

The Blue Book of the state of Wisconsin. 1889

[s.l.]: [s.n.], 1889

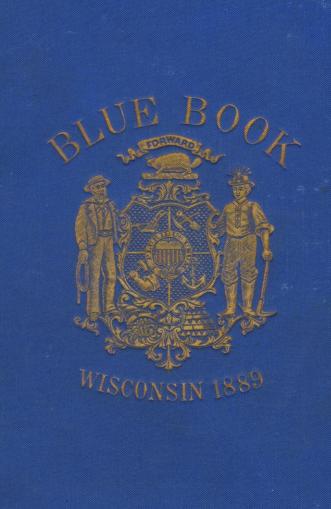
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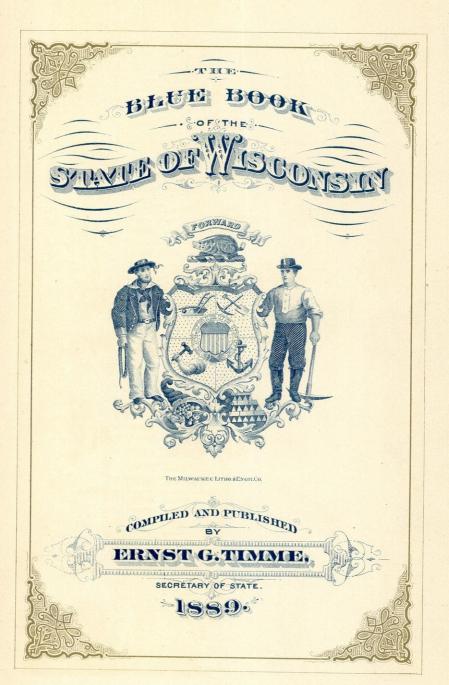
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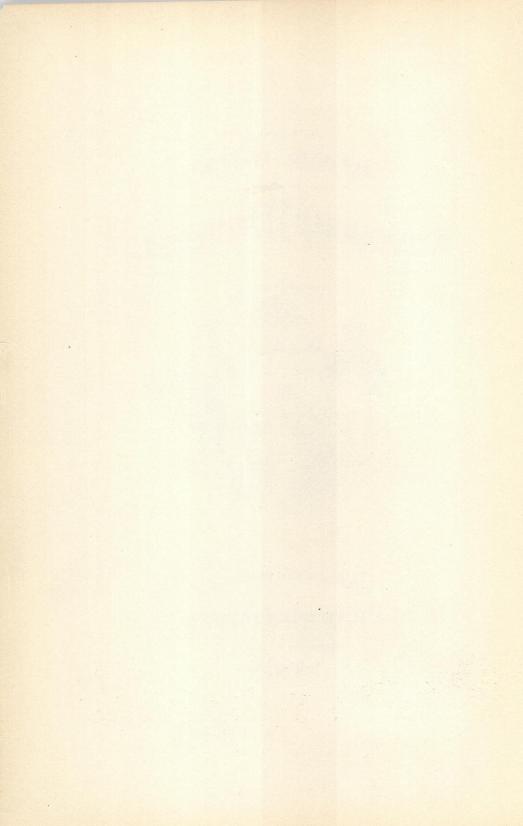




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PREFACE.

Two years ago I tried the experiment of compiling the "Blue Book" wholly in this department, with the aid of the clerical force, and from the gratuitous expression of approval from the legislature and the public generally, the book must have been regarded as very acceptable. The legislature immediately ordered a second edition, large enough to supply one copy to every school district and high school in the state, as well as one to every public library - thus recognizing its educational, as well as its statistical value. The present volume has been compiled in the same manner. It has not only been re-compiled, but a large number of new features added. The old ideal pictures of our state institutions have been mostly replaced by actual cuts. Among the new or changed features will be found a list of members of Wisconsin legislature continued up to 1889, inclusive, alphabetically; electoral vote by states, 1860-1888; comparative table, popular vote, 1884-1888, with pluralities, by states; vote for president and governor, 1888, by counties, towns, cities and election districts; population 1885, with pluralities; comparative table presidential vote 1884-1888, by counties; same, president and governor, 1888; official vote for circuit judges, 1887-88; official vote for members of congress, 1888; financial transactions showing amounts received from and paid to counties, 1888; post-offices, by townships; number of pension claims presented and allowed by United States government, 1861-1888; number paid in Wisconsin, by counties, with amounts, quarter ending June 3, 1888; number of acres of public domain and forests; immigration into United States; troops engaged in civil war; list of consuls and consular agents of United States, 1887, with salary, etc.; public libraries in Wisconsin; party platforms, state and national; new cuts; maps of congressional, senate and assembly districts and judicial circuits, with population, 1885; members of 51st congress; internal revenue districts in Wisconsin, with territory embraced; United States government land offices. Trusting that this Blue Book will be found to be an improvement over that of 1887, I again invite intelligent criticism from the public.

E. G. T.

PUBLICATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF BLUE BOOKS.

CHAPTER 14, LAWS OF 1882.

An act to amend chapter 123 of the laws of 1880, in relation to the distribution of the Blue Book.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 1 of chapter 123 of the laws of 1880, entitled an act to amend chapter 141 of the laws of 1879, in relation to the distribution of Blue Books, is hereby amended so as to read as follows: The secretary of state shall cause to be printed eight thousand copies of such Blue Book at each regular session of the Wisconsin legislature, to be distributed as follows: Fifty copies to each member of the senate and assembly, five copies each to the chief clerks and sergeants-at-arms of the two houses, one copy to each of the clerks and employes of the two houses, whose names appear in the Blue Book; one copy to the clerk of each standing committee, fifty copies each to the governor, secretary of state and superintendent of public instruction; twenty-five copies each to the lieutenant-governor, state treasurer, attorney general, and insurance and railroad commissioner; two copies each to the rest of the state officers in the capitol, and one to each of their assistants; one copy each to the state agricultural society, the state horticultural society, the state board of charities and reform, and to the academy of arts and science; one copy to the home office of the Wisconsin humane society, and one copy to each branch office of said society; one copy to each regent of the state university and normal schools; one copy to each of the college, academy, free high school, normal school and free public libraries of the state, and to the state penal and charitable institutions; one copy each to the county clerks and superintendents of schools of the several counties in this state, and to the clerk of the supreme court of the United States courts for Wisconsin; one copy each to the reporters in regular attendance on the legislature; one copy to each justice of the supreme court, to each judge of the United States courts sitting within this state, circuit judge and county judge, and sixty copies to the state historical society, and one copy to each member of the state board of health. The remainder shall be kept by the secretary of state, who shall deliver to the superintendent of public property, at the commencement of each session of the legislature, one hundred and thirty-seven copies, to be by him distributed to the members of the legislature, and to the chief clerks and sergeants-at-arms of each house at the opening of the session; the remainder to be kept for exchange. One copy of such Blue Book for each justice of the supreme court, state officer and each member of the senate and assembly and the chief clerks thereof, shall be bound in half morocco and be lettered with the name of the person entitled to receive it. Each county clerk receiving such Blue Book shall preserve and deliver the same to his successor in office, and it shall be for the use of all persons desiring to use the same in the office of said clerk. The expense for preparing and publishing such Blue Book, other than such as is covered by the contract with the state printer, shall be fixed by the secretary of state and paid out of the state treasury.

SECTION 2. The provisions of this act shall be construed to apply to the publication and distribution for the year 1882.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved February 23, 1882.

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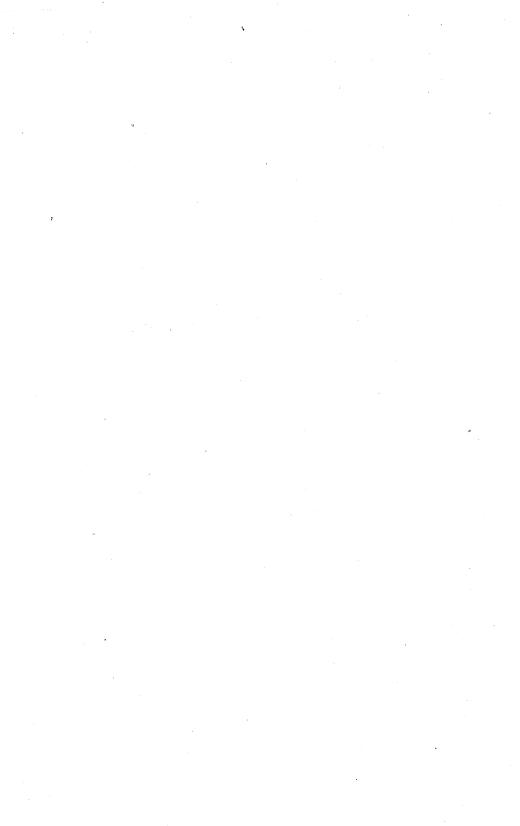
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PART I.

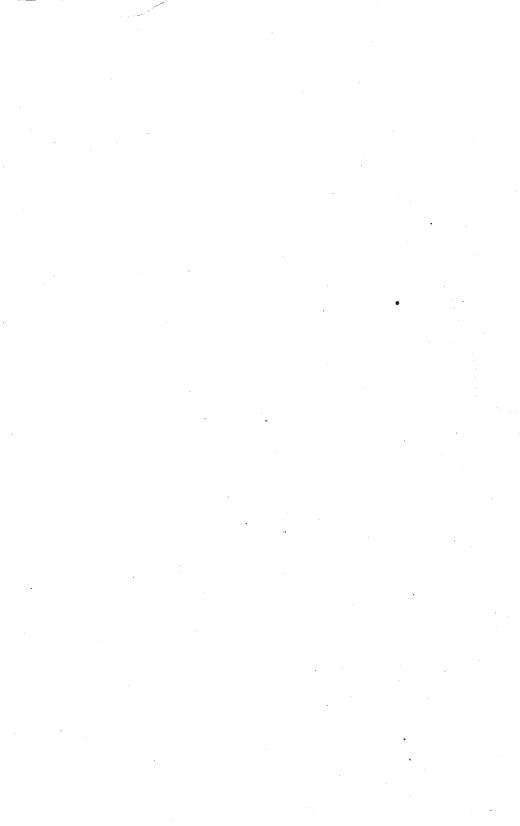
CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

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CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE L

Section 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SECTION 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors for the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECTION 8. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temperary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore* in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is

tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

Section 4. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Section 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy, and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

Section 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless Congress by their adjournment prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a hill.

SECTION 8. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States:

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States and with the Indian tribes;

To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the laws of nations:

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

Section 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding an office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign

SECTION 10. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and together with the Vice President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President o. the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such a majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice President.

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural-born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SECTION 2. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established

by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they may think proper, in the President alone, in the courts of law or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECTION 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress such information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all of the officers of the United States.

Section 4. The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of treason, bribery, or other

high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

Section 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact; with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SECTION 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overtact, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

Section 2. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECTION 8. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more states, or part of States, without the consent of the legislature of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations

respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

SECTION 4. The United States shall guaranty to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislature of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the convention of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names. GEO. WASHINGTON,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

JOHN LANGDON,

NICHOLAS GILMAN. MASSACHUSETTS.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,

RUFUS KING.

CONNECTICUT.

WM. SAML. JOHNSON. ROGER. SHERMAN.

NEW YORK.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

NEW JERSEY.

WIL. LIVINGSTON,

DAVID BREARLY,

WM. PATERSON,

JONA DAYTON.

PENNSYLVANIA. B. FRANKLIN.

THOMAS MIFFLIN.

ROBERT MORRIS.

GEO. CLYMER,

THOMAS FITZSIMONS.

JARED INGERSOLL,

JAMES WILSON,

GOUV. MORRIS.

Attest:

WILLIAM FEW.

DELAWARE.

GEO. READ,

GUNNING BEDFORD, Jun'r,

JOHN DICKINSON, RICHARD BASSETT,

JACO. BROOM.

MARYLAND.

JAMES MCHENRY, DAN. OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER,

DANL. CARROLL.

VIRGINIA.

JOHN BLAIR

JAMES MADISON, Jun'r.

NORTH CAROLINA.

WM. BLOUNT,

RICHARD DOBBS SPAIGHT.

HU. WILLIAMSON.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

J. RUTLEDGE,

CH'S. COATESWORTH PINCENEY,

CHARLES PINCKNEY,

PIERCE BUTLER.

GEORGIA.

ABR. BALDWIN.

WILLIAM JACKSON, Secretary.

AMENDMENTS.

[The first ten amendments were proposed at the first session of the first Congress of the United States, which was began and held at the city of New York, on the 4th of March, 1789, and were adopted by the requisite number of States.—1 vol. Laws of U. S., p. 72.]
[The preamble and resolution following, preceded the original proposition of the amendments, and, as they have been supposed by a high equity judge (8 Wendell's reports, p. 100) to have an important bearing on the construction of those amendments, they are here inserted. They will be found in the journals of the first session of the first Congress.]

Congress of the United States, begun and held at the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 4th of March, 1789. The conventions of a number of the States having at the time of their adopting the Constitution, expressed a desire, in order to prevent misconstruction or abuse of its powers, that further declaratory and restrictive clauses should be added; and as extending the ground of public confidence in the government, will best insure the beneficent ends of its institution,-

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, two-thirds of both houses concurring, That the following articles be proposed to the legislatures of the several States, as amendments to the Constitution of the United States, all or any of which articles, when ratified by three-fourths of said legislatures, to be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, namely:

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed. which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise reexamined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice President, one of whom at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the persons voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice President, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President.

The person having the highest number of votes as Vice President shall be the Vice President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIIL

Section 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Section 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the execu-

tive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Section 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President or Vice President, or hold any office, civil, or miltary, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Section 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing the insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Section 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legisla-

HISTORY OF THE AMENDMENTS.

Twelve amendments were proposed by Congress, September 25, 1789, the last ten of which were adopted, and they are the first ten as given above. They were proclaimed in force, December 15, 1791.

The rejected Articles were as follows:

I. After the first enumeration required by the First Article of the Constitution, there shall be one representative for every 30,000 persons, until the number shall amount to one hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress, that there shall not be less than one hundred Representatives nor more than one for every 40,000 persons, until the number shall amount to two hundred; after which the proportion shall be so regulated by Congress that there shall not be less than two hundred Representatives, nor more than one Representative for every 50,000 persons.

II. No law varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives shall take effect until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

The twelve proposed amendments were acted upon as follows: All ratified by Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina, Vermont and Virginia—7.

All excepting Art. I. ratified by Delaware -- 1.

All excepting Art. II. ratified by Pennsylvania - 1.

All excepting Arts. I. and II. ratified by New Hampshire, New York, Rhode Island — 3.

All rejected by Connecticut, Georgia and Massachusetts — 3.

Article XI. was proposed by Congress March 12, 1794, and declared in force January 8, 1798. Article XII. was proposed in the first session of the Eighth Congress and declared in force September 25, 1804.

Article XIII. was proposed by Congress February 1, 1865, and declared in force December 18, 1865.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin. —34.

Ratified conditionally by Alabama and Mississippi. Rejected by Delaware and Kentucky -2.

Article XIV. was proposed by Congress June 13, 1866, and declared in force July 28, 1868.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin — 33.

Of the above, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia first rejected the amendment but finally ratified it. New Jersey and Ohio rescinded their ratification.

No final action was taken by California - 1.

Rejected by Delaware, Kentucky and Maryland - 3.

Article XV was proposed by Congress February 26, 1869, and declared in force March 30, 1870.

It was ratified by Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin — 30.

Of the above Georgia and Ohio first rejected but finally ratified. New York rescinded her ratification. The amendment was rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey and Oregon — 6.

No final action was taken by Tennessee - 1.

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF WISCONSIN.

PREAMBLE.

We, the people of Wisconsin, grateful to Almighty God for our freedom, in order to se ure its blessings, form a more perfect government, insure domestic tranquility, and promote the general welfare, do establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I.

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

Section 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and have certain inherent rights; among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. To secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed.

Section 2. There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in this State otherwise than for the punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.

Section 3. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right, and no laws shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all criminal prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence; and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous be true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts.

Section 4. The right of the people peaceably to assemble to consult for the common good, and to petition the government or any department thereof shall never be abridged.

Section 5. The right of trial by jury shall remain inviolate, and shall extend to all cases at law, without regard to the amount in controversy; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all cases in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 6. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor shall excessive fines be imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishment be inflicted.

Section 7. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to be heard by himself and counsel; to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him; to meet the witnesses face to face; to have compulsory process to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and in prosecutions by indictment or information, to a speedy public trial by an impartial jury of the county or district wherein the offense shall have been committed; which county or district shall have been previously ascertained by law.

Section 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, unless on the presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by justices of the peace, or arising in the army or navy, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; and no person for the same offense shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be ballable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require.

Section 9. Every person is entitled to a certain remedy in the laws, for all injuries or wrongs he may receive in his person, property, or character; he ought to obtain justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it, completely and without denial, promptly and without delay, conformably to the laws.

Section 10. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against the same, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

SECTION 11. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

Section 12. No bill of attaindor, ex post facto law, nor any law impairing the obligation of contracts, shall ever be passed; and no conviction shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture of estate.

Section 13. The property of no person shall be taken for public use without just compensation therefor.

Section 14. All lands within the State are declared to be allodial, and feudal tenures are prohibited. Leases and grants of agricultural land, for a longer term than fifteen years, in which rent or service of any kind shall be reserved, and all fines and like restraints upon alienation, reserved in any grant of land hereafter made, are declared to be void.

Section 15. No distinction shall ever be made by law between resident aliens and citizens, in reference to the possession, enjoyment, or descent of property.

Section 16. No person shall be imprisoned for debt arising out of, or founded on a contract, expressed or implied.

Section 17. The privilege of the debtor to enjoy the necessary comforts of life shall be recognized by wholesome laws, exempting a reasonable amount of property from seizure or sale for the payment of any debt or liability hereafter contracted.

Section 18. The right of every man to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of his own conscience shall never be infringed, nor shall any man be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or to maintain any ministry, against his consent. Nor shall any control of, or interference with the rights of conscience be permitted, or any preference be given by law to any religious establishments or mode of worship. Nor shall any money be drawn from the treasury for the benefit of religious societies, or religious or theological seminaries.

Section 19. No religious tests shall ever be required as a qualification for any office or public trust, under the State, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to give evidence in any court of law or equity, in consequence of his opinions on the subject of religion.

Section 20. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

Section 21. Writs of error shall never be prohibited by law.

Section 22. The blessings of a free government can only be maintained by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality and virtue, and by frequent recurrence to fundamental principles.

ARTICLE II.

BOUNDARIES.

SECTION 1. It is hereby ordained and declared that the State of Wisconsin doth consent and accept of the boundaries prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved August sixth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to wit: beginning at the northeast corner of the State of Illinois, that is to say, at a point in the center of Lake Michigan where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence, running with the boundary of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menomonee river; thence up the channel of the said river to the Brule river; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brule; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brule, in a direct line to the center of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the head waters of the Montreal river, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cram; thence down the main channel of the Montreal river to the middle of Lake Superior; thence through the centre of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis river; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the same, above the Indian village, according to Nicollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the river St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the center of the main channel of that river to the northwest corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois, to the place of beginning, as established by "an act to enable the people of the Illinois Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States," approved April 18, 1818. [* Provided, however, That the following alteration of the aforesaid boundary be, and hereby is, proposed to the

Congress of the United States as the preference of the State of Wisconsin, and if the same shall be assented and agreed to by the Congress of the United States, then the same shall be and forever remain obligatory on the State of Wisconsin, viz.: leaving the aforesaid boundary line at the foot of the rapids of the St. Louis river; thence, in a direct line bearing southwesterly, to the mouth of the Iskodewabo or Rum river, where the same empties into the Mississippi river, thence down the main channel of the said Mississippi river, as prescribed in the aforesaid boundary.]

Section 2. The propositions contained in the act of Congress are hereby accepted, ratified and confirmed, and shall remain irrevocable without the consent of the United States; and it is hereby ordained that this State shall never interfere with the primary disposition of the soil within the same, by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to bona fide purchasers thereof; and no tax shall be imposed on land, the property of the United States; and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. Provided, That nothing in this Constitution, or in the act of Congress aforesaid, shall in any manner prejudice or affect the right of the State of Wisconsin to five hundred thousand acres of land granted to said State, and to be hereafter selected and located, by and under the act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of sales of the public lands, and grant pre-emption rights," approved September fourth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

ARTICLE IIL

SUFFRAGE.

SECTION 1. Every male person, of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the State for one year next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

1. White citizens of the United States.

- 2. White persons of foreign birth, who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.
- 3. Persons of Indian blood, who have once been declared by law of Congress to be citizens of the United States, any subsequent law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.
- 4. Civilized persons of Indian descent, not members of any tribe. *Provided*, That the legislature may, at any time, extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election
- SECTION 2. No person under guardianship, non compos mentis, or insane shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor shall any person convicted of treason or felony be qualified to vote at any election unless restored to civil rights.

to vote at any election times resolved to the figure.

Section 3. All votes shall be given by ballot, except for such township officers as may by law be directed or allowed to be otherwise chosen.

SECTION 4. No person shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this State by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State.

SECTION 5. No soldier, seaman, or marine, in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this State in consequence of being stationed within the same.

Section 6. Laws may be passed excluding from the right of suffrage all persons who have been or may be convicted of bribery or larceny, or of any infamous crime, and depriving every person who shall make, or become directly or indirectly interested in, any bet or wager depending upon the result of any election, from the right to vote at such election.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

Section 1. The legislative power shall be vested in a Senate and Assembly.

SECTION 2. The number of the members of the Assembly shall never be less than fifty-four, nor more than one hundred. The Senate shall consist of a number not more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth, of the number of the members of the Assembly.

SECTION 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of the State, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and at the end of every ten years thereafter; and at their first session after such enumeration, and also for each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the Legislature shall apportion and district anew the members of the Senate and Assembly, according to the number of inhabitants, excluding Indians not taxed, and soldiers and officers of the United States army and navy.

Section 4. The members of the Assembly shall be chosen annually by single districts on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

Section 5. The Senators shall be chosen by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the Assembly are required to be chosen, and no Assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a Senate district. The Senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the Senators chosen by the odd numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the first year, and the Senators chosen by the even numbered districts shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and thereafter the Senators shall be chosen for the term of two years.

Section 6. No person shall be eligible to the Legislature who shall not have resided one year within the State, and be a qualified elector in the district which he may be chosen to represent.

Section 7. Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and may compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide.

SECTION 8. Each House may determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish for contempt and disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause.

Section 9. Each House shall choose its own officers, and the Senate shall choose a temporary President, when the Lieutenant Governor shall not attend as President, or shall act as Governor.

SECTION 10. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and publish the same, except such parts as require secrecy. The doors of each House shall be kept open except when the public welfare shall require secrecy. Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days.

Section 11. The Legislature shall meet at the seat of Government, at such time as shall be provided by law, once in each year, and no oftener, unless convened by the Governor.

Section 12. No member of the Legislature shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in the State which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected.

Section 13. No person being a member of Congress, or holding any military or civil office under the United States, shall be eligible to a seat in the Legislature; and if any person shall, after his election as a member of the Legislature, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military, under the Government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall vacate his seat.

Section 14. The Governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either House of the Legislature. ${\mathfrak q}$

Section 15. Members of the Legislature shall, in all cases except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest; nor shall they be subject to any civil process, during the session of the Legislature, nor for fifteen days next before the commencement and after the termination of each session.

Section 16. No member of the Legislature shall be liable in any civil action or criminal prosecution whatever, for words spoken in debate.

Section 17. The style of the laws of the State shall be, "The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows," and no law shall be enacted except by bill.

Section 18. No private or local bill, which may be passed by the Legislature, shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in the title.

Section 19. Any bill may originate in either House of the Legislature, and a bill passed by one House may be amended by the other.

SECTION 20. The yeas and nays of the members of either House, on any question, shall, at the request of one-sixth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Section 21. Each member of the Legislature shall receive for his services, two dollars and fifty cents for each day's attendance during the session, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the Legislature, on the most usual route.

Section 22. The Legislature may confer upon the Boards of Supervisors of the several

counties of the State, such powers, of a local, legislative, and administrative character, as they shall from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 23. The Legislature shall establish but one system of town and county government, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable.

Section 24. The Legislature shall never authorize any lottery or grant any divorce.

Section 25. The Legislature shall provide by law that all stationery required for the use of the State, and all printing authorized and required by them to be done for their use, or for the State, shall be let by contract to the lowest bidder; but the Legislature may establish a maximum price. No member of the Legislature, or other State officer, shall be interested, either directly or indirectly, in any such contract.

Section 26. The Logislature shall never grant any extra compensation to any public officer, agent, servant or contractor, after the service shall have been rendered or the contract entered into. Nor shall the compensation of any public officer be increased or diminished during his term of office.

Section 27. The Legislature shall direct by law in what manner and in what court suit may be brought against the State.

Section 28. Members of the Legislature, and all officers, executive and judicial, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall, before they enter upon the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices to the best of their ability.

SECTION 29. The Legislature shall determine what persons shall constitute the militia of the State, and may provide for organizing and disciplining the same, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

Section 30. In all elections to be made by the Legislature, the members thereof shall vote viva voce, and their votes shall be entered on the journal.

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a Governor who shall hold his office for two years. A Lieutenant Governor shall be elected at the same time, and for the same term.

SECTION 2. No person, except a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the State shall be eligible to the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor.

SECTION 3. The Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State at the times and places of choosing members of the Legislature. The persons respectively having the highest number of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be elected. But in case two or more shall have an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor or Lieutenant Governor, the two Houses of the Legislature, at its next annual session, shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of the persons so having an equal and the highest number of votes for Governor or Lieutenant Governor. The returns of election for Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be made in such manner as shall be provided by law.

Section 4. The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the military and naval forces of the State. He shall have the power to convene the Legislature on extraordinary occasions; and in case of invasion, or danger from the prevalence of contagious disease at the seat of the Government, he may convene them at any other suitable place within the State. He shall communicate to the Legislature, at every session, the condition of the State, and recommend such matter to them for their consideration, as he may deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the Government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures, as may be resolved upon by the Legislature, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SECTION 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Section 6. The Governor shall have power to grant reprieves, commutations, and pardons, after conviction, for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to such regulations as may be provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. Upon conviction for treason, he shall have the power to suspend the execution of the sentence until the case shall be reported to the Legislature, at its next meeting, when the Legislature shall either pardon, or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence or grant a further reprieve. He shall annually communicate to the Legislature each case of reprieve, commutation or pardon granted, stating the name of the convict, the

crime of which he was convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the commutation, pardon, or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

Section 7. In case of the impeachment of the Governor, or his removal from office, death, inability from mental or physical disease, resignation, or absence from the State, the powers and duties of the office shall devolve upon the Lieutenant Governor, for the residue of the term, or until the Governor, absent or impeached, shall have returned, or the disability shall cease. But when the Governor shall, with the consent of the Legislature, be out of the State in time of war, at the head of the military force thereof, he shall continue Commander-in-Chief of the military force of the State.

SECTION 8. The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have only a casting vote therein. If, during a vacancy in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign, die, or from mental or physical disease become incapable of performing the duties of his office, or be absent from the State, the Secretary of State shall act as Governor until the vacancy shall be filled, or the disability shall cease.

Section 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive double the *per diem* allowance of members of the Senate, for every day's attendance as President of the Senate, and the same mileage as shall be allowed to members of the Legislature.

Section 10. Every bill which shall have passed the Legislature shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor. If he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large upon the journal and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members present shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, unless the Legislature shall, by their adjournment, prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law.

ARTICLE VI.

ADMINISTRATIVE.

Section 1. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at the times and places of choosing the members of the Legislature, a Secretary of State, Treasurer, and Attorney General, who shall severally hold their offices for the term of two years.

SECTION 2. The Secretary of State shall keep a fair record of the official acts of the Legislature and Executive Department of the State, and shall, when required, lay the same and all matters relative thereto before either branch of the Legislature. He shall be ex officio auditor, and shall perform such other duties as shall be assigned him by law. He shall receive as a compensation for his services, yearly, such sum as shall be provided by law, and shall keep his office at the seat of government.

SECTION 3. The powers, duties and compensation of the Treasurer and Attorney General shall be prescribed by law.

Section 4. Sheriffs, Coroners, Registers of Deeds and District Attorneys shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years, and as often as vacancies shall happen. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices. They may be required by law to renew their security from time to time; and in default of giving such new security, their offices shall be deemed vacant. But the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the Sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

JUDICIARY.

Section 1. The court for the trial of impeachments shall be composed of the Senate. The House of Representatives shall have the power of impeaching all civil officers of this State, for corrupt conduct in office, or for crimes and misdemeanors; but a majority of all the members elected shall concur in an impeachment. On the trial of an impeachment against the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor shall not act as a member of the court. No judicial officer shall exercise his office after he shall have been impeached, until his acquit-

tal. Before the trial of an impeachment, the members of the court shall take an oath or affirmation truly and impartially to try the impeachment, according to evidence; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, or removal from effice and disqualification to hold any office of honor, profit or trust, under the State; but the party impeached shall be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

Section 2. The judicial power of this State, both as to matters of law and equity, shall be vested in a Supreme Court, Circuit Courts, Courts of Probate, and in Justices of the Peace. The Legislature may also vest such jurisdiction as shall be deemed necessary in Municipal Courts, and shall have power to establish inferior courts in the several counties, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction. *Provided*, that the jurisdiction which may bevested in Municipal Courts shall not exceed, in their respective municipalities, that of Circuit Courts in their respective circuits, as prescribed in this Constitution; and that the Legislature shall provide as well for the election of judges of the Municipal Courts as of the judges of inferior Courts, by the qualified electors of the respective jurisdictions. The term of office of the judges of the said Municipal and inferior courts shall not be longer than that of the judges of the Circuit Courts.

Section 3. The Supreme Court, except in cases otherwise provided in this Constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the State; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court, shall a trial by jury be allowed. The Supreme Court shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts; it shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari and other original and remedial writs, and to hear and determine the same.

Section 4. For the term of five years, and thereafter until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, the judges of the several Circuit Courts shall be judges of the Supreme Court, four of whom shall constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of the judges present shall be necessary to a decision. The Legislature shall have power, if they should think it expedient and necessary, to provide by law for the organization of a separate Supreme Court with the jurisdiction and powers prescribed in this Constitution, to consist of one Chief Justice and two Associate Justices to be elected by the qualified voters of the State, at such time and in such manner as the Legislature may provide. The separate-Supreme Court, when so organized, shall not be changed or discontinued by the Legislature; the judges thereof shall be so classified that but one of them shall go out of office atthe same time, and their term of office shall be the same as provided for the judges of the Circuit Court. And whenever the Legislature may consider it necessary to establish a separate Supreme Court, they shall have the power to reduce the number of Circuit Judges to four, and subdivide the Judicial Circuits; but no such subdivision or reduction shall take effect until after the expiration of the term of some one of the said judges, or until a vacancy occur by some other means.

Section 5. The State shall be divided into five judicial circuits, to be composed as follows: The First Circuit shall comprise the counties of Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green. The Second Circuit, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson and Dane. The Third Circuit, the counties of Washington, Dodge, Columbia, Marquette, Sauk and Portage. The Fourth Circuit, the counties of Brown, Manitowoc, Sheboygan, Fond du Lac, Winnebago and Calumet. And the Fifth Circuit shall comprise the counties of Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Crawford and St. Croix; and the county of Richland shall be attached to Iowa, the county of Chippewa to the county of Crawford, and the county of La Pointe to the county of St. Croix, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided by the Legislature.

Section 6. The Legislature may alter the limits, or increase the number of circuits, making them as compact and convenient as practicable, and bounding them by county lines, but no such alteration or increase shall have the effect to remove a judge from office. In case of an increase of circuits, the judge or judges shall be elected as provided in this constitution, and receive a salary not less than that herein provided for judges of the Circuit Court.

Section 7. For each circuit there shall be a judge chosen by the qualified electors therein, who shall hold his office as is provided in this Constitution, and until his successor shall be chosen and qualified; and after he shall have been elected, he shall reside in the circuit for which he was elected. One of said judges shall be designated as Chief Justice, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide. And the Legislature shall, at its first session, provide by law, as well for the election of as for classifying the judges of the Circuit Court, to be elected under this Constitution, in such a manner that one of said judges shall go out of

office in two years, one in three years, one in four years, one in five years and one in six years, and thereafter the judge elected to fill the office shall hold the same for six years.

SECTION 8. The Circuit Courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters, civil and criminal, within this State, not excepted in this Constitution, and not hereafter prohibited by law, and appellate jurisdiction from all inferior courts and tribunals, and a supervisory control over the same. They shall also have the power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, injunction, quo warranto, certiorari, and all other writs necessary to carry into effect their orders, judgments and decrees, and give them a general control over inferior courts and jurisdictions.

Section 9. When a vacancy shall happen in the office of Judge of the Supreme or Circuit Courts, such vacancy shall be filled by an appointment of the Governor, which shall continue until a successor is elected and qualified; and when elected, such successor shall hold his office the residue of the unexpired term. There shall be no election for a judge or judges at any general election for State or county officers, nor within thirty days either before or after such election.

Section 10. Each of the Judges of the Supreme and Circuit Courts shall receive a salary, payable quarterly, of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars annually; they shall receive no fees of office, or other compensation than their salaries; they shall hold no office of public trust, except a judicial office, during the term for which they are respectively elected, and all votes for either of them, for any office except a judicial office given by the Legislature or the people, shall be void. No person shall be eligible to the office of Judge, who shall not, at the time of his election, be a citizen of the United States, and have attained the age of twenty-five years, and be a qualified elector within the jurisdiction for which he may be chosen.

Section 11. The Supreme Court shall hold at least one term annually, at the seat of government of the State, at such time as shall be provided by law, and the Legislature may provide for holding other terms, and at other places, when they may deem it necessary. A Circuit Court shall be held at least twice in each year, in each county of this State, organized for judicial purposes. The judges of the circuit court may hold courts for each other, and shall do so when required by law.

Section 12. There shall be a clerk of the Circuit Court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes, by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal, as shall be provided by law. In case of a vacancy, the Judge of the Circuit Court shall have the power to appoint a clerk, until the vacancy shall be filled by an election. The clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require; and when elected, shall hold his office for a full term. The Supreme Court shall appoint its own Clerk, and the Clerk of a Circuit Court may be appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court.

Section 13. Any Judge of the Supreme or Circuit Court may be removed from office by address of both Houses of the Legislature, if two-thirds of all the members elect to each House concur therein, but no removal shall be made by virtue of this section, unless the judge complained of shall have been served with a copy of the charges against him as the ground of address, and shall have had an opportunity of being heard in his defense. On the question of removal, the ayes and noes shall be entered on the journals.

SECTION 14. There shall be chosen in each county, by the qualified electors thereof, a Judge of Probate, who shall hold his office for two years, and until his successor shall be elected and qualified, and whose jurisdiction, powers and duties shall be prescribed by law. Provided, however, That the Legislature shall have power to abolish the office of Judge of Probate in any county, and to confer probate powers upon such inferior courts as may be established in said county.

Section 15. The electors of the several towns, at their annual town meetings, and the electors of cities and villages, at their charter elections, shall, in such manner as the Legislature may direct, elect justices of the peace, whose term of office shall be for two years, and until their successors in office shall be elected and qualified. In case of an election to fill a vacancy occurring before the expiration of a full term, the justice elected shall hold for the residue of the unexpired term. Their number and classifications shall be regulated by law. And the tenure of two years shall in no wise interfere with the classification in the first instance. The justices thus elected shall have such civil and criminal jurisdiction as shall be prescribed by law.

SECTION 16. The Legislature shall pass laws for the regulation of tribunals of conciliation, defining their powers and duties. Such tribunals may be established in and for any township, and shall have power to render judgment, to be obligatory on the parties, when they shall voluntarily submit their matter in difference to arbitration, and agree to abide the judgment, or assent thereto in writing.

SECTION 17. The style of all writs and process shall be, "The State of Wisconsin." All criminal prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the same; and all indictments shall conclude against the peace and dignity of the State.

Section 18. The Legislature shall impose a tax on all civil suits commenced or prosecuted in the municipal, inferior, or circuit courts, which shall constitute a fund to be applied toward the payment of the salary of the judges.

SECTION 19. The testimony in causes in equity shall be taken in like manner as in cases at law; and the office of master in chancery is hereby prohibited.

SECTION 20. Any suitor in any court in this State shall have the right to prosecute or defend his suit either in his own proper person or by an attorney or agent of his choice.

Section 21. The Legislature shall provide by law for the speedy publication of all statute laws, and of such judicial decisions made within the State, as may be deemed expedient. And no general law shall be in force until published.

Section 22. The Legislature, at its first session after the adoption of this Constitution, shall provide for the appointment of three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to inquire into, revise, and simplify the rules of practice, pleadings, forms, and proceedings, and arrange a system adapted to the courts of record of this State, and report the same to the Legislature, subject to their modification and adoption; and such commission shall terminate upon the rendering of the report, unless otherwise provided by law.

SECTION 23. The Legislature may provide for the appointment of one or more persons in each organized county, and may vest in such persons such judicial powers as shall be prescribed by law. *Provided*, That said power shall not exceed that of a judge of the Circuit Court at chambers.

ARTICLE VIII.

FINANCE.

SECTION 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the Legislature shall prescribe.

SECTION 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury except in pursuance of an appropriation by law.

SECTION 3. The credit of the State shall never be given or loaned in aid of any individual, association, or corporation.

SECTION 4. The State shall never contract any public debt, except in the cases and manner herein provided.

Section 5. The Legislature shall provide for an annual tax sufficient to defray the estimated expenses of the State for each year; and whenever the expenses of any year shall exceed the income, the Legislature shall provide for levying a tax for the ensuing year, sufficient, with other sources of income, to pay the deficiency, as well as the estimated expenses of such ensuing year.

SECTION 6. For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditures, the State may contract public debts; but such debts shall never, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred thousand dollars. Every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some purpose or purposes to be distinctly specified therein; and the vote of a majority of all the members elected to each house, to be taken by yeas and nays, shall be necessary to the passage of such law; and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the annual interest of such debt, and the principal within five years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such taxes to the payment of such principal and interest; and such appropriation shall not be repealed, nor the taxes be postponed or diminished, until the principal and interest of such debt shall have been wholly paid.

Section 7. The Legislature may also borrow money to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or defend the State in time of war; but the money thus raised shall be applied exclusively to the object for which the loan was authorized, or to the repayment of the debt thereby created.

Section 8. On the passage in either house of the Legislature, of any law which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews an appropriation of public or trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand of the State, the question shall be taken by yeas and nays, which shall be duly entered on the journal; and three-fifths of all the members elected to such house, shall in all such cases be required to constitute a quorum therein.

SECTION 9. No scrip, certificate or other evidence of State debt whatsoever, shall be issued, except for such debts as are authorized by the sixth and seventh sections of this article.

Section 10. The State shall never contract any debt for works of internal improvement, or be a party in carrying on such works; but whenever grants of land or other property shall have been made to the State, especially dedicated by the grant to particular works of internal improvement, the State may carry on such particular works, and shall devote thereto the avails of such grants, and may pledge or appropriate the revenues derived from such works in aid of their completion.

ARTICLE IX.

EMINENT DOMAIN AND PROPERTY OF THE STATE,

Section 1. The State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on all rivers and lakes bordering on this State, so far as such rivers or lakes shall form a common boundary to the State, and any other State or Territory now or hereafter to be formed and bounded by the same. And the river Mississippi and the navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same, shall be common highways, and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the State as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost, or duty therefor.

Section 2. The title of all lands and other property, which have accrued to the Territory of Wisconsin, by grant, gift, purchase, forfeiture, escheat or otherwise, shall vest in the State of Wisconsin.

Section 3. The people of the State, in their right of sovereignty, are declared to possess the ultimate property in and to all lands within the jurisdiction of the State; and all lands, the title to which shall fail from a defect of heirs, shall revert or escheat to the people.

ARTICLE X.

EDUCATION.

Section 1. The supervision of public instruction shall be vested in a State Superintendent, and such other officers as the Legislature shall direct. The State Superintendent shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide; his powers, duties and compensation shall be prescribed by law. *Provided*, That his compensation shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars annually.

Section 2. The proceeds of all lands that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State, for educational purposes (except the lands heretofore granted for the purposes of a University), and all moneys, and the clear proceeds of all property, that may accrue to the State by forfeiture or escheat, and all moneys which may be paid as an equivalent for exemption from military duty, and the clear proceeds of all fines collected in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws, and all moneys arising from any grant to the State where the purposes of such grant are not specified, and the five hundred thousand acres of land to which the State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sale of public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one, and also the five per centum of the net proceeds of the public lands to which the State shall become entitled on her admission into the Union (if Congress shall consent to such appropriation of the two grants last mentioned), shall be set apart as a separate fund, to be called the school fund, the interest of which, and all other revenues derived from the school lands, shall be exclusively applied to the following objects, to wit:

- 1. To the support and maintenance of common schools in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.
- 2. The residue shall be appropriated to the support and maintenance of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and apparatus therefor.

Section 3. The Legislature shall provide by law for the establishment of district schools, which shall be as nearly uniform as practicable, and such schools shall be free and without charge for tuition to all children between the ages of four and twenty years, and no sectatian instruction shall be allowed therein.

Section 4. Each town and city shall be required to raise, by tax, annually, for the support of common schools therein, a sum not less than one-half the amount received by such town or city respectively for school purposes, from the income of the school fund.

Section 5. Provision shall be made by law for the distribution of the income of the school fund among the several towns and cities of the State, for the support of common schools therein, in some just proportion to the number of children and youth resident therein, between the ages of four and twenty years, and no appropriation shall be made from the school fund to any city or town for the year in which said city or town shall fail to raise such tax, nor to any school district for the year in which a school shall not be maintained at least three months.

SECTION 6. Provision shall be made by law for the establishment of a State University, at or near the seat of State Government, and for connecting with the same from time to time, such colleges in different parts of the State, as the interests of education may require. The proceeds of all lands that have been or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the State for the support of a University, shall be and remain a perpetual fund to be called the "University Fund," the interest of which shall be appropriated to the support of the State University, and no sectarian instruction shall be allowed in such University.

SECTION 7. The Secretary of State, Treasurer and Attorney General shall constitute a Board of Commissioners for the sale of the School and University Lands and for the investment of the funds arising therefrom. Any two of said Commissioners shall be a quorum

for the transaction of all business pertaining to the duties of their office.

SECTION 8. Provision shall be made by law for the sale of all School and University Lands, after they shall have been appraised, and when any portion of such lands shall be sold, and the purchase money shall not be paid at the time of the sale, the Commissioners shall take security by mortgage upon the land sold for the sum remaining unpaid, with seven per cent. interest thereon, payable annually at the office of the Treasurer. The Commissioners shall be authorized to execute a good and sufficient conveyance to all purchasers of such lands, and to discharge any mortgages taken as security, when the sum due thereon shall have been paid. The Commissioners shall have power to withhold from sale any portion of such lands when they shall deem it expedient, and shall invest all moneys arising from the sale of such lands, as well as all other University and School funds, in such manner as the Legislature shall provide, and shall give such security for the faithful performance of their duties as may be required by law.

ARTICLE XI.

CORPORATIONS.

Section 1. Corporations without banking powers or privileges may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes, and in cases where, in the judgment of the Legislature, the objects of the corporation cannot be attained under general laws. All general laws or special acts enacted under the provisions of this section may be altered or repealed by the Legislature at any time after their passage.

SECTION 2. No municipal corporation shall take private property for public use against the consent of the owner, without the necessity thereof being first established by the verdict

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered, to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations.

SECTION 4. The Legislature shall not have power to create, authorize, or incorporate, by any general or special law, any bank or banking power or privilege, or any institution or corporation, having any banking power or privilege whatever, except as provided in this

article.

SECTION 5. The Legislature may submit to the voters at any general election, the question of "bank or no bank," and if at any such election a number of votes equal to a majority of all the votes cast at such election on that subject shall be in favor of banks, then the Legislature shall have power to grant bank charters, or to pass a general banking law, with such restrictions, and under such regulations as they may deem expedient and proper for the security of the bill holders. Provided, That no such grant or law shall have any force or effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the electors of the state at some general election, and been approved by a majority of the votes cast on that subject at such election.

ARTICLE XII.

AMENDMENTS.

Section 1. Any amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either House of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two Houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published for three months previous to the time of holding such election. And if in the Legislature so next chosen, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each House, then it shall be the duty of the Legislature to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people, in such manner and at such time as the Legislature shall prescribe, and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become part of the Constitution. *Provided*, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately.

Section 2. If at any time a majority of the Senate and Assembly shall deem it necessary to call a convention to revise or change this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors to vote for or against a convention at the next election for members of the Legislature; and if it shall appear that a majority of the electors voting thereon have voted for a convention, the Legislature shall at its next session provide for calling such convention.

ARTICLE XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Section 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general election shall be holden on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November in each year.

SECTION 2. Any inhabitant of this State who may hereafter be engaged, either directly or indirectly, in a duel, either as principal or accessory, shall forever be disqualified as an elector, and from holdin ; any office under the Constitution and laws of this State, and may be punished in such other manner as shall be prescribed by law.

Section 3. No Meml r of Congress, nor any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States (postmasters excepted), or under any foreign power; no person convicted of any infanous crime in any court within the United States, and no person being a defaulter to the United States, or to this State, or to any county or town therein, or to any State or Territory within the United States, shall be eligible to any office of trust, profit or honor in this State.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of the Legislature to provide a great seal for the State, which shall be kept by the Secretary of State; and all official acts of the Governor, his approbation of the laws excepted, shall be thereby authenticated.

SECTION 5. All persons residing upon Indian lands within any county of the State, and qualified to exercise the right of suffrage under this Constitution, shall be entitled to vote at the polls which may be held nearest their residence for State, United States or County officers. Provided, that no person shall vote for county officers out of the county in which he resides.

SECTION 6. The elective officers of the Legislature, other than the presiding officers, shall be a Chief Clerk and a Sergeant-at-Arms, to be elected by each house.

Section 7. No county with an area of nine hundred square miles or less, shall be divided or have any part stricken therefrom, without submitting the question to a vote of the people of the county, nor unless a majority of all the legal voters of the county voting on the question shall vote for the same.

Section 8. No county seat shall be removed until the point to which it is proposed to be removed, shall be fixed by law, and a majority of the voters of the county voting on the question, shall have voted in favor of its removal to such point.

Section 9. All county officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties, or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities as the Legislature shall direct. All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed as the Legislature may direct.

Section 10. The Legislature may declare the cases in which any office shall be deemed vacant, and also the manner of filling the vacancy where no provision is made for that purpose in this Constitution.

ARTICLE XIV.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 1. That no inconvenience may arise by reason of a change from a territorial to a permanent state government, it is declared that all rights, actions, prosecutions, judgments, claims and contracts, as well of individuals as of bodies corporate, shall continue as if no such change had taken place, and all process which may be issued under the authority

of the Territory of Wisconsin previous to its admission into the Union of the United States, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the State.

SECTION 2. All laws now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, which are not repugnant to this Constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the Legislature.

SECTION 3. All fines, penalties or forfeitures accruing to the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to the use of the State.

SECTION 4. All recognizances heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the change from a territorial to a permanent state government, shall remain valid, and shall pass to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the State, and all bonds executed to the Governor of the Territory, or to any other officer or court, in his or their official capacity, shall pass to the Governor or State authority, and their successors in office, for the uses therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; and all the estate or property, real, personal or mixed, and all judgments, bonds, specialties, choses in action, and claims or debts of whatever description, of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall inure to and vest in the State of Wisconsin, and may be sued for and recovered in the same manner and to the same extent, by the State of Wisconsin, as the same could have been by the Territory of Wisconsin. All criminal prosecutions and penal actions which may have arisen, or which may arise before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall then be pending, shall be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the State. All offenses committed against the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, before the change from a Territorial to a State government, and which shall not be prosecuted before such change, may be prosecuted in the name and by the authority of the State of Wisconsin, with like effect as though such change had not taken place; and all penalties incurred shall remain the same as if this Constitution had not been adopted. All actions at law, and suits in equity, which may be pending in any of the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, at the time of the change from a Territorial to a State government, may be continued and transferred to any court of the State which shall have jurisdiction of the subject-matter thereof.

SECTION 5. All officers, civil and military, now holding their offices under the authority of the United States, or of the Territory of Wisconsin, shall continue to hold and exercise their respective offices until they shall be superseded by the authority of the State.

SECTION 6. The first session of the Legislature of the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in June next, and shall be held at the village of Madison, which shall be and remain the seat of government until otherwise provided by law.

Section 7. All county, precinct, and township officers shall continue to hold their respective offices, unless removed by the competent authority, until the Legislature shall, in conformity with the provisions of this constitution, provide for the holding of elections to fill such offices respectively.

SECTION 8. The President of this Convention shall, immediately after its adjournment, cause a fair copy of this Constitution, together with a copy of the act of the Legislature of this Territory, entitled "an act in relation to the formation of a State government in Wisconsin, and to change the time of holding the annual session of the Legislature," approved October 27, 1847, providing for the calling of this Convention, and also a copy of so much of the last census of the Territory as exhibits the number of its inhahitants, to be forwarded to the President of the United States, to be laid before the Congress of the United States at its present session.

SECTION 9. This Constitution shall be submitted at an election to be held on the second Monday in March next, for ratification or rejection, to all white male persons of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, who shall then be residents of this Territory and citizens of the United States, or shall have declared their intention to become such in conformity with the laws of Congress on the subject of naturalization; and all persons having such qualifications shall be entitled to vote for or against the adoption of this Constitution, and for all officers first elected under it. And if the Constitution be ratified by said electors, it shall become the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin. On such of the ballots as are for the Constitution, shall be written or printed the word, "yes;" and on such as are against the Constitution, the word, "no." The election shall be conducted in the manner now prescribed by law, and the returns made by the clerks of the boards of supervisors or county commissioners (as the case may be) to the Governor of the Territory, at any time before the tenth of April next. And in the event of the ratification of this Constitution, by a majority of all the votes given, it shall be the duty of the Governor of this Territory to make proclamation of the same, and to transmit a digest of the returns to the Senate and Assembly of the State, on the first day of their session. An election shall be held for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, Treasurer, Attorney General, Members of the State Legislature, and Members of Congress, on the second Monday of May next, and no other or further notice of such election shall be required.

SECTION 10. Two Members of Congress shall also be elected on the second Monday of May next; and until otherwise provided by law, the counties of Milwaukee, Waukesha, Jefferson, Racine, Walworth, Rock and Green shall constitute the First Congressional District, and elect one member; and the counties of Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc, Calumet, Brown, Winnebago, Fond du Lac, Marquette, Sauk, Portage, Columbia, Dodge, Dane, Iowa, La Fayette, Grant, Richland, Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Second Congressional District, and shall elect one member.

Section 11. The several elections provided for in this article shall be conducted according to the existing laws of the Territory. Provided, That no elector shall be entitled to vote, except in the town, ward or precinct where he resides. The returns of election, for Senators and Members of Assembly, shall be transmitted to the clerk of the board of supervisors, or county commissioners, as the case may be, and the votes shall be canvassed, and certificates of election issued, as now provided by law. In the First Senatorial District, the returns of the election for Senator shall be made to the proper officer in the county of Brown; in the Second Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the County of Columbia; in the Third Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Crawford; in the Fourth Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Fond du Lac; and in the Fifth Senatorial District, to the proper officer in the county of Iowa. The returns of election for State officers and Members of Congress, shall be certified and transmitted to the Speaker of the Assembly, at the seat of government, in the same manner as the votes for delegate to Congress are required to be certified and returned, by the laws of the Territory of Wisconsin, to the Secretary of said Territory, and in such time that they may be received on the first Monday in June next; and as soon as the Legislature shall be organized, the Speaker of the Assembly and the President of the Senate shall in the presence of both Houses, examine the returns, and declare who are duly elected to fill the several offices hereinbefore mentioned, and give to each of the persons elected, a certificate of his

Section 12. Until there shall be a new apportionment, the Senators and Members of the Assembly shall be apportioned among the several districts, as hereinafter mentioned, and each district shall be entitled to elect one Senator or member of the Assembly, as the case

The counties of Brown, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan shall constitute the First Senate District.

The counties of Columbia, Marquette, Portage and Sauk shall constitute the Second Sen-

The counties of Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute the Third

The counties of Fond du Lac and Winnebago shall constitute the Fourth Senate District. The counties of Iowa and Richland shall constitute the Fifth Senate District.

The county of Grant shall constitute the Sixth Senate District.

The county of La Fayette shall constitute the Seventh Senate District.

The county of Green shall constitute the Eighth Senate District.

The county of Dane shall constitute the Ninth Senate District.

The county of Dodge shall constitute the Tenth Senate District.

The county of Washington chall constitute the Eleventh Senate District. The county of Jefferson shall constitute the Twelfth Senate District.

The county of Waukesha shall constitute the Thirteenth Senate District.

The county of Walworth shall constitute the Fourteenth Senate District.

The county of Rock shall constitute the Fifteenth Senate District.

The towns of Southport, Pike, Pleasant Prairie, Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Sixteenth Senate District.

The towns of Racine, Caledonia, Mount Pleasant, Raymond, Norway, Rochester, Yorkville and Burlington, in the county of Racine, shall constitute the Seventeenth Senate Dis-

The third, fourth and fifth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Franklin and Greenfield, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Eighteenth Senate District.

The first and second wards of the city of Milwaukee, and the towns of Milwaukee, Wauwatosa and Granville, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute the Nineteenth Senate District.

The county of Brown shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Calumet shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Manitowoc shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Columbia shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of Crawford and Chippewa shall constitute an Assembly District.

The counties of St. Croix and La Pointe shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Windsor, Sun Prairie and Cottage Grove, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Madison, Cross Plains, Clarkson, Springfield, Verona, Montrose, Oregon and Greenfield, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rome, Dunkirk, Christiana, Albion and Rutland, in the county of Dane, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Burnett, Chester, Le Roy and Williamstown, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Fairfield, Hubbard and Rubicon, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hustisford, Ashippun, Lebanon and Emmett, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Elba, Lowell, Portland and Clyman, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calamus, Beaver Dam, Fox Lake and Trenton, in the county of Dodge, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Calumet, Forest, Auburn, Byron, Taychedah and Fond du Lac, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Alto, Metomen, Ceresco, Rosendale, Waupun, Oakfield and Seven Mile Creek, in the county of Fond du Lac, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Hazel Green, Fairplay, Smelser's Grove and Jamestown, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Platteville, Head of Platte, Centreville, Muscoda and Fennimore, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Pleasant Valley, Potosi, Waterloo, Hurricane and New Lisbon, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Beetown, Patch Grove, Cassville, Millville and Lancaster, in the county of Grant, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Green shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precencts of Dallas, Peddler's Creek, Mineral Point and Yellow Stone, in the county of Iowa, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Franklin, Dodgeville, Porter's Grove, Arena and Percussion, in the county of Iowa and the county of Richland, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Watertown, Aztalan and Waterloo, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Ixonia, Concord, Sullivan, Hebron, Cold Spring and Palmyra, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lake Mills, Oakland, Koshkonong, Farmington and Jefferson, in the county of Jefferson, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Benton, Elk Grove, Belmont, Willow Springs, Prairie, and that part of Shullsburgh precinct north of town one, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The precincts of Wiota, Wayne, Gratiot, White Oak Springs, Fever River, and that part of Shullsburgh precinct south of town two, in the county of La Fayette, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Marquette shall constitute an Assembly District.

The first ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The second ward of the city of Milwauke shall constitute an Assembly District. The third ward of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District.

The fourth and fifth wards of the city of Milwaukee shall constitute an Assembly District. The towns of Franklin and Oak Creek, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an

Assembly District. The towns of Greenfield and Lake, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Granville, Wauwatosa and Milwaukee, in the county of Milwaukee, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Portage shall constitute an Assembly District.

The town of Racine, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Norway, Raymond, Caledonia and Mount Pleasant, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Rochester, Burlington and Yorkville, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Southport, Pike and Pleasant Prairie, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Paris, Bristol, Brighton, Salem and Wheatland, in the county of Racine, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Janesville and Bradford, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Beloit, Turtle and Clinton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Magnolia, Union, Porter and Fulton, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Milton, Lima and Johnstown, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Newark, Rock, Avon, Spring Valley and Center, in the county of Rock, shall constitute an Assembly District. *Provided*, That if the Legislature shall divide the town of Center, they may attach such part of it to the district lying next north, as they deem expedient.

The county of Sauk shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precints numbered one, three and seven, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

Precincts number two, four, five and six, in the county of Sheboygan, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Troy, East Troy and Spring Prairie, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Whitewater, Richmond and Lagrange, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Geneva, Hudson and Bloomfield, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Darien, Sharon, Walworth and Linn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delavan, Sugar Creek, La Fayette and Elkhorn, in the county of Walworth, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Lisbon, Menomonee and Brookfield, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Warren, Oconomowoc, Summit and Ottawa, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Delafield, Genesee and Pewaukee, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Waukesha and New Berlin, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Eagle, Mukwonago, Vernon and Muskego, in the county of Waukesha, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Port Washington, Fredonia and Clarence, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Grafton and Jackson, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Mequon and Germantown, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Polk, Richfield and Erin, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The towns of Hartford, Addison, West Bend and North Bend, in the county of Washington, shall constitute an Assembly District.

The county of Winnebago shall constitute an Assembly District.

The foregoing Districts are subject, however, so far to be altered that when any new town shall be organized, it may be added to either of the adjoining Assembly Districts.

Section 13. Such parts of the common law as are now in force in the Territory of Wisconsin, not inconsistent with this Constitution, shall be and continue part of the law of this State until altered or suspended by the Legislature.

Section 14. The Senators first elected in the even numbered Senate Districts, the Gover-

nor, Lieutenant Governor, and other State officers first elected under this Constitution, shall enter upon the duties of their respective offices on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office for one year from the first Monday of January next. The Senators first elected in the odd numbered Senate Districts, and the members of the Assembly first elected shall enter upon their duties respectively on the first Monday of June next, and shall continue in office until the first Monday in January next.

Section 15. The oath of office may be administered by any judge or justice of the peace,

until the Legislature shall otherwise direct.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be, and is hereby requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, so to alter the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river," approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and so to alter the terms and conditions of the grant made therein, that the odd numbered sections thereby granted, and remaining unsold, may be held and disposed of by the State of Wisconsin, as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which said State is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one; and further, that the even numbered sections reserved by Congress may be offered for sale by the United States for the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of pre-emption as other public lands of the United States.

Resolved, That Congress be further requested to pass an act whereby the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, which may have been paid by the purchasers of said even numbered sections which shall have been sold by the United States, be refunded to the present owners thereof, or they be allowed to enter any of the public lands of the United States, to an amount equal in value to the excess so paid.

Resolved, That in case the odd numbered sections shall be ceded to the State as aforesaid, the same shall be sold by the State in the same manner as other school lands. Provided, that the same rights of pre-emption as are now granted by the laws of the United States shall be secured to persons who may be actually settled upon such lands at the time of the adoption of this Constitution: And provided further, that the excess price over and above one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, absolutely or conditionally contracted to be paid by the purchasers of any part of said sections which shall have been sold by the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be remitted to such purchasers, their representatives or assigns.

Resolved, That Congress be requested, upon the application of Wisconsin for admission into the Union, to pass an act whereby the grant of five hundred thousand acres of land, to which the State of Wisconsin is entitled by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to appropriate the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant pre-emption rights," approved the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and also the five per centum of the net proceeds of the public lands lying within the State, to which it shall become entitled on its admission into the Union, by the provisions of an act of Congress, entitled "an act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union," approved the sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall be granted to the State of Wisconsin for the use of schools, instead of the purposes mentioned in said acts of Congress respectively.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be, and hereby is requested, upon the admission of this State into the Union, so to alter the provisions of the act of Congress, entitled "an act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the territory of Wisconsin," that the price of the lands reserved to the United States shall be reduced to the minimum price of the public lands.

Resolved, That the Legislature of this State shall make provision by law for the sale of the lands granted to the State in aid of said improvements, subject to the same rights of pre-emption to the settlers thereon, as are now allowed by law to the settlers on the public lands.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be appended to and signed with the Constitution of Wisconsin, and submitted therewith to the people of this Territory, and to the Congress of the United States.

We, the undersigned, members of the Convention to form a Constitution for the State of Wisconsin, to be submitted to the people thereof for their ratification or rejection, do hereby certify that the foregoing is the Constitution adopted by the Convention.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, at Madison, the first day of February, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

MORGAN L. MARTIN,
President of the Convention and Delegate from Brown County.

THOS. McHugh, Secretary.

CALUMET -

G. W. FEATHERSTONHAUGH.

COLUMBIA -

JAMES T. LEWIS.

CRAWFORD -

DANIEL G. FENTON.

DANE

WILLIAM H. FOX, CHARLES M. NICHOLS, WILLIAM A. WHEELER.

DODGE -

STODDARD JUDD, CHARLES H. LARRABEE, SAMUEL W. LYMAN.

FOND DU LAC-

SAMÛEL W. BEALL, WARREN CHASE.

GRANT -

ORSAMUS COLE, GEORGE W. LAKIN, ALEXANDER D. RAMSAY, WILLIAM RICHARDSON, JOHN HAWKINS ROUNTREE.

GREEN -

JAMES BIGGS.

Iowa --

CHARLES BISHOP, STEPHEN P. HOLLENBECK, JOSEPH WARD,

JEFFERSON -

JONAS FOLTS, MILO JONES,

THEODORE PRENTISS, ABRAM VANDERPOOL

LA FAYETTE -

CHARLES DUNN, JOHN O'CONNOR, ALLEN WARDEN.

MILWAUKEE -

JOHN L. DORAN, GARRET M. FITZGERALD, ALBERT FOWLER,

BYRON KILBOURN.

MILWAUKEE — (continued.)

RUFUS KING,

CHARLES H. LARKIN, MORITZ SCHŒFFLER.

PORTAGE -

WILLIAM H. KENNEDY.

RACINE -

ALBERT G. COLE, STEPHEN A. DAVENPORT, ANDREW B. JACKSON, FREDERICK S. LOVELL, SAMUEL R. MCCLELLAN, JAMES D. REYMERT, HORACE T. SANDERS, THEODORE SECOR.

Rock -

ALMERIN M. CARTER, JOSEPH COLLEY, PAUL CRANDALL, EZRA A. FOOT, LOUIS P. HARVEY, EDWARD V. WHITON.

Sheboygan ---

SILAS STEADMAN.

WALWORTH -

EXPERIENCE ESTABROOK, GEORGE GALE, JAMES HARRINGTON, AUGUSTUS O. KINNE, HOLLIS LATHAM, EZRA A. MULFORD.

WASHINGTON -

JAMES FAGAN, PATRICK PENTONY, HARVEY G. TURNER.

WAUKESHA ---

SQUIRE S. CASE, ALFRED L. CASTLEMAN, PETER D. GIFFORD, ELEAZER ROOT,

GEORGE SCAGEL,

Winnebago ---

HARRISON REED.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE I.

[Section 8, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 8, 1870.] Section 8. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense without due process of law, and no person, for the same offense, shall be put twice in jeopardy of punishment, nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself. All persons shall before conviction be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses when the proof is evident or the presumption great; and the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

ARTICLE III.

[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.] Section 1. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards belonging to either of the following classes who shall have resided within the State for one year next preceding any election, and in the election district where he offers to vote, such time as may be prescribed by the Legislature, not exceeding thirty days, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election.

1. Citizens of the United States.

2. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens conformably to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization.

3. Persons of Indian blood who have once been declared by law of congress to be citizens of the United States, any subseqent law of congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

4. Civilized persons of Indian descent not members of any tribe; provided, that the legislature may at any time extend by law the right of suffrage to persons not herein enumerated; but no such law shall be in force until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the people at a general election and approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election; and provided further, that in incorporated cities and villages, the legislature may provide for the registration of electors and prescribe proper rules and regulations therefor.

ARTICLE IV.

[Sections 4, 5, 11 and 21, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, No-

Section 4. The members of the assembly shall be chosen biennially, by single districts, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November after the adoption of this amendment, by the qualified electors of the several districts; such districts to be bounded by county, precinct, town or ward lines, to consist of contiguous territory, and be in as compact form as practicable.

Section 5. The senators shall be elected by single districts of convenient contiguous territory, at the same time and in the same manner as members of the assembly are required to be chosen, and no assembly district shall be divided in the formation of a senate district. The senate districts shall be numbered in the regular series, and the senators shall be chosen alternately from the odd and even-numbered districts. The senators elected, or holding over at the time of the adoption of this amendment, shall continue in office till their successors are duly elected and qualified; and after the adoption of this amendment, all senators shall be chosen for the term of four years.

Section 11. The legislature shall meet at the seat of government at such time as shall be provided by law, once in two years and no oftener, unless convened by the governor in special session, and when so convened no business shall be transacted except as shall be necessary to accomplish the special purposes for which it was convened.

SECTION 21. Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services, for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.

[Sections 31 and 32, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1871.]

Section 31. The Legislature is prohibited from enacting any special or private laws in the following cases: 1st. For changing the name of persons or constituting one person the heir-at-law of another. 2d. For laying out, opening or altering highways, except in cases of State roads extending into more than one county, and military roads to aid in the construction of which lands may be granted by Congress. 3d. For authorizing persons to keep ferries across streams, at points wholly within this State. 4th. For authorizing the sale or mortgage of real or personal property of minors or others under disability. 5th. For locating or changing any county seat. 6th. For assessment or collection of taxes or for extending the time for collection thereof. 7th. For granting corporate powers or privileges, except to cities. 8th. For authorizing the apportionment of any part of the school fund. 9th. For incorporating any town or village, or to amend the charter thereof.

Section 32. The Legislature shall provide general laws for the transaction of any business that may be prohibited by section thirty-one of this article, and all such laws shall be uniform in their operations throughout the State.

ARTICLE V.

[Sections 5 and 9, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 2, 1869.]

Section 5. The Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of five thousand dollars, which shall be in full for all traveling or other expenses incident to his duties.

Section 9. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive during his continuance in office, an annual compensation of one thousand dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

Section 4. Sheriffs, coroners, registers of deeds, district attorneys, and all other county officers, except judicial officers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every two years. Sheriffs shall hold no other office, and be ineligible for two years next succeeding the termination of their offices; they may be required by law to renew their security from time to time, and in default of giving such new security their office shall be deemed vacant, but the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The Governor may remove any officer in this section mentioned, giving to such a copy of the charges against him and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. All vacancies shall be filled by appointment, and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall hold only for the unexpired portion of the term to which he shall be appointed and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

Section 4. The supreme court shall consist of one chief justice and four associate justices, to be elected by the qualified electors of the State. The Legislature shall, at its first session after the adoption of this amendment, provide by law for the election of two associate justices of said court, to hold their offices for terms ending two and four years respectively, after the end of the term of the justice of the said court then last to expire. And thereafter the, chief justice and associate justices of the said court shall be elected and hold their offices respectively for the term of ten years.

[Section 12, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

Section 12. There shall be a clerk of the circuit court chosen in each county organized for judicial purposes by the qualified electors thereof, who shall hold his office for two years, subject to removal as shall be provided by law; in case of a vacancy the judge of the circuit court shall have power to appoint a clerk until the vacancy shall be filled by an election; the clerk thus elected or appointed shall give such security as the Legislature may require. The supreme court shall appoint its own clerk and a clerk of the circuit court may be appointed a clerk of the supreme court.

ARTICLE VIII.

[Section 2, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 6, 1877.]

Section 2. No money shall be paid out of the treasury, except in pursuance of an appropriation by law. No appropriation shall be made for the payment of any claim against the State, except claims of the United States, and judgments, unless filed within six years after the claim accrued.

ARTICLE XI.

[Section 3, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 3, 1874.]

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the Legislature, and they are hereby empowered to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages, and to restrict their power of taxation, assessment, borrowing money, contracting debts, and loaning their credit, so as to prevent abuses in assessments and taxation, and in contracting debts by such municipal corporations. No county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to any amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate exceeding five per centum on the value of the tamble property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes, previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. Any county, city, town, village, school district, or other municipal corporation, incurring any indebtedness as aforesaid, shall before or at the time of doing so, provide for the collection of a direct annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same.

ARTICLE XIII.

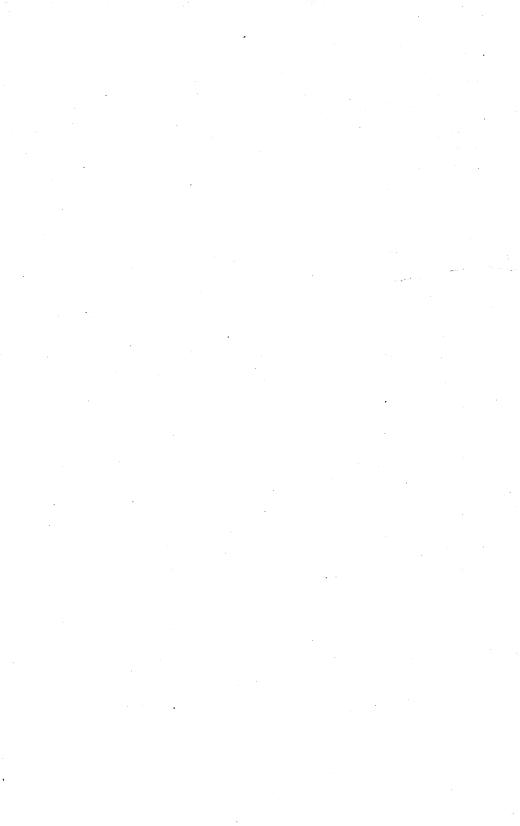
[Section 1, as amended by a vote of the people at the General Election, November 7, 1882.]

Section 1. The political year for the State of Wisconsin shall commence on the first Monday in January in each year, and the general elections shall be holden on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November. The first general election for all state and county officers, except judicial officers, after the adoption of this amendment, shall be holden in the year A. D. 1884, and thereafter the general election shall be held biennally. All state, county or other officers elected at the general election in the year 1881, and whose term of office would otherwise expire on the first Monday of January in the year 1884, shall hold and continue in such office respectively, until the first Monday in January in the year 1885.

ARTICLE VII.

[Section 4, as amended by a vote of the people at an election April 2, 1889.]

Section 4. The chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court shall be severally known as justices of said court with the same terms of office, respectively, as now provided. The supreme court shall consist of five justices (any three of whom shall be a quorum), to be elected as now provided. The justice having been longest a continuous member of the court (or in case of two or more of such senior justices having served for the same length of time, then the one whose commission first expires), shall be ex-officie the chief justice.



MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

BY THOMAS JEFFERSON.

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MANUAL OF PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

Note — The rules and practices peculiar to the Senate are printed between brackets, []. Those of Parliament are not so distinguished.

IMPORTANCE OF RULES.

SECTION I.

IMPORTANCE OF ADHERING TO RULES.

Mr. Onslow, the ablest among the Speakers of the House of Commons, used to say: "It was a maxim he had often heard when he was a young man, from old and experienced Members, that nothing tended more to throw power into the hands of the administration, and those who acted with a majority of the House of Commons, than a neglect of, or departure from, the rules of proceeding; that these forms, as instituted by our ancestors, operated as a check and control on the actions of the majority, and that they were in many instances, a shelter and protection to the minority, against the attempts of power." So far the maxim is certainly true, and it is founded in good sense, that as it is always in the power of the majority, by their numbers, to stop any improper measures proposed on the part of their opponents, the only weapons by which the minority can defend themselves against similar attempts from those in power, are the forms and rules of proceeding which have been adopted as they were found necessary, from time to time, and are become the law of the House; by a strict adherence to which, the weaker party can only be protected from those irregularities and abuses which these forms were intended to check, and which the wantonness of power is but too often apt to suggest to large and successful majorities. 2 Hats., 171, 172.

And whether these forms be in all cases the most rational or not, is really not of so great importance. It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the Speaker, or captiousness of the Members. It is very material that order, decency and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 Hats., 149.

SECTION IL

LEGISLATIVE.

[All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives—Constitution of the United States, Art. 1, Sec. 1.]

[The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. Constitution of the United States, Art. 1, Sec. 6.]

[For the powers of Congress, see the following Articles and Sections of the Constitution of the United States. I, 4, 7, 8, 9. II, 1, 2. III, 3. IV, 1, 3, 5, and all the amendments.]

SECTION III.

PRIVILEGE.

The privileges of Members of Parliament, from small and obscure beginnings, have been advancing for centuries with a firm and never yielding pace. Claims seem to have been brought forward from time to time, and repeated, till some example of their admission enabled them to build law on that example. We can only, therefore, state the points of progression at which they now are. It is now acknowledged, 1st. That they are at all times exempted from question elsewhere for anything said in their own House; that during the time of privilege, 2d. Neither a Member himself, his* wife, nor his servants (familaries

*Order of House of Commons, 1663, July 16

sui), for any matter of their own, may be* arrested on mesne process, in any civil suit: 3d. Nor be detained under execution, though levied before time of privilege: 4th. Nor impleaded, cited or subpœnaed in any court: 5th. Nor summoned as a witness or juror: 6th. Nor may their lands or goods be distrained: 7th. Nor their persons assaulted, or characters traduced. And the period of time covered by privilege, before and after the session, with the practice of short prorogations under the connivance of the Crown, amounts in fact to a perpetual protection against the course of justice. In one instance, indeed, it has been relaxed by the 10 G. 3, c. 50, which permits judiciary proceedings to go on against them. That these privileges must be continually progressive, seems to result from their rejecting all definition of them; the doctrine being that "their dignity and independence are preserved by keeping their privileges indefinite; 'and that the maxims upon which they proceed, together with the method of proceeding, rest entirely in their own breast, and are not defined and ascertained by any particular stated laws.'" 1 Blackst., 163, 164.

[It was probably from this view of the encroaching character of privilege that the framers of our constitution, in their care to provide that the law shall bind equally on all, and especially that those who make them shall not exempt themselves from their operation, have only privileged "Senators and Representatives" themselves from the single act of "arrest in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same, and from being questioned in any other place for any speech or debate in either House." Const. U. S., Art. 1, Sec. 6. Under the general authority "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the powers given them," Const. U. S., Art. 2, Sec. 8, they may provide by law the details which may be necessary for giving full effect to the enjoyment of this privilege. No such law being yet made, it seems to stand at present on the following grounds: 1. The act of arrest is void, ab initio † 2. The member arrested may be discharged on motion, 1 Bl., 166; 3 Stra., 990; or by habeas corpus under the Federal or State authority as the case may be; or by a writ of privilege out of the Chancery, 2 Stra., 989, in those States which have adopted that part of the laws of England. Orders of the House of Commons, 1550, February 20. 3. The arrest being unlawful, is a trespass for which the officer and others concerned are liable to action and indictment in the ordinary courts of justice, as in other cases of unauthorized arrest. 4. The court before which the process is returnable is bound to act as in other cases of unauthorized proceeding, and liable also, as in other similar cases, to have their proceedings stayed or corrected by the superior courts.]

[The time necessary for going to, and returning from, Congress, not being defined, it will, of course, be judged of in every particular case by those who will have to decide the case.] While privilege was understood in England to extend, as it does here, only to exemption from arrest, eundo, moranda, et redeundo, the House of Commons themselves decided that "a convenient time was to be understood." (1580,) 1 Hats., 99, 100. Nor is the law so strict in point of time as to require the party to set out immediately on his return, but allows him time to settle his private affairs, and to prepare for his journey; and does not even scan his road very nicely, nor forfeit his protection for a little deviation from that which is most direct; some necessity perhaps constraining him to it. 2 Stra., 986, 987.

This privilege from arrest, privileges of course against all process, the disobedience to which is punishable by an attachment of the person; as a subpoena ad respondendum, or, testificandum, or a summons on a jury; and with reason, because a member has superior duty to perform in another place. [When a representative is withdrawn from his seat by summons, the 40,000 people whom he represents, lose their voice in debate and vote, as they do on his voluntary absence; when a Senator is withdrawn by summons, his State loses half its voice in debate and vote, as it does on his voluntary absence. The enormous disparity of evil admits no comparison.]

[So far there will probably be no difference of opinion as to the privileges of the two Houses of Congress; but in the following cases it is otherwise. In December, 1795, the House of Representatives committed two persons of the name of Randall and Whitney, for attempting to corrupt the integrity of certain members, which they considered as a contempt and breach of the privileges of the House; and the facts being proved, Whitney was detained in confinement a fortnight, and Randall three weeks, and was reprimanded by the Speaker. In March, 1796, the House of Representatives voted a challenge given to a member of their House to be a breach of the privileges of the House; but satisfactory apologies and acknowledgments being made, no further proceeding was had. The editor of the Aurora having, in his paper of February 19, 1800, inserted some paragraphs defamatory of

the Senate, and failed in his appearance, he was ordered to be committed. In debating the legality of this order, it was insisted, in support of it, that every man, by the law of nature, and every body of men, possesses the right of self-defense; that all public functionaries are essentially invested with the powers of self-preservation; that they have an inherent right to all acts necessary to keep themselves in a condition to discharge the trusts confided to them; that whenever authorities are given, the means of carrying them into execution are given by necessary implication; that thus we see the British Parliament exercise the right of punishing contempts; all the State Legislatures exercise the same power, and every court does the same; that, if we have it not, we sit at the mercy of every intruder who may enter our doors or gallery, and, by noise and tumult, render proceeding in business impracticable; that if our tranquillity is to be perpetually disturbed by newspaper defamation, it will not be possible to exercise our functions with the requisite coolness and deliberation; and that we must, therefore, have a power to punish these disturbers of our peace and proceedings. To this it was answered, that the Parliament and courts of England have cognizance of contempts by the express provisions of their law; that the State Legislatures have equal authority, because their powers are plenary; they represent their constituents completely, and possess all their powers, except such as their Constitutions have expressly denied them; that the courts of the several States have the same powers by the laws of their States, and those of the Federal Government by the same State laws adopted in each State, by a law of Congress; that none of these bodies, therefore, derive those powers from natural or necessary right, but from express law; that Congress have no such natural or necessary power. nor any powers but such as are given them by the Constitution; that that has given them, directly, exemption from personal arrest, exemption from question elsewhere for what is said in their House, and power over their own members and proceedings; for these no further law is necessary, the Constitution being the law; that, moreover, by that article of the Constitution which authorizes them "to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution the power vested by the Constitution in them," they may provide by law for an undisturbed exercise of their functions, e. g., for the punishment of contempt, of affrays or tumult in their presence, etc., but, till the law be made, it does not exist; and does not exist, from their own neglect; that in the mean time, however, they are not unprotected, the ordinary magistrates and courts of law being open and competent to punish all unjustiflable disturbances or defamations, and even their own sergeant, who may appoint deputies ad libitum to aid him, 3 Grey, 59, 147, 255, is equal to small disturbances; that in requiring a previous law, the Constitution had regard to the inviolability of the citizen, as well as of the member; as, should one House, in the regular form of a bill, aim at too broad privileges, it may be checked by the other, and both by the President; and also as, the law being promulgated, the citizen will know how to avoid offense. But if one branch may assume its own privileges without control; if it may do it on the spur of the occasion, conceal the law in its own breast, and after the fact committed, make its sentence both the law and the judgment on that fact, if the offense is to be kept undefined, and to be declared only ex re nata, and according to the passion of the moment, and there be no limitation either in the manner or measure of the punishment, the condition of the citizen will be perilous indeed. Which of these doctrines is to prevail, time will decide. Where there is no fixed law, the judgment on any particular case, is the law of that single case only, and dies with it. When a new and even similar case arises, the judgment which is to make and at the same time apply the law, is open to question and consideration, as are all new laws. Perhaps Congress, in the mean time, in their care for the safety of the citizen as well as that for their own protection, may declare by law what is necessary and proper to enable them to carry into execution the powers vested in them, and thereby hang up a rule for the inspection of all, which may direct the conduct of the citizen, and at the same time test the judgments they shall themselves pronounce in their own case.]

Privilege from arrest takes place by force of the election; and before a return be made a member elected may be named of a committee, and is to every extent a member, except that he cannot vote until he is sworn. *Memor.*, 107, 108. *D'Ewes*, 642, col. 2; 643, col. 1. *Pet. Miscel. Parl.*, 119. *Lex Parl.*, c. 23. 2 *Hats.*, 22, 62.

Every man must, at his peril, take notice who are members of either House returned of record. Lex Parl., 23; 4 Inst., 24.

On complaint of a breach of privilege the party may either be summoned or sent for in custody of the sergeant. *Grey*, 88, 95.

The privilege of a member is the privilege of the House. If the member waive it without leave, it is a ground for punishing him, but cannot in effect waive the privilege of the House. 3 Grey, 140, 222.

For any speech or debate in either House, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Const. U. S., I, 6, S. P., Protest of the Commons to James I., 1621; 2 Rapin, No. 54, pp. 211, 212. But this is restrained to things done in the House in a parliamentary course. 1 Rush., 663. For he is not to have privilege contra morem parliamentarum, to exceed the bounds and limits of his place and duty. Com. p.

If an offense be committed by a member of the House, of which the House has cognizance, it is an infringement of their right for any person or court to take notice of it, till the House has punished the offender, or referred him to a due course. Lex Parl., 63.

Privilege is in the power of the House, and is a restraint to proceedings of inferior courts, but not of the House itself. 2 Nalson, 4f0; 2 Grey, 399. For whatever is spoken in the House is subject to the censure of the House; and offenses of this kind have been severely punished by calling the person to the bar to make submission, committing him to the tower, expelling the House, etc. Scob., 78; L. Parl., c. 22.

It is a breach of order for the speaker to refuse to put a question which is in order. 2 Hats., 175-6; 5 Grey, 133.

And even in cases of treason, felony, and breach of the peace, to which privilege does not extend as to substance, yet in Parliament a member is privileged as to the mode of proceeding. The case is first to be laid before the House, that it may judge of the fact and of the grounds of the accusation, and how far forth the manner of the trial may concern their privilege; otherwise it would be in the power of the other branches of government, and even of every private man, under pretense of treason, etc., to take any man from his service in the House, and so as many, one after another, as would make the House what he pleaseth. Dec. of Com. on the King's declaring Sir John Hotham a traitor. 4 Rushw., 586. So when a member stood indicted for felony, it was adjudged that he ought to remain of the House till conviction; for it may be any man's case who is guiltless, to be accused and indicted of felony or the like crime. 28 El. 1580; D'Ewes, 283, col. 1; Lex Parl., 133.

When it is found necessary for the public service to put a member under arrest, or when on any public inquiry, matter comes out which may lead to affect the person of a member, it is the practice immediately to acquaint the House, that they may know the reasons for such a proceeding, and take such steps as they think proper. 2 Hats., 259. Of which see many examples. Ib., 256, 257, 258. But the communication is subsequent to the arrest. 1 Blackst., 167.

It is highly expedient, says Hatsel, for the due preservation of the privileges of the separate branches of the Legislature, that neither should encroach on the other or interfere in any matter depending before them, so as to preclude or even influence that freedom of debate, which is essential to a free council. They are therefore not to take notice of any bills or other matters depending or of votes that have been given, or of speeches which have been held, by the members of either of the other branches of the Legislature, until the same have been communicated to them in the usual parliamentary manner. 2 Hats., 252. 4 Inst., 15. Seld. Jud., 53. Thus the King's taking notice of the bill for suppressing soldiers, depending before the House; his proposing a provisional clause for a bill before it was presented to him by the two Houses; his expressing displeasure against some persons for matters moved in parliament during the debate and preparation of a bill, were breaches of privilege; 2 Nalson, 347; and in 1783, December 17, it was declared a breach of fundamental privileges, etc., to report any opinion or pretended opinion of the King on any bill or proceeding depending in either House of Parliament with a view to influence the votes of the members. 2 Hats., 251, 6.

SECTION IV.

ELECTIONS.

[The times, places, and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators. *Const.*, I, 4.]

[Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members. Const., I, 5.]

SECTION V.

QUALIFICATIONS.

[The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.]

[Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the

first class shall be vacated at the end of the second year: of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of the State, any Executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

[No person shall be a Senator, who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen. Const. I, 3.]

[The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors of each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.]

[No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.]

[Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers; which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons; including those bound to servive for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative. Constitution of the United States, I, 2.]

[When vacancies happen in the representation from any State the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies. Const. U. S., Art. I, Sec. 2.]

[No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person, holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office. *Const.* I, 6.]

SECTION VI.

QUORUM.

[A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide. Const. I., 5.]

In general, the chair is not to be taken till a quorum for business is present; unless, after due waiting, such a quorum be despaired of, when the chair may be taken and the House adjourned. And whenever, during business, it is observed that a quorum is not present, any member may call for the House to be counted; and being found deficient, business is suspended. 2 Hats., 125, 126.

[The President having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistakes may be corrected that shall have been made in the entries. Rules of the Senate.]

SECTION VII.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

On a call of the House, each person rises up as he is called and answereth; the absentees are then only noted, but no excuse to be made till the House be fully called over. Then the absentees are called a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard. Ord. House of Commons, 92.

They rise that their persons may be recognized; the voice in such a crowd, being an insufficient verification of their presence. But in so small a body as the Senate of the United States, the trouble of rising cannot be necessary.

Orders for calls on different days may subsist at the same time. 2 Hats., 72.

SECTION VIII.

ABSENCE.

[No member shall absent himself from the service of the Senate without leave of the Senate first obtained. And in case a less number than a quorum of the Senate shall con-

vene, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent members, as the majority of such members present shall agree, at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be made as the Senate, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient; and in that case the expense shall be paid out of the contingent fund. And this rule shall apply as well to the first convention of the Senate, at the legal time of meeting, as to each day of the session, after the hour is arrived to which the Senate stood adjourned. Rule 8.]

SECTION IX.

SPEAKER.

[The Vice President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. Constitution, I, 3.]

[The Senate shall choose their officers, and also a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States. Ib.]

[The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers. Const., I, 2.] When but one person is proposed, and no objection made, it has not been usual in Parliament to put any question to the House; but without a question the members proposing him conduct him to the chair. But if there be objection, or another proposed, a question is put by the clerk. 2 Hats., 168. As are also questions of adjournment. 6 Grey, 406. Where the House debated and exchanged messages and answers with the King for a week, without a Speaker, till they were prorogued. They have done it devote in diem for 14 days. 1 Chand., 331, 335.

[In the Senate, a President pro tempore in the absence of the Vice President is proposed and chosen by ballot. His office is understood to be determined on the Vice President's appearing and taking the chair, or at the meeting of the Senate after the first recess.

Where the Speaker has been ill, other Speakers pro tempore have been appointed, Instances of this are 1 H., 4. Sir John Cheyney, and for Sir Wm. Sturton, and in 15 H., 6, Sir John Tyrrell, in 1656, January 27; 1658, March 9; 1659, January 13.

Sir Job Charlton ill, Seymour chosen, 1673, February 18.

Seymour being ill, Sir Robert Sawyer chosen, 1678, April 15.

Sawyer being ill, Seymour chosen.

Thorpe in execution, a new speaker chosen, 31 H., VI. 3 Grey, 11; and March 14, 1694, Sir John Trevor chosen. There have been no later instances. 2 Hats., 161; 4 Inst.; 8, L. Parl., 263.

Not merely pro tempore. 1 Chand.

169, 276, 277.

A Speaker may be removed at the will of the House and a Speaker pro tempore appointed.* 2 Grey, 186; 5 Grey, 134.

SECTION X.

ADDRESS.

[The President shall, from time to time, give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient. Const., Π , 3.]

A joint address of both houses of Parliament is read by the Speaker of the House of Lords. It may be attended by both Houses in a body, or by a committee from each House, or by the two Speakers only. An address of the House of Commons only may be presented by the whole House, or by the Speaker, 9 Grey. 473; 1 Chandler, 298, 301; or by such particular members as are of the privy council. 2 Hats., 278.

SECTION XI.

COMMITTEES.

Standing committees, as of privileges and elections, etc., are usually appointed at the first meeting, to continue through the session. The person first named is generally permitted to act as chairman. But this is a matter of courtesy; every committee having a right to elect their own chairman, who presides over them, puts questions, and reports their proceedings to the House. 4 Inst., 11, 12; Scob., 9; 1 Grey, 122.

At these committees the members are to speak standing, and not sitting; though there is reason to conjecture it was formerly otherwise. D'Ewes, 630, col. 1; 4 Parl. Hist., 440; 2 Hats., 77.

*Rulk 23. The Vice President or President of the Senate pro tempore, shall have the right to name a member to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an amendment.

Their proceedings are not to be published, as they are of no force till confirmed by the House. Rushw., part 3, vol. 2, 74; 3 Grey, 401; Scob., 39. Nor can they receive a petition but through the House. 9 Grey, 412.

When a committee is charged with an inquiry, if a member prove to be involved, they cannot proceed against him, but must make a special report to the House; whereupon the member is heard, in his place, or at the bar, or a special authority is given to the committee to inquire concerning him. 9 Grey, 523.

So soon as the House sits, and a committee is notified of it, the chairman is in duty bound to rise instantly, and the members to attend the service of the House. 2 Nals., 319

It appears that on joint committees of the Lords and Commons, each committee acted integrally in the following instances: 7 Grey, 261, 278, 285, 388; 1 Chandler, 357, 462. In the following instances it does not appear whether they did or not: 6 Grey, 129; 7 Grey, 213, 229, 321.

SECTION XII.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

The speech, message, and other matters of great concernment, are usually referred to a committee of the whole House (6 Grey, 311), where general principles are digested in the form of resolutions, which are debated and amended till they get into a shape which meets the approbation of a majority. These being reported and confirmed by the House, are then referred to one or more select committees, according as the subject divides itself into one or more bills. Scob., 36, 44. Propositions for any charge on the people are especially to be first made in a committee of the whole. 3 Hats., 127. The sense of the whole is better taken in committee, because in all committees every one speaks as often as he pleases. Scob., 49. They generally acquiesce in the chairman named by the Speaker; but, as well as all other committees, have a right to elect one, some member, by consent, putting the question. Scob., 36; 3 Grey, 301. The form of going from the House into committee, is for the Speaker, on motion, to put the question that the House do now resolve itself into a committee of the Whole, to take into consideration such a matter, naming it. If determined in the affirmative he leaves the chair and takes a seat elsewhere, as any other member; and the person appointed chairman seats himself at the clerk's table. Scob., 36. Their quorum is the same as that of the House, and if a defect happens, the chairman, on a motion and question, rises, the Speaker resumes the chair, and the chairman can make no other report than to inform the House of the cause of their dissolution. If a message is announced during a committee, the Speaker takes the chair, and receives it, because the committee cannot. 2 Hats., 125, 126.

In a Committee of the Whole, the tellers on a division, differing as to numbers, great heats and confusion arose, and danger of a decision by the sword. The Speaker took the chair, the mace was forcibly laid on the table; whereupon the members retiring to their places, the Speaker told the House "he had taken the chair without an order to bring the House into order." Some excepted against it but it was generally approved, as the only expedient to suppress the disorder. And every member was required, standing up in his place, to engage that he would proceed no further, in consequence of what had happened in the grand committee, which was done. 3 Grey, 128.

A Committee of the Whole being broken up in disorder, and the chair resumed by the Speaker without an order, the House was adjourned. The next day the committee was considered as thereby dissolved, and the subject again before the House; and it was decided in the House without returning into the committee. 3 *Grey*, 130.

No previous question can be put in a committee, nor can this committee adjourn as others may; but if their business is unfinished, they rise, on a question, the House is resumed, and the chairman reports that the Committee of the Whole have, according to order, had under their consideration such a matter, and have made progress therein; but not having had time to go through the same, have directed him to ask leave to sit again. Whereupon a question is put upon their having leave, and on the time the House will again resolve itself into a committee. Scob., 38. But if they have gone through the matter referred to them, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report their proceedings to the House; which being resolved, the chairman rises, the speaker resumes the chair, the chairman informs him that the committee have gone through the business referred to them, and that he is ready to make report when the House shall think proper to receive it. If the House have time to receive it, there is usually a cry of "Now, now," whereupon he makes the report; but if it be late, the cry is, "To-morrow, to-morrow," or "Monday," etc.; or a motion is made to that effect, and a question put, that it be received to-morrow, etc. Scob., 38.

In other things the rules of proceedings are to be the same as in the House. Scob., 39.

SECTION XIII.

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES.

Common fame is a good ground for the house to proceed by inquiry, and even to accusation. Resolution House of Commons, 1 Car., 1, 1624; Rush., L. Parl., 115; 1 Grey, 16-22, 92; Grey, 21, 23, 27, 45.

Witnesses are not to be produced but where the House has previously instituted an inquiry (2 Hats., 102), nor then are orders for their attendance given blank. 3 Grey, 51.

When any person is examined before a committee, or at the bar of the House, any member wishing to ask the person a question, must address it to the Speaker or chairman, who repeats the question to the person, or says to him, "you hear the question—answer it." But if the propriety of the question be objected to, the Speaker directs the witness, counsel and parties to withdraw, for no question can be moved or put, or debated, while they are there. 2 Hats., 108. Sometimes the questions are previously settled in writing before the witness enters. Ib., 106, 107; 8 Grey, 64. The question asked must be entered in the journals. 3 Grey, 81. But the testimony given in answer before the House is never written down; but before a committee it must be, for the information of the House, who are not present to hear it. 7 Grey, 52, 334.

If either House have occasion for the presence of a person in custody of the other, they ask the other their leave that he may be brought up to them in custody. 3 Hats., 52.

A Member, in his place, gives information to the House of what he knows of any matter under hearing at the bar. Jour. H. of C., Jan. 22, 1744-45.

Either House may request, but not demand, the attendance of a member of the other. They are to make the request by message to the other House, and to express clearly the purpose of attendance, that no improper subject of examination may be tendered to him. The House then gives leave to the member to attend, if he chooses it; waiting first to know from the Member himself whether he chooses to attend, till which they do not take the message into consideration. But when the Peers are sitting as a court of criminal judicature, they may order attendance, unless where it be a case of impeachment by the Commons. There, it is to be a request. 3 Hats., 17; 9 Grey, 306, 406; 10 Grey, 133.

Counsel are to be heard only on private, not on public bills, and on such points of law only as the House shall direct. 10 Grey, 61.

SECTION XIV.

ARRANGEMENT OF BUSINESS.

The Speaker is not precisely bound to any rules as to what bills or other matter shall be first taken up; but is left to his own discretion, unless the House on the question decide to take up a particular subject. *Hakew*, 136.

A settled order of business is, however, necessary for the government of the presiding person, and to restrain individual members from calling up favorite measures, or matters under their special patronage, out of their just turn. It is useful also for directing the discretion of the House, when they are moved to take up a particular matter, to the prejudice of the others having priority of right to their attention in the general order of business.

[In Senate, the bills and other papers which are in possession of the House, and in a state to be acted on, are arranged every morning, and brought on in the following order:]

- [1. Bills ready for a second reading are read, that they may be referred to committees and so be put under way. But if, on their being read, no motion is made for commitment, they are then laid on the table in the general file, to be taken up in their just turn.]
 - [2. After 12 o'clock, bills ready for it are put on their passage.]
- [3. Reports in possession of the House, which offer grounds for a bill, are to be taken up, that the bill may be ordered in.]
- [4. Bills or other matters before the House, and unfinished on the preceding day, whether taken up in turn or on special order, are entitled to be resumed and passed on through their present stage.]
- [5. These matters being dispatched, for preparing and expediting business, the general file of bills and other papers is then taken up, and each article of it is brought on according to its seniority, reckoned by the date of its first introduction to the House. Reports on bills belong to the dates of their bill.]

[The arrangement of the business of the Senate is now as follows:]

- [1. Motions previously submitted.]
- [2. Reports of Committees previously made.]

[3. Bills from the House of Representatives, and those introduced on leave, which have been read the first time, are read the second time; and if not referred to a committee, are considered in Committee of the Whole, and proceeded with as in other cases.]

[4. After twelve o'clock, engrossed bills of the Senate, and bills of the House of Repre-

sentatives, on third reading are put on their passage.]

[5. If the above are mushed before one o'clock, the general file of bills, consisting of those reported from committees on the second reading, and those reported from committees after having been referred, are taken up in the order in which they were reported to the Senate by the respective committees.]

[6. At one o'clock, if no business be pending, or if no motion be called to proceed to other business, the special orders are called, at the head of which stands the unfinished business

of the preceding day.]

[In this way we do not waste our time in debating what shall be taken up. We do one thing at a time; follow up a subject while it is fresh, and till it is done with, clear the House of business gradatim as it is brought on, and prevent, to a certain degree, its immense accumulation towards the close of the session.]

[Arrangements, however, can only take hold of matters in possession of the House. New matter may be moved at any time when no question is before the House. Such are original motions and reports on bills. Such are bills from the other House, which are received at all times, and receive their first reading as soon as the question then before the House is disposed of; and bills brought in on leave, which are read first whenever presented. So messages from the other House respecting amendments to bills are taken up as soon as the House is clear of a question, unless they require to be printed for better consideration. Orders of the day may be called for even when another question is before the House.

SECTION XV.

ORDER.

[Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings; punish its members for disorderly behavior; and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member. Const., 1, 5.]

In Parliament, "Instances make order," per Speaker Onslow. 2 Hats., 141. But what is done only by one Parliament, cannot be called custom of Parliament; by Prynne. 1 Grey, 52.

SECTION XVI.

ORDER RESPECTING PAPERS.

The Clerk is to let no journals, records, accounts or papers, be taken from the table or out of his custody. 2 *Hats.*, 193, 194.

Mr. Prynne having at a Committee of the Whole amended a mistake in a bill without order or knowledge of the committee, was reprimanded. 1 Chand., 77.

A bill being missing, the House resolved that a protestation should be made and subscribed by the members "before Almighty God and this honorable House, that neither myself nor any other to my knowledge have taken away, or do at this present conceal a bill entitled," etc. 5 Grey, 202.

After a bill is engrossed, it is put into the Speaker's hands, and he is not to let any one have it to look into. Town., col. 200.

SECTION XVII.

ORDER IN DEBATE.

When the Speaker is seated in his chair, every member is to sit in his place. Scob., 6; 3
Grey 403

When any member means to speak, he is to stand up in his place, uncovered, and to address himself, not to the House, or any particular member, but to the Speaker, who calls him by his name, that the House may take notice who it is that speaks. Scob., 6; D'Ewes, 487, col. 1; 2 Hats., 77; 4 Grey, 66; 8 Grey, 108. But members who are indisposed may be indulged to speak sitting. 2 Hats., 75; 1 Grey, 143.

[In Senate, every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair, standing in his place, and when he has finished, shall sit down. Rule 3.]

When a member stands up to speak, no question is to be put, but he is to be heard unless the House overrules him. 4 Grey, 390; 5 Grey, 6, 143.

If two or more rise to speak nearly together, the Speaker determines who was first up, and calls him by name; whereupon he proceeds, unless he voluntarily sits down and gives way to the other. But sometimes the House does not acquiesce in the Speaker's decision,

in which case the question is put, "Which member was first up?" 2 Hats., 76; Scob., 7; D'Ewes, 434, col. 1, 2.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President's decision is without appeal. Their rule is in these words: When two members rise at the same time the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the Chair shall speak first. Rule 5.]

No man may speak more than once on the same bill on the same day; or even on another day, if the debate be adjourned. But if it be read more than once in the same day, he may speak once at every reading. Co., 12, 115; Hakew., 148; Scob., 58; 2 Hats., 75. Even a change of opinion does not give a right to be heard a second time. Smyth's Comw., L. 2, c. 3; Arcan Parl., 17.

[The corresponding rule of the Senate is in these words: No member shall speak more than twice, in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the Senate. $Rule\ 4.$]

But he may be permitted to speak again to a clear matter of fact (3 Grey, 857, 416); or merely to explain himself (2 Hats., 73) in some material part of his speech (Ib., 75); or to the manner of words of the question, keeping himself to that only, and not traveling into the merits of it (Memorials in Hakew., 29), or to the orders of the House, if they be transgressed, keeping within that line, and not falling into the matter itself. Memorials Hakew., 30, 31.

But if the Speaker rise to speak, the member standing up ought to sit down, that he may be first heard. Town. col., 205; Hale Parl., 133; Mem. in Hakew., 30, 31. Nevertheless, though the Speaker may of right speak to matters of order, and be first heard, he is restrained from speaking on any other subject, except where the House have occasion for facts within his knowledge; then he may, with their leave, state the matter of fact. 3 Grev. 38

No one is to speak impertinently or beside the question, superfluously or tediously. Scob., 51, 33; 2 Hats., 166, 168; Hale Parl., 133.

No person is to use indecent language against the proceedings of the House; no prior determination of which is to be reflected on by any member, unless he means to conclude with a motion to rescind it. 2 Hats., 169, 170; Rushw., p. 3, v. 1, fol. 42. But while a proposition under consideration is still in fieri, though it has even been reported by a committee, reflections on it are no reflections on the House. 9 Grey, 508.

No person in speaking, is to mention a member then present by his name, but to describe him by his seat in the House, or who spoke last, or on the other side of the question, etc. (Mem. in Hakev., 3; Smyth's Comv., L. 2, c. 3); nor to digress from the matter to fall upon the person (Scob. 31; Hale Parl., 133; 2 Hats., 166) by speaking, reviling nipping or unmanly words against a particular member. Smyth's Comv., L. 2, c. 3. The consequences of a measure may be reprobated in strong terms: but to arraign the motives of those who propose to advocate it, is a personality, and against order. Qui digreditur a materia ad personam, Mr. Speaker ought to suppress. Ord. Com., 1604, Apr. 19.

[* * * When a member shall be called to order by the President or a Senator, he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without leave of the Senate; and every question of order shall be decided by the President, without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and the President may call for the sense of the Senate on any question of order. Rule 6.]

[No member shall speak to another or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the journals or public papers are reading, or when any member is speaking in any debate. Rule 2.]

No one is to disturb another in his speech by hissing, coughing, spitting (6 Grey, 332; Scob., 8; D'Ewes, 332, col., 1, 640, col. 1), speaking or whispering to another (Scob., 6; D'Ewes, 487, col., 1); nor stand up to interrupt him (Town., col. 205; Mem. in Hakev., 31); nor to push between the Speaker and the speaking member, nor to go across the House (Scob., 6), or to walk up and down it, or to take books or papers from the table, or write there. 2 Hats., 171.

Nevertheless, if a member finds that it is not the inclination of the House to hear him, and that by conversation or any other noise they endeavor to drown his voice, it is his most prudent way to submit to the pleasure of the House, and sit down; for it scarcely ever happens that they are guilty of this piece of ill manners without sufficient reason, or inatentive to a member who says anything worth their hearing. 2 Hats., 77, 78.

If repeated calls do not produce order, the Speaker may call by his name any member obstinately persisting in irregularity; whereupon the House may require the member to withdraw. He is then to be heard in exculpation, and to withdraw. Then the Speaker states the offense committed, and the House considers the degree of punishment they will inflict. 3 Hats., 167, 7, 8, 172.

For instances of assaults and affrays in the House of Commons, and the proceedings thereon, see 1 Pet. Misc., 82; 3 Grey, 128; 4 Grey, 328; 5 Grey, 382; 6 Grey, 254; 10 Grey, 8. Whenever warm words or an assault have passed between members, the House, for the protection of their members, requires them to declare in their places not to prosecute any quarrel (3 Grey, 127, 293; 5 Grey, 280); or orders them to attend the Speaker, who is to accommodate their differences, and report to the House (3 Grey, 419); and they are put under restraint if they refuse, or until they do. 9 Grey, 234, 312.

Disorderly words are not to be noticed till the member has finished his speech. 5 Grey, 356; 6 Grey, 60. Then the person objecting to them, and desiring them to be taken down by the clerk at the table, must repeat them. The Speaker then may direct the clerk to take them down in his minutes; but if he thinks them not disorderly, he delays the direction. If the call becomes pretty general, he orders the clerk to take them down, as stated by the objecting member. They are then part of his minutes, and when read to the offendin. member, he may deny they were his words, and the House must then decide by a question whether they are his words or not. Then the member may justify them, or explain the sense in which he used them, or apologize. If the House is satisfied, no further proceeding is necessary. But if two members still insist to take the sense of the House, the member must withdraw before that question is stated, and then the sense of the house is to be taken. 2 Hats., 199; 4 Grey, 170; 6 Grey, 59. When any member has spoken, or other business intervenes, after offensive words spoken, they cannot be taken notice of for censure. And this is for the common security of all, and to prevent mistakes which must happen if words are not taken down immediately. Formerly they might be taken down at any time the same day. 2 Hats., 196; Mem. in Hakew., 71; 3 Grey, 48; 9 Grey, 514.

Disorderly words spoken in a committee must be written down as in the House; but the committee can only report them to the House for animadversion. 6 Grey, 46.

[The rule of the Senate says: "If the member be called to order by a Senator for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter." Rule 7.]

In Parliament, to speak irreverently or seditiously against the King is against order. Smyth's Comw., L. 2, c. 3; 2 Hats., 170.

It is a breach of order in debate to notice what has been said on the same subject in the other House, on the particular votes or majorities on it there; because the opinion of each House should be left to its own independency; not to be influenced by the proceedings of the other; and the quoting them might beget reflections leading to a misunderstanding between the two Houses. 8 Grey, 22.

Neither House can exercise any authority over a member or officer of the other, but should complain to the House of which he is, and leave the punishment to them. Where the complaint is of words disrespectfully spoken by a member of another House, it is difficult to obtain punishment, because of the rules supposed necessary to be observed (as to the immediate noting down of words), for the security of members. Therefore, it is the duty of the House, and more particularly of the Speaker, to interfere immediately, and not to permit expressions to go unnoticed which may give a ground of complaint to the other House, and introduce proceedings and mutual accusations between the two Houses, which can hardly be terminated without difficulty and disorder. 3 Hats., 51.

No member may be present when a bill or any business concerning himself is debating; nor is any member to speak to the merits of it till he withdraws. 2 Hats., 219. The rule is, that if a charge against a member arise out of a report of a committee, or of examination of witnesses in the House, as the memter knows from that to what points he is to direct his exculpation, he may be heard to those points, before any question is moved or stated against him. He is then to be heard, and withdraw before any question is moved. But if the question itself is the charge, as for breach of order, or matter arising in the debate, then the charge must be stated (that is the question must be moved), himself heard and then to withdraw. 2 Hats., 121, 122.

Where the private interests of a member are concerned in a bill or question, he is to withdraw. And where such an interest has appeared, his voice has been disallowed even after a division. In a case so contrary, not only to the laws of decency, but to the fundamental principle of the social compact which denies to any man to be a judge in his own cause, it is for the honor of the House that this rule, of immemorial observance, should be strictly adhered to. 2 Hats., 119, 121; 6 Grey, 368.

No member is to come into the House with his head covered, nor to remove from one place to another with his hat on, nor is to put on his hat in coming in or removing until he be set down in his place. Scob., 6.

A question of order may be adjourned to give time to look into precedents. 2 Hats., 118. In Parliament, all decisions of the Speaker may be controlled by the House. 3 Grey, 319.

SECTION XVIII.

ORDERS OF THE HOUSE.

Of right, the doors of the House ought not to be shut, but to be kept by porters, or sergeants-at-arms, assigned for that purpose. *Mod. Ten. Parl.*, 23.

By rules of the Senate, on motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a member, require secrecy, the President shall direct the gallery to be cleared; and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut. Rule 18.]

[No motion shall be deemed in order to admit any person or persons whatsoever within the doors of the Senate Chamber to present any petition, memorial or address, or to hear any such read. Rule 19.]

The only case where a member has a right to insist on anything, is where he calls for the execution of a subsisting order of the House. Here, there having been already a resolution, any person has a right to insist that the Speaker, or any other whose duty it is, shall carry it into execution; and no debate or delay can be had on it. Thus any member has a right to have the House or gallery cleared of strangers, an order existing for that purpose; or to have the House told where there is no quorum present. Hats., 87, 129. How far an order of the House is binding, see Hakew., 392.

But where an order is made that any particular matter be taken up on a particular day, there a question is to be put, when it is called for, whether the House will now proceed to that matter? Where orders of the day are on important or interesting matter, they ought not to be proceeded on till an hour at which the House is usually full [which in Senate is at noon].

Orders of the day may be discharged at any time, and a new one made for a different day. 3 Grey, 48, 313.

When a session is drawn to a close, and the important bills are all brought in, the House, in order to prevent interruption by further unimportant bills, sometimes come to a resolution that no new bill be brought in, except it be sent from the other house. 3 Grey, 156.

All orders of the House determine with the session; and one taken under such an order may, after the session is ended, be discharged on a habeas corpus. Raym., 120; Jacob's L. D., by Roughead; Parliament, 1 Lev., 165 (Pritchard's case).

[Where the Constitution authorizes each House to determine the rules of its proceedings, it must mean in those cases (legislative, executive or judiciary) submitted to them by the Constitution, or in something relating to these, and necessary towards their execution. But orders and resolutions are sometimes entered in the journals, having no relation to these, such as acceptances of invitations to attend orations, to take part in processions, etc. These must be understood to be merely conventional among those who are willing to participate in the ceremony, and are, therefore, perhaps, improperly placed among the records of the House.]

SECTION XIX.

PETITIONS.

A petition prays something. A remonstrance has no prayer. 1 Grey, 58.

Petitions must be subscribed by the petitioners (Scob., 87; L. Parl., c. 22; 9 Grey, 362), unless they are attending (1 Grey, 401); or unable to sign, and averred by a member (3 Grey, 418). But a petition not subscribed, but which the member presenting it affirmed to be all in the handwriting of the petitioner, and his name written in the beginning, was on the question (Mar. 14, 1800) received by the Senate. The averment of a member, or of some-body without doors, that they know the handwriting of the petitioners, is necessary, if it be questioned. 6 Grey, 36. It must be presented by a member, not by the petitioners, and must be opened by him holding it in his hand. 10 Grey, 57.

[Before any petition or memorial addressed to the Senate shall be received and read at the table, whether the same shall be introduced by the President or a member, a brief statement of the contents of the petition or memorial shall verbally be made by the introducer. Rule 24.]

Regularly, a motion for receiving it must be made and seconded, and a question put, whether it shall be received? But a cry from the House of "Received," or even its "ilence. dispenses with the formality of this question; it is then to be read at the table, and disposed on.

SECTION XX.

MOTIONS.

When a motion has been made, it is not to be put to the question, or debated until it is seconded. Scob., 21.

[The Senate say, No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded. Rule 9.] It is then, and not till then, in possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn but by leave of the House. It is to be put into writing if the House or Speaker require it, and must be read to the House by the Speaker as often as any member desires it for his information, 2 Hats., 82.

[The rule of the Senate is: When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President or any member, delivered in at the table, and read before the same shall be debated. * * * Rule 10.]

It might be asked, whether a motion for adjournment or for the orders of the day, can be made by any one member while another is speaking. It cannot. When two members offer to speak, he who rose first is to be heard; and it is a breach of order in another to interrupt him, unless by calling him to order, if he departs from it. And the question of order being decided, he is still to be heard through. A call for adjournment, or for the order of the day, or for the question, by gentlemen from their seats, is not a motion. No motion can be made without arising and addressing the Chair. Such calls are themselves breaches of order which, though the member who has risen may respect as an expression of impatience of the House against further debate, yet, if he chooses he has a right to go on.

SECTION XXI.

RESOLUTIONS.

When the House commands, it is by an "order." But facts, principles, and their own opinions and purposes, are expressed in the form of resolutions.

[A resolution for an allowance of money to the clerks being moved, it was objected to as not in order, and so ruled by the Chair; but on an appeal to the Senate (i. e., a call for their sense by the President, on account of doubt in his mind, according to rule 26), the decision was overruled. *Jour. Sen., June* 1, 1796. I presume the doubt was, whether an allowance of money could be made otherwise than by bill.]

SECTION XXII.

BILLS.

[Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed; and the President shall give notice at each whether it be first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless the Senate unanimously direct otherwise. * * * * Rule 26.]

SECTION XXIII.

BILLS, LEAVE TO BRING IN.

[One day's notice, at least, shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in ${\bf a}$ bill. Rule 25.]

When a member desires to bring in a bill on any subject, he states to the House in general terms the causes for doing it, and concludes by moving for leave to bring in a bill entitled, etc. Leave being given on the question, a committee is appointed to prepare and bring in the bill. The mover and seconder are always appointed of this committee, and one or more in addition. *Hakew.*, 122; *Scob.*, 40.

It is to be presented fairly written, without any erasure or interlineation, or the Speaker may refuse it. Scob., 41; 1 Grey, 82, 84.

SECTION XXIV.

BILLS, FIRST READING.

When a bill is first presented, the Clerk reads it at the table, and hands it to the Speaker, who, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the first time of reading it; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a second time? then sitting down to give an opening for objections. If none be made, he rises again, and puts the question, whether it shall be read a second time? Hakew., 137, 141. A bill cannot be amended on the first reading (6 Grey, 286); nor is it usual for it to be opposed then, but it may be done, and rejected. D'Ewes, 335; col. 1; 3 Hats., 198.

SECTION XXV.

BILLS, SECOND READING.

The second reading must regularly be on another day. Hakew., 143. It is done by the Clerk at the table, who then hands it to the Speaker. The Speaker, rising, states to the House the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; and that the question will be, whether it shall be committed or engrossed and read a third time? But if the bill came from the other House, as it always comes engrossed, he states that the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time, and before he has so reported the state of the bill, no one is to speak to it. Hakew., 143, 146.

[In the Senate of the United States, the President reports the title of the bill; that this is the second time of reading it; that it is now to be considered as in a committee of the whole; and the question will be, whether it shall be read a third time? or that it may be referred to a special committee?]

SECTION XXVI.

BILLS, COMMITMENT.

If on motion and question it be decided that the bill shall be committed, it may then be moved to be referred to Committee of the Whole House, or to a special committee. If the latter, the Speaker proceeds to name the committee. Any member also may name a single person, and the Clerk is to write him down as of the committee. But the House have a controlling power over the names and number, if a question be moved against any one; and may in any case put in and put out whom they please.

Those who take exceptions to some particulars in the bill are to be of the committee, but none who speak directly against the body of the bill, for he that would totally destroy will not amend it (Hakew., 146; Town., col. 208; D'Ewes, 634, col. 2; Scob., 47); or, as it is said (5 Grey, 145), the child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it (6 Grey, 373). It is therefore a constant rule "that no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it." And when any member who is against the bill hears himself named of its committee, he ought to ask to be excused. Thus (March 7, 1606) Mr. Hadley was, on the question being put, excused from being of a committee, declaring himself to be against the matter itself. Scob., 46.

[No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; after which it may be referred to a committee. Rule 27.]

[In the appointment of the standing committees, the Senate will proceed by ballot, severally, to appoint the Chairman of each committee; and then, by one ballot, the other members necessary to complete the same; and a majority of the whole number of votes given shall be necessary to the choice of a Chairman of a standing committee. All other committees shall be appointed by ballot, and a plurality of votes shall make a choice. When any subject or matter shall have been referred to a committee, any other subject or matter of a similar nature may, on motion, be referred to such committee. Rule 34.]

The Clerk may deliver the bill to any member of the committee (Town., col. 38); but it is usual to deliver it to him who is first named.

In some cases the House has ordered a committee to withdraw immediately into the Committee Chamber and act on and bring back the bill, sitting in the House. Scob., 48. A committee meet when and where they please, if the House has not ordered time and place for them (6 Grey, 370); but they can only act when together, and not by separate consultation and consent—nothing being the report of the committee but what has been agreed to in committee actually assembled.

A majority of the committee constitutes a quorum for business. Elsynge's Method of Passing Bills, 11.

Any member of the House may be present at any select committee, but cannot vote, and must give place to all of the committee, and sit below them. *Elsynge*, 12; *Scob.*, 49.

The committee have full power over the bill or other paper committed to them, except that they cannot change the title or subject. 8 Grey, 228.

The paper before a committee, whether select or of the whole, may be a bill, resolutions, draught of an address, etc., and it may either originate with them or be referred to them. In every case the whole paper is read first by the clerk and then by the chairman, by paragraphs (Scob., 49), pausing at the end of each paragraph, and putting questions for amending, if proposed. In the case of resolutions on distinct subjects, originating with themselves, a question is put on each separately, as amended or unamended, and no final question on the whole (3 Hats., 276); but if they relate to the same subject, a question is put on the

whole. If it be a bill, draught of an address, or other paper originating with them, they proceed by paragraphs; putting questions for amending either by insertion or striking out, if proposed, but no question on agreeing to the paragraphs separately; this is reserved to the close, when a question is put on the whole for agreeing to it as amended or unamended. But if it be a paper referred to them, they proceed to put questions of amendment, if proposed, but no final question on the whole, because all parts of the paper, having been adopted by the House, stand, of course, unless altered or struck out by a vote. Even if they are opposed to the whole paper, and think it cannot be made good by amendments, they cannot reject it, but must report it back to the House without amendments and there make their opposition.

The natural order in considering and amending any paper is to begin at the beginning, and proceed through it by paragraphs, and this order is so strictly adhered to in Parliament, that when a latter part has been amended, you can recur back and make any alterations in a former part. 2 Hats., 90. In numerous assemblies this restraint is doubtless important. [But in the Senate of the United States, though in the main we consider and amend the paragraphs in their natural order, yet recurrences are indulged; and they seem on the whole, in that small body, to produce advantages overweighing their inconveniences.]

To this natural order of beginning at the beginning, there is a single exception found in parliamentary usage. When a bill is taken up in committee, or on its second reading, they postpone the preamble till the other parts of the bill are gone through. The reason is, that on consideration of the body of the bill, such alterations may therein be made as may also occasion the alteration of the preamble. Scob., 50; 7 Grey, 431.

On this head the following case occurred in the Senate, March 6, 1800: A resolution which had no preamble having been already amended by the House, so that a few words only of the original remained in it, a motion was made to prefix a preamble, which having an aspect very different from the resolution, the mover intimated that he should afterwards propose a corresponding amendment in the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble could not be taken up till the body of the resolution. It was objected that a preamble was received, because we are in fact through the body of the resolution; we have amended that as far as amendments have offered, and, indeed, till little of the original is left. It is the proper time, therefore, to consider a preamble; and whether the one offered be consistent with the resolution is for the House to determine. The mover, indeed, has intimated that he shall offer a subsequent proposition for the body of the resolution; but the House is not in possession of it; it remains in his breast, and may be withheld. The rules of the House can only operate on what is before them. [The practice of the Senate, too, allows recurrences backwards and forwards, for the purposes of amendment, not permitting amendments in a subsequent to preclude those in a prior part, or, e converso.]

When the committee is through the whole, a member moves that the committee may rise, and the chairman report the paper to the House, with or without amendments, as the case may be. 2 Hats., 289, 292; Scob., 53; 2 Hats., 290; 8 Scob., 50.

When a vote is once passed in a committee, it cannot be altered, but by the House, their votes being binding on themselves. 1607, June 4.

The committee may not erase, interline, or blot the bill itself; but must, in a paper by itself, set down the amendments, stating the words which are to be inserted or omitted (Scob., 50), and where, by references to the page, line, and word of the bill. Scob., 50.

SECTION XXVII.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

The chairman of the committee, standing in his place, informs the House that the committee, to whom was referred such a bill, have, according to order, had the same under consideration, and have directed him to report the same without any amendment or with sundry amendments (as the case may be), which he is ready to do when the House pleases to receive it. And he or any other may move that it be now received; but the cry of "now, now," from the House, generally dispenses with the formality of a motion and question. He then reads the amendment, with the coherence in the bill, and opens the alterations and the reasons of the committee for such amendments, until he has gone through the whole. He then delivers it at the clerk's table, where the amendments reported are read by the clerk without the coherence; whereupon the papers lie upon the table till the House, at its convenience, shall take up the report. Scob., 52; Hakew., 148.

The report being made, the committee is dissolved and can act no more without a new power. Scob., 51. But it may be revived by a vote, and the same matter recommitted to them. 4 Grey, 361.

SECTION XXVIII.

BILL, RECOMMITMENT.

After a bill has been committed and reported, it ought not in an ordinary course to be recommitted; but in case of importance, and for special reasons, it is sometimes recommitted, and usually to the same committee. *Hakew.*, 151. If a report be recommitted before agreed to in the House, what has passed in committee is of no validity; the whole question is again before the committee, and a new resolution must be again moved, as if nothing had passed. 2 *Hats.*, 131—note.

In Senate, January, 1800, the salvage bill was recommitted three times after the commitment.

A particular clause of a bill may be committed without the whole bill (3 Hats., 131); or so much of a paper to one and so much to another committee.

SECTION XXIX.

BILL, REPORTS TAKEN UP.

When the report of a paper originating with a committee is taken up by the House, tney proceed exactly as in committee. Here, as in committee, when the paragraphs have, on distinct questions, been agreed to seriatim (5 Grey, 366; 6 Grey, 368; 8 Grey, 47, 104, 360; 1 Torbuck's Deb., 125; 3 Hats., 348), no question need be put on the whole report. 5 Grey, 381.

On taking up a bill reported with amendments, the amendments only are read by the Clerk. The Speaker then reads the first, and puts it to the question, and so on until the whole are adopted or rejected, before any other amendment be admitted, except it be an amendment to an amendment. Elsynge's Mem., 53. When through the amendments of the committee, the Speaker pauses, and gives time for amendments to be proposed in the House to the body of the bill as he does also if it has been reported without amendments, putting no questions but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether the bill be read the third time.

SECTION XXX.

QUASI-COMMITTEE.

If on motion and question the bill be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, then the proceedings in the Senate of the United States and in Parliament are totally different. The former shall be first stated.

[The 28th rule of the Senate says: "All bills on a second reading shall first be considered by the Senate in the same manner as if the Senate were in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and proceeded on by the Senate agreeably to the standing rules, unless otherwise ordered;" (that is to say, unless ordered to be referred to a special committee.) And when the Senate shall consider a treaty, bill, or resolution, as in Committee of the Whole, the Vice President or President pro tempore may call a member to fill the chair during the time the Senate shall remain in Committee of the Whole; and the chairman (so called) shall, during such time, have the powers of a President pro tempore.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, as in a Committee of the Whole, or in Quasi-Committee are precisely as in a real Committee of the Whole, taking no question but on amendments. When through the whole they consider the Quasi-Committee as risen, the House resumes without any motion, question or resolution to that effect, and the President reports that "The House acting as in a committee of the Whole, have had under their consideration the bill entitled, etc., and have made sundry amendments, which he will now report to the House." The bill is then before them, as it would have been if reported from a committee, and the questions are regularly to be put again on every amendment; which being gone through, the President pauses to give time to the House to propose amendments to the body of the bill, and when through, puts the question whether it shall be read a third time.]

[After progress in amending the bill in Quasi-Committee, a motion may be made to refer it to a special committee. If the motion prevails, it is equivalent in effect to the several votes, that the committee rise, the House resume itself, discharge the Committee of the Whole, and refer the bill to a special committee. In that case the amendments already made fall. But if the motion falls, the Quasi-Committee stands in statu quo.]

[How far does this 28th rule subject the House, when in Quasi-Committee, to the laws which regulate the proceedings of Committees of the Whole?] The particulars in which these differ from proceedings in the House are the following: 1. In a committee every member may speak as often as he pleases. 2. The votes of a committee may be rejected or

altered when reported to the House. 3 A committee, even of the whole, cannot refer any matter to another committee. In a committee, no previous question can be taken; the only means to avoid any improper discussion is to move that the committee rise; and if it be apprehended that the same discussion will be attempted on returning into committee, the House can discharge them, and proceed itself on the business, keeping down the improper discussions by the previous question. 5. A committee cannot punish a breach of order inthe House or in the gallery. 9 Grey, 113. It can only rise and report to the House, who may proceed to punish. [The first and second of these peculiarities attach to the Quasi-Committee of the Senate, as every day's practice proves, and seem to be the only ones to which the 28th rule meant to subject them; for it continues to be a House, and therefore, though it acts in some respects as a committee, in others it preserves its character as a House. Thus: 3. It is in the daily habit of referring its business to a special committee. 4. It admits of the previous question; if it did not, it would have no means of preventing an improper discussion, not being able as a committee is, to avoid it by returning into the House, for the moment it would resume the same subject there, the 28th rule declares it again a Quasi-Committee. 5. It would doubtless exercise its powers as a House on any breach of order. 6. It takes a question by yea and nay as the House does. 7. It receives messages from the President and the other House. 8. In the midst of a debate it receives a motion to adjourn, and adjourns as a House, not a committee.]

SECTION XXXI.

BILLS, SECOND READING IN THE HOUSE.

In Parliament after the bill has been read a second time, if on the motion and question it be not committed, or if no proposition for commitment be made, the Speaker reads it by paragraphs, pausing between each, but putting no question but on amendments proposed; and when through the whole, he puts the question whether it shall be read a third time? if it come from the other House; or, if originating with themselves whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time? The Speaker reads sitting, but rises to put questions. The Clerk stands while he reads.

[*But the Senate of the United States is so much in the habit of making many and material amendments at the third reading, that is has become the practice not to engross a bill until it has passed—an irregular and dangerous practice, because in this way the paper which passes the Senate is not that which goes to the other House, and that which goes to the other House as the act of the Senate has never been seen in the Senate. In reducing numerous, difficult and illegible amendments into the text, the Secretary may with the most innocent intentions, commit errors which can never be again corrected.]

The bill being now as perfect as its friends can make it, this is the proper stage for those fundamentally opposed to make their first attack. All attempts at earlier periods are with disjointed efforts, because many who do not expect to be in favor of the bill ultimately are willing to let it go on to its perfect state, to take time to examine it themselves and to hear what can be said for it, knowing that after all they will have sufficient opportunities of giving it their veto. Its last two stages, therefore, are reserved for this — that is to say, on the question whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time, and lastly, whether it shall pass? The first of these is usually the most interesting contest, because then the whole subject is new and engaging; and the minds of the members having not yet been declared by any trying vote, the issue is the more doubtful. In this stage, therefore, is the main trial of strength between its friends and opponents, and it behooves every one to make up his mind decisively for this question, or he loses the main battle; and accident and management may, and often do, prevent a successful rallying on the next and last question, whether it shall pass.

When the bill is engrossed, the title is to be indorsed on the back and not within the bill. Hakew., 250.

^{*} The former practice of the Senate referred to in this parsgraph has been changed by the following rule:

[Runz 29. The final question upon the second reading of every bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall bee, "Whether it shall be engrossed and read a third time?" and no amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, amendment or motion, unless by unanimous consent of the members present; but it shall at all times be in order before the final passage of any such bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place, and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill, resolution, constitutional amendment or motion, shall be again read a second time, and considered as in Committee of the Whole, and then the aforesaid question shall be again put.]

SECTION XXXII.

READING PAPERS.

Where papers are laid before the House or referred to a committee, every member has a right to have them once read at the table before he can be compelled to vote on them; but it is a great though common error to suppose that he has a right totics quoties, to have acts, fournals, accounts, or papers on the table, read independently of the will of the House. The delay and interruption which this might be made to produce evince the impossibility of the existence of such a right. There is, indeed, so manifest a propriety of permitting every member to have as much information as possible on every question on which he is to vote, that when he desires the reading, if it be seen that it is really for information and not for delay, the Speaker directs it to be read without putting a question, if no one objects; but if objected to, a question must be put. 2 Hats., 117, 118.

It is equally an error to suppose that any member has a right, without a question put, to lay a book or paper on the table, or have it read, on suggesting that it contains matter infringing on the privileges of the House. *Ib*.

For the same reason a member has not a right to read a paper in his place, if it be objected to, without leave of the House. But this rigor is never exercised but where there is an intentional or gross abuse of the time and patience of the House.

A member has not a right even to read his own speech, committed to writing, without leave. This also is to prevent an abuse of time, and therefore is not refused but where that is intended. 2 Grey, 226.

A report of a committee of the Senate on a bill from the House of Representatives being under consideration, on motion that the report of the committee of the House of Representatives on the same bill be read in the Senate, it passed in the negative. Feb. 28, 1793.

Formerly when papers were referred to a committee, they used to be first read; but of late only the titles, unless a number insist that they shall be read, and then nobody can oppose it. 2 Hats., 117.

SECTION XXXIII.

PRIVILEGED QUESTIONS.

[*While a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for the previous question, or for postponing the main question, or to commit it, or to adjourn. *Rule* 11.]

It is no possession of a bill unless it be delivered to the Clerk to be read or the Speaker reads the title. Lex. Parl., 274; Elsynge's Mem., 85; Ord. House of Commons, 64.

It is a general rule that the question first moved and seconded shall be first put. Scob., 23, 22; 2 Hats., 81. But this rule gives way to what may be called privileged questions; and the privileged questions are of different grades among themselves.

A motion to adjourn simply takes place of all others, for otherwise the House might be kept sitting against its will, and indefinitely. Yet this motion cannot be received after another question is actually put, and while the House is engaged in voting.

Orders of the day take place of all other questions, except for adjournment—that is to say, the question which is the subject of an order is made a privileged one, pro hac vice. The order is a repeal of the general rule as to this special case. When any member moves, therefore, for the Order of the Day to be read, no further debate is permitted on the question which was before the House; for if the debate might proceed, it might continue through the day and defeat the order. This motion, to entitle it to precedence, must be for the orders generally, and not for any particular one; and if it be carried on the question, "Whether the House will now proceed to the orders of the day?" they must be read and proceeded on in the course in which they stand (2 Hats., 83), for priority of order gives priority of right, which cannot be taken away by another special order.

After these there are other privileged questions, which will require considerable explanation,

It is proper that every parliamentary assembly should have certain forms of questions, so adapted as to enable them fifly to dispose of every proposition which can be made to them. Such are: 1. The previous question. 2. To postpone indefinitely. 3. To adjourn a question to a definite day. 4. To lie on the table. 5. To commit. 6. To amend. The proper occasion for each of these questions should be understood.

"This rule has been modified so as to specify the questions entitled to preference. The rule is now as follows:
[When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lay on the table, to postpone indefinitlely, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order
they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order, and be decided without behate.]

- 1. When a proposition is moved which it is useless or inexpedient now to express or discuss, the previous question has been introduced for suppressing for that time the motion and its discussion. 3 *Hats.*, 188, 189. ...
- 2. But as the previous question gets rid of it only for that day, and the same proposition may recur the next day, if they wish to suppress it for the whole of that session, they postpone it indefinitely. 3 Hats., 183. This quashes the proposition for that session, as an indefinite adjournment is a dissolution, or the continuance of a suit sine die is a discontinuance of it.
- 3. When a motion is made which it will be proper to act on, but information is wanted, or something more pressing claims the present time, the question or debate is adjourned to such day within the session as will answer the views of the House. 2 Hats., 81. And those who have spoken before may not speak again when the djourned debate is resumed. 2 Hats., 73. Sometimes, however, this has been abusedly sed by adjourning it to a day beyond the session, to get rid of it altogether, as would be seen indefinite postponement.
- 4. When the House has something else which claims its present attention, but would be willing to reserve in their power to take up a proposition whenever it shall suit them, they order it to lie on the table. It may then be called for at any time.
- If the proposition will want more amendment and digestion than the formalities of the House will conveniently admit, they refer it to a committee.
- 6. But if the proposition be well digested, and may need but few and simple amendments, and especially if these be of leading consequence, they then proceed to consider and amend it themselves.

The Senate, in their practice, vary from this regular gradation of forms. Their practice, comparatively with that of Parliament, stands thus:

FOR THE PARLIAMENT:
Postponement indefinite,
Adjournment,

Lying on the table.

THE SENATE USES:

Postponement to a day beyond the session, Postponement to a day within the session, Postponement indefinite, Lying on the table.

In their eighth rule, therefore, which declares that while the question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received, unless it be for the previous question, or to postpone, commit, or amend the main question, the term postponement must be understood according to their broad use of it and not in the parliamentary sense. Their rule then establishes as privileged questions, the previous questions, postponement, commitment and amendment.

But it may be asked, Have these questions any privileges among themselves? or are they so equal that the common principle of the "first moved first put," takes the place among them? This will need explanation. Their competitions may be as follows:

	Descrious question and	postpone	In the first, second and
1.		commit	third classes, and the
		amend	first member of the
0	Postnone and previous	anestion	fourth class, the rule,
~.	Tostpone and provide	commit	"first moved first put"
		amend	takes place.
3.	Commit and previous	question	
		postpone	}
		amend	J
4.	Amend and previous	question)
_		postpone	}
		commit	J

In the first class, where the previous question is first moved, the effect is peculiar; for it not only prevents the after motion to postpone or commit from being put to question before it, but also from being put after it; for if the previous question be decided affirmatively, to wit, that the main question shall now be put, it would of course be against the decision to postpone or commit; and if it be decided negatively, to wit, that the main question shall not now be put, this puts the House out of possession of the main question, and consequently there is nothing before them to postpone or commit. So that neither voting for nor against the previous question will enable the advocates for postponing or committing to get at their object. Whether it may be amended shall be examined hereafter.

Second class. If postponement be decided affirmatively, the proposition is removed from before the House, and consequently there is no ground for the previous question, commit

ment, or amendment; but if decided negatively (that it shall not be postponed), the main question may then be suppressed by the previous question, or may be committed or amended.

The third class is subject to the same observations as the second.

The fourth class. Amendment of the main question first moved, and afterwards the previous question, the question of amendment shall be first put.

Amendment and postponement competing, postponement is first put, as the equivalent proposition to adjourn the main question would be in Parliament. The reason is, that the question for amendment is not suppressed by postponement or adjourning the main question, but remains before the House whenever the main question is resumed; and it might be that the occasion for other urge at business might go by, and be lost by length of debate on the amendment, if the House by d it not in their power to postpone the whole subject.

Amendment and commitment. The question for committing though last moved, shall be first put; because, in truth, it far litates and befriends the motion to amend. Scobell is express: "On motion to amend a bill, any one may, notwithstanding, move to commit it, and the question for commitment shall be first put." Scob., 46.

We have hitherto considered the question of two or more of the privileged questions contending for privilege between themselves, when both are moved on the original or main question; but now let us suppose one of them to be moved not on the original primary question, but on the secondary one, e, g.

Suppose a motion to postpone, commit or amend the main question, and that it be moved to suppress that motion by putting a previous question on it. This is not allowed, because it would embarrass questions too much to allow them to be piled on one another several stories high; and the same result may be had in a more simple way, by deciding against the postponement, commitment or amendment. 2 *Hats.*, 81, 2, 3, 4.

Suppose a motion for the previous question, or commitment or amendment of the main question, and that it be then moved to postpone the motion for the previous question, or for commitment or amendment of the main question. 1. It would be absurd to postpone the previous question, commitment or amendment alone, and thus separate the appendage from its principal; yet it must be postponed separately from its original, if at all, because the eighth rule of the Senate says that "when a main question is before the House, no motion shall be received but to commit, amend or pre-question the original question," which is the parliamentary doctrine also; therefore the motion to postpone the secondary motion for the previous question, or for committing or amending, cannot be received. 2. This is a piling of questions one on another; which to avoid embarrassment, is not allowed. 3. The same result may be had more simply by voting against the previous question, commitment or amendment.

Suppose a commitment moved of a motion for the previous question, or to postpone or amend. The first, second and third reasons before stated, all hold good against this.

Suppose an amendment moved to a motion for the previous question. Answer: the previous question cannot be amended. Parliamentary usage, as well as the ninth rule of the Senate, has fixed its form to be, Shall the main question be now put? - i. e., at this instant; and as the present instant is but one, it can admit of no modification. To change it to tomorrow, or any other moment, is without example and without utility. But suppose a motion to amend a motion for postponement as to one day instead of another, or to a special instead of an indefinite time. The useful character of amendment gives it a privilege of attaching itself to a secondary and privileged motion; that is, we may amend a postponement of a main question. So, we may amend a commitment of a main question, as by adding, for example, "with instructions to inquire," etc. In like manner, if an amendment be moved to an amendment, it is admitted; but it would not be admitted in another degree, to wit: to amend an amendment to an amendment of a main question. This would lead to too much embarrassment. The line must be drawn somewhere, and usage has drawn it after the amendment to the amendment. The same result must be sought by deciding against the amendment to the amendment, and then moving it again as it wished to be amended. In this form it becomes only amendment to an amendment.

[When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a select committee and to a standing committee, the question on reference to the standing committee shall be first put. Rule 36.]

[In filling a blank with a sum, the largest sum should be first put to the question, by the thirteenth rule of the Senate,*] contrary to the rule of Parliament, which privileges the smallest sum and longest time. 5 Grey, 179; 2 Hats., 8, 83; 3 Hats., 132, 133. And this is con-

sidered to be not in the form of an amendment to the question, but as alternative or successive originals. In all cases of time or number, we must consider whether the larger comprehends the lesser as in a question to what day a postponement shall be, the number of a committee, amount of fine, term of an imprisonment, term of irredeemability of a loan, or the terminus in quem in any other case; then the question must begin a maximo. Or whether the lesser includes the greater, as in questions on the limitation of the rate of interest, on what day the session shall be closed by adjournment, on what day the next shall commence, when an act shall commence, or the terminus a quo in any other case where the question must begin a minimo; the object being not to begin at that extreme which, and more, being within every man's wish, no one could negative it, and yet, if he should vote in the affirmative, every question for more would be precluded; but at that extreme which would unite few, and then to advance or recede till you get a number which will unite a bare majority. 3 Grey, 376, 334, 385. "The fair question, in this case, is not that to which, and more, all will agree, whether there shall be addition to the question." Grey, 355.

Another exception to the rule of priority is when a motion has been made to strike out or agree to a paragraph. Motions to amend it are to be put to the question before a vote is taken on striking out or agreeing to the whole paragraph.

But there are several questions which, being incidental to every one, will take place of every one, privileged or not, to wit: a question of order arising out of any other question must be decided before that question. 2 Hats., 88.

A matter of privilege anising out of any question, or from a quarrel between two members or any other cause, supersedes the consideration of the original question, and must be first disposed of. 2 Hats., 88.

Reading papers relative to the question before the House. This question must be put before the principal one. 2 Hats., 88.

Leave asked to withdraw a motion. The rule of Parliament being that a motion made and seconded is in the possession of the House, and cannot be withdrawn without leave, the very terms of the rule imply that leave may be given, and, consequently, may be asked and put to the question.

SECTION XXXIV.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

When any question is before the House, any member may move a previous question, "Whether that question (called the main question) shall now be put?" If it pass in the affirmative, then the main question is to be put immediately, and no man may speak anything further to it, either to add or alter. Memor. in Hakew., 28; 4 Grey, 27.

The previous question being moved and seconded, the question from the chair shall be, "Shall the main question be now put?" and if the nays prevail, the main question shall not then be put.

then be put.

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1604. 1 Hats.,

This kind of question is understood by Mr. Hatsell to have been introduced in 1604. 1 Hats.,

So. Sir Henry Vane introduced it. 2 Grey, 113, 114; 3 Grey, 384. When the question was put so the heart of the main question be put?" a determination in the negative suppressed the main question during the session; but since the words, "now put" are used they exclude it for the present only; formerly, indeed, only till the present debate was over (4 Grey, 43), but now for that day and no longer. 2 Grey, 113, 114.

Before the question "Whether the main question shall now be put?" any person might formerly have spoken to the main question, because otherwise he would be precluded from speaking to it at all. Mem. in Hakew., 28.

The proper occasion for the previous question, is when a question is brought forward of a delicate nature as to high personages, etc., or the discussion of which may call forth observations which might be of injurious consequences. Then the previous question is proposed; and in the modern usage, the discussion of the main question is suspended, and the debate confined to the previous question. The use of it has been extended abusively to other cases; but in these it has been an embarrassing procedure; its uses would be as well answered by other more simple parliamentary forms, and therefore it should not be favored, but restricted within as narrow limits as possible.

Whether a main question may be amended after the previous question on it has been moved and seconded? 2 Hats., 88, says, if the previous question has been moved and seconded, and also proposed from the chair (by which he means stated by the Speaker for debate), it has been doubted whether an amendment can be admitted to the main question. He thinks it may, after the previous question is moved and seconded; but not after it has been proposed from the chair. In this case he thinks the friends to the amendment must

vote that the main question be not now put; and then move their amended question, which being made new by the amendment, is no longer the same which has just been suppressed, and therefore may be proposed as a new one. But this proceeding certainly endangers the main question, by dividing its friends, some of whom may choose it unamended, rather than lose it altogether; while others of them may vote, as Hatsell advises, that the main question be not now put with a view to move it again in an amended form. The enemies of the main question, by this manœuvre to the previous question, get the enemies to the amendment added to them on the first vote and throw the friends of the main question under the embarrassment of rallying again as they can. To support his opinion, too, he makes the deciding circumstances, whether an amendment may or may not be made, to be, that the previous question has been proposed from the Chair. But, as the rule is that the House is in possession of a question as soon as it is moved and seconded, it cannot be more than possessed of it by its being also proposed from the Chair. It may be said, indeed, that the object of the previous question being to get rid of a question, which it is not expedient should be discussed, this object may be defeated by moving to amend, and, in the discussion of that motion, involving the subject of the main question. But so may the object of the previous question be defeated, by moving the amended question as Mr. Hatsell proposes after the decision against putting the original question. He acknowledges, too, that the practice has been to admit previous amendments, and only cites a few late instances to the contrary. On the whole, I should think it best to decide it ab inconvenienti, to wit: which is most inconvenient, to put it in the power of one side of the House to defeat a proposition by hastily moving the previous question, and thus forcing the main question to be put unamended; or to put it in the power of the other side to force on, incidentally at least, a discussion which would be better avoided? Perhaps the last is the least inconvenience: inasmuch as the Speaker, by confining the discussion rigorously to the amendment only, may prevent their going into the main question, and inasmuch also as so great a proportion of the cases in which the previous question is called for, are fair and proper subjects for public discussion, and ought not to be obstructed by a formality introduced for questions of a peculiar character.

SECTION XXXV.

AMENDMENTS.

· On an amendment being moved, a member who has spoken to the main question may speak again to the amendment. Scob., 23.

If an amendment be proposed inconsistent with one already agreed to, it is a fit ground for its rejection by the House, but not within the competence of the Speaker to suppress as if it were against order; for were he permitted to draw questions of consistence within the vortex of order, he might usurp a negative on important modifications, and suppress, instead of subserving the legislative will.

Amendments may be made so as totally to alter the nature of the proposition; and it is a way of getting rid of a proposition by making it bear a sense different from what it was intended by the movers, so that they vote against it themselves. 2 *Hats.*, 79, 4, 82, 84. A new bill may be engrafted by way of amendment, on the words, "Be it enacted," etc. 1 *Gray*, 190, 192.

If it be proposed to amend by leaving out certain words, it may be moved, as an amendment to this amendment, to leave out a part of the words of the amendment, which is equivalent to leaving them in the bill. 2 *Hats.*, 80, 9. The parliamentary question is, always, whether the words shall stand part of the bill.

When it is proposed to amend by inserting a paragraph, or part of one, the friends of the paragraph may make it as perfect as they can by amendments before the question is put for inserting it. If it be received, it cannot be amended afterwards, in the same stage, because the House has, on a vote, agreed to it in that form. In like manner, if it is proposed to amend by striking out a paragraph, the friends of the paragraph are first to make it as perfect as they can by amendments, before the question is put for striking it out. If on the question it be retained, it cannot be amended afterwards, because a vote against striking out is equivalent to a vote agreeing to it in that form.

When it is moved to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others, the manner of stating the question is first to read the whole passage to be amended as it stands at present, then the words proposed to be struck out, next those to be inserted, and lastly the whole passage as it will be when amended. And the question, if desired, is then to be divided, and put first on striking out. If carried, it is next on inserting the words proposed. If that be lost, it may be moved to insert others. 2 Hats., 80, 7.

A motion is made to amend by striking out certain words and inserting others in their place, which is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words, and to insert others of a tenor entirely different from those first proposed. It is negatived. Then it is moved to strike out the same words and insert nothing, which is agreed to. All this is admissible, because to strike out and insert A, is one proposition. To strike out and insert B, is a different proposition. And to strike out and insert nothing, is still different. And the rejection of one proposition does not preclude the offering a different one. Nor would it change the case were the first motion divided by putting the question first on striking out, and that negatived; for, as putting the whole motion to the question at once would not have precluded, the putting the half of it cannot do it.*

But if it had been carried affirmatively to strike out the words and to insert A, it could not afterwards be permitted to strike out A and insert B. The mover of B should have notified, while the insertion of A was under debate, that he would move to insert B; in which

case those who preferred it would join in rejecting A.

After Δ is inserted, however, it may be moved to strike out a portion of the original paragraph, comprehending A, provided the coherence to be struck out be so substantial as to make this effectively a different proposition, for then it is resolved into the common case of striking out a paragraph after amending it. Nor does anything forbid a new insertion, instead of A and its coherents.

In Senate, January 25, 1798, a motion to postpone until the second Tuesday in February some amendments proposed to the Constitution; the words, "until the second Tuesday in February" were struck out by way of amendment. Then it was moved to add, "until the first day of June." Objected that it was not in order, as the question should be first put on the longest time; therefore, after a shorter time decided against a longer, cannot be put to question. It was answered that this rule takes place only in filling blanks for time. But when a specific time stands part of motion, that may be struck out as well as any other part of a motion; and when struck out a motion may be received to insert any other. In fact, it is not until they are struck out, and a blank for the time thereby produced, that the rule can begin to operate, by receiving all the propositions for different times, and putting the question successively on the longest. Otherwise it would be in the power of the mover, by inserting originally a short time, to preclude the possibility of a longer, for till the short time is struck out, you cannot insert a longer; and if, after it is struck out, you cannot do it, then it cannot be done at all. Suppose the first motion had been made to amend by striking out "the second Tuesday in February," and inserting instead thereof "the first of June," it would have been regular, then, to divide the question, by proposing the first question to strike out and then that to insert. Now this is precisely the effect of the present proceeding; only, instead of one motion and two questions, there are two motions and two questions to effect it—the motion being divided as well as the question.

When the matter contained in two bills might better be put into one, the manner is to reject the one, and incorporate its matter into another bill by way of amendment. So if the matter of one bill would be better distributed into two, any part may be struck out by way of amendment, and put into a new bill. If a section is to be transposed, a question must be put on striking it out where it stands, and another for inserting it in the place desired.

A bill passed by the one House with blanks. These may be filled up by the other by way of amendments, returned to the first as such, and passed. 3 Hats., 83.

The number prefixed to the section of a bill, being merely a marginal indication, and no part of the text of the bill, the clerk regulates that—the House or committee is only to amend the text.

SECTION XXXVI.

DIVISION OF THE QUESTION.

If a question contain more parts than one, it may be divided into two or more questions. Mem. in Hakew., 39. But not as the right of an individual member, but with the consent of the House. For who is to decide whether a question is complicated or not? — where it is complicated ?-into how many propositions it may be divided? The fact is, that the only mode of separating a complicated question is by moving amendments to it; and these

^{*}In the case of a division of the question, and a decision against striking out, I advance doubtingly the opinion here expressed. I find no authority either way, and I know it may be viewed under a different aspect. It may be thought that having decided separately not to strike out the passage, the same question for striking out cannot be put over again, though with a view to a different insertion. Still I think it more reasonable and convenient to consider the striking out and insertion as forming one proposition; but should readily yield to any evidence that the contrary is the practice in Parliament.

must be decided by the House, on a question, unless the House orders it to be divided; as, on a question, December 2, 1640, making void the election of the knights for Worcester, on a motion it was resolved to make two questions of it, to wit: one on each knight. 2 Hats., 85, 86. So, wherever there are several names in question, they may be divided and put one by one. 9 Grey, 444. So, 1729, April 17, on an objection that a question was complicated, it was separated by amendment. 2 Hats., 79.

The soundness of these observations will be evident from the embarrassments produced by the 12th rule of the Senate, which says, "if the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided."

. 1798, May 30, the alien bill in quasi-committee. To a section and proviso in the original had been added two new provisos by way of amendment. On a motion to strike out the section as amended, the question was desired to be divided. To do this it must be put first on striking out either the former proviso or some distinct member of the section. But when nothing remains but the last member or the section and the proviso, they cannot be divided so as to put the last member to question by itself; for the proviso might then be left standing alone as exceptions to a rule when the rule is taken away; or the new provisos might be left to a second question, after having been decided on once before at the same reading, which is contrary to rule. But the question must be on striking out the last member of the section as amended. This sweeps away the exceptions with the rule, and relieves from inconsistence. A question to be divisible, must comprehend points so distinct and entire that one of them being taken away the other may stand entire. But a proviso or an exception, without an enacting clause does not contain an entire point or proposition.

May 31. The same bill being before the Senate. There was a proviso that the bill should not extend, 1, To any foreign minister; nor, 2, To any person to whom the President should give a passport; nor, 3, To any alien merchant conforming himself to such regulations as the President shall prescribe, and a division of the question into its simplest elements was called for. It was divided into four parts, the fourth taking in the words, "conforming himself," etc. It was objected that the words, "any alien merchant" could not be separated from their modifying words, "conforming," etc., because these words if left by themselves contain no substantive idea—will make no sense. But admitting that the divisions of a paragraph into separate questions must be so made that each part may stand by itself, yet the House having on the question, retained the two first divisions, the words "any alien merchant" may be struck out, and their modifying words will then attach themselves to the preceding description of persons, and become a modification of that description.

When a question is divided, after the question on the first member, the second is open to debate and amendment, because it is a known rule that a person may rise and speak at any time before the question has been completely decided, by putting the negative as well as the affirmative side. But the question is not completely put when the vote has been taken on the first member only. One-half of the question, both affirmative and negative remains still to be put. See Execut. Jour., June 25, 1795. The same decision by President Adams.

SECTION XXXVII.

CO-EXISTING QUESTIONS.

It may be asked whether the House can be in possession of two motions or propositions at the same time, so that one of them being decided, the other goes to question without being moved anew? The answer must be special. When a question is interrupted by a vote of adjournment, it is thereby removed from before the House, and does not stand ipso facto before them at their next meeting, but must come forward in the usual way. So, when it is interrupted by the order of the day. Such other privileged questions also as dispose of the main question (e. g. the previous question, postponement, or commitment), remove it from before the House. But it is only suspended by a motion to amend, to withdraw, to read papers, or by a question of order or privilege, and stands again before the House when these are decided. None but the class of privileged questions can be brought forward while there is another question before the House, the rule being that when a motion has been made and seconded, no other can be received, except it be a privileged one.

SECTION XXXVIII.

EQUIVALENT.

If, on a question for rejection, a bill be retained, it passes of course to its next reading. *Hakev.*, 141; *Scob.*, 42. And a question for a second reading determined negatively, is a rejection without further question. 4 *Grey*, 145. And see *Elsynge's Memor.*, 42, in what cases questions are to be taken for rejection.

Where questions are perfectly equivalent, so that the negative of the one amounts to the affirmative of the other, and leaves no other alternative, the decision of the one concludes necessarily the other. 4 *Grey*, 157. Thus the negative of striking out amounts to the affirmative of agreeing; and therefore to put a question on agreeing after that on striking out, would be to put the same question in effect twice over. Not so in questions of amendments between the two Houses. A motion to recede being negatived, does not amount to a positive vote to insist, because there is another alternative, to wit: to adhere:

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment. A motion in the originating House to agree to the amendment is negatived. Does there result from this a vote of disagreement, or must the question on disagreement be expressly voted? The questions respecting amendments from another House are—1st, to agree; 2d to disagree; 3d, recede; 4th, insist; 5th, adhere.

1st. To agree.

2d. To disagree.

Either of these concludes the other necessarily, for the positive of either is exactly the equivalent of the negative of the other, and no other alternative remains. On either motion amendments to the amendments may be proposed; e. g., if it be moved to disagree, those who are for the amendment have a right to propose amendments, and to make it as perfect as they can, before the question of disagreeing is put.

3d. To recede.

4th. To insist.

5th. To adhere.

You may then either insist or adhere.

You may then either recede or adhere. You may then either recede or insist.

Consequently the negative of these is not equivalent to a positive vote the other way. It does not raise so necessary an implicacation as may authorize the Secretary by inference to enter another vote; for two alternatives still remain, either of which may be adopted by the House.

SECTION XXXIX.

THE QUESTION.

The question is to be put first on the affirmative and then on the negative side.

After the Speaker has put the affirmative part of the question, any member who has not spoken before to the question may rise and speak before the negative be put; because it is no full question till the negative part be put. Scob., 23; 2 Hats., 73.

But in small matters, and which are, of course, such as receiving petitions, reports, withdrawing motions, reading papers, etc., the Speaker most commonly supposes the consent of the House where no objection is expressed, and does not give them the trouble of putting the question formally. Scob., 22; 2 Hats., 87; 5 Grey, 129; 9 Grey, 301.

SECTION XL.

BILLS, THIRD READING.

To prevent bills from being passed by surprise, the House, by a standing order, directs that they shall not be put on their passage before a fixed hour, naming one at which the House is commonly full. *Hakew.*, 153.

[The usage of the Senate is, not to put bills on their passage till noon.]

A bill reported and passed to the third reading cannot on that day be read the third time and passed; because this would be to pass on two readings in the same day.

At the third reading the Clerk reads the bill and delivers it to the Speaker, who states the title, that it is the third time of reading the bill, and that the question will be whether it shall pass? Formerly the Speaker or those who prepared a bill, prepared also a breviate or summary statement of its contents, which the Speaker read when he declared the state of the bill, at the several readings. Sometimes, however, he read the bill itself, especially on its passage. Hakew., 186, 137, 153; Coke, 22, 115. Latterly, instead of this, he, at the third reading, states the whole contents of the bill, verbatim, only, instead of reading the formal parts "Be it enacted, etc.," he states that "preamble recites so and so — the first section eracts that, etc., the 2d section enacts," etc.

[But in the Senate of the United States both of these formalities are dispensed with; the breviate presenting but an imperfect view of the bill, and being capable of being made to present a false one; and the full statement being a useless waste of time, immediately after a full reading by the Clerk, and especially as every member has a printed copy in his hand.]

A bill on the third reading is not to be committed for the matter or body thereof; but to

receive some particular clause or proviso, it has been sometimes suffered, but as a thing very unusual. Hakew., 126. Thus, 27 El., 1584, a bill was committed on the third reading, having been formerly committed on the second, but it is declared not usual. D'Ewes, 337, col., 2; 414, col., 2.

When an essential provision has been omitted, rather than erase the bill and render it suspicious, they add a clause on a separate paper, engrossed and called a rider, which is read and put to the question three times. Elsynge's Memorials, 59; 6 Grey, 335; 1 Blackst., 183. For example of riders, see 3 Hats., 121, 122, 124, 126. Every one is at liberty to bring in a rider without asking leave. 10 Grey, 52.

It is laid down as a general rule, that amendments proposed at the second reading, shall be twice read, and those proposed at the third reading thrice read; as also all amendments from the other House. Town, col., 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28.

It is with great and almost invincible reluctance that amendments are admitted at this reading, which occasion erasures or interlineations. Sometimes a proviso has been cut off from a bill; sometimes erased. 9 *Grey.* 513.

This is the proper stage for filling up blanks; for if filled up before, and now altered by erasure, it would be peculiarly unsafe.

At this reading the bill is debated afresh, and for the most part is more spoken to at this time than on any of the former readings. Hakew., 153.

The debate on the question whether it should be read a third time, has discovered to its friends and opponents the arguments on which each side relies, and which of these appear to have influence with the House; they have had time to meet them with new arguments, and to put their old ones into new shapes. The former vote has tried the strength of the former opinion, and furnished grounds to estimate the issue; and the question now offered for its passage is the last occasion which is ever to be offered for carrying or rejecting it.

When the debate is ended, the Speaker, holding the bill in his hand, puts the question for its passage by saying, "Gentlemen, all of you who are of opinion that this bill shall pass, say aye;" and after the answer of the ayes, "All those of the contrary opinion, say no." Hakew., 154.

After the bill is passed there can be no further alteration of it in any point. Hakew., 159.

SECTION XLL

DIVISION OF THE HOUSE.

The affirmative and negative of the question having been both put and answered, the Speaker declares whether the yeas or nays have it by the sound, if he be himself satisfied, and it stands as the judgment of the House. But if he be not himself satisfied which voice is the greater, or if before any other member comes into the House, or before any new motion is made (for it is too late after that), any member shall rise and declare himself dissatisfied with the Speaker's decision, then the Speaker is to divide the House. Scob., 24; 2 Hats., 140.

When the House of Commons is divided, the one party goes forth, and the other remains in the House. This has made it important which go forth and which remain; because the latter gain all the indolent, the indifferent and inattentive. Their general rule therefore, is, that those who give their vote for the preservation of the orders of the House, shall stay in; and those who are for introducing any new matter or alteration, or proceeding contrary to the established course, are to go out. But this rule is subject to many exceptions and modifications. 2 Hats., 134; 1 Rush, p. 3, fol. 92; Scob., 43, 52; Co., 12, 116; D'Ewes, 505, col. 1; Mem. in Hakew., 25, 29, as will appear by the following statement of who go forth.

Petition that it be received*	Ayes.
Lie on the table	Noes.
Bill, that it be brought in. Read first or second time. Engrossed or read a third time.	
Engrossed or read a third time Proceedings on every other stage Committed	

To committee of the whole	Noes.	
To select committee	. Aves.	
To select committee	Noes.	
Report of bill to lie on table Be now read	Aves	
Be now read	20 P T	951
Be taken into consideration three months hence	37	201
Amendments to be read a second time	Noes.	
Clause offered on report of bill be read a second time	Ayes.	
For receiving a clause	}	834
With amendments be engrossed)	895
That a bill be now read a third time	. Noes.	398
Receive a rider	260	
Pass	Aves.	256
Re printed		200
Committees. That A take the chair		
To agree to the whole or any part of report		
That the House do now resolve into committee		001
Speaker. That he now leave the chair, after order to go into committee	Trues.	291
That he issue warrant for new writ		
Member. That none be absent without leave)	
Witness. That he be further examined	. Ayes.	844
Previous question	. Noes.	
Blanks. That they be filled with the largest sum	LATTOR	
Amendments. That words stand part of	1	
Lords. That their amendment be read a second time	Noes.	
Messenger be received	LAVES	
Orders of day to be now read if before 2 o'clock	, -	
Te often 9 olalogiz	. Noes.	
Adjournment. Till the next sitting day, if before 4 o'clock	. Ayes.	
If after 4 o'clock	. Noes.	
Over a sitting day (unless a previous resolution)	. Ayes.	
Over the 20th of January	. Noes.	
For sitting on Sunday, or any other day not being a sitting day	. Ayes.	

The one party being gone forth, the Speaker names two tellers from the affirmative and two from the negative side, who first count those sitting in the House and report the number to the Speaker. Then they place themselves within the door, two on each side, and count those who went forth as they come in, and report the number to the Speaker. Mem. in Hakev., 26.

A mistake in the report of the tellers may be rectified after the report made. 2 Hats., 145, note.

[But in both Houses of Congress all these intricacies are avoided. The ayes first rise, and are counted standing in their places by the President or Speaker. Then they sit, and the noes rise and are counted in like manner.]

In Senate, if they are equally divided, the Vice President announces his opinion, which decides 1

[The Constitution, however, has directed that "the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal." And again; that in all cases of reconsidering a bill disapproved by the President, and returned with his objections, "the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journals of each House respectively."]

[By the 16th and 17th rules of the Senate, when the yeas and nays shall be called for by one-fifth of the members present, each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons he be excused by the Senate, declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the yeas and nays and upon the call of the House, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.]

[When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question in pursuance of the above rule no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced from the Chair.]

[When it is proposed to take the vote by yeas and nays, the President or Speaker states that "the question is whether, e. g., the bill shall pass—that it is proposed that the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journal. Those, therefore, who desire it, will rise." If he

finds and declares that one-fifth have risen, he then states that "those who are of the opinion that the bill shall pass are to answer in the affirmative; those of a contrary opinion in the negative." The Clerk then calls over the names alphabetically, notes the yea or nay of each, and gives the list to the President or Speaker, who declares the result. In the Senate, if there be an equal division, the Secretary calls on the Vice President and notes his affirmative or negative, which becomes the decision of the House.]

In the House of Commons every member must give his vote, the one way or the other (Scob., 24), as it is not permitted to any one to withdraw who is in the House when the question is put, nor is any one to be told in the division who was not in when the question was put. 2 Hats., 140.

This last position is always true when the vote is by year and nays; where the negative as well as affirmative of the question is stated by the President at the same time, and the vote of both sides begins and proceeds pari passu. It is true also when the question is put in the usual way, if the negative has also been put; but if it has not, the member entering, or any other member, may speak, and even propose amendments, by which the debate may be opened again, and the question be greatly deferred. And as some who have answered aye may have been changed by the new arguments, the affirmative must be put over again. If, then, the member entering may, by speaking a few words, occasion a repetition of a question, it would be useless to deny it on his simple call for it.

While the House is telling, no member may speak or move out of his place, for if any mistake be suspected it must be told again. *Mem. in Hakew.*, 26; 2 Hats., 143.

If any difficulty arises in point of order during the division, the Speaker is to decide peremptorily, subject to the future censure of the House, if irregular. He sometimes permits old experienced members to assist him with their advice, which they do sitting in their seats, covered to avoid the appearance of debate; but this can only be with the Speaker's leave, else the division might last several hours. 2 *Hats.*, 143.

The voice of the majority decides; for the lex majoris partis is the law of all councils, elections, etc., where not otherwise expressly provided. Hakev., 98. But if the House be equally divided, "semper presumatur pro negante;" that is, the former law is not to be changed but by a majority. Towns., col. 134.

[But in the Senate of the United States, the Vice President decides when the House is divided. Const. U. S., I, 3.]

When, from counting the House on a division, it appears that there is not a quorum, the matter continues exactly in the state in which it was before the division, and must be resumed at that point on any future day. 2 Hats., 126.

1606, May 1, on a question whether a member having said yea may afterwards sit and change his opinion, a precedent was remembered by the Speaker, of Mr. Morris, attorney of the wards, in 39 Eliz., who in like case changed his opinion. *Mem. Hakew.*, 27.

SECTION XLII.

TITLES

After the bill has passed, and not before, the title may be amended, and is to be fixed by a question; and the bill is then sent to the other House.

SECTION XLIII.

RECONSIDERATION.

[When a question has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the majority to move for the reconsideration thereof; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate announcing their decision; nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day on which the vote was taken, or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter.* Rule 20.]

[1798, Jan. A bill on its second reading being amended and on the question whether it shall be read a third time negatived, was restored by a decision to reconsider that question. Here the votes of negative and reconsideration, like positive and negative quantities in an equation, destroy one another, and are as if they were expunged from the journal. Consequently the bill is open for amendment, just so far as it was the moment preceding the question for the third reading; that is to say, all parts of the bill are open for amendment except those on which votes have been already taken in its present stage. So, also, it may be recommitted.]

[•] Duis part of the rule has been added since the Manual was compiled.

[*The rule permitting a reconsideration of a question affixing to it no limitation of time or circumstance, it may be asked whether there is no limitation? If, after the vote, the paper on which it is passed has been parted with, there can be no reconsideration; as if a vote has been for the passage of a bill, and the bill has been sent to the other house. But where the paper remains, as on a bill rejected, when, or under what circumstances, does it cease to be susceptible of reconsideration? This remains to be settled; unless, a sense that the right of reconsideration is a right to waste the time of the House in repeated agitations of the same question, so that it shall never know when a question is done with, should induce them to reform this anomalous proceeding.]

In Parliament, a question once carried cannot be questioned again at the same session, but must stand as the judgment of the House. Towns., col. 67; Mem. in Hakew., 33. And a bill once rejected, another of the same substance cannot be brought in again the same session. Hakew., 158; 6 Grey, 892. But this does not extend to prevent putting the same question in different stages of a bill; because every stage of a bill submits the whole and every part of it to the opinion of the House, as open for amendment; either by insertion or omission though the same amendment has been accepted or rejected in a former stage. So in reports of committees, e. g., report of an address, the same question is before the House and open for free discussion. Towns., col. 26; 2 Hats., 98, 100, 101. So orders of the House, or instructions to committee, may be discharged. So a bill, begun in one house, and sent to the other, and there rejected, may be renewed again in that other, passed and sent back. Ib., 92; 3 Hats., 161. Or if, instead of being rejected, they read it once and lay it aside, or amend it, and put it off a month, they may order in another to the same effect, with the same or different title. Hakew., 97, 98.

Divers expedients are used to correct the effects of this rule; as by passing an explanatory act, if anything has been omitted or ill expressed (3 Hats., 278), or an act to enforce, and make more effectual an act, etc., or to rectify mistakes in act, etc., or a committee on one bill may be instructed to receive a clause to rectify the mistakes of another. Thus, June 24, 1685, a clause was inserted in a bill, for rectifying a mistake committed by a clerk in engrossing a bill of supply. 2 Hats., 194, 6. Or the session may be closed for one, two, three, or more days, and a new one commenced. But then all matters depending must be finished, or they fall, and are to begin de novo. 3 Hats., 94, 98. Or a part of the subject may be taken up by another bill, or taken up in a different way. 6 Grey, 304, 316.

And in cases of the last magnitude, this rule has not been so strictly and verbally observed as to stop indispensable proceedings altogether. 2 Hats., 92, 98. Thus when the address on the preliminaries of peace in 1782 had been lost by a majority of one, on account of the importance of the question, and smallness of the majority, the same question in substance, though with some words not in the first, and which might change the opinion of some members, was brought on again and carried, as the motives for it were thought to outweigh the objection of form. 2 Hats., 99, 100.

A second bill may be passed to continue an act of the same session, or to enlarge the time limited for its execution. 2 *Hats.*, 95, 98. This is not in contradiction to the first act.

SECTION XLIV.

BILLS SENT TO THE OTHER HOUSE.

[All bills passed in the Senate, shall, before they are sent to the House of Representatives, be examined by a committee, consisting of three members, whose duty shall be to examine all bills, amendments, resolutions or motions, before they go out of the possession of the Senate and to make report that they are correctly engrossed, which report shall be entered on the journal. Rule 33.]

A bill from the other House is sometimes ordered to lie on the table. 2 Hats., 97.

When bills passed in one house and sent to the other, are grounded on special facts requiring proof, it is usual, either by message or at a conference, to ask the grounds and evidence; and this evidence, whether arising out of papers, or from the examination of witnesses, is immediately communicated. 3 *Hats.*, 48.

SECTION XLV.

AMENDMENTS BETWEEN THE HOUSES.

When either house, e. g., the House of Commons, sends a bill to the other, the other may pass it with amendments. The regular progression in this case is, that the commons disagree to the amendment; the lords insist on it; the commons insist on their disagree-

ment; the lords adhere to their amendment; the commons adhere to their disagreement. The term of insisting may be repeated as often as they choose to keep the question open. But the first adherence by either renders it necessary for the other to recede or adhere also; when the matter is usually suffered to fall. 10 Grey, 148. Latterly, however, there are instances of their having gone to a second adherence. There must be an absolute conclusion of the subject somewhere, or otherwise transactions between the houses would become endless. 3 Hats., 268, 270. The term of insisting, we are told by Sir John Trevor, was then (1679) newly introduced into parliamentary usage by the lords. 7 Grey, 94. It was certainly a happy innovation, as it multiplies the opportunities of trying modifications which may bring the houses to concurrence. Either house, however, is free to pass over the term of insisting, and to adhere in the first instance; 10 Grey, 146; but it is not respectful to the other. In the ordinary parliamentary ourse, there are two free conferences, at least, before an adherence. 10 Grey, 147.

Either house may recede from '...mendment and agree to the bill; or recede from their disagreement to the amendme, and agree to the same absolutely, or with an amendment; for here the disagreement and receding destroy one another, and the subject stands as before the disagreement. Elsynge, 23, 27; 9 Grey, 476.

But the House cannot recede from, or insist on its own amendment, with an amendment; for the same reason that it cannot send to the other house an amendment to its own act after it has passed the act. They may modify an amendment from the other house by ingrafting an amendment on it, because they have never assented to it; but they cannot amend their own amendment, because they have on the question, passed it in that form. 9 Grey, 363; 10 Grey, 240. In the Senate, March 29, 1798. Nor where one house has adhered to their amendment, and the other agrees with an amendment, can the first house depart from the form which they have fixed by an adherence.

In the case of a money bill, the lords' proposed amendments become, by delay, confessedly necessary. The commons, however, refused them, as infringing on their privileges as to money bills; but they offered themselves to add to the bill a proviso to the same effect, which had no coherence with the lords' amendments; and urged that it was an expedient warranted by precedent, and not unparliamentary in a case become impracticable, and fremediable in any other way. 3 Hats. 256, 266, 270, 271. But the lords refused, and the bill was lost. 1 Chand., 288. A like case, 1 Chand., 311. So the commons resolved that it was unparliamentary to strike out, at a conference, anything in a bill which had been agreed and passed by both Houses. 6 Grey, 274; 1 Chand., 312.

A motion to amend an amendment from the other House takes precedence of a motion to agree or disagree.

A bill originating in one House is passed by the other with an amendment.

The originating House agrees to their amendment with an amendment. The other may agree to their amendment with an amendment, that being only in the 2d and not the 3d degree; for, as to the amending House, the first amendment with which they passed the bill is a part of its text; it is the only text they have agreed to. The amendment to that text by the originating House, therefore, is only in the first degree, and the amendment to that again by the amending House is only in the 2d, to wit: an amendment to an amendment, and so admissible. Just so, when, on a bill from the originating House, the other, at its second reading makes an amendment; on the third reading this amendment is become the text of the bill, and if an amendment to it be moved, an amendment to that amendment may also be moved, as being only in the 2d degree.

SECTION XLVI.

CONFERENCES.

It is on the question of amendments between the Houses that conferences are usually asked; but they may be asked in all cases of difference of opinion between the two Houses on matters depending between them. The request of a conference, however, must always be with the House which is possessed of the papers. 3 Hats., 31; 1 Grey, 425.

Conferences may be either simple or free. At a conference simply, written reasons are prepared by the House asking it, and they are read and delivered, without debate, to the managers of the other House at the conference; but are not then to be answered; 4 Grey, 144. The other House, then, if satisfied, vote the reason satisfactory, or say nothing; if not satisfied, they resolve them not satisfactory, and ask a conference on the subject of the last conference, where they read and deliver, in like manner, written answers to those reasons. 3 Grey, 183. They are meant chiefly to record the jurisdiction of each House to the nation at large, and to posterity, and in proof that the miscarriage of a necessary measure is not

imputable to them. 3 Grey, 255. At free conferences the managers discuss, viva voce and freely, and interchange propositions for such modifications as may be made in a parliamentary way, and may bring the sense of the two Houses together. And each party reports in writing to their respective Houses the substance of what is said on both sides, and it is entered in their journals. 9 Grey, 220; 3 Hats.; 280. This report can not be amended or altered, as that of a committee may be. Journal of Senate, May 24, 1796.

A conference may be asked, before the House asking it has come to a resolution of disagreement, insisting or adhering, 3 Hats., 269, 341. In which case the papers are not left with the other conferees, but are brought back to be the foundation of the vote to be given. And this is the most reasonable and respectful proceeding; for, as was urged by the lords on a particular occasion, "it is held vain, and below the wisdom of Parliament, to reason or argue against fixed resolutions, and upon terms of impossibility to persuade." 3 Hats., 226. So the commons say, "an adherence is never delivered at a free conference, which implies debate." 10 Grey, 137. And on another occasion the lords made it an objection that the commons had asked a free conference after they had made resolutions of adhering. It was then affirmed, however, on the part of the commons, that nothing was more parliamentary than to proceed with free conferences after adhering (3 Hats., 269), and we do in fact see inferences of conferences, or of free conference, asked after the resolution of disagreeing, (3 Hats., 251, 253, 260, 286, 291, 316, 349); of insisting (Ib., 280, 296, 299, 319, 322, 355); of adhering (269, 270, 283, 300); and even of a second or final adherence. 3 Hats., 270. And in all cases of conference asked after a vote of disagreement, etc., the conferees of the House asking it are to leave the papers with the conferees of the other; and in one case where they refused to receive them, they were left on the table in the conference chamber. Ib., 317, 323, 354; 10 Grey, 146.

After a free conference, the usage is to proceed with free conferences, and not return again to a conference. 3 Hats., 270; 9 Grey, 229.

After a conference denied, a free conference may be asked. 1 Grey, 45.

When a conference is asked, the subject of it must be expressed, or the conference not agreed to. Ord. H. Com., 89; 1 Grey, 425; 8 Grey, 31. They are sometimes asked to inquire concerning an offense or default of a member of the other House. 6 Grey, 181; 1 Chand., 304. Or the failure of the other House to present to the King a bill passed by both Houses. 8 Grey, 302. Or on information received, and relating to the safety of the nation. 10 Grey, 171. Or when the methods of Parliment are thought by the one House to have been departed from by the other, a conference is asked to come to a right understanding thereon. 10 Grey, 148. So when an unparliamentary message has been sent, instead of answering it, they ask a conference. 3 Grey, 155. Formerly an address or article of impeachment, or a bill with amendments, or a vote of the House, or concurrence in a vote, or a message from the King, were sometimes communicated by way of conference. 6 Grey, 128, 300, 387; 7 Grey, 80; 8 Grey, 210, 255; 1 Torbuck's Deb., 278; 10 Grey, 293; 1 Chandler, 49, 287. But this is not the modern practice. 8 Grey, 255.

A conference has been asked after the first reading of the bill, 1 Grey, 194. This is a singular instance.

SECTION XLVII.

MESSAGES.

Messages between the Houses are to be sent only while both Houses are sitting. 2 Hats., 15. They are received during debate without adjourning the debate. 3 Hats., 22.

[In Senate the messengers are introduced in any state of business, except: 1. While a question is putting. 2. While the yeas and nays are calling. 3. While the ballots are counting. Rule 47. The first case is short; the second and third are cases where any interruption might occasion errors difficult to be corrected. So arranged June 15, 1788.]

In the House of Representatives, as in Parliament, if the House be in committee when a messenger attends, the Speaker takes the chair to receive the message, and then quits it to return into committee, without any question or interruption. 4 *Grey*, 226.

Messengers are not saluted by the members, but by the Speaker of the House. 2 Grey.

If messengers commit an error in delivering their message, they may be admitted or called in to correct their message. 4 Grey, 41. Accordingly, March 13, 1800, the Senate having made two amendments to a bill from the House of Representatives, their Secretary, by mistake, delivered one only, which being inadmissible by itself, that House disagreed, and notified the Senate of their disagreement. This produced a discovery of the mistake. The Secretary was sent to the other House to correct his mistake, the correction was received, and the two amendments acted on de novo.

As soon as the messenger, who has brought the bills from the other House, has retired, the Speaker holds the bills in his hand, and acquaints the House "that the other House have by their messenger sent certain bills," and then reads their titles, and delivers them to the Clerk, to be safely kept till they shall be called for to be read. Hakew., 178.

It is not the usage for one House to inform the other by what numbers a bill has passed. 10 Grey, 150. Yet they have sometimes recommended a bill as of great importance, to the consideration of the House to which it is sent. 3 Hats., 25. Nor when they have rejected a bill from the other House, do they give notice of it; but it passes sub silento, to prevent unbecoming altercations. Blackst., 183.

[But in Congress the rejection is notified by message to the House in which the bill originated.]

A question is never asked by the one House of the other by way of message, but only at a conference; for this is an interrogatory, not a message. 3 Grey, 151, 181.

When a bill is sent by one House to the other, and is neglected, they may send a message to remind them of it. 3 *Hats.*, 25; 5 *Grey*, 154. But if it be mere inattention, it is better to have it done informally, by communication between the Speakers or members of the two Houses.

Where the subject of a message is of a nature that can properly be communicated to both houses of Parliament, it is expected that this communication should be made to both on the same day. But where a message was accompanied with an original declaration, signed by the party to which the message referred, its being sent to one house was not noticed by the other, because the declaration, being original, could not possibly be sent to both houses at the same time. 2 Hats., 260, 261, 262.

The King having sent original letters to the commons, afterwards desires they may be returned, that he may communicate them to the lords. 1 Chandler, 303.

SECTION XLVIII.

ASSENT.

The House which has received a bill and passed it, may present it for the King's assent, and ought to do it, though they have not by message notified to the other their passage of it. Yet the notifying by message is a form which ought to be observed between the two houses, from notives of respect and good understanding. 2 Hats., 142. Were the bill to be withheld from being presented to the King, it would be an infringement of the rules of Parliament. Ib.

[When a bill has passed both houses of Congress, the house last acting on it notifies its passage to the other, and delivers the bill to the Joint Committee of Enrollment, who see that it is truly enrolled in parchment.] When the bill is enrolled, it is not to be written in paragraphs, but solidly, and all of a piece, that the blanks between the paragraphs may not give room for forgery. 9 Grey, 143. [It is then put in the hands of the Clerk of the House of Representatives to have it signed by the Speaker. The Clerk then brings it by way of message to the Senate to be signed by their President. The Secretary of the Senate returns it to the Committee of Enrollment, who present it to the President of the United States. If he approve, he signs, and deposits it among the rolls in the office of the Secretary of State. and notifies by message the house in which it originated that he has approved and signed it; of which that house informs the other by message. If the President disapproves, he is to return it with his objections to that house in which it shall have originated, who are to enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent together with the President's objections to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it. unless the Congress by its adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law. Const. U. S., I, 7.]

[Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him; or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill. Const. U. S., I, 7.]

SECTION XLIX.

JOURNALS.

[Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy. Const., I, 5.]

[The proceedings of the Senate, when not acting as in a Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on the journals as concisely as possible, care being taken to detail a true account of the proceedings. Every vote of the Senate shall be entered on the journals, and a brief statement of the contents of each petition, memorial, or paper presented to the Senate, be also inserted on the journal. Rule 33.]

[The titles of bills, and such parts thereof only, as shall be affected by proposed amendments, shall be inserted on the journals. Rule 32.]

If a question is interrupted by a vote to adjourn, or to proceed to the orders of the day, the original question is never printed in the journal, it never having been a vote, nor introductory to any vote; but when suppressed by the previous question, the first question must be stated, in order to introduce and make intelligible the second. 2 Hats., 83.

So also when a question is postponed, adjourned, or laid on the table, the original question, though not yet a vote, must be expressed in the journals; because it makes part of the vote of postponement, adjourning, or laying it on the table.

Where amendments are made to a question, those amendments are not printed in the journals, separated from the question; but only the question as finally agreed to by the House. The rule of entering in the journals only what the House has agreed to, is founded in great prudence and good sense; as there may be many questions proposed, which it may be improper to publish to the world in the form in which they are made. 2 Hats., 85.

[In both houses of Congress, all questions whereon the yeas and nays are desired by one-fifth of the members present, whether decided affirmatively or negatively, must be entered on the journals. *Const.*, I, 5.]

The first order for printing the votes of the House of Commons was October 30, 1685. 1 Chandler, 387.

Some judges have been of opinion that the journals of the House of Commons are no records, but only remembrances. But this is not law. Hob., 110, 111; Lex. Parl., 114, 115; Jour. H. C., Mar. 17, 1593; Hale, Parl., 105. For the lords in their house have power of judicature, the commons in their house have power of judicature; and both houses together have power of judicature; and the Book of the Clerk of the House of Commons is a record, as is affirmed by act of Parl., 6 H. 8 c. 16; 4 Inst., 23, 24; and every member of the House of Commons hath a judicial place. 4 Inst., 15. As records they are open to every person, and a printed vote of either house is sufficient ground for the other to notice it. Either may appoint a committee to inspect the journals of the other, and report what has been done by the other in any particular case. 2 Hats., 361; 3 Hats., 27-30. Every member has a right to see the journals, and take and publish votes from them. Being a record, every one may see and publish them. 6 Grey, 118, 119.

On information of a mis-entry or omission of an entry in the journal, a committee may be appointed to examine and rectify it, and report it to the House. 2 Hats, 194, 5.

SECTION L.

ADJOURNMENT.

The two houses of Parliament have the sole, separate and independent power of adjourning each their respective Houses. The King has no authority to adjourn them; he can only signify his desire, and it is in the wisdom and prudence of either House to comply with his requisition, or not, as they see fitting. 2 Hats., 332; 1 Blackstone, 186; 5 Grey, 122.

[By the Constitution of the United States a smaller number than a majority may adjourn from day to day. I, 5. But "neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more that three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting." I, 5. And in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, the president may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper. Const., II, 3.]

A motion to adjourn, simply, cannot be amended, as by adding "to a particular day;" but must be put simply "that this House do now adjourn;" and if carried in the affirmative, it is adjourned till the next sitting day, unless it has come to a previous resolution, "that at its rising it will adjourn to a particular day," and then the House is adjourned to that day. 2 Hats., \$2.

Where it is convenient that the business of the House be suspended for a short time, as for a conference presently to be held, etc., it adjourns during pleasure. 2 Hats., 305; or for a quarter of an hour. 5 Grey, 331.

If a question be put for adjournment, it is no adjournment till the Speaker pronounces it. 5 *Grey*, 137. And from courtesy and respect, no member leaves his place till the Speaker has passed on.

SECTION LL

A SESSION.

Parliament have three modes of separation, to wit: By adjournment, by prorogation or dissolution by the King, or by the efflux of the term for which they were elected. Prorogation or dissolution constitutes there what is called a session, provided some act has passed. In this case all matters depending before them are discontinued, and at their next meeting are to be taken up de novo, if taken up at all. 1 Blackst., 186. Adjournment, which is by themselves, is no more than a continuance of the session from one day to another, or for a fortnight, a month, etc., ad libitum. All matters depending remain in statu quo, and when they meet again, be the term ever so distant, are resumed, without any fresh commencement, at the point at which they were left. 1 Lev., 165; Lex. Parl., c. 2; 1 Ro. Rep., 29; 4 Inst., 7, 27, 28; Hutt., 61; 1 Mod., 252; Ruffh. Jac. L. Diet. Parliament; 1 Blackst., 186. Their whole session is considered in law but as one day, and has relation to the first day thereof. Bro. Abr. Parliament, 86.

Committees may be appointed to sit during a recess by adjournment, but not by prorogation. 5 Grey, 374; 9 Grey, 350; 1 Chandler, 50. Neither House can continue any portion of itself in any parliamentary function beyond the end of the session without the consent of the other two branches. When done, it is by a bill constituting them commissioners for the particular purpose.

[Congress separate in two ways only, to wit: by adjournment, or dissolution by the efflux of their time. What, then, constitutes a session with them? A dissolution closes one session, and the meeting of the new Congress begins another. The Constitution authorizes the President, "on extraordinary occasions to convene both houses or either of them." (I. 3.) If convened by the President's proclamation, this must begin a new session, and of course determine the preceding one to have been a session. So if it meets under the clause of the Constitution, which says, "the Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day" (I. 4), this must begin a new session; for even if the last adjournment was to this day, the act of adjournment is merged in the higher authority of the Constitution, and the meeting will be under that and not under their adjournment. So far we have fixed landmarks for determining sessions. In other words, it is declared by the joint vote authorizing the President of the Senate and Speaker to close the sessisn on a fixed day, which is usually in the following form: Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives be authorized to close the present session by adjourning their respective Houses on - day of ----.]

When it was said above that all matters depending before Parliament were discontinued by the determination of the session, it was not meant for judiciary cases depending before the House of Lords, such as impeachments, appeals and writs of error. These stand, continued, of course, to the next session. Raym., 120, 331; Ruffh. Jac. L. D., Parliament. [Impeachments stand, in like manner, continued before the Senate of the United States.]

SECTION LII.

TREATIES.

[The President of the United States has power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur. Const. U.S., II., 2.]

[All confidential communications made by the President of the United States to the Senate, shall be by the members thereof kept secret; and that all treaties which may hereafter be laid before the Senate, shall also be kept secret, until the Senate shall, by their resolution, take off the injunction of secrecy. Rule 39.]

Treaties are legislative acts. A treaty is the law of the land. It differs from other laws only as it must have the consent of a foreign nation, being but a contract with respect to that nation. In all countries, I believe, except England, treaties are made by the legislative power; and there also, if they touch the laws of the land, they must be approved by

Parliament. Ware v. Hayton, 3 Dallas' Rep., 223. It is acknowledged, for instance, that the King of Great Britain cannot by a treaty make a citizen of an alien. Vattel, b., 1, c. 19, sec. 214. In act of Parliament was necessary to validate the American treaty of 1783. And abundant examples of such acts can be cited. In the case of the treaty of Utrecht, in 1712, the commercial articles required the concurrence of Parliament; but a bill brought in for that purpose was rejected. France, the other contracting party, suffered these articles, in practice, to be not insisted on, and adhered to the rest of the treaty. 4 Russell's Hist. Mod. Europe, 457; 2 Smollet, 242, 246.

[By the Constitution of the United States this department of legislation is confined to two branches only of the ordinary legislature; the President originating and the Senate having a negative. To what subjects this power extends has not been defined in detail by the Constitution; nor are we entirely agreed among ourselves. 1. It is admitted that it must concern the foreign nation party to the contract, or it would be a mere nullity, res inter alios acta. 2. By the general power to make treaties, the Constitution must have intended to comprehend only those subjects which are usually regulated by treaty, and cannot be otherwise regulated. 3. It must have meant to except out of these rights to the States; for surely the President and Senate cannot do by treaty what the whole government is interdicted from doing in any way. 4. And also to except those subjects of legislation in which it gave a participation to the House of Representatives. This last exception is denied by some, on the ground that it would leave very little matter for the treaty power to work on. The less the better, say others. The Constitution thought it wise to restrain the Executive and Senate from entangling and embroiling our affairs with those of Europe. Besides, as the negotiations are carried on by the Executive alone, the subjecting to the ratification of the representative such articles as are within their participation, is no more inconvenient than to the Senate. But the ground of this exception is denied as unfounded. For examine, e.g., the treaty of commerce with France, and it will be found that, out of thirty-one articles, there are not more than small portions of two or three of them which would not still remain as subjects of treaties, untouched by these exceptions.]

Treaties being declared, equally with the laws of the United States, to be the supreme law of the land, it is understood that an act of the legislature alone can declare them infringed and rescinded. This was accordingly the process adopted in the case of France in 1798.

[It has been the usage for the Executive, when it communicates a treaty to the Senate for their ratification, to communicate also the correspondence of the negotiators. This having been omitted in case of the Prussian treaty, was asked by a vote of the House, of February 12, 1800, and was obtained. And in December, 1800, the convention of that year between the United States and France, with the report of the negotiations by the envoys, but not their instructions, being laid before the Senate, the instructions were asked for, and communicated by the President.]

[The mode of voting on questions of ratification is by nominal call.]

[Whenever a treaty shall be laid before the Senate for ratification, it shall be read a first time for information only; when no motion to reject, ratify, or modify the whole, or any part, shall be received. Its second reading shall be for consideration, and on a subsequent day, when it shall be taken up as in a committee of the whole, and every one shall be free to move a question on any particular article, in this form: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of this article?" or to propose amendments thereto, either by inserting or by leaving out words, in which last case the question shall be, "shall the words stand part of the article?" And in every one of the said cases, the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present shall be requisite to decide affirmatively. And when, through the whole, the proceedings shall be stated to the House, and questions being again severally put thereon, for confirmation, or new ones proposed, requiring in like manner a concurrence of two-thirds for whatever is retained or inserted.]

[The votes so confirmed shall, by the House, or a committee thereof, be reduced into the form of a ratification, with or without modifications, as may have been decided, and shall be proposed on a subsequent day, when every one shall again be free to move amendments, either by inserting or leaving out words; in which last case the question shall be, "Shall the words stand part of the resolution?" And in both cases the concurrence of two-thirds shall be requisite to carry the affirmative; as well as on the final question to advise and consent to the ratification in the form agreed to. Rule 37.]

[When any question may have been decided by the Senate, in which two-thirds of the members present are necessary to carry the affirmative, any member who voted on that $\operatorname{sid} \mathbf{e}$ which prevailed in the question may be at liberty to move for a reconsideration, and a mo tion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes. Rule 37.]

SECTION LIII

IMPEACHMENT.

[The House of Representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. Const. U. S., I, 3.]

[The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States. But the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law. Const., I, 3.]

[The President, Vice President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. *Const.*, II, 4.]

[The trial of crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury. Const., III, 2.] These are the provisions of the Constitution of the United States on the subject of impeachments. The following is a sketch of some of the principles and practices of England on the same subject.

Jurisdiction. The Lords cannot impeach any to themselves, nor join in the accusation, because they are the judges. Seld. Judic. in Parl., 12, 63. Nor can they proceed against a commoner but on complaint of the Commons. Ib., 84. The Lords may not, by the law, try a commoner for a capital offense, on the information of the King or a private person, because the accused is entitled to a trial by his peers generally; but on accusation by the House of Commons, they may proceed against the delinquent, of whatsoever degree, and whatsoever be the nature of the offense; for there they do not assume to themselves trial at common law. The commons are then instead of a jury, and the judgment is given on their demand, which is instead of a verdict. So the Lords do only judge, but not try the delinquent. Ib., 6, 7. But Wooddeson denies that a commoner can now be charged capitally before the Lords, even by the commons; and cites Fitzharris's case, 1681, impeached for high treason, where the Lords remitted the prosecution to the inferior court. 8 Grey's Deb., 325-7; Wooddeson, 601, 576; 3 Seld., 1610, 1619, 1641; 4 Blackst., 25; 73 Seld., 1604, 1618; 9, 1656.

Accusation. The Commons, as the grand inquest of the nation, become suitors for penal justice. 2 Woodd., 597; 6 Grey, 356. The general course is to pass a resolution containing a criminal charge against the supposed delinquent, and then to direct some member to impeach him by oral accusation, at the bar of the House of Lords, in the name of the Commons. The person signifies that the articles will be exhibited, and desires that the delinquent may be sequestered from his seat, or be committed, or that the peers will take order from his appearance. Sachev. Trial, 329; 2 Woodd., 602, 605; Lords' Jour., 3 June, 1701, 101; 1 Wms., 616; 6 Grey, 324.

Process. If a party do not appear, proclamations are to be issued, giving him a day to appear. On their return they are strictly examined. If any error be found in them, a new proclamation issues, giving a short day. If he appear not, his goods may be arrested and they may proceed. Seld. Judd., 98, 99.

Articles. The accusation (articles) of the Commons is substituted in place of an indictment. Thus, by the usage of Parliament, in impeachment for writing or speaking, the particular words need not be specified. Sach. Tr., 325; 2 Woodd., 602, 605; Lords' Jour., 3 June, 1701; 1 Wms., 616.

Appearance. If he appears, and the case be capital, he answers in custody; though not if the accusations be general. He is not to be committed but on special accusations. If it be for a misdemeanor only, he answers, a Lord in his place, a Commoner at the bar, and not in custody, unless, on the answer, the Lords find cause to commit him, till he finds sureties to attend, and lest he should fly. Seld. Judd., 98, 99. A copy of the articles is given him, and a day fixed for his answer. T. Ray; 1 Rushw., 268; Fost., 232; 1 Clar. Hist. of the Reb., 379. Or a misdemeanor his appearance may be in person, or he may answer in writing, or by attorney. Seld. Judd., 100. The general rule on accusations for a misdemeanor is, that in such a state of liberty or restraint as the party is when the commons complain of him, in such he is to answer. Ib., 101. If previously committed by the commons, he answers as a prisoner. But this may be called in some sort judicium parium suorum. Ib. In misdemeanors the party has a right to counsel by the common law; but not in capital cases. Seld. Judd., 102-5.

Answer. The answer need not observe great strictness of form. He may plead guilty as to part, and defend as to the residue; or, saving all exceptions, deny the whole or give a particular answer to each article separately. 1 Rush., 274; 1 Rush., 1374; 12 Parl. Hist., 442; 3 Lords' Jour., 13 Nov., 1643; Woodd., 607. But he cannot plead a pardon in bar to the impeachment. 2 Woodd., 615; 2 St. Tr., 735.

Replication, rejoinder, etc. There may be a replication, rejoinder, etc. Sel. Jud., 114; 8 Grey's Deb., 233; Sach. Tr., 15; Journ. H. of Commons, 6 March, 1640, 1.

Witnesses. The practice is to swear the witnesses in open House, and then examine them there; or a committee may be named, who shall examine them in committee, either on interrogatories agreed on in the House, or such as the committee in their discretion shall demand. Seld. Jud., 120, 123.

Jury. In the case of Alice Pierce (1 R. 2), a jury was empaneled for her trial before a committee. Seld. Jud., 123. But this was on a complaint, not on impeachment by the commons. Seld. Jud., 163. It must also have been for a misdemeanor only, as the lords spiritual sat in the case, which they do on misdemeanors, but not in capital cases. Id., 148. The judgment was a forfeiture of all her lands and goods. Id., 188. This, Selden says, is the only jury he finds recorded in Parliament for misdemeanor; but he makes no doubt, if the delinquent doth put himself on trial of his country a jury ought to be impaneled, and he adds that it is not so on impeachment by the commons; for they are in loco proprio, and there no jury ought to be impaneled. Id., 124. The Ld. Berkeley, 6 E., 3, was arraigned for the murder of L., 2, on an information on the part of the King, and not impeachment of the commons; for then they had been patria sua. He waived his peerage, and was tried by a jury of Gloucestershire and Warwickshire. Id., 125. In 1 H., 7, the commons protest that they are not to be considered as parties to any judgment given, or hereafter to be given in Parliament. Seld. Jud., 133. They have been generally and more justly considered, as is before stated, as the grand jury; for the conceit of Selden is certainly not accurate, and they are the patria sua of the accused, and that the Lords do only judge, but not try. It is undeniable that they do try; for they examine witnesses as to the facts, and acquit or condemn, according to their own belief of them. And Lord Hale says, "the peers are judges of law as well as of fact;" (2 Hale, P. C., 275); consequently of fact as well as of law.

Presence of Commons. The Commons are to be present at the examination of witnesses. Seld. Jud., 124. Indeed, they are to attend throughout, either as a committee of the whole House, or otherwise, at discretion, appoint managers to conduct the proofs. Rushw. Tr. of Straff., 37; Com. Journ., 4 Feb., 1709–10; 2 Woodd., 614. And judgment is not to be given tin they demand it. Seld. Jud., 124. But they are not to be present on impeachment when the Lords consider of the answer of proofs and determine of their judgment. Their presence, however, is necessary at the answer and judgment in cases capital (Id., 58, 159) as well as not capital (163). The Lords debate the judgment among themselves. Then the vote is first taken on the question of guilty or not guilty; and if they convict, the question, or particular sentence, is out of that which seemeth to be most generally agreed on. Seld. Jud., 167. 2 Woodd., 612.

Judgment. Judgments in Parliament, for death, have been strictly guided per legem terræ, which they cannot alter; and not at all according to their discretion. They can neither omit any legal part of the judgment nor add to it. Their sentence must be secundum, non ultra legem. Seld. Jud., 168-171. This trial, though it varies in external ceremony, yet differs not in essentials from criminal prosecutions before inferior courts. The same rules of evidence, the same legal notions of crimes and punishments, prevailed; for impeachments are not framed to alter the law, but to carry it into more effectual execution against two powerful delinquents. The judgment, therefore, is to be such as is warranted by legal principles or precedents. 6 Sta., Tr., 14; 2 Woodd., 611. The chancellor gives judgment in misdemeanors; the lord high steward formerly in cases of life and death. Seld. Jud., 180. But now the steward is deemed not necessary. Fost., 144; 2 Woodd., 613. In misdemeanors the greatest corporal punishment hath been imprisonment. Seld. Jud., 184. The King's assent is necessary in capital judgments (2 Woodd., 614, contra), but not in misdemeanors. Seld. Jud., 136.

Continuance. An impeachment is not discontinued by the dissolution of Parliament, but may be resumed by the new Parliament. T. Ray., 383; 4 Com. Journ., 23 Dec., 1790; Lords' Journ., May 15, 1791; 2 Woodd., 618.

CUSTOMS, PRECEDENTS AND FORMS.

Organization.

The Legislature convenes at 12 o'clock, M., on the 2d Wednesday of January in every odd numbered year.

Custom, so prevalent and so ancient as to have the force of law, has made it the duty of the Chief Clerk of the previous Assembly to call to order, and to conduct the proceedings generally, until a Speaker is chosen.

The Secretary of State furnishes to the clerk a certified statement of the names of the members elect, which is read. The members then advance to the Clerk's desk, generally the delegation of each county by itself, and subscribe to the oath of office.

It often happens, that by neglect of the proper county officer, to return the proceedings of the county canvassers, some members find their election not to be on record in the Secretary's office. In such case the certificate held by the member himself should be produced to the Clerk. This answers every purpose, and should always be secured by members elect, from the clerk of their county.

The oath of office is then administered to the members elect. It may be administered by the Speaker, the President of the Senate, the Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, or any of the Judges of the Supreme Court. It has been administered in this state, usually, by one of the judges. Members coming in after the first day of the session are sworn in by the Speaker.

After all are sworn, the roll is called, when, if a quorum is found to be present, the Clerk declares the House to be qualified and competent to proceed to business.

If the parties in the Assembly have determined their choice for officers, the election proceeds forthwith: if not, an adjournment is had until the next day.

The election for Speaker, Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms is required to be viva voce, and these are the only offices the Assembly can fill.

The roll is called, and each member announces audibly the name of the candidate of his choice

The clerk announces the result, and names a committee to conduct the Speaker elect to the chair. The other elections proceed in the same manner, except that when the result is announced by the Speaker the officer elect advances to the Clerk's desk and is sworn in by the Speaker.

A committee is then appointed to wait on the Senate, and inform it that the Assembly is organized; or the Clerk is directed by resolution, to inform the Senate of the fact.

A joint committee of both Houses is then appointed to convey a like message to the Governor, and inform him that the Houses are in readiness to receive any communication from him.

The Senate and Assembly have usually assembled in joint convention in the Assembly Chamber, upon some day and hour suggested by the Governor during the first week of the session to hear his annual message, but the message has sometimes been read separately to each House by the clerks thereof.

The message has been read usually by the Governor himself, but sometimes by his Private Secretary, and sometimes by the Clerk of one of the Houses.

At the first opportunity after hearing the message read, the various recommendations therein contained, are referred, by resolution, to appropriate standing committees or select committees.

In the Assembly standing committees are appointed by the Speaker at as early a day in the session as is possible. In the Senate, the committees are appointed by resolution of that body. The custom is for the party having the majority to agree upon their members of the committees, in caucus. The list is then handed to the other party, and the balance of the members are named. When thus completed, the list is offered in the Senate in the form of a resolution, that the standing committees be as therein named.

Drawing of Seats.

The drawing of seats by lot has been observed since the Assembly first took possession of the new Assembly Chamber.

