

MR 3 field reports - Khammouane. 1962/1972

[s.l.]: [s.n.], 1962/1972

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US AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT RURAL DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

(Incoming and Outgoing Field Messages)

TO:	MR. ELLIOTT	DATE:	DECEMBER 1, 1962
	MR. BECHTEL, SAVANNAKHET		
	REFUGEES IN KHAMMOUANE PROVINCE:		
	2,418 FAMILIES - 4,951 PEOPLE.		
	THE CHAOKHOUENG WANTS TWO BLANKETS PER FAMILY.		
	UNCLASSIFIED		
THOMAS:	fvp ACTI	ON:	
October	25, 1962 Development		
	DA DA	TE:	

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT : Mr Aubrey Elliott, Social Welfare DATE: December 3, 1962 REF.: 42 - 62 FROM : Arthur W. Bechtel, R.D. Adviser Savannakhet. SUBJECT: Refugees in Khammouane Province. Your radio request for numbers of refugees and blankets needed was received by radio. In a previous memorandum, No 41-62, dated Nov. 29, 1962, you received this information for Savannakhet Province. The following was transmitted to you by radio this morning and represents Khammouane Province :

- Total number of refugees (4,951.
- Total number of families : 2,418.
- Number of blankets needed @ 2 per family : 4,836.

The attached sheet purports to show the quantities fleeing from individual muong and has been furnished by the Chao Khoueng of Khammouane Province. It is my understanding that these refugees, like those of Savannakhet, are often given quarters in army camps which might have vacant buildings but are not an integral part of the military installation.

COPY : R.D.

NOMBRE DES REFUGIES

DE LA PROVINCE DE KHAMMOUANE

	Nore de famille	Nore de personnes
- Muong Khammouane	184	670
- Muong de Hineboun	1	5
- Muong de Mahaxay	805	2030
- Muong de Nhommarath	434	833
- Muong de Khamkeut	994	1413
	2418	4951

KHAMMOUANE

1959 - 1960

CONSTRUCTION OF SCHOOLS

MUCNG THAKHEK (14 schools)

	BAN	TASSENG
-	Done Houang	Thakhek
45	Dong Mouang Khai	Thakhek
-	Phone Phim	Thakhek
-	Laou-Ngoua	Thakhek
-	Ban Laou	Thakhek
-	Mouang Soum	Thadeua
-	Nong Ly	Tan Thoung
-	Dong Ka Sene	Meuang Ba
	Ba Bo	Heuang Ba
-	Ban Sang	heuang Ba
	Nhang Kham	Nong Phan
-	Nong Pham	Nong Pham
-	Dong Ka Sinh	Song Menan
-	Phon Dou	Nase
MU	ONG KHAMKEUT (9 schools)	
-	Napavanh	KhamKeut

Khankeut - Phone Muong - Kouane Chanh Khamk eut Khammouane Khammouane - Dong Bang Khammouane Napé Napé Na hieuang Napé Phone That Napé - Masalom Napé

.../....

MUONG MAHAXAY (6 Schools)

	BAN	TASSENG
-	Na Dene	Ran Dang
-	Na Khay	Ban Dang
-	Phone Hin He	Sang Phok
-	Sang Phok	Sang Phok
-	Ban Sang	Ban Sang
-	Phone Seth	Na Sok

delir beledelet et de

KHAMMOUANE

1960 - 1961

CONSTRUCTION OF SCHOOLS

MUCHG THAKHEK (Khammouane)

BAN

TASSENG

- Thakhek

Thakhek

- Thadeua

Thadeua

- Dong Tay

- Nakham

Dong Tay

Song Menang

- DongBoun Nhay

Song Henang

- Nadone

Xamanne

- Ban Tung

Sibounhouang

MUCING KHAMKBUT

- Phalfuong

Khamkent

MUONG HINBOUN

- Boung Kouang

Ban Poung

CONSTRUCTION OF MALKETS

MUONG PHONTICU

- Phonfiou

Phontiou

MUONG HINBOUN

- HinBoun

HinBoun

MUONG MAHAKAY

- Mahaxay

. Hahaxay

CONSTRUCTION OF CEMENT WATER-TANK

MUONG THAKHEK

BAN

TASSENG

- Muong Kao

Thaidrek

- West Kang

Thakhek

MUONG KHANKEUT

- KhamKeut

Khankeut

Belishelishelishelishe

KHAMMOUANE

1961 - 1962

CONSTRUCTION OF SCHOOLS

MUONG SEBANGFAI (3 Schools)

