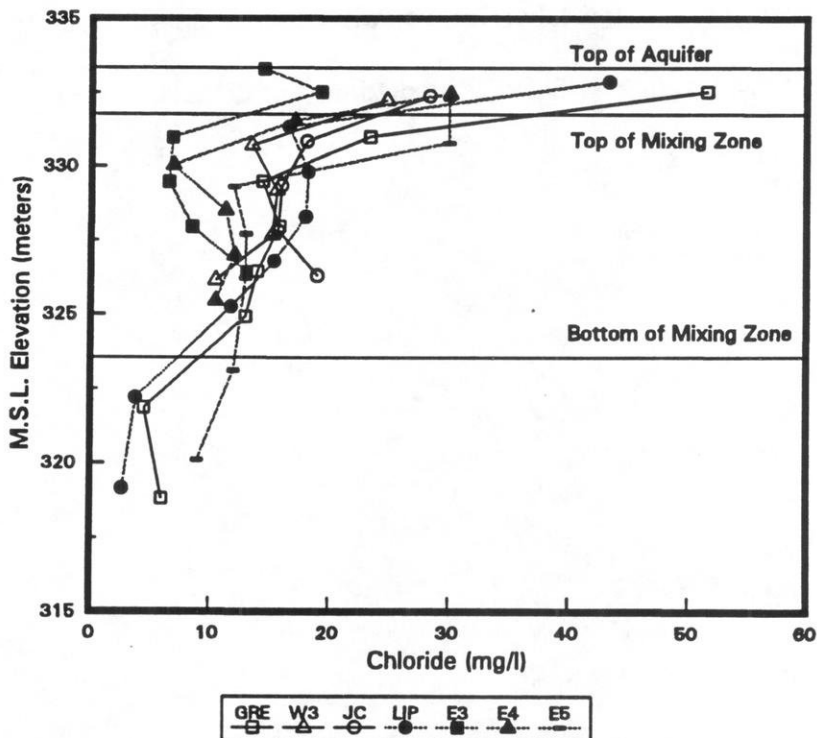


Figure 26. Average chloride concentrations with depth in downgradient wells at Jordan Acres.

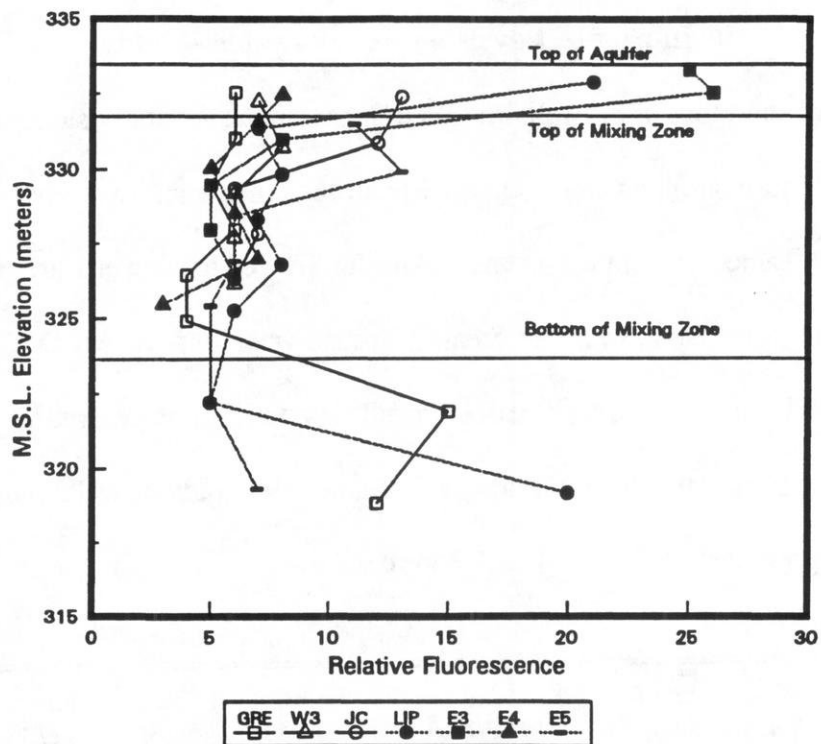


Figure 27. Average relative Fluorescence with depth in downgradient wells at Jordan Acres.

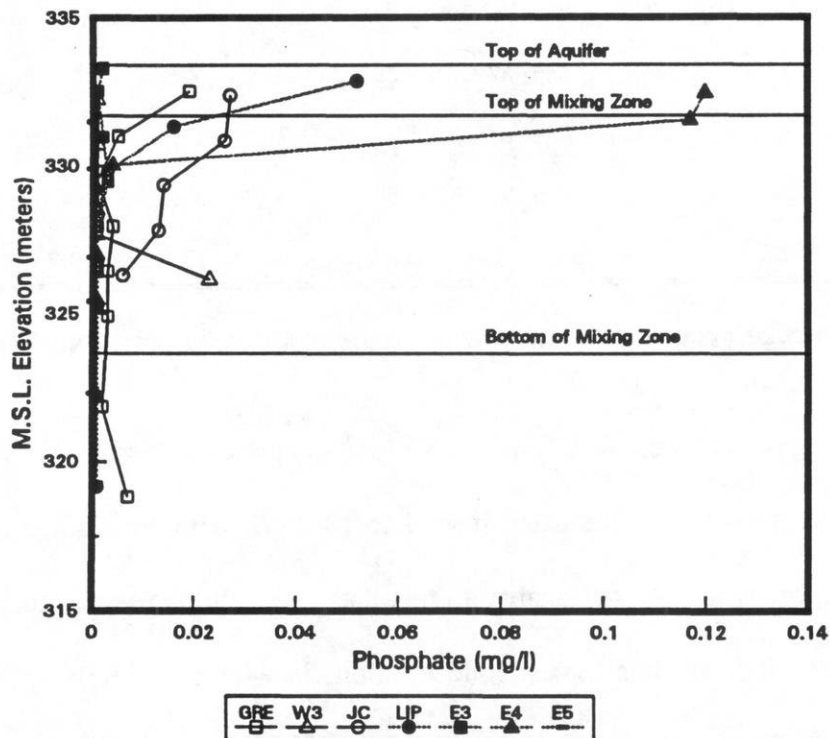


Figure 28. Average phosphate concentrations with depth in downgradient wells at Jordan Acres.

I. Impact of Lawns on Groundwater Quality

Several of the monitoring wells installed throughout the subdivisions were designed to monitor groundwater recharged from lawn areas and were not significantly impacted by septic systems. Data for five of these wells are presented in Table 13. The well that showed the greatest groundwater impact (MCD LD) was downgradient of a lawn that received four fertilizer applications per year. Chemistry data for all sampling dates from the upgradient and downgradient wells monitoring this lawn are presented in Table 14 and Figure 29.

Well Location	Well Point	# of Samples	Monitoring Period	NO ₃ (mg/l)	CL (mg/l)	NA (mg/l)	PO ₄ (mg/l)
FIR	SD	11	July '88 - Jan '90	4.0	13.3	5.1	<0.002
MCD	LD	12	June '88 - Aug '90	7.8	14.3	5.1	<0.002
E2	22	8	Sep '87 - Aug '89	2.9	4.8	3.9	0.011
E3	25	14	July '87 - May '90	2.7	19.3	12.1	<0.002
S3	22	12	Sep '87 - Mar '89	5.3	37.8	14.7	<0.002
Average				4.5	17.9	8.2	0.001

Table 13. Average groundwater chemistry data from wells primarily impacted by lawns.

The upgradient well was consistently low in nitrate-N (less than 1 mg/l), while the downgradient well fluctuated from 1 to 14 mg/l, with an average of 7.8 mg/l. There appears to be a seasonality to this data, with the highest concentrations found in summer and fall, and lowest concentrations in winter and early spring. This pattern would be consistent with the time of year the fertilizer is applied. Winter

sampling occurred when no recent recharge had occurred from the lawn area, and samples would represent chemistry more characteristic of upgradient land use. Early spring samples correspond to spring recharge events, when a lack of large amounts of residual nitrate-N combined with larger volumes of recharge produced reduced nitrate-N concentrations. It is widely believed that little residual nitrate-N remains in sandy soils over winter due to removal of most of the nitrate-N during fall leaching.

Sample	REE-LU			MCD-LD		
Date	NO ₃	Cl	Na	NO ₃	Cl	Na
06/30/88	0.5	7	2.0	1.0	6	2.0
08/05/88	0.5	6	0.8	3.5	9	2.3
10/20/88	0.8	7	1.5	9.8	13	3.0
01/18/89	0.8	5	2.5	7.8	16	5.5
03/31/89	1.0	7	1.	5.8	9	3.0
05/26/89	1.2	6	1.6	2.2	10	4.1
08/08/89	1.5	3	1.0	9.8	23	2.0
09/08/89	0.8	5	1.5	14.4	30	11.5
10/26/89	1.2	<1	1.5	13.0	27	7.0
01/08/90	1.0	3	1.5	14.2	11	8.5
02/14/90	0.5	3	1.4	4.8	8	6.9
05/17/90	<0.2	4	1.6	7.0	9	4.8
Count	12	12	12	12	12	12
Average	0.83	5	1.5	7.8	14	5.1
Std.Dev.	0.354	2.2	0.43	4.37	7.7	2.84

Table 14. Chemistry data from two wells monitoring the groundwater upgradient (REE-LU) and downgradient (MCD-LD) of an intensively managed lawn in Jordan Acres.

These patterns indicate that fall fertilization on sandy soils should not be done with fertilizers containing nitrate-N. If fall fertilization is practiced the residents should use slow release fertilizer applied late in the year to prevent its convergence to nitrate-N. The mean value of 4.5 mg/l nitrate-N for the five sites (Table 13) is consistent with private well data from the Village of Park Ridge, a nearby municipality; which is on public sewer and has private wells. These data were used in the mass balance calculations for the subdivisions, as discussed earlier.

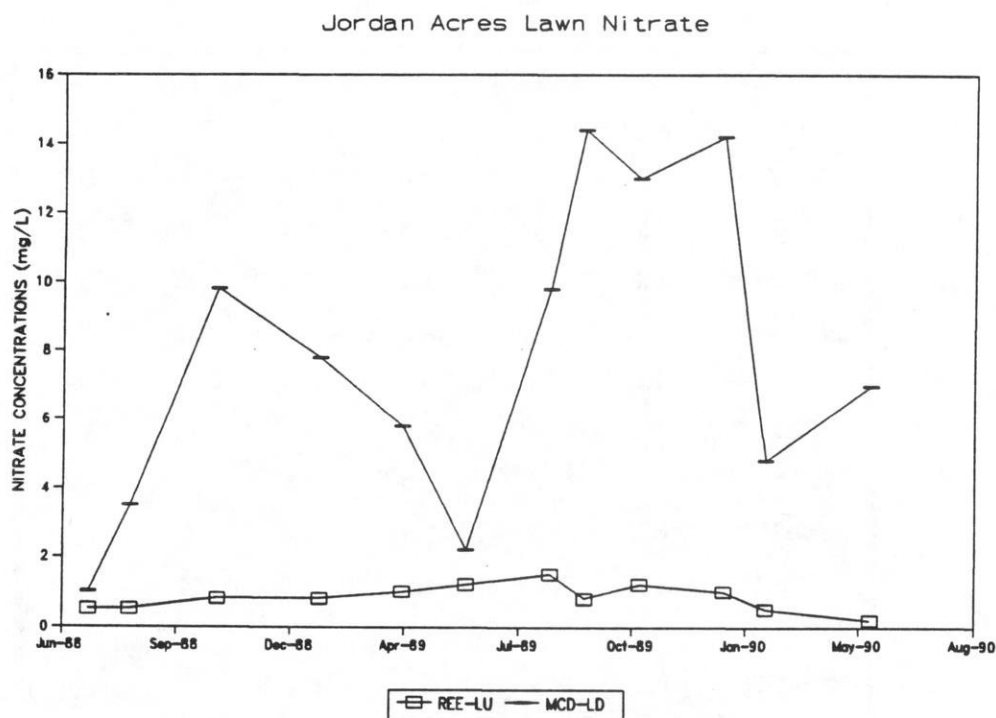


Figure 29. Plot of groundwater nitrate-N concentrations vs time for wells REE-LU and MCD-LD in Jordan Acres. REE-LU well is upgradient of a lawn, MCD-LD is downgradient of the lawn.

J. Septic System Research Site Results

Several sites were instrumented with monitoring wells designed to determine the impact of septic systems on groundwater quality. Many of these were also used for evaluation of the trace organic chemical impacts (described in section O).

Of the ten sites chosen for the septic system monitoring, only five turned out to generate useful data. The monitoring wells at the other sites apparently missed the contaminant plume or only sampled it seasonally. One of the sites (REE) was further investigated to determine the location and size of the plume, and its dispersal with distance downgradient of the drainfield.

Average water chemistry data for the wells that were found to be in at least part of the contaminant plume are presented in Table 15 A and B. Results from corresponding upgradient wells are also shown in these tables.

At sites MCD, ZAK, and ENG, the downgradient wells were apparently near the edge of plume, as indicated by the variable results (Appendix A). The two wells at site KOP were originally intended to sample lawn impacts, however, they appear to be impacted by an upgradient drainfield. Wells at sites FIR and LOD miss the plume entirely. Site locations are shown in Figures 3 and 4 (pages 33 and 34) .

The original wells at site REE also appeared to totally miss the plume, however, additional wells installed at this site located and tracked the contaminant plume from this septic system. The results from sites where the contaminant plume was intersected and monitored are presented in Table 15 A. Some of the wells appeared to be located near the edge of the plume, as evidenced by the wide fluctuations in chemistry results (Figure 15 B). As shown on Tables 15 A and B, the distance

between the drainfield and the monitoring wells also varied, which may account for some of the observed variability.

Results from wells at Sites REE, AMD, BAR, MOR, and S1 are believed to be most representative of shallow groundwater within 6.6 meters downgradient of the

15 A. Wells consistently monitoring the contaminant plume.

Well Location	Well I.D.	# of Samples	NO ₃ -N (mg/l)	Cl ⁻ (mg/l)	Na (mg/l)	PO ₄ (mg/l)	Fluorescence	Distance from Drainfield (m)
REE	SU	12	0.7	3	1.3	<0.002	5	Upgradient
REC	SDS	11	48.4	36.2	19.8	<0.002	30	1.5
AMD	SU	9	2.9	44	12	0.004	7	Upgradient
AMD	SD	9	33.7	133	108	7.0	35	3
BAR	SDA	9	30.9	69	69	6.5	125	8
KEP	MED	8	40.9	85	13	5.03	74	29
MOR	SU	7	5.6	22	16.5	<0.002	16	Upgradient
MOR	SD	7	19.2	51	41	3.5	31	3.2
ENG	SUA	9	8.5	80	48.6	<0.002	11	Upgradient
LIP	25	6	32	43	54	0.052	21	25
VS1	22	15	24	78	54	0.452	36.4	16

15 B. Wells occasionally monitoring the contaminant plume.

Well Location	Well I.D.	# of Samples	NO ₃ -N (mg/l)	Cl ⁻ (mg/l)	Na (mg/l)	PO ₄ (mg/l)	Fluorescence	Distance from Drainfield (m)
ENG	SUA	9	8.5	80	48.6	<0.002	11	Upgradient
S2	22	13	16.4	22	13	0.004	4.9	20
ENG	SDC	10	10.9	65	42	<0.002	12	16
FIR	SU	10	3.7	23	7.6	0.001	7	Upgradient
MCD	SD	11	14.1	32	196	<0.002	18	13.3
ZAK	SD	9	11.8	20	14	<0.002	14	7.5

Table 15. Average groundwater chemistry of wells in contaminant plumes originating from nearby septic systems.

drainfield. Wells at sites REE, AMD, BAR, and MOR were installed specifically to monitor the drainfield and were apparently located near the middle of the contaminant plume. The 7.2 meter well at S1 also did a good job of sampling the contaminant plume from an upgradient septic system, as did the LIP 8.2 meter well in Jordan Acres Subdivision.

Some wells showed considerable variability between sample dates, indicating they were near the edge of a contaminant plume. This suggests that the plumes apparently move horizontally and vertically on a seasonal basis as shown in the plot of groundwater nitrate-N concentrations over time for several of the wells (Figure 30).

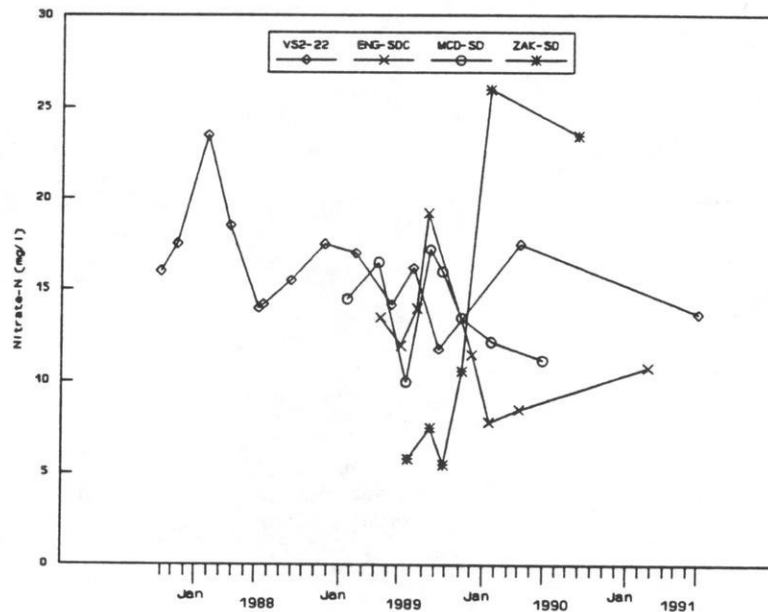


Figure 30. Nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l) in wells S2-22, ENG-SDC, MCD-SD, and ZAK-SD, located downgradient of septic system drainfields.

Detailed Septic Systems Investigation

Detailed site evaluation was conducted at Site REE in an attempt to better identify groundwater impact from individual septic systems. Details of this investigation can be found in Master of Science Thesis of William VanRyswyk, 1993. Figure 31 shows the monitoring well network installed at the REE site, along with average nitrate-N concentrations for each well.

From this figure alone it is obvious the initial wells (REE-SD and E1) were not in the contaminant plume, even though they both contain shallow well ports

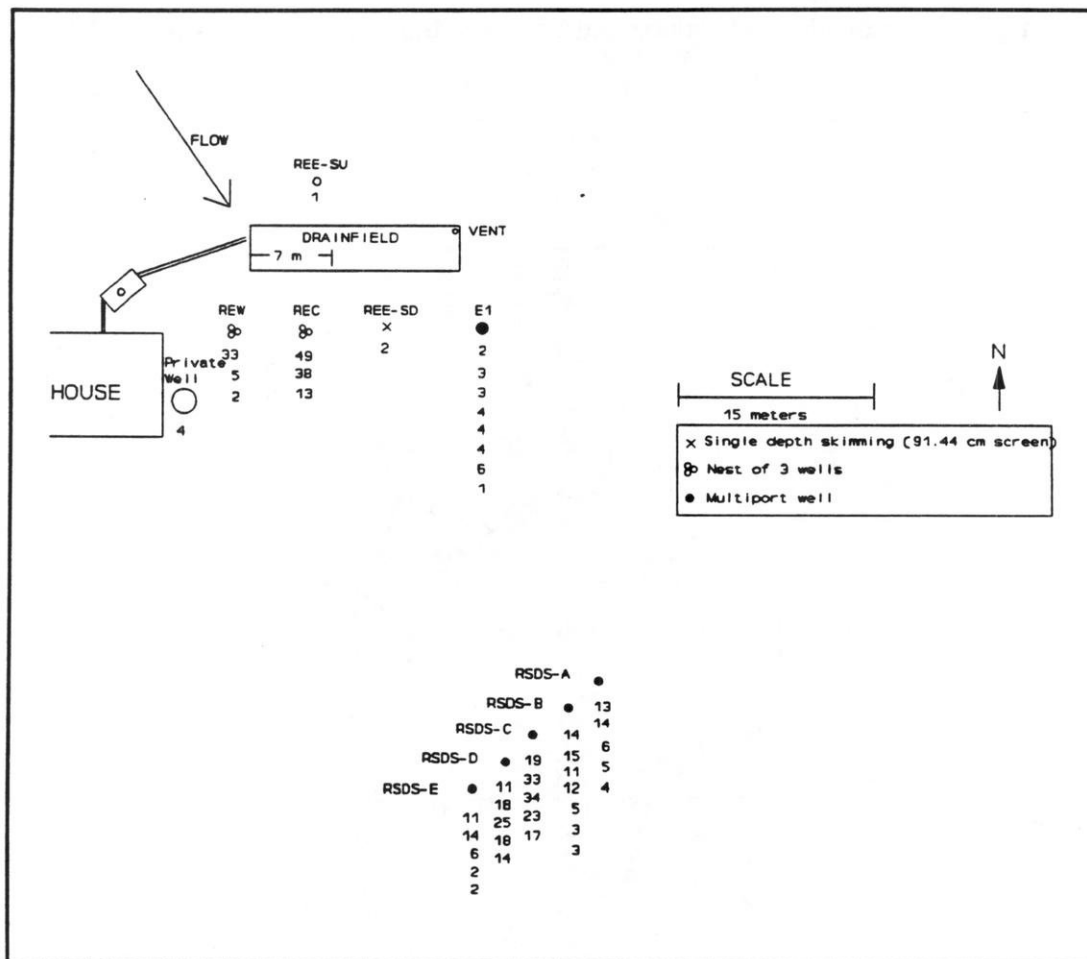


Figure 31. Location of wells at Jordan Acres septic site REE, with average nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l).

downgradient of the drainfield. The contaminant plume was found to be primarily located near well nest REC, with most of the effluent entering the soil and aquifer at the west end of the drainfield. This phenomenon is not uncommon in highly permeable soils as reported by Reneau et al (1989).

To determine the dispersion of the plume with distance, a series of five multiport wells were installed 38 meters downgradient from the drainfield in the summer of 1989. Data from these wells are presented in Figure 32, which shows the configuration of the contaminant plume 38 meters from the drainfield.

Figure 33 shows the water table fluctuation at Site REE, and Figure 34 shows the nitrate-N concentrations in the shallow, medium, and deep wells located 6 meters downgradient of the drainfield. The wells have 30 cm screens spaced 45 cm apart.

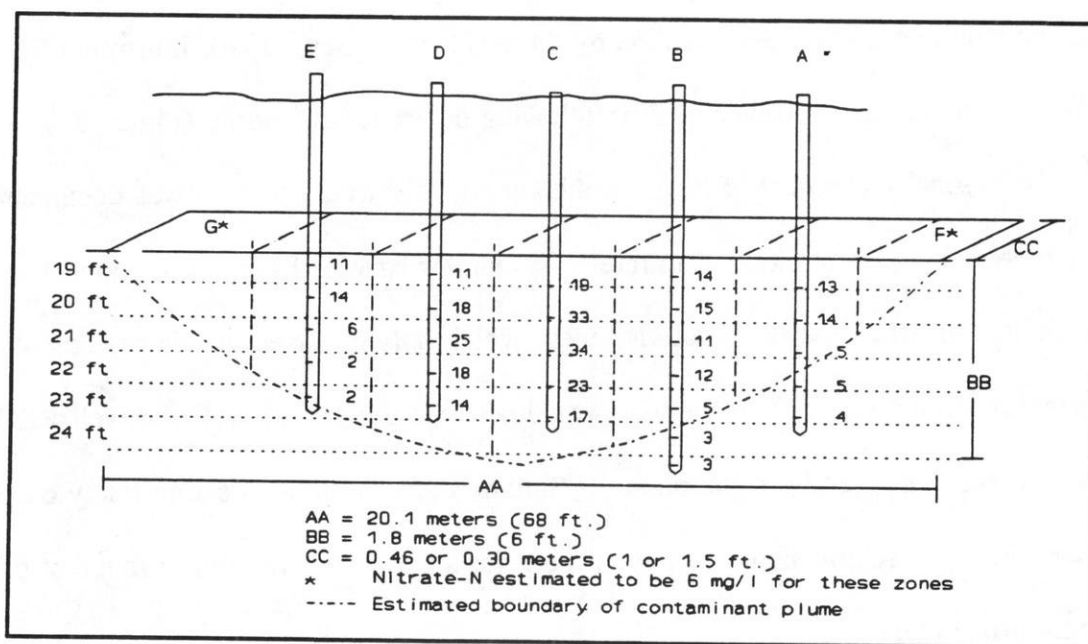


Figure 32. Average nitrate-N concentrations in RSDS multilevel wells 38 meters downgradient of the REE drainfield.

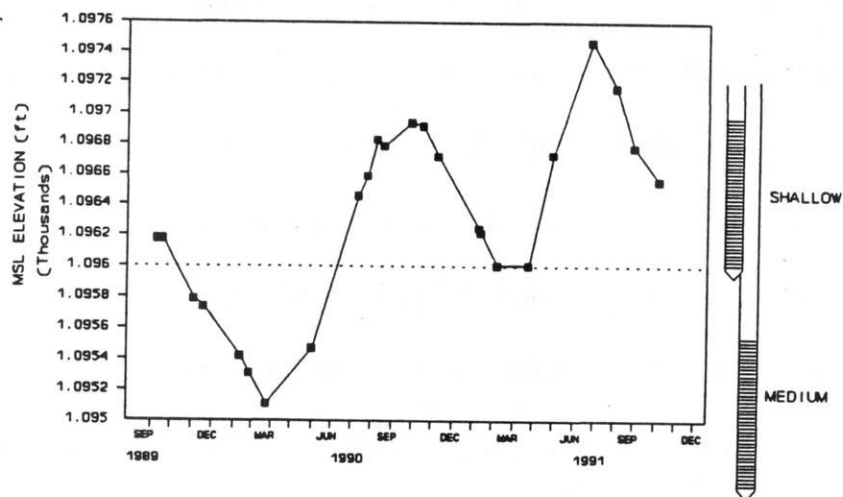


Figure 33. Watertable elevations as measured in well REC-Medium. Dashed line represents screen bottom elevation of well REC-Shallow.

The fact that the well closest to the water table generally had the highest nitrate-N concentration demonstrates that the contaminant plume is quite thin within 6.6 m of its source. A temporary drop in nitrate-N concentrations followed the pumping of the septic tank and a one week vacation by the residents in Sept. 1990, illustrated by a rapid change in groundwater quality following this reduced loading (Figure 34).

Seasonal movement of the contaminant plume toward the west was documented by increased concentrations of nitrate-N in monitoring well REW. The movement is attributed to heavy use of the private well, which only occurred during periods of irrigation (Figure 35). This well is located between the private well and well REC (which was consistently in the plume). Similar shifts in plume location likely occur throughout the subdivision and may account for some of the variability found at other monitoring sites.

The data from the wells near the drainfield and 38 meters downgradient of the drainfield clearly show the contaminant plume remaining very narrow as it moves

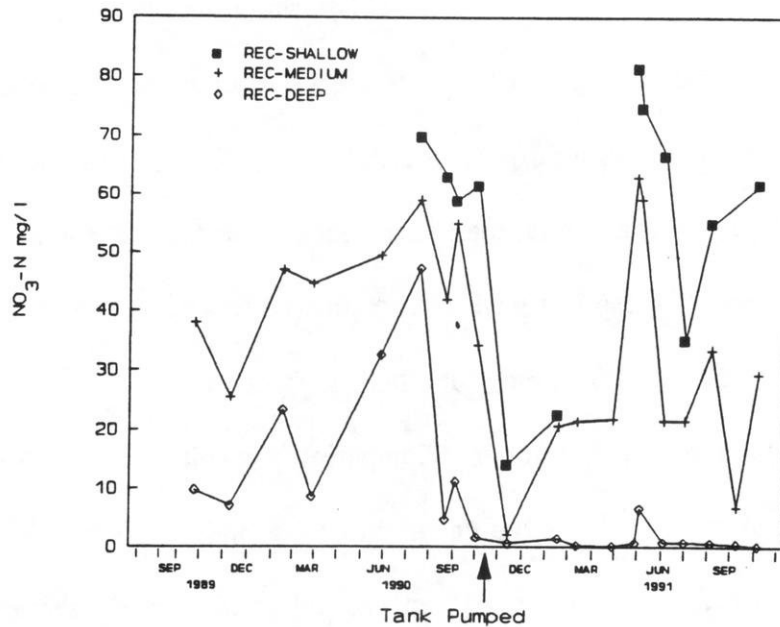


Figure 34. Nitrate-N concentrations for REC-Shallow, Medium and Deep ports. The effects of the septic tank pumping are apparent for several weeks after the pumping event.

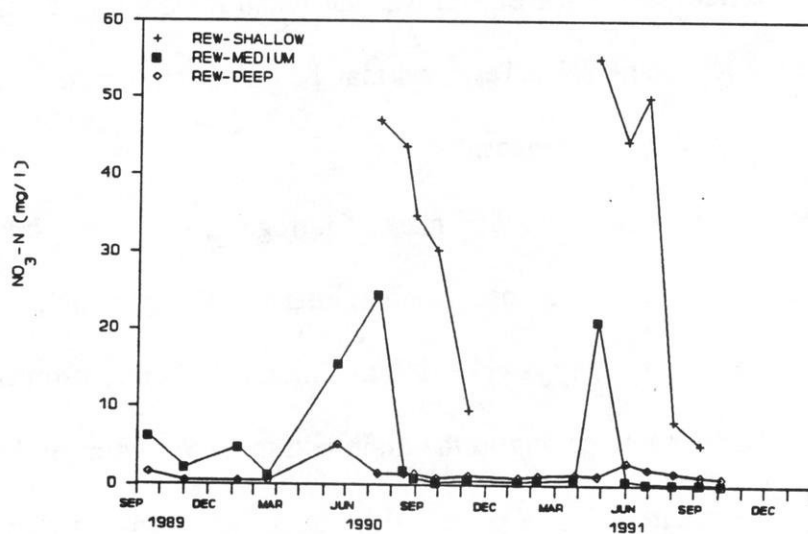


Figure 35. Well REW located 4.9 meters downgradient of a drainfield. Nitrate-N concentrations increase in May, June, July and August corresponding to irrigation well pumping resulting in changes in the plume configuration.

away from its source. A mean nitrate-N concentration of 48.4 mg/l at well REC-Shallow, compared to 24.9 mg/l for the most impacted well 38 meters downgradient of the drainfield, shows a 50 percent reduction due to dispersion and mixing with low concentrations of nitrate-N in upgradient recharge water. Maximum nitrate-N concentrations of 70 mg/l in well REC compared to an average total nitrogen concentration of 79 mg/l in the septic tank suggests minimal nitrogen is removed by the drainfield and shallow aquifer. Comparing total nitrogen to chloride ratios in the septic tank to those in the contaminant plume also indicates little if any nitrogen removal. Concentrations of seven samples (collected from the septic tank in 1991 and the first half of 1992) averaged 79.3 mg/l total nitrogen and 53.3 mg/l chloride, with a mean ratio of 1.5. This is very similar to the 1.4 nitrogen:chloride ratio found for well at REC-Shallow, indicating little if any denitrification at this site. A slight lowering of the ratio to 1.2 at RSDS-C was not found to be a statistically significant change with the Kouskan-Wakis Test, and may be due to mixing in the aquifer rather than chemical or biological changes.

Estimates were made of the total mass of nitrogen entering the drainfield and present in the downgradient network of monitoring wells (Figure 32). Details of the analysis are presented in VanRyswyk (1993). These calculations estimated the total annual per capita nitrogen loading to the drainfield to be 5.5 kg/capita/year. The weighted average nitrate-N in the plume at the RSDS wells times a flow rate of 0.3 and 0.5 meters/day, gives a range of 9.6 to 14.4 kg nitrate-N flowing in this plume 38 meters downgradient of the drainfield. This results in a range of 4.8 to 7.2 kg nitrate-N/capita/year. Similarly, multiplying the maximum concentrations of nitrate-N

in groundwater adjacent to the drainfield by the per capita water use gives a value of 5.5 kg/capita/year. All the values are in good agreement and within the range of 3.2 to 8.0 kg/capita/yr reported by Gold et al (1990) and Walker et al (1973 II). They are also all in the range of values found by Shaw and Turyk (1992).

K. Phosphorous Impacts on Groundwater from Septic Systems

Data presented in Table 15 (page 106) show an increase in chemicals other than nitrate-N downgradient of septic systems. The presence of these chemicals is useful in tracking septic system impacts, and was particularly useful in this study in determining the part of the aquifer downgradient of the septic systems that was impacted by septic systems rather than lawns or other sources.

Phosphorous data presented in Table 15 and Figures 24 and 28 (pages 98 and 101) showing elevated concentrations in downgradient multiport monitoring wells in Village Green and Jordan Acres indicate a significant impact of phosphorous on groundwater quality. These data clearly indicate that the sandy soil present in these subdivisions can become saturated with phosphorous within 20 years of septic system use, thereby allowing high concentrations to reach the aquifer five meters below drainfields.

Site BAR had an additional multilevel well (KEP) installed 29 meters downgradient of the septic system. The well KEP-MED averages 5.0 mg/l phosphorous and 41 mg/l nitrate-N. Phosphorous values in the wells downgradient of the subdivision, as shown in Figures 24 and 28, show elevated concentrations in the shallower well ports, as compared to deeper wells (which sample groundwater that originates upgradient of the subdivision). These data indicate that phosphorus can be transported a fairly long distance, which would be important if these subdivisions were located near lakes. Under these conditions lakes could be subjected to the eutrophying effects of high phosphorus loading from groundwater.

L. Variability of Groundwater Chemistry

Downgradient of Subdivisions Relative to Land Use

The variability of groundwater chemistry both vertically and horizontally perpendicular to the groundwater flow was documented by use of a number of multilevel monitoring wells located downgradient of Village Green. Average groundwater data for the downgradient multiport wells are presented in Figure 36. Figure 4 (page 34) shows the location of the Village Green wells relative to groundwater flow, and the land use in that subdivision. The water chemistry of groundwater downgradient of the subdivision is obviously quite variable both horizontally and vertically. The upper three sample ports at well WA2 are particularly low in nitrate-N, compared to other wells only 17 meters away. We believe the concentrations of nitrate-N in these ports are lower because the recharge that occurs over half the flow distance of the subdivision upgradient of this well is from yards and road ditches, and few septic system drainfields. Wells WA1, S4 and WA3 are believed to be sampling groundwater that has recharged in backyard areas where most of the drainfields are located.

A similar wide range of nitrate-N concentrations were found downgradient of the Jordan Acres subdivision, as shown in Figure 36. For interpretive purposes, the locations of septic systems and roads are not as conveniently situated as in Village Green (Figures 3 and 36, pages 33 and 118). It is obvious that some wells intercept contaminant plumes while others miss the impact of drainfields almost entirely.

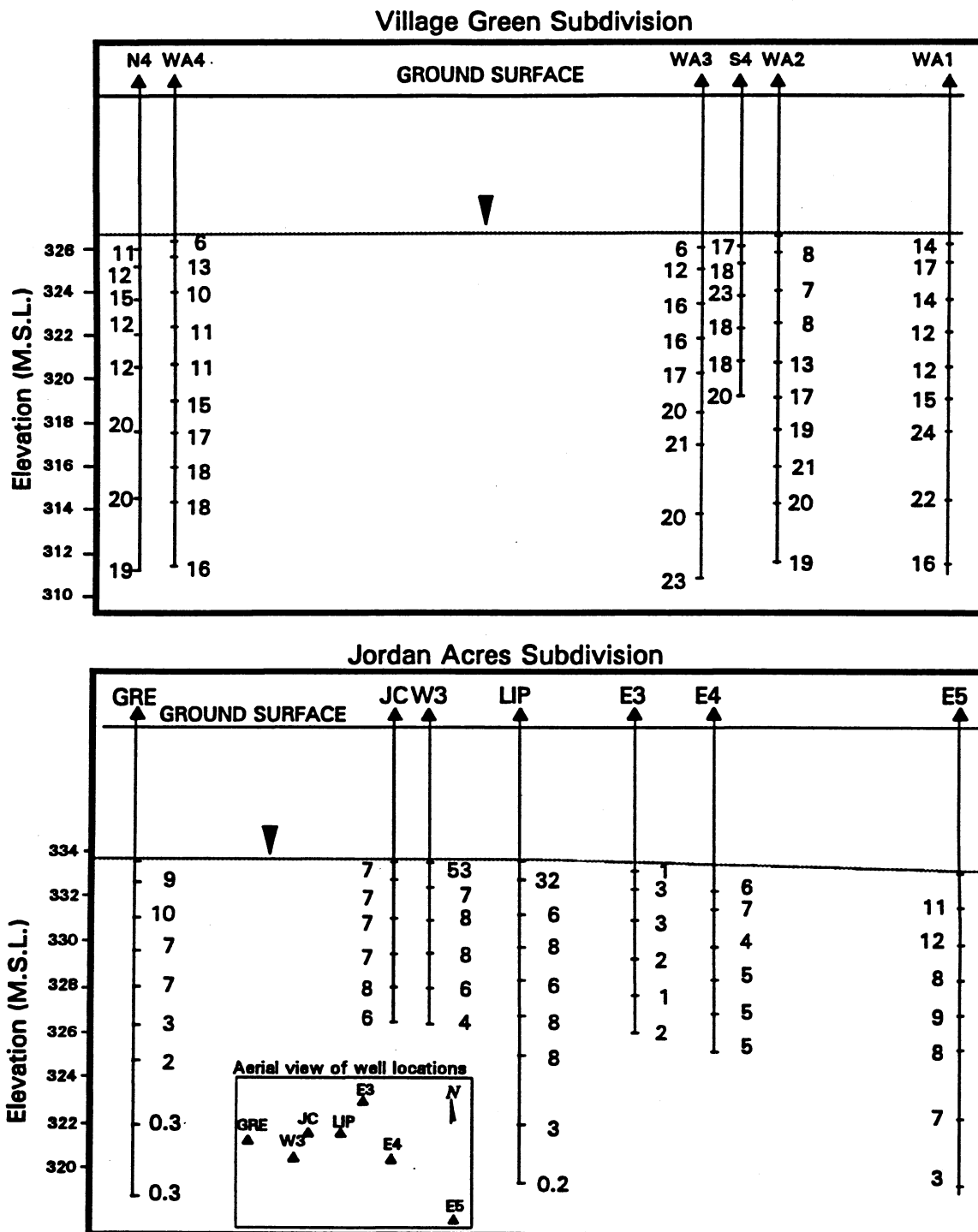
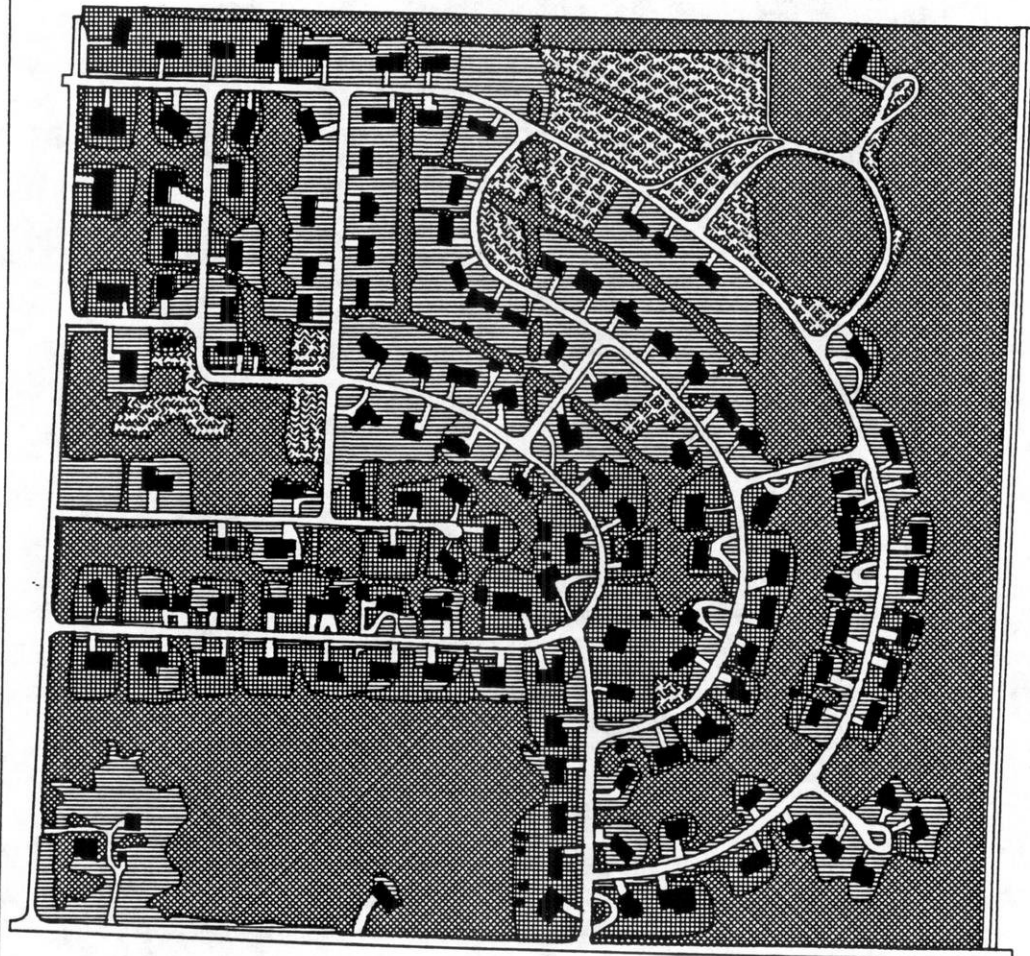


Figure 36. Profiles of average nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l) in wells located downgradient of the subdivisions. View is generally perpendicular to groundwater flow.

Village Green Subdivision Land Use



- LAND USES
- Buildings
 - Pavement
 - Lawns
 - Natural Grass
 - Forested Lands
 - Canopy

Groundwater Flow

meters



N

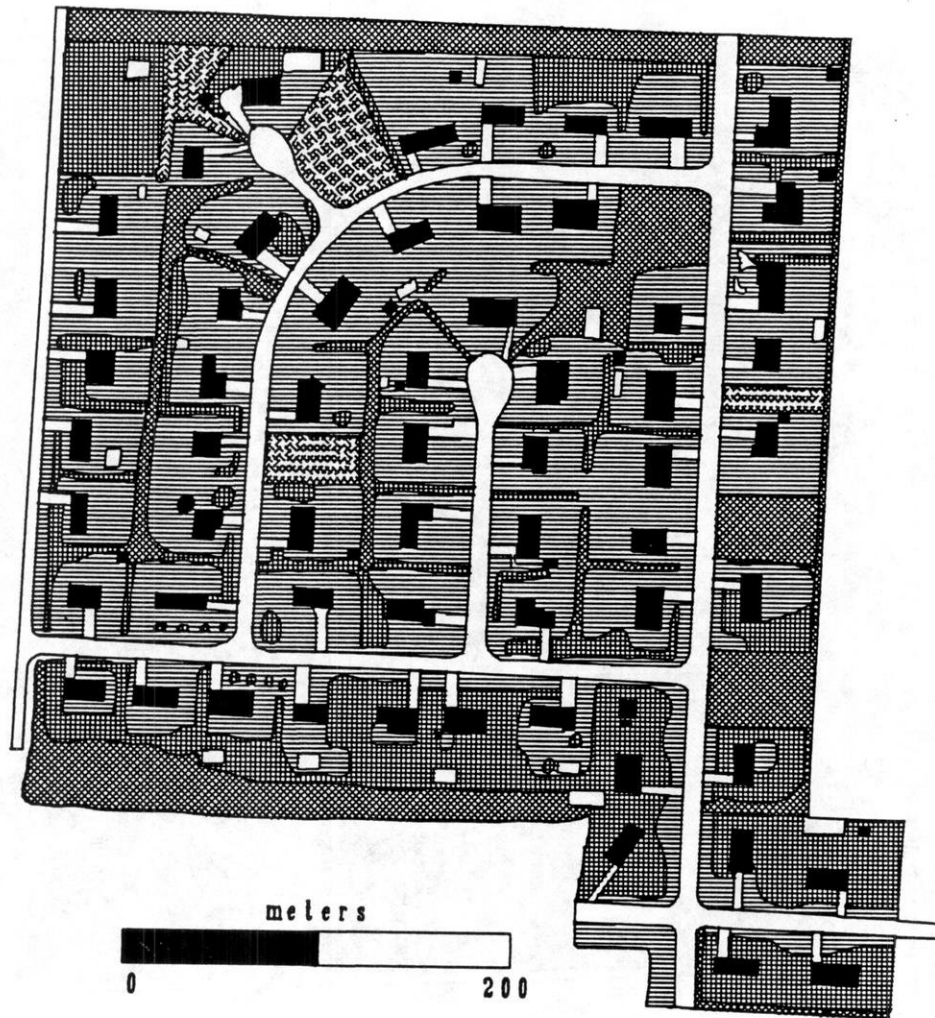


Cartographer: Nancy Tork
April 1985

Figure 37. Map showing land uses of Village Green subdivision.

Jordan Acres Subdivision

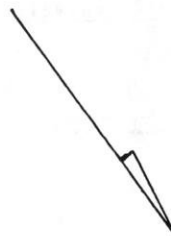
Land Use



LAND USES

-  Buildings
-  Pavement
-  Lawns
-  Natural Grass
-  Forested Lands
-  Canopy

Groundwater Flow



N

Cartographer: Nancy Turyk
April 1983

Figure 38. Map showing land uses of Jordan Acres subdivision.

These results lead to several conclusions relative to groundwater impacts from these subdivisions:

1. Water flow and contaminant transport processes occur with minimal mixing, allowing for a high degree of chemical variability in groundwater.
2. Septic systems contribute larger amounts of nitrate-N to groundwater than do lawns.
3. From a practical standpoint, it is not feasible to install a statistically valid, randomly placed monitoring network in a developed subdivision; therefore, the well locations for monitoring subdivision impacts need to be carefully chosen to avoid overestimating or underestimating specific impacts.
4. The use of shallow private wells in subdivisions with onsite waste disposal requires careful consideration of drainfield location and groundwater flow direction to prevent private wells from intercepting the contaminant plumes.

M. Water Chemistry Changes Over Time Downgradient of Subdivisions

Some of the multilevel wells used in this study were sampled and analyzed over a four year time period. During this time period, population density and amounts of groundwater recharge varied considerably. As discussed in Section E, the amount of groundwater recharge can have a large effect on nitrate-N concentrations in groundwater when septic systems are the major nitrate-N source. This is logical because nitrogen inputs to septic systems remain relatively constant year round and from year to year, whereas the amount of recharge (which varies) acts as the primary dilution mechanism. Changes in land use over time can also lead to changes in downgradient water quality. Increases or decreases in population density, and therefore waste generation are the major subdivision land use practices that can cause changes in downgradient water chemistry. The BURBS model projection for low, medium, and high septic system density clearly show these results (Table 10 page 83).

Figures 39 and 40 show the nitrate-N concentrations from each well port of monitoring well nests N4 and S4 for the period of September 1987 to April 1991. Figure 17 (page 76) shows the precipitation amounts and the water table elevation for well PAR during this time period. These figures illustrate the degree of chemical variability that occurs in the shallower ports of the aquifer that sample groundwater originating from subdivision recharge. Well ports 22 through 40, sampling the upper seven meters of the aquifer, show considerable variability over time, compared to well ports 45 to 70, which sample down to 23 meters below the land surface.

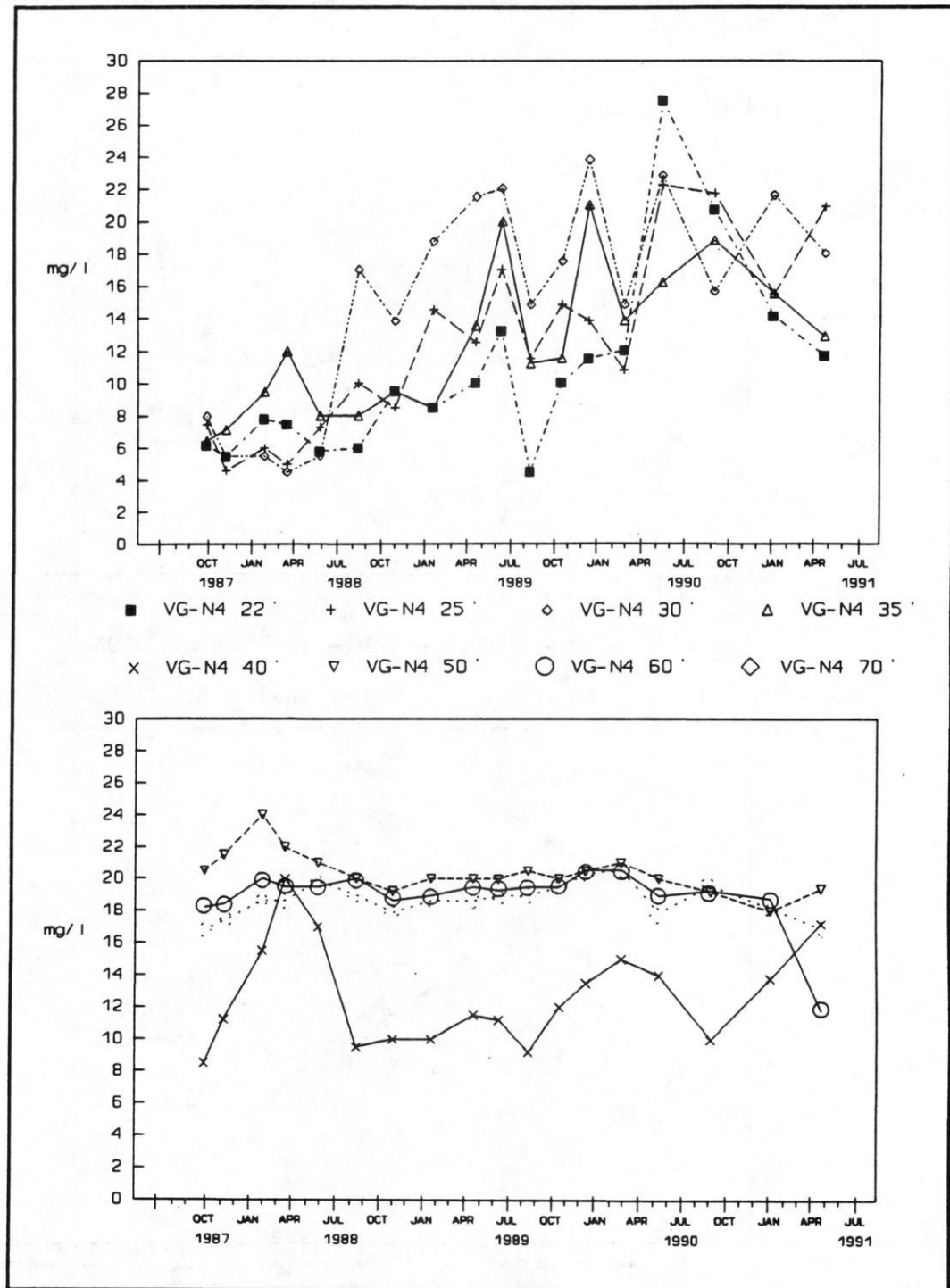


Figure 39. Nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l) of well N4 in Village Green, 1987 to 1991.

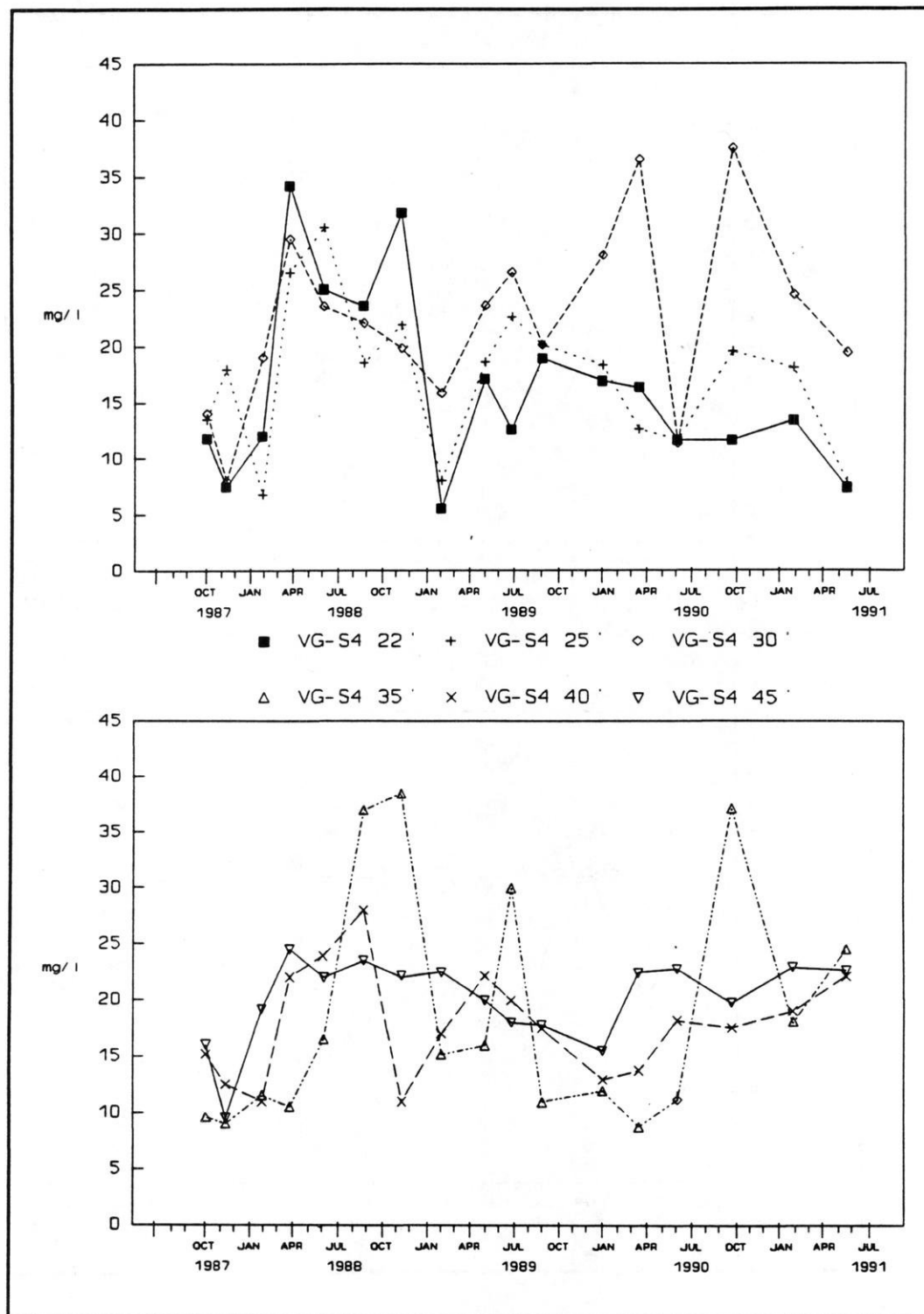


Figure 40. Nitrate-N concentrations (mg/l) of well S4 in Village Green, 1987 to 1991.

Nitrate-N values for the upper seven meters of the aquifer at S4, while showing considerable variability over time, do not show a long term trend of changing water chemistry. Wells sampling the same water depths at N4 do show a definite increase in nitrate-N concentrations over this four year study period. The primary factor contributing to this difference is the increasing amount of development upgradient of N4 during and in the seven years preceding the study. Most of the lots upgradient of S4 were developed at least ten years before the start of the study and their impact would have reached the downgradient well nests before the study began.

Shallow well ports in both well nests show steep increases of nitrate-N from 1987 to 1988. Most of this increase is attributed to the fact that for several years preceding the study there was above normal precipitation and groundwater recharge, which caused the groundwater nitrate-N to be relatively low. In 1988 there were drought conditions and significantly reduced recharge, which resulted in increased concentrations of nitrate-N. Dropping water levels during this time period shown in Figure 17 (page 76), illustrate this effect. Increased recharge in 1989-91 (indicated by a rise in the water table) is considered to have caused greater dilution of septic effluent, thereby reducing nitrate-N concentrations.

Well S4-30 does not show the same decrease in nitrate-N in 1989-91 as the shallower wells. This is attributed to a longer travel time for this water, which still shows increases from the drought years, while shallower wells show the dilution of more recent recharge events.

These data illustrate the wide variety of nitrate-N concentrations that can occur vertically, horizontally, and over time downgradient from land uses such as

subdivisions. Drawing conclusions from a single sample from a single depth at one point in time is virtually impossible. Use of carefully located multilevel wells, and sampling for a number of years is essential for any sound conclusions to be drawn relative to subdivision impacts on groundwater quality.

N. Geophysical Techniques

Electrical Resistivity (ER) and Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) were evaluated for their potential value in locating plumes from septic systems. The consistent geologic nature of the alluvial outwash sand, the relatively shallow watertable, and an extensive monitoring well network provided ideal conditions for such an evaluation. If a geophysical technique was determined to be effective at locating septic plumes in the sand plain, it would be a useful tool for siting local private water supply wells, and prove very useful for future hydrogeological investigations in the area.

ER was evaluated at two different septic systems where sufficient downgradient space was available for the proper electrode spacing. The space required by the electrode configuration proved very limiting in the subdivision environment. Although increases in electrical conductivity approaching five times that of background were measured in groundwater at one of the sites, the narrowness of the septic plume as compared to the required electrode spacing likely resulted in non-impacted areas masking the affect of the impacted zone. Interferences from underground and overhead utilities (prevalent throughout the subdivision) also made interpretation of the measured resistance readings very difficult. It was concluded that ER was of limited value for locating septic plumes in the subdivision environment.

GPR was evaluated at the Jordan Acres septic study site where the downgradient septic plume was well defined, where the technique proved ineffective at locating the edge of the septic plume. GPR was also evaluated at several nearby mound systems where monitoring well networks were also installed. The depth to groundwater in

this region was generally much shallower (<3.3 m) and the radar seemed to respond with a reduced signal over the plume at one or two of the sites, but results later proved inconclusive. The groundwater contaminant plumes from septic systems are apparently not of sufficient strength for this technique to be effective, particularly in areas where five to eight meters of unsaturated sands exist above the plume.

O. Trace Organic Chemical Investigation

A number of private wells, multiport monitoring wells and septic system monitoring wells were sampled and analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). Detailed results of these studies are reported in Henkel (1992).

Occurrence of trace organic compounds from septic system disposal was investigated by installing monitoring wells to sample the upper 0.9 m (3 ft) of groundwater downgradient of, and within 9 m (30 ft) of drainfields. A total of five systems were evaluated where the downgradient monitoring wells intercepted the contaminant plume from the septic systems (Table 16).

Samples from the five systems on three dates were analyzed for VOCs. Four of the five systems had detectable VOCs present on at least one sample date. No sites had VOCs present on all three sample dates, illustrating the ephemeral nature of VOC contamination of groundwater from household practices. The chemicals found, and the measured concentrations are presented in Table 16.

Benzene, toluene, dichloroethane (DCA), trichloroethane (TCA), and tetrachloroethylene (PCE) were identified in the groundwater samples. Additional peaks were occasionally present, but not in the group of chemicals identifiable by EPA Methods 5030/601-602. Some detects of VOCs were found in private wells and downgradient monitoring wells, however the concentrations were low and not reproducible on subsequent sampling dates. Occurrences appeared to be localized and in low concentrations.

These data clearly indicate VOCs can reach groundwater from household chemical use and disposal into septic systems. The ephemeral nature of occurrence, and relatively low concentrations help minimize the health impact, however, more significant concentrations are possible if larger quantities were disposed of by homeowners.

WELL	VOC Analysis			PAH Analysis		ECD Analysis	TSD Analysis
	Oct 1988	Jan 1989	April 1989	Jan 1989	April 1989	April 1989	April 1989
MCD-SUA	nd	-	-	-	-	-	-
MCD-SDB	nd	nd	2.53 BEN	nd	nd	+	+
MOR-SUB	2.1 TOL	-	-	-	-	-	-
MOR-SDA	8.8 DCA 21.6 TCA	2.4 DCA 5.1 TCA	nd	nd	nd	*	*
BAR-SUB	1.9 PCE	-	-	-	-	-	-
BAR-SDA	nd	nd	nd	nd	*	*	+
BAR-SDC	nd	nd	nd	nd	bdl	*	*
KOP-SUB	nd	-	-	-	-	-	-
KOP-SDA	nd	-	2.17 BEN	-	bdl	*	+
AMD-SUA	2.4 TOL	-	-	-	-	-	-
AMD-SDB	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	*	*

Results are $\mu\text{g/l}$ (parts/billion)

nd chemical was not detected in the sample

- sample was not analyzed for that analyte

* sample contained numerous and/or off scale unidentified peaks

+ sample contained detectable concentrations of that chemical group

bdl sample contained identifiable PAH compounds below the method detection limit

BEN Benzene

TOL Toluene

DCA 1,1-Dichloroethane

TCA 1,1,1-trichloroethane

PCE 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethene

Table 16. Summary of organic chemicals detected in groundwater monitoring well samples between October 1988 and April 1989.

Limited sampling and analysis for PAHs did show some movement of these chemicals to groundwater. PAHs with concentrations less than one ppb were detected in two wells downgradient of drainfields. Chemicals identified in these two wells were benzo(ghi)perylene, phenanthrene, fluorene, pyrene, and benzo(c)pyrene. Many of these chemicals are found in household products. The lack of groundwater standards for these chemicals makes it difficult to address the significance of these findings. Further research on the presence of these chemicals in groundwater and concentrations downgradient of septic systems should be conducted.

Other Organic Chemicals

A series of samples were collected from monitoring wells up and downgradient of septic systems and analyzed using a methylene chloride extraction and gas chromatography analysis using electron capture (ECD) and thermoionic specific detectors (TSD). This was done to determine the relative abundance of semi-volatile chemicals in groundwater downgradient of septic systems compared to groundwater upgradient of the same drainfields. Results from all five sites indicated the occurrence of a large number of unidentified organic chemicals in groundwater downgradient of drainfields, but few upgradient. Further research using GCMS is needed to identify these chemicals and their concentrations.

The above series of analyses demonstrated a wide range of organic chemicals moving from the septic tank through conventional drainfields to the groundwater underlying these systems (at a depth of approximately 7 meters and 7 meters downgradient of the drainfield).

