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Cities Renew Aid For Local Youth In Local Classes

High school graduates in many Wisconsin cities who cannot go away to school this fall but who desire further educational training in the college field will have available special opportunities through the planning of local school officials and the Extension division of the University of Wisconsin.

Duplicating the class program conducted last year throughout Wisconsin, the state and local agencies will make available the full college-credit program of the freshman year in at least 17 cities, to be known as extension centers. The work will be identical with that offered in the first year at the University.

The 1940-41 centers will include Antigo, Beloit, Eagle River, Elkhorn, Fond du Lac, Green Bay, Janesville, Kenosha, Manitowoc, Menasha, Racine, Reedsburg, Rhinelander, Sheboygan, Watertown, Wausau, and Wisconsin Rapids.

In some cities the program is sponsored by the vocational and adult education school; in others by the city board of education.

Among the special values attributed to a year or two of college work at home, in a program of this kind, are the high quality of the instruction, the credits from which are accepted at any college or University, and the low cost. The instruction is given by regular members of the University faculty, assigned to the local center, in subjects that include English, history, mathematics, or a foreign language, and science. The cost to the student is reduced to lowest terms by his living at home and by whatever local subsidy is granted.

At the year's close the credits earned qualify students to enter college or university with sophomore standing.

School officials in each city are now taking applications for enrollment in the classes to start in September.

500 Teachers Attend National Principals' Meet At State U.

"No individual should retain the principalship of an elementary school who does not have unlimited faith in our democracy."

That was the challenge laid down last week to nearly 500 educators by Willard E. Givens, executive secretary of the National Education association, at the opening general session of the National Conference of Elementary School Principals meeting at the University of Wisconsin from July 6-19.

"All elementary principals, like the signers of the Declaration of Independence, should stake their entire future," Givens declared, "on what the elementary school can do for democracy, and in the pursuit of bringing that about they should pledge their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor."

Exceeding all expectations, registrations at the national conference reached a total of about 550 teachers. About 400 of these are being housed in University dormitory units.

General theme of the fourth annual conference, which has attracted teachers literally from Maine to California, is "Enriching the Elementary School Curriculum." The program includes demonstrations and general assemblies each morning, seminars in the afternoon, and open forums at night, besides a varied list of social events. Meetings are being held in University buildings.

In lauding the State University for the reception it has given the teachers, President Irvin Wilson, of Chicago, said, "our welcome here has made 500 new boosters for Wisconsin," and joked that a lone criticizer had been thrown in the lake. His thanks to the University drew enthusiastic applause from the educators, many of whom came directly from the National Education convention at Milwaukee.

State Historical Museum At U. W. Exhibits Zona Gale Collection

Something of the life of the late Zona Gale, endeared to the heart of Wisconsin as a novelist, playwright, lecturer, essayist, and University regent, has been captured under glass this summer in the state historical museum at the University of Wisconsin.

A permanent display of Zona Gale keepsakes, curios, childhood toys, and one of her first bits of writing, a scribbled "note," is now open to the public, Charles E. Brown, director of the museum, announces. The valuables have been donated by William L. Breese, husband of the novelist who died a year ago last Christmas at the age of 64.

The childhood note in the collection has a Gale flavor. Signed "Zona," it was written to her aunt and says:

"I think God ought to send you a little girl but not a boy because I don't like little boys. I would like to play with it."

Mrs. Breese, better known simply as Zona Gale, was born near, and grew up along, and never left for any length of time the banks of the Wisconsin river at historic old Portage, Wis. Her career as an author began when, at the age of seven, she "published" her first story on manila paper and bound it with a ribbon. Since then she had written more than 25 novels, plays, collections of essays, and short stories.

While she held pronounced views in regard to what she considered the evils of the world, Miss Gale's writings consistently turned upon the

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Teach Unifying Bond To Weld Americans Together, Dykstra Urges Nation's Teachers

A plea to the nation's teachers, to discover and teach a unifying bond which will weld Americans together in a conception that a government may be the servant of man rather than his master, was made to the annual conference of the National Education association held in Milwaukee recently by Pres. C. A. Dykstra of the University of Wisconsin.

