



Acute and chronic toxicity of nitrate to brook trout (*Salvelinus fontinalis*). [DNR-140]

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Project # 140

Acute and Chronic Toxicity of Nitrate to Brook Trout *Salvelinus Fontinalis*

Summary

Title: Acute and chronic toxicity of nitrate to brook trout *Salvelinus fontinalis*

Project ID: 3230 DNR project number

Investigators: Principal Investigator, Ronald Crunkilton, Associate Professor of Water Resources, University of Wisconsin, Stevens Point, WI , Project Assistant, Todd Johnson, M.S. candidate University of Wisconsin, Stevens Point, WI ,

Period of Contract: July 1, 1998- June 30, 2000

Background/Need: Nitrates in surface waters of the Little Plover River, a cold groundwater fed stream located in central Wisconsin, have increased from about 2 mg/L NO₃-N in the 1960s to over 8 mg/L NO₃-N by 1997. In groundwater upwelling zones on the Little Plover River, nitrate concentrations can exceed 28 mg/L NO₃-N. Nitrate may be a potential problem for the successful recruitment of cold water species such as brook trout, because they prefer to spawn in groundwater upwelling zones in streams and lakes. Water from upwelling zones flush fines from the redd, provide oxygen, and remove metabolic wastes produced by the embryos. Typical incubation times range from 32 to 165 days depending on temperature. During incubation, the embryo is buried in the substrate, where it may be exposed to high concentrations of nitrate for an extended period, until emergence or swim-up.

Objectives: The purpose of this study was to determine the acute and chronic toxicity of nitrate to feral and domestic brook trout (*Salvelinus fontinalis*) embryos and larvae, in moderately hard and soft water and to predict the potential for nitrate toxicity to brook trout in Wisconsin streams.

Methods: The acute and chronic toxicity of nitrate to brook trout embryos and fry was measured in short-term (96-h) and long-term (96-d) exposures. The endpoints measured were mortality and growth. Two domestic strains and one feral strain were tested.

Results and Discussion: Exposure to nitrate at environmentally realistic concentrations significantly increased mortality in brook trout embryos and reduced growth or biomass in long-term exposures. The lowest observable effect concentration was 6.25 mg/L NO₃-N for both mortality and growth of feral brook trout. The lowest observable effect concentration was 12.5 mg/L NO₃-N for mortality in domestic brook trout embryos and 100 mg/L NO₃-N for biomass reduction. Mortality was greater in soft water compared to hard water and the effect was independent of nitrate concentration. The 96-hour LC₅₀ values for the domestic and feral brook trout were 2151.4 and 2645.3 mg/L NO₃-N respectively.

Conclusions: Concentrations of nitrate in groundwater are a concern because they influence surface water and because trout actively seek out groundwater upwelling zones

for spawning. The Little Plover River derives more than 40% of its base flow from groundwater. Concentrations of nitrate in groundwater feeding central Wisconsin streams such as the Little Plover River and the Plover River range from 2.8 to 37.8 mg/L NO₃-N. In some areas of upwelling in the Little Plover River, nitrate concentrations average 15.5 mg/L and specific sites of upwelling have reached 28 mg/L NO₃-N. Projected nitrate concentrations for areas of surface water for the Plover River, WI are estimated to reach 28.1 mg/L NO₃-N under current land practices by 2005. Trends in the Whiting, WI (Central Wisconsin sand plains near Stevens Point) well-field and Little Plover River support the notion that nitrate concentration will rise to over 8 mg/L in the surface water.

Concentrations of nitrate in the surface waters of the mid-west U. S. are a concern because they fall within ranges that are harmful to aquatic organisms. Fifty-three rivers sampled by the USGS in 1994 and 1995 in the 9 mid-western states (Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio and Wisconsin) indicated. Eighty-eight percent had concentrations that exceeded 2 mg/L NO₃-N, while 43 % had concentrations exceeding 6 mg/L NO₃-N. Kincheloe et al. (1979) suggested 2 mg/L NO₃-N as a guideline for protection of developing salmonid embryos in soft water. Effect levels reported for domestic and feral brook trout in this study support the need for a similar guideline.

Under current conditions, there is the potential to have increased embryo mortality in brook trout in coldwater streams, especially in areas with high agricultural uses. To fully understand how nitrate affects aquatic organisms, in-situ tests should be performed to validate laboratory studies. Additional research is needed to expand our knowledge of ancillary effects seen in the current experiment, such as effects on behavior, nitrate avoidance and effects on different species of coldwater organisms.

Related

Publications: none yet submitted

Key Words: nitrate, brook trout, groundwater, toxicity

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Final Report: A final report containing more detailed information on this project is available for loan at the Water Resources Center, University of Wisconsin - Madison, 1975 Willow Drive, Madison, Wisconsin 53706 (608) 262-3069.

Abstract

Increasing concentration of nitrate in groundwater is becoming an environmental health concern. Nitrate levels in pore spaces of groundwater upwelling zones of the Little Plover River, a cold groundwater fed stream located in central Wisconsin, frequently exceed 30 mg/L NO₃-N (nitrate-nitrogen). This is a concern because brook trout, *Salvelinus fontinalis*, spawn within these zones exposing developing embryos to high concentrations of nitrate for extended periods of time. The effect of nitrate and water hardness was examined in developing embryos and fry of two domestic and one feral strain of brook trout. The lowest observable effect concentration for feral brook trout was 6.25 mg/L NO₃-N for both mortality in developing embryos (96-d test) and reduced growth in fry (14-d test) in hard water. The lowest observable effect concentration was 12.5 mg/L NO₃-N for mortality (96-d test) in domestic brook trout embryos and 100 mg/L NO₃-N for biomass reductions (14-d test) in fry. Mortality of embryos was greater in soft water compared to hard water and the effect was independent of nitrate concentration. The 96-hour LC₅₀ values for the domestic and feral brook trout fry were 2151.4 and 2645.3 mg/L NO₃-N respectively. Pre-exposure of developing embryos to nitrate slightly decreased acute toxicity in 96 hour tests indicating the potential for brook trout to develop some tolerance to subsequent high-level exposures. Under current conditions in central Wisconsin, there is the potential to have increased embryo mortality and reduced growth in brook trout in coldwater streams, especially in areas with high agricultural uses.

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Introduction

Nitrate has long been considered nontoxic to juvenile and adult fish (Westin, 1974), in part because other forms of nitrogen, such as nitrite and ammonia, are considered to be more toxic (Lewis and Morris, 1986). Because of these perceptions, nitrate was virtually ignored as a toxicant to aquatic organisms for a number of years. Nitrate is toxic in warm-blooded animals where it is converted to nitrite in the gut and reacts to form methemoglobin, which is incapable of carrying oxygen in the blood (Shuval and Gruener, 1972). Early developmental stages and young are particularly susceptible because they lack methemoglobin reductase, an enzyme responsible for restoring the oxygen carrying capacity of the hemoglobin (Shuval and Gruener, 1972; Bodansky, 1951).

More recently nitrate has been identified as a possible source of toxicity to early life stages of aquatic organisms. The 120-hour LC₅₀ values (lethal concentrations that kill 50 percent of the population) for early instars of the caddisflies *Hydropsyche occidentalis* and *Cheumatopsyche petite* ranged from 65.5 to 106.5 ppm nitrate-nitrogen (NO₃-N) (Camargo and Ward, 1992). The 96-hour LC₅₀ value for amphibian embryos (common frogs and toads) ranged from 13.21 to 39.3 mg/L NO₃-N (Hecnar, 1995). The LC₅₀ value for Oregon spotted frog and northwestern salamander (*Rana pretiosa* and *Ambystoma gracile*) during the tadpole stage was 16.45 and 23.39 mg/L NO₃-N, respectively (Marco et al., 1999). Other effects on cold-blooded organisms include increased egg mortality in steelhead trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) at 1.1 ppm NO₃-N, rainbow trout (*O. mykiss*) at 2.3 ppm NO₃-N and cutthroat trout (*Salvelinus clarki*) at 4.5 ppm NO₃-N (Kincheloe et al., 1979). These levels of nitrate are commonly found in

surface water drainages of the upper Midwest (Mechenich and Kraft, 1997; Stark, 1997; Peters et al., 1998; Mason et al., 1990).

Nitrogen enters watersheds from a variety of sources, including domestic and industrial sewage, animal feedlots, and fertilizer application (van Eerdt and Fong, 1998; Peters et al., 1998; Gellenbeck, 1994). The major source of nitrogen contamination of surface and groundwater is from agricultural application of nitrogen-based fertilizer (Toth and Fox, 1998; Guimera, 1998; Peters et al., 1998). Concentrations above 3 mg/L NO₃-N are considered elevated due to human activities (Madison and Brunett, 1984). Nitrates in surface waters of the Little Plover River, a cold groundwater fed stream located in central Wisconsin, have increased from about 2 mg/L NO₃-N in the 1960s to over 8 mg/L NO₃-N by 1997 (Mechenich and Kraft, 1997). In groundwater upwelling zones on the Little Plover River, nitrate concentrations can exceed 28 mg/L NO₃-N (Browne et al., In Review).

Nitrate may be a potential problem for the successful recruitment of cold water species such as brook trout, because they prefer to spawn in groundwater upwelling zones in streams and lakes. Water from upwelling zones flush fines from the redd, provide oxygen, and remove metabolic wastes produced by the embryos (Peters, 1965). Typical incubation times range from 32 to 165 days depending on temperature (Embody, 1934). During incubation, the embryo is buried in the substrate, where it may be exposed to high concentrations of nitrate for an extended period, until emergence or swim-up stage.

Brook trout occupy streams with a wide range of water hardness, which can alter toxicity of certain ions. Hardness is known to effect toxicity of heavy metals to a variety of aquatic organisms including fish (Erickson et al., 1996) and daphnia (Penttinen et al.,

1998) by effecting ion absorption (Bradley and Sprague, 1985). Calcium concentrations alter permeability of the chorion of fish embryos to some ions (Potts and Rudy, 1969). Water hardness may effect the uptake of nitrate in brook trout embryos, hence a potential for difference in toxicity.

The purpose of this study was to determine the acute and chronic toxicity of nitrate to feral and domestic brook trout (*Salvelinus fontinalis*) embryos and larvae, in moderately hard and soft water and to predict the potential for nitrate toxicity to brook trout in Wisconsin streams.

Methods

Brook trout strains

Two domestic and one feral strain of brook trout were tested. One domestic strain of brook trout was obtained from the St. Croix State hatchery, St. Croix, WI. The St. Croix domestic strain originated from the Pink Banks domestic strain in New Hampshire and has been held captive for over 30 years at the St. Croix hatchery. The second domestic strain, the Lake Superior coaster brook trout, was provided by the Red Cliff tribal fish hatchery, Red Cliff, WI. Coaster brook trout spawn in-stream, but live at least part of their life cycle in a lake (Becker, 1983). This strain of brook trout has been propagated within the hatchery for 10 years. Feral trout are captured wild trout, transported and held at a hatchery for a short time for spawning and then released. Feral brook trout were collected in late September from Melancthon Creek, Richland County

in southeastern Wisconsin and held for spawning in November at the Nevin State hatchery, Fitchburg, WI.

Spawning

Trout were artificially spawned using the dry method (Piper et al., 1982). Trout were separated by ripeness and sex, paired by availability of gender and then anesthetized. Eggs from one or two females were gently expressed into a dry pan. Milt from a single male was similarly expressed over the eggs, mixed with a feather, and allowed 5 minutes for fertilization to take place. Fertilized eggs were then volumetrically distributed in equal amounts to nitrate treatments of 100, 50, 25, 12.5 and 6.25 mg/L nitrate-nitrogen ($\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$) and a control. After distribution, a new set of trout were spawned and fertilized eggs were distributed in the same manner as described above until each nitrate treatment had approximately 1000 embryos. This required six to eight sets of trout. Fertilized embryos were rinsed and water hardened for one hour within the nitrate concentration used for each treatment. The embryos were transported to the University of Wisconsin, Stevens Point, during the shock resistant stage, within 8 hours after water hardening. The embryos for each treatment were then volumetrically measured to deliver approximately 100 embryos to each of eight replicate chambers within each treatment concentration.

Exposure system

Embryos were exposed in temperature controlled flow-through tanks. Each treatment consisted of a compartmentalized 54-L tank that contained eight replicate egg

baskets. Egg baskets consisted of 7.62 cm diameter PVC pipe, 16 cm high, with a fine polyethylene screen (33.6 x 33.6 strands per cm) affixed to the bottom and were partially submerged in the tank compartments. Egg baskets were hung from a rocker arm powered by a 12 V DC Dayton gear motor (Dayton Electric Inc. Chicago, Ill.) turning at 0.45 revolutions per minute.

A model Q fluid-metering pump (Fluid Metering Inc. Oyster Bay, NY) delivered a concentrated stock solution of reagent grade sodium nitrate (NaNO_3 , Fisher Scientific, lot # 960785) to a proportional flow-through diluter. The concentrated stock solution was diluted with soft or hard water to the specified nitrate treatment concentration and delivered in 2-L increments. Turnover of exposure water was once every 20 hours.

Exposure water

Hard water treatments for the flow-through tests consisted of municipal well water filtered through two 27 cm-diameter by 107 cm-vertical activated carbon filters, each containing 23 kg of carbon to remove chlorine.

Soft water, was prepared by adding 81.74 g sodium bicarbonate ~~nitrate~~ (NaHCO_3 , Fisher Scientific, lot # 987580) 51.09 g calcium sulfate dihydrate ($\text{CaSO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, ACROS lot # B0100958) 51.09 g magnesium sulfate anhydrous (MgSO_4 , Fisher Scientific, lot # 986620) and 3.41 g potassium chloride (KCl , Fisher Scientific, lot # 946305A) to 1700L of distilled water (APHA, 1992). Batches were stored in a 122 cm-diameter 183 cm vertical 2000L polyethylene tank (Norwesco, St. Bornifacius, MN). A $\frac{3}{4}$ horsepower Jacuzzi Magnum pump (Jacuzzi, Little Rock, AK) was used to vigorously mix and aerate the water for at least 24 hours before use. A Teel pump (model 3P715B) and a Teel

epoxy-lined pressure tank (model 3P557C, Dayton Electric MFG. Co. Chicago, Ill.) pumped water through an activated carbon filter to the flow-through system.

Embryo Mortality- 90 day

Mortality was assessed by counting and removing dead embryos. To minimize handling loss, dead embryos were not removed from test containers until eye pigmentation developed (eyed stage), about 30 days. Embryo testing lasted until yolk sac absorption and larvae started to actively search for food. This took approximately 90 days.

Chronic exposure-growth and biomass

Surviving larvae from the eight replicates in each treatment concentration were pooled after approximately 90 days, then 10 larvae were randomly distributed back into each of the eight replicate chambers of the same treatment concentration. Fry were fed excess brine shrimp (0.20 mL twice daily at 6-hour intervals). One hour after the second feeding uneaten brine shrimp was removed. Tests were terminated at day 14 and larvae were sacrificed using 70% isopropyl alcohol and rinsed in distilled water. Larvae were placed in pre-weighed aluminum drying pans and dried to a constant weight (less than 1% difference in weighing) at 105°C. Weight measurements were taken to 0.00001 g on an analytical balance (Mettler AE240- Greifensee, Switzerland) and recorded. Growth and biomass were the two endpoints measured. Growth is defined as total dry weight of each replicate divided by the number of larvae surviving in the replicate at the end of the test. This endpoint did not include the effect of mortality (< 16% for any treatment or the

control) that occurred during the 14-day test. Biomass is defined as the total dry weight of larvae from each replicate at the end of the test divided by 10, the number of larvae at the start of the test. Thus, this endpoint included the effect of mortality or biomass lost during the 14-day test.

Water chemistry for embryo mortality and chronic exposures

Water chemistry measurements for DO were taken with a dissolved oxygen meter (YSI model 58 - Yellow Springs, OH), pH was taken with a pH meter (Orion model 920 A - Boston, MA), hardness was determined by EDTA titration (APHA, 1992). Nitrate grab samples were analyzed by the Environmental Task Force Laboratory (Lachat Instruments, 1992).