Potential Sources of the Detected Organic Compounds

The following information was compiled by Hathaway (1980) from the list of the USEPA Priority Pollutants and the household products they are commonly associated with. VOCs are generally a component of metal degreasers, solvents, and detergents. Benzene is found in adhesives, deodorants, paint solvents and thinners, and dandruff shampoo. Toluene is commonly found in solvents, cleaning products, and cosmetics. The compound 1,1-dichloroethane (11DCA) is a solvent found in degreasers; 1,1,1-trichloroethane (111TCA) is a solvent found in drain and pipe cleaners, oven cleaners, degreasers, deodorizers, and photographic supplies; and 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethene (PCE) is a solvent found in upholstery and rug cleaners, contact cement, degreasers, wax removers, and is a component of pesticides used in garden sprays.

PAHs are common ingredients of dandruff shampoos, eczema and psoriasis remedies, antibiotic creams, athletes foot remedies, deodorants, insect repellents, some detergents, and are commonly used in the manufacture of dyes. These compounds would likely be present in drainfield effluent, but are generally immobilized by particulate absorption, and (except for naphthalene) are relatively insoluble in groundwater (Verschueren, 1983).

The ECD is sensitive to a wide range of semi-volatile halogenated organic compounds such as pesticides and PCBs. The TSD is selectively sensitive to the nitrogen and phosphorous containing semi-volatile organic compounds such as those found in many herbicides. Many chemicals found in household products such as

chlorophenols, phthalates, and nitrobenzenes can also be detected by these instruments.

The above lists are not complete, but rather, are a sampling of many commonly used products that contain these organic compounds. These data imply that the wells with VOC, PAH, ECD, and/or TSD detects are being impacted by residential land use and/or septic system discharges.

P. Conclusions

1. Lawns and septic systems contribute nitrate-N to groundwater, with septic systems having a greater impact than lawns.
2. The BURBS mass balance computer model does a good job of estimating subdivision water and nitrogen mass balances as long as the variables are well defined for the subdivision.
3. Housing densities of less than 1.1 to 1.7 dwellings per hectare were found to be needed to maintain nitrate-N concentrations below the 10 mg/l standard in the subdivisions studied.
4. In the sandy soil area of Central Wisconsin, using average groundwater recharge of 24.6 cm per year and three people per household would require housing densities less than 1.1 dwellings per hectare. Lower housing densities would be needed in areas with less groundwater recharge.
5. Mixing of subdivision-originated groundwater with that from upgradient sources is minimal and occurs in some areas more than others. This is apparently due to effects of private wells and differential recharge which cause local advectual processes.
6. Due to the recharge of most of the runoff water from roads and roofs, groundwater recharge from within a subdivision on sandy soils is considerably greater than from adjacent fields and woods. This results in greater dilution of septic system contaminants. The opposite would be true in areas where most road and roof runoff went to surface runoff rather than to groundwater recharge.
7. The amount of fluorescence in groundwater was generally a good indicator of septic effluent and was useful in identifying water originating from within the subdivision.
8. The ratio of sodium to chloride was useful in determining whether groundwater originated from agricultural sources, the subdivision, or a highway right-of-way.
9. Plumes from single or even a row of septic systems show minimal horizontal or vertical mixing with groundwater from other sources. Average reduction in nitrogen content from septic tank to groundwater adjacent to drainfields is only on the order of a two-fold dilution.

10. Phosphorus concentrations found in groundwater downgradient of four septic systems and two entire subdivisions indicate that sandy soil can become saturated with phosphorus within less than 20 years, and results in significant leaching of even this generally immobile chemical. (Concentrations ranging from 1 to 11 mg/l were found downgradient of four septic systems.)
11. A limited number and relatively low concentrations of VOCs were found in the groundwater associated with subdivision and septic system monitoring wells. These chemicals can and do get to groundwater from homeowner use, but current levels of use and disposal of VOCs were low enough to prevent any high concentrations from reaching groundwater under the studied subdivisions.
12. Well placement and depth of wells for homeowners in subdivisions needs to be carefully considered relative to septic system location and groundwater flow to prevent unwanted recycling of wastewater.

Q. Literature Cited

Alhajjar, B. J., G. Chesters, and J. M. Harkin. 1990. Indicators of chemical pollution from septic systems. *Ground Water*, 28(4):559-568.

Alhajjar, B. J., J. M. Harkin, and G. Chesters. 1989. Detergent formula effect on transport of nutrients to ground water from septic systems. *Ground Water*, 27:209-219.

Anderson, D. L., J. M. Rice, M. L. Vorhees, R. A. Kirkner, and K. M. Sherman. 1987. Ground water modeling with uncertainty analyses to assess the contamination potential from on-site sewage disposal systems in Florida. Proc. from the Fifth National Symposium on Individual and Small Community Sewage Systems, December 14-15, 1987, Chicago, Illinois. 411 pp.

APHA, AWWA and WPCF, 1985. Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.

Bauman, B. J. and W. M. Schafer. 1984. Estimating groundwater quality impacts from on-site sewage treatment systems. Proc. of the Fourth National Home Sewage Treatment Symposium. ASAE. pp 285-294.

Bicki, T. J., and R. B. Brown. 1991. On-site sewage disposal: The influence of system density on water quality. *Journ. Env. Health*, 53(5):39-42.

Bouma, J. 1979. Subsurface applications of sewage effluent. In M.T. Beatty et al. Planning the uses and management of land. *Agronomy*, 21:665-703.

Bradbury and Bahr Methods-Monitoring well installation

Brown, K.W. and Associates. 1980. An assessment of the impact of septic leach fields, home lawn fertilization and agricultural activities on groundwater quality. K.W. Brown and Associates, College Station, TX. 104 pp.

Cantor, L. W. and R. C. Knox. 1985. Septic tank system effects on groundwater quality. Lewis Publishers, Inc. 335 pp.

Childs, K. E., S. B. Upchurch, and B. Ellis. 1974. Sampling of variable waste-migration patterns in ground water. *Ground Water*, 12(6):369-377.

City of Stevens Point. 1991. Unpublished precipitation data from Stevens Point Wastewater Treatment Plant, Stevens Point, Wisconsin.

Clayton, L. 1986. Pleistocene Geology of Portage County, Wisconsin. University of Wisconsin Extension, Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Info. Circ., 56 pp.

Cogger, C. G. 1988. On-site septic systems: The risk of groundwater contamination. *Journ. Env. Health*, 51(1):12-16.

Cogger, C. G., and B. L. Carlile. 1984. Field performance of conventional and alternative systems in wet soil. *J. Environ. Qual.* 13:137-142.

DeWalle, F. B. and R. M. Schaff. 1980. Ground-water pollution by septic tank drianfields. *Journal of the Environmental Engineering Division.* 106:631-646.

Dudley, J. G. and D. A. Stephenson. 1973. Nutrient enrichment of ground water from septic tank disposal systems. Upper Great Lakes Regional Commission, Inland Lake Renewal and Shoreland Demonstration Project Rept., 131 pp.

Endelman, F. J., D. R. Keeney, J. T. Gilmour, and P. G. Saffigna. 1974. Nitrate and chloride movement in a Plainfield loamy sand Under intensive irrigation. *J. Environ. Qual.* 3:295-298.

Environmental Task Force. 1989. Unpublished data. University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

Faustini, J. M. 1985. Delineation of the Groundwater Flow Patterns in a portion of the Central Sand Plain of Wisconsin. M.S. Thesis. University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin. 117 pp.

Flipse, W. J., Jr. , B. G. Katz, J. B. Lindner, and R. Markel. 1984. Sources of nitrate in ground water in a sewered housing development, Central Long Island, New York. *Ground Water*, 22(4):418-426.

Freeze, R. A., and J. A. Cherry. 1979. *Groundwater*. Prentice Hall, Inc. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey 07632. p.328.

Gold, A. J., W. R. DeRagon, W. M. Sullivan, and J. L. Lemunyon. 1990. Nitrate-nitrogen losses to groundwater from rural and suburban land uses. *J. Soil and Water Cons.*, 45(2):305-310.

Hantzsche, N. N., and E. J. Finnemore. 1992. Predicting ground-water nitrate-Nitrogen impacts. *Ground Water*, 30(4):490-499.

Harmsen, E. W. 1989. Siting and Depth Recommendations for Water Supply Wells In Relation to On-Site Domestic Waste Disposal Systems. Ph.D. thesis, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin.

- Hathaway, S. W. 1980. Sources of toxic compounds in household wastewater. EPA-600/2-80-128. U.S. Environmental Agency, Cincinnati, OH, 45268. 83pp.
- Henkel, S. 1992. The Impact of subdivisions on groundwater quality in the Central Wisconsin Sand Plain; VOC contamination. M.S. Thesis. University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, Wisconsin.
- Holt, C. L. R., Jr. 1965. Geology and Water Resources of Portage County Wisconsin. U.S. Geological Survey Water Supply Paper 1796. 77 pp.
- Hughes, B. F. and S. Pacenka. 1985. BURBS; A Simulation of the Nitrogen Impact of Residential Development on Groundwater. Center for Environmental Research, Cornell University. Ithica, New York.
- Jonas, J. D. 1990. Comparative Toxicity of Selected Portage County Wells. M.S. Thesis. University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, Wisconsin. 35 pp.
- Katz, B. G., J. B. Lindner, and S. E. Ragone. 1980. A comparison of nitrogen from sewered and unsewered areas, Nassau County, New York, from 1952 through 1976. *Ground Water*, 18(6):607-616.
- Kimball, C. G. 1983. The Thermal, Chemical, and Physical Effects on the Hydrogeologic System in the Sand Plain of Wisconsin from Water Source Heat Pump Discharge via a Return Well. M.S. Thesis. University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison Wisconsin.
- Kolega, J. J., D. W. Hill, and R. Laak. 1986. Contribution of toxic chemicals to groundwater for domestic on-site sewage disposal systems. National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA, 22161. 38 pp.
- Kraft, G. J., and P. A. Helmke. 1992. Dependence of aldicarb residue degradation rates on groundwater chemistry in the Wisconsin Central Sands. *J. Environ. Qual.* 21:368-372.
- Kuo, S. and Mikkelsen. 1979. Distribution of iron and phosphorus in flooded and unflooded soil profiles and their relationship to phosphorus adsorption. *Soil Science*, 127:1.
- Laak, R. 1974. Nitrogen and phosphorus removal in a septic tank and a lagoon. Experimental investigation of nitrogen and phosphorus removal at the University of Connecticut Research Station. University of Connecticut, Storrs, Connecticut.
- Laak R., K. A. Healy, and D. M. Hardisty. 1975. Rational basis for septic tank system design. *Ground Water*, 12(6):348-351.

- Lance, J. C. 1977. Phosphate removal from sewage water by soil columns. *J. Environ. Qual.* 6:279-284.
- Leonard, L. 1986. Application of a computer modeling technique for understanding groundwater impacts associated with residential development, unpublished manuscript. Center for Land Information Studies, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin.
- Manser, R. J. 1983. An Investigation into the Movement of Aldicarb Residues in Groundwater in the Central Sand Plain of Wisconsin. M.S. Thesis, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin.
- Mechenich, C. 1988. Nitrate in Wisconsin's drinking water-What is its human health significance. Literature review for UW-Extension faculty. Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center, Stevens Point, Wisconsin.
- Mechenich, C., B. H. Shaw, P. Nowak, and F. Madison 1991. Chemical Use and Attitudes about Groundwater in Two Portage County, Wisconsin Subdivisions. Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center, Stevens Point, Wisconsin.
- Morton, T. G., A. J. Gold, and W. M. Sullivan. 1988. Influence of over watering and fertilization on nitrogen losses from home lawns. *J. Environ. Qual.*, 17(1):124-130.
- Nagpal, N. K. 1986. Effect of soil and effluent characteristics on phosphorus sorption in dosed columns. *J. Environ. Qual.* 15:73-78.
- Noss, R. R. and M. Billa. 1988. Septic system maintenance management. *J. of Urban Planning and Development*, 114(2):73-90.
- Noss, R. R. 1989. Septic system cleaners: A significant threat to groundwater quality. *Journ. of Env. Health*, 51(4):201-204.
- Office of Technology Assessment. 1984. Protecting the nation's groundwater from contamination. U.S. Congress, Washington, DC. Report No. OTA-0-233.
- Osborne, T. 1988. Unpublished data. Central Wisconsin Groundwater Center, University of Wisconsin, Stevens Point, Wisconsin.
- Owen, T. R., and D. Barraclough. 1983. The leaching of nitrates from intensively fertilized grassland. *Fert. Agric.* 85:43-50.
- Pell, M. and F. Nyberg. 1985. Kvavereduktion. In: Bromssen U. (ed). *Avloppsinfiltration, Naturvardsverket, Minab/Gotab, Stockholm, Sweden.*

- Perkins, R. J. 1984. Septic tanks, lot size and pollution of water table aquifers. *Journ. of Env. Health*, 46(6):298-304.
- Petrovic, A. M. 1990. The fate of nitrogenous fertilizers applied to turf grass. *J. Environ. Qual.* 19(1):1-14.
- Pitt, W. A. J., Jr., H. C. Mattraw, and H. Klein. 1975. Groundwater quality in selected areas serviced by septic tanks, Dade County, FL. U.S. Geological Survey Open File Report No. 75-607. Tallahassee, FL. 82 pp.
- Quan, E. L., H. R. Sweet, and J. R. Illian. 1974. Subsurface sewage disposal and contamination of ground water in East Portland, Oregon. *Ground Water*, 12(6):356-367.
- Rea, R. A. and S. B. Upchurch. 1980. Influence of regolith properties on migration of septic tank effluent. *Ground Water*, 18(2):118-125.
- Reneau, R. B. 1979. Change in concentration of selected chemical pollutants in wet, tile-drained soil systems as influenced by disposal of septic tank effluents. *J. Environ. Qual.*, 8(2):189-195.
- Reneau, R. B., C. Hagedorn, M. J. Degen. 1989. Fate and transport of biological and inorganic contaminants from on-site disposal of domestic wastewater. *J. Environ. Qual.*, 18:135-144.
- Reneau, R. B., and D. E. Pettry. 1976. Phosphorus distribution from septic tank effluent in coastal plain soils. *J. Environ. Qual.*, 5(1):34-39.
- Rieke, P. E., and B. G. Ellis. 1974. Effects of nitrogen fertilization on nitrate movement under turf grass. p.120-129. In E. C. Roberts (ed.) *Proc. Int. Turf. Conf.*, 2nd. Blacksburg, Va. 19-21 June, 1973. ASA, Madison Wisconsin.
- Robertson, W. D., J. A. Cherry, and E. A. Sudicky. 1991. Ground-Water contamination from two small septic systems on sand aquifers. *Ground Water*, 29(1):82-92.
- Rothchild, E. R. 1982. Hydrogeology and contaminant transport modeling of the Central Sand Plain, Wisconsin. M.S. Thesis. University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin.
- Sawhney, B. L. 1977. Predicting phosphate movement through soil columns. *J. Environ. Qual.* 6(1):86-89.
- Shaw, B. H. 1985. Guide to interpreting inorganic water quality data for drinking water. University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.

- Shaw, B. H. 1988. Phosphate detergent document review. Written correspondence to G. Chesters. University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.
- Shaw, B.H. and N. T. Turyk 1992. A Comparative Study of Nitrate-N Loading to Groundwater from Mound, In Ground Pressure, and At Grade Septic System. University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point.
- Small Scale Waste Management Project. 1978. Management of small waste flows. University of Wisconsin-Madison. EPA-600/7-78-173.
- Stoertz, M. W. 1985. Groundwater recharge processes in the Central Sand Plain of Wisconsin. M.S. Thesis. University of Wisconsin-Madison, Madison, Wisconsin.
- Tinker Jr., J. R. 1991. An analysis of nitrate-nitrogen in ground water beneath unsewered subdivisions. Ground Water Monitoring Review, 11(1):141-150.
- Tomson, M., C. Curran, J. M. King, H. Wang, J. Dauchy, V. Gordy, and B. H. Ward. 1984. Characterization of soil disposal system leachates. EPA-600/2-84-101. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Cincinnati, OH, 45268. 76 pp.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1977. The Report To Congress-Waste Disposal Practices And Their Effects On Groundwater. U.S. EPA, Washington, DC.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 1980. Design Manual-On-Site Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Systems. U.S. EPA Rep. 625/1-80-012. U.S. EPA, Washington, DC.
- VanRyswyk, W. S., 1993. An Evaluation of Conventional Septic Systems and their impact on Groundwater Quality in the Central Wisconsin Sand Plain, M.S. Thesis (draft). University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point, Stevens Point, Wisconsin.
- Verschueren, Karel, 1983. Handbook of Environmental Data on Organic Chemicals, 2nd ed. VanNostrand Reinhold Co. NY.
- Vigel, J., S. Warburton, W. S. Haynes, and L. R. Kaiser. 1965. Nitrates in municipal water supply cause methemoglobinemia in infant. Public Health Reports, 80(12):1119-1121.
- Viraraghavan, T. 1985. Temperature effects on on-site wastewater treatment disposal systems. Journ. Env. Health, 48(1):10-13.
- Viraraghavan, T. and R. G. Warncock. 1976. Groundwater pollution from a septic tile field. Water, Air, and Soil Pollution, 5:281-287.

- Walker, W. G., J. Bouma, D. R. Keeney, and F. R. Magdoff. 1973. Nitrogen transformations during subsurface disposal of septic tank effluent in sands: I. Soil transformations. *J. Environ. Qual.*, 2(4):475-480.
- Walker, W. G., J. Bouma, D. R. Keeney, and P. G. Olcott. 1973. Nitrogen transformation during subsurface disposal of septic tank effluent in sands: II. Ground water quality. *J. Environ. Quality*, 2(4):521-525.
- Weeks, E. P. 1969. Determining the ratio of horizontal to vertical permeability by aquifer test analysis. *Water Resources Research*, 5(1):196-214.
- Weeks, E. P., D. W. Erickson, and C. L. R. Holt, Jr. 1965. Hydrology of the Little Plover River Basin Portage County, Wisconsin and the Effects of Water Resource Development. United States Geological Survey, Water Supply Paper 1811, 77 pp.
- Weeks, E. P., and Stangland. 1971. Effects of irrigation on stream flow in the Central Sand Plain of Wisconsin. U.S. Geological Survey Open File Rep. 113 pp.
- Wehrmann, A. 1983. Potential nitrate contamination of groundwater in the Roscoe Area, Winnebago County, Illinois. SES Contract Report 325. Illinois Dept. Of Energy and Natural Resources-State Water Survey Division, Groundwater Section. p.58.
- Whelan, B. R. 1988. Disposal of septic tank effluent in calcareous sands. *J. Environ. Qual.* 17:272-277.
- Yates, M. V. 1985. Septic tank density and ground-water contamination. *Ground Water*, 23(5):586-591.
- Yates, M. V. and S. R. Yates. 1989. Septic tank setback distances: A way to minimize virus contamination of drinking water. *Ground Water*, 27(2):202-208.

APPENDIX A

Groundwater Well Chemistry

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
1	HU	05/30/87	2.8	8	3.9	-0.005	8.49	181	56	84	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.80	8.00	3.90	0.001	8.49	181.00	56.00	84.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
10	HU	05/30/87	4.7	21	2.2	-0.005	8.32	230	48	104	0.0
10	HU	05/31/88	8.5	10	0.0	0.000	8.03	230	72	112	0.0
10	HU	06/15/89	2.0	9	2.0	0.000	8.33	225	92	116	6.0
AVERAGE:			5.07	13.33	2.10	0.001	8.23	228.33	70.67	110.67	6.00
COUNT:			3	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	1
11	HU	05/30/87	3.4	12	1.4	-0.005	8.12	211	64	94	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.40	12.00	1.40	0.001	8.12	211.00	64.00	94.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
12	HU	05/30/87	2.9	11	1.9	-0.005	8.12	228	72	104	0.0
12	HU	06/15/89	4.0	11	4.5	0.000	8.46	198	62	96	5.0
12	HU	07/09/90	4.5	14	3.5	-0.002	8.21	220	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			3.80	12.00	3.30	0.001	8.26	215.33	67.00	100.00	5.00
COUNT:			3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
13	HU	06/15/87	1.2	22	2.0	-0.002	8.10	203	76	100	0.0
13	HU	05/31/88	1.8	8	0.0	0.000	8.17	210	80	112	0.0
13	HU	09/14/88	1.8	9	0.0	0.000	8.11	208	72	104	0.0
13	HU	06/15/89	1.8	9	2.0	0.000	8.35	196	80	104	5.0
AVERAGE:			1.65	12.00	2.00	0.001	8.18	204.25	77.00	105.00	5.00
COUNT:			4	4	2	1	4	4	4	4	1
14	HU	05/30/87	3.2	14	2.0	-0.005	8.18	224	68	100	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			3.20	14.00	2.00	0.001	8.18	224.00	68.00	100.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
15	HU	11/05/85	11.0	9	0.0	0.000	8.14	239	60	80	0.0
15	HU	05/30/87	6.8	8	1.7	-0.005	8.24	217	56	100	0.0
AVERAGE:			8.90	8.50	1.70	0.001	8.19	228.00	58.00	90.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	0
16	HU	05/30/87	6.3	7	1.4	-0.005	8.14	223	68	100	0.0
16	HU	06/15/89	5.5	8	2.5	0.000	8.10	242	88	128	5.0
AVERAGE:			5.90	7.50	1.95	0.001	8.12	232.50	78.00	114.00	5.00
COUNT:			2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1
17	H	12/19/83	6.2	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
AVERAGE:			6.20	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
COUNT:			1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	H	06/15/87	11.0	17	6.5	-0.002	7.91	273	50	120	0.0
18	H	05/31/88	8.0	14	0.0	0.000	7.21	211	36	108	0.0
18	H	06/15/89	9.0	17	8.5	0.000	8.21	322	92	148	7.0
AVERAGE:			9.33	16.00	7.50	0.001	7.78	268.67	59.33	125.33	7.00
COUNT:			3	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	1
19	H	11/05/85	5.5	29	0.0	0.008	8.20	218	60	116	0.0
19	H	05/30/87	9.0	21	4.0	0.010	8.05	284	60	116	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			7.25	25.00	4.00	0.009	8.13	251.00	60.00	116.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
2	H	05/30/87	2.5	18	2.5	-0.005	8.41	227	72	104	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.50	18.00	2.50	0.001	8.41	227.00	72.00	104.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
20	H	04/03/84	10.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
20	H	11/05/85	9.5	26	0.0	0.005	8.08	269	68	104	0.0
20	H	05/30/87	14.0	20	11.5	-0.005	8.19	350	80	128	0.0
20	H	05/31/88	14.0	15	0.0	0.000	8.05	334	76	136	0.0
20	H	09/14/88	3.5	14	0.0	0.000	8.06	223	60	100	0.0
20	H	06/15/89	3.8	12	4.0	0.000	8.19	206	64	100	6.0
AVERAGE:			9.13	17.40	7.75	0.003	8.11	276.40	69.60	113.60	6.00
COUNT:			6	5	2	2	5	5	5	5	1
21	H	05/25/77	11.4	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
21	H	06/23/77	3.1	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
21	H	09/12/84	6.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
21	H	11/05/85	5.5	22	0.0	0.006	8.09	213	64	100	0.0
21	H	05/30/87	8.5	18	2.4	-0.005	8.13	259	56	116	0.0
21	H	05/31/88	5.0	13	0.0	0.000	8.15	234	60	116	0.0
21	H	09/14/88	4.5	15	0.0	0.000	8.19	220	56	100	0.0
21	H	06/15/89	4.0	12	3.0	0.000	8.32	220	72	112	6.0
AVERAGE:			6.00	16.00	2.70	0.004	8.18	229.20	61.60	108.80	6.00
COUNT:			8	5	2	2	5	5	5	5	1
22	H	05/30/87	3.7	14	3.4	-0.005	8.20	212	56	96	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			3.70	14.00	3.40	0.001	8.20	212.00	56.00	96.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
23	H	05/30/87	2.4	15	1.2	-0.005	8.18	226	72	108	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.40	15.00	1.20	0.001	8.18	226.00	72.00	108.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
24	H	07/31/79	2.6	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
24	H	05/30/87	1.6	15	2.0	-0.005	8.34	192	60	88	0.0
24	H	05/31/88	1.5	8	0.0	0.000	8.23	207	76	140	0.0
24	H	09/14/88	18.5	80	0.0	0.000	8.38	217	68	108	0.0
24	H	06/15/89	2.5	8	2.5	0.000	8.28	241	92	136	6.0
AVERAGE:			5.34	27.75	2.25	0.001	8.31	214.25	74.00	118.00	6.00
COUNT:			5	4	2	1	4	4	4	4	1
25	H	07/31/79	2.7	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
25	H	11/05/85	2.0	3	0.0	0.000	8.20	142	60	70	0.0
25	H	05/30/87	2.0	6	1.5	-0.005	8.21	184	68	88	0.0
25	H	09/21/88	3.5	4	0.0	0.000	8.21	149	52	64	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.55	4.33	1.50	0.001	8.21	158.33	60.00	74.00	*****
COUNT:			4	3	1	1	3	3	3	3	0
26	H	06/15/83	13.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
26	H	06/24/83	7.3	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
26	H	05/30/87	8.2	12	5.7	-0.005	8.22	260	60	116	0.0
26	H	05/31/88	8.3	15	0.0	0.000	8.01	288	76	152	0.0
26	H	09/14/88	14.5	19	0.0	0.000	7.85	376	88	164	0.0
26	H	06/15/89	11.5	16	9.0	0.000	8.14	350	100	164	8.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			10.47	15.50	7.35	0.001	8.06	318.50	81.00	149.00	8.00
COUNT:			6	4	2	1	4	4	4	4	1
27	H	05/31/88	10.0	17	0.0	0.000	7.99	338	80	164	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.00	17.00	*****	*****	7.99	338.00	80.00	164.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
28	H	05/30/87	17.5	17	23.0	-0.005	8.13	401	92	140	0.0
28	H	06/14/88	15.0	26	5.5	0.000	8.00	457	104	156	14.0
AVERAGE:			16.25	21.50	14.25	0.001	8.07	429.00	98.00	148.00	14.00
COUNT:			2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1
29	H	11/05/85	8.8	33	0.0	0.500	7.70	418	136	170	0.0
29	H	12/02/86	6.0	10	35.0	6.900	7.83	358	120	88	0.0
29	H	05/30/87	13.0	23	38.0	5.100	7.88	433	100	112	0.0
29	H	05/31/88	9.8	17	0.0	0.000	7.71	400	124	148	0.0
29	H	09/14/88	9.5	24	0.0	0.000	7.81	449	136	168	0.0
29	H	06/05/89	7.3	12	12.8	2.100	7.73	373	124	164	9.0
AVERAGE:			9.07	19.83	28.60	3.650	7.78	405.17	123.33	141.67	9.00
COUNT:			6	6	3	4	6	6	6	6	1
3	H	05/30/87	7.0	17	3.6	-0.005	8.45	253	42	108	0.0
AVERAGE:			7.00	17.00	3.60	0.001	8.45	253.00	42.00	108.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
30	H	06/15/87	5.5	25	13.0	-0.002	7.87	339	114	156	0.0
30	H	08/03/89	17.0	25	29.0	0.070	7.91	491	120	188	35.0
30	H	08/08/89	14.0	25	17.5	0.282	8.14	432	116	176	19.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			12.17	25.00	19.83	0.118	7.97	420.67	116.67	173.33	27.00
COUNT:			3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
31	H	11/05/85	12.8	18	0.0	-0.002	8.01	292	76	124	0.0
31	H	05/30/87	8.1	9	6.1	-0.005	8.16	246	60	108	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.45	13.50	6.10	0.001	8.09	269.00	68.00	116.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
32	H	11/04/85	2.0	15	0.0	0.005	8.00	192	56	92	0.0
32	H	05/30/87	4.8	12	3.4	-0.005	8.25	239	68	112	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.40	13.50	3.40	0.003	8.13	215.50	62.00	102.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
33	H	05/30/87	5.6	16	2.1	-0.005	8.40	247	68	108	0.0
AVERAGE:			5.60	16.00	2.10	0.001	8.40	247.00	68.00	108.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
34	H	07/17/79	14.8	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
AVERAGE:			14.80	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
COUNT:			1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	H	11/05/85	0.5	6	0.0	0.000	8.20	151	60	76	0.0
35	H	05/30/87	0.9	14	1.5	-0.005	8.30	194	64	90	0.0
35	H	06/14/88	0.8	9	8.5	0.000	8.11	211	76	96	6.0
35	H	06/15/89	1.5	8	2.5	0.000	8.30	253	108	164	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			0.93	9.25	4.17	0.001	8.23	202.25	77.00	106.50	5.50
COUNT:			4	4	3	1	4	4	4	4	2
35	I	05/30/87	3.2	14	3.2	-0.005	8.18	216	60	98	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.20	14.00	3.20	0.001	8.18	216.00	60.00	98.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
36	H	06/15/87	5.0	12	2.5	-0.002	7.96	203	60	100	0.0
36	H	05/31/88	3.5	10	0.0	0.000	8.04	228	76	120	0.0
36	H	06/15/89	2.5	10	3.0	0.000	8.19	269	110	140	6.0
AVERAGE:			3.67	10.67	2.75	0.001	8.06	231.33	82.00	120.00	6.00
COUNT:			3	3	2	1	3	3	3	3	1
37	H	05/30/87	9.5	18	2.5	-0.005	8.26	263	52	112	0.0
AVERAGE:			9.50	18.00	2.50	0.001	8.26	263.00	52.00	112.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
38	H	10/30/84	6.5	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
38	H	11/05/85	5.0	18	0.0	-0.002	7.95	209	40	88	0.0
38	H	05/30/87	6.6	28	5.6	0.005	8.16	264	52	108	0.0
AVERAGE:			6.03	23.00	5.60	0.003	8.06	236.50	46.00	98.00	*****
COUNT:			3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
39	H	11/05/85	10.0	16	0.0	0.000	7.97	292	72	120	0.0
39	H	07/09/86	9.8	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
39	H	05/30/87	8.1	15	7.2	-0.005	8.14	254	56	102	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			9.30	15.50	7.20	0.001	8.06	273.00	64.00	111.00	*****
COUNT:			3	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	0
4	H	06/15/87	5.2	17	3.5	-0.002	7.84	242	64	108	0.0
AVERAGE:			5.20	17.00	3.50	0.001	7.84	242.00	64.00	108.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
40	HD	09/05/79	3.9	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
40	HD	11/05/85	7.5	47	0.0	0.000	8.10	245	72	112	0.0
40	HD	05/30/87	9.0	17	7.0	-0.005	8.21	272	64	120	0.0
AVERAGE:			6.80	32.00	7.00	0.001	8.16	258.50	68.00	116.00	*****
COUNT:			3	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	0
41	HD	05/30/87	9.3	21	1.7	-0.005	8.26	258	48	116	0.0
41	HD	08/03/89	6.0	17	2.1	0.002	8.18	249	60	128	9.0
AVERAGE:			7.65	19.00	1.90	0.002	8.22	253.50	54.00	122.00	9.00
COUNT:			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
42	HD	05/30/87	11.0	16	63.0	-0.005	8.25	296	76	116	0.0
AVERAGE:			11.00	16.00	63.00	0.001	8.25	296.00	76.00	116.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
43	HD	05/30/87	7.6	10	8.8	1.010	8.04	294	92	132	0.0
43	HD	05/31/88	7.5	10	0.0	0.000	7.84	301	96	136	0.0
43	HD	09/14/88	6.0	17	0.0	0.000	7.91	320	96	144	0.0
43	HD	06/15/89	6.2	16	8.0	0.000	7.85	343	124	172	7.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			6.83	13.25	8.40	1.010	7.91	314.50	102.00	146.00	7.00
COUNT:			4	4	2	1	4	4	4	4	1
44	HD	11/05/85	5.5	11	0.0	0.040	7.81	242	100	108	0.0
44	HD	05/30/87	4.2	7	4.0	0.160	8.15	216	72	102	0.0
44	HD	05/31/88	4.8	9	0.0	0.000	7.97	229	72	100	0.0
44	HD	09/14/88	8.0	14	0.0	0.000	8.14	267	64	124	0.0
44	HD	06/15/89	4.5	12	4.0	0.000	8.23	238	74	120	5.0
AVERAGE:			5.40	10.60	4.00	0.100	8.06	238.40	76.40	110.80	5.00
COUNT:			5	5	2	2	5	5	5	5	1
45	HD	05/30/87	3.9	10	3.2	-0.005	8.17	232	76	108	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.90	10.00	3.20	0.001	8.17	232.00	76.00	108.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
46	H	05/30/87	6.7	14	2.8	0.010	8.29	248	72	122	0.0
46	H	05/31/88	9.8	18	0.0	0.000	7.42	226	52	112	0.0
46	H	09/14/88	11.0	8	0.0	0.000	7.91	253	64	116	0.0
46	H	06/15/89	4.5	5	2.5	0.000	8.29	192	64	100	6.0
AVERAGE:			8.00	11.25	2.65	0.010	7.98	229.75	63.00	112.50	6.00
COUNT:			4	4	2	1	4	4	4	4	1
47	H	11/05/85	4.5	11	0.0	0.000	8.04	228	80	100	0.0
47	H	05/30/87	3.0	13	2.1	-0.005	8.15	212	72	100	0.0
47	H	06/26/87	4.2	13	1.9	0.005	8.03	230	68	104	0.0
47	H	06/14/88	12.5	9	2.0	0.000	8.21	291	72	136	5.0
47	H	06/15/89	7.0	9	3.0	0.000	8.14	270	88	140	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			6.24	11.00	2.25	0.003	8.11	246.20	76.00	116.00	5.00
COUNT:			5	5	4	2	5	5	5	5	2
48	H	05/30/87	5.0	16	2.7	-0.005	8.23	247	78	108	0.0
AVERAGE:			5.00	16.00	2.70	0.001	8.23	247.00	78.00	108.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
49	H	06/15/87	3.5	12	2.5	0.005	8.03	234	66	114	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.50	12.00	2.50	0.005	8.03	234.00	66.00	114.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
50	H	05/30/87	2.6	11	3.5	-0.005	8.13	191	58	84	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.60	11.00	3.50	0.001	8.13	191.00	58.00	84.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
500	DRZ	08/14/90	4.6	16	3.7	-0.002	8.25	240	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			4.60	16.00	3.70	0.001	8.25	240.00	*****	*****	6.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
51	HD	05/30/87	10.0	24	6.5	0.095	8.15	302	84	124	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.00	24.00	6.50	0.095	8.15	302.00	84.00	124.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
52	HD	05/30/87	8.0	8	11.5	-0.005	8.20	255	78	92	0.0
52	HD	05/31/88	10.0	13	0.0	0.000	8.02	316	88	136	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
52	HD	09/14/88	9.0	15	0.0	0.000	7.96	327	52	140	0.0
52	HD	06/15/89	7.5	25	14.0	0.000	8.12	355	102	152	7.0
AVERAGE:			8.63	15.25	12.75	0.001	8.08	313.25	80.00	130.00	7.00
COUNT:			4	4	2	1	4	4	4	4	1
53	HD	11/05/85	6.5	19	0.0	0.065	7.20	67	112	144	0.0
53	HD	12/02/86	12.5	10	11.0	0.032	7.98	324	116	144	0.0
53	HD	05/31/88	13.5	16	0.0	0.000	7.92	428	116	172	0.0
53	HD	09/14/88	16.2	16	0.0	0.000	8.01	471	136	204	0.0
53	HD	06/15/89	8.8	20	17.5	0.000	8.04	351	104	156	9.0
AVERAGE:			11.50	16.20	14.25	0.049	7.83	328.20	116.80	164.00	9.00
COUNT:			5	5	2	2	5	5	5	5	1
54	HD	11/05/85	3.2	20	0.0	-0.002	8.20	230	80	104	0.0
54	HD	12/02/86	3.0	8	4.2	-0.002	8.00	205	52	120	0.0
54	HD	06/15/87	3.5	20	7.0	0.005	7.89	286	72	106	0.0
54	HD	05/31/88	5.0	17	0.0	0.000	7.95	298	92	144	0.0
54	HD	06/15/89	8.2	46	24.0	0.000	7.97	490	148	212	8.0
AVERAGE:			4.58	22.20	11.73	0.002	8.00	301.80	88.80	137.20	8.00
COUNT:			5	5	3	3	5	5	5	5	1
54	ID	06/15/87	2.5	10	6.0	0.002	7.85	248	82	100	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.50	10.00	6.00	0.002	7.85	248.00	82.00	100.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
55	HD	11/05/85	7.5	18	0.0	-0.002	8.01	301	104	136	0.0
55	HD	05/30/87	7.1	22	8.9	0.010	7.97	355	116	160	0.0
55	HD	05/31/88	7.0	20	0.0	0.000	7.81	373	124	168	0.0
55	HD	09/14/88	6.0	17	0.0	0.000	7.94	329	108	148	0.0
55	HD	06/15/89	7.5	17	5.5	0.000	8.04	286	94	144	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			7.02	18.80	7.20	0.006	7.95	328.80	109.20	151.20	5.00
COUNT:			5	5	2	2	5	5	5	5	1
6	H	11/05/85	6.6	15	0.0	0.000	8.10	251	60	76	0.0
6	H	12/02/86	10.0	10	16.0	-0.002	7.84	263	52	120	0.0
6	H	05/30/87	10.8	16	24.5	-0.005	8.37	292	68	80	0.0
6	H	05/31/88	9.0	14	0.0	0.000	8.11	258	56	108	0.0
6	H	06/15/89	7.2	19	8.5	0.000	8.28	292	84	136	7.0
AVERAGE:			8.72	14.80	16.33	0.001	8.14	271.20	64.00	104.00	7.00
COUNT:			5	5	3	2	5	5	5	5	1
8	H	11/05/85	7.5	25	0.0	0.015	8.33	252	68	112	0.0
8	H	05/30/87	9.8	22	5.5	-0.005	8.17	278	52	116	0.0
8	H	05/31/88	7.3	18	0.0	0.000	8.07	296	80	128	0.0
8	H	09/14/88	8.0	18	0.0	0.000	8.19	311	76	160	0.0
8	H	06/15/89	7.0	33	9.0	0.000	8.13	378	114	176	8.0
AVERAGE:			7.92	23.20	7.25	0.008	8.18	303.00	78.00	138.40	8.00
COUNT:			5	5	2	2	5	5	5	5	1
9	H	05/30/87	4.0	14	3.1	-0.005	8.35	202	60	92	0.0
AVERAGE:			4.00	14.00	3.10	0.001	8.35	202.00	60.00	92.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
DER	H	07/03/91	5.6	17	4.5	0.005	8.33	264	0	0	14.0
AVERAGE:			5.60	17.00	4.50	0.005	8.33	264.00	*****	*****	14.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
DEV	SDD	10/13/90	0.8	8	29.5	0.002	8.24	195	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
DEV	SDD	05/02/91	1.8	6	6.0	-0.002	8.03	180	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			1.30	7.00	17.75	0.002	8.14	187.50	*****	*****	8.00
COUNT:			2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2
DEV	SDM	10/13/90	1.2	23	36.0	-0.002	8.07	280	0	0	9.0
DEV	SDM	05/02/91	2.3	6	8.0	-0.002	7.94	187	0	0	15.0
AVERAGE:			1.75	14.50	22.00	0.001	8.01	233.50	*****	*****	12.00
COUNT:			2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2
DEV	SDS	10/13/90	2.3	55	32.0	-0.002	7.86	410	0	0	12.0
DEV	SDS	05/02/91	3.1	6	12.5	-0.002	7.88	205	0	0	25.0
AVERAGE:			2.70	30.50	22.25	0.001	7.87	307.50	*****	*****	18.50
COUNT:			2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2
E1	22	09/24/87	1.5	9	1.1	0.008	8.16	176	72	80	0.0
E1	22	11/02/87	1.5	11	2.0	-0.002	7.85	179	68	100	0.0
E1	22	01/20/88	2.0	14	1.8	0.000	8.22	190	64	88	0.0
E1	22	03/29/88	1.8	14	2.0	0.002	7.94	210	72	100	0.0
E1	22	05/24/88	2.0	10	2.0	-0.002	8.39	205	80	104	0.0
E1	22	07/27/88	2.0	10	1.8	0.005	8.24	208	68	96	6.0
E1	22	10/12/88	2.2	9	2.1	-0.002	8.25	205	64	96	9.0
E1	22	03/29/89	3.0	10	2.4	0.005	8.24	214	80	92	8.0
E1	22	06/28/89	3.0	19	2.5	0.005	8.10	219	76	116	7.0
E1	22	08/28/89	3.0	10	2.0	0.010	8.31	196	68	104	5.0
E1	22	10/28/89	2.5	15	3.0	-0.002	8.28	229	88	108	5.0
E1	22	01/08/90	3.0	17	3.2	0.002	8.34	232	84	120	7.0
E1	22	05/22/90	2.7	12	3.0	0.000	8.28	247	0	0	6.0
E1	22	08/13/90	2.7	9	3.2	0.000	8.25	215	76	116	5.0
E1	22	01/12/91	3.4	18	4.8	0.005	8.26	247	0	0	3.0
E1	22	07/03/91	3.7	12	4.7	0.012	8.29	192	0	0	11.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
AVERAGE:			2.50	12.44	2.60	0.004	8.21	210.25	73.85	101.54	6.55
COUNT:			16	16	16	13	16	16	13	13	11
E1	25	09/24/87	1.8	10	1.0	0.002	8.21	193	68	94	0.0
E1	25	11/02/87	2.0	12	2.0	-0.002	8.22	196	64	100	0.0
E1	25	01/20/88	2.4	12	1.8	-0.002	8.16	190	72	88	0.0
E1	25	03/29/88	2.5	13	9.0	0.002	8.04	206	64	96	0.0
E1	25	05/24/88	2.5	11	2.0	-0.002	8.41	210	72	108	0.0
E1	25	07/27/88	2.5	10	2.3	0.005	8.25	209	68	96	6.0
E1	25	10/12/88	2.5	10	2.2	-0.002	8.14	206	56	98	7.0
E1	25	03/29/89	3.0	10	2.0	0.002	8.36	195	72	100	8.0
E1	25	06/28/89	3.0	16	2.5	0.005	8.14	202	60	104	6.0
E1	25	08/28/89	3.0	10	2.0	0.005	8.33	200	76	108	6.0
E1	25	10/28/89	3.2	12	3.0	-0.002	8.27	208	40	96	6.0
E1	25	01/08/90	3.0	12	3.0	-0.002	8.33	196	64	104	7.0
E1	25	05/22/90	3.0	12	3.5	0.000	8.02	224	0	0	6.0
E1	25	08/13/90	3.1	11	3.7	-0.002	8.31	218	72	108	5.0
E1	25	01/12/91	3.0	12	4.2	0.005	8.32	200	0	0	3.0
E1	25	07/03/91	3.4	13	4.7	0.005	8.22	237	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			2.74	11.63	3.06	0.003	8.23	205.63	65.23	100.00	6.55
COUNT:			16	16	16	15	16	16	13	13	11
E1	30	09/24/87	3.0	10	2.4	-0.002	8.22	201	60	96	0.0
E1	30	11/02/87	3.5	12	2.5	-0.002	8.24	206	68	100	0.0
E1	30	01/20/88	3.5	12	2.4	-0.002	8.18	201	72	96	0.0
E1	30	03/29/88	3.0	14	2.0	0.002	8.14	211	68	100	0.0
E1	30	05/24/88	3.2	10	2.0	0.005	8.39	217	68	100	0.0
E1	30	07/27/88	3.5	10	2.6	0.005	8.33	213	60	98	6.0
E1	30	10/12/88	3.5	10	2.8	-0.002	8.03	202	60	96	7.0
E1	30	03/29/89	3.5	10	2.5	0.002	8.36	192	64	100	7.0
E1	30	06/28/89	3.0	17	2.5	0.005	8.12	186	52	92	5.0
E1	30	08/28/89	2.8	11	2.0	0.005	8.27	178	60	92	5.0
E1	30	10/28/89	3.0	12	2.5	-0.002	8.26	176	56	92	4.0
E1	30	01/08/90	3.2	11	2.8	-0.002	8.32	181	56	96	6.0
E1	30	02/14/90	3.0	10	2.6	0.005	8.26	185	64	92	0.0
E1	30	05/22/90	2.7	8	3.1	0.000	7.59	181	0	0	5.0
E1	30	08/13/90	3.0	8	2.7	-0.002	8.31	176	52	88	3.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E1	30	01/12/91	3.0	12	3.2	0.002	8.33	192	0	0	3.0
E1	30	07/03/91	3.8	12	4.0	0.008	8.25	212	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			3.19	11.12	2.62	0.003	8.21	194.71	61.43	95.57	5.64
COUNT:			17	17	17	16	17	17	14	14	11
E1	35	09/24/87	4.5	11	2.5	0.002	7.88	203	60	94	0.0
E1	35	11/02/87	4.5	13	2.5	-0.002	8.23	214	60	100	0.0
E1	35	01/20/88	4.5	11	2.4	-0.002	8.24	199	68	96	0.0
E1	35	03/29/88	4.2	11	3.0	0.005	8.17	206	76	92	0.0
E1	35	05/24/88	4.5	10	3.0	0.005	8.30	212	64	100	0.0
E1	35	07/27/88	4.0	8	3.0	0.005	8.31	193	52	84	5.0
E1	35	10/12/88	3.5	8	3.2	-0.002	8.14	186	52	86	9.0
E1	35	03/29/89	3.0	8	2.8	0.002	8.39	170	54	80	7.0
E1	35	06/28/89	2.8	15	3.0	0.005	8.09	173	48	92	5.0
E1	35	08/28/89	2.5	9	2.0	0.005	8.32	169	52	88	4.0
E1	35	10/28/89	3.0	11	2.5	-0.002	8.34	177	52	84	4.0
E1	35	01/08/90	3.5	11	3.0	-0.002	8.33	180	60	96	6.0
E1	35	05/22/90	3.5	9	3.0	0.000	7.41	191	0	0	5.0
E1	35	08/13/90	4.1	8	3.7	-0.002	8.30	198	56	96	5.0
E1	35	01/12/91	4.1	12	4.4	0.005	8.34	202	0	0	3.0
E1	35	07/03/91	4.5	12	4.7	0.005	8.25	224	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			3.79	10.44	3.04	0.003	8.19	193.56	58.00	91.38	5.91
COUNT:			16	16	16	15	16	16	13	13	11
E1	40	09/24/87	5.5	12	4.0	0.002	7.85	213	52	94	0.0
E1	40	11/02/87	5.5	13	4.0	-0.002	8.20	214	60	96	0.0
E1	40	01/20/88	6.0	12	4.2	-0.002	8.39	212	68	92	0.0
E1	40	03/29/88	6.0	12	5.0	0.002	8.10	249	76	96	0.0
E1	40	05/24/88	5.2	8	4.0	0.005	8.43	209	60	92	0.0
E1	40	07/27/88	3.5	5	4.2	0.008	8.42	169	56	70	4.0
E1	40	10/12/88	2.5	5	4.1	0.016	8.26	162	44	84	5.5
E1	40	03/29/89	2.5	5	3.0	-0.002	8.48	145	52	72	5.0
E1	40	06/28/89	2.5	11	3.0	0.002	8.13	159	48	84	5.0
E1	40	08/28/89	2.8	8	2.5	0.005	8.41	168	56	88	4.0
E1	40	10/28/89	3.5	12	3.0	-0.002	8.43	188	48	88	4.0
E1	40	01/08/90	3.8	10	3.0	0.005	8.41	181	56	96	6.0
E1	40	05/22/90	3.2	6	3.0	0.000	8.22	184	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E1	40	08/13/90	3.8	8	2.9	-0.002	8.33	179	48	84	4.0
E1	40	01/12/91	5.4	13	4.0	0.002	8.38	207	0	0	3.0
E1	40	07/03/91	6.5	14	4.9	0.005	8.30	245	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			4.26	9.63	3.68	0.004	8.30	192.75	55.69	87.38	5.23
COUNT:			16	16	16	15	16	16	13	13	11
E1	45	09/24/87	7.0	16	4.8	0.002	7.33	241	56	104	0.0
E1	45	11/02/87	6.8	18	5.0	-0.002	8.31	244	60	108	0.0
E1	45	01/20/88	6.6	13	5.0	-0.002	8.19	225	60	96	0.0
E1	45	03/29/88	6.8	12	5.0	0.002	8.26	253	60	95	0.0
E1	45	05/24/88	6.8	10	5.0	0.008	8.48	231	56	100	0.0
E1	45	07/27/88	5.0	6	5.0	0.005	8.28	187	56	76	5.0
E1	45	10/12/88	3.5	5	4.9	-0.002	8.23	175	52	76	6.8
E1	45	03/29/89	2.5	4	4.0	-0.002	8.54	148	56	76	5.0
E1	45	06/28/89	2.2	8	4.0	0.005	8.33	154	48	80	4.0
E1	45	08/28/89	2.5	6	3.0	0.008	8.43	157	60	80	3.0
E1	45	10/28/89	2.5	6	3.5	-0.002	8.40	162	52	76	3.0
E1	45	01/08/90	3.5	8	3.0	0.005	8.39	171	68	88	5.0
E1	45	05/22/90	2.5	5	2.5	0.000	8.14	163	0	0	4.0
E1	45	08/13/90	2.6	4	2.6	-0.002	8.34	159	52	80	4.0
E1	45	01/12/91	5.5	12	3.0	0.005	8.39	210	0	0	3.0
E1	45	07/03/91	6.6	13	3.7	0.002	7.92	232	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			4.56	9.13	4.00	0.003	8.25	194.50	56.62	87.31	4.89
COUNT:			16	16	16	15	16	16	13	13	11
E1	55	09/24/87	7.8	21	7.9	0.002	7.93	276	60	108	0.0
E1	55	11/02/87	7.5	22	8.0	-0.002	8.35	265	68	112	0.0
E1	55	01/20/88	7.5	18	7.0	0.005	8.30	249	64	104	0.0
E1	55	03/29/88	6.5	14	38.0	-0.002	8.32	266	60	100	0.0
E1	55	05/24/88	6.8	14	7.0	0.005	8.44	247	64	100	0.0
E1	55	07/27/88	6.5	11	7.2	0.005	8.44	241	60	98	6.0
E1	55	10/12/88	5.8	10	6.2	0.005	8.27	231	60	98	9.0
E1	55	03/29/89	3.5	7	5.5	-0.002	8.47	203	58	92	7.0
E1	55	06/28/89	7.0	11	6.0	0.002	8.31	221	64	104	6.0
E1	55	08/28/89	6.0	7	6.0	0.005	8.40	206	68	100	4.0
E1	55	10/28/89	6.0	7	6.0	0.008	8.36	214	64	92	5.0
E1	55	01/08/90	4.5	5	3.6	-0.002	8.40	194	68	96	2.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E1	55	05/22/90	3.2	1	5.3	0.000	7.79	187	0	0	4.0
E1	55	08/13/90	3.6	2	5.8	-0.002	8.37	193	68	96	4.0
E1	55	01/12/91	2.5	4	5.8	0.008	8.45	179	0	0	2.0
E1	55	07/03/91	2.8	4	5.1	0.008	8.31	273	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			5.47	9.88	8.15	0.004	8.31	227.81	63.54	100.00	5.27
COUNT:			16	16	16	15	16	16	13	13	11
E1	65	09/24/87	1.8	3	1.3	-0.002	7.49	212	76	104	0.0
E1	65	11/02/87	2.2	5	2.0	-0.002	7.72	215	84	108	0.0
E1	65	01/20/88	4.0	6	1.8	-0.002	7.78	214	80	104	0.0
E1	65	03/29/88	4.0	5	2.0	-0.002	7.91	248	76	106	0.0
E1	65	05/24/88	2.2	4	2.0	0.005	8.03	226	88	108	0.0
E1	65	07/27/88	0.8	2	1.8	0.005	7.91	227	88	118	8.0
E1	65	10/12/88	0.5	3	2.0	-0.002	8.08	233	88	114	10.0
E1	65	03/29/89	1.5	4	2.0	-0.002	8.01	228	84	116	7.0
E1	65	06/28/89	-0.2	4	2.5	0.005	7.88	222	88	120	9.0
E1	65	08/28/89	0.5	3	2.5	0.002	8.00	213	112	120	7.0
E1	65	10/28/89	0.8	2	3.5	-0.002	8.00	220	100	112	8.0
E1	65	01/08/90	0.5	2	3.7	-0.002	8.08	209	96	116	4.0
E1	65	05/22/90	-0.2	4	4.0	0.000	7.93	216	0	0	9.0
E1	65	08/13/90	-0.2	-2	4.0	-0.002	8.08	224	104	124	10.0
E1	65	01/12/91	0.3	-1	3.8	0.002	8.10	211	0	0	5.0
E1	65	07/03/91	-0.2	2	3.7	0.002	7.89	233	0	0	19.0
AVERAGE:			1.194	3.063	2.66	0.002	7.93	221.94	89.54	113.08	8.73
COUNT:			16	16	16	15	16	16	13	13	11
E1	SPI	08/13/90	3.8	9	3.2	-0.002	8.23	196	56	90	4.0
AVERAGE:			3.80	9.00	3.20	0.001	8.23	196.00	56.00	90.00	4.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
E2	22	09/24/87	2.8	6	4.5	0.005	7.85	205	68	90	0.0
E2	22	11/02/87	3.0	7	4.5	-0.002	8.02	231	88	104	0.0
E2	22	03/29/88	2.5	5	5.0	-0.002	8.00	331	128	140	0.0
E2	22	05/24/88	2.0	5	4.0	-0.002	7.96	258	112	124	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E2	22	07/27/88	3.0	3	4.2	0.005	7.64	293	120	142	8.0
E2	22	03/29/89	0.5	3	2.6	0.050	7.41	134	60	64	19.0
E2	22	06/28/89	1.0	4	3.0	0.030	8.04	154	60	80	5.0
E2	22	08/29/89	8.5	5	3.0	0.005	8.16	305	124	164	4.0
E2	22	08/14/90	4.4	8	3.3	0.005	7.82	263	0	0	4.0
AVERAGE:			3.08	5.11	3.79	0.011	7.88	241.56	95.00	113.50	8.00
COUNT:			9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	5
E2	25	09/24/87	2.3	8	4.8	0.002	7.72	188	60	86	0.0
E2	25	11/02/87	2.0	8	5.0	-0.002	8.06	187	72	84	0.0
E2	25	01/20/88	2.0	6	5.4	-0.002	8.10	198	76	88	0.0
E2	25	03/29/88	3.2	6	6.0	-0.002	8.04	306	100	122	0.0
E2	25	05/24/88	3.0	7	6.0	0.010	8.14	290	92	136	0.0
E2	25	07/27/88	3.0	5	6.0	0.005	8.01	288	116	140	12.0
E2	25	10/12/88	2.8	6	5.3	-0.002	7.90	272	100	124	6.0
E2	25	03/29/89	0.5	2	2.4	0.005	8.69	68	28	36	18.0
E2	25	06/28/89	4.2	9	3.5	0.005	8.04	334	136	188	5.0
E2	25	08/29/89	5.5	9	3.0	-0.002	7.96	344	120	172	6.0
E2	25	05/22/90	8.5	6	4.5	0.000	8.07	344	0	0	6.0
E2	25	08/14/90	15.4	12	3.5	0.008	7.94	388	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			4.37	7.00	4.62	0.004	8.06	267.25	90.00	117.60	8.29
COUNT:			12	12	12	11	12	12	10	10	7
E2	30	09/24/87	2.3	8	5.2	-0.002	7.85	197	56	82	0.0
E2	30	11/02/87	1.5	12	5.0	-0.002	8.08	188	64	80	0.0
E2	30	01/20/88	2.0	10	5.4	0.002	8.12	191	68	80	0.0
E2	30	03/29/88	1.5	6	5.0	0.002	8.11	233	68	88	0.0
E2	30	05/24/88	0.5	6	4.0	0.014	8.27	184	68	84	0.0
E2	30	07/27/88	1.5	3	4.1	0.006	8.14	223	84	110	8.0
E2	30	10/12/88	2.0	5	3.4	0.005	7.69	235	88	112	6.5
E2	30	03/29/89	5.2	5	4.2	0.005	8.15	325	124	164	8.0
E2	30	06/28/89	2.5	11	2.5	0.002	8.05	254	100	148	4.0
E2	30	08/29/89	2.5	8	3.5	-0.002	8.00	287	112	144	5.0
E2	30	05/22/90	2.5	8	1.9	0.000	8.22	217	0	0	5.0
E2	30	08/14/90	2.5	8	1.9	0.005	8.10	211	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			2.21	7.50	3.84	0.004	8.07	228.75	83.20	109.20	5.93
COUNT:			12	12	12	11	12	12	10	10	7
E2	35	09/24/87	0.5	11	2.0	0.002	8.13	180	60	81	0.0
E2	35	11/02/87	0.2	15	2.0	-0.002	8.06	183	64	88	0.0
E2	35	01/20/88	1.0	15	2.0	-0.002	8.19	190	68	92	0.0
E2	35	03/29/88	1.2	18	2.0	-0.002	8.12	232	60	100	0.0
E2	35	05/24/88	1.0	17	2.0	-0.002	8.20	208	64	116	0.0
E2	35	07/27/88	1.8	13	1.8	0.005	8.09	203	64	96	10.0
E2	35	10/12/88	1.5	11	1.9	0.002	8.34	184	68	88	7.0
E2	35	03/29/89	1.0	8	2.0	0.088	8.07	175	68	80	11.0
E2	35	06/28/89	1.0	12	1.5	0.010	8.12	187	68	100	5.0
E2	35	08/29/89	1.2	10	1.5	0.002	7.96	204	72	100	5.0
E2	35	05/22/90	8.2	13	2.0	0.000	8.17	338	0	0	5.0
E2	35	08/14/90	2.5	10	1.7	-0.002	8.15	252	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			1.76	12.75	1.87	0.010	8.13	211.33	65.60	94.10	6.86
COUNT:			12	12	12	11	12	12	10	10	7
E2	40	09/24/87	1.5	13	1.4	0.002	8.14	192	60	91	0.0
E2	40	11/02/87	1.5	18	1.2	-0.002	8.16	205	68	96	0.0
E2	40	01/20/88	2.0	16	1.7	0.005	8.17	205	72	96	0.0
E2	40	03/29/88	1.8	16	2.0	-0.002	8.20	234	68	99	0.0
E2	40	05/24/88	1.8	16	2.0	0.002	8.34	212	64	100	0.0
E2	40	07/27/88	2.0	14	1.7	0.005	8.27	205	60	96	6.0
E2	40	10/12/88	2.0	12	1.9	0.005	8.00	193	60	96	6.3
E2	40	03/29/89	2.2	7	1.6	0.005	8.32	189	70	100	7.0
E2	40	06/28/89	2.0	11	1.5	0.002	8.06	183	64	100	6.0
E2	40	08/29/89	2.2	8	1.0	0.002	8.11	194	68	100	6.0
E2	40	05/22/90	3.0	12	2.0	0.000	8.24	275	0	0	5.0
E2	40	08/14/90	2.2	10	1.7	-0.002	8.27	233	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			2.02	12.75	1.64	0.003	8.19	210.00	65.40	97.40	5.90
COUNT:			12	12	12	11	12	12	10	10	7
E2	45	09/24/87	3.5	13	1.7	0.035	7.53	206	66	91	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E2	45	11/02/87	2.5	17	1.4	-0.002	7.50	203	72	96	0.0
E2	45	01/20/88	2.6	14	1.6	0.010	7.62	196	68	92	0.0
E2	45	03/29/88	2.5	13	2.0	0.015	7.72	228	64	92	0.0
E2	45	05/24/88	2.5	12	2.0	0.020	7.89	201	60	112	0.0
E2	45	07/27/88	3.0	8	1.5	0.022	7.80	188	56	92	8.0
E2	45	10/12/88	2.5	8	1.5	0.025	7.64	180	52	84	20.0
E2	45	03/29/89	2.5	6	1.5	0.052	7.80	180	62	84	11.0
E2	45	06/28/89	2.5	9	1.0	0.020	7.80	179	60	96	7.0
E2	45	08/29/89	3.0	8	1.0	0.015	7.97	196	64	100	6.0
E2	45	05/22/90	3.0	7	1.2	0.000	7.94	193	0	0	6.0
E2	45	08/14/90	2.7	8	1.0	-0.002	8.09	187	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			2.73	10.25	1.45	0.020	7.78	194.75	62.40	93.90	9.14
COUNT:			12	12	12	11	12	12	10	10	7
E3	22	07/09/87	1.5	10	3.6	-0.002	7.64	237	92	104	0.0
E3	22	09/24/87	0.5	2	6.6	0.010	7.08	395	200	200	0.0
E3	22	06/27/89	2.5	20	39.2	-0.002	7.66	391	164	128	36.0
E3	22	08/29/89	1.2	26	15.5	0.002	7.23	457	184	208	20.0
AVERAGE:			1.43	14.50	16.23	0.004	7.40	370.00	160.00	160.00	28.00
COUNT:			4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2
E3	25	07/09/87	1.5	8	2.6	-0.002	8.03	205	68	90	0.0
E3	25	09/24/87	4.3	8	5.8	0.010	7.72	250	80	117	0.0
E3	25	11/02/87	4.2	12	6.2	-0.002	7.78	272	104	128	0.0
E3	25	01/20/88	3.8	11	6.3	0.004	7.91	295	116	132	0.0
E3	25	03/29/88	3.0	7	6.0	-0.002	7.75	403	160	183	0.0
E3	25	05/24/88	3.5	8	6.0	0.002	7.83	322	132	152	0.0
E3	25	07/27/88	2.0	2	4.1	0.005	7.79	229	96	108	7.0
E3	25	10/12/88	2.5	8	4.1	0.005	7.73	294	116	140	7.2
E3	25	03/29/89	1.5	125	48.0	-0.002	7.45	164	276	276	12.0
E3	25	06/27/89	1.5	3	29.6	-0.002	7.90	309	148	120	117.0
E3	25	08/29/89	3.8	4	3.0	0.002	7.70	308	128	160	10.0
E3	25	01/15/90	4.5	7	3.5	-0.002	7.71	331	144	180	5.1
E3	25	03/28/90	0.5	38	23.0	-0.002	8.12	295	88	136	34.0
E3	25	05/22/90	1.5	29	20.5	0.000	7.80	439	0	0	16.0
E3	25	08/23/90	1.0	10	7.0	0.005	7.47	347	168	184	14.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			2.61	18.67	11.71	0.003	7.78	297.53	130.29	150.43	24.70
COUNT:			15	15	15	14	15	15	14	14	9
E3	30	07/09/87	1.5	8	3.5	-0.002	7.87	213	72	92	0.0
E3	30	09/24/87	2.0	4	2.5	0.010	8.01	175	52	75	0.0
E3	30	11/02/87	2.0	7	2.4	-0.002	7.97	171	64	92	0.0
E3	30	01/20/88	2.5	6	2.9	-0.002	7.65	180	64	84	0.0
E3	30	03/29/88	3.5	7	3.0	-0.002	8.08	246	64	98	0.0
E3	30	05/24/88	2.8	9	3.0	0.005	8.32	210	64	96	0.0
E3	30	07/27/88	2.5	6	3.8	0.005	8.26	187	60	84	5.0
E3	30	10/12/88	1.8	5	4.0	0.005	8.15	179	60	80	6.5
E3	30	03/29/89	2.0	5	4.5	-0.002	8.25	219	88	112	7.0
E3	30	06/27/89	5.0	7	6.4	0.005	8.30	344	124	172	22.0
E3	30	08/29/89	1.5	5	4.0	0.002	8.13	192	72	92	6.0
E3	30	01/15/90	3.8	7	3.0	-0.002	8.12	238	92	120	3.0
E3	30	03/28/90	3.5	8	4.5	0.002	8.02	262	108	136	6.0
E3	30	05/22/90	4.2	11	4.4	0.000	7.80	439	0	0	5.0
E3	30	08/23/90	4.1	12	2.0	0.002	8.07	267	100	144	6.0
AVERAGE:			2.85	7.13	3.59	0.003	8.07	234.80	77.43	105.50	7.39
COUNT:			15	15	15	14	15	15	14	14	9
E3	35	07/09/87	1.8	8	2.8	-0.002	7.88	192	60	84	0.0
E3	35	09/24/87	1.5	3	2.3	0.008	7.81	159	52	70	0.0
E3	35	11/02/87	1.5	7	2.2	-0.002	8.14	158	60	72	0.0
E3	35	01/20/88	2.0	7	2.5	0.005	7.96	173	60	80	0.0
E3	35	03/29/88	1.8	7	3.0	-0.002	8.20	198	60	80	0.0
E3	35	05/24/88	1.0	7	3.0	0.008	8.33	168	60	80	0.0
E3	35	07/27/88	1.0	5	3.1	0.008	8.28	171	56	76	5.0
E3	35	10/12/88	1.0	6	3.1	0.005	7.73	158	56	76	5.6
E3	35	03/29/89	1.0	4	3.8	-0.002	8.31	162	60	76	6.0
E3	35	06/27/89	0.8	4	3.0	0.005	8.48	154	60	72	6.0
E3	35	08/29/89	0.8	6	2.5	0.005	8.16	174	68	88	4.0
E3	35	01/15/90	1.8	8	1.5	-0.002	8.25	190	76	104	2.5
E3	35	03/28/90	3.5	8	3.5	0.002	8.12	254	94	132	6.0
E3	35	05/22/90	3.2	11	2.4	0.000	8.16	257	0	0	5.0
E3	35	08/23/90	3.7	9	1.5	0.005	8.18	260	104	144	6.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			1.76	6.67	2.68	0.004	8.13	188.53	66.14	88.14	5.12
COUNT:			15	15	15	14	15	15	14	14	9
E3	40	07/09/87	1.5	6	2.4	-0.002	7.80	185	64	80	0.0
E3	40	09/24/87	-0.2	3	1.7	0.005	7.95	171	64	78	0.0
E3	40	11/02/87	0.2	7	1.4	-0.002	8.04	167	68	76	0.0
E3	40	01/20/88	0.5	7	1.5	-0.002	8.03	171	68	80	0.0
E3	40	03/29/88	0.5	8	1.0	-0.002	8.15	196	60	80	0.0
E3	40	05/24/88	0.5	10	2.0	0.005	8.36	179	60	88	0.0
E3	40	07/27/88	0.8	10	1.7	0.005	8.23	189	64	84	4.0
E3	40	10/12/88	0.8	13	2.0	0.005	4.97	186	60	92	5.0
E3	40	03/29/89	1.0	11	1.8	-0.002	8.29	189	76	96	6.0
E3	40	06/27/89	1.0	9	2.4	0.005	8.41	181	60	88	5.0
E3	40	08/29/89	1.0	9	1.5	0.002	8.07	185	64	92	4.0
E3	40	01/15/90	1.5	8	1.0	-0.002	8.24	172	64	88	2.7
E3	40	03/28/90	1.2	8	1.0	-0.002	8.05	185	68	96	6.0
E3	40	05/22/90	2.0	10	1.3	0.000	8.18	199	0	0	5.0
E3	40	08/23/90	1.8	12	1.0	0.005	8.23	216	80	116	6.0
AVERAGE:			0.953	8.73	1.58	0.003	7.93	184.73	65.71	88.14	4.86
COUNT:			15	15	15	14	15	15	14	14	9
E3	45	07/09/87	0.5	7	1.5	-0.002	8.03	183	64	80	0.0
E3	45	09/24/87	2.0	18	1.5	-0.002	8.12	227	60	96	0.0
E3	45	11/02/87	2.0	20	1.2	-0.002	8.09	211	6	100	0.0
E3	45	01/20/88	2.4	18	1.6	-0.002	7.96	216	72	100	0.0
E3	45	03/29/88	2.2	20	2.0	0.002	8.20	252	68	104	0.0
E3	45	05/24/88	2.0	19	2.0	0.005	8.37	219	68	108	0.0
E3	45	07/27/88	2.0	14	1.5	0.005	8.30	214	64	998	5.0
E3	45	10/12/88	2.0	14	1.7	0.005	8.04	192	64	96	6.5
E3	45	03/29/89	2.8	9	1.5	-0.002	8.41	197	68	108	8.0
E3	45	06/27/89	2.5	8	1.5	0.005	8.61	199	60	112	8.0
E3	45	08/29/89	2.5	8	1.5	0.002	8.28	203	68	100	5.0
E3	45	01/15/90	3.5	7	1.0	-0.002	8.30	182	68	96	3.2
E3	45	05/22/90	3.2	8	1.2	0.000	8.26	194	0	0	5.0
E3	45	08/23/90	2.7	9	1.0	0.005	8.36	186	68	120	7.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			2.31	12.79	1.48	0.003	8.24	205.36	61.38	170.62	5.96
COUNT:			14	14	14	13	14	14	13	13	8
E4	22	07/09/87	3.1	7	14.4	-0.005	7.87	220	76	80	0.0
E4	22	09/24/87	4.5	11	8.2	0.038	8.01	256	76	100	0.0
E4	22	11/02/87	11.2	20	9.0	0.045	7.92	287	88	116	0.0
E4	22	01/20/88	8.0	14	9.3	0.110	7.86	283	80	116	0.0
E4	22	03/29/88	4.5	15	9.0	0.175	8.06	323	96	120	0.0
E4	22	05/24/88	3.8	20	16.0	0.188	8.07	350	136	148	0.0
E4	22	07/27/88	5.0	10	9.2	0.202	8.06	299	106	124	6.0
E4	22	10/12/88	6.5	9	5.0	0.245	7.82	237	72	110	8.5
E4	22	03/29/89	5.5	94	38.5	0.112	7.77	648	164	248	9.0
E4	22	06/27/89	4.5	26	24.0	0.155	8.01	349	108	128	9.0
E4	22	08/29/89	7.8	69	38.0	0.100	7.82	557	140	192	7.0
E4	22	10/28/89	8.5	30	19.5	0.105	7.85	398	120	160	6.0
E4	22	01/11/90	7.0	28	20.0	0.118	7.86	390	116	116	5.0
E4	22	03/28/90	7.0	44	25.0	0.085	7.86	441	132	176	12.0
E4	22	05/22/90	7.0	55	28.1	0.000	7.88	518	0	0	8.0
E4	22	11/08/90	12.8	41	35.2	0.060	7.75	503	0	0	7.0
E4	22	04/01/91	7.4	18	19.8	0.065	7.92	354	0	0	5.0
E4	22	07/02/91	13.0	23	21.8	0.052	7.76	510	0	0	17.0
AVERAGE:			7.06	29.67	19.44	0.109	7.90	384.61	107.86	138.14	8.29
COUNT:			18	18	18	17	18	18	14	14	12
E4	25	07/09/87	2.4	4	13.6	0.110	7.88	201	70	72	0.0
E4	25	09/24/87	2.5	4	5.3	0.232	7.93	188	64	76	0.0
E4	25	11/02/87	4.0	10	4.5	0.138	8.03	205	80	92	0.0
E4	25	01/20/88	9.4	12	5.8	0.132	7.81	282	80	116	0.0
E4	25	03/29/88	7.8	9	5.0	0.142	8.06	300	76	117	0.0
E4	25	05/24/88	5.8	7	6.0	0.145	8.16	254	84	112	0.0
E4	25	07/27/88	4.5	7	5.6	0.115	8.09	233	76	100	6.0
E4	25	10/12/88	7.5	10	8.1	0.122	7.83	265	96	116	9.0
E4	25	03/29/89	10.0	68	37.0	0.105	7.82	588	156	236	12.0
E4	25	06/27/89	7.0	13	13.3	0.095	8.09	349	116	152	8.0
E4	25	08/29/89	8.0	35	19.0	0.080	7.97	418	108	172	7.0
E4	25	10/28/89	8.5	16	9.0	0.075	7.96	319	96	144	6.0
E4	25	01/11/90	7.8	13	12.0	0.078	8.00	300	92	128	4.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E4	25	03/28/90	6.5	16	13.5	0.062	7.96	294	100	132	9.0
E4	25	05/22/90	7.0	33	16.0	0.000	7.99	392	0	0	6.0
E4	25	11/08/90	17.0	29	25.8	0.040	7.91	507	0	0	8.0
E4	25	04/01/91	14.6	22	34.6	0.045	8.00	462	0	0	7.0
E4	25	07/02/91	15.1	26	29.9	0.040	7.96	600	0	0	22.0
AVERAGE:			8.08	18.56	14.67	0.103	7.97	342.06	92.43	126.07	8.67
COUNT:			18	18	18	17	18	18	14	14	12
E4	30	07/09/87	1.9	3	2.1	-0.005	7.96	199	68	84	0.0
E4	30	09/24/87	1.8	3	2.2	0.010	8.14	182	64	82	0.0
E4	30	11/02/87	1.5	6	1.8	-0.002	8.15	174	72	80	0.0
E4	30	01/20/88	4.8	4	1.9	0.005	8.11	185	6	84	0.0
E4	30	03/29/88	4.5	7	2.0	0.005	8.16	216	60	86	0.0
E4	30	05/24/88	3.2	5	2.0	0.010	8.29	179	60	104	0.0
E4	30	07/27/88	4.0	7	2.2	0.010	8.24	192	60	84	4.0
E4	30	10/12/88	4.5	9	2.5	0.010	7.93	202	56	92	8.0
E4	30	03/29/89	3.0	7	4.5	0.002	8.12	184	60	92	6.0
E4	30	06/27/89	4.5	8	6.3	0.002	8.34	214	60	100	5.0
E4	30	08/29/89	7.5	9	6.5	0.005	8.20	279	88	128	5.0
E4	30	10/28/89	4.0	13	2.5	0.005	8.29	219	68	108	5.0
E4	30	01/11/90	4.0	8	5.5	0.005	8.25	225	72	104	3.0
E4	30	03/28/90	4.8	8	5.5	-0.002	8.05	226	84	104	8.0
E4	30	05/22/90	4.6	7	5.3	0.000	8.21	236	0	0	5.0
E4	30	11/08/90	8.0	14	12.4	0.002	7.96	319	0	0	7.0
E4	30	04/01/91	9.7	12	4.4	-0.002	8.22	305	0	0	3.0
E4	30	07/02/91	16.7	25	11.9	-0.002	8.07	541	0	0	18.0
AVERAGE:			5.17	8.61	4.53	0.004	8.15	237.61	62.71	95.14	6.42
COUNT:			18	18	18	17	18	18	14	14	12
E4	35	07/09/87	5.0	12	1.9	-0.005	7.96	231	72	116	0.0
E4	35	09/24/87	4.5	12	2.4	0.002	8.10	242	72	116	0.0
E4	35	11/02/87	4.5	18	2.2	-0.002	8.06	236	80	108	0.0
E4	35	01/20/88	5.0	11	2.5	-0.002	8.15	231	76	104	0.0
E4	35	03/29/88	4.8	10	2.0	0.005	8.30	247	64	102	0.0
E4	35	05/24/88	4.8	10	2.0	0.005	8.41	211	60	108	0.0
E4	35	07/27/88	5.0	12	2.4	0.005	8.34	227	62	104	5.0
E4	35	10/12/88	4.0	15	2.5	0.005	8.12	234	64	112	8.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E4	35	03/29/89	3.8	12	2.5	-0.002	7.81	224	68	124	8.0
E4	35	06/27/89	10.0	10	2.7	-0.002	8.58	225	60	108	8.0
E4	35	08/29/89	4.5	11	2.5	0.002	8.33	230	68	108	5.0
E4	35	10/28/89	5.8	11	7.5	-0.002	8.21	293	100	140	5.0
E4	35	01/11/90	3.8	10	2.0	-0.002	8.18	208	72	104	4.0
E4	35	03/28/90	3.8	8	2.0	-0.002	8.08	204	72	100	8.0
E4	35	05/22/90	3.6	8	2.3	0.000	8.26	201	0	0	5.0
E4	35	11/08/90	3.7	9	3.0	0.002	7.97	206	0	0	4.0
E4	35	04/01/91	3.6	10	2.6	-0.002	8.34	190	0	0	3.0
E4	35	07/02/91	3.7	10	3.4	0.002	8.34	207	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			4.66	11.06	2.69	0.002	8.20	224.83	70.71	111.00	5.83
COUNT:			18	18	18	17	18	18	14	14	12
E4	40	07/09/87	3.0	8	1.5	-0.005	8.25	206	70	94	0.0
E4	40	09/24/87	2.0	8	1.6	-0.002	8.14	199	60	92	0.0
E4	40	11/02/87	2.0	12	1.4	-0.002	8.15	190	68	88	0.0
E4	40	01/20/88	3.0	11	1.7	-0.002	8.21	207	64	92	0.0
E4	40	03/29/88	4.8	12	3.0	0.002	8.21	256	64	103	0.0
E4	40	05/24/88	5.5	12	2.0	0.004	8.35	230	68	108	0.0
E4	40	07/27/88	8.5	13	3.1	0.005	8.20	264	60	94	6.0
E4	40	10/12/88	8.5	15	4.0	0.005	8.07	252	64	140	10.0
E4	40	03/29/89	3.0	13	6.4	-0.002	8.06	203	68	124	6.0
E4	40	06/27/89	7.5	13	4.3	-0.002	8.50	257	60	120	7.0
E4	40	08/29/89	6.0	13	5.0	-0.002	8.24	262	68	120	6.0
E4	40	10/28/89	4.8	16	4.5	0.002	8.28	242	72	112	6.0
E4	40	01/11/90	3.5	13	3.0	-0.002	8.11	220	72	112	4.0
E4	40	03/28/90	3.5	12	4.0	-0.002	7.94	219	72	108	9.0
E4	40	05/22/90	3.7	11	4.0	0.000	8.16	239	0	0	5.0
E4	40	11/08/90	3.0	11	3.4	-0.002	7.93	219	0	0	4.0
E4	40	04/01/91	5.9	12	3.0	-0.002	8.33	253	0	0	3.0
E4	40	07/02/91	5.5	12	3.7	0.002	8.29	266	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			4.65	12.06	3.31	0.002	8.19	232.44	66.43	107.64	6.17
COUNT:			18	18	18	17	18	18	14	14	12
E4	45	07/09/87	7.0	11	2.1	-0.005	7.63	254	70	116	0.0
E4	45	09/24/87	6.5	10	3.7	0.002	8.06	254	68	114	0.0
E4	45	11/02/87	6.5	16	2.0	-0.002	7.73	250	76	116	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E4	45	01/20/88	7.0	11	2.2	-0.002	8.01	246	80	92	0.0
E4	45	03/29/88	6.5	11	3.0	0.008	8.20	257	64	112	0.0
E4	45	05/24/88	5.0	10	2.0	0.014	8.30	216	64	132	0.0
E4	45	07/27/88	4.8	10	2.2	0.005	8.24	223	128	100	5.0
E4	45	10/12/88	4.0	7	2.3	0.005	7.92	199	68	96	8.0
E4	45	03/29/89	4.5	8	2.4	-0.002	8.08	177	68	95	6.0
E4	45	06/27/89	5.0	10	2.6	-0.002	8.42	207	56	100	6.0
E4	45	08/29/89	4.5	11	2.5	0.002	8.28	220	64	112	4.0
E4	45	10/28/89	4.8	13	2.5	-0.002	8.16	214	64	104	4.0
E4	45	01/11/90	5.2	10	2.0	-0.002	8.21	214	64	112	3.0
E4	45	05/22/90	4.0	9	2.5	0.000	8.06	212	0	0	5.0
E4	45	11/08/90	3.4	6	2.8	0.005	8.09	183	0	0	3.0
E4	45	04/01/91	3.7	8	2.2	-0.002	8.33	174	0	0	2.0
E4	45	07/02/91	3.8	8	3.1	-0.002	8.24	199	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			5.07	9.94	2.48	0.003	8.12	217.59	71.85	107.77	4.73
COUNT:			17	17	17	16	17	17	13	13	11
E5	30	09/24/87	3.8	62	23.7	-0.002	7.87	446	92	152	0.0
E5	30	11/02/87	5.0	45	24.3	-0.002	7.83	372	96	112	0.0
E5	30	01/20/88	9.2	24	9.5	-0.002	8.02	331	84	104	0.0
E5	30	03/29/88	9.0	22	22.0	0.002	7.97	412	96	124	0.0
E5	30	05/24/88	9.2	10	22.0	-0.002	8.13	311	96	112	0.0
E5	30	07/27/88	10.0	17	21.1	0.005	8.05	365	96	128	9.0
E5	30	10/12/88	5.0	48	13.5	0.005	7.72	367	108	188	10.0
E5	30	03/29/89	9.5	22	21.5	-0.002	7.81	359	116	144	10.0
E5	30	06/27/89	27.5	34	34.8	-0.002	7.87	705	172	288	25.0
E5	30	08/29/89	13.0	31	22.5	-0.002	7.95	427	100	160	8.0
E5	30	10/28/89	15.2	23	23.0	-0.002	7.83	478	140	196	13.0
E5	30	01/15/90	15.5	27	24.0	0.005	7.78	453	140	196	6.9
E5	30	03/28/90	10.0	29	22.5	-0.002	8.10	450	132	180	12.0
E5	30	05/23/90	17.8	25	17.9	-0.002	7.97	561	0	0	5.0
E5	30	11/08/90	9.3	50	21.5	-0.002	7.87	484	0	0	5.0
E5	30	04/01/91	17.4	38	23.2	-0.002	7.81	583	0	0	10.0
E5	30	07/02/91	17.8	53	31.0	-0.002	7.76	674	0	0	19.0
AVERAGE:			12.01	32.94	22.24	0.002	7.90	457.53	112.92	160.31	11.08
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	13	13	12

