

In spite of all waltz.

Bold, Ferd.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin: Wm Rohlfing and Co, 1887

<https://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/MBOALOG2HKI7D9C>

<http://rightsstatements.org/vocab/NoC-US/1.0/>

The libraries provide public access to a wide range of material, including online exhibits, digitized collections, archival finding aids, our catalog, online articles, and a growing range of materials in many media.

When possible, we provide rights information in catalog records, finding aids, and other metadata that accompanies collections or items. However, it is always the user's obligation to evaluate copyright and rights issues in light of their own use.

Herrn Kapellmeister A. Rosenbecker in Chicago
freundschaftlichst zugeeignet.

IN SPITE OF ALL
WALTZ

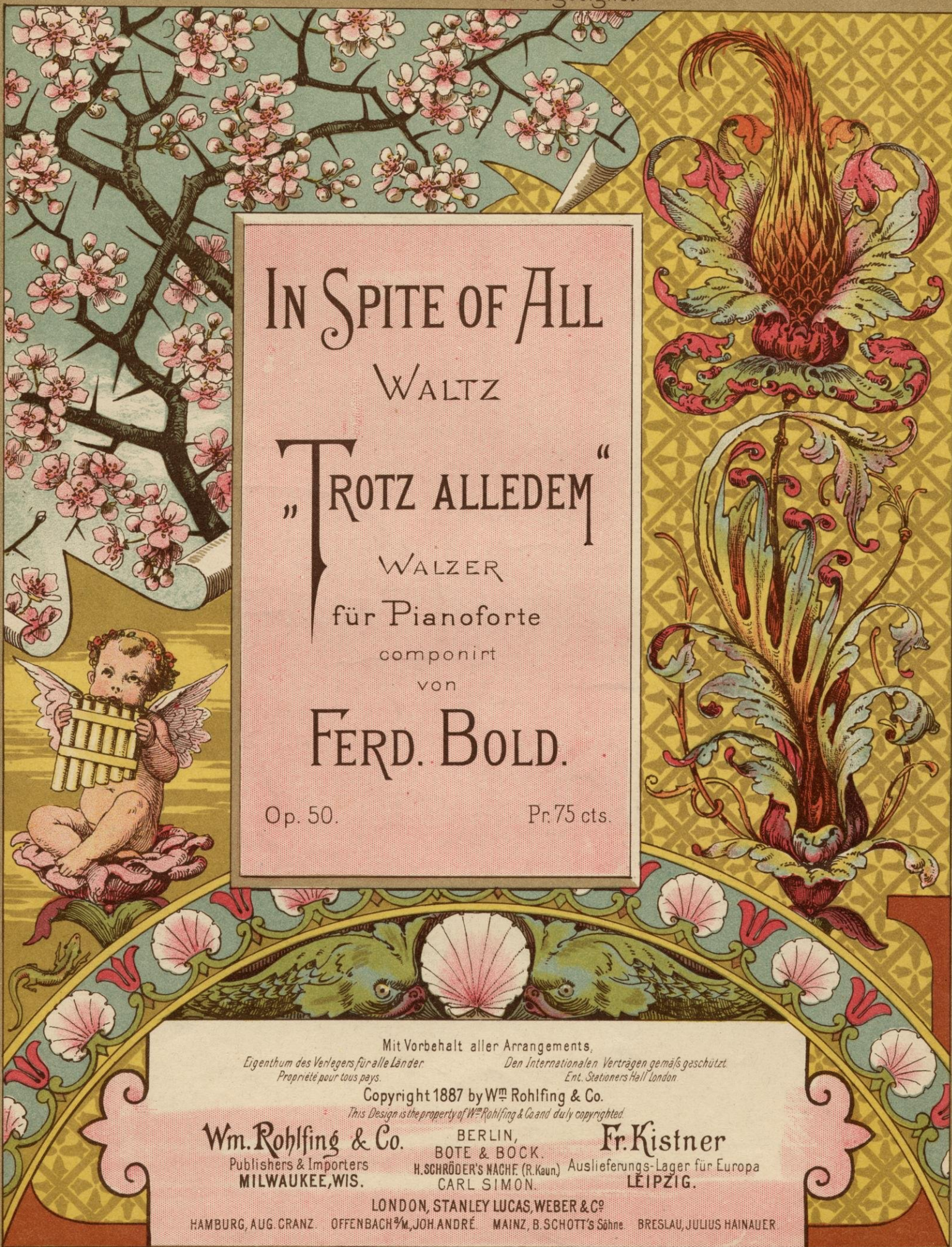
„TROTZ ALLEDDEM“

WALZER
für Pianoforte
componirt
von

FERD. BOLD.

Op. 50.

Pr. 75 cts.



Mit Vorbehalt aller Arrangements.
Eigenthum des Verlegers für alle Länder. Den Internationalen Verträgen gemäß geschützt.
Propriété pour tous pays. Ent. Stationers Hall London.