Water for feral brook trout tests was characterized by temperature (8.5 to 9.0 °C), DO (8.62 to 11.75 mg/L O₂), total hardness (180 to 216 mg/L CaCO₃), and pH (7.28 to 8.24). Soft water for the Lake Superior domestic brook trout tests was characterized by temperature (7.9 to 12.0 °C), DO (7.54 to 12.14 mg/L O₂), total hardness (40 to 60 mg/L CaCO₃), and pH (7.00 to 8.22). Hard water for the Lake Superior domestic brook trout tests was characterized by temperature (7.8 to 8.0 °C), DO (7.41 to 12.00 mg/L O₂), total hardness (192 to 256 mg/L CaCO₃), and pH (7.28 to 8.22). These measurements were preformed daily. Embryos were kept in darkness until hatched after which embryos were put on a regime of 12-hour light 12-hour dark photoperiod. Nitrate concentrations were measured biweekly. Mean measured nitrate concentrations were within 20% of nominal nitrate concentrations. A complete characterization of all other chemical constituents measured during the test can be seen in Appendix A.

Acute toxicity testing

The 96-hour LC₅₀ of nitrate to brook trout fry with and without prior exposure to nitrate was determined. The St. Croix domestic strain and the feral strain of brook trout from Melancthon Creek were used. Both strains were tested at 96 days post-fertilization in hard water. The St. Croix domestic larvae were exposed to the nitrate concentrations of 25 and 100 mg/L NO₃-N until hatched (39 days) then moved to a clean water source (carbon filtered municipal tap water) for 57 days before starting tests. The feral larvae were continuously exposed in 25 and 100 mg/L NO₃-N nitrate treatments up to the start of the test. Control organisms were hatched and incubated in moderately hard water without added nitrate.

Larvae were exposed to a geometric series of five concentrations of reagent grade NaNO₃ (Fisher Scientific, lot # 960785) ranging from 1771 to 3000 mg/L NO₃-N in a 96-hour renewal test. Five larvae were placed in each of four replicates for each concentration. Two-L glass jars filled with 1500-mL test solution served as testing chambers. Test solutions were renewed daily with a stock solution prepared at the start of the test and stored at 4° C.

Tests were conducted in an environmental chamber with a photoperiod of 12 hours light to 12 hours dark. Test solutions were characterized by total hardness (160 to 172 mg/L as CaCO₃), pH (7.60 to 8.27), and DO (8.32 to 10.90 mg/L O₂), temperature (10°C ± 1°). Water chemistries were taken daily.

Dilution and control water was reconstituted moderately hard water prepared according to standard methods (APHA, 1992). Reconstituted water was from municipal

well water that was softened, deionized and pumped through a high purity water processor (Barnstead Nanopure model - D4741, Dubuque, Iowa) with one carbon, two ion exchange and one organic extraction filter in sequence resulting in type 1 reagent grade water.

Statistical analysis

Mortality data for the feral brook trout tested in hard water was analyzed using a one-way analysis of variance (one-way ANOVA) model with the Fisher's Least-Significant-Difference post hoc test to determine the no observable effect concentration (NOEC) and lowest observable effect concentration (LOEC) of nitrate. Mortality data for the Lake Superior domestic brook trout in hard and soft water was analyzed using a two-way analysis of variance (two-way ANOVA) model, to examine the effects of nitrate concentration and water hardness. The Fisher's Least-Significant-Difference post hoc test was used to determine the no observable effect concentration (NOEC) and lowest observable effect concentration (LOEC). The percent embryo mortality values for all tests were arcsine square root transformed prior to statistical analysis, normally distributed (Chi-square test for normality) and had equal variances (Hartley's test for homogeneity of variance).

The endpoints of the 14-day chronic exposures were measurements of growth and biomass. Growth and biomass in the feral brook trout were analyzed with a one-way ANOVA with the Fisher's Least-Significant-Difference post hoc test to determine the no observable effect concentrations (NOEC) and lowest observable effect concentrations (LOEC). Endpoints for the Lake Superior domestic brook trout were analyzed with one-

way ANOVA and the Fisher's Least-Significant-Difference post hoc test to determine the no observable effect concentration (NOEC) and lowest observable effect concentration (LOEC). One-way ANOVA was used because there was significant interaction between concentration and treatment in the two-way ANOVA ($p= 0.037591$). Data for the chronic tests were normally distributed (Chi-square test for normality) and had equal variances (Hartley's test for homogeneity of variance).

The LC₅₀ values for acute exposures of the feral brook trout from Melancthon Creek and St. Croix domestic brook trout larvae were determined by the Spearman-Karber procedure (West and Gully, 1996).

Results

Embryo mortality

Exposure to nitrate significantly increased ($p < 0.05$) mortality in feral brook trout embryos from Melancthon Creek (Table 1). This brook trout strain was tested in hard water only. The LOEC was 6.25mg/L NO₃-N, and the NOEC could not be statistically determined, but was below 6.25 mg/L NO₃-N (Figure 1). The average increase in the mortality at the LOEC was about 4% greater than the control. There was also a significant increase ($p<0.004$) in embryo mortality of Lake Superior domestic trout exposed to nitrate in hard and soft water (Table 2, Fig. 2a). Because the interaction between nitrate concentration and water hardness was unimportant in the two-way ANOVA, the response slopes for hard and soft water were assumed to be equal. Thus, the post hoc separation procedure identified 12.5 and 6.25 mg/L NO₃-N as the common

LOEC and NOEC values respectively (Fig. 2b). The average increase in mortality at the LOEC was about 5% greater than the control.

Chronic effects-growth and biomass in feral strain

Exposure to nitrate reduced growth ($p < 0.002$; average dry weight of surviving larvae) in feral brook trout larvae at day 14 (Table 3). This stain was tested in hard water only. The LOEC was 6.25 mg/L NO₃-N, and NOEC could not be determined, but was below 6.25 mg/L NO₃-N (Figure 3). The average weight at the LOEC was about 7% less than the control. Biomass (total dry weight of larvae divided by the number of larvae at the start of test) was not significantly different because higher mortality (16%) occurred in the control than in any of the nitrate treatments.

Chronic effects-growth and biomass domestic strain

Growth of the Lake Superior domestic strain was not significantly different in soft or hard water. Biomass for the Lake Superior domestic strain water was significant ($p < 0.05$) in soft, but not hard water (Table 4). The LOEC was 100 mg/L NO₃-N, with a NOEC at 50 mg/L NO₃-N (Figure 4). The average weight at the LOEC was about 20% less than the control. Larvae appeared to be more lethargic during feeding at the concentrations of 25, 50 and 100 mg/L NO₃-N than the control, 6.25 and 12.5 mg/L NO₃-N concentrations, but this apparent effect was not quantified.

Acute effects

Ninety-six-hour LC₅₀ values for St. Croix domestic and Melancthon Creek feral brook trout larvae (96-days old) were 2151.4 and 2645.3 mg/L NO₃-N respectively. When the developing embryos were exposed to 25 and 100 mg/L NO₃-N prior to testing the LC₅₀ values generally increased (Table 5).

Discussion

The effect range for mortality in brook trout embryos reported here is similar to results reported for several other species of cold-water fish. Kincheloe et al. (1979) examined mortality from incubation to hatch and then 30 days past yolk sac absorption for several species of salmonids and reported statistically significant increases in mortality at the p<0.05 value. Coho salmon (*Oncorhynchus kisutch*) showed no effect in concentrations up to 4.5 mg/L NO₃-N, while Chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawtscha*) had an increase in total mortality at 4.5 mg/L NO₃-N. The non-anadromous rainbow trout and cutthroat trout had an increased total mortality at 2.3 mg/L NO₃-N. The anadromous rainbow trout had an increased total mortality at 1.1 mg/L NO₃-N. These effect concentrations are similar to the range reported in the present study for brook trout.

Early developmental stages of other species of cold-blooded vertebrates have been reported to be sensitive to low levels of nitrate in acute tests. The 96-hour LC₅₀ for American toad (*Bufo americanus*) tadpoles was 13.6 and 39.3 mg/L NO₃-N in two populations. The 96-hour LC₅₀ of tadpoles for western chorus frog (*Pseudacris triseriata*), northern leopard frog tadpoles (*Rana pipiens*), and green frog tadpoles (*Rana*

clamitans melanota) was 17.0, 22.6 and 32.4 mg/L NO₃-N respectively (Hecnar, 1995). The 15 day LC₅₀ value for the Oregon spotted frog tadpole was 16.45 mg/L NO₃-N and the northwestern salamander larvae had a value of 23.39 mg/L NO₃-N tadpoles (Marco et al., 1999).

Certain species of aquatic insects have also been reported to be adversely affected by low concentrations of nitrate. The 120-hour LC₅₀ of the caddisflies was higher than the LOEC range for brook trout, but safe concentrations, 352-day LC_{0.01}, for the early instars of caddisflies (*C. peltiti* and *H. occidentalis*) were 1.4 and 2.4 ppm NO₃-N respectively (Camargo and Ward, 1995). The 120-hour LC₅₀ values for early instars of two caddisflies (*C. peltiti* and *H. occidentalis*) ranged from 65.5 to 106.5 ppm NO₃-N (Camargo and Ward, 1992).

Low water hardness decreased survival of brook trout embryos. We are unaware of any literature on the effect of hardness on nitrate toxicity. Hardness effects are well documented for other toxicants such as metals. Increased hardness from 30 to 60 mg/L CaCO₃ significantly (non-overlapping LC₅₀ confidence interval) reduced toxicity of AgNO₃ (silver nitrate) to rainbow trout after 96-hour acute exposure (Karen et al., 1999). Increased hardness from 31 to 387 mg/L CaCO₃ decreased the acute 96-hour rainbow trout LC₅₀ from 0.17 to 5.16 mg/L total Zn at pH 7 (Bradley and Sprague, 1985). A greater concentration of calcium outside of the cell may reduce uptake of potentially toxic ions that are similarly shaped or charged by reducing membrane permeability (Potts and Rudy, 1969). The slopes of the dose response curves for nitrate were similar in both hard and soft water (i.e. the interaction term in the two-way ANOVA was not significant) indicating there were no synergistic effects between these factor levels. The difference in

survival was uniform across all nitrate concentrations including the control suggesting that soft water alone was responsible for the increased toxicity.

Growth was reduced in brook trout exposed to nitrate for 14 days in this study. Research on other species has also shown effects on measures of growth. Ten-day LOAEL (lowest observable adverse effect level) for reduce weight and length for pacific tree frog and African clawed frog (*Pseudacris regilla* and *Xenopus laevis*) at early hind-limb bud stage ranged from <30.1 to 126.3 mg/L NO₃-N (Schuytema and Nebeker, 1999). At 9.0 and 23.0 mg/L NO₃-N decreased growth and increased mortality occurred in the tree frog (*Littoria caerulea*) tadpoles (Baker and Waights, 1994). At 10 mg/L NO₃-N significantly fewer chorus frog tadpoles were metamorphosing to adults (Heckman, 1995). Reduced growth was shown in rainbow trout after a 14-day flow-through exposure of 50 mg/L NO₃-N (Bance and Johnson, 1997).

In this study, brook trout exhibited a lower toxicity to short term nitrate exposure than other fishes. The 96-h LC₅₀ values for Chinook salmon (*Oncorhynchus tshawytscha*), rainbow trout, channel catfish (*Ictalurus punctatus*), fathead minnows (*Pimephales promelas*) and guadalupe bass (*Micropterus treculi*) all range from 1250 to 1400 mg/L NO₃-N, about half the value we found in brook trout (Scott and Crunkilton, in-press; Tomasso and Carmichael, 1986; Colt and Tchobanoglous, 1976; Westin 1974).

The acute toxicity of nitrate can vary between strains or populations. Feral brook trout had an overall higher tolerance to nitrate than the St. Croix domestic strain of brook trout. Two populations of American toads (*Bufo americanus*) tadpoles from Ojibway pond (Essex county, Ontario) had a 96-hour LC₅₀ value of 13.6 mg/L NO₃-N while American toads from Harrow pond (Essex county, Ontario) had a value of 39.3 mg/L

$\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$ (Hecnar 1995). Differences in toxicity to embryos of anadromous and non-anadromous rainbow trout have also been reported as previously described (Kincheloe et al., 1979).

There also seems to be a tolerance developed by early exposure to nitrate. The acute toxicity values show an increasing tolerance with early exposure at concentrations of 25 and 100 mg/L $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$. No references were found on the development of tolerance to nitrate, although it has been reported for other toxicants. The 48-hour LC₅₀ for rainbow trout larvae exposed to cadmium (Cd) was < 0.1 mg/L Cd, while for rainbow trout larvae pretreated for 7-days at 0.001 and 0.01 mg/L Cd had 48-hour LC₅₀ values of 0.11 and 1.5 mg/L Cd respectively (Pascoe and Beattie, 1979). In another study, the LC₅₀ of arsenic for rainbow trout increased from 13.2 mg/L to 19.7 mg/L after 21 days of pre-exposure at 0.22 mg/L (Dixon and Sprague, 1981).

Concentrations of nitrate in groundwater are a concern because they influence surface water and because trout actively seek out groundwater upwelling zones for spawning. The Little Plover River derives more than 40% of its base flow from groundwater. Concentrations of nitrate in groundwater feeding central Wisconsin streams such as the Little Plover River and the Plover River range from 2.8 to 37.8 mg/L $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$ (Albertson, 1998; Mechenich and Kraft, 1997). In some areas of upwelling in the Little Plover River, nitrate concentrations average 15.5 mg/L and specific sites of upwelling have reached 28 mg/L $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$ (Browne et al., In Review). Projected nitrate concentrations for areas of surface water for the Plover River, WI are estimated to reach 28.1 mg/L $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$ under current land practices for the year 2005 (Mechenich and Kraft, 1997). Trends in the Whiting, WI (Central Wisconsin sand plains near Stevens Point)

well-field and Little Plover River support the notion that nitrate concentration will rise to over 8 mg/L in the surface water (Mechenich and Kraft, 1997).

Surface waters in the mid-west U. S. are a concern because current nitrate levels are within ranges that are harmful to aquatic organisms. Fifty-three rivers sampled by the USGS in 1994 and 1995 in the 9 mid-western states (Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio and Wisconsin) had 6 rivers (11 %) with concentrations below 2 mg/L NO₃-N. Eighty-eight percent had concentrations that exceeded 2mg/L NO₃-N, while 43 % had concentrations exceeding 6 mg/L NO₃-N. Eleven percent had nitrate concentrations that exceeded 10 mg/L NO₃-N, and 9 % had levels greater than 12 mg/L NO₃-N (Scribner et al., 1998). Kincheloe et al. (1979) suggested 2 mg/L NO₃-N as a guideline for protection of developing salmonid embryos in soft water. Effect levels reported for domestic and feral brook trout in this study support the need for a similar guideline.

Under current conditions, there is the potential to have increased embryo mortality and reduced growth in brook trout in coldwater streams, especially in areas with high agricultural uses. The increase in mortality or reduction in growth at statistical effect levels was small less than 10%. The relevance of this magnitude of mortality to population of wild brook trout is unknown. To more fully understand how nitrate affects aquatic organisms, in-situ tests should be preformed to verify these laboratory studies. Additional research is also needed to expand knowledge of effects seen in the current experiment, such as effects on behavior, nitrate avoidance and effects on different species of coldwater organisms.

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Table 1. Mortality in feral brook trout (*Melancthon Creek*) embryos analyzed with one-way ANOVA and Fisher's Least-Significant post hoc test to determine differences from the control. Embryos were exposed to nitrate concentrations for 95 days post fertilization. Values are arcsine (square root (X)) transformed percent mortality.

1a. One-way ANOVA

Source	Sum of squares (transformed)	df	Mean-square	F-ratio	P-value
Concentration	0.000441	5	0.000088	3.312347	0.046034
Error	0.001119	42	0.000027		

1b. Fishers least-significant-difference post hoc test

Concentration	% mean mortality (Back transformed)	P-value
Control	0.051280	1.000000
6.25	0.129032	0.007490
12.5	0.093023	0.030294
25	0.122449	0.005017
50	0.096774	0.079486
100	0.080645	0.257955

Table 2. Mortality of Lake Superior strain domestic brook trout embryos in hard and soft water analyzed with two-way ANOVA and Fisher's Least-Significant post hoc test to determine differences within treatments. Embryos were exposed to nitrate and hardness treatments for 88 days post fertilization. Values are arcsine (square root (X)) transformed percent mortality data.