BAN TASSENG - Dong Phangphac Done Savang - Done Khiou - Kang Done Savang - Mouang Khay Done Savang MUONG HINBOUNE (11 Schools) - Nakhaa Nakang Naphô Thamy - HoueikhaoMinh HinBoune Ban Nabone Nabone - Ban Meng Ban Poung Ban Seth Ban Soth Ban Koup Nakang - Ban Phong Ban Poung - Ban Thakhene Na Pho HinBoune - Ban Poung Tay Nabone Ban Hat MUONG KHAMMOUANE (9 Schools Ban Nakoum Someune Keng Chek - Ban Nong Hang Ban Nakhom Ban Som Dong Tay Ban Done Thong Ban Whang Kom The Dana

Ban Monangdoy

Ban Namong Ban Nakok

Ban Lamalath

Nasa Thakhek

NaMouatig

Sommine

DELEGATION ADMINISTRATIVE PHONTIOU (1 School)

BAN TASSENG

- Ban Hinkham PhonTiou

le helede belede belede bele

KHAMMOUANE PROVINCE SUMMARY

Rural Self Help Projects

TYPE OF PROJECT	: 1958 - :	59 :	1960	: 1961 - 6/30/6	2 :	TOTAL
	:	:		•	:	
Bridge		:	1	•	:	1
Community Center	*	:	2			2
Grematory	:	:	1	r	:	1
Infirmaries & Dispensaries	: 4	:	1	:	:	5
Markets		:	3	:	:	3
Roads & Trails	: 4	:		•	•	- 4 -
Schools : New	: 29	:	9	: 24		62
Repaired	: 10	:		. 1	:	11
		:		:		
Wells	2	:		: 7		9
				:	:	
		:		2	:	
		:		:		

TO: Sanford Stone, A/C SVKT

Ocotber 1, 1966

FROM: Henry Dahlberg, Refugee Relief Officer, Thakhek

SUBJECT: Monthly Report, September 1-30, 1966 (Exerpts)

General: This months were were again fortunate as a small number of new refugees allowed us to continue working on a variety of fesettlement projects. We had only 53 families, 149 people, arrive this month, with 70 coming from Mahaxay district alone.

TO: E.G. Ruoff, RDD/VTE

October 31, 1966

FROM: Ronald J. Rickenbach, AOO/TKK

SUBJECT: Monthly Report, October 1, 1966 (Exerpts)

Statistics: This month we had no large influxes of refugees. A total of 33 families, 98 people came out from Muong Kham Keut.

TO: Sanford J. Stone, AC/SVKT

November 1966

FROM: Ronald J. Richenbach, AOO/TKK

SUBJECT: Monthly Report, November 1-29, 1966 (Exerpts)

Statistics: New refugees. Only 17 families (29 people), from three Muongs came out during the month. These people received "one-shot" distributions of food-stuffs and commodities.

ORA: ps*5-24-71

TO: Sanford Stone, A/C SVKT

November 30, 1966

EROM: Henry Dahlherg, Refugee Relief Officer/TKK

SUBJECT: Monthly Report, November 1966 (Exerpts)

New refugees: For several months now we have continued to have a small number of refugees coming into Thakhek. This month 15 families (26 persons) arrived, coming mainly from Nhammarath and Mahaxay districts.

TO: S.F. Stone, AC/SVKT

February 1, 1967

FROM: Val Petersen, Area Operations Officer, TKK

SUBJECT: Monthly Report, January 1967 (Ecerpts)

N total of 286 new refugees arrived this month from three muongs.