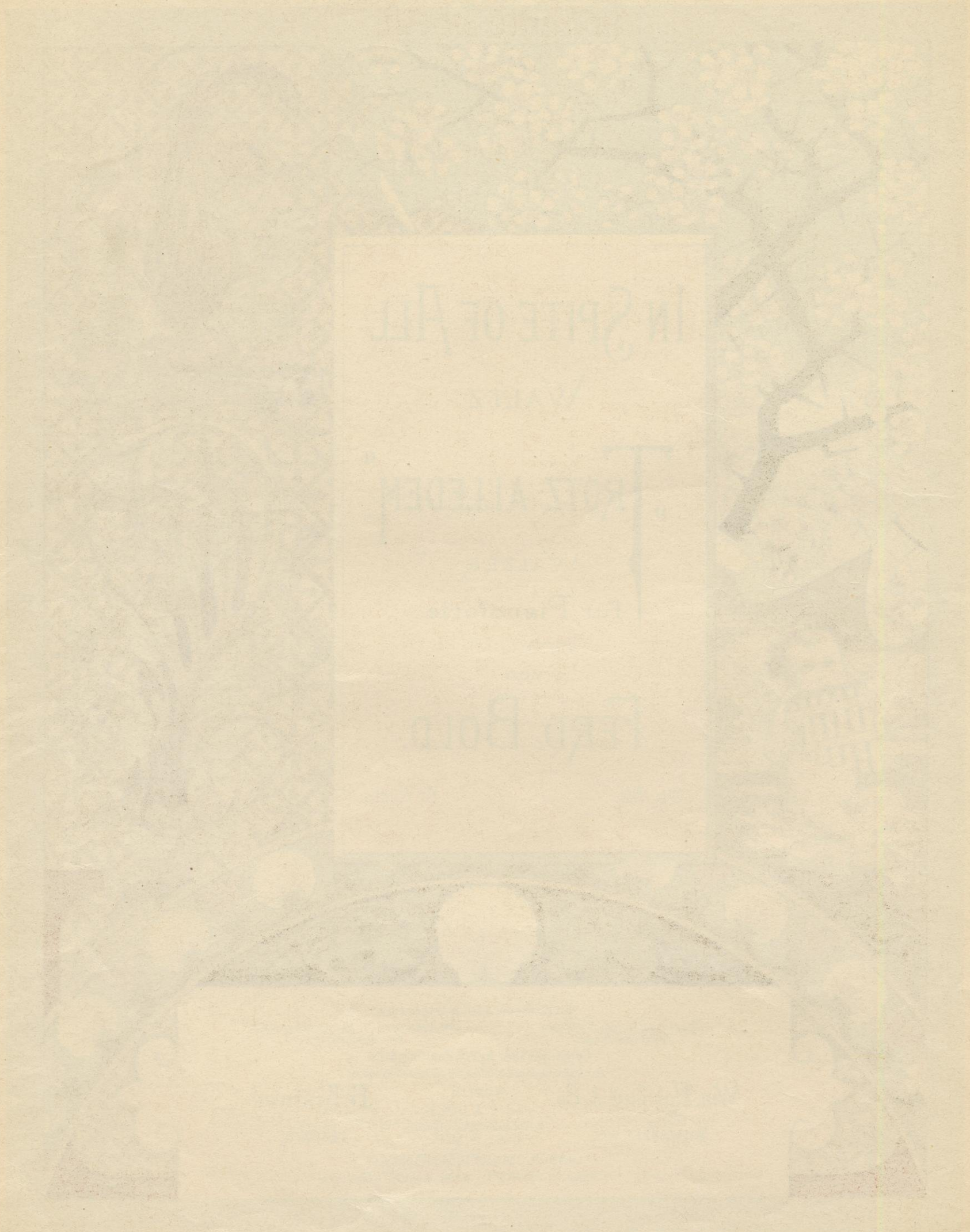
Copyright 1887 by W^m Rohlfsing & Co.
This Design is the property of W^m Rohlfsing & Co and duly copyrighted

Wm. Rohlfsing & Co.
Publishers & Importers
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

BERLIN,
BOTE & BOCK.
H. SCHRÖDER'S NACHE. (R. Kaun)
CARL SIMON.

Fr. Kistner
Auslieferungs-Lager für Europa
LEIPZIG.

LONDON, STANLEY LUCAS, WEBER & CO
HAMBURG, AUG. CRANZ. OFFENBACH, JOH. ANDRÉ. MAINZ, B. SCHOTT'S Söhne. Breslau, JULIUS HAINAUER.



In Spite of All.

3

Waltz.

Trotz Alledem.

Walzer.

F. Bold, Op. 50.

Introduction.

The Introduction is written for piano in 2/4 time, key of D major. It begins with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic in the bass line, which plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The treble line starts with a whole rest, then enters with a series of eighth-note chords and single notes. A piano (p) dynamic is marked in the treble line at the second measure. The piece concludes with a final chord in the treble line.

Tempo di Valse.