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E5	35	09/24/87	8.0	12	7.6	0.002	8.14	329	96	136	0.0
E5	35	11/02/87	7.5	11	8.3	-0.002	8.06	270	92	108	0.0
E5	35	01/20/88	7.8	14	9.1	-0.002	8.01	275	76	108	0.0
E5	35	03/29/88	8.5	36	18.0	0.002	8.10	429	84	140	0.0
E5	35	05/24/88	8.4	8	14.0	-0.002	8.27	275	84	120	0.0
E5	35	07/27/88	6.8	5	7.4	0.005	8.20	244	80	100	7.0
E5	35	10/12/88	5.2	10	4.0	0.005	7.97	266	104	136	14.0
E5	35	03/29/89	24.5	31	33.5	-0.002	7.88	645	172	280	26.0
E5	35	06/27/89	15.5	41	28.4	-0.002	8.12	581	144	232	17.0
E5	35	08/29/89	10.2	38	21.0	-0.002	8.08	446	104	180	6.0
E5	35	10/28/89	20.5	56	25.0	-0.002	7.97	650	164	276	13.0
E5	35	01/15/90	7.5	71	29.0	0.005	8.00	526	156	220	4.3
E5	35	03/28/90	20.0	38	28.0	-0.002	8.25	555	148	232	21.0
E5	35	05/23/90	21.5	44	28.3	-0.002	7.97	643	0	0	6.0
E5	35	11/08/90	6.9	29	10.5	-0.002	8.04	384	0	0	4.0
E5	35	04/01/91	7.3	37	27.0	-0.002	8.16	400	0	0	4.0
E5	35	07/02/91	9.2	19	14.5	-0.002	8.10	374	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			11.49	29.41	18.45	0.002	8.08	428.94	115.69	174.46	10.86
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	13	13	12
E5	40	09/24/87	6.5	8	5.8	0.002	7.93	240	68	102	0.0
E5	40	11/02/87	8.0	13	6.1	-0.002	8.00	255	76	104	0.0
E5	40	01/20/88	11.2	9	4.8	-0.002	8.05	274	80	120	0.0
E5	40	03/29/88	11.5	10	4.0	0.005	8.11	330	68	129	0.0
E5	40	05/24/88	11.5	10	5.0	0.005	8.22	291	76	156	0.0
E5	40	07/27/88	11.2	10	6.3	0.005	8.20	285	76	120	6.0
E5	40	10/12/88	11.5	12	5.0	0.005	8.03	341	116	152	10.0
E5	40	03/29/89	7.8	14	8.4	0.002	7.90	265	76	124	8.0
E5	40	06/27/89	5.7	11	7.0	-0.002	8.35	254	72	112	9.0
E5	40	08/29/89	7.8	12	6.5	-0.002	8.15	289	92	132	7.0
E5	40	10/28/89	7.5	23	7.5	0.005	8.16	324	92	148	6.0
E5	40	01/15/90	4.5	16	7.5	-0.002	8.18	237	80	112	3.1
E5	40	03/28/90	6.0	10	13.5	-0.002	7.95	254	92	108	7.0
E5	40	05/23/90	4.5	11	6.9	-0.002	7.97	224	0	0	2.0
E5	40	11/08/90	5.0	16	12.5	-0.002	8.08	290	0	0	4.0
E5	40	04/01/91	10.6	19	11.2	-0.002	8.18	369	0	0	4.0
E5	40	07/02/91	12.3	20	7.2	-0.002	8.13	433	0	0	9.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
AVERAGE:			8.42	13.18	7.36	0.002	8.09	291.47	81.85	124.54	6.26
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	13	13	12
E5	45	09/24/87	4.0	9	5.1	0.002	8.09	216	60	89	0.0
E5	45	11/02/87	4.5	14	4.2	-0.002	8.18	213	68	92	0.0
E5	45	01/20/88	6.5	11	3.6	-0.002	8.11	232	76	100	0.0
E5	45	03/29/88	13.2	12	5.0	0.002	8.15	362	72	141	0.0
E5	45	05/24/88	7.0	9	3.0	0.005	8.34	236	68	116	0.0
E5	45	07/27/88	7.5	9	2.5	0.005	8.18	245	64	104	4.0
E5	45	10/12/88	10.5	12	5.8	0.002	7.95	284	80	124	9.0
E5	45	03/29/89	10.0	15	9.0	0.002	7.98	274	72	132	8.0
E5	45	06/27/89	12.2	16	7.4	-0.002	8.42	327	72	140	7.0
E5	45	08/29/89	13.0	18	7.5	-0.002	8.27	366	92	168	7.0
E5	45	10/28/89	9.0	16	9.5	-0.002	8.22	311	112	136	7.0
E5	45	01/15/90	8.5	11	12.0	-0.002	8.20	286	104	136	4.0
E5	45	03/28/90	10.5	13	13.5	-0.002	8.10	362	124	172	8.0
E5	45	05/23/90	13.5	17	12.3	-0.002	8.13	419	0	0	3.0
E5	45	11/08/90	15.1	25	10.8	-0.002	7.93	449	0	0	5.0
E5	45	04/01/91	14.6	24	10.2	-0.002	8.15	461	0	0	5.0
E5	45	07/02/91	9.3	16	9.4	-0.002	8.13	352	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			9.94	14.53	7.69	0.002	8.15	317.35	81.85	126.92	6.17
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	13	13	12
E5	50	09/24/87	4.5	10	4.1	0.002	8.11	222	64	96	0.0
E5	50	11/02/87	4.2	15	3.5	-0.002	8.16	222	68	92	0.0
E5	50	01/20/88	4.8	12	3.1	-0.002	8.10	217	68	96	0.0
E5	50	03/29/88	6.5	12	3.0	-0.002	8.23	274	64	108	0.0
E5	50	05/24/88	8.5	12	3.0	0.005	8.30	258	84	116	0.0
E5	50	07/27/88	5.0	10	2.6	0.005	8.28	222	66	102	5.0
E5	50	10/12/88	5.8	9	2.5	0.005	8.01	226	68	108	5.0
E5	50	03/29/89	10.8	11	5.0	-0.002	8.05	279	72	132	6.0
E5	50	06/27/89	12.0	15	6.8	-0.002	8.41	315	68	140	6.0
E5	50	08/29/89	13.5	16	8.0	0.002	8.19	325	76	144	5.0
E5	50	10/28/89	12.8	19	8.0	0.002	8.16	321	72	140	6.0
E5	50	01/15/90	8.5	11	12.0	-0.002	8.22	288	104	136	3.9
E5	50	03/28/90	8.0	13	8.0	-0.002	8.11	247	68	112	6.0
E5	50	05/23/90	9.0	15	8.1	-0.002	7.90	279	0	0	2.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E5	50	11/08/90	10.0	16	12.0	0.005	8.11	327	0	0	4.0
E5	50	04/01/91	8.2	17	11.4	-0.002	8.30	303	0	0	3.0
E5	50	07/02/91	6.8	15	9.9	0.002	8.27	291	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			8.17	13.41	6.53	0.002	8.17	271.53	72.46	117.08	4.91
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	13	13	12
E5	60	09/24/87	6.3	10	2.2	-0.002	8.14	221	60	100	0.0
E5	60	11/02/87	6.5	15	2.0	-0.002	7.75	220	64	100	0.0
E5	60	01/20/88	8.5	11	2.2	-0.002	8.19	236	68	104	0.0
E5	60	03/29/88	9.5	10	4.0	0.005	8.26	293	64	117	0.0
E5	60	05/24/88	10.5	11	3.0	0.010	8.35	271	68	100	0.0
E5	60	07/27/88	9.8	10	2.8	0.005	8.33	271	8	120	5.0
E5	60	10/12/88	9.5	11	3.4	0.002	8.07	256	72	120	6.0
E5	60	03/29/89	6.5	11	4.5	-0.002	8.03	243	72	132	6.0
E5	60	06/27/89	7.0	13	5.2	-0.002	8.35	263	64	120	6.0
E5	60	08/29/89	8.8	13	5.0	-0.002	8.23	276	64	128	5.0
E5	60	10/28/89	-0.2	15	6.5	-0.002	8.15	273	64	126	4.0
E5	60	01/15/90	7.2	14	5.0	-0.002	8.25	238	72	116	3.0
E5	60	05/23/90	4.5	15	6.0	-0.002	7.98	244	0	0	2.0
E5	60	11/08/90	5.9	15	6.2	0.005	8.14	242	0	0	3.0
E5	60	04/01/91	6.8	16	6.4	-0.002	8.37	255	0	0	3.0
E5	60	07/02/91	7.9	17	5.7	-0.002	8.39	285	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			7.200	12.94	4.38	0.002	8.19	255.44	61.67	115.25	4.45
COUNT:			16	16	16	16	16	16	12	12	11
E5	70	09/24/87	4.5	10	2.2	-0.002	8.11	230	74	104	0.0
E5	70	11/02/87	4.5	15	2.1	-0.002	7.61	236	80	108	0.0
E5	70	01/20/88	4.2	11	2.3	-0.002	8.04	229	80	104	0.0
E5	70	03/29/88	3.2	9	4.0	0.005	8.18	257	76	106	0.0
E5	70	05/24/88	3.0	10	2.0	0.002	8.21	221	76	96	0.0
E5	70	07/27/88	3.0	8	2.6	0.005	8.19	218	76	102	7.0
E5	70	10/12/88	2.5	9	3.0	-0.002	7.97	221	84	104	10.0
E5	70	03/29/89	2.4	8	2.4	0.002	7.96	211	76	108	8.0
E5	70	06/27/89	2.2	7	2.4	-0.002	8.33	212	76	108	9.0
E5	70	08/29/89	2.5	8	2.0	-0.002	8.16	217	76	112	6.0
E5	70	10/28/89	2.5	9	2.5	0.002	8.15	205	72	104	6.0
E5	70	01/15/90	2.5	8	1.5	0.008	8.16	196	76	104	3.7