TO: S.J. Stone, AC/SVKT February 28, 1967

FROM: Val Pstersen, AOO/TKK

SUBJECT: MOnthly Report, February 1967 (Ecerpts)

General: A sudden influx of over 500 new refugees, mostly from areas in Muong Kham Keut, during the last week of this month has outstripped available relocation areas, and as of this date we are still looking for locations for the last 84 families to arrive. We hope to get them on land quickly that can be cleared for a rice crop.

The total number of new refugees this month from Muongs Hin Boun, Mahaxay, Nhommalat and Kham Keut is 744 people (169 families).

Two of the three experienced personnel in the RIG/SW office, two school teachers who have worked in that office for 6 years, have been ordered by the Ministry of Education to return immediately to teaching. This creates a serious personnel shortage, which will no doubt be met by drawing some of the personnel now training in Vientiane for resettlement work, into the Thakhek social welfare office. Even then, the reaminder of only one experienced person in the office for all relief and resettlement activities will hamper the program considerably until some of the younger personnel gain experience. This will also reduce the number of resettlement field workers we had hoped to have available.

TO: Sanford J. Stone, AC/SVKT May 1, 1967

FROM: Val Petersen, Operations Officer/TKK

SUBJECT: Monthly Report, April 1967 (Exerpts)

General: New refugees contine to arrive mostly having been assisted in leaving their homes. Our ability to handle all the new people and get them on land in time to get a crop in his been stretched thin at a time busy with distributing rice seed. There are now 7,038 people (1,371) families in a total of 20 sites.

TO: Mr. S.J. Stone

Feb 1, 1969

FROM: B. Chessin, CDAA/Thakhek

SUBJECT: Monthly Report for Jan 1969 (Exerpts)

Security Situation:

If Jan is any indication of things to come, then we may be in for a rather difficualt next few months, both the PL and NVA have chosen this month to caunch operations against the government in Khammouane these have run the gamut from the capture and release the next day of two RIG/SW men, to the caontrol of a 6-km sectin of route 13 by approximately two companies of Viet Minh.

Apr 1, 1969

FROM: Chessin

SUBJECT: Monthly Report March 1969 (Exerpts)

(C) Relief Operations:

The Meo in the north continue as our major concern, but we can expect to have them relatively well or ganized shortly. The other refugees, from the Nakai area, have moved in along route 13, with friendly families at Houei Sakout.

May 1, 1969

FROM: Chessia, CDAA/Thakhek

SUBJECT: Monthly Report - Apr 1969 (Exerpts)

Thakhek remains, as usual, in a state of semi-alert due to enemy activity. For the last month, most of this activity has centered around the Dong Kasene area, making road travel to and from Savannakhet somewhat more of a trial than usual.

The refugee situation has stabilized. After the large movement up north, we have moved into a period of little or no movement, borring any heavy increase in enemy activity up noth, I expect no major changes in the coming month.

June 1, 1969

FROM: Chessin

SUBJECT: Monthly Report - May 1969 (Exerpts)

Security in Khammouane continues to be a problem, though the enemy emphasis seems to have switched almost entirely to the area south of Thakhek.

July 1, 1969

FROM: Chessin

SUBJECT: Monthly Report - June 1969 (Exerpts)

Due to increased pressures by the enemy in both north and south USAID effort has been fairly heavily curtailed.

Thusfar, the enemy has been satisfied to harass FAR without causing major damage to installations, and without hitting USAID facilities or vehicles. There seems to be no attempt to really gain full possession of an area along the road, and the major effort seems to be only related to the stretching of FAR defenses to their limits. The latest attack on Nam Thone may herald a change in this policy, but it's still to early to tell.