2a. Two-way ANOVA

Source	Sum of squares (transformed)	df	Mean-square	F-ratio	P
Water hardness	0.109361	1	0.109361	24.850871	0.000003
Nitrate Conc.	0.083498	5	0.016700	3.794784	0.003792
Interaction	0.049194	5	0.009839	2.235750	0.058126
Error	0.369657	84	0.004401		

2b. Fishers least-significant-difference post hoc test

Concentration	% mean mortality (back transformed)	P-value
Control	0.721305	1.000000
6.25	0.735811	0.488709
12.5	0.769220	0.021297
25	0.751709	0.153360
50	0.730544	0.659942
100	0.795124	0.003663

Table 3. Growth of feral brook trout larvae (Melancthon Creek) analyzed with one-way ANOVA and Fisher's Least-Significant post hoc test to determine differences from the control. Units are average dry weight (grams) per surviving larvae at end of 14-day exposure.

3a. One-way ANOVA

Source	Sum of squares	df	Mean-square	F-ratio	P
Concentration	0.000022	5	0.000004	4.798607	0.001471
Error	0.000039	42	0.000001		

3b. Fishers least-significant-difference post hoc test

Concentration	Growth	P-value
Control	0.014178	1.000000
6.25	0.013138	0.036848
12.5	0.013054	0.024605
25	0.013488	0.159576
50	0.012182	0.000164
100	0.012299	0.000344

Table 4. Biomass of Lake Superior domestic brook trout larvae analyzed with one-way ANOVA and Fisher's Least-Significant post hoc test to determine differences from the control. Units are average dry weight (grams) of ten larvae after 14-day exposure.

4a. One-way ANOVA

Source	Sum of squares	df	Mean-square	F-ratio	P
Concentration	0.000046	5	0.000009	2.487437	0.047175
Error	0.000147	40	0.000004		

4b. Fishers least-significant-difference post hoc test

Concentration	mean weight	P-value
Control	0.013085	1.000000
6.25	0.013315	0.811241
12.5	0.013521	0.662354
25	0.012911	0.856371
50	0.012079	0.299704
100	0.010505	0.012860

Table 5. Ninety-six-hour acute LC₅₀ values and 95 % confidence intervals, from Spearman-Karber procedure, for St. Croix domestic brook trout and feral brook trout (Melanchthon Creek) with and without pre-exposure to nitrate.

Pre-exposure concentration during incubation mg/L NO ₃ -N	St. Croix Domestic mg/L NO ₃ -N	Feral brook trout mg/L NO ₃ -N
Control	2151.4 (2063.2 – 2239.6)	2645.3 (2551.2 – 2739.5)
25	2254.0 (2093.4 – 2414.6)	2631.5 (2537.0 – 2725.9)
100	2569.4 (2435.0 – 2701.8)	2758.8 (2686.2 – 2831.4)

Figure 1. Average mortality of feral brook trout embryos from Melancthon Creek exposed to nitrate concentrations for 96 days post-fertilization. LOEC is determined by the first value to be statistically different from the control at the $p < 0.05$ level using Fishers least-significant-difference post hoc test. Vertical bars are \pm one standard error of the mean.

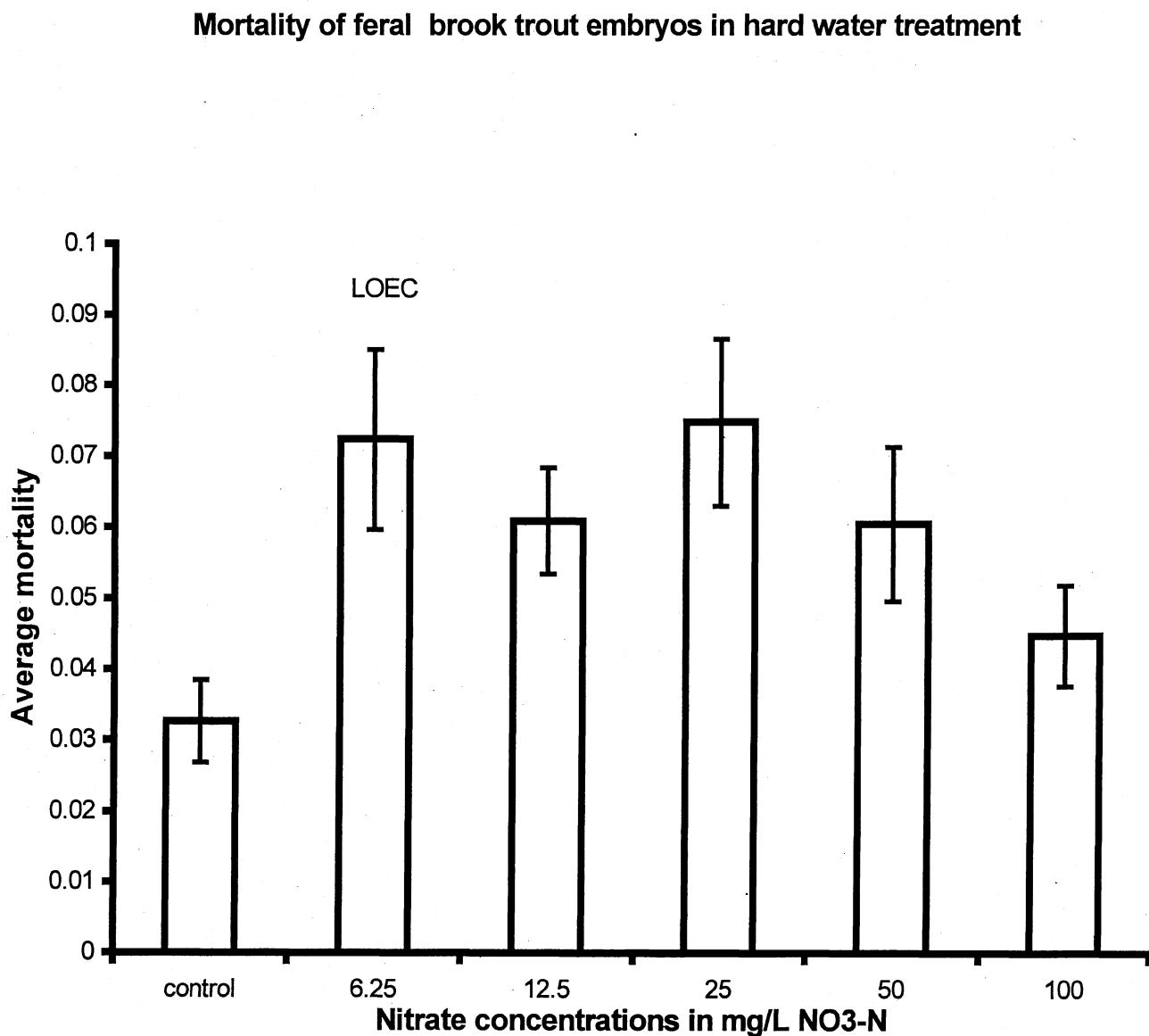


Figure 2. Effect of water hardness and nitrate concentration on embryo mortality in Lake Superior brook trout exposed for 96 days. Pooled values are from two-way ANOVA model. Vertical bars are \pm one standard error of the mean.

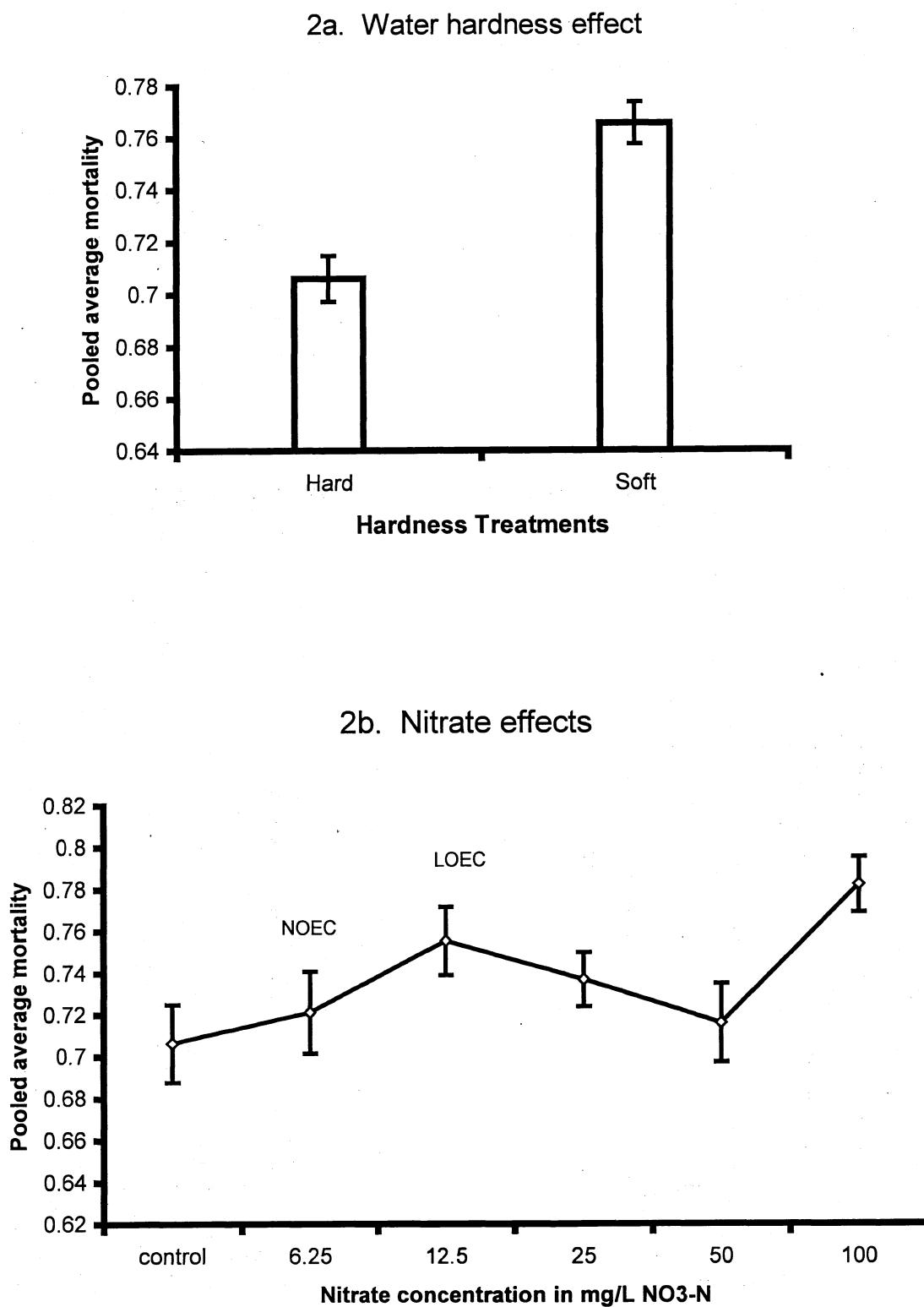


Figure 3. Average growth of feral brook trout larvae from Melancthon Creek exposed to nitrate concentrations for 14 days. LOEC is determined by the first value to be statistically different from the control at the $p<0.05$ level using Fishers least-significant-difference post hoc test. Vertical bars are \pm one standard error of the mean. Average dry weight of fish per replicate

Figure 3. Growth of feral brook trout larvae

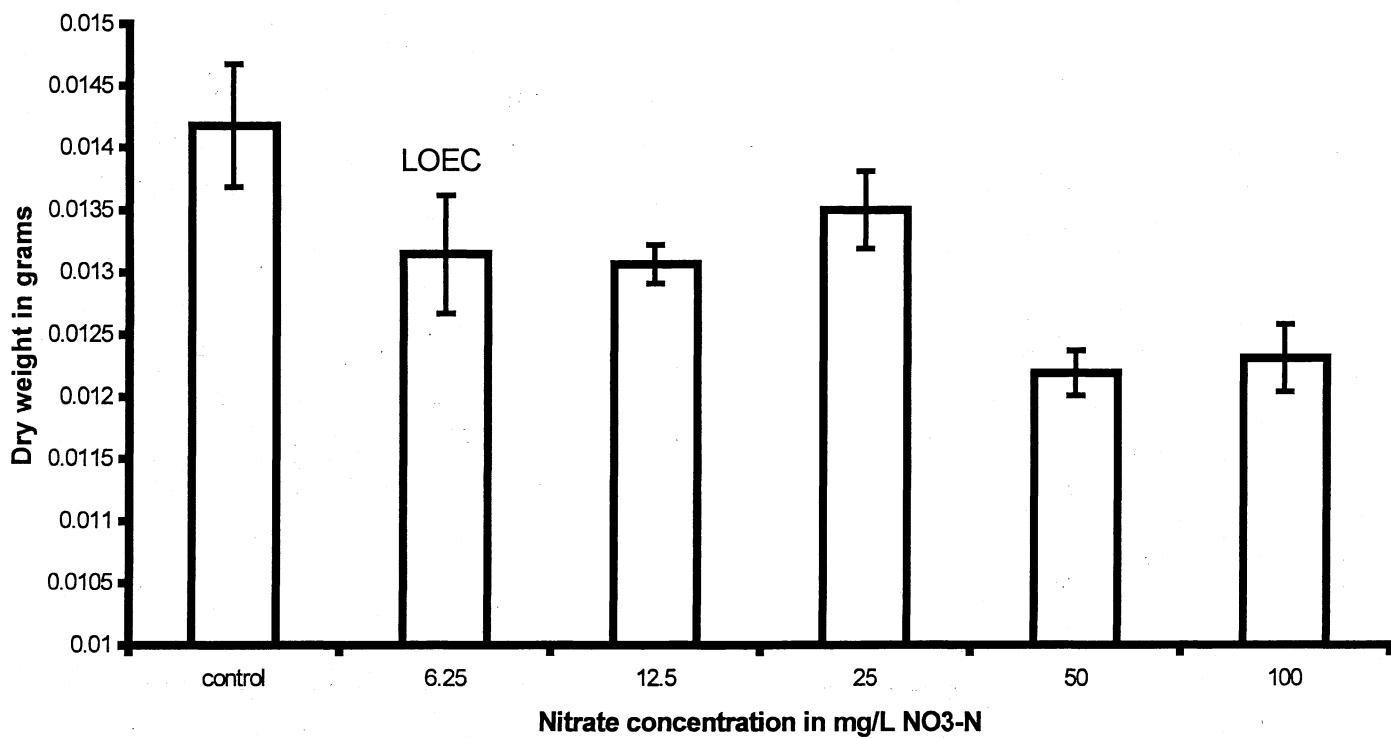
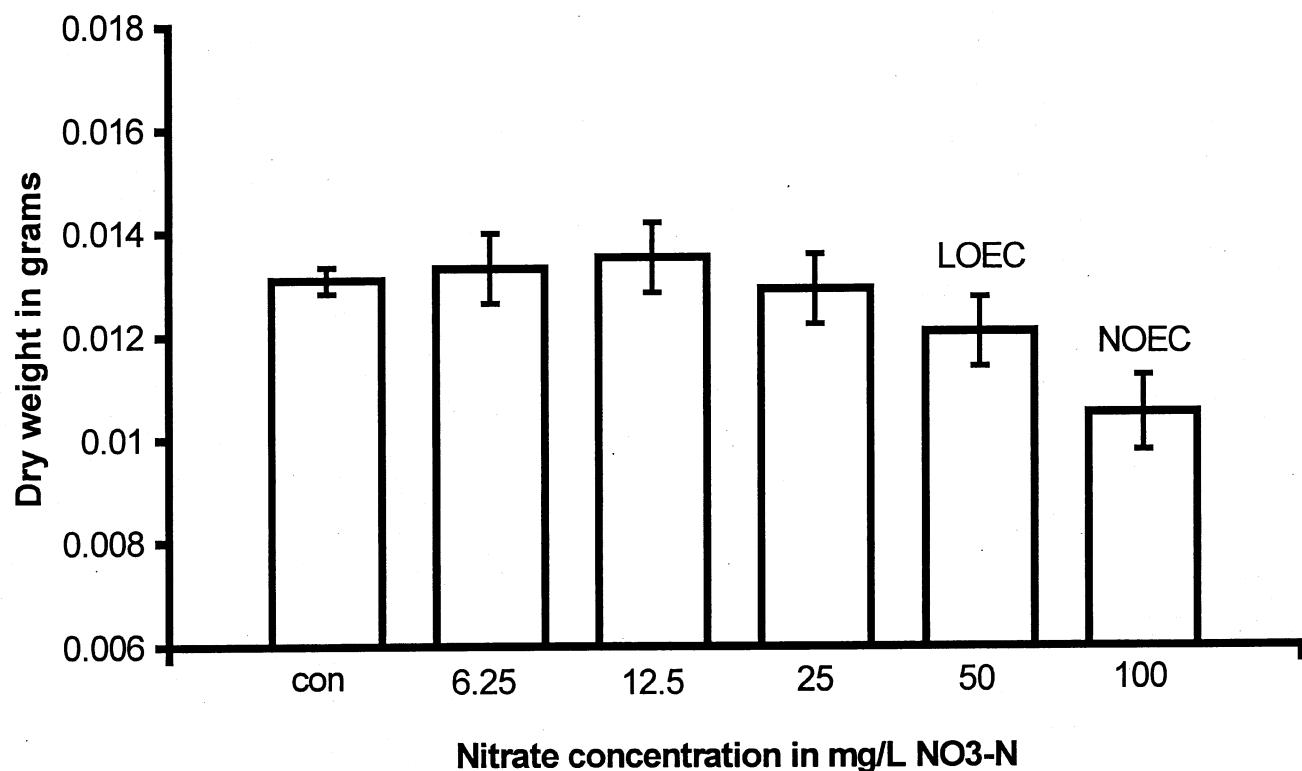


Figure 4. Average biomass of Lake Superior domestic brook trout exposed to nitrate concentrations for 14 days. LOEC is determined by the first value to be statistically different from the control at the $p<0.05$ level using Fishers least-significant-difference post hoc test. Vertical bars are \pm one standard error of the mean. Average dry weight per replicate.