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
E5	70	05/23/90	2.5	7	1.8	0.002	7.85	216	0	0	2.0
E5	70	11/08/90	2.5	8	2.4	0.002	8.08	204	0	0	5.0
E5	70	04/01/91	2.2	9	2.0	-0.002	8.20	196	0	0	3.0
E5	70	07/02/91	2.2	8	2.4	0.002	8.17	201	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			2.90	9.00	2.35	0.002	8.09	216.88	76.83	105.00	6.15
COUNT:			16	16	16	16	16	16	12	12	11
FAI	SE	08/03/88	8.5	20	12.9	-0.002	8.02	368	116	156	0.0
FAI	SE	03/30/89	0.5	22	0.0	0.005	8.11	169	82	56	9.0
FAI	SE	06/08/89	8.2	34	98.0	0.000	8.11	377	84	180	7.0
FAI	SE	08/08/89	10.5	26	12.0	-0.002	8.28	435	116	180	13.0
AVERAGE:			6.93	25.50	40.97	0.002	8.13	337.25	99.50	143.00	9.67
COUNT:			4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	3
FIR	SD	07/11/88	6.0	8	5.5	0.002	8.25	334	116	156	7.0
FIR	SD	08/03/88	5.0	8	6.1	-0.002	7.95	308	120	146	0.0
FIR	SD	10/20/88	3.2	18	5.0	-0.002	7.94	272	104	140	7.8
FIR	SD	01/18/89	4.2	14	7.0	-0.002	8.05	315	116	140	6.0
FIR	SD	03/31/89	4.0	15	5.5	0.002	7.93	331	120	152	8.0
FIR	SD	05/26/89	4.0	10	4.6	-0.002	7.88	234	96	132	7.0
FIR	SD	06/13/89	4.5	8	4.0	-0.002	8.07	252	88	120	5.5
FIR	SD	08/08/89	4.2	7	4.0	-0.002	8.13	228	80	112	8.0
FIR	SD	09/11/89	2.8	12	4.0	0.002	7.96	246	92	124	4.0
FIR	SD	10/27/89	2.5	19	4.0	-0.002	7.67	273	92	120	8.0
FIR	SD	01/05/90	3.2	27	6.0	0.005	7.94	298	92	144	3.0
FIR	SD	08/14/90	3.1	10	5.2	-0.002	7.96	210	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			3.89	13.00	5.08	0.002	7.98	275.08	101.45	135.09	6.12
COUNT:			12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11
FIR	SU	07/11/88	4.0	17	5.5	0.002	8.02	311	92	128	14.0
FIR	SU	08/03/88	2.5	37	6.5	0.005	7.72	321	100	144	0.0
FIR	SU	10/20/88	3.5	32	14.0	-0.002	7.84	327	104	148	8.0
FIR	SU	01/18/89	5.8	26	11.5	0.002	7.87	400	140	172	6.0
FIR	SU	03/31/89	5.0	10	7.0	0.005	7.81	310	119	136	8.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
FIR	SU	06/13/89	3.8	14	5.2	-0.002	7.97	299	108	144	6.5
FIR	SU	08/08/89	1.5	10	3.5	-0.002	7.96	240	96	116	7.0
FIR	SU	09/11/89	2.5	21	5.0	0.002	7.87	271	90	128	5.0
FIR	SU	10/27/89	3.2	40	7.5	-0.002	7.67	349	92	192	9.0
FIR	SU	01/05/90	4.8	26	10.5	0.005	7.91	306	92	144	3.0
FIR	SU	08/14/90	2.7	15	5.5	-0.002	7.84	263	0	0	4.0
AVERAGE:			3.57	22.55	7.43	0.002	7.86	308.82	103.30	145.20	7.05
COUNT:			11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
GRE	25	08/28/89	12.2	95	49.0	0.005	7.83	645	148	236	7.0
GRE	25	10/31/89	9.2	46	45.5	0.005	7.80	474	144	164	7.0
GRE	25	01/08/90	9.8	49	15.0	0.030	7.90	483	140	236	3.0
GRE	25	03/28/90	4.8	26	18.0	0.015	7.78	277	88	168	10.0
GRE	25	05/23/90	7.5	42	22.0	0.038	7.87	465	0	0	2.0
GRE	25	11/08/90	8.3	26	28.2	0.042	7.82	440	0	0	5.0
GRE	25	07/02/91	13.1	42	19.0	0.070	7.74	512	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			9.27	46.57	28.10	0.029	7.82	470.86	130.00	201.00	6.43
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	7
GRE	30	08/28/89	16.2	30	13.0	0.020	8.06	465	128	220	6.0
GRE	30	10/31/89	13.2	36	18.5	-0.002	7.98	471	140	204	7.0
GRE	30	01/08/90	7.5	25	13.0	0.005	8.13	352	112	168	3.0
GRE	30	03/28/90	10.5	16	10.5	0.002	7.49	347	108	172	10.0
GRE	30	05/23/90	3.0	10	7.1	-0.002	8.07	246	0	0	2.0
GRE	30	11/08/90	6.7	44	10.8	0.002	7.91	447	0	0	5.0
GRE	30	07/02/91	5.3	22	9.9	0.002	7.97	314	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			8.91	26.14	11.83	0.005	7.94	377.43	122.00	191.00	5.86
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	7
GRE	35	08/28/89	6.0	15	4.5	-0.002	8.17	222	60	104	5.0
GRE	35	10/31/89	5.8	16	2.5	-0.002	8.15	222	80	108	6.0
GRE	35	01/08/90	6.5	14	2.6	-0.002	8.09	241	72	128	3.0
GRE	35	03/28/90	11.5	15	2.0	-0.002	7.81	328	96	168	10.0
GRE	35	05/23/90	4.2	12	7.0	0.002	8.10	261	0	0	2.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
GRE 35		11/08/90	9.5	37	11.5	-0.002	7.94	435	0	0	5.0
GRE 35		07/02/91	2.7	28	2.9	0.002	8.08	229	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			6.60	19.57	4.71	0.001	8.05	276.86	77.00	127.00	5.43
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	7
GRE 40		08/28/89	23.0	29	4.5	-0.002	8.13	471	104	240	9.0
GRE 40		10/31/89	3.5	14	2.0	-0.002	8.28	210	84	104	6.0
GRE 40		01/08/90	3.0	13	2.2	-0.002	8.17	206	68	116	3.0
GRE 40		03/28/90	3.0	12	1.5	0.028	7.88	219	76	108	9.0
GRE 40		05/23/90	1.8	11	1.8	-0.002	7.82	214	0	0	4.0
GRE 40		11/08/90	4.6	11	2.2	-0.002	7.98	283	0	0	5.0
GRE 40		07/02/91	3.0	10	3.0	0.002	8.17	237	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			5.99	14.29	2.46	0.005	8.06	262.86	83.00	142.00	6.14
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	7
GRE 45		08/28/89	2.8	13	2.0	0.005	8.32	203	68	104	4.0
GRE 45		10/31/89	2.5	14	2.5	-0.002	8.26	202	80	108	5.0
GRE 45		01/08/90	2.5	14	3.0	-0.002	8.28	197	64	108	2.0
GRE 45		03/28/90	3.0	14	2.5	0.012	7.82	204	64	100	9.0
GRE 45		05/23/90	2.2	15	2.5	0.002	7.94	214	0	0	2.0
GRE 45		11/08/90	2.3	12	3.0	0.002	8.03	214	0	0	5.0
GRE 45		07/02/91	2.8	14	4.3	-0.002	8.28	214	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			2.59	13.71	2.83	0.003	8.13	206.86	69.00	105.00	4.86
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	7
GRE 50		08/28/89	2.5	13	2.0	0.005	8.28	190	64	100	5.0
GRE 50		10/31/89	2.2	14	2.5	-0.002	8.36	191	80	96	6.0
GRE 50		01/08/90	2.5	12	2.4	0.005	8.28	187	60	100	2.0
GRE 50		05/23/90	2.0	13	2.3	0.002	8.20	199	0	0	3.0
GRE 50		11/08/90	2.4	13	3.0	-0.002	8.05	208	0	0	4.0
GRE 50		07/02/91	2.3	13	3.4	0.002	8.25	202	0	0	7.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			2.32	13.00	2.60	0.003	8.24	196.17	68.00	98.67	4.50
COUNT:			6	6	6	6	6	6	3	3	6
GRE	60	08/28/89	0.2	4	1.5	0.005	8.03	217	112	124	17.0
GRE	60	10/31/89	0.5	5	2.5	-0.002	8.06	218	100	116	20.0
GRE	60	01/08/90	0.5	5	2.0	0.005	8.09	217	108	120	9.0
GRE	60	05/23/90	-0.2	4	1.8	-0.002	7.93	226	0	0	12.0
GRE	60	11/08/90	2.0	10	2.5	-0.002	7.94	243	0	0	11.0
GRE	60	07/02/91	0.5	6	2.8	0.030	7.87	224	0	0	27.0
AVERAGE:			0.617	5.67	2.18	0.007	7.99	224.17	106.67	120.00	16.00
COUNT:			6	6	6	6	6	6	3	3	6
GRE	70	08/28/89	0.2	6	2.5	0.010	7.90	218	108	140	15.0
GRE	70	10/31/89	0.2	6	2.5	-0.002	7.94	202	88	116	18.0
GRE	70	01/08/90	0.5	6	2.8	0.010	7.99	213	100	116	8.0
GRE	70	05/23/90	0.2	6	2.8	0.008	7.92	227	0	0	6.0
GRE	70	11/08/90	0.4	6	2.8	0.008	7.84	214	0	0	11.0
GRE	70	07/02/91	0.5	7	3.6	0.002	7.92	222	0	0	23.0
AVERAGE:			0.33	6.17	2.83	0.007	7.92	216.00	98.67	124.00	13.50
COUNT:			6	6	6	6	6	6	3	3	6
JC	22	06/28/89	8.5	27	8.5	0.100	7.56	405	144	200	9.0
JC	22	08/29/89	5.2	9	5.0	0.030	7.61	363	148	188	6.0
JC	22	11/08/90	4.0	8	4.4	0.015	7.73	241	0	0	4.0
JC	22	04/01/91	4.0	10	3.4	0.008	7.43	333	0	0	3.0
JC	22	07/02/91	4.6	9	7.7	0.005	7.64	237	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			5.26	12.60	5.80	0.032	7.59	315.80	146.00	194.00	6.20
COUNT:			5	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	5
JC	25	03/28/89	0.5	17	16.0	0.122	7.77	188	52	72	31.0
JC	25	06/28/89	7.5	36	15.0	0.010	7.93	401	124	180	16.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
JC	25	08/29/89	10.0	19	10.0	-0.002	7.97	400	124	188	7.0
JC	25	10/31/89	10.0	29	9.0	-0.002	7.93	379	116	176	7.0
JC	25	03/28/90	7.0	28	15.5	0.028	7.96	349	108	124	10.0
JC	25	03/28/90	7.0	28	15.5	0.028	7.96	349	108	124	10.0
JC	25	05/23/90	9.0	42	17.2	0.008	7.79	466	0	0	4.0
JC	25	11/08/90	6.8	19	11.5	0.002	7.87	354	0	0	5.0
JC	25	04/01/91	9.5	24	15.8	0.002	7.90	394	0	0	7.0
JC	25	07/02/91	9.9	22	13.9	-0.002	7.82	415	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			7.72	26.40	13.94	0.020	7.89	369.50	105.33	144.00	10.80
COUNT:			10	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	10
JC	30	03/28/89	0.2	20	15.0	0.095	7.50	183	44	56	33.0
JC	30	06/28/89	4.5	16	5.5	0.042	7.84	202	60	96	8.0
JC	30	08/29/89	5.8	12	5.0	0.012	7.94	260	80	124	8.0
JC	30	10/31/89	8.5	16	6.0	0.005	7.95	307	92	148	9.0
JC	30	03/28/90	12.5	20	13.0	0.002	7.94	385	120	180	9.0
JC	30	03/28/90	12.0	20	13.0	0.022	7.94	385	120	180	9.0
JC	30	05/23/90	8.5	23	11.8	0.005	7.92	345	0	0	5.0
JC	30	11/08/90	9.1	15	8.5	-0.002	7.86	360	0	0	5.0
JC	30	04/01/91	6.8	25	13.4	0.005	8.11	355	0	0	4.0
JC	30	07/02/91	9.1	22	8.4	0.002	8.02	385	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			7.70	18.90	9.96	0.019	7.90	316.70	86.00	130.67	10.10
COUNT:			10	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	10
JC	35	03/28/89	6.8	13	3.8	0.020	7.85	242	56	108	8.0
JC	35	06/28/89	6.2	22	2.5	0.075	7.97	219	60	112	6.0
JC	35	08/29/89	10.8	16	2.5	-0.002	8.16	294	72	140	6.0
JC	35	10/31/89	7.0	18	2.5	-0.002	8.33	231	52	120	5.0
JC	35	03/28/90	6.8	15	2.5	0.002	7.98	260	72	128	8.0
JC	35	03/28/90	6.8	15	2.5	0.002	7.98	260	72	128	8.0
JC	35	05/23/90	5.5	13	2.1	0.002	8.25	241	0	0	2.0
JC	35	11/08/90	7.3	16	3.2	-0.002	7.97	313	0	0	6.0
JC	35	04/01/91	4.1	11	6.4	-0.002	8.33	218	0	0	4.0
JC	35	07/02/91	2.7	10	3.1	-0.002	8.22	205	0	0	7.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			6.40	14.90	3.11	0.011	8.10	248.30	64.00	122.67	6.00
COUNT:			10	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	10
JC	40	03/28/89	6.0	11	12.8	0.072	8.15	240	60	96	13.0
JC	40	06/28/89	6.5	19	4.0	0.015	7.91	215	56	112	5.0
JC	40	08/29/89	5.8	11	4.5	-0.002	8.23	222	64	100	5.0
JC	40	10/31/89	14.0	14	5.5	-0.002	8.18	349	100	180	7.0
JC	40	03/28/90	11.0	20	6.5	0.005	7.94	332	92	160	8.0
JC	40	03/28/90	11.0	20	6.5	0.005	7.94	332	92	160	8.0
JC	40	05/23/90	6.5	15	2.8	-0.002	7.88	266	0	0	2.0
JC	40	11/08/90	5.1	13	2.4	0.002	7.95	304	0	0	5.0
JC	40	04/01/91	4.2	18	7.4	0.002	8.17	300	0	0	4.0
JC	40	07/02/91	3.3	11	5.2	0.002	8.26	234	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			7.34	15.20	5.76	0.011	8.06	279.40	77.33	134.67	6.40
COUNT:			10	10	10	10	10	10	6	6	10
JC	45	03/28/89	7.8	22	32.5	0.030	8.22	277	56	96	13.0
JC	45	06/28/89	6.2	25	2.5	0.005	8.09	242	60	120	5.0
JC	45	08/29/89	6.2	17	2.5	-0.002	8.28	252	64	224	5.0
JC	45	10/31/89	6.5	18	2.5	-0.002	8.29	228	48	116	5.0
JC	45	05/23/90	4.2	13	2.1	-0.002	8.27	231	0	0	2.0
JC	45	11/08/90	4.7	17	2.6	0.005	8.07	261	0	0	4.0
JC	45	04/01/91	3.9	11	2.2	-0.002	8.42	210	0	0	4.0
JC	45	07/02/91	3.4	10	2.9	-0.002	8.13	204	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			5.36	16.63	6.23	0.006	8.22	238.13	57.00	139.00	5.63
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
LIP	25	03/29/89	33.2	61	62.0	0.080	7.72	729	120	240	40.0
LIP	25	08/29/89	4.8	22	15.0	-0.002	7.76	443	164	200	12.0
LIP	25	10/28/89	46.5	46	67.5	0.038	7.49	888	200	324	22.0
LIP	25	01/08/90	45.2	46	57.2	0.072	7.64	831	180	312	12.0
LIP	25	05/22/90	31.5	42	62.0	0.000	7.74	677	0	0	21.0
LIP	25	05/22/90	31.5	42	62.0	0.070	7.74	677	0	0	21.0
LIP	25	11/08/90	33.9	49	39.0	0.042	7.84	850	0	0	32.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
LIP 25		04/01/91	19.5	44	58.0	0.060	7.55	645	0	0	29.0
LIP 25		07/02/91	22.9	34	54.9	0.052	7.75	618	0	0	57.0
AVERAGE:			29.89	42.89	53.07	0.052	7.69	706.44	166.00	269.00	27.33
COUNT:			9	9	9	8	9	9	4	4	9
LIP 30		03/29/89	5.0	16	7.5	-0.002	7.92	362	160	184	9.0
LIP 30		08/29/89	5.0	13	13.0	0.020	8.12	319	120	140	6.0
LIP 30		10/28/89	8.2	27	14.5	0.005	7.87	430	152	187	8.0
LIP 30		01/08/90	5.2	14	11.5	0.002	8.11	342	140	172	7.0
LIP 30		05/22/90	5.0	13	8.6	0.000	7.76	353	0	0	7.0
LIP 30		05/22/90	5.0	13	8.6	0.050	7.76	353	0	0	7.0
LIP 30		11/08/90	2.4	17	7.8	0.008	8.08	354	0	0	4.0
LIP 30		04/01/91	6.6	16	6.4	0.000	8.03	352	0	0	4.0
LIP 30		07/02/91	4.2	17	11.1	-0.002	8.02	364	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			5.18	16.22	9.89	0.012	7.96	358.78	143.00	170.75	7.00
COUNT:			9	9	9	7	9	9	4	4	9
LIP 35		03/29/89	5.5	16	17.0	-0.002	8.05	299	116	132	11.0
LIP 35		08/29/89	10.0	17	21.0	-0.002	8.20	395	124	160	8.0
LIP 35		10/28/89	6.0	22	16.0	-0.002	8.05	311	100	120	6.0
LIP 35		01/08/90	8.0	21	16.6	-0.002	8.20	340	104	152	9.0
LIP 35		05/22/90	8.2	15	18.4	0.000	8.07	346	0	0	8.0
LIP 35		05/22/90	8.2	15	18.4	0.015	8.07	346	0	0	8.0
LIP 35		11/08/90	9.6	37	29.2	0.002	8.09	464	0	0	7.0
LIP 35		04/01/91	5.6	19	19.6	0.002	8.16	301	0	0	4.0
LIP 35		07/02/91	4.8	17	8.8	0.002	7.96	278	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			7.32	19.89	18.33	0.003	8.09	342.22	111.00	141.00	7.89
COUNT:			9	9	9	8	9	9	4	4	9
LIP 40		03/29/89	5.5	16	9.5	-0.002	8.01	290	164	144	11.0
LIP 40		08/29/89	6.2	19	4.0	-0.002	8.23	295	84	148	5.0
LIP 40		10/28/89	9.0	20	6.5	-0.002	8.07	365	112	174	8.0
LIP 40		01/08/90	5.2	20	15.0	-0.002	8.23	281	92	120	4.0
LIP 40		05/22/90	4.6	15	7.0	0.000	8.19	292	0	0	6.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
LIP 40		05/22/90	4.6	15	7.0	-0.002	8.19	292	0	0	6.0
LIP 40		11/08/90	7.2	23	19.5	0.005	8.10	380	0	0	7.0
LIP 40		04/01/91	5.7	21	18.4	0.002	8.23	317	0	0	4.0
LIP 40		07/02/91	6.6	18	21.5	-0.002	8.21	295	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			6.07	18.56	12.04	0.002	8.16	311.89	113.00	146.50	6.67
COUNT:			9	9	9	8	9	9	4	4	9
LIP 45		03/29/89	8.5	16	5.5	-0.002	8.12	328	104	172	12.0
LIP 45		08/29/89	7.0	20	3.5	-0.002	8.18	336	100	172	7.0
LIP 45		10/28/89	8.5	14	4.0	-0.002	8.20	270	72	130	5.0
LIP 45		01/08/90	8.8	12	4.9	-0.002	8.28	264	72	120	7.0
LIP 45		05/22/90	8.2	15	4.8	0.000	8.02	321	0	0	7.0
LIP 45		05/22/90	8.2	15	4.8	-0.002	8.02	321	0	0	7.0
LIP 45		11/08/90	6.1	16	6.8	-0.002	8.09	279	0	0	4.0
LIP 45		04/01/91	6.6	18	5.6	0.002	8.26	244	0	0	5.0
LIP 45		07/02/91	6.4	18	15.8	-0.002	8.24	256	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			7.59	16.00	6.19	0.001	8.16	291.00	87.00	148.50	6.89
COUNT:			9	9	9	8	9	9	4	4	9
LIP 50		08/29/89	7.5	13	5.0	-0.002	8.21	312	92	148	8.0
LIP 50		10/28/89	8.2	12	5.5	-0.002	8.28	259	68	120	5.0
LIP 50		01/08/90	8.0	11	5.6	-0.002	8.26	247	68	124	6.0
LIP 50		05/22/90	9.0	11	5.3	0.000	8.12	282	0	0	5.0
LIP 50		05/22/90	9.0	11	5.3	-0.002	8.12	282	0	0	5.0
LIP 50		11/08/90	8.4	18	10.0	-0.002	8.04	299	0	0	5.0
LIP 50		04/01/91	9.7	20	13.8	0.002	8.26	378	0	0	5.0
LIP 50		07/02/91	6.1	14	6.3	-0.002	8.26	236	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			8.24	13.75	7.10	0.001	8.19	286.88	76.00	130.67	5.63
COUNT:			8	8	8	7	8	8	3	3	8
LIP 60		08/29/89	3.2	3	2.0	-0.002	8.30	189	68	100	4.0
LIP 60		10/28/89	1.2	2	2.5	-0.002	8.28	205	96	100	5.0
LIP 60		01/08/90	3.8	4	2.0	-0.002	8.31	195	72	104	4.0
LIP 60		05/22/90	5.5	6	1.8	0.000	8.02	204	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
LIP 60		05/22/90	5.5	6	1.8	0.005	8.02	218	0	0	5.0
LIP 60		11/08/90	3.7	8	2.5	0.002	8.18	226	0	0	4.0
LIP 60		04/01/91	3.2	5	1.8	0.002	8.36	187	0	0	2.0
LIP 60		07/02/91	2.3	4	11.6	0.005	8.29	185	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			3.55	4.75	3.25	0.002	8.22	201.13	78.67	101.33	4.25
COUNT:			8	8	8	7	8	8	3	3	8
LIP 70		08/29/89	-0.2	2	1.5	-0.002	7.92	230	116	124	24.0
LIP 70		01/08/90	0.5	2	2.0	-0.002	7.91	219	108	124	15.0
LIP 70		05/22/90	-0.2	3	2.0	0.000	7.62	218	0	0	21.0
LIP 70		05/22/90	-0.2	3	2.0	0.002	7.62	218	0	0	21.0
LIP 70		11/08/90	-0.2	3	2.2	0.008	7.88	230	0	0	20.0
LIP 70		04/01/91	0.2	3	1.4	0.010	7.82	210	0	0	18.0
LIP 70		07/02/91	-0.2	3	2.8	0.008	7.70	218	0	0	39.0
AVERAGE:			0.101	2.71	1.99	0.005	7.78	220.43	112.00	124.00	22.57
COUNT:			7	7	7	6	7	7	2	2	7
LOD SD		08/04/88	3.4	34	15.2	-0.002	7.80	432	156	200	0.0
LOD SD		10/20/88	7.5	41	18.5	-0.002	7.65	471	156	220	12.9
LOD SD		01/11/89	4.0	51	14.5	0.010	7.82	516	164	228	9.0
LOD SD		01/18/89	4.5	55	19.0	0.005	7.72	582	168	252	5.0
LOD SD		03/31/89	4.8	63	31.5	0.002	7.59	617	196	244	7.0
LOD SD		06/13/89	4.0	60	22.2	-0.002	7.68	565	168	252	7.5
LOD SD		08/08/89	3.5	56	15.0	-0.002	7.86	490	148	224	12.0
LOD SD		09/11/89	3.2	27	19.5	0.002	7.50	454	176	220	6.0
LOD SD		10/27/89	4.2	35	15.5	-0.002	7.58	408	156	172	10.0
LOD SD		01/05/90	5.0	67	31.0	0.002	7.75	508	132	196	3.0
LOD SD		08/14/90	3.0	57	18.1	-0.002	7.58	481	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			4.28	49.64	20.00	0.002	7.68	502.18	162.00	220.80	7.74
COUNT:			11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
LOD SU		06/30/88	3.5	31	14.0	0.002	8.08	340	108	144	10.0
LOD SU		08/04/88	4.5	37	15.4	-0.002	7.98	406	128	168	0.0
LOD SU		10/20/88	6.0	65	28.3	-0.002	7.58	569	176	248	28.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
LOD	SU	01/18/89	6.0	53	31.0	-0.002	7.65	602	204	240	8.0
LOD	SU	03/31/89	5.0	30	19.5	-0.002	7.61	418	144	164	9.0
LOD	SU	06/13/89	5.0	35	15.2	-0.002	7.75	463	160	212	6.5
LOD	SU	08/08/89	6.0	59	23.5	-0.002	7.73	562	180	240	10.0
LOD	SU	09/11/89	10.8	104	34.0	0.005	7.48	736	180	316	6.0
LOD	SU	10/27/89	6.8	89	40.0	-0.002	7.49	648	148	228	16.0
LOD	SU	01/05/90	4.5	64	43.0	0.002	7.71	548	160	196	6.0
LOD	SU	08/14/90	5.0	47	21.0	-0.002	7.62	455	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			5.74	55.82	25.90	0.002	7.70	522.45	158.80	215.60	10.45
COUNT:			11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
MAC	LD	10/13/90	6.2	15	5.0	-0.002	7.90	320	0	0	5.0
MAC	LD	03/27/91	1.3	7	4.8	-0.002	8.14	247	0	0	3.0
MAC	LD	07/02/91	0.7	7	2.6	-0.002	8.00	245	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			2.73	9.67	4.13	0.001	8.01	270.67	*****	*****	4.33
COUNT:			3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	3
MAC	SD	10/13/90	13.4	26	17.0	-0.002	7.68	460	0	0	12.0
MAC	SD	03/27/91	10.0	17	11.2	-0.002	7.83	365	0	0	8.0
MAC	SD	07/02/91	11.2	21	10.6	-0.002	8.29	351	0	0	20.0
AVERAGE:			11.53	21.33	12.93	0.001	7.93	392.00	*****	*****	13.33
COUNT:			3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	3
MAC	SU	10/13/90	3.9	37	14.0	-0.002	7.76	375	0	0	6.0
MAC	SU	03/27/91	9.3	31	16.8	0.002	7.70	456	0	0	6.0
MAC	SU	07/02/91	4.7	23	9.8	-0.002	7.53	376	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			5.97	30.33	13.53	0.001	7.66	402.33	*****	*****	8.00
COUNT:			3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	3
MAR	NE	08/03/88	5.0	13	4.4	-0.002	8.06	271	84	128	0.0
MAR	NE	03/30/89	6.5	8	0.0	0.010	8.10	267	84	136	7.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES SURVEY WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
MAR	NE	06/13/89	5.5	10	1.7	-0.002	8.31	264	84	128	7.0
MAR	NE	08/08/89	5.0	14	2.0	-0.002	8.39	290	92	163	10.0
MAR	NE	07/03/91	2.3	18	2.0	0.008	8.11	272	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			4.86	12.60	2.53	0.004	8.19	272.80	86.00	138.75	8.50
COUNT:			5	5	4	5	5	5	4	4	4
MCD	LD	06/30/88	1.0	6	2.0	0.005	8.18	215	92	108	5.0
MCD	LD	08/05/88	3.5	9	2.3	-0.002	8.11	269	112	156	0.0
MCD	LD	10/20/88	9.8	13	3.0	-0.002	8.00	318	108	160	9.3
MCD	LD	01/18/89	7.8	16	5.5	0.004	8.13	374	128	172	5.0
MCD	LD	03/31/89	5.8	9	3.0	0.005	8.08	332	124	156	6.0
MCD	LD	05/26/89	2.2	10	4.1	-0.002	8.00	274	128	148	11.0
MCD	LD	08/08/89	9.8	23	2.0	-0.002	9.25	362	112	180	9.0
MCD	LD	09/08/89	14.4	30	11.5	-0.002	8.00	401	110	192	6.0
MCD	LD	10/26/89	13.0	27	7.0	-0.002	8.04	394	108	172	5.0
MCD	LD	01/08/90	14.2	11	8.5	0.002	8.03	335	100	160	4.0
MCD	LD	02/14/90	4.8	8	6.9	0.002	8.09	291	124	144	0.0
MCD	LD	05/17/90	7.0	9	4.8	-0.002	7.96	327	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			7.78	14.25	5.05	0.002	8.16	324.33	113.27	158.91	6.33
COUNT:			12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	10
MCD	SD	06/30/88	14.5	24	20.0	-0.002	7.96	415	100	156	14.0
MCD	SD	08/05/88	16.5	27	20.0	-0.002	7.75	471	128	204	0.0
MCD	SD	10/20/88	10.0	38	14.3	-0.002	7.70	433	124	196	21.0
MCD	SD	01/11/89	17.2	40	23.3	0.002	7.75	536	132	208	30.0
MCD	SD	03/31/89	16.0	31	26.5	-0.002	7.89	492	130	180	28.0
MCD	SD	06/08/89	13.5	24	15.5	-0.002	7.78	403	164	186	17.0
MCD	SD	08/08/89	12.2	18	21.0	-0.002	7.95	440	120	164	33.0
MCD	SD	09/08/89	11.2	26	16.5	-0.002	7.78	411	120	184	14.0
MCD	SD	10/26/89	10.2	54	20.0	-0.002	7.72	540	140	212	10.0
MCD	SD	01/08/90	17.5	51	23.3	-0.002	7.75	574	148	244	9.0
MCD	SD	05/17/90	16.4	22	15.0	-0.002	7.82	459	0	0	8.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			14.11	32.27	19.58	0.001	7.80	470.36	130.60	193.40	18.40
COUNT:			11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
MCD	SU	06/30/88	6.0	19	6.5	0.005	7.83	314	116	104	8.0
MCD	SU	08/05/88	6.5	21	9.0	-0.002	7.82	351	120	172	0.0
MCD	SU	10/20/88	7.5	26	9.0	-0.002	7.77	373	120	176	14.0
MCD	SU	01/18/89	14.2	33	22.0	0.002	7.87	516	124	188	22.0
MCD	SU	03/31/89	15.0	31	26.0	-0.002	7.85	495	128	184	33.0
MCD	SU	06/08/89	15.5	22	21.1	-0.002	7.74	416	132	176	26.0
MCD	SU	08/08/89	7.5	70	9.0	-0.002	7.71	560	120	228	14.0
MCD	SU	09/08/89	8.6	84	22.0	-0.002	7.60	546	120	240	8.0
MCD	SU	10/26/89	4.5	48	17.0	-0.002	7.83	425	112	160	6.0
MCD	SU	01/08/90	11.2	40	23.0	0.005	7.83	481	144	200	7.0
MCD	SU	05/17/90	14.6	16	13.6	-0.002	7.77	417	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			10.10	37.27	16.20	0.002	7.78	444.91	123.60	182.80	14.60
COUNT:			11	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
PAR	NW	08/03/88	1.8	10	2.7	-0.002	8.17	219	84	108	0.0
PAR	NW	03/30/89	3.5	8	0.0	0.005	8.02	244	88	120	6.0
PAR	NW	06/08/89	2.8	7	1.4	0.000	8.13	207	84	88	7.0
PAR	NW	08/08/89	36.2	10	1.5	-0.002	8.54	272	100	136	11.0
PAR	NW	07/03/91	5.6	11	3.1	0.002	8.17	289	0	0	14.0
AVERAGE:			9.98	9.20	2.18	0.002	8.21	246.20	89.00	113.00	9.50
COUNT:			5	5	4	4	5	5	4	4	4
RAA	SDD	06/13/89	2.5	20	3.7	-0.002	8.18	358	136	180	4.0
RAA	SDD	08/08/89	1.0	19	2.5	-0.002	8.43	290	108	144	6.0
RAA	SDD	09/07/89	1.0	16	2.5	-0.002	8.21	272	116	148	4.0
RAA	SDD	10/27/89	1.5	11	2.5	-0.002	7.77	252	108	140	6.0
RAA	SDD	01/15/90	4.2	34	2.5	-0.002	8.04	354	128	180	2.3
RAA	SDD	05/17/90	5.4	10	2.3	-0.002	8.05	265	0	0	1.0
RAA	SDD	10/13/90	2.1	13	3.5	-0.002	7.76	320	0	0	3.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			2.53	17.57	2.79	0.001	8.06	301.57	119.20	158.40	3.76
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	5	5	7
RAA	SDM	06/13/89	1.5	20	3.0	-0.002	8.04	352	144	180	4.0
RAA	SDM	08/08/89	1.0	3	1.5	-0.002	8.17	195	84	100	6.0
RAA	SDM	09/07/89	0.5	7	1.5	-0.002	8.03	224	108	124	4.0
RAA	SDM	10/27/89	0.5	7	2.0	-0.002	7.79	355	168	184	6.0
RAA	SDM	01/15/90	0.5	6	1.0	-0.002	7.75	334	180	196	2.3
RAA	SDM	05/17/90	3.5	13	3.1	0.002	7.67	372	0	0	1.0
RAA	SDM	10/13/90	-0.2	4	0.5	-0.002	8.02	278	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			1.072	8.57	1.80	0.001	7.92	301.43	136.80	156.80	3.76
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	5	5	7
RAA	SDS	06/13/89	1.0	12	2.2	-0.002	7.85	329	144	180	5.0
RAA	SDS	08/08/89	0.5	1	1.5	-0.002	7.87	269	144	148	6.0
RAA	SDS	09/07/89	-0.2	2	1.0	-0.002	7.84	225	112	128	4.0
RAA	SDS	10/27/89	0.5	4	2.0	-0.002	7.57	384	192	200	9.0
RAA	SDS	05/17/90	3.0	10	2.0	0.002	7.75	393	0	0	2.0
RAA	SDS	10/13/90	-0.2	4	1.0	-0.002	7.56	357	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			0.834	5.50	1.62	0.001	7.74	326.17	148.00	164.00	4.83
COUNT:			6	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	6
RAB	SDD	09/07/89	3.0	6	6.0	-0.002	8.18	332	156	184	4.0
RAB	SDD	10/27/89	2.8	10	5.5	-0.002	7.81	288	120	160	7.0
RAB	SDD	01/15/90	4.0	34	3.0	-0.002	8.07	334	112	176	2.3
RAB	SDD	05/17/90	3.0	20	6.2	-0.002	8.08	336	0	0	2.0
RAB	SDD	10/13/90	3.4	16	4.0	-0.002	7.88	340	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			3.24	17.20	4.94	0.001	8.00	326.00	129.33	173.33	3.66
COUNT:			5	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	5
RAB	SDM	09/07/89	0.5	5	2.5	-0.002	8.11	260	128	148	3.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RAB	SDM	10/27/89	0.5	8	4.0	-0.002	7.96	280	128	160	6.0
RAB	SDM	01/15/90	1.0	12	2.0	-0.002	8.04	297	140	164	2.1
RAB	SDM	05/17/90	3.0	14	6.2	-0.002	8.02	334	0	0	0.0
RAB	SDM	10/13/90	4.6	8	6.0	-0.002	7.73	366	0	0	0.0
AVERAGE:			1.92	9.40	4.14	0.001	7.97	307.40	132.00	157.33	3.70
COUNT:			5	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	3
RAB	SDS	10/13/90	6.2	16	2.0	-0.002	7.72	3123	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			6.20	16.00	2.00	0.001	7.72	3123.00	*****	*****	3.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
RAC	SDD	09/07/89	-0.2	23	2.5	-0.002	8.14	273	112	160	4.0
RAC	SDD	10/27/89	0.5	19	4.0	0.004	7.98	299	128	172	6.0
RAC	SDD	01/15/90	2.5	23	2.0	-0.002	8.10	315	132	172	2.1
RAC	SDD	05/17/90	3.0	8	3.5	-0.002	7.98	264	0	0	1.0
RAC	SDD	10/13/90	0.4	3	1.5	-0.002	7.78	376	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			1.280	15.20	2.70	0.002	8.00	305.40	124.00	168.00	3.22
COUNT:			5	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	5
RAC	SDM	09/07/89	-0.2	14	2.0	-0.002	8.05	288	132	168	3.0
RAC	SDM	10/27/89	-0.2	16	2.5	-0.002	7.85	309	136	160	6.0
RAC	SDM	01/15/90	0.8	9	1.5	-0.002	7.98	393	204	224	2.2
RAC	SDM	05/17/90	3.2	12	3.0	-0.002	7.83	396	0	0	2.0
RAC	SDM	10/13/90	8.7	10	12.5	-0.002	7.66	458	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			2.540	12.20	4.30	0.001	7.87	368.80	157.33	184.00	3.24
COUNT:			5	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	5
RAC	SDS	10/13/90	6.1	13	2.5	-0.002	7.72	375	0	0	3.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			6.10	13.00	2.50	0.001	7.72	375.00	*****	*****	3.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
RAZ NW		05/10/89	1.8	10	4.8	-0.002	8.02	306	144	160	4.0
RAZ NW		06/13/89	3.0	10	4.7	-0.002	8.14	348	140	180	4.0
RAZ NW		08/08/89	5.0	8	2.5	-0.002	8.13	318	132	160	7.0
RAZ NW		09/07/89	7.0	8	3.0	-0.002	8.01	339	144	196	4.0
RAZ NW		01/15/90	2.8	9	3.0	-0.002	8.10	241	108	128	2.2
AVERAGE:			3.92	9.00	3.60	0.001	8.08	310.40	133.60	164.80	4.24
COUNT:			5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
RAZ SW		05/10/89	7.2	34	11.8	-0.002	8.13	340	88	144	6.0
RAZ SW		06/13/89	7.0	15	10.0	-0.002	8.27	314	96	144	6.0
RAZ SW		08/08/89	4.0	17	10.0	-0.002	8.42	196	124	156	10.0
RAZ SW		09/07/89	5.0	18	11.0	-0.002	8.23	338	128	156	6.0
AVERAGE:			5.80	21.00	10.70	0.001	8.26	297.00	109.00	150.00	7.00
COUNT:			4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
REC SDD		09/08/89	9.8	10	6.5	-0.002	7.71	364	114	176	14.0
REC SDD		10/26/89	7.0	2	2.0	-0.002	7.71	361	124	168	12.0
REC SDD		01/05/90	23.2	18	10.0	0.005	7.65	515	112	232	10.0
REC SDD		02/14/90	8.5	8	8.4	-0.002	7.73	318	116	140	0.0
REC SDD		05/17/90	32.5	24	15.0	-0.002	7.51	598	0	0	13.0
REC SDD		07/09/90	47.2	43	22.0	-0.002	7.48	749	0	0	34.0
REC SDD		08/13/90	4.6	5	1.7	-0.002	7.83	319	124	164	10.0
REC SDD		08/27/90	11.1	12	4.5	-0.002	6.93	281	0	0	14.0
REC SDD		09/25/90	1.6	5	1.5	-0.002	7.83	274	0	0	5.0
REC SDD		11/06/90	0.6	4	1.5	-0.002	8.55	249	0	0	5.0
REC SDD		01/12/91	1.4	3	2.6	-0.002	7.81	252	0	0	3.0
REC SDD		02/07/91	-0.2	2	1.5	-0.002	7.68	220	0	0	4.0
REC SDD		03/27/91	0.2	2	1.0	-0.002	8.02	186	0	0	2.0
REC SDD		04/26/91	0.7	2	1.0	-0.002	7.88	203	0	0	7.0
REC SDD		05/02/91	6.6	6	1.5	-0.002	7.89	290	0	0	9.0
REC SDD		06/03/91	0.8	5	1.0	-0.002	7.94	193	0	0	9.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
REC	SDD	07/01/91	0.8	3	1.3	0.005	7.81	256	0	0	7.0
REC	SDD	08/05/91	0.7	3	0.0	0.000	7.86	240	0	0	3.0
REC	SDD	09/09/91	0.5	4	0.0	0.000	7.94	204	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			8.305	8.47	4.88	0.001	7.78	319.58	118.00	176.00	9.28
COUNT:			19	19	17	17	19	19	5	5	18
REC	SDM	09/08/89	38.0	45	27.5	-0.002	7.50	685	120	268	47.0
REC	SDM	10/26/89	25.5	36	19.5	-0.002	7.44	685	136	260	36.0
REC	SDM	01/05/90	47.0	40	32.5	0.005	7.50	767	88	288	20.0
REC	SDM	02/14/90	44.5	46	36.0	-0.002	7.63	698	88	244	0.0
REC	SDM	05/17/90	49.5	39	21.1	-0.002	7.56	787	0	0	14.0
REC	SDM	07/09/90	59.0	43	26.0	-0.002	7.47	822	0	0	30.0
REC	SDM	08/13/90	41.9	28	17.0	-0.002	7.49	778	148	336	51.0
REC	SDM	08/27/90	54.9	42	27.0	0.005	6.80	599	0	0	68.0
REC	SDM	09/25/90	34.1	28	18.0	-0.002	7.10	655	0	0	38.0
REC	SDM	11/06/90	2.1	2	2.0	-0.002	7.94	342	0	0	23.0
REC	SDM	01/12/91	20.5	38	21.0	-0.002	7.66	531	0	0	17.0
REC	SDM	02/07/91	21.3	24	18.6	-0.002	7.59	498	0	0	26.0
REC	SDM	03/27/91	21.7	13	13.2	-0.002	7.44	467	0	0	9.0
REC	SDM	04/26/91	63.0	36	27.0	-0.002	7.29	795	0	0	47.0
REC	SDM	05/02/91	59.2	42	30.0	-0.002	7.45	842	0	0	30.0
REC	SDM	06/03/91	21.5	16	10.0	-0.002	7.24	526	0	0	50.0
REC	SDM	07/01/91	21.5	21	9.4	-0.002	7.42	565	0	0	32.0
REC	SDM	08/05/91	33.4	29	0.0	0.000	7.49	651	0	0	17.0
REC	SDM	09/09/91	6.9	6	0.0	0.000	7.66	341	0	0	23.0
AVERAGE:			35.03	30.21	20.93	0.001	7.46	633.37	116.00	279.20	32.11
COUNT:			19	19	17	17	19	19	5	5	18
REC	SDS	07/09/90	70.0	32	12.0	-0.002	7.56	876	0	0	21.0
REC	SDS	08/13/90	63.1	40	24.2	-0.002	7.58	895	112	364	29.0
REC	SDS	08/27/90	59.0	39	23.0	-0.002	6.73	623	0	0	37.0
REC	SDS	09/25/90	61.6	42	23.0	-0.002	7.38	841	0	0	24.0
REC	SDS	11/06/90	14.1	11	10.2	-0.002	7.73	602	0	0	45.0
REC	SDS	01/12/91	22.5	47	26.5	-0.002	7.79	564	0	0	25.0
REC	SDS	04/26/91	81.6	53	28.0	-0.002	7.25	889	0	0	50.0
REC	SDS	05/02/91	74.9	50	27.0	-0.002	7.52	921	0	0	50.0
REC	SDS	06/03/91	66.8	40	28.0	-0.002	7.17	933	0	0	63.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
REC	SDS	07/01/91	35.1	42	25.7	0.002	7.34	729	0	0	54.0
REC	SDS	08/05/91	55.2	41	0.0	0.000	7.36	849	0	0	17.0
AVERAGE:			54.90	39.73	22.76	0.001	7.40	792.91	112.00	364.00	37.73
COUNT:			11	11	10	10	11	11	1	1	11
REE	LU	06/30/88	0.5	7	2.0	0.005	8.14	232	100	128	5.0
REE	LU	08/03/88	0.5	6	0.8	-0.002	8.17	239	84	124	0.0
REE	LU	10/20/88	0.8	7	1.5	-0.002	8.07	226	96	124	8.0
REE	LU	01/18/89	0.8	5	2.5	0.002	8.15	275	124	132	5.0
REE	LU	03/31/89	1.0	7	1.0	0.005	8.09	169	60	80	7.0
REE	LU	05/26/89	1.2	6	1.6	-0.002	8.03	242	120	140	6.0
REE	LU	08/08/89	1.5	3	1.0	-0.002	8.34	208	92	108	7.0
REE	LU	09/08/89	0.8	5	1.5	-0.002	8.09	232	110	132	4.0
REE	LU	10/26/89	1.2	-1	1.5	-0.002	8.06	230	96	116	5.0
REE	LU	01/08/90	1.0	3	1.5	0.005	8.17	224	100	128	3.0
REE	LU	02/14/90	0.5	3	1.4	0.002	8.12	250	120	132	0.0
REE	LU	05/17/90	-0.2	4	1.6	-0.002	8.08	211	0	0	2.0
REE	LU	08/27/90	0.5	4	1.0	-0.002	6.81	177	0	0	5.0
REE	LU	10/13/90	0.7	4	1.5	-0.002	7.97	236	0	0	4.0
REE	LU	03/27/91	0.4	3	1.6	-0.002	8.15	244	0	0	2.0
REE	LU	07/01/91	0.4	3	1.8	0.005	8.11	256	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			0.738	4.375	1.49	0.002	8.03	228.19	100.18	122.18	4.93
COUNT:			16	16	16	16	16	16	11	11	14
REE	SD	10/04/88	0.5	5	1.5	-0.002	8.02	206	84	104	0.0
REE	SD	10/20/88	0.8	5	1.3	-0.002	8.17	195	88	100	8.3
REE	SD	01/18/89	1.8	7	2.0	0.005	8.31	251	104	116	6.0
REE	SD	03/31/89	1.5	5	1.5	0.005	8.15	248	112	124	7.0
REE	SD	06/13/89	3.0	6	2.2	-0.002	8.21	269	112	144	6.0
REE	SD	08/08/89	3.0	5	2.0	-0.002	8.36	280	116	140	10.0
REE	SD	09/08/89	2.5	5	1.5	-0.002	8.02	238	102	132	6.0
REE	SD	10/26/89	1.0	4	1.5	-0.002	8.16	232	100	116	4.0
REE	SD	01/05/90	1.5	7	1.0	0.005	8.11	234	96	124	3.0
REE	SD	02/14/90	1.2	6	1.5	0.005	8.01	217	108	116	0.0
REE	SD	05/17/90	3.2	7	2.0	-0.002	7.97	258	0	0	2.0
REE	SD	07/09/90	5.5	8	2.5	-0.002	7.91	290	0	0	5.0
REE	SD	08/13/90	1.8	6	2.0	-0.002	8.16	262	112	148	4.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
REE SD		08/27/90	1.9	9	1.5	0.025	6.89	190	0	0	5.0
REE SD		09/25/90	1.3	5	1.5	-0.002	7.94	246	0	0	4.0
REE SD		11/06/90	1.7	7	3.6	-0.002	8.43	264	0	0	5.0
REE SD		01/12/91	1.6	7	2.0	-0.002	8.12	232	0	0	3.0
REE SD		02/07/91	0.7	2	1.3	0.005	8.19	207	0	0	4.0
REE SD		03/27/91	1.0	6	1.6	-0.002	8.20	225	0	0	2.0
REE SD		04/26/91	1.7	8	1.5	0.005	8.02	231	0	0	8.0
REE SD		06/03/91	1.7	9	2.0	0.002	8.11	241	0	0	9.0
REE SD		07/01/91	1.5	8	1.9	0.005	8.10	258	0	0	6.0
REE SD		08/05/91	1.8	6	0.0	0.000	8.09	261	0	0	2.0
REE SD		09/09/91	1.2	5	0.0	0.000	8.29	236	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			1.81	6.17	1.79	0.003	8.08	240.46	103.09	124.00	5.20
COUNT:			24	24	22	22	24	24	11	11	22
REE SU		10/04/88	-0.2	3	1.5	-0.002	7.96	178	72	100	0.0
REE SU		10/20/88	0.5	4	1.0	-0.002	8.14	195	88	104	6.3
REE SU		01/18/89	1.2	6	2.0	0.005	8.31	255	112	128	5.0
REE SU		03/31/89	1.0	5	1.6	0.005	8.06	262	116	132	7.0
REE SU		06/13/89	1.0	5	1.6	-0.002	8.20	251	116	140	5.5
REE SU		08/08/89	1.8	3	1.0	-0.002	8.37	250	116	140	9.0
REE SU		09/08/89	0.8	5	1.5	-0.002	8.10	237	112	136	5.0
REE SU		10/26/89	0.2	-1	1.0	-0.002	8.05	215	104	112	4.0
REE SU		01/05/90	0.5	3	1.0	-0.002	8.01	203	96	116	2.0
REE SU		05/17/90	-0.2	5	1.2	-0.002	7.74	230	0	0	2.0
REE SU		08/13/90	1.2	4	1.3	-0.002	8.14	250	112	140	5.0
REE SU		01/12/91	0.3	-1	1.2	0.002	8.05	189	0	0	2.0
REE SU		03/27/91	0.5	3	1.0	-0.002	8.16	191	0	0	2.0
REE SU		07/01/91	0.9	6	1.6	0.005	8.20	245	0	0	6.0
REE SU		08/05/91	0.6	3	0.0	0.000	8.10	234	0	0	2.0
REE SU		09/09/91	-0.2	2	0.0	0.000	7.96	187	0	0	4.0
AVERAGE:			0.656	3.563	1.32	0.002	8.10	223.25	104.40	124.80	4.45
COUNT:			16	16	14	14	16	16	10	10	15
REW SDD		09/08/89	1.6	5	2.0	0.002	8.00	274	126	168	5.0
REW SDD		10/26/89	0.5	2	1.0	-0.002	8.08	233	104	116	4.0
REW SDD		01/05/90	0.5	5	1.0	0.005	8.01	245	108	132	2.0
REW SDD		02/14/90	0.5	5	1.3	-0.002	8.04	246	124	132	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
REW	SDD	05/17/90	5.2	8	1.4	-0.002	7.92	271	0	0	2.0
REW	SDD	07/09/90	1.5	8	1.5	-0.002	7.89	280	0	0	5.0
REW	SDD	08/13/90	1.5	7	1.9	-0.002	8.03	303	120	164	6.0
REW	SDD	08/27/90	1.5	12	4.5	-0.002	6.95	210	0	0	6.0
REW	SDD	09/25/90	0.9	7	2.0	-0.002	7.99	269	0	0	4.0
REW	SDD	11/06/90	1.2	8	3.8	-0.002	8.28	295	0	0	6.0
REW	SDD	01/12/91	1.0	7	2.0	0.002	8.01	265	0	0	3.0
REW	SDD	02/07/91	1.2	8	1.5	0.005	7.90	271	0	0	4.0
REW	SDD	03/27/91	1.4	8	1.8	0.002	8.11	248	0	0	3.0
REW	SDD	04/26/91	1.2	8	1.5	0.005	7.96	257	0	0	7.0
REW	SDD	06/03/91	2.9	16	3.0	0.045	7.96	277	0	0	12.0
REW	SDD	07/01/91	2.1	11	2.4	0.002	7.83	300	0	0	8.0
REW	SDD	08/05/91	1.7	8	0.0	0.000	7.95	292	0	0	2.0
REW	SDD	09/09/91	1.2	6	0.0	0.000	8.01	270	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			1.53	7.72	2.04	0.005	7.94	267.00	116.40	142.40	4.94
COUNT:			18	18	16	16	18	18	5	5	17
REW	SDM	09/08/89	6.2	7	2.5	-0.002	7.78	336	132	180	6.0
REW	SDM	10/26/89	2.2	2	2.0	-0.002	7.78	343	144	168	4.0
REW	SDM	01/05/90	4.8	4	1.5	0.002	7.80	342	144	180	2.0
REW	SDM	02/14/90	1.2	3	1.4	-0.002	7.86	287	140	156	0.0
REW	SDM	05/17/90	15.5	15	5.8	-0.002	7.73	448	0	0	3.0
REW	SDM	07/09/90	24.5	21	5.0	-0.002	7.69	485	0	0	6.0
REW	SDM	08/13/90	1.9	4	2.0	-0.002	7.88	329	140	172	4.0
REW	SDM	08/27/90	0.9	5	1.5	-0.002	6.89	236	0	0	7.0
REW	SDM	09/25/90	0.4	5	1.5	-0.002	7.75	297	0	0	5.0
REW	SDM	11/06/90	0.6	2	1.8	-0.002	8.18	296	0	0	5.0
REW	SDM	01/12/91	0.5	3	1.6	-0.002	7.76	278	0	0	2.0
REW	SDM	02/07/91	0.6	3	1.3	-0.002	7.63	275	0	0	3.0
REW	SDM	03/27/91	0.8	3	1.2	-0.002	7.81	271	0	0	2.0
REW	SDM	04/26/91	21.1	17	7.5	-0.002	7.71	469	0	0	10.0
REW	SDM	06/03/91	0.7	6	1.5	0.002	7.81	260	0	0	8.0
REW	SDM	07/01/91	0.3	2	1.6	0.002	7.70	304	0	0	8.0
REW	SDM	08/05/91	0.3	3	0.0	0.000	7.84	300	0	0	3.0
REW	SDM	09/09/91	0.3	3	0.0	0.000	7.81	256	0	0	4.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			4.60	6.00	2.48	0.001	7.75	322.89	140.00	171.20	4.82
COUNT:			18	18	16	16	18	18	5	5	17
REW	SDS	07/09/90	47.0	40	22.0	-0.002	7.55	744	0	0	10.0
REW	SDS	08/13/90	43.6	30	8.4	-0.002	7.73	677	116	308	9.0
REW	SDS	08/27/90	34.8	25	6.5	-0.002	6.91	434	0	0	8.0
REW	SDS	09/25/90	30.3	24	9.0	-0.002	7.69	532	0	0	6.0
REW	SDS	11/06/90	9.6	8	2.2	-0.002	8.06	480	0	0	6.0
REW	SDS	04/26/91	55.0	42	21.0	-0.002	7.36	785	0	0	14.0
REW	SDS	06/03/91	44.4	34	10.0	0.005	7.64	634	0	0	15.0
REW	SDS	07/01/91	50.0	37	7.5	-0.002	7.53	760	0	0	11.0
REW	SDS	08/05/91	8.3	8	0.0	0.000	7.71	367	0	0	3.0
REW	SDS	09/09/91	5.3	4	0.0	0.000	7.73	329	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			32.83	25.20	10.83	0.002	7.59	574.20	116.00	308.00	9.00
COUNT:			10	10	8	8	10	10	1	1	10
RSA	19	06/25/90	6.8	6	2.5	-0.002	7.85	326	0	0	4.0
RSA	19	07/09/90	10.0	8	2.0	-0.002	7.86	324	0	0	5.0
RSA	19	08/13/90	7.3	7	2.0	-0.002	7.91	345	0	0	4.0
RSA	19	08/27/90	6.0	8	1.5	-0.002	6.82	235	0	0	4.0
RSA	19	09/25/90	23.4	18	2.5	-0.002	7.73	453	0	0	5.0
RSA	19	11/06/90	24.2	16	4.5	-0.002	7.58	516	0	0	7.0
RSA	19	01/12/91	14.5	10	4.0	0.005	7.77	400	0	0	4.0
RSA	19	02/07/91	5.9	4	2.8	-0.002	7.72	303	0	0	6.0
RSA	19	03/27/91	3.6	4	1.5	-0.002	7.82	262	0	0	2.0
RSA	19	04/26/91	2.5	3	1.0	0.002	7.77	249	0	0	5.0
RSA	19	06/03/91	6.1	6	2.0	0.002	7.82	309	0	0	10.0
RSA	19	07/01/91	8.7	8	2.1	0.002	7.67	313	0	0	5.0
RSA	19	08/05/91	12.2	11	0.0	0.000	7.77	349	0	0	2.0
RSA	19	09/05/91	23.1	19	0.0	0.000	7.91	436	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			11.02	9.14	2.37	0.002	7.71	344.29	*****	*****	5.07
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	0	0	14
RSA	20	06/25/90	10.2	7	2.0	-0.002	7.99	340	0	0	4.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
<hr/>											
RSA 20		07/09/90	9.2	7	1.5	-0.002	7.97	301	0	0	4.0
RSA 20		08/13/90	13.1	10	2.4	-0.002	7.99	380	0	0	6.0
RSA 20		08/27/90	10.0	9	1.5	-0.002	7.02	246	0	0	5.0
RSA 20		09/25/90	20.2	16	2.8	-0.002	7.92	413	0	0	5.0
RSA 20		11/06/90	25.6	16	5.0	0.002	7.80	524	0	0	9.0
RSA 20		01/12/91	8.9	7	2.8	0.002	7.96	341	0	0	3.0
RSA 20		02/07/91	0.3	3	1.3	0.008	7.94	215	0	0	3.0
RSA 20		03/27/91	0.3	2	1.0	0.002	8.18	193	0	0	2.0
RSA 20		04/26/91	0.4	2	1.0	0.015	7.93	209	0	0	6.0
RSA 20		06/03/91	2.5	3	1.0	0.002	8.02	264	0	0	9.0
RSA 20		07/01/91	11.0	10	1.7	0.002	7.72	329	0	0	6.0
RSA 20		08/05/91	10.4	12	0.0	0.000	7.79	325	0	0	3.0
RSA 20		09/05/91	9.8	10	0.0	0.000	8.00	306	0	0	6.0
<hr/>											
AVERAGE:			9.42	8.14	2.00	0.003	7.87	313.29	*****	*****	5.07
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	0	0	14
<hr/>											
RSA 21		06/25/90	3.0	7	1.5	-0.002	8.19	256	0	0	4.0
RSA 21		07/09/90	9.5	8	2.0	-0.002	8.06	304	0	0	5.0
RSA 21		08/13/90	1.8	5	2.4	-0.002	8.20	260	108	144	6.0
RSA 21		08/27/90	12.1	11	1.5	-0.002	7.02	259	0	0	6.0
RSA 21		09/25/90	1.2	10	1.7	-0.002	8.05	263	0	0	4.0
RSA 21		11/06/90	12.0	10	2.6	0.005	8.09	330	0	0	7.0
RSA 21		01/12/91	0.7	4	1.6	0.008	8.17	228	0	0	2.0
RSA 21		02/07/91	0.5	3	1.3	0.005	8.12	195	0	0	4.0
RSA 21		03/27/91	1.4	2	1.0	-0.002	8.03	211	0	0	2.0
RSA 21		04/26/91	0.7	4	1.0	-0.002	8.08	207	0	0	6.0
RSA 21		06/03/91	0.8	5	1.0	0.002	8.22	232	0	0	9.0
RSA 21		07/01/91	9.6	11	1.7	0.005	7.82	319	0	0	6.0
RSA 21		08/05/91	1.4	7	0.0	0.000	7.94	241	0	0	2.0
RSA 21		09/05/91	0.8	5	0.0	0.000	8.06	230	0	0	5.0
<hr/>											
AVERAGE:			3.96	6.57	1.61	0.003	8.00	252.50	108.00	144.00	4.86
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
<hr/>											
RSA 22		06/25/90	2.2	7	1.5	0.002	8.27	253	0	0	4.0
RSA 22		07/09/90	7.8	8	2.0	-0.002	8.09	290	0	0	5.0
RSA 22		08/13/90	4.4	6	2.4	-0.002	8.21	294	112	148	6.0
RSA 22		08/27/90	13.0	12	2.0	-0.002	7.06	262	0	0	6.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RSA 22		09/25/90	2.1	11	1.7	0.005	8.16	271	0	0	4.0
RSA 22		11/06/90	2.4	8	2.5	0.002	8.16	275	0	0	6.0
RSA 22		01/12/91	1.3	6	2.2	0.002	8.27	238	0	0	2.0
RSA 22		02/07/91	0.9	5	1.7	0.002	8.13	202	0	0	4.0
RSA 22		03/27/91	0.7	4	1.4	-0.002	8.26	205	0	0	2.0
RSA 22		04/26/91	0.9	5	1.0	-0.002	8.23	231	0	0	5.0
RSA 22		06/03/91	1.5	9	2.0	0.005	8.28	244	0	0	9.0
RSA 22		07/01/91	1.8	9	1.9	0.008	7.97	246	0	0	5.0
RSA 22		08/05/91	1.9	9	0.0	0.000	8.02	252	0	0	2.0
RSA 22		09/05/91	1.3	7	0.0	0.000	8.08	243	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			3.01	7.57	1.86	0.003	8.09	250.43	112.00	148.00	4.64
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
RSA 23		06/25/90	1.8	7	2.0	-0.002	8.31	247	0	0	5.0
RSA 23		07/09/90	4.0	8	1.5	-0.002	8.12	255	0	0	5.0
RSA 23		08/13/90	3.4	8	2.2	-0.002	8.26	284	108	144	6.0
RSA 23		08/27/90	2.6	10	2.0	-0.002	7.03	204	0	0	6.0
RSA 23		09/25/90	9.5	14	2.2	-0.002	8.20	336	0	0	5.0
RSA 23		11/06/90	2.1	10	2.6	-0.002	8.33	282	0	0	6.0
RSA 23		01/12/91	1.8	8	2.6	0.002	8.33	263	0	0	3.0
RSA 23		02/07/91	1.7	8	2.1	-0.002	8.29	237	0	0	5.0
RSA 23		03/27/91	1.5	6	2.0	-0.002	8.34	229	0	0	3.0
RSA 23		04/26/91	1.3	7	1.5	0.002	8.29	257	0	0	6.0
RSA 23		06/03/91	1.5	9	2.0	0.002	8.34	253	0	0	9.0
RSA 23		07/01/91	2.1	12	2.2	0.005	8.04	264	0	0	7.0
RSA 23		08/05/91	2.5	12	0.0	0.000	8.12	267	0	0	2.0
RSA 23		09/05/91	1.6	9	0.0	0.000	8.13	253	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			2.67	9.14	2.08	0.002	8.15	259.36	108.00	144.00	5.21
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
RSB 19		06/20/90	7.5	7	7.5	0.002	7.99	341	136	176	5.0
RSB 19		07/09/90	11.5	10	3.0	-0.002	7.90	358	0	0	5.0
RSB 19		08/13/90	11.6	11	2.9	-0.002	8.01	374	116	180	5.0
RSB 19		08/27/90	7.9	12	2.5	-0.002	7.10	241	0	0	4.0
RSB 19		09/25/90	19.3	17	5.0	-0.002	7.89	457	0	0	5.0
RSB 19		11/06/90	15.4	10	6.2	-0.002	8.02	448	0	0	8.0
RSB 19		01/12/91	25.6	16	6.4	-0.002	7.82	550	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RSB 19		02/07/91	21.8	13	7.2	0.002	7.85	478	0	0	8.0
RSB 19		03/27/91	11.4	8	4.4	-0.002	7.92	368	0	0	4.0
RSB 19		04/26/91	2.8	4	2.0	-0.002	8.00	289	0	0	7.0
RSB 19		06/03/91	4.6	5	2.5	0.002	7.95	255	0	0	11.0
RSB 19		07/01/91	17.9	17	2.9	0.002	7.81	421	0	0	8.0
RSB 19		08/05/91	19.3	16	0.0	0.000	7.89	434	0	0	3.0
RSB 19		09/05/91	17.2	12	0.0	0.000	8.00	407	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			13.84	11.29	4.38	0.001	7.87	387.21	126.00	178.00	6.21
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	2	2	14
RSB 20		06/20/90	15.5	26	15.5	-0.002	7.98	451	156	212	6.0
RSB 20		07/09/90	19.8	14	7.5	-0.002	7.94	457	0	0	7.0
RSB 20		08/13/90	27.1	19	7.8	-0.002	8.03	538	120	248	9.0
RSB 20		08/27/90	16.8	15	6.5	-0.002	7.22	334	0	0	8.0
RSB 20		09/25/90	4.7	8	4.6	0.002	7.97	318	0	0	4.0
RSB 20		11/06/90	13.5	9	5.8	-0.002	8.04	424	0	0	9.0
RSB 20		01/12/91	9.1	7	3.2	-0.002	7.91	370	0	0	4.0
RSB 20		02/07/91	3.4	4	2.4	-0.002	7.93	271	0	0	4.0
RSB 20		03/27/91	1.4	3	1.5	-0.002	7.97	243	0	0	2.0
RSB 20		04/26/91	1.7	2	1.0	-0.002	8.06	252	0	0	4.0
RSB 20		06/03/91	10.2	9	3.0	-0.002	7.95	353	0	0	13.0
RSB 20		07/01/91	14.5	15	3.9	-0.002	7.77	431	0	0	9.0
RSB 20		08/05/91	13.3	14	0.0	0.000	7.95	388	0	0	3.0
RSB 20		09/05/91	18.4	15	0.0	0.000	7.89	419	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			12.10	11.43	5.23	0.001	7.90	374.93	138.00	230.00	6.57
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	2	2	14
RSB 21		06/20/90	21.5	18	21.5	-0.002	8.00	537	128	248	7.0
RSB 21		07/09/90	14.0	11	8.0	-0.002	8.01	406	0	0	6.0
RSB 21		08/13/90	24.4	17	9.0	-0.002	8.00	530	136	248	9.0
RSB 21		08/27/90	11.0	12	6.0	-0.002	7.20	300	0	0	7.0
RSB 21		09/25/90	2.4	8	3.0	0.002	8.00	279	0	0	4.0
RSB 21		11/06/90	2.3	4	2.5	-0.002	8.09	297	0	0	5.0
RSB 21		01/12/91	0.8	4	1.8	-0.002	8.08	244	0	0	2.0
RSB 21		02/07/91	0.8	5	1.5	0.002	8.07	227	0	0	3.0
RSB 21		03/27/91	1.3	5	1.5	-0.002	8.17	230	0	0	3.0
RSB 21		04/26/91	1.4	4	1.0	-0.002	8.06	245	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RSB 21		06/03/91	3.2	5	2.0	-0.002	8.01	262	0	0	10.0
RSB 21		07/01/91	3.6	10	1.9	0.002	7.88	301	0	0	8.0
RSB 21		08/05/91	2.3	8	0.0	0.000	8.12	259	0	0	2.0
RSB 21		09/05/91	3.5	10	0.0	0.000	7.98	275	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			6.61	8.64	4.98	0.001	7.98	313.71	132.00	248.00	5.57
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	2	2	14
RSB 22		06/20/90	18.5	16	18.5	-0.002	8.15	493	0	0	7.0
RSB 22		07/09/90	11.8	11	5.5	-0.002	8.13	364	0	0	6.0
RSB 22		08/13/90	30.6	21	7.5	-0.002	8.06	603	144	288	10.0
RSB 22		08/27/90	14.6	14	8.5	-0.002	7.00	325	0	0	7.0
RSB 22		09/25/90	3.0	10	3.0	0.002	8.07	282	0	0	4.0
RSB 22		11/06/90	1.6	6	2.2	-0.002	8.12	290	0	0	5.0
RSB 22		01/12/91	1.2	6	2.4	-0.002	8.13	246	0	0	3.0
RSB 22		02/07/91	1.2	7	1.9	0.002	8.14	236	0	0	4.0
RSB 22		03/27/91	1.6	7	1.8	-0.002	8.15	236	0	0	2.0
RSB 22		04/26/91	1.9	8	1.5	0.002	8.23	244	0	0	7.0
RSB 22		06/03/91	1.5	5	2.0	0.002	8.07	235	0	0	10.0
RSB 22		07/01/91	3.0	12	1.9	0.005	7.95	290	0	0	8.0
RSB 22		08/05/91	2.1	8	0.0	0.000	8.19	255	0	0	2.0
RSB 22		09/05/91	3.4	12	0.0	0.000	8.04	285	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			6.86	10.21	4.73	0.002	8.03	313.14	144.00	288.00	5.93
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
RSB 23		06/20/90	10.8	12	10.8	-0.002	8.26	382	116	184	6.0
RSB 23		07/09/90	2.0	8	1.5	-0.002	8.23	257	0	0	5.0
RSB 23		08/13/90	4.9	9	2.0	-0.002	8.30	313	120	164	6.0
RSB 23		08/27/90	11.9	14	2.0	-0.002	6.61	303	0	0	6.0
RSB 23		09/25/90	2.6	12	1.7	-0.002	7.85	261	0	0	4.0
RSB 23		11/06/90	2.0	9	2.5	-0.002	8.24	276	0	0	6.0
RSB 23		01/12/91	1.8	8	2.8	-0.002	8.26	260	0	0	3.0
RSB 23		02/07/91	1.8	9	2.6	0.005	8.31	242	0	0	5.0
RSB 23		03/27/91	2.2	9	2.4	-0.002	8.21	246	0	0	3.0
RSB 23		04/26/91	2.8	11	2.0	-0.002	8.21	264	0	0	7.0
RSB 23		06/03/91	2.2	9	2.5	0.005	8.12	247	0	0	11.0
RSB 23		07/01/91	3.0	13	2.2	0.005	8.03	288	0	0	8.0
RSB 23		08/05/91	3.9	15	0.0	0.000	7.40	291	0	0	3.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RSB	23	09/05/91	4.4	14	0.0	0.000	8.09	291	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			4.02	10.86	2.92	0.002	8.01	280.07	118.00	174.00	5.71
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	2	2	14
RSB	24	06/20/90	3.5	10	3.5	-0.002	8.30	299	152	152	5.0
RSB	24	07/09/90	2.0	9	1.5	-0.002	8.19	265	0	0	5.0
RSB	24	08/13/90	2.4	10	1.7	-0.002	8.30	290	116	156	6.0
RSB	24	08/27/90	2.6	12	1.5	-0.002	6.81	216	0	0	6.0
RSB	24	09/25/90	2.8	13	2.0	-0.002	8.00	265	0	0	4.0
RSB	24	11/06/90	2.5	11	2.6	0.002	8.24	271	0	0	6.0
RSB	24	01/12/91	2.6	12	3.2	0.008	8.28	268	0	0	3.0
RSB	24	02/07/91	2.7	12	3.0	0.005	8.33	252	0	0	5.0
RSB	24	03/27/91	3.0	12	2.8	-0.002	8.29	264	0	0	3.0
RSB	24	04/26/91	3.6	14	2.5	-0.002	8.24	280	0	0	10.0
RSB	24	06/03/91	3.3	13	3.0	0.005	8.04	272	0	0	10.0
RSB	24	07/01/91	3.6	15	2.7	0.005	8.07	298	0	0	8.0
RSB	24	08/05/91	4.6	17	0.0	0.000	7.60	304	0	0	3.0
RSB	24	09/05/91	4.7	16	0.0	0.000	8.13	289	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			3.14	12.57	2.50	0.003	8.06	273.79	134.00	154.00	5.79
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	2	2	14
RSB	25	06/20/90	2.5	11	2.5	-0.002	8.33	292	204	148	5.0
RSB	25	07/09/90	2.5	11	2.0	-0.002	8.12	270	0	0	6.0
RSB	25	08/13/90	2.8	11	2.0	-0.002	8.30	292	116	160	6.0
RSB	25	08/27/90	2.9	13	1.5	-0.002	7.08	221	0	0	8.0
RSB	25	09/25/90	3.2	14	2.2	0.002	8.06	266	0	0	5.0
RSB	25	11/06/90	3.1	12	2.8	-0.002	8.22	272	0	0	8.0
RSB	25	01/12/91	3.1	13	3.8	0.002	8.30	269	0	0	3.0
RSB	25	02/07/91	3.4	14	3.1	0.002	8.32	258	0	0	6.0
RSB	25	03/27/91	3.5	15	3.4	-0.002	8.28	271	0	0	4.0
RSB	25	04/26/91	3.9	16	3.0	0.005	8.35	287	0	0	9.0
RSB	25	06/03/91	4.2	16	4.0	0.005	8.13	281	0	0	11.0
RSB	25	07/01/91	4.3	17	3.4	0.005	8.10	309	0	0	10.0
RSB	25	08/05/91	4.7	18	0.0	0.000	7.94	305	0	0	3.0
RSB	25	09/05/91	5.0	17	0.0	0.000	8.15	295	0	0	7.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			3.51	14.14	2.81	0.002	8.12	277.71	160.00	154.00	6.50
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	2	2	14
RSC 19	06/25/90		12.5	11	6.5	-0.002	7.94	359	0	0	5.0
RSC 19	07/09/90		12.8	11	5.5	-0.002	7.85	338	0	0	6.0
RSC 19	08/13/90		22.9	21	5.8	-0.002	7.91	497	128	228	9.0
RSC 19	08/27/90		14.8	19	5.0	-0.002	7.30	337	0	0	7.0
RSC 19	09/25/90		24.2	29	5.0	-0.002	7.73	527	0	0	6.0
RSC 19	11/06/90		37.9	21	6.0	-0.002	7.83	690	0	0	13.0
RSC 19	01/12/91		6.1	5	11.8	0.005	7.65	347	0	0	4.0
RSC 19	02/07/91		3.2	3	2.8	-0.002	7.89	281	0	0	6.0
RSC 19	03/27/91		15.8	11	4.5	-0.002	7.83	435	0	0	6.0
RSC 19	04/26/91		8.3	9	4.0	-0.002	8.10	323	0	0	11.0
RSC 19	06/03/91		19.2	17	8.5	-0.002	7.78	453	0	0	19.0
RSC 19	07/01/91		13.7	12	7.8	0.002	7.83	422	0	0	11.0
RSC 19	08/05/91		32.0	25	0.0	0.000	7.70	586	0	0	5.0
RSC 19	09/05/91		31.2	23	0.0	0.000	7.82	549	0	0	13.0
AVERAGE:			18.19	15.50	6.10	0.001	7.80	438.86	128.00	228.00	8.64
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
RSC 20	06/25/90		33.8	29	17.5	-0.002	7.76	618	0	0	9.0
RSC 20	07/09/90		18.5	17	13.0	0.002	7.80	436	0	0	10.0
RSC 20	08/13/90		50.8	40	16.0	-0.002	7.82	787	120	344	21.0
RSC 20	08/27/90		46.4	37	5.5	-0.002	7.20	565	0	0	20.0
RSC 20	09/25/90		31.7	25	11.0	0.002	7.70	608	0	0	11.0
RSC 20	11/06/90		39.0	22	10.4	-0.002	7.80	722	0	0	18.0
RSC 20	01/12/91		12.5	8	7.8	-0.002	7.80	428	0	0	6.0
RSC 20	02/07/91		5.1	4	2.1	-0.002	7.88	302	0	0	7.0
RSC 20	03/27/91		7.9	8	2.8	-0.002	7.87	321	0	0	5.0
RSC 20	04/26/91		5.7	6	2.5	-0.002	7.92	274	0	0	10.0
RSC 20	06/03/91		15.8	12	13.0	-0.002	7.83	397	0	0	17.0
RSC 20	07/01/91		10.8	10	5.2	0.002	7.87	332	0	0	9.0
RSC 20	08/05/91		36.1	29	0.0	0.000	7.75	680	0	0	9.0
RSC 20	09/05/91		10.7	13	0.0	0.000	7.81	364	0	0	12.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
AVERAGE:			23.20	18.57	8.90	0.001	7.77	488.14	120.00	344.00	11.71
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
RSC 21		06/25/90	35.2	32	19.0	-0.002	7.74	639	0	0	12.0
RSC 21		07/09/90	15.5	16	14.0	0.002	7.81	422	0	0	11.0
RSC 21		08/13/90	53.3	43	21.8	-0.002	7.83	827	124	344	26.0
RSC 21		08/27/90	29.2	27	17.0	-0.002	7.01	465	0	0	17.0
RSC 21		09/25/90	40.3	26	13.5	-0.002	7.62	673	0	0	13.0
RSC 21		11/06/90	41.6	25	13.2	-0.002	7.79	760	0	0	25.0
RSC 21		01/12/91	21.0	12	9.2	0.002	7.85	534	0	0	9.0
RSC 21		02/07/91	7.3	6	2.1	-0.002	7.87	319	0	0	8.0
RSC 21		03/27/91	8.5	10	4.2	-0.002	7.93	322	0	0	6.0
RSC 21		04/26/91	4.8	8	2.0	-0.002	7.95	252	0	0	10.0
RSC 21		06/03/91	19.6	13	7.0	-0.002	7.90	418	0	0	17.0
RSC 21		07/01/91	15.0	13	4.6	0.002	7.85	392	0	0	11.0
RSC 21		08/05/91	31.8	26	0.0	0.000	7.81	656	0	0	10.0
RSC 21		09/05/91	13.6	14	0.0	0.000	7.78	388	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			24.05	19.36	10.63	0.001	7.77	504.79	124.00	344.00	13.36
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
RSC 21D		08/27/90	28.2	27	17.0	-0.002	7.06	455	0	0	16.0
AVERAGE:			28.20	27.00	17.00	0.001	7.06	455.00	*****	*****	16.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
RSC 22		06/25/90	11.5	15	10.0	-0.002	7.93	375	0	0	7.0
RSC 22		07/09/90	26.0	25	17.5	-0.002	7.81	550	0	0	15.0
RSC 22		08/13/90	40.3	35	19.7	-0.002	7.90	701	128	304	24.0
RSC 22		08/27/90	9.6	13	13.0	-0.002	7.11	293	0	0	11.0
RSC 22		09/25/90	51.2	33	16.5	-0.002	7.62	768	0	0	14.0
RSC 22		11/06/90	20.2	17	8.4	-0.002	7.87	514	0	0	16.0
RSC 22		01/12/91	3.4	6	3.5	0.002	7.94	283	0	0	3.0
RSC 22		02/07/91	0.8	6	1.7	-0.002	8.02	217	0	0	4.0
RSC 22		03/27/91	0.9	5	1.4	-0.002	8.07	194	0	0	3.0
RSC 22		04/26/91	1.9	7	1.5	-0.002	8.12	206	0	0	8.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RSC 22		06/03/91	4.9	8	2.5	-0.002	8.00	251	0	0	10.0
RSC 22		07/01/91	24.2	18	3.9	0.032	7.86	519	0	0	13.0
RSC 22		08/05/91	13.1	17	0.0	0.000	7.95	429	0	0	6.0
RSC 22		09/05/91	8.8	14	0.0	0.000	7.85	330	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			15.49	15.64	8.30	0.004	7.86	402.14	128.00	304.00	10.21
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
RSC 23		06/25/90	21.0	22	13.0	-0.002	7.89	473	0	0	9.0
RSC 23		07/09/90	17.2	18	13.0	-0.002	7.89	438	0	0	12.0
RSC 23		08/13/90	14.9	17	5.9	-0.002	7.98	431	116	204	13.0
RSC 23		08/27/90	12.5	16	8.0	-0.002	6.94	336	0	0	11.0
RSC 23		09/25/90	24.6	23	8.4	-0.002	7.80	520	0	0	10.0
RSC 23		11/06/90	26.4	22	9.0	-0.002	8.00	609	0	0	23.0
RSC 23		01/12/91	1.2	7	2.5	-0.002	8.06	250	0	0	3.0
RSC 23		02/07/91	1.2	7	2.1	0.002	8.08	215	0	0	4.0
RSC 23		03/27/91	1.3	7	1.8	-0.002	8.12	205	0	0	3.0
RSC 23		04/26/91	1.9	10	1.5	-0.002	8.15	224	0	0	8.0
RSC 23		06/03/91	1.9	10	2.5	0.002	8.03	230	0	0	9.0
RSC 23		07/01/91	19.2	16	2.7	-0.002	7.91	465	0	0	12.0
RSC 23		08/05/91	5.1	15	0.0	0.000	8.10	323	0	0	4.0
RSC 23		09/05/91	4.1	14	0.0	0.000	7.92	288	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			10.89	14.57	5.87	0.001	7.92	357.64	116.00	204.00	9.21
COUNT:			14	14	12	12	14	14	1	1	14
RSD 23		09/05/91	3.1	12	0.0	0.000	7.91	288	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			3.10	12.00	*****	*****	7.91	288.00	*****	*****	7.00
COUNT:			1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
RSD 19		07/09/90	4.5	11	1.5	-0.002	7.96	244	0	0	4.0
RSD 19		08/13/90	3.6	11	1.7	-0.002	8.07	253	112	132	3.0
RSD 19		08/27/90	2.0	13	1.5	-0.002	7.13	216	0	0	4.0
RSD 19		09/25/90	4.1	18	2.2	-0.002	7.82	319	0	0	3.0
RSD 19		11/06/90	24.1	22	4.5	-0.002	7.95	584	0	0	7.0
RSD 19		01/12/91	27.3	24	6.6	0.028	7.76	542	0	0	4.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RSD 19		02/07/91	31.3	28	8.6	-0.002	7.80	544	0	0	11.0
RSD 19		03/27/91	29.3	32	13.4	-0.002	7.77	553	0	0	8.0
RSD 19		04/26/91	27.0	28	12.0	-0.002	7.89	504	0	0	17.0
RSD 19		06/03/91	4.5	9	5.0	0.002	7.91	237	0	0	7.0
RSD 19		07/01/91	3.4	8	2.2	-0.002	7.97	247	0	0	6.0
RSD 19		08/05/91	5.1	10	0.0	0.000	7.78	269	0	0	3.0
RSD 19		09/05/91	18.5	17	0.0	0.000	7.80	404	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			14.21	17.77	5.38	0.004	7.82	378.15	112.00	132.00	6.46
COUNT:			13	13	11	11	13	13	1	1	13
RSD 19D		08/27/90	2.4	13	1.5	-0.002	6.88	201	0	0	4.0
AVERAGE:			2.40	13.00	1.50	0.001	6.88	201.00	*****	*****	4.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
RSD 20		07/09/90	7.2	11	5.0	-0.002	7.42	315	0	0	5.0
RSD 20		08/13/90	11.0	15	7.2	-0.002	7.98	374	120	176	5.0
RSD 20		08/27/90	16.9	22	2.5	-0.002	6.88	329	0	0	6.0
RSD 20		09/25/90	19.7	24	8.0	-0.002	7.77	464	0	0	5.0
RSD 20		11/06/90	17.0	15	7.8	-0.002	7.98	481	0	0	9.0
RSD 20		01/12/91	34.4	27	14.5	0.002	7.75	668	0	0	8.0
RSD 20		02/07/91	35.2	28	15.1	-0.002	7.77	621	0	0	16.0
RSD 20		03/27/91	26.7	29	15.0	-0.002	7.81	587	0	0	11.0
RSD 20		04/26/91	24.5	22	10.0	-0.002	7.85	519	0	0	18.0
RSD 20		06/03/91	19.4	20	13.0	-0.002	7.77	476	0	0	19.0
RSD 20		07/01/91	15.6	17	9.5	-0.002	7.76	456	0	0	12.0
RSD 20		08/05/91	25.1	19	0.0	0.000	7.71	481	0	0	5.0
RSD 20		09/05/91	40.1	29	0.0	0.000	7.69	652	0	0	13.0
AVERAGE:			22.52	21.38	9.78	0.001	7.70	494.08	120.00	176.00	10.15
COUNT:			13	13	11	11	13	13	1	1	13
RSD 21		07/09/90	30.8	26	15.5	-0.002	7.80	573	0	0	11.0
RSD 21		08/13/90	36.4	30	14.0	-0.002	7.78	652	136	292	13.0
RSD 21		08/27/90	34.2	30	9.0	-0.002	7.10	435	0	0	11.0
RSD 21		09/25/90	14.6	20	8.4	-0.002	7.77	413	0	0	6.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RSD 21		11/06/90	13.9	13	9.2	-0.002	8.03	425	0	0	10.0
RSD 21		01/12/91	19.6	17	12.0	-0.002	7.78	522	0	0	8.0
RSD 21		02/07/91	18.8	16	9.5	-0.002	7.78	482	0	0	14.0
RSD 21		03/27/91	7.8	8	5.5	-0.002	7.79	354	0	0	5.0
RSD 21		04/26/91	1.8	4	2.0	0.005	7.89	262	0	0	9.0
RSD 21		06/03/91	19.7	20	9.0	-0.002	7.82	505	0	0	19.0
RSD 21		07/01/91	31.2	25	6.6	0.002	7.68	616	0	0	14.0
RSD 21		08/05/91	12.6	14	0.0	0.000	7.78	386	0	0	4.0
RSD 21		09/05/91	22.7	17	0.0	0.000	7.75	508	0	0	13.0
AVERAGE:			20.32	18.46	9.15	0.001	7.75	471.77	136.00	292.00	10.54
COUNT:			13	13	11	11	13	13	1	1	13
RSD 22		07/09/90	31.2	26	12.5	-0.002	7.80	567	0	0	9.0
RSD 22		08/13/90	14.3	15	6.9	-0.002	7.90	415	124	200	8.0
RSD 22		08/27/90	10.1	14	3.0	-0.002	7.00	314	0	0	6.0
RSD 22		09/25/90	41.3	34	12.6	-0.002	7.73	688	0	0	9.0
RSD 22		11/06/90	7.1	10	4.4	-0.002	8.22	337	0	0	7.0
RSD 22		01/12/91	4.6	9	4.4	-0.002	8.00	313	0	0	4.0
RSD 22		02/07/91	2.4	6	2.6	-0.002	8.03	277	0	0	5.0
RSD 22		03/27/91	1.7	5	1.8	-0.002	8.04	259	0	0	3.0
RSD 22		04/26/91	1.2	5	1.5	0.008	7.93	240	0	0	7.0
RSD 22		06/03/91	5.1	9	3.0	-0.002	7.96	297	0	0	10.0
RSD 22		07/01/91	10.8	13	2.4	0.002	7.82	362	0	0	8.0
RSD 22		08/05/91	14.1	18	0.0	0.000	7.84	407	0	0	5.0
RSD 22		09/05/91	6.9	11	0.0	0.000	8.04	326	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			11.60	13.46	5.01	0.002	7.87	369.38	124.00	200.00	6.85
COUNT:			13	13	11	11	13	13	1	1	13
RSD 23		07/09/90	19.2	17	5.5	-0.002	7.83	434	0	0	7.0
RSD 23		08/13/90	18.1	18	9.4	-0.002	7.98	458	128	220	9.0
RSD 23		08/27/90	13.7	17	5.5	-0.002	7.22	336	0	0	8.0
RSD 23		09/25/90	29.7	28	8.1	-0.002	7.78	578	0	0	7.0
RSD 23		11/06/90	2.4	10	2.5	-0.002	8.31	327	0	0	7.0
RSD 23		01/12/91	1.4	9	2.5	-0.002	8.17	256	0	0	3.0
RSD 23		02/07/91	1.0	6	1.9	-0.002	8.11	256	0	0	5.0
RSD 23		03/27/91	1.6	5	2.0	-0.002	8.02	247	0	0	2.0
RSD 23		04/26/91	1.2	7	1.5	0.002	8.13	241	0	0	11.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
RSD 23		06/03/91	1.2	8	2.0	-0.002	8.04	221	0	0	9.0
RSD 23		07/01/91	5.3	11	2.5	0.002	7.90	313	0	0	8.0
RSD 23		08/05/91	30.2	28	0.0	0.000	7.84	569	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			10.42	13.67	3.95	0.001	7.94	353.00	128.00	220.00	6.75
COUNT:			12	12	11	11	12	12	1	1	12
RSE 19		07/09/90	9.2	17	1.5	-0.002	7.98	295	0	0	3.0
RSE 19		08/13/90	10.3	13	2.0	-0.002	8.07	335	112	176	4.0
RSE 19		08/27/90	2.7	20	1.5	-0.002	7.17	245	0	0	3.0
RSE 19		09/25/90	4.6	15	1.5	-0.002	7.80	323	0	0	3.0
RSE 19		11/06/90	15.9	20	3.0	-0.002	8.08	503	0	0	4.0
RSE 19		01/12/91	20.8	19	5.8	-0.002	7.86	474	0	0	3.0
RSE 19		02/07/91	19.3	16	5.7	0.002	7.85	440	0	0	5.0
RSE 19		04/26/91	28.6	16	4.0	0.002	7.85	441	0	0	7.0
RSE 19		06/03/91	3.8	5	3.0	0.002	7.96	207	0	0	6.0
RSE 19		07/01/91	8.2	8	2.2	-0.002	7.89	294	0	0	6.0
RSE 19		08/05/91	6.4	10	0.0	0.000	7.52	291	0	0	3.0
RSE 19		09/05/91	19.4	18	0.0	0.000	7.78	462	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			12.43	14.75	3.02	0.001	7.82	359.17	112.00	176.00	4.42
COUNT:			12	12	10	10	12	12	1	1	12
RSE 20		07/09/90	9.2	17	1.5	-0.002	7.98	322	0	0	3.0
RSE 20		08/13/90	9.7	13	3.0	-0.002	8.00	375	132	200	4.0
RSE 20		08/27/90	11.0	19	3.0	-0.002	7.36	320	0	0	4.0
RSE 20		09/25/90	17.9	22	4.5	-0.002	7.82	424	0	0	4.0
RSE 20		11/06/90	19.9	22	6.5	-0.002	8.13	519	0	0	6.0
RSE 20		01/12/91	17.2	16	7.2	-0.002	7.82	472	0	0	3.0
RSE 20		02/07/91	7.5	8	5.2	-0.002	7.94	356	0	0	4.0
RSE 20		03/27/91	4.6	5	1.2	0.005	7.87	326	0	0	3.0
RSE 20		04/26/91	10.6	11	3.5	0.002	7.98	378	0	0	9.0
RSE 20		06/03/91	8.1	8	4.5	-0.002	7.89	331	0	0	8.0
RSE 20		07/01/91	9.4	10	3.2	0.008	7.85	366	0	0	6.0
RSE 20		08/05/91	24.2	22	0.0	0.000	7.54	464	0	0	3.0
RSE 20		09/05/91	27.2	22	0.0	0.000	7.77	532	0	0	6.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			13.58	15.00	3.94	0.002	7.84	398.85	132.00	200.00	4.85
COUNT:			13	13	11	11	13	13	1	1	13
RSE 21	07/09/90		4.2	8	2.5	-0.002	7.96	290	0	0	5.0
RSE 21	08/13/90		10.6	14	4.0	-0.002	7.98	379	124	200	5.0
RSE 21	08/27/90		8.7	15	3.5	-0.002	7.26	301	0	0	5.0
RSE 21	09/25/90		9.4	17	5.0	-0.002	7.84	369	0	0	4.0
RSE 21	11/06/90		1.6	10	2.5	-0.002	8.29	322	0	0	5.0
RSE 21	01/12/91		1.4	8	2.4	-0.002	7.96	272	0	0	3.0
RSE 21	02/07/91		0.9	7	1.9	-0.002	8.06	261	0	0	4.0
RSE 21	03/27/91		2.4	8	1.8	-0.002	8.00	277	0	0	3.0
RSE 21	04/26/91		4.5	8	1.5	-0.002	8.09	315	0	0	8.0
RSE 21	06/03/91		2.3	8	2.5	-0.002	7.94	272	0	0	8.0
RSE 21	07/01/91		12.1	12	2.4	0.002	7.82	412	0	0	7.0
RSE 21	08/05/91		20.6	21	0.0	0.000	7.52	453	0	0	3.0
RSE 21	09/05/91		19.8	18	0.0	0.000	7.77	473	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			7.58	11.85	2.73	0.001	7.88	338.15	124.00	200.00	5.08
COUNT:			13	13	11	11	13	13	1	1	13
RSE 22	07/09/90		2.5	12	2.0	-0.002	8.06	263	0	0	5.0
RSE 22	08/13/90		2.0	10	1.9	-0.002	8.10	286	116	152	5.0
RSE 22	08/27/90		1.7	12	1.5	-0.002	7.01	241	0	0	5.0
RSE 22	09/25/90		2.2	15	2.5	-0.002	7.98	283	0	0	4.0
RSE 22	11/06/90		1.9	11	2.5	-0.002	8.52	315	0	0	7.0
RSE 22	01/12/91		1.8	11	2.6	-0.002	8.08	278	0	0	3.0
RSE 22	02/07/91		1.6	10	2.1	0.002	8.21	262	0	0	5.0
RSE 22	03/27/91		2.9	12	2.0	-0.002	8.15	276	0	0	3.0
RSE 22	04/26/91		1.9	12	2.0	-0.002	8.13	268	0	0	9.0
RSE 22	06/03/91		2.4	13	3.0	-0.002	8.07	263	0	0	11.0
RSE 22	07/01/91		12.6	14	2.7	0.002	7.90	400	0	0	8.0
RSE 22	08/05/91		23.0	23	0.0	0.000	7.56	475	0	0	4.0
RSE 22	09/05/91		15.9	18	0.0	0.000	7.88	435	0	0	6.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			5.57	13.31	2.25	0.001	7.97	311.15	116.00	152.00	5.77
COUNT:			13	13	11	11	13	13	1	1	13
RSE 23		07/09/90	2.8	14	2.0	-0.002	8.03	266	0	0	7.0
RSE 23		08/13/90	2.3	12	2.0	-0.002	8.17	287	116	152	6.0
RSE 23		08/27/90	2.0	13	0.5	-0.002	7.08	237	0	0	6.0
RSE 23		09/25/90	2.7	16	1.5	-0.002	8.14	278	0	0	5.0
RSE 23		11/06/90	2.3	13	3.0	-0.002	8.33	304	0	0	6.0
RSE 23		01/12/91	2.2	13	3.4	0.002	8.09	273	0	0	3.0
RSE 23		02/07/91	2.0	13	2.6	0.005	8.28	260	0	0	5.0
RSE 23		03/27/91	2.4	14	2.6	-0.002	8.20	265	0	0	4.0
RSE 23		04/26/91	2.8	16	2.5	0.002	8.32	269	0	0	10.0
RSE 23		06/03/91	3.0	17	3.5	0.002	8.13	267	0	0	13.0
RSE 23		07/01/91	11.7	18	3.4	0.005	8.02	380	0	0	9.0
RSE 23		08/05/91	13.3	20	0.0	0.000	7.74	386	0	0	5.0
RSE 23		09/05/91	8.3	16	0.0	0.000	8.02	352	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			4.45	15.00	2.45	0.002	8.04	294.15	116.00	152.00	6.62
COUNT:			13	13	11	11	13	13	1	1	13
SE SE		07/02/91	14.2	21	17.8	-0.002	7.80	485	0	0	14.0
AVERAGE:			14.20	21.00	17.80	0.001	7.80	485.00	*****	*****	14.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
SKY SW		08/05/88	3.5	34	17.2	-0.002	7.86	402	148	176	0.0
SKY SW		01/18/89	5.2	88	25.0	-0.002	7.93	643	164	268	8.0
SKY SW		03/31/89	6.0	61	31.4	0.002	7.80	550	148	196	8.0
SKY SW		06/13/89	6.0	41	19.5	-0.002	7.81	446	140	168	6.0
SKY SW		08/08/89	2.0	140	46.5	-0.002	7.75	705	128	232	13.0
AVERAGE:			4.54	72.80	27.92	0.001	7.83	549.20	145.60	208.00	8.75
COUNT:			5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES SURVEY WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
SW	SW	07/03/91	8.2	17	20.2	-0.002	8.09	371	0	0	19.0
AVERAGE:			8.20	17.00	20.20	0.001	8.09	371.00	*****	*****	19.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
W1	22	07/09/87	5.4	7	3.0	-0.005	8.33	220	76	94	0.0
W1	22	09/24/87	4.0	11	2.0	0.005	7.98	218	48	108	0.0
W1	22	11/02/87	3.8	14	1.7	-0.002	7.82	227	80	108	0.0
W1	22	01/19/88	3.8	14	3.2	0.000	8.06	236	80	108	0.0
W1	22	03/29/88	3.0	9	3.0	-0.002	8.13	258	76	106	0.0
W1	22	05/24/88	2.5	9	3.0	-0.002	8.22	219	80	104	0.0
W1	22	08/01/88	2.5	9	3.4	0.005	7.97	222	72	106	7.0
W1	22	10/12/88	3.5	9	4.0	-0.002	8.13	259	80	118	9.0
W1	22	10/26/88	2.8	10	9.2	0.002	8.18	245	88	116	6.5
W1	22	01/25/89	3.5	10	5.0	0.002	8.09	257	100	120	7.0
W1	22	02/01/89	3.5	10	4.5	-0.002	8.15	256	92	124	7.0
W1	22	02/23/89	3.5	10	4.5	0.002	7.55	254	92	124	7.0
W1	22	03/30/89	4.5	9	4.2	0.002	8.15	264	92	132	9.0
W1	22	06/28/89	3.5	7	3.0	0.002	8.05	243	88	124	7.0
W1	22	08/28/89	3.0	8	2.0	0.005	8.44	246	88	128	6.0
W1	22	10/28/89	3.2	9	3.0	-0.002	7.95	267	96	128	5.0
W1	22	01/08/90	4.0	11	4.0	0.002	7.97	265	100	136	8.0
W1	22	05/22/90	5.0	8	3.3	0.000	7.70	262	0	0	6.0
W1	22	04/05/91	4.4	9	3.8	-0.002	8.21	195	0	0	14.0
W1	22	07/03/91	3.4	4	3.0	-0.002	8.01	197	0	0	17.0
AVERAGE:			3.64	9.35	3.64	0.002	8.05	240.50	84.00	116.71	8.25
COUNT:			20	20	20	18	20	20	17	17	14
W1	25	07/09/87	7.7	12	4.2	-0.005	8.23	260	64	104	0.0
W1	25	09/24/87	3.0	10	2.7	0.002	8.03	207	68	96	0.0
W1	25	11/02/87	4.0	14	2.9	-0.002	7.90	221	76	100	0.0
W1	25	01/19/88	4.5	11	4.2	0.000	8.19	226	76	96	0.0
W1	25	03/29/88	3.8	10	6.0	-0.002	8.20	255	72	95	0.0
W1	25	05/24/88	3.5	11	5.0	-0.002	8.31	219	72	88	0.0
W1	25	08/01/88	3.5	11	6.8	0.005	8.17	220	68	98	8.0
W1	25	10/12/88	5.0	11	7.1	-0.002	8.14	245	68	104	18.0
W1	25	10/26/88	4.0	13	7.4	-0.002	8.22	240	68	96	6.8
W1	25	01/25/89	5.0	13	7.5	-0.002	8.21	258	88	116	7.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W1	25	02/01/89	5.0	13	6.5	-0.002	8.23	258	76	112	6.0
W1	25	02/23/89	4.5	13	6.2	0.002	7.90	253	76	112	7.0
W1	25	03/30/89	5.8	13	6.0	-0.002	8.21	285	84	120	10.0
W1	25	06/28/89	5.0	17	5.0	-0.002	8.07	266	80	132	7.0
W1	25	08/28/89	5.0	17	5.5	0.005	8.18	289	84	140	6.0
W1	25	10/28/89	5.8	19	6.0	-0.002	8.12	300	92	132	6.0
W1	25	01/08/90	7.0	17	7.8	0.005	8.17	273	80	128	8.0
W1	25	05/22/90	6.5	14	7.6	0.000	8.04	281	0	0	7.0
W1	25	04/05/91	7.3	19	6.2	-0.002	7.97	261	0	0	12.0
W1	25	07/03/91	7.0	13	5.6	0.002	8.09	291	0	0	15.0
AVERAGE:			5.15	13.55	5.81	0.002	8.13	255.40	76.00	109.94	8.84
COUNT:			20	20	20	18	20	20	17	17	14
W1	30	07/09/87	4.2	8	3.2	-0.005	8.17	215	72	90	0.0
W1	30	09/24/87	4.0	9	3.7	0.002	8.10	210	68	92	0.0
W1	30	11/02/87	5.0	15	4.0	-0.002	8.12	229	72	92	0.0
W1	30	01/19/88	5.8	11	5.3	0.000	8.30	241	88	92	0.0
W1	30	03/29/88	6.5	10	7.0	-0.002	8.22	270	68	97	0.0
W1	30	05/24/88	5.8	12	7.0	-0.002	8.35	234	64	88	0.0
W1	30	08/01/88	4.0	10	8.2	0.005	8.28	216	64	80	8.0
W1	30	10/12/88	6.0	10	9.2	0.005	8.07	250	68	90	10.8
W1	30	10/26/88	5.0	12	10.0	-0.002	8.30	234	64	88	7.0
W1	30	01/25/89	5.5	12	11.0	-0.002	8.23	237	68	88	6.0
W1	30	02/01/89	5.5	12	10.5	-0.002	8.31	237	60	88	8.0
W1	30	02/23/89	5.5	13	10.5	0.005	7.99	232	60	88	6.0
W1	30	03/30/89	6.5	12	10.5	-0.002	8.30	257	64	88	8.0
W1	30	06/28/89	6.5	15	9.0	0.005	8.16	250	60	104	7.0
W1	30	08/28/89	6.2	16	8.0	0.002	8.24	282	72	112	6.0
W1	30	10/28/89	6.5	17	17.0	-0.002	8.10	274	72	132	6.0
W1	30	01/08/90	7.2	18	7.8	-0.002	8.22	267	76	116	9.0
W1	30	05/22/90	7.0	12	10.2	0.000	8.11	261	0	0	6.0
W1	30	04/05/91	7.8	10	8.8	-0.002	8.78	209	0	0	11.0
W1	30	07/03/91	8.1	12	9.9	0.002	8.15	229	0	0	16.0
AVERAGE:			5.93	12.30	8.54	0.002	8.23	241.70	68.24	95.59	8.20
COUNT:			20	20	20	18	20	20	17	17	14
W1	35	07/09/87	2.8	10	3.0	-0.005	8.19	213	72	92	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W1	35	09/24/87	5.8	10	4.1	0.002	8.07	229	64	100	0.0
W1	35	11/02/87	7.0	14	5.0	-0.002	7.99	249	68	96	0.0
W1	35	01/19/88	7.0	11	6.6	0.000	8.29	265	64	92	0.0
W1	35	03/29/88	6.8	12	7.0	-0.002	8.30	287	64	94	0.0
W1	35	05/24/88	6.5	14	6.0	-0.002	8.37	240	68	136	0.0
W1	35	08/01/88	7.5	13	11.4	0.005	8.30	264	60	92	9.0
W1	35	10/12/88	8.0	13	14.9	-0.002	8.18	287	64	94	37.5
W1	35	10/26/88	6.2	14	13.5	0.002	8.00	263	68	92	9.3
W1	35	01/25/89	3.0	5	11.0	-0.002	8.36	181	64	60	5.0
W1	35	02/01/89	3.0	4	10.0	-0.002	8.40	181	64	60	5.0
W1	35	02/23/89	2.8	5	9.7	0.002	7.36	182	56	64	5.0
W1	35	03/30/89	3.5	6	0.0	0.010	8.26	178	56	68	12.0
W1	35	06/28/89	6.5	16	10.0	0.002	8.30	252	56	100	7.0
W1	35	08/28/89	8.2	16	11.0	0.005	8.20	294	68	116	7.0
W1	35	10/28/89	9.5	17	11.0	-0.002	8.15	310	76	116	8.0
W1	35	01/08/90	7.8	17	10.5	0.005	8.30	267	72	116	9.0
W1	35	05/22/90	7.2	10	7.5	0.000	8.16	249	0	0	6.0
W1	35	04/05/91	4.9	6	7.0	0.005	8.98	143	0	0	9.0
W1	35	07/03/91	6.8	9	7.9	0.005	8.23	225	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			6.04	11.10	8.79	0.003	8.22	237.95	64.94	93.41	10.06
COUNT:			20	20	19	18	20	20	17	17	14
W1	40	07/09/87	2.5	13	2.3	-0.005	8.10	223	72	100	0.0
W1	40	09/24/87	7.0	11	4.4	0.002	8.24	255	66	112	0.0
W1	40	11/02/87	6.8	14	4.3	-0.002	8.17	246	68	96	0.0
W1	40	01/19/88	4.5	7	4.0	0.000	8.41	191	64	76	0.0
W1	40	03/29/88	5.5	7	5.0	0.002	8.44	244	64	88	0.0
W1	40	05/24/88	6.5	10	5.0	-0.002	8.46	231	60	136	0.0
W1	40	08/01/88	7.5	14	10.8	0.005	8.43	275	64	106	9.0
W1	40	10/12/88	6.0	7	10.7	0.005	8.12	242	60	88	9.0
W1	40	10/26/88	4.5	7	10.8	-0.002	8.08	214	60	76	6.8
W1	40	01/25/89	3.5	5	13.5	-0.002	8.44	173	64	60	4.0
W1	40	02/01/89	3.5	5	8.3	-0.002	8.52	179	60	64	5.0
W1	40	02/23/89	3.8	7	8.5	0.002	7.94	185	48	72	4.0
W1	40	03/30/89	5.8	10	0.0	0.006	8.05	223	60	96	6.0
W1	40	06/28/89	7.0	14	8.0	0.005	8.36	255	56	104	6.0
W1	40	08/28/89	10.0	15	13.5	0.005	8.28	314	68	120	8.0
W1	40	10/28/89	11.5	18	16.0	-0.002	8.22	335	76	120	7.0
W1	40	01/08/90	10.0	15	13.3	0.005	8.34	279	68	116	10.0
W1	40	05/22/90	9.0	12	12.0	0.000	8.00	278	0	0	7.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W1	40	04/05/91	3.8	5	8.5	0.002	8.57	134	0	0	9.0
W1	40	07/03/91	6.9	9	8.3	0.008	8.35	231	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			6.28	10.25	8.80	0.003	8.28	235.35	63.41	95.88	7.27
COUNT:			20	20	19	18	20	20	17	17	14
W1	45	07/09/87	4.0	12	1.6	-0.005	8.07	219	62	100	0.0
W1	45	09/24/87	4.8	7	3.3	0.005	8.37	201	60	92	0.0
W1	45	11/02/87	6.0	12	3.0	-0.002	8.23	218	60	84	0.0
W1	45	01/19/88	7.2	11	3.4	0.000	8.42	241	64	100	0.0
W1	45	03/29/88	5.0	6	3.0	0.002	8.48	236	64	88	0.0
W1	45	05/24/88	4.5	6	3.0	-0.002	8.54	192	60	132	0.0
W1	45	08/01/88	4.5	5	3.3	0.005	8.51	189	56	80	5.0
W1	45	10/12/88	7.6	9	3.8	0.000	7.95	252	52	105	0.0
W1	45	01/25/89	4.0	6	4.5	-0.002	8.46	203	68	88	5.0
W1	45	02/01/89	3.5	5	3.9	-0.002	8.46	194	64	84	5.0
W1	45	02/23/89	3.8	5	3.9	-0.002	8.06	193	56	80	7.0
W1	45	03/30/89	4.0	5	0.0	0.008	8.24	191	56	92	7.0
W1	45	06/28/89	3.5	5	4.0	0.005	8.48	184	56	88	5.0
W1	45	08/28/89	4.0	6	4.5	0.008	8.50	195	60	92	4.0
W1	45	10/28/89	5.5	11	5.5	-0.002	8.29	221	76	92	4.0
W1	45	01/08/90	9.0	14	7.2	0.005	8.40	255	60	112	7.0
W1	45	05/22/90	7.5	9	8.5	0.000	8.21	241	0	0	6.0
W1	45	04/05/91	5.4	6	7.6	-0.002	8.65	180	0	0	8.0
W1	45	07/03/91	4.5	5	9.5	0.005	8.37	198	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			5.17	7.63	4.64	0.003	8.35	210.68	60.88	94.31	6.17
COUNT:			19	19	18	16	19	19	16	16	12
W2	22	09/24/87	5.0	12	3.0	0.470	7.88	224	66	104	0.0
W2	22	11/02/87	7.5	17	4.2	0.420	7.87	295	92	124	0.0
W2	22	01/19/88	10.5	16	3.2	0.000	7.93	313	64	140	0.0
W2	22	03/29/88	9.5	14	9.0	0.410	8.01	369	96	140	0.0
W2	22	05/24/88	9.2	14	9.0	0.422	8.09	319	92	96	0.0
W2	22	06/13/88	8.5	11	9.0	0.478	7.92	230	96	176	13.0
W2	22	08/01/88	8.5	12	9.4	0.468	8.04	299	88	28	11.0
W2	22	10/12/88	7.0	11	7.5	0.525	8.10	381	112	160	14.0
W2	22	03/29/89	0.5	13	5.0	0.365	8.43	144	36	56	8.0
W2	22	06/28/89	4.5	18	10.0	0.375	8.15	319	88	128	8.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W2	22	08/28/89	3.5	20	9.5	0.350	8.00	314	108	104	7.0
W2	22	05/22/90	2.7	12	12.9	0.000	7.87	221	0	0	6.0
W2	22	08/14/90	4.6	15	2.0	0.022	7.99	335	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			6.27	14.23	7.21	0.391	8.02	289.46	85.27	114.18	9.38
COUNT:			13	13	13	11	13	13	11	11	8
W2	25	09/24/87	6.3	15	2.4	0.262	7.82	219	56	100	0.0
W2	25	11/02/87	7.8	20	1.9	0.180	7.86	254	64	112	0.0
W2	25	01/19/88	11.8	23	3.2	0.000	8.12	316	72	140	0.0
W2	25	03/29/88	10.0	16	10.0	0.238	8.08	368	84	133	0.0
W2	25	05/24/88	9.0	14	10.0	0.238	8.20	309	88	92	0.0
W2	25	06/13/88	8.8	14	9.0	0.245	8.05	228	84	136	14.0
W2	25	08/01/88	11.0	15	8.5	0.240	8.10	327	84	140	14.0
W2	25	10/12/88	7.0	12	8.3	0.305	8.18	332	96	132	19.0
W2	25	03/29/89	4.0	15	8.5	0.280	8.29	285	92	120	11.0
W2	25	06/28/89	7.2	14	10.0	0.235	8.18	309	100	148	10.0
W2	25	08/28/89	4.2	10	8.5	0.260	8.23	252	92	100	8.0
W2	25	05/22/90	6.0	10	12.4	0.000	7.92	273	0	0	8.0
W2	25	08/14/90	5.9	13	10.5	0.300	8.11	275	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			7.62	14.69	7.94	0.253	8.09	288.23	82.91	123.00	11.63
COUNT:			13	13	13	11	13	13	11	11	8
W2	30	09/24/87	5.5	16	2.0	0.008	8.03	219	58	100	0.0
W2	30	11/02/87	6.0	21	1.7	-0.002	8.04	229	60	100	0.0
W2	30	01/19/88	6.0	15	2.8	0.000	8.27	225	80	100	0.0
W2	30	03/29/88	5.5	16	2.0	0.002	8.13	261	60	104	0.0
W2	30	05/24/88	8.5	16	2.0	0.005	8.32	274	68	112	0.0
W2	30	08/01/88	3.5	11	3.3	0.008	8.32	209	68	96	7.0
W2	30	10/12/88	4.5	10	2.6	0.010	8.18	257	72	120	13.5
W2	30	03/29/89	6.0	10	4.5	0.002	8.30	266	80	116	12.0
W2	30	06/28/89	5.5	15	7.0	0.002	8.26	263	76	120	9.0
W2	30	08/28/89	5.0	11	4.0	0.008	8.24	255	84	128	7.0
W2	30	05/22/90	6.2	10	10.2	0.000	7.95	254	0	0	6.0
W2	30	08/14/90	8.4	15	11.4	0.388	8.14	319	0	0	10.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			5.88	13.83	4.46	0.043	8.18	252.58	70.60	109.60	9.21
COUNT:			12	12	12	10	12	12	10	10	7
W2	35	09/24/87	1.8	12	2.2	-0.002	7.82	194	64	96	0.0
W2	35	11/02/87	2.5	17	1.7	-0.002	7.59	206	72	96	0.0
W2	35	01/19/88	2.5	12	3.4	0.000	8.34	209	68	96	0.0
W2	35	03/29/88	2.2	12	2.0	0.002	8.21	233	68	96	0.0
W2	35	05/24/88	1.8	10	2.0	0.005	8.43	197	68	96	0.0
W2	35	08/01/88	1.5	9	1.6	0.005	8.36	183	68	92	6.0
W2	35	10/12/88	1.8	7	2.0	0.008	8.19	199	60	90	9.0
W2	35	03/29/89	9.0	12	3.0	0.005	8.32	330	100	132	13.0
W2	35	06/28/89	3.5	11	1.5	-0.002	8.28	233	80	124	7.0
W2	35	08/28/89	4.8	10	2.5	0.005	8.27	241	76	140	6.0
W2	35	05/22/90	5.4	11	2.8	0.000	7.98	269	0	0	7.0
W2	35	08/14/90	3.6	15	3.6	0.005	8.21	247	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			3.37	11.50	2.36	0.004	8.17	228.42	72.40	105.80	7.71
COUNT:			12	12	12	10	12	12	10	10	7
W2	40	09/24/87	2.0	8	2.6	0.005	8.19	178	60	88	0.0
W2	40	11/02/87	2.5	13	2.0	-0.002	8.08	188	68	84	0.0
W2	40	01/19/88	1.8	10	2.0	0.000	8.32	19	68	88	0.0
W2	40	03/29/88	2.2	8	2.0	0.002	8.17	213	68	88	0.0
W2	40	05/24/88	2.2	7	2.0	0.005	8.42	184	64	92	0.0
W2	40	08/01/88	2.5	6	2.3	0.005	8.39	178	56	88	6.0
W2	40	10/12/88	3.0	6	2.3	0.005	8.21	193	52	82	8.0
W2	40	03/29/89	3.0	7	2.2	0.005	8.37	194	64	88	8.0
W2	40	06/28/89	3.0	10	2.0	-0.002	8.31	179	56	92	6.0
W2	40	08/28/89	3.5	8	2.0	0.005	8.35	194	56	96	6.0
W2	40	05/22/90	3.5	8	2.1	0.000	7.68	200	0	0	7.0
W2	40	08/14/90	3.4	15	3.0	0.005	8.22	216	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			2.72	8.83	2.21	0.004	8.23	178.00	61.20	88.60	6.71
COUNT:			12	12	12	10	12	12	10	10	7
W2	45	09/24/87	3.5	6	2.3	0.008	8.09	166	52	80	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W2	45	11/02/87	3.5	10	20.0	-0.002	8.14	181	60	80	0.0
W2	45	01/19/88	3.0	6	2.4	0.000	8.33	185	60	80	0.0
W2	45	03/29/88	3.0	6	2.0	-0.002	8.23	201	60	84	0.0
W2	45	05/24/88	3.0	6	2.0	0.005	8.38	174	60	112	0.0
W2	45	08/01/88	3.0	6	2.5	0.005	8.38	176	52	80	6.0
W2	45	10/12/88	3.0	5	3.0	-0.002	8.16	189	52	84	8.0
W2	45	03/29/89	3.5	7	2.4	0.005	8.39	189	60	92	7.0
W2	45	06/28/89	2.5	10	3.0	-0.002	8.30	177	56	92	7.0
W2	45	08/28/89	3.0	5	2.0	0.005	8.39	445	60	88	4.0
W2	45	05/22/90	8.0	9	3.0	0.000	7.64	191	0	0	7.0
W2	45	08/14/90	4.4	13	3.2	-0.002	8.16	210	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			3.62	7.42	3.98	0.003	8.22	207.00	57.20	87.20	6.57
COUNT:			12	12	12	10	12	12	10	10	7
W3	22	06/28/89	52.5	60	23.5	-0.002	7.46	802	120	348	9.0
W3	22	11/08/90	45.4	83	37.5	0.010	7.51	993	0	0	6.0
W3	22	07/02/91	0.0	120	69.5	0.035	6.67	1892	0	0	14.0
AVERAGE:			48.95	87.67	43.50	0.015	7.21	1229.00	120.00	348.00	9.67
COUNT:			2	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3
W3	25	09/24/87	5.5	8	6.2	0.002	7.90	252	84	112	0.0
W3	25	11/02/87	6.0	13	6.5	-0.002	7.86	282	96	120	0.0
W3	25	01/19/88	7.0	14	6.6	0.000	8.04	273	84	120	0.0
W3	25	03/29/88	5.5	12	9.0	-0.002	7.87	435	128	180	0.0
W3	25	05/24/88	7.0	14	8.0	0.002	7.98	420	164	208	0.0
W3	25	06/13/88	8.2	16	9.5	0.010	7.77	300	140	192	7.0
W3	25	08/01/88	6.8	13	12.8	0.005	7.96	304	88	124	7.0
W3	25	10/12/88	8.0	39	22.7	-0.002	7.71	508	160	214	8.5
W3	25	03/28/89	8.2	55	19.5	-0.002	7.49	620	192	292	7.0
W3	25	06/28/89	9.5	20	10.5	-0.002	7.81	364	92	168	7.0
W3	25	08/28/89	7.0	36	17.5	0.002	7.80	437	140	140	6.0
W3	25	10/31/89	6.5	34	15.5	-0.002	7.85	414	140	188	8.0
W3	25	01/11/90	4.8	47	13.5	-0.002	7.72	411	120	184	4.0
W3	25	03/28/90	5.5	30	12.5	-0.002	7.44	284	88	200	8.0
W3	25	05/23/90	7.0	21	10.2	-0.002	7.87	404	0	0	3.0
W3	25	11/08/90	4.5	18	10.8	0.005	7.93	363	0	0	5.0
W3	25	04/01/91	3.8	28	13.8	0.030	7.80	368	0	0	4.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W3	25	07/02/91	7.1	17	11.2	0.002	7.76	367	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			6.55	24.17	12.02	0.004	7.81	378.11	122.57	174.43	6.58
COUNT:			18	18	18	17	18	18	14	14	13
W3	30	09/24/87	6.3	8	6.9	0.005	8.01	212	60	92	0.0
W3	30	11/02/87	6.0	12	7.6	-0.002	7.97	219	68	80	0.0
W3	30	01/19/88	5.8	13	7.4	0.000	8.21	238	68	100	0.0
W3	30	03/29/88	12.5	18	7.0	-0.002	8.00	411	84	157	0.0
W3	30	05/24/88	15.5	18	11.0	0.002	8.20	384	88	164	0.0
W3	30	06/13/88	14.0	18	15.5	-0.002	8.20	295	96	160	12.0
W3	30	08/01/88	17.5	19	15.6	0.005	8.04	408	80	162	12.0
W3	30	10/12/88	10.0	11	14.0	0.005	8.08	335	80	128	13.0
W3	30	03/28/89	5.0	12	21.0	-0.002	8.08	311	96	120	9.0
W3	30	06/28/89	6.0	13	11.5	-0.002	8.09	230	64	96	5.0
W3	30	08/28/89	5.8	11	5.0	0.005	8.09	230	56	108	5.0
W3	30	10/31/89	6.5	13	3.5	-0.002	8.19	235	76	116	5.0
W3	30	01/11/90	6.0	12	2.5	-0.002	8.07	234	68	112	4.0
W3	30	03/28/90	4.2	10	3.0	0.002	7.34	185	60	140	8.0
W3	30	05/23/90	4.5	15	4.4	-0.002	8.08	271	0	0	4.0
W3	30	11/08/90	3.8	12	5.2	0.002	8.02	272	0	0	4.0
W3	30	04/01/91	12.0	21	17.4	-0.002	8.09	423	0	0	7.0
W3	30	07/02/91	6.2	30	14.8	-0.002	8.00	336	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			8.20	14.78	9.63	0.002	8.04	290.50	74.57	123.93	7.54
COUNT:			18	18	18	17	18	18	14	14	13
W3	35	09/24/87	6.5	12	2.6	-0.002	8.01	205	56	100	0.0
W3	35	11/02/87	8.8	20	2.6	-0.002	7.82	252	60	104	0.0
W3	35	01/19/88	9.4	17	3.2	0.000	8.20	264	68	116	0.0
W3	35	03/29/88	7.2	12	3.0	-0.002	8.10	294	72	120	0.0
W3	35	05/24/88	5.8	12	3.0	0.002	8.28	253	72	124	0.0
W3	35	08/01/88	14.2	17	3.4	0.005	8.08	337	64	156	5.0
W3	35	10/12/88	17.5	18	12.0	0.005	8.12	397	68	162	15.0
W3	35	03/28/89	6.5	13	11.5	-0.002	8.22	267	68	120	8.0
W3	35	06/28/89	9.0	18	3.5	-0.002	8.13	252	56	120	5.0
W3	35	08/28/89	4.2	13	1.5	0.005	8.18	212	56	104	4.0
W3	35	10/31/89	5.8	18	2.0	-0.002	8.25	225	60	112	5.0
W3	35	01/11/90	6.0	18	1.5	-0.002	8.20	233	64	112	3.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W3	35	03/28/90	4.5	15	2.5	0.005	7.80	214	64	108	7.0
W3	35	05/23/90	4.5	16	2.8	-0.002	7.98	259	0	0	4.0
W3	35	11/08/90	3.7	12	3.2	0.005	7.98	211	0	0	4.0
W3	35	04/01/91	4.1	23	10.0	0.025	8.19	320	0	0	5.0
W3	35	07/02/91	8.5	22	16.0	-0.002	8.10	385	0	0	13.0
AVERAGE:			7.42	16.24	4.96	0.004	8.10	269.41	63.69	119.85	6.50
COUNT:			17	17	17	16	17	17	13	13	12
W3	40	09/24/87	5.5	14	2.8	0.005	8.12	223	62	108	0.0
W3	40	11/02/87	5.8	19	2.2	-0.002	7.80	235	68	100	0.0
W3	40	01/19/88	7.4	20	2.4	0.000	8.19	249	68	112	0.0
W3	40	03/29/88	1.2	18	3.0	-0.002	8.02	352	68	144	0.0
W3	40	05/24/88	23.5	24	4.0	0.005	8.23	466	84	220	0.0
W3	40	08/01/88	11.0	17	8.4	0.008	8.17	290	60	120	7.0
W3	40	10/12/88	7.0	13	4.8	-0.002	8.08	241	56	84	12.0
W3	40	03/28/89	4.0	9	5.0	-0.002	8.32	205	56	100	6.0
W3	40	06/28/89	3.0	17	3.5	-0.002	8.19	194	56	92	5.0
W3	40	08/28/89	3.5	14	5.0	0.002	8.23	208	64	96	5.0
W3	40	10/31/89	3.5	14	4.0	-0.002	8.29	197	60	92	5.0
W3	40	01/11/90	3.0	12	2.0	-0.002	8.26	204	56	92	3.0
W3	40	03/28/90	3.0	12	3.0	0.012	7.83	219	72	108	12.0
W3	40	05/23/90	2.5	10	5.0	0.002	8.08	190	0	0	3.0
W3	40	11/08/90	3.0	11	4.4	0.002	8.02	192	0	0	4.0
W3	40	04/01/91	2.9	17	3.6	0.020	8.23	228	0	0	3.0
W3	40	07/02/91	4.8	17	10.4	-0.002	8.20	281	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			5.56	15.18	4.32	0.004	8.13	245.53	63.85	112.92	6.33
COUNT:			17	17	17	16	17	17	13	13	12
W3	45	09/24/87	3.0	9	3.1	0.010	7.99	163	44	72	0.0
W3	45	11/02/87	3.5	14	2.7	-0.002	7.73	172	52	72	0.0
W3	45	01/19/88	6.8	12	3.1	0.000	8.29	176	52	80	0.0
W3	45	03/29/88	3.5	10	3.0	-0.002	8.20	204	56	81	0.0
W3	45	05/24/88	3.5	8	3.0	0.005	8.44	181	56	128	0.0
W3	45	08/01/88	4.0	10	4.2	0.005	8.28	203	56	84	7.0
W3	45	10/12/88	5.0	11	5.0	0.005	8.18	226	56	98	5.5
W3	45	03/28/89	5.0	10	4.5	-0.002	8.38	223	60	100	6.0
W3	45	06/28/89	4.0	15	4.5	-0.002	8.38	196	56	96	4.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W3	45	08/28/89	3.2	10	4.5	0.002	8.35	190	60	92	4.0
W3	45	10/31/89	3.0	9	4.5	-0.002	8.38	174	60	80	5.0
W3	45	01/11/90	3.0	8	3.0	-0.002	8.34	175	52	80	3.0
W3	45	03/28/90	2.5	9	3.5	0.102	7.70	161	52	76	13.0
W3	45	05/23/90	2.5	12	3.5	0.200	7.80	166	0	0	2.0
W3	45	11/08/90	2.3	11	4.8	0.005	7.85	170	0	0	4.0
W3	45	04/01/91	2.6	11	4.6	0.152	7.65	168	0	0	5.0
W3	45	07/02/91	2.5	13	5.3	0.012	8.16	185	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			3.52	10.71	3.93	0.032	8.12	184.29	54.77	87.62	5.38
COUNT:			17	17	17	16	17	17	13	13	12
W4	25	09/24/87	20.5	20	18.8	0.200	7.69	529	154	232	0.0
W4	25	11/02/87	11.0	21	12.0	0.145	7.63	457	164	200	0.0
W4	25	01/19/88	9.0	16	9.5	0.000	7.72	397	140	176	0.0
W4	25	03/29/88	1.2	95	68.0	0.325	8.00	553	76	68	0.0
W4	25	05/24/88	19.5	28	18.0	0.130	8.53	588	176	260	0.0
W4	25	06/13/88	20.0	35	23.0	0.132	7.40	450	180	280	15.0
W4	25	10/12/88	19.0	82	49.5	0.190	7.18	948	296	378	22.8
W4	25	03/28/89	13.5	46	26.0	0.165	7.28	703	228	308	18.0
W4	25	06/27/89	1.0	57	40.0	0.165	7.97	407	96	108	13.0
W4	25	08/28/89	10.8	36	16.0	0.135	7.67	496	164	236	10.0
W4	25	10/28/89	10.0	32	16.5	0.172	7.72	475	156	208	9.0
W4	25	01/11/90	12.0	26	25.0	0.142	7.44	560	188	236	9.0
W4	25	03/28/90	-0.2	48	29.0	0.210	7.98	260	56	64	10.0
W4	25	05/23/90	21.5	56	24.5	0.095	7.48	757	0	0	6.0
W4	25	11/08/90	15.3	28	31.6	0.202	8.04	595	0	0	14.0
W4	25	04/01/91	4.9	16	17.8	0.142	7.79	342	0	0	11.0
W4	25	07/02/91	5.1	18	13.0	0.408	7.67	412	0	0	14.0
AVERAGE:			11.429	38.82	25.78	0.185	7.72	525.24	159.54	211.85	12.65
COUNT:			17	17	17	16	17	17	13	13	12
W4	30	09/24/87	2.5	13	2.9	0.022	8.01	235	80	116	0.0
W4	30	11/02/87	2.5	12	2.3	0.012	8.04	214	84	96	0.0
W4	30	01/19/88	3.5	7	2.3	0.000	8.09	197	68	92	0.0
W4	30	03/29/88	3.5	240	78.0	0.010	7.83	1008	120	312	0.0
W4	30	05/24/88	4.5	11	5.0	0.015	8.07	264	96	148	0.0
W4	30	06/13/88	5.5	12	5.0	0.008	8.01	210	104	140	5.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W4	30	10/12/88	12.0	16	16.0	0.010	7.98	427	124	180	18.0
W4	30	03/28/89	5.0	13	6.5	0.008	8.02	309	104	148	7.0
W4	30	06/27/89	12.0	24	12.3	0.008	7.96	454	144	212	13.0
W4	30	08/28/89	6.0	20	4.5	0.015	8.03	320	108	160	4.0
W4	30	10/28/89	7.0	26	12.5	0.008	7.92	461	172	224	8.0
W4	30	01/11/90	6.2	24	7.0	0.008	7.91	410	144	200	4.0
W4	30	03/28/90	-0.2	46	29.0	0.010	8.04	251	48	60	14.0
W4	30	05/23/90	6.5	15	8.9	0.002	7.99	334	0	0	2.0
W4	30	11/08/90	5.3	32	9.4	0.010	8.01	372	0	0	4.0
W4	30	04/01/91	5.6	20	4.0	0.010	8.12	273	0	0	4.0
W4	30	07/02/91	6.4	21	5.3	0.010	8.05	317	0	0	14.0
AVERAGE:			5.529	32.47	12.41	0.010	8.00	356.24	107.38	160.62	8.08
COUNT:			17	17	17	16	17	17	13	13	12
W4	35	09/24/87	6.0	18	1.8	0.005	8.20	235	60	112	0.0
W4	35	11/02/87	7.0	25	1.5	-0.002	7.94	258	72	112	0.0
W4	35	01/19/88	8.0	22	1.9	0.000	8.23	259	64	116	0.0
W4	35	03/29/88	4.0	8	2.0	-0.002	8.21	188	56	88	0.0
W4	35	05/24/88	7.8	16	2.0	0.005	8.37	250	60	120	0.0
W4	35	10/12/88	10.0	16	2.1	0.005	8.20	272	52	126	5.8
W4	35	03/28/89	10.5	17	2.0	-0.002	8.31	294	64	164	6.0
W4	35	06/27/89	12.5	21	3.2	-0.002	8.48	304	56	144	7.0
W4	35	08/28/89	11.8	19	1.5	0.005	8.31	275	64	140	5.0
W4	35	10/28/89	7.8	17	2.0	0.002	8.21	238	60	116	5.0
W4	35	01/11/90	8.0	16	1.5	-0.002	8.27	242	56	120	3.0
W4	35	03/28/90	10.5	12	6.0	-0.002	7.77	281	67	132	8.0
W4	35	05/23/90	11.0	14	2.1	-0.002	8.05	274	0	0	2.0
W4	35	11/08/90	2.5	7	2.0	0.005	8.10	170	0	0	3.0
W4	35	04/01/91	2.7	8	2.2	0.002	8.35	164	0	0	2.0
W4	35	07/02/91	2.6	9	2.7	0.005	8.36	176	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			7.67	15.31	2.28	0.003	8.21	242.50	60.92	124.17	4.71
COUNT:			16	16	16	15	16	16	12	12	11
W4	40	09/24/87	4.0	10	1.0	0.005	8.24	196	38	116	0.0
W4	40	11/02/87	4.0	12	2.0	-0.002	8.24	197	64	88	0.0
W4	40	01/19/88	4.5	13	2.3	0.000	8.33	208	68	108	0.0
W4	40	03/29/88	6.5	16	2.0	0.002	8.30	243	64	116	0.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
W4	40	05/24/88	5.0	13	2.0	0.005	8.38	225	64	108	0.0
W4	40	10/12/88	7.0	14	2.2	0.005	8.25	247	56	118	6.6
W4	40	03/28/89	9.2	16	2.5	-0.002	8.36	275	60	132	6.0
W4	40	06/27/89	7.5	16	2.1	-0.002	8.47	255	60	120	6.0
W4	40	08/28/89	6.8	14	2.0	0.005	8.37	835	60	116	4.0
W4	40	10/28/89	4.8	16	2.5	0.002	8.26	238	60	116	4.0
W4	40	01/11/90	7.0	14	1.5	-0.002	8.26	244	60	120	3.0
W4	40	03/28/90	4.5	12	1.5	-0.002	8.06	226	68	88	8.0
W4	40	05/23/90	5.5	17	2.1	-0.002	8.19	233	0	0	3.0
W4	40	11/08/90	4.4	11	2.5	0.002	8.05	212	0	0	4.0
W4	40	04/01/91	4.0	10	2.4	-0.002	8.33	180	0	0	2.0
W4	40	07/02/91	4.1	10	2.9	0.002	8.32	191	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			5.55	13.38	2.09	0.002	8.28	262.81	60.17	112.17	4.69
COUNT:			16	16	16	15	16	16	12	12	11
W4	45	09/24/87	3.5	8	2.4	0.005	8.19	185	42	92	0.0
W4	45	11/02/87	4.5	14	1.9	-0.002	8.25	208	68	96	0.0
W4	45	01/19/88	4.5	11	2.3	0.000	8.31	207	68	96	0.0
W4	45	03/29/88	4.2	8	2.0	0.002	8.36	208	64	100	0.0
W4	45	05/24/88	4.5	8	2.0	0.008	8.44	211	68	100	0.0
W4	45	10/12/88	4.8	6	2.6	-0.002	8.33	214	64	96	5.0
W4	45	03/28/89	5.5	7	2.5	-0.002	8.33	234	68	120	6.0
W4	45	06/27/89	5.5	8	2.6	-0.002	8.59	228	64	108	6.0
W4	45	08/28/89	2.5	11	2.0	0.005	8.38	217	68	112	4.0
W4	45	10/28/89	6.2	11	2.5	0.002	8.34	223	64	108	4.0
W4	45	01/11/90	7.0	10	2.0	-0.002	8.35	243	60	116	3.0
W4	45	05/23/90	7.0	11	2.8	-0.002	8.12	231	0	0	3.0
W4	45	11/08/90	4.9	9	3.4	0.005	8.03	212	0	0	3.0
W4	45	04/01/91	6.7	16	4.0	-0.002	8.27	237	0	0	2.0
W4	45	07/02/91	6.7	15	5.1	-0.002	8.31	253	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			5.20	10.20	2.67	0.003	8.31	220.73	63.45	104.00	4.40
COUNT:			15	15	15	14	15	15	11	11	10
ZAC	SD	10/04/88	5.8	24	5.5	-0.002	7.64	395	128	188	0.0
ZAC	SD	10/20/88	7.5	38	6.4	-0.002	7.69	412	128	208	8.0
ZAC	SD	01/18/89	5.5	17	9.0	0.002	7.94	367	128	160	6.0
ZAC	SD	03/31/89	10.6	16	12.0	0.002	7.76	463	160	208	10.0

