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Librium advertisement.

[s.l.]: [s.n.], 1964

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Anxious about "The Change"

Menopausal patients frequently experience unfounded feelings of being unwanted or inadequate, often manifested in crying spells, irritability and apathy, that add to their discomfort. When reassurances and replacement therapy are not enough to carry such women over this trying period of emotional and physical readjustment, the adjunctive use of Librium (chlordiazepoxide HCl) can allay their anxieties promptly and effectively. Under the distinct calming action of this reliable agent, these patients often accept your advice and treatment more readily and tend to adapt realistically to the "change of life."

The wide margin of safety provided by this antianxiety agent is particularly valuable. Since it does not usually impair mental acuity or give rise to extrapyramidal symptoms, patients are able to regain their composure generally without loss of ability to function or physical comfort. And it can be given in the presence of depression — a most important advantage in the management of the menopausal patient.

In prescribing: Dosage — Adults: Mild to moderate anxiety and tension, 5 or 10 mg t.i.d. or q.i.d.; severe states, 20 or 25 mg t.i.d. or q.i.d. Geriatric patients: 5 mg b.i.d. to q.i.d.

Side Effects: Side effects, often dose-related, are drowsiness, ataxia, minor skin rashes, menstrual irregularities, nausea and constipation. When treatment is protracted, blood counts and liver function tests are advisable. Paradoxical reactions may occasionally occur in psychiatric patients. Individual maintenance dosages should be determined.

Precautions: Advise patients against possibly hazardous procedures until maintenance dosage is established. Though compatible with most drugs, use care in combining with other psychotropics, particularly MAO inhibitors or phenothiazines; warn patients of possible combined effects with alcohol. Observe usual precautions in impaired renal or hepatic function, and in long-term treatment. Exercise caution in administering drug to addiction-prone patients or those who might increase dosage; withdrawal symptoms, similar to those seen with barbiturates or meprobamate, can occur upon abrupt cessation after prolonged overdosage. Caution should be exercised in prescribing any therapeutic agent for pregnant patients.

Supplied: Capsules, 5 mg, 10 mg and 25 mg, bottles of 50 and 500.

for relief of
menopausal anxiety
and apprehension

5 mg, 10 mg, 25 mg

LIBRIUM[®]
(chlordiazepoxide HCl)



ROCHE LABORATORIES
Division of Hoffmann-La Roche Inc.
Nutley, N.J. 07110