The method heretofore pursued is as follows:

The members leave their seats, and take places in the open area behind their seats. The Clerk having placed in a box, slips of paper containing the names of the members respectively, a page or messenger draws them therefrom. The Clerk announces each name as it is drawn, and the member named selects his seat, and occupies it until the drawing is completed. In the Senate the seats are usually placed in such manner as will be most agreeable to the Senators.

Compensation.

OF MEMBERS.

Each member of the legislature shall receive for his services for and during a regular session, the sum of five hundred dollars, and ten cents for every mile he shall travel in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route. In case of an extra session of the legislature, no additional compensation shall be allowed to any member thereof, either directly or indirectly, except for mileage, to be computed at the same rate as for a regular session. No stationery, newspapers, postage or other perquisite, except the salary and mileage above provided, shall be received from the state by any member of the legislature for his services, or in any other manner as such member.— Amendment to Art. IV, section 21, State Constitution.

The presiding officers of the senate and assembly shall issue immediately after the commencement of the annual session of the legislature in each year, to each member of the house over which they respectively preside, who is entitled to receive the same, a certificate countersigned by the chief clerk, showing that such member has taken the prescribed official oath, and the number of miles traveled by him in going to and returning from the place of meeting of the legislature on the most usual route, and thereupon the amount of mileage and salary to which each member is entitled shall be audited and paid out of the state treasury; but when any seat is contested, and notice of such contest has been filed, as required by section one hundred and four, no certificate shall be given, nor shall the secretary of state audit any account for salary or mileage to either claimant, nor either claimant be entitled to receive the same, until the question of the right to such seat shall have been settled. Sec. 110, R. S., 1878.

OF OFFICERS.

The speaker of the assembly shall be entitled to receive the same compensation, except mileage, allowed to other members of the legislature, for his services as speaker, in addition to his pay as member, to be paid out of the state treasury; but in case of an extra session of the legislature, no extra compensation shall be allowed. Sec. 111, R. S. 1878.

The chief clerks shall receive a salary of eight hundred dollars each, for every regular session, and ten dollars per diem for each special session, and fifty dollars for opening each session, which shall be in full for all services rendered. The other officers and employes of the senate and assembly shall receive pay per diem as follows: The sergeant-at-arms, the assistant clerks and book-keepers, five dollars each; the proof-readers, engrossing, enrolling, transcribing and index clerks, the assistant sergeant-at-arms and the postmaster, four dollars each; the messengers two dollars each, and all other clerks and employes three dol-

lars each. The copyists shall be paid by the folio, at the rate of fifteen cents per folio for engrossing, and twenty cents per folio for enrolling, and only upon accepted work. Every clerk or employe upon the chief clerk's or sergeant-at-arm's force shall assist when required at any other work in the department than that to which he is regularly assigned, when the good of the service can be promoted thereby. No per diem shall be allowed after the close of the session, except for two days to the transcribing and index clerks, each, whose duty it shall be within that time to satisfactorily and fully complete the indexing and transcribing of the journal, and in case such work is not so completed, a sufficient sum shall be reserved from the pay of the clerk who may make the default to ensure the completion of his work. The chief clerk and sergeant-at-arms of each house shall certify to the secretary of state the names of all persons employed in their respective departments, the capacity employed in, and the amounts respectively due them, which certificate shall be certified to by the presiding officer of the house in which they are employed. Upon such certificates the accounts of the person named therein shall be audited and paid out of the state treasury. At the close of each session of the legislature, the secretary of state shall publish in the official state paper a full list of the accounts so audited. Ch. 408, Laws 1885.

Officers of the Senate and Assembly.

The officers of the senate, other than the president ex-officio and the president pro tempore, shall be one chief clerk, one assistant clerk, one book-keeper, one proof-reader, one engrossing clerk, one enrolling clerk, one transcribing clerk, one index clerk, one clerk of the judiciary committee, one clerk of the committee on incorporations, one clerk of the joint commmittee on claims, one sergeant-at-arms, one assistant sergeant.at-arms, one postmaster, one assistant postmaster, four door-keepers, one gallery attendant, who shall also act as committee room attendant, one document room attendant, one document clerk, two committee room attendants, one janitor, one porter, one night watchman and eight messengers. The officers of the assembly aside from the speaker, shall be one chief clerk, two assistant clerks, one book-keeper, one proof-reader, one transcribing clerk, one index clerk, one engrossing clerk, one enrolling clerk, one clerk of the judiciary committee, one clerk of the committee on state affairs, one sergeant-at-arms, one assistant sergeant-at-arms, one postmaster, one assistant postmaster, four door-keepers, two gallery attendants, who shall also serve as committee room attendants, one general attendant for the assembly chamber who shall act as policeman, one document room attendant, one document room clerk, two committee room attendants, one porter, one night watchman, one flagman, one wash room attendant, twelve messengers. After the legislature has been in session for twenty days in any year, there may be appointed on the clerical force of the senate and assembly, each, one comparing clerk, one assistant engrossing clerk, one assistant enrolling clerk, one assistant transcribing clerk, one clerk of the committee on engrossed bills, one clerk of the committee on enrolled bills, and one custodian of the engrossing and enrolling rooms, and one clerk of the committee on bills on their third reading in the assembly. The chief clerk of each house may thereafter employ such copyists as the proper and expeditious transaction of the business of his house may require. Additional clerks or attendants for committees may be employed upon extraordinary occasions therefor, but then only upon joint resolution of the two houses. Ch. 408, Laws 1885.

Additional Employes.

The chief clerk of the senate is hereby authorized to employ an assistant clerk at a salary of five dollars per diem; one custodian of the engrossing room, and one comparing clerk at three dollars per diem, compensation to be from the first of the session; also one extra comparing clerk at three dollars per diem, compensation to begin after the first twenty days of the session. He shall also have authority to pay the clerk of the committee on engrossed bills from the commencement of the session, at the rate of three dollars per diem. The chief clerk of the assembly is hereby authorized to employ one stationery clerk, at four dollars per diem; one custodian of the engrossing room, one assistant transcribing clerk, one comparing clerk, at three dollars per diem, compensation to commence at the beginning of the present session; also one comparing clerk, at three dollars per diem,

whose compensation shall begin after the legislature has been in session twenty days. He shall also have authority to pay the assistant engrossing clerk from the first of the session, at the rate of three dollars per diem.

The sergeant at arms of the senate shall have authority to appoint two additional messengers, at two dollars per diem, compensation to commence after the legislature has been in session twenty days.—*Ch. 7, laws* 1887.

Revising and Restoring Compensation of Certain Employes.

The compensation of the following named legislative employes is hereby restored to the sum and rate paid per diem to each respectively, according to chapter 346, of the laws of 1883, to wit: To the committee clerks, assistant postmasters, document room clerks, document room attendants and general attendant of the assembly, three dollars and fifty cents per diem. This act shall be construed to apply to such above named employes of the legislature of 1887, from the time of the commencement of their service. Payment is hereby authorized at the rate of three dollars per day for the four additional committee room attendants of the assembly employed under joint resolution number three, assembly, for the twelve days at the beginning of the session of 1887, when they were on duty but for which they have received no pay.

This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.— Ch. 348, laws 1887.

Duties of Officers.

 $P_{\rm RESIDENT}$ and Speaker.—The duties of these officers are generally defined in Senate Rules 2, 3, and 4, and Assembly Rule 9.

CHEEF CLERES.—Senate Rules 11 and 43, and Assembly Rules 14, 15, 16 and 17, set forth the duties of these officers. They have the care and custody of all the papers and records, and arrange in its proper order, from day to day, after its inception, all the business of the two Houses. They must, in order to have a proper knowledge of the affairs of their departments, apportion, systematize and personally supervise the labor of all their subordinates, and, when not called therefrom by more important duties, should officiate in person at the reading desk. The duties of their subordinates are properly their duties, as all are performed under their direction, and they are responsible for any deficiencies. It is their duty to prepare and furnish to the public printer, an accurate record of each day's proceedings, and a copy of every bill, report and other thing ordered to be printed. "on the same day such orders are made;" to keep the pay accounts of employes and issue certificates of per diem to them; to deliver the messages of the one House to the other and to sign subpœnas.

It is their duty to prepare an index to the journal, at the close of the session, and to be present at the opening of the next session, and to attend to such preliminary business as may be necessary, and conduct the proceedings therein until a Speaker is elected, and perform the duties of Clerk thereof until their successors are chosen and qualified.

They are by law responsible for the safe keeping of all the bills and other documents in possession of the Legislature, and for the proper registry of all proceedings; and are required at the close of the session, to deposit all papars in their possession as Chief Clerks, properly classified and labeled, with the Secretary of State.

REGULATIONS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF THE CLERK.

To insure a systematic and correct performance of the duties of their departments, the Chief Clerks of the two Houses have established the following regulations:

THE ASSISTANT CLERKS.—It is their special duty:

- 1. To keep a record of each day's proceedings, and to correct the proof of the same when printed.
- 2. To officiate at the reading desk when required by the Clerk, and in case of his absence to perform his duties generally.

- To label and file in the appropriate places all papers presented, with proper dates and references.
- 4. To select each day all papers ordered to be printed, make the list thereof in a book provided for that purpose, and send them to the State Printer, taking his receipt therefor.
 - 5. To keep a list of all absentees on leave, etc.

THE BOOK-KEEPER .- It is his special duty:

- 1. To keep the register of bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., showing therein, and opposite to each title, all action taken and proceedings had, with regard to such papers.
- to distribute to the proper committee, or officers, all bills, petitions and other papers referred.
- 3. To make out all certificates of per diem and mileage, ready for the signature of the Speaker and Clerk.
- 4. To prepare the message to be delivered to the other House, and when not otherwise occupied, to help the Journal Clerk in the performance of his duties.

THE ENGROSSING CLERK .- It is his special duty:

- To engross all bills ordered to a third reading which the rules require to be engrossed, properly placing all amendments adopted prior to the order for their engrossment.
- 2. By the direction of the Chief or Journal Clerk to perform any necessary service appertaining to the duties of the other deputies.

THE ENROLLING CLERK .- It is his especial duty:

To make clear, legible copies of all bills which have been concurred in, without erasures or interlineations.

The Transcribing Clerk.—It is his special duty:

To copy the record of the proceedings of the Assembly into a book prepared for that purpose.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

- 1. Each deputy when not occupied in the performance of his own special duties, is to render such assistance to the Clerk and to his associate deputies as may be in his power, or as the pressure of duties in a particular department may render necessary.
- 2. The deputies are expected to notify the Chief Clerk of any interference by members or others with their duties, and of all improper approaches or requests made to them by any person. They are not to exhibit to any person any bill or other document in their possession without leave of the Chief Clerk.
- 3. Perfect courtesy must at all times be maintained toward members, reporters, associate deputies, and all who have business to transact with the department, but interference with legislation cannot be allowed under any circumstances.

To Members, Officers, and Reporters.—It is especially requested that no member, officer or reporter will interrupt the Assistant Clerk while engaged in keeping the journal. "No journal, record, account or paper," of any kind, must be taken from the desk, unless by express permission of the Clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.—This officer is the executive officer of the house. He has charge of the Post Office and other appurtenant conveniences of the Assembly. He controls the police regulations, attends to the warming of the chambers, serves the subponas and warrants of the Assembly, announces messages from the Governor and from the Senate, provides rooms for committees, receives from the Superintendent of Public Property all public documents ordered or coming in due course, and distributes the same through the Post Office, or otherwise, to members and officers entitled thereto, and keeps the pay roll of the employes in his department. He is to organize his department with such system that each of his subordinates shall know his precise duties, and he is to see that each performs his duty promptly, thoroughly and courteously. He is required to keep the chamber open from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 10 o'clock, P. M.

He should have the printed bills and other documents in his possession so classified and arranged that he can at once answer any call upon him for them. His assistant assists him generally in the discharge of his duties, and takes his place when he is absent.

THE POSTMASTER attends to the receipt and delivery of all mail matter coming to members and officers of the Assembly. Each member has a box in the Post Office of the Assembly corresponding with the number of his seat, in which his mail matter is deposited; and the Postmaster must, by himself or assistant, be at his post from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., and until the adjournment of the Assembly for the day. He receives and forwards all mail matter deposited in his office by members or officers, in time to be mailed from the

Madison Post Office. He is to prominently post in the cloak and hat room (which is the members' side of the Post Office), a notice of the hours of closing the Assembly mails. He is entitled to the exclusive use of the Post Office, and no one ought to be admitted thereto except the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Speaker.

THE ASSISTANT-POSTMASTER brings the mail to and from the Madison Post Office, and assists the Postmaster generally in his duties.

THE DOORKEEPERS attend to the principal door; open and close it for the entry and exit of all persons; maintain order in the lobby and vestibule; see that visitors are seated, and that the regulations of the House, in their department are strictly enforced.

The assistant sergeant-at-arms, postmaster, assistant postmaster, porter, watchman, doorkeepers, and gallery, committee-room, and wash-room attendants, are appointed by the sergeant-at-arms, and are responsible to him.

The messengers are appointed by the Speaker, except those in particular attendance upon the Chief Clerk and Sergeant-at-Arms, who are appointed by said officers respectively.

DUTIES OF MESSENGERS.

- 1. To be in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M., every day (Sunday excepted), whether the Assembly is in session or not.
- 2. To receive the journals and printed bills from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and arrange them in order on the file of each member.
- 3. Not to leave the Assembly Chamber during the *morning hour*, or absent themselves from the session of the Assembly during an entire day, except upon leave of the Speaker, Clerk or Sergeant-at-Arms.
- 4. During the morning hour to take the positions assigned to them by the Clerk, and, standing up, so as to see and be seen, hold themselves in readiness to bring all bills, resolutions, etc., from the several members to the Clerk, when presented.
- 5. After the expiration of the morning hour, when not engaged in filing bills, etc., for the members they have in charge, to answer promptly any call, and render assistance to any member requiring it.
- 6. To refrain from throwing any paper balls, darts, or other missiles; to move lightly across the Assembly Chamber, and demean themselves respectfully towards every member and officer of the Assembly.

Stationery.

The superintendent of public property shall furnish at the opening of every session of the legislature stationery as follows: To the lieutenant governor such quantity as shall be necessary to the discharge of his duties, not exceeding thirty dollars in value. Also sufficient stationery for the proper transaction of the business of the Senate and Assembly, to be delivered to the chief clerks upon their written request, specifying the quantity and kind of stationery required, and the department and purpose for which the same is drawn. Chap. 153, Laws 1882.

Post-Office Arrangements.

The Assembly post-office is in charge of a postmaster appointed by the Sergeant-at-Arms. Each member has a separate box; and all mail matter deposited with the postmaster is sent to the Madison post-office by the post-office messenger, at regular hours, corresponding with the hours of closing the mails at the Madison office.

Process of Passing Bills.

Some diversity of practice exists herein, but the ordinary method in the Assembly is as follows:

A member having prepared a bill and indorsed the title thereof, together with his name, upon the back of it, rises to his feet, at such times as the introduction of bills is in order, and savs:

"Mr. Speaker:

If recognized the Speaker responds:

"The gentleman from ----

The member announces:

"I ask leave to introduce a bill."

The bill is then sent to the Chief Clerk by a Messenger. The Clerk then reads the title of the bill, and the Speaker announces:

"First reading of the bill."

If it is a bill appropriating money, the Clerk reads the bill at length; if not, by its title only; when the Speaker announces:

"Second reading of the bill."

And refers the same to some standing committee, suggested by the member, or, if desired, to a select committee; or to the general file, or, as is usual, the Speaker, of his own motion, makes the reference to such committee as seems to him appropriate.

The bill is, in due course, reported back to the Assembly by the committee, when it is placed in what is called the General File.

Bills in the General File are considered in Committee of the Whole in the exact order in which they are placed upon the file. Proceedings in Committee of the Whole will be elsewhere considered.

After a Committee of the Whole has completed its action upon any bill, and reported the same back to the Assembly, and any recommendation made by the committee passed upon, it is taken up in its order, when the Speaker puts the following question:

"Shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time?"

If decided affirmatively, the bill is sent by the Chief Clerk to the Engrossing Clerk for engrossment. Upon its return engrossed, the original and engrossed bills are placed in the hands of the Committee on Engrossed Bills, who compare them and correct any errors which they may find. When found correct, or made so, the Committee report them to the House as correctly engrossed, when the original is filed by the Chief Clerk, and the engrossed bill goes into the order of "bills ready for a third reading."

When, under the order of business, the bill is reached, the bill (unless it appropriates money) is read by its title, when the Speaker says as follows:

"This bill having been read three several times, the question is, shall the bill pass?"

If the bill passes it is taken to the Senate, with a message announcing its passage by the Assembly, and asking the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Going through with a similar process in the Senate, it is returned with a message announcing the action there had upon it.

If the Senate concurs, the bill is sent to the Enrolling Clerk, who makes a copy thereof, as is elsewhere described. When enrolled it goes to the Committee on Enrolled Bills, who compare it with the engrossed bill; when found or made correct, they report the bill to the Assembly as correctly enrolled; the engrossed bill is filed by the Chief Clerk; the enrolled bill is then indorsed by the Chief Clerk as having originated in the Assembly (for the information of the Governor in case he vetoes it); then it is signed by the Speaker, and sent by the Chief Clerk to the President of the Senate, desiring the signature of the President of the Senate thereto. The Committee on Enrolled Bills of the two Houses, acting jointly, then present the bill, duly signed, to the Governor, for his approval, and report that fact to the House. The Governor, if he approves the bill, informs the House in which it originated, of the fact, and that he has deposited it with the Secretary of State.

This is the ordinary process of a bill through all its stages until it becomes a law. A bill of great interest or importance, or one which is warmly contested, may, by reason of majority and minority reports, special orders, recommitment, amendments, substitutes, committees of conference, and various other parliamentary appliances, pass through a vast variety of stages not before enumerated.

Senate bills coming into the Assembly, after passing the Senate, are read twice by title (unless they appropriate money, when they must be read at length) and then referred to the appropriate committee.

After consideration in Committee of the Whole, the recommendation of the Committee is acted upon in the Assembly — the question being after recommendations are disposed of. "Shall this bill be ordered to a third reading?"

If it is decided affirmatively, the bill passes into the order of "bills on third reading," and when reached in that order the question is,

"Shall this bill be concurred in?"

If concurred in, the bill is returned to the Senate, with the message informing it of that fact.

If it is desired to hasten the passage of the bill, it is done by motion as follows:

"I move to suspend all rules which will interfere with the immediate passage of bill No.
—, Assembly, entitled 'a bill to —, ""

If this motion prevails, which requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the members present, the question will be put on the passage of the bill, and if passed it will go at once to the Senate.

Committee of the Whole.*

The Committee of the Whole is an expedient to simplify the business of legislative bodies. No record is made of its proceedings, and it has no officers except of its own creation, for temporary purposes. It is liable to instant dissolution, in case of disorder, when the Speaker takes the Chair to suppress it, in case of lack of quorum, when the Speaker takes the Chair for a Call of the House or an adjournment, and in case of a message from the Senate or Governor, when the Speaker takes the chair to receive it.

The Assembly may resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole, on some particular bill, resolution or subject, or it may go into Committee of the Whole upon the general file of bills. In the first case the motion is,

"That the Assembly do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole upon [bill No. —, A., a bill ——] or [joint-resolution No. —, A., providing, etc.] or [upon all bills relating to —— as the case may be."]

In the second case it is,

"That the Assembly do now resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole upon the general file of bills."

Bills, resolutions and general matters which have been once considered in Committee of the Whole, in which progress has been made and leave granted for further consideration, have the preference. The motion of the Committee of the Whole for their further consideration, must be made under the head of "bills in which the Committee of the Whole have made progress and obtained leave to sit again;" and in which case the member who presided when the same matter was previously considered in Committee of the Whole, resumes the chair, unless the Speaker names a different member.

The motion of the Committee of the Whole upon the general file must be made under the order of "bills not yet considered in Committee of the Whole."

When the Assembly resolves itself into Committee of the Whole, the Speaker selects a Chairman, as follows:

"The gentleman from —, Mr. —, will take the Chair."

The appointed Chairman advances to the Speaker's desk, and having taken the Chair, receives from the Clerk the papers indicated by the motion for the committee when the Chairman announces:

"Gentlemen: — The committee have under consideration, bill No. —, entitled ——, (reading the title from the back of the bill. Or in case of consideration of the general file,) the committee have under consideration the general file of bills; the first in order is bill No. —, entitled ——.

"The first section is as follows:"

The Chairman then reads the first section, and asks -

"Are there any amendments proposed to the first section?"

If none are offered, the Chairman says:

"No amendments being offered to the first section, the second section will be read."

This process is continued through the whole bill, when at the close of the reading the Chairman says:

"The —th section and the whole bill have now been read, and are open to amendment."

At this point, after the friends of the bill have perfected it, it is customary for the opponents of the bill to open their attack.

After the discussion of the bill to such an extent as may be desired, if no amendments are made, the final vote is generally upon a motion—

"That the bill be reported back to the House without amendment."

If any other bills are before the committee, they are proceeded with in the same manner. If it is desired to have a further consideration of any matter before the committee, or if the general file has not been gone through with, the motion is,

"That the committee rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again."

If the committee has completed its duties, the motion is,

"That the committee rise and report."

Which being analagous to a motion to adjourn, is not debatable. The Chairman states the matter as follows:

"It is moved that the committee do now rise and report [or otherwise as the case may be,]

"Is the committee ready for the question?

"Gentlemen: — Those who are of opinion that this committee do now rise and report (or as the case may be), say aye; those of contrary opinion, say no."

In case of doubt, a division must be had, as the ayes and noes cannot be called in Committee of the Whole.

When the committee rises, the Speaker resumes his seat, and the Chairman, in his place on the floor, reports as follows:

"Mr. Speaker."

The Speaker answers -

"Mr. Chairman."

"Who reports-

"The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration bill No. —, A., entitled ———, and have instructed me to report the same to the House with amendment," [or as the case may be.]

When the general file has been under consideration, the report is as follows:

"The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration the general file of bills, have gone through the same, and have directed me to report to the House the bills contained therein, with sundry amendments and recommendations, as follows, to wit:" [Here follows the title of bills considered, with action taken upon them.]

In case the file has been left unfinished, the report is —

"The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration the general file of bills, and have made some progress therein. I am directed to report back the following bills, with the amendments and recommendations hereinafter specified, and ask leave for the committee to sit again. [Here follows the report of amendments, etc., as above.]

On the latter report the question is-

"Shall leave be granted?"

When, upon a count, it is ascertained that a quorum is not present, the report is —

"The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration ——, and after some progress therein, find there is no quorum present; that fact I herewith report to you."

In the case of confusion or disorder, the Speaker, of his own accord resumes the Chair temporarily and without any formality, for the purpose of suppressing it. When order is restored, the Chairman resumes the Chair and the business proceeds.

Upon the coming in of a report, the recommendations are at once acted on by the Assembly.

When, in Committee of the Whole, any member desires to offer an amendment, it must be reduced to writing and sent to the Chairman, who reads it, and asks — $\,$

"Is the committee ready for the question upon the amendment?"

And if no further amendment or debate, he puts the question in the usual manner.

After a section is once passed, with an unsuccessful effort to amend it, no further amendments are in order. The strictness of this rule, is, however, not always adhered to—an amendment once made, may, however, be reconsidered. Such a motion is—

"That the amendment offered by the gentleman from ———, to the —th section, be reconsidered;"

And is stated as follows:

"The gentleman from —, moves that the amendment offered by the gentleman from , to the —th section be reconsidered."

"Is the Committee ready for the question?

"Those who are of the opinion that said amendmet be reconsidered, say aye; those of a contrary opinion, say no."

In case the amendment is reconsidered, the Chairman, says:

"The motion is carried. The amendment is reconsidered. The question now recurs upon the adoption of the amendment. Is the Committee ready for the question," etc.?

	Forms.			
OF TITLES:				
No. —, a bill to ———.				
Amending bill: A bill relating to ———, and ame	endatory of section —	-, of chapt	ter —— of	the
[See Joint Rule 12.]				
Renealing bill:				

A bill to repeal section ——, of chapter ——, of the ——, relating to statutes or general laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section of the chapter repealed; and in the body of every bill, the full title of the act repealed, shall be recited at length. [See Joint Rule 13.]

Appropriation Bill:
"To appropriate to _____, the sum of _____ dollars."

Titles should be written inside the bill, and indorsed upon the outside, as follows:*

No. —, A.,

A bill to regulate the license to be paid by railroad companies.

MR. GORDON.

RESOLUTIONS should not be entitled, but should have the name of the mover indorsed apon them. The same rule applies to amendments.

Resolutions are of no special form; the following may serve as a general guide in such matters.

Res. No. -, A.

Resolved, That three thousand copies of the Governor's message be furnished by the public printer to the Sergeant-at-Arms, for the use of the Assembly.

"Mr. Tucker."

For Reports the following form is used:

- "The Committee on ____, to whom was referred bill No. _ A., a bill to ____, respectfully report the same back to the House with an amendment; and recommend its pasage when so amended," or,
 - "and recommend that it do pass," or
 - "and recommend that it be indefinitely postponed;" or,
 - "and recommend that it be referred to the delegation from ----," or,
 - "to a select committee."

Or, if the committee report by bill:

- "The committee on ----, to whom was referred -----, respectfully report by bill No. --, ..., a bill to -----:
 - "And recommend its passage."

An Enacting Clause must precede the body of the bill - +

It must invariably be in the following form:

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as sollows: — Const., Art. IV., Sec. 17.

Investigations.

When an investigation is required into any matter, the person most interested in having the inquiry made, should nove the appointment of a committee to take the subject in there. This is done by resolution. The resolution should be so drawn as to state the preside subject to be investigated, and to give the committee all the power which the mover may deam necessary for a thorough examination into the subject matter to be laid before them; this should be done to prevent any misapprehension as to the intention and extent of the laquiry to be made. In case of the adoption of the resolution, the mover, together with other members, will be appointed a committee. They have power to send for persons and papers. The form of a subpoena is as follows:

"THE STATE OF WISCONSIN,

"To ______: You are hereby commanded, that, laying aside all business and excuse, you personally appear and attend before Messrs. _______, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. ______, on the part of the Assembly, a joint committee appointed under a resolution of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate _____ at the room of said committee _____, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, on the _____ day of ____, A. D. one thousand, eight hundred and _____, at the hour of _____ in the _____ noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matters of inquiry before said committee.

"Hereof fail not, under penalty in such case made and provided.

"Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this — day of —,
A. D. 18—
"——, Speaker of the Assembly.

"Attest: _____, Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

^{*} It is important that the titles of bills should be the same on the outside and inside of the bill, as the bill appears on the books of the clerk by the indorsement, and is printed from the inside title and text

[†] Section 17, Article IV, Constitution of Wisconsin provides that legislation shall be by bill, and the enacting clause is necessary to the constitutionality of the law.

may be used:
"To Hon. ———, Speaker of the Assembly:
"I, ———, chairman of the joint committee appointed to investigate ——, do
hereby certify that ———— has been duly subpostated to appear before said committee.
as will fully appear by the writ served, and affidavit of service accompanying the same, on
file with the Chief Clerk of the Assembly. "I further certify that said ————————————————————————————————————
ing to the exigency or mandate of said writ or subpœna.
"Dated Madison, ——, 18—, at — o'clock.
Upon which a warrant in the following form may be used:
"The State of Wisconsin to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly: "It appearing that a writ of subpœna, directed to ————, commanding him to per-
sonally appear and attend before Messrs. ————, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs.
, on the part of the Assembly, a joint committee appointed under a resolution
of the Senate and Assembly, to investigate ————, at the room of said committee, in the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the ——— day of ———, A. D. 18—, at the hour
the city of Madison, the capital of the State, the —— day of ———, A. D. 18—, at the hour
of — in the — noon, then and there, and from time to time, as required by said committee, to testify and give evidence upon the matter of inquiry before said committee, has
been issued, and that the said writ of subpoena was duly personally served upon the said
, on the day of, A. D. 18_, and returned as provided in section one
of an act entitled 'an act concerning evidence and witnesses,' approved February 3, 1857;
and it further appearing by the certificate of the chairman of the said joint committee,
that the said ————————————————————————————————————
the name of the State of Wisconsin, to take the body of him, the said —————, and bring
him before the Assembly, so that he may testify and give evidence before the said commit-
tee, and answer for his contempt of the Assembly in not obeying the mandate of said
subpoena. Hereof fail not.
"Given at the Assembly Chamber, in the city of Madison aforesaid, this day of
, A. D. 18
, A. D. 18 ", Speaker of the Assembly.
"——, Chief Clerk of the Assembly."
"————, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be:
"————, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ———
"————, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of —————, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ————— having
"———, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ————, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ———— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction
"———, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ———, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ———— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly. "Assembly Chamber. ————————————————————————————————————
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"———, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ———, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ————— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly. "Assembly Chamber, ———, 18—. "—————, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly." A resolution, declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding.
"———, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ————, and took him before the committee within named, and the said —————— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly. "Assembly Chamber, ———, 18—. "———————————, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly." A resolution, declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding. The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858.
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"———, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ————, and took him before the committee within named, and the said —————— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly. "Assembly Chamber, ———, 18—. "———————————, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly." A resolution, declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding. The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858.
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"———, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ———, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ————— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly. "Assembly Chamber, ———, 18—. "————, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly." A resolution, declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding. The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858. "Resolved, That the neglect or failure of —————, to appear before the joint investigating committee, composed of Messrs. ————, of the Senate, and Messrs. ————, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpœna of this Assembly, served upon him on the — instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House." This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:
"————, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ————, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ———— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly. "Assembly Chamber, ———, 18—. "—————, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly." A resolution, declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding. The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858. "Resolved, That the neglect or failure of —————, to appear before the joint investigating committee, composed of Messrs. ————, of the Senate, and Messrs. ————, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpœna of this Assembly, served upon him on the — instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House." This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows: "Int. 1.—Why did you not appear before the joint investigating committee, as required
"———, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ———, and took him before the committee within named, and the said ————— having refused to answer interrogatories propounded by said committee, I have him, by direction of said committee, now before the Assembly. "Assembly Chamber, ———, 18—. "————, Sergeant-at-Arms of the Assembly." A resolution, declaring the defaulter to be in contempt, is the next proceeding. The following form for such resolution was used at the session of 1858. "Resolved, That the neglect or failure of —————, to appear before the joint investigating committee, composed of Messrs. ————, of the Senate, and Messrs. ————, of the Assembly, in compliance with the mandate of the writ of subpœna of this Assembly, served upon him on the — instant, as fully appears by the said writ and the affidavit of the service thereof indorsed thereon, now on file with the Chief Clerk of this House, be and the said neglect and failure is hereby declared a contempt of this House." This is followed by an interrogatory, as follows:
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"————, Speaker of the Assembly." To which the return, in ordinary cases, would be: "By virtue of the within process, I did, on the —— day of ——, 18—, arrest the body of ———————————————————————————————————

In case the answer is satisfactory, the offender is discharged; if otherwise, he is punished by reprimand, fine or imprisonment, or both; but such imprisonment can not extend beyond the session of the Legislature.

The report of a Committee on Investigation should consist of three parts:

- 1. The testimony taken:
- 2. A statement of the facts proven thereby, or conclusions derived therefrom;
- 3. Resolutions, or a bill providing for the action which the committee deem proper to be taken in the premises.

Quorums.

Whole number electable.

- "Not less than fifty-four nor more than one hundred" Const., Art. IV., Sec. 2.
- "One from each Assembly District." Chapter 343, Laws 1876 (which provides for one hundred Assembly Districts).

To expel a member - 67.

- "Two-thirds of all the members elected." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 8.
- To do any business except to adjourn from day to day, and to compel the attendance of absent members 51.
 - "A majority." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.
 - To cause the ayes and nays on any question to be entered on the journal -
 - "One-sixth of those present." Const., Art. IV., Sec. 20.

(See table on next page.)

To pass any bill which imposes, continues or renews a tax, or creates a debt or charge, or makes, continues or renews any appropriation of public trust money, or releases, discharges or commutes a claim or demand from the State —

"A majority of three-fifths."—(31), three-fifths (60), being present. Const., Art. VIII., Sec. 8.

To adjourn from day to day --

- "A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.
- To compel the attendance of absent members -
- "A smaller number" (than a majority). Const., Art. IV., Sec. 7.

To agree to an amendment of the Constitution - 51.

- "A majority of the members elected." Const., Art. XII., Sec. 1.
- To recommend a Constitutional Convention —

"A majority" (present). Const., Art. XII., Sec. 2.

(See table on next page.)

To contract a public debt - 51 affirmative votes.

- "A majority of all the members elected." Const., Art. VIII., Sec. 6.
- To pass any bill, resolution or motion —
- "A majority" (at least 26), of a quorum of 51,

(See table on next page.)

To make a call of the House - 15.

"Fifteen members." Rule 66, A.

To order the previous question — (at least 26.)

"A majority present." Rule 74, A. (See

(See table on next page.)

To suspend the rules — at least 34.

"Two-thirds of the members present." Rule 94, A.

(See table on next page.)

To change the order of business - (at least 34.)

"Two-thirds of the members present." Rule 94, A.

Table
Showing the number constituting a majority, one-sixth and two-thirds of a working quorum of any number.

No. present.	One-Sixth.	Two-thirds.	Majority.	No. present.	One-sixth.	Two-thirds	Majority.	No. present.	One-sixth.	Two-thirds.	Majority.
51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67	9 9 9 10 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11	34 35 36 37 38 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 44 44 45	26 27 27 28 28 29 30 30 31 31 82 32 33 34 34	68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 81 82 83	12 12 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14	46 46 47 48 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56	35 36 36 37 37 38 38 39 40 40 41 41 42 42 42 43	85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98	15 15 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 17 17 17	57 58 58 59 60 60 61 62 62 63 64 65 66 67	48 44 45 45 46 46 47 47 48 49 49 50 51

RULES AND JOINT RULES.

It is much more material that there should be a rule to go by, than what that rule is; that there may be a uniformity of proceeding in business, not subject to the caprice of the speaker, or captiousness of the members. It is very material that order, decency, and regularity be preserved in a dignified public body. 2 Hats., 149

RULES OF THE SENATE.

CALLING THE SENATE TO ORDER.

1.—The Lieutenant Governor of the State, who, by the 8th section of the 5th article of the Constitution, is constituted ex-officio President of the Senate, shall, when present, take the chair at the hour fixed for the meeting of the Senate, when he shall immediately call the Senators to order, who shall thereupon take their seats, and continue with their heads uncovered, while the Senate remains in session; the clerk shall call the roll of Senators at the opening of the session on each day.

DUTIES OF PRESIDENT.

- 2.—The President shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to Senators, rising from his seat for that purpose; and shall decide points of order, subject to an appeal to the Senate by any Senator.
- 3.—The President shall appoint all committees, except standing committees. The standing committees shall be appointed by resolution. The president shall sign all acts, memorials, addresses and resolutions. All writs, warrants and subpœnas that may be issued by the Senate, shall be signed by him and attested by the clerk.

PRESIDENT PRO TEM.

4.—The Senate shall elect a President pro tempore, for the session, who shall possess all the powers and prerogatives of the President of the Senate in the absence of the President, and in the absence or inability of the President pro tem. to preside, the President shall have the right to name any Senator to perform any of the duties of the Chair temporarily, and who shall be invested, during such time, with all the powers of the President; but no Senator shall be excused from voting on any question by reason of his occupying the chair; nor shall such substitute's authority as presiding officer, except to the President pro tem., extend beyond a day's adjournment of the Senate.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

5.—Whenever the Senate determines to go into Committee of the Whole, the President shall name one of the Senators as Chairman, who shall, for the time being, be invested with all the authority of the presiding officer of the Senate.

DISTURBANCES IN THE LOBBY

6.—Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby, the President shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons except the Senators and officers of the Senate.

QUESTIONS - HOW STATED AND DECIDED.

7.—Questions may be stated by the President while sitting, but he shall rise to put a question, and shall use this form: "As many as are of the opinion that (as the question may be) will say aye;" and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "As many as are of a different opinion, will say no." If the President doubt as to the voice of the majority, or a division be called for, the Senate shall divide—those in the affirmative on the question shall first rise and be counted, or, if there still be a doubt, or a count be called for, the President shall ap-

point two tellers, one from each side, to make the count and report the same to the Presi dent, who shall declare the same to the Senate.

QUORUMS.

8.—A majority of all the members elected to the Senate must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of ordinary business; three-fifths of the Senators elected to the Senate must be present to constitute a quorum for the passage of appropriation bills, as provided by the Constitution of the State; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and have power to compel the attendance of absent Senators.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

9.—No Senator or officer of the Senate, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the sessions of the Senate during an entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

10.—Any committee required or entitled to report upon a subject referred to them may make a majority and minority report; any member of such committee dissenting in whole or in part, from either the conclusions or the reasoning of both the majority and minority, shall be entitled to present to the Senate a brief statement of the reasons of such dissent, which, if decorous in its language, and respectful to the Senate, shall be entered on the journal in connection with the majority and minority reports.

CLERK - ELECTION OF AND DUTIES.

11.—A clerk shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the Senate; he shall keep a correct journal of the daily proceedings of the Senate, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him; he shall superintend the recording of the journal proceedings, the engrossing, enrolling, transcribing and copying of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records nor papers belonging to the Senate to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the President; and generally shall perform, under the direction of the President, all duties pertaining to his office as Clerk.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

12.—A Sergeant-at-Arms shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the Senate. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the President of the Senate, and to perform all duties that may be assigned him, connected with the police and good order of the Senate Chamber; to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the Chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed, and to perform all other services pertaining to the post of Sergeant-at Arms.

COMMITTEES.

13.—The following Standing Committees shall be elected by the Senate at such times as may be designated, unless otherwise directed; and

The Committee on Judiciary, shall consist of seven members; the Committee on Railroads shall consist of nine members, and all other standing committees shall consist of three members each:

- 1. On Judiciary.
- 2. On State Affairs.
- 3. On Finance, Banks and Insurance.
- 4. On Railroads.
- 5. On Education.
- 6. On Manufactures and Commerce.
- 7. On Assessment and Collection of Taxes.
- 8. On Incorporations and Public Improvements.
- 9. On Town and County Affairs.
- 10. On Public Lands.
- 11. On Military Affairs.
- 12. On Public Health and Safety.
- 13. On Privileges and Elections.
- 14. On Legislative Expenditures.
- On Federal Relations.
- 16. On Roads and Bridges.
- 17. On Agriculture.
- On Engrossed Bills.
- 19. On Enrolled Bills.

The following shall be joint committees, and shall be constituted as follows:

- 1. On Claims.*—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.
- 2. On Charitable and Penal Institutions. Three from Senate and five from the Assembly.
 - 3. On Printing.+ Three from the Senate and three from the Assembly.

REPORTERS, PERSONS PRIVILEGED TO FLOOR OF SENATE.

14.—Reporters for newspapers can have seats assigned them by the President, within the bar of the Chamber, for the purpose of taking down the proceedings, but not so as to interfere with the convenience of the Senate. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney-General, Senators, Ex-Senators, and Members of Congress, Judges of any Court, Senators, and ex-members of State Legislatures, and Members of the Assembly of this State, and all editors of newspapers in the State may be admitted to seats within the bar of the Senate.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

15.—The order of business shall be as follows:

- 1. Call of the roll.
- 2. Correction of the journal.
- 3. Communications to the Legislature.
- 4. Resolutions may be offered.
- 5. Introduction and reference of bills.
- 6. Reports of Standing Committees.
- 7. Reports of Select Committees.
- 8. Executive Communications.
 9. Communications from the Assembly, and action thereon.
- 10. Senate resolutions may be considered.
- 11. Bills ready for a third reading.
- 12. Bills on their third reading.
- 13. Bills ready for engrossment and third reading.
- 14. Bills reported by Committee of the Whole.
- 15. Bills not yet considered in the Committee of the Whole.

CALL TO ORDER.

- 16. When any Senator is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the Senate, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," and shall confine himself to the question under consideration, and avoid personalities.
- 17.— When any Senator is called to order, he shall sit down until it shall be determined whether he is in order or not, except he be permitted to explain; and if a Senator be called to order for words spoken in debate, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing immediately.
- 18.— When two or more Senators happen to rise at the same time, the President shall name the Senator who is first to speak.
- 19.—No Senator shall speak more than twice on the same question during the same day, without the consent of the Senate.
- 20.—While the President is putting any question or addressing the Senate, no Senator shall walk out of or across the room, nor entertain private discourse; nor whilst a Senator is speaking, shall pass between him and the Chair. No Senator or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the ayes and noes are being called or the ballots counted.
- 21.—No Senator shall vote on any question in any case where he was not in the Chamber of the Senate when the question was put, unless by leave of the Senate; nor shall any Senator be counted, upon a division and count of the Senate, who shall be without the Chamber at the time. The word "chamber" shall be construed as including the lobby and gallery, and the rooms of the President, Chief Clerk, Sergeant-at-Arms and the post office.

EVERY SENATOR TO VOTE UNLESS EXCUSED.

22.— Every Senator who may be within the Senate Chamber when the question is put, shall give his vote, unless the Senate shall excuse him from voting. When a question is being taken, or about to be taken, it shall be competent for any Senator to call for the ayes and noes, which shall be entered on the journal. All motions to excuse a Senator from vot-

ing shall be made before the call of the ayes and noes is commenced, and any Senator wishing to be excused from voting may briefly and pertinently explain his reasons therefor before the call of the ayes and noes is commenced; but when the ayes and noes are being taken, the call shall not be interrupted for any purpose whatever.

23.— When a motion is made it shall be stated by the President, or, being in writing, it shall be handed to the Chair, and read aloud before debate.

24.—Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President or any Senator desire it. 25.—After a motion is stated by the President, or read by the Clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the Senate, but may be withdrawn or altered at any time before a decision or amendment, on leave of the Senate.

26.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be in order, except to fix a day to which to adjourn, to adjourn, to send for papers for re-consideration, to reconsider, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to postpone to a day certain, to commit, to amend. to strike out the enacting clause, or postpone indefinitely; and these several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they herein stand arranged. But a motion to postpone to a day certain, to strike out the enacting clause, or postpone indefinitely, shall not again be in order on the same day, or at the same stage of the proposition.

27.—A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except as restricted by the "previous question." A motion to adjourn, to lay on the table, to take a recess, shall be decided without debate.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

28.—Any Senator may move the previous question. It being seconded by four Senators aside from the mover, "the previous question" shall be put in this form: "Shall the main question now be put?" It shall only be admitted when sustained by a majority of Senators present, and shall preclude amendments and further debate, until the main question shall have been disposed of. The "main question" shall be the original proposition and pending amendments. When the Senate shall have determined that the main question shall not now be put, the pending subject shall be considered as remaining under debate, and may be proceeded with and determined upon in the same manner as though the previous question had not been moved. When the Senate shall have determined that the main question shall now be put, its effect shall be to bring the Senate to a direct vote-first on pending amendments in their order, and then on the main question, without debate or further amendment. But after the previous question has been seconded, and prior to the Senate having determined that the main question shall now be put, a motion to adjourn and a call of the Senate shall each be in order, but no further motion or call shall be in order, except to receive the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms, or dispense with proceedings under the call; and all motions and proceedings authorized by this rule shall be decided without debate, whether on appeal or otherwise.

RECONSIDERATION.

29.—It shall be in order for any Senator who voted with the prevailing side on any question, to move a reconsideration of such vote, on the same or next succeeding day that the Senate shall be in session, and such motion shall take precedence of all other questions, except a motion to fix a day to which to adjourn, or to adjourn. A motion to reconsider having been put and determined, shall not again be in order.

DIVISION OF QUESTION.

30.—Any Senator may call for a division of the question when the same will admit of it.

A motion to strike out being lost shall not preclude an amendment, nor a motion to strike out and insert.

PAPERS TO BE READ BEFORE PRESENTED.

31.—A Senator offering a resolution or an amendment to a bill, resolution or memorial, may read the same in his place before presenting it to the President; and every petition, memorial, remonstrance, resolution, bill and report of committee shall be indorsed with its appropriate title, and immediately under the indorsement, the name of the Senator presenting the same shall be written.

CALL OF THE SENATE.

32.—Any three Senators may make a call of the Senate and require absent Senators to be sent for, but a call of the Senate cannot be made after the voting has commenced; and a call of the Senate being ordered, the doors shall be closed and the absentees noted, and

no Senator permitted to leave the room until the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms be received and acted upon, or further proceedings in the call be suspended, or the Senate adjourn. Previous to the reception of such report, further proceedings in the call shall not be suspended, except by the vote of two-thirds of the Senators present.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

- 33.—The rules observed by the Senate shall govern as far as practicable the proceedings in Committee of the Whole, except that a Senator may speak oftener than twice on the same subject, and that a call of the ayes and noes, or for the previous question, cannot be made in committee.
- 34.— Amendments made in Committee of the Whole, shall be entered on a separate piece of paper, and reported to the Senate by the chairman, standing in his place on the floor of the Senate. All amendments and other propositions reported by Committee of the Whole shall be disposed of in the same manner as if proposed in the Senate.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND PAPERS.

- 35.— All bills, resolutions, reports and papers, when introduced, shall be indorsed with the name of the Senator, or Committee, presenting the same to the Senate.
- 36.—Every bill, memorial or joint resolution requiring the signature of the Governor shall receive three several readings previous to its passage. But no such bill or memorial, or joint resolution, shall receive a second and third reading on the same day.

COMMITMENTS.

37.—No bill or joint resolution shall be committed or amended until it has been twice read. If objections are raised to the bill on its first reading, the question shall be, "shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject be lost, the bill shall go to its second reading.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE MAY CONSIDER BILLS.

38.—When a bill, joint resolution, or memorial to congress shall have received two readings, and been reported to the Senate for further action, the bill, resolution or memorial shall be placed on the calendar of bills on their engrossment and third reading. No bill or memorial shall be ordered to a third reading on the same day on which it is reported by the committee, except on the last day of the session.

COPIES TO BE PRINTED.

39.—Two hundred and fifty copies of every bill, joint resolution or memorial, of a general nature, shall be printed after the second reading, unless otherwise ordered; and all bills, resolutions and amendments, after being printed, shall remain at least one day on the files before being considered.

ENGROSSMENT OF BILLS

40.— The final question upon the second reading of every bill or other paper, originating in the Senate, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "shall it be engrossed and read a third time?" And upon every such bill or paper originating in the Assembly, "shall it be ordered to a third reading?"

AMENDMENTS ON THIRD READING.

41.—After a bill has been read a third time, no amendment shall be in order, except to fill blanks, without the unanimous consent of the Senate, unless, on commitment, such amendments shall have been reported by a committee, in which case, after amendments so reported shall have been disposed of, the question shall be the same as was pending before the reference, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate. A bill, resolution or memorial, may be committed at any time previous to its passage.

BILLS TO BE ENGROSSED.

42.—Every bill, joint resolution, or memorial originating in the Senate shall be carefully engrossed before being transmitted to the Assembly for concurrence.

CLERK TO TRANSMIT BILLS TO THE ASSEMBLY.

43.—Immediately after the passage of any bill or other paper, to which the concurrence of the Assembly is to be asked, it shall be the duty of the clerk to transmit the same to the Assembly, unless some member of the Senate shall make a motion to reconsider the vote by which the Senate passed said bill or other paper, in which case the Clerk shall not transmit said bill or other paper, until the motion to reconsider has been put; and on the concurrence

in any bill or other paper of the Assembly, by the Senate, or on the concurrence or disagreement in any vote of the Assembly by the Senate, it shall also be the duty of the Clerk to notify the Assembly thereof.

MEMORIALS TO CONGRESS.

44.—Memorials to Congress, to the President of the United States, or the heads of either of the departments, may be considered in Committee of the Whole before being adopted.

COMMITTEES NOT TO BE ABSENT WITHOUT LEAVE.

45.—Committees shall not absent themselves from the Senate by reason of their appointment, unless special leave for that purpose be first obtained.

ENROLLMENT.

46.—It shall be in order for the Committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time.

MAJORITY VOTE.

47.— When an amendment of the Constitution, or any bill requiring the concurrence of more than a majority of the members present, is under consideration, a mere majority may decide all questions arising thereon, except the final question.

AYES AND NOES TO BE CALLED AND CERTIFIED.

43.—Upon the final passage of any bill or proposition in which the concurrence of more than a majority of Senators present is required by the Constitution of this State, the question shall be taken by ayes and noes, which shall be entered at large upon the journal, and it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk to certify on the back of every such bill or proposition, the number of Senators voting for and against the passage of the same.

PRESIDENT TO ADMINISTER OATHS.

49.—The President is authorized to administer all oaths prescribed in the foregoing rules.

HOUR OF MEETING.

50.—The standing hour for the daily meeting of the Senate shall be 10 o'clock in the morning until the Senate direct otherwise.

RESOLUTIONS TO LIE OVER.

51.—All resolutions introduced shall remain on the files one day before being considered, and all resolutions involving the expenditure of money, shall, on their introduction, be referred to an appropriate committee and reported upon before being considered.

AMENDMENTS BY SUBSTITUTE - HOW MADE.

52.—No bill or resolution shall be amended by substitute, otherwise than by striking out all after the enacting or resolving clause, and inserting the substitute without any enacting or resolving clause. And whenever a bill is amended in a manner that requires a change in the title of the bill, the title shall be amended to correspond with the amended bill at the same time.

JEFFERSON'S MANUAL THE STANDARD.

53.—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules and the orders of the Senate, and the joint rules and orders of the Senate and Assembly.

CHANGING OF RULES.

54.— No standing rule of the Senate shall be rescinded, changed or suspended, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present.

RULES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

MEETING, QUORUM, PRIVILEGES, ETC.

- 1.— The hour for the meeting of the Assembly shall be at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless a different hour shall be prescribed by resolution.
- 2.— Before proceeding to business, the roll of the members elected to the Assembly shall be called, and the names of those present and absent shall be entered on the journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; a smaller number, however, can adjourn from time to time, and shall have power to compel the attendance of the absent members.
- 3.—No member or officer of the Assembly, unless from illness or other cause he shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the sessions of the Assembly during an entire day, without first having obtained leave of absence.
- 4.— Contestants for seats shall have the privileges of the House until their respective cases are disposed of; the privileges to extend only so far as access to the Assembly Chamber, during the time occupied in settling the contest.

WHO MAY BE ADMITTED TO THE FLOOR.

6.— Persons of the following classes, and no others, shall be admitted to the floor of the House during the session thereof, viz.: The Governor and Lieutenant Governor; Members of the Senate; the State officers; the Regents of the University; Members of Congress; Judges of the Supreme and other Courts; ex-Members of the Wisconsin Legislature; all editors of newspapers within the State, and reporters for the press; such other persons as the Speaker may invite.

DISTURBANCE IN LOBBY.

6.— Whenever any disturbance or disorderly conduct shall occur in the lobby or gallery, the Speaker (or the Chairman of the Committee of the Whole) shall have power to cause the same to be cleared of all persons, except members and officers of the Assembly.

READING NEWSPAPERS AND SMOKING PROHIBITED.

7.—No member or officer of the Assembly shall be permitted to read newspapers within the bar of the House while the Assembly is in session; nor shall any person be permitted to smoke in the Assembly room while the Assembly is in session.

OF THE OFFICERS.

8.— The Assembly shall elect, viva voce, one of its members as presiding officer, who shall be styled Speaker of the Assembly, and he shall hold his office during one session.

DUTIES OF SPEAKER.

9.— It shall be the general duty of the Speaker—

To open the session, at the time to which the Assembly is adjourned, by taking the chair and calling the members to order;

To announce the business before the Assembly in the order in which it is to be acted upon; To receive and submit, in the proper manner, all motions and propositions presented by the members:

To put to vote all questions which are regularly moved, or which necessarily arise in the course of proceedings, and to announce the result:

To restrain the members when engaged in debate, within the rules of order;

To enforce on all occasions the observance of order and decorum among the members;

To inform the Assembly, when necessary, or when referred to for the purpose, in a point of order or practice;

To receive messages and other communications from other branches of the government and announce them to the Assembly;

To authenticate, by his signature, when necessary, all the acts, orders and proceedings of the Assembly;

To name the members—when directed to do so in a particular case, or when it is a part of his general duty by these rules—who are to serve on committees; and in general;

- To represent and stand for the Assembly, declaring its will, and in all things obeying its commands. Every officer of the Assembly is subordinate to the Speaker, and, in all that relates to the prompt and correct discharge of official duty, is under his supervision.
- 10.—The Speaker shall preserve order and decorum; may speak to points of order in preference to others, rising from his seat for that purpose; and he shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Assembly by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once unless by leave of the Assembly. On an appeal being taken, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the Assembly?"—which question, and the action of the Assembly thereon, shall be entered on the journal.
- 11.—The Speaker may call a member to the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.
- 12.—In the absence of the Speaker, the assembly shall elect a Speaker pro tempore, whose office shall cease on the return of the Speaker.
- 13.—The Speaker shall vote on a call for the yeas and nays, and his name shall be recorded with those of the other members.

DUTIES OF THE CLERK.

- 14.—A CHIEF CLERK shall be elected at the commencement of each session, to hold his office at the pleasure of the assembly; he shall keep a correct journal of the daily proceedings of the body, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him; he shall superintend the recording of the journals of proceedings; the engrossing, enrolling, transcribing and copying of bills, resolutions, etc.; shall permit no records or papers belonging to the Assembly to be taken out of his custody, otherwise than in the regular course of business; shall report any missing papers to the notice of the Speaker; and generally shall perform, under direction of the Speaker all duties pertaining to his office as Clerk, and shall be responsible for the official acts of his assistants.
- 15.—The Chief Clerk shall appoint one assistant to aid in the performance of his duties at the desk, and he shall be styled the Journal Clerk. He shall also appoint the necessary corps of assistants to act as Book-keeper, Engrossing and Enrolling Clerks.

CHIEF CLERK MAY CORRECT CERTAIN ERRORS.

16.—The Chief Clerk and his engrossing clerks, in all proper cases, shall correct any mere clerical error in any Assembly bill, memorial or resolution, such as errors in orthography, or the use of one word for another, as affect for "effect," previous for "previously," are for "is," banks for "bank," and the like; and also all mistakes for numbering the sections and references thereto, whether such errors occur in the original bill, or are caused by amendments made thereto. It shall also be competent for the Chief Clerk at any time before the passage of any Assembly bill, to insert therein an "enacting clause," when such clause has evidently been omitted through mistake or inadvertence. But no corrections, other than such as are authorized by this rule, shall be made at any time by the Clerk or his assistants, unless upon the order of the Assembly. On questions of orthography, Webster's Unabridged Dictionary shall be taken as the standard.

ACTS, ETC., TO BE SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER AND CLERK.

17.—All acts, addresses and resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker, and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the Assembly, shall be under his hand and attested by the Clerk.

DUTIES OF SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

18.—A Sergeant-at-Arms shall be elected at the commencement of each session to hold his office at the pleasure of the Assembly. It shall be his duty to execute all orders of the Speaker or Assembly, and to perform all the duties they may assign to him connected with the police and good order of the Assembly Chamber; to exercise a supervision over the ingress and egress of all persons to and from the Chamber; to see that messages, etc., are promptly executed; that the hall is properly ventilated, and is open for the use of the members of the Assembly from 8 A. M. until 10 P. M., and to perform all other services pertaining to the office of Sergeant-at-Arms.

COMMITTEES.

19.—The standing committees of the Assembly shall consist of five members each, except the committee on Judiciary, the committee on Railroads, and the committee on Cities, which shall consist of nine members each, and the committee on State Affairs, which shall consist of seven members, and shall be as follows:

1. On Judiciary.

2. On Bills in the Third Reading.

3. On Ways and Means.

4. On Federal Relations.

5. On Education.

6. On Railroads.

7. On Insurance, Banks and Banking.

8. On State Affairs.

9. On Cities.

10. On Privileges and Elections.

On Incorporations.

12. On Assessment and Collection of Taxes.

On Lumber and Manufactures.

14. On Public Improvements.

15. On Militia.

16. On Agriculture.

17. On Town and County Organization.

18. On Roads and Bridges.

19. On Public Lands.

20. On Medical Societies.

21. On Legislative Expenditures.

22. On Engrossed Bills.

23. On Enrolled Bills.

- 20. The following committees shall be joint committees, and shall be constituted as follows:
 - 1. On Claims. Five from the Assembly and three from the Senate.
- 2. On Charitable and Penal Institutions. Five from the Assembly and three from Senate.
 - 3. On Printing. Three from the Assembly and three from the Senate.
- 21.—Select or special committees may be raised on motion or by resolution, designating the number and object, and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be appointed, by the Speaker.

MAJORITY AND MINORITY REPORTS.

22.—In case all the members of any committee required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them cannot agree upon a report, the majority and minority of such committee may each make a separate report; and any member dissenting in whole or in part, from the reasonings or conclusions of both the majority and minority, may also present to the Assembly a statement of his reasoning and conclusion; and all reports, if decorous in language and respectful to the Assembly, shall be entered at length on the journal.

PAPERS TO LIE ON THE TABLE UNTIL REPORTS ARE PRINTED.

23.—In all cases where there shall be both majority and minority reports submitted to the Assembly, the bill, memorial, resolution or other matter reported upon, shall lie upon the table until the reports thereon shall have been printed in the journal and laid upon the desks of members.

TITLE OF BILL TO BE RECITED.

24.— Every committee, in reporting upon any bill or memorial, shall recite at length, in their report, the title of such bill or memorial, as well as the number thereof.

ABSENCE OF COMMITTEES.

25.— No committee shall absent themselves by reason of their appointment, during the sitting of the Assembly, without special leave, except a committee of Conference.

REVISORY COMMITTEE.

26.—The committee on bills in the third reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetition and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and reference and consistency with existing statutes; provided, that any change in the sense or legal effect or any material change in the construction, shall be reported to the house as an amendment.

ENGROSSMENT OF BILLS.

27.—Whenever an Assembly bill, which is fairly written, without interlineation or erasure, is ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without amendment, the Committee on Engrossed Bills may report such bill back to the Assembly as the engrossed bill.

REPORT ON ENROLLED BILLS.

28.—The Committee on Enrolled Bills shall not report any bill as correctly enrolled that has any words interlined therein, or when any words have been erased therefrom.

- 29.—It shall be in order for the Committee on Enrolled Bills to report at any time, except when questions are being taken, or a Call of the House is being had.
- 30.—No standing or select committee, nor any member thereof, shall report any "substitute," or "amendment," for any bill, or bills, or resolution, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose than that of the original bill or resolution for which it is reported, or which, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different than the title of the original bill or resolution; or any substitute, bill or resolution so reported shall be rejected whenever the Assembly is advised that the same is in violation of this rule. And this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the Assembly, and shall apply to bills or resolutions originating in the Senate, as well as those originating in the Assembly.
- 31.—No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment, and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therein, any other bill or resolution pending before the Assembly.

Journal and Order of Business.

THE JOURNAL.

32.—The journal of each day's proceedings shall be printed in pamphlet form and laid upon the desks of members the following morning. The journal need not be read unless ordered by the Assembly. Any member discovering an error in the journal may call the attention of the Assembly to such error and have the same corrected by the Clerk.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

- 33.—After an opportunity shall have been given to correct the journal, the order of business shall be as follows:
 - Letters, petitions, memorials, accounts, remonstrances and accompanying documents may be presented and referred.
 - 2. Resolutions may be offered.
 - 3. Resolutions may be considered.
 - 4. Bills may be introduced, and notice of leave to introduce bills may be given.
 - Reports of committees may be made and considered; first, from standing committees, and next, from select committees.
 - Messages and other Executive communications.
 - 7. Messages from the Senate.
 - 8. Bills and resolutions from the Senate on their first and second readings.
 - 9. Senate bills on their third reading.
 - 10. Assembly bills ready for a third reading.
 - 11. Bills reported by a Committee of the Whole.
 - 12. Bills in which a Committee of the Whole has made progress, and obtained leave to sit again.
 - 13. Bills not yet considered in Committee of the Whole.

MORNING HOUR.

34—After one hour shall have been devoted to the consideration of business under the first, second and third heads, in the preceding rule, the Assembly shall proceed to dispose of the business on the Speaker's table, and the orders of the day.

PETITIONS.

35—Petitions, memorials, communications, and other papers addressed to the Assembly shall be presented by a member in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be made verbally and indorsed thereon, together with his name, by the member introducing the same.

INTRODUCTION OF RESOLUTIONS.

- 36.—Any member offering a resolution in the Assembly may read the same in his place before sending it to the Chair. It shall then be read by the Clerk, and when so read shall be considered before the House; but it shall not be acted on by the House on the same day on which it is offered, without leave.
- 37.—All bills and resolutions offered in the Assembly by any member or committee shall be indorsed by the member or committee offering the same.

FIRST AND SECOND READING OF THE BILLS.

38.—The first reading of the bill shall be for information, and if objection be made to it, the question shall be, "Shall the bill be rejected?" If no objection be made, or the question to reject be lost, the bill shall go to its second reading without further question.

BILLS NOT COMMITTED UNTIL TWICE READ.

39.— No bill or resolution that requires three readings shall be committed or amended until it shall be twice read; and all joint resolutions which will require the signature of the Governor shall take the same course as to their reading, as in the case of bills, unless otherwise ordered by the Assembly.

REFERENCE OF BILLS, ETC.

40.—On the second reading, every bill or memorial requiring three readings, shall be referred to the appropriate standing committee, which shall be amounced by the Speaker, unless the Assembly, on motion, make a different order in relation thereto. And this rule shall apply as well to bills and memorials originating in the Senate, as to those originating in the Assembly, except bills reported by joint committee.

PRINTING OF BILLS.

41.—Two hundred and fifty copies of every bill shall be printed after a second reading, unless otherwise ordered. And all bills, resolutions and memorials, that shall be printed, shall remain at least one day on the files, after being printed, before being considered.

READING OF BILLS.

- 42.— If the Assembly shall dispense with the printing of any bill or memorial, such bill or memorial shall be read at length at least once before its final passage; and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the Assembly.
- 43.—The second and third reading of all bills appropriating money, shall be at length, and a suspension of this rule shall not be made without the unanimous consent of the Assembly.
- 44.—Every bill shall receive three several readings previous to its passage, but no bill shall receive its second and third readings on the same day. And no bill shall receive a third reading that has not been referred to one of the standing committees of the Assembly, or to a joint committee of the Senate and Assemby.

GENERAL FILE.

45.— Bills committed to committees and reported back by them, bills originating with and reported by committees, and bills taking no other reference shall constitute the "General File." Bills in the general file shall be arranged therein by the Clerk in the order in which they are reported, or referred thereto as aforesaid, and shall be considered in the same order unless the Assembly shall direct otherwise.

BILLS TO BE CONSIDERED IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

46.—All bills, resolutions, memorials, etc., requiring the approval of the Governor, shall after the second reading, be considered by the House in Committee of the Whole, before they shall be taken up and considered by the Assembly.

How Business Conducted.

ADDRESSING THE SPEAKER.

47.—When a member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the Assembly, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address the Chair, thus: "Mr. Speaker," and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality.

SPEAKER TO DECIDE WHO HAS THE FLOOR.

48.—When any two or more members shall arise at the same time the Speaker shall name the person who is first to speak.

CALL TO ORDER WHILE SPEAKING.

49.—When a member is called to order, he shall sit down, and shall not speak, except in explanation, until it shall have been determined whether he is in order or not; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the exceptional words shall be taken down in writing, that the Speaker and Assembly may be better able to judge.

SPEAKING MORE THAN TWICE OR OUT OF PLACE PROHIBITED.

50.— No member shall speak except in his place, nor more than twice on any question, except on leave of the Assembly.

ORDER WHILE THE SPEAKER OR A MEMBER IS SPEAKING.

51.—While the Speaker is addressing the Assembly, or putting a question, no member shall cross the floor, or leave the House; nor while a member is speaking, walk between him and the Chair.

MOTIONS.

- 52.—When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, except -
 - 1. To adjourn;
 - 2. To lay on the table;
 - 3. For the previous queestion;
 - 4. To postpone to a day certain;
 - 5. To commit to a standing committee;
 - 6. To commit to a select committee:
 - 7. To amend;
 - 8. To postpone indefinitely.

And these several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged in this rule.

53.—A motion to strike out the enacting clause of an Assembly bill shall be considered equivalent to a motion to indefinitely postpone.

NO MEMBER TO SPEAK MORE THAN TWICE WITHOUT LEAVE.

54.—If a question depending be lost by adjournment, and revived on the succeeding day, no member who shall have spoken twice on the preceding day shall be permitted again to speak without leave of the Assembly.

MOTIONS DECIDED WITHOUT DEBATE.

65.—A motion to adjourn, to lay on the table, and a call for the previous question, shall be decided without debate. And all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion is made for either of the questions named in this rule, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

MOTIONS NOT TO BE RENEWED.

56.—A motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided, shall not be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

MOTIONS, HOW STATED, ETC.

57.—When a motion is made, it shall be stated by the Speaker, or read by the Clerk, previous to debate. If any member require it, all motions (except to adjourn, postpone or commit) shall be reduced to writing. Any motion may be withdrawn, by consent of the Assembly, before division or amendment.

QUESTIONS, HOW PUT.

58.—All questions shall be put in this form: "Those who are of opinion (as the case may be) say, Aye. Those of contrary opinion say, No." And in doubtful cases any member may call for a division.

AYES AND NOES, WHEN TAKEN.

59.—It shall be competent for one-sixth of the members present, when a question is taken, to order the yeas and nays, which shall be recorded by the Clerk. In recording the votes taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall record the names of those absent or not voting.

MEMBERS TO VOTE UNLESS EXCUSED.

60.— Every member present, when a question is put, or when his name is called shall vete, unless the Assembly shall, for special cause, excuse him, but it shall not be in order for a member to be excused after the House has commenced voting.

DIVISION OF A QUESTION.

61.—Any member may call for the division of a question, which shall be divided, if it comprehend propositions, in substance so distinct, that, one being taken away, a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the Assembly. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

COMMITTAL OF PAPERS.

62 - Bills, reports and motions may be committed at the pleasure of the Assembly.

FILLING BLANKS.

63. - In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall first be put.

TIE VOTE.

64. - In all cases, when the Assembly is equally divided, the question shall be lost.

RECONSIDERATION.

65. — When a motion or question shall have been once determined, either in the affirmative or negative, it shall always be in order for any member of the majority, or where the Assembly is equally divided, for any member who voted in the negative, to move for a reconsideration thereof, on the same or succeeding day. A motion to reconsider being put and lost, shall not be renewed.

NO ONE TO REMAIN BY THE CLERK'S TABLE.

66.—No member or other person shall visit or remain by the Clerk's table while the yeas and nays are being called.

CALL OF THE HOUSE.

- 67.—Any fifteen members may make a call of the House and require absent members to be sent for; but a call of the House cannot be made after the voting has commenced.
- 68.—On a call of the House being moved, the Speaker shall say: "It requiring fifteen members to order a call of the House, those in favor of the call will rise;" and if fifteen or more shall rise, the call shall be thereby ordered.
- 69.-A call of the House being ordered, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall close the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the room.
- 70.— The clerk shall immediately call the roll of members, and note the absentees, whose names shall be read, and entered upon the journal in such manner as to show who are absent with leave, and who are absent without leave. The Clerk shall furnish the Sergeant-Arms with a list of those who are absent without leave; and the Sergeant-Arms shall forthwith proceed to find and bring in such absentees.
- 71. While the Assembly is under a call, no business shall be transacted, except to receive and act upon the report of the Sergeant-at-Arms; and no other motion shall be in order, except a motion to adjourn and a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call; which motion shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the motion to suspend further proceedings under the call shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect vote in favor thereof.
- 72.—Upon the Sergeant-at-Arms making a report showing that all who were absent without leave (naming them), are present, such report shall be entered on the journal, and the call shall be at an end; and thereupon the doors shall be opened, and the business or motion pending at the time the call was made shall be proceeded with.
- 73.—The Sergeant-at-Arms may make report of his proceedings at any time, which report may be accepted, and further proceedings under the call thereby dispensed with; but the motion to accept such report shall be determined by yeas and nays, and it shall not be adopted unless a majority of all the members elect shall vote in favor thereof. If such report be not accepted, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall proceed to a completion of his duties, as required by rule 70.

PREVIOUS QUESTION.

- 74.—When any bill, memorial or resolution is under consideration, any member being in order and having the floor, may move the "previous question;" but such motion shall not be deemed to be seconded unless fifteen members concur therein.
- 75.—The previous question being moved, the Speaker shall say, "It requiring fifteen members to second the motion for the previous question, those in favor of sustaining the motion will rise;" and if fifteen or more rise, the previous question shall be thereby seconded; and the question shall then be: "Shall the main question be now put?"—which question shall be determined by yeas and nays. The main question being ordered to be now put, its effect shall be to put an end to all debate, and bring the Assembly to a direct vote upon the pending amendments, and then upon the main question.
- 76.—When on taking the previous question, the Assembly shall decide that the main question shall not now be put, the main question shall remain as the question before the House, in the same stage of proceedings as before the previous question was moved.

77.—On motion for the previous question, and prior to the ordering of the main question, one call of the House shall be in order; but after proceedings under such call shall have been once dispensed with, or after a majority shall have ordered the main question, no call shall be in order prior to the decision of such question.

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

78.—After the morning hour, any member may move that the Assembly resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole, on the general file of bills, or upon any particular bill or measure, or upon the special order. If the motion prevail, the Assembly may elect a Chairman, or the Speaker may call some member to the Chair.

BILL TO BE READ BY SECTIONS.

79.— Every bill in Committee of the Whole shall be read and considered by sections, unless the committee shall otherwise order. The body of the bill shall not be defaced or ininterlined; but all amendments agreed to by the committee shall be attached to the bill, noting the section line, and so reported to the Assembly.

CLERICAL ERRORS MAY BE CORRECTED.

80.—Mere clerical errors in a bill may be corrected by the Chairman or Clerk, without treating them as amendments.

AMENDMENTS TO MEMORIALS AND REPORTS.

81.—All amendments made to a memorial or report committed to the Committee of the Whole shall be noted and reported as in the case of bills.

RULES IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

82.—The rules observed in the Assembly shall govern as far as practicable the proceedings in the Committee of the Whole; except that a member may speak more than twice on the same subject, and that a call for the yeas and nays, or for the previous question, cannot be made in a committee.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE TO PRESERVE ORDER.

83.—The Chairman of the Committee of the Whole shall have the same power to preserve order and decorum as the Speaker of the Assembly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE.

84.—After the business upon which the Assembly resolved itself into Committee of the Whole shall be completed, the committee, without motion (or any time previous, upon motion), shall rise and report.

PROCEEDINGS SUBSEQUENT TO COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

- 85.—Whenever any bill, or any memorial or joint resolution requiring the signature of the governor shall have been reported to the Assembly with amendment by any standing committee, and subsequently considered by the Committee of the Whole, the action of the Committee of the Whole, on every such amendment, shall be noted by or indorsed by the chairman of such committee.
- 86.—No amendment to any bill, or any memorial or joint resolution, requiring the signature of the governor, which has been made or considered in Committee of the Whole, shall be read by the Speaker on resuming the chair, unless required by one or more of the members, but the Speaker shall state what action has been taken by each committee which has considered the same, or thereon indorsed or noted, and the question shall first be put upon every such amendment, and the same shall be disposed of in the same manner as if the amendment had been originally proposed in the Assembly.

The question shall first be put to the Assembly by the Speaker upon the recommendation of the standing and select committee, upon all bills, memorials or joint resolutions reported by any such committee.

87.—The final question before the third reading of every bill or other paper originating in the Assembly, and requiring three readings previous to being passed, shall be, "Shall it be engrossed and read a third time?" And upon every such bill or paper originating in the Senate, "Shall it be read a third time?"

ENGROSSMENT OF BILLS.

88.— Every Assembly bill and resolution ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, shall be re-written in a plain hand, with all amendments, before being read a third time, except as provided for in rule 27.

NO AMENDMENT ON THIRD READING.

89.—On the third reading of the bill or resolution, no amendment, except to fill blanks, shall be received, except by the unanimous consent of the members present.

RECOMMITMENT PREVIOUS TO PASSAGE.

90.—A bill or resolution may be recommitted at any time previous to its passage; if any amendment be reported upon such commitment, the question shall be upon the amendment, and the question for its engrossment and third reading may then be put.

QUESTION ON PASSAGE OF BILLS.

91.—Upon a third reading of an assembly bill, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is, 'shall the bill pass?'" Upon the third reading of the Senate bills, the question shall be stated thus: "This bill having been read three several times, the question is, 'shall the bill be concurred in?'"

BILLS TO BE TRANSMITTED TO THE SENATE.

92.— Each bill which passes its third reading shall be certified by the Clerk, and by him transmitted to the Senate; the day of transmission shall be entered on the bill books of the Clerk.

PRIVILEGED MOTIONS.

- 93.—A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except when the House is voting; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move an adjournment when another member has the floor.
- 94.—Any motion or resolution relating to the organization of the Assembly, or to any of its officers, members, or committees, shall be privileged and need not lie over for consideration under rule 36.

SUSPENDING AND CHANGING RULES, ETC.

95.—No standing rule or order of the Assembly shall be rescinded or changed, without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor, which motion shall embrace the proposed amendment. Nor shall any rule be suspended, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Nor shall the order of business as established by the rules of the Assembly be postponed or changed, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present.

JEFFERSON'S MANUAL THE STANDARD.

96.—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall govern the Assembly in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules and the orders of the Assembly, and the joint rules and orders of the Senate and Assembly.

JOINT RULES OF SENATE AND ASSEMBLY.

Of Messages.

HOW TRANSMITTED AND RECEIVED.

- 1.— When a message shall be sent from the Senate to the Assembly, it shall be announced at the door of the Assembly by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and shall be respectfully communicated to the Chair by the person by whom it may be sent.
- 2.—The same ceremony shall be observed when a message shall be sent from the Assembly to the Senate.
 - 3.- Messages shall be sent by the Chief Clerk or his Assistant in each House.

REJECTED BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

- 4.—When a bill or resolution which has passed in one House shall be rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given to the House in which the same originated.
- 5.— When a bill or resolution, which has been passed in one House is rejected in the other, it shall not be again brought in during the same session without a notice of five days, and leave of two-thirds of the House in which it shall be renewed.

PAPERS TO ACCOMPANY BILLS.

Each House shall transmit to the other all papers on which any bill or resolution shall be founded.

ORDER REQUESTING CONCURRENCE.

7.—When a bill, resolution, or memorial shall have passed either House, and requires the concurrence of the other, it shall be transmitted to said House without entering an order upon the journal of the House in which it passed, requesting the concurrence of the other House.

Of Joint Committees.

- 8:-The joint committees required by the statutes are as follows:
- 1. On Claims.*—Three from the Senate and five from the Assembly.
- 2. On Printing. +- Two from the Senate and three from the Assembly.

PRINTING OF REPORTS.

9.—Whenever any report of a joint committee or other document shall be presented to both Houses of the Legislature, the first House acting on the same, if it shall be thought necessary to have it printed, shall order a sufficient number of copies for both branches, and shall immediately inform the other House of its action upon the subject.

COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE.

- 10.—In all cases of disagreement between the Senate and Assembly if either House shall request a conference, and appoint a committee for that purpose, the other House shall appoint a similar committee. Such committees shall, at a convenient hour, to be agreed upon by their chairmen, meet in the conference-chamber, and state to each other verbally, or in writing, as either shall choose, the reasons of their respective Houses for or against the disagreement, and confer freely thereon; and they shall be authorized to report to their respective Houses such modifications or amendments as they may think advisable. When it shall have been determined by the two Houses to appoint a committee of conference, such committee shall consist of three upon the part of the Senate, and three upon the part of the Assembly.
- 11.—After each House shall have adhered to their disagreement, the bill or resolution shall be lost.

Acts of a General Nature,

TITLES OF BILLS.

12.—The title of every bill of a general nature shall designate the object, purpose or subject of the bill, and when such bill proposes to amend any chapter or act, the title shall read thus:

- "A bill relating to and amendatory of section —, of chapter —, of the —," filling the blanks with the proper subject, section and chapter of the revised statutes or laws, designating the same. And every bill shall recite at length every section which it proposes to amend as such section will read if amended as proposed: provided, such recitation shall not be required when the proposed amendment shall only add to such section without changing the phraseology of the original "And all bills appropriating money out of the State Treasury, or any State fund, shall expressly recite the fact in the title."
- 13.—The title of all bills for repealing any act, chapter or section, and which have no other object shall be as follows:
- "A bill to repeal section of chapter of the relating to —," filling the blanks with the proper section and chapter of the revised statutes or laws, designating the same, and also the subject, object or purpose of the section or chapter repealed. And in the body of every such bill the full title of the act repealed shall be recited at length.

RETURN OF BILLS.

14.— Either House shall return any bill called for, by a resolution of the other House, if the bill is yet in the possession of the House then called upon, providing this rule shall not be operative after the time of transacting business, other than that of receiving executive messages and communications from one House to the other, shall have expired.

EACH HOUSE MAY AMEND.

15.—It shall be in the power of each House to amend any amendment made by the other to any bill, memorial, or resolution; but no standing or select committee, nor any member thereof, nor any committee of the whole, shall report any "substitute," or any "amendment," for any bill or bills, or resolutions, referred to such committee, which substitute or amendment relates to a different subject, or is intended to accomplish a different purpose from that of the original bill or resolution for which it is reported, or which, if adopted and passed, would require a title essentially different from the title of the original bill or resolution; and any substitute, bill or resolution, so reported, shall be rejected whenever it appears that the same is in violation of this rule, and this rule shall not be suspended without the unanimous consent of the Senate and Assembly.

Of Bills Passed.

ENROLLMENT OF BILLS.

16.— After a bill has passed both Houses, it shall be duly enrolled by or under the direction of the Chief Clerk of the House in which the same originated, before it shall be presented to the Governor for his approval.

EXAMINATION OF ENROLLED BILLS.

17.—When a bill is duly enrolled, it shall be examined by the committee of the two Houses on Enrolled Bills, acting jointly, who shall carefully compare the enrolled bill with the engrossed bill as passed in the two Houses. Said committee shall correct any errors that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, and make their report forthwith to the House in which the bill originated.

SIGNING OF BILLS.

18.—When a bill shall have been duly reported as correctly enrolled, it shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated, to present the bill first to the presiding officer of the House in which it originated, and next to the presiding officer of the other branch of the legislature, for signature, which duty shall be performed at as early an hour as possible, consistent with the proper discharge of his other duties as Chief Clerk.

PRESENTATION OF BILLS TO THE GOVERNOR.

19.— After a bill shall have been signed by the respective presiding officers of the two Houses, it shall be presented by the Chief Clerk of the House in which it originated to the Governor, in the Executive Chamber, for his approval, it being first indorsed on the back of the roll, certifying in which House the same originated, which certificate shall be signed by the Chief Clerk of such House. In case the bill was passed by the ayes and noes being taken thereon, the number of affirmative and negative votes in each House shall be indorsed on the back of the bill.

RESOLUTIONS TO TAKE THE SAME COURSE AS BILLS.

20.—All orders, resolutions and votes, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval, shall, also, in the same manner be previously examined, enrolled, and signed, and then presented in the same manner as is provided in the case of bills.

A BOOK FOR ENROLLED BILLS TO BE KEPT BY EACH HOUSE.

21.—It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of each House to keep a Senate and Assembly book of enrolled bills in which shall be accurately minuted the exact time at which each bill or resolution (indicating it by its number) was presented to the presiding officer of each House for signature, and to the Governor for his approval. Such books shall always be open for inspection, and shall be deposited with the Secretary of State, to be preserved by him, at the close of the session. The books shall be substantially in the following form:

SENATE BILLS PRESENTED FOR SIGNATURE AND APPROVAL.

No. of Bill.	Presented to President.		Presented to Speaker.		Presented to Governor.	
	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.	Date.	Hour.
No. 1, S.	Feb. 14.	9, а. м.	Feb. 15.	10, а. м.	Feb. 15.	2, р. м.

And a like book for bills originating in the Assembly shall be kept by the Chief Clerk-thereof.

Of Claims.

ACCOUNTS TO BE VERIFIED.

22.— No account presented shall be acted upon, unless verified by affidavit of the person in whose favor the same may be.

ALL PAPERS CLAIMING MONEY TO BE PRESERVED.

.—All petitions, claims bills, accounts, or demands asking for an appropriation of money, shall be preserved by the committee to whom the same may be referred; and such committee shall indorse on every such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, whether they report in favor of allowing or disallowing the same; and if in favor of allowing a part thereof, only, then the sum so reported. After such committee shall have reported upon the same, such petition, claim, bill, account or demand, and every one of them shall be delivered to the Chief Clerk of the House to which the same was first presented, to be filed by such clerk, and delivered, at the close of the session, to the Secretary of State.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

23.—In Joint Committees, standing or select, the chairman of the Senate Committee shall be chairman of the Joint Committee.

Joint Convention.

24.—Whenever there shall be a Joint Convention of the two Houses, the proceedings shall be entered at length upon the journal of each House. The Lieutenant-Governor or President of the Senate shall preside over such Joint Convention, and the Chief Clerk of the Assembly shall act as Clerk thereof, assisted by the Chief Clerk of the Senate; provided, that the Lieutenant-Governor shall not act in said convention except as the presiding officer, and in no case shall have the right to give the casting vote.

CHANGING OR SUSPENDING RULES.

- 25.—No joint rules of the two Houses shall be repealed, amended or suspended, except by a vote of at least two-thirds of each House.
- 26.—The rules of parliamentary practice, comprised in Jefferson's Manual, shall govern the Joint Convention of the Senate and Assembly in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules and orders of the Senate and Assembly.

ADJOURNMENT.

27.— Neither House shall adjourn during any session thereof, without the consent of the other, for a longer period than three days.

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Chapter VIII, R. S. 1878

Section 90. Senators in Congress shall hereafter be elected as provided by the statutes of the United States. The meeting of the Senate and Assembly in joint convention shall be held in the hall of the Assembly. Each member shall vote viva voce upon a call of the roll, and such votes shall be entered upon the journal of the convention. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly shall cause a statement in duplicate of the result of such election to be made under their hands, certifying who has been chosen such Senator; one of which statements they shall deliver to the Governor, to be filed and recorded in the executive office, and the other they shall deliver to the Secretary of State, who shall file and record the same in his office. In case the President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, or either of them, shall neglect or refuse to execute and deliver such statement, the Chief Clerk of the Senate or of the Assembly, respectively, shall make and deliver, as aforesaid, such statement in duplicate, setting forth the whole number of votes given on the final ballot and the number thereof received by each person then voted for.

Section 91. Immediately thereafter, the Governor shall certify the election of such Senator under the Great Seal to the President of the Senate of the United States, and the Secretary of State shall countersign such certificate.

STATUTES OF THE UNITED STATES RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF SENATORS.

(Title II, Chapter 1, Rev. Stat. U. S.)

SECTION 14. The Legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

Section 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each House shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from such State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each House, shall be entered on the journal of that House by the Clerk or Secretary thereof; or if either House fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two Houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each House shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each House, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each House, or if either House has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for Senator; and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both Houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receives such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the Legislature, and shall take at least one vote until a Senator is elected.

SECTION 16. Whenever, on the meeting of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy exists in the representation of such state in the Senate, the Legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.

Section 17. Whenever, during the session of the Legislature of any State, a vacancy occurs in the representation of such State in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the Legislature is organized and has had notice of such vacancy.

SECTION 18. It shall be the duty of the Executive of the State from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.

SECTION 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the Secretary of State of the State.

PART II

HISTORICAL



AN OUTLINE HISTORY OF WISCONSIN.

The state of Wisconsin is situated between latitude 42 degrees 27 minutes and 47 degrees 08 minutes north, and between longitude 86 degrees 53 minutes and 92 degrees 53 minutes west of Greenwich, near London, England. It is bounded on the north by Lake Superior, on the east by Michigan and Lake Michigan, on the south by Illinois, and on the west by Iowa and Minnesota. It has an average length of about 260 miles, breadth 215 miles, and an area of 56,000 square miles, or 35,840,000 acres. Deducting from this the surface occupied by lakes and rivers, there remain 53,924 square miles, or 34,511,360 acres of land.

The tract of country from which Wisconsin was taken, was first claimed by the French, who exercised protectorate power over it until the close of the French and Indian war, after which, by the treaty of Paris, in 1763, it went formally and absolutely to Great Britain. It became part of the United States territory at the close of the revolutionary war, by the treaty of 1783, confirmed by the treaty of 1795. In the meantime Virginia and other states ceded to the government their claims to the territory northwest of the Ohio river; and congress, by the "ordinance of 1787," provided for its government. It was enacted that "there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in the said territory," and that there should be formed from such territory, as the population should justify, "not less than three nor more than five states."

Nearly all of what is now Wisconsin, was afterwards included in Indiana territory, which was organized in 1800; then the Illinois territory, organized in 1809; and in 1818, when Illinois was admitted into the Union as a state, it was attached to the territory of Michigan. In 1823, Wisconsin was made part of a separate judicial circuit, and in 1836 was organized as a territory, with Henry Dodge as governor. The first legislature met at Belmont, now in La Fayette county, October 25, 1836, and the next session was convened at Burlington, now in the state of Iowa, November 6, 1837. In 1836, the seat of government was permanently located at Madison, where the legislature met for the first time November 6, 1839.

In April, 1846, the people voted in favor of a state government. On the 16th of December, a constitution was adopted in convention, which was rejected by a vote of the people. February 4, 1848, a second constitution was adopted in convention, which was ratified by the people on the 18th of March, in that year, and on the 29th day of May Wisconsin became a state in the Union, being the seventeenth admitted, and the thirtieth in the list of

Following are salient features of Wisconsin history briefly stated in chronological order:
1634. The country was explored by Jean Nicolet, from Lake Michigan for a considerable
distance up the Fox river.

1658. Sieur Radisson and Sieur des Groseilliers, two French fur-traders, visited the Green Bay region and wintered among the Pottawattomies.

1659. Radisson and Groseilliers went up Fox river, in the spring, and spent four months in explorations along Wisconsin streams. It is thought that they descended the Wisconsin river and saw the Mississippi.

1661. Radisson and Groseilliers arrived at Chequamegon bay in the early winter and built a stockade near where Ashland now is. They spent the winter in wandering through northwest Wisconsin and northeastern Minnesota. In the spring of 1662, they built another fort on Oak Point, on Chequamegon bay.

1665. Claude Allouez, an eminent pioneer missionary, established a mission at La Pointe, on Lake Superior.

1669. Father Allouez established a mission on the shores of Green Bay, locating at De Pere, in 1671

1670. Father Allouez made a voyage up the Fox river to the present limits of Green Lake county.

1671. In this year, the French took formal possession of the whole Northwest, confirmed in 1689.

1673. Louis Joliet, accompanied by Father James Marquette, discovered the upper Mississippi, at Prairie du Chien.

- 1673. Sieur Raudin, representing La Salle, visited the western extremity of Lake Superior, to open the fur trade.
- 1674. Father Marquette coasted Lake Michigan, from Green Bay, by Milwaukee, to the site of the present city of Chicago.
- 1679. "The Griffin," a schooner built by La Salle, and the first to make a voyage of the lakes above Niagara, arrived at the mouth of Green Bay. La Salle made a canoe voyage along the Wisconsin shore of Lake Michigan, from Green Bay to Chicago, via the Sturgeon Bay portage.
- 1679. Daniel Grayson du Lhut (Duluth) ascended St. Louis river, held a council, and concluded a peace with the natives west of Lake Superior.
- 1680. Du Lhut voyaged from Lake Superior, to the Mississippi river, by ascending the Bois Brulé and descending the St. Croix.
- 1680. Father Louis Hennepin ascended the Mississippi to the Falls of St. Anthony, returning, in company with Du Lhut, over the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, to Green Bay.
- 1681. Marquette's journal and map of his travels and explorations in the Northwest were published in France.
- 1633. Le Sueur made a voyage of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers to the Mississippi.
- 1685. Nicholas Perrot, who had been at Green Bay as early as 1669, was appointed "commandant of the West." He proceeded over the Fox-Wisconsin-rivers route to the Upper Mississippi, spending the winter at a point near the present village of Trempealeau. In 1686 and in later years he established posts on Lake Pepin and at the mouth of the Wisconsin.
- 1689. Baron la Hontan claimed to have penetrated the Wisconsin wilds, this year, by the Fox-Wisconsin route, and to have made extensive discoveries on the upper Mississippi.
- 1692. A military post was established at La Pointe by Le Sueur.
- 1695. Le Sueur built a fort on an island in the Mississippi, below the St. Croix.
- 1699. Father St. Cosme voyaged along the Wisconsin shore of Lake Michigan. He visited the site of Milwaukee, Oct. 7.
- 1716. Le Louvigny's battle with the Fox Indians at Butte des Morts.
- 1719. Francis Renalt explored the upper Mississippi with two hundred miners.
- 1721. Previous to this date a French fort had been established at Green Bay, on the present site of Fort Howard.
- 1727. A trading post, called Fort Beauharnois, was established on the north side of Lake Pepin.
- 1727. The French established a fort on Lake Pepin, with Sieur de Laperriere commandant.
- 1728. There was a great flood in the Mississippi, and Fort Beauharnois was submerged.
 1728. A French expedition under De Lignery, from Michillimediana, punished the G
- 1728. A French expedition under De Lignery, from Michilimackinac, punished the Sacs and Foxes.
- 1734. A battle took place between the French, and the Sacs and Foxes.
- 1754. Sieur Marin, in command at Green Bay, made a peace with the Indians.
- 1761. Capt. Belfour and Lieut. Gorrell, with English troops, took possession of Green Bay.
- 1763. The English, under Lieut Gorrell, abandoned Green Bay in consequence of the Indian war under Pontiac.
- 1763. Treaty of Paris, by which all the territory of New France, including Wisconsin, was surrendered to the English.
- 1766. By this year white traders and others settled permanently at Green Bay—first permanent settlement in Wisconsin.
- 1774. A civil government was established over Canada and the Northwest by the celebrated "Quebec Act."
- Indians from Wisconsin, under Langlade and Gautier, join the British against the Americans.
- 1779. Capt. Robertson, of the British sloop, Felicity, made a voyage of reconnoissance around Lake Michigan, inducing traders and Indians to support the English.
- 1781. Lieut.-Gov. Patrick Sinclair, of Canada, purchased Green Bay, Prairie du Chien etc., from the Indians, which purchase was not confirmed.
- 1781. The settlement of Prairie du Chien was commenced by Bazil Giard, Augustin Ange, and Pierre Antaya.
- 1786. Julian Dubuque explored the lead region of the Upper Mississippi.
- 1788. There was an Indian council at Green Bay. Permission to work the lead mines was given to Dubuque.
- 1789. Jean Baptiste Mirandeau is alleged to have settled at Milwaukee.

1793. Lawrence Barth built a cabin at the portage of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and engaged in the carrying trade.

1795. Jacques Vieau established trading posts at Kewaunee, Sheboygan, Manitowoc and Milwaukee.

1796. The western posts were surrendered by the English to the United States, and the ordinance of 1787 extended over the whole Northwest.

1800. Indiana territory organized, including Wisconsin.

1804. Indian treaty at St. Louis; a portion of southern Wisconsin purchased.

1805. Michigan territory organized.

1809. Thomas Nuttall, the botanist, explored Wisconsin.

1809. Illinois territory was organized, including nearly all the present state of Wisconsin.

1812. Indians assembled at Green Bay to join the English.

1814. Gov. Clark took possession of Prairie du Chien.

1814. Fort Shelby, at Prairie du Chien, surrendered to the British.

1815. United States trading post established at Green Bay.

1816. Indian treaty confirming that of 1804.

1816. United States troops took possession of Prairie du Chien, and commenced the erection of Fort Crawford.

1816. Col. Miller commenced the erection of Fort Howard, at Green Bay.

1818. Illinois was admitted into the Union; Wisconsin attached to Michigan territory.

1818. Brown, Crawford and Michillimackinac counties were organized in the territory of Michigan, which embraced in their boundaries besides other territory, the whole of the present state of Wisconsin

1818. Solomon Juneau arrived at Milwaukee.

1820. United States Commissioners adjusted land claims at Green Bay.

1822. The New York Indians purchase lands east of Lake Winnebago.

1822. James Johnson obtained from the Indians the right to dig for lead with negro slaves from Kentucky.

1823. January. Counties of Brown, Crawford and Michillimackinac made a separate judicial district by Congress.

1823. First steamboat on the upper Mississippi with Major Taliafero and Count Beltrami.

1823. Lieut. Bayfield, of the British navy, made a survey of Lake Superior.

1823. An Episcopal mission established near Green Bay.

1824. October 4. First term of United States circuit court held at Green Bay; Jas. D. Doty, judge.

1826. First steamboat on Lake Michigan.

1827. A rush of speculators to the lead mines, and leases by government to miners.

1827. Difficulty with Winnebago Indians. Troops sent to settle it.

1827. August 11. Treaty with the Menomonee Indians at Butte des Morts.

1828. Fort Winnebago built at "the portage."

1828. Indian treaty at Green Bay; the lead regions purchased.

1828. Lead ore discovered at Mineral Point and Dodgeville.

1829. A Methodist mission established at Green Bay.

1830. May. The Sioux killed seventeen Sacs and Foxes near Prairie du Chien.

1832. Public lands in the lead region surveyed by Lucius Lyons and others.

1832. Black Hawk War. June 16, battle with the Sac Indians on the Pecatonica. July 21, battle of Wisconsin Heights on the Wisconsin River. August, battle at mouth of Bad Axe; Black Hawk defeated.

1833. September 26. Indian treaty at Chicago; lands south and west of Milwaukee ceded to the government.

1833. American settlement began at Milwaukee in the fall of this year.

1833. December 11. First newspaper, "Green Bay Intelligencer," published.

1834. Land offices established at Mineral Point and Green Bay.

1834. Census taken, population 4,795.

1835. June 17. First steamboat landed at Milwaukee.

1835. Public lands at Milwaukee surveyed by William A. Burt.

1836. Meeting in Milwaukee to ask legislature to grant a charter for a railway from Lake
Michigan to Mississippi River.

1836. January 9. The legislative council of so much of Michigan Territory as was not to be included in the new state of Michigan, met at Green Bay.

1836. April 30. Henry Dodge appointed Governor by President Andrew Jackson.

836. July 4. Territory of Wisconsin organized.

1836. July 14. "Milwaukee Advertiser" published at No. 371 Third street.

- 1836. First school opened in Milwaukee at No. 371 Third Street.
- 1836. United States land office opened at Milwaukee.
- 1837. September 29. Sioux treaty; lands east of the Mississippi ceded.
- 1838. Congress appropriated \$2,000 for surveying a railroad route from Milwaukee to the Mississippi River.
- 1839. Indian (Sioux and Chippewa) battle; 200 killed.
- 1840. July. First brew of beer at Milwaukee.
- 1842. February. C. C. P. Arndt shot in council chamber by James R. Vineyard.
- 1844. May. Originators of the Wisconsin Phalanx settle at Ceresco, now Ripon.
- 1846. A vote of the people in favor of a state government.
- 1846. August. Act of Congress authori ing a state government.
- 1847. First railroad charter in Wisconsin granted to the Milwaukee & Waukesha Company.
- 1848. May 29. Wisconsin admitted as a state.
- 1848. June 5. First state legislature convenes.
- 1848. June 7. First state officers sworn in.
- 1848. First United States Senators, Henry Dodge and Isaac P. Walker, elected.
- 1848. June 12. Andrew J. Miller, first judge United States District Court, appointed.
- 1849. First earth moved for a railroad in Wisconsin, at Milwaukee.
- 1849. March 31. Legislature, by joint resolution, instructed United States Senator, Isaac P. Walker, to resign.
- 1849. January 17. First telegram received at Milwaukee—"Chicago and Milwaukee united."
- 1849. Cholera epidemic.
- 1849. "Gold fever" took many settlers to California.
- 1850. March 4. Liquor riot at Milwaukee. Mob attacked and partly wrecked residence of John B. Smith, for introducing, while in the legislature, a bill called the "blue liquor law." Smith being absent, escaped injury.
- 1851. February. First railroad train run between Milwaukee and Waukesha.
- 1851. April. Catholics of Milwaukee mobbed Mr. Leahy, a former Catholic, for delivering anti-Catholic lectures.
- 1853. January 26. Charges lodged against Levi Hubbell, alleging malfeasance in office as judge of second judicial district. He was acquitted.
- 1854. February 28. Meeting held at Ripon, called by A. E. Bovay, Jediah Bowen and others to organize the Republican party. Name "Republican" then suggested by Mr. Bovay.
- 1854. Beginning of contest between federal and state authorities over fugitive slave law, by arrest of Joshua Glover, a negro, at Racine, and his forcible liberation at Milwaukee.
- 1854. July 13. First Republican mass convention, held in Capitol Park, at Madison. Three thousand persons participated. Name "Republican" formally adopted.
- 1856. January 7. Coles Bashford took oath of office as governor, and began proceedings to oust Wm. A. Barstow, on the ground that Barstow was wrongfully "counted" in by means of fictitious and fraudulent "supplemental" returns from unpeopled districts in the north part of the state.
- 1856. March 8. Barstow's counsel—M. H. Carpenter, Harlow S. Orton and Jonathan E. Arnold—withdrew from the case. The supreme court found Barstow to be an usurper, counted in upon fraudulent returns from Spring Creek, Gilbert's Mills and other places.
- 1856. March 21. Barstow abandoned the office, and Lieut. Gov. McArthur assumed the executive chair for four days. Was succeeded by Bashford.
- 1856. September 24. Steamer Niagara burned off Port Washington; John B. Macy, pioneer member of congress, one of the lost.
- 1857. April 15. First railway reached Mississippi river, at Prairie du Chien.
- 1859. November 1. Excursion train celebrating opening of what is now C. & N. W. R. R., between Fond du Lac and Chicago, wrecked at Johnson's Creek, Jefferson county. Fourteen killed, seven wounded.
- 1860. September 8. Steamer Lady Elgin, with 600 excursionists, sunk in collision off Racine; 225, mostly from Third ward of Milwaukee, drowned.
- 1861. April 10. Report received that Beauregard had bombarded Fort Sumter.
- 1861. April 15. Lincoln's call for 75,000 volunteer troops issued.
- 1861. April 16. Governor Randall issued call for the one regiment required of Wisconsin.

- 1861. April 23. Light Guard and Union Rifles of Milwaukee go into camp as part of First Regiment, ready for orders.
- 1861. May 17. First Regiment mustered into the United States service.
- 1861. June 7. First Regiment received marching orders.
- 1861. June 9. First Regiment departed for Harrisburg, Pa.
- 1861. June 24. Bank riot at Milwaukee. Mitchell's bank attacked; inmates, including Mr. Mitchell, escaped, but building damaged. Militia called out.
- July 2. George C. Drake, Co. A, 1st Inf., first Wisconsin soldier killed in the rebellion, at skirmish of Falling Waters, Va.
- 1862. April 10. Gov. L. P. Harvey started south to note the wants of Wisconsin soldiers.
- 1862. April 19. Gov. Harvey accidentally drowned in the Tennessee river.
- 1862. April. About 700 Confederate prisoners received at Camp Randall, Madison.
- 1862. May. Call for 75,000 troops by the President.
- 1862. July. Call for 300,000 troops by the President.
- 1862. August. Secretary Stanton issued the stay-at-home order to prevent those liable to draft from going to foreign countries.
- 1862. November 10. Draft made to fill the Wisconsin quota of troops.
- 1863. August 5. Democratic state convention at Madison adopt the "Ryan Address," denouncing the war and attacking the Federal government.
- 1863. September 17. "War Democrats" held mass convention at Janesville, to protest against the "Ryan Address," and pledge the support of Wisconsin to the government in its struggle with treason.
- 1863. October 17. Call issued by Lincoln for 300,000 volunteers. November. Draft made to complete the Wisconsin quota.
- 1864. February 1. Lincoln called for 300,000 troops. March. Lincoln called for 200,000 troops.
- 1864. Soldiers "veteranize" by re-enlistment from old organizations.
- 1864. July 4. Lincoln called for 500,000 troops.
- 1864. November. Draft made to fill the Wisconsin quota.
- 1865. June 6. First volunteer organization mustered out of U.S. service.
- 1865. June 28. Cyclone at Viroqua, Vernon county; seventeen persons killed, 150 wounded and many buildings demolished.
- 1866. May 28. Fourth Regiment Cavalry mustered out after service of five years and one day, longest term on record of a volunteer organization.
- 1866. James R. Doolittle requested by the Wisconsin Legislature to resign from the United States Senate for siding with the South.
- 1868. Medical properties of Waukesha spring water discovered by Richard Dunbar.
- 1868. April 8. Sea Bird burned on Lake Michigan; all lost but two.
- 1871. October 8. Great fires in Door, Oconto, Shawano, Outagamie, Brown and Manito-woc counties. One thousand persons perished and three thousand were beggared.
- 1873. September 14. Steamer Ironsides wrecked between Milwaukee and Grand Haven; twenty-eight people lost.
- 1873. July 4. Hurricane on Green Lake, Green Lake county. Eleven persons drowned.
- 1874. Potter railroad law enacted.
- 1874. April 29. Alex. Mitchell and Albert Keep issued proclamations directed to the governor defying the Potter law and announcing that they should operate their railroads without regard for its provisions.
- 1874. May. Gov. Taylor issued a proclamation demanding obedience to the Potter law.
- 1875. April 28. Oshkosh burned.
- 1875. First cotton made in Wisconsin, at Janesville.
- 1876. January. Supreme Court rejected the application of Miss Lavinia Goodell, for admission to the bar of Wisconsin.
- 1877. Legislature enacted law giving women the right to practice law.
- 1877. Cyclone at Pensaukee, Oconto county.
- 1878. Tramp war.
- 1878. June. Mineral Point cyclone; from eleven to sixteen persons killed.
- 1880. October 19. Death of Chief Justice E. G. Ryan.
- 1881. February 24. Death of Hon. Matt. H. Carpenter.
- 1881. Strike of all the cigar-makers of Milwaukee.
- 1881. September. "Saw-dust war" at Eau Claire. Striking men threatened to destroy mills. Militia called out.
- 1881. September. Milwaukee Industrial Exposition opened.

- 1883. January 10. Newhall House, Milwaukee, burned; between seventy and eighty persons perished.
- 1883. March 25. Death of Timothy O. Howe.
- 1883. November 8. South wing of the capitol extension, during process of erection, fell, killing seven workmen.
- 1883. Cyclone at Racine; thirteen persons killed.
- 1884. December 1. Science Hall—of the State University—burned.
- 1886. May 1. Workmen in Milwaukee struck to enforce the adoption of the eight-hour
- 1886. May 3-5. Strikers became riotous at Bay View and Milwaukee, and, refusing to obey the proclamations of the authorities, were fired upon by the militia. Sevenkilled and several wounded.
- 1886. October. "Limited Express" on C., M. & St. P. R. R. wrecked and burned at East Rio; from eleven to fifteen persons burned or killed.
- 1887. Culmination of the Gogebic iron stocks craze.
- 1888. Collapse of the Gogebic iron stocks

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS OF WISCONSIN.

GOVERNORS.

1841
1844
1845
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TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURES.

FIRST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1836.

Convened at Belmont, Iowa county, Oct. 25, and adjourned Dec. 9, 1836.

COUNCIL.

Secretary - Edward McSherry. Sergeant-at-President - Henry S. Baird, of Brown. Arms - William Henry.

Brown - Henry S. Baird. John P. Arndt.

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Dubuque — Thomas McCraney, John Foley, Thomas McKnight.

Crawford — [Had no member of the Council.*]

Milwaukee - Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Des Moines — Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - Peter Hill Engle, of Dubuque. Chief Clerk - Warren Lewis. Sergeant-at-Arms - Jesse M. Harrison.

Des Moines - Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, Eli Reynolds.

Crawford — James H. Lockwood, James B. Dallam.

Milwaukee — William B. Sheldon, Madison W. Cornwall, Charles Durkee.

Iowa — William Boyles, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox.

Dubuque - Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Hosea T. Camp, Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Albert G. Ellis, Alexander J. Irwin.†

SECOND SESSION, 1837-1838.

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, Nov. 6, 1837, and adjourned Jan. 20, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President — Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. Secretary — George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms - Levi Sterling.

Brown — John P. Arndt, Joseph Dickinson.‡

Iowa - Ebenezer Brigham, John H. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee — Alanson Sweet, Gilbert Knapp.

Dubuque - John Foley, Thomas McKnight, Thomas McCraney.

Des Moines — Jeremiah Smith, Jr., Joseph B. Teas, Arthur B. Ingraham.

Crawford — [Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES

Speaker - Isaac Leffler, of Des Moines. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms -William Morgan.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes.

Iowa - William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, George F. Smith, Daniel M. Parkison.

Crawford — Ira B. Brunson.§ Jean Brunet.∥

Des Moines - Isaac Leffler, Thomas Blair, John Box, George W. Teas, David R. Chance, Warren L. Jenkins, John Reynolds.

'Thomas P. Burnett claimed a seat, but was rejected by a vote of the Council, as the appointment of members belonged exclusively to the Executive of the Territory.

†Seat successfully contested by George McWilliams.

† In place of Henry S. Baird, resigned. Mir. Dickinson's seat was contested and vacated; replaced by Alexander J. Irwin.

**Fin Place of Longe Of Longe P. Dellar.

§ In place of James B. Dallam.

| In place of James H. Lockwood.

Dubuque — Peter Hill Engle, Patrick Quigley,* Loring Wheeler, Hardin Nowlin, Alexander

Milwaukee - William R. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madiso W. Cornwall.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1839

Convened at Burlington, Des Moines County, June 11, 18 3, and adjourned June 25, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President - Arthur B. Ingraham, of Des Moines. Secretary - George Beatty. Sergeantat-Arms - George W. Harris.

(Officers elected by Resolution.)

Brown - Alexander J. Irwin, John P. Arndt.

Iowa — Ebenezer Brigham, John B. Terry, James R. Vineyard.

Milwaukee — Gilbert Knapp, Alanson Sweet.

Dubuque — John Foley, Thomas McCraney, Thomas McKnight.

Des Moines — Arthur B. Ingraham, Joseph B. Teas, Jeremiah Smith, Jr.

Crawford - [Had no member of the Council.]

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - William B. Sheldon, of Milwaukee. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms - William Morgan.

Brown — George McWilliams, Charles C. Sholes, Ebenezer Childs.

Iowa — William Boyles, Thomas McKnight, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas Shanley, James P. Cox, James Collins. ‡

Milwaukee — Wm. B. Sheldon, Charles Durkee, Madison W. Cornwall.

Dubuque -- Peter Hill Engle, Hardin Nowlin, Patrick Quigley, Lucius H. Langworthy, § Loring Wheeler.

Des Moines - Isaac Leffler, Warren L. Jenkins, Thomas Blair, John Reynolds, George W. Teas, John Box, David R. Chance.

Crawford - Ira B. Brunson, Jean Brunet.

SECOND LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1838.

Convened at Madison, November 26, 1838, and adjourned December 22, 1838.

COUNCIL.

President - William Bullen, of Racine. Secretary - George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms -Stephen N. Ives.

Iowa - James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Grant - James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth -- James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington - Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Ebenezer Brigham.

Racine - William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Brown - Alexander J. Irwin, Morgan L. Martin.

Crawford - George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - John W. Blackstone, of Iowa. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms -Thomas Morgan.

Brown - Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackleford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Racine - Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristam C. Hoyt.

Crawford - Alexander McGregor.

• Mr. Quigley resigned his seat on the 17th of January, 1838, for cause arising out of McGregor's case, wherein he feth his digmity as a member overlooked and unsupported by the House.
† Mr. McGregor was elected in place of Hosea T. Camp, deceased. Was charged with heving accepted a bribe at this session, and resigned his seat while the investigation was pending; but by a resolution of the House, at its June session. he was declared "unworthy of confidence," by a vote of the House.
† In place of George F. Smith, resigned.
§In place of A. McGregor, resigned.

Grant - Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Daniel S. Sutherland.

Rock and Walworth - Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington — Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Iowa - Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins.

SECOND SESSION, 1839.

Convened at Madison, January 21, 1839, and adjourned March 11, 1839.

COUNCIL.

President — James Collins, of Iowa. Secretary — George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms — Stephen N. Ives.

Brown - Morgan L. Martin, Alexander J. Irwin.

Racine - William Bullen, Marshall M. Strong.

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Grant - James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Milwaukee and Washington - Daniel Wells, Jr., William A. Prentiss.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa - James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Crawford - George Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Lucius I. Barber, of Milwaukee. Chief Clerk — John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms — Thomas J. Moorman.

Brown - Ebenezer Childs, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackleford, Jacob W. Conroe.

Milwaukee and Washington—Lucius I. Barber, William Shew, Henry C. Skinner, Ezekiel Churchill, Augustus Story.

Racine - Tristam C. Hoyt, Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman.

Grant - Thomas Cruson, Nelson Dewey, Ralph Carver, Joseph H. D. Street.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Daniel S. Sutherland.

Crawford - Alexander McGregor, Ira B. Brunson.

Rock and Walworth - Edward V. Whiton, Othni Beardsley.

Iowa — Russell Baldwin, John W. Blackstone, Thomas Jenkins, Henry M. Billings. Charles Bracken.

THIRD SESSION, 1839-40.

Convened at Madison, December 2, 1839, and adjourned January 13, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President — James Collins, of Iowa. Secretary — George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms — Thomas J. Noves.

Brown - Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.

Racine — William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.*

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington - William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.

Grant - James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa - James Collins, Levi Sterling.

Crawford - Joseph Brisbois.+

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Edward V. Whiton, of Rock. Chief Clerk — Jahn Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms — James Durley.

Brown - Ebenezer Childs, Jacob W. Conroe, Charles C. Sholes, Barlow Shackleford.

Milwaukee and Washington — Augustus Story, Adam E. Ray, William R. Longstreet, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells.

Rock and Walworth - Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Daniel S. Sutherland.

Iowa — Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W. Blackstone.

Grant - Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford - Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine - Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristam C. Hoyt.

^{*} In place of Marshall M Strong, resigned. † In place of Geo. Wilson, resigned.

FOURTH (EXTRA) SESSION, 1840.

Convened at Madison, August 3, 1840, and adjourned August 14, 1840.

COUNCIL.

President — William A. Prentiss, of Milwaukee. Secretary — George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms - Gilbert Knapp.

Brown - Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.

Racine — William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Milwaukee and Washington - William A. Prentiss, Daniel Wells, Jr.

Grant - James R. Vineyard, John H. Rountree.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa - Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Crawford — Charles J. Learned.*

REPRESENTATIVES.

Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms-Speaker - Nelson Dewey, of Grant. D. M. Whitney.

Brown — Ebenezer Childs, Barlow Shackleford, Charles C. Sholes, Jacob W. Conroe. Milwaukee and Washington - Adam E. Ray, William Shew, Horatio N. Wells, Augustus Story, William R. Longstreet.

Rock and Walworth - Othni Beardsley, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Daniel S. Sutherland.

Iowa - Russel Baldwin, Charles Bracken, Henry M. Billings, Thomas Jenkins, John W,

Grant — Thomas Cruson, Joseph H. D. Street, Nelson Dewey, Jonathan Craig.

Crawford — Ira B. Brunson, Alexander McGregor.

Racine -Orrin R. Stevens, Zadoc Newman, Tristam C. Hoyt.

THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1840-1.

Convened at Madison, December 7, 1840, and adjourned February 19, 1841.

President - James Maxwell, of Walworth. Secretary-George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms-Miles M. Vineyard.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan - Charles C. P. Arndt, Morgan L. Martin. Milwaukee and Washington - Jonathan E. Arnold, Don A. J. Upham.

Racine — Willian Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson — Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa - Levi Sterling, James Collins.

Grant — John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard.

Crawford and St. Croix - Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - David Newland, of Iowa. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms -Francis M. Rublee.

Racine — George Batchelder, Thomas E. Parmelee, Reuben H. Deming.

Rock and Walworth - John Hackett, Hugh Long, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green and Jefferson - Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc and Sheboygan -William H. Bruce, † Mason C. Darling, David Giddings.

Milwaukee and Washington - Joseph Bond, Jacob Brazelton, Adam E. Ray, John S. Rockwell, William F. Shephard.

Iowa — Francis J. Dunn, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkison, David Newland.

Grant - Daniel R. Burt, Nelson Dewey, Neely Gray.

Crawford and St. Croix - Alfred Brunson, Joseph R. Brown.

In place of Joseph Brisbols, resigned.
† Seat successfully contested by Albert Q. Ellis.
‡ Seat successfully contested by Albert Q. Ellis.
‡ Seat contested by Theophilus La Chappelle, and Joseph R. Brown appointed Commissioner to take testimony and

SECOND SESSION, 1841-2.

Convened at Madison, December 6, 1841, and adjourned February 19, 1842.

COUNCIL.

President - James Collins, of Iowa. Secretary - George Beatty. Sergeant-at-Arms -Ebenezer Childs.

Brewn, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan - Morgan L. Martin, Charles C. P. Arndt.*

Milwaukee and Washington - John H. Tweedy, † Don A. J. Upham.

Racine - William Bullen, Lorenzo Janes.

Rock and Walworth - James Maxwell.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk -Ebenezer Brigham.

Iowa - James Collins, Moses M. Strong.

Grant - John H. Rountree, James R. Vineyard. ‡

Crawford and St. Croix - Charles J. Learned.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - David Newland, of Iowa. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms -Thomas J. Moorman.

Brown, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Portage and Sheboygan - Mason C. Darling, Albert G. Ellis, David Giddings.

Racine — George Batchelder, Jonathan Eastman, Thomas E. Parmelee.§

Crawford and St. Croix-Joseph R. Brown, Alfred Brunson.

Milwaukee and Washington - Joseph Bond, Adam E. Ray, William F. Shephard, John S. Rockwell, Jacob Brazelton.

Rock and Walworth - John Hackett, Jesse C. Mills, Edward V. Whiton, James Tripp, T Iowa — Thomas Jenkins,** David Newland, Ephraim F. Ogden, Daniel M. Parkison. Grant - Daniel R. Burt, Neely Gray, Nelson Dewey.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk - Lucius I. Barber, James Sutherland.

FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1842-43.

The two Houses organized on the 5th of December, 1842, but the Governor (J. D. Doty) refused to communicate with them, as a body legally assembled, according to the act of Congress, as no appropriation for that object had been previously made by Congress. The Houses continued in session until the 10th day of December, when they adjourned until the 30th of January, 1843, when they again met, and continued in session until February 1843, when they adjourned until March 6, 1843, on which latter day they again convened, as wellin pursuance of their vote of adjournment, as in pursuance of the Governor's Proclamation calling them together as of a special session, on that day. Of this intention of the Governor, they had been apprised by resolutions referring to his Proclamation, introduced by one of their members at their first session. The Houses continued in session subsequently until the 25th day of March, when they adjourned without day. Both Houses again assembled on the 27th day of March, as of the second session, and adjourned on the 17th of April 1843. The session was held at Madison. Officers the same in both sessions.

COUNCIL.

President - Moses M. Strong, of Iowa [resigned March 18th, and Morgan L. Martin, of Brown, elected to fill vacancy]. Secretary - John V. Ingersol [Mr. Ingersol resigned March 31, 1843, and John P. Sheldon appointed for balance of the session.] Sergeant-at-Arms - Charles C. Brown.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan, and Winnebago - Morgan L. Martin.

Killed by James R. Vineyard, Feb. 11, 1842.
 In place of Jonathan E. Arnold, resigned.
 Resignation sent to Council, Feb. 12, which was refused to be accepted, and a vote expelling him from the Council.

Thesi manual sense of Communication of the particle of the property of the particle of the par

Racine -- Consider Heath.* Peter D. Hugunin.*

Rock and Walworth - Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk - Lucius I. Barber.

Grant - John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey.

Milwaukee and Washington - Hans Crocker, Lemuel White, David Newland.

Iowa - Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix - Theoph. LaChapelle.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - Albert G. Ellis, of Portage. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms -William S. Anderson.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Albert G. Ellis, Mason C. Darling, David Agry.

Walworth and Rock - John Hopkins, James Tripp, John M. Capron, Wm. A. Bartlett.

Milwaukee and Washington - Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

Iowa — Robert M. Long, Moses Meeker, William S. Hamilton.

Crawford and St. Croix — John H. Manahan.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk — Isaac H. Palmer, Lyman Crossman, Robert Mas-

Racine — Philander Judson, John T. Trowbridge, Peter Van Vliet.

Grant — Franklin Z. Hicks, Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price.

SECOND SESSION, 1843-4.

Convened at Madison, December 4, 1843, and adjourned January 31, 1844.

COUNCIL.

President - Marshall M. Strong, of Racine. Secretary - Benjamin C. Eastman. Sergeantat-Arms - G. C. S. Vail.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago - Morgan L. Martin.

Rock and Walworth - Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Milwaukee and Washington - Lemuel White, Hans Crocker, David Newland.

Iowa - Moses M. Strong.

Crawford and St. Croix - Theoph. La Chappelle.

Grant — John H. Rountree, Nelson Dewey,

Racine - Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk-Lucius I. Barber.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker - George H. Walber, of Milwaukee. Chief Clerk - John Catlin. Sergeant-at-Arms - J. W. Trowbridge.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Albert G. Ellis, David Agry, Mason C. Darling.

Crawford and St. Croix - John H. Manahan.

Iowa - Moses Meeker, George Messersmith, Robert M. Long.

Milwaukee and Washington - Andrew E. Elmore, Benjamin Hunkins, Thomas H. Olin, Jonathan Parsons, Jared Thompson, George H. Walker.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk-Robert Masters, Lyman Crossman, Isaac H.

Rock and Walworth - John M. Capron, William A. Bartlett, John Hopkins, James Tripp.

Grant — Alonzo Platt, Glendower M. Price, Franklin Z. Hicks.

Racine - John T. Trowbridge, Levi Grant, Ezra Birchard.

THIRD SESSION, 1845.

Convened at Madison, January 6th, 1845, and adjourned February 24, 1845. COUNCIL

President - Moses M. Strong, of Iowa. Secretary - Benjamin C. Eastman. Sergeant-at-Arms - Charles H. Larkin.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago - Randall Wilcox.

*These Councilmen did not take their seats until March 6, 1843.

Grant - Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth - Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Iowa - Moses M. Strong.

Milwaukee and Washington — Adam E. Ray, James Kneeland, Jacob H. Kimball.

Crawford and St. Croix - Wiram Knowlton.

Racine - Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk-John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — George H. Walker, of Milwaukee. Chief Clerk — La Fayette Kellogg. Sergeantat-Arms — Chauncy Davis.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling, Abraham Brawley, William Fowler.*

Rock and Walworth—Stephen Field, Jesse C. Mills, Salmon Thomas, Jesse Moore.

Crawford and St. Croix - James Fisher.

Racine — Robert McClellan, Orson Sheldon, Albert G. Northway.

Milwaukee and Washington — Charles E. Brown, Pitts Ellis, Byron Kilbourn, Benjamin H. Mooers, William Shew, George H. Walker.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk-Charles S. Bristol, Noah Phelps, George H. Slaughter.

Iowa - James Collins, Robert C. Hoard, Solomon Oliver.

Grant — Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Franklin Z. Hicks.

FOURTH SESSION, 1846.

Convened at Madison, January 5th, and adjourned February 3, 1846.

COUNCIL

President — Nelson Dewey, of Grant. Secretary — Benjamin C. Eastman.† Sergeant-at-Arms — Joseph Brisbois.

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago—Randall Wilcox.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe-Wiram Knowlton.

Milwaukee and Washington - Curtis Reed, Jacob H. Kimball, James Kneeland,

Iowa - Moses M. Strong.

Grant - Nelson Dewey, John H. Rountree.

Rock and Walworth - Charles M. Baker, Edward V. Whiton.

Racine - Michael Frank, Marshall M. Strong.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk - John Catlin.

REPRESENTATIVES.

 $Speaker-{\tt Mason~C.~Darling, of~Fond~du~Lac.~\it Chief~Clerk--La~Fayette~Kellogg.~\it Sergeant}\\at-Arms--{\tt David~Bonham.}$

Brown, Calumet, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage, Sheboygan and Winnebago — Abraham Brawley, Mason C. Darling, Elisha Morrow.

Racine — Andrew B. Jackson, Orson Sheldon, Julius Wooster.

Crawford, Chippewa, St. Croix and La Pointe - James Fisher.

Grant - Armstead C. Brown, Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson.

Walworth - Caleb Croswell, Warren Earl, Gaylord Graves.

Dane, Dodge, Green, Jefferson and Sauk—Mark R. Clapp, William M. Dennis, Noah Phelps.

Milwaukee and Washington—Samuel H. Barstow, John Crawford, James Magone, Benjamin H. Mooers, Luther Parker, William H. Thomas.

Iowa - Henry M. Billings, Robert C. Hoard, Charles Pole.

Rock - Ira Jones.

*Brothertown Indian.

† Mr. Eastman resigned Jan. 19, and Wm. R. Smith elected.

FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION, 1847.

Convened at Madison, January 4, and adjourned February 11, 1847.

COUNCIL.

 $\label{eq:president} \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{President} - \text{Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee.} & \textit{Secretary} - \text{Thomas McHugh.} & \textit{Sergeant-at-Arms} - \text{John Bevins.} \\ \end{array}$

Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling.

Milwaukee - Horatio N. Wells.

Racine — Frederick S. Lovell, Marshall M. Strong.

Walworth - Henry Clark.

Rock - Andrew Palmer.

Iowa and Richland - William Singer.

Waukesha - Joseph Turner.

Crawford - Benjamin F. Manahan.

Grant - Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk-Alexander L. Collins.

Dodge and Jefferson - John E. Holmes.

Washington and Sheboygan - Chauncy M. Phelps.

REPRESENTATIVES.

 $Speaker - \mbox{William Shew, of Milwaukee}. \begin{tabular}{ll} \it Chief Clerk-La Fayette Kellogg. \begin{tabular}{ll} \it Sergeant-at-Arms-E. R. Hugunin. \end{tabular}$

Racine - Uriah Wood, Elisha Raymond.

Walworth - Charles A. Bronson, Palmer Gardiner.

Milwaukee - William Shew, Andrew Sullivan, William W. Brown.

Iowa and Richland - Timothy Burns, James D. Jenkins, Thomas Chilton.

Grant - Armstead C. Brown, William Richardson.

Dane, Green and Sauk-Charles Lum, William A. Wheeler, John W. Stewart.

Sheboygan and Washington - Harrison C. Hobart.

Dodge and Jefferson — George W. Green, John T. Haight, James Giddings.

Rock - Jared G. Winslow, James M. Burgess.

Waukesha - Joseph Bond, Chauncey F. Heath.

Crawford - Joseph W. Furber.

Brown, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Elisha Morrow, Hugh McFarlane.

SPECIAL SESSION, 1847.

Convened October 18, and adjourned October 27, 1847.

COUNCIL

 $\label{eq:President} \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{-} \textbf{Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee}. & \textit{Secretary} - \textbf{-} \textbf{Thomas McHugh}. & \textit{Sergeant-at-Arms} - \textbf{-} \textbf{Edward P. Lockhart}. \end{array}$

Racine - Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Rock - Andrew Palmer.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland - Ninian E. Whitesides.

Washington and Sheboygan - Chauncy M. Phelps.

Walworth - Henry Clark.

Grant - Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk - Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee - Horatio N. Wells.

Waukesha — Joseph Turner.

Jefferson and Dodge - John E. Holmes.

Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe — Benjamin F. Manahan.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac. Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker — Isaac P. Walker, of Milwaukee. Chief Clerk — La Fayette Kellogg. Sergeant at-Arms — E. R. Hugunin.

Racine - G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth - Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland - Timothy Burns, M. M. Cothren, Charles Pole.

Milwaukee - Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Grant - Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Dane, Green and Sauk-E. T. Gardner, Alexander Botkin, John W. Stewart.

Jefferson and Dodge-Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Crawford, St. Croix, Chippewa and La Pointe-Henry Jackson.

Washington and Sheboygan - Benjamin H. Mooers.

Waukesha - George Reed, L. Martin.

Rock - Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Moses S. Gibson, G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

SECOND SESSION, 1848,

Convened February 7, and adjourned March 13, 1848.

COUNCIL

President — Horatio N. Wells, of Milwaukee. Secretary — Thomas McHugh. Sergeant-at-Arms — Edward P. Lockhart.

Iowa, La Fayette and Richland - Ninian E. Whitesides.

Waukesha - Joseph Turner.

Dodge and Jefferson - John E. Holmes.

Chippewa, Crawford. La Pointe, and St. Croix - Benjamin F. Manahan.

Racine - Frederick S. Lovell, Philo White.

Walworth - Henry Clark.

Rock - Andrew Palmer.

Grant - Orris McCartney.

Dane, Green and Sauk - Alexander L. Collins.

Milwaukee - Horatio N. Wells.

Sheboygan and Washington - Chauncy M. Phelps.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebago — Mason C. Darling.

REPRESENTATIVES.

**Speaker — Timothy Burns, of Iowa. Chief Clerk — La Fayette Kellogg. Sergeant-at-Arms
— John Mullanphy.

lowa, La Fayette and Richland — Timothy Burns, Charles Pole, M. M. Cothren.

Grant - Noah H. Virgin, Daniel R. Burt.

Sheboygan and Washington - Benj. H. Mooers.*

Dane, Green and Sauk-E. T. Gardner, John W. Stewart, Alexander Botkin.

Brown, Calumet, Columbia, Fond du Lac, Manitowoc, Marquette, Portage and Winnebage
— G. W. Featherstonaugh, Moses S. Gibson.

Racine - G. F. Newell, Dudley Cass.

Walworth - Eleazer Wakeley, George Walworth.

Nock — Daniel C. Babcock, George H. Williston.

Milwaukee - Isaac P. Walker, James Holliday, Asa Kinney.

Waukesha - George Reed, Leonard Martin.

Dodge and Jefferson — Levi P. Drake, Horace D. Patch, James Hanrahan.

Chippewa, Crawford, La Pointe and St. Croix - Henry Jackson.

^{*} Resigned his seat because a bill in relation to Washington County was rejected.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

The first Constitutional Convention assembled at Madison on the 5th day of October, 1846, and adjourned on the 16th day of December, 1846, having framed a Constitution, which was submitted to a vote of the people on the first Tuesday in April, 1847, and the same was rejected.

The convention was composed of the following gentlemen:

President - Don A. J. Upham, of Milwaukee. Secretary - La Fayette Kellogg. Brown - David Agry, Henry S. Baird.

Calumet — Lemuel Goodell.

Columbia - Jeremiah Drake, La Fayette Hill.

Crawford - Peter A. R. Brace.

Dane - John Y. Smith, Abel Dunning, Benjamin Fuller, George B. Smith, Nathaniel F. Hyer, John M. Babcock.

Dodge — William M. Dennis, Stoddard Judd, Hiram Barber, Benjamin Granger, Horace D. Patch, John H. Manahan.

Fond du Lac - Warren Chase, Lorenzo Hazen, Moses S. Gibson.

Grant — Thomas P. Burnett, Thomas Cruson, Lorenzo Bevans, Neeley Gray, J. Allen Barber, James Gilmore, Franklin Z. Hicks, Daniel R. Burt, James R. Vineyard.

Green - Davis Bowen, Noah Phelps, William C. Green, Hiram Brown.

Iowa — William R. Smith, Moses M. Strong, Daniel M. Parkison, Thomas Jenkins, William J. Madden, Ninian E. Whitesides, Joshua L. White, Thomas James, Andrew Burnside, Moses Meeker, Elihu B. Goodsell.

.Jefferson — Patrick Rogan, Theodore Prentiss, Aaron Rankin, Elihu L. Attwood, Samuel T. Clothier, Peter H. Turner, George Hyer.

La Pointe - James P. Hays.

Marquette - Samuel W. Beall.

Manitowoc - Evander M. Soper.

Milwaukee - Don A. J. Upham, Francis Huebschmann, Wallace W. Graham, Garret Vliet, John Crawford, Asa Kinney, Garret M. Fitzgerald, John Cooper, John H. Tweedy, James Magone, Horace Chase, Charles E. Browne.

Portage - Henry C. Goodrich.

Racine — Edward G. Ryan, Marshall M. Strong, Frederick S. Lovell, Elijah Steele, Stephen O. Bennett, Nathaniel Dickinson, Daniel Harkin, Chauncey Kellogg, Haynes Finch, Chatfield H. Parsons, Victor M. Willard, James H. Hall, James B. Cartter, T. S. Stock-

Rock — A. Hyatt Smith, David Noggle, Sanford P. Hammond, James Chamberlain, Joseph S. Pierce, George B. Hall, David L. Mills, John Hackett, Joseph Kinney, Jr., Israel Inman, Jr.

Richland - Edward Coumbe.

Sauk-Wm. H. Clark.

St. Croix - William Holcombe.

Sheboygan - David Giddings.

Washington - Bostwick O'Connor, Edward H. Janssen, Patrick Toland, Charles J. Kern, Hopewell Coxe, Joel F. Wilson.

Waukesha — Andrew E. Elmore, Pitts Ellis, George Reed, Elisha W. Edgerton, Rufus Parks, William R. Hesk, Barnes Babcock, Charles Burchard,† James M. Moore Benjamin Hunkins, Alexander W. Randall.

Walworth — Solmous Wakeley, Joseph Bowker, Charles M. Baker, John W. Boyd, William Bell, Lyman H. Seaver, Sewall Smith, Josiah Topping, William Berry, M. T. Hawes. Winnebago - James Duane Doty.

This gentleman never took his seat. Iatthias J. Bovee. †Seat unsuccessfully contested by Ma †This gentleman never took his seat.

SECOND CONVENTION.

This Convention assembled at Madison, on the 15th of December, 1847, and adjourned on the 1st of February, 1843, having framed a Constitution which was submitted to a vote of the people on the second Monday in March following, and the same was adopted. The Convention was constituted as follows: Messrs. Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase, Stoddard Judd, Theodore Prentiss, Garret M. Fitzgerald and Frederick S. Lovell, being the only members of the first Convention who were elected to the second; the members of the first, in almost every county, declining a re-election.

President - Morgan L. Martin, of Brown. Secretary - Thomas McHugh.

Brown - Morgan L. Martin.

Calumet - G. W. Featherstonhaugh.

Chippewa and Crawford - Daniel G. Fenton.

Columbia - James T. Lewis.

Dane — Charles M. Nichols, William A. Wheeler, William H. Fox.

Dodge — Stoddard Judd, Samuel W. Lyman, Charles H. Larrabee.

Fond du Lac - Samuel W. Beall, Warren Chase.

Grant-George W. Lakin, John H. Rountree, Alexander D. Ramsay, Orsamus Cole, William Richardson.

Green - James Biggs, William McDowell.

Iowa — Stephen P. Holfenbeck, Charles Bishop, Joseph Ward.

Jefferson — Theodore Prentiss, Milo Jones, Abram Vanderpool, Jonas Folts.

La Fayette—Charles Dunn, Allen Warden, John O'Connor. Marquette and Winnebago - Harrison Reed.

Milwaukee-Byron Kilbourn, Rufus King, Charles H. Larkin, John L. Doran, Garret M. Fitzgerald, Moritz Schoeffler, Albert Fowler.

Portage - William H. Kennedy.

Racine - Theodore Secor, Samuel R. McClellan, Horace T. Sanders, Frederick S. Lovell, Stephen A. Davenport, Andrew B. Jackson, Albert G. Cole, James D. Reymert.

Rock - Almerin M. Carter, Ezra A. Foot, Edward V. Whiton, Paul Crandall, Joseph Colley, Louis P. Harvey.

St. Croix - George W. Brownell.

Sheboygan and Manitowoc - Silas Steadman.

Walworth - James Harrington, Augustus C. Kinne, George Gale, Experience Estabrook, Hollis Latham, Ezra A. Mulford.

Washington - Patrick Pentony, James Fagan, Harvey G. Turner.

Waukesha — Peter D. Gifford, George Scagel, Squire S. Case, Alfred L. Castleman, Emulous P. Cotton, Eleazer Root.

STATE GOVERNMENT OF WISCONSIN.

FROM ITS ORGANIZATION.

Note.—The regular terms of all elective state officers commence the first Monday in January of the odd numbered years. Previous to the present time, the terms began in the even numbered years.

	GOVERNORS.
Nelson Dewey, I	Lancaster, from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
	Madison from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854.
	Waukesha, from Jan. 2, 1854, to Mar. 21, 1856
	Milwaukee, from Mar. 21, 1856, to Mar. 25, 1856.
	Oshkosh, from Mar. 25, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
COICE BUSINESS	Waukesha, from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 6, 1862
Alox III. Itterities,	Shopiere, from Jan. 6, 1862, to Apr. 19, 1862
	Milwaukee, from Apr. 19, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
	Columbus, from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Danies 1. Lienzy	Madison, from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1872
	La Crosse, from Jan. 1, 1872, to Jan. 5, 1874
	Cottage Grove, from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 3, 1876
Harrison Ludington, I	Milwaukee, from Jan. 3, 1876, to Jan. 7, 1878
	Milwaukee, from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
	Viroqua, from Jan. 2, 1882, to Jan. 7, 1889
	Ft. Atkinson, from Jan. 7, 1889, to
	LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.
John E. Hormos,	Jefferson,
Daniel III Down	raychecutan,
Innoung Burne,	La Crosse,
ounce i. me,	Columbus,
Al birth Ficher chary	1 1000 1 T- 0 1000
E. D. Campoon,	La Closse,
Dutici G. 1.0010,	Williewater,
Edvard Saromon	10 1000 1 00 1000
dell'y ii. Hameron,	T B 1000
Wyman Specier,	EIRHOIH.
Inducation Cr = committee	Onipporta 1 and,
minon ii. i ottio,	Kenosna,
Onarios D. Parios,	Lieasant vanoj;
0	Julippewa Fans,
Daili D. I moraj	2 7 0 1007 to
Geo. W. Ryland, · · · I	Dancastor,
	SECRETARIES OF STATE.
Thos. McHugh, I	Delavan, from June 7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
Inos. morraga,	Waukesha from Jan. 7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Will. A. Darston,	Green Bav, from Jan. 5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
C. D. Hoomson,	Janesville, from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
	Belmont from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 2, 1860
	Shopiere from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 1862
	Columbus, from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 1864
James 1. 110 will,	Madison, from Jan. 4, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1866
Lucius Fairchia,	Mineral Point, - from Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
THOMAS C. IIIICA,	Portage, - • from Jan. 3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Peter Doyle, I	Prairie du Chien, - from Jan. 5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
	Ellsworth, / from Jan. 7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
	Kenosha, from Jan. 2, 1882, to

Ex-officio, as President of Senate.

STATE TREASURERS.

Jarius C. Fairchild, -	-	Madison, -	-	-	-	from Jan.	7, 1848, to Jan. 5, 1852
Edward H. Janssen, -	-	Cedarburg,	-	-	-	from Jan.	5, 1852, to Jan. 7, 1856
Charles Kuehn,	-	Manitowoc,	-	-	-	from Jan.	7, 1853, to Jan. 4, 1858
Samuel D. Hastings, -		Trempealeau,		-	-	from Jan.	4, 1858, to Jan. 1, 1866
William E. Smith,	-	Fox Lake,	-	-	-	from Jan.	1, 1856, to Jan. 3, 1870
Henry Bætz,	-	Manitowoc,		-	-	from Jan.	3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
Ferdinand Keuhn, -	-	Milwaukee,		-	٠.	from Jan.	5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Richard Guenther, -	-	Oshkosh, -	,	-	-	from Jan.	7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Edward C. McFetridge,	-	Beaver Dam,	-	-	-	from Jan.	2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Henry B. Harshaw, -	-	Oshkosh, -		-	-	from Jan.	3, 1887, to

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

James S. Brown,	Milwaukee,	from June	7, 1848, to Jan. 7, 1850
S. Park Coon,	Milwaukee,	from Jan.	7, 1850, to Jan. 5, 1852
Experience Estabrook, -	Geneva,	from Jan.	5, 1852, to Jan. 2, 1854
George B. Smith,	Madison,	from Jan.	2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 1856
William R. Smith,	Mineral Point,	from Jan.	7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 1858
Gabriel Bouck,	Oshkosh,	from Jan.	4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
James H. Howe	Green Bay,	from Jan.	2, 1800, to Oct. 7, 1862
Winfield Smith,	Milwaukee,	from Oct.	7, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1866
Charles R. Gill,	Watertown,	from Jan.	1, 1866, to Jan. 3, 1870
Stephen S. Barlow,	Dellona,	from Jan.	3, 1870, to Jan. 5, 1874
A. Scott Sloan,	Beaver Dam,	from Jan.	5, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
Alexander Wilson,	Mineral Point,	from Jan.	7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Leander F. Frisby,	West Bend,	from Jan.	2, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Charles E. Estabrook, -	Manitowoc,	from Jan.	3, 1887, to

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS.

(Office created August 16, 1843.)

Eleazer Root,			
Azel P. Ladd,			
Hiram A. Wright,	Prairie du Chien,	from Jan.	2, 1854, to May 29, 1855
A. Constantine Barry, -			
Lyman C. Draper,	Madison,	from Jan.	4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1860
Josiah L. Pickard,			
John G. McMynn,	Racine,	from Oct.	1, 1864. to Jan. 6, 1868
Alexander J. Craig			
Samuel Fallows,	Milwaukee,	from July	6, 1870, to Jan. 4, 1874
Edward Searing,	Milton,	from Jan.	4, 1874, to Jan. 7, 1878
William C. Whitford,	Milton,	from Jan.	7, 1878, to Jan. 2, 1882
Robert Graham,			
Jesse B. Thayer,	River Falls,	from Jan.	3, 1887, to

BANK COMPTROLLERS.

(Office created by Chapter 479, Laws 1852 — Abolished January 3, 1870, Chapter 28, Laws of 1868.)

James S. Baker, -	-	Green Bay, -	-,	-	from Nov.	20, 1852, to Jan.	2, 1854
William M. Dennis, -	-	Watertown, -	-	-	from Jan.	2, 1854, to Jan.	4, 1858
Joel C. Squires,	-	Mineral Point,	-	-	from Jan.	4, 1858, to Jan.	2, 1860
Gysbert Van Steenwyk,	-	Kilbourn City,	•	-	from Jan.	2, 1869, to Jan.	6, 1862
William H. Ramsey,	-	Ozaukee, -	-	-	from Jan.	6, 1862, to Jan.	1, 1866
Jeremiah M. Rusk,	-	Viroqua,	-	-	from Jan.	1, 1866, to Jan.	3, 1870



SCHOOL FOR THE DFAF, DELAVAN.



STATE PRISON COMMISSIONERS.

(C)ffice created by Chapter 24, Laws of 1853 — Abolished January 4, 1874, by Chapter 193 Laws of 1873.)

Argalus W. Starks, - Edward McGarry, - Edward M. MacGraw, - Hans C. Heg, -	Fond du Lac, from Apr. 2, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1858 Baraboo from Jan. 2, 1854, to Jan. 7, 18 Milwaukee, from Jan. 7, 1856, to Jan. 4, 18 Sheboygan, from Jan. 4, 1858, to Jan. 2, 18 Waterford, from Jan. 2, 1860, to Jan. 6, 18 Onlikesh - from Jan. 6, 1862, to Jan. 4, 18	54 56 58 60 62 64
Alexander P. Hodges, -	0 1000 to Top 4 18	64 70

STATE COMMISSIONERS OF IMMIGRATION.

(Office created by Chap. 155, Laws of 1871 — Abolished January 3, 1876, by Chap. 238, Laws of 1874.)

				- Beloit,	_	-	_	from	April	3,	1871,	to	Jan.	5,	1874	
Ole C. Johnson,	•	-			-			from	т	=	1074	tο	Ton	2	1876	
Martin J. Argard,		-	-	E au Clair	е, -	-	-	rom	Jan.	υ,	1014,	ιο	Jan.	υ,	10.0	

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

(Office created by Section 8 of Chapter 273, Laws of 1874; made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

00III *** == -5 -7	Milwaukee	from April 29, 1874, to March 10, 1876 from April 29, 1874, to March 10, 1876
Geo. H. Paul, - Joseph H. Osborn,	Oshkosh,	from April 29, 1874, to March 10, 1876 from March 10, 1876, to Feb. 1, 1878
A. J. Turner,	Portage,	from Feb. 15, 1882, to Jan. 3, 1887
Atley Peterson	Soldiers' Grove	from Jan. 3, 1887, to

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS.

(By Chapter 56, Section 32, General Laws of 1867, the Secretary of State was Commissioner of Insurance ex-officio until the passage of Chapter 214, Laws of 1878, creating the office of Insurance Commissioner, which office was made elective by Chapter 300, Laws of 1881.)

,								e 1 11 4 4070 to Ton 9 1997
Philip L. Spooner, Jr., Madiso	n.	-		-	-	-		from April 1, 1878, to Jan. 3, 1887
	,							from January 3, 1887 to
Philip Cheek, Jr. Baraboo		-	-	-		•	•	from January 0, 1001 to

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(The Supreme Court was not separately organized until 1833, previous to which the Judges of the Circuit Court were ex officio Justices of the Supreme Court.)

Name.	Circuit.	Date oath of office. Exp'n of term.
Alex. W. Stow, C. J.,		August 28, 1848, to Jan. 1, 1851
Edward V. Whiton, A. J.,	- 1st	August 28, 1848, to June 1, 1853
Edward V. Whiton, A. J.,	- 9/1	August 28, 1848, to June 1, 1853
Levi Hubbell, A. J.,*-	9/1	August 28, 1848, to June 1, 1853
Charles H. Larrabee, A. J., -	. 5th	August 28, 1848, to June 1, 1853
Mortimer M. Jackson, A. J., -	- 5011	January 1, 1851, to June 1, 1853
111110(11) 0. 110(10, 12.0)	- 4th	August 6, 1850, to June 1, 1853
Wiram Knowlton, A. J.,	- otn	August 0, 1000, to bille 1, 1000

^{*} Elected Chief Justice June 18. 1851.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Name.	Title.	Date.	Exp'n of te	erm,
Edward V. Whiton,	C. J.	June 1, 1858, t	-	1859
Luther S. Dixon,	- C. J.	April 20, 1859, t	•	1874
Edward G. Rvan	C. J.	June 17, 1874, t	o Oct. 19.	1880
Orsamus Cole	C. J.	Nov. 11, 1880, t	•	1892
Samuel Crawford,	A. J.	June 1, 1853, t		1855
Abram D. Smith,	- A. J.	June 1, 1853, t		1859
Orsamus Cole,	A. J.	June 19, 1855, t		1880
Byron Paine	A. J.	June 21, 1859, t		1864
Jason Downer,	A. J.	Nov. 15, 1864, t	,	1867
Byron Paine,	A. J.	Sept. 11, 1867, t	o Jan. 13,	1871
William P. Lyon, -	A. J.	Jan. 20, 1871, t		1894
David Taylor, ·	A. J.	April 18, 1878, t	o 1st M. Jan.	1896
Harlow S. Orton,	A. J.	April 18, 1878, t	o 1st M. Jan.	1898
John B. Cassoday, -	- A. J.	Nov. 11, 1880, t	o 1st M. Jan.	1890
	ALERKS OF SUPREME C	OURT.	-	
	•			
J. R. Brigham,	Appointed August Term,			1848
Samuel W. Beale, -	Appointed December 12,			1851
La Fayette Kellogg, -	Appointed June 1, -			1853
Clarence Kellovg -	Appointed June 11,		• • •	1878

MEMBERS OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURES,

FROM 1848 TO 1889 INCLUSIVE.

SENATORS.

Names.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Abert, George A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877, 78, b. 1868, 69, b.
Abrams, Wm. JAckley, Henry M	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1882, 83.
Adams, Benjamin F	Door Creek, Dane	1862, 72.
Adams, Henry	Monticello, Green	1866, 67, 68, 69, b .
Adams, John	Black Earth, Dane	1882, 83, b.
Adams, John Q	Fall River, Columbia	1854, 55, 56, b. 1852, 53.
Alban, James S	Plover, Portage	1853, 54.
Allen, Benjamin	Cross Plains, Dane	1878, 79, 80, 81, b.
Anderson, Matthew	Divor Falle Pierce	1878, 79.
Arnold, Alexander A	Galesville, Trempealeau	1877, 78, b.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk	1889, b.
	75	1872, 73, b.
Bacon, Orrin	Monticello, Green Baldwin, St. Croix	1878, 79.
Bailey, Dana R	Racine, Racine	1873, 75, 76.
Baker, Robert H	Chilton, Calumet	1870, 71, b.
Barber, J. Allen	Lancaster, Grant	1856, 57, b.
Barden, Levi W	Portage, Columbia	1875, 76, 77, 78, b.
Barlow, Stephen S	Delton, Sauk	1868, 69, b.
Barnes, S. W	Waterloo, Jefferson	1856, 57. 1875, 76.
Barney, John A	Mayville, Dodge Waukau, Winnebago	1865, 66, b.
Burnum, George S	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1874, 75, 76, b.
Barron, Henry D Bartlett, M. D	Durand, Pepin	1862, 63.
Bartlett, Oscar F	East Troy, Walworth Oshkosh, Winnebago	1860, 61.
Bashford, Coles	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1853, 54, 55.
Bean, Samuel C	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1857, 58, 61, 62.
Belden, Philo	Rochester, Racine	1871, 72, b.
Bennett, Alden I	Kenosha, Kenosha	1858, 59, 60, 61. 1860, 61.
Bennett, George	Watertown, Jefferson	1879, 80.
Bennett, Joseph B. ¹ Bennett, Stephen O	Raymond, Racine	1851, 52, b.
Bennett, Van S	Rockton, Vernon	1882, 83, b.
Bentley John A	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1865, 66.
Billings, Henry M	Highland, Iowa	1848, b.
Black, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, 75 , b . 1880, 81.
Blackstone, John W	Shullsburg, La Fayette	1883, 85, b.
Blake, Edward R	Port Washington, Ozaukee Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1853, 54.
Blair, Andrew M	Waukesha, Waukesha	1864, 65, 72, 73, 76, 77.
Bleekman, Adelbert E	Tomah. Monroe	1874, 75, b.
Bohan, John R	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1863, 64, b.
Bones, Thomas A	Racine, Racine	1877, 78.
Botkin, Alexander	Madison, Dane	1849, 50, b. 185 3.
Bovee, Marvin H	Waukesha, Waukesha	185 4 , 5 5 ,
Bowen, Ezra B	Mayville, Dodge Waupun, Dodge	1852, 53,
Bowen, Thomas S Bowman, Jonathan	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1863, 64, 65, 66, b.
Boyd, John W	Geneva. Walworth	1848, 49, 58, 59.
Bragg, Edward S	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1868, 69.
Briggs, John R., Jr.2	Beloit, Rock	1853.
Brown, Orlando	Modena, Buffalo	1872, 73, b. 1861, 62, 67, 68.
Browne, Edward L		

b. See list of members of Assembly. 1 Elected January 21, 1879, to fill vacancy caused by death of C. H. Phillips, of Lake Mills. 2 Contested seat of L. P. Harvey, but did not prevail.

SENATORS - Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Bryant, George E. Buckstaff, Geo. H. Budlong, S. W. Bugh, Samuel G. Bull, Benjamin Bull, Hiram C. Burchard, Samuel D. Burdick, Zebulon P. Burrows, George B. Butt, Cyrus M.	Madison, Dane Oshkosh, Winnebago. Waterloo, Jefferson. Shullsburg, La Fayette. Prairie du Chien, Crawford. Madison, Dane. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Janesville, Rock. Madison, Dane. Viroqua, Vernon	1875, 76. 1887, 89, b. 1865, 66. 1851, 52. 1860, 67. 1867, 71, 73. 74. 1850, 60, b. 1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82.
Butt, Cyrus M. Cameron, Angus. Campbell, Archibald. Campbell, Francis. Carey, John Carter, Benjamin F. Cary, John W. Cary, Luther H. Case, Jerome I. Cate, N. S. Cavanaugh, Daniel. Chandler, Williard H. Chandler, Williard H. Chappel, William Chase, C. S. Chase, Enoch. Chase, Warren Chipman, William E. Clapp, J. D.	La Crosse, La Crosse. Middlebury, Iowa Gratiot, La Fayette Osman, Manitowoc. Sherwood, Calumet Racine, Racine. Racine, Racine. De Soto, Vernon. Osceola, Fond du Dac Sparta, Monroe. Windsor, Dane. Watertown, Jefferson Racine, Racine. Miwaukee, Milwaukee. Ceresco, Fond du Lac Burlington, Racine.	1863, 64, 71, 72, b. 1878, 79. 1878, 79. 1873, 74, 75, 76. 1883, b, 85, 87. 1880, 81, b. 1861, 62, b. 1861, 62, b. 1862, 66. 1862, 6. 1863, 64, 65, 66, b. 1863, 64, 65, 66, b. 1855, 56. 1863, 64, 85, 86, b. 1857, 58. 1882, 83, b. 1848, 49.
Clark, Satterlee. Clark, Temple. Clawson, P. J. Clement, Charles. Cobb, Amasa. Cole, Samuel. Colladay, William M. Colman, Edward. Comstock, Cicero. Comstock, Cicero. Comstock, Noah D. Conkey, Theodore. Conklin, James. Cook, E. Fox. Cooper, H. A. Copp, William J. Cothren, Montgomery M. Cottrill, J. P. C. Cotzhausen, Frederick W. Cox, Charles P. Crane, H. O. Crosby, Charles F. Cunning, Hugh. Curtis, Henry W.	Horicon, Dodge Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Monroe, Green Racine, Racine Mineral Point, Iowa Gratiot, La Fayette Stoughton, Dane Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Arcadia, Trempealeau Appleton, Outagamie Madison, Dane Sheboygan, Sheboygan, Racine, Racine Prescott, Pierce Mineral Point, Iowa Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Wirer Falls, Pierce Mirer Falls, Pierce Wansau, Marathon Ozaukee, Ozaukee Delton, Sauk	1863, 64.
Davis, Horatio N Davis, Moses M Davis, Moses M Davis, Romanzo E Day, C. W Dean, Elilab B., Jr Decker, Edward DeGroff, John W Delaney, Arthur K Dennis, William M Dering, Charles L Dewey, Nelson Dexter, George E Douglas, Mark Downs, Daniel L Dunn, Charles Dyson, T. A	Beloit, Rock. Portage City, Columbia. Middleton, Dane. De Pere, Brown Madison, Dane. Kewaunee, Kewaunee Alma, Buffalo. Mayville, Dodge. Watertown, Jefferson. Columbus, Columbia. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Lancaster, Grant. Monroe, Green. Melrose, Jackson. Richland Center, Richland. Belmont, La Fayette. Shullsburg, La Fayette.	1873, 74, 75, 76, 1857, 58, 59, 60, b., 1870, 71*, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77. 1887. 1887, 89, b. 1881, 82, b. 1881, 84, 9, b. 1879, 80, b. 1870, 71, b. 1874, 55, 1876, 77, b. 1876, 77, b. 1876, 77, b. 1876, 77, b. 1883, 54, 55, 56, 1887, 89, 1883, 64, 67, 68, b.

b See list of members of Assembly.

[·] Seat unsuccessfully contested by Levi B. Vilas.

SENATORS - Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Eastman, Enos. Eastman, J. A. Eaton, Henry L. Eagan, Michael J. Eldredge, Charles A. Ellis, Frederick S. Ellis, William A. Elwood, G. De Witt. Erwin, Charles K.	Plymouth, Sheboygan Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. Lone Rock, Richland. Franklin, Milwaukee Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. Green Bay, Brown Pesthigo, Oconto Princeton, Green Lake Tomah, Monroe.	1875, 76, b. 1850, 1851. 1872, 73, b. 1860, 61, b. 1854, 55. 1864, 65, b. 1881, 82. 1865, 66. 1882, 83, 85, 87.
Farr, Asahel. Fenton, Daniel G. Ferguson, Benjamin. Ffield, R. C. Ffifield, Sam S. Fisher, Ira W. Fisher, James. Fitch, George. Fitzgerald, John. Flint, Edwin. Flint, Edwin. Flint, Waldo S. Foot, Ezra A. Foster, James H. Fratt, Nicholas D. Fritz, Theodore. Frost, Geo. L. Frotts, Geo. L. Fritz, Theodore. Frost, Geo. L. Frutton, Marcus A.	Kenosha, Kenosha Prairie du Chien Fox Lake, Dodge, Osseo, Trempealeau Ashland, Ashland Fountain City, Buffalo, Menasha, Winnebago, Eastman, Crawford Berlin, Green Lake, Oshkosh, Winnebago, La Crosse, La Crosse, Menomonie, Dunn Princeton, Green Dake, Footville, Rock, Koro, Winnebago, Racine, Racine Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 77, b. 1848. 1860, 61. 1874, 75, b. 1877, 75, 68, b. 1887, 82, b. 1869, 70. 1849, 50, b. 1869, 80. 1856. 1871, 72, b.
Gale, George. Gardner, E. T. Gary, George. Gernon, Edward. Gibson, Thomas K. Gibson, William J. Giddings, James. Giles, Hram H. Gill, Bolivar G. Ginty, Geo. C. Gill, Charles R. Goodell, Lenuel 1. Graham, Hiram P. Grant, Levi. Gray, Hamilton H. Greene, Walter S. Greulich, Augustus. Griffin, Michael. Grimmer, George. Griswold, William M.	Hudson, St. Croix Elkhorn, Walworth. Monroe, Green. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Genesee, Waukesha Benton, La Fayette Black River Falls, Jackson. Chester, Dodge. Stoughton, Dane. Grafton, Ozaukee. Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Watertown, Jefferson. Stockbridge, Calumet Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Kenosha, Kenosha. Darlington, La Fayette. j Milford, Jefferson Hort Atkinson, Jefferson Miwaukee, Milwaukee Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Kewauke, Kewauke. Columbus, Columbia.	1866, 67, b. 1850, 51. 1848, 49. 1866, b. 1866, b. 1855, 56, b. 1850, 51. 1855, 56, b. 1855, 56, 57, 58, b. 1855, 56, 57, 58, b. 1855, 57, b. 1856, 61. 1849, 50, b. 1874, 75. 1834. 1899, 70, b. 1873, 74, b. 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 89, 1887, 78, 79, 80, 1889, 70, 71, 72, b.
Haben, Andrew Habich, Carl. Hadley, Jackson Hall, John C. Hamilton, J. B. Hamett, Luther Harris, Joseph. Harvey, Louis P. Hathaway, Oscar C. Hay, Samuel M. Hazelton, George C. Hazelton, George C. Hazelton, Gerry W. Head, Orson S. Herrick, Charles, Hicks, Edward Hilgen, Frederick Hill, James. Hiner, William H. Hixon, Gideon C. Hobart, Harrison C.	Oshkosh, Winnebago. Madison, Dane Milwaukee, Milwaukee Monroe, Green Neenah, Winnebago. Plover, Portage. Sturgeon Bay, Door Shopiere, Rock. Beetown, Grant Oshkosh, Winnebago. Boscobel, Grant. Columbia. Columbia. Kenosha, Kenosha. Racine, Racine Green Bay, Brown. Cedarburg, Ozaukee. Warren, St. Croix. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. La Crosse, La Crosse. Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1879, 80, b. 1888, 69, 1855, 56, b. 1870, 71, 1892, 63, 81, 82, 1864, 55, 56, 57, 1876, 77, 78, 79, 1862, b. 1863, 69, 70, 71, 1861, 62, 1851, 1874, 1862, 63, b. 1869, 83, b. 1872, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 1873, 74, b.

Seat unsuccessfully contested by H. E. Eastman
 Seat unsuccessfully contested by A. A. Townsend.
 Seat contested in 1854 by John R. Briggs, Jr., on constitutional grounds, but unsuccessfully.
 See lists of members of Assembly.

${\tt SENATORS-Continued.}$

NAMES.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Holloway, John C. Hood, Thomas Hopkins, Benjamin F Horn, Frederick W Hotchkiss, Robert H Houghton, Horace E Howell, Daniel Hoyt, J. W Hudd, Thomas R.+ Huebschmann, Francis. Hulbert, David B Humphrey, Herman L Hunt, George F Hunter, Ed. M Hutchinson, Buel E Hyde, Edwin Hyer, George.	Lancaster, Grant. Madison, Dane Madison, Dane Cedarburg, Ozaukee Plymouth, Sheboygan Durand, Pepin Jefferson, Jefferson Chaseburg, Vernon Appleton, Outagamie Green Bay, Brown Milwaukee, Milwaukee Logansville, Sauk Hudson, St. Groix West Bend, Washington Milwaukee, Milwaukee Prairie du Chien, Crawford Milwaukee, Milwaukee Waukesha, Waukesha	1879, 80, b. 1854, 55. 1885, 87. 1862, 63. 1876, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 85, b.
Irish, Joseph E Ives, Edward H	New Richmond, St. Croix Trimbelle, Pierce	1872, 73. 1870, 71, b.
Jacobs, William H James, Norman L Jenkins, George A Johnson, John A Joiner, Lemuel W Joiner, R. L Jonas, Charles Jones, Evan W Jones, John H Judd, Stoddard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Richland Center, Richland Charlestown, Calumet Madison, Dane Wyoning, Iowa Wyoming, Iowa Racine, Racine Cambria, Columbia Sheboygan, Sheboygan Fox Lake, Dodge	1875, 76. 1885, 87, b. 1862, b. 1873, 74, b. 1887, 78, 61, 62, 69, 70, b. 1889, 85, b. 1871, 72. 1866, 67, b,
Kellogg, John A Kelly, David M Kelly, Charles S Kelsey, Edwin B Kempf, John J Kennedy, William Keogh, Edward Kershaw, William Kecham, William Kidd, Edward I Kimball, Alanson M Kimball, M. L Kingston, John T Kinney, Asa. Klotz, Ignatius Kreiss, George Kroeger, Herm Krouskop, George Kusel, Frederick	Wausau, Marathon. Green Bay, Brown Montello, Marquette Montello, Marquette Milwaukee, Milwaukee Appleton, Outagamie Milwaukee, Milwaukee Big Springs, Adams Richland City, Richland Millville, Grant Pine River, Waushara Berlin, Green Lake Necedah, Juneau Milwaukee, Milwaukee Campbellsport, Fond du Lac Appleton, Outagamie Milwaukee, Milwaukee Richland Center, Richland Watertown, Jefferson	1879, 80. 1880, 81, b. 1881, 62, 63, 64, b. 1885, 87, 89. 1882, 63, b. 1899, 70 b. 1899, 70 b. 1893, 87, 89, b. 1893, 87, 89, b. 1893, 64, 44, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 49. 1885, 87, b. 1886, 64, 49, 1885, 87, 89, b. 1886, 64, 41, 48, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49, 49
Lakin, George W Lander, H. W Larkin, Charles H Lawrence, William A Leaby, John E Lewis, James T Lincoln, Wyman L Lindsley, Myron P Lins, John A Little, Francis. Littlejohn, N. M Lochen, Peter Loper, Alonzo A Lord, Simon L Lovejoy, A. P Loy, Joseph F Lynde, William Pitt Magoon, Henry S 'dain, Willet S.	Platteville, Grant. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Janesville, Rock. Wausau, Marathon. Columbus, Columbia Avoca, Iowa. Green Bay, Brown Eagle, Waultesha Mineral Point, Iowa Whitewater, Walworth Newberg, Washington Ripon, Fond du Lac Edgerton, Rock Janesville, Rock De Pere, Brown Milwaukee, Milwaukee Darlington, La Fayette Madison, Dane	1869, 70, b.

b. See list of members of Assembly.

* Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of Charles Quentin.

☆ Elected to Congress to fill vacancy caused by death of Hon. Joseph Rankin.

SENATORS - Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
75 Charlie	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1868, 69.
Mann, Curtis Manzi, Baltus Martin, Morgan L. Masters, E. D Maxon, Densmore E Maxwell, Walter S McClellan, Samuel R. McCord, Myron H	Oconomowoc, Waukesha. Meeker, Washington Green Bay, Brown Jefferson, Jefferson Cedar Creek, Washington Kenosha, Kenosha. Wilmot, Kenosha. Shawano, Shawano Oshkosh, Winnebago Plover, Portage. La Crosse, La Crosse. Highland, Iowa Beaver Dam, Dodge Milwaukee, Milwaukee Richland Centre, Richland Lodi, Columbia.	1854.
Manzin Morgan I.	Green Bay, Brown	1858 59, b.
Masters E D	Jefferson, Jefferson	1859, 60.
Maxon, Densmore E	Cedar Creek, Washington	1858, 59, 60, 61, b
Maxwell, Walter S	Kenosha, Kenosha	1885, 87, b. 1888, 59. 1873, 74, b. 1873, 74, b. 1873, 74, b. 1883, 85, b. 1875, 76, b. 1879, 80, b. 1884, 85, b. 1880, 81, b. 1881, 88
McClellan, Samuel R	Wilmot, Kenosha	1858, 59.
McCord, Myron H	Shawano, Shawano	1079 74
McCurdy, Robert	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1862 64 h
McDill, Alexander S	Plover, Portage	1883, 85, b.
McDonald, Donald A	Highland Iowa	1875, 76, b.
McFariand, David	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1879, 80, b.
McGarry Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854, 55, b.
McGrew Joseph B	Richland Centre, Richland	1880, 81, b.
McKeeby, Gilbert E	Lodi, Columbia	1881, 82.
McLane, George R	Summit, Waukesha	1853, 54. 1889.
Mead, M. C	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1866, 67.
Meade, Matt J	Green Bay, Brown	1858, 59.
Mears, Daniel	Arona Towa	1 1882 83
Menert, William C	Lodi, Columbia Summit, Waukesha Plymouth, Sheboygan Green Bay, Brown Osceola Mills, Polk. Arena, Iowa. Ashland, Ashland	1887, 89.
Merrill Henry	Fort Winnebago	1848, 49.
Messinger, R. N	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Miller, Ezra	Beloit, Rock	1853, 54. 1889.
Miller, Wm	Rusk, Dunn	1856, 57.
Mills, Jesse C	Madison Dane	1848.
Miner Flinhalet S	Necedah, Juneau	1871, 72, b.
Minor Edward S	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1883, 85, b.
Mitchell, George W	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1862, 63.
McClellan, Samuel R. McCord, Myron H. McCurdy, Robert. McDill, Alexander S. McDonald, Donald A. McFarland, David. McGretridge, Edward C. McGarry, Edward McGrew, Joseph B. McKeeby, Gilbert E. McLane, George R. Mead, M. C. Meade, Matt J. Mears, Daniel Meffert, William C. Merrill, Geo. F. Merrill, Henry. Messinger, R. N. Miller, Ezra. Miller, Wm Mills, Simeon Miner, Eliphalet S. Mitchell, George W. Mitchell, John L. Montgomery, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1891, 72, b. 1881, 85, b. 1882, 63, 1862, 63, 1872, 73, 76, 77.
Montgoniery, Edwin Moore, G. De G. Moore, Harvey T.	Proinio du Sac Sauk	1850, 51.
Moore, G. De G	Brodhead, Green	1874, 75.
Morgan, Lyman	Ashland, Ashland Fort Winnebago Milwaukee, Milwaukee Beloit, Rock Rusk, Dunn Eikhorn, Walworth Madison, Dane Necedah, Juneau Sturgeon Bay, Door Ripon, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Farmington, Jefferson Prairie du Sac, Sauk Brodhead, Green Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72,
		79, 80.
Morris, T. D	Whitesville, ———————————————————————————————————	1863, 64. 1877, 78, b. 1849, 50.
Mumbrue, Henry C	Chullaburg La Favette	1849, 50.
Murphy, Dennis'	Shunsburg, La Pay cook	}
Nash, Wm. F	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1889.
Nash, Wm. F Nason, Joel F	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1885, 87.
Nelson, William	Viroqua, Vernon	1872, 70.
Nelson, William Nevins, Sylvester L Newman, Alfred W	Viroqua, Vernon La Crosse, La Crosse. Trempealeau, Trempealeau.	1885, 87. 1872, 73. 1875, 76. 1868, 69, b.
Norton, Otis W	Milton, Rock	1848, 49, 50.
Norton, Ous w	Miloon, Hook	•
O'Neill, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856, 57, b.
O'Neill, Edward O'Rourk, Patrick H	Cascade, Sheboygan	1873, 74.
De delecte Eveneia	Salam Kanosha	1855.
Paddock, Francis	I Janesville Rock	1851, 52. 1867, 68, b. 1882, 83.
Palmer Henry L.2	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68, b.
Palmetier, Charles	Lake Geneva, Walworth	. 1882, 83.
Parry, William T	. Portage, Columbia	1883, 85, b. 1883, 79, 80, 81.
Paul, George H	. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Persons, E. W	. De Pere, Brown	1887 89
Pettibone, C. A	Kenosha Kenosha	. 1887, 89. 1870, 71.
Phillips Albert L	Racine, Racine	. 1881, 82, b.
Phillips, Charles H.3	Lake Mills, Jefferson	. 1879, b.
Phillips, E. S	. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1860, 61.
Pier, Edward	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	. 1856, 57, 58, 59. 1882, 83.
Pingel, John L	Rosendale Fond du Lee	1 1852, 53, b.
Pond I. F.	Westfield, Marquette	. 1852, 53, b. 1887, 89.
Pope, Carl C	Black River Falls, Jackson	. 1864, 65, b.
Paddock, Francis. Palmer, Andrew. Palmer, Henry L. Palmetier, Charles. Parry, William T. Paul, George H. Persons, E. W. Pettibone, C. A. Pettiti, Milton H. Phillips, Albert L. Phillips, Charles H. Phillips, E. S. Pier, Edward. Pingel, John L. Pinkney, Bertine. Pond, L. E. Pope, Carl C. Potter, Robert L. D. Pratt, George C. Fratt, Samuel	Salem, Kenosha Janesville, Rock Milwaukee, Milwaukee Lake Geneva, Walworth Portage, Columbia Milwaukee, Milwaukee De Pere, Brown Juneau, Dodge Kenosha, Kenosha Racine, Racine Lake Mills, Jefferson Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Appleton, Outagamie Rosendale, Fond du Lac Westfield, Marquette Black River Falls, Jackson Wautoma, Waushara Waukesha, Waukesha Spring Prairie, Walworth	1864, 65, b. 1873, 74, 75, 76. 1862, 63. 1870, 71, 72, 78, b.
Pratt, George C	. Waukesha, Waukesha	1 100%, 03.
Fratt, Samuel	spring Prairie, waiworth	. 1010, 11, 12, 10, U.

b See list of members of Assembly.

Died Jan. 1, 1879, and J. B. Bennett elected to fill vacancy.

Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of Jackson Hadley.

Besigned his seat having been postmaster when elected.

${\tt SENATORS-Continued.}$

Names.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Prentice, Judson. Price, H. H. Price, William T.	Watertown, Jefferson. Black River Falls, Jackson Black River Falls, Jackson	1852, 53.
Price, H. H	Black River Falls, Jackson	1889.
Price, William T	Black River Falls, Jackson	1857, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, b
Proudet James K		1858, 59.
Proudfit, Andrew. Proudfit, James K. Purdy, William S.	Madison, Dane. Viroqua, Vernon.	1857, 70, 71, 78, 79, 80, 81, b 1858, 59, 1866, 67, 1863.
Quarles, Joseph V	•	
Quentin, Charles ¹	Kenosha, Kenosha	1880, 81, b.
Quimby, John B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Sauk City, Sauk	1861, 62. 1872, 73, 74, 75.
Randall, Archibald N		
Randall, Archibald N Rankin, Joseph	Brodhead, Green	1882, 83. 1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b. 1867, 68. 1874, 75, b.
Rankin, Joseph. Ranney, Joel W Reed, John M. Reed, Duncan C Reed, George. Reed, Myron. Reed, Orson Reed, William W Reynolds, J. C. Reymert, James D Reynolds, Benoni O Reynolds, H P Rice, John A Rich, Joei. Richardson, Hamilton.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc West Salem, La Crosse Kewaunee, Kewaunee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Manitowoc, Manitowoc Waupaca. Waupaca. Summit, Waukesha Jefferson, Jefferson Lake Geneva, Walworth Denoon.	1077, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Reed, John M	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1874 75 b
Reed, Duncan C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, 75, b.
Reed, George	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1850, 51, 52, 53. 1865, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70. 1871, 72.
Reed, Myron	Waupaca, Waupaca,	1871. 72.
seed, Orson	Summit, Waukesha	1866, 67, b. 1875, 76, 77, 78, 82, 85, b.
Rormolds T. C.	Jefferson, Jefferson	1875, 76, 77, 78, 83, 85, b.
Roymont Taylor D	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1889.
Pownolds Poponi O	Denoon, ——	1854. 55, b. 1878, 79, b. 1864, 65.
Reynolds H D	Geneva, Walworth	1878, 79, b.
Rice John A	Morton W. Milwaukee	1864, 65.
Rich Joei	Tupogu Doden	1870 71 74 75 70 70
tich, Joei. dichardson, Hamilton. dichmond, George N. ding, M. C.* dingle, John. ditch, William G. ditchnouse W. dodolf. Charles G.	Janesville Poels	1862, 63. 1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b. 1878, 79, b. 1885, b.
Richmond, George N	Appleton Outgramis	1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, b.
Ring, M. C.*	Neillsville Clark	1878, 79, b.
Ringle, John.	Wallsau Marathon	1885. D.
Ritch, William G	Oshkosh, Winnehago	1868.
Rittenhouse W	Monroe, Green.	1850 51
todolf, Charles G. tolfe, James tose, Solomon L. tounds, William P. tountree, John H. tust, William A. tyen Lones	Orion, Richland	1850, 51. 1859, 60, b .
colfe, James	Jackson, Washington.	1855
ose, Solomon L	Beaver Dam, Dodge.	1856, 57, b. 1875, 76, b. 1850, 51, 66, 67, b
ounds, william P	Menasha, Winnebago	1875, 76, b.
william A	Platteville, Grant	1850, 51, 66, 67, b
ven Tames	Appletan Claire, Eau Claire	1887, 89.
yan, James yland, George W	Generson, Jenerson Lake Geneva, Walworth Denoon, Geneva, Walworth Milwaukee, Milwaukee Merton, Walkesha Juneau, Dodge Janesville, Rock Appleton, Outagamie, Neilsville, Clark Wausau, Marathon Oshkosh, Winnebago Monroe, Green. Orion, Richland Jackson, Washington. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Menasha, Winnebago. Platteville, Grant Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Appleton, Outagamie Lancaster, Grant Berlin, Green Lake	1887, 89. 1876, 77. 1880, 81, 82, 83.
1	Barlin Cream Tala	
acket, Hobart Sanderson, Robert Bchantz, Adam	Berlin, Green Lake. Poynette, Columbia. Addison, Washington. Chilton, Calumet. Manitowoe, Manitowoe. Barton, Washington. Oconto, Oconto. Manitowoe, Manitowoe	1877, 78, 79, 80, b. 1867, 68, b. 1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
chantz. Adam	Addison Waghington	1867, 68, b.
chlichting, Reinhard	Chilton Columnat	1868, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b.
chlichting, Reinhard chmidt, Carl H chneider, Philip cofield, Edward	Manitowoc Manitowoo	1074, 75.
chneider, Philip	Barton, Washington	1071, 72, 73, 74, b.
cofield, Edward	Oconto, Oconto	1887 90
chuette, Johnehulteis, H. Jeott, Thomas B	Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1875 76
chulteis, H. J	Port Washington, Ozaukee Grand Rapids, Wood	1857, 58
cott, Thomas B	Grand Rapids, Wood	1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 70, 90
agton Tamos W 3	Potosi, Grant. Marquette, Green Lake. Waupaca, Waupaca. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Beaver Dam, Dodge. Kenosha, Kenosha. { Racine, Racine, Kenosha, Kenosha. Cyaukee, Ozaukee.	1805, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, b. 1874, 75. 1871, 72, 73, 74, b. 1877, 78, b. 1887, 89. 1875, 76. 1887, 58. 1873, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80 81, 82. 1853, b. 1853, b. 1852, 53, b. 1852, 53, b.
eaton, James W.2	Potosi, Grant.	1853, b.
eeley, M. W. essions, Milan H. harpstein, John R. herman, Benjamin F.	Marquette, Green Lake	1859, 60.
harnstein John R	Waupaca, Waupaca	1865, 66, b.
herman. Benjamin F	Reaver Dem Ded	1852, 53, b.
noles, Charles C	Kenosha Kanasha	1883, 85, b.
polog C Tathana	(Racine Racine	
holes, C. Latham	Kenosha Kenosha	1848, 49. 1856, 57, b.
lverman, Lion	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1859.
Iverthorn, Willis C	Wausau, Marathon	1875 76 h
lverman, Lionlverthorn, Willis Cmpson, Edward B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76, b. 1881, 82, b.
mpson, Philemon B	Shullsburg, La Fayette.	1857, 58 59 60 h.
mith Heretic Y	Appleton, Outagamie	1866, 67.
mon, floratio N	Sneboygan, Sheboygan	1853, 54, b.
nith Patriol U	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50.
nith Parry U	riymouth, Sheboygan	1858, 54, b. 1849, 50. 1880, 81, 82, 83. 1856, 57, b.
mpson, Fniemon B. nith, Augustus L. nith, Horatio N. nith, John B. nith, Patrick H. nith, Perry H. nith, William E. nooner. Wyman	Appleton, Outagamie	1856, 57, b. 1858, 59, 64, 65, b.
nooner. Wyman	Forderille	1858, 59, 64, 65, b
pooner, Wyman prague, Fred A juires, Joel C.3 anchfield, S. B.	Kenosha, Kenosha. Ozaukee, Ozaukee. Wausau, Marathon. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Shullsburg, La Fayette. Appleton, Outagamie. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Plymouth, Sheboygan. Appleton, Outagamie. Fox Lake, Dodge. Eagleville, Elkhorn, Walworth. Lancaster, Grant. Fond du Lac.	1849, 50.
uires, Joel C.3	Lancaster Grant	1862, 63, b. 1852, 53, b. 1889. b.
anchfield, S. B.	Fond du Lac	1852, 53, b.

Died May 3, 1862, and Dr. F. Huebschman elected to fill vacancy, and served at special session in September. 2 Elected to fill vacancy caused by resignation of J. C. Squires.

3 Resigned May 5, 1853.

4 See list of members of Assembly.

5 Elected to fill vacancy caused by resignation of C. M. Webb.

SENATORS - Continued.

Stanley, William S., Jr. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1883, 55, b.	
Stanley, William S., Jr	
Starks, Argalus W Baraboo, Sauk 1866, 67, b.	
Steele, Elijah	
Sterling, Levi. Mineral Point, Iowa 1851, 58, 59, 59, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50	
Stevens, Henry Catedonia Center, Heart Stevens, Henry Catedonia Center, Heart Stevens, Alva Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson 1852, 53, b.	
Stewart, John W Monroe, Green 1860, 61.	
Strong, Bennett U Spring Green, Sauk 1870, 71. Sutherland, George E. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac 1880, 81. Sutherland, James. Janesville, Rock 1855, 55, 57, 58. Swain, George W. Chaseburg, Vernon. 1878, 79. Sweat, John B. Black Earth, Dane 1860, 61, b. Griffer Gelumet 1861	
Sutherland, George E. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1855, 55, 55, 58. Sutherland, James. Janesville, Rock. 1855, 55, 55, 58. Swain, George W. Chaseburg, Vernon. 1878, 79. Sweat, John B. Black Earth, Dane 1860, 61, b. Children Columnet 1861, 62, 61, b.	
Sutherland, James James Heaving, Vernon. 1878, 79. Swain, George W. Chaseburg, Vernon. 1860, 61, b. Sweat, John B. Black Earth, Dane 1860, 61, b. Ghilled Columnet 1861	
Sweat, John B. Black Earth, Dane 1860, 61, b.	
Chilton Columnet	
Sweet, Benjamin J Chilton, Cardinet	
Tate, J. Henry. Viroqua, Vernon 1876, 77, b. Taylor, Chas. S. Barron. 1889, b. Taylor, David. Sheboygan, Sheboygan 1855, 56, 69, 70, b. Taylor, David. Hudson, St. Croix. 1889, co. Taylor, William R. Cottage Grove, Dane 1859, 60, b. Thomas, John E. Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan 1863, 64, b. Thomas, Ormsby B. Prairie du Chien, Crawford. 1889, 81. Thorn, Gerrit T. Jefferson, Jefferson 1867, 68, b. Thorp, Frederick O. West Bend, Washington 1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67. Thorp, Frederick O. West Bend, Washington 1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67. Thorp, Joseph G. Eau Claire, Eau Claire, 1866, 67, 72, 78. Thord, Samuel H. Manitowoc, Manitowoc 1859, 60. Todd, S. J. Beloit, Rock. 1867, 68, Torrey, Réturn D. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1877, 78, Town, Hiram S. Ripon, Fond du Lac. 1870, 71. Treat, Joseph B. Monroe, Green. 1876, 77, 78, 79. Tucker, William H. La Crosse, La Crosse. 1855, 59. Turner, Harvey G. Ozaukee, Ozaukee. 1851, 52. Turner, Peter H. Palmyra, Jefferson. 1850, 51.	
Tate, J. Henry. Viroqua, vertical 1889, b. Taylor, Chas. S. Barron. 1889, b. Taylor, David. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. 1885, 56, 69, 70, b. Taylor, David. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. 1880, 56, 69, 70, b.	
Taylor, David Shebbygan, Shebygan, Shebbygan, Shebbygan, Shebbygan, Shebygan, She	
Taylor, William R Cottage Grove, Dane 1859, 60, b.	
Thomas, John E Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan 1863, 64, b. Thomas, Ormsby B Prairie du Chien, Crawford 1889, 81.	
Thomas, Ormsby B Prairie du Chien, Crawford 1805, 68, b.	
Thorn, Frederick O. West Bend, Washington. 1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67.	
Thomas, Ormsby B. Prairie du Chien, Crawitou. 1867, 68, b. Thorn, Gerrit T. Jefferson, Jefferson. 1867, 68, b. Thorp, Frederick O. West Bend, Washington. 1862, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67. Thorp, Hermon S. Cypress, Kenosha. 1862, 63, b. Thorp, Joseph G. Eau Claire, Eau Claire. 1866, 67, 72, 78. Thysics Screwel H. Manitowoc. Manitowoc. 1859, 60.	
Thorp, Joseph G Eau Claire, Eau Claire	
Thurber, Samuel H. Manitowoc,	
Torrey, Return D. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1877, 78.	
Town, Hiram S Ripon, Fond du Lac 1870, 71.	
Treat, Joseph B Monroe, Green	
Turner Harvey G. Ozaukee, Ozaukee. 1851, 52.	
Turner, Joseph Prairieville, ——	
1	
Outry, William 11	
Van Schaick, Isaac W. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82. Van Steenwyck, Gysbert. La Crosse, La Crosse. 1879, 80, b. Van Wyck, Anthony. Kenosha, Kenosha. 1864, 65, 68, 69. Vilas, Joseph, Jr. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. 1863, 64. Virgin, Noah H. Platteville, Grant. 1853, 59, 60, 61. Vittum, David S. Baraboo, Sauk. 1853, 54.	
Van Steenwyck, Gysbert La Crosse, La Crosse 1879, 80, b.	
Van Wyck, Anthony Kehosha, Kehosha. 1863, 64.	
Virgin, Noah H	
Van Schaick, Isaac W. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1877, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82. Van Steenwyck, Gysbert. La Crosse. La Crosse. 1879, 80, b. Van Wyck, Anthony. Kenosha, Kenosha. 1864, 65, 68, 69. Vilas, Joseph, Jr. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. 1863, 64. Virgin, Noah H. Platteville, Grant. 1858, 50, 60, 61. Vittum, David S. Baraboo, Sauk. 1853, 54.	
Waddington, J. S. Argyle, La Fayette. 1885, 87. Wagner, Joseph Calvary, Fond du Lac. 1872, 73, 74, 75, b. Wakeley, Eleazer Whitewater, Walworth. 1852, 53, 54, 55, b. Walker, Lyman Ahnapee, Kewaunee. 1870, 71, b. Wall, Thomas Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1883, 85, b. Walsh, Patrick Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1858, 59, b. Ware, Jas. F. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. 1885, 87, b. Waring, George D. Berlin, Green Lake. 1869, 70. Warner, Clement E. Windsor, Dane. 1867, 68, b. Warner, Hans B. Ellsworth, Pierce. 1883, 85.	
Wagner, Joseph Calvary, Fond du Lac	
Walker Lyman Ahnapee, Kewaunee 1870, 71, b.	
Wall, Thomas Oshkosh, Winnebago 1883, 85, b.	
Walsh, Patrick Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1858, 59, 50, 1885, 87 h	
Waring George D Berlin, Green Lake	
Warner, Clement E Windsor, Dane 1867, 68, b.	
Waddington, J. S. Argyle, La Fayette. 1885, 87. Wagner, Joseph. Calvary, Fond du Lac. 1872, 73, 74, 75, b. Wakeley, Eleazer. Whitewater, Walworth. 1852, 53, 54, 55, b. Waller, Lynian. Ahnapee, Kewaunee. 1870, 71, b. Wall, Thomas. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1883, 85, b. Warler, Jas. F. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1885, 59, b. Warre, Jas. F. Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. 1885, 87, b. Warner, George D. Berlin, Green Lake. 1869, 70. Warner, Hans B. Ellsworth, Pierce. 1883, 85. Warren, John H. Albany, Green. 1858, 59. Wasiburn, G. W. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1858, 59. Weaver, Richard. Sussex, Waukesha. 1880, 81, b. *Webb, Charles M. Grand Rapids, Wood. 1863, 70, 83. Webb, Henry G. Wautoma, Waushara. 1863, 66, 67, 68, b. Wechselberg, Julius. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1885, 87. Whitzwater, Walworth. 1874, 75, b.	
Warrer, Hans B. Elisworth, Fields. 1855, 55. Warren, John H. Albany, Green. 1855, 56. Washburn, G. W. Oshkosh, Winnebago. 1850, 60. Weaver, Richard. Sussex, Waukesha. 1880, 81, b. *Webb, Charles M. Grand Rapids, Wood. 1869, 70, 83.	
Washburn, G. W. Sussex, Waukesha. 1880, 81, b.	
* Webb, Charles M Grand Rapids, Wood 1869, 70, 83.	
Webb, Henry G. Wautoma, Waushara. 1865, 66, 67, 68, b. Wechselberg, Julius. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. 1885, 87.	
Weeks Thompson D Whitewater, Walworth 1874, 75, b.	
Weeks, Thompson D. Whitewater, Walworth. 1874, 75, b. Weels, Thompson D. Whitewater, Walworth. 1874, 75, b. Well, Baruch S. West Bend, Washington. 1853, 56, 57, b. Welch, David E. Baraboo, Sauk. 1876, 77, 78, 79, b. Wescott, Walter S. Monroe, Green. 1864, 65, b.	
Welch, David E Baraboo, Sauk	
Wechselberg, Julius Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1883, 75, b. Weeks, Thompson D. Whitewater, Walworth. 1874, 75, b. Well, Baruch S. West Bend, Washington. 1853, 56, 57, b. Welch, David E. Baraboo, Sauk. 1876, 77, 78, 79, b. Wescott, Walter S. Monroe, Green. 1864, 65, b. West, E. B. Waukesha, Waukesha 1852, 69, b.	
West, Edmund A. Monroe, Green. 1862, 63, b.	
West, Francis H Monroe, Green	
Wheeler, Edwin Oshkosh, Winnebago 1857, 58.	
Wheeler, George F Ranaupa, Fond un Lac 1804, 05, 00, 07. White Philo Racine Racine 1848.	
Whitman, Joel. Dodgeville, Iowa	
Whittlesey, T. T Madison, Dane	
Widule, Christian Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1887, 89, b.	
*Webb, Charles M. Grand Rapids, Wood 1869, 70, 83. Webb, Henry G. Wautoma, Waushara 1865, 66, 67, 68, b. Wechselberg, Julius Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1885, 87. Weeks, Thompson D. Whitewater, Walworth 1874, 75, b. Well, Baruch S. West Bend, Washington, 1853, 56, 87, b. Welch, David E. Baraboo, Sauk 1876, 77, 73, 79, b. Wescott, Walter S. Monroe, Green 1862, 63, b. West, E. B. Waukesha, Waukesha 1852. West, Edmund A. Monroe, Green 1862, 63, b. West, Francis H. Monroe, Green 1862, 65, b. Wheeler, Edwin Oshkosh, Winnebago 1857, 58. Wheeler, George F. Nanaupa, Fond du Lac 1864, 65, 66, 67. White, Philo Racine, Racine 1848. Whittlesey, T. T. Madison, Dane 1853, 54. Widule, Christian Milwaukee, Milwaukee 1887, 89, b. Wiley, James F. Hancock, Waushara. 1881, 82, 83, 85. Wilson, Smith S. Prairie du Sec, Sauk. 1862, 63, 64, 65.	

SENATORS - Continued.

Names.	Post-office Address.	Sessions.
Willard, Victor M. Williams, Charles G. Williams, Charles H. Williams, M. B. Williams, Nelson Williams, Nelson William, DeWitt C. Wilson, DeWitt C. Wilson, William Wilson, William K. Wing, Merrick P. Wolf, Louis. Woodman, Edwin E. Woodman, William W. Worthington, Denison. Wright, Hiram A.	Janesville, Rock Fox Lake, Dodge. Watertown, Jefferson Stoughton, Dane West Bend, Washington Sparta, Monroe Menomonie, Dunn Milwaukee, Milwaukee La Crosse, La Crosse. Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Baraboo, Sauk Farmington, Jefferson Summit, Waukesha	1869, 70, 71, 72. 1877, 78. 1848, 49. 1869, 70, b. 1875, 76.
Young, Austin H. Young, Milas K. Young, Van Eps. Young, William.	Prescott, Pierce Glen Haven, Grant. Sheboygan, Sheboygan Medina, Outagamie	

b See list of members of Assembly.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Alberta Channeau	Madison, Dane	1850.
Abbott, Chauncey	Varona Dane	1855
Abbott, Samuel G	Verona, Dane	1852
Abbott, Simeon WAbell, Alfred H	Geneva, Walworth	1877.
Aben, Anreu H	Milwankee Milwankee	1861, '62, '63, '68, '69, '70, '72. 1882, '83 b.
Abort, George	Milwaukee, Milwankee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1882, '83 b.
Abert, George A. Abrams, Delos		1875.
Abrams, Delos	Green Pay Brown	1864, '65, '66, '67 b.
Abrams, William J	Green Bay, Brown Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Yorkville, Racine. Danville, Dodge	1887.
Adam alonn	Voulsville Paging	1855.
Adams, Ebenezer	Donwillo Dodgo	1864.
	Monticello, Green	1848 b.
dams, Henry	Madison, Dane	
Adams, Henry C	Door Creek, Dane	1883, '85. 1867, '75.
Adams, Henry CAdams, IsaacAdams, James MAdams, Jahrs	Oceants Oceants	1870.
Idams, James M	Oconto, Oconto	1860 '70 '79 h
Adams, John Q	Black Earth, Dane Fall River, Columbia	1869, '70, '72 b. 1853, '1863 b.
Adams, John Q	Fall River, Columbia	1872, '83.
Adams, Michael	Danville, Dodge	1880.
Adamson, Wm. AAdland, Knud 1Agry, David	Eldorado Mills, Fond du Lac	
Adland, Knud I	North Cape, Racine	1879. 1848.
Agry, David	Green Bay, Brown Saukville, Ozaukee Richland, Richland	180.
	Daukville, Ozaukee	1856.
\ken, Robert	Richland, Richland	1883.
Albers, Wilhelm T	Hika, Manitowoc	
Aken, RobertAlbers, Wilhelm TAlcott, Denison	Spring Valley, Rock	1863.
Alden, Albert	Hika, Manitowoc. Spring Valley, Rock. Ddafield, Waukesha Portage, Columbia Janesville, Rock. Spring Welworth	1849, '58, '60.
Alden, Alvin B	Portage, Columbia	1858.
Alden, Levi	Janesville, Rock	1856.
Idrich, Alma M	Spring Prairie, Walworth Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1878.
Idrich, William	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1859.
Illan, James, Jr	Adell, Sheboygan	1879.
llen, Ahaz F	Gilmanton, Buffalo	1871.
Allen, Anson C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879.
Miden, Albert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Lake Geneva, Walworth Durand, Pepin Linn, Walworth Genoa Junction, Walworth	1889.
Illen, Favette	Durand, Pepin	1864, '67, '69.
Allen, George	Linn, Walworth	1855.
Allen, George R	Genoa Junction, Walworth	1880.
Allen, Gideon W	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1872.
Allen, Henry	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1848.
Ulen, James H	Sparta, Monroe New California, Grant	1873.
Illen, Joseph	New California, Grant	1867.
Allen, Lucius	East Troy, Walworth Browntown, Green	1864.
Allen, Philip. Allen, Thomas S. Allen, William C. Allen, William P.	Browntown, Green	1889.
Ilen Thomas S		1857.
llen William C	Delavan, Walworth	1866, '67.
llen William P	Delavan, Walworth Sharon, Walworth Saukville, Ozaukee. Durand, Pepin.	1854.
Illing Alexander M	Saukville, Ozaukee	1858.
Alling, Alexander M	Durand, Pepin	1880.
Altenhofen, MathiasAnderson, Andrew JAnderson, CanuteAnderson, John	Kewaskum, Washington Argyle, La Fayette Grantsburg, Burnett	1860.
nderson Andrew J	Argyle, La Favette	1877.
nderson Canute	Grantsburg, Burnett	1878, '83.
ndergon Tohn	Apple River (Ill.), La Fayette.	1875.
Anderson, J. S.	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1889.
Anderson, Mathew	Cross Plains, Dane	1871 b.
inderson, mainew	Scandinavia, Waupaca	1880.
Anderson, Nels	Esofea, Vernon	1875.
Anderson, Ole	Sterrong Point Portage	1876.
Inderson, Thomas W	Winghostor Winnehore	1856 157
nunson, John	Stevens Point, Portage. Winchester, Winnebago. North Cape, Racine	1856, '57. 1882, '83, '85, '87.
Apple, Adam	Danahaa Cantr	1959
Armstrong, CharlesArmstrong, JohnArmstrong, William H	Baranoo, Sank	1853. 1866
rmstrong, John	Wiota, La Fayette Darlington, La Fayette. Galesville, Trempealeau	1866.
Armstrong, William H	Darungton, La Fayette	1873.
arnoid. Alexander H	Galesville, Trempealeau	1871, '80 b.
Arnold, Aloysius	New Coein, Willwaukee	1877.
Arnold, Douglas	Williamsburg, Trempealeau South Grove, Walworth	1869.
Arnold, Fayette P	South Grove, Walworth	1862.
Arnold, Aloysius Arnold, Douglas Arnold, Fayette P Arnold, Josiah	Portage, Columbia	1878.
arnot, whilam L	Plover, Portage	1877.
Ashley, Oliver	Portage, Columbia Plover, Portage Fox Lake, Dodge. Pardeeville, Columbia Farmington, Jefferson	1863, '66.
Ashley, Yates	Pardeeville, Columbia	1863, '64,

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Athenton C T A	Emerald, Grove, Rock	1848.
Atherton, G. F. A	Clinton Rock	1857.
Atherton, George R Atwater, Allen H	Oak Grove Dodge	1854, 71, 72.
Atwood, David	Clinton, Rock Oak Grove, Dodge. Madison, Dane	1861.
Augman Henry	Elk Mound, Dunn	1879.
Ausman, Henry	Leon Monroe	1881.
Averbeck, Maximilian	Emmet, Dodge	1852.
Avery, Frank	Baraboo, Sauk	1887, b.
Ayers, Almon P	Quincy, Adams	1858.
Avery, Frank. Ayers, Almon P. Ayres, D. Cooper	Emmet, Dodge Baraboo, Sauk Quincy, Adams Fort Howard, Brown Burlington, Racine	1868, 71, 72. 1849.
Ayres, Maurice L	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Babcock, Alexander O Babcock, Ezekiel	East Troy, Walworth	1850. 1882.
Babcock, Ezekiel	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1889.
Babcock, J. W	Necedah, Juneau Dacotah, Waushara Knowles, Dodge	1865,66.
Babcock, J. W	Vnowled Dodge	1885.
Bachuber, Andrew	Farmersvilla Dodge	1860,64,75.
Bachhuber, Max	Farmersville, Dodge Monticello, Green Waukesha, Waukesha	1871, b.
Bacon, Orrin Bacon, Winchel D	Wankesha Wankesha	1853.
Railay Alexander	Salem, Kenosha	1870.
Railey Elias P	Menomonie, Dunn	1872.
Bacon, Winchel D. Bailey, Alexander Bailey, Elias P Bailey, Elihu Bailey, S. J. Bainbridge, Thomas. Baker I ames	Salem, Kenosna. Menomonie, Dunn. Mill Creek, Richland Menomonie, Dunn. Benton, Ca Fayette East Troy, Walworth Waupun, Fond du Lac. Mt. Vernon, Dane Bristol, Dane	1861, 71, 77, 79 .
Bailey, S. J	Menomonie, Dunn	1889.
Bainbridge, Thomas	Benton, Ca Fayette	1872,81.
Baker, James Baker, John A Baker, P. O. Baker, Samuel H	East Troy, Walworth	1858.
Baker, John A	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1871.
Baker, P. O	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1889.
Baker, Samuel H	Bristol, Dane Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1854.
Baker, Thomas	Tomah, Monroe	1875. 1878.
Baker, William Y	Wovenwore Wenness	1870.
Balch, Albert V	Weyauwega, Waupaca Baldwin's Mills, Waupaca	1877.
Baker, Samuel H. Baker, Thomas. Baker, William Y Balch, Albert V Baldwin, Asa L Baldwin, George Baldwin, Lewis L Baldwin, Phineas. Ball Wiram I	Chilton Calumet	1866, b.
Poldwin Lawis I	Chilton, Calumet	1860.
Roldwin Phineas	Oregon, Dane Palmyra, Jefferson	1872, 77. 1871, 78.
Rall Hiram J	Palmyra, Jefferson	1871, 78.
Ball, Hiram J	Yorkville, Racine	1859.
Ballantine, George	Yorkville, Racine Patch Grove, Grant Waupun, Dodge. Beloit, Rock	1860.
Rancroft Darills L	Waupun, Dodge	1852,74.
Bannester, John	Beloit, Rock	1851,62.
Barber, Hiram	Tanagatan Crant	1849.
Barber, J. Allen	Oak Grove, Dodge Lancaster, Grant. Waukesha, Waukesha	1852, 53, 63, 64, b. 1868, 75.
Sannester, John Sarber, Hiram Sarber, J. Allen Sarber, Silas Sarber, William A Sarden, Levi W Sanden, Marcus	Warren Mills, Monroe	1882.
Barber, William A	Portage Columbia	1865, b.
Barden, Marcus	Portage, Columbia Pardeeville, Columbia Plainfield, Waushara Emerald Grove, Rock	1860, 75.
Bardwell, Sherman	Plainfield, Waushara	1873.
Porloge Andrew	Emerald Grove, Rock	1874, 75, 76 .
Barlass, Andrew		1878.
n 1 (1)	Elkhorn, Walworth	1852, h
Barlow, Stephen S $\left. \left. \right. \right. \right\}$	Delton, Sauk	1867, 5 5.
Barnard, Henry C	Elkhorn, Walworth Delton, Sauk Avoca, Iowa	1862, } b. 1867, } b. 1870, 71
Barnes, Dwight B	Delavan, Walworth	1880, 81.
Barnes, Harry	Middleton, Dane. Wiota, La Fayette Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1853, 54. 1857, 70, 71. 1862, 68.
Barnes, Henry W	Wiota, La Fayette	1000, 70, 71.
Barnes, Horace W	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1859.
Barnes, S. K. 1	Barton, Washington Eldorado, Fond du Lac Mayville, Dodge	1853.
Barnes, William P	Fldowndo Fond du Lee	1851,57.
Barnett, Morris S	Mayvilla Dodge	1854, 56.
Barlow, Stephen S Barnard, Henry C Barnes, Dwight B Barnes, Harry Barnes, Henry W Barnes, Henry W Barnes, K. 1 Barnes, William P Barnest, Morris S Barnett, Morris S Barney, J. A Barney, J. A Barnes, Caleb P Barnes, Caleb P Barnestt, James M Barrott, James M Barrott, James M Barrott, James M Barnery D	Mayville, Dodge	1889.
Barney, J. A	Mayville, Dodge	1860, 64, b.
Barnes Caleh P	Burlington, Racine	1860, 64, b . 1850, 55.
Rarrett James M	Burlington, Racine	1878.
Barron, Henry D	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1863, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 72, 78, h.
Barron, Henry DBarron, Quartus HBarron, Warren C. S	Fox Lake, Dodge	1857, 62.
Barron, Warren C. S	Lloyd, Richland	1868.
Barrows, Augustus R		1878.
Barrows, Augustus R Barry, A. Constantine	Sylvania, Kenosha	1864.
Barry, James Barry, Thomas Barter, Samuel	Pepin, Pepin Erin, Washington Markesan, Green Lake	1879.
Barry, Thomas	Erin, Washington	100%.
	r argreesan, Green Lake	1017.

1 Died before taking his seat, and 0. Hugo Petters elected to fill vacancy. b. See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
		(0)(0)
Barth, John	Kiel, Manitowoc	1870. 1885, 87.
Bartholf, J. C	Milton, Rock Lodi, Columbia	1857.
Bartholomew, G. M	Milwankee Milwankee	1857.
Barth, John Bartholf, J. C. Bartholomew, G. M. Bartlett, Frederick K. Bartlett, James O. Bartlett, Oscar F. Bartlett, William B. Bartlett, William B. Bartlett, William H. Bassford, Luther Bassett, Reuben L. Bassinger, Samuel H.		1866.
Bartlett, Oscar F	Racine, Racine East Troy, Walworth Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Eau Claire, Eau Claire Flintville, Brown Glen Haven, Grant Wilvort Konsche	1853, 54. 1882.
Bartlett, William B	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1860, 73.
Bartlett, William P	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1873, 74.
Bartran, William H	Glen Haven Grant	1859, 70.
Bassoru, Luther I.	Wilmot, Kenosha Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1862.
Bassinger, Samuel H	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1858. 1882.
Bate, Arthur	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
Bate, James A	Janesville, Rock	1862, 63, 66.
Bates, Allen C		1872.
Bayter John B G	Black River Falls, Jackson	1869.
Beach, Carmi W	Pardeeville, Columbia	1870.
Beach, Horace	Racine, Racine Black River Falls, Jackson Pardeeville, Columbia. Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1864. 1864.
Beach, Wood R	Beetown, Grant	
Beach, Zenas	Eastman, Crawford Waukau, Winnebago	1862, 80.
Bates, Richard B. Baxter, John B. G. Beach, Carmi W. Beach, Horace. Beach, Wood R. Beach, Zenas. Bean, David R. Bear, John	Plain, Sauk. Warren (Ill.), La Fayette	1861.
Beard John F	Warren (Ill.), La Fayette	1874.
Beardsley, James W	Prescott, Pierce	1000
Bear, John F. Beardsley, James W. Beath, John	Warren (m.), ha rayees Prescott, Pierce Verona, Dane. Stoughton, Dane. Hartland, Waukesha Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860. 1880.
	Hartland Wankesha	1889.
Beaumont, Eph Becher, John A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Beck, Jacob Beck, William Becker, Moritz N	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Beck, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Becker, Moritz N	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	. 1872, 73. . 1874.
Beckman, Charles	Minwattree, Minwattree Watertown, Jefferson Lone Rock, Sauk Omro, Winnebago Omro, Winnebago	1882.
Poelswith George W	Omro. Winnebago	1859.
Beckmith, Abijah. Beckwith, George W. Beckwith, Nelson F. Beebe, M. P. Beechet, Henry Beger, Charles.	Omro, Winnebago	. 1872.
Beebe, M. P	Wausau, Marathon	
Beecroft, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	· 100±
Beger, Charles	Port Washington, Ozaukee Rochester, Racine	1853, 64, 66, b.
	Dis als Floreth Done	1 1858
Belding, Henry K Bell, Charles J	Lohnson's Creek Jefferson	. 1854.
Bell, John Bell, John Bemis, Kiron W. Bennett, Alvery A. Bennett, George Bennett, Isaac M.	. La Fayette, Walworth	. 1853.
Bemis, Kiron W	Janesville, Rock	. 1858. 1866, 67.
Bennett, Alvery A	Kenosha, Kenosha	1859.
Bennett Igaac M	Evansville, Rock	. 1870.
Bennett, James	. Manitowoc, Manitowoc	. 1855.
Bennett, Jesse	Fountain City, Buffalo	. 1859.
•	Sparta, Monroe	1869. 1876.
Bennett, Joseph ²		1887.
Bennett, Michael J	Pine Knob, 1owa. Clyde, Iowa. Raymond, Racine Rockton, Vernon Lowell, Dodge. Genoa Junction, Walworth. Wilwaukee Milwaukee	. 1889.
Bennett, Steven O	. Raymond, Racine	1850, b. 1869, 70, b.
Bennett, Van S. Benson, Lewis M. Benson, Schuyler W.	. Rockton, Vernon	. 1869, 70, b.
Benson, Lewis M	. Lowell, Dodge	. 1868. 1861.
Bentley John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, 78, 79, 80.
Bentley, John Beonaer, Edward	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1854.
Berg, Frederick R		1858.
Bernhard, Theodore	watertown, Jenerson	1854.
Berry James	Springville, Vernon	1865. 1870.
Bertram, Henry Bettis, Benjamin H Biddlecome, William R Billinghurst, Charles	Ladora Fond du Lac	1860, 61, 69, 81.
Biddlecome, William R	Potosi, Grant	1851.
Billinghurst, Charles	Juneau, Dodge	1848.
Billings, Henry M	Watertown, Dodge Ladoga, Fond du Lac Potosi, Grant Juneau, Dodge Constance, Iowa Palmyra, Jefferson Chipnewa Falls Chipnewa	1858, b. 1863, 64, 69, 70.
Bingham, James M	Palmyra, Jefferson	1863, 6 4, 69, 70. 1874.
	(Chippewa rans, Chippewa	1874.
Birchard, Matthew	Madison, Dane	1851, 56.
Bird, Ira W	Madison, Dane	1049.
Bird Augustus A Bird, Ira W Bird, Joseph N. P	Wautoma, Waushara	1869.
Bishop, Benjamin P	Brownsville, Dodge	1882.

1 Seat unsuccessfully contested by Russell, J. Judd. 2 Successfully contested the seat of Ansley Gray, of Avoca.
b See list of Seuators.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	d Sessions.
Bishop, George W	Wonewaa Tunaan	
Bishop, John C	Wonewoc, Juneau	. 1882, 83.
Diornson, Ganriei	LeRoy, Dodge	. 1859.
	Milwoodrag Mil	. 1851.
	Perry, Dane	. 1872, b.
Blackstock, Thomas Blackstone, John W		. 1877.
Blackstock, Thomas	Stoughton, Dane	1 1050 60 64
Blackstone John W	Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	
Blake, Edward R.		
Blake, Lucius S		
Blakeslee, Albert P.		
Blakeslee, Chauncy.		
Blakeslee Ephriam	Suarta, monroe	1 1000
Blakeslee, Ephriam Blanchard, Caleb S		
Blanchan Tooch	East Troy, Walworth Scott, Sheboygan Meguon Pivon Organism	1880.
Blanshan, Jacob.	Scott, Sheboygan.	1870.
Blazer, Henry		I 1855.
Bleekman, Adelbert E		1873, b.
Diss, American		1864, 67.
Bliss, Albert Bliss, Charles F. Bliss, George W. Block, Hyman E. Bloddgett, Dudley C. Blood Ira		1874, 75.
Block Times F		1870.
Plodgett D. J.		1853.
Diougett, Dudley C		1852.
		1852. 1859.
Blout, Jere A. Bly, George W		1000.
siy, George W		1876.
Blyton, William H		1861.
Bock, Joseph.	Lancaster, Grant	1883, 85, 89,
Blyton, Willliam H. Bock, Joseph. Bodden, Jacob	Theresa, Dodge Howard's Grove, Sheboygan Appleton Outagania	1883, 85, 89, 1876, 77, 1861, 66, 74, 1873, 74,
sodenstab, Julius	Howard's Grove Shoharman	1861, 66, 74.
Bogan, W. H. P.1	Appleton Outegosis	1873, '74.
Bogan, W. H. P. ¹ Bohan, John R. Bohne, Johan H.	Appleton, Outagamie Ozaukee, Ozaukee Memee, Manitowoc.	1866, 67. 1859, 72, b. 1868, 60
Bohne, Johan H	Memee Manitowee	1859, 72, b.
	Monroe Green	
Sond, Joseph Sonney, James H Sonniwell, W. T., Jr. Soomer, Edward J Goorse, Washington Sooth, Charles E Soorshard, Francis J	Monroe, Green Mukwonago, Waukesha Bellefontaine, Columbia	1882, 83.
Bonney, James H	Bellefontaine Gelevel	1848, 55.
Bonniwell, W. T., Jr.	Cedarburg Ozori	1861.
Boomer, Edward J	Cedarburg, Ozaukee Beaver Dam, Dodge Milwankee Milwankee	1864 , 65.
Boorse, Washington	Milwaukee Wilway	1874.
Sooth, Charles E		1880.
	Elroy, Juneau	1876.
ostedo, Louis 2		1882.
ostwick, Perry		1856.
		1864.
osustow, John otkin, Alexander	Yorkville, Racine. Madison, Dane. West Rosendale, Fond du Lac.	1880
ottum Henry C	madison, Dane	1852, b.
ottum, Henry C. ouck, Gabriel.	west Rosendale, Fond du Lac.	1868, 69, 79,
ouffleur Philip	West Rosendale, Fond du Lac. Oshkosh, Winnebago Springville, Vernon. Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1868, 69, 79. 1860, 74.
outin Nelson	Springville, Vernon.	1885.
Ovay Alvan E	Newaunee, Kewaunee	1864.
ouffleur. Philip outin, Nelson. ovay, Alvan E ovey, Orrin W	Ripon, Fond du Lac.	1859, 60.
owen Tododiel		1860, 78, 83,
onch, ocuculan		1871.
wies, inomas J	sio, withtenago	1881 00
Jwman, Jonathan		1881, 82. 1862, 74, b.
owron, Joseph		1848, 49.
yce, Abram A	Lodi. Dane	1040, 49.
byce, mitton W		1851, 65,
oya, John 4 (Calumet, Fond du Lac	1862.
oya, Thomas	Calumet, Fond du Lac	1855, 60, 62, 70.
oyden, Philo Q	Judson St Onoise	1000.
oyden, Philo Q	Fall River, Columbia. Mineral Point, La Fayette. Brookfield Wayleghe	1875, 76.
	Jinonal Debet T	1872, 73.
ackett, Joseph W	Brookfield Waylzagha	1858.
adford, Ira B.	Housto For Claims	1848.
acken, Charles	Inion Crows Paris	1880, 81.
radley, John.	Congress T. C. Macine	1861.
adley, Wm. T	pangor, La Crosse	1875, 76, 79, 80, 81,
	eeds, Columbia	1851.
andon William		1883.
		1862, 65.
Damuel D		
auton Tomonton T		1873.

¹ Seat successfully contested in 1868 by Henry Turner.
2 Successfully contesting the seat held by William Brunquest' of Waupaca.
3 Successfully contesting the seat held by William R. Marshall, of St. Croix Falls, in 1848.
4 Unsuccessfully contesting seat in senate, of Hiram S. Town, of Ripon, in 1811.
b See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessiens.
D Alexander	Oconto Oconto	1873.
Brazelton, Reed C	Oconto, Oconto. Scott, Sheboygan Edwards, Sheboygan Union Grove, Racine.	1856.
Desdomoror John	Edwards, Sheboygan	1861.
Bramner George	Union Grove, Racine	1871.
Brenner, George Brennen, Maurice B	Union Grove, Racine. Morrison, Brown. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Bad Ax, Bad Ax. Mt. Sterling, Crawford. Beloit, Rock. Dodgeville, Iowa. Mauston, Juncau. Beetown, Grant New Amsterdam, La Crosse.	1881.
Brick, Nathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870.
Briggs, Andrew	Bad Ax, Bad Ax	1852, 56.
Brick, Nathan. Briggs, Andrew. Briggs, Darius W. Briggs, John R. Briggs, Melancthon J. Briggs, Melancthon J.	Mt. Sterling, Crawford	1871. 1850.
Briggs, John R	Beloit, Rock	1881.
Briggs, Melancthon J	Dodgeville, 10wa	1871.
Briggs, Methotion 3	Postown Grant	1849, 51.
Briggs, Robert M	Beetown, Grant New Amsterdam, La Crosse. Blue Mounds, Dane. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Boscobel, Grant Waupun, Fond du Lac Janesville, Rock. Potosi Grant	1878.
Briggs, Suel	Blue Mounds, Dane	1848.
Prichem I R	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Brimi Syver E	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1887.
Brindley John	Boscobel, Grant	1879, 80.
Brinkerhoff, John H	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1865.
Britton, William B	Janesville, Rock	1883.
Brock, George H	Potosi, Grant Black River Falls, Jackson	1869.
Brockway, Eustace L	Black River Falls, Jackson	1872.
Broderick, George	Hazel Green, Grant	1859. 1881.
Bronson, Selden M	Menasna, winnebago	1860 1877.
Brock, George H. Brockway, Eustace L. Broderick, George. Bronson, Selden M. Brooks, Wolcott T. Brown, Armstead C. Brown, Charles. Brown, Daniel.	Hazel Green, Grant. Menasha, Winnebago. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Hinesburg, Fond du Lac.	1860, 1877. 1876, 77.
Brost, Lambert	Potosi, Grant Brookfield Center, Waukesha Elm Grove, Waukesha Weyauwega, Waupaca Woodman, Grant Brookfield Center, Waukesha Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Clifton Grant	1848.
Brown, Armsteau C	Brookfield Center, Waukesha	1872.
Prown Daniel	Elm Grove, Waukesha	1866.
Brown Elida W	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1883.
Brown, George	Woodman, Grant	1876.
Brown, George W	Brookfield Center, Waukesha	1862.
Brown, Isaac	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1856.
Brown, James T		1856.
Brown, Jedediah	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1848, 49. 1862, b.
Brown, Charles Brown, Daniel Brown, Daniel Brown, George Brown, George W. Brown, Isaac Brown, James T. Brown, Jedediah Brown, Orlando Brown, Samuel	Gilmantown, Buffalo Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.
Brown, Samuel. Brown, William G. Brown, William W. Brownson, John W.	Skinner Green	1858.
Prown William W	Skinner, Green. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Sharon, Walworth.	1848.
Brownson, John W	Sharon, Walworth	1882.
Bruemmer, Lewis Brunquest, William Bryant, Edwin E. Bryant, Gustavus H. Bryant, Oliver B.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee Waupaca, Waupaca Madison, Dane. Lake Mills, Jefferson.	1883.
Brunquest, William1	Waupaca, Waupaca	1850.
Bryant, Edwin E	Madison, Dane	1878. 1807.
Bryant, Gustavus H	Lake Mills, Jenerson	1850.
Bryant, Oliver B	Rutland, Dane	1889.
	Rucine Racine Westfield, Marquette Springfield, Walworth Oshkosh, Winnebago Sun Prairie, Dane Wautoma, Waushara Barlin Green Lake	1861.
Buck, Erastus J	Springfield Walworth	1867, 74.
Buckbee, Francis A	Oshkosh Winnehago	1881, 82, b.
Buckstaff, George H. Buell, Chas. E. Bugh, Jacob S. Bugh, William A. Bullen, Winslow. Bullock, John D. Bunn Menzus R.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1885.
Bugh Jacob S	Wautoma, Waushara	1860, 83.
Bugh, William A	Berlin, Green Lake Poynette, Columbia Johnson's Creek, Jefferson Rock Fells, Dunn	1866.
Bullen, Winslow	Poynette, Columbia	1870. 1878, 79, 80, 81.
Bullock, John D	Johnson's Creek, Jefferson	1878, 79, 50, 61
Bump, Menzus R. Bunker, Nathaniel M.	Rock Falls, Dunn. Troy Center, Walworth Galesville, Trempealeau Brodhead, Rock	
Bunker, Nathaniel M	Troy Center, Walworth	1875. 1860.
Bunn, Romanzo	Prodhood Pools	1864.
Burbank, Jerome	Basyar Dam Dodge	1856.
Burenard, Charles	Reloit Rock	1879, 80.
Burdiele Burrows	Edgerton, Bock	1866.
Burdick Joseph C	Berlin, Green Lake	1870.
Bunn, Romanzo. Burbank, Jerome Burchard, Charles. Burdige, Richard J. Burdick, Burrows. Burdick, Joseph C. Burdick, Perez C. Burdick, Zebulon P. Burgess, D. L. Burgess, John.	Brodnead, Rock Beaver Dam, Dodge Beloit, Rock Edgerton, Rock Berlin, Green Lake Albion, Dane Janesville, Rock Salem Kenosha	1853.
Burdick, Zebulon P	Janesville, Rock	1858, 72 , 7 5, b.
Burgess, D. L	Salem, Kenosha	1889.
Burgess, John	Maxville	1865.
Burgess, Lathrop	Salem, Kenosha	1852, 57.
Burgit, William	East Troy, Walworth	1870, 74.
Burnett, Ellsworth	Kiver Falls, Pierce	1878
Burnnam, Charles T	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852
Burgess, John. Burgess, John. Burgess, Lathrop. Burgit, William. Burnett, Ellsworth Burnham, Charles T. Burnham, Jonathan L. Burnham, Miles	Danville Dodge	1867.
Burns, David M. Burns, Timothy.	Salem, Kenosha Maxville Salem, Kenosha East Troy, Walworth. River Falls, Pierce. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Danyille, Dodge Fort Howard, Brown. Dodgeville, Iowa.	1878.

¹ Seat successfully contested by Louis Postedo, Weyauwega. b See list of Senators.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Burr, Benjamin	Stevens Point, Portage	1868.
Burroughs, Nelson.	Wankesha, Wankesha	1863.
Burroughs, Nelson	Mackford, Green Lake	1860.
Burtch, Albert. Burtch, Henry S. Burton, Samuel S. Bushnell, Allen R. Bushnell, Milo C. Bushnell, Milo C.	Waukesha, Waukesha. Mackford, Green Lake Mayville, Dodge. Farmersville, Dodge	1863,
Burtch, Henry S	Farmersville, Dodge	1870.
Burton, Samuel S	La Crosse, La Crosse. Lancaster, Grant. Omro, Winnebago Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1864.
Bushnell, Allen R	Lancaster, Grant	1872.
Businell, Milo C	Umro, Winnebago	1867, 68.
Butler Thomas	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866. 1862.
Lutterfield Henry I.	Mt. Pleasant, Racine Waupun, Dodge	1856.
Button, Ralza W	Lity Point : Ingleson	1883.
Button, Seth W	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1873.
Buxton, Luther	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1868, 69.
Butterfield, Henry L. Button, Ralza W. Button, Seth W. Buxton, Luther Byers, F. W	Trempealeau. Trempealeau. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Monroe, Green	1885.
Cabanis, George E	Big Patch, Grant	1872.
Cadhy John N	Georgelown, Grant	1881, 82.
Cabanis, James H. Cadby, John N. Cady, Charles A. Cahill, James	Merton, Waukesha Dell Prairie, Adams	1865. 1873 74 70
Cahill, James	Franklin, Manitoweg	1873, 74, 79. 1862, 63.
Cain, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852,
cain, Charles Cairneross, George Caldwell, Columbus Caldwell, Geo. F Caldwell, William Calkins, George H Callahan, Lovethan G	Franklin, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee Pewaukee, Waukesha	1857.
Caldwell, Columbus		1873, 74.
Caldwell, Geo. F	Augusta, Eau Claire	1889.
Caldwell, William	Angusta, Eau Claire. Barton, Washington Waupaca, Waupaca Eau Claire, Eau Claire Lancaster, Grant Cascade, Sheboygan La Crosse, La Crosse	1848.
Pallahan Tonathan C	waupaca, Waupaca	1875.
Callahan, Jonathan G Callis, John B	Lancacter Crant	1875. 1874.
Calwell, Sylvester	Cascade Sheboygan	1869.
Cameron, Angus.	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1866, 67, b.
Cameron, Dugald D	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1856, 57.
Cameron, Angus. Cameron, Dugald D Cameron, Duncan E	La Crosse, La Crosse. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
Cameron, John E Campbell, Alexander ¹	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850.
Jampbell, Alexander	, 10Wa	100%
Campbell, James M	Albany, Green Stevens Point, Portage	1861. 1848.
Campbell, Robert	Glendale, Monroe. Mackville, Outagamie Ettrick, Trempealeau Pepin, Pepin. Madison, Dane Mequon River, Ozaukee Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1880.
Campion, James	Mackville Outagamie	1883.
lance. Robert	Ettrick, Trempealeau	1883.
Cannon, Lucius	Pepin, Pepin	1858.
Zannon, Lucius Zantwell, Michael J Zarbys, William	Madison, Dane	1885, * 87.
Carbys, William	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1876.
Carel, John	Osman Manitagra	1879.
Jarey, John Jarey, Robert T. Jarlisle, Richard Jarmichael, Thomas Jarney, Joseph Jarpenter, Elisha L. Jarpenter, Joel R.	Beloit Rock	1879 , 80, b. 1848.
Parlisle, Richard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Eau Elaire, Eau Claire Wauwatosa, Milwaukee Beloit, Rock	1853.
Carmichael, Thomas	Eau Elaire, Eau Claire	1874, 77, 82, 83.
Carney, Joseph	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1858.
Carpenter, Elisha L	Beloit, Rock	1859.
Carpenter, Joel R	Oconomowoc, wankesna.	1864.
arpenier, Newton F	Morroe Creen	1866. 1866.
Jarr, Egbert E. Jarr, Solomon C. Jarr, Solomon C. Jarrol, John P. Jarter, Almerin M.	De Soto, Vernon Monroe, Green Milten Junction, Rock	1865, 74.
larr. Warner C	Crystal Lake, Waupaca Adell, Sheboygan Johnstown, Rock Sherwood, Calumet New London, Waupaca Platteville, Grant Rockville, Grant Milwaukee Milwaukee	1859.
arrol, John P.	Adell. Shehovgan	1866.
arter, Almerin M	Johnstown, Rock.	1868.
arter, Benjamin F	Sherwood, Calumet	1874, 77, b.
arter, Jarvis W	New London, Waupaca	1868.
arter, William E	Platteville, Grant	1877, 78, 79. 1867, 70.
cartnew, John	Milwayles Milwayles	1867, 70.
arthew, John dary, Alfred L dary, Benjamin F	Tobastown Book	10/4.
ary, John W.	Wilwaukee Milwaukee	1861.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Johnstown, Rock Milwaukee, Milwaukee Greenbush, Sheboygan Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Eagle Corners, Richland	1872, b. 1855.
ary, Luther H	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1867, b.
ase, John H	Eagle Corners, Richland	
ase, John Hash, William H. H	New Lisbon, Juneau	
askey, La Fayette	Potosi, Grant	1875.
	Janegville Roelr	1865 mm
assoday, John B	The Additional Trees.	1000, 77.
askey, La Fayette assoday, John B. aswell, Lucien B.	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.	1863, 72, 74.
assoday, John B	Potosi, Grant Janesville, Rock Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee Mount Sterling, Crawford Amherst, Portage	1865, 77. 1863, 72, 74. 1874. 1872.

1 Seat successfully contested by Robert Wilson, of Dodgeville.

* Elected in 1885 to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Wm. F. Vilas.

		Sacatona
RAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Cothoort Hugh	Madison, Dane	1867.
Cathcart, Hugh	Madison, Dane	1856.
Catton, James	Burlington Bacille	1852, 57, 62. 1870, b.
Cavanaugh, Daniel Caverno, Charles Caverny, Patrick	Osceola, Fond du Lac	1861.
Caverno, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Omro, Winnebago Darlington, La Fayette Grafton, Washington Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1885, 87.
Chamberlain, A. O	Darlington, La Fayette	1881, 82. 1853.
Chamberlain, Charles E	Grafton, Washington	1873.
	Ozaukee, Ozaukee Rock Falls, Dunn. Bloomington, Grant. Merrill, Lincoln. Windsor, Dane Bloomfield, Walworth. Racine, Racine Potosi, Grant. Waterford, Racine	1881.
Chamberlin, George H Chambers, George H	Bloomington, Grant	1871.
Champagne, Peter B	Merrill, Lincoln	1883.
Chandler, Willard H	Windsor, Dane	1861, 62, 70, b. 1856.
Chambers, George H. Champagne, Peter B Chandler, Williard H Chapin, William D Chapman, Horace N Chapman, James F Chapman, Samuel E Chappell, William	Bloomneid, Walwords	1850.
Chapman, Horace R	Potosi, Grant	1863.
Chapman, Samuel E	Waterford, Racine	1848, 61.
Chappell, William	Watertown, Jefferson	1856, 57 b. 1866.
Charleton, William	Verona, Dane	1876.
	Take Milwankee	1849, 50.
Chase, Enoch	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851, 53, 70, b.
Chase, George H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887. 1868.
Chase, Henry	Chaseburg, Vernon	1871, 72.
Chase, George H	Potosi, Grant Waterford, Racine Waterford, Racine Watertown, Jefferson (Verona, Dane Madison, Dane Lake, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Chaseburg, Vernon Viroqua, Vernon Milwaukee, Milwaukee Oshkosh, Winnebago Wauwautosa, Milwaukee	1848.
Chase Leroy S	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1875, 76.
Chase, Reuben	Wauwautosa, Milwaukee Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1855. 1868.
Chase, Seth A	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1872, 73.
Cheever, Dustin G	Clinton, Rock North Cape, Racine Sparta, Monroe	1856, 78.
Cherow David D	Sparta, Monroe	1871.
Chase, Henry A Chase, Horace Chase, Leroy S Chase, Reuben Chase, Seth A Cheever, Dustin G Cheeves, Patrick G Cheney, David D Cheney, Rufus, Jr Chesak, Jos. Child, James.	Sparta, Monroe Whitewater, Rock Poniatowski, Marathon	1850.
Chesak, Jos	Poniatowski, Marathon	1889. 1860.
Child, James	East Troy, Walworth Lima, Rock Warren, Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Child, John	Warren. —	1856.
Chipman, William F. Christiaansen, Geo. Church, Francis R. Cirkel, William F. Clapp, Harvey S. Clark, Charles B. Clark, George F. Clark, Isaac Clark, Samuel.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Church, Francis R	Milwaikee, Milwaikee Menomonie, Dunn Seymour, Outagamie, New Richmond, St. Croix Neenah, Winnebago Bugle, Fond du Lac Galesville, Trempealeau Randolph Center, Columbia Lancaster, Grant Portland, Jefferson Kildare, Juneau Brushville, Waushara Green Lake, Marquette Horicon, Dodge Wausau, Marathon	1865. 1885.
Cirkel, William F	New Richmond, St. Croix	1874.
Clark Charles B	Neenah, Winnebago	1885.
Clark, George F	Bugle, Fond du Lac	1866. 1870.
Clark, Isaac	Galesville, Trempealeau	1887.
Clark, Isaac Clark, Samuel. Clark, John G Clark, Kendall P Clark, Lyman Clark, Samuel R.	Lancaster Grant	1861.
Clark Kendall P	Portland, Jefferson	1857.
Clark, Lyman	Kildare, Juneau	1864.
Clark, Samuel R	Brushville, Wausnara	1878, 79, 85. 1849.
Clark, Saterlee, Jr. Clark, Saterlee Clark, John C	Horizon Dodge	1873, b.
Clark John C	Horicon, Dodge Wausau, Marathon. Brookfield, Waukesha. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Stevens Point, Portage	1882.
Clasen, Henry Clason, George W Clements, David R Clemmons, Noah	Brookfield, Waukesna	1987
Clason, George W	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873, 187 4.
Clements, David B	Platteville Grant	1852.
Clifford, Patrick	Marinette, Marinette	1889.
Clise, Samuel F. Clothier, Samuel T. Clothier, Samuel T. Coates, Benjamin M.	Ellenboro, Grant	1860. 1873.
Clise, William H	Lancaster, Grant	1851.
Clothier, Samuel T	Regordel Grant	1869, 75.
Coates Kearton	Linden, Iowa	1869, 75. 1875, 76.
Cobb. Amasa	Mineral Point, Iowa	1860, 61 b.
Cobb, Nathan	Neenah, Winnebago	1865. 1864.
Cochran, Robert	Whitewater Walworth	1878, 79.
Coates, Benjamin M. Coates, Kearton. Cobb, Amasa. Cobb, Nathan. Cochran, Robert Coe, Edwin D. Colburn, Albert T. Coldy, Charles L. Coldwell, Samuel J. Cole, Luther A.	Cataract, Monroe	1876.
Colby, Charles L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Coldwell, Samuel J	Mazomanie, Dane	1881. 1859.
Cole, Samuel Cole, William	Gratiot La Favette	1851, 60, 64 , 68 , b .
Cole, Samuel	Beetown, Grant	1855.
Coleman, Charles B	Milwaukee Milwaukee Stevens Point, Portage Platteville, Grant Marinette, Marinette Ellenboro, Grant Lancaster, Grant. Cold Spring, Jefferson Boscobel, Grant Linden, Iowa Mineral Point, Iowa Mineral Point, Iowa Neenah, Winnebago Westfield, Marquette Whitewater, Walworth Cataract, Monroe Milwaukee, Milwaukee Miwaukee, Milwaukee Mazomanie, Dane Watertown, Jefferson Gratiot, La Fayette Beetown, Grant Greenbush, Sheboygan Lowell, Dodge Marinette Marchant Marchant Greenbush, Sheboygan Lowell, Dodge Marant Marchant Ma	1853.
Coleman, Charles B Coleman, David M., Coleman, James	Lowell, Dodge	
	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1000, 01.
10	b See list of Senators.	•

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Coleman, Orrin D	Marcellon, Columbia	1853.
Coles, Milo ¹	{ —, Milwaukee	1860. 1862.
Coles, milo	Bovina, Outagamie. Stoughton, Dane Beloit, Rock Root Creek, Milwaukee.	1856, 65. h .
Colley, Samuel G	Reloit Rock	1856, 65 , b . 1849, 54 , 55 .
Colley, Samuel G	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1863.
Collins, Samuel	Yorkville, Racine Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1858.
Collins, Samuel. Colman, Elihu. Colomy, George W. Colwell, Otis Combos, Chester D. Comdohr, Fred. N.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1872. 1868.
Colomy, George W	Alderly, DodgeSouthport, Racine	1849.
Colwell, Otis	North Royalton Wannaca	1861, 62,
Coombs, Chester D	Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1883.
Comdohr, Fred. N	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Hudson, St. Croix Arcadia, Trempealeau	1861.
Comstock, Noah D	Arcadia, Trempealeau	1872, 74, 75, 76, b. 1879.
Condit, Frederick T	Merrillan, Jackson	1858, 78, 79.
Condit, Frederick 1. Condit, James D. Cone, Sterling M. Cone, William A.	Waterloo Jefferson	1861.
Cone, Sterling in	New Berlin, Waukesha	1851.
Cone, william II	Merrillan, Jackson Merrillan, Jackson Sparta, Monroe Waterloo, Jefferson New Berlin, Waukesha	1852.
Conger, David B	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1868.
Conkey, Theodore. Conklin, Edgar. Conklin, Sylvester J. Conley, John Conner, Edward. Conner, Henry	Appleton, Outagamie	1857, b. 1857, 58. 1859, 69.
Conklin, Edgar	Appieton, Ontagamie Green Bay, Brown Waterloo, Jefferson Clinton, Rock Woodville, St. Croix Port Andrew, Richland For Leta, Dodge	1859, 69.
Conley John	Clinton, Rock	1882, 83.
Conner, Edward	Woodville, St. Croix	1889.
Conner, Henry	Port Andrew, Richland	1853. 1856 . 68.
Connor, Lawrence	Fox Lake, DodgeAuburndale, Wood	1889.
Conner, Henry		1857.
		1876.
Coolidge, Evan	Waupaca, Waupaca	1889. 1871.
Coons, Henry B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Warpaca, Waupaca. Potos, Grant. Spring Prairie, Walworth.	1852.
Cooper, Joel H	Prescott, Pierce	1866.
Corbett, C. A	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1889.
Cook, Bernard F. Coolidge, Evan. Coons, Henry B. Cooper, Joel H. Copp, William J. Corbett, C. A. Corbett, Thomas M. Cornick, Edward P. Corning, William W. Cornwell, Almon D. Cornwell, Hiram H. Corson, Dighton.	Frescott, Fierce Greenbush, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee Delavan, Walworth Portage, Columbia Salem, Kenosha Verona, Dane Milwaukee, Milwaukee Patch Grove, Grant	1881. 1859.
Cornick, Edward P	Portage Columbia	1872.
Corning, William W	Salem, Kenosha	1858.
Cornwell, Hiram H	Verona, Dane	1873.
Corson, Dighton	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858. 1872.
Cory, Jerome B	Footville Rock	1863.
Cory, Jonathan Costigan, William Cotton, Zelotus A Cottrell, Daniel Cottrell, Daniel	Marshall, Waukesha	1864.
Cotton Zelotus A		1849.
Cottrell, Daniel	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1861. 1858.
COLZINGUSCH, ILICIAMA	West Pand Washington	1878.
Coughlin, Cornelius	Oconomowoc, Waukesha. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. West Bend, Washington Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1871.
Cowie, George	Glencoe, Buffalo	1872.
Cox, Charles B	River Falls, Pierce	1863, b. 1879, 80, 85 , 87.
Coughlin, Cornellus Cousins, Henry Cowie, George Cox, Charles B Cox, George G Horewell	Mineral Point, Iowa	1857.
Cox, George G. Coxe, Hopewell Craig, Alexander J. Craig, Samuel A. Craite, Isaac. Cram, Eliphalet. Cramod James	Hartford, Washington Palmyra, Jefferson. Ft. Atkinion, Jefferson.	1859.
Craig. Samuel A	Ft. Atkinion, Jefferson	1880, 81, 83, 85.
Craite, Isaac	Mishicott, Manitowoc	1887, 89. 1856.
Cram, Eliphalet	Racine, Racine Manchester, Calumet Utica, Dane	1852, 56.
Cramond, James Crandall, Daniel B.	IIItiaa Dana	1858.
Crandall, Paul	Lima, Rock	1849.
Crary, Leonard P		1848. 1850.
	Whitewater Walworth	1848.
Cravath, Prosper Crawford, Henry	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1856.
Crawford, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Crawford, John C	Monroe, Green	1970
Crocker, John R	Belleville, Dane	1870. 1877.
Crockett, Samuel	Reloit. Rock	1875.
Croshy John B	Palmyra, Jefferson	1862.
Cross, James B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 50, 55.
Cross, William S	Belleville, Dane. Westfield, Marquetto Beloit, Rock. Palmyra, Jefferson. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Sun Prairie, Dane	1859. 1880.
Crawford, John C Crawford, John C Crocker, John R Crockett, Samuel. Crosby, George H Crosby, John B Cross, James B Cross, William S Crosse, Charles G Crosseell Caleb	Barahoo Sauk	1850.
Crosswell, Caleb	Baraboo, Sauk	1857.
Cummedam, momas		

${\tt MEMBERS\ OF\ ASSEMBLY-Continued.}$

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
A		
Cunningham, Thomas J	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	. 1887. . 1883, 85.
Curley, Thomas Curtis, David W	Belle Center, Crawford	. 1883, 85.
Curtis, David W	Madigan Dans	1876.
Curtis, Dexter	Madison, Dane	1883. 1869, 71 , 73 .
Curtis Mark	Green Bay, Brown	1889.
Curtis, Mark Curtis, Truman H	Hebron, Jefferson Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1866.
Daane, Peter, Jr. Daggart, Charles B. Dailey, Guy W Daily, John G Dakin, Wm. H Dale, Peter J Daley, Edward	Oostburg, Sheboygan	1873.
Daggart, Charles B	Two Rivers, Manitowoe Hudson, St. Croix Hustisford, Dodge Dartford, Green Lake Coop Prairie, Vennon	1865.
Dailey, Guy W	Hudson, St. Croix	1877.
Dally, John G	Doutford Croop Labo	1864.
Dale Peter I	Coon Prairie Vernon	1875. 1877.
Daley, Edward Dana, Stillman E Darbellay, Joseph E ¹ Darling, Lorenzo E Daugherty, Jonathan David G	Coon Prairie, Vernon Brown Deer, Milwaukee	1866.
Dana, Stillman E	Portage City, Columbia	1871.
Darbellay, Joseph E ¹	Portage City, Columbia Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1880, 81, 85.
Darling, Lorenzo E	Shiocton, Shawano. Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1874.
Daugherty, Jonathan	Rosendale, Fond du Lac	1848, 49.
Davies, David C	Cambria, Columbia	
Davis, Charles A	Bear Creek, Waupaca	1881, 82.
Davis, DeWitt	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Davis, Emery F	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1863.
Daugherty, Jonathan Davies, David C Davis, Charles A Davis, DeWitt Davis, DeWitt Davis, John J Davis, John W Davis, Moses M Davis, Orsamus S Davis, Thomas Davis, Thomas	Bear Creek, Waupaca. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Miffilin, Iowa. Fox Lake, Dodge. Portage City, Columbia. Cato, Manitowoc. Baraboa Sauk	1871.
Davis, John W	Portage City Columbia	1853, 54, 78.
Davis Orsamus S	Cato Manitowoo	1856, b. 1873.
Davis Richard H	Barahoo Sauk	1855.
Davis, Thomas	Millard, Walworth	1865, 66.
Davison, James	Waupun, Dodge	1879.
Davison, Robert W	Beverly, Dane	1857.
	Baraboo, Sauk. Millard, Walworth. Waupun, Dodge Beverly, Dane. La Crosse, La Crosse.	1883.
Day, John	Green Bay, Brown	1856.
Day, Rurus M	Mt. Hope, Grant	1885, 87.
Dawson John Day, John Day, Rufus M. Dean, Charles K. Dean, Nathaniel W. DeGroff, John W. Deissner, Charles T. De Land, Ambrose D.	Green Bay, Brown. Mt. Hope, Grant. Boscobel, Grant. Madison, Dane.	1858.
DeGroff John W	Almo Puffelo	1867.
Deissner, Charles T	Alma, Buffalo Waukesha, Waukesha Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1879, b. 1859.
De Land, Ambrose D	Shehovgan Falls Shehovgan	1877.
Delanev, Arthur K	Horicon Dodge	1869.
Delaney, Mitchell L	Barton, Washington	1855, 6 5, 66.
Delano, George W	Pensaukee, Oconto	1882.
Delany, John	Horicon, Dodge. Barton, Washington. Pensaukee, Oconto. Stevens Point, Portage.	1849.
De Lap, R. H	Viola, Richland. Belmont, La Fayette.	1889.
De Land, Ambrose Delaney, Arthur K. Delaney, Mitchell L. Delano, George W. Delany, John De Lap, R. H. De Long, Cornelius Deniston, Charles R.	Belmont, La Fayette	1850.
Dennis, John E., Jr. Dennis, William M. Dennis, W. L. Dent, James S. Derthick, Walter G. Desnoyer, Francis	Cadiz, Green Glenbeulah Sheboygan Watertown, Dodge	1874, 75.
Dennis William M	Watertown Dodge	1885.
Dennis, W. L.	Milwaukee.	1853, b. 1889.
Dent. James S.	Menomonee Falls, Waukesha	1876.
Derthick, Walter G	Spring Prairie Walworth	1882.
Desnoyer, Francis	Green Bay, Brown. Newburg, Washington. Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1854.
	Newburg, Washington	1858.
Detling ValDaveney, Dominick	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1889.
Daveney, Dominick	Montello Marquette I	1856.
Devy, Patrick	Watertown, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Deuster, John H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866.
Deuster, Peter V	Coopertown Brown	1863, b.
Newey William Pitt	Coopertown, Brown.	1863, b. 1873, 76. 1869, 70.
Dewhurst Richard	Neillsville Clark	1859, 65, 75, 87.
ewing, Eli B		1879,
e Wolf, Edwin.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
e Wolf, John	Delavan, Walworth	1860.
exter, Walter L		1878.
ick, Alonzo D ²	Manchester, Calumet	1849.
ick, John C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
ick, William H ²	Brothertown, Calumet	1851, 71.
peuster, Peter V bewane, Dennis bewey, William Pitt bewhurst, Richard bewing, Eli B. be Wolf, Edwin be Wolf, John bexter, Walter L. ick, Alonzo D ² ick, William H ² ickinson, P. Ensign ickson, John P.	Platteville, Grant	1883.
ieringer Andrew	Janesville, Rock	1859, 60.
ickson, John P. ieringer, Andrew ieves, William. imond, Neil	Auburn, Fond du Lac	1866, 69.
imond. Neil	Midland, Marquette	1861.
	manqueoro	1872.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions
Dill Dan J.	Prescott, Pierce	1889.
Dill, Dan J Dittmer, F. R	Seymour Outagamie	1887. 1866, 67.
	Meeme, Manitowoc	1850.
Divin, Edward	Seymour Outagamie. Meeme, Manitowoc. Richfield, Washington. New London, Waupaca. Ithaca, Richland Ripon, Fond du Lac. Marrison Brown.	1877.
Dixon, Hanmoar S	Ithaca, Richland	1859, 72.
Dobbs, Jerry, Jr	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1870. 1870.
Divin, Edward. Dixon, Hannibal S. Dixon, William. Dobbs, Jerry, Jr. Dockry, Michael. Dockry, Patrick. Dockstader, Benjamin. Dudge, Jeremiah E.	Ton Mile House Milwaukee	1860.
Dockry, Patrick		1862, 63. 1850, 53, 68.
Dodge, Jeremiah E	Lancaster, Grant	1866.
Dockstader, Benjalini Dodge, Jeremiah E Doe, William H Dole, Augustus O Donaldson Nicholas M	Plymouth, Sneboygan. Lancaster, Grant. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Poynette, Columbia. Waupun, Fond du Lac Manitowoe, Manitowoe. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Durand Penin	1876.
Dole, Augustus U	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1852, 53 , 54. 1868, 69.
Donovan Richard	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1951
Doran, John L	Durand, Pepin	1877, 78, 85, 89. 1848.
Dorwin, Vivus W	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Weyauwega, Waupaca	1848.
Doty, Charles	Weyauwega, Waupaca	1865. 1866.
Douglas, Alanson C	Hanover, Rock	1863.
Douglas, Byron	Melrose, Jackson	1874, b.
Doud, Reuben Douglas, Alanson C. Douglas, Byron. Douglas, Mark Douglass, Carlos L. Dousman, Hercules F.	Walworth, Walworth	1873.
Dousman, Hercules F	Waterville, Waukesha	1877. 1867.
Dow, John I	Horicon Dodge	1878.
Dowe, Carl	Weyauwega, Waupaca. Hanover, Rock. Appleton, Outagamie. Melrose, Jackson. Walworth, Walworth. Waterville, Waukesha. Cooksville, Rock. Horicon, Dødge. Richmond, Richland. Tomah, Monroe	1855, b.
Doxtader, Harry	Tomah, Monroe Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1877. 1873.
Doyle, Peter	Milford, Jefferson	1856.
Drake, Henry C	Osceola Mills, Polk	1870.
Dowe, Carl. Downs, Daniel L. Doxtader, Harry Doyle, Peter Drake, Henry C. Dresser, Samuel B. Dreutzer, Gus A.	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1887. 1868, 69, 76.
Dreutzer, Gus A. Drew, Patrick Duchman, William Duffy, Thomas T. Dufur, Andrew J. Dunlap, Charles. Dunn, James B. Dunn, John, Jr. Dunn, Michael.	Osceola Mills, Polk Sturgeon Bay, Door Milwaukee, Milwaukee Menasha, Winnebago Benton, La Fayette Iola, Waupaca Elkhorn, Walworth Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Manleton Dodge	1858.
Duchman, William	Renton, La Favette	1870.
Duffy, Thomas 1	Iola, Waupaca	1858.
Dunlap, Charles	Elkhorn, Walworth	1875. 1858, 59.
Dunn, James B	Mapleton, Dodge	1874.
Dunn, John, Jr	Milwaukee, Milwaukee ;	1887,89.
Dunn, Michael	Elk Grove, La Fayette	1864. 1881.
Dunn, Thaddeus K	Mapleton, Dodge Milwaukee, Milwaukee; Elk Grove, La Fayette Wonewoc, Juneau Madison, Dane Brodhead, Green Robinson, Brown Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Columbus, Columbia. Oregon, Dane	1874.
Dunning, Philo Dunwiddie, David Dupont, Gregoire	Brodhead, Green	1865, 67.
Dupont, Gregoire	Robinson, Brown	1887. 1848.
Durgin, Ezra	Columbus Columbia	1862.
Dutcher, William	Oregon, Dane	1861.
Dupont, Gregore Durgin, Ezra Dutcher, William Dwight, Edward W Dwinnell, John B	Oregon, Dane Lodi, Columbia Racine, Racine Burlington, Racine	1875. 1867, 68.
Dyer, Charles E Dyer, Edward G	Rurlington Racine	1858.
Dyer, Edward G	Damageon, and	1004
Earl, Thomas	Fulton, Rock Pardesville, Columbia Shullsburg, La Fayette Oshkosh, Winnebago Plymouth, Sheboygan Plymouth, Sheboygan Walworth, Walworth	. 1864. 1858.
Earl, Thomas Earle, Jonathan W	Shullshurg La Favette	1852, 54, 55, 57, 58, 77, b.
Earnest, James H Eastman, Edward	Oshkosh, Winnebago	. 1851.
Eastman, Enos Eastman, La Fayette Easton, Elijah	Plymouth, Sheboygan	. 1871, b. 1879.
Eastman, La Fayette	Plymouth, Shebbygan	1851,58.
Easton, Elijan	Lodi, Columbia Lone Rock, Richland Brant's Mills, Manitowoc Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	. 1880.
Easton, Eirjan Eaton, Addison Eaton, Henry L Eatough, William Ebbetts, William H	Lone Rock, Richland	. 1865, 66, b. . 1866.
Eatough, William	Fond du Lac Fond du Lac	1855.
Ebbetts, William H		. 1860.
Eckhardt, Jacob, Jr	De Soto, Vernon	. 1879, 80. . 1863.
Ebbetts, William H Eble, Andrew 1 Eckhardt, Jacob, Jr Edgerton, Elisha W Edgerton, Stephen R Egan, Michael Egery, Edward Alden Epinger Frederick H	De Soto, Vernon Waterville, Waukesha Spring Prairie, Walworth St. Martin's, Milwaukee Racine, Racine	1870.
Edgerton, Stephen K	St. Martin's, Milwaukee	. 1883, b.
Egery, Edward Alden	Racine, Racine	. 1887. 1856.
Ehinger, Frederick H	Clyman, Dodge	1882.
Eidemiller, Louis	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1859.
Ekern. Peder	New Castle, Fond du Lac Oshkosh, Winnebago Pigeon Falls, Trempealeau Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881. 1885, 8 9.
Eininger, Frederick II Eidemiller, Louis Eighme, Richard P. Ekern, Peder. Elkert, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1000,00.

¹ Died during session, Theodore Hartung elected to fill vacancy. b See list of Senators.

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Names.	Post-office—County Represented		vions.	
Elkins, John	Racine. Racine	1873.		
Ellefson, Christen	Racine, Racine	1878,83.		
Ellonwood Alexander D	Reedsburg, Sauk	1878, 79.		
Elliott, George W Ellis, Frederick S Ellis, Pitts Ellisworth, Lemuel Ellsworth, Orlando	Reedsburg, Sauk	1862.		
Ellis, Frederick S	Green Bay, Brown Genesee, Waukesha	1861, 62, 63,		
Ellis, Pitts	Genesee, Waukesha	1850.		
Ellsworth, Lemuel	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76 .		
Elisworth, Orlando	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858. 1859, 60.		
Ellsword, Orlando Ellston, A. C. V Elver, Fritz Elwell, Joseph S Emerey, Albert W Emery, Harvey W	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1889.		
Elston, A. C. V	Muscoda, Iowa. Middleton, Dane. Hudson, St. Croix.	1882.		
Elwell Joseph S	Hudson, St. Croix	1864.		
Emerev. Albert W	Potosi, Grant Portage City, Columbia Stevens Point, Portage	1857, 58 .		
Emery, Harvey W	Portage City, Columbia	1861.		
Emmons, Newton H Emmons, Wales	Decreus Louis, Lorengo	1865.		
Emmons, Wales	Watertown, Jefferson	1848.		
Eno, Edgar Enos, Elihu, Jr Erskine, George Q.	Valley, Vernon	1874.		
Enos, Elihu, Jr	Waukesha, Waukesha	1857.		
Erskine, George Q	Racine, Racine	1866.		
Esser, Bernard	Manitowoo Manitowoo	1883. 1881, 82, 85 .		
Estabrook, Charles E Estabrook, Edward	Manitowoc, Manitowoc Platteville, Grant	1854.		
Estabrook, Euwaru	Whitewater Walworth	1851.		
Eugene John R	Green Bay, Brown	1868.		
Eustis William	Oakland, Jefferson	1854.		
Estabrook, Experience. Eugene, John B Eustis, William Evans, Evan W Evans, John M Evans, Llewelyn J Evans, Rees	Whitewater, Walworth Green Bay, Brown Oakland, Jefferson Spring Green, Sauk Union, Rock	1885, 87.		
Evans, John M	Union, Rock	1856, 73.		
Evans, Llewelyn J	Racine, Racine	1857.		
Evans, Rees	Racine, Racine Beaver Dam, Dodge Yankeetown, Crawford West Bend, Washington	1869.		
Evans, William H	Yankeetown, Crawford	1874.		
Everley, Francis, Jr	West Bend, Washington	1851. 1861.		
Everts, Almeron B	Follo City Dunn	1881. 1882.		
Everts, Edward L	Granville Station Milwaukee	1883.		
Eviston John W	Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1863, 64.		
Evans, Rees Evans, William H Everley, Francis, Jr Everts, Almeron B Everts, Edward L Everts, George W Eviston, John W Eviston, Thomas H	Appleton, Outagamie Falls City, Dunn Granville Station, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.		
Fagan, James	Cedarburg, Washington Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 57.		
Fagg, Peter. Fairchild, Cassius Fairchild, H. O	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875, 76.		
Fairchild, Cassius	Madison, Dane	1860.		
Fairchild, H. O	Marinette, Marinette	1883, 85.		
	Madison, Dane. Marinette, Marinette. Racine, Racine Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.	1855, 56.		
Farnsworth, Nathaniel C	Capara Walwarth	1875. 1856.		
Farnsworth, Nathaniel C Farr, Asa W	Geneva, Walworth Kenosha, Kenosha.	1873, b .		
Farwell, Leonard J	Madison, Dane.	1860.		
Fay, Benjamin F	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1869.		
	Star Prairie, St. Croix	1871.		
Fay, Reuel K	Roche-a-Cri, Adams	1865.		
Fay, Truman M	Byron, Fond du Lac	1873.		
Fehland, H. R	Merrill, Lincoln	1889.		
Fehlandt, Wm	Mazomanie, Dane	1889.		
Fay, Truman M Fehland, H. R Fehlandt, Wm Feld, Carl R.	Madison, Dane. Prairie du Chien, Crawford. Star Prairie, St. Croix. Roche-a-Cri, Adams. Byron, Fond du Lac. Merrill, Lincoln Mazomanie, Dane. Watertown, Jefferson. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Genoa Junction, Walworth. Beloit. Rock.	1885, 87, 89 1868, 69, 70	. ~~ ~	
Fellenz, John Fellows, Timothy H	Conce Typetion Welgrouth	1808, 09, 70,	, 72, 83	
Felt Furence K	Reloit Rock	1852, 53. 1872, 73.		
Felt, Eugene KFenton, ThomasFerrin, Samuel AFerris, George H	Beloit, Rock Attica, Green Montfort, Grant	1853.		
Ferrin Samuel A	Montfort Grant	1872.		
Ferris, George H	Lamartine, Fond du Lac	1887.		
Fetzer, John	Lamartine, Fond du Lac Forestville, Door	1885.		
Field, James	Berlin, Green Lake	1864.		
Field, Norton J	Racine, Racine	1876, 77, 79, 1857, b.	, 81.	
Fetzer, John. Field, James. Field, Norton J. Field, Robert C.	Richland City, Richland	1857, b.		
Field, William, Jr Field, William W Field, Storer W	De rere, Brown.	1859.	a. a	
rield, William W	Fitabburg Dane	1855, 62, 63	, 64, 65, 77.	•
rieiu, Storer W	richburg, pane	1853, 58. 1874, 75, 76	h	
Fifiald Cam C		10/4, 70, 70,	υ,	
Fifield, Sam S	Racine Racine	1955		
Filed, Sam S Filer, Alanson	Racine, Racine	1855. 1883		
Fileid, Sam S. Filer, Alanson. Finch, Earl P. Fingado, Charles	Asniand, Asniand Racine, Racine Oshkosh, Winnebago Wauwatosa, Milwankee	1855, 1883, 1882.		
Fileid, Sam S. Filer, Alanson. Finch, Earl P. Fingado, Charles	Ashland, Ashland Racine, Racine Oshkosh, Winnebago Wauwatosa, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855. 1883. 1882. 1862.		
Filed, Sam S Filer, Alanson	Berlin, Green Lake. Racine, Racine, Richland City, Richland. De Pere, Brown. Fennimore, Grant. Fitchburg, Dane. Ashland, Ashland Racine, Racine Oshkosh, Winnebago. Wauwatosa, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fountain City, Buffalo	1855. 1883. 1882. 1862. 1876, 77.		

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Finley, Wm. S. Finnerty, Patrick. Fischer, Francis. Fischer, Henry P. Fisher, James. Fisher, Lewis S. Fisher Lucius G. Fisher Seth	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1861.
Finnerty, Patrick	Wrightstown, Brown	1887.
Fischer, Francis	Cross Plains, Dane. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Prairie du Chien, Crawford.	1860.
Fischer, Henry P	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879.
Fisher, James	Prairie du Chien, Crawford	1855, 63 , 68 , b .
Fisher, Lewis S	Sparta, Monroe. Beloit, Rock.	1887.
Figher Cath	Beloit, Rock	1857.
Fisher, Seth Fisk, Harmon J Fisk, William J		1869.
Fisk William I	Fall River, Columbia	1877.
Fitzgerald, Frank	Fort Howard, Brown	1875, 76, 77. 1877.
Fitzgerald, Frank Fitzgerald, Garret M Fitzgerald, James Fitzgerald, Michael	Hartford, Washington. Franklin, Milwaukee	1850.
Fitzgerald, James	Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. Maple Grove, Manitowoc. Cedarburg, Ozaukee. Waunakee, Dane	1878.
Fitzgerald, Michael	Maple Grove, Manitowoo.	1870. 71
ruzgeraid, william H	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1870, 71. 1878, 79, 80.
Fitz Gibbon, E. E.	Waunakee, Dane	1885.
Flanders, James G	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Hustisford, Dodge	1877.
Fletcher, Daniel	Hustisford, Dodge	1856.
Flanders, James G. Fletcher, Daniel. Fleming, Wm. Fleming, Jno. G. Flinn, Hezekiah	Emmet, Dodge	1879, 80.
Flinn Hazalziak	wunot, Kenosha	1887.
	Emmet, Dodge Wilmot, Kenosha Watertown, Jefferson Princeton, Green Lake	1877, 78, 79.
Flint, Alvin L. Flint, John M. Flint, Rockwell J. Flint, Waldo S. Flood, Martin.	Sun Prairie, Dane	1861.
Flint, Bockwell J	Menomonia Dunn	1866, 67.
Flint, Waldo S	Menomonie, Dunn	1875, b. 1876, b.
Flood, Martin.	Brooklyn, Green	1856.
riynn, John	Princeton, Green Lake Brooklyn, Green Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1849.
Fobes, Jabez L		1861, 69.
Folts, Jonas Fontaine, Benjamin	Black River, Jefferson Green Bay, Brown	1868.
Fontaine, Benjamin	Green Bay, Brown	1880, 81.
Foot, Ezra A Foote, Apollos D. Ford, David	Footville, Rock Berlin, Green Lake	1857, 67, b.
Ford David	Wayneless Daniel	1873.
Ford, Ira H	Columbus Columbia	1865, 75.
Dand M:1	Oshkosh Winnehago	1867, 68.
Forsyth, Wm. P. Foster, Carlton. Foster, Edward N. Foster, Egbert. Foster, George H. Foster, Henry L. Foster, James H. Fowle Jacob	Waunakee, Dane Columbus, Columbia Oshkosh, Winnebago Golden Lake, Jefferson	1878, 79. 1865.
Foster, Carlton		
Foster, Edward N	Mayville, Dodge. Foster, Fond du Lac	1873, 74 , 83 . 1853, 57.
Foster, Egbert	Foster, Fond du Lac	1863.
Foster, George H		1863.
Foster, Henry L	Deerfield, Dane	1853.
Fowle, Jacob	Koro, Winnebago. Emerald, Rock.	1869, 70, b.
Fowler, E. Adams	Columbus, Dodge.	1863.
B'owler. Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870.
Fox, George. Frackenberg, Ernst. Frank, John G. Frank, Michael		1865, 67, 72. 185 4.
Frackenberg, Ernst	Newberg, Washington. Jackson, Washington Kenosha, Kenosha Oregon, Dane	1865.
Frank, John G	Jackson, Washington	1879.
Frank, Michael	Kenosha, Kenosha	1861.
Frary, John S	Oregon, Dane	1865.
Frazell, James B	Wonewoc, Junean	1863.
Frary, John S. Frazell, James B. Frazier, Wm. Freeman, Charles F. Freeman, James W. French, Asa W. French, Asa W.	Enterprise, Vernon. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1874.
Freeman James W	Shullshung To Forest	1871, 80.
French, Asa W	Shullsburg, La Fayette. Herman, Dodge Franklin, Milwaukee.	1887, 89.
Frey, Anton	Franklin Milwaukee	1851.
Friend, Jacob E.	Milwankee Milwankee	1864.
Frisby, Leander F	Milwaukee, Milwaukee West Bend, Washington	1883, 8 5. 1861.
Frost, George L ¹		1000 1
Frost, Joseph	Avoca, Iowa	1879, b. 1867.
Frost, Richard D	Avoca, Iowa Madison, Dane	
Fryer, Nelson	Cold Spring, Jefferson	1871.
French, Asa W Friend, Jacob E. Frisby, Leander F Frost, George Li Frost, Joseph. Frost, Richard D. Fryer, Nelson. Fuessenich, Peter P. Fuller Hosen Ir	Madison, Dane. Cold Spring, Jefferson Eden, Manitowoc. Pewaukee, Waukesha. Plymouth, Sheboygan. Waupun, Dodge	1864.
Fuller, Hosea, Jr. Fuller, M. D. L. Fuller Wilfred Fullerton, Thomas M.	Plymouth Chak	1851.
Fuller Wilfred	Wannin Dodge	1881.
Fullerton Thomas M	Waupun, Dodge	1010.
Fulton, David C	Hudson St. Croix	1850.
Fulton, David C Fulton, Marcus A	Hudson, St. Croix	1873.
Funke, Ernst	Oconto, Oconto.	1865, 68, b. 1878, 81.
Funke, Ernst Fyffe, Jonathan W	Hudson, St. Croix Hudson, St. Croix Oconto, Oconto. Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1852.
	1 ~	
Gabriel, Hiram	Stewart, Green New Fane, Fond du Lac	1882, 83.
Gage, Charles D	New rane, rond du Lac	1853 , 67.
1.70. 3.1. 1		

¹ Died during session.
3 See list of Senators.

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NAME.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
	Richland Center, Richland Darlington, La Fayette Waukesha, Waukesha Gratiot, La Fayette Portage, Columbia. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Grand Rapids, Wood Emerald Grove, Rock Centralia, Wood	1862.
Gage, Leroy D Galaghan, Patrick. Gallagher, John E Gallagher, James S Gallett, Charles R. Galloway, Edwin H. Gardner, George R. Gardner, William	Darlington, La Fayette	1871.
Galaghan, Patrick	Waukesha, Waukesha	1850. 1883.
Gallagher, James S	Gratiot, La Fayette	1879.
Gallett, Charles R	Portage, Columbia	1863, 64.
Galloway, Edwin H	Crond Banids Wood	1883.
Gardner, George R	Emerald Grove, Rock	1879.
C Oroctor	Centralia, Wood	1861. 1854, 55, b.
Garrison, Oreses	Emerald Grove, Rock. Centralia, Wood Oshkosh, Winnebago. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Pheasant Branch, Dane Brandon, Fond du Lac. Staboyaran Sheboyaran	1887.
Garside, Ben. Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858, 67, 68.
Gault, Frank	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1881.
Garside, Ben. Charles. Gault, Frank Gee, James E. Gee, John. Geise, William	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1861. 1879.
Geige William	Waterloo, Dodge Taycheedah, Fond du Lac	1864, 69, 70.
Geisse, Charles	Taycheedah, Fond du Lac	1875.
Geraghty, Patrick	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan Beaver Dam, Dodge	1876.
Geise, William Geisse, Charles Geraghty, Patrick Germain, Columbus	Ixonia, Jefferson	1855, 58.
Germain, Columbus. Gibbs, John. Gibbs, Benjamin F. Gibbs, Charles R. Gibson, Moses S ¹ Gibson, William J. Gifford, Peter D. Gilbert, Alvarus E.	Fox Lake, Dodge Whitewater, Walworth Hudson, St. Croix. Black River Falls, Jackson.	1858. 1873.
Gibbs, Charles R	Whitewater, Walworth	1859.
Gibson, Moses S 1	Block River Falls, Jackson	1854, b.
Gibson, William J	North Prairie, Waukesha	2002, 50,
Gifford, Peter D	North Prairie, Waukesha Prospect Hill, Waukesha	1878, 79. 1848.
Gilbert, Julius L	Racine, Racine	1861, 65.
Gilbert, Myron	Stoughton Dane	1852, b.
Giles, Hiram H	Cascade, Sheboygan	1882.
Gillen, Simon	Dellona, Sauk	1868, 69. 1880, 81.
Gillespie, Thomas	Kilbourn City, Sauk	1849.
Gillilan, Davis	Cilmenton Buffalo	1680.
Gilman, Franklin	North Cape, Racine	1863, 68, 69.
Gibson, William J. Gifford, Peter D. Gilbert, Alvarus E. Gilbert, Myron. Gilest, Hiram H. Gillen, Simon. Gillespie, John. Gillespie, John. Gillespie, Thomas. Gillian, Davis. Gilman, Franklin. Gilmore, James. Gilmore, James. Gilson, Franklin L. Gilson, Luther F. Ginty, George C. Gleason, Chorles R. Gleason, George. Gleason, Thomas. Glenn, Robert.	Prospect Hill, Waukesha. Racine, Racine Prospect Hill, Waukesha. Stoughton, Dane Cascade, Sheboygan Dellona, Sauk Kilbourn City, Sauk Potosi, Grant Gilmanton, Buffalo, North Cape, Racine Jamestown, Grant Ellsworth, Pierce Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oconto, Oconto.	1848. 1881, 82.
Gilson, Franklin L	Ellsworth, Pierce	1880, 81. 1883, b.
Gilson, Luther F	Milwaukee, milwaukee Oconto, Oconto. Eau Claire, Eau Claire Whitewater, Rock Grimm's, Manitowoe Westing Grant	1563, b.
Ginty, George U	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1870. 1876.
Gleason, George	Whitewater, Rock	1881.
Gleason, Thomas	Grimm's, Mantowoc Wyalusing, Grant Hustisford, Dodge Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1863, 65, 74.
Gleason, ThomasGlenn, Robert	Hustisford, Dodge	. 1865, 73.
Gnewuch, Ferdinand	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	. 1885.
Goedien, Henry	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1882, 83. 1875, 76, 77.
Gœtze, Gustav	Ozaukee, Ozaukee. Brodhead, Rock. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1860.
Golden, George	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	. 1855.
Goodell B Frank	Montello, Marquette	. 1876.
Goodell, Lemuel	Stockbridge, Calumet	. 1848, b. 1864, 70.
Glenn, Robert Gnewuch, Ferdinand Goddard, H. J Goedjen, Henry Getze, Gustav Golden, George Goodell, L. E. Goodell, Lemuel Goodhue, Thomas H Goodrich, Charles P	Christiana Jefferson	1868.
Goodrich, Charles F	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Montello, Marquette. Stockbridge, Calumet Whitewater, Rock. Christiana, Jefferson. Milton, Rock.	. 1855.
Goodrich, Joseph. Goodsell, Elihu B Goodwin, Charles E Goodwin, George B. Gordon, Abram. Gorman, Michael. Goss, Benjamin F. Gowdey, David C. Graham, Alexander.	Milton, Rock. Highland, Iowa. Mayville, Dodge. Menasha, Winnebago Racine, Racine North Port, Shawano. Pewaukee, Waukesha Beaver Dam, Dodge Janesville, Rock Muscoda, Grant Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Menomonie, Dunn Tichora, Marquette.	. 1865, 66. 1868.
Goodwin, Charles E	Mayville, Dodge	1860.
Goodwin, George B	Menasna, winnebago	. 1852.
Gordon, Abram	North Port, Shawano	. 1872.
Goes Benjamin F	Pewaukee, Waukesha	. 1855. 1874.
Gowdey, David C	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1861, 70, 72
Gowdey, David C. Graham, Alexander. Graham, Thomas J. Graham, Wallace W. Granger, Jedediah W. Grant, Harvey. Grant, Job N. Grant, Willard. Graves, Gaylord. Graves, George S. Graves, Le Roy.	Muscoda Grant	1878.
Graham, Thomas J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Granger Jedediah W	Menomonie, Dunn	1870. 1855.
Grant, Harvey	Tichora, Marquette	1875.
Grant, Job N	Union Center, Juneau	1855.
Grant, Willard	Hebron, Jefferson	1848.
Graves, Gayloru	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan.	1867, 68, 69
Graves, Le Roy	Gravesville, Calumet	1861
Graves, Le Roy Graves, Sereno W Gray, Albert L. ² Gray, Almond D	Sheboygan Falis, Sheboygan Gravesville, Calumet Rutland, Dane Fort Howard, Brown Hudson, St. Croix	1879, 82, 85, 89.
Gray, Albert L.*	Hudson, St. Croix	. 1 1856.
Gray, Amiona D		

¹ Seat successfully contested by M. W. McCracken, of Superior.
3 Seat contested by Andrew E. Elmore.
b See list of Senators.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	d Sessions.
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Gray, Amos S.1	. Osceola, Polk	. 1865.
Gray, Ansley 2. Gray, Hamilton H	. Avoca, Iowa	. 1876.
Gray, Hamilton H	Darlington, La Fayette	.l 1856, 58, h
Gray, James B	Hudson, St. Croix.	. 1858.
Gray, John	. Mineral Point, Iowa	. 1877, 78.
Green, John	Chilton, Calumet	. 1860.
Green, John Green, William C. Green, William H.	Moscow, Iowa York, Green	. 1867. 1850.
Green, William H	Lowell, Dodge	1852, 64,
Greene, Nathan S	Milford, Jefferson	1863.
Greene, Walter S	Milford, Jefferson	1 1862 h
Greening, Philip. Greening, William. Greenan, John W Gregory, George K Greulich, Augustus. Griffin, Cornelius S	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Little Prairie, Walworth	1879,
Creening, William	Little Prairie, Walworth	1877.
Gregory Goorge V	Bergen, Vernon	1867.
Greulich Augustus	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862.
Griffin, Cornelius S	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Saukville, Washington	1848, 56, b.
Griffin, Harvey C		1800.
Griffin, Harvey C	Shields Dodge	1860, 62. 1855.
Griffin, John G	Randolph, Columbia	1876.
Griffin, Michael	Kilbourn City, Columbia.	1876, b.
Griffin, Patrick	Waterloo, Dodge	1876.
Grimm, George	Jefferson, Jefferson	1887.
Grimmer, Thomas D	Shields, Dodge. Randolph, Columbia Kilbourn City, Columbia Waterloo, Dodge Jefferson, Jefferson Oshkosh, Winnebago. Elroy. Juneau	1872.
Grimshaw, JohnGrinde, Hans S		
Griswold, William M	De Forest, Dane	1887.
Groesbeck, Benjamin F	Columbus, Columbia Tirade, Walworth	1858, 59. 60, b.
Groot, Aaron V	Brookfield, Waukesha	1865.
Grover, Eleazer, Jr	Madison, Dane.	1851. 1860.
Grover, Woodbury S	i Frairie Farm, Barron - i	1877.
Grubb, William S	Baraboo, Sank	1882, 83,
Groesbeck, Benjamin F. Groot, Aaron V. Grover, Eleazer, Jr. Grover, Woodbury S. Grubb, William S. Grube, Herman. Guernsey, Francis M. Guernsey, George H. Guernsey, Orrin. Gulick, Joachim Gunderson. Lars L.	Watertown, Dodge Clintonville, Waupaca	1875.
Guernsey, Francis M	Clintonville, Waupaca	1878.
Guernsey, George H	Almond, Portage. Janesville, Rock.	1875.
Gulick Josephin	Ore Oak Creek	1862.
Gunderson, Lars L	Ora Oak, Grant. Cumberland, Barron.	1857.
Gunderson, Lars L Gunn, Smith R	Prescott, Pierce	1880.
Gunning, J. W	Friendship, Adams	1855. 1889.
Gurnee, John D	Friendship, Adams	1872.
Haben, Andrew	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1882, 85, b.
Hackett, John		1852.
Haderer, Frank	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Waukesha, Waukesha. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1885.
Hadfield Jos J	Wayleagha Wayleagha	1854, 65, 66, 67, b.
Hærtel, Herman.	Milwankee Milwankee	1887.
Hagerty, Timothy		1853, 57. 1854.
Hagerty, Timothy	Ettrick, Trempealeau	1889.
Hahn, George	min aukee, min vankee.	1856.
Haight, J. Hayward Halbert, Thomas L	Brotnertown, Calumet	1878.
Halbert, Thomas L	Unippewa Falls, Chippewa	1875.
Hale, Obed P	Kenosna, Kenosna	1851.
Hale, Samuel	Menosna, Kenosha	1854.
	Racine, Racine	1850.
Hall, Daniel	Watertown, Jefferson	1870, 71, 72.
Hall, George H	Dell Prairie Adams	1848.
Iall, Henry	Dell Prairie, Adams. Walworth, Walworth. Dotyville, Fond du Lac. Marinette, Marinette.	1862.
Iall, John W	Dotyville, Fond du Lac	1870. 1861.
Hall, Jonathan C	Marinette, Marinette	1858.
Hall, George H. Hall, Henry. Hall, John W. Hall, Jonathan C. Hall, Thomas W.	Monroe, Green	1857.
ian, Charles	Oconto, Oconto	1887, 89.
Hallock, James L	Burnside, Buitalo	1870.
Iamilton, Charles H		
Hamilton, Henry C	waucousta, Fond du Lac	1862.
Iamilton, Irenus K	Wauccousta, Fond du Lac. Two Rivers, Manitowoc. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1858.
lamilton, Joseph	Milwankee, Milwankee	1009.
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¹ Seat successfully contested by A. C. Stuntz, of Bayfield.
2 Seat successfully contested by Joseph Bennett, of Dodgeville.
3 Died during session of 1867, and Henry L. Palmer elected to fill vacancy b See list of Senators.

Names.	Post.office—County Represented	Sessions.
Townselect Clb Cl	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1860.
Iammarquist, Ch. G	Appleton Outgramie	1876, 77.
Tammel, David	Appleton, Outagamie	1885, 87.
Iammel, Leopoid	Appleton, Outagamie	1852.
Iammel, David. Iammel, Leopold. Iammett, George W ¹ Iammon, Alason P. Iammond, Charles F. Iammond, John	Montford, Grant	1866.
Jammond Charles F	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1861, 62. 1870, 18 71.
Jammond John	Ripon, Fold un Lac Clinton, Rock Rocky Run, Columbia Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1870, 18 71.
	Rocky Run, Columbia	1865.
Ianey, Robert	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Ianev. M. C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Ahnapee, Kewaunee. Good Hope, Milwaukee. La Grange, Walworth. Oshkosh, Winnebago Armstrong's Cor., Fond du Lac Genesee, Waukesha New Diggings, La Fayette. Plattaville Grank.	1887.
Ianrahan, John	Good Hope, Milwaukee	1861, 63. 1858.
Ianrahan Michael	Good Hope, Milwaukee	1862.
Ianson, Sylvester	La Grange, Walworth	1862, 63.
Ianson, William E	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1883.
Iardgrove, John	Armstrong's Cor., Fond du Lac	1874, 76.
Iardy, William H	Genesee, Waukesna	1865.
Iarker, James	Platteville, Grant	1863.
ianranan Michael Ianson, Sylvester Ianson, William E Iardgrove, John Iardy, William H Iarker, James Iarms, John 2 Iarms, John 2 Iarms, John 4	Dame Tefforson	1866.
Iarnden, Henry Iarrington, Benjamin R	Rome, Jefferson Byron, Fond du Lac. Boscobel, Crawford	1855.
arrington, Benjamin R	Possobal Crawford	1866.
	Milwankee Milwankee	1882
tarrington, George F	Sugar Creek Walworth	1854.
tarrington, Ferry U	Jacksonnort Door	1870.
Harrington, George P. Harrington, Perry G. Harris, Charles L. Harris, Joseph	Boscobel, Crawford	1861, 69 , 71.
Inmigon Stophon A	Milwankee Milwankee	1870, 75.
Iarrison, Stephen A	Stockbridge, Calumet	1875.
Iarsh, John	Lima, CalumetElroy, Juneau	1854.
Iart, Edmond	Elroy, Juneau	1885.
Iart, Judson G	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1879.
Iartmann, Theodore O	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Tartung. Theodore	, Milwaukee	1860.
Iasev, John	York, Dane. Columbus, Columbia Richland Center, Richland	1850.
Iasey, Samuel	Columbus, Columbia	1874.
Iazeltine, Ira S	Richland Center, Richland	1867.
fart, Judson G. Iartmann, Theodore O. Iartmung, Theodore 3. Iasey, John Iasey, Samuel Iazetine, Ira S. Iaskell, Job. Iasse, Robert Iasse, Edward	Saukville, Ozaukee	1869. 1864.
Iass, Robert	Watertown, Jefferson	
Iasse, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852, 59. 1849.
Iastings, Samuel D	Saukville, Ozaukee. Watertown, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee Geneva, Walworth	1857.
		1863.
latch, Benjamin T	Waynun Fond du Lee	1862.
Iatch, Benjamin TIatcher, William WIaugen, Nils P	Kenosha, Kenosha Waupun, Fond du Lac River Falls, Pierce Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80.
laugen, Nils P	Milwaukee Milwaukee	1853, 56.
Iawkins, William AIawks, Eli	Juneau, Dodge Waukesha, Waukesha Poysippi, Waushara Black Elm Center, Pierce	1878, 83.
Tawks, Ell	Wankesha, Wankesha	1856, 57, 58.
Inwley, Charles b	Povsippi Wanshara	1857.
Iawn Charles A	Black Elm Center, Pierce	1878.
Iav Samuel M	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1858, b .
tawks, Ein Lawley, Charles S. Lawley, George. Lawn, Charles A. Lay, Samuel M. Layden, Edward G. Layden, Lohn	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
layden, Edward G. Iayden, John Iayes, Henry Iayes, Titus. Iayes, Thomas. Iays, James B. Iays, Jamuel Iays, Samuel Iayward, Paul D. Iazard, Enos I. Iazen. Chester	Black Elm Center, Pierce Oshkosh, Winnebago. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Cascade, Sheboygan Platteville, Grant Richfield, Washington Juneau, Dodge Neosho, Jefferson Kingston, Marquette	1858.
Iaves, Henry	Cascade, Sheboygan	1863.
laves, Titus	Platteville, Grant	1853.
layes, Thomas	Richfield, Washington	1856.
Iays, James B	Juneau, Dodge	1867.
Iays, Samuel	Neosho, Jefferson	1861.
Iayward, Paul D	Kingston, Marquette	1857.
Iazard, Enos I	La Grange, Walworth	1849. 1885.
Iazen, Chester	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1861.
lazen, Nathan	Poynette, Columbia	1001. 1054 KB B9
Iazen, Nathan Iead, Charles R.	Neosho, Jefferson Kingston, Marquette La Grange, Walworth Brandon, Fond du Lac Poynette, Columbia Albion, Dane Pewaukee, Waukesha Deerfield, Dane Farmersville, Dodge	1854, 56, 63. 1848.
leath, Chauncey G. Ieimdahl, Knudt, O. Ieimerl, Joseph, Jr. Iellberg, Louis Iemenway, H. C. Iemmi, Ulrich	Doorfold Dana	1871.
leimaani, Knuat U	Farmersville, Dodge	1880.
reimeri, Joseph, Jr	Milwaukoe Milwaukee	1867.
lemorrow H C	Richmond Walworth	1851.
temenway, H. C	Rlack Hawk Souk	1879.
Ichidi, Ulfich	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Richmond, Walworth Black Hawk, Sauk Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1870 20
Iemschemeyer, W. H	Reloit Rock	1874.
temenway, H. C. Hemmi, Ulrich. Iemschemeyer, W. H. Henderson, Asabel Henning, John O. Henry, Andrew Henry, Robert.	Beloit, Rock Hudson, St. Croix Madison, Dane Anchorage, Buffalo	1851.
Inner Andrew	Madison Dane	1869.

Elected in place of Matthew Murphy, resigned.
 Seat successfully contested by J. H. Rountree, of Platteville.
 Bedied to fill vacancy caused by death of Andrew Elbe.
 See list of Senators.

${\tt MEMBERS\ OF\ ASSEMBLY-Continued.}$

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Hanton Thee	Otsego, Columbia	1889.
Herrick Merton	Hudson, St. Croix	1881.
Herron, Wilson R	Hudson, St. Croix	1874, 77.
Henton, Theo Herrick, Merton Herron, Wilson R Herzer, Henry Hesk, William R	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881.
Hesk, William R	Menomonie Falls, Waukesha	1860.
Hetzel, Henry C	Merrill, LincolnGreen Bay, Brown	1887. 1870, b.
Hetzel, Henry C. Hicks, Edward Hicks, Franklin Z.	Green Bay, Brown	1861.
Hicks, Franklin Z	Avoca, Iowa Hubbleton, Dodge	1876.
Higgins, James Higgins, Patrick	Menomonee, Waukesha	1850.
Hildebrandt, Henry		1863, 64.
Hiles, George	Dexterville, Wood	1867.
Hill, James	Warren, St. Croix	1878, 79, 80, b.
Hill, Thomas	Spring Green, Sauk	1889. 1853, 63.
Hill, Thomas W	Springfield, Walworth	1849.
Hill, William	New Diggings, La Fayette Merton, Waukesha	1852.
Hilliard, John U	Wainin Dodge	1853.
Hiles, George Hill, James. Hill, Thomas Hill, Thomas W Hill, William Hilliard, John U Hillyer, Edwin Hineman, Miles Leroy.	Waupun, Dodge Tomah, Monroe Tomah, Monroe Eagle, Waukesha. Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1887.
Hinckley, J. R. Hinkley, Leonard D.	Tomah, Monroe	1883.
Hinkley, Leonard D	Eagle, Waukesha	1871.
Into, memy D	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1858.
Hixon, Gideon C	La Crosse, La Crosse	1871, 72, b. 1872.
Hobart, Adin P	(Chilton Calumet	1859.
Hobart, Harrison C	Cak Crosse, Milwaukee (Chilton, Calumet. Sheboygan, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fall River, Columbia Morrison, Brown	1849.
Hobart, Hairison C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867.
Hobart, M. C	Fall River, Columbia	1885.
Hobbins, Patrick	Morrison, Brown	1874, 75.
Hobart, M. C	Waukesha, Waukesha Wausau, Marathon	1875.
Hœflinger, Carl	Wausau, Marathon	1862, 70. 1889.
Hogan, James J	Cross Pour Brown	1889
Hodgson, manvine S. Hodginger, Carl Hogan, James J. Hogan, John M. Hogan, Michael Holehouse, Joseph W. Hollenbeck, Stephen P. Hollman, James V. Holloway, John C. Holloway, John C.	La Crosse, La Crosse. Green Bay, Brown Menasha, Winnelago Barton, Washington	1862, 63.
Holahouse Joseph W	Barton, Washington	1881, 82.
Hollenbeck Stephen P		1855.
Hollman, James V	Platteville, Grant	1885.
Holloway, John C	Platteville, Grant. Lancaster, Grant. Kilbourn City, Columbia. Janesville, Rock	1871, b.
Holly, Alanson	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1868. 1853.
Holmes, Harvey Holmes, John E ¹ Holmes, Miles	Jefferson, Jefferson	1853.
Holmes, John E	Palmyra Jefferson	1858.
Holt, Eleazer	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1868.
Holt, Eleazer. Holton, Edward D. Holzhauer, Charles. Hooker, Culver E. Hooker, Jesse. Hooker, Daniel D. Hopper, Daniel Hopkins, Benjamin F. Hopner, David D.	Palmyra, Jefferson. Maiden Rock, Pierce. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1860.
Holzhauer, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878.
Hooker, Culver E	Waupun, Dodge. Salem, Kenosha. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1887.
Hooker, Jesse	Salem, Kenosna	1854. 1883, 85.
Hooker, Daniel D	Troy Walworth	1855, 59, 69.
Hooper, Daniel F	Madison Dane	1866, b.
Hoppock, David D	Troy, Walworth Madison, Dane Rubicon, Dodge	1862.
Hoppoon, Lane	Cedarburg, Ozaukee	1851, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67,68, 72, 75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horn, Frederick W	<u>.</u>	75, 82, 87, 89, b.
Horst, Henry	Hayton, Calumet	1876. 1860.
Horton, Norman	Cold Spring, Jefferson West Salem, La Crosse	1865.
Horton, Norman. Horton, Townsend N. Hoskins, Leander. Hoskins, William L.	Union Rock	1850.
Hoskins, Leander	Union, Rock. Lake Mills, Jefferson. Plymouth, Sheboygan.	1871, 72,
Hotchkiss, Robert H	Plymouth, Sheboygan	1871, 72. 1857, b.
Houghton, Horace E Houston, Robert S Howard, Nathan B	Durand, Pepin Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha	1873, b.
Houston, Robert S	Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha	1874.
Howard, Nathan B	Magnolia, Rock Nora, Dane	1855, 62.
Howe, Henry B Howe, Oliver C	Nora, Dane	1881. 1856, 57-
Howe, Oliver U	Watertown Jefferson	1868.
Howell, Henry S. Howell, Richard P.	Nora, Danie Lowville, Columbia. Watertown, Jefferson. Racine, Racine.	1882.
Howland, Meredith	Kenosha, Kenosha.	1860.
Hove James	Kenosha, Kenosha. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1869, 71.
Hoyt. Emerson D	l Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Hoyt, Charles M	l Milwaukee, Milwaukeel	1871.
Hoyt, Edwin L	Manchester, Green Lake	1869. 1859.
Howland, Mercenth. Hoye, James Hoyt, Emerson D Hoyt, Charles M Hoyt, Edwin L Hoyt, Franklin E Hoyt, Henry H	Rochester, Racine	187 6.
Hoyt, Henry H. Hoyt, Joseph W.	Chaseburg, Vernon	1871.
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¹ Seat contested unsuccessfully by B. F. Adams.

, NAME.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Hoyt, Otis	Hudson, St. Croix	1852.
Hubbard, Samuel D	I (Scott Shehovgan	1861, 73, 77.
) Mondovi, Buffalo	1885. 1864.
Hubbell, Levi	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Oconto, Oconto	1872, 73.
Hubbell, Hichard W Hutchting, Arnold	Milwaukee Milwaukee	1882.
	(Appleton, Outagamie	1868, b.
Hudd, Thomas R	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Appleton, Outagamie. Green Bay, Brown.	1010,
Huebner, John F	Lowell, Dodge Loganville, Sauk	1887.
Hulburt, David B	Loganville, Sauk	1876, 77 , 78 , b . 1851.
Hullburt, Julius	Albany, Greene	1858.
Hull David P	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Hull, David P Hull, William	l Potosi, Grant	1854, 55 , 56.
Humain Mathias	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860.
Humphrey, Cadwallader W ¹	Cascade, Sheboygan	1861. 1848.
Humphrey, George M	New Berlin, Waukesha Hudson, St. Croix	1887, b.
Humphrey, Cadwallader Wi Humphrey, George M Humphrey, Herman L Humphrey, Humphrey E	Ixonia Center, Jefferson	1881,
Humphrey, Jasper		1857.
Humphrey, Lemuel O	Albion Dane	1871.
Humphrey, Jasper Humphrey, Lemuel O Hunkins, Benjamin	New Berlin, Waukesha	1870.
Hunt Charles A	Melvina, Monroe Menasha, Winnebago	1868, 70. 1864.
Hunt, Jeremiah Hunt, Samuel W	Menomonie, Dunn	1868.
Hunter, George	Menomonie, Dunn Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1875.
Huntington, Augustus A Huntington, William H	York, Dane Durand, Pepin	1856.
Huntington, William H	Durand, Pepin	1883. 1869, 70.
Huntley, Frederick	Buena Vista, Portage Brodhead, Rock	1882, S3.
Huntley, Frederick Huntley, John Hurlbut, Edwin	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1869.
Hurlbut, Oscar	Lomira, Dodge	1850.
Huse, Jesse B	Rewey, Iowa	1885.
Hutchinson, Buel E	Prairie du Chien, Crawford. Madison, Dane.	1857. 1879, b.
Hutchinson, Christopher	Beetown, Grant	1873.
Hyde, Edwin	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 77, 78, b. 1863, b.
Hyer, George	Madison, Dane	1863, b.
Inden, Gottfried	Milwankee Milwankee	1885.
Ingram, Julius G	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1878, 79.
Ingram, Julius G. Innis, William T. Irish, George	West Rosendale, Fond du Lac.	1877.
Irish, George	Clinton, Rock	1858. 1885.
Isenring, Fred B Isham, Willard Ives, Edward H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855.
Isnam, Willard	Trimbelle, Pierce	1869, b.
ros, nama n		•
Jabas, Louis L	Appleton, Outagamie	1889.
Jackson, Jeremiah L	Viola, Richland	1860. 1887 89
Jackson, Robert Wallace	Shawano, Shawano Brodhead, Green	1887, 89. 1866, 70.
Jackson, Thomas A Jackson, William W Jacobs, John B ²	Tomah Monroe	1863, 75.
Jacobs, John B ²	———— Oconto	1854
James, John James, Norman L Jarvis, Birney M Jeche, William	Eagle, Waukesha Richland Centre, Richland Cazenovia, Richland Hustisford, Dodge.	1856.
James, Norman L	Richland Centre, Richland	1873, 75, b. 1881.
Jarvis, Birliey M	Hustisford Dodge	1882.
Jeffers, John	Darien, Walworth	1864,71.
Jeffery, James	Darien, Walworth Georgetown, Grant Ellenboro, Grant	1875.
Jeffers, John Jeffery, James Jeffery, William Jenkins, Charles E Jenkins, George A Jenkins, John J	Ellenboro, Grant	1854.
Jenkins, Charles E	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 51. 1857, b.
Jenkins, John J	Charlestown, Calumet Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1872.
	(Plattavilla Grant	1874.
Jenkins, Thomas	Dodgeville, Iowa Appleton, Outagamie Benton, La Fayette Rising Sun, Vernon	1848.
Jenne, Daniel C ³	Appleton, Outagamie	1860.
Jennings, Charles B	Benton, La Fayette	1862. 1873.
Jess. George	Waupun, Dodge	1881.
Jewell, Henry C	Waupun, Dodge Oshkosh, Winnebago Ferryville, Crawford	1867.
Jess, George Jewell, Henry C. Jewell, James H	Ferryville, Crawford	1878.

¹ Seat successfully contested by W. F. Mitchell, of Gibbsville.
2 Seat successfully contested by David Scott, Waupaca.
3 Seat successfully contested by Milo Cowles.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Johnson, Calvin R	Black River Falls, Jackson	1861, 64.
Johnson, Calvin R Johnson, Daniel	Evansville, Rock	1865.
Johnson, Daniel H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Prarie du Chien, Crawford	1869, 70.
	Normant Door	1861. 1889.
JOHNSON, HANS	Newport, Door	1851,56.
Johnson, James B	Fairplay, Grant	1851.
Johnson, Hans Johnson, Henry Johnson, James B. Johnson, Jeremiah	Fairplay, Grant Evansville, Rock	1860.
Johnson, John	Evañsville, Rock York, Dane. Stoughton, Dane. Darien, Wallworth. Utica, Dane Wiota, La Fayette. Mt. Vernon, Dane. Breckinridge, Bad Axe. Ashford, Fond du Lac Grafton, Washington, Vashington. Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson.	1874.
Johnson John A	Stoughton, Dane	1857, b. 1885.
Johnson, John B Johnson, John E	Uarien, Walworth	1869.
Johnson, John E. Johnson, Lars E. Johnson, Michael Johnson, Ole Johnson, Peter Johnson, Phineas M.	Wiota, La Favette	1878.
Johnson, Michael	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1874, 75, 76, 77.
Johnson, Ole	Breckinridge, Bad Axe	1862.
Johnson, Peter	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1856.
Johnson, Phineas M	Bort Washington	1852. 1849, 50.
Johnson, Solon	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1849.
Johnson, Stephen B	Tomah, Monroe	1867.
Johnson, Stephen B Johnson, William W	Tomah, Monroe	1879.
Johnson, William W Johnston, Francis Johnston, Peter Johnston, Peter Joiner, Lemuel W Jonas, Charles Jones, Evan O Jones, James V Jones, Joseph Vernon Jones, John N Jones, John N	Waupun, Dodge Boardman, St. Croix Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1870.
Johnston, James	Boardman, St. Croix	1883.
Johnston, Peter	Wyoming Town	1877. 1854 h
Jones Charles	Wyoming, Iowa	1854, b. 1878, b.
Jones, Evan O	Cambria, Columbia	1866, 67, b .
Jones, James V	Cambria, Columbia Oshkosh, Winnebago	1878.
Jones, Joseph Vernon		1887.
Jones, John N	Cambria Columbia	1851. 1859.
Jones, John U	Juneau Dodge	1863, 64, 65 .
Jones, Owen R	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1875.
Jones, John N Jones, John O Jones, Oscar F Jones, Owen R Jones, Stephen Jones, Thomas J Jones, William D Jordan, Timothy S Joslin, William H Judd, Russell J Judd, Stoddard Judd, Truman H Judson, Philander	Urne, Burraio Platteville, Grant. Cambria, Columbia Juneau, Dodge Beaver Dam, Dodge Lowell, Dodge. Beaver Dam, Dodge Hazel Green, Grant. West Lima, Vernon Richland Centre, Richland	1848.
Jones, Thomas J	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1882.
Jones, William D	Hazel Green, Grant	1876. 1876
Toelin William H	West Linia, Vernon Richland Centre, Richland Oshkosh, Winnebago Fox Lake, Dodge	1880.
Judd. Russell J ¹	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871.
Judd, Stoddard	Fox Lake, Dodge	1860, 65, c-b .
Judd, Truman H	miiwaukee, miiwaukee	1867.
Judson, Philander	Bristol, Kenosha	1855. 1851.
Junus, Charles L	Calumet, Fond du Lac Theresa, Dodge Juneau, Dodge Madison, Dane	1855, 58.
Juneau, Paul	Juneau, Dodge	1849, 58.
Jussen, Edmund	Madison, Dane	1862.
Judon, Truman H Judson, Philander. Julius, Charles L Juneau, Narcisse M Juneau, Paul Jussen, Edmund Juve, T. O	Rising Sun, Vernon	1881, 82.
	Chamana Chamana	1.00%
Kast, John D	Shawano, Shawano	1877. 1869.
Keenan John	l Fitchburg, Dane	1859.
Kastler, John Keenan, John & Keenan, Matthew Keene, Henry S Kehl, John B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Lancaster, Grant	1871.
Keene, Henry S	Lancaster, Grant	1881.
Kehl, John B		1874.
Keifer, George	Nenno, Washington	1860. 1869.
Kellan, Alphonso G	Elba, Dodge	1853.
Kellogg, Austin	Concord, Jefferson	1850, 74, 75.
Kellogg, John	Reedsburg, Sauk	1873.
Kelly, David M	Reedsburg, Sauk Green Bay, Brown Brandon, Fond du Lac	1877, 78, 79, b. 1868.
Kelly, Rolin C	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1868.
Kehl, John B. Keifer, George Kellam, Alphonso G. Kelley, Patrick Kellogg, Austin Kellogg, John Kelly, David M. Kelly, Rolin C. Kelsey, Charles S. Kelsey, Edwin B.	Montello, Marquette	1867, 73, 80, b. 1853, b.
Kelsey, Euwin B Kelsey Milo	Delayan, Walworth	1848, 49.
Kelsey, Milo Kempter, Richard R Kendall, Nathaniel W	Alma, Buffalo	1881.
Kendall, Nathaniel W	Alma, Buffalo. Wyalusing, Grant. Toland's Prairie, Washington. Thompson, Washington.	1868.
Kenealy, James	Toland's Prairie, Washington	1858. 66.
Kenealy, James Kemealy, James Kennedy, Duncan A	Thompson, Washington	1885, 87.
Kennedy Duncan A	i Stevenstown, La Crosse	1887.
Zamada James E	Ochlroch Winnohace	1070
Kennedy, James E Kennedy, Richard	Oshkosh, Winnebago Highland, Iowa Wonewoc, Juneau	1870. 1880, 83.

Unsuccessfully contested seat of N. F. Beckwith in 1872.
 Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of J. M. McGuire.
 See list or Senators.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Keogh, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1860, 61, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82,
	Graga Blaing Dane	87, 89, b. 1873.
Kerl, Otto	Cross Plains, Dane	1855.
Kern, Charles J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848, 49.
Kerr, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875.
Kershaw, William J	Aandolph, Collimbia j Milwaukee, Milwaukee Big Spring, Adams Portage City, Columbia Madison, Dane Wausau, Marathon	1867, 68, b.
Ketchum, Asa C	Portage City, Columbia	1854. 1882.
Keyes, Elisha W	Madison, Dane	1878.
Kickbusch, F. W	Millville Grant	1881, 82, 83, b.
Kilda, Edward I	Millville, Grant Princeton, Green Lake	1867.
Kilgore, Moses	Bailey's Harbor, Door	1868.
Kilbourn, Charles Kilgore, Moses Kimball, Fenner	Princeton, Green Lake Bailey's Harbor, Door Janesville, Rock Portland, Dodge Beloit, Rock Shields, Dodge Utunbird Clark	1878.
Kimball, Jededian	Portland, Dodge	1849. 1865, 66.
King, Edward P.	Beloit, Rock	1849.
King, George G	Humbird, Clark	1871.
King, George W	Helena Iowa	1875, 78.
King William P	Helena, Iowa. Merton, Waukesha.	1859.
Kingshury James T	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1860.
King, Edward P. King, George G. King, George W. King, Owen King, William P. Kingsbury, James T. Kingston, John T. Kingston, William M. Kingv Azel	Necedah, Juneau Chaseburg, Vernon Lima Center, Rock	1874, 80, 81, b.
Kingston, William M	Chaseburg, Vernon	1887. 1852.
Kinney, Azel Kinney, Joseph, Jr. Kinzie, Robert H. Kirchoff, Henry. Kirkpatrick, Amos D. Kirkpatrick, James Kits Charles E.	Lima Center, Rock Lima, Rock	1852. 1851.
Kinney, Joseph, Jr	Aroes Tows	1877.
Kinzle, Robert H	Avoca, Iowa Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1862.
Kirknatrick Amos D	Dayton, Green	1855.
Kirkpatrick, James	Brodhead, Rock Mayville, Dodge Whitewater, Walworth West Bend, Washington	1861.
Kite, Charles E	Mayville, Dodge	1876.
Kizer, F. C	Whitewater, Walworth	1889. 1868.
Kleffler, George H	West Bend, Washington	1885.
Klein, L C	Racine, Racine	1889.
Windt John A	Nora, Dane. Cassville, Grant.	1880.
Kite, Charles E. Kizer, F. C. Kleffler, George H. Klein, L. C. Klinefelter, H. G. Klindt, John A. Klotz, Ignatius. Klotz, Nicholas Knab, David	Campbellsport, Fond du Lac Eden, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1880, 0.
Klotz, Nicholas	Eden, Fond du Lac	1868.
Knab, David Knapstein, T. E	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864, 65. 1889.
Knapstein, T. E		1861.
Knapp, Gilbert	Racine, Racine Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1887.
Knapp, Games A	Oshkosh Winnebago	1877, 78.
Knapp, Levi E	Oshkosh, Winnebago Oshkosh, Winnebago	1865.
Kneeland, Cyrus S	Waupun, Dodge	1859.
Knapp, Gilbert Knapp, Gaines A Knapp, Levi E Knapp, William A Kneeland, Cyrus S Knoil, Valentine Knowlton, Ephraim	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852, 67, 71.
Knowlton, Ephraim	Highland, Iowa Janesville, Rock	1856, 57. 1858.
Knowlton, James H	Shullsburg, La Fayette	1854, 56.
		1876, 77.
Vnor Saymour M	Markesan, Green Lakc	1874.
Knowlton, John J Knox, Seymour M Konz, Frederick	Calvary, Fond du Lac	1 1881
		1876.
Kreiss, George Kribs, Frederick H Kroenenwetter, S Krueger, A. H. F Kuehn, Charles.	. Appleton, Outagamie	1864, b.
Kribs, Frederick H	Beaver Dam, Dodge	
Kroenenwetter, S	Mosinee, Marathon	1880, 82.
Krueger, A. H. F	Manitowoc Manitowoc	1849, 50.
	Sauk City, Sauk Black Hawk, Sauk	1883.
Kuntz, Carl C	Black Hawk, Sauk	1869, 70, 71, 74.
Kussow, B. O. Zastrow Kyle, David W	. Cedarburg, Ozaukee . Shullsburg, La Fayette. . Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1858.
Kyle, David W	. Shullsburg, La Fayette	1859.
Kyle, James L	. Manitowoe, Manitowoe	1854.
	(La Crosse, La Crosse	1853.
La Due, Albert D	Shebovgan, Shebovgan	1851.
La Due, Nelson	Spafford, La Fayette	1879.
Lafferty, James	. Empire, Fond du Lac	1874.
Lafferty, James Lagrand, John	I MIIWAIIKEE, MIIWAIIKEE	. 1885.
Lain, Isaac	. Waukesha, Waukesha	. 1861.
Lake, Phipps W	. Walworth, Walworth	. 1854.
Lamoreux, Oliver H	Maywilla Dodge	1879
Lain, Isaac Lake, Phipps W Lamoreux, Oliver H Lamoreux, Silas W Lamure, Wm	Mayville, Dodge. Ledyard, Outagamie Plover, Portage.	1885. 87.
Lane, Charles A	Di- Danto as	1 1000 09

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	l Sessions.
Langenfeld, Peter	Theresa, Dodge	1070
Langenfeld, Peter Langer, William	Waukesha, Waukesha	1878.
Langland, Knud	North Cane Racine	1000
Langworthy, Joseph Lapham, Otis B. ¹	Mauston, Juneau Friendship, Adams. Oakfield, Fond du Lac.	1857.
Lapham, Otis B.1	Friendship, Adams	1861, 63, 69.
Large, Jonathan. Larkin, Charles H Larkin, Martin, Jr	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1865.
Larkin, Martin Jr	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872, 74, 75, b.
LaSelle, Wm B.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Plainfield, Waushara. Elkhorn, Walworth. Marshfield, Wood. La Grange, Walworth. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863.
Latham, Hollis Lathrop, Henry Allison Lauderdale, James Laverrenz, Otto Lavies, Hubert Lavis, Peter Lavis, Peter	Elkhorn Welworth	1887, 89.
Lathrop, Henry Allison	Marshfield, Wood	1862. 1887.
Lauderdale, James	La Grange, Walworth	1852 56
Laverrenz, Otto	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 56. 1880, 81.
Lavies, Hubert	Root Creek, Milwaukee. Greenfield, Milwaukee. New Cceln, Milwaukee. Janesville, Rock. Burnett Station, Dodge. Janesville, Rock	1876.
Lawler, William	Greenfield, Milwaukee	1854, 55 , 56 .
Lawrence Fronklin S	New Coeln, Milwaukee	1878.
Lawrence, Franklin S. Lawrence, George H. Lrwrence, William A. Lewton, A. F.	Janesville, Rock	1880, 81.
Lrwrence, William A	Janesville Pook	1876.
Lawton, A. F	Janesville, Rock	1002, 0.
	Viroqua, Vernon	1885. 1863.
Leach, Frank	Oshkosh, Winnebago	
Leahy, John E	Wausau, Marathon	1874, 75. 1883, b.
Leach, Frank. Leahy, John E. Leavens, Henry P. Lee, Daniel Lee, Levi	Reedsburg, Sauk Viroqua, Vernon. Oshkosh, Winnebago Wausau, Marathon. Neenah, Winnebago.	1877.
Tee Levi	De Pere, Brown	1872.
	(Fountain City D. C. 1	1855.
Lees, Edward	De Pere, Brown. Elkhorn, Walworth. Fountain City, Buffalo. Ottawa, Waukesha. Cilmantawn, Buffalo.	1875, 76.
Lees, Robert.	Gilmantown, Buffalo	1853, 54.
Legler, H. E.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873. 1889.
Lees, Robert. Legler, H. E. Lehmann, August H.	Hustisford, Dodge	1874.
Leigh, John	Oconto, Oconto	1875.
Leland, Cyrus	Sauk City, Sauk	1849.
Lemont James	Elknorn, Walworth	1873.
Leland, Cyrus Leland, Frank Lemont, James. Lennon, James. Leonard, Calvin D. W.	Gilmantown, Buffalo Milwaukee, Milwaukee Hustisford, Dodge. Oconto, Oconto Sauk City, Sauk Elkhorn, Walworth. Bay View, Milwaukee Appleton, Outagamie Dayton, Green.	1885.
Leonard, Calvin D. W	Dayton, Green Fifield, Ashland Waterloo, Jefferson Sturgeon Bay, Door Junean, Dodge	1883.
Leonard, Peter HLeonardson, J. CLeonhardt, Christopher	Fifield, Ashland	1862, 70. 1889.
Leonardson, J. C	Waterloo, Jefferson	1882.
Leonhardt, Christopher	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1883.
Leslie, John Lessey, John F. Lewis, Andrew H. Lewis, Calvin E.	Juneau, Dodge. Green Bay, Brown Hale, Trempealeau Beaver Dam, Dodge. Sun Prairie, Dane Oconomowoc, Wankeebe	1885.
Lewis, Andrew H	Halo Trompostor	1851.
Lewis, Calvin E.	Reaver Dam Dodge	1885.
Lewis, Charles G	Sun Prairie, Dane	1872.
Lewis, James MLewis, James TLewis, John C		1879. 1857.
Lewis, James T	Columbis, Columbia	1852 h
Lewis, John C Lewis, Rensselaer M	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1852, b. 1859, 60.
Lincoln, Wyman L	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1873.
Linderman, James L	Avoca, Iowa Osseo, Trempealeau Neillsville Clark	1864, b.
Linderman, James L Lindsay, Freeman D Lindsay, William	Neillsville Clark	1877.
Lindsay, William	Neillsville, Clark. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1877.
Lins, John A		1882. 1881, b .
Linse, Chas. Linsley, Marcus. Liscow, William. Little, Francis	La Crosse, La Crosse Kenosha, Kenosha Iron Ridge, Dodge	1885.
Linsley, Marcus	Kenosha, Kenosha	1861.
Listow, William	Iron Ridge, Dodge	1881.
Little, James		1864, 65, b.
Littlefield, Stephen D.	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Cambria, Columbia Clynian, Dodge	1809.
Lloyd, Evan W	Cambria, Columbia	1859.
Lloyd, John	Clyman, Dodge	1881.
Læhr, Peter	Clyman, Dodge. Dotyville, Fond du Lac. Calumet, Fond du Lac.	1875. 1889.
Loehr, Querin	Calumet, Fond du Lac.	1853.
Littlefield, Stephen D. Lloyd, Evan W. Lloyd, John. Lcohr, Peter. Lœhr, Querin Lonergan, Michael Long Chester D.	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1871.
Long Hugh	Darien, Walworth	1861.
Loomis, Charles D	Negodob Typosy	1848.
Loper, Alonzo A.	Caumer, Fond du Lac. Ripon, Fond du Lac. Darien, Walworth Darien, Walworth Necedah, Juneau Eden, Fond du Lac. Edgerton, Rock	1882.
Lord, Simon L.	Edgerton, Rock	1873, b.
Loomis, Charles D Loper, Alonzo A Lord, Simon L Lorigan, Bryan S	Maple Grove, Manitowoo	1000, D.
Love, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1874, 75. 1855.
Loveland Commun	Janesville, Rock	1879, b.
Love, John Lovejoy, Allen P Loveland, Carpus. Lovell, Frederick S	Edgerton, Rock. Maple Grove, Manitowoc Mineral Point, Iowa Janesville, Rock. Rutland, Dane. Kenosha, Kenosha.	1870.
LOTOL, PICUCIUK D	меноsna, Kenosha	1857, 58.
1 Unsuccessfully conte	sting seat of Solon W. Pierce, in 1870 b	

¹ Unsuccessfully contesting seat of Solon W. Pierce, in 1870. b See list of Schators.

${\tt MEMBERS\ OF\ ASSEMBLY-Continued.}$

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Low, Jacob Lown, George H Lowth, John Lowth, Matthew Lowth, Michael F Lowry, Goodwin Luchsinger, John	Lowville, Columbia. Walworth, Walworth. Lowell, Dodge. Columbus, Columbia. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Helena Station, Iowa. J Monroe, Green	1850, 51, 59. 1880. 1865.
Luse, Louis KLutkin, Peter C	Helena Station, Iowa,) 1887.) 1873, 76, 77, 78. 1881. 1857. 1878.
Lynch, Felix. Lynch, Felix. Lynch, Thomas. Lynde, William Pitt. Lyon, James R. Lyon, Joseph F. Lyon, Waldo Lyon, William P.	Danville, Dodge. Chilton, Calumet Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Glendale, Monroe.	1885. -1873, 83. 1866, b. 1889.
	Darien, Walworth Hustisford, Dodge Racine, Racine	1868. 1859. 1859, 60.
Macauley, Robert MacBride, Robert J. MacKay, Thomas C. L. Madden, Henry. Main, Robert P. Malmros, G. C. Oscar	Menomonie, Dunn Neillsville, Clark. Elk Grove, La Fayette Dodgeville, Iowa Oregon, Dane Manitowoc, Manitowoc Richfield, Washington Markesan, Green Lake Linden, Sheboygan Wausau, Marathon Independence, Trempealeau Friendship, Adams La Crosse, La Crosse. Big Springs, Adams Adell, Sheboygan St. Croix Falls, St. Croix Lomira, Dodge Riceville, Washington	1883. 1882, 83. 1860, 61. 1853. 1887.
Manley, Ira, Jr	Manitowoc, Manitowoc Richfield, Washington Markesan, Green Lake Linden, Sheboygan	1851. 1851. 1862. 1868.
Manson, Rufus P	Wausau, Marathon Independence, Trempealeau Friendship, Adams La Crosse, La Crosse.	1871. 1879. 1866. 1859.
Manson, Rufus P. Marsden, George H. Marsden, Thomas B. Marshall, Charles W. Marshall, George M. Marshall, John. Marshall, William R ¹ Marston, Warren. Martin, Andrew. Martin, Constant. Martin, Jacob, Sr. Martin, Mark Martin, Mark Martin, Mark Martin, Mark Martin, Morgan L.	Big Springs, Adams Adell, Sheboygan St. Croix Falls, St. Croix Lomira, Dodge	1875, 76 . 1882. 1848. 1867.
Martin, Andew Martin, Constant Martin, Jacob, Sr Martin, Mark Martin, Morgan L	Riceville, Washington Dykesville, Kewaunee Beaver Dam, Dodge Onion River, Sheboygan Green Bay Brown	1875, 76 . 1886. 1883. 1864. 1855, 74 , b.
Martin, N. T. Martin, Stoddard H. Marvin, George G. Marx, Nicolaus.	Jykesville, Kewaunee Beaver Dam, Dodge Onion River, Sheboygan Green Bay, Brown Mineral Point, Iowa Milwaukee, Milwaukee Westford, Columbia Wayne, Washington Eiton, Walworth Monroe, Green Wiota, La, Favette	1889. 1849. 1871. 1864, 77.
Mason, Albert L. Mason, Jacob Mason, John Mason, Zebulon P. Masters, William Massey, Charles A. Massey, Henry L. Mather, Samuel W. Mathes, John Matteson, Silas C. Matthews, Eschines P. Matts, Mololas M. Matts, Mololas M.	Elton, Walworth Monroe, Green Wiota, La Fayette Sheboygan, Sheboygan Weyauwega, Waupaca	1879. 1868. 1885. 1857, 58.
Massey, Henry L. Mather, Samuel W. Mather, John	Potosi, Grant	1887 1879. 1861. 1858. 1854.
Matteson. Silas C	Rhine, Sheboygan Waucousta, Fond du Lac. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Verona, Dane. Montrose, Dane	1859. 1881. 1862. 1854.
Maxon, Densmore W	Cedar Creek, Washington	1848, 52, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 82, b.
Maxson, Orrin T Maxwell, Walter S May, Reuben Mayer, Christian Mayer, Jacob G.	Prescott, Pierce Kenosha, Kenosha. Springville, Vernon. Watertown, Jefferson	1853, 57. 1877, 81, 84, b . 1870, 72. 1875. 1862.
Mayer, Christian Mayer, Jacob G. McAllister, William P. McArthur, Erie. McCarthy, James. McCarthy, Alexander R.	Le Roy, Dodge Omro, Winnebago Winneconne, Winnebago Port Washington, Ozaukee Cassville, Grant	1857, 58. 1876. 1866. 1869.
McCartney, Alexander R. McCartney, Alexander R. McCarty, Frank D. McCarty, Thomas McCaul, Thomas McCaul, Thomas McCollum, John F. McCally, J. L. B.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Menomonee Falls, Waukesha Tomah, Monroe	1858. 1870, 77. 1874.
McCoilum, J. L. R.	Trenton, Dodge. Sextonville, Richland.	1862, 63 . 1876, 77.

¹ Seat successfully contested by Joseph Bowron, of Hudson.

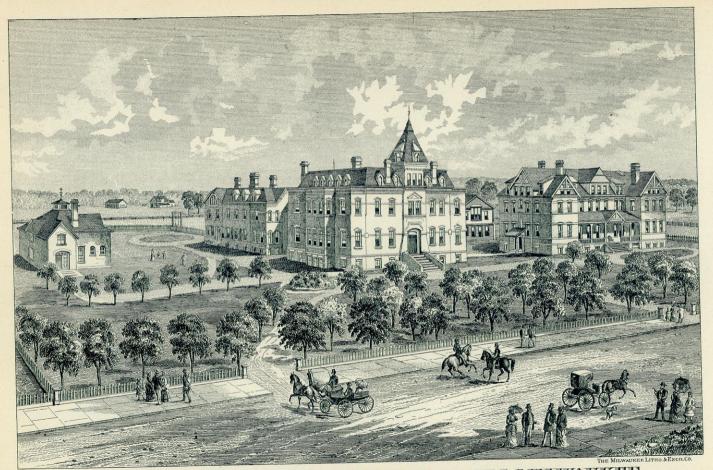
b. See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
McConnell, Chas. D	Ripon, Green Lake	1882,87.
McConnell, Thomas	Winneconne, Winnebago	'1873.
MaClord Myrron H	Merrill Lincoln	1881, b.
McCormick, Andrew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856, 57.
McCormick, Andrew McCormick, Francis. McCormick, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Ashippun, Dodge Ahnapee, Kewaunee.	1854. 1871.
McCoy, James B	Platteville Grant	1887 89
	Platteville, Grant	1887, 89. 1876, 78.
McCoy, William J	Lancaster, Grant	1883,85.
McCourt, James Henry	St. Croix Falls, Polk	1887,89.
McCracken, M. W.	Superior, —	1859.
McCracken, Samuel	Plana Partage	1854. 1862, b.
McDill, George D. McDill, George D. McDill, Thomas H. McDonald, A. S. McDonald, David. McDonald, David.	Osceola Mills Polk	1881. 82. 83.
McDill. Thomas H	Plover, Portage.	1881, 82, 83. 1867, 71, 79, 80. 1885, 87.
McDonald, A. S	Marion, Waupaca	1885, 87.
McDonald, David	Racine, Racine	1848.
	La Crosse, La Crosse	1874, b.
McDonald, James	Superior, Marquette, Marquette. Plover, Portage. Osceola Mills, Polk. Plover, Portage. Marion, Waupaca Racine, Racine. La Crosse, La Crosse. Sussex, Waukesha Summit, Waukesha	1869. 1870, 71.
McDonald, John D McDonald, John B.	Ahnanee Kewannee	1870,71.
McDonald, John R. McDonnell, Alexander A. McDonnell, Martin W. McDowell, Samuel C. McElroy, James. McElroy, James. McElroy, McGaland David	Summit, Waukesna Ahnapee, Kewaunee. Madison, Dane. Alma, Buffalo. Fox Lake, Dodge. Waupun, Fond du Lac. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Highland, Iowa	1858.
McDonnell, Martin W	Alma, Buffalo	1832.
McDowell, Samuel C	Fox Lake, Dodge	1882.
McElroy, James	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1864.
McElroy, William J	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887, 89.
McFarland, David	Highland, 10wa	1863, b. 1850.
McFatridge Edward C	Figurand, 1993 Portage City, Columbia Beaver Dam, Dodge. Cedar Falls, Dunn Calamine, La Fayette Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878, 81, b.
McGilton, John	Cedar Falls, Dunn	1880.
McGinty, Bernard	Calamine, La Fayette	1878,80.
McGarry, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1850, 53, 64, b.
McGilton, John McGinty, Bernard McGarry, Edward McGeehan, R. J McGachlin, E. McGonigal, William	De Pere, Brown Stevens Point, Portage	1889.
McGiachlin, E	Stevens Point, Portage	1889. 1850.
McGranahan, William	Wingville, Grant Fayette, La Fayette Milwaukee, Milwaukee Richland Centre, Richland. Danville, Dodge Wayen, Myrether	1859.
McGrath, James. McGrew, Joseph B. ² . McGuire, James M.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865, 66, 67, 68, 70, 73, 74.
McGrew, Joseph B.2	Richland Centre, Richland	1874, b.
McGuire, James M	Danville, Dodge	1865.
McIndoe, Walter D	Wausau, MarathonLime Rock, Outagamie	1850, 54, 55.
McIntosa, Charles E	Waldo Sheboygan	1869,70,71. 1880.
McIver James	Waldo, Sheboygan. Bay View, Milwaukee Sparta, Monroe Potosi, Grant Dekorra, Columbia. Geneva, Walworth. Whestland Kenosha	1874.
McIver, James	Sparta, Monroe	1860.
McKee, David	Potosi, Grant	1852.
McKenzie John	Dekorra, Columbia	1883.
McKibbon, John McKesson, James C	Geneva, Walworth	1858.
MoLean Campbell	Wheatland, Kenosha	1853, 59. 1862.
McLean, Hector	Stockbridge, Calumet	1865.
McLean, Campbell McLean, Hector McLean, Thomas McLees, John M McLeran I R	Wheatland, Kenosna. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Stockbridge, Calumet Stockbridge, Calumet Harmony, Vernon Oshkosh, Winnebago Oregon, Green Viroqua, Bad Axe La Crosse, La Crosse. Brillion Calumet	1864
McLees, John M	Harmony, Vernon	1869.
McLeran, J. B. McLaughlin, William M. McMichael, William. McMillan, Alexander	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1887.
McLaugnin, William M	Virogua Bad Ava	1864, 65. 1860.
McMillan Alexander	La Crosse, La Crosse	1873.
McMullen, W. V	Brillion, Calumet. Hortonville, Outagamie. Fennimore, Grant.	
McMurdo. James H	Hortonville, Outagamie	1880, 81. 1859, 67, 70.
McNair, Hugh A. W	Fennimore, Grant	1859, 67, 70.
McNaughton, F	l Vernon, Wankesha,	1852.
McNeel, J. Henry	Otrogo Columbia	1870. 1864.
McMillan, Alexander McMullen, W. V. McMurdo, James H. McNair, Hugh A. W. McMaughton, F. McNeel, J. Henry McNitt, Edwin W. McNamara, Martin.	Greenbush, Sheboygan Otsego, Columbia Maple Grove, Manitowoc	
McRea, Hector C	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1879, 80.
McRaith, M. J 8	Grand Rapids, Wood	1865.
McWhorter, George	Waukesha, Waukesha	1858.
Mead, L. H	Shell Lake, Washburn	1889.
Mead, Zerah	Green Bay Brown	1840
Meadows William	Lyons. Walworth	1881
Meehan, James	Meehan, Portage	1 1878.
McNaniara, Martin McRaith, M. J. ⁹ McRaith, M. J. ⁹ MeWhorter, George Mead, L. H Mead, Zerah Meade, John F Meadoes, William Meehan, James Meigs, Gardner C Meißlejohn, John Meissner, Gustav	Maple Grove, Manitowoc. Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. Grand Rapids, Wood Waukesha, Waukesha Shell Lake, Washburn Whitewater, Walworth Green Bay, Brown Lyons, Walworth Meehan, Portage Arena, Iowa. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Ashippun, Dodge.	1859, 60.
Meiklejohn, John	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1882.
Meissner, Gustav	Asnippun, Dodge	1888.

¹ Died during session.

² Successfully contesting seat of Moses S. Gibson, of Hudson. 3 Successfully contesting seat of H. M. Remmington.

b See list of Senators.



WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL for GIRLS, MILWAUKEE.



SECTION AREAGUSTA

	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Names.	Post-omee—County Represented	
Melvin, Fordyce R	Brooklyn, Green	1879.
	Dools Droinio Dools	1881.
Menzies, James Merriam, Amzy Merriam, John G Merrill, Almond Merrill, Hiram Merrill, Lorenzo Merrill, Lorenzo G Merrill Soveno T	Geneva, Walworth Lake Mills, Jefferson Charleston, Calumet Janesville, Rock	1871.
Merriam, John G	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1855. 1855.
Merrill, Almond	Charleston, Calumet	1875.
Merrill, Hiram	Janesville, Rock	1848, 59.
Merrill, Lorenzo	Black River Falls, Jackson	1866.
Merrill, Lorenzo G	Black River Falls, Jackson Beloit, Rock Janesville, Rock Neillsville, Clark Hale's Corners, Milwaukee La Crosse, La Crosse, Spring Lake, Waushara Fredonia, Ozaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac.	1876, 77.
Merrill, Soreno T	Janesville Rock	1871.
Merrill, Willard Merrit, Edward E	Neillsville, Clark	1873.
Merrity Patrick	Hale's Corners, Milwaukee	1880.
Messmore. Isaac E	La Crosse, La Crosse	1861.
Metcalf, Theophilus F	Spring Lake, Waushara	1870.
Meyer, Charles G	Fredonia, Ozaukee	1871, 81. 1853.
Meyer, Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Meyer, Joseph A	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1870, 71.
Minils, Urlan D	Wausau, Marathon	1858.
Willard D F	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Geneva, Walworth	1889.
Miller Clarkson	Geneva, Walworth	1860.
Miller Chas. H	West Bend, Washington	1867.
Miller, Joseph	Brillion, Manitowoc	1883, 85.
Merrit, Edward E Merrity, Patrick. Messmore, Isaac E Metcalf, Theophilus F. Meyer, Charles G Meyer, Joseph Meyer, Joseph A Minils, Uriah D Millard, Burton Millard, B. F Miller, Clarkson Miller, Chas. H Miller, Joseph Miller, Joseph Miller, Joseph Miller, Joseph Miller, Samuel	Oshkosh, Winnebago Shopiere, Rock Wausau, Marathon	1853. 1862.
Miller, Samuel	Shopiere, Rock	1887.
Miller, Henry	Rusk, Dunn	1887.
Miller, William	Whitehall, Trempealeau	1887.
Miller William H	Door Creek, Dane	1863, 64.
Miller W T	Winneconne, Winnebago	1889.
Millikin, N. W	Door Creek, Dane	1882.
Miller, Henry Miller, William Miller, Samuel S Miller, William H Miller, W. L Millikin, N. W Mills, Fergus Mills, Fergus Mills, Joseph T Mills, Thomas B Miner Cyrnis	Seneca, Crawford Millston, Jackson Lancaster, Grant. Millston, Jackson Janesville, Rock. Needah, Juneau Richland Center, Richland Rubicon, Dodge. Fish Creek, Door Spring Grove, Green Juda, Green Milwaukee, Milwaukee Brodhead, Green Douglas Center, Marquette.	1876. 1876.
Mills, Hugh B	Langeston Grant	1856 57. 62. 79 .
Mills, Joseph T	Millston Jackson	1856, 57, 62, 79. 1885, 87, 89.
Minor Cyrus	Janesville, Rock	1889.
Miner, Cyrus Miner, Eiphalet S Miner, James H Minor, David N Minor, Edward S Mitchell, Abner Mitchell, Franklin Mitchell, Martin Mitchell, Robert Mitchell, Waltin Mitchell, William F ¹ Moeller, Adolph Mohr, Christian Frederick Mohr, Thomas Monroe, Publius V Monroe, Publius V Monroe, William Monteith, John	Necedah, Juneau	1865, 66, b. 1870.
Miner, James H	Richland Center, Richland	1870.
Minor, David N	Rubicon, Dodge	1878, 80, 81, b.
Minor, Edward S	Spring Grove Green	1854.
Mitchell Franklin	Juda, Green	1877, 78, 79.
Mitchell, John	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Mitchell, Martin	Brodhead, Green	1860.
Mitchell, Robert	Douglas Center, Marquette	1875. 1861.
Mitchell, William F ¹	Gibbsville, Sheboygan	1000
Moeller, Adolph	Portage Columbia	1887, 89. 1876, 77.
Mohr Thomas	Manitowoc, Manitowoc,	1876, 77.
Monroe Publius V	New Berlin, Waukesha	1852.
Monroe, William	Fayette, La Fayette	1867.
Monteith, John	Fennimore, Grant	1873.
		1865. 1871, b.
Montgomery, Edwin	Crefton Washington	1848.
Mooers, Benjamin F	Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac	1852.
Moore Chas W	Chetek, Barron	1889.
Monteith, John B Montgomery, Edwin Mooers, Benjamin H Moore, Benjamin F Moore, Chas. W Moore, Harrey Moore, Harrey T Moore, John B Moore, William V Moran, Patrick H More, Eoorge E	Ozaukee, Washington	1851.
Moore, Harvey T	Brodhead, Green	1862.
Moore, John B	Muscoda, Grant	1860. 1872.
Moore, William V	Morrison Brown	1882.
Moran, Patrick H	Royalton, Wannaca	1871.
Moran, Patrick H. More, George E Moors, Charles W. Morgan, D. H. Morgan, Frederick A. Morrill, John Morris, Charles E. Morrison, David L.	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Chetek, Barron. Ozaukee, Washington Brodhead, Green. Muscoda, Grant Burlington, Racine Morrison, Brown Royalton, Waupaca Hancock, Waushara. Albany, Green. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Hixton, Jackson. Sheboygan, Sheboygan.	1880, 81.
Morgan, D. H.	Albany, Green	1885.
Morgan, Frederick A	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1871.
Morrill, John	Hixton, Jackson	1870. 1848.
Morris, Charles E	Sneboygan, Sneboygan	1848. 1854, 56.
Morrison, David L	Stavens Point Portage	1851.
Morrow, Joseph M.	Sparta, Monroe	1862.
Morrison, David L	Sparta, Monroe	1867.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of C. W. Humphrey.
2 Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of S. D. Powers.
b See list of Senators.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
	Ashippun, Dodge	1866, 75.
Morse, William M	Alderly, Jefferson	1857
Moscowitt, Frederick	Alderly, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee Alma, Buffalo. Waterloo, Jefferson	1855, 57, 59, 75, 78. 1867, 68.
Moser, Conrad, Jr	Alma, Buffalo	1867, 68.
Mosher, John	Waterloo, Jefferson	1866. 1855.
Mott, Thomas R	Stoughton, Dane	1852.
Moulton, Powers G	Onalaska, La Crosse	1870, 71.
Mowe, Daniel	Watertown, Jefferson Onalaska, La Crosse. Orfordville, Rock. Kewaskum, Washington. St. Martin, Waukesha	1865.
Mowe, Daniel	Kewaskum, Washington	1879.
Muehl, Adam	St. Martin, Waukesha	1868.
Mulholand, Henry		1860, 65. 1878, 79.
Mullowney, James. Mumbrue, Henry C. Munn, Henry B. Munroe, Orlando C. Murdock, James.	Wannaca Wannaca	1876, b.
Munn. Henry B	Portage, Columbia	1860.
Munroe, Orlando C	Racine, Racine	1861, 63 ,
Murdock, James	Neosha, Dodge	1850.
Murphy, James L	Marinette, Marinette	1887.
Murphy, James S	Benton, La Fayette	1859. 1879.
Murphy John D	Sheboyean Falls Sheboyean	1851.
Murphy, John A	Ellsworth, Pierce	1887.
Murphy, Matthew 1	New Diggings, La Fayette	1852, 56. 1865, 67.
Murphy, Michael	Maple Grove, Manitowoc	1865, 67.
Murphy, James I. Murphy, James S. Murphy, James W. Murphy, John D. Murphy, John A. Murphy, Matthew I. Murphy, Michael Murphy, Newton S. Murphy, William	Sneodygan Frans, Sneodygan Ellsworth, Pierce New Diggings, La Fayette Maple Grove, Manitowoc Whitewater, Walworth Briggsville, Marquette, J Beloit, Rock Turtle, Rock	1859.
Murphy, William	Briggsville, Marquette	1869, 74.
Murray, Horatio J	Turtle Rock	1867. 1856,
Murray James	New Berlin, Waukesha	1867.
Murray, Nathaniel O	Pepin, Pepin Beloit, Rock Mayville, Rock	1882.
Murray, William D	Beloit, Rock	1853.
Murray, James	Mayville, Rock	1851.
		1964 75 90 99
Naber, Herman Narracong, Jonas W Nash, Jonathan W	Lodi, Columbia	1864, 75, 80, 83. 1870.
Nash. Jonathan W	Oak Grove, Dodge	1860.
Nash, Thomas E	. i Centrana. wood	1885.
Nash, William F. Nason, Solomon L. Neavil, James H.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc	1878.
Nason, Solomon L	Nasonville, Wood	1878.
Neadham Pandalph I	Nasonvine, Wood. Potosi, Grant. Stockbridge, Calumet. Grand Rapids, Wood Calamine, La Fayette Waupaca, Waupaca. Markesan, Green Lake. Raymond Racine	1868. 1867.
Needham, Randolph J Neeves, George A	Grand Rapids, Wood	1872.
Neff, Danverse. Nelson, Andrew G. Nelson, Homer	Calamine, La Fayette	1876.
Nelson, Andrew G	Waupaca, Waupaca	1885.
Nelson, Homer	Markesan, Green Lake	1877.
Nelson Joseph	Raymond, Racine	1857. 1887.
Nelson, Jerome	Cambridge Dane	1868, 69.
Nelson, Jerome Nelson, Knute Nelson, Thomas L	Prescott, Pierce	1875.
Neuhauser, Francis A	LeRoy, Dodge	1877.
Neuhauser, Francis A Newcomb, John Neville, John C Newell, Franklin	Raymond, Racine Nelsonville, Portage Cambridge, Dane Prescott, Pierce LeRoy, Dodge Pepin, Pepin Green Bay, Brown. Paris Kanasha	1887.
Neville, John C	Green Bay, Brown	1860.
Newell, Franklin	. 1 4115, 120105116	1856, 66.
		1875. 1862.
Newick, Samuel	Trempealeau, Trempealeau	1863, b.
Newman, Gideon E	I COOKSVIIIE, ROCK	1877.
Newton, Selim	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1861.
		1848.
Nichols, Archibald. Nichols, Henry F. C. Nichols, Marshall C	Markesan, Green Lake	1848, 54, 62, 71, 72. 1872, 73, 79.
Nichols, Henry F. C	New Lisbon, Juneau	1883.
Nicholls John	Viroqua, Vernon Trempealeau, Trempealeau Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68.
Nicholls, John Niedermann, J. C. U	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1864.
Noble, Butler G	. Whitewater, Walworth Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1858.
Noble, Butler G Noble, Morgan L Noggle, David Noll, William.	. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1849, 50.
Noggle, David	. Janesville, Rock	1854, 57.
Noll, William	Cascade, Sheboygan	1876,
Nouer, George	Marton Wankesha	1883. 1856.
Norgross Pliny	Janesville, Rock	1867, 85.
Northrop, George C	Racine, Racine.	1864.
Noller, George Noon, Jeremiah Norcross, Pliny Northrop, George C Northrop, Stiles S	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Janesville, Rock. Cascade, Sheboygan. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Merton, Waukesha Janesville, Rock Racine, Racine. Ogden, Rock.	1861.

¹ Seat contested, resigned and replaced by G. W. Hammett, in 1852. b See list of Senators.

		1
Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Northwan Samuel	Dellona, Sauk	1858.
Northrop, Samuel Norton, Nelson R Noyes, David K	Burlington Racine	1854.
Noves, David K	Baraboo, Sauk Milford, Jefferson Clear Lake, Polk Beloit, Rock	1856.
Nute, Benjamin	Milford, Jefferson	1849.
Nye, Frank M	Clear Lake, Polk	1885.
Nye, William M	Beloit, Rock	1887.
Oberman, Jacob	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
O'Brien, John	Milton, Monroe	1881.
O'Brien, JohnOckler, William	Milton, Monroe. Muskego Center, Waukesha. Watertown, Jefferson. Boyceville, Dunn. Howard's Grove, Sheboygan.	1871.
O'Connor, EugeneOddie, J. M Etling, CharlesOfficer, William H	Watertown, Jefferson	1869.
Oddie, J. M	Howard's Grove Shehovgan	1885. 1863, 71.
Officer William H	Springville, Vernon	1864, 65.
O'Flanerty, John	Springville, Vernon Morrison, Brown	1879.
O'Hara, SamuelOliver, E. C	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Cedar Grove, Sheboygan	1863.
Oliver, E. C	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan	1889.
Ollis, John	DeForest, Dane	1878.
O'Malley Dominick.	Cottage Inn, La Fayette Westport, Dane	1851, 53. 1861.
Ollis, John Olmsted, Nathan O'Malley, Dominick. O'Neill, Edward.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854, 55, b .
O'Neill, James	Neillsville, Clark	1868.
	Black River Falls	1849.
O'Neill, James	Neillsville, Clark	1885. 1882, 83.
O'Neill, John O'Neill, Thomas	Shullsburg, La Fayette Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1875.
O'Nelli, Thomas. Opitz, William F. Ordway, Davis S. Ormsby, James B. Orton, Charles H. Orton, Harlow S.	Mequon River, Ozaukee	1861.
Ordway, Davis S	Reguer Dam Dodge	1860.
Ormsby, James B	Oxford, Marquette Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Madison, Dane. Cascade, Sheboygan.	1859.
Orton, Charles H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866.
O'Pourk Patrick H	Madison, Dane	1854, 59, 71. 1872, b.
O'Rourk, John	Kildare, Juneau	1868.
O'Rourk, Patrick H O'Rourk, John Osborn, Albert K	Iola, Waupaca	1863, 65, 66.
Osborn, Albert K. Osborn, Chas F. Osborn, Sylvester W. Osborne, Marvin. Osborne, Tobias G. Ostrander, James H. Ostrander, James W. Ostrander, Jared F.	Darlington, Green, pt. La Fayette	1889.
Osborn, Sylvester W	Darlington, La Fayette	1865.
Osborne, Marvin	Magnolia, Rock. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Aztalan, Jefferson	1874, 75. 1851.
Ostrander, James H	Aztalan, Jefferson	1853.
Ostrander, James W	Jefferson, JeffersonAztalan, Jefferson	1873, 75, 79, 82.
Ostrander, Jared F	Aztalan, Jefferson	1857.
Owen, David Owen, William	Portage, Columbia	1877. 1865.
Packard, William P	Racine, Racine	1880, 83. 1889.
Paddock, B. G Paddock, William	Markesan Green Lake	1881.
Page, Lucius H	La Valle, Sauk Markesan, Green Lake Fulton, Rock.	1010
Pahl, Louis P	ruion, Rock. Oconto, Oconto. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Geneva, Walworth. West Salem, La Crosse. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Edwerton, Rock	·1876.
Page, Lucius H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1880.
Palmer, Cassius C	West Solom La Chagge	1850. 1869.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Palmer, Edwin Palmer, Henry L Palmer, John T Palmer, Rodman Palmer, Thomas Palmer, William Pape, A Parish John K	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Edgerton, Rock. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Waterford, Racine. Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. Mayville, Dodge. Logansville, Sauk.	1862.
Palmer, Henry L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853, 60, 62, 73, b .
Palmer, John T	Waterford, Racine	1856.
Palmer, Rouman	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1861.
Palmer, Thomas	Logansville Sank	1859. 1865, 66.
Pape, A. H		1882, 83.
Parish, John K	Medford, Taylor	1885,
Parker, Charles D	Medford, Taylor Pleasant Valley, St. Croix Beloit, Rock	1869, 70.
Parker, Charles H	Motomon Fond du Loa	
Parker Nathan	Metomen, Fond du Lac. Hartford, Washington Portland, Dodge. Brothertown, Calumet	1855, 56. 1861.
Parker, Ruel	Portland, Dodge.	1854.
Parkinson, J. W	Brothertown, Calumet	1880.
Parkinson, Daniel M	Willow Springs, La Fayette Fayette, La Fayette	1049.
Parkinson, Peter, Jr	Fagle Waylesha	1854.
Parks, Rufus	Waterville, Wankesha	1867.
Parish, John K. Parker, Charles D. Parker, Charles H. Parker, George W. Parker, Nathan Parker, Ruel Parkinson, J. W. Parkinson, Daniel M. Parkinson, Peter, Jr. Parks, Francis G Parks, Rufus Parry, William T. Patch, Henry	Eagle, Waukesha. Waterville, Waukesha. Portage, Columbia. Patch Grove, Grant	1881, 82, b.
Patch, Henry	Patch Grove, Grant	1858.

-Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Patch, Horace D	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1852.
Detahin Molyin B	Fremont, Waupaca Neenah, Winnebago Fox River, Kenosha Janesville, Rock	1860.
Pattern, Azel W. Patterson, Andrew. Patterson, Henry A. Peak, Uriel H. Pearl, Elisha.	Neenah, Winnebago	1872.
Patterson, Andrew	Fox River, Kenosha	1885.
Patterson, Henry A	Janesville, Rock	1873.
Peak, Uriel H	Green Bay, Brown	1852.
Pearl, Elisha	Lisbon, Waukesha	1853.
Pease, marrow	Waterloo, Jefferson	1858.
Pease, Spencer A	Montello, Marquette Neenah, Winnebago	1865, 66, 70, 71.
Peckham, William P Pederson, Eli	Primrogo Dano	1874. 1883.
Peirce, Jabez	Primrose, Dane	1849,
Pambarton John	Delavan, Walworth	1878.
Pemberton, John Pengra, Marshal H	Delavan, Walworth Juda, Green. New Chester, Adams. Sauk City, Sauk. Waterloo, Dodge New London, Waupaca Prairie du Sac, Sauk Depere, Brown Plum City, Pierce Rubicon, Dodge Montello, Marquette New Holstein, Calumet	1871, 72.
Parking James W	New Chester Adams	1885, 87.
Perkins, James W Perkins, Nathaniel	Sauk City, Sauk	1851.
Domir Curing	Waterloo, Dodge	1869.
Perry Eli P	New London, Waupaca	1867.
Perry William W	Prairie du Sac. Sauk	1872.
Persons E. W.	Depere, Brown	1885. b
Perry, Eli P Perry, William W Persons, E. W Persons, James H Peters, Peter Peters, William H	Plum City, Pierce	1885. b 1873, 74. 1861, 65.
Peters, Peter	Rubicon, Dodge	1861.65.
Peters, William H	Montello, Marquette	1878.
Petersen, C. H. M Petersen, John C	New Holstein, Calumet	1868, 69, 72 ¹ , 81.
Petersen, John C	Appleton, Outagamie	1879, 80.
Peterson Atley	Appleton, Outagamie	1879, 80, 81, 82.
Peterson, Halvor H. Petrie, Jost D. Pettrie, Jost D. Pettrie, O. Hugo 2. Pettit, Paris Pfaff, Frederick A. Pfunder, Frederick A. Pfunder, Frederick M. Phelps, Chauncy M. Phelps, Chauncy M. Phelips, Joseph A. Phillips, Albert L. Phillips, Benjamin F. Phillips, Bradley Phillips, Charles H. Phillips, Los M. Phillips, John	Orfordville, Rock	1871.
Petrie, Jost D	Concord, Jefferson	1861, 67.
Petters, O. Hugo 2	Fond du Lac	1859.
Pettit, Paris	Fond du Lac East Troy, Walworth Cross Plains, Dane	1866.
Pfaff, Frederick A	Cross Plains, Dane	1861.
Pfunder, Frederick	Nero, Manitowoc	1889.
Phelps, A. warren	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874.
Phelps, Chauncy M	Milmonless Milmonless	1849.
Phelps, Joseph A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1852.
Phillips, Albert L	Racine, Racine	1869, 70 , b .
Phillips, Benjamin F	Eau Claire, Eau Claire	1857.
Phillips Charles H	Lake Mills, Jefferson	1872. 1870, 76, 77, b.
Philling From M	Rig Valley La Crossa	1863.
Phillips, John Phillips, Joseph Phillips, Peter Phillips, Sewall A	Big Valley, La Crosse. Stevens Point, Portage. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1860, 64.
Phillips Joseph	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1866, 67, 69.
Phillips, Peter		1882.
Phillips, Sewall A	Royalton, Waupaca	1880, 81.
Pickett, Armine	Weelaunee, Winnebago	1861.
Pierce, Albert H	Monticello, Green	1859, 68.
Pierce, Humphrey	Appleton, Outagamie	1882.
Phillips, Sewall A Pickett, Armine Pierce, Albert H. Pierce, Humphrey Pierce, Robert W. Pierce, Solon W. Pierce, William A Pierron, William	Meeme, namtowoc. Royalton, Waupaca. Weelaunee, Winnebago Monticello, Green Appleton, Outagamie Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Friendship, Adams. Sun Prairie, Dane Silvar Synings, Milwaukoo.	1883, 85.
Pierce, Solon W	Friendship, Adams	18703,77,78,80,81,82.
Pierce, William A	Sun Prairie, Dane	1852.
Pierron, William Pike, Alanson Pike, Jarvis K.	Silver Springs, Milwaukee Whitewater, Jefferson	1881.
Pike, Alanson	Whitewater, Jenerson	1865.
Pike, Jarvis K	Cold Spring, Jenerson	1849.
Pinkney, Bertine Pinney, Silas U. Piper, Francis V. Piper, Jonathan	Cold Spring, Jefferson Ripon, Fond du Lac Madison, Dane Pipersville, Jefferson Lxonia Center, Jefferson	1850, b.
Pinney, Shas U	Dipoposillo Tofforgon	1875.
Piper, Francis v	Tyonia Center Lefferger	1883.
Piper, Jonathan	Hartford, Washington	1865. 1880.
Flace, Jacob B	Milwayles Milwayles	1862.
Plocker William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fairwater, Fond du Lac	1875.
Platto, John Plocker, William Plumer, Bradbury G. Plumer, Daniel L. Plummer, Samuel L. Poertner, Adam Pole, Charles	Wansan, Marathon	1866.
Plumer Daniel L	Wausau, Marathon	1873.
Plummer, Samuel L.	Arkansaw, Pepin. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Shullsburg, La Fayette. Onalaska, La Crosse	1874.
Poertner, Adam	Milwaukee, Milwaukee,	1863.
Pole, Charles	Shullsburg, La Favette.	1868, 69,
Pooler, Frank		1882.
Pope, Anson W	Janesville, Rock	1849, 61, 66.
Pooler, Frank Pope, Anson W Pope, Carl C	Janesville, Rock. Black River Falls, Jackson	1862, 63, 77, 78, b.
Poppert, George Porter, James W Porter, John L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Porter, James W	Port Washington, Washington	1853.
	Pacific, Columbia	

1 Seat unsuccessfully contested by John Merrill.
2 Elected in place of S. K. Barnes, who died before taking his seat.
3 Seat unsuccessfully contested by O. B. Lapham.
b See list of Senators.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Contin: 1.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	d Sessions.
Porter, Hugh. Porter, Joseph K. P. Porter, Thomas. Porth, Peter. Post Lorenza I	. Seneca, Crawford	. 1887, 89.
Porter Joseph K P	Cooksville Poek	1859.
Porter Thomas	Cooksville, Rock. New Richmond, St. Croix	1885.
Porth Peter	Milwaylea Milwaylea	1874.
Post, Lorenzo L	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Weyauwega, Waupaca Sentinel, Juneau East Troy, Walworth Menasha, Winnebago	1070 70
Potter, Jerome B	Sorting Turger	. 1878, 79. 1869, 70.
	Foot Thor Wolfronth	. 1009, 70.
Potter John In I	Managha Winnelson	. 1856.
rotter, John Jr. Potter, Potter, Peter Potter, Peter Potter, Wm. D. Pound, Albert E. Pound, Thaddeus C. Cowell, Abner Cowell, Oliver S. Powell Henry.	Ta Day Dadge	. 1878, 79.
Potter Wm D	Le Roy, Dodge Cambridge, Dane Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Misarus Boint Lova	. 1857. 1866.
Pound Albert F	Chippers Falls Chippers	1800.
Pound Thaddong O	Chippewa Fans, Chippewa	. 1873.
Powell Abnor	Mineral Point Tarre	. 1864, 66, 67, 69∤
Powell Oliver C	Mineral Point, Iowa	
Powell Pohert T	Indian Ford Deals	1870, 71, 72.
Pourall Hanner	River Falls, Pierce. Indian Ford, Rock. Mazomanie, Dane	1871.
Power Pohowt	Mazomanie, Dane	1887.
		1863.
Powers, David J	Palmyra, Jefferson	1853.
owers, Joseph	Hebron, Jefferson	1864.
owers, Levi P	Hebron, Jefferson. Grand Rapids, Wood	1863.
Powers, Levi P. Powers, Simeon D. 2. Powers, Simon D.	Tomah, Monroe Port Washington, Washington.	1862.
owers, Simon D	Port Washington, Washington.	1852.
ratt, Delando	Baraboo, Sauk	1848.
owers, Simon D rratt, Delando. rratt, Geo. W rratt, Martin V rratt, Corris. ratt, Samuel. rentice, Wm. H rentiss, Theodore rentiss, Wm A	Port Washington, Washington. Baraboo, Sauk. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Evansville, Rock. Spring Prairie, Walworth Spring Prairie, Walworth Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan. Watertown, Jefferson. Milwaukee, Milwaukee Bay View, Milwaukee Bay View, Milwaukee	1889.
ratt, Martin V	Evansville, Rock	1881, 89.
ratt, Orris	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1883.
ratt, Samuel	Spring Prairie, Walworth	1849, 55, 63, b.
rentice, Wm. H	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1858.
rentiss, Theodore	Watertown, Jefferson	1861.
rentiss, Wm. A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1867, 68.
rice, David J	Bay View, Milwaukee	1881.
rice, William T	Black River Falls, Jackson	1851, 82, b.
rice, David J. Price, William T. Prickett, Harlow E.		1858.
riest, Daniel B	Viroqua, Vernon	1863, 68.
riestly, Chas. W	Shullshurg La Favatta	1885.
ritchard, Richard	Shullsburg, La Fayette. Manchester, Green Lake	1880.
roctor John	Neenah, Winnebago	1000 00
roctor, Wm. H	Fall River Columbia	1889
riest, Daniel B. riestly, Chas. W. ritchard, Richard roctor, John roctor, Wm. H. ulcifer, Daniel H.	Shawano Shawano	1882. 1867 , 79.
uhlman, Otto	Plymouth Choborgen	1873.
	(Evencyille Poek	1078
ullen, Lloyd T	Fall River, Columbia Shawano, Shawano. Plymouth, Sheboygan {Evansville, Rock Argyle, La Fayette. Brookfield Conton Wayloche	1876.
urple, Chauncey H	Prookfold Conton Washing	1861, 63.
utnam Edgen A	Diookheid Center, Waukesha	1004.
utnam Coorgo W	Oakfield, Fond du Lac	1876.
ntnam, Edson Atnam, George Wtnam, John D	Ash Ridge, Richland	1872, 73.
imam, John D	River Falls, Pierce	1883.
soulog Tenent II	L ,	
ıarles, Joseph V	Kenosha	1879, b.
an Tohn T	The desire of the control of the con	100=
ace, John J	Fredonia Station, Ozaukee	1885.
aesser, Christopher 8	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1879, 80, 8
thr, Reinhard	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Manitowoc, Manitowoc Janesville, Rock	1887.
imsay, George R	Janesville, Rock	1852.
amsay, George R amsey, Wm. H. and, Elijah K. undall, Alexander W. undall, Benjamin	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1855, 61. 1862, 63.
ma, Enjan K	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1862, 63.
indali, Alexander W	Waukesha, Waukesha	1855.
indali, Benjamin	Lebanon, Dodge	1848.
nkin, Joseph	Mishicott, Manitowoc	1860.
	Mishicott, Manitowoc. Manitowoc, Manitowoc.	1871, 72 , 73 , 74 , b . 1881, 83.
asmussen, James J	Rort Howard Rrown	1881, 83.
ay, Adam E	Troy, Walworth	1851.
ay, George A	Troy, Walworth. La Grange, Walworth. Plover, Portage. Geneva, Walworth	1868.
ymond, James O	Plover, Portage	1866.
ymond, Shepard O	Geneva, Walworth	1866.
ymond, William	Belle Center, Crawford	1870.
ad, John M.	Kewannee, Kewannee	1881, b.
ed, Curtis	Menasha, Winnebago	1853, 61.
ed, Darius	Sullivan Jefferson	1854 56
ed. Dennis A	Sturgeon Ray Door	1854, 56. 1865, 74.
ed Henry	Grand Rapide Wood	1869.
ed Horatio G H	Shehoveen Shehoveen	
aymond, James O. aymond, Shepard O. aymond, William ead, John M. eed, Curtis eed, Darius eed, Dennis A. eed, Henry eed, Horatio G. H. eed, Orson	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1870. 1853, b.

Died during the session.
 Died, and Joseph M. Morrow, of Sparta, elected to supply the vacancy.
 Resigned December 7, 1880, and J. E. Darbellay elected to fill vacancy.
 See list of Senators.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Deed William W	Jefferson Jefferson	1862, 66, 67, b.
Reed, William W	Jefferson, Jefferson Eagle, Waukesha Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Reinha William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Remit of Cyrus C	Baraboo, Sauk	1854.
Remington, H. W1	Baraboo, Sauk	1865.
	Green Bay, Brown	1876.
ROSIGW ATLUIT	Appleton, Outagamie	1853.
Fanther Peter	Centreville, Manitowoc	1872. 1868, 81, 82.
Rewey, Jefferson W	Rewey, Iowa	1857
Reymert, James D	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, } b.
atoj mere, bazzes z	Norway, Racine Geneva, Walworth	1876, b.
Reynolds, Benoni O Reynolds, James C Reynolds, Joseph B Reynolds, Joseph B	Lake Geneva, Walworth	1885, 87, b.
Reynolds, James O		1879.
Pormolde James	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1857, 68.
Phode David	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1873.
Reynolds, James Rhoda, David Rhodes, Jonas W Ribble, John B Rice, Carleton E Rice, Ira A Rice, John T Rice, John T Rice, William	Cmiton, Cattimet. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oconomowoc, Waukesha. Kenosha, Kenosha. Horicon, Dodge. Sparta, Monroe. Waterford, Racine. Waterford, Racine. Worrison Brown	1871.
Ribble, John B	Horicon, Dodge	1855.
Rice, Carleton E	Sparta, Monroe	1864.
Rice, Ira A	Waterford, Racine	1870. 1877.
Rice, John T	Morrison, Brown	1878.
Rice, William	(Chicaton Chawano	1873.
Rich, Corydon L	Shiooto, Shawano	1854.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1868, 70, 71, 74, 75.
Richards, Daniel H Richards, John F	Tomah, Monroe	1872.
Richards, Richard	Tomah, Monroe	1873.
Richardson E. D	Geneva, Walworth	1849.
Richardson, Hamilton	Janesville, Rock	1864, b.
Richardson, N. B	Warren, La Fayette	1869,
Richardson, Silas	Waukesha, Waukesha	1863. 1852.
Richards, Richard Richardson, E. D. Richardson, Hamilton Richardson, N. B. Richardson, Silas Richardson, William Richmond, George N.	Warren, La Fayette. Waukesha, Waukesha. Fairplay, Grant. Appleton, Outagamie	1874, 75, b .
Richmond, George N	Milwaylee Milwaylee	1871.
Richter, August Richer, Ezekiel	Manitowa Manitowa	1852, 53.
Richer, Ezekiel	Sun Prairie, Dane	1849.
Rickerson, Charles	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Riemer, Gustav J Ries, Florian J	Milwaukee, Milwaudee Meilsville, Clark Wausau, Marathon Wausau, Marathon	1877.
Ping M C	Neillsville, Clark	1889, b. 1864, 72, 75, 76, 77. 1879, 80, 81, b.
Ring, M. C	Wausau, Marathon	1864, 72, 75, 76, 77.
Ringle, John	Wausau, Marathon	1879, 80, 81, b.
	Franklin, Milwaukee	1874.
	Franklin, Milwaukee	1857, 58, 61, 64, 66, 67, 68.
Robbins, Hanmer Roberts, David.	North Prairie, Waukesha	1858.
Roberts, David	Coledonia Racine	1848.
Roberts, Henry I: Roberston, Rober C. Robinson, Charles D. Robinson, Frederick Robinson, George W.	Caledonia, Racine Vernon, Waukesha	1860.
Roberston, Rober C	Green Bay, Brown Benton, La Fayette. Kenosha, Kenosha	1850.
Robinson, Charles D	Benton, La Fayette	1853.
Pobinson Frederick	Kenosha, Kenosha	1872, 76.
		1850
Robinson, James	Chilton, Calumet Francis Creek, Manitowoc Neenah, Winnebago	1853, 58, 63, 70. 1885.
Pohingon John	Francis Creek, Manitowoc	1875.
Robinson, Nathaniel S Robinson, Thomas Robinson, William	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1867.
Robinson, Thomas		
Robinson, William Roblier, Hiram W Roche, Matthew Roche, Patrick	Wygoona Columbia	1874.
Roblier, Hiram W	Westport Dane	1853.
Roche, Matthew	Danville, Dodge	1877.
Roche, Fairick	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1849.
Rockwell, D. Henry Rockwell, Reuben	Springfield, Walworth	1859.
	Orion, Richland	1858.
Rodolf, Charles G	Mineral Point, Iowa. Wyocena, Columbia. Westport, Dane Danville, Dodge. Oconomowoc. Waukesha. Springfield, Walworth Orion, Richland Highland, Iowa.	1851, b. 1868, 70.
Rodolph, Theodore	La Crosse, La Crosse	
Roe, William H	Mt. Pleasant, Racine	1873.
Roemer, John A	Appleton, Outagamie Painsville, Milwaukee	1980
Roethe, Henry	Watertown Tefferson	1851, 53, 55, 66.
Rogan, Patrick	Watertown Jefferson	1858, 62.
Rogan, Peter	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1875.
Rodolph, Theodore. Roe, William H. Roemer, John A. Roethe, Henry. Rogan, Patrick Rogan, Peter Rogers, Asa. Rogers, Charles Rogers, E. D Rogers, James E	Painsville, minwaukee. Watertown, Jefferson. Watertown, Jefferson. Oshkosh, Winnebago Hingham, Sheboygan. Necedah, Juneau. Steome Point Portage	1865.
Rogers, Charles	Necedah, Juneau Stevens Point, Portage	1878.
		I 1881.

		
Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Rogers, Oran	Cascade, Sheboygan Carleton, Kewaunee Oregon, Dane Monroe, Green Stevens Point, Portage Kilbourn City. Adams.	1860. 1882.
Rogers, Oran	Carleton, Kewaunee	1885.
Rollis, Christopher J Rolph, Frederick B	Monroe, Green	1864.
	Stevens Point, Portage	1857. 1864. 71.
Rood, Anson	Kilbourn City, Adams Jefferson, Jefferson	1848.
Rood, Davenport	Hazel Green, Grant	1854.
Rood, Lewis	Hazel Green, Grant	1855. 1852.
Root, Eleazer	Dartford, Marquette	1879, 80, 82, 87.
Rood, Davenpork. Rood, Lewis. Rood, Samuel R. Root, Eleazer. Root, Wilbur M. Rose, Solomon L. Besenthal Adolph	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1855, b.
Rose, Solomon L Rosenthal, Adolph Roskie, C. F. Ross, Freeman M. Ross, James	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Beaver Dam, Dodge. Sheboygan, Sheboygan Montello Warquette	1854. 1881.
Roskie, C. F	Montello, Marquette	1869.
Ross, Freeman M	Madison, Dane	1865.
Rothe. Emil	Watertown, Jefferson	1863. 1870, 71, b .
Rounds, William P	Menasha, Winnebago	1864.
Rothe, Emil	Montello, Marquette Cambria, Columbia Madison, Dane Watertown, Jefferson Menasha, Winnebago Geneva, Walworth Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Weeme, Manitowoc	1866.
Rounseville, Samuel	Meeme, Manitowoc	1862.
Rountree, John H 1	Meeme, Mantlowoc. Platteville, Grant. Arena, Iowa. Cambria, Columbia Oconto, Oconto	1863, b. 1869, 72, 73, 74.
Rowe, William E	Cambria, Columbia	1875.
Royce, Henry M	Oconto, Oconto	1874.
Rowe, William E. Rowlands, John R. Royce, Henry M. Roys, Samuel H. Ruan, John Ruch, John	Oconto, Oconto Stoughton, Dane Oak Creek, Milwaukee Boltonville, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Gudd's Mills, Monroe Baadsburg Sauk	1848, 49. 1855, 60.
Ruan, John	Boltonville. Sheboygan	1880.
Rudzinski, Theodore	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1887.
Rudd, Eli O	Rudd's Mills, Monroe	1872 1859.
Davis John		1861.
Ruger, John	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1857, 58. 1868, 69, 70.
Runkel, Henry C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Ruger, John Runals, Edmund L. Runkel, Henry C. Runkel, John Rusch, William Rusch, John D. Rusk Allen	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Lowell, Dodge. Herman, Dodge. Winneconne, Winnebago. Liberty, Vernon Viroqua, Bad Axe. Westfield, Marquette. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Lxonia Center, Jefferson.	1871.
Rusch, William	Winneconne, Winnebago	1859.
Rusk, John B Rusk, Allen Rusk, Jeremiah M Russell, Francis Russell, Richard C	Liberty, Vernon	1878, 81. 1862.
Rusk, Jeremiah M	Westfield, Marquette	1868.
Russell, Richard C	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1864.
Russell, Richard Rutledge, John Ryan, Hugh Ryan, James Ryan, Sam., Jr	Oshkosn, Winnebugo Ixonia Center, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Ridgeway, Iowa Appleton, Outagamie	1869. 1885.
Ryan, Hugh	Ridgeway, Iowa	1882, 83.
Ryan, James	Appleton, Outagamie	1865.
	1 • ·	
Sackett, Hobart S Safford, Truman J	Berlin, Waushara Exeter, Green	1852
Saga Ezra C	New Lisbon, Juneau	1001.
Salge, Ezra C Sage, Sidney A Salentine, Peter 2 Salinkung, Flijah G	Western Union, Racine Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1001.
Salentine, Peter 2	Union Grove, Racine	1 1000.
Salter Robert	Newburg, Washington	1862.
Salisbury, Elijah C. Salisbury, Elijah C. Salter, Robert. Samuelson, Svend. Sanborn, Alden S.	Newburg, Washington Eaton, Manitowoc Mazomanie, Dane	. 1871. 1862 , 63, 64, 70.
Sanborn, Alden S	Stevens Point, Portage Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1885.
Sanborn, A. W Sanborn, A. W Sander, Jacob Sanders, Horace T Sanderson, John Sanderson Robert B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	. 1873.
Sanders, Horace T	Racine, Racine	. 1853. . 1879.
Sanderson, John	Cambria, Columbia Poynette, Columbia Leeds, Columbia	1862, 66, b.
Ganderson Thomas	Leeds Columbia	. 1871.
	. Milwaukee, Milwaukee	. 1873. . 1877, 79.
Sarnow, Christian	I Baldwin, St. Croix	. 1882.
Saugestad, Old A Savage, James R Sawyer, Hiram Sawyer, Hiram W Sawyer, James	. 25	. 1858.
Sawyer, Hiram	Burnett, Dodge	. 1866. . 1873, 74.
Sawyer, Hiram W	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1865.
Sawyer, Parker	Summit, Waukesha	. 1859.
Sawyer, Philetus	Oshkosh, Winnebago	. 1857, 61. . 1853.
Sayles, Whitman	Fulton, Rock	1873.
Sawyer, James Sawyer, Parker Sawyer, Philetus Sayles, Whitman Sayre, David F Scanlon, John	Burnett, Dodge Hartford, Washington Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac. Summit, Waukesha Oshkosh, Winnebago Rubicon, Dodge Fulton, Rock Symco, Waupaca	. 1879.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of John Harms. 2 Seat successfully contested by Henry Fink.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Scheetzel Velentine	Monomones Falls Washington	1001
Schætzel, Valentine	Menomonee Falls, Washington.	1861. 1887.
Schautz Adam	Addison Washington	1854, 63, b.
Schautz, Adam Schatz, Herman Scheibe, Emil P Scheiber, Frederick Scheffel, Sohn Schermerhorn, W. S Scheuber, Adolph	Brillion, Calumet. Addison, Washington Brookfield, Waukesha.	1882.
Scheibe, Emil P	Hika, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Scheiber, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Scheffel, Sohn	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
Schermernorn, W. S	Lodi, Columbia. Erfurt, Jefferson.	1867.
Scheuber, Adolph Schletz, John A Schlichting, Bernard Schmidtkofer, Andrew Schmidt, Carl H Schmidt, Casper. Schmidt, John	Grafton Ozaukee	1877. 1862.
Schlichting, Bernard	Grafton, Ozaukee	1875.
Schmidlkofer, Andrew	Calvary, Fond du Lbc	1 1885 87
Schmidt, Carl H	Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Tess Corners, Waukesha.	1870, b.
Schmidt, Casper	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1889.
Schmidt, John	Tess Corners, Waukesha	1864, 80.
Schmidtner, Louis A Schmitz, Frederick	Manitowaa Manitowaa	
Schneider Phillip	Manitowoc, Manitowoc	1875. 1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schneider, Phillip Schoenwettar, Aug. F	Lowell, Dodge	1866, 75, 76, 83, b.
Schott, George	Rubicon, Dodge	1872, 76.
Schottler, Martin	Staatsville, Washington	1863, 64.
Schrage, Joseph	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1855.
Schott, George Schottler, Martin Schrage, Joseph Schutte, Charles	Barton, Washington Lowell, Dodge. Rubicon, Dodge Staatsville, Washington Sheboygan, Sheboygan Meeker, Washington South Germantown Washington	1853.
	South Germantown, Washingt'n	1881.
Scoffeld Charles	Red Piver Door	1855.
Schwefel, Fred F. Scofield, Charles Schollard, William Schuler, Fred C	South Germantown, Washingt'n Lebanon, Dodge. Red River, Door Hartford, Washington Boltonville, Washington.	1875. 1878.
Schuler, Fred C	Boltonville, Washington	1885, 87, 89,
Schulze, Fred	ronage, communa	1 1885
Scott, David 1	Waupaca, Waupaca Darlington, La Fayette	1854.
Scott, James	Darlington, La Fayette	1887.
Scribner, James K		1876.
Seebold John F	Menomone Folla Waylroche	1866. 1881.
Scott, James Scribner, James K Scribner, Wiley S Seabold, John E Seaman, Galen B Seamonson, William Sears Edgar	Fairplay, Grant Menomonee Falls, Waukesha Milwaukee, Milwaukee Stoughton, Dane Pine River, Waushara Potosi Grant	1873.
Seamonson, William	Stoughton, Dane	1876.
Sears, Edgar	Pine River, Waushara	1867. 68.
Seamonson, William Sears, Edgar Seaton, James W Seaver, John D Seaver, Joseph W Sedgwick, David E Seely, David J Segar, John A Selden, George W Sell, John Sellers, Malcolm	Potosi, Grant Cooksville, Rock Darien, Walworth Wrightstown, Brown Elk Grove, La Fayette Johnstown, Rock Racine, Bacine	1859, 60, b .
Seaver, John D	Cooksville, Rock	1851.
Seaver, Joseph W	Darien, Walworth	1853.
Seely David I	Elk Grove La Favette	1880. 1866, 67.
Segar, John A	Johnstown, Rock	1850.
Selden, George W		1858
Sell, John	Addison, Washington Beaver Dam, Dodge Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	.1856.
Sellers, Malcolm	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1850.
Selsemeyer, August	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan	1881.
Semmann, John L	Oak Crook Milwaukee	1871, 74.
Selsemeyer, August Semmann, John L Semmonn, L Semple, Parlan	Howard's Grove, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oak Creek, Milwaukee. Shawano, Shawano Fountain City, Buffalo Ashland, Fond du Lac Waupaca, Waupaca. La Fayette, Walworth Reedsburg, Sauk Sheboygan, Sheboygan Sheboygan, Sheboygan Newtonboro, Manitowoc Delavan, Walworth	1862. 1869, 71.
	Fountain City, Buffalo	1877, 78.
Serwe, Michael Sessions, Milan H Seymour, Robert T Seymour, Silas J Shafter, James M Shafter, William N	Ashland, Fond du Lac	1875.
Sessions, Milan H	Waupaca, Waupaca	1869, b.
Seymour, Robert T	La Fayette, Walworth	1856.
Seymour, Shas J	Reedsburg, Sauk	1876, 77.
Shafter, James M	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1852.
Shannahan, Daniel	Newtonhoro Manitowoo	1859. 1863.
Sharp, Elijah M	Delavan, Walworth	1872, 75.
Sharp, Elijah MSharp, John WSharp, Terrett CSharpstein, John R	Door Creek, Dane	1858.
Sharp, Terrett C	Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan	1883, 85.
Sharpstein, John R	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1863, b.
Shaw, Major	Hingham, Sheboygan	1872.
Shaw, Major. Shear, Thomas J. Shears, Henry. Sheldon, Thomas H. Shepard, Ashbel K. Shepard, Oharles E.	Door Creek, Dane. Elkhart Lake, Sheboygan. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Hingham, Sheboygan. Hilsborough, Vernon. Oconomowoc, Waukesha Darlington, La Fayetta	1882, 89.
Sheldon Thomas H	Darlington La Favette	1850. 1880.
Shepard, Ashbel K	Darlington, La Fayette	1881.
Shepard, Charles E	Fond du Lac. Fond du Lac	1882.
Shepard, J L	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1000
Shepard, J L Shepard, Leander H	Burnett, Dodge	1877.
Sherman, Adelmon Sherman, Benjamin F	Janesville, Rock	1869, 70, 71. 1880, b.
Sherman, Benjamin F	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1880, b.
Sherman, John M	Burnett, Dodge Janesville, Rock Beaver Dam, Dodge Burnett, Dodge Bassett's Station, Kenosha.	1888
smorey, Jacon D	Dasseut a Diamon, Kenosna	1000.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Shinnick, Thomas	Watertown, Jefferson	1867, 76.
Sholes, Charles C	Kenosha Kenosha	1855, b.
Sholes, C. Latham	Kenosha, Kenosha	1852, 52, b.
Short, Dennis	Theresa, Dodge	1873.
Short, Dennis Showalter, Reuben B	Watertown, Jefferson Kenosha, Kenosha Kenosha, Kenosha Theresa, Dodge Lancaster, Grant. Omro, Winnebago. North Prairie, Waukesha Wauwatosa, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Sharon, Walworth Wausau, Marathon. Ahnapee, Kewaunee Ripon, Fond du Lac. Kenosha, Kenosha Nekimi, Winnebago, Kenosha, Kenosha Milwaukee, Milwaukee Lron Ridge, Dodge.	1887, 89. 1876, 77.
Showater, Reuten Shurlet, Sidney A. Shultis, Norman. Shumway, Perley J. Siebers, Henry Sikes, George. Silverthorn, Willis C. Simon, Matthias.	Omro, Winnebago	1876, 77.
Shultis, Norman	North Prairie, Waukesha	1864.
Shumway, Perley J	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1848, 62:
Siebers, Henry	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1889.
Sikes, George	Sharon, Walworth	1850.
Silverthorn, Willis C	Wausau, Marathon	1868, 74, b 1859, 63.
Simon, Matthias. Simmons, C. F. Simmons, Rouse. Simmons, William. Simmons, Zalmon G. Simpson, Edward B. Simpson, Elva. Simpson, Philemon B. Sixesis Albert M	Pipon Fond du Lac	1889.
Simmons, C. F	Kanacha Kanacha	1875.
Simmone William	Nekimi Winnehago	1865, 64.
Simmons Zalmon G	Kenosha, Kenosha	1865.
Simpson Edward B	Milwaukee, Milwaukee,	1879, 80, b
Simpson, Elva	Iron Ridge, Dodge	1860.
Simpson, Philemon B	Shullsburg, La Fayette	1853, b.
Skeels, Albert M	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1866, 67,
	Palmyra, Jefferson	1852.
Skinner, Jacob. Slade, Edwin. Slaughter, George H. Sleyster, Rœlof. Sloan, A. Scott. Sloan, Henry C. Slogy, Samuel. Slothower, Elias. Slupecki, E. J.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Iron Ridge, Dodge. Shullsburg, La Fayette. Ripon, Fond du Lac. Palmyra, Jefferson. Glenbeulah, Sheboygan. Mendota, Dane. Waupun, Fond du Lac. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Appleton, Outagamie. Ontario, Vernon Gratiot, La Fayette. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Sussex, Waukesha. Manitowoc, Manitowoc. Albany, Green.	1865.
Slaughter, George H	Mendota, Dane	1866.
Sleyster, Rœlof	Waupun, Fond du Lac	1870.
Sloan, A. Scott	Beaver Dam, Dodge	1857.
Sloan, Henry C	Appleton, Outagamie	1881.
Sloggy, Samuel	Ontario, vernon	1885, 87 1848.
Slothower, Enas	Milwayless Milwayless	1889.
Slupecki, E. J	Sugger Wouldebe	1880.
Siliani, Williami	Menitowoe Manitowoe	1875.
Smiler Deniel	Albany Green	1866.
Smiley John	Orfordville, Rock	1885.
Smart, Reuben D. Smiley, Daniel Smiley, John Smith, Aaron B Smith, Adam Smith, Archibald D Smith, Byron Smith, Daniel	Manitowoe, Manitowoe Albany, Green Orfordville, Rock Lake Mills, Jefferson Burke, Dane. Lind, Waupaca Erin, Washington Richmond, Walworth Spring Valley, Rock Millard, Walworth Madison, Dane Oakfield, Jefferson Galesville, Trempealeau. Watertown, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1865.
Smith, Adam	Burke, Dane	1859.
Smith, Archibald D	Lind, Waupaca	1872.
Smith, Byron	Erin, Washington	1855.
Smith, Byron. Smith, Daniel Smith, Ezekiel C. Smith, Francis. Smith, George B. Smith, George C. Smith, George H. Smith, Heber	Richmond, Walworth	1864.
Smith, Ezekiel C	Spring Valley, Rock	1850.
Smith, Francis	Millard, Walworth	1861.
Smith, George B	Madison, Dane	1859, 64, 69:
Smith, George C	Cologrillo Tropposlosy	1858, 59. 1882.
Smith, George H	Watertown Tefferson	1860.
Smith, HenrySmith, HiramSmith, Horatio NSmith, Ira P	Milwaukee Milwaukee	1878.
Smith Hiram	Shehovgan Falls Shehovgan	1871.
Smith Horatio N	Sheboygan, Sheboygan,	1850, b.
Smith Ira P.	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1881.
	(Dodge's Corners, Waukesha	1866, 67.
Smith, Jesse	Vernon, Waukesha	1854.
Smith, John Smith, John A Smith, John A Smith, Lindsey J Smith, Perry H	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Mishicot, Manitowoc. { Dodge's Corners, Waukesha. } Vernon, Waukesha. Caledonia, Racine. Glenbeulah, Sheboygan Geneva, Walworth Troy Center, Walworth Appleton, Outagamie } Richland Center. Janneys, Richland Mineral Point, Iowa.	1854.
Smith, John A	Glenbeulah, Sheboygan	1868.
Smith, John A	Geneva, Walworth	1868, 69.
Smith, Lindsey J	Troy Center, Walworth	1881.
Smith, Perry H	Appleton, Outagamie	1855, 58, 59, b
Smith Phillip M	Richland Center	1878. 1874.
No. 141. Dishand M	Mineral Point, Iowa	1856.
Smith, Richard M	Manlagan Cross Lales	1863.
Smith, Samuel W	Milwaukee Milwaukee	1872.
Smith William	La Crosse La Crosse	1889.
Smith William E	Fox Lake Dodge	1851, 71, b.
Smith William H	Eau Galle, Dunn	1863.
moke, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee La Crosse, La Crosse. Fox Lake, Dodge. Eau Galle, Dunn Two Rivers, Manitowoc.	
nover. David G	Eagle, Waukesha	1863.
Snover, John C	Eagle, Waukesha	1851.
Solon, John	Richwood, Dodge	1872.
Solon, T. F	Richwood, Dodge	1887, 89.
Smith, Richard M. Smith, Samuel W. Smith, Winfield. Smith, William E. Smith, William E. Smith, William E. Smoke, David G. Snover, Joavid G. Snover, John C. Solon, John Solon, T. F. Spafard, Simeon W. Spaulding, Benjamin B.	Geneva, Walworth	1854.
Spaulding, Benjamin B	Arcade, Marquette	1850.
Spaulding, Joseph	Harmony, Rock	1854, 63 , 1877, 79 .
Spaulding, Benjamin B Spaulding, Joseph Spense, Thomas W Spenseley, James Spiering, Henry.	Two Rivers, Manitowoc Eagle, Waukesha. Eagle, Waukesha. Richwood, Dodge. Richwood, Dodge. Geneva, Walworth. Arcade, Marquette. Harmony, Rock. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Mineral Point, Iowa. Mayville, Dodge.	1011, 79.
spenseley, James	Marwilla Dodge	1866.
spiering, Henry	may vine, Douge	1879, 83, 87.

See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Spooner, John C	Hudson, St. Croix Elkhorn, Walworth Aztalan, Jefferson Hazel Green, Grant Brodhead, Green Orfordville, Rock Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan. Platteville, Grant Staatsville, Washington Geneva, Walworth Sheboygan, Sheboyan.	1872.
Spooner, John C Spooner, Wyman	Elkhorn, Walworth	1850, 51, 57, 61, b.
Spoor, Gardner Spottswood, James K	Aztalan, Jefferson	1865.
Spottswood, James K	Hazel Green, Grant	1860.
Sprague, Burr	Orfordville Rock	1880, 81. 1868.
Spratt, George	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1887.
Squires, Joel C	Platteville, Grant	1870, b.
Staats, Adam	Staatsville, Washington	1852.
Spratt, George Squires, Joel C Staats, Adam Stafford, Amos W Stamm Godfray	Geneva, Walworth	1872.
Ctanabfold Campal D	Sheboygan, Sheboygan Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1862. 1885, b.
Stanley, William S., Jr. Stannard, Erastus W Stanton, Horace. Stapleton, Eichard F.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1881, 82, b .
Stannard, Erastus W	Green Bush, Sheboygan	1860.
Stanton, Horace	Green Bush, Sheboygan. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
Stapleton, Richard F	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1877.
Stark, Joshua		1856. 1867, 78 .
Stark, William H	Shopiere Rock	1858.
Starks, Argalus W	Baraboo, Sauk	1862. 63. 64. 65. b.
Starr, William	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1862, 63, 64, 65, b. 1863, 64.
Starks, Argalus W Starr, William Stearns, D. Manfield	Tilfany, Rock Shopiere, Rock Baraboo, Sauk Ripon, Fond du Lac Elkhorn, Walworth Ahnapee, Door	1876.
Stebbins, De Wayne	Ahnapee, Door	1873.
Stebbins, Harrison	Alderley Dodge	1853. 1881.
Steever Mitchell	Union, Rock Alderley, Dodge Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858
Steffen. Francis	Hortonville, Outagamie	1878, 79.
Stemper, John B	Hortonville, Outagamie Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1865.
Steuerwald, Daniel	Adell, Sheboygan	1887.
Steele, John Steever, Mitchell Steffen, Francis Stemper, John B Steuerwald, Daniel Steinfort, Casper H Steiner John	Adell, Sheboygan Lake Mills, Jefferson Woodland, Dodge Madison, Dane Waukesha, Waukesha	1873.
Stanbang David	Madison Dane	1858. 1889.
Stephens, John	Waukesha, Waukesha	1885.
Stephens, John	Hazel Green, Grant	1873.
Stephenson, Isaac Stephenson, Joseph	Marinette, Marinette	1866, 68.
Stephenson, Joseph	Meeme, Manitowoc Mineral Point, Iowa. Iron Ridge, Dodge Mt. Sterling, Crawford.	1861.
Sterling, Levi	Iron Ridge Dodge	1858, b. 1852.
Sterling, William T	Mt. Sterling, Crawford	1848, 50.
Stevens, Charles	Mt. Sterling, Crawford, Janesville, Rock. La Crosse, La Crosse. Cassville, Grant. Sturgeon Bay, Door Caledonia Center, Racine (Enterprise, Vernon Newton, Vernon Ft. Attrinson Lefferson	1853.
Stevens, Chase A	La Crosse, La Crosse	1855.
Stevens, Daniel B	Cassville, Grant	1882.
Stevens, Henry	Caladonia Center Racine	1857, 62. 1864, b.
~. ~ .	(Enterprise, Vernon	1876.
Stevenson, John	Newton, Vernon	1889.
Stewart, Alva	Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson	1850, b.
Stewart, Donald	Delavan, Walworth	1882, 83.
Stewart, Andrew J	Magnon Washington	1887. 1851.
Stevenson, John Stewart, Alva Stewart, Donald Stewart, Andrew J Stock, Frederick Stocking, Hobart M Stoddard, Thomas B Stoddart, John	Newton, Vernon Ft. Atkinson, Jefferson Delavan, Walworth Richmond, Walworth Mequon, Washington Eau Claire, Eau Claire La Crosse, La Crosse Fox Lake, Dodge Summit, Waukesha Winooski, Sheboygan Watertown, Jefferson	1876, 8 9.
Stoddard, Thomas B	La Crosse, La Crosse.	1862,
Stoddart, John	Fox Lake, Dodge	1889.
Stone, Eliphalet S	Summit, Waukesha	1872.
Stone, Glenville W	Winooski, Sheboygan	1857.
Stone, Jesse	Milwankee Milwankee	1880, 82. 1862.
Stowers, Charles H	Tustin Waushara	1874.
Stranchau, John	Mineral Point, Iowa	1872.
Stranchau, John Strasser, Leopold	Stockbridge, Calumet	1885.
Streckewald, Gustave	Hartford, Washington	1859.
Strong, George	Hudson, St. Croix	1857.
Strong, George Strong, Luman M Strong, Marshall M	Tustin, Waushara Mineral Point, Iowa Stockbridge, Calumet Hartford, Washington Hudson, St. Croix Highland, Iowa Racine, Racine	1852. 1849.
`		1857.
Strong, Moses M	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Mineral Point, Iowa	1850.
Strong, Nathaniel	I Beloit, Rock	1848.
Strong, Rollin M	Reedsburg, Sauk	1866.
Struve, Franz G. L	Reedsburg, Sauk. Hellenville, Jefferson Bayfield, Bayfield	1868.
Struve, Franz G. L Stuntz, A. C ¹ Stuntz, George R	Superior City	1865.
Sturtevant, Charles H	Delayan, Walworth	1863
Sugden, Thomas	Superior City, Delavan, Walworth North Prairie, Waukesha Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849, 52, 57.
Sugden, Thomas Sullivan, Andrew	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1849.
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Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Cullivan John	Ten Mile House, Milwaukee	1868.
Sullivan, John	Baraboo, Sauk	1860.
Sullivan, John Sumner, John Sutton, John Swain, George G Swain, James A Swain, Almon A Swart, Alfred L Sweat, John B Sylvester Daniel B	Baraboo, Sauk	1860.
Swain, George G	Kilbourn City, Sauk	1870,71.
Swain, James A	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1859.
Swain, Almon A	Oak Center, Fond du Lac	1878. 1883.
Swart, Alfred L	Rlack Farth Dane	1857, b.
Sylvester, Daniel R	Milrord, Jenerson. Kilbourn City, Sauk. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oak Center, Fond du Lac. Plymouth, Sheboygan Black Earth, Dane Castle Rock, Grant.	1877.
Tallmadge, Isaac S	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac. Westfield, Marquette. Woodworth, Kenosha Tunnel City, Monroe Durand, Pepin Janesville, Rock Viola, Richland. Viola, Richland. Viroqua, Vernon. Hazel Green, Grant Muskegan, Waukesha Barron, Barron Maiden Rock, Pierce. Sheboygan, Sheboygan Racine, Racine	1853, 54.
Tanner, Samuel	Westfield, Marquette	1882, 83. 1869.
Tarbell, Samuel E. Tarr, Joseph M. Talrant, George Tarrant, Henry. Tate, George B. Tate, George B. Tate, J. Henry Taylor, Allen. Taylor, Allen. Taylor, Chas. S. Taylor, Christopher L. Taylor, Joavid. Taylor, James A. Taylor, Jomes A. Taylor, Jomes A.	Tunnal City Manroa	1865.
Tarr, Joseph M	Durand Penin	1881.
Tarrant Henry	Janesville. Rock	1889.
Tate. George E 1	Viola, Richland	1887.
Tate, George H	Viola, Richland	1882.
Tate, J. Henry	Viroqua, Vernon	1873.
Taylor, Allen	Muskagen Wouldehe	1855, 56, 57, 62, 64, 65. 1850.
Taylor, Anson H	Rarron Rarron	1885, 87, b.
Taylor, Christopher L.	Maiden Rock, Pierce	1876.
Taylor, On istopher 2	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1853, b.
Taylor, Horatio T	Racine, Racine Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1863.
Taylor, James A	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1881, 83. 1857.
Taylor, Jonathan	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855, b.
Taylor, Jonathan Taylor, William R Temple, Charles S Temple, Marsena	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Milwaukee, Milwaukee Cottage Grove, Dane Darien, Walworth Newport, Sauk Madison, Dane Viroqua, Bad Axe Dane Station, Dane Alma, Buffalo River Falls, Pierce Sparta, Monroe Roxbury, Dane Ashford, Fond du Lac. Wauwatosa, Milwaukee Sextonville, Richland (Briggsville, Marquette Moundville, Marquette Green Lake, Green Lake. Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Berlin City, Waushara Beloit, Rock Lone Rock, Richland Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1876.
Temple, Marsena	Newport, Sauk	1861.
Tenny, Horace A	Madison, Dane	1857.
Terhune, William F	Viroqua, Bad Axe	1854.
Terill, Richard	Dane Station, Dane	1887. 1883.
	Alma, Bullaio	1885.
Thayer, J. B. Thayer, Mason A. Theisen, Mathias Thelen, Michael.	Sparta Monroe	1882.
Theisen, Mathias	Roxbury, Dane	1879.
Thelen, Michael	Ashford, Fond du Lac	1879.
Thomas, Amos Thomas, Charles G	Wauwatosa, Milwaukee	1889.
Thomas, Charles G	Sextonville, Richland	1883, 85. 1862, 63.
Thomas, Horatio S	Moundville Marquette	1856.
Thomas, Jesse	Green Lake. Green Lake	1859.
	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1862.
Thomas, John H	Berlin City, Waushara	1875.
Thomas, John L. V	Beloit, Rock	1854.
Thomas, Joseph M	Fond du Lag Fond du Lag	1869, 78, 79.
Thomas, Major J	Prairie du Chien Crawford	1854, 57. 1862, 65, 67, b.
Thomas, Phillip W	Mineral Point, Iowa	1853.
Thomas, John E. Thomas, John L. V. Thomas, Joseph M. Thomas, Joseph M. Thomas, Major J. Thomas, Ormsby B. Thomas, Phillip W. Thomas, Salmon. Thomas, William H. Thomas, William H.	Lone Rock, Richland. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Prairie du Chien, Crawford. Mineral Point, Iowa Darien, Walworth. Lisbon, Waukesha Sumner, Trempealeau Monticello, Green	1856.
Thomas, William H	Lisbon, Waukesha	1849, 61.
Thomas, William H	Sumner, Trempealeau	1866. 1857.
Thompson, Charles	Cross Plains	1855, 56.
Thompson, Charles Thompson, George P Thompson, Jared, Jr	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1865.
Thompson, Monroe	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Fox Lake, Dodge Hartland, Waukesha	1848.
Thompson Samuel	Hartland, Waukesha	1862, 66.
Thompson, Thornton	Rio, Columbia Oconomowoc, Waukesha Janesville, Rock Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1869.
Thompson, william	Oconomowoc, Waukesha	1868, 1868, 69.
Thompson, Alexander M	Fond du Lac Fond du Lac	1871, b.
Thornton Oliver W		1873.
Thornton, Thomas	Clark's Mills, Manitowoc Sturgeon Bay, Door Bristol, Racine	1864, 77, 78,
Thorp, Adelbert D	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1882.
Thorp, Hermon S	Bristol, Racine	1849, b.
Tichenor, Vernon	Waukesha, Waukesha	1869.
Tilton, Hezekiah C	Allen's Grove, Walworth	1865. 1880.
Tiernay, John H	Waunakee, Dane	1880 . 1851.
Tirch Charles	Waunakee, Dane Dover, Racine Nero, Kewaunee.	1877. 78 .
Tish. William	Mishicot, Manitowoc	1876.
Thompson, Alexander M. Thorn, Gerret T. Thornton, Oliver W. Thornton, Thomas. Thorp, Adelbert D. Thorp, Hermon S. Tichenor, Vernon. Tilton, Hezekiah C. Tiernay, John H. Tinker, James Tisch, Charles. Tish, William. Toay, John. Tobey, John Williams.	Mishicot, Manitowoc Mineral Point, Iowa Neenah, Winnebago	1852, 54, 59.
Tobey, John Williams	Neenah, Winnebago	1887.

¹ Seat contested by Isaac McCann.

NAMES.	Post-office—County Represented	l Sessions.
Tobin, John	Granville, Milwaukee	1054 50
Tobin, Thomas		
Tobin, Thomas Toland, Patrick	Erin, Washington Cedar Creek, Washington Mt. Vernon, Dane Janesville, Rock East Hampden, Columbia Hudson, St. Croix Perry, Dane Waukesha, Waukesha, Morrison, Brown Jefferson, Jefferson	1849.
Toll. John C	Cedar Creek Washington	1851.
Toll, John C. Tollefson, Gunnuf. Tompkins, William F. Topliff, Alfred. Torbert, William M.	Mt. Vernon, Dane	1868.
Tompkins, William F	Janesville, Rock	1850, 51.
Topliff, Alfred	East Hampden, Columbia	1854, 55.
Torbert, William M	Hudson, St. Croix	1854.
Torgerson, Ole	Perry, Dane	1871.
Totten Henry	Waukesha, Waukesha	1870.
Touhey, Michael J. Tousley, Wilber H. Tower, Thomas W.	Morrison Brown	1877.
Tousley, Wilber H	Jefferson, Jefferson	1870.
Tower, Thomas W	Towerville Crawford	1859.
Townsend, A. A. Townsend, Elijah C. Townsend, Lucius B. Townsend, Thomas J.	Shullsburg, La Favette	1855.
Townsend, Elijah C	Shullshurg La Fayette	1860, 61.
Townsend, Lucius B	Neneuskup Winnehago	1856.
Townsend Thomas J	Winnehago Winnehago	1849.
	Osman Manitowoo	1049.
Train, James G	Towerville, Crawford Shullsburg, La Fayette. Shullsburg, La Fayette. Nepeuskun, Winnebago. Winnebago, Winnebago. Osman, Manitowoc, Merrimack, Sauk	1887.
Trask George W	Winnegenne Winnehere	1001.
Train, James G. Trask, George W. Treat, C. Mortimer	Winneconne, Winnebago	1868, 69.
Treak, C. Mortimer Tregaskis, Richard Treleven, Daniel D. Tripp, J. Stephen S. Tripp, Roswell H Fripp, William H. Frow, Alvin S.	Ogden, Rock Mineral Point, Iowa Byron, Fond du Lae Sauk City, Sauk Hingham, Sheboygan Janesville, Rock Merrillan, Jackson Monticello Gwen	1863.
Trologon Doniel D	Prince Fond du Lee	1851.
Pring I Stanban S	Coult City Coult	1880.
Prinn Poswall H	Hingham Chaharran	1862.
Pring William H	Inguali, Sheooygan	1881.
Prov. Alvin S	Momillon Toolsan	1857.
Prov. Cyrus	Monticella Creen	1881.
Froy, Cyrus Fruell, David Fruesdell, Gideon Frumbull, John D	monucciio, dicen	1000, 01.
Princedell Cideon	Lyndon Station, Juneau	1877.
Prumbull John D	Kenosha, Kenosha. Maiden Rock, Pierce	1867.
Puranca Monora	maiden Rock, Pierce	1867.
Frumer, Marcus Furk, Peter	Rubicon, Douge	1871.
Punlow Tohn D	mequon, washington	1849.
Turley, John B	Material Rubicon, Dodge	1852.
Turner, (A. J.) J	Portage, Columbia	1863, 64 , 66, 69 .
Turner, Eugene S	Gratton, wasnington	1850.
Durner, Henry		1866.
Turner, John	Mauston, Juneau	1859,
Turner, Peter H	Palmyra, JeffersonRipon, Fond du Lac	1848.
Buttle William C	Ripon, Fond du Lac	1883.
ruttle, william S	New Fane, Fond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1858.
rurner, (A. J.) J Furner, Eugene S. Furner, Henry I Furner, John Iurner, Peter H. Furner, William W. D. Tuttle, William S. Fweedy, John H.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
Jpham, Calvin H	Racine, Racine.	1862.
Jpson, Salmon	Kenosha, Kenosha	1860.
Jtley, William L	Racine, Racine	1851, 52, b
Jpson, Salmon Jtley, William L Jtt, Henry.	Platteville, Grant	1865.
ance, David	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876, 7 7. 1860.
ander Cook, T. E	Newburg, Washington	1860.
anderpool, Abram	Waterioo, Jefferson	1850.
Vance, DavidVander Cook, T. EVanderpool, AbramVanderpool, William A	Vernon, Waukesha	1862.
Van Norstrand, A. H. Van Ostrand, De W. C. Van Schaick, Isaac; W. Van Steenwyk, Gysbert.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Newburg, Washington Waterloo, Jefferson Vernon, Waukesha Jefferson,	1852, 55.
an Ostrand, De W. C	Ripon, Pond du Lac Milwaukee, Milwaukee Kilbourn City, Columbia Greenbush, Sheboygan Caledonia, Racine	1865.
an Schaick, Isaac;W	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873, 75, b. 1859, b.
an Steenwyk, Gysbert	Kilbourn City, Columbia	1859. b.
an Valkenberg, R. B	Greenbush, Sheboygan	1867.
an Vliet, Peter	Caledonia, Racine	1851.
'an Valkenberg, R. B. 'an Vilet, Peter 'an Vliet, Leonard S. 'an Waters, William 'an Wie, Abraham H.	Caledonia Center, Racine West Salem, La Crosse	1859.
an Waters, William	West Salem, La Crosse	1877.
an Wie, Abraham H	Cascade, Shehovgan	1858.
aughan, John	Racine, Racine.	1865.
	Union, Rock	1848.
aughn, Alanson B	Banger La Creege	1887.
aughn, Alanson B		1001.
Vaughn, Alanson BVaughn, DavidVaughn, Samuel S	Bayfield, Bayfield	1871
'aughan, John 'aughn, Alanson B. 'aughn, David 'aughn, Samuel S. 'ilas. Levi B.	Bayfield, Bayfield	1871. 1855 68 73
Vaughn, Alanson B	Bayfield, Bayfield Madison, Dane Madison Dane	1855, 68 , 73 .
Yaughn, Alanson B. Yaughn, David Yaughn, Samuel S. Yaughn, Levi B. Yilas, Levi B. Yilas, Wm. F.2 Yincent. Edward	Bayfield, Bayfield Madison, Dane Madison, Dane Milton, Book	1855, 68 , 73. 1885.
Yaughn, Alanson B. Yaughn, David Yaughn, Samuel S. Yaughn, Samuel S. Yaughn, Samuel S. Yaughn, F. Yaughn, Manson B. Yaughn, Alanson B	Madison, Dane Madison, Dane Milton, Rock Transch Monroe	1855, 68, 73. 1885. 1851, 59.
Yaughn, Alanson B. Yaughn, David 'aughn, Samuel S 'ilas, Levi B 'ilas, Lewi B 'incent, Edward 'incent, George R 'incent, Louis	west Salem, La Crosse. Cascade, Sheboygan Racine, Racine. Union, Rock. Bangor, La Crosse Bayfield, Bayfield Madison, Dane Milton, Rock Tomah, Monroe Chipneye Fells Chipneye	1855, 68, 73, 1885. 1851, 59, 1879.
Yaughn, Alanson B. 'aughn, David 'aughn, Samuel S. 'ilas, Levi B 'ilas, Wm. F.2 'incent, Edward 'incent, George R. 'incent, Louis 'incent, Uouis 'incent, Uouis	Bayfield, Bayfield Madison, Dane Midson, Dane Mitton, Rock Tomah, Monroe Chippewa Falls, Chippewa.	1855, 68, 73. 1885. 1851, 59. 1879.
Yaughn, Alanson B. Yaughn, David Yaughn, Samuel S. Yilas, Levi B. Yilas, Levi B. Yilas, Wm. F. Yincent, Edward. Yincent, George R. Yincent, Louis Yincent, William J. Yincyard James R.	Bayfield, Bayfield Madison, Dane Midson, Dane Milton, Rock Tomah, Monroe Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. St. Croix Falls, Polk Platteville Grant	1835, 68, 73. 1885, 189. 1879. 1877. 1879.
'aughn, Alanson B. 'aughn, David 'aughn, Samuel S. 'ilas, Levi B. 'ilas, Levi B. 'incent, Edward 'incent, George R. 'incent, Louis 'incent, William J. 'ineyard, James R. 'inton, James R. 'inton, James E.	Bayfield, Bayfield Madison, Dane Madison, Dane Milton, Rock Tomah, Monroe Chippewa Falls, Chippewa. St. Croix Falls, Polk. Platteville, Grant. Albany, Green.	1855, 68, 73. 1885. 1851, 59. 1879.

¹ Successfully contesting seat of W. H. P. Bogan, of Appleton. 2 Resigned, M. J. Cantwell elected to fill vacancy. b See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Virgin, Noah H	Platteville, Grant	1848, 55.
Vits, Henry	Platteville, Grant	1878.
Vits, Henry Vivian, John H. ¹		1862, 63.
vnet, Jasper	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1855. 1874.
Vogel, Frederick	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1856.
Vogenitz, William	Milwaukee, Milwaukee Cedarburg, Ozaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee West Bend, Washington Sharon Walwauth	1887.
Vollmar, James	West Bend, Washington	1887. 1857, 59.
Vogt, Henry. Vollmar, James Voorhees, Samuel W Vosburgh, John B.	Sharon, Walworth	
Vosburgh, John B	Richmond, (Ills.) Kenosha	1882.
Vredenbergh, Peter	Winneconne, Winnebago River Falls, St. Croix Darlington, La Fayette J Watertown, Dodge Watertown, Jefferson.	1883. 1867.
Wadsworth James	Darlington La Favette	1862.
	(Watertown Dodge	1863.
Wagner, Ferdinand	Watertown, Jefferson	1859.
Wagner, Joseph	Marshfield, Fond du Lac	1856, 58, 66, 67, 68,71, b.
Waite, David H	Princeton, Marquette	1857.
Wakefield, Josephus	Fremont, Waupaca	1882.
Wakeley, Eleazer Wakeley, Solmous. Waldo, Charles.	Marshfeld, Fond du Lac. Princeton, Marquette. Fremont, Waupaca Madison, Dane. Whitewater, Walworth. Kingston, Green Lake. Platfæyille Grant.	1867, b. 1855, 57.
Waldo Charles	Kingston Green Lake	1851.
Waldorf Jesse	Platteville, Grant	1859.
Waldorf, Jesse	Platteville, Grant Manitowoc, Manitowoc Milwaukee, Milwaukee East Oasis, Waushara. Kewaunee, Kewaunee. Oil City, Monroe West Salem, La Crosse. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1856, 57.
Walker, George H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851.
Walker, Jabez K	East Oasis, Waushara	1876, 77. 1865, b.
Walker, Jabez K Walker, Lyman Wallace, Levi. Waller, Nathan P Wall, Edward C.	Kewaunee, Kewaunee	1885.
Wallar Nathan P	West Salem La Crosse	1868, 69.
Wall Edward C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1878, 79.
Wall, John A.	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883.
Wall, John A	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1873, 76, 77, b. 1879, 80, 81.
wan. william	Oshkosh, Winnebago	1879, 80, 81. 1872.
Wallber, Emil	Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Oshkosh, Winnebago. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Footville, Rock. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1872.
Walsh Michael P	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1883, 85.
Walsh, Patrick	Hale's Corners. Milwaukee	1868, b.
Walter, Joseph	Milwaukee Milwaukee	1859.
Walters, Aaron	Foster, Fond du Lac	1857, 72.
Walther, George H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1876. 1885.
Walworth John	Richland Center Richland	1863, 64.
Walworth, John	Cedar Grove, Sheboygan Richland Center, Richland Boscobel, Crawford Hustisford, Dodge	1877.
Ward, William T. Ware, James F. Warner, Clement E.	Hustisford, Dodge	1850.
Ware, James F		1880, 81, 83, b.
Warner, Clement E	Windsor, Dane	1883, b. 1882.
Warner, Francis L	Cetters Crove Dane	1848.
Warner Harman	Racine Racine	1858.
Warner, Jared.	Patch Grove, Grant	1861.
Warner, William S	Lamartine, Fond du Lac	1869.
Warner, William S	Appleton, Outagamie	1878.
Warner, Clement E. Warner, Francis L Warner, Henry M Warner, Jared. Warner, William S Warner, William S Warnen, Dewey K Warnen, George. Warnen, Parker. Warren, Stephen Washburn, Benjamin F	Cottage Grove, Dane Racine, Racine. Patch Grove, Grant. Lamartine, Fond du Lac. Appleton, Outagamie. Delafield, Waukesha. Clistowyllo, Waukesha.	1848. 1883.
Warren Parker	Delaneid, wattesha. Clintonville, Waupaca. Beaver Dam, Dodge. Delafield, Waukesha. Excelsior, Richland Millville, Grant. Buck Creak, Richland	1849.
Warren Stephen	Delafield Wankesha	1855.
Washburn, Benjamin F Washburn, George H	Excelsior, Richland	1875.
Washburn, George H	Millville, Grant	1866.
washpurn, James	Buck Creek, Richland	1882.
Washburn, Leroy M Washburn, William H	Sturgeon Bay, Door	187 6. 187 9.
Washourn, William H	Buck Creek, Richland Sturgeon Bay, Door Pewaukee, Waukesha Granville, Milwaukee	1849.
Wason, Robert, Jr. Waste, Eli. Waterbury, Chester N Waterbury, James I		1874, 75, 80.
Waterbury, Chester N	Roxbury, Dane. Prairie du Sac, Sauk. Black River Falls, Jackson.	1859.
Waterbury, James I	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1867.
	Black River Falls, Jackson	1867, 68.
Watrous, John S	La Pointe, La Pointe	1850. 1862.
Watson Charles	Washburn Grant	1880.
Watson, J. W	Fon du Lac. Fond du Lac	1889.
Watts, James	Granville, Milwaukee	1864, 71
Watts, James	Waterford, Racine	1860, 65.
Weatherby, John	Charlestown. Calumer Washburn, Grant. Fon du Lac. Fond du Lac. Granville, Milwaukee Waterford, Racine. Hustisford, Dodge Lisbon, Waukesha. Sussex, Waukesha.	1867.
Weaver, James	Lisbon, Waukesha	1856. 1878, b .
wearer, Richard	bussex, waukesna	1010, 0.

¹ In place of Cyrus Woodman, who was elected but refused to qualify in 1862. b See list of Senators.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Waaran Whamag	Pewaukee, Waukesha. Wantoma, Waushara. Wautoma, Waushara. Amherst, Portage. Omro, Winnebago. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Sheboygan, Sheboygan. Columbus, Dane. Whitewater. Walworth	1865.
Weaver, Thomas	Wantoma Waughara	1861. b .
	Wautoma Waushara	1861, b. 1858, 62, 63, 64.
Webster Enoch	Amherst, Portage	1863.
Webster, Enoch. Webster, Hiram W. Webster, William E. Wedig, Joseph. Weeden, George W.	Omro, Winnebago	1879, 80.
Webster, William E	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1854.
Wedig, Joseph	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1865, 67, 68, 75, 76, 77.
Weeden, George W	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1872, 83.
Weeks, George Weeks, Thompson D.	Columbus, Dane Whitewater, Walworth Fond du Lac, Fond Du Lac Fennimore, Grant Schleisingerville, Washington West Bend, Washington West Bend, Washington Richfield, Washington Root Creek, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee Baraboo, Sauk	1877.
Weeks, Thompson D	Whitewater, Walworth	1867 , b. 1874.
Weeks, Thomas S	Fond du Lac, Fond Du Lac	1874.
Wehrle, Gottlieb	(Sahlaisingarville Washington	1871, 72, 73, h.
Weil Baruch S	Wast Band Washington	1871, 72, 73, b. 1852, 80.
Wail Hanny	West Bend Washington	1850.
Weil Henry	Richfield Washington	1858.
Weiler, John W	Root Creek, Milwaukee	1865.
Weiss, Gottlob E 1	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1873.
Welch, David E	Baraboo, Sauk	1874, 75 , b .
Weil, Paul A Weiler, John W Weiss, Gottlob E Welch, David E Welch, Ebenezar S	Milwaukee, milwaukee Baraboo, Sauk Neenah, Winnebago. Tomah, Monroe Prairieville, Waukesha Juneau, Dodge. Dorbolley, Kawaunee	1855.
Wells, Charles D	Tomah, Monroe	1876.
Wells, Charles D	Prairieville, Waukesha	1849. 1857.
	Juneau, Dodge	1889.
Wery, Joseph	Darbellay Kewaunee	1863.
Wescott, Ezra	Farmon's Grove Green	1869.
Wery, Joseph	Darbellay Kewaunee	
Weggett Walter S	Monroe Green	1860, 63 , b .
Wescott, Walter S. West, Abram West, Edmund A. West, Francis H. West, Henry C. West, Samuel C. West, Thomas Westby, Thomas C. Whedon, Milo M 2. Wheeler, Ezra Wheeler, Freeman M. Wheeler, Guy	Shawano, Shawano. Monroe, Green. Reedsburg, Sauk. Monroe, Green. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Raymond, Racine Emerald Grove, Rock Ozaukee, Ozaukee. Berlin, Green Lake Nanauna, Fond du Lac	1857.
West, Edmund A	Monroe, Green	1859, b.
West, Francis H	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1874, b.
West, Henry C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1853.
West, Samuel C	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1869.
West, Thomas	Raymond, Racine	1853, 54. 1860.
Westby, Thomas C	Emeraid Grove, Rock	1854.
Whedon, Milo M 2	Darlin Croop Lelzo	1853.
Wheeler, Ezra	Nanauna Fond du Lac	1863.
Wheeler, Guy	Janesville, Bock	1864.
	Richland Center, Richland	1854.
Wheeler, Nathaniel Wheeler, Nelson Wheeler, William E. Whelan, J. W Wipple, Cephas Whirry, William T. White, Charlos.	Janaupa, Fond du Lac Janesville, Rock Richland Center, Richland Humboldt, Sauk Beloit, Rock	1859.
Wheeler, William E	Beloit, Rock	1859, 60.
Whelan, J. W	Mondovi, Buffalo Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Randolph. Columbia	1889.
Wipple, Cephas	Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan	1865. 1855.
Whirry, William T	Randolph. Columbia	1859.
White, Charles	Coloma, Waushara	1874, 75 , 76.
White, Elias N	Burlington, Racine	1878.
White, James	Random Lake, Sheboygan Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1871.
White Ioseph	Cottage Inn. La Favette	1855, 57, 63.
White, Joseph. White, Julius. White, Obadiah J.	Cottage Inn, La Fayette Mi waukee, Milwaukee	1849.
White, Obadiah J	Monroe, Green	1861.
White, Richard	Lamberton, Milwaukee	1865.
-	(Whitewater Walworth	1871,72.
White, Samuel A	Ozaukee, Ozaukee	1857.
Whiting, Anderson	Richmond, Walworth	1854, 60.
Whiting, A. Chapin	Ladoga, Fond du Lac. Ladoga, Fond du Lac. Belmont, La Fayette	1867. 1859.
Whiting, Warren	Ladoga, Fond du Lac	1848.
Whitesides, Ninian E	Milton Pools	1868.
Whitton Charles P	Achinnum Dodge	1851.
Whitton David	Brandon Fond du Lac	1874.
Whiting, Anderson Whiting, A. Chapin. Whiting, Warren. Whitesides, Ninian E. Whitford, William C. Whitton, Charles B. Whitton, David Whitlesey Asanh	Milton, Rock Ashippun, Dodge. Brandon, Fond du Lac Bayfield, Bayfield	1860.
Widula Christian	Milwaukee. Milwaukee	1879, b.
Wilbor, John B	Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac	1857.
Wilcox, Alonzo	Spring Green, Sauk	1863, 64.
Wilcox, Chester G	De Pere, Brown	1880.
Wilcox, Edgar	Byron, Fond du Lac	1004.
Wilcox, Randall	Depere, Brown	1853, 67, 69.
TT-llam Tobas	Shawano, Shawano	1000.
wney, John	Decree Dom Dodge	1866
Wiltor, John B. Wilcox, Alonzo. Wilcox, Chester G. Wilcox, Edgar. Wilcox, Randall. Wiley, John. Willard, Andrew. Willard, Gustavus A. Willard, Horace B.	Bayfield, Bayfield Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Fond du Lac, Fond du Lac Spring Green, Sauk De Pere, Brown Byron, Fond du Lac. Depere, Brown Shawano, Shawano. Beaver Dam, Dodge Sheboygan, Sheboygan, Lake Mills, Jefferson	1866. 1878.

¹ Seat successfully contested by Hiram R. Bond. 2 Seat unsuccessfully contested by D. M. Miller.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Willard, Josiah F	Janesville, Rock	1849.
Williams, Billie	Sheboygan, Sheboygan	1866.
Williams, Cornelius	Bristol Kenosha	1880.
Williams, David	Springfield, Walworth	1857.
williams, Billie Williams, Cornelius Williams, David Williams, DeWitt C Williams, D. R. W Williams, D. R. W	Springfield, Walworth. Fox Lake, Dodge. Werner, Juneau.	1880.
Williams, D. R. W	Werner, Juneau Elba, Dodge. Hartford, Washington. Shullsburg, La Fayette. Lowell, Dodge. Stoughton, Dane Hillsborough, Vernon. Eau Claire, Eau Claire. Oak Creek Milwaukee.	1862.
Williams, Edward C	Elba, Dodge	1858.
Williams, John D.	Hartiord, Washington	1865. 1850.
Williams, John D	Snunsburg, La Fayette	1857 61
Williams, John K	Stoughton Dane	1857, 61. 1868, b.
Williams, Nelson. Williams, Roger., Williams, Thos. E Williams, William M	Hillshorough Vernon	1879.
Williams Thos E	Eau Claire Eau Claire	1885.
Williams William M	Oak Creek, Milwaukee	1882.
Williston, George H Williston, George H Wilson, Dewitt C Wilson, Robert 1	Janesville, Rock Newburg, Washington Sparta, Monroe	1855.
Wilmot, Henry V. R	Newburg, Washington	1870.
Wilson, Dewitt C	Sparta, Monroe	1866 b.
Wilson, Robert 1	Dodgeville, Iowa	1862.
Wilson, Robert D Wilson, Robert D Wilson, William K Wiltse, Cadwallader J	North Bend, Jackson	1880.
Vilson, William K	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1851 b.
Wiltse, Cadwallader J	Chippewa Falls, Chippewa	1876.
	Waukesha, Waukesha	1889.
Winans, John	Dodgeville, Iowa North Bend, Jackson Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Chippewa Falls, Chippewa Wankesha, Waukesha Janesville, Rock Lofferson Lofferson	1874, 82,87.
Wing, Alonzo	Jefferson, Jefferson	1851.
Winkler, Carl	Jefferson, Jefferson Milwaukee, Milwaukee Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1861.
	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1872.
Winkler, Frederick C. Winslow, Joseph Winsor, Horatio S. Winter, Hermann H Winter, Michael. Wipf, Jacob. Wippermann, William Wirth, Phillip M. Wirtz Michael	Fort Atkinson, Jefferson Elkhorn, Walworth Watertown, Jefferson	1869.
Vinsor, Horatio S	Elkhorn, Walworth	1865. 1860.
Vinter, Hermann H	Watertown, Jefferson Adell, Sheboygan Jola, Waupaca Mosel, Sheboygan Green Bay, Brown Summit, Fond du Lac Neillsville, Clark Green Bay, Brown Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan Rhine, Sheboygan	1864.
Vinter, Michael	Adeil, Sneboygan	1889.
Vipr, Jacob	Magal Chabargan	1856.
vippermann, wimam	Cross Por Prove	1883.
Virtz, Michael	Summit Fond du Lag	1878.
Vithoo Nothan H	Neilleville Clark	1879 80
Virtz, Michael Vithee, Nathan H Voelz, Christian Volf, Louis Volff, Julius Voller, Frank E Vood, Albert Vood, Alson Vood, David E Vood, Lewis N Vood, Lewis N Vood, Uriah Vood, Uriah Vood, Uriah	Green Bay Brown	1879, 80. 1872.
Volf Louis	Shehovgan Falls, Shehovgan	1864, 74, 76, b.
Wolff Julius	Rhine Shehovgan	1866.
Voller, Frank E	Milwaukee	1889.
Vood Albert		1860.
Vood, Alson	Wausau, Winnebago	1872, 73.
Vood, David E	Wansau, Winnebago. Manchester, Calumet Grand Rapids, Marathon. Walworth, Walworth Brandon, Fond du Lac Pardeeville, Columbia.	1850.
Vood, Joseph	Grand Rapids, Marathon	1856.
Vood, Lewis N	Walworth, Walworth	1852.
Vood, Uriah	Brandon, Fond du Lac	1878.
Voodard, Lester	Pardeeville, Columbia	1878.
Voodman, Cryus 2		1862.
Voodman, William W	Farmington, Jefferson	1853, 56 b.
Voods, Alexander	Hillsboro, Vernon	1866,
Voodard, Lester Voodman, Cryus 2 Voodman, William W Voods, Alexander Voodworth, Elias, Jr	Bristol, Racine	1848.
vooster, Henry S	Clinton, Rock. Lancaster, Grant Summit, Waukesha Racine, Racine.	1865, 66. 1848.
vorth, Arthur w	Lancaster, Grant	1852, 54 b.
ortnington, Denison	Pagina Pagina	1854.
VOTTA, AFBUT W VOTTHINGTON, DENISON Vright, Charles S Vright, George Vright, Hiram A Vright, Jarvis T Vright, Lucius W Vroce, William H. H Vivischell, Edward	Mt Horob Dane	1863, 64.
Tright, George	Mt. Horeb, Dane	1853, b.
Tright Tomic T	Sturgeon Bay, Door	1877.
Tright Lucius W	Monticello Green	1867.
Troe William H H	Monticello, Green Medina, Outagamie. Milwaukee, Milwaukee.	1872.
Vunderly, Edward	Milwaukee, Milwaukee	1848.
Vyatt, Henry H	Star, Vernon	1877.
	1	
akev. David C	Bloomingdale, Vernon	1880.
ork, Henry D	Hazel Green, Grant	1850 , 58, 58.
Takey, David C	Bloomingdale, Vernon Hazel Green, Grant Brandon, Fond du Lac	
Youmans, Henry A	Mukwonago, Waukesha	1861.
Young, Ephraim W	Prairie du Sac, Sauk	1860.
oung, James S	Stevens Point, Portage	1859.
Young, John	Black Hawk, Sauk	1873.
oung, Milas K	Cassville, Grant	1854, b.
Oung, John Oung, John Oung, Milas K Oung, Robert R Oung, Wm. H Oungs, David	Brandon, Fond du Lac. Mukwonago, Waukesha. Prairie du Sac, Sauk. Stevens Point, Portage. Black Hawk, Sauk. Cassville, Grant Wyalusing, Grant. Oconto, Oconto Ahnapee, Kewaunee	1849.
oung, Wm. H	Oconto, Oconto	1885. 1867.

Names.	Post-office—County Represented	Sessions.
Zabel, C. A. M. Zander, Peter Zander, William Zautcke, Frederick A Zeiman, William Zetteler, Frederick T Ziller, Carl Zimmerman, Adolph Zimmerman, Phillip Zimmerman, J. Conrad Zorn, Charles R.	Cross Plains, Dane Lanabee, Manitowoc. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Horicon, Dodge. Milwaukee, Milwaukee. Sheboygan, Sheboygan { Mequon River, Ozaukee. Hequon, Washington Germantown, Washington New Glarus, Green.	1877. 1864, 75. 1863, 64. 1870, 73, 74. 1848. 1854, 59.

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SE	NATE.	ASSEMBLY.		
Session.	Names.	Session.	Names.	
1	Henry G. Abbey. William R. Smith. William Hull. John K. Williams. John K. Williams. John E. Williams. Samuel G. Bugh. Byron Paine. Wm. Henry Brisbane. John L. V. Thomas. Hiram Bowen. J. H. Warren. Frank M. Stewart. Frank M. Stewart. Frank M. Stewart. Frank M. Stewart. Leander B. Hills. J. H. Waggoner. Stred. A. Dennett. A. J. Turner. A. J. Turner. A. J. Turner. A. J. Turner. Charles E. Bross.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 133. 144. 155. 166. 177. 188. 19. 20. 21. 22. 22. 22. 224. 225. 226. 277. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 38. 39.	Daniel N. Johnson. Robert L. Ream. Alex. T. Gray. Thomas McHugh. David Atwood. James Armstrong. William C. Webb. L. H. D. Crane. John S. Dean. E. W. Young. E. W. Y	

¹ Resigned February 7, 1875, and Charles K. Bross elected to fill vacancy; also elected Chief Clerk for extra secsion in June, 1478.

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF THE LEGISLATURES.

SE	ENATE.	ASSI	EMBLY.
Session.	Names.	Session.	Names.
1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 23 24 22 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 31 32 24 32 33 34 34 35 35 36 37 37 38 38 39 39	Lyman H. Seaver. F. W. Shollner. James Hanrahan. E. D. Masters. Patrick Cosgrove. Thomas Hood. J. M. Sherwood. William H. Gleason. Joseph Baker. Alanson Filer. Nathaniel L. Stout. Asa Kinney. J. A. Hadley. B. U. Caswell. Luther Basford. Nelson Williams. Nelson Williams. Nelson Williams. Nelson Williams. Williams. Williams. Welson Williams. Welson Williams. Asa Kinney. W. H. Hamilton. E. M. Rogers. W. W. H. Hamilton. E. M. Rogers. W. W. Baker. W. D. Hoard. Albert Emonson. O. U. Akin. O. U. Akin. C. E. Bullard. L. J. Brayton. Chalmers Ingersoll. Chalmers Ingersoll. Chalmers Ingersoll. W. W. Baker. A. T. Glaze. A. D. Thorp. Hubert Wolcott. T. J. George.	1	John Mullanphy. Felix McLinden. E. R. Hugumin. C. M. Kingsbury. Elisha Starr. Richard F. Wilson. William H. Gleason. William Blake. Egbert Mosely. William G. Rogers. Francis Massing. Emanuel Munk. Joseph Gates. Craig B. Beebe. A. A. Huntington. A. M. Thomson. S. Fifield. C. L. Harris. Rollin C. Kelly. Ole C. Johnson. Sam S. Fifield. Sam S. Fifield. O. C. Bissell. Joseph Deuster. J. W. Brackett. Elisha Starr. Thos. B. Reid. Anton Klaus. Miletus Knight, D. H. Pulcifer. G. W. Church. D. E. Welch. Thomas Kennedy. John M. Ewing. Wm. A. Adamson, F. E. Parsons.

LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS.

TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length of Session.	No Reps.
1836 1837 1838 1838 1839 1840 1840 1840 1841 1843 1843 1843 1843 1843 1844 1845 1846 1847 1847	January 21st	Dec. 9, 1836. Jan. 20, 1838. June 25, 1838. Dec. 22, 1838. March 11, 1839 Jan. 13, 1840. August 14, 1840 Feb. 19, 1841. Feb. 19, 1842. March 25, 1843, April 17, 1843. Jan. 31, 1844. Feb. 24, 1845 Feb. 3, 1846. Feb. 11, 1847. Oct. 27, 1847. March 13, 1848.	15 days. 27 days. 50 days. 43 days. 12 days. 75 days. 76 days. 20 days. 22 days. 59 days.	39 38 37 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS.

FIRST CONVENTION.

Year.	Time of Meeting.	Time of Meeting. Adjournment.							
1846	October 5th	Dec. 16, 1846	73 days	124					
SECOND CONVENTION.									
1847	December 15th	Feb. 1, 1848	48 days	65					

STATE ORGANIZATION.

- *First Session The first session of the State Legislature was held at the Capitol at Madison, on Monday, the fifth day of June, A. D. 1848, pursuant to the Constitution, which had been adopted by a large majority of the people. The apportionment of Senators and Representatives was under Constitutional provisions, until otherwise declared by law. It convened June 5, 1848, and adjourned August 21, 1848, seventy eight days. There were eighty-five members.
- :Second Session Convened on the 10th of January, 1849, and adjourned April 2, 1849, eighty-three days, eighty-five members.
- "Third Session Convened January 9, and adjourned February 11, 1850, thirty-four days, eighty-five members.

- Fourth Session Convened January 8, 1851, and adjourned March 17, 1851, sixty-nine days, eighty-five members.
- Fifth Session Convened January 14, 1852, and adjourned April 19, 1852, ninety-seven days, eighty-five members.
- Sixth Session This Legislature convened on the 12th of January, 1853, and adjourned on the 4th day of April, 1853, until the 6th day of June following, for the purpose that the Senate might sit as a Court of Impeachment, and the Assembly be present to prosecute the trial of Levi Hubbell, Judge of the Second Judicial Circuit, against whom Articles of Impeachment had been exhibited, charging him with acts of corrupt conduct and malfeasance in office. For this purpose the Legislature again convened on the 6th day of June, and adjourned finally on the 13th of July, 1853. The legislative session amounted to one hundred and twenty-one days, with one hundred and seven members.
- Seventh Session Convened January 11, 1854, and adjourned April 3, 1854, eighty-three-days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eighth Session Convened January 10, 1855, and adjourned April 2, 1855, eighty-three days, one hundred and seven members.
- Ninth Session Convened January 9, 1856, and took a recess from March 31, 1856, to September 3, 1856, and adjourned October 14, 1856, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Tenth Session Convened January 14, and adjourned March 9, 1857, fifty-five days, one hundred and seven members.
- Eleventh Session Convened January 13, and adjourned May 17, 1858, one hundred and twenty-five days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Twelfth Session Convened January 12, 1859, and adjourned March 21, 1859, sixty-nines days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Thirteenth Session Convened January 11, 1860, and adjourned April 2, 1860, eighty-three days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fourteenth Session Convened January 9, and adjourned April 17, 1861. Re-convened May 15, and adjourned May 27, 1861, a total of one hundred and twelve days, one hundred and twenty-seven members.
- Fifteenth Session Convened January 8, 1862, and adjourned April 7, 1862. Re-convened June 3, 1862, and adjourned June 17, 1862. Met in extra session September 10, 1862, and adjourned September 26, 1862, a total of one hundred and twenty-two days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Sixteenth Session Convened January 14, 1863, and adjourned April 2, 1863, seventy-nined days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Seventeenth Session Convened January 13, 1864, and adjourned April 4, 1864, eighty-three-days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Eighteenth Session Convened January 11, 1865, and adjourned April 10, 1865, ninety days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Nuneteenth Session Convened January 10, 1866, and adjourned A-pril 12, 1866, ninety-three-days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twentieth Session Convened January 9, 1867, and adjourned april 11, 1867, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-first Session Convened January 8, 1868, and adjourn d March 6, 1868, fifty-nine-days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-second Session Convened January 13, and adjourned March 11, 1869, fifty-eighth days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-third Session Convened January 12, and adjourned March 17, 1870, sixty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fourth Session Convened January 11, 1871, and adjourned March 25, 1871, seventy-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-fifth Session Convened January 10, 1872, and adjourned March 26, 1872, seventy-seven days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-sixth Session Convened January 8, 1873, and adjourned March 20, 1873, seventytwo days, one hundred and thirty-three members.

- Twenty-seventh Session Convened January 14, 1874, and adjourned March 12, 1874, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-eighth Session—Convened January 13, 1875, and adjourned March 6, 1875, fifty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Twenty-ninth Session—Convened January 12, 1876, and adjourned March 14, 1876, sixty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirtieth Session Convened January 10, 1877, and adjourned March 8, 1877, fifty-eight days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-first Session—Convened January 9, 1878, and adjourned March 21, 1878. Met in extra session June 4, 1878, for the purpose of completing the revision of the statutes, and adjourned June 7, 1878. Officers same as at regular session. Seventy-six days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-second Session—Convened January 8, 1879, and adjourned March 5, 1879, fifty-seven day; one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-third Session—Convened January 14, 1880, and adjourned March 17, 1880, sixty-four days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fourth Session Convened January 12, 1881, and adjourned April 4, 1881, eighty-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-fifth Session—Convened January 11, 1882, and adjourned March 31, 1882, eighty-days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-sixth Session—Convened January 10, 1883, and adjourned April 4, 1883, eighty-five days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-seventh Session Convened January 14, 1885, and adjourned April 13, 1885, eightynine days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-eighth Session Convened January 12, 1887, and adjourned April 15, 1887, ninety-three days, one hundred and thirty-three members.
- Thirty-ninth Session Convened January 9, 1889, and adjourned -

PRESIDENTIAL FLECTORS.

[To meet second Monday in Japuary - See Ch. 1, Laws 1889.]

1846. Elected November 7.

At Large - Francis Huebschmann. Wm. Dunwiddle.

1st District—David P. Mapes.

2d District—Samuel F. Nichols.

1852. Elected November 2.

At Large — Montgomery M. Cothren.
Satterlee Clark.

1st District — Philo White.
2d District — Beriah Brown. 3d District - Charles Billinghurst.

1856. Elected November 4.

At Large - Edward D. Holton. James H. Knowlton.

1st District—Gregor Menzel.

2d District—Walter D. McIndoe.

3d District—Billie Williams.

1860. Elected November 6.

At Large-Walter D. McIndoe. At Large—water D. McIndoe.
Bradford Rixford.
1st District—Wm. W. Vaughan.
2d District—J. Allen Barber.
3d District—Herman Lindeman.

1864. Elected November 3.

At Large — William W. Field. Henry L. Blood. 1st District — George C. Northrop. 2d District — Jonathan Bowman. 3d District — Allen Warden. 4th District — Henry J. Turner. 5th District — Henry F. Belitz. 6th District - Alexander S. McDill,

1868. Elected November 3.

At Large—Stephen S. Barlow.
Henry D. Barron.
1st District—Ellinu Enos.
2d District—Charles G. Williams,
3d District—Allen Warden.
4th District—Leander F. Frisby.
5th District—William G. Ritch.
6th District—Win, T. Price.

1872. Elected November 5.

At Large - William E. Cramer.
Frederick Fleischer.
1st District - Jerome S. Nickles.
2d District - George G. Swain.
3d District - Ormsby B. Thomas.
4th District - Frederick Hilgen.
5th District - Edward C. McFetridge.
6th District - George E. Hoskinson.
7th District - Romanzo Bunn.
8th District - Henry D. Barron.

1876. Elected November 7.

AL Large — WIN H. HINEY.
Francis Campbell.

1st District — T. D. Weeks.
2d District — T. D. Lang.
3d District — Daniel L. Downs.
4th District — Casper M. Sanger.
5th District — Charles Luling.
6th District — Charles Luling. oth District — James H. Foster. 7th District — Charles B. Solberg. 8th District — John H. Knapp.

At Large - Wm H. Hiner.

1880. Elected November 2.

At Large — George End,
Knud Langland.
1st District — Lucius S. Blake.
2d District — John Kellogg.
3d District — George E. Weatherby.
4th District — Wm. P. McLaren.
5th District — C. T. Lovell.
6th District — E. H. Kribs.
7th District — E. H. Kribs. 8th District - John T. Kingston.

1884. Elected November 4

At Large — C. J. L. Meyer. F. A. Husher.

1st District—J. W. Ostrander.
2d District—D. C. Van Brunt.
3d District—Joseph Harris. 3d District—Joseph Harris.
4th District—John Rugee.
5th District—E. W. Arndt.
6th District—B. T. Rogers.
7th District—W. M. Fogo.
8th District—Canute Anderson.
9th District—E. L. Browne.

1888. Elected November 6.

Syver E. Brimi. 1st District—C. N. Palmer. 2d District — Allen P. Harwood. 3d District — A. C. Dodge. ad District—A. U. Bouge.
4th District—Julius Goldschmidt.
5th District—John Ruch.
6th District—Albert F. Hill.
7th District—Oscar F. Temple.
8th District—Currie G. Bell.
9th District—John Finney.

At Large - Lucius Fairchild.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

FROM THE TERRITORY OF WISCONSIN.

Names. George W. Jones. James D. Doty. James D. Doty. Henry Dodge	Sept. 10, 1838 . Aug. 5, 1840	Names. Henry Dodge Morgan L. Martin John H. Tweedy	Sept. 22, 1845
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UNITED STATES SENATORS.

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Names. Isaac P. Walker. Henry Dodge. Isaac P. Walker. Henry Dodge. Charles Durkee. James R. Doolittle Timothy O. Howe. James R. Doolittle.	June 8, 1848 June 8, 1848 Jan. 17, 1849 Jan. 20, 1851 Feb. 1, 1855 Jan. 23, 1857 Jan. 23, 1861	Names. Timothy O. Howe Matthew H. Carpenter. Timothy O. Howe Angus Cameron Matthew H. Carpenter. Philetus Sawyer Angus Cameron. John C. Spooner Philetus Sawyer	Jan. 24, 1867 Jan. 26, 1869 Jan. 21, 1873 Feb. 3, 1875 Jan. 22, 1879 Jan. 26, 1881 Mar. 10, 1881 Jan. 28, 1885
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REPRESENTATIVES,

(By Congresses)

SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

XXXth Congress, 1847-49.

1st District — William Pitt Lynde.¹ 2d District — Mason C. Darling.¹

XXXIst Congress, 1849-51.

1st District — Charles Durkee.
2d District — Orsamus Cole.
3d District — James Duane Doty.

XXXIId Congress, 1851-53.

1st District — Charles Durkee, 2d District — Ben. C. Eastman, 3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIIId Congress, 1853-55.

1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr. 2d District — Ben. C. Eastman, 3d District — John B. Macy.

XXXIVth Congress, 1855-57.

1st District — Daniel Wells, Jr. 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn. 3d District - Charles Billinghurst.

XXXVth Congress, 1857-59.

1st District — John F. Potter.
2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.
2d District — Charles Billinghurst.

XXXVIth Congress, 1859-61.

1st District — John F. Potter. 2d District — Cadwallader C. Washburn. 3d District — Charles H. Larrabee.

XXXVIIth Congress, 1861-63.

1st District — John F. Potter. 2d District — Luther Hanchett.² Walter D. McIndoe. 3d District -A Scott Sloan.

XXXVIIIth Congress, 1863-65.

1st District - James S. Brown. 2d District - Ithamar C. Sloan, 3d District - Amasa Cobb. 4th District - Charles A. Eldredge. 5th District — Ezra Wheeler. 6th District — Walter D. McIndoe.

XXXIXth Congress, 1865-67.

1st District - Halbert E. Paine. 2d District — Ithamar C. Sloan, 3d District — Amasa Cobb, 4th District — Charles A. Eldredge, 5th District — Philetus Sawyer, 6th District — Walter D. McIndos,

1 Elected May 8th, and took their seats June 5 and 9, 1848 2 Died November 24, 1862, and Walter D. McIndoe elected to fill the vacancy December 39, 1863.

XLth Congress, 1867-69.

1st District — Halbert E. Paine. 2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins. 3d District — Amasa Cobb. 4th District - Charles A. Eldridge.

5th District — Philetus Sawyer. 6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIst Congress, 1869-71.

 1st District — Halbert E. Paine.
 2d District — Benjamin F. Hopkins.
 David Atwood. 3d District — Amasa Cobb. 4th District - Charles A. Eldridge. 5th District — Philetus Sawyer. 6th District — Cadwallader C. Washburn.

XLIId Congress, 1871-73.

1st District—Alexander Mitchell.
2d District—Gerry W. Hazelton.
3d District—J. Allen Barber.
4th District—Charles A. Eldredge.
5th District—Philetus Sawyer. 6th District - Jeremiah M. Rusk.

XLIIId Congress, 1873-75.

1st District — Charles G. Williams.
2d District — Gerry W. Hazelton.
3d District — J. Allen Barber. 4th District — Alexander Mitchell. 5th District — Charles A. Eldredge. 6th District — Philetus Sawyer. 7th District — Jeremiah M. Rusk. 8th District — Alexander S. McDill.

XLIVth Congress, 1875-77.

1st District - Charles G. Williams. 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell. 3d District—Henry S. Magoon. 4th District—William Pitt Lynde. 5th District—Samuel D. Burchard, 6th District—Alanson M. Kimball, 7th District—Jeremiah M. Rusk, 8th District—George W. Cate.

XLVth Congress, 1877-79.

1st District—Charles G, Williams. 2d District—Lucien B. Caswell. 3d District—George C. Hazelton. 2d 3d 3d District—George C. Hazelton.
4th District—William Pitt Lynde.
5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
6th District—Gabriel Bouck.
7th District—Herman L. Humphrey.
8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIth Congress, 1879-81.

1st District — Charles G. Williams. 2d District — Lucien B. Caswell. 3d District — George C. Hazelton. 4th District — Peter V. Deuster. 5th District — Edward S. Bragg. 6th District - Gabriel Bouck. 7th District—Herman L. Humphrey. 8th District—Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIth Congress, 1881-83.

1st District—Charles G. Williams.
2d District—Lucien B. Caswell.
3d District—George C. Hazelton.
4th District—Peter V. Deuster.
5th District—Edward S. Bragg.
6th District—Richard Guenther. 7th District — Herman L. Humphrey. 8th District — Thaddeus C. Pound.

XLVIIIth Congress, 1883-85.

1st District — John Winans.
2d District — Daniel H. Sumner.
3d District — Burr W. Jones.
4th District — Peter V. Deuster.
5th District — Joseph Rankin.
6th District — Richard Guenther.
7th District — Gilbert M. Woodward.
8th District — William T. Price.
6th District — Suman Starbanson. 9th District - Isaac Stephenson.

XLIXth Congress, 1885-87.

1st District — Lucien B. Caswell.
2d District — Edward S. Bragg.
3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
4th District — Isaac W. Van Schaick.
5th District — Joseph Rankin.
2 T. R. Hudd.
6th District — Crishard Guenther.
7th District — Ornsby B. Thomas.
8th District — William T. Price.
4 Hugh H. Price.
4 Hugh H. Price. Hugh H. Price.
9th District—Isaac Stephenson.

Lth Congress, 1887-89.

1st District-L. B. Caswell 28 District — R. B. CHSWell.
2d District — Richard Guenther.
3d District — Robert M. La Follette.
4th District — Henry Smith.
5th District — T. R. Hudd.
6th District — C. B. Clark.
7th District — Owner B. Whomes 7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas. 8th District—Nils P. Haugen. 9th District - Isaac Stephenson.

LIst Congress, 1889-91.

1st District—L. B. Caswell.
2d District—Charles Barwig.
3d District—Robert M. La Follette.
4th District—Isaac W. Van Schaick.
5th District—George H. Brickner.
6th District—C. B. Clark.
7th District—Ormsby B. Thomas.
8th District—Nils P. Haugen.
9th District—Myron H. McCord.

Died Jan. 1, 1870, and David Atwood elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 15, 1870.
 Died Jan. 24, 1886, T. R. Hudd elected to fill vacancy, Feb. 3, 1886.
 Died Dec. 7, 1886. Hugh H. Price elected to fill vacancy, Jan. 18, 1887.

C. S. PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS.

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

	Name.	Native state.	Ancestry.	Year of birth.	Residence.	Inau ate Year.	1	Years served.	Politics.	Place of death.	Age at
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 22 22 23	James A. Garfield Chester A. Arthur Grover Cleveland	Mass Va Va Va Va Va Va Mass . S. C N. Y Va N. C Va N. H. Pa N. H. Pa N. G. Ohio. Ohio. Vt Ohio. Vt VI. J. N. J. V.	English English Welsh English Scotch English Stotch-Irish Dutch English English Scotch-Irish English English English English English English English English Scotch-Irish English English Scotch-Irish English English Scotch-Irish English	1735 1743 1751 1758 1767 1767 1767 1773 1790 1795 1784 1800 1804 1791 1808 1822 1822 1831 1830 1837	Va Mass. Va Va Va Mass. Tenn N. Y. Ohio. Va Tenn La. N. Y. N. H. Pa. Ill Tenn Ill Ohio. N. Y. Ind	1789 1797 1804 1809 1817 1825 1829 1837 1841 1845 1850 1853 1857 1861 1865 1877 1881 1881 1885 1889	57 62 58 58 59 58 55 55 55 55 50 49 66 52 57 47 55 49 55 49 55 49 56 57 47 55 48 56 56 57 48 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	8 4 8 8 4 4 1 mo. 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 3y. 5 5 mos. 4	Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Republican Democrat	Quincy, Mass., 1826. Monticello, Va., 1826. Montpelier, Va., 1836. New York City, 1831. Washington, 1848. Hemitage, Tenn., 1845. Kinderhook, N. Y., 1862. Washington, 1841. Richmond, Va., 1862. Nashville, Tenn., 1849. Washington, 1850. Buffalo, N. Y., 1874.	993 88 88 78 88 78 86 60 74 65 67 67 63 65 65 65

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

-		Віктн.		Residence	ır α aul- led.	Years served.	Politics	DEATH.			
	Name.	Place.	Year.	when elected.	Year of iffed.	rears served.		Place.	Year.	Age.	
1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	George M. Dallas. Millard Fillmore. William R. King. J. C. Breckenridge Hanibal Hamlin. Andrew Johnson. Schuyler Colfax. Henry Wilson. Wm. A. Wheeler Chester A. Arthur T. A. Hendricks.	Kinderhook, N. Y Louisville, Ky Greenway, Va Philadelphia, Pa. Summer Hill, N. Y Samson Co., N. C Lexington, Ky. Paris, Me. Raleigh, N. C New York City Farmington, N. H Malone, N. Y Fairfield, Vt. Muskingum Co., O.	1786 1821 1809 1808 1823 1812 1819 1830 1819	Massachusetts Virginia New York New York Massachusetts. New York South Carolina New York Kentucky Virginia Pennsylvania New York Alabama Kentucky Maine Tennessee Indiana Massachusetts. New York New York New York New York	1865 1869	8 4 4 7 y., 1 m., 16 d* 1 y., 8 m., 19 d* 7 y., 9 m., 24 d† 1 month; 4 1 y., 4 m., 4 d; 1 m., 14 d* 4 1 m., 11 d; 2 y., 8 m., 18 d* 6 m., 15 d; 8 m., 21 d*	Rep Rep	Washington, D. C. Staten Island, N. Y Washington, D. C. Kinderhook, N. Y Frankfort, Ky Richmond, Va. Philadelphia, Pa. Buffalo, N. Y Dallas County, Ala Lexington, Ky Carter County, Tenn Mankato, Minn Washington, D. C. Malone, N. Y New York City.	1864 1874 1853 1875 1875 1885 1875 1887 1886	67 62	

[•] Died in office.

[†] Resigned.

I Succeeded to the presidency because of the death of the incumbent of that office.

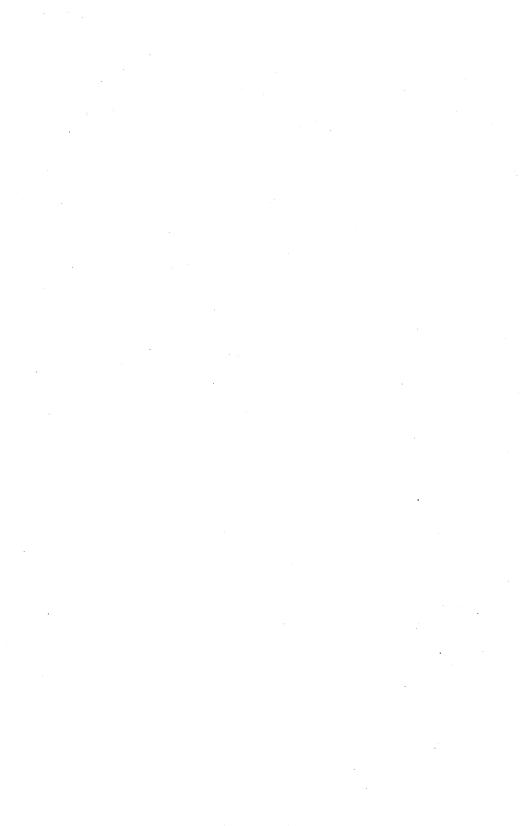
PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

A LIST of the Senators who have been elected by the Senate to preside over that body in the absence of the Vice-President, or while he was acting as President, or while the office of Vice-President was vacant by reason of the death of the incumbent.

Con- GRESS.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born	. Died
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon	New Hampshire	1739	101
2	1792	Richard H. Lee	I Virginia	1732	1819 1794
2, 3	1792-94	I JOHN Langdon	Nour Homodia	1739	1819
3, 4	1794–95 1795–96	Ralph Izard Henry Tazewell	South Carolina	1742	1804
4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell	Virginia	1753	1799
4 5	1797	Samuel Livermore	New Hampshire	1732	180
4, 5 5	1797	William Bingham William Bradford		1751	1804
5	1797-98	Jacob Read.		1729	1808
5	1798	Theodore Sedgwick		1752	1816
5	1798-99	John Laurence	Massachusetts	1746	1818
5 6	1799	James Ross.	New York	1750	1810
6	1799-1800	i Sainuel Livermore	Pennsylvania New Hampshire	1762	1847
6	1800	Uriah Tracy.	Connectiont	1732	1803
6 6	1800-01	i Jum r. Howard	Connecticut Maryland	1755	1807
6	1801	James Hillhouse	Connecticut	1752	1827
7	1801-02	l Abraham Baldwin	Georgia	1754 1754	1832
7	1802-03	Stephen R. Bradlev	Vermont	1754	1807
8	1803-04	John Brown	Kentucky	1757	1830 1837
8	1804-05	Jesse Franklin	North Carolina.	1758	1823
. 8	1805	l Joseph Anderson	Tennessee	1757	1837
9, 10	1805-08	Samuel Smith	Maryland	1752	1839
10	1808-09	Stednen K. Bradiev	Vermont	1754	1830
10, 11 11	1809 180 9–10	John Milledge	Georgia	1757	1818
11	1810-11	Andrew Gregg	Pennsylvania	1755	1835
11, 12	1811-12	John Gaillard	South Carolina		1826
12, 13	1812_13	John Pope	Kentucky	1770	1845
13	1812–13 1813–14	Wm. H. Crawford. Joseph B. Varnum.	Georgia	1772	1834
13, 15	1814-18	John Gaillard	Massachusetts	1750	1821
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbour	South Carolina		1826
16-19	1820-26	John Gaillard	Virginia	1775	1842
19, 20	1826-28	Nathaniel Macon	South Carolina	انتنت	1826
20-23	1828-32	Samuel Smith	North Carolina	1757	1837
22	1832	L. W. Tazewell	Maryland Virginia	1752	1839
22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White	Tennessee	1774 1773	1860
23	1834-35	George Poindexter 1	Mississippi.	1779	1840
24	1835-36	John Tyler	Virginia	1790	1853 1862
24-26	1836-41	william R. King	Alabama	1786	1853
26, 27 27–29	1841-42	Samuel L. Southard	New Jersey	1787	1842
77-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum	North Carolina	1792	1861
9, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison	Missouri	1807	1886
11, 32 12, 33	1850-52 1852-54	William R. King	Alabama	1786	1853
3, 34	1854-57	D. R. Atchison	Missouri	1807	1886
34	1857	Jesse D. Bright	Indiana	1812	1875
5, 36	1857-61	James M. Mason.	Virginia	1798	1871
6-38	1861-64	Benjamin Fitzpatrick	Alabama	1802	1869
38	1864-65	Solomon Foot	Vermont	1802	1866
39	1865-67	Lafayette S. Foster	New Hampshire	1809	
40	1867-69	Benjamin F. Wade.	Connecticut	1806	1880
1, 42	1869-73	Henry B. Anthony.		1800	1878
43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter	Wisconsin	1815	1884
4, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry.		1824	1881
46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman	Ohio	1827	• • • • •
47	1881	Thomas F. Bayard		1813 1828	• • • • • •
47	1881-83	David Davis	Illinois.	1815	1886
48	1883-85	George F. Edminda I	Vermont	1828	1000
49	1885-87	John Sherman		1823	• • • • • •
9, 50	1887-	John J. Ingalls		1833	• • • • •

SPEAKERS OF THE U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

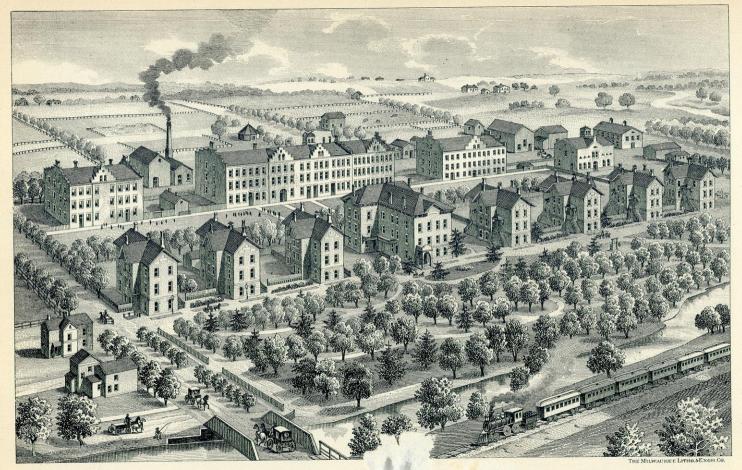
Con- gress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenburg	Pennsylvania	1750	1801
$\hat{2}$	1791-93	Jonathan Trumbull	Connecticut	1740	1809
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenburg	Pennsylvania	1750	1801
4,5	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton	New Jersey	1760	1824
6	1799-01	Theodore Sedgwick	Massachusetts	1746	1813
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Macon	North Carolina	1757	1837
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum	Massachusetts	1750	1821
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clay	Kentucky	1777	1852
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves	South Carolina	1776	1857
14 –16	1815-20	Henry Clay	Kentucky	1777	1852
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor	New York	1784	1854
17	1821-23	Philip B. Barbour	Virginia	1783	1841
18	1823–25	Henry Clay	Kentucky	1777	1852
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor	New York	1784	1854
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson	Virginia	1784	1857 1869
23	1834-35	John Bell	Tennessee	1797	1849
24, 25	1835-39	James K. Polk	Tennessee	1795 1809	1887
26	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter	Virginia		1845
27	1841-43	John White	Kentucky	1805	1848
28	1843-45	John W. Jones	Virginia	1799	1850
29	1845-47	John W. Davis.	Indiana	1809	1000
30	1847-49	Robert C. Winthrop			1868
31	1849-51	Howell Cobb	Georgia		1859
32, 33	1851-55	Linn Boyd	Kentucky Massachusetts		1000
34	1856-57	Nathaniel P. Banks			1873
35	1857-59 1860-61	James L. Orr	New Jersey		1862
36 37	1861-63	William Pennington			100.
38-40	1863-69	Galusha A. Grow			1885
41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine			1
41 -4 5 44	1875-76	Michael C. Kerr	Indiana	1	1876
44-46	1876-81	Samuel J. Randall.			1
47	1881-83	John W. Keifer.			1
48-50	1883-89	John G. Carlisle	Kentucky		1



PART III.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

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WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL S

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'S, WAUKESHA.



ELECTION STATISTICS.

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT,

At each election from 1860 to 1888.

States.	Lincoln—Rep. Breckenridge—Dem.	Bell—American. Douglas—Ind. Dem.	eb.	m.						1				1		
	Lin	Bell—America Douglas—Ind.	Lincoln—Rep.	McClellan—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Seymour—Dem.	Grant—Rep.	Hendricks—Dem.	Hayes—Rep.	Tilden—Dem.	Garfield—Rep.	Hancock—Dem.	Cleveland—Dem.	Blaine—Rep.	Harrison—Rep.	Cleveland—Dem.
Alabama Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Georgia Illinois Indiana Georgia Illinois Indiana Illinois Illino	6 8 8 8 13 6 7 7 10 23 27 8 8 8 4 5 8 4 5 4 5 8	-1 1	77 77 12 8 4 4		7 12 8 4 4 11 3 3 5 5 26 4 6 10 5	9 	35 10 22 3 29 4 7	42	66 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	100 6 8 3 3 15 12 12 8 5 15 10 11 5 5 10 11 5 5 10 11 5 5 10 11 5 5 10 11 5	13 6 6 21 15 11 5 5 7 7 3 3 5 5 22 2 2 3 20 4 4 10 214 38	100 6 5 5 4 4 111 122 8 8 3 15 5 10 112 8 8 11 5 5 8	10 7 7 6 3 4 4 12 15 8 8 9 16 9 12 13 12 15	8 3 3 3 9	88 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 11 233 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	100 7 7 6 3 4 4 12 13 8 8 9 16 11 13 13 13 12 6 6 1168
to. or states voting	.00	l			- 51	-	٥.		0	- 1	30	-			- 30	

¹ Eleven southern states did not vote in 1864. 2 Mississippi, Texas and Virginia did not vote in 1868.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[By States.]

	1884.										
STATES.		Votes.			PLURALITIES.						
(38)	Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Blaine.	Cleve-					
		Dem.	Green.	Pro.	Rep.	land. Dem.					
	Rep.	Dem.	arcen.	110.							
						04.0					
labama	55, 591	93, 951	873	612		$\frac{34,3}{22,0}$					
rlzangag	50,895	72,927	1,847 2,017	2,920	13,128	~~, 0					
alfornia	102, 416	89, 288 27, 723	1,958	761	8,567						
olorado	36, 290	67, 199	1,688	2,305	0,001	1,2					
onnecticut	65, 923 12, 951	16, 964	1,000	55		4,0					
elaware	28, 031	31,766		72		3,7					
lorida	48,603	94,667	145			46,0					
eorgia	337, 474		10,910		25, 119						
linois	238, 463		8,293			6,5					
adiana	197,089	177, 316		1,472	[19,773]						
owa	154,406	90, 132	16, 341	4,495	64,274						
ansas	118, 122	152,961	1,691			34,8					
ouisana	46, 347	62,540			11	16, 1					
Iaine	72, 209	52,140	3,95	2,160	20,069						
faryland	85,699	96,932	53			11,5					
Jassachusetts	146,724	122, 481	24, 43	10,020							
Michigan	192,669	149,835	42, 24								
Minnesota	111,923	70, 144		[4,684]	41,710	33.					
Mississippi	43,509	76,510		sz 2,158		33.					
dissouri	202, 929			2, 158	22,521						
Vebraska	76,912	54,391			1 615						
Nevada	7, 193	5,578 39,183									
New Hampshire	43, 249 123, 440					4,					
New Jersey	562,005					1,					
New York	125,068	142, 952	2	45	4	17,					
North Carolina	400, 08		5, 17	9 11,06	31.802						
Ohio	26,860			6 49	2 2,256						
Oregon	473, SO			2 15, 28	81,019						
Pennsylvania Rhode Island	19,030	n 12, 391	1 42		8 6,639						
South Carolina	21,73		0			48,					
Fennessee	124,07	8 133, 258	3 95			9, 132,					
rexas	93, 14	1 225, 309		3,53	4						
Vermont	39, 51		1 78	1,75	22, 183	6.					
Virginia	139, 35			13		4,					
West Virginia	63,09		7 81		14 689	2					
Wisconsin	161,13	5 146,45	$3 \qquad 4,59$	8 7,64	14,00%						
	074 07	4 074 00	0 175,3	70 150, 36	2 446,568	469					
Total	4,851,95	9 4,874,98		100,00	~ 110,000	23,					
Plurality	1	23,02	1	•••••••••	.,,	1					

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT FROM 1856 TO 1888, WITH PLURALITIES, 1884 AND 1888.

[By States.]

Rep. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Ia D							
Harrison. Cleveland. Fisk. Streeter. Harrison. Claid Rep. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Dem. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Dem. De				188	38.		
Harrison. Cleveland. Fisk. Streeter. Harrison. Claid Rep. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem.	STATES.		Vore	 s.		PLUR	ALITIES.
Rep. Dem. Pro. U. Lab. Rep. Dem. De	(38)		1	1	1	-∥	
Alabama. 57,107 117,310 583 10,613 7,080 Arkansas 58,752 85,962 614 10,613 7,080 Colorado 51,706 37,610 2,210 112 14,186 Connecticut 74,584 74,920 4,234 10,412 14,186 Connecticut 74,584 74,920 1,800 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136		Harrison.	Cleveland.	Fisk.	Streeter.	Harrison.	
Alabama. 57, 197 117, 310 583		Rep.	Dem	Pro	II Tob	Dom	land.
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Arkansas 58, 752 85, 962 614 10, 613 7, 080 California 124, 809 1117, 729 5, 701 112 14, 186 Connecticut 74, 554 74, 920 4, 234 112 14, 186 Delaware 12, 973 16, 414 400 Connecticut 274, 554 74, 920 4, 234 400 Florida 26, 657 39, 561 417 400 Florida 27, 656 657 39, 561 417 47, 920 4, 234 112 14, 186 Milniois 370, 473 248, 272 21, 695 7, 090 22, 201 Illinois 370, 473 248, 272 21, 695 7, 090 22, 201 Illinois 17, 658 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Milniois 17, 658 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Milniois 17, 658 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Milniois 17, 658 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Milniois 17, 658 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Milniois 17, 658 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Milniois 17, 658 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Milniois 17, 678 18, 890 19, 677 18, 80, 159 Milniois 17, 678 18, 890 19, 678 18, 890 19, 678 18, 890 19, 678 18, 890 19, 678 18, 890 19, 678 18, 890 19, 678 18, 890 19, 678 18, 890 19, 678 18, 890					-	-	
Arkansas 58, 752 85, 962 614 10, 613 7, 080 California 124, 809 117, 729 5, 701 112 14, 186 Connecticut 74, 584 74, 920 4, 234 400 Eleaware 12, 973 16, 414 400 Connecticut 24, 74, 920 4, 234 400 Eleaware 12, 973 16, 414 400 Eleaware 12, 973 16, 417 477 478 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 1	Alabama.	57 197	117 21/	1 50		11	
California 124, 809 117, 729 5, 761 7, 080 7, 080 Colorado 51, 796 37, 610 2, 210 112 14, 186 Connecticut 74, 584 74, 920 4, 234 112 14, 186 Florida 26, 687 30, 561 417 1 40 Georgia 40, 496 100, 499 1, 800 136 111 Illinois 370, 473 248, 272 21, 695 7, 090 22, 201 Indiana 263, 361 261, 013 9, 881 2, 694 2, 348 Lowa 211, 598 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Kansas. 182, 904 102, 745 6, 779 37, 788 80, 159 Kentucky 155, 134 183, 800 5, 225 622 2 Mairie 73, 784 50, 481 2, 691 1, 344 23, 232 Maryland 99, 986 106, 188 4, 767 33, 302 4 Mississippi 30, 096 </td <td>Arkansas</td> <td>58, 752</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>60, 11</td>	Arkansas	58, 752					60, 11
Colorado 51, 796 37, 610 2, 210 112 14, 186 Connecticut 74, 584 74, 920 4, 234 112 14, 186 Delaware 12, 973 16, 414 400 17 Florida 26, 657 39, 561 417 400 18 Florida 40, 496 100, 499 1, 800 136 22, 201 Ilninois 370, 473 248, 272 21, 695 7, 990 22, 201 Ilndiana 203, 361 261, 013 9, 881 2, 694 2, 348 Iowa 211, 598 179, 877 3, 550 9, 105 31, 721 Kentucky 155, 134 183, 800 5, 225 6622 2 Maine 73, 734 50, 481 2, 691 1, 344 23, 253 Maryland 99, 986 106, 168 4, 767 3, 444 20, 942 4, 542 22, 903 Michigan 236, 307 213, 404 20, 942 4, 542 22, 903 Missouri <td></td> <td>124, 809</td> <td>117, 729</td> <td></td> <td>10,010</td> <td>7 080</td> <td>27, 21</td>		124, 809	117, 729		10,010	7 080	27, 21
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Illinois			39,561	417			12, 90
Indiana			100,499				60,00
Iowa 211,598 179,877 3,550 9,105 31,721 Kansas 182,904 102,745 6,779 37,788 80,159 Kentucky 155,134 183,800 5,225 692 2 Maine 73,734 50,481 2,691 1,344 23,253 Maryland 99,986 106,168 4,767 32,302 32,302 Michigan 236,807 213,404 20,942 4,542 22,903 Michigan 36,807 213,404 20,942 4,542 22,903 Missouri 290,253 261,934 4,540 18,589 29,92 Missouri 236,253 261,944 4,544 18,589 2 Nevada 7,238 5,36 45 1,912 19,22 New Hampshire 46,728 43,388 1,502 13 2,370 New Jork 650,338 635,965 30,231 626 14,373 North Carolina 184,784 147,902	Indiana				7,090	22, 201	
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Missouri. 236, 253 261, 954 4, 540 18, 589 2 Nebraska 108, 425 80, 552 9, 429 4, 226 27, 573 New Agas 7, 228 5, 326 45 1, 912 New Hampshire 46, 728 43, 338 1, 502 13 2, 370 New Jersey 144, 344 151, 493 7, 904 626 14, 373 New York 650, 338 635, 985 30, 231 626 14, 373 North Carolina 134, 784 147, 902 2, 789 37 1: Oregon 33, 293 26, 552 1, 677 6, 771 15. Pennsylvania 526, 091 446, 633 20, 947 3, 873 79, 458 Rhode Island 21, 969 17, 530 1, 251 4, 439 South Carolina 13, 740 65, 825 5, 969 15 Iexas 88, 422 234, 883 4, 749 29, 459 14 Vermont 45, 192 16, 788 1, 400	Mississinni					38,097	
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Nevada. 7, 238	Nebraska			4,040	18,589		25,701
New Hampshire 46,728 43,358 1,592 13 2,370 New Jersey 144,344 151,493 7,904 New York 650,338 635,995 30,231 626 14,373 North Carolina 134,784 147,902 2,789 37 11 Oricgon 33,293 26,522 1,677 6,771 6,771 Pennsylvania 526,091 446,633 20,947 3,873 79,458 South Carolina 13,740 65,825 1,251 4,439 Fennessee 139,989 158,787 5,969 18 Vermont 88,422 234,883 4,749 29,459 18 Vermont 45,192 16,788 1,460 28,404 14 West Virginia 78,491 79,330 14,277 8,552 21,321	Nevada					27,873	• • • • • • • • • •
New Jersey 144, 344 151, 493 7, 904 7, 904 143, 378 New York 650, 338 635, 965 30, 231 626 14, 373 North Carolina 134, 784 147, 902 2, 789 37 19, 559 17 19, 559 18 19, 559 18 19, 559 18 19, 559 18 19, 559 18 19, 559 19, 55	New Hampshire	46,728				1,912	· · · · · · · · · ·
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	New Jersey	144,344		7, 904		2,010	7.149
134,784 147,902 2,789 37 100 1	New 10rk		635, 965	30, 231	626	14, 373	
Oregon 416, 054 396, 455 24, 356 3, 496 19, 559 Pennsylvania 536, 091 446, 633 20, 947 3, 873 79, 458 Rhode Island 21, 969 17, 530 1, 251 4, 439 South Carolina 13, 740 65, 825 5, 909 44, 439 Fennessee 139, 989 158, 787 5, 909 16 Fexas 88, 422 234, 883 4, 749 29, 459 140 Virginia 150, 438 151, 977 1, 460 28, 404 28, 404 West Virginia 78, 491 79, 330 14, 277 8, 552 21, 321 Total 145, 157 1, 267 8, 552 21, 321	Ohio		147, 902	2,789	37		13, 118
Pennsylvania 526,091 446,633 20,947 3,873 79,458 Rhode Island 21,969 17,530 1,251 4,439 3,673 79,458 4,439 55 5,600 55 5,600 55 5,600 55 1,251 4,439 5,600 5,600 5,600 5,600 5,600 5,600 5,600 1,600 2,600 1,600	Oregon				3,496		
Rhode Island. 21,960 17,530 1,251 0,613 4,439 South Carolina. 13,740 65,825 1,251 4,439 5 Fennessee 139,989 158,787 5,969 5 Fexas 88,422 234,883 4,749 29,459 14 Vermont 45,192 16,788 1,400 28,404 Virginia 150,438 151,977 1,678 1 West Virginia 78,491 79,330 1 Visconsin 176,553 155,232 14,277 8,552 21,321	Pennsylvania I	596, 001		1,677		6,771	
South Carolina 13,740 65,825 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 5	Rhode Island	21 969		20,947	3,873	79,458	
Total 139,989 158,787 5,969 16 Fexas 88,422 234,883 4,749 29,459 140 Vermont 45,192 16,788 1,460 28,404 Virginia 150,438 151,977 1,678 28,404 West Virginia 78,491 79,330 1 Wisconsin 176,553 155,232 14,277 8,552 21,321	south Carolina	13, 740		1,201		4,439	
16xas 88, 422 234, 83 4,749 29, 459 14 Vermont 45, 192 16, 788 1, 400 28, 404 Virginia 150, 438 151, 977 1, 678 28, 404 West Virginia 78, 491 79, 330 1 Visconsin 176, 553 155, 232 14, 277 8, 552 21, 321	rennessee			5 969			52,085
Vermont 45, 192 16, 788 1, 400 28, 404 Virginia 150, 438 151, 977 1, 678 1 West Virginia 78, 491 79, 330 1 Wisconsin 176, 553 155, 232 14, 277 8, 552 21, 321	rexas	88, 422	234, 883		29, 459		18,798 146,461
Virginia 150, 438 151, 977 1, 678 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	vermont	45, 192	16,788	1,460		28, 404	140,401
Wisconsin 176, 553 155, 232 14, 277 8, 552 21, 321	West Virginia		151,977	1,678			1,539
Total	Wisconsin						839
Total		176,553	155, 232	14,277	8,552	21,321	
	Total	5, 445, 274	5,538,755	248,800	149.024	400 500	PR4 000
PHIPARITY	Plurality	-, -, -, -, -, -		~±0,000	142,034	480,770	574, 251
93			55, 101				93, 481

WISCONSIN BLUE BOOK.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT - Continued.

		1880.			187	6.
STATES.	Garfield.	Hancock.	Weaver. Gr.	Scat- tering.	Tilden. Dem.	Hayes. Rep.
Alabama Arkansas. California Colorado Connecticut Delaware. Florida Georgia. Illinois Indiana Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Nebraska. Nevada New Hampshire New York North Carolina Ohio. Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texus	56, 178 41, 661 80, 348 97, 450 67, 473 14, 150 23, 654 318, 937 143, 904 121, 520 104, 550 37, 934 174, 039 78, 515 165, 205 165, 205 185, 190 93, 903 34, 884 153, 567 148, 979 84, 873 44, 852 120, 555 555, 544 115, 878 875, 048 20, 619 444, 704 18, 195 58, 071 107, 677 57, 845	90, 687 60, 489 80, 426 80, 426 24, 647 64, 417 15, 163 27, 904 102, 5522 277, 321 225, 588 105, 788 107, 909 65, 310 111, 960 131, 300 53, 315 75, 750 208, 609 208, 523 9, 611 124, 204 340, 821 19, 948 407, 428 407, 428 407, 428 407, 428 1123, 312 129, 948 111, 948 107, 428 1121, 312 128, 1121 129, 948 107, 779 112, 312 128, 112 1156, 228	4, 642 4, 673 3, 392 1, 435 868 868 32, 327 11, 498 4, 408 8, 184 4, 548 8, 4, 795 8, 853 8, 853 11, 136 6, 456 6, 456 6, 456 6, 456 8, 668 8,	412 596 630 257 235 799 1,156 286 677 28,177 2,642 1,983 25 7 43 110	102, 002 58, 071 76, 464 13, 316 61, 934 13, 381 124, 285 130, 088 258, 601 213, 526 112, 121 213, 526 112, 121 217, 509 270, 508 49, 823 91, 777 141, 505 48, 799 112, 173 203, 077, 554 48, 799 112, 173 203, 077 17, 554 9, 308 38, 509 115, 962 125, 427 124, 149 366, 158 10, 712 90, 896 104, 803 31, 166 104, 803 320, 254	68, 230 38, 669 79, 269 14, 154 59, 034 10, 752 24, 327 50, 446 278, 232 207, 971 171, 326 67, 135 66, 300 71, 980 71, 980 150, 063 166, 901 172, 962 52, 605 145, 029 31, 916 10, 383 41, 539 103, 517 108, 419 330, 698 341, 539 135, 787 91, 786 884, 122 15, 787 91, 786 89, 566 44, 903 44, 903
Vermont	45,090 84,020 46,243 144,397	18, 181 127, 976 57, 391 114, 634	1,212 139 9,079 7,980	161	139, 670 56, 455 123, 927	95,558 42,698 130,068
Total	4,449,053	4,442,035	307, 306	12,576	4, 299, 893	4,048,228
Total vote	=			9,210,970		. 8,442,049

¹ The vote in Florida, as officially announced by the returning board, is given in the table. The democrats claimed a majority for the Tilden electors in that state on the face of the returns.

2 The vote in Louisiana is given as announced by the Wells returning board, and as it was accepted by the electoral commission. The McEnery returning board, after a canvass of the returns from all the counties in the state, gave Tilden 83,723; Hayes, 77,174.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—Continued.

	. 1	872.	1	1868.]]	864.
STATES.	Grant. Rep.	Greeley. Lib. Dem		Seymour. Dem.	Lincoln.	Mc- Clellan, Dem.
Alabama Arkansas California Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina Olio Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina Carolina Connecticut Carolina Connecticut Carolina Controlina Controlina Couth Carolina Couth Caro	41,078 54,020 50,638 11,115 17,765 62,715 241,244 186,144 181,233 67,048 88,816 59,975 61,422 66,760 133,472	79, 444 37, 927 40, 718 45, 872 10, 205 16, 428 76, 287 71, 184 32, 970 100, 212 66, 466 29, 087 67, 685 59, 260 77, 027 35, 211 47, 191 151, 433 7, 705 6, 286 811, 425 76, 801 887, 279 69, 474 244, 321 7, 746 211, 961 5, 329 22, 903	22, 158 54, 592 50, 996 7, 063 57, 134 250, 293 176, 552 150, 399	19,078 54,078 47,961 10,980	62, 134 44, 601 8, 155 189, 996 150, 422 89, 075 16, 441	42, 285 8, 767 158, 730 130, 233
Texas Vermont Virginia. West Virginia. Wisconsin Total	83, 665 47, 405 41, 487 93, 415 32, 283 104, 992 3, 579, 793	94, 391 66, 500) 10, 947 91, 440 29, 537 86, 477	56, 757 44, 167 29, 025 108, 857 3, 018, 188	26, 311 12, 045 20, 306 84, 710 2, 703, 600	23, 152 83, 458	13, 321 10, 438 65, 884
Majority	737, 369 . 6, 457,		309,588	3,788	2, 223, 035 1, 411, 281 4, 034	811,754

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT-Continued.

		18	60.			1856.	
States.	Lincoln. Rep.	Breckin- ridge. Dem.	Bell. Union.	Douglas. Dem.	Fremont. Dem.	Fill- more. Amer.	Buchan- an. Dem.
Alabama Arkansas California Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas. Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey Nowth Carolina Orico Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Carolina Corgon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia Wisconsin	106, 533 88, 480 22, 069 17, 028 37, 519 58, 324 862, 646 231, 610 5, 270 268, 030 12, 244	47,548 218 74,323	27, 875 20, 093 6, 817 3, 291 3, 804 5, 437 42, 886 4, 913 5, 306 66, 058 20, 204 2, 046 41, 760 22, 331 44, 990 12, 194 183 12, 776 69, 274 15, 438 1, 969 74, 681	13, 651 5, 227 38, 516 15, 522 1, 023 367 11, 590 160, 215 115, 509 55, 111 22, 651 7, 625 26, 698 34, 372 65, 057 11, 920 3, 283 58, 081 22, 811 62, 590 812, 731 18, 822 3, 951 16, 765 7, 707 11, 350 6, 849 16, 290 65, 021	38, 245 28, 338 276, 007 147, 510 11, 467	28, 553 10, 787 36, 165 2, 615 6, 175 4, 833 42, 228 37, 444 22, 386 67, 416 20, 709 1, 660 1, 660 24, 195 48, 524 24, 115 124, 604 26, 886 28, 126 66, 178 1, 675 66, 178 15, 631 66, 178 15, 631 66, 178 15, 631 66, 178 15, 631 66, 178 15, 631 66, 178	46, 739 21, 910 58, 365 8, 004 6, 358 56, 598 105, 348 118, 670 36, 107 74, 642 22, 164 39, 080 39, 115 39, 240 52, 136 35, 446 58, 164 35, 873 46, 943 195, 873 46, 943 170, 874 280, 710 6, 680 73, 688 73, 688 74, 688 75, 688 75, 688 76, 680 77, 688 77, 688
Total	1,866,452	847, 953	560,631	1, 375, 157	1,341,264	874,534	1,838,189
Whole vote		4,6	80,193			4,053,987	

¹ Electors chosen by legislature.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES

For President and Vice-President of the United b. tes, 1789-1888.

				Presidents	.1			Vice- President	8.2
ection	es.	Vote	urty.			Vote.			9.
Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Elec. Vote.	Political Party.	Candidates.	States.	Popular.	Electoral.	C. VDIDATES.	Elect. Vote.
1789	103	73		George Washington John Adams			69		34
				John Jay			<i></i>		9
				R. H. Harrison John Rutledge					6 4 3 2
				John Hancock			· · • ·		4
				George Clinton					2
				John Milton					2
				James Armstrong					1
				Benjamin Lincoln Edward Telfair.					1
				Vacancies			4		4
1792	15	135	Fed.	George Washington John Adams			132		77
			Fed. Rep.	George Clinton	1				50
				Thomas Jefferson					1
				Aaron Burr			3		-3
1796	16	138	Fed.	John Adams			71		
41.00	10	100	Rep.	Thomas Jefferson					68 59
			Fed.	Thomas Pinckney					30
	i i		Rep.	Samuel Adams					15
	1			Oliver Ellsworth	1	1			11
				George Clinton					5
				John Jay					3
				George Washington				1	2
				John Henry		1			7 5 3 2 2 2 1
				S. Johnson					1
0800	16	138	Rep.	Thomas Jefferson	1	1	73		J
3000	10	100	Rep.	Aaron Burr					73
	1		Fed.	John Adams					65 64
			Fed.	Charles C Pinckney John Jay					i
	1			John Jay	l	1	1	11	1 -

1 Previous to the election of 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President; and the next highest, vice President.

2 Three states out of thirteen did not vote, vix.: New York, which had not passed an electoral law, and North Carehnas and Rhode Island, which had not adopted the constitution.

3 There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made upon the 36th hallot, which was as follows: Jefferson-Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia—10 states; Burr-Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Rhode Island—4 states; Blank—Delaware and South Carolina—2 states.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES - Continued.

į		Vote.		Presiden	nts.			Vice- Presidents	
Year of Election.	No. of States.	Total Electoral Vote	Political Party.	Candidates.	States.	Popular.	Electoral.	CANDIDATES.	Electoral Vote.
1804 1808	17 17	176 176	Rep. Fed. Rep. Fed.	Thomas Jefferson Charles C. Pinckney James Madison Charles C. Pinckney George Clinton	15 2 12 5 		162 14 122 47 6	Geo. Clinton Rufus King Geo. Clinton Rufus King John Langdon Jas. Madison. Jas. Monroe	162 14 113 '47 9 3
1812	18	213	Rep. Fed.	Vacancy James Madison De Witt Clinton	1 <u>1</u>		128 80	E. Gerry J. Ingersoll	1 131 86
1816	19	221	Rep. Fed.	Vacancy James Monroe Rufus King	16 3 		183 34	D.D.Tompkins J. E. Howard. James Ross. J. Marshall. R. G. Harper.	1 183 22 5 4 3
1820	24	235	Rep. Opp	Vacancy James Monroe John Q. Adams	24		281 1	D.D.Tompkins R. Stockton D. Rodney R. G. Harper . R. Rush	218 8 4 1
1824	24	261	Rep. Coal Rep. Rep.	Vacancy Andrew Jackson John Q. Adams. Wm. H. Crawford. Henry Clay	10	155, 872 105, 321 44, 282 46, 587	3 199 84 41 37	J. C. Calhoun. N. Sanford N. Macon. A. Jackson M. Van Buren	3 182 30 24 13 9
1828	24	261	Dem N. R	Vacancy Andrew Jackson John Q. Adams	15 9	647, 231 509, 097	178 83	J. C. Calhoun. R. Rush	2 1 171 83
1832	24	288	Dem N. R AntM	Andrew Jackson Henry Clay John Floyd William Wirt.	15 7 1	687, 502 530, 189 33, 108	219 49 11 7	Wm. Smith M. Van Buren J. Sergeant Henry Lee A. Ellmaker	7 189 49 11 7
1836	26	⁻ 294	Dem Whig Whig Whig Whig	Vacancies Martin Van Buren Wm. H. Harrison Hugh L. White Daniel Webster W. P. Mangum	15 7 2 1 1	761, 549 786, 656	170 73 26 14 11	Wm. Wilkins. 2R. M. Johnson F. Granger John Tyler Wm. Smith	30 2: 147 77 47 23

¹ No choice having been made by the Electoral College, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first hallot, which was as follows. Adams — Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Hampshite, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island and Vermont — 13 states; Jackson — Alabama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Tennessee — 7 states; Crawford — Delaware, Georgia, Notth Carolina and Virginia — 4 states.

2 No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the Electoral College, the Senate elected R. M. Johnson Vice-President, who received 33 votes; Francis Granger received 16.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES—Continued.

		te.		Pre	side	nts.		Vice-Presiden	ts.
tion,	S.	ral vo	rty.	. '	 	Vote.			ote.
Year of election,	No. of States.	Total electoral vote.	Political Party	Candidates.	States.	Popular.	Electoral.	CANDIDATES.	Electoral Vote.
1840	26	294	Whig Dem Lib'ty.	Wm. H. Harrison. Martin Van Buren. James G. Birney	10 7	$\substack{1,275,017\\1,128,702\\7,059}$	234 60	John Tyler R. M. Jonnson. L. W. Tazewell	234 48
1844	26	275	Dem. Whig	James K. Polk Henry Clay	15 11	1,337,243 1,299,068 62,390	170 105	James K. Folk. Geo. M. Dallas. T.Frelingh'ys'n	170 105
1848	30	290	Lib'ty. Whig Dem	James G. Birney Zachary Taylor Lewis Cass	15 15	1,299,068 62,390 1,300,101 1,220,544 291,263 1,601,474	163 127	M. Fillmore Wm. O. Butler. Chas. F. Adams Wm. R. King	163 127
1852	31	296	Free S Dem Whig Fr Dm	Martin Van Buren. Franklin Pierce Winfield Scott John P. Hale	27 4	1,601,474 1,386,578 156,149	254 42	Wni, R. King W. A. Graham. Geo, W. Julian.	254 42
1856	31	296	Dem Rep Amer.	James Buchanan John C. Fremont Millard Fillmore	19 11 1	1,838,169	174 114 8	JCBreckinridge Wm. L. Dayton A. J. Donelson.	174 114 8
1860	33	303	Rep Dem C. Un	Abraham Lincoln. J. C. Breckenridge	3	1,341,204 874,534 1,866,352 845,763 589,581 1,375,157	180 72 39 12	H. Hamlin Joseph Lane E. Everett H. V. Johnson	180 72 39 12
1864	136	314	Rep Dem	S. A. Douglas Abraham Lincoln. Geo. B. McClellan.	2 22 3 11	2,216,067 1,808,725	212 21 21 81	G. H. Pendleton	212 21 81
1868	237	317	Dem Rep Dem	Vacancies Ulysses S. Grant Horatio Seymour Vacancies	26 8 3	3,015,071 2,709,613	214 80 23	SchuylerColfax F. P. Blair, Jr .	23
1872	37	366	Rep D& L. Dem Temp.	Vacantes Ulysses S. Grant Horace Greeley Charles O'Conor James Black T. A. Hendricks B. Gratz Brown Charles J. Jenkins David Davis *Not counted	31 6		286 	Henry Wilson. B. Gratz Brown Geo. W. Julian. A. H. Colquitt. J. M. Palmer T. E. Bramlette W.S. Greesbeck W. D. Machen N. P. Banks.	5 8 8 1 1 14
1876	38	369	Rep Dem G. B Prohi.	R. B. Hayes Samuel J. Tilden Peter Cooper Green Clay Smith	17	4,048,228 4,299,893 81,740	185 184		185
1880	38	369	Rep Dem G. B Prohi.	Scattering. James A. Garfield W. S. Hancock J. B. Weaver Neal Dow Scattering	19	4,449,187 4,435,121 302,754 9,861	214 155	C. A. Arthur W. H. English	
1884	38	401	Dem Rep Green.	Grover Cleveland James G. Blaine Benjamin F. Butler	20 18	4,874,980 4,851,959 175,370	219 182	J. A. Logan	185
1888	38	401	Prohi. Rep. Dem Prohi. Lab	John P. St. John Benjamin Harrison Grover Cleveland . Clinton B. Fisk E. S.,Streeter	18	4,851,959 175,370 150,369 5,445,274 5,538,755 248,800 142,034	233 168	L. P. Morton A. G. Thurman	

¹ Eleven states did not vote, viz: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia.

2 hree states did not vote, viz. Mississippi, Texas and Virginia.

3 hree electoral votes of Georgia cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, 6, and Louisiana, 8, cast for U. S. Grant, were rejected. If all had been included in the count, the electoral vote would have been 300 for U. S. Grant and 66 for opposing candidates.

PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE OF 1888, WITH PLURALITIES AND POPULATION 1885, BY TOWNS AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.

Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec-	Popula-			President	r, 1888.					Governo	a, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.
ADAMS — 6th District. Adams Big Flats Dell Prairie Easton Jackson Leola Lincoln Monroe New Chester New Haven Preston Quincy Richfield Rome Springville Strong's Prairie	5044 1877 490 405 522 2333 2333 462 436 3199 788 188 419 343 250 434 932	40 70 58 105 53 66 80	36 8 38 34 10 4 32 19 22 68 17 33 26 15 20	2	2	35 32 32 24 95 49 34 61 31 46 		72 40 70 56 104 53 65 81 114 17 57 41 42 73	8 38 38 111 4 33 19 22 68 17 33 26 16 16		8	38 33 32 20 93 49 62 62 31 46	
Totals	6, 921	1,102	426	16	5	118 676		1,100	430	15	6	670	
Republican plurality						676					U	670	
Ashland, 1st pr Ashland, 1st pr 2d pr 3d pr 4th pr Ashland, city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward Jacobs	\begin{cases} 4,844 \\ 1,\\\\ 944\\ 799	$ \begin{array}{c c} 285 \\ 299 \\ 376 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} 1,505 \\ \end{array} $		1 4 9 6 18 8 45		177 6 5 5 264 45	6	282 295 - 1, 495		1 4 8 5 17 8	1	17 7	5

					•							er:		
Vaughn, 1st pr	354	399 119 278	816 34 69			84		399 119 278	828 34 69			76 85 209		
Totals	6,941	2,868	2, 233	56		714 79	79	2,856	2, 201	53	1	731 76	76	
Republican plurality						635						655		
Barron — 8th District. Barron Barron, city Cedar Lake Clinton Chetek Cumberland. Cumberland, city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. Dallas Maple Grove Oak Grove Prairie Farm Rice Lake, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. Stanfold. Stanley Sumner. Turtle Lake Vance Creek Totals Republican plurality	1,676 636 390 711 220 13,59	125) 125 116 216 23 144 23 48 3 3 1,80	12 30 44 44 44 11 11 15 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	11	1	85 29 48 159 120 55 88 77 126 20 30 38 14	18	125) 121 11' 2 14 67 65 22 48 4 8 5 10 3	53 20 22 89 44 558 20 7 45 45 16 46 20 7 45 16 46 37 37 31 63 7 7 4 88:	8 22 31 1 37 9 15 6 6 32 11 6 15 15 6 15 15 15 16 15 17 15 18 15 18 18 15 18 1	1 2 3 3 3	85 299 499 1577 119 55 85 75 125 33 88 151	18 8 8 21	
BAYFIELD—8th District. Bayfield Drummond, 1st pr. 2d pr. Mason	: } 48	9 16	0	45 2 52 	11	113 22 66	3	. 1		5 2	13	11.	4	

	Popula-			PRESIDEN	r, 1888.					GOVERNO	R, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	1 01011,	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.
Avrield — Continued. Washburn, 1st pr. 2d pr. 3d pr.	842	471 61 22	300 27 11	13		. 171 . 34 11		471 62 22	299 26 11	13		172 36 11	
Totals	3, 431	1,205	708	27		497		1,204	707	27		497	
Rown—5th District. Ashwaubenon Allouez Bellevue. De Pere. city, 1st ward 2d ward Eaton Ft. Howard, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward Glenmore. Green Bay city, 1st ward. 2d ward. Holland, east. west. Howard Humboldt Lawrence Morrison New Denmark.	$ \begin{cases} 2.149 \\ 1,019 \end{cases} $ $ \begin{cases} 3,749 \\ 1,345 \\ 1,060 \\ 7,1112 \end{cases} $	83 63 51 47 47 48 65 85 651 8	75 775 79 35 35 319 40 19 124 48 99 777 651	1	2)	48 17	37	62 52 49 43 99 63 86 59 (22) 86 59 (22) 653 86	79 66 32 50 19 125 49 101	15 16 6 10 5 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	1	47 10 9 8 39	46 88 118 } 58 68 89 4

Pittsfield	805	67	771	1		••••••	10 45	67 89	1 127	1	••••••		10 38
Preble	1,263 840	86 27	131 122	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		95	27					95
Rockland	1,405	65	116		1		51	69	112		1		43
ScottSuamico	916	92	. 69	2		23	······	83) 49	69	2	:	23 .	
West De Pere, 1st ward	2,088	$\{\frac{33}{46}\}$ 129	$\{09\}$ 218	$\{15, 11, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, 15, $	1 9		89	46 129		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6 7		} 92
2d_ward	1	30	109 \ 63	11)	,		7 83	, 30	63				33
Wrightstown, eastwest	2,459	134	155	1	. 14		21	13-	155	1 1	14		21
# CSD			0.554	133	96	168	1,067	2,66	3,540	115	112	169	1,046
Totals	36,921	2,655	3,554	199	90	100	1,001	, 00	0,010				169
·	i	1			'				1			i ŀ	Ord
Democratic plurality							899						877
Domodrano prazimi													
		ŀ										1 1	
						j			1	1		1 1	
						1		l					ı
Buffalo — 8th District.	747	56	74		1	l	18	Ι 6	0 70				10
Almacity, 1st ward)	50)	59)					(51).	(58)		ŀ	22	
2d ward	} 1,521	44 > 155		1		18		43 18 63	$\frac{17}{37}$ \ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\			22	
3d ward			39)			1	25		7 (37) 71	1	1		24
Belvidere	758 654	47 33	72		· ····;···i		22]	4 54		ìî		20
Buffalo	279	29	55 20		1	9	~~		19			. 12	
city	731	96	7		2	19			06 77	r 2		. 19	
Canton	681		70				25		75		4	1 1	21
Cross Dover	714	143	1	3	1	135		1				. 136	41
Fountain City, village	966		13:			· ····· <u>;</u> ;	43		39 130 (4) 29			. 85	
Gilmanton	631	114	2		Б	. 85	39		55 9		1		39
Glencoe	802 610						53		25 7	3			53
Lincoln	758		4	i]2	i		3		51 4'			. 4	
Maxville	435					. [41		19 6				41
Milton	784	134	2		2	. 100			34 2			. 106 165	
Mondovi	944				0	. 160	يان		09 4 54 7			. 103	22
Montana	958					12			54 7 49 2		2	. 125	
Naples	797				4	9			95 10		1		
Nelson	1,768		10		1	۰۱ "	51		53 9		1	1 .	43
Waumandee	954	40						-					
Total	16,48	1,754	1,33	1 8	8	1 76		1,7	67 1,31	6 8	6	6 765 314	
10041	1		1	1		33	9		1	1	1	019	-1
	1		1			42	3	.		.1	.	. 451	1
Republican plurality						-	= ====	-'		=		-	-

Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec-	Popula-			PRESIDEN	т, 1888.					Governor	1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant, Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.
Burnett — 8th District. Grantsburg, Dist. No. 1. Dist. No. 2. Dist. No. 3. village, Dist. No. 4. Marshland. Trade Lake, Dist. No. 1. Dist. No. 2. Wood Lake Total Republican plurality	} 1,641 1,069 } 1,076 811 4,607	169 38 33 41 28 105 18 58	111 2 1 20 13 4 15 3	1 21 36 58 6 44		158 36 32 21 15 101 3 55 421 421		169 38 33 41 28 105 18 59	11 20 13 4 15 3	1 21 36 57		158 36 32 21 15 101 3 56 422	
CALUMET — 5th District. Brillion	1,407	124	125		11			123					
village Brothertown Charlestown Chilton city Harrison New Holstein Rantoul, 1st pr	577 1,768 1,511 1,438 1,429 2,206 1,938	54 50 111 62 61	201 201 167 181 214 246 244 72	1 9 7 11 1	11 17 8 8 17 32 1	42	151 56 119 153 183 146	54 51 112 57 64 62 100	126 61 199 167 180 213 248 242	9 7 11 1	17 8 14 15 31 2		8 7 148 55 123 149 186 142
2d pr. Stockbridge Woodville	1,705 2,179 1,509	32 153 30	91 184 199	17	5 85 2		59 31 169	114 33 155 29	72 90 184 200	16	6 5 34 2		57 29 171
Total Democratic plurality	17,667	952	1,984	46	142	42	1,074 42 1,032	954	1,982	44	134	42	1,070 42

CHIPPEWA — 9th District. Anson Arthur Auburn, 1st pr. 2d pr Big Bend Bloomer Chippewa Falls, 1st ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward. 6th ward. 7th ward. 8th ward. 9th ward. Oleveland. Colburn Eagle Point. Edson, 1st pr 2d pr 3d pr Flambeau, 1st pr 2d pr La Fayette Lawrence. Siegel Tilden Wheaton	9,872	77 34 38 38 74 70 832 1 55 75 54	51 59 70 24 104 204 89 18 89 18 89 914 914 914 914 915 53 51 18 99 150 55 6 15 92 86 118 99 150 150 160 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17	15 39 54 11 48 8 8 2 6 4 3 1 3 3 3 1 3 3 3 5 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		4 5 104 1 122 47	82 177 199 53 72 8	84 827 70 827 76 54 76 54 44 827 827 827 827 827 827 827 827 827 827	56 119 98 150 55 6 14 26 92 110 193	14 42 52 11 4 8 8 8 47 6 4 3 1 3 3 33 1 5 31		19 4 6 1	96 19 20 52 72 8 124 388	
Totals	25, 135	2,685	9, 506	283		552 373		2,678	2,503	202		388	300	
Republican plurality		:				179						175		
CLARK — 8th District. Beaver Colby Eaton Fremont Grant Green Grove Hewitt Hixon Lewis Loyal	332 1, 038 656 343 1, 122 134 457 283 913	577 106 88 64 129 39 30 73 47 124	13 88 42 10 73 17 6 39 27	5 36 12	1	44 18 46 54 56 22 24 34 20 65		5'100 80 6 122 4 2 7 7 4	88 88 44 10 78 0 16 4 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	32 12 4	7	44 18 44 54 56 24 18 34 18		

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES-Continued.

											and the second		
Corpus Horara Crausa Los Horas	Popula-			PRESIDENT	r, 188 8 .				·	Governor	, 1888.		
Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec- tion Districts.	tion, 1885	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.
CLARK — Continued. Lynn Mayville Mentor Neillsville, city Pine Valley Sherman Sherwood Forest Thorp Unity Warner Washburn	460 151 754 682 590 170	189 100 248 119 77 23 155 79 73	108 75 157 79 28 2 154 47 86	9	4	40 49 21 1 32 37 14		37 190 99 249 127 78 23 155 79 73	38 107 75 155 72 27 12 154 46 36	13 5 1 2	12 4	83 24 94 55 51 21 1 33 87	
Weston, 1st pr. 2d pr. Withee. York.	718 450 775 15, 423	117 144	29 63 69 22 1,297	2 2 1 14 144	2 2 1		86	85 28 116 144	29 62 70 22	13	2 2	56	3
Republican plurality	1					1,000 87 963	37	2,263	1,286	144	32	1,012 35 977	
COLUMBIA—8th District. Arlington Caledonia Columbus city, 1st ward 2nd ward 3d ward Courtland Dekorra Fort Winnebago Fountain Prairie Hampden Leeds	957 1, 351 850 712 543 769 1, 384 1, 407 667 1, 399 915 1, 224	$\begin{pmatrix} 94 \\ 69 \end{pmatrix}$ 224	57 > 221	25 5 13 5 5 7 25 7 25 22 5 17 12 7	6	16 12 3 182 92 65		80 141 87 90 } 64 } 223 64 } 224 188 48 176 94 118	74 127 105 45 57 216 114 48 101 112 111 103 122	23 4 17 5 5 8 8 25 22 5 17 10		6 14 7 7 176 87 65	64

Lewiston Lodi Lowville Marcellon Newport, inc. vil. Kilbourn City Otsego Pacific Portage, 1st ward. 2nd ward 3rd ward 4th ward 5th ward Randolph village, west ward Rio Scott Springvale West Point Wyocena Totals	965 1, 474 792 866 1,590 1,515 898 1,063 1,305 1,530 954 66 879 742 742 742 742 742 742 742 742 742 742	103	89 94 88 84 139 61 28 83 80 141 299 71 11 11 43 43 71 71 2,650	5 21 5 22 28 200 35 389	7		275	104 136 123 482	992 844 844 139 600 28 118 83 76 626 141 208 73 1 111 44 42 74 42 74 48 86 2,652	5 27 10 12 29 17 33		39 103' 222 411 125 7 7 	
Republican plurality						859						854	
CRAWFORD — 7th District. Bridgeport Clayton. Eastman Freeman Haney. Marietta Prairie du Chien, town city, 1st ward 2nd ward 3rd ward 4th ward Seneca, 1st dist 2nd dist	413 2, 170 1, 418 1, 550 659 1, 123 651 800 1, 163 934 420 1, 057	$\begin{array}{c} 79 \\ 79 \end{array}$ 233	48 195 197 51 42 73 108 71 124 141 35 135 36	1)	1 7 22 22 2 2 2 2 2	100 179 64 91	89 82 138 58	366 292 107 230 106 164 26 81 80 32 76	48 197 197 50 42 73 108 71 121 140 367 136 37	1 (1 7 22 22 2 2 2 2	95 180 64 91	12 90
Scott	1,340 1,460 1,014	148 223 96	98 89 121	3 18	8			148 232 96	98 88 121	3 18		50 50 144	25
Total	16, 181	1,799	1,564	62	42	679 434		1,806	1,562	59	34	644 400	400
Republican plurality						235				<u> </u>		244	

Company Rosers Comment and France	Popula-			President	, 1888.					Governo	п, 1888.		
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Lab.	Rep.	Dem, plu.	Hoard, Rep.	Morgan, Dem.	Durant, Pro.	Powell, Lab.	Rep,	Dem,
Dane — 3d District. Albion. Berry Black Earth Blooming Grove Blue Mounds. Bristol. Burke Christiana. Cottage Grove Cross Plains Dane Deerfield Dunkirk Dunn Fitchburg Madison city, 1st ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 5th ward 6th ward Mazo Manie Medina Middleton Montrose Oregon Perry Primrose Pleasant Springs Roxbury Rutland Springdale Springdale Springdale Springdale Stoughton, 1st ward. 2d ward	2,547 2,479 1,749 1,749 1,402 1,549 1,447 1,451 1,511 977 1,130 1,133 1,133 1,133	361 152 50 99 226 220 193 103 101 228 354 165 1229 158	278 276 259 133 171 174 152 41 46 172 40 144 234 50 1 108	3 3 12 3 13 55 28 1 23 26 38 18 38 18 47 37	2 3	284 40 104 63 202 9 93 114 110 72 18 100 102 246 230	176 8 45 177 35 67 3 121 212 21 212 21 49 214	352 1243 1243 165	198 64 128 95 154 111 169 143 226 135 138 106 83 169 103 383 277 278 277 277 278	53 311 322 344 339 622 321 3	1	284 36 108 63 183 7 7 86 114 110 70 233 100 103 246 230	178

Sun Prairie. Vienna village. Verona Vermont Westport Windsor York Totals Republican plurality.	964 645 1,074 1,037 943 1,976 1,436 973 58,400	115 106 152 50 108 81 191 122 6,827	103 60 70 158 86 221 74 106 6, 426	2 12 63 19 7 44 8		12: 46: 82: 22: 117: 16: 2, 351: 1, 950: 401:	108	115 104 152 52 110 84 191 118 6,844	84 218 75 111	12: 3 3 12: 61 19 7 43 6 6 1,079	7	26 116 7	105
Dodge—2d District. Ashippun Beaver Dam city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward Burnett Calamus. Chester Clyman Elba Emmett Fox Lake Herman Hubbard Hustisford Juneau Lebanon Le Roy Lomira Lowel, 1st dist 2d dist Mayville, 1st ward 3d ward Oak Grove Portland Randolph, east ward Rubicon Shields Theresa Trenton	1,473 4,184 1,122 1,122 1,123 1,381 1,381 1,492 1,592 1,593 1,533 1,533 1,534 1,53	90 90 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10	112 148 480 78 148 128 148 128 128 138 148 158 1	7 1 41 9 7 7 8 8 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7	22	111 347 191 68 211 41 43 45 15 78 99 6 99 155 28	86 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	160 112 131 151	7 1 45 45 10 8 8 34 6 6 5 5 5 7 7 1 2 0 0 2 2		2 3 3 1 5 2 15	111 351 195 72 211 39 45 14 80 141 73 87

a	Popula-			President	r, 1888.					Governor	, 1888.		
Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec- tion Districts.	tion.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Hoard Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.
Dodge—Continued. Watertown, 5th ward See Jeffer- 6th ward son Co. Waupun, south ward Westford. Williamstown	958 1,030 1,082	169 34 57	135 167	25 4		104	306 101 110	26 \ 67 41 \ 165 32 55	136	25 4	3 14 11 8	98	} 804 104 114
Total	46,333	3, 186	6,046	212	40	185	3,045 185	3, 144	6,078	218	39	181	3, 115 181
Democratic plurality							2,860			<u></u>			2,934
Door—9th District. Bailey's Harbor Brussels. Clay Banks. Egg Harbor Forestville. Gardner. Gibralter Jacksonport Liberty Grove Nasewaupee Sevastopol Sturgeon Bay Sturgeon Bay, city Union Washington Totals.	1,165 751 905 1,266 804 1,082 874 1,542 1,138	100 76 62 94 94 128 82 233 112 106 144 225 82	33 47 41 42 95 143 54 189 9 25	3 35 1 1 12 2	1	20 49 23 4 61 81 191 17 90 36 73 52 738	81	. 78 100 777 61 95 94 126 83 233 112 104 143 230 82 75	51 53 79 124 33 49 40 42 95 142 55 187 9	3 85 1 1 11	1	20 49 24 61 77 43 191 17 88 43 73 48	18 29
Totals	15,552	1,688	1,018	55	2	738 68		1,688	1,039	52	2	734 85	8
Republican plurality			<u></u>			670						649	

DougLas - 8th District.	,				ī				, ,	,			
Brule		66	21			45	l	66	21			45	
Gordon		19	33				14	19	38				14
Nabagamain, 1st district		20	21				1	20	21				1
2d district		34	6			28		34	6			28	
Superior	2,704	47	38			9		46	39		[7	
Superior, village, 1st district		229	242	2			13	230	240	2			10
2d district		673	371	17	2	302		671	370	13	2	301	
Conner's Pt., 3d district		95	46		. 1	49		95	46		1	49	
Totals	2,704	1,183	778	10		433	28	1 101	776	15			
Totals	2,704	1, 100	110	19	•	28		1,181	770	10	3	430 25	25
	ł				1	~0						25	
Republican plurality	l					405						405	
nepublican pluranty						400						405	
Dunn — 8th District.											-		
Colfax	600	112	17			95	1	112	17	2		95	
Dunn	1,298	136	88			48		137	85	44		52	
Eau Galle	1,203	97	137			1	40	95	138	16			43
Elk Mound	643	81	41	6		40		81	41	6		40	
Grant	556		12			72		83	13	7	1	70	
Hay River	437	68	19		1	49		68	23	5	1	45	
Lucas	600		40			69		112				73	
Menomonie	1,308				1	28		141	111	5		30	
city, 1st ward	n.	137)	58)	3)	[.]	n		136)	59)	6)	[.]	ſ	
2d ward	5,403	114 514	113 311	11 27	1 5	203		115 503	111 319	11 43	2 5	184	
3d ward4th ward	11 ''	114 149	$\begin{bmatrix} 43 & 511 \\ 97 & \end{bmatrix}$	0	11 [11		1001	50 519	19 7	14 1	101	
New Haven	400	149)		7)	[2]	45		147)	199		[2]	١,	
Otter Creek	326		19 12		•	28		64 40			7	45 28	
Peru	328	45	18			27		45	18			97	
Red Cedar.	1.315	132	102			30		134	100			34	
Rock Creek	1,056		34			107		141	34			107	
Sand Creek	718	68	14			54		68	14			54	
Sheridan	873	54	16		1	38		54	16		1	1 38	
Sherman	560		14		12			72		3		59	
Spring Rock	1,303		96			23		122	92	48		30	
Stanton	1,342		54		5	116		169		31		114	
Tainter	454	52	25			27		52) 8		27	
Tiffany	619	134	37		60	97		132			63	95	
Weston	609	51	72				21	51		1 8			21
Wilson		50	9			41		50	9	2		41	
Totals	21,951	0 501	1 000		91	1 000	61	0. 500	1 000	285		1.000	
Totals	21,951	2,531	1,299	50	ופ וו	1,293		2,526	1,302	280	92		
•	1			ı	1	01		ll.	I	1		64	
Republican plurality	1		-	1	1	1,232		ll .	1			1,224	l
_opunious platesty						1, 202	'		<u> </u>			1,224	
						,		.,	,	1	,	,	

	Popula-			PRESIDEN	r, 1888.		İ			Governor	ı, 188 8 .		
Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec- tion Districts.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.
EAU CLAIRE—8th District. Altoona, city, 1st district. Augusta, city. Bridge Creek Brunswick Cleark Creek Drammen Eau Claire, city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward. 6th ward. 7th ward. Fairchild Lincoln Ludington Otter Creek. Pleasant Valley Seymour Union Washington	1, 263 1, 164 1, 395 669 545,5 4, 060 2, 445 1, 631 1, 631 1, 827 4, 204 2, 595 1, 812 587 759 779 301 781 1, 1, 331	167 108 211 68 104 232 170 243 100 1720 335 234 227 232	84 113 66 12 257 210 110 76 113 252 115 221 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	21 3 36 12 286 82 71 12 9 6 6 11 12 25	8 2 5 5 5 4 43 22 9 9 80	164 25 71 43	185	168 110 2112 71 105 1232 1771 243 100 176 1773 240 226 232	257 208 110 76 113 252 100 222 841 21 37 47 32 66	21 3 36 12 288 41 288 82 71 12 9 6 6 11 12 25	1 2 2 8 3 6 28 4 4 43 22 9 9 29	89 28 99 8 94 376 164 24 70 44	185
Totals	34,789	3, 203	2,412	493	162	997 206	206	3,215	2,396	492	164	1,022 203	203
Republican plurality		 				791						819	
FLORENCE — 9th District. Commonwealth Florence	542 1,178	112 209	41 186		10 1	71 23		112 201		3	. 10 1	71 6	
Totals	1,720	321	227	3	11	94		313	236	3	11	78	
Republican plurality						94						78	

POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTE—Continued.

FOND DU LAC — 2d District.	4 004	404	774	9		123	1	19	1 7	9		128	
Alto	1,361	194	71	ૂર્ગ.		120				1		1	88
Ashford	2,013	147	232	14	z		85	14		16	~	24	00
Auburn	1.674	183	155	3 .		28		18	157			24	•••••
Byron	1, 313	122	126	9	6		4	12	130) {) 5		8
	1,419	22	265	- 1	_		243	2	3 264	11	1	1	241
Calumet			190		ė		55	12			5		76
Eden	1,407	135		~	U		55				3	10	
Eldorado	1,536	181	132	3		49		18				40	
Empire	1,019	118	109	2		j 9		11				9	
Fond du Lac, town	1,232	156	124	4		1 32	1 1	15	6 12	1 4	H :	32	
Fond du Lac, town	1,871	0077	196)	0)	1)		15	238 ነ	197)	77	11)	1)
city, 1st ward	1,011	200		12	3		11 1	223	225	16	3		
2d ward	2,141	222		15			11 1	252	178	lii	5	1	i i
3d ward	2,172	251		11	6		11 1	202	170		1 2 1		
4th ward	2,352	147 1226	294 1407	2 55	7 61		181	147 199	$3\begin{vmatrix} 194\\83 \end{vmatrix}$ 140	5 2 5	62		172
5th ward	799	105 1220	83 1 1407	1 7 33	3 6	1	101	105 (120		11	101		
6th ward	883	60	104	3	27		11 1	60	104	4	25		11 ,
our ward	1,094		150	3	8		11 1	81	150	131	191	1	
7th ward					9	1	11	127	174	9	[9]		11
8th ward	1,414		176]	11	9)		J				رداه	1	77
Forest	1,415		170		×		77		3 17		٠٠٠٠٠٠٠		32
Friendship	1,022	80	113	2			83		1 11		1		
Lamartine	1,283	159	133	12	1	26		15	8 13		3	. 24	
	2,118	6	378		ē	6	372	1	5 37	91	. 1	2	374
Marshfield			158		^	47	, o.~	20			ol	45	
Metomen	1,987	205				103	1	19				107	
Oakfield	1,331	190	87	16	ε						4	26	
Osceola	1,280	143	119			24		14			<u></u>		
Ripon, town	1,213	165	64	7		101		10		4	7	. 101	
city, 1st ward) -,	167)	151)	30.)		1 78		165)	m 152) ac	$6 \begin{vmatrix} 31 \\ 22 \end{vmatrix}$ 5	4l -	1 l 71	
city, ist ward	3,507	$\begin{vmatrix} 107 \\ 193 \end{vmatrix}$ 360	131 \ 282	$\begin{cases} 30 \\ 22 \end{cases}$ 52		1 \ 78	3	192 (5	152 28	$6\begin{vmatrix} 31\\20 \end{vmatrix}$ 5	시 .	4 (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
2d ward			151)			il' 90		1		5 2	5	11′ 89	1
Rosendale	1,176						\ I		18			- 9	
Springvale	1,141		134			.					4	٠١ ^	182
Taycheedah	1,324	31	213				. 182					2 87	
Wainin	1,271	169	74	20		2 95		10			0		
Waupuncity, north ward	1,054		109		10) 26	3	11 13	34 13	1 1	5 1	0 28	5]
city, north ward	1,001	100	100	1		,,,,,	1					_	-
	40,000	4 244	4.046	297	10	1 839	1,232	4.4	6 4,9	34 20	7 9	5 819	1,250
Totals	46,822	4,511	4,910	297	10.	1 000	1, 838		T, 00	~	' '	-	812
	1		ì	į.		ŀ	000	Ш	1	1	1	ì	02.0
* .	l .	1	l	1		1		11	1			t	438
Democratic plurality	1		 .		1		. 399						400
Democratio planary											= ====	= ====	
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	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	Н	ł	1	1	1	1
Forest - 9th District	1	I	i	1		1	1	H	1		.1	1 -	.
		30	١.	1 8	1	. 2	61	II .	BOL	4	8	. 2	5
Crandon, 1st pr	187		1	3	1	1 ~	٥١		18	9		.1	θ[
2d pr		1 18	1		1	1 4	ňI	11	16	8		. 1	Ol
3d pr	.1)	16		01		.1	01		101	4 1		-	
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POPULATION, PRESIDENTIAL AND GUBERNATORIAL VOTES—Continued.

	Popula-			President	., 1888.					Governor	, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.
FOREST — Continued. Gagen, 1st pr. 2d pr. 3d pr. 4th pr. Pelican Totals	238	26 24 57 11 52	25 26 7 52	i		31 4		26 24 55 11 53	88 25 28 7 51	1		27 4 2 78	65
Republican plurality		·····				63						63	
GRANT—3d District. Beetown. Boeochel Cassville Cassville Castle Rock Clifton Ellenboro Fennimore Glen Haven Harrison Hazel Green Hickory Grove Jamestown Lancaster Liberty Lima Little Grant Marion Millville Mt. Hope Mt. Hoge Mt. Ida Muscoda. Paris Patch Grove	1,801 1,173 1,554 1,259 726 1,738 1,259 803 1,259 1,764 1,764 1,785 1,149 1,785 1,149 1,785 1,149 1,186 1,192 1,19	149 1212 109 129 127 144 177 105 63 444 444 44 44 55 88 115 82 75	95 78 150 182 97 74 31 83 83 80 96 157 52 153 226 117 79 37 711 844 48 155 107 53	23 34 5 8 20 5 1 18 6 6 1 51 11 18 19 16 19 16 18 19 16 18 18 19 16 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	5	53 113	73 68	143 1442 214 109 27 126 148 182 105 121 149 125 64 448 81 150 91 555 98 116 82 75	96 79 147, 182 99 75 28 81 81 96 157 52 113 222 113 71 38 71 71 45 45 45	23 35 5 7 19 4 1 18 6 6 3 11 3 11 8 15	30 5 1 13 11 6 	47 63 63 67 51 120 101 101 24 25 73 226 71 53 67	78 78

Potosi) .	144	237	11	1	٠ ,	93	146	235	11		1	89
British Hollow district	2,147	68	72	- 1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4	68	71	. 7			ă
	1 101	160	126	64		34	1	159	127	21		32	•
Smelser	1,191	100	78	. ~1		31		110	77	~'		33	• • • • • • • •
Waterloo	1,027				0	21		64	42	5	٩	22	
Watertown	511	63	42	. 5					125				• • • • • • •
Wingvile	1,313	144	125	29		19		145		28		20	
Woodman	486	48	64	.8			16	48	64	.8			16
Wyalusing	743	101	60	14		41		102	60	14		42	
• •													
Totals	37,277	4,242	3,414	449	94	1,341	513	4,264	3,407	434	96	1,359	502
	,		•			513						502	
		i											
Republican plurality						828						857	
republican planality													
Green — 3d District.												1	
	851	78	114	1			36	78	114	1			36
Adams	1,415		66	89	43	119		180	65	95	43	115	
Albany	1,234		80	16	10	110		189	81	16	10	108	
Brooklyn			105	22	82			139	112	23	82	27	
Cadiz	1,490			22	31	4.0	35	116	160	21	29	~1	44
Clarno	1,488	120	155		91	189		338			20	186	44
Decatur	2,322	340	151	59	8	189			152	61	7	190	
Exeter	877	104	111	37	2		7	102	113	36	2		11
Jefferson	1,336		116	35	2	31		147	117	34	2	30	
Jordan	1,174			27	3		31	90		27	3		31
Monroe	1,009	71	120	11	5		49	71		11	5		50
city, 1st ward	1) '		172)	13) 00	$\binom{11}{9}$ 20	52		258) 460	$172 \} 418$	$\binom{13}{10}$ 31	11 20	} 44	
2d ward	\ 3,596	207 (400	$\begin{vmatrix} 172 \\ 242 \end{vmatrix}$ 414	19 (32	9 7	52		204 (40%	246 (410	110 1	91	(44	
Mt. Pleasant	l′ 1.085	115	117	29) ´ 3	1	2	113	119	29	3		6
New Glarus	1,136			1			45	96	141	1			45
Spring Grove	1,128			14	7	103		168		17	7	100	
Sylvester	994				1	76		136		18	l i	73	
Washington	884					1	77	54		1 4		, ,	76
Washington	1,052					121		146		25		110	
York	1,00%	141	~0	20		121		140	7	~~		110	• • • • • • • •
Totals	23,071	2,659	2,098	440	217	843	282	2,625	2, 122	450	214	802	299
Totals	20,011	2,009	2,090	440	211	282		مر مر مر	2,122	400	~14	299	200
	1	1	1	1		202	1				l .	200	
						561		ll .		1	1	F02	
Republican plurality						901		[]				903	
Green Lake — 6th District.		İ		1	1			11	i		1		
Berlin	777			16		69		111		16		69	
city, 1st ward	1,831	1 97)	78)	17)	1	1	l .	[97]	78]	[7]	l	11	1
2d ward		3 97	110	8	1	1	1	95	111	9		11	1
3d ward				12 19		. 55	1	98 455	85 408	3 21		} 52	
4th ward			55	1.1		1	1	185	55	1.	1	П	
5th ward	1	80	74	2	1	I	I	80	74	2	1	[]	I
Brooklyn	1,42	218			J	143	sl	218			1	143	1
DIOURIUM	1,40	, 610	, 11	, 1,				,. ~10		**		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, • · • • •

	Popula-			President	r, 1888.					Governor	ı, 1888.		•
COUNTIES, TOWNS. CITIES AND ELECTION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.
GREEN LAKE—Continued. Green Lake, 1st dist. 2d dist. Kingston Mackford Manchester Marquette Princeton Ste. Marie. Seneca	1,554 954 1,558 1,135 901 12,375 780 540	146 36 64 203 94 100 181 43 49		2 32	1 8 1	64 12 94 35	26	146 35 63 204 94 97 184 43	81 25 90 109 132 69 268 75 48	33 25 2 8		65 10 95 28	27
Totals	16,008	1,702	1,415	125	5	473 186		1,699	1,417	126	4	463 181	
Republican plurality						287						282	
Iowa—3d District. Arena Clyde Dodgeville. Eden Highland Linden Mifflin Mineral Point city, 1st ward. 2d ward Moscow Pulaski Ridgeway Waldwick Wyoming		127 43 491 101 151 256 205 136 124 } 175 103 263 68 73	136 101 297 112 382 103 78 133 146 } 273 62 165 251 123 41	72 98 14 7 7 51 35 39 25 12 12 7 53 16 16		194 153 127 8 19 113 12	11 231 62 55	127 43 493 101 151 256 205 135 168 125 175 175 265 265 68 74	139 101 296 112 382 102 78 113 146 274 128 62 163 250 123 41	70 2 97 14 7 57 35 40 25 11 12 7 52 16 16		197	58
Totals	22,870	2,484	2, 257	461		653 426	426	2, 491	2, 256	463		660 425	425
Republican plurality	<u> </u>			<u></u>		227					<u></u>	235	

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JACKSON — 8th District. Alma Albion Black River Falls, city Cleveland Franklin Garden Valley Garfield Hixton Irving Manchester Melrose Millston, 1st pr 2d pr Northfield Springfield Sullivan, 1st pr 2d pr Totals Republican plurality	895 427 15,902		116 115 160 74 25 53 34 71 86 83 32 87 26 29 30 30 27 15 6	49		79 155 1	23	ŕ	115 117 161 83 24 50 34 711 71 71 84 32 99 26 29 29 30 27 12 6	1 1 5 8 8		157 153 70 37 46 160 19 43 43 70 17 77 106 36 12	32
JEFFERSON — 1st District. Aztalan Cold Springs. Concord Farmington Hebron Ixonia Jefferson, ist dist. 2d dist. Koshkonong Lake Mills Milford Oakland Palmyra Sullivan Sumner Waterloo village Watertown	1,97 1,12 1,67 44,18 53,68 61,92 1,52 1,45 1,39 1,45 1,39	105 97 156	54 180 327 100 177 618 } 722 107 } 448 116 16 16 16 17 4 4 18 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	1 9 55 7 7 7 19 11 31 31 31 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 7 7 19 11 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	11 }	1	621 621 621 621 631 641 641 641 641 641 641 641 641 641 64	106 98 159 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	177 825 97 178 608 \ 718 107 \ 418 1107 \ 418 111 76 7 \ 16 7 \ 16 12 \ 12 28	5 6 } 5 5 5 7 1 1 9 6 4 4 4 4 3	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	81 229 40 501 6 6 6 6

Including Princeton village.
 Including city of Jefferson.

² Including village. ⁵ Including Ft. Atkinson city.

<sup>Including Avoca village.
Including village.</sup>

Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec-	Popula-			PRESIDEN	г, 1888.						Governoi	г, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.		Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
Jefferson — Continued. Watertown, city, 1st ward	1, 936 1, 644 983 659 887	62	244 233 141 107 110 835		3 7 1 1		498	4	60 49 40 833	241 234 140 102 110	i :}	2 6 i } 9		494
Totals	34, 256	2,994	4, 282	204	13	577	1,865 577	-	3,025	4,238	191	15	646	1,859 646
Democratic plurality							1,288	 						1,213
JUNEAU —7th District. Armenia Clearfield. Elroy, city, 1st ward. 2nd ward Fountain Germantown Kildare Kingston Lemonweir Lindina Lisbon Lindon Marion Mauston, city, 1st ward Necedah New Lisbon Orange Plymouth Seven Mile Creek Summit	781 530 573 183 1,033 1,005 529 475 417	104 32 46 42 129 137 83 29 78 (180	64 72 89 12 107 74 22 78	10 \ 23 \ 3 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 27 \ 31 \ 27 \ 3 \ 3 \ 7 \ 4 \ 9 \ 9	10	322 4 4 19 40 30 63 61 186 86 24 41 55	40 43 49 24	7		54 } 134 80 } 62 72 90 12 105 74 22 75	10 } 23 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3	333 66 199 433 633 633 633 633 888 245 443 665 663 663 663 663 663 663 663 663 66	40 45 46 24 110

Wonewocvillage	{ 1,790	123 55	126 66	9 8	i		3 11	124 55	126 65	9 8	i		2 10
Totals	17,024	2,066	1,666	183	11	679 279	279	2,077	1,658	181	11	706 277	277
Republican plurality						400						429	
Kenosha — 1st District. Brighton Bristol Kenosha, 1st ward. 2nd ward. 3d ward. 4th ward Paris Pleasant Prairie Randall Salem Somers Wheatland	961 1,134 1,727 1,373 1,039 958 991 1,494 489 1,382 1,590	170 72 157 87 94 182 115 244 208	$ \begin{bmatrix} 246 \\ 144 \\ 146 \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} 769 \\ 114 \end{bmatrix} $	$ \begin{vmatrix} 9 \\ 5 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix} $ 18 10 8	i 1	130 13 70 113 84	283 20	78 194 170 72 159 88 95 182 116 243 210 84	$\begin{bmatrix} 232 \\ 246 \\ 143 \\ 146 \end{bmatrix}$ 767	4 J	 · }	133 	66 278 17
Totals	14, 137	1,684	1,681	102	1	410 407	407	1,691	1,674	108	1	417 400	400
Republican plurality	<u></u>					3						17	
Kewaunee — 5th District. Ahnapee	1,548 1,063 1,778 1,205 1,714 1,324 1,230 1,637 1,598 941 1,565 1,675	89 68 44 35 65 64 52 85 36 181	151 121 249 198 252 195 139 182 180 145 48 227				75 32 181 154 217 130 65 130 95 109 173 1,361	76 90 91 43 85 67 65 52 85 36 180 58	119 225 199 253 193 128 182 180 145 48	1			75 29 134 156 218 126 63 130 95 109
Democratic plurality							1,228						1,168

										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Characteristic Manney Communication Theory	Popula-			PRESIDEN	г, 1888.					Governo	R, 1888.		
Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec- tion Districts.	tion. 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.
La Crosse—7th District. Bangor Barre. Burns Campbell Farmington Greenfield Hamilton Holland La Crosse, 1st ward. 2d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 7th ward 8th ward 9th ward 9th ward 0 sth ward 2d ward 3d ward Sth ward 9th ward 10th ward 2d ward Shelby Washington	21,740	61 106 55 240 54 326 218 184 2259 243 240 172 244 211 351 229 176 56 62 46	71 71 73 125 184 104 117 33 310 11 372 219 327 143 2., 688 285 152 1187 5 5 32 30 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158	45 44 44 43 44 9 8 11 17 12 16 21 17 18 89 81 11 17 12 16 17 18 19 11 17 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	15 17 14 3 17 6 6 20 25 9	75 83 56 209 185	10 70 50	10	1	47 47 41 10 10 9 20 12 12 12 13 19 89 50 19 89 50 7 5	45 54 109 29	76 32 62 212 185 185	108 49 262 108 57
Totals	34,791	4, 128	3,901	394	133	788 561	561	3,93	3,699	398	516	799 563	56
Republican plurality	<u></u>					227						236	
LA FAYETTE—3d District. Argyle Belmont Benton Blanchard	1, 187 1, 173 1, 417 647	217 139 154 121	87 134 158 74	10 5 13 5	2	130 5	4	21 13 15 12	134 1 161	13		180 5	,

LA FAYETTE — Continued. Darlington Elk Grove Fayette. Gratiot Kendall Monticello New Diggings. Seymour Shullsburg Wayne White Oak Springs. Willow Springs. Wilta	2,641 868 1,112 1,489 325 1,482 839 2,197 1,112 449 1,041 1,696		817 96 106 180 121 43 132 125 269 73 34 181 139	32 36 46 25 1 7 31 2 17 21 17 21 14	2	23 19 9 4 30 122 20		\$38 88 125 197 63 477 162 74 262 194 53 55 274	321 96 107 186 121 43 133 124 269 73 35 181	32 33 45 23 1 6 80 2 17 21 1 35 14	1	17 18 11 4 29 121 18 135	58 50 7
Totals	20,467	2,564	2,275	268	5	544 255	255	2,563	2,284	263	1	535 256	256
Republican plurality						289						279	
LANGLADE — 9th District. Akley. Antigo city, 1st ward. 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward Elcho. Elton, 1st pr. 2d pr. Langlade Neva Norwood Polar Price Rolling Summit. Vilas. Totals	1, 979 270 426 603 297 194 509	45 80 70 81 337 61 81 35 15 5 16 23 36 27 51 54 41	27 63 177 92 49 49 408	1 2 1		6	8 12 2 64 82 48 19 32	25 73 46 81 70 62 81 35 15 5 16 26 36 27 51 57 32 32 39 777	177 407 91 50 29	29 20 19 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		6 	18 90
Democratic plurality				<u> </u>			418						415

Counties, Towns, Cities, and Elec-	Popula-			Presiden	г, 1888.					Governoi	R, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
Lincoln — 9th District. Corning, 1st pr	225 305 5,014 545 157 331 412	76 58 97 78 120 85 82 110 126 64 78	78 70 95	3 13 20 10 14 9	8 3 3 46 34 96 109	33	41	75 56 97 78 121 85 82 110 124 64 78 66	79 74 93 58 109 60 92 60 169 43 49	18 3 14 20 9 15 10 6 8	8 1 4 46 34 9 7	50 29 20 21 29 4	34 34 34
Totals	6,989	1,138			113	181 75 106		1,114	1,050	106	113	177 113 64	ŀ
MANITOWOG — 5th District. Cato. Centerville. Coopertown. Eaton. Franklin. Gibson. Kossuth Liberty. Manitowoc. city, 1st ward 2d ward 4th ward 4th ward	1,923 1,449 1,689 1,381 1,915 1,972 2,104 1,351 1,272 1,640	139 80 96 75 112 112 151 138 160 116 236 698	208 147 225 213 239 157 225 123 91	2 1 4 4	11 35 4 83 11 31 13	28 47		173 185 80 90 76 100 111 151 141 161 116 231 692	150 225 213 239 165 226	1 4 5		28 54	87 15 145 117 164 59 115

225

Manitowoe Rapids Maple Grove. Meeme Mishicot Newton Rockland Schleswig Two Creeks. Two Rivers city Totals	2,210 1,621 1,581 1,660 1,892 1,289 2,062 676 1,264 2,500 38,692	180 62 75 41 173 183 100 16 83 116	154 196 205 264 173 106 283 106 172 838 4,218	8 4 3 3 3 3	8 5 5 5 127	27	184 130 223 183 90 139 222 1,748	182 59 75 42 173 130 97 16 31 116 . 2,681	153 199 205 263 173 109 289 100 173 338 4,237	3 16	7 5 8 2	29 21 23	140 130 221
Democratic plurality							1,515						1,556
Marathon—9th District, Bergen. Berlin Brighton Cleveland Day Easton Eau Pleine Eldron. Halsey Hamburg Hatton Hull Johnson Knowiton Kronenwetter Maine. Marathon Marathon Oitty, village Mosinee, 1st pr 2d pr Norrie Pike Lake. Rib Falls	, ,,,,,,,,	65 100 84 84 15 28 28 28 45 89 45 80 48 49 41 49 55	144 145 76 27 27 111 34 29 23 88 88 88 83 73 41 40 40 32 132 55 66 67 67 77	3 3 5	88 1 8 5 4 4 4 8	39	106 111 17 181 	18 49 65 10 30 21 14 29 45 80 11 35 80 48 48 41 44 44 45 11 43 45 16 44 45 16 44 45 16 44 45 16 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46	14 155 76 27 27 111 48 31 22 28 83 83 73 96 41 40 32 130 53 56 61 61 29 77	3 3 1 5	2 33 1 8 5 7 11 3 2	39	106 111 17 81 27 17 44 44 28 16 40 40 50 82 142 49 50

	Popula-			PRESIDENT	r, 1888.					Governo	r, 1888.		
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
MARATHON — Continued. Stettin. Texas. Wausau. city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward 7th ward Weston. Wien.	871 659 1,424 1,414 1,207 1,176 963 1,508 1,629 1,908 687	99 81 97 115 196 151 118 129 41	168 181 181 135 87 120 120 135 71 196	1 1 1 17 2 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16 19 17 17 5 49 72 31 5	60	67 28	99 84 100 119 197 154 116 18	8 97 7 144 168 178 132 9 83 119 131 72 9 197 1 69	3 1 2 4 2 6 1	16 19 17 5 49 75 32 5	64	1000 299 677 } 144
Totals Democratic plurality	27,059			42			1,303 60 1,243		4 8,850			04	1,306 64 1,248
Marinette — 9th District. Marinette, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward. Peshtigo, 1st pr., vil. 2d pr. 31 pr. 4th pr.	7,834	180 155 231 231 211 184 451 96 211 184 451 95	226 228 190 1, 208 393 166 206 107	7	10 7 15 15 37 5	243	12 41	213 184 45	220 229 4 188 1, 198 391 164 5 107 7 98 4 30 0 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	35 18	16 7 15 15 1 1 34 	243	12 41

Marinette — Continued. Wausaukee, 1st pr	13,494	39 28 1,775	1,707	1 224	13	1 326 318 8 8	318	38 28 1,777	63 28 1,756	224	134	327 306 21	306
MARQUETTE — 6th District. Buffalo . Crystal Lake . Douglas . Harris . Mecan . Montello . Moundville . Neshkoro . Newton . Oxford . Packwaukee . Shields . Springfield . Westfield .	761 515 630 578 746 1,097 351 633 712 587 712 598 560 1,007	64 62 41 98 68 32 68 107	102 44 74 62 74 181 25 88 73 24 65 64 37	5 2	4	29 43 83 32 17 56 58	10 33 83 56 5	85 73 67 62 41 99 71 30 68 107 100 80 94	102 44 72 62 74 181 22 90 73 24 67 65 36	5 2	4	29 49 83 33 15 58 67	17 5 33 82 60 5
Totals	9,487	1,119	1,005	-		318 204 114		1,181	999	27		334 202 132	202
MILWAUKEE — 4th District. Franklin Granville Greenfield Lake Milwaukee, 1st pr., town.	2,359 2,976 7,323	142 301 318	194 246 252 397 130 167	2 5 4	2 8 5 17 13 95	49	46 104 79	147 141 298 320 169 432	392 129	2 6 4	20 20 13 98	44 40 265	48 106 72

O	Popula-	President, 1888.								Governor	, 1888.							
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. Dem.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell, Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.					
MILWAUKEE — Continued.		4000	040)		503	,		1012	2483									
city, 1st ward, 1st pr	1 1/02/		$\begin{bmatrix} 213 \\ 270 \\ 125 \end{bmatrix}$ 850	7 24	1 9 1	37		$\begin{vmatrix} 124 \\ 224 \\ 233 \end{vmatrix}$ 887	11151	8 23	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 61 \\ 42 \\ 12 \end{array} \right\}$ 142	} 40						
2d ward, 1st pr	{	309 J 182) 274	251 216 321	8 ·;	26) 37 54	[];·····	306 J 171 270	258 J 229 J 325	2	27 J 36 1	J]]					
2d pr	17833	232 \ 1,000 108	272 } 1233 213	1 0	40 188 19		224	221 \ 973	281 1275 217	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\2 \end{bmatrix}$ 11	19		$\left \right $ 3					
5th pr 3d ward, 1st pr	{	213 J 93)	211 J 126)	$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	38 J 32 J 50 J		}	206 89 92 45	223 } 132 } 299 1005	8	36 J 30 J 55 O11							
3d pr]] ', 12.	51	$\begin{vmatrix} 294 \\ 575 \\ 215 \end{vmatrix}$ 1010	17	70 150		534	223 454 50 454	379 1025 215	$\left \begin{array}{c} \dot{7} \\ \dot{7} \end{array} \right $	69 211		} 5					
4th ward, 1st pr	1)	171 291 287 } 1308	221 214 239 } 1158	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$ 47	20 39 49 } 166	150		163 276 284 - 1270	$\begin{vmatrix} 222 \\ 231 \\ 234 \\ 1176 \end{vmatrix}$	6 43	24 40 54 182	94						
4th pr 5th pr]	365 194	297 187	16 4	37 21			361 186	295 194	16 4	43							
5th ward, 1st pr	: 1	131 204 110 } 1,094	$\begin{bmatrix} 121 \\ 136 \\ 94 \end{bmatrix}$ 900		$\begin{bmatrix} 30 \\ 30 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}$ 202	194		124 201 106 } 1071	127 140 96 } 901	5 17	$\begin{pmatrix} 31 \\ 31 \\ 18 \end{pmatrix}$ 222	170						
4th pr 5th pr		309 340 215	229 320 218	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	53 74 35			335 202	222 316 234	6 6	60 82 39							
6th ward, 1st pr	1	178	207 150 069	2 17	45 33 004	356		174 183	201 159 1094	i 15	55 43 916	216						
4th pr 5th pr 6th pr	1204.	199 208 273 246	$\begin{bmatrix} 117 \\ 124 \\ 147 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	45 204 52 74		,	196 254 231	126 137 167	5 5	52 58 69	210						
7th ward, 1st pr 2d pr	11	155)	228 212 155 - 669	11	29 21 56	306		151 336	239 220 cco	1 1 17	27	900						
3d pr		$\begin{bmatrix} 293 \\ 175 \\ 297 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 155 \\ 74 \\ 231 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 4\\2\\45 \end{bmatrix}$	{		302 970 181 299	$\begin{bmatrix} 143 \\ 66 \\ 221 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 8\\3\\4 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 3\\2\\48 \end{bmatrix}$	1						
2d pr	10884	360 394 } 1394	200 196 } 840	$\begin{vmatrix} 11 \\ 17 \end{vmatrix}$ 34	55 101 } 377	554		348 383 > 1367	206 208 - 852	11 15 } 32	63 100 } 287	515						
4th pr		212 131	102 111	[ن]	103 73	IJ		208 129	109 108	$\begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	103 73		ļ					

		TOTTORIE	EL ECHILO
		IN CITATION	
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9th ward, 1st pr) [2	[8]	12)	3)	37 88)	[196]		30 162	(8)	ı	38)	i) i	
2d pr	16 390	$\begin{vmatrix} 65 \\ 26 \\ 66 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1644 \\ 1644 \end{vmatrix}$	48 60 75 1355	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 8	$\begin{bmatrix} 84 \\ 54 \end{bmatrix}$ 359	289		421	1500	05 05 00 } 1425	2	8	90 85 50 360	157	,
4th pr 5th pr	10,000	84 11	75 1355 28	$\frac{1}{2}$	66			153 (92 1420	2	٦	50 66	[["	
6th pr] 2	290	32	~	30)		282 J		39	[~]]	31		•••••
10th ward, 1st pr			127 188	") l	62)		315 380		241 317	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	- 1	63	1)	
2d pr	13,862	30 } 1875	48 867	1 10	95 } 381	1,008		514	1792	162 } 936			100 - 384	856	
4 hpr	1 18	335 1	.30	2	62	1 1		325		130	2		63		
5th pr 11th ward, 1st pr			74)	{	48 J 52 \	{		$258 \ 217$		86 211 \	{		47 J 53 1	}	• • • • • • •
2d pr	17 000 1				40 1	259		194			ا 1 ل	2		248	
3d pr			93 ('~'	1 [. ~	$\begin{vmatrix} 49 \\ 115 \\ 105 \end{vmatrix}$ 321	~~	•••••	346	[500	83	1 1	~	47 320 115 320	7 ×40	• • • • • • •
12th ward, 1st pr) !s	2331 1	152		105 i	·	ì	227		1595	151		105 j	اا	ì
2d pr	0.000	198 04-1	205 885	3 14	97 47 372		} 40	198	827	$\begin{bmatrix} 213 \\ 171 \end{bmatrix}$ 910	3 3	13	$\begin{cases} 88 \\ 56 \end{cases}$ 381		89
3d pr			364	101 1	133			271 131		373	0		132		
13th ward, 1st pr	5	1281	(45)	2)	128))		416	1 l	158 1	12)		128))	
2d pr 3d pr	8,352		230 } 502 127 \		186 \ 448 134	664		366 351	1133	$241 \ 530$	6 2	. 5	186 441 137 441	597	• • • • • • •
14th ward, 1st pr	K ľ	761	2791		801		j	72	٠ I:	280 ₹	11		1 88 วั)
2d pr	1	43 85 300	333 1066		$\begin{array}{c c} 59 \\ 61 \end{array}$ 222		766	42 83	282	$\frac{334}{349} + 107$	9 }	. 1	59 229		797
4th pr	IJ	96	108]		22		IJ	85		116	1		22		
15th ward, 1st pr	ا (ا	178	158)	[,]	57)		174	1 1	163 205			61)	1)	
2d pr	} 2	238 273 878	149 618	6 13	84 7 215	260	:::::	239 263	860	155 } ⁶³	$3 \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	- 15	57 22) } 227	
$4 ext{th pr}$]	180 18	105	[7]	22)	Į		184)	110]	7		23	IJ	
16th ward, 1st pr	}	339 { 740 }	$\frac{173}{259}$ { $\frac{432}{259}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 20 \end{array}$ 35	$\begin{bmatrix} 13 \\ 37 \end{bmatrix}$ 50	} 308		336 399		261 \ 43	$8 \begin{vmatrix} 14 \\ 19 \end{vmatrix}$. 33	$\begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 137 \end{pmatrix}$ 49	9 } 297	
17th ward, 1st pr	1 4 017	431 7571	93)	10 10	87 1 400	631		428	1 250	$\frac{96}{37}$ 13	101	12	92	617	
2d pr 18th ward, 1st pr	1,02.		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	39 \ 120 47 \) 551	;·····	322 66) 1	104	7		39 13	15 02.	·····
2d pr	} 4	32 317	375 725	1 7	51 > 140		408	30	> 310	377 > 73		- 7	51 > 14	2	422
Oak Creek	2,151	219) 203	246) 215	6) 9	42)		12	214	204	251) 21	6)	10	41)) ,
Wauwatosa, 1st dist	1) 1	472	375	32	6	97	l		475	37	6	29		5 99	
2d dist	7,829	151 1,079	135 256		39				$144 \\ 1,073$	14 25		2	8	3 814	
	<u> </u>										-				
Totals	187,660	21,394	17, 302	339	4,494	6,305			20,887	17,70	3	333	4,64	5,600 2,416	2,416
Republican plurality						4,092								3, 184	
					1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			= ==		ļ	-	1
¹ Included in 11th ward. ² Included in 2d ward. ³ Included in 4th ward. ⁴ Included in 1st ward.															

¹ Included in 11th ward,

³ Included in 2d ward.

³ Included in 4th ward.

⁴ Included in 1st ward.

_	Popula-			President	r, 1888.]				Governoi	ı, 1888.		
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.		Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
MILWAUKEE — Continued. Vote of the city of Milwaukee	158,509	17,479	14,935	279	4,364	5,016 1,972	1,972		17,484	15,330	274	4,875	4, 335 2, 181	2, 181
Republican plurality						3,044		<u> </u> ::					2, 154	
Monroe —7th District. Adrian Angelo Byron Clifton, Glendale. Greenfield Jefferson La Fayette La Grange Lincoln Little Falls New Lyme Oakdale Portland Ridgeville. Sheldon Sparta. city, 1st ward 3d ward 4th ward Tomah city, 1st ward 2d ward	485 463 944 1,450 344 951 742 1,198 108 677 1,130 1,300 2,790	87 54 81 127 97 185 107 185 107 186 190 113 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190	102 69 182 38 48 41 110 2 91 72 140 58 47 38 66 47 81 58 81 58 81 82 83 84 84 84 84 84 84 85 86 86 87 87 87 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	6 6 9 9 9 15 122 127 177 2 5 8 8 4 47 20 6 8 8 13 13 11 3 30 11 3 3 30 11 3 3 30 11 3 3 30 11 3 3 30 11 3 3 30		33 104 55 28 121	3 43 11 2	79 95 96 64 75	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ 328 $\begin{bmatrix} 78 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ 229	139 58 89 51 41 65 46 46 82	100 66 88 100 33 155 155 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	1	166 677 222 1022 111 888 533 144 35 104 555 83	58 2 109 1 1 44 11
3d ward Wellington Wells		75) 117 52				37) 19	75	5) 118 53	79	6)	5 ···) 27	39	

Wilton	1,099	777	154	2			77	77	154	2		1	77
Totals	23,549	2,695	2,138	246		874 317	317	2,710	2, 135	251	29	894 319	319
Republican plurality						557						575	
Oconto — 9th District. Chase Gillett How. Little River, 1st dist. 2d dist. Little Suamico. Maple Valley Oconto, 1st dist. 2d dist. city, E. ward. N. ward W. ward S. ward Oconto Falls Pensaukee, 1st dist. 2d dist. 3d dist. Stiles Totals	1,011 446 } 985 1,003 1,025 1,006 } 4,880 } 1,928 801 13,205	62 79 37 72 53 4 142 76 38 124 50 90 90 27 124 66	116 485 148 38 26 16 19 85	4) 6 2	1 1 1	69 80 15 2 50 	144 522 438 8 105	75 38 379	1148) 38 27 15 19 85	2 3 3 4 6 1 9	1 1 1	711 799 155 20 500 122 633 13 105 410 251	14 58 42 12 107
Republican plurality						167						159	•
Oneida— Eagle River, 1st dist		217 83 42 93 368 18	246 29 35 159 368 31	4		4 7		217 33 41 93 367 16	369	2		 3 5	29
Democratic plurality	<u></u>						97						104

9

Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec-	Popula-			Presiden	т, 1888.					Governoi	ı, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.
OUTAGAMIE — 6th District. Appleton, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward 6th ward Black Creek Bovina Buchanan Center Cicero Dale Deer Creek Ellington Freedom Grand Chute Greenville Hortonia Kaukauna, 1st dist 2d dist city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward 4th ward 5th ward Osborn Maple Creek New London, 3d ward Osborn Seymour city, 1st ward 2d ward	3,239 477 470 842 331 656 926 821	247 895 895 895 109 102 885 109 102 885 108 177 100 108 111 103 103	324 1,296	113 7 6 7 3 3 11 11 12 13 13 14 27 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	3 1 10 2 2 3 1 10 2 2 3 2 2 3 3 1 10 2 2 3 3 3 1 10 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	10 22 36 53 { 48	181 159 51 3 24 79 56 66 139 1 246	84 111 102 89 17 58 66 110 73 107 111 109 153 20 45 55 74 67 64 21 45 66 13 85 103 61 39 100	108 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 198 19	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1	1 1 1 3 3 6 6 8 8 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14 12 12 12 13 367 367 46	181 159 47 1 15 81 157 58 139 248
Totals	35,559	2,759	4,000	187	118	247	1,488 247	2,779	4,005	185	99	245	1,471 245
Democratic plurality		<u></u>					1,241						1,226

OXAUKEE — 5th District. Belgium Cedarburg city Fredonia Grafton Mequon Port Washington Saukville Totals	1,820 1,655 1,293 1,850 1,649 3,050 1,174 1,518 1,780	13 82 118 57 85 217 40 59 79	264 204 124 258 212 331 147 234 252 2,026	3	27 83 9		251 122 6 201 127 114 107 175 173	18 84 110 54 88 220 41 60 79	264 202 127 260 210 327 146 227 252		9		251 118 11 206 123 107 105 177 173 1,270	
Democratic plurality		<u></u>					1,276						1,270	
Pepin — 8th District. Albany Durand city, 1st ward 2d ward Frankfort Lima Pepin. Stockholm Waterville Waubeck Total Republican plurality	496 324 } 902 650 770 1,583 821 1,265 161 6,972	70 34 52 75 } 127 75 } 96 48 225 145 161 20	23 27 60 } 93 33 } 93 110 51 16 100 13	7 10 } 34 24 } 27 10 38 6 39 177	3	7 34 68 174 129 61	62	71 85 74 } 126 74 } 96 46 225 146 161 20	60 } 93 33 } 93 27 112 51 16 100 13 461	$egin{array}{c c} 10 \ 24 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		8 33 69	66	ELECTION OFFICE CO.
Pierce — 8th District. Clifton Diamond Bluff Ellsworth village El Paso Gilman Hartland Isabelle Maiden Rock village Martell Oak Grove Prescott, city	729 538 1,919 775 1,093 1,32 211 1,438 1,211 968 1,000	67 180 108 62 62 164 171 1 28 3 172 30 1 190	19 77 8 99 90 11 15	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 2 4 1 1 6 6 1 9 3 3 1 1 3	43 100 77 13 1 10 10 2 15 9 2 9 13	8 5 7 . 28 6 4	180 108 6 163 177 29 177 3	19 76 38 38 38 4 90 56 67 55 5 5 5 5 5 6 6	10 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3	1 104 25 9 154 0 25 134	26	****

PIERCE - Continued. Rep. Dem. Pro. Lab. plu. plu. Rep. Dem. Pro. Lab. plû. plu. plu.														Leaners were
TION PRECINCTS.	Companies Towns Company and Even				President	, 1888.					Governor	г, 1888.		
River Falls	TION PRECINCTS.						Rep. plu.						Rep.	Dem.
Polit	River Falls lotty, E. D Rock Elm Salem Spring Lake Trenton Trimbelle Union	11,578 1,006 587 1,016 889 1,401 913	205 137 74 134 134 134 171 66	114 92 48 49 37 60 97	97 22 42 18 23 59 41	12 1 1	91 45 26 85 97		206 137 74 134 135 172	109 92 48 50 36 59	40 22 42 17 23 58	12	97 45 26 84 99	
Polx — 8th District. Alden, 1st dist 1,467 109 31 15 78 109 31 15 78 2d dist 2d dist 78 8 5 70 79 7 5 78 78 2d dist 2d	Total	19,645	2,477	1,158	542	46		59	2,483	1,158	537	47	2,000	68
Alden, 1st dist 1, 467 100 31 15 78 100 31 15 78 2d dist 78 2d dist 78 8 5 70 79 7 7 5 78 22 34 48 12 2 36	Republican plurality						1,319				-	••••••		<u></u>
Lincoln 700 119 41 32 43 59 16 37 43 Loraine 163 22 13 32 78 118 41 33 77 Luck 410 54 29 25 56 27 3 9 Milliown 449 51 52 25 56 27 3 9 Oscola 1,625 109 37 14 70 1 50 52 1	Alden, 1st dist 2d dist Apple River Balsam Lake Beaver Black Brook Clam Falls Clayton Clear Lake Eureka Farmington Garfield Georgetown Laketown Lincoln Loraine Luck Milltown	530 403 569 1,502 170 721 1,035 211 570 700 163 410 449	78 47 55 17 75 24 143 173 70 77 94 32 59 119 22 54	8 13 25 25 22 22 12 18 40 29 20 21 16 41 13 29 29	5 2 1 2 48 2 20 25 47 9 5		70 84 80 53 12 125 133 40 	18	79 48 55 23 75 23 144 173 80 101 32 59 118 22 56	77 122 25 24 21 13 19 39 27 16 41 18 22 27	5 2 1 1 2 49 20 26 47 9 5 87 33		72 36 30 54 10 125 134 46 88 89 43 77 9	16

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village St. Croix Falls Sterling West Sweden Totals	622 713 258 12,881	46 30 93 98 28 1,703	20 16 33 15 9	29 9 5 11 11 332		26 14 60 83 19 	86	47 30 92 101 28 	20 16 33 12 9	28 9 6 10 11 334		97 14 59 88 19 1,140	18
Republican plurality						1,072						1,122	
PORTAGE — 9th District. Alban		122 35 181 85 242 12 49 185 224 49 185 224 115	39 94 307 107 185 209 238	1 4 12 14 15 35		60 138 249 92 92 40 63 142 76 148	61 35, 7 180 3 	26 49 122 35 181 85 242 12 49 182 223 223 277 88	38 39 9 94 307 107 108 186 209 238	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1 2 16	60 140 249 89 40 	295 58
Stockton	1,659					1 07/1	151	93				1.090	151
Totals		<u> </u>	2,322	167	1	1,071 790 281		2,575	2,322		22	1,036 783 253	
PRICE — 9th District. Brannan, 1st pr 2d pr Fifield Georgetown Hackett	898	. 27	19 1 181 1 19	21	3	16 8 28 12 20 county.		36 27 201 22 27	19 184	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3	16 8 17 8 20	

Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec-	Popula-			PRESIDENT	r, 1888.					Governo	R, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	1885.	Harrison, Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep. Plu.	Dem.
Price — Continued. Ogema, 1st pr. 2d pr Prentice, 1st pr. 2d pr. Worcester.	904	23 62 16 335	27 16 49 11 277	5		133 7 13 5 5		160 23 62 16 338	16 49 10			133 7 13 6 64	
Totals	3,071	914	619	101				912	620	101		292	
Republican plurality	====					295				l =======		292	
RACINE — 1st District. Burlington Caledonia Dover Mt. Pleasant Norway Racine, 1st ward. 2d ward 4th ward. 5th ward. (th ward. 7th ward Raymond Rochester Waterford Yorkville. Totals	2, 773 2, 829 929 9, 541 990 1, 990 2, 037 2, 951 3, 618 2, 856 3, 506 2, 350 1, 744 1, 619 1, 567	159 273 379 230 230 2, 192 508 431	412 404 404 114 119 128 350 350 350 350 152 89 69 152 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	18 18 24 37 7 15 117 40 9 47 60 45 25 23 23 51 536	13 4 12 3 24 62 51 51 62 51 1 283	154 16 68	154 230 13	271 374 229 506 423	413 401 113 139 64 138 114 285 342 1,795 318 379 219 87 69 151 62 3,293	29 24 40 7 19 26 44	5	130 99 372 159 14 69 181	157 227 10
Republican plurality	<u> </u>					621						630	

RICHLAND — 7th District. Akan Bloom Buena Vista Dayton Eagle Forest Henrietta Ithaca Lone Rock, vil. Marshall Orion Richland Ward Ward Ward Ward Ward Westford Willow	976 1,462 1,128 1,151 1,302 1,018 1,107 1,195 	84) 221 131 102 83	31) 121 129 94 161	13) 23	4 3 1 5 3 1	22: 3 70 92: 7 102: 56 63 151 100: 2 8		84)	116 168 98 133 168 172 117 134 44 155 108 116 257 221 130 98 82 140	23) 50 } 10 31 } 19	6 7 0 8 7 1 1 5 9 3 2 3 3 4 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	17 21 22 10 11 19 34 16 10 20	8 5 2 15	52 21 3 70 95 6 	i 	
Totals	19,303	2,467	1,740	292	21	811 84	84		2,457	1,7	4	294	25	804 81		
Republican plurality						727	<u></u>	<u> </u>						723		
Rock — 1st District. Avon Beloit. city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. Center Clinton Clinton, vil Edgerton, vity Fulton Harmony Janesville city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 5th ward.	1,506 1,498 921 1,219 2,178 1,628 1,479 1,131 956 2,567 1,942 1,497 2,720	210 891 258 97 202 196 174 183 199 132 116 329 256 236 2304 1,211 204 204	81 49 119 106 89 65 81 50 201 147 124 90	10 33 77 24 7 7 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12		54 536 8 137 115 124 	18	205 230 255 326 256	96 202 197 178 185 199 131 116	80 49 118 106 3	11 1 37 39 27 30 35 55 1 50 1 5 8 9 1 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	84 84 7 15 27 13 9 11]	14	

	Popula-		:	President	., 1888.					Governor	ı, 1888.		
Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec- sion Districts.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.
Rock — Continued. Johnstown La Prairie Lima Magnolia Milton Newark Plymouth Porter Rock Spring Valley Turtle Union Evansville, vil	1,087 903 1,085 1,158 2,141 1,097 1,290 1,326 1,157 1,350 1,160 2,578	138 173 154 413 164 183 197 123 278 194	65 51 98 115 38 107 125 119 57	9 9 20 24 44 12 8 25 7 16 8 8 28		76 72 4 221 133 138		128 137 169 154 404 164 182 199 121 278 196 180	127 65 55 99 118 38 107 125 122 57 59 53	9 10 20 24 47 12 9 25 6 16 8 8 28		1 72 114 55 286 126 75 74 221 137 136 182	i
Totals	42,620	6, 225	3,501	478	13	2,742 18		6, 193	3,509	508	7	2,699 15	
Republican plurality	<u> </u>					2,724						2,684	
Sr. Croix—8th District. Baldwis, 1st dist 2d dist Cady Cylon Eau Galle, 1st dist 2d dist Emerald. Erin Prairie Forest. Glenwood Hammond Hudson city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward	768 827 } 1,074 592 1,216 181 1,493 706 } 2,821	94 41 41 892 127 48 10 16 197 148; 49 64 156	19 57 65 47 16 85 211 21 21 21 21 129 75 54	111 19 8 77 13 36 7 10 15 34 10 4 4 4 4 4	12 6	75 37 45 111 116 116 19	24 37 201 5	62) 156 > 378	72 119 57 65 47 16 84 210 20 81 133 74 55 122 289	11 19 8 77 1 13 37 9 10 17 34 10 14 4 4	13 6 7	142 75 37 45 111 116 11 89	

Kınıtickinnick New Richmond, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Pleasant Valley Richmond River Falls, 1st ward Rush River St. Joseph Somerset Springfield Stanton Star Prairie Troy Warren Totals	579 860 153 628 880 1,098 1,373 836 919 877 813	· 1884	3 92	33 81 15 3 54 59 6 12 14 19 10 18	15	96 10 10 4 19 72 105 54	66 14 68 7	104 55 187 71 62 43 17 60 84 123 181 137 101 97 2,753	41	33)	15	8 94 8 12 4 4 18 72 104 58	66 16 63 8 443	
Republican plurality			•		49	629		2,100	2, 100			618	*****	
SAUK —7th District. Baraboo city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Bear Creek Dellona Delton Excelsior Fairfield Franklin Freedom Greenfield Honey Creek Ironton Lavalle village Merrimac Prairie du Sac Prairie du Sac Seedsburg city, 1st ward 2d ward Sauk City Spring Green. 1 Includes the village	1, 356 1, 495 24 1, 370 18 1, 303 17 853 648 841 1, 286 646 1, 033 1, 120 832 1, 250 1, 445 1, 553 866 21, 161 	193 2	98 68 836 111 836 122 122 122 13	38 47 40 89 11 7 37 28 38 25 39 25 31 19 32 11 32 11 32 12 34 12 35 29 41	i} 1)	20 34 27 47 50	169) 55 62 129 167 107 65 173 85 109 157 114 56 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	94 342 134 134 126 80 42 93 34 115 60 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	40 \ 40 \ 92 12 \ 12 \ 5 5 25 25 25 25 27 16 5 11 11 11 29 \ 40 22 22 22 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	i) 8	50	71 18 50 20 33 26 50 55	

				President	, 1888.			1		Governor	. 1888.		
Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec- tion Districts.	Popula- tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.
SAUK — Continued. Sumpter	747 1,002 1,213 1,482 838 1,369	124 75 92	70 173 115	1 4		77 100 54 41	98 23	107 147 123 75 91 139	81 48 70 173 116 98	89 7 17 1 5 41	81	76 99 53	
Totals	80, 359	3,410	2,648	538	32	1,194 432	432	3,400	2,657	535	34	1,189 446	446
Republican plurality						762						743	
Sawyer — 9th District. Hayward, 1st pr	> 2,431	439 31 72	190			185	159	439 31 72	251 190 67	1		188	159
Totals	2,431	542	511	. 1		190 159		542	508	1		193 159	159
Republican plurality						31						34	
SHAWANO — 9th District — Almon Angelica Aniwa Belle Plaine Birnamwood Fairbanks Germania Grant Green Valley Hartland Herman Hutchins	381 467 180 875 449 566 1,008 596 1,431 716 2,111	69 72 102 88 44 26 67 122	21 71 93 59 84 4 107 29 119	4	5	48 1 9 29 22	40 40 12 89	123	59 21 70 94 56 84 4 107 28 120 92 26	4	1 3 5	48 5 7 32 22 95	14 Sv

16	Lessor Maple Grove Morris Noorris Navarino Pella Richmond Seneca Shawano, city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Washington Wauketchon Wittenberg Totals Republican plurality	1,059 207 182 779 663 269 1,287 36 1,188 835 678 16,629	151 5 1 67 60 162 1,775	7 > 156	8) 6	3 3 3 3 23	83 76 13 2 2 111 519 380 139	63 1 5 81 24	60 1 30 62 1	113 73 84 31 53 118 31 152 57 43 67 60 168	156	8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 25	3 3	2 2 117 533 884 149	63 1 4 82 24 384
	HEBOYGAN — 5th District. Greenbush. Herman Holland, 1st dist. Lima Lindon Mitchel Mosel. Plymouth city, 1st ward. 2d ward. Rhine Russell Scott Sheboygan city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. 4th ward. 5th ward. 6th ward. 7th ward. 7th ward. 8th ward. Sheboygan Falls. Sheboygan Falls, village.		94 9168 100 25 81 11 13 1,004 18	255 90 142 236 34 36 38 36 1,542	i 1	34 34 24 27 41 398 71 67 779		161 81 136 } 538	176 197 110 113 103 115 29 148	185 159 334 154 154 286 285 80 76 180 89 9 168 89 96 284 289 182 986 83 134 134 135 136 1370	173 228 106 25 163 101 154 132 186 260 93 142 242	1	24 5 6 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 32 22 28 40 5 77 390 77 8	122 228 129 123 184 48	74 18 18 171 84 146 579

· .	Popula-			President	r, 1888.					Governor	, 1888.		
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.		Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.
Sherbayaan — Continued. Sherman Wilson	1,774 1,154	99 110	258 101			9	159	98 110				9	161
Totals	38,600	3,729	4,320	73	449	768	1,359 768	3,683	4,386	. 65	436	759	1,462 759
Democratic plurality						<u></u>	591		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				703
TAYLOR — 9th District. Browning Chelsea. Deer Creek Green Wood Grover Little Black Medford Monitor Pine Creek Rib Lake Westboro Totals	1,049 440 1,005 2,348 365 496 5,703		20 78 60 28 18 135 239 28 18 28 60	2 2 4 8 15		23	94	22 76 50 21 41 111 210 8 36 101 112	27 78 60 27 18 137 239 28 18 31 60 -	2		18 749 52 163 98	5 2 10 6 26 29 20 9
Republican plurality	===												
TREMPEALEAU — 8th District. Arcadia Albion Burnside Caledonia Chimney Rock Dodge	3, 243 716 1, 199 403 676 570	244 120 90 67 112 5	377 35 158 27 22 66	42 28 5 21 1			183 68 61	246 122 90 67 112 5	376 35 159 27 22 66	42 26 4 2 1		87 40 90	130 69 61

Ettrick Gale Hale Lincoln Preston Pigeon Sumner Trempealeau Unity Totals Republican plurality	1,876 1,967 1,511 952 1,802 1,016 850 1,571 760 19,112	288 254 148 113 284 89 131 231 85 2,261	56 153 162 100 80 116 55 101 53 1,571	21 1 27 30 13 21 26 10		13 204 76 130 32 993 303		288 253 149 116 286 91 132 235 84 2,276	661 154 161 99 79 114 55 100 54 1,567	229	1	222 99 17 207 77 135 30 1,004 295 709	295
Vernon—7th District. Bergen Christiana Clinton Coon Forest Franklin Genoa Greenwood Hamburg Harmony Hillsborough Jefferson Kickapoo Liberty Stark Sterling Union Viroqua city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Webster Wheatland Whitestown Totals	> 1,091	285 156 208 137 164 102 101 138 141 1207 136 149 85 149 154 73 216 61 153 216 153 153 124	61 78 76 19 19 25 89 30 41	66 528 44 33 113 66 9 11 24 14 34 14 9	3 3 4 4 3 4 4 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	249 1088 1790 1000 666 244 36 79 76 700 599 46 85 30 1400	27	131 151 125	27) 89 40	13 12 65 8 1 3 3 4 25 8 29 12 9	3 1 1 2 3 9 	170 98 67 24 40 87 74 70 62 46 85 93 143 121 42 111 85	27
Republican plurality		<u> </u>				1,776						1,781	

Counties, Towns, Cities, and Elec-	Popula-			Presiden:	r, 1888.					Governo	R, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu,
Walworth — 1st District. Bloomfield Darien. Delavan East Troy Elkhorn Geneva La Fayette La Grange Lake Geneva, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Linn Lyons Richmond. Sharon Spring Prairie. Sugar Creek Troy Walworth Whitewater city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward.	1, 201 1, 343 2, 544 1, 406 1, 249 977 1, 008 838 2, 281 2, 281 1, 459 2, 101 1, 176 1, 101 1, 408 838 1, 335 1, 335 1, 459	205 431 140 140 161 183 135 167 189 131 189 131 189 131 189 119 119 129 139 142 239 154 163 228 556	148 2113 135 112 62 80 34 40 } 52 122 30 } 42 135 84 108 62 58 97 71	16 16 16 31 73	1	62 218 74 104 78 81 149 290 125 54 47 278 140 81 45 168 86			145 214 133 111 63 81 42 135 124 135 85 110 62 59 97 70 67 113 103	17 92 7 38 36 14 13 14 16 1 29 6 10 10 13 14 13 13 14 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	1	133 57 205 78 106 74 48 80 148 283 125 47 276 276 167 89	
Totals	27,802	4,473	2,028	·563	93	2,445		4,447	2,036	584	94	2,411	
Republican plurality		<u></u>				2,245					•••••	2,411	
Washburn —8th District.													
Bashaw, 1st pr	} 1,510	335 85 16	92	80 6 4		149 4	7	833 85 16	186 92 12	83 6	1	147	7

▼eazie, 1st pr 2d pr	} 161	{ 29 49	21 52	14 2		8	3	{ 29 51	21 52	14		8	i
Totals	1,671	514	363	106		161 10	10	514	363	107	1	159 8	8
Republican plurality						151			<u></u>			151	
Washington — 2d District. Addison Barton Erin Farmington Germantown Hartford city, 1st ward 2d ward Jackson Kewaskum Polk Richfield Schleisingerville Trenton Wayne West Bend city, 1st ward 2d ward Totals	1,892 1,235 1,306 1,704 2,073 1,481 1,217 1,813 1,563 1,641 1,088 415 2,046 1,496 846 1,284 23,692	99 67 128 173 130 93 } 183 90 } 186 194 147 95 26 73 181 49 23 } 66	156 178 217 211 205 58 } 148 90 } 129 153 177 211 65 282 118 109 } 101	2 2			300 116 39 209 52 148	189 193 146 94 25 74 164 47 23 } 67	58 } 148 90 } 148 126 155 179 212 66 280 137 103 } 104 } 213	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		36 63 38 27	237 57 113 88 38 70 33 118 41 206 56 146
Democratic plurality							1,003			=====			1,039
WAUKESHA — 2d District. Brookfield Delafield Eagle Genesee. Lisbon Menomonee. Merton. Mukwonago Muskego New Berlin Oconomowoc	2, 137 1, 666 1, 148 1, 337 1, 446 2, 315 1, 617 1, 132 1, 516 1, 710 1, 418	219 145 197 207 174 225 178 143 111	144 146 167 316 146 101 145 201	22 18 14 42 6	15	51 40	142 2 90	148 217 144 197 207 172 223 173 144 114	144 199	1 13 24 19 18 12 42 42	2	74 50 39 74 72	145

Counties, Towns, Cities and Elec-	Popula- tion,	·		PRESIDEN	т, 1888.					Governo	r, 1888.		
TION DISTRICTS.	1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep.	Dem. plu.	Hoard. Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.
Waukesha — Continued. Oconomowoe, city. Ottawa Pewaukee. Summit Vernon Waukesha, 1st pr. 2d pr.	2,714 962 2,414 1,199 1,228 } 5,224	319 156 302 119 198 431 398	304 123 78 348 320	19 2 15 9 38 35	2	80 68 120 83 78		319 155 304 120 196 436 407	237 89 804 120 80 338 314	20 2 13 9 38 36 28	2 4	82 66 116 98 93	
Totals	31, 123	3,839	3,456	297	83	781 398	398	3,848	3, 445	302	24	797 394	394
Republican plurality						383						403	• • • • • • •
WAUPACA — 9th District. Bear Creek Caledonia Clintonville, city Dayton Dupont Farmington Fremont village. Helvetia. Iola Larrabee Larrabee Little Wolf Matteson Mukwa New London, ist ward 14th ward 5th ward	1,856	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = 184 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	103 108 107 311 112 26 54 34 18 18 17 71 139 54 135 39 10 159 60	14 19 22 55 1 1 1 1 1 14 5 7	6 4 1 7 7 2	74 136 52 197 35 234 80 111 12 28 29		$\begin{bmatrix} 50 \\ 50 \end{bmatrix} = 177 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$	103 106 107 32 112 25 54 34 18 17 72 139 54 130 66 168 39 76	2 16 15 2 5 5 11 1 1 2 2 2 4 4 1 1 1 4 6 6 1	6 4 1 7	711 1411 522 199 355 2344 78 1111 9 588 31	35 73 22 7
Royalton	1,238 774	128 203	95 20	10		33 183		130 204	93 20	10 6		37 . 184	• • • • • • •

Scandinavia Union. Waupaca city Weyauwega village.	1,118 918 957 1,810 } 1,307	266 83 143 344 61 63	11 87 48 71 57 96	8 3 14 36 4 4		95 273 4	33	268 81 144 847 62 59	11) 88 48 70 56 98	70 4 14 34 4 5	33	257 96 277 6	7 39
Totals	25, 340	3,385	1,769	167	53	1,886 270	270	3, 383	1,778	163	53	1,885 280	280
Republican plurality						1,616			====			1,605	
WAUSHARA — 6th District. Aurora Bloomfield Coloma. Dakota. Deerfield. Hancock Leon Marion Mt. Morris Oasis Plainfield Poysippi Richford Rose. Saxville Springwater Warren Wautoma	1, 204 1, 389 652 548 446 613 818 631 670 672 856 565 564 516 551 754 726	89 158 56 89 133 92 96	46 53 58 22 39 39 27 23 28 20 21 48 59 15 11 11 81	66 2 14 1 13 12 3 6 7 7 14 8 5 1	177 3 100 2	123 72 158 68 110 		170 169 92 88 88 130 130 105 148 103 183 191 153 56 89 133 91 148	27 20 26 18 20 53 59 15 22 12	10 2 2 15 15 12 2 2 2 14 2 35 2 4 4	177 3 100 22	124 116 35 60 60 83 95 92 78 128 77 165 71 100 74 111 99	8
Totals	13,921	2,245	663	159	33	1,585	3	2,258	658	157	83 	1,603 3	8
Republican plurality	 					1,58						1,600	
Winnebago — 6th District. Algoma	1,315	52 129	45 107 120 66	1	o 1 1 5 vutagamie	3	55 	129	107 121	8	11 0		55

Connected Towns Contro AND Fired	Popula-			PRESIDEN	r, 1888.					Governo	R, 1888.		
COUNTIES, TOWNS, CITIES AND ELEC- TION DISTRICTS.	tion, 1885.	Harrison. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	Rep. plu.	Dem. plu.	Hoard Rep.	Morgan. Dem.	Durant. Pro.	Powell. Lab.	Rep.	Dem.
WINNEBAGO — Continued. Menasha, city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. Neenah. city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward. Nekimi Nepeuskun Omro Oshkosh. city, 1st ward. 2d ward. 4d ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. 4th ward, 1st pr. 2d pr. 5th ward. 6th ward, 1st pr. 2d pr. Poygan. Rushford. Utica. Vinland. Winchester.	1,084 689 1,003 601 4,910 1,193 1,028 2,716 1,584 3,302 3,204 5,606 2,541 1,800 1,076 1,090	48 61 100 120 119 25 114 125 115 148 37.4 105 253 459 1927 284 249 76 285 168 139 157	45 140 94 264 475 393 512 2173 192 837 131 89 51 74 66	1	11 30 75 16	33 103 234 11)	153 117 118 25 405 248 456 248 456 287 249	15 118 47 45 78 140 04 273 474 390	23 17 8 14 49 15 78 8 8 8 8 8 8 16 8 8 16 8 16 8 16 8 16	14 35 94 16 1 1 6 9 30 103 51 80 83 121 2 8	3 102 233 8	27
Winneconne village Wolf River	2, 066 9 09	129 156 49	67 84 121	6	9	62 72	72	1	57 82 58 66 49 121		9 2 1	75 92	7
Totals	50, 395	4,938	4,611	402	682	1,046 719	719	4,8	85 4,609	401	713	1,045 769	76
Republican plurality						327						276	

Wood—9th District. Auburndale. village. Village. Centralia, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Grand Rapids. city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Lincoln. Marshfield city, 1st ward 2d ward 3d ward Milladore. Port Edwards. Pittsville, 1st ward. 2d ward. 3d ward. Remmington. Richfield Rock. Rudolph. Saratoga Seneca. Sherry. Siegel. Vesper. Wood.	812 480 2,090 901 556 	3	9 144 144 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 1	5	622 100 155 166 173 699	\$ 3 41 4	38 54 38 54 38 569 777 17 17 17 84 275 84 52 44 44 120	3) 93 195	11	3) 5 1) 5 1) 2	14 18 5 5 5 11 15 17 70 69 53 61	3 89 93 103 119 3 49 49 70 482 392
Democratic plurality						ļ	80				 	ļ	90

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1884-1888—BY COUNTIES.

Counties.	Blaine. Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	St. John. Pro.	Butler. G. B.	Harrison, Rep.	Clevel'nd Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Street- er. Lab.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Euffalo Burnett, Calumet. Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Doog Door Door Dooglas Dunn Eau Claire Florence Florence Fond du Lac Forest. Grant Green Lake Iowa Jackson Juneau La Crosse La Crosse La La Fayette Langlade Lincoln Manitowoc Marathon Marinette. Manquette Milwaukee, Monroe Oconto Oneida Outagamie. Ozaukee Pepin. Piece Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Racine. Rawano Sheboygan Flylor Florex Sauk Sawyer, Shawano Sheboygan Flylor Frempealeau Vernon Walworth Washburn Washburn Waukesha Waupaca Waushara	1,002 1,084 1,695 431 2,946 1,545 1,953 3,470 3,545 1,536 6,222 3,145 1,838 3,470 2,568 2,060 2,912 1,705 2,568 2,060 2,912 1,705 2,545 2,060 2,912 1,705 2,545 2,060 2,912 1,705 2,544 2,940 16,841 2,644 2,746 2,471 2,746 2,780 2,144 2,746 3,780 2,145 3,557 3	454 672 792 243 3,681 1,225 2,73 2,136 2,500 1,244 2,630 2,630 1,615 1,117 1,202 2,949 4,878 1,239 2,949 4,878 1,239 2,237 2,006 3,442 2,237 2,006 3,442 1,078 623 3,438 4,203 3,385 6,207 1,710 1,557 2,006 3,442 2,277 1,710 1,557 2,006 3,442 2,237 2,237 2,063 3,448 1,078 2,247 1,710 2,256 3,449 1,078 2,277 2,256 3,449 1,078 2,277 2,256 3,449 1,078 2,277 2,256 3,498 1,785 2,115 1,785 2,115 1,785 2,115 1,785 2,115 1,782 2,972 3,281 1,782 4,688 1,699	9 16 70 70 144 48 48 48 48 48 53 248 55 77 15 70 15 70 12 70 12 70 70 12 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	5 19 34 31 36 104 77 47 47 45 115 70 291 124 288 11 4 4 79 13 326 16 46 48 28 28 28 26 5 1 7 7 7 7 7 19 11 11 11 11 18 11 187 23 26 65 65 63 901 97	1, 102 2, 868 1, 860 1, 205 2, 655 2, 655 2, 655 2, 655 2, 655 2, 655 2, 2, 250 3, 779 6, 827 3, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183 2, 183 1, 183 2, 183	426 22, 233 3, 554 1, 331 1, 984 1, 5846 2, 5822 3, 5846 1	166 556 2833 277 133 888 230 46 2833 144 393 3 62 1,082 255 50 493 3 297 7 19 10 440 266 37 19 42 224 266 37 19 15 542 175 542 175 542 167 101 556 282 167 175 542 282 167 175 542 282 167 175 542 282 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167	5 6 6 1 1 142 142 143 142 142 143 142 141 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161
Total	161, 135	146, 453	7,649	4,598	176,553	155, 232	14,277	8,552

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT AND STATE OFFICERS, 1888, BY COUNTIES.

	P	residen	t, 1888			Govern	nor, 18	88.	
Counties.	Harrison. Rep.	Cleveland. Dem.	Fisk. Pro.	Streeter. Lab.	W. D. Hoard. Rep.	James Morgan. Dem.	E. G. Durant, Pro.		Scatter-
dams	1, 102 2, 868	426 2,233	16 56	5	1, 100 2, 856	$\frac{430}{2,201}$	15 53	6 .	• • •
Ashland	1,800	885	283	6	1,794	881	295	6.	
Asmand Barron	1,205	708	27 133	96	1,204 2,663	$707 \ 3,540$	27 115	····ii2	· · ·
Brown	2,655 1,754	3,554 1,331	. 88	1	1,767	1,316	86	6	.
Burnett	490	69	230		491	69	228		
Calumet	952	1,984 2,506	46 283	142	954 2,678	1,982 2,503	44 282	145	٠.
Chippewa	2,685 2,260	1,297	144	22	2,263	1,286 2,652	144	32	
ChippewaClark ColumbiaCrawford.	3,509	2,650	393	13	2,263 3,506	2,652	389	14	
Crawford	1,799	1,564 6,426	62 1,082	42 6	1,806 6,844	$\frac{1,562}{6,410}$	59 1,079	34	
Drawford. Dane Dodge Door Douglas Dunn Eau Claire.	6,827 3,186	6,046	212	40	3,144	6,078	218	39	
Door	1,688	1,018	55	2	1,688	1,039	52	2	
Douglas	1,183	778 1,299	19 50	3 91	1,181 2,526	$\frac{776}{1,302}$	15 285	92	• • •
Dunn	2,531 3,203	2,412	493	162	3,215	2,396	492	164	
Florence	321	227	3	11	313	236	3	. 11	٠
Fond du Lac	4,511 234	$\frac{4,910}{217}$	297	101	4,496 233	4,934 218	397	95	
Forest	4,242	3,414	449	94	4,264	3,407	434	96	
GrantGreen	2,659	2,098	440	217	2,625	2,123	450 126	214	• •
Freen Lake	1,702	1,415 $2,257$	125 461	5	1,699 2,491	1,417 2,256	463		
Iowa Jackon	2,484 2,090	986	255		2,093	1.000	247		
Tefferson	[2,994]	4,282	204	13	[3,025]	4,238	191 181	15 11	
Juneau	2,066 1,684	1,666 1,681	183 102	11	2,077 1,691	1,658 1,674	108	i	
Juneau Kenosha, Kewaunee	849	2,077	1		878	l 2,046	1	l	ļ
La Crosse	4, 128	3,901 2,275	394 268	133	3,935 2,563	3,699	398 263	516	
La Crosse La Fayette	2,564 774	1, 192	208 96	5	777	2,284 $1,192$	93	l	
Langiade Lincoln	1,138	1.0321	107	113	1,114	1,050	106	113	
Langlade Lincoln. Manitowoc.	2,703	4, 218 3, 365	19	127 304	2,681 2,114	4,237 $3,356$	16 42	125 317	٠٠.
Marathon	2,122 $1,775$	1,767	$\frac{42}{224}$	127	1,777	1,756	224	134	
Marmette	1,119	1,005	26	4	1,131	999	27	4	
Marinette Marquette Milwaukee	21,394	17,302 2,138	339 266		20,887	17,703 2,135	333 251	4,647 29	
Monroe	2,695 1,315	1,148	37	7	1,313	1,154	35		
Oneida	771	868	6		[] 767	871	6		
Outagamie	2,759	4,000 2,026	187			4,005 2,025		99 86	
Ozaukee	750 926	461	175		926	461	175		١
Pierce	2,477	1,156	54%	46	2,483	1,158	537	47	1
Polk	1,703	2, 322	332 167		1,728 2,575	2,32	334 165	22	
Milwaukee Monroe Oconto Oneida. Ontagamie Ozaukee. Pepin Pièrce Polk Portage Price Racine. Richland Rock. St. Croix Sauk	2,603 914	1 619	101		918	620) 101		1
Racine	3,947	3,326	530	5 283	3,92	3,298	46%	314 25	
Richland	2,467	1,740 3,501	292 478		2,457 6,198	1,734 3,500	1 294 508		١
Rock	6,225 2,759	2,100	529	49	2,758	2,135	530	52	
Sauk	3,410	2,648	538	32	3,400	2,657	71 535	34	١.,
Sawyer	542 1.775	511 1,636	3	23	1,78	1.63	2	23	il
Shawano	1,775 3,729	4,320	7		0 3,683	4,380	5 6		i
Sauk Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor Trempealeau.	792	719	1	<u> </u>	788) (20			1
Trempealeau	$2,261 \\ 3,316$	1,571 1,540	239 26		2,276 3,32	1,54	26	3 40	j .
Vernon Walworth Washburn	4,473	2,028	56	3 98	4,44	2,03	58	1 94	١.
Washburn	514	363	10	3	. [514	1 36	3 10°	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$	١.
Washington	1,869	2,872 3,456	29	38	1,85 3,84	3,44	5 30	2 24	
Waukesna	3,839	1.769	16	7 59	3,38	1,77	8 16	3 53	3
Washington Waukesha Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca Waupaca	2,245 4,938	663	15		2, 25	8 65	8 15		
WILLEDASO	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4,611 1,984	40				9 40 6 3	8 79	9 .
Wood	1,904				-11	-	-	_	- -
Total	. 176,553	3 ¹ 155, 232	14,27	7 ^l 8,559	2 ^{JL} 175, 69	6 155,42	3 14.37	$3^{ }$ 9, 196	ĎΙ

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1888 - Continued.

		ieutena	nt-Gov	ernor.			Secreta	ry of S	tate.	
Counties.	Geo. W. Ryland. Rep.	Andrew Kull. Dem.	Chris. Carlson. Pro.	Nelson E. Allen. Lab.	Scatter- ing.	Ernst G. Timme. Rep.	August C. Larson. Dem.	Nelson La Due. Pro.	Wm. M. Lockwood. Lab.	Scatter-
Adams	1,105	426	14	6		1,107				
Ashland	2,869	2,179	55			1,107	424	14	6	ij
Rarron	1,796	876	297	6	• • • • •	1 708	2,173	55		
Bayfield	1,203	706	27	Ŭ		2,878 1,798 1,200	876 711	292	6	1
Brown	2,657	3,545	132	99		2,659	3,544	26 132		
винаю	1,763	1,321	87	5		1,801	1,281		99	
Burnett	490	69	230			490	69	87 230	5	1
Calumet	954	1,982	45	145		967	1,969	45	145	
Chippewa	2,683	2,500	280			2,678	2,492	278	140	' • • •
Clark	2,263	1,294	146	22		2,273	1,284	147	22	١
Columbia	3,510	2,644	3 98	13	1	3,515	2,642	396	13	
Crawford	1,805	1,563	59	34		1,805	1,563	62	34	
Dane	6,853	6,395	1,093	5	1	6,887	6,366	1,083	5	
Dodge	3, 180	6,042	224	46		3,188	6,040	224	40	1
Door	1,693	1,038	52	•••••		1,705	1,021	52		
Douglas	1,181	776	16	3		1,180	779	16	3	
Dunn	2,529	1,306	281	89		2,500	1,335	279	92	
Eau Claire	3, 216 322	2,403 228	496	163		3, 157	2,440	485	162	١
Florence	4,503	4,916	308	11		319	231	3	11	١
Fond du Lac	234	216	900	97		4,507	4,915	302	102	l
Forest	4, 225	3, 410	447	95	1	$\begin{array}{c} 234 \\ 4,250 \end{array}$	216	9		
Green	2,646	2, 101	449	217	-1	2,648	3,408	449	95	
Green Lake	1,702	1,411	128	4	••••	$\frac{2,048}{1,706}$	2,097	450	217	١٠٠٠
Iowa	2 487	2, 258	460	*	••••	2,486	1,408	128	4	
Jackson	2,487 2,085	996	255			2,086	2, 258 994	461	• • • • • • •	• • •
Jefferson	2, 993	4, 280	206	14	···i	3,000	4,276	257		
Juneau	2,072	1,666	182	9	-1	2,073	1,665	210 182	8	
Kenosha	1,692	1,673	108		2	2,028	1,331	102	9	
Kewaunee	848	2,074	1		11	819	2,077	102	• • • • • • • • •	i
La Crosse	4, 123	3,890	399	124		4, 143	3,875	404	104	• • •
La Fayette	2,567	2,276	266	3		2,568	2, 273	269	3	
Langlade	775	1, 194	94			781	1,189	93	o,	
Lincoln	1,116	1,048	104	113		1,110	1,055	103	113	
Manitowoc	2,702	4,213	17	128		2.736	4, 178	15	128	• • • •
Marathon	2,104	3,374	43	311		2, 117	3, 365	42	311	٠
Marinette	1,770	1,756	226	135		1.7771	1,755	226	135	
Marquette	1,126 21,389	999	26	4	[]	1,128	1,002	26	4	
Milwaukee	21,389	17, 102	344	4,654		21,716 $2,702$	16,877	347	4,642	
Monroe	2,700	2, 141	264	27		2,702	2,137	263	27	
Осоню	1,316	1,150	36	. 6	• • • •	1,317	1,149	36	6	
Oneida	770	4 000	6 188	110		770	869	6		
Outagamie	2,757 756	4,006 2,026	100	117 86	۱۱ ۰۰۰۰	2,771	3,991	187	119	
Ozaukee	925	460	177	00		763	2,019	4	86	
Pepin	2,477	1, 157	547	4	• • • • []	925 $2,477$	459	177		
Pierce	$\tilde{1}, 720$	613	335	*		1,724	1,157	547	46	• • •
Portage	2,579	2,263	161	22		2,578	614 2,317	328		• • •
Price	914	620	101	~~		922	612	166 101	22	• • •
Racine	3,937	3, 285	458	317		3, 982	3, 252	454	313	• • •
Richland	2 460	1,736	299	25		2,461	1,736	299	24	• • •
Rock	6,218	3.491	505	8		6,218	3,489	502	8	• • •
St. Croix	2,757	2, 129 2, 642	532	51	1	2,763	2, 124	532	51	• • •
Sauk Sawyer	3,407	2,642	551	83		3,404	2,644	551	331	•••
Sawyer	542	510	1			542	510	1	- 00	• • • •
Snawano	1,787	1,635	25	20	[]	1,792	1,627	25	20	• • • •
Sheboygan	3,736	4,319	72	445	[]	3,750	4,301	72	450	•••
Taylor	793	719	15			807	706	15		
rempealeau	2,265	1,573	235		1	2,263	1,575	235		
Vernon	3,322	1,510	266	47		3,324	1,510	268	47	
Walworth	4, 444	2,034	579	94	ا[4,476	2,002	585	94	
Washburn	514	363	107	1		514	362	108		
Washington!	1,877	2,868	11		[[1,879	2,868	11		
Waukesha	3,840	3,447	315	22	ا …	3,861	3,426	314	22	
Waupaca	3,386	1,765	171	53		3,389	1,764	165	53	
Waushara	2, 252	663	159	33	اانن	2,253	662	159	33	
Winnebago	4,898	4,613	368	689	38	4,909	4,608	406	684	
Wood	1,909	1,982	38	65	••••	1,909	1,977	38	65	
1-					11					
Total	176,488	154,735	14,533	8,763	46	177,495	153, 921	14,537	8,721	

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1888 - Continued.

		State 1				1 .	4ttorne	y-Gene	eral.	
Counties.	Henry B. Harshaw. Rep.	Theodore Kersten. Dem.	L. W. i Hoyt. Pro.	Alfred Manheimer Lab.	Scatter- ing.	Charles E. Estabrook. Rep.	Timothy E. Ryan. Dem.	Chas. E. Pike. Pro.	Kerellio Shawyan.	Scatter-
Adams	1,105	426	14	6		1,105	426 2 185	14 55	6	
Ashland	2,855 1,797	2, 187 878	55 295	6	11	2,868 1,792	2, 185 884	294	6	
Barron Bayfield	1,207	701	27			1,206	707	27		
Brown	2,611	3,588	131	99		2,654	3,548	132	99	• •
Buffalo	1,764 490	1,319 69	87 230	5		1,762 490	1,320 69	87 230	5	
Burnett Calumet	867	2,056	44	140	3	950	1,984	45	135	١
Chippewa	2.678	2,499	275	 .		2,675	2,499	273		١
Clark	2,260	1,297 2,641	147 396	22 13	2	2,258 3,508	1,299	147 397	22 13	١
Columbia Crawford	3,514 1,804	1,563	62	34	. ~	1,804	2,648 1,564	62	34	l::
Dane	6,858 3,211	6,377	1,101	5	1	6,838	6,405	1,091	5	١
Dane Dodge Door	3,211	6,015	224	40		3,180	6,046	223	43	
Door	1,693 1,181	1,037 776	52 19	3		1,693 1,180	1,036 777	52 19	3	
Douglas Dunn	2,528	1,306	281	90		2,530	1.304	281	90	1.
Eau Claire	3,211	2,390	501	162		3,203	2,386	495	161	
Florence	322	228	3 301	11	···i	322	228 4, 923	300	11 99	ŀ
Fond du Lac	4,514 234	4, 905 216	301	100	1	4,498 234	4, 925 216	300 9	99	١
Forest Grant	4,260	3,400	447	95		4,270	3,395	444	94	
Green Green Lake	2,648	2,098	450	217		2,649	2,097	450	\$17	
Green Lake	1,705	1,408 2,236	129 456	9		1,702 2,485	$1,411 \\ 2,258$	128 461	4	٠.
Iowa Jackson	2,510 2,087	7,250	257		i	2,085	995	257		1::
$ \text{Jefferson} \dots $	3,035	4,240	206	15		2,992	4,282	207	14	١
Juneau Kenosha	2,073	1,664	182	9	5	2,071 1,690	1,666	182 108	9	1
Kenosha	1,692 847	1,670 2,079	107	· · · · · · · · ·	9	1,690 847	1,676 2,079	108		١
Kewaunee La Crosse	4, 127	2,079 2,890	394	120		4, 137	3,891	399	118	ı
La Fayette	2,567	2,890 2,275	267	. 3		2,566	2,277	266	3	
Langlade	779	1,192 1,043	93 101	113		776	1,194 1,047	93 105	113	
Lincoln Manitowoc	1, 122 2, 729	4, 163	19	145		1,115	4,204	103	122	
Marathon	2,100	3,376	43	312		2,718 2,109	3,371	43	311	١.,
${f Marinette}$	1 774	1,757	226	135		1,772	1,730	224	135	
Marquette	1,126	1,004	26 345	4,644		1,122 21,389	1,008 17 120	26 355	4,636	
Milwaukee Monroe	21,394 2,701	17,051 2,141	263	27		2,701	17, 120 2, 141	263	27	i
Oconto \dots	1,315	1,151	36	6		1,317	1,149	36	6	٠ -
Oneida	770	869	100	110		2,755	869 4,006	6 191	117	.[• •
Outagamie	2,749 755	$\frac{4,011}{2,027}$	189	116		2,755	2,027	191	86	
Pepin	925	459	177			925	759	177		
Ozaukee Pepin Pierce	2,476	1,186	547	46		2,477	1,158	546	46	· -
POIK	1,725 2,577	613 2,317	334 166	21		1,721 2,578	613 2,318	332 166	22	
Portage Price	7,911	623	101		1	7,915	619	101		1
Racine	3,937	3,290	458	313		3,937	3, 291	458	313	
Richland	2,461	1,735	209	25		$\begin{bmatrix} 2,461 \\ 6,217 \end{bmatrix}$	1,736 3,484	299 503	24	
Rock St. Croix	6,218 2,766	3,488 2,120	502 533	51		6,217 2,766	2, 120	533	51	
Sauk	1 3.403	2,642	552	33		3,400	2,648	551	33	
sawyer	542	445	1		J	542	511	1		
Shawano	1,777 3,728	1,645 4,325	24 71	20 448		1,787 3,739	1,635 4,313	25 72	20 449	
Sheboygan Taylor	3,777	4,323	15	440	i	784	727	15	110	7
Trempealeau	2, 264	1,574	236			2,264	1,574	236		
$Vernon \dots$	3,324	1,508	269			3,322	1,511	269	45	
Walworth	4,453 514		588 108			4,449 514	2,026 363	588 107	94	
Washburn Washington			111		::::	1.869	2,877	111	1	
Waukesha	3,840	9 444	91/	22		9 714	3 573	312	20	
Waupaca	3, 392	1.762	171	53		3, 389 2, 252	1,765 663	172 159	53 33	<u>د ا</u>
Waushara Winnebago	2,250 4,984	600	, 108			4,878	4,630	409		
Wood	1,878		38	65		1,908	1,982	38	65	
Total	<u> </u>	·	44 50	0.5	-	180 071		14 500	0 800	1-
	176,567	154,539	14,545	8,748	69	176,351	154,943	14,582	8,709	41

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1888 - Continued.

	State	Super	intende	nt, 188	38.	Rail	road Cor	nmissi	oner. 1	888
Counties.	Jesse B. Thayer. Rep.	Amos Squire. Dem.	H. Gould. Pro.	Jos. W. Stewart. Lab.		Atley Peterson. Rep.	Herman Naber. Dem.	E, W. Drake.	Frank S. Heines. Lab.	Scattering
Adams	-		 		ŭ	▼	- I		E	တ္ထ
Ashland	1,106 2,869	425 2,180	14 55	6		1,10			6	
Barron	1,802	873	292	6		2,83 1,79	1 2, 184 6 877	55 295		16
Bayfield						1,20 2,64	6 707	26		
Brown Buffalo	2,655 1,765			98		2,64		133	98	
Burnett	490	1,516	230	5		1,76 49		87 230	5	
Caramet	954	1,982	45	145		95	1,982	45	146	
Chippewa Clark	2,664 2,265	2,491	266			2,660	2,490	266		
Columbia	3,510	1,294 2,647	144 396	22 13		2, 259 3, 507		147	22	
Crawford	1,804	1,563	62	12		1,828		396 62	13 6	
Dane	6,864	6,389	1,067	5	1	6,898		1,094	5	
Dodge Door	3,215 1,693	6,007 1,036	217 52	40		3, 171	6,050	224	40	1
Douglas	1,171	784	19	3	····i	1,698 1,188	1,036 775	52		
Dunn	2,539	1,296	282	90		2,530	1,304	$\frac{16}{281}$	89 89	••••
Eau Claire Florence	3, 239 325	2, 377 227	491	160	2	3,200	2,408	494	164	
Fond du Lac	4,506	4,916	301	11 99	····i	322		3	11	
Forest	233	217	9		1	4,504 219	4,918 230	302	99	• • • •
Grant	4, 250	3,411	447	95		4,245	3,410	449	93	••••
Green Lake	2,655 1,693	2,096	450	215	1	2,648	2,097	450	218	
Iowa	2,486	1,418 $2,260$	127 459	. 4	••••	1,701 2,486	1,412 2,258	129	4	• • •
Jackson	2,087	995	255		···i	2,486 2,086	2,236	461 257	••••••	• • • •
Jefferson	3,000	4,276	202	14		2,993	4 280	206	15	
Juneau Kenosha	2,072 1,690	1,667 $1,676$	181 107	9	٠٠ ا	2,069	1,669	182	9	
Kewaunee	850	2,076	101		1	1,691 848	1,676 2,078	107	•••••	1
La Crosse	4, 133	3,886	397	120	i	4,068	3.941	399	121	• • • •
La Fayette Langlade	2,568 776	2,275	267	3		2,570	2,273	267	3	
Lincoln	1,117	$1,193 \\ 1,046$	93 105	113	••••	770	1,197	93		
Manitowoc	2,702	4,212	23	121		1,116 2,703	1,047 4,209	105 17	113 128	• • • •
Marathon	2,702 2,113	3,369	42	311		2,109	3, 370	43	312	• • • •
Marinette Marquette	1,774 1,126	1,758	219 26	135	۱'۰۰۰۰	1,769	1,746	225	153	
Milwaukee	21, 437	1,004 17,031 2,136	341	4,637	::::[ˈ	1, 126 21, 424	1,004 17,073	26 351	4 051	• • • •
Monroe	2,700	2, 136	261	27		2,702 1,296	2,141	263	$4,651 \\ 27$	• • • •
Oconto Oneida	1,347	1, 147	40	6	1	1,296	1,170	36	6	
Outagamie	771 2,751	868 4,005	6 191	1161	····	770	869	6	الدودسيا	
Ozaukee	755	2,027	4	86	::::	2,75 0 755	4,010 2,027	191	117 86	• • • •
Pepin	928	456	177			925	459	177		
Pierce Polk	2,530 $1,117$	1,118 613	532 332	46		2,478	1,156	547	46	
Portage	2,578	2,318	166	22	::::	1,720 2,577	612 2, 318	337 166	22	• • • •
Price	916	618	101			912	622	101	22	• • • •
Racine Richland	3, 936 2, 459	3, 292 1, 735	459	313	ر	3,938	3, 289	460	313	
Rock	2,459 6,225	3, 486	299 497	25 8	1	2,465	1,731	299	25	• • •
St. Croix	2,759	2, 126	532	51		6, 221 2, 767	3,490 $2,119$	503 533	8 51	•••
Sauk	3,406	2,642	549	33	1	3,404	2,645	551	33	•••
Sawyer Shawano	543 1,791	509	25 .		ا[542	509	1.		
Sheboygan	3,747	1,633 4,305	72	20 450		$\frac{1,435}{3,769}$	$1,964 \\ 4,313$	21 72	15	• • •
Taylor	793	720	14 .			701	720	15	450 .	• • •
Trempealeau	2, 272 3, 327	1,566	236		اا:	2,265	1.572	236		
Vernon Walworth	3, 327 4, 454	1,508 2,017	268 592	45 94	2	3,343	1,490	269	45	2
Washburn	517	363	108	<i>3</i> 4	::::	4,453 513	$2,021 \\ 364$	578 108	95 .	• • •
Washington \dots	1,881	2,866	10].		,	1,879	2,866	11		···i
Waukesha Waupaca	3,841	3,445	312	22	···il	3,845	3,445	314	21	î
Waushara	3, 389 2, 224	$1,766 \\ 691$	170 159	53 . 33 .		3, 389 2, 253	1,765 662	172	53 .	• • •
Winnebago	4,908	4,613	417	680	iil	2, 253 4, 900	4,618	159 406	33 685	• • •
Wood	1,908	1,980	30	64		1,908	1,982	38	65	
Total	176 778	154,570	14,489	8,690	15	176, 124	155 000			
	1.0,110	101,010	14,400	9 , 090	1911	170, 124	155, 087	14,573	8,7331	23

Jesse B. Thayer's plurality, 22,208.

Atley Peterson's plurality, 21,037.

ELECTION STATISTICS.

VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1888 - Continued.

	Insurance Commissioner.					
Counties.	Philip Cheek, Jr. Rep.	Evan W. Evans. Dem.	S. M. Bixby. Pro.	Ritner Stephens. Lab.	Scatter- ing.	
		405	11	6		
Adams	1,108 2,856	425 2,183	11 56			
Ashland	1.797	877	295	6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Bayfield	1,207	705	27 131	96		
Barron. Bayfield Brown Buffalo Burnett.	2,654 $1,765$	3,550 1,318	87	5		
Buffalo	490	69	229		1	
Calumet	954	1,981	62 266	129		
Chippewa	2,657 2,260	2,491 1,298	147	22		
Clark	3,511	2,646	396	13		
Crawford	1.804	1,562	61	34 5	,	
Dane	6,849	6,379 6,040	1,095 222	41		
Dodge	3,179 1,693	1,036	52			
Door	1,181	775	19	3	· · · · · · · · · · ·	
Galumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Dodge Door Douglas Dunn Eau Claire Florence Fond du Lac Forest	2,529	1,307 2,402	291 493	89 163	1	
Eau Claire	3,207 322	2,402	. 3	11		
Florence	4,501	4,920	303	99	1	
Fond du LacForest	234	216	9 447	102		
Grant	4, 241 2, 649	3,412 2,097	450	217		
Grant	1,702	1,412	128	4		
Green Lake	2,414	2,340	449 255	[
Jackson	2,088 2,995	993 4,280	205	15		
Jackson	2,995	1,607	181	9		
Juneau	1,692	1,675	107		, .	
Kewainee	848	2,077	398	122		
Jefferson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse	4, 132 2, 567	$3,914 \\ 2,275$	268	3		
La Fayette	774	1,195	94			
Langiage	1,117	1,045	105 17	113 128		
Manitowoc	2,702 2,106	4,212 3,375	43	312		
Marathon	1,774	3,375 1,758	196	135		
La Crosse. La Fayette Langlade. Lincoln Manitowoc. Marathon Marinette. Milwaukee	1, 124 21, 424	1,004	26	4,643		
Milwaukee	21,424 2,703	17,092 2,141	346 261	27		
Monroe	1,317	1,148	36	6		
Oconto	741	898	6	115		
Outagamie	2,755	4,011 2,027	189 4	86		
Ozaukee	755 926	459	176			
Pepin	2,476	1,159	547	46		
Polk	1,721	613 2, 318	332 166	22		
Portage	2,578 915	618	101	1		
Marquette. Milwaukee Monroe Oconto Oneida. Outagamie Ozaukee Pepin. Pierce Polk Portage. Price Racine. Richland Rock St. Croix. Sauk	3,938	3,288	460	313		
Richland	2,449	1,717	299 501	23		
Rock	6,218 2,759	3,489 2,130	530	51	l	
St. Croix	3,343	2,719	534	33		
Sauk	542	510	1 1	20		
Shawano	1,786 3,738	1,633 4,314	25 72	420		
Sheboygan	791	720	15			
Taylor	2,266	1,573	235	46		
Sauk Sawyer Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor Trempealeau Vernon Walworth	3,326	1,510 2,022	268 588	94		
Walworth	4,456 514	363	108			
Washburn	1,879	2,868	11			
Waukesha	3,832	3,447	313 170	21 53		
Waupaca	3,390	1,765 663	159	33		
Vernon. Walworth Washburn Washington. Waukesha Waupaca. Waushara. Winnebago.	2,252 4,903	4,615	405	684		
vv 10000000000	1,905	1,982	38	65		
Wood	1 2,000	1	1			

SUMMARY OF GUBERNATORIAL VOTE.

1848.		1	
Dewey, democrat	10 500	Fairchild, republican	60 F00
I weedy, wnig	. 14,449	Robinson, democrat	. 61,239
Dewey's majority	, 0895		8,263
1849.		Washburn 1871.	
Dewey, democrat Collins, whig	16,649 11,317		. 68,910
Dewey's majority		Washburn's majority	. 9,391
1851.		Taylor, democrat	
Farwell. whig Upham, democrat	22, 319 21, 812	Washburn, republican	66, 224
Farwell's majority	507	Taylor's majority	15, 375
1853.	===	Ludington, republican. Taylor, democrat	85, 155
Barstow, democrat	30, 405		
Holton, republican Buird, whig	21,886 3,304	Ludington's majority	841
Barstow's plurality	8,519	Smith republican	
1855.	===	Smith, republican. Mallory, democrat Allis, greenback	78, 759 70, 486 26, 216
Barstow, democrat	36, 355 36, 198	Smith's majority	
Barstow's majority	1157	1070	
1857.		Jenkins, democrat.	100,535 $75,080$
- · ·	44, 693	Smith, republican Jenkins, democrat May, greenback	12,096
Randall, republican	44, 239	Smith's majority over both	12,509
Randall's majority	454	1881	
1859.		Rusk, republican Fratt, democrat	81,754
Randall, republican	59,999	Lamouse, prominition	13, 225
	52,539	Ams, greenback	81,754 69,797 13,225 7,002
Randall's majority	7,460	Rusk's plurality	11,957
Harvey, republican	53,777	Rusk, republican Erett demograf	
Ferguson, democrat	44,456	Fratt, democrat.	163,214 143 945
Harvey's majority	8,321	Fratt, democrat. Hastings, prohibition Utley, greenback	8,545
•	====	outer, greenback	4,274
Lewis, republican Palmer, democrat	72,717 49,053	Rusk's plurality	19,269
	49,000	Rusk, republican	100 0/5
Lewis' majority	23,664		133, 247 114, 529
1865.	==	Olin, prohibitionist	17,089 21,467
Fairchild, republican	58, 332 48, 330	Rusk's plurality	18,718
Fairchild's majority	10,002		10, 110
	====	Hoard, republican	175, 696
Fairchild, republican	72 627	morgan, democrat	155, 423 14, 373
Tallmadge, democrat	73,637 68,873	Durant, prohibition	14, 373 9, 196
Fairchild's majority	4,764		
	====	Hoard's plurality	20,273

¹ This certificate was set aside by the Supreme Court.

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE IN WISCONSIN.

From 1848 to 1888.

Note — Names indented denote unsuccessful candidates. Figures in left hand column denote the number of the election, from the first presidential election in 1789 to the twenty sixth in 1888.

	LEC-		Vote	FOR C.	ANDIDATI	s.	a	OTAL VO	OTE.	
Number.	Year.	CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.	Popular.	Per cent. Popular.	Majority.	Electoral.	Popular.	Increase Popular.	Per cent. Increase.	Electoral.
16	1848	Zachary Taylor Lewis Cass	13,747 15,001	35.1 28.3	1,254*	4	39, 166			4
17	1852	Martin Van Buren Franklin Pierce Winfield Scott	10,418 33,658 22,210 8,814	26.6 52.0 34.4 13.6	2,604	5	61,712	25,546	65.2	5
18	1856	John P. Hale James Buchanan John C. Fremont Millard Filmore	52,843 66,090 579	44.2 55.3	12,668	 5	119,512	54,800	84.7	5
19	1860	Abraham Lincoln John C. Breckinridge John Bell	86, 113 888 161	56.6 .6	20,040	5	152, 180	32,688	27.8	5
20	1864	S. A. Douglas Abraham Lincoln Geo. B. McClellan	65,021 83,458 65,884	42.7 55.9 44.1	17,574	8	149, 342	2,8381		l
21	1868	Ulysses S. Grant Horatio Seymour	108, 857 84, 707	56.2 43.8	24, 150	8	193,564	44,222	29.6	8
22	1872	Ulysses S. Grant Horace Greeley Charles O'Conor	104, 997 86, 477 834	54.6 45.0	17, 686	10	192,308	1,256+	.71	10
23	1876	Rutherford B. Hayes Samuel J. Tilden .	130,668 123,927	51.0 48.4	5,205	10	256, 131	63,823	33.2	10
24	1880	Peter Cooper	27 144,398 114,644 7,986 68	54.1 42.9 03.0	21,709		267, 182	11,051		10
25	1884	J. B. Phelps Grover Cleveland James G. Blaine J. P. St. John Benj, F. Butler	146, 477 161, 157 7, 656	45.8 50.4 02.4 01.4	2,426	11		1		
26	1688	Benjamin Harrison	. 155, 232	49.7 43.7 04.2 02.4		.	354, 614			11

Plurality.

†Decrease.

VOTES GIVEN FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT.

Statement of votes given for Associate Justice of Supreme Court of the State of Wisconsin, at the Judicial Election held on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1887.

~	Harlow	Scat-	Total.	Counties.	Harlow	Scat-	Total.
Counties.	S. Orton.	tering.	Total.	COUNTILES.	S. Orton.	tering.	
			004	35	758		758
Adams	901		901	Marinette	1,034		1,034
Ashland	294		294	Marquette	27,779	3	27,782
Barron	1,167	1	1,168 419	Milwaukee Monroe	1,644		1,644
Bayfield					292		293
Brown	1,851		1,851	Oconto Oneida	358		353
Buffalo			1,478		2,387	2	2,389
Burnett	224	· · · · · · · · ·	224	Outagami e	1,980		1,960
Calumet	1,205		1,205	Ozaukee	611		811
Chippewa	692		692	Pepin	1,572	71	1.643
Clark.	1,186	2	1,188 2,962	Dolla	1,158		1,173
Columbia	2,961	. 1	1,375	Polk	1,968		1,970
Crawford	1,373	8		Portage	639		639
Dane	5,918		5, 926 4, 484	Racine	1.181	2	1.183
Dodge	4,483			Richland	1,665		1,675
Door	1,055		1,066	Rock	3,855		3,857
Douglas	121		121	St. Croix	1,726		1,728
Dunn	1,589		1,593		1,774	ĩ	1,770
Eau Claire	1,172	31	1,204	Sauk	170	1 1	175
Florence	158		158	Sawyer Shawano	1,616	2	1.618
Fond du Lac	4,014		4,016		2,409		2,409
Forest	55		55	Sheboygan	667		~, 667
Grant	2,249	1	2,250	Taylor			1,247
Green	1,056	12	1,068	Trempealeau	2,258	ĩ	2,259
Green Lake	971		971 893	Vernon Walworth	1,904	i	1,905
Iowa	893			Washburn	1, 30		30
Jackson	1,040	25	1,065		2,522		2,522
Jefferson	2,900		2,900	Washington Waukesha	2,250	97	2, 347
Juneau	1,460		1,460	Waukesna	1,772	3	1,775
Kenosha	730		730	Waupaca	1,788	24	1.812
Kewaunee	2,013		2,013	Waushara	2,391		2,391
La Crosse	960		977	Winnebago	961	·····i	7, 962
La Fayette			1,625	Wood	301	1	
Langlade	484		484	1			
Lincoln	533			1.			
Manitowoc	2,906		2,906	Total	127,944	364	128, 308
Marathon	1,446		1,446	Total	121,944	304	1.0,000
	1	I	, (J	1		

OFFICIAL VOTES GIVEN FOR CIRCUIT JUDGES.

SECOND CIRCUIT.

Election held April 5th, 1887.

County.	Daniel H. Johnson.	Newton S. Murphy.	Scattering.	Total.
Milwaukee	14,606	13, 192	2	27,800

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

Election held April 3d, 1888.

Counties.	George Clement- son.	Scattering,	Total.
Crawford	4,174	28 4 16 4 2 54	1,783 4,128 1,882 2,555 2,478 12,826

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

Election held April 3d, 1888.

Counties.	Alfred W. Newman.	Scattering.	Total.
Clark Jackson La Crosse Monroe Trempealeau Vernon Total.	1, 293 1, 613 2, 400 2, 117 2, 172	9 17 1 1 5 7	1, 358 1, 312 1, 614 2, 401 2, 122 2, 179 10, 935

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

Election held April 3d, 1888.

Counties.	R. D. Marshall.	W. P. Swift.	Scattering.	Totai.
Barron. Burnett Chippewa. Douglas Polk. Washburn Total	2,767 431 1,080 544	1,311 294 1,106 395 1,168 335 4,609	7 1 12	2,381 647 3,873 838 2,248 879

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

$Election\ held\ April\ 3d,\ 1888.$

Counties.	John R. Bennett.	Scattering.	Total.
Green Jefferson. Rock	2,360 3,300 3,866	344	2,363 3,300 3,910
Total	9, 526	47	9,573

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

Election held April 5th, 1887.

	Counties.	A. Scott Sloan.	Scattering.	Total.
Washington Waukesha		2,518 2,306	3 97	2, 521 2, 403
Total		11,279	100	11,379

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

$Election\ held\ April\ 5th,\ 1887.$

Counties.	J. K. Parish.	W. H. Packard.	W. M. Tomkins.	J J. Miles.	Tctal.
Ashland Bayfield Oneida Price Sawyer Taylor	293 34 370 239 3 1,021	898 172 27 15 338 7	398 18 8 145 2 15	286 489 32 72 1	1,875 713 437 471 344 1,043

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The following is the act relating to the amendment of section 1 of article 10 of the state constitution, followed by the vote by counties given for and against the proposition, at the general election held November 6, 1888:

[No. 563, A.]

[Published April 30, 1887.]

CHAPTER 357.

AN ACT to submit to the people an amendment to section 1, of Article 10, of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin, relating to education.

Whereas, At the biennial session of the legislature of this state for the year 1885, an amendment to the constitution of this state was proposed and agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, which proposed amendment was in the following language: Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, That section 1, of Article 10, of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 1. The supervision of common schools shall be vested in a state superintendent and such other officers as the legislature shall direct. The legislature may prescribe by law the qualifications of the state superintendent, and all other officers intrusted with the supervision of common schools. The state superintendent and such other officers intrusted with the supervision of common schools, shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the state, or respective districts, at such time and in such manner as the legislature shall provide. The powers, duties and compensation of all such officers shall be provided for by law.

AND WHEREAS, The foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution of this state was duly agreed to in the legislature of this state, chosen at the general election in November, 1886, by a majority of all the members elected to each house thereof; therefore

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The foregoing proposed amendment to the constitution of the state of Wisconsin. shall be submitted to the people of this state at a general election to be held on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday in November, A. D. 1888; and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment by a majority of the electors voting thereon, such amendment shall become a part of the constitution of this state.

SECTION 2. The form of ballot in voting to approve and ratify such amendment shall be: "For the amendment to section 1, of article 10, of the constitution." And the form of ballot against such amendment shall be: "Against the amendment to section 1, of article 10, of the constitution." Such ballots shall be separate and apart from any other ballot, and shall be cast in separate boxes to be provided for that purpose; and all persons qualified to vote at any election in this state shall be deemed voters on this question.

Section 3. The votes cast for or against such amendment shall be counted and returned by the inspectors of the election in all respects as votes for state officers are counted and returned, and the officers in counties now designated by law to canvass the returns of votes for state officers, shall canvass the returns in their respective counties, on this question, and certify and return the result to the state canvassers, at the same time and places, and under the same regulations and restrictions, now provided by law for canvassing and declaring the returns for elections of state officers; and the state canvassers shall canvass said returns, certified by them as provided by law in case of elections for state officers.

Section 4. Within three days after the determination of said canvass by the state canvassers, they shall certify the result thereof to the governor, who shall thereupon without delay make proclamation of the result.

SECTION 5. The secretary of state is hereby required to include the substance of this act in the notice of the general election for the year 1888.

SECTION 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 8, 1887.

Tabular statement of the votes given for and against the proposed amendment of section one (1) of article ten (10) of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin, relating to education, at the General election held in the several counties of the state of Wisconsin, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, being the sixth day of November, A. D. 1888.

Counties.	For.	Against.	COUNTIES.	For.	Against.
				l	
Adams	58	102	Marathon	664	1 050
Ashland	1 30	102	Marinette	64	1,259
Barron	996	92	Marquette	190	208
Bayfield	1 220	5~	Milwaukee	132	1,043
Brown	289	128	Monroe	307	520
Buffalo	50	551	Oconto	301	0.20
Burnett	266	9	Oneida	35	
Calumet	362	125	Outagamie	493	279
Chippewa	00~	1~0	Ozaukee	400	213
Clark	255	139	Pepin	34	40
Columbia	105	197	Pierce	174	131
Crawford	22	193	Polk	236	169
Dane	198	292	Portage	348	275
Dodge	276	664	Price	119	~.0
Door	15		Racine	226	483
Douglas	152	7	Richland	66	1, 148
Dunn	28	238	Rock	539	743
Eau Claire	189	71	St. Croix	151	121
Florence	5		Sauk	433	408
Fond du Lac	79	335	Sawyer	10	
Forest	53		Shawano	88	210
Grant	111	945	Sheboygan	91	206
Green	288	776	Taylor	18	87
Green Lake	90	3091	Trempealeau	534	484
Iowa	43	371	Vernon	26	344
Jackson	270	185	Walworth	672	401
Jefferson	120	330	Washburn		
Juneau	60	641	Washington	29	19
Kenosha	146	336;	Waukesha	139	329
Kewaunee	291	1	Waupaca	226	665
La Crosse	338	49	Waushara	201	291
La Fayette	385	538	Winnebago	435	1,289
Langlade	85	202	Wood	1	1
Lincoln .,	36	81			
Manitowoc	625	171	Total	12, 967	18,342
	,	Į.	l [į	

OFFICIAL VOTES FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

1888.

Official votes given for representatives in congress for the several congressional districts in the state of Wisconsin, in the several counties of said state of Wisconsin, on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday, being the 6th day of November, A. D. 1888.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 154, 213.

			1888.		
Counties.	L. B. Caswell. Rep.	Joseph B. Doe, Jr. Dem.	Stephen Faville. Pro.	Henry Smith. Lab.	Scatter- ing.
Jefferson	3,038 1,690 3,920 6,211 4,452	4, 241 1, 679 3, 469 3, 488 2, 120 14, 997	192 105 452 488 572 1,809	3	3 10

L. B. Caswell's plurality, 4,314.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 147,970.

Counties.			1888.		
	E. C. Mc- Fetridge. Rep.	Charles Barwig. Dem.	O. H. Crowl. Pro.	Clark Hewitt. Lab.	Scat- tering.
Dodge Fond du Lac Washington Waukesha	1 1,000	5, 669 4, 867 2, 871 3, 406	226 287 9 308	13 90	2 1 2 4
Total	13,859	16,813	830	103	'

Charles Barwig's plurality, 2,954.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 162,087.

			1888.		
COUNTIES.	R. M. La Follette. Rep.	Jno. B. Parkinson. Dem.	T. C. Richmond. Pro.	C. D. Wooster. Lab.	Scat- tering.
Ds ae. Grant. Green Lowa L. Fayette	6, 995 4, 287 2, 675 2, 502 2, 593	6, 183 3, 375 2, 073 2, 239 2, 253	1,036 449 448 459 9 262	88 214	
Total	19,052	16, 123	2,654	305	

R. M. La Follette's plurality, 2,929.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 187,660.

COUNTY.	1888.				
	Isaac W. Van Schaick. Rep.	Henry Smith. Dem. and Labor.	Geo. M. Hecken- dorn. Pro.	John Schuler Soc.	Scat- tering.
Milwaukee	22, 212	20,685	302	527	8

L. W. Van Schaick's plurality, 1,527.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 164, 955.

	1888.							
COUNTIES.	Gustave Kusterman Rep.	Geo. H. Brickner, Dem.	E. M. Dick. Pro.	Chas. Hatch. Lab.	Scat- tering.			
BrownCalumet Kowaunee Manitowoc.	3,584 966 982 2,715	2, 661 1, 968 1, 947 4, 193	45	142 133	1 6			
Ozaukee Sheboygan Total	795 3,783 12,825	1, 993 4, 289 17, 051	17 179	68 444 854	1			

Geo. H. Brickner's plurality, 4,226.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 162,146.

	1888.					
Counties.	Chas. B. Clark. Rep.	Chas. W. Felker. Dem.	W. S. Sweet. Pro.	Peter A. Griffith. Lab.	Scat- tering	
Adams. Columbia. Green Lake. Marquette. Outagamie Waushara Winnebago	1, 115 3, 510 1, 702 1, 198 3, 104 2, 244 5, 104	419 2, 646 1, 415 933 3, 714 674 4, 412	8 396 125 22 161 155 366	6 13 3 4 58 33 688		
Total	17,977	14,213	1,233	805		

Charles B. Clark's plurality, 3,764.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 165,630.

			1888.	
COUNTIES.	O. B. Thomas. Rep.	Frank P. Coburn. Dem.	J. H. Mosel y. Pro.	Scat- tering
Crawford Juneau La Crosse Monroe Richland Sauk Vernon Total	1,871 2,065 4,122 2,685 2,464 3,400 3,311 19,918	1,530 1,691 4,022 2,194 1,752 2,658 1,586	57 167 337 232 294 541 243	

O. B. Thomas' plurality, 4,485.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 211,536.

			1888.		
Counties.	Nils P. Haugen. Rep.	S. C. Johnson. D. & L.	Chas. Alexander. Pro.	Dan. C. Johnson.	Scatter ing.
Barron Bayfield Buffalo Burnett Clark Douglas Dunn Eau Claire Jackson Pepin Pierce Polk St. Croix Trempealeau Washburn	1,797 1,176 1,747 488 2,261 1,166 2,532 3,144 2,095 916 2,488 1,712 2,667 2,260	880 738 1, 337 81 1, 300 785 2, 544 987 466 1, 088 2, 291 1, 578 415	294 22 83 217 145 15 283 493 255 178 546 325 494 233	97	\$ \$
Total	26, 911	16, 476	3,687	97	1

Nils P. Hangen's plurality, 10,435.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Population 1885, 207, 206.

			1888.			
Counties.	Myron H. McCord. Rep.	H. W. Early. Dem.	A. C. Merryman. Pro.	John F. Moore. Lab.	Scat- tering.	F. H. Moore.
Ashland	2,877	2,170	37	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2	
Chippewa	2,556	2,647	256		.2	
Door	1,698	1,038	40	11	11	
Florence	315 243	234 207	9	11	1	
Forest	791	1,144	119	•••••	2	
Langlade Lincoln	1,347	7,144	133	108	l ĩ	
Marathon	2,219	3, 224	37	320		
Marinette	1,769	1,710	281	5	4	122
Oconto	1,274	1,019	51	6		1
Oneida	829	807	1 4			
Portage	2,539	2,338	167	26	1	<i></i> .
Price	744	804	85	1	1	
Sawyer	571	479				
Shawano	1,872	1,522	29	6	8	
Taylor	766	739	12		6	
Waupaca	3,334	1,835	176	19	2	······
Wood	1,794	2,064	31	78	, 1	
Total	27,538	24,775	1,467	579	36	125

Myron McCord's plurality, 2,763.

PART IV.

STATE FINANCES.



THE STATE FINANCES.

For the two years ending September 30, 1888.

The state debt on the 30th day of September, 1888, was classified	d as follows:	
Certificates of indebtedness, School Fund. Certificates of indebtedness, Normal School Fund. Certificates of indebtedness, University Fund. Certificates of indebtedness, Agricultural College Fund.		\$1,563,700 00 515,700 00 111,000 00 60,600 00
Totals		\$2,251,000 00
GENERAL STATEMENT.		
The aggregate result of the financial transanctions, during tw follows:	o years, on al	l funds, is as
GENERAL FUND.		
	64 USO 838 US	
Receipts for two years Disbursements for two years Balance September 30, 1899	#±,000,000 02	\$4,271,186 78
Balance September 30, 1886	485,689 85	304, 139 09
	\$4,575,325 87	\$4,575,325 87
AL! OTHER FUNDS.		
RECEIPTS FOR TWO YEARS.		ν,
School Fund School Fund Income University Fund Income University Fund Income Agricultural College Fund Agricultural College Fund Income Normal School Fund Normal School Fund Income Drainaye Fund Delinquent Tax Fund Deposit Fund Redemption Fund Manitowoc and Calumet Swamp Land Fund Indemnity Fund	36, 689 48 212, 488 91 48, 204 97 32, 730 32 321, 272 75 214 888 22 137, 579 40 17, 146 28 2, 133 77 456 84 14 56	
DISBURSEMENTS FOR TWO YEARS.		
School Fund School Fund Income University Fund Income Agricultural College Fund Agricultural College Fund Normal School Fund Normal School Fund Normal School Fund Income Drainage Fund Delinquent Tax Fund Deposit Fund St. C. & L. S. R. Trepvss Fund Redemption Fund Wisconsin Railroad Farm Mortgage Land Co. Fund Indemnity Fund Balance September 30, 1886 Balance September 30, 1888	\$2,933,100 18 251,030 39	244, 245 09 214, 310 65 158, 832 85 17, 002 67 1, 144 11 30, 665 46 467 11 33 89 53, 511 56 \$2, 737, 567 22 446, 563 35
	\$3, 184, 130 57	\$3, 184, 130 57

GENERAL FUND.

This fund embraces all the revenues of the State applicable to the payment of the ordinary expenses of the State Government.

The sources from which it is derived are tax on civil actions, license of railroad companies, plank-road companies, telegraph companies, insurance companies, hawkers and peddlers, notary public fees, office fees and sales of laws and reports. The expenditures therefrom are authorized by permanent and temporary appropriations, and by the several laws requiring the Secretary of State to audit accounts.

The receipts and disbursements have been as follows:

RECEIPTS.			
	1887.	1888.	
Sections 1212 and 1213, R. S., from railroad companies	\$763 994 5	6 \$1,068,632 96	
panies Chapter 298, laws 1881, from counties for maintain-			
ing insane hospitals	109,668 5	1 117,784 19	
Chapter 298, laws 1881, from counties for Industrial School for Boys	9,488 4	10,267 03 5,286 00 55,055 42	
Section 743, R. S., from counties for suit tax	5,323 0 54,296 4	5,286 00	
Life insurance companies	17,680 08	55,055 42 30,238,43	
Accident insurance companies	916 3	672 67	
Plank-road companies Telegraph and telephone companies.	33 1	32 05	
Railway car companies	9,384 9		
New Orleans exposition, balance appropriation	511 3	3 1,197 74	
Railway car companies. New Orleans exposition, balance appropriation refunded.	1,668 7	3	
Hawkers and peddlers. Marquette county, for unpaid tax for 1885. From all other sources	13,423 1	5 13,606 95	
From all other sources	169 0	110 000 00	
	35,406 18		
	\$1,021,963 86	\$1,416,060 07	
			\$2,438,023 98
GENERAL EDUCAT	MONAL FUND.		
Chapter 287, laws 1885, for School Fund Income, one	1887.	1888.	
mill tax	\$496,507 15	\$581,264 75	
mill tax. Section 260, R. S., interest on certificates of indebt-		V,	
edness, School Fund Income. Section 247, R. S., interest due School Fund Income	157,500.00		
Chabler 500, laws 1886, annual levy for State Uni-	7,088 36	7,088 36	
versity Chapter, 364, laws 1885, annual levy for Fifth Normal School at Milwaykee	62,063 39	72,658 09	
	10,000 00	10,000 00	
Section 490, R. S., amended by chapter 352, laws 1885, annual levy for Free High Schools	50,000 00	50,000 00	
		\$878,581 20	
Less unpaid tax for 1888:		2010,001 00	
Marathon county \$9,328 02 Pepin county 799 99		10 100 01	
100 00		10, 128 01	
	\$783, 158 90		
			\$1,651,612 09
Total receipts for two years			
Total Total pus for two years	••••••	•••••	\$4,089,636 02
DISBURSEMENT	S. 1887.	1888.	
Salaries —			
Governor's office. Secretary's office.	\$6,393 00	\$7,362 00 7,000 00 7,417 00 5,250 00 5,809 00	
State Treasurer's office.	7,000 00 6,599 66	7,000 00	
	4,750 00 5,191 00	5 250 00	
State Superintendent's office	5, 191 00	5,809 00	
Railroad Commissioner's office	6,617 40	0,554 71	
Insurance Commissioner's omce	4,500 00		
Supreme Court	2,000 00 31,726 03	2,000 00 33,431 00	
Public property office Supreme Court Circuit Courts	43,650 00	47,400,00	
State Historical Society	9,633 00	9,967 07	
State Historical Society State Library State Board of Charities and Reform.	4,750 95	4,755 03	
place board of Charmes and Reform	7,600 37	8,477 63	
	\$140,411 41	\$149,703 37	
			\$290, 114 78

		1887.	1888.	
Special Appropriations— Bureau of Labor Statistics. Land Protection State Board of Health Fish culture		\$8,437 01 5,554 72 4,095 30 12,000 00	\$8,860 16 5,434 56 5,046 84 10,000 00	
		\$30,087 03	\$29,341 56	\$59,428 55
Legislative Expenses— Lieutenant Governor. Senate—Salaries	40	\$ 916 00	\$1,084 00	
Employes. 20,060 Assembly—Salaries. \$50,500 Mileage. 2,642 Employes. 23,112	00	37, 476 30 76, 255 10		
Printing for Legislature. Blue Book Legislative Visiting Committee. Contesting seats Science Hall Investigating Committee Chaplains	•••	11, 101 37 27, 612 08 300 00 400 00 786 27 180 00	1,385 24	
		\$155,027 12	\$2,469 24	\$157,496 36
Charitable and Penal Institutions — State Hospital for Insane. Northern Hospital for Insane. Wisconsin School for Blind. Wisconsin School for Deaf. Industrial School for Boys. State Prison. Soldiers' Orphans' Home. State Public School.		\$97,603 67 116,707 04 20,379 28 40,445 47 52,275 97 11,701 71 18 08 57,850 82	\$103, 824 19 110, 310 29 19, 004 85 38, 327 74 53, 272 18 21, 467 91 66, 924 77	
		\$396,982 04	\$413, 131 93	\$810, 113 97
Clerk Hire— Governor's office Secretary's office. Treasurer's office. Land office State Superintendent's office. Public Property office.		\$1,845 00 18,414 00 8,161 00 15,681 26 1,920 00 1,500 00	\$1,500 00 19,328 00 8,567 00 15,504 00 2,800 00 1,500 00	
		\$47,521 26	\$49,199 00 ======	\$96,720 26
Glandered horses slaughtered Game wardens Fish wardens Fublishing notices and proclamations Publishing laws in state paper Publishing general laws Publishing private and local laws Advertising lands. County agricultural societies. Real estate returns		\$886 64 711 81 2,275 00 665 80 4,788 20 35,300 00 2,117 40 739 32 10,600 00 660 30	\$1,230 77 3,335 84 3,050 00 541 35 300 00 784 45 14,223 34 1,745 84 193 20	
Real estate returns Statistics of crime Maintaining insane in county hospitals. Expenses of commissioners to Gettysburg Advertising and appraising escheat lands. Deaf mute instruction in cities and villages. Shelving historical rooms. Capitol disaster. Apportionment of railroad license to counties. Illustrations of report of experimental station.		126, 418 48 1, 694 27 71 55 3, 419 17 354 26 6, 039 89 38, 568 61 400 80	151, 243 63 756 74 3, 867 77 8, 255 80 51, 513 73 140 78 7 291 00	
Bounty on wild animals		6,635 00 148,623 05 1,976 94	7,391 00 106,871 40 7,502 51	
		\$607,548 18	\$559,833 15	\$1,167,381 33

GENERAL EDUCATIONAL FUND.

Interest on state indebtedness School fund income transfer University fund income transfer Normal school fund income fifth Normal school. Free high schools, sec. 495, R. S. Free high schools, chap. 352, L. 1885.	1887. \$157,558 92 503,595 51 62,063 39 7,500 00 25,000 00	588,353 11 72,658 09 12,500 00		
	\$ 755,717 82	\$856, 820 20		02
Total disbursements for two years Total receipts for two years Balance September 30, 1886. Balance September 30, 1888.	• • • • • • • • • • • •	\$4,089,636 02	;	
		\$ 4,575,325 87	\$4,075,325	87

TRUST FUNDS.

SCHOOL FUND.

The School Fund is composed of:

- 1. Proceeds of lands granted by the United States for support of schools.
- 2. All moneys accruing to the state by forfeiture or escheat.
- 3. All penalties for trespass on school lands.
- 4. All fines collected in the several counties for breach of penal laws.
- 5. All moneys paid as an exemption from military duty.
- 6. Five per cent. of net proceds of sales of United States public lands.

The number of acres of unsold land, the proceeds of which are applicable to this fund, is 79,469.91. The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows: Pagainta for two moore

Balance September 30, 1886.	••••••	\$388,538 37,291	90 06
Totals			96
Disbursements for two years. Balance September 30, 1888.			11
Totals The amounts of productive School Fund on the 30th days of were as follows:	September, 1	\$425,829 1887 and 188	96 38,
Total at interest		1888 . \$2,966,273	85
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5, 129 44	\$5,129	<u></u>

SCHOOL FUND INCOME.

The interest received on school fund investments and on the principal due for sale of school lands, and the mill tax, chapter 287, L. 1885, constitute the School Fund Income. The amount of this fund in the treasury on the first day of June is annually certified by the Secretary of State to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and by him apportioned, under the provisions of section 554, of the Revised Statutes, among the several counties of the state, for the use of common schools in a manner provided by law. The apportionment is made according to the number of children in each town, village and city over the age of four and under the age of twenty years, as shown by the report of the State Superintendent during the year preceding.

The receipts and disbursments during the last two years have been as follows: Receipts for two years. \$1,467,444 22 Balance September 30, 1886. 14,572 69 1,482,016 91 Balance September 30, 1888..... 26,469 92 \$1,482,016 91

\$3,270 88

\$3,270 88

UNIVERSITY FUND.

The proceeds of sales of land granted by the United States to Wisconsin fo. the support of the State University by Acts of Congress, approved June 12, 1838, August 6, 1846, and December 12, 1852, form the University Fund. The principal or capital, excepting the small cash balance in the State treasury, is productive, drawing interest mainly at seven per cent.

The number of acres of unsold land is 1,276.91.

Premium on United States bonds.....

The number of weres of unborn men and a specific	_	
The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have	ave been as f	ollows:
Receipts for two years. Balance 1886.		\$36,689 48 37,552 13
		\$74,241 61
Disbursements for two years		35,000 00 39,241 61
		74,241 61
The amounts of productive University fund on the 30th days of S	September, 18	87 and 1888,
were as follows:	1887.	1888.
Total at interest	\$194,438 47	

UNIVERSITY FUND INCOME.

This fund is derived chiefly from the annual tax levy authorized by section 390, Revised Statutes, and from the interest on University land certificates and loans, and is perpetually appropriated to the support and endowment of the State University by section 389, Revised Statutes. By provisions of said section, this entire fund is placed at the disposal of the Board of Regents by transfer to the treasurer of said Board, and the detailed record of its expenditures is kept by said treasurer distinct and independent of the accounts of the state.

The receipts and disbureements during the last year have been as follows:

Receipts for two years \$212,488 91
Disbursements for two years 212,488 91

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND.

The proceeds of sales of 240,000 acres of land granted to the state by act of Congress, approved July 2, 1862, for the support of an institution of learning, where shall be taught the principles of agriculture and mechanic arts, form the Agricultural College Fund. The number of acres of unsold land is 1,253.22.

The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

The cash receipts and disbursements during the hast two jears have been as io	
Receipts for two years	\$48,204 97 38,753 01
Total	
Disbursements for two years. Balance on hand September 30, 1888	\$12,000 00 74,957 98
Total	\$86,957 98

The amounts of productive Agricultural College Fund on the 30th days of September, 1887 and 1888, were as follows:

	1887.	<i>1888</i> .
Total at interest	\$228,382 00	\$226,781 00
Premium on U. S. bonds	\$1,361 30	\$1,361 30
,	• •	• ,

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND INCOME.

This fund is derived from the interest on the Agricultural College land certificates and loans, and is applied to the support of the State University. It is placed at the disposal of the Board of Regents by transfer to the treasurer of the board in the same manner as the University Fund Income.

The receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:	
Receipts for two years	\$32,730 32 32,730 32

NORMAL SCHOOL FUND.

This fund consists of one-half of the proceeds of the sales of all swamp and overflowed lands received by the state from the United States, under Act of Congress, approved September, 28, 1850. The number of acres of unsold lands is 317,056.73. The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years Balance September 30, 1886.	\$321, 272 8, 190	75 44
Total		
Disbursements for two years. Balance September 30, 1898.	\$244, 245 85, 218	09 10
Total	\$329,463	19
•		=

The amounts of productive Normal School Fund on the 30th days of September, 1887 and 1888, were as follows:

	1887.	1333.
Total at interest	\$1,416,903 26 8,495 88	\$1,458,693 58 8,495 88

NORMAL SCHOOL FUND INCOME.

This fund is derived from the interest on swamp land certificates and loans, and is applied to establishing and maintaining Normal Schools as provided by law. By the provisions of section 394, Revised Statutes, this entire fund is placed at the disposal of the Board of Regents of Normal Schools, by transfer to the treasurer of said board, and the detailed record of its expenditures is kept separate and distinct from the accounts of the state. The receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years	\$214,888 22
Total	\$214,888 22
Disbursements for two years Overpayment September 30, 1886	\$214,310 65 577 57
Total	

DRAINAGE FUND.

This fund consists of one-half the proceeds of sales of all swamp and overflowed lands received by the state from the United States, and is distributed on the 30th day of Sept., under the provisions of section 254, Revised Statutes, among the several counties, wherein such lands lie, in proportion to the amount of sales in the respective counties. The moneys so paid are then apportioned by the county clerks to the several towns in their respective counties, and are expended under direction of the town board in draining and reclaiming the swamp lands in such town, and in constructing roads and bridges over such swamp lands. The number of acres of unsold land is 351,623,82. The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Receipts for two years. Balance September 30, 1886.	\$137,579 40 65,288 99)
Total	\$202,868 39)
Disbursements for two years. Balance September 30, 1888.	\$153,832 85 49,035 54	5
Total	\$202,868 39	•

The amount of productive Drainage Fund on the 30th days of September, 1887 and 1888, were as follows;

DELINQUENT TAX FUND.

The fund consists of taxes collected on State lands by the State Treasurer in accordance with the provisions of section 1146, Revised Statutes, and is credited quarterly to the different counties in which the lands are situated. The amounts which have been so received and disbursed are as follows:

Receipts for two years. Balance September 30, 1886.	\$17,146 28 805 34
Total	\$17,951 62
Disbursements for two years Balance September 30, 1888.	\$17,002 67 948 95
Total	\$17,951 62

REDEMPTION FUND.

This fund consists of moneys received for the redemption of School, University and Agricultural College lands, sold for the non-payment of interest and taxes, and that have been redeemed as provided by section 228, Revised Statutes.

Receipts for two years. Balance September 30, 1886	\$456 27	84 02:
Total	\$483	86,
Disbursements for two years Balance September 30, 1888	\$467 16	11. 75-
Total	\$483	86

DEPOSIT FUND.

On the sale of land forfeited to the State, and the payment of the amount due the State, and all costs and penalties accrued, under the provisions of section 225, of the Revised Statutes, if any balance remain, the amount of such balance is deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the person entitled thereto, and is denominated the Deposit Fund. The transactions therein have been as follows:

Receipts for two years	2, 133 77 9, 913 97
Total	\$12,047 74
Disbursements for two years. Balance September 30, 1888.	1,144 11 10,903 63
Total	\$12,047 74

ST. CROIX AND LAKE SUPERIOR RAILROAD TRESPASS FUND.

This fund consists of moneys received into the state treasury in trust, under the provisions of chapter 46, of the General Laws of 1869, and acts amendatory thereof. The disbursements therefrom have been for the purpose of protecting the St. Croix and Lake Superior Railroad lands, in accordance with the terms of said acts.

Balance on hand September 30, 1886	\$32,732 92
Disbursements for two years	\$30,665 46 2.067 46
	\$32,732 92

ST. CROIX AND LAKE SUPERIOR RAILROAD DEPOSIT FUND.

This fund consists of moneys received by the State Treasurer, in trust, under the provisions of section 14, chapter 126, laws 1874, as amended by chapter 392, laws 1876. The time-for proving settlement upon and thereby acquiring title to the railroad lands in said acts described, having expired in April, 1877, no payments have been made into this fund during the year.

Balance September 30, 1886	408 02
Balance September 30, 1000	

WISCONSIN RAILROAD FARM MORTGAGE LAND COMPANY.

Chapter 235, laws of 1882, authorizes the commissioners of Wisconsin Railroad Farm Mortagage Land Company to close up the business of said corporation, and to turn over and pay to the State Treasurer all its money and bank accounts, and take his receipt therefor, and at the same time to make its report in writing to the Secretary of State, of its proceedings under this act. Accordingly the said commissioners paid the sum of \$8,935.09 into the treasury, and deposited with the Secretary of State, the books together with a list of claimants to whom dividends are yet due with the amount set opposite their respective names.

Disbursements for two years. Balance Septemoer 30, 1888	\$33 39 4,577 95
.Total	\$4,611 34

MANITOWOC AND CALUMET SWAMP LAND FUND.

Chapter 51, laws of 1866, conferred upon certain commissioners named therein, lands in 'Manitowoc and Calumet counties, to be sold for "drainage and other purposes," of those counties. The legislature of 1883, by chapter 352, revoked the trust thus created, and directed the state commissioners of public lands to investigate and sell the residue, and after defraying the expenses thereof, to deposit the balance in the state treasury. From said sale arises the fund.

In conformity to directions in the law the commissioners of public lands fully investigated the matter. The official investigation of said commissioners may be found in the report of the commissioners of public lands.

Receipts for two years. Balance September 30, 1886.	\$14 56 544 49
Total on hand September 30, 1888!	\$559 05

ALLOTMENT FUND.

Section 3, of chapter 190, General Laws 1862, directed the State Treasurer to receive such sums of money as might be placed in his hands by any volunteer making an allotment, as provided by the act of congress approved December 24, 1861, and to dispose of the same according to the order and direction of such volunteer. This fund consists of moneys so received by the State Treasurer, and yet unclaimed by the beneficiaries named by the volunteers. There having been no payments made from the fund during the year, the account stands as follows:

Balance September 30, 1888.

INDEMNITY LAND FUND.

The proceeds of lands sold for indemnifying the state of Wisconsin for swamp lands sold by the United States. The cash receipts and disbursements during the last two years have been as follows:

Sale of land, 1887. Sale of land, 1888.	\$456 66 53,054 90	
Receipts for two years		\$53,511 56
- Disbursements	•••	\$53,511 56

VALUATION OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR 1888.

(AS DETERMINED BY STATE BOARD.)

Counties.	Total assess'd value of all personal property.	City and village lots.	Lands.	Fotal assess'd value of all property.
J	\$363,265	\$26,500	\$1,413,800	\$1,803,565
damsshland	560, 920		4,500,000	6,095,620 2,695,943 4,029,289 7,599,626
arron	553, 398	194, 217	1,948,328	2,695,943
arron ayfield	329, 289	200,000	3,500,000	7 599 626
	1,610,432 1,012,268 218,096 1,179,892	1,035,000 194,217 200,000 2,450,000 310,144 25,000 340,000	3,539,194 2,271,938	3,594,350
SuffaloSurnett	218,096	25,000	672, 1901	915, 286
alumet	1,179,892	010,000	4,821,840 5,867,016	6,341,732
hippewa	1, 187, 475	1,200,000		8,254,491
urnett alumet. hippewa llark lounbia. rawford	796,154 $2,590,676$	400,000 1,800,000	7, 287, 061 2, 100, 000 18, 295, 035 14, 048, 814 1, 391, 719	5,895,271 11,677,737 3,529,544 29,952,334 19,218,756
columbia	919,544	510,0001	2, 100, 000	3,529,544
Dane	919, 544 6, 582, 299 3, 194, 074	5,075,000 1,975,868 236,000	18, 295, 035	29, 952, 334
	3, 194, 074	1,975,868	14,048,814	2, 138, 594
000r	510, 875 288, 387	1,350,000	1,623,500	3, 261, 887
oodge ooor oouglas Ounn gau Claire	1,674,895	772, 850	2 513 512	4,961,257
Zan Claire	2,608,922	772, 850 5, 000, 000 100, 000	2,720,453 2,674,077	10 220 275
Florence	54,457	100,000	2,674,077	2, 828, 534
ond du Lac	4, 147, 681	3, 723,000 20,000	2, 182, 187	2, 226, 114
rorest	23, 977 3, 167, 819	3,725,000 20,000 1,228,314	11,307,187 2,182,137 7,925,786	2, 828, 534 19, 179, 868 2, 226, 114 12, 321, 919
reen	3, 333, 8321	1,440,000	6, 110, 098	10, 883, 930
	1,227,174 1,979,505	860,000	3,561,324	5,648,498 $7,810,677$
0100	1,979,505 807,782	950, 000 360, 200	4,881,172 1,825,558	2, 993, 540
ackson [efferson	3,072,980	2 320 6571		2,993,540 13,987,862 3,413,148
uneau	1,005,987	526, 517 1, 115, 930 430, 700 7, 667, 668	1,880,644 4,635,792 2,822,463 3,482,988	3,413,148
Canacha	1 693 2191	1, 115, 930	4,635,792	7,444,941
Zarraunaa	1,040,773	7 667 669	2,822,403	4, 293, 936 14, 123, 438
a Crossa	1,040,773 2,972,777 2,041,890	550, 833	6,054,372	8 647 095
La Fayette	234, 100	140,000	1.299.3911	1, 673, 491 3, 738, 545 12, 437, 554 6, 638, 237
Lincoln	651,793	1,026,752	2,060,000	3,738,545
Manitowoc,	2,561,777	1,350,000	8,525,777 3,461,830 2,075,150	6 638 237
Maratnon	1,508,890 1,260,741	1, 667, 517 1, 139, 975 180, 752 65, 000, 000	2,075,150	4,475,800
Marinette Marquette	461,796	180,752	1,441,396	2,083,944
Hilwankee	461,796 18,829,743 1,181,595	65,000,000	12,486,400	96, 316, 146 4, 884, 808
Toproe	1,181,595 799,591	710, 200 498, 120	2,993,008 1,565,281	2, 862, 99
Deonto.	81,501	5 8271	1,565,281 1,475,739	1,563,06
Jeonto. Dneida Outagamie Ozaukee.	2,563,287	3, 325, 000 543, 238 163, 600	5,526,676 4,695,230	2,862,999 1,563,06 11,414,96 6,447,76
Ozaukee	1,209,301	543, 238	4,695,230 920,771	1,422,45
Pepin	338, 086 1, 148, 297	555,753	3,661,260	5, 365, 310
PepinPierce Polk	686, 413	127, 056	1,824,742	2,638,21 3,604,83
		658, 200	2,070,456	3,604,83
Price	189, 985	112,800	1,641,505	1,944,29
Porice . Racine Richland	3,787,386 1,277,662	6,700,000 475,800	6, 390, 289 2, 784, 535	1,944,29 16,877,67 4,537,99 22,297,80
Richland Rock	5, 685, 629	4, 450, 000	12, 162, 177	22, 297, 80
KOCK	1,420,827	475,800 4,450,000 980,000	3,818,156	0,218,98
Sauk	2, 252, 277	1,440,000	4, 985, 735	8,678,01
		45,000 395,000	1,725,560 $2,451,928$	1,852,49 3,528,24
Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor. Trempealeau	681,318 3,408,669	2,489,000	9, 654, 336	15, 552, 00
Sheboygan	193, 287	50,000 370,200	1,738,849 3,027,797	15, 552, 00 1, 982, 13 4, 514, 77
Trempealeau	1,116,775	370, 200	3,027,797	4,514,77
Vernon	1,407,119 4,151,108 159,885	240, 990 2, 351, 000	3, 373, 226 9, 466, 282	5,021,38 15,968,39
Walworth	4, 151, 108	2, 351, 0001	922, 122	1 1 100 60
Washington	2,003,584	735,400	7, 329, 987	10,068,97
Wankesha	3,906,208	2,775,000	10,734,704	
Waupaca	1,153,815	940,556	2,796,072 2,179,500	4,890,44 3,013,64
Trempealeau. Vernon Walworth Walworth Washiburn. Washington Waukesha. Waupaca. Waushara	707,343	126,800 6,100,000	2,179,500 7,006,408	17,744,56
Winnebago Wood		259, 430	1,570,487	2,385,88
11 000			***************************************	AE01 064 7
Total	\$125,922,683	\$152,345,964	\$302,996,102	\$581,264,74

		Educational				i	Special Ch	ARGES.			
Counties.	Valuation by State Board, 1888.	1.86581688 mills per cent. on valuation.	Unpaid tax of 1887,	State Hospital for Insane.	Northern Hospinal for Insane.	Milwaukee County Insane Asylum.	School for	Care of chronic in- sane, chap 233, laws of 1881.	loans to	Special loans.	Total tax.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Buffalo Burnett Calumet Clippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Dong Door Door Doorl Doorl Burnet Florence Frond du Lac Forest Frant Hreen Lake Lowa Lackson	6, 524, 439 2, 765, 037 4, 279, 079 7, 553, 598 3, 613, 046 888, 133 6, 281, 038 8, 262, 754 5, 910, 252 11, 707, 983 3, 471, 681 29, 691, 646 19, 146, 346	12, 173 43 5, 159 06 7, 983 97 14, 093 62 6, 741 29 1, 657 10 11, 719 26 15, 416 80 11, 027 45 21, 844 96 6, 477 539 15 85, 723 58 4, 100 65 6, 568 56 9, 23 36 19, 232 43 4, 030 68 19, 232 43 4, 030 68 20, 841 94 10, 414 53 14, 704 73 15, 512 87 26, 111, 25 6, 773 53 7, 878 05 7, 878 05 25, 349 67 16, 199 07 3, 234 56 6, 536 57		1,601 23 253 64 102 07 1,288 09 160 01 1,243 33 1,140 67 2,360 64	\$843 33 356 18 1,870 11 925 21 2,701 90 1,061 24 78 43 33 64 1,157 37 1,836 90 2,892 43 281 36 1,946 44 111 43 1,828 33 1,834 67 7 54 1,708 10 629 47 314 95 223 40		\$72.57 63.71 283.43 156.85 420.85 281.43 50.00 206.00 478.57 104.57 52.28 109.14 326.85 384.71 104.57 132.14 154.28 244.28 79.28 23.43 145.14 114.71	769 16 588 05 1,228 55 823 11 504 15 1,793 51 1,793 51 91 48 1,343 42 1,343 42 37 79 366 97 1,476 36 979 61 648 01 912 32 245 86	1484 00 2,776 47 2,105 00 1,689 00 1,419 11 2,325 64 200 40 538 70 606 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,411 87 1,635 73 494 80 558 75 	\$9,531 75 5,483 20 960 00 1,400 00 1,308 48 2,057 82	\$4,099 39 23,032 51 14,255 92 11,468 86 19,336 16 8,698 91 3,875 23 14,143 90 20,781 77 17,257 73 23,027 67 10,004 67 65,744 26 38,055 52 6,633 33 6,746 56 13,932 80 25,466 79 4,311 932 80 25,466 79 4,311 932 80 22,758 61 15,147 45 22,106 03 11,625 78 28,405 21 10,359 74 16,461 24 11,812 40 32,358 86 20,352 28 4,783 99 14,994 95

					40W W4	957 081	1.781 141	4,657 52	21,976 68
	12,629 89[,	1.813 341		137 71	957 00	1,101 14		10, 125 02
Marathon 6,769, 107	12,029 89		1 227 40		104 57				5,272 77
Marinette 4,546,839	8, 482 61		1,005 51		1,553 00	374 77			165, 374 79
Marguette 2,086,213	3,892 49		1,000 01		1 553 00				100, 574 15
	8, 482 61 8, 892 49 163, 721 25 9, 153 72	21 86	78 68		1,000 00				12,348 63
	0 159 79	1.754 19				1 207 20	28 200		8,215 77
Monroe 4,906,007	5, 359 13	2,,,,,,	1 121 20		161 28	1,507 50	984 50	7,626 35	11,698 68
Oconto 2,872,286	5,359 13		1 50						27,405 01
Oneida	3,086 33		0 454 776		396 85	1 479 891	283 50		21,400 01
Undida	21,397 67		3,454 (0)		52 28	1,550,550			24,543 69
0 200 144			849 88		6 00	317 62	567 241		4,734 82
I CWaukoo	11,907 89 \$10,183 09 2,674 98 873 32	295 66				878 80	1 517 21		14,265 41
Pepin	10,112 03	1 657 51					2,084 98	1.123 10	10,598 46
Diorea 5,419,623	10, 112 03					1,335 49	2,004 90		9,722 20
Dolle 2,586,279	4,825 53	1,177 00	197 65		52 28	172 02			5, 154 85
	6.822 14		0.0000		2.5		570 00		
	4, 825 53		2,307 32		150 05	1 713 97			35, 289 60
	3,712 20	1	1		100 00	1,039 04	786 00		11,559 86
Racine						1,000 04		1,070 00	44,523 43
Richland 4,572,406									16,909 45
Rock	41,297 79						1,884 17		20,842 59
St. Croix. 6,274,195	41, 297 79 11, 706 47 16, 191 60 3, 483 54	1,081 41			210.85		572 25		20,042 00
DU. UI UIA									3,487 82
	3 483 54	1			1 4 20	166 16	974 00	1,050 00	9,595 23
	e 577 14	1	827 53						31,668 69
Shawano	3, 483 54 6, 577 14 29, 192 16 3, 745 11 8, 318 23		2,403 25		73 28		1,298 80		6,385 07
Shehovgan 15,645,800	29, 192 10		437 99		104 54				16,372 75
Taylor 2,007,220	3,745 11,	1 646 0	301 00			1,039 25	1,284 16		16,071 14
Trempealeau	8,318 23	. 1,040 91			295 14	600 81	1,182 12	2,622 00	10,011 14
					980 15				33,381 34
		1 535 96					1,448 50	1,454 49	5,239 22
			11		02 20			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	21,750 64
Washburn 1,144,848			1.659 57	1 @11 X6	il				37, 315 17
Washington 10, 139, 265	18,918 09	29 6	1,919 75	24 87	410 28	2,179 01		3,556 60	16,548 45
Waukesha 17,551,358	32, 747 62 9, 119 89	. 35 0	1,075 15		140 28	1,348 18	408 35	3,000 00	7,317 70
Waupaca 4,887,947	9,119 89		1,910 10			l	825 41		
	1 5 604 051		. 000 ~		E4 E7			1,070 00	36,884 45
	1 29 046 411		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			135 70	1,443 13	11,964 85	19,113 59
	4,554 84	1	714 79		. 300 28	100 10	1 '		
Wood 2,441,226	4,004 04			ļ <u> </u>	-	104 070 00	AIM 490 10	6107 163 88	\$ 1,360,397 03
	11 000 F44 0F 411 0F6 4	1 \$33,780 3	5 \$51,369 87	\$36.25	\$10,052 55	\$31,959 6	\$45,430 17	2101,100 00	g1,000,001 00
Total \$573, 229, 855	5 \$1,069,541 95 \$11,056 4	T 200, 100 0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	1 - '	i	1		
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TAXABLE PROPERTY OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES.

Valuation of the taxable property of the several counties of the state of Wisconsin, as determined by the State Board of Assessment for 1887, and the apportunity of the state tax and special charges for said year.

	Valuation	Education'l			Sp.	ECIAL CHARG	æs.			
Counties.	by State Board, 1887	1.51149919 mills per cent. on valuation.	State Hospital for Insane.	Northern Hospital for Insane.	Milwaukee County Insane Asylum.	Industrial School for Boys.	Care of chronic insane, chap. 233, laws 1881.	Due on loans to school districts.	Special loans.	Total tax
dams shland arron ayfield rown uffalo urnett alumet hippewa lark olumbia rawford ane odge oor buglas un u Claire orence omd du Lac orest ant eeen een Lake wa ckson fferson neau mossha waunee Crosse Fayette	2,695,943 4,029,289 7,599,626	4,074 91 6,090 27 11,486 82 5,432 86 1,383 46 9,585 52 12,476 66 8,910 70 17,650 89 45,272 91 29,049 13 3,232 47 4,930 34 7,498 90 15,612 94 4,275 33 4,275 29 4,275 29 90 36	1,573 18 178 95 664 31 1,278 95 3,644 76 1,932 99 993 96 1,920 55 1,767 64	289 89 1,902 55 818 95 2,457 27 1,401 44 78 21 790 92 1,685 22 67 86 2,694 46 161 85 2,871 11 72 63 1,509 03	\$87 63	528 70 156 43 243 71 806 14 143 14 240 00 386 86 98 71 52 14 439 42 76 86 170 43 433 85 104 28	83 47 581 75 1,164 92 789 24 1,150 79 6 86 705 76 774 30	780 00 1,794 00 288 02 121 00 1,248 37 3,055 58 693 00 679 81	\$2,605 14 2,127 30 1,012 50 1,012 50 1,400 00 654 24 1,947 02 400 00	\$3,531 13,010 9,826 8,224 17,112 7,377 2,798 11,846 17,215 15,620 10,229 8,684 50,423 31,078 5,585 5,084 11,983 21,890 4,487 32,331 3,958 21,300 18,652 13,051 22,5072 25,072 21,088 110,651 22,390 10,652 21,088 110,652 21,088 21,306 21,306 22,306 23,306 2

				909 974	,			805 281	954 00.	4,612 00
Langlade	1,673,491	2,029 30[.							7,760 62	14,386 73
Lincoln	3,738,545	5,650 81							5, 120 00	26,032 39
Manitowoc	12, 437, 554	18,799 35		1,777 70			911 46	2,279 38	4,931 99	20,038 24
Marathon	6,638,237	10,033 69		1,741 15		140 57	911 40	2,219 00	4, 501 55	8,406 80
Marinette	4, 475, 866	6,765 27		1,523 96						4, 181 81
Marinette	2,083,944	3, 149 87		949 085			82 86			147, 292 61
Marquette	96, 316, 143	145, 581 73	82 11	78 21		1,550 56		1,457 00 524 35		
Milwaukee	4, 884, 803	m' 000 00	1.890 41			52 14		1,457 00		10,782 93
Monroe	2,862,992	4 397 49	2,000	589 38		243 57	1,287 69	524 35		6,972 41
Oconto	1,563,067	9, 369 58		589 38 3,465 86 775 24	27.	1		1,037 00	6,814 01	10, 213 59
Oneida	11,414,963	17 052 71		2 465 86		178 00	1,534 83	469 00	418 00	23,319 40
Outagamie	11,414,900	0,745 00		775 24		52 14				12,174 52
Ozankee	6,447,769	9,745 00	101 69				335 36	450 97		3,401 01
Penin	1, 422, 457	2,150 05	404 00			104 28		1 712 62		12,095 33
Pierce	5, 365, 310	8,109 66	1,455 09				395 85	1,945 34	1,018 50	8,456 41
Polk	2,638,211	3,987 66	1,034 51						1,010 00	8,211 67
Portage	3,604,835	5,448 72	´ 19 99		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	52 14	117 10	605 00		4,403 76
Price	1,944,290	2,938 80		79 96			1 056 10			2,902 33
Racine	16, 877, 675						1,550 10	940 04		9,867 37
Richland	4,537,997	6,859 19	1,436 04			46 15				
Richiand	22, 297, 806	33,703 12	1.304 61				١		1,140 00	
Rock	6, 218, 983	9,399 98	1 997 16	l	l] 33 72	{	2,205 05	1,070 00	
St. Croix	8, 678, 012	13,116 80	2,055 73		l	160 15	246 80	609 00	2,280 00	18,468 48
Sauk	1,852,492	2 800 04	7,000	i	l					2,800 04
Sawyer	3,528,246	F 999 0F		797 40	l	1 40.00		454 42	1,050 00	7,791 88
Shawano	15, 552, 005	93 506 83		2,594 39 296 73		141 00				26, 242 22
Sheboygan	1,982,136	6,006,001		296 73		82 71		1,322 43	844 80	5,542 67
Taylor	1,902,150	e, 990 00	1 F96 W	200 10		}	553 68	1,371 44	4,275 07	14,560 27
Tremnealeau	4,514,772	7,589 75	0 159 65			209 57	553 68	1,134 50	2,783 00	13,870 47
Vernon	5,021,335	7,569 75	2,100,00							25,828 48
Walworth	15,968,390	24, 136 21	1,574 98						1,529 91	4.632 04
Washburn	1, 102, 607	1,666 60	127 14	0.046.06	78 21		89.76		2,0.00	17,733 48
Washington	10,068,971	15,219 25		2,346 26 2,456 87	10 21		1 570 71		1	30,754 67
Waukesha	17, 415, 912			2,450 87	84 39		312 14	407 80	5,773 25	
Waupaca	4,890,443						91% 14	1 040 70	0,110 20	6,540,05
Waushara	3,013,643	4,555 12						1,040 10	1.140 00	6,540 05 30,932 13
Waushara										19,307 09
Winnebago Wood	2,385,827	3,606 19		762 99		. 365 00)	1,078 41	13,494 50	19,007 09
Mood	2,300,000	-, ***				-		1 22 000 04	2400 000 00	A1 110 140 90
Total	\$581 964 749	e878 581 20	\$40,509 16	\$53,580 30	\$250 25	\$10,267 0	\$23,444 50	\$45,902 24	\$100,607 67	\$1,153,142 33
Total	2001, 201, 140	#0,0,001 NO	4 20,000 10	1	1	1 '	1	1	·	

		Town, Cit	Y AND VILL	AGE TAXES.			
Counties.	Current Expenses.	School Purposes.	Support of Poor.	Roads and Bridges, includ- ing Poll Taxes.	Other Purposes.	Total Town, City and Village Taxes.	Total Taxes of County.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Buffalo Burnett Calumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane Dodge Door Door Door Eau Claire Florence Florence Florence Florence Forest Grant Green Lake Iowa Jackson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse La Fayette Langlade Lincoln Manitowoe Marathon	\$2,084 24 14,000 00 8,594 75 5,900 00 9,941 01 8,146 60 7 50 3,903 74 34,448 27 8,362 46 11,715 79 2,155 41 42,728 00 21,436 99 8,914 00 59,350 00 21,256 31 10,192 62 5,059 00 12,849 65 73,110 53 12,728 29 18,438 94 9,760 42 10,588 79 9,196 96 2,000 00 10,948 28 180,954 89 7,236 44 5,783 19 9,585 78 11,346 11 49,057 61	\$6, 114 80 31, 765 00 34, 872 91 11, 045 00 27, 886 61 12, 078 786 61 12, 078 77 3, 197 00 11, 382 38 50, 900 74 38, 726 11 30, 733 97 13, 807 21 85, 022 45 42, 969 39 15, 923 24 43, 945 88 37, 142 89 45, 130 45 11, 370 37 40, 784 61 3, 2558 40 51, 672 24 40, 784 61 3, 2558 60 20, 966 13 29, 067 76 22, 167 17 43, 549 84 19, 659 94 20, 198 67 9, 491 90 59, 899 61 22, 180 00 15, 657 00 30, 870 07 33, 212 67	\$4,500 00 1,700 00 1,700 00 1,900 00 1,900 00 579 00 235 76 2485 00 1,200 00 2,649 96 1,775 00 25 00 2,549 96 1,775 00 25 00 2,536 10 1,000 00 2,536 10 1,200 00 2,536 10 1,200 00 2,536 10 1,200 00 2,536 10 1,200 00 2,536 10 1,200 00 2,536 17 1,200 00 2,536 17 1,200 00 2,536 17 1,200 00 2,536 17 1,200 00 2,536 17 1,200 00 2,536 17 1,200 00	17, 901 01 7, 324 75 39, 450 43 15, 325 30	\$259 00 71, 285 07 8, 734 96 6, 335 17 87, 017 87 5, 043 60 01 4, 832 15 19, 126 38 13, 975 35 7, 571 20 9, 843 14 66, 755 25 14, 922 21 1, 672 10 428 00 7, 904 81 23, 414 06 3, 617 87 26, 271 43 1, 412 63 13, 750 05 535 34 13, 750 05 13, 453 46 13, 375 33 865 39 37, 991 03 1, 985 08 4, 194 63 17, 752 66 7, 790 40 19, 217, 752 66 7, 790 66 7, 790 40 19, 217, 752 66 7, 790 66 7, 790 66 7, 790 790 66 7, 790 790 61 19, 217 752 66 7, 790 790 61 19, 217 752 65 7, 780 40 19, 217 752 65 7, 780 40 19, 217 752 65	\$14, 189 68 140, 1987 67 71, 804 63 31, 644 92 116, 220 92 41, 173 27 8, 685 03 87, 303 22 87, 303 22 87, 303 22 87, 303 23 87, 303 25 87, 303 26 139, 550 86 139, 550 86 137, 192 34 183, 644 99 22, 539 41 175, 205 34 9, 671 03 120, 450 96 67, 941 03 70, 516 65 63, 778 82 101, 928 74 39, 430 93 75, 796 33 44, 146 93 75, 796 33 44, 146 93 271, 976 21 84, 934 57 47, 825 05 45, 311 09 113, 555 06 131, 091 64	\$26, 731 35 207, 932 73 105, 659 02 49, 285 32 188, 171 33 14, 889 171 185, 325 40 126, 472 23 152, 077 22 70, 108 152, 077 52 256, 660 76 279, 477 47 189, 476 35 146, 520 06 219, 930 12 35, 423 70 275, 964 08 18, 715 37 275, 964 08 18, 715 37 199, 163 18 120, 354 49 14, 825 13 139, 907 47 110, 503 82 179, 731 43 77, 123 15 121, 863 63 74, 541 12 342, 594 40 135, 532 82 82, 224 686, 886 886, 886 64 199, 243 244 185, 984 69

Marinette Marquette Milwaukee Milwaukee Monroe Oconto Oneida Outagamie Ozaukee Pepin Pierce Polk Portage Price Racine Richland Rock St. Croix Sauk Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor Trempealeau Vernon Walworth Washburne Waukesha Waupaca Waushara Winnebago Wood	10,343 53 30,147 91 2,951 50 9,712 57 9,780 44 21,916 08 4,849 47	18, 384 44, 6, 300 00 45, 817 11 14, 194 83 11, 128 30 31, 060 20, 22, 23 55 51, 373 24 18, 673 00 20, 499 41, 61, 509 31, 976 60 40, 527 68, 6, 500 00 13, 976 60 44, 404 79 15, 489 83 21, 809 51 24, 561 05 54, 739 05 7, 502 25 15, 072 95 40, 359 42 24, 917 99 16, 570 530 74, 586 01	400 00 685 00 2, 674 87 1, 478 25 1, 198 95 150 00 2, 681 61 950 00 4, 626 46 200 00 2, 275 00 2, 303 77 3, 186 58 1, 940 57 11, 820 72	19, 837 66 9, 122 47 72, 809 48 21, 146 30 14, 570 13 13, 100 00 24, 144 80 12, 364 85 8, 917 60 29, 196 40 24, 399 70 17, 065 36 16, 682 15 23, 906 18 21, 310 25 37, 568 61 24, 509 76 36, 504 39 40, 544 53 2, 900 60 19, 932 68 52, 633 10 10, 881 26 24, 550 76 23, 533 37 53, 136 54 40, 544 53 2, 500 60 19, 532 60 24, 550 76 23, 533 37 53, 134 54 54, 550 55 11, 352 54 555 59 11, 352 54 90, 568 94 15, 968 18	664 491 848 55 322, 817 09 17, 997 71 11, 870 79 400 00 19, 703 65 1, 108 64 1, 687 41 184, 1130 04 5, 741 84 11, 510 36 11, 214 11 90, 634 57 6, 641 47 35, 836 73 16, 659 07 17, 935 36 2, 006 25 1, 92, 279 61 14, 763 07 1, 669 10 5, 313 64 18, 715 97 282 31 10, 614 61 15, 772 25 8, 471 35 68, 977 76 12, 999 87	61, 790, 244, 20, 637, 777 1, 999, 592, 79 82, 038, 37 60, 178, 51 23, 300, 00 144, 199, 05 41, 550, 58 24, 194, 61 72, 599, 03 58, 582, 80 59, 696, 33 54, 664, 555 174, 347, 96 55, 426, 29 115, 178, 88 13, 500, 00 43, 062, 61 202, 358, 81 41, 937, 74 72, 871, 93 59, 927, 05 123, 335, 11 24, 803, 24 58, 283, 92 111, 608, 54 90, 378, 49 43, 220, 46 202, 218, 94 62, 221, 89 63, 555, 99	94, 545 73 37, 654 76 27, 504, 265 79 113, 408 87 89, 490 42 67, 486 41 221, 117 54 75, 197 59 34, 291 34 106, 821 35 82, 807 37 98, 280 56 245, 211 56 84, 613 95 273, 791 24 152, 736 59 168, 847 77 40, 723 07 76, 079 70 304, 216 23 67, 686 65 106, 333 39 105, 582 54 192, 068 08 49, 663 62 106, 039 74 191, 183 96 138, 082 79 65, 851 05 888, 753 13 111, 938 25
Total	\$2,487,874 46	\$2,175,561 88		\$1,682,901 94	\$1,299,692 99	\$7,749,989 74	\$11,549,474 44

Counties.	Support of Poor	County Buildings.	Railroad Aid or In- debtedness.	Roads and Bridges.	Salaries of County Officers.	Court Expenses.	Sheriff's Accounts.	Jail Expenses.	All other County Expenses.	Total Taxes Expended.
Adams. Ashland. Bayfield Barron Buffalo Burnett Jalumet. Jhippewa. Jlark Jolumbia. Drawford Jane. Jodge. Joor. Joor. Joor. Joor. Jorence Jond du Lac. Jorest Jorent Jorence Jorest Jorence Joren	815 47 2,411 35 2,663 68 3,460 20 1,468 80 1,511 50 5,076 73 4,989 66 11,159 06 4,524 33 14,725 81 1,320 10	2,413 00 158 41 3,488 37 1,593 78 57,765 57 4,000 00 754 06 638 8,821 25 10,000 00 335 00 8,000 00 1,300 00 5,927 48 816 89 1,562 55 200 00 1,582 515	\$2,995 00 8,160 00 703 53 2,000 00 2,000 00 1,464 86 15,120 00	\$509 50 1,000 00 350 00 2,247 40 712 00 200 00 18,199 13 6,500 00 200 00 825 46 2,400 00 1,288 80 6,206 70 2,968 86 1,960 71	\$2, 250 00 6, 341 93 5, 550 00 6, 530 00 6, 530 00 2, 500 00 2, 500 00 11, 675 00 3, 900 00 11, 675 00 4, 700 00 4, 100 00 4, 100 00 4, 100 00 4, 100 00 2, 500 00 2, 500 00 2, 500 00 2, 500 00 2, 500 00 2, 500 00 2, 500 00 4, 800 00 2, 500 00 4, 800 00 4, 800 00 4, 800 00 4, 800 00 4, 800 00 4, 800 00 4, 800 00 4, 800 00 6, 769 00 6, 740 00 6, 746 27 6, 500 00 9, 638 44 4, 470 31 3, 050 00 93, 050 000 93, 050 000 93, 050 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000 90, 063 400 000	\$189 56 \$,398 62 753 19 1,047 03 8,960 40 1,500 00 1,023 77 5,707 58 6,691 01 1,643 41 12,545 59 4,992 77 1,387 90 1,387 90 1,502 88 5,565 97 10,476 89 371 47 4,057 60 271 47 4,057 60 371 47 4,057 60 4,736 00 4,736 00 2,602 42 2,602 42 3,125 69 3,679 17 4,147 83 8,117 88 8,117 88 8,117 88 8,117 88 8,117 89 17,500 00	600 00) 835 49 1,046 44 1,450 00 1,750 00 1,438 29 3,615 00 257 07 3,761 61 1,198 58 1,468 09 956 82 2,537 22	\$75 50 1, 244 67 498 45 180 22 1, 799 00 570 00 334 75 2, 358 27 3, 296 33 655 85 692 25 1, 050 00 2, 856 51 225 00 218 74 785 67 900 00 1, 581 74 2, 278 65 120 00 190 00 103 77 1, 088 11 23, 377 39	7, 0.30 12 10, 185 132 4, 778 68 2, 207 89 1, 406 34 14, 734 75 9, 695 78 13, 139 35 15, 154 89 89, 739 932 5, 209 54 4, 119 34 26, 634 31 11, 192 34 26, 634 31 10, 537 95 10, 454 00 5, 134 75 20, 336 23 6, 470 45 12, 641 18 10, 820 87 11, 103 37 12, 643 107 11, 0.53 97 12, 643 107 13, 70 95 13, 031 07 10, 373 95 15, 431 07 17, 0.25 81 15, 673 52 8, 445 20	63, 643 52 16, 557 98 18, 509 63 43, 826 38 11, 388 48 5, 938 13 9, 274 60 47, 473 34

**	5,500 001	250 001	. 1		5,300 001	4,800 00]	2,300 00	800 00	3, 100 00	22,050 00
Monroe					4,000 00	1,812 56	604 08	964 00	12,019 99	22,925 32
Oconto		2,000 00			3,198 06	805 90	515 58	54 64	36,726 35	44,300 53
Oneida				275 00	6,637 50	3,779 30	1,111 29	1,962 40	54,007 20	73,428 04
Outagamie	3,546 29				4, 302 00	4,500 00	2,000 00	850 00	1,348 00	13.500 00
Ozaukee	{ <u></u>			135 00	2,250 00	495 60	469 03	18 00	1,827 33	5,253 22
Pepin	. 58 70			200	2,250 00	1,179 88	1,480 90	819 46	10,965 34	25, 449 14
Pierce	. 5,114 12				4,000 00	2,866 39		2 2, 790 39	1,753 77	14, 995 07
Polk	1,934 57				5,250 00	2,800 33	1,572 37	647 781	4,689 88	28,837 63
Portage		222 201	12,144 00	600 00	3,250 00	4, 134 22			2,540 00	32,000 00
Price				2,100 00	6,060 00	2,000 00	1,600 00	200 00		29,814 90
Racine					7,781 50	4,980 54			8,856 87	
					3,500 00	1,782 68			562 74	10,024 19
Richland					11,920 80	20,694 72	2,000 00	909 17	11,264 16	68,484 15
Rock		254 001			4,750 00	4,000 23	2,983 67		12,527 39	29,458 72
St. Croix		331 00		2,500,00	4,900 00	2,913 05	1.064 75	140 00	6,434 78	27,581 08
Sauk		100 00			3,625 00	1,012 28	1,560 97	1,795 08	4,645 98	24,515 26
Sawyer	3,364 07	1,492 50		5,000 00		2,500 00	1,000 00	200 00	4,992 53	19, 132 53
Shawano	. 500 00	200 00			5,450 00	2,805 72	4,808 80	2, 191 20	37,893 14	57,009 82
Sheboygan Taylor	.] 3,860 96						354 30	343 43	6,254 11	19, 123 26
Taylor	4,055 73	200 00		1,815 69	4,100 00	1,336 78	10 001 67		3,714 67	16,738 26
Trempealeau	. 1,245 14	3,910 00			4,300 00				19, 452 05	35, 739 55
Vernon	4,000 00			1,887 50	4,200 00	3,300 00	2,500 00		10,857 90	33, 319 09
Walworth			l <i></i>		4,700 00	5,628 98			5,733 84	8.357 94
Washburn		1 800 00	1 1		2.100 001				0,700 04	24,865 00
Washington		10,500,00			4,750 00	2,000 00	1,062 00	350 00	2,703 00	
Waukesha		10,000 00			7,240 00	5,000 00			15,516 94	36, 437 94
	• 1	975.00		3,765 00	4,500 00	3,560 81	2,800 00	250 00	15,887 77	38,538 58
Waupaca		2.5 00			3,200 00	1,100 27	541 00		2, 121 02	8,014 58
Waushara				3,000 00				2 4, 139 88	12,925 85	41,470 82
Winnebago	5,040 02	400 11					1.663 60		3,673 56	18,521 67
Wood	5,172 62	482 11		512 14	1,100 00	,	-,000			
	4000,000,00	4019 7/65 00	666 497 90	e04 186 16	\$419,711 93	\$251,721,01	\$141,727 46	\$47,036 81	\$912,719 38	\$2,471,233 52
Total	. \$308,928 38	\$213,765 00	\$66,437 39	293, 100 10	Dare, 111 00	φ~01, 1×1 01	4, , , , , , ,	,	* ,	
	ı	1	i .	l ·	,					

^{*}Includes services of superintendent

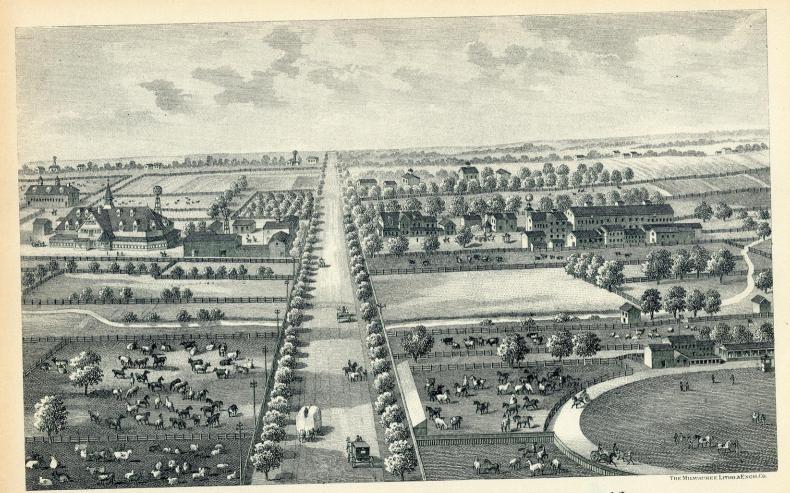
¹ Including jail expenses.

² Including sheriff's account.

		Box	IDED INDEBTEDN	ESS.		Indebtedness							
Counties.	Railroad Aid.	Bridges. Other Purposes		Interest Unpaid.	Total Bonded Indebtedness.	of School Districts or for School Purposes.	All other In- debtedness of Towns, Cities and Villages.	Total Indebtedness.					
Adams Ashland, Barron Bayfield	\$11,000 00	\$33,240 00	\$275 00 16,000 00	\$210 00	\$275 00 49,450 00 11,000 00	\$199 04 14,988 00 4,183 33	\$10,000 00	\$474 0 105,368 9 15,183 3					
Bayfield	80,470 98	13,000 00	7,500 00	1,224 46	102, 195 44	4,500 00 5,021 00 11,389 94		14,500 0 107,601 4 11,389 9					
Chippewa Clark Columbia	8, 285 75 2, 423 00	2,620 00	40,500 00 2,142 00	178 21 187 83	65,000 00 48,963 96 7,372 83	1,858 38 7,453 60	33 00	65,000 0 50,822 3 14,859 4					
Jrawford Jane Joane Joane Joane Joane Joane Joane Joane Jounglas Junn Joane Juni Joane Jorence Jorend Jorest Jorest	229,500 00 87,831 33	875 00 600 00	30,000 00	70,701 86	259,500 00 108,908 19 600 00	679 81 2,124 81 5,670 00 3,614 00	185 00	14,700 0 679 8 261,809 8 117,618 9 6,064 0					
Dunn Eau Claire Florence Fond du Lac	28,000 00 120,000 00	1,200 00 100,950 00	99,400 00	252 00 420 00 750 00	292 00 2,006 02 420 00 141,750 00	10,636 001 811 00 610 42 9,000 00	536 32 225 00	10,636 0 30,547 3 201,437 4 9,420 0					
rant. Freen	20,500 00	300 00	22,000 00	715 00	43,515 00	2,045 10		141,750 0 2,343 1 43,515 0					
ond du Lac 'orest trant treen treen Lake Dwa ackson efferson uneau	15, 905 47 40, 150 00	1,000 00	5,250 00 20,000 00	1,610 00	$\begin{array}{c} 21,155\ 47\\ 42,760\ 09\\ 20,000\ 00 \end{array}$	3,802 50 765 00	1,300 00 3,281 03 276 68	2,205 00 24,436 50 46,839 18					
uneau enosha ewaukee a Crosse	1,450 00	522 00 800 00 2, 800 00	188,000 00 4,500 00	46 00	760, 260 98 2, 073 50 188, 846 00 7, 699 00	9,245 28	372 12	20,765 0 760,760 9 11,690 8 188,846 0					
inglade	84,000 00		19,000 001	. 	187,000 00 50,650 00 15,786 56	33, 735 88 3, 219 00 1, 532 52	36,000 00 600 00 1,093 85	7, 980 4 256, 735 8 54, 469 0 18, 412 9					
anitowocarathon	77, 000, 001	192 901	545 771	950 00	22,000 00 78,629 76 108,328 56	2,800 00 17,457 42	8, 260 00 815 96	33,060 0 78,629 7 126,601 9					

Maninotto								• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Marinette	2,500 00			175 00	2,675 00	5,000 00		7,675 00
Marquette	3,000 00		2,704,500 00	100 00	2,843,600 00	7,300 00		2,850,900 00
Milwaukee	3,000 00		2,104,000 00	106 45	6,627 28	7,842 76		14,955 04
Monroe	1,520 83	5,000 00		100 45		3,040 75	2,642 22	10,379 47
Oconto		390 00	4,306 50		4,696 50	0,010 10		5,332 00
Oneida		2,900 00		32 00	2,932 00	2,400 00		
Outagamie		10,077 04	20,000 00	849 86	78,926 90	416 00	56 32	79,309 22
Ozaukee.						636 00		936 00
Ozaukee						2.214 00		2,214 00
Pepin						15 900 00		15,900 00
Pierce			500 00	192 50	2,942 50	3, 147 12		11,069 62
Polk	2,250 00	279 91	. 500 00					57,907 39
Portage	31,800 00	279 91	25 00	718 31	32, 823 22	24,779 17		6,280 00
Price								0,200 00
Racine,		13,000 00	7,000 00		177,902 28			177,902 28
	101,000 20	25,000 00	,			469 70		469 70
Richland	93,200 00	3,000 00	5,000 00	4,518 30	105,718 30	2,000 00	6,050 00	113,768 30
Rock		3,800 00				34, 160 50		64,055 39
St. Croix								23,055 18
Sauk	10,400 00	3,550 00	5,500 00	166 29	19,616 29	5,200 00	200 00	20,000 10
Sawver								0.045.00
Shawano				1,000 00	1,000 00		891 64	3,845 23
			160.250 00		210,250 00	2,000 00		212, 250 00
Sheboygan			1 200,		·	1,945 80	1,095 21	3,041 01
Taylor		150 00	3,213 14	2,000 00	50,658 14			56,991 05
Trempealeau						11,586 95		
Vernon		38 25						95, 497 00
Walworth	[67,000 00			4,290 00	71,290 00	24,201 00		1,490 02
Washburn		1		957 02	957 02	533 00		1,490 02
Washington			l					
Waukesha		\		840 00	840 00			18,840 00
		500 00	250 00	192 00	50,745 25	4,609 55		55,354 80
Waupaca			200 00	640 00				
Waushara							64,344 00	
Winnebago	79,000 00	16,350 00	62,000 90					
Wood	6,000 00		2,970 10	1,037 91	10,008 01	3,699 67	8,005 01	22,211 19
Total	\$1,787,108 16	\$356,879 19	\$3,717,898 30	\$625,622 28	\$6,487,504 91	\$344,112 09	\$215,892 68	\$7,047,509 68
10001	1 \$2,.5.,100 10	1 0230,010 20] 0-,,	1	, . ,	1 77 7	1	1

•		Bonded In	DEBTEDNESS.				
Counties,	Railroad Roads and Bridges.		Interest Unpaid.	Other Purposes.	Total Bonded Indebtedness.	All Other Indebtedness.	Total Indebt- edness.
Adams.							
Ashland Barron Bayfeld	\$116,000 00				\$116,000 00 21,400 00		\$116,000 00 21,400 00
Barron Bayfield. Brown Buffalo.	136,000 00			22,000 00	158,000 00		158,000,00
Burnett	2,578 47	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			2,578 47		2,578 47
Chippewa. Clark Columbia. Crawford.		\$25,000 00		37,500 00	62,500 00		62,500 00
Crawford Dane		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		18,000 00			18,000 00
Door				6,000 00	35,000 00 6,000 00		35,000 00 6,000 00
Dunn	25,000 00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			25,000 00		
Florence				32,0 00 00			32,000 00
Forest		••••••		4,000 00	4,000 00	\$23,800 00	23,800 00 4,000 00
Green. Green Lake. Iowa. Jackson.							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Jefferson	90, 400 00].	************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		68,950 00 30,400 00	20,000 00	68,950 00 50,400 00
Kenosha				9,000 00 11,000 00	9,000 00 11,000 00	20,000 00	9,000 00 13,250 00
La Crosse	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			36,000,00	36,000,00		86,000 00
Langlade	:			70,000 00	70,000 00	42,078 09	70.000 00
Manitowoc	216,000 00				216,000 00	42,078 09	42,078 09 216,000 00



WISCONSIN DAIRY AND STOCK F M.



Marathon. 3,060 00 3,080 00 Marquette. 4,000 00 140,000 00 144,000 00	8,060 00 144,000 00 8,000 00 12,000 00 25,000 00	
Marinette	8,000 00 12,000 00	
Marquette 4,000 00 140,000 00 144,000 00	8,000 00 12,000 00	
Milwankee	12,000 00	
	12,000 00	
Milwaukee.		
Oneida.	20,000 00	
Outagainte.		
Ozauree D		
T C D III.	• • •,• • • • • • •	
Polls	200,000 00	
FOIR 200,000 000,000 00 200,000 000	21,000 00	
12,000 00 12,000 00 9,000 00		
	• • • • • • • • • • •	
Diabland	• • • • • • • • • •	
Rock	• • • • • • • • • • •	
St. Croix	6,000 00	,
0.000 001 0.000 001	0,000 00	
Sawyer	15,000 00	
Shawano		
Sheboygan 6,000 00 6,000 00 4,000 00	10,000 00	
19.710	•	
Trempealeau	7,383 00	
Walworth. 5,566 66 12,028 66	12,028 66	j
Washington		
Waukesna 2 100 00 30 000 00 32 100 00 32 100 00	32,100 0	
Waupaca		
Wausnara. Winnebago.		
Winedago		
Wood	F48 F00 0	
Total. \$767,440 47 \$25,000 00 \$11,933 00 \$612,026 66 \$1,416,400 13 \$101,128 09 \$1	,517,528 2	
1004.		

FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE STATE OF WISCONSIN AND THE SEVERAL COUNTIES THEREIN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1888.

Ashland 9,213 98 619 34 9,833 82 3,083 83 14,559 92 \$333 67 847 64 35,234 8 Barron 4 4,074 91 1,105 60 52 00 5,232 51 6,766 57 3,076 85 98 86 9,244 2 Bayfield 6,090 27 342 03 34 00 6,466 30 1,250 44 2,642 52 23,584 74 171 43 27,649 1 Brown 11,486 82 2,441 25 84 00 77,119 51 8,697 29 264 08 23,584 74 171 43 27,649 1 Buffalo 5,432 86 1,656 65 30 00 7,119 51 8,697 29 264 08 100 87 9,002 3 Burnott 1,383 46 760 70 22 00 2,166 16 1,890 29 951 10 9,105 97 57 92 12,065 2 Calumet 9,585 52 2,140 30 102 00 11,827 82 9,344 12 10 9,105 97 57 92 12,065 2 Clark 8 8,101 70 1,707 58 117 00 17,735 28 8,120 17 182 96 8,303 17 Columbia. 17,650 89 85 66 51 00 18,587 55 117 00 17,735 28 8,120 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 18 18 17 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 18 18 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 17 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8,303 18 182 96 8	RECEIVED FROM COUNTIES.			es.	PAID TO COUNTIES.						
Bayron 4,074 91 1,105 60 52 00 5,232 51 6,766 57 3,076 85 98 86 9,942 8 Bayfield 6,090 27 342 03 34 00 6,466 30 1,250 44 2,642 52 23,584 74 171 43 27,649 1 Brown 11,486 82 2,441 25 84 00 14,002 07 20,292 75 30 00 \$8,268 02 11 03 28,601 8 Buffalo 5,432 86 1,656 65 30 00 7,119 51 8,697 29 264 08 100 87 9,082 5 Buffalo 9,585 52 2,140 30 102 00 11,887 82 9,344 12 10 65 9,365 75 20 10 65 9,344 12 10 65 9,364 7 10 65 9,3	Counties.	tional pur-	institu-	Suit tax.	Total.	fund appor-	fund appor-	ing chronic	license ap- portion-		Total.
Kewaunee 6,490 28 1,004 58 59 00 7,553 86 9,894 75 40 00 552 9,940 8 La Crosse 21,347 56 4,965 86 79 00 26,392 42 16,945 71 402 96 217 17,350 8 La Favette 13,070 08 2,693 20 69 00/ 15,832 28 10,191 68 446 10,190 3	Ashland Barron Bayfield. Brown. Buffalo. Burnett Calumet Calumet Colimbia. Crawford Dane Dodge Door Douglas. Dunn Eau Claire. Florence Forned du Lac Forest Grant. Green Lake Jackson Jefferson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse. La Fayette	9, 213 98 4, 074 91 6, 090 27 11, 486 82 5, 432 86 9, 585 52 12, 476 66 8, 910 70 17, 650 89 16, 334 90 45, 272 18, 624 56 16, 451 06 8, 537 70 18, 624 75 16, 452 73 21, 145 86 21, 347 75 21, 145 96 21, 347 76 21, 347 76	619 34 (8) 342 (8) 342 (8) 342 (8) 343 (8) 344 (8) 345	\$2 00 \$4 00 \$4 00 \$2 00 \$2 00 \$102 00 \$175 00 \$117 00 \$218 00 \$218 00 \$23 00 \$218 00 \$217 00 \$218 00 \$217 00 \$218 00 \$217 00 \$218 00 \$217 00 \$218 00 \$	5, 232 51 6, 466 30 14, 002 07 7, 119 51 2, 166 16 11, 287 82 16, 141 88 16, 735 28 18, 587 55 8, 047 64 49, 522 53 30, 030 76 5, 127 32 5, 086 32 10, 639 13 20, 369 52 4, 460 18 32, 418 40 20, 287 54 18, 659 55 10, 233 01 13, 582 27 6, 059 56 24, 554 52 7, 966 13 13, 715 56 26, 303 26 26, 303 26	6, 766 57 1, 250 44 20, 292 75 8, 697 28 9, 344 11 11, 168 8 8, 120 17 8, 627 55 27, 978 86 21, 803 87 8, 549 53 10, 982 00 12, 417 98 23, 062 41 19, 093 44 10, 919 30 7, 733 69 11, 278 88 11, 278 83 10, 982 00 12, 417 98 23, 062 67 19, 093 44 10, 919 30 7, 793 97 11, 274 88 8, 117 38 6, 560 28 9, 894 77 16, 945 77 10, 191 16	2,642 52 30 00 264 08 951 10 687 68 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 64 96 96 64 96 96 64 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96 96	\$8,268 02 4,329 29 10,637 19 10,290 30 4,827 54 10,943 36 3,473 07 4,758 48 8,503 94	3,076 85 23,584 74 9,165 97	\$47 64 98 98 69 88 171 43 11 03 100 87 57 92 10 65 162 07 182 07 182 23 3 88 24 2 23 185 05 221 12 47 63 18 48 103 08 130 55 5 04 62 29 78 07 71 18	\$4,030 24 35,234 56 9,942 28 27,649 13 28,601 80 9,062 24 12,065 28 9,354 77 12,018 64 8,303 13 17,857 36 8,888 06 38,684 25 8,734 57 7,118 46 12,090 27 12,439 56 3,014 80 27,890 21 15,584 82 30,041 80 14,392 43 7,726 42 16,095 65 27,912 54 27,024 22 8,407 29 6,560 26 9,940 27 17,350 84 10,196 142 90

REAL ESTATE VALUATION FOR 1888.

(AS FIXED BY COUNTY BOARDS.)

		LAND.		Value of	Total value	Total value	
COUNTIES.	Number of acres.	Value.	Value. Av. value.		of real es- tate.	of all property.	
AdamsAshland	338, 416	\$738,017	\$2 18	\$19,537	\$757,554	\$991, 192	
Barron	522,008	1,046,570	2 00	998 940	1,274,819	1 777 000	
Bayfield	614,775	2,935,616	4 78	404, 222	3, 339, 838	1,777,089 4,081,269	
BrownBuffalo	301, 428	2, 923, 452	9 69		3, 339, 838 5, 434, 365	4,081,269 6,807,351 2,575,679	
Burnett	424, 964 207, 851	1,565,851 508,115	3 69 2 45	224, 294 39, 990	1,790,145	2,575,679 736,649	
Calumet	202, 080	4,726,853	23 39	341, 445	5 068 908	5, 924, 442	
Chippewa	207, 851 202, 080 1, 335, 749 725, 624	4,481,880	3 95	1,349,792	5,831,672		
ClarkColumbia	491,545	4, 481, 880 2, 921, 350 6, 449, 734	4 03 13 12	341, 445 1, 349, 792 407, 587 1, 863, 934	5,831,672 3,328,937 8,313,668	3, 930, 917 10, 382, 523 2, 158, 843	
Crawford	250 684	[1,270,293]	3 60		1,580,584	2, 158, 843	
Dane Dodge	757, 262 543, 881 293, 741 503, 961	12 575 694	16 61	5,981,564	18,557,188	24,002,724	
Douge	943, 881 993, 741	1 997 730	19 32 4 05	1,618,733	12, 125, 955 1, 494, 021	14,047,928	
Douglas	503, 961	5,760,256	11 40	5,052,194	10, 812, 450	2,046,207 11,566,955	
Dunn Eau Claire	527,780	10,507,222 1,297,730 5,760,256 2,467,562	4 68	5,981,564 1,618,733 196,291 5,052,194 709,757	10,812,450 3,177,319 6,993,269	4, 598, 485 9, 303, 234	
Florence	363, 568 283, 949	2, 602, 890 1, 103, 124	7 10 3 81	4,390,379 83,017	6, 993, 269 1, 186, 141	9, 303, 234 1, 250, 299	
Florence	448,885	10, 641, 9541	23 71	3, 681, 3891	14 292 2421	17, 135, 459	
Forest	744, 404 728, 946	876, 637 5, 594, 000	1 18 7 61	25, 514 1, 113, 211 1, 527, 802	902, 141 6, 707, 211 7, 350, 223	938 033	
Green	365 088	5, 822, 421	7 61 15 90	1,527,802	7, 350, 223	10 529 806	
Green Lake	220,740 441,299 533,939 345,601	0 000 692	13 54	905, 048	3, 892, 683	8,723,516 10,529,806 4,694,746	
Iowa	441,299 533 939	2, 937, 033 4, 807, 981 1, 480, 207 6, 964, 610 1, 063, 794 3, 835, 357	$\frac{10}{2} \frac{09}{71}$	784, 315 425, 016	5,542,296	6,895,47 5	
Jackson	345, 601	6,964,610	20 21	2, 173, 825	1,905,223 9,138,435 1,518,200 4,889,046	2,567,159 11,116,075	
Juneau	401,803	1,063,794	2 64	2, 173, 825 454, 406 1, 053, 689	1,518,200	2, 144, 654	
Kenosha Kewaunee	170, 758 216, 894	2 840 232	22 46 13 10	339, 630	4, 889, 046 3, 179, 862	11, 116, 075 2, 144, 654 6, 176, 005 3, 987, 911	
La Crosse	286, 498	2, 840, 232 2, 025, 532	7 06	8,782,417	10,807,949	13, 237, 265	
La Crosse. La Fayette. Langlade	286, 498 397, 921 504, 653	3, 904, 175	12 32	540, 4451	5 444 6901	13, 237, 265 6, 638, 527	
Lincoln	461,009	3, 904, 175 836, 623 1, 074, 021	1 65 2 33	273,799 1,129,991	1, 110, 422 2, 204, 012 7, 816, 442 3, 768, 138	1,389,892	
Manitowoc	371,293	7, 404, 266	19 94	412, 176	7,816,442	3,060,721 9,589,671	
Marathon Marinette	958, 051	2,677,805 1,676,554	2 80 2 07 3 84	1,090,333	3,768,138	4,906,411	
Marquette Milwaukee	808, 269 281, 196	1,081,764	3 84	1,668,885 170,847	3, 345, 439 1, 252, 611	4,843,041 1,573,140	
Milwaukee	139, 097 542, 926	1,081,764 11,747,118 1,974,926	84 45	170, 847 79, 087, 190 623, 320	90, 834, 308	1,573,140 108,138,240	
Monroe	586, 476	1,974,926	3 64 2 12	623, 320 531, 038	1, 252, 611 90, 834, 308 2, 598, 246 1,775, 042	3, 370, 457 2, 417, 381 1, 636, 440	
Oneida Outagamie Ozaukee Pepin	850, 2051	1, 308, 4461	1 54	144, 154	1,452,600	1,636,440	
Outagamie	357, 429 146, 592	4,509,611	12 62 34 90	3,543,304	8,052,915	9,630,869	
Pepin	145, 816	5, 115, 953 689, 151	4 73	565,635 189,307	5, 681, 588 878, 455	6,580,130 1,160,857	
Pierce	366, 331	689, 151 2, 793, 947	7 63	545, 481	3, 339, 428 1, 959, 649	4, 362, 464	
Polk Portage Price	522, 207 472, 925	1,804,675 $1,251,471$	3 46 2 65	154, 974 790, 819	1,959,649 $2,042,290$	4, 362, 464 2, 523, 172 2, 755, 733	
Price	683, 666	2 755 0661	4 03	161 066	9 016 1991	3, 169, 926	
Racine	683, 666 207, 639 371, 394	5, 865, 496 2, 329, 733 10, 383, 997	23 43	7,586,872 573,925 4,543,719 1,148,364	13, 452, 368 2, 903, 658 14, 927, 716 5, 017, 242 6, 352, 396 1, 200, 678	16 726 563	
Rock	449,657	10, 383, 997	6 27 23 09	573, 925 4 543 719	2,903,658	3, 923, 059 19, 356, 775 6, 217, 460 8, 220, 689	
St. Croix	463 201	3,868,878	8 35	1, 148, 364	5,017,242	6, 217, 460	
Sauk	579, 230 547, 264 478, 034	4, 818, 719	9 11	1,000,011	6, 352, 396	8, 220, 689	
Shawano	478, 034	2, 039, 898	2 29 4 26	48, 305 307, 245		1, 431, 931 2, 905, 529	
Sheboygan	321, 496 481, 363	1, 251, 373 2, 039, 898 9, 458, 163 621, 647	29 42	307, 245 3, 381, 474 51, 178 294, 054	2,347,143 12,839,637	15, 574, 972	
Taylor	481, 363 465, 733	9 287 611	1 29 4 91	51,178	672, 825 2 , 581, 665	844, 591	
Vernon. Walworth.	509,046	2, 312, 648	4 54	275, 954	2,588,602	844,591 3,412,545 3,576,401	
Walworth	349 131	8, 936, 244	25 59 2 41	2.612.6921	11,548,936	16,071,540	
Washburn	292, 631	706, 249	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	28,880	735, 129	919,725	
Was inton	292, 631 272, 143 345, 537	2, 287, 611 2, 312, 648 8, 936, 244 706, 249 8, 697, 234 10, 698, 406 2, 134, 589	30 91	708, 390 3, 209, 655 914, 648	9, 405, 624 13, 908, 061	11,043,772 17,072,221	
Wa pa 1	453,854	2, 134, 839	4 70	914, 648	3,049,486	17,072,221 3,870,643 2,474,488	
Wamaara Winnebago	390, 025 262, 212	1,807,182 5,663,393	4 63 21 60	153, 730 6, 474, 565	1,960,912 12 137 958	2, 474, 488 15, 933, 223	
Wood	262, 212 523, 773	1, 158, 827	2 21	499, 029	12, 137, 958 1, 657, 856	2, 134, 531	
Total	29 803 849	254, 712, 611	\$8 54 \$	172 917 571	3427, 630, 182 3		
	~0,000,040	,~~1, 110, 011	20 94 2	11.0,011,011	Ter, 000, 102 S	, rau, 194, 192	

PART V.

NEWSPAPERS.
POST OFFICES.
MISCELLANEOUS.

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THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

The following list has been carefully revised according to the best information obtainable up to December 31, 1883. The language in which the papers are published is English when no other statement is given. The abbreviations used are as follows: Rep., Republican. Dem., Democrat. Pro., Prohibitionist. Gr., Greenback. Lab., Labor. Ind., Indecan. Dem., Democrat. Rel., Religious. Ed., Educational. T., Temperance. M., Musical. pendent or Neutral. Rel., Religious. Ed., Educational. T., Temperance. M., Musical. D., Daily. S. W., Semi-Weekly. W., Weekly. S. M., Semi-Monthly. Q., Quarterly. G., German. N., Norwegian. P, Polish.

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Counties And Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Charac ter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
ADAMS— Friendship	Press	Solon W. Pierce	Rep.	w.	Saturday.
Ashland — Ashland Ashland Ashland Glidden Hurley	Herold	Sadlousky	Rep. Dem. Rep. Ind. Rep.	W. D. & W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Wednesday. Saturday. Thursday. Saturday. Thursday.
Barron Barron Chetek Cumberland Rice Lake Rice Lake	Advocate Chronotype	C. B. Dodge	Ind. Rep. Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem.	W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday.
Bayfield Washburn Washburn	Press	Currie G. Bell Fred. T. Yates Barager Bros	Rep. Ind. Rep.	W. W. W.	Saturday. Saturday. Thursday.
Brown— De Pere	Democrat	Democrat Publishing Company Proctor & Hanlin	Dem.	w. w.	Thursda y. Saturda y.
De Pere	land)	Vande Castle & Heyr	Dem	W.	Thursday.
Fort Howard Fort Howard Green Bay Green Bay	Sentinei	Robinson & Co	Dem		Saturday. Thursday. Wednesday
Green Bay Green Bay	Music Journal	. G. & R. Kustermann	. M.	D. & V	7. Saturday.
Buffalo — Alma Fountain City Mondovi	Journal Kepublikaner (G. Herald	J. W. DeGroff Hepp & Meili W. L. Houser	Dem	. <u>W</u> .	Thursday. Thursday. Friday.
Burnett — Grantsburg.	Sentinel	G. A. Olson	l Rep	. ¹ w.	Friday.

WISCONSIN PRESS - Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
CALUMET— Chilton Chilton	Demokrat (G.)	Henry Arnold Hume Bros	. Ind. Dem.	W. W.	Friday.
CHIPPEWA— Bloomer Cadott Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls Chippewa Falls	Record	Advance Co	Rep. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W. D. & W.	Friday. Saturday. Friday.
Chippewa Falls	I	man	Dem.	W. W.	Wednesday Saturday.
CLARK — Colby Neillsville	Phonograph	Shafer Bros		w.	Thursday.
Neillsville	Deutsche Am'rik (G.) Republican and	Herman Schuster	1	w.	Thursday.
Neillsville Thorp	Press Times. Courier Leader.	I. T. Carr. Times Printing Co William Wagner. W. H. Hotchkiss.	I Ind 1	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Tuesday. Friday. Friday.
Columbia— Cambria Columbus Columbus Kilbourn City Lodi Portage Portage Portage	News Democrat Republican Mirror-Gazette Valley News Democrat Herald-Advertiser Wisconsin State	O. C. Williams C. C. Eaton & Co J. R. Decker J. E. Jones Peter Richards. J. E. Jones J. R. Hinckley	Rep. Dem. Rep. Ind. Rep. Dem. Ind.	W. W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Friday. Saturday. Saturday. Saturday. Friday. Thursday.
Portage	Register	Register Printing Co. Mrs. G. A. Selbach I. C. Sargent & Son	Dem. Ind.	D. & W. W. W.	Saturday. Thursday. Saturday.
Prairie du Ch'n Prairie du Ch'n Prairie du Ch'n Soldiers' Grove	Courier	L. H. Doyle	Ind. Dem. Rep. Ind.	w. w.	Friday. Tuesday. Thursday. Monday.
Madison Madison	Recorder News News Ægis Botschafter (G.) Democrat Daily News Journal of Educa-	J. M. Williams	Ind. Ind. Ind. Lit. Dem. Dem. Ind. R.	W. W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Friday. Thursday. Tuesday.
Madison	tion. Lucifer. Monona Lake Ass. News Advertiser. Our Church Work Our State Work. Prohibitionist. Poultry Ledger	Nelson & North	Ed. Rel. Rel. Ind. R. Rel. T. Pro. Class. Ed.	M. M. W.	Thursday.
Madison Madison Madison Madison	Staatz-Zeitung(G) Skandinav. Trib'ne State Journal Viking Western Farmer.	Staatz-Zeitung Co F. T. Rustone David Atwood Die E. Troan Western Farmer Co	Ind. Ind. Rep. Ind. Agr. T.	S. M. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Triday. Saturday. Thursday.
Oregon (Stoughton (Stoughton] Sun Prairie (Hub (d. T. Hanson. Courier Publishing Co. J. Rollis.	Ind. Ind. Rep. Ind. Rep.	W. S. T. F. W. F. W. F.	aturday. 'hursday. 'riday. 'riday. 'hursday.
Beaver Dam Beaver Dam	Argus. S Citizen. 7	Sherman & Hutchins.	Dem. Rep.	w. T	hursday.

WISCONSIN PRESS - Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Donge — Con. Fox Lake Horicon Juneau Mayville Waupun	Representative Reporter Volksfreund (G.) Telephone Pionier (G.) Times.	John Hotchkiss & Son C. A. Pettibone Henry Spiering Telephone Pub. Co Jacob Mueller Eli & C. E. Hooker	Rep. Ind. Ind. Dem. Dem. Rep.	W. W. W. W. W. W.	Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Tuesday.
Door — Sturgeon Bay Sturgeon Bay	Advocate Independent	Frank Long Independent Pub. Co.	Rep. Ind.	w. w.	Saturday. Friday.
Douglas — Superior West Superior. West Superior. West Superior. West Superior.	Times	J. Lute Christe M. C. French M. B. Kimball Street & Co. M. B. Kimball F. B. Gregg.	Rep. Dem. Rep. Rep. Ind. R. Rep.	W. W. D. W. W.	Saturday. Saturday. Saturday. Thursday. Friday.
DUNN — Menomonie Menomonie Menomonie Menomonie	Dunn Co. Herald. News Nordstern (N.) Times.	Herald Pub. Co Flint & Weber Nordstern Pub. Co Times Printing Co	Pro. Rep. Ind. Dem.	s. w. W. W. W.	Tuesday. Saturday, Friday. Friday.
EAU CLAIRE— Augusta Eau Claire. Eau Claire. Eau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire Eau Claire. Eau Claire.	Eagle. Arbeideren (G.). Free Press. Leader. News. Progress. Workman's Gazette.	Griff O. Jones	Rep. Peo. Rep. Dem. Pro. Neut.	W. W. D. & W. D. & W. W. W.	Saturday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Saturday. Saturday. Saturday.
Florence	Mining News	Youngs Bros	Ind.	w.	Saturday.
FOND DU LAC— Brandon Fond du Lac Fond du Lac Fond du Lac Fond du Lac Ripon Ripon Ripon Ripon Waupun	Journal Reporter College Days	Days Pub. Co Ellsworth & Harmon. T. D. Stone.	Dem. Dem. Dem.	W. D. & W. W. D. & W. 	Thursday. Saturday. Thursday. Thursday. Saturday. Friday. Friday. Friday.
Forest — Crandon Crandon Pelican Lake.	Leaves Republican Spy	Samuel Shaw	Rep.	W. W. W.	Thursday. Tuesday. Thursday.
GRANT— Bloomington Boscobel		McKinnev & Gold	Rep.	w.	Thursday.
Cassville Lancaster Lancaster Montfort Platteville. Platteville.	Index, Herald. Teller Monitor Democrat	DeWitt & DeWitt Wm. B. Miner. E. Pollock DeWitt & Taylor. W. H. Peck	Ind.	W. W. W. W. W. W.	Tuesday. Saturday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Wednesday.
Green— Albany Albany	JournalVindicator	J. E. Bartlett E. E. Atherton	Rep. Pro.	w.	Saturday. Thursday.
Brodhead		E. A. Charleton Louis Sprague	Rep.	W.W.	Friday. Saturday.

WISCONSIN PRESS - Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
GREEN — Con. Monroe	Gazette	W. T. Giles	Dem		
Monroe	Herold (G.) Real Estate Jour-	Herman W. Frick	& Ind. Ind.	w. w.	Friday. Wednesday.
Monroe Monroe Monroee	nal Rundschau (G) Sentinel Sun News	Etter & Woodle. J. G. Probst. Charles A. Booth. George R. South. J. A. Smith.	Ind. Ind. Rep. Ind Ind.	M. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Wednesday. Saturday. Wednesday.
GREEN LAKE — Berlin	Courant Farmer and Stock-	L. E. Davis	Rep.	w.	Thursday.
Berlin Berlin	man	J. R. Brown C. G. Starks	Agr. Rep.	D. & W.	Wednesday.
Kingston Markesan Princeton	Union Spy Herald. Republic.	Paving Cutters' Association., William E. Williams. C. Wray E. Beebe.	Ind. Rep. Rep.	M. W. W. W.	Wednesday. Wednesday. Thursday.
Iowa — Arena. Barneveld Dodgeville Dodgeville Mineral Point Ridgeway	Rural Eye. Register. Chronicle Sun Democrat. Tribune. Enterprise	Thomas & Peavy H. G. Jones A. S. Hearn Archibald Mc Arthur. Crawford Bros. W. H. & B. J. Bennett D. T. Jarvis	Pro. Ind. Rep. Dem. Dem. Rep. Ind.	W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Friday.
Jackson — Black Riv. F'lls Black Riv. F'lls Merrillan	Banner Journal	Cooper & Co	Rep. Dem. Rep.	W. W. W.	Friday. Tuesday. Friday.
Jefferson — Ft. At inson Ft. Atkinson Ft. Atkinson Jefferson Jefferson Jefferson	Dairyman	W. D. Hoard W. D. Hoard Emma Brown O. F. Roessler H. C. Mansfield	Agr. Rep. Pro. Dem. Rel.	W. W. M. W. M.	Friday. Friday. Thursday.
Jefferson	Widows and Orphans' Friend Tariff ReformAdv Leader Enterprise Democrat Journal Gazette Republican Weltbürger (G.)	J. W. Ostrander	Rep. Pro. Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem.	S. M. M. W.	Thursday. Wednesday. Saturday. Thursday. Friday. Wednesday. Saturday.
JUNEAU — Elroy Elroy Mauston Mauston Mauston Necedab New Lisbon Wonewoc	Statesman Tribune Argus Rundschau (G) Star Sun Republican News Reporter	T. K. Dunn	Pro. Rep. Dem. Ind. Rep. Pro. Rep. Rep. Ind.	W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Friday. Thursday. Friday. Friday. Friday. Thursday.
Kenosha — Kenosha	Courier Telegraph The Leader Union	L. A. Cross Hackett Monder J. A. Killeen	Rep. Dem. Dem.	W. W. W.	Thursday. Saturday. Thursday.
KEWAUNEE — Ahnapee	Record	D. W. Stebbins	Rep.	w.	Friday.

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WISCONSIN PRESS-Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Kewaunee — Con Kewaunee Kewaunee	Banner (G) Enterprise	Breumner & Haney A. C. Voshardt	Dem. Dem.	w. w.	Thursday. Thursday.
La Crosse — La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse La Crosse	Chronicle	Ellis B. Usher	Dem. Rep. Ind. Rep.	D. & W. W. W.	Saturday. Tuesday. Thursday. Saturday.
La Crosse La Crosse Onalaska West Salem	Republican and Leader Varden Visitor Record Journal	& Mahoney W. R. Finch P. O. Evanson H. W. Smith W. J. Showers L. Lotridge	Rep. Rep. Lab. Ind. Rep.	D. & W. W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Friday. Saturday. Friday. Thursday.
La FAYETTE Argyle Darlington	Atlas Democratic Reg-	George G. Gaskill	Ind. Dem.	w.	Saturday. Friday.
Darlington Darlington Shullsburg Shullsburg	ister Journal Republican Local Pick and Gad	Barnes Bros H. L. Brown J. G. Monahan T. H. McElroy T. J. Law	Rep. Rep. Dem. Ind.	W. W. W. W. W.	Wednesday. Friday. Sunday. Thursday.
Langlade — Antigo Antigo Antigo Antigo Antigo	News Item Herald Republican Ultimatum Special	Millard Bros	Dem. G.Dem Rep. Pro. Cath.	W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Friday. Thursday. Friday. Saturday.
Lincoln — Merrill Merrill Merrill Merrill Tomahawk. Tomahawk.	Advocate Anzeiger (G). News Times Blade Tomahawk	W. H. Canon A. G. Christianson Jed. W. Coon	Rep.	W. W. W. W. W. S. W.	Thursday. Saturday. Friday. Friday. Tuesday. Sat., Wed.
Manitowoc — Manitowoc Manitowoc Manitowoc Manitowoc Manitowoc Manitowoc Two Rivers	Nord Western (G) Pilot Post (G) Tribune Wezyotko Serge Jezusa (Polish). Chronicle.	John Nagel. Wittman & Brandt H. G. Kress Henry Sanford F. Lucryski	Dem. Ind. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Tuesday. Thursday. Thursday.
Marathon — Spencer Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau	Tribune	Vandercook Bros R. H. Johnson E. B. Thayer A. W. Young M. H. Barnum	Rep. Dem. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W. W. W. W.	Friday. Saturday. Tuesday. Saturday. Thursday. Friday.
Marinette Marinette Marinette Peshtigo	North Star	. C. M. Fairchild	Rep. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W.	Saturday. Friday.
Marquette — Montello Westfield	Express Central Union	C. H. Bissell S. D. Forbes		w.	Saturda y. Thursda y.
MILWAUKEE— Milwaukee Milwaukee			1	w.	Saturday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Mrr mr running oon		1 2 2 2 2 2			
Milwaukee	Amonilranicaha	1	1		
minwadkee	Turn-zeitung(G)	Freidenker Pub. Co	Ind.	w.	Cda-
Milwaukee	Arbeiter Zeitung	Freidenker Fub. Co	mu.	, w.	Sunday.
	(G)	Central Labor Union.	Soc.	D. & W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Au (G.)	Anton Gfrorner	Hu.	D. & W. W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee		į.			
	freund (G.)	Banner & Volksfreund	Dem.	777	m1
Milwaukee	Catholic Citizen	Co E. A. Bray Chie Pub. Co.	Ind.	w.	Tuesday. Saturday.
Milwaukee	Chic	Chie Pub. Co	Hu.	W. W. W.	Davarday.
Milwaukee	Columbia (G.)	Catholic Printing Soc.	Rel.	w.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Commercial Let-	III IVI III-i		1	
Milwaukee	ter Deutsches Volks-	F. W. Friese	Com.	D.	
	blatt	George Brumder	Ind.	w.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee				'''	" cuncsuay.
36:1	mian	Anton Novack		w.	Wednesday
Milwaukee	Erholungsstunden	Cooner Deventor	.		
Milwaukee	(G.) Erziehungs Blæt-	George Brumder	Lit.	w.	Wednesday.
-	ter (G.)	Freidenker Pub. Co	Ed.	M.	
Milwaukee	ter (G,) Excelsior (G.)	Excelsior Pub Co	Dem.	w.	Thursday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee	Freidenker (G.)	Freidenker Pub. Co Herman Sigel	Ind.	W. W.	Sunday.
Milwaukee	Freie Presse (d.). Fortschritt der	Herman Sigel	Rep.	D.	
22111114411100	Zeit (G.)	W. W. Coleman	Ind.	s. m.	
Milwaukee	Zeit (G.) Gemeimde Blatt	··· ··· Coloman ·····	mu.	D. 111.	
3621		Wis. Lutheran Synod.	Rel.	S. M. W.	
Milwaukee Milwaukee	Germania (G.)	Germania Pub. Čo	Ind.	w.	Wednesday.
MIIWAUKEE	Germania (G.) Haus und Bauer- freund (G.) Hermans Sohn (G)	Germania Pub. Co	A com	777	337 - 3 3
Milwaukee	Hermans Sohn(G)	Lowenbach & Son	Agr. L. O.	SW	Wednesday.
Milwaukee	110101d (G.)	Herold Co	Ind.	W. S. M. D. & W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Im Familien				
Milwaukee	Kreise (G.) Journal	W. W. Coleman	Lit.	B-W.	
Milwaukee	Jugend Post (G.).	Journal Co	Ind. Juv.	D. & W. W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Katolicoho Zoi	W. Coleman	Juv.	· · · · }	Saturday.
	_tung (G.)	Catholic Print. Co	Rel.	W. W. W.	Thursday.
Milwaukee	Kinder Post (G.)	W. W. Coleman M. Kruszka	Juv.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Labor Raview	M. Kruszka	Lab. Lab.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	tung (G.)	Park & Palmer John L. Bartels	Lao. Lit.	D. & W. M.	Saturday.
Milwaukee		W. W. Coleman	Ed.	S. M.	
Milwaukee	Living Church	Young Churchman Co	Rel.	Q. W.	
Milwaukee	Local National Reform-	Wolf & Matthews	Ind.	W.	Saturday.
Ida wadaloo	er (G.)	K. of L. Print. Co	Lab.	D.	
Milwaukee	er (G.) N. W. Trade Bulle-	1		ъ.	
Milwaulraa	tin !	Fred. Trayser	Com.	W.	Monday.
Milwaukee	Peck's Sun	Wig Tuthers C	Hu.	W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Schulzeitung (G.) Seebote (G.)	P V Denster & Co	Rel. Dem.	D & W	Thumada
Milwaukee	Sentinel	Sentinel Co	Rep.	D & W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Milwaukee	Shepherd's Arms	Young Churchman Co	Rel.	D. & W. D. & W. W. W. W.	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Sunday Telegraph	Watrous & Spice	Rep.	w.	Sunday.
Milwaukee Milwaukee	Telephone (G.)	P. V. Deuster & Co	Dem.	W.	Sunday.
minwaukee	Times U. S. Miller Unser Blatt (G.) Vierteljahrliches	Towell Bros E. Harrison Cawker	Ind. Mec.	S. W.	Wed. & Sat. Sunday.
Milwaukee	Unser Blatt (G.)	B. Lowenback & Son.	L. O.	M.	Бини ау ,
Milwaukee	Vierteljahrliches			l	
Milwaukee	magagm (G.)	W. W. Coleman German Branch Y. M.	Lit.	Q.	
min wanted	Vereinsbote (G.).	C. A	Dol.	, I	
Milwaukee	Volksblatt (G.)	K. of Labor Print Col.	Rel. Lab.	w & s	Saturday.
Milwaukee	Warte (G.)	Germania Pub, Co Cramer, Aikens and	Ind.	W. & S.	Wednesday.
Milwaukee	Wisconsin	Cramer, Aikens and	1		•
Milwaukee	Wisconsin Advo-	Cramer	Rep.	D. & W.	Saturday.
	cate	B. Lowenbach & Sons	T. O	м.	
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WISCONSIN PRESS-Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
MILWAUKEE—con Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	Wisconsin Good Templar World Yenowine's News . Young Church- man	Good Templar Pub. House J. L. Rohr George H. Yenowine. Young Churchman Co	Rel. Ind. Ind. Rel.	w. w. w.	Wednesday. Saturday. Sunday. Saturday.
Monroe — Norwalk. Sparta. Sparta. Tomah Tomah	Times	H. C. McGary B. E. McCoy McBride Bros L. B. Squier J. A. Wells	Rep. Dem. Rep. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Saturday. Tuesday. Saturday. Thursday.
Oconto — Oconto Oconto	Enquirer	Mrs. Rosa Sharp J. W. Hall. C. S. Hart	Dem. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W.	Thursday. Saturday. Saturday.
ONEIDA— Eagie River Rhinelander Rhinelander		O. B. Moon	Ind. Dem. Rep.	W. W. W.	Saturday. Saturday. Thursday.
OUTAGAMIE — Appleton Appleton Appleton Appleton Appleton Appleton Appleton Kaukauna Kaukauna Kaukauna Seymour	Lawrentian Post Volksfreund (G.). Wecker (G) World Postbote (G.). Sun Times	A. J. & T. B. Reid H. W. Meyer Christ. Roemer G. E. Mendel Schneider & Emmers Sun Pub. Co Bidwell & Raught	Dem. Lit. Rep. Ind. Dem. Ind. Dem. Ind. Ind. Ind.	W. M. D. & W. W. S. M. W.	Saturday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Saturday. Friday. Thursday.
OZAUKEE — Cedarburg Pt. Washingtor Pt. Washingtor Pt. Washingtor	Advertiser	M. G. Bohan H. W. Bolens	Dem. Dem. Dem. Dem.	W. W. W. W.	Wednesday. Thursday. Saturday. Thursday.
Pepin— Durand Durand	. Northwestern Teacher	Eldridge & Morsbach.	ì	W. M. W.	Friday. Monday. Thursday.
PIERCE— Ellsworth Prescott River Falls River Falls	Herald	Case & Doolittle E. H. Ives C. R. Morse	Dem. Rep.	W. W. W. W.	Wednesday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday.
Polk— Clear Lake Osceola Mills . St. Croix Falls	. Press	. Charles E. Mears	Rep.	W. W. W.	Friday. Saturday. Thursday.
PORTAGE — Stevens Point. Stevens Point. Stevens Point.	Journal	. McGlachlin & Simons	Rep.	w.	Wednesday. Saturday. Friday.
Price— Fifield		. Geo. Ostermann	Ind. Rep. Dem.	W. W. W.	Thursday. Tuesday. Saturday.

WISCONSIN PRESS—Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers	, Names of Publishers	Character.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
RACINE— Burlington Burlington	. Press	. W. A. Colby	Rep.	w.	Tuesday.
Racine	crat	James I Tonor	Dem.	w.	Saturday.
Racine Racine Racine	College Mercury. Correspondent(G	Students Chas. Shaupano	Lit. Ind.	S-M. W.	Saturday. Saturday.
Racine	Journal Radina (Bohem-	Journal Printing Co.		D. & W.	Thursday. Wednesday
Racine Racine Racine.	Times	Chas. Jonas & Co Chas. Jonas & Co Times Pub. Co	Lit. Dem. Ind.	W. W. D.	Wednesday Wednesday
Union Grove Waterford	Enterprise Weekly.	Times Pub. Co A. P. Colby Edward Malone	Ind. Rep. Ind.	W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday.
RICHLAND — Richl'd Center.	Republican and				Laureauy.
Richl'd Center.	Observer	W. M. Fogo & Co F. A. Smith	Rep.	w. w.	Thursday.
Rock —			ma.	w.	Saturday.
Beloit. Beloit. Beloit. Clinton Edgerton Edgerton Evansville Evansville	Tobacco Reporter Enterprise Review	R. W. Cheever	Rep. Lit. Rep. Ind. Ind. Ind.	D.& W. D. & W. S-M. W. W. S-W. S-W.	Friday. Thursday. Friday. Wednesday. Saturday. Friday. Wed. & Sat. Friday. Thursday.
Janesville Janesville Janesville Janesville Milton Milton Milton Junct'n	Gazette. Recorder Signal Sum College Journal Telephone News	Gazette Printing Co. Recorder Printing Co. Garrett Veeder. J. B. Silsbee & Co. Students J. C. Bartholf. F. R. Morris & Co.	Rep. Dem. Ind. Ind. Lit. Rep. Ind.	W. D.& W. D.& W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Sunday. Saturday. Thursday. Thursday.
T. CROIX— Baldwin Hudson Hudson New Richmond New Richmond	Bulletin	Ferd. Peachman Taylor & Price Geo. D. Cline A. C. Van Meter E. P. Huntington	Rep. Rep. Dem. Rep. Pro.	W. W. W. W. W.	Friday. Friday. Thursday. Wednesday. Saturday.
AUK — Baraboo Baraboo Baraboo Baraboo Bessmer Prairie du Sac Reedsburg Reedsburg Reedsburg Sauk City	Democrat News Republic News News Erzühler (G.) Herold (G.) Free Press Pionier Am. Wis.	Runge & Co. J. F. & G. A. Kartack John H. Powers. Geo. L. Conklin Fred W. Johns Wm. Raetzman Wm. Raetzman Blake & Son.	Dem. Ind. Rep. Rep. Rep. Neu. Dem. Rep.	w.	Thursday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Saturday. Tuesday. Sunday. Thursday. Thursday.
	(G.) Home News	C. C. Kuntz W. R. Purdy	Ind. Ind.	w. w.	Thursday. Thursday.
AWYER — Hayward	North Wis. News.	E. O. Johnson	Rep.		Saturday.
HAWANO — Shawano Shawano HEBOYGAN —	Advocate	Phlllips & Farnsworth D. Gorham, Jr Dr. L. C. Bold	Dem. Rep.	w.	Thursday. Thursday. Wednesday.
	Nordwestliche Post (G)	C. F. & H. F. T. Waudersleben	Ind.	w.	Saturday.

THE WISCONSIN PRESS.

WISCONSIN PRESS - Continued.

Counties and Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
SHEBOYGAN—con. Plymouth Sheboygan	Reporter Evening Telegram Daily Journal,	Warden & Hostman R. W. Billett The Journal Printing	Dem. Rep.	W. D.	Thursday.
Sheboygan	Herald National Demo-	L. K. Howe	Dem. Rep.	W.	Saturday.
Sheboygan	krat (G.) Times	Carl Zillier	Dem. Rep.	w. w.	Thursday. Saturday.
Sheboygan F'ls	Zeitung & Tribun (G.)	A. W. Pott John E. Thomas	Rep. Ind.	W. W.	Friday. Wednesda y .
TAYLOR— Medford Medford Medford	Star and News Waldbote (G) Zeitung (G)	E. T. Whelock Jos. Brucker & Co Jos. Brucker & Co	Rep. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W.	Saturday. Saturday. Saturday.
TREMPEALEAU — Arcadia	Republican & LeaderIndependentNewsWaveHeraldTimes.	Geo. Mathys	Ind. Ind. Ind. Pro. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Saturday. Saturday. Thursday.
Vernon— Desoto Hillsborough Viroqua Viroqua	Chronicle Sentry Censor Leader	D. J. Kabhar. C. W. T. Heath. O. G. Munson. F. H. Graves.	Rep. Rep. Rep. Dem.	W, W. W. W.	Saturday. Friday. Wednesday. Friday.
Walworth— Delavan Delavan Delavan Delavan Delavan Delavan Delavan	Wisconsin Times. Enterprise Republican Democrat National Horse-	C. E. Badger. H. T. Sharp. W. G. Weeks. M. L. Brown.	Lit. Rep. Rep. Dem.	W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Wednesday. Friday. Saturday.
Elkhorn Lake Geneva Lake Geneva Sharon Whitewater Whitewater Whitewater	breeder Independent Herald News Reporter News Register True Ideal	M. L. Brown. Park & Kenney. J. E. Heg. A. K. Owen Phelps & Ziegars. Jesse N. Converse Coe & Salisbury. Eva C. Griffith.	Trade. Rep. Rep. Rep. Ind. Dem. Rep. {W.C. {T.U.	S-M. W. W. W. W. W. W.	Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Wednesday. Thursday.
Washburn— Shell Lake	Watchman	William Irle	Pro.	w.	Thursday.
Washington— Hartford West Bend West Bend	Press Beobachter (G) Democrat.	Le Count & Son F. W. Webber A. Frankenberg	Rep. Dem. Dem.	W. W. W.	Friday. Thursday. Wednesday.
Waukesha — Delafield Dousman Hartland Pewaukee	St. John's Call Leader Index Church Scholiast.	St. John's Academy G. A. Rogers G. A. Rogers Bishop Welles Broth-	Rel. Ind. Ind.	M. W. W.	Thursday. Thursday.
Oconomowoc Oconomowoc Waukesha Waukesha	Free Press. News. Democrat. Freeman Journal.	erhood Edwin Hurlbut George A. Rogers P. H. Carney H. M. Youmans Journal Pub. Co	Rel. Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Rep.	M. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Friday. Saturday. Thursday. Saturday.
WAUPACA — Clintonville New London Weyauwega	Dual City Tribune Times	Brady & Patchin Times Pub. Co	Ind. Rep. Rep.	W. W. W.	Friday. Friday. Wednesda y

WISCONSIN PRESS - Continued.

Counties And Towns.	Names of Papers.	Names of Publishers.	Char- acter.	Daily or Weekly	Publication Day.
Waupaca—con. Waupaca Waupaca	Post	Post Pub. Co W. H. Holmes	Rep.	w. W.	Thursday. Friday.
Waushara — Plainfield Wautoma	SunArgus	L. W. Chapman Ellarson & Benay	Rep. Rep.	w. w.	Friday. Friday.
WINNEBAGO — Menasha. Menasha. Neenah Neenah Omro Oshkosh Oshkosh Oshkosh Winneconne	Anzeiger (G.). Press Gazette Times. Twin City News. Journal. Northwestern Signal Times. Wis.Telegraph(G) Local	M. M. Schortz & Co. C. F. Augustine H. A. Stone J. N. Stone L. H. Kimball P. M. Wright John Hicks M. B. McNiel E. W. Viall & Co Allen & Weidner George H. Larke	Dem. Rep. Dem. Ind. Ind. Rep. Pro. Dem. Ind. Ind. Ind. Rep. Pro. Ind. Ind. Ind. Rep. Pro. Dem. Ind. Ind.	W. W. D.&W. D.&W. D.&W. D.&W. W. W.	Friday. Thursday. Saturday. Thursday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Friday. Thursday.
Wood— Centralia Grand Rapids. Marshfield Marshfield Pittsville	Enterprise and Tribune	Rossier & Bundage A. L. Fontaine H. J. Pankow. Thomas S. Norton Western Wood Co. Pub. Association	Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Ind.	W. W. W. W. W.	Saturday. Thursday. Thursday. Friday. Wednesday.

WISCONSIN POST-OFFICES.

POST-OFFICES AND COUNTIES.

The following is a list of the Post-offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically and corrected from official sources up to January 1, 1889. The county seats are designated by (c. h.) and the money order offices are printed in *italics*. Those which are included as money order offices in the treaties with Great Britain and Ireland, Canada, Germany, Italy, France, Algeria, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Jamaica, Switzerland, New France, Algeria, New Cape Colony, the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, Hawaiian Kingdom, Sweden and Japan are also designated by the capital letter I. meaning International.

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Alverio Manitowoc Polk	li
Amery Portage Amherst Portage	
Amherst Junction Portage]
Amnerst Junetton	13
America Dunn Amy Dunn Anchorage Buffalo	1.
A moralism Snawano	Ι.
Anthony Eau Claire	1
Antigo(c. h. I.)Langlade	1
Annaton Eau Claire Anthony Eau Claire Antigo(c. h. I.) Langlade Apple Creek Outagamis Polk	1
Apple River Polk	: 1
Apple Creek. Polk Apple River. Outagamie Arcadia. Trempealeau	1
Arcadia Trempealeau	
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Arkansan	repm
Arladgia	Adams
Arlington	Columbia
Armstrong	Fond du Lac
Arnott	Portage
Arthur	Grant
Ashford	Fond du Lac
Ashippun	Dodge
Achland (C h)	ASIIIauu
Ash Ridge	Richianu
Ashton	Вацо
Askeaton	Brown
Attica	Green
Atwater	Doage
Auburndale	
Augusta	Eau Claire
Aurora.	Wasnington
Auroraville	wausnara
Avalanche	Vernon
Aroca	lowa
Avon	
Aztalan	\dots Jefferson
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Badger	Portage
Badger Mills	Chinnewa
Bad River	Achland
Bad River	Grant
Bagley	
Bailey's $Harbor$	Door
Bakerville	wood
Raldwin	St. Croix
Baldwin's Mills	waupaca
Rolcom Laka	Polk
Bancroft	Portage
Bangor (I.)	La Crossa
Bangor (1.)	Fond du Lac
Banner	Coulz
Baraboo (c. h. I.)	Sauk
Barber	Towa
Barneveld	10wa
Barre Mills	La Crosse
Barron (c h)	
Barronette	Barron
Bashaw	Burnett
Bassett	Kenosha
Bassett	Pichland
Bass Wood	Dioran
Bay City	Fierce

Bayfield $(c. h.)$	Bayfiel	d Brookside
Bay Settlement	Brow	n Brookville
Boar Crook	····· Milwauke	e Brothertown Calumet
Bear Valley	····· Outagami	e Brown DeerMilwaukee
Beaver	Richian	BrownsvilleDodge
Beaver Creek	Locker	e Browntown
Beaver Dam (I.)	Dode	Bruce
Becker	Ontaganii	Bruggela
Beechwood	Sheboyear	Bryant Door
Beef Slough	Buffalo	Buckbee Langlade
Beetown	Gran	Buck Creek Waupaca
Belgenville	Pierce	Buena Vista
Rell Conton	Ozaukee	Buffalo Buffalo
Rellefountain	Crawfard	Buncombe. La Favette
Belle Plaine	Columbia	Bungert Outagamie
Belleville	Snawanc	Bunyan Polk
Bellevue	Shawana	BurkeDane
Belmont	Le Favette	BurknardtSt. Croix
Beloit (I.)	Bock	Rumatt Racine
Bem	·····Green	Burnett Station Dodge
Benoitville	···· Bayfield	Burns To Godge
Benton	La Favette	Burr
Derlin (1.)	Green Lake	d Brookside. Oconton Brookville St. Croix Brothertown Calumet Brown Deer Milwaukee Brownsville Dodge Brownsville Dodge Brownsville Waushara Brussels Door Bryant Langlade Buskbee Waupaca Buckbee Waupaca Buckbee Waupaca Buckbee Waupaca Bushalo Buffalo Buffalo Buffalo Buffalo Buffalo Buffalo Buffalo Bursels Door Bryant Creek Richland Bungan Outagamie Bunyan Dodge Burke Dane Burkhardt St Croix Burnett Station Dodge Burnett Station Dodge Burnett Station Dodge Burnett Station Dodge Burn Vernon Burr Oak La Crosse Burr Vernon Burton Grant Busseyville Jefferson Butsed University Doubles Butter Milwaukee Butter Winnebago Butternut Ashiland Byron Fond du Lac
Bessemen	····· Kenosha	Burton La Crosse
Rig Rand	Sauk	Busseyville. Jefferson
Rio Flate	···· Waukesha	Butler Milwayka
Big Patch	Adams	Butte des MortsWinnehage
Big River	····· Grant	ButternutAshland
Big Springs	Pierce	ByronFond du Lac
Big Wausaukee	Marinette	
Binghampton	Outagamia	
Birch	Chippewa	C
Birnamwood	Shawano	0.
Bismarck	·····Lincoln	Cable
Black Creek	Outagamie	Cable. Bayfield Cadiz. Green Cadott. Chippewa Cady Mills. St. Croix Cainville. Book
Black Creek Falls	Marathon	Cadott
Pleas Harth	Dane	Cady Mills Chippewa
Plack Hawk	Sauk	Cainville Deal
Blaine River Falls (c. n.	L.) Jackson	Calamine. La Favotta
Blair	Portage	Caldwell. Paging
Blanchardville	Trempealeau	Caledonia. Racine
Blanding	La Fayette	Calhoun
Blenker	Wood	Calumet Harbor Fond du Lac
Blodgett	Wantagha	Calvary Fond du Lac
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Broom City	Richlefed	Combaid (1.)
Bloomer		Cambridge Dane
Bloomingdale	Richland Chippewa Vernon	Cambridge Dane Cameron Barron
Bloomer Bloomingdale Bloomington.	Richland Chippewa Vernon Grant	Cambridge Dane Cameron Barron Campbellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas
Bloomer. Bloomingdale Bloomington. Bloowville	Richland Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln	Cambridge Dane Cameron Barron Campbellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake
Bloomer. Bloomingdale Bloomington. Bloomville Blue Mounds. Blue Pires.	Richlefid Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane	Cambridge Dane Cameron Barron Campbellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Dane
Bloomer Bloomingdale Bloomington Bloomile Bloomile Bloomille Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff	Richlifd Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant	Cambridge Dane Cameron Barron Campbellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kenosha
Bloomer. Bloomingdale Bloomington Bloomville Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff Boardman	Richland Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Grant Dane Grant Lone	Cambridge Columbia Cameron Barron Campellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kewaunee Caroline Shawane
Bloomingdale Bloomingdale Bloomingdon Bloomville Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff Boardman Boaz	Richland Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Dane St. Croix	Cambridge Columbia Cameron Barron Campellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kewaunee Caroline Shawano Carturight Chipnewa
Bloomer. Bloomingdale Bloomington Bloomville Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff Boardman Boaz Bob Creek	Richlland Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Dane Grant Richland	Cambridge Columna Cameron Barron Campbellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kewaunee Caroline Shawano Carturight Chippewa Caryville Dunn
Bloomer. Bloomingdale Bloomville Bloomville Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff Boardman Boaz Bob Creek Bolt	Richllefd Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Dane Grant Chippewa Richland Chippewa Kewguras	Cambridge Columbia Cameron Barron Campellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kewaunee Caroline Shawano Cartwright Chippewa Caryville Dunn Cascade Sheboygan
Bloomer. Bloomingdale Bloomington. Bloomville Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff Boardman Booz Bob Creek Bolt.	Richlland Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Dane Grant Chippewa Richland Chippewa Kewaunee Washipetos	Cambridge Columbia Cameron Barron Campellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kewaunee Caroline Shawano Carviile Dunn Cascade Sheboygan Casco Kewaunee
Bloomer. Bloomingdale Bloomington Bloomville Bloomville Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff Boardman Boaz Bob Creek Bolt Bottoville Bottoville Bonduel	Richllefid Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Chippewa Kerbiand Chippewa Kewaunee Washington Shawan	Cambridge Columbia Cameron Barron Campedisport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kewaunee Caroline Shawano Carviright Chippewa Caryville Dunn Cascade Sheboygan Cascoll Monroe
Bloomery Bloomingdale Bloomingdale Bloomington Bloomville Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff Boardman Boaz Bob Creek Bolt Boltonville Bonduel Boscobel (L)	Richllefid Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Dane Grant Chippewa Richland Chippewa Kewaunee Washington Shawano Grant	Cambridge Dane Cameron Barron Campbellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kewaunee Caroline Shawano Carviright Chippewa Caryville Dunn Cascade Sheboygan Casco Kewaunee Cassell Sauk
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Bayfield (c. h.) Bay Settlement Bay View (I.) Bear Creek Bear Valley Bear Creek Beaver Dam (I.) Becker Beever Dam (I.) Becker Beechwood Beef Slough Beetown Beldenville Belgium Bell Center Bellefountain Belle Plaine Belleville Benont Berin (I.) Bern Berin (I.) Bernyville Bensemer Big Bend Big Flats Big Patch Big River Big Springs Big Wausaukee Binghampton Birch Birnamwood Bismarck Black Creek Biack Creek Black Creek Falls Black Hawk Black Hawk Black Hawk Black Hawk Black Hawr Blach Haw Blach Bloomingdon Blo	Richl&d Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Chippewa Kewaunee Washington Shawano Grant Dunn Chippewa Kewaunee Washington Shawano Grant Dunn Chippewa Fortage Burnett Grant Richland Manitowoc Fond du Lac Calumet Calumet Calumet Kenosha Calumet Kenosha Calumet Kenosha Vernon Grant Grant Grant	Cambridge Dane Cameron Barron Campellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Kewaunee Caroline Shawano Carviright Chippewa Carville Dunn Cascade Sheboygan Casco Kewaunee Castile Grant Castile Grant Castile Grant Caste Grant Cazenovia Richland Cecil Shawano Cedar Grove Sheboygan Cedar Lake Washara Center Rock Centreville Trempealeau Charlesburgh Calumet Chaseburgh Calumet Chaseburgh Vernon Chelsea
Bloomer Bloomingdale Bloomingdale Bloomingdale Bloomingdon Bloomville Blue Mounds Blue River Bluff Boardman Boaz Bob Creek Bolt Boltonville Bondwel Boscobel (L) Boscobel (L) Boynegton Bracy Bradtville Brady's Branch Bradv'ille Brady's Branch Brant Breed Briarton Bridgeport Briggsville Briggsville Brigton (L) Bristol Brookfield	Richll-fid Chippewa Vernon Grant Lincoln Dane Grant Dane Grant Dane St. Croix Richland Chippewa Kewaunee Washington Grant Dunn Chippewa Fortage Burnett Grant Richland Manitowoc Fond du Lac Calumet Calumet Calumet Kenosha Calumet Kenosha Calumet Kenosha Calumet Kenosha Calumet Grant	Cambridge Dane Campridge Dane Campron Barron Campbellsport Fond du Lac Camp Douglas Juneau Camp Lake Kenosha Canton Barron Carlton Shawano Carlton Monroe Cassell Sauk Cassville Grant Castale Rock Grant Castale Rock Grant Castale Rock Grant Cataract Monroe Cato Manitowoc Cavour Forest Cazenovia Richland Cedar Oreek Washington Cedar Oreek Washington Cedar Grove Sheboygan Cedar Grove Sheboygan Cedar Lake Washington Cedar Grove Sheboygan Cedar Lake Washington Cedar Lake Washara Centre Rock Centralia Bock Centralia Trempealeau Charlesburgh Calumet Charseburgh Vernon Chat Lincoln Cheeseville Door Chelsea Taylor Chester
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Chilton (c. h. I.) Chiunney Rock Chippewa City Chippewa Falls (c. h. I.) Christie City Point Clam Falls Clark's Mills Clark's Mills Claryno Clay Banks Clayfield Clayton Clayfeld Clayton Clear Lake Clemansville Clifton Clinton(I) Clintonville Clyde Clyde Clyman Cobb Cochrane Colby Cold Spring Colebrook Coleman	Calume	t Deer Brook	Langlade
Chimney Rock	Trempealeat	1 Deerfield	Langlade Dane St. Croix St. Croix Dane Columbia Waukesha Walworth Vernon Adams
Chippewa City	Chippewa	Deer Park	St. Croix
Chippewa Faus (c. h. l.) .	Chippewa	De Forest	
City Point.	Jacksor	Delafield	Wankeshe
Clam Falls	Poll	Delavan	Walworth
Clark's Mills	Manitowoo	Dell	Vernon
Clar Banks	Green	Dell Prairie	Adams Sauk Brown Polk Vernon Juneau Wood Pierce Graat Milwaukee Langlade Trempealeau Waukesha
Clayfield	Pierce	Denmark	Sauk
Clayton	Poll	De Pere (I.)	Brown
Clear Lake	Polk	Deronda	Polk
Clifton	winnebago	De Sota	Vernon
Clinton(I)	Rock	Deuster	Juneau
Clintonville	Waupaca	Diamond Bluff	Pierce
Clyde	Iowa	Dickeysville	Grant
Cohh	Dodge	Dillman	Milwaukee
Cochrane	Buffalo	Dehbston	Rich and
Colby	Clark	Dodge	Langlade Trempedieau Waukesha Jowa Dane Clark Fond du Lac Marquette Waukesha Racine Dunn Columbia Polk Ozaukee Bayfield Iowa Chippewa Chippewa Clippewa Clark Fond du Lac Buret Galumet Galumet Galumet Fond du Lac Dun Waukesha Waupaca Pepin Waukesha
Cold Spring	Jefferson	Dedge's Corners	Waukesha
Colebrook	Waushara	Dodgeville (c. h. I.)	Iowa
Colfax	mai mette	Dorchester	Dane
Coleman Colfax Colgate Collins	Waukesha	Dotyville	Fond du Lac
Collins	La Fayette	Douglas Center	Marquette
Coloma	Waushara	Dousman	Waukesha
Columbus (I)	Wausnara	Dover	Racine
Commonwealth	Florence	Downsyille	Dun n
Comstock	Barron	Doylestown	Columbia
Concord	Jefferson	Dresser Junction	Polk
Comstock Concord Connorsville Cook's Valley	Dunn	Druecker	Ozaukee
Cooksyille	Roes.	Drummond	Bayfield
Cooksville Coolidge Coon Valley Cooperstown	Price	Dry Wood	Chinnawa
Coon Valley	Vernon	Duck Creek	Brown
Cooperstown	Manitowoc	Dudley	Lincoln
Corping	Unippewa	Dunbarton	La Fayette
Cooperstown Corbett Corning Cortland Cosgrove Cottage Grove Cox Craft Crandon (c. h.) Crete Crivitz Crooker's Landing Cross	Trempealean	Dundas	Calumet
Cosgrove	Barron	Dunville	Dunn
Cottage Grove	Dane	Duplainville	Waukesha
Cox	Chippewa	Dupont	Waupaca
Crandon (c, h)	Cmppewa	Durand (c. h. 1.)	Pepin
Crete	Winnebago	Dyckesville	Waukesna
Crivitz	Marinette	DJ CHOSVING	xewaunee
Crooker's Landing	Portage		
Cross	Buffalo	1	Ε.
Crystal Lake	Wannaca		
Cuba City	Grant	Faale	Wankasha
Cumberland (1.)	Barron	Eagle Corners	Richland
Curtis	Clark	Eagle Point	
Crooker's Landing Cross Cross Plains Crystal Lake Cuba City Cumberland (L) Curtis Cushing Custer Cylon	Portage	Eagle River	Waukesha Richland Chippewa Oneida Chippewa
Cylon	St. Croix	Eggleton	Chippewa
	010IA	East Delayan	Chippewa Dane Walworth Polk Manitowoc Polk Crawford Dane Adams
D.		East Farmington	Polk
10.		East Gibson	Manitowoc
Dacada	Chahamman	East Lincoln	Polk
Dakota	Wanshara	Eastman	Crawford
Dale	Outagamie	Easton	Adema
Dallas	Barron	East Pepin	Penin
Daly		East Troy	Walworth
Dancy	Marathon	East Wrightstown	Brown
Dacada Dakota Dale Dallas Daly Dancy Dane Danville Darbellay Danboy Danboy	Dodge	Easton East Pepin East Pepin East Wrightstown Eaton Eau Claire (c. h. I.) Eau Galle Eden Edgerton Edmund Edson Edwards Edgardor Eldardor Eldardor Eldardor Eldardor Eldardor Eldardor Eldardor Eldardor Eldardor	Manitowoc
Darbellay	Kewaunee	Eau Galle	Dunn
Darboy	Calumet	Eden	Fond du Lac
Darbellay Darboy Darien Darlington (c. h. I.) Darorow Darofford (c. h.) Davis Day Day Day Day Dayton Deansville Debello Decora Prairie	Walworth	Edgerton	····Rock
Darrow (c. n. 1.)	La Fayette	Edmund	Iowa
Dartford (c, h.)	Green Lake	Edwards	Chippewa
Davis	Dunn	Egg Harbor	Dooygan
Day	Clark	Eidsvold	Clark
Dayton	Green	Eland.	Shawano
Debello	Varnon	Elderon	Langlade
Decora Prairie	Trempealeau	El Dorado	
			Dilu du Lac

Eleva Trempealeau Elk Creek Trempealeau Elk Grove La Fayette Elkhart Sheboygan Elkhorn (c. h. I.) Walworth Elk Mound Dunn Ella Pepin Ellenborough Grant Ellis Portage Ellison Bay Door	Fox Lake (I) Dodge Fox River Kenosha Francis Creek Manitoweg Franklin Sheboygen Franksville Racine Frazer Shawa no Fredonia Ozaukee Fredonia Station Ozaukee Freeman Crawford Freistadt Ozaukee
Elk CreekTrempealeau	Fox River
Elk GroveLa Fayette	Francis Creek
Flisher (c h I) Welworth	Franksiii
Elk Mound. Dunn	Frazer Shawano
EllaPepin	FredoniaOzaukee
EllenboroughGrant	Fredonia StationOzaukee
Ellis Portage	Freeman
Ellisyilla Kewamee	Fremont Wayness
Ellsworth (c.h.) Pierce	FrenchvilleTrempealeag
Elm GroveWaukesha	Friendship (c. h.)
Ellis Portage Ellison Bay Door Ellisville Kewaunee Ellsworth (c.h.) Pierce Elm Grove Waukesha Elmhurst Langlade Elmo Grant Elmore Fond du Lac Elmwood Pierce Zlo Winnebago R ³ Paso Pierce	Freistadt Ozaukee Fremont Waupaca Frenchville Trempealeau Friendship (c. h.) Adams Frydenland Forest Futton Rock Fussville Waukesha
ElmoGrant	Fulton Rock
ElmoreFond du Lac	russvine waukesna
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El Salem Polk	GadTaylor
EltonLanglade	Gad Taylor Gagen Forest Galesburgh Shawano Galesville Trempealeau Garfield Portage Genesee Waukesha Genesee Depot. Waukesha Genoa Junction Walworth Georgetown Genoa Grant
Eiton Langade Elvers. Dane Embarrass Waupaca Emerald St Croix Emerald Grove Rock Emet Chippewa Enos. Waukesha	Galesburgh Shawano
Emerald St. Croix	GalesvilleTrempealeau
Emerald GroveRock	Garneld Portage
EmetChippewa	Genesee Denot Wankesha
Enos	Genoa Vernon
EphraimDoor	Genoa Junction Walworth
ErinSt. Croix	Georgetown Grant
EsdailePierce	GermaniaMarquette
EsofeaVernon	Gibbsville Sheboysan
Estella	GillettOconto
Ettrick Trempealean	GillinghamRichland
EurekaWinnebago	Genoa Junction Walworth Georgetown Grant Germania Marquette Germantown Juneau Gibtsville Sheboygan Gilliett Oconto Gillingham Richland Gilman Pierce Gilmantown Bnffalo
EurenKewaunee	Clustown Bulialo
EvansvilleRock	Gilmantown Buffalo Glasgow Trempealeau Glenbeulah Sheboygan Glencoe Buffalo
Evergreen	Glencoe Buffalo
Evila Pierce	GlendaleMonroe
Enos. Waukesha Ephraim Door Erfurth Jefferson Erin St. Croix Esdaile Pierce Esofea Vernon Estella Chippewa Etna La Fayette Ettrick Trempealeur Eureka Winnebago Euren Kewaunee Evergreen Door Excelsior Richland Exile Pierce	Glen Florn
	Glen Florn
F.	Glendale Monroe Glen Florn Chippewa Glen Haven Grant Glenmore Brown Glenwood St. Croix
F.	Glen Florn Chippewa Glen Haven Grant Glenmore Brown Glenwood St. Croix Glidden Ashland
F. Eau Claire	Glen Florn Chippewa Glen Haven Grant Glenmore Brown Gledwood St. Croix Glidden Ashland Golden Lake Waukesha Cool Hone Wilwardso
F. Eau Claire	Glen Florn Chippewa Glen Haven Grant Glenmore Brown Gletwood St. Croix Glidden Ashland Golden Lake Waukesha Good Hope Milwaukee Gordon Douglas
F. Fairchild Eau Claire Fairfield Rock Fair Play Grant Leis Welco End U. See	Glidden Ashland Golden Lake Waukesha Good Hope Milwaukee Gordon Douglas Graffon Oguskee
F. Fairchild Eau Claire Fairfield Rock Fair Play Grant Leis Welco End U. See	Glidden Ashland Golden Lake Waukesha Good Hope Milwaukee Gordon Douglas Graffon Oguskee
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Harper Polk Harrisville Marquette Hartford (I) Washington Hartland Waukesha Hartman Columbia	Ironton Sauk
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Lake Mills Jefferson	McKenna Jackson
Lake View Dane	McKenna Jackson McMillan Marathon
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Lamont La Favette	Madely Portage
Lanark	Madison (c. h. I.)
Lancaster (c. h. I.) Grant	MagnoliaRock
LaneyShawano	Maiden RockPierce
Larrabee Manitowoc	Malcolm Langlade
LavalleSauk	MaloneFond du Lac
LeadmineLa Fayette	Manawa Waupaca
Ledgeville Brown	Manchester
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Leeds Columbia Leeds Columbia Leeman Outagamie	ManningVernon
Leeds CenterColumbia	Mannville
Leland Sank	Mantowoc Wankacha
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Liberty Ridge Grant	Marshfield. Wood
Lima CenterRock	Marshland Buffalo
Lime RidgeSauk	Martell Pierce
Lind Wannaca	Maryville Dens
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Little FallsPolk	Mauston (c. h. I.)
Little LakeAdams	Mayfield Washington
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Little SuamicoOconto	Meadow Valley Juneau
Little WolfWaupaca	Medford (c. h. I.)
Lavingston Grant Dunn	Meana (1.)Outagamie
LodiColumbia	MeekerWashington
LoganvilleSauk	Meeker's GroveLa Fayette
Lomira	Meeme
Lone Pine. Portage	Mellen Ashland
Dodge	Melville Manitowoc
Longwood	Melrose Jackson
Lookout	Menasha (I) Winnehara
Lost Lake	Mendota Dane
Louisburgh Grant	MenekauneeMarinette
Louis CornersManitowoc	Menomonie (c. h. l.)Dunn
Lovass	Mequon Ozaukee
Lowell	Meridian
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Otter ValeVernon	Prairie du Sac
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Rose Lawn Shawano Rosendale Fond du Lac Rosiere Kewaunee Roslin Marquette Rowley Door Roxbury Dane Royalton Waupaca Rozellville Marathon Rube Manitowoc Rubicon Dodge Rudd's Mills Monroe Rudolph Wood Rural Waupaca Rush Lake Winnebago Rusk Dunn Russell Trempealeau Rutland Dane Ryan Kewaunee S. Sabin Richland Sagole Outagamie Saint Anna Sheboygan Saint Cloud Fond du Lac St. Croix Fauls Polk Saint Francis Milwaukee Saint George Sheboygan Saint John Calunet Saint Martin's Milwaukee Saint Martin	Spring Dale Springfield Springfield Corners. Spring Green Spring Green Spring Jake Spring Prairie Spring Valley Spring Water Spring Water Spring Water Spring Water Spring Water Spring Water Standart Stanley Stanton. Star Stark Stark Stark Stark Stark Steinthal Stephensville Steining Stetsonville Stettin Steuben Stevenson's Pier Stevenstown Stockton Stockbridge (I) Stockbridge (I) Stockbridge Stone Bank Stoughton Strasburgh Strathroy Strong's Prairie	Dane Walworth Dane Sauk Waushara Walworth Pierce Vernon Oconto Lowa St. Croix Vernon Manitowoc St. Croix Oneida Shawano Manitowoc Outagamie Clark Taylor Marathon Crawford Door Portage La Crosse Green Oconto Washburn Outagamie Grant Calume Popriage Ua Cross Common Door Oconto Door Washburn Outagamie Grant Calumet Pepin Door Washburn Outagamie Grant Calumet Pepin Door Washburn Door Washburn Outagamie Grant Calumet Adams

Sturgeon Bay (c. h. I.) Door Suamico Brown Sugar Bush Outagamie Sugar Grove Vernon Sullivan Jefferson Summit Centre Waukesha Summit Lake Langlade Summit Station Fond du Lac Sun Prairie Dane Superior (c. h. I.) Douglas Surrey Portage Sussex Waukesha Sylvan Richland Sylvania Racine	37
Surgeon Bay (c. n. 1.)	V.
Sugar Ruch Outagamie	Vale Chippewa Valley Vernon Valley Junction Monroe Valton Sauk Vanceburgh Dunn Van Dyne Fond du Lac Veazie Washburn Velp Brown Vernon Waukesha Verona Dane Victory Vernon Vienna Walworth Vilas Dane Vinland Winnebago Viola Richland Viroqua (c. h. I.) Vernon Voseville Door
Sugar Grove Vernon	ValeChippewa
Sullivan Jefferson	Valley Vernon
Summit Centre Waukesha	Valley JunctionMonroe
Summit LakeLanglade	ValtonSauk
Summit Station	VanceburghDunn
Sun Prairie Dane	Van DyneFond du Lac
Superior (c, h, I)Douglas	Veazie wasnourn
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Sussex Waukesha	Vernon waukesna
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1.	Volga Polk
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Taylor Station	***
Terriii Wausiara Waukosha	Wasan Landing Polls
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Theirerille Ozaukoe	Woldwick
Thompson Washington	Walhain
Thompson Racine	Wall
Thorn	Wallace Sawyer
Three Lakes Forest	Walworth
Tibhetts Walworth	Waneka Dunn
TiffanyRock	Warren Mills Monroe
TigertownShawano	WashburnBayfield
Tilden Trempealeau	Washington Harbor Door
Tillinghast Chippewa	WaterfordRacine
Timothy Manitowoc	Waterloo (I.)Jefferson
TindahlJackson	WatermanClark
Tisch Mills Manitowoc	Watertown (I.)Jefferson
Token Dane	WatervilleWaukesha
Toland Dodge	WattsvilleMilwaukee
Tomah (I.)Monroe	WaubeckDunn
Tomahawk Lincoln	WaucoustaFond du Lac
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TowervilleCrawford	Waumakee Dane
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Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano	Waunakee Dane Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca Waupun (1) Fond du Lac Waupun (2 h.) Marathon
Towne Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano Trade Lake Burnett Trade Piwar Polk	Watmandee Dane Waupaca (e. h.) Waupaca Waupaca (waupun (I.) Fond du Lac Wausau (c. h. I.) Marathon Weissemen Green
Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Polk Trapp Marathon	Wattnandee Dane Waupaca (e. h.) Waupaca Waupun (I.) Fond du Lac Wausau (e. h. I.) Marathon Wauseman Green Waushara Waushara
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Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Polk Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Trenton Pierce	Watmankee Dane Waupaca (c, h) Waupaca Waupaca (c, h) Fond du Lac Wauyaun (I) Fond du Lac Wausau (c, h, I) Marathon Wauseman Green Waushara Waushara Wauvatesa Milwaukee Wausekh Crawford
Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Polk Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Trenton Pierce Trevor Kenosha	Waunakee Dane Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca Waupun (I.) Fond du Lac Wausau (c. h. I.) Marathon Wauseman Green Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wauwatesa Milwaukee Wauzeka Crawford Waverly Pierce
Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Polk Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Trenton Pierce Trim Belle Pierce	Wannakee Dane Wanpaca (c. h.) Wanpaca Wanyawa (c. h. I.) Marathon Wanseman. Green Wantoma (c. h.) Wanshara Wanwatesa. Milwankee Wanzeka. Crawford Waverly Pierce Wayne Washington
Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Polk Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Trenton Pierce Trim Belle Pierce Tripville Vernon	Watinalkee Dane Watinalkee Dane Watinalkee Wayrie Washington Wayride Brown
Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Polk Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Treton Pierce Trevor Kenosha Trim Belle Pierce Tripyille Vernon Troy Walworth	Waunakee Dane Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca Waupun (I.) Fond du Lac Wausuu (c. h. I.) Marathon Wauseman Green Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wauwatesa Milwaukee Wauzeka Crawford Waverly Pierce Wayne Washington Wayside Brown Weber Marathon
Towerville Crawford Towne Portage Tracy Shawano Trade Lake Burnett Trade River Polk Trapp Marathon Trempealeau Trempealeau Trenton Pierce Trim Belle Pierce Tripyille Vernon Troy Walworth Walworth Walworth	Watmankee Dane Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca Waupaca (c. h.) Waupaca Waupam (I.) Fond du Lac Wausau (c. h. I.) Marathon Wauseman Green Wautoma (c. h.) Waushara Wauwatesa. Milwaukee Wauzeka Crawford Waverly Pierce Wayne Washington Wayside Brown Weber Marathon Wein Marathon
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U. Union Rock Union Centre Juneau	West Bloomfield Waushara Westboro Taylor Westby Vernon West Denmark Polk West De Pere Brown Western Union Racine Weston Dunn Westfield (I) Marquette West Granville Milwaukee
U. Union Rock Union Centre Juneau	West Bloomfield Waushara Westboro Taylor Westby Vernon West Denmark Polk West De Pere Brown Western Union Racine Weston Dunn Westfield (I) Marquette West Granville Milwaukee
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WISCONSIN POST-OFFICES.

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Wheeler Duni	
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White Birch Douglas	Woodstock St. Croix Woodville Kenosha
White Creek	WoodworthKenosha
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Whittlesey	
Wilcox	
Wild Rose	
Wildwood. St. Croix	WyomingIowa
Williamsburg (I.)Milwaukee	
Williamsourg (1.)	
Wilmot. Kenosha	
Wileon	Υ.
Wilson Nonroe	Y.
Wilson St. Globs Wilton Menroe Winghester Winghago	Ta Favette
Wilson St. Cloix Witton Monroe Winchester Winnebago Dane	Ta Favette
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Wilson S. Color Wilton Nonroe Winnebago Windsor Winnebago Winnebago Winnebago Winnebago Winnebago Winnebago Winnebago	Yellow Stone. La Fayette York. Jackson Racine
Wilson St. Color Wilson Neurose Winchester Winnebago Windsor Dane Winnebago Winnebago Winnebago Winneconne Winnebago Winnecid Sheborgan	Yellow Stone. La Fayette York. Jackson Racine
Wilson S. Color Wilson Menroe Winchester Winnebago Windsor Dane Winnebago Winnebago Winnebago Winneconne. Winnebago Winoski Sheboygan Winte La Favette	Yellow Stone. La Fayette York. Jackson Racine
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Wilson Si. Color Wilson Neurose Winchester Winnebago Windsor Dane Winnebago Winneconne. Winnebago Winneconne. Sheboygan Wioski La Fayette Withee Clark Wither Shawano	Yellow Stone. La Fayette York. Jackson Yorkville. Racine Young America Washington Yuba. Richland
Wilson Signor Si	Yellow Stone. La Fayette York. Jackson Racine
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POST-OFFICES,

JANUARY 1, 1889.

ARRANGED BY COUNTIES AND TOWNS.

The following is a list of the Post-offices in Wisconsin arranged alphabetically and corrected from official sources up to January 1. 1889. The county seats are designated by (c. h.) and the money order offices are printed in *italics*. Those which are included as money order offices in the treaties with Great Britain and Ireland, Canada, Germany, Italy, France, Algeria, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Jamaica, Switzerland, Newfoundland, Greenland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, Hawaiian Kingdom, Sweden and Japan are also designated by the capital letter I, meaning International.

ADAMS COUNTY.	Perley Turtle Lake Poskin Ciinton Prairie Farm Prairie Farm
	Projeja Form Projeja Form
Post-offices. Towns.	Dica Tala (T)
Adams Centre Adams	Cross cons
ArkdaleStrong's Prairie	Sprague
Big FlatsBig Flats	Rice Lake (I.) Stanfold Sprague Cumberland Turtle Lake Turtle Lake
Big SpringNew Haven	
Adams Centre Adams Arkdale Strong's Prairie Big Flats Big Flats Big Spring New Haven Dell Prairie Dell Prairie	
Easton Easton	BAYFIELD COUNTY.
Friendship (c. h. I.) Adams	
Friendship (c. h. I.)	Post-offices. Towns.
Leola Leola	$\begin{array}{lll} \textit{Post-offices.} & \textit{Towns.} \\ \textit{Bayfield (c. h. I.)} & \text{Bayfield} \\ \textit{Benoitville.} & \textit{Washburn} \\ \textit{Cable.} & \textit{Drummond.} \end{array}$
Little LakeJackson	Benoitville Washburn
Monroe CentreMonroe	Cable Drummond
New Chester New Chester	Drummond Drummond
New Rome	Houghton Washburn
New Rollie Die Flate	MasonMason
Niebull. Big Flats Olin Dell Prairie	Mason Mason
Ulm Den Prairie	Pratt Mason Washburn Washburn
Pilot Knob	washourn Washburn
PlainvilleDell Prairie	
Point BluffSpringville	DDOTTE COTTE
QuincyQuincy	BROWN COUNTY.
Roche-a-cri Preston	
Spring BluffLincoln	Post-offices. Towns.
Spring Creek	AskeatonHolland
Strong's PrairieStrong's Prairie	Bay Settlement Scott
Spring Creek Monroe Strong's Prairie Strong's Prairie White Creek Easton	Denmark New Denmark
	De Pere (I) De Pere
	Fost-Opices
ASHLAND COUNTY.	East Wrightstown Wrightstown
	Flintville Suamico
Post offices Torms	Fontenov New Denmark
Post-offices. Towns.	Fort Howard (I) City Et Howard
Post-offices. Towns. Agenda. Butternut Achland (c. h. I.) Ashland	Bast Wrightstown Wrightstown Flintville Suamico Fontency New Denmark Fort Howard (I) City Ft. Howard Glemore Glemore
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CrossCross	
Fountain City (I.) Village of Fountain City	
Glencoe	CLARK COUNTY.
Lookout Dover	Post offices Towns.
MarshlandBuffalo	Post-offices. Towns.
Misha MokwaNelson	Post-offices. Towns. Abbotsford Mayville Christie Weston Colby, Colby Curiss Mayville Day. Levis Dorchester Mayville Eidsvold Thorp Green Grove Green Grove Green Grove Green Grove Humbird Mentor Longwood Hixon Loyal Loyal Lynn Lynn
Modena	ColbyColby
Montana Montana	CurtissMayville
-NelsonNelson	Day
UrneModena	Fiderold Thorp
-Waumandee Waumandee	Green GroveGreen Grove
	Greenwood Eaton
BURNETT COUNTY.	HumbirdHixon
	Loyal Loyal
Post-offices. Towns. Altstad Grantsburg Bashaw Trade Lake Blanding. Wood Lake Bracy Marshland Grantsburg (c. h. I.) Grantsburg Orange. Marshland Randall Grantsburg Trade Lake Trade Lake Wood Lake	Lynn Lynn
Altstad Grantsburg	Maple Works
Bashaw	Neillsville (c. h. L)
Bracy Marshland	Placent Ridge Grant
Grantsburg (c. h. I.)Grantsburg	ShortvilleWashburn
Orange	SnowLynn
Randall Trade Lake	Spokeville
Wood Lake	Thoma Thoma
	WatermanBeaver
CATITION COTTON	Wilcox York
CALUMET COUNTY.	Loyal Loyal Loyal Loyal Loyal Lynn I Lynn Grant Maple Works Grant Neillsville (c. h. L) Pine Valley Nevins Sherwood Forest Pleasant Ridge Grant Shortville Washburn Snow Lynn Spokeville Loyal Sterling Withee Thorp Thorpe Waterman Beaver Wilcox York Withee Hixon
Post-offices. Towns.	
Brant Chilton	COLUMBIA COUNTY.
Brillion (I.)Brillion	
Brothertown Brothertown	Post-offices. Towns.
Chilton (c, h, I) Chilton	AlloaCaledonia
Darboy	Arlington
Darboy	Arlington Belle Fountain Courtland Courtland
Darboy Harrison Dundas Woodville Forest Junction Brillion Charlestown	$box{Arlington}$ Artington
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CHIPPEWA COTINTY	Arlington Arlington Belle Fountain Marcellon Cambria (I) Courtland Columbus (L) Columbus Dekorra Dekorra Doylestown Otsego Fall River Fountain Prairie Farr's Corners West Point Hartman Dekorra Keyser Leeds Kilbourn City Newport Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Levee Lewiston Lowiston Lewiston Lowith Lowille Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Leeds Okee Lodi Otsego Otsego Pacific Pacific Pardeville Wyocena Port Hope Ft. Winnebago Pornday Center Randolph
CHIPPEWA COTINTY	Arlington Arlington Belle Fountain Marcellon Cambria (I) Columbus Columbus (I) Columbus Dekorra Dekorra Doylestown Otsego Fall River Fountain Prairie Farr's Corners West Point Hartman Dekorra Keyser Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Center Leeds Levee Lewiston Lodi Lowille Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Leeds Oksee Lodi Otsego Ostsego Pacific Pacific Pardeeville Wyocena Portage (c. h. I.) City Port Hope Ft. Winnebago Poynette Dekorra Randolph Otsego
CHIPPEWA COTINTY	Arlington Arlington Belle Fountain Marcellon Cambria (I) Courtland Columbus (I) Columbus Dekorra Dekorra Doylestown Otsego Fall River Fountain Prairie Farr's Corners West Point Hartman Dekorra Keyser Leeds Kilbourn City Newport Leeds Leeds Leeve Leewiston Levee Lewiston Leviston Lewiston Lowille Howville Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Leeds Okee Lodi Otsego Otsego Pacific Pacific Pardeville Wyocena Portage (c. h. L) City Potter Dekorra Randolph Cotsego Rocky Run Lowville
CHIPPEWA COTINTY	Arlington Arlington Belle Fountain Marcellon Cambria (I) Courtland Columbus (L) Columbus Dekorra Dekorra Doylestown Otsego Fall River Fountain Prairie Farl's Corners West Point Hartman Dekorra Keyser Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Center Lewiston Levee Lewiston Lowiston Loui Lowille Lowille Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Leeds Okee Lodi Otsego Otsego Pacific Pacific Port Hope Ft. Winnebago Port Hope Ft. Winnebago Poynette Dekorra Randolph Center Randolph Rocky Run Lowille West Point West Point
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CHIPPEWA COTINTY	Arlington Belle Fountain Barcellon Cambria (I.) Courtland Columbus (I.) Columbus Dekorra. Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Fall River Fountain Prairie Farr's Corners West Point Hartman Hartman Eeds Kilbourn City Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Levee. Lewiston Lewiston Lewiston Lewiston Lowille Marcellon North Leeds Leeds Okee Leds Okee Leeds Okee Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Doylestown Dekorra Pacific Pardeeville Wyocena Portage (c. h. I.) Pot Hope Pot Hope Pot Hope Pot Hope Pot Hope Randolph Rio Otsego Rocky Run Lowville West Point Wyocena CRAWFORD COUNTY
CHIPPEWA COTINTY	Arlington Belle Fountain Belle Fountain Cambria (I.) Courtland Columbus (I.) Columbus Dekorra. Dekorra Doylestown Otsego Fall River Fountain Prairie Farr's Corners West Point Hartman Leeds Kilbourn City Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Leeds Levee. Lewiston Lewiston Lowille Marcellon Marcellon Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Leeds Otsego Dacific Pacific Pacific Pacific Pacific Protage (c. h. I.) City Port Hope Ft Winnebago Rocky Run Lowsun Wyocena CRAWFORD COUNTY Post-offices. Tourns. Tourns. Tourns. Tourns. Tourns. Tourns. Tourns. Tourns. Tourns. Tourns.
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CHIPPEWA COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Badger Mills Lafayette Birch. Cleveland Bloomer. Bloomer Bob Creek Cleveland Boyd. Edson Bruce Edson Cadott Sigel Cartwright. Auburn Chippewa City. Eagle Point Chippewa Falls (c. h. I.) Cooks Valley. Auburn Corbett. Flambeau Cox. Colburn Craft Arbur Eagle Point. Eagle Point Eagle Point. Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eag	Lowville Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Okee Lodi Otsego Paclific Pardeeville Port Hope Port Hope Randolph Rio Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Randolph Rio CRAWFORD COUNTY Post-offices Randy Rin Randy Rin Rows Rocky Rin Rows Rocky Rom Rocky
CHIPPEWA COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Badger Mills Lafayette Birch. Cleveland Bloomer. Bloomer Bob Creek Cleveland Boyd. Edson Bruce Edson Cadott Sigel Cartwright. Auburn Chippewa City. Eagle Point Chippewa Falls (c. h. I.) Cooks Valley. Auburn Corbett. Flambeau Cox. Colburn Craft Arbur Eagle Point. Eagle Point Eagle Point. Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eag	Lowville Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Okee Lodi Otsego Paclific Pardeeville Port Hope Port Hope Randolph Rio Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Randolph Rio CRAWFORD COUNTY Post-offices Randy Rin Randy Rin Rows Rocky Rin Rows Rocky Rom Rocky
CHIPPEWA COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Badger Mills Lafayette Birch. Cleveland Bloomer. Bloomer Bob Creek Cleveland Boyd. Edson Bruce Edson Cadott Sigel Cartwright. Auburn Chippewa City. Eagle Point Chippewa Falls (c. h. I.) Cooks Valley. Auburn Corbett. Flambeau Cox. Colburn Craft Arbur Eagle Point. Eagle Point Eagle Point. Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eag	Lowville Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Okee Lodi Otsego Paclific Pardeeville Port Hope Port Hope Randolph Rio Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Randolph Rio CRAWFORD COUNTY Post-offices Randy Rin Randy Rin Rows Rocky Rin Rows Rocky Rom Rocky
CHIPPEWA COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Badger Mills Lafayette Birch. Cleveland Bloomer. Bloomer Bob Creek Cleveland Boyd. Edson Bruce Edson Cadott Sigel Cartwright. Auburn Chippewa City. Eagle Point Chippewa Falls (c. h. I.) Cooks Valley. Auburn Corbett. Flambeau Cox. Colburn Craft Arbur Eagle Point. Eagle Point Eagle Point. Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eagle Point Eagle Foint Eagle Point Eag	Lowville Marcellon Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Okee Lodi Otsego Pactific Pardesville Pardesville Port Hope Port Hope Randolph Rio Otsego Poymette Dekorra Randolph Rio Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Randolph Rio CRAWFORD COUNTY Post-offices Randy Ridgeport Fastman Eastman Eastman Eastman Eastman Eastman
CHIPPEWA COTINTY	Lowville Marcellon Marcellon Marcellon North Leeds Okee Lodi Otsego Pactific Pardesville Pardesville Port Hope Port Hope Randolph Rio Otsego Poymette Dekorra Randolph Rio Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Cotsego Rocky Run Randolph Rio CRAWFORD COUNTY Post-offices Randy Ridgeport Fastman Eastman Eastman Eastman Eastman Eastman

Knapps Creek	Clayton
$Lynxville \dots \dots \dots$	Seneca
Millet	
Mount Sterling	
North Clayton	Clayton
North Star	Haney
Prairie du Chien (c. h. I.).	Prairie du Chien
Rising Sun	
Seneca	Seneca
Soldiers Grove	Clayton
Steuben	
Towerville	Utica
Wauzeka	Wauzeka
Wheatville	Scott

DANE COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Acorn	Dane
AcornAdsit	Deerfield
Albion Ashton Belleville Black Earth Blue Mounds. Bluf	Albion
Ashton	Springfield
Pallavilla	Montrose
Dinala Wanth	Black Earth
Dha Manda	Plue Mounds
Blue mounds	Diub mounus
Blum	CIUSS I mins
Burke Cambridge. Cottage Grove. Cross Plains. Dane	DATUG
Cambriage	Chrishana
Cottage Grove	Cottage Grove
Cross Plains	Cross Plains
Dane	Dane
Deansville	Medina
Deerfield	Deerfield
Deansville Deerfield De Forest Door Creek East Bristol East Middleton Elvers Fitchburg	Windsor
Door Creek	Cottage Grove
East Bristol	Bristol
East Middleton	Middleton
Elvers	Vermont
Fitchburg	Fitchburg
Forward	Perry
Unnarvilla	Dunkirk
Hanerville Hope Lake View	Cottoga Grove
Hope	Judge Giove
Lake view	Deerfield
London	Dunn
Maciariana	Oites
Madison (c. h. 1.)	
Marshall	Meaina
Marxville	Berry
Mazo Manie (I.)	Mazomanie
Mendota	Westport
London Macfarland Madison (c. h. I.) Marshall Marxville Mazo Manie (I.) Mendota Middleton	\dots Middleton
Montrose	Montrose
Morrisonville	Windsor
Montrose Morrisonville Mount Horeb	Blue Mounds
Mount Vernon	Springdale
Nora	Deerfield
North Bristol	Bristol
Norman Grove	Windsor
Oragon (I)	Oregon
Danii (1.)	Montrose
Раон	Perry
Normay Grove. Oregon (I.). Paoli Perry Pheasant Branch Prime Bluff Primrose.	Middleton
Pheasant Drancu	Oroga Plaine
Pine Bluff	. Uross riams
Primrose	Primrose
Riley Rockdale Roxbury	Springuaie
Rockdale	Christiana
Roxbury	Roxbury
Rutland	Rutlana
HOXOUTY Rutland Spring Dale Springfield Corners Stoughton Sun Prairie Token Utica	Springdale
Springfield Corners	Springfield
Stoughton	Dunkirk
Sun Prairie	Sun Prairie
Tolan	Rurke
TOROLL	Christiana
Utica	Varona
Verona	Tottoga Grove
V11as	Mostnort Washock
Vica. Virona. Vilas. Waunakee. West Middleton.	Westport
West Middleton	Middleton
Windsor	wmasor

DODGE COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
AlderlyAshippun	Achinnun
Ashinnun	Aspingun
Atwater	Chestar
Atwater. Beaver Dam (I.)	Reaver Dam
Brownsville	Lomira
Burnett	Rurnett
Burnett Station	Rurnett
Chester	Chester
Clyman	Clyman
Danville	Elba
Danville	Fox Lake
Herman	Herman
Herman	Hubbard
Huilsburgh. Hustisford	Herman
Hustisford	Hustisford
Iron Mountain	Hubbard
Iron Ridge	Hubbard
Juneau (c. h.) Kekoskee	Oak Grove
Kekoskee	Williamstown
Knowles	Lomira
Lebanon	Lebanon
Le Roy	Le Roy
Lomira	Lomira
Lost Lake	Westford
Lowell	Lowell
Mayville	Williamstown
Minnesota Junction	Oak Grove
Neosha.	Rubicon
Oak Grove	Oak Grove
Randolph (I.)	westiord
Reeseville	Chiolda
Richwood Rolling Prairie	Only Charge
Rubicon	Oak Grove
Theresa	Thorogo
Toland	A shinnun
Woodland	Hubbard
77 OOuland	···· i abbara

DOOR COUNTY.

Post-ofices.	Towns.
Bayley's Harbor B	ayley s Harbor
Brussels	Brusseis
Cheeseville.	Clay Banks
Clay Banks	Clay Banks
Egg HarborEllison Bay	Liberty Cuero
Emison Day	Cibrolton
Ephraim	Cturgoon Por
Fish Creek	Gibrolton
Forestville	Forestville
Hedge Hog	Liberty Grove
Jacksonport	Jacksonnort
Little Sturgeon	Gardner
Maplewood	Forestville
Namur	Brussels
Namur Newport	Liberty Grove
Rowley	Liberty (Prove
Salona	Clay Banks
Sawyer	Sturgeon Bay
Sevastopol	Sevastopol
Sister Bay	Liberty Grove
Stevenson's Pier	(lardner
StokesSturgeon Bay (c. h. I.)	Nasewaupee
Sturgeon Bay (c. h. I.)	.Sturgeon Bay
Tomado	Brussels
Voseville	Sevastopol
Washington Harbor	Washington
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DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Post-offices.	*	Towns.
Gordon		.Gordon
Hawthorne	Neb	agamain
Poplar		
South Range		Superio r
Superior $(c. h. I.)$	\dots Village of	Superior
West Superior	Village of	Superior
White Birch	Neb	agamain

EAU CLAIRE COUNTY.

Post-offices.	TownsWashington
Anthony	
Ananeta	Bridge Greek
Fairchild	Lincoln
Hadleyville	Pleasant Valley
Missoornar	
Morgorilla	Pleasant vaucy
Ottor Creek	
Porter's Mills	Brunswick

FLORENCE COUNTY.

Post-offices.		Towns.
Commonwealth	Con	nmonwealth
Florence (c, h, I)		Florence

FOND DU LAC COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Post-Offices.	Alto
Alto	Ogganala
Armstrong	, OSCEUIA
Donnon	Forest
Brandon	Metomen
Branaon	Byron
Dotyville	Forest
Dotyvine	Occeola
Dundee	Wdon
Eden	
Ti Dorodo	Ed Dorado
Flmoro	ASIII OI U
Fair Water	Metemen
Fair Water	Fond du Lac
Fond du Lac (c. h. I.)	Fond da Lao
Four Mile	Fond du Lac
Tohnghurgh	IMYCHECUMI
Votaham	D V I OH
Kirkwood	El Dorado
Ladoca	Springville
Fadore	

Lamartine	Iaveneedan
Marblehead Marytown Metomen	Metomen
Mitchell Mount Calvary New Cassel	Marshfield
Newfane New Prospect	Auburn
Oak CentreOakfield	Oakfield Tavcheedab
Ripon	Rosendale
Saint Cloud Saint Kilian South Byron	Byron
Summit Station Taycheedah Van Dyne	Taycheedah
Waucousta	Waupun
West Rosendale Woodhull	·····itosendare

FOREST COUNTY.

T 1 . M	Towns.
Post-offices.	Crandon
Cavour	Crandon
Crandon.	Coron
Gagen	Gagen
Monico	
Pelican Lake	Pencan
Pratt Junction	Pencan
Three Lakes	
Wall	Crandon

GRANT COUNTY.

	Post-offices.	Towns.
. !	Andonson	Woodman
	Annaton	Clifton
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	Arthur	Wyalusing
	Bagley Beetown	Reetown
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	Bloomington	Wetterstown
	Blue River Boscobel (I.) Bradtville	Roscobel
	Boscobel (1.)	Wygluging
	Bradtville	Potogi
1	Burton	Coccyillo
,	Cassville	
1	Castle Rock	Casue nock
	Cuba City	
	Tillonhono .	Enemouro
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ì	Hazel Green Hazelton Hurricane	wyanusing
ì	Hurricane	Lancaster
t	Kieler Lancaster (c. h. I.) Liberty Ridge	Jamestown
1	Lancaster (c. h. I.)	Lancaster
ì	Liberty Ridge	Liberty
t	Livingston	Chiton
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ì		
5	Montfort	wingville
í	Millville Montfort Mount Hope Mount Ida	Mount Hope
'n	Mount Ida	Mount Ida
ē		
ė	North Andover	Gien naven
ì		
i	Dlast conilla (T)	Plattevine
5		
3	Preston	Fennimore
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Bockville	Potosi
Sinsinawa	Jamestown
Stitzer	Liberty
Werley	Mount Ida
woodman	Woodman
Wyalusing	Wyalusing

GREEN COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Albany	Albany
Attica	Brooklyn
Bem	Warr Clarus
Brodhead	Description Description
Proolelam	Decatur
Brooklyn	Brooklyn
Browntown	Cadiz
Cadiz	····· Cadiz
Clarno	Clarno
Dayton	Exeter
Farmer's Grove	Adams
Jordan	
Juda(I.)	
Martin	
Monroe (c. h. I.)	Monroe and Clarno
Monticello	Mount Pleasant
New Glarus	New Glarge
Oakley	Spring Cuore
Pedee	Spring Crown
Stewart	
Sylvester	Cribonton
Twin Grove	Sylvester
Twin Grove	Jenerson
Wausemon	Cadiz

GREEN LAKE COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Berlin (c. h. I.)	Berlin
Dartford	Brooklyn
Green Lake	Green Lake
Kingston	Kingston
Manchester	Manchester
Markesan	Mackford
Marquette	Marquette
Princeton	Princeton
Utley	Green Lake

IOWA COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Adamsville	Moscow
Arena	Arena
Avoca	Pulaski
Barber	Ridgeway
Barneveld	Ridgeway
Cobb	Eden
Clyde	Clyde
Clyde Dodgeville (c. h. I.)	Dodgeville
Dry Bone	Highland
Edmund	Linden
Helena	Arena
Highland	Highland
Hollan ale	Moscow
Hydes Mills	Arena
Jonesdale	Waldwick
Linden Mifflin	Linden
Middlebury	
Mineral Point (I.)	Minoral Doing
Moscow	muerar rome
Pine Knob	Highland
Rewey	Midlin
KINGAWAV	Ridgemen
Standard	Dodgeville
Union Mills	
Waldwick	Waldwick
Wyoming	Wyoming
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JACKSON COUNTY.

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Post-offices.	Towns.
Alma Centre	Alma
Black River Falls (c. h. I.)	Albion
City Point	Sullivan
Darrow	Garden Valley
Hatfield	Albion
Hixton	Hixton
Irving	Trying
IrvingLevis	Garfield
McKenna	Milletou
Melrose	Melroca
Merrillan	Alma
Minston	Milleton
North Bend	Malroca
North Branch	Garden Vollay
Northneid	Northfiold
Ox Bow	Melroca
Pine Hill	Manchester
Pray	Sullivan
Price	Garfield
Roaring Creek.	Trying
Sechlerville.	Hixton
Shamrock	Manchestan
Spaulding	Sullivan
Sperbeck	Cullivan
Taylor Station	Springfield
1100201	(Newaland
Wrightsville	Alma
York	Northfield
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JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Aztalan	Artolon
Busseyville	Sumper
Cold Spring	Cold Spring
Concord	Concord
Erfurt	Sullivan
Erfurt Farmington	Farmington
Fort Atkinson (I.)	Koshkonone
Harvey	Aztalan
Hebron	Hohnon
Hellenville	Teffercon
Hubbleton	Milford
Jefferson (c, h, I)	Tofforcon
Johnson's Creek	Aztolan
Koshkonong	Koshkonong
Lake Mills	Lake Mille
Millord	Milford
Navan Oak Hill	Wilford
Oak Hill	Sullivan
Oakland	Oakland
Palmyra (I.)	Palmyra
Palmyra (I.)	Ixonia
rome	Sullivan
Sullivan	Sullivan
Waterloo (I)	Waterlea
Watertown (I.)	Watertown

JUNEAU COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Camp Douglas	Oranga
Deuster	Necedab
Elroy	Plymouth
Germantown	Germantown
Lynden Station	Kildare
Mathers	Kingston
Mauston (c. h. I.)	Lindina
Meadow Valley	Kingston
Necedah	Necedah
New Lisbon (I.)	Lisbon
Union Center	Wonewoo
Wonewoc	Wonewoo

KENOSHA COUNTY.

	m
Post-offices.	Towns.
Bassett	Randall
Berryville	Somers
Brighton	Brighton
Bristol	Bristol
Bristoi	
Camp Lake	
Camp Lake Fox River	Wheatland
Kenosha (c. h. L.)	ty Kenosna i
New Munster	Wheatland
Paris	Paris
Pleasant Prairie	Plaggant Prairie
Pleasant Prairie	Dleagant Proinic
Ranney	Fleasam I amie
Salem	
Silver Lake	Saiem
Slade's Corners	Wheatland
Somers	Somers
DOUBLE S	
	Salem i
Trevor	Salem
Truesdell	
Trevor	Pleasant PrairieSalem

KEWAUNEE COUNTY.

	m
Post-offices.	Town.
Ahnapee	Ahnapee
Bolt	Franklin
Carlton	
Casco	Casco
Casco	Red River
Darbellay	Pod Divor
Dyckesville	Med hivei
Ellisville	montpener
Euren	Lincoin
Foggoro	Annanee
Kowennea City	west Kewaunee
Krok	West Kewaunee
Lincoln	Lincom
Luxemburg	Luxemburg
Montpelier	Montpelier
Montpener	Carlton
Norman	Montpolion
Pilsen	montpener
Rankin	. Town of Annapee
Rio Creek	Lancom
Rosiere	інсон
Ryan	
Sandy Bay	
Slovan	Pierce
Tonet	Luxemburg
Walhain	Luxamburg
wainain	Buxeniourg

LA CROSSE COUNTY.

Towns. Bangor Barre
Bangor
Barre
wasnington
Burns
Farmington
Holland
Holland
La Crosse City
La Crosse City
wasnington
Unataska
rarmmgton
Holland
Washington
Onalaska City
Rangor
Bangor
Greenfield
Sheroy
Farmington
Hamilton

LA FAYETTE COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Argyle	Argyle
Belmont	Belmont

Benton	Benton
Blanchardville	Blanchard
Buncombe	
Calamine	Willow Springs
Colling	Wayne
Darlington (c. h. I.)	Darlington
Dunbarton	Gratiot
Elk Grove	Elk Grove
Etna	Now Diggings
Torrotto	Forotte
Fayette	Crotict
Gratiot	
Ipswich	Elk Grove
Lamont	Lamont
Leadmine	New Diggings
Leslie	Belmont
Meeker's Grove	Benton
New Diggings	New Diggings
Shullsburg	Shullsburg
Truman	Kendall
White Oak	White Oak Springs
Wiota	
Woodford	
Yellow Stone	
	•

LANGLADE COUNTY.

Antigo (c. h. I.) Bryant Deerbrook Dobbston Elcho Elmhurst I Elton Langlade Malcom Morley Muller's Lake New La	. Neva . Elton . Elcho Rolling . Elton . Price . Vilas . Polar nglade rwood
Phlox No Strasburgh No Summit Lake S	rwood

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Post-offices. Bioomville	Towns.
Chat	Merrill
Corning	Corning
Dudley	Russell
Harrison	, Harrison Merrill
Merrill (c. h. I.)	Merrill
Tomahawk	Rock Falls

MANITOWOC COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Alverno	Manitowoc Rapids
Branch	Manitowoc Rapids
Cato	Cato
Clarks Mills	Cato
Cooperstown	Cooperstown
East Gibson	Gibson
Eaton	Liberty
Francis Creek	Kossuth
Greenstreet	Cooperstown
Grimm's	Cato
Hika	Centerville
Kasson	Maple Grove
Kellnersville	Franklin
Kiel	Schleswig
Kings Bridge	Mishicott
Larabee	Gibson
Louis' Corner	Schleswig
Melnik	Gibson
Manitowoc (c. h. I.)	Manitowoc
Manitowoc Rapids	Manitowoc Ranids
Maple Grove	Maple Grove
Maple Grove	Maama

Meggers	Schleswig !
Millhome	Schleswig
Mishicott	
Nero	Two Rivers
Newtonburgh	
Niles	
Northeim.	
Osman	
Rangeline	Two Rivers
Reedsville	Rockland
Rosecrans	
Rube	Liberty
Saint Nazianz	Eaton
Saint Wendel.	
School Hill.	
Stark	Coopergtown
Steinthal	Toton
Taus	Enonlylin
Timothy	Newton
Tisch Mills	
Two Rivers	Two Rivers

MARATHON COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Black Creek Falls	Halsey
Dancy	Bergen
Elderon	Elderon
Halder	Emmet
Hamburgh	Hamburg
Hatley	Norrie
Hogarty	Harrison [
Kelley	Weston
Knowlton	Knowlton
Konets	
·McMillan	
Maine	
Mannville	
Marathon	Marathon
Mosinee	
Naugart	Berlin
Norrie	Norrie
Pike Lake	Pike Lake
Poniatowski	
Rib Falls	
Rozzellville	
Schofield	Weston
Spencer	
\Stettin	Stettin
Trapp	Texas
$\overline{U}nity$	grighton
Wausau (c. h. I.)	wausau
Weber	Eau Pleine
<u>Wein</u>	
Wuertsburg	Johnson

MARINETTE COUNTY.

- · ·	m
Post-offices.	Towns.
Beaver	
Big Wausaukee	Wausaukee
Coleman	Peshtigo
Crivitz	Peshtigo
Marinette (c. h. I.)	City of Marinette
Menekaunee (I.)	East Marinette
Owen	Peshtigo
Pembine	Peshtigo
Peshtiqo (I.)	Peshtigo
Pike	Wausaukee
Porterfield	Porterfield
Pound	Peshtigo

MARQUETTE COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Briggsville	Douglas
Douglas Centre	Douglas
Germania	Shields
Grover	Buffalo
Earrisville	Harris

Jeddo	Buffalo
Liberty Bluff ,	Springfield
Merritt's Landing	Moundville
Midland	Buffalo
Montello (c. h. I.)	
Moundville	Moundviile
Neshkoro,	
Oxford	
Packwaukee	
Roslin	
Westfield (I.)	Westfield

MILWAUKEE COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Bay View Station (I.)	\dots Lake
Brown Deer	.Granville.
Butler	Vauwatosa
Dillman	Milwaukee
Good Hope	Milwaukee
Granville	Granville
Granville Centre	Granville
Hale's Corners	Franklin
Howard's Prairie	Franklin
Lindwurm	Milwankee
Milwaukee (c. h. I.) Northwest cor. 12th and Walnut S	City
Northwest cor. 12th and Walnut S	tsCity
South Side, cor. National Ave.	and
Reed St	Citv
Reed St West Side, cor. 21st and Cedar Sts	City
Williamsbura (1.)	Milwankee
National Home	Wauwatosa
New Coeln	Lake
Northern Junction	Milwaukee
North Greenfield	.Greenfield
Oak Creek	Oak Creek
Oakwood	
Paynesville	Franklin
Root Creek	.Greenfield
St. Francis	Lake
Saint Martins	Franklin
Silver Springs	Milwaukee
Wattsville	Granville
Wauwatosa	Wauwatota
West Granville	Granville

MONROE COUNTY

MONROE COOM.	Ι.,
Post-offices.	Towns.
Cashton	Jefferson
Cataract	.Little Falls
Clifton	Clifton
Glendale	Glendale
Homewood	Clifton
Kendall	Glendale
Kirby	
Leon	
Matts	Sheldon
Melvina	Jefferson
Norwalk	Ridgeville
Norway Ridge	Byron
Oakdale	
Oil City	Sheldon
Portland	Portland
Rapp	Ridgeville
Rudd's Mills	\dots Lincoln
Saint Marys	Jefferson
Sparta	
Tomah (I.)	Tomah
Tunnel City	\dots Greenfield
Valley Junction	Byron
Valley Junction	\dots Lincoln
Wilton	Wilton

OCONTO COUNTY.

Posto-ffice s.	Towns.
A branis	Pensankee

W 1000 History	ODI OTTICED.
т.	I Float Davis
Breed. How Brookside. Pensaukee Gillet. Gillet	East PepinAlbany
Gillet Gillet	Lund
Harvas How	Pepin Pepin
Gillet Gillet Hayes How Mickory Maple Valley Kelley Brook Maple Valley Lena Little River Linwood Gillet Little Suamico Little Suamico Maple Valley Little River Morgan Chase Oconto (c. h. I.) Oconto Conto Gonto Falls Pensaukee Pensaukee Saint Nathans Chase	$\begin{array}{ccc} {\rm East\ Pepin} & {\rm Albany} \\ {\rm Ella} & {\rm Frankfort} \\ {\rm Lund} & {\rm Pepin} \\ {\rm Pepin} & {\rm Pepin} \\ {\rm Porcupine} & {\rm Frankfort} \\ {\it Stockholm} & {\rm Stockholm} \end{array}$
Kelley Brook Maple Valley	StockholmStockholm.
LenaLittle River	
LinwoodGillet	
Little Suamico Little Suamico	PIERCE COUNTY.
Maple Valley Little River	
MorganChase	Post-offices. Towns. Bay City Isabelle- Beldenville Trimbelle Big River Oak Grove Clayfield Ellsworth Diamond Bluff Diamond Bluff Ellsworth (c. h.) Ellsworth Ellsworth Elmwood Spring Lake El Paso El Paso Esdaile Hartland Gilman Gilman Hager City Trenton Horbert Salem Lost Creek El Paso Maiden Rock Maiden Rock Martell Martell Olivet Gilman
Ocento Fella Ocento Fella	Bay CityIsabelle
Pensaukee Pensaukee	BeldenvilleTrimbelle
Saint Nathans. Chase Spruce Maple Valley Stiles Stiles Keegan Oconto Falls	Clayfold Fileworth
Spruce Maple Valley	Diamond Pluff Diamond Pluff
Stiles Stiles	Fileworth (c, h) Ellsworth
Keegan Oconto Falls	Elmwood Spring Lake
	El Paso
·	Esdaile
ONEIDA COUNTY.	GilmanGilman
	Hager City Trenton
Post-offices. Towns.	HerbertSalem
Eagle RiverEagle River	Lost Creek El Paso
MinocquaEagle River	Maiden RockMaiden Rock
PenningtonPencan	Marten
Post-offices. Towns. Eagle River Eagle River Minocqua. Eagle River Pennington. Pelican Rhinelander (c. h.) Pelican State Line. Eagle River	One
State Line	Olivet Gilman Ono Union Ottman Trimbelle
	Plum City Union
OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.	PrescottOak Grove
	River Falls (I.)
Post-offices. Towns.	Rock ElmRock Elm
Post-offices. Towns.	Spring ValleySpring Lake
Apple Creek	TrentonTrenton
Bear Creek Deer Creek	TrimbelleTrimbelle
BeckerGreenville	Ottman Trimbelle Plum City Union/ Prescott. Oak Grove River Falls (L) River Falls Rock Elm Rock Elm Spring Valley Spring Lake Trenton. Trenton Trimbelle Trimbelle Waverly. El Paso
BinghamptonyBlack Creek	
Black Creek Black Creek	POLK COUNTY.
Bungert Ellington	TOLK COUNTI.
Dale Dale	Post-offices Towns
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonia	Post-offices. Towns. Amery Lincoln
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna	AmeryLincoln
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main	AmeryLincoln
Dale Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonia Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chute Buchanan	AmeryLincoln
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leenany Main Little Chute Buchanan Mackville Center	AmeryLincoln
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chitte Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Freedow Freedow	AmeryLincoln
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chitte Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Sagole Freedom Sarmour Sarmour	AmeryLincoln
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chite Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Strocton Rovina	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chite Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Snidetville Kaukauna	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chitte Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Shiocton Bovina Sniderville Kaukauna South Kaukauna Kaukauna	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chute Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Snideton Bovina Snidetville Kaukauna South Kaukauna Kaukauna South Osborn Osborn	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chite Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Shiocton Bovina South Kaukauna Kaukauna South Kaukauna Kaukauna South Osborn Osborn Stephensville Ellington	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chitte Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Shiocton Bovina South Kaukauna Kaukauna South Kaukauna Kaukauna Stephensville Ellington Stinson Maine	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chitte Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Shiocton Bovina Snidetville Kaukauna South Kaukauna Kaukauna South Koborn Osborn Stephensville Ellington Stinson Maple Creek	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
Dale Dale Greenville Greenville Hortonie Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chite Buchanan Mackville Center Medlina (I.) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Snidetville Kaukauna South Kaukauna Kaukauna South Osborn Osborn Stephensville Ellington Stinson Maine Sugar Bush Maple Creek	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
Post-offices. Apple Creek. Appleton (c. h. I.) Appleton Bear Creek. Becker. Becker. Binghamptonx Black Creek Black Creek Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bungert Black Creek Bucherell Greenville Hortonia Kaukauna Kaukauna Leemany Main Little Chute Buchanan Mackville Center Medina (I.) Dale Sagole Freedom Seymour Seymour Seymour Seymour Seymour Shiocton Bovina Sniderville Kaukauna South Kaukauna Kaukauna South Kaukauna South Kaukauna South Osborn Stephensville Blington Stinson Maine Sugar Bush Maple Creek	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarton Clayton Clayton
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OZAUKEE COUNTY.	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarfon Clayton
OZAUKEE COUNTY.	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Alden Apple River Balsam Lake Balyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton Clayton Clear Lake Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda Garfield Dresser Junction Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Farmington Lincoln Elsalem Garfield Harper Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck Luck North Valley Eureka Socoola Mills (c. h.) Osceola
OZAUKEE COUNTY.	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Alden Apple River Balsam Lake Balyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton Clayton Clear Lake Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda Garfield Dresser Junction Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Farmington Lincoln Elsalem Garfield Harper Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck Luck North Valley Eureka Socoola Mills (c. h.) Osceola
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OZAUKEE COUNTY.	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clarfon Clayton
OZAUKEE COUNTY.	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Adden Apple River Balsam Apple River Balsam Balsam Lake Bulyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clay fon Clay Lon Clear Lake Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Beronda Garfield Dresser Junction Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Farmington Farmington East Farmington Lincoln El Salem Garfield Harper Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck Luck North Valley Eureka Secola Mills (c. h.) Osceola Patterson Milltown Picheville Clear Lake Richardson Clayton South Farmington Farmington Volga Lincoln Vagon Landing Alden <
OZAUKEE COUNTY.	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Alden Apple River Balsam Lake Balyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton Clayton Clear Lake Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda Garfield Dresser Junction Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Farmington Lincoln Elsalem Garfield Harper Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck Luck North Valley Eureka Socoola Mills (c. h.) Osceola
OZAUKEE COUNTY.	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Alden Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton Clayton Clear Lake Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda Garfield Dresser Junction Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Farmington Farmington Elsalem Garfield Harper Eureka Soceola Mills (c. h.) Osceola North Valley Eureka Secola Mills (c. h.) Osceola Patterson Milltown Pineville Clear Lake Richardson Clayton Saint Croix Falls Village Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Farmington Volga Lincoln West Sweden West Sweden West Swed
OZAUKEE COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Belgium. Belgium Cedarburgh. Cedarburgh Druecker. Port Washington Fredonia. Fredonia Fredonia Station. Fredonia Freistadt. Mequon Grafton. Grafton Holy Cross. Belgium Horn's Corners. Cedarburgh Kohler. Mequon Port Washington (c. h. I). Port Washington Saukville. Saukville Thiensville. Mequon	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden. Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton. Clayton Clear Lake. Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda. Garfield Dresser Junction. Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Lincoln Lincoln El Salem Garfield Harper. Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck. Luck North Valley Eureka Osceola Mills (c. h.) Osceola Patterson Milltown Pineville. Clear Lake South Farmington Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Hiltown Volga Lincoln Wagon Landing Alden West Denmark Luck West Sweden West Sweden Wolf Creek Eureka
OZAUKEE COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Belgium. Belgium Cedarburgh. Cedarburgh Druecker. Port Washington Fredonia. Fredonia Fredonia Station. Fredonia Freistadt. Mequon Grafton. Grafton Holy Cross. Belgium Horn's Corners. Cedarburgh Kohler. Mequon Port Washington (c. h. I). Port Washington Saukville. Saukville Thiensville. Mequon	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden. Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton. Clayton Clear Lake. Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda. Garfield Dresser Junction. Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Lincoln Lincoln El Salem Garfield Harper. Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck. Luck North Valley Eureka Osceola Mills (c. h.) Osceola Patterson Milltown Pineville. Clear Lake South Farmington Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Hiltown Volga Lincoln Wagon Landing Alden West Denmark Luck West Sweden West Sweden Wolf Creek Eureka
OZAUKEE COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Belgium. Belgium Cedarburgh. Cedarburgh Druecker. Port Washington Fredonia. Fredonia Fredonia Station. Fredonia Freistadt. Mequon Grafton. Grafton Holy Cross. Belgium Horn's Corners. Cedarburgh Kohler. Mequon Port Washington (c. h. I). Port Washington Saukville. Saukville Thiensville. Mequon	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden. Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton. Clayton Clear Lake. Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda. Garfield Dresser Junction. Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Lincoln Lincoln El Salem Garfield Harper. Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck. Luck North Valley Eureka Osceola Mills (c. h.) Osceola Patterson Milltown Pineville. Clear Lake South Farmington Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Hiltown Volga Lincoln Wagon Landing Alden West Denmark Luck West Sweden West Sweden Wolf Creek Eureka
OZAUKEE COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Belgium. Belgium Cedarburgh. Cedarburgh Druecker. Port Washington Fredonia. Fredonia Fredonia Station. Fredonia Freistadt. Mequon Grafton. Grafton Holy Cross. Belgium Horn's Corners. Cedarburgh Kohler. Mequon Port Washington (c. h. I). Port Washington Saukville. Saukville Thiensville. Mequon	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden. Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton. Clayton Clear Lake. Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda. Garfield Dresser Junction. Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Lincoln Lincoln El Salem Garfield Harper. Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck. Luck North Valley Eureka Osceola Mills (c. h.) Osceola Patterson Milltown Pineville. Clear Lake South Farmington Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Hiltown Volga Lincoln Wagon Landing Alden West Denmark Luck West Sweden West Sweden Wolf Creek Eureka
OZAUKEE COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Belgium. Belgium Cedarburgh. Cedarburgh Druecker. Port Washington Fredonia. Fredonia Fredonia Station. Fredonia Freistadt. Mequon Grafton. Grafton Holy Cross. Belgium Horn's Corners. Cedarburgh Kohler. Mequon Port Washington (c. h. I). Port Washington Saukville. Saukville Thiensville. Mequon	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden. Alden Apple River Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton. Clayton Clear Lake. Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda. Garfield Dresser Junction. Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Lincoln Lincoln El Salem Garfield Harper. Eureka Little Falls Alden Luck. Luck North Valley Eureka Osceola Mills (c. h.) Osceola Patterson Milltown Pineville. Clear Lake South Farmington Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Hiltown Volga Lincoln Wagon Landing Alden West Denmark Luck West Sweden West Sweden Wolf Creek Eureka
OZAUKEE COUNTY. Post-offices. Towns. Belgium. Belgium Cedarburgh. Cedarburgh Druecker. Port Washington Fredonia. Fredonia Fredonia Station. Fredonia Freistadt. Mequon Grafton. Grafton Holy Cross. Belgium Horn's Corners. Cedarburgh Kohler. Mequon Port Washington (c. h. I). Port Washington Saukville. Saukville Thiensville. Mequon	Amery Lincoln Alabama Laketown Alden Alden Apple River Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Balsam Lake Bunyan Georgetown Clam Falls Clam Falls Clam Falls Clam Falls Clayton Clayton Clear Lake Clear Lake Cushing Sterling Deronda Garfield Dresser Junction Osceola East Farmington Farmington East Farmington Farmington Elsalem Garfield Harper Eureka Soceola Mills (c. h.) Osceola North Valley Eureka Secola Mills (c. h.) Osceola Patterson Milltown Pineville Clear Lake Richardson Clayton Saint Croix Falls Village Saint Croix Falls South Farmington Farmington Volga Lincoln West Sweden West Sweden West Swed

Bancroft	Pine Grove
Blaine	
Boyington	
Buena Vista	Buena Vista
Crocker's Landing	Eau Plaina
Custer	
Ellis	
Garfield	
Hull	Tope work
Junction	Corgon
Keene	buena vista
Lone Pine	
McDill	
Madely	
Meehan	
Nelsonville	
New Hope	
Peru	
Plover	
Polonia	
Sherman	
Stevens Point (c. h. I.)	
Stockton	Stockton
Surrey	Buena Vista
Towne	Belmont

PRICE COUNTY.

Post-offices. Coolidge	Towns.
Coolidge	Fifield
Hollingshead	. Georgetown
Ogema	Ogema
Phillips (c h.)	Worcester
Prentice	Prentice
Worcester	Hackett

RACINE COUNTY.

	_
Post-offices.	Towns.
Burlington (I.)	Burlington
Caldwell	Waterford
Caledonia	
Dover	
Franksville	Caledonia
Ives' Grove	Yorkville
Kansasville	
Lamberton	Caledonia
North Cape	Raymond
Racine (c. h. I.)	Mt. Pleasant
Raymond	Raymond
Rochester	Rochester
Sylvania	
Tabor	Caledonia
Thompsonville	
Union Church	Norway
Union Grove	Yorkville
Waterford	Waterford
Western Union	.Mount Pleasant
Yorkville	
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RICHLAND COUNTY.

	Towns.
Ash Ridge	
Bass Wood	Eagle
Bear Valley	Ithaca
Bloom City	Bloom
Boaz	
Brady's	Akan
Buck Creek	Rockbridge
Cazenovia	Westford
Dixon	Buena Vista
Eagle Corners	
Excelsior	
Fancy Creek	Marshall
Gillingham	Marshall
Henrietta	
Hub City	Henrietta

Ithaca	Ithaca
Keyesville	Ithaca
Lone Rock	Buena Vista
Loyd	Willow
Mill Creek	Marshall
Neptune	Ithaca
Orion	Orion
Port Andrew	Richwood
Richland Center (c. h. I.)	Richland
Richland City	Buena Vista
Rockbridge	Rockbridge
Sabin	Svlvan
Sextonville	Ithaca
Sylvan	Sylvan
Twin Bluffs	Buena Vista
Viola	Forest
West Lima	Bloom
Woodstock	Henrietta
Yuba	Henrietta
	·····

ROCK COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Afton	Rock
Avon	Avon
Beloit (I.) (city)	Beloit
Cainville	Magnolia
Center	Center
Clinton (I.)	Clinton
Cooksville	Porter
Edgerton	Fulton
Emerald Grove	Bradford
Evansville	Union
Fairfield	Bradford
Fellows	Center
Footville	Plymouth
Fulton	Fulton
Hanover	Plymouth
Indian Ford	Tulton
Janesville (c. h. I.)	
Johnstown Center	Johnstown
Johnstown	Johnstown
Leyden	Janesville
Lima Centre	Lima
Magnolia	Magnolia
Milton	Milton
Milton Junction	Milton
Orfordville	Spring Valley
Rock Prairie	Harmony
Snopiere	Turtle
Tiffany	Turtle
Union	Union

ST. CROIX COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Baldwin	Baldwin
Boardman	Richmond
Brookville	Eau Galle
Burkhardt	St. Joseph
Cady Mills	Cadv
Cylon	Cylon
Cylon	Cvlon
Emerald	Emerald
Erin	Erin Prairie
Glenwood	Glenwood
Hammond	Hammond
Hempel	Forest
Hersey	Springfield
Houlton	St. Joseph
$Hudson\ (c.\ h.\ I.)$	Hudson
Inlet	Forget
Jewett Mills	Erin Prairie
New Centreville	Rush River
New Richmond	Richmond
North Hudson	Hudson
Pleasant Valley	Pleasant Valley
Roberts	Warren
Somerset	Somerset
Stanton	Stanton
Ctan Duginia	Clare To

WISCONSIN POST OFFICES. 325		
Wildwood Eau Galle Wilson Springfield Woodville Baldwin	Dacada Holland Edwards Herman Elkhart Rhine Franklin Herman Gibberilla Liva	
WilsonSpringfield	EdwardsHerman	
woodvine Baldwin		
	Franklin Herman	
SAUK COUNTY.	Franklin Herman Gibbsville Lina Glenbeulah Greenbush Greenbush Greenbush Hingham Lima Howard's Grove Herman Johnsonville Sheboygan Falls Mosel Mosel Mosel Oostburgh Holland Parnell Mitchell Pius Mitchell Pius Sheboygan Rathbun Mitchell Random Lake Sherman Rathbun Mitchell Rhine Rhine	
	Greenbush Greenbush	
Post-offices. Towns.	Hingham	
Ableman Excelsion	Howard's Grove	
Baraboo (c. h. I.)Baraboo	JohnsonvilleSheboygan Falls	
BessemerFreedom	Mosel	
Coccell Troy	Parmell Holland	
Delton Delton	Ping Mitchell	
Ironton	Plymouth	
Kings Corners. Sumpter	Random Lake Sherman	
La Valle La Valle	Rathbun Mitchell	
Leland	Rhine Rhine Saint Anna Russell Saint George Lima	
Lame Ridge Ironton	Saint Anna	
Merrimack Verminals	Scott. Scott Sheboygan (c. h. I.) Sheboygan Sheboygan Falls Silver Creek Sherman Winooski Lyndon	
Plain Franklin	Sheboygan (c. h. L) Sheboygan	
Prairie du SacPrairie du Sac	Sheboygan FallsSheboygan Falls	
ReedsburgReedsburg	Silver CreekSherman	
SanduskyWashington	WinooskiLyndon	
Sauk City (1.)Prairie du Sac	I am a second	
Valton Woodland	TAYLOR COUNTY.	
White Mound Franklin	TAILOR COUNTI.	
Post-offices. Towns. Ableman Excelsior Baraboo (c. h. I) Baraboo Bessemer Freedom Black Hawk Troy Cassell Troy Delton Delton Ironton. Inonton Kings Corners Sumpter La Valle La Valle Leland Honey Creek Lime Ridge Ironton Loganville Westfield Merrimack Merrimack Plain Frenklin Prairie du Sac Prairie du Sac Reedsburg Sandusky Wastington Sauk City (I) Prairie du Sac Spring Green Spring Green Valton Woodland White Mound Franklin	Post-offices. Towns.	
1	Chelsea. Chelsea	
SAWYER COUNTY.	GadDeer Creek	
·	IntervaldGreenwood	
Post-officesTowns.	Little Black Little Black	
Hubbard (c. n.)	Rib Lake Pib Lake	
Reserve. Hayward	Stetsonville Little Black	
Hayward (c. h.) Hayward Hayward Hayward Hayward Hayward Hayward Hayward Wallace Hayward Haywar	Westboro Westboro	
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SHAWANO COUNTY.	TREMPEALEAH COUNTY	
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Genoa	Genoa :
Genoa. Hillsborough.	Hillsborough
Kickapoo	Kickapoo
La Farca	Stark
Liberty	Liberty
Liberty Pole	Franklin
Liberty Liberty Pole. Lovass	Christiana
Manning	Kickapoo
Mount Tabor	Forest
Newry	Christiana
Newton	
Ontario	Whitestown
Otter Vale	Webster
Purdy	Sterling
Purdy. Readstown	Kickanoo
Red Mound	Wheatland
Rest	Bergen
Retreat	Sterling
Rockton	Whitestown
Romance.	
Springville	Jefferson
Star	Stork
Stoddard	Parcan
Stoddard Sugar Grove Trippville	Kielzanoo
Trippyille	Hillshorough
Valley	Forcet
Victory	Wheatland
Virginia (a. h. I)	Virogua
Viroqua (c. h. I.)	Christiana
West by	Christiana
west Frame	g

WALWORTH COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Adams	Trov
Allen's Grove	Sharon
Darien	
Delavan	
East Delavan	
East Troy	East Trov
Elkhorn (c. h. I.)	Elkhorn
Torretterille	To Forestto
Fayetteville	La rayene
Fontana	
Genoa Junction	
Heart Prairie	La Grange
Honey Creek	.Spring Prairie
La Grange	La Grange
Lake Geneva	Geneva
Little Prairie	La Grange
Lyons	Lyons
Mayhew	Troy
Millard	Sugar Creek
Richmond	Richmond
Sharon	
Springfield	Lyons
Spring Prairie	Spring Prairie
Tibbets	Sugar Creek
Troy	Trov
Troy Center	
Vienna	Spring Prairie
Walworth	Walworth
White Water (1)	Whitewater
47 10000 FF WOOT (1.)	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

WASHBURN COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Minong	<u>V</u> eazie
Namekagon	Veazie
Spooner	Bashaw
StinnettVeazie	

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Post-offices. Ackerville	Towns.
Ackerville	Polk
Addison	Addison
Allenton	
∆arora	Addison

Barton	Barton
Boltonville	Farmington
Cedar Creek	Polk
Fillmore	Farmington
Hartford (I.)	Hartford
Jackson	Toolraan
Vanadam	Jackson
Kewaskum	···· reňaskum
Kirchhayn	Jackson
Kohlsville	Wayne
Lake Five	Richfield
Mayfield	Polk
Meeker	Germantown
Myra	
Nenno	Addison
Newburg	
Riceville	Taglzcon
Pichfield	Diabfield
Richfield	Commontore
Rockfield	
St. Lawrence	Hartiord
St. Michaels	Farmington
Salter	Jackson
Schlelsingerville	Polk
South Germantown	Germantown
Thompson	Erin
Wayne	Wayne
West Bend (c. h. I.)	West Bend
Young America.	Porton
Toung Amorica	

WAUKESHA COUNTY.

Post-offices.	Towns.
Big Bend	Vernon
D100gett	Brookneid
Brookfield	Brookfield
Calhoun	New Berlin
Colgate	Lisbon
Delafield	Delafield
Dodge's Corners	Vernon
Dousman	Ottawa
Duplainville	Pewaukee
Durham	Muskego
Eagle	Eagle
Elm Grove	
Enos	Genesee
Fussville	Menomonie
Genesee	Genesee
Genesee Depot	Genesee
Golden Lake	Ottawa
Hartland	Delafield
Mapleton	.Oconomowoc
Marcy	Brookfield
Menomonee Falls	Menomonee
Merton	Merton
Montaner	
Monterey	.Oconomowoc
Muslrogo	mukwanago
Mukwanago Muskego Nashotah	Muskego
New Berlin	Delaneid
North Lake	7 Forms on
North Pairie. Oconomowoc (I.). Ottawa Pewaukee.	Conogoo
Oconomovoc (I)	Occupancy
Ottawa	Occupinomoco.
Pewankee	Pawaukaa
Prospect	Wankacha
Savannah	Varnan
Stone Bank	Merton
Summit Centre	Summit
Sussex	Lishon
Sussex	Muskego
Vernon	Vernon
Waterville	Ottawa
$waukesha$ $(c. h. 1.) \dots$	Waukesha
Weiner	Ottawa

WAUPACA COUNTY.

Post-offices. Baldwin's Mills	Tome
Roldwin's Mills	Dorrolto.
Describes	Koyanon
Duckbee	Larahee
Clintonville	Larrahee

	Dayton !
Crystal Lake	Dunont
Iola	Iola
101a	Lind
Northport	Mukwa
Northport	St Lawrence
Rural	Dayton
Sheridan	Union
Weyauwega (I.)	n eyau n ega

WAUSHARA COUNTY.

	Towns.
Post-offices.	100000
	Aurora
	Bioonnieu
Dakota	Dakota
Dakota	Warren
Hamilton	Hancock
Springwater	Springwater
Wild Rose	Springwater
77 AM 200001111	

WINNEBAGO COUNTY.

To all affices	Toums.
Post-offices. Allenville	Vinland
Butte des Morts	Winneconne
Clemansville	Vinland
Clemansville	Winchester
Crete	Titica
Elo	Duchford
Eureka	Titics
Fisk	Monougirin.
Menasha (I.)	,menasna
0	Omi o
Oribula	WOIL INVEL
Oshkosh (c. h. I.)	TT4
Dialrott	
Zittan	Wolf Klyer

WOOD COUNTY.

11.002	
Post-offices. Altdorf. Auburndale Bakerville Blenker.	Milladore
Centralia Daly Dexterville Grand Rapids (c. h. I.) Granite Hansen	Remington Wood Grand Rapids Lincoln Seneca Marshfield
Hewitt Hogan Marshfield Nasonville Port Edwards	Rock Wood
Remington Randolph Saratoga	Randolph Saratoga Wood
Sherry	

LIST OF POST-OFFICES

OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES IN WISCONSIN.

The Postmasters at these offices are appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. All other Postmasters rank as fourth class, and are appointed by the Postmaster General.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary
ntigo		8	¢ 1 5
ppleton	. Outagamie	3 2 2 3	\$1,5 2,4 2,4
shland	Ashland	2	2, 4
ugusta	Eau Claire	3	1,10
araboo		3	1.80
eaver Dameloit		3	1, 60 2, 20 1, 70
erlin		2 3 3	2,20
lack River Falls	Green Lake	8	1,70
oscobel	Grant.	3	1,50
rodhead	Green	3	1,10
urlington	Racine	3	1, 20 1, 30
hippewa Falls	Chippewa	2	2,30
linton	Rock	ã	2, 20 1, 10
olumbus	Columbia	3	1,70
umberland		3	1,00
arlington		ର ପ ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର	1,40
elavan		3	1,50
e Pereodgeville		3	1,40
au Claire		8	1,10
dgerton	Eau Claire	2	2,50
khorn	RockWalworth	8	1,10
vansville	Rock	9	1,30
orence	Florence.	3	1,30
ond du Lac	Fond du Lac.	ő	1,10
ort Atkinson	Jefferson	ã	2,40 1,70
ort Howard	Brown	8	1,20
rand Rapids	Wood	3	1,10
reen Bay	Brown	ž	2,30
ayward	Sawyer	3	1,30
udson	St. Croix	3	1,60
urley	Ashland	325333333333333333333333333333333333333	1.80
nesville	Rock.	2	2,50
fferson enosha	Jefferson	3	1,50
lbourn City.	Kenosha	3	1,80
Crosse	Columbia	8	1,00
ike Geneva	Walworth	ž	2,80 1,60
incaster	Grant	9	1,80
adison	Dane.	3	2,80
anitowoc	Manitowoc.	8	ĩ, 90
arinette	Marinette	2	2,00
arshfield	Wood	3	1,30
auston	Juneau	3	1,50
edford	Taylor	3	1,00
enasha	Winnebago	3	1,40
enomonee	Dunn	3	1,60
lwaukee	Lincoln	3	1,80
neral Point.	Milwaukee	1	3,70
onroe	Iowa. Green.	8	1,40
enah	Winnebago	5	1,70
illsville	Clark	3	1,70 1,40
w London	Waupaca	3	1,10
w Richmond	St. Croix	3	1,30
onomowoc	waukesna	ă	1,50
onto	Oconto	3	1,60
hkosh	Winnebago	2	2,70
atteville	Grant	3 3	1,50
rtage	Columbia	3	1,50 1,70
airie du Chien	Crawford	3	1,30
cine	Racine	2	1,30 2,70
edsburgh inelander	Sauk	3 3 3 3	1.30
ce Lake	Oneida Barron	3	1.40
			1,00

WISCONSIN POST-OFFICES

POST OFFICES OF THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CLASSES—Continued.

Office.	County.	Class.	Salary.
Ripon River Falls Sheboygan Falls Sheboygan Falls Sparta. Stevens' Point Stoughton Sturgeon Bay Superior Tomah Viroqua Washburn Watertown Waukesha Waupaca Waupun Wausu West Superior Wausu Wassu Waupaca Waupun Wausu West Superior	Sheboygan. Sheboygan. Monroe Portage Dane Door Douglas Monroe Vernon Bayfield Jefferson Waukesha Waupaca Fond du Lae Marathon	n	\$1,700 1,400 1,200 1,600 1,900 1,100 1,100 1,400 1,200 2,101 1,500 2,000 2,101 1,500 1,500 2,000 1,500 2,000 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,100

POST-OFFICE REGULATIONS.

RATES OF POSTAGE, ETC.

- 1. First-Class.— Letters, and all other written matter, whether sealed or unsealed, and all other matter, sealed, nailed, sewed, tied or fastened in any manner, so that it cannot be easily examined, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards one cent each. Postal cards are unmailable with any writing or printing on the address-side, except the direction, or with anything pasted upon or attached to them.
- 2. Second-Class.— Newspapers and periodical publications, when sent by publishers or news-agents, one cent a pound or fraction thereof. Newspapers and periodical publications sent by persons other than the publishers and news-agents, one cent for every four ounces or fraction thereof.
- 3. Third-Class.— Printed matter, in unsealed wrappers only (all matter inclosed in sealed envelopes notched on the sides or corners must pay letter rates), one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof, which must be fully prepaid. This includes books, circulars, chromos, hand-bills, engravings. lithographs, magazines, music, pamphlets, proof-sheets and manuscripts accompanying the same, reproductions by the electric pen, hektograph, metallograph, papyrograph, photographs and "blue prints," and, in short, any reproduction upon paper by any process, except handwriting, type-writing, and the copying-press, not in the nature of a personal correspondence. Limit of weight four pounds, except for a single book, which may weigh more. Third-class matter must be fully prepaid, or it will not be forwarded.
- 4. Fourth-Class.—All mailable matter not included in the three preceding classes which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily withdrawn from the wrapper and examined. Rate, one cent per ounce or fraction thereof. Limit of weight four pounds. Full prepayment compulsory.
- 5. Rates of Postage to Canada.—(The Dominion of Canada embraces all the British North American Provinces except Newfoundland.)

Letters and Postal Cards.—Same rate and conditions of prepayment of postage as for domestic letters and postal cards.

Other Matter.—Same rates and conditions of transmission as for matter for delivery within the United States, except that merchandise is rigidly excluded. Samples of merchandise are mailable, but they must not exceed eight ounces in weight, and are subject to a postage of ten cents each. They must also be strictly specimens of goods for sale.

6. Rates of Postage to Postal Union Countries.—Letters, five cents per half ounce or fraction thereof (fifteen grams being the postal equivalent of half an ounce).

Postal cards two cents each. Registration fee ten cents. Printed matter and samples of merchandise, one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Letter Sheet Envelopes.— Containing stamped envelope and letter sheet, are furnished by the department, on application to postmasters, at 3 cents each, or \$2.30 per 100, or \$23.00 per 1,000.

- 7. Rates to Other Foreign Countries.— For rates of postage, conditions of prepayment, limit of size and weight, and manner of wrapping matter addressed to other foreign countries, ask your postmaster, who is furnished with a monthly Official Postal Guide containing all necessary information on this subject.
- 8. Unmailable Matter.—Obscene books, letters, papers, pictures, and postal cards; lottery circulars and letters; liquids (except as permitted in the regulations); gunpowder, and other explosives; live reptiles, animals and insects (except queen bees); poisons; and any article liable to injure the mails or the persons of those handling them.
- Weighing Packages.—If you have no scales, have all packages weighed at the post-office. Postage must be prepaid in full or the package will not be forwarded.

RE-FORWARDING.

10. Letters will be re-forwarded from one post-office to another upon the written request of the person addressed, without additional charge for postage; but packages of third and fourth class matter cannot be forwarded or returned without a new payment of postage.

THE POSTAL MONEY-ORDER SYSTEM.

The fees or charges for domestic money-orders will be as follows:	
For orders not exceeding \$5. For orders exceeding \$5 and not exceeding \$10. For orders exceeding \$10 and not exceeding \$15.	10 cents.
For orders exceeding \$40 and not exceeding \$40. For orders exceeding \$40 and not exceeding \$50. For orders exceeding \$50 and not exceeding \$60.	25 cents. 30 cents. 35 cents.
For orders exceeding \$70 and not exceeding \$80. For orders exceeding \$90 and not exceeding \$100.	45 cents.

Postal notes for sums less than five dollars, payable to bearer at any time within three months from the last day of the month of issue, are sold at all money-order offices. The fee for a postal note is three cents. No duplicate postal note can be issued.

FOREIGN MONEY-ORDERS.

There are now in operation postal conventions for the exchange of money-orders between the United States and the following foreign countries, viz.: Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada and Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, the Hawaiian Kingdom, Sweden and Japan.

RATES OF COMMISSION OR FEES CHARGED FOR THE ISSUE OF ALL INTERNATIONAL MONEY-ORDERS.

For sums not exceeding \$10	10 cents.
Over \$10 and not exceeding \$20	20 cents.
Over \$20 and not exceeding \$30	30 cents.
Over \$30 and not exceeding \$40	40 cents.
Over \$40 and not exceeding \$50.	50 cents.
O tot 240 and not exceeding 200	

POST OFFICES IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY.

Table showing the whole number of post offices in each state and territory; number of presidential offices in each class; whole number of presidential offices; number of offices of the fourth class, and also number of money-order offices and stations December 10, 1888.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Whole Number of Offices.	Offices of the First Class.	Offices of the Second Class.	Offices of the Third Class.	Whole Number of Presidential Post-offices.	Offices of the Fourth Class.	Money-Order Of- fices.	Money-Order Sta- tions.	Postal Note Offices.
Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Dakota Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maryland Maryland Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Minsissippi Missouri Montana Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Caroline Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wesicon West Virginia Wissouri Washington West Virginia Wesicon West Virginia Wisconsin Wyomling	1, 684 15, 15, 17, 1, 236 1, 377 1, 236 1, 076 1, 144 1, 983 1, 255 1, 178 1, 1812 2, 006 1, 198 1, 1812 2, 006 1, 1765 1,	5 1 3	4 14 6	18 17 577 300 422 411 222 6 153 753 100 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 110 132 133 133 134 141 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	24 2176 60 50 50 88 117 30 60 191 132 132 132 132 132 132 135 135 79 9 231 148 188 117 86 9 231 188 117 86 7 7 2,552	15 153 1,856 1,160	110	\$ 8 8 31 1 1 1 1 6 6 6	10 9 10 22 28 28 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		ا.،	201]	1,500	2,002	55, 529	8,596	136	534

MISCELLANEOUS.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, 1840-1880.

(BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.)

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	1880.	1870.	1860.	1850.	1840.
Total of United States	50, 153, 034	38, 558, 391	31, 443, 321	23, 191, 876	17, 069, 453
Alabama	1,262,344	996, 992	964, 210	771, 623	590,750
Arkansas	802,564	484,471	435, 450	269,897	97,574
California	789, 617	560, 247	379,994	92,597	
Colorado	194,649	39,864	34,277		
Connecticut	622,683	537, 454	460, 147	370,729	309, 978
Delaware	146,654	125,015	112,216	91,532	78,085
Florida	266, 566	187,748	140,424	87,445	54, 477
Georgia	1,538 988	1, 184, 109	1,057,286	906, 185	691, 392
Illinois	3,078,736	2,539,891	1,711,951	851,470	476, 183
Indiana	1,978,358	1,680,637	1,350,428	988, 416	685,866
Iowa	1,624,463	1, 194, 020	674,913	192, 214	43, 112
Kansas	995, 935	364,399	107,206	982,405	779,828
Kentucky	1,648,599	1,321,011 $726,915$	1,155,684 708,022	517, 762	352, 411
Louisiana	940, 263 648, 945	626, 915	628, 279	583, 169	501,793
Maine	935, 139	780,894	687,049	583,034	470,019
Maryland	1,783,086	1,457,351	1,231,066	994, 514	737, 699
Massachusetts	1,636,396	1, 184, 059	749, 113	397, 654	212, 267
Michigan	780,807	439,706	172,023	6,077	
Minnesota	1, 145, 899	827, 922	791,305	606, 526	875,651
Mississippi	2, 169, 091	1,721,295	1, 182, 012	682,044	383, 702
Nebraska	452, 532	122, 993	28,841		
Nevada	62, 265	42,491	6,857		
New Hampshire	346,784	318, 300	326,073	317,976	284, 574
New Jersey	1,130,892	906,096	672,035	489, 555	377, 300
New York	5,082,982	4, 382, 759	3, 880, 735	3,097,394	2,428,921
North Carolina	1,400,000	1,071,361	992, 622	869,039	753,419
Ohio	3, 199, 794	2,665,260	2,339,511	1,980,329	1,519,467
Oregon	174,767	90,923	52,465	13, 294	
Pennsylvania	4,283,786	3,521,951	2,906,215	2,311,786	1,724,033
Rhode Island	276,528	217,353	174,620	147, 545	108,830
South Carolina	995,706	705,606	703, 708	668,500	594, 398
Tennessee	1,242,463	1,258,520	1,109,801	1,002,717	829,210
Texas	1,597,509	818, 579	604, 215	212,592	
Vermont	332,286	330,551	215,098	214, 120	291,948
Virginia	1,512,203	1,225,163	1,596,318	1,421,661	1,239,797
West Virginia	618, 193	442,014	ממוני מיני	305, 391	30,945
Wisconsin	1,315,480	1,054,670	775,881	905, 591	00, 540
Alaska	40,411	9,658			
Arizona	131,502	14, 181	4,837		
Dakota	177,638	131.700	75,080	51,637	43,712
District of Columbia	32,611	14,999	.5,000	01,001	10,110
Idaho Montana	39, 157	20,595			l
New Mexico	119, 430	91,874	93,516	61,547	
Utah	143, 907	86.786	40,273	11,380	
Washington	75, 120	23,955	91,594	11,000	1
Wyoming	20, 788	9,118	1	1	1
11 J OHHING	1,	1 -,	1	1	1

POPULATION OF WISCONSIN, 1836-1885.

(STATE AND FEDERAL CENSUS BY COUNTIES.)

			1											
Counties.	1836.	1838.	1810.	1842.	1846.	1847.	1850.	1855.	1860.	1865.	1870.	1875.	1880.	1885.
Adams	1	1	l 				187	6,868	515	250		6,50%		6, 921 6, 941
Barron			l						13 353		538 844	3,737 1,039	7,023	13, 596
Brown Buffalo	2,706	3,019	2, 107	2, 140	2,662	2,914	6,215	6,699 833	11,795	15, 282	25, 168	35, 373	34,090	3, 431 36, 931
Burnett	l								12	171	706	1,456		16, 48 4, 607
Calumet				407	1 0,0	1,060	1,743 615	3,631 838	7,895 1,895			15,065 13,995	16,631	17,667
Clark Columbia	1	1						232	789	1,011	3,450	7,282	10,715	25, 13 15, 423
Crawford	1,220	850				1,409	9,565 2,498	3,323	8,008	26, 112 11, 011		28, 803 15, 035		29, 855 16, 181
Dane	l	172 18	67	776 149		10,935 14,906		37,714 34,510		50, 193 46, 841	53, 095 47, 035	52,798	53, 234	58, 400
Door	!	1			1	1		739 385	2,948	3,098	4,919	8,020	11,645	46, 383 15, 552
Dunn	1			l	1	l		1,796	2,704	532 5,170	9,488	741 13, 427	655 16.818	2,704 21,951
Eau Claire	l								3, 162	5, 281	10,769	15, 991	19, 902	34, 789
Fond du Lac Forest.			139	295	3,518	7,459	14,510	24,784	84, 154	42,029	46, 273	50, 241	46,855	1,720 46,822
Grant		2,763	3,926	5, 937	12,034	11,720			31, 189	33,618		39,086	37,852	425 37, 277
Green Lake		491	933	1,594		6, 487	8, 566	14,827	19,808 12,663	20,646 12,596		22,027 15,274	21,729 14,481	23,071
Jackson		5,234	8, 978	5, 029	14,906	7,963	9,522	15,205 1,098	18, 957 4, 170	20,657 5,631	24,544	24, 133	23,628	16,008 22,872
Jefferson		468	914	1,638	8,680	11,434	15, 317	26,869	30, 438	30,596	7,687 34,050	11, 339 34, 908	13, 283 32, 155	15, 902 34, 256
Juneau Kenosha							10,734		8,770 13,900	10,013 12,676	12,395 13,177	15, 300 13, 907	15,580 13,550	17, 024 14, 137
Kewaunee La Crosse		• • • • • • • • •		•••••				1, 109 3, 904	5,530	7,039	10, 281	14, 405	15,805	17, 278
La Fayette						9 335	11,531	16,064		14, 834 20, 358	20, 295 22, 667	23, 945 22, 169	27,072 21,278	34,791 20,467
La Pointe						367						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	685	5.912
Lincoln			235	263	620	1.285	3,702	13,018	22,416			895	2,011	6,989
Marathon							489	417	2,892	3,678	5,885	38, 456 10, 111	87, 506 17, 121	38,692 27,053
Marquette			·····i8	59	989	2,261	508	1,427	8, 233	7,827	8,057	8, 597	8, 929 8, 907	13, 494 9 487

18, 205 31, 5797 6, 972 19, 645 12, 881 12, 881 12, 881 12, 881 12, 881 12, 881 12, 881 12, 881 12, 881 12, 881 13, 938 14, 939 14, 939 15, 703 19, 114, 123 16, 639 17, 671 28, 690 18, 191 13, 931 13, 931 13, 931 14, 588	
, 563, 413	

Milwaukee	2,893	3,1 31	5,605	9, 565	15,925			46, 265 2, 407	62,518 8,410	72, 320 11, 652	89,936 16,552	122,927 21.026	188, 523 21, 606	189,660 23,543
Monroe		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1,501	3,593	4, 858	8, 322	13, 812	9,843	13, 205
Oconto						• • • • • • • • •		4,914	9,587	11,852	18,440	25,558	28,716	37,559
Ozaukee			l · · · · · · · · ·					12,973	15,682	14,882	15, 579	16,545	15,462	15, 797
Pepin									2,393	3,002	4,659	5,816	6, 225	6,972
Pierce								1,720	4,673	6, 324	10,003	15, 101	17,744	19,645
Polk	1		! . !					547	1,400	1,677	3,422	6,736	10,0:8	12,881
Portage			1,623	646	931	1,504	1,250	5, 151	7,507	8, 145	10,640	14, 856	17,731	23, 248
Price	1												785	3,071
Racine		2,054	3,475	6,318	17,983	19,539			21,360	22,884	26,742	28,702	30, 921	35, 398
Richland							9:3	5,584	9,732	12, 186	15,736	17, 353	18, 174	19, 303
, Rock	1		1,701				20,750	31,364	36,690	36,033	39,030	39,039	38, 823	42,620
St. Croix					1,419		624	2,040	5,392	7,255	11,039	14, 956	18, 956	22,379
Sauk			102					13,614	. 18,963	20, 154	23,868	26, 932	28,729	30.359 2.431
Sawyer										1 200	9 105	6,635	10, 371	16, 629
Shawano								254	829	1,369 $27,671$	3, 165 31, 773	34, 021	34, 206	38,600
Sheboygan			133	221	1,637	5,580			26,875		' 1	849	2, 311	5,703
faylor								493	2,569	5, 199	10,728	14,992	17, 189	19,112
Trempealeau								4,823	11,007	13,644	18, 673	21,524	23, 235	24, 423
Vernon			3 611		19 490	15,039	17,862		26,496	25,773	25, 992	26, 259	26, 249	27, 802
Walworth		1,010	2,011	4,010	13,439	15,055	17,002	20,002	20,430		~0,00~	20,200	20,210	1,671
Washburn			343	965	7,473	15,447	19,485	18,897	23,622			23,862	23,442	23,692
Washington Waukesha		04	OFO						26, 831	27,029	28, 258	(11,523		31, 123
Waupaca					10,100	10,000		4, 437	8, 851	11,208	15,533	19,646	20, 954	25,340
Waushara				l				5,541	8,770	9,002	11,379	29, 425		13,921
Winnebago	1		135	143	732	2.747	10, 167				37, 325	45,033	42,741	50,395
Wood	1	l							2,425		3,911	6,048	8,981	14,558
11 UUU						1								
Totals	11,683	18, 139	30,945	44,478	155, 277	210,546	305, 391	552, 109	775,881	868, 325	1,054,670	1,236,729	1,315,480	1,563,413
	=3,000		,,	,		j	1	ι ΄]	
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Nors-In 1830, the population of Wisconsin Territory was 3,245, and there were but two counties, Brown and Crawford.

TABULAR STATEMENT, SHOWING TOTAL POPULATION AND NATIVITY BY COUNTIES ---- CENSUS 1885.

dams	8,839 7,507 2,179 18,874 8,887 2,011 9,011 14,070 8,391	6,078 1,251 17,957 7,596 1,872	235 9 1 48	37 264 7	6, 921 6, 941 13, 596	5, 633 4, 271	253	107	162	<u> </u>	35	556			
arron ayfdeld rown uffalo urnett elumet hippewa lark olumbia rawford	7,507 2,179 18,874 8,887 2,011 9,011 14,070 8,391	6,078 1,251 17,957 7,596 1,872	9 1 48	7				51	208				1	· · · · · · ·	162
rown uffalo urnett alumet hippewa lark olumbia rawford	18,874 8,887 2,011 9,011 14,070 8,391	17, 957 7, 596 1, 872				9,244	1,375 591	93	105	168 104	133 303	661 2,661	25	20	74 450
uffalo urnett slumet hippewa lark olumbia rawford	8,887 2,011 9,011 14,070 8,391	7,596 1,872		42	3, 43 1 36, 921	2,054 24,401	121	67	34	21	421	678	1	8	26
alumet hippewa lark olumbia rawford	9,011 14,070 8,391	1,872 8 271			16, 483	10,771	4, 109 3, 409	322 163	1, 104 342	156 22	903 161	1,557 1,323	1,746 39	650 25	
nippewa lark olumbia rawford	14,070 8,391		718	6	4,607	2,571	27	9	3	8	7	1, 975	6	20	225
lark olumbia rawford.	.1 8.391		192 9	193 5	17,667 25,135	12, 352 16, 831	4,574 2,235	101 335	380 577	29 29	43	67	78		4
rawford		7.029	3		15, 423	11,330	2, 313	257	132	64	2,884 514	1,649 691	25 16	300 20	270 86
aniola	15,340 8,352	14, 471 7, 821	24	20	29,855	22,051	3,861	1,718	887	34	114	1,012		45	64
ane	.1 30,242		56	46	16, 181 58, 400	12, 992 40, 248	787 6,344	182 1,479	609 1,942	24 160	155 223	816	3	600	18
odge	. 23,758		31	20	46, 333	30, 639 9, 933	12,948	857	1, 151	68	142	7,588 238	33 106	250 175	13
oorouglas	8, 295 1, 675	7,208 1,023	21	28	15,552 2,704	9,933 1,726	1,952	115	240	51	439	1,854	23	300	62
unn	.1 11.970	9,973	4	4	21,951	14,773	$\frac{90}{2,479}$	82 219	105 209	13 30	248 302	377 3,763	1 5		6:
au Claire	18, 494	16,276	12	7	34,789	22, 675	3,653	533	680	123	2,012	4,828	9	2, 50	140 226
lorenceond du Lac	958 23, 479	756 23, 161	100	82 82	1,720 $46,822$	957 34, 347	178 8, 299	153 989	210	210	41	314			14
orest	192	104	117	12	425	352	0, 299	18	1,653	53	676	115	529	50	111
rantreen	18,835 11,833	18,377 11,211	31	34	37, 277	30, 283	3, 359	1,576	774	72	101	456	77	570	19
reen Lake	8, 184	7,814	15 6	12	23,071 16,008	18, 185 10, 371	1,418 4,356	404 636	578 ¹ 2431	23	91	713	7		21,734
	11,559	11,294	11	8	22,872	17, 116	1,224	2,399	867	20	46 110	82 946	6	189	261
ackson	8, 92 17, 250	7,084 16,943	317 37	3 09	15, 902	11,057	951	265	132	18	111	3,216	5	60	87
meau	8, 808	8, 124	47	26 45	34, 256 17, 024	23, 279 13, 059	8,964 1,372	760 3 73	568 857	31 12	94 227	306	20	239	
enosha	7, 204	6, 913	15	5	14, 137	10,070	2,428	520	436	38	86	95 <u>4</u> 844	52	150 16	147
ewaunee	8,854 17,833	8,399 16,898	12 37	13 23	17, 278 34, 791	10, 454 21, 555	2,608	106	175	448	37	204	4	3,000	202
a Favette	10, 420	10,044	2	1	20, 467	16,038	5,648 726	589 1,321	591 1,324	62 24	477 50	4,330 917	297 13	1,000	243
ngladeucoln	3, 222 3, 891	2,639	29	22	5, 912	4, 251	704	45	44	15	179	66	29	79	51 400
anitowoc	19,749	2, 959 18, 935	91	45	6, 989 88, 692	4, 855 24, 551	1, 175 9, 270	72 179	82 614	21	296	359		40	88
arathon	14,341	12,583	63	63	27, 053	15.585	9,031	135	161	153 108	242 669	1,107 635	292 11	2,284	
arinette	7,527 4,848	5, 951 4, 638	8	8	13, 494 9, 487	7,524 6,212	1,545 2,460	440	225	38	1,839	1,637	25	90	613 131

Milwaukee Monroe Oconto	94, 376 12, 225 7, 159 18, 216 8, 064 3, 662 10, 395 11, 259 11, 259 11, 256 11, 362 19, 852 19, 852 11, 136 12, 558 13, 135 13, 135 1	92, 950 11, 325 17, 206 17, 206 17, 206 19, 21, 77, 732 20, 736 10, 97, 71 17, 406 10, 37, 71 11, 504 11, 707 12, 162 20, 736 11, 707 13, 776 11, 15, 054 12, 162 24, 917 62, 917 76, 917	222 68 1 65 161 101 5 27 522 936 15 23 47 2 2 2 28 28 22 24 40	26 21 2 42	187, 660 23, 549 13, 205 35, 559 15, 797 6, 972 19, 645 12, 881 23, 248 3, 071 35, 398 19, 303 42, 620 22, 379 30, 359 2, 431 16, 620 5, 703 19, 112 24, 423 27, 802 31, 123 26, 340 11, 671 23, 602 31, 123 25, 340 11, 921 11, 921	111, 349 17, 762 8, 614 24, 868 10, 610 5, 073 14, 077 7, 319 15, 193 11, 468 23, 073 17, 641 18, 208 22, 177 26, 493 24, 493 27, 493 28, 775 10, 815 11, 028 28, 775 10, 815 84, 618	1,566 7,852 4,393 673 1,026 4,543 4,066 5,543 4,462 5,291 5,530 1,036 4,663 2,878 1,009 5,530 1,966 1,227 1,227 1,989 6,014 5,202 1,989 1,368 3,649	3,051 480 1588 327 560 78 196 1177 341 249 1,465 217 1,437 661 680 4 4 125 233 449 253 248 888 144 67 1,685 379 407 1,241 240	3,755 268 669 204 50 405 108 334 776 24 2,083 1,212 752 8 1,412 19 391 371 450 221 1,29 309	263 23 115 78 42 77 50 33 20 20 48 83 88 81 11 18 57 111 211 21 113 35 77 77 71 71 71 71 71	659 85 1, 381 62 90 232 371 307 207 748 84 45 59 139 139 140 238 238 129	1,640 1,146 835 256 76 920 3,446 4,320 1,524 849 3,317 384 1,795 3,317 367 939 128 297 4,665 302 36 701 2,004 600 1,869 611	60 111 721 20 3 3 14 11 4 4 35 250 26 11,370 3 128 4 4 4 26 33 128 31 128 14 11,370	140 1,050 43 27 45 207 146 506 	*6, 997 2 7 136 224 80 102 43 41, 039 15 199 151 183 490 90 182 29 82 94 404 54 73
Totals			14, 709	13, 562	1,563,413	1,069,423	265,756	37,731	36, 371	3, 963	21,887	90,057	7,357	⁵ 15,838	20,030

² Estimated 1,700 Swiss.

⁸ Estimated 6,700 Polanders.

⁴ Estimated 300 Polanders.

POPULATION AND AREA.

Showing for the several States and Territories of the United States, the number of persons; the area in square miles; the number of families, the number of dwellings; the number of persons, of families, and of dwellings to the square mile; the number of acres to a person and to a family, and the number of persons to a dwelling and to a family, as shown at the census of 1880.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Persons.	Areas.¹ Square miles.	Families.	Dwellings.	Persons to a square mile.	Families to a square mile.	Dwellings to a square mile.	Acres to a person.	Acres to a family.	Persons to a dwelling.	Persons to a family.
The United States	50, 155, 783	2,900,170	9,954,916	8,955,812	17.29	3.43	3.02	37.01	186.62	5.60	5.04
labama rizona rizana rizana rizana alifornia olorado onnecticut akota. elaware istrict of Columbia. lorida. eorgia laho llinois dilana wa ansas. entucky ouisiana aine aryland assachusetts ichigan innesota. ississippi issouri	1, 262, 505 40, 449 802, 525 864, 694 194, 327 622, 700 632, 700 135, 177 146, 694 1, 542, 180 3, 677, 871 1, 978, 301 1, 624, 615 996, 096 1, 648, 690 933, 946 648, 936 934, 943 1, 783, 085 1, 636, 937 780, 773 1, 131, 597 780, 773	51, 540 112, 920 53, 045 155, 980 103, 645 4, 845 147, 700 1, 960 54, 240 60 54, 290 56, 980 84, 290 56, 990 84, 290 56, 900 85, 910 55, 475 81, 700 40, 000 40, 600 57, 480 88, 795 46, 340 68, 785	248, 961 9, 536 154, 272 177, 508 41, 260 136, 885 31, 202 28, 253 34, 896 54, 691 303, 060 7, 777, 94 591, 984 391, 293 310, 894 141, 848 175, 387 141, 848 175, 387 141, 848 175, 387 145, 055 403, 186	240, 227 9, 033 149, 377 161, 037 39, 018 108, 458 20, 324 27, 215 28, 687 52, 868 7, 700 538, 221 375, 225 301, 507 124, 867 124, 24.50 0.36 15.13 15.54 1.87 128.52 0.92 74.96 2,960.40 4.97 26.15 0.39 54.96 55.09 29.29 12.19 41.22 20.69 21.71 94.82 221.78 28.50 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86 9.86	4.88 0.08 2.91 1.14 0.40 08.25 08.25 0.21 14.41 581.60 1.01 0.09 10.57 4.75 4.74 17.78 4.74 17.78 5.87 1.81 4.64 5.87	4.66 0.08 2.82 1.03 0.38 22.39 0.20 13.89 478.12 0.97 4.91 10.45 5.44 15.73 34.97 5.60 1.72 4.49	26.18 1,787.06 42.30 115.45 841.85 4.98 699.29 8.56 0.22 128.81 24.48 1,654.27 11.62 21.85 30.93 29.48 6.72 22.45 64.92 26.21 20.29	132.49 7,578.52 220.06 562.38 1,607.63 22.65 3,029.55 44.40 1.10 634.73 124.55 6,939.23 60.55 58.75 114.20 264.51 84.59 150.75 134.89 35.99 13.55 109.07 353.56 137.91 109.11	5.4487 5.387 4.887 5.387 4.619 5.383 4.72 5.326 5.728 5.072 5.084 5.072 5.072 5.487 5.487	5.07 4.24 5.20 4.87 4.71 4.53 5.19 5.09 4.19 5.06 5.23 5.04 5.45 4.87 5.54 5.48 5.54 5.54 5.58 5.38	

POPULATION
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Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina. Ohio. Oregon Pennsylvania. Rhode Island. South Carolina Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	1,181,116 119,565 5,082,871 1,399,502 8,108,062 174,768 4,282,891 295,577 1,542,359 1,591,749 148,963 332,286 1,512,565 75,116 618,457 1,815,497	109, 740 9, 005 7, 485 132, 460 47, 620 48, 580 40, 760 94, 560 44, 985 1, 085 30, 170 41, 750 262, 290 82, 190 9, 185 40, 125 66, 880 24, 645 54, 645 54, 450 97, 575	15, 158 8 60, 286 1 282, 2809 28, 255 270, 994 641, 907 283, 468 840, 452 296, 259 286, 539 297, 259 282, 355 283, 355 1, 350 4, 604	14, 557 68, 381 190, 403 26, 311 772, 512 264, 305 586, 664 32, 377 776, 124 41, 388 191, 914 276, 794 287, 562 20, 710 66, 769 265, 611 15, 512 108, 349 239, 361 4, 282	0.57 88.53 151.73 0.98 100.74 28.85 78.46 1.85 95.21 254.87 33.00 1.75 86.38 37.70 1.12 25.00 24.16 0.21	0.14 8.92 31.16 0.23 22.66 5.58 15.75 0.35 18.68 6.70 6.86 1.13 0.35 8.00 2.4 4.62 0.05	0.13 7.50 25.54 0.21 16.22 5.44 14.39 0.84 17.25 6.86 6.63 1.10 0.32 7.31 6.62 0.23 4.40 0.04	1,127.96 1,16.61 4,22 655.50 6,00 22,21 8,16 346.28 6,72 2,51 19,39 17,32 105.46 365.38 17,59 16.98 25,50 26,49 3,003.90	4,633.43 71.78 20.54 2,773.82 28.25 114.73 40.64 1,808.25 34.26 93.25 564.71 1,853.93 79.99 90.95 2,613.14 141.17 18.54 13,503.86	4.28 5.07 5.94 4.54 6.58 5.30 5.40 5.52 6.68 6.19 5.57 5.54 5.39 4.98 5.69 4.84 5.71 5.71 5.50 4.84	4.11 4.82 4.87 4.23 4.71 5.17 4.98 5.10 4.98 5.35 5.35 5.35 5.35 5.36 4.59 4.59 4.58 5.38 5.38 5.38 5.38 5.38 5.38
Wyoming	20,789	97,575	4,604	4,282	0.21	0.05	0.04	3,003.90	13,563.86	4.85	4.52

¹¹and surface only. The total given for the United States is exclusive of the Indian territory and tracts of unorganized territory, aggregating 69,830 square miles.

POPULATION AND MALES OF VOTING AGE IN THE UNITED STATES, 1880.

	М	ALES OF 21 Y	EARS OF A	GE AND OVE	₹.
STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Total.		WHITE.		
		Native.	Foreign.	Total.	Colored.1
The United States	12,830,849	8, 270, 518	3, 072, 487	11, 343, 005	1, 487, 344
The States	12,571,437	8, 129, 877	2,984,309	11, 114, 186	1,457,251
Alabama Arkansás. California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Nebraska	259, 884 182, 977 299, 392 98, 608 177, 291 88, 298 61, 669 321, 438 796, 847 416, 658 265, 714 376, 221 216, 787 187, 323 232, 106 467, 637 213, 485 238, 532 541, 207 129, 042 311, 255 115, 188	186, 058 129, 675 135, 209 65, 216 118, 747 27, 447 20, 331 172, 044 505, 272 414, 252 287, 530 201, 354 287, 362 81, 777 164, 173 144, 556 326, 002 285, 469 88, 692 102, 580 386, 322 88, 334	5, 403 6, 475 127, 374 26, 873 55, 012 4, 455 5, 923 277, 885 973, 446 126, 103 53, 595 30, 217 27, 033 22, 486 38, 936 170, 690 176, 088 123, 777 5, 674 111, 843 44, 864	141, 461 136, 150 262, 583 92, 088 173, 759 31, 902 34, 210 177, 967 783, 161 487, 698 413, 633 254, 949 317, 579 108, 810 180, 659 183, 522 496, 602 461, 557 212, 399 108, 254 508, 165	118, 428 46, 827 66, 809 1, 520 3, 532 6, 396 27, 489 143, 471 13, 686 10, 739 3, 025 10, 765 58, 642 107, 977 48, 584 5, 956 6, 130 1, 086 130, 278 33, 042 33, 042 33, 042 38, 643
Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina. Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia West Virginia Wisconsin	31, 255 105, 138 300, 635 1, 408, 751 294, 750 826, 577 59, 629 1, 094, 284 76, 898 205, 769 330, 305 380, 376 95, 621 334, 505 139, 161 340, 482	11, 442 88, 790 190, 656 852, 094 187, 637 613, 485 38, 006 797, 532 47, 904 82, 910 240, 939 246, 018 77, 774 198, 277 123, 569 149, 463	14, 191 16, 111 99, 309 586, 598 2, 205 191, 386 13, 630 272, 860 27, 108 2, 116 55, 71 9, 208 189, 469	25, 633 104, 901 289, 965 1, 588, 692 189, 732 804, 871 51, 636 51, 670, 392 75, 012 86, 900 250, 055 301, 737 95, 307 206, 248 132, 777 1338, 932	5,622 237 10,670 20,059 105,018 21,706 7,993 23,892 1,886 118,889 80,250 78,639 78,639 41,550
The Territories	258, 912	140,641	88, 178	228, 819	30,093
Arizona Dakota District of Columbia Idaho Montana New Mexico Utah Washington Wyoming	20, 398 51, 603 45, 873 14, 795 21, 544 34, 076 32, 773 27, 670 10, 180	9,790 25,476 23,764 7,331 12,162 26,423 13,795 15,858 6,042	8,256 25,486 8,191 4,338 7,474 4,558 18,283 8,393 8,199	18, 046 50, 962 31, 955 11, 669 19, 636 30, 981 32, 078 24, 251 9, 241	2, 352 641 13, 918 3, 126 1, 908 3, 095 695 3, 419 939

¹ Including Chinese, Japanese and Indians.

POPULATION AND MALES OF VOTING AGE IN EACH COUNTY OF WISCONSIN, CENSUS 1880.

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	Po	PULATION.		MALES OF	21 YEARS ND OVER.	of Age	square
Counties.				Wh	ite.		ų.
	al.	ite.	Colored	ive.	gn.	Colored	7/2
	Total	White.	Col	Native.	For- eign.	Col	Area
The State	1,315,497	1,309,618	5,879	149,463	189, 469	1,550	54, 450
Adams	6,741 1,559	6,714 1,380	27 179	1,114 220 900	620 263	6 43 13	1,600 900
Barron	7,024 564	6, 948 309	76 255	69	1,093 39	57	1,400 540
Brown Buffalo	34,078 15,528	33, 897 15, 519	181 9	2,527 1,184	5,300 2,696	46	600
Burnett	3, 140 16, 632	2,874 15,900	266 732	239 1,173	828 2,562	43 187	1,600 290
Chippewa	15, 491	15,295	196	1,785	2,949	40	3,000
Chippewa	10,715 28,065	10,700 28,028	15 37	1,740 3,655	1,483 3,494	7 13	1,20 0 780
Crawford	15 644	15, 597	47	2,073	1,655	10	500
Dane Dodge Door Douglas Dunn Eau Claire	53, 233 45, 931	53, 145 45, 810 11, 628	88 121	6, 276 4, 491	7,601 7,074	41 40	1,200 900
Door	11,040	11,628 612	17 43	875	2, 181 92	4 7	470 1,300
Douglas	655 16,817	16,802	15	2, 167	2,472	3	´86 0
Eau Claire	19, 993 46, 859	19,668 46,635	25 224	2,856 5,773	3, 261 6, 034	8 55	650 720
Grant	37,852	37,771	81	5, 130	3.894	22	1,200
Green Lake	21,729 14,483	21, 697 14, 438	32 45	3,524 1,740	1,980 1,907	14 11	540 360
Iowa	23, 628	23, 588 13, 198	40	2,330	3, 267	14	740
Jackson	13, 285 22, 156	13,198 32,062	87 94	1,828 3,409	1,720 4,595	20 25	1,000 570
Juneau	15,582	14,479	103	2,349	1.700	30	800 280
Kenosha Kewaunee	13,550 15,807	13,527 17,779	23 28	1,810 506	1,791 3,038	6 7	330
La Crosse	27,073	27,000	73	2,881	4,590 2,525	25 4	450 630
La Fayette Langlade Lincoln	21,279 685	21,270 650	9 35	2,771 147	123	4	4,000
Lincoln	2,011	1,921	90	319	349 6,812	16 3	590 1,500
Marathon	37,505 17,121	37, 496 17, 012	109	1,784 1,726	3, 233	19	1,600
Marinette Marquette Milwaukee	8,929 8,908	8,697 8,885	232 23	933 929	2,233 1,238	53 5	450 240
Milwaukee	138,537	138, 214	323	10,782	24,661	126	900
Monroe Oconto	21,607 9,848	21,5/9 9,740	58 108	2, 984 893	2,472 1,728	14 23	1,500 1,600
Outagamie Ozaukee Pepin	28,716	28,646	70	2,809 968	4,168	18	640 240
Pepin	15,461 6,226	15,461 6,225	· · · · i	788	2,663 830		280
Pierce	17,744	17,663	81 243	2,259 $1,044$	2,324 1,691	27 44	57 0 94 0
Polk	10,018 17,731	9,775 17,720	11	2,041	2,518	4	800
Price	785 30,922	7777 30,761	- 8 161	129 3,349	217 4,936	3 56	1,000 340
Richland	18, 174	18,143	31	3,527	910	10	57 0
Rock St. Croix	38, 823 18, 956	38,607 18,926	216 30	7,400 2,266	3,476 2,853	68	72 0 740
Sank	28,729	28,688	41	4,092	3,401	14	800 1, 200
Shawano	10, 371 34 206	10,079 34,203	292 3	833 3,008	1,757 5,270	82 1	1,200 500
Sheboygan Taylor	2,311	2,296 17,169	15	318	388	8	900
Trempealeau Vernon	17,189	23, 105	20 130	1,317 3,071	2,949 2,562	28	740 800
Vernon	26, 249	26, 194 23, 440	55 2	5,082 1,969	2,291 3,726	17 1	570 430
Waukesha	23, 442 28, 957	28,893	64	3,524	4,103	15	580
Waupaca	20, 955 12, 687	20, 935 12, 655	20 32	2,705 1,894	2,681 1,301	11 5	750 640
Waukesha. Waupaca Waushara Winnebago. Wood.	42,740	42,562	178	5,763	5,631	53	460
wood	8,981	8,961	20	1,166	1,275	7	820

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS WITH POPULATION— CENSUS 1885.

Warner Danner				l [
First District —	0.000	1	EIGHTH DISTRICT —	
Jefferson			Barron	13,596
Kenosha	14, 137		Bayfield	3,431
Racine	35,398		Buffalo	16,483
Rock	42,620		Burnett	4,607
Walworth	27,802		Clark	15, 423
	ļ	154, 213	Douglas	2,704
SECOND DISTRICT -		i i	Dunn	21,951
Dodge	46,333		Eau Claire	34, 789
Fond du Lac	46,822		'Jackson	15, 903
Washington	23,692	1	Pepin	6,972
Waukesha	31,123	1	Pierce	19,645
		147, 970	Polk	12,881
THIRD DISTRICT -		,	St. Croix	22, 379
Dane	58,400		Trempealeau	19, 112
Grant	37, 277		Washburn	1,671
Green	23.071	1		211,546
Iowa	22,872			1, 5
La Fayette	20, 467			
		162,087		
FOURTH DISTRICT -				
Milwaukee	187,660		i i	
		187,660		
FIFTH DISTRICT -				
Brown	36, 921			
Calumet		,		
Kewaunee	17,278			
Manitowoc	38, 692			
Ozaukee	15,797			
Sheboygan	38, 600		NINTH DISTRICT -	.
Shoroldan	00,000	164, 955	Ashland	6.941
Sixth District -		101,000	Chippewa.	25, 135
Adams	6 021		Door	15,552
Columbia	90, 855		Florence	1.720
Green Lake			Forest	425
Marquette			Langlade	5,912
Outagamie			Lincoln	6,989
Waushara	13, 921		Marathon	27, 053
Winnebago	50, 395		Marinette	13, 494
	50,000	162, 146	Oconto	13, 205
SEVENTH DISTRICT -		100, 140	Oneida ¹	10, 200
Crawford	16 181		Portage	23, 248
Juneau.	17, 024		Price	3.071
La Crosse	34 791		Sawyer	2, 431
Monroe	23, 549		Shawano	16, 629
Richland.			Taylor	5,703
Sauk			Waupaca	25, 340
Vernon	24, 423		Wood	14, 358
		165,630		207, 206
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¹ Organized January 1, 1887.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF THE UNITED STATES.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	School Age.	School Popula- tion.		Average Daily At- tendance.	Average Duration of School in days.	Salaries of Teachers.	Total Expenditures.
AlabamaArkansas	7-21 6-21 5-17	419,764 316,356 235,672	215,578 153,216 179,801	134, 410 156, 291 124, 714	83 152 (2174	\$486,781 2,573,624	\$522,727 561,745 3,364,224
Colorado	6-21	56, 242	37,872	23, 307	3100	22432, 255	809,898
Connecticut Delaware Florida	4–16 6–21 6–21	159,601 5 640,560 866,798	123, 280 31, 263 858, 311	480,075 21,447 835,884	179.55 7157.4	1,130,863 152,591 161,076	1,777,277 215,161 172,178
Georgia	6-18	°508, 187	287,411	188, 371	11198	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	613, 647
Illinois. Indiana. Indiana. Kowa. Kansas Kentucky Louisiana. Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan.	5-20 5-15 5-20	12291, 049 213, 524 295, 215 336, 195 577, 063	79,018 146,345 170,393 342,012 404,966	484,625 325,499 1253,688 207,389 7 18149,226 51,813 4100,630 86,486 248,168 12263,775	151 126 1142 15101.70 114 182 180 152	5,640,474 233,154,083 243,075,870 221,682,735 261,020,082 1,245,684 264,524,371 262,674,485	9, 628, 186 4, 660, 000 245, 525, 449 2, 882, 964 261, 248, 524 466, 930 1, 134, 050 1, 686, 640 6, 562, 359 1, 636, 359
Minnesota	5-21	259, 306	223, 209	100,637	112	1,369,541	2,819,711
Mississippi	5-21	447,571	266,996	154, 463	7 11154	714, 306	803,876
Missouri Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New York	6-20 5-21 6-18 5-15 165-18 5-21	785, 122 209, 435 9, 593 1260, 899 16349, 242 1, 702, 967	527, 452 137, 618 7, 868 64, 654 16211, 905 1,000, 057	398,031 381,430 5,227 43,723 16119,513 596,160	13%	2,828,630 954,383 133,318 426,472 331,435,826 7,985,723	1,842,630 162,012 624,125 832,196,557
North Carolina	6-21	504, 281	278, 298	169,694	188214	416, 197	1
Ohio	6-21 4-20 6-21 145-15 6-16 6-21	1,082,295 73,867 121,422,377 58,858 2262,279 8571,829	762,755 43,157 966,039 1949,255 185,619 350,143	114, 144	184 90 148.25 184 80 78	5,807,758 286,960 5,403,636 446,200 33343,674 822,561	478, 677 9, 545, 638 636, 542 33423, 473 955, 470
Texas	8-16	311, 134	244, 895	160, 259	10100 11164.6		1,661,476
Vermont Virginia West Virginia	5-20 5-21 6-21	1299, 463 555, 807 228, 185	288,030	47,607 163,369 102,019	127 120	425, 931 1,032, 608 641, 578	1,321,537
Wisconsin	4-20	556,093	332, 327	·		1,866,906	3,646,160
Total States		16,526,689	10,588,109			\$61,691,46	\$101, 456, 821
Arizona	7-20 146-17 5-21 4-21 7-18	1243,537 13,140 16 2011,450 15,083 1229,253	1327, 299 8, 280 217, 869 8, 113 5 124, 75	32,52, 1320,73, 7	8 5 103	394,78 24317,22 62,09 33150,00 5528,00 131,88	2 89,914 44226,612 0 \$\$260,030 2 \$528,973 1 204,340
Utah Washington		31,59	9 22,34	1 14, 22	3 92	152, 14	2 287,590
Wyoming		124, 11	122,90	7 121,92		. 5525, 89	4 5528,504
Total Territories	i				_	\$1,262,02	_
Grand Total	.	. 16, 810, 62	8 10,753,55	0 6,508,65	2	\$62,953,48	\$104,630,837

IIn 1882. In graded schools. Inungraded schools. For the winter term. Sestimated. Not including colored children in Wilmington. For white schools only. No report from three counties. State Census for 1882. In the counties. In the cities. If the cities. It is consistent of 1880. In the counties. In the cities. If the cities. In the cities. In the cities. In the cities. In the cities of New Orleans. In the cities.
STATISTICS OF THE PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals,	Form of Government.	Present Head.	Title.	Ac- ces- sion
China. British Empire Russian Empire France and Colonies United States German Empire Austro-Huugarian Empire Japan Holland and Colonies Turkish Empire Italy Spain and Colonies Sokoto Corea Brazil Mexico Congo State Persia Portural and Colonies Egypt ² Sweden and Norway Morocco Belgium Siam Roumania ² Columbia Afghanistan Argentine Republic	371, 180, 000 315, 885, 000 102, 683, 124 68, 672, 048 157, 500, 004 45, 234, 061 38, 206, 052 38, 700, 118 33, 042, 238 32, 000, 000 23, 459, 451 124, 673, 651 12, 600, 000 10, 200, 000 10, 200, 000 10, 200, 000 7, 653, 600 7, 219, 050 6, 806, 381 6, 554, 448 6, 500, 000 5, 720, 807 5, 700, 000 4, 000, 000 3, 376, 000 4, 000, 000 3, 000, 000 3, 000, 000 3, 000, 000	4,419,150 8,991,254 8,459,298,459,2970,477 3,602,999 208,883 261,591 147,669 778,187 1,731,897 1,731,897 1,731,990 311,410 361,953 178,000 91,430 3,219,000 3,219,000 111,373 802 636,000 240,691 494,000 235,714 4314,000 235,714 3314,000 45,314 331,420 277,000 109,513	Pekin London. St. Petersburg Paris Washington Berlin Vienna Tokia. The Hague. Constantinople. Rome Madrid Sokoto Seul Rio de Janerio Mexico Teheran Lisbon Cairo Stockholm Fez Brussels Bangkok Bucharest Bogota Cabul Buenos Ayres	Absolute Despotism. Limited Monarchy. Absolute Monarchy Republic Republic Republic Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Limited Monarchy Absolute Despotism Limited Monarchy Absolute Despotism Limited Monarchy Absolute Despotism Limited Monarchy Absolute Despotism Limited Monarchy Absolute Despotism Limited Monarchy Republic Limited Monarchy Republic Absolute Despotism Limited Monarchy Republic Absolute Despotism Limited Monarchy Republic Absolute Despotism Republic Republic	Kuang Sü Victoria Alexander III F. P. Jules Grévy Grover Cleveland William Frances Joseph I Mutsuhito William III Abdul Hamid II. Humbert Marie Mercedes Pedro II Porfirio Diaz Leopold Nasser ed Deen Louis I Mohammed Tewfik Oscar II Mulai Hassan Leopold II Khulalonkorn I Charles I Rafael Nunez Abdurrahman Khan Julio A. Roca	Emperor Queen Emperer President President Emperor Emperor Emperor Emperor Emperor King Queen Sultan Emperor President Sovereign Shah King King King King King King King King	ces- sion. 1879 1881 1879 1885 1861 1848 1867 1848 1876 1876 1878 1883 1876 1878 1884 1876 1878 1868 1868 1868 1868 1868
Abyssinia Saxony³ Peru Switzerland	3,000,000 3,000,000 2,972,805 2,970,000 2,846,102	129,000 5,789 805,040	Antananarivo	Absolute Despotism Absolute Despotism Limited Monarchy Republic	Ranavalo III	Queen	1880 1883 1872 1873 1885
Bokhara Venezuela Chili Denmark	2, 340, 102 2, 325, 000 2, 130, 000 2, 121, 988 2, 115, 340 2, 045, 179	481,600 92,300 566,159 307,525	Berne La Paz Samarcand Caracas Santiago	Republic	Adolph Deucher. Narciso Campero Joaquin Crespo Dom. Santa Maria	President President Khan President President	1885 1880 1885 1884 1881
Bulgaria	2,000,000 1,979,453	24,700	CopenhagenSofiaAthens	Limited Monarchy	Christian IX	King	1863 1879 1864

Wurtemberg ² Servia Oman Guatamala Ecuador Tripoli ² Transvaal Salvador Uruguay Paraguay Honduras Nicaragua Dominica Montenegro Costa Rica Orange Free State Hayti Hawaii	1,830,000 18,767 1,600,000 81,000 1,278,311 46,774 1,146,000 248,312 1,010,000 399,000 800,000 110,193 554,000 7,288 520,536 72,2112 476,000 92,000 458,000 42,658 400,000 51,660 300,000 20,556 300,000 20,556 245,380 3,486 180,000 19,985 133,518 41,484 93,000 49,830	Quito	Limited Monarchy Absolute Monarchy Republic	Milan Seyyed Toorkee M. L. Barillas J. M. P. Caamano Ahmed Rassin Kruger Francisco Menendez Mazimo Santos Gen. Caballero Luiz Bogran Adan Cardonus Gen. Bellini Nicholas Bernardo Soto I. II. Brand	King Sultan President President Governor Gen President President President President President President President President President President President President President President President President Prince President President President	1864 1868 1871 1885 1883 1881 1885 1882 1883 1883 1883 1884 1860 1855
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¹ Estimated population, 1886.

² Also enumerated with the Turkish Empire.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING IN EACH STATE OF THE UNION.

STATES.	Voters must be Males, 21 years old,	Previous	Residence	Required.	Persons Excluded from suffrage.
STATES.	and	State.	County.	Precinct.	1 0150015 EXCITUTE TIOM SUM age.
Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota. Mississippi Missouri Nebraska Nevada New Jersey New York North Carolina Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania. Rhode Island	Citizens or have declared intentions Actual county taxpayers. Actual county taxpayers. Actual citizens Actual citizens Actual citizens Actual citizens Citizens or have declared intentions Actual citizens Citizens Citizens Citizens Citizens or have declared intentions Actual citizens	1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 1 year 2 months 1 year 6 months 1 year 6 months 1 year 1 yea	90 days 6 months, 1 month 6 months, 6 months, 6 months, 60 days 60 days 60 days 60 days 10 days 2 years 6 months 6 months 30 days 30 days 5 months 4 months 5 months 90 days	1 month 80 days 6 months 30 days 30 days 30 days 60 days 30 days 10 days 10 days 2 months 1 m	Insane persons, idiots paupers, criminals. Idiots, insane persons, idiots, criminals, bettors on election, duelists. Insane persons, idiots, criminals, and non-taxpayers. Convicts. Fraudulent voters and bribers. Insane persons, idiots, criminals. Insane persons, idiots, convicts, rebels. Persons guilty of bribery, robbery, forgery, etc. Insane persons, idiots, criminals. Paupers, Indians not taxed. Lunatics, convicts, and persons guilty of bribery. Paupers, persons under guardians, non-taxpayers, and persons unable to read or write. Duelists. Insane persons, idiots, convicts. Insane persons, idiots, convicts. Insane persons, idiots, criminals. Inmates of asylums, poorhouses and prisons, soldiers of U. S. army. Idiots, convicts, soldiers of U. S. army. Insane persons, idiots, convicts. Paupers, Paupers, idiots, insane persons, election bettors, convicts. Election bettors or bribers, convicts. Convicts. Insane persons, idiots Insane persons, idiots, convicts, soldiers of U. S. army, Chinese. Non-taxpayers, political bribers. Persons without property to the value of \$134
Tennessee	Actual citizens	12 months	b months I	1	Insane persons, inmates of asylums, almshouses and prisons, soldiers of U.S. army, dueists. Non-payers of poll tax. Lunatics, idiots, paupers, convicts, soldiers of U.S. army.

Vermont Actual Virginia Actual West Virginia . Actual Wisconsin Citiza	al citizens al citizens al citizens ens or have declared intentions	1 year 12 months 1 year 1 year	60 days	T'wn 3 mo	Bribers. Lunatics, idiots, convicts, duelists, soldiers of U. S. army, and non-payers of capitation tax. Lunatics, paupers, convicts. Lunatics, paupers, convicts, bribers, bettors, duelists. Insane persons, idiots, convicts, bribers, bettors, duelists.
Wisconsin Citize	ens or nave declared intentions	1 year			

Women are entitled to full suffrage in Utah, Washington and Wyoming Territories. They can vote at school elections in Massachusetts and Wisconsin and a

rew other states.

REGISTRATION.—In California, Connecticut, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, and Wisconsin, registration is required by law. In Colorado, Florida, Maryland, Mississippi, Nevada, North Carolina, Pennsylvania and South Carolina, registration is a constitutional requirement. In Kansas and Missouri, registration is required in cities only; in Ohio, in the cities of Cincinnati and Cleveland only; and in New York and New Jersey, in cities of 10,000 inhabitants and upward. In Alabama, Delaware, Georgia, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana and Tennessee, no registration is required, and in Arkansas, Texas and West Virginia, it is prohibited by the state constitution.

Number of pension claims filed and allowed each year since July, 1861, and the number of pensioners on the rolls at the close of each year, together with the annual amount paid on account of pensions since July 1, 1860.

·	AR	му.	N.	AVY.	ARMY A	ND NAYY		War o	ъ 1812.		er of	er of	N			
Fiscal year ending June 30—	Applic	eations ed.	Applio file	eations ed.	allo	uims wed.	Applie file	eations ed.	Clai allo		al number of applications filed.	Total number claims allow	ON	THE RO	LL.	Disbursements
	Inva- lids.	Wid- ows, etc	Inva- lids.	Wid- ows, etc	Inva- lids.	Wid- ows, etc	Surviv- ors.	Wid- ows.	Surviv- ors,	Wid- ows.	Total ar fil	Total	Inva- lids.	Wid- ows, etc	Total.	
861	1, 862 26, 380 20, 263 27, 299 15, 905 7, 292 11, 035 12, 901 11, 035 12, 901 16, 583 9, 302 17, 030 16, 583 18, 455 20, 039 36, 873 118, 455 20, 039 36, 202 36, 202	1,000 22,377 32,627 44,464 28,732 20,265 6,732 11,400 8,985 6,755 6,755 6,755 6,755 6,761 10,349 11,878 11,878 11,878 11,577 13,238 11,577 13,238 14,444	60 290 385 455 455 350 250 290 290 240 248 228 310 344 277 377 671 725 836 1,251	285 324 466 375 207 242 242 200 142 178 120 151 178 130 97 131 215 559 225 221 244 247 267 267 267 267 267 267 267 267 267 26	4, 121 17, 041 15, 212 22, 883 16, 589 9, 460 7, 293 5, 721 7, 934 6, 468 6, 551 5, 937 7, 414 7, 124 10, 176 32, 014 22, 946 33, 014 27, 580 31, 937 35, 283 35, 843	27, 294 19, 893 19, 461 15, 904 12, 500 8, 399 7, 244 4, 073 3, 1522 3, 1522 3, 550 3, 550 3, 929 5, 303 6, 7, 743 8, 610 11, 217 10, 816			198	31 137 2, 242 810 416 416 416 416 168 181 18, 177 4, 965 693 832 388 426 305 231 251	65, 256 86, 753 20, 768 26, 068 24, 851 43, 969 26, 391 18, 303 16, 734 18, 704 23, 523 22, 715 44, 587 57, 118 40, 939 48, 776 41, 785 40, 918 49, 895 72, 465 75, 726	7,884 39,487 40,177 36,482 28,921 23,196 16,562 34,333 11,152 19,977 11,366 31,346 31,346 34,192 27,394 42,192 44,193 45,767 40,857 56,252	206, 042 225, 470 247, 146 270, 346 306, 298 343, 701	71, 070 83, 618 93, 686 105, 104 111, 105 114, 101 118, 275 118, 911 114, 613 111, 832 107, 898 193, 381 105, 392 104, 720 103, 064 97, 286 97, 286 97, 286 97, 979 99, 709 108, 856	85, 986 1153, 1283 169, 643 1187, 963 1187, 963 1198, 686 207, 495 2282, 229 2285, 411 234, 481 232, 137 232, 104 233, 988 243, 755 250, 802 285, 897 285, 830 285, 8	790, 384 7, 1, 025, 139 9 4, 504, 616 9, 4, 504, 616 9, 4, 504, 616 9, 4, 504, 616 9, 618, 619, 956 4, 424, 010, 981 9, 28, 423, 884 0, 27, 780, 811 8, 33, 077, 383 6, 30, 169, 341 0, 29, 185, 289 6, 30, 593, 749 5, 28, 451, 509 6, 28, 351, 509 6, 28, 351, 509 6, 28, 351, 509 6, 28, 580, 157 0, 26, 844, 415 11, 33, 780, 526 11, 57, 240, 540 1, 50, 626, 538 5, 54, 296, 280 5, 64, 431, 972 8, 57, 273, 536 7, 67, 67, 683, 706 7, 64, 584, 270 44, 74, 815, 486 8, 79, 646, 146 37
Total	664,468	377, 128	12,710	6,639	403, 267	251,478 ¹	34,737	44, 673 ¹	25,691	34,979	1,166,926	737,200				\$963,086,444 7

In the total number of applications filed in 1888 are included 5,045 survivors and 2,808 widows of the war with Mexico. In the total number of claims allowed in 1888 are included 9,048 survivors and 4,201 widows of war with Mexico.

In the number of pensioners on the roll under the head of "Invalids" and "Widows," etc., are included survivors and widows of the war of 1812, respectively, commencing with the year 1871, and survivors and widows of the war with Mexico, commencing with the year 1887.

Loga	LOCATION.		GEOGRAPHICAL LIMITS.
City.	State.		
Augusta Boston	Maine Massachusetts	John D. Anderson Benj. F. Peach, Jr.	The state of Maine: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Boston, Mass. The states of Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island, and all navy pensioners residing in this and the Augusta and Concord districts.
Buffalo	New York	J. Schenkelberger	The counties in the state of New York not in the New York City district: All navy pensioners in the state are paid at New York City.
Chicago	Illinois		The state of Illinois, and all navy pensioners residing in this and the Columbus, Des Moines, Detroit, Indianapolis, Louisville, Milwaukee, and Topeka districts.
Columbus Concord Des Moines Detroit Indianapolis Knoxville	Ohio New Hamp're Iowa Michigan Indiana Tennessee	C. S. Lake Robert McKinstry Chas. A. Zollinger Daniel A. Carpen-	The state of Ohio: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago. The states of New Hampshire and Vermont: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Boston. The states of Iowa and Nebraska: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago. The state of Michigan: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago. The state of Indiana: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago. The state of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Cannessee, Texas: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Washington, D. C.
Louisville Milwaukee	Kentucky Wisconsin	ter. Don Carlos Buell. Alfred B. Judd	The state of Kentucky: Navy pensioners in this district pand at Washington, D. C. The state of Kentucky: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago. The states of Minnesota and Wisconsin, and the Territory of Dakota: Navy pensioners in this district paid at Chicago.
New York Philadelphia	New York Pennsylvania.		at Chicago. The counties in the state of New York of Albany, Clinton, Columbia, Delaware, Dutchess, Essex, Greene, Kings, Queens, New York, Orange, Putnam, Richmond, Rensselaer, Rockland, Saratoga, Schenectady, Sullivan, Suffolk, Ulster, Warren, Washington, and Westchester, all navy pensioners in the state of New York, and all pensioners residing in the counties of the state of New Jersey of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union, and Warren. The counties in the state of Pennsylvania of Berks, Bradford, Bucks, Carbon, Chester, Columbia, Dauphin, Delaware, Lackawanna, Lancaster, Lebanon, Lehigh, Luzerne, Monroe, Montgomery, Montour, Northampton, Northumberland, Philadelphia, Pike, Schuylkil, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Wayne, Wyoming, and York, all navy pensioners in the state of Pennsylvania, and all pensioners residing in the counties in the state of New Jersey of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Ocean, and Salem.
Pittsburg	Pennsylvania.	Wm. H. Barclay	The counties in the state of Pennsylvania not in Philadelphia district: All navy pensioners in the state are paid at Philadelphia.
San Francisco.	California	Truman H. Allen.	
Topeka	Kansas	George W. Glick	
Washington	District of Col- umbia.	Sidney L. Wilson.	

Table showing the number of pensioners in each county, and the amount paid as current pension for the quarter ending June 3, 1888.

County.	Number.	Amount.	County.	Number.	Amount.
Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Brown Burnetc Calumet Chippewa Clark Columbia Coumbia Conge Dougle Coor Coor Coor Coor Coor Coor Coor Coo	122 86 168 25 277 118 27 140 263 216 307 192 464 251 72 27 240	\$3,783 25 1,738 75 4,857 75 702 25 8,720 50 2,928 834 25 4,611 25 7,051 50 6,297 25 9,716 75 17,193 25 8,029 00 1,970 00 871 75 6,470 50	Marathon Marinette Minyaukee Monroe Oconto Outagamie Onoida Ozaukee Pepin Pierce Polk Portage Price Racine Richland Rock	Number. 1177 48 1388 1, 4002 2525 144 53 97 192 94 3020 366 158 460	8,773 59 1,653 25 4,013 75 43,600 25 16,209 95 2,356 75 320 00 1,504 25 3,020 50 5,403 25 2,612 50 9,883 75 13,664 50 11,335 75
Eau Claire Florence Forest Grant Green Green Lake Iowa Jackson Jefferson Juneau Kenosha Kewaunee La Crosse La Fayette Langlade Lincoln Manitowoc	268 17 297 14 563 325 146 141 201 275 340 74 240 164 62 143	8,798 50, 422 25 5, 247 25 438 25 17, 392 25 17, 392 25 17, 599 20 4, 936 75 6, 127 00 11, 279 50 2, 400 25 1, 977 25 8, 845 00 5, 673 25 1, 962 25 1, 962 25 8, 877 50	St. Croix Sauk Sawyer Shawano Sheboygan Taylor Trempealeau Vernon Walworth Washburn Washington Waupata Waupata Waupata Wauphara Wauphara Wauphara Winnebago Wood	168 500 24 91 227 43 162 312 316 31 92 194 351 289 309 161	4,635.25 16,522.20 530.50 2,822.25 7,163.00 1,509.25 5,369.50 9,546.00 879.25 2,938.75 5,763.79 25,938.70 10,331.50 9,039.00 10,227.00 4,543.50

THE FORESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The annual report of the division of forestry of the United States Department of Agriculture estimates the acreage of forest lands in the states and territories as follows:

Maine New Hampshire Massachusetts	3,000,000 1,389,500	Florida	17,000,000 13,000,000	IowaDakota Nebraska	3,000,000 1,550,000
Rhode Island Connecticut		Louisiana Texas		Kansas	
Vermont		Michigan		Colorado	
New York		Wisconsin		New Mexico	
New Jersey	2,330,000	Minnesota		Idaho	
Pennsylvania	7,000,000	Ohio	4, 258, 767	Nevada	
Delaware		Indiana	4,300,606	Utah	
Maryland		Illinois	3,500,000	Arizona	10,000,000
Virginia	13,000,000	West Virginia	9,000,000	Washington Ter	20,000,000
North Carolina	18,000,000	Kentucky	12,800,000	Oregon	20,000,000
South Carolina	13,000,000	Tennessee	16,000,000	California	
Georgia	18,000,000	Arkansas	28,000,000	-	

VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS.

VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS IN U. S. MONEY.

Country.	Monetary Unit.	Standard.	Value in U.S. Mon	Standard Coin.
Argentine Rep.	Peso	Gold and silver.	.96,5	1-20, 1-10, 1-5, 1-2, and 1 peso, 1-2, argentine and argentine.
Austria Belgium Bolivia Brazil Canada Chili	Florin Franc Boliviano Milreis of 1000 reis Dollar Peso	SilverGold and silver. SilverGoldGoldGoldGold and silver.	.37,1 .19,3 .75,1 .54,6 \$1.00 .91,2	5, 10, and 20 francs. Boliviano.
Cuba	Peso	Gold and silver.	.93,2	escudo. 1-16, 1-8, 1-4, 1-2, and 1 doubloon.
Denmark Ecuador Egypt	Crown Peso Piaster	Gold Silver Gold	.26,8 .75,1 .04,9	10 and 20 crowns. Peso. 5, 10, 25, 50, and 100 piasters.
France German Emp Great Britain	Frane Mark Pound sterling	Gold and silver. Gold Gold	$\begin{array}{c} .19, 3 \\ .23, 8 \\ 4.86, 6 \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	5, 10, and 20 francs. 5, 10, and 20 marks. 1-2 sovereign and sovereign.
Greece	Drachma	Gold and silver.	.19,3	5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas.
Hayti India Italy	Gourde Rupee of 16 annas Lira	Gold and silver. Silver Gold and silver.	.96,5 .35,7 .19,3	1, 2, 5, and 10 gourdes. 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire.
Japan	Yen	Silver	.81,9	1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen, gold, and silver yen.
Liberia Mexico	Dollar	Gold Silver	1.00 .81,6	Peso or dollar, 5, 10, 25, and 50 centavo.
Netherlands Norway Peru Portugal Russia Spain	Florin	Gold and silver. Gold. Silver. Gold. Silver. Gold and silver.	.26,8 .75,1 1.08 .60,1	10 and 20 crowns. Sol. 2, 5, and 10 milreis. 1-4, 1-2, and 1 rouble. 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 pesetas.
Sweden Switzerland Tripoli Turkey	Crown	GoldGold and silver. SilverGold	.67,7	10 and 20 crowns. 5, 10, and 20 francs. 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 plasters.
U. S. Columbia Venezuela	PesoBolivar	Silver Gold and silver.		Peso. 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivar.

IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES.

From	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.
England Scotland Ireland Germeny Austria. Hungary Sweden Norway France Italy Russia. China Total from all counties.	18,937 76,432 250,630 13,619	63, 140 11, 859 81, 486 194, 786 10, 923 11, 240 38, 277 23, 398 4, 821 31, 784 9, 186 8, 031	9,060	9,226 51,795 124,443 11,574 9,383	12, 126 49, 619 84, 403	68,370 106,865	73,518

STATISTICS OF ILLITERACY.

(Census of 1880.)

Persons of ten year upwards		Unable to read.	Per cent.	Unable to write.	Per cent.
Whole population Native whites Foreign-born whites Colored	36,761,607 25,785,789 6,374,611 4,601,207	4, 923, 451	13.4	6, 239, 598 2, 255, 460 703, 620 3, 220, 878	17.0 8.7 12.0 70.0

RATIO OF ADULTS UNABLE TO WRITE TO TOTAL POPULATION (1881): England, 16 per cent. Scotland, 12; Ireland, 23; France, 22; Germany, 6; Russia, 89; Austria, 51; Italy, 59; Spain and Portugal, 66, Switzerland, 12; Belgium and Holland, 14; Scandinavia, 13.

RATIO OF SCHOOL CHILDREN TO POPULATION (1881): England, 15 per cent.; Scotland, 15; Ireland, 18; France, 13; Germany, 17; Russia, 2; Austria, 9; Italy, 8; Spain and Portugal, 5; Switzerland, 16; Belgium and Holland, 15; Scandinavia, 15.

PRINCIPAL OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

Statement of outstanding principal of the public debt of the United States on January 1 of each year from 1791 to 1842, inclusive: and on July 1 of each year from 1843 to 1886, inclusive, and December 1, 1888.

1791 Jan. 1	1835 Jan. 1 83, 788, 432 71 1836 Jan. 1 81, 054, 059 90 1827 Jan. 1 73, 957, 357 20 1828 Jan. 1 67, 475, 043 87 1829 Jan. 1 58, 421, 413 67 1830 Jan. 1 48, 505, 506 50 1831 Jan. 1 39, 123, 191 68 1832 Jan. 1 24, 322, 235 18 1833 Jan. 1 7, 001, 648 83 1834 Jan. 1 4, 760, 052 08 1835 Jan. 1 37, 513 05 1836 Jan. 1 336, 957 83 1837 Jan. 1 3, 308, 124 07 1838 Jan. 1 10, 434, 221 14 1839 Jan. 1 3, 573, 343 82 1840 Jan. 1 5, 259, 875 54 1841 Jan. 1 3, 594, 490 73 1842 Jan. 1 20, 601, 226 28 1843 July 1 32, 742, 022 00 1844 July 1 23, 461, 652 50 1845 July 1 15, 925, 939 01; 1846 July 1 15, 550, 203 97; 1847 July 1 38, 826, 534 77 1848 July 1 38, 826, 534 77 1848 July 1 47, 044, 832 23; 1849 July 1 47, 044, 832 23; 1849 July 1 68, 601, 658 69;	1857 July 1 \$28, 699, 831 85 1858 July 1 44, 911, 881 83 1859 July 1
1811 Jan 1 48,005,587 76 1812 Jan 1 45,209,737 90 1813 Jan 1 55,962,827 97 1814 Jan 1 81,487,846 24 1815 Jan 1 99,833,660 15	1844 July 1 23, 401, 052 501 1845 July 1 15, 550, 203 01 1846 July 1 38, 826, 534 77, 1847 July 1 38, 826, 534 77, 1848 July 1 47, 044, 832 23, 1849 July 1 63, 061, 858 09, 1850 July 1 63, 452, 773 55, 1851 July 1 68, 304, 796 02, 1852 July 1 66, 199, 341 71, 1853 July 1 65, 199, 341 71, 1853 July 1 42, 242, 222 42, 1855 July 1 35, 583, 858 55,	1878 July 1 2, 256, 205, 892 53 1879 July 1 2, 349, 567, 232 04 1880 July 1 2, 128, 791, 054 63 1881 July 1 2, 077, 389, 253 58

LEGAL HOLIDAYS IN VARIOUS STATES.

JANUARY 1. New Year's Day, in Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisana, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska. Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

JANUARY 8. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF NEW ORLEANS, in Louisiana.

FEBRUARY 14, 1889. MARDI-GRAS, in Louisiana, and the cities of Mobile, Montgomery and Selma. Ala.

FEBRUARY 22. WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY, in California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

MARCH 2. ANNIVERSARY OF TEXAN INDEPENDENCE, in Texas.

MARCH 4. FIREMAN'S ANNIVERSARY, in New Orleans, La.

APRIL 21. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF SAN JACINTO, in Texas.

APRIL 19, 1889. Good FRIDAY, in Louisiana. Maryland, Minnesota and Pennsylvania.

APRIL 26. MEMORIAL DAY, in Georgia.

MAY 30. DECORATION DAY, in California, Colorado, Connecticut, Iowa, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin.

JULY 4. INDEPENDENCE DAY, in all the states.

November 5, 1889. General Election Day, in California, Florida, Maryland, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, South Carolina and Texas.

NOVEMBER 28, 1889. THANKSGIVING DAY, in all the states.

DECEMBER 25. CHRISTMAS DAY, in all the states.

SUNDAYS, AND FAST DAYS (whenever appointed), are legal holidays in all the states.

WARS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Statement of the number of United States troops engaged.

						<u> </u>		-	
			DA	TE.			TROOPS ENGAGED.		
Wars.	F	ron	1		To.		Regulars.	Militia Volun- teers.	Total.
War of the Revolution. Estimated anditional. Northwestern Indian wars. War with France. War with Tripoli Northwestern Indian War: Gen. Harrison Creek Indian war Gen Harrison Creek Indian war Black Hawk Indian war Cherokeedisturbance or removal Creek Indian war or disturbance Florida Indian war Aroostook disturbance. War with Mexico Apache, Navajo and Utah war Comanche Indian war Comanche Indian war Celvil war	Sept. July June Sept. July June Nov. April May Dec. April	19, 9, 10, 11, 27, 18, 20, 21, 5, 23, 24,	1790 1798 1801 1811 1813 1812 1817 1831 1836 1836 1835	Aug. Sept. June Nov. Aug. Feb. Oct. Sept. Aug. July	3, 30, 4, 11, 9, 17, 21, 21, 30, 14,	1795 1800 1805 1811 1814 1815 1818 1832 1837 1843 1839 1848 1855 1854 1855	250 600 85,000 1,000 1,389 935 11,169 30,954 1,500	105, 880 1660 13, 181 471, 622 6, 911 5, 126 9, 491 12, 483 29, 953 1, 500 73, 776 1, 051 503 2, 687	309, 791 8, 983 *4, 593 *8, 330 910 13, 788 576, 632 7, 911 6, 465 9, 494 13, 418 41, 122 1, 500 112, 230 2, 561

*Naval forces engaged. The number of troops on the Confederate side during the Civil War was about 600,000.

The number of casualties in the volunteer and regular armies of the United States, during the war of 1861–65, was reported by the Provost-Marshal General in 1866; Killed in battle, 61.362; died of wounds, 34,727; died of disease, 183,257; total died, 279,376; total deserted, 196,105. Number of soldiers in the confederate service who died of wounds or disease (partial statement), 104,428. Number of United States troops captured during the war, 212,608; Confederate troops captured, 476,169. Number of United States troops paroled on the field, 16,431; Confederate troops paroled on the field, 248,599. Number of United States troops who died while prisoners, 29,725; Confederate troops who died while prisoners, 26,774.

THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

The public lands of the United States were acquired as follows:

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Chamilton Co. 13 1 1 1 2 1	Acres.
Cession from the original states	259, 171, 787
Louisiana purchase, April 30, 1803.	756, 961, 280
Florida, February 22, 1819	37, 931, 520
Mexican treaty, February 2, 1848.	334, 443, 520
Texas purchase, November 25, 1850	61, 892, 480
Mexican treaty, December 30, 1853	29, 142, 400
Alaska, March 30, 1867	369, 529, 600
Total	1,849,072,587

THE CIVIL WAR OF 1861-65.

NUMBER OF MEN IN THE UNION ARMY FURNISHED BY EACH STATE AND TERRITORY, FROM APRIL 15, 1861, TO CLOSE OF WAR.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Number of men fur- nished.	Aggregate reduced to a three years' standing.	STATES AND TER- RITORIES.	Number of men fur- nished.	Aggregate reduced to a three years' standing.
Alabama Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware. Florida Georgia. Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Manyland. Maryland. Mississippl. Missouri Nebraska Newada. New Hampshire New Jersey	2, 556 8, 289 15, 725 4, 903 55, 864 12, 284 1, 290 259, 092 259, 092 259, 092 20, 149 75, 760 5, 224 70, 107 46, 638 146, 730 87, 364 24, 020 387, 364 24, 020 31, 157 1, 080 33, 937 76, 814	1, 611 7, 836 15, 725 3, 697 50, 623 10, 322 1, 290 214, 133 153, 576 68, 630 18, 706 70, 832 4, 654 46, 677 41, 275 124, 104 80, 111 19, 693 2, 175 1, 080 30, 849 57, 908	New York. North Carolina. Ohio Oregon. Pennsylvania. Rhode Island. South Carolina. Tennessee. Texas Vermont. Virginia. Wisconsin. Dakota. Dist. of Columbia. Indian Territory. Montana. New Mexico. Utah Washington Ter'y. U. S. Army. U. S. Volunteers. U. S. Col'd Troops.	23, 236 31, 092 1, 965 33, 288 32, 068 91, 327 206 16, 534 3, 530 6, 561 964	892, 270 8, 156 240, 514 1, 773 265, 517 17, 866 26, 304 1, 632 29, 068 27, 714 79, 260 3, 530 4, 432 964 91, 789 2, 320, 272

LAND GRANTS.

The following grants of public lands to states for railroads and wagon roads and to railroad corporations have been made by congress:

	Acres.
Grants to states for railroads prior to March 4, 1861	30, 470, 92 0
Grants to states for wagon roads prior to March 4, 1861	251, 353
Grants to states for railroads since March 4, 1861	17,775,624
Grants to states for wagon roads since March 4, 1861	2,530,379
Grants to railroad corporations from March 4, 1861, to March 4, 1875	163, 643, 944
Total	183, 949, 940

CHIEF GRANTS TO CORPORATIONS.

	Acres.
Northern Pacific Railroad, July 2, 1864	47,000,000
Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, July 27, 1866	42,000,000
Texas Pacific Railroad, March 3, 1871	18,000,000
Union Pacific Railroad (July 1, 1862; July 2, 1864)	12,000,000
Central Pacific Railroad (July 1, 1861; July 2, 1864)	9,000,000
Southern Pacific Railroad, July 27, 1866	9, 520, 000
Total six corporations	137, 520, 000

PUBLIC LIBRARIES IN WISCONSIN

Having 2,000 Volumes or Over.

PLACE.	NAME OF LIBRARY.	WHEN FOUNDED
Appleton	Appleton Library of Lawrence University	1858
Ashland Beaver Dam Beaver Dam	Vaughn Library. Free Public Library. Wayland University	1888 1884
Beloit Eau Claire	Free Library	1848
Fond du Lac Fox Lake Franklin	Free Library Wisconsin Female College Mission House Library	1877
Galesville Hudson	Galesville University Ladies' Library Association	1862 1859 1874
Janesville	Institution for the Blind Public Library Young Men's Library Association	
La Crosse	Department of Public Instruction	1888
Madison Madison	Free Library. State Historical Society (practically the miscellaneous state library).	1875
Madison Madison	State library (exclusively law books) University of Wisconsin, General Library Woodman Astronomical Library (Washburn Observa-	1849 1839 1849
Madison		1883
Manitowoc. Marshfield. Mendota.	Jones Library. St. Lawrence College State Hospital for the Insane	1868 1860
MiltonMilwaukee	Grand Lodge Library	1870 1843
Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee	Milwaukee College	1862
MilwaukeeMilwaukee	western Branch)	1866
Milwaukee	Public Library. Public School Libraries (6) St. Mary's Institute	1878
filwaukee	St. Mary's Institute Turnverein Milwaukee. Nashota Theological Seminary	1842
Veenah Oshkosh Oshkosh	Public Library Public Library State Normal School	1887 1868 1872
Platteville Prairie du Chien	Young Men's Library Association	1868 1880
Racine Racine Racine.	The Home School	1857 1852
RiponRiver Falls.	Ripon College State Normal School Seminary of St. Francis of Sales Business Men's Association	1863 1875
aint Francis Sheboygan	Seminary of St. Francis of Sales. Business Men's Association	1850 1885
Sparta	Free Library Library Association College Library, University of Our Lady of the Sacred	1874 1868
Vatertown	Heart. Northwestern University.	1875 1865
Vaupun Vhitewater	Library Association State Normal School	1858

RAILROAD MILEAGE IN WISCONSIN.

NAME OF COMPANY.	Mileage in Wisconsin, Dec. 31, '88.
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Chicago & Northwestern Chicago, St. Paul; Minneapolis & Omaha Chicago, Furlington & Northern. Chicago, Fairchild & Eau Claire River Chicago, Madison & Northern. Chicago, Madison & Northern. Chicago, Wisconsin & Minnesota (W. C.) Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. Freeport, Dodgeville & Northern (C., M. & V.)* Green Bay, Winona & St. Paul Menomonie Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western Milwaukee, Dexterville & Northern Milmaukee, Dexterville & Northern Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie. Minnesota, St. Croix & Wisconsin (W. C.) Northern Pacific. Penokee & Gogebic (W. C.) Prairie du Chien & McGregor Sault Ste. Marie & Southwestern St. Cloud, Grantsburg & Ashland Wisconsin Central Railroad (W. C.)† Wisconsin & Minnesota (W. C.) Wisconsin, Pittsville & Superior Milwaukee & Lake Winnebago (W. C.) Pewaukee & Montello Wisconsin Central Company (W. C.)	1, 310.09 946.55 553.86 224.37 16.00 91.11 65.93 25.00 224.80 5.02 517.29 242.50 266.85 90.30 84.00
Wisconsin Central Company (W. C.). Total	5,305.35

^{*}Included in C. M., & N. † Total milage of 641.47. (W. C.) included in Wisconsin Central.

		Resources.								
LOCATION.	Names of Banks.	Loans and Discounts.	Due from Directors or Stock- holders.	Due from Brokers or Call Loans.	Overdrafts.	U. S. or other Bonds on hand.	Specie.	Cash Items.	Real Estate and Bank Fixtures.	Loss and Expense Account.
Antigo. Antigo. Antigo. Baraboo Baldwin Barron Black River Falls. Brodhead Clinton Delavan Durand Ean Claire Eau Claire Edgerton Ellsworth Evansville Fifield Fort Attinson Galesville Hudson Hurley. Janesville	Bank of Brodhead Citizens' Bank of Clinton Citizens' Bank of Delavan Bank of Durand Bank of Eau Claire Chippewa Valley Bank Bank of Edgerton Bank of Elsworth Bank of Elsworth Bank of Evansville Price County Bank Citizens' State Bank Hudson Sävings Bank Iron Exchange Bank Merchants and Mechanies'	184, 832, 72 46, 599, 83 41, 634, 85 62, 016, 96 73, 411, 25 63, 067, 54 64, 634, 72 25, 828, 49 333, 503, 83 173, 287, 07 138, 759, 42 22, 070, 91 70, 603, 42 45, 513, 72 40, 665, 99 65, 368, 15, 37 38, 349, 27	\$15,000 00 18,750 00 30,000 00 10,000 00 10,000 00 5,510 33 20,000 00 15,000 00 20,000 00 10,000 00 3,500 00 7,000 00 8,700 00	\$139 49 3,500 00	664 33 89 15 199 69 188 25 972 72 229 37 10, 629 66 29 07 1, 911 54 3, 764 59 903 66 80 80 834 92 467 12 49 62 8, 172 67	\$22,000 00 1,000 00 5,100 00 19,475 00 6,000 09	2,912 80 3,340 30 2,203 74 6,127 94 486 50	227 08 1,584 94 1,017 35	8,315 79 9,116 79 3,496 71 7,178 91 5,000 00 5,000 00 4,366 81	\$645 95 1,011 92 4,455 87
Jefferson	Farmers' and Merchants'	240, 342 08	16,019 44	4,000 00	i		12,233 52	679 80	4,910 80	3,269 31
Lancaster Madison Madison Madison	Bank Jefferson County Bank Bank of Kaukauna Bank of Kewaunee Batavian Bank State Bank	54, 336 87 527, 669 83 207, 464 22 30, 180 17	16, 500 00 33, 550 00 20, 000 00 65, 200 00 9, 900 00	25,000 00	1,209 35 856 26 395 14 1,132 72	500 00 2,000 00 1,500 00 3,194 00 9,000 00 37,421 24 79,180 33 10,400 00	20,387 15	249 85 454 15 359 84 2,695 11 7,499 36 3,155 52 3,953 07 1,929 74	6,000 00 21,330 25 3,737 54 5,808 69 74,748 97 16,000 00 4,764 73 2,488 67 1,000 00 10,000 00 1,926 50 1,500 00	3, 997 90 855 26 712 92

Marinette Stephenson Banking Co Juneau County Bank	292,878 96 8,400 00 57 34,777 56 12,500 00	7,275 40 1,898 46 17,675 57 15 96	3, 194 61 135 74	2, 129 11 13 00 700 00
	10, 860 001 00, 000 001	338 32	800 00	5,000 00 460 04
	210 208 56	288 31	2,787 60 54,040 28	1,400 00
	115, 328 56 1, 254, 175 92 1, 948, 253 79 916, 756 14 2, 097, 486 66 507, 015 19	6,583 13 271,626 25	288,758 14 69,556 93	12,000 00
Milwaukee Marshall & Ilsley Bank	1 048 953 79	25, 334 43 22, 725 00	9,841 99 131,956 82	
Milwaukee Merchants' Exchange Bank. Milwaukee Plankinton Bank	016 756 14	11,604 72	13, 970 00 67, 156 51	3,426 19 80 20
	0 007 408 88	5.557 40 20,910 54 515,630 00	55, 303 55 39, 843 51	157.064 99
Milwaukee Second Ward Savings Bank.	2,007,400 00	7,529 40 20,000 00		4,373 64
Milwaukee South Side Savings Bank	507,015 19		20,	<i>'</i>
Milwaukee Wisconsin Marine & Fire In-	0.000 004.04	8,201 01 849,931 71	127, 353 50 157, 081 42	
surance Co. Bank	3,637,754 24		4,802 50 115 55	
Monroe Citizens' Bank	106, 919 72 9, 193 60	2,233 17	1,541 18 394 21	3,400 80
Neillsville Clark County Bank	48, 261 26 7, 725 00 95, 770 13	127 92 5,100 00		6,610 18
Neillsville Neillsville Bank	95,770 13	405 10	1,962 53 3,004 79	12, 349 56 21 50
New Richmond Bank of New Richmond	120,595 89	125 59	3.010 40 1.224 11	
New Richmond Manufacturers' Bank		125 59		7,839 78
Oshkosh Commercial Bank	479, 883 77	4,547 14 3,007 50	6,294 58 8,380 77	5, 200 00 112 83
Portage City Bank	145,397 74			8,852 53 1,630 62
River Falls Bank of River Falls	160,054 20	79 84 5,800 00	3,113 19	
Shawano Shawano County Bank	36,999 13 15,000 00	595 74	9,044 35 29,544 53 479 00	
Sheboygan Bank of Sheboygan	286, 945 54	595 74	29,544 53 479 00	4 E 000 00
Sheboygan German Bank	624,727 01 30	7,056 87 5,838 08 26,000 00	16,146 40 1,222 53	3, 630 48 228 00
Shullsburg Merchants' Union Bank	105,234 20	6,502 19		3,030 46 220 00
Shullsburg Shullsburg Bank	85,781 42 20,000 00		654 73	10,000 00 1,924 34
Sparta Bank of Sparta	124,806 18 4,700 00	87 25	3,035 46 86 67	22, 359 60 640 69 133 30
St. Croix Falls Bank of St. Croix Falls	46,081 69 10,000 00		844 59	040 09 133 30
Stevens Point Commercial Bank	288, 756 47	9.500 00 11,724 70 3,000 00	14, 124 07	2,469 73
Stoughton Dane County Bank	100,111 11 30,000 00	1,064 29	2,779 25 989 31	2,090 76
Stoughton Stoughton State Bank	121,306 70	6, 152 21	8,447 77	6,000 00
Superior Bank of Superior	67, 160 17	119 87	2,325 27 637 31	4,800 00 1,114 99
Watertown Bank of Watertown	181,370 20 210,485 38 45,094 73	1.867 25 1.285 28	7,201 22 2,687 11	22,288 00 170 76
Wausau Marathon County Bank	210, 485, 38	904 91	25,317 30 1,670 09	7,289 00
West Superior Bank of Commerce	45,004,73	141 43	1,233 48 24 71	1,459 20 962 08
	51,900 60 3,800 00	305 51	14,216 01 35,440 30	15,000 00
-	9,000 00		l	
Total	\$19 150 715 83 \$484 216 37 \$75	9,939 68 \$176,946 32 \$1,937,269 60	\$936,076 09 \$673,884 22	\$637,458 86 \$34,312 57
10004	(pio, 100, 110 00)		1	i l'
	1			

		RESOURCES.			Liabilities.				
LOCATION.	Names of Banks.	U. S. Currency.	Due from Banks.	Total Resources.	CAPITAL.	Surplus, Profit and Loss.	Due Depositors.	Due to others not included under either of the other heads.	
Evinsynie Frifield Fort Atkinson Galesville Hudson Hurley Janesville Jefferson Kankauna Kewaunee La Crosse La Crosse Lancaster Madison Madison Madison	Langlade County Bank. Bank of Baraboo. Bank of Baldwin. Bank of Barron. Jackson County Bank. Bank of Brodhead. Citizens' Ban's of Clinton	\$2, 192 00 3, 080 00 14, 528 00 2, 539 00 2, 210 00 7, 482 00 16, 137 00 5, 197 00 7, 288 00 4, 859 00 1, 286 00 11, 552 00 6, 836 00 1, 216 00 2, 004 00 7, 128 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 21, 763 00 22, 488 00 10, 478 00 4, 773 62, 5, 368 00 64, 282 00 36, 022 00 37, 987 00 19, 235, 90 19, 235, 90 19, 237, 90 19, 237, 90 19, 237, 90 19, 237, 90 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19, 19,	\$4,764 91 2,183 83 31,860 47 16,747 44 5,133 44 24,490 60 6,224 28 7,790 53 18,948 86 41,03 60 60,293 39 15,487 13 10,764 23 4,129 04 10,572 65 9,736 40 10,559 38 108,485 52 29,738 81 29,157 28 18,684 40 14,181 29 2,038 04 4,181 29 2,038 04 4,181 29 2,038 04 4,181 29 2,038 04 14,181 29 2,038 04 14,181 29 2,038 04 14,181 29 2,038 04 15,685 02 37,469 88 37,095 29 55,708 61 18,710 87 26,548 93	\$47, 812 52 84, 782 50 272, 955 52 98, 352 75 85, 422 44 109, 509 86 104, 359 67 106, 646 07 107, 890 14 68, 984 32 421, 430 23 262, 129 49 108, 825 65 54, 266 36 139, 118 40 71, 945 67 72, 536 42 88, 847 96 616, 421 97 99, 453 17 332, 884 68 146, 662 01 141, 501 31 97, 647 90 98, 014 83 995, 370 19 318, 836 11 115, 550 65 339, 401 80 146, 231 07 749, 818 84 346, 528 25	\$25,000 00 30,000 00 50,000 00 50,000 00 25,000 00 45,000 00 25,000 00 25,000 00 25,000 00 25,000 00 25,000 00 25,000 00 25,000 00 25,000 00 50,000 00 25,000 00	\$881 55 10,776 42 5,435 95 18,750 00 16,411 77 16,972 82 10,089 67 4,593 41 8,490 00 12,917 20 12,917 20 12,917 20 500 00 12,917 20 500 00 500 00 55,752 47 2,500 00 500 00 85,232 44 11,269 48 19,412 79 6,213 50 7,073 36 8,633 60 11,602 50 11,602 50 11,602 50 7,070 00 7,000 00	18, 337 04 48, 603 46 77, 052 66 72, 809 16 42, 182 50 350, 489 27 214, 705 43 127, 418 45 28, 611 03 71, 187 73 31, 193 20 45, 036 42 52, 257 52 506, 189 53	5, 424 06 8, 500 00	85 499 44

Warinotta	Stephenson Banking Co	12,056 00	84,990 66;	494,773 74	60,000 00	15,000 00	341,488 89		494,778 74
Mauston			2,291 38	54,714 25	25,000 00		28,602 74		54,714 25
Milton	Bank of Milton	3,029 18	2,024 57	53, 322 01	30,000 00	798-36	22,523 65		53, 322 01
Milwankaa	Commercial Bank		47,984 76	449,349 51	100,000 00				449,349 51
Milwaukee	Marshall & Ilsley Bank		412,344 14	2,525,869 51	200,000 00	35,000 00	2,230,329 15		2, 525, 869 51
Milwankee	Merchants' Exchange Bank.	381,303 00	724,482 88	3, 243, 897 91	100,000 00	309, 297-86	2,834,500 05		3,243,897 91
Milwaukee	Plankinton Bank		201,628 98	1,302,003 74	200,000 00	126,899 11	970, 174 60		1,302,003 74
Milwankee	Second Ward Savings Bank		380,741 02	3,832,293 67	200,000 00	220,888 67	3,406,022 20	5,382 80	3,832,293 67
Milwaukee	South Side Savings Bank	53,722 00	32,419 93	663,617 14	25,000 00	35,000 00	593, 617 14	10,000 00	663,617 14
Milwaukee	Wisconsin Marine & Fire				i			000 500 00	
	I Insurance Co. Bank	178,037 001	1,056,753 77	6,015,112 65			5, 148, 581 85	366, 530 80	6,015,112 65
Monroe	Citizens' Bank	9,174 00	15,464 44	155, 862 46	62,600 00	21,673 38	61, 145 12		155,862 46
Neillsville	Clark County Bank	13,664 00	11,868 24	89,087 86		17,603 20	46,484 66		89,087 86
Neillsville	Neillsville Bank	16,457 00	62,427 58	191,642 98	25,000 00	26, 303 46	140, 339 52		191,642 98
New Richmond	Bank of New Richmond	4,041 00	18,041 29	160, 421 66	35,000 00	9,388 64	103, 283 02	12,750 00	160, 421 66
New Richmond		2,335 00	25, 330 83	135, 157 13	50,000 00	8,075 02	61,682 11	15,400 00	135, 157 13
Oshkosh		[26,589 00]	78,587 62	634, 158 23	100,000 00		412,010 00	15, 400 00	634, 158 23
Portage	City Bank	20,445 00	30,971 30	216,802 22	25,000 00	29,841 57	101,957 49	3 10	216, 802 22
River Falls	Bank of River Falls	4,000 00	23,473 58	207,003 96		12,399 04	159,004 92		207,003 96
Shawano	Shawano County Bank		14,098 14	84, 254 40	30,000 00	10,017 57	44,236 83	253, 018 08	84,254 40 426,126 19
Sheboygan	Bank of Sheboygan	20,000 00	71,611 88	426, 126 19		10,000 00			
Sheboygan	German Bank	50,858 00	157, 169 96	1,204,018 85	50,000 00	70,000 00	1,084,018 85		1,204,018 85 130,163 89
Shullshurg	i Merchants' Union Bank	5,486 02	9,083 00	130, 163 89	50,000 00	5,335 61	74,828 28		139, 578 79
Shullsburg	Shullsburg Bank	12,000 00	9,091 23	139,578 79	50,000 00	8,094 52	81,404 27	80 00 137,461 77	204, 346 86
Sparta	Bank of Sparta	12,629 00	36,642 70	204,346 86		41,885 09	46 mme 40	157,401 77	72.388 41
St. Croix Falls	Bank of St. Croix Falls	2,141 00	12,547 14	72,388 41	25,000 00	614 94			
Stevens Point	l Commercial Bank		41,492 98	371,067 95	60,000 00	85,459 60	220,000 00	10 914 15	153, 113 76
Stoughton	Dane County Bank	5,080 00	10,999 04	153, 113 76	60,000 00		110 640 00	10,314 15	155, 148 82
Stoughton	Stoughton State Bank	1 5,505 001	7,677 14	155, 148 82			09 550 60		111, 459 96
Superior	Bank of Superior	0,928 00	29,374 35	111,459 96		2,907 27	100, 490, 00	1,653 07	253,077 42
Watertown	Bank of Watertown	27,266 50	8,940 63	253,077 42	50,000 00	12,004 35	009 694 00	1,000 01	310, 115 59
Wansan	l Marathon County Bank	7,740 00	56,708 91	310, 115 59		26,431 39	49 767 71	1	84,677 21
West Superior	Bank of Commerce	9,932 00	25,829 58	84,677 21	40,000 00	1,909 50 12,286 02	110 005 10	929 64	175, 440 76
West Superior	Bank of West Superior	6,792 00	47,986 34	175,440 76	50,000 00	12,200 02	112, 220 10	020 01	170, 110 10
Motol		\$1 916 860 32	\$4 849 506 92	\$31,557,484 85	\$3,933,800 00	\$1,693,021 15	\$24,514,548 74	\$1,416,114 96	\$31,557,484 85
100ai		\$1,010,000 00	w1,010,000 0N	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,	, , , , , , , , ,	, ,		J
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SUMMARY

Of the items of capital, deposits, specie, cash items and U. S. currency, on the morning of Monday, Jan. 7, 1889, and comparison with the last report, July 2, 1888: Items.

| Jan. 7, 1889. July 2, 1888. Capital. \$3, 933, 800 00 \$3, 821, 100 00 Deposits 24, 514, 548 74 22, 429, 490 46 Specie 936, 076 09 874, 729 38 Cash items. 673, 884 22 527, 610 51 U. S. Currency. 1, 916, 860 32 1, 652, 494 06

OFFICE OF STATE TREASURER, MADISON, Wis., Jan. 22, 1889.

I hereby certify that the foregoing statement is an abstract of the semi-annual reports made to this office by the state banks (as far as it was practicable to arrange the items under general heads), in pursuance of the provisions of the 4ist section of the act entitled, "An act to authorize the business of banking," approved April 19, 1852.

H. B. HARSHAW, State Treasurer.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES - 1889.

WISCONSIN.

Headquarters — M Chairman — HENR	ILWAUKEE.	DEMOCRATIC. Headquarters — MILWAUKEE. Ch'n — ELLIS B. USHER. La Cros Secretary — J. E. WRIGHT, Bara			
Members.	Address.	Members.	Address.		
F. W. Starbuck. George Grimm James T. Green. E. D. R. Thompson. W. S. Main. C. H. Baxter Ernst Demin John Toohey G. Kuestermann George D. Breed A. B. Whitman R. L. D. Potter Nels R. Nelson John Kellogg. T. B. Mills H. E. Tickner Ole R. Olson W. H. Mylrea.	Racine Jefferson Fond du Lac Oconomowoc Madison Lancaster Milwaukee Milwaukee Green Bay Chilton Appleton Wautoma La Crosse. Reedsburg Millston West Superior Waupaca Wausau.	J. E. Dodge R. B. Kirkland H. W. Sawyer F. B. Hoskins J. S. Gallagher J. L. O'Connor G. W. Porth Ed. Keogh H. B. Schwinn Theo. Kersten Rush Winslow W. S. Stroud. Joseph Tuteur. W. C. Brawley V. W. James S. Richmond L. Marchetti J. A. Taylor	Racine, Jefferson. Hartford. Fond du Lac. Gratiot. Madison. Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Milton. Appleton. Portage. La Crosse. Mauston. Eau Claire. Arcadia. Wausau. Chippewa Falls.		
PROHIBITION. Headquarters—Madison. Chairman—T. C. Richmond. Secretary—J. B. Smith.		UNION LABOR. Headquarters — MILWAUKEE. Chairman — ROBERT SCHILLING. Secretary — F. W. Bock.			
Members.	Address.	Members.	Address.		
Robert Fargo C. M. Blackman O. H. Crowe Canfield Marsh Warren Howard L. Abrams E. W. Drake W. R. Nethercutt C. W. Lomas H. McDonald L. M. Squire W. W. Race G. Freeman B. B. Grigs G. I. Constance Charles Alexander Rev. W. P. Sutherland	Lake Mills. Whitewater. Beaver Dam Rosendale Albany Bloomington Milwaukee. Milwaukee. Fort Howard. Fort Howard. Fort Howard. Poynette. Omro. Richland Center Baraboo. Cumberland Eau Claire. Marinette.	William Paul Spencer Palmer George E. Ward Robert Schilling George W. Stickles L. G. Arnold M. M. Haley George L. Lloyd Alex. D. Colburn	Racine. Fond du Lac. Lancaster. Milwaukee. Wrightstown. Menasha. La Crosse. Neillsville. Marinette.		
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NATIONAL AND STATE PLATFORMS-1888.

REPUBLICAN.

Adopted unanimously, by a standing vote, at Chicago June 21, 1888.

The republicans of the United States, assembled by their delegates in national convention, pause on the threshold of their proceedings to honor the memory of their first great leader, the immortal champion of liberty and the rights of the people — Abraham Lincoln; and to cover also with wreaths of imperishable remembrance and gratitude the heroic names of our later leaders who have more recently been called away from our councils — Grant, Garfield, Arthur, Logan, Conklin. May their memories be faithfully cherished.

We also recall with our greetings, and with prayers for his recovery, the name of one of our living heroes, whose memory will be treasured in the history both of republicans and of the Republic—the name of that noble soldier and favorite child of victory, Philip H. Sheridan.

In the spirit of those great leaders, and of our own devotion to human liberty, and with that hostility to all forms of despotism and oppression which is the fundamental idea of the republican party, we send fraternal congratulations to our fellow-Americans of Brazil on their great act of emancipation, which completes the abolition of slavery throughout the two American continents.

We earnestly hope that we may soon congratulate our fellow-citizens of Irish birth upon

the peaceful recovery of home rule for Ireland.

We reaffirm our unswerving devotion to the National Constitution, and the indissoluble union of the states; to the autonomy reserved to the states under the Constitution, to the personal rights and liberties of citizens in all the states and territories in the Union, and especially to the supreme and sovereign right of every lawful citizen, rich or poor, native or foreign-born, white or black, to cast one free ballot in public elections, and to have that ballot duly counted. We hold the free and honest popular ballot, and the just and equal representation of all the people, to be the foundation of our republican government, and demand effective legislation to secure the integrity and purity of elections, which are the fountains of public authority. We charge that the present administration and the democratic majority in congress owe their existence to the suppression of the ballot by a criminal nullification of the constitution and laws of the United States.

We are uncompromisingly in favor of the American system of protection; we protest against its destruction as proposed by the president and his party. They serve the interests of Europe; we will support the interests of America. We accept the issue, and confidently appeal to the people for their judgment. The protective system must be maintained. Its abandonment has always been followed by general disaster to all interests, except those of the usurer and the sheriff. We denounce the Mills bill as destructive to the general business, the labor and the farming interests of the country, and we heartily indorse the consistent and patriotic action of the republican representatives in congress in opposing its passage.

We condemn the preposition of the democratic party to place wool on the free list, and we insist that the duties thereon shall be adjusted and maintained so as to furnish full and adequate protection to that industry throughout the United States.

The republican party would effect all needed reduction of the national revenue, by repealing the taxes upon tobacco, which are an annoyance and burden to agriculture, and the tax upon spirits used in the arts and for mechanical purposes; and by such revision of the tariff laws as will tend to check imports of such articles as are produced by our people, the production of which gives employment to our labor, and release from import duties those articles of foreign production (except luxuries), the like of which cannot be produced at home. If there shall still remain a larger revenue than is requisite for the wants of the government, we favor the entire repeal of internal taxes rather than the surrender of any part of our protective system at the joint behest of the whiskey trusts and the agents of foreign manufacturers.

We declare our hostility to the introduction into this country of foreign contract labor and of Chinese labor, alien to our civilization and constitution, and we demand the rigid enforcement of the existing laws against it, and favor such immediate legislation as will exclude such labor from our shores.

We declare our opposition to all combinations of capital organized as trusts or otherwise to control arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens, and we recommend to congress and the state legislatures, in their respective jurisdictions, such legislation as will prevent the execution of all schemes to oppress the people by undue charges on their supplies, or by unjust rates for the transportation of their products to market. We approve legislation by congress, to prevent alike unjust burdens and unfair discriminations between states.

We reaffirm the policy of appropriating the public lands of the United States to be homesteads for American citizens and settlers, not aliens, which the republican party established in 1862, against the persistent opposition of the democrats in congress.

The reservation of the unearned railroad land grants to the public domain for the use of actual settlers, which was begun under the administration of President Arthur, should be continued. We deny that the democratic party has ever restored one acre to the people, but declare that by the joint action of the republicans and democrats about 50,000,000 acres of unearned lands, originally granted for the construction of railroads, have been restored to the public domain in pursuance of the conditions inserted by the republican party in the original grants.

We stigmatize the democratic administration with failure to execute laws securing to settlers the title to their homestead, and with using the appropriations made for that purpose to harass innocent settlers with spies and prosecutions, under the false pretense of exposing frauds and vindicating the law.

Government by congress of the territories is based upon necessity, only to the end that they may become states in the union; therefore, whenever the conditions of population, material resources, public intelligence and morality are such as to insure a stable local government therein, the people of such territories should be permitted as a right inherent, to form for themselves constitutions and state governments, and to be admitted into the union. Pending preparation for statehood all officers thereof should be selected from bona fide residents and citizens of the territory wherein they are to serve. South Dakota should of right be immediately admitted as a state in the union under the constitution framed and adopted by her people, and we heartily indorse the action of the republican senate in twice passing a bill for her admission. The refusal of the democratic house of representatives, for partisan purposes, to favorably consider these bills is a willful violation of the sacred American principle of local self-government, and merits the condemnation of all just men.

The pending bills in the senate for acts to enable the people of Washington, North Dakota and Montana territories to form constitutions and establish state governments should be passed without unnecessary delay. The republican party pledges itself to do all in its power to faciliate the admission of the territories of New Mexico, Wyoming, Idaho and Arizona to the enjoyment of self-government as states—such of them as are now qualified as soon as possible, and the others as soon as they may become qualified.

The political power of the Mormons in the territories as exercised in the past is a menace to free institutions, and too dangerous to be long suffered; therefore we pledge the republican party to appropriate legislation asserting the sovereignty of the nation in all the territories where the same is questioned, and in furtherance of that end to place upon the statute books legislation stringent enough to divorce the political from the ecclesiastical power, and thus stamp out the attendant wickedness of polygamy.

The republican party is in favor of the use of both gold and silver as money, and condemns the policy of the democratic administration in its efforts to demonetize silver.

We demand a reduction of the letter postage to one cent per ounce.

In a republic like ours, where the citizen is sovereign and the official a servant, where no power is exerted except by the people, it is important that the sovereign, the people, should possess intelligence. The free school is the promoter of that intelligence, which is to preserve us as a free nation; therefore, the state or nation, or both combined, should support free institutions of learning sufficient to afford to every child growing up in the land the opportunity of a good common school education.

We earnestly recommend that prompt action be taken by congress, in the enactment of such legislation as will best secure the rehabilitation of our American merchant marine and we protest against the passage by congress of the free ship bill as calculated to work injustice to labor by lessening the wages of those engaged in preparing materials, as well as those directly employed in our ship yards.

We demand appropriations for the early rebuilding of our navy; for the construction of coast fortifications and modern ordnance and other approved modern defense for the protection of our defenseless harbors and cities; for the payment of just pensions to our soldiers; for necessary works of national importance in the improvement of our harbors

and the channels of internal waterways; for the encouragement of the shipping interests of the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific states, as well as for the payment of the maturing public debt. This policy will give employment to our labor, activity to our various industries, increase the security of our country, promote trade, open new and direct markets for our produce and cheapen the cost of transportation. We affirm this to be far better for our country than the democratic policy of loaning the government's money without interest to "pet banks."

The conduct of our foreign affairs by the present administration has been distinguished by inefficiency and cowardice. Having withdrawn from the senate all pending treaties effected by the republican administration for the removal of foreign burdens and restrictions upon our commerce and for its extension into better markets, it has neither effected nor proposed any others in their stead.

Professing adherence to the Monroe doctrine, it has seen with idle complacency the extension of foreign influence in Central America and of foreign trade everywhere among our neighbors. It has recused to charter, sanction or encourage any American organization for constructing the Nicaraugua canal, a work of vital importance to the maintenance of the Monroe doctrine and of our national influence in Central and South America, and necessary for the development of trade with our Pacific territory, with South America and with the islands and further coasts of the Pacific ocean.

We arraign the present democratic administration for its weak and unpatriotic treatment of the fisheries question and its pusillanimous surrender of the essential privileges to which our fishing vessels are entitled in Canadian ports, under the treaty of 1818, the reciprocal maritime legislation of 1830, and the courtesy of nations which the Canadian fishing vessels receive in the ports of the United States. We condemn the policy of the present administration and the democratic majority in congress toward our fisheries as unfriendly and conspicuously unpatriotic and as tending to destroy a valuable national industry and indispensable resource of defense against a foreign enemy.

The name "American" applies alike to all citizens of the republic, and imposes upon all alike the same obligation of obedience to the laws; at the same time citizenship is and must be the panoply and the safeguard of him who wears it, and protect him, whether high or low, rich or poor, in all his civil rights. It should and must afford him protection at home, and follow and protect him abroad in whatever land he may be on lawful errand.

The men who abandoned the republican party in 1884, and continue to adhere to the democratic party, have deserted, not only the cause of honest government, of sound finance, of the freedom and purity of the ballot, but especially have they deserted the cause of reform in the civil service. We will not fail to keep our pledges because they have broken theirs, or because their candidate has broken his. We, therefore, repeat our declaration of 1884, to wit: The reform of the civil service so auspiciously begun under a republican administration should be completed by the further extension of the reform system already established by law, to all grades of the service to which it is applicable. The spirit and purpose of reform should be observed in all executive appointments, and all laws at variance with the object of the existing reform legislation should be repealed, to the end that the dangers to free institutions, which lurk in the power of official patronage, may be wisely and effectively avoided.

The gratitude of the nation to the defenders of the union cannot be measured by laws. The legislation of congress should conform to the pledges made by the loyal people and be so large and extended as to provide against the possibility that any man who honorably wore the federal uniform shall become an immage of an alms house, or dependent upon. private charity. In the presence of an overflowing treasury, it would be a public scandal to do less for those whose valorous service preserved the government.

We denounce the hostile spirit shown by President Cleveland in his numerous vetoes of the measures for pension relief, and the action of the democratic house of representatives in refusing even the consideration of general pension legislation.

In support of the principles herewith enumerated, we invite the co-operation of the patriotic men of all parties and especially of all working men, whose prosperity is seriously threatened by the free trade policy of the present administration.

SUPPLEMENTARY RESOLUTION.

The following was adopted just before the convention adjourned:

The first concern of all good governments is the virtue and sobriety of the people and the purity of their homes. The republican party cordially sympathizes with all wise and well directed efforts for the promotion of temperance and morality.

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM,

Adopted at Madison, May 9, 1888.

The republicans of Wisconsin, by their representatives in this convention, reaffirm their adherence to the principles set forth in the platforms adopted by the national convention of the republican party.

On the suject of protection their views are expressed in the platform which Abraham Lincoln approved, and on which he was elected, viz.: That while providing revenue for the support of the general government by duties on imports, sound policy requires such adjustment of these imports as to encourage the industrial interests of the whole country; and we commend the policy of national exchanges which secures to the workingmen liberal wages, to agriculture remunerative prices, mechanics and manufacturers an adequate reward for their skill, labor and enterprise, and to the nation commercial prosperity and independence.

While in favor of such a revision of the tariff and reduction of the revenue as will avoid accumulating a surplus in the treasury, after meeting the current expenses of the government and paying the national debt as rapidly as it matures, they demand that the revision shall be made by those friendly to the principle of protection and not by its enemies.

They denounce the last annual message of President Cleveland as an attack upon American industries in the interest of free trade. They oppose the tariff bill now pending in congress, reported by a majority of the committee on ways and means, as an unjust, dishonest and sectional measure, shaped to meet the exigencies of a party instead of being designed to promote the general interests and unfairly aiming a blow at the industries of one section of the country, while shielding those of the other.

They protest against the methods by which, in several states of the Union, large bodies of voters are practically disfranchised in order to promote the election of the democratic presidents, congressmen and other officials. These practices pervert and poison the very sources of the nation's political life, and make a mockery of a republican form of government. Every friend of free institutions should sternly oppose the party which practices, tolerates or consents to profit by these crimes that outrage the rights of the citizens of the whole republic. The evil complained of is an evil of the present time. To protest against it and to demand that it be corrected, is not an appeal to sectional prejudices or bygone issues, as is falsely alleged by those who profit by it. The republicans of Wisconsin desire the prosperity of all sections of the country, and friendly relations with all.

They further condemn, as tending to bring a salutary and eeded reform into disrpuete and contempt, the sweeping changes in the subordinate officials of the government made by the present national administration, to reward and encourage partisan services, in flagrant disregard of the pledges which the president voluntarily gave when a candidate for election, and of the professions which, fron time to time, he has since submitted to the credulity of the public.

Justice and precedent alike demand, and have for years demanded, the admission of Dakota, with its population of more than 600,000 intelligent, industrious, and prosperous people, as a state of the union. Its exclusion, on partisan grounds solely by the demoratic majority of the house of representatives, deserves the condemnation of all good citizens, and is an extreme example of a narrow, violent and unpatriotic party spirit.

It is the duty of congress to pass, and of the president to approve a wise, just and comprehensive pension bill, giving relief to disabled veteran soldiers and subsistence to the helpless widows and orphans of deceased soldiers, without regard to the time when disability was incurred or the cause of death. Our great and prosperous country can well afford to show our grateful appreciation by making liberal provisions for these purposes.

The republicans of Wisconsin, represented in this convention, present the name of Gov. Jeremiah M. Rusk to the national republican convention which meets in Chicago on the 19th of June next, as a candidate in every respect worthy to receive its nomination for the presidency. Governor Rusk's character and capacity have been proved by long and varied service in public life, both military and civil. He was one of the most gallant soldiers who fought in the war to preserve the Union. In the various positions he has occupied in civil life, as a representative in congress for many years, and as governor of this state for three successive terms, he has shown a fidelity to republican principles, an honesty, courage and wise judgment, such as eminently fit him for the duties of chief magistrate of the republic

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Adopted unanimously at St. Louis, June 7, 1888.

The democratic party of the United States in national convention assembled, renewa the pledge of its fidelity to the democratic faith, and reaffirms the platform adopted by its representatives in the convention of 1884, and indorses the views expressed by President Cleveland in his last earnest message to congress as the correct interpretation of that platform upon the question of tariff reduction; and also indorses the efforts of our democratic representatives in congress to secure a reduction of excessive taxation.

Chief among its principles of party faith are the maintenance of an indissoluble union of free and indestructible states, now about to enter upon its second century of unexampler progress and renown, devotion to a plan of government regulated by a written constitution strictly specifying every granted power and expressly reserving to the states or people the entire ungranted residue of power; the encouragement of a jealous popular vigilance directed to all who have been chosen for brief terms to enact and execute the laws, and are charged with the duty of preserving peace, ensuring equality and establishing justice.

The democratic party welcome an exacting scrutiny of the administration of the execu tive power, which four years ago was committed to its trust in the election of Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, but it challenges the most searching inquiry concerning its fidelity and devotion to the pledges which then invited the suffrages of the people during a most critical period of our financial affairs, resulting from over-taxation, the anomalous condition of our currency, and a public debt unmatured. It has, by the adoption of a wise and conservative course, not only avoided disaster, but greatly promoted the prosperity of our people.

It has reversed the improvident and unwise policy of the republican party touching the public domain, and has reclaimed from corporations and syndicates, alien and domestic, and restored to the people, nearly one hundred millions of acres of land to be sacredly held as homesteads for our citizens.

While carefully guarding the interest of the people consistent with the principles of justice and equity, it has paid out more for pensions and bounties to the soldiers and sailors of the republic than was ever paid before during an equal period. It has adopted and consistently pursued a firm and prudent foreign policy, preserving peace with all nations, while scrupulously maintaining all the rights and interests of our own government, and the people at home and abroad. The exclusion from our shores of Chinese laborers has been effectually secured under the provision of a treaty, the operation of which has been postponed by the action of a republican majority in the senate.

In every branch and department of the government under democratic control, the rights and welfare of all the people have been guarded and defended; every public interest has been protected and the equality of all our citizens before the law, without regard to race or color, has been steadfastly maintained. Upon its record, thus exhibited, and upon the pledge of a continuance to the people of the benefits of democracy, it invokes a renewal of public trust by the re-election of a chief magistrate who has been faithful, able, and prudent, and invokes, in addition to that trust, the transfer also to the democracy of the entire legislative power.

The republican party controlling the senate and resisting in both houses of congress a reformation of unjust and unequal tax laws, which have outlasted the necessities of war, and are now undermining the abundance of a long peace, deny to the people equality before the law, and the fairness and the justice which are their right. Then the cry of American labor for a better share in the rewards of industry is stifled with false pretense, enterprise is fettered and bound down to home markets, capital is discouraged with doubt, and unequal, unjust laws can neither be properly amended or repealed,

The democratic party will continue with all the power confided to it the struggle to reform these laws in accordance with the pledges of its last platform, indorsed at the ballotbox by the suffrages of the people. Of all the industrious freemen of our land, the immense majority, including every tiller of the soil, gain no advantage from excessive tax laws, but the price of nearly everything they buy is increased by the favoritism of an unequal system of tax legislation. All unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation.

It is repugnant to the creed of democracy that by such taxation the cost of the necessaries of life should be unjustifiably increased to all our people. Judged by democratic principles, the interests of the people are betrayed, when, by unnecessary taxation, trusts and combinations are permitted to exist, which, while unduly enriching the few that combine, rob the body of our citizens, by depriving them of the benefits of natural competition. Every democratic rule of governmental action is violated when through unnecessary taxation a vast sum of money, far beyond the needs of an economical administration, is drawn from the people and the channels of trade, and accumulated as a demoralizing surplus in the national treasury. The money now lying idle in the federal treasury, resulting from superfluous taxation, amounts to more than one hundred and twenty-five millions, and the surplus collected is reaching the sum of more than sixty millions annually. Debauched by this immense temptation, the remedy of the republican party is to meet and exhaust, by extravagant appropriations and expenses, whether constitutional or not, the accumulation of extravagant taxation.

The democratic policy is to enforce frugality in public expense, and abolish unnecessary taxation. Our established domestic industries and enterprises should not, and need not, be endangered by the reduction and correction of the burdens of taxation. On the contrary, a fair and careful revision of our tax laws, with due allowance for the difference between the wages of American and foreign labor, must promote and encourage every branch of such industries and enterprises, by giving them assurances of an extended market and steady and continuous operations in the interests of American labor, which should in no event be neglected. Revision of our tax laws, contemplated by the democratic party, should promote the advantage of such labor by cheapening the cost of necessaries of life in the home of every workingman, and at the same time securing to him steady remunerative employment. Upon this question of tariff reform, so closely concerning every phase of our national life, and upon every question involved in the problem of good government, the democratic party submits its principles and professions to the intelligent suffrages of the American people.

ADDITIONAL RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That this convention hereby indorses and recommends the early passage of the bill for the reduction of the revenue now pending in the house of representatives.

Resolved. That we express our cordial sympathy with struggling people of all nations in their efforts to secure for themselves the inestimable blessings of self-government and civil and religious liberty, and we especially declare our sympathy with the effort of those noble patriots who, led by Gladstone and Parnell, have conducted their grand and peaceful contest for home-rule in Ireland.

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

Adopted at Madison, May 1, 1888.

The democrats of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, heartily and fully endorse the wise, conservative and patriotic course of Grover Cleveland as president of the United States.

We take pride in the manly courage with which he has faced the hosts of protected monoply, and advocated the reduction of war tariff taxes, now retained only upon the every day necessities of the farmer, the artisan and the laborer, having long since been removed from the income, the bank capital and the bank checks of the rich.

We denounce a system of tariff taxes that, while it creates a dangerous annual surplus in the national treasury of \$155,000,000, at the same time indirectly taxes the producers of the west, for the sole benefit of protected manufactures, \$9 for every one dollar that goes into the treasury.

We therefore declare -

That the burden of taxation should rest upon those who use the luxuries, rather than upon those who use only the necessaries of life.

That taxation should be limited to the requirements of the government.

That a greater tax is robbery, under form of law.

We therefore demand that taxation be limited to the needs of the government economically administered and be levied on the luxuries rather than on the necessaries of life, and, That taxation be reduced in strict conformity to the principles laid down by President

Cleveland in his message to the 50th congress.

NATIONAL PROHIBITION PLATFORM.

[Adopted at Indianapolis, May 31, 1888.]

The prohibition party, in national convention assembled, acknowledging Almighty God as the source of all power in government, does hereby declare:

1. That the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation and sale of alcoholic beverages shall be made public crimes, and prohibited and punished as such.

- 2. That such prohibition must be secured through amendments of our National and State Constitutions, enforced by adequate laws adequately supported by administrative authority, and to this end the organization of the prohibition party is imperatively demanded in state and nation.
- 3. That any form of license taxation, or regulation of the liquor traffic, is contrary to good government; that any party which supports regulation by license or tax, enters into an alliance with such traffic and becomes the actual foe of the state's welfare, and that we arraign the republican and democratic parties for their persistent attitude in favor of the licensed inequity, whereby they oppose the demand of the people for prohibition, and through open complicity with the liquor cause defeat the enforcement of the law.

4. For the immediate abolition of the internal-revenue system, whereby our national government is deriving support from our greatest national vice.

- 5. That an adequate public revenue being necessary, it may properly be raised by impost duties, but import duties should be so reduced that no surplus should be accumulated in the treasury, and the burdens of taxation should be removed from foods, clothing and other comforts and necessaries of life, and imposed upon such articles of import as will give protection both to the manufacturer, employer and producing labor against the competition of the world.
- 6. That civil-service appointments for all civil offices, chiefly clerical in their duties, should be based upon moral, intellectual and physical qualifications, and not upon party service or party necessity.
- 7. That the right of suffrage rests on no mere circumstance of race, color or nationality, and that where, from any cause, it has been withheld from citizens who are of suitable age and mentally and morally qualified for the exercise of an intelligent ballot it should be restored by the people through the legislatures of the several states on such educational basis as they may deem wise.
- 8. For the abolition of polygamy and the establishment of uniform laws governing marriage and divorce.
- 9. For prohibiting all combination of capital to control and to increase the cost of products for popular consumption.
- 10. For the preservation and defense of the Sabbath as a civil institution without oppressing any who religiously observe the same on any other day than the first day of the week.
- 11. That arbitration is the christian, wise and economic method of settling national differences, and the same method should by judicious legislation be applied to the settlement of disputes between large bodies of employes and employers; that the abolition af the saloon would remove the burdens, moral, physical, pecuniary and social, which now oppress labor and rob it of its earnings, and would prove to be the wise and successful way of promoting labor reform; and we invite labor and capital to unite with us for the accomplishment thereof
- 12. That monopoly in the land is a wrong to the people, and public land should be reserved to actual settlers, and that men and women should receive equal wages for equal work.
- 13. That our immigration laws should be so enforced as to prevent the introduction into our country of all convicts, inmates of dependent institutions and others physically incapacitated for self-support, and that no person shall have the ballot in any state who is not a citizen of the United States.
- 14. Recognizing and declaring that prohibition of the liquor traffic has become the dominant issue in national politics, we invite to full party fellowship all those who, on this one dominant issue, are with us agreed, in the full belief that this party can and will remove sectional differences, promote national unity and insure the best welfare of our native land.

Resolutions were adopted by the convention favoring the payment of pensions to exsoldiers and sailors, indorsing the work of the prohibition army of the blue and gray; con

demning the democratic and republican parties for denying the right of self-government to the 600,000 people of Dakota, and upon motion of a colored delegate from North Carolina, a resolution declaring "that we hold that all men are born free and equal and should be secured in their rights."

PROHIBITION STATE PLATFORM.

[Adopted at Madison, May 24, 1888.]

The prohibition party of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, adopt the following platform:

- Reverently recognizing the Divine Providence and guidance in human affairs, we invoke the aid of Almighty God in securing righteous civil government.
- 2. We believe the traffic in intoxicating beverages is a great and constant source of crime, of immorality, of destruction of body and of imbecility of mind, of poverty and pauperism, the arch-enemy of labor and the great fountain of social and political corruption.
- 3. We insist on state an national prohibition and the enforcemement thereof through a party whose officers are thoroughly in sympathy with the same as the only and immediate remedy for this great and most urgent evil.
- 4. We regard all forms of license, high or low, as a fresh acceptance of an insufferable traffic, and its readoption into our social life and civil policy; and we hold that all political parties which favor license, and all men who vote for such parties, or in other ways aid in the continuance of the liquor traffic, do make themselves accessory to the evils which flow from this traffic and equally responsible in effect with the man who carries it on.
- 5. We sincerely sympathize with all lawful efforts on the part of workingmen to improve their condition and to make themselves more equal partakers in the general prosperity; but we declare that total abstinence for the individual and prohibition of the liquor traffic by the state lie at the threshold of labor reform.
- 6. In securing political and economic and social ends, we rely only upon sound reason and public assent, on free discussion and a conscientious use of our rights as citizens.
- 7. We favor thorough, liberal and complete public education; a more careful and just imposition of taxes; and a vigilant supervision of the uses to which the franchises entrusted to corporations are put. In all public measures we insist on the common welfare as the only criterion of sound legislation and wise social policy.
- 8. We are opposed to the issuing of free passes by any and all railroads for use in this state, except to their employes, and we are in favor of the passage of a law making it a crime for any state officer or member of the legislature or any judge of any court in this state, to accept or use such pass.
- 9. We favor the enactment of a law which will render liable for damages any railroad corporation whose employes may suffer injuries resulting from negligence of a coemploye.
- 10. We recognize in the work of the members of the W. C. T. U, and in the work of all other temperance women an effective and powerful ally in temperance reform, and bid them God-speed in their efforts for the suppression of the liquor traffic.

UNION LABOR.

Adopted at Cincinnati, May 16, 1888.

- 1. While we believe that the proper solution of the financial system will greatly relieve those now in danger of losing their homes by mortgage foreclosure and enable all industrious persons to secure a home as the highest result of civilization, we oppose land monoply in every form, demand the forfeiture of unearned grants, the limitation of land-ownership, and such other legislation as will stop speculation in land and holding it unused from those whose necessities require it. We believe the earth was made for the people, and not to enable an idle aristocracy to subsist through rents upon the toil of the industrious, and that "corners" in land are as bad as "corners" in food, and that those who are not residents or citizens should not be allowed to own land in the United States. A homestead should be exempt to a limited extent from execution or taxation.
- 2. The means of communication and transportation should be owned by the people, as is the United States postal system.
- 3. The establishing of a national monetary system in the interest of the producers instead of the speculators and usurers, by which the circulating medium in necessary quantity and full legal tender should be issued directly to the people without the intervention of banks, or loaned to citizens upon land security at a low rate of interest. To relieve them from extortions of usury and enable them to control the money supply, postal savings banks should be established. While we have free coinage of gold we should have free coinage of silver. We demand the immediate application of all the idle money in the United States treasury to the payment of the bonded debt, and condemn the further issue of interest-bearing bonds either by the national government or by states, territories, or municipalities.
- 4. Arbitration should take the place of strikes and other injurious methods of settling labor disputes. The letting of convict labor to contractors should be prohibited, the contract system be abolished in public works, the hours of labor in industrial establishments reduced commensurate with the increased production by labor-saving machinery, employes protected from bodily injury, equal pay given for equal work for both sexes, and labor, agricultural and co-operative associations be fostered and encouraged by law. The foundation of a republic is in the intelligence of its citizens, and children who are drawn into workshops, mines and factories are deprived of the education which should be secured to all by proper legislation.
- 5. We demand the passage of a service pension bill to pension every honorably discharged soldier and sailor of the United States.
- 6. A graduated income tax is the most equitable system of taxation, placing the burden of government upon those who are best able to pay, instead of laying it on the farmers and exempting millionaire bondholders and corporations.
- 7. We demand a constitutional amendment making United States senators elective by a direct vote of the people.
- 8. We demand a strict enforcement of laws prohibiting the importation of subjects of foreign countries under contracts.
- We demand the passage and enforcement of such legislation as will absolutely exclude the Chinese from the United States.
- 10. The right to vote is inherent in citizenship, irrespective of sex, and is properly within the province of state legislation.
- 11. The paramount issues to be solved in the interests of humanity are the abolition of usury, monopoly, and trusts; and we denounce the democratic and republican parties for creating and perpetuating these monstrous evils.

STATE LABOR PLATFORM.

Adopted in State Convention at Oshkosh, July 23d, 1888.

PREAMBLE.

The state convention of the union labor party, representing the business men, farmers and workingmen of Wisconsin, heartily endorse the national platform of the union labor party as adopted in Cincinnati, May 16, 1888, and in addition demand the following laws and regulations for the state of Wisconsin:

- 1. The taxation of all notes and mortgages. No mortgage or note shall be collected by law unless taxes have been fully paid upon it by the owner at the place where the mortgaged property is located or the party issuing the note resides.
- 2. All laws should be simplified, so that there is but one law on one subject, and that worded in plain language, which will enable the people to understand the law without paying enormous fees to lawyers.
- 3. The one-man power has no place in a republic, hence all public officials, as far as practicable, should be elected by a direct vote of the people and the voters be allowed to recall all unfaithful, inefficient and dishonest officials.
- 4. The bureau of labor statistics should be conducted in the interest of the whole people and not serve to furnish sinecures for political hacks.
 - 5. A bureau of agricultural statistics should be established.
- 6. Congress should revise the patent laws, giving inventors a premium for their inventions and then giving the free use of such inventions to all the people, which will prevent the system of monoply now existing, and stop the robbery of both inventors and the people by heartless and greedy capitalists.

CONCLUSION.

The politicians of the republican and democratic parties have proved by their action that they have no sympathies in common with the masses of the people, but are either monopolists themselves or the tools of monopolists. The state conventions of both pledged themselves to abolish the contractor's ring in convict labor, yet voted down every measure looking to that end in the state legislature.

The union labor party is progressive in its nature and will further any measure that will aid in the elevation of man and secure the universal co-operation in place of our present system of competition.

PART VI.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

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STATE INSTITUTIONS.

Wisconsin, though one of the youngest states in the Union, already ranks among the foremost in its public institutions. Both in its educational advantages and in its reformatory and charitable institutions it is surpassed by few of the states, and especially so in the west.

For its educational advantages it is largely indebted to the munificence of Congress in donating lands for the support of public schools, a state university, normal schools and an agricultural college. There are now in successful operation in this State, a University, comprising several colleges, and five normal schools. The general government, when the State was first organized, and since, bestowed large tracts of land to it for educational purposes. This liberality has enabled Wisconsin to adopt a system of district, graded and high schools, normal schools and university which has placed the State in the front rank in the matter of education. The legislature has supplemented this wise liberality of the general government by more or less generous appropriations, until there are now over 6,000 common school districts and 150 free high schools in the State, the number of school houses being 6,000. There are 12,000 teachers employed. It is certainly not an exaggeration to say that the public schools of Wisconsin are, as a whole, in most excellent condition. Much good has resulted in the past from the enlightened views of our legislators as to education in general, and the common schools in particular. Besides, the people themselves are thoroughly imbued with the idea that popular education is the great safeguard of our liberties and the chief corner-stone of our advanced civilization.

Toward its unfortunate and criminal classes the State has pursued an even more liberal policy. By direct appropriations from the treasury, the people of Wisconsin have contributed for the upbuilding and support of penal and charitable institutions, the following sums: For the State Prison, \$1,147,655.49; for the Industrial School for Boys, \$1,248,903.79; for the Industrial School for Girls, \$60,000.00; for the Institute for the Blind, \$874,840.78; for the Deaf and Dumb, \$1,110,692.47; for the State Hospital for the Insane, \$2,898,568.02; for the Northern Hospital, \$2,380,365.35; for the State Public School, \$142,369.28; for the Soldiers' Orphans' Home, \$367,256.47; — making a total of \$10,240,651.66. Whether these appropriations were wise, or whether they have been judiciously applied, are not proper subjects for inquiry and discussion in a work which aims only to furnish statistics. These expenditures for charitable and correctional purposes may not be too large, but they present a contrast to the amount expended by the State on its higher institutions of learning, and suggest a comparison between the number who have been directly benefited by these two classes of appropriations. The one is for a noble charity from which the State can expect but little return; the other is a prudent investment for which society receives a full equivalent in a more intelligent, virtuous and useful citizenship.

THE STARE CAPITOL.

The site of the present State Capitol was selected by the Hon. James D. Doty, October 27, 1836, and in December of the same year the territorial legislature, in session at Belmont, passed an act to establish the Capital at Madison. Messrs. James D. Doty, A. A. Bird and John F. O'Neill were appointed by the general government commissioners for constructing the capitol, and work was commenced on the building in the month of June following, under the direction of Mr. Bird. On the 4th of July, 1837, the corner-stone was laid with appropriate ceremonies. The legislature met for the first time in Madison, November 26, 1838. The capitol building was not then in a suitable condition for the sessions of that body, so it assembled in the basement of the old American House, where Governor Dodge delivered his annual message. Here the Legislature met and adjourned from day to day, until temporary arrangements could be made for the reception of members in the Λ ssembly Hall. During 1836 and 1837, the national government appropriated \$40,000 for the capitol building, Dane county, \$4,000, and the territorial legislature about \$16,000; making the complete cost of the old capitol \$60,000. The building, when finished, was a substantial structure, which, in architectural design and convenience of arrangement, compared favorably with capitols of adjacent and older states.

The warranty deed of the capitol square was given to the Territory, in consideration of \$1.00 received, and the benefits and advantages to be derived from the location, by Stevens T. Mason, Julia G. Mason and Kintzing Prichett, of Detroit, and through their attorney, Moses M. Strong. It is dated Mineral Point, 16th January, 1839; and the square is described as sections 13, 14, 23 and 24, in township 7, range 9 east. This interesting document is now on file in the office of the State Treasurer.

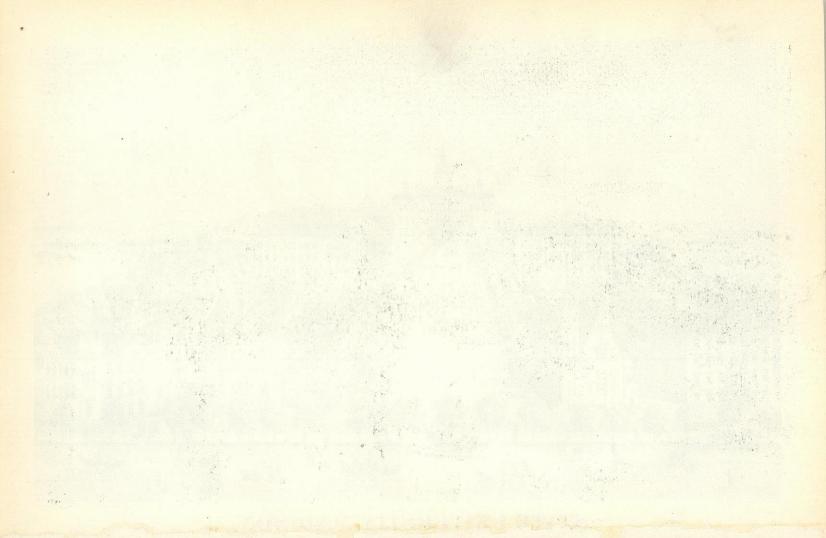
On the admission of Wisconsin into the Union as a state, in 1848, the constitutional convention then permanently located the capital at Madison. The capitol building proving inadequate to the growing wants of the State, the legislature of 1857 provided for its enlargement. By this act, the commissioners of school and university lands were directed to sell the ten sections of land appropriated by congress "for the completion of public buildings," and apply the proceeds toward enlarging and improving the state capitol. The state also appropriated \$30,000 for the same object, and \$50,000 was given by the city of Madison. The Governor and Secretary of State were made commissioners for conducting the work, which was begun in the fall of 1857, and continued from year to year until 1869, when the dome was completed.

The legislature of 1882 appropriated \$200,000 for the construction of two transverse wings to the capitol building, one on the north and the other on the south sides thereof, in order to provide additional room for the State Historical Society, the Supreme Court, the State Library, and for the increasing work of the state offices. The Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, with N. B. Van Slyke and John Winans, representing the Supreme Court, and E. W. Keyes, representing the Historical Society, were made commissioners for carrying out the work. The plans of architect D. R. Jones were adopted, and the bid of Bentleys & Nowlan, contractors, was accepted.

The work is now completed and the additional wings ready for occupancy. The picture of the building, elsewhere in this book, is an excellent representation of the State Capitol as it now appears.

The total appropriations for the enlargement of the capitol and for the improvement of the park to the present time are \$829,992.54. This does not include the sum of \$6,500 appropriated, in 1875, for macadamizing to the center of the streets around the park.

The capitol park is nine hundred and fourteen feet square, cornering north, south, east and west, contains fourteen and four-tenths acres, and is situated on an elevation commanding a view of the Third and Fourth lakes and the surrounding country. In the center of the square stands the capitol, one of the most magnificent structures of the kind in the United States. The height of the building from the basement to the top of the flag staff is 225½ feet, while the total length of its north and south wings, exclusive of steps and porticoes, with the addition of the new wings, is 396 feet, and of the east and west wings, 226 feet. The completeness of the arrangements on the inside fully correspond with the fine external appearance of the capitol.





STATE UNIVERSITY, MADISON.



NEW SCIENCE HALL, CHEMICAL LABORATORY & MACHINE SHOP. STATE UNIVERSITY, MADISON.



NEW SCHENCE HALL, CHEMICAL LABORATORY & MACHINE SHOE

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

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FRITZ WILHELM AUGUST WOLL, M. S., Second Assistant Chemist.

LESLIE H. ADAMS, Farm Superintendent.

Agricultural Institutes.

WILLIAM HENRY MORRISON, Superintendent of Farmers' Institutes.

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(These give instruction a portion of their time.)
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HARRIET TRAYNE REMINGTON, B. L., Fellow in German.
JOHN SAMUEL ROESELER, B. L. (Eng.), Fellow in History.
WALTER ALEXANDER ROGERS, B. C. E., Fellow in Engineering.
HARRY LUMAN RUSSELL, B. S., Fellow in Biology.

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PROF. EDWARD THOMAS OWEN, Secretary of the Faculty.
DR. HENRY B. FAVILL, Examining Surgeon to the Battalion.
WILLIAM D. HIESTAND, Registrar, Room 34, Science Hall.

SUMMARY OF STUDENTS.

Fellows				
General Science Course				0.
Pharmacy Course	 	• • • • • •	• • • •	47
Total				700

The objects of the University are:

- 1. To provide amply for disciplinary training, (a) by presenting a varied group of college courses, each rendered capable of modification through elective studies, and (b) by offering carefully considered adaptations of these suited to afford a broad groundwork for subsequent professional training.
 - 2. To provide trustworthy technical training in the leading professions.
 - 3. To contribute to the advancement of knowledge, and to train students in investigation
 - 4. To contribute directly to the higher education of the people.

It offers the following thirteen courses:

- I. The Ancient Classical Course.
- II. The Modern Classical Course.
- III. The General Science Course.
- IV. The English Course.V. The Special Civic-Historical Course Antecedent to Law and Journalism.
- VI. The Special Science Course Antecedent to Medicine. VII. The Special Courses for Normal School Graduates.
- VIII. The Law Course.
 - IX. The Agricultural Courses.
 - X. The Civil Engineering Course.
- XI. The Mechanical Engineering Course.
- XII. The Mining Engineering Course.
- XIII. The Metallurgical Engineering Course.
- XIV. The Pharmacy Course.

These courses together embrace the following branches of study:

MENTAL SCIENCE.

General Psychology - Experimental Psychology; History of Greek Philosophy; History of English Philosophy; Ethics; Æsthetics; Logic; Pedagogy.

CIVIC SCIENCE.

Civics - Elementary Law; English Constitutional Law; American Constitutional Law; International Law; Roman Law; Political Economy.

History - History of Ancient Institutions; of Modern Institutions and Civilization; Dynastic and Territorial History; American History; English History.

LINGUISTIC SCIENCE.

Greek-Reading and writing Greek; study of select Greek historians, poets, orators and dramatists; Derivation of technical terms.

Latin-Reading and writing Latin; study of select Roman historians, orators, poets; seminar work in text criticism and interpretation; Teachers' course in Latin.

German - Reading, speaking and writing German; study of the German classics; seminar work in German; pedagogical work in German.

French-Reading, writing and speaking French; study of French classics; lectures on French literature.

Spanish - Studied with reference to acquiring a reading knowledge.

Italian — Studied with reference to acquiring a reading knowledge.

Scandinavian Languages - Modern Norse, studied with reference to acquiring an easy reading knowledge of Norwegian, Danish and Swedish authors; old Norse and Icelandic, studied for historical and literary ends; lectures on Scandinavian literature and mythology.

Sanskrit — Studied for philological purposes.

Hebrew — Studied for philological and critical purposes.

Anglo-Saxon - Studied as the foundation of English.

Early and Later English - Studied etymologically and critically with reference to securing a mastery of our own tongue.

LINGUISTIC ART.

English Literature — General survey; English Masterpieces; American Masterpieces. Rhetoric-Principles; Practical Rhetoric; Philosophy of Rhetoric; Rhetorical exercises. Elocution - Lectures, criticism and practice.

Music - Vocal Culture; Piano Playing; Harmony; Solo and Chorus Practice.

MATHEMATICAL SCIENCE.

Pure Mathematics - Advanced Algebra; Solid Geometry; Trigonometry; Descriptive Geometry; Analytical Geometry; Differential Calculus; Differential and Integral Calculus; Method of Least Squares; Modern Analytical Geometry; Higher Plane Curves; Geometry of Three Dimensions; Differential Equations; Spherical Harmonics; Elliptic Functions; Theory of Functions; Quantics; Quaternions.

PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

Astronomy - Descriptive, Theoretical and Practical; Instrumental work.

Physics - Experimental lectures; Mathematical physics; Laboratory work.

Chemistry - Descriptive and Analytical; Lectures and Laboratory Practice; Qualitative and Quantitative; Inorganic, Organic, Metallurgical and Toxicological; Urinalysis; Teachers' Course.

Mineralogy - Descriptive, determinative, optical and microscopical Mineralogy; Blowpipe Analysis; Crystallography.

Geology -- General, Special and Applied; General and Microscopic Petrography; Pal-

eontology. Zoology - General and Descriptive; Vertebrate Anatomy; Histology; Physiology; Embryology; Original Investigation.

Bacteriology - Study of Bacteria by culture and other methods.

Botany -- Descriptive and Analytical; Vegetable Histology, Embryology and Physiology; Special and Original Work.

MILITARY SCIENCE.

Tactics and Drill -- Infantry and Artillery; Military Drill.

APPLIED SCIENCE AND ART,

Agriculture - Farm Management; Stock Raising; History and Condition of Improved Breeds; Theory of Stock Breeding; Study of Pedigrees; Care and Management of Stock; Dairying; Laws of Growth; Feeding Standards; Feeding for Milk, for Meat, for Growth.

Agricultural Chemistry-Chemical Relations of soil, water and air to plant development; Fertilizers, Commercial and Manurial; Composition and Feeding Value of crops and fodders; Chemistry of the Dairy; Composition of Milk and its manufactured products; Detection of Adulterations; Fermentation and Decay.

Agricultural Botany-Relation of plants to soil, moisture and atmosphere; Development of useful plants; Dependence of Growth on external conditions; How plant food is manufactured and stored; Reproduction by cuttings, grafts, buds, spores and seeds; Testing seeds; Diseases of plants.

Agricultural Physics - Capillary and Osmotic Action in relation to soils, plants and animal tissues; Mechanical Principles applied to farming; Pressure and Flow of Water in soils, drains, pipes and tanks; Drainage; Relations of Heat, to soil, to animal and plant growth; Farm Structures; Ventilation of farm buildings.

Veterinary Science - Animal Diseases; Animal Surgery.

Horticulture—(Course to be remodeled under the professor just elected).

Mechanics — Elementary Mechanics; Analytical Mechanics; Graphic Statics; Mechanics of Materials; Mechanics of Machinery; Theory of Structures; Thermodynamics.

Practical Mechanics — Bench and Machine Work in Wood; Pattern Work and Moulding; Hand Work in Iron; Forge Work; Machine Work in Iron; Machine Construction; Model Designing; Construction and Testing.

Surveying — Elementary Surveying; Railroad Surveying; Topographical Surveying; Geodesy.

Engineering—Steam Engineering; Hydraulic Engineering; Mine Engineering; Sanitary Engineering; Building Construction; Machine Construction; Hydraulic Motors.

Engineering Draughting—Elementary Drawing; Descriptive Geometry Problems; Working Drawings of Machines; Stereotomy; Topographical Draughting and Platting; Working Drawings of Framed Structures; Working Drawings of Mine Structures and Mine Timbers; Drawings of Metallurgical Structures.

Metallurgy, Ore Concentration, Assaying—Metallurgy of Iron, Copper, Lead, Gold, Silver, etc.; Fuel; Refractory Materials; Treatment of Ores; Assays by different methods. Pharmacy—Pharmaceutical Chemistry; Practical Pharmacy; Materia Medica; Pharmaceutical Botany.

LEGAL SCIENCE AND ART.

Law — Equity; Constitutional Law; Admiralty; Estoppel; Municipal Corporations; Commercial Corporations; Contracts; Negligence; Common Carriers; Torts; Damages; Sales; Taxes and Tax-titles; Juries; Pleadings and Practice; Evidence; Justice Court Procedure; Criminal Law; Wills; Domestic Relations; Personal Property; Real Estate.

The foregoing branches are arranged in definite courses of study the general nature of which may be judged from the required studies in each given below. In most of the courses considerable opportunity is afforded for electing studies in addition to those required, and a certain amount of such electives is necessary to make up the full course of study. The students are thereby enabled to modify and adopt their courses in some measure to their own tastes and prospective professions.

ANCIENT CLASSICAL COURSE.

Required Studies—Greek, Latin, mathematics, Anglo Saxon, early English, rhetoric, English literature, psychology (followed by two terms of philosophical study), political economy, constitutional law, physics, chemistry, botany, zoology.

Elective Studies—Sufficient to make up four full years' work. These may be selected from any of the studies offered in the Colleges of Arts and Letters which the student can advantageously take.

MODERN CLASSICAL COURSE.

Required Studies — Latin, German, French, Anglo Saxon, mathematics, rhetoric, English literature, psychology (followed by two terms of philosophicial study), political economy, constitutional law, physics, chemistry, botany, zoology.

Elective Studies—Sufficient to make up four full years' work. These may be selected from any of the studies offered in the Colleges of Arts and Letters which the student can advantageously take.

GENERAL SCIENCE COURSE.

Required Studies—Mathematics, botany, zoology, physics, chemistry, psychology, civics, German, French or English, rhetoric and at least two "Long Courses" in science, embracing astronomy, physics, chemistry, zoology, botany, mineralogy and geology.

Elective Studies - Sufficient to make a total of thirty-nine terms' work during the course.

ENGLISH COURSE.

Required Studies — Early English, English literature, rhetoric, German, French or Latin, American, dynastic, territorial and English history, psychology (followed by two terms of philosophical study), political economy, constitutional law, physics, chemistry and zoology.

Elective Studies—Sufficient to make up a total of thirty-nine terms' work during the course. These may be selected from any studies in the Colleges of Arts and Letters which the student can take to advantage.

CIVIC-HISTORICAL COURSE ANTECEDENT TO THE STUDY OF LAW AND JOURNALISM.

For the accommodation of those contemplating the study of law or journalism, extended courses in civil polity, economics and historical science, together with literary and philosophical branches, have been arranged so as to constitute the work of the Junior and

Senior years of the collegiate course. Students are thus enabled to profit by an adaptation of their college course to their future work without essential deviation from the general purposes of collegiate training.

SPECIAL SCIENCE COURSE ANTECEDENT TO THE STUDY OF MEDICINE.

In response to a request from the Wisconsin State Medical Society, the University offers a special course in science adapted to those contemplating the study of medicine and sur gery. It embraces long thorough courses in chemistry, physics, vertebrate anatomy, his tology, zoology, botany and kindred branches, which are intended to give a broad and solid foundation for the professional medical course, while at the same time they give a large measure of collegiate culture.

SPECIAL COURSE FOR NORMAL SCHOOL GRADUATES.

To afford graduates of the State Normal Schools facilities for extending their studies advantageously, and at the same time to attain a recognized standing leading to a degree, without loss of time or inconvenience arising from the want of adjustment of their previous studies to the standard college courses, special courses have been adopted by the University by which two additional years of successful study will enable graduates from the advanced Normal courses to graduate from the University with a degree.

ELEMENTARY CREEK CLASS.

For the accommodation of those who are unable to secure a preparation in Greek elsewhere, a course in elementary Greek is provided for those who are otherwise prepared for admission to the University (see requirements for admission following) enabling them to take the Ancient Classical Course. Five years are usually required for the completion of the full course.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COURSE.

Required Studies.—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical mechanics, applied mechanics, practical mechanics, topographical engineering, constructive engineering, sanitary engineering, hydraulic engineering, astronomy, mineralogy, metallurgy, petrography, geodesy, physics, chemistry, German or French, rhetoric.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING COURSE.

Required Studies—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical mechanics, applied mechanics, practical mechanics, machine construction, mineralogy, metallurgy, petrography, physics, chemistry, German or French, rhetoric.

MINING AND METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING COURSES.

Required Studies—Mathematics, draughting, theoretical mechanics, applied mechanics, practical mechanics, topographical engineering, constructive engineering, mine engineering, astronomy, mineralogy, metallurgy, microscopic petrography, geology, assaying, concentration of ores, botany, zoology, mineralogy (Long Course), physics, chemistry, German or French, rhetoric.

AGRICULTURAL COURSES.

Long Course—Required Studies—Vegetable morphology, animal morphology, vegetable physiology, vertebrate anatomy, embryology, botany, forestry, horticulture, human physiology, agriculture, agricultural chemistry, agricultural physics, veterinary science, entomology, practical mechanics, chemistry, physics, geology, political economy, constitutional law, mathematics, surveying, rhetoric, English, French or German. Special investigations in agricultural chemistry, agricultural physics, horticulture and botany.

Short Course — Sixty lectures upon agriculture, sixty lectures upon agricultural chemistry, sixty lectures on agricultural physics, twenty-four lectures on agricultural botany, thirty-six lectures upon veterinary science, twenty lectures on the surface features, climate, meteorology of Wisconsin and the United States, practical mechanics, 120 hours' shop work; laboratory work in agricultural physics, chemistry and botany.

COURSE IN PHARMACY.

Required Studies—Practical pharmacy, pharmaceutical chemistry, inorganic, organic, qualitative and quantitative chemistry, pharmaceutical laboratory work, materia medica. Special work in advanced chemistry, botany and pharmacy; Thesis work.

LAW COURSE.

Required Studies — Equity, constitutional law, admirality, estoppel, municipal corporations, commercial corporations, contracts, common carriers, negligence, torts, damages, sales, tax and tax-titles, juries, pleadings and practice, evidence, justice court procedure, criminal law, wills, domestic relations, personal property, real estate.

METHODS OF ADMISSION.

- I. By examinations at the University.
- II. By special local examinations under the supervision of an authorized agent of the University.
- III. By presentation of a proper certificate from an accredited school.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

All courses of the University are open to women on precisely the same terms as men.

- 1. General examination for all candidates for the Freshman Class; Orthography, grammar, sentential analysis, arithmetic, algebra through quadratics, plane geometry, civil and physical geography, U. S. history.
- (2). For the Ancient Classical Course, the above (1), and ancient and English history; Latin grammar and composition, Cæsar (four books), Cicero (six orations), Virgil (six books), Sallust's Conspiracy of Catiline; Greek grammar and composition, Xenophon's Anabasis (three books), Homer's Iliad (two books).
- (3). For the Modern Classical Course, all the above (1) and (2) except Greek, instead of which German grammar and twenty lessons in any Standard German reader, and solid geometry are required.
- (4). For the English Course, the general examination required of all (1), and English literature, ancient and English history, botany, physiology, natural philosophy and solid geometry.
- (5). For the General Science, Special Science (pre-medical), Long Agricultural and all Engineering Courses, the general examination required of all (1), and German grammar, twenty lessons in the German reader, botany, physiology, natural philosophy and solid geometry.
 - (6). For the Civic-Historic Course, the same as for the English or classical courses.
- (7). For the Elementary Greek Class (Greek not required), Latin grammar and composition, Cæsar (four books), Cicero (two orations), Sallust's Conspiracy of Catiline, ancient and English history, and the general examination required of all (1).
- (8). For Special Students, the English branches required for the General Science Course including the general examination (1).
- (9). For Law and Pharmacy, evidence of sufficient education to profitably pursue the courses.

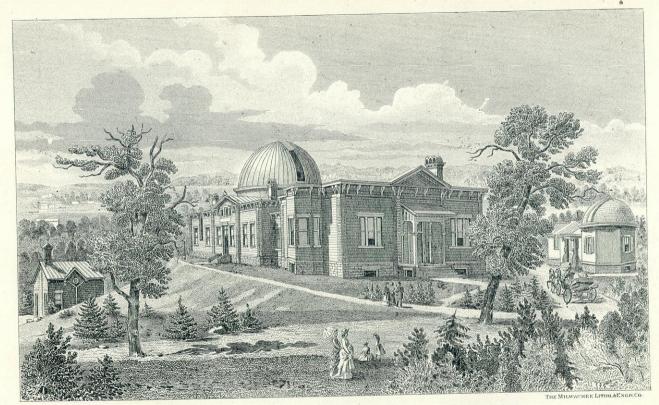
Persons desiring specific details will find the President, Secretary and Registrar ready to give any required information, either of whom may be addressed by title simply.

BUILDINGS.

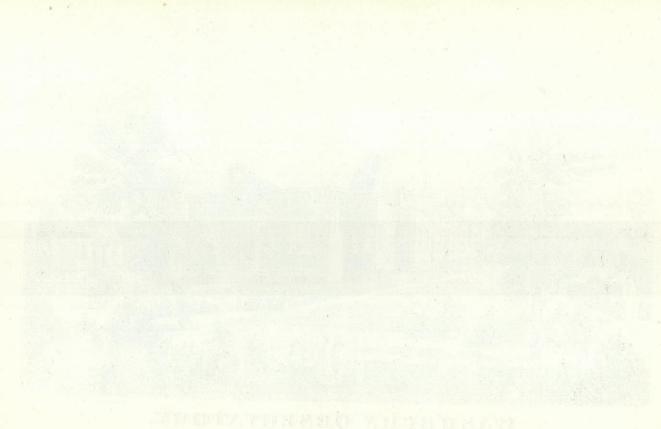
The University buildings are eleven in number: University Hall, devoted to the literary, mathematical, historical, philosophical, and civic departments; North Hall, devoted to German and Scandinavian; Agricultural Hall, occupied by the Experiment Station and the agricultural department; Science Hall, devoted to physics, zoology, botany, mineralogy, geology and the engineering departments; the Chemical Laboratory, devoted to chemistry, metallurgy and assaying; the Machine Shop, devoted to mechanical practice and the necessary mechanical work of the University; Library Hall, embracing the library and the general assembly hall; Ladies' Hall, occupied by the musical and ladies' literary rooms, besides ladies' boarding rooms; two Observatories, devoted to astronomy; the Gymnasium, occupied also as an armory and drill hall. The Machine Shops, the Chemical Laboratory and Science Hall are new buildings of the most approved construction and appointments. The latter is pronounced the best building of its kind in this country.

LABORATORIES.

The University is unusually well furnished with laboratories whose equipment is of the highest order. They are twenty in number, devoted to the following purposes: agricultural chemistry, agricultural physics, assaying, bacteriology, elementary botany, advanced botany, organic chemistry, qualitative chemistry, quantitative chemistry, engineering, geology, histology, mineralogy, petrography, pharmacy, photography, physics (embracing several sub-laboratories), psychology, elementary zoology, advanced zoology.



WASHBURN OBSERVATORY.



LIBRARIES.

The University has a general library containing about 17,000 volumes, and is developing a series of special libraries devoted to the technical work of the several departments, among which the law library, the Woodman Astronomical Library and the agricultural library are the more considerable. Smaller libraries are being formed relating to pharmacy, engineering, zoology, botany, geology, mineralogy, physics, German, chemistry and other subjects.

Besides these, which belong to the University, there are accessible to students the State Historical Library, 130,000 volumes, including pamphlets; the State Law Library, 20,000 volumes, and the City Library, 9,000 volumes, altogether, constituting library facilities surpassed at only a few places in this country.

GENERAL POLICY.

It is the general policy of the Institution to foster the higher educational interests of the state, broadly and generously interpreted. It is its aim to make ample provision for the demands of advanced scholarship in as many of the lines of intellectual development as its means will permit. By prescribing the larger portion of the studies of the regular courses in the earlier years, and by leaving the larger number in the later portion of the course to the selection of the student, it endeavors to give a judicious measure of direction together with sufficient room for choice to permit individual adaptation and special development.

The University endeavors to avoid all that is sectarian or partisan, without withdrawing its sympathy and influence from whatever contributes to good citizenship and high character.

Subjects which constitute party questions will be avoided in the courses of study. The subject of tariff having come to be a definite party issue will be omitted from instruction, in all partisan phases of the subject.

The University recognizes no distinction of race, color or sex. All who conform to its intellectual and moral requirements are equally entitled to its privileges.

METHODS OF WORK.

The methods of work embrace nearly or quite all of those that have proved efficient in the experience of similar institutions. Recitations, emancipated from servile text-book work, still hold a large place. Lectures, especially in the departments admitting of experimental and objective illustration, also occupy a large place. Freedom of discussion and questioning by the student accompany both methods. The laboratory system in all the departments in which it is practicable is fully employed. The German seminar system is being introduced.

DEPARTMENTS OF ORIGINAL INVESTIGATION.

Knowledge being the foundation of all true education, the University of Wisconsin recognizes the search for new knowledge and the crucial testing of the old to be an important function of a University. Two departments of the University are devoted almost exclusively to original research, the Washburn Observatory and the Agricultural Experiment Station. A limited but increasing amount of original investigation is being done in other departments in immediate connection with instructional work.

AGRICULTURAL INSTITUTES.

Through special legislative provision, a carefully conducted system of Farmers' Institutes is maintained under the auspices of the University. It is placed in the immediate charge of a Superintendent, who carefully elaborates and judiciously controls the organization and execution of all the institutes. He is aided by special conductors who assist in perfecting the details and carrying the whole into effect.

The director of the Experiment Station renders as much assistance as is consistent with his other duties, directing his efforts chiefly to the discussion of the practical problems affected by the experimental work of the Station, and the educational work of the University. Experts from different states and from Canada are engaged to present special important themes. State and local talent is freely used, and not the least of the educational benefits is the development of latent ability in writing, speaking and experimenting which has followed as an incidental result.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE LECTURESHIP.

An admirable system of Teachers' Institutes is maintained in Wisconsin under the supervision of the Regents of the State Normal Schools. By a special act of the Legislature of 1883 the Professor of Pedagogy of the University was appointed lecturer to these institutes.

and a special appropriation made to meet the necessary expenses. Through this provision about forty lectures are given annually at as many different institutes held in various portions of the state. These lectures are directed in part toward the promotion of advanced professional work, and in part toward fostering higher and broader educational views among the people.

CALENDAR FOR ACADEMIC YEAR, 1888-89.

Fall Term began Wednesday, September 5.
Fall Term closed Wednesday, December 19—15 weeks.
Winter Term began Wednesday, January 2.
Winter Term closes Wednesday, March 27—12 weeks.
Spring Term begins Wednesday, April 3.
Examination of candidates for admission, June 13 and 14.
Commencement, Wednesday, June 19, 9 A. M.
Examination of candidates for admission, September 3 and 4.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

The following are the acts of the legislature providing for the establishing of Farmers' Institutes, in connection with the State University:

[No. 52, A.]

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CHAPTER 9.

[Published February 21, 1885.]

AN ACT to provide for holding Agricultural Institutes.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The Board of Regents of the State University is hereby authorized to hold institutes for the instruction of citizens of this state in the various branches of agriculture. Such institutes shall be held at such times in the months of November, December, January, February, March and April in each year, and at such places as said Board may direct. The said Board shall make such rules and regulations as it may deem proper for organizing and conducting such institutes, and may employ an agent or agents to perform such work in connection therewith as they deem best. The course of instruction at such institutes shall be so arranged as to present to those in attendance the results of the most recent investigations in theoretical and practical agriculture.

Section 2. For the purposes mentioned in the preceding section, the said Board may use such sum as it may deem proper, not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars in any one year, from the general fund, and such amount is hereby annually appropriated for that purpose.

SECTION 3. This act shall be in force from and after its passage and publication. Approved February 19, 1885.

[No. 1, A.]

CHAPTER 62.

[Published March 21, 1887.]

An Acr relating to Agricultural Institutes, and amendatory of chapter 9, laws of 1885.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assenbly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 1, chapter 9, laws of 1885, is hereby amended, by omitting from said section the words, "in the months of November, December, January, February, March and April in each year," where they occur in the fifth, sixth and seventh lines thereof, so that said section, when so amended, shall read as follows: Section 1. The Board of Regents, of the State University, is hereby authorized to hold institutes for the instruction of citizens of this state in the various branches of agriculture. Such institutes shall be held at such times, and at such places as the board may direct. The said board shall make such rules and regulations as it may deem proper for organizing and conducting such institutes, and may employ an agent or agents to perform such work in connection therewith, as they deem best. The course of instruction at such institutes, shall be so arranged as to present to those in attendence, the results of the most recent investigations in theoretical and practical agriculture.

Section 2. Section 2, chapter 9, laws of 1885, is hereby amended, by striking out the words, "five thousand dollars, where they occur in the fourth line of said section, and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "twelve thousand dollars," so that said section, when so amended, shall read as follows: Section 2. For the purposes mentioned in the preceding

section, the said Board may use such sum as it may deem proper, not exceeding the sum of twelve thousand dollars in any one year, from the general fund, and such amount is hereby annually appropriated for that purpose.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved March 16, 1887.

The following were the Institutes held during the winter of 1888-89, under the superintendency of W. H. Morrison:

Places.	Counties.	Dates.		
KewauneeFriendship Amherst	Kewaunee	November November November	13, 14 20, 21 23, 24	
Mondovi. Bloomington Mt. Sterling Platteville Dodgeville.	Buffalo Grant. Crawford. Grant. Iowa	November November December December	27, 28 27, 28 30, 1 4, 5 6, 7	
Darlington Brodhead Plainfield Westfield. Berlin	La Fayette Green Waushara Marquette Green Lake	December December December December December	11, 12 13, 14 18, 19 20, 21 26, 27	
Hortonville. Eau Claire. Egleton Baldwin Osceola Mills	Outagamie. Eau Claire. Chippewa. St. Croix. Polk	December January January January January	28, 29 9, 10 11, 12 11, 12 14, 15	
River Falls. Menomonie. Durand Arcadia Viroqua	Pierce Dunn. Pepin Trempealeau Vernon	January January January January January	15, 16 17, 18 17, 18 22, 23 22, 23	
Fountain City Sparta West Salem Reedsburg Oregon	Buffalo Monroe. La Crosse Sauk	January January January January February	24, 25 24, 25 29, 30 31, 1 5, 6	
Delavan Janesville Union Grove Port Washington Sheboygan Falls	Walworth Rock Racine Ozaukee Sheboygan	February February February February February	5, 6 7, 8 7, 8 11, 12 13, 14	
Manitowoc. Black River Falls. Mauston Waupaca. West Bend	Manitowoc. Jackson Juneau Waupaca. Washington	February February February February February	15, 16 18, 19 20, 21 26, 27 26, 27	
Fond du Lac. Kenosha. Portage Beaver Dam. Phillips	Fond du Lac Kenosha Columbia. Dodge Price	February February March March March	28, 1 28, 1 5, 6 7, 8 11, 12	
Medford Wausau Colby Grand Rapids Green Bay	Taylor. Marathon Clark Wood Brown	March March March March March	12, 13 12, 13 14, 15 14, 15 19, 20	
Richland Center. Chilton Lake Mills. Waukesha	Richland Calumet Jefferson Waukesha	March March March March	19, 20 21, 22 21, 22 26, 28	

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BOARD OF REGENTS.

EX-OFFICIO.

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE GOVERNOR. THE HONORABLE, THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

APPOINTED.

Term ending February, 1890.

WM. E. ANDERSON, Milwaukee.

C, A. HUTCHINS, Fond du Lac. Term ending February, 1891.

S. M. HAY, Oshkosh.

J. H. EVANS, Platteville.

EMIL WALLBER, Milwaukee.

JOHN PHILLIPS, Stevens Point.

Term ending February, 1892.

W. H. CHANDLER, Madison.

E. M. JOHNSON, Whitewater.

CHARLES V. GUY, River Falls.

OFFICERS.

J. H. EVANS, PRESIDENT. S. M. HAY. VICE-PRESIDENT.

W. H. CHANDLER. SECRETARY.

STATE TREASURER. EX-OFFICIO TLEASURER.

Committees.

Executive - Regents Evans, Chandler, Johnson. Finance - Regents Hay, Phillips, Wallber. Teachers - Regents Chandler, Thayer, Wallber. Institutes - Regents Thayer, Chandler, Hoard. Examination of Graduating Classes - Regents Hutchins, Chandler, Thayer. Course of Study and Text-Books - Regents Thayer, Hutchins, Guy. Inspection of Schools and Grounds-Regents Phillips, Guy, Evans, Johnson.

Boards of Visitors to Normal Schools, 1888-89.

Platteville-Rev. S. D. Pulford, Lancaster; Supt. E. C. Wiswall, Prairie du Sac; Wm. Hooper, Esq., Darlington.

Whitewater - Rev. Judson Titsworth, Milwaukee; Supt. John T. Flavin, Watertown; Prof. George S. Parker, Janesville.

Oshkosh — Hon. Michael Kirwan, Manitowoc; Supt. A. W. Millard, Markesan; Rev. Mary J. De Long, Menasha.

River Falls - Rev. J. L. Dudley, Eau Claire; Hon. J. C. Bartholf, Milton; Supt. W. L. Cummings, Trempealeau.

Milwaukee - Prof. J. C. Freeman, Madison; Supt. Chas. L. Harper, Lancaster; Supt. I. N. Mitchell, Fond du Lac.

HISTORY OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The Constitution of the State, adopted 1848, provides, "that the revenue of the School Fund shall be exclusively applied to the following objects:

"1st. To the support and maintenance of common schools in each school district, and the purchase of suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor "

"2d. That the residue of the income of the School Fund shall be appropriated to the support of academies and normal schools, and suitable libraries and appurtenances therefor." No effort was made to take advantage of this provision of the Constitution for the endowment of normal schools until 1857, when an act was passed providing "that the income of twenty-five per cent. of the proceeds arising from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands should be appropriated to normal institutions and academies, under the supervision and direction of a Board of Regents of Normal Schools," who were to be appointed in pursuance of the provisions of that act. Under this law, the income placed at the disposal of the regents was distributed for several years to such colleges, academies and high schools as maintained a normal class, and in proportion to the number of pupils in the

class who passed satisfactory examinations conducted by an agent of the Board. In 1865, the Legislature divided the swamp lands and Swamp Land Fund into two equal parts, one for drainage purposes, the other to constitute a Normal School Fund. The income of the latter was to be applied to establishing, supporting and maintaining normal schools, under the direction and management of the Board of Regents of Normal Schools, with a proviso that one-fourth of such income should be transferred to the Common School Fund, until the annual income of that fund should reach \$200,000. During the same year, proposals were invited for extending aid in the establishment of a normal school, and propositions were received from various places.

In 1868, the Board of Regents was incorporated by the Legislature. In February, Platteville was conditionally selected as the site for a school, and as it had become apparent that a productive fund of about \$600,000, with a net income of over \$30,000, was already in hand, with a prospect of a steady increase as fast as lands were sold, the Board, after a careful investigation and consideration of different methods, decided upon the policy of establishing several schools, and of locating them in different, parts of the State.

At a meeting held on the 2d day of May, in the same year, the Board designated White-water as the site of a school for the southeastern section of the State, where a building was subsequently ereeted, and on the 16th permanently located a school at Platteville, the acamedy building at that place having been donated for that purpose.

The school at Platteville was opened October 9, 1866, under Prof. Charles H. Allen, previously agent of the Board, and professor in charge of the normal department of the State University. Prof. Allen resigned at the close of four years' service, and the school was placed in charge of E. A. Charleton, from Lockport, N. Y. After a service of more than eight years, President Charleton also resigned, his resignation taking effect at the close of 1878, and D. McGregor, long connected with the school as a professor, took his place.

The school at Whitewater was opened on the twenty-first of April, 1868, under Oliver Arey, A. M., formerly connected with the normal schools at Albany and Brockport, N. Y., and the building was on the same day dedicated to its uses with appropriate ceremonies. On the resignation of President Arey, in 1877, Wm. F. Phelps, A. M., an educator of large experience and of wide reputation, was chosen by the Board to take charge of the school. He was succeeded at the end of two years, by J. W. Stearns, A. M., who resigned in January, 1885, to take the professorship of theory and art of teaching in the University of Wisconsin. Prof. T. B. Pray acted as president for the remainder of the school year, when Prof. Albert Salisbury assumed the presidency, having been elected at the meeting of the Board of Regents held in February, 1885. President Salisbury formerly taught in the school, but for two years had been engaged in supervisory educational work in the south.

A building was completed during the year 1870, for a third Normal school at Oshkosh, but owing to a lack of funds, it was not opened for the admission of pupils during the year. The opening and the ceremony of dedicating the building took place September 19, 1871. The president of the school is George S. Albee, A. M., previously superintendent and principal of public schools at Racine.

A fourth Normal School was opened in September, 1875, at River Falls, Pierce county, under the charge of Warren D. Parker, A. M., formerly superintendent and principal of public schools in Janesville. It supplied a want long felt in the northwest part of the state.

September 14, 1885, a fifth Normal School was opened in the city of Milwaukee, Prof. J. J. Mapel, formerly principal of the Milwaukee high school, was elected president. This school was located and established pursuant to action of the Legislature, directing the Board of Regents to establish and open the school when the city of Milwaukee should have furnished a site and building satisfactory to the Board of Regents, costing not less than \$50,000, if the income at the disposal of the Board was sufficient to maintain the same. Upon the completion of the building, and the conveyance of the same to the state, the

Legislature made an appropriation of \$10,000 to aid in the immediate opening and maintenance of the school.

The law under which these schools are organized provides that "The exclusive purpose of each normal school shall be the instruction and training of persons both male and female in the theory and art of teaching, and in all the various branches that pertain to a good common school education, and in all subjects needful to qualify for teaching in the public schools; also to give instruction in the fundamennal laws of the United States and of this State, and in what regards the rights and duties of citizens.

REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO THE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Tuition is free to all students who are admitted to these normal schools under the following regulations of the Board of Regents.

- 1. Each assembly district in the State shall be entitled to eight representatives in the normal schools, and in case vacancies exist in the representation to which any assembly district is entitled, such vacancies may be filled by the president and secretary of the Board of Regents.
- 2. Candidates for admission shall be nominated by the superintendent of the county (or if the county superintendent has not jurisdiction, then the nomination shall be made by the city superintendent), in which such candidate may reside, and shall be at least sixteen years of age, of sound bodily health, and good moral character. Each person so nominated shall receive a certificate setting forth the name, age, health and character, and a duplicate of such certificate shall be immediately sent by mall, by the superintendent to the secretary of the board.
- 3. Upon the presentation of such certificate to the president of a normal school, the candidate shall be examined under the direction of said president in the branches required by law for a third grade certificate, except history, theory and practice of teaching, and if found qualified to enter the normal school in respect to learning, he may be admitted after furnishing such evidence as the president may require of good health and good moral character, and after subscribing to the following declaration:
- I, ———, do hereby declare that my purpose in entering this State Normal School is to fit myself for the profession of teaching, and that it is my intention to engage in teaching in the schools of the State.
- 4. No person shall be entitled to a diploma who has not been a member of the school in which such diploma is granted, at least one year, nor who is less than nineteen years of age; a certificate of attendance may be granted by the president of a normal school to any person who shall have been a member of such school for one term, provided, that in his judgment, such certificate is deserved.

As an addition to the work of the normal schools, the Board of Regents are authorized to expend a sum not exceeding \$5,000 annually, to sustain teacher's institutes, and may employ an agent for that purpose. Institutes are regarded as important auxiliaries and feeders to the normal schools. At present one professor from each normal school is employed in conducting institutes every spring and fall.

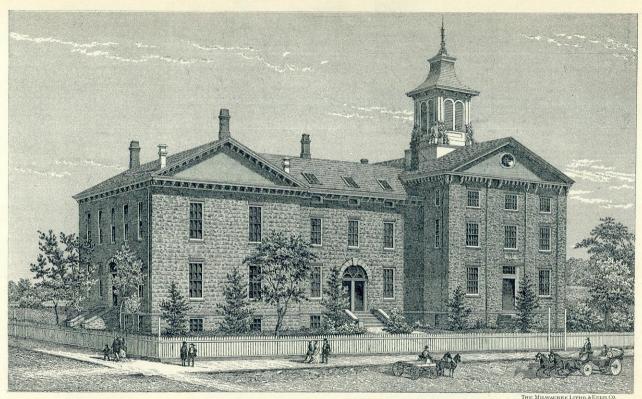
The productive Normal School Fund now amounts to \$1,458,693.58, and yielded an income of \$111,140.81 in 1888. It will be increased by the further sale of swamp lands, and will prove ample for the objects for which it is set apart. The fund for the support of normal schools is further increased by amount received for tuition in model schools and preparatory departments, and for book rents (\$13,000.55 in 1888), and by annual appropriation (\$10,000) to aid in maintaining the school in city of Milwaukee.

ENROLLMENT.

The number of pupils in attendance during the past year at all of the normal schools in the State is as follows:

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.		MODEL DEPARTMENT.	
Platteville	167 303 333	Oshkosh River Falls Platteville Whitewater Milwaukee	155 137 111
Total in all departments			081





STATE NORMAL SCHOOL9PLATTEVILLE

PLATTEVILLE SCHOOL.

DUNCAN McGREGOR,

PRESIDENT.

This school was established by the Board of Regents of Normal Schools, by virtue of power conferred by Chapter 216, General Laws of 1866. On the 28th of February, 1866, the Board, after considering the several proposals for the establishment of the Normal Schools voted to locate one of them at Platteville. Accordingly the building and grounds of the Platteville Academy having been donated to the State and accepted by the Board, the school was opened on the 9th day of October, in the same year. As the capacity of the building proved insufficient to meet the wants of the school, the Board proceeded to the erection of a new and commodious structure, which was dedicated on the 9th day of September, 1868.

Since the opening of the school about 1,800 students have been enrolled in the Normal Department. The Graduates in the full course number 169, a large proportion of whom are

Platteville is a city of about 3,000 inhabitants, pleasantly situated on the rolling ground between the Platte and Sinsinawa Mounds, in the midst of a fine agricultural region. The location is eminently healthful, the community is an enterprising and moral one, and is deeply interested in the success and prosperity of the school. Students will find but few temptations to idleness or dissipation, but on the other hand will meet with every encouragement to faithful work and upright conduct.

Platteville is the terminus of the Platteville branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, connecting with the Illinois Central railroad at Warren. It is reached from the north and south by the Chicago & Northwestern railroad. It has also connection with all points on the new line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. Stages run daily to and from Lancaster and East Dubuque.

The building is a spacious stone edifice, centrally located, and on the highest ground within the city limits. A very important addition to the building has lately been erected. This gives six additional recitation rooms, and a room for a Kindergarten Department. The appliances for heating and ventilation have also been recently re-arranged and improved.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.	MODEL DEPARTMENT.
Post Graduates	Grammar Grade
200	440

CALENDAR, 1888-89.

Fall Term, 1888—From Wednesday, August 29, to Friday, November 30. Winter Term, 1888—From Tuesday, December 4, to Friday, March 22, 1889. Spring Term, 1889—From Tuesday, April 2, to Thursday, June 20.

WHITEWATER SCHOOL.

ALBERT SALISBURY.

PRESIDENT.

This institution is located at Whitewater, on the Prairie du Chien division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, fifty miles southwest of Milwaukee, and forty-five southeast of Madison, the capital of Wisconsin. Whitewater is but thirteen miles from the junction of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway with the Prairie du Chien division. It is easy of access, and is one of the most pleasant and healthful towns in the Northwest.

The school edifice is of cream-colored brick and of a pleasing style of architecture. The main building is 108 by 67 feet, with an extension, or wing, 89 by 46 feet. The entire structure is three stories high above the basement, and is heated with eleven hot air furnaces, with liberal provision for ventilation.

The grounds embrace an area of ten acres in an elevated position, overlooking the surrounding country for many miles. They have been handsomely laid out with walks and lawns, and are ornamented with trees, shrubbery and flowers.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.		MODEL DEPARTMENT.	
Senior year Junior year Elementary Second year First year Special Preparatory	26 64 169	Primary.	27 38 46 111
Total enrollment	333	•••••	444

CALENDAR FOR 1888-89.

The school year is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and new classes are formed at the commencement and middle of each term.

First Term — Examination for admission begins Tuesday, August 28, 1888. Term begins Wednesday, August 29. Second half term begins Monday, November 5. Holiday recess begins Saturday, December 22. Session resumed Wednesday, January 2, 1889. First term ends Friday, January 18.

Second Term—Examination for admission begins Monday, January 21, 1889. Term begins Tuesday, January 22. Spring recess begins Saturday, March 30. Session begins Tuesday, April 9. Commencement Day, Wednesday June 19.

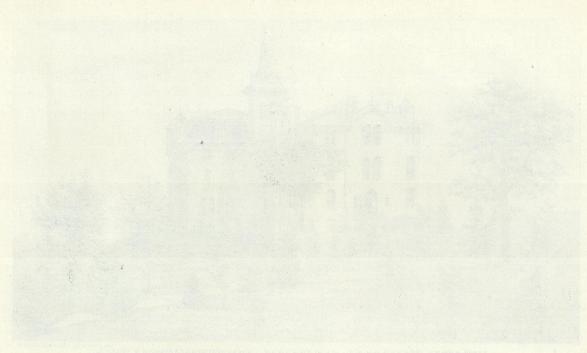
MODEL DEPARTMENT.

First term begins Wednesday, August 29, 1888. Second term begins Tuesday, January 22, 1889.

First term of 1883-89 — Examination for admission begins Tuesday, August 23, 1888. Term begins Wednesday. August 29, 1888.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, WELLEWATER, WIS.



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STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, DEHELDER.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, OSHKOSH.

OSHKOSH SCHOOL.

GEORGE S. ALBEE,

PRESIDENT.

This school, established as third in the State system of Normal Instruction, was formally dedicated to its work, and classes organized, in September, 1871.

The school building, spacious and tasteful in its proportions, is built with careful regard for comfort and convenience. Whatever could be done to gratify and cultivate taste has been observed in the decorations of the rooms, and the adornment of the spacious grounds-

Oshkosh is one of the most conveniently accessible points in the State, since many of the lines of railroad and river steamers intersect at or near the city. The counties containing three-fourths of the population of the State are within six hours' ride.

The healthful and invigorating climate enables the student to endure severe study with comparative ease.

The thoroughly organized school system of the city, together with the extensive and varied manufactures, afford ample opportunity for the practical observation which the student so much needs and rarely obtains.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT.

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.	MODEL DEPARTMENT.
Post graduate	
Total enrollment	

CALENDAR, 1888-89.

First Quarter—Entrance examination, Tuesday, September 4, 1888. School opens Wednesday, September 5, 1888.

Second Quarter — Entrance examination, Monday, November 5, 1888.

Third Quarter — Extra examination Monday, February 1, 1889. School closes April 2. Fourth Quarter — Entrance examination, Tuesday, April 6. School organized Wednesday, April 7. School year closes June 25.

RIVER FALLS SCHOOL.

W. D. PARKER,

PRESIDENT.

This school was established in 1875 at River Falls, Pierce county, on a branch of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad, twelve miles southeast of Hudson. By railway there is daily communication with Ellsworth, the county seat of Pierce county, and by state tri-weekly with Prescott, at the junction of the St. Croix with the Mississippi river. The valley of the St. Croix is noted for its fertility of soil, picturesque scenery and salubrity of climate. River Falls is situated upon the Kinnickinnick river, at a point where successive and large falls occur in the stream as it passes between high banks, affording extensive natural water power, rapidly being utilized for manufacturing purposes. The natural features, combined with the intelligence, thrift and character of the population, make it an unusually desirable location for a school of this kind.

The school building is large, admirably designed for the purpose of a Normal school, with the reputation of having the most perfect heating and ventilating apparatus of any school building in the State.

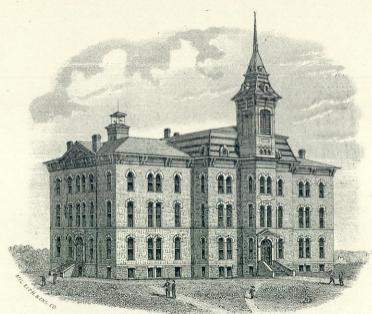
The school is organized with normal and preparatory departments, and a model department of three grades. Extensive illustrative apparatus, literary societies, and text, reference and miscellaneous book libraries, together with professional instruction, and practice teaching under careful supervision, combine to confer rare facilities for successfully prosecuting the work of a training school for teachers.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT, 1888-89.

Normal	100
Preparatory	107
Grammar	46
Intermediate	28
Primary	50
Total enrollment	
Total Chi offincho	322

CALENDAR, 1888-89.

First term, 1888, from August 20 to December 21. Second term, 1889, from January 7 to March 22. Third term, 1889, from April 1 to June 14.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, RIVER FALLS.



BULLY REVIS, ROOM BLAKERY STATS



SHINDE RADIONAL SECONDELLAND DE LE DELLA SECONDELLA SEC



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE SCHOOL.

J. J. MAPEL,

PRESIDENT.

The Wisconsin State Normal School located in Milwaukee was authorized by an act of the legislature passed in 1880. The grounds and building, provided by the city of Milwaukee at an expense of fifty-three thousand dollars, were presented to the state in May, 1885, and were accepted by the Board of Regents June 4th of the same year. The school was formally opened the 14th day of September following. The attendance during the year reached forty-six in the normal and one hundred and twelve in the model school. By action of the Board of Regents, the course of study was fixed for two years, corresponding with the last two years of the full course in other Normal schools, except that the professional work must equal that provided in the four years at other Normal schools. The terms of admission prescribed are:

a. By certificate of having completed the first three years of one of the existing courses of study in the high school at Milwaukee, excepting trigonometry; b, by elementary certificate from any Normal school in Wisconsin; c, by diploma from such free high schools in Wisconsin as have adopted the four years' English and scientific course of study prescribed by the State Superintendent for such schools; d, by examination in the branches in the last mentioned course, except that English history be substituted for Theory and Art of Teaching.

Credit is given for the work done in colleges or State University, provided on examination the applicant is found qualified to undertake the strictly professional work of the school. The character of the work done is such as to offer special aid to teachers who desire to review the common branches, or to study the theories and the philosophy of education.

There is no preparatory department connected with the school, nor can persons here obtain what is called the elementary training of other Normal schools. In establishing this school it was thought such training could be obtained in the high schools of the state; and, in cutting off the elementary course now existing in the other normal schools, it was the intention to encourage the high schools to prepare for the Normal schools and at the same time to enphasize the importance of sound academic training before beginning professional work.

SUMMARY OF ENROLLMENT.

Normal Grammar Internediate Primary	40
Primary	

CALENDAR, 1888-89.

First Semester.—Entrance examination, Tuesday, September 4, 1888. School organized Wednesday, September 5. Holiday vacation begins Friday, December 21. Session resumed Wednesday, January 2, 1889.

SECOND SEMESTER.—Opens Monday, January 28, 1889. Vacation one week at Easter. Closes with graduating exercises June 18.

MODEL DEPARTMENT.

FIRST TERM.—Begins Tuesday, September 4, 1888. SECOND TERM. - Begins Monday, January 28, 1889.

CHARITABLE, REFORMATORY AND PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

STATE BOARD OF CHARITIES AND REFORM.

GEO S GRAVES	Term expires April 1, 1894	
OLO. S. GRAVES		Fairchild
ETDAM II GIT IIG	Term expires April 1, 1890.	
HIRAM H. GILES		.Madisor
ELIZARETH R FAIDDANIZC	Term expires April 1, 1890.	r:11_
EDINADETH B. FAIRDANKS		inwaukee
HIII T 1 1 2 H D D D D	Term expires April 1, 1892.	
WILLIAM W. REED	W	Jefferson
ANDREW E FLMORE	Term expires April 1, 1893.	TT
		. noward

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

ANDREW E. ELMORE,
PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM W. REED, VICE-PRESIDENT.

ALBERT O. WRIGHT, SECRETARY.

JAMES FIELDING, MESSENGER.

The State Board of Charities and Reform have general supervision of the subjects of insanity, pauperism, crime, and the defective classes. All the charitable, penal and reformatory institutions in Wisconsin whether state, county, municipal or private, and all other methods used to distribute charity are under the general supervision of this board. The general powers of the board over these institutions may be expressed in these words: inspection, recommendation, report. For these purposes they have full power, but changes recommended by them can only be made by the officer or board in charge of the several institutions, or by the legislature.

In the case of the chronic insane, however, the State Board of Charities and Reform possess two additional powers, which give them almost complete control of this subject. One is their power of authorizing county asylums for the chronic insane, and certifying or refusing to certify to the annual bills from counties for their care of chronic insane, according as they have been properly cared for or not. The other is the power of transferring insane, who are improperly treated in any institution to one where they will be well treated. These powers have not been allowed to become a dead letter. There are now

seventeen county asylums for the chronic insane, with a capacity of 1,465, including one just opened.

The State Board of Charities and Reform also have power to condemn jails in certain cases; and all plans for jails, poorhouses and county asylums must be submitted to them.

The board are required by law to visit each of the seventeen county asylums for the chronic insane at least once in every three months, and in many cases do visit them much oftener. They visit each of the seven state institutions, and three semi-state institutions as often as possible; usually several times each year, and each of the forty-eight poorhouses and sixty-seven jails at least once a year. They also visit once a year the forty-eight portions are the forty-eight points of the police stations and lockups in the state, of which there are over one hundred and fifty

NUMBER OF INSANE UNDER PUBLIC CARE.

September 30, in each of the following years.

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.
In State Hospital	487 512 255	463 564 285 197	469 596 320 498	614 288	508 622 287 780	669 324	507 652 334 1,193	478 609 338 1,389
Total in hospitals and asylums	1,254	1,509	1,883	2,047	2, 197	2,452	2,686	2,814
In poorhouses In jails. Boarded out	385 60 74	288 52 44		26	122 18 33	104 16 38	34 7 28	30 6 24
Total not in appropriate institutions	519	384	192	191	173	154	69	60
Total under public care	1,773	1,893	2,075	2,238	2,370	2,610	2,755	2,874

AMOUNTS RECEIVED BY COUNTIES FOR CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE.

Counties.	For year ending Sept. 30, '82.	For year ending Sept. 30, '83.	For year ending Sept. 30, '84.	ending	ending	Total.
Brown		\$1,962 21	\$2,992 50			\$16,423 57
Columbia		1,650 85				13, 103 30
Dane		2,953 50	8,763 10			34,762 25
Dodge			6,822 27	8,929 55		27,654 56
Fond du Lac					2,482 62	2,482 62
Grant	ļ .	1,885 76				22,795 49
Green		1,522.50				10,436 43
Jefferson	2,113 70	3,017 14	3,960 21			
Manitowoc				2,697 00		9,840 35
Rock	2,076 43					25, 185 87
Sheboygan		3,280 50		4,851 22	6,474 59	19,375 23
Walworth		2,723 79	2,970 42	2,954 57	5,378 72	16,303 86
Winnebago	1,798 29	2, 265 21	3, 133 55	3,678 32	6,302 26	17,177 63
Totals	\$10,430 34	\$26,766 06	\$49,593 70	\$65, 197 36	\$85,594 32	\$237, 481 78

AMOUNTS RECEIVED BY COUNTIES FOR CARE OF CHRONIC INSANE.—Concluded.

Counties.	Total from Sept. 30, '82, to Sept. 30, '86.	For year ending Sept. 30, '87.	For year ending Sept. 30, '88.	Total.
Brown Columbia Dane Dodge Fond du Lac Grant Green Iowa Jefferson La Crosse Manitowoe Rock Sauk Sheboygan Walworth Winnebago	18, 108 30 34, 762 25 27, 654 56 2, 482 62 22, 795 49 10, 436 43 21, 940 62 25, 185 87 19, 375 23 16, 303 86	4, 329 29 10, 637 19 10, 290 30 14, 827 54 10, 943 35 3, 473 07 4, 758 48 8, 503 94 10, 015 12 7, 277 86 3, 310 03 6, 520 03 7, 412 16	4, 688 88 9, 446 98 10, 089 48 10, 255 48 12, 306 08 3, 466 42 12, 043 53 8, 965 89 7, 782 94 10, 751 74 7, 213 78 5, 026 25 7, 408 37 7, 223 81	22, 070 97 54, 846 42 48, 034 34 17, 565 64 46, 044 92 16, 802 01 39, 410 45 7, 782 94 30, 607 21 39, 677 51
Total		\$107,163 68		

STATE BOARD OF SUPERVISION.

INSTITUTIONS UNDER ITS CHARGE.

Northern Hospital for the Ins State Public School School for the Deaf School for the Blind Industrial School for Boys	sane	Winnebago Sparta Delavan Janesville Waukesha
	MEMBERS.	•
	Term Expires May 31, 1889.	
CHARLES D. PARKER	Term Expires May 31, 1890.	River Falls
MICHOLAS SMITH		Janesville
LEWIS A. PROCTOR	Term Expires May 31, 1891.	Milwaukee
	Term Expires May 31, 1892.	
	Term Expires May 31, 1893.	
WILLIAM T. PARRY		Portage

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

CHARLES LULING,

NICHOLAS SMITH, VICE-PRESIDENT.

DAVID S. COMLY,

GUY C. PIERCE,

The State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions was established by Chapter 298, of the Laws of 1881, superseding the several local boards of trustees by which these institutions had been governed since their organization. The Board consists of five members, who are appointed by the Governor, subject to the approval of the Senate, for a term of five years. They are required to devote their entire time to their official duties, and receive each a salary of two thousand dollars per annum, and are repaid their actual disbursements made in the discharge of their duties. They also employ a secretary, at a salary not exceeding two thousand dollars por annum. All their salaries and expenses are paid from the appropriations made by the Legislature for the support of the institutions, and are added to and reported as a part of the current expense of their maintenance. The law establishing the Board provides:

Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners of lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any lunatic hospital or asylum, public or private, or restrained of his liberty by reason of alleged insanity, at any place within this State, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in its opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or management thereof; to send for books and papers; summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses; and conduct at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as it shall seem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such Board or any member thereof, by any inmate, employe, or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference.

therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

Section 9. The duties of such board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb; and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, grounds and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith, and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-law, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of the said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted.

8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens.

9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superintendent, one assistant physician, a matron, a steward, and a treasurer; and for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, a treasurer, and all necessary teachers; for the State Prison, a warden, a steward and a treasurer, who shall be the officers of said institutions respectively, and whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus and means of instruction for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks, and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

Section 10. Said board may employ a secretary, who shall be a competent and experienced book-keeper, and such assistant book-keeper or clerk as may be necessary. The secretary shall keep the books, records and accounts of the board, under such rules and regulations as the board may prescribe. He shall keep a clear, distinct and separate book account with all the several departments of the several institutions, including all items purchased or sold on account thereof, and the products thereof, with an estimate of the value of all such products, in such manner as to always show the relative cost and expenditure on account of each such department, and the income thereof; and in case the income or profits of any one department shall be made to contribute to the income or support of any other department of any such institution, the same shall be made to appear upon the books of such board.

The following tables show the average population, the total and per capita cost for current expenses and the movements of population at the several institutions for the biennial period ending September 30, 1888:

AVERAGE POPULATION AND COST.

					I	. 1	777 l-1:	
	Total	Aver Popul	age ation.	Yearly c	ost per ita.	per ca	pita.	
Institutions.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.
State Hospital for the Insane	112,076 02 35,515 30 19,630 52 45,583 12 59,325 53	20, 365 41 49, 104 25 61, 073 85	650 198 73 334 448	634 206 84 359 441	179 37 268 91 136 48 132 42	197 51 182 57 242 45 136 78 138 49	3 32 3 46 5 14 2 02 2 55	3 51 4 66 2 63 2 66
Total for all institu		\$406,655 7	2,28	2,31	\$165 68	\$175 30	\$3 19	\$3 37

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION.

MOVEMENT OF TOTOLISTIC															
		1		State Hosp Northern tal.		School for the		School for the		Industrial School	1		State Prison.	State Public	
	1887	1888	1887	1888	1887	1888	1887	1888	1887	1888	1887	1888	1887	1888	
No. present or enrolled Octo- tober 1, 1886-87 Admitted during the year	531 252	507 285	669 337	652 360	190 54	202 57	73 20		136	340 143	184	211	137	112 164	
Total	783	792	1006	1012	244	259	93	101	461	483	634	639	137	276	
Indentured and on trial. Returned to counties. Died Escaped Discharged, recovered Discharged, unimproved Discharged, not insane Graduated Transferred to hospital Released conditionally Sentence expired or reduce Absent or dropped from ro Honorably discharged Transferred to State Publ School Transferred to Industri School No. present or enrolled Average for the year	70 64 113 dd dl	87 4°	7 78 68	103 118 12	10 2	02 1	8	85	85 3	4 8 9 1	10	1	3	1 3 (7 184 67 116	

It appears from these tables that 4,594 different persons were cared for in the several state institutions, for a longer or shorter term during the past two years, and that the cost for each averaged less than \$200, that the daily average number of immates was 2,304, and the average annual cost for each was \$170.49, the total cost for the two years being \$785,277.57.

Two thousand four hundred and thirty-four persons were treated in the Hospitals for the Insane, of whom 335 fully recovered, and 404 were discharged much improved. In the four schools instruction has been furnished to 1,315 youths, many of whom from physical or other disability, could not be elsewhere taught, and the prison has afforded protection to society by restraining 845 prisoners.

WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

S. B. BUCKMASTER, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT.

C. E. ARMSTRONG, M. D., E. P. TAYLOR, M. D.,
ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS.

S. J. M. PUTNAM, STEWARD.

LUDVIG EILERTSEN, ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS ELIZABETH WHITEHEAD,
MATRON.

M. C. CLARKE, TREASURER.

The Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, located at Mendota, near Madison, was opened for patients in July, 1860. Two years later, one longitudinal and one tranverse wing on the west side were completed, since which time other additions have been made. The entire length of the hospital building is 569 feet, the center building being 65x120 feet. The first longitudinal wing on each side of the center is 132 feet, and the last on each extremity is 119 feet. The traverse wings are 87 feet long. This commodious building is surrounded by ornamental grounds, woods and farming lands, to the extent of 497 acres, and is well adapted for the care of the unfortunates needing its protection. The hospital will now accommodate comfortably 520 patients.

J. Edwards Lee, M. D., was the first medical superintendent, having been elected by the first board of trustees on the 22d of June, 1859, and the furniture and furnishing of the center building and first wing, and arrangements for the reception of patients, were conducted under his supervision.

The second board of trustees, organized April 10, 1860, and on the 22d of May following, appointed John P. Clement, M. D., to supersede Dr. Lee as superintendent, and in June, 1860, Mrs. Mary C. Halliday was appointed matron. The first patient was admitted July 14, 1860.

Dr. Clement resigned January 1, 1864, and from that time until April 20, the hospital was in charge of John W. Sawyer, M. D., assistant physician, when A. H. Van Norstrand, M. D., was elected superintendent.

Dr Van Norstrand resigned June 6, 1868, and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D.

Dr. McDill resigned in October, 1872, and on the 29th of April, 1873, Mark Ranney, M. D., was appointed superintendent, and entered upon his duties July 23.



WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, MENDOTA.

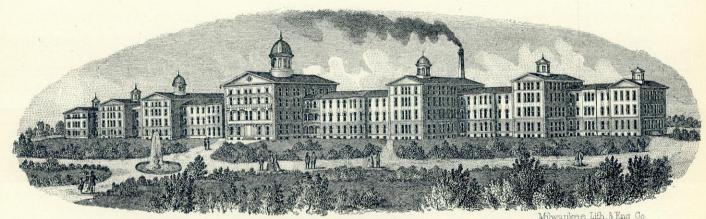
(NEAR MADISON.)



WISCONSIN STATE HOSPINA POR THE INSLEE, MENDOTA



NORTHERN WISHONSEN TROUBLE FOR THE INSTANT.



NORTHERN WISCONSIN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE,

NEAR OSHKOSH.

Dr. Ranney resigned and was succeeded by A. S. McDill, M. D., in April, 1875. Dr. McDill was removed by death November 12, 1875.

D. F. Boughton, M. D., who had served a number of years as assistant physician in the hospital, was chosen to fill the vacancy occasioned by Dr. McDill's death, and he held that position until July 1, 1881.

Dr. R. M. Wigginton, of Watertown, was chosen his successor by the Board of Supervision, July 1, 1881, and having been elected to be superintendent of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, was succeeded by Dr. S. B. Buckmaster, July 1, 1884.

There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to October 1, 1888, for real estate buildings, improvements, repairs, and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$2,898,568.02.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital July 14, 1860	4,90	01
Discharged recovered	1.377	
Discharged improved Discharged unimproved Discharged not insane	4	
Dised Under treatment September 30, 1888.	660	
Under treatment September 30, 1000	4,9	01

The average number of patients in the hospital the past year has been 479, as against 516 the previous year, and the current expenses \$93, 154.83, as against \$95, 213.15.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES E. BOOTH, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT.

ADOLPH ROOS. M. D., C. W. MORE, M. D.,
ASSISTANT PHYSICIANS.

FRANK E. GROVE, STEWARD.

HENRY DEHDE,
ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS KATE HALE,

M. C. CLARKE, TREASURER.

In 1870 a law was passed authorizing an additional hospital for the insane. After an examination of several sites in different parts of the State by a commission appointed for that purpose, choice was made of the location offered by the citizens of Oshkosh, consisting of 337 acres of land, about four miles north of the city, on the west shore of Lake Winnebago. The necessary appropriations were made, and the north wing and central building were completed and opened for the admission of patients in 1873. Further appropriations were made from time to time for additional wings, and in 1875 the hospital was completed according to the original design, at a total cost to the State of six hundred and

,

twenty-five thousand, two hundred and fifty dollars. Since that time some additional land has been purchased, the original buildings modified, and others erected. This hospital will now, without crowding suitably accommodate 650 patients.

In December, 1873, Dr. Walter Kempster, of Utica, New York, was elected superintendent and continued to act as such by successive re-elections, until the close of the term ending July 1, 1884, when he was succeeded by Dr. R. M. Wiggington, who had had several years experience as assistant and superintendent at the State Hospital for the Insane, near Madison. Upon the close of the official year, July 1, 1887, Dr. Walter Kempster was again elected superintendent, but, after serving three months, he resigned the position, and Dr. Charles E. Booth, of Elroy, Wis., was elected his successor.

There has been paid from the State treasury up to October 1, 1888, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the hospital, in all the sum of \$2,308,365.35.

Whole number of patients admitted since the opening of the hospital, April 21, 1873	2 2/2
Discharged recovered	0,010
Discharged improved 1 000	
Discharged unimproved	
Discharged not insane	
Died	
Under treatment September 30, 1888	
	3,843

The average number of patients in the hospital the past year has been 634 as against 650 the previous year, and the current expenses \$125,219.62 as against \$112,076.02.

£

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

OFFICERS.

JOHN W. SWILER, A. M., SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

> EDGAR D. FISKE, ASSISTANT STEWARD.

MISS SARAH D. GIBSON, MATRON.

> S. B. O'NEAL, BOY'S SUPERVISOR.

MRS. ELLEN L. McLEAN, GIRL'S SUPERVISOR AND ASSISTANT MATROM.

MISS EMILY EDDY, MISS ALLIE I. HOBART, MISS ELSIE M. STEINKE, TEACHERS OF ARTICULATION.

> MISS EVA L. CUTLER, TEACHER OF PAINTING, DRAWING AND PENMANSHIP.

W. A. COCHRANE, B. F. BENSTED, JAMES J. MURPHY, W. F. GRAY, WARREN ROBINSON,

MISS ELIZABETH BRIGHT, MRS. ELEANOR McCOY, MRS. MARY H. FISKE, MISS ANNE M. GRAY,

MISS IVA C. PEARCE,

TEACHERS LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

JOHN BEAMSLEY, FOREMAN SHOE SHOP.

DANIEL E. LEE, FOREMAN OF CABINET SHOP.

CHARLES E. BADGER, FOREMAN OF PRINTING OFFICE.

> GEORGE BAKER, FOREMAN OF BAKERY.

> > M. C. CLARKE, TREASURER.

This institution is located at Delavan, Walworth county, on the Southwestern division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, sixty miles from Milwaukee. The land first occupied, comprising 11 46-100 acres, was donated by Hon. F. K. Phœnix, one of the first trustees, but the original boundaries have since been enlarged by the purchase of twentytwo acres. The main building was burned to the ground on the 16th of September, 1879; but during the year 1880 four new buildings were erected, and with the increased facilities provided, 250 children may be well cared for.

The new buildings are a school house, boys' dormitory, dining room and chapel, with a main or administration building. These buildings are plain, neat, substantial structures and well fitted for the uses intended.

The institution was originally a private school for the deaf, but was incorporated by act of the Legislature, April 19, 1852, and it is now maintained by the State of Wisconsin for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools. It has three departments:

First - The school, in which the pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history, natural science and drawing. Instruction in lip-reading and oral speech is given to semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes.

Second - The shops, where the pupils are taught printing, cabinet-making and shoemaking.

Third—The domestic department, in which they discharge various household duties, and learn baking and sewing.

The law provides that all deaf and dumb residents of this state, of proper age and suitable capacity to receive instruction, shall be received and taught free of charge. The regular course of instruction occupies about eight years. The latest and most popular text-books, globes, maps, charts, etc.,—so far as they are adapted to deaf-mute instruction,—are employed. Articulation and lip-reading are taught by ladies of skill and experience with very gratifying results.

The day is divided into hours for labor, study, and recreation, with the design of securing habits of industry and of promoting health as well as intellectual and moral development. No leave of absence is granted during the term, except in cases of sickness or extreme necessity.

Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to pay traveling and incidental expenses, and to provide clothing, a sufficient supply of which should be furnished at the beginning of the school year, or sent by express as needed.

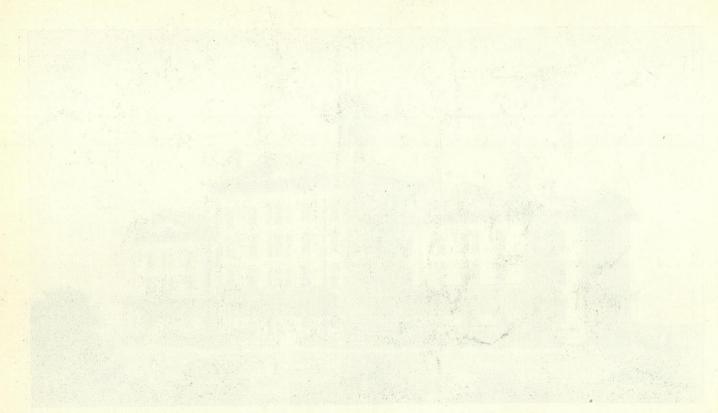
Candidates for admission should not be under eight or more than twenty years of age, of sound moral principles and good physical health. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children are not received.

The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September, and continues forty weeks. The Summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution.

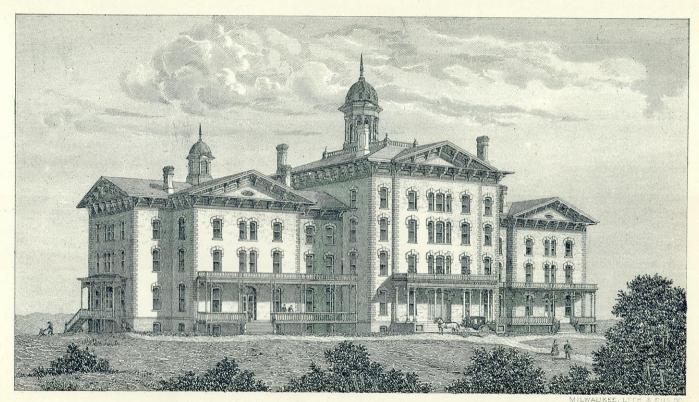
There has been paid from the State Treasury, up to October 1, 1888, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repaars and current expenses of the school, in all the sum of 61, 110, 692.47.

The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school in 1852, is 863, of whom 192 were in attendance September 30, 1888.

The average number of pupils the past year was 206, as against 198 the previous year; and the current expenses \$37,609.29, as against \$35,515.30.



OLD FAR TAKEN THE LEFT OF STORE IN



SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND, JANESVILLE.

SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

OFFICERS.

MRS. SARAH C. LITTLE, A. M., SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

MISS LIZZIE J. CURTISS.

MATRON.

MISS S. AUGUSTA WATSON, MISS EMMA M. WILLIAMS, FRED. B. MAXWELL,
MISS CLARA Y. MORSE (Kindergartner).

TEACHERS IN LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

MRS. J. H. JONES,

MISS OTELIA G. RUSTAD,

TEACHERS IN MUSICAL DEPARTMENT.

MISS ANGIE B. McKIBBEN,

MRS. ELLEN HANSON,

JOSEPH PRESTON, TEACHERS IN INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENT.

M. C. CLARKE,

This is the first charitable institution established by the State. A school for the blind had been opened at Janesville, in the latter part of 1849, which received its support from the citizens of that place and vicinity. At the next session of the Legislature it was adopted by the State, by an act approved February 9, 1850. On October 7, 1850, it was opened for the reception of pupils under the direction of the board of trustees appointed by the Governor. It occupied rented rooms until June 1, 1852, when it was removed to a building erected for its use at a cost of about \$3,000. The lot of ten acres had been donated by the owners, and now forms a part of the grounds, forty acres in extent, belonging to the institution. This building was so arranged as to admit of becoming the wing of a larger one, which was commenced in 1854 and fully completed in 1859. In 1864-5, a brick building was erected for a shop and other purposes. The foundation of the wing first built proved defective, and in 1867 that portion of the building had to be taken down. The next year work was begun on an extension which should replace the demolished portion and afford room for the growth of the school. That was completed in 1870, and the value of the buildings, grounds and personal property belonging to the institution were estimated at \$182,000. On the 13th of April, 1874, the building was destroyed by fire, and at the ensuing session of the Legislature an appropriation of \$56,000 was made for the erection of a wing of a new building on the old site, but on a somewhat different plan; and in 1876 a further appropriation of \$90,000 was made for rebuilding the main structure.

The school was not allowed to close on account of the fire. Suitable accommodations were procured for the pupils by the board of trustees in the city of Janesville, where at some disadvantage, the work of the Institution was carried on until January 1, 1876, when the wing of the new building was ready for occupancy. The main structure has since been completed. It is designed to accommodate one hundred pupils, the same number as the building destroyed in 1874. The exterior is plainer than in the former structure, but a considerable sum has been expended in fire-proofing and in laying solid foundations under the main building. It is now believed to be practically fire-proof.

The object of the Institution as declared by law is, "to qualify, as far as may be," the blind "for the enjoyment of the blessings of a free government, obtaining the means of subsistence and the discharge of those duties, social and political, devolving upon American citizens." The Institution is therefore neither a hospital nor an asylum, but a school, into which blind persons residing in Wisconsin, "of suitable age and capacity to receive instruction," are admitted for education. For the purposes of the Institution, those persons are regarded as blind who are shut out from the benefits of the common schools by deficiency of sight. Pupils are regularly received who are between the ages of eight and twenty-one years. In occasional instances others have been admitted. Tuition and board during the

school year are furnished by the state without charge, but parents and guardians are expected to provide clothing, traveling expenses, and a home during the summer vacation. The school year commences on the second Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks.

The operations of the school fall naturally into three departments. In one, instruction is given in the subjects usually taught in the common schools. Some use is made of books printed in raised letters; but instruction is mostly given orally. In another department musical training, vocal, instrumental and theoretical, is imparted to an extent sufficient to furnish to most an important source of enjoyment, and to some the means of support. These two departments were opened at the commencement of the school, and have been ever since maintained. A little later the third department was opened, in which, weaving, seating cane-bottomed chairs, sewing, knitting, and various kinds of fancy work are systematically taught. The "Kindergarten" was established in 1883 and proves a most valuable adjunct to all the departments.

The care exercised over the pupils of this Institution, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed course of study abundantly attest.

There has been paid from the state treasury up to October 1, 1888, for real estate, building, improvements, repairs and current expenses of the school, in all the sum of \$874,840.78. The whole number of pupils under instruction from the opening of the school, October 7,

1850, is 419, of whom 85 were in attendance September 30, 1888.

The average number of pupils the past year was 84 as against 73 the previous year, and the current expenses \$20,365.41, as against \$19,630.52.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM H. SLEEP, SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

MARTIN MADSON, ASSISTANT STEWARD.

M. C. CLARKE, TREASURER.

EPHRAIM DIXON, PRINCIPAL TEACHER.

8. P. GILMORE, LEON WARD, J. E. SUTTON, MISS GERTRUDE BUSH, MISS HANNAH KINGS, MRS. A. E. MCILROY.

TEACHERS LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

A. C. GOYETTE, Foreman Shoe Shop.

JOSEPH HAM, Foreman Bakery. D. G. WOODWARD,
Foreman Tailor Shop.
EDWARD JAMES,
Foreman Carpenter Shop.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is situated about three-fourths of a mile west of the railroad depots in the village of Waukesha, the county seat of Waukesha county.

It was organized as a house of refuge, and opened in 1860. The name was afterward changed to "State Reform School," and again to "Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys," its present title. The buildings are located on the southern bank of Fox river, in view of the trains as they pass to and from Milwaukee and Madison, presenting an attractive sight to the traveling public, and furnishing good evidence of the parental care of the State authorities for the juvenile wards within its borders.

The buildings include a main central edifice, three stories high, used for the residence of the superintendent's family, office, chapel, school rooms, reading room and library, officers kitchen, dining and lodging rooms, furnace room and cellar.

On the east of the main central building are three family buildings, three stories higher each with a dining hall, play room, bath room, dressing room, hospital room, officers' rooms, dormitory and store room,

On the west of the main central building are four family buildings like those on the east in all respects, with the exception of the building at the west end of this line, which is a wooden building with a stone basement.

In the rear of this line of buildings is the shop building. 38x258 feet, three stories high, which embraces boot factory, sock and knitting factory, tailor shop, carpenter shop, engineroom, laundry and steam drying room, bath rooms, store, store rooms, bakery and celler; the correction house, 44x80 feet (intended for the most refractory boys), and a double family building 38x117 feet for the accommodation of two families of boys, 50 each.

There is on the farm, which consists of 377 acres of land, a comfortable house, a stone carriage and horse barn, two stories high, built in the most substantial manner, two convenient wooden barns, with sheds for cattle, wagons and farm machinery, and cellars for

The total amount paid from the State Treasury up to October 1, 1888, for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses, is \$1,248,903.79.

The whole number of commitments since the opening of the school, August 3, 1860, is 2,659, of whom 376 were present September 30, 1888.

The average number of boys during the past year was 359, as against 334 the previous year, and the current expenses were \$49,104.25 as against \$45,583.12.

STATE PRISON.

OFFICERS.

GEORGE W. CARTER, WARDEN AND STEWARD.

A. A. LOPER, DEPUTY WARDEN.

JACOB FUSS, CLERK.

REV. VICTOR KUTCHIN, M. D., CHAPLAIN AND PHYSICIAN.

> REV. E. ALLEN, CHAPLAIN, CATHOLIC.

MISS PHŒBE C. GRIDER, MATRON.

> M. C. CLARKE, TREASURER.

The State Prison was located in Waupun in July, 1851, by Messrs. John Bullen, John Taylor and A. W. Worth, who were appointed commissioners to determine such location under a law enacted that year. A contract was at once entered into for the construction of a temporary prison; in 1853 the contract was let for the mason work upon the south wing of the prison; and additions have been made from time to time since that date.

From March 28, 1853, to January 4, 1874, the office of State Prison Commissioner was an elective office, the Commissioner having full control of the management of the prison.

From January 4, 1874, to June 1, 1881, the management was in the hands of three directors appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. In place of a Commissioner, the directors appointed a Warden, who had charge and custody of the prison, to serve three years.

In June, 1881, the management of the prison was placed in the hands of the State Board of Supervision, who have continued the control and custody as established by the directors.

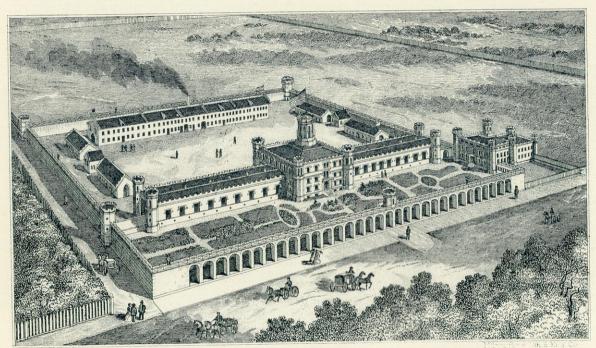
The warden, steward and treasurer are appointed by the State Board of Supervision anually. All other officers are appointed by the board from time to time, as vacancies occur upon the nomination of the warden.

The convict labor was leased to M. D. Wells & Co., of Chicago, for the manufucture of boots and shoes, for five years from January 1, 1878, and the contract was renewed with that firm for five years beginning with January 1, 1883, at the rate of fifty cents per day for ten hours. Upon the expiration of the contract at the close of the year 1887, the contractors, by consent of the Board of Supervision, continued to employ the prisoners for several months, when the contract was renewed for five years, without change of terms. Manufacture on the part of the state was therefore discontinued on January 1, 1878. The prisoners' earnnings for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1887, were \$50,230.98, and for the last year \$48,006.98.

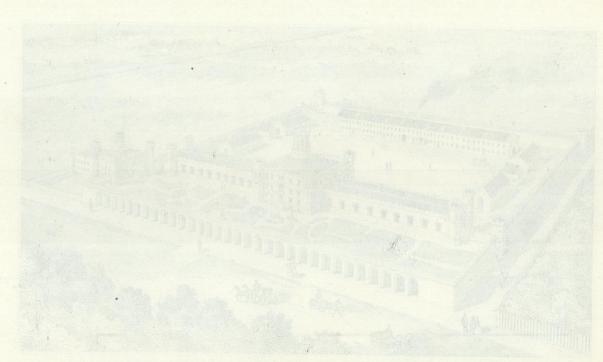
The grounds about the buildings embrace 24 acres, and a farm of 112 acres, about a mile distant was added in 1885. The buildings comprise the center, 85x90 feet, occupied for offices, warden's apartments, dining and lodging rooms for officers, kitchens, bakery, etc. The two wings, 50x200 feet each, containing 504 cells, the deputy warden's residence and female prison with 36 cells, a work-shop 54x375 feet, two stories high, bath house, black-smith and carpenter shop, barn, etc.

The total amount paid from the state treasury for real estate, buildings, improvements, repairs and current expenses is \$1,147,655.49.

The whole number of prisoners received since the opening of the prison is 4,471. The number in confinement September 30, 1888, was 438—424 males and 14 females. The average number of prisoners during the past year was 441, as against 448 the preceding year, and the current expenses were (inclusive of prisoners' earnings) \$61,073.87, as against 320,325.53.



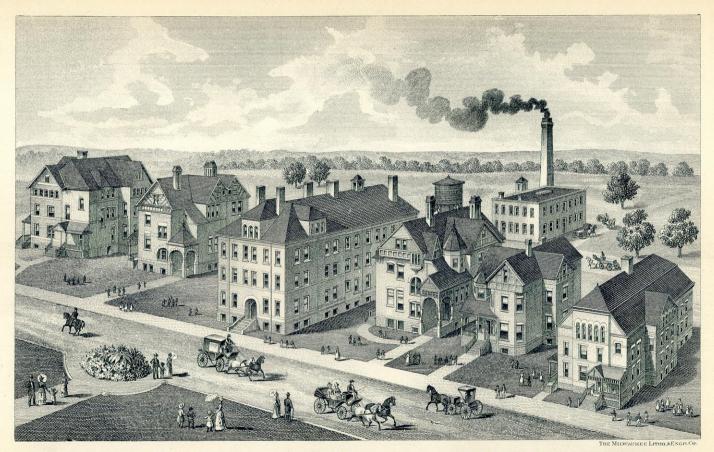
WISCONSIN STATE PRISON, WAUPUN.



WISCONSIN STATE PRISON, MATPUN.



STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL SCHOOL STATENING VERNESCHIEDE GÜRT DREN.



STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL FOR DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN, SPARTA.

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL.

OFFICERS.

ROBERT T. ROBERTS, SUPERINTENDENT AND STEWARD.

ALLEN RUSK,

ASSISTANT STEWARD AND STATE AGENT.

FRED. W. BOEHMER,

CLERK.

MATRONS.

MRS. MAGGIE A. ROBERTS, MISS ANGIE L. FANNING, MISS NETTIE AUSTIN, MRS. JULIA A. TALLMAN, MISS EMILY L. WILLIAMS, MRS. FANNIE M. WALKER,

MISS ELIZA HAUGHTON, MISS ETTA KILLMER, MISS LIBBIE B. HOEL, MISS STELLA RICHARDS, MRS. LOTTIE C. SYMONS, MISS ALICE M. SAWYER,

TEACHERS.

M. C. CLARKE, TREASURER.

Chapter 377, laws of 1885, made it the duty of the Board of Supervision, by and with the consent of the Governor, to select a suitable site and erect thereon buildings for a State school or temporary home for dependent and neglected children—such institution to be known as the "State Public School." Soon after the enactment of this law, the Board advertised for proposals for furnishing a site for this institution, and received responses from Stevens Point, Waupaca, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Ripon, New Lisbon, Sparta, and La Crosse. Subsequently the Board visited all these places, inspected the sites proposed and canvassed the advantages of each locality, and, finally, with the approval of the Governor, selected Sparta as the locality for the school, accepting an offer of a tract of land embracing 164.8 acres as the site. This land lies in one regular body on the northeast of the city, being partly within its limits, having the La Crosse river for its eastern boundary, and one of the city streets as its western line. The location is in all respects a healthful one, possesses many attractions in itself, and commands a view of one of the finest landscapes in the state.

During the year 1886, three cottages were erected and equipped in accordance with the provisions of the law, two of them of solid brick, two stories and an attic in height, with stone basement and capable of accommodating one hundred pupils. The third cottage, a frame structure, veneered with brick, two stories and an attic above a stone basement, was devoted at first to the uses of the superintendent and his family, but subsequently to the accommodation of the young children, of whom it affords room for thirty.

The institution was opened for the reception of pupils on the 13th of November, 1886, with Robert T. Roberts as superintendent. It soon became apparent, from the rapidity with which commitments were made, that more room must be provided before the full benefits of the institution could be realized. Accordingly the legislature of 1887 made provisions for the erection of a central building, two cottages and such other structures as it should deem necessary. The Board of Supervision, during that year, had erected the buildings named, and in addition thereto a boiler and engine house and laundry and a barn. The central building is of brick, three stories in height upon a stone basement, and furnishes room for the superintendent and his family and employes, a general kitchen and large dining room, an assembly room and offices. The cottages are of brick, two stories and an attic in height, with a stone basement, and furnish accommodations for sixty pupiis each. There is also a school room in each of the five cottages, which is provided with the appliances necessary for approved primary instruction.

The primary object of the institution is to furnish a temporary home for dependent and neglected children until suitable homes can be found for them in good families. While they remain in the institution they are instructed in the elementary branches of an English education.

From the establishment of the institution up to September 30th, 1888, there had been expended for site, permanent improvements and equipments the sum of \$95,000, and for current expenses \$47,369.28.

The whole number of pupils admitted up to September 30th, 1888, was 301; the average number in the school for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1887, was 67, and for the fiscal year ending with September last, the average number was 116. At the last named date 102 children had been placed in homes, of whom 83 were indentured and the remaining 19 were on trial.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS.

PRESIDENT, Mrs. M. E. B. LYNDE.

VICE PRESIDENTS,

Mrs. A. J. AIKENS,

MRS. C. J. RUSSELL.

Mrs. WILLARD MERRILL.

TREASURER, MRS. W. S. CANDEE.

SECRETARY,
MISS CHRISTINE DOIG.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

SUPERINTENDENT, MISS H. C. HUNT.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT, MISS S. E. PIERCE.

TEACHERS,

Mrs. LAURA E. BROWN, Miss KATE JEARDEAU,
Miss EVA I. JEARDEAU.

KINDERGARTEN,

MISS MARTHA A. SPIKER.

MISS L. M. HAK.

ACTING STEWARD, J. R. LOVE.

The Wisconsin Industrial School for Girls is located in Milwaukee, on Lake Avenue, in that part of the city known as North Point. It is capable of accommodating 160 inmates. Its proper subjects are:

1. Viciously inclined girls under 15, and boys under 10 years of age.

- 2. The stubborn and unruly, who refuse to obey their proper guardians.
- 3. Truants, vagrants and beggars.
- 4. Those found in circumstances of manifest danger of falling into habits of vice and immorality.
- 5. Those under the above ages who have committed any offense punishable by fine or imprisonment in adult offenders.

Although the school was founded by private charity, and is under the control of a self-perpetuating board of managers, it is incorporated and employed by the State for the custody, guardianship, discipline and instruction of the aforenamed children. In default of responsible and efficient guardianship they are treated as minors and wards of the State, and by it they are committed to the guardianship of this board of ladies during minority.

The present statute provides that for each girl so committed, the county from which such commitment is made shall pay not more than two dollars and fifty cents per week.

It is designed to be in no sense a penal institution, but it is a reformatory for the older, a temporary place of detention and instruction for the younger. Its objects are detention and reformation.

The school was organized under the act of 1875, and has received from the Legislature, in 1878, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1885 and 1887, sums amounting to \$60,000 for buildings, improvements, stock and furnishings. The city of Milwaukee has also given for its use a tract of over eight acres of land, the State holding the title to this property.

The buildings, as completed by the successive appropriations, afford in all the requisites for distinct family life, three separate dwellings, designated as the Main Home, the Children's Home and the Cottage, and include a kindergarten room, two infirmaries, a laundry and three large school-rooms. The Children's Home takes boys and girls under eleven years of age; the Main Home, the girls from eleven upwards, dividing them into four distinct classes, according to age and morals, with fair facilities for suitable separation and instruction; and the Cottage is an additional and entirely separate building for proper restraint and influence over the older and more depraved.

On leaving the school, children are either returned to former homes or relatives, or given by adoption or indenture to the care of well-recommended families. Boys are transferred to the State Industrial School for Boys, if unfit for homes in families, when of unsuitable age to remain longer in the school.

Number in school October 1, 1887. Number since received, including returns.		2 1	203 106
Number under care during year Dismissed during year		j	309 122
Remaining September 30, 1888]	187
Transferred to State Public School, Sparta			25 1 1
Committed to school and supported by counties. Received and supported by private authority			70 9
Cash on hand October 1, 1887. Received during year.	\$3,512 10 24,793 57		_
Total funds	22,869 83 5,435 84	\$28,305	67
On hand September 30, 1000		\$28,305	67

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

MANAGERS:

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES; THE CHIEF JUSTICE; THE SECRETARY OF WAR—Ex-Officiis.

GENERAL WILLIAM B. FRANKLIN, President, Hartford, Connecticut.

COLONEL LEONARD A. HARRIS, 1st Vice-President, Cincinnati, Ohio.

GENERAL JOHN A. MARTIN, 2d Vice-President, Atchison, Kansas.

GENERAL MARTIN T. McMAHON, Secretary, 93 Nassau Street, New York City.

GENERAL JOHN C. BLACK, Danville, Illinois.

GENERAL THOMAS W. HYDE, Bath, Maine.

GENERAL JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

CAPTAIN JOHN L. MITCHELL, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

GENERAL WILLIAM J. SEWELL, Camden, New Jersey.

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH.

GENERAL JACOB SHARPE, Governor.

GENERAL T. C. MOORE, Secretary and Treasurer.

DOCTOR S. J. F. MILLER, Surgeon.

The building of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, located near Milwaukee, December 7, 1866, is called the Northwestern branch of that National Institution. The Central Home is located at Dayton, Ohio. Other branches are located at Augusta, Maine, Hampton, Virginia, and Leavenworth, Kansas. The whole are under the same board of managers.

THE NORTHWESTERN BRANCH

is beautifully situated, three miles from the city of Milwaukee. It is a capacious brick building, containing accommodations for 1,000 inmates. In addition to this building which contains the main halls, eating apartment, offices, dormitory and engine room, are shops, granaries, stables and other out-buildings. The Home farm contains 410 acres, of which over one-half is cultivated. The remainder is a wooded park, traversed by shaded walks and drives, beautifully undulating. The main line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad runs through the farm, and the track of the northern division passes beside it.

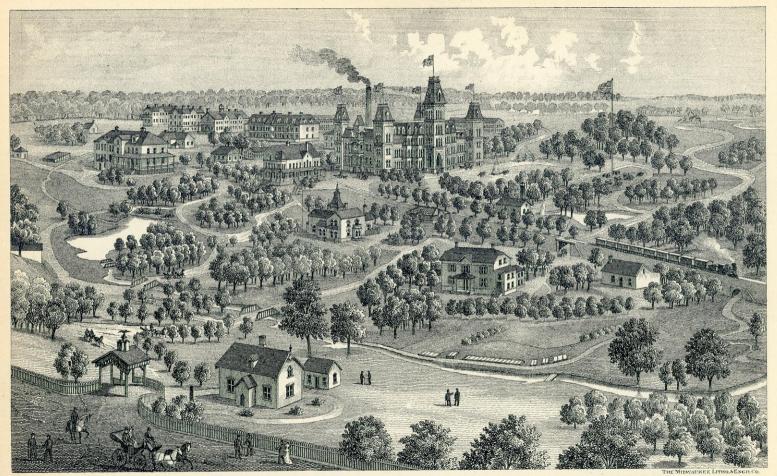
WHO ARE ADMITTED AND HOW.

Soldiers who were disabled in the service of the United States in the war of the rebellion, the Mexican war, or the war of 1812, and have been honorably discharged, are entitled to admission to the Soldiers' Home.

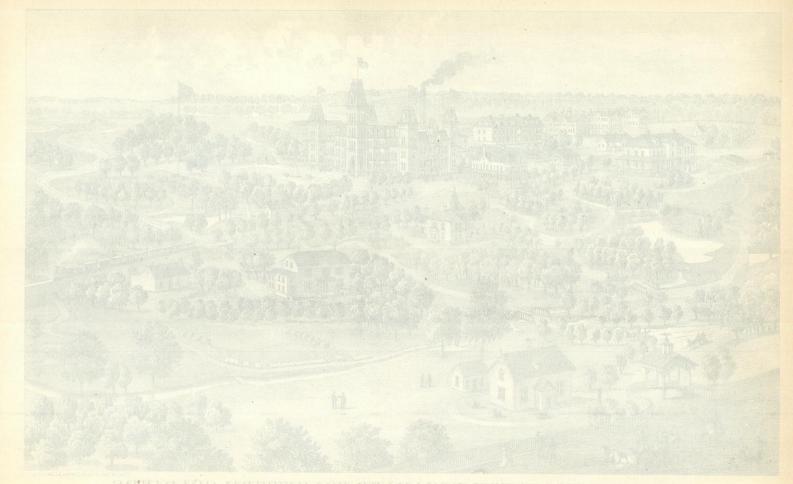
Admission is procured on a certificate, of which blank forms are furnished to every applicant, setting forth his enlistment, with date, rank, place of muster, and the company, regiment or other organization to which he belonged, and the date and cause of discharge; and whether he is receiving a pension. His identity is set forth in the same certificate, and a surgeon's statement of his disability and its nature.

These certificates in blank, with full directions for filling them out, may be procured by applying therefor, either in person, or by mail, to Gen. Jacob Sharpe, Milwaukee, the governor of the National Home for Disabled Soldiers.

Disabled soldiers, or their friends, county, city and town authorities, police officers, guardians of the poor and almshouses, trustees of benevolent institutions and public or private hospitals throughout the country, having knowledge of disabled soldiers, or such persons in their charge, are cordially invited to address the governor of the home, by whom the necessary blanks and instructions will be sent by return mail. On the application and certificate thus made out, an order for the admission of the disabled soldier is indorsed, and an order for free transportation by railroad to the home is furnished.



NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS,



NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUMERS, SOLDHERS,

LABOR, INSTRUCTION AND AMUSEMENT.

Such inmates as are able to do so, have the opportunity to practice various mechanical trades, or to work on the home farm, for which they are paid a compensation of from \$6 to \$15 a month, averaging, all around, about 40 cents per day. Skilled laborers earn more than these wages. The trades practiced are boot and shoe making, carpenter and joiner work, tinsmithing, plastering and stone masonry, gas-fitting, printing, book-binding and harness-making. Farming is largely carried on, and some of the finest products exhibited at the state fairs have been from the fields and gardens cultivated by the soldiers. All the labor of the institution, including care of the building, repairs which are found necessary, and farming operations is done by the inmates.

The institution has an excellent library of over 4,500 volumes contributed by friends of the soldiers in various parts of the country. The reading room contains newspapers and magazines, all of which are in constant use and requisition by the inmates.

This institution is not a public charity, and the disabled soldiers of the country should understand it. They do not place themselves in the list of paupers by becoming inmates of the home.

PART VII.

THE JUDICIARY.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
STATE GOVERNMENT.
MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES, ETC.



THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice of the United States - Melville W. Fuller, of Illinois, appointed 1886

App.	App.
App. Associate Justice—Samuel F. Miller, Ia. 1862	
	Associate Justice—Horace Gray, Mass. 1881
	Associate Justice—Sam. Blatchford, N.Y. 1882
Associate Justice—John M. Harlan, Ky. 1877	Associate Justice—L. Q. C. Lamar, Miss. 1888

Reporter of the Supreme Court - J. C. Bancroft Davis, N. Y.

Clerk of the Supreme Court - J. H. McKenney, D. C.

Marshal - T. M. Wright, Kentucky.

The salary of the Chief Justice of the United States is \$10,500; of the Associate Justices. \$10,000 each; of the Reporter, \$5,700; of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, \$6,000, and of Marshal, \$3,000.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(Salaries of Circuit Judges, \$6,000.)

FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.— Mr. Justice Gray, Boston, Mass. Districts of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island. Circuit Judge—LeB. B. Colt, Bristol, R. I., July 5, 1884.

SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.— Mr. Justice Blatchford, New York City. Districts of Vermont, Connecticut, New York. Circuit Judge—Wm. J. Wallace, Syracuse, N. Y., April 6, 1882.

Third Judicial Circuit.— Mr. Justice Bradley, Newark, N. J. Districts of New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware. Circuit Judge—Wm. McKennan, Washington, Pa., Dec. 22, 1878.

1878.

1878.
FOURTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT. — Mr. Chief Justice Fuller, Washington, D. C. Districts of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina. Circuit Judge—Hugh L. Bond, Baltimore, Md., July 13, 1870.
FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.—Mr. Justice Lamar Districts of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Missis- 1870.

sippi, Louisana, Texas. Circuit Judge—Don A. Pardee, New Orleans, La., May 13, 1881.

Sixth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Matthews, Cincinnati, O. Districts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Tennessee. Circuit Judge—H. E. Jackson, Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 13, 1877.

Seventh Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Harlan, Chicago, Ill., Districts of Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin. Circuit Judge—Walter Q. Gresham, Chicago, Ill., Dec. 9, 1884.

Eighth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Miller, Keokuk, Iowa. Districts of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado. Circuit Judge—David J. Brewer, Leavenworth, Kas., March 31, 1884.

Ninth Judicial. Circuit.—Mr. Justice Field, San Francisco, Cal. Districts of California, Oregon, Nevada. Circuit Judge—Lorenzo Sawyer, San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 10, 1870.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

(Judge's Salary, \$4,500.)

Chief Justice - William A. Richardson, Massachusetts, 1875.

Judges—Chas C. Nott, New York......1865 | Lawrence Weldon, Illinoi Glenni W. Scoffeld, Pennsylvania....1881 | John Davis, District Colu Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, 1873. Lawrence Weldon, Illinois. John Davis, District Columbia 1885

. DISTRICT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Districts. Judges.		Residence.	Salaries	
labama, N. D	John Bruce.	Montgomery	\$3,5	
labama, S. D	H. T. Toulmin	Mobile	3.5	
rkansas, E. D	H. C. Caldwell	Little Rock	3,5	
rkansas, W. D	Isaac C Parker	Fort Smith	3,5	
alifornia, N. D	O. Hoffman	San Francisco	5,0	
alifornia, S. D	E. M. Ross.	Los Angeles	3,5	
olorado	Moses Hallett	Denver	3,5	
onnecticut	N. Shipman	Hartford	3,5	
elaware	L. E. Wales	Wilmington	3,5	
Iorida, N. D	Thomas Settle.	Jacksonville	3,5	
Jorida C D	Jas. W. Locke	Key West	3,5	
iorida, S. D	William T. Newman	Atlanta	3,5	
eorgia, N. D			8,5	
lorida, S. D eorgia, N. D	Emory Speer	Savannah	4.0	
limois, N. D	H. W. Blodgett	Chicago	3,5	
linois, S. D	W. J. Allen William A. Woods	Springfield	3.5	
ndiana		Indianapolis	3,5	
owa, N. D	Oliver P. Shiras	Dubuque	3,5	
owa, S. D	James M. Love	Keokuk	3,5	
ansas	C. G. Foster	Topeka	3,5	
entucky	John W. Barr	Louisville		
ouisiana, E. D	E. C. Billings.	New Orleans	4,5	
ouisiana, W. D	Aleck Boarman	Shreveport	3,5	
laine	Nathan Webb	Portland	3,5	
Iaryland	Thos. J. Morris	Baltimore	4,0	
Iassachusetts	Thomas L. Nelson	Worcester	4,0	
lichigan, E. D	H. B. Brown	Detroit	3,5	
lichigan, W. D	H. F. Severens	Grand Rapids	3,5	
Innesota	R. R. Nelson	St. Paul	3,5	
Iississippi Iissouri, E. D	Robert A. Hill	Oxford	3,5	
lissouri, E. D	Amos. M. Thayer	St. Louis	8,	
lissouri, W. D	Arnold Krekel	Kansas City	3,5	
[ebraska	E. S. Dundy	Falls City	3,5	
[evada	Geo. M. Sabin	Carson City	3,5	
ew Hampshire	Daniel Clark	Manchester	3,	
lew Jersey	John T. Nixon	Trenton	4,0	
lew York, N. D lew York, S. D	Alfred C. Coxe	Utica	4,0	
lew York, S. D	Addison Brown	New York City	4,0	
lew York, E. D	C. L. Benedict	Brooklyn	4,0	
orth Carolina, E. D.	A. S. Seymour	New Berne	3,	
orth Carolina, W. D.	Robert P. Dick	Greensboro	3,	
hio, N. D	Martin Welker	Toledo	3,	
hio, S. D	Geo. R. Sage	Cincinnati	4,0	
regon	M. P. Deady	Portland	3,	
ennsylvania, E. D	William Butler	Philadelphia	4,0	
ennsylvania, W. D	M. W. Acheson	Pittsburg	3,	
hode Island	G. M. Carpenter	Providence	3,5	
outh Carolina	C. S. Simonton	Charleston	3,5	
ennessee. E. and M. D.	David M. Key	Chattanooga	3,	
ennessee, W. D exas, E. D exas, W. D	E. S. Hammond	Memphis	3,	
exas, E. D	C. B. Sabin	Galveston	3,	
'exas, W. D	E. B. Turner	Austin	3,	
exas, N. D	A. P. McCormick	Graham		
Termont	H. H. Wheeler	Jamaica	3,	
VermontVirginia, E. D	R. W. Hughes	Northfolk	3,	
7irginia, W. D	John Paul	Harrisonburg	3,	
West Virginia	J. J. Jackson	Parkersburg	3,	
Visconsin, E. D	James G. Jenkins.	Milwaukee	3,8	
Wisconsin, W. D	Romanzo Bunn.	Madison	3,	

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS FOR WISCONSIN.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Judge — JAMES G. JENKINS, MILWAUKEE.
District Attorney — W. A. WALKER, MANITOWOC.
Marshal — F. H. WEST, MILWAUKEE.

Terms of Court.

AT MILWAUKEE — First Monday in January and October.

AT OSHKOSH — Second Tuesday in July.

SPECIAL TERM — First Monday in April, at Milwaukee.

Counties Comprising District.

Brown,	
Calumet,	
Dodge,	
Door,	
Florence,	
Forest,	
Fond du La	c,

Country
Green Lake Kenosha, Kewaunee, Langlade, Manitowoc,
Marinette, Marquette,

M	lwaukee,	
0	onto,	
0:	ieida,	
0	ıtagamie,	
	aukee,	
\mathbf{R}	icine,	
SI	awano,	

Sheboygan, Walworth, Washington, Waukesha, Waupaca, Waushara, Winnebago.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

Judge—ROMANZO BUNN, MADISON.
District Attorney—A. R. BUSHNELL, LANCASTER.
Assistant District Attorney—WM. H. ROGERS, MADISON.
Marshal—D. C. FULTON, HUDSON.
Deputy Marshal—T. SCOTT ANSLEY, MINERAL POINT.

Terms of Court.

AT MADISON — First Tuesday in December.
AT LA CROSSE — Third Tuesday in September.
AT EAU CLAIRE — First Tuesday in June.

Counties Comprising District.

Adams, Ashland,
Barron,
Bayfield, Buffalo,
Burnett,
Chippewa, Clark,
Columbia,
Crawford,

Dane,
Douglas,
Dunn.
Eau Claire,
Grant,
Green,
Iowa,
Jackson,
Jefferson,
Juneau,

il toting 2 to
La Crosse,
La Fayette,
Lincoln,
Marathon,
Monroe,
Pepin,
Pierce,
Polk,
Portage,
Price,

Richland, Rock, St. Croix, Sauk, Sawyer, Taylor, Trempealeau, Vernon, Washburn, Wood.

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN.

00121			
NAME.	Title of Office.	Salary.	Term expires.
ORSAMUS COLE WILLIAM PENN LYON HARLOW S. ORTON DAVID TAYLOR JOHN B. CASSODAY	Associate Justice Associate Justice	5,000 5,000 5,000	Jan., 1892. Jan., 1894. Jan., 1898. Jan., 1896. Jan., 1890.

CLARENCE KELLOGG	Clerk.
CLARENCE KELLOGG	Librarian.
John R. Berryman	Donorter
A. J. VINJEProof Reader	to Reporter
A. J. VINUM	

TO T COAM	Secretary.
Cro T LIOVIII	
C. H. BEYLER	Messenger and Crier.

Terms of Court at Madison.

JANUARY TERM—Tuesday preceding the second Wednesday in January.

AUGUST TERM—Second Tuesday in August.

WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURTS.

STATEMENT showing the Names and Post-office Address of the Circuit Judges, and Times and Places for holding Circuit Courts in the several Counties in Wisconsin.

Salary of Circuit Judges \$3,600 per annum.

The judge of any circuit may, by an order entered and recorded in the clerk's office, appoint one extra jury term of court, to be holden in any county in his circuit, when he shall deem such term necessary to complete the jury trials in such county during any year, and may cause jurors to be drawn and summoned as for other terms. At such terms the same business may be transacted as at a regular term of such court. In case there is pending in any such county an action of quo warranto brought on the relation of the attorney-general or a private person, wherein the defendant is or shall be charged with usurping any county office, or unlawfully withholding the same from the person entitled thereto, and an issue is formed in such action, sixty days or more before the time for holding the next ensuing regular term of court for said county, the judge shall appoint an extra term, and cause jurors to be drawn and summoned in the manner aforesaid for the trial of such action and for the transaction of such other business as the order may direct. Such order shall so provide that said term shall commence within thirty days after the entry of the same. At any term where any action of quo warranto shall be for trial, it shall take precedence of all other actions. — Chapter 141, Laws of 1885.

FIRST CIRCUIT.

JUDGE -JOHN B. WINSLOW, RACINE.

Term expires the first Monday of January, 1890.

Counties.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Walworth	2d Monday in February	Elkhorn	Ch. 32, L. 1879
Racine	2d Monday in March 3d Monday in June. 2d Monday in October.	Racine	Ch. 32, L. 1879
Kenosha	2d Monday in April	Kenosha	Ch. 32, L. 1879

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in this circuit in the months of June or August. Each term in this circuit shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—Chapter 32, Laws of 1879.

SECOND CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - D. H. JOHNSON, MILWAUKEE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1894.

Counties.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
	2d Monday in January 1st Monday in May. 4th Monday in June 1st Monday in October	Milwaukee	Sec. 2424, R. S.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms to be held in this circuit in the month of June. Every term in the circuit shall be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—

THIRD CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-GEO. W. BURNELL, OSHKOSH.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1891.

Counties.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Calumet	1st Monday after 1st Tuesday of April	Chilton	Ch.134,L.1885
Green Lake	3d Monday in January	Dartford	Ch.140,L.1883
Winnebago	1st Monday in May	Oshkosh	Ch.134,L.1885
	SPECIAL TERMS.	·	
	1st Tuesday in September and Febru-	Oshkosh	Ch.134,L.1885

Each of the general terms of the circuit court in each of the counties in the said third judicial circuit of Wisconsin, and the aforesaid special terms in the said county of Winnebago, shall also be and are hereby declared to be special terms of the circuit court in and for the whole of the third judicial circuit of the state of Wisconsin.—Chapter 134, Laws 1885.

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-NORMAN S. GILSON, Fond DU LAC. Term expires first Monday in January, 1893.

Counties.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Sheboygan	3rd Monday in April	Sheboygan	Ch.63, L. 1881
Manitowoc	Tuesday after 2d Monday in January } Tuesday after 1st Monday in June}	Manitowoc	Ch .63,L. 1881
Kewaunee	1st Monday in May	Kewaunee	Ch.63,L.1881
Fond du Lac.	Tuesday after 1st Monday in March } Tuesday after 2d Monday in November. }	Fond du Lac	Ch.63,L. 1881

Every general term in the counties of Fond du Lac, Sheboygan and Manitowoc, shall be a special term for the whole judicial circuit, at which any and all business may be done arising or pending in any county of said circuit, which might be done at a general term for the county in which said business arises, or is pending, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury. In the county of Fond du Lac, special terms for the whole-circuit shall be held on Tuesday after the third Monday in February, and Tuesday after the first Monday in July, at which special terms and all business may be done arising or pending in any county of said circuit which might be done at a general term for the county in which such business arises or is pending not requiring the intervention of a jury.—Chapter 63, Laws 1881.

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

Judge — GEORGE CLEMENTSON, Lancaster. Term expires First Monday of January, 1895.

Counties.	TERMS.	WHERE HELD.	LAWS.
Grant	3d Tuesday in February	Lancaster	Ch. 402, L. 1887
Iowa	4th Tuesday in March	Dodgeville	Ch. 402, L. 1887
La Fayette	3d Tuesday in June	Darlington	Ch. 402, L. 1887
Richland	2d Tuesday in April	Richland Center	Ch. 402, L. 1887
Crawford	4th Tuesday in May	Prairie du Chien	Ch. 402, L. 1887

Every term in each of said counties shall be a special term for the whole circuit.— Sec. 1, Chap. 402, Laws 1887.

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

Judge — ALFRED W. NEWMAN, TREMPEALEAU. Term expires First Monday of January, 1895.

COUNTIES.	Terms.	Where Held.	Laws.
Clark	1st Monday in March	Neillsville	Ch. 35, L. 1887
Jackson	3d Monday in March	Black River Falls.	Ch. 35, L. 1881
La Crosse	2d Monday in May	La Crosse	Ch. 35, L. 1881
Monroe	1st Monday in April	Sparta	Ch. 35, L. 1881
Trempealeau .	2d Monday in June	Whitehall	Ch. 35, L. 1881
Vernon	4th Monday in April	Viroqua	Ch. 35, L. 1881

Every general term in the counties of La Crosse, Monroe, Jackson, Trempealeau and Vernon, shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit. At any special term of said court herein provided for, any and all business may be done arising in any county of the circuit, which might be done at any general term, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury in cases other than those arising in actions of quo warranto and mandamus and excepting also, the trial of issues of fact in actions made local by law, and arising in some county other than the one in which such special term shall be held.—See Section 3, Chapter 35, Laws 1881, and Section 1, Chapter 6, Laws 1887.

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - CHARLES M. WEBB, GRAND RAPIDS. Term expires first Monday of January, 1891.

COUNTIES.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Lincoln	1st Monday in May	Merrill	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Marathon	3d Monday in March	Wausau	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Portage	3d Monday in February	Stevens Point	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Waupaca	3d Monday in January	Waupaca	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Waushara	3d Tuesday in April	Wautoma	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Wood	4th Monday in May	Grand Rapids	Ch. 488, L. 1887

Every general term in the Seventh Judicial Circuit shall also be a special term for the whole circuit — Chapter~3,~Laws~of~1885.

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - EGBERT B. BUNDY, MENOMONIE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1891.

Counties.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Buffalo	4th Monday of February	Alma	Ch. 135, L. 1885
Dunn	2d Monday of March	Menomonie	Ch. 135, L. 1885
Eau Claire	4th Monday of March	Eau Claire	Ch. 135, L. 1885
Pepin	5d Monday of April	Durand	Ch. 135, L. 1885
Pierce	2d Monday of June	Ellsworth	Ch. 135, L. 1885
St. Croix	2d Monday of May	Hudson	Ch. 135, L. 1885

I hereby appoint special terms of said court to be held in each year at the times and places hereinafter named, viz.: At Eau Claire, Eau Claire county, on the first Monday of January; at Hudson, St. Croix county, on the third Monday of February; at Menomonie, Dunn county, on the first Monday of July; at River Falls, Pierce county, on the first Monday of September—Order of Judge Bundy, issued in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 25. Laws 1879.

Every general term of the eighth judicial circuit shall be a special term for the whole circuit. At any special term of said court herein provided for, any and all business may be done arising in any county of the circuit which might be done at any general term, except the trial of issues of fact by a jury in cases other than those arising in actions of quo warnanto and mandamus, and excepting also the trial of issues of fact in actions made local by law arising in some county other than the one in which such special terms shall be held.—Chapter 292, Laws 1881.

NINTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - ALVA STEWART, MADISON.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1891.

Counties.	Terms	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Adams	3d Tuesday in January	Friendship	Sec. 2424, R. S.
Columbia	2d Tuesday in May	Portage	Sec. 2424, R. S.
Dane	Monday after first Tuesday in April. 2d Tuesday in July. 2d Monday in November.	Madison	Sec. 2424, R. S.
Juneau	2d Monday in March	Mauston	Ch. 206, L. 1879
Sauk	3d Monday in March	Baraboo	Ch. 125, L. 1882
Marquette	Tuesday after 1st Monday in January } Tuesday after 3d Monday in June }	Montello	Ch. 238, L. 1881

Every term in the counties of Dane and Columbia shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit. No jury shall be summoned for the term in July for Dane county.—Section 2424, Revised Statutes.

TENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE - GEORGE H. MEYERS, APPLETON.

Term Expires first Monday of January, 1891.

Counties.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Florence	1st Tuesday in March	Florence	Ch. 288, L. 1883
Forest	1st Tuesday in April	Crandon	Ch. 436, L. 1885
Langlade	3d Tuesday in March	Antigo	Ch. 134, L. 1885
Outagamie	1st Monday in February (Special) 2d Monday in October 3d Monday in April	Appleton	Ch. 288, L. 1883
Shawano	4th Monday in June. 2d Monday in November. }	Shawano	Ch. 134, L. 1885

Each of the general terms of the circuit court of the counties of Outagamie, Langlade and Shawano, and the special term in the county of Outagamie shall also be and are hereby declared to be special terms of the circuit court, in and for the whole of the tenth judicial circuit of Wisconsin.—Ch. 134, L. 1885.

ELEVENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE R. D. MARSHALL, CHIPPEWA FALLS.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1895.

Counties.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Barron	3d Tuesday in April	Barron	Ch. 511, L. 1887
Burnett	3d Tuesday in March	Grantsburg	Ch. 511, L. 1887
Chippewa	1st Tuesday in May	Chippewa Falls	Ch. 511, L. 1887
Douglas	2d Tuesday in February	Superior	Ch. 511, L. 1887
Polk	1st Tuesday in April	Osceola Mills	Ch. 511, L. 1887
Washburn	1st Tuesday in March	Shell Lake	Ch. 511, L. 1880

TWELFTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-JOHN R. BENNETT, JANESVILLE.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1895.

Counties.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Rock	4th Monday in January. 4th Monday in April Wednesday after the first Monday in November	Janesville	Sec. 2424, R. S.
Green	1st Tuesday in March	Monroe	Sec. 2424, R. S.
	1st Monday in February		Sec. 2424, R. S.

No jury shall be summoned for either of the terms in this circuit appointed to be held in the months of January and June. Every term of this circuit shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—Section 2424, Revised Statutes.

THIRTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE A. SCOTT SLOAN, BEAVER DAM.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1894.

Counties.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Dodge	4th Tuesday in September	Juneau	Ch. 55, L. 1882.
Ozaukee	1st Tuesday in September	Port Washington.	Ch. 55, L. 1882.
Washington .	3d Tuesday in October	West Bend	Ch. 55, L. 1882.
Waukesha	1st Tuesday in December	Waukesha	Ch. 55, L. 1882.

FOURTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE—SAMUEL D. HASTINGS, Jr., GREEN BAY. Term expires first Monday in January, 1890.

Counties.	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Brown	2d Monday in January, (Special)	Green Bay	Ch. 169, L. 1885
Door	1st Tuesday in February Tuesday after first Monday in Sept	Sturgeon Bay	Ch. 169, L. 1885
Marinette	1st Monday of June	Marinette	Ch. 169, L. 1885
Oconto	34 Monday of May	Oconto	Ch. 169, L. 1885

Every term in the counties of Brown, Oconto and Marinette, shall also be a special term for the whole judicial circuit.—Chapter 169, Laws of 1885.

FIFTEENTH CIRCUIT.

JUDGE-J. K. PARISH, MEDFORD.

Term expires first Monday of January, 1894.

Counties	Terms.	WHERE HELD.	Laws.
Ashland	1st Tuesday in June	Ashland	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Bayfield	1st Tuesday in April	Bayfield	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Oneida	4th Tuesday in April	Rhinelander	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Price	1st Tuesday in May	Phillips	Ch. 488, L. 1887
Sawyer	3d Tuesday in April	Hayward	Cu. 488, L. 1887
Taylor	3d Tuesday in May	Medford	Ch. 488, L. 1887

Each and every general term of court in each of said counties shall be special terms for the whole Fifteenth Judicial Circuit, and any and all business arising or pending in said circuit or any of the counties thereof, may be done at such special terms which might be done at any general term thereof, except the trial of the issues of fact by jury.— Section 2, chapter 4:8, Laws of 1887.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

To March 4, 1889.

PRESIDENT.	
GROVER CLEVELAND, of New York	Salary. \$50,000
Private Secretary — Daniel S. Lamont, New York United States District Marshal, A. A. Wilson (D. C.).	\$3,250 6,000
VICE-PRESIDENT.	
	\$8,000
THE CABINET.	
	Salary.
Secretary of State — Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware Secretary of Treasury — Chas. S. Fairchild, of New York Secretary of War — William C. Endicott, of Massachusetts. Secretary of Navy — William C. Whitney, of New York Secretary of Interior — William F. Vilas, of Wisconsin. Postmaster-General — Don M. Dickinson, of Michigan. Attorney-General — Augustus H. Garland, of Arkansas.	\$5,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 8,000
THE DEPARTMENTS.	
STATE DEPARTMENT.	
Assistant Secretary — G. L. Rives, New York Second Assistant Secretary — A. A. Adee, D. C. Third Assistant Secretary — J. B. Moore, Delaware. Chief Clerk — J. F. Lee. Examiner of Claims — Francis Wharton, Pennsylvania. Chief Bureau Statistics — W. C. Ford, New York. Chief Diplomatic Bureau — H. S. Everett. Chief Consular Bureau — H. S. Everett. Chief of Bureau of Archives and Indexes — John H. Haswell. Chief of Bureau of Accounts — Francis J. Kieckhoefer. Chief of Bureau of Rolls and Library — Theodore F. Dwight. Passport Clerk — N. Benedict.	Salary. \$4,500 3,500 2,700 3,500 2,100 2,100 2,100 2,100 2,100 2,100 1,800
TREASURY DEPARTMENT.	g.1.
Assistant Secretary — I. H. Maynard, New York. Assistant Secretary — Hugh S. Thompson, South Carolina. Comptroller of Currency — W. L. Trenholm, South Carolina. Chief Clerk — E. B. Youmans, New York Director of Mint — J. P. Kimball, Pennsylvania. Chief Bureau of Statistics — W. F. Switzler Chief Bureau of Engraving and Printing — E. O. Graves, New York. Supervising Architect — W. A. Freret, Louisiana. Superintendent of Coast Survey — F. M. Thorn Treasurer of United States — James W. Hyatt, Connecticut Assistant Treasurer — J. W. Whelpley, New York Register — W. S. Rosecrans, California. Solicitor — Alexander McCue, New York. Superintendent Life Saving Service — S. I. Kimball First Comptroller — M. J. Durham, Kentucky Second Comptroller — S. Butler, Massachusetts First Auditor — J. Q. Chenoweth, Texas Second Auditor — W. A. Day, Illinois. Third Auditor — C. M. Shelley, Alabama	Salary \$4,500 4,500 5,000 2,700 4,500 4,500 4,500 6,000 6,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 5,000 3,600 3,600 3,600 3,600

[•]Office vacant by death of Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana.

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Fifth Auditor — A. Eickhoff, New York Sixth Auditor — Daniel McConville, Ohio Commissioner of Customs — J. S. McCalmont, Pennsylvania. Commissioner of Internal Revenue — J. S. Miller, West Virginia Commissioner of Navigation — Chas. B. Morton, Maine Commissioner of Light House Board — V. Adm. S. C. Rowan Chief of Appointment Division — Perry C. Smith, New Jersey Chief of Warrant Division — W. F. Maclennan, New York Chief of Public Moneys Division — Eugene B. Daskam Chief of Customs Division — John G. Macgregor Chief of Revenue Marine Division — Peter Bonnett Chief of Stationery, Printing, and Blanks Division — A. L. Sturtevant Chief of Miscellaneous Division — David K. Okie Supervising Special Agent — J. A. Jewell Sovernment Actuary — E. B. Elliot Second Stationery Second Se	Salary. \$3,600 4,000 4,000 4,000 2,750 2,750 2,750 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500
WAR DEPARTMENT.	
Chief Clerk — John Tweedale, Pennsylvania. Adjutant General — Brigadier General R. C. Drum. Inspector General — Brigadier General A. Baird. Quartermaster General — Brigadier General S. B. Holabird. Commissary General — Brigadier General Robert Macfreely. Surgeon General — Brigadier General John Moore. Paymaster General — Brigadier General W. B. Rochester. Chief of Engineers — Brigadier General J. C. Duane. Chief of Ordnance — Brigadier General S. V. Benet. Judge Advocate General — Colonel G. N. Lieber. Chief Signal Officer — Brigadier General A. W. Greeley	Salary. \$2,500 5,500 5,500 5,500 4,500 5,500 5,500 5,500 5,500 5,500 5,500
NAVY DEPARTMENT.	
Chief Clerk — John W. Hogg Chief Bureau Yards Docks — Captain D. B. Harmony Chief Bureau Equipment — Commander W. S. Schley Chief Bureau Navigation — Captain J. G. Walker Chief Bureau Ordinance — Commander M. Sicard Chief Bureau Construction — T. D. Wilson Chief Bureau Steam Engineering — C. H. Loring Chief Bureau Provisions and Clothing — J. Fulton Chief Bureau Medicine — Surgeon General F. M. Gunnell Superintendent Nautical Almanac — S. Newcomb, Massachusetts Colonel Commanding Marines — C. G. McCawley, Louisiana. Judge Advocate General — Colonel W. B. Remey Hydrographer — Commander J. R. Bartlett Superintendent Naval Observatory — Captain R. L. Phythian.	Salary. \$2,500 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 3,500 4,500 4,500 5,000 5,000
INTERIOR DEPARTMENT. Assistant Secretary — H. L. Muldrow, Mississippi. Assistant Secretary — David L. Hawkins. Chief Clerk — Sidney A. Jonas. Commissioner Patents — Benton J. Hall, Iowa. Commissioner Patents — Benton J. Hall, Iowa. Commissioner Land Office — S. M. Stocklager, Indiana. Commissioner Indian Affairs — J. H. Oberly, Illinois. Commissioner Rallroads — J. E. Johnston, Virginia. Commissioner Education — N. R. H. Dawson. Commissioner Education — N. R. H. Dawson. Commissioner Labor — C. D. Wright, Massachusetts. Director Geological Survey — John W. Powell, Illinois. Chief Census Division — James H. Wardle	Salary. \$4,000 4,060 2,750 5,000 5,000 4,000 4,000 4,500 3,000 3,000 6,000 2,000
DOCT OFFICE DEPARTMENT	
Chief Clerk—Joseph Roy, Wisconsin Assistant Attorney General — Edwin E. Bryant, Wisconsin Law Clerk—Joseph W. Nichol, Indiana. Appointment Clerk—E. C. McClure, South Carolina Chief Post-office Inspector—W. A. West, Mississippi Chief Clerk Division Depredations—J. Maynard Topographer—David Enright, Michigan First Assistant—Adlai E. Stevenson, Illinois Chief Clerk—W. Duff, Haynie, Illinois Chief Clerk—W. Duff, Haynie, Illinois Superintend ant Free Delivery—J. F. Bates, Iowa. Second Assistant—A. Leo Knott, Maryland Third Assistant—H. R. Harris, Georgia. General Superintendent Railway Mail Service—W. L. Bancroft, Michigan. Superintendent Foreign Mails—Nicholas M. Bell, Missouri Superintendent Money-Order System—Charles F. Macdonald, Massachusetts. Superintendent Dead Letter Office—John B. Baird, Georgia	Salary, 2,500 4,000 2,500 1,800 3,000 2,500 4,000 2,000 2,100 4,000 4,000 3,500 3,500 2,500 2,500

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Solicitor General — George A. Jenks.	Salary.
Assistant Attorney General — William A. Maury	5,000
Assistant Attorney General (Department Interior) — Zach Montgomery	5,000
Assistant Attorney General — Robert A. Howard	5,000 4,000
Solicitor Internal Revenue (Treasury Department) — Charles Chesley	4 500
Solicitor Treasury — Alexander McCue	4, 500
Examiner of Claims (State Department) — Francis Wharton	5,000
Law Clerk and Examiner of 'Titles—A. J. Bentley General Agent—Frank Strong\$10 pe	2,750
Trank Surving	ar anem.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Country.	Name.	Rank.
HAYTI	Mr. Stephen Preston	E. E. and M. P.
PORTUGAL	Mr. Charles A. Preston Baron de Almeirim	Secretary of Legation. Consul. etc.
ITALY	Baron de Fava	E. E. and M. P.
	Le Comte Albert de Foresta	Secy of Legation and Charge
BELGIUM	Mr. de Bounder de Melsbroeck	d'Affaires ad interim. E. E. and M. P.
	Count Gaston d'Arschot	Secretary of Legation.
GREAT BRITAIN	The Honorable Michael Herbert	E. E. and M. P.
CHINA	Hon. Henry Edwards	Secretary of Legation. E. E. and M. P.
0222112	Mr. Shu Cheon Pon	First Secretary of Legation.
ATTOMDTA TITTAT	Mr. D. W. Bartlett	Secretary of Legation.
AUSTRIA-HUN- GARY	Chevalier Schmit von Tavera	E. E. and M. P.
GAIVI	Count Lippe-Weissenfeld	Counselor of Legation.
*FTTTTCO	Baron Paumgatten	Chancellor of Legation.
MEXICO	Senor Don Matias Romero Senor Don Cayetano Romero	E. E. and M. P.
RUSSIA	Mr. Charles de Sturve	First Secretary of Legation. E. E. and M. P.
FRANCE	Mr. Theodore Roustan	E. E. and M. P. First Secretary.
CHILI	Senor Don Emilio C. Veras	E. E. and M. P.
SWITZERLAND	Col. Emile Frey	E. E. and M. P.
ARGENTINE RE-	Major Karl Closs	Secretary of Legation.
PUBLIC	Senor Don V. G. Quesada	E. E. and M. P.
	Senor Don Severo Ygarzabal	Secretary of Legation.
HAWAIIGUATAMALA AND	Mr. H. A. P. Carter	E. E. and M. P.
HONDURAS	Senor Don Francisco Lainfiesta	E. E. and M. P.
TURKEY	Mavroveni Bav	E. E. and M. P.
SPAIN	Senor Don Emilo de Murnaga	E. E. and M. P.
PERUCOSTA RICA AND	Senor Don J. Federico Elmore	E. E. and M. P.
SALVADOR	Senor Don Oswaldo Ygarza	Secretary of Legation.
	Senor Pedro Perez Zcledon	E. E. and M. P.
NETHERLANDS	Senor Don Federico Volio Mr. G. de Weckherlin	Secretary of Legation. E. E. and M. P.
ECUADOR	Senor Don Antonio Flores	E. E. and M. P.
GERMANY	Count von Arco Valley	E. E. and M. P.
U.S. OF COLUMBIA	Baron von Zeutnitz Senor Don Ricardo Decerra	Secretary of Legation. E. E. and M. P.
JAPAN	Mr. F. Mutis Duran	Secretary of Legation.
SWEDEN AND	Mr. Jusanmi Riuisch Kuki	E. E. and M. P.
NORWAY	Mr. L. de Reuterskiold	E. E. and M. P.
DENMARK	Mr. Siguard Ibsen Mr. P. L. E. de Lovenorn	Secretary of Legation. M. R. and C. G.
URUGUAY	Senor Don Enrique M. Estrazulus.	
	Senor Don Carlos Farini	Charge d'Affaires ad in interim.
BRAZILVENEZUELA	Senor Jose Ferrieda da Costa Senor Jose Antoino Olavarri	Secretary of Legation. Charge d'Affaires.
4 TELL TELL OF TELL TELL TELL TELL TELL TELL TELL TEL	Schol sose Amonio Olavai II	Onargo u Anares.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Begins March 4, 1889; ends March 4, 1891.

T. PVT	D	MORTON	President.

Secretary

SENATORS.	Home Post-office.	Term ends.	SENATORS.	Home Post-office.	Term ends.
					l
James L. Pugh, D John T. Morgan, D	Eufaula Selma	1891 1895	James Z. George, D Edward C. Walthall, D.	Carrollton Grenada	1895
James K. Jones, D James H. Berry, D	Washington Bentonville	1891 1895	George G. Vest, D Francis M. Cockrell, D. NEBRASKA.	Sedalia Warrensburg.	l
CALIFORNIA. Leland Sandford, R George Hearst, D	San Francisco San Francisco	1893	Algernon S. Paddock, R. Charles F. Manderson, R. NEVADA.		1895
COLORADO. Henry M. Teller, R Edward O. Wolcott, R	Central City Denver	1999	John P. Jones, R William M. Stewart, R.	Gold Hill Carson City	1893
Orville H. Platt, R Joseph R. Hawley, R DELAWARE.	Meriden Hartford	1095	Henry W. Blair, R Wm. E. Chandler, R NEW JERSEY.	Plymouth Concord	1895
George Gray, D Anthony Higgins, R	Wilmington Wilmington	1099	Rufus Blodgett, D John R. McPherson, D NEW YORK.	Long Branch. Trenton	1895
Wilkinson Call, D Samuel Pasco, D	Jacksonville Monticello	1999	William M. Evarts, R Frank Hiscock, R NORTH CAROLINA.	New York Syracuse	1893
Joseph E. Brown, D Alfred H. Colquitt, D ILLINOIS.	Atlanta	1035	Zebulon B. Vance, D Matt W. Ransom, D	Charlotte Weldon	1090
Charles B. Farwell, R Shelby M. Cullom, R	Chicago Springfield	1000	John Sherman, R OREGON. John H. Mitchell, R	Mansfield	1893
Daniel W. Voorhees, D David Turpie, D	Terre Haute Indianapolis .	1893	Joseph N. Dolph, R PENNSYLVANIA. J. Donald Cameron, R	Portland	1895
William B. Allison, R James F. Wilson, R KANSAS.	Dubuque Fairfield	1099	Matthew S. Quay, R RHODE ISLAND. Nelson W. Aldrich, R	Beaver Providence	1893
John J. Ingalls, R Preston B. Plumb, R KENTUCKY.	Atchison Emporia		Jonathan Chace, R SOUTH CAROLINA. Wade Hampton, D	Valley Falls Columbia	1895
Joseph C.S. Blackburn, D James B. Beck, D LOUISIANA.	Versailles Lexington	1090	Matthew C. Butler, D TENNESSEE. William B. Bate, D	Edgefield Nashville	1895
James B. Eustis, D Randall L. Gibson, D	New Orleans	1899	Isham G. Harris, D TEXAS. John H. Reagan, D	Memphis Palestine	1895
Eugene Hale, R William P. Frye, R MARYLAND.	Ellsworth	1895	Richard Coke, D VERMONT. Justin S. Morrill, R	Waco Strafford	1895
Ephraim K. Wilson, D Arthur P. Gorman, D MASSACHUSETTS.	Snow Hill	1893	George F. Edmunds, R. VIRGINIA. John Warwick Daniel, D	Burlington	1893
Henry L. Dawes, R George F. Hoar, R	Pittsfield Worcester	1895	John S. Barbour, D WEST VIRGINIA. Charles J. Faulkner, D.	Alexandria	1895
Francis B.Stockbridge,R James McMillan, R MINNESOTA.	Detroit	1895	John E. Kenna, D wisconsin,		1895
Cushman K. Davis, R W. D. Washburn, R	St. Paul Minneapolis	1893 1895	John C. Spooner, R Philetus Sawyer, R	Oshkosh	1893

RECAPITULATION.

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Republicans	อย
Democrats	37

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

List of the representatives, and delegates who will compose the Fifty-first congress. Out of 325 members (163 being a majority), 166 are republicans and 159 are democrats; 204 are members of the 50th congress, 15 were members of the 49th congress, and 106 are new representatives. In the 50th congress there were 152 republicans, 169 democrats, two labor representatives, and two independents. To the list of congressmen is appended the list of delegates from the territories, six republicans and two democrats. They take no part in the voting in the house.

SUMMARY.

States.	Rep.	Dem.	States.	Rep.	Dem.
Alabama Arkansas California Colorado Cannecticut Delaware Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Manyend Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi	13 3 10 7 2 1 4 2 10 9 5	8 5 2 1 1 2 10 7 10 1 9 5 4 2 2 7	Missouri Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New York North Carolina Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee Texas Vermont Virginia West Virginia Wisconsin Total	1 24 44 19 3 16 1 21 21 2 2	7 7 11 8 2 2

Following is the list in detail:

ALABAMA. Thiet

1	Richard H. Clark, D.
2	Hilary A. Herbert, D.
S.	William C Oate D

- William C. Oats, D. Lewis W. Turhin, D. James E. Cobb, D. John H. Bankhead, D. William H. Forney, D. Joseph Wheeler, D.

ARKANSAS.

- William H. Cate, D. C. R. Breckinridge, D. Thomas C. MacRae, D. John H. Rogers, D. Samuel W. Peel, D. 3

CALIFORNIA.

- John J. De Haven, R. Joseph McKenna, R. Wm. W. Morrow, R. Thomas J. Clunie, D. William Vandevere, R.

COLORADO.

1 Hosea Townsend, R.

CONNECTICUT.

- W. E. Simonds, R. W. F. Wilcox, D. Charles A. Russell, R. Frederick Miles, R.

FLORIDA.

Dist.

R. H. M. Davidson, D. Robert W. Bullock, D.

DELAWARE.

John B. Penington, D.

GEORGIA.

- Rufus E. Lester, D. Henry G. Turner, D. Charles F. Crisp, D. Thomas W. Grimes, D. John D. Stewart, D. James H. Blount, D. Judson C. Clements, D. Henry H. Carlton, D. Allen D. Candler, D. George F. Barnes, D.

ILLINOIS.

- Abner Taylor, R. Frank Lawler, D. William E. Mason, R. George E. Adams, R. Albert J. Hopkins, R. Robert R. Hitt, R.
- Robert R. Hill, R.
 Thos. J. Henderson, R.
 Charles A. Hill, R.
 Lewis E. Payson, R.
 Phillip S. Post, R.
 William H. Gest, R.
 Scott Wike D.
- Scott Wike, D. Wm. M. Springer, D. J. H. Russell, R. 13

ILLINOIS - con.

- Dist. 15 16 Joseph G. Cannon, R. George W. Fithian, D.
- 17 Edward Lane, D. 18
- William S. Forman, D. R. W. Townshend, D. George W. Smith, R. 19

INDIANA.

- William F. Parrott, D.
 John H. O'Neall, D.
 Jason B. Brown, D.
 William S. Holman, D.
 George W. Cooper, D.
 Thomas M. Browne, R.
 William D. Bynum, D.
 E. V. Brookshire, D.
 Joseph B. Cheadle, R.
 William D. Owen, R.
 A. N. Martin, D.
 C. A. O. McClellan, D.
 B. F. Shively, D.
- 10

IOWA.

- John H. Gear, R. Walter I. Hayes, D. D. B. Henderson, R
- D. B. Henderson, R. John H. Sweeney, R. Daniel Kerr, R. John F. Laey, R. Edwin H. Conger, R. James P. Flick, R. Joseph R. Reed, R. John P. Dolliver, R. Isaac S. Struble, R.
- 10

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES-Continued.

KANSAS.

$\boldsymbol{\nu}$	
1	Edmund N. Morrill, R.
2	Edward H. Funston, R.
3	Bishop W. Perkins, R.
4	Thomas Ryan, R.
5	John A. Anderson, R.
6	Erastus J. Turner, R.
7	Samuel R. Peters, R.

KENTUCKY.

	1131111001111
1 2	William J. Stone, D. William T. Ellis, D.
3	H. Goodnight, D.
. 4	J. B. Montgomery, D.
5	Asher G. Caruth, D.
6	John G. Carlisle, D.
7	W. P. C. Breckin ge, D.
8	James B. McCreary, D.
9	Thomas H. Paynter, D.
10	John H. Wilson, R.
11	H. Frank Finley, R.

LOUISIANA.

1	T. S. Wilkinson, D.
2	H. D. Coleman, R.
3	Edward J. Gay, D.
4	N. C. Blanchard, D.
5	Charles Boatner, D.
Ē	Sam M Robertson D

MAINE.

1	Thomas B. Reed, R.
2	Nelson Dingley, Jr., R.
3	Seth L. Milliken, R.
4	Charles A. Boutelle, R.

MARYLAND.

1	Charles H. Gibson, D.
2	Herman Stump, D.
3	H. Welles Rusk, D.
4	H. Stockbridge, Jr., R.
5	Barnes Compton, D.
6	Louis E. McComas, R.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1	Charles S. Randall, R.
2	Elijah A. Morse, R.
3	John F. Andrew, D.
4	Joseph H. O'Neill, D.
5	Nathaniel P. Banks, R.
6	Henry Cabot Lodge, R.
7	William Cogswell, R.
8	Fred T. Greenhalge, R.
9	John W. Candler, R.
10	Joseph H. Walker, R.
11	Rodney Wallace, R.
12	Francis W. Rockwell, R.

MICHIGAN.

1 2	J. Logan Chipman, D. Edward P. Allen, R.
3	James O'Donnell, R.
4	Julius C. Burrows, R.
5	Charles E. Belknap, R.
6	Mark S. Brewer, R.
7	Justin R. Whiting, D.
8	Archibald T. Bliss, R.
9	Byron M. Cutcheon, R.
10	Frank W. Wheeler, R.
11	S. M. Stephenson, R.

MINNESOTA.

1 Mark H. Dunnell, R. 2 John Lind, R.

MINNESOTA — con. Dist.

3	Darit	ıs S.	Hal	I, K	
4	S. P.	Sny	der.	R.	
	S G				R

MISSISSIPPI.

D.
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le, D.
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MISSOURI.

1 2	William H. Hatch, D. C. H. Mansur, D.
3	A. M. Dockery, D.
4	James N. Burnes, D.
5	John C. Tarsney, D.
6	John T. Heard, D.
7	R. H. Norton, D.
8	F. G. Neidringhaus, R
9	Nathan Frank, R.

William M. Kinsey, R.
Richard P. Bland, D.
William J. Stone, D.
William H. Wade, R.
James P. Walker, D.

NEBRASKA.

				nell		
				ird,		
3	G.	w.	Ε.	Dor	sey,	R

NEVADA. 1 Horace F. Bartine, R.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Alonzo Nute, R. Orren C. Morre, R.

NEW JERSEY.

	a . D
1	C. A. Bergen, R.
2	James Buchanan, R.
3	J.A.Geissenhainer, D
4	Samuel Fowler, D.
5	C. D. Beckwith, R.
6	Herman Lehlbach, R
7	William McAdoo, D.

NEW YORK.

	NEW IORK.
1 2 3	James W. Covert, D. Felix Campbell, D. William C. Wallace, R
4	John M. Clancy, D.
5	Thomas F. Magner, D
6	Frank T. Fitzgerald, D
7	Edward J. Dunphy, D
8	John H. McCarthy, D.
9	Samuel S. Cox, D.
10	Francis D. Spinola, D.
11	John Quinn, D.
12	Roswell P. Flower, D.
13	Ashbel P. Fitch, D.
14	W. G. Stahlnacker, D.
15	Moses D. Stivers, R.
16	John H. Ketcham, R.
17	Charles M. Knapp, R.
18	J. A. Quackenbush, R.
19	Charles Tracey, D.
20	John Sanford, R.
21	John H. Moffit, R.
22	Frederick Lansing, R.
23	James S. Sherman, R.
~	ounce of our many is.

Dist. NEW YORK—con.

24	David Wilbur, R.
25	James J. Belden, R.
26	Milton Delano, R.
27	N. W. Nutting, R.
28	Thomas S. Flood, R.
29	John Raines, R.
30	Charles S. Baker, R.
31	John G. Sawyer, R.
32	John M. Farquhar, R.
33	John M. Wildey, D.
34	William G. Laidlaw, R.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1 2	Thomas G. Skinner, D. Henry P. Cheatham, R.
3	C. W. McClammy, D.
4	Benjamin H. Bunn, D.
5	John M. Brower, R.
6	Alfred Rowland, D.
7	John S. Henderson, D.
8	W. H. H. Cowles, D.
9	Hamilton G. Ewart, R.

OHIO.

1	Benj. Butterwortn, K.
2	John A. Caldwell, R.
3	E. S. Williams, R.
4	Samuel S. Yoder, D.
5	George E. Seney, D.
6	M. M. Boothman, R.
7	Henry L. Morey, R.
8	Robert P. Kennedy, R.
9	William C. Cooper, R.
10	William E. Haynes, D:
11	A. C. Thompson, R.
12	Jacob J. Pugsley, R.
13	Jos. H. Outhwaite, D.
14	Chas. P. Wickham, R.
15	C. H. Grosvenor, R.
16	James W. Owens, D.
17	Joseph D. Taylor, R.
18	Wm. McKinley, Jr., R.
19	Ezra B. Taylor, R.
20	Martin L. Smyser, R.
21	Theo, E. Burton, R.

OREGON.

1 Binger Herman, R.

	- · ·
	PENNSYLVANIA.
1	Henry H. Bingham, R.
2	Charles O'Neill, R.
3	Samuel J. Randall, D.
4 5	William D. Kelley, R.
5	Alfred C. Harmer, R.
6 7 8	Smed'ly Darlington, R. R. M. Yardley, R.
7	R. M. Yardley, R.
8	William Mutchler, D.
9	David B. Brunner, D.
0	Merriott Brosius, R
1	Joseph A. Scranton, R.
2	E. S. Osborne, R.
3	James B. Reilly, D.
4	John W. Rife, R. Myron B. Wright, R.
5	Myron B. Wright, R.
6	H. C. McCormick, R.
7	Chas. R. Buckalew, D.
8	Louis E. Atkinson, R.
9	Levi Maish, D.
90	Edward Schull, R.
1	Samuel A. Craig, R.
22	John Dalzell, R.
3	Thomas M. Bayne, R.
45	J. Warren Ray, R.
	Chas. C. Townsend, R.
26	W. C. Culbertson, R.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES-Continued.

PENNSYLVANIA-con.

Dist. Lewis F. Watson, R, . 28 James A. Kerr, D.

RHODE ISLAND

H. J. Spooner, R. Warren O. Arnold, R.

SOUTH CAROLINA

- SOUTH CAROLINA Samuel Dibble, D. George D. Tillman, D. James S. Cothran, D. William H. Perry, D. John J. Hemphill, D. George W. Dargan, D. : 1 . 2 ã
- 5 William Elliott, D.

TENNESSEE.

Alfred A. Taylor, R. Leonidas C. Houk, R. H. Clay Evans, R. Benton McMillan, D. . 1

J. D. Richardson, D. J. E. Washington, D, W. C. Whithorne, D. Benjamin A. Enloe, D.

TENSNESSEE --- COII. Dist

Rice A. Pierce, D. James Phelan, D.

TEXAS.

Charles Stewart, D. William H. Martin, D. C. B. Kilgore, D. David B. Culbertson, D.

David B. Citherison, I Silas Hare, D. Joseph Abbott, D. William H. Crain, D. L. W. Moore, D. Roger Q. Mills, D. Joseph D. Sayers, D. S. W. T. Lanham, D.

VERMONT.

John W. Stewart, R. William W. Grout, R.

VIRGINIA.

T. H. Browne, R. George E. Bowden, R. George D. Wise, D.

virginia -- con.

- Dist. 4 Edmund C. Venable, D. 5
- Posey G. Lester, D.
 Paul C. Edmunds, D.
 Charles T. O'Ferrall, D.
 William H. F. Lee, D.
 John A. Buchanan, D. 6
- Harry St. G. Tucker, D.

WEST VIRGINIA.

- John O. Pendleton, D. 1 William L. Wilson, D. John H. McGinnis, R.
- 3
 - C. B. Smith, R.

WISCONSIN.

12 Lucien B. Caswell, R. Lucien B. Caswell, R. Charles Barwig, D. R. M. LaFollette, R. I. W. Van Schaick, R. George H. Brickner, D. Charles B. Clark, R. Ormsby B. Thomas, R. Nils P, Haugen, R. Myron H. McCord, R. $\tilde{3}$

DELEGATES FROM THE TERRITORIES.

Arizona — Marcus A. Smith, D. Dakota — George A. Matthews, R. Idaho — Frederick T. Du Bois, R. Montana — Thomas H. Carter, R. New Mexico — Antonio Joseph, D. Utah — John T. Cain, Mormon, D. Washington — John B. Allen, R. Wyoming — Joseph M. Carey, D.

SALARIES OF MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF CONGRESS.

UNITED STATES SENATE. - Two Senators from each state \$5,000 each, with mileage (20 cents per mile), stationery (\$125), franking privilege and expenses on committees and special deputations; Secretary, \$4,896; Chief Clerk, \$3,000; 5 Principal Clerks, \$2,592 each; Librarian, \$2,592; Librarian, \$2,220; Assistant Librarian, \$1,800; Chaplain, \$900; Sergeat-at-Arms, \$4,350; 25 Assistant Doorkeepers, from \$1,440 to \$2,592; Postmaster, \$2,100; Assistant Postmaster, \$2,088; Clerks to 25 Committees, \$6 per day; Reporter of Debates and Assistants a total of \$25,000; and many other employes at salaries ranging from \$2.50 per day to \$2,500

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES .- Speaker, \$8,000; Representatives and Delegates, \$5,000. with mileage (20 cents per mile), and stationery (\$125) and franking privilege; Clerk. \$4,500: 5 other Chief Clerks, \$3,000 each; Sergeant-at-arms, \$4,000; Chaplain, \$900; 7 Stenographers and Official Reporters to Committees, \$5,000 each; Clerks to 35 Committees, \$6 per day; Architect of Capitol, \$4,500; Public Printer, \$3,600; numerous other employes at salaries aranging from \$2.50 per day to \$2.500 per year.

UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

(Those appointed by President Cleveland since March 4, 1885, are in Roman. Prior appointees in *Italic*.)

Explanation — E. E. and M. P., Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary; M. R., Minister Resident; M. R. and C. G., Minister Resident and Consul General

Argentine Republic	B. W. Hanna, M. R. & C. G.	Buenos Ayres.	Indiana	\$7,500
Austria-Hungary	Alex R. Lawton	Vienna	New York	12,000
Belgium	J. G. Parkhurst, M. R	Brussels	Michigan	7,500
Bolivia	S. S. Carlisle, M. R. & C. G	La Paz	Louisiana	5,000
Brazil	T. J. Jarvis, E. E. & M. P	Rio de Janeiro	N. Carolina	12,000
Central America	Henry C. Hall, E. E. & M. P.	Guatemala	New York	10,000
Chili	W. R. Roberts, E. E. & M. P.	Santiago	New York	10,000
China	C. Denby, E. É. & M. P	Pekin	Indiana	12,000
Columbia	Dabney H. Maury	Bogota	Virginia	7,500~
Corea	H. A. Dinsmore, M. R. & C. G	Seoul	Arkansas	5.000
Denmark	R. B. Anderson, M. R. & C. G	Copenhagen	Wisconsin	5,000
France	R. M. McLane, E. E. & M. P.	Paris	Maryland	17,500
Germany	G. H. Pendleton, E. E. & M. P.	Berlin		17,500
Great Britain	E. J. Phelps, E. E. & M. P.	London	Vermont	17: 500
Greece	Walker Fearn, M. R. & C. G	Athens		6.500
Hawaii	G. W. Merrill, M. R	Honolulu		7,500
Hayti	J. E. W. Thompson, M. R. &			.,
	C. G	Port au Prince	New York	5,000
Italy	J. B. Stallo, E. E. & M. P.	Rome	Ohio	12,000
Japan	R. B. Hubbard, E. E. & M. P	Toi to	Texas	12,000
Liberia	E. E. Smith, M. R. & C. G.	Monrovia	N. Carolina.	5,000
Mexico	E. S. Bragg, E. E. & M. P	Mexico	Wisconsin	12,000
Netherlands	R. B. Roosevelt, M. R	The Hague	New York	7,500
Paragua and Uruguay.	J. E. Bacon, Ch. de Affairs.	Montovideo	S. Carolina.	5,000
Persia	E. S. Pratt, M. R. & C. G.	Teheran	Alabama	5,000
Peru	C. W. Buck, E. E. & M. P.	Lima	Kentucky	10,000
Portugal	E. P. C. Lewis, M. R. & C. G.	Lisbon	New Jersey	5,000
Russia	Lambert Tree, E. E. &			
l	M. P	St. Petersburg	Illinois	17,500
Siam	J. T. Childs. M. R. & C. G.	Bankok	Kansas	5,000
Spain	J. L. M. Curry, E. E. & M. P	Madrid	Virginia	12,000
Sweden and Norway	Rufus Magee, M. R	Stockholm	Indiana	7,500
Switzerland	B. Winchester, M. R. & C. G	Berne	Kentucky	5,000
Turkey	Oscar Strauss, M. R. & C. G	Consta'tinople	New York	10,000
Venezuela	C. L. Scott, M. R. & C. G	Caracas	Alabama	7,500
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SECRETARIES OF LEGATION.

Countries.		Countries.	
AustriaJames Fenner Lee, Md.			\$2,625
BrazilSaml. T. Williams, Md.			1.800
ChiliChristi'n M. Siebert, N Y			
ChinaW. W. Rockhill, Md	2,625	Mexico Thos. B. Connery, N. Y	1.800
France Henri Vignaud, N. Y	2,625	RussiaGeorge W. Wurtz, Pa,	
FranceAug. Jay (2d sec.) N. Y	2,000	SpainEdw. H. Strobel, N. Y.	
GermanyChapman Coleman, Ky.	2,000	TurkeyPencleton King	1.800
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CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS, AND CONSULAR AGENTS.

PLACE.	Name.	l	 [Fees,
I LACK.	name.	States.	Salary.	1887.
Buenos Ayres	Edward L. Baker	Illinois	\$2,500	\$2,081
AUSTRIA — Brunn Prague Trieste Vienna	Gustavus Schoeller, A Charles Jonas Henry W. Gilbert Edmund Jussen	Wisconsin New York New York	3,000 2,000 3,000	2, 356
BARBARY STATES — Tangier	W. R. Lewis	Pennsylvania	2,000	32
BELGIUM — Antwerp Brussels Charleroi Ghent Verviers and Liege	John H. Stuart Win. Slade Charles Vander Elst, A. F. L. W. Butterfield W. S. Preston	PennsylvaniaOhio	2,000 2,500 1,000 1,500	2,728 3,210 2,435 1,581 2,659
BOLIVIA — La Paz	S. S. Carlisle	Louisiana	5,000	
BRAZIL — Baria Para Pernambuco Rio Grande de Sul Rio de Janerio Santos	D. N. Burk. Robert T. Clayton. Henry C. Borstel. L. G. Bennington H. Clay Armstrong C. R. McCall	New York Georgia Maine ' West Virginia Alabama Alabama	1,500 1,500 2,000 1,600 6,000 1,500	313 391 2, \)54
CHILI — Talcahuano Valparaiso	J. F. Van Ingen J. M. Romeyn	Massachusetts Indiana	1,000 3,000	
CHINA — Amoy Canton Chin King Foo Chow Hang Kow Ningpo Shanghai Tien Tsin	W. S. Crowell Charles Seymour. A. C. Jones. J. C. A. Wingate. R. E. Withers T. F. Pettrus. John D. Kennedy E. J. Smithers	Ohio Wisconsin Minnesota New Hampshire. Virginia Mississippi South Carolina. Delaware.	3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 5,000 5,500 3,500	1,597 2,913 292 797 7,228 685 425
COLUMBIA, U.S. OF— Barranquilla Bogota Carthagena Colon, Aspin Panama	A. J. Jones John G. Walker. W. B. McMaster Victor Vivquain Thomas Adamson, C. G	Illinois Texas New York Nebraska. Pennsylvania.	2,000 2,000 Fees 3,000 4,000	4,585 2,050
COSTA RICA— Port Limon San Jose	A. K. Brown	Virginia	2,000	397
DENMARK — St. Thomas, W. I	M. A. Turner	Arkansas	2,500	426
ECUADOR— Guayaquil	Owen McGar	Colorado	3,000	1,612
FRANCE AND DOMINIONS — Algiers, Af Bordeaux Calais Gaboon, Af Guadaloup, W. I Havre Limoges	C. T. Grellet G. W. Roosevelt J. P. Vendroux, A. W. C. Gault H. Thionville F. F. Dufais A. Jonhannand		1,000 2,500 1,000 1,000 1,500 3,000	55 9,761 953 180 3,343

CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS AND CONSULAR AGENTS — Continued.

PLACE.	Name.	State.	Salary.	Fees, 1887.
FRANCE AND DOMIN- IONS — Continued. Lyons	L. V. Moore. Frank H. Mason. W. A. Garesche. H. A. Shackleford Albert N. Hatheway J. L. Rathbone S. H. Keedy Chas. P. Williams Oscar Malmroz. Jacob L. Doty.	Iowa Ohio Missouri Pennsylvania Connecticut California Pennsylvania New York Minnesota New York	2,500 1,500 1,000 1,500 6,000 2,000 Fees	59,407 199 1,247 713
FRIENDLY ISLANDS—	H. M. Sewell	Maine	2,000	190
GERMANY — Aix la Chapelle Annaberg Barmen Berlin Breman Breslau Brunswick Chemnitz Cologne Crefeld Dresden Dusseldorf Elberfeld Frankfort Furth Hamburg Kehl Leipsic Mannheim Mayence Munich Nuremburg Sonneberg Stettin Stuttgart	Joseph J. Fartello. C. Forster. Jacob Mueller, C. G. T. A. Roberson. Wm. W. Lang. Edmund Johnson. S. R. Miller. J. C. Monoghan. James H. Smith. E. W. Mealey Wm. J. Black. Edw. C. Wellep. Andrew F. Fay. Edw. P. Crane.	Indiana. Ohio. Texas New Jersey Iowa Rhode Island Dist of Columbia	2,500 4,000 2,500 1,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 3,000 1,500 1,	10, 297 18, 497 17, 527 17, 527 18, 580 2, 591 2, 591 18, 580 0, 4, 540 0, 2, 608 0, 2, 608
GREAT BRITAIN ANI DOMINIONS— Amherstburg, Can Antigua, W. I. Auckland, N. Z. Barbadoes, W. I	Josiah Turner	Colifornia	1,50	00 897 00 415
BelfastBelleville, CanBermuda.	Lewis G. Reed. George W. Savage John M. Strong. C. M. Allen. Joseph B. Hughes.	New Jersey Pennsylvania New York Ohio Massachusetts New York	1, 50 2, 50 1, 00 3, 00	00 11,965 00 00 2,048 00 8,207 00 672 00 19,626
Briting Strategy Stra	John C. Bridges B. F. Bonham, C. G. G. F. Hollis	New York Oregon Massachusetts Wisconsin	ia 1,50 1,50 5,00 1,50 2,00	00 1,390 00 5,863 00 350 00 680
Chatham, Can. Clifton Coaticook Cork Demerara Dublin Dundee Dunfarline	A. A. Brown F. W. Roberts John J. Piatt Wm. T. Walthall J. L. McCaskill Arthur B. Wood. L. J. Walker	Michigan New York Maine Ohio Mississippi Mississippi New York Alabama	2,0 1,5 Fe 2,0 3,0 2,0 2,5 2,5	00 2,199 00 488 00 1,868
Ft. Erie Gaspe Basin Gibraltar	James Whelah	Massachusetts.	1,0	140 14

PLACE.	Name.	State.	Salary	Fees 1887.
GREAT BRITAIN ANI			<u> </u>	
DOMINIONS - Con.	1			1
Glasgow	F. H. Underwood	. Massachusetts	\$3.500	214 011
Goderich	I R. S. Chilton, C. A	Diet of Columbia	1,500	\$14,011 402
Guelph Halifax	J. U. Childs. M. H. Phelan	Maine	Fees	3,370
Hamilton, Can	Albert Roberts	Missouri	3,500	
Hong Kong	R. E. Withers	Tennessee Virginia	2,000	
Huddersfield	R. E. Withers. C. W. Whitman, A.	viiginia	1,000	5,690
Hull		New York	Fees	78
Kingston, Can Kingston, Jam	M. H. Twitchell	Louisiana	1,500	1,381
Leeds	W. G. Allen. F. H. Wigfall.	South Carolina	2,000	1
Leicester		1	2,000	4,058
Leith. Levuka, Fiji Is. Liverpool	W. Walling	Indiana	2,500	1,537 1,793
Levuka, Fiji Is	A. A. St. John	l Pennsylvania	1.000	1
London, Eng	C. T. Russell		6,000	
London, Can	Thos. M. Woller. W. D. H. Washington, C. A. J. Worthington E. J. Hale	Connecticut	6,000	
Malta	J. Worthington	West Virginia New York	1,500	2, 121
Manchester	E. J. Hale	North Carolina	1,500 3,000	20,054
Melbourne	J. m. morgan	North Carolina South Carolina	4,500	20,000
Montreal	I W A Andorson	I Wisconsin I	4,000	4,722
Morrisburg Nassau	Sellar Teishman	New York	Fees	1,060
Newcastle	T. J. McLain, Jr	Omo	2,000	962
Nottingham	G. S. Williams, C. A	Dist. of Columbia New \ ork	1,500 2,500	1,81 8 8,90 7
Ottawa	T. W. Hotchkiss.	New York	3,000	6,252
Paris, Can	W. R. Welsh			0,200
Pictou	G. C. Tanner		1,500	118
Port Hope	R. M. Conway	Virginia	1.500	2,624
Port Rowan	R. H. Schooley	Vermont New York	2,000	72
Port Sarnia	Jasper Smith. G. S. Wilhams, C. A. T. W. Hotchkiss. W. R. Welsh. G. C. Tanner R. M. Conway T. T. Prentiss R. H. Schooley J. S. Farrar H. S. Lasar J. C. Quiggle	Michigan	Fees 1,500	1,419 1,015
Port Stanley, Falk. Is Port Stanley, Can	H. S. Lasar	Missouri	1,500	1,010
Port Stanley, Can	J. C. Quiggle		2,000	
Prescott	W. C. Hall T. W. Downs Fred Ellison	New York	1,500	766
Quebec	Fred Ellison	Connecticut Indiana	1,500	513
St. Helens	C. E. Kincaid	mulana	1,500 Fees	, 6
St. Hyacinth	C. E. Kincaid W. T. Mitchell.	Michigan	Fees	1,848
St. John, N. B.	James Murray Alex. Bertrand W. Y. Pach	New York New York	2,000	5,118
St. Johns, Que St. Stephens	Alex. Bertrand	New York	1,500	897
Sheffield	B. Folsom.	Maine New York New Hampshire	1,500	527
Sherbrooke	D. M. White.	New Hampshire	2,500 2,000	5,990 4,53 6
Sierra Leone	J. A. Lewis	Sierra Leone	1,000	114
Singapore	A. G. Studer H. H. Pendleton	10wa	3,000	1,896
Southampton	H. H. Pendleton	W. Virginia	1,500	201
Stanbridge	H. F. Brigham, C. A. R. W. Dunlap M. B. March	Vermont	Fees	1,489
Sutton	M. B. March	Tennessee	1,500	$3,145 \\ 564$
Sydney	$(\hat{\tau}, 1V, (\hat{\tau}r)thn$	Kentucky	2,000	904
Three Rivers	J. M. Rosse	Kentucky New York	1,500	2,319
Toronto	C. W. Wagner M. H. Sawyer	Missouri	2,000	2,319 5,096
Trinidad	M. H. Sawyer	Connecticut	Fees	3,048
Turks Island.	Jacob Scheonof Jos. L. Hance	New York New York	2,500	10,412
Victoria	R. J. Stevens	California	1,000 2,500	273
Wallaceburg	R. J. Stevens	Michigan	Fees	2,623
Windsor, Can Windsor, N. S.	John Devlin	Michigan	1,500	2,723
Winnipeg	Edward Young	South Carolina Minnesota	1,500 1,500	443 610
REECE-	-		-,	
Athens	Walker Fearn	Louisiana	6,500 .	•••••
UATEMALA— Guatemala	I P Hosman	Now York	0.000	00#
AWAII—	J. R. Hosmer	New York	2,000	267
Honolulu	John H. Putnam	Ohio	4,000	
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PLACE.	Name.	State.	Salary.	Fees 1887.
HAYTI— Cape Haytien Port au Prince	S. Goutier	Pennsylvania New York	\$1,000 5,000	\$929 892
HONDURAS — Ruatan and Truxillo Tegucigalpa	W. C. Burchard D. W. Herring	New York Tennessee	1,000 2,000	17
ITALY — Carrara Catania Florence Genoa Leghorn Messina Milan Naples Palermo Rome Venice	J. H. Brown Vincent Lamantia. Isaac R. Diller James Fletcher V. A. Sartori Wallace Jones H. C. Crouch E. Camphauser Philip Carroll Wm. L. Alden, C. G. H. A. Johnson	Illinois Louisiana Lousiana Iowa Pennsylvania Florida New York Pennsylvania New York New York New York South Carolina	Fees 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 2,000 2,000 1,000	1,984 2,385 2,141 2,728 3,418 1,459 1,821
JAPAN — Kanagawa Nagasaki Osaka and Hiago	C. R. Greathouse J. M. Birch T. R. Jarnigan	California West Virginia North Carolina	4,000 3,000 3,000	185
MADAGASCAR — Tamatave	J. P. Campbell	California	2,000	45
MEXICO — Acapulco. Guaymas Matamoras. Merida Mexico Nuevo Laredo. Piedas Negras Santa Cruz Point. Tampico. Vera Cruz.	Robert W Toughery A. Willard W. P. Sutton, C. G. E. H. Hompson E. C. More. B. Mackey W. G. Allen C. Cloetta, A. W. R. Greathouse J. D. Hoff	Texas California Michigan Massachusetts Missouri South Carolina. South Carolina Louisiana New Jersey	1,000 2,000 Fees 2,500 1,000 1,000	459 632 1,169
NETHERLANDS — Amsterdam Batavia Curacoa Rotterdam Schiedam	D. Eckstein	Ohio Rhode Island Maine New Jersey	Fees 2,000	2,188
NICARAGUA — San Juan del Norte	W. A. Brown	Maryland	2,000	630
PERU — Callao	H. M. Brent	Dist. of Columbia	3,500	183
PORTUGAL AND DO- MINIONS — Fayal	S. W. Dabney	Massachusetts New York New Jersey Massachusetts	1,500 5,000 1,000 1,000	163 1,187 58
ROUMANIA, ETC.— Bucharest	W. Fern, M. R. and C. G	Louisana	6,500	
RUSSIA — Odessa St. Petersburg	T. E. Heenan Charleton H. Way	Minnesota	2,000 3,000	
SIAM — Bangkok	J. T. Childs	Missouri	5,000	43

CONSULS-GENERAL AND CONSULS, AGENTS AND CONSULAR AGENTS.—Continued.

Place.	Name.	State.	Salary.	
			!	1887.
SPAIN — DOMINIONS — Baracoa de Cuba. Barcelana Cadiz. Cardenas. Clenfugos Havana Malaga Manila Matanzas. Mayagnez, P. R. Ponce, P. R. Sagua la Grande San Juan, P. R. Santiago de Cuba	Henry G. Pryor. F. H. Scench D. H. Ingram. J. M. Churchill, C. A. H. A. Ehninger R. O. Williams, C. G. H. C. Marston Alex R. Webb Frank H. Pierce J. J. Swann J. F. Finlay Daniel M. Mullen E. Conry. Otto E. Reimer	Kentucky Indiana Maine Maine Mine New York New York Illinois Missouri New Hampshire Texas Massachusetts Pennsylvania New York	3,000 Fees Fees Fees 2,000	397 626 1,398 1,925
SWEDEN—NORWAY— Gothenburg Stockholm	E. A. Man N. A. Elfwing	Florida Sweden	Fees Fees	
SWITZERLAND — Basle Berne Geneva Horgen St. Galle. Zurich	G. Gifford B. Winchester, M. R. C. G L. T. Adams W. T. Rice Peter Staub G. L. Catlin	Maine Kentucky New York Massachusetts Tennessee New Jersey	2,000 5,000 1,500 2,000 2,500 2,000	4,287 886 889 2,455
PURKEY — DOMINIONS— Beirut Cairo Constantinople Jerusalem Smyrna	E. Bissinger John Cardwell, C. G. P. L. Pringle Henry Gillman W. C. Emmett	New York Texas	2,000 5,000 3,000 2,500 2,500	267 1,283 45 2,398
URUGUAY— Montevideo	Ed. J. Hill	North Carolina	2,000	1,119
VENEZUELA— Caracas LaGuayra Maracaibo Puerto Cabello	Chas. R. Rohl	Alabama	2,500 1,500 2,000 1,500	628 607
ZANZIBAR — Zanzibar	S. A. Pratt	Massachusetts	1,000	308

INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS—WISCONSIN.

1st. - EDWARD C. WALL, Collector, Milwaukee.

COUNTIES.

Brown Kenosha Ozaukee Waushara Calumet Kewaunee Racine Winnebag Dodge Manitowoe Shawano Langlade Door Marnette Sheboygan to was Florence Marquette Walworth western Fond du Lac Milwaukee Washington of said c Forest Oconto Waukesha Green Lake Outagamie Waupaca	except 8
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2d.-A. C. PARKINSON, Collector, Madison.

COUNTIES.

Adams Ashland Barron Bayfield Buffalo Burnett Chippewa Clark Columbia Crawford Dane	Dunn Eau Claire Grant Green Iowa Jackson Jefferson Juneau La Crosse	Marrone Monroe Oneida Pepin Pierce Polk Portage Price Richland	Sawyer. Taylor. Trempealeau. Vernon. Washburn. Wood and western eighttowns, Lang- lade county.

U. S. LAND OFFICES IN WISCONSIN

There are six government land offices in this state located at the following points: Ashland, Eau Claire, La Crosse, Menasha, St. Croix Falls, and Wausau, at each of which there is a register and a receiver.

States and Territories.	Capitals.	Governor.		Term Yrs.	Term Expires.	Next Legi	Session slature.	Ele c - toral Vote.		Time of Election.	Area. Sq. M.
Alabama Alaska Territory Arizona Territory Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Dakota Territory Delaware Dist. of Columbia Florida Georgia Idaho Territory Illinois Indiana Iowa Indian Territory Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Ter Nebraska Nevada New Hampshire New Hampshire New Mexico Ter New Mexico Ter New York North Carolina Olio Oregon	Districts Dover Washington Tallahassee Atlanta Boise City Springfield Indianapolis Des Moines Talequah Topeka Frankfort Baton Rouge Augusta Annapolis Boston Lansing St. Paul Jackson Jefferson City Helena Lincoln Carson City Concord Trenton Santa Fe Albany Raleigh Columbus	†A. P. Swineford, D †C. Myers Zulick, D James P. Eagle, D W. F. Bartlett, D Job A. Cooper, R M. Y. Bulkeley, R H. K. Church, D B. T. Biggs, D Francis P. Flemming, D John B. Gordon, D te. A. Stevenson, D Joseph W. Fifer, R Alvin P. Hovey, R Wm. Larrabee, R L. U. Humphrey, R S. B. Buckner, D Francis T. Nichols, D E. C. Burleigh, R E. E. Jackson, D Oliver Ames, R C. T. Luce, R W. R. Merriam, R Robert Lowry, D David B. Francis, D tyreston H. Leslie, D John M. Thayer, R C. E. Stevenson, R D. H. Goodsell, R R. S. Green, D †E. G. Ross, D David B. Hill, D Daniel G. Fowle, D Joseph B. Foraker, R	\$3,000 3,000 2,600 2,600 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 3,000 5,000 5,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 1,000 4,000	2 4 2 3 4 3 4 2	Jan., 1891. Jan., 1891. Jan., 1891. Jan., 1891. Jan., 1892. Jan., 1892. Jan., 1893. Nov., 1890. Sept., 1889. Jan., 1893.	*Jan. *Jan. *Jan. *Jan. *Jan. *Jan. *Jan. **Jan.	, 1891.,	10	1 2 7 1 1 34 9 21	Tues. after first Mon. in Nov First Monday in September. Tues. after first Mon. in Nov Tues. aft	52, 198 188, 981 104, 500 4 750

STATE
AND
TERRITORIAL
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Pennsylvania. Harrisburg Rhode Island. Newport and Prov South Carolina. Columbia Tennessee. Nashville Texas Austin Utah Territory. Salt Lake City. Vermont Montpelier. Virginia. Richmond Washington Ter. West Virginia Charleston Wisconsin Madison Wyoming Ter Cheyenne	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,000 1 ,500 2 ,000 2 ,000 2 ,600 4 ,000 2 ,600 4 ,700 4 ,700 4	Jan., 1891*Jan., 1891' 30 28 May, 1889 Jan., 1890 4 2 Dec., 1890 Nov., 1889 9 7 Jan., 1890*Jan., 1891 12 10 Jan., 1891*Jan., 1891 13 11 Ap. 20,1890*Jan., 1890	Tues. after first Mon. in Nov First Wednesday in April
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*Biennial Sessions.

†Appointed by President.

‡Delegate.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

Office.	Name.	Salary.	Residence.
Governor		\$5,000	Ft. Atkinson.
Lieutenant-Governor	George W. Ryland	1,000	Lancaster.
Secretary of State	Ernst G. Timme	5,000	Kenosha.
State Treasurer	Henry B. Harshaw	5,000	Oshkosh.
Attorney-General	Charles E. Estabrook.	3,000	Manitowoc.
State Superintendent	Jesse B. Thayer	1,200	River Falls.
Railroad Commissioner	Atley Peterson	3,000	Soldiers' Grove
nsurance Commissioner	Philip Cheek, Jr	3,000	Baraboo.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Names.	GOVERNOR.	
	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
wimam D. Hoard	Fort Atkinson	New York.
	LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.	
George W. Ryland	. Lancaster	Maryland.
	PRIVATE SECRETARY.	
Honny Coggon		
Henry Casson	. Viroqua	Pennsylvania.
	DOCUMENT CLERK.	
Frank W Hoard	Fort Atkinson	
Frank W. Hoard	. Fort Atkinson	Wisconsin.
	EXECUTIVE CLERK.	
T I. Hacker		01.1
1. H. Hacket	. Cottage Grove	Ohio.
	JANITOR.	
H W Lovejov	. Madison	
11. W. 110VCJOY	. madison	New York.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

Names.	Legal Residence. Kenosha	Nativity.
A:	SSISTANT SECRETARY. Elkhorn	
Thomas St. George	CHIEF CLERK, Racine	New York.
D. H. Tullis	BOOK-KEEPER. Madison	Ohio.

STATE DEPARTMENT — Continued.

Names.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
A. E. McCurdy	ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER Oshkosh	Wisconsin.
William N. Weiskopf	ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER Kenosha	. Wisconsin.
Charles A. Leith	Trempealeau	. England.
Joseph S. Keyes	PROOF-READER. Madison	. Wisconsin.
W. W. Jones	FILING CLERK Fox Lake	. New York.
F. M. Weil	RECORDING CLERK Milwaukee	. Wisconsin.
Henry H. Timme	COMPILING CLERK Kenosha	. Wisconsin.
Libbie C. Maas	REGISTRATION CLERK Wheatland	. Wisconsin.
L. J. Erdall	DOCUMENT CLERK. Deerfield	Norway.
Edward Baumann	Madison	Germany.
л	ANITOR AND MAILING CLERK Manitowoc	,
J. E. Burgess	MESSENGER. Madison	New York.
Mark Smith	JANITOR. Linden	Wisconsin.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

•	TREASURER.	
Names. Henry B. Harshaw	Legal Residence. Oshkosh	Nativity. New York.
AS	SISTANT TREASURER.	
William D. Harshaw	Oshkosh	New York.
	BOOK-KEEPER.	
W. H. Patton	Oshkosh	New York.
	RRESPONDING CLERK.	
N. Konrad, Jr	Madison	${\bf Wisconsin}_{\bullet}$
	DEPOSIT CLEK.	
C. W. Barney	Mauston	New York.
	MAILING CLERK.	
E. L. Reese	Dodgeville	Wisconsin.
	MESSENGER.	
Ben Smith	Oshkosh	Great Britain.
	NIGHT WATCH.	
Honry Malone	Beaver Dam	Ireland.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Names. Charles E. Estabrook	ATTORNEY-GENERAL. Legal Residence. Manitowoc.	Nativity Wisconsin.
Louis K. Luse	ASSISTANT ATTORNEY-GENERAL Stoughton	Wisconsin.
H. C. Gill	CLERK Madison	Wisconsin.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.	
Names. Legal Residence. Jesse B. Thayer River Falls	Nativity. Wisconsin.
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.	
W. H. Chandler Madison	Vermont.
CHIEF CLERK.	
Alba L. Ruggles Washburn	Michigan.
MESSENGER.	
D. Kessler Madison	Germany.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER'S DEPARTMENT.

Names.	$Legal\ Residence$.	Nativity.
Atley Peterson	RAILROAD COMMISSIONER Soldier's Grove	Norway
James H. Foster	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER Koro	Massachusetts.
Joseph Smethurst	JANITOR. Crawford Co	Ohio.

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Names.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
	COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE.	
Philip Cheek, Jr	Baraboo	England.
	DEPUTY COMMISSIONER.	
Arthur P. Cheek	Baraboo	Wisconsin.
	MESSENGER AND JANITOR.	
W. H. Glenz	Madison	Germany

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Names.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
John M. Ewing	CHIEF CLERE. Milwaukee	Ohio.
	CLERKS.	
C. M. Foresman Robt. Monteith George V. Borchsenius B. F. Cram B. J. Castle Carl Sorg. Walter Lasche P. P. Hektoen	Milwaukee Baldwin Madison Black River Falls Milwaukee Milwaukee	Wisconsin. New Hampshire. Ireland. Germany. Wisconsin.
	JANITOR.	
George Speckner	Madison	Germany.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Names.	Legal Residence.	Nativity.
Geo. W. Burchard	DJUTANT-GENERAL	New York.
	ANT ADJUTANT-GENERAL.	
Frederick L. Phillips	. Fox Lake	England.
	SENGER AND JANITOR.	
N. B. Hood	Lone Rock	Pennsylvania.
	EMPORARY CLERKS.	
(Compiling War Re	cords under Chapter 244, Laws 1885	i.)
J. H. Whitney	Baraboo	Massachusetts.
L. B. Waddington L. J. Glass	Darington	Massachusetts.
L. J. Glass C. D. Skinner	Milwankee	. Wisconsin.
C. D. Monrielt	River raus	michigan.
D. D. Commond	Viola	Omo.
w 1 77	City Point	remisyivama.
m T Wildware	La Crosse	. Norway.
H. S. Keene	Lancaster	Germany.
Geo. WilsonG. H. McNeel	Fond du Lac	. New York.
C	Hudson	, ireiana.
Anna M. Pickarts .	Madison	. Wisconsin.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Brig. Gen. Michael Griffin	Eau Claire	Quartermaster General.
Major John W. Curran	Sparta	Asst. Quartermaster General.
Peter Delmar	Madison	Janitor.
200		

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS.

COMMISSIONER.

Names. Tenry M. Stark.	Legal Residence. Milwaukee	
	EPUTY COMMISSIONER. Milwaukee	Holland.
-	FACTORY INSPECTOR. Milwaukee	Germany.
Ed. F. Appleby	CLERK.	Wisconsin.
F. A. Bird	JANITOR.	

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.			
Names.	Legal Residence	e. Nativity.	
	SUPERINTENDENT.		
H. C. Adams	Madison	New York.	
	ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDE	ent.	
Wm. H. Joslin	Richland Cent	ter Michigan.	
	MESSENGER AND CLERK	• . •	
F. H. Couse		Pennsylvania.	
2 / 22 / 60 426 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /		2 03.200 11.00.200	
	EMPLOYEES.		
Names.	$Legal\ Residence.$	Occupation	
Edwin Culver			
Frank Smith			
D. H. Wright			
Charles Gussman			
Anton Olson			
Edwin Hickman			
James Webster	Madison	State painter.	
H. Van Kulen	Madison	Assistant painter and laborer.	
Jerry Sweeny	Ridgeway	Steam, gas-fitter, and plumber.	
Charles E. Hoyt.	Madison	Receiving and shipping clerk, in book and paper room.	
F. G. Blakefield	Sturgeon Bay		
O. L. Wright			
E. A. Dean	Fall River	Police.	
S. G. Parkhurst			
George W. Baker	Madison	Police.	
Henry Shetter	McFarland	Night watchman.	
A. L. Lund			
James Bennett			
		Janitor, Secretary farm institutes.	
		Janitor, Supreme Court and law	
2. 2. 2		library.	
Daniel Lavin	Madison	Janitor, water closets.	
		Laborer, Q. M. General's office.	
E. P. Hage			
A. C. Brader	Verona	Foreman of laboring force.	
		Laborer at Executive Mansion.	

STATE BOARDS, COMMISSIONS AND AGENTS.

REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY.

See page 377.

REGENTS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

See page 388.

BOARD OF SUPERVISION.

See page 399.

BOARD OF CHARITIES AND REFORM.

See page 396.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ADMISSION TO BAR.

Moses M. Strong	Mineral Point.	
Joshua Stark	Milwaukee.	
Geo. G. Greene	Green Bay.	
M. A. Hurley	Wausau.	
L. J. Rusk	Chippewa Falls	

STATE PENSION AGENT.

STATE TREASURY AGENT.

Henry P. Fischer...... Milwaukee.

STATE VETERINARIAN.

V. T. Atkinson.... Milwaukee.

STATE LIBRARY.

TRUSTEE, EX-OFFICIO.

Orsamus Cole	Chief Justice	Supreme Court
William P. Lyon	Associate Justice	Supreme Court
Harlow S, Orton	Associate Justice	Supreme Court
David Taylor	Associate Justice	Supreme Court.
John B. Cassoday	Associate Justice	Supreme Court
Charles E. Estabrook		Attorney Conoral
John R. Berryman	••••••	Librarian

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS.

	Residence.		
W. W. Daniells	Madison	1st Monday in Feb.,	1890
G. F. Witter	Grand Rapids	1st Monday in Feb.,	1891
B. O. Reynolds	Lake Geneva	1st Monday in Feb.,	1892
J. T. Reeve	Appleton	1st Monday in Feb.,	1893
Samuel C. Johnson			
Solon Marks			
A. D. K. Thrane			
Solon Marks	Milwaukee	President	
J. T. Reeve			

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

R. D. Pulford	Mineral Point	
F. Robinson	Kenosha	
A. Conrath		
E. B. Heimstreet		
C. R. Bechman		
OFI	FICERS OF THE BOARD.	
F. Robinson		President.
E. B. Heimstreet		

The State Board of Pharmacy was established by chapter 167 of the laws of 1882. The board consists of five members, who are appointed by the Governor, for a term of five years. Members receive five dollars per day for actual service, the Secretary receiving no per diem, but a salary of four hundred dollars. All salaries and expenses are paid from receipts of examinations and dues from the druggists of the state.

The law establishing the board provides that it shall be the duty of the board to examine all applications for registration, submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same under the provisions of the act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report annually to the Governor and to the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical Society upon the condition of pharmacy in the state, which said report shall also furnish a record of the proceedings of said board for the year, as well as the names of all pharmacists duly registered.

The board holds meetings for examination of applicants and such other business as pertains to its duties, at least once in three months. Thirty day's notice of such meeting is required to be given. None but registered pharmacists are allowed to sell poisons or compound prescriptions.

All pharmacists are required to pay a fee of one dollar per year registration, they are held responsible for quality of all drugs and chemicals or medicines sold or dispensed by them. The average expenses of the board has been \$1,514 a year.

The following table shows the work of the board since its organization in 1882.

	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887	1888	Total
	100%.		1001.					
Number examined Graded and license certificates Assistant certificates Number rejected	12	54 37 2 15	88 50 14 24	92 51 12 29	135 54 14 67	157 72 18 67	154 29 74 51	702 306 136 261

This includes the minor certificates granted, as by amendment to the law, the assistant took place of minor and are now the only second grade certificates granted.

STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

		Term exp	ires.
F. L. Dolbeare	Oshkosh	May 2,	1892
Edgar Palmer	La Crosse	May 2,	1893
B. G. Marklein	Milwaukee	May 2,	1889
Chas. C. Chittenden	Madison	May 2,	1890
E. C. French	Eau Claire	May 2,	1891

The State Board of Dental Examiners was organized under chapter 129, laws of 1885—The board is appointed by the Governor. Expenses of the board are paid out of fees received. The following is a synopsis of the business of the board since its organization:

March 23, 1885, to—	Regis- tered.	Licensed by diploma.	Licensed by examina- tion.	Applica- tions.	Rejected.	Prosecu- tions.	Convic- tions.	Meetings held.
September 30, 1886 September 30, 1887 September 30, 1888 September 30, 1889	352 356 354 352	20 12 20 6	5 10 5 1	5 12 9 1	2 4	1 2	1 1	2 2 2 1

STATE INSPECTOR OF ILLUMINATING OILS.

Name.	Post-office.
Jas. T. Reeve	 Appleton.

1888-89.

TIMBER AGENTS.

D	ist. Names.	Post-office.	County.
1	Chas. E. Mears	. Osceola Mills	Polk.
2	Edward Outhwait	. Chippewa Falls	Chippew.
3	George W. Ghoca	. Stevens Point	Portage
1	V. M. Adams	West Salem	La Crosse.
72 5	Geo. H. Budd	Oshkosh	Winnebago.
e	Ole R. Oleson	Wainaca	Waupaca.
ν.	Chas. Burpee	Christia	Clark.
7	Chas. Burpee	Dies Toles	Barron
ಶ	P. H. Swift	. Rice Lake	Dar ou.

LUMBER INSPECTORS.

Dis	t. Names.	Post-offices.	County.
1	David H. Vaughn	Stevens Point	Portage.
2	E. C. Young	La Crosse	La Crosse.
3	P. R. S. Clover	Eau Claire	Eau Claire.
4	Robt. Downend	Osceola Mills	Polk.
6	D. L. McKay	Chippewa Falls	Chippewa.
7	Richard H. Chute	Eau Claire	Eau Claire.
9	John Burgess	Alma	Buffalo.
10	W. H. Harris	Wausau	Marathon.
11	P. W. Purcell	Ashland	Ashland.
12	Robert Buckstaff	Oshkosh	Winnebago.
13	Lewis C. Thompson	Superior	Douglas.
14	Albert Hurd	Merrill	Lincoln.
15	William I. Moulton	Hayward	Sawyer.
16	Fred Hanson	Tomahawk	Lincoln.

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

m. a m.		Term expires.
The Governor, ex-officio.		
Philo Dunning, President	Madison	April 1, 1891.
A. V. H. Carpenter	Milwaukee	April 1, 1891.
C. L. Valentine, Secretary and Treasurer.	Janesville	April 1, 1893.
Mark Douglas	Melrose	April 1, 1893.
Calvert Spensley	Mineral Point	April 1, 1892.
E. S. Minor	Sturgeon Bay	April 1, 1892.
James Nevin, Superintendent	Madison	- 1

The Wisconsin Fish Commission was established in 1874, and consisted of three commissioners. This number was increased in 1878, to seven, composed of the governor, while in office, and six appointed by him.

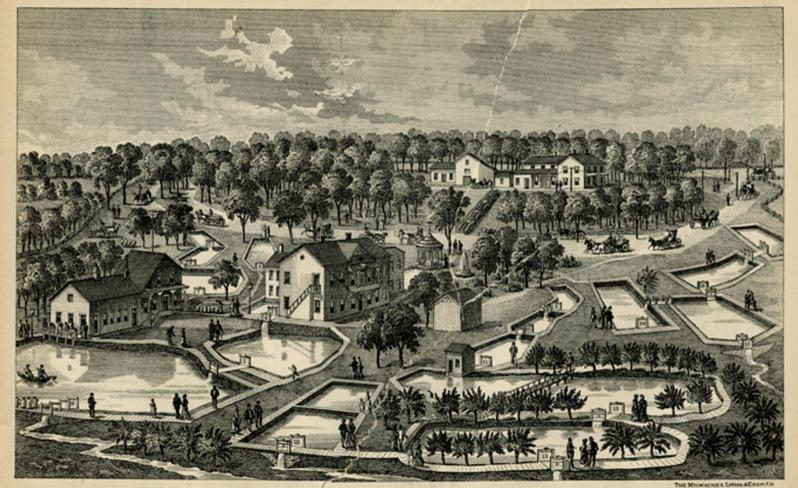
There are two hatcheries in the state—one at "Nine Springs," four and a half miles south of Madison, where brook trout, California rainbow trout and carp are raised, and one in the exposition building at Milwaukee, for hatching white-fish and wall-eyed pike.

Persons desirous of obtaining fry to stock streams and lakes will, by writing to either the commissioners or the superintendent, receive blank applications and full printed directions for planting. The law of 1882 prohibits the furnishing of fry, with the exception of earp, for private ponds.

There is now an annual appropriation of \$12,000 made to the commission. Wisconsin now leads all other states, in the distribution of trout, and is only excelled by Michigan in white-fish planting. The following distribution of fry has been made within the past two years:

	1887.	1888.
Brook trout California rainbow trout Pil 9 Can p White-fish	2,930,000 1,345,000 8,800,000 17,865 31,500,000	2, 285, 000 1, 590, 000 4, 450, 000 25, 437 18, 000, 000

There are three fish wardens in the state, each having charge of a particular section of the Wisconsin shores along the Great Lakes. District No. 1, is Lake Michigan from the Illinois-Wisconsin state line north to Ahnapee; No. 2, is from Ahnapee to the islands in waters of Green Bay; No. 3, is Lake Superior within the confines of Wisconsin. From the reports of the wardens, the following summary is presented, of the extent of the Wisconsin fishing industry on the Great Lakes, from 1885 to 1888, inclusive, showing that there is a steady advance in the extent and profits of this important enterprise, largely induced by the work of the state fish commission in liberally stocking the lakes with fry:



WISCONSEN TESH HATCHERY, FITCHBURG,

NEAR MADISON.



THE WISCONSIN FISHING INDUSTRY ON THE GREAT LAKES—SUMMARY OF 1885-88.

District Number.	Number of Pounds.	Value.	Number of Nets.	Value.	Number of Persons Employed.	Number of Boats.	Value.	Value of other Property.
1885.								
1st2d3d	1,762,861 1 271,909 2,116,284	\$73,571 70 29,483 14 54,841 81	8,793 2,598 2,482	\$58, 384 00 33, 879 00 30, 339 00	222 184 167	Not stated. Not stated. Not stated.	Not stated. Not stated. Not stated.	Not stated. Not stated. Not stated.
Total for 1885	5, 151, 054	\$ 157,896 65	13,878	\$122,602 00	573	Not stated.	Not stated.	Not stated.
1886.								
1st	1, 923, 433 1, 585, 944 1, 414, 772	\$77,076 49 51,735 67 40,927 28	9,403 626 2,892	\$56,864 10 40,717 50 35,430 00	189 860 225	Not stated. Not stated. Not stated.	Not stated. Not stated. Not stated.	Not stated. Not stated. Not stated.
Total for 1886	4, 924, 149	\$169,739 44	12,921	\$ 133,011 6 0	774	Not stated.	Not stated.	Not stated.
1887.								
1st	2, 195, 930 2, 122, 613 1, 223, 201	\$105,284 50 106,058 20 38,826 18	9, 195 4, 615 2, 842	\$71,860 00 46,388 00 27,462 00	194 286 132	68 156 69	\$66,350 00 8,747 00 23,935 00	\$81,450 00 86,829 65 2,965 00
Total for 1887	5,541,744	\$250,168 88	16, 152	\$145,710 00	612	293	\$99,032 00	\$ 170,744 65
1888.								
1st	2,912,248 4,101,867 1,766,665	\$121,182 87 104,131 17 45,281 52	9,841 6,465 2,201	\$76,240 00 62,735 00 2,033 00	187 294 147	60 176 48	\$67,635 00 12,701 00 11,200 00	\$66,950 00 25,564 00 12,648 00
Total for 1888	8, 780, 780	\$270,595 06	18,007	\$141,008 00	628	284	\$91,536 00	\$105, 162 00

STATE FISH WARDENS.

Namee.	$Post\mbox{-}of\!fice$.	Term expires.
Chauncey R. Thayer	Sturgeon Bay	August 31, 1889
James Chapman	Bayfield	August 31, 1889
E. C. Oliver	Cedar Grove	August 31, 1889

GAME WARDENS.

Names.	Post-office.	County.
John H. White	. Alma	Buffalo.
H. D. Farquharson	. Boscobel	Grant.
W. Y. Wentworth	. Fort Atkinson	Jefferson.
	. Crivitz	

GAME, WHEN MAY BE CAUGHT, TAKEN OR KILLED.

Woodcock	July 10 to Dec. 1
Quail, partridge, pheasant, prairie hen or prairie chicken, grouse of any	
variety or plover	Sept. 1 to Dec. 1
Snipe, wild duck of any variety, wild goose or brant of any variety, or	
any aquatic fowl	Sept. 1 to Dec. 1
Deer, buck, doe or fawn	Oct. 1 to Nov. 10
Otter, martin, mink or fisher	Nov. 1 to May 1

FISH, WHEN MAY BE CAUGHT.

Brook, rainbow and mountain trout	Apr. 15 to Sept. 1
Mackinaw (lake) trout	
Pike (wall-eyed)	May 1 to April 1
Pickerel	May 1 to Mar. 1
Black bass	June 1 to Mar. 1
White fish (in inland lakes, etc., with net)	Nov. 10 to Dec. 15

MISCELLANEOUS STATE SOCIETIES.

The following associations and societies are not under the control of the state government, but are given here as a matter of information and reference. Some of them have been encouraged by annual appropriations from the state, while the transactions of some of the associations have been published by the state.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WICONSIN.

John A. Rice	Hartland	President.
II-wlam C. Orton	Madison	Senior vice-President.
Lyman C. Draper	Medicon	Honorary Secretary (Emeritus)
Reuben G. Thwaites *	Madison	Corresponding Secretary.
Reuben G. Thwaites	Madison	Pagarding Secretary.
Elisha Burdick	Madison	Recording poor outry.
Frank F. Proudfit	Madison	Treasurer.
Daniel S. Durrie*	Madison	Librarian.
I S Bradley and Isabel Durrie	Madison	Assistant Librarians.
Emma A Hawley	. Madison	Binding Clerk.
J C. Butler	Madison	Janitor Library.
S. M. Long	La Vaile	Art Gallery Attendant.
S. M. Long	aridant vias presidents	. corresponding secretary, record-

Executive Committee—The president, vice presidents, corresponding secretary, recording secretary, treasurer, librarian, and life-directors, with thirty-six curators; and, ex-officio, the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer.

The State Historical Society of Wisconsin was originally organized in October, 1846, with A. Hyatt Smith as president, and Thos. W. Sutherland as secretary. In January, 1849, there was a reorganization, with Governor Nelson Dewey as president, a list of vice-presidents covering all the counties of the state, and I. A. Lapham as corresponding secretary. But for various reasons the society did not prosper during its early years, and a second reorganization was effected under an act of legislature approved March, 1853. This charter the society still works under, and since the annual meeting on the first Thursday in January, 1854, the growth of its influence and importance has been steady and rapid. At this meeting Lyman C. Draper, LL. D., was chosen corresponding secretary. When he took direction of the society's fortunes its library consisted of but fifty volumes and pamphlets; there was neither museum nor art gallery, and the institution was quartered in a corner of the secretary of state's office. To-day the society is domiciled in the south wing of the capitol, two floors being devoted to its magnificant library, and another - partitioned into threespacious halls -- to its splendid museum of historic, pre-historic and scientific curiosities, and its art gallery, in which are displayed oil portraits of 165 distinguished Wisconsin pioneers and Indian chiefs. About 40,000 persons visit the museum and art gallery annually, while the library attracts scholars and specialists from all parts of the west and south.

The library additions number some 4,700 volumes and pamphlets per year. At present the shelves contain about 130,000 books and pamphlets, covering every department of American history, as well as taking a general sweep of English and continental history and scientific development. It is of particular value as an aid to the students of the State University, who daily throng the reading rooms and deem the ample facilities for original research there given them, as one of the most important advantages of student life at the capital.

As a whole, the institution ranks not lower than third among American historical societies, and certainly is the most important west of the Alleghanies; in some respects, it is recognized by experts as the best of them all. It has done and is doing a noble work for Wisconsin—indeed for the entire west—by resurrecting and perpetuating the records of our development in its now famous volumes of Historical Collections, eleven in number, which contain practically all the materials now obtainable for the varied and romantic early history of our commonwealth; by collecting and keeping up, abreast of the times, a library of

^{*}To whom communications may be addessed.

Americana, which, as to size and scope, has but one or two rivals in this country, and they on the Atlantic coast; and by maintaining a museum and an art gallery which are of growing interest and educational value to the citizens of the state.

At the annual meeting on the 6th of January, 1887, Lyman C. Draper declined a reëlection as corresponding secretary, after thirty-three years of persistent and highly successful labors in behalf of the society and the state—he being then in his72d year, and desirous of devoting his remaining days to completing some individual literary work which he had long had in hand. Reuben G. Thwaites was chosen his successor, having been the assistant to Dr. Draper for two years previous. The latter was chosen honorary secretary (emeritus), without salary, as a complimentary recognition of his services. Daniel S. Durrie became identified with the society in 1856, as librarian, assuming active duties in 1858, and remaining constantly in service since that time.

The society is the trustee of the state, and receives an annual appropriation of \$5,000, on condition that the sum shall be expended for the purposes of the society, and that the society shall hold all its present and future collections and property for the state, and shall not sell, mortgage or dispose of, or remove from the capitol its collections, without authorty from the legislature; provided, that duplicates may be sold or exchanged for the benefit of the society. In addition to this annual appropriation, the officers of the society have collected, after twenty-two years of persistent efforts, by means of individual bequests, donations and membership dues, a Binding Fund of \$22,000, the income of which is now being used for much-needed binding — a constant source of expense in the management of great libraries. An Antiquarian Fund has also been started, to be devoted in due time to original historical investigation or the purchase of rare manuscript or other historic relics within the limits of the state.

STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

John L. Mitchell. T. L. Newton Cyrus Miner Nathan Bradbury	Beaver Dam	Secretary. Treasurer.
vi	CE-PRESIDENTS.	
1st Congressional District 2d Congressional District 3d Congressional District 4th Congressional District 5th Congressional District 6th Congressional District 7th Congressional District 8th Congressional District 9th Congressional District	H. D. Hitt. G. G. Cox. Wm. Wilson. J. M. Smith. A. W. Vaughn. J. M. True. A. A. Arnold.	Oakfield. Mineral Point. Wausau. Green Bay. Lodi. Baraboo. Galesville.
ADDITIONAL MEM	BERS OF EXECUTIVE BOARD.	
E. Beaumont H. C. Adams D. J. Spaulding A. C. Parkinson N. D. Fratt S. D. Hubbard Jas. G. Boyd Prof. T. C. Chamberlin Prof. E. A. Birge		Madison. Black River Falls. Columbus. Racine. Mondovi. Milwaukee. Madison. Madison.

The Wisconsin State Agricultural Society was organized December 3, 1846. Its first fair was held in Janesville, in October, 1851.

No specific sums were named as premiums, they being contingent upon the receipts. Fairs have been held every year since except in 1862 and 1863. The second fair was held on Cold Spring Gounds, Milwaukee, where the fairs of 1886, 1887, and 1888, were held with marked success. Receipts of 1852 were \$2,748.45. Expenditures, \$2,714.68. Receipts of 1888, \$36,690.42. Expenditures, \$34,480.41.

The society holds a Farmers' Annual State Convention at Madison, the first week in February, publishing 13,000 copies of its transactions, giving a verbatim report of the convention which is sought for from all parts of the civilized world.

The society's rooms are on the north side of the west wing of the capitol.

WISCONSIN DAIRYMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

H. C. Adams D. W. Curtis H. K. Loomis	Fort Atkinson	
VICE-PRE	SIDENTS.	
Chester Hazen Hiram Smith A. D. DeLand H. F. Dousman Z. G. Simmons Stephen Faville C. R. Beach W. H. Morrison		Sheboygan Falls. Sheboygan Falls. Waterville. Kenosha. Delavan. Whitewater.

The Wisconsin Dairymen's Association was organized at Watertown, February 15, 1872 It met in response to a call issued by W. D. Hoard and signed by various members of the Jefferson and Fond du Lac Dairy Associations. W. D. Hoard, Chester Hazen, W. S. Greene, H. F. Dousman, Henry Drake and Stephen Faville were the original members. The association holds an annual meeting, at which subjects relating to the dairy are discussed and dairy products exhibited, and employs experts to give instruction in cheese making in the dairy counties. The proceedings of the annual meeting are embodied in a report of 250 pages. Eighteen thousand five hundred copies of this report are printed by the state. The association receives its support from members who join each year, paying one dollar, and by appropriations from the state. The present appropriation is \$2,000 each for the years 1887 and 1888. Wisconsin won first premium on butter in competition with the world at the International Dairy Fair in New York city in 1877, and was awarded 70 premiums on dairy products—including first premium on cheese—at the New Orleans Exposition. The association has done a work of incalculable value to every material interest of the state by increasing the profits of agriculture and the intelligence of the rural classes.

WISCONSIN STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

OFFICERS.

J. M. Smith	President	Green Bay.
B. F. Adams	Vice-President	Madison.
B. S. Hoxie	Corretery	Evansville.
B. S. Hoxie	Decretary	Pine Bluff
Matt. Anderson	Treasurer	Ithoop
A. L. Hatch	Cor. Secretary	Tillaca.
A. L. Hatch	Superintendent	Itnaca.

This society, organized eighteen years ago, has at the present time a working membership of nearly one hundred. One of the organic acts of the society is set forth in the following section of the act of its organization: "It shall be the duty of the said society, to aid in the formation and maintenance of county and local horticultural societies, to promote the horticultural interests of the state by the holding of meetings for discussion; by the collection and dissemination of valuable information in regard to the cultivation of fruits, flowers and trees adapted to our soil and climate, and in every proper way to advance the fruit and tree growing interest of the state."

Two meetings are held each year by the society for the reading of papers and discussions of the various topics presented and for the exhibition of fruits, flowers, and vegetables. with such amounts offered in prizes as the funds of the society will permit.

The sum of \$1,000 is annually appropriated to the society.

WISCONSIN SHORTHORN BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.	
Geo. Harding. Waukesha. President. John M. True. Baraboo. Secretary.	
WISCONSIN JERSEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.	
N. N. Palmer Brodhead President. T. L. Hacker Madison Secretary.	
WISCONSIN SWINE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION.	
Geo. Wylie Leeds. President. Geo. McKerrow. Sussex Secretary.	
WISCONSIN POULTRY ASSOCIATION.	
H. L. Humphrey Hudson President. Dr. E. L. Boothby Hammond Secretary.	
WISCONSIN STATE BEE-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.	
C. A. Hatch Ithaca. President. Frank Wilcox Mauston Secretary.	
WISCONSIN SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.	
W. L. Parker. Beaver Dam. President. H. J. Wilkinson Whitewater Secretary.	
S. E. WISCONSIN SHEEP BREEDERS' AND WOOL GROWERS ASSOCIATION.	,
Delbert Utter Caldwell President. A. H. Craig Caldwell Secretary.	

WISCONSIN STATE GRANGE.

Total Company of the	Constant II E Hurlon Noenah
Master — S. C. CarrMilton Junction	Secretary—H. E. HuxleyNeenah
Overseer - E. J. WilliamsDanville	Gate Keeper - Alex. StewartSpring Green
Lecturer - John F. Brewin Trempealeau	Pomona — Mrs. S. C. CarrMilton Junction
Steward - W A SpragueReedsburg	Flora — Mrs. Mary J. WilliamsDanville
Aggistent Stoward - I W Smith Sparta	Ceres — Mrs. H. E. HuxleyNeenah
Assistant Steward - 5. W. SimilarSpared	To do took Chammand Mrs. H. F. Sprague
Chaplain — J. M. WilsonMazomanie	Lady Asst. Steward - Mrs. H. E. Sprague,
Treasurer - Cassie E. HuxleyNeenah	
Talan Whittet Oh	irmon Bussayville. S. C. Carr. Milton Junc-

Executive Committee — John Whittet, Chairman, Busseyville; S. C. Carr, Milton June tion; R. D. Frost, Madison.

Trustees — Three years, John Whittet, Busseyville; two years, W. H. Young, Reedsburg; one year, S. C. Carr, Milton Junction.

State Purchasing Agent - L. G. Kniffen, Milwaukee.

WISCONSIN STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

officers for 1889.

President - Albert Hardy, La Crosse.

Vice Presidents—M. S. Frawley, Eau Claire; Miss Cornelia Rogers, Whitewater; Miss Addie Neff, Neillsville.

Treasurer - W. S. Axtell, Barlington.

Secretary - O. E. Wells, Appleton.

Executive Committee—Albert Salisbury, Whitewater; Mrs. Elizabeth Sherwin, Eau Claire; S. Y. Gillan, Milwaukee; L. H. Clark, Sparta; J. M. Turner, Ashland.

Official Reporter - W. J. Desmond, Milwaukee.

This association was organized in 1853, and incorporated by legislative enactment in 1855. Its purpose is the mutual improvement of its members and the promotion of popular education throughout the state.

Since its organization, it has held thirty-six annual sessions, and since the year 1867 twenty-two semi-annual or executive sessions. The annual session usually occurs in July, at a place determined upon by a committee of the association. For several years the executive session has been held at the state capitol during the week between Christmas and New Year's day.

The State University, the normal schools, and the various colleges of the state are largely represented in the work of the association by the members of their faculties. A considerable number of city and county superintendents, as well as high school and graded school teachers, are actively identified with it.

The membership fees are one dollar per annum for gentlemen, and fifty cents for ladies. Though entirely non-partisan, the association has exercised much influence in shaping state legislation upon educational matters. Its deliberations consist mainly in the discussion of practical questions relating to school organization and management and methods of instruction. Some of the papers read before the association are published in the Wisconsin Journal of Education, which is the joint organ of the association and the state department of public instruction. The Journal was originally edited under the direction of the association, by a committee and editor directed to perform that duty. Subsequently it was published and edited by the State Superintendent and his assistant. In the year 1885, the ownership of the Journal was transferred to the association, and it was placed under the editorial and business management of Dr. J. W. Stearns, Professor of the Science and Art of Teaching in the State University. By state law, "each school district clerk and each town clerk or secretary of a town board of directors may subscribe annually for one copy of the Wisconsin Journal of Education, to be paid for by the district or town respectively, out of the school money."

WISCONSIN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

John Hicks	Oshkosh	President
F. W. Coon	Edgerton	Secretary
David Atwood	Madison	Treasurer.

WISCONSIN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES, ARTS AND LETTERS

WISCONSIN ACADEMY	OF SCIENCES, ARTS ANI	D LETTERS.
G. W. Peckham	Madison Milwaukee Madison Madison Madison Madison	Secretary Treasurer.
	VICE-PRESIDENTS.	
F. H. King A. J. Rogers I. J. Blaisdell	Madison Depart Milwaukee Depart Beloit Depart	ment of Arts

THE WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME.

Near Waupaca, Wis.

TRUSTEES.

Capt. J. H. Marston	Ammiaton
Col. B. F. Bryant.	La Crosso
A. O. Wright.	Madicon
Major R. N. Roberts	Wanness
J. H. Woodnorth	Waupaca.
W. S. Crooker	Waupaca.
Department Commander, A. G. Weissert (ex-officio)	Milmonlas
Superintendent, Capt. C. Caldwell.	Waynese
	waupaca.

This institution was organized two years ago by the Department Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Wisconsin, to care for indigent soldiers, sailors or marines of the Civil War, who cannot be received into the National Home for disabled soldiers, and also for their indigent wives or widows, for whom no provision is made in the National Home, and who have generally been separated hitherto, the wife to go to the poorhouse, while the husband goes to the National Home. A special provision is made for this class in the cottages which have been erected for two persons each, in every case a husband and wife. They then have the benefit of a home of their own, while the labor of cooking is dispensed with, and all, except the sick, eat at a common table. There is a hospital building for the sick, of whom there are necessarily always a large number.

The Grand Army of the Republic has thus far expended upon buildings and grounds, \$34,000, contributions of its members and of the Wisconsin Relief Corps, besides \$5,600 given for cottages by benevolent citizens, not members of the G. A. R.

The current expenses of the institution are borne by a state appropriation of \$3.00 a week for each inmate. Up to January 1, 1889, this sum was \$6,072. The present number of inmates is 81. The pressure for accommodations is great, many applications being constantly delayed for lack of room.

The location is on the shores of one of the chain of lakes, and is unsurpassed in health-fulness and in beauty of scenery.



WISCONSIN VETERANS' HOME, WAUPACA.



WISCONSIN NATIONAL GUARD.

COMMANDER IN CHIEF AND STAFF.

Aid de Camp Colonel James A. Cole Madison. Aid de Camp Colonel George W. Peck Milwaukee. Assistant Adjutant General Major Frederick L. Phillips. Fox Lake. Asst. Quartermaster General Major John W. Curran Sparta.	Aid de Camp	Governor	William D. Hoard George W. Burchard. Michael Griffin Henry Palmer Charles King Theodore W. Goldin Isaac H. Wing David W. Curtis Henry Casson Jesse Stone Frederick Becker James A. Cole George W. Peck Frederick L. Phillips.	Fort Atkinson. Eau Claire. Janesville. Milwaukee. Janesville. Bayfield. Fort Atkinson Viroqua. Watertown. Manitowoc. Madison. Milwaukee. Fox Lake.
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REGIMENTAL FIELD AND STAFF OFFICERS.

First Regiment. Headquarters, Madison.

Janesville Light Infantry, Custer Rifles, Whitewater, Delavan Guards, Beloit City Guard, Racine Light Guard, Garfield Guard, Racine, Monroe City Guard, Governor's Guard, Madison, and Darlington Rifles.

Colonel William Helm	Madison Oct.	22, 1889
Lieut. Colonel Allan F. Caldwell	Whitewater Oct.	22, 1888
Major Samuel P. Schadel	Monroe June	18, 1888
Major Melvin A. Newman	Janesville Nov.	12, 1888
Surgeon Frederick W. Byers	Mouros Nov.	6, 1885
Asst. Surgeon Theodore W. Evans	Madison Aug.	13, 1885
Asst. Surgeon Theodore W. Evans	Pagina Feb	6, 1886
Asst. Surgeon F. R. Garlock	Jones Oct	18, 1886
Adjutant Charles S. Young	Tilitarrator April	15, 1885
Quartermaster Joel W. Richmond	Whitewater April	26, 1887
Insp. of Rifle Prac. Joseph B. Doe, Jr	Janesville July	,
Chaplain Charles H. Lemon	Waukesha July	26, 1887

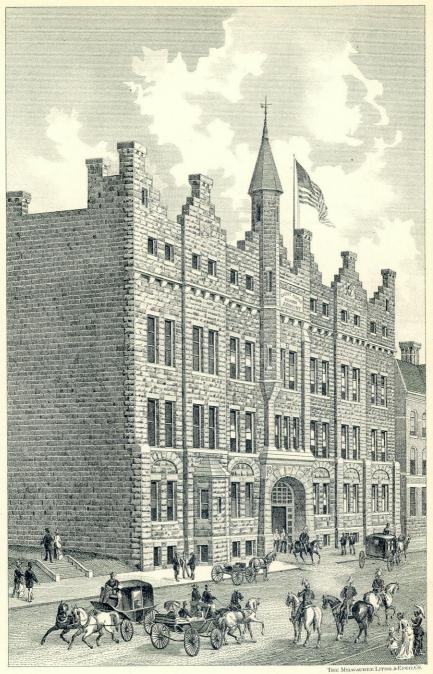
Second Regiment. Headquarters, Oshkosh.

Manitowoc Volunteers, Oshkosh Guards, Evergreen City Guards, Sheboygan, Ripon Rifles, Fond du Lac Guards, Oshkosh Rifles, Appleton Light Infantry, Rankin Guards, Manitowoc, Beaver Dam Guards, and Prison City Guards, Waupun.

	Dam diamas, and I insoli only diameter			
Colonal	Worthie H. Patton	Oshkosh	Feb.	8, 1886
Time Colonel	Anthony A. Kelly	Fond du Lac	Feb.	8, 1886
Lieut, Colonei	Fritz Becker	Manitowoc	Feb.	8, 1886
Major	Orland F. Weaver	Reaver Dam	March	20, 1888
Majo r	Frederick J. Wilkie	Ochkosh	April	19, 1882
Surgeon	Frederick J. Whale	Watertown	June	11, 1887
Asst. Surgeon	Frank C. Moulding	Manitamaa	Tuna	21, 1887
Asst. Surgeon	A. J Schweichler	Manitowoc	35	,
Adjutant	Albert Solliday	watertown	мау	22, 1882
Quartermaster	William F. Dicke	Manitowoc	Apru	15, 1885
Ingn of Rifle Prac	Gordon H. McNeel	Fond du Lac	Apr.	13, 1887
Charlein	Thomas S. Johnson	Beaver Dam	Oct.	15, 1884
Onapian	***************************************			

Third Regiment. Headquarters, La Crosse.

Sherman Guard, Neillsville, Governor's Guard, La Crosse, Hudson City Guard, Light Guard, Griffin Rifles, Eau Claire, Guppy Guard, Portage, Wausau Light Ludington Guard, Menomonie, Sparta Rifles and Tomah Guards.	Mauston Guard,
Colonel Martin T. Moore La Crosse June Lieut. Colonel Benjamin F. Parker Mauston June Major Thomas J. George Menomonie June Major Jacob D. Womer Wausau Aug Surgeon John B. Edwards Mauston Nov. Asst. Surgeon John E. Garrey Wausau Nov. Asst. Surgeon Edward H. Grannis Menomonie Oct. Adjutant Alfred F. Metzger La Crosse April Quartermaster George A. Ludington Neillsville April Insp. of Rifle Prac. Gurdon H. Winsor Mauston June Chaplain James P Galiger Tomah Sept.	11, 1883 11, 1883 11, 1883 23, 1884 17, 1888 17, 1884 21, 1885 15, 1885 15, 1885 26, 1886 20, 1884
Fourth Battalion. Headquarters, Milwaukee.	
Sheridan Guard, Kosciusko Guard, South Side Turner Rifles, Lincoln Guard an Guard.	nd Rusk
Lieut. Colonel Otto H. Falk Milwaukee Oct. Major Louis Auer Milwaukee Dec. Asst. Surgeon Harry E. Bradley Milwaukee Nov. Adjutant Horace M. Seaman Milwaukee July Quartermaster Edward Shea Milwaukee Dec. Insp. of Rifle Prac George H. Russell Milwaukee Oct. Chaplain Judson Titsworth Milwaukee May	29, 1888 18, 1888 3, 1888 5, 1887 24, 1888 29, 1888 3, 1886
Cavalry. Headquarters, Milwaukee.	
Light-Horse Squadron.	
Asst. Surgeon Horace M. Brown Milwaukee Aug.	31, 1883
Artillery. Headquarters, Milwaukee.	
First Light Battery.	
Asst. Surgeon James A. McLeod Milwaukee Nov.	22, 1886



LIGHTHORSE SQUADRON ARMORY,

(STATE ARSENAL)

MILWAUKE E.



LICHT HORSE SOTATION ARABORS.

COMPANIES AND COMPANY OFFICERS.

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8 N	ames.	Co.	Regt.	Org	anized.	Location.	Strength Jan. 1, 89.	Captains.	First Lieutenants.	Second Lieutenants.
Belott City Beaver Da Custer Rif Darlington Delavan G Evergreen Fond du L First Ligh Garfield G Governor' Griffin Rif Guppy Gu Hudson C Janesville Kosciusko Light Hor Lincoln Gi Ludington Manitowoo Mauston I Monroe Ci Oshkosh G Oshkosh G Oshkosh G Oshkosh G Shan Cit Racine Lig Rankin Gi Rankin Gi Rankin Gi Rankin Gi Ripon Riff Rusk Gua Sherman (Sheridan (South Side Sparta Rif Tomal Gu	Light Infantry 7 Guard .m Guards. 1es	DOE : GIBEFCAB : DHADHBFLFHDEAACIK	113333314432312221	Aug. Oct. June Dec. Aug. Apr. May Jan. July Oct. Mar. Mar. Apr. Dec. Mar. Oct. May June	4, 1880 7, 1877 8, 1884 427, 1880 4, 1877 9, 1880 11, 1885 30, 1881 24, 1875 1, 1873 20, 1888 33, 1877 18, 1887 24, 1870 27, 1880 2, 1881 16, 1877 18, 1886 30, 1882 2, 1881 11, 1875 30, 1888 25, 1876 8, 1886	Appleton Beloit Beaver Dam Whitewater Darlington Delavan Sheboygan Fond du Lac Milwaukee. Racine Madison La Crosse Eau Claire Portage Hudson Janesville Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Monomonie Manitowoc Mauston Monroe Oshkosh Oshkosh Waupun Racine Mantowoc Ripon Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Milwaukee Neillsville Milwaukee Milwaukee Nilwaukee Sparta Tomah Wausau	58 48 61 55 64 65 65 68 68 68 68 68 68 69 65 71 64 62 63 65 71 64 65 71 65 71 66 67 67 68 68 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69 69	Nathan E. Morgan Albert F. Ayer Elbridge E. Lewis John D. Hogan Lyman F. Gray Richard J. Wilson Charles A. Born Charles J. Hunter Joseph B. Oliver Henry Jerstad George H. Joachim Julius E. Kircheis Harry B. McMaster George C. Carnagie Alfred P. Goss Frederick H. Koebelin Francis J. Borchardt Charles P. Huntington Emil Wilde George R. Brewer Albert C. Becker William F. Winsor Daniel A. Stearns Geo. B. McC. Hilton Charles R. Boardman C. H. Lindsley William G. Hood William Brandt Frank W. Gruetzmacher Oscar B. Zwietusch George A. Ure John E. Coogan Albert Bleuel Timothy O. Thorbus Randolph A. Richards Luelle Bellis	Thos. J. Rogers John F. Guilfoyle Frank B. Goodhue Pence Van Hook Orrin W. Blanehard Henry W. Trester Ed. T. Markle. J. Henry M. Thompson. George M. Streeter Austin W. Erwin George M. Neckerman George Will Joseph M. Ballard James A. Older Henry F. Dinsmore Robert W. McLean Lucas J. Michalski Winslow A. Nowell Andrew J. Kluppak Milton O. Doolittle Edward Wendorf Frank A. Underwood Rice D. Gorham Nicholas P. Kolf Julius A. Nemitz Peter Linnen Christmas Evans William Abel Emil Reek Hiram E. Manville John W. Hommel Arthur R. Hanley Herman Kleehn Bestram O. Raymond	Emmet A. Woodford. Richard Goldschmidt. Louis H. Gillet. Howard J. Gilson. Christopher Millstead. Henry Quintmeyer. Ernst H. Kaulfuss. John F. Farr. George Voertman. James A. Freer. George G. Paris. Roman Czerwinski. Rudolph G. Richter. Constant Rennicke. Amasa S. Ladd. Emil Schmidt. William A. Grimmer. Paul M. Schroeder. Thomas A. Quinn. Henry W. Koch. Rufus H. Oliver. Hubert A. Wood. August Biegel. Richard Wallner. Charles R. Williams. Ralph H. Tolford, John J. Lynch. Emil F. Deuster. Wm. A. Dickinson. Luman C. Warriner.
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COUNTY OFFICERS, 1889-91.

COUNTIES.	County Seats.	County Clerk.	Salary
Adams	Friendship	C. M. Simmons.	\$6
Ashland	Ashland	Mathew J. Hart	1,0
Barron	Barron	L. J. Breen	1,0
Bayfield	Bayfield	Allen T. Williams	1,0
Brown	Green Bay	Patrick Ryan	1,0 1,2
		Ted II Woolter	1,8
Buffalo	Alma	Ed. H. Waelty	5
Burnett	Grantsburg	J. G. Johnston	
Calumet	Chilton	Wm. Mulcahy	7
Chippewa	Chippewa Falls	Thos. B. Leonard H. M. Root	1,8 1,2
Clark	Neillsville	H. M. Root	1,2
Columbia	Portage	Chas. C. Dow	1,2
Crawford	Prairie du Chien	C. E. Alder	. 8
Oane	Madison	Jacob Esser, Jr	1,7
Oodge	Juneau	M. A. Jacobs	1,4
Door	Sturgeon Bay	L. L. Bacchus	8
Douglas	Superior	Charles Lagro	1,2
Ounn	Menomonie	Alex Hosford	1,2 1,2
Cau Claire	Eau Claire	Robert Sather	1,0
Florence	Florence	J. E. Parry	6
ond du Lac	Fond du Lac	Mark Crain	1, 1
Forest	Crandon	C. C. De Long	6
rant	Lancaster	C. C. De Long	1,2
lireen	Monroe	John Lemuel	1,0
Spoon Talra	Dartford	Samuel Scholes.	1,6
reen Lake		Wm W Williams	8
owa	Dodgeville	Wm. W. Williams W. H. Richards	1,0
ackson	Black River Falls	W. H. Richards	1,0
efferson	Jefferson	K. H. Bennett	1,0
uneau	Mauston	A. S. Wetnerby	1,0
Kenosha	Kenosha	Daniel B. Benedict	1,0
Kewaunee	Kewaunee	Wm. Rogers	. 9
La Crosse	La Crosse	John Costley	1,2
a Fayette	Darlington	Samuel Vickers	1,0
Langlade	Antigo	Fred Hayssen	8
incoln	Merrill	A. D. Gorham	1,0
Manitowoc	Manitowoc	Louis C. Senglaub John W. Miller Hans B. Pouse	1,2
Marathon	Wausau	John W. Miller	1,4
Marinette	Marinette	Hans B. Pouse	`8
Marquette	Montello	Patrick Croarkin	5
Iilwaukee	Milwaukee	Frank Sebastian	*4,5
Ionroe	Sparta	J. P. Rice	1,0
Oconto	Oconto	B. G. Grunnert	1,0
Oneida	Rhinelander	John Shefler	-, 5
Outagamie	Appleton	James V Canavan	1,2
)zaukee	Port Washington	James V. Canavan John C. Schroeling	-,6
Zaukee	Durand	H. D. Dyer	š
Pepin	Ellsworth	J. B. Jenson	8
Pierce			1.0
Olk	Osceola Mills	Nelson Lawson	1,0
ortage	Stevens Point	Chas. A. Lane	
rice	Phillips	F. W. Sackett	1,2
Racine	Racine	Walter C. Palmer	1,0
Richland	Richland Center	J. W. Fowler W. F. Williams	
lock	Janesville	W. F. Williams	1,2
t. Croix	Hudson	Charles Lewiston	1,0
auk	Baraboo	C. J. H. Erffmeyer	1,0
awyer	Hayward	John Erickson	1,0
hawano	Shawano	Charles Sumnicht	- 8
hebovgan	Sheboygan	Emil Nehrlich	1,2
aylor	Medford	Geo. L. Shattuck	$^{1,2}_{1,2}$
aylor rempealeau	Whitehall	E. N. Trowbridge	1,0
ernon	Viroqua	John R. Casson	- '9
Valworth	Elkhorn	Dyar L. Cowdery	1, ŏ
varworthVashburn	Shell Lake	Ole Wang	1,5
	West Bend.	Michael Immel	8
Vashington		Tohn Crossdoile	8
Vaukesha	Waukesha	John Croasdaile J. W. Dean	9
Vaupaca	Waupaca	J. W. Dean	7
Vaushara	Wautoma	John Clark	
Vinnebago	Oshkosh	J. P. Rasmussen	1,2
Wood	Grand Rapids	Wm. Hooper	1,0

[•] Including Clerk Hire.

Counties.	Sheriff.	County Judge.	Salary.
Adams	George W. Bingham	John B. Keyes	\$300
Ashland	Mats Matson	Edwin Ellis	250
Barron	W. W. Deitz	Wm. P. Swift	600
Bavfield	John Anderson	A. M. Warden	200
Brown	Frank Hammes	Howard J. Huntington	1,500
Buffalo	G. W. Luetscher	Robert Lees	600
Burnett.,	S. N. Hanson	John O. Newgard	125
Calumet	Joseph Fisher	William Paulson	800
Chippewa	Arthur Ford	W. H. Stafford	1,000
Clark	J. W. Page J. R. Nashold	J. R. Sturdevant	900
Columbia	J. R. Nashold	Levi W. Barden	1,500
Crawford	John Stackland	C. S. Fuller	500
Dane	Ralph C. Vernon	J. H. Carpenter	2,000
Dodge	Bernhard Hauser	Silas W. Lamareux	2,100
Door	John Keogh	H. M. McNally	600
Douglas	Charles Wickstrom	David C. Roberts	600
Dunn	Geo. Thum	John Kelly, Jr August C. Larson	600
Eau Claire	Geo. W. Churchill	August C. Larson	1,000
Florence	A. M. Parmenter	C. O. Coleman	340
Fond du Lac	Thomas Cale	George Perkins	2,000
Forest	James Aird	R. G. Webb	200
Grant	F. G. Thompson	Geo. B. Carter	1,000
Green	Thomas A. Jackson	Brooks Dunwiddie	950
Green Lake	Frank S. Merrill	J. Edmund Millard	1,000
Iowa	Henry Pengelly	John F. Jones	1,500
Jackson	Jos. J. Metcair	George M. Perry	700
Jefferson	P. W. Hibbard	Henry Colonius	1,500
Juneau	J. C. F. Morgan	Charles H. Grote	700
Kenosha	John Hannan	Anthony Van Wyke	1,100
Kewaunee	Andreas Schleis	George W. Wing Thomas A. Dyson	700
La Crosse	Wm. J. Scott	Thomas A. Dyson	1,000
La Fayette	James Hoskins	Robert J. Wilson	1,000
Langlade	Geo. Winderlich	Eli Waste	100
Lincoln	Herman Rusch	Almon A. Helms	400
Manitowoc	Frank Zeman	Emil Baensch	1,500
Marathon	M. E. Manson	Louis Marchette	1,000
Marinette	James L. Murphy	Amos Holgate	500
Marquette	L. S. Guptil	Neil Dimond	750
Milwaukee,	John F. Burnham	John E. Mann. Wm. M. Graham O. F. Trudell J. W. McCormick J. E. Harriman	5,000 700
Monroe	E. R. Jones. Luke Walsh G. H. Clark.	O E Tandell	300
Oconto	C H Clork	J. W. Madamiak	300
OneidaOutagamie		T F Harriman	700
Omagamie	Richard Conlan John P. Weyker Chas. Stille	Leopold Eghart	1,000
Ozaukee Pepin	Char Stilla	Alex G Coffin	250
Pierce	R S Rolson	Alex. G. Coffin. J. W. Hancock.	600
Polk	W C Roilly	Ole Larson	500
Portage	R. S. Rolson W. C. Reilly J. S. Mitchell	John R. Kingshury	600
Price	Thomas Bailey	John R. Kingsbury. E. W. Murray Philo Belden.	400
Racine	Thomas Bailey	Philo Belden	1,700
Richland	John McKy	D T Dorme	700
Rock	George C. Babcock	John W. Sale	2,000
St. Croix	Theodore F. Young	John W. Sale Ray S. Reid E. W. Young Peter P. Stotzman	800
Sauk	Wm. O. Cannon	E. W. Young	1,000
Sawyer,	F. L. Clarke.	Peter P. Stotzman	500
Shawano	Milo M. Porter	H. R. McComb	500
Sheboygan	Fred Mueller	Billie Williams	1,200
Taylor	J. B. Leonhardt	Clinton Textor	300
Frempealeau	John Boynton	R. A. Odell	700
Vernon	Marcus C. Berg	Cyrus M. Butt	500
Walworth	L. G. Foster	Javnes B. Wheeler	1,100
Washburn	A. Ryan.	S. W. Mead. H. W. Sawyer	200
Washington	W. P. Rix	H. W. Sawyer	1,100
Waukesha	W. S. Parsons	R. C. Hatnaway	1,500
TTours on	Andrew Williams	C. L. Ogdon	400
Waupaca			
Waushara	Peter Mitchell	D. L. Bunn	600
Waushara Winnebago Wood	Peter Mitchell Fred Burges Henry Kuntz	D. L. Bunn C. D. Cleveland George L. Williams	

COUNTIES.	Register of Deeds.	County Treasurer.	Salary
dams	Frank McConick.	S. S. Landt	ne.
shland	Edward Fennelly	Bart B. Scott	\$6
	T W Charma		1,0
Barron	J. W. Stowe.	N. M. Rockman	1,0
Sayfield	J. D. Cruttenden B. M. Berendsen	Alonzo Knight	1,0
rown	. B. M. Berendsen	Frank Lenz	1,2
uffalo		Christian Meuli	7
urnett	. Andrew A. Anderson	Ole C. Branstad	5
alumet		Jacob Stephany	. 7
hippewa	. W. T. Dalton	Syvert Serley	1,8
lark	. Wm. Zassenhaus	H. N. Withee	1,2
olumbia	. John W. Brown	J. A. Johnson	1,2
rawford	. Joseph D. Stuart	B. F. Haskins	· 8
ane	Geo. F. Rowell	Hans S. Grinde	1,6
odge	Geo. H. Miller	Aug. F. Schoenwetter	1,4
oor	Jacob Dehos	Eli A. Thompson	6
ouglas	E. V. Mundy	J. F. Bishoff, Jr	ž
unn	Charles Knutson	Cornell I need	1 6
unn	Charles Knutson	Carroll Lucas	1,2
au Claire		Robert McLaren	1,0
lorence	w. C. Habberkorn	E. E. Keyes	5
ond du Lac		Louis Muenter	1,0
orest		L. Motzfeldt	6
rant	Martin Oswald	John A. Neaville A. M. Green W. I. Sherwood	1,0
reen	J. A. Kittleson	A. M. Green	9
reen Lake	Z. C. Hamilton	W. I. Sherwood	5
wa	Wm. H. Thomas	George Paulson	1,0
ickson	Ole A. Huset	John Peterson	1,0
efferson	O. J. Kerschensteiner	Jos. A. Fernholz	-, š
ineau	Geo. Hinton	M. M. Corsaw	1,0
enosha	James Pennefeather		. 6
	Tohn Pooles	Adolph J. Berg	
ewaunee	John Pecka	Jacob Rodrian	7
a Crosse	George W. Brice Michael Michaelson	Jens Lienlokken	1,0
a Fayette	Michael Michaelson	William Mayne	1,0
anglade	Henry Smith	C. H. Larzelere	1,0
incoln	Edward Kleutz	E. Dutruit	1,2
anitowoc	Theodore Wolf	C. A. Gielow	1,2
arathon	A. W. Schmidt	J. R. Bruneau	1,4
arinette	Joseph La Roy	Michael H. Engler	1,0
arquette	J. F. Weseloh	M. G. Ellison	5
ilwaukee	Henry J. Baumgartner	Eugene Cary	4,5
onroe	Henry J. Baumgartner C. A. Erickson	C. G. Hettman	1,0
conto	Huff Jones	Angus McAllister	1,2
aeida	E. Shephard	C. Eby	-,~
utagamie	John N. Boon	Matthias Werner	1,2
ranka	John N. Baer	John Nenens	1, 8
zaukee	TT M Miles	Thomas P. Hulratt	္မ
pin	H. M. Miles	Thomas F. Huiratt	5
erce	F. D. Lord	J. S. Rounce	. 8
olk	A. J. Houghdahl	William Wilson	1,0
rtage	John Stumpf	M. A. Rosseau	9
ice	Julius Kohler	A. Mc Kinnzie	1,2
cine	J. G. Teall	George A. Rickeman	1,0
chland	Ezra Ragles	W. R. Peckham	8
oek	C. L. Valentine	A. D. Burdick	1,0
Croix	Moses W. Wilson	William B. Andrews	1,0
uk	John W. Blake	Archibald Christie	1.0
wyer	Otto Christianson	Geo. A. Packard	1.0
awano	Ole J. Hoein	Frank O. Perry	1.0
oboven	Ole J. Hoein F. W. Margenan	A. L. Swart	1,2
eboygan	Julius Stimm	John Gay	1,2
ylor	Simon Olgon	Hanny Thoragond	1, õ
empealeau	Simon Olson	Henry Thorsgaard John C. Johnson	1,0
ernon	I Lars C. Steinberg	John C. Johnson	8
alworth	Wm. F. Taylor	Leonard C. Church	9
ashburn	G. E. Crocker	A. H. Earle S. F. Mayer Wm. E. Swan	4
ashington	Hugo Koenen	S. F. Mayer	1,0
aukesha	Samuel Bresee	Wm. E. Swan	1,0
aupaca		Hans Beulick	-, 9
aushara	Halbert Hanson	J. E. Tilton	7
Ginnahaga	John McCabe	Peter D. Kraby	1,2
innebago		L. J. Wangold	1,2
ood	Jasper Crotteau	La. v. 11 (4118 VIU	1,2

Counties.	District Attorney.	Salary.	Clerk of Court.	Salar
	G IV Division	6950	A. S. Hamilton	Fee
Adams	S. W. Pierce	\$250 400	Robert C. Murray	\$3
shland	George P. Rossman	600	Henry Rodermacher	*6
arron	C. C. Coe	600	Charles H. Noyes	Ž
ayfield		800	Henry Watermolen	Fee
rown	P. H. Martin	400	John Burgess	Fee
Suffalo	S. G. Gilman	200	Newton Hickerson	i
urnett	I. Grettum Jos. B. Reynolds	400	Sam. Vincent	7
alumet	Thos. J. Connor	1,000	Sam. Vincent E. H. Coleman C. S. Stockwell.	7
hippewa	James O'Neill	800	C. S. Stockwell	*8
larklolumbia	J. S. Maxwell	700	Peter Williams	Fee
marrfand	T. B. Ward	550	J. A. Curran	1 2
rawford	John L. Erdall	800	John O'Connell	Fee
Dane Dodge	P. G. Lewis	1,000	G. W. Morse	*8
loage	R. P. Cody.	400	Allen Higgins	2
Door Douglas	Champ Green	600	S. E. Tubbs	*
Jouglas	R. D. Whitford	600	Timothy Murphy	*(
Ounn	H. D. Cooley	800	Henry McBain	Fee
Jan Clane	J. E. Abbott	500	Henry McBain Frank Waring	*2
lorence'ond du Lac	J. H. McCrory	1,000	T. K. Gillett	Fee
Forest	Egbert Wyman	500	T. K. Gillett	_ %
rant	J. W. Murphy	600	W. A. Johnson	Fee
Trach	Burr Sprague	600	Andrew Lewis	Fee
reen reen Lake	J. H. Davidson	400	D. P. Blackstone	. 8
owa	Richard Carter	600	D. P. Blackstone M. J. Tappins	. 4
ackson	W. S. Dwinnell	800	Frank Johnson	Fe
efferson	W. H. Rogers	1,000	Wm. Bieber	Fe
uneau	F. S. Veeder	500	J. G. Evans	
Kenosha	Myron A. Baker	400	John H. Corcoran	Fe
Kewaunee	David Decker	250	Thomas Hlawacek	_ %
a Crosse	George H. Gordon	600	Chas. Kurtenacker	Fe
La Fayette	Patrick H. Conley	600	Joseph C. Oates	
Langlade	Geo. L. Schnitz	500	T. H. Ward	
Lincoln	John Van Hecke	700	Herman Wolff	Fe
Manitowoc	A. J. Schmitz	800	John Chloupeck	*
Marathon	C. F. Eldred	1	Hugo Peters	*:
Marinette	Hiram O. Fairchild	700	W. P. Green	*
Marquette	James Duff	350	W. P. Green. F. J. Dodge.	*:
Milwaukee	John Toohey	4,000	Albert DeLeur	. TO, 9
Monroe	John Toohey D. F. Jones	800	J. R. Bryan	
Oconto	A. Reinhart	500	R. L. Hall	
Oneida	L. J. Billings		I. W. McIntyre	
Outagamie	John Goodland	800	F. C. Frederichs	
Ozaukee	H. B. Schwin	500	James Hedding	*
Pepin	Wm. E. Plummer	250	Henry Murman	
Pierce	A. Combacker	500	S. Cooke	*:
Polk	Mons P. Jerdee	600	W. S. Sadler	
Portage	F. B. Lamareux M. Barry Frank M. Fish	500	Chas. P. Mason	*
Price	M. Barry	800	R. M. Logan	
Racine	Frank M. Fish	1,200	James McLaren	
Richland	M. Murphy	400	J. W. Renick	
Rock	B. M. Malone	1,000	E. D. McGowan	
St. Croix	S. N. Hawkins	1,000	Otto W. Arnquist Charles Coleman	Fe
Sauk	R. D. Evans	500		
Sawyer	J. L. Riordan	600	Pete Oleson	
Shawano	M. J Wallrich	600	Thomas O'Hara	
Sheboygan	Simon Gillen	1,000	Wm. F. Wenck	
Taylor	G. W. Adams	600		
Frempealeau	H. A. Anderson	600	O. A. Hegg	*
Vernon	W. S. Field	400 700	Peres J. Layne Ely B. Dewing	Fe
Walworth	Wallace Ingalls	400	F. L. Wilkins	
Washburn	P. E. Leonard H. K. Butterfield	600	Andrew Schmidt	
Washington	H. K. Butterneid	1,000	E. J. Evans	Fe
Waukesha	D. S. Tullar	500	J. M. Hatch	: **
Waupaca	A. L. Hutchins	300	E. R. Humphrey	*
Waushara	R. L. D. Potter	800	W. W. Kimball	Fe
Winnebago	Henry Fitzgibbon E. C. Pors		Orrin Gray	
Wood	1 Pt. Ut. POPS	1 000	II OTTER OLAS	' I

COUNTIES.	County Surveyor.	Coroner.
Adams	Marvin Lathron	. David Scofield.
Ashland	George Sells	J. C. Smyser.
Barron	D. A. RUSSeil	I Iool Dichandgen
Bayfield	D. F. Glover	W. T. Leonard.
Brown	August Brauns	. J. Beth.
BuffaloBurnett	John F. Schlosstein	. J. L. Hallock.
Zalumet		James C. Jenson.
Chippewa	Jacob Severin	Chas. Wepperman. John Weinberger.
llark	Wm Welsh	
Columbia		
rawford	J. J. Hurlbut G. W. Brown Adolph Walther	Chancy Blancher.
Dane	G. W. Brown	H. H. Helm.
Oodge	Adolph Walther	Geo. Engel.
oor		
Douglas	F. P. Black	I D Whitner
0unn	D. W. Waite. C. E. Bussell	J. D. Whitney. J. J. Merrick.
Lau Claire	C. E. Bussell	l L. Shaver.
Norence	C. S. Simpson	
ond du Lac	J. Haessly	F. F. Parsons.
orest	W. R. Burgess	Sidney Verbeck.
rant	Herbert J. Gould	Rube Black.
reen Lake	J. Haessly W. B. Burgess Herbert J. Gould D. H. Morgan Alban Clark	G. O. Stearns. H. P. Meriam.
owa	John H. Dunstan	H. P. Meriam.
ackson	Eustace L. Brockway	
efferson	K. P. Clark	Ad. W. Merrill.
uneau	Tohn T Dottomoon	T I Die
enosha	Jason Lathron	John Price, Jr.
ewaunee	Constant Thiry	Hubert Schwan
a Crosse	Jason Lathrop Constant Thiry Wm. R. Sill Theodore E. Blackstone. D. B. Eddid	W. F. Scott, M. D. G. G. Lang.
a Fayette	Theodore E. Blackstone	John Davidson.
anglade	••• D. Euulek	E. R. Colton.
incoln	W. C. Lehman	J. D. Cutter.
anitowoc		I.F. S. Luhmann.
arathon	P. F. Currin	Chas. Quandt.
[arinette	Harry McCallum Geo. E. Phillips Robert C. Rienertson	Chas. Quandt. W. D. Lewis.
arquetteilwaukee	Geo. E. Phillips	Ferdinand Meinke.
onroe	W Vonvon	Ernst A. M. Leidel.
conto		O. F. Angle.
neida	Daniel Graham	Chas. Bentz.
utagamie	Elihu Spencer	C. L. Perry. Fred Peterson.
zaukee	L. Towsley.	Toba W. Tarteria
epin	Nat Plummer	F I Cohen
ierce	G W Cairns	I S Copley
olk	S. M. DeGolier	John W. Lutfring. F. J. Gobar. J. S. Copley. H. A. Holliday.
ortage	E. A. Williams	James Moylan.
rice		Wm. Fordyce.
acine	Frank F. Foote	William M. Phillips.
ichland	L. L. Appleby. Edward Ruger	J. W. Leik.
ock	Edward Ruger	George Hauthorn.
. Croix	George Strong	E. L. Boothby.
ukwyer	Richard Hubbard	E. L. Boothby. S. W. Corwith. J. P. Cox. L. J. Williams.
nawano	J. A. Walander	J. P. Cox.
neboygan	J. A. Melendy	L. J. Williams.
vlor	S. A. Simpson. Daniel Walrath.	Adolph Bock.
ylorempealeau	I H. B. Merchant	Richard Cox. C. E. Scott.
rnon	Wm. H. Knower	Stanley Stout
alworth	Tomog Obild	Chas. L. Lyon
ashburn	A. J. Godding	Stanley Stout. Chas. L. Lyon. Peter Mills.
ashington	D. D. Cameron	Otto Boeswetter.
aukesha	Wm. Powrie	Lvuren Barker.
aupaca	A. W. Johnson	A. L. McDonald.
aushara	A. J. Godding. D. D. Cameron. Wm. Powrie A. W. Johnson Harry Walker G. A. Randall B. R. Tarbox	James Larson.
innebagoood	G. A. Randall	C. R. Hamlin

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

Counties.	NAME.	Post-office.	No. of schools in county.	§ Jary.	Print- ing, postage and station- ery.
Adams	E. C. Morse. F. W. Broer.	Arkdale	66	\$500	\$75
Ashland	F. W. Broer	Butternut	28 94	600 800	150 100
Barron	N. E. Carver	Chetek Washburn	94 11	300	25
Bayfield	A. L. Ruggles D. S. Rice	Morrison	81	800	100
BrownBuffalo	Geo. Schmidt	Alma	81	800	200
Burnett	Geo. Schmidt Tena Nelson	Grantsburg	21	175	50
Calumet		New Holstein	67 139	800 1,000	75 200
Chippewa	Alex Sherman	Cadott	104	800	200
Clark Columbia	G. E. Crothers. E. C. True	Thorp	144	1,000	200
Crawford	L Archie MCDOWell	Mt. Sterling	92	800	200
Dane, 1st dist.	Sylvanus Ames	Stoughton Bluff Station	126 123	800 800	200 200
za aisi.)	I I. B Murnhy	Watertown	190	1,200	200
Dodge	J. T. Flavin. W. L. Damkoehler. W. E. Chandler	Bailey's Harbor	62	1,200	150
Door	W E Chandler	i West Superior	14	200	50
Douglas	1 H. W. Keeu	Menomonie	114	800	150
Eau Claire	Mrg T. A Pregent	Eau Claire	92 7	800	200 25
Florence	G. D. Swift. M. T. Blewett J. B. Monaghan.	Commonwealth Eldorado	165	175	100
Fond du Lac	M. T. Blewett	Monico		300	1
Forest	Chas. L. Harper	Monico Lancaster,	217	1,000	175
Green	Chas. L. Harper	Albany	130	800	200
Green Lake	A. W. Millard	Markesan	71 123	800 800	145 100
Iowa	B. W. Gillett T. P. Marsh	Avoca Sechlerville	82	800	150
Jackson	J. A. Sheridan	Waterloo	131	1,000	250
Jefferson Juneau	M L Bunnell	Mauston	99	800	150
Kenosha	M. L. Bunnell	Somers	61	600	150
Kewaunee	I W Swaty	Ahnapee	53 66	800 800	100 150
La Crosse	W. J. Hughes L. H. Johnson	West Salem		800	200
La Fayette	E. Nordman	Wiota Muller's Lake	53	500	200
Langlade Lincoln	1 David Finn	Merrill	. 30	600	200
Manitowoc	John Nagle	Manitowoc	108 128	1,200 1,200	75
Marathon	John Nagle F. A. Strupp R. C. Ramsey Thos. Skinner P. A. Lynch J. P. Galiger W. A. Welvinley	Black Creek Falls Peshtigo	28	1,200	200
Marinette	R. C. Ramsey	Merritt's Landing		650	
Marquette Milwaukee	P. A. Lynch	Williamsburg	. 66	1,200	250
Monroe	J. P. Galiger	Tomah	. 134	800	100
Oconto	W. A. McKinley	Abrams		500 400	200
Oneida	A. D. Prideaux	Rhinelander South Osborne		800	200
Outagamie Ozaukee			. 59	1,000	60
Pepin	Jennie M. Goodrich	Durand	. 40	500	100
Pepin Pierce	. C. J. Brewer	Ellsworth	. 107	800 800	200 200
Polk	L. B. Dresser	St. Croix Falls Stevens Point	. 93 . 91	800	100
Portage				500	100
Price	B. O. Noble	Fifield	. 75	800	120
Richland	. J. W. Burns	. Richland Center.	. 122	800 800	200 200
Rock, 1st dist. \ 2d dist. \	J. Boyd Jones	Evansviiie	. 86	800	200
2d dist.	H. C. Thom	Beloit		800	200
St. Croix Sauk	E C Wiswall	Prairie du Sac	. 161	1,000	
Sawyer	Mrs (1 Harrington	. Hayward	.1 11	300	25 98
Shawano	. L. D. Roberts	Shawano	88	1,000	98
Sheboygan	Jas. Leany	Medford		500	
Taylor Trempealeau	W L Cummings	. I Digiti	. 96	1,000	200
Vernon		Viroqua	. 152	800	200
Walworth	L. A. Williams	Elkhorn		800	200 50
Washburn	G. A. Barker	Shell Lake Kewaskum		100	125
Washington	C. F. Leins	Waukesha		1.000	150 200
Waukesha Waupaca	Wm Fourlie	Wannaca	., 118	800	200
Waushara	. T. S. Chipman	Terrill	. 100	800	100
Winnebago	. Frank Miller	. Elo	100	910 800	72 125
Wood	i .	1			
Totals			. 6,049	\$52,710	\$9,270

PRINCIPALS OF FREE HIGH SCHOOLS.

Ahnapee J. C. Kamp, Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Alma C. D. Kipp. Almond Ida K. McGregor. Antigo John O'Hara. Appleton R. H. Schmidt. Appleton R. H. Schmidt. Argyle S. H. Hillard. Argyle S. H. Hillard. Argyle S. H. Hillard. Ashland J. M. Turner. Back Montello. Beaver Dan H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. E. W. Walker. Black The Falls. Burlington W. H. J. Bowell. Boundington E. E. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brandon D. H. H. McGovern. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chillon P. H. McGovern. Chippewa Falls. C. R. Loog. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Collumbus J. E. Hoyt. Borrington D. J. A. James. Collumbus J. E. Hoyt. Borrington D. J. A. James. Collumbus J. E. Hoyt. Borrington D. J. A. James. Collumbus J. E. Hoyt. Bartlington D. J. A. James. Collumbus J. E. Hoyt. Bartlington D. J. A. James. Collumbus J. E. Hoyt. Bartlington D. J. A. James. Belaver Dan H. M. McGregor. Eigherton L. E. Gettle. Eighborn D. D. Mayne. Eigherton D. D. Mayne. East Troy Etta Carle. East Troy Etta Carle. East Troy Etta Carle. East Troy Etta Carle. Forn Atkinson J. Q. Emery. Collumbus J. E. Hoyt. Borrington J. J. H. McGregor. Eigherton L. E. Gettle. Eighborn D. J. Murphy. Fremont J. H. M. Golder, Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. Frencistly H. M. Older. F				
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Post-offic :.	-	Post-office.	Principal.
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Ahnapee	J. C. Kamp.	Mayville	Horago Cibago
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Alma	. C. D. Kipp.	Mazomanie	W W Kilgora
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Almond	. Ida K. McGregor.	II Menasha	H I Evene
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Appleton	John O'Hara.	Merrill	J. G. Adams
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Areadia	. K. H. Schmidt.	u merruan	l W .I Hogling
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Argyle	S H Hillians	11 Mildaleton	Elsia M. Drigtal
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Ashland	J. M. Turner	mineral Point	. G. E. Cabanis.
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Augusta	L W Wood	Montalla	. C. F. Niles.
Bayfield F. W. Denison. Beaver Dam H. T. Gillette. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Beloit. C. A. Hutchins. Berlin A. F. Rote. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black Earth E. W. Walker. Black River Falls Dwight Kinney. Bloomer W. H. Bloom. Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel. E. R. Johnson. Brandon D. S. Gibbon. Brodhead. J. A. Eakin. Burlington W. S. Axtell. Cadott J. A. Jeffrey. Cambridge M. E. Terry. Chetek E. K. Thomas. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilton P. H. McGovern. Chilpopewa Falls C. R. Long. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Clinton Junction A. E. Schaub. Colly J. F. Sims. Dollymbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Columbus J. E. Hoyt. Darlington J. A. James. Delavan Geo. Collie. Cast Tory Etta Carle. East Tory Etta Carle.	Avoca	Joseph Cubela	Montfort	. Paul Bergen.
Berlin	Baraboo	W. J. Brier.	Mt Hone	Pohort Will
Berlin	Bayfield	F. W. Denison.	Muscoda	C B Pielroving
Black Earth	Beaver Dam	H. T. Gillette.	n recenan.	H J Rowell
Black Earth	Deloit	C. A. Hutchins.	Neenah	C. W. Cabeen
Bloomer W. H. Bloom Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel E. R. Johnson Brandon D. S. Gibbon Brodhead J. A. Eakin Onroc. J. B. Babcock. Burlington W. S. Axtell Ocadott. J. A. J. J. Eakin Oregon R. E. Blount. Osakood P. J. Kelly Oconto. G. M. Hoferty. Oconto. G. M. H. Greety. Oconto. G. M. H. Oconto. G. M. H. Greety. Oconto. G. M. H. Greety. Oconto. G. M. H. Greety. Oconto. G. M. H. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. Greedshurgh. Oconto. G. M. H. H. M. Greedshurgh. Oconto. G. M. H. M. Wallen. A. M. M. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. M. Wallen. A. M. M. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. M. Wallen. C. M. M. M. M. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. M. M. M. M. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. M.	Black Forth	A. F. Rote.	Neillsville	E. B. Oakley
Bloomer W. H. Bloom Bloomington A. G. Zimmerman. Boscobel E. R. Johnson Brandon D. S. Gibbon Brodhead J. A. Eakin Onroc. J. B. Babcock. Burlington W. S. Axtell Ocadott. J. A. J. J. Eakin Oregon R. E. Blount. Osakood P. J. Kelly Oconto. G. M. Hoferty. Oconto. G. M. H. Greety. Oconto. G. M. H. Oconto. G. M. H. Greety. Oconto. G. M. H. Greety. Oconto. G. M. H. Greety. Oconto. G. M. H. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. Greedshurgh. Oconto. G. M. H. H. M. Greedshurgh. Oconto. G. M. H. M. Wallen. A. M. M. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. M. Wallen. A. M. M. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. M. Wallen. C. M. M. M. M. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. M. M. M. M. Halsey. Oconto. G. M. H. M.	Black River Felle	Dwight Kinner		E. E. Fowler.
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Elroy J. A. Hancck. Evansville H. H. Jacobs. Fennimore John M. Quick. Florence W. L. Morrison. Fond du Lac. I. N. Mitchell. Fort Atkinson. J. Q. Emery. Fort Howard O. R. Larsen. Fox Lake Fremont J. M. Peppard. Fremont J. M. Peppard. Fremont J. M. Peppard. Fremont J. M. Peppard. Fremont J. H. Gould. Glenbeulah Mina Whiting. Grand Rapids Chas. M. Fox. Green Bay A. J. Clough. Hartford O. P. Nelson. Hartford O. P. Nelson. Hartford D. J. Murphy. Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Horicon J. H. Derse. Hudson. A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Janesville C. H. Keyes. Jefferson H. F. Wieman. Kenosha W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Valvational McIndoe Vest Selev. Sextonville Sharon Shawano W. H. Hickock Shawano W. J. Halckock Shawano W. J. Horkock Shawano W. J. Hilckock Shawano W. J. Horkock Shawano W. J. Horkock Shawano W. J. Hilckock Shawano W. J. Hilckock Shawano W. J. G. Skeels Shavano W. J. G. Skeels Shawano W. J. Hilckock Shawano W. J. Hilckock Shawano W. J. Hilckock Shawano W. J. Hilckock Shawano W. J. G. Skeels Shubsour M. M. W. A. Cundy W. B. Minihan Stoughton O. F. C. Conk W. R. Gink M. M. A. Cundy W. B. Minihan Stoughton O. F. W. Coley W. B. Minihan Stoughton O. F. W. Coley W. B. Minih	Edgerton	L. E. Gettle.	River Fells	M. H. McMahon.
Evansville H. H. Jacobs. Fennimore John M. Quick. Florence W. L. Morrison. Fond du Lac. I. N. Mitchell. Fort Atkinson. J. Q. Emery. Fort Howard O. R. Larsen. Fox Lake. L. S. Keeley. Fremont J. M. Peppard. Friendship H. M. Older. Geneva Lake. J. H. Gould. Glenbeulah. Mina Whiting. Grand Rapids Chas. M. Fox. Green Bay A. J. Clough. Hartford O. P. Nelson. Hazel Green H. B. Lathe. Highland D. J. Murphy. Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Horicon J. H. Derse. Hudson. A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Jefferson H. F. Wieman Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. W. E. Pembleton. Scymour W. E. Pembleton. Sharon J. G. Skeels. Sheboygan E. J. Haylett. Sheboygan Falls L. M. Roberts. Sheboygan Falls L. M. Roberts. Spring Green. W. A. Clundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. Sturgeon Bay W. O. Brown. Sturgeon Bay W. O. Brown. Sun Prairie I. M. Buell. Two Rivers C. O. Marsh. Unity. E. T. Johnson. Viroqua J. A. Aylward. Waupun, F. J. A. Lowell. Waupun, F. J. T. Edwards. Waupun, F. J. T. Edwards. Waupun, F. J. L. C. C. S. Cooley. Watertown C. F. C. Howard. Waupun, F. Jul. C. C. Wooleock. Wauwatosa A. W. Smith. Unity E. Pembleton. Sharon J. G. Skeels. Sheboygan E. J. Haylett. Sheboygan Falls L. M. Roberts. Sheboygan Falls L. M. Roberts. Sheboygan Falls L. M. Roberts. Sheboygan Falls L. M. E. J. Haylett. Sheboygan E. J. Haglett. Sheboygan E. J. Haglet. Sheboygan E. J. Haglett.	Elkhorn	D. D. Mayne.	Sank City	R. B. Hazzard.
Florence. W. L. Morrison. Shavamo W. H. Hickock. Shawamo W. H. W. A. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. Stoughton C. F. Cronk. Sturgeon Bay W. O. Brown. Sturgeo	Eirov	J. A. Hancock,	Sextonville	C. F. Ninman.
Florence. W. L. Morrison. Shavamo W. H. Hickock. Shawamo W. H. W. A. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. Stoughton C. F. Cronk. Sturgeon Bay W. O. Brown. Sturgeo	Evansville	H. H. Jacobs.	Seymour	W E Pamblaton
Fort Atkinson J. Q. Emery. Fort Howard O. R. Larsen. Fox Lake L. S. Keeley. Fremont J. M. Peppard. Friendship H. M. Older. Geneva Lake J. H. Gould. Glenbeulah Mina Whiting. Grand Rapids Chas. M. Fox. Green Bay A. J. Clough. Hartford O. P. Nelson. Hazel Green H. B. Lathe. H. B. Lathe. H. B. Lathe. Highland D. J. Murphy. Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Highland D. J. Murphy. Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Horicon J. H. Derse. Horicon J. H. Derse. Hudson. A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Jefferson H. F. Wieman Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. West Seleu. Sheboygan Falls L. M. Roberts. Shullsburg M. M. Warner. Spuriag M. M. Wavner. Sturing M. M. Wavner. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. M. M. Warner. Shullsburg M. M. Warner. Spuriag. M. M. Warner. Shullsburg M. M. Warner. Spuriag. L. H. Clark. Shullsburg M. M. Warner. Spuriag. L. H. Clark. Shullsburg M. W. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. B. Millsburg M. W. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. B. M. M. Clark. Shullsburg M. W. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. B. M. M. Clark. Shullsburg M. W. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. B. M. M. Clark. Shullsburg M. W. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. B. M. M. Clark. Shullsburg M. W. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. B. M. M. Clark. Sturies. L. H. Clark. St	Florence	John M. Quick.	Snaron	J. G. Skeels
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Fremont J. M. Peppard. Friendship H. M. Older Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. Geneva Lake J. H. Gould. Glenbeulah Mina Whiting. Grand Rapids Chas. M. Fox. Green Bay A. J. Clough. Hartford O. P. Nelson. Hartford O. P. Nelson. Hazel Green H. B. Lathe. Highland D. J. Murphy. Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Horicon J. H. Derse. Hudson. A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Janesville C. H. Keyes. Jefferson H. F. Wieman. Kenosha W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Spring Green. W. A. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. W. B. Minihan. Stoughton. C. F. Cronk. Sturgeon Bay. W. O. Brown. Surrends W. D. G. W. A. Cundy. Two Rivers O. O. Marsh. Unity. Walworth May Maxon. Walworth May Maxon. Watertown C. F. Viebahn. Waupun, Fidu L. Co. Wausau Hugh McIndoe. Wauwatosa A. W. Smith. Westfield C. G. Woolcock.	Fort Howard	O. R. Larsen	Sneboygan Falls	L. M. Roberts.
Fremont J. M. Peppard. Friendship H. M. Older Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. Geneva Lake J. H. Gould. Glenbeulah Mina Whiting. Grand Rapids Chas. M. Fox. Green Bay A. J. Clough. Hartford O. P. Nelson. Hartford O. P. Nelson. Hazel Green H. B. Lathe. Highland D. J. Murphy. Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Horicon J. H. Derse. Hudson. A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Janesville C. H. Keyes. Jefferson H. F. Wieman. Kenosha W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Spring Green. W. A. Cundy. Stevens Point. F. W. Cooley. W. B. Minihan. Stoughton. C. F. Cronk. Sturgeon Bay. W. O. Brown. Surrends W. D. G. W. A. Cundy. Two Rivers O. O. Marsh. Unity. Walworth May Maxon. Walworth May Maxon. Watertown C. F. Viebahn. Waupun, Fidu L. Co. Wausau Hugh McIndoe. Wauwatosa A. W. Smith. Westfield C. G. Woolcock.	rux Lake		Sparts	M. M. Warner.
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Green Bay A. J. Clough. Hartford Q. P. Nelson. Hazel Green H. B. Lathe. Highland D. J. Murphy. Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Horicon J. H. Derse. Hudson A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Janesville C. H. Keyes. Jafferson H. F. Wieman. Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Sturgeon Bay W. O. Brown. Sturgeon Bay W. O. Brown. Sturgeon Bay W. O. Brown. W. O. Brown. W. O. Brown. W. W. O. Brown. W. W. Prairie. I. M. Buell. Tomah G. W. Reigle. Two Rivers C. O. Marsh. Walworth May Maxon. Walwaroth May Maxon. Washburn J. T. Edwards. Watertown C. F. Viebahn. Waupan, Dodge Co. F. C. Howard. Waupan, Dodge Co. F. C. Howard. Waupan, F' du L. Co. H. C. Custis. Wauwatosa. A. W. Smith. Westfield C. G. Woolcock. Like Wolf Alonzo McKinley	Grand Rapide	Chag Whiting.	i Scoughton i	C. F. Cronk.
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Hillsborough E. V. Wernick. Horicon J. H. Derse. Hudson. A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Janesville C. H. Keyes. Jefferson H. F. Wieman. Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. H. W. Wernick. Viroqua J. A. Aylward. Walworth May Maxon. Waterloo Geo. Bellinger. Watertown C. F. Viebahn. Waupan, Dodge Co. F. A. Lowell. Waupun, F' du L. Co. Wausau Hugh McIndoe. Wauwatosa A. W. Smith. Westfield C. G. Woolcock.	Hazel Green	H. B. Lathe	Two Pivore	G. W. Reigle.
Horicon J. H. Derse. Walworth May Maxon. Hudson A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Janesville C. H. Keyes. Waterloo Geo. Bollinger. Jefferson H. F. Wieman. Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Wauwatosa. A. W. Smith. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley.	Highland	D. J. Murphy.	Unity	C. O. Marsh.
Horicon J. H. Derse. Hudson A. W. Burton. Humbird F. P. Tibbits. Janesville C. H. Keyes. Jefferson H. F. Wieman. Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Walworth May Maxon. Washburn J. T. Edwards. Waterloo Geo. Bollinger. Watertown C. F. Viebahn. Waupaca F. A. Lowell. Waupun, Dodge Co. F. C. Howard. Waupun, F' du L. Co. Wausau Hugh McIndoe. Wauwatosa A. W. Smith Westfield C. G. Woolcock. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley	Hillsborough	E. V. Wernick.	Viroqua.	E. I. Johnson.
Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills. H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Kenosha. Waupan, Dodge Co. F. C. Howard. Waupan, F' du L. Co. H. C. Custis. Wausau Hugh McIndoe. Wauwatosa A. W. Smith. Westfield. C. G. Woolcock.	Horicon	J. H. Derse.	Walworth	May Mayon
Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills. H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Kenosha. Waupan, Dodge Co. F. C. Howard. Waupan, F' du L. Co. H. C. Custis. Wausau Hugh McIndoe. Wauwatosa A. W. Smith. Westfield. C. G. Woolcock.	Humbird	A. W. Burton.	Washburn	J. T. Edwards
Kenosha. W. J. Pollock. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills. H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Kenosha. Waupan, Dodge Co. F. C. Howard. Waupan, F' du L. Co. H. C. Custis. Wausau Hugh McIndoe. Wauwatosa A. W. Smith. Westfield. C. G. Woolcock.	Janesville	r. P. Tibbits.	Waterloo	Geo. Bollinger.
Kenosha. Kewaunee M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Lodi O. J. Schuster. Madison W. M. Pond. Marshfeld Fred. Hamlin. Mauston G. S. Grubb. Waupun, Dodge Co. F. C. Howard. Waupun, F'du L. Co. Waupun, F'du L. Co. Waupun, F'du L. Co. Waupun, F'du L. Co. Waupun, Dodge Co. F. C. Howard. Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau Wausau Wast Beld U. G. G. Woolcock. West Saleu. J. F. Burgess. West De Pere F. W. Winter. Weyauwega S. F. Grubb. Whitewater Wonewoc. T. C. Morrow.	Jefferson	H. F. Wiemen	Watertown	C. F. Viebahn.
Kewaunee. M. McMahon. Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Lodi O. J. Schuster. Madison W. M. Pond. Marshall W. A. Hodge. Marshfield Fred. Hamlin. Mauston G. S. Grubb. Waupun, F'du L. Co. H. C. Custis. Waupun, F'du L. Co. H. C. Lustis. Waupun, F'du L. Co. H. Smith. Waupun, F'du L. Co. H. C. Custis. Waupun, F'du L. Co. H. Smith. Waupun, F'du L. Co. H. Smith. Waupun, F'du L. Co. H. Splith. Waupun, F'du L. Co. H. Split	Kenosha	W. J. Pollock	waupaca	F. A. Lowell.
Kiel A. W. Dassler. Lake Mills H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Lodi O. J. Schuster. Madison. W. M. Pond. Marshall. W. A. Hodge. Marshfield Fred. Hamlin. Mauston. G. S. Grubb. Wausau L. H. U. Custis. Wausau L. H. U. S. H. U. Custis. Wausau L. H. U. S. H. U. Custis. Wausau L. H. U. Hugh McIndoe. Wausaus A. W. Smith. West Salen. J. F. Burgess. West Bend James Keely. West De Pere F. W. Winter. Weyauwega S. F. Grubb. Whitewater C. H. Sylvester. Wonewoc. T. C. Morrow.	Kewaunee	M. McMahon	Waupun, Dodge Co	F. C. Howard.
Lake Mills. H. L. Terry. Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf. Alonzo McKinley. Lodi. O. J. Schuster. Madison. W. M. Pond. Marshall. W. A. Hodge. Marshfeld. Fred. Hamlin. Mauston. G. S. Grubb. Mauston. G. S. Grubb. Wawatosa. A. W. Smith. West Belen. J. F. Burgess. West De Pere F. W. Winter. Weyauwega. S. F. Grubb. Whitewater C. H. Sylvester. Wonewoc. T. C. Morrow.	Kiel	A. W. Dassler	Wansan	Hugh Mate
Lancaster. C. R. Schowalter. Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Lodi O. J. Schuster. Madison W. M. Pond. Marshall W. A. Hodge. Marshfield Fred. Hamlin. Mauston G. S. Grubb. Westfield C. G. Woolcock. West Salem. West Bend James Keely. West De Pere F. W. Winter. Weyauwega S. F. Grubb. Whitewater C. H. Sylvester. Wonewoc. T. C. Morrow.	Lake Mills	H. L. Terry.	Wauwatosa.	A W Smith
Little Wolf Alonzo McKinley. Lodi O J. Schuster. Madison W. M. Pond. Marshall W. A. Hodge. Marshfield Fred. Hamlin. Mauston G. S. Grubb. West Salen. West Bend James Keely. West De Pere F. W. Winter. Weyauwega S. F. Grubb. Whitewater C. H. Sylvester. Wonewoc. T. C. Morrow.	Lancaster	C. R. Schowalter	Westfield	C G Wooleash
Madison W. M. Pond. Marshall. W. A. Hodge. Marshfield Fred. Hamlin. Mauston G. S. Grubb. West Bend James Keely. West De Pere F. W. Winter. Weyauwega S. F. Grubb. Whitewater C. H. Sylvester. Wonewoc. T. C. Morrow.	Todi		West Salem	J. F. Burgage
Marshall W. M. Pond. W. A. Hodge. West De Pere. Marshfield Fred. Hamlin. Mauston G. S. Grubb. West De Pere. F. W. Winter. Weyauwega S. F. Grubb. Whitewater C. H. Sylvester. Wonewoc T. C. Morrow.	Madison	U. J. Schuster.	West Bend	James Keelv
Marshfield Fred Hamlin. Mauston G. S. Grubb. Weyauwega S. F. Grubb. Whitewater C. H. Sylvester. Wonewoc. T. C. Morrow.	Marshall	W. M. Pond.	West De Pere	F. W. Winter
Mauston G. S. Grubb. Willewater C. H. Sylvester. T. C. Morrow.	Marshfield	Fred Hamlin	weyauwega	S. F. Grubb.
WOLLEWOC T. C. Morrow.	Mauston	G. S. Grubb	Woneywoo	U. H. Sylvester.
		~ ~ ~ ~ ~	подемос	T. C. Morrow.

SCHOOL OFFICERS.

CITY SUPERINTENDENTS.

Сітч.	1	Number of teachers required.	Salary.	Printing, postage and stationery.
Appleton Antigo Baraboo Beaver Dam Beloit Berlin Berlin Brodhead Columbus Depere Fond du Lac Fort Howard Grand Rapids Green Bay Hudson Janesville Kenosha La Crosse Madison Marinette Menasha Menomonie Merrill Milwaukee Mineral Point Neenah New London Oconto Oshkosh Portage Prairie du Chien Racine Reedsburg Ripon Sheboygan Stevens Point Sturgeon Bay Watertown Waupaca Wausau Whitewater	A. B. Whitman L. K. Strong W. J. Brier Jas. J. Dick T. A. Smith N. M. Dodson Burr Sprague W. G. Coles C. A. Goggin I. N. Mitchell. Otis R. Larsen D. J. Cole Cornelia B. Field Geo. D. Cline C. H. Keyes James Cavannagh Albert Hardy Wm. H. Beach F. R. Utley M. M. Schoetz Stella Lucas H. A. Talbut Wm. E. Anderson W. L. Tallman Robert Shiells B. A. Weatherby D. P. Moriarty W. A. Gordon C. T. Susan C. S. Fuller H. G. Winslow Helen N. Perry H. L. Richardson Geo. Heller F. W. Cooley Wm. O. Brown C. F. Viebahn Miss Belle Smith C. V. Bardeen T. B. Pray	7 15 28 25 8 24 9	\$450l 150, 300l 100l 200l 200l 25i 100l 25i 100l 350l 350l 350l 200l 2,000l 1,600l 300l 100l 300l 100l 1,200l 100l 1,200l 100l 100l 1,200l 100l 1,200l 100l 100l 100l 100l 100l 100l 100l	25 25 9
Totals		. 1,272	\$18,000	\$1,703

STATISTICAL LIST OF SENATORS FOR 1889.

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District.	Names.	Politics.	Counties represented.	P. O. Address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Married or single.	Came to State.	Years in legislature.
14	Avery, Frank	R.	Juneau and Sauk	Baraboo	Merchant	England	58	M.		
19	Buckstaff, Geo. H	R.	Winnebago, except town				08	m.	1856	1887,89.
12	Clawson, P. J	R.	and city of Menasha Green and La Fayette	Oshkosh	Lumberman	New Brunswick.		M.	1852	1870, 79, 80, 83, 85, 87, 89.
3	Cooper, H. A	R.	Racine	Monroe Racine	Lawyer	Pennsylvania	49	M.	1851	1889.
29 81	DeGroff, John W	R.	Buffalo. Pepin and Tr'mp'l'u	Alma	Lawyer. Editor	Wisconsin New York	45	S. M.	1845	1887, 89.
	Dyson, Thos. A		La Crosse and Vernon	La Crosse	Lawyer	Wisconsin	37		1851	1879, 87, 89. 1887, 89.
9	Fitch, George	R.	Green Lake, Portage, Wau- shara and pt. of Marathon	Berlin					1 1	1001,09.
_5	Fritz, Theodore	UL	Milwaukee	Milwankoo	H'rticul'st, l'mb'm'n Grocer	New York	40		1871	1887, 89.
23 28	Greene, Walter S	D.	Jefferson and nt. Wankeshal	Ft. Atkinson.	Lumber dealer, etc.	New York	37 54	M. M.	1856 1847	
4	Joiner, R. L Kempf, John J	R. R.	Iowa and Richland	Wyoming	Surveyor and farm'r	Indiana	47		1845	1862, 73, 74, 87, 89. 1889.
22	Kennedy, Wm	D.	Outagamie and nt Win'h'gol	759 3d St Appleton	Merchant	Wisconsin	31	Μ.	1857	1889.
16	Kidd, Edward I	R.	Crawford and Grant	Millville	Lawyer Miller	Ireland	44 43		1857	
. 6 21	Kroeger, Herman Leahy, John E	ŨΓ	Milwaukee	369 Grove St	Dry goods merchant	Prussia.	48 57		1845 1844	
	• •	R.	Mar'th'n, Sh'w'no, Wa'paca	Wausau	Lumberman	New Hampshire	46		1849	
33	· ·	D.	Oza'kee, Wash'g'n and pt. Waukesha	Newburg	Carpenter, farmer	D				
17	Lovejoy, Allen P	R.	Rock	Janesville	Lumberman	Prussia	48 63		1860	
26 20		R.	Dane	Madison	Farmer	New York	60		1850 1846	
~	meau, m. C	D.	Sheb'yg'n, pt Fond du Lac. (Ashl'd,Fl'r'nce, F'r'st, On-	Plymouth	Lawyer	Wisconsin	30		1858	
11	Merrill, George F	R.	≺eida, Langlade, Lincion	Ashland	Lawyer	7777				
30		ſ	Price and Taylor.)	Lawyer	Wisconsin	41	М.	1847	1887,89.
30 15		R. D.	Dunn and Chippewa Kewaunee and Manitowoc .	Rusk	Lumberman, farm'r	Ireland	49	M.	1850	1887, 89.
2		Б.		Two Rivers	Editor and publish'r	New York	41	М.	1852	1878, 89.
13	Pettibone, Chas. A	Ind.	Dodge	Juneau	Grain dealer, etc Editor	New York	52	М.	1859	1885, 86, 89.
27 32		R.	Ad'ms, Col'mbia, M'rquette	Westfield	Farmer	New York New York	47 55	M. M.	1850	1887, 89.
8 i		R. R.	Jackson, Monroe and Wood. Kenosha and Walworth	Bl'k River F'ls	Lumberman, miller	Wisconsin	29		1857 1859	1881, 89. 1889.
25	Rust, Wm. A	R. 1	Clark and Eau Claire	Lake Geneva. Eau Claire	Physician	Wisconsin	39	M.	1849	1885, 87, 89.
1	Scofield, Edward	R.	Door, Marinette and Ocontol	Oconto	LumbermanLumberman	Michigan	42	M.	1871	1887, 89,
18 10	Stanchfield, S. B	R.	Part of Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac.	Farmer	Maina	46 51	M. M.	1868 1855	1887, 89.
1			Pierce and St. Croix	Hudson	Printer, real est., etc	New York	51		1855	1885, 89. 1889.
24	Taylor, Chas. S		B'rr'n, B'rn'tt, B'yfi'd, P'lk Do'glas, Sawy'r, W'shb'rn	Rarron					- 1	
7	Widule, Christian	R.	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	Editor and lawyer. Druggist	Wisconsin	37	S.	1851	1885, 87, 89.
					~- ~85100	LIUSSIII	43	M. '	1849	1879, 87, 89.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY FOR 1889.

		111111							
at No.	Names. Goldings	Counties represented.	P. O. address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.		Came to	Years in legislature
83 80 84 44 41 1 2 40 91 82 86 67 77 10 12 12 13 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Allen, Dwight S	Juneau Dunn	Marinette Woodville Auburndale, Waupaca Greenbush Mishicott Hebron Viola 467 Beulah Av Sheboygan Prescott Durand 729 Oakland av	Not in active business: Farmer and hotel keeper Lumberman Farmer and school teacher Insurance agent. Physician Farmer Merchant and hotel keeper. Lead caster Lumberman Farmer Lumberman and merchant Banker Retired merchant General business Physician Mason Dealer in real estate. Farmer Miller and farmer Contractor	Wisconsin Wisconsin New York Austria. Holland Ohio New York Scotland. New York Vermont Wisconsin Vermont Wisconsin England New York Pennsylvania. New York	39 34 59 50 50 48 32 58 42 45 58 56 29	M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.M.	1852 1855 1852 1881 1881 1881 1881 1881	1889. 1875, 76, 89. 1889.
56 31 73 68 68 70	Elkort, Charles I Elston, A. C. V I Fehland, H. R I Fehlandt, William I Feld, Carl R I Freeman, James W I	toth Dist., Milwaukee 3 di Dist., Grant Langlade, Lincoln, Taylor 2 di Dist., Dane 1st Dist., Jefferson LaFayette (part) 1st Dist. Brown	Muscoda Merrill Mazomanie Watertown Shullsburg Ft. Howard	Banker, merchant and farme Hardware merchant. Farmer Lawyer Grain and live stock dealer Dry goods merchant.	r New York Germany Germany Wisconsin Illinois Canada	. 43 . 33 . 37 . 30 . 46	M. M. S. M.	1856 1866 1866 1856 1844 184	6 1889. 5 1889. 8 1885, 87, 89. 5 1887, 89. 9 1879, 82, 85, 89.
96	(110), 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11	Adams and Marquette	. Friendship	ness	New York	.1 41	М.	185	5 ¹ 1889.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY, 1889.

STATISTICAL LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE ASSEMBLY—Continued.

_	or The Robbind Continued.									
Seat No.	Names.	Politics.	Counties represented.	P. O. address.	Occupation.	Nativity.	Age.	Married or single.	Came to state.	Years in legislature
81 21 34 43	Hagestad, K. K. Hall, Charles Henton, Theodore Hill, Thomas	R. R.	Trempealeau Oconto 2d Dist., Columbia. 1st Dist., Sauk.	Oconto Otsego	Farmer. Hardware merchant. Farmer Farmer and dealer in live	Norway England Pennsylvania	43	M. M. M.	1854 1848 1853	1887. 89.
8 64	Hogan, James J Horn, Fred W	D.	1st Dist., La Crosse Ozaukee	La Crosse	stock Merchant Editor and lawyer	England Newfoundland	51	M. M. M.	1855 1847 1841	1889. 1848, 49, 50, 51, 54, 57, 59, 60, 67, 68
59 14	Jabas, Louis L Jackson, R. W	D. R.	1st Dist., Outagamie Shawano, except towns of	Appleton	Farmer	New York	39	М.	1862	72,82,87,89. 1889.
30 99	Johnson, Hans Keogh, Edward	R. D.	Grant and Pella Door	Shawano Newport 344 Jackson St	Treas. of W. & R. Co	Wisconsin Denmark Ireland	42	M. S. M.	1842 1869 1842	1889. 1860, 61, 62, 63, 76,
79	Kizer, F. C	R.	1st Dist., Walworth	Whitewater	Foreman ship. dept., Esterly Works	Pennsylvania	56	М.	1855	77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 87, 89.
78 60 49 17 15	Klinefelter, H. G Knapstein, T La Selle, Wm. B Legler, H. E Leonard, Peter H	D. R. R.	4th Dist., Dane	Nora New London Plainfield 165 Mason St.	Farmer and tobacco buyer Brewer Real estate and collection agt Newspaper writer	Ohio Germany Vermont Sicily	45 40 43 27	Μ.	1846 1855 1855 1873	1889. 1889. 1887-89.
11 75 87 98	Loehr, Peter. Lyon, James R. Martin, N. T. Mead, L. H.	R. R.	Forest and Florence	Fifield	Merchandise and lumbering. Farmer Merchant. Hardware merchant.	Wisconsin Germany New York Wisconsin	27 57 55 45	M. M. M. M.	1861 1855 1855 1848	1889.
23 29 76 57 48 6 95	McElroy, W. J McGeehan, R. J McGlachlin, E McMullen, W. V	R. R. D. R. D. R.	Sawyer and Washburn Polk . Ist Dist., Grant . 4th Dist., Milwaukee . 2d Dist., Brown . Portage . Calumet . Chippewa .	Shell Lake St. Croix Falls Platteville 7 Plank't'n blk Depere Stevens Point. Brillion Chippewa F'ls	Real estate dealer. Live stock dealer. Lawyer Agricultural implement deal'r Editor and publisher. Real estate dealer. Lumberman. manufacturer	Wisconsin New York Illinois Wisconsin Canada New York Canada	35 42 49 32 34 48 43	M. M. S. M.	1856 1870 1857	1889. 1887, 89. 1887, 89. 1887, 89. 1887, 89. 1889.
74	Miller, W. L Mills, Thos. B	R. R.	2d Dist., Winnebago Jackson	Winnessame	and florist Lumberman and manufact'r.	New Brunswick.		М.	1850	1889. 1889. 1885. 87. 89.

39 (Miner, Cyrus R.	2d Dist., Rock	Janesville	Merchant	Vermont	61 J			1889.
50	Mohr. C. F R.	1st Dist., Columbia	Portage	Merchant	Germany	43			1887, 89.
62	Moore Chag W	Barron	Chetek	Merchant	Michigan	46		1855	1889.
02	Moore, Chas. W R. Oliver, E. C R.	3d Dist., Sheboygan	Cedar Grove	Superintendent of fishery	Wisconsin	35		1853	1889.
88	Osborn, Chas. F R.	Green and part LaFayette.	Darlington	Lawyer	Ohio	41	Μ.	1851	1889.
35			La Valle	Merchant	New York	61	М.	1858	1889.
42	Paddock, B. G R. Porter, Hugh R.	2d Dist., SaukCrawford	Seneca	Farmer	Ohio	45	М.	1854	1887,89.
45		1st Dist., Rock	Evansville	Produce dealer	Massachusetts	60	М.	1862	1881,89.
38	Pratt, M. V R.	1st Dist., Nock	Oshkosh	Lumberman	Connecticut	48	М.	1871	1889.
72	Pratt, Geo. W D.	1st Dist., Winnebago	665 2d St	Merchant and vessel owner	New York	45	M.	1846	1879, 80, 89.
46	Raesser, C. S R.	6th Dist., Milwaukee	Neillsville	Lawyer, real estate, pine lands		38		1850	1885, 87, 89.
24	Ring, M. C R.	Clark		Brewer	Wisconsin	27	M.	1861	1889.
5 [Scheibe, Emil P D.	1st Dist., Manitowoc	Hika	Miller	Germany			1853	1885, 87, 89.
1	Schmidt, Casper R.	3d Dist., Winnebago		Miller	Germany		M.	1853	1889.
65	Schuler, F. C D.	Washington	Boltonville	Miller	New York	52		1858	1882,89.
27	Shear, Thos. J R.	2d Dist., Vernon	Hillsborough,.	Merchant			m.	1849	1887, 89.
19	Showalter, R. B R.	2d Dist., Grant	Lancaster	Supt. asylum and poor house	remsylvania	44	M.	1855	1889.
92	Siebers, Henry R.	5th Dist., Milwaukee	519 Scott St	Iron moulder	Holland	30	M.	1858	1889.
53	Simmons, C. F R.	1st Dist., Fond du Lac	Ripon	Farmer	Wisconsin	25	S.	1869	1889.
100	Slupecki, E. J D.	12th Dist., Milwaukee	412 Mitchell St		Poland			1853	1889.
93	Smith, William R.	2d Dist., La Crosse	Bangor	Merchant	Germany		M.		1889.
55	Smith, E. C D.	Green Lake	Markesan	Farmer	Wisconsin			1852	1889.
69	Solon, Thos. F D.	1st Dist., Dodge	Watertown	Real estate dealer	Wisconsin	35	М.	1853	1887,89.
25	Stephens, David R.	1st Dist., Dane	Madison	Brick manufacturer, builder,				1000	
20	Stephons, David			contractor, farmer	Scotland		М.	1868	1889.
86	Stevenson, John R.	1st Dist., Vernon	Chaseburg	Farmer	Canada		М.	1837	1876, 89.
52	Stocking, H. M R.	1st Dist., Eau Claire	Eau Claire	Lumberman	New York		М.	1848	1876, 89.
13	Stoddart, John D.	2d Dist., Dodge	Fox Lake	Farmer	Scotland		М.	1856	1889.
89	Tarrant, Henry R.	3d Dist., Rock	Janesville	Farmer and insurance agent.	England	55	M.	1850	
85	Thomas, Amos R.	8th Dist., Milwaukee	Good Hope	Farmer	Indiana	65	М.	1839	1889.
	Watson, J. W D.	2d Dist., Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac.	Lawyer	Scotland	39	Μ.	1862	1889.
54		Kewaunee, except towns of	15 (Farmer and dealer in general		1	l	.	
4	Wery, Joseph D.	Franklin and Carlton	Darbellay }	merchandise	Belgium	52	M.	1855	1889.
-	7771 . 1 T 777 D	Buffalo	Mondovi	Farmer and lawyer	Wisconsin		M.	1845	1889.
77	Whelan, J. W R.		Waukesha	Pilot and lumberman	Iowa		Μ.	1862	
- 9	Winans, George D.	1st Dist., Waukesha	Iola	Lumberman and miller	Switzerland		M.	1854	1889.
51	Wipf, Jacob	2d Dist., Waupaca	2405 Chestnut		Wisconsin		M.	1859	
32	Woller, Frank E R.	2d Dist., Milwaukee	2405 CHESIHUI	Treat espare dealer	,, mcompin	1 ~	1	12000	2000.
	i	J	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•		

STANDING COMMITTEES.

SENATE.

President—GEORGE W. RYLAND, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. President pro tem.—T. A. DYSON, of LA CROSSE.

On Judiciary.

Senator George F. Merrill, chairman, H. A. Cooper, T. A. Dyson, P. J. Clawson, C. S. Taylor, Wm. Kennedy, M. C. Mead.

On State Affairs.

Senator A. P. Lovejoy, chairman, Frank Avery, W. S. Greene.

On Finance, Banks and Insurance.

Senator G. H. Buckstaff, chairman, J. W. DeGroff, E. W. Persons.

On Railroads.

Senator George Fitch, chairman,
E. Scofield,
C. A. Pettibone,
W. A. Rust,
C. Widule,
H. A. Taylor,
H. H. Price,
W. S. Main,
W. S. Greene.

On Education.

Senator C. Widule, chairman, C. S. Taylor, Wm. Kennedy.

On Manufacture and Commerce.

Senator H. A. Taylor, chairman, H. H. Price, E. W. Persons.

On Assessment and Collection of Taxes.

Senator J. E. Leahy, chairman, John J. Kempf, P. Lochen.

On Incorporations.

Senator W. A. Rust, chairman, J. E. Leahy, W. S. Greene.

On Town and County Organizations.

Senator J. C. Reynolds, chairman, G. H. Buckstaff, E. W. Persons.

On Public Lands.

Senator R. E. Joiner, chairman, L. E. Pond, Herman Kroeger.

On Military Affairs.

Senator E. Scofield, chairman, J. W. De Groff, W. T. Nash.

On Privileges and Elections.

Senator E. Scoffeld, chairman, R. L. Joiner, M. C. Mead.

On Legislative Expenditures

Senator W. S. Main, chairman, E. I. Kidd, W. F. Nash.

On Federal Relations.

Senator H. A. Cooper, chairman, S. B. Stanchfield, Wm. Kennedy.

On Roads and Bridges.

Senator Frank Avery, chairman, Wm. Miller, P. Lochen.

On Agriculture.

Senator S. B. Stanchfield, chairman, Wm. Miller, P. Lochen.

On Engrossed Bills.

Senator P. J. Clawson, chairman, Geo. Fitch, Herman Kroeger.

On Enrolled Bills.

Senator J. W. De Groff, chairman, T. A. Dyson, Theodore Fritz.

ASSEMBLY.

Speaker - THOS. B. MILLS, OF JACKSON.

On Judiciary.

Messrs. W. J. McElroy, chairman, L. H. Mead, Charles F. Osborn, M. C. Ring, J. S. Anderson, J. W. Whelan, Carl R. Feld, Fred W. Horn, J. W. Watson,

On Bills on their Third Reading.

Messrs. Hugh Porter, chairman, Casper Schmidt, L. H. Mead, A. L. Gray, John Stoddard.

On Ways and Means.

Messrs. E. C. Oliver, chairman, Hans Johnson, P. O. Baker, E. J. Slupecki, Isaac Craite.

On Federal Relations.

Messrs. James W. Freeman, chairman, Casper Schmidt, George F. Caldwell, J. A. Barney, Joseph Wery.

On Education.

Messrs. M. J. Bennett, chairman, J. W. Gunning, Thomas J.Shear, George Winans, George W. Pratt.

On Railroads.

Messrs. R. W. Jackson, chairman,
Alfred L. Buchan,
William Smith,
Mark Curtis,
Robert Connor,
Peter H. Leonard,
Frank E. Woller,
J. W. Babcock,
E. McGlachlin,
Edward Keogh,
James J. Hogan.

On Insurance, Banks and Banking.

Messrs. W. H. Blyton, chairman, Peter H. Leonard, Evan Coolidge, A. C. V. Elston, Henry Tarrant, Fred W. Horn, Edward Keogh.

On State Affairs.

Messrs. H. M. Stocking, chairman, H. E. Legler, William B. La Selle, V. W. Dorwin, R. B. Showalter, W. H. Blyton, Eph Beaumont, Fred W. Horn, E. C. Smith.

On Cities.

Messrs. H. E. Legler, chairman,
M. C. Ring,
S. J. Bailey,
Casper Schmidt,
N. T. Martin,
J. S. Anderson,
Cyrus Miner,
Thomas F. Solon,
George W. Fratt.

On Privileges and Elections.

Messrs. Wm. B. La Selle, chairman, Charles F. Osborn, William Smith, Michael Dunn, Louis L. Jabas,

On Incorporations.

Messrs. J. W. Babcock, chairman, B. G. Paddock, Charles Hall, W. L. Miller, C. S. Raesser, M. P. Beebe, R. J. McGeehan.

On Assessment and Collection of Taxes.

Messrs. J. W. Whelan, chairman, M. V. Pratt, J. B. McCoy, James J. Hogan, George Winans.

On Lumber and Mining.

Meesrs. J. H. McCourt, chairman, W. L. Miller, B. F. Millard, Jacob Wipf, Edward Conner, M. P. Beebe, Patrick Clifford.

On Public Improvements.

Messrs. K. K. Hagestad, chairman, James R. Lyon, Cyrus Miner, Louis L. Jabas, John Stoddard.

On Militia.

Messrs. J. B. Mc Coy, chairman, F. C. Kiser, C. A. Corbett, S. J. Bailey, E. J. Slupeeki.

On Agriculture.

Messrs. Eph Beaumont, chairman, George F. Caldwell, Hugh Porter, Daniel J. Dill, D. L. Burgess, E. C. Smith, Peter Lochr.

On Town and County Organizations.

Messrs. Charles Hall, chairman, F. C. Kizer, J. H. McCourt, J. W. Watson, H. R. Fehland.

On Roads and Bridges.

Messrs. John Stevenson, chairman, Robert Connor, Phillip Allen, Isaac Craite, W. V. McMullen.

On Public Lands

Messrs. C. F. Mohr, chairman, W. L. Dennis, Edward Conner, A. L. Gray, Emil P. Scheibe.

On Medical Societies.

Messrs. R. H. Delap, chairman, A. C. V. Elston, Alfred L. Buchan, Thomas F. Solon, Patrick Clifford.

On Legislative Expenditures.

Messrs. Dwight S. Allen, chairman, Thomas Hill, Amos Thomas, Valentine Detling, William Fehlandt.

On Engrossed Bills.

Messrs. H. G. Klinefelter, chairman, George Christiaansen, Theodore Henton, Joseph Chesak, T. E. Knapstein.

On Enrolled Bills.

Messrs. C. F. Simmons, chairman, C. F. Mohr, D. L. Burgess, Emil P. Scheibe, Valentine Detling.

On Labor and Manufactures.

Messrs. V W. Dorwin, chairman, Charles W. Moore, M. J. Bennett, W. L. Dennis, James W. Freeman, Michael Dunn, H. R. Fehland,

Special on Labor and Industries.

Messrs. Henry Siebers, chairman, Dwight S. Allen, Daniel J. Dill, William Fehlandt, W. V. McMullen.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

On Claims.

ON THE PART OF THE SENATE.

Senator E. I. Kidd, chairman, J. C. Reynolds, W. F. Nash.

ON THE PART OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Messrs. Evan Coolidge, chairman, Mark Curtis, David Stephens, Charles Hall, F. C. Schuler.

On Charitable and Penal Institutions.

Senator L. E. Pond, chairman, A. P. Lovejoy, M. C. Mead.

Messrs. R. B. Showalter, chairman, Charles Elkert, Thomas Hill, F. C. Schuler, J. A. Barney.

On Printing.

Senator C. A. Pettibone, chairman, John J. Kempf, Theodore Fritz.

Messrs. E. McGlachlin, chairman, C. F. Mohr, Carl R. Feld.

LIST OF EMPLOYES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE, 1889.

As Authorized by Chapter 408, Laws of 1885, and Chapter 7, Laws of 1887.

SENATE.

Name.	Age.	Оffice.	Occupation.	Years in the state.	Nativity.	Post-office.	County.	
Charles E. Bross. J. O. Warriner. J. S. Parkinson. J. T. Huntington. J. J. Esch. J. C. Bishop C. A. Christiansen F. W. Sacket Grace Winfield Bross. Linton McNeel L. Earle Pond L. B. Noyes. T. J. George A. Townsend H. Stone Richardson J. O. Newgard. E. W. Cole. H. C. Folz J. M. Schweern. J. F. Nelson A. W. Wineberg. K. W. Jensen Jesse Kevill Fred. O. De Groff L. Blackstone. Chas. H. Barnett Tobias Voegeli. J. T. Ellerson Mrs. M. Fowler R. W. Cheever John Ashton. M. Thronson John Malone. B. H. Bronson.	50 46 38 43 27 67 67 18 35 17 18 35 17 18 35 45 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	Chief clerk of senate. Assistant clief clerk Assistant clief clerk Book-keeper Proof-reader Engrossing clerk Enrolling clerk Transcribing clerk Transcribing clerk Transcribing clerk Clerk derk Clerk Judiciary committee Clerk joint committee on Claims. Sergeant-at-arms. Assistant sergeant-at-arms. Postmaster Assistant postmaster Door-keeper Door-keeper Door-keeper Door-keeper Callery attendant Document room clerk Document room attendant Committee room attendant Committee room attendant Committee room attendant Committee room attendant Committee room attendant Committee room attendant Committee room attendant Committee room attendant Committee room attendant Comparing clerk Comparing clerk Comparing clerk Comparing clerk Comparing clerk Comparing clerk Comparing clerk Janitor Porter	Manager W. U. Tel. Co. Jeweler Merchant. Farmer Lawyer Copyist Lawyer Clerk Student Lawyer Student Lawyer Lider Editor Lumberman Real estate agent Clergyman Farmer Collector Farmer Merchant Farmer Merchant Farmer Student Student Lawyer Merchant Farmer Merchant Farmer Student Student Lawyer Insuance agent Publisher Seamstress Editor Farmer	29 19 38 40 27 43 5 10 18 29 17 43 32 40 16 22 33 34 40 27 43 32 40 27 43 43 40 27 43 40 27 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	Pennsylvania. Vermont Wisconsin New York Wisconsin New York Denmark New York Wisconsin Pennsylvania Wisconsin New York Ohio Wisconsin New York Ohio Wisconsin New York Ohio Wisconsin New York Denmark Wisconsin New York Morway Wisconsin New York Germany Norway Sweden Denmark England Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Germany Wisconsin Germany Wisconsin England Wisconsin England Wisconsin England Wisconsin England Norway Ireland Norway	Madison. Tomah. Windsor. Delton. La Crosse. Fond du Lac Juncau Berlin. Madison. Hurley. Westfield Marinette Menomonie Milwaukee. Oshkosh. Grantsburg Gratiot. Highland Shawano. Baldwin Eau Claire Racine. Winchester Alma Shullsburg. Boscobel. Fountain City Wautoma. Madison Clinton. Alma Center. West Salem Beaver Dam Bean Sun Prairie.	Dodge Green Lake. Dane. Ashland. Marquette. Marinette. Dunn. Milwaukee. Winnebago. Burnett. La Fayette. Iowa. Shawano. St. Croix. Eau Claire. Racine. Winnebago. Buffalo. La Fayette. Grant. Buffalo Waushara. Dane. Rock. Jackson. La Crosse. Dodge.	EMPLOYES OF LEGISLATURE. 481

LIST OF EMPLOYES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE, 1889 — Continued. senate.

Name.	Age.	Office.	Occupation.	Years in the state.	Nativity.	Post-office.	County.
Clarence Taylor Willie Leahy Geo, Lund L. Spaulding Albert Bellows Prentice Flint Carroll Davis A. McDougal F. G Seymore A. W. Paine	14 14 13 16 15 11 15	Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger Messenger	Student Student Student	7 14 13 16 15 11 15 17	Iowa Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin Wisconsin	Madison Potosi Mt. Sterling Menomonie Madison	

EMPLOYES OF LEGISLATURE.

LIST OF EMPLOYES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE, 1889,

As authorized by Chapter 408, Laws of 1885, and Chapter 7, Laws 1887.

ASSEMBLY.

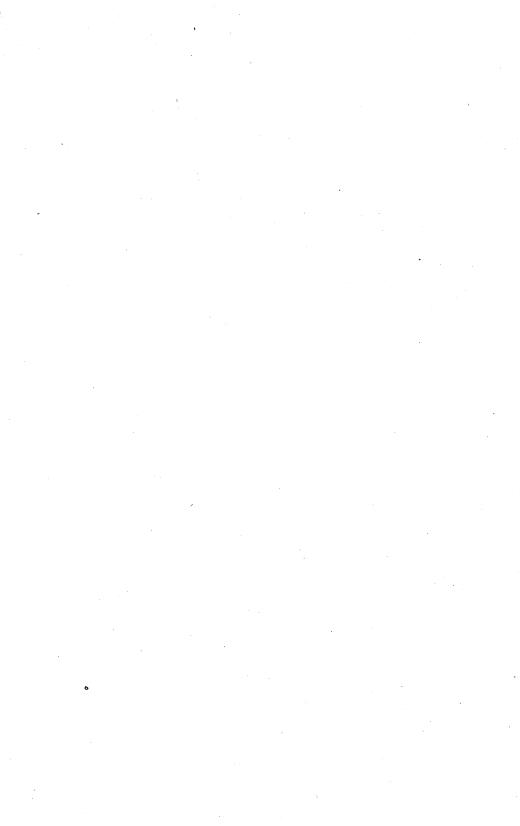
							
Name.	Age.	Office.	Occupation.	Years in the state.	Nativity.	Post-office.	County.
E. D. Coe	33 32 25 25 43 33 40 58 50 54 22 26	Chief clerk Assistant clerk Assistant clerk Book-keeper Engrossing clerk Assistant engrossing clerk Assistant engrossing clerk Enrolling clerk Enrolling clerk Transcribing clerk Transcribing clerk Assistant transcribing clerk Assistant transcribing clerk Comparing clerk Comparing clerk Comparing clerk Comparing clerk	Editor and publisher Editor and farmer Editor and publisher Editor and publisher Editor and publisher Druggist Saleslady Real estate dealer Clerk Farmer Horticulturist Carpenter and farmer Proof clerk Newspaper reporter Lawyer	25 43 4 32 35 38 38 38 38	Wisconsin Pennsylvania Iowa Wisconsin Illinois Wisconsin Connecticut Wisconsin Germany Germany Wales Pennsylvania Wisconsin Wisconsin	Sheboygan Falls. Milwaukee. Phillips. Fond du Lac. Madison Saukville. Onalaska Darlington. Madison Oshkosh	Dane.
Richard O'Donnell O. J. Wylie. W. L. Norris. William M. Foster. C. D. Fish. G. H. Downey. Andrew Rohnscheib.	51 30 31 55	Custodian of engrossing and enrolling rooms. Custodian enrolling room. Proof reader. Clerk of Judiciary committee. Clerk of committee on Engrossed Bills. Clerk of committee on Enrolled Bills. Clerk of committee on State Affairs. Clerk of committee on Bills on Third	Watchman Farmer Editor and publisher Lawyer Journalist Farmer Mason	30 5 31	Ireland	Hancock	Rock. Waushara. Jefferson. Milwaukee. Dane. Pepin.
J. M. Craigo. F. E. Parsons. H. N. Davis. W. T. Pugh John B. Nugent John K. McDonald R. W. Jones. W. J. Zettler Sure Johnson.	57 37 43 55 35 19 44	Clerk of committee on Bills on Third Reading Sergeant-at-arms. Assistant sergeant-at-arms. Postmaster. Assistant postmaster. Porter. Night watchman. Door-keeper.	Hotel keeper Lawyer and physician Gold and silver plater Locomotive engineer Farmer Painter Student U. S. Mail carrier	34 34 13 19 41	Holland	Milwaukee Eau Claire Menasha	

LIST OF EMPLOYES OF WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE, 1889—Continued. ASSEMBLY.

Name.	Age.	,Office.	Occupation	Years in the state.	Nativity.	Post-office.	County.
J. K. Fisher C. W. Blay George Hanover. Hans C. Haller T. B. Rowlands Theodore Stenehjen F. O. Janzen H. J. Ormsby Geo. L. Jones. John Olson W. B. Patterson Lewis Olson Charles H. McCourt Lewis Skinner Louis Kreuger Willie Berg Robert Bissert George Dean Lewis Gregorson Clyde L. Kimball Frank Kelley Eddie Dittmar John Buey	87 87 50 57 41 42 48 48 15 15 16 17 18 18	Door-keeper Door-keeper Gallery attendant Gallery attendant Committee room attendant. Committee room attendant. General attendant or police Document room clerk Document room attendant Flagman Wasi room attendant Messenger	Live stock dealer. Brick layer Painter Farmer Farmer Barber chair manufact'r. Grain dealer. Editor and publisher Farmer Teamster Student	24 29 36 17 55 22 22 18 15	New York Pennsylvania New York Norway Wales Wisconsin Germany Norway Ohio Wisconsin Minnesota Wisconsin	Caldwell. Janesville. Jefferson Pulcifer. Genesee. Stoughton Milwankee Black River Falls. Chippewa Falls. North Valley Mauston Waupaca. St. Croix Falls. Milwankee Watertown Nelsonville Milwankee Madison Stoughton Neenah Madison Reedsburg Madison	Dane. Dane. Winnebago. Dane.

PART VIII.

BIOGRAPHICAL.



BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

SENATORS.

JOHN C. SPOONER (Rep.), of Hudson, was born at Lawrenceburg, Dearborn county Indiana, January 6, 1843; with his father's family he settled at Madison, Wisconsin, on June 1, 1859; graduated at the State University in 1864; is by profession a lawyer; was private in Co. D, 40th Regt., Wisconsin Volunteers, and captain of Co. A, 50th Regt., and at close of service was breveted major; was private secretary for a time to Governor Lucius close of service was breveted major; was private secretary for a time to Governor Lucius Fairchild, and assistant attorney-general under Attorney-generals Charles R. Gill, and S. S. Barlow; removed to Hudson in 1870, to engage in the practice of his profession, where he has since resided; was elected member of assembly from St. Croix county in 1872. He was elected United States Senator to succeed Angus Cameron on January 28, 1885, receiving seventy-six votes against forty-eight for Edward S. Bragg, democrat. His term will expire March 4, 1891.

PHILETUS SAWYER (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born at Whiting, Vermont, September 22, 1816; received a public school and business education; came to Wisconsin in 1847, and engaged in the lumber business; was a member of the legislature in 1857 and 1861; was mayor of Oshkosh in 1863 and 1864; was elected to the thirty-ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second and forty-third congresses; was a delegate to the republican national convention at Chicago, in June, 1880; was elected United States Senator January 26, 1881, as a republican to succeed Angus Cameron, receiving 98 votes in joint legislative convention against 29 for James G. Jenkins, democrat, 1 for C. D. Parker, democrat, and 2 for C. C. Washburn, republican; was re-elected United States Senator January 26, 1887, as a republican, receiving 82 votes against 57 votes for John Winans, and 6 for John Cochrane. His term of office will expire March 4, 1893.

REPRESENTATIVES.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

First District.

Jefferson, Kenosha, Racine, Rock and Walworth counties. Population, 1885—154,213.

LUCIEN B. CASWELL (Rep.), of Fort Atkinson, was born at Swanton, Vermont, November 28, 1827; removed to Wisconsin in 1837; pursued a partial collegiate course at Beloit; studied law with Hon. Matt. H. Carpenter; was admitted to the bar in 1851, and has practiced ever since; was district attorney of Jefferson county in 1855 and 1856; was a member of the legislative assembly of Wisconsin in 1863, 72 and 74; was commissioner of the second district board of enrollment from September, 1863, to May 5, 1865; was a delegate to the republican national convention at Chicago in 1868; was elected to the forty-fourth, forty-fifth, forty-sixth, forty-seventh and forty-finth congress as a republican, and fourth, forty-fifth forty-sixth, forty-seventh and forty-finth congress as a republican, and so member of the judiciary committee in the House of Representatives; was relected to the fiftieth congress and re-elected to the fifty-first congress, receiving 19,311 yotes against 14,997 votes for Jos. B. Doe, Jr., democrat; 1,809 votes for Stephen Faville, prohibitionist; 3 votes for Henry Smith, labor, and 13 votes scattering. Plurality, 4,314.

Second District.

Dodge, Fond du Lac, Washington and Waukesha counties. Population, 1885—147, 970. CHARLES BARWIG (Dem.) of Mayville, Dodge county, was born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, March 19, 1837; was educated in Milwaukee and graduated from the Spencerian Business College in that city in 1857; located at Mayville, in 1865, where he has since resided; is by occupation a distiller and rectifier, but has recently retired from active business; was nominated and elected to the fifty-first congress in 1888, receiving 16,813 votes against 13,859 votes for E. C. McFetridge, republican; 830 votes for O. H. Crowl, prohibitionist; 103 votes for Clark Hewitt, labor, and 9 votes scattering. His plurality was 2,954.

Third District.

Dane, Grant, Green, Iowa and La Fayette counties. Population, 1885—162,087. ROBERT M. LA FOLLETTE (Rep.), of Madison, Dane county, was born in the town of Primrose, Dane county, Wisconsin, June 14, 1855; received a district school and collegiate education, graduating at the University of Wisconsin in June, 1879; is by profession a lawyer, and was elected district attorney of Dane county in 1880, being re-elected in 1882; was elected, as a republican, to the forty-ninth congress, receiving 17, 43 votes against 16,942 for Burr W. Jones, democrat, and 1,885 for John M. Olin, prohibitionist and greenbacker; was re-elected to the fiftieth congress, and re-elected to the fifty-first congress, receiving 19,052 votes, against 16,123 votes for John B. Parkinson, democrat; 2,654 votes for T. C. Richmond, prohibitionist; 305 votes for C. D. Wooster, labor, and 7 votes scattering. Plurality 2,929.

Fourth District.

Milwaukee county. Population, 1885-187,600.

ISAAC W. VAN SCHAICK (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Coxsackie, Green county, New York, December 7, 1817; received such an education as the common schools afforded; he is one of the proprietors of the Phoenix Flouring Mills; came to Wisconsin in 1861, and settled at Milwaukee; had filled various local offices in his native state, and was elected councilor of the first ward of Milwaukee in 1871. He was elected to the assembly in 1872 and in 1874, and to the senate for 1877, 1878, receiving 7,399 votes, there being no opposing candidate. Re-elected for 1879, 1880, receiving 3,337 votes against 639 for David G. Hooker, democrat, and 312 for Robert Gunyon, greenbacker; was re-elected for 1881 and 1882, receiving 5,678 votes against 3,778 votes for Henry Smith, democrat. Elected to the fifty-first congress in 1888, receiving 22,212 votes against 20,685 votes for Henry Smith, democrat and labor; 302 votes for George M. Heckendorn, prohibitionist, 527 votes for John Schuler, socialist, and 3 votes scattering. Plurality 1,527.

Fifth District.

Brown, Calumet, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Ozaukee and Sheboygan counties. Population, 1885-164,955.

GEORGE H. BRICKNER (Dem.), of Sheboygan Falls, Sheboygan county, was born in Bavaria, Germany, January 21, 1834; received a common school education in Ohio; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Cascade, and moved to Sheboygan Falls in 1868; has held various local offices, and is by occupation a woolen manufacturer; was elected in November, 1888, member of the fifty-first congress, receiving 17,051 votes against 12,825 votes for Gustave Kustermann, republican, 179 for E. M. Dick, prohibitionist, and 854 for Charles Hatch, labor, and 8 votes scattering. Plurality 4,226.

Sixth District.

Adams, Columbia, Green Lake, Marquette, Outagamie, Waushara and Winnebago counties. Population, 1885—162,146.

CHARLES B. CLARK (Rep.), of Neenah, was born at Theresa, Jefferson county, New York, August 24, 1844; received a common school education; is engaged in manufacturing; came to Wisconsin in 1854 and settled at Neenah where he has continued to reside; enlisted in Co. I, 21st Wis. Vol. Inf., at its organization in 1862 and served with the same during the war; has held various minor local offices; was elected member of assembly in 1885; was elected to the fiftieth congress in 1886, receiving 15,983 votes against 11,526 votes for Andrew Haben, democrat, and 1,761 votes for E. D. Kanouse, prohibitionist. Re-elected to the fifty-first congress in 1888, receiving 17,977 votes against 14,213 votes for Chas. W. Felker, democrat; 1,233 votes for W. S. Sweet, prohibitionist; 805 votes for Peter A. Griffith, labor and 7 scattering. Plurality 3,764.

Seventh District.

Crawford, Juneau, La Crosse, Monroe, Richland, Sauk and Vernon counties. Population, 1885—165,630.

ORMSBY B. THOMAS (Rep.), of Prairie du Chien, Crawford county, was born in Sandgate, Bennington county, Vermont, August 21, 1832; received a common school education; he came to Wisconsin in 1836 and settled at Prairie du Chien, where he has continued to reside; is by profession an attorney-at-law; has been district attorney of Crawford county several times; was member of assembly in 1862, 1865 and 1867, presidential elector in 1872 and was state senator in 1830 and 1881; was in the war of the rebellion, being captain of company D, 31st Wisconsin Vol. Inf. He was elected as a republican to the forty-ninth congress, receiving 18,437 votes against 15,446 for Gilbert M. Woodward, democrat, and 1,147 for S. B. Loomis, prohibitionist; re-elected to the fifteth congress, receiving 16,720 votes against 11,917 votes for S. N. Dickenson, democrat, and 2,175 votes for S. B. Loomis, prohibitionist. Re-elected to the fifty-first congress in 1888, receiving 19,918 votes against 15,433 votes for Frank P. Coburn, democrat; 1,871 votes for J. H. Mosely, prohibitionist, and 6 votes scattering. Plurality 4,485.

Eighth District.

Barron, Bayfield, Buffalo, Burnett, Clark, Douglas, Dunn, Eau Claire, Jackson, Pepin, Pierce, Polk, St. Croix, Trempealeau and Washburn counties. Population, 1885—211, 546.

NILS P. HAUGEN (Rep.), of River Falls, Pierce county, was born in the parish of Modum, Norway, March 9, 1849; graduated in the law department of the Michigan State University, in the class of 1874; is by profession a lawyer; came to Wisconsin in 1854, and settled in Pierce county; was phonographic reporter of the eighth judicial circuit for several years, and on the eleventh circuit from July, 1876, to May, 1878; was elected as a republican to the assembly for 1879, and re-elected for 1880; was elected on the republican ticket as railroad commissioner, that office having been made elective by the legislature of 1881, receiving 83,507 votes against 69,420 for Ambrose Hoffman, democrat; 11,870 for John Nader, prohibitionist, and 6,601 for T. G. Brunson, greenbacker. He was re-elected in 1884, receiving 162,116 votes against 145,001 for Conrad Krez, democrat; 7,962 for Henry Sanford, prohibitionist and 3,346 for John Kiefer, greenbacker. At the special election on January 18 1887, to fill vacancy caused by the death of W. T. Price, he was elected to the fiftieth congress for the full term beginning March 4, 1887, receiving 8, 159 votes, against 6, 803 votes for Samuel C. Johnson, democrat, and 2,620 votes for Peter Truax, prohibitionist; re-electedto the fifty-first congress in 1888, receiving 29,911 votes, against 16,476 votes for S. C. Johnson, democrat; 3,687 votes for Chas. Alexander, prohibitionist; 97 votes for Dan. C. Johnson, labor, and 19 votes scattering. Plurality 10,435.

Ninth District.

Ashland, Chippewa, Door, Florence, Forest, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Marinette, Oconto, Portage, Price, Sawyer, Shawano, Taylor, Waupaca and Wood counties. Population, 1885—207, 206.

MYRON H. McCORD (Rep.), of Merrill, Lincoln county, was born in Ceres, McKean county, Pa., November 26, 1840; came to Wisconsin in 1854 and settled at Shawano; removed to Merrill in 1875, and has resided there ever since; was educated in the Richburg Academy, New York, and is by occupation a lumberman; was member of the state senate in 1873, 1874; member of assembly in 1881; was appointed a delegate to Cincinnati, republican national convention 1876; was register of the United States land office from April 1, 1883, to December 31, 1885; was elected to the fifty-first congress in 1888, receiving 27,538 votes, against 24,775 votes for H. W. Early, democrat; 1,467 votes for A. C. Merryman, prohibitionist; 579 votes for John F. Moore, labor; 122 votes for F. H. Moore, and 36 votes scattering. Plurality 2,763.

STATE OFFICERS.

Term of office expires January, 1891.

GOVERNOR.

WILLIAM DEMPSTER HOARD, of Fort Atkinson, Jefferson county, was born in Stockbridge, Madison county, New York, October 10, 1836; was educated in the common schools, and is by occupation a newspaper editor and dairyman. He is the son of a Methodist minister, Rev. William B. Hoard; he located at Oak Grove, Dodge county, Wisconsin, in 1857, and at Lake Mills in 1860; enlisted in Co. "E," 4th Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, in May, 1861, and served until July, 1862, when he was discharged for disability and went to New York and re-enlisted in Company A, 1st New York Light Artillery, and remained in the service until the close of the war. In 1865, he returned to Wisconsin and located at Columbus, where he engaged in business. Locating at Lake Mills in 1870, he established the Jefferson County Union, and the same year was appointed Deputy United States Marshal and took the census for the towns of Waterloo, Aztalan, Milford and Lake Mills, in Jefferson county; was sergeant-at-arms of the senate in 1872; was secretary of the Wisconsin Dairymen's Association for three years; in 1878, he was elected president of the Northwestern Dairymen's Association and has been re-elected at every annual election since; in 1873, he removed from Lake Mills to Fort Atkinson, where he has continued to reside ever since. He has filled numerous honorable positions, and, among them, that of president of the Wisconsin Editorial Association; has also taken an active part in the Farmers' Institutes. making 336 addresses to Wisconsin farmers. In 1888, he was nominated, by the republican convention as candidate for governor, and was elected, receiving 175,696 votes, against 155,423 votes for James Morgan, democrat; 14,373 votes for E. G, Durant, prohibitionist, and 9,196 votes for D. Frank Powell, union labor.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

GEORGE W. RYLAND, of Lancaster, Grant county, Wisconsin, was born in Shelbysport, Alleghany county, Maryland, December 19, 1827; received a common school education and is by occupation a banker; came to this state in 1853, and settled at Lancaster, where he has always resided; was postmaster of Lancaster under Lincoln and Johnson; delegate to the republican national convention at Philadelphia in 1872; elected state senator for the years 1880-81, re-elected for the years 1882-83; chairman of the town board for eighteen years and chairman of the county board fifteen years; was elected lieutenant-governor in 1886, receiving 131,063 votes, against 116,424 votes for John D. Putnam, democrat, 17,188 votes for Charles Alexander, prohibitionist, and 21,772 votes for Geo. A. Loyd, people's and labor. Re-elected in 1888, receiving 176,488 votes against 154,735 votes for Andrew Kull, democrat; 14,533 votes for Chris. Nelson, prohibitionist; 8,763 votes for Nelson E. Allen, union labor, and 46 votes scattering. Plurality 21,753.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

ERNST G. TIMME, of Kenosha, Kenosha county, was born in Werden, Rhine Provence of Prussia, June 21, 1843; was brought up on a farm; received a common school education before the war, and graduated from a commercial college in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1865. He is by occupation a teacher and clerk; came to Wisconsin in 1848, and settled in Wheatland, Kenosha county, where he resided until 1866; enlisted in August, 1861, as a private in Company C, 1st Wis. Vol. Infantry; took part in the battle of Perryville, Stone River, Hoover Gap, and all of the minor engagements of the 14th army corps, until the battle of Chickamauga, on the second day of which—September 20, 1863—while resisting an attempt to take a battery, he lost his left arm. For gallantry displayed in this engagement he was commissioned as captain by brevet, but after eight months in the hospital he was honorably discharged, the amputated arm not healing until a year later. He has held various local offices, and held the position of county clerk of Kenosha county from January, 1867, to January, 1882, was a prominent candidate for the office of secretary of state in the republican convention

in 1877, and was elected as a republican to that office in 1881, receiving 83,071 votes, against 70,141 for Michael Johnson, democrat; 11,643 votes for Edmund Bartlett, prohibitionist, and 6,747 for Wilson Hopkins, greenbacker. He was re-elected in 1884, receiving 163,062 votes, against 144,197 for Hugh J. Gallagher, democrat; 8,313 for E. G. Durant, prohibitionist, and 4,350 for G. W. Jones, greenbacker. Was again re-eierted in 1886 by a vote of 135,584 against 115,136 votes for John Ludwig, democrat; 17,188 for C. M. Blackman, prohibitionist, and 21,492 votes for J. P. Jasperson, people's candidate. Re-elected in 1888, receiving 177,495 votes against 153,921 votes for August C. Larson, democrat; 14,537 votes for Nelson La Due, prohibitionist; 8,721 votes for Wm. M. Lockwood, union labor; scattering 4 votes. Plurality 23,574, and a majority over all of 312 votes.

STATE TREASURER.

HENRY B. HARSHAW, of Oshkosh, Winnebago county, Wisconsin, was born at Argyle, Washington county, New York, June 13, 1842; was educated in the common schools in Wisconsin, and Wayland University, Beaver Dam, Wisconsin; is by profession a lawyer; came to Wisconsin in 1852 and settled at Oconomowoc; moved to Oshkosh in 1854, and has resided there ever since; was clerk of the circuit court from January 1, 1865, to January 1, 1878; was postmaster at Oshkosh from January 1, 1878, to January 1, 1886. Enlisted as a private in Co. E, 2d Wisconsin Infantry, April 21, 1861, and served in the same regiment as private, sergeant major and lieutenant, until June 30, 1864; was in all actions in which the regiment was engaged to May 8, 1864, when he lost his left arm at the battle of Laurel Hill, near Spottsylvania, Virginia; was nominated in 1886 by the republicans for state treasurer, and was elected receiving 129, 648 votes against 117,909 votes for John A. Johnson, democrat; 16,926 for A. C. Merryman, prohibitionist, and 21,638 votes for Frederick Homig, people's; re-elected in 1888, receiving 176,567 votes against 154,539 votes for Theodore Kersten, democrat; 14,545 votes for L. W. Hoyt, prohibitionist; 8,748 votes for Alfred Manheimer, union labor, and 69 scattering. Plurality 22,028.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

CHARLES E. ESTABROOK (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born near Platteville, Grant county, Wisconsin, October 31, 1847; educated at Platteville Academy and Normal school, moved from Platteville to Manitowoc in 1871, and for a year taught school, having charge of the first ward public school; subsequently studied law and has been engaged in the practice of his profession at Manitowoc since January, 1874; enlisted in August, 1864, in Co. B, 43d Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, served with the regiment until discharged in July, 1865, at close of war; was city attorney of Manitowoc from April, 1874, until December, 1880, resigning on being elected a member of the assembly; was a delegate to the national republican convention at Chicago, in June, 1884; member of assembly in 1881, 1882 and 1885; elected attorney-general in 1886; re-elected in 1888, receiving 176,351 votes against 154,943 votes for Timothy E. Ryan, democrat; 14,582 votes for Chas. E. Pike, prohibitionist, 8,709 votes for Kerellio Shawvan, union labor, and 19 scattering. Plurality 21,408.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT.

JESSE B. THAYER (Rep.), of River Falls, was born October 11, 1845, in the town of Janesville, Rock county, Wisconsin, and has always resided in the state; received a collegiate education, graduating at Milton college in 1870; is by profession a teacher; he was a corporal in Co. C, 40th Regt. Wis. Vols., and a sergeant in Co. D, 49th Regt. Wis. Vols.; was principal of the public schools of Menomonie, from 1870 to 1875, and resigned to accept a position as conductor of teachers' institutes in the River Falls Normal school, which position he held until his nomination as assemblyman; was elected member of assembly for 1885; returned to his position as conductor of teachers' institutes at close of session of legislature; was elected mayor of River Falls in the spring of 1876; was nominated for state superintendent by the republican convention in September, 1886, and was elected, receiving 132,329 votes against 119,223 for Edward McLoughlin, democrat; 17, 124 votes for J. J. Blaisdell, prohibitionist, and 15,605 votes for J. K. McGregor, people's candidate; relected in 1888, receiving 176,778 votes against 154,570 votes for Amos Squire, democrat; 14,489 votes for J. H. Gould, prohibitionist, 8,690 votes for Jas. W. Stewart, union labor, and 15 scattering. Plurality 22,208.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONER.

ATLEY PETERSON (Rep.), of Soldier's Grove, Wis., was born at Lerdal, Norway, February 21, 1847; received a common school and commercial college education in Crawford-county and Madison, Wisconsin; is by occupation a lumberman and farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1852 and settled in Vernon county, and moved to Crawford county in 1853; was postmaster at Soldier's Grove from 1869 to 1886; was elected member of assembly in 1879, 1880, 1881 and 1882; has been chairman of the town of Clayton for four years, and was chairman of the county board of supervisors; was elected Railroad Commissioner in 1886 on the republican ticket, receiving 131,336 votes, against 116,070 votes for James Meehan, democrat; 17,124 votes for Ole A. Ritan, prohibitionist; 21,524 votes for Henry Zinn, people's; re-elected in 1888, receiving 176,124 votes against 155,087 votes for Herman Naber, democrat; 14,573 votes for E. W. Drake, prohibitionist, 8,733 votes for Frank J. Heines, union labor and 23 votes scattering. Plurality 21,037.

COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE.

PHILIP CHEEK, Jr. (Rep.), of Baraboo, Sauk county, was born in Silverton, Somerseshire, England, May 11, 1841; received a common school education in Wisconsin, and is by profession an attorney-at-law; came to Wisconsin in 1856 and settled at Excelsior, Sauk county, and since 1871 has resided at Baraboo; was clerk of the circuit court of Sauk county from January, 1871, to January, 1877; district attorney from January, 1879, to January, 1885; enlisted in April, 1861, as private in Co. A, 6th Wis. Vol. Inf.; participated in the battles of Rappahannock Station, Gainesville, Second Bull Run, South Mountain and Antietam, and was discharged for wounds received at Antietam; served as deputy provost marshal of the 3d congressional district from November 17, 1863, till close of war; was elected on the republican ticket for the office of commissioner of insurance in 1886, receiving 131,140 votes against 116,358 votes for John Karel, democrat; 21,305 votes for Ritner Stephens, people's, and 17,282 votes for Evan W. Evans, democrat; 14,511 votes for S. M. Bixby, prohibitionist; 8,695 votes for Ritner Stephens, labor, and 10 scattering. Plurality 21,402 votes.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

The senate consists of thirty-three members, who hold their office for four years, and receive a compensation of \$500 for each regular session. Senators representing odd numbered districts were elected in 1886, and hold office until January 1, 1891. Those from even numbered districts were elected in 1888, and hold office until January 1, 1893. The population given is from the census of 1885.

The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, but can vote only in case of a tie, when he has the casting vote therein.

The senate contains 24 republicans, 6 democrats, 2 union labor and one independent.

President of the Senate.

HIS HONOR, THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

First District.

Door, Marinette and Oconto counties. Population, 1885-42, 251.

EDWARD SCOFIELD (Rep.), of Oconto, Wis., was born in Clearfield county, Pennsylva nia, March 28, 1842, received a common school education and is by occupation a lumber man; came to Wisconsin in 1868 and settled at Oconto; enlisted in Co. K, 11th Pa. Reserves, June 7, 1861; he was successively promoted to corporal and sergeant, and April 15, 1863, to 1st lieutenant; after the battle of South Mountain he was commissioned captain; he participated in all the battles and marches of his regiment up to the battles of the Wilderness, May 5, 1864, where he was taken prisoner; he was reported dead and his friends mourned him and thus he was permitted to read his own obituary; he was a prisoner ten months, during which time he was incarcerated in twelve different southern prisons; he was released at Wilmington, N. C., March 1, 1865; March 13, 1865, he was brevetted major; since the war he was engaged with the engineer corps of the A. & G. W. R. R., and is now an active member of the Marinette Saw Mill Co.; was elected state senator for the First Senate district in 1886 for four years, receiving 6,177 votes against 5,919 votes for Amos Holgate, democrat; was chairman of the committee on Engrossed Bills in the 38th session.

Second District.

Brown and Calumet counties. Population, 1885-54,588.

ENOS WARREN PERSONS (Dem.), of De Pere, Brown county, was born at Sheldon, Wyoming county, New York, October 27, 1836; received a common school education, also instruction at Aurora Academy; came to Wisconsin in 1859, and settled at Albany, Green county, where he resided until 1836, then removed to Glenmore, Brown county, and in 1878 to De Pere; is president of the Wineyard & Persons Co., dealers in grain, and general store; has been a member of the school board three years: supervisor and member of assembly for 1885 and 1886. In 1888 he was elected to the state senate, receiving 5,618 votes, against 3,532 votes, for Peter Werner, republican, and 156 votes, for D. J. Miller, prohibitionist.

Third District.

Racine county. Population, 1885 - 35, 388.

HENRY ALLEN COOPER (Rep.), of Racine, Wisconsin, was born in Walworth county, Wisconsin; received a common school and collegiate education; graduated at Northwestern University in 1873, and from Union College of Law, Chicago, in 1875; is by profession a lawyer; resided in Chicago from 1873 to 1879, otherwise has always made Wisconsin his home; began practice of his profession at Burlington, in 1879; in 1890 was elected district attorney of Racine county, and was re-elected without opposition in 1882 and 1884; was a delegate to the national republican convention of 1884; member of board of education of Racine, 1888-9, and was elected state senator in 1886, receiving 3,334 votes against 2,030 votes for Thomas Graham, people's candidate, and 508 votes for J. P. Corse, prohibitionist.

Fourth District.

First, Sixth, Ninth, Thirteenth and Eighteenth wards of Milwaukee. Population, 1885—34,423. JOHN J. KEMPF (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in the town of Granville, near Good Hope, Milwaukee county, Wisconsin, in 1857; received a common school and commercial education; settled in Milwaukee in 1871, and has been engaged in the boot and shoe business since 1878; was elected alderman from the Sixth ward for one term; and state senator for four years in 1888, receiving 5,262 votes against 3,631 votes for August Rebhahn, democrat, 1,301 votes for Theodore Fritz, labor, and 22 votes for Bierney Hand, prohibitionist.

Fifth District.

Second, Fourth, Seventh, Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Milwaukee. Population, 1885 — 49,259.

THEODORE FRITZ (Peo.), of 573 3d street, Milwaukee, was born at Falkenburg, Prussia, August 27, 1851; was educated at the public and private schools in Milwaukee, and is by occupation a grocer; came to Wisconsin in 1856 and settled in Milwaukee the same year; was elected on May 2, 1882, to represent the sixth ward in the common council for the unexpired term of Henry Smith, resigned, and was re-elected the following spring (1883) for the full term, serving his ward as an alderman four year; was nominated and elected state senator for the Fifth district by the people's party in 1886, receiving 5,612 votes, against 4,322 votes for Fred. Isenring, republican, and 2,939 votes for Garrett Dunck, democrat, and 52 votes for F. W. Wallace, prohibitionist.

Sixth District.

Fifth, Eighth, Eleventh, Twelfth and Fourteenth wards, city of Milwaukee. Population, 1885—58,332,

HERMAN KROEGER (U. L.), of Milwaukee, was born in Coesfeldt, Westphalia, Prussia, December 16, 1831; received a common school education at Coesfeldt, and is by occupation a dry goods merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1844, and settled in Milwaukee, where he has since resided; was alderman for the Fifth ward for the years 1858 and 1859; was elected to the state senate in 1888 for four years, receiving 6,864 votes against 5,070 for A. W. Hill, republican.

Seventh District.

The Tenth and Seventeenth wards of Milwaukee, and towns of Franklin, Granville, Greenfield, Lake, Milwaukee, Oak Creek and Wauwatosa. Population, 1885—42,153.

CHRISTIAN WIDULE (Rep.), of 630 Chestnut Street, Milwaukee, was born in the village of Tarnowitz, Province of Silesia, Prussia, July 19, 1845; received a common school education and is by profession a druggist; entered the drug business as an apprentice in 1859; established in business in 1868, and is at present senior member of the drug firm of Widule and Conrath; came to Wisconsin in 1849 with his parents and settled in the second ward of the city of Milwaukee, and has resided there ever since, except two years (1867 and part of 1868) spent in Missouri; was member of assembly in 1879, being the first straight republicanmember ever elected in the district; was elected state senator in 1886 for four years, receiving 3,866 votes against 2,718 votes for George Abert, democrat, 2,348 votes for M. J. Malloy, people's, and 83 votes for E. W. Drake, prohibitionist.

Eighth District.

Kenosha and Walworth counties. Population, 1885-41,939.

JAMES C. REYNOLDS (Rep.), of Lake Geneva, was born in Exeter, Green county, wis., July 17, 1849; received a common school and partial collegiate education at Beloit and Racine colleges; is by profession a physician, in practice since 1870, having graduated at Rush Medical college, Chicago, and Bellevue Medical college, New York; has always resided in Wisconsin with the exception of five years—1870 to 1875—in Dakota; has been a member of the village board of Lake Geneva several times; has held no other public office; was elected member of assembly for 1885 and re-elected in 1886, receiving 1,548 votes, against 607 votes for P. H. Moore, democrat, and 369 votes for S. C. Ford, prohibitionist; was chairman of the committee on Railroads in the 38th assembly; elected to the state senate in 1888 for four years, receiving 6,070 votes, against 3,686 votes for James M. Kellogg, democrat, and 751 votes for Joseph Collie, prohibitionist.

Ninth District.

Green Lake, Portage and Waushara counties and the towns of Spencer, Day, Bergen, Brighton, Eau Plaine, Cleveland, Mosinee, Hall, Wien, Marathon, Holton, Johnson, Reitbrock and Halsey, and the village of Marathon in Marathon county. Population, 1885—66, 786.

GEORGE FITCH (Rep.), of Berlin, Green Lake county, Wisconsin, was born at Glen-Falls, Warren county, N.Y., November 3, 1848; was educated in district school at Norwalk, Connecticut, and is by occupation a horticulturalist and lumberman; resided in New York city from 1860 to 1871, and Norwalk, Connecticut, from 1855 to 1866; came to Wisconsin in 1871, and settled at Berlin; was elected mayor of Berlin, April, 1885, for two years; was elected senator for the ninth district in 1886, for four years, receiving 5, 275 votes against 3, 434 votes for J. J. Wood, Jr., democrat, and 583 votes for Albert A. Daniels, prohibitionist.

Tenth District.

Pierce and St. Croix counties. Population, 1885-42,024.

HORACE A. TAYLOR (Rep.), of Hudson, St. Croix county, was born in Norfolk, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., May 24, 1837; was educated at Madrid, N. Y., and received a common school and academical education; is at present engaged in the occupations of printing, dealing in real estate, lumbering and banking; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at River Falls; was in Europe in 1878, and during the years 1881, 1882 and 1883; was state timber agent under Governors Ludington and Smith, from 1876 to 1881; was United States Consul at Marseilles, France, under President Garfield, appointed May, 1881, and resigned April, 1882; was chairman of the republican state central committee from May, 1884 to May, 1888 — two terms; was elected state senator for four years in 1888, receiving 4,638 votes, against 3,276-votes, for John D. Putnam, democrat, and 562 votes for Henry Kane, prohibitionist.

Eleventh District.

Ashland, Florence, Forest, Oneida, Langlade, Lincoln, Price and Taylor counties. Population, 1885-30,761.

GEORGE F. MERRILL (Rep.), of Ashland, Wis., was born in Burnett, Dodge county, Wisconsin, February 17, 1847; attended the academy at Beaver Dam, Wisconsin, and graduated from the State University in 1872, taking the classical course; is by profession a lawyer; resided at Depere, Wisconsin, from 1873 to 1883; never held office except as member of school board, in 1886; was elected state senator for the eleventh senate district in 1886, receiving 6,884 votes, against 6,760 votes for John Edwards, democrat, and 18 votes for A. Stephenson, people's; was chairman of the committee on Assessment and Collection of Taxes in the 38th session.

Twelfth District.

Greene and La Fayette counties. Population, 1885 - 43,538.

PHINEAS J. CLAWSON (Rep.), of Monroe, Green county, was born at Cumberland, Green County, Penn., in 1839. Came to Wisconsin in 1851, and settled at Waukesha; in 1865, he moved to Green county, where he has since resided; attended school at Waukesha and graduated in 1863, from the State University at Madison; was clerk of circuit court of Greene county, two years and district attorney of the same county, eight years; enlisted in the 20th Wis. Inf., June 2, 1862; promoted to 1st Lieut. of Company A; wounded at the battle of Prairie Grove, Ark., and promoted on field; was at Seige of Vicksburg, and battle of Atchafalaya, Ark., Fort Morgan, Yazoo, Franklin Creek and Spanish Fort; was elected to the senate in 1888, receiving 4,900 votes, against 4,716 votes for H. H. Gray, democrat, 645 votes for J. F. Carl, prohibitionist and 181 votes for C. W. D. Leonard, union labor.

Thirteenth District.

Dodge county. Population, 1885-46,333.

CHARLES A. PETTIBONE (Ind.), of Juneau, Dodge county, Wisconsin, was born in the town of Hartsville, Steuben county, New York, May 26, 1841; received a common school and partial collegiate education at Wayland and Lawrence universities; is by profession an editor; came to Wisconsin in 1850 and settled in the town of Beaver Dam, Dodge county;

published the New London News, at New London, in 1874, and The Telephone, at Mayville, in 1877; enlisted Aug. 15, 1861, in Co. C, 1st Wis. Cavalry; served as private, second lieutenant and captain; acted as A. A. Q. M. of brigade and first division cavalry department of Cumberland; took part in most of the engagements in which the regiment participated; was mustered out of service March 7, 1865; was elected state senator for the thirteenth district in 1886, for four years, receiving 4,621 votes, against 3,722 votes for Jacob Beldon, and 337 votes for O. H. Crowl, prohibitionist; was chairman on the committee on Printing in the 38th session.

Fourteenth District.

Juneau and Sauk counties. Population, 1885 — 46,333.

FRANK AVERY (Rep.), of Baraboo, Wis., was born in Tenderten, Kent, England, November 17, 1830; received an academic education; is a manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes; emigrated to America in 1853 and settled at Syracuse, N. Y.; came to Wisconsin in April, 1856, and settled at Baraboo, where he has ever since resided; in 1876 was elected president of the village of Baraboo, and for the years 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1888, was elected supervisor for the first ward of the city; was elected a member of the assembly for 1887. Elected to the state senate in 1888, receiving 5,498 votes against 4,286 votes for John Steele, prohibitionist, and 4 votes for John Babcock.

Fifteenth District.

Counties of Kewaunee and Manitowoc. Population, 1885 - 55,970.

WILLIAM F. NASH (dem.), of Two Rivers, Manitowoc county, was born in the town of Shelby, Orleans county, N. Y., February 22, 1847; took a select course at Lawrence University, at Appleton; is an editor and publisher; came to Wisconsin in 1852 with his parents and settled in Rock county, near Janesville, which was his home until 1874, when he moved to Manitowoc county; served in the Union army as a private; was elected to the assembly in 1878 without opposition; and to the state senate in 1883, receiving 4,186 votes against 2,787 votes for C. F. Smalley, democrat, and 128 votes for Henry Goedgen, union labor.

Sixteenth District.

Crawford and Grant counties. Population, 1885 - 53,458.

EDWARD I. KIDD (Rep.), of Millville, was born in Millville, May 10, 1845, and has resided there ever since; received a common school and partial academic education; is engaged in milling; he enlisted August 9, 1862, at the age of seventeen, in Company C, Twenty-fifth regiment, Wisconsin infantry, and was in all the battles and marches of the regiment, including the march to the Northwestern frontier against the Indians, the Vicksburg campaign, the Meridian expedition, the Atlanta campaign, "the march to the sea," and through the Carolinas to Washington; he has held various local offices, and has been a member of the county board since 1871, with the exception of one year; was elected assemblyman for 1881 and 1882, and was re-elected for 1883; was elected state senator in 1884, receiving 4,215 votes against 3,257 votes for T. L. Cleary, democrat, and 332 for E. Carrington, prohibitionist; was chairman of the Joint Committee on Claims in the 38th session; was re-elected in 1888, receiving 6,079 votes against 4,974 votes for H. D. York, democrat, and 592 votes for C. T. Cory, prohibitionist.

Seventeenth District.

Rock county. Population, 1885-42,620.

ALLEN PERRY LOVEJOY (Rep.), of Janesville, Wis., was born in Wayne, Maine, March 20, 1825; was educated in common schools and at Wesleyn Seminary, in Maine, and is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1850 and settled at Janesville; resided at Beloit 1852 and 1853; was mayor of Janesville 1881-82; member of assembly in 1879; was elected senator for the seventeenth senate district in 1836 for four years, receiving 5,249 votes against 2,295 votes for Thomas Hutson, democrat, and 784 votes for William A. Lawrence, prohibitionist.

Eighteenth District.

The towns of Alto, Byron, Eldorado, Empire, Fond du Lac, Friendship, Lamartine, Metomen, Oakfield, Ripon, Rosendale, Springvale, Waupun, north ward of the city of Waupun, and the cities of Fond du Lac and Ripon, in the county of Fond du Lac. Population, 1885—34,172.

SAMUEL B. STANCHFIELD (Rep.), of Fond du Lac, was born in Leeds, Androscoggin county, Maine, March 17, 1837; received a common school education in Maine, and is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Fond du Lac; was town clerk from 1874 to 1878; chairman of the county board for the years 1887 and 1888; president of the town insurance company from 1878 to 1884, since that time secretary and treasurer of the same company; president of the Fond du Lac County Agricultural Society two years; president of the Wisconsin Central Stock Growers and Industrial Association for 1887, 1888, and elected for 1899; was elected to the assembly for the years 1885 and 1886. In 1888, he was elected state senator for four years, receiving 3,829 votes against 3,011 votes for James Fenelon, democrat, 267 votes for G. C. Hill, prohibitionist, and 79 votes for C. F. Graves, labor.

Nineteenth Disrtict.

Winnebago county, except town and city of Menasha. Population, 1885 — 45,871.

GEORGE H. BUCKSTAFF (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born in the parish of Dumbarton, Charlotte county, New Brunswick, March 8, 1837; had a common school education; is a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1850, and settled at Oshkosh; enlisted in 1861 in Co. A., First Regiment Wisconsin Infantry, and served three years; was wounded at Chickamauga, September 19, 1863, and was discharged October 11, 1864; was a member of the county board in 1878 and 1879; was elected to the assembly for 1881, and was re-elected for 1882; was elected to the state senate in 1886, receiving 4, 179 votes against 3,957 votes for D. R. Bean, democrat and people's, and 583 for W. W. Race, prohibitionist; was chairman of the committee on Privileges and Elections, in the 38th session, and chairman of the committee on Insurance, Banks and Banking.

Twentieth District.

The county of Sheboygan, and the towns of Ashford, Auburn, Calumet, Eden, Forest, Marshfield, Osceola and Taycheedah, in the county of Fond du Lac. Population, 1885

MAJOR C. MEAD, (Dem.), of Plymouth, Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, was born in the town of Lyndon, Sheboygan county, Wis., June 26, 1858; received a common and high school education; graduated in the law department of the State University in the class of 1881; is by profession a lawyer; has always resided in Sheboygan county; never held any public office before; was elected to the state senate in 1888, receiving 6,249 votes, against 3,874 for Asa Carpenter, republican.

Twenty-first District.

Shawano and Waupaca counties, and towns of Texas, Easton, Wausau, Weston, Norrie, Pike Lake, Kronenweth, Knowlton and city of Wausau, in Marathon county. Population, 1885—55 404

JOHN E. LEAHY (Rep.), of Wausau, Wisconsin, was born at Dover, New Hampshire, February 15, 1842; was educated in a log school house in Portland, Dodge county, Wisconsin, and spent part of four years at the State University, but did not graduate; left the university and went into the army in 1863; is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1849 and settled in Dodge county; lived there until he moved to Wausau; was first lieutenant of company C, 35th Wisconsin Vol. Infantry, and commanded the company during its whole term of service; was engaged in several skirmishes in Louisiana and Arkansas and took part in the seige and capture of Mobile, Alabama, and its surrounding forts; was a member of the city council three years in succession, 1879-80-81, and mayor of the city three terms in succession; was a member of the city school board six years; was elected member of assembly for Marathon county in 1883; was elected to the state senate in 1886, for four years, receiving 6,766 votes against 5,248 votes for J. H. Woodnorth, democrat; was chairman of the committee on Manufacturing and Commerce in the 38th session.

Twenty-second District.

Outagamie county and the city and town of Menasha in the county of Winnebago. Population, 1885—40,083.

WILLIAM KENNEDY (Dem.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, was born in county Limerick, Ireland, January 1, 1844; received a common school and partial collegiate education; is by profession a lawyer; came to Wisconsin in 1857, settling at Whitewater, where he remained until 1869, when he removed to Janesville, and thence in 1871 to Appleton, where he has continued to reside; was district attorney of Outagamie county twelve years, or from 1872 to January 1, 1885; was elected state senator in 1884, receiving 8,488 votes against 4,291 for Oscar Thilmany, republican, and 63 for E. D. Kanouse, prohibitionist.

Twenty-third District.

Jefferson county and the towns of Delafield, Eagle, Genesee, Merton, Mukwonago, Ottawa, Oconomowoc, Summit and Vernon, and the city of Oconomowoc in Waukesha county. Population, 1885—48,617.

WALTER S. GREENE (Dem.), of Fort Atkinson, Wisconsin, was born at Salisbury, Herkimer county, New York, March 23, 1834; passed a partial collegiate course at Madison University and Beloit College, and is by occupation a manufacturer; came to Wisconsin in 1847, and settled at Milford, Wisconsin; resided at Prairie du Chien in 1853 and 1854; returned to Milford in 1854, and resided there until 1883; moved to Fort Atkinson, May, 1883; has been chairman of town board 1876, 77, 78, '80, '82, '83, '85 and '86; chairman of the county board 1882, '83, '85 and '86; member of assembly in 1862; county treasurer 1863 and 1864; senator 1873, '74; was one of the judges from this state to the Centennial Exposition in 1876; was elected state senator for the twenty-third district in 1886, receiving 3,601 yotes against 2,464 for J. W. Ostrander, republican, and 260 votes for Geo. W. Jenkins, prohibitionist.

Twenty-fourth District.

The counties of Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Polk, Sawyer and Washburn. Population, 1885—41,321.

CHARLES SIMEON TAYLOR (Rep.), of Barron, Barron county, was born in Geneva, Walworth county, Wisconsin, October 13, 1851; was educated at the State University and Whitewater Normal School, graduating from the latter in 1875, and from the law department of the university in 1876; is by profession a lawyer, and editor of the Barron county Shield; he established and is president of the Barron Woolen Mills Co.; settled in Barron county in 1876, and was soon afterwards appointed district attorney for that county by Gov. Ludington, to which position he was re-elected three times in succession; has held various local offices: was elected to the assembly for 1885 and 1886 and re-elected in 1886 for 1887 and 1888; was elected to the state senate in 1888 for four years, receiving 6,606 votes to 4,706 votes for Malcom Doble, democrat, and 958 votes for I. Grettum, prohibitionist.

Twenty-fifth District.

Clark and Eau Claire counties. Population, 1885 - 50,212.

WILLIAM A. RUST (Rep.), of Eau Claire, Wisconsin, was born at Newport, Michigan, May 3, 1846; received a common school education at Newport, and is by occupation a lumberman: came to Wisconsin in 1871, and settled at Eau Claire, Wisconsin; when a lad he went to Saginaw, Mich., and from there to Eau Claire; he is of Scotch-Irish parentage; attended school in the winters and worked on a farm in the summers; when old enough he worked at lumbering in the woods, and in saw mills in Michigan, and has followed the business constantly ever since; is secretary of the Eau Claire Lumber Co., which position he has held ten years; was elected senator for the twenty-fifth senate district in 1886, receiving 6,203 votes against 1,108 votes for W. A. McKillop, prohibitionist.

Twenty-sixth District.

Dane county. Population, 1885-58,400.

WILLETT S. MAIN (Rep.), of Madison, Dane county, was born at Edmoston, Otsego county, N. Y., August 15, 1828; removed to Clarksville, Allegany county, N. Y., in early life, where he received a common school education; is a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1846, and settled at Prairieville, now Waukesha, and in February, 1847, he settled at Madison, where he has since resided; held the office of sheriff of Dane county in 1853-4, and again in 1863-4, also in 1867-8; was under sheriff of said county three terms between 1861 and 1871; was elected state senator in 1888, receiving 6,837 votes against 6,507 votes for Michael Johnson, democrat, and 967 votes for D. W. North, prohibitionist.

Twenty-seventh District.

Adams, Columbia and Marquette counties. Population, 1885 - 46,263.

LEVI ELWIN POND (Rep), of Westfield, Marquette county, was born at Addison, Steuben county, New York, March 8, 1833; was educated in the common school in Addison, and at Union Academy, Tioga county, Pennsylvanin; is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1857, and settled in the town of Springfield, Marquette county, on a farm; lived in Oshkosh from the autumn of 1866 until the spring of 1876; was town superintendent of schools and town clerk of Springfield prior to 1861, and justice of the peace in the town of Westfield in 1884; enlisted in Co. E, 7th Wis. Vols., May 22, 1861, as a private; elected 1st sergeant at the organization of said company; promoted to 2nd lieut., March 10, 1862, with rank from January 20, 1862, and commissioned captain, February 27, 1863, with rank from December 22, 1862; participated in the battles of Gainesville, Second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fitzhugh's Crossing, Chancellorsville, Mine Run, Wilderness and Petersburg; was seriously wounded at Gettysburg, and twice wounded at Petersburg; resigned in consequence of disability from wounds, December 30, 1864; was elected state senator for four years, receiving 4,845 votes, against 3,501 votes for E. S. Baker, democrat. In the 38th session he was on the joint committee on Claims, committee on Military Affairs, and special committee of Fish and Game; in the 39th session was chairman of joint committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions.

Twenty-eighth District.

Iowa and Richland counties. Population, 1885-48,175.

ROBERT LUCAS JOINER (Rep.), of Wyoming, Iowa county, was born at Williamsport, Indiana, November 6, 1841; was educated at Royalton, Vermont, and Richland City, in an academic course; is by profession a surveyor and farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1845 and settled at Wyoming; was county surveyor eight years; was elected to the state senate in 1888 for four years, receiving 4,846 votes against 4,117 votes for J. R. L. McCollum, democrat, and 737 votes for C. W. Briggs, prohibitionist.

Twenty-ninth District.

Buffalo, Trempealeau and Pepin counties. Population, 1885-42,567.

JOHN W. DE GROFF (Rep.), of Alma, Buffalo county, was born in Mentz, Cayuga Co., New York, October 12, 1843; received a common school education; is by profession an editor and publisher; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1845, settling at Juneau, Dodge county; removed to Durand, Pepin county, in 1858, and moved to Alma in 1866; was county clerk of Buffalo county from 1866 to 1873, inclusive, and clerk of the circuit court from 1876 to 1887, inclusive; chairman of the county board in 1876; president of the village of Alma in 1876; mayor of the city of Alma, 1887-8; assistant chief clerk of the senate in 1878, and assistant chief clerk of the assembly in 1882 and 1885. Enlisted August 4, 1862, in Co. G, 25th Regt. of Wis. Vols. for three years; participated in the battles of the Georgia campaign, and marched with Sherman's army to the sea, and through the Carolinas to Washington. Was elected member of assembly in 1879, and to the state senate in 1886, receiving 3,349 votes against 1,947 votes for M. W. McDonnell, independent democrat, and 345 votes for A. Tibbetts, prohibitionist; was a member of the committee on Judiciary, and chairman of the committee on Enrolled Bills in the 38th session, and a member of the committee on Finance Banks and Insurance, and Military Affairs, and chairman of the committee on Enrolled Bills in the 39th session.

Thirtieth District.

Chippewa and Dunn counties. Population, 1885 -47,086.

WILLIAM MILLER (Rep.), of Rusk, Dunn county, was born in Ireland of Scotch parentage, October 5, 1839; received a common school education, and is by occupation a lumberman and farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1850, and settled at Sussex, Waukesha county, Wis.; resided in Eau Claire from 1858 to 1866; was president of the Dunn County Agricultural Society in 1855 and 1866; was elected member of assembly in 1886, and to the state senate in 1888 for four years, receiving 4,914 votes, against 4,092 votes for Wm. H. Smith, democrat, and 561 for D. D. McPherson, prohibitionist.

Thirty-first District.

La Crosse county. Population, 1885 - 34,791.

THOMAS ALFRED DYSON (Rep.), of La Crosse, Wis., was born in Milwaukee, Wis., December 13, 1851, and was educated in the public schools of Milwaukee; is by profession a lawyer; has lived in Wisconsin since his birth, excepting 1866 and 1867, when he lived in Chicago, Ill.; was official stenographer of the 6th judicial circuit of Wisconsin from 1870 to 1881; has acted as legislative correspondent of the La Crosse Republican and Leader during the sessions of the legislature from 1873 to 1881; was nominated and elected by the republicans, state senator for the 31st senate district in 1886, for four years, receiving 2,558 votes against 1,433 votes for John J. Cole, democrat, 1,888 votes for D. F. Powell, people's, and 276 votes for O. M. Mitchell, prohibitionist; was chairman of the committee on Charitable and Penal Institutions, in the 38th session; was appointed by Gov. Rusk, county judge of La Crosse county, August 23, 1887, to fill a vacancy. Is president pro tem. of the senate. His term expires January 1, 1890.

Thirty-second District.

Counties of Jackson, Monroe, Wood. Population, 1885 - 53,809.

HUGH H. PRICE (Rep.), of Black River Falls, Jackson County, was born in 1859, in the village of Black River Falls. He is by occupation a lumberman, farmer and miller. He was educated in the Union High school of his native town, and at the Wisconsin State University. He has been a member of the city council of Black River Falls, of the county board of Jackson county, secretary of the Jackson County Agricultural Society in 1885, and since he left the University has had charge of an extensive logging business, which employs about 600 men annually. He was elected to fill the vacancy in the 49th congress, made by the death of his father, the Hon. Wm. T. Price, receiving 12,238 votes, against 5,209 votes for James Bardon, democrat. In 1888 was elected to the state senate for four years, receiving 6,662 votes against 5,123 votes for John F. Richards, democrat, and 489 votes for D. L. Hubbard, prohibitionist.

Thirty-third District.

Ozaukee and Washington counties, and towns of Brookfield, Lisbon, Menominee, Muskego, New Berlin, Pewaukee and Waukesha, and village of Waukesha, in Waukesha county. Population, 1885—55,580.

PETER LOCHEN (Dem.), of Newburg, Washington county, was born in Rhine Province, Prussia, June 27, 1840; received a common school education in Europe, and is by occupation a carpenter and farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1860 and settled near Newburg, in the town of Trenton, Washington county, Wisconsin; was elected town treasurer in the years 1869, 70, 79 and '80; side supervisor in 1872, assessor in 1878, and chairman of town board from the year 1881 to 1886, and justice of the peace since 1877; chairman of the Washington county building committee in 1836, when said county erected a new jail and county poorhouse, and superintended the erection of the poor-house; was elected state senator for the thirty-third district in 1836 for four years, receiving 6,896 votes, against 1 vote for D. W. Jackson, democrat.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

CHARLES E. BROSS, chief clerk of the senate, of Madison, Wis., was born at Shohola, Pike county, Penn., December 18, 1838; received a common school education; is manager of Western Union Telegraph Company and Wisconsin Telephone Company at Madison; came to Wisconsin in 1861, and to Madison in 1862, as manager of the Northwestern Telegraph Company's office; was appointed agent of the Merchants' Union Express Company in 1865, and was agent for the American and United States Express Companies; has been connected with the daily press of Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul in the capacity of legislative reporter; was elected chief clerk of the Wisconsin senate during the session of 1878, to succeed Hon. A. J. Turner, who was appointed railroad commissioner; was elected chief clerk in 1879, '80, '81, '82, '85 and '87 and 1889, receiving 27 votes, against 6 votes for John P. Hume. He is a republican.

THOMAS JEFFERSON GEORGE, of Menomonie, Dunn county, was born in Newton Falls, Trumbull county, Ohio, November 18, 1842; he received a common school education, and is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1848, and settled at Racine; in 1853 he moved to New Lisbon, and at the close of the war, 1866, settled in what is now the town of Sheridan, Dunn county; was chairman of the town of Sheridan for six years prior to 1874, at which time he was elected sheriff of Dunn county and was re-elected sheriff in 1876 and served until January, 1879; was a private in Co. D. 4th Wis., captain of the Wisconsin National Guard from 1876 to 1833; major 3d infantry, W. N. G., from 1883, which rank he now holds. He was elected sergant at-arms of the senate in 1887, and again in 1889, receiving 27 votes against 6 votes for W. P. Rix. He is a republican.

ASSEMBLY.

The assembly consists of 100 members, who are chosen biennially by districts, and who receive a compensation of \$500 for their term of office. The speaker is chosen by the members and receives \$500 for his services.

The assembly contains 71 republicans and 29 democrats.

Speaker.

THOMAS B. MILLS.

Adams and Marquette Counties ..

Population, 1885 - 16,408.

JOHN W. GUNNING (Rep.), of Friendship, Adams county, was born in Rochester, N. Y., May 1, 1847; received a common school education, and is a mechanic, but for many years has been engaged in the abstract, loan, real estate and insurance business; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled in Walworth county; removed to Adams county in 1870, where he has since resided; was town clerk from 1873 to 1878, register of deeds from January, 1879, to January, 1890; enlisted at the age of sixteen years in the Fourth Wisconsin Cavalry and served two years and five months as bugler, and chief bugler of the regiment; elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 2,230 votes against 1,437 votes for P. C. Nugent, democrat.

Ashland, Price, Oneida, Forest and Florence Counties.

Population, 1885 - 12,157.

PETER HENRY LEONARD (Rep.), of Fifield, Price county, was born in Dodge county, Wisconsin, January 12, 1861, and graduated from the High School at Fox Lake, Wisconsin; is engaged in the mercantile and lumbering business; was county treasurer of Price county in 1884; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 5,067 votes against 4,200 votes for T. F. Mackmiller, democrat.

Barron County.

Population, 1885 - 13,596.

CHARLES WILLIAM MOORE (Rep.), of Chetek, Barron county, was born in Hillsdale, Mich., November 3, 1842; received a common school education and is by occupation a merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Lodi, Columbia county; went to Menomonie in September, 1864; from December, 1867 to January, 1877, lived at Dunnville; in 1877 and 1878 lived in Menomonie; has lived in Chetek since 1879; was treasurer of the town of Dunn, Dunn county, several years; sheriff of Dunn county, 1877 to 1879; chairman of the board of supervisors of Chetek several years; chairman of the county board of supervisors of Barron county, 1887, 1888; was a private in Co. H, Second Wisconsin Infantry and participated in the battles of First Bull Run, Gainesville, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg and the Wilderness; came home with the regiment in June, 1864, and was mustered out at Madison, Wis.; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1, 802 votes against 845 votes for L. Q. Olcott, democrat, and 308 votes for G. A. Taylor, prohibitionist.

Bayfield, Burnett, Douglas, Washburn and Sawyer Counties.

Population, 1885 - 14,844.

LEWIS HENRY MEAD, (Rep.) of Shell Lake, Washburn county, was born at Marshall, Dane county, Wis., September 26, 1853; received a common school education; took a course in law at Madison and was admitted to the bar after examination; is by profession a lawyer; was appointed county judge of Washburn county, June 11, 1883, and elected to the same office in the spring of 1885, which position he still holds. Taught school in Dane, Jefferson, Dodge and Columbia counties for about six years; has been director of the school board since 1884; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 4,241 votes, against 2,178 votes for H. H. Grace, democrat, and 292 votes for James McKay, prohibitionist.

Brown County.

First District — The city of Green Bay, the city of Fort Howard, and the towns of Pitts-field, Suamico, Howard, Preble, Humboldt, Green Bay and Scott, of the county of Brown. Population, 1885—18,727.

ALBERT LEWIS GRAY (Dem.), of Fort Howard, was born in London, Canada, January 29, 1846; received a common school education; is a dry goods merchant by occupation; came to Wisconsin in 1849, and settled at Green Bay, removing to Fort Howard two years later; has been a member of the county board for twenty years, member of city council, member of school board, city treasurer, chief of fire department, and mayor in 1881, '82, '83, '86, '87 and '88, was delegate to the National Democratic Convention in Chicago in 1884; was member of assembly in 1879, and also for 1882 and 1885, '86; in 1887, elected president of County Board of Trustees for insome asylum, and in 1838, elected member of assembly, receiving 1,586 votes against 1,582 votes for Andrew E. Elmore, republican, and 50 votes for Robert Henderson, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Ashwaubenon, Allouez, Bellevue, Depere, Eaton, Lawrence, Rockland, Glenmore, New Denmark, Wrightstown, Morrison, Holland and the cities of Depere and West Depere. Population, 1885—18,192.

ROBERT J. McGEEHAN (Dem.), of Depere, Brown county, was born in Canada, August 26, 1854; received a common school education, and is by occupation a dealer in agricultural implements; came to Wisconsin in 1870 and settled at Depere; was alderman of the city of Depere in 1883, 1884, 1885, and member of the county board of supervisors of Brown county for 1887 and 1888, and member of the board of trustees for chronic insane of the county; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 2,014 votes against 1,080 votes for Charles Prust, republican, and 40 votes for S. M. Voight, union labor.

Buffalo County.

Population, 1885 - 18.012.

JOHN W. WHELAN (Rep.), of Mondovi, Buffalo, county, was born in Wisconsin, November 1, 1845; received a common school and collegiate education; graduated from the scientific department of the State University in 1871; admitted to the bar at Eau Claire in 1876, and is by occupation and profession, a farmer and lawyer; has been president of the

Buffalo County Agricultural Society since 1884, and chairman of the town board of Mondovi since spring of 1888; elected member of the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,694 votes against 1,393 votes for Henry Bechman, democrat, and 83 votes for Hon. Orlando Brown, prohibitionist.

Calumet County.

Population, 1885 - 17,667.

WILLIAM V. McMULLEN (Dem.), of Brillion, Calumet county, was born in Pictou, Ontario, May 29, 1845; received a common school education, and is by occupation a real estate dealer; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Brillion; has been justice of the peace twenty years, member of school board twelve years, town chairman five years, and member of the county board of supervisors from 1880 to 1886; village president in 1885, which position he still holds; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,833 votes against 1,107 votes for Peter Reuter, republican, 33 votes for Riley Bishop, union labor, and 47 votes for D. J. Miller, prohibitionist.

Chippewa County.

Population, 1885 - 25,135.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN MILLARD (Rep.), of Chippewa Falls, Wis., was born in Baraboo, Wis., May 5, 1850; received a common school education and is by occupation a lumberman, manufacturer and florist; lived with his father in Minnesota from 1852 to 1858; then moved to Menomonie, Wis., and lived there until 1861, when he moved to Chippewa Falls in 1861 where he has since resided; has been a member of the city council and county board since April, 1886. Mr. Millard commenced life poor and has worked his way up to his present position of influence and affluence by the exercise of untiring energy. In his younger days he worked in the woods and run logging camps, etc., until he began business for himself; he now owns a controlling interest in the Chippewa Falls Woolen and Linen Mills; owns a large amount of real estate in the city; has a fine residence and numerous fine green houses; during the past campaign he was chairman of the republican club; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 2,662 votes against 2,538 for Robert Patten, democrat, and 254 votes for John Bates, prohibitionist.

Clark County.

Population, 1885 - 15,423.

MERRITT CLARKE RING (Rep.), of Neillsville, Clark county, was born in Milton, Rock county, Wisconsin, October 30, 1850; was educated at the Sparta high school and graduated from the Wisconsin law school in 1873; is by profession a lawyer and a dealer in real estate and pine lands; has always lived in the state — at Cooksville, Rock county, until 1856, from 1857 until November 7, 1874, at Sparta, and since that time at Neillsville; was elected to the state senate in 1884 to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of C. M. Webb, and represented the eleventh senate district from January 1, 1885, to January 1, 1887; was elected member of assembly in 1888, receiving 2,135 votes against 1,452 for Richard Dewhurst, democrat, and 129 votes for H. W. Deming, prohibitionist.

Columbia County.

First District—The towns of Caledonia, Fort Winnebago, Lewiston, Marcellon, Newport, Pacific, Randolph, Scott, Springvale and the city of Portage, and the west ward of the village of Randolph, in the county of Columbia. Population, 1885—15,243.

CHRISTIAN FRIEDERICH MOHR (Rep.), is member of the firm of Prentice & Mohr, of Portage, dealers in lumber, coal, lime, salt, etc.; being born in the village of Kleinschmalkalden, Kreis Thueringen, Germany, in the year 1845, on the 31st day of December; came with his parents to Erie county, N. Y., in the spring of 1853, removing to Columbia county, Wisconsin, in April, 1857, residing in the town of Caledonia until the year 1881, with the exception of two years when he lived in the town of Greenfield, Sauk county; acquiring, by hard knocks, sufficient education in the country schools to enable him to enter the high school at Portage, where he fitted himself for a teacher, and taught school for six years in Columbia and Sauk counties; was town clerk and justice of the peace in Greenfield, Sauk county, and town clerk and chairman of the town of Calidonia, in Columbia county; was elected member of assembly in 1886, for session of 1887, and re-elected in 1888, receiving 1,694 votes against, 453 for R. C. Falconer, democrat, and 134 votes for Edward L. Williams, prohibitionist; was chairman of the committee on State Lands in the 38th assembly.

Second District—The towns of Arlington, Columbus, Dekorra, Fountain, Prairie, Hampden, Leeds, Lowville, Lodi, Otsego, West Point, Wyocena and the city of Columbus. Population, 1885—14, 612.

THEODORE HENTON (Rep.), of Otsego, Columbia county, was born at Harbor Creek, Erie county, Penn., April 21, 1836; received a common school education at Harbor Creek; afterwards pursued his studies alone until the age of 24; is by occupation a farmer, and came to Wisconsin in 1853 and settled at Otsego; has been a member of the school board for the past 20 years; director and secretary of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co.. of Otsego, embracing five towns, for eight years to present date; supervisor in 1880; chairman of town board in 1887 and 1888; superintendent of the town cemetery, clerk of the Baptist church and many other minor positions; was elected member of assembly in 1888, receiving 1,684 votes against 1,342 votes for John Topp, democrat, and 228 votes for Joseph Townsend; prohibitionist.

Crawford County.

Populatian, 1885 — 16, 181.

HUGH PORTER (Rep.), of Crawford county, was born in Morgan county. Ohio, September 23, 1843; received a common school education; is a farmer; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1854, and settled at a place then called Newport, in Columbia county, removing in 1855 to Allamakee county, Iowa, thence to his present home, in August, same year, where he has since resided; entered the service in February, 1865, as a private, in Co. F, 49th Wis. Regt. Vol. Inft.; was discharged in November following; has since been engaged in farming; has held different town offices; was elected member of assembly in 1886, and re-elected in 1888, receiving 1,829 votes against 1,569 votes for James A. Robb, democrat, and 59 votes for Thomas W. Gay, prohibitionist.

Dane County.

First District—The cities of Madison and Stoughton, and the towns of Blooming Grove, Dunn, Rutland, Dunkirk, Pleasant Springs, Albion and Madison. Population, 1885—22,897.

DAVID STEPHENS (Rep.), of Madison, Wis., was born in Kincardineshire, Scotland, July 20, 1837; received a common school education and is by occupation a brick manufacturer, contractor and farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1868 and settled at Madison, moving his residence to town of Madison in 1875; was chairman of the town board in 1887, 1888; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 2,915 votes, against 2,665 votes, for J. M. Clancy, democrat, and 408 votes, for I. W. Kanouse, prohibitionist.

Second District—Towns of Dane, Roxbury, Berry, Springfield, Westport, Middleton, Cross Plains, Verona and Fitchburg. Population, 1885—11,204.

HENRY FREDERICK WILLIAM FEHLANDT (Dem.), of Mazomanie, Dane county, Wis., was born in Picher, Mecklenburg Schwerin, Germany, December 20, 1851; was educated in Germany in the public and private schools, and is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1865, and settled in Roxbury, Dane county; was supervisor of the town of Berry 1880, 1881 and 1882; chairman of the town board in 1883, 1884, 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1888; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,766 votes, against 482 votes, for T. H. Bentley, republican, and 175 votes for Wm. C. Dahlk, prohibitionist.

Third District—Towns of Black Earth, Mazomanie, Vermont, Blue Mounds, Perry, Primrose, Montrose, Oregon and Springdale, and villages of Oregon and Mazomanie. Population, 1885—10,390.

PETER O. BAKER (Rep.), of Primrose, post-office address Mount Vernon, was born in Hallingdal, Norway, June 9, 1838; received a common school education, and is by occupation a farmer and carpenter. Came to Wisconsin with his mother in 1850, and settled first in the town of Pleasant Springs, Dane county; removed in 1852 to Deerfield, thence in 1855 to the town of Dunn, thence in 1861 to New Glarus, Green county, where he married November 14, of the same year, Miss Julia Johnson, a native of Norway; returned again to Dane county in the fall of 1862; resided in Montrose two years, and settled in Primrose in 1863; was first elected constable in 1867, and held various local offices, serving a number of years as town supervisor and justice of the peace; was elected chairman of the town of Primrose in 1879, and re-elected in 1880, '81, '82, '83, '84, '85, '86, '87 and '88; has served ten years on the committee of the county board on claims and expenditures; is one of the directors of the Primrose Fire Insurance Company, which position he has held fourteen years. Was elected member of assembly in 1885, receiving 1,282 votes against 854 for C. E. Roe, prohibitionist, and 311 for A. F. Gramm, democrat.

Fourth District — Towns of Vienna, Windsor, Burke, Bristol, York, Sun Prairie, Medina, Cottage Grove, Deerfield, Christiana and village of Sun Prairie. Population, 1885—13,909.

HENRY G. KLINEFELTER (Rep.), of Nora, Dane county, was born in Marion county, Ohio, October 22, 1843; received a common school education, and attended the high school in Mukwanago, Waukesha county, one year; is by profession a farmer and tobacco buyer; came to Wisconsin in 1846 and settled in Cottage Grove, Dane county; has been justice of the peace and has held various local offices. Enlisted in Co. D, seventh regiment Wisconsin volunteer infantry, September, 1861, at the age of seventeen, and was discharged in September, 1865; was commissioned second lieutenant of Co. F, fifty-first regiment, also first lieutenant and quartermaster of the same regiment; participated in the battles of Rappahannock Station, Gainesville, Second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Fitz Hugh's Crossing, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Mine Run, Wilderness, Petersburg, Fitz Hugh's Crossing, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Mine Run, Wilderness, Petersburg, receiving 1,904 votes against 920 votes for H. O. Tealy, democrat, and 540 votes for P. N. Johnson, prohibitionist.

Dodge County.

First District—The towns of Beaver Dam, Calamus, Clyman, Elba, Emmett Lowell, Portland, Shields, Westford, 5th and 6th wards city of Watertown, and the city of Beaver Dam, in the county of Dodge. Population ,1885—19, 172.

THOMAS F. SOLON (Dem.), of Richwood, Dodge county, was born in Shields, Dodge county, Wis., June 30, 1853; received a common school and academic education; is a real estate dealer by occupation; commenced teaching school at the age of sixteen; followed the profession for seven years; was elected town clerk of Shields (at the age of twenty-one) in 1875; again in 1876; engaged in the carriage business in 1877; employed as general traveling salesman for a Cincinnati carrriage firm, in 1878: promoted to superintendent of salesmen of this state for same firm in 1879; engaged in the general merchandise business in 1880; was appointed postmaster of Richwood, Dodge county, same year; held this office when elected to the assembly; established the Posey creamery in 1884; engaged in real estate in northern Wisconsin in 1887; was elected member of assembly for 1887 and 1888, and re-elected in 1888 for two years, receiving 2, 142 votes, against 1, 409 votes for Ed. Kernan, republican, and 139 votes for W. W. Williams, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Burnett, Chester, Fox Lake, Leroy, Lomira and Trenton, and the south ward of the city of Waupun and the east ward of the village of Randolph. Population, 1885—9,851.

JOHN STODDART (Dem.), of Fox Lake, was born at Kirkcaldy, Fifeshire, Scotland, March 30, 1842: received a common school education, and is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1856 and settled at Alto, Fond du Lac county: resided in Canada, from May, 1849 until July, 1856; has been school district clerk since 1877, chairman of the town and village of Fox Lake in 1886; was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,131 votes, against 941 votes for C. E. Hooker, republican, and 49 for Ben. Sawyer, prohibitionist.

 $Third\ District$ —The towns of Ashippun, Herman, Hubbard, Hustisford. Lebanon, Oak Grove, Rubicon, Theresa and Williamstown. Population, 1885—17,310.

JOHN A. BARNEY (Dem.), of Mayville, Dodge county, was born in Lenox, Madison county, New York, June 14, 1840; was educated at common and private schools; studied law two years before entering the army, but never engaged in the practice; is not in active business at present; came to Wisconsin in 1847 and settled at Mayville; has served as clerk and chairman of town board, and clerk and president of Mayville; appointed postmaster by President Johnson, and resigned upon Grant's election; was county superintendent of schools for the east district of Dodge county for four years ending December 31, 1874; represented Dodge county in the state senate in 1875 and 1876; clerk of the committee on war claims at Washington during the 46th congress; is now justice of the peace, alderman of the third ward of the city of Mayville, and secretary of the Dodge County Soldiers' Relief Association. He enlisted as a private in company B, Tenth Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers in 1861; was with that regiment in its campaign in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia, participating in all the engagements until he lost an arm at the battle of Chicamauga, where he was also taken prisoner; was commissioned captain by brevet by Gov. Fairchild for meritorious services rendered at Perryville and Chickamauga. Was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 2,495 votes against 1,072 votes for D. M. Roberts, republican.

Door County.

Population, 1885 - 15,552.

HANS JOHNSON (Rep.), of Newport, Door county, was born in Denmark, May 3, 1846; received a common school education in Denmark, and is by occupation a merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1869 and settled in the town of Liberty Grove, in 1871; came to the United States in 1865, to Manistee, Mich., and worked as a common laborer, and in Wisconsin, up to 1881, when he started a general store; has been justice of the peace one year, viz., 1887, and school treasurer eight years, and postmaster at Newport for five years; was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,562 votes against 1,159 votes for F. J. Colignon, democrat, and 50 votes for George Walker, prohibitionist.

Dunn County.

Population, 1885 - 21,921.

STEWART J. BAILEY (Rep.), of Menomonie, Dunn county, was born in Miami county, Indiana, February 13, 1838; received a common school education, and is by occupation a contractor and builder; came to Wisconsin in 1868 and settled at Menomonie, and has resided there ever since; has served in the Menomonie city council from April 10, 1884, to April 10, 1886; was secretary of the Soldiers' Relief Commission for Dunn county for 1888. Served from September 10, 1861, to October 20, 1864, in Co. G, 9th Ill. Cav.; enlisted as private and promoted to sergeant and regimental color-sergeant; was with the regiment in all its raids and engagements, and was wounded in the battle of Okolona, Mississippi, February 22, 1864; has also served five years in the Wisconsin National Guards. Was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 2,260 votes, against 1,593 votes for John J. Carter, democrat, and 297 votes for Thomas Dickson, prohibitionist.

Eau Claire County.

First District - The city of Eau Claire. Population, 1885 - 21,668.

HOBART M. STOCKING (Rep.), of Eau Claire, was born in Canton, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., April 28, 1846; was educated in the common schools and Galesville University, rounding up with a full apprenticeship in a printing office; is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1848 and settled at Elkhorn, then moved to Grand Rapids, Michigan, in 1849; returned to Wisconsin in 1857 and went to Eau Claire in 1864, and in company with his brother, J. B. Stocking, assumed the proprietorship of the Eau Claire Free Press, and continued its publication until January 1, 1870; was captain of Co. G, 48th Regt. Wis. Vol. Inf., from March 13, 1865, until January 9, 1866, when he was mustered out with his company; was receiver of the United States Land Office at Eau Claire, Wis., from May, 1869, to June, 1873. Represented Eau Claire in the assembly in 1876, and the city of Eau Claire in 1888, receiving 1,807 votes, against 1,383 votes for W. F. Bailey, democrat; 329 votes for D. P. Simons, prohibitionist, and 112 votes for A. B. Willey, union labor.

Second District — The town of Bridge Creek, Brunswick, Clear Creek, Drammen, Fairchild, Ludington, Otter Creek, Pleasant Valley, Seymour, Union, Washington, Lincoln, and city of Augusta. Population, 1885—13, 121.

GEORGE F. CALDWELL (Rep.), of the town of Otter Creek, Eau Claire county (postoffice, Augusta), was born in Chautauqua county, N. Y.; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1848, settled in the county of Walworth where he resided three or four years; after which time removed with parents to Winnebago county, near the city of Oshkosh, where he resided until the outbreak of the civil war. In November, 1863, enlisted in Company D, 32d Wis. Infantry, Col. Howe commanding, at the siege of Atlanta. In spring of 1865 was transferred to Co. D, 16th Wis. Inft., promoted to corporal, mustered out the following July. In the fall of 1865, moved to Olmstead county, Minn., where he resided two years; moved to Winona county, where he lived one year, thence to the town of Otter Creek, Eau Claire county, in February, 1869, where he has since resided. Present residence, city of Augusta. Has held various local offices; served five years as side supervisor, beginning with the year 1875; elected chairman of his town seven years, 1880, '81 '82, '83, '84, '85, '87, '88; at present president of Eau Claire County "Farmers' Alliance;" was elected member of assembly in 1888, receiving 1,265 votes against 1,049 for G. E. Bartz, democrat, and 243 for Washington Churchill, prohibitionist.

Fond du Lac County.

First District—The towns of Alto, Eldorado, Friendship, Lamartine, Metomen, Pepin, Rosendale, Springvale and Waupun, the city of Ripon, and the north ward of the city of Waupun. Population, 1885—16,551.

CHARLES F. SIMMONS (Rep.), of Ripon, Fond du Lac county, was born in the town of Nekimi, Winnebago county, March 17, 1858; received his education at the Oshkosh High School and Oshkosh Business College, and graduated at the Oshkosh Business College in 1877; is by occupation a farmer; resided in the town of Nekimi, Winnebago county, until 1880, when he went to Rosendale, Fond du Lac county, where he has ever since resided; has held various town offices; elected chairman of the town of Rosendale in 1886, and was elected without opposition in 1887 and 1888; elected to the assembly in 1888, for two years, receiving 1,884 votes against 1,389 votes for Henry De Groot, democrat, and 182 votes for Frank Collins, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Byron, Empire, Fond du Lac and Oakfield, and the city of Fond du Lac. Population, 1885—17,621.

JAMES WILLIAM WATSON (Dem.), of Fond du Lac, Wis., was born in Roxburgshire, Scotland, February 14, 1849; emigrated to the United States in 1862, locating in Fond du Lac county, where he has ever since resided; received a common school education. Passed a satisfactory examination for admission to the bar as an attorney-at-law, before the state board of examiners, in August, 1888. Has held various town offices. Is at present a member of the overflow commissioners for the county of Fond du Lac; was elected clerk of the circuit and county courts of said county in 1884; was re-elected in 1886, and was elected member of the assembly in 1888, for the session of 1889, receiving 1,845 votes, against 1,803 votes for W. S. Russell, republican; 77 votes for J. F. Susan, prohibitionist, and 58 votes for C. A. Doty, union labor.

Third District — The towns of Ashford, Auburn, Calumet, Eden, Forest, Marshfield, Osciela and Taycheedah. Population, 1885—12,650.

PETER LOEHR (Dem.), of Dotyville, Fond du Lac county, was born in Thalheim, Nassau, Germany, March 7, 1831; received a common school education in Germany, and is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled in Milwaukee, and to Dotyville in 1858; was in Pennsylvania in 1853 and 1854; has held several local offices, being chairman of the town board for the years 1873, 77, 78, 81, 82, 87 and 88; was elected to the assembly in 1888, for two years, receiving 1,742 votes against 726 votes for Henry Stannard, republican, and 22 votes for G. S. Thompson, prohibitionist.

Grant County.

First District — The towns of Clifton, Ellenboro, Harrison, Hazel Green, Jameston, Lima, Paris, Platteville and Smelser. Population, 1885—12,858.

JAMES B. McCOY (Rep.), of Platteville, Wis., was born at Peoria, Ill., April 22, 1839; was educated in the common school in Illinois, and finished at Platteville in Platteville Academy; is by occupation a dealer in live stock; came to Wisconsin in 1860 and settled at Platteville; was elected sheriff of Grant county in 1874 and held that office two years; enlisted as a private August 22, 1862, in Co. E, 25th Wis. Vol. Inf., was promoted to 1st lieut. March, 1864; was engaged in the siege of Vicksburg, and battles of Resaca, Kenesaw Mountain, and the several battles in and about Atlanta, Ga., also with Sherman on his march to the sea; was elected member of the assembly in 1886 for two years, and re-elected in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,381 votes against 1,218 votes for Arthur Doyle, democrat, and 135 votes for Nadab Eastman, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Beetown, Bloomington, Cassville, Glen Haven, Lancaster, Liberty, Little Grant, Potosi and Waterloo. Population, 1885—12,752.

REUBEN B. SHOWALTER (Rep.), of Lancaster, Grant county, was born in Fayette county, Pa., June 3, 1842; received a common school education, and is by occupation a superintendent of asylum and poor house; came to Wisconsin in the fall of 1849 and settled at Lancaster; removed to Richland county in 1856; back to Lancaster in 1858; to Beetown in 1859; returned to Lancaster in the spring of 1873 as overseer of the poorhouse, which position he resigned in 1883; March 15, 1885, was appointed superintendent of the Grant county insane asylum, and re-appointed overseer of the poorhouse, which position he resigned Jan. 1, 1889; enlisted as a private in Co. C, 2d Wis. Cav., participating in all the engagements and raids of the regiment during the last year of its service; was elected

member of the assembly in 1886, and re-elected in 1888, receiving 1,393 votes, against 1,233 votes, for W. J. McCoy, democrat; 92 votes, for Wm. B. Bennett, prohibitionist, and 53 votes for, Andrew Meyer, union labor.

Third District—The towns of Castle Rock, Boscobel, Fennimore, Hickory Grove, Marion, Millville, Mt. Hope, Mt. Ida, Muscoda, Patch Grove, Watertown, Wingville, Woodman and Wyalusing. Population, 1885—11,667.

A. C. V. ELSTON (Rep.), of Muscoda, Grant county, was born in Unionville, Orange county, New York, September 9, 1845; received a high school and academic education and graduated from the Commercial College, Chicago, Ill., in 1865; is by profession and occupation a banker, merchant and farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Muscoda, where he has ever since resided; engaged in mercantile business in 1867 with P. B. McIntyre, and still doing banking and mercantile business under the firm name of McIntyre, Elston & Co.; was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, reciving 1,428 votes against 988 votes for Morton Eastman, democrat; 189 votes for E. Carrington, prohibitionist, and one vote for — Cory, union labor.

Green County (South).

The towns of Cadiz, Clarno, Jefferson, Spring Grove, Jordan, Monroe, Sylvester and Decatur and the city of Monroe. Population, 1885-14,537.

PHILIP ALLEN (Rep.), of Browntown, Green county, was born in Washington township, Monroe county, Ohio, December 2, 1832; received a common school and a partial high school education; is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin first in 1855, and after travelling over several states of the Union settled in Green county, Wisconsin, in 1857, where he has resided ever since; lived in Elkhart county, Indiana, from December, 1850, until near the close of the following year; taught common school a number of terms; has served as town superintendent of schools, town clerk, chairman of the town board of supervisors two terms; was elected member of the present assembly, receiving 1,621 votes against 1,324 votes for W. Mitchell, democrat; 231 votes for W. Atherton, prohibitionist, and 168 votes for F. Smock, labor candidate.

Green and part La Fayette Counties.

The towns of Brooklyn, Exeter, New Glarus, York, Albany, Mt. Pleasant, Washington and Adams in the county of Green, and the towns of Argyle, Wiota, Darlington, Willow Springs, Fayette and Blanchard in La Fayette county. Population, 1885—16,858.

CHARLES F. OSBORN (Rep.), of Darlington, was born in Ashtabula, Ohio, March 16, 1847; was educated in the common schools at Darlington, and by profession a lawyer; came with his father to Darlington in 1851; was county judge of La Fayette county from 1882 to 1886, and has been city attorney and mayor of Darlington; was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 2, 168 votes against 1,616 votes for John Smith, democrat; 338 votes for F. Lambert, prohibitionist; 58 votes for Will C. Hodge, union labor; 86 votes for Philip Allen, and 1 vote for H. H. Gray.

Green Lake County.

Population, 1885 - 16,008.

E. C. SMITH (Dem.), of Markesan, was born in the town of Green Lake, Green Lake county, December 28, 1852; received a common school and business college education, and is by occupation a farmer; was clerk of the town of Green Lake in 1881–82 and 1883, and elected sheriff of Green Lake county in 1884; was elected to the assembly in 1888, for two years receiving 1,602 votes against 1,531 votes for H. B. Lowe, republican, and 125 votes for Ira E. Smith, prohibitionist.

Iowa County.

First District — The towns of Arena, Moscow, Mineral Point, Ridgeway and Waldwick, and the city of Mineral Point. Population, 1885—10,195.

NICHOLAS T. MARTIN (Rep.), of Mineral Point, was born in Mineral Point, Iowa county, Wis., September 26, 1843; received a graded city high school education, and is by occupation a hardware merchant; lived five years at Madison, from 1865 to 1870; was clerk in the state treasury department under Samuel D. Hastings one year, and also clerk in the secretary of state's office four years under T. S. Allen, secretary of state; was elected to the assembly in 1898 for two years, receiving 1,062 votes against 973 votes for George Jeuck, democrat, and 230 votes for Uriah James, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Clyde, Dodgeville, Eden, Highland, Linden, Mifflin, Pulaski and Wyoming. Population, 1885—12,677.

MICHAEL JOHN BENNETT (Rep.), of Pine Knot, Iowa county, was born in the town of Clyde, Iowa county, Wis., January 8, 1860; received a common and high school education; is a farmer and school teacher by profession; was chosen town clerk of his town in 1885, and again in 1886; was elected member of the assembly for 1887 and 1888, and was re-elected in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,443 votes, against 1,253 votes for J. C. Comfort, democrat, and 203 votes for Charles Weston, prohibitionist.

Jackson County.

Population, 1885 - 15,902.

THOMAS B. MILLS (Rep.), of Millston, was born in the town of Manchester, Jackson county, Wisconsin, October 12, 1857; received a common school and academic education; is by occupation a lumberman; was chairman of the town board from 1882 to 1884, and town treasurer in 1886; lived on a farm until 16 years of age; learned telegraphy and railway work, which he followed until 21 years old; then took the scientific course in Col. John G. McMynn's academy in Racine; graduated in June, 1881, since which time he has been engaged in the lumber and pine land business; has been chairman of the town board since 1866, and chairman of the county board of supervisors two terms; was elected member of assembly in 1884, and again in 1886, receiving 1,505 votes, against 1,162 votes for George W. Lewis, democrat, and 166 votes for F. A. Robertson, prohibitionist; was elected speaker for the thirty-eighth assembly, receiving 56 votes, against 31 votes for John Winans, 5 votes for Ben. C. Garside, 1 for John Luchsinger, 1 for Ed. Keogh and 1 for Adam Apple. Was reelected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 2,033 vote, against 1,277 votes for Jacob A. Sechler, democrat; was also elected speaker in the thirty-ninth assembly, receiving 71 votes, against 29 votes for C. R. Feld.

Jefferson County.

First District — The towns of Concord, Farmington, Ixonia, Milford, Waterloo, Watertown, the village of Waterloo, and the first, second, third, fourth and seventh wards of the city of Watertown. Population, 1885—16,694.

CARL R. FELD (Dem.), of Watertown, was born at Watertown, Wisconsin, December 14, 1858, and has always resided in the state; received a collegiate education, and was graduated from Union College of Law, of Chicago; is a lawyer by profession; has been court commissioner for Jefferson county since May, 1883, and has held no other public office of any kind until his election to the assembly in 1885; was re-elected to the assembly in 1886, and again in 1888, receiving 2,256 votes. The other parties made no nomination.

Second District — The towns of Ashland, Cold Spring, Hebron, Jefferson, Koshkonong, Lake Mills, Oakland, Palmyra, Sullivan and Sumner. Population, 1885—17,562.

MARK CURTIS (Rep.), of Hebron, Jefferson county, was born in the town of Chelsea, Orange county, Vermont, December 11, 1830; received a common school education, and is engaged in general business, came to Wisconsin in 1845, and settled at Curtis Mill, town of Jefferson, Jefferson county; resided in Whitewater from 1859 to 1863, and in the town of Hebron twenty-three years; was town superintendent of schools of Hebron in 1855; town clerk fifteen years, justice of the peace twenty years, secretary of the Jefferson County Old Settlers' Society five years; was elected to the assembly in 1888, for two years, receiving 2,054 votes against 1,991 votes for S. A. Craig, democrat, and 167 votes for Robert Fargo, prohibitionist.

Juneau County.

Population, 1885 - 17,024.

JOSEPH WEEKS BABCOCK (Rep.), of Necedah, was born at Swanton Falls, Vermont, March 6, 1850; received a common school education, at Cedar Falls and Mount Vernon, Iowa; is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1881, and settled at Necedah; resided on a farm in Butler county, Iowa, from 1856 to 1861; in Cedar Falls, Iowa, from 1861 to 1872, and in Dubuque, Iowa, from 1872 to 1881; has been chairman of the town of Necedah and president of the village of Necedah: was elected to the assembly in 1888, for two years, receiving 2,122 votes against 1,593 votes for F. Winsor, democrat, and 182 votes for W. G. Boorman, prohibitionist.

Kenosha County.

Population, 1885 - 14,137.

DWIGHT L. BURGESS (Rep.), of Salem, Kenosha county, was born at Brighton, Kenosha, December 19, 1841; received a common school education; also attended Commercial College at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; is a farmer; spent one winter, 1864-65 in Little Rock, Arkansas; was chairman of the town board of Brighton in 1882, also in 1888; chosen president of the Kenosha County Old Settlers' Club, in 1888; also served six months in the quartermaster's employ, in Arkansas; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,730 votes, against 1,647 votes, for Walter J. Fox, and 89 votes, for Charles B. Gaines, prohibitionist.

Kewaunee County.

(Except towns of Franklin and Carlton.)

Population, 1885 - 13,786.

JOSEPH WERY (Dem.), of Darbellay, Kewaunee county, was born in Belgium, September 29, 1836; received a common school education in Belgium, and is by occupation a farmer and dealer in general merchandise; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled in Darbellay, where he has ever since resided; was member of the county board in 1869, 70, 71, 73, 74 and 775; sheriff of Kewaunee county in 1877 and 778, and town clerk and justice of the peace from 1878 to the present time; elected to assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,310 votes, against 1,001 votes, for Henry Runke, republican.

La Crosse County.

First District - The city of La Crosse. Population, 1885-21,740.

JAMES JOSEPH HOGAN (Dem.), of La Crosse, was born in St. John's, Newfoundland, July 6, 1837; received a common school education, and is by occupation a merchant (whole-sale grocer); came to Wisconsin in 1847, and settled in Sheboygan county, and to La Crosse in 1857; has been mayor of the city of La Crosse twice, in 1875 and 1876; was elected to the assembly in 1888, for two years, receiving 2,655 votes against 2,477 votes for George F. Stitch, republican, and 351 votes for John James, prohibitionist.

Second District—The towns of Bangor, Barre, Burns, Campbell, Farmington, Greenfield, Hamilton, Holland, Onalaska, Shelby, Washington, and city of Onalaska. Population, 1885—18,051.

WILLIAM SMITH (Rep.), of Bangor, La Crosse county, was born at Soemerda, Province of Saxony, Prussia, August 15, 1845; received a common school education at Bangor, Wis., and is by occupation a merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1853 and settled at Sauk City, Sauk county; removed to La Crosse county in 1861, and settled at Bangor; lived at Houston, Houston county, Minn., in 1871 and 1872, as a grain buyer; has been supervisor of the town of Bangor, in 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, and chairman of town, and member of the county board in 1882, 1883, 1887 and 1888; has been treasurer of the La Crosse County Agricultural Society five years, 1883 to 1888; was elected to the assembly in 1888, for two years, receiving 1,912 votes against 997 votes for E. Markle, democrat, and 155 votes for Wm. McEldowney, prohibitionist.

La Fayette County (Part).

The towns of Belmont, Benton, Elk Grove, Kendall, Monticello, New Diggings, Seymour, Shullsburg, White Oak Springs, Wayne and Gratiot. Population, 1885—12,143.

JAMES WILSON FREEMAN (Rep.), of Shullsburg, La Fayette county, was born at East St. Louis, June 17, 1842; has a common school education, and is by occupation a grain and stock dealer; came to Wisconsin in 1845 and settled at Avon, Rock county, with his parents; removed with his father in 1854 from Avon to Wiota, in La Fayette county, where he resided about six years; he then lived near Durand, Ill., for two years; during the years 1863 to 1866, he was engaged in running lumber on the Wisconsin and Mississippi rivers and working on the Union Pacific railroad and oil fields of Pennsylvania; lived one year in Louis; moved to Darlington, La Fayette county, in 1868, and resided there until 1881, when he removed to Shullsburg, where he has resided ever since; has been engaged in dealing in wook and grain ever since he went to Darlington, and in general merchandise from 1875 to 1878; was elected chairman of the town board of Shullsburg in April, 1866, which was the

first office for which he was ever a candidate; received the unanimous nomination of the republican convention for the assembly for the western district of La Fayette county in 1886, and was re-elected in 1883, receiving 1,519 votes, against 1,274 votes for James S. Galligher, democrat, and 125 votes for Mathew Robinson, prohibitionist.

Langlade, Lincoln, Taylor Counties.

Population, 1885 - 18,604.

HERMANN REINHOLD FEHLAND (Dem.), of Merrill, Lincoln county, was born in the province of Brandenburg, Germany, September 21, 1855; was educated in the German school at Mayville, Dodge county, Wis., from 1864 to 1868, and from 1868 to 1872 received a common school education; is by occupation a hardware merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1856 and settled at Iron Ridge, Dodge county, in company with his parents; removed to Mayville, Dodge county, in 1868, where he resided until fall of 1874, when he removed to Princeton, Green Lake county, and resided there four years; in 1878 removed to Horicon, Dodge county, and in 1882 removed from there to Merrill, Lincoln county, where he has ever since resided; was alderman of the city of Merrill in 1884; 1885 88, county clerk of Lincoln county; was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 3,144 votes against 2,611 votes for A. J. Perkins, republican, and 190 votes for W. D. Badger, prohibitionist.

Manitowoc County.

First District — The towns of Cato, Centerville, Eaton, Liberty, Meeme, Rockland and Schleswig. Population, 1885—11,036.

EMIL PAUL SCHEIBE (Dem.), of Hika P. O., Manitowoc county, was born in Manitowoc, Wisconsin, September 1, 1861; received a common school education and is by occupation a brewer. In 1867 he moved to Centerville, in the same county; never held any public position until 1888 when he was elected to the assembly receiving 1,313 votes against 844 votes for Quincy Danforth, republican.

Second District—The towns of Coopertown, Gibson, Franklin, Kossuth, Maple Grove, Mishicott, Two Rivers, Two Rivers City, Two Creek in Manitowoc county, and towns of Franklin and Carlton in Kewaunee county. Population, 1885—18,895.

ISAAC CRAITE (Dem.), of Mishicot, Manitowoc county, was born at Manitowoc Rapids, Manitowoc county. Wisconsin, April 25, 1856; attended the common school and high school at Manitowoc city, and one term at the Oshkosh Normal School; is by profession a merchant and justice of the peace; moved to Mishicot in 1875, and has resided there ever since; was elected town clerk of the town of Mishicot, in the spring of 1880, and held that position until 1886; was elected justice of the peace in the spring of 1890, and has held that position ever since; taught school for eight years previous to 1882; was delegate to the democratic state convention in 1884, and to the congressional convention in 1884 and 1886; in 1886 was elected to the assembly from the second assembly district of Manitowoc county, and relected in 1888, receiving 2,426 votes, against 637 votes for H. Riley, republican, and 42 votes for A. Danforth; 6 votes for H. Rushuke, and 3 votes for J. Wery.

Third District—Towns of Manitowoc, Manitowoc Rapids, Newton and the city of Manitowoc. Population, 1885—12, 263.

JAMES SIBREE ANDERSON (Rep.), of Manitowoc, was born in Kelvin Haugh, near Glasgow, Scotland, December 25, 1842; received a common school education in Manitowoc, and a collegiate course at Appleton, graduating from Lawrence university, class of 1870; was admitted to the bar in December, 1871; editor of the Lake Shore Times from 1883 to 1886 inclusive; came to Wisconsin in 1852, and settled at Kossuth, Manitowoc county; came to city of Manitowoc in 1854, where he has ever since resided; was justice of the peace and police justice of the city of Manitowoc in 1874, circuit court commissioner for Manitowoc county, four years; served two terms as city attorney for Manitowoc, and one term alderman. In 1873, he was married to Eva M., daughter of Hon. J. T. Mills, of Lancaster, Wis. Enlisted in Co. A, 5th Reg. Wis. Vols., April 20, 1861, as private, appointed corporal and sergeant; was with the regiment all through the term of its service, and present in all its battles, including Williamsburg, Seven Days battles, first and second Fredericksburg, Antietam, Gettysburg, Rappahannock Station, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor and Petersburg; was wounded at Golden's Farm, Mine Run and Spottsylvania; was elected member of assembly in 1888, receiving 1,178 votes, against 1,018 votes for Emil Teitgen, democrat. and 90 votes for A. D. Wittman, union labor.

Marathon County.

First District—The towns of Spencer, Day, Bergen, Brighton, Eau Plaine, Cleveland, Mosinee, Hull. Wien, Marathon, Holton, Johnson, Reitbrock, Rib Falls, Stettin, Maine, Berlin, Hamburg, Halsey and the village of Marathon City. Population, 1885—13, 168.

JOSEPH CHESAK (Dem.), of Poniatowski, Marathon county, was born in Pilsen Bohemia, Austria, December 8, 1854; received a common school education in the town of Trenton, Washington county, and also attended the Spencerian Business College of Milwaukee; is by occupation a merchant and hotel keeper; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and settled at the village of Newburg, Washington county, and resided there until February, 1881; from there he moved to Poniatowski, Marathon county, where he has ever since resided; was town clerk of Trenton, Washington county, in 1878, '79 and '80, and town clerk of Rietbrock, Marathon county, from 1881 to the present time; justice of the peace of Reitbrock 1881 to 1885; school district treasurer 1882 to 1888; was postmaster of Reitbrock, since 1881, and resigned the same after being elected to the assembly; was elected to the thirty-ninth assembly in 1888, receiving 1,493 votes against 1,003 votes for John W. Salter, republican, and 141 votes for Mike Lemmer, union labor.

Second District — The towns of Texas, Easton, Wausau, Weston, Norrie, Pike, Kronenwetter, Knowlton, and city of Wausau. Population, 1885—13,435.

MATHEW P. BEEBE (Dem.), of Wausau, Marathon county, was born in Pottersville, Warren county, N. Y., September 4, 1833; received a common school education; is a mill-wright by trade; came to Wisconsin in 1851, and to Wausau in 1852; moved to Pine River, Marathon county, in 1862, and was in the lumbering business there till 1877, then returned to Wausau, and has been in the lumbering business since that time; has never held any public office until elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,424 votes against 1,323 votes for J. D. Womer, republican, 314 votes for A. F. Marquardt, union lobor, and 34 votes for Wm. Wilson, independent.

Marinette County.

Population, 1885 — 13,494.

PATRICK CLIFFORD (Dem.), of Marinette, Marinette county, was born in Columbus, Ohio, December 19, 1854; was educated at Clyman, Dodge county, in the common school; is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1857, with his parents, and settled at Clyman, Dodge county; moved to Marinette in 1871, where he has since resided; was elected sheriff of Marinette county in 1886, and member of assembly in 1888, receiving 2,018 votes against 1,451 votes for Luther B. Noyes, republican, 220 votes for B. F. Sampson, prohibitionist and 160 votes for A. Colburn, union labor.

Milwaukee County.

First District - First and Eighteenth wards. Population, 1885 - 14,024.

MICHAEL DUNN (Dem.), of 600 Creamer street, Milwaukee, was born March 27, 1859, in Milwaukee; was educated in the first ward school; is at present a grading contractor; never held any public positions until elected member of the assembly in 1886 for the session of 1887, and re-elected in 1898, for two years, receiving 1,493 votes against 1,199 votes for F. F. Adams, republican, and 342 votes for James O'Donnell, union labor.

Second District — Second and Fifteenth wards. Population, 1885—17,833.

FRANK E. WOLLER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Milwaukee, Wis., February 15, 1859; received a common school education in Milwaukee, and is by occupation a real estate dealer; was alderman from April 19, 1887, to April 17, 1888, from the fifteenth ward; was elected to the thirty-ninth assembly in 1888, receiving 1,958 votes, against 1,680 votes for George Poppert, republican; 444 votes for Chas. A. Van Ness, union labor; 17 votes for M. A. Arnold, prohibitionist, and 52 votes for Henry Shafer, socialist.

Third District - Third ward. Population, 1885 - 7,427.

EDWARD KEOGH (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Ireland, May 5, 1835; received a common school education; is a printer; emigrated from Ireland in 1841, and settled in Utica, N. Y., but removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in 1842; was a member of the assembly in 1860 and 1861; represented the sixth district in the state senate in 1862 and 1863, being the youngest member of that body; he was a member of the assembly in 1876, 777, 778 and 779,

and re-elected for 1880 without opposition; was re-elected member for 1881, and again for 1882; was again elected in 1886 for two years, and re-elected in 1888, receiving 1,177 votes against 429 votes for Edw. J. Kelly, union labor.

Fourth District - The Fourth and Sixteenth wards. Population, 1885 - 14,910.

WILLIAM J. McELROY (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Berlin, Green Lake county, Wis., January 8, 1856; received a common school and academic education; is by profession a lawyer, and has always resided in Wisconsin; has been court commissioner since 1885, but has held no other public office until elected to the assembly in 1886; was re-elected in 1886 for the thirty-ninth assembly, receiving 2,059 votes, against 1,460 votes, for Jacob Knoernchild, democrat; 271 votes, or C. A. Edmunds, union labor, and 68 votes, for T. Robertson, prohibitionist.

Fifth District — The Fifth, Eighth and Eleventh wards. Population, 1885-27,525.

HENRY SIEBERS (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Holland, October 5, 1844; received a common school education, partly in Holland and partly in the United States; is by occupation an iron moulder; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled in Milwaukee; has always resided in Milwaukee, except about a year's travel as journeyman in Minnesota and Nebraska; was appointed factory inspector for the state of Wisconsin, by Commissioner F. A. Flower, in February, 1885, which position he held for two and one half years, then resigned to take charge of a foundry; was elected to the assembly in 1888, for two years, receiving 3,211 votes, against 2,374 votes, for James T. Brett, democrat, and 1,164 votes, for Theo. Koerner, union labor.

Sixth District - Sixth and Thirteenth wards. Population, 1885 - 20,399.

CHRISTOPHER S. RAESSER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Rochester, N. Y., February 20, 1843; received a common school and collegiate education; is by occupation a merchant and vessel owner; came to Wisconsin in 1846 and settled in Milwaukee; resided in Missouri from 1867 to 1870; in Chicago from 1871 to 1875; enlisted as private in the Third Wisconsin Cavalry, March 3, 1862, and was discharged March 10, 1866; participated in engagements at Mount Valley, Mo., and Indian fighting in western Kansas; spent most of his term of enlistment in detached service with Gen. Blunt, Gen. Thayer and Gen. Curtis as letter and return clerk respectively, with headquarters at Fort Scott, Kan., Fort Smith, Ark., and Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; was member of assembly in 1879 and 1880, and again elected in 1888, receiving 2,385 votes against 1,398 votes for Jacob Truss, democrat, 808 votes for E. J. Mansar, union labor, and 103 votes for Will Koenig, socialist.

Seventh District - Seventh ward. Population, 1885 - 6,872.

HENRY E. LEGLER (Rep.), of Milwaukee, Wis., was born in Palermo, Sicily, June 22, 1861; came to this country when eight years old; received common school education; has resided in Wisconsin since 1873; is by profession a newspaper writer; received 949 votes against 663 for Fred Kissinger, democrat, and 59 for H. S. Brown, labor.

Eighth District — The towns of Milwaukee, Granville and Wauwatosa. Population, 1885 — 14,738.

AMOS THOMAS (Rep.), of Good Hope, Milwaukee county, Wis., was born in Davis county, Indiana, March 30, 1823; received a common school education in Illinois and Wisconsin and is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1839 and settled in Granville, Milwaukee county, where he has always resided; was elected chairman of supervisors in 1870, '72, '74, '75, '77, '78 and '79, and to the assembly in 1888, receiving 2,351 votes against 1,375 votes for Geo. W. Everts, democrat; 248 votes for Ben. C. Garside, union labor, and 34 votes for L. G. Wheeler, prohibitionist.

Ninth District - Ninth ward. Population, 1885 - 16,390.

GEORGE CHRISTIAANSEN (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Holland, July 14, 1849; received a common school education; and is by occupation a lead caster; came to Wisconsin in 1853 and settled in Milwaukee, where he has ever since resided; was police officer from 1880 to 1884, and elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,536 votes against 1,333 votes for George Stehling, democrat; 342 votes for John Webber, union labor, and 138 votes for Chas. Duchow, socialist.

Tenth District - Tenth ward. Population - 13,862.

CHARLES ELKERT (Rep.), of 728 Center street, Milwaukee, was born in Prussia, December 8, 1849; received a common school education; is by occupation a tanner (of the firm of W. Elkert & Son); came with his parents to Milwaukee in 1851, and has resided there since; has been a member of county board of supervisors from the tenth ward for the years 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1834; was elected member of assembly for 1885 and 1886; re-elected in 1888 for two years receiving 1,696 votes, against 844 votes for Henry Rolfs, democrat, and 464 votes for Otto Gallun, union labor, and 7 votes for Fred. Sieling, socialist.

Eleventh District—The Seventeenth ward, and the towns of Lake, Oak Creek, Greenfield and Franklin. Population, 1885—14,413.

WILLIAM LOCKYER DENNIS (Rep.), of Milwaukee, was born in Carrington, Nottinghamshire, England, July 19, 1853; received a common school education in England and the United States; is by occupation a mason; came to Milwaukee in 1868; has never held any public office until elected to the assembly in 1888, when he received 1,675 votes against 1,353 votes for James A. Ruan, democrat and labor, and 19 votes for James Douglas, prohibitionist.

Twelfth District - Twelfth and Fourteenth wards. Population, 1885 - 19,267.

EDWARD I. SLUPECKI (Dem.), of Milwaukee, was born in Posen, Poland, November 29, 1863; received a collegiate educatian in Milwaukee, graduating from the Catholic Institution now known as the Marquette College (formerly St. Gall's College); is by occupation a real estate dealer, steamship and insurance, etc., office. Came to Wisconsin in 1869, and settled at Milwaukee; is a sergeant of the Kosciusko Guards, Co. B, Fourth Battalion W. N. G.; has never held any public office until elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,817 votes against 1,168 votes for Robert Stewart, republican, and 636 votes for Fred Bohl, union labor.

Monroe County.

First District — The towns of Angelo, Jefferson, La Fayette, Leon, Little Falls, New Lyme, Portland, Ridgeville, Sparta and the city of Sparta. Population, 1885—10,009.

WILLIAM H. BLYTON (Rep.), of Sparta, was born in Franklinville, New York, October 4, 1842; had a common school education; is an insurance agent; came to Wisconsin in 1854, and settled at Sparta, where he still resides; enlisted as a private in Co. C, 19th regiment Wis. Vols., January 23, 1862; was promoted to quartermaster sergeant May 14, 1862; served with the regiment, taking part in engagements at New Berne, Suffolk, West Point, Petersburg, and many minor battles; was promoted to 1st lieutenant, 2d regiment U. S. Inf., October 21, 1864, and served with the regiment until October, 1865, in Dakota and Montana, and as post quartermaster at Fort Randall, D. T., until June 20, 1866; was wounded by Indians December 7, 1865, near Yankton Agency, D. T., and was mustered out, June 26, 1866; has been village clerk of Sparta since April, 1870; city clerk of Sparta for 1883 and 1884; supervisor from 2d ward of Sparta in 1884; was member of assembly in 1883 and was re-elected for 1885, and again elected in 1885, receiving 1,283 votes against 991 votes for A. H. Isham, democrat, and 115 votes for W. W. Link, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Adrian, Byron, Clifton, Glendale, Greenfield, LaGrange, Lincoln, Oakdale, Sheldon, Tomah, Wellington, Wilton, and the city of Tomah. Population, 1885—12,775.

JAMES R. LYON (Rep.), of Glendale, Monroe county, was born in Benton Center, Gates county, N. Y., November 4, 1833; was educated at Benton Center, and by occupation, a merchant; came to Wisconsin 1855 and settled at Glendale, Monroe county; resided in Sparta, Monroe county, from 1880 to 1883; has been chairman of the board of supervisors several terms, and was elected register of deeds in 1880; enlisted May 11, 1861, in Co. I, 6th Wis. Vol.s; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,463 votes, against 1,160 votes for James Wilson, democrat, and 79 votes for J. R. Jones, prohibitionist.

Oconto County.

Population, 1885 - 13, 205.

CHARLES HALL (Rep.), of Oconto, Wis., was born in London, England, in 1847; received a common school education in Oconto, and is by occupation, a hardware dealer; came to Wisconsin in 1848, and settled at Depere, Brown county, and removed to Oconto with his parents in 1855, and has resided there ever since; was appointed clerk of the cir-

cuit court in 1873, to fill vacancy; was elected to same office from 1873 to 1882; was alderman of his ward from 1881 to 1884, and was president of the city council, and several other minor offices; enlisted as private in Co. H, 39th Wis. Vol. Inf.; was elected member of assembly in 1886, was chairman of committee on Incorporations, during that session (1887), and also a member of joint committee on apportionment, and re-elected in 1888, receiving 1,467 votes, against 1,021 votes for F. F. Wheeler, democrat.

Outagamie County.

First District—The city of Appleton and towns of Centre and Grand Chute. Population, 1885—14,125.

LOUIS L. JABAS (Dem.), of Appleton, Outagamie county, was born at Sanford's Corner's, Jefferson county, N. Y., September 15, 1849; received a common school education; is by occupation a farmer; came to Wisconsin in 1862 and settled in the town of Grand Chute, Outagamie county, and has always resided in the same town; was town treasurer in 1875, '76, '77 and '78, and chairman of the town board of supervisors in 1885, '86, '87 and '88; was elected to the assembly in 1885, receiving 2,617 votes, being endorsed by the republican and people's party, against 128 votes for J. P. Zonne, prohibitionist.

Second District—The city and town of Menasha, in the county of Winnebago, and the towns of Deer Creek, Maine, Cicero, Seymour, Maple Creek, Bovina, Black Creek, Osborn, Liberty, Ellington, Freedom, Hortonia, Dale, Greenville, Buckanan, Kaukauna, the third ward of the city of New London, and the cities of Seymour and Kaukauna. Population, 1885—25,955.

THEODORE KNAPSTEIN (Dem.), of New London, was born in Prussia, November 12, 1848; received a common school education, and is by occupation a brewer; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Greenville, Outagamie county; was a member of the village board and afterwards alderman of New London from 1872 to 1884; mayor of the city in 1884, and president of the common council in 1885; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 2,945 votes, against 2,044 votes for F. R. Dittmar, republican, and 68 votes for J. W. Hall, prohibitionist.

Ozaukee County.

Population, 1885 - 15,197.

FREDERICK W. HORN (Ind. Dem.), of Cedarburg, was born in the village of Linum, province of Brandenburg, Prussia, August 21, 1815; entered the college of "Grave Kloster," in Berlin, but left before graduation, and soon after entered the military service of Prussia; is a lawyer by profession, and editor of the Cedarburg Weekly News. He left Prussia for the United States in 1836; resided in the state of New York until 1837; went in the fall of that year to Michigan, and traveled through Illinois, Iowa and Missouri, returning to Michigan in the winter of 1839; in 1840 came to Milwaukee, and in 1841 settled in Mequon, and thence, in 1847, to his present place of residence; was appointed by Gov. Doty, in 1842, justice of the peace for Washington county, then the only magistrate in the county; was postmaster of Mequon during his residence therein; register of deeds in 1846 and 1847; elected as an independent candidate to the first senate in 1848, and re-elected for 1849 and 1850; was elected to the assembly in 1851, '57, '59, '60, '67, '68, '72, '75, '82, '87 and '89, and was elected speaker of that body in 1851, '54 and '75; was state commissioner of emigration, residing in New York, in 1854, '55; county superintendent of schools in 1862, '63, '64 and '65; was a delegate to the democratic national convention at Charleston and Baltimore in 1860, serving as vicepresident, and again a delegate to the democratic national convention in New York in 1868; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,438 votes, against 1,316 for J. J. Race, democrat, and 94 votes for A. M. Alling, republican.

Pepin County.

Population, 1885 - 6,226.

VIVUS W. DORWIN (Rep.), of Durand, was born in Champion, Jefferson county, New York, January 15, 1832; received a common school education; is engaged in farming and milling; came to Wisconsin in 1854, and settled at Jackson, Adams county, removing to Durand in 1856; has served as chairman of the town board eight years, and of the county board three years; entered the army during the late war as captain of Co. G., 25th Wis. Vol. Inf., in September, 1862, and continued in the service until compelled to resign on account of ill-health, September, 1863; was member of assembly in 1877 and 1878; was elected member of assembly for 1885 and again in 1888, receiving 759 votes against 611 votes for P. J. Ryan, democrat, and 187 votes for O. Skinner, prohibitionist.

Pierce County.

Population, 1885 - 19,645.

DANIEL J. DILL (Rep.), of Prescott, Pierce county, was born in Dillsburg, York county, Penn., February 24, 1830; received a common school education at Dillsburg; is a farmer by occupation; came to Wisconsin in 1859, and settled at Prescott, Wis., where he has always resided except during the term of four years and a half in the army; was mayor of the city of Prescott for the years 1867, '68, '69, '76, '77, 83, '84 and '85; has been a member of the county board of supervisors for three or four years; went into the army in 1861 as captain of Co. B, sixth regular volunteer infantry; was commanding colonel of the 30th regiment of volunteer infantry, September, 1862; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 2,725 votes against 1,451 votes for Osborn Strahl, democrat and prohibitionist.

Polk County.

Population, 1885 - 12,881.

JAMES HENRY McCOURT (Rep.), of St. Croix Falls, was born in Clinton county, New York, October 26, 1846; was educated in the common schools, and is at present, engaged in real estate and lumbering business; came to Wisconsin in 1869 and settled at St. Croix Falls; lived at Taylor's Falls, Minn., from 1867 to 1878; was member of assembly in 1887; served as a member of the committee on Railroads and Incorporations and the special committee to investigate Science Hall; was elected president of the village of St. Croix Falls at its first charter election in 1888; and re-elected to the assembly in 1888, for 1889-90, receiving 1,108 votes, against 1,032 votes, for John Nordguard, democrat, and 492 votes, for J. W. Dean, prohibitionist.

Portage County.

Population, 1885 - 23,248.

EDWARD McGLACHLIN (Rep.), of Stevens Point, was born in the town of Watson, Lewis county, New York, December 19, 1840; came to Wisconsin in 1857 and worked as a farm hand in Sheboygan county; commenced learning the printer's trade at Fond du Lac in the spring of 1859; in September, 1861, enlisted as a private in company K, First Wisconsin Infantry, and was afterwards promoted to sergeant. With the exception of the battle of Perryville, took part in all the battles and skirmishes in which the regiment was engaged up to and including the battle Chickamauga; was taken prisoner on the evening of Sunday, Sept. 20, 1863, and remained in the hands of the confederates until December 10, 1864, when he was paroled at Florence, South Carolina; was confined on Belle Isle in the city of Richmond. at Danville, Va., at Andersonville, Ga., and at Charleston and Florence, South Carolina; after the close of the war resumed the printing business, which he followed at Fond du Lac and Oshkosh, Wis., and Clinton, Iowa; in 1873 removed from Oshkosh to Stevens Point, and since that time has been one of the editors and publishers of the Journal; in 1885 was elected member and treasurer of the board of education; was elected member of assembly in November, 1888, receiving 2,579 votes, against 2,347 votes for John McGreer, democrat, and 143 votes, for F. L. West, prohibitionist.

Racine County.

Population, 1885 - 30, 921.

ALFRED L. BUCHAN (Rep.), was born in the town of Dover, Racine county, Wis., March 4, 1847; received a common school education, after which he took a collegiate course in Monmouth College, Ill., where he received the degree of master of arts. He then selected as his profession the practice of medicine and graduated from Rush Medical College, Chicago, February 1, 1871, and from Bellevue Hospital and Medical College, New York city, March 1, 1877. Was elected to the thirty-ninth assembly in 1888, receiving 4,014 votes against 3,524 votes for A. B. Hayes, democrat, and 442 votes for John W. Thomas, prohibitionist.

Richland County.

Population, 1885 - 18, 174.

ROBERT H. DELAP (Rep.), of Richland Center, Richland county, was born in Monroe, Green county, Wis., September 26, 1846; was educated in the common schools; also took a course and graduated from the college of Physicians and Surgeons, at Keokuk, Iowa, in

1880; was raised in Grant county, Wis., and resided at Millville and Boscobel at close of the war; lived in Viroqua until 1871, when he moved to Viola, Richland county; was a member of the county board in 1834; justice of the peace for 14 years; commander of Jerry Turner Post, No. 53, G. A. R., for 3 years, and captain John A. Logan Camp, S. of V., one year; enlisted at Boscobel, August 16, 1862, as a private in Captain Frank B. Burdick's Co. G, of the 33d Wis. Inf. Vols.; was in the Vicksburg, Meridian, Red River, Tupelo, Nashville and Spanish Fort campaigns, and participated in all of the battles and sieges of these campaigns; served three years; was one of the youngest soldiers of the war, enlisting at the age of 15 years and 11 months; was elected to the assembly in 1838, receiving 2,307 votes against 1,857 votes for F. G. Rodolf, democrat, and 299 votes for J. O. Black, prohibitionist.

Rock County.

First District—The towns of Avon, Beloit, Magnolia, Newark, Plymouth, Spring Valley, Union and the city of Beloit. Population, 1885—14,290.

M. V. PRATT (Rep.), of Evansville, Rock county, was born at Easton, Mass., November 10, 1823; graduated at the Bridgewater, Mass., Normal School; is a produce dealer; came to Wisconsin in 1862, settling at Spring Prairie, in Walworth county; removed to Evansville in 1871; was chairman of supervisors of Spring Prairie in 1871; president of the village of Evansville 1878-79, and supervisor in 1878, 79, '80; was elected member of assembly in 1831 and again in 1888, receiving 2,321 votes against 868 votes for Ole Gelbert, democrat; 38 votes for J. Harvey, democrat, and 237 for J. S. Johnson, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Center, Harmony, Janesville and the city of Janesville. Population, 1885—13,247.

CYRUS MINER (Rep.), of Janesville, was born in Danville, Vermont, July 24th, 1827; received a common school education; removed to Janesville in 1848, where he has since resided excepting two years passed in South America and Australia; engaged in mercantile business continuously since 1859; from 1875 to 1881 a member and for four years treasurer of the board of trustees of the State Institution for the Education of the Blind; has served as a member of the Rock county board of supervisors and as a member of the board of education of the city of Janesville; was treasurer of the Rock County Agricultural Society for seven years and treasurer of the State Agricultural Society the past twelve years; has been treasurer of several local organizations and societies; was elected a member of the assembly for the years 1839-90 by a vote of 1,625 against 1,412 cast for Geo. C: McLean, democrat, and 64 votes for James Cleland, prohibitionist.

Third District—The towns of Bradford. Clinton, Fulton, La Prairie, Lima, Milton, Porter, Rock, Johnstown, Turtle, village of Clinton and city of Edgerton. Population, 1885—15,083.

HENRY TARRANT (Rep.), of La Prairie, Rock county, was born in Berkshire, England, May 23, 1833; received a common school education and is engaged in the occupation of farming and insurance; came to Wisconsin in 1850, and settled at Janesville; was appointed town clerk in 1868 and elected each year thereafter for fifteen consecutive years; chairman of the board of supervisors in 1884; also in 1886, 1887 and 1888, and serving on the county board of supervisors during that period; also secretary of the Town Fire Insurance Company for the past fifteen years; was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years receiving 2,185 votes, against 1,318 votes for John Harvey, democrat, and 186 votes for S. G. Burdick, prohibitionist.

St. Croix County.

Population, 1885 — 18,956.

EDWARD CONNER (Rep.), of Woodville, St. Croix county, was born in Steuben county, N. Y., February 3, 1829; received a common school and partial academic education; is engaged in the occupation of farming; came to Wisconsin in 1871, and settled at his present residence. Left New York in 1862 for Pennsylvania; from there to Michigan and then to Elgin, Ills., and resided there until his removal to his present residence; was a member of the county board five years from 1880, to 1885 and has filled many important offices; was not in the army on account of disability; elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 2,688 votes, against 2,175 votes for Thomas Walsh, democrat, and 585 votes for William Johnston, prohibitionist.

Sauk County.

First District—The towns of Fairfield, Greenfield, Merrimac, Sumpter, Prairie du Sac, Honey Creek, Troy, Franklin, Spring Green, Bear Creek, Baraboo and the city of Baraboo. Population, 1885—15,947.

THOMAS HILL (Rep.), of Spring Green, Sauk county, was born in Lancashire, England, October 16, 1846; received a common school and academic education, and is by occupation a farmer and live stock dealer; came to Wisconsin in 1855, and settled at Spring Green, Sauk county; resided at or near Sylvania post-office, Racine county for about two months prior to settling at Spring Green; was town clerk in 1866 and 1867, school district clerk in 1877, and secretary of high school board for the term of three years, re-elected in 1880 for another term of three years, town assessor two years, 1884-85; chairman of the town in 1887-88, and supervisor of the village in 1883; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,925 votes against 1,266 votes for Lawrence Watson, democrat, and 312 votes for E. O. Stone, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Delton, Dellona, Freedom, Excelsior, Reedsburg, Ironton, Westfield, Washington, Woodland, La Valle and Winfield. Population, 1885—14,412.

BENJAMIN GREENE PADDOCK (Rep.), of La Valle, Sauk county, was born in Vienna, Oneida county, New York, November 10, 1827; was educated in the common school and seminary at Whitesboro, N. Y.; is a merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1858, and settled at Ironton, Sauk county; lived there until he moved to La Valle, in 1876; was town clerk of Ironton in 1861 and justice of the peace four years in the same town; postmaster of Ironton six years, from 1860 to 1866 inclusive; sheriff of Sauk county in 1871–72; commissioner of the poor of Sauk county from 1873 to 1876; postmaster at La Valle from 1876 to 1884; elected member of the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,486 votes against 1,353 votes for W. H. Young, democrat, and 227 votes for Paul Bishop, prohibitionist.

Shawano County.

(Except towns of Grant and Pella.)

Population, 1885 - 14,842.

ROBERT WALLACE JACKSON (Rep.), of Shawano, Shawano County, was born at Kenosha, Wis., August 12, 1842; received a common school education at Oshkosh; is by occupation treasurer of the Upham & Russell Co.; came to Wisconsin in 1842, and settled at Oshkosh, where he resided until 1871, and then moved to Shawano, where he lived up to date; was 1st lieutenant in the 21st Wis. Vol. Inf., and participated in the battles of Perryville, Stone River and Chickamauga; was taken prisoner at Chickamauga, September 20, 1863; was in rebel prison at Libby, Macon, Charleston and Columbia, and was released about March 1, 1865; was elected to the assembly in 1886. and re-elected in 1888, receiving 1,837 votes against 1,258 votes for K. M. Phillips, democre:

Sheboygan County.

First District—The towns of Herman, Mosel, Rhine, Russel and Sheboygan. Population, 1885—18,621.

VALENTINE DETLING (Dem.), of Sheboygan, was born in Duchess county, N. Y., March 28, 1843; has a common school education and is a dealer in real estate; came to Wisconsin in 1844 with his parents and settled on a farm in the town of Polk, Washington county; from 1864 to 1873, he resided at West Bend, Wis., and from 1873 to 1879, at Plymouth, Sheboygan county, and since that time has resided at Sheboygan City; was deputy register of deeds of Washington county in 1865 and 1866, and register of deeds of the same county from January 1, 1867, to January 1, 1871, and register of deeds of Sheboygan county from January 1, 1880, to January 1, 1887; elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,970 votes, against 1,660 votes for Joseph G. Ead, republican, and 621 votes for Paul Reuther, union labor.

Second District—The towns of Greenbush, Linden, Mitchell, Sheboygan Falls, and Plymouth, the city of Plymouth and village of Sheboygan Falls. Population, 1885—9,682.

CHARLES A. CORBETT (Rep.), of Greenbush, Sheboygan county, was born in the town of Benson, Rutland County, Vt., November 21, 1840; was educated at the Spencerian Business College; is now a retired merchant; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Greenbush, Sheboygan county; lived in the town of Forest, Fond du Lac county, engaged in the mercantile business, one year, 1867 to 1868; has been town clerk of his town since 1882,

with the exception of one year; he established the Banner post-office in the town of Forest in 1867, and was appointed postmaster, resigned in 1868, and sold out his mercantile business; engaged in the mercantile business in Greenbush in 1869, and retired in 1882. On June 23, 1870, he married Jennie M. Lewis, his present wife; enlisted in the army in June, 1861; veteranizing in 1863, had his right leg shot off, June 6, 1864, at the battle of Lake Chicath, veteranizing in 1863, had his right leg shot off, June 6, 1864, at the battle of Lake Chicath, Arkansas, but did not get his discharge from the service until November 22, 1865; was in the battles of Fredericktown, New Madrid, Island No. 10, Farmington, Siege of Corinth, Iuka, Corinth, 3d and 4th of October, 1862, Vicksburg, both the siege and assault, Red river expedition; participating in several battles on the trip. Was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,207 votes, agains 1,044 votes for John L. Reed, Democrat, and 7 votes for C. L. Sibley, prohibitionist.

Third District—The towns of Holland, Lima, Scott, Sherman and Wilson. Population, 1885—10,297.

ELLIS C. OLIVER (Rep.), of Cedar Grove, Sheboygan county, was born in Winooski, Sheboygan county, Wis., February 16, 1853; received his education in the Sheboygan city high school; is engaged as superintendent of fishery; has always resided in the county; was chairman of the town board of supervisors in 1880, '81, '84, '85 and '86; is at present fish warden for the first district, having been appointed by Gov. Rusk in 1885, and re-appointed in 1887; was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 1,019 votes against 948 votes for Dr. L. T. Coller, democrat.

Trempealeau County.

Population, 1885 — 19, 112.

KNUDT K. HAGESTAD (Rep.), of Ettrick, Trempealeau county, was born in Ulvig Bergens Stift, Norway, June 26, 1846; received a common school education, and is by occupation a farmer; immigrated with his parents in 1854, and settled in Columbia county, Wisconsin; removed to Trempealeau county in 1860 and settled in the town of Ettrick; was chairman of the town board nearly four years and clerk of the school board nine years; has been director and vice-president of the Ettrick Mutual Scandinavian Insurance Company for a number of years, and president of the Ettrick Creamery Association since its organization in 1885; was elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 2, 126 votes against 1,669 votes for Joshua Rhodes, democrat, and 238 votes for W. P. Masseure, prohibitionist.

Fornon County.

First District — The towns of Bergen, Coon, Christiania, Franklin, Genoa, Hamburg, Harmony, Jefferson, Sterling and Wheatland. Population, 1885—11,721.

JOHN STEVENSON (Rep.), of Chaseburg, Vernon county, was born near Montreal, Canada, April 11, 1835: received a common school education, and is a farmer; came to Ohio with his parents in 1837, and removed to Wisconsin in 1856, settling in Vernon county; has several times been elected chairman of the town of Harmony, and a member of the county board in 1837; was a delegate to the republican state convention in 1875; enlisted in Co. D, Forty-third Regiment Wisconsin Volunteers, September 1, 1864, and served until the close of the rebellion; was at the battle of Johnsonville, Tenn.; was elected member of assembly in 1876, and again in 1886 for two years, receiving 1, 467 votes, against 810 votes for Christ. Ellefson, democrat, and 87 votes for Elias Harris, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Clinton, Forest, Greenwood, Hillsboro, Kickapoo, Liberty, Stark, Union, Viroqua, Webster, Whitestown, and the city of Viroqua. Population, 1885—12,702.

THOMAS J. SHEAR (Rep.), of Hillsborough, was born in Concord, Eric county, New York, September 25, 1836; he received an academic education; is a merchant; came from New York in 1858 to Hillsborough, where he has continued to reside; enlisted as a private in Co. C, 47th Regt. Wls. Vol. Inf., in 1865; has been town clerk since 1860, with the exception of three years; was elected county superintendent of schools in 1867; was elected member of assembly for 1882, and again in 1883, receiving 1,810 votes, against 782 votes, for Joseph Harris, democrat, and 160 votes for Joseph Omundson, prohibitionist.

Walworth County.

First District—The towns of Darien, Delavan, La Grange, Richmond, Sharon, Sugar Creek and Whitewater, excepting therefrom the village of Elkhorn. Population, 1885—18,592.

FERNANDO C. KIZER (Rep.), of Whitewater, Walworth county, was born in Stroudsburg, Monroe county, Pennsylvania, April 27, 1832; received his education at the Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pa.; is now foreman of the shipping department of the Esterly Harvester Works; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and lived in Watertown one year; then moved to Whitewater and studied law in the office of the Hon. N. S. Murphy, until the war began, when he enlisted in the 3d Wis. Cav.; was first lieut. of Co. D.; commissioned captain of the company, August, 1864; came home in March, 1865; was engaged in numerous fights in southwest Missouri, including Cane Hill, Prairie Grove; has held many local offices; was town clerk in 1860 and president of the village of Whitewater; city treasurer in 1885, and is now president of the Whitewater Investment and Improvement Association; was elected to the assembly in 1885 for two years, receiving 2,134 votes against 1,048 votes for Amos Ives, democrat; 429 votes F. C. Weaver, prohibitionist, and 9 votes for Martin Tuttle, union labor.

Second District — The towns of Bloomfield, East Troy, Geneva, La Fayette, Linn, Lyons, Spring Prairie, Troy, Walworth and the village of Elkhorn and the city of Lake Geneva. Population, 1885—14,110.

DWIGHT SIDNEY ALLEN (Rep.), of Lake Geneva, was born in Madison county, N. Y., February 12, 1843; was educated in the select school in Lake Geneva, and is engaged in farming; came to Wisconsin in 1852 and settled at Linn, Walworth county; was town treasurer of Linn three years; chairman of the town board of supervisors since April, 1877; chairman of the county board of Walworth county eight years; was a private in Co. C, 22nd Regt. Vol. Inf.; was captured at Thompson's Station, Tenn.; participated in the battles at Reseca, Dallas Woods, Kenesaw Mountain, Culp's Farm, Peach Tree Creek, and marched with Sherman to the sea; was elected member of assembly in 1888, receiving 2,299 votes, against 960 votes for E. D. Page, democrat, and 251 votes for Huron Hawks, prohibitionist.

Washington County.

Population, 1885 - 23, 692.

FREDERICK C. SCHULER (Dem.), of Boltonville, was born in the Duchy Sax Weimar, Germany, March 8, 1844; received a common school education; is a miller (of the firm of Bolton & Schuler); came to Wisconsin in July, 1853, and settled with his parents at Sheboygan Falls, removing in 1859 to Plymouth, and thence in 1863 to Boltonville, his present home; was justice of the peace from 1876 to the present time; has been chairman of the town board of Farmington from 1877 to 1887, and was chairman of the county board in 1881, '82; was appointed postmaster in June, 1983, but resigned in June, 1884; was elected member of assembly for 1885 and 1887, without opposition, and re-elected for 1889, receiving 3,093 votes against 1,640 votes for George Noller, independent democrat; was appointed by Governor Rusk a member of the Legislative Visiting committee to the state institutions in 1886, and was re-appointed in 1888.

Waukesha County.

First District — The towns of Brookfield, Lisbon, Menomonee, Muskego, New Berlin, Pewaukee and Waukesha, and the village of Waukesha. Population, 1885—16,762.

GEORGE WINANS (Dem.), of Waukesha, was born in Camanche, Iowa, in 1840; received a common school and academic education at Albany and Mount Carroll, Ills.; is by occupation a pilot and lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1862 and settled at Chippewa Falls, and removed to Waukesha in 1875, where he has since resided; never held any public position until elected to the assembly in 1888 for two years, receiving 2,382 votes against 1,642 votes for M. L. Snyder, republican, and 140 votes for Geo. McKerrow, prohibitionist.

Second District.—The towns of Delafield, Eagle, Genesee, Merton, Muckwanage, Ottawa, Oconomowoc, Summit and Vernon and city of Oconomowoc. Popuation, 1885—14,361.

EPHRAIM BEAUMONT (Rep), of Hartland post-office, Wisconsin, was born near Huddersfield, Yorkshire, England, February 19, 1834; received an academic education; is a farmer and summer hotel keeper; came to Waukesha, Wis., in 1851; crossed the plains in 1854

to California; returned and settled on his present home in Merton, Waukesha county, in 1863; is president of the county agricultural society and member of the executive board of the state agricultural society; was chairman of the board of supervisors in 1868-69, county treasurer in 1871, '72, '73 and '74, and sheriff in 1875-76; was elected to the assemby for 1889, receiving 1,892 votes against 1,869 for W. E. Hennessey, democrat, and 161 for F. A. Andrews, prohibitionist.

Waupaca County.

First District — The towns of Dayton, Farmington, Waupaca, Lind, Royalton, Weyauwega, Fremont, Caledonia, Little Wolf and the village of Weyauwega and the city of Waupaca. Population, 1885—11,524.

EVAN COOLIDGE (Rep.), of Waupaca was born in Philadelphia, N. Y., May 27, 1838; was educated in the Jefferson County Institute, N. Y., and is by occupation a banker; came to Wisconsin in 1859, and settled at Waupaca, where he has since resided; was elected county treasurer of Waupaca county in 1863, which position he held for three terms; was elected member of assembly in 1888 for the thirty-ninth assembly, receiving 1,627 votes, against 715 votes for William Bauer, democrat, and 121 votes for John W. Evans, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Matteson, Larrabee, Bear Creek, Dupont, Union, Helvetia, Iola, Scandinavia, St. Lawrence, Lebanon, the city of Clintonville, and the 1st, 2d, 4th and 5th wards of the city of New London, of the county of Waupaca, and the towns of Grant and Pella in Shawano county. Population, 1885—15,603.

JACOB WIPF (Rep.), of Iola, Waupaca county, was born in Hargen, Canton Zurich, Switzerland, December 15, 1834; in engaged in the occupation of lumbering and milling; came to Wisconsin in 1854 and settled at Iola, his present home, where he has ever since lived; was town treasurer two terms, and chairman of the town board five terms; was a sergeant in the 44th Wis. Vol. Inf., Co. C., and participated in the battle of Nashville, December 15 and 16, 1864; was elected to the assembly in 1838, for 1889, '90, receiving 1,872 votes, against 1,257 votes for B. A. Weatherby, democrat, and 63 votes, for R. G. Gibson, prohibitionist.

Waushara County.

Population, 1885 - 13,921.

WILLIAM B. LA SELLE (Rep.), of Plainfield, was born at Swanton, Franklin county, Vermont, October 22, 1845; received a common school education, and is by occupation a real estate, collection and insurance agent; came to Wisconsin in 1855 and settled at Oshkosh; removed to Hancock, Waushara county, in 1857; thence to Stevens Point, in 1871; went back to Waushara county in 1876, and settled in Plainfield, where he has since resided; served three years in 30th Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry; was town clerk from 1877 to 1881 inclusive, and served two terms as president of the village of Plainfield; was elected member of assembly for 1886, and re-elected in 1888 for two years, receiving 2,922 votes, against 151 votes for John D. Jones, prohibitionist, and 17 votes for D. W. Jonas, independent.

Winnebago County.

First District—The First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards of the city of Oshkosh and town of Oshkosh. Population, 1885—16,939.

GEORGE WHITE PRATT (Dem.), was born at East Haddam, Connecticut, March 23, 1840; was educated at a common and private school, and is by occupation a lumberman; came to Wisconsin in 1871 and settled in Oshkosh; was elected mayor of Oshkosh in 1882, 1883 and 1884; member of the county board in 1882, 1883, 1884 and 1888; delegate to the democratic national convention at Chicago, in 1884; elected member of assembly in 1888, for session of 1889 and '90. receiving 1,592 votes, against 1,491 votes cast for John Bandorob, republican, 243 votes for F. R. Stewart, union labor, and 92 votes for George Rogers, prohibitionist.

Second District — The towns of Neenan, Clayton, Winchester, Winneconne, Vinland, Poygan, Wolf River and the city of Neenah. Population, 1885—12, 832.

WALTER L. MILLER (Rep.), of Winneconne, was born in York county, New Brunswick, February 26, 1850; received a common school education; he is a manufacturer of lumber, owns a saw mill at Winneconne and deals in timber lands; came to Wisconsin when he

was but three months old, with his parents, and settled on a farm in the town of Rush ford; four years later he removed to Winneconne where he has since resided; from 1874 to 1882, he owned and was captain of a steamboat on the Fox and Wolf rivers; June 2, 1874, he married Frances, daughter of Frank McCabe, of the town of Oshkosh; was elected first president of the village of Winneconne in 1887, and in 1888 was elected to the thirty-ninth assembly, receiving 1, 281 votes, against 1, 214 votes for J. B. Russell, democrat; 71 votes for Isaac M. Burt, union labor, and 65 votes for E. W. Clark, prohibitionist.

Third District—The towns of Algoma, Black Wolf, Nekimi, Nepeuskin, Omro, Rushford and Utica. and the Third and Sixth wards of the city of Oshkosh. Population, 1885—16,108.

CASPER SCHMIDT (Rep.), of Oshkosh, was born in Germany, December 10, 1842; was educated at the common school, and is by occupation a miller; came to Wisconsin in 1856, and settled at Nekimi, Winnebago county; removed to Oshkosh in 1875, and has since remained there; was supervisor in county board from the Sixth ward of Oshkosh for seven years, and also held the same office for three years from the town of Nekimi; enlisted January 17, 1862, in the 19th Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry. and was mustered out April 29, 1865; was engaged in the seige of Suffolk, April, 1863, Newbern, N. C., February, 1864; Drury's Bluff, Va., 1864; seige of Petersburg, Va., 1864, Fair Oaks, Va., October 27, 1864, and capture of Richmond, April 3, 1865; was elected to the assembly in 1888, receiving 1,588 votes, against 1,555 votes for Col. Gabriel Bouck, 129 votes for A. F. Gallagher, union labor, and 189 votes for John R. Jones, prohibitionist.

Wood County.

Population, 1885 - 14,388.

ROBERT CONNOR (Rep.), of Auburndale, Wood county, was born at Houston, Renfrewshire, Scotland, November 25, 1838. Received his education in the common schools of his native county; when sixteen years of age he emigrated to Canada, where he remained until 1873, when he located in Wisconsin where the village of Auburndale now stands; engaged in lumber and mercantile business. He served respectively as clerk and treasurer of the town and village of Auburndale for a number of years. Mr. Connor received for member of assembly a plurality of 1,812 votes over Frank Cramer, democrat, and 149 over Hon. H. A. Lathrop, assemblyman of preceding term, and the independent candidate for re-election.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

EDWIN D. OOE, chief clerk of the assembly, of Whitewater, Walworth county, was oom in the town of Ixonia, Jefferson county, Wis., June 11, 1840; is editor and publisher of the Whitewater Register; entered Wayland University at Beaver Dam in 1856; spent three years there and part of one year at the State University, at Madison, but enlisted before graduating; was admitted to the bar of Rock county in 1865; joined Co. A, 2d Wis. Vol. Inf., under the first call for three months' volunteers; re-enlisted in 1861 in August, in the 1st Wis. Cavalry and served two years, when he was discharged on account of injuries received in the service; he was a member of assembly in 1878 and in 1879; was elected chief clerk of the assembly in 1882, 1885, 1887 and 1889, receiving 72 votes against 26 votes for John Nagle; he is a republican.

F. E. PARSONS, sergeant-at-arms of the assembly, of Lake Mills, Jefferson county, was born in Egremont, Berkshire county, Mass., October 27th, 1831; received an academic education; commenced teaching at the age of 18; graduated in medicine at the age of 22; was admitted to the bar in 1859 by certificate from the supreme court of the state of Illinois; enlisted in the regular army early in the war; held the rank of 1st lieut in the 18th U. S. infantry at the end of the war; was transferred to the 31st in 1886, and appointed regimental quartermaster in 1867; was made acting quartermaster general of the upper district of Dakota in 1868; resigned his commission in 1870, returning to private life. He came to Wisconsin in the fall of 1876, where he has since resided. In 1883, he delivered aumerous speeches on the tariff in nearly every county of the state, in the interest of the republican party, and was conceded to be one of the most effectual stump speakers of the campaign. He was elected sergeant at arms by a vote of 71 to 27 for James Golden.

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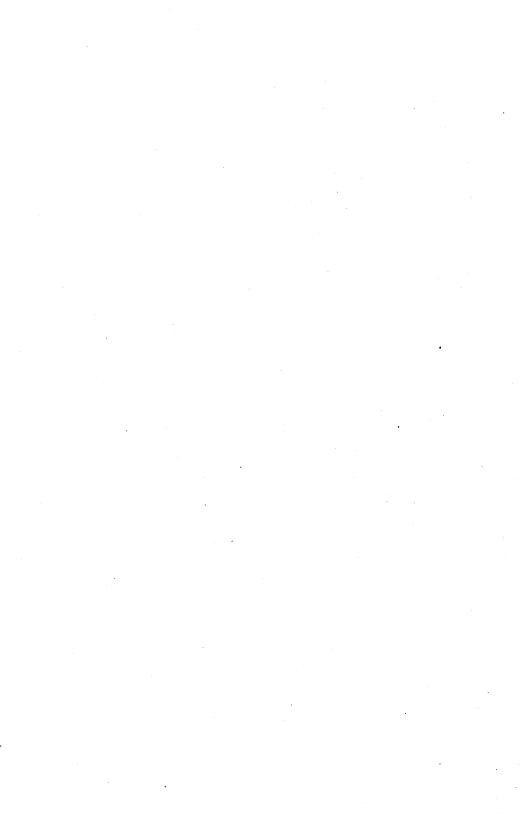
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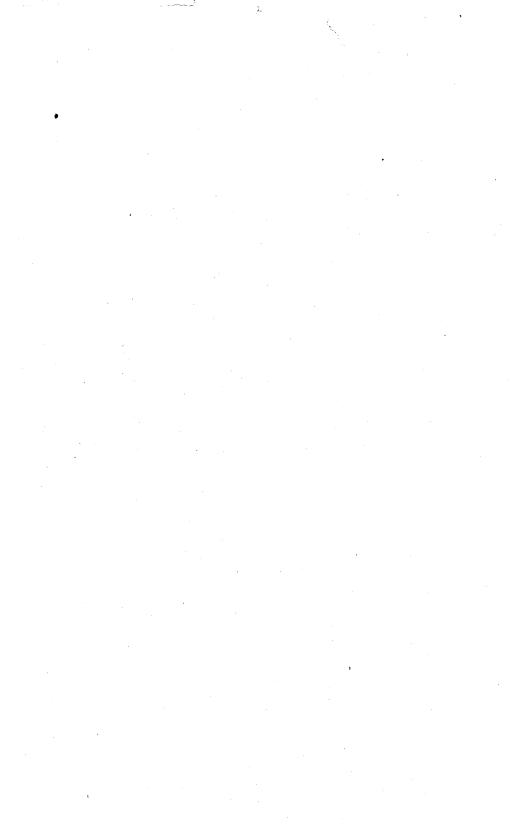
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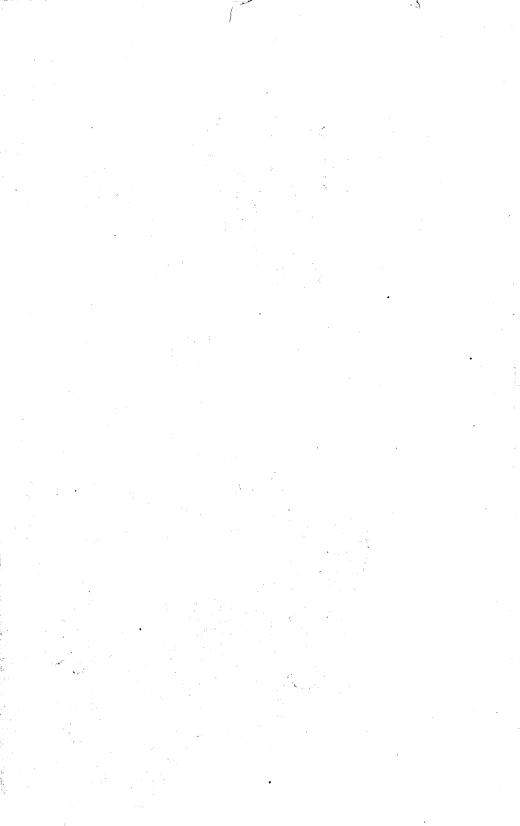
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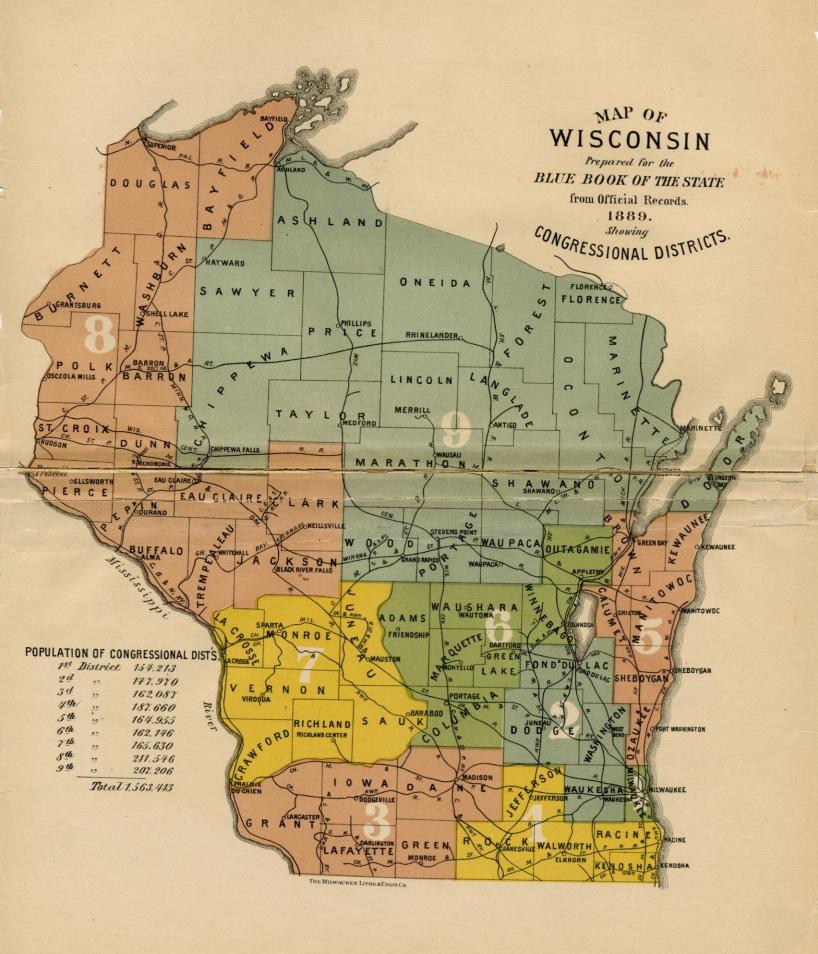
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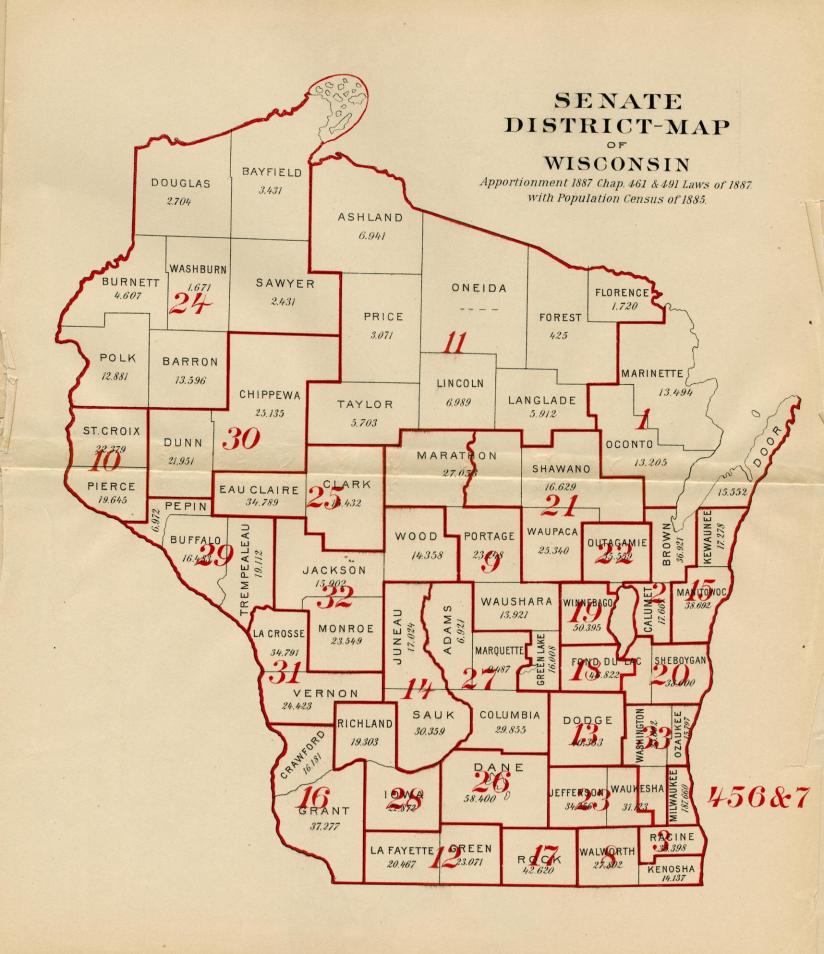
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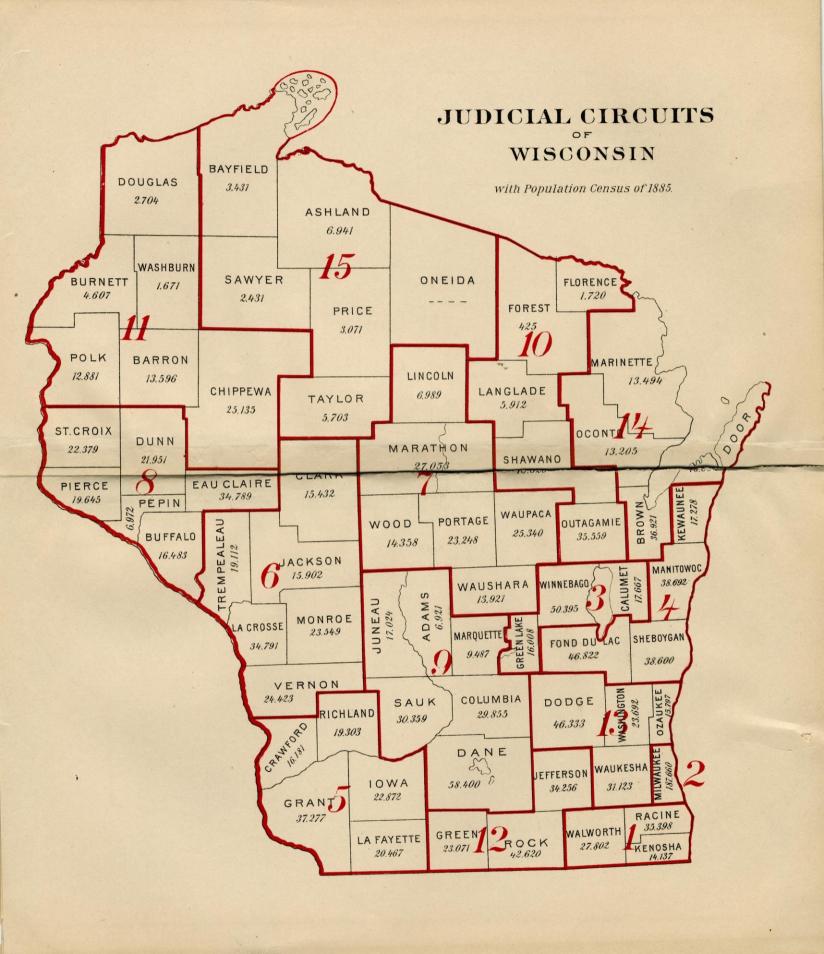


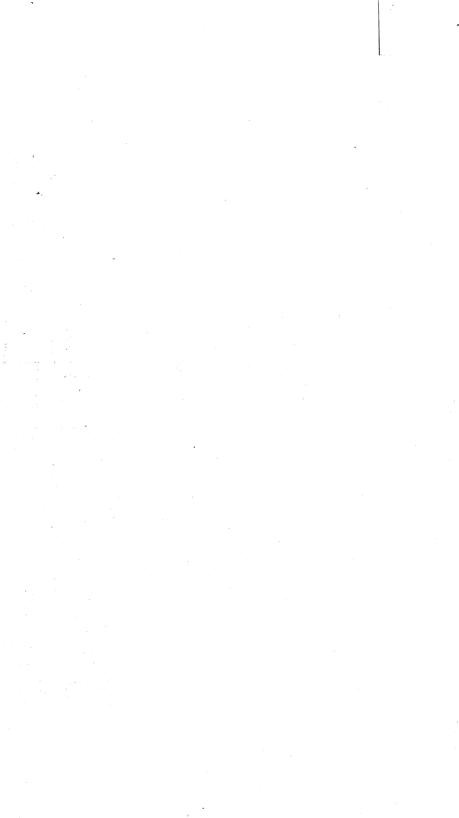
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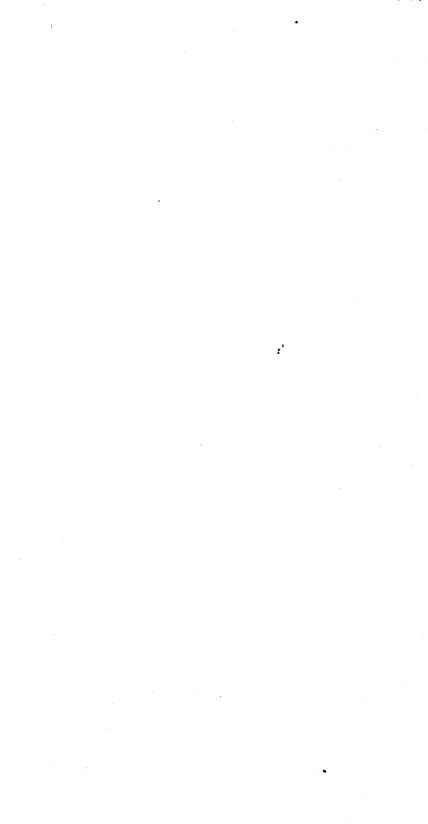
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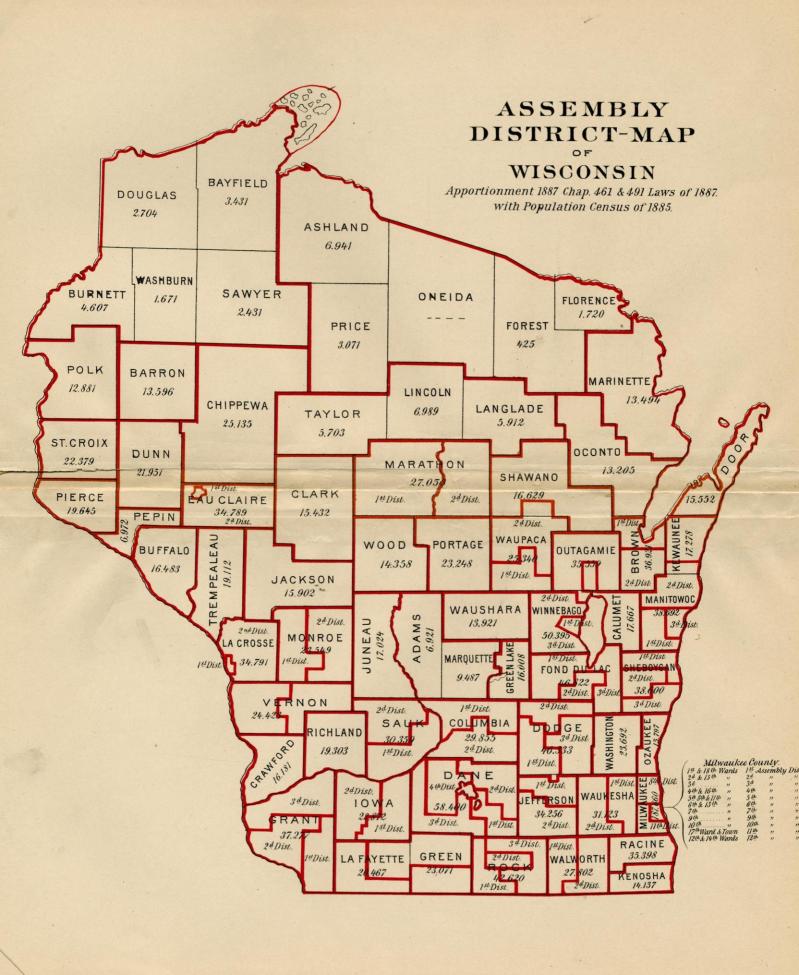


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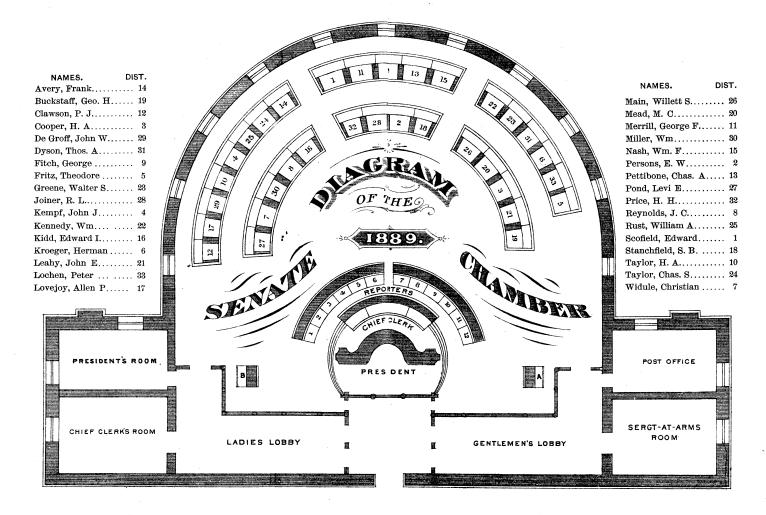


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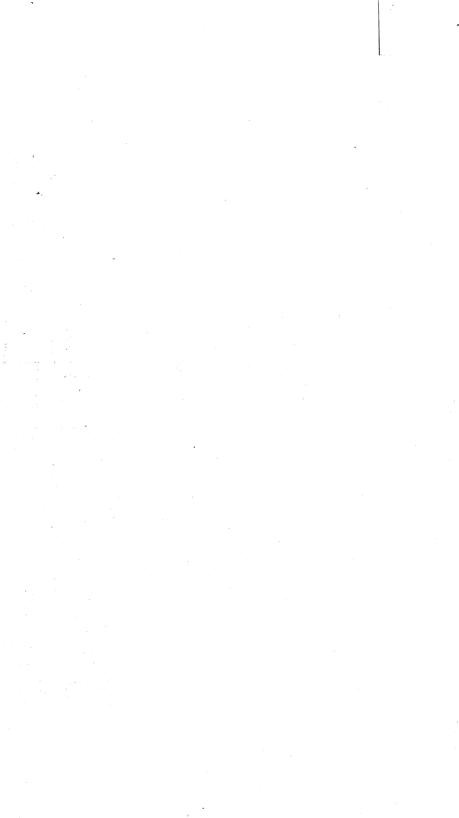
President -- George W. Ryland, Lieutenant Governor, President pro tem.—Thomas A. Dyson.

Chief Clerk—Charles E. Bross. Sergeant-at-Arms—T. J. George.

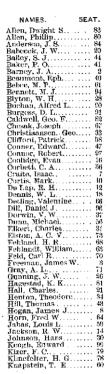
REPORTERS.

- 1. Wm. Irvine, Oshkosh Northwestern.
- 2. J. J. Esch, Eau Claire Leader.
- 3. Fred H. Hess, Ashland News.
- 4. Frank Markle, Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin.
- 5. CHAS. E. WHELAN, Wisconsin State Journal.
- 6. GEO W. STONE, Madison Democrat.
- 7. Wm. A. Rublee, Milwarkee Sentinel.
- 8. GEO. E. HOYT, Chicago Tribune.

- 9. O. D. Brandenburg, Chicago Inter-Ocean.
- 10. W. H. Bennett, Madison Evening News.
- 11. E. R. PETHERICK, La Crosse Chronicle.
- 12 PAUL HAEDICKE, Milwaukee Herold.







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. Speaker - Thos. B. Mills.

- 1. S. S. Rockwood, Portage Register.
- 2. S. M. Cuicris, St. Paul Globe.
- 3. Geo. W. Stone, Chicago Times.
- 4. PAUL HARDICKE, Milwaukee Herold.
- 5. E. R. Petherick, Milwaukee Journal.

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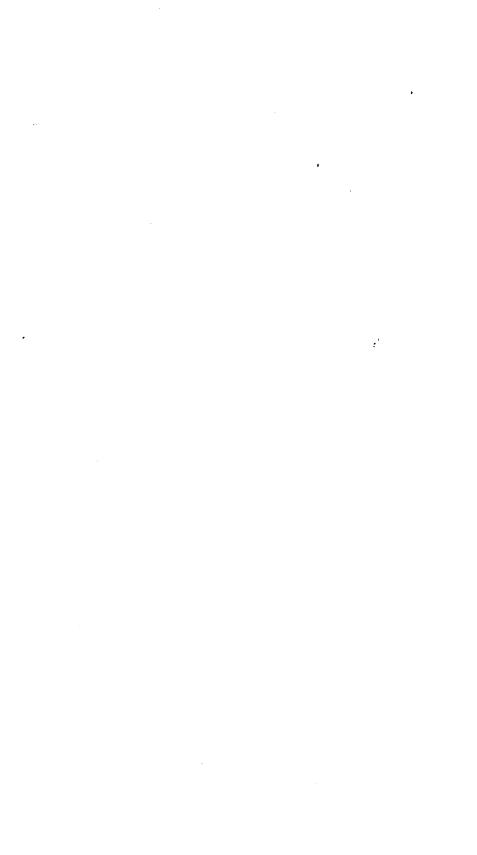
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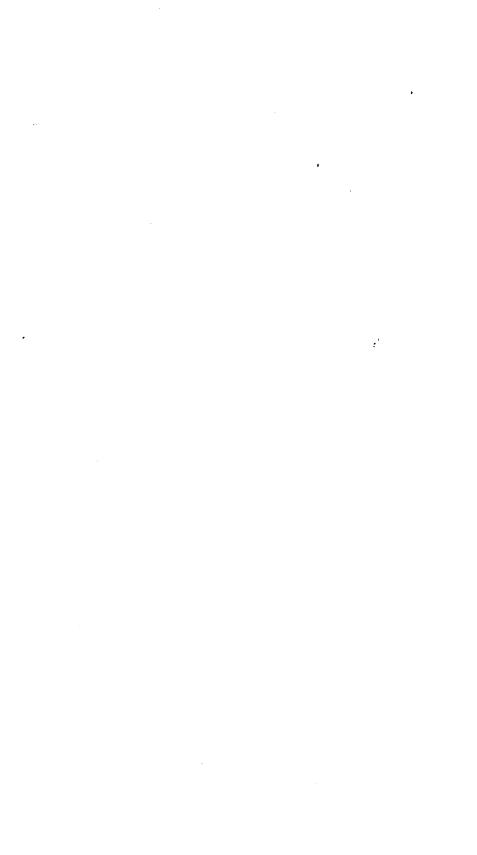
- 6. WM. A. RIBLEE, Milwaukee Sentinel.
- 7. WM. C. DONOVAN, Madison Democrat.
- 8. O. D. Brandenburg, Wisconsin State Journal.
- 9. Frank Markle, Milmaukee Evening Wisconsin.
- 10. R. F. Troy, Madison Evening News.

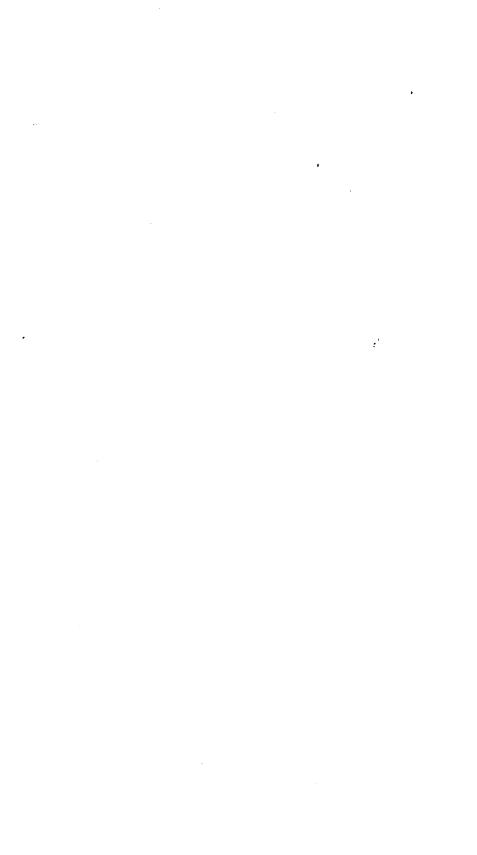
Sergeant-at-Arms - F. E. PARSONS.

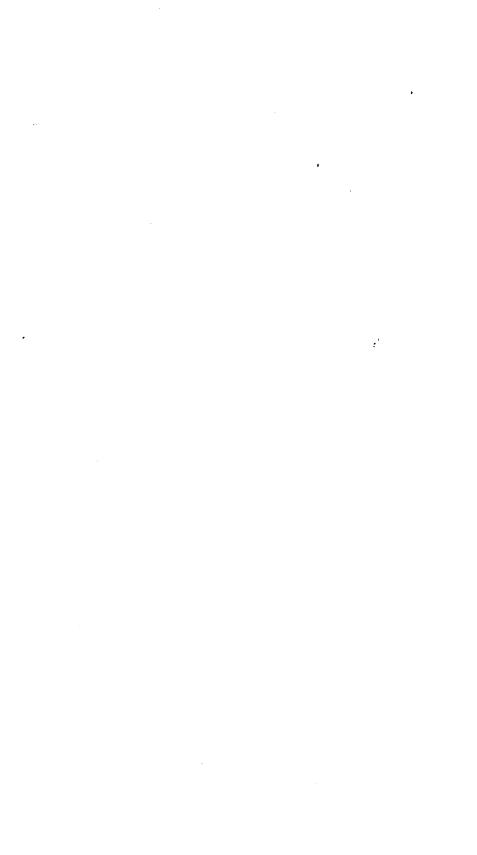
- 11. J. J. Escu, La Crosse Republican and Leader.
- Fred H. Hess, Eau Claire Free Press.
- 13. GEO. E. HOYT, Oshkosh Times.
- 14. WM. IHVINE, Oshkosh Northwestern.











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