Figure 4. Biomass of Lake Superior domestic brook trout larvae
soft water treatment



Appendix A

Nominal and measured nitrate-nitrogen for exposures

Appendix A1. Nominal and measured concentration of nitrate-nitrogen for flow-through test with feral embryos and larvae from Melancthon Creek. Measured values are reported in mg/L NO₃-N

Concentration	Measured	n (# of samples)
Control	2.5 - 3.0	4
6.25	8.5 – 9.5	4
12.5	14.8 – 15.8	4
25	25.2 – 27.1	4
50	46.5 – 49.9	4
100	102.0 – 104.0	4

Appendix A2. Nominal and measured concentration of nitrate-nitrogen for flow through-test with Lake Superior domestic brook trout embryos and larvae in hard water.

Measured values are reported in mg/L NO₃-N

Nominal	Measured	n (# of samples)
Control	3.1 – 3.5	5
6.25	9.4 – 12.1	6
12.5	14.7 - 18.3	6
25	23.0 – 39.9	6
50	55.6 – 67.0	6
100	79.0 - 130	6

Appendix A3. Nominal and measured concentration of nitrate-nitrogen for flow-through test with Lake Superior domestic brook trout embryos and larvae in soft water. Measured values are reported in mg/L NO₃-N

Nominal	Measured	n (# of samples)
Control	0.03 – 0.2	6
6.25	3.5 – 7.3	5
12.5	9.7 – 13.9	6
25	15.4 – 26.4	6
50	36.5 – 52.0	6
100	64.0 – 112.0	6

Appendix B

Daily pH measurements for exposures

Appendix B1. The pH measurements made in one compartment of exposure treatments for feral brook trout from Melanchron Creek.

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
12-Nov-98	7.90	7.83	7.72	7.89	7.83	7.78
13-Nov-98	8.12	8.12	8.09	8.04	8.02	8.00
14-Nov-98	7.99	8.00	7.98	7.95	7.88	7.99
15-Nov-98	7.82	7.72	7.81	7.90	7.91	7.90
16-Nov-98	8.01	8.24	8.20	8.14	8.21	8.02
17-Nov-98	7.77	7.82	7.88	7.92	7.96	7.94
18-Nov-98	8.00	8.07	8.06	7.98	7.99	7.94
19-Nov-98	7.89	7.90	7.97	7.99	8.14	8.09
20-Nov-98	8.01	8.07	8.10	8.05	8.05	8.01
21-Nov-98	8.14	8.01	8.07	8.16	8.19	8.03
22-Nov-98	8.09	8.02	8.03	8.15	8.17	8.01
23-Nov-98	7.86	8.08	8.09	8.02	7.98	7.97
24-Nov-98	7.96	8.00	8.11	8.03	8.02	7.98
25-Nov-98	7.97	8.03	8.15	8.08	8.09	8.04
26-Nov-98	7.99	8.02	8.04	7.97	8.01	7.94
27-Nov-98	8.04	8.04	8.08	8.07	8.01	7.96
28-Nov-98	8.01	7.87	8.00	8.11	8.03	7.99
29-Nov-98	7.79	7.89	7.91	7.91	7.95	7.97
30-Nov-98	8.02	8.14	8.12	8.05	8.02	8.00
01-Dec-98	7.91	8.05	8.06	8.03	8.00	7.95
02-Dec-98	8.02	8.08	8.10	8.01	8.00	7.96
03-Dec-98	8.03	7.86	8.10	8.04	8.01	7.98
04-Dec-98	7.95	8.03	7.94	8.05	8.01	7.98
05-Dec-98	7.97	8.04	8.07	8.03	7.98	7.96
06-Dec-98	7.97	8.06	8.06	7.98	7.99	7.97
07-Dec-98	7.93	7.73	8.06	7.98	7.95	7.89
08-Dec-98	7.74	8.02	7.80	7.74	7.74	7.81
09-Dec-98	7.88	8.06	8.04	8.05	7.94	7.89
10-Dec-98	8.03	7.88	8.05	7.86	7.95	7.91
11-Dec-98	7.78	8.09	7.92	7.89	7.90	7.97
12-Dec-98	8.04	8.08	8.07	7.99	7.99	7.96
13-Dec-98	8.01	8.02	8.07	7.99	7.99	7.97
14-Dec-98	8.01	8.02	8.10	7.98	7.90	7.93
15-Dec-98	8.03	8.03	8.05	7.98	7.97	7.93
16-Dec-98	7.97	8.00	8.00	7.92	7.91	7.88
17-Dec-98	7.73	7.83	7.84	7.83	7.85	7.93
18-Dec-98	7.93	7.95	7.95	7.87	7.86	7.85
19-Dec-98	8.05	8.08	8.07	7.97	7.92	7.91
20-Dec-98	8.06	8.19	8.15	8.05	8.03	8.02
21-Dec-98	7.95	8.02	8.02	7.89	8.05	8.05
22-Dec-98	8.05	8.02	8.04	8.13	8.02	8.00
23-Dec-98	7.90	7.96	8.02	8.07	8.08	8.14
24-Dec-98	7.84	7.92	7.92	7.86	7.85	7.88
25-Dec-98	7.91	7.94	7.93	7.90	7.97	8.01
26-Dec-98	7.98	8.00	8.02	7.97	7.96	8.03
27-Dec-98	7.74	7.87	7.91	7.89	7.93	7.99
28-Dec-98	7.88	7.96	7.97	7.89	7.96	7.98

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
29-Dec-98	7.65	7.78	7.82	7.74	7.75	7.90
30-Dec-98	7.95	7.95	7.94	7.90	7.88	7.94
31-Dec-98	7.94	7.96	7.98	7.87	7.87	7.89
01-Jan-99	7.94	7.86	7.88	7.83	7.80	7.89
02-Jan-99	7.78	7.94	7.95	7.89	7.85	7.86
03-Jan-99	7.86	7.90	7.92	7.84	7.80	7.86
04-Jan-99	7.87	8.02	8.01	7.91	7.89	7.93
05-Jan-99	7.90	7.97	8.01	8.02	8.04	8.04
06-Jan-99	7.83	7.89	7.95	7.95	7.99	8.09
07-Jan-99	7.45	7.56	7.64	7.64	7.68	7.74
08-Jan-99	7.98	7.99	7.97	7.94	7.94	7.90
09-Jan-99	7.93	7.97	7.95	7.91	7.90	7.75
10-Jan-99	7.95	8.02	7.98	7.93	7.92	7.92
11-Jan-99	8.01	8.00	8.02	7.88	7.98	7.95
12-Jan-99	7.96	8.04	8.05	7.90	7.96	7.95
13-Jan-99	8.10	8.06	8.08	7.96	8.01	8.01
14-Jan-99	7.80	7.82	7.85	7.82	7.89	7.89
15-Jan-99	7.98	8.00	8.00	7.94	7.97	8.00
16-Jan-99	8.01	8.01	8.01	7.91	7.90	7.89
17-Jan-99	7.98	7.96	7.92	7.93	7.93	7.95
18-Jan-99	7.81	7.80	7.84	7.86	7.89	7.85
19-Jan-99	7.96	7.98	7.94	7.82	8.09	7.87
20-Jan-99	8.00	8.00	7.95	7.84	7.86	7.87
21-Jan-99	8.08	8.05	8.02	7.95	7.92	7.90
22-Jan-99	8.03	8.00	7.97	7.92	7.29	7.90
23-Jan-99	8.09	8.00	7.97	7.92	7.92	8.06
24-Jan-99	8.08	8.04	7.99	7.94	7.95	7.98
25-Jan-99	8.04	8.00	7.99	7.93	7.94	7.94
26-Jan-99	8.02	8.09	8.02	7.99	7.99	8.01
27-Jan-99	7.90	7.98	7.95	7.85	7.85	7.86
28-Jan-99	8.03	8.00	7.88	7.92	7.91	7.98
29-Jan-99	7.83	7.95	7.98	7.89	7.89	7.84
30-Jan-99	8.18	8.18	8.17	7.99	8.06	8.04
31-Jan-99	8.13	8.12	8.10	8.01	8.03	7.99
01-Feb-99	8.05	8.04	7.99	7.96	7.98	8.03
02-Feb-99	8.07	8.04	8.03	8.01	7.98	7.99
03-Feb-99	8.01	8.00	8.02	7.98	7.95	7.92
04-Feb-99	8.06	8.03	8.05	8.00	7.97	7.95
05-Feb-99	8.00	7.99	8.04	7.99	7.97	8.03
06-Feb-99	7.87	7.91	7.95	8.00	7.93	7.96
07-Feb-99	7.79	7.87	7.88	7.84	7.87	7.87
08-Feb-99	7.80	7.99	8.04	8.00	7.97	7.94
09-Feb-99	8.13	8.08	8.07	8.03	8.03	8.00
10-Feb-99	7.76	7.72	7.77	7.80	7.79	7.89
11-Feb-99	7.87	7.80	7.90	7.81	7.89	7.91
12-Feb-99	7.77	7.69	7.75	7.72	7.77	7.80

Appendix B2. The pH measurement made in one compartment of exposure treatments for Lake Superior domestic brook trout in hard water treatment.

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
30-Nov-99	7.72	7.76	7.76	7.78	7.80	7.80
01-Dec-99	7.87	7.80	7.81	7.79	7.81	7.81
02-Dec-99	7.76	7.71	7.69	7.83	7.90	7.95
03-Dec-99	7.85	7.94	7.94	7.94	7.93	7.92
04-Dec-99	7.63	7.64	7.63	7.62	7.62	7.60
05-Dec-99	7.95	7.90	7.91	7.92	7.90	7.94
06-Dec-99	7.95	7.90	7.91	7.92	7.90	7.94
07-Dec-99	7.68	7.72	7.72	7.74	7.72	7.64
08-Dec-99	7.75	7.67	7.67	7.73	7.70	7.70
09-Dec-99	8.03	7.96	7.92	7.90	7.87	7.85
10-Dec-99	7.65	7.59	7.58	7.56	7.57	7.61
11-Dec-99	7.76	7.70	7.66	7.65	7.62	7.62
12-Dec-99	7.47	7.46	7.49	7.48	7.46	7.44
13-Dec-99	7.35	7.32	7.40	7.42	7.40	7.41
14-Dec-99	7.56	7.51	7.49	7.50	7.44	7.44
15-Dec-99	7.41	7.43	7.46	7.48	7.52	7.56
16-Dec-99	7.90	7.82	7.81	7.80	7.80	7.77
17-Dec-99	7.49	7.46	7.45	7.44	7.41	7.38
18-Dec-99	7.41	7.37	7.36	7.34	7.32	7.28
19-Dec-99	7.42	7.37	7.37	7.35	7.33	7.30
20-Dec-99	7.66	7.61	7.60	7.56	7.51	7.48
22-Dec-99	7.66	7.62	7.67	7.64	7.62	7.60
23-Dec-99	7.46	7.42	7.41	7.33	7.35	7.31
24-Dec-99	7.52	7.47	7.48	7.44	7.42	7.39
26-Dec-99	7.77	7.72	7.68	7.60	7.58	7.54
29-Dec-99	7.86	7.96	7.63	7.59	7.60	7.60
30-Dec-99	7.80	8.01	7.94	7.88	7.83	7.82
31-Dec-99	7.57	7.62	7.59	7.53	7.49	7.52
01-Jan-00	7.41	7.39	7.36	7.30	7.30	7.31
02-Jan-00	7.41	7.72	7.70	7.66	7.63	7.60
03-Jan-00	7.65	7.64	7.69	7.67	7.66	7.67
04-Jan-00	8.07	8.00	8.00	7.92	7.87	7.84
05-Jan-00	7.78	7.78	7.76	7.71	7.67	7.64
06-Jan-00	8.03	7.98	7.94	7.87	7.79	7.76
07-Jan-00	7.84	7.78	7.74	7.68	7.60	7.55
08-Jan-00	7.49	7.61	7.66	7.58	7.53	7.50
09-Jan-00	7.68	7.67	7.65	7.58	7.54	7.48
11-Jan-00	8.07	7.99	7.97	7.90	7.83	7.78
12-Jan-00	7.56	7.54	7.52	7.51	7.44	7.42
13-Jan-00	7.97	7.89	7.89	7.80	7.82	7.80
14-Jan-00	8.01	8.01	8.12	8.08	8.04	8.00
15-Jan-00	7.67	7.73	7.74	7.70	7.65	7.76
16-Jan-00	7.80	7.77	7.73	7.68	7.62	7.69
17-Jan-00	7.77	7.75	7.71	7.66	7.76	7.62
18-Jan-00	7.50	7.49	7.47	7.48	7.42	7.37
19-Jan-00	7.56	7.51	7.57	7.45	7.52	7.57