TO : Mr. B. Chessin, CDAA/Thakhek

FROM : Nim Thavorn, RDD/Nong Bok

SUBJECT: Monthly Report (Monthly of Sept., 1969)

This period is almost the same of last month. We have spent most of our time and personnels to work with the villagers in the 6 villages (right in Nong Bok) to complete the road Self help project. The names and the persentage of the completions of these roads of each village are:

1. Ban Phone:

Road	No.	1.	300	meters	long		Completed Completed	nonth-
	п	3.	200	ri .	6	90%	n n	
	B	40	80	17	a a	40%	10	

2. Ban Siboonhausng:

Road No.	1.	200	maters	long	90%	Completed.
ŧ	2.	200	H	n	100%	49
10	30	200	15	M	80%	U

3. Ban Nong Boks

Road	"a0	1.	200	meters	long	100%	Completed
	10	2.	200	17	K	1,00%	
	tt.	30	100	Ni	17	190%	n

4. Ban Hong Done:

Road	No	1.	200	maters	long	100%	Completedo
	17	2.	200	12	£4	100%	Ħ
	if	3.	100	n	15	90%	EP .
	n	ha	75	19	gt	90% 85%	10

5. Ban Nongsepangs

Road	No.	1.	(Old Road)	150	meters	long	40%	Completerio
	II.	2.	(New Road)	200	H	16		н
	H	3.	(New Road)	100	и .	e e	30%	rf .

6. Ben Hamanpa:

Road	No	1.	L	(00)	maters	long	90%	Completed.
	W	2.	3	00	- 11		100%	И
	**	3.	3	100		10	85%	g

Out of these we are encouraging the villagers of these villages to keep their houses & lawn cleaned, and making the new fence. We are playning we have the beaty contest in these villages on short future.

INFORMATION PROGRAM

Nong Bok cluster newspaper for month of Sept. have been distrabuted to the people in the cluster area as well.

The Cluster Library still more enterested in the area-

Movie & Mohlam: This period, we have showed a lot of movie in Nong Bok, where the villagers building roads. Also every where we showed movies the Nohlam team have moving along as well.

AGRICULTURE

The fruit tree demonstration garden are growing up well. Also during the whiddle of this month have planted some fruit trees.

The Pump project at Kiengvangtha, Hatxiengdee still enteresting to do for the next dry season. Also some more villages along Sebangfai river interested.

Te s Mr. S. J. Stone, AC/Savannakhet

From & B. Chossin, CDAA/Thakhok & CheuS

Subject: Monthly Report - September, 1969

MONG BOKS

lo Nong Bok personnel have continued to work on self help road projects, primarily in Nong Bok itself. They expect to expand this effort as soon as most of the rice crop is gathered and villagers are freed from harvesting.

2. In discussions with the Chao Mouang, we have centered our attention for this dry season on three main areas; the roads, 2 small self-help dam projects (Housel Lo and Housel Me Mang), and school projects. The dams are probably the most important to us, as we are convinced that construction will finally stop the flooding in the Nong Kalatha area just south of Nong Bok. The dam on the Housel Boun was a real success, and has led to real village interest in the other projects. We hope to have Mr. Morgan assist us with the planning for these projects shortly.

We also have one other problem in the irrigation field. The main canal - Nong Kalatha to the Mekong at Bung Santha - is still some 50 cm too high. Water is not draining out as hoped. If possible, we would like a dozer to assist in rectifying this problem, as this area can be fully opened to rice production next rainy season, if we can get this job done.

3. Security - See my mamo dated 29 September, 1969.

REFUGEE AREAS

- 1. Both Curesith and I have been holding meetings, this month, with the villagers along Boute 13, explaining the various changes in refugee programing. As we are putting a heavier emphasis on self-help, we feel these conversations would assist the villagers in understanding and accepting the changes.
- 2. The refugee clothing program is on the move again, one to the increased demand up north and in Savannakhet. Barring special calls from Savannakhet, we will be shipping this to Vientians, when the stock level gate somewhat higher.

3. The demonstration farm at Nam Thome is beginning to show real promise. Adul is putting in fruit trees, and various vegetables as well as a watermelon crop. He has also been getting seeds to refugee villagers in the surrounding area; and vegetable gardens are beginning to spring up in places such as Nam Khou, Nam Deua, Nam Kang and Nam Thome. Some of these vegetables have begun showing up in the Thakkek market, and we hope to have refugee vegetables in the next Agricultural Fair for the first time.