APPENDIX A

JORDAN ACRES LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
ZAC	SD	06/13/89	26.0	23	25.0	-0.002	7.76	607	120	252	30.0
ZAC	SD	08/08/89	23.5	19	26.5	-0.002	7.78	582	144	228	28.0
ZAC	SD	09/11/89	8.6	10	14.5	0.005	7.65	409	152	196	10.0
ZAC	SD	10/27/89	6.0	10	6.0	-0.002	7.57	430	168	212	13.0
ZAC	SD	01/05/90	13.0	24	16.5	0.005	7.51	527	176	252	10.0
ZAC	SD	08/14/90	24.7	27	22.8	-0.002	7.51	607	0	0	20.0
AVERAGE:			13.12	20.80	14.42	0.002	7.68	479.90	144.89	211.56	15.00
COUNT:			10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
ZAC	SU	10/04/88	8.0	26	21.5	-0.002	7.88	384	108	140	0.0
ZAC	SU	10/20/88	6.0	36	22.0	-0.005	7.76	417	140	176	10.7
ZAC	SU	01/18/89	8.0	30	23.5	0.006	7.76	583	212	244	12.0
ZAC	SU	03/31/89	7.5	31	23.5	-0.002	7.67	548	204	224	15.0
ZAC	SU	06/13/89	9.5	27	19.0	0.005	7.75	456	144	196	10.0
ZAC	SU	08/08/89	12.0	30	16.0	-0.002	7.79	470	144	204	15.0
ZAC	SU	09/11/89	9.8	64	21.0	0.002	7.67	498	220	204	8.0
ZAC	SU	10/27/89	6.0	43	25.0	-0.002	7.63	441	128	160	15.0
ZAC	SU	01/05/90	4.5	35	17.5	0.005	7.80	444	156	204	4.0
ZAC	SU	08/14/90	9.3	20	17.5	-0.002	7.77	365	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			8.06	34.20	20.65	0.002	7.75	460.60	161.78	194.67	10.86
COUNT:			10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
102	HD	06/26/87	15.6	34	32.5	0.010	8.02	518	158	208	0.0
AVERAGE:			15.60	34.00	32.50	0.010	8.02	518.00	158.00	208.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
105	H	10/19/50	9.7	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
105	H	07/12/82	12.2	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
105	H	03/06/84	16.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	190	0.0
105	H	05/30/87	24.7	39	69.0	2.200	7.44	723	208	204	0.0
105	H	10/04/88	24.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
105	H	11/17/88	12.5	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
105	H	06/19/89	12.0	28	35.5	0.600	7.72	492	152	180	13.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
AVERAGE:			15.87	33.50	52.25	1.400	7.58	607.50	180.00	191.33	13.00
COUNT:			7	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	1
106 H		06/25/87	9.0	21	16.5	0.515	7.72	429	138	188	0.0
AVERAGE:			9.00	21.00	16.50	0.515	7.72	429.00	138.00	188.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
107 H		05/30/87	20.0	59	20.0	0.005	8.10	547	84	212	0.0
AVERAGE:			20.00	59.00	20.00	0.005	8.10	547.00	84.00	212.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
108 H		01/20/86	8.0	82	0.0	0.145	7.90	613	144	264	0.0
108 H		06/15/87	14.2	28	12.0	0.070	7.75	493	162	236	0.0
AVERAGE:			11.10	55.00	12.00	0.108	7.83	553.00	153.00	250.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
109 H		01/20/86	11.5	23	0.0	0.005	7.70	478	156	220	0.0
109 H		05/30/87	8.7	34	13.0	-0.005	7.56	473	172	216	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.10	28.50	13.00	0.003	7.63	475.50	164.00	218.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
110 HD		06/15/87	10.2	11	18.0	0.005	7.69	371	104	136	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.20	11.00	18.00	0.005	7.69	371.00	104.00	136.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE		PRIVATE WELL									
LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
113	HD	05/30/87	9.5	31	29.0	0.365	8.08	375	88	160	0.0
113	HD	06/10/88	9.0	28	0.0	0.000	7.96	351	76	126	0.0
113	HD	09/15/88	6.0	23	0.0	0.000	8.16	332	84	116	0.0
113	HD	06/19/89	10.2	28	14.5	0.235	8.05	352	80	132	9.0
AVERAGE:			8.68	27.50	21.75	0.300	8.06	352.50	82.00	133.50	9.00
COUNT:			4	4	2	2	4	4	4	4	1
114	HD	01/19/86	11.2	25	0.0	0.052	8.30	379	104	168	0.0
114	HD	05/30/87	11.5	28	16.0	0.040	8.26	380	98	148	0.0
AVERAGE:			11.35	26.50	16.00	0.046	8.28	379.50	101.00	158.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
115	H	01/20/86	7.2	21	0.0	0.115	8.00	306	80	112	0.0
115	H	05/30/87	7.3	34	27.0	0.080	8.21	397	80	124	0.0
115	H	06/19/89	17.2	74	79.5	0.115	8.34	550	88	92	12.0
115	H	08/21/89	17.0	60	44.0	0.135	7.77	476	76	112	0.0
AVERAGE:			12.18	47.25	50.17	0.111	8.08	432.25	81.00	110.00	12.00
COUNT:			4	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	1
116	H	05/30/87	10.4	38	21.0	1.060	7.66	353	84	116	0.0
116	H	06/10/88	14.0	58	0.0	0.000	7.45	515	88	160	0.0
116	H	06/14/88	15.8	46	25.0	0.000	7.73	456	68	112	15.0
116	H	10/21/88	19.5	72	55.0	3.000	7.47	692	120	212	52.0
116	H	06/19/89	14.0	58	36.5	1.850	7.76	502	88	148	17.0
AVERAGE:			14.74	54.40	34.38	1.970	7.61	503.60	89.60	149.60	28.00
COUNT:			5	5	4	3	5	5	5	5	3
118	H	01/20/86	15.0	54	0.0	0.005	8.20	458	84	148	0.0
118	H	06/19/89	24.2	57	28.5	0.005	8.11	538	76	192	8.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			19.60	55.50	28.50	0.005	8.16	498.00	80.00	170.00	8.00
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1
119 H		01/20/86	12.6	28	0.0	0.110	8.10	457	132	172	0.0
119 H		06/25/87	11.2	30	21.0	0.060	8.05	488	108	212	0.0
119 H		06/14/88	15.2	34	15.0	0.000	8.14	450	100	176	7.0
119 H		09/15/88	11.5	27	0.0	0.000	7.96	460	132	176	0.0
119 H		06/19/89	15.0	40	29.5	0.015	7.87	487	124	184	9.0
AVERAGE:			13.10	31.80	21.83	0.062	8.02	468.40	119.20	184.00	8.00
COUNT:			5	5	3	3	5	5	5	5	2
120 H		01/18/86	2.6	8	0.0	0.014	8.20	329	136	152	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.60	8.00	*****	0.014	8.20	329.00	136.00	152.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
121 H		05/30/87	8.8	36	21.0	1.400	7.99	381	104	140	0.0
AVERAGE:			8.80	36.00	21.00	1.400	7.99	381.00	104.00	140.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
122 H		01/21/86	18.5	41	0.0	0.005	7.90	545	140	236	0.0
122 H		05/30/87	4.1	41	19.0	-0.005	7.86	452	174	192	0.0
AVERAGE:			11.30	41.00	19.00	0.003	7.88	498.50	157.00	214.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
122 I		05/30/87	8.0	54	20.0	0.285	7.91	480	152	200	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			8.00	54.00	20.00	0.285	7.91	480.00	152.00	200.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
123	HD	06/15/87	8.0	23	11.0	0.118	7.85	392	114	160	0.0
AVERAGE:			8.00	23.00	11.00	0.118	7.85	392.00	114.00	160.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
124	HD	06/26/87	14.5	40	20.0	-0.002	8.08	487	146	228	0.0
AVERAGE:			14.50	40.00	20.00	0.001	8.08	487.00	146.00	228.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
125	HD	05/30/87	11.5	25	20.0	-0.005	8.35	303	74	104	0.0
AVERAGE:			11.50	25.00	20.00	0.001	8.35	303.00	74.00	104.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
126	HU	05/30/87	16.3	80	39.0	-0.005	7.90	640	148	224	0.0
AVERAGE:			16.30	80.00	39.00	0.001	7.90	640.00	148.00	224.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
127	HU	03/26/86	13.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
127	HU	05/30/87	19.6	59	20.0	-0.005	7.97	518	100	172	0.0
127	HU	06/10/88	16.2	52	0.0	0.000	7.93	552	116	198	0.0
127	HU	09/15/88	14.0	47	0.0	0.000	8.00	489	108	188	0.0
127	HU	06/19/89	19.8	45	17.0	0.005	8.01	538	104	224	7.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			16.52	50.75	18.50	0.003	7.98	524.25	107.00	195.50	7.00
COUNT:			5	4	2	2	4	4	4	4	1
129 H		01/27/86	1.5	27	0.0	0.000	7.27	285	88	104	0.0
129 H		03/26/86	1.5	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
129 H		05/30/87	2.2	34	18.0	-0.005	7.23	336	82	128	0.0
AVERAGE:			1.73	30.50	18.00	0.001	7.25	310.50	85.00	116.00	*****
COUNT:			3	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	0
130 H		01/20/86	8.0	21	0.0	0.002	8.00	444	164	208	0.0
130 H		05/30/87	12.6	46	19.0	-0.005	7.98	475	118	192	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.30	33.50	19.00	0.002	7.99	459.50	141.00	200.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
131 H		01/20/86	7.8	22	0.0	-0.002	8.00	369	124	164	0.0
131 H		05/30/87	8.1	27	14.0	-0.005	7.90	417	142	184	0.0
131 H		06/14/88	12.2	79	13.0	0.000	8.02	616	132	190	8.0
131 H		09/15/88	17.0	63	0.0	0.000	7.94	568	108	192	0.0
131 H		06/19/89	13.0	32	19.0	0.005	7.58	463	124	188	6.0
AVERAGE:			11.62	44.60	15.33	0.002	7.89	486.60	126.00	183.60	7.00
COUNT:			5	5	3	3	5	5	5	5	2
132 H		05/30/87	5.0	11	5.5	0.010	7.40	727	98	124	0.0
AVERAGE:			5.00	11.00	5.50	0.010	7.40	727.00	98.00	124.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
133 H		01/20/86	4.4	45	0.0	-0.002	7.80	440	112	156	0.0
133 H		05/30/87	7.7	110	92.0	0.010	7.76	723	128	128	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			6.05	77.50	92.00	0.006	7.78	581.50	120.00	142.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
134 H		09/15/82	12.2	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
134 H		01/20/86	17.5	41	0.0	-0.002	7.70	523	124	196	0.0
134 H		02/17/86	18.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
AVERAGE:			15.90	41.00	*****	0.001	7.70	523.00	124.00	196.00	*****
COUNT:			3	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
135 H		01/08/80	3.5	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
135 H		02/05/80	7.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
135 H		02/13/80	7.2	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
135 H		05/13/80	11.5	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
135 H		06/15/87	19.5	44	16.5	-0.002	7.79	566	146	244	0.0
AVERAGE:			9.74	44.00	16.50	0.001	7.79	566.00	146.00	244.00	*****
COUNT:			5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
136 H		01/20/86	10.5	38	0.0	-0.002	7.80	493	148	200	0.0
136 H		06/15/87	14.2	38	16.5	-0.002	7.69	433	110	192	0.0
AVERAGE:			12.35	38.00	16.50	0.001	7.75	463.00	129.00	196.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
138 H		06/25/87	3.5	27	13.0	-0.002	7.56	310	100	136	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.50	27.00	13.00	0.001	7.56	310.00	100.00	136.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
139 H		05/30/87	2.0	18	5.1	-0.005	7.66	216	76	92	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			2.00	18.00	5.10	0.001	7.66	216.00	76.00	92.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
140 H		01/15/85	2.0	5	0.0	0.000	7.90	223	92	124	0.0
140 H		01/15/85	2.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	124	0.0
140 H		01/20/86	2.0	8	0.0	-0.002	8.00	249	104	112	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.00	6.50	*****	0.001	7.95	236.00	98.00	120.00	*****
COUNT:			3	2	0	1	2	2	2	3	0
141 H		01/20/86	-0.2	18	0.0	0.925	8.00	359	108	144	0.0
141 H		06/15/87	10.2	22	18.0	0.775	7.82	362	86	136	0.0
141 H		06/14/88	19.5	42	22.0	0.000	8.17	488	92	164	10.0
141 H		06/19/89	17.5	45	35.5	0.628	7.99	520	96	172	11.0
AVERAGE:			11.800	31.75	25.17	0.776	8.00	432.25	95.50	154.00	10.50
COUNT:			4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	2
142 H		05/30/87	3.8	43	22.0	-0.005	7.75	336	72	116	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.80	43.00	22.00	0.001	7.75	336.00	72.00	116.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
143 H		05/30/87	5.0	39	20.0	-0.005	8.22	328	76	124	0.0
143 H		06/10/88	13.8	41	0.0	0.000	7.84	415	52	144	0.0
143 H		06/14/88	13.5	40	1.5	0.000	8.02	400	68	144	7.0
143 H		09/14/88	11.8	38	0.0	0.000	8.03	379	68	140	0.0
143 H		06/19/89	12.0	44	16.0	0.015	8.09	400	52	152	7.0
AVERAGE:			11.22	40.40	12.50	0.008	8.04	384.40	63.20	140.80	7.00
COUNT:			5	5	3	2	5	5	5	5	2