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
20-Jan-00	7.50	7.48	7.46	7.40	7.36	7.31
21-Jan-00	7.58	7.64	7.69	7.65	7.59	7.55
22-Jan-00	7.82	7.74	7.80	7.89	7.72	7.83
23-Jan-00	7.60	7.62	7.60	7.53	7.45	7.38
24-Jan-00	7.70	7.66	7.64	7.55	7.49	7.43
25-Jan-00	7.66	7.61	7.60	7.53	7.54	7.58
26-Jan-00	7.96	7.85	7.79	7.70	7.62	7.62
27-Jan-00	7.41	7.53	7.54	7.56	7.58	7.60
28-Jan-00	7.74	7.76	7.74	7.81	7.80	7.83
29-Jan-00	7.72	7.75	7.77	7.78	7.77	7.79
30-Jan-00	7.70	7.72	7.72	7.73	7.86	7.89
31-Jan-00	7.80	7.84	7.85	7.87	7.85	7.87
02-Feb-00	7.52	7.56	7.61	7.63	7.63	7.66
03-Feb-00	7.42	7.44	7.48	7.51	7.53	7.57
04-Feb-00	7.50	7.50	7.53	7.57	7.57	7.62
05-Feb-00	7.77	7.30	7.33	7.34	7.36	7.44
06-Feb-00	7.82	7.82	7.83	7.83	7.86	7.84
07-Feb-00	7.78	7.80	7.80	7.80	7.78	7.83
08-Feb-00	7.32	7.34	7.38	7.38	7.36	7.39
09-Feb-00	7.75	7.80	7.83	7.84	7.84	7.83
10-Feb-00	8.11	8.10	8.07	8.08	8.05	8.06
11-Feb-00	7.42	7.38	7.39	7.44	7.54	7.66
12-Feb-00	7.33	7.33	7.32	7.38	7.36	7.45
13-Feb-00	7.54	7.53	7.51	7.51	7.48	7.51
14-Feb-00	7.97	7.95	7.91	7.97	7.95	7.95
15-Feb-00	7.36	7.46	7.46	7.50	7.59	7.61
16-Feb-00	7.66	7.69	7.70	7.72	7.83	7.98
18-Feb-00	7.78	7.78	7.77	7.78	7.75	7.87
19-Feb-00	7.70	7.70	7.71	7.72	7.70	7.71
20-Feb-00	8.02	7.99	7.97	7.97	7.92	7.97
21-Feb-00	7.55	7.61	7.63	7.87	7.83	7.81
22-Feb-00	7.82	7.85	7.83	7.83	7.81	7.84
23-Feb-00	7.87	7.85	7.83	7.83	7.81	7.84
24-Feb-00	7.86	7.88	7.87	7.87	7.84	7.84
25-Feb-00	7.87	7.91	7.91	7.92	7.91	7.88
26-Feb-00	7.56	7.62	7.59	7.61	7.64	7.75
27-Feb-00	7.50	7.54	7.58	7.57	7.58	7.65
28-Feb-00	7.48	7.52	7.50	7.52	7.55	7.59
29-Feb-00	7.93	7.94	7.92	7.90	7.93	7.89
01-Mar-00	7.38	7.57	7.62	7.69	7.77	7.73
02-Mar-00	7.74	7.75	7.78	7.75	7.76	7.72
03-Mar-00	7.40	7.44	7.44	7.45	7.53	7.53
04-Mar-00	7.50	7.55	7.63	7.63	7.69	7.71
05-Mar-00	7.68	7.71	7.70	7.70	7.74	7.73
06-Mar-00	7.43	7.50	7.51	7.53	7.58	7.57
07-Mar-00	7.50	7.52	7.55	7.55	7.57	7.62
08-Mar-00	7.82	7.83	7.82	7.79	7.82	7.81

Appendix B3. The pH measurement made in one compartment of exposure treatments for Lake Superior domestic brook trout in soft water treatment.

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
30-Nov-99	7.40	7.37	7.36	7.34	7.31	7.34
01-Dec-99	8.20	8.15	8.05	8.00	7.92	8.00
02-Dec-99	7.12	7.15	7.16	7.14	7.13	7.14
03-Dec-99	7.24	7.29	7.27	7.26	7.23	7.26
04-Dec-99	7.16	7.18	7.15	7.15	7.13	7.15
05-Dec-99	7.15	7.18	7.20	7.19	7.16	7.19
06-Dec-99	7.15	7.18	7.20	7.19	7.16	7.19
07-Dec-99	7.34	7.35	7.34	7.32	7.27	7.32
08-Dec-99	7.15	7.16	7.19	7.17	7.14	7.17
09-Dec-99	7.22	7.21	7.18	7.19	7.14	7.19
10-Dec-99	7.13	7.12	7.15	7.11	7.07	7.11
11-Dec-99	7.06	7.09	7.13	7.11	7.08	7.11
12-Dec-99	7.05	7.05	7.07	7.05	7.05	7.05
13-Dec-99	7.09	7.10	7.10	7.09	7.07	7.09
14-Dec-99	7.17	7.22	7.17	7.13	7.08	7.13
15-Dec-99	7.30	7.26	7.26	7.27	7.23	7.27
16-Dec-99	7.12	7.10	7.13	7.13	7.11	7.13
17-Dec-99	7.12	7.11	7.10	7.09	7.05	7.09
18-Dec-99	7.14	7.12	7.12	7.08	7.05	7.08
19-Dec-99	7.15	7.14	7.16	7.10	7.05	7.10
20-Dec-99	7.20	7.14	7.15	7.11	7.04	7.11
22-Dec-99	7.18	7.08	7.13	7.12	7.09	7.12
23-Dec-99	7.14	7.16	7.12	7.10	7.03	7.10
24-Dec-99	7.17	7.14	7.14	7.13	7.08	7.13
26-Dec-99	7.17	7.15	7.14	7.17	7.09	7.12
29-Dec-99	7.18	7.21	7.20	7.15	7.12	7.15
30-Dec-99	7.21	7.17	7.14	7.11	7.04	7.11
31-Dec-99	7.25	7.23	7.17	7.12	7.06	7.12
01-Jan-00	7.32	7.25	7.28	7.17	7.09	7.17
02-Jan-00	7.31	7.32	7.34	7.27	7.19	7.27
03-Jan-00	7.26	7.25	7.24	7.23	7.19	7.23
04-Jan-00	7.21	7.19	7.17	7.15	7.11	7.15
05-Jan-00	7.50	7.51	7.49	7.45	7.39	7.45
06-Jan-00	7.24	7.20	7.19	7.17	7.12	7.17
07-Jan-00	7.32	7.29	7.26	7.19	7.14	7.19
08-Jan-00	7.84	7.78	7.74	7.68	7.60	7.68
09-Jan-00	7.26	7.26	7.27	7.25	7.16	7.25
11-Jan-00	7.35	7.37	7.38	7.30	7.24	7.30
12-Jan-00	7.34	7.32	7.30	7.22	7.17	7.22
13-Jan-00	7.42	7.46	7.43	7.39	7.31	7.39
14-Jan-00	7.01	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
15-Jan-00	7.40	7.37	7.35	7.32	7.25	7.32
16-Jan-00	7.23	7.20	7.17	7.11	7.06	7.11
17-Jan-00	8.00	8.00	7.89	7.83	7.70	7.83
18-Jan-00	7.26	7.24	7.18	7.14	7.06	7.14
19-Jan-00	7.31	7.22	7.16	7.11	7.02	7.11

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
20-Jan-00	7.76	7.25	7.17	7.11	7.01	7.11
21-Jan-00	7.30	7.22	7.17	7.14	7.11	7.14
22-Jan-00	7.35	7.27	7.21	7.14	7.06	7.14
23-Jan-00	7.24	7.30	7.24	7.27	7.06	7.27
24-Jan-00	7.30	7.25	7.17	7.15	7.06	7.15
25-Jan-00	7.28	7.18	7.12	7.06	7.02	7.06
26-Jan-00	7.51	7.36	7.28	7.22	7.12	7.22
27-Jan-00	7.02	7.03	7.03	7.03	7.02	7.03
28-Jan-00	7.53	7.54	7.52	7.51	7.49	7.51
29-Jan-00	7.96	7.93	7.92	7.90	7.89	7.90
30-Jan-00	7.24	7.20	7.18	7.14	7.14	7.14
31-Jan-00	7.24	7.27	7.27	7.29	7.36	7.29
02-Feb-00	7.06	7.07	7.07	7.08	7.06	7.08
03-Feb-00	7.55	7.55	7.54	7.53	7.51	7.53
04-Feb-00	7.86	7.83	7.82	7.79	7.75	7.79
05-Feb-00	7.75	7.74	7.71	7.69	7.63	7.69
06-Feb-00	8.07	8.06	8.04	7.98	7.94	7.98
07-Feb-00	7.98	7.96	7.93	7.93	7.89	7.93
08-Feb-00	7.71	7.66	7.64	7.60	7.57	7.60
09-Feb-00	8.07	8.06	8.03	7.83	7.82	7.83
10-Feb-00	7.39	7.40	7.40	7.41	7.41	7.41
11-Feb-00	7.89	7.87	7.83	7.81	7.72	7.81
12-Feb-00	7.72	7.70	7.67	7.65	7.61	7.65
13-Feb-00	7.78	7.71	7.56	7.55	7.51	7.55
14-Feb-00	7.28	7.31	7.33	7.32	7.30	7.32
15-Feb-00	7.03	7.05	7.05	7.07	7.05	7.07
16-Feb-00	7.20	7.21	7.23	7.22	7.19	7.22
18-Feb-00	7.22	7.24	7.22	7.27	7.21	7.22
19-Feb-00	7.48	7.48	7.47	7.46	7.43	7.46
20-Feb-00	8.22	8.19	8.17	8.15	8.14	8.15
21-Feb-00	7.30	7.30	7.31	7.34	7.33	7.34
23-Feb-00	7.07	7.08	7.11	7.09	7.07	7.06
24-Feb-00	7.16	7.22	7.24	7.22	7.22	7.17
25-Feb-00	7.16	7.21	7.18	7.15	7.14	7.23
26-Feb-00	7.13	7.11	7.16	7.14	7.12	7.08
27-Feb-00	7.18	7.16	7.17	7.16	7.13	7.09
28-Feb-00	7.11	7.13	7.14	7.12	7.11	7.07
29-Feb-00	7.21	7.25	7.25	7.22	7.20	7.20
01-Mar-00	7.06	7.04	7.04	7.04	7.03	7.00
02-Mar-00	7.55	7.37	7.33	7.36	7.34	7.27
03-Mar-00	7.27	7.19	7.16	7.15	7.12	7.08
04-Mar-00	7.60	7.61	7.60	7.58	7.54	7.49
05-Mar-00	7.10	7.08	7.07	7.15	7.12	7.15
06-Mar-00	7.15	7.15	7.18	7.13	7.13	7.09
07-Mar-00	7.10	7.11	7.12	7.10	7.09	7.05
08-Mar-00	7.27	7.28	7.27	7.26	7.24	7.19

Appendix C

**Daily DO measurements for exposures
mg/L O₂**

Appendix C1. DO measurements (mg/L O₂) for nitrate concentrations in tests of feral brook trout from Melanchron Creek.

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
12-Nov-98	9.91	9.55	9.22	9.55	9.65	9.80
13-Nov-98	10.50	10.36	10.44	10.35	10.21	10.33
14-Nov-98	10.42	10.40	10.36	10.10	10.39	10.13
15-Nov-98	10.99	10.82	10.51	10.69	10.49	10.62
16-Nov-98	11.31	11.03	10.81	10.38	10.41	10.60
17-Nov-98	10.12	10.09	10.23	10.01	10.12	10.24
18-Nov-98	10.62	10.61	10.16	10.48	10.26	10.46
19-Nov-98	11.13	10.53	10.72	10.34	10.31	10.46
20-Nov-98	11.27	11.01	10.90	10.48	10.39	10.53
21-Nov-98	9.90	9.98	9.95	10.24	10.28	10.38
22-Nov-98	9.84	9.90	9.75	10.24	10.25	10.46
23-Nov-98	11.34	11.09	10.91	10.44	10.35	10.48
24-Nov-98	10.61	10.68	10.69	10.35	10.45	10.60
25-Nov-98	11.17	10.91	10.77	10.40	10.34	10.45
26-Nov-98	11.24	10.83	10.71	10.44	10.44	10.50
27-Nov-98	10.65	10.86	10.90	10.58	10.60	10.74
28-Nov-98	11.21	11.12	10.62	10.57	10.72	10.65
29-Nov-98	10.70	10.78	10.72	10.29	10.28	10.36
30-Nov-98	10.74	10.78	10.70	10.24	10.16	10.42
01-Dec-98	10.82	10.63	10.57	10.24	10.28	10.35
02-Dec-98	11.37	11.00	10.83	10.35	10.23	10.40
03-Dec-98	11.21	11.06	11.75	10.28	10.18	10.37
04-Dec-98	11.15	10.98	10.81	10.36	10.30	10.54
05-Dec-98	10.50	10.53	10.51	10.14	10.07	10.30
06-Dec-98	11.02	10.84	10.75	10.33	10.17	10.51
07-Dec-98	10.30	10.49	10.38	10.20	9.96	10.39
08-Dec-98	10.56	10.48	10.40	9.96	9.82	10.13
09-Dec-98	10.86	10.48	10.32	10.36	9.87	10.09
10-Dec-98	9.92	10.22	10.36	9.99	9.94	10.26
11-Dec-98	10.42	10.48	10.30	9.99	9.87	10.90
12-Dec-98	10.70	10.50	10.35	9.77	9.88	10.04
13-Dec-98	10.72	10.61	10.27	9.93	9.74	9.94
14-Dec-98	10.01	10.04	10.12	10.43	10.40	10.32
15-Dec-98	10.92	10.89	10.73	10.19	10.24	10.50
16-Dec-98	11.01	10.87	10.67	10.20	10.12	10.43
17-Dec-98	10.53	10.61	10.40	10.06	10.02	10.33
18-Dec-98	10.35	10.17	10.18	9.78	9.81	10.04
19-Dec-98	10.37	10.43	10.42	10.05	9.93	10.45
20-Dec-98	10.87	10.82	10.66	10.27	10.19	10.60
21-Dec-98	11.25	11.03	10.81	10.25	10.19	10.57
22-Dec-98	10.57	10.65	10.42	10.68	10.46	10.73
23-Dec-98	10.19	10.25	10.21	9.84	9.78	10.24
24-Dec-98	10.62	10.42	10.15	9.74	9.77	9.97
25-Dec-98	10.51	10.34	10.01	9.60	9.48	9.92
26-Dec-98	10.28	10.40	10.21	9.70	9.67	10.20
27-Dec-98	10.92	11.06	10.96	10.75	10.14	10.64
28-Dec-98	10.84	11.03	10.48	10.20	10.08	10.14

<u>Date</u>	<u>control</u>	<u>6.25</u>	<u>12.5</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>100</u>
29-Dec-98	10.20	9.92	9.72	9.45	9.20	9.78
30-Dec-98	10.20	10.27	10.25	9.76	9.78	10.17
31-Dec-98	10.15	10.30	10.25	9.75	9.74	10.25
01-Jan-99	9.81	9.96	9.97	9.50	9.40	9.95
02-Jan-99	10.38	10.45	10.25	9.84	9.63	10.27
03-Jan-99	9.96	9.87	9.78	9.42	9.19	9.86
04-Jan-99	9.80	9.91	9.80	9.22	9.23	9.84
05-Jan-99	9.66	9.82	9.99	9.80	9.66	10.18
06-Jan-99	10.24	9.97	10.00	9.66	9.63	9.96
07-Jan-99	9.95	10.04	10.03	9.76	9.85	10.10
08-Jan-99	9.97	10.01	9.90	9.75	9.73	10.03
09-Jan-99	9.50	9.88	9.98	9.51	9.71	8.67
10-Jan-99	10.06	10.07	9.87	9.74	9.69	9.87
11-Jan-99	10.18	10.71	10.44	10.25	10.14	10.26
12-Jan-99	9.56	10.07	10.15	9.77	9.91	10.20
13-Jan-99	9.68	10.00	9.99	9.70	9.77	9.97
14-Jan-99	9.54	9.77	9.76	8.82	9.45	9.27
15-Jan-99	10.10	10.14	10.02	9.79	9.81	9.98
16-Jan-99	10.03	10.04	9.90	10.06	10.20	10.11
17-Jan-99	9.32	9.48	9.49	9.77	9.49	10.34
18-Jan-99	8.78	9.10	9.31	9.21	9.07	9.27
19-Jan-99	9.77	9.65	9.52	9.57	9.46	9.27
20-Jan-99	8.99	8.96	8.90	9.14	8.80	8.62
21-Jan-99	10.01	9.72	9.50	9.83	9.28	9.86
22-Jan-99	9.70	9.68	9.63	9.50	9.25	10.23
23-Jan-99	9.90	9.73	9.42	9.26	9.45	10.03
24-Jan-99	9.74	9.88	9.58	9.12	9.56	10.30
25-Jan-99	9.74	9.92	9.56	9.32	9.61	10.12
26-Jan-99	9.68	10.00	9.65	9.26	9.77	10.17
27-Jan-99	9.43	9.75	9.39	9.42	9.40	10.04
28-Jan-99	9.58	9.77	9.52	9.27	9.33	9.91
29-Jan-99	9.15	9.58	9.23	8.98	9.20	9.59
30-Jan-99	10.95	10.65	10.83	10.40	10.30	10.50
31-Jan-99	10.24	10.16	10.30	10.22	10.12	10.24
01-Feb-99	10.22	10.18	10.45	10.31	10.26	10.42
02-Feb-99	10.30	10.66	10.74	10.69	10.52	10.60
03-Feb-99	10.85	10.59	10.78	10.54	10.85	10.63
04-Feb-99	10.70	10.60	10.42	10.11	10.17	10.51
05-Feb-99	10.81	10.69	10.70	10.39	10.44	10.76
06-Feb-99	10.77	10.47	10.64	10.42	10.44	10.72
07-Feb-99	11.00	10.83	10.74	10.46	10.52	10.78
08-Feb-99	10.87	10.51	10.49	10.26	10.35	10.51
09-Feb-99	10.85	10.44	10.35	9.99	10.03	10.11
10-Feb-99	11.07	10.66	10.68	10.32	10.20	10.50
11-Feb-99	10.57	10.31	10.42	10.14	10.12	10.46
12-Feb-99	11.01	10.70	10.53	10.51	10.48	10.72

Appendix C2. DO measurements (mg/L O₂) for nitrate concentration in the test of Lake Superior brook trout with hard water treatment.