EDUCATION

The Activity Plan for IL schools in the province and 12 refugee schools is cut in process; and we should be able to begin work within the month, assuming no major problems in the processing of this plan.

MISCELLANEOUS:

- 1. The ADO Office is now approved, and construction should begin this month.
- 2. As soon as the vibfating HCB machine arrives, we will begin constructing blocks for the slaughter house in Thakhek.
- 3. The Activity Plan for road construction and for the Phoban Tasseng Program will be sent in for processing early this month, and we expect to revive Nong Bok AP lk villages training as well.
- 4. The visit of Mr. MacQueen and Mr. Anderson, along with AC/Savannakhet, helped to clear up some matters. This was the first real opportunity to discuss the Thakhek situation, and I feel that they now have a clearer picture of our problems. They also made the AF situation clearer for me, and our response, in terms of written activity plans, should assist Vientiane personnel in understanding the direction of the Thakhek program.
- 5. The IVS situation in Thakhek is now more serious than before. Dave Wiger is seriously considering leaving Thakhek and/or Lacs. As his position has become more and more that of office man and adjutant to Mr. Henderson in Savannakhet, he has lost the enthusiasm of his early months in the province. Now, entangled in the morass of agriculture politics and money problems, he sees getting out as the best alternative.

Dean is in a better position, due to the construction of the ADO office and the slaughter house. He can afford the time necessary to watch the situation and see about field work later. Still, even for Bill, one of the major problems is a lack of IVS advice and direction.

The possibility of Wiger's leaving Thakhek would have a major hole in the effort here. As of now, I am trying to do the job done by three men last year. This is not a complaint, as I know what I was walking into; but as I am now spending some three out of five days per week in the field, the addition of one more job would create major difficulties in program implementation. Should be leave, I will definitely need more assistance from agriculture than we are currently getting. It would probably mean that Mr. Henderson would probably have to spend at least one week out of every two in Thakhek, in order to meet the needs of Mr. Chath, and the agricultural program. Another possible solution would be the placement of an ACR TCN or FSL Lao in Thakhek as "Tr. Henderson's representative here.

Oct 31, 1969

FROM: Chessin

SUBJECT: Monthly Report - Oct 1969 (Exerpts)

The problem in the Meo refugee area seems to be expanding at a fairly rapid rate due to enemy incursions in the north. This will call for somewhat more time and effort than given in the past, as we are now beginning to resettle a fairly large group of people in one site, it also looks to be a good time to cheke into the possibility of developing a small scale resettlement program there.

TO: Stone Dec 1, 1969

FROM: Chessin

SUBJECT: Monthly Report - Nov. 1969 (Exerpts)

Security:

This last month has been a bad one for Thakhek. Constantly increasing pressure both north and south reacked two major high points, both times in the Namthone, Nakheua area (VE-2696; VF-1714). On 7-9 November, approximately 4 NVA companies attacked BV-34 at Nam Thone, and were repulsed with fairly substantial losses. Then again, for the last three days the enemy attacked troop positions around Nakheua sustaining losses with no apprreciable advantage gained.

During the latter attack, a colombo plan nurse, Miss Theresa Honse-field and her driver, Chung, were stopped and killed by NVA just south of Nakheua.

TO: Stone Jan 1, 1969

FROM: Chessin

SUBJECT: Monthly Report - December 1969 (Exerpts)

Compared with last month, enemy action in the province has been on the quest side. The area between, NamThone and the Nam Cadinh remains our most insecure spot, with intermittent clashes reported during the month. This has meant the discontinuty of efforts at Na Kheua but we are hoping to begin work there again soon.

Farther north, with the loss of LS-28 our last STOL strip in Kham Keut went down the driam drain. The situation in this area is still fluid; but we are now dealing with a refugee popula; tion of at least 6000 people, including the Meo refugees already established mearby. Thusfar, the ousted villagers have been content to wait for USATD to do someting about them. However, it is imperative that we set them up where they can prepare some crops and begin anew. I am presently against any idea of moving them out of the area completely as I would like to see them back in IS-28 if it can be retaken.