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
144	H	01/20/86	20.5	64	0.0	0.005	8.10	543	88	196	0.0
144	H	06/14/88	15.2	38	10.5	0.000	8.03	496	100	166	13.0
144	H	09/14/88	13.6	35	0.0	0.000	8.00	498	116	164	0.0
144	H	06/19/89	16.0	52	46.5	0.100	8.02	606	152	204	17.0
AVERAGE:			16.33	47.25	28.50	0.053	8.04	535.75	114.00	182.50	15.00
COUNT:			4	4	2	2	4	4	4	4	2
146	H	05/09/79	8.8	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
146	H	01/20/86	19.5	60	0.0	-0.002	8.00	542	116	220	0.0
146	H	06/15/87	21.0	47	17.0	0.002	7.84	518	114	228	0.0
AVERAGE:			16.43	53.50	17.00	0.002	7.92	530.00	115.00	224.00	*****
COUNT:			3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
147	HU	06/15/87	13.8	48	24.0	-0.002	7.75	527	130	200	0.0
AVERAGE:			13.80	48.00	24.00	0.001	7.75	527.00	130.00	200.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
149	HU	06/15/87	10.0	29	17.0	-0.002	7.23	417	122	172	0.0
149	HU	06/14/88	20.5	46	33.0	0.000	7.80	603	120	200	13.0
149	HU	09/15/88	13.0	54	0.0	0.000	7.90	522	116	180	0.0
149	HU	06/19/89	14.2	75	34.5	0.005	7.97	591	116	212	10.0
AVERAGE:			14.43	51.00	28.17	0.003	7.73	533.25	118.50	191.00	11.50
COUNT:			4	4	3	2	4	4	4	4	2
150	HU	06/25/87	18.5	58	19.0	-0.002	7.95	519	92	212	0.0
AVERAGE:			18.50	58.00	19.00	0.001	7.95	519.00	92.00	212.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
151	HU	06/26/87	20.5	57	24.0	-0.002	7.95	514	90	204	0.0
AVERAGE:			20.50	57.00	24.00	0.001	7.95	514.00	90.00	204.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
153	H	05/02/91	7.0	117	50.0	0.005	7.81	642	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			7.00	117.00	50.00	0.005	7.81	642.00	*****	*****	11.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
153	HU	06/14/88	8.8	37	47.5	0.000	7.80	380	80	128	8.0
153	HU	09/15/88	7.0	50	0.0	0.000	7.90	427	96	144	0.0
153	HU	10/21/88	6.0	75	32.0	-0.002	7.57	492	92	164	9.8
153	HU	06/19/89	5.5	86	36.5	0.005	7.77	551	108	180	7.0
AVERAGE:			6.83	62.00	38.67	0.003	7.76	462.50	94.00	154.00	8.27
COUNT:			4	4	3	2	4	4	4	4	3
154	H	05/30/87	22.6	31	16.0	-0.005	8.14	479	82	192	0.0
AVERAGE:			22.60	31.00	16.00	0.001	8.14	479.00	82.00	192.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
155	H	06/26/87	8.0	51	18.0	-0.002	8.17	405	84	148	0.0
AVERAGE:			8.00	51.00	18.00	0.001	8.17	405.00	84.00	148.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
156	H	01/20/86	8.8	39	0.0	0.002	8.10	407	100	124	0.0
156	H	06/26/87	9.2	33	18.5	0.005	8.16	341	80	132	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			9.00	36.00	18.50	0.004	8.13	374.00	90.00	128.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
157	H	03/05/82	8.8	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
157	H	05/30/87	9.1	31	21.0	-0.005	8.17	350	80	120	0.0
157	H	06/10/88	7.2	35	0.0	0.000	7.86	386	96	132	0.0
157	H	09/15/88	6.5	29	0.0	0.000	8.14	359	100	136	0.0
157	H	06/19/89	6.5	43	24.5	0.002	8.16	401	92	136	8.0
AVERAGE:			7.62	34.50	22.75	0.002	8.08	374.00	92.00	131.00	8.00
COUNT:			5	4	2	2	4	4	4	4	1
159	HU	01/20/86	6.2	39	0.0	-0.002	7.40	329	68	112	0.0
159	HU	06/15/87	8.2	38	16.5	0.005	7.50	356	72	118	0.0
AVERAGE:			7.20	38.50	16.50	0.003	7.45	342.50	70.00	115.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
160	HU	/ /	9.8	41	22.0	0.005	8.01	387	76	136	7.0
160	HU	07/23/86	25.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
AVERAGE:			17.40	41.00	22.00	0.005	8.01	387.00	76.00	136.00	7.00
COUNT:			2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
161	H	05/02/91	15.9	100	34.0	0.055	8.06	630	0	0	17.0
AVERAGE:			15.90	100.00	34.00	0.055	8.06	630.00	*****	*****	17.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
161	HU	06/15/87	6.8	54	31.0	0.080	7.98	377	92	120	0.0
161	HU	06/14/88	22.8	43	27.5	0.000	8.11	481	52	194	9.0
161	HU	09/14/88	15.0	45	0.0	0.000	8.18	620	100	208	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
161	HU	10/21/88	16.0	45	17.5	0.050	7.95	450	80	168	13.8
161	HU	06/19/89	15.8	77	30.5	0.062	8.12	582	96	196	9.0
AVERAGE:			15.28	52.80	26.63	0.064	8.07	502.00	84.00	177.20	10.60
COUNT:			5	5	4	3	5	5	5	5	3
162	HU	01/20/86	13.2	84	0.0	0.080	8.00	619	124	172	0.0
162	HU	05/30/87	8.7	68	36.0	0.100	8.00	476	80	132	0.0
162	HU	06/14/88	16.0	54	6.0	0.000	8.02	507	84	156	9.0
162	HU	06/19/89	22.0	65	32.0	0.020	8.05	568	80	192	8.0
AVERAGE:			14.98	67.75	24.67	0.067	8.02	542.50	92.00	163.00	8.50
COUNT:			4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	2
163	HU	05/30/87	22.7	73	26.0	-0.005	8.02	592	88	212	0.0
163	HU	06/10/88	17.5	58	0.0	0.000	7.83	538	96	196	0.0
163	HU	09/15/88	19.5	56	0.0	0.000	8.08	546	100	200	0.0
163	HU	06/19/89	19.8	74	27.5	0.008	8.04	609	100	224	10.0
AVERAGE:			19.88	65.25	26.75	0.005	7.99	571.25	96.00	208.00	10.00
COUNT:			4	4	2	2	4	4	4	4	1
164	HU	01/20/86	18.5	71	0.0	0.005	7.70	595	124	216	0.0
164	HU	05/30/87	20.6	79	33.0	-0.005	7.89	608	108	212	0.0
164	HU	06/19/89	15.0	67	37.0	-0.002	7.95	616	136	216	7.0
AVERAGE:			18.03	72.33	35.00	0.002	7.85	606.33	122.67	214.67	7.00
COUNT:			3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	1
166	HU	01/20/86	18.5	48	0.0	0.005	8.00	478	80	180	0.0
166	HU	03/30/88	17.0	57	0.0	0.000	7.94	500	84	200	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			17.75	52.50	*****	0.005	7.97	489.00	82.00	190.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	0	1	2	2	2	2	0
167	HU	06/25/87	17.2	88	37.5	-0.002	7.84	620	116	224	0.0
AVERAGE:			17.20	88.00	37.50	0.001	7.84	620.00	116.00	224.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
169	HD	06/15/87	2.5	23	5.5	-0.002	8.12	231	72	104	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.50	23.00	5.50	0.001	8.12	231.00	72.00	104.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
170	HD	06/15/87	3.2	24	9.0	-0.002	8.06	253	72	104	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.20	24.00	9.00	0.001	8.06	253.00	72.00	104.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
171	HD	06/14/88	3.2	20	40.0	0.000	8.19	259	68	104	8.0
AVERAGE:			3.20	20.00	40.00	*****	8.19	259.00	68.00	104.00	8.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
173	HD	01/20/86	8.0	21	0.0	0.012	7.50	309	84	116	0.0
AVERAGE:			8.00	21.00	*****	0.012	7.50	309.00	84.00	116.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
174	HD	01/27/86	5.2	14	0.0	0.082	7.97	256	64	116	0.0
174	HD	06/15/87	7.8	15	13.5	0.055	7.53	341	98	128	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			6.50	14.50	13.50	0.069	7.75	298.50	81.00	122.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
176	HD	01/27/86	14.5	14	0.0	0.095	8.00	315	68	120	0.0
AVERAGE:			14.50	14.00	*****	0.095	8.00	315.00	68.00	120.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
177	HD	01/20/86	10.5	16	0.0	0.028	8.20	331	92	124	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.50	16.00	*****	0.028	8.20	331.00	92.00	124.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
179	HD	06/15/87	5.5	10	6.5	0.002	7.89	200	58	120	0.0
179	HD	06/14/88	7.5	10	0.0	0.000	8.03	265	56	104	0.0
AVERAGE:			6.50	10.00	6.50	0.002	7.96	232.50	57.00	112.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	0
180	HD	06/15/87	5.0	14	6.0	-0.002	8.02	270	88	120	0.0
AVERAGE:			5.00	14.00	6.00	0.001	8.02	270.00	88.00	120.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
181	HD	06/15/87	8.5	18	10.0	-0.002	7.50	315	84	132	0.0
AVERAGE:			8.50	18.00	10.00	0.001	7.50	315.00	84.00	132.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
182	H	01/27/86	13.5	31	0.0	0.270	8.41	388	136	196	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
182	H	06/25/87	8.8	20	10.0	-0.002	6.91	369	120	176	0.0
AVERAGE:			11.15	25.50	10.00	0.136	7.66	378.50	128.00	186.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
183	H	06/25/87	7.5	21	9.5	-0.002	7.90	374	120	156	0.0
AVERAGE:			7.50	21.00	9.50	0.001	7.90	374.00	120.00	156.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
185	H	05/01/79	7.3	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
185	H	01/20/86	15.0	21	0.0	-0.002	8.00	457	132	192	0.0
185	H	01/20/86	15.5	22	0.0	-0.002	8.20	469	136	-1	0.0
185	H	06/15/87	2.5	28	12.5	-0.002	7.71	468	138	216	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.08	23.67	12.50	0.001	7.97	464.67	135.33	136.000	*****
COUNT:			4	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	0
186	H	06/25/87	3.8	38	15.0	-0.002	8.03	313	78	128	0.0
186	H	06/10/88	5.2	28	0.0	0.000	7.85	365	108	140	0.0
186	H	09/15/88	4.0	17	0.0	0.000	8.19	290	88	100	0.0
AVERAGE:			4.33	27.67	15.00	0.001	8.02	322.67	91.33	122.67	*****
COUNT:			3	3	1	1	3	3	3	3	0
500	H	05/20/91	8.4	55	27.5	0.008	7.94	450	100	144	13.0
AVERAGE:			8.40	55.00	27.50	0.008	7.94	450.00	100.00	144.00	13.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
57	HD	01/20/86	2.2	16	0.0	0.005	8.20	204	68	76	0.0
57	HD	06/15/87	1.5	8	6.0	-0.002	8.19	269	104	126	0.0
57	HD	06/14/88	4.4	22	11.0	0.000	7.72	285	80	110	7.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
57	HD	06/14/88	7.0	28	25.5	0.000	8.25	421	124	180	5.0
57	HD	06/19/89	4.5	22	11.0	0.008	8.30	346	92	156	5.0
AVERAGE:			3.92	19.20	13.38	0.005	8.13	305.00	93.60	129.60	5.67
COUNT:			5	5	4	3	5	5	5	5	3
59	H	01/20/86	4.2	23	0.0	0.002	8.20	367	132	160	0.0
59	H	06/25/87	3.2	17	12.0	-0.002	8.03	304	158	144	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.70	20.00	12.00	0.002	8.12	335.50	145.00	152.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
60	H	05/30/87	2.2	18	5.1	-0.005	8.44	207	44	92	0.0
AVERAGE:			2.20	18.00	5.10	0.001	8.44	207.00	44.00	92.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
61	H	06/15/87	3.5	8	2.5	-0.002	8.13	218	72	100	0.0
AVERAGE:			3.50	8.00	2.50	0.001	8.13	218.00	72.00	100.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
61	I	06/15/87	7.0	12	14.0	-0.002	8.33	291	92	116	0.0
AVERAGE:			7.00	12.00	14.00	0.001	8.33	291.00	92.00	116.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
62	F	07/18/83	6.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
62	F	03/19/86	9.5	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
62	F	08/20/86	14.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
62	F	05/30/87	3.5	110	16.0	-0.005	7.04	419	16	148	0.0
62	F	06/19/89	10.5	190	35.0	-0.002	7.40	620	12	192	3.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			8.70	150.00	25.50	0.001	7.22	519.50	14.00	170.00	3.00
COUNT:			5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
62	U	05/30/87	10.0	14	16.0	-0.005	8.15	344	114	160	0.0
AVERAGE:			10.00	14.00	16.00	0.001	8.15	344.00	114.00	160.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
63	H	07/30/80	5.1	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
63	H	01/20/86	24.0	63	0.0	-0.002	7.90	599	112	244	0.0
63	H	01/20/86	22.5	63	0.0	-0.002	7.90	596	120	232	0.0
63	H	05/30/87	17.5	35	8.1	0.005	8.06	521	152	240	0.0
63	H	06/14/88	16.0	65	24.0	0.000	8.03	607	124	240	7.0
63	H	09/15/88	5.5	160	0.0	0.000	6.34	644	8	4	0.0
63	H	06/19/89	17.8	63	20.0	0.005	8.06	584	120	236	6.0
AVERAGE:			15.49	74.83	17.37	0.003	7.72	591.83	106.00	199.33	6.50
COUNT:			7	6	3	4	6	6	6	6	2
67	H	06/15/87	8.0	24	8.5	-0.002	7.71	377	132	184	0.0
AVERAGE:			8.00	24.00	8.50	0.001	7.71	377.00	132.00	184.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
68	H	05/30/87	22.3	31	14.0	-0.005	7.86	568	162	252	0.0
68	H	06/10/88	13.6	44	0.0	0.000	7.89	574	156	232	0.0
68	H	09/15/88	10.5	41	0.0	0.000	7.73	553	164	236	0.0
68	H	10/21/88	13.5	42	19.5	-0.002	7.80	558	156	240	9.5
68	H	06/19/89	13.5	40	20.5	0.008	7.89	548	148	232	9.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
			-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
		AVERAGE:	14.68	39.60	18.00	0.003	7.83	560.20	157.20	238.40	9.25
		COUNT:	5	5	3	3	5	5	5	5	2
72	H	04/05/82	8.5	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
72	H	05/30/87	5.4	13	7.3	-0.005	8.14	279	96	112	0.0
		AVERAGE:	6.95	13.00	7.30	0.001	8.14	279.00	96.00	112.00	*****
		COUNT:	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
74	H	06/25/87	3.5	5	3.0	0.002	7.88	181	66	98	0.0
		AVERAGE:	3.50	5.00	3.00	0.002	7.88	181.00	66.00	98.00	*****
		COUNT:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
75	H	02/10/86	3.2	11	0.0	0.000	7.92	219	44	84	0.0
75	H	06/15/87	5.5	22	8.5	0.006	8.09	272	82	124	0.0
		AVERAGE:	4.35	16.50	8.50	0.006	8.01	245.50	63.00	104.00	*****
		COUNT:	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	0
76	H	06/15/87	1.5	23	11.5	-0.002	7.58	201	64	80	0.0
		AVERAGE:	1.50	23.00	11.50	0.001	7.58	201.00	64.00	80.00	*****
		COUNT:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
78	H	12/10/84	10.5	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
78	H	05/30/87	5.2	21	8.4	-0.005	7.76	427	176	212	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE		PRIVATE WELL									
LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
AVERAGE:			7.85	21.00	8.40	0.001	7.76	427.00	176.00	212.00	*****
COUNT:			2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
80	H	04/21/86	8.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
AVERAGE:			8.00	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
COUNT:			1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
82	H	05/30/87	6.6	27	14.5	0.012	7.90	321	88	124	0.0
AVERAGE:			6.60	27.00	14.50	0.012	7.90	321.00	88.00	124.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
83	H	05/30/87	25.1	62	31.0	-0.005	8.20	541	76	176	0.0
83	H	06/19/89	19.0	66	21.0	0.010	8.17	575	104	228	8.0
AVERAGE:			22.05	64.00	26.00	0.006	8.19	558.00	90.00	202.00	8.00
COUNT:			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
84	H	01/20/86	5.2	19	0.0	0.010	7.80	333	84	0	0.0
84	H	05/30/87	3.7	17	8.1	-0.005	7.61	301	98	148	0.0
AVERAGE:			4.45	18.00	8.10	0.006	7.71	317.00	91.00	148.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	0
85	H	06/17/87	10.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
85	H	06/26/87	10.5	38	18.0	-0.002	7.84	445	122	184	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE			PRIVATE WELL								
LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	---	-----	-----	-----	-----
AVERAGE:			10.25	38.00	18.00	0.001	7.84	445.00	122.00	184.00	*****
COUNT:			2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
86	H	05/30/87	14.0	49	20.0	-0.005	7.95	500	112	200	0.0
AVERAGE:			14.00	49.00	20.00	0.001	7.95	500.00	112.00	200.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
87	H	01/20/86	15.0	31	0.0	0.005	7.90	535	156	212	0.0
87	H	05/30/87	12.3	43	14.0	0.008	8.01	484	132	204	0.0
AVERAGE:			13.65	37.00	14.00	0.007	7.96	509.50	144.00	208.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
88	H	05/30/87	17.2	105	70.0	0.010	7.67	746	156	196	0.0
AVERAGE:			17.20	105.00	70.00	0.010	7.67	746.00	156.00	196.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
89	H	01/20/86	6.2	23	0.0	-0.002	7.90	431	168	192	0.0
89	H	06/25/87	9.5	28	15.5	-0.002	7.83	409	116	174	0.0
AVERAGE:			7.85	25.50	15.50	0.001	7.87	420.00	142.00	183.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
90	H	06/15/87	14.0	32	15.0	-0.002	7.69	492	138	208	0.0
AVERAGE:			14.00	32.00	15.00	0.001	7.69	492.00	138.00	208.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE		PRIVATE WELL									
LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
91	H	01/20/86	12.0	28	0.0	-0.002	7.90	475	148	196	0.0
AVERAGE:			12.00	28.00	*****	0.001	7.90	475.00	148.00	196.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
92	H	01/20/86	7.5	22	0.0	0.002	7.50	381	124	168	0.0
AVERAGE:			7.50	22.00	*****	0.002	7.50	381.00	124.00	168.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
93	H	05/30/87	13.0	25	14.0	0.045	7.75	447	138	192	0.0
AVERAGE:			13.00	25.00	14.00	0.045	7.75	447.00	138.00	192.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
94	H	05/30/87	13.4	23	22.0	0.245	7.69	489	160	192	0.0
94	H	06/10/88	18.8	38	0.0	0.000	7.54	611	144	232	0.0
94	H	09/15/88	20.0	36	0.0	0.000	7.79	603	152	240	0.0
94	H	10/21/88	18.5	36	36.0	0.800	7.64	606	152	232	20.6
94	H	06/19/89	18.5	54	40.0	0.800	7.62	643	168	248	15.0
94	H	05/02/91	21.5	69	45.5	1.120	7.72	682	0	0	28.0
AVERAGE:			18.45	42.67	35.88	0.741	7.67	605.67	155.20	228.80	21.20
COUNT:			6	6	4	4	6	6	5	5	3
96	H	01/27/86	7.8	30	0.0	0.004	7.10	391	140	180	0.0
96	H	05/30/87	20.8	55	23.0	0.820	7.52	589	144	236	0.0
AVERAGE:			14.30	42.50	23.00	0.412	7.31	490.00	142.00	208.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
97	HD	06/26/87	5.0	34	18.7	0.007	6.92	358	102	156	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE PRIVATE WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			5.00	34.00	18.70	0.007	6.92	358.00	102.00	156.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
98	HD	05/30/87	11.2	95	47.0	-0.005	8.01	685	152	224	0.0
AVERAGE:			11.20	95.00	47.00	0.001	8.01	685.00	152.00	224.00	*****
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
99	HD	01/20/86	9.5	47	0.0	0.005	8.20	453	108	184	0.0
99	HD	05/30/87	9.0	59	38.0	-0.005	7.88	557	160	200	0.0
AVERAGE:			9.25	53.00	38.00	0.003	8.04	505.00	134.00	192.00	*****
COUNT:			2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0
AMD	SD	10/21/88	40.8	93	105.0	7.500	7.04	984	132	236	13.8
AMD	SD	01/11/89	34.5	105	80.0	6.000	7.27	925	104	236	33.0
AMD	SD	04/05/89	39.5	190	124.5	6.000	7.03	1153	84	240	44.0
AMD	SD	06/07/89	30.0	160	117.5	6.250	7.16	665	92	196	33.0
AMD	SD	07/05/89	36.5	110	133.5	11.500	6.92	1095	80	208	0.0
AMD	SD	08/03/89	38.0	170	96.0	6.750	6.99	1200	104	232	61.0
AMD	SD	09/01/89	0.0	160	66.0	7.750	6.98	1174	132	232	44.0
AMD	SD	11/21/89	21.2	94	60.0	4.880	7.19	690	104	204	46.0
AMD	SD	01/03/90	28.2	135	96.0	5.620	7.23	921	104	236	32.0
AMD	SD	03/20/90	35.0	140	162.0	8.380	7.24	1081	108	200	20.0
AMD	SD	07/10/90	35.9	155	125.0	7.080	7.16	1019	0	0	35.0
AMD	SD	02/06/91	27.4	139	92.5	4.500	7.32	890	0	0	24.0
AMD	SD	04/02/91	11.5	59	42.0	1.200	7.45	457	0	0	27.0
AMD	SD	05/17/91	42.6	191	100.0	6.800	6.94	1113	64	168	49.0
AMD	SD	05/28/91	35.6	168	130.0	7.700	7.18	836	0	0	59.0
AMD	SD	05/31/91	36.3	174	165.0	8.300	7.62	676	0	0	35.0
AMD	SD	06/04/91	33.0	157	130.0	7.500	7.31	1002	0	0	32.0
AMD	SD	06/06/91	36.9	178	141.0	7.250	6.99	1070	0	0	56.0
AMD	SD	06/11/91	35.9	167	90.0	7.050	7.00	1050	0	0	32.0
AMD	SD	06/11/91	35.9	167	90.0	7.050	7.00	1050	0	0	32.0
AMD	SD	06/18/91	35.8	178	134.0	7.200	7.22	1034	0	0	50.0
AMD	SD	06/21/91	37.1	184	133.0	7.250	7.00	1112	0	0	56.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AMD	SD	06/24/91	35.8	172	141.0	7.500	7.10	1099	0	0	56.0
AMD	SD	06/27/91	34.5	161	134.0	7.620	7.07	1023	0	0	54.0
AMD	SD	07/03/91	33.3	140	131.0	8.000	6.92	955	84	0	78.0
AMD	SD	07/09/91	37.9	178	145.0	7.950	7.29	1131	140	0	62.0
AVERAGE:			33.96	150.96	114.00	6.945	7.14	977.12	102.46	217.09	42.55
COUNT:			25	26	26	26	26	26	13	11	25
AMD	ST	05/17/91	-0.2	170	165.0	13.000	8.31	1397	380	172	400.0
AVERAGE:			0.001	170.00	165.00	13.000	8.31	1397.00	380.00	172.00	400.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
AMD	SU	06/25/87	7.5	30	19.0	-0.002	7.64	330	84	128	0.0
AMD	SU	10/21/88	3.5	13	8.0	0.030	7.52	247	76	108	12.0
AMD	SU	01/17/89	3.0	36	8.5	-0.002	7.61	254	70	112	5.0
AMD	SU	04/05/89	2.5	53	11.2	-0.002	7.52	366	96	152	6.0
AMD	SU	06/07/89	2.2	62	13.8	0.020	7.20	342	172	152	5.0
AMD	SU	07/05/89	2.0	51	12.5	-0.002	7.36	353	68	144	0.0
AMD	SU	08/03/89	3.0	50	12.3	-0.002	7.04	324	60	144	9.0
AMD	SU	09/01/89	0.0	44	14.5	0.002	7.26	312	72	124	6.0
AMD	SU	11/21/89	3.0	40	14.0	-0.002	7.43	302	80	120	12.0
AMD	SU	01/03/90	5.0	64	16.0	-0.002	7.56	406	88	168	7.0
AMD	SU	03/20/90	1.7	27	12.0	-0.002	7.70	264	76	112	3.0
AMD	SU	07/10/90	3.1	25	10.5	-0.002	7.24	239	0	0	5.0
AMD	SU	02/06/91	2.7	68	18.8	-0.002	7.89	390	0	0	5.0
AMD	SU	05/17/91	2.9	60	17.5	0.018	7.05	329	56	116	9.0
AMD	SU	06/27/91	1.5	74	19.7	0.005	7.26	395	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			3.11	46.47	13.89	0.006	7.42	323.53	83.17	131.67	7.23
COUNT:			14	15	15	15	15	15	12	12	13
BAR	ADU	02/06/91	45.1	92	94.0	4.800	6.80	962	0	0	189.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			45.10	92.00	94.00	4.800	6.80	962.00	*****	*****	189.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
BAR SDA	10/21/88		35.0	68	69.0	5.750	6.67	824	124	232	168.0
BAR SDA	01/11/89		36.5	56	80.0	6.100	6.91	802	124	228	93.0
BAR SDA	04/05/89		44.5	83	67.5	3.050	6.53	883	152	276	135.0
BAR SDA	06/08/89		43.2	83	42.0	7.880	6.45	868	164	288	129.0
BAR SDA	07/05/89		39.5	64	67.5	10.300	6.45	883	156	288	0.0
BAR SDA	08/03/89		40.5	69	27.9	7.750	6.42	922	136	272	195.0
BAR SDA	09/01/89		0.0	67	78.0	5.120	6.75	823	128	260	62.0
BAR SDA	10/26/89		39.8	73	67.5	5.600	6.56	881	140	260	82.0
BAR SDA	01/03/90		23.5	67	56.0	7.750	6.80	663	132	200	126.0
BAR SDA	03/20/90		29.5	59	140.0	4.350	7.04	813	124	252	70.0
BAR SDA	07/10/90		45.1	79	75.0	10.500	6.58	906	0	0	150.0
BAR SDA	02/06/91		44.1	91	91.0	4.750	6.86	962	0	0	183.0
BAR SDA	04/02/91		54.5	90	92.0	2.750	6.92	956	0	0	246.0
BAR SDA	05/20/91		38.2	85	125.0	5.800	6.60	893	160	236	276.0
BAR SDA	05/28/91		38.2	86	80.0	6.450	6.70	935	0	0	249.0
BAR SDA	05/31/91		38.5	85	80.0	6.500	6.74	900	0	0	240.0
BAR SDA	06/04/91		37.3	84	80.0	7.300	6.70	860	0	0	126.0
BAR SDA	06/06/91		41.5	88	91.0	6.620	6.69	927	0	0	261.0
BAR SDA	06/11/91		40.0	88	80.0	7.620	6.58	912	0	0	141.0
BAR SDA	06/11/91		40.0	88	80.0	7.620	6.58	912	0	0	141.0
BAR SDA	06/18/91		34.3	88	80.0	7.000	6.73	866	0	0	210.0
BAR SDA	06/21/91		34.9	87	82.0	7.120	6.54	975	0	0	207.0
BAR SDA	06/24/91		42.8	89	83.0	6.700	6.58	935	0	0	216.0
BAR SDA	06/27/91		42.7	83	84.0	6.800	6.60	948	0	0	237.0
BAR SDA	07/03/91		39.2	81	83.0	7.500	6.54	940	156	0	330.0
BAR SDA	07/09/91		36.3	80	79.0	7.550	6.57	870	164	0	291.0
AVERAGE:			39.18	79.27	79.25	6.624	6.66	886.88	143.08	253.82	182.56
COUNT:			25	26	26	26	26	26	13	11	25
BAR SDC	10/21/88		45.8	51	54.0	0.105	6.84	898	124	332	34.0
BAR SDC	01/11/89		11.2	31	24.0	-0.002	7.27	487	128	176	21.0
BAR SDC	04/05/89		11.8	46	24.5	0.135	7.03	470	132	188	24.0
BAR SDC	06/08/89		13.5	50	20.8	0.188	7.14	456	116	196	12.0
BAR SDC	07/05/89		9.5	13	20.5	0.262	7.31	313	80	120	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
BAR	SDC	08/03/89	19.0	49	27.3	0.175	6.91	555	92	204	29.0
BAR	SDC	09/01/89	0.0	65	30.5	0.118	6.92	587	112	228	14.0
BAR	SDC	10/26/89	22.8	52	36.0	0.100	7.09	594	120	200	12.0
BAR	SDC	01/03/90	26.8	62	47.5	0.125	7.98	708	152	260	38.0
BAR	SDC	03/20/90	17.4	46	40.0	0.180	7.28	599	128	212	18.0
BAR	SDC	07/10/90	19.6	54	31.0	0.625	7.17	581	0	0	18.0
BAR	SDC	02/06/91	27.7	71	94.0	0.350	7.23	817	0	0	52.0
BAR	SDC	04/02/91	23.1	60	44.0	1.090	7.42	675	0	0	66.0
BAR	SDC	05/20/91	20.5	39	24.0	0.750	7.31	522	104	188	35.0
BAR	SDC	05/28/91	22.0	42	22.5	0.750	7.31	553	0	0	36.0
BAR	SDC	05/31/91	20.7	47	24.5	0.625	7.51	555	0	0	32.0
BAR	SDC	06/04/91	20.5	38	20.0	1.000	7.22	484	0	0	17.0
BAR	SDC	06/06/91	20.8	48	21.9	0.880	7.16	557	0	0	31.0
BAR	SDC	06/11/91	21.4	56	26.5	0.500	7.14	621	0	0	16.0
BAR	SDC	06/11/91	21.4	56	26.5	0.500	7.14	621	0	0	16.0
BAR	SDC	06/18/91	22.4	53	23.7	0.620	7.20	563	0	0	25.0
BAR	SDC	06/21/91	24.6	46	27.8	0.950	6.64	557	0	0	35.0
BAR	SDC	06/24/91	22.3	53	25.7	0.620	7.06	604	0	0	30.0
BAR	SDC	06/27/91	22.9	51	30.0	0.620	7.02	545	0	0	0.0
BAR	SDC	07/03/91	23.5	60	28.9	0.250	7.20	634	132	0	55.0
BAR	SDC	07/09/91	20.7	46	26.8	0.450	7.16	365	108	0	34.0
AVERAGE:			21.28	49.42	31.65	0.460	7.18	573.88	117.54	209.45	29.17
COUNT:			25	26	26	26	26	26	13	11	24
BAR	ST	05/17/91	-0.2	82	80.0	19.800	7.04	1444	612	340	590.0
AVERAGE:			0.001	82.00	80.00	19.800	7.04	1444.00	612.00	340.00	590.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
BAR	SU	07/10/90	21.0	70	36.0	-0.002	7.25	610	0	0	9.0
BAR	SU	02/06/91	18.5	78	22.8	0.002	7.48	639	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			19.75	74.00	29.40	0.002	7.37	624.50	*****	*****	8.50
COUNT:			2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2
BAR	SUB	10/21/88	6.0	28	13.0	-0.002	7.44	370	104	152	10.8

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
BAR	SUB	01/17/89	13.0	46	19.5	0.008	7.43	429	104	190	8.0
BAR	SUB	04/05/89	18.8	100	40.0	-0.002	7.27	727	148	230	12.0
BAR	SUB	06/08/89	18.5	63	30.9	0.005	7.18	538	120	156	11.0
BAR	SUB	07/05/89	18.0	67	495.0	0.025	6.99	592	96	184	0.0
BAR	SUB	08/03/89	18.5	56	31.3	-0.002	6.90	521	88	184	14.0
BAR	SUB	09/01/89	0.0	54	29.5	0.002	7.04	598	100	236	8.0
BAR	SUB	10/26/89	17.0	65	35.0	-0.002	7.21	619	128	220	10.0
BAR	SUB	01/03/90	16.0	78	26.5	-0.002	7.26	663	140	288	11.0
BAR	SUB	03/20/90	24.0	84	32.5	0.005	7.44	585	112	216	5.0
BAR	SUB	05/20/91	23.3	67	60.0	0.005	7.15	620	112	184	22.0
BAR	SUB	06/27/91	21.5	35	16.0	0.005	7.06	489	0	0	0.0
AVERAGE:			17.69	61.92	69.10	0.005	7.20	562.58	113.82	203.64	11.18
COUNT:			11	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	10
CLO	NE	06/10/88	2.0	26	0.0	0.000	7.62	333	100	124	0.0
CLO	NE	04/05/89	5.0	34	8.8	-0.002	7.85	354	108	10	5.0
CLO	NE	06/07/89	2.2	21	12.5	-0.002	8.36	244	92	124	5.0
CLO	NE	08/03/89	3.5	19	12.3	-0.002	7.91	299	84	116	8.0
CLO	NE	05/20/91	1.8	42	22.0	0.008	8.12	365	88	116	9.0
AVERAGE:			2.90	28.40	13.90	0.003	7.97	319.00	94.40	98.00	6.75
COUNT:			5	5	4	4	5	5	5	5	4
ENG	SDC	10/21/88	13.5	63	48.0	-0.002	7.85	524	100	144	13.0
ENG	SDC	01/11/89	12.0	71	43.0	-0.002	7.92	540	100	160	10.0
ENG	SDC	01/17/89	14.0	61	55.0	0.002	7.95	535	140	180	12.0
ENG	SDC	04/05/89	19.2	81	34.0	-0.002	7.76	572	108	200	11.0
ENG	SDC	05/26/89	11.5	100	31.6	0.005	7.84	629	92	228	10.0
ENG	SDC	07/05/89	7.8	33	37.0	-0.002	7.97	416	104	140	0.0
ENG	SDC	08/03/89	8.5	34	24.0	-0.002	7.86	438	108	160	18.0
ENG	SDC	09/01/89	0.0	37	25.5	-0.002	7.84	444	116	180	10.0
ENG	SDC	11/21/89	10.8	87	49.0	0.002	7.93	624	140	216	21.0
ENG	SDC	01/03/90	5.2	69	52.0	-0.002	7.86	514	136	156	9.0
ENG	SDC	03/20/90	6.2	55	41.5	-0.002	7.95	481	120	156	4.0
ENG	SDC	02/06/91	12.7	69	46.0	-0.002	7.80	638	0	0	11.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			11.04	63.33	40.55	0.002	7.88	529.58	114.91	174.55	11.73
COUNT:			11	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11
ENG	SUA	10/21/88	5.5	140	80.0	-0.002	6.87	683	64	136	11.5
ENG	SUA	04/05/89	6.5	100	63.0	-0.002	7.11	572	124	136	13.0
ENG	SUA	05/26/89	6.2	140	74.4	0.002	7.06	772	100	180	13.0
ENG	SUA	06/07/89	17.2	92	31.5	0.002	7.84	570	84	208	9.0
ENG	SUA	07/05/89	18.2	45	39.0	-0.002	7.72	469	68	136	0.0
ENG	SUA	08/03/89	4.0	18	20.3	-0.002	7.97	262	52	80	12.0
ENG	SUA	09/01/89	0.0	35	18.5	0.002	7.92	362	56	132	7.0
ENG	SUA	11/21/89	6.0	69	49.5	-0.002	8.02	491	116	140	16.0
ENG	SUA	01/03/90	2.0	38	38.0	0.005	8.07	33	132	200	7.0
ENG	SUA	03/20/90	11.0	81	42.0	-0.002	7.73	605	112	212	4.0
ENG	SUA	02/06/91	1.9	87	42.2	-0.002	7.89	567	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			7.85	76.82	45.31	0.002	7.65	489.64	90.80	156.00	9.95
COUNT:			10	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10
ENG	SUB	10/21/88	14.5	73	62.5	-0.002	7.79	566	108	148	13.0
ENG	SUB	01/17/89	2.8	130	80.0	0.002	6.95	610	120	156	11.0
ENG	SUB	04/05/89	8.0	130	61.5	-0.002	7.89	710	136	200	13.0
ENG	SUB	07/05/89	3.5	84	63.0	-0.002	7.24	484	80	104	0.0
ENG	SUB	08/03/89	0.5	55	34.7	-0.002	7.53	298	44	64	12.0
ENG	SUB	09/01/89	0.0	47	34.0	-0.002	7.24	288	64	68	6.0
ENG	SUB	11/21/89	3.5	185	75.0	0.002	7.20	700	40	168	17.0
ENG	SUB	01/03/90	3.8	205	56.0	0.002	7.23	825	80	168	9.0
ENG	SUB	03/20/90	3.3	92	86.0	-0.002	7.36	547	104	92	7.0
ENG	SUB	02/06/91	8.1	123	82.0	0.010	7.55	703	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			5.33	112.40	63.47	0.002	7.40	573.10	86.22	129.78	11.00
COUNT:			9	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9
FAR	SW	06/10/88	-0.2	1	0.0	0.000	7.59	124	48	52	0.0
FAR	SW	04/05/89	0.2	1	1.2	0.002	8.23	105	48	56	4.0
FAR	SW	06/08/89	0.2	1	1.3	-0.002	8.45	111	52	60	4.0
FAR	SW	08/03/89	-0.2	-1	0.7	0.010	8.37	98	40	48	6.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE SURVEY WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
FAR	SW	05/28/91	0.2	1	1.0	0.008	8.05	102	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			0.120	0.800	1.05	0.005	8.14	108.00	47.00	54.00	5.00
COUNT:			5	5	4	4	5	5	4	4	4
KEP	DEP	05/31/91	26.8	62	43.5	2.250	7.31	726	0	0	36.0
KEP	DEP	06/04/91	23.5	56	36.5	2.000	7.40	695	0	0	23.0
KEP	DEP	06/27/91	41.9	86	77.0	2.380	7.32	1004	0	0	93.0
KEP	DEP	07/09/91	44.8	89	78.0	3.200	7.30	1031	220	0	102.0
KEP	DEP	07/12/91	42.9	88	74.5	3.120	7.26	1040	232	0	123.0
KEP	DEP	07/19/91	43.0	87	77.5	3.300	7.22	1012	0	0	32.0
KEP	DEP	07/29/91	43.1	91	81.5	3.500	7.29	1083	0	0	108.0
KEP	DEP	08/07/91	35.7	78	76.0	3.500	7.20	920	212	0	28.0
AVERAGE:			37.71	79.63	68.06	2.906	7.29	938.88	221.33	*****	68.13
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	3	0	8
KEP	H	05/31/91	23.4	58	40.0	1.250	7.53	625	0	0	31.0
AVERAGE:			23.40	58.00	40.00	1.250	7.53	625.00	*****	*****	31.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
KEP	MED	05/31/91	43.2	89	85.0	5.750	7.21	1036	0	0	64.0
KEP	MED	06/04/91	39.9	84	80.0	6.000	7.16	652	0	0	59.0
KEP	MED	06/27/91	37.2	79	81.0	5.380	7.28	904	0	0	102.0
KEP	MED	07/09/91	40.1	81	72.0	5.000	7.26	930	192	0	102.0
KEP	MED	07/12/91	39.5	82	62.0	4.950	7.18	938	192	0	114.0
KEP	MED	07/19/91	41.7	84	51.6	4.620	7.18	962	0	0	29.0
KEP	MED	07/29/91	43.0	88	73.5	4.450	7.20	1009	0	0	97.0
KEP	MED	08/07/91	42.8	90	80.0	4.120	7.14	996	208	0	31.0
AVERAGE:			40.93	84.63	73.14	5.034	7.20	928.38	197.33	*****	74.75
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	3	0	8
KEP	SHA	07/12/91	25.9	46	45.3	5.750	6.92	606	112	0	84.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
KEP	SHA	07/19/91	31.6	57	28.8	4.250	6.90	675	0	0	21.0
KEP	SHA	07/29/91	34.0	64	41.1	3.800	6.87	713	0	0	68.0
KEP	SHA	08/07/91	37.3	70	52.0	3.500	7.00	740	116	0	25.0
AVERAGE:			32.20	59.25	41.80	4.325	6.92	683.50	114.00	*****	49.50
COUNT:			4	4	4	4	4	4	2	0	4
KEP	SHL	05/31/91	36.7	80	80.0	5.500	6.85	853	0	0	102.0
KEP	SHL	06/04/91	32.3	70	80.0	6.100	6.88	806	0	0	55.0
KEP	SHL	06/27/91	13.3	24	54.7	7.800	7.04	457	0	0	90.0
KEP	SHL	07/09/91	39.7	81	71.0	5.000	7.23	926	192	0	88.0
AVERAGE:			30.50	63.75	71.43	6.100	7.00	760.50	192.00	*****	83.75
COUNT:			4	4	4	4	4	4	1	0	4
KEP	SPI	05/31/91	21.9	54	27.0	1.120	7.32	623	0	0	19.0
KEP	SPI	06/04/91	19.1	49	23.5	1.120	7.50	633	0	0	15.0
KEP	SPI	06/27/91	42.0	86	79.0	2.050	7.31	1012	0	0	90.0
KEP	SPI	07/09/91	44.5	88	79.0	2.700	7.23	1028	228	0	95.0
KEP	SPI	07/12/91	43.8	90	77.5	3.280	7.23	1054	232	0	120.0
KEP	SPI	07/19/91	42.1	86	79.0	3.200	7.21	1013	0	0	32.0
KEP	SPI	07/29/91	41.3	91	81.0	3.250	7.14	1070	0	0	102.0
KEP	SPI	08/07/91	34.7	76	73.0	3.700	7.25	904	204	0	26.0
AVERAGE:			36.18	77.50	64.88	2.553	7.27	917.13	221.33	*****	62.38
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	3	0	8
KOP	LD	10/21/88	9.5	70	30.5	0.200	7.68	456	60	144	15.4
KOP	LD	01/17/89	8.2	60	32.5	0.181	7.80	406	110	148	10.0
KOP	LD	04/05/89	7.0	63	25.5	0.100	7.56	475	112	176	14.0
KOP	LD	05/26/89	8.5	51	42.0	0.260	7.66	446	88	120	12.0
KOP	LD	08/03/89	3.8	54	28.7	0.300	7.58	345	44	108	24.0
KOP	LD	10/26/89	8.5	54	27.5	0.212	7.80	410	76	128	8.0
KOP	LD	03/20/90	8.2	72	31.0	0.135	7.57	472	88	160	6.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			7.67	60.57	31.10	0.198	7.66	430.00	82.57	140.57	12.77
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
KOP	LU	10/21/88	5.5	23	12.3	-0.002	7.20	259	68	100	10.0
KOP	LU	01/17/89	4.0	45	11.0	0.002	7.23	287	60	122	6.0
KOP	LU	05/26/89	4.0	31	13.4	-0.002	7.22	316	84	132	11.0
KOP	LU	08/03/89	26.5	50	15.3	-0.002	7.06	521	64	204	18.0
KOP	LU	09/01/89	0.0	55	16.0	-0.002	7.08	524	56	216	9.0
KOP	LU	10/25/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.000	0.00	0	0	0	8.0
KOP	LU	10/26/89	8.2	35	15.0	-0.002	7.16	316	56	120	8.0
KOP	LU	03/20/90	4.7	58	15.0	0.150	7.10	370	48	128	5.0
AVERAGE:			8.82	42.43	14.00	0.022	7.15	370.43	62.29	146.00	9.38
COUNT:			6	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8
LC	22	08/31/89	3.2	23	21.0	-0.002	7.55	286	76	132	6.0
LC	22	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	7.84	254	72	84	7.0
LC	22	01/03/90	2.8	14	15.0	0.012	7.88	220	72	88	8.0
LC	22	03/22/90	1.8	16	13.5	0.010	7.45	216	72	88	4.0
LC	22	06/11/91	1.9	41	21.5	0.010	7.65	334	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			2.43	23.50	17.75	0.008	7.67	262.00	73.00	98.00	6.00
COUNT:			4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	5
LC	25	08/31/89	6.5	17	18.5	-0.002	7.70	287	80	92	7.0
LC	25	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.022	7.92	246	64	108	9.0
LC	25	01/03/90	7.8	69	18.5	0.025	8.03	495	120	216	10.0
LC	25	03/22/90	9.0	53	28.5	0.010	7.89	409	96	144	7.0
LC	25	06/11/91	13.3	48	17.0	0.010	7.92	406	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			9.15	46.75	20.63	0.014	7.89	368.60	90.00	140.00	8.20
COUNT:			4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	5
LC	30	08/31/89	12.8	71	35.5	-0.002	8.01	600	132	212	8.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
LC	30	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.09	464	96	180	10.0
LC	30	01/03/90	11.5	37	15.0	-0.002	8.06	367	80	128	13.0
LC	30	03/22/90	10.5	19	10.0	0.010	7.94	273	68	116	7.0
LC	30	06/11/91	18.4	62	26.5	0.008	8.17	526	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			13.30	47.25	21.75	0.004	8.05	446.00	94.00	159.00	9.60
COUNT:			4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	5
LC	35	08/31/89	23.5	36	5.0	-0.002	8.00	509	92	232	11.0
LC	35	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.09	513	92	240	10.0
LC	35	01/03/90	24.5	36	3.7	0.005	8.09	490	92	240	13.0
LC	35	03/22/90	23.2	34	4.5	-0.002	7.88	467	96	248	9.0
LC	35	06/11/91	19.1	23	6.0	0.008	8.27	529	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			22.58	32.25	4.80	0.003	8.07	501.60	93.00	240.00	10.40
COUNT:			4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	5
LC	40	08/31/89	28.5	41	5.2	-0.002	7.98	601	116	272	10.0
LC	40	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.07	616	108	300	12.0
LC	40	01/03/90	30.0	42	4.3	-0.002	8.09	608	124	308	10.0
LC	40	03/22/90	30.5	38	4.5	-0.002	7.97	592	128	312	7.0
LC	40	06/11/91	20.2	24	7.0	0.008	8.20	536	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			27.30	36.25	5.25	0.002	8.06	590.60	119.00	298.00	8.80
COUNT:			4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	5
LC	45	08/31/89	38.5	51	6.3	-0.002	7.89	751	124	340	9.0
LC	45	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.92	718	124	352	13.0
LC	45	01/03/90	38.5	47	5.5	-0.002	8.98	700	128	348	13.0
LC	45	03/22/90	33.2	39	5.5	-0.002	7.90	631	144	332	9.0
LC	45	05/02/91	22.5	27	5.5	0.002	7.98	571	0	0	8.0
LC	45	06/11/91	23.0	28	5.5	0.008	8.01	578	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE

MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			31.14	38.40	5.66	0.002	8.11	658.17	130.00	343.00	9.50
COUNT:			5	5	5	6	6	6	4	4	6
LC	50	08/31/89	41.2	54	7.7	0.005	7.86	812	140	372	12.0
LC	50	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.92	720	144	348	12.0
LC	50	01/03/90	38.0	50	8.0	0.002	7.95	726	144	356	13.0
LC	50	03/22/90	36.2	42	8.0	-0.002	7.71	688	148	392	8.0
LC	50	05/02/91	28.6	34	4.0	0.002	8.02	628	0	0	9.0
LC	50	06/11/91	32.1	39	5.0	0.005	8.02	694	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			35.22	43.80	6.54	0.003	7.91	711.33	144.00	367.00	10.00
COUNT:			5	5	5	6	6	6	4	4	6
LC	55	08/31/89	32.2	47	8.5	0.005	7.78	707	140	352	10.0
LC	55	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.002	7.81	623	128	308	9.0
LC	55	01/03/90	38.0	50	7.5	0.005	7.87	735	152	364	11.0
LC	55	03/22/90	36.2	42	7.5	-0.002	7.73	671	148	348	8.0
LC	55	05/02/91	27.7	33	3.5	0.005	7.96	602	0	0	9.0
LC	55	06/11/91	28.5	35	4.0	0.008	7.93	638	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			32.52	41.40	6.20	0.004	7.85	662.67	142.00	343.00	8.67
COUNT:			5	5	5	6	6	6	4	4	6
LC	60	08/31/89	23.2	27	5.0	0.002	7.72	592	156	288	6.0
LC	60	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.010	7.76	574	152	288	8.0
LC	60	01/03/90	23.5	27	3.4	0.015	7.80	563	160	284	6.0
LC	60	03/22/90	25.2	27	3.5	0.012	7.70	550	156	292	4.0
LC	60	06/11/91	16.5	21	3.0	0.020	7.87	513	0	0	4.0
AVERAGE:			22.10	25.50	3.73	0.012	7.77	558.40	156.00	288.00	5.60
COUNT:			4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	5
LC	70	08/31/89	13.2	26	7.0	0.002	7.55	480	148	236	5.0
LC	70	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	7.71	429	160	232	4.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE

MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
LC	70	01/03/90	11.5	15	1.8	0.020	7.80	428	160	232	4.0
LC	70	03/22/90	12.0	15	2.0	0.022	7.70	424	152	332	2.0
LC	70	06/11/91	12.5	16	3.0	0.030	7.88	448	0	0	3.0
AVERAGE:			12.30	18.00	3.45	0.016	7.73	441.80	155.00	258.00	3.60
COUNT:			4	4	4	5	5	5	4	4	5
LIL	SE	06/10/88	20.5	70	0.0	0.000	7.72	618	104	176	0.0
LIL	SE	08/29/88	14.0	81	0.0	0.002	8.00	589	94	164	0.0
LIL	SE	01/17/89	14.0	92	55.0	-0.002	7.99	560	84	180	12.0
LIL	SE	04/05/89	1.0	72	53.4	-0.002	7.88	56	124	168	15.0
LIL	SE	06/08/89	14.0	69	10.3	0.002	8.01	518	116	152	14.0
LIL	SE	08/03/89	22.5	75	42.0	-0.002	7.89	656	100	176	21.0
LIL	SE	05/20/91	11.3	73	20.0	0.005	8.01	566	172	0	21.0
AVERAGE:			13.90	76.00	36.14	0.002	7.93	509.00	113.43	169.33	16.60
COUNT:			7	7	5	6	7	7	7	6	5
MOR	DW	05/17/91	-0.2	79	65.0	11.050	7.16	1284	476	216	294.0
AVERAGE:			0.001	79.00	65.00	11.050	7.16	1284.00	476.00	216.00	294.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
MOR	SD	10/21/88	19.5	47	30.5	2.650	7.00	543	110	196	35.8
MOR	SD	01/11/89	14.0	61	27.2	1.500	7.05	514	100	176	20.0
MOR	SD	04/05/89	12.5	34	39.0	3.650	7.10	472	144	172	29.0
MOR	SD	06/08/89	31.0	64	39.0	4.050	7.05	764	192	244	44.0
MOR	SD	08/03/89	17.0	44	44.0	4.700	7.01	648	156	204	53.0
MOR	SD	09/01/89	0.0	36	32.5	3.000	7.13	498	120	172	24.0
MOR	SD	01/03/90	20.0	56	45.5	3.700	7.03	598	120	196	19.0
MOR	SD	03/20/90	20.6	52	60.0	4.150	7.30	641	144	196	18.0
MOR	SD	07/10/90	11.7	42	29.0	2.050	7.26	462	0	0	19.0
MOR	SD	02/06/91	11.3	88	40.0	1.200	7.22	527	0	0	14.0
MOR	SD	04/02/91	30.5	151	108.0	4.350	7.48	886	0	0	36.0
MOR	SD	05/20/91	29.1	90	125.0	2.800	7.13	777	144	112	59.0
MOR	SD	05/28/91	33.6	88	75.0	2.880	7.21	1074	0	0	54.0
MOR	SD	05/31/91	25.1	87	70.0	3.120	7.16	736	0	0	46.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
MOR SD		06/04/91	11.9	70	43.5	0.620	7.25	532	0	0	15.0
MOR SD		06/06/91	16.0	67	47.5	1.250	7.11	570	0	0	32.0
MOR SD		06/11/91	26.8	74	65.0	3.120	7.06	729	0	0	25.0
MOR SD		06/11/91	26.8	74	65.0	3.120	7.06	729	0	0	25.0
MOR SD		06/18/91	16.4	64	46.6	1.940	7.26	564	0	0	26.0
MOR SD		06/24/91	14.7	58	42.4	1.620	6.96	539	0	0	30.0
MOR SD		06/27/91	17.1	56	43.7	1.950	7.06	531	0	0	31.0
MOR SD		07/03/91	22.1	63	53.6	3.050	7.06	625	120	0	52.0
MOR SD		07/09/91	8.2	37	23.0	0.380	7.13	1109	104	0	24.0
MOR SD		07/12/91	17.5	58	42.9	2.250	6.96	534	108	0	44.0
AVERAGE:			19.71	65.04	51.58	2.629	7.13	650.08	130.17	185.33	32.28
COUNT:			23	24	24	24	24	24	12	9	24
MOR SDA		06/21/91	12.4	55	37.5	1.250	7.02	546	0	0	27.0
AVERAGE:			12.40	55.00	37.50	1.250	7.02	546.00	*****	*****	27.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1
MOR SDM		07/12/91	28.5	65	59.5	3.620	6.99	672	132	0	59.0
MOR SDM		07/19/91	8.8	48	29.4	1.000	6.92	400	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			18.65	56.50	44.45	2.310	6.96	536.00	132.00	*****	33.00
COUNT:			2	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	2
MOR SU		10/21/88	5.8	29	8.0	-0.002	7.09	320	88	140	19.0
MOR SU		01/17/89	7.0	20	26.0	-0.002	7.27	332	124	154	19.0
MOR SU		04/05/89	5.8	14	12.5	-0.002	7.05	341	140	168	20.0
MOR SU		06/08/89	0.5	10	8.5	-0.002	7.22	124	48	48	12.0
MOR SU		08/03/89	8.2	40	19.3	-0.002	7.05	366	60	132	20.0
MOR SU		09/01/89	0.0	71	15.0	0.002	7.02	369	48	148	9.0
MOR SU		01/03/90	6.8	27	26.5	0.005	7.12	371	120	128	17.0
MOR SU		03/20/90	5.4	15	14.5	-0.002	7.22	353	124	156	8.0
MOR SU		07/10/90	4.2	85	39.0	-0.002	7.35	456	0	0	11.0
MOR SU		02/06/91	7.4	40	36.5	-0.002	7.19	396	0	0	16.0
MOR SU		05/20/91	5.9	28	10.5	0.002	7.39	358	112	144	32.0
MOR SU		06/27/91	7.1	35	9.9	0.002	7.07	351	0	0	26.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE

LAWN AND SEPTIC WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			5.83	34.50	18.85	0.002	7.17	344.75	96.00	135.33	17.42
COUNT:			11	12	12	12	12	12	9	9	12
N1	22	08/23/88	19.5	26	4.5	0.020	7.64	565	156	272	0.0
N1	22	11/10/88	-0.2	-1	-0.1	-0.002	7.20	4	8	4	3.0
AVERAGE:			9.751	13.001	2.251	0.011	7.42	284.50	82.00	138.00	3.00
COUNT:			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
N1	25	09/29/87	2.5	25	20.3	0.008	8.03	307	92	100	0.0
N1	25	11/10/87	4.0	40	24.0	-0.002	7.97	364	92	116	0.0
N1	25	02/01/88	9.8	40	37.0	0.005	7.93	419	104	132	0.0
N1	25	03/22/88	11.5	37	30.0	-0.002	7.72	381	93	116	0.0
N1	25	06/01/88	10.5	26	32.0	-0.002	8.01	364	84	104	6.0
N1	25	08/23/88	3.5	19	15.5	0.005	7.96	309	96	124	0.0
N1	25	10/12/88	5.0	18	16.1	-0.002	7.71	298	92	120	9.5
N1	25	10/26/88	6.0	21	17.3	0.005	7.96	333	104	132	7.0
N1	25	11/02/88	6.5	22	16.0	0.005	7.87	345	100	148	0.0
N1	25	11/10/88	6.5	24	15.2	0.005	8.05	384	104	144	9.0
N1	25	02/01/89	10.5	41	24.5	0.005	7.84	445	96	172	6.0
N1	25	02/23/89	10.2	37	22.0	0.002	7.76	445	108	160	6.0
N1	25	05/03/89	13.5	68	29.0	-0.002	7.85	536	100	180	7.0
N1	25	06/26/89	0.0	0	25.5	0.000	7.89	516	108	184	7.0
N1	25	07/10/89	10.2	61	33.5	-0.002	7.80	539	124	188	11.0
N1	25	08/31/89	7.8	37	21.5	0.002	7.66	374	100	148	6.0
N1	25	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.05	287	76	112	8.0
N1	25	01/03/90	6.5	29	12.5	-0.002	7.73	342	96	152	9.0
N1	25	03/22/90	11.8	53	20.5	-0.002	7.82	445	96	180	5.0
N1	25	06/07/90	9.0	44	26.0	-0.002	7.76	428	0	0	2.0
N1	25	06/11/91	7.9	31	21.0	0.012	7.69	417	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			8.06	35.42	22.97	0.003	7.86	394.19	98.16	142.74	6.97
COUNT:			19	19	20	20	21	21	19	19	15
N1	30	09/29/87	16.5	60	13.0	0.010	7.84	544	108	228	0.0
N1	30	11/10/87	14.4	74	26.0	-0.002	7.92	602	120	212	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N1	30	02/01/88	14.0	91	14.0	0.008	7.91	604	104	248	0.0
N1	30	03/22/88	17.8	60	29.0	-0.002	7.81	505	94	172	0.0
N1	30	06/01/88	13.8	28	8.0	-0.002	7.99	394	84	172	5.0
N1	30	08/23/88	13.5	32	37.5	0.002	7.89	411	84	144	0.0
N1	30	10/12/88	13.0	34	12.8	-0.002	7.83	382	80	160	8.5
N1	30	10/26/88	11.2	54	15.8	0.002	7.99	446	88	180	6.7
N1	30	11/02/88	12.5	54	16.5	0.005	7.98	471	88	188	0.0
N1	30	11/10/88	14.0	43	14.9	0.005	8.16	457	84	168	8.0
N1	30	02/01/89	14.0	61	42.0	-0.002	7.94	520	96	160	6.0
N1	30	02/23/89	15.5	57	39.5	0.002	7.95	512	84	148	7.0
N1	30	05/03/89	18.2	59	18.5	0.010	8.02	481	68	184	6.0
N1	30	06/26/89	20.5	71	20.0	-0.002	8.09	562	72	216	6.0
N1	30	08/31/89	21.0	70	22.5	-0.002	7.88	546	68	200	6.0
N1	30	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.96	546	80	224	7.0
N1	30	01/03/90	24.8	59	23.5	0.005	7.92	539	88	216	9.0
N1	30	03/22/90	21.2	40	23.0	-0.002	7.93	465	96	184	5.0
N1	30	06/07/90	18.8	86	24.5	-0.002	7.95	603	0	0	2.0
N1	30	06/11/91	22.7	49	17.0	0.005	7.92	527	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			16.71	56.95	22.00	0.003	7.94	505.85	88.11	189.11	6.30
COUNT:			19	19	19	20	20	20	18	18	14
N1	35	09/29/87	17.2	27	8.9	0.008	7.91	413	100	180	0.0
N1	35	11/10/87	20.0	29	9.0	-0.002	8.00	458	96	188	0.0
N1	35	02/01/88	16.5	26	7.3	0.012	8.05	429	112	188	0.0
N1	35	03/22/88	17.5	26	9.0	0.005	7.91	433	114	192	0.0
N1	35	06/01/88	15.0	53	9.0	-0.002	8.17	513	112	228	7.0
N1	35	08/23/88	18.5	23	8.5	0.005	7.97	436	96	196	0.0
N1	35	10/12/88	28.0	27	8.5	0.002	7.86	485	72	208	8.5
N1	35	10/26/88	29.5	31	10.0	0.005	7.98	511	68	212	7.3
N1	35	11/02/88	30.5	31	9.0	0.005	7.97	504	66	220	0.0
N1	35	11/10/88	30.0	31	8.3	0.005	8.11	536	72	220	10.0
N1	35	02/01/89	27.0	30	8.6	0.005	8.02	685	88	220	5.0
N1	35	02/23/89	26.0	44	9.8	0.002	7.89	689	164	316	9.0
N1	35	05/03/89	33.0	42	11.0	0.010	7.91	589	80	236	7.0
N1	35	06/26/89	30.0	33	11.5	-0.002	8.10	535	96	236	7.0
N1	35	08/31/89	31.5	38	12.5	-0.002	7.90	545	84	232	6.0
N1	35	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.02	548	72	244	8.0
N1	35	01/03/90	24.2	62	15.5	0.005	7.91	561	100	244	8.0
N1	35	02/21/90	18.2	42	11.0	-0.002	8.05	494	116	232	5.0
N1	35	03/22/90	16.8	27	9.5	-0.002	7.97	427	120	208	5.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N1	35	06/07/90	21.0	26	9.5	-0.002	8.00	504	0	0	3.0
N1	35	06/11/91	24.2	32	15.0	0.008	8.01	529	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			23.73	34.00	10.07	0.004	7.99	515.43	96.21	221.05	6.85
COUNT:			20	20	20	21	21	21	19	19	15
N1	40	09/29/87	18.0	27	6.9	0.005	7.92	490	140	232	0.0
N1	40	11/10/87	21.0	31	7.5	-0.002	7.99	548	140	244	0.0
N1	40	02/01/88	25.5	40	8.4	0.005	7.92	625	164	284	0.0
N1	40	03/22/88	28.8	47	8.0	-0.002	7.81	661	164	316	0.0
N1	40	06/01/88	25.5	38	8.0	-0.002	8.01	644	160	312	8.0
N1	40	08/23/88	23.0	38	7.5	0.002	7.90	621	160	300	0.0
N1	40	10/12/88	27.0	38	7.0	0.005	7.73	642	144	304	11.5
N1	40	10/26/88	26.0	40	8.0	0.005	7.97	649	148	304	13.0
N1	40	11/02/88	25.5	39	7.4	0.005	7.96	619	152	304	0.0
N1	40	11/10/88	26.0	41	7.1	0.002	8.05	650	152	300	12.0
N1	40	02/01/89	28.0	45	9.3	-0.002	7.95	735	152	308	7.0
N1	40	02/23/89	24.2	30	9.2	0.002	7.84	520	92	232	7.0
N1	40	05/03/89	27.8	50	7.0	0.010	7.92	693	128	320	7.0
N1	40	06/26/89	30.8	52	7.0	-0.002	7.97	698	140	336	8.0
N1	40	08/31/89	26.0	47	8.0	-0.002	7.92	640	168	308	8.0
N1	40	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.97	603	160	300	10.0
N1	40	01/03/90	24.2	37	7.5	0.002	7.95	597	160	300	11.0
N1	40	03/22/90	26.5	36	9.5	0.005	7.89	580	164	308	6.0
N1	40	06/07/90	27.5	46	9.0	-0.002	7.95	668	0	0	3.0
N1	40	06/11/91	27.3	40	8.0	0.005	7.95	696	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			25.72	40.11	7.91	0.003	7.93	628.95	149.33	295.11	8.68
COUNT:			19	19	19	20	20	20	18	18	14
N1	50	09/29/87	31.0	61	6.3	0.005	7.81	764	176	376	0.0
N1	50	11/10/87	32.5	60	7.0	-0.002	7.88	788	168	364	0.0
N1	50	02/01/88	32.0	67	6.0	0.005	7.86	756	168	372	0.0
N1	50	03/22/88	32.2	54	6.0	-0.002	7.14	703	158	344	0.0
N1	50	06/01/88	30.0	47	5.0	0.002	7.92	698	148	340	7.0
N1	50	08/23/88	29.8	48	4.5	0.008	7.84	703	148	344	0.0
N1	50	11/10/88	28.0	49	4.8	0.005	7.99	744	148	344	9.0
N1	50	02/01/89	31.5	53	5.1	-0.002	7.87	671	140	332	5.0
N1	50	05/03/89	30.0	49	5.0	0.005	0.00	0	144	332	7.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N1	50	06/26/89	34.0	49	5.5	-0.002	7.86	753	148	360	8.0
N1	50	07/10/89	33.0	51	5.5	-0.002	7.87	779	156	368	12.0
N1	50	08/31/89	29.2	34	6.0	-0.002	7.79	673	144	348	6.0
N1	50	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.90	678	128	340	7.0
N1	50	01/03/90	26.8	44	4.4	0.002	7.89	640	160	320	7.0
N1	50	03/22/90	27.0	43	4.5	0.002	7.81	582	140	328	4.0
N1	50	06/07/90	28.8	49	4.5	-0.002	7.89	680	0	0	2.0
N1	50	06/11/91	37.7	53	4.5	0.008	7.88	780	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			30.84	50.69	5.29	0.003	7.83	712.00	151.60	347.47	6.75
COUNT:			16	16	16	17	16	16	15	15	12
N1	60	09/29/87	30.8	46	4.9	0.002	7.70	732	176	356	0.0
N1	60	11/10/87	30.0	45	5.5	-0.002	7.76	728	164	340	0.0
N1	60	02/01/88	28.0	44	5.2	0.002	7.78	682	172	344	0.0
N1	60	03/22/88	27.5	40	5.0	-0.002	7.73	712	160	312	0.0
N1	60	06/01/88	27.0	38	5.0	-0.002	7.62	663	156	332	5.0
N1	60	08/23/88	27.0	40	5.0	0.005	7.74	671	156	332	0.0
N1	60	11/10/88	26.8	40	4.5	0.002	7.90	698	156	320	8.0
N1	60	02/01/89	26.2	38	4.5	-0.002	7.83	656	152	308	4.0
N1	60	05/03/89	23.2	35	4.0	0.002	7.75	621	152	296	6.0
N1	60	06/26/89	24.5	33	4.5	-0.002	7.81	628	152	304	5.0
N1	60	08/31/89	23.5	29	4.5	-0.002	7.72	600	152	288	4.0
N1	60	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.83	580	132	292	6.0
N1	60	01/03/90	22.5	33	3.0	-0.002	7.88	573	160	292	6.0
N1	60	02/21/90	22.0	31	4.0	0.005	7.94	548	152	288	3.0
N1	60	03/22/90	22.5	31	3.5	-0.002	7.75	531	148	304	3.0
N1	60	06/07/90	23.0	35	3.5	0.002	7.82	608	0	0	2.0
N1	60	06/11/91	24.6	37	4.0	0.005	7.79	635	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			25.57	37.19	4.41	0.002	7.79	639.18	156.00	313.87	4.75
COUNT:			16	16	16	17	17	17	15	15	12
N1	70	09/29/87	19.8	26	4.1	0.065	7.73	558	164	280	0.0
N1	70	11/10/87	21.0	30	4.5	0.018	7.77	580	156	264	0.0
N1	70	02/01/88	21.2	32	3.9	0.024	7.74	582	156	288	0.0
N1	70	03/22/88	22.5	33	4.0	0.018	7.63	572	156	284	0.0
N1	70	06/01/88	20.5	28	4.0	0.015	7.68	566	152	288	7.0
N1	70	08/23/88	29.0	26	3.5	0.020	7.76	551	156	280	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N1	70	11/10/88	19.5	28	3.5	0.022	8.01	555	152	276	7.0
N1	70	02/01/89	21.0	29	3.3	0.018	7.69	602	132	288	3.0
N1	70	05/03/89	21.0	30	3.0	0.018	7.69	588	152	288	5.0
N1	70	06/26/89	23.0	28	4.0	0.015	7.75	543	152	296	6.0
N1	70	07/10/89	22.0	36	6.0	0.022	7.70	605	156	296	9.0
N1	70	08/31/89	20.8	39	4.0	0.015	7.68	557	148	276	4.0
N1	70	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.015	7.69	566	152	280	6.0
N1	70	01/03/90	22.0	31	3.0	0.022	7.78	565	160	304	6.0
N1	70	03/22/90	22.8	30	3.5	0.020	7.65	537	156	324	3.0
N1	70	06/07/90	22.8	33	3.5	0.015	7.69	591	0	0	2.0
N1	70	06/11/91	20.6	33	3.5	0.025	7.76	584	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			21.84	30.75	3.83	0.022	7.73	570.71	153.33	287.47	5.25
COUNT:			16	16	16	17	17	17	15	15	12
N2	22	09/29/87	8.0	24	6.0	0.005	7.46	381	120	80	0.0
N2	22	11/10/87	8.4	22	6.0	-0.002	7.65	385	108	168	0.0
N2	22	02/01/88	6.2	20	7.0	0.002	7.56	369	116	172	0.0
N2	22	06/01/88	6.0	11	5.0	-0.002	7.69	302	100	160	15.0
N2	22	07/09/88	14.0	37	10.9	-0.005	7.86	476	112	220	0.0
N2	22	08/23/88	12.5	38	11.0	0.002	7.67	401	76	164	0.0
N2	22	11/10/88	7.5	51	16.0	-0.002	7.61	445	104	196	23.0
N2	22	05/03/89	6.8	49	11.0	0.025	7.43	383	88	152	14.0
N2	22	06/26/89	0.0	0	12.5	0.000	7.53	383	88	164	14.0
N2	22	07/10/89	7.0	38	10.5	0.002	7.53	366	84	156	12.0
N2	22	08/31/89	7.5	28	12.5	0.002	7.51	359	76	148	14.0
N2	22	03/22/90	10.2	34	11.5	0.080	7.14	422	88	212	16.0
N2	22	07/10/90	8.1	22	8.5	0.005	7.30	310	0	0	15.0
N2	22	06/11/91	6.6	21	9.5	0.005	7.61	291	0	0	13.0
AVERAGE:			8.37	30.38	9.85	0.010	7.54	376.64	96.67	166.00	15.11
COUNT:			13	13	14	13	14	14	12	12	9
N2	25	09/29/87	5.5	14	5.1	0.008	7.45	267	88	116	0.0
N2	25	11/10/87	5.5	15	4.5	-0.002	7.53	271	80	116	0.0
N2	25	02/01/88	6.0	12	5.2	0.005	7.35	286	96	132	0.0
N2	25	03/22/88	7.0	16	6.0	0.018	7.41	272	79	124	0.0
N2	25	06/01/88	6.5	11	5.0	0.005	7.46	271	76	124	10.0
N2	25	07/09/88	13.0	35	11.3	-0.005	8.03	477	112	200	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N2	25	08/23/88	6.5	13	5.0	0.005	7.32	275	76	132	0.0
N2	25	11/10/88	7.0	37	10.5	0.002	7.28	357	84	112	18.0
N2	25	05/03/89	5.2	18	5.5	0.008	7.44	293	84	128	9.0
N2	25	06/26/89	5.5	12	5.0	-0.002	7.23	272	72	120	10.0
N2	25	08/31/89	11.0	42	5.0	-0.002	7.29	324	68	152	10.0
N2	25	03/22/90	9.5	24	7.0	0.035	7.11	342	76	160	10.0
N2	25	07/10/90	5.4	16	9.0	0.005	7.73	313	0	0	9.0
N2	25	06/11/91	6.2	19	6.0	0.005	7.60	308	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			7.13	20.29	6.44	0.007	7.45	309.14	82.58	134.67	10.75
COUNT:			14	14	14	14	14	14	12	12	8
N2	30	09/29/87	7.6	40	9.8	0.035	7.87	428	140	200	0.0
N2	30	02/01/88	8.0	39	18.8	0.020	7.94	424	116	168	0.0
N2	30	03/22/88	11.8	43	23.0	0.040	7.60	435	113	160	0.0
N2	30	06/01/88	9.5	32	18.0	0.015	7.97	458	140	200	4.0
N2	30	07/09/88	11.6	29	8.4	-0.005	7.75	407	86	168	0.0
N2	30	08/23/88	4.0	15	8.5	0.010	8.05	403	152	196	0.0
N2	30	11/10/88	6.0	24	6.4	0.010	7.99	412	136	200	8.0
N2	30	05/03/89	17.5	37	27.0	0.007	7.97	493	104	164	6.0
N2	30	06/26/89	19.2	39	27.5	-0.002	8.01	537	112	200	6.0
N2	30	08/31/89	17.2	52	18.0	-0.002	7.90	485	104	208	5.0
N2	30	03/22/90	19.0	54	20.5	0.050	7.67	506	100	224	5.0
N2	30	07/10/90	15.9	65	22.5	0.002	8.05	546	0	0	8.0
N2	30	06/11/91	14.0	64	37.5	0.008	8.08	561	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			12.41	41.00	18.92	0.015	7.91	468.85	118.45	189.82	6.00
COUNT:			13	13	13	13	13	13	11	11	8
N2	35	09/29/87	17.5	75	26.0	0.005	7.91	542	116	204	0.0
N2	35	11/10/87	17.0	59	25.0	-0.002	7.93	588	108	204	0.0
N2	35	02/01/88	16.5	60	22.3	0.005	7.99	573	124	212	0.0
N2	35	03/22/88	20.0	66	24.0	0.015	7.91	538	107	208	0.0
N2	35	06/01/88	20.5	55	18.0	-0.002	8.04	572	108	224	4.0
N2	35	07/09/88	13.0	32	10.3	-0.005	8.13	478	116	208	0.0
N2	35	08/23/88	20.2	57	23.5	0.002	7.96	552	100	216	0.0
N2	35	11/10/88	22.0	50	20.7	0.002	8.03	523	88	212	7.0
N2	35	05/03/89	20.2	51	23.5	0.005	7.95	554	96	196	5.0
N2	35	06/26/89	21.0	48	27.0	-0.002	8.04	531	96	192	6.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N2	35	08/31/89	23.5	56	21.5	-0.002	7.89	540	108	228	6.0
N2	35	03/22/90	19.5	60	24.5	0.022	7.77	556	120	240	5.0
N2	35	07/10/90	16.9	67	24.0	-0.002	8.05	710	0	0	7.0
N2	35	06/11/91	16.7	67	39.5	0.002	8.07	594	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			18.89	57.36	23.56	0.005	7.98	560.79	107.25	212.00	5.88
COUNT:			14	14	14	14	14	14	12	12	8
N2	40	09/29/87	18.5	65	7.8	0.005	7.95	535	120	244	0.0
N2	40	11/10/87	18.5	55	8.0	-0.002	8.00	567	112	244	0.0
N2	40	02/01/88	16.5	83	15.4	0.005	7.96	625	124	268	0.0
N2	40	03/22/88	20.5	71	31.0	0.002	7.96	590	124	220	0.0
N2	40	06/01/88	20.5	53	30.0	0.002	7.85	541	108	200	4.0
N2	40	07/09/88	19.0	46	11.0	-0.005	8.20	566	116	235	0.0
N2	40	08/23/88	22.0	48	25.0	0.002	7.95	541	100	204	0.0
N2	40	11/10/88	22.0	47	21.8	0.002	8.01	541	108	216	8.0
N2	40	05/03/89	21.0	49	18.5	0.004	7.93	606	128	240	7.0
N2	40	06/26/89	22.5	48	14.0	-0.002	8.06	576	104	244	6.0
N2	40	08/31/89	22.2	35	12.5	-0.002	7.93	569	84	248	6.0
N2	40	03/22/90	26.8	32	10.0	0.008	7.89	604	160	320	4.0
N2	40	07/10/90	24.3	35	8.0	-0.002	8.07	596	0	0	6.0
N2	40	06/11/91	29.4	44	12.5	0.010	8.02	705	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			21.69	50.79	16.11	0.003	7.98	583.00	115.67	240.25	5.88
COUNT:			14	14	14	14	14	14	12	12	8
N2	45	09/29/87	18.6	75	4.3	0.010	7.87	575	132	276	0.0
N2	45	11/10/87	19.2	65	5.5	-0.002	7.96	616	124	276	0.0
N2	45	02/01/88	18.5	57	18.8	0.005	7.98	595	140	276	0.0
N2	45	03/22/88	21.0	63	25.0	-0.002	7.98	578	134	236	0.0
N2	45	06/01/88	20.0	49	26.0	0.002	8.04	573	128	240	4.0
N2	45	07/09/88	20.2	41	4.8	-0.005	8.16	586	124	230	0.0
N2	45	08/23/88	19.0	65	25.0	0.005	7.99	613	124	244	0.0
N2	45	11/10/88	21.2	51	15.7	0.005	7.97	571	124	244	7.0
N2	45	05/03/89	23.2	42	6.5	0.007	7.92	650	156	298	7.0
N2	45	06/26/89	26.0	33	6.5	-0.002	7.97	0	652	164	8.0
N2	45	07/10/89	25.8	44	6.5	0.002	7.95	656	168	328	10.0
N2	45	08/31/89	26.2	18	8.5	-0.002	7.92	642	160	316	6.0
N2	45	03/22/90	27.8	45	7.0	0.028	7.85	686	184	352	6.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N2	45	07/10/90	31.2	48	7.5	-0.002	7.84	733	0	0	8.0
N2	45	06/11/91	24.4	54	16.0	0.005	8.12	644	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			22.82	50.00	12.24	0.005	7.97	622.71	180.77	267.69	6.78
COUNT:			15	15	15	15	15	14	13	13	9
N3	22	09/29/87	5.2	23	4.7	0.006	7.81	281	80	136	0.0
N3	22	11/10/87	5.6	18	6.0	-0.002	7.58	275	80	124	0.0
N3	22	01/25/88	11.5	19	6.2	0.005	7.82	313	72	124	0.0
N3	22	02/01/88	11.5	19	0.0	0.005	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
N3	22	03/22/88	13.0	22	5.0	0.010	7.68	316	72	140	0.0
N3	22	06/01/88	12.3	14	4.0	-0.002	8.06	293	60	148	10.0
N3	22	08/23/88	13.0	15	5.0	0.002	7.74	305	72	140	0.0
N3	22	11/10/88	11.0	16	6.7	-0.002	7.84	303	72	134	11.0
N3	22	05/03/89	14.5	15	6.0	0.004	7.75	343	72	140	11.0
N3	22	06/26/89	15.0	16	5.5	-0.002	7.73	328	68	152	10.0
N3	22	07/10/89	12.0	23	5.5	0.002	7.71	294	60	128	16.0
N3	22	08/31/89	10.5	21	5.0	-0.002	7.81	262	48	132	9.0
N3	22	07/10/90	22.2	21	5.5	-0.002	7.80	400	0	0	13.0
N3	22	06/11/91	9.1	15	6.0	-0.002	7.82	275	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			11.89	18.36	5.47	0.003	7.78	306.77	68.73	136.18	11.38
COUNT:			14	14	13	14	13	13	11	11	8
N3	25	09/29/87	2.8	42	8.5	0.025	7.94	308	80	128	0.0
N3	25	11/10/87	3.5	18	10.0	0.018	7.89	249	84	100	0.0
N3	25	01/25/88	8.5	22	12.5	0.015	8.08	324	80	120	0.0
N3	25	02/01/88	8.5	22	0.0	0.015	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
N3	25	03/22/88	4.5	21	13.0	0.030	8.03	275	90	112	0.0
N3	25	06/01/88	3.0	15	13.0	0.008	7.72	265	100	116	7.0
N3	25	08/23/88	7.5	18	11.0	0.005	8.10	291	84	124	0.0
N3	25	11/10/88	19.5	21	10.4	0.005	8.09	375	64	160	13.0
N3	25	05/03/89	5.0	16	7.0	0.007	8.03	299	96	128	8.0
N3	25	06/26/89	14.8	19	10.0	-0.002	8.13	366	88	160	11.0
N3	25	08/31/89	15.0	24	8.5	-0.002	8.04	376	80	168	10.0
N3	25	07/10/90	13.9	24	7.0	-0.002	8.14	379	0	0	10.0
N3	25	06/11/91	13.0	20	11.0	0.002	8.19	378	0	0	11.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			9.19	21.69	10.16	0.010	8.03	323.75	84.60	131.60	10.00
COUNT:			13	13	12	13	12	12	10	10	7
N3	30	09/29/87	6.0	13	5.9	0.040	7.93	276	84	124	0.0
N3	30	11/10/87	6.5	10	6.0	0.020	7.85	265	80	120	0.0
N3	30	01/25/88	7.0	16	6.2	0.020	8.04	288	68	112	0.0
N3	30	02/01/88	7.0	16	0.0	0.020	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
N3	30	03/22/88	10.5	16	7.0	0.010	8.06	280	68	116	0.0
N3	30	06/01/88	7.0	16	7.0	0.010	8.10	294	84	136	7.0
N3	30	08/23/88	8.0	14	7.0	0.008	8.10	320	100	164	0.0
N3	30	11/10/88	12.0	14	6.8	0.010	8.15	319	76	142	10.0
N3	30	05/03/89	17.0	18	11.5	0.013	8.03	386	88	164	8.0
N3	30	06/26/89	11.5	17	12.0	0.002	8.14	316	120	144	9.0
N3	30	08/31/89	6.8	23	12.0	-0.002	8.10	299	72	132	6.0
N3	30	03/22/90	11.2	18	10.0	0.005	7.98	295	80	148	8.0
N3	30	07/10/90	8.7	36	16.5	-0.002	8.21	379	0	0	9.0
N3	30	06/11/91	4.7	56	17.0	0.005	8.19	408	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			8.85	20.21	9.61	0.012	8.07	317.31	83.64	136.55	8.00
COUNT:			14	14	13	14	13	13	11	11	8
N3	35	09/29/87	8.5	21	15.3	0.010	8.07	395	96	120	0.0
N3	35	11/10/87	8.5	63	20.0	-0.002	7.93	413	128	168	0.0
N3	35	01/25/88	8.8	24	19.4	0.010	8.11	448	140	164	0.0
N3	35	02/01/88	8.8	24	0.0	0.010	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
N3	35	03/22/88	11.5	30	20.0	0.005	8.03	413	112	148	0.0
N3	35	06/01/88	10.3	30	21.0	-0.002	8.16	434	120	176	10.0
N3	35	08/23/88	6.2	16	15.5	0.005	8.08	406	144	180	0.0
N3	35	11/10/88	23.0	29	11.9	0.002	8.13	501	100	234	13.0
N3	35	05/03/89	21.5	20	13.0	0.002	8.02	534	120	224	10.0
N3	35	06/26/89	0.0	0	11.0	-0.002	8.15	492	128	228	9.0
N3	35	07/10/89	20.0	30	12.5	0.002	8.09	498	120	228	15.0
N3	35	08/31/89	18.2	43	13.5	-0.002	8.01	447	100	200	9.0
N3	35	07/10/90	13.9	20	18.5	-0.002	8.20	438	0	0	10.0
N3	35	06/11/91	14.9	29	15.0	0.005	8.20	468	0	0	10.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			13.39	29.15	15.89	0.004	8.09	452.85	118.91	188.18	10.75
COUNT:			13	13	13	14	13	13	11	11	8
N3	40	09/29/87	11.5	44	14.6	0.005	8.02	502	172	220	0.0
N3	40	11/10/87	12.0	39	14.0	-0.002	7.97	508	144	224	0.0
N3	40	01/25/88	14.0	44	13.8	0.008	8.05	544	136	208	0.0
N3	40	02/01/88	14.0	44	0.0	0.008	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
N3	40	03/22/88	15.6	53	14.0	0.005	8.00	504	130	224	0.0
N3	40	06/01/88	14.0	52	16.0	-0.002	7.94	521	128	228	4.0
N3	40	08/23/88	10.0	47	18.0	0.005	8.19	513	144	224	0.0
N3	40	11/10/88	14.5	55	15.0	0.002	8.11	494	104	216	6.0
N3	40	05/03/89	19.5	33	18.0	0.005	7.99	558	132	228	8.0
N3	40	06/26/89	19.5	38	5.5	-0.002	8.10	528	132	236	7.0
N3	40	08/31/89	14.8	51	19.5	-0.002	8.04	508	120	212	6.0
N3	40	03/22/90	18.2	31	17.0	-0.002	7.91	461	120	240	5.0
N3	40	07/10/90	10.7	50	22.0	-0.002	8.08	521	0	0	6.0
N3	40	06/11/91	18.5	56	23.0	0.005	8.07	524	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			14.77	45.50	16.18	0.004	8.04	514.31	132.91	223.64	5.88
COUNT:			14	14	13	14	13	13	11	11	8
N3	45	09/29/87	15.2	65	17.8	0.005	7.94	542	128	224	0.0
N3	45	11/10/87	15.8	51	18.0	-0.002	7.75	544	128	224	0.0
N3	45	01/25/88	15.8	59	14.8	0.030	8.01	533	128	216	0.0
N3	45	02/01/88	15.8	59	0.0	0.030	0.00	0	0	0	0.0
N3	45	03/22/88	17.5	55	11.0	0.002	7.97	506	91	228	0.0
N3	45	06/01/88	15.3	59	12.0	-0.002	7.80	526	112	232	4.0
N3	45	08/23/88	14.8	67	23.5	0.005	7.97	562	112	236	0.0
N3	45	11/10/88	15.2	56	16.0	0.002	8.02	521	112	224	6.0
N3	45	05/03/89	21.2	37	15.5	0.002	8.02	599	136	252	8.0
N3	45	06/26/89	0.0	0	22.0	0.000	8.11	545	112	232	7.0
N3	45	08/31/89	21.8	80	13.0	-0.002	8.01	560	116	248	6.0
N3	45	03/22/90	13.8	62	21.5	0.008	7.81	582	136	236	4.0
N3	45	07/10/90	18.9	60	26.0	-0.002	8.08	568	0	0	6.0
N3	45	06/11/91	22.9	47	11.5	0.005	8.06	591	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE

MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			17.23	58.23	17.12	0.007	7.97	552.23	119.18	232.00	5.75
COUNT:			13	13	13	13	13	13	11	11	8
N4	22	09/29/87	6.2	28	9.4	0.006	6.97	314	84	136	0.0
N4	22	11/10/87	5.5	26	12.5	-0.002	6.84	325	84	124	0.0
N4	22	02/01/88	7.8	58	32.2	-0.002	6.82	434	76	128	0.0
N4	22	03/22/88	7.5	18	8.0	-0.002	6.80	271	76	120	0.0
N4	22	06/01/88	5.8	17	9.0	-0.002	7.10	264	68	120	10.0
N4	22	08/23/88	6.0	75	18.5	-0.002	6.85	444	60	172	0.0
N4	22	11/10/88	9.5	34	18.8	0.002	7.21	357	60	116	14.0
N4	22	02/01/89	8.5	72	31.5	-0.002	7.09	438	56	144	8.0
N4	22	05/03/89	10.0	36	24.0	0.002	7.08	345	60	104	8.0
N4	22	06/27/89	13.2	44	25.2	0.002	7.10	395	52	132	11.0
N4	22	08/30/89	4.5	110	55.5	-0.002	6.98	527	52	120	10.0
N4	22	11/05/89	10.0	89	73.5	0.005	6.83	545	80	104	15.0
N4	22	01/02/90	11.5	56	46.3	0.002	6.99	450	72	116	8.0
N4	22	03/19/90	12.0	40	27.0	-0.002	7.19	371	68	120	8.5
N4	22	06/07/90	27.5	58	38.5	-0.002	6.82	586	0	0	4.0
N4	22	09/28/90	20.7	98	54.0	-0.002	7.28	690	0	0	8.0
N4	22	02/02/91	14.1	64	41.0	-0.002	7.00	539	0	0	9.0
N4	22	05/24/91	11.7	44	27.0	0.005	7.11	393	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			10.67	53.72	30.66	0.002	7.00	427.11	67.71	125.43	9.50
COUNT:			18	18	18	18	18	18	14	14	13
N4	25	09/29/87	7.5	29	9.4	0.022	7.73	375	112	172	0.0
N4	25	11/10/87	4.6	13	11.5	0.015	7.60	256	76	96	0.0
N4	25	02/01/88	6.0	18	10.0	0.010	7.72	340	112	152	0.0
N4	25	03/22/88	5.0	15	9.0	0.005	7.59	226	72	96	0.0
N4	25	06/01/88	7.3	14	9.0	-0.002	7.96	253	60	116	7.0
N4	25	08/23/88	10.0	17	9.5	0.002	7.93	330	80	140	0.0
N4	25	11/10/88	8.5	18	16.2	0.006	8.03	349	88	128	14.0
N4	25	02/01/89	14.5	24	23.5	-0.002	7.86	402	156	156	9.0
N4	25	05/03/89	12.5	21	21.0	-0.002	7.84	389	96	140	11.0
N4	25	06/27/89	17.0	26	28.8	0.002	7.90	418	80	144	11.0
N4	25	08/30/89	11.5	49	26.5	-0.002	7.87	450	92	168	10.0
N4	25	11/05/89	14.8	27	30.0	0.005	7.72	438	116	156	11.0
N4	25	01/02/90	13.8	24	22.8	0.005	7.63	417	100	156	6.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N4	25	03/19/90	10.8	20	21.5	-0.002	7.59	340	100	124	9.5
N4	25	06/07/90	22.2	39	36.0	0.008	7.52	507	0	0	4.0
N4	25	09/28/90	21.7	161	85.2	0.030	7.46	948	0	0	10.0
N4	25	02/02/91	15.5	30	24.0	0.055	7.67	495	0	0	9.0
N4	25	05/24/91	20.9	24	33.5	0.090	7.89	476	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			12.45	31.61	23.74	0.014	7.75	411.61	95.71	138.86	9.50
COUNT:			18	18	18	18	18	18	14	14	13
N4	30	09/29/87	8.0	37	10.0	0.105	8.05	393	108	180	0.0
N4	30	11/10/87	5.5	19	10.0	0.110	7.92	327	100	140	0.0
N4	30	02/01/88	5.5	17	8.7	0.102	7.99	295	100	128	0.0
N4	30	03/22/88	4.5	18	9.0	0.085	7.98	263	86	116	0.0
N4	30	06/01/88	5.5	14	9.0	0.090	8.13	276	92	124	7.0
N4	30	08/23/88	17.0	24	11.5	0.030	7.99	463	108	198	0.0
N4	30	11/10/88	13.8	23	10.5	0.070	8.14	460	112	196	15.0
N4	30	02/01/89	18.8	23	28.5	0.050	8.12	460	106	172	12.0
N4	30	05/03/89	21.5	24	21.0	0.050	8.01	486	100	188	11.0
N4	30	06/27/89	22.0	23	26.8	0.045	8.20	484	92	184	14.0
N4	30	08/30/89	14.8	70	25.0	0.045	8.09	560	104	224	11.0
N4	30	11/05/89	17.5	26	30.0	0.045	8.06	480	124	172	13.0
N4	30	01/02/90	23.8	27	28.5	0.035	7.94	540	120	208	8.0
N4	30	03/19/90	14.8	21	23.0	0.015	7.76	433	128	176	12.0
N4	30	06/07/90	22.8	27	22.0	0.035	7.95	503	0	0	4.0
N4	30	09/28/90	15.6	23	18.5	0.048	7.85	479	0	0	8.0
N4	30	02/02/91	21.6	33	26.0	0.052	8.09	627	0	0	19.0
N4	30	05/24/91	18.0	29	21.5	0.045	8.01	459	0	0	13.0
AVERAGE:			15.06	26.56	18.86	0.059	8.02	443.78	105.71	171.86	11.31
COUNT:			18	18	18	18	18	18	14	14	13
N4	35	09/29/87	6.5	19	10.9	0.042	8.12	365	132	160	0.0
N4	35	11/10/87	7.2	19	16.5	0.040	8.05	397	140	160	0.0
N4	35	02/01/88	9.5	24	15.3	0.040	8.06	456	160	200	0.0
N4	35	03/22/88	12.0	30	12.0	0.030	7.97	452	153	208	0.0
N4	35	06/01/88	8.0	19	9.0	0.025	8.09	413	128	200	7.0
N4	35	08/23/88	8.0	21	9.5	0.010	8.09	422	144	192	0.0
N4	35	11/10/88	9.5	24	15.2	0.030	8.21	444	140	192	15.0
N4	35	02/01/89	8.5	25	8.0	-0.002	8.15	420	148	208	9.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE

MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N4	35	05/03/89	13.5	22	10.5	0.018	8.08	435	144	212	11.0
N4	35	06/27/89	20.0	26	16.8	0.005	8.16	520	120	224	15.0
N4	35	08/30/89	11.2	19	15.5	0.012	8.13	427	144	196	10.0
N4	35	11/05/89	11.5	20	17.0	0.015	8.11	434	152	184	12.0
N4	35	01/02/90	21.0	27	18.6	0.010	7.97	541	136	236	9.0
N4	35	03/19/90	13.8	21	16.5	0.005	7.93	447	188	204	12.0
N4	35	06/07/90	16.2	23	19.5	0.010	8.07	475	0	0	4.0
N4	35	09/28/90	18.8	27	23.0	0.012	7.96	542	0	0	10.0
N4	35	02/02/91	15.5	30	12.6	0.010	8.14	549	0	0	9.0
N4	35	05/24/91	12.9	24	19.5	0.015	8.08	432	0	0	14.0
AVERAGE:			12.42	23.33	14.77	0.018	8.08	453.94	144.93	198.29	10.54
COUNT:			18	18	18	18	18	18	14	14	13
N4	40	09/29/87	8.5	23	20.8	0.002	8.08	451	164	188	0.0
N4	40	11/10/87	11.2	35	17.5	-0.002	8.11	514	160	216	0.0
N4	40	02/01/88	15.5	49	10.8	0.005	8.04	549	132	244	0.0
N4	40	03/22/88	20.0	54	8.0	-0.002	7.95	534	129	248	0.0
N4	40	06/01/88	17.0	48	8.0	0.002	8.05	528	124	248	4.0
N4	40	08/23/88	9.5	25	11.0	-0.002	8.07	466	156	214	0.0
N4	40	11/10/88	10.0	30	10.5	0.002	8.14	498	152	220	11.0
N4	40	02/01/89	10.0	30	12.5	-0.002	8.12	465	164	224	6.0
N4	40	05/03/89	11.5	32	10.5	0.005	8.08	510	160	228	9.0
N4	40	06/27/89	11.2	27	9.6	-0.002	8.16	484	152	232	8.0
N4	40	08/30/89	9.2	21	8.5	-0.002	8.11	430	152	216	7.0
N4	40	11/05/89	12.0	24	8.0	-0.002	8.08	460	156	220	10.0
N4	40	01/02/90	13.5	23	7.7	-0.002	8.04	470	152	228	6.0
N4	40	03/19/90	15.0	35	13.0	-0.002	7.96	489	140	228	9.0
N4	40	06/07/90	14.0	42	15.5	0.008	7.97	497	0	0	3.0
N4	40	09/28/90	10.0	34	14.5	-0.002	8.05	451	0	0	5.0
N4	40	02/02/91	13.8	29	10.0	-0.002	8.04	537	0	0	11.0
N4	40	05/24/91	17.2	32	12.0	-0.002	8.08	509	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			12.73	32.94	11.58	0.002	8.06	491.22	149.50	225.29	7.69
COUNT:			18	18	18	18	18	18	14	14	13
N4	50	09/29/87	20.5	34	6.8	0.005	7.96	562	156	268	0.0
N4	50	11/10/87	21.5	36	7.0	-0.002	7.96	589	152	248	0.0
N4	50	02/01/88	24.0	33	8.3	0.005	7.95	572	156	268	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE

MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
N4	50	03/22/88	22.0	36	9.0	-0.002	7.88	543	154	260	0.0
N4	50	06/01/88	21.0	39	9.0	-0.002	8.02	574	148	272	4.0
N4	50	08/23/88	20.0	38	9.0	0.002	7.99	571	156	272	0.0
N4	50	11/10/88	19.2	32	7.8	0.005	8.09	572	160	272	7.0
N4	50	02/01/89	20.0	30	8.2	-0.002	8.03	540	160	276	4.0
N4	50	05/03/89	20.0	28	9.0	0.002	7.98	605	160	268	6.0
N4	50	06/27/89	20.0	27	9.3	-0.002	8.02	563	156	268	6.0
N4	50	08/30/89	20.5	27	9.5	-0.002	7.98	549	156	268	5.0
N4	50	11/05/89	20.0	30	9.5	-0.002	7.98	568	164	260	6.0
N4	50	01/02/90	20.5	29	9.2	0.002	7.89	543	160	268	6.0
N4	50	03/19/90	21.0	30	9.0	-0.002	8.00	540	165	272	5.0
N4	50	06/07/90	20.0	31	9.0	0.002	7.96	571	0	0	2.0
N4	50	09/28/90	19.2	34	7.5	0.005	7.96	572	0	0	5.0
N4	50	02/02/91	18.0	34	6.5	-0.002	8.00	617	0	0	5.0
N4	50	05/24/91	19.4	34	7.5	0.002	8.11	544	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			20.38	32.33	8.39	0.002	7.99	566.39	157.36	267.14	5.15
COUNT:			18	18	18	18	18	18	14	14	13
N4	60	09/29/87	18.8	26	4.7	0.015	7.77	535	164	284	0.0
N4	60	11/10/87	19.0	27	5.0	-0.002	7.74	568	156	264	0.0
N4	60	02/01/88	20.5	25	5.2	0.015	7.78	549	168	272	0.0
N4	60	03/22/88	20.0	26	5.0	0.010	8.38	503	160	264	0.0
N4	60	06/01/88	20.0	23	5.0	0.010	7.67	545	148	256	5.0
N4	60	08/23/88	20.5	25	5.5	0.010	7.78	555	164	268	0.0
N4	60	11/10/88	19.2	25	5.5	0.015	7.87	588	160	276	7.0
N4	60	02/01/89	19.5	25	13.0	-0.002	7.86	531	164	264	4.0
N4	60	05/03/89	20.0	28	4.0	0.012	7.82	615	160	268	6.0
N4	60	06/27/89	19.8	26	5.3	0.002	7.88	561	152	280	6.0
N4	60	08/30/89	20.0	26	4.5	0.010	7.82	516	160	284	5.0
N4	60	11/05/89	20.0	26	5.0	-0.002	7.84	565	168	252	5.0
N4	60	01/02/90	21.0	26	4.0	0.010	7.84	534	160	76	6.0
N4	60	03/19/90	21.0	26	3.5	0.005	7.87	540	160	288	5.0
N4	60	06/07/90	19.5	29	4.5	0.010	7.78	582	0	0	2.0
N4	60	09/28/90	19.8	30	4.0	0.008	7.90	591	0	0	5.0
N4	60	02/02/91	19.3	32	5.5	0.005	8.35	604	0	0	7.0
N4	60	05/24/91	12.7	41	27.5	-0.002	7.18	401	0	0	9.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			19.48	27.33	6.48	0.008	7.84	549.06	160.29	256.86	5.54
COUNT:			18	18	18	18	18	18	14	14	13
N4	70	09/29/87	17.5	21	3.2	0.020	7.73	520	168	260	0.0
N4	70	11/10/87	18.0	23	3.5	0.020	7.76	525	160	252	0.0
N4	70	02/01/88	19.2	22	3.5	0.022	7.71	533	168	264	0.0
N4	70	03/22/88	19.2	22	4.0	0.018	7.67	492	167	260	0.0
N4	70	06/01/88	20.3	21	4.0	0.020	7.65	525	156	268	4.0
N4	70	08/23/88	19.5	23	4.0	0.018	7.75	542	160	272	0.0
N4	70	11/10/88	18.5	24	3.9	0.025	7.87	576	160	272	7.0
N4	70	02/01/89	19.2	24	4.5	0.005	7.79	525	160	224	4.0
N4	70	05/03/89	19.2	25	5.0	0.014	7.65	627	160	272	6.0
N4	70	06/27/89	19.5	24	4.0	0.012	7.73	550	156	280	7.0
N4	70	08/30/89	19.5	24	3.5	0.030	7.65	533	164	284	5.0
N4	70	11/05/89	20.0	25	4.0	0.025	7.72	570	168	276	6.0
N4	70	01/02/90	20.8	24	3.0	0.020	7.26	531	160	280	7.0
N4	70	03/19/90	21.0	25	3.0	0.008	7.81	548	160	284	5.0
N4	70	06/07/90	18.5	27	3.5	0.020	7.77	578	0	0	2.0
N4	70	09/28/90	20.1	28	3.0	0.020	7.83	596	0	0	4.0
N4	70	02/02/91	18.8	27	3.8	0.015	7.81	575	0	0	4.0
N4	70	05/24/91	17.6	25	4.5	0.020	7.93	520	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			19.24	24.11	3.77	0.018	7.73	548.11	161.93	267.71	5.08
COUNT:			18	18	18	18	18	18	14	14	13
S1	22	09/30/87	8.0	106	63.0	0.008	8.00	621	124	128	0.0
S1	22	11/10/87	21.0	59	44.0	-0.002	7.28	611	96	148	0.0
S1	22	01/25/88	22.0	93	57.0	0.015	7.02	662	96	188	0.0
S1	22	03/22/88	28.5	77	58.0	0.020	7.18	643	86	180	0.0
S1	22	06/01/88	43.0	89	76.0	0.058	7.28	818	80	200	44.0
S1	22	06/13/88	40.0	87	75.0	0.052	7.15	580	92	212	44.0
S1	22	08/23/88	36.0	82	7.5	0.600	6.92	742	72	180	0.0
S1	22	11/15/88	29.0	87	68.0	0.750	7.01	753	100	180	52.0
S1	22	05/03/89	30.0	85	61.5	0.430	7.02	855	84	200	40.0
S1	22	06/26/89	0.0	0	70.5	0.000	6.98	710	88	192	33.0
S1	22	07/05/89	27.0	81	63.0	0.338	6.98	716	80	196	0.0
S1	22	08/31/89	27.0	72	49.5	0.600	6.95	693	112	196	30.0
S1	22	11/05/89	8.0	70	67.5	-0.002	7.93	660	100	144	19.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
S1	22	11/21/89	16.8	62	50.0	1.180	7.16	515	88	140	63.0
S1	22	01/03/90	12.8	52	43.0	1.850	7.17	449	88	124	28.0
S1	22	03/22/90	11.0	65	33.0	0.880	7.44	508	88	164	8.0
S1	22	02/06/91	19.8	95	52.0	1.380	7.02	360	0	0	30.0
S1	22	06/04/91	14.1	81	41.5	1.500	7.10	586	0	0	16.0
AVERAGE:			23.18	79.00	54.44	0.568	7.20	637.89	92.13	173.25	33.92
COUNT:			17	17	18	17	18	18	16	16	12
S1	25	09/30/87	24.5	61	47.0	0.035	7.20	657	104	184	0.0
S1	25	11/10/87	9.0	98	84.0	-0.002	7.93	651	116	128	0.0
S1	25	01/25/88	6.0	97	73.0	0.005	7.86	540	116	120	0.0
S1	25	03/22/88	4.5	65	56.0	-0.002	7.95	463	126	104	0.0
S1	25	06/01/88	7.5	72	56.0	-0.002	8.10	502	116	124	9.0
S1	25	06/13/88	7.8	73	60.0	0.002	8.04	390	116	136	11.0
S1	25	08/23/88	8.0	70	50.0	0.012	8.03	502	116	140	0.0
S1	25	11/15/88	16.5	28	41.4	0.005	7.87	398	76	84	12.0
S1	25	02/01/89	12.5	54	50.0	-0.002	8.07	451	100	124	8.0
S1	25	05/03/89	17.2	64	46.0	0.005	7.94	670	116	176	17.0
S1	25	06/26/89	12.8	66	36.8	-0.002	7.81	528	104	180	8.0
S1	25	07/05/89	13.5	61	37.5	0.005	7.96	541	104	184	0.0
S1	25	08/31/89	13.5	36	35.0	0.002	7.93	553	112	176	8.0
S1	25	11/05/89	12.2	52	57.0	-0.002	7.95	492	112	104	14.0
S1	25	11/21/89	24.0	65	25.5	-0.002	7.85	517	64	192	18.0
S1	25	01/03/90	15.2	70	27.5	0.005	7.99	541	104	220	9.0
S1	25	03/22/90	16.0	100	12.5	0.005	7.66	647	104	212	7.0
S1	25	02/06/91	21.1	94	42.2	-0.002	7.60	628	0	0	8.0
S1	25	06/04/91	15.6	103	32.5	-0.002	8.02	678	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			13.55	69.95	45.78	0.005	7.88	544.68	106.24	152.24	10.62
COUNT:			19	19	19	19	19	19	17	17	13
S1	30	09/30/87	15.8	85	41.0	0.010	8.08	604	88	168	0.0
S1	30	11/10/87	22.5	40	11.0	-0.002	7.95	462	64	176	0.0
S1	30	01/25/88	20.0	82	17.0	0.005	7.95	545	72	220	0.0
S1	30	03/22/88	20.5	60	20.0	-0.002	8.01	507	81	200	0.0
S1	30	06/01/88	17.5	62	30.0	0.002	8.13	510	80	184	8.0
S1	30	08/23/88	20.0	43	23.5	0.008	8.14	455	72	164	0.0
S1	30	11/15/88	19.8	28	11.9	0.005	7.97	423	68	164	11.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
S1	30	02/01/89	19.2	31	13.0	-0.002	8.18	386	62	164	6.0
S1	30	05/03/89	19.5	35	12.0	0.002	8.15	469	60	184	8.0
S1	30	06/26/89	22.0	38	11.4	-0.002	8.20	435	64	180	8.0
S1	30	08/31/89	21.2	36	9.5	-0.002	8.10	434	68	192	8.0
S1	30	11/05/89	6.8	31	57.0	0.040	8.25	360	88	48	12.0
S1	30	11/21/89	19.5	37	9.5	-0.002	8.18	420	52	180	18.0
S1	30	01/03/90	21.5	46	11.0	0.015	8.05	449	72	200	9.0
S1	30	03/22/90	19.8	41	14.5	-0.002	7.86	443	72	192	6.0
S1	30	02/06/91	21.0	85	26.2	0.002	7.94	608	0	0	7.0
S1	30	06/04/91	19.8	49	10.5	0.005	8.12	488	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			19.20	48.76	19.35	0.006	8.07	470.47	70.87	174.40	9.08
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	15	15	12
S1	35	09/30/87	25.0	45	9.4	0.010	8.13	478	64	196	0.0
S1	35	11/10/87	24.0	43	9.5	-0.002	8.11	483	64	192	0.0
S1	35	01/25/88	22.0	52	14.0	0.008	8.02	474	72	204	0.0
S1	35	03/22/88	22.5	43	9.0	0.002	8.05	448	70	196	0.0
S1	35	06/01/88	21.0	42	95.0	0.005	8.25	454	64	228	6.0
S1	35	08/23/88	23.2	45	10.5	0.005	8.13	474	68	200	0.0
S1	35	11/15/88	23.0	49	9.6	0.005	8.07	512	72	208	9.0
S1	35	02/01/89	24.8	48	11.0	-0.002	8.21	491	72	220	6.0
S1	35	05/03/89	23.5	45	9.5	0.002	8.18	565	76	216	8.0
S1	35	06/26/89	24.5	43	9.7	-0.002	8.21	525	80	232	9.0
S1	35	08/31/89	23.5	41	9.5	-0.002	8.11	506	88	236	8.0
S1	35	11/05/89	6.2	32	18.5	-0.002	8.18	358	104	132	9.0
S1	35	11/21/89	21.5	39	9.5	-0.002	8.22	493	92	224	19.0
S1	35	01/03/90	22.0	36	8.8	-0.002	8.15	476	96	208	11.0
S1	35	03/22/90	21.2	33	8.5	-0.002	8.04	473	96	216	7.0
S1	35	02/06/91	20.9	52	10.6	-0.002	8.14	512	0	0	8.0
S1	35	06/04/91	23.3	48	9.0	0.005	8.37	512	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			21.89	43.29	15.39	0.003	8.15	484.35	78.53	207.20	8.92
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	15	15	12
S1	40	09/30/87	20.0	24	6.7	0.006	8.04	503	144	236	0.0
S1	40	11/10/87	22.0	30	6.5	-0.002	8.04	558	144	256	0.0
S1	40	01/25/88	25.2	45	6.5	0.005	7.99	589	136	276	0.0
S1	40	03/22/88	23.5	34	5.0	0.002	7.39	526	132	260	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
S1	40	06/01/88	24.5	43	5.0	0.005	38.05	545	92	252	7.0
S1	40	08/23/88	24.5	44	6.0	0.005	8.12	479	84	232	0.0
S1	40	11/15/88	27.0	45	6.4	0.002	8.01	579	104	260	13.0
S1	40	02/01/89	28.5	45	7.5	-0.002	8.11	557	104	260	9.0
S1	40	05/03/89	30.0	45	60.0	0.002	8.06	690	108	280	13.0
S1	40	06/26/89	29.5	41	5.7	-0.002	8.06	609	108	292	12.0
S1	40	08/31/89	27.5	45	6.5	-0.002	7.96	601	116	280	11.0
S1	40	11/05/89	6.0	13	20.0	-0.002	8.14	376	160	156	10.0
S1	40	11/21/89	34.0	51	6.5	-0.002	8.07	665	112	320	29.0
S1	40	01/03/90	34.2	52	6.3	0.008	8.08	651	112	324	14.0
S1	40	03/22/90	33.2	56	6.5	-0.002	7.92	664	116	336	8.0
S1	40	02/06/91	27.7	43	6.8	-0.002	7.95	582	0	0	11.0
S1	40	06/04/91	23.1	45	6.0	0.005	8.05	511	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			25.91	41.24	10.23	0.003	9.77	569.71	118.13	268.00	12.17
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	15	15	12
S1	45	09/30/87	23.0	30	4.4	0.008	7.73	575	160	276	0.0
S1	45	11/10/87	23.5	32	4.0	-0.002	8.01	576	156	280	0.0
S1	45	01/25/88	28.0	56	3.0	0.005	7.92	669	152	320	0.0
S1	45	03/22/88	33.5	52	4.0	-0.002	7.85	651	136	324	0.0
S1	45	06/01/88	35.8	50	5.0	0.002	8.02	701	132	360	8.0
S1	45	08/23/88	41.0	52	4.5	0.005	8.02	701	124	352	0.0
S1	45	11/15/88	41.5	55	5.3	0.010	7.87	780	124	360	17.0
S1	45	02/01/89	37.5	55	7.0	-0.002	8.03	723	128	352	9.0
S1	45	05/03/89	39.2	56	6.0	-0.002	7.94	859	128	356	15.0
S1	45	06/26/89	38.5	54	6.6	-0.002	7.99	774	136	372	11.0
S1	45	08/31/89	36.5	57	7.0	-0.002	7.87	769	132	360	10.0
S1	45	11/05/89	15.0	32	18.5	-0.002	8.07	537	164	228	10.0
S1	45	11/21/89	34.5	57	8.0	0.005	7.99	708	128	348	21.0
S1	45	01/03/90	34.2	55	6.7	0.005	8.00	688	128	352	12.0
S1	45	03/22/90	36.8	58	7.0	-0.002	7.85	771	124	360	7.0
S1	45	02/06/91	38.4	55	7.2	-0.002	8.01	759	0	0	12.0
S1	45	06/04/91	38.5	56	7.0	0.005	8.04	740	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			33.85	50.71	6.54	0.003	7.95	704.76	136.80	333.33	11.83
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	17	17	15	15	12
S2	22	09/30/87	16.0	17	6.4	0.010	7.77	315	60	128	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
S2	22	11/10/87	17.5	24	11.0	0.005	8.01	355	60	124	0.0
S2	22	01/25/88	23.5	30	18.2	0.015	7.82	439	72	160	0.0
S2	22	03/22/88	18.5	20	17.0	0.015	7.80	347	68	136	0.0
S2	22	06/01/88	14.0	17	14.0	0.020	7.90	321	68	144	4.0
S2	22	06/13/88	14.2	17	13.0	0.022	8.00	250	80	132	5.0
S2	22	08/23/88	15.5	21	11.5	0.025	8.06	319	64	136	0.0
S2	22	11/15/88	17.5	23	13.1	-0.002	7.86	370	64	140	6.0
S2	22	02/01/89	17.0	25	17.4	0.008	7.88	411	76	152	4.0
S2	22	05/03/89	14.2	22	11.5	0.005	7.86	393	76	140	5.0
S2	22	06/26/89	16.2	18	13.2	0.005	7.63	380	76	148	6.0
S2	22	08/30/89	11.8	21	10.0	0.002	7.75	338	72	144	4.0
S2	22	03/22/90	17.5	25	18.5	0.002	7.91	418	92	172	5.0
S2	22	06/11/91	13.7	51	27.0	0.005	7.82	469	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			16.22	23.64	14.41	0.010	7.86	366.07	71.38	142.77	5.00
COUNT:			14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	9
S2	25	09/30/87	7.0	13	4.2	0.005	8.03	200	44	80	0.0
S2	25	11/10/87	7.0	16	5.5	-0.002	8.28	221	48	92	0.0
S2	25	01/25/88	8.5	21	7.2	0.005	8.17	250	48	96	0.0
S2	25	03/22/88	3.5	17	11.0	-0.002	8.18	179	44	64	0.0
S2	25	06/01/88	3.5	10	8.0	0.005	8.39	175	48	80	3.0
S2	25	06/13/88	3.8	11	8.5	0.005	8.49	138	52	76	4.0
S2	25	08/23/88	17.5	18	10.5	0.002	8.25	303	56	128	0.0
S2	25	11/15/88	11.8	16	9.1	-0.002	8.08	279	56	108	6.0
S2	25	02/01/89	19.0	22	15.1	-0.002	8.23	377	52	144	3.0
S2	25	05/03/89	20.0	21	15.0	-0.002	8.07	411	56	136	7.0
S2	25	06/26/89	17.0	17	12.2	0.002	8.14	340	56	132	5.0
S2	25	08/30/89	12.5	14	10.0	-0.002	8.16	306	60	124	4.0
S2	25	03/22/90	18.0	26	21.0	-0.002	8.09	417	80	164	5.0
S2	25	06/11/91	6.2	27	16.0	0.002	8.24	285	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			11.09	17.79	10.95	0.002	8.20	277.21	53.85	109.54	4.67
COUNT:			14	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	9
S2	30	09/30/87	3.0	44	21.6	0.004	8.13	340	76	108	0.0
S2	30	11/10/87	2.8	52	22.0	-0.002	8.13	376	84	132	0.0
S2	30	01/25/88	5.2	59	25.0	0.005	8.16	448	100	148	0.0
S2	30	03/22/88	19.0	51	27.0	0.006	8.07	453	81	164	0.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
S2	30	06/01/88	17.3	61	26.0	0.002	8.20	496	76	186	6.0
S2	30	08/23/88	16.0	56	10.5	0.002	8.22	453	92	172	0.0
S2	30	11/15/88	14.6	57	32.8	-0.002	8.14	490	92	144	10.0
S2	30	02/01/89	10.0	60	47.7	-0.002	8.25	499	96	144	6.0
S2	30	05/03/89	12.5	70	37.5	-0.002	8.15	558	100	164	10.0
S2	30	06/26/89	20.5	67	42.8	0.002	8.13	571	84	172	9.0
S2	30	08/30/89	15.8	65	41.0	-0.002	8.10	525	80	164	8.0
S2	30	03/22/90	12.5	66	20.5	0.000	8.06	500	96	204	6.0
S2	30	06/11/91	13.0	74	60.0	0.005	8.21	521	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			12.48	60.15	31.88	0.003	8.15	479.23	88.08	158.50	7.88
COUNT:			13	13	13	12	13	13	12	12	8
S2	35	09/30/87	15.2	65	34.0	0.006	8.10	497	88	148	0.0
S2	35	11/10/87	16.0	63	32.0	0.002	8.13	503	80	156	0.0
S2	35	01/25/88	23.0	39	27.5	0.010	8.15	448	60	140	0.0
S2	35	03/22/88	22.5	37	13.0	0.005	8.02	421	60	172	0.0
S2	35	06/01/88	27.3	52	9.0	0.002	8.19	509	68	216	6.0
S2	35	08/23/88	22.5	79	32.5	0.002	8.20	542	70	212	0.0
S2	35	11/15/88	28.0	57	14.4	-0.002	8.10	558	52	220	9.0
S2	35	02/01/89	22.0	76	46.0	-0.002	8.07	601	76	196	6.0
S2	35	05/03/89	24.5	56	29.5	-0.002	8.11	563	68	180	10.0
S2	35	06/26/89	22.5	51	16.7	-0.002	8.14	495	72	192	8.0
S2	35	08/30/89	21.2	60	14.0	-0.002	8.08	531	64	220	8.0
S2	35	03/22/90	17.0	56	26.5	0.002	8.12	501	88	188	7.0
S2	35	06/11/91	18.7	63	29.0	0.005	8.14	524	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			21.57	58.00	24.93	0.003	8.12	514.85	70.50	186.67	7.75
COUNT:			13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	8
S2	40	09/30/87	19.5	65	14.6	0.008	8.03	538	88	216	0.0
S2	40	11/10/87	20.5	51	20.0	0.002	8.14	518	84	184	0.0
S2	40	01/25/88	25.0	47	8.8	0.010	8.11	507	72	204	0.0
S2	40	03/22/88	23.8	66	9.0	0.005	8.05	532	76	236	0.0
S2	40	06/01/88	27.5	58	22.0	0.002	8.05	562	72	235	7.0
S2	40	08/23/88	29.2	48	27.5	0.005	8.16	494	68	188	0.0
S2	40	11/15/88	25.0	83	8.8	0.005	8.04	646	88	280	9.0
S2	40	02/01/89	27.5	53	6.4	0.005	8.14	585	80	256	6.0
S2	40	05/03/89	24.8	51	14.0	0.005	8.05	521	68	208	10.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE

MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
S2	40	06/26/89	23.0	61	19.4	-0.002	8.08	526	72	200	8.0
S2	40	08/30/89	22.0	66	17.5	-0.002	8.03	570	72	224	8.0
S2	40	03/22/90	21.5	48	12.5	0.002	8.09	479	72	212	5.0
S2	40	06/11/91	24.1	54	8.5	0.005	8.15	568	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			24.11	57.77	14.54	0.004	8.09	542.00	76.00	220.25	7.75
COUNT:			13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	8
S2	45	09/30/87	27.0	32	4.4	0.005	7.93	510	96	232	0.0
S2	45	11/10/87	24.6	39	4.5	-0.002	7.82	527	88	208	0.0
S2	45	01/25/88	25.6	30	5.2	0.008	8.00	493	100	224	0.0
S2	45	03/22/88	27.5	36	6.0	0.008	8.02	509	100	244	0.0
S2	45	06/01/88	29.0	42	5.0	-0.002	7.94	570	104	278	8.0
S2	45	08/23/88	31.0	45	5.0	0.005	8.12	537	90	272	0.0
S2	45	11/15/88	25.5	91	5.7	0.005	8.05	666	76	292	10.0
S2	45	02/01/89	22.8	82	17.0	-0.002	8.18	602	72	252	6.0
S2	45	05/03/89	29.2	49	7.0	0.002	8.05	626	96	272	10.0
S2	45	06/26/89	27.0	52	6.7	-0.002	8.06	635	120	300	7.0
S2	45	08/30/89	28.5	49	6.5	-0.002	8.10	650	128	308	6.0
S2	45	03/22/90	32.8	43	8.0	0.005	8.00	625	124	308	8.0
S2	45	06/11/91	29.0	50	5.5	0.005	8.07	661	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			27.65	49.23	6.65	0.004	8.03	585.46	99.50	265.83	7.88
COUNT:			13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	8
S3	22	09/30/87	3.0	30	11.3	0.005	8.04	314	96	128	0.0
S3	22	11/10/87	4.0	35	11.5	-0.002	8.11	308	76	120	0.0
S3	22	01/25/88	3.8	27	13.8	0.005	8.14	280	80	100	0.0
S3	22	03/22/88	4.0	19	17.0	0.005	8.14	267	89	100	0.0
S3	22	06/01/88	3.5	17	15.0	-0.002	8.20	283	96	116	7.0
S3	22	08/23/88	5.5	20	12.5	-0.002	8.19	284	100	128	0.0
S3	22	11/15/88	4.0	27	11.9	-0.002	8.10	348	116	152	11.0
S3	22	02/01/89	5.5	32	12.6	-0.002	8.15	351	96	144	8.0
S3	22	05/03/89	6.8	57	16.5	-0.002	8.09	413	68	148	11.0
S3	22	06/26/89	8.5	70	18.8	-0.002	8.28	472	92	184	8.0
S3	22	08/30/89	6.8	59	18.0	-0.002	8.06	428	84	164	8.0
S3	22	03/22/90	7.8	60	18.0	-0.002	8.09	385	64	152	5.0
S3	22	06/11/91	6.9	63	25.0	0.002	8.08	413	0	0	8.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
AVERAGE:			5.39	39.69	15.53	0.002	8.13	349.69	88.08	136.33	8.25
COUNT:			13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	8
S3	25	09/30/87	1.4	50	14.2	0.045	8.12	307	68	108	0.0
S3	25	11/10/87	2.0	49	10.5	0.030	8.04	317	60	116	0.0
S3	25	01/25/88	6.0	34	9.6	0.052	8.20	301	72	108	0.0
S3	25	03/22/88	4.5	19	19.0	0.058	8.19	259	85	92	0.0
S3	25	06/01/88	4.5	19	22.0	0.052	8.36	273	76	96	5.0
S3	25	08/23/88	6.0	23	13.5	0.045	8.29	292	88	128	0.0
S3	25	11/15/88	4.5	21	13.6	0.045	8.14	286	84	108	7.0
S3	25	02/01/89	6.0	39	13.7	0.035	8.13	308	60	120	5.0
S3	25	05/03/89	6.5	49	17.5	0.025	8.11	396	80	146	8.0
S3	25	06/26/89	6.8	43	10.8	0.018	8.37	366	80	156	8.0
S3	25	08/30/89	7.2	71	18.5	0.030	8.13	512	104	208	7.0
S3	25	03/22/90	6.0	28	13.0	0.020	8.13	332	96	144	4.0
S3	25	06/11/91	9.5	72	29.5	0.025	8.12	496	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			5.45	39.77	15.80	0.037	8.18	341.92	79.42	127.50	6.75
COUNT:			13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	8
S3	30	09/30/87	9.8	51	11.5	0.005	8.20	375	68	160	0.0
S3	30	11/10/87	9.8	49	17.5	0.002	8.19	389	72	140	0.0
S3	30	01/25/88	4.0	26	18.9	0.008	8.34	310	992	100	0.0
S3	30	03/22/88	6.5	26	21.0	0.008	8.29	283	72	100	0.0
S3	30	06/01/88	14.5	50	19.0	0.002	8.24	443	64	160	4.0
S3	30	08/23/88	11.0	46	8.5	-0.002	8.26	375	76	168	0.0
S3	30	11/15/88	10.5	47	10.0	0.002	8.11	425	84	180	8.0
S3	30	02/01/89	6.5	27	16.3	0.005	8.35	363	84	188	5.0
S3	30	05/03/89	7.0	21	17.0	-0.002	8.26	355	96	132	7.0
S3	30	06/26/89	8.8	34	15.8	-0.002	8.52	404	96	160	6.0
S3	30	08/30/89	8.5	44	11.0	0.002	8.22	436	88	204	6.0
S3	30	03/22/90	8.5	29	27.0	0.002	8.24	400	184	148	5.0
S3	30	06/11/91	15.6	46	28.0	0.005	8.24	511	0	0	11.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
AVERAGE:			9.31	38.15	17.04	0.003	8.27	389.92	164.67	153.33	6.50
COUNT:			13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	8
S3	35	09/30/87	21.2	52	12.0	0.002	8.06	472	76	196	0.0
S3	35	11/10/87	22.0	46	10.5	-0.002	8.15	487	80	200	0.0
S3	35	01/25/88	21.0	63	22.4	0.005	8.24	492	76	172	0.0
S3	35	03/22/88	20.0	58	16.0	0.005	8.14	468	72	192	0.0
S3	35	06/01/88	21.5	58	12.0	0.002	8.25	529	72	212	4.0
S3	35	08/23/88	23.2	64	20.0	0.002	8.21	502	72	204	0.0
S3	35	11/15/88	16.5	52	15.2	0.002	8.13	510	92	212	9.0
S3	35	02/01/89	21.5	47	27.3	-0.002	8.27	496	72	172	5.0
S3	35	05/03/89	22.5	53	27.0	-0.002	8.28	530	84	180	8.0
S3	35	06/26/89	23.0	57	35.6	-0.002	8.29	507	72	156	7.0
S3	35	08/30/89	22.8	48	35.0	0.005	8.24	513	80	164	7.0
S3	35	03/22/90	25.0	53	28.0	0.000	8.11	516	80	200	5.0
S3	35	06/11/91	17.6	54	26.0	0.005	8.21	542	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			21.37	54.23	22.08	0.003	8.20	504.92	77.33	188.33	7.00
COUNT:			13	13	13	12	13	13	12	12	8
S3	40	09/30/87	24.0	39	4.7	0.006	8.07	485	92	204	0.0
S3	40	11/10/87	24.8	30	5.0	0.008	8.21	478	92	204	0.0
S3	40	01/25/88	26.4	34	5.2	0.010	8.19	494	96	220	0.0
S3	40	03/22/88	25.0	34	6.0	0.008	8.19	477	96	224	0.0
S3	40	06/01/88	23.5	43	6.0	0.002	8.18	532	92	240	5.0
S3	40	08/23/88	25.5	40	5.0	0.005	8.17	481	92	240	0.0
S3	40	11/15/88	21.2	76	5.7	0.005	8.07	587	96	264	6.0
S3	40	02/01/89	22.8	67	15.7	0.005	8.16	569	84	212	4.0
S3	40	05/03/89	22.0	47	16.0	-0.002	8.10	529	92	208	8.0
S3	40	06/26/89	0.0	0	11.5	0.000	8.29	544	92	236	6.0
S3	40	08/30/89	14.0	49	8.0	0.002	8.13	538	84	244	6.0
S3	40	03/22/90	24.8	35	20.0	-0.002	8.13	500	104	220	5.0
S3	40	06/11/91	18.6	73	11.0	0.008	8.12	586	0	0	9.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
		AVERAGE:	22.72	47.25	9.22	0.005	8.15	523.08	92.67	226.33	6.13
		COUNT:	12	12	13	12	13	13	12	12	8
S3	45	09/30/87	26.2	27	5.0	0.006	8.05	501	108	244	0.0
S3	45	11/10/87	25.0	26	4.0	0.005	8.14	509	112	244	0.0
S3	45	01/25/88	23.5	24	4.5	0.010	8.13	503	128	228	0.0
S3	45	03/22/88	21.2	21	5.0	0.010	8.05	470	132	232	0.0
S3	45	06/01/88	21.5	19	5.0	0.005	8.21	513	132	240	4.0
S3	45	08/23/88	23.0	24	5.0	0.010	8.16	478	120	236	0.0
S3	45	11/15/88	22.5	26	4.9	0.008	8.04	523	128	252	6.0
S3	45	02/01/89	24.0	33	4.5	0.005	8.12	539	120	256	3.0
S3	45	05/03/89	25.0	36	4.0	-0.002	8.07	567	112	260	8.0
S3	45	06/26/89	26.0	33	4.4	-0.002	8.14	558	116	260	7.0
S3	45	08/30/89	24.8	32	4.0	0.005	8.10	554	112	268	7.0
S3	45	03/22/90	24.8	35	4.0	0.000	8.03	574	140	296	4.0
S3	45	06/11/91	21.7	41	4.5	0.010	8.07	575	0	0	5.0
		AVERAGE:	23.78	29.00	4.52	0.006	8.10	528.00	121.67	251.33	5.50
		COUNT:	13	13	13	12	13	13	12	12	8
S4	22	09/30/87	11.8	54	18.4	0.010	7.58	490	104	184	0.0
S4	22	11/10/87	7.5	21	13.0	0.008	7.52	364	116	144	0.0
S4	22	01/25/88	12.0	34	37.0	0.010	7.63	429	116	152	0.0
S4	22	03/22/88	34.2	38	49.0	0.010	7.59	611	123	224	0.0
S4	22	06/01/88	25.0	38	17.0	0.002	7.48	581	116	238	9.0
S4	22	08/23/88	23.5	57	45.0	0.008	7.50	593	120	214	0.0
S4	22	11/10/88	31.8	54	33.0	0.005	7.74	731	108	256	19.0
S4	22	02/01/89	5.5	31	38.5	-0.002	7.67	460	172	180	10.0
S4	22	05/03/89	17.0	24	24.0	-0.002	7.52	551	128	204	18.0
S4	22	06/27/89	12.5	25	31.2	0.002	7.66	478	136	176	13.0
S4	22	08/30/89	18.8	170	76.5	-0.002	7.37	801	84	248	17.0
S4	22	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	7.69	498	156	168	22.0
S4	22	01/02/90	16.8	39	44.0	0.008	7.64	475	104	132	11.0
S4	22	03/19/90	16.2	25	22.0	0.005	7.67	509	128	220	16.0
S4	22	06/07/90	11.5	37	38.5	0.022	7.67	575	0	0	6.0
S4	22	09/28/90	11.5	96	78.0	0.042	7.73	637	0	0	12.0
S4	22	02/02/91	13.3	27	13.2	0.380	7.58	442	0	0	11.0
S4	22	05/24/91	7.3	23	13.0	0.388	7.66	360	0	0	9.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE

MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			16.25	46.65	34.78	0.050	7.61	532.50	122.21	195.71	13.31
COUNT:			17	17	17	18	18	18	14	14	13
S4	25	09/30/87	13.5	88	13.8	0.005	7.83	446	132	192	0.0
S4	25	11/10/87	18.0	28	16.0	-0.002	7.82	480	124	184	0.0
S4	25	01/25/88	6.8	32	35.0	0.005	7.88	361	100	104	0.0
S4	25	03/22/88	26.5	39	32.0	0.005	7.69	548	125	212	0.0
S4	25	06/01/88	30.5	43	17.0	-0.002	7.55	652	112	264	9.0
S4	25	08/23/88	18.5	43	37.5	0.005	7.75	540	136	196	0.0
S4	25	11/10/88	21.8	50	19.5	0.002	7.75	658	132	252	15.0
S4	25	02/01/89	8.0	34	47.5	-0.002	7.84	496	166	156	12.0
S4	25	05/03/89	18.5	33	35.0	-0.002	7.73	619	152	216	18.0
S4	25	06/27/89	22.5	36	40.8	0.000	7.82	613	128	228	23.0
S4	25	08/30/89	20.0	36	41.0	-0.002	7.57	770	124	260	18.0
S4	25	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.002	7.71	530	140	172	18.0
S4	25	01/02/90	18.2	35	32.0	0.005	7.66	564	144	212	10.0
S4	25	03/19/90	12.5	25	37.5	-0.002	7.87	495	160	172	15.0
S4	25	06/07/90	11.5	31	38.5	0.222	7.75	514	0	0	5.0
S4	25	09/28/90	19.4	36	26.5	0.890	7.72	560	0	0	10.0
S4	25	02/02/91	18.0	32	14.4	0.315	7.70	532	0	0	11.0
S4	25	05/24/91	7.8	32	19.5	0.348	7.80	426	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			17.18	38.41	29.62	0.106	7.75	544.67	133.93	201.43	13.23
COUNT:			17	17	17	17	18	18	14	14	13
S4	30	09/30/87	14.0	25	13.6	0.002	8.00	440	136	188	0.0
S4	30	11/10/87	8.0	29	16.5	-0.002	7.98	375	104	204	0.0
S4	30	01/25/88	19.0	45	25.0	0.002	8.00	559	144	208	0.0
S4	30	03/22/88	29.5	49	29.0	0.005	7.93	597	132	248	0.0
S4	30	06/01/88	23.5	47	36.0	-0.002	8.02	684	128	248	12.0
S4	30	08/23/88	22.0	49	45.0	0.005	7.98	566	112	204	0.0
S4	30	11/10/88	19.8	52	47.5	0.005	8.02	678	140	212	20.0
S4	30	02/01/89	15.8	45	40.0	-0.002	7.94	620	160	240	13.0
S4	30	05/03/89	23.5	41	39.0	-0.002	7.80	646	144	224	20.0
S4	30	06/27/89	26.5	42	54.4	0.002	7.97	679	148	228	25.0
S4	30	08/30/89	20.0	36	41.0	-0.002	7.79	594	140	204	18.0
S4	30	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.87	415	132	180	8.0
S4	30	01/02/90	28.0	44	28.3	0.002	7.74	654	136	276	9.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
S4	30	03/19/90	36.5	48	40.0	-0.002	7.90	793	172	336	22.0
S4	30	06/07/90	11.2	40	26.0	-0.002	7.83	508	0	0	3.0
S4	30	09/28/90	37.5	63	81.0	0.010	7.76	875	0	0	16.0
S4	30	02/02/91	24.5	49	86.0	0.408	7.83	795	0	0	18.0
S4	30	05/24/91	19.3	61	45.5	0.350	7.88	581	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			22.27	45.00	40.81	0.044	7.90	614.39	137.71	228.57	15.08
COUNT:			17	17	17	18	18	18	14	14	13
S4	35	09/30/87	9.6	34	10.8	0.005	8.12	438	124	188	0.0
S4	35	11/10/87	9.0	39	13.0	-0.002	8.17	450	124	148	0.0
S4	35	01/25/88	11.5	45	33.0	0.002	8.11	525	156	200	0.0
S4	35	03/22/88	10.5	38	31.0	0.005	8.04	471	154	184	0.0
S4	35	06/01/88	16.5	53	24.0	-0.002	8.12	588	120	216	7.0
S4	35	08/23/88	37.0	59	42.5	0.002	7.99	771	128	312	0.0
S4	35	11/10/88	38.5	67	37.6	-0.002	8.00	877	136	324	21.0
S4	35	02/01/89	15.2	56	56.5	-0.002	8.03	667	188	248	15.0
S4	35	05/03/89	16.0	44	26.0	-0.002	7.92	579	140	224	12.0
S4	35	06/27/89	30.0	46	51.6	0.002	7.97	706	144	248	24.0
S4	35	08/30/89	11.0	35	15.0	-0.002	7.91	475	128	200	6.0
S4	35	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.97	435	120	184	8.0
S4	35	01/02/90	12.0	35	18.5	0.005	7.87	442	120	200	4.0
S4	35	03/19/90	8.8	26	18.0	0.005	8.08	417	144	192	6.0
S4	35	06/07/90	11.2	38	20.0	-0.002	7.95	472	0	0	2.0
S4	35	09/28/90	37.2	59	58.0	0.002	7.83	871	0	0	12.0
S4	35	02/02/91	18.0	54	28.2	0.005	7.92	585	0	0	9.0
S4	35	05/24/91	24.6	60	32.5	0.005	7.96	722	0	0	16.0
AVERAGE:			18.62	46.35	30.36	0.003	8.00	582.83	137.57	219.14	10.92
COUNT:			17	17	17	18	18	18	14	14	13
S4	40	09/30/87	15.2	52	17.0	0.005	8.15	489	96	192	0.0
S4	40	11/10/87	12.5	66	17.0	-0.002	8.09	540	108	192	0.0
S4	40	01/25/88	11.0	62	33.0	-0.002	8.05	546	144	204	0.0
S4	40	03/22/88	22.0	53	40.0	0.005	8.06	474	88	144	0.0
S4	40	06/01/88	24.0	52	28.0	0.005	8.05	569	96	192	4.0
S4	40	08/23/88	28.0	60	37.5	0.008	8.08	603	92	232	0.0
S4	40	11/10/88	11.0	43	18.5	0.002	8.22	538	132	220	10.0
S4	40	02/01/89	17.0	50	24.2	-0.002	8.13	592	148	264	10.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
S4	40	05/03/89	22.2	51	50.5	-0.002	7.92	631	124	192	17.0
S4	40	06/27/89	20.0	52	14.4	0.002	8.10	520	92	224	8.0
S4	40	08/30/89	17.5	54	10.5	-0.002	7.99	532	100	232	6.0
S4	40	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.002	8.03	453	124	212	8.0
S4	40	01/02/90	13.0	37	18.5	0.002	7.98	467	128	216	4.0
S4	40	03/19/90	13.8	41	22.0	-0.002	8.17	473	132	204	7.0
S4	40	06/07/90	18.2	59	30.0	-0.002	8.06	547	0	0	2.0
S4	40	09/28/90	17.6	64	28.0	-0.002	8.01	570	0	0	5.0
S4	40	02/02/91	19.1	62	19.2	-0.002	8.07	573	0	0	6.0
S4	40	05/24/91	22.2	45	9.5	0.002	8.05	522	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			17.90	53.12	24.58	0.002	8.07	535.50	114.57	208.57	7.15
COUNT:			17	17	17	18	18	18	14	14	13
S4	45	09/30/87	16.0	66	13.6	0.006	8.07	548	100	228	0.0
S4	45	11/10/87	9.5	52	18.0	0.002	8.16	488	116	208	0.0
S4	45	01/25/88	19.2	62	48.0	0.005	8.10	550	104	160	0.0
S4	45	03/22/88	24.5	45	40.0	0.008	8.11	488	89	148	0.0
S4	45	06/01/88	22.0	58	38.0	-0.002	7.98	555	88	160	4.0
S4	45	08/23/88	23.5	53	22.0	0.008	8.19	509	88	208	0.0
S4	45	11/10/88	22.0	48	16.8	0.002	8.20	552	88	212	7.0
S4	45	02/01/89	22.5	50	12.5	-0.002	8.16	510	86	232	4.0
S4	45	05/03/89	20.0	48	9.0	-0.002	8.09	517	96	220	8.0
S4	45	06/27/89	18.0	46	8.0	0.002	8.06	504	100	232	7.0
S4	45	08/30/89	17.8	45	6.5	0.002	8.03	505	80	232	5.0
S4	45	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	8.09	461	116	220	8.0
S4	45	01/02/90	15.5	42	13.3	0.002	8.04	489	120	220	3.0
S4	45	03/19/90	22.5	46	24.5	0.008	8.18	509	108	212	5.5
S4	45	06/07/90	22.8	54	24.0	0.005	8.10	557	0	0	2.0
S4	45	09/28/90	19.8	65	55.5	-0.002	8.00	590	0	0	4.0
S4	45	02/02/91	23.0	42	13.0	0.005	8.14	522	0	0	5.0
S4	45	05/24/91	22.7	33	9.0	0.005	8.09	512	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			20.08	50.29	21.86	0.004	8.10	520.33	98.50	206.57	5.35
COUNT:			17	17	17	18	18	18	14	14	13
S4	SPI	03/19/90	16.8	26	31.0	-0.002	7.87	508	144	196	17.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			16.80	26.00	31.00	0.001	7.87	508.00	144.00	196.00	17.00
COUNT:			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
UTI NW		06/10/88	0.5	1	0.0	0.000	7.67	147	68	72	0.0
UTI NW		04/05/89	1.0	-1	0.8	-0.002	8.35	109	64	60	9.0
UTI NW		06/07/89	0.5	-1	1.0	0.030	8.50	100	52	48	8.0
UTI NW		08/03/89	0.5	1	0.6	0.002	8.30	125	48	52	10.0
AVERAGE:			0.63	0.501	0.80	0.011	8.21	120.25	58.00	58.00	9.00
COUNT:			4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	3
WA1 22		08/30/89	12.8	63	36.5	0.002	7.62	533	100	180	17.0
WA1 22		11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.28	484	68	140	20.0
WA1 22		01/02/90	12.0	35	27.0	0.002	7.43	366	60	120	11.0
WA1 22		03/19/90	20.2	69	35.5	0.005	6.76	515	60	168	11.0
WA1 22		06/07/90	18.2	60	35.0	-0.002	6.88	515	0	0	6.0
WA1 22		09/28/90	9.1	64	45.0	-0.002	7.27	452	0	0	17.0
WA1 22		02/02/91	12.6	40	25.4	-0.002	7.13	393	0	0	12.0
WA1 22		05/24/91	13.6	35	32.0	-0.002	6.97	370	0	0	18.0
AVERAGE:			14.07	52.29	33.77	0.002	7.17	453.50	72.00	152.00	14.00
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA1 25		08/30/89	14.0	25	14.0	0.002	7.55	359	60	136	8.0
WA1 25		11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.008	8.03	315	64	144	8.0
WA1 25		01/02/90	22.0	26	12.0	0.002	7.88	425	68	180	6.0
WA1 25		03/19/90	22.0	28	25.5	-0.002	7.46	464	84	176	7.5
WA1 25		06/07/90	18.0	23	26.5	-0.002	8.09	496	0	0	6.0
WA1 25		09/28/90	8.5	30	19.5	0.002	7.86	371	0	0	7.0
WA1 25		02/02/91	23.5	29	18.5	-0.002	8.12	501	0	0	8.0
WA1 25		05/24/91	14.6	23	13.0	-0.002	7.97	334	0	0	11.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			17.51	26.29	18.43	0.002	7.87	408.13	69.00	159.00	7.69
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA1	30	08/30/89	9.0	22	10.5	0.002	8.30	328	72	140	4.0
WA1	30	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.25	312	72	128	8.0
WA1	30	01/02/90	15.0	23	14.2	0.002	8.09	371	68	156	6.0
WA1	30	03/19/90	14.0	27	16.0	-0.002	8.13	372	67	156	6.5
WA1	30	06/07/90	16.0	27	18.5	-0.002	8.19	413	0	0	4.0
WA1	30	09/28/90	12.2	23	24.5	-0.002	8.07	401	0	0	8.0
WA1	30	02/02/91	15.4	29	24.0	-0.002	8.29	438	0	0	11.0
WA1	30	05/24/91	18.0	30	29.0	-0.002	8.15	440	0	0	16.0
AVERAGE:			14.23	25.86	19.53	0.001	8.18	384.38	69.75	145.00	7.94
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA1	35	08/30/89	14.0	25	21.0	0.002	8.11	374	76	136	5.0
WA1	35	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.26	304	80	112	6.0
WA1	35	01/02/90	9.8	23	18.5	0.005	8.20	327	76	128	3.0
WA1	35	03/19/90	11.0	26	15.5	-0.002	8.17	356	80	152	4.5
WA1	35	06/07/90	6.0	29	15.0	-0.002	8.19	337	0	0	2.0
WA1	35	09/28/90	18.2	33	22.0	-0.002	8.09	485	0	0	9.0
WA1	35	02/02/91	14.4	35	24.0	-0.002	8.21	456	0	0	9.0
WA1	35	05/24/91	10.7	36	21.0	0.008	8.12	374	0	0	7.0
AVERAGE:			12.01	29.57	19.57	0.003	8.17	376.63	78.00	132.00	5.69
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA1	40	08/30/89	12.5	27	16.5	0.002	8.15	385	81	152	5.0
WA1	40	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.19	362	84	152	6.0
WA1	40	01/02/90	14.5	29	21.3	0.002	8.01	398	76	168	5.0
WA1	40	03/19/90	10.5	40	19.5	-0.002	8.19	393	88	160	3.0
WA1	40	06/07/90	10.0	44	17.0	-0.002	8.18	408	0	0	2.0
WA1	40	09/28/90	11.2	29	17.5	-0.002	8.16	391	0	0	6.0
WA1	40	02/02/91	7.5	30	15.2	-0.002	8.13	349	0	0	6.0
WA1	40	05/24/91	12.9	36	17.0	-0.002	8.13	383	0	0	7.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			11.30	33.57	17.71	0.001	8.14	383.63	82.25	158.00	5.00
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA1	45	08/30/89	14.5	45	18.0	0.002	8.04	444	84	176	5.0
WA1	45	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.12	418	84	140	7.0
WA1	45	01/02/90	13.0	49	16.0	0.002	8.04	439	92	184	3.0
WA1	45	03/19/90	17.0	66	18.0	-0.002	8.11	485	72	200	3.0
WA1	45	06/07/90	18.2	70	19.0	-0.002	8.03	525	0	0	2.0
WA1	45	09/28/90	10.7	58	19.5	-0.002	8.12	432	0	0	4.0
WA1	45	02/02/91	15.2	59	21.0	-0.002	8.10	485	0	0	5.0
WA1	45	05/24/91	20.9	55	25.5	0.005	7.99	495	0	0	6.0
AVERAGE:			15.64	57.43	19.57	0.002	8.07	465.38	83.00	175.00	4.38
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA1	50	08/30/89	24.5	40	6.0	0.002	7.96	553	120	264	5.0
WA1	50	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	8.06	542	100	260	6.0
WA1	50	01/02/90	27.5	49	4.5	-0.002	7.93	536	84	248	3.0
WA1	50	03/19/90	28.5	45	4.0	-0.002	8.06	530	92	264	3.0
WA1	50	06/07/90	25.8	46	6.5	0.010	7.98	575	0	0	2.0
WA1	50	09/28/90	20.9	60	6.5	0.002	8.03	551	0	0	3.0
WA1	50	02/02/91	21.1	68	7.0	0.005	8.01	585	0	0	4.0
WA1	50	05/24/91	22.0	66	9.0	0.008	7.86	556	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			24.33	53.43	6.21	0.004	7.99	553.50	99.00	259.00	3.88
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA1	60	08/30/89	22.0	27	3.0	0.008	7.68	570	152	296	5.0
WA1	60	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.012	7.76	533	156	272	6.0
WA1	60	01/02/90	21.8	25	2.5	0.010	7.69	544	152	280	3.0
WA1	60	03/19/90	22.0	26	2.5	0.015	7.84	527	148	276	3.5
WA1	60	06/07/90	21.8	28	3.5	0.008	7.72	578	0	0	2.0
WA1	60	09/28/90	20.0	28	3.5	0.018	7.88	558	0	0	5.0
WA1	60	02/02/91	24.3	33	3.6	0.015	7.84	614	0	0	4.0
WA1	60	05/24/91	16.0	22	3.0	0.005	8.26	368	0	0	5.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			21.13	27.00	3.09	0.011	7.83	536.50	152.00	281.00	4.19
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA1	70	08/30/89	17.0	21	2.5	0.018	7.63	520	156	264	5.0
WA1	70	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.010	7.72	483	156	248	6.0
WA1	70	01/02/90	16.2	19	2.3	0.015	7.64	480	152	252	3.0
WA1	70	03/19/90	17.5	20	2.5	0.025	7.81	482	152	260	5.0
WA1	70	06/07/90	17.5	22	3.0	0.010	7.68	534	0	0	2.0
WA1	70	09/28/90	16.4	23	2.5	0.022	7.82	503	0	0	3.0
WA1	70	02/02/91	16.8	25	3.0	0.020	7.81	562	0	0	6.0
WA1	70	05/24/91	16.2	22	3.5	0.025	7.93	515	0	0	5.0
AVERAGE:			16.80	21.71	2.76	0.018	7.76	509.88	154.00	256.00	4.38
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	25	08/30/89	6.5	82	39.0	-0.002	7.05	473	72	148	9.0
WA2	25	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.17	323	64	76	12.0
WA2	25	01/02/90	6.0	54	19.0	-0.002	7.03	340	56	132	5.0
WA2	25	03/19/90	9.0	48	14.5	0.005	7.27	327	48	128	7.0
WA2	25	06/07/90	9.5	47	25.5	-0.002	6.96	358	0	0	2.0
WA2	25	09/28/90	5.5	55	31.5	0.005	7.28	340	0	0	7.0
WA2	25	02/02/91	13.5	38	11.0	0.002	7.08	355	0	0	7.0
WA2	25	05/24/91	4.7	90	90.0	0.005	7.99	585	0	0	15.0
AVERAGE:			7.81	59.14	32.93	0.003	7.23	387.63	60.00	121.00	8.00
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	30	08/30/89	6.8	17	13.5	-0.002	7.86	353	120	156	5.0
WA2	30	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	-0.002	7.94	331	124	152	6.0
WA2	30	01/02/90	6.8	17	10.5	-0.002	7.83	348	124	164	3.0
WA2	30	03/19/90	7.0	24	10.5	-0.002	7.85	334	96	160	5.0
WA2	30	06/07/90	7.2	25	10.5	-0.002	7.93	364	0	0	2.0
WA2	30	09/28/90	5.6	27	12.0	-0.002	7.63	359	0	0	5.0
WA2	30	02/02/91	5.4	22	11.0	-0.002	8.05	350	0	0	4.0
WA2	30	05/24/91	3.1	15	15.5	0.002	8.03	273	0	0	6.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			5.99	21.00	11.93	0.001	7.89	339.00	116.00	158.00	4.50
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	35	08/30/89	7.8	26	15.0	-0.002	8.00	390	112	172	6.0
WA2	35	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	8.02	372	100	168	7.0
WA2	35	01/02/90	9.2	26	10.5	-0.002	7.93	393	104	180	4.0
WA2	35	03/19/90	8.0	20	11.5	-0.002	7.97	421	156	208	7.0
WA2	35	06/07/90	9.2	27	12.0	-0.002	8.04	458	0	0	2.0
WA2	35	09/28/90	8.2	31	14.0	-0.002	7.79	434	0	0	5.0
WA2	35	02/02/91	8.0	42	15.2	-0.002	8.01	488	0	0	5.0
WA2	35	05/24/91	7.7	50	21.5	0.002	8.11	481	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			8.30	31.71	14.24	0.002	7.98	429.63	118.00	182.00	5.63
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	40	08/30/89	12.0	41	16.0	-0.002	7.99	450	92	180	6.0
WA2	40	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	8.07	437	96	180	8.0
WA2	40	01/02/90	14.0	34	11.5	-0.002	7.96	444	92	188	5.0
WA2	40	03/19/90	13.5	30	15.0	-0.002	8.06	436	100	196	8.0
WA2	40	06/07/90	12.2	32	16.5	-0.002	8.07	457	0	0	2.0
WA2	40	09/28/90	14.0	38	21.5	-0.002	7.94	460	0	0	5.0
WA2	40	02/02/91	14.0	39	23.4	0.005	8.12	482	0	0	5.0
WA2	40	05/24/91	7.6	60	23.0	-0.002	7.98	563	0	0	9.0
AVERAGE:			12.47	39.14	18.13	0.002	8.02	466.13	95.00	186.00	6.00
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	45	08/30/89	16.5	40	21.5	0.008	8.01	481	96	204	8.0
WA2	45	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	8.06	485	92	200	9.0
WA2	45	01/02/90	17.2	60	22.0	-0.002	7.98	511	88	204	4.0
WA2	45	03/19/90	17.0	67	23.0	-0.002	8.09	534	92	220	8.0
WA2	45	06/07/90	20.5	61	23.5	-0.002	8.09	558	0	0	3.0
WA2	45	09/28/90	17.6	62	23.0	0.002	7.96	536	0	0	5.0
WA2	45	02/02/91	10.1	68	32.8	0.002	8.03	560	0	0	10.0
WA2	45	05/24/91	15.6	71	38.0	0.005	8.07	564	0	0	8.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			16.36	61.29	26.26	0.003	8.04	528.63	92.00	207.00	6.88
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	50	08/30/89	20.2	46	15.0	0.002	8.06	485	88	208	7.0
WA2	50	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	8.04	481	84	216	7.0
WA2	50	01/02/90	20.8	60	15.0	-0.002	8.03	514	84	220	4.0
WA2	50	03/19/90	20.8	68	20.0	-0.002	8.13	540	84	228	6.0
WA2	50	06/07/90	21.5	58	16.0	-0.002	7.93	569	0	0	2.0
WA2	50	09/28/90	19.7	63	13.5	-0.002	7.99	552	0	0	4.0
WA2	50	02/02/91	10.9	80	37.8	0.008	8.17	617	0	0	12.0
WA2	50	05/24/91	18.7	91	44.0	0.005	7.99	609	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			18.94	66.57	23.04	0.003	8.04	545.88	85.00	218.00	6.25
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	55	08/30/89	23.5	43	7.0	0.002	8.10	517	92	236	5.0
WA2	55	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	8.13	503	92	236	6.0
WA2	55	01/02/90	24.8	46	5.0	0.005	8.00	521	92	240	3.0
WA2	55	03/19/90	24.5	43	11.0	-0.002	8.13	509	96	236	5.0
WA2	55	06/07/90	22.0	34	10.0	-0.002	8.12	520	0	0	2.0
WA2	55	09/28/90	21.6	49	6.5	-0.002	8.01	538	0	0	4.0
WA2	55	02/02/91	10.4	90	28.2	0.002	8.07	643	0	0	6.0
WA2	55	05/24/91	20.2	81	60.0	0.005	8.03	616	0	0	15.0
AVERAGE:			21.00	55.14	18.24	0.003	8.07	545.88	93.00	237.00	5.75
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	60	08/30/89	24.0	46	6.5	0.002	7.91	522	96	244	5.0
WA2	60	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.002	7.96	510	100	244	7.0
WA2	60	01/02/90	20.0	86	4.5	-0.002	7.92	619	92	288	3.0
WA2	60	03/19/90	19.8	87	10.0	0.002	8.06	610	96	296	8.0
WA2	60	06/07/90	19.0	81	16.0	-0.002	8.00	673	0	0	2.0
WA2	60	09/28/90	15.6	85	24.0	0.005	7.99	622	0	0	5.0
WA2	60	02/02/91	20.7	56	45.4	0.005	8.16	545	0	0	6.0
WA2	60	05/24/91	13.3	20	36.0	-0.002	8.58	310	0	0	11.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			18.91	65.86	20.34	0.002	8.07	551.38	96.00	268.00	5.88
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA2	70	08/30/89	19.5	25	3.0	0.010	7.66	879	156	276	5.0
WA2	70	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.012	7.70	544	160	288	6.0
WA2	70	01/02/90	20.2	33	3.5	0.025	7.66	560	148	284	3.0
WA2	70	03/19/90	20.2	34	3.5	0.012	7.84	553	152	300	5.0
WA2	70	06/07/90	19.0	33	5.5	0.020	7.72	605	0	0	2.0
WA2	70	09/28/90	17.3	30	4.5	0.018	7.81	546	0	0	4.0
WA2	70	02/02/91	16.0	26	3.4	0.005	7.79	518	0	0	3.0
WA2	70	05/24/91	17.9	24	3.5	-0.002	8.37	384	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			18.59	29.29	3.84	0.013	7.82	573.63	154.00	287.00	4.75
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA3	22	08/30/89	9.2	135	66.0	0.028	7.81	720	84	180	16.0
WA3	22	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.228	7.91	345	60	92	12.0
WA3	22	01/02/90	4.8	23	18.0	0.202	7.88	251	64	92	5.0
WA3	22	03/19/90	7.5	35	28.5	0.165	7.93	294	52	84	9.5
WA3	22	06/07/90	4.5	102	45.0	0.100	7.52	579	0	0	4.0
WA3	22	09/28/90	3.8	62	34.5	0.215	7.87	363	0	0	9.0
WA3	22	02/02/91	4.2	25	18.8	0.155	7.40	252	0	0	7.0
WA3	22	05/24/91	3.5	129	75.0	0.102	7.29	600	0	0	38.0
AVERAGE:			5.36	73.00	40.83	0.149	7.70	425.50	65.00	112.00	12.56
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA3	25	08/30/89	10.8	175	66.0	0.240	7.54	865	84	248	16.0
WA3	25	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.200	7.82	325	68	124	20.0
WA3	25	01/02/90	13.5	19	14.8	0.170	7.77	337	60	132	11.0
WA3	25	03/19/90	15.2	23	17.0	0.175	7.87	364	80	152	15.0
WA3	25	06/07/90	18.0	27	13.5	0.172	7.83	492	0	0	4.0
WA3	25	09/28/90	7.1	142	12.5	0.210	7.91	294	0	0	8.0
WA3	25	02/02/91	9.3	20	10.0	0.200	7.61	298	0	0	7.0
WA3	25	05/24/91	13.5	39	12.0	0.190	7.89	421	0	0	22.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			12.49	63.57	20.83	0.195	7.78	424.50	73.00	164.00	12.88
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA3	30	08/30/89	14.5	34	30.0	0.112	7.85	527	136	200	9.0
WA3	30	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.095	7.87	500	136	204	9.0
WA3	30	01/02/90	15.0	38	18.5	0.075	7.86	485	112	208	4.0
WA3	30	03/19/90	19.8	35	22.0	0.035	7.87	518	128	228	14.0
WA3	30	06/07/90	21.0	34	21.0	0.102	7.76	538	0	0	6.0
WA3	30	09/28/90	16.8	34	23.0	0.068	7.81	531	0	0	10.0
WA3	30	02/02/91	11.0	29	17.8	0.070	7.91	441	0	0	9.0
WA3	30	05/24/91	11.7	29	17.5	0.068	7.91	453	0	0	15.0
AVERAGE:			15.69	33.29	21.40	0.078	7.86	499.13	128.00	210.00	9.50
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA3	35	08/30/89	16.8	37	22.5	0.050	7.95	541	132	220	7.0
WA3	35	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.048	7.98	502	148	212	9.0
WA3	35	01/02/90	19.0	37	27.5	0.035	7.90	559	136	228	7.0
WA3	35	03/19/90	18.8	37	24.0	0.032	8.05	540	32	240	8.5
WA3	35	06/07/90	14.0	40	21.5	0.038	8.04	580	0	0	4.0
WA3	35	09/28/90	13.8	40	16.5	0.005	7.89	541	0	0	5.0
WA3	35	02/02/91	14.7	39	18.0	0.035	8.00	498	0	0	8.0
WA3	35	05/24/91	17.3	52	20.0	0.035	8.06	528	0	0	11.0
AVERAGE:			16.34	40.29	21.43	0.035	7.98	536.13	112.00	225.00	7.44
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA3	40	08/30/89	17.0	36	21.0	0.008	7.96	534	148	240	9.0
WA3	40	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.015	8.06	510	140	208	8.0
WA3	40	01/02/90	19.2	46	24.0	0.002	8.05	529	116	220	4.0
WA3	40	03/19/90	19.0	53	20.5	-0.002	8.07	513	92	220	6.5
WA3	40	06/07/90	14.0	52	20.0	0.015	8.08	551	0	0	3.0
WA3	40	09/28/90	13.0	39	17.0	0.005	7.94	509	0	0	5.0
WA3	40	02/02/91	20.6	57	16.2	0.010	8.11	551	0	0	5.0
WA3	40	05/24/91	17.3	43	17.0	0.010	8.10	541	0	0	13.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
---	---	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
AVERAGE:			17.16	46.57	19.39	0.008	8.05	529.75	124.00	222.00	6.69
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA3	45	08/30/89	20.0	46	18.0	0.002	8.06	523	112	228	7.0
WA3	45	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	8.02	506	112	220	8.0
WA3	45	01/02/90	21.2	44	15.5	-0.002	8.03	527	116	212	4.0
WA3	45	03/19/90	21.8	45	20.0	-0.002	7.71	513	108	220	7.0
WA3	45	06/07/90	16.2	53	20.0	0.005	7.98	573	0	0	3.0
WA3	45	09/28/90	18.3	57	11.5	0.002	7.97	539	0	0	4.0
WA3	45	02/02/91	19.6	57	8.0	-0.002	8.07	568	0	0	8.0
WA3	45	05/24/91	20.7	45	8.0	0.005	8.03	571	0	0	15.0
AVERAGE:			19.69	49.57	14.43	0.003	7.98	540.00	112.00	220.00	7.00
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA3	50	08/30/89	23.0	40	14.5	-0.002	8.10	529	112	240	6.0
WA3	50	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.005	8.10	505	104	240	7.0
WA3	50	03/19/90	26.2	43	8.5	-0.002	8.86	529	80	252	5.0
WA3	50	06/07/90	17.2	56	10.0	0.002	8.05	603	0	0	2.0
WA3	50	09/28/90	19.3	39	8.0	-0.002	7.90	532	0	0	4.0
WA3	50	02/02/91	20.4	52	5.6	0.005	8.11	566	0	0	8.0
WA3	50	05/24/91	15.1	32	5.0	-0.002	8.29	383	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			20.20	43.67	8.60	0.002	8.20	521.00	98.67	244.00	6.29
COUNT:			6	6	6	7	7	7	3	3	7
WA3	60	08/30/89	21.0	24	3.5	0.005	7.82	532	124	272	5.0
WA3	60	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.010	7.82	523	156	268	6.0
WA3	60	01/02/90	21.0	24	3.0	0.008	7.75	539	148	272	3.0
WA3	60	03/19/90	21.5	25	3.0	0.010	7.75	537	152	288	5.0
WA3	60	06/07/90	14.8	27	4.0	0.012	7.83	577	0	0	2.0
WA3	60	09/28/90	19.6	162	3.0	0.015	7.87	564	0	0	4.0
WA3	60	02/02/91	21.0	31	4.0	-0.002	7.81	554	0	0	6.0
WA3	60	05/24/91	22.4	29	4.5	-0.002	8.20	484	0	0	10.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			20.19	46.00	3.57	0.008	7.86	538.75	145.00	275.00	5.13
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA3	70	08/30/89	22.5	28	4.5	0.012	7.77	580	160	296	5.0
WA3	70	11/19/89	0.0	0	0.0	0.015	7.73	576	160	292	7.0
WA3	70	01/02/90	23.2	29	3.8	0.018	7.67	588	164	300	3.0
WA3	70	03/19/90	25.0	31	4.0	0.008	7.67	596	160	308	6.0
WA3	70	06/07/90	18.2	34	5.0	0.010	7.69	631	0	0	2.0
WA3	70	09/28/90	21.5	32	5.0	0.025	7.81	608	0	0	4.0
WA3	70	02/02/91	26.5	36	5.4	0.022	7.72	606	0	0	4.0
WA3	70	05/24/91	17.6	24	4.0	-0.002	8.16	412	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			22.07	30.57	4.53	0.014	7.78	574.63	161.00	299.00	5.13
COUNT:			7	7	7	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	22	08/30/89	1.5	38	27.0	0.005	8.24	254	56	68	17.0
WA4	22	11/05/89	8.0	70	67.5	-0.002	7.93	660	100	144	19.0
WA4	22	01/02/90	9.2	105	74.0	-0.002	7.52	625	104	156	12.0
WA4	22	03/19/90	11.0	70	58.0	-0.002	7.70	494	92	124	21.0
WA4	22	06/07/90	4.5	56	33.5	0.002	7.67	481	0	0	5.0
WA4	22	09/28/90	3.9	65	35.0	-0.002	7.82	422	0	0	10.0
WA4	22	05/24/91	12.4	54	38.5	-0.002	7.71	438	0	0	26.0
AVERAGE:			7.21	65.43	47.64	0.002	7.80	482.00	88.00	123.00	15.71
COUNT:			7	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	7
WA4	25	08/30/89	14.8	120	52.5	-0.002	7.80	732	112	240	13.0
WA4	25	11/05/89	12.2	52	57.0	-0.002	7.95	492	112	104	14.0
WA4	25	01/02/90	13.0	64	36.0	0.005	7.62	525	108	168	8.0
WA4	25	03/19/90	22.8	62	35.0	-0.002	7.58	558	100	200	12.5
WA4	25	06/07/90	9.8	66	28.0	0.005	7.63	559	0	0	7.0
WA4	25	09/28/90	7.1	48	25.5	-0.002	7.77	430	0	0	8.0
WA4	25	02/02/91	11.2	38	14.8	0.002	7.73	393	0	0	8.0
WA4	25	05/24/91	8.3	34	25.0	0.010	7.76	350	0	0	18.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			12.40	60.50	34.23	0.003	7.73	504.88	108.00	178.00	11.06
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	30	08/30/89	9.0	135	22.5	-0.002	7.60	696	116	284	12.0
WA4	30	11/05/89	6.8	31	57.0	0.040	8.25	360	88	48	12.0
WA4	30	01/02/90	13.2	27	18.0	0.015	7.96	403	96	160	7.0
WA4	30	03/19/90	13.0	52	22.0	0.002	7.84	470	100	192	12.0
WA4	30	06/07/90	5.2	70	29.0	0.010	8.05	583	0	0	7.0
WA4	30	09/28/90	11.6	46	27.0	-0.002	7.92	517	0	0	9.0
WA4	30	02/02/91	7.8	25	16.6	0.008	8.10	313	0	0	8.0
WA4	30	05/24/91	7.8	18	11.0	0.010	8.10	347	0	0	17.0
AVERAGE:			9.30	50.50	25.39	0.011	7.98	461.13	100.00	171.00	10.50
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	35	08/30/89	11.0	45	16.5	-0.002	8.08	442	100	184	11.0
WA4	35	11/05/89	6.2	32	18.5	-0.002	8.18	358	104	132	9.0
WA4	35	01/02/90	11.2	37	16.0	-0.002	7.93	445	112	184	7.0
WA4	35	03/19/90	14.0	59	24.5	-0.002	8.09	536	120	228	11.5
WA4	35	06/07/90	6.5	60	28.0	-0.002	8.13	539	0	0	5.0
WA4	35	09/28/90	13.3	33	24.0	-0.002	8.01	428	0	0	14.0
WA4	35	02/02/91	16.9	27	15.4	-0.002	8.13	439	0	0	14.0
WA4	35	05/24/91	5.9	14	10.0	-0.002	8.15	386	0	0	14.0
AVERAGE:			10.63	38.38	19.11	0.001	8.09	446.63	109.00	182.00	10.69
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	40	08/30/89	6.0	40	37.0	-0.002	8.18	419	124	136	11.0
WA4	40	11/05/89	6.0	13	20.0	-0.002	8.14	376	160	156	10.0
WA4	40	01/02/90	10.5	19	16.8	-0.002	7.99	407	124	176	6.0
WA4	40	03/19/90	17.5	28	18.0	-0.002	8.10	486	140	220	13.0
WA4	40	06/07/90	10.0	42	28.5	-0.002	8.05	530	0	0	5.0
WA4	40	09/28/90	15.9	28	24.5	-0.002	7.99	488	0	0	15.0
WA4	40	02/02/91	12.8	25	10.4	-0.002	8.15	451	0	0	12.0
WA4	40	05/24/91	12.2	32	8.0	-0.002	8.09	470	0	0	14.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			11.36	28.38	20.40	0.001	8.09	453.38	137.00	172.00	10.75
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	45	08/30/89	16.0	33	22.0	-0.002	8.08	522	128	224	9.0
WA4	45	11/05/89	15.0	32	18.5	-0.002	8.07	537	164	228	10.0
WA4	45	01/02/90	14.5	34	17.5	-0.002	7.99	528	156	236	5.0
WA4	45	03/19/90	13.0	40	18.5	-0.002	8.04	507	156	236	6.0
WA4	45	06/07/90	9.0	45	21.5	-0.002	8.04	547	0	0	3.0
WA4	45	09/28/90	17.1	34	21.0	-0.002	7.97	547	0	0	10.0
WA4	45	02/02/91	17.2	41	20.4	-0.002	8.08	517	0	0	6.0
WA4	45	05/24/91	16.9	44	19.0	0.005	8.08	547	0	0	13.0
AVERAGE:			14.84	37.88	19.80	0.002	8.04	531.50	151.00	231.00	7.75
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	50	08/30/89	18.0	39	15.0	-0.002	8.06	526	136	236	6.0
WA4	50	11/05/89	17.2	39	12.0	-0.002	8.03	554	160	244	7.0
WA4	50	01/02/90	18.5	35	11.0	0.005	7.95	551	148	260	3.0
WA4	50	03/19/90	17.8	36	13.0	-0.002	7.73	527	156	260	5.5
WA4	50	06/07/90	12.5	40	12.5	-0.002	8.02	567	0	0	2.0
WA4	50	09/28/90	15.1	41	15.5	-0.002	7.99	530	0	0	6.0
WA4	50	02/02/91	16.7	35	13.5	-0.002	8.04	515	0	0	5.0
WA4	50	05/24/91	20.6	33	17.5	0.005	8.09	540	0	0	12.0
AVERAGE:			17.05	37.25	13.75	0.002	7.99	538.75	150.00	250.00	5.81
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	55	08/30/89	17.5	31	8.5	-0.002	7.95	531	132	264	5.0
WA4	55	11/05/89	18.0	34	8.5	-0.002	7.93	548	172	260	5.0
WA4	55	01/02/90	19.0	30	7.7	0.005	7.87	560	160	272	3.0
WA4	55	03/19/90	19.0	28	8.0	-0.002	7.78	531	168	264	5.0
WA4	55	06/07/90	14.8	29	9.5	-0.002	7.92	575	0	0	2.0
WA4	55	09/28/90	16.8	30	10.5	0.002	7.92	537	0	0	7.0
WA4	55	02/02/91	18.6	30	10.8	0.005	7.96	532	0	0	4.0
WA4	55	05/24/91	20.8	27	8.5	0.005	8.01	540	0	0	11.0

APPENDIX A

VILLAGE MULTI-PORT WELL

LID	PID	START DATE	NO3-N	Cl	Na	PO4	pH	Cond.	Alk.	Thard.	Fluor.
AVERAGE:			18.06	29.88	9.00	0.003	7.92	544.25	158.00	265.00	5.25
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	60	08/30/89	18.2	24	5.0	-0.002	7.87	533	164	268	5.0
WA4	60	11/05/89	18.5	26	5.5	-0.002	7.85	548	176	264	5.0
WA4	60	01/02/90	18.8	23	4.5	0.005	7.78	547	160	272	3.0
WA4	60	03/19/90	19.2	23	4.0	0.008	7.81	525	168	264	4.5
WA4	60	06/07/90	15.0	27	5.0	0.002	7.86	572	0	0	2.0
WA4	60	09/28/90	18.2	26	5.5	0.005	7.85	542	0	0	6.0
WA4	60	02/02/91	18.7	28	5.2	0.005	7.86	527	0	0	4.0
WA4	60	05/24/91	20.4	26	5.0	0.010	7.81	544	0	0	10.0
AVERAGE:			18.38	25.38	4.96	0.005	7.84	542.25	167.00	267.00	4.94
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8
WA4	70	08/30/89	15.5	19	3.0	-0.002	7.75	493	156	256	5.0
WA4	70	11/05/89	16.0	23	3.0	0.010	7.74	511	168	256	5.0
WA4	70	01/02/90	16.2	19	2.5	0.008	7.66	505	160	256	3.0
WA4	70	03/19/90	17.0	20	2.0	0.008	7.73	491	164	280	8.5
WA4	70	06/07/90	13.5	23	3.0	0.018	7.78	534	0	0	2.0
WA4	70	09/28/90	16.2	23	3.0	0.018	7.76	514	0	0	5.0
WA4	70	02/02/91	18.3	27	3.4	0.018	7.69	520	0	0	4.0
WA4	70	05/24/91	15.5	20	2.5	0.002	8.38	364	0	0	8.0
AVERAGE:			16.03	21.75	2.80	0.010	7.81	491.50	162.00	262.00	5.06
COUNT:			8	8	8	8	8	8	4	4	8

APPENDIX B

BURBS Simulation Characteristics

Jordan Acres Cutting BURBS Simulations

Baseline values

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.4	42%	11.8	20%
Natural Land	1.2	8%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	2.4	15%	48.0	80%
Impervious Runoff	5.5	35%	0.3	1%
TOTAL	15.4		60.1	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 17.2 mg/l

High drainfield density

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.55 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.35 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	2.98 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.3	27%	9.8	9%
Natural Land	1.0	5%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	4.8	24%	95.9	90%
Impervious Runoff	8.7	44%	0.5	1%
TOTAL	19.8		106.3	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 23.7 mg/l

Jordan Acres Cutting BURBS Simulations

Low drainfield density

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.72 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.16 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	0.75 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.9	52%	12.8	34%
Natural Land	1.3	10%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	1.2	9%	24.0	65%
Impervious Runoff	3.9	29%	0.2	1%
TOTAL	13.2		37.0	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 12.3 mg/l

Wet year

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	34.74 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	13.74 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	13.74 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	9.1	47%	11.8	20%
Natural Land	1.6	9%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	2.4	12%	48.0	80%
Impervious Runoff	6.2	32%	0.4	1%
TOTAL	19.3		60.2	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 13.8 mg/l

Jordan Acres Cutting BURBS Simulations

Dry year

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	25.20 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.20 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.20 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	2.8	27%	11.7	20%
Natural Land	0.5	5%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	2.4	23%	48.0	80%
Impervious Runoff	4.5	44%	0.3	0%
TOTAL	10.1		60.0	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 26.1 mg/l

Five percent (5%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.4	49%	2.4	87%
Natural Land	1.2	9%	0.0	1%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	5.5	42%	0.3	13%
TOTAL	13.0		2.7	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 0.9 mg/l

Jordan Acres Cutting BURBS Simulations

Ten percent (10%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.10 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.4	49%	4.7	93%
Natural Land	1.2	9%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	5.5	42%	0.3	7%
TOTAL	13.0		5.1	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 1.7 mg/l

Twenty percent (20%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.20 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.4	49%	9.4	96%
Natural Land	1.2	9%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	5.5	42%	0.3	4%
TOTAL	13.0		9.8	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 3.3 mg/l

Jordan Acres Cutting BURBS Simulations

Twenty-five percent of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.4	49%	11.8	97%
Natural Land	1.2	9%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	5.5	42%	0.3	3%
TOTAL	13.0		12.1	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 4.1 mg/l

Thirty percent (30%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.30 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.4	49%	14.1	97%
Natural Land	1.2	9%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	5.5	42%	0.3	2%
TOTAL	13.0		14.5	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 4.9 mg/l

Jordan Acres Cutting BURBS Simulations

Forty percent (40%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.40 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.4	49%	18.8	98%
Natural Land	1.2	9%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	5.5	42%	0.3	2%
TOTAL	13.0		19.2	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 6.5 mg/l

Average nitrate-N concentration in recharge < 10 mg/l

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.74 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.13 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	0.45 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	7.1	58%	13.1	47%
Natural Land	1.3	11%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.7	6%	14.4	52%
Impervious Runoff	3.2	26%	0.2	1%
TOTAL	12.4		27.8	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 9.9 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Jordan Acres Subdivision

Baseline values

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.66 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.22 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	1.49 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.4	42%	11.8	20%
Natural Land	1.2	8%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	2.4	15%	48.0	80%
Impervious Runoff	5.5	35%	0.3	1%
TOTAL	15.4		60.1	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 17.2 mg/l

Housing density = 0

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.77 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.09 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	0.00 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.07 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.07 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.07 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	7.0	67%	13.7	99%
Natural Land	1.3	12%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	2.2	21%	0.1	1%
TOTAL	10.4		13.9	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 5.9 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Jordan Acres Subdivision

Housing density = 1/4 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.74 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.12 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	0.37 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	7.2	59%	13.3	52%
Natural Land	1.3	11%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.6	5%	11.9	47%
Impervious Runoff	3.0	25%	0.2	1%
TOTAL	12.1		25.4	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 9.2 mg/l

Housing density = 1/3 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.73 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.14 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	0.50 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	7.1	56%	13.0	44%
Natural Land	1.3	10%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.8	6%	16.1	55%
Impervious Runoff	3.5	28%	0.2	1%
TOTAL	12.6		29.4	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 10.3 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Jordan Acres Subdivision

Housing density = 1/2 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.72 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.16 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	0.75 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	6.9	52%	12.8	34%
Natural Land	1.3	10%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	1.2	9%	24.0	65%
Impervious Runoff	3.9	29%	0.2	1%
TOTAL	13.2		37.0	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 12.3 mg/l

Housing density = 1.5 times baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.61 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.29 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	2.24 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.9	33%	10.8	13%
Natural Land	1.1	6%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	3.6	20%	72.0	86%
Impervious Runoff	7.1	40%	0.4	1%
TOTAL	17.6		83.2	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 20.9 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Jordan Acres Subdivision

Housing density = 2 times baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.55 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.35 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	2.98 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.3	27%	9.8	9%
Natural Land	1.0	5%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	4.8	24%	95.9	90%
Impervious Runoff	8.7	44%	0.5	1%
TOTAL	19.8		106.3	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 23.7 mg/l

Average nitrate-N concentration in recharge is < or = 10 mg/l.

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.74 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.13 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	2.97 people
4. Housing density	0.45 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	30.70 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	9.70 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	9.70 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	6.90 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	7.1	58%	13.1	47%
Natural Land	1.3	11%	0.0	0%
Wastewater	0.7	6%	14.4	52%
Impervious Runoff	3.2	26%	0.2	1%
TOTAL	12.4		27.8	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 9.9 mg/l

Village Green Cutting BURBs Simulations

Baseline values

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precipitation	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/vr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/vr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	4.8	28%	7.3	13%
Natural Land	4.1	24%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	2.2	13%	46.6	86%
Impervious Runoff	6.4	36%	0.4	1%
TOTAL	17.5		54.4	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

13.7 mg/l

High drainfield density

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.33 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.39 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	2.32 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/vr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/vr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	3.9	18%	5.9	6%
Natural Land	3.3	15%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	4.4	20%	93.2	93%
Impervious Runoff	10.4	47%	0.7	1%
TOTAL	21.9		99.8	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

20.0 mg/l

Village Green Cutting BURBs Simulations

Low drainfield density

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.45 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.17 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.58 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.3	35%	8.0	25%
Natural Land	4.5	30%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	1.1	7%	23.3	74%
Impervious Runoff	4.4	29%	0.3	1%
TOTAL	15.3		31.7	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

9.1 mg/l

Wet year

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	44.88 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	23.88 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	23.88 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	9.8	34%	7.4	14%
Natural Land	8.4	29%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	2.2	8%	46.6	85%
Impervious Runoff	8.7	30%	0.5	1%
TOTAL	29.1		54.6	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

8.3 mg/l

Village Green Cutting BURBs Simulations

Dry year

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	25.20 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.20 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.20 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	inches/yr	percent	lbs/acre/yr	percent
Turf	1.7	17%	7.3	13%
Natural Land	1.5	14%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	2.2	21%	46.6	86%
Impervious Runoff	4.9	48%	0.3	1%
TOTAL	10.3		54.2	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 23.2 mg/l

Five percent (5%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precipitation	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	inches/yr	percent	lbs/acre/yr	percent
Turf	4.8	32%	1.5	76%
Natural Land	4.1	27%	0.1	3%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	6.4	42%	0.4	21%
TOTAL	15.3		1.9	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 0.6 mg/l

Village Green Cutting BURBs Simulations

Ten percent (10%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precipitation	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.10 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	4.8	32%	2.9	86%
Natural Land	4.1	27%	0.1	2%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	6.4	42%	0.4	12%
TOTAL	15.3		3.4	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 1.0 mg/l

Twenty percent (20%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precipitation	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.20 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	4.8	32%	5.9	93%
Natural Land	4.1	27%	0.1	1%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	6.4	42%	0.4	6%
TOTAL	15.3		6.3	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 1.8 mg/l

Village Green Cutting BURBs Simulations

Twenty-five percent (25%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precipitation	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	4.8	32%	7.3	94%
Natural Land	4.1	27%	0.1	1%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	6.4	42%	0.4	5%
TOTAL	15.3		7.8	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 2.2 mg/l

Thirty percent (30%) of fertilizer leaches, no wastewater

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precipitation	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.30 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	4.8	32%	8.8	95%
Natural Land	4.1	27%	0.1	1%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	6.4	42%	0.4	4%
TOTAL	15.3		9.3	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 2.7 mg/l

Village Green Cutting BURBs Simulations

Forty percent (40%) of fertilizer leaches.

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precipitation	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.40 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	1.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	4.8	32%	11.7	96%
Natural Land	4.1	27%	0.1	1%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	6.4	42%	0.4	3%
TOTAL	15.3		12.2	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 3.5 mg/l

Average nitrate-N concentration is less than 10 mg/l

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.44 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.18 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.67 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.2	33%	7.9	22%
Natural Land	4.5	28%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	1.3	8%	26.9	77%
Impervious Runoff	4.8	30%	0.3	1%
TOTAL	15.7		35.1	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 9.9 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Village Green Subdivision

Baseline values

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	4.8	28%	7.3	13%
Natural Land	4.1	24%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	2.2	13%	46.6	86%
Impervious Runoff	6.4	36%	0.4	1%
TOTAL	17.5		54.4	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 13.7 mg/l

Housing density = 0

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.49 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.09 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.00 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.8	44%	8.8	97%
Natural Land	4.9	38%	0.1	1%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	2.4	18%	0.2	2%
TOTAL	13.1		9.0	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 3.0 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Village Green Subdivision

Housing density = 1/4 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.47 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.13 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.29 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.5	39%	8.4	41%
Natural Land	4.7	33%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	0.6	4%	11.6	57%
Impervious Runoff	3.4	24%	0.2	1%
TOTAL	14.2		20.3	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

6.3 mg/l

Housing density = 1/3 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.46 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.14 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.39 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.5	37%	8.3	34%
Natural Land	4.7	32%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	0.7	5%	15.5	64%
Impervious Runoff	3.7	25%	0.2	1%
TOTAL	14.6		24.1	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

7.3 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Village Green Subdivision

Housing density = 1/2 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.45 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.17 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.58 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	inches/yr	percent	lbs/acre/yr	percent
Turf	5.3	35%	8.0	25%
Natural Land	4.5	30%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	1.1	7%	23.3	74%
Impervious Runoff	4.4	29%	0.3	1%
TOTAL	15.3		31.7	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 9.1 mg/l

Housing density = 1.5 times baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.37 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.32 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.74 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	inches/yr	percent	lbs/acre/yr	percent
Turf	4.4	22%	6.6	9%
Natural Land	3.7	19%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	3.3	17%	69.9	91%
Impervious Runoff	8.4	42%	0.5	1%
TOTAL	19.7		77.1	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 17.2 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Village Green Subdivision

Housing density = 2 times baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.33 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.39 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	2.32 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	3.9	18%	5.9	6%
Natural Land	3.3	15%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	4.4	20%	93.2	93%
Impervious Runoff	10.4	47%	0.7	1%
TOTAL	21.9		99.8	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 20.0 mg/l

Average nitrate-N concentration in recharge is < or = 10 mg/l.

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.44 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.18 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.67 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	11.78 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	11.78 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.90 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.25 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	5.2	33%	7.9	22%
Natural Land	4.5	28%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	1.3	8%	26.9	77%
Impervious Runoff	4.8	30%	0.3	1%
TOTAL	15.7		35.1	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 9.9 mg/l

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Subdivisions with Fine-textured Soils

Baseline values

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.41 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.24 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.16 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	1.6	27%	1.5	3%
Natural Land	1.4	23%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	2.2	36%	46.6	97%
Impervious Runoff	0.8	14%	0.1	0%
TOTAL	6.1		48.2	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 34.9 mg/l

Housing density = 0

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.49 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.09 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.00 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	2.0	50%	1.8	95%
Natural Land	1.7	42%	0.1	4%
Wastewater	0.0	0%	0.0	0%
Impervious Runoff	0.3	8%	0.0	1%
TOTAL	4.0		1.8	

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Subdivisions with Fine-textured Soils

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 2.1 mg/l
Housing density = 1/8 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.48 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.11 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.15 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	1.9	46%	1.7	22%
Natural Land	1.6	39%	0.1	1%
Wastewater	0.3	7%	5.8	76%
Impervious Runoff	0.4	9%	0.0	0%
TOTAL	4.2		7.6	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge 8.0 mg/l

Housing density = 1/4 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.47 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.13 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.29 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	1.9	42%	1.7	13%
Natural Land	1.6	36%	0.1	1%
Wastewater	0.6	12%	11.6	87%
Impervious Runoff	0.5	10%	0.0	0%
TOTAL	4.5		13.4	

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Subdivisions with Fine-textured Soils

Nitrogen concentration in recharge
Housing density = 1/3 baseline

13.2 mg/l

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.46 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.14 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.39 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/vr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/vr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	1.9	40%	1.7	10%
Natural Land	1.6	34%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	0.7	16%	15.5	90%
Impervious Runoff	0.5	11%	0.0	0%
TOTAL	4.7		17.3	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

16.3 mg/l

Housing density = 1/2 baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.45 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.17 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.58 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/vr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/vr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	1.8	36%	1.6	6%
Natural Land	1.5	31%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	1.1	22%	23.3	93%
Impervious Runoff	0.6	12%	0.0	0%
TOTAL	5.0		25.0	

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Subdivisions with Fine-textured Soils

Nitrogen concentration in recharge
Housing density = 1.5 times baseline

21.9 mg/l

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.37 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.32 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	1.74 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	1.5	21%	1.3	2%
Natural Land	1.3	18%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	3.3	46%	69.9	98%
Impervious Runoff	1.1	16%	0.1	0%
TOTAL	7.2		71.3	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

43.9 mg/l

Housing density = 2 times baseline

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.33 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.39 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	2.32 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	1.3	16%	1.2	1%
Natural Land	1.1	14%	0.1	0%
Wastewater	4.4	54%	93.2	99%
Impervious Runoff	1.4	17%	0.1	0%

BURBs Simulations Varying Lot Size for Subdivisions with Fine-textured Soils

TOTAL

8.2

94.5

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

50.7 mg/l

Average nitrate-N concentration in recharge is < or = 10 mg/l.

1. Fraction of land in turf	0.48 fraction
2. Fraction of land which is impervious	0.12 fraction
3. Average persons per dwelling	3.53 people
4. Housing density	0.20 dwellings/acre
5. Precipitation rate	32.78 inches/year
6. Water recharged from turf	4.00 inches/year
7. Water recharged from natural land	4.00 inches/year
8. Evaporation from impervious surface	0.10 fraction
9. Runoff from impervious recharged	0.12 fraction
10. Home water use per person	40.00 gallons/day
11. Nitrogen concentration in precip.	0.25 mg/l
12. Nitrogen concentration in water used	11.30 mg/l
13. Turf fertilization rate	1.60 lbs/1000 sq ft
14. Fraction of nitrogen leached from turf	0.05 fraction
15. Fraction of wastewater N lost as gas	0.00 fraction
16. Wastewater fraction removed by Sewer	0.00 fraction
17. Nitrogen per person in wastewater	10.00 lbs/year
18. Nitrogen removal rate of natural land	0.90 fraction

Results

	WATER RECHARGED		NITROGEN LEACHED	
	<u>inches/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>	<u>lbs/acre/yr</u>	<u>percent</u>
Turf	1.9	44%	1.7	17%
Natural Land	1.6	37%	0.1	1%
Wastewater	0.4	9%	8.0	82%
Impervious Runoff	0.4	10%	0.0	0%
TOTAL	4.3		9.8	

Nitrogen concentration in recharge

10.0 mg/l

APPENDIX C

Homeowner Survey

A GROUNDWATER PROTECTION SURVEY
FOR THE RESIDENTS OF THE VILLAGE GREEN ESTATES AREA
AND JORDAN ACRES ESTATES, PORTAGE COUNTY
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN, MAY, 1987

1. What year was your home constructed? _____
2. Has your septic system been replaced since original construction?
_____ Yes _____ No _____ Don't Know
3. How often do you have your septic tank pumped?
Once every _____ months
Once every _____ years
_____ Never
_____ Don't know
4. Approximately when did you last have your septic tank pumped?
_____ (MONTH) of _____ (YEAR)
5. Has your well been replaced or upgraded since original construction?
_____ Yes _____ No _____ Don't Know
6. How deep is the well? _____ feet
7. My answer to question 6 on the depth of my well is:
_____ an estimate. _____ a number I am certain of.
8. What is the depth to water in the well? _____ feet
9. The diameter of my well is:
_____ A. Two inches or less.
_____ B. Four inches.
_____ C. Greater than four inches.

10. Is the well a: (CHECK APPROPRIATE RESPONSE)

_____ A. Drilled well?

_____ B. Driven (sandpoint) well?

_____ C. Other (PLEASE SPECIFY) _____

11. Do you employ a commercial lawn care service? (CHECK APPROPRIATE ANSWER)

_____ A. No (IF NO, GO TO QUESTION 12 NEXT)

_____ B. Yes (IF YES, ANSWER QUESTIONS 11A - 11E NEXT)

11A. If yes, check the name of your commercial lawn care service.

_____ A. Chemlawn

_____ B. Green World

_____ C. Rich's Lawn Care

_____ D. Spring Green

_____ E. Sunshine

_____ F. Other (PLEASE SPECIFY) _____

11B. How many times in a year does the commercial lawn service apply fertilizer? (CHECK APPROPRIATE RESPONSE)

_____ Weekly during growing season

_____ Twice a month during growing season

_____ Monthly during growing season

_____ Twice a year

_____ Once a year

_____ Never

11C. How many times in a year does the commercial lawn service apply herbicides or weed killers? (CHECK APPROPRIATE RESPONSE)

_____ Weekly during growing season

_____ Twice a month during growing season

_____ Monthly during growing season

_____ Twice a year

_____ Once a year

_____ Never

11D. How many times in a year does the commercial lawn service apply insecticides? (CHECK APPROPRIATE RESPONSE)

_____ Weekly during growing season

_____ Twice a month during growing season

_____ Monthly during growing season

_____ Twice a year

_____ Once a year

_____ Never

11E. How many times in a year does the commercial lawn service apply fungicides? (CHECK APPROPRIATE RESPONSE AND GO TO QUESTION 16 NEXT)

- ☐ Weekly during growing season
- ☐ Twice a month during growing season
- ☐ Monthly during growing season
- ☐ Twice a year
- ☐ Once a year
- ☐ Never

12. How many times a year do you fertilize your own lawn? Include the times you use fertilizer alone, and the times you use a mixture of fertilizer and crabgrass killer, weed and feed, or fertilizer and insect killer.

☐ times a year on average (ANSWER QUESTION 12A NEXT)

☐ I do not fertilize my lawn (ANSWER QUESTION 16 NEXT)

12A. Please check the brand(s) of fertilizer you used in the past year?

- ☐ Ace (Koos) (28-4-8)
- ☐ Fleet Farm BCA Estate Lawn Fertilizer (26-7-7)
- ☐ Frank's Greenvue (30-4-4)
- ☐ Frank's Supreme Lawn Builder (27-3-3)
- ☐ FS Cooperative or generic fertilizer: 10-10-10
- ☐ FS Cooperative or generic fertilizer: 12-12-12
- ☐ FS Cooperative or generic fertilizer: 17-17-17
- ☐ FS Cooperative or generic fertilizer: 20-10-10
- ☐ FS Cooperative or generic fertilizer: 20-10-5
- ☐ FS Cooperative or generic fertilizer: 6-24-24
- ☐ Hardware Hank Turf Builder (26-3-3)
- ☐ K-Mart (27-3-3)
- ☐ Scotts Turf Builder (28-3-3)
- ☐ Wolohan's Turf Food (27-3-3)
- ☐ Other (PLEASE SPECIFY) _____

12B. When I fertilize my lawn, I usually (CHECK APPROPRIATE RESPONSE)

- _____ use the amount specified on the bag.
- _____ use more than the amount specified on the bag.
- _____ use less than the amount specified on the bag.
- _____ don't read the bag.

13. Do you use a slow-release nitrogen fertilizer on your lawn?

- _____ Yes
- _____ No
- _____ Don't Know

14. How many times a year do you apply a mixture of fertilizer and broadleaf weed killer (weed and feed) on the lawn?

- _____ times a year on average (ANSWER QUESTION 14A NEXT)
- _____ Never (ANSWER QUESTION 15 NEXT)

14A. Please check the brand(s) of weed and feed you used in the past year?

- _____ Ace (Koos) Weed and Feed (22-3-6)
- _____ Fleet Farm BCA Estate Weed and Feed (24-4-4)
- _____ Frank's Supreme Lawn Builder plus Trimec (25-3-3)
- _____ FS Cooperative
- _____ Hardware Hank Weed and Feed (25-3-3)
- _____ K-Mart (25-3-3)
- _____ Scotts Turf Builder Plus 2 (27-3-3)
- _____ Wolohan's Weed and Feed (25-3-3)
- _____ Other (PLEASE SPECIFY) _____

15. How many times a year do you apply a crabgrass killer on your lawn?

- _____ times a year on average (ANSWER QUESTION 15A NEXT)
- _____ Never (ANSWER QUESTION 16 NEXT)

15A. Please check the brand(s) of crabgrass killer you used last year?

_____ Fleet Farm (22-3-11)

_____ Frank's Supreme Crabgrass Killer (25-3-3)

_____ FS Cooperative

_____ Hardware Hank

_____ K-Mart

_____ Scotts Turf Builder Plus Halts (27-3-3)

_____ Other (PLEASE SPECIFY) _____

16. Have you used any of the following insecticides on your lawn, trees, shrubs, ornamentals or garden in the past year? If no, please circle None. If yes, please circle the approximate number of undiluted cups you used for each insecticide during the last year.

(CIRCLE APPROPRIATE RESPONSE FOR EACH INSECTICIDE)

		Number Of Cups				
		0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
A. Baygon (propoxur)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
B. Diazinon	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
C. Dursban (chlorpyrifos)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
D. Dylox (trichlorfon)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
E. Dymet	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
F. Kelthane (difocol)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
G. Malathion	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
H. Mesurol (methiocarb)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
I. Oftanol (isophenphos)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
J. Orthene (acephate)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
K. Proxol (trichlorphon)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
L. Sevin (carbaryl)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
M. Turcam (bendiocarb)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10
N. Other (name it)	None	0-1	1-2	2-5	5-10	over 10

17. On average, how often do you mow your lawn during the summer? (CHECK ONE)

- ☐ More than once a week
☐ Once a week
☐ Twice a month
☐ Less than twice a month

18. Do you remove the clippings from the lawn after mowing? (CHECK ONE)

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

19. On average, how often do you water your lawn during the summer? (CHECK ONE)

- ☐ Every day
☐ Every other day
☐ Once a week
☐ Once every two weeks
☐ Never

20. Please list the brand name for each of the following home cleaning products that you use, and how many times you use these products in a typical month.
(FILL IN BLANKS FOR EACH PRODUCT USED)

Products	Brand Name	# Of Uses Per Month
BATHROOM:		
A. Toilet bowl cleaner (e.g., Vanish, Lysol, etc.)	_____	_____
B. Spray product for cleaning bathroom tile, sink, etc. (e.g., Tough Act, Fantastic, Lysol, etc.)	_____	_____
C. Cleanser (e.g., Comet, Ajax, etc.)	_____	_____
D. Drain cleaner (e.g., Drano, Liquid Drano, Liquid Plumber, etc.)	_____	_____
E. Floor cleaner (e.g., Brite, Future, Spic and Span, etc.)	_____	_____
F. Rust or lime remover (Lime-A-Way, etc.)	_____	_____
KITCHEN:		
G. Cleanser (e.g., Comet, Ajax, etc.)	_____	_____
H. Garbage disposal cleaner (e.g., Disposer Care, etc.)	_____	_____

(FILL IN BLANKS FOR EACH PRODUCT USED)

Products	Brand Name	# Of Uses Per Month
I. Spray product for cutting grease (e.g., Fantastic, Pine Power, etc.)	_____	_____
J. Floor cleaner (e.g., Brite, Future, Spic and Span, etc.)	_____	_____
LAUNDRY:		
K. Laundry detergent (e.g., Era, Tide, Cheer, etc.)	_____	_____
L. Powdered bleach (e.g., Snowy, Clorox, etc.)	_____	_____
M. Powdered laundry sanitizer (Lysol)	_____	_____
N. Chlorine bleach (e.g., Clorox, Hilex, etc.)	_____	_____
O. Rust remover	_____	_____
P. Spot remover	_____	_____
SEPTIC SYSTEM CARE:		
Q. Septic system additives or aids	_____	_____
R. Drainfield root killers	_____	_____
OTHER:		
S. Carpet cleaners (solvent-based)	_____	_____
T. Wood paneling or wood floor cleaners	_____	_____
U. Wood oils (Danish)	_____	_____

21. A person's hobby or occupation can result in using many different materials. For each of the following, first indicate how often you use it in a typical month, and then where you dispose of this material when finished?

Materials	Level of Use # uses per month	Disposal Location		
		Septic System	Yard	Other*
A. Paint thinner	_____	_____	_____	_____
B. Paint or varnish stripper	_____	_____	_____	_____
C. Paint	_____	_____	_____	_____
D. Motor oil	_____	_____	_____	_____
E. Antifreeze	_____	_____	_____	_____
F. Engine flush	_____	_____	_____	_____
G. Engine or driveway degreaser	_____	_____	_____	_____
H. Other car care products	_____	_____	_____	_____
I. Pesticides	_____	_____	_____	_____
J. Fertilizers	_____	_____	_____	_____
K. Photo developing chemicals	_____	_____	_____	_____
L. Chemicals used in printing	_____	_____	_____	_____
M. Metal cleaners	_____	_____	_____	_____
N. Glue	_____	_____	_____	_____

* landfill, Clean Sweep, recycling, burning

You will be visited by an interviewer in the coming weeks who will pick up the questionnaire. At that time, the interviewer will also help you to construct a drawing of your lot that will identify the following items:

1. The size and location of your home
2. Well location and relevant characteristics (e.g., depth, etc.)
3. Location of septic tank and relevant characteristics (e.g., age, size)
4. Location of the septic tank's soil absorption field
4. Distances to lot lines from structures
5. Amount of paved area on your lot
6. Amount of mowed lawn
7. Amount of garden

You may wish to find any records you have of this information before the interviewer arrives.

These questions ask your opinion about the extent and causes of groundwater contamination in this area. Remember that there are no right or wrong answers to these questions. Only your opinion counts.

22. Do you believe that groundwater contamination in Portage County is:
(CHECK ONE)

_____ A. A Very Serious Problem.

_____ B. A Serious Problem

_____ C. A Minor Problem

_____ D. No Problem At All

22A. (ANSWER ONLY IF ANSWER TO QUESTION 22 WAS "VERY SERIOUS" OR "SERIOUS")

Who do you believe is the major source of this groundwater problem?

23. Do you believe that groundwater contamination in this subdivision is:
(CHECK ONE)

_____ A. A Very Serious Problem.

_____ B. A Serious Problem

_____ C. A Minor Problem .

_____ D. No Problem At All

23A. (ANSWER ONLY IF ANSWER TO QUESTION 23 WAS "VERY SERIOUS" OR "SERIOUS")

Who do you believe is the major source of this groundwater problem?

PLEASE CHOOSE ONE OF
THE FOLLOWING RESPONSES
TO QUESTIONS 24 - 35:

SA - Strongly Agree with statement
A - Agree with statement
U - Uncertain about statement
D - Disagree with statement
SD - Strongly Disagree with statement

(CIRCLE SELECTED RESPONSE)

- | | |
|---|---------------------|
| 24. Too much emphasis is being placed on the problem of chemicals in drinking water in Wisconsin. | SA A U D SD |
| 25. I feel confident that my well water is safe to drink. | SA A U D SD |
| 26. Educating people on how their actions cause groundwater pollution is the most effective solution to groundwater problems. | SA A U D SD |
| 27. Laws regulating people and businesses are the only way to control groundwater contamination. | SA A U D SD |
| 28. Individual actions taken by a homeowner can make a significant difference in groundwater quality in a subdivision. | SA A U D SD |
| 29. Individual homeowners can cause the pollution of their own water supplies. | SA A U D SD |
| 30. Property values are being affected by water quality problems in this subdivision. | SA A U D SD |
| 31. One way to protect the groundwater in this subdivision is if all the residents work together in controlling contaminants. | SA A U D SD |
| 32. What we do in this household has no impact on our groundwater quality. | SA A U D SD |
| 33. Subdivisions with water quality problems should have municipal sewer and water service provided by local government. | SA A U D SD |
| 34. Annexation to the city of Stevens Point is an acceptable option for obtaining municipal sewer and water service. | SA A U D SD |
| 35. Having municipal sewer and water would increase the value of my home. | SA A U D SD |

36. Based on your understanding of the situation, which of the following problems have been experienced as a result of groundwater pollution in Portage County? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)

- ☐ A. Farm animal illness or decreased productivity.
- ☐ B. Area less attractive to businesses.
- ☐ C. Buying bottled water or hauling drinking water.
- ☐ D. Conflict between agricultural and residential land uses.
- ☐ E. Decreased fish production in streams.
- ☐ F. Human stress or illness.
- ☐ G. Loss of clean drinking water.
- ☐ H. Loss of property values.
- ☐ I. Lower quality of life.
- ☐ J. Other (PLEASE SPECIFY) _____

37. If the water supplies of you and your neighbors were found to be contaminated, approximately what price would you be willing to pay to be connected to municipal sewer and water? (Typically, costs for this connection range from \$4500 to \$8500) (CHECK ANSWER)

- ☐ A. Zero
- ☐ B. \$1-1000
- ☐ C. \$1000-2000
- ☐ D. \$2000-5000
- ☐ E. \$5000-8000
- ☐ F. Over \$8000

38. Approximately how much do you think that having municipal sewer and water would increase the value of your property? (CHECK ANSWER)

- ☐ A. None
- ☐ B. \$1-1000
- ☐ C. \$1000-2000
- ☐ D. \$2000-5000
- ☐ E. \$5000-7000
- ☐ F. Over \$7000

39. My sex is _____ male _____ female

40. My age on my last birthday was _____.

41. What is the highest grade of regular school you have ever attended?

- A. _____ 8 years or less.
- B. _____ 9 to 12 years.
- C. _____ High school graduate.
- D. _____ Some college.
- E. _____ College graduate.

Thank you very much for your cooperation.

89072244197



b89072244197a

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-11-2009 BY 60322
UCBAW/STP/STP/STP/STP/STP

051106 Subdivision Impacts on
c.1 Groundwater Quality

DATE

ISSUED TO

Water Resources Center
University of Wisconsin - MSN
1975 Willow Drive
Madison, WI 53706

DEMCO

89072244197



B89072244197A