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
30-Nov-99	10.40	10.37	10.19	10.48	10.14	9.94
01-Dec-99	10.87	10.35	10.59	10.90	10.51	10.64
02-Dec-99	10.80	10.41	10.49	10.79	10.64	10.24
03-Dec-99	10.31	10.27	10.57	10.77	10.39	10.17
04-Dec-99	9.87	10.28	10.55	10.80	10.66	10.20
05-Dec-99	11.00	10.54	10.41	10.91	10.77	10.30
06-Dec-99	10.78	10.26	10.72	10.47	10.63	10.20
07-Dec-99	10.89	10.35	10.63	10.89	10.78	10.35
08-Dec-99	10.92	10.31	10.67	10.70	10.65	10.19
09-Dec-99	10.91	10.29	10.54	10.76	10.68	10.39
10-Dec-99	10.67	9.98	10.24	10.59	10.33	10.14
11-Dec-99	10.70	10.02	10.34	10.68	10.30	10.23
12-Dec-99	11.02	10.42	10.64	10.98	10.81	10.51
13-Dec-99	10.99	10.14	10.38	10.76	10.57	10.20
14-Dec-99	10.70	10.02	10.44	10.70	10.44	10.00
15-Dec-99	10.81	10.04	10.65	10.75	10.03	10.23
16-Dec-99	10.94	10.16	10.57	10.86	10.75	10.00
17-Dec-99	10.96	10.18	10.50	10.72	10.71	9.83
18-Dec-99	10.61	10.00	10.43	10.74	10.62	9.83
19-Dec-99	10.74	10.05	10.24	10.75	10.62	10.01
20-Dec-99	10.63	10.08	10.00	10.61	10.65	10.00
21-Dec-99	10.60	10.00	10.13	10.60	10.35	9.98
22-Dec-99	10.63	9.79	10.12	10.44	10.42	10.24
23-Dec-99	10.60	10.25	10.25	10.64	10.49	10.12
24-Dec-99	10.81	9.85	10.13	10.57	10.61	9.94
26-Dec-99	10.81	10.67	10.12	10.55	10.50	10.11
29-Dec-99	10.93	11.11	9.93	11.17	11.12	10.96
30-Dec-99	11.00	10.95	10.25	10.90	10.96	11.02
31-Dec-99	11.33	11.13	11.12	10.41	11.11	10.07
01-Jan-00	11.02	10.65	7.41	10.68	11.00	10.48
02-Jan-00	10.38	10.62	9.91	10.51	10.63	10.61
03-Jan-00	10.86	10.55	10.55	10.55	10.43	10.63
04-Jan-00	10.90	10.88	10.57	10.66	10.51	10.91
05-Jan-00	10.40	10.39	10.33	10.29	10.28	10.46
06-Jan-00	11.45	10.37	11.21	10.29	10.78	10.40
07-Jan-00	11.26	11.44	11.15	11.36	11.93	11.24
08-Jan-00	10.62	10.44	10.30	10.53	10.22	10.62
09-Jan-00	9.89	9.87	9.78	9.53	9.38	9.78
11-Jan-00	10.49	10.44	10.33	10.36	10.06	10.50
12-Jan-00	10.70	10.57	10.56	10.60	10.31	10.71
13-Jan-00	10.57	10.34	10.09	10.09	9.99	10.51
14-Jan-00	10.71	10.54	10.46	10.53	10.15	10.70
15-Jan-00	11.00	10.74	10.75	10.75	10.40	10.93
16-Jan-00	10.71	10.54	10.31	10.31	10.16	10.56
17-Jan-00	11.64	11.40	11.33	11.50	11.15	11.67
18-Jan-00	10.70	10.64	10.44	10.65	10.25	10.75

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
19-Jan-00	10.68	10.41	10.25	10.40	10.07	10.44
20-Jan-00	10.60	10.30	10.31	10.33	10.11	10.43
21-Jan-00	11.00	10.74	10.73	10.43		10.80
22-Jan-00	10.80	10.62	10.45	10.48	10.89	10.75
23-Jan-00	10.65	10.36	10.12	10.43	10.54	10.00
24-Jan-00	11.27	11.10	11.03	11.21	11.84	11.30
25-Jan-00	10.29	10.28	10.00	10.14	10.03	8.29
26-Jan-00	10.86	10.62	10.44	10.59	10.31	10.72
27-Jan-00	10.58	10.27	10.75	10.08	10.37	9.18
28-Jan-00	10.75	10.44	10.41	10.60	10.23	9.42
29-Jan-00	11.42	11.63	11.16	11.49	11.12	10.40
30-Jan-00	11.51	11.25	11.23	10.95	10.53	10.18
31-Jan-00	10.02	10.18	10.08	10.24	9.95	9.08
02-Feb-00	10.49	10.26	10.14	10.24	10.15	9.18
03-Feb-00	10.54	10.24	10.25	10.35	10.28	9.55
04-Feb-00	9.98	10.06	10.21	10.06	9.90	10.40
05-Feb-00	10.99	10.98	10.20	11.04	11.07	10.64
06-Feb-00	11.86	11.74	11.50	11.62	11.59	10.80
07-Feb-00	11.47	11.52	11.63	11.03	11.69	
08-Feb-00	11.10	10.97	10.74	10.94	11.09	10.47
09-Feb-00	12.00	11.25	11.21	11.31	10.62	11.88
10-Feb-00	10.56	10.17	10.20	10.37	9.86	9.39
11-Feb-00	11.42	10.99	10.81	11.00	10.60	10.37
12-Feb-00	11.82	10.65	10.78	10.60	10.11	10.40
13-Feb-00	11.03	10.47	10.54	10.59	10.44	9.54
14-Feb-00	11.35	10.95	10.65	11.05	10.75	9.88
15-Feb-00	9.66	10.48	10.71	10.88	10.50	9.84
16-Feb-00	10.65	9.70	10.15	10.94	9.77	10.28
17-Feb-00	10.36	10.05	9.96	10.20	9.73	9.90
18-Feb-00	11.33	10.91	10.86	11.05	11.05	10.22
19-Feb-00	10.87	10.55	10.45	10.62	10.40	10.87
20-Feb-00	10.88	10.47	10.18	10.63	10.23	9.18
21-Feb-00	10.42	10.16	10.00	10.32	9.98	10.56
23-Feb-00	10.42	10.16	10.00	10.32	9.48	10.56
24-Feb-00	10.32	10.44	10.20	10.33	10.35	10.75
25-Feb-00	10.98	11.09	11.92	10.84	11.07	10.09
26-Feb-00	10.58	10.16	8.30	9.86	10.10	9.24
27-Feb-00	10.66	11.16	11.15	11.05	11.63	10.59
28-Feb-00	9.98	10.31	10.02	9.89	10.49	9.56
29-Feb-00	10.00	10.20	10.01	10.83	10.20	9.50
01-Mar-00	10.04	10.09	9.46	9.83	10.42	9.46
02-Mar-00	9.83	10.09	10.07	9.90	10.52	9.36
03-Mar-00	10.16	10.49	10.15	10.25	10.97	10.00
04-Mar-00	10.65	10.75	10.40	10.48	10.94	11.13
05-Mar-00	10.53	10.57	10.51	10.49	11.16	11.19
06-Mar-00	10.20	10.27	10.19	10.10	10.59	10.62
07-Mar-00	11.31	11.50	11.00	11.15	11.85	11.71
08-Mar-00	10.78	11.03	10.86	10.76	11.28	11.51

Appendix C3. DO measurements (mg/L O₂) for nitrate concentration in the test of Lake Superior brook trout in soft water treatment.

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
30-Nov-99	10.78	10.76	10.66	10.79	8.05	10.44
01-Dec-99	10.70	10.64	10.59	10.83	10.66	10.63
02-Dec-99	11.09	10.88	10.75	10.87	10.54	10.59
03-Dec-99	11.27	10.92	10.82	10.95	10.87	10.74
04-Dec-99	11.22	10.71	10.77	11.01	10.75	10.63
05-Dec-99	10.88	10.78	10.82	10.94	10.83	10.70
06-Dec-99	10.95	10.58	10.65	10.58	10.77	10.66
07-Dec-99	11.20	10.85	10.78	10.90	10.99	10.66
08-Dec-99	10.67	10.70	10.58	10.63	10.69	10.66
09-Dec-99	10.90	10.78	10.77	10.86	10.80	10.65
10-Dec-99	10.91	10.61	10.61	10.73	10.79	10.81
11-Dec-99	10.34	10.57	10.56	10.67	10.66	10.52
12-Dec-99	10.66	11.02	11.00	11.01	11.06	10.72
13-Dec-99	11.28	10.79	10.75	10.82	10.42	10.47
14-Dec-99	10.44	10.78	10.64	10.79	10.67	10.41
15-Dec-99	10.68	11.02	10.79	10.72	10.46	10.79
16-Dec-99	10.31	10.64	10.52	10.82	10.60	10.80
17-Dec-99	10.80	10.73	10.78	10.73	10.47	10.69
18-Dec-99	11.35	10.84	10.50	10.75	10.69	10.47
19-Dec-99	11.05	10.82	10.77	10.36	10.50	10.67
20-Dec-99	11.11	11.04	10.67	10.74	10.68	10.50
21-Dec-99	10.36	10.35	10.37	10.29	10.46	10.05
22-Dec-99	10.23	10.48	10.25	10.43	10.50	10.10
23-Dec-99	10.50	10.45	10.54	10.40	10.20	10.31
24-Dec-99	10.20	10.98	10.70	10.71	10.88	10.50
25-Dec-99	10.60	10.63	10.52	10.63	10.77	10.37
29-Dec-99	10.94	10.70	10.13	10.67	10.70	10.63
30-Dec-99	10.79	10.87	10.95	10.95	11.10	10.64
31-Dec-99	11.40	11.56	11.34	11.23	11.37	10.90
01-Jan-00	10.54	10.53	9.60	10.32	10.52	10.62
02-Jan-00	10.73	10.71	10.35	10.50	10.79	10.40
03-Jan-00	11.44	11.13	10.78	10.75	10.92	10.36
04-Jan-00	11.43	11.36	10.98	11.08	10.96	9.62
05-Jan-00	10.36	10.53	10.37	10.44	10.46	10.55
06-Jan-00	11.86	11.48	11.27	11.24	11.39	10.39
07-Jan-00	11.72	11.62	11.33	11.38	11.44	10.55
08-Jan-00	10.97	10.77	10.50	10.30	10.49	10.00
09-Jan-00	10.65	10.54	10.25	8.31	10.20	9.89
11-Jan-00	10.98	10.58	10.35	10.67	10.60	10.03
12-Jan-00	11.05	10.86	10.62	11.05	10.78	8.61
13-Jan-00	11.01	10.34	10.09	10.80	10.53	8.79
14-Jan-00	11.36	10.76	10.66	10.90	10.76	9.42
15-Jan-00	11.66	11.16	10.91	11.27	11.00	10.01
16-Jan-00	11.03	10.67	10.61	11.01	10.62	9.69
17-Jan-00	11.40	11.60	11.10	11.72	11.46	9.38
18-Jan-00	10.99	11.01	10.87	11.23	10.99	9.26

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
19-Jan-00	11.20	10.57	10.53	11.01	10.57	10.57
20-Jan-00	12.14	11.00	10.73	11.32	10.98	7.54
21-Jan-00	11.30	11.37	11.12	11.51	10.97	9.19
22-Jan-00	10.74	10.86	10.56	11.06	10.80	9.46
23-Jan-00	11.12	10.85	10.65	9.98	10.60	9.70
24-Jan-00	11.55	11.73	11.45	11.40	11.50	11.70
25-Jan-00	10.93	10.89	10.65	10.70	10.54	9.71
26-Jan-00	11.34	10.90	10.82	11.58	11.02	
27-Jan-00	10.14	10.58	10.63	10.25	10.58	9.43
28-Jan-00	10.63	10.60	10.52	10.49	10.38	10.95
29-Jan-00	11.10	11.10	11.05	11.31	10.88	10.90
30-Jan-00	11.51	11.25	11.23	10.93	10.53	10.18
31-Jan-00	10.15	10.15	10.02	10.37	10.14	10.17
02-Feb-00	10.82	10.66	10.31	10.79	10.51	10.86
03-Feb-00	10.32	10.52	10.38	10.70	10.68	10.34
04-Feb-00	9.40	9.97	10.42	9.45	9.91	10.06
05-Feb-00	11.85	11.32	11.05	11.07	11.00	10.51
06-Feb-00	11.77	11.50	11.26	10.77	11.53	11.12
07-Feb-00	11.85	11.38	11.26	11.30	11.25	11.57
08-Feb-00	11.06	10.87	10.62	10.82	10.53	9.96
09-Feb-00	11.37	11.30	11.05	10.52	11.25	10.72
10-Feb-00	10.55	10.49	10.42	10.15	10.57	10.02
11-Feb-00	10.43	11.02	11.31	11.17	11.02	10.98
12-Feb-00	10.73	10.60	10.53	10.77	10.54	10.02
13-Feb-00	10.23	10.23	10.20	10.40	10.39	10.03
14-Feb-00	11.21	11.11	11.05	11.30	11.02	10.60
15-Feb-00	11.63	11.42	11.31	11.74	11.41	10.03
16-Feb-00	11.40	11.33	11.30	11.41	11.09	11.00
17-Feb-00	10.47	10.44	8.76	10.71	10.27	10.08
18-Feb-00	10.85	10.89	8.38	11.06	10.93	10.75
19-Feb-00	10.54	10.66	10.20	10.67	10.64	10.50
20-Feb-00	10.53	10.50	9.88	10.86	10.45	10.10
21-Feb-00	10.02	10.52	10.80	10.04	10.30	10.34
23-Feb-00	10.02	10.52	10.80	10.04	10.30	10.34
24-Feb-00	10.41	10.61	9.52	10.82	10.73	10.74
25-Feb-00	11.73	11.41	8.11	11.41	11.13	11.34
26-Feb-00	9.78	10.17	9.96	10.17	10.28	9.59
27-Feb-00	12.19	11.50	11.60	11.40	11.52	10.00
28-Feb-00	12.18	11.71	11.74	11.72	11.42	10.66
29-Feb-00	10.92	10.70	10.66	10.72	10.56	9.36
01-Mar-00	10.99	10.61	10.10	10.88	10.85	10.69
02-Mar-00	10.86	10.75	9.85	10.70	10.66	9.32
03-Mar-00	11.07	10.73	10.77	11.01	10.85	10.15
04-Mar-00	11.85	11.42	11.50	11.63	11.44	10.93
05-Mar-00	11.87	11.26	11.34	11.57	11.34	11.26
06-Mar-00	10.73	10.53	10.03	10.96	10.96	11.06
07-Mar-00	12.36	11.82	12.24	12.53	12.20	12.51
08-Mar-00	11.64	11.08	11.20	11.43	11.56	11.67

Appendix D

Daily Temperature measurements for exposures C

Appendix D1. Temperature measurement in °C for exposure treatments of feral brook trout test from Melancthon Creek

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
12-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
13-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
14-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
15-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
16-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
17-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
18-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
19-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
20-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
21-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
22-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
23-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
24-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
25-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
26-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
27-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
28-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
29-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
30-Nov-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
01-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
02-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
03-Dec-98	9.0	8.7	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.5
04-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
05-Dec-98	8.7	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
06-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
07-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
08-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
09-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
10-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
11-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
12-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
13-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
14-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
15-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
16-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
17-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
18-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
19-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
20-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
21-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
22-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
23-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
24-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
25-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
26-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
27-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
28-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
29-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
30-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
31-Dec-98	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
01-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
02-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
03-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
04-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
05-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
06-Jan-99	8.8	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
07-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
08-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
09-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
10-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
11-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
12-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
13-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
14-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
15-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
16-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
17-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
18-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
19-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
20-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
21-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
22-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
23-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
24-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
25-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
26-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
27-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
28-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
29-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
30-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
31-Jan-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
01-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
02-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
03-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
04-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
05-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
06-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
07-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
08-Feb-99	8.8	8.8	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
09-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
10-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
11-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
12-Feb-99	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5

Appendix D2. Temperature measurements in °C for Lake Superior domestic brook trout test in hard water treatment.