Discussing "Critical Problems Facing Our Nation," Pres. Dykstra told the conference, which was attended by 10,000 teachers from all parts of the nation, that "one mobilization which we cannot neglect in our haste to prepare is the girding up of our spiritual, moral, and intellectual reserves."

"We have a military and a physical preparedness challenge to face on a national front," he maintained. "We hope and expect that this is being given proper attention. This is not the responsibility of educators but of professionals in another field. Shall we, in our own professional bailiwick, do our job in the field of intellectual and moral preparedness so that this democracy shall have unity, a national goal and a devoted and loyal citizenship which believes that law, equality and justice are worth any necessary sacrifice?"

"We must be certain that the enemy we face in this confused world is not within us," he asserted. "If we can be sound internally, we are twice armed as we watch lightnings on the horizon and hear the roll of distant guns."

Discussing four fronts—economic, social, political, and educational—on which Americans face critical national problems at the present time, Pres. Dykstra warned that we cannot face these problems "complacently and without rigorous self-analysis."

Face Economic Problems

"There are lessons for us to learn from the plight of France and England, both tradition-bound and over-enslaved of themselves," he said. "We must be more agile and mobile if we are to carry on for what we have be-

450 Enroll In 11th Annual Music Clinic At State University

More than 450 high school student musicians and teachers of music from Wisconsin and other mid-western states are enrolled in the 11th annual music clinic now in session at the University of Wisconsin.

The clinic, which is sponsored annually on the campus by the State University's school of music, continues in session until July 27. Each year the clinic gives music directors and student musicians of high schools throughout the state and nation an opportunity for three weeks of intensive music study under some of the nation's foremost teachers.

The high school student musicians who enrolled in the clinic have been made members of either the All-State band, orchestra, or chorus, and are participating in the work of these three organizations, each of which give public concerts during the clinic period. The clinic band will present concerts at the University on July 21 and July 27, while a combined chorus-orchestra festival concert will be given on July 26.

The clinic band, composed of 300 pieces, will also give a concert again this year during the final program of the Milwaukee mid-summer festival in Milwaukee on July 20. An estimated audience of more than 100,000 persons is expected to hear this concert.

kindly side of human nature. Most famous, probably, of all the works of her pen (she hated typewriters) were her "Friendship Village" series and "Miss Lulu Bett," which in dramatized form won her the Pulitzer prize in 1921.

Besides the note, the Wisconsin museum collection includes more than 25 items. There are button shoes, stockings, white kid slippers, and overshoes worn by Zona as a youngster; an old railroad watch of her father's; a pin cushion belonging to her mother; old-fashioned valentines; and a cologne bottle and copper luster creamer of later days.

There, too, are books of poems and songs and psalms from which young Zona must have taken inspiration.

Miss Gale's literary leanings became more evident when she was a student at the University of Wisconsin. Upon her graduation in 1895 she worked for a time as a reporter on the Milwaukee Sentinel and then went to the New York World for seven years.

In recognition of her attainments, Miss Gale was awarded an honorary degree by the State University in 1929. Now the Wisconsin museum is making permanent something of her rich career.

The University of Wisconsin's electrical standards laboratory tests various kinds of electrical products and electric meters each year to protect the consumers of electric power in the homes and factories of the state.

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN PRESS BULLETIN

The purpose of this Bulletin is to bring to the newspapers of Wisconsin and their readers—the people of the state—pertinent news and information concerning the State University. The University Press Bureau will gladly furnish any special news or feature stories to editors. Address letters to H. H. Foss, editor, Press Bureau, University of Wisconsin.

MADISON, WISCONSIN

lieved in—the values of western civilization."

Discussing problems on the economic front, Pres. Dykstra said:

"We have discovered that a nation of unemployed is a nation imperilled. The lesson of Europe is plain. Man must work and have something to work for. Nothing is clearer now than that Satan finds work for idle hands to do. Do we need further demonstration that we here must get our people back to work and particularly must we find jobs for our young people?"

"It is work or a crusade under some kind of leadership. We must take our choice. This may seem trite counsel and to some of you an overworked theme. But it is terribly important in the light of recent history. Mobs and armies stem from those who have no work to do, nothing to challenge their interest or attention, no anchor to windward."