Kingdom of Laos Province: Khammouane Social Welfare Department

Khammouane, Dated 31, August 1971.

TO: Director General of the Social Welfare and Labor Director establishement of new village department Director Society service Department.

SUBJECT: Monthly Statistic of Refugees report for the month of July 1971.

Ware Refugees: The statistic of the refugees moved from area of PL came to RLG site for the province of Khammouane area, there were 11,199 families or 34,178 persons, and total of refugees returned back to their own villages there were 887 families or 3,385 persons, at the present time in the province Khammouane area had refugees 10,312 families or 30,825 persons.

Refugees Received Urgent Support: These refugees sreceived support already, after they received commodities for support from government then they went to stayed with their cousins in the Khammouane are, there were 9,013 families or 23,866 persons. For these refugees the government could be gave their milled rice 15 kg for oneperson. In the during 3 months, there were 20 families or 88 persons.

The List of Refugees in The project for Establishement of New Village:

In the province Khammouane there were new villages it is a point of refugees, there were 18 villages at the present and had refugees leaved there are 1,299 families or 6,956 persons, for these refugees in the list establishement of new village the government could be gave them rice 15 kg for one persons up to the harvest season, there were 99 families or 607 persons.

For the Month of July 1971 there was no New Refugees came at all:

Distribution The Commodity for The Yith Victims of Natural disaster in the Province Khammouane:

In the month of July 1971, social Welfare and Labor department in the province Khammouane could be gave commodities support for the populations, who had received disaster there were 122 families or 717 persons for the Khammouane area, by they approval of the Chao Khoueng and USAID Khammouane.

Project for Establishement of New Village: In the month of July 1971, official of Social Welfare went to the new refugees village, and explained for them to make planted rice raising animal more and more could be do, it's a best way for exchange the money.

Refugee Sewing project: In the month of July 1971 the social Welfare Department knew from USAID about the refugee sewing project, for this project, USAID could be issued cloth and wage for the sewing, without social Welfare department did not know.

Receiving The Commodities from Vientiane: That the commodities could be sended from Vientiane to Social Welfare Khammouane department, the USAID Khammouane could be keeped in their warehouse all and 1d/n did not let Social Welfare know at all, and had some time they issued commoditi s and also didn't report to Social Welfare Khammouane know, so the Sacial Welfare Khammouane couldn't make commodities record, therefore I have you will considerable and solve this case.

Distribution Commodities for Support The Vietim of Natural Disaster:

In the month of July 1971 1the social Welfare and Labor at Khammouane could be distribut commoditeis for support, who had received disaster, war refugees new one and old one, andpoor families as the following:

SUPPORT:	Milled Rice Salt	7,888 kg 288 Kg	
	Blanket	33 Ea	
	Noodle	1,250 kg	
	Corn Meal	1,825 kg	

And commocities for support from (warld Vision Organization) and Catholic, had rice steamers, stew pot, spoons, bowls, place bowls, blankets, shirts, and trousers. For these commodities could be visered from central warehouse and Social Welfare warehouse only for the month of July 1971.

Distributions:

Chao Khoueng Khammouane 1 Copy USAID Khammouane 1 Copy

Mr. Robert Dakan, ORA/USAID/VTE.

Chef, Social Welfam and Labor Province of Khammouane

Ourasith.

Number of Refugee in Nykhom villages, Khammouane Province.