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
30-Nov-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
01-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
02-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
03-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
04-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
05-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
06-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
07-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
08-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
09-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
10-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
11-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
12-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
13-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
14-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
15-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
16-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
17-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
18-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
19-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
20-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
21-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
22-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
23-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
24-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
25-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
26-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
27-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
29-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
30-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
31-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
01-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
02-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
03-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
04-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
05-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
06-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
07-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
08-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
09-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
10-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
11-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
12-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
13-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
14-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
15-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
16-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
17-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
18-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
19-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
20-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
21-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
22-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
23-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
24-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
25-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
26-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
27-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
28-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
29-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
30-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
31-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
02-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
03-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
04-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
05-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
06-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
07-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
08-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
09-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
10-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
11-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
12-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
13-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
14-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
15-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
16-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
17-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
18-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
19-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
20-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
21-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
23-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
24-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	7.9	8.0
25-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
26-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
27-Feb-00	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
28-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
29-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
01-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
02-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
03-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
04-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
05-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
06-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
07-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
08-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0

Appendix D3. Temperature measurements in °C for Lake Superior domestic brook trout test in soft water treatment.

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
30-Nov-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
01-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
02-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
03-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
04-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
05-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.0
06-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
07-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
08-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
09-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
10-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
11-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
12-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
13-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
14-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
15-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
16-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
17-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
18-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
19-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
20-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
21-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
22-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
23-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
24-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
25-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
26-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
28-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
29-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
30-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
31-Dec-99	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
01-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	12.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
02-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
03-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
04-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
05-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
06-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
07-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
08-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
09-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
10-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
11-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
12-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
13-Jan-00	7.9	8.0	7.9		7.9	
14-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
15-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
16-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
17-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
18-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
19-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
20-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	13.0
21-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
22-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
23-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
24-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
25-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
26-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
27-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
28-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
29-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
30-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
31-Jan-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
02-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
03-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
04-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
05-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
06-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
07-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
08-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
09-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
10-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
11-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
12-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
13-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
14-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
15-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
16-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
18-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
19-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
20-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
21-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
23-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
24-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
25-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
26-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
27-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
28-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
29-Feb-00	8.0	8.0	8.3	8.0	8.0	8.0
01-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
02-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
03-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
04-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
05-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
06-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
07-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
08-Mar-00	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0

Appendix E

Daily Hardness measurements for exposures mg/L CaCO₃

Appendix E1. Hardness measurements for exposure tanks during the test of feral brook trout from Melanchron Creek. Values are mg/L CaCO₃

control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
204	204	200	204	216	208
208	212	208	200	196	200
204	196	192	192	196	204
200	208	192	192	188	192
204	192	200	200	208	200
208	196	184	208	192	192
180	188	200	200	200	192
204	208	208	212	200	196
204	204	200	200	196	200
200	200	192	200	192	188
208	208	192	208	200	216
204	200	208	188	208	180
200	200	192	204	200	204
196	200	200	200	192	200
200	208	204	196		
			208		

Appendix E2. Hardness measurement of exposure tanks for Lake Superior brook trout in hard water treatments. Values are mg/L CaCO₃

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
30-Nov-99	240				200	
01-Dec-99			200			
02-Dec-99					196	
03-Dec-99					192	
04-Dec-99						
05-Dec-99						
06-Dec-99	200					
07-Dec-99		208				
08-Dec-99			200			
09-Dec-99					208	
10-Dec-99						212
11-Dec-99					220	
12-Dec-99	216					
13-Dec-99		220				
14-Dec-99			200			
15-Dec-99					208	
16-Dec-99						200
17-Dec-99					212	
18-Dec-99	208					
19-Dec-99		200				
20-Dec-99			216			
21-Dec-99					200	
22-Dec-99						216
23-Dec-99						200
24-Dec-99						
25-Dec-99						
26-Dec-99	216					
27-Dec-99						
28-Dec-99						
29-Dec-99	200					
30-Dec-99		200				
31-Dec-99			200			
01-Jan-00					212	
02-Jan-00						204
03-Jan-00						200
04-Jan-00	212					
05-Jan-00		240				
06-Jan-00						
07-Jan-00						200
08-Jan-00		212				200
09-Jan-00						
10-Jan-00						200
11-Jan-00	200					
12-Jan-00		200				
13-Jan-00			200			
14-Jan-00						

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
15-Jan-00	200					
16-Jan-00		220				
17-Jan-00			200			
18-Jan-00				204		
19-Jan-00					200	
20-Jan-00	200					
21-Jan-00						
22-Jan-00	212					
23-Jan-00		212				
24-Jan-00				200		
25-Jan-00					256	
26-Jan-00						
27-Jan-00						
28-Jan-00						200
29-Jan-00	200					
30-Jan-00		200				
31-Jan-00						
01-Feb-00						
02-Feb-00	200					
03-Feb-00		200				
04-Feb-00			240			
05-Feb-00				200		
06-Feb-00					200	
07-Feb-00						200
08-Feb-00	200					
09-Feb-00		204				
10-Feb-00			200			
11-Feb-00				212		
12-Feb-00					200	
13-Feb-00						200
14-Feb-00	200					
15-Feb-00		192				
16-Feb-00			200			
17-Feb-00						
18-Feb-00				200		
19-Feb-00					200	
20-Feb-00						200
21-Feb-00	200					
22-Feb-00						
23-Feb-00	200					
24-Feb-00		200				
25-Feb-00			200			
26-Feb-00				200		
27-Feb-00					200	
28-Feb-00						200
29-Feb-00	200					
01-Mar-00		200				
02-Mar-00			220			
03-Mar-00				212		

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
04-Mar-00					200	
05-Mar-00						200
06-Mar-00	200					
07-Mar-00		212				
08-Mar-00			200			

Appendix E3. Hardness measurement of exposure tanks for Lake Superior brook trout test in soft water treatments. Values are mg/L CaCO₃

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
30-Nov-99	60				40	
01-Dec-99			40			
02-Dec-99				53	40	
03-Dec-99						
04-Dec-99						
05-Dec-99	40					
06-Dec-99						
07-Dec-99		48				
08-Dec-99			44			
09-Dec-99				54		
10-Dec-99					40	
11-Dec-99				54		
12-Dec-99	44					
13-Dec-99		44				
14-Dec-99			48			
15-Dec-99				56		
16-Dec-99					40	
17-Dec-99						48
18-Dec-99	52					
19-Dec-99		48			56	
20-Dec-99			56			
21-Dec-99				60		
22-Dec-99						
23-Dec-99				60		
24-Dec-99					60	
25-Dec-99						
26-Dec-99	60					
27-Dec-99					40	
28-Dec-99						
29-Dec-99	52					
30-Dec-99		52				
31-Dec-99			40		40	
01-Jan-00						
02-Jan-00					40	
03-Jan-00						40
04-Jan-00	40					
05-Jan-00		40				
06-Jan-00			52			
07-Jan-00						52
08-Jan-00	40					
09-Jan-00		40				
10-Jan-00						
11-Jan-00	40					
12-Jan-00		40				
13-Jan-00			40			
14-Jan-00				56		

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
15-Jan-00	40					
16-Jan-00		48				
17-Jan-00			40			
18-Jan-00				40		
19-Jan-00					56	
20-Jan-00						40
21-Jan-00	40					
22-Jan-00		40				
23-Jan-00	40					
24-Jan-00		44				
25-Jan-00			56			
26-Jan-00				44		
27-Jan-00					40	
28-Jan-00						40
29-Jan-00	40					
30-Jan-00		40				
31-Jan-00			40			
01-Feb-00						
02-Feb-00	44					
03-Feb-00		40				
04-Feb-00			40			
05-Feb-00				40		
06-Feb-00					40	
07-Feb-00						40
08-Feb-00	40					
09-Feb-00		44				
10-Feb-00			40			
11-Feb-00				40		
12-Feb-00					44	
13-Feb-00						40
14-Feb-00	44					
15-Feb-00		40				
16-Feb-00			40			
17-Feb-00				40		
18-Feb-00						
19-Feb-00					40	
20-Feb-00						40
21-Feb-00	40					
22-Feb-00						
23-Feb-00	40					
24-Feb-00		40				
25-Feb-00			40			
26-Feb-00				40		
27-Feb-00					40	
28-Feb-00						44
29-Feb-00	40					
01-Mar-00		40				
02-Mar-00			40			

Date	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
03-Mar-00				44		
04-Mar-00					40	
05-Mar-00						40
06-Mar-00	40					
07-Mar-00		40				
08-Mar-00			40			

Appendix F

Daily conductivity measurements for exposures
umohms/cm³

Appendix F1. Feral brook trout from Melancthon Creek conductivity measurements in umohms/cm³

Date	control	6.26	12.5	25	50	100
15-Nov-98	320	360	410	480	580	900
16-Nov-98	325	340	375	450	320	880
17-Nov-98	330	370	390	440	590	910
18-Nov-98	320	370	410	480	595	910
19-Nov-98	310	350	400	460	560	900
20-Nov-98	310	350	380	450	560	900
21-Nov-98	400	450	400	460	440	890
22-Nov-98	350	490	500	450	380	900
23-Nov-98	310	320	380	440	540	810
24-Nov-98	290	310	340	390	520	790
25-Nov-98	330	340	390	410	490	740
26-Nov-98	280	320	370	430	590	910
27-Nov-98	310	340	380	420	600	960
28-Nov-98	310	340	440	400	580	860
29-Nov-98	310	350	370	430	560	890
30-Nov-98	280	330	350	450	560	900
01-Dec-98	310	370	390	470	600	900
02-Dec-98	330	360	390	470	600	900
03-Dec-98	320	340	390	470	610	940
04-Dec-98	300	350	360	470	590	920
05-Dec-98	300	320	340	420	520	820
06-Dec-98	280	320	370	400	540	880
07-Dec-98	310	330	370	460	590	920
08-Dec-98	280	310	330	420	530	820
09-Dec-98	290	310	370	400	530	910
10-Dec-98	310	340	350	450	540	800
11-Dec-98	290	320	390	420	520	800
12-Dec-98	300	340	380	450	540	860
13-Dec-98	300	330	390	420	540	820
14-Dec-98	300	340	390	475	520	800
15-Dec-98	290	320	390	440	560	880
16-Dec-98	290	320	360	420	570	840
17-Dec-98	300	330	360	440	540	880
18-Dec-98	300	330	380	450	570	900
19-Dec-98	280	300	340	420	520	890
20-Dec-98	280	310	330	420	490	740
21-Dec-98	300	320	350	420	520	940
22-Dec-98	250	300	360	360	580	890
23-Dec-98	270	300	360	480	560	920
24-Dec-98	300	330	360	470	580	890
25-Dec-98	295	310	380	480	600	940
26-Dec-98	310	330	380	460	560	920
27-Dec-98	280	310	380	400	540	860
28-Dec-98	300	320	340	500	590	900
29-Dec-98	310	330	350	480	540	920
30-Dec-98	300	350	380	500	610	940

Date	control	6.26	12.5	25	50	100
31-Dec-98	290	340	390	460	620	950
01-Jan-99	300	330	380	450	600	960
02-Jan-99	310	330	360	460	580	940
03-Jan-99	310	340	380	480	600	920
04-Jan-99	310	320	380	450	580	900
05-Jan-99	300	340	400	480	600	900
06-Jan-99	310	350	400	480	600	890
07-Jan-99	310	340	390	450	550	900
08-Jan-99	320	350	400	470	550	890
09-Jan-99	320	360	400	460	570	900
10-Jan-99	280	315	350	480	560	900
11-Jan-99	300	340	350	520	580	895
12-Jan-99	295	340	370	500	570	910
13-Jan-99	285	320	370	540	580	930
14-Jan-99	305	330	370	550	610	910
15-Jan-99	305	330	370	540	620	940
16-Jan-99	325	340	380	560	635	890
17-Jan-99	300	325	355	450	550	880
18-Jan-99	300	330	380	550	600	940
19-Jan-99	290	320	380	520	600	960
20-Jan-99	290	330	370	500	570	910
21-Jan-99	300	330	400	480	600	910
22-Jan-99	285	310	360	470	580	900
23-Jan-99	280	320	380	450	580	895
24-Jan-99	285	315	350	440	560	895
25-Jan-99	305	340	380	430	520	860
26-Jan-99	295	350	390	445	530	890
27-Jan-99	290	330	380	510	580	860
28-Jan-99	280	320	350	450	550	900
29-Jan-99	320	340	330	450	580	840
30-Jan-99	300	300	350	520	600	900
31-Jan-99	290	320	380	460	580	940
01-Feb-99	310	340	380	470	580	940
02-Feb-99	280	320	370	450	600	900
03-Feb-99	300	320	350	450	550	900
04-Feb-99	295	335	380	440	580	900
05-Feb-99	290	330	360	420	560	880
06-Feb-99	300	320	350	450	560	880
07-Feb-99	300	330	380	440	550	900
08-Feb-99	320	340	380	440	550	890
09-Feb-99	320	370	400	450	580	940
10-Feb-99	300	330	370	440	550	880
11-Feb-99	320	330	380	480	600	920
12-Feb-99	290	320	380	450	560	910

Appendix F2. Conductivity measurements for Lake Superior domestic brook trout test in hard water treatment as umohms/cm³.