As to the problems on the social front, Pres. Dykstra pointed out that America has social movements of world wide scope to reckon with, and he asserted that in facing these foreign social movements, the hope of democracy rests on deeds, not words.

Hope of Democracy

"It gets us nowhere in this day to call names and decry systems of 'isms,'" he declared. "The hope of democracy rests on deeds, on things done which other systems get done, on houses built, on jobs provided, on crops raised and materials manufactured, on health and family satisfactions, on resources conserved, on opportunities for the people to come to their best selves, on the development of national goals and unities, on the pride of accomplishment, on the attaining of imponderable and spiritual values, on the development of self-respect and that intangible thing we call morale."

"All of these things are possible most of all where there are ample natural resources and a tremendous plant capacity. All are possible even with

democratic instruments and devices. They require only courage, intelligence, a modicum of selflessness, and devotion to the whole people and a common will."

Discussing the political challenge of the day, he emphasized that "we must find a democratic process which more nearly assures us of getting what we need when we want it."

"If democracy cannot invent, cannot ride out a storm, then some other philosophy or way of life will crowd it aside perhaps with a more ruthless and fearful device. It has happened under our very eyes and we do well to learn the lesson. We best defend democracy in an untoward world by making it adequate to meet modern demands. One of the challenges which face this generation is to so implement democratic establishments that they will be adequate in a changing world."

America's problem is with the education of human beings who have to live together and work out a national destiny, he asserted, pointing out that "we are seeing how easy it is for whole peoples to slip down the ladder up which they have climbed with infinite pain through many centuries and how hard it is for free men to retain their freedom won with heavy cost."

World's Greatest Crisis

"We are embarked on the hard road, the democratic way, and we honestly think we believe in it," he said. "If ever we needed civic competence, it is today; if ever we needed to know what we are doing and why, it is now."

"Man must achieve mastery of himself as well as of the material world if civilization is to be maintained through the next troubled years. We are a generation that lives in one of history's greatest crises and it would seem that somewhere there is knowledge enough to resolve it without a long blackout. And somewhere there should be enough good will and sound sense to use this knowledge."

U. W. Leadership School Draws From Wide Area

Representatives of the rural church from fifteen different states were enrolled in the 1940 town-country leadership summer school held at the University of Wisconsin College of Agriculture. This was the nineteenth year in which leaders of town and country groups have gathered at the University to study leadership problems.

Coming from other states to join with University staff members in leading problem discussions at the school were Everett R. Clinchy, National Conference of Christians and Jews, New York City; Goodrich R. Penner, Diocese of Kansas, Topeka, representing the National Council of Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City; and Mark Rich, representing the Home Missions Council, New York City.

Enrolled for the course from the various church groups were: C. W. Bloodow, Evansville; Ina E. Burton, Lake Geneva; C. R. McBride, Honey Creek; Albert N. Rogers, Yonkers, N. Y.; Francis B. Sorley, Mrs. F. B. Sorley, Minneapolis; Alden L. Stone, Darlington; Leander L. Stroutman, Cassville; C. J. Tingley, Wyocena, Catholic; Henlen K. Goodrich, Lansing, Mich.; Alvin Kutcher, Madison, Congregational; Victor H. Keiser, Platteville; Homer C. Milford, Mrs. H. C. Milford, Mondovi; J. L. Pennington, Trego; Luther E. Stonecipher, Hillsboro. Evangelical and Reformed: Calvin W. Franz, Zwingle, Iowa. Episcopal: H. C. Alden, Norfolk, Neb.; H. E. Asboe, Beatrice, Neb.; Imri M. Blackburn, Henderson, Ky.; D. A. Cassetta, Put-in-Bay, Ohio; Richard B. Clark, Geneva, Ohio; J. Ross Colquhoun, Chatfield, Minn.; David Coombs, Louisiana, Mo.; and Harold E. Cooper, Abilene, Kan.

Wisconsin Youth Win Fellowships

Two Wisconsin students have been awarded summer fellowships for two weeks' training in St. Louis and two weeks at the American Youth Foundation Leaders' Training camp in Michigan. These are Roland Keen, Juda, Green county, and Dorothy Grinde, Madison, Dane county. They will join with those chosen from other universities for training from July 29 to August 25.

Keen is a student in the agricultural course and Miss Grinde is taking training in the home economics course at the University of Wisconsin. Both recently completed their junior years.