NO	:	Village	:	Co	ordinate	:	Families	:	Persons	:
1	:	Ban Namdeua	:	VE 16	0 145 -3	:	48	:	274	
2	:	Ban Namsang	:	VE 25	4 995	:	83	:	470	:
3	:	Ban Namthone 1	:	VE 26	5 965	:	88	:	483	:
4	:	Ban Namthone 2	:	VE 26	5 965	:	68	:	459	:
5	:	Ban Na Inh	:	VE 27	8 945	:	19	:	125	:
6	:	Ban Phanalieng	:/	VE 28	1 894	:	32	:	162	:
7	:	Ban Houei Sai	:	VE 32	1 819	:	82	:	353	:
8	:	Ban Houei Meng	:	VE 38	8 755	:	93	:	492	:
9	:	Ban Houei Sakhia	:	VE 40	5 737	:	101	:	458	:
10	:	Ban Houei Sathia	:	VE 41	0 725		62	:	225	1
11	:	Ban Houei He	:	VE 45	5 658	:	83	:	456	:
12	:	Ban Houei Sacoup	:	VE 52	2 605	:	60	:	152	1
13	:	Ban SongHong Nha	i	VE 54	0 597	:	129	:	767	:
14	:	Ban SongHongNoi	:	VE 54	1 597	:	32	:	185	:
15	:	Ban Houei Ek	:	VE 65	9 767	:	50	:	316	:
16	:	Ban Hin Boun 1	:	VE 67	9 420	:	51	:	279	•
17	:	Ban Hin Boun 2	:	VE 66	8 455	:	102	:	462	:
18	:	Ban Hin Boun 3	:	VE 59	6 445	:	66	:	350	1
		Ban Houei DokPhu	ng	VE 70	5 390	:	23	:	119	

TKK:08:16:72:

ORA:TH:VISETH:

Refugee Full Support

1. Ban Namthone 2. VE 265 965. 68 Families-459 Persons.

2. Ban Houei Dork Phung. VE 706 390. 23 Families-119 Persons.

3. Ban Houei Ek. VE 659 767. 1 Family - 4 Persons.

4. Ban Hin Boum 3. VE 596 445. 2 Families- 9 Persons.

Total: 94 Families-591 Persons.

Hokeh Info (Refuger States)

1. 111 families, 494 people in thalleh -P. H. D. purses + medies taking care of. 2. 92 families, 394 people in Paktin Bown. USAID medic plus RSa medic + mid serfe in fixed dispersary here. No problem. * 3. 32 family, 376 people in the Sy Khai, thailarl - a cross the Making at the confluence of the dam thorn piner. Here people to avrice thablick tonight ira large or other vive conveyance. Sufficient PHO personnel & medicine on hard to tend medo. 4. 20 Samilies, 120 people ned nice drop at Ban pak thore - Les side of where A 3 alone people are. 5. The following despensaris are closed due to the security situation of all PHP personnel involved more in thouhale paragraph (1) alove, o. Samsawah A. Norm than c. House Many

Sukt dufo

d. Song Hong.

PHD medic reported that on 1 Now 72 the NUA/PL had a neeting at uc 4797 4 formulated plans for the destruction of the bridge on 2713 over the xe long hier mier; and at the same time hitting Labanam. However, this

plan hinges on the redeployment of the 314 HUA Br. now in the Phu Vaeng avea (South of Ta Varg air strys) 2. The 2 american missionaries have been reported & shot & buried near Dong Here by a soldier who participated in the interment. this source of info. is now being checked out by the annex, 3. Presently there are 90 lid patient of the BG hospital (LS 235). Be Both OB doctor and a team of 6 local OB people from Kerg tich are northing there daily - returning at night to Suht there are 20 empty bed (kots) 4. He hospital situation at Sult Provice Hosp. is as follows: a. mil. Cusualties - 20
"medical 111 } 217 Total hed
Comptey beds - 86 b. Centrair Cosmitus 0

Medical 55 (68 Total bed)

Erupty beds 13 C. Howi Thers Sacht dass PHD mide my till that an I Now FI the NUR/PL had a fination of we 497 4 formulated place for the scotnetis of the laidy The same Time Kitting Sabanan. However, This