Date	control	6.26	12.5	25	50	100
10-Dec-99	270	350	380	500	620	820
11-Dec-99	310	350	400	500	680	860
12-Dec-99	280	350	400	500	660	860
13-Dec-99	280	350	380	500	610	860
14-Dec-99	280	350	400	500	640	900
15-Dec-99	280	350	390	470	700	900
16-Dec-99	280	350	400	500	680	940
17-Dec-99	300	330	400	500	620	940
18-Dec-99	250	310	380	500	660	920
19-Dec-99	300	340	420	520	700	980
20-Dec-99	300	350	400	500	680	960
21-Dec-99	300	350	400	520	660	980
22-Dec-99	300	350	400	550	650	1200
23-Dec-99	300	350	400	600	680	100
24-Dec-99	270	350	400	500	650	990
26-Dec-99	280	360	400	540	660	960
29-Dec-99	300	350	400	510	640	1100
30-Dec-99	300	350	410	520	700	1150
31-Dec-99	290	360	390	500	650	1020
01-Jan-00	300	350	400	500	650	1040
02-Jan-00	300	370	400	540	700	1040
03-Jan-00	280	340	390	560	700	1010
04-Jan-00	300	330	410	510	660	1005
05-Jan-00	280	340	380	500	660	1010
06-Jan-00	310	360	370	520	600	1005
07-Jan-00	300	330	380	480	660	1100
08-Jan-00	300	330	380	490	660	1000
09-Jan-00	300	340	390	500	660	1000
11-Jan-00	300	350	380	500	640	1010
12-Jan-00	300	350	400	500	640	1015
13-Jan-00	290	340	390	480	660	1015
14-Jan-00	300	350	400	500	660	1010
15-Jan-00	300	340	410	510	700	1010
16-Jan-00	320	360	400	520	660	1100
17-Jan-00	310	350	390	520	680	1010
18-Jan-00	310	350	390	540	660	1010
19-Jan-00	300	310	350	500	660	990
20-Jan-00	300	340	400	510	660	1010
21-Jan-00	300	350	410	520	660	1010
22-Jan-00	310	360	400	500	660	1010
23-Jan-00	300	340	400	520	660	1010
24-Jan-00	300	350	400	500	640	1008
25-Jan-00	300	350	400	500	600	590
26-Jan-00	310	370	400	520	660	900
27-Jan-00	320	360	400	550	700	660
28-Jan-00	300	370	410	560	700	620

Date	control	6.26	12.5	25	50	100
29-Jan-00	300	350	420	520	660	770
30-Jan-00	300	380	420	560	700	660
31-Jan-00	400	380	420	600	800	700
02-Feb-00	300	370	450	540	700	700
03-Feb-00	300	390	450	560	710	700
04-Feb-00	350	400	480	580	780	760
05-Feb-00	300	410	500	600	700	760
06-Feb-00	300	400	450	540	700	780
07-Feb-00	310	380	420	540	700	720
08-Feb-00	310	340	400	540	700	840
09-Feb-00	300	350	400	500	600	800
10-Feb-00	330	400	440	560	720	780
11-Feb-00	310	400	440	580	740	1020
12-Feb-00	300	370	410	500	660	1010
13-Feb-00	300	350	420	500	660	800
14-Feb-00	320	360	400	510	700	820
15-Feb-00	300	350	420	540	700	820
16-Feb-00	300	350	400	500	700	1009
18-Feb-00	320	400	440	540	720	880
19-Feb-00	330	390	450	550	720	900
20-Feb-00	320	370	450	520	700	1008
21-Feb-00	350	370	430	520	660	900
22-Feb-00	350	400	450	580	800	1400
23-Feb-00	350	400	450	580	800	1400
24-Feb-00	300	340	390	500	700	1100
25-Feb-00	320	380	430	520	700	1000
26-Feb-00	370	420	480	600	800	1200
27-Feb-00	310	350	410	540	700	1000
28-Feb-00	320	350	400	500	700	1020
29-Feb-00	330	380	420	500	700	1100
01-Mar-00	320	370	420	520	700	1100
02-Mar-00	350	400	420	520	640	1040
03-Mar-00	360	420	470	600	760	1220
04-Mar-00	310	360	410	500	640	1120
05-Mar-00	340	380	420	540	700	1180
06-Mar-00	350	400	430	550	720	1190
07-Mar-00	350	400	450	560	720	1190
08-Mar-00	340	390	430	540	710	1100

Appendix F3. Conductivity measurements for Lake Superior domestic brook trout test in soft water treatment as umohms/cm³.

Date	control	6.26	12.5	25	50	100
10-Dec-99	150	180	200	250	350	250
11-Dec-99	140	170	200	250	350	560
12-Dec-99	160	180	200	250	350	600
13-Dec-99	150	180	200	250	370	640
14-Dec-99	150	170	200	230	360	660
15-Dec-99	150	200	220	250	380	620
16-Dec-99	150	170	210	250	370	620
17-Dec-99	150	190	210	250	400	600
18-Dec-99	150	180	200	250	400	620
19-Dec-99	150	180	190	260	400	650
20-Dec-99	140	170	200	140	350	600
21-Dec-99	150	250	200	280	350	610
22-Dec-99	150	180	230	280	350	630
23-Dec-99	150	180	200	270	350	610
24-Dec-99	140	170	210	250	370	660
26-Dec-99	150	180	220	260	360	600
29-Dec-99	140	160	210	260	350	600
30-Dec-99	150	200	230	270	380	670
31-Dec-99	140	180	200	270	400	660
01-Jan-00	130	170	150	240	380	650
02-Jan-00	140	180	180	250	390	650
03-Jan-00	130	180	200	250	350	620
04-Jan-00	140	170	200	240	350	610
05-Jan-00	130	150	180	240	380	600
06-Jan-00	130	160	180	250	400	250
07-Jan-00	130	150	180	250	350	250
08-Jan-00	130	160	170	220	370	300
09-Jan-00	130	150	190	150	350	660
10-Jan-00	130	150	170	250	400	350
11-Jan-00	140	150	170	250	340	140
12-Jan-00	130	140	160	220	400	150
13-Jan-00	115	140	180	250	450	180
14-Jan-00	115	140	200	270	450	220
15-Jan-00	125	185	220	280	460	220
16-Jan-00	120	160	200	260	490	600
17-Jan-00	120	130	200	270	420	180
18-Jan-00	130	170	210	280	480	660
19-Jan-00	140	180	220	280	440	140
20-Jan-00	140	180	220	310	450	170
21-Jan-00	130	180	225	310	460	180
22-Jan-00	130	180	210	220	470	220
23-Jan-00	140	170	220	300	460	810
24-Jan-00	140	170	220	310	460	230
25-Jan-00	140	180	240	300	470	820
26-Jan-00	140	160	220	290	440	320
27-Jan-00	140	180	230	280	480	800

Date	control	6.26	12.5	25	50	100
28-Jan-00	150	180	210	300	450	880
29-Jan-00	140	170	250	300	480	350
30-Jan-00	130	170	280	350	450	900
02-Feb-00	160	200	240	320	500	900
03-Feb-00	150	190	250	310	500	560
04-Feb-00	150	180	220	310	560	560
05-Feb-00	150	200	250	320	490	490
06-Feb-00	150	180	230	280	510	480
07-Feb-00	140	180	240	240	450	450
08-Feb-00	150	180	250	310	450	540
09-Feb-00	150	200	260	300	450	520
10-Feb-00	150	190	240	280	500	540
11-Feb-00	150	190	250	290	470	800
12-Feb-00	140	180	180	260	400	520
13-Feb-00	160	190	220	260	350	540
14-Feb-00	160	180	220	280	410	600
15-Feb-00	150	180	230	290	400	350
16-Feb-00	140	180	210	270	400	640
18-Feb-00	160	210	250	320	500	500
19-Feb-00	160	250	290	370	540	500
20-Feb-00	150	200	240	340	510	510
21-Feb-00	150	220	250	340	500	500
22-Feb-00	160	300	270	350	500	900
23-Feb-00	160	300	270	350	500	900
24-Feb-00	150	250	250	340	450	880
25-Feb-00	150	270	250	330	500	900
26-Feb-00	170	300	250	360	540	740
27-Feb-00	150	230	250	330	460	640
28-Feb-00	150	210	220	300	450	650
29-Feb-00	160	210	200	350	500	700
01-Mar-00	150	210	250	310	510	900
02-Mar-00	160	200	240	310	500	700
03-Mar-00	170	220	250	380	540	800
04-Mar-00	140	190	210	300	450	740
05-Mar-00	140	180	220	300	470	880
06-Mar-00	140	190	200	320	480	900
07-Mar-00	150	190	210	330	520	960
08-Mar-00	140	190	230	330	490	900

Appendix G

Raw data for embryo mortality and egg totals

Appendix G1

Total number of feral brook trout embryos from Melancthon Creek embryos exposed to nitrate.

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	88	53	43	79	62	61
B	79	46	57	65	58	76
C	74	63	56	70	70	62
D	78	57	60	70	69	100
E	75	57	65	67	65	57
F	74	59	55	57	67	65
G	82	62	60	57	59	45
H	65	55	54	49	50	46

Mortality of feral brook trout embryos from Melancthon Creek embryos exposed to nitrate until eye-up stage.

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	1	0	0	5	3	1
B	3	0	0	2	2	0
C	1	1	0	1	4	5
D	3	2	0	3	2	1
E	2	1	3	2	1	2
F	2	1	0	1	1	1
G	0	6	3	5	1	1
H	1	0	1	3	0	1

Mortality of feral brook trout embryos from Melancthon Creek embryos exposed to nitrate until hatch.

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	1	0	1	6	6	1
B	4	1	1	2	4	2
C	2	2	1	3	4	5
D	4	4	1	3	2	3
E	2	2	3	5	6	2
F	2	4	1	3	3	3
G	0	8	3	6	3	2
H	1	2	2	4	0	1

Mortality of feral brook trout embryos from Melanchron Creek embryos exposed to nitrate until yolk-sac absorption.

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	3	2	4	7	6	1
B	4	4	4	2	4	3
C	3	3	2	4	5	5
D	4	4	4	3	3	3
E	2	3	3	6	6	2
F	2	7	2	3	4	3
G	0	8	5	6	3	2
H	2	2	3	6	0	3

Appendix G2

Lake Superior brook trout embryo mortality at yolk-sac absorption in hard water treatment

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	74	76	91	98	100	85
B	76	89	86	97	110	86
C	79	87	98	99	114	92
D	69	89	88	84	99	102
E	78	82	76	92	108	103
F	59	99	87	77	115	103
G	58	104	88	83	92	98
H	77	111	79	89	109	99

Lake Superior brook trout embryo mortality at eye-up in hard water treatment

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	39	38	55	58	68	59
B	39	38	49	49	78	46
C	44	38	50	67	67	69
D	31	36	47	47	51	68
E	39	50	38	53	47	56
F	33	39	28	35	55	60
G	22	43	47	40	39	50
H	31	53	33	43	53	54

Lake Superior brook trout embryo mortality at hatch in hard water

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	62	64	80	83	96	75
B	57	71	71	70	96	66
C	67	70	89	95	102	79
D	53	65	73	74	73	92
E	60	69	71	89	87	89
F	44	69	64	62	83	92
G	40	78	84	63	71	84
H	63	88	61	71	96	82

Lake Superior brook trout embryo mortality at yolk-sac absorption in hard water treatment

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	62	66	80	83	98	77
B	58	72	73	72	99	68
C	68	71	89	97	103	81
D	54	66	74	74	73	94
E	63	69	73	90	88	90
F	45	70	67	63	86	98
G	40	80	84	63	71	89
H	66	90	61	71	98	85

Appendix G3

Total Lake Superior brook trout eggs in soft water treatment

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	99	119	90	101	105	93
B	100	101	86	105	105	103
C	98	104	91	93	102	115
D	100	104	88	98	84	87
E	98	91	77	97	95	105
F	107	95	86	97	71	104
G	100	95	91	103	86	96
H	113	107	77	94	94	95

Lake Superior brook trout embryo mortality at eye-up in soft water

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	46	63	41	52	53	42
B	44	57	48	49	47	48
C	51	45	47	42	45	51
D	55	58	40	60	29	45
E	56	42	35	48	31	43
F	47	36	45	52	32	42
G	45	35	45	42	37	47
H	46	56	32	50	37	43

Lake Superior brook trout embryo mortality at hatch in soft water treatment

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	80	105	80	78	78	83
B	81	87	73	86	74	85
C	82	88	85	79	85	105
D	94	97	79	93	60	79
E	90	84	74	85	72	96
F	85	83	77	82	55	89
G	77	77	77	71	64	75
H	90	90	63	79	70	71

Lake Superior brook trout embryo mortality at yolk-sac absorption in soft water treatment.

Replicate	control	6.25	12.5	25	50	100
A	86	112	83	84	82	92
B	81	87	75	91	87	90
C	88	100	89	82	89	110
D	96	98	80	93	67	84
E	96	87	77	87	81	102
F	89	86	78	85	62	95
G	87	86	83	88	75	86
H	105	96	66	86	94	95

Appendix H.

Raw data for growth and biomass

Raw data of growth and biomass for exposures.

concentration (Replicate)	Feral Growth	Lake Superior Growth	Lake Superior Growth	Feral Biomass	Lake Superior Biomass	Lake Superior Biomass
Control a	0.012550	0.011108	0.013747	0.012550	0.011108	0.013747
Control b	0.011871	0.012398	0.014149	0.009497	0.012398	0.014149
Control c	0.014291	0.012372	0.011987	0.011433	0.011135	0.011987
Control d	0.014331	0.012172	0.013251	0.012898	0.012172	0.013251
Control e	0.015591	0.011302	0.012298	0.014032	0.011302	0.012298
Control f	0.015665	0.011781	0.013149	0.009399	0.011781	0.013149
Control g	0.015360	0.012730	0.012981	0.010752	0.012730	0.012981
Control h	0.013763	0.012944	0.013120	0.012387	0.012944	0.013120
6.26 a	0.010533	0.012035	0.014860	0.010533	0.012035	0.011888
6.26 b	0.011921	0.013072	0.013009	0.011921	0.013072	0.013009
6.26 c	0.013264	0.012723	0.014173	0.013264	0.012723	0.014173
6.26 d	0.013281	0.012271	0.013242	0.013281	0.012271	0.013242
6.26 e	0.013507	0.011957	0.014348	0.013507	0.011957	0.014348
6.26 f	0.014296	0.013143	0.014735	0.014296	0.013143	0.014735
6.26 g	0.013550	0.013598	0.014066	0.013550	0.013598	0.014066
6.26 h	0.014756	0.012962	0.013828	0.014756	0.012962	0.011062
12.5 a	0.012320	0.013262	0.013013	0.012320	0.013262	0.013013
12.5 b	0.013078	0.012509	0.012719	0.013078	0.012509	0.012719
12.5 c	0.013545	0.013109	0.014204	0.013545	0.013109	0.011363
12.5 d	0.013372	0.013845	0.014023	0.013372	0.013845	0.014023
12.5 e	0.013337	0.013290	0.015303	0.012003	0.013290	0.013773
12.5 f	0.013174	0.013611	0.014446	0.011857	0.013611	0.014446
12.5 g	0.013184	0.013388	0.015311	0.013184	0.013388	0.015311
12.5 h	0.012422	0.013846		0.012422	0.013846	
25 a	0.012800	0.012833	0.011970	0.012800	0.012833	0.011970
25 b	0.012277	0.012703	0.012638	0.012277	0.011433	0.012638
25 c	0.013667	0.011886	0.012913	0.013667	0.010697	0.012913
25 d	0.013398	0.012648	0.013946	0.013398	0.012648	0.013946
25 e	0.013806	0.010081	0.012790	0.013806	0.010081	0.012790
25 f	0.012697	0.015490	0.013812	0.012697	0.012392	0.013812
25 g	0.014364	0.014006	0.011245	0.014364	0.012605	0.011245
25 h	0.014892	0.012598	0.015526	0.014892	0.012598	0.013973
50 a	0.013005	0.011811	0.012688	0.013005	0.009449	0.012688
50 b	0.011462	0.013270	0.013252	0.011462	0.013270	0.013252
50 c	0.011708	0.013545	0.013424	0.011708	0.013545	0.013424
50 d	0.012720	0.013750	0.014216	0.012720	0.013750	0.014216
50 e	0.011974	0.013609	0.013018	0.011974	0.013609	0.011716
50 f	0.012161	0.014149	0.014157	0.012161	0.014149	0.012741
50 g	0.012340	0.013940	0.013233	0.012340	0.013940	0.013233
50 h	0.012088	0.012465	0.010732	0.010879	0.012465	0.005366
100 a	0.013268	0.012621	0.013608	0.013268	0.011359	0.012247
100 b	0.011137	0.013185	0.012297	0.010023	0.013185	0.007378
100 c	0.012454	0.013508	0.014501	0.012454	0.013508	0.013051
100 d	0.011859	0.014258	0.013140	0.010673	0.012832	0.013140
100 e	0.012407	0.014013	0.012566	0.012407	0.012612	0.012566
100 f	0.011520	0.013407	0.012780	0.011520	0.012066	0.005112
100 g	0.013244	0.013162	0.014343	0.013244	0.011846	0.010040
100 h	0.012506	0.013097		0.012506	0.011787	