The main body of the piece is in 3/4 time. It begins with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The treble line features a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the bass line provides a steady accompaniment. A repeat sign is present after the first two measures. The piece ends with a piano (p) dynamic in the bass line, which plays a series of chords.

Walzer.

mf espressivo

p

p

p

p

f

p



Introduction.

Walzer.

2.

p *stacc.* *p* *dolce*

The musical score is written for piano in 3/4 time. It begins with an 'Introduction' section, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic and staccato (*stacc.*) articulation. This is followed by a 'Walzer' section, also marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic but with a dolce (*dolce*) character. The score consists of six systems of two staves each. The first system includes a measure number '2.' and dynamic markings '*p*' and '*stacc.*'. The second system has a '*p*' marking. The third system has a '*dolce*' marking. The fourth, fifth, and sixth systems continue the melodic and harmonic development of the piece.





D. Capo al Fine.

4. Introduction. Walzer.

The musical score is written for piano and consists of six systems of two staves each. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The first system is labeled "Introduction." and "Walzer." and includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The score features various musical notations including notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings like *p* and *tr* (trill). The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the sixth system.

Coda.

The musical score for the Coda section consists of 12 measures, arranged in six systems of two staves each (treble and bass clef). The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The first system (measures 1-2) begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. Measures 1-4 feature a steady eighth-note accompaniment in the bass and chords in the treble. Measures 5-6 show a melodic line in the treble with a half-note accompaniment in the bass. Measures 7-8 continue with a similar pattern, but the bass line becomes more active with eighth notes. Measures 9-10 feature a melodic line in the treble with a half-note accompaniment in the bass. Measures 11-12 conclude the section with a final chord in the treble and a half-note accompaniment in the bass.



GRAND SUCCESS

THE LATEST DANCES AND SALON PIECES

The Title page of each piece is a work of art, adorned with
a very elegant Lithograph.

Fairest of the Fair. Salonpiece. Chr. Bach, Op. 116. Die Schönste der Schönen. Pr. 50 cts.



Fantasma. March. H. H. Thiele, Op. 44. Pr. 40 cts.



Bachelor's Button. Gavotte de Salon. J. H. Čapek. Pr. 30 cts.



Glittering Leaves. Valse Elegante. J. Crugom. (Glitzernde Blätter.) Pr. 60 cts.



La Contessa. Gavotte Bon Ton. Cheridah F. Simpson. (The Countess.) Pr. 50 cts.



Enchanted Nights. March. J. Crugom. Pr. 50 cts.



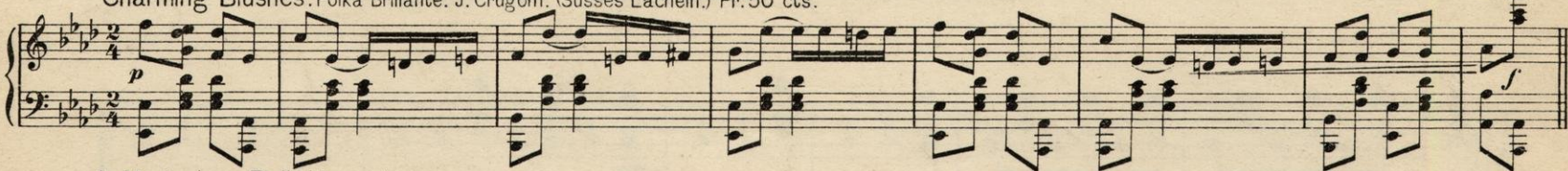
Rustling Pines. Nocturne. J. Crugom. (Unter rauschenden Tannen.) Pr. 65 cts.



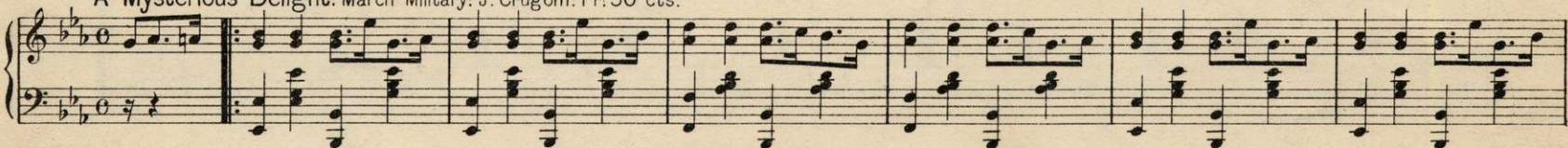
Notre Dame March. H. H. Thiele, Op. 75. Pr. 40 cts.



Charming Blushes. Polka Brillante. J. Crugom. (Süßes Lächeln.) Pr. 50 cts.



A Mysterious Delight. March Military. J. Crugom. Pr. 50 cts.



Copyright 1887 by Wm. Rohlfing & Co.

Wm. Rohlfing & Co.

Publishers, Importers and Dealers in Foreign and American Sheet Music

MILWAUKEE, WIS.