P. L. Hierarchy- than mon Nongleng Viret (VF 471 589) (650 Refugeer) Administration Chae kkawing klammanang khamtom Deputy chad khaung, Khambay Ohao Maeong, Maeong sha slicing, Kham shong De july Chao Muong sha slicing, Som Hack Miletary 9 colonel Bountone - phonomavorg, commander Regiment 24. presently has about 500 Men linder him, more are consing LT colonel Naukeo, Deputy to Bountone 11 -11 Somvitary 11-" - " Bounhalong " " Van & Some Majar Working in the x Khamkone ghet Sen Chank Voxe Thit kes Nhot about de fogulation on ground. Shift over to RLG side 10/8/92 on that day fought with NVA (100 mos) MVA kin 23, our stècle lost no one, Name of NVA Companser commander killed er Than Sittlet alian Sana, 3 and 5th companier

48 battalein, fegement 25th beadquaters is in km do Merong klum keut Since thifting over fought lavice with NVA, once on 10/16/72 and another to/18/72. The last time NVA kin tex and we got one fefte (07.00 hours) Gwin To Don Dongan by Tom Ly

CHRONOLOGY OF REFUGEE MOVEMENTS KHAMMOUANE 1966

February 987 third year refugees - cut

3086 second year refugees
1214 1st year refugees
700 one year only relocation

5987

May + 1766 refugees

June 67/193 arrived Thakhek from Kham Keut, Mahaxay

all refugees in resettlement proy within 5 km of a disp;

disp. at Hin Boun (1)

Song Hong (1), and Houei Meng (1).

July 71/231 refugees arrive from Kham Keut, Ngommarath and

Mahaxay.

August 60/162 refugee 2/3 from Mahaxay

October - December Full in refugees movement; upwards of 40,000 people who

would like to leave unable due to enemy discipline

400 refugees per month expicted in future.

FOR 1967

June 387 refugees

August 56/151 refugees

In resettlement area, 5 of 8 temporary schools have been

completed.

July 102/311 refugees new desp at Hin Boun (1)

October 21/55 refugees as of Nov (1) 1462/7439 refugees at a

22 locations.

ca 300 families will go to prest. reserve 5 new village at

km 107,110,117, will come from km 51, 63, 78, 79, 80.

November 47/109 new refugees

TOTAL: 1506/7661 as of Dec. 1

December refugees receiving subsistence in Thakhek:

Hin Boun 4 - 29/133 Houei Ek (Km 31) - 10/43

Km 51 (Moving to km 107 - 64/272Km 53 (Moving to km 107) - 63/301

Km 56 - 3/12

Nam Thone (km 99) - 12/52

Pha San (Temporary at Km 99) - 22/104 Lao Khou (Temporary at km 99) 20/87

Nam Deua II (km 122) - 10/59

TOTAL 233/1063

CHRONOLOGY OF REFUGEE MOVEMENTS KHAMMOUANE 1968

February 2

Refugees receiving subsistence

Nam Thone - 52 Houei Sang - 366 Ban Sang - 200 Hin Boun I Houei Ek Song Hong Noi - 14 132

Km 56

Km 70,91,122 - 167 Hin Boun 4 - 134 Km 70,84,91,123 - 27 Km 31 new refugees - 15

TOTAL: 1093

FOR 1969

May 23

250 new refugees were resettled at Houei Sakoup 350 Meo were resettled north of LS-28

1800 MR II deps from south of Sam Soak moved to south of

IS-91

FOR 1970

May 21

168 Meo formerly at Nam Thone, to Boukha

June 11

14 new refugees from Ban Phova, Mahaxay (WE-2125) to Ban Na Bong, Thakhek, (WE-8023)

September 10

2/7 from Ban Tha M. Hin Boun (VE-9265) to Pak Hin Boun

(UE-4459) following enemy harassment.

October 8

3/7 from Ban Natan, M. Kham Keut, to Song Hong (UE-6055)

October 23

12/117 from Ban San Soak, Tasseng M. Noy, Muong Kham Keut

to Thakhet. Intended to move to 1 Muong Cha (LS-113)

December 3

6/36 from M. Kham Keut (UE-2269) to Thakhak, Ban Song Hong

Nhai (km 50 north)

December 26

6/12 from Ban Khok Pathone UE-904489) to Ban The Deua

VE-914481)