Selections were made on the basis of scholarship, character, leadership ability, physical skill, and poise. The honor to represent Wisconsin in these training schools is much coveted.

Other Wisconsin students who in previous years have won this award are: Howard Gutgesell, Beaver Dam; J. Robert Harrower, Bloomington; Earl H. Hanson, Stoughton; Gregory P. Buechel, Chilton; John N. Bixby Appleton; Frances Doudna, Poynette; Gordon M. Leith, Van Dine; Gene Runke, Algoma; William Damm, Columbus; Esther Lueberk, Algoma; Milton O. Gutknecht, Lone Rock; and J. Jeanette Meiklejohn, Manawa.

institution will be continued by Dregne.

Mucks Named To New Extension Post

Archie Mucks, well-known among Wisconsin livestock and other farm groups, was named assistant director of extension by the University of Wisconsin Board of Regents at its recent meeting. His appointment was made effective July 1.

Mucks, a graduate of the University of Wisconsin, class of 1917, served as county agricultural agent of Barron county from 1925 to 1927, a position which he left to become secretary of the Wisconsin Livestock Breeders association. In 1935 Mucks was appointed state director of the Rural Rehabilitation Administration for Wisconsin, an organization which later became known as the Farm Security Administration. While serving in that capacity he assumed for several years the added duties of program coordinator for the various federal agricultural programs and the Wisconsin extension service.

U. W. Takes Part In National Defense Work

The University of Wisconsin was projected into the nation's defense work this week with the announcement by Pres. C. A. Dykstra of his appointment of a faculty committee whose immediate purpose is to evaluate what the State University is doing and should do for national defense.

Members of the committee are: Dr. J. H. Mathews, head of the chemistry department, chairman; Profs. E. E. Witte, economics; Raymond A. Roark, engineering; Noble Clark, agriculture; L. R. Ingersoll, physics; Dr. W. D. Stovall, of the Medical School; Pres. Dykstra, and Dean Edwin B. Fred of the Graduate school, who will serve in an ex-officio capacity.

This special committee, which has already met, will concern itself with University research and national defense, Pres. Dykstra said. Its prime function is to establish connection with and obtain essential information from science research investigators of the University that may be of assistance in America's national defense plans.

The committee's first job will be to determine what the possibilities are for defense research at the University of Wisconsin, and what the University as a whole can do to further scientific investigations concerned with national defense, Pres. Dykstra announced. The committee will work in conjunction with the National Defense committee, the National Academy of Sciences, and the National Research council.

Pres. Dykstra revealed that the committee has already begun its work to prepare a general outline of research activities now going on in State University laboratories. When completed, this report will reveal the University's personnel for research in the national defense field, special equipment such as apparatus and laboratories for such scientific studies, and the major lines of investigation now under way at the University, he said.

The committee will serve as a clearing house to receive and evaluate all problems or suggestions relating to national defense, Pres. Dykstra explained. It will analyze these ideas and report to the University administration. It will meet with the Research committee of the Graduate school, and any other University committees that might help to promote its work, and copies of its reports will be sent to the National Academy of Sciences, and the National Defense committee, the National Academic Research Council in Washington.

400 Students To Help Make Freshmen Feel At Home On U. Campus Next Fall

"Making the freshmen feel at home" will be the job of 400 upper class students next fall on the University of Wisconsin campus during the State University's 12th annual "Orientation Week" to be held Sept. 18 to 24.

Thousands of incoming freshmen to the University will get their first glimpse of campus life and an opportunity to make additional acquaintances in their new environment when they will receive an official mass welcome from the Orientation committee which is headed this year by co-chairmen Dorothy Altfeld, Alyria, Ohio, and Robert W. Henning, Hartford.

Designed to help new Wisconsin students to acclimate themselves to the University environment before the thousands of upperclass students return to their studies, Freshman Orientation period plans are already underway with the appointment of 40 student committee chairmen.

The seven day "acquaintance" period will be filled with registration of the new students, assignment to classes, placement tests, convocations presided over by deans and faculty members, social and recreational entertainment, and programs by the various student religious centers.

The orientation workers will return to school in September several days before the opening of the week. Mean-

650 Appointed To U. W. Fellowships And Scholarships

Approximately 650 appointments for fellowships, scholarships, and other financial aids have been made to the "cream of the state and nation's intellectual crop" for next year by the University of Wisconsin Graduate school.

Notifications of appointments were sent out to the candidates last spring in accordance with the regulations of the Association of American Universities. Because of the attractive scholarship offers, the most able students that can be found are coming to the University Graduate school in large numbers.

Approximately 100 fellowships carrying an annual stipend ranging from \$400 to \$750 have been made to candidates. About 120 scholarships valued from \$200 to \$400 have been given to outstanding scholars.

Teaching and research assistantships numbering about 400 and which carry annual stipends ranging from \$300 to \$1,000 already have candidates selected. While 30 other awards, the industrial fellowships and Forest Products laboratory assistantships have also been made.

In instance after instance the fellows and scholars who have received appointments have almost perfect academic undergraduate records. Most of the candidates who were offered the ten Wisconsin scholarships for being the distinctively superior University of Wisconsin graduates had scholastic ratios of three A's and one B, or a grade point average of 2.75.

Last year, over 250 educational institutions through out the world were represented in the University of Wisconsin Graduate school. The academically "top-notch" scholars came from virtually every state in the nation and from many foreign countries.

Mid-west 4-H Leaders To Hold Conference In State July 24-28

State 4-H club leaders from eight mid-west states will hold their 1940 interstate club conference near Woodruff in Vilas county, July 24-28, announces T. L. Bewick, state club leader, Madison, in charge of camp arrangements. About 100 people are expected to meet to review the results of cooperative 4-H studies and to confer upon club leadership methods.

Conference committees include: program, H. E. Rilling, North Dakota, chairman; Mrs. Edith Barker, Iowa; R. A. Turner, United States Department of Agriculture, arrangements; T. L. Bewick, Wisconsin, chairman; Miss Geraldine Fenn, South Dakota; A. J. Kittleson, Minnesota; recreation, R. E. Regnier, Kansas, chairman; Miss Helen L. Church, Missouri, and G. R. Davis, Nebraska.

Reporting upon the results of the cooperative study, "Helps to Local Leaders," will be M. H. Coe, Kansas; Miss Grace Rowntree, Wisconsin; J. S. Quist and Mrs. Barker, Iowa; H. E. Rilling, North Dakota; Barnard Joy, United States Department of Agriculture; L. I. Frisbie, Nebraska; H. M. Jones, South Dakota; and R. A. Turner, Washington, D. C.

Presenting the results of a cooperative study on, "Problems of Supervision in 4-H Club Work," include T. T. Martin, Missouri; J. S. Quist and Mrs. Edith Barker, Iowa; L. I. Frisbie, Nebraska; H. E. Rilling, North Dakota; and H. M. Jones, South Dakota.

The conference will conclude with a Sunday service led by J. L. Kraft, when Wakelin McNeel, Badger extension forester, will give an address on, "A Philosophy for Youth."

Coordinating committee: Danton Lake, Minocqua; William Schilling, Madison; and Irving Miller, Madison.

Transfer chairmen: Men's, Ed Lachmund, Sauk City; women's, Mildred Schiff, Columbus. Publicity, Bob Houlehen, Milwaukee.

Personnel committee chairmen: From Milwaukee there are Jeanne Cavanaugh, Merrien Luck, Howard Runkel, Louise Greishaber, Robert Grossman, Kenneth Calligaro, and Fumol Gerard, West Allis.

From Madison there are Lucille Link, Ruth Artman, Charles O. Iltis, Allan Gay, and Gordon Newell.

From other cities there are Ann Layton, Brodhead; Charlotte Miller, Marinette; Elizabeth Jones, Bosobel; Joe Keating, Kenosha; Frank Ecker, Brillion; J. Robert Ecker, Brillion; Jerry Gumbiner, Chicago; John Bettinger, South Milwaukee; Charles Krueger, Monroe; Evald Blum, Sauk City; John McCollow, Hartford; Harry Hinchcliffe, Racine; Thomas N. Godfrey, Elkhorn; John Reid Wilson, Burlington; Marvin Fennema, Salem; Joe Van Camp, Bloomer; and Harry Zerbe, Appleton.