



# **The University of Wisconsin press bulletin.**

## **Vol. 35, No. 5 March 11, 1942**

Madison, Wisconsin: University of Wisconsin, March 11, 1942

<https://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/6QB7XCS4C4BKC8L>

This material may be protected by copyright law (e.g., Title 17, US Code).

For information on re-use, see

<http://digital.library.wisc.edu/1711.dl/Copyright>

The libraries provide public access to a wide range of material, including online exhibits, digitized collections, archival finding aids, our catalog, online articles, and a growing range of materials in many media.

When possible, we provide rights information in catalog records, finding aids, and other metadata that accompanies collections or items. However, it is always the user's obligation to evaluate copyright and rights issues in light of their own use.

## New Student Quotas Seek Wings in U. W. Spring CPT Session

Fifty University of Wisconsin men are engaged in first lessons in flight knowledge, and 30 others, students in previous flight courses, are receiving secondary training in the spring session of the civilian flight training program now in progress at Madison. These enrollments bring the total since 1939 to 520—constituting one of the largest collegiate aeronautics programs in the United States.

Many changes in CAA regulations were introduced at this session by the federal authority, others by the State University. Meeting the most student approbation was the extension of academic credit to CPT courses. Under this grant voted by the faculty, and made retroactive, three credits are allowed for the elementary course and five for the secondary.

The spring enrollments announced by the University Extension division include the following students:

### In Elementary Course

Lawrence C. Anunson, Douglas A. Taylor, Rhinelander; Leon H. Babler, Frederick L. Carpenter, Lauren C. Dudley, James P. Garner, Truman F. Graf, Francis V. Hoffman, Samuel B. Loizzo, Joseph E. O'Brien, William N. Purnott, William B. Smith, Floyd C. Springer, Jr., Donald V. Stophlet, Madison;

Karl R. Baertschy, Mayville; Ruben Barsamian, Carrollville; Herbert A. Davis, Pelham, N. Y.; Philip H. Darse, Ellwood A. Fox, Earl E. Hager, Alan D. Neustadt, Thomas J. Ross, John Leo Valerius, Milwaukee;

Robert J. Doine, Richard H. Kauffman, Antigo; Fred D. Ellis, Wisconsin Rapids; Earl T. Frye, Oregon; Richard C. Gesell, Tomahawk; (David) Frank Grether, Decatur, Ind.; Richard H. Gross, New York city; Walter C. Hansen, Cuba City; Erling A. Hestad, Merrill; John R. Jefferson, David J. Nicol, Sparta; Hugh C. Johnson, Sheridan; Karl W. Kassowitz, Jr., Wauwatosa; John C. La-

mon, Three Lakes;

Joseph A. Lawrence, Racine; Gilbert W. Leverance, Wausau; Frank Lueders, Jr., Columbus; James C. McFadzean, Winnetka, Ill.; Daniel R. McNamara, Montello; Robert L. Nelson, Green Bay; John R. Niemuth, Oshkosh; Philip B. Prather, Eureka, Kan.; Harold E. Romaine, Campbellsport; Albert V. Rome, Paterson, N. J.; Philip C. Rust, Watertown; Richard R. Schoonover, Monroe; Gregory C. Smith, Neenah; Robert A. Steffes, Calvary; Edgar F. Zoerb, La Crosse.

### For Advanced Training

The following students are enrolled in the secondary course:

Edward A. Ackerman, John A. Marty, Monroe; Alden F. Aust, Franklin C. Davies, Edward N. Dougherty, Frank T. Hayes, Robert B. Kirkpatrick, Arlie Mucks, Jr., Arthur G. Sullivan, Jr., Madison; William L. Burling, Green Lake; Burton E. Goodman, Walter T. Tambke, Milwaukee;

James R. Hillebrandt, William J. McDonald, La Crosse; Richard B. Hof, Keith B. Ketner, Boscobel; William E. Homstad, Janesville; James R. Horn, Mukwonago; Gerald C. Jacyna, Kenosha; Orval G. Kane, Platteville; Robert V. Kivlin, Jr., Brooklyn; Jack W. Klund, Stillwater, Minn.;

Richard A. Loga, Fort Atkinson; Leonard A. Riebe, Miles City, Mont.; Edgar P. Sawyer, Oshkosh; Thomas J. Schmidt, Eagle; Howard J. Schoenike, Juneau; Charles F. Simon, Sturgeon Bay; Paul F. Starry, Barneveld; Hubert F. Williams, Rockford, Ill.

## U. W. Engineer Corps Bridges Yahara River

Under simulated fighting conditions, 13 denim-clad Reserve Officers Training Corps engineers from the University of Wisconsin recently spanned the Yahara river with a sturdy pontoon bridge in less than half an hour.

A squad carried sections of the light balsamwood span to the water's edge. Two cadets, wearing hip boots, stood thigh deep near the bank of the Yahara while others clamped the spans together. Four spans were lashed together across the stream, and rope hand rails were fastened along the sides after the bridge had

To Editor:—The news in this bulletin is prepared especially for the press and is released for publication on the date below. Please address exchange copies to Editor, 711 Langdon Street.

Release Wednesday, March 11, 1942

## Entrance Standards Made More Flexible By U. W. Faculty

Revision of the University of Wisconsin's entrance requirements, making the basic academic standards required for registration in University studies more flexible, was approved by the State University faculty at a recent meeting.

The revised requirements, drawn up by a special faculty committee which has studied the problem during the past year in cooperation with state schoolmen, continue to require a total of 16 units of high school study for entrance into the University, but lowers the number of units required in mandatory studies from ten to nine, and makes possible a wider selection of studies from which such units may be obtained by the high school student.

Thus, under the revised requirements, three of the 16 units of high school study needed for entrance into the University must be in English or English and speech, and at least six must be presented in groups of either two units from each of three of the following fields or three units from each of two: a foreign language, history and the social sciences, mathematics, natural sciences.

Under the revised requirements, mathematics is required of high school graduates who desire to enroll in certain courses of study in the University, especially those in technical fields, but they may enroll without mathematics preparation in certain courses of study not in technical fields.

An additional recommendation of the special committee was approved asking the University committee to study the possibility of creating a joint standing committee of classroom teachers and administrators representing both the University and the secondary schools of the state.

The faculty group explained that in its study of problems connected with the requirements for admission to the University it had become convinced "of the need for closer integration between the work in high schools and that offered at the University, and the desirability of having a permanent joint committee for the exchange of views on problems common to the University, and the secondary schools."

## State Debate Honors Go to Three Schools

Ranking "A" in state finals at Madison, following sectional tournaments, debate teams representing Amery, Chippewa Falls and West Bend were accorded highest state honors in the annual contests conducted by the Wisconsin High School Forensic association. The State University Extension division, co-sponsor, and the speech department cooperated in the all-day program.

The three winning teams were undefeated in four debates. Tied for second place were Frederic, New Richmond, Plymouth, Clintonville, and Two Rivers. In third place were Milwaukee Washington, Sheboygan North, and Merrill high schools.

The debate question revolved around compulsory military training for youth below draft age.

Forensic activities in the state program will be concluded in April with contests in declamation, oration, extemporaneous speaking and reading. The state finals will take place at Madison not later than April 11.

been made fast on each bank.

The bridge was built as part of ROTC training exercises being held on the campus at the University of Wisconsin.

## U. S. Navy Inducts 25 U. W. Men Into Third "Flying Badger" Unit

The University of Wisconsin became the first school to send three full squadrons of men into the United States naval air force when a group of 25 young men, now known as Unit three of "The Flying Badgers," was officially inducted into the nation's armed forces at an appropriate ceremony in the executive offices of the state capitol last week.

Sponsors of "The Flying Badgers" third unit at the induction ceremony was Wisconsin's Gov. J. J. Heil, while the oath of the U. S. Navy was administered to the young men by Lieut. Phillip S. Dalton, Jr., of the naval aviation cadet selection board. During the ceremony, which was attended by parents of the future cadets, a squadron of planes roared over the state capitol.

Induction of the group brought to 94 the number of young men enlisted in the three units of "The Flying Badgers" from the University of Wisconsin. The third unit began primary training at the Glenview, Ill., naval base last Thursday.

The first unit of 44 men entered service in June, 1941, and is now receiving final training at Pensacola, Fla. These first "Flying Badgers" were formally inducted into the service at a dinner ceremony sponsored by the University of Wisconsin Alumni and "W" clubs of Milwaukee. The second unit of 25 men was inducted into the navy air corps last October, at a dinner ceremony sponsored by the University of Wisconsin Alumni club of Chicago, and is now in training at Corpus Christi, Texas, navy air field.

# THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN PRESS BULLETIN

The purpose of this Bulletin is to bring to the newspapers of Wisconsin and their readers—the people of the state—pertinent news and information concerning their State University. The University Press Bureau will gladly furnish any special news or feature stories to editors. Address letters to R. H. Foss, editor, Press Bureau, University of Wisconsin.

MADISON, WISCONSIN

STATE DOCUMENT  
WIS. LEG. REF. LIBRARY  
Published bi-weekly by the  
University of Wisconsin

March 6, 1942

Entered as second class matter  
Jan. 11, 1909, at the Post Office  
at Madison, Wisconsin, under  
the act of July 4, 1894.

Vol. 35 No. 5

## U. W. Military Department Work Soars; 1,881 Men In Courses

### Aid Civilian Defense

Because of the intense interest in the daily war picture, cadets are keeping military maps of the theaters of war up to date by changing them according to the latest communiques, so as to have an accurate picture of the war situation.

The department has offered its services in civilian defense training, with courses for men and women in army radio communications, instruction for civilian officers in chemical warfare defense, and rifle marksmanship classes. Over 110 men and women are learning the army's methods in radio work under signal corps officers in nightclasses.

Within the University classrooms, military science instructors are aiding 12 departments presenting courses created for or adapted to wartime needs. Col. H. H. Lewis, commandant of the ROTC, is to lecture on army public relations in a special journalism course. Maj. Franklyn Clarke will speak to students in a military law class. Other military science instructors will speak to medical students on chemical warfare, to physical education classes on army methods, to student geologists on aerial photography, and to geographers on army map making.

### Train Engineers

Student engineers in a course in mechanics will hear officers from the engineers' corps discuss demolitions. Electrical engineers will learn about army radio communications from signal corps officers.

Latest field maneuver was erection of a bridge across the Yahara river in Madison, a practice problem arranged for cadets of the engineer's corps. And as the college students threw up their bridge, they could well imagine they were crossing a stream on one of those far-flung battle fronts they map daily in the armory. For that is where their "stepped-up" training and their country's need may take them.

## New Bulletin Outlines Pea Disease Control

Pea wilt and root rot, diseases which in recent years have caused heavy losses in many pea producing areas, is the subject of a new bulletin issued by the agricultural experiment station of the University of Wisconsin. J. C. Walker and W. C. Snyder, authors of the bulletin, call the attention of peagrowers to ways of dealing with these diseases.

## U. W. and Uncle Sam Join in Training of Radio Technicians

Using organization facilities of the University of Wisconsin extension division, the U. S. government is training radio technicians in 30 class groups throughout Wisconsin. In some cities the applicants exceeded the number who could be accommodated. In others several sections were made necessary.

The course is intended to give training in the fundamentals of radio operation for the greatest number of technicians in the shortest possible time for the needs of the army, navy and radio industry.

The program now is under way at the following centers:

Appleton (Lawrence college); Beloit (college), two classes; Chippewa Falls; De Pere (St. Norbert's college); Eau Claire; Green Bay, two; Janesville, two; La Crosse (teachers' college), three; Madison, three; Milwaukee; Milton (college); Milwaukee, four; Oshkosh (teachers' college); Portage; Racine, two; Rice Lake; Sheboygan; Stevens Point (teachers' college); Superior.

Over 400 courses are available, and no commercial correspondence school offers an equal variety of courses. Because of state subsidy University courses cost less than half the charge made for commercial correspondence courses, Dean Holt declared.

Classes for freshman and sophomore credit, taught by itinerant members of the faculty, are conducted in 18 cities outside of Milwaukee, Dean Holt said. Milwaukee is served by the Extension division at a six-story downtown building, where the first two years of the degree course in letters and science and in engineering are offered.

Classes have been organized for teachers in service who desire University credit. The division has developed an expanding service of visual instruction during past years, the dean reported. "Last year over 18,000 reels of educational pictures were sent over the state and more than 1,250,000 people were entertained and enlightened by them."

In an ever more complex society, adults recognize the difficulty of keeping abreast of social, economic, and political problems," Dean Holt declared. "Our staff of sociologists, economists, and political scientists, trained as scholars and with additional ability as effective interpreters, are regularly traveling the state to bring adult groups information and interpretations which will result in intelligent understanding of major issues."

"At present we are offering our facilities and organization to the federal government and we have begun and will expand a program of defense activities tied into the nation's all-out program to win the war," Dean Holt concluded.

The navy will send officers to the campus to handle discipline and physical training of the men, and to correlate the school's work with the University administration and keep the

## 465 U. W Co-eds Learn First Aid For War Emergency

Equipped with triangular bandages, gauze compresses and leg and arm splints, 465 determined-looking co-eds at the University of Wisconsin are learning standard Red Cross first aid methods in a special war-time first aid course.

The course was begun in January to train co-eds to meet war-time emergencies. It is open to all undergraduate women.

"It is designed to teach co-eds practical and common sense first aid for use in everyday emergencies during war-time," explained Dr. Helen D. Denniston, associate professor of physical education who is in charge of the course.

Within the University classrooms, military science instructors are aiding 12 departments presenting courses created for or adapted to wartime needs. Col. H. H. Lewis, commandant of the ROTC, is to lecture on army public relations in a special journalism course. Maj. Franklyn Clarke will speak to students in a military law class. Other military science instructors will speak to medical students on chemical warfare, to physical education classes on army methods, to student geologists on aerial photography, and to geographers on army map making.

Today, more than ever, Dr. Denniston said, a practical knowledge of standard first aid methods is important.

Instruction is given in everyday terms and most medical and technical terms are avoided, she said. The course is divided into 15 lessons of two hours each.

Thorough instruction is given in the general care of a person following a serious accident.

With the aid of an anatomical chart, co-eds become familiar with the human body and its parts and are taught where arteries lie close to a bone so pressure can be applied to control bleeding.

Lecture material includes a comprehensive study of the kinds of wounds and their treatment. The use of each kind of bandage is demonstrated, and the methods for handling all kinds of compresses and dressings is covered.

Part of each class period is devoted to demonstration and practice in bandaging and stretcher work.

The treatment of snake and dog bites, foreign bodies in the eye, bleeding, poisoning, fractures and sprains, burns and scalds, freezing, heat exhaustion, and treatment for shock is taken up during the two-hour class periods.

Instruction in the standard technique of artificial respiration and actual work with an inhalator is also included in the course.

## Woods Products in Big Demand Now

Most forest products have raised in price since the entrance of the United States into the war, and now woods operators are finding a brisk demand for all classes of woods products.

This is revealed in a special circular on forest products prices recently compiled by F. B. Trenk, extension forester of the University of Wisconsin College of Agriculture.

The veneer log market, especially for yellow birch, is now at or near an all time high. Aspen or popple, long considered only a weed tree, is now in heavy demand for box boards and excelsior bolts.

Prices for a wide range of woods products, including timber stumpage, saw logs, veneer logs, box wood, excelsior bolts, pulpwood, cross ties, and poles are listed in the circular for the various woods producing areas of Wisconsin.

### U. W. PAPER 50 YEARS OLD

The Daily Cardinal, student newspaper at the University of Wisconsin, will begin its 50th year of continuous publication April 17. Included in the all-day program commemorating the student newspaper's half-century will be a Golden Jubilee banquet to which all former Cardinal staff members will be invited. A special edition of the Cardinal is now being prepared and will trace the history of the paper down through the years.

## U. S. Navy Radio Communication School to be Set Up At State U.

A radio code and communication school which will train 1,200 men continuously for the United States navy will be established at the University of Wisconsin beginning April 1, it has been announced jointly by navy officials at the Great Lakes, Ill., naval training station and Pres. C. A. Dykstra of the State University.

The training program will begin on the Wisconsin campus on April 1, Pres. Dykstra said, with 300 men beginning the work at that time. On the first of each following month, May 1, June 1, and July 1, 300 additional navy trainees will be enrolled in the school, making the total continuing enrollment from then on 1,200 men. Naval trainees from the four naval training stations in the country will be sent to the Wisconsin campus for the specialized training in radio code and communication work.

Under the contract with the navy providing for the school, the University will furnish all teachers and space for teaching plus offices and laboratory space, in addition to the housing and feeding of the navy men, Pres. Dykstra explained today. The contract with the navy runs for 15 months, ending June 30, 1943, but may be continued after that time.

The navy will send officers to the campus to handle discipline and physical training of the men, and to correlate the school's work with the University administration